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# LATIN-ENGLISH   DICTIONARY.



London: C. J. CLAY AND SONS,  
CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY PRESS WAREHOUSE,  
AVE MARIA LANE.



Cambridge: DEIGHTON, BELL AND CO.  
Leipzig: F. A. BROCKHAUS.

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# · LATIN-ENGLISH    DICTIONARY ·

PRINTED FROM THE UNFINISHED MS. OF

THE LATE

THOMAS HEWITT KEY, M.A., F.R.S.

PROFESSOR OF COMPARATIVE GRAMMAR, AND FORMERLY OF LATIN, IN UNIVERSITY COLLEGE, LONDON,  
AND HEAD MASTER OF UNIVERSITY COLLEGE SCHOOL.

UNIVERSITY  
OF  
CAMBRIDGE

CAMBRIDGE:  
AT THE UNIVERSITY PRESS

1888

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## PREFACE.

THE late Professor Key in the Preface to the first Edition of his Latin Grammar, published in 1846, announced his intention to prepare forthwith a Latin Dictionary for schools, arranged, like the Grammar, on the Crude-form System. By the time when his 'Short Latin Grammar' came out in 1852 he had already made considerable progress in the execution of this plan, but he had also found it advisable to add to it the preparation of a Dictionary arranged as usual; and, the matter growing under his hands, he at last, about 1856, undertook a work which might satisfy the requirements of mature scholars, and discontinued the smaller work. The MS. of this larger dictionary was left unfinished at Professor Key's death in Nov. 1875.

When the publication of this larger dictionary was first undertaken by the Syndics of the Cambridge University Press, it was intended that it should be completed by another hand. But after a lapse of time, the loss of which is greatly to be regretted, this ultimately proved impracticable and had to be abandoned, and it was decided to print the Author's MS. as nearly as possible as he left it. Happily, incomplete as the work is, its value as a contribution to the study and understanding of the Latin tongue is almost as great as if Professor Key had lived to complete it; since, from the time

when he foresaw the improbability of his doing so, he adopted the plan of applying himself primarily to those words throughout the Alphabet which he considered to require novel or special treatment, leaving the less important portion to be added afterwards; and he himself states, in reference to the Dictionary, in the Preface to his book on 'Language,' published in 1874, that he had "included therein nearly all those words in which he thought himself able to make some improvement." Although therefore only part (especially the letter A) has been filled in, and can be regarded as complete or approximately so, yet the work may be taken to embody in a very large measure the results of a lifetime mainly devoted to the study of Latin.

In the preparation of the MS. for the press it was found that it had not in any part received from the Author the necessary final revision. Only scholars who have been engaged in like labours can appreciate the difficulty of presenting the results with complete accuracy, even when an author has had abundant time to perfect them. Such scholars will not be surprised to learn that a large number of small lacunae and of inaccuracies and inconsistencies in minute matters remained in the MS. Most, perhaps nearly all, of these have been corrected during the passage of the book through the press, save some diversities, chiefly in the mode of reference to the ancient authors, which, being considered to be of minor importance, have been allowed to remain; but no alteration has been made where it was not practically certain that Professor Key would have made it himself. In a very few instances it has been necessary to make small omissions, where it proved to be impossible to arrive at the Author's meaning, but no additions have been made to his work. Circumstances rendered impossible a complete verification of all the references from end to end; yet in a large number of instances (it is hoped indeed in the great majority) where correction of this kind was needed it has been made.

The peculiar difficulty of passing such a work through the press must be the excuse for such imperfections as might have been, but have not been, removed.



For a fuller exposition of Professor Key's views on Latin Etymology and many matters touched upon in the present work than is possible in a dictionary, reference may be made to the following works of the Author:—

A LATIN GRAMMAR, 3rd Edition. 1862. GEORGE BELL AND SONS, York Street, Covent Garden.

PHILOLOGICAL ESSAYS. 1868. GEORGE BELL AND SONS.

LANGUAGE, its origin and development. 1874. GEORGE BELL AND SONS.

In the Preface to each of the two last mentioned works will be found a list of other scattered articles and papers of the Author, chiefly contributed to the Transactions of the Philological Society, but as stated by him in the Preface to his 'Language,' nearly all the substance of these papers is contained either in that book or the 'Essays.'



# LIST OF SOME OF THE ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THIS WORK.

THE following is a list of the abbreviations which are of most frequent occurrence in the work.

Afran. or Afr.	Afranius, writer of comedy	Caccin.	oratio pro Caccina
Ambr.	Ambrosius, Christian writer	Cael.	" pro Caelio
Amm.	Ammianus Marcellinus, historian	Cat.	" in Catilinam
Apic.	Apicius Coelius, writer on cookery	Clu.	" pro Cluentio
Appul. or Apul.	Lucius Appuleius, philosopher	Cu. Pomp.	" pro Gnaeo Pompeio
"	apol. or mag., apologia or de magia	Delot.	" pro rege Delotaro
"	flor., florida	div.	or div., de divinatione
"	herb., herbarium	fam.,	epistulae ad familiares
"	M. or met., metamorphoses	fat.,	de fato
Arnob. or Arn.	Arnobius Afer, Christian writer	fin.,	de finibus
Asin.	C. Asinius Pollio, orator and historian	Flac.	oratio pro L. Flacco
Athen. (deip.)	Athenaeus (deipnosophistae)	Font.	oratio pro M. Fonteio
Att. or Acc.	L. Attius or Accius, writer of tragedy	fr.,	fragmenta
Aug.	Aurelius Augustinus, Christian writer	har. resp.,	de haruspicium responsis
Auson. or Aus.	D. Magnus Ausonius, poet	Hort. frag.,	Hortensius, fragments of
"	ecl., eelogarium	inven.,	de inventione
"	ep., epistulae	leg. or legg.,	de legibus
"	epic., epicrammata	Lic.	oratio pro Licinio
"	epit., epitaphia	Man.	" lege Manilia
"	grad. act., gratiarum actio	Marc. or Marcell.	oratio pro Marcello
"	id., idyllia	Mil.	oratio pro Milione
"	parent., parentalia	Mur.	" Murena
"	pericli. or per., periclae	N. D.,	de natura Deorum
"	prof., professores	off.,	de officiis
"	sap., sapientes	or.,	orator ad Marcum Brutum
Avien.	R. Festus Avienus, poet	de or.,	de oratore
Boeth.	Anicius Manl. Torq. Severinus Boethius, philosopher	par. or parad.,	paradoxa
Brut.	M. Iunius Brutus	Phil.	orationes Philippicae
Caecl.	Statius Caecilius, writer of comedy	Pis.,	oratio in Pisonem
Cael. Aur.	Caelius Aurelianus	Planc.	" pro Plancio
"	acut. or ac., acutae passionis	pron. cons.,	de pronuntiis consularibus
"	tard., tardae passionis	Quinct.	oratio pro P. Quinctio
Caes.	Gaius Julius Caesar, historian	Q. fr.,	epistulae ad Quintum fratrem
"	B. C., bellum civile	Rab. perd.,	oratio pro Rabirio perduellionis reo
"	B. G., bellum Gallicum	Rab. Post.	" Postumo
Calp.	Calpurnius, poet	Rosc. Am.	" Roscio Amerino
Capitol.	Julius Capitolinus, biographer	Rosc. com.	" comedo
Cass. Hem.	L. Cassius Hemina, historian	rep.,	de republica
Cato	Marcus Porcius Cato	seu.,	de senectute or Cato Maior
"	orat., orationes	Sest.	oratio pro Sestio
"	or. or orig., origines	Sull.	" Sulla
"	r. or r.r., de re rustica	Tim.,	Timaeus or de universo
Catull.	C. Valerius Catullus, poet	top.,	topica
Cels.	Aurelius Cornelius Celsus, physician	Tull.	oratio pro M. Tullio
Charis. or Char.	Flavius Sospater Charisius, grammarian	Tusc.,	disputationes Tusculanae
Cic.	Marcus Tullius Cicero, orator etc.	Vatin.,	oratio in Vatinnium
"	acad. post., academica posteriora	Verr.	" Verreum
"	acad. pr., academica priora	CIL	corpus inscriptionum Latinarum Vol. I
"	Aem. Scaur., oratio pro Aemilio Scauro	Claud.	Claudius Claudianus, poet
"	agr., oratio de lege agraria	Claud. Mam.	Claudius Ecdicius Mamertus, Christian writer
"	an., de aenectia	Cod.	Codex
"	arat., Aratea	"	Greg., Gregorianus
"	Arch., oratio pro Archia	"	Hermog., Hermogenianus
"	Att., epistulae ad Atticum	"	Iust., Iustiniani
"	Balb., oratio pro L. Cornelio Balbo	"	Theod. or Th., Theodosianus
"	Brut., Brutus, seu de claris oratoribus	Colum. or Col.	L. Iunius Moderatus Columella, writer on husbandry
		Coripp.	Flavius Cresconius Corippus, poet and grammarian
		Corn. Gall.	Cn. Cornelius Gallus, poet
		Corn. Sev.	Cornelius Severus, poet
		Cornif.	Cornificius, rhetorician
		Curt.	Q. Curtius Rufus, historian

Dar.	Dares Phrygius	Ov.	P. Ovidius Naso, poet
dig.	digesta, the Pandects of Justinian	"	a. a., ars amatoria
Piom.	Diomedes, grammarian	"	am., amores
Don.	Aelius Donatus, grammarian	"	F., fasti
Enn.	Ennius, poet	"	bat., balneicon
"	an., annales	"	her., Heroides
tr., tragœdiæ		"	ib., ibis
Eum.	Eumenius, orator and panegyrist (pan.)	"	med., medicamina
Eutr.	Flavius Eutropius, historian	"	M. or Met., metamorphoses
Fest.	Sex. Pompeius Festus, grammarian	"	nux., nux elegia
Firm. Mat. or math.	Iulius Firmicus Maternus, mathematician	"	Pont., epistulae ex Ponto
Flor.	L. Anneus Florus, historian	"	rem. am., remedia amoris
Front.	M. Cornelius Fronto, orator	"	tr., trisitia
Frontin.	S. Iulius Frontinus, de aquaeductibus etc.	Pac. or Pacuv.	M. Pacuvius, writer of tragedy
Fulg.	Fabius Planciades Fulgentius, grammarian etc.	Pall. or Pallad.	Palladius Rutilius Taurus, writer on husbandry
Gai.	Gaius, lawyer	Papin.	Aemilius Papinianus, lawyer
Gell.	Aulus Gellius, grammarian etc.	Paul.	Iulius Paulus, lawyer
gloss.	glossarium	Paul. Nol.	Pontius Paulinus Nolanus, Christian writer
"	Cyr., Cyrilli	Paul. Petr.	Paulinus Petrocorius, poet
"	Philox., Philoxeni	Pers.	A. Persius Flaccus, satirist
Grat.	Gratius Faliscus, poet	Petr.	T. Petronius Arbiter, satirist
Gron.	Gronovius	Phædr.	T. Phædrus, fabulist
Hier.	Hieronymus, Christian writer	Pl. or Plant.	T. Maccius Plautus, writer of comedy
Hirt.	Aulus Hirtius, historian	"	Amph., Amphitruo
Hor.	Q. Horatius Flaccus, poet	"	As. or Asin., Asinaria
"	A. P., ars Poetica	"	Aul., Aulularia
"	carmina, sec., carmina seculare	"	Bacch. or Bac., Bacchides
ep., epistulae		"	Capt., Captivi
epod., epodi		"	Cas., Casina
od., odae		"	Cist., Cistellaria
s. or sat., satiræ		"	Circ., Circulus
laval.	Iavolenus, or Iabolenus Priscus, lawyer	"	Epul. or Ep., Epidicus
inser.	inscriptions	"	Men., Menæchmi
"	Benev., found at Beneventum	"	Merc., Mercator
"	Bon., Boni	"	Mill., Miles Gloriosus
"	Dur., Durandi	"	Most., Mostellaria
"	Fabr., Fabretti	"	Pers., Persa
"	fr. Arv., fratrum Arvalium	"	Poen., Poenulus
"	Græc., Græci	"	Ps. or Pseud., Pseudolus
"	Grut., Gruteri	"	Rud., Rudens
"	Gud., Gudii	"	St. or Stich., Stichus
"	Kellern., Kellerman	"	Trin. or Tr., Trinummus
"	Mafl., Maflæi	"	Truc., Truculentus
"	Mur., Muratorii	"	
"	Or. or Orell., Orelli	"	
"	Rein., Reimesii	"	
inst.	institutiones	Plin.	n. h., Naturalis Historia
Isid.	Isidorus Hispalensis, grammarian	Plin.	C. Plinius Cæcilius Secundus (minor)
"	orig. or or., origines	"	ep., epistulae
Jul.	Salvius Iulianus, lawyer	"	pan., panegyrics
Jul. Val.	Iulius Valerius, historian	Pomp. or Pompon.	(dig.) Sextus Pomponius, lawyer
Iust.	Iustinus, historian	Priap.	Priapeia, poems by various authors on Priapus
Iuv.	D. Iunius Iuvenalis, poet	Prise.	Priscianus, grammarian
Laber.	C. Decius Laberius, mimographer	Prop.	Sex. Aurelius Propertius, poet
Lact.	L. Coelius Lactantius Firmianus, Christian writer	Prud.	Aurelius Prudentius Clemens, Christian poet
Lamb.	Lambinus	ps.	pseudo, e.g. ps. Nep. = pseudo-Nepos
Lamp.	Aelius Lampadius, historian	Quint.	M. Fabius Quintilianus, rhetorician
leg. XII tab.	leges duodecim tabularum	"	decl., declamationes
Lin.	Linnaeus	"	inst., institutiones
Liv.	Titus Livius Patavinus, historian	Ruf.	Sextus Rufus, historian
Luc.	M. Annaeus Lucanus, poet	Rutin.	Rufinus Tyrannius, Christian writer
Lucil.	C. Ennius Lucilius, satirist	Sall.	C. Sallustius Crispus, historian
Lucr.	T. Lucretius Carus, poet and philosopher	"	Cat., Bellum Catilinarium
Macr.	Aur. Theodosius Macrobius, critic	"	fr., fragmenta
"	Sat. or s., Saturnalia	"	ll., historia
"	somn. Scip., somnium Scipionis	"	Ing., Bellum Inguentium
Marc.	Aelius Marcianus, lawyer	Salv.	Salvianus, Christian writer
Marc. Emp.	Marcellus Empiricus, physician and poet	Scaev.	Q. Mucius Scaevola, lawyer
Mart.	M. Valerius Martialis, poet	Scrib.	Scribonius Largus, physician
Mart. Cap. or C.	Martianus Mineus Felix Capella	Sedul.	Coelius Sedulius, Christian poet
Mel.	Pomponius Mela, geographer	Sen.	M. Annaeus Seneca, rhetorician
Mod.	Herennius Modestinus, lawyer	"	contr., Contrauersariae
Mon. Ancy.	Monumentum Anegranum	"	suas., Suasoriae
Naev.	C. Naevius, poet	Sen.	L. Annaeus Seneca, philosopher
Non.	Nonius Marcellus, grammarian	"	apoc., apoculevntosis
not. Tir.	notae Tirouianae	"	ben., de beneficiis
		"	beut. ut., de breuitate uitae
		"	elem., de elementis
		"	cons., consolatio
		"	const., de constantia sapientis
		"	cp., epistulae
		"	mort. Claud., de morte Claudii Caesaris
		"	N. Q., naturales quaestiones
		"	ot. sap., de otio sapientis
		"	prod., de prociuitate
		"	tranq., de tranquillitate animi
		"	uit. beat., de uita beata

Sen.	L. Annaeus Seneca, writer of tragedy	And., Andria	
"	Ag., Agamemnon	Eun. or eun., eunuchus	
	Herc. fur., Hercules furens	Haut. or haut., Hautontimorumenos	
	Hipp., Hippolytus	Hec., Hecyra	
	Med., Medea	Ph., Phormio	
	Oct., Octavia		
	Oed., Oedipus		
	Phoen., Phoenissae		
	Thyest., Thyestes		
	Troad., Troades		
Serv.	Servius Maurus Honoratus, grammarian	Ter. Maur.	Terentianus Maurus, grammarian
Sev.	see Corn. Sev.	Tert.	I. Septimius Florens Tertullianus, Christian writer
Sidon. or Sid. or Sid. Ap.	Sidonius Apollinaris, Christian writer	"	anim., de anima
"	carin., Carina	apol., apologia	
Sil.	C. Silius Italicus, poet	pr., praescriptiones	
Sisenn. or Sisen.	L. Cornelius Sisenna, historian and orator	Theod. Prisc.	Theodorus Priscianus, physician
Solin. or Sol.	C. Iulius Solinus, grammarian	Tib.	Albius Tibullus, poet
Spart.	Aelius Spartianus, biographer	Titin.	Titinius, writer of comedy
Stat.	P. Papinius Statius, poet	Treb. Poll. or Treb. Pol.	Trebellius Pollio, historian
"	Ach., Achilleis	Turp.	Sextus Turpilus, writer of comedy
"	sila., siluae		
"	Theb., Thebaïs	Ulp.	Domitius Ulpianus, lawyer
Suet.	C. Suetonius Tranquillus, biographer of the twelve Caesars etc.	Val. Cat.	Valerius Cato, poet
"	Aug., Augustus	Val. Fl. or F.	C. Valerius Flaccus, poet
"	Cal., Caligula	Val. Max.	Valerius Maximus, historian
"	cl. or Claud., Claudius	Var.	M. Terentius Varro
"	Dom., Domitians	"	L. L. or L. L., de lingua Latina
"	Gal., Gaius Julius	"	E. or E. E., de re rustica
"	Galb., Galba	Ver.	Fl. Vegetius Renatus, writer de re militari
"	Ner., Nero	Vell.	P. Velleius Paterculus, historian
"	Or., Otlio	Venant.	Venantius Fortunatus, Christian poet
"	Tib., Tiberius	Ver. Flac.	Verrius Flaccus, grammarian
"	Tit., Titus	Verg.	P. Vergilius Maro, poet (numerals without letters refer to the Aeneid)
"	Vesp., Vespasianus	"	A., Aeneis
"	Vit., Vitellius	"	B., Bucolica or Eclogae
Sulp.	Sulpicius Severus, Christian writer	"	cat., catalecta
Symm.	Q. Aurelius Symmachus, orator etc.	"	cir., Chris
"		"	cop., copae
"		"	G., georgica
"		"	mor., moretum
Tac.	C. Cornelius Tacitus, historian	Vitr.	Vitruvius Pollio, writer on architecture
"	Agr., Agricola	Volus. Maec.	Volusius Maecianus, jurist
"	an., Annales	Vop.	Flavius Vopiscus, historian and biographer
"	G., Germania	"	Aur., Aurelianus
"	h., historiae	"	Tac., Tacitus etc.
"	or, de oratoribus		
Ter.	P. Terentius Afer, writer of comedy		
"	Ad. or ad., Adelphei		





# LATIN DICTIONARY.

**A** the first letter of the Latin alphabet. In vowel-order i e a o u (Prof. Willis Camb. Phil. Soc. 1828, 9) a occupies the centre; and so, as the easiest to pronounce, is of most frequency; 2. hence too interchangeable with its neighbours e and o, as materia materies, glacies glacialis, regam reges, capio auceps, caput auceps, ars iners, defetigo defatigo, impertio impartio, factus confectus; 3. and bonus (for bonus) bona, ignarus (for ignarus) ignorare, bellum (for bellum) bellare, sors salio, calamitas incolumis (incolumis); 4. old form for ā is aa, haec lege CIL 197, 13; aaceteris uatioribus, 202, 2, 29; praestores 551, 14; Maacurus 596; faato 1011, 5; naatam 1011, 12; Vaarus 1052; 1166; cf. Dutch; 5. also w an apex, ā, as: decuria CIL 168, 11; a nulla probā, 1194, 3; fāto 1202; Romulus Mārtis filiū...regnamit annos duodequadragintā, ib. eleg. 22; 6. abbrev. A sola Aniano significat, cod. Bob. Keil. 4, 268 note; A Manli A. f. Q., CIL gold coin 423; A. Post. A. f. S. n., den. 442; A. Lic. Q. Cret. cos. (a. d. 7) CIL 756; L. Aspr. A. Plant. (a. d. 29) 768; 7. =absoluo, hence A. C. =absoluo condemnatio on coins of Q. Cassius, Eckhel 5, 166—referring to his lex tabellaria of a. u. c. 617; hence A called salutaris littera, C. praetor l. in C. Mil. 15; sei Q. Licinius...repromittere noluit (noluerit?) c. s. n. p. a. (i.e. condemnatio; sei non paret absolutio), lex Rubr. CIL 205, 1, 31 and 40; 8. =amicis Inscr. Or. 3919; 3920; amico 172; amicae 4533; 9. A. A. Aquae Aponeae, a spring S. W. of Padua of holy fame, C. Acutius C. f. Maturus A. A. V. S. L. M. (aquis Aponis uotum soluit libens merito), Inscr. Or. 1463; cf. 1644 and 2620; 10. A. A. A. F. F., auro argento aere flando feriundo, 2242; 2379; 11. A. D. ante diem, a. d. K(alendas) Octobris, CIL 200, 21; add 870, 882, 892, 893; C. Asinius ex Parthinis a. d. niii Kal. Nou. triumphauit, Inscr. Or. 619; add 4539; 12. A. D. A. agris dandis assignandis or adtribuendis, C. Gracchus iiii ur a. d. a. CIL 583, 9; M. Linius M. f. C. n. Drusus...x ur a. d. a., Inscr. Or. 544; 13. =agrum or agro, in f(ronte) p. uil, in a(gram) p. uil, Inscr. Or. 4382; =annus etc., uixit a(mnos) x. Ossa eius hic sita sunt, CIL 1202, 2; 14. A. L. animo libente, Or. 1750; 1991; 15. A. P. aedificiae potestatis 1404; 2324 etc.; 16. A. P. adiutrix pia (sc. legio) 2129; 17. A. P. R. aerario populi Romani, 5048; 18. A. P. R. C. anno post Romam conditam, 42; 765; 19. A. V. C. anno urbis conditae (sc. Romae), in common use now; 20. ABN abnepos 727; 732; 21. AD adiutrix (sc. legio), 1177; 3182; ADL. same 1024; 22. ADL adlectus 4109; 23. ADQ adqueiescit, 4084; 24. AED aedilis CIL 206, 21 and 24; 25. AEG Aegypti, Inscr. Or. 3660; 26. AEL Aelia, 493; 27. AEM Aemilia 3644; 28. AER aercoos 1367; 29. AER aerarium 2274; 30. AET aeternae 1741; 31. AID adidilis CIL 107, 15; 32; 32. AL ala 2076; 3412; 33. ALL allector 369; 34. AN Anienis tribu, 749; 2251; ANI same 125; 2251; ANIEN same, 684; 35. ANN anonae 1091; 36. AP Appius 4229; 37. AP Apollinariis 6601; 38. APP appellationes 3151; 39. AQ aquihiler 3471; 40. ARB arbitratu CIL

200, 73; 41. ARC arcitenens, Inscr. Or. 3625; 42. ARC arcitectus 5982; 43. ARG argenteo CIL 409; 44. ARK arkarius Inscr. Or. 1239; 2348; 45. ARM armorum, 3476; 46. ARN Arniensi tribu, CIL 1273; Inscr. Or. 686; 5178; 47. AST Astures, 2076; 48. ATR atriensis, 2966; 49. AV Aurelius, CIL 226; 263; 50. AVF Aufidius 321; 51. AVG angur 2286; 2295; 52. AVG Augustus 600; 605; =Augusta 763; =Augusti 655; 656; Augustalis 2980; 53. Augurinus CIL 357; 54. AVR Aurelius 241; 529 e; 55. AVTR Autronius 227. 2 a ah or ha int. [sound of a sigh] ah, oh, a nugas agis, Plant. Aul. 4, 4, 24; ah nescis quam doleam, Ter. Haut. 5, 1, 61; ah, si pergis, abiero, Ter. Ad. 1, 2, 47; add Andr. 5, 6, 24; ah inquit P. C. non ego mihi illum iniquum eiore, uerum omnibus, Cic. or. 2, 285; Spem gregis a silice in nuda conixa reliquit, Verg. B. 1, 15; Ha pereant partes quae nocere mihi, Ha pereant dicebat adhuc..., Or. F. 4, 240; 2. a formula a cutinam [the last as an old var. of utinam (cf. cubi cunde euter cut for ubi unde uter ut) accounts for ac utinam (atque utinam)]; v. Lachm. on Prop. 3, 15, 51; Haupt Obs. crit. 1841 p. 38; Trans. Philolog. S. 1867 on etque atque; 3. a the better form, so Med. and Rom. mss. of Verg. (v. Wagner); A et praepositio est et interiectio, Prisc. 15, 2, 91, 9 K; ab comes from aba says Prisc. 1, 19, 26 and 48, 23. 3 ā prep. See ab. āb, ā (aa, S. § 8), af; in comp. also ap or au; w. deriv. abs, aps, and in comp. as, prep. seems to represent three old prep. 1. ar of arō, S. apa, Goth. af, old G. aba, A. Sax. and Eng. of; 2. S. aba down, Germ. ab in herab hinauf abwärts; 3. S. abh-i near, ap of Lat. apud, ab of E. ab-aft, ab-ove; 4. in form, ab gen. loses its b before labials, a fabris Plaut. Most. 1, 2, 48; a foribus, 2, 1, 81; a foro, 4, 4, 6; a Philolachete, 4, 4, 19; a portu, 2, 1, 16; a pedibus, 3, 2, 169; a patre, 5, 2, 6; a Pseudolo, Ps. 3, 2, 108; a me, 1, 1, 93 and 126; a mensa, 1, 3, 62; a milite, 2, 4, 27; a uita, As. 3, 3, 17; a nostris, Rud. 1, 2, 1; 5. yet also retained in old writers, ab fonte, CIL 199, 6; ab populo, 200, 71; ab bonorum emptore, 200, 56; ab uiro, Pl. St. 1, 2, 91 (so A. al. a); 6. ab preferred by Plaut. before d, i, consonans, r, l, n, s; as: ab dis, Amph. pr. 12; Pers. 5, 1, 23; St. 2, 1, 24; ab dextera, Amph. 1, 1, 89; As. 2, 1, 12; (add ab domo, Enn. tr. 103 V; ab dracontis stirpe, Att. 596 R; ab domitione, 173) ab iustis, Amph. pr. 35; ab ianua, As. 2, 4, 18; Men. 1, 2, 18; Most. 1, 1, 8; (add ab iugulo Att. 257 R; ab Ioue, Cic. ap. Prisc. 1, 294, 3 K; Verg. B. 3, 60; G. 3, 35; A. 1, 380; 6, 123) ab re, As. 1, 3, 71; Capt. 2, 2, 88; Trin. 2, 1, 12; (add ab radice Verg. G. 1, 20 and 319, A. 12, 787; ab rege, al. a, 11, 230; ab rupe, 3, 647; ab lenone, Curc. 4, 2, 8; 5, 2, 16; ab lippitudine, Rud. 3, 2, 18; (add ab ludis, Enn. tr. 70 V; ab laeua, 38; Verg. S. 460; ab litore, 3, 536 and 639); ab nauī, Amph. 2, 2, 219 and 224; 2, 3, 12 and 163; ab nostro, Rud. 3, 7, 7; ab se, Men. 4, 2, 108; 5, 2, 63; Merc. 2, 1, 19; (add CIL 204, 1, 32 and 2, 26) ab saxo, Rud. 1, 2, 76; ab signo, 3, 3, 10; (add ab stabulis, Pac. 222 R); so: ab

Therapontigono Cure, 3, 38; **7.** before *te* he varies, ab tarpessita, Cure, 5, 2, 20, yet see § 11; but *a te*, As, 2, 3, 7; Most, 2, 2, 2; *a tuo iro*, Men, 5, 1, 23; *a Tranione*, Most, 4, 3, 20; and abs *te*, Ps, 1, 5, 94; so Cic. p. Tull. 6 in the *Ambr.* pal. three times; antiquos scimus et abs *te* dixisse, non contenti sumus *a te* dicere, Vel. Long, 2224 P; **8.** before *c* ab at times in very old writers, ab censorsibus, CIL 206, 82; yet *a* ceteris, 202, 2, 29; *a cena*, Pl. Most, 2, 2, 54; *a curio* Ps, 4, 7, 44; so: *a quomungue*, CIL 205, 2, 2; **9.** before *r* and *l* ab gen. preferred by all, ab rino, CIL 199, 6; Pl. as above; ab *re* Ter. And, 5, 1, 10; ab *reo* Cic. Clu. 93; **10.** gen. the choice before nouns talles *w*, the choice in comp. vbs.; **11.** *a* in old writers, but only in money-accounts, una praepositio est *af* (so Freund *cj.*, with Hand's sanction; Med. ab) *enque* tantum in accepti tabulis manet et ne his quidem omnium; in reliquo sermone mutata est, Cic. or. 158; incipimus ab illa (prae-positione) quam Cicero in Oratore annotavit...Adicit his prae-positionibus (se, ab, a, ab au) et illam quae scribitur per *F* (so Freund *cj.*, mss B) *literam* quam ab antiquis usitatam ait maxime in rationibus et in accepti tabulis, nam quotiens acceptam pecuniam referebant, non dicebant a Longo, sed *af* (mss ab) Longo, Vel. Long, 2224, 2 P; antiqui *af* pro ab scribere solebant, Prisc. 560 P, 1, 35, 18 K; **12.** meaning from, first *w* vbs. of motion, Me a portu praemisit domum, Plant. Amph. 1, 1, 41; *a Vibone* subito discessimus, Cic. Att. 3, 4; maturat ab urbe proficisci, Caes. b. g. 1, 7, 1; ab Roma legatos venisse, Liv. 21, 9, 3; Troiae qui primus ab oris Italiam...venit, Verg. A. 1, 5; Vestigenus et a portu diversa petamus, 7, 132; **13.** ab is rarely omitted before names of towns, fugit Tarquinios Corintho, Cic. Tusc. 5, 109; ut Platonem Athenis accesserit, Pseudo-Nep. Dion. 3, 1; has prae-positiones (ab, a) nonnullis usum est non debere propriis civitatibus nominibus praeponi, ut Antiochia veni, Roma veniet Cicero: tum cum multi principes civitatis Roma (so T. H. K. *cj.*, mss Romae) non tam sui conservandi... Charis. 207 P, 232, 28 K; **14.** but when from before a town is meant *ab* is required, denuntiatur est ne Brutum obsideret, a Mutina discederet, Cic. Phil. 12, 11; discessit a Brundisio obsessionemque nostrorum omisit, Caes. b. c. 3, 24 f.; negassentque patres e re publica esse abscidi a Capua (by Fulvius who was then besieging it), Liv. 26, 3, 11; **15.** gen. ab from near, from the outside of, is opposed to *ex* from within, just as *ad* is opposed to *in*, priusquam consules (when holding the imperium) could not be in Rome) ab urbe exercitum educerent, Liv. 8, 15, 3; qui dicit a theatro (se venire), non *ex* ipso theatro sed *e* loco qui est proximus theatro (venit), Dion. 408 P, 415, 3 K; a scena venit spectator, e scena venit qui agit: contra spectator e theatro, a theatro actor, Scaur. 2263 P; **16.** with abl. of thing removed, from, of, *oculam*...a foliis et stercore purgato, Cato r. 65 (66); ab omni oratione cum liberavit, Cic. Tim. 19; **17.** with vbs. of keeping from or hindrance, ad physicos...a quibus ne tu quidem iam te abstinere, Cic. ac. pr. 55; se ne a Publio quidem Scipione...abstinerent, Tac. dial. 40; (in both exx. of persons) quin nullo fodere a re publica bene gerenda impediret, Cic. Balb. 47; add Cic. Mur. 39; Sal. Ing. 30, 2; quod illum ab illa prohibebat, Plant. Ep. 2, 2, 104; quae hostem a pugna prohiberet, Caes. b. g. 4, 34, 4; add 1, 11, 4; eum a tua non modo familiaritate sed etiam congressione...prohiberet, Cic. Phil. 2, 46 (so most mss, V eum non modo tua, male); **18.** hence with vb., adj. or sb. of defence, caution, fear, hope, from, against, haec provincia non modo a calamitate sed etiam a metu calamitatis est defendenda, Cic. Man. 14; add Cic. Mil. 6; ut eius existimationem ab inimicis defendant, Caes. b. c. 1, 7, 6; add Verg. B. 7, 6; Ov. M. 9, 384; navis praedatoria apud quae caudum nobis sane censeo, Plant. Men. 2, 2, 70; quod ab homine impuro non auerit, Cic. Phil. 12, 25; Sal. Ing. 108, 2; quod letalibus ab rebus munita fene-tur, Lucr. 3, 820; Curt. 6, 8, 9; quae tutiores cos ab aliis faceret, Liv. 45, 25, 10; 28, 44, 7; qui portus ab Africa tenebatur, ab austro non erat tutus, Caes. b. c. 3, 26, 4; eum eadem metum ab hac parte, Cic. Att. 9, 7, 4; quae

est uita dies et noctes timere a suis, Cic. Phil. 2, 116; haec a quibus timebantur eos hostes appellare dubitamus? 14, 10; Cic. Sull. 59; ancipiti metu et ab eue et ab hoste, Liv. 2, 24, 3; spem habere a tribuno pl., Cic. Pis. 12; postquam nec ab Romanis nobis ulla spes est nec... Liv. 21, 13, 4; **19.** *w* vbs. wh. denote distance or difference, nun ab domo absum, Plaut. Ep. 5, 2, 16; te afuisse tandiu a nobis, Cic. fam. 2, 1, 2; cum ab hostium castris non longius mille et quingentis passibus abesset, Caes. b. g. 1, 22, 1; Non totus...uir a tuis teneris locis seculare papillis, Cat. 61, 101; malitia abest ab ea (sc. prudentia) distatque plurimum, Cic. off. 3, 71; si qua in re discrepuit ab Antoni diuisione nostra partitio, Cic. or. 3, 119; **20.** often attached to adv. implying distance or separation, At ego aio recte qui apud te sorsum sentio, Plaut. Capt. 3, 5, 52; Procul sedere longe a me Aesculapium, Pl. Cure. 2, 2, 11; **21.** *w*, *prope* and allied words, wh. our idiom prefers 'to', or even drops the 'to', apud socrum tuam prope a meis acedibus sedebas, Cic. P. 26; cum esset in Italia bellum tam prope a Sicilia, tamen in Sicilia non fuit, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 6; prope est a te deus, Sen. ep. 41, 1; dactylus si est proximus a postremo, Cic. or. 217; proximus ab oppresso, Liv. 37, 25, 6; ab hac proxima latifolia proceritas, Plin. 16, 23; **22.** so *w* vbs. of tying, funiculo qui a puppi religatus scapham annexam trahabat, Cic. inv. 2, 154; Gammaleo ripae religauit ab aggere classem, Verg. 7, 106; querno religant a stipite funem, Ov. F. 4, 331; **23.** ab *re* absol. foreign to the purpose, business or interest of any one, Si papillam pertractauit haud est ab red aucupis, Plaut. As. 1, 3, 71; quid vis? dum ab re nequid oros faciam, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 88; non ab re esse Quinctio usum est... Liv. 35, 32, 6; illud non ab re est, Plin. 27, 57; 31, 43; 34, 96; **24.** with vb., adj. or sb. of being free from, without, nullum tempus illi uacabat a forensi ditione, Cic. Brut. 272; haec a custodiis classium loca maxime uacabant, Caes. b. c. 3, 25, 5; sum ab obseruando homine peruerso liberi, Cic. Att. 1, 13, 2; usque adeo orba fuit ab optimatibus illa curio, Cic. Pl. 54; inopes ab amicis, Cic. Att. 1, 1, 2; uerbo a defensoribus uasta, Liv. 23, 30, 7; uincitas ab angustis, Cic. off. 1, 73; tantumne ab re tuast otii tibi, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 23; **25.** sometimes the *ab* goes with the measure of distance, if the point whence be not already expressed by *ab*, ouerariae naues ex eo loco ab milibus passuum octo uento tenebantur, Caes. b. g. 4, 22, 4; positis castris a milibus passuum XV auxilia expectare constitunt, 6, 7, 3; incerpere uocibus quod tanta machinatio ab tanto spatio instrueretur, 2, 30, 3; a quingue ferme milibus castra locat, Liv. 38, 20, 2; so in Gr. ἀπὸ σταδίων τετραρακοντα τὴν θαλάτταν; **26.** with vbs. of paying, ab *w* abl. of the source whence, often of drawing a bill or cheque on one, Sequere me naticum ut dem (dum?) a tarpessita tibi, Plaut. Capt. 2, 3, 89; Ter. 1, 2, 145; Cure. 5, 2, 20; ut tibi quod debet ab Equatio soluat, Cic. Att. 7, 18, 4; dum a Faberio debet ab aliquo qui Faberio debet representabimus, 12, 25, 1; ei testamento legat grandem pecuniam a filio (payable by the son) si qui natus esset, Cic. Clu. 33; se a me soluere, Cic. Att. 5, 21, 11; patrilianis uxori ancillarum usumfructum legaui a filio neque a secundo herede legaui, Cic. Top. 21; singula milia nummum a se (= de suo) diuidebat, Suet. Aug. 40; **27.** met., qui amat a lenone, Plaut. Ps. 1, 2, 69; sinite me quod uobis fretus hunc saepe promisi, id a uobis ei persoluere, Cic. Planc. 103; se a te quintum de Fimbriis librum descripsisse by loan of a copy from you, Cic. Att. 13, 21, 4; **28.** *w* abl. of person, from the house of (*w* or without domo), haec ciella nummum hinc ab nobis domos, Plaut. Cist. 4, 1, 6; unde? dicit. A nobis, Ter. Andr. 4, 4, 15; Ab Andriast ancilla haec quantum intellego, 4, 4, 17; **29.** *w* pass. vb. of the agent, corresponding to *nom.* with act. vb., Hos et ego in pugna uicci uictusque sum ab isdem, Enn. an. 199 V; ab sociis uicci diligebar, Cic. Planc. 24; si prius quam a me tu coactus es confiteri... Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 77; a senatu populi Romani amicus appellatus erat, Caes. b. g. 1, 3, 4; **30.** care must be taken not to confound this use of *ab* with those where *ab*=from or

against, as used with the same verb in the active (s. § 14), as: nam quid a Pyrrho Hannibale Philippoque et Antiocho defensum est aliud quam libertas, Sal. or. Lep. 4; pecuniae a municipiis exiguntur, Caes. b. c. 1, 6, 8; recuperata urbe ab Romanis, Liv. 26, 39, 10; **31.** of agent w. intr. vb., mare...a sole conluet albescit, Cic. ac. pr. 105; nihil enim valentius esse a quo interat, Cic. ac. post. 28; **32.** with part. of birth, a mere abl. (or ex of mother) is gen. found, Gnaivod patre prognatus, CIL 29; Tantalus prognatus, Pelope natus, poet. ac. Cic. Tusc. 3, 26; Orpheus et Rhesus Musa matre nati, Cic. N. D. 3, 45; quae duobus anis Sole et Oceano Aetna matre Idyia procreata est, 3, 48; dii genitae, Verg. 9, 642; Nates dea, 1, 582; me subditum et pellice genitum appellant, Liv. 40, 9, 2; **33.** at times with pass. vb. of things as if personified, commendatione egere eum non putabam, satis enim commendatum tibi cum arbitrarer ab ipso more maiorum, Cic. fam. 13, 10, 1; ut ab altero (an oration w. excess of musical cadence) non delectare, alterum (without cadence) oderis, Cic. or. 105; it nobis animus ab ignavia atque scordicia corruptus sit, Sal. Jug. 31, 2; eoque ipse ab re male gesta percusso, Liv. 4, 31, 9; **34.** in poets this licence is carried so far as to include instruments and means, Minoida Theseus Abstulit a nulla tempora comptus acu, Ov. a. a. 1, 510; Neve peregrinis tantum defender ab armis, Ov. Tr. 2, 421; Ipse quidem Getico peraeui uiolatus ab arcu, Ov. Pont. 3, 5, 45; add Met. 14, 345; **35.** the so-called abl. me te nobis nobis require the prep. ab in the sense of from or by, and gen. names of persons; **36.** but a mere abl. of person with other than personal pronouns is admissible where a person is rather the means than a willing agent, esp. if an adj. important to the idea be added, assiduo ruptae lectore columnae, Iuv. 1, 13; and perh., arua Marte coli populata nostro, Hor. od. 3, 5, 24 (wh. Voss rightly connects nostro Marte w. coli); **37.** with comitatus as pass. the abl. marks the means, ipse uno graditur comitatus Achate, Verg. 1, 312; Non ego militibus uenio comitatus et armis, Ov. am. 1, 6, 33; uno aut altero amicorum comitatus, Tac. Agr. 40 f.; Anicetum triarcho Herculeio et Obario centurione comitatus, Tac. an. 14, 3; **38.** in some cases the adj. and sb. in abl. rather mark the circumstances (as abl. abs.) than the agent, as: Marius cupientissima plebe consul factus, Sal. Jug. 84, 1; quorum Pius secunda uale me datur fuga, Hor. epod. 16, 66; **39.** still poets and after them late writers at times have a mere abl. of agent, Scriberis Varro fortis et hostium Victor Maeonii carminis alius, Hor. od. 1, 6, 1; carmina quae scribuntur aquae potioribus, ep. 1, 19, 2; atque ita sollicito multis amante legar, Ov. am. 1, 15, 38; desoror...coninge, Ov. Tr. 10, 161; et dominis Cyrrhae Nysaeque feruntur Pectora, Iuv. 7, 64; et quicquid frangitur illis, 11, 191; Curentur dubii medicis maioribus aegri, 13, 124; donec desertus suis caderet, Tac. an. 3, 20 f.; crediderim Tiberio et Augusta cohibitis, 3, 3; Erythra quam Geryone habitata accepimus, Mela 3, 6, 15; **40.** of motive or cause, from, out of, owing to, in consequence of, illud scio me ab singulari amore ae benivolentia quaecunque scribo tibi scribere, Balb. ap. Cic. Att. 9, 7, 2; a secundis rebus magis etiam solito incauti, Liv. 5, 44, 6; non ab ira tantum...quam quod...26, 1; 3; inopi tum urbe ab longinqua obsidione, 2, 14, 3; ab eodem metu commissionem nituratum, 40, 13 f.; add 5, 5; 3, 6, 4, 8; 24, 30, 1; **41.** ab w. sb. often attached to a sb. as if some part. were understood, calor a sole, Cic. N. D. 2, 129; haec lenior est plaga ab amico quam a debitore, Cic. fam. 9, 16, 7; neque fulgorem reuerentur ab auro, Lucr. 2, 1; dulcesque a fontibus undae, Verg. G. 2, 243; uelites et ab Attalo Cretenses sagittarii, Liv. 38, 21, 2; ab Sutrio et Nepete et Faleriis legati, 10, 14, 3; **42.** esp. as equivalent to an adj.: pastores a Pergamidis, Varr. r. 2, 2, 1; pastor ab Amphryo, Verg. G. 3, 2; yet even without ab, uideo ibi hospitem Zachtio, Plaut. Merc. 5, 2, 99; N. Magnus Cremona, Caes. b. c. 1, 24, 4; **43.** sometimes interchangeable w. ex, wh. an agent in or on anything directs some action from it, dum pugnat ab alta Puppe Tagus, Luc. 3, 585; disicit ab hirsuta

iaculum torquere capella (sc. simius), Iuv. 5, 155; cf. ap' ἵππων μάχεσθαι; but in Lat. rather ex equo pugnare; yet some connect ab capella (as a slang-name for a centurion) w. disicit; **44.** hence used w. vbs. of hearing, seeing or crying out, Omnia ego istaec auscultauit ab ostio, Plant. Merc. 2, 4, 9; Prospexi Italiam summa sublimis ab unda, Verg. 6, 357; conclamata ab agmine Volscens, 9, 375; Stat. Th. 4, 802; signo ab Hexaplo dato, Liv. 25, 24, 1; Intrepidus tanti sedit scenrus ab alto Spectator sceleris, Lucr. 2, 207; but, nautae uidere trementes Fluctibus e summis, 5, 640; Semper ab insidiis Cynthia fere soles Prop. 4 (3), 24, 26; Et sua Tarpeia resiliens ita fleuit ab arce, 5 (4), 4, 29; **45.** of time, from, Sol semper hic est usque a mani ad uesperum, Plant. Most. 3, 2, 80; ab hora tertia bibebatur, Cic. Phil. 2, 104; cum ab hora septima ad uesperum pugnatum sit, Caes. b. g. 1, 26, 2; **46.** often w. concrete sb. of age, Seruon nna mittit qui olim a puero paruolo Mili paedagogus fuerat, Plant. Merc. pr. 90—as we say, from a boy; Ter. Andr. 3, 3, 7; Ad. 1, 1, 23; artes quibus a pueris didici sumus, Cic. or. 1, 2; a parua uirgine, Cat. 66, 26; quom a pueris nullo officio adsefecti milii contra uoluntatem faciant, Caes. b. g. 4, 1, 9; ab infante, Colum. 1, 8, 2; ab infantibus, Cels. 7, 7, 15; **47.** or w. adj. implying age, a bina aut trima (uacca) fructum ferre incipit, Varr. r. 2, 1, 13; a paruolo, Liv. 1, 39, 6; ab tenero, Colum. 5, 6, 20; **48.** esp. w. vbs. of commencement, from, with, caedis initium fecisset a me, Cic. Phil. 5, 20; ab his sermo oritur, respondet Laetius, Cic. am. 5; ab eo nobis causa ordiendi est, Cic. leg. 1, 21; eorum una pars initium cepit a flumine Rhodano, Caes. b. g. 1, 1, 5; expectantes ut ab aduersariis pugna inciperet, Liv. 9, 32, 5; (homo) animal ceteris imperituro a supplicis uitam aspiciatur, Plin. 7, 3; noctuam a cauda (tail-first) de uno exire, Plin. 10, 38; **49.** hence of immediate succession, with, immediately after, ab hoc sermone profectum Paulum tradunt, Liv. 22, 44, 4; ab hac contione legati missi sunt, 24, 22, 6; ab his praecipitis contionem dimisit, 44, 34, 6; Surgit ab his solio, Ov. M. 3, 273; Nais ab his taceat, 4, 329; Hanc (sc. lunam) ego suspiciens et ab hac Capitolia cernens, Ov. Tr. 1, 3, 29; **50.** esp. w. adj. recens, or adv. statim, confestim, protinus, nuper, Homerus qui recens ab illorum aetate fuit, Cic. N. D. 3, 11; pullum asinum a partu recentem subiciunt equo, Varr. r. 2, 8, 2; recens a uolbere Dido, Verg. 6, 450; confestim a proelio, Liv. 30, 36, 1; statim a fuere, Suet. Iul. 85; a piscina protinus in oleum calidum demittendus est, Cels. 5, 27, 2 (201, 25 D); elephantii bellorum rudes et nuper a silua, Flor. 4, 2, 67; **51.** next after (in importance), a magnis hunc colit ille deis, Ov. Pont. 4, 5, 26; ab his leguminibus ratio est habenda naporum, Colum. 2, 10, 22; ab his dignatio est Sicyonio (uino), Plin. 14, 74; **52.** once used with a sb., ab is not repeated with a foll. rel. or interr., a Ioue incipiendum putat. Quo Ioue, Cic. rep. 1, 56; nobiles urbes lateris ab hostibus esse captas. 'quibus autem hostibus?' nempe his quos... Cic. Pis. 91; a rebus gerendis senectus abstrahit. Quos... ab his quae... Cic. Sen. 15; **53.** in late writers ab is found before adverbs, elicunt una a foro altera a peregre alitus in scaenam, Vitruv. 5, 7, 8; 119, 16 R; notae a foras ponuntur, comm. in Front. in Grom. vet. Lachn. 12, 23; a supra, Boeth. (?) ib. 40S, 24 and 410, 6; ab intus, Paulin. ad Cyth. 437; ab iniuncem, Cypr. ep. 63, 9; Hier. ep. 18; cf. abhinc and Fr. avant=ab ante; **54.** ab (=S. abhi, etc.), at, near, on the side of, ab duplex est, nam et pro aro et pro epi apud nos accipitur, neltut ab bibliotheca... Charis. 207 P, 232, 21 K; (first of place), Cappadocia quae patet a Syria, Cic. fam. 15, 4, 4; a tergo fronte lateribus tenebitur, Cic. Phil. 3, 32; totis fere a fronte et ab sinistra parte nudatis castris, Caes. b. g. 2, 23, 4; haec (cornua) ab labris argento circumcludunt, 6, 28 f.; attingit (Gallia) ab Sequanis et Helueticis Rhenum, 1, 1, 5; inde coepitae oppugnari Syracusae terra ab Hexaplo, mari ab Achradina, Liv. 24, 33, 9; regionem quam ab ortu Strymo ampletteretur annis, ab occasu Axius terminaret fluius, 45, 29, 7; nonnullos ab nouissimis deserto proelio excedere, Caes. b. g. 2, 25, 1; cecidere ab Romanis ducenti

equestres, Liv. 42, 60, 1; **55.** met. on the side of, in respect of, in, as to, Balbus a matre Magnum Pompeium artissimum continebat gradu, Suet. Aug. 4; Bis perit amator ab re atque ab animo simul, Plant. Truc. 1, 1, 26; ab ingenio improbus, 4, 3, 59; M. Ain tu te nescire? E. Pol ego haut perbene a pecunia, Pl. Aul. 2, 2, 9; Sic hic actor tantum poterit a facundia Quantum..., Ter. Haut. pr. 13; metus ne ab re sint tamen Omissiones, Ter. Ad. 5, 3, 65; medicorum a doctrina instructas, angustius etiam a natura, Cie. Brut. 233; nisi qui a philosophia, a iure civili, ab historia fuisset instructor, 161 f.; flagitiose imparati cum a militibus tum a pecunia, Cie. Att. 7, 15, 3; consediis copioso a frumento loco, 5, 18, 2; mons uastus ab natura et humano cultu, Sal. Ing. 48, 3; proximum regnum cetera egregium, ab una parte hand satis prosperum fuerat, Liv. 1, 32, 2; **56.** v. esse, stare, facere, &c., on the side of, in the sense of acting, &c., with or standing by, G. Omnia ego istaec facile patior, dum hic hinc a me sentiat. T. At qui nunc ays te stat verum..., Plant. Rnd. 4, 4, 56; sed nide ne hoc, Scaeuola, totum sit a me (in my favour), Cie. or. 1, 55; uide Agri ne istuc sit ab hoc, Varr. r. 1, 2, 18; ut nemo a senatu et a bonorum cansa steterit constantius, Cie. Brut. 273; a mendacio contra verum stare, Cie. inv. 1, 4; quod nihil magis ab aduersariis quam a nobis facit, Cie. inv. 1, 90; **57.** to denote a department in wh. one serves, and so a title, Pollicem serum a pedibus (footman or messenger) Romam misi, Cie. Att. 8, 5, 1; a bi(bliotheca), librarian, CIL (a. u. c. 804) p. 327 C 12; a supellectile, furniture-keeper, ib. 5; Antiochus Ti. Claudi Caesaris a bibliotheca, Inscr. Grnt. 584, 6; Liburnus L. Sei Strabonis (the father of Sejanus) a manu, ammannis, Inscr. Henzen 5394; eum in uillis habere quos ab epistulis et libellis et rationibus appellet, Tac. an. 15, 35; Philemonem a manu serum simplici morte punit, Suet. Lin. 74; nouum officium instituit a nuptiatis, Suet. Tib. 42 f.; **58.** in comp. v. vbs., from, away, abduco abstracto abeo absum asporto aufero; **59.** disappearance or complete destruction, abutor, use up; **60.** in comp. of adj., absence, amens without mind, absonus out of tune, absimilis unlike, and a lost abconus implied in Fr. aveugle; **61.** abaus is prob. for auanos, that is anns aui; and so not from ab, abnepos abnepitis being formed on a false analogy; **62.** in comp. ab takes at times the form a, as amoue, aneb, amens, annus; **63.** also au before f, as aufer, aufergi; **64.** before p, c, t, abs or as is preferred, as as-pell-, asporta-, abs-cond-, abstrah-, abstuli; **65.** before b, am is often preferred, as ab-nega-, am-nu-, s. ab-nego, ab-nuo; **66.** ab=as, aua (s. 2) in comp. of vbs., down, abicio throw down, abiectus cast down, absorbeo suck down, abstrudo thrust down, affligo dash down, appono or apono set down.

**ab-actor**, oris, m. [abigo] one who drives away (cattle), a cattle-stealer, Apul. Met. 7, 269; Th. C. 9, 30, 3.

**ab-actus**, ns, m. [id.] driving away, hospitum, Plin. pan. 20.

**ab-actus**, part. of abigo.

**abactulus**, i, m. dim. [abacus] a small stone tablet for mosaic work, Plin. 36, 199.

**abacus**, m. dim. [=a-9-aē, root perh. hab of habeo] a tablet, slab, board; **1.** as a tray, Cato r. 10, 4; **2.** as a side-board, nreoli scs Ornamentum abaci, Iuv. 3, 204; **3.** often of expensive character, abacos ornauit argento anroque caclato, Cie. Tusc. 5, 61; abaci nasa omnia abstulit, Cie. Verr. 2, 4, 35; abacum argento ornari, Varr. 1, 9, 33; hi (militis) primu, quae tum magnifice supellectilis habebantur, monopodia et abacos Romam aduxerunt, Liv. 39, 6, 7; cf. Plin. 34, 14; [sile] utuntur ad abacos non nisi marmoros, Plin. 33, 159; Vitr. 7, 3, 10; **4.** tablet of a dial, abacum cum basi, horologium, Inscr. Or. 4517; **5.** a tablet for arithmetical work, an abacus, Nec qui abico numeros... Scit rissise, Pers. 1, 131; **6.** or for geometry, si abaco et puluisclo te dedisses, Apul. mag. 16; cf. Sen. ep. 74, 27; SS, 39; abacum...puluerum formatur aequor, Mart. Cap. 7 init. v. 3; **7.** a board for playing games, diem sequentem abaco et latrunculis conterunt, Macr. Sat. 1, 5, 11; com...quadrigis in

abaco luderet, Suet. Ner. 22; **8.** scapi abacus, the upper part on the capital of a column, Vitr. 3, 3, 5; 4, 1, 11 and 12; **9.** pass. in Apul. Met. 2, 7 dub.

**ab-aestuo**, are, vb. throw off heat, Tert. 2 de uid. Dom. 21.

**abagio**, a word coined by Varr. 7, 3.

**ab-alienatio**, onis, f. transference (of property) to another, a. est eius rei quae mancipi est aut traditio alteri nexn aut in iure cessio, Cie. Top. 28.

**ab-aliēno**, are, vb. transfer (property) to another, quod eius agri neque is abalienat abalienauerit neque heres eius abalienat abalienauerit..., CIL 200, 15; quod eius ipsei sua uoluntate ab se non abalienatur, CIL 204, 32; si pupilli sit ab eoque abalienata sit bonae fidei emptori, Paul. Dig. 41, 1, 48; sub hac conditione liber esse insus, etsi ab herede abalienatus sit emptori dando pecuniam ad libertatem perueniet, Ulp. 2, 4; si abalienauerit praedium, Paul. Dig. 10, 3, 14; Nostram ere uis nutrimur quae nos educat Abalienare a nobis? Plant. Trin. 2, 4, 112; ut agros uectigales populi Romani abalienaret, Cie. Agr. 2, 64; uectigalibus abalienatis, 2, 72; **2.** met. of the affections, transfer elsewhere, alienate, estrange, Nec prohibet nisi mors meum animum aps te abalienaret, Pl. Cure. 1, 3, 18; qui nos quos faciendo retinere poterunt inuidendo abalienantur, Cie. fam. 1, 7, 7; (in Cie. Phil. 2, 38 Halm has alienauit-) abalienabantur animi, Liv. 26, 38; ita Campanos metu abalienant, Liv. 8, 3, 1; **3.** with abl. of the thing lost, deminuti capite, abalienati inre ciuium (having renounced citizenship), serui Carthaginiensium facti, Liv. 22, 60; but Cie. Corn. 23 and Nep. Ag. 2, prob. corrupt; **4.** of alienation of mind &c. Scrib. comp. 180 and 192; and so **5.** of dead and gangrenous flesh no longer belonging to the body, ut medici abalienata morbis membra praecident, Quint. 8, 3, 75; cf. Scrib. comp. 227; and met. decaden (the feelings), uelut assueti malis abalienant ab sensu rerum suorum animos, Liv. 5, 42.

**ab-ambulantes**, abscedentes, Paul. ex F. 26.

**abāmīta**, ae, f. [abauis] sister of abanns or of great-grandfather, abauī soror, Gai. dig. 38, 10, 3; =amita maxima=patris nati matris amita maior, Paul. dig. 38, 10, 10, p. 358, l. 11 Momms.

**ab-antē**, prep. before, neque abante aliam (arcam) ponat, Inscr. Or. 4396; **2.** w. dat. abante oculis parentis rapere nymphae, Inscr. Grnt. 717, 11; **3.** hence Fr. avant.

**abāu-ia**, ae, f. [abauis] mother of a great-grandfather or great-grandmother, Gai. dig. 38, 10, 1, 6; Paul. 38, 10, 16.

**ab-āuunculus**, m. brother of an abauia, great-grand-great-uncle, Gai. dig. 38, 10, 3; Paul. 38, 10, 17.

**ab-annus**, m. [annus aui] great-grandfather, Ibi mei sunt maiores sibi pater annos proanos abanos, Pl. Mil. 2, 4, 20; add Cie. Brut. 213; Gai. Dig. 38, 10, 6; Paul. 38, 10, 16; **2.** gen. distant ancestor, Plin. 18, 39; and prob. Cie. har. 38.

**abax**, abacis, m.=abacus, Prisc. p. 752, 1, 322, 13 K.

**abbas**, ātis, m. [father] abbot, Sidon. 16, 114.

**abbātia**, ae, f. abbey, Hieron.

**abbāt-issa**, ae, f. abbess, Inscr. Mnr. 429, 3.

**ab-brēuio**, are, [breuis] abridge, Veg. mil. pr. 3; **2.** Fr. abrégé.

**ab-dicatio**, onis, f. resignation, dictaturae, Liv. 6, 16, 8; **2.** renouncing (of a son), Postumi Agrippae post adoptionem, Plin. 7, 150; add Quint. 3, 6, 77; 7, 1, 15 etc.; cod. Iust. 6, 8, 47.

**ab-dicātūē**, adv. negatively, Mart. Cap. 4, 409, p. 130 Eyss.

**ab-dicātūus**, adj. negative, Apul. dogm. 3, 30 (266), p. 263 Hild.

**ab-dicātrix**, icis, adj. or sb. f. she who renounces, misericordine, Salv. de avar. 2.

**1** ab-dico, are vb. [implies a noun abdx one who declares off, from dec of dico, just as indicio indicio comes from index, index, unindex] prob. at first a vb. relic. (abdicor) I declare myself a dissident, and hence the use of abdicio me (se), 2: but in use, **1.** formally deny, as with inf. Mortem ostentant, regno expellunt, consanguineam esse abdicant, Pac. 55 R.; **2.** abdicio me (se) with abl. of



thing, abdicate, lay down, renounce, (in a fixed set of words), sei is praetor... (eo magistratu) ioudicione imperioe abierit abdicauerit mortuosus erit, CIL 198, 72; magistratu, Cic. Cat. 3, 14; dictatura, Caes. b. c. 3, 2, 1; tutela, Cic. Att. 6, 1, 4; Ulp. 11, 17; non modo consulu sed etiam libertate, Cic. Phil. 3, 12; magistratu, Liv. 9, 33; aedilitate, 39, 39; Legatus Caesaris abdicando se non amittit imperium, Papin. Dig. 1, 18, 20; 3. abdicō with acc., the same, ad sellas consulum prope conuolare abdicare consulatum iubentes, Liv. 2, 28, 1; quod inuidiam abdicando dictaturam fugisset, Liv. 6, 18; and hence in pass., abdicato magistratu, Sal. Cat. 47, 3; 4. renounce, esp. a son, ex duobus legitimis (sc. liberis) alterum abdicauerat, Quint. 3, 6, 97 and soon after in pass. instituto herede abdicato; add 7, 4, 4; 11, 1, 82; and even of a son renouncing a father, eum sibi (Demetrius), te abdicato patri, in locum tuum substituit (says Perseus adverting Philip), Liv. 40, 11;

5. depose (a monarch), eligi regem a populo (of Tappobane) liberos non habentem, et si postea gignat, abdicari, Plin. 6, 89; 6. gen. renounce, reject, ubi plus mali quam boni reperio id totum abdicō atque eicio, Cic. Or. 2, 102 (but see abdicō); te dicente (M. Tulli) legem agrariam, hoc est, alimenta sua abdicauerunt tribus, Plin. 7, 116; utinamque posset e uita abdicari aurum, (so β), Plin. 33, 6.

2 abdicō, ēre, xi, ctus, vb. pronounce against, (opp. to addicō), cum aues abdicissent, Cic. div. 1, 31; 2. in law, take away by judicial decision, cum animaduertisset Appium Claudium... iudicias filiae suae a se abdicasse, Pomp. dig. 1, 2, 24 (but not in Liv. 1, 56).

abdicās, see abdicus.

abdicuōs, a, um, adj. [abditus] of the class abditī (-a), stowed away, filius, Pl. Poen. pr. 65. So Guelichus by a sawed off.

abdicus, part. of abdicō; 2. as adj. and hence comp. and superl. in August. conf. 5, 45; ench. 16; 3. as sb. n., secret place, recess, terrai abdici, Lucr. 6, 809; abdita rerum, Hor. ep. 2, 3, 49; nunquam nisi in abdito, Plin. 8, 13; 4. abdite? secretly, a doubtful reading in Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 181, wh. Jordan has abdita latuisse.

ab-do, -dēre, -didi, -ditum, vb. put away, stow away, put out of sight, hide, Ex conspectu heri si sui se abdididerunt, Pl. Ps. 4, 7, 4; Nequiquam abdidi (sc. amicam meam) abscondidi abstrusam habebam, Pl. Merc. 2, 3, 26; nihil refert utrum tu nihil ausus sis scribere an amici tui tabellas abdididerunt, Cic. Pis. 39; 2. as the vb. itself denotes motion we have the construction of motion in: nam senex Rus abdidit se, Ter. Hee. 1, 2, 9, though in English we say has hidden himself in the country; Audisne haec Amphiarā sub terram abdite, poet. ap. Cic. Tusc. 2, 60; abdidit se in intimam Macedoniam, Cic. fam. 13, 29, 4; abdo me in bibliothecam, 7, 28, 2; mihi iudicium est me totum in litteras abdere, 7, 33, 2; ne se in Menapios abderet, Caes. b. g. 6, 5, 4; add Verg. 11, 810; Tac. an. 2, 85; 4, 67; Suet. Galb. 20; 3. but with perf. tenses the resulting state often suggests the construction of rest, homines in agris et in lectis siluestribus abditos, Cic. inv. 1, 2; qui se literis abdididerunt, Cic. Arch. 12; (contrast this with fourth ex. in § 2) qui in ferros abditus aer, Lucr. 6, 1037; consulis corpus militum pietas humi abdidit, Flor. 4, 12; carceri abditus, Vell. 2, 91; 4. but poets extend the construction of rest beyond perfect tenses, ubi... segnior annis Deficit, abdo domo, Verg. G. 3, 96; so with an aorist iu: dextraque coruscum Extulit ac lateri capulo tenus abdidit ensem, buried his sword in, Verg. 2, 553; totosque sub inguine dentes Abdidit, Ov. M. 10, 715; 5. in Lucr. 4, 468 the reading is addit, not abdit.

abdomēn, mis, n. [abdo + un-en, cf. ἄβδω-μ, ἄβδω-μ] liter. a place for stowing things away, a cupboard—hence belly (cf. our slang use of bread-basket), illa...a quibus ac pube abdomen sursum uersus ad praecordia peruenit, Cels. 4, 1 f.; Quin iam dudum gestit mocco hoc abdomen adimere, Pl. Mil. 1, 5; 2. esp. of the belly as the seat of gluttony, ille gurgis atque bellui natus abdomini suo, Cic. Pis. 41; abdominis uoluptates, 66; usque eo non fuit popularis ut bona solus comesset...libelli pro uino oppignerabantur; manebat insatrabile abdomen, coepiae

deficiebant, Cic. Sest. 110; 3. the belly of animals, as a dish, esp. of the sow, Tanquam frater mihi sis medium abdomen tecum diuidam, Pomp. 180 R.; Pernam suis abdomen sumen gladium, Pl. Cure. 2, 3, 44; wh. sumen is only of the female; Atque Bonam tenerae placent abdomine porcae Et magno eratere Deam, Iuv. 2, 86; occisae uno die post partum optimum si modo fetus uon hauserit, antiqui abdomen uocabant, Plin. 11, 211; interdicta cenis abdomina, S. 209; 4. of the tunny fish, as a dish, abdomina thumni Aduenientibus priua (one to each) dabo, Lucil. ap. Gell. 10, 20, 4; add Plin. 9, 48.

ab-dūcō, ēre, xi, ctus, vb. draw away, lead away; 1. with acc. of inanimate object, draw away, withdraw, separate, Abduxere retro longe capita ardua ab ictu, Verg. 5, 428; laeua (togam) a faucibus abducere licet, Quint. 11, 3, 145; nihil est difficilius quam a consuetudine oculorum aciem mentis abducere, Cic. N. D. 2, 17; ne ars tanta a religionis auctoritate abducatur ad mercedem atque quaestum, Cic. div. 1, 92; abductis montibus, Val. Pl. 4, 677; magna cogitatio obneceat abducto intus uisu, Plin. 11, 147; abd. potione, drink off, Scrib. comp. 122, cf. duco; 2. more commonly with acc. of living object, draw away, lead away, withdraw, take away, aduenientem...abduxi ad cenam, Ter. Haut. 1, 2, 9; neque quis eum ab eo iudicio auocato neque abducto, neque abducere iubet, CIL 198, 71; Tum me conuiuium solum abducebat sibi, Ter. Eun. 3, 1, 147; Cn. Octauianus ex acie, id est, a iudiciis et in praesidiis rei publicae colloceus (withdraw from field-service, met.), Cic. Brnt. 222; ut liberi eorum in seruitutem abduci non debuissent, Caes. b. g. 1, 11, 3; ut collegam ui si aliter possent de foro abducere, Liv. 2, 56; 3. esp. of wives taken from their husbands, Lucretia Drusilam matrimonio Tiberii Neronis abduxit, Suet. Aug. 62; Poppaeam abductam marito demandatamque sibi nuptiarum specie recepit, Suet. Oth. 3; add Suet. Dom. 1; cf. Verg. 10, 79; 4. lead away or withdraw from an occupation, nec illum ab studio abducere, Ter. Hee. prol. 2, 11; a quo studio te abduci negotiis intellego, Cic. fam. 4, 4, 5; abduco me ab omni rei publicae cura dedoque litteris, Cic. Q. Fr. 3, 6, 4; 5. as opposed to auferre, refers to removal of living beings, as cattle, &c.; quod ibidem recte custodire poterunt id ibidem custodiant; quod non poterunt id auferre et abducere licebit, edict. praet. ap. Cic. Quint. 84; Paene puer caesis abducta armenta recepi Hostibus, Ov. her. 15, 357; bos abductus aratro, Claud. b. g. 161; 6. Don. ad Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 4 says: ducimus nolentes, abducimus inuitos, but this is disproved by ex. in § 2; 7. in CIL 30 Scipio (cons. of 456) Taurasia Cisannia Sannio cepit—subigit omne Lucanam opsidisque abducit (wh. note the oul, subigit and abducit are commonly thought to be old perfects; 8. abduce as imper, Ter. Ad. 3, 4, 36, and Pl. 2, 3, 63; 9. in Pl. Cure. 5, 2, 16 abduxi is given, but abduxi suits the metre.

Abella, (Au.-) ae, f. a town of Campania, Verg. 7, 740; Sil. 8, 545.

Abellanus, (Au.) adj. of Abella, Plin. 3, 63; nux auellana, a filbert, Plin. 16, 121; Maer. sat. 3, 18, 5; 2. abellana absol. as sb. Cato r. 8, 2; Plin. 15, 88; 16, 120.

ab-ēmo, ēre, vb. (ab down, or away?) take down or take away, abemio significat demito uel aufero, emere enim antiqui dicebant pro accipere, Fest. p. 5. Cf. adimo; 2. Hence Fr. avendre to take down (now provincial).

ab-eo, ēre, ii, ctum, vb. irr. go away, go off, quei in exilium abierit, CIL 198, 29; cum Amphitruone una abiit hinc, Pl. Amph. p. 125; Nunc abeo, audis praeterea, si eius redeat illa, Caec. 113 R.; Vos istae intro auferre, abite, Ter. And. 1, 1; 1. abiit euasit excessit erupit, Cic. Cat. 2, 1, 1; 2. with ab, ex, de or abl. alone of the whence, ab illa, Ter. And. 1, 5, 64; ab his locis, Pl. Men. 3, 3, 29; de sella, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 147; de loco Cic. Fam. 13, 1, 3; e conspectu meo Pl. Amph. 1, 3, 20; ex oculis, Liv. 25, 16; hac urbe, Pl. Merc. 3, 4, 69; montibus his, Verg. B. 7, 56; 3. with in ad sub, and in some phrases a mere acc. of the whither, in communem locum, Pl. Cas. pr. 19; in angulum aliquo, Ter. Ad. 5, 2, 10; ad deos, Cic. Tusc. 1, 32; ad istas ineptias, Cic. Rose. Am. 47; sub

ingum, Liv. 3, 28 f.; domum, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 20; foras, Ter. Eun. 4, 4, 34; 4. with sup., abi deambulatum, Ter. Haut. 3, 3, 26; militatum abiit, 1, 1, 65; Tarquinus exulatum abiit, Liv. 2, 15 f.; 5. w. inf., Abi(-tu) quacere ubi iurando tuo satis sit subsidii, Pl. Cist. 2, 1, 36; 6. w. cogn. acc., ubi abi tacitus tuam uiam, Pl. Rnd. 4, 3, 88; 7. pass. away, vanish, disappear, nausea iamne plane abiit, Cic. Att. 13, 10, 2; illa mea quae solbas antea laudare abiierunt, Cic. fam. 9, 20, 1; stomachoque infusa sub altum Pectus abiit (cornus), Verg. A. 9, 700; Incaluit uis illi mali resolutaque flammis Herculeus abiit late diffusa per artus, Ov. M. 9, 162; 8. pass (into a new form), end (in), disappear (in), terra abiit in nimbus imbrisque, Lucil. ap. Varr. 5, 5, p. 40 Sp.; E in V abiit, Varr. L. 5, 16, p. 93; in quos enim sumptus abeunt fructus praediorum, Cic. Att. 11, 2, 2; In uillos abeunt uestes, in iurgia lacerti, Ov. M. 1, 236; Pars abiit in uitae, 4, 396; 11, 653; totum stagnum in salem abiit, Plin. 31, 73; L. Sulla id (oppidum) deleuit quod nunc in uillam abiit, 3, 70; 9. pass. beyond the reach of, escape the clutches of, be lost (to), coepit cogitare si res abiit ab eo mancipem quem ipse appouisset sibi nullam praedam esse, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 141; dico ei (sic. Minicio) potestatem emendi non esse factam, ne res abiit ab Apronio, 2, 3, 148; 10. non posse ista sic abire, Cic. Att. 14, 1, 1; Non non hoc tibi salte sic abibit, Cat. 14, 16 (you will hear again of this); 11. with pers. for subject, come off, get off (from a contest), omnia malle quam uicti abire, Sal. L. 79, 7; haud repulsus abibis, 110, 8; inultus abire, 58, 5; integri abeunt, 53, 3; nemo... non donatus abiret, Verg. 5, 305; Victus abiit, Verg. G. 3, 225; tu missus abibis, Hor. Sat. 2, 1, 86; 12. go out of (office), lay down (an office), w. abl. magistratu, Liv. 2, 31, 5; Tac. an. 5, 11 (6, 6); honore, Liv. 5, 9, 3; Suet. Aug. 26; flaminio, Liv. 26, 23 f.; Val. M. 1, 1, 4; tutela, Ulp. dig. 26, 4, 3, 8; provincia, Paul. dig. 48, 13, 9, 6; 13. rarely with ab as: abeuntibus ab administratione reipublicae, Eutr. 10, 1; 14. of dying, abiit e uita, Cic. Tusc. 1, 74; e medio abiit qui fuit in re hac scrupulus, Ter. Ph. 5, 9, 30; Qui nunc abiierunt hinc in communem locum, Plaut. Cur. pr. 19; Abiturus illuc quo priores abiierunt, Plaut. Cur. 4, 20, 16; abiit ad plures, Petr. 42; 15. absol., Insuperato abiit quem una angina abstulit hora, Lucil. ap. Non. 1, 150; in Fest., abisse pro adisse dicebant, Dac. ej. obisse in place of adisse; 16. in words, pass away from a subject, go off, digress, sed abeo a sensibus; quid est quod ratione percipi possit? Cic. ac. pr. 2, 90; Illuc unde abiit redeo, Hor. S. 1, 1, 108; 17. abi, be off, out of that, come no more of that, abi ludis me credo, Plaut. Most. 5, 1, 32; add Capt. 4, 2, 90; Mil. 2, 3, 20; Modo ut tacere possis, Abi sis insciens, Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 9; abi necis inescare homines, Sannio, Ter. Ad. 2, 2, 12; 18. used also in praise as to one so perfect that more words would be thrown away upon him, that'll do, enough enough, Ctesiphon, patrisas: abi uirum te indico, Ter. Ad. 4, 2, 25; Hem sic abi laudo: ne te equo magis est ecus nullus sapiens, Plaut. As. 3, 3, 114; Aul. 5, 1, 17; 19. pass. impers., abire me uis, abibitur, Plaut. Merc. 4, 4, 36; tenuit ne irriti incepto abiretur, Liv. 24, 19, 7; 20. abi gen. a monos, (ai?) in old drama, At nunc abi sane aduenisse familiaris dicitur, Plaut. Amph. 1, 1, 197; add 5, 1, 74; Abi domum, id mihi uisus dicere: abi cito ac suspende te, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 20; add all passages in §§ 12, 13; 21. abin for abisse, Plaut. Amph. 2, 2, 227; Ter. Andr. 2, 1, 17; abisti for abisti, Ov. her. 2, 99; abisse for abisse, Claud. Eutr. pr. 2, 4; 22. [from ab down = S. a] go down, quando abiit rete pessum, adduct sinum (draws up), Plaut. Truc. 1, 1, 15; luxuria atque inopia praecipies abierat, Sal. Cat. 25, 4; telo extracto Fabius in uulnus abiit, Liv. 2, 46, 4 (cf. prolapsa in uulnus moribunda cecidit, Liv. 1, 58, 11; and in uulnus cecidere, Stat. Th. 4, 463); ut reditus agrorum sic etiam pretium retro abiit, Plin. ep. 2, 18, 7; quoties demersae fluctibus et urbes et insulae abierint in profundum, Lact. Div. inst. 7, 3; yet first and last ex. perh. belong to § 6.

ab-équito, are, vb. ride away, Liv. 24, 31, 10.  
 ab-errecet = prohibet, Paul. ex F. p. 25.  
 aberratio, ónis, f. wandering away, diversion, relief, a molestias, Cic. fam. 15, 18; a dolore, Cic. Att. 12, 38, 3.  
 ab-erro, are, vb. wander away, go astray, Puer inter homines aberrant a patre, Pl. Men. pr. 31; 2. met. a proposito, Cic. fin. 5, 83, and 85; a regula, Cic. ac. pr. 140; ab Herilli leuitate, Cic. fin. 4, 40; add Plin. ep. 4, 28 f.; 3. esp. have one's thoughts diverted (from grief), a miseria, Cic. Att. 12, 45; scribendo nihil equidem lenior sed tamen aberro, forget my sorrows, 12, 38, 1.  
 ab-fóre, see absum.  
 ab-grégäre = ab grege ducere, Paul. ex F. 23.  
 ab-hinc, adv. from this—rarely if ever of place, from this place, hence, Aufer abhinc lacrimas barathro (al. ej. barde or balatro) et compesce querellas, Lucr. 3, 955; cf. iurgium hinc auferas, si sapias, Plaut. Pers. 5, 2, 19; 2. gen. of time and nearly always of past time measured from the present, from now, from this time, w. acc. rarely abl. (see Madv. Bemerk. p. 65), hoc factumst ferme abhinc biennium, Pl. Bac. 3, 2, 4; qui abhinc iam abiierunt triennium, Pl. St. 1, 2, 80; qui abhinc sexaginta annis occisus foret, Pl. Most. 2, 2, 63; a. annos XVI, Pl. Cas. pr. 39; abhinc triennium...domicilium hoc (= huc)...contulit, Turp. 133 R.; a. triennium, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 42; a. annos quingentos, Cic. Balb. 16; a. annos prope uiginti, Cic. Phil. 2, 119; a. annos XIV, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 34; comitiis iam abhinc diebus triginta factis, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 130; quo tempore? abhinc annis XV, Cic. Rose. com. 37; a. amplius annis XV, Cic. Att. 12, 17; a. annos prope CCC, Cic. div. 2, 118; Carthago diruta est...a. annos CLXXXIII, Vell. 1, 12, 5; but in Plin. 13, 43 read septem his annis; 3. of future time, from this time forward, henceforward (dehinc preferred by best writers), seque ad ludos iam inde abhinc exerceant, Pac. 21 R.; septimo anno omnes dentes eius (sc. equi) expleantur. Latent abhinc aetatis notae, Pall. 4, 13, 9; add Symmach. ep. 4, 59.  
 ab-horreo, ére, vb. draw back with a shudder from, be utterly averse to. 1. as to constr. in best writers with ab, adulescentulo...abhorrenti ab re uxoria, Ter. Andr. 5, 1, 10; cum ipse nihil ab horum turpitudine audacia sordibus abhorreret, Cic. Sest. 112; ab ista suspicione, Cic. Cacl. 10; a scribendo, Cic. Att. 2, 6; nolius abhorret ab hac (se. ratione) Lucr. 1, 945 and 4, 20; Punicum abhorrens ab Latinorum nominum pronuntiatione os, Casilinum pro Casino dux ut acciperet fecit, Liv. 22, 13, 6; uirgo ad suspensionem parum abhorrens, 4, 44, 11; spem ab effectu haud abhorrentem, 29, 6, 8; a uolgari genere dicendi, Quint. 8 pr. 25; a fide, 9, 2, 30; and even in later writers, as: cultus paulum a priuato abhorrens, Curt. 3, 6, 19; a qua (sc. fuga) multum abhorret animus, 5, 8, 10; ab omni caede Suet. Dom. 9; multa et inmauia uerum non abhorrentia a sua natura crediur destinasse, Suet. Ner. 43; 2. with abl. alone, postquam factus es Maritus, haud (mss. hanc) modo abhorres, tuam etiam uxorem uideo paucis, Titim. R. 40; ut alii iracundi aut crudelis alii talibus (Lamb. a talibus) uitis abhorrent, Cic. fat. 8; animus tutto facinore procul abhorrentem Curt. 6, 7, 11; moribus nostris, 7, 8, 33; add munia haud multum seruilibus ministeris abhorrentia, 8, 6, 2; 3. with dat., buie tum puaeate profectiois regis abhorrens mos manet boua Porcinae regis uendendi, Liv. 2, 14, 1; and with some difference of meaning (shocking or offensive to), incontinentum et abhorrens peregrinis auribus carmen, Curt. 6, 2, 5; 4. with acc., like our abhor, pumilos atque distortos ut iudibria naturae abhorrebat, Suet. Aug. 83; oscentulum, Suet. Galb. 4; cadauerum talem, Suet. Vit. 10; and in a manner by Cic. Clu. 41: nemo illum aditu dignum iudicauit, omnes aspernabantur, omnes abhorrebat; 5. as to meaning, first, as said above, draw back with a shudder from; Ter. Andr. 5, 1, 10; Cic. Att. 2, 6; Curt. 6, 25, as given above in § 1 and § 2; 6. met. be wholly inconsistent with, have a natural repugnance for, differ widely from, Cic. Sest. 112; Cic. Cacl. 10; Curt. 3, 16 f. and § 21; cf. §§ 1 and 2; 7. See abhorresco.  
 abhorr-esco, ére, -horruí, draw back with a shudder from, as a transl. of ἐκφρίττωσιν, ap. Lact. ira D. 23; and

in perf., animo illos abhorruiſſe ſemper ab optimo ciuitatis ſtatu, Cic. Phil. 7, 4.

**abhorrĭde**, adv. [implies an adj. abhorrĭdus from abhorreo] ſo as to ſhock a perſon, offeniſive, Charis. P. 40.

**ab-icio**, (leſſer corr. abiicio) cere, ieci, iectus, vb. [ab down = S. aua: iacio or icio] throw down, e. muro ſe in mare, Cic. Tuſc. 1, 84; annulum in mari, Cic. fin. 5, 92; inſigne regium de ſuo capite, Cic. Seſt. 58; ut ſe abicerent in herba, Cic. or. 1, 28; ſe ad generi pedes, Cic. Att. 4, 2, 4; me plurimis ſupplicem, Cic. Mil. 100; cum ceteras ammantibus abiceret ad paſtum, hominem erexit, Cic. leg. 1, 26: beluam, Cic. Tuſc. 2, 22; ſentum, 2, 54; telis ex nullo abiectis, Caes. b. c. 3, 56 f.; ut tragulam intra munitionem abiectam, b. g. 5, 48, 5; arma, 4, 15, 1; 4, 37 f.; inſuſſus arma abicere, 5, 37, 1; luctator ter abiectus perdidit palnam, Sen. ben. 5, 3, 1; abiectum ſe humi, Plin. 21, 75; in mare nemo Hunc abiect, Iuv. 15, 17; **2.** met. lower, throw away, throw aſide, abandon, get rid of at any price, diſcard or reject with more or leſſer of contempt, numquam... me ſcio Vididiſſe unquam abiectam aetis niſi modo haſce, Pl. Moſt. 3, 3; palſtriam... Aliquo abiecta eſt, ſi non pretio, gratis, Ter. Ad. 4, 7, 26; Nuptias abiecti, Turpil. ap. Non. 497, 15; abiecta gloria, Aec. ap. Cic. fam. 7, 33, 1; abiciamus iſta, Cic. Att. 13, 31, 3; uitam, 3, 19, 1; curam rei publicae, Cic. fam. 9, 24, 4; qui ſuas omnes cogitationes abiecerunt in rem tam contemptam, Cic. am. 32; ſenatus auctoritatem, Cic. Att. 1, 18, 3; Agros abiecti mœchia ut ornatum parat, Phœdr. 4, 5, 42; abiectum ſe, become down-caſt, Cic. Tuſc. 2, 54; ſic te abicies (lower yourſelf) ut nihil inter te atque inter quadripedem aliquam putes intereſſe, Cic. parad. 14; **3.** of voice or ſtyle, hunc uerſum abiect (ſo mſs.) proſuſus ut in proximis ſuſſepat, Cic. or. 3, 102; neque abiectam orationem nec nimis altam, Cic. or. 192; add 184; **4.** abiectus part. and adj. down-caſt, diſheartened, abiectior animus, Cic. fam. 1, 9, 16; am. 59; **5.** alſo low, mean, degraded, familiam abiectam et obſcuram, Cic. Dei. 30; parua illa quae abiectiſſimus quiſque animus uſtilia credit, Quint. 11, 1, 13; **6.** for a long ab, add Abiecto potius, Hor. ep. 1, 13, 7; **7.** for a ſhort ab, add Spargit humi atque abiect, Verg. mor. 96.

**abiectſſe**. See abiectus.

**abiectione**, ōnis, f. [ab-icio] caſting down—hence met. a. animi, the being down-caſt, in low ſpirits, Cic. Pis. 88—the quotations from Corn. 1, 10; Quint. 9, 3, 18 are errors.

**abiectionis**, part. of abicio. **2.** as adj. down-caſt, lowſpirited, deſpairing, abiectiore animo me futurum, Cic. fam. 1, 9, 16; add Cic. am. 59; **3.** low, humble, mean, degraded, worthleſſ, nihil abiectum, nihil humile cogitant, Cic. fin. 5, 57; ueſtram familiam abiectam et obſcuram e tenebris in lucem eueocat, Cic. Dei. 30; parua illa quae abiectiſſimus quiſque animus uſtilia credit, Quint. 11, 1, 13;

**4.** abiecte adv. in a deſpairing ſpirit, Cic. Tuſc. 2, 55; abiectius Amm. 15, 2; **5.** in a low or mean condition, ſordidiſſi et abiectius nati, Tac. dial. 8.

**abiectionis** (or -ius or abiectionis) adj. (= abiectionis) of white fir, trabaculas abiectionis, CIL 577, 1, 19; antepagmenta abiectionis, ib. 2, 4; aſſibus abiectionis, ib. 2, 1.

**abiectionis**, adj. (abiet- or rather a lost abiet-) of white fir or fir, Sed manendum: num iſta aut popula ſors aut abiectionis (al. abietna) eſt tua, Plaut. Cas. 2, 6, 32; utinam ne... Caesa accēdiſſet abiectionis (pron. abyegna) ad terram trabes, Enn. tr. 281 V; telum haſtili abiectionis, Liv. 21, 8, 10; nam quis equo pulſas abiectionis noceret arces, Prop. 4 (3), 1, 25; abiectionis bovis, 4, 18 (3), 19, 12.

**abiētis**, ētis, f. (abiet- from a lost abiet-ec-, s. abiectionis) the white fir, pinus pinaster Linn. *αβιη*, of great height, abies conſternitur alba, Enn. an. 195 V; abietē crīpa, Enn. tr. 117; Ego me extollo in abietem alitē (altam Buthe c.) ex tuto proſpectum ancupo, Aec. 407 R; Materiam cuiusque generis eſt praeter faſum atque abietem, Caes. b. g. 12, 5; abies in montibus alit, Verg. B. 7, 66; Enodiſque abies, Ov. M. 10, 94; hae (ſc. larix et abies) omnium arborum altiſſimae ac rectiſſimae, Plin. 16, 195; abietis quae pars a terra ſit enodiſt eſt, 196; abies femina prolixiſſe, 16, 48; **2.** in

poetry of things made of fir, as a ſhip, caſſus abies uſura marinos, Verg. G. 2, 68; Labitur neta uadis abies, S. 91;

**3.** of a ſpear, tranſuerbat abiete pectus, Verg. 11, 667; add Sil. 4, 256; **4.** tablets for writing, At ego hanc ad Lemniſelenen tuam eram obſignatam abietem, Plaut. Pers. 2, 66; proſa ut mucronem pro gladio recipiet, iſta non abietem pro tabellis, Quint. 8, 6, 20; **5.** a ſea ſhrub, Plin. 13, 137; **6.** abiētis, &c. pron. as abyētis &c., Abietibus iuuenes patriſ et montibus aequos, Verg. 9, 674; add S. 599 and ſee § 4.

**abig-a**, ae, f. [abigo] ground-pine [*χαμαί-πινος*], ſo-called propter abortus, Plin. 24, 29.

**abigētor**, ōris, m. = abigeus, Paul. ſent. 5, 18.

**abigētoris**, ūs, m. [implies a vb. abigere from abigens] cattle-stealing, Macer. dig. 47, 14, 2 and 3; Arr. ib. 49, 16, 5, 2.

**abig-eus**, m. [abigo] cattle-stealer, de abigeis, title of dig. 47, 14; add Ulp. 47, 14, 1; and 3; Claud. 48, 19, 16, 7; ab. = *αβιγηνος*, Gloss.

**abig-ere**, ēgi, actus, vb. [ago] drive away; Item ut de frumento anseres clamore absterret abigit, Pl. Truc. 2, 1, 40; add Capt. 4, 35, etc.; abigam hunc ruſ, Ter. Ad. 3, 47; puer abigee muſcas, Cic. or. 2, 247; **2.** eſp. cattle, often as robbers (see abigens, etc.), pecus abegerunt, Cic. Pis. 84; greges ouium abiguntur in Samnium, Varr. 2, 1, 16; porcos abectos, Cal. dig. 47, 14, 3; pecus, ib.; **3.** of abortion, partum, Cic. Clu. 32; foetum, Colum. 6, 27, 11; conceptum, Suet. Dom. 22; **4.** met. laſſitudinem abſte, Pl. Merc. 1, 2, 3; peſtem a me, Enn. ap. Cic. ac. pr. 89; curas, Hor. ep. 1, 15, 19.

**abicio**, ōnis, f. [abeo] going away, Pl. Rad. 2, 6, 19; Ter. Haut. 1, 2, 16.

**ā-bito**, ēre, vb. [baeto] go away, adserua ipſum ne quo abitat, Pl. Rad. 3, 4, 72.

**abitus**, ūs, m. [abeo] going away, Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 5; 4, 4, 24; aduentu... abituque, Lucr. 1, 457; add 677; Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 125; Sil. 7, 136; **2.** way of exit, outlet, Verg. A. 9, 380; Tac. an. 14, 37.

**ab-iudico**, āre, vb. take away by judicial ſentence, declare not to belong to, Abiudicata a me moſt Palaeſtra: perditus ſum, Pl. Rud. 5, 1, 3; add 4, 30; Alexandriam a populo Romano abiudicabit, Cic. agr. 2, 43; **2.** met. Equidem me iam quantum potis a nita abiudicabo, that the living world has no title to me, Pl. As. 3, 3, 17; rationem fidei ab hoc ordine, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 4; **3.** abi. ſibi, or abſol. (?) renounce, ipſe ſibi libertatem, Cic. Caec. 99; add prob. or. 2, 102.

**ab-iūgo**, āre, vb. yoke, ſet (an animal) looſe, quae res te ab ſtubulis abingat? Pac. ap. Non. 73, 21.

**ab-iungo**, vb. yoke, Maerentem abiuſgens fraternam morte iuuenem, Verg. G. 3, 518; but in Prop. 2, 18, 10 read w. mſs. adiunctos; **2.** met. ſeparate, quod ſe ab hoc dicendi genere abiuſxerat, Cic. Att. 2, 1, 3; abiuſcto Labieno timebat, Caes. b. g. 5, 6, 2; add Stat. Th. 5, 580.

**ab-iurgo**, āre, = abiudico, Ajax poſtulat ut arma ſibi Achillis darent, quae abiurgata ſunt ab... Hyg. fab. 107.

**ab-iūro**, (iūro) āre, vb. ſwear off, abjure, ſwear to non-exiſtence of, quod bonam copiam ab iūrauerit (ſo apart), CIL 206, 113; Qui abiurant ſiquid creditumſt, Pl. Curc. 4, 2, 10; abiuratiſſi, Pers. 4, 3, 9; pecuniam, Pl. Rud. pr. 14; mi abiurare certius eſt quam dependere, Cic. Att. 1, 8 f.; abiurataque rapinae, Verg. S. 263.

**ab-lacto**, āre, vb. [lac] wean, Hier. epist. 27; Vulg. Gen. 21, 8.

**ablāqueatio**, ōnis, f. digging away the earth round a tree, Colum. 4, 2, 4; 4, 9, 1; 4, 14, 2; Plin. 12, 66; **2.** the hole ſo made, Col. 5, 10, 17.

**ab-lāqueo**, āre, vb. dig away the earth round a tree, circum oleas, Cato r. 5, 8; add 29; uitem, Colum. 4, 8, 1; 4, 29, 10.

**ablātio**, ōnis, f. [aufero] carrying away, Tertul. Hieron. **ablātus**, ūs, am, adj. as ſh. (ſc. caſus), ablative, Quint. 1, 4, 36, etc.; Charis. 147, 17 K etc.

**ablātor**, ōris, m. one who carries away, corporis. Sedul. reſur. 5, 344; bonorum, Aug. C. D. 19, 13.

**ablātus**, part. of aufero.



**abōlesco**, ēre, s. aboleo.

**abōlitio**, ōnis f. [abol-eo], blotting out, abolition, repeal, quadragesimae, Tac. an. 13, 51; legis, Suet. Aug. 34; 2. absol. a blotting out of the past, amnesty (*ἀμνηστία*), tyrannum qui sub pacto abolitionis dominationem deposuerat, Quint. 9, 2, 97; facti, Suet. Tib. 4; add Flor. 4, 7, 3; Aurel. V. 35; Anson. perioch. 19; Ulp. 48, 16, 7 (bis); also 12 etc.

**abōlitor**, oris m. one who blots out, Sornus a. omnium, Auson. erat. 4; mors, Tert. hab. 3.

**abōlla**, ae f. [?] a cloak, purpurea, Suet. Gal. 35; 2. esp. a military cloak of double cloth, toga tracta est et abolla data est...munera belli ut praestarent, Varr. ap. Non. 538, 16; called duplex amictus in Verg. 5, 421, wh. Serv. duplex sicut chlamys; 3. as worn by Cynics, Mart. 4, 53, 5; 4. or a fop, S. 48, 1; 5. a phrase ill explained, facinus maioris abollae, Liv. 3, 115.

**aboleos**, pro ab illis, Fest.

**abōmināb-ilis**, e adj. accursed, Ps.-Quint. decl. 4; Hier. Ier. 22, 30.

**abōmināmentum**, i n. an accursed thing, Tert. adv. Iud. 13.

**abōminatio**, ōnis f. warding off, as accursed, Tert. ib. 5; Laet. 1, 17.

**ab-ōminor**, āri vb. ward off from one as of evil omen, call on heaven to avert, an exitum Cassii expectem? Bene facitis quod abominamini, Liv. 6, 18, 9; add 30, 25, 12; 30, 30, 9; Ov. Pont. 3, 1, 105; M. 9, 677; Suet. Claud. 1; si (quod a) prius morietur, Scaev. dig. 28, 5, 86; 2. as a pass., regard as accursed, sententia corum abominaretur ab omnibus, Verr. ap. Prisc. 1, 380, 10 K; Parentibusque abominatus, Hor. epod. 16, 8; but Pl. Tr. 3, 2, 82 corrupt.

**abōmin-ōsus**? adj. of evil omen, nox, Dion. 476, 9 K; but in Sol. 1, 40 ominous.

**ab-ōrior**, iri ortus or orsus, vb. refl. (opp. to orior) lit. set as the sun or a star—hence met., die, ut fetus...abortiantur, Gel. 12, 1, 8; 2. suffer miscarriage, miscarry, nimium, ibi natum, si praegnans biberit fieri ut abortiatur, Varr. ap. Non. 71, 20; add Plin. 8, 205; Arn. 3, 10; 3. of the voice, die away, Lucr. 3, 155; but Varr. 5, 10 corrupt; abortus as part., Paul. sent. 4, 9, 6.

**ab-ōrisco**, i, vb. refl. die, Lucr. 5, 733.

**abortio**, ōnis f. abortion, miscarriage, Pl. True, 1, 2, 99; Cic. Clu. 34; abortionis poculum, Paul. dig. 48, 19, 38, 5.

**abortio**, ire, vb. [abortus sb.], miscarry, Vulg. Iob 21, 10; but not Plin. 8, 205.

**abortivus**, ii n. miscarriage, Hier. ep. 66.

**abortus**, a um, adj. of the class aborti, still-born, omm, ad lled, Mart. 7, 93, 5; and hence 2. met. as a sb. one all but still-born, an abortion as it were, a. Sisyphus, Hor. s. 1, 3, 46; 3. causing abortion, Plin. 7, 42 f.; 20, 226, 24, 18; 4. abortivum, i as sb. n. a drug etc., so acting, Iuv. 2, 32; 6, 363; Plin. 18, 150; 28, 81; in Sol. 37, 13 reading dñb.

**aborto**, āre, vb. miscarry, Varr. r. 2, 4, 14; Firm. Math. 3, 7, 6.

**abortum**, i, part. as sb. n. miscarriage, mox abortum factum est, Ulp. 29, 2, 30, 4; 2. of the fetus, Paul. ex F. 29 M; ab = *ἐκπαυα*, Gloss.

**abortus**, us m. [aborior], setting of a star, Manil. 1, 140; 2. miscarriage, Dicam abortum esse, Ter. Hec. 3, 38; Tertullia nollen abortum, Cic. Att. 14, 20, 2; add Plin. 7, 40 and 43 etc.; Plin. ep. 8, 10, 11; 3. of trees, arborum etiam abortus inveniuntur (of dwarf trees), Plin. 12, 13.

**ab-pātrus**, i m. brother of a gt. gt. grandfather, also patruus maximus, Paul. dig. 38, 10, 10, 17; Gal. 38, 10, 3.

**ab-rādo**, ēre si sus, vb. scrape away, Nec manibus quiequam teneris abraderem membris, Lucr. 4, 1103; 2. shave away, supercilia, Cic. Rosc. com. 20; arida dolabrā, Colum. arb. 10, 2; in Hor. ep. 1, 7, 50 adrasum; in Varr. 5, 51, p. 138 Sp. comradit; 3. met. get any thing ever so little out of (a person), Altiis aliunde est periculum, unde aliquid abradī potest, Ter. Ph. 2, 19; nihil a Caecina, Cic. Caec. 19; abradī aliquid bonis, Plin. pan. 37, 2.

**ab-rēlīgo**, āre, vb. send away into exile, Iul. Val. r. Alex. 2, 17.

**abrēllicus**, part. left behind, Tert. Iud. 1.

**ab-rēnuatio**, āre, vb. renounce, diabolo, Salvian. 6, p. 208 Ritt.

**abreptus**, part. of

**ab-rīpio**, ēre si reptus, vb. [rapio] seize and carry off quickly, snatch away, abripite hunc intro acutum inter manus, Pl. Most. 2, 1, 38; eam, Cas. 4, 2, 5; id illa uniuersum abripit, Ter. Ph. 1, 1, 11; Cereper, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 111; ad quaestionem abreptus est, Cic. Clu. 89; ut fluminis abrepti, Caes. b. c. 1, 64; 2. w. refl. pron. se etc., tear oneself away, Pl. Cure. 5, 1, 2; M. 2, 2, 21; 3. met., tempestate abreptus est unus, Cic. Lig. 34; te quasi nestus a terra abripuit, Cic. or. 3, 145; abreptus caedum amore, Sil. 5, 229.

**ab-rōdo**, ēre si sus, vb. gnaw away, consume by gnawing, (caneis) uincula, Varr. r. 2, 9, 13; ungum, Pers. 5, 162; os, Plin. 10, 169; abrosa parte corporis...redimere se, 37, 82.

**abrōgatio**, ōnis f. repeal (of a law), Cic. Att. 2, 23, 2.

**ab-rōgo**, āre, vb. repeal (a law), legem, Cic. r. p. 2, 63; Att. 2, 23, 2; Liv. 34, 6, 1; plebeiscentum, 22, 30, 4; 2. annul, cancel, abrogate an office or power, magistratum, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 140; imperium, Cic. off. 3, 40; Liv. 1, 59, 11; 22, 25, 10 etc.; 3. met. w. fidem, destroy credit, illis quodae abrogant etiam fidem, Pl. Tr. 4, 3, 42; fidem irrisurandi, Cic. Rosc. com. 44; fidem orationi, Corn. 1, 17; add Liv. 6, 41, 11.

**abrotoneis** etc., s. habr.

**ab-rumpo**, ēre rūpi ruptus, vb. send rushing away, throw off with violence, equus uincula, Enn. ap. Maer. 6, 3, 8 (*ἔσσυτο ἀροπῆας*, Il. 8, 506), uincula, Verg. 9, 118; 11, 492; Hor. od. 4, 7, 27; Tac. an. 1, 66; Iora, Ov. M. 2, 315; abrupto sidere nimbis, Verg. 12, 451, throwing off the star to which it was attached, tearing itself from it;

2. met. uitam, S. 579, 9, 497; mediis herbis abruptum annos, Luc. 6, 610; 3. esp. break off, interrupt, sermonem, Verg. 4, 388; Suet. Tib. 21; noem, Sil. 2, 329; somnos, 15, 48; incoletum aliquid, Plin. ep. 5, 5, 4; otium, 7, 3, 4; 4. send flying apart from each other, burst through, force a passage through, tear open, ingeminant abruptis nubilus ignes, Verg. 3, 109; ordines, Tac. h. 3, 25; uenas, Tac. an. 15, 59 and 63; 16, 9; 5. met. fas, Verg. 3, 55; fata, Sen. Herc. Oct. 899; 6. break (ground) away, so as to leave a precipice or abyss, locus iam ante praecipem, recenti lapsu terrae, in pedum mille altitudinem abruptus erat, Liv. 21, 36, 2; and met. omnibus inter victoriam mortem certa desperatione abruptis, 21, 44, 8; 7. as a refl. tear oneself away, rush from, latrocino Antonii, Cic. Phil. 14, 31; abrupti (abruptis, Maer. 6, 1, 27, perh. rightly) nubilus ignes, Lucr. 2, 214; 8. II B. abruptus part. as adj., precipitous, steep, montes, Plin. 3, 67; saxa, Tac. an. 2, 23; petra, Curt. 7, 11, 2; 9. met. sermo, Quint. 4, 3, 13; abrupt; add 4, 2, 45; contumacia, Tac. an. 4, 20; 10. as sb. n. sorbet in abruptum fluctus—an abyss—Verg. 3, 422; per abrupta, over precipitous ground, Tac. Agr. 42 f.; 11. comp. Plin. 11, 138; superl. Plin. ep. 9, 39, 5; III 12.

abrupte adv. abruptly, hastily, Quint. 3, 8, 6; 4, 1, 79; inst. 2, 15, 4.

**abruptio**, ōnis f. sending off rushing, tearing off, corrigiae, Cic. div. 2, 84; add Att. 11, 3, 1.

**abs**, prep. fin a lost ab-is comp. of ab; cf. ex, obs, subs, eis as seen in *εως-σεν* aff. *εως*; *εως* prob. for *εως*, aff. *εως* (*εως*) and *εως*; *πεως* (in *πεπρωτοιστο*), aff. *πεως*. Thus abs etc. correspond in suffix to sup-er, supt-er, inter, and E. over etc.). See ab.

**abs-cēdo** (aps), ēre cessi cessum, vb. go (quietly) away, withdraw, retire, slip away, get off, Et heus iube illos illius (so Bothe, xss illine) amabo abscedere. Abscedite, Pl. Most. 2, 2, 36; triumpho, si licet me latere tecto abscedere, Ter. Haut. 4, 2, 5; caput est in incore: iam abscedat, simul ac... Cic. div. 2, 37; si urgens hostes, si non ante abscedimus quam... Liv. 5, 4, 10; quoniam modo ab Hannibale abscessisset, eura angebat, 27, 47, 5; 2.

met. retire from, desist, ciuilibus muneribus, Liv. 9, 3, 5; incepto, 26, 7, 2; **3.** w. abstract nom., a te suspicio, Pl. Ep. 2, 2, 100; labor ille a uobis cito recedet, bene factum... non abscedet, Cato ap. Gell. 16, 1, 4; ab eo hanc ira, Ter. Haut. 5, 2, 15; **4.** in med. l. pass away from life, slough, form an abscess, sub lingua interdum aliquid abscedit, Cels. 7, 12, 5; add 5, 18, 21; omnia abscedentia (abscesses) digerit..., 5, 18, 21; **5.** recede (from view) alia abscedentia, alia prominentia, Vitr. 7 pr. 11 f.; laterum abscedentium adumbratio, 1, 2, 2; **6.** depart this life, die, abscessit Selinunte pri. Idus August., inser. Or. 794; **7.** as vb. impers., negantis e re publica esse uestigium abscedi ab Hannibale, Liv. 27, 4, 1; add 22, 33, 10; 26, 3, 12; 29, 2, 16; **8.** abscessem=abscessissem, Sil. 8, 109.

**abscessio**, ōnis f. going away, departure, Dietsy 1, 5; **2.** met. Cie. Tim. 12.

**abscessus**, ūs m. departure, withdrawal, solis, Cie. N. D. 1, 24; Rutulūm, Verg. 10, 445; add Tac. an. 4, 57; 6, 44 (38); **2.** sloughing, abscess, Cels. 5, 18, 2 and 7;

**3.** a retired spot, cod. Th. 7, 16, 2.

**abs-cido** (aps.), ēre didi cisus, vb. [caedo] cut off or away, Seolestam, scelus linguam abscidam, Pl. Amph. 2, 1, 7; ceruicibus fractis caput abscidit, Cie. Phil. 11, 5; ramis abscedit, Caes. b. g. 7, 73, 2; absidium in duas partes exercitum, Caes. b. c. 3, 73, 2; Abscidit iugulo pectus, Ov. M. 12, 362; caput abscidium (so best mss, Or. abscessum), Hor. s. 2, 3, 303; rupes, Liv. 32, 5, 12; saxum, 32, 4, 5; add 25, 30, 4; **2.** met., alia (spe) abscesa, Liv. 4, 10, 4; 35, 45, 6; res, 35, 32, 6; omnium rerum respectum praeterquam uictoria nobis abscidamus, 9, 23, 12; **11** abs. abscedit part. as adj. short, decisive, summary, castigations genus, Val. M. 2, 7, 13; sententia, 6, 3, 10; abscedit iustitia, 6, 5, ext. 4; **4.** absceise adv., summarily, 3, 7, ext. 6; Call. dig. 50, 6, 6 (5), 2.

**abs-scindo**, ēre scidi scissus, vb. tear away, tunicam eius a pectore abscidit, ut cicatrice populus Romanus indiesque adsperiet, Cie. Verr. 2, 5, 3; Hic plantas tenero abscedens de corpore matrum, Verg. G. 2, 23; Flautiens abscessa comas—having torn away, Verg. 4, 590; add 3, 418; Nequiquam deus abscidit... Oceano... terras, Hor. od. 1, 3, 21; et terras abscedit undas, Or. M. 1, 22; se abscessurum tot miseriarum causam (sc. uirilia sua), Petron. 108; cf. Aug. C.D. 7 f.; **2.** met. Haec et quae poterunt reditus abscondere dulces... excreta, Hor. epod. 16, 35; et inane abscondere soldo, Hor. s. 1, 2, 113; Abscidit nostrae multum sors inuida laudis, Luc. 4, 503.

**absceise**, see abs-cido.

**abs-cisio**, ōnis f. cutting off, as in fig. apostrophe, Corn. 4, 53 and 54; **2.** uocis, loss of voice, Scrib. comp. 100; **3.**=aphaeresis, Prisc. 1, 302, 17 K.

**abscondite**, see abscondo.

**absconditor**, ōris m. hider, concealer, Firm. math. 5, 15; Tert. Marc. 4, 25.

**abs-condo**, ēre didi or di ditus, vb. stow away, hide, Quid faciam? In late-bras abscondas... tuam stultitiam, Pl. Cist. 1, 1, 65; abscondidi, Merc. 2, 3, 26; add Aul. 1, 1, 24; quo studiosius absconditur, eo magis eminet, Cie. Rose. Am. 121; gladii absconditi, Cie. Phil. 2, 108; fugam, Verg. 4, 337; cadauera humo, Verg. G. 3, 558; refugium abscondendi causa seruo praestare, Ulp. dig. 11, 3, 1, 2; **2.** in sailing, lose sight of (by intervening land etc.), Phaenacum abscondimus arcem, Verg. 3, 291; Sicannum quaerit, cum nequum abscondit Idem, Claud. rapt. Pr. 3, 140; and met. in mari (at Vergilius) terrae recedunt, sic in hoc cursu rapidissimi temporis, primum pueritiam abscondimus, deinde..., Sen. ep. 70, 2; **3.** abscondi as vb. rell. hide oneself, bury itself, get buried, reliquas (gemmas) quae in terram absconduntur, Colum. arb. 7, 3; **4.** of setting stars, Atlantes absconduntur, Verg. G. 1, 221; **5.** abscondi as perf. for abscondidi, Hic in tenebris intus sese abscondit (so mss, Quich. ej. abscondidi, marking tenebris!) Caecil. ap. Non. 75, 21; Perii, non puella est. Numquid abscondisti inter uates, Pomp. ib.; **6.** part. or adj. absconditus, hidden, secret, insidiae, Cie. Cat. 3, 3; gladii, Cie. Phil. 2, 108; flamma,

Lucr. 1, 904; **7.** abscondite adv. Cie. fin. 3, 2; inv. 2, 69; **8.** absconsus as part. Firm. Math. 3, 8 and absconsc as adv. 2, 2; Hyg. 184. Compare

**absconscor** for absconditor, id. 3, 8.

**absce-tus**, part. of a lost vb. absceco, cut away, separate, cod. Inst. 5, 12, 34.

**absceg-nim**, inis n. [s. above] a piece cut off, a cut, carnis, ap. Fest. v. pœnitam, 2426, 25 M.

**absens** (aps.), entis part. as adj. [absum], absent, Ne male loquere apertum (so mss) amico, Pl. Tr. 4, 2, 81; et praecens tunc propedem, et dum abers absens loquar, Cie. off. 3 f.; **2.** absente abl. sing. w. pl. noun, Nescio quid profecto absente nobis turbatistum domi, Ter. Eun. 4, 3, 7; adeste: si hac absente nobis nenitit (so H) puer, Afran. ap. Non. 76, 18; s. praesens for like use.

**absentia**, ae, f. absence, Cie. Pis. 37; Ant. ap. Cie. Att. 14, 13 A 1; Quint. 4, 2, 70; 5, 7, 1; Ulp. dig. 4, 1, 1.

**absentius**, adj. absent, ne a. morae uobis essem, Petr. 33.

**absento**, āre, vb. [absens] cause to be absent, Theod. cod. 12, 1, 84; Claud. rapt. Pr. 3, 213; **2.** be absent, Siden. 9, 13 f.

**absidia** ? ae, f. = absis, Paulin. Nol. ep. 12, 17.

**absidiātus** ? quasi-part. provided with a recess, porticus, P. Vict. Rom. 4.

**ab-silio** (aps.), ire, vb. [salio] run or rush off from, Aut procul aspilietat ut acrem exierit odorem, Lucr. 6, 1217; nidos, Stat. Th. 6, 98.

**ab-similia**, e, adj. unlike, bitumini, Colum. 6, 17, 2; suille (rostris), Plin. 8, 121; Tiberio, Suet. Oth. 1; magistro, Suet. Dom. 10.

**absinthium** (absentatum), quasi-part. flavoured with wormwood, poculum, Sen. suas. 6, 16, p. 33 B; **2.** n. as sb. (absentatum) worm-wind wine, Pall. 3, 32; condito piscinas temperauit absentato (so Salm. and Peter) Lanpr. Hel. 21, 6.

**absinthites** (aps.), ae, m. wormwood wine, Colum. 12, 35, 1; apsinthites, Plin. 14, 109.

**absinthium** (aps. = *αψινθιον*), better apsentium, ii, wormwood, Set ubi apsentium (so mss.) fit atque cūilla (in spite of *κοψινη*) galinacea, Pl. Tr. 4, 2, 90; apsinthi Pontici, Cato r. 159 (160); Sed neliuti pueris absinthia taetra medentes Cum dare conantur, Lucr. 1, 936; Plin. 27, 45 etc.; **2.** a sea-plant, nascitur et in mari aps., quod scriphum uocant, Plin. 32, 100; **3.** wormwood-wine, edict. Diocl. p. 18; **4.** met. nemum ne parum hic liber mellis, et absinthii multum habere uideatur, Quint. 3, 1, 5.

**absinthius**, ii, m. the same, absinthium grauem, Varr. ap. Non. 190, 28.

**absis** (aps. or laps. = *ἀψις*, Ion. *ἀψις*), Idis, f. lit. an arch or curve—cubiculum in hapsida curuatum, quod am-bulus solis fenestris omnibus sequitur, Plin. 2, 17, 8; **2.** esp. the turning part or arse of a planet's course, Plin. 2, 63 and 64; 2, 72; **3.** commissurae apsidum, nodes of same, Plin. 2, 79; **4.** an apse or curved recess in a church, August. ep. 203; Paul. Nol. ep. 12;

**5.** a curved bowl, absidibus argenteis, Ulp. dig. 34, 2, 19, 6; Paul. 34, 2, 32, 1; **6.** but in Plin. 36, 77 read w. mss and add. apsidem.

**ab-sisto**, ēre, stiti, vb. depart from, leave, ab signis legionibusque, Caes. b. g. 5, 17, 2; lueo, Verg. 6, 259; lūmine 7, 610; ab ore scintillae, 12, 102; and absol. 9, 355; uestigis hostium, Liv. 27, 42, 17; sidus Veneris a sole nunquam absistens partibus XLVI longius, Plin. 2, 38; **2.** desist, bello, Hor. s. 1, 3, 104; obsidione, Liv. 9, 15, 3; incepto, 25, 5, 6; 31, 26, 5; spe, 24, 20, 15 abandoning the hope; **3.** w. abl. of gerund. precando, Verg. 8, 403; sequendo, Liv. 29, 33, 8; **4.** w. inf., desist from, cease to..., imperare, Liv. 7, 25, 5; petere, 32, 35, 7; bene facere, 36, 35, 4; moneri, Verg. 6, 399; 11, 408; **5.** absol., Verg. 1, 196; Tac. an. 2, 31; **6.** pass. impers., Liv. 21, 6, 5; **7.** abstittit in Pl. Truc. 2, 6, 32 is but a cf.; in Mil. 2, 2, 46 read abstittit.

**ab-situs**, part. situated at a distance, Paul. Nol. nat. XIII S. Fel.

**ab-sôcër**, *eri*, m. gt. grandfather of a wife or husband, Capitol. Gord. 3.

**ab-sôlescô**, *ere*, vb. pass out of use, Tert. exhort. cast. 6.

**ab-soluo** (ap-s), *êre* ui *ûtus*, vb. set loose or free from, let go off; phys., Spartianum canem retinere dispositus ante tempus absoluit. Amm. 29, 3, 3; magister claustrum reserat, unde absolutus stilus saxum contorquet, 23, 3, 6; Corpora deripiat ualidoque absoluerit arcan, Lucil. Aetn. 347; absolutus nictulis, Prud. Roman. 1110; ualnas stabuli absolue, Apul. M. 1, 15; 2. met. set free from, relieve of, cura, Sal. h. or. Maeri; suspiciōe consulem, Liv. 2, 8, 1; 3. esp. in law, acquit, sei absoluerē uolent sine condemnare licet, CIL 603, 15; hunc hominem Veneri absoluit, sibi condemnat, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 22; de praeuacuatione, Cic. Q. Fr. 2, 16, 3; iniuriarum cum, Cornif. ad Her. 2, 19; His (sc. lapillis) damnare reos, illis absoluerē culpae, Ov. M. 15, 42; rei facti egregie absoluntur, Liv. 9, 26, 20; 4. hence A for absoluo in jury tablets, as on a denarius CIL 477; Q. Cassius Vest. A. C. libert.; 5. but in CIL 198, 55 and 56, is ex hae lege...absolutus erit, shall be free from the action of this law, not bound by it; 6. set (a person) at liberty (for other matters by some act or words), Omnino ut te absolutum, nullam pietatem conspicio hic nauem, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 153; Quaeuo absoluito hinc me extemplo quando satis deluseri, Amph. 5, 1, 45; Nusquam equidem quicquam deliqui: hoc primum te absoluo pater, Men. 5, 2, 30; 7. esp. by payment of a debt, te absoluum, qua aduenisti gratia. Argentum accipias, Pl. Cure. 3, 84; te absoluum breui; argenti... Ep. 3, 4, 30; add 5, 1, 25 etc.; ego ad forum ibo ut hunc absoluum, Ter. Ad. 2, 4, 13; add 18; creditorem, Ulp. dig. 22, 1, 37; 8. w. abstr. acc., bring (a business) to an end, get rid of (it), finish off, dispose of, Uno ut labore absoluat aeternitas duas, Pl. Amph. 1, 2, 26; ut nemo pictor esset inuentus, qui...eam partem quam Apelles incohatam reliquisset, absolueret, Cic. off. 3, 10; incohatum absoluerē; and so on; Quid est quod ab ea absolui et perfici debeat, Cic. fin. 4, 34; 9. esp. of writing, neque tam facile interrupta contexto, quam absoluo instituta, Cic. leg. 1, 9; Paucis absolui ne moraret diutius, Pauc. av. Diom. 400, 26 K; de Catiline conuersione paucis absoluum, Sal. Cat. 3, 4; add 38, 3; Iug. 17, 7; 10. lay down as a fact, a Zancleusibus Metaurum locatum Boechus absoluit, Solin. 2, 11; 11. absolutus, as adj. fini-hed, perfect, absolute, similitudo, absolutissima \* et perfectissima argumentatio, Cornif. ad Her. 2, 28; Plin. 9, 10; nigritia, 10, 56; herosa absolutissimi operis, 35, 74; librum omnibus numeris absolutum, Plin. ep. 9, 38; actio absolutissima \*, 1, 20, 10; meditationes non omnibus numeris absolutae, Quint. 10, 1, 70; but absolutus os, 1, 1, 37, more free from impediment of speech; 12. complete in itself, needing no adjunct, quasdam cum adiunctione necessitudo, quasdam simplices et absolutas, Cic. inv. 2, 171; opposed to assumptum, 1, 15; add 1, 17; part. 94; Prisc. 62, 5 K; 13. free from conditions, unconditional, absolute, donatio, Paul. dig. 39, 6, 35, 2; 14. gen. free from, loca...nebularum noctibus absoluta, Pall. 1, 3, tempestatibus, 4, 12, 2; 15. in gram. without case, absolute, verbum absq.: quid moror? Prisc. 1, 389, 18 K; hence of intrans. vbs. as caleo, curro, Diom. 342, 32 K; 16. of adj. positive, utimur comparatiuis pro absolutis, Quint. 9, 3, 19; add Prisc. 2, 141, 14 K; 17. for comp. and sup. see \* above; 18. absolute, adv., absolutely, completely, perfectly, Cic. Tusc. 5, 53 etc.; Corn. 1, 17; absolutus, Maer. somm. 2, 15, 16; 19. E. assol.

**absolūtio**, *ōnis*, f. acquittal, virginum, Cic. Cat. 3, 9; add Clu. 74; maiestatis, under a charge of laesa maiestas, Cic. fam. 3, 11, 1; 2. in pl., Suet. Vesp. 16; 3. in legal 1. also a release, Paul. dig. 38, 1, 37, 6; add Modest. 36, 4, 1; 4. perfection, completeness, rationis, Cic. fin. 5, 38; add or. 1, 130; inv. 1, 32; animi aut corporis, 2, 30; 5. 38.

**absolūtōr-ius**, adj. of acquittal or release, Gai. 4, 114; Suet. Aug. 33; 2. absolutorium as sb. n. a remedy, mali, Plin. 28, 63.

**absōnans**, *tis*, part. [implies a vb. ab-sonō], not harmonizing, usus, Justin. inst. 2, 25.

**absōne**, see

**ab-sōnus**, adj. discordant, out of harmony or tune, harsh, nox, Cic. or. 3, 41; uoce absōni, 1, 115; absōni a uoce motus, Liv. 7, 2, 5; elamor, Apul. M. 1, 17;

2. met., tecta, Lucr. 4, 517 out of symmetry; fidei diuinae originis, inconsistent with, Liv. 1, 15, 6; add Hor. ep. 2, 3, 112; II absōne, adv. out of harmony, Apul. mag.; 2. met. absurdly, Gell. 15, 25, 1.

**ab-sorbeo** (aps.), *êre*, but (rarely psi), ptus, vb. [perh. ab=S. aua down], suck down, si frustulenta (aqua), da... absorbam (Fleck., ops.), Pl. Cure. 2, 3, 34; ut deciens solidum absorberet (al. obs.) aecto Diluit...baram, Hor. s. 2, 3, 240; uniones conuius absorbeodis dedit, Plin. 9, 122; Liquefactum absorbit, 121 (al. obs.); add Maer. s. 2, 13; placentas, Hor. s. 2, 8, 24 (al. obs.); 2. suck up, humorem siccitas, Curt. 7, 5, 5; 3. met. of the sea, suck away, swallow up, sweep off (as water does), oceanus uix uidetur tot res tam cito absorbere potuisse, Cic. Phil. 2, 67; quicquid ingerebatur absorbere mare, Curt. 4, 2, 23; 3. and met. fm. this, Atque accurrem ea (sc. meretrix) uiros (so ej., xss aestuosae) absorbet, ubi quemeque attingit, Pl. Bac. 3, 3, 67; aestus consuetudinis, Cic. leg. 2, 9; aestus gloriae, Cic. Brut. 282; amoris aestus, Cat. 68, 107; (tribunatus) quodammodo absorbet orationem meam, Cic. Sest. 13; absorpsit...rupes (of a flood), Luc. 4, 100.

**absorptio** ? a dub. read. in Suet. Ner. 27.

**abspello**, see aspello.

**absquē** (apsque) [for absquam?; cf. Fr. puisque from posquam], as conj. apart from the fact that, unless, if not, Quam fortunatus ceteris sum rebus, absque una hae (sc. uxor, not res as some say) foret, Ter. Hec. 4, 2, 25 (wh. Don. notes the other reading hae, adopted gen. by editors); 2. with a constr. between a conj. and prep., an abl. superseding the nom., if it had not been for, but for... Nam absque te esset, ego illum haberem rectum ad ingenium bonum, Pl. Bac. 3, 3, 8; nam hercle absque me Foret et me praesidio, hie faceret te prostribulum propemdem, Pers. 5, 2, 55; Quod apsque hoc esset...suis me ductarent dolus, Capt. 3, 5, 96; add Tr. 5, 3; Men. 5, 7, 33; text in Tr. 4, 1, 13 doubtful; Nam absque eo esset Recte ego mihi uidissem, Ter. Ph. 1, 4, 11;—this only in old comedy; II 3. in late writers as a mere prep. w. abl. apart from, without, an impetu raptus sit et absque sententia, Quint. 7, 2, 44; absque praediuidio, Gell. 2, 2, 7; absque noxa nostri, Apul. M. 9, 25; absque omnibus profanis, mag. 55; cum absque hac (sc. uirtute) ex aliis prosperis non possit felicitas inueniri, dogm. 2, 33; absque praepotio comitis, Cod. 10, 72, 1; a. litteris meis, Symm. ep. 5, 31; 4. except, eundem esse uersum a. paucis syllabis, Gell. 13, 19 (18); 4. pontifices a. paucis annuerunt, Symm. ep. 2, 36; phoenix. postera parte purpurea a. cauda, Sol. p. 167, 18 Momm.; but references to Pl. Most. 3, 2, 78; Cic. inv. 1, 36; Cic. Att. 1, 19 (see Boot) are errors; Luc. 6, 152 sup.

**abstantia**, ae, f. distance, Virg. 9, 4, 11 Rose.

**abstēm-ius**, adj. [abstin-eo? for change of n. cf. humo=χθον-; some fm. an assumed temum=μεθυ-] abstemius, sororem siccam atque abstemiam, Lucil. ap. Non. 68, 23; mulieres, Varr. ib.; in medio positum abstēmīus herilis Viuis et tritici, Hor. ep. 1, 12, 7; Vina fugit gaudetque mevis abstemius andis, Ov. M. 15, 323; uini abstemius, Plin. 22, 115; Vini cibique abstemius, Aus. prof. 4, 20; 2. miserly,=φειλοχρηματος, culpabilium uiuorum...sequens (forma) abstemiorum, Apul. dogm. 15, 1; parcus atque abst., Apul. ap. Non. 68, 20; 3. fasting, Aus. pr. id. 11.

**abs-tergeo**, *êre* rsi rsus, vb. wipe away, absterge sudorem tibi, Pl. Merc. 1, 16 (Lamb.); fletum, Cic. Phil. 14, 34; Euerrite aedes abstergete araneas, Titin. ap. Non. 192, 10; pituitum (arboris), Plin. 17, 252; 2. met. labellum, Pl. As. 4, 1, 52; remos, Curt. 9, 9, 16; 3. by a bolder met., Vt mi abstergerem omnem sordiditatem, Pl. Poen. 5, 2, 10; dolorem, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 10 f.; metum, Cic. fam. 9,

10, 9; molestias, Cic. sen. 2; abstergeri (so V. a. d.) fastidia, Plin. 26, 41; II 4; clean by wiping, wipe, w. acc. of thing cleansed, peniculis, qui abstergerem noluerat, Ter. Eun. 4, 7, 9; abstergis amiculo oculis, Curt. 6, 9, 33.

**abs-tergo?** there seems no authority for.

**abs-terreo** (aps.), ere ui, itus, vb. frighten away, de frumento anseres, Pl. Truc. 2, 1, 40; illos a me, Men. 5, 2, 81; patrem...Ne introiret aedis, Most. 2, 1, 74; Chremetum, Ter. Andr. 3, 1, 14; Parasitos amoui, lenonem aedibus absterrui, Titin. ap. Non. 95, 1; neminem a congressu meo ianitor...absterrui, Cic. Plane. 66; but in Verr. 2, 2, 142 absterrui; canem a coriis, Hor. s. 2, 5, 83; animos...nituis, 1, 4, 129; ab urbe oppugnanda Poenum, Liv. 23, 1 f. 2. met. in Lucr. 4, 1004; 5, 840.

**abstinax**, acis, adj. abstinent, Petr. 42; Symm. 1, 47. **abs-tineo** (aps.), ere, ni tentus [teneo], keep away, keep off, as vb. trans. w. acc., esp. manum or refl. pron., potin ut abstineas manum? Pl. Amph. 3, 2, 22; add Cas. 2, 3, 13; a me ut abstineat manum, Amph. 1, 1, 184; qui non abstineas manum, Ter. Hant. 3, 3, 4; nostra tui, ab alienis mentes oculos manus abstine, Cic. or. 1, 194; uix a se manus abstinuit, Cic. Tusc. 4, 79; add Vat. 10; a quibus ne tu quidem iam te abstinebis—abstain, Cic. ac. pr. 2, 55; Abstineas animas, Mors precor atia, manus, Tib. 1, 3, 4; a cetera praeda Fabius militum abstinuit, Liv. 4, 59, 8; add 9, 5, 6; 7, 27, 7; 42, 26, 6; a duobus Aenea Antiochore... (so Flor. 2 m.; Madv. gives a dat. but?) omne ius belli Achilios abstinuisse, Liv. 1, 1, 1; 2. w. abl. first of things, urbanis rebus te abstines, Pl. Cas. 1, 13, quod manu non quent tangere tantum fas habent quo manus abstineant, Tr. 2, 2, 12; nullo dedecore se abstineant, Cic. fin. 3, 38; ego qui me ostreis et mureanis facile abstinebam, Cic. fam. 7, 26, 2; quamquam Romano bello fortuna eum abstinuit, Liv. 8, 24, 18; 3. w. abl. of persons (referring to the person), Dum tete apstineas nuptia uirgine, Pl. Curc. 1, 1, 37; potin ut me apstineas manum? Rud. 2, 4, 11; Set quasi lippo oculo me erus meus manum abstineat han qui tamen, Pers. 1, 1, 11; add Poen. 1, 2, 70; sese illa abstineat ut potuerit, Ter. Hee. 1, 2, 64; Non tamen ideo ferrum Triopius illa Abstinuit, Ov. M. 8, 752; abstinuit uim uxore et nato, Hor. s. 2, 3, 202; 4. absol. w. acc. of the evil to be avoided, keep off, keep at a distance, abstine sermonem de istis rebus, Pl. Most. 4, 2, 10; and in pass.: Mille modis amor... abstinebat, Tr. 2, 1, 30; Gemitus screantis tussis risus abstine, Ter. Hant. 2, 3, 132; si se inber abstineat, Pall. 3, 24, 5; 5. as vb. intr. (see understand), keep away from, abstain, quid olet? abstines? Pl. Men. 1, 2, 55; te scio Facile abstineat posse si nihil obuiamst, Aul. 2, 5, 19; Apstine maledictis, Rud. 4, 4, 64; Si abstinuissem a mare, Mil. 4, 7, 25; ne a (al. om. a) mulieribus quidem atque infantibus abstineant, Caes. b. g. 7, 47, 5; proelio abstinebat, 1, 22; Abstinet et caelo, Ov. M. 10, 532; a fortibus abstinet apris, 10, 539; 6. esse cibo or absol., keep from food, bos cibo abstinebans, Colum. 6, 7, 8; add S. 5, 15 and 23; abstineri debent, S. 5, 17; abstineri debet, Cels. 2, 12, p. 57, 21 Dar.; nrendus, secundus, abstinebans est, Sen. ep. 75, 7; 7. spare, principis artibus, Tac. an. 13, 14; cf. also Caes. b. g. 7, 47, 5 of § 5; 8. w. inf., keep from, dum mi apstineat inuicere, Pl. Cure. 1, 3, 21; Turpeias ille abstinebisset ad arees, Sil. 12, 441; praefari non abstineat, Suet. Tib. 23; 9. in law, se ab hereditate, Gai. 2, 158; and absol., abstineo pupillum, Scaev. dig. 26, 8, 21; sine exitiorum heredes sine sese abstineant, Ulp. 11, 7, 6; si prius minor adit hereditatem, mox abtentus\* est, 4, 4, 7, 10; 10. in eccles. exclude from the church, excommunicate, Cyp. ep. 39; 11. w. quin, ne, quominus, aegre abstineat quin attingas, non queas, Pl. Bac. 4, 8, 74; abstinent qui castra oppugnant, Liv. 2, 45, 10; consules se abstinebant ne maiestatem suam contumeliae offerrent, 3, 11, 5; quo minus scriberent, Suet. Gram. 3; 12. w. gen., abstineo...irarum calidiaeque rixae, Hor. od. 3, 27, 69; 13. keep away from, keep clear of, escape, abstinebat censione bubula, Pl. Aul. 1, 1, 15; id si adhibere, culpa (so mss.) abstineam, Men. 5, 6, 20; Et

illi quoque haut abstinent saepe culpa, 5, 2, 18; 14. pass. impers., ut ab inermi abstinatur, Liv. 5, 21, 13; ut sacro auro abstinetur, 5, 50, 7; II 4. abstinentis part. as adj., keeping aloof from what is wrong, capable of self-control, abstinent, temperate, esse abstinentem, continere cupiditates, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 32; non solum manus sed etiam oculos abstinentes habere, Cic. off. 1, 144; abstinentis Ducentis ad se euncta pecuniae, Hor. od. 4, 9, 37; add 3, 7, 18; 5. comp. Anson, gr. act. 28; 6. sup., somni et uini, Colum. 11, 1, 13; robur ueneris, 12, 4, 3; alieni, Plin. ep. 6, 8, 5; 7. adv. abstineret, Cic. Sest. 37; comp. Aug. Manich. 2, 13.

**ab-sto**, are, vb. stand away or at a distance, Hor. ep. 2, 3, 361.

**abstractio**, iōnis, f. [abstrahio], dragging away, Diet. Cret. 1, 4.

**abs-trāho** (aps.), ere, xi, ctus, vb. drag away, Atque illam abstrahat, trans mare bine nenum asportet, Pl. Merc. 2, 3, 19; Apstraxitque (so B) hominem, Men. pr. 66; Quis igitur cum ab illa abstraxit nisi ego? Ter. Andr. 3, 2, 39; add Ad. 5, 3, 57; e sinu patriae, Cic. Cael. 59; de matris complexu (not 'conspicui'), Cic. Font. 46; liberos in seruitutem, Caes. b. g. 7, 14, 10; add 3, 2, 5; Germanicum suetis legionibus, Tac. an. 2, 5; 2. of other than man, boues, Verg. 8, 263; armenta, Stat. Ach. 1, 153; 3. met., ut cum uis quaedam abstraxisse a sensu mentis uideretur, Cic. div. 1, 80; add Arch. 12; a bono in prauium, Sal. lug. 29, 2; 4. part. abstractus, as adj., abstract, as opposed to concrete, Isid. orig. 2, 24.

**abs-trūdō** (aps.), ere, si, sus or ssus (so Fleck. Cure. 5, 2, 8), vb. thrust away or out of sight, hide, Se aulam onustam auri abstrusisse hic intus in fano fides, Pl. Aul. 4, 2, 10; add 3, 6, 41 etc.; mane me in silium abstrusi densam, Cic. Att. 12, 15, 1; tectum inter et laquearia tres senatores...sese abstrudunt, Tac. an. 4, 60; 2. met. verbum etiam adde unum, iam in cerebro colapas apstrudum tuo, Pl. Rud. 4, 3, 68; (natura) in profundo ueritatem...abstruserit, Cic. ac. pr. 32; tristitiam, Tac. an. 3, 6; metum, 15, 5 f.; 3. abstrusus part. as adj., recondite, disputatio paulo abstrusus, Cic. ac. pr. 2, 30; rerum ratio, Claud. Mall. Theod. 148; 4. reserved, abstrusus et tristissima quaeque occultantem Tiberium, Tac. an. 1, 24; 5. esse in abstruso, be hidden, Amm. 17, 7, 10; but for Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 129 A has: in occulto sita est; 6. comp. adv. Amm. 28, 1, 49.

**ab-struo**, ere? hide, in Tert. Marc. 4, 27 and de Praeser. either an error for or compressed from abstrudo.

**abstrūsio**, ōnis, f. a thrusting away, burying, seminis, Arn. 5, 37.

**abs-tūlo**, ere? vb. [cf. attūlo], carry away, aullas ab-stulas, Pl. Rud. ap. Diom. 819, 19 K.

**abstuetudo**, ad ab ej. in Apul. mag. 69, wh. mss assume of no meaning.

**ab-sum**, ab-esse, ab-sens (apsens), a-fui, a-futūrus, a-fōre (never ab before f in inscriptions or good mss. Latin), ab-Hor. s. 1, 4, 101; Schneider ad Caes. b. g. 1, 36, 5; Orell. Cic. fam. 12, 15, 7; Wagner Verg. 7, 498; cf. inser. Grut. 1081, 1; Orell. 435S and 6085; vb. irreg. be away or from, be distant or absent, opposed to adsum, ita ut fit, domini ubi absunt, Ter. Eun. 3, 5, 53; 2. gen. w. ab, num ab domo absunt? Pl. Ep. 5, 2, 16; ab er questione, Ter. 4, 3, 5; ab iustis, Afran. 242 R; and always w. pers., ego te affuisse tamdiu a nobis dolui, Cic. fam. 2, 1, 2; but by a poet's licence, Et poteras nuptia lentius abesse tua, Ov. rem. an. 773; 3. at times w. abl. alone, et domo absunt et foro, Cic. fam. 4, 6, 2; 4. ex suspicious in: nunquam ex urbe is afuit nisi sorte...Cic. Plane. 67; 5. w. dat. of pers., be wanting (to one), quid huius abesse poterit de maximarum rerum scientia? Cic. or. 1, 11; donec uirenti cunietas abest, Hor. od. 1, 9, 17; hoc unum illi, si nihil utilitatis habebat, afuit; si opus erat, defuit, Cic. Brut. 276—wh. note difference between afuit and defuit. 6. yet at times, by absence, fail to aid (opp. to adesse), mirari desinat me qui Autronio afuerim, Sullam defendere, Cic. Sull. 15; ne longe tibi Iuppiter absit, Ov. M. 4, 640; cf. Verg. 2, 620; 7. in Suet. Tib. 38; praeterquam in opp-da uicina nusquam



afuit, he went away nowhere..., is an anticipation of the Span. *yo fuij*, I went; **8.** amount of distention variously expressed as first by acc., *edixit ab urbe abesset milia passuum ducenta*, Cic. *Sest.* 12; **9.** by abl. *bidui spatio abest ab eo*, Cic. *fam.* 10, 17, 1; **10.** by a gen. (liter or spatio understood) *castra a quibus aberam liddi*, Cic. *Att.* 5, 17, 1; **11.** often by adverbs, *haud multum*, Ter. *Haut.* 4, 2, 1; *procul*, Cic. *fam.* 3, 5, 4; *longe*, Cic. *ac.* 1, 36; *longe gentium*, Cic. *Att.* 6, 3, 1; *tu quoniam spatio abes*—are at a less distance, 1, 1, 2; *paulum* (but not *parum*), Suet. *Ner.* 28; **12.** esp. by tantum, *id tantum abest ab officio ut nihil magis officio possit esse contrarium*, Cic. *off.* 1, 43, wh. the ut clause gives the measure of tantum; **13.** often another ut clause is the subject of abest, *ego uero istos tantum abest ut ornem, ut effici non possit quin eos oderim*—so completely is my complimenting them out of the question that..., or: so far from complimenting them, I cannot but..., Cic. *Phil.* 11, 14; *tantum abest ut enervetur oratio compositione verborum ut aliter in ea nec impetus ullus nec uis esse possit*, Cic. *or.* 229; **14.** in the ut clause which defines the tantum quoque etiam contra may be added; *potius* is no longer read in bell. *Alex.* 22; **15.** at times an indie. supplants the ut clause of tantum: *tantum abest ut se indicet, perficit etiam...*, Cic. *fin.* 2, 17; so also *tenebamus*, Cic. *Brut.* 80; *confeuerunt*, Cic. *Att.* 13, 21, 5; **16.** instead of ut and subj. as subject to abest, this vb. is used impers. with ab eo ut, *tantum abest ab eo ut malum mors sit, ut uerare ne...*, Cic. *Tusc.* 1, 31; **17.** a personal use of absum has only the doubtful authority of B. *Alex.* 22: *militis nostri tantum afuerunt ut perturbarentur ut...*; **18.** after a neg. in this construction, quin follows, *aberit non longe quin hoc a me deerni uelit*, Cic. *Att.* 9, 9, 3; *haud multum afuit quin ab exulibus interficeretur*, Liv. 42, 44, 2; *nihil afoere erudent* Quin..., Verg. *S.* 147; **19.** so also with paulum, *paulum afuit quin Varum interficeret*, Caes. *B. c.* 2, 35, 2; **20.** absit, be it absent, heaven avert it, heaven forbid that, *Pauperies immunda procul, auert absit*, Hor. *ep.* 2, 2, 199; *absit uerbo inuidia*, Liv. *9, 19, f.* 36, 7, 7; **21.** in late writers, the same impers. w. ut and subj. or even inf., *absit ut Milonem deseram*, Apul. *M.* 2, 3; *absit ut cum marito meo coaqueris*, S. 12; *absit te ista quaerere*, Sulp. *Sev. dial.* 1, 2; **22.** absente nobis s. absens and cf. praesente uter praesens; **23.** a gen. absentum, Plaut. *St.* 1, 1, 4.

**absum-ēdo**, (aps.) mis, f. utter consumption, *Quanta summi apsumedo, quanta callo calamitas*, Pl. *Capt.* 4, 2, 124.

**ab-sūmo**, (aps.) ēre, psi, ptus, consume utterly, spend entirely, use up, *iam ista quidem assumpta res erit; dies noctisque estur bibitur*, Pl. *Most.* 1, 3, 78; *argumentum*, 5, 19; *Philippicos*, Poen. 3, 4, 5; *pitissando modo mihi quid uni assumpsit!* Ter. *Haut.* 3, 1, 49; in uno scorto maiorem pecuniam assumpsisti (al. abins.), P. African. ap. Gell. 6 (7), 11, 9; *dicendi tempus*, Cic. *Quinct.* 34; *luminia in flatus*, Cat. 64, 242; **2.** hence destroy, corpus clade, Cic. *poet.* Tusc. 2, 20; *plures ferro quam fame assumpti*, Liv. 22, 39, 14; *me priuam absumite ferro*, Verg. *9, 494*;

**3.** met. use up, finish, dispose of, assumpti sumus, *Pater inquam tuus uenit*, Pl. *Most.* 2, 1, 18; *add Amph.* 5, 1, 6; *Mil.* 2, 4, 55; *Epid.* 1, 1, 76; *ille et cura et sumpta assumitur*, Ter. *Ph.* 2, 2, 26.

**assumptio**, mis, f. [absumo] consumption, res quae in assumptione sunt, Ulp. *dig.* 7, 5, 1.

**absurdē**, see absurdus.

**absurdia**, ae, f. absurdity, Claud. *Mam. stat. anim.* 3, 11.

**ab-surdus**, adj. unmusical, harsh, grating, uox absona atque absurda, Cic. *or.* 3, 41; *absurdior sono (ranarum)*, Cic. *poet. div.* 1, 15; **2.** met. incongruous, absurd, est hercle inepta ne dicam doct atque Absurda, Ter. *Ad.* 3, 3, 22; *Esti he mihi prauon ineptum absurdum ad quae alienum a uita me Videtur*, 5, 8, 21; *est hoc auribus (note the word) animaeque omnium absurdum*, Cic. *Rosc.* com. 19; *add ac. pr.* 132; *p. Sulla* 57; **3.** homo a., a man ill fitted for a pursuit, *non plane abhorrebit (from oratory) et erit*

absurdus ut se ad aliu studium transferat admonebo, Cic. *or.* 2, 85; *add ingenium eius haud absurdum; posse uersus facere...*, Sal. *Cat.* 25, 5; **4.** comp. Cic. *fin.* 2, 40; *Phil.* 8, 4; *sup. Cic. Att.* 7, 13 (6) n, 2; **5.** absurde, adv. first, out of tune, si absurde canat is qui se haberi uelit musicum, Cic. *Tusc.* 2, 12; **6.** met. Pl. *Capt.* 1, 1, 3; *Epid.* 3, 1, 6; Cic. *div.* 2, 119; *agr.* 2, 28; **7.** comp. *Julian.* *dig.* 9, 2, 51, 2; *sup. Aug. trin.* 4, f.

**ab-torque**, ēre, vb. turn away, Abtorque proram (so H. etc.), Acc. ap. Non. 200, 38.

**abundantia**, ae, f. abundant flow; *lactis*, Plin. 24, 168; *sanguinis*, 27, 32; *palustris*, Vitr. 5, 9, 6; *add Plin. pan.* 30; **2.** of other than liquids, abundant supply, abundance, omnium rerum, Cic. *am.* 87; *oti*, Cic. *fam.* 7, 1, 6; *pecuniae*, Plin. 33, 138; **3.** abund. *Prisc.* 2, 374, 9 (wh. mss. hab.).

**abundatio**, mis, f. overflow, fossae, Plin. 3, 121.

**abundē**, s. abundus.

**abundo**, (habundo), are, vb. [ab undo; but see § 16 and abundus:] run over (as liqui), overflow, meretricem ego item esse reor mare ut est, quod des deorat, nunquam abundat (so B; CD habundat), Pl. *Truc.* 2, 7, 18; *Ripisque* (Lamb. ej. ripasque) superat mihi atque abundat (so A, but BD habundat) pectus laetitia meum, St. 2, 1, 6 (7); *Apud abundantem antiquum animum et rapidas undas fuachi*, Acc. 297 R; *Flumina abundare ut faceret camposque natare*, Lucr. 6, 267; *quando aqua Albana abundasset*, Liv. 5, 15, 11; *Rursus abundabat* (hab. C) fluidus liquor, Verg. *G.* 3, 484; *Fertilis aestina Nilus abundet aqua*, Tib. 1, 7, 22; *ut humor ex insitione abundet*, Colum. *arb.* 8, 8; (aquam) quae ex laeu abundat, Front. *aq.* 94; *ternis fere milibus passum in omnem partem fons abundat*, Plin. 18, 188; *crure scena abundat*, Suet. *Gai.* 57 f.; *add Veg.* vet. 3, 4; *Scrib. comp.* 47; **2.** met. of non-liquids, but with some idea of flowing, ueste muliebri in sinu daecidis abundante, Apul. *M.* 7, 8, 1; **3.** more gen. be supplied in superabundance, ut abundans multitudo uix regi uideretur posse, Liv. 5, 34, 2; *is quod e sex populis abundabat...* exiuit, 5, 34, 5; **4.** be supplied in abundance, abundat *Herbarum genera*, Lucr. 5, 920; **5.** with abl. of what is so supplied; overflow (with), abound (in), amore, Ter. *Ph.* 1, 3, 11; *diutius*, Haut. 3, 2, 17; *fortunis*, the blessings of fortune, Acc. 685 R; *suauiitate*, Turp. 190; *uilla...abundat porco haedo...melle*, Cic. *sen.* 56; *praeprecipit* [philosophiae], Cic. *off.* 1, 1; *orationis copia*, Cic. *or.* 2, 151; *audacia*, Cic. *Clu.* 184; *ingenio*, Cic. *fam.* 4, 8, 1; *honoribus*, Cic. *fam.* 10, 10, 2; *consilio*, 10, 16, 2; *equitatu*, Caes. *B. g.* 7, 14; *omnium rerum copia*, B. c. 1, 49, 1; *apibus*, Verg. *G.* 4, 139; *caligine*, Ov. *M.* 2, 764; *uitis*, Quint. 10, 1, 29; *copia uerborum*, 2, 7, 4; **6.** w. gen. of same, *quarum et abundem rerum et quarum indigeamus*, Lucil. ap. Non. 498; see § 13; **7.** abund. overflow (w. money), *Caietam si quando abundare coepo ornabo*, Cic. *Att.* 1, 4, 3; *cum ne abundare debeam, eorum mutari*, 15, 15, 3; *add Phil.* 2, 66; *par.* 43; **8.** in Gramm. be redundant, abundare uidetur non, ps. Aesc. in *Verr.* 2, 1, 144; **9.** w. acc., overflow, pass beyond the limit of, exceed, ut non abundet mandati quantitate, *Nerat.* *dig.* 17, 1, 35; **10.** abundans as adj., flooded, ex umidis (s.c. locis) et abundantibus (habundantius, mss), Vitr. 5, 9, 6; **11.** overflowing, supplied in superabundance, oratio, Cic. *Brut.* 238; *pecunia*, Cic. *Quinct.* 40; **12.** overflowing (with), ingenio et doctrina, Cic. *or.* 1, 22; *abundantior consilio...quam Crassus*, Cic. *Pls.* 62; *sententiarum uarietate abundantissimus*, Cic. *or.* 2, 58; **13.** w. gen. lactis, Verg. *B.* 2, 20; *omnium rerum*, ps. Nep. *Eum.* 8, 5; *corporis*, Claud. *Eut.* 2, 380; **14.** ex abundanti, superfluously, redundantly, Quint. 8, 3, 88; 4, 5, 15;

**III. 15.** abundanter adv. overflowing, copiously, loqui, Cic. *or.* 2, 151; *abundantius*, Cic. *top.* 41; *Colum.* 8, 8; *abundantissime*, Suet. *Aug.* 74; **16.** the form habundo if authentic demands another etym. cf. abundus; hab. in ms A of Halm's *Quint.* 5, 6, 2, 9, 46.

**Abundus**, adj. [scarcely from abundo; perh. for ūb-undus, partic. of a lost vb. ūb-flow, pour, whence uber adj., uber sb.; = nm of um-or, um-esco; = nm of ūmor, ūn-esco; = ū of

**ab.** The aspirate of *ab* seen in hab-unda vb. (s. abundo), in hum-or, etc.; Prov. habundat, o. Fr. habonder, cf. old Eng. and Scotch habound. Ab-undus from unda would have meant without water.] flowing, overflowing, laucris abundis, Gell. 1, 2, 2; Fluxit abunda tuis aqua potibus atque laucris, Paulin. nat. xiii S. Fel. p. 734 Mur.; II. 2. abunde (note that this and the vb. abundo have far older authority than abundus; see too § 11.), overflowing, abundantly, in abundance, first w. vben., abunde semper usi magnum pondus auri argenteique, Sisen. 4 ap. Non. 516; de fato si adiuverimus, crit abunde satisfactum quaestioni, (Cic. div. 2, 3; parens abunde habemus, Sal. Ing. 102, 7; strenuis abunde dictum puto, 85 f.; cui... ualeto contingat abunde, Hor. ep. 1, 4, 10; superi fauisti abunde, Ov. M. 15, 759; a. sufficient, Quint. 10, 3, 27; 3. esp. as a predicate w. esse, in abundance, enough and more, quibus magna abunde omnia erant, Sal. Cat. 21, 1; hoc dixisse abunde est, Colum. 4, 19, 1; add 5, 3 f.; Cels. 1, 3, p. 16, 6, 31 Dar.; Plin. ep. 4, 30 f.; 5, 8, 7; 7, 2 f.; pan. 44, 7; 4. w. esse understood, abunde libertatem rati, quia..., Sal. or. Macri 26; abunde rati si... Tac. h. 2, 95; 5. w. adj., abunde magna praesidia, Sal. Ing. 14, 18; similes, Quint. 10, 1, 25; disertus, 11, 1, 30; elatum, 10, 1, 104; pulchrum, Plin. pr. 15; 6. w. adv., abunde satis, Hor. s. 1, 2, 59 and Quint. 12, 11, 19; bene, 12, 8 f.; 7. w. gen., terrorum et fraudis abundest, Verg. 7, 552; commeat, Sal. Cat. 58, 9; salis, Quint. 10, 1, 94; gloriae, Suet. lul. 86; 8. in Velletus=satis, fully, enough, spem conceptam uix in illo iusto opere abunde persequi poterimus, 2, 103, 4; neque post uictoriam abunde uituperari potest, 2, 17, 1; quis abunde mirari potest quod... 2, 16, 2; add 2, 116, 4; 9. *abduor* abunde abere, Gloss.; 10. for quantity of e no authority; 11. Possibly abunde formed from *abduor*, *θ* and *d* excrecent.

**Aburius**, a Roman gens, CIL 305, 306.

**abūsus**, ōnis, f. [abutor] use beyond the strict limit, as metaphor in words, = *καρῶν*, Cic. or. 94; Corn. 4, 45; Quint. 3, 3, 9; 8, 2, 5 etc.; Iulian. dig. 38, 16, 8; catachresis quam dicimus abusione non habentibus nomen suum accommodat quod in proximo est, sic: equum diuina Palladis arte adificat.

**abūsius**, adj. [abusus part.] incorrect, appellatio, pan. ad Const. 4; 2. abusive adv. incorrectly (in lang.), Quint. 8, 6, 35; 9, 2, 35; Ulp. dig. 10, 15, 40; abūsius incusso ariete, Aum. 24, 4, 19, clumsily.

**abūsor**, oris, m. [abutor] a spendthrift, Salv. gub. Dei, S. p. 296.

**ab-usquē**, better treated as two words.

**abūsus**, ūs, m. [abutor] using up, total consumption, usus non abusus legatus est, Cic. top. 17; 2. opp. to usus-fructus, wh. the thing used disappears, as money, rerum quae sunt in abusu, Ulp. dig. 7, 5, 5, 1; usus est ager, domus, abusus uinum oleum, Pomat. ad Andr. pr. 3; utitur his quae... permanent, his abutitur quae pereunt, Boeth. Cic. Top. 3; 3. mis-use, Ulp. dig. 7, 8, 12, 1.

**ab-utor**, i, asus, (ussus Fleck.), vb. refl. use up, spend the whole of, Me qui abusus sum tantum rem patriam..., Pl. Tr. 3, 2, 56; aurum, Bac. 2, 3, 126; tuam sapientiam, Poen. 4, 4, 29; add As. 1, 3, 44; donec omne casum cum melle abusus eris, Cato r. 76, 4; meretricem, Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 66; operam, Andr. pr. 5; qui non meminissem me abusum isto proemio, Cic. Att. 16, 6, 4; add Att. 3, 13, 2; quas (diuitias) honeste habere licebat, per turpitudinem abuti properabant, Sal. Cat. 13, 2; 2. use for another purpose than that intended (?), sagacitate eorum ad utilitatem nostram abutimur, Cic. N. D. 2, 151; 3. mis-use, quousque tandem abutere patientia nostrae? Cic. Cat. 1, 1; mancipiorum ususfructus legato non debet abuti, sed secundum conditionem eorum, Ulp. 7, 1, 15, 1; 4. note ace. in Pl., Cato, Ter.; elsewhere abl.; 5. as a pass., Vbi illae quae dedi ante? Abussa, Pl. As. 1, 3, 44; uile utamur potius quam ab rege abutamur, Varr. ap. Prisc. 381, 11; abusus iam omnibus locis (*καρῶν* *θερρα*), Hortens. ib.; his se abutendum permisit, Suet. Galb. 14.

**abyssus**, i, uij, as sb. f. [*ἀβυσσος*, bottomless], a bottomless pit, an abyss, Prud. hamart. 835; psych. 91.

**ácacia**, ae, f. acacia tree, perh. meant in Plin. 13, 63; 2. gum of same, gum arabic, Plin. 20, 48 and 233 etc.; 3. as a hair-dye, Petr. 23; cf. Plin. 24, 110.

**Académia**, ae, f. (*ακαδημία*) prop. a grove near Athens where Plato taught—hence a school of philosophy, Cic. fam. 9, 8, 1; or. 1, 43 and 98; ac. 2, 7 and 17; Tusc. 2, 9; 2. Cicero's villa so called, Tusc. 2, 9 f.; 3, 7; so also his villa near Puteoli, Plin. 31, 6; 3. i in Inque Academia umbrifera nitidique Lycaeoe, Cic. div. 1, 22; Atque Academiae celebratam nomine uillam, Laur. Tull. ap. Plin. 31, 8; but i in Latium spretis Academia migrat Athenis, Claud. cons. Mail. Th. 94; add Silon. 15, 120.

**Académicus**, adj. of the Academy, Cic. ac. pr. 12 and 18.

**acálanthis**, idis, f. thistle-finch, same as acanthis, Verg. G. 3, 338.

**acáleptē**, es, f. nettle, Macer. 2, 2.

**acályntis**, idis, f. a small unknown bird=uitiparra, Plin. 10, 96.

**acanthicē**, adj. f. as sb. gum of the plant helxine, Plin. 21, 96.

**acanthillus**, idis f. wild asparagus, Apul. herb. 84.

**acanthinus**, adj. of or like the plant acanthus, canles, Colum. 9, 4, 4; folia, Plin. 25, 78; nestimenta, Varr. ap. Serv. A. 1, 649; uetis, Isid. or. 17, 9.

**acanthis**, idis, f. thistle-finch, acanthis in spinis niuit, Plin. 10, 205; add 10, 175; ut uincat acanthida cornix, Calp. 6, 6.

**acanthus**, i, m. bears-foot, a. mollis, Liun.; uimen acanthi, Verg. G. 4, 123; add B. 3, 44; 4, 20; tortos imitatur acanthos, Colum. 10, 241; Plin. 25, 62 and 78; 2. used in med. ill. 22, 76; 26, 137; 3. copied in ornaments, Et circumtinctum croceo uulmen acantho, Verg. 1, 653; add 715; Octum M. 13, 701; Prop. 3, 9 (7), 14; 4. esp. on the Corinthian capital, Virg. A. 1, 9; 5. an Indian or Egyptian tree, bacis semper frondentis acanthi, Verg. G. 2, 119; Pontici (triumphi apparatus) ex acantho, Vell. 2, 56, 2.

**acápnus**, adj. without smoke, mel, Colum. 6, 33, 2; Plin. 11, 45 f., got without smoking bees; ligna, Iunum. of Mart. 13, 15.

**acátlectus**, adj. complete, of verses, species carminum, Diom. p. 502, 6 and 7 K.

**acatium**, ii, n. dim. a small light boat, Plin. 9, 94; 2. a sail, perh. a stud-sail, Isid. or. 19, 3.

**acatus**, i, f. a light boat, Tert. Marc. 5, 1.

**acautus**, adj. incombustible, carbunculi acautos, Plin. 37, 92.

**Acca**, ae, f. a Latin praenomen, as of Larentia, foster-nurse of Romulus, Varr. 1, 6, 3, p. 205 Sp.; Plin. 18, 6; Macr. s. 1, 10, 13; Gell. 7, 7, 1 and 5.

**Accellia**, adj. n. pl. as sb. festival of Acca, Varr. 1, 6, 3.

**ac-canto**, (ade.) are, vb. sing near, only in Stat. silv. 4, 4, 55.

1. **ac-cādo**, an old form of accido, wh. see.

2. **ac-cēdo**, ere, cessi, cessum, vb. [ad to, or ad=an, up] step up to, go quietly up to, draw near, approach, it may be either in friendship or hostility or neither, coepi rursum uorsum ad illas pauillatim accedere, Pl. Ep. 2, 2, 63; accedam ad hominem, Mil. 2, 6, 14; Nec mater lena ad uinum accedit interim, As. 3, 1, 54; accessit ilico alter, ubi alter recessit, Cato Orat. 47, 14 Jord.; ad flammam accessit imprudentes, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 103; nullam accessi ad aram quim..., Afr. 170 R; Et ecce de improposito ad nos accedit caua Veritas, Varr. Enm. 135, 5 R; nulli qui ad manum accedant, Cic. Att. 2, 1, 7; consurrexit senatus cum clamore sic ut ad corpus eius (sc. Gabini) accedat, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 2; cum ad Heraculum accederem, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 129; uis est quae periculo aut decedere nos alieunde cogit aut prohibet accedere, Cic. Cacc. 46; ad has cohortes, Pomp. ap. Cic. Att. 8, 12 A 3; ad moenia, Liv. o. 40, 19; 24, 20, 12; 2. with in, monere ne ante in salutem accederem quam rem (sc. triumphum) conficissem, Cic. Att. 7, 4, 2; in regnum, Cic. Pis. 50; in Macedonia, Cic. Phil. 10, 13; in funis, Cic. Leg. 2, 66; Accedere, nefas, tenebris fallacibus acti Tyndaridae in sese,

Val. F. 3, 186; 3. w. acc. alone, as first of towns, poterone Ariminum tuto accedere? Cic. Phil. 12, 23; 4. or of countries, Medi et Armenii accessere Libyes, Sal. Jug. 18, 9; names. Ligures Genuamque accesserunt, Liv. 29, 5, 2; 5. or gener. accedit muros Romana iugentis, Enn. an. 527 V; fontis, Lucr. 1, 927; Vos et Scyllaeam rabiem penitusque sonantis Aecestis scopulos, Verg. 1, 205; pleraque loca cum equitatu accedit, Sal. Jug. 20, 3; Ingurtham, 62, 1; 71, 5; 97, 3; ut quosque accesserat, Tac. h. 3, 24; but in Pl. Most. 3, 1, 156 read not hunc w. B. and Ritschl; but hunc w. A. and rel.; and in Pl. Ep. 1, 2, 46 periculum is a doubtful ej.; 6. w. adv. of motion to, hoc or huc Pl. Pers. 4, 4, 55; Curc. 5, 2, 25 and 28; 5, 3, 24 etc. and so Most. 3, 1, 156 with A etc., not hunc w. B. and Ritschl; quo accedam aut quos appellem? Sal. Jug. 14, 17; 7. Et eodem (to 84 years of age) accedit servitus sudor sitis, Pl. Merc. 4, 1, 8; Sed amori accedunt etiam haec..., pr. 24; Ad haec mala hoc mihi accedit etiam..., Ter. And. 1, 2, 10; go over to (a side), join, accede: Accessit animus ad meam sententiam, Pl. Aul. 2, 8, 13; ad eius condiciones pactionesque accedere, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 69; ibenter his qui ita prodierunt accesserim, Vell. 1, 8, 5; speciosa suadentibus accessit, Tac. h. 1, 34; huius opinionis neque omnino accedo neque plane dissentio, Quint. 1, 5, 37; add 3, 4, 16; 4, 2, 83; 7, 3, 15; 8, 3, 35; 9, 2, 24; accesserunt te sententiae meae, Plin. ep. 4, 10, 3; cunctantibus sibi accesserant, Suet. Galb. 12; conatibus Galbae, Oth. 4; 8. go to (a duty), undertake, take part in, enter, cos ne ad rem publicam quidem accessuros putat nisi coactos, Cic. off. 1, 28; add Cic. Rosc. Am. 3; ad alienam causam, Cic. Caecil. 20; add 63 and Verr. 2, 2, 94; ad poenam, Cic. off. 1, 89; 9. go to (what is undesirable), incur, face, meet, nou uti in eandem tute accederes infamiam, Pl. Tr. 1, 2, 84; add periculum, Cic. Caecil. 63; ad bellorum pericula, Cic. Balb. 26; 10. approach (in character), come near, be like, homines ad deos nulla re propius accedunt, Cic. Lig. 38; ut proxime ad nostram disciplinam videantur accedere, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 7; quo ad deos propius accederet, Quint. 12, 2, 2; add 12, 1, 20; quem Homero erederet maxime accedere, 1, 86; quae (sc. cytius) proxime accedere hebenum videtur, Plin. 16, 204; Cecropias ceras, Sil. 14, 26; 11. fall to the lot of, befall, come to, w. abstract nom., Num tibi aut stultitia accessit aut..., Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 77; aut Mucio nescio quid incommodi accessit aut nescio cui aliquid boni, Maer. s. 2, 2, 8; 12. ad hastam accedere, Nep. Att. 6, 3; Liv. 43, 16, 2; ad illud seculum sectionis, Cic. Phil. 2, 64 means merely to go to or attend an auction, not necessarily as some say to bid; 11. 13. go to, be added, ad virtutis summam accedere nihil potest, Cic. fin. 4, 67; an ut de causa eius periculi nihil decederet, ad causam novum crimen accederet\*, Cic. Clu. 167; illud quoque nobis accedit incommodum, Cic. Quinct. 3; novum aduentus nostri Cassio animus accessit\*—his spirits rose, Cic. Att. 5, 20, 3; quorum aduentu et Remis studium propugnandi accessit\* et hostibus spes decessit (decessit?) Caes. b. g. 2, 7, 2; super dotem quam accepturus a socero es, haec tibi a me dotalia dona accedunt, Liv. 26, 50, 12; in iustum accedere debet Quae consumatur partibus una dies, Ov. F. 3, 105; accedunt anni, Hor. s. 2, 2, 85; id si factum esset, ciuibz animum accessurum, ps. Nep. Milt. 4, 5; 14. of ague or fever, come on, alteram quartanam decessisse, et alteram leniorem accedere, Cic. Att. 7, 2, 1; febrem accessisse—increased—Nep. Att. 21, 4; cf. accessus; 15. as vb. impers. first with quod, accedit quod patrem plus etiam quam tu amo, Cic. Att. 13, 21, 7; a. q. mirifice...delectatur, Cic. fam. 6, 6, 8; ad communem trepidationem accessit quod pbalan ne circumagere se poterat nec..., Liv. 33, 9, 10; 16 w. ut and subj. imp. accedebat ut haec tu...existimare, ego...videret, Cic. or. 2, 198; add senectutem accedebat etiam ut caecus esset, Cic. sen. 16; add fam. 5, 12, 8; Att. 3, 8, 1; a. ut tempestatem forent facilius, Caes. b. g. 3, 13, 9; add 5, 16, 4; b. c. 3, 24, 4; Liv. 1, 49, 4; 8, 29, 11; 23, 4, 6; 28, 12, 7; 17. with ut and aorist, accedit ut ne in ipsum quidem Clodium meum insigne odium fuerit unquam, Cic. Att. 14, 13 B 3; quid si accedit eodem ut tenuis antea

fueris, Cic. Rosc. Am. 86; 18. in pass. Non potis (so Bothe, miss potest) accedi (sc. porticus), Enn. ap. Cic. Tusc. 2, 38; si qua (loca) accedi poterant, Tac. an. 12, 33; 19. impers. pass. ea proxime accedi poterat, Cic. Caec. 21; ad eas (oleas) cum accederetur, ib. 22; 20. often confounded with accido so that some would prefer accedo in, clamitans ita ut uox etiam ad hostes accideret, Liv. 10, 41, 7; also in 21, 10, 11; 27, 15, 17; 40, 32, 2; Pamphile haud invito ad auris sermo mihi accessit tuos, Ter. Hee. 3, 5, 32; 21. the notion of ad (=an) up suits passages in § 1, the use of in in § 2 and the passages marked \*, esp. when opposed to deedere go down.

acceleratio, onis, f. quickening, orationis Cornif. 3, 23. ac-celero, (adc.) has [ad] increase speed of, quicken, hasten, mortem, Lucr. 6, 772; lictionem, Quint. 1, 1, 31; iter, Caes. b. c. 2, 39, 6; consulatum ei, Tac. an. 3, 75; opus, Stat. Th. 6, 242; 2. absol. for acced. se, make haste, si accelerare uolent, ad nesperam consequatur, Cic. Cat. 2, 6; accelerat simul Aeneas, Verg. 5, 675 etc.; accelera significat...clamabant, Liv. 3, 27, 8; add Tac. h. 2, 100; 3. pass. Tac. an. 1, 50; Agr. 43.

accendium, ii, n. setting on fire, Sol. 5, 23. ac-cendo, (adc.) di, sub vb. [absol. cando] set on fire, kindle, light (a fire), Pergama accensa, Liv. And. ap. Non. 512, 39 K; quasi lumen de suo lumine accendat, facit, Enn. ap. Cic. 1, 51; linum...accendit ante quam tetigit flammam, Lucr. 6, 901; faeces, Cic. Pis. 5; deus solem quasi lumen accendit, Cic. Tim. 9; ignem, Verg. 5, 4; rogos, 11, 188; Ilion, Hor. epod. 14, 14; taedas, Ov. F. 4, 411; lucernam, Phaedr. 3, 19, 4; 2. light up, luna radiis solis accensa, Cic. rep. 6, 17; cum sol accendit Olympum, Sil. 3, 671; 3. met. quae accendit in tenebris, nisi litterarum lumen accenderet (so at least E; al. accederet backed by Val. M. 8, 14, 1; Cic. Arch. 14; 4. make very hot, (fictitia) accenduntur aestatis uaporibus, gelantur hiemis frigibus, Colum. 9, 6, 2; ferrum igni, Plin. 34, 149; accenso aeno, Sen. Med. 669; (aestatis) calor oram accendit, Curt. 3, 5, 1; add 4, 7, 6; 7, 5, 3; 5. met. stim. 7, 5, 2; febres, Cels. 3, 9, 6; 6. esp. of the passions, first w. acc. of person or mind acted upon w. or without abl., fire up, inflame, plebes sic accensa ut..., Sal. Jug. 7, 6; militum animos, Cat. 59, 1; accensus ira, Liv. 29, 43; belloque animos accendit agrestis, Verg. 7, 482; quos...merita accendit Mezentius ira, 8, 501; add 7, 550; 7. w. acc. of passion or result, accendi magis discordiam quam sedari, Liv. 2, 29, 8; inuidiam 2, 23, 2;

accenseo, ire, sub vb. reckon as belonging to, or with, Numme sub dominae lateo atque accenseor illi, Ov. M. 15, 546; sub Virbius; accensi qui his (i.e. decurionibus etc.) accensebantur, id est attribuebantur, Non. 520, 5; but in Sen. cp. 90, 6 read: accessisset octauus; in Varr. ap. Non. 58, 3, acersiti; 2. accensus part. as sb. a supernumerary soldier, accensi dicebantur qui in locum mortuorum militum subrogabantur, Plaut. ex F. p. 18 M; called adscripti by Varr. l. 7, 3 p. 340; who quotes from the Frivolaria: Vbi rorarii estis? en sunt. Vbi sunt accensi? ecce (hos); in his (sc. quinta classe) accensi cornices tubicines in tres centurias distributi, Liv. 1, 43, 7; 3. an officer in attendance on magistrates, esp. as a erier, qui exercitum imperatoris erit accenso dieit hoc...accensus dicit se... Varr. l. 6, 9 p. 265; who quotes (p. 267): Vbi priuatum accensus clamarat meridiem; accenso consulum (meridiem) pronuntiant Plin. 7, 212; accensus C. Neroni fuit, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 71; accensus sit eo numero quo magis maiores nostri uoluerunt, Cic. Q. fr. (as procos. of Asia) 1, 1, 13; collegis nouem singuli accensi apparebant, Liv. 3, 33, 8; T. Tettienus accensus consuli, inser. Or. 1621; rettulit morem ut quo mense fasces non haberet, accensus ante eum iret, lictores pone sequeretur, Suet. Jul. 20; 4. as attendant on funerals, si domus funeris utatur accenso atque lictoribus, Cic. leg. 2, 61.

1. accensus, part. of accendo.  
2. accensus, part. of accenseo.  
accentiun-cula, ae, f. [implies a sb. accento from accino] an accentual mark, Gell. 13, 6, 1.

**accentor**, *ōris*, m. [accino] one who sings accompanying another, a second, *Isid.* *or.* 6, 19; 7, 12.

**accentus**, (*alc.*) *ūs*, m. a (musical) note, tune, clang, acutissimī, *Solin.* 5, 19; dato aeneatorum accentu signo, *Amm.* 16, 12, 36; 24, 4, 22; 2. accent (of a word), stress of voice, accentus quos Graeci *πρωτοῦς* nōcant Quint. 1, 5, 22; add 12, 10, 33; ut nulla vox sine uocali est, ita sine accentu nulla est, et est accentus...uelut anima uox... apud Graecos *πρωτοῦς* dicitur, *Diom.* 430, 30 K; accentum habent praepositiones acutum in fine...qui tamen cum aliis legendo in grauem conuertitur, *Prisc.* 2, 27, 4 K; 3. accentual mark, accentus quidam fastidia uocauerunt, quod in capitibus litterarum poneretur, *Diom.* 431, 3 K; 4. met. stress, great degree, in maximo hienis accentu, *Sid.* ep. 4, 6; doloris, *Marc.* *Emp.* 36.

**accepso**, contr. from *accepero* (*accepo*) s. *accipio*.

**accepta**, ae, part. f. as sb. (sc. pars or portio) an allotment of land to a veteran, secundum bonitatem agrorum... acceptas partiti sunt, *Sic. Fl.* cond. agr. p. 156, 15 Lachm.; primum agrum limitibus includentes, deinde acceptas termina(b)imus, *Hygin.* de lim. const., 204, 5 etc.

**acceptabilis**, e, adj. acceptable, welcome, *Lact.* ep. 58; Tert. *or.* 7.

**acceptator**, *ōris*, m. one who accepts or approves, Tert. *paen.* 2; and *Psych.* 11; 2. vestibule, entrance, Herculi cum basi marmoreata acceptatoribus et terraris, *inscr.* Or. 6589.

**accepti-latio**, *ōnis*, f. release (in law), a. est ueluti imaginaria solutio, *Gai.* 3, 169 and 170; rescissa acceptilatione uel alia liberatione, *Ulp.* dig. 4, 2, 9, 4; ib. 34, 3, 5, 3; a. est liberatio per mutuum interrogationem, *Mod.* 36, 4, 1; 2. diuina, accepti quoque latione, *Paul.* 23, 3, 41, 2; *Gai.* 39, 6, 31, 4.

**acceptio**, *ōnis*, f. accepting, acceptance, receiving, receipt, neque donationem sine acceptance intellegi posse, *Cic.* top. 37; frumenti, *Sal.* *Aug.* 29, 4; 2. a proposition accepted, an admission; quod ex acceptationibus colligitur, *Apul.* *dogm.*

**acceptitō**, *āre*, vb. frq. receive habitually, qui apud regem in latrocinio fuisti, mercedem acceptitasti, *Pl.* (?) *ap.* Non. 134, 32.

**accepto**, *āre*, vb. frq. [accipio], receive habitually, milib... qui res rationesque eri Ballionis euro, argentum accepto et quod debet dato, *Pl.* *P.* 8, 2, 32; mercedes a discipulis, *Quint.* 12, 7, 9; iugum, *Sil.* 7, 41; usuras, *Papin.* dig. 2, 14, 40, 2; uiginti aureos, 34, 1, 9, 1; professiones, *Aread.* 50, 4, 18, 16; but in *Plin.* 36, 189 l. cooptare; 2. receive with approval, accept, uotum, Tert. *Psych.* 11.

**acceptor**, *ōris*, m. one who receives or accepts, donationis, *cod.* *Iust.* 10, 8, 56; 2. one who accepts with approval, qui illorum uerbis falsis acceptor fui, *Pl.* *Tr.* 1, 2, 167; personarum, *Vulg.* act. *Ap.* 10, 34;

**acceptor**, *ōris* m. = *accipiter*, exta acceptoris et unguis, *Lucil.* *ap.* *Char.* 98, 11.

**acceptor-ius**, adj. for receiving, modulus (opp. to erogatorius), *Front.* *Aq.* 34.

**accepti-ix**, *icis*, f. one who receives, receiver. Des quantumnis: nusquam apparuit neque datori neque acceptrici, *Pl.* *Truc.* 2, 7, 19.

**acceptus**, see *accipio*.

**accereso**, s. *acresco*.

**accesa**, ae, f. flood tide, *Serv.* A. 1.

**accessibilis**, e, adj. easy of approach, accessible, Tert.

*Prax.* 15.

**accessibilitas**, *atis* f. accessibility, ib.

**accessio**, *ōnis*, f. coming to, approach, Quid tibi interpellatio aut in conciliū accessisti, *Pl.* *Tr.* 3, 2, 83 (right to come to); add *Truc.* 2, 2, 3; ad corpora tum accessio tum abessio, *Cic.* *Tim.* 12; 2. an addition or accession, paucorum animorum, *Cic.* *am.* 11; ad paternas necessitudines magnam attulit accessionem tua uoluntas erga me, *Cic.* *Att.* 16, 16, 3; pecuniae, *Nep.* *Att.* 14; sine caput illa sine accessio est Nili, *Sen.* *N.* Q. 6, 8, 5; 3. even of persons, haud parua accessio bonis rebus uestris in amicitiam uenimus uestram, *Liv.* 7, 30, 6; add 30, 12, 22; 30,

40, 3; 45, 39, 7; esp. coming on, of an illness, attack, paroxysm, *Cels.* 2, 12 f.; 3, 4, p. 79, l. 33 D; genus quod *παραπνοα* appellant habet frequentes accessiones decessionesque, 3, 8; prima morbi a. *Suet.* *Vesp.* 23 f. 3; 4. what is thrown in without being accounted, coactus est ei conferre liri tritici modium xxi et accessionis HIS *CO* *elo*, *Cic.* *Verr.* 2, 3, 76; nec nummorum accessionem cogebatur dare, *ib.* 117; nec dominus tenax esse inris sui sicut in...ignis et ceteris paruis accessioibus, *Colum.* 1, 7, 2; 5. hence met. something secondary, aurum iam accessio est, *Plin.* 33, 5 f.; 6. in law, the position of a guarantee (as opp. to principal debtor) qui accessionis loco promittit, *Paul.* dig. 46, 1, 34; 7. one who guarantees or is in any way responsible for the principal, fideiussori ceterisque accessionibus, *Ulp.* dig. 46, 1, 32; principalis debitor perpetuat obligationem, accessiones a perpetuo dubium est, *Paul.* 45, 1, 91, 4.

**accessito**, *āre*, vb. frq. keep coming to, eodem conuenae ex agro accessitauere, *Cato* *ap.* *Gell.* 18, 12, 7.

**accessiuus** = *προσθετος*, *Gloss.*

**accessus**, *ūs*, m. coming to, approaching, approach; solis a. discessusque, *Cic.* *N. D.* 2, 19; ut luna accessu et recessu suo solis lumen accipiat, *Cic.* *or.* 3, 178; de marinis aestibus... quorum accessus et recessus lunae motu gubernantur, *Cic.* *div.* 34; bestis dedit... accessum ad res salubres, a pestiferis recessum, *Cic.* *N. D.* 2, 34; uentorum *Verg.* 3, 570; accessus prohibet refugitque uiriles, *Ov.* *M.* 14, 636; add *Pont.* 2, 2, 41; *her.* 10, 64; 2. esp. of fever and other illness, quod morbus cum accessu decessuque sit, *Gell.* 4, 2, 13; in tertianis a. febrim, *Plin.* 28, 46; 3. of place, an approach, omnemque Accessum lustrans, *Verg.* 8, 220; a. ad insulam, *Suet.* *Iul.* 58; 4. a scaling ladder? de accessu quae *εμπαλμα* dicitur, *Vitr.* 10, 19, 8.

**Acciānus**, adj. of Accius, uersus, *Cic.* *fam.* 9, 16, 4; A. illud, *Gell.* 14, 1, 34.

**accidentia**, ae, f. an accident, naturae, *Plin.* 32, 19; add Tert. *anim.* 11 and 21.

1 **ac-cido** (*accido*; cf. *recipit*, *Ribbeck*, *Verg.* *prol.* p. 416), *ōre*, *cidi* (old *cēdi*), [*ad*, *cūdo*, but see below], fall at, on or near, Cum desubito me orat mulier lucrumque ad genua accidit (*accidit?*), *Enn.* *com.* 9 V; iam ut limen exirem ad genua accidit, *Ter.* *Hee.* 3, 3, 18; ad pedes omnium accedente (so M) *Clodius*, *Cic.* *Att.* 1, 14, 5; genibus praetoris accideris, *Liv.* 44, 31, 13; add *Suet.* *Iul.* 20; *Claud.* 21; and absol. in same sense, Quo accedam, quo applicem, *Enn.* *tr.* 114; quo accedam aut quos appellem, *Sal.* *Aug.* 14, 17; 2. fall against and hit, strike, segetes stipulamque uidemus Accedere ex una scintilla incendia, *Lucr.* 5, 609; incerti ex ultra parte auribus nostris accidat clamor, *Plin.* *pan.* 92 f.; ut tela missa ab Gallis grauius acciderent, *Caes.* *b. g.* 3, 14, 4; tela ab omni parte accidebant, *Liv.* 2, 50, 7; Dico animo nostro primum simulacra mendaci Accidere, *Lucr.* 4, 882; Accidere in mensas ut rosa missa coedit, *Ov.* *F.* 5, 360; 3. fall on or strike the ear or eye, certo enim mihi paternae uoces sonitus auris accidit, *Pl.* *St.* 1, 2, 31; ad aures accedere, *Lucr.* 2, 1025; nihil istum quod ad oculos animumque acciderit reliquies, *Cic.* *Verr.* 2, 4, 2; nihil ut nunquam uideretur tam populare ad populi Romani aures accidesse, *Cic.* *Sest.* 107; ut uox etiam ad hostes accideret (al. accederet), *Liv.* 10, 41, 7; cum clamor ad aures accidisset, 26, 40, 10; lentior sonitus auribus accidens, 24, 46, 5; add 10, 5, 2; 10, 43, 10; 27, 15, 16; 40, 32, 2; fama accidit, 32, 30, 3; add 27, 29, 7; and met. istuc uerbum uere in te accidit, *Ter.* *Andr.* 5, 3, 14; 4. hence, happen (to), befall, and gen. in a bad sense, P. Non spero. S. Insuperata accidunt magis saepe quam, *Pl.* *Most.* 1, 3, 40; interea aliquid acciderit boni, *Ter.* *Andr.* 2, 3, 24; timebam ne euenerit ea quae acciderunt, *Cic.* *fam.* 6, 21, 1; nam mihi omnia quae incidunt ex humanitate alterius homini accidere possunt, ex illo acciderunt, *Cic.* *Att.* 1, 5, 1; Accidit haec fessis etiam fortuna Latinis, *Verg.* 12, 503;

5. often with ut, ita accidit ut omnium nostrum studio tuus consulatus satisfacere posset, *Cic.* *fam.* 15, 10, 1; an casu accidit ut id quod Romae audierat primus nuntiaret? *Cic.* *Rosc.* 96; 6. rarely with inf. or quod; Quod-

quomque ei lubere accidit, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 17; nec enim acciderat mihi opus esse, Cic. fam. 7, 11, 1; sed accidit perincommodum quod cum nusquam uidisti, Cic. Att. 1, 17, 2;

7. often of results, come to at last, end in, Bene uoi quod consilium accipimus (so R cur. sec.; miss quid discimus consilium) accidisse hominem caturum Eum esse declaramus, Pl. Ps. 2, 3, 15; Misera timeo incertum hoc quorsum accidit, Ter. And. 1, 5, 29; quod in certamine dubium est quorsum accidit, Pl. Sal. or. ad Caes. 2, 11, 4;

8. si quid cui accidit, if anything happen to a man, a euphemism for interit, if he die, esp. in wills, si quis ita in testamento scripserit 'si quid filio meo acciderit Damas seruus meus liber esto, mortuo filio Damas liber erit, licet enim accidit et uiuis, sed uulgi sermone etiam mors significatur, Pomp. dig. 50, 16, 162; si quid mihi humanitus acciderisset, Cic. Phil. 1, 101; si quid pupillo acciderisset, Cic. inv. 2, 64; Suet. Aug. 101; Gai. 3 and 23;

9. accidere is used alike of good and bad things; in, plura mala contingere nobis quam accidere, Sen. ep. 110, 3, the distinction is obscure;

10. in the following and perb. in § 1, the prep. seems to mean down (as if from ab 'down'; cf. appono, assido), Tam crebri ad terram accidebant quam pura. Vi quisque acciderat, cum necabam, Pl. Puen. 2, 38; Et alia signa de caelo ad terram accidunt, Pl. Rud. 1, 3; Quo Castalia per struices saxae lapsa accidit, Liv. And. 36 R; Vitinam ne...Caesa acciderisset abignata ad terram trabes, Enn. tr. 281 V; Quantis opibus quibus de rebus lapsa fortuna accidit, ib. 396; Alta prae prouis humum (T H K ci; mss in humum) accidens proximae Frangit ramos cadens, Varr. sat. 180, 10 R; quam puncto tempore imago Aetheris ex oris in terrarum accidit oras, Lucr. 4, 215; Accidit in mensas ut rosa missa solet, Ov. F. 5, 360; but here as in Lucr. it would be inconsistent with an ad in accidere;

11. note besides the usual ad, the constr. w. a mere ace. and w. a dat. even of thing.

2 **ac-cido**, **cidere**, **cidi**, **cisum**, vb. [**ad** + **caedo**] nearly fell, cut nearly through or deep into, omnes aut subruunt aut accidunt arbores tantum ut summa species earum stantium relinquunt, Caes. b. g. 6, 27, 4; antiquum in montibus ornum Cum ferro accisam erubescere bipennibus instant Erere arborum certatim; illa usque minatur, Verg. 2, 627; fames... Accisis (nearly consumed) eget dapibus consumere mensas, 7, 125; accisis erinibus (cropped elc), Tac. G. 19;

2 met., res quamquam sunt accisae, tamen efferent se aliquando, Cic. prov. cons. 34; mutant Aequos etsi accisae res (P abscisseres, i.e. abscissae res) sint reficere exercitus, Liv. 3, 10, 8; robore iuuentutis suae acciso (so P M), 7, 9; accisae copiae, S. 11, 8; Ofellam Integris opibus noui non latius usum Quam nunc accisis, Hor. s. 2, 2, 114; accisae reliquiae (of Varus's army) consedis intellegantur, Tac. an. 1, 61;

3. accido from ab-cido would suit pass. from Cic.

**accio**, see **ac-cio**, 5 and 6.

**accinctus**, part. of

**ac-cingo**, **cingere**, **cingi**, **inctus**, vb. [**ad** + **cingo**] gen. as a vb. refl. accingor or accingo me etc., gird oneself up, tuck up one's loose clothes within the belt (cingulum), and so met. prepare oneself for a difficult task. G. si efficit hoc, postulo ut mihi tua domus Te praesente apse pateat...T. Do fidem futurum. G. accingam (so mss, not ade.), Ter. Eun. 5, 8, 30; Tute hoc intristi: tibi omnes excedendum: accingere (so mss), Ter. Ph. 2, 2, 24; Illi se praedae accingunt dapibusque futuris, Verg. 1, 210; et te conminus aequo Mecum crede solo pugnae accinge pedestri, 11, 707; accingere et omnem Pelle moram, Ov. M. 7, 47; in hoc discrimen accingere, Liv. 2, 12, 10; ad consulatum accingi, 4, 2, 7; ad cogitationem, 6, 35, 2; magnis se accingere rebus, Tib. 4, 1, 179;

2. gen. with ad of purpose, sometimes in poet. w. dat. or even inf.; accingam, Verg. G. 3, 46

3. or even ace. alone of object, magias inuitam accingier artis, Verg. 4, 493; alios accingam labores, Verg. Cir. 6;

4. w. simple vb. in refl. sense, age annis accinge ad molas, Pomp. 66 R; Accingunt omnes operi, Verg. 2, 235;

II 5. [perb. ad to] accingo w. ace. of sword, buckle on, gird on, lateraque accinxerat enseni, Verg. 11, 489;

6. or as refl. w. abl. arm oneself (with a sword), fiducie accingitur

ense, 7, 640; paribusque...armis, 6, 184;

7. esp. in part accinctus, armed, gladiis, Liv. 40, 13, 2; ferro, Tac. an. 6, 8 (2);

8. also abs. miles non accinctus, 11, 18; turmas quoque peditum ad munia accingit, 12, 31;

9. gen., without reference to belt, arm oneself, facibus pubes accingitur atris, Verg. 9, 74; flagello, 6, 570; pugione, Tac. an. 11, 18;

10. and met. studio popularium, 12, 44; se quoque accingere iunene partem curarum capessituro, by adopting as partner of his throne, 12, 25; maiorem ad spem, 11, 28; in audaciam, b. 3, 66; ad ultionem, 4, 79; in omnia accincta bonitas, Plin. pan. 30 f.; gemmis, Val. F. 5, 514; portibus (ad portu), Eumen. pan. ad Const. 11, 19; III 11. accinctus as adj. confined, limited, opposed to discinctus loose (cf. our succinct), comitatus, Plin. pan. 20; cuius militaris (habitus) accinctior, Auson. grat. act. 27.

**ac-cino**, **cingere**, vb. [**cano**] sing to, accentus est dictus ab accinendo, Diom. 431, 1 K.

**ac-cio**, **cire**, **ciui** or **cii**, **citus**, vb. [**ad** to] call with a loud voice to (one), (for idea of voice cf. cito and recito), hail and so bid come to, summon, 'Vbi lubet, ire licet accubitum'. Acciti strenuo subtilimus, quod e-urigo findebat costas, Varr. sat. 223, 8 R; add 218, 3; perh. also Cuius uos tumulti causa accitit et quid parem, animum adiutorie, Acc. 485 R; Posterius tremulas super ulcera taetra tenentes Palmas, horridis accibant uocibus Orcum, Lucr. 5, 996; hi qui fatentur se Virtutis causa nisi ea Voluptatem acciret (so ψ, al. maceret) ne manum quidem uorsuros fuisse, Cic. fin. 5, 93;

2. hence, a. mortem to commit suicide, senatus consulto (Cyprus), regis morte quam ille conscientia accierat, facta provincia est, Vell. 2, 38, 6; (Cato) mortem sibi laetus acciuit, Flor. 4, 2, 70 (2, 13);

3. gen., summon by messenger, send for, invite, Philippum qui hunc (Aristotelem) Alexandro filio doctorem acciuit, Cic. or. 3, 141; tu inuita mulieres, ego acciuro pueros, Cic. Att. 5, 1, 3; si acciuit accurram, 13, 48, 1; haruspices accindos ex Etruria, Cic. har. resp. 25; (h)is (ath)letarum undique accitorum spec(ia)culum...praeibit, Man. Anevr. 4, 33; qui quamquam acciti abierat, Sal. Jug. 102, 3; patres fama cognitos accire, 84, 2; add 108, 1; ad uiginti matronis per uiatorem accitis, Liv. 8, 18, 8; Apri se litteris accitum, 10, 18, 7; alios peregre in regnum Roman accitos, 2, 6, 2; acciri Verginium ex castris placuit, 5, 8, 12; se proconsulem a Beneueto accitum, 24, 19, 4; propriis matris litteris accitur, Tac. an. 1, 5; add h. 2, 1, 4, 13 and 72; e Tyrio consortem accite senatu, Sil. 8, 335;

4. so far w. acc. of person; also w. acc. of things, send for, import, qui moneret ut fidissimis amicorum in Pontum missis eligere suam acciret, Tac. h. 4, 83; scientiam artemque haruspicum, 2, 3; accitis quae usquam cregia, Tac. an. 3, 27; per accitam lasciuam, 14, 20; collegae auxilium quod accidendum ultro ferat, Liv. 10, 19, 1; add 4, 106; 6, 40, 4; 45, 25, 13;

5. acciebo quoted from Pl. Mil. 3, 3, 61 is corrupt (best mss hunc aciebo, whence Ritschl cj. ruincinabo);

6. accio accire, Char. 236, 14 K; accessio dicit ab accio uerbo quod nunc accio dicimus, Prisc. 35, 6; but accio acciui, Diom. 366, 33.

**ac-cipio**, **cipere**, **cepi**, **ceptus**, vb. [**ad**, **capio**] receive, accept, of physical things, quaestor accipio (pecuniam), CIL 198, 58; censor...eos libros census qui abicis legatis dabuntur accipio, 206, 154; ex tua accipi manu Pateram, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 132; ab ipson istas accipisti (i.e. epistulas)? E' manibus dedit ipse in manus, Ter. 4, 2, 57; accipite si uultis hoc onus in uestros colles, Cato ap. Non. 200, 23; ut obsides ab his principum filios acciperent, Caes. b. g. 6, 11; a Philotimo litteras accipi, Cic. Att. 6, 23, 1; accipe si uis, accipiam tabulas, Hor. s. 1, 4, 14; cum te gremio accipiet laetissima Dido, Ter. 1, 685;

2. receive, sense of receiving chief of, hanc mihi in manum dat... Accipi: acceptam seruabo, Ter. And. 1, 5, 63; sua in Haeduos merita exposuit, quos et quam humiles accepisset, Caes. b. g. 7, 54, 4; Me...musae Accipiant (as pupil) caelique uias et sidera monstrant, Verg. G. 2, 477;

3. receive, as a host, accipientur multo milites, Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 15; in prandio nos lepide atque nitide Accipisti apud te, Cist. 1, 1, 12; add 1, 1, 17; Men. 5, 2, 44; Pers. 1, 1, 32; Ps. 1, 2, 34;

lepidè accipimur, St. 5, 4, 3; add 22: Accipit homo nemo melius procius neque prolixius, Ter. Eun. 5, 8, 25; te hospitio agresti accipimus, Cic. Att. 3, 16, 1; nec potui accipi liberalis, 16, 6, 1; apparatis accipere epulis, Liv. 23, 4, 3; sociis dapibusque meoque Accipit, Ov. F. 2, 725; 4. gen. receive a person, treat, ego te...misericordiam accipiam modis, Pl. Aut. 4, 4, 3; Men. 5, 1, 7; indignis cum egomet sim acceptus modis, Ter. Ad. 2, 1, 12; Sic inquam ueteratorem illum uetulum lupum Annibalem acceptum, Lucil. ap. Non. 240, 11; Spartaco pueri ad aram sine uerberibus accipiuntur, ut... Cic. Tusc. 2, 34; Quintum puerum accipi uoluerunt, Cic. Att. 10, 7, 3; male accipit uerbis Rabonum, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 140; 2, 2, 56; leniter hominem elentergete accipit, 2, 4, 80; elentergete a consule cum uerborum tantum castigatione accepti sunt, Liv. 27, 15, 2; 5. with in and acc. of resulting condition, receive (into), admit (to), in uestram fidem, under the protection of your honour, Cic. Arch. 31; in dedicationem, Caes. b. g. 1, 28, 2; 2, 13, 1; in ciuitatem, Liv. 2, 5, 10; 4, 13, 14; in societatem, 7, 19, 4; in amicitiam, 7, 39, 4; 6. with non-living agent personified, (stonem) cum detrusum cibum accipit, depellit—and then: (alms) quod accipit, cogit et confundit, Cic. N. D. 2, 135-6; ut luna...solis lumen accipiat, Cic. or. 3, 178; fusus ceruix eui lactea immixta Accipit, Verg. 10, 138; sortem Accipit galea, 5, 491; ubi te dignum amplitudine tua templum accipiat, Liv. 5, 21, 3; quos sua terra suus uerget, accipiant, 21, 44, 8; annis ingens fugientes accipit, 29, 32, 8; add 38, 21, 15; idem annis nonas caeremonias accipit, Tac. an. 1, 54, 1; 7. with abstr. obj., beneficium, Ter. Ad. 2, 3, 1; Sal. Cat. 6, 5; honorem, Cic. Att. 9, 2a, 1; dolorem, 6, 1, 6; uoluptatem, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 8, 3; ignominiam, Caes. b. g. 7, 17, 5; contumeliam, 7, 10, 2; iniuriam, 2, 33, 1; incommodum, 7, 29, 4; 8. of the senses, receive, hear, see, learn, hanc tuam gloriam iam ante auribus acceperam, Pl. Tr. 4, 1, 9; nullam earum rerum quae sensu accipiuntur, Cic. N. D. 2, 9; multa auribus accipisse, Cic. or. 1, 218; quem ipse accipit oculis animoque sensum, hunc...exponam, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 40; uisa ista...accipio, Cic. pr. 66; Accipite ergo animos..., Verg. 10, 104; Accipite non dura supplicis aures preces, Ov. Pont. 2, 8, 44; 9. absol., hear, learn (it may be from books), quoniam multos multa aduise acceperim Iuhonesta, Pl. Mil. 4, 7, 4; Sed si te aequo animo ferre accipit negligenter feceris, Ter. Andr. 2, 3, 23; ut eas artes non tum primum accipere uideantur sed remissae, Cic. sen. 75; quae gerantur accipies ex Pollione, Cic. fam. 1, 6, 1; urbem Romanam, sicut accipit..., Sal. Cat. 6, 1; ex parente meo...ista accipit..., Sal. lug. 85, 40; pugnam ad Lilybaeum...acceperat, Liv. 21, 50, 11; 10. of the intellect, take in, understand, comprehend, interpret, nam pol haui satis meo Corde accipere quae tuas, Pl. Cas. 2, 2, 18; non recte accipis, Ter. Andr. 2, 2, 30; add Eum. 1, 2, 2; Haut. 2, 3, 23; quae minus intellexi..., quae parum accipis, Cic. N. D. 3, 4; cum uerbum potest in duas plures sententias accipi, Corn. 4, 67; 2, 40; 11. esp. w. in—partem, take in a good or bad sense (or part), Equidem pol in eam partem accipio, Ter. Eun. 5, 2, 37; quod rogas ut in bonam partem accipiam..., ego uero in optimam, Cic. Att. 11, 7, 8; Bonas in partes lector accipias uelim, Phaedr. 2 pr. 11; 12. other similar phrases are: Suspiciosi ad contumeliam omnia accipiunt magis, Ter. Ad. 4, 3, 15; quicquid in eum officii contuleris, id ita me accipere ut in me ipsum te putem contulisse, Cic. fam. 10, 1 f.; omnia in maius metu argente accipiebant, Liv. 29, 3, 9; Tae. h. 1, 52; muliere fastidium in deminutionem sui, an. 1, 14; h. 2, 91, 1; quae grata sane, si a nuntibus proficerentur..., indecora accipiantur, ib.; Suet. Aug. 68; 13. accept (things) w. more or less of favour, expressed by adv. etc., durius accipere hoc mihi uisus est, Cic. Att. 1, 1, 4; asperius, 9, 2a, 1; fortiter, 15, 20, 2; quemadmodum accipiuntur hi (so M) iudi, 15, 26, 1; (eo) aequo animo accipit, Sal. Cat. 3, 2; a quibus placide oratio accepta est, Liv. 2, 3, 7; 14. absol. accept and so imply approval, agree to, admit, in conditionem hanc accipio, Pl. Aut. 2, 2, 60; acceptum conditionem, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 52; dos Paraphile est Decem talenta. Accipio, 5, 4, 48; si ob eam rem moraris, accipio causam, Cic. fam. 16, 19; mi pater

Persa perit. Accipio omen, Cic. div. 1, 103; accipere se omen, Liv. 1, 7, 11; Accipio agnoscoque deos, Verg. 12, 200; cum de plebe consulem... non accipiebant, Cic. Brut. 55; 15. accept (though unacceptable), submit to, put up with, incur, Nihil satis uideo quoniam accipere hanc mihi expedit metum, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 96; Hancne ego ut contumeliam... in me accipiam, Eun. 4, 7, 1; Ni frenum accipere et uicti parere fatentur, Verg. 12, 568; 16. take upon one (a task, a duty), undertake, often w. gerundive, onus, Cic. N. D. 2, 159; Egregius si unquam regnandum accepit Albam, Verg. 6, 770; pacandum mare, Eutr. 9, 21; 17. in bookkeeping, acceptum referre, to enter in a ledger as received, credit (a person) for, minus Verrī acceptum retulit quam Verres illi expensum tulit, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 100; add 102; eas (pecunias)...isti referebant acceptas, 2, 2, 170; ut emptor acceptam pecuniam uiro referret, Pompon. dig. 16, 1, 32, 2; 11. 18. in acceptum referre or ferre, the same, negabat se opus i. a. r. posse, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 149; and again, ib.; ne in acceptum feratur, Maec. dig. 48, 11, 2; 19. same met., ut esset nemo qui mihi non uitam suam...referret acceptam, Cic. Phil. 2, 12; omnia quae postea uidimus uni accepta referemus Antonio, 2, 55; hoc opus in acceptum ut referas nihil postulo, Cic. par. praef. 5; Choroilus, inculcatis qui uersibus et male natis retulit acceptos..., Philippius, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 234; Ov. tr. 2, 10; philosophiae acceptum fero quod surrexi, Sen. ep. 78, 3; Plin. ep. 2, 4; quicquid mihi debuit, acceptum tibi ferri iubeo, Plin. ep. 2, 4, 2; 20. tabulae, codex accepti et expensi, a credit and debit account, Cic. Rose. com. 2 and 4; Verr. 2, 2, 76; 21. give a release (for a debt real or supposed) is variously expressed, (ex) imaginaria solutione mulier sine tutoris auctoritate acceptum facere non potest, Gai. 3, 171; cum acceptum non faceret, Ulp. dig. 4, 2, 14, 9; si accepto quem liberauit, 18, 4, 2, 5; 46, 4, 8, 4; acceptum ferre, 46, 4, 13, 5 etc.; accepto facere, ib. 10; accepto fertur, 5; add 7, 15 and 16; habesne acceptos? Pomp. 46, 4, 15; 22. acceptum or accepto rogare, ask for a release, Ulp. 46, 4, 8, 1; add 2 and 4; 23. aliud est capere, aliud accipere: capere cum effectu accipitur...ideoque non uidetur quis capere quod erit restitutus, Ulp. 50, 10, 71; III. 24. acceptus, as adj., acceptable, grateful, welcome, loved, dear, nam mihi pol grata acceptaque huius benignitas, Pl. St. 1, 1, 50; add Truc. 2, 7, 50; 4, 1, 5; quod adprobaris id gratum acceptumque habendum, Cic. Tusc. 5, 45; tam acceptum popularibus, Sal. lug. 7, 1; nemo quisquam acceptior, Pl. Pers. 4, 4, 96; nihil est illi deo...acceptus quam...coetus hominum iure sociati, Cic. rep. 6, 13; serios acceptissimus, Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 56; 25. accipio=acepero, Plaut. ap. Non. 74, 30; accipiter, tris, m. [ακκιπτερος, swift-winged; cf. ἰππῆς ακκιπτερος, 11, 13, 62; βασανιστὴς ἰππικῆς, 13, 819; and aequifolium holly] hawk falcon and like birds, accipitrum genera sedecim, Plin. 10, 21; non rete accipitri tenditur neque miluo, Ter. Ph. 2, 2, 16; ut anis enicet accipiter, Varr. sat. 105, 7 R; bones igitur ius accipitres in deorum numerum reponemus, Cic. N. D. 3, 47; Accipitres is still male, in spite of Non. 192; Lucr. 4, 1009; s. Munro ad Actum 79; accipiter saxo sacer ales ab alto..., Verg. 11, 721; add Ov. M. 11, 344; 2. tamed for hawking, cf. Mart. 14, 216; 3. met. Pecunia accipiter auid atque inuide, Plaut. Pers. 3, 3, 5; 4. a gen. accipitres also sanctioned by Prisc. 6, vol. 1, 229 K.

accipitrina, ae, f. the plant hawkweed (hieracium Linn.) Apul. herb. 30.

accipitrō, āre, vb, play the hawk (with), tear to pieces, accipitrē possit pro lacert Gell. 9, 7, 11.

accisus, part. of accido.

ac-citio, ōnis, f. summoning before (one), Arn. 4, 12 (of spirits).

ac-citus, ōis, m. a summoning, summons, quinque priui accitu istius euocantur, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 68; accitu genitoris, Verg. 1, 681.

ac-clamatio, ōnis, f. loud cries of an assembly, non modo ut acclamatione sed ut conicio ac maledictis impeditur, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 3, 2; acclamationibus multitudinis assentatione inmodica pudorem (regis) oneratis, Liv. 31,

15, 2; ut admirationem suam non acclamatione tantum sed etiam plausu confiteretur, Quint. 8, 3, 3; add Plin. pan. 73 and 75; hanc eius clementiam senatus his acclamationibus prosequens est: Antonine pie, di te scruent...; Vulcat. Avid. 13; post hanc acclamationes senatus hae fuerunt: Et Traianus ad imperium senex venit. Dixerunt decies, Vop. Tac. 5, 1; et. inscr. Or. 932; 2. in rhet. an exclamation, est epiphonema rei narratae summa adlatio: Tantae moles erat... Quint. 8, 5, 11.

**ac-clāmīto**, (ad-cl.) āre, vb. freq. a doubtful reading in Pl. Am. 3, 2, 3.

**ac-clāmo**, (ad-cl.) āre, vb. cry out at [anything seen or heard] in approval or disapproval, in disappointment, exclaim against, non metuo ne mihi acclametis, Cic. Brut. 256; populus cum risu acclamavit ipsa esse, Cic. Cacc. 28; et cum omnis contio acclamasset, Hostium inquit...clamore non teritis, qui possum vestro moueri? Vell. 2, 4, 5; hoc loco acclamabit mihi tota manus delicatiorum, Sen. ep. 47, 13; esp. in later lang., si nocentem acclamauerant, praecipis datus trucidabatur, Tac. an. 1, 44; 2. with favour, omnes acclamauerunt gratias se...agere, Liv. 34, 50, 4; seruatore acclamantibus, 34, 50, 9; Otho mihi populus, tamquam deus adstruerent, Neroni Othoni acclamauit, Tac. h. 1, 78 f.; senatus acclamauit: Gordiane Auguste di te seruent, felix imperes, Capit. Maxim. 16, 3; add Gord. 11, 9; Vop. Tac. 4, 2; 3. pass. imperis, Cic. Mur. 18; Suet. Dom. 13; Lampr. Al. Sev. 6, 2 and 7, 1.

**ac-clāro**, (ad-cl.) āre, vb. make clear to, Iuppiter...uti tu signa nobis certa acclarrassis [for acclarrassis, subj. perf.], ap. Liv. 1, 18, 9.

**acclinis**, (ad-cl.) e, adj. [ad=an up, see clino] leaning up against, corpusque leuabat Arboris adclinis trunco, Verg. 10, 835; where Serv.: quis ante hunc? crates inter se acclines, Colum. 12, 15, 1; Cleomenes non armorum onus deposuit, sed acclinis parietis, hortatur ut..., Iust. 28, 4, 9; Adclines clipeis alios, Stat. Th. 10, 280; 2. lying upon the slope (of), tumulo, Stat. silu. 5, 3, 36 and 5, 5, 25; 3. met. prone (to), Acclinis falsis animus, meliora recusat, Hor. s. 2, 2, 6.

**ac-clino**, (ad + c.) āre, vb. cause to lean against; hence w. se, lean up against or throw oneself sloping upon, circumspexit Athin seque acclinauit in illum, Ov. M. 5, 72; 2. as vb. refl. recline, the same, adclinauque colla Molibus in plumis...reponit, Ov. M. 10, 268; castra tumulo sunt adclinata—lay on the slope of—Liv. 44, 3, 6; terris maria acclinata quiescent, Stat. Th. 5, 4, 6; accliniatus lateri natus exonerabat stomachum, Petr. 103; 3. met. attach oneself, hand grauate accliniatus se ad causam senatus, Liv. 4, 48, 9.

**accliuus**, (ad-cl.) e, adj. [ad=an up—cliuus] sloping upward, opp. to decliuus, ca pars uiae nullo accliuus est, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 1, 4; leniter adcliuus aditus, Caes. b. g. 2, 29, 3; accliuus colles, Liv. 38, 20, 4; adcline solum, Verg. G. 2, 276; accliuus locus, Colum. 3, 15, 2 opp. to planis and praecipitibus; accliuus lititoris, Ov. M. 9, 334; trames, 10, 53.

**accliuatus**, (ad-cl.) ātis, f. slope (sloping nature) Caes. b. g. 2, 18, 2; Colum. 2, 4, 10; 2. sloping ground, a slope, neque accliuatus ipsa aditu posset, Amm. 14, 2, 13.

**accliuus**, (ad-cl.) adj. sloping upward, accliuo limite, Ov. M. 2, 19; add Manil. 1, 232.

**ac-cognosco**, (ad-cl.) ēre, recognize, Cappadocem, Petr. 69; add Tert. uxor. 2, 6.

**accolā**, ac, m. one living near, a neighbour, opposed to incolā, one who lives in a place, Agricola, accolae, propinquī qui estis his regionibus, Pl. Rud. 3, 2, 2; add Aul. 3, 1, 1; ut omnes sacerdotes, omnes accolae...Cerris esse uidentur, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 111; pastor a. eius loci, Liv. 1, 7, 5; Philippum eis et Macedones graues accolae esse, 26, 24, 5; add 37, 53, 25; uadisi accolae Volturri, Verg. 7, 729; add Curt. 3, 2, 9; fatidices...accolae luici, Sil. 1, 414; add 11, 25; 2. met. of a tributary stream, Tac. an. 1, 79.

**ac-cōlo**, (ad-cl.) ēre, vb. live near, Saluto te, uicine Apollo, qui adclibus Propinquo uostris accolis, Pl. Bac. 2, 1, 4; ea gens quae illum locum accolit, Cic. rep. 6, 19; uiam, Liv. 28, 13, 4; Macedoniam, 39, 46, 7; tuas accolit,

Haeme, nines, Ov. F. 1, 390; Rhenum, Tac. h. 51; Pontum, 3, 47; 2. as pass. (Baetis) crebris adcolitur oppidis, Plin. 3, 9.

**accommodāte**, see accommodatus.

**accommodātio**, onis, f. adaptation, nerborum, Cic. inv. 1, 9; 2. obliging conduct, magistratuum, Cic. Verr. 3, 189.

**accommodātor**, oris, m. Herma a. nixit ab. xlviii, inscr. Grut. 789, 4.

**ac-commodo**, (ad-cl.) āre, vb. fit to, fit on, clipeum ad dorsum, Pl. Tr. 3, 2, 93; coronam ad caput, Cic. or. 2, 250; calanticum capiti, Cic. or. in P. Clod. et P. Cur. 5, 3; insignia, Caes. b. g. 2, 21, 5; laterique accommodat ense, Verg. 2, 393; 2. met. adapt, cause to agree (with), orationem multitudinis auribus, Cic. or. 2, 159; sumptus peregrinationis ad mercedem Argilet, Cic. Att. 12, 32, 2; meum consilium ad tuum, Cic. fam. 9, 7 f.; 3. as vb. refl. accommodari or accommodare se, adapt oneself, lay oneself out for, lend oneself to, ad rem publicam et ad magnas res gerendas, Cic. off. 1, 70; nam quis uestram ad eadem accommodatus est, Cic. agr. 3, 16; ad eorum nutum se fingunt et accommodant, Cic. or. 24; quod Seiano se non accommodasset, Suet. Tib. 48; humano generi assertorem se accommodat, Suet. Galb. 9;

4. accommodo absol., obligo, peto, ut ei de habitatione accommodes, Cic. fam. 13, 2; 5. the same w. acc. oblige with, lend, orandae litis tempus, Cic. off. 3, 43; abusio non habentibus nomen suum accommodat quod in proximo est, sic: egiun diuina Palladis arte aedificant, Quint. 8, 6, 34; uxori opem consiliame, Ulp. dig. 47, 2, 52; 6. hence when speaking as for another, put in (his) mouth, Cicero quamquam preces non dat Miloni, accommodauit ei conuenientis fortis uiro conuestiones, Quint. 6, 1, 27; 7. stretch (words, laws etc.) to oblige, pupillo auctoritatem, Ulp. dig. 26, 8, 1; 27, 6, 7, 1; fidem, Gai. 34, 9, 10; ei actionem, Pompon. 39, 3, 22 (grant as a favour); II. 8. accommodatus, part. as adj. well adapted, suitable, fit, contentibus accommodation, Cic. Clu. 2; exemplum temporibus suis accommodatissimum, Cic. Cornel. 7; III. 9. accommodate, suitably, ad meritum, Cic. or. 1, 149; comp. or. 117; sup. fin. 5, 24.

**ac-commodūs**, (ad-cl.) adj. fit, suited, ualles adcommoia frandi, Liv. 11, 522; add Stat. Th. 10, 192; bellis, Stat. silu. 4, 4, 65; labori, Verg. vet. 3, 2.

**ac-congero** in Pl. Truc. 1, 2, 18 read w. A. degressi.

**accorpo**, (ad-cl.) āre, vb. make one flesh or body with, unite closely, sagada carinis accorporatur, Sol. 37, 8;

2. met. damnatorem bona suis, Amm. 16, 8, 11.

**ac-crēdo**, (ad-cl.) ēre, didi, give credit to, believe, Neque diuini neque mi humani posthac quicquam adcreduas, Pl. As. 5, 2, 4; add 3, 3, 37; uix accredens communicari non Dionysio, Cic. Att. 6, 2, 3; facile hoc accredere possis, Lucr. 3, 856; Hor. ep. 1, 15, 25; primo non accreditit, sp. Nep. Dat. 3.

1. **ac-cresco**, (ad-cl.) ēre, ēni, vb. [ad=an up] grow up, rise, increase, Valetudo mihi (ualetudo alone, xss) decreuit, accrescit labor, Plaut. Cure. 2, 1, 4; mons ex sale magnus; quantum demas tantum adcreuit, Cato orig. 28, 8, 1; amicitiam...quae incepta a paruis cum aetate adcreuit simul, Ter. Andr. 3, 3, 7; flumen subito accreuit, Cic. inv. 2, 97; in dies dolores accrescere...sensit, Nep. Att. 21, 4; Inuidia accreuit, Hor. s. 1, 6, 26; iam pectori eius usque adgenerat (ager), Tac. an. 1, 19; prima aestuaria nondum adcrecente unda intrepidi transire, 2, 8; paulatim accrescere (so A. not acc.) incipit, Quint. 1, 2, 1; fama excellenter accrescens, Amm. 14, 10, 14;

2. **ac-cresco**, (ad-cl.) ēre, ēni, vb. [ad to] grow to, attach itself to, be added to, cum dictis factisque...nana accresceret fides, Liv. 1, 54, 2; trimetris accrescere iussit Noua iambeis, Hor. ep. 2, 3, 252; ueteribus negotiis noua adcreuerunt, Plin. ep. 8, 3; 2. esp. in law, si decem ingera alluione adcreuerint, Ulp. dig. 19, 1, 13, 14; ib. 5, 4, 4; fructus donatarum rerum et partus et quod accreuit rei donatae repetere potest, Paul. dig. 12, 4, 12; 3. esp. of an heir passed over in the will but added to the heredes instituti by course of law, praetertiae personae

scriptis heredibus in partem adeseunt, Gai. 2, 124; filia adascendo pro quarta parte fit heres, ib.; quod iure adascendi consequeretur, ff. 126; **4.** gen. become the property of, accrue (to), hence Fr. accroître accrûs, E. accrue. **accrētio**, onis, f. [accresco] increase, lunam accretione et deminutione luminis, Cic. Tusc. 1, 68.

**accubātīle**, is, n. [accubitus] a sofa cover, Treb. Claud. 14, 10.

**accubitus**, onis, f. lying down (as on a sofa), ingressus, cursus, accubitus (al. accubatio), sessio, Cic. N. D. 1, 94; status inaccessus, sessio accubitus (al. accubatio), Cic. off. 1, 128; **2.** esp. at dinner, accubitionem (al. accubationem) epularem, Cic. sen. 45; numerus accubitionum crescebat, Lampr. Al. Sev. 34, 8.

**accubito**, āre, vb. freq. of accubo, Sedul. pr. e. pasch. 1. **accubitorius**? in Petr. 30 read cubitoria.

**accubium**, i, n. a long dining sofa, Lampr. Hel. 19, 9; add Schol. Iuv. 5, 17.

**accubitus**, ūs, m. reclining (on a sofa) at table, Stat. Ach. 1, 110; The. 1, 714; Isid. or. 20, 11.

**accūbo**, (ad-c.) āre, vb. lie near, cadum Qui nunc Sulpicii accubat horreis, Hor. od. 4, 12, 18; theatrum Tarpeio monti accubans, Suet. Iul. 44; **2.** esp. recline (on a sofa at dinner), Quid si apud te euenat (so Herm. c.) desubito prandium aut potatio... ubi ego tunc accubem? Pl. Bac. 1, 1, 48; accubantis potantis, Pl. Ps. 1, 1, 25; add Men. 2, 3, 17; Amph. 2, 2, 169 and 172; morem hunc epularum fuisse ut qui accubarent, enervent uirorum laudes, Cic. Tusc. 4, 3; accubantes in conuiuiis, Cic. Cat. 2, 10; **3.** also concubitus causa, see accumbo, to which accubitus and accubium more strictly belong.

**accubō**, adv. recliningly, mea uoluptas usque eo assiduo. D. Immo accubō maueam, Pl. Truc. 2, 4, 68, a word invented after assiduo.

**ac-cūdo**, ere, vb. [ad] stamp or coin in addition, Tris minas accendere etiam possum ut triginta sient, Pl. Merc. 2, 3, 96.

**accumbitorius**, (ad-c.) i, n. [accumbo] a room perh. for ferules cenae attached to a grave, C. Plarius... cessit... libertas suae... adeumbitorium cum conditibus (=conditio), inscr. Or. 4511.

**ac-cumbo**, (ad-c.) āre, cubi, cubitum, vb. [ad=an up cf. *anaxipal*] take a place on a couch so as to lie with the upper body raised, esp. at meals; take a seat (at table), Cena appostat, conueniat mecum, ego accubui simul, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 172; accumbere igitur, cedo aquam manibus, puere, appone hic mensulam, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 150; ipsa accumbere mecum, Ter. Eun. 3, 3, 9; Lacedaemonii qui cotidiana epulis in robore accumbunt, Cic. Mur. 74; sic uixit ut muliebria cotidie conuiuia essent, uir accumberet nemo praeter ipsum, Cic. Verr. 5, 51; tu das epulis accumbere diuini, Verg. 1, 83; cenatum apud regem est et eodem lecto Scipio atque Hannibal accubuerunt, Liv. 28, 18, 5;—but in old time they sat on chairs says Serv. ad A. 1, 83 referring to A. 1, 76; and still longer so (pudoris causa) ladies (and goddesses), cf. Val. M. 2, 1, 2; **2.** w. scorta (et cenae et lubricis causa), equidem (sc. Bacchis) pol tecum accubam, Pl. Bac. 5, 2, 75; Amice (so Scil., mss amica) uter utrui accubamus? Pl. St. 5, 4, 19 and 5, 5, 9; **3.** w. acc., No cum tyranno quisquam epulandi gratia Accumbat mensam, Acc. 218 R; paulo maturius lectum accubens (al. accubans), Apul. M. 5, 6; mensulam accubueram, 2, 11; cenam, 9, 22 f.; mensam 10, 17; Frandi potant scortum accubui, Pl. Men. 3, 2, 11; Potant autem accubui scortum, 5, 9, 82; potesque et scortum accubas, Bac. 5, 2, 71; **4.** met. Man. 5, 426.

**ac-cūmūlātē**, (accumulo), onis,

**ac-cūmūlatio**, (ad-c.) onis, f. heaping up, as earth around a tree, Plin. 17, 246.

**ac-cūmūlātor**, (ad-c.) ōris, m. one who heaps up, opum, Tac. an. 3, 30.

**ac-cūmūlo**, (ad) āre, vb. heap up, accumulate, auget addit accumulā (pecuniam), Cic. Agr. 2, 59; Confertus ita acernatim mors accumulabat, Lucr. 6, 1263; Maximus hic factis accumulatur honos, Ov. P. 2, 122; **2.** w. acc. of that

on which a heap is added, often w. abl. of the thing added, load w. a heap of, cap. complete, Virtutes generis meis moribus accumulauit, CIL 38, eadem caede accumulans, Lucr. 3, 71; animamque nepotis His saltem adaccumulē donis, Verg. 6, 886; tanta accumulata praecordia leto Vulneribus uirum, Sil. 2, 336; primordia tanta Accumula peribus factis, 11, 257; pedibus tibi gloria miles Parta ingens: nunc accumulā cepta ardua dextra, 15, 654; curas meas, 18, Ov. ep. Sapph. 70; **3.** esp. cover the lower stem of a tree or plant w. earth, earth up, radices, Plin. 17, 139; uineas, 18, 230; arbores, 18, 295; ipsos (raphanos), 19, 83; **4.** hence in pass. adaccumulatur germinatio terra, 17, 124; **5.** in Plin. 4, 5 and 9, 14 Del. reads adtumulo or attumulo but mss vary; **11.** 6. accumulate, with heaped measure, omnia prolixae accumulatae pollicetur, Apul. M. 10, 27; accumulatisime, Corn. 1 f.; but in Cic. fam. 13, 42 cumulatissime.

**accūtrātio**, onis, f. carefulness, Cic. Brut. 238; Veg. vet. 1, 56, 35.

**ac-cūro**, (ad-c.) āre, vb. take all care of, look well after, Si quam rem accurus sobrie aut frugaliter, Solet illa recte sum (pro sub) manus succedere, Pl. Pers. 3, 1, 1; add Epid. 4, 1, 39; si hoc adeurasis lepide, Pl. Pers. 3, 1, 65; add Ps. 4, 1, 31; quo magis omnis res cautius ne temere faciam adeuro, Ter. Hec. 5, 1, 12; melius accurantur quae consilio geruntur, Cic. inv. 1, 58; uictus accurandus est, Colum. 12, pr. 2. **11.** 2. accuratus, part. as adv. accurate, elaborate, finished, careful, accuratus dicendi genus, Cic. Brut. 283; accuratissima diligentia, Cic. Att. 7, 3, 1; **3.** accurate, adv. elaborately, with all care, Ter. Andr. 3, 2, 14; Cic. Brut. 86; cf. Cic. rep. 1, 19; sup. fam. 5, 17, 2.

**ac-curro**, ere, curri and cucurri, cursum, vb. run up to, hurry or hasten to, make all haste to, gallop up to; Ibi me inelamat Alcumena... adeuro ut scissem quid uelit, Pl. Amph. 5, 1, 17; Men. 5, 8, 5 etc.; opinor propter praedes suos (Autonium) accurrisse, Cic. Att. 12, 18, 7; is si accierit, accurram, 13, 48, 1; 15, 3, 1; accurrissē Romam, Cic. off. 3, 112; Considius equo admissio ad eum accurrit, Caes. b. g. 1, 22; addecurrit, Tac. h. 3, 12; but in Petr. 139 accurrit; **2.** w. acc. alone, satis trepida me accurrit, Apul. M. 3, 21; aulam, Paul. Nol. S. Fel. 10, 112; **3.** pass. impers., accurritur ab universis, Tac. an. 1, 21; **4.** met. of the mind, istae imagines... simul atque uelutis, accurrant, Cic. div. 2, 138.

**accursus**, (ad-c.) ūs, m. running to, populi, Tac. an. 4, 41 f.; militum, Val. M. 6, 8, 40; Sil. 15, 604; Stat. Th. 6, 511.

**accūsābilis**, e, adj. deserving to be prosecuted, turpitudine, Cic. Tusc. 4, 75.

**accusatio**, onis, f. prosecution (by law), accusation, charge, accusatio crimen desiderat... maledictio nihil habet propositi praeter contumeliam, C. Cael. 6; iudicii ratio ex accusatione et ex defensione constat, Cic. off. 2, 49; accusationem facit, Cic. Brut. 130; comparare, constituere, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 2; instruire, Tac. an. 2, 74; exsequi, 4, 110; capessere, 4, 52; **2.** a speech in accusation, Plin. 7, 29.

**accūsātīus**, adj. m. as sb. (cas. accus), accusative case, Varr. 1, 8, 38 (so Flor.); accusatiui geminatione facta amphibolia, soluitur ablatiui, ut illud Lachetem audiui perquisisse Demeam fiat a Lachete perquisum Demeam, Quint. 7, 9, 10; add Char. 17, 7 K; Dion. 301, 36.

**accūsātor**, ōris, m. accuser, prosecutor, Cic. Brut. 130 and 136; Cic. Cael. 29; Verr. 2, 1, 74; Liv. 8, 32, 9; Tac. an. 4, 59.

**accūsātōrius**, adj. of an accuser or accusation, artificium, Cic. Rose. Am. 49; animus, Cic. Clu. 11; ius, Flac. 13; spiritus, Liv. 2, 61, 7; uox, 45, 10, 8; **2.** accusatorie, adv. in the spirit of an accuser, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 176; 2, 3, 164; Liv. 40, 12, 6.

**accūsātū**, ūs, icis, f. [accusator] accuser, Ego te uolui castigare, tu mihi accusatrix, Pl. As. 3, 1, 12; Plin. ep. 10, 59 (67); Trai. ad Plin. 6, 60 (68).

**accūsātū**, āre, vb. freq. heap accusing, Nihil crit quod deorum illum accusetis, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 23.

**ac-cūso**, āre, vb. [causa] charge criminally, prosecute, accuse, queneue k(alumniae) praueuacationis causa ac-



eussasse \*fecisse quod iudicatum est, CIL 206, 120; Pol ego te ut accusarem (so Brix, miss accusum) meditar, Pl. Aul. 3, 6, 14; sescenti qui inter scarios et de beneficiis accusabat, Cic. Rose. Am. 90; add 13; ambitus, Cic. Cacl. 16; suis cum propriis criminibus accusabo, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 43; rei capitalis, 2, 2, 68; 2. beyond legal sphere, call to account, accuse, blame, censure, si ille quid deliquit, Multo tanto illum accusabo quam te accusavi amplius, Pl. Most. 5, 2, 49; add Tr. 1, 2, 59 etc.; Cotidie accusabam: hem tibi haec diuiti Licere speras facere, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 50; non committam ut me accusare de epistularum negligentia possis, Cic. Att. 1, 6, 1; me tibi excuso in eo ipso in quo te accuso, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 2, 1; incepturum atque accusare reliquos Belgas qui se populo R. dedissent, Caes. b. g. 2, 15 f.; 3. so far w. acc. of pers.; also of offence, fidem, Pl. Merc. 2, 3, 86; desperationem, Cic. fam. 6, 1, 5; luxuriam, Cacl. 29; populi culpam, Planc. 9; molitium scordicium auri, Sal. Iug. 70, 5; naturae infirmitas accusatur, ib. 1, 4; 4. w. acc. of pers. and of pron., si id non me accusas, Pl. Trin. 96; cf. Ter. Ph. 914; 5. w. quod; accusare senatum quod in eo auxilii nihil esset, Sal. Cat. 40, 3; Lysandrum accusant quod sacerdotibus corrumpere conatus esset, ps. Nep. Lys. 3, 3; 6. w. acc. and inf., accusantibus Cyrenensibus uiolatum ab eo thesaurum, Tac. an. 14, 18; 7. accusandi casus, Varr. l. 8, 37 accusative case.

**ācentētus**, adj. sine puncto, Plin. 37, 28; Fronto fer. Als. 3, p. 224 last l. Naber.

**ācer**, ēre, vb. (=ae-esco) become sour, Cato r. 148. **ācer**, ēris, f. maple tree, arbor similissima acris, Plin. 16, 67; acer arbor huius acris quod Solinus protulit, Prisc. 1, 80, 22 K; excipitur haec acer, 1, 151, 2; 2. n. maple wood, maple, acerque coloribus impar, Ov. M. 10, 95; at nuper uile fuisse acer, Ov. M. 1, 11, 28; acer operum elegantia citro secundum, Plin. 16, 66; trichlinia aere optata, 33, 146.

**āc-er**, acris, ācre, adj. [ac root, cf. ac-us, ac-idus] sharp, nullum contemptu (mortis telum)...ad uincendum acris, Liv. 21, 44 f.; id erit telum aerumum, poet. ap. Cic. fam. 7, 16, 1; 2. hence met. of taste, sour, acid, sicut acetum Aegyptium acer, Cic. ex. Non. 240, 42; nimis acres umores, Cic. N. D. 2, 59; acetum ex (scilla) uel certe acer sorbere, cibus acer ut lac cum alio acetum, Cels. 4, 10 (4, 4); mel ex dulci acer, Plin. 11, 39 (between sweet and sour), acetum, 26, 21; dulcibus cibis acres acetosus miscerem, Plin. ep. 7, 3, 5; 3. of scent, sharp, piercing, intense, unguentis acerrima suauitate conditis, Cic. or. 3, 99; nix narihus acres Ire canes, Ov. M. 7, 806; acridi odore (stymceis), Plin. 12, 80; 4. of sight, sharp, bright, populi Romani aures hebetiores, oculos esse acres atque acutos, Cic. Plane. 66; aerumum ex omnibus sensibus esse sensum uidendi, Cic. or. 2, 357; acrior est oculorum quam aurium sensus, Quint. 11, 2, 34; acrioribus oculis, 2, 10, 6; 5. and so of colour, bright, Praeterea splendor quicumque est acris addit, Lucr. 4, 304; flamma, 5, 906; splendor, rubor, Sen. N. C. 1, 14, 2; 6. of hearing, sharp, piercing, shrill, harsh, loud, flammæ sonitus, Verg. G. 4, 409; tibia, Hor. ap. l. 12, 1; uox Demetri inuendit, illius acrior, Quint. 11, 3, 178; hinnitus, Sil. 4, 96; clamor, 9, 362; 7. of touch or feeling, sharp, piercing, strong, fierce, intensely hot or cold, dolor corporis cuius esse morsus acerrimus, Cic. Tusc. 3, 61; potentia solis Acrior, Verg. G. 1, 93; Hor. s. 1, 6, 125; acrole, Plin. 14, 77; non acri familia (gentle, slow), Ov. M. 8, 667; acriorem ingenium, Colum. 12, 19, 9; acriorem hiemem (met.), Pl. Tr. 2, 3, 7; Soluitur acris hieps, Hor. od. 1, 4, 1; 8. met. of mind, first of persons, sharp, severe, stern, savage, uoxorem aerumum, Pl. Merc. 4, 4, 56; Baec, 3, 1, 1; As, 3, 1, 6; Lenem patrem illum factum me esse aerumum, Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 32; Sunt quibus in satira uideor nimis acer, Hor. s. 2, 1, 1; 9. in a good sense, sharp, eager, energetic, resolute, determined, bold, aduersarius, Cic. ac. 1, 12; equum Caesare acriorem in rebus gerendis audisti, Cic. fam. 8, 15, 1; defensor, ib. 1, 1, 2; ipse acer, bellicosus, Sal. Iug. 20, 2; add 43, 1; Liv. 26, 26, 11; 27, 34, 2 etc.; bellis acer Halesus, Verg. 10, 411; 10. of animals, bold, spirited, equus, Verg. 4, 156; canis, Hor. epod. 12, 6; aper, ib. 2, 31; 11. gen.

mala acra, Pl. Bac. 4, 3, 14; morbus, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 119; egestas, Lucr. 3, 65; ira, 5, 399; iudicia, Cic. Rose. Am. 11; incautus, Cic. or. 3, 106; uerborum granitas, Cic. off. 1, 136; dolor, Verg. 7, 291; inuidia, Hor. s. 1, 3, 60; uis, epod. 7, 13; sicut gloria ita paenitentia, Tac. h. 3, 51; discernim, Tac. an. 15, 3; 12. w. gen., acer bolli inuiculis, Vell. 1, 3, 1; Vespasianus acer militiae, Tac. h. 2, 5; 13. w. iuf., Sil. 3, 338, metiri, extendere; 14. acris as m. in old L., bonus repente In campo passim mollissimus perculit acris, Enn.—so at least Prisc. 1, 153, 16 K, but is the text sound? 15. acer as f., Aestatem autumnus sequitur, post acer biemps (fervit), Prisc. ib., Serv. ad A. 6, 685; acer fames, Naev. ap. Serv. ib.; 16. acer, acra, acrum in old L. as aerum, Mat. Il. 15 ap. Char. 117, 13 K; ex nimis acra dulcem (radicem), Pall. 9, 5, 3; aerum, Plin. Val. 2, 45; 17. Fr. aigre, E. eager; vin-aigre, vin-egar; cf. mācer, maigre, meager.

**ācērātos**, adj. without horns, aceratōe (note the Gr. form) coeleae, Plin. 30, 46.

**ācērātus**, adj. mixed with chaff, coennum, Lucil. ap. Non. 445, 23; aeratum=lutum cum palcis mixtum, Paul. ex F. 20 M.

**ācerbītās**, ātis, f. sour bitterness (as of unripe fruit), fructus magna acerbitate permixtos, Cic. Plane. 92 (met.); si legatur maturitas cum acerbitate (ripe w. unripe grapes), Pall. 3, 9, 12; 2. of foul air, halitus letalis... quae lues... terras circumstant inhabitabiles acerbitate fecisset, Amm. 23, 6, 17; 3. met. bitterness, at monitio acerbitate caret, Cic. am. 89; morum, Cic. Phil. 12, 26; sueritatem...probo, acerbitem nullo modo, Cic. sen. 65 f.; 4. in pl., in meis acerbitatibus (litter troubles), Cic. Plane. 101; Cic. Cat. 4, 1; Tac. an. 2, 71.

**ācerbītādō**, inis, f.=acerbitas, Gell. 13, 3, 2.

**ācerbo**, āre, vb. (acerbus) make bitter, gaudia, Stat. Th. 12, 75; 2. embitter (what was already bad), aggravate, crimen, Verg. 11, 407; Claud. rapit. Pr. 2, 208; nefas, Stat. Th. 3, 214; mortem, Val. F. 6, 65.

**ācerbus**, adj. [acer+?] sour, bitter, unripe, in melle sunt linguae sitae nostrae... Facta in felle...atque acerbo aceto, Pl. Truc. 1, 2, 77; Neptuni corpus aerbum, Lucr. 2, 472; saporum genera xiii reperitur, dulcis...accerbus acutus salsus, Plin. 15, 106; oleum quam acerbissima olina optatum fieri, 15, 21; Nondum matura est, nolo acerbum sumere, Plin. 4, 3, 4; 2. met. first of hearing, sharp, piercing, harsh, serae stridentis aerbum Horrorem, Lucr. 2, 410; uocem acerbissimam, Corn. 4, 60; uoce acerbissima remigibus modos dantem, Sen. ep. 50, 5; uox inanis acerba pusilla, Quint. 11, 3, 32; add 11, 3, 169; 3. met. aerbum frigus, like our bitter cold, Hor. ep. 1, 17, 53; 4. from unripe fruit, uirgo, Varr. ap. Non.; Et peus ante diem partus edebat aerbos, Ov. F. 4, 647; ut neque destringeret immatura frons et quicquid esset albus aerbum proferatur, Quint. 12, 6, 2 (of a young orator); text in Cic. prov. cons. 34 dub.; 5. esp. of death of the young, Cn. Taracius Cn. f. uixit a. xx...Eheu heu Taracii ut acerbo esse delitus fatus: Non aucto exacto uita est traditus morti, CIL 1202; C. Turpidius...a. xvi...Quous fatum aerbum populus indigne tulit, 1422; Aerbum funus filiae faciet, si tē carendum, Pl. As. 3, 3, 5; Infantumque animae...quos...Abstulit atra dies et funere mersit acerbo, Verg. 6, 429; mihi uidetur acerba semper et immatura mors eorum qui immortale aliquid parant, Plin. ep. 5, 5, 4; 6. gen. bitter, painful, cruel, Neque sexta aerumna acerbiore Herculi quam illa mihi obiecit, Pl. Ep. 2, 1, 10; add Rud. 3, 3, 24; Mil. 4, 1, 1; poenas, Cic. agr. 2, 92; uexatio, Cic. Cat. 4, 2; supplicium, 4, 12; in rebus acerbis, Lucr. 3, 53; mors quamuis matura tamen acerba M. Furii, Liv. 7, 1, 8; 7. of man, bitter, sour, illgrained, morose, acerbissimos hostes, Cic. Cat. 4, 13; acerbo e Zenonis schola exire, Cic. N. D. 3, 77; habere insanis acerbus, Hor. s. 1, 3, 85; in partu mater acerba suos, Ov. F. 2, 624; H. 8. adv. acerbē, bitterly, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 46 etc.; comp. Suet. Tib. 25; sup. Caes. b. c. 1, 2, 8.

**ācer-n-eus**, adj. of maple, pocula, Venant. ep. 1 ad Greg.

**ācer-nus**, adj. of maple, trabibus contextus acernis.

Verg. 2, 112; mensa, Hor. s. 2, S, 10; Ov. M. 12, 254.

**acēros**, adj. (acus, acris) full of chaff, rugas concudere ventri Farre aceroso, Lucil. ap. Non. 445, 18; panis non sine paleis acerosus dicitur, Paul. ex F. p. 187.

**acerra**, ae, f. incense-chest, xii tab. ap. Cic. leg. 2, 60; Farre pio et plena supplex veneratur acerra, Verg. 5, 748; turis plena, Hor. od. 3, 8, 2; Ov. F. 4, 93; M. 13, 703; Pont. 4, 8, 39; acerrae (ferentes) tunc et uno fecerunt, inq. fr. Arv. 41, 31, Or. 2271; (acerra) = arcula thuraria ubi tunc reponitur, Paul. ex F. 18; 2. = ara quae ante mortuum ponit solabit, in qua odores incensebant, id.

3. a Roman surname, Mart. 1, 28; 4. Acerrae, pl., a town of Campania on the Clanius, Verg. G. 2, 224.

**Acerranus**, adj. of the town Acerrae, Liv. 23, 17, 1. **acērescōmēs**, ae, m. with unshorn hair (esp. of Apollo, Il. 20, 39), Liv. 8, 128.

**acēruālis**, e, adj. [acerruus] of a heap, transl. of *σπυρῆς*, Cic. div. 2, 11.

**acēruūm**, adv. in heaps, Lucr. 6, 1263; Varr. r. 1, 38, 1; Colum. 9, 13, 4; 2. met. of words, ac, reliqua dicam, Cic. Cl. 30 (summarily); ac, multa frequentans, Cic. or. 85; haec tunc cum singulis gentibus, mox ac, Flor. 1, 12.

**acēruū**, ōnis, f. heaping up, saporum, Plin. 11, 282.

**acēruo**, āre, vb. [acerrus] heap together, aliarum super alias acerratarum legum cumulo, Liv. 3, 34, 6; acerratis bulbis, Plin. 21, 109; acerrantur muricium modo, 32, 95 (cluster together); panicum praedens acerrantur graminis, 18, 53; 2. met. of words, lump together, plura iudicque ac, 26, 21; verba, Quint. 9, 3, 47.

**acerruus**, i, m. [ac pointed, root ac + ?] heap, ut acerruus ex graminis (efficitur), Cic. Tusc. 5, 45; corpore, Cic. Cat. 3, 24; pecuniae, agr. 2, 59; farris, Verg. G. 1, 185; stragis, Verg. 6, 504; lignorum, inser. Or. 642; 2. met. acerruus, Cic. Nat. 76; curarum, Ann. 20, 2, 8; 3. esp. the form of argument sorted, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 47; Pers. 6, 80; cf. Cic. ac. 2, 39; div. 2, 11.

**ac-esco**, cre, ui, ctus, vb. turn sour, Sincerum est nisi nas quodcumque infundis accedit, Hor. ep. 1, 2, 54; add Plin. 7, 64; 11, 118; 20, 147; si unum acuit, Ulp. dig. 18, 1, 9, 2; 18, 6, 1; 2. met. tot tribulis ructantibus accedit aer, Tert. apol. 39; alarum specibus accescitibus, Sid. Ap. ep. 3, 12.

**acēsis**, is, f. a sort of borax? Plin. 33, 92.

**acētābulum**, i, n. [acetum] a cup (orig. for vinegar), uasa argentea veluti acetabula trullas, Ulp. dig. 34, 2, 9, 2; 2. gen. a cup or small hollow bowl, as a juggler's cup, praestigatorum, Sen. ep. 45, 8; 3. in plants, urtica nescitur acetabulis in flore purpuream lanuginem fundentibus, Plin. 21, 92; 18, 245; 20, 58; 4. snaker of cuttle fish, ib. 9, 80 and 93; 5. cup or acetabulum of thigh-bone, 28, 179; 6. a measure, acetabuli mensura significat heminae quartam, i.e. draclmas xv, Plin. 21, 185; melanthii, Cato r. 102; coriandri, Cels. 5, 18; mellis, 5, 24, 2; salis, Plin. 18, 73; liquaminis, Apic. S. 333.

**acētāre** = agitare, Plin. ex F. 23.

**acētā-rius**, adj. [acetum] fit for salads, as acetaria (se. holera), Plin. 19, 58; 20, 212.

**acētascō**, ēre, vb. [acetum] turn sour, Apul. herb. 3.

**acētum**, i, n. [part. n. of acesco as sb.] (se. unum) vinegar, Cato r. 110; hic rex cum aceto pransurus et sale sine bono pulmento, Pl. Rud. 4, 2, 32; acetum Aegyptium, Cic. Hort. ap. Non. 240, 32; acre acetum, Hor. s. 2, 3, 117; 2. met. Equid habet is homo aceti in pectore? Atque acedissini, Pl. Ps. 2, 4, 49 (of wit); Lac. 3, 1; 3. also of sour temper, Pl. True. 1, 2, 77; of cutting wit and remarks, Hor. s. 1, 7, 32; Pers. 5, 86; 4. acetum mulsum, Cato r. 157, 6; oxymel; 5. in melle quod per se fluxit, appellatur acetum, Plin. 11, 38; cf. Lobbeck act. soc. Gr. 2, 301.

**Acheron**, ōntis (Acheruns, ōntis Plaut.) m. [Ἀχέρων, ōntis the gloomy? from *avei yapas* says Serv. A. 6, 106; cf. Liv. 8, 24, 11] a river of Epirus, Liv. 8, 4, 3; Plin. 4, 6; 2. a river of the Butti, Plin. 3, 73; also called Acheros (= Acherous), Liv. 8, 24, 11; 3. a river of the infernal regions, ostio alte (alti?) Acheruntis, poet. ap. Cic. Tusc.

1, 37; et illi qui fluere apud inferos dicuntur Acheron... di putandi, Cic. N. D. 3, 43; trauectio Acherontis, Cic. Tusc. 1, 10; tenebrosa palus Acheronte refuso, Verg. 6, 107; Acherontis ad undas, 6, 295 and inser. Or. 1173; 4. as the god-king of the infernal regions, Censetur census ad Acheruntis mortuos, Pl. Tr. 2, 4, 93; Flectere si nequeo superos Acheronta mouebo, Verg. 7, 312; ut eum suo sanguine si posset ab Acherunte cuperent redimere, ps. Nep. 10f.; 5. the infernal regions, hell, Apagae, Acheruntis ostium in nostros agro, Pl. Tr. 2, 4, 124; Acheruntum nunc obibo, Enn. tr. 278 V; Adsum atque aduenio Acherunte uix uia alta atque ardua, poet. ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 37; ne forte animas Acherunte reanur Effugere, Lucr. 4, 37; 6. hence as w. names of towns, Acheruntum to A. Acherunt in A., Certumst. Hunc Acheruntum praemittam primus, Pl. Cas. 2, 8, 12; add Most. 2, 2, 68 and prob. 77; Poen. 4, 2, 9; Si neque hic neque Acheruntis sum, ubi sum? Nusquam gentium, Pl. Merc. 3, 4, 21; add Capt. 3, 5, 31 and 5, 4, 1; True. 4, 2, 36; Poen. 1, 3, 22; 7. as a town Acheruntis is fem., nulla adhaerescit Acheruns, Pl. Capt. 5, 4, 2; 8. in the old drama the a is gen. perh. always long: e.g. out of 20 times in Plautus 14 certain; one prob. Cas. 2, 1, 12; in Truc. 4, 2, 36 and Most. 2, 2, 77 text dub.; of the 3 left, all in the Poen., for ad Acheruntum pr. 71 and ab Acherunte 1, 2, 131 we may read Acheruntum and Acherunte; so that there is left only quodvis gens ibi hominum uidetur quasi Acheruntum ueneris, 4, 2, 9, which is doubtful; see quasi.

**Acherontēus**, adj. [Acheron] of Acheron, Claud. R. Pr. 2, 351. **Acherontia**, f. a town in Apulia, now Acerenza, Hor. od. 3, 4, 14. **Acheront-icus** [Acheron] of Acheron, sacra, Prud. Cath. 5, 127; Serv. ad A. S. 399 of the ars haruspica. Cf. Acheruntius.

**Acheront-ini**, ōrum, m. pl. the people living near the r. Acheron of the Butti, Plin. 3, 73. **Acherōs**, see Acheron § 2. **Acherūs**, see Acheron. **Acherunsius**, see Acherunsius.

**Acherant-icus**, adj. [Acheron] of Acheron, Regiones colere mandellum Acherunticas, Pl. Bac. 2, 2, 21; 2. of one so old that he seems to have come from the grave or other world, Pl. Merc. 2, 2, 19; Trin. 2, 4, 124.

**Acherunt-inus**, adj. of the Acheron, an epithet of Hercules, inser. Or. 1552.

**Acherusis**, ilis, adj. f. as sb. [Ἀχέρων] of Acheron, name of a cavern in Bithynia, Val. F. 5, 73. Cf. Acherusius, last ex.

**Acherusius**, (unsius) adj. [Acheron] of Acheron, templa Orcl. Enn. tr. 107 V; Lucr. 1, 120; uita, 3, 1023; aqua, Liv. 8, 24, 2; specus, Plin. 6, 4.

**Achilles**, is or i, m. (Ἀχιλλεύς, dor. Ἀχιλλῆς) the son of Peleus and Thetis, n. besides Achilles, Pl. Mil. 1, 1, 61; Verg. 1, 472; Achilleus, inser. Grut. 669, 6; g. besides Achillis, Verg. 2, 475; Achillei, Hor. od. 1, 15, 34; epod. 17, 14; Achilli, Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 14; Verg. 3, 87; ac. besides Achillem, Cic. N. D. 3, 45; Achilven, Pl. 4, 462; Achilleā, Luc. 10, 523; in Prop. 5 (4), 11, 40. Quoque uas proquo fregit Achille domos, Lucina, sees no vocative; abla. besides Achille, Achilli, Praenina nec Chiron ab Achilli talia cepit, Ov. Pont. 3, 3, 43; 2. Achilles is the form in CIL 1500; 3. so a single l and short i is required by metre in: Mitte nam ut occidi Achilles cuius passus est, Pl. Mil. 4, 7, 6; Achilem oratio aurum mihi dat Hector qui expensis fuit, Merc. 2, 4, 20; Achilem Aristarchi mihi commentari libet, Pl. Poen. pr. 1; and so Bothe, but xss have ll, as Pl. has in Mil. 1, 1, 63; 4, 2, 63 and Bac. 4, 9, 14; cf. the double forms Ἀχιλλεύς and Ἀχιλλῆς.

**achilis**, is, f. clx, Plin. 8, 39, one w. alcis of Caes. b. g. 6, 27.

**achōra**, ae, f. [ἀχῖρος, ἄχωρ ὁπος] chaff, hence in pl. scurf, Pruritum achoras maculae cutis fugat omnes (se. organum), Macer de Herb. cap. de Organo et de Malua; Sic turpes achoras pelles furfurisque nocuum (se. malua), id.

**achras** (pirus), ἄκρῃς or ἄκρος, f. (αχρας) wild pear-tree, Colum. 7, 9, 6; Achradōs aut pruni, 10, 15; add 10, 250.

**acia**, ac, f. [acus needle?] thread, reliqui acus aciasque ero atque cras nostrae, Titin. ap. Non. 4, 22 (v. 5 ap. Ribbeck, com.); (sutura) ex acia molli, Cels. 5, 26, 23, p. 191, 36 D; acia rufa, Marc. Emp. 2; 2. prov. of the minutest things, ab acia et acu mi omnia exposuit, Petr. 76 f.

**1 aciārium**, adj. as sb. n. (acus) needle-case, = ῥαφιδόθηκη, Gloss.

**2 aciārium**, adj. as sb. n. (acies) steel edge or point, = στρογγύλη, Gloss.

**aciula**, see aculea.

**Acidinus**, a surname, L. Manlius A., inser. Grut. 293.

**aciditas**, atis, f. sourness, acidity, Marc. Emp. 20.

**acidulus**, adj. dim. slightly sour, aqua, Plin. 2, 230: sapor, 15, 54.

**acidus**, adj. sour, acetum acidissimum, Pl. Ps. 2, 4, 49: sorba, Verg. G. 3, 380; inulae, Hor. s. 2, 2, 44; sapor, Plin. 15, 106; lac, 28, 135; caseus, 28, 132; 2. acida creta, as a co-metic, Mart. 7, 93, 9; 3. met. sour, grating, harsh, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 64; lingua, Sen. cont. 5, 34; canticum, Petr. 31; sonus acidior, ib. 68.

**acieris**, securis aerea qua in sacrificiis utebantur sacerdotes, Paul. ex F. 10 = ἀξὺρ ἱεροφάντων, cf. ἱλατορ, Gloss.

**acies**, ei, f. [root ac] sharp edge or point, gladium, Pl. Truc. 2, 6, 11; securium, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 13 (if not spur); fulcis, Verg. G. 2, 2, 365; ferri, A. 2, 333; hastae, Ov. M. 3, 107; rostri, Plin. 11, 180; (colotes) aqua trabentes aciem acerrimo effectus, 36, 165; cotinus oleo aciem fulcis excitantibus, 18, 206; acies ferri praestringitur, 7, 64; securium aciem non hebetat, 37, 112; oleo delicatior fiat acies, 34, 146; 2. steel being used as now for edge and point (ad densanda incisus malleorumque rostra, Plin. 34, 144) acies came to mean steel; neque alia genera ferri quam Sericum Particumque ex mera acie temperantur, Plin. 34, 145; 3. met. of the eye, acies ipsa qua cernimus quae pupula noceat, Cic. N. D. 2, 142; bonum inculcans acies, misera caecitas, Cic. fin. 5, 84; tanta tenuitas ut fugiat aciem, Cic. Tusc. 1, 50; add fin. 4, 65; ne ultimum quidem atque aciem oculorum ferre potuisse, Caes. b. g. 1, 39, 1; eipit ipsa pupula (so mis for pupula) at te sibi dirigere aciem, Cat. 63, 56; 4. hence in poetry, the eye; huc geminas nunc flecte acies, Verg. 6, 789; huc atque huc acies circumtulit, 12, 558; then of the mind, intellegentia est mentis acies, Cic. Hort. frag. 86; si (humani animi) acies ita curata est ut ne caecaretur erroribus, Cic. Tusc. 5, 39; praestringere aciem mentis (dazzle it), Cic. div. 1, 61; ille (animus) cui obtusior sit acies, Cic. sen. 3, 11; illi ut oculorum sic ingeni aciem, leg. 1, 60; mentis intentio et velut acies luminum, Quint. 11, 2, 10; 5. other met. patitur hebescere aciem horum auctoritatis, Cic. Cat. 1, 4; Nam neque tum stellis acies obtusa videtur, Verg. G. 1, 395; 6. esp. a line of soldiers in array, an army in array, Hostis unos rapere soleo ex acie, Pl. Ps. 2, 2, 60; pugnantem in acie, Cure. 4, 4, 19; tu actionem instituis, ille aciem instruit, Cic. Mur. 22; acies est instructa a nobis XII cohortum, fam. 10, 30, 2; statuit non proelis neque acie bellum gerendum, Sal. Jug. 54, 5; agmina magis quam acies pugnant, Liv. 25, 34, 9; 7. hence gen. field of battle, non sentiunt nisi fortis in acie volnera, Cic. Tusc. 2, 58; quae agenda sunt in foro tamquam in acie possunt praescribere, Cic. or. 1, 147; in acie cecidissent, Liv. 29, 3, 2; 8. an army was drawn up in several lines; triplici instructa acie, Caes. b. g. 1, 51, 1; tertiam aciem, 1, 52, 7; 9. of a fleet, line of battle; classis at utriusque in proelium deducitur, quarum acie constituta, ps. Nep. Han. 11, 1; nauali acie, Frontin. strat. 2, 5; 10. met. orationis aciem contra conferam, Pl. Ep. 4, 1, 20; iam si in aciem dimicationemque venianus, Cic. or. 42; ad philosophos ne reuocas qui in aciem non saepe prodeunt, Cic. Tusc. 2, 60; 11. a gen. acii in Matus ap. Gell. 9, 14, 14; also acie in Sal. hist. ap. Prisc. 366, 11.

**Acies**, see Achilles.

**Acinānus**, adj. of Acilius, annales, Liv. 25, 39, 12.

**Acilius**, a Roman gens, as M. Acilius M. f. on a denar.,

CIL 326; Proximus eiusdem probabat Acilius aeti, Iuv. 4, 94; as adj. Acilia lex, Verr. 1, 51.

**acina**, see acinus.

**acinācēs**, is, m. [ακινάκης, from Pers. āhen-ek, dim. of āhen, iron] a Persian dagger, Medus a. Hor. od. 1, 27, 5; Curt. 3, 3, 18 (3, 8); Val. F. 7, 601; Tac. an. 12, 51.

**acināceus**, adj. (ius) [acinus] made of raisins; hence acinaceum (sc. vinum) as sb. n., a sort of raisin wine, Pall. 1, 6, 9 (al. acinaticum); Cass. var. 12, 4 (al. acinaticum or acinaticum).

**acinārius**, adj. of grapes, uasa, Varr. r. r. 1, 22.

**acināticus**, adj. of raisins, hence acinaticum (sc. vinum) as sb. n., raisin wine, Ulp. dig. 33, 6, 9; αἰνῶδες acinaticum Gloss.

**ācinos**, i (ακινος), f. basil-thyme, Plin. 21, 174.

**ācinōsus**, adj. full of clusters or berries, a. canlis, Plin. 21, 109, but in 12, 40 read racemissimus and in 12, 47 acinorum.

**ācinus**, i, m. [plur. acini and acina] a single berry in a cluster (and so opposed to uua, the whole cluster, and to nucleus, the stone); esp. of the vine, si qua acina corrupta erunt, purgato, Cato r. 112, 2; acinorum folliculi, Varr. r. 1, 54, 3; terra quae ex acini umacco tantos truncos procreet, Cic. sen. 52; cum expresseris uinacea (the stones) quae acinis celantur, Colum. 11, 2, 69; nuclei acinorum, Plin. 23, 13; 2. a berry in a cluster on other plants as sambuci, Plin. 24, 52, hederae 77.

**ācipenser**, eris, m. a kind of sturgeon (according to Cuvier, Règne Anim. the A. Ruthenus of Linn., only two feet long), a dish prized at Rome from early times; Cenasti in uita nunquam bene cum omnia in ista Consumis squilla atque acipenser, Lucil. ap. Cic. fin. 2, 24; acipensere mensa infamis, Hor. s. 2, 2, 47; Tuque peregrinis acipenser nobilis undis, Ov. Hal. 134; 2. was out of favour in Pliny's day, apud antiquos piscium nobilissimum habitus acipenser nullo nunc in honore est, Plin. 9, 60; 3. again in favour under Severus, qui cum intersum conuiuiis sacro (the Emperor's table) animadvertant hunc piscem a coronatis ministris cum tibicine introferri, Sann. Ser. ap. Macr. s. 2, 16, 7; so also Athen. deipn. 7, 44, p. 75 Schw.; 4. aquipenser genus piscis, Paul. ex F. 22, 16 M.; 5. the form acipenser in the present texts of Plin. and Macr. prob. wrong; yet Athen. l. c. writes the Latin name as ακινπριστος.

**ācipensis**, is, m. [s. above; i, that is ie a dim. suff.] the same, Ad Palatinas acipensem mittite menses, Mart. 13, 91, 1.

**aciscularius**, i, m. a stonecutter; Gloss. λατορος.

**acisculum**, i, n. a tool for stonecutting; Gloss. Isid.

**aclassis**, tunica ab humeris non consuta, Paul. ex F. 20.

**āclys**, ōdis, f. [perh. = ἀκλυσ, a hook] a short dart, teretes sunt acydes (al. aclydes) illis Tela, sed haec lento mos est aptare flagello, Verg. 7, 730; add Sil. 3, 362; gemina ferit aclyde parmas, Val. F. 6, 99; aclydes duas, Treb. Claud. 14, 6.

**acna**, [agnna, agna, or acna] ae, f. a land measure, actus quadratus qui et latus est pedes cxx et longus totidem, Varr. r. 1, 10, 2; same w. actus, hunc actum provinciae Baeticae rustici acnum uocant, Colum. 5, 1, 5; agnaa habet ped. XIII cccc, lib. col. p. 246, 1 Laehm. and 339, 17; centuria habet agnas pc per pc, Ex lib. Balb. 245, 7; actibus conicio acnum primum appellatum, Frontin. lin. 2, p. 30, 12.

**ācōnti**, adv. without dust, i. e. labour; citra pulueris iactum, Plin. 35, 139.

**ācōnitum**, i, n. a poisonous plant, as monkshood; nec miseros fallunt acōnita legentis, Verg. G. 2, 152; miscent acōnita nouerca, Ov. M. 1, 147; add 7, 419; unenorum ocissimum, Plin. 27, 4; described in 27, 9; nascitur in nadis caubitus quae conas (ακωνας) nominant, 27, 10.

**ācontias**, ae, m. a meteor, Plin. 2, 89; 2. a shooting snake, Amm. 22, 15, 27.

**ācontizo**, are, vb. intr. shoot out, Veg. vet. 1, 26 and 27.

**acopos**, i, adj. as sb. [α-κοπος without weariness] a precious stone, perunetis lassitudinem, si credimus, soluit,

Plin. 37, 143; 2. a plant, also called anaguros or -is, anaguris foetida, Linn.: granis odore, Plin. 27, 30.

**acópum**, adj. n. as sb. sc. angustum [id.] a y ointment for relieving fatigue, Cels. 5, 24; Plin. 23, 89 and 157 etc.; Veg. vet. 2, 15, 5; 3, 54, 2.

**ac-or**, oris, m. sourness, Colum. 7, 8, 1; 12, 13, 1 etc.; Plin. 11, 239; 18, 104; 14, 127; Quint. 9, 3, 27; Ulp. dig. 18, 6, 4; met. Plin. ep. 7, 3 f.

**acórion**, i, n. root of the plant acorus, Plin. 25, 158.

**acorna**, ae, a kind of thistle, Plin. 21, 95.

**acórion**, (-um) i, an aromatic plant, acorus calamus, Linn.: Plin. 25, 157; 25, 104 etc.; 2. esp. the root, 25, 158; 26, 28.

**acósmos**, adj. unseemly, Lucr. 4, 1160.

**acquesco**, (adj.?) ére, éui, éurus, vb. [a for an + quiesco,

and so in both parts = *ava-naguar*, for q and π correspond]

rest after labour or fatigue, rest and recover oneself, find relief, Manducum, sine respirem quaso. Immo acquiesce.

Animo malet; Recipiam anhelitum. Clementer requiesce

(= acquiesce), Pl. Ep. 2, 2, 20; ut acquiescere eos meridiano

tempore sineret, Alf. V. dig. 38, 1, 26; uitandi calor

causa Lanuuii tres horas acquiesceram, Cic. Att. 13, 34;

labore fessi nimis larem ad nostrum Desideratoque

acquiescimus lecto, Cat. 31, 10; ut fessum bello acquiesceret

cinitas, Liv. 5, 23, 12; commatam acquiescendi a con-

tinuatione laborem petiit, Vell. 2, 99, 2; lectum in quo

acquiesceret fuisse insit, Curt. 9, 8, 25; ut si a lassitudine

cuperet acquiescere, ps. Nep. Dat. 11, 3; cum aere exte-

rum semper expectet in coque acquiescant, Cic. or.

199; ut labor hic nihilurum sanitate pauli per modum

acquiesceret, Gell. 10, 9, 5; and met. hoc decessorio

sermonis mei libenter acquiescitum te esse dixisti, Cic. or.

2, 290; 2. hence met. of death after the toils of life, sic

multis perfunctis laboribus anno acquieuit septuagesimo,

ps. Nep. Hann. 13, 1; is (is called upon as witness against a

brother) compresso spiritu... exoptata securitate acquieuit

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**acquisitiuus**, adj. having a tendency to acquire, Boet. Ar. top. 5, 1, p. 680; Prisc. 18, 24.

**acquistor**, oris, m. one who acquires, August. serm. 302, 7 extr.

**acrátóphorum**, i, n. a vessel for unmixed wine, Cic. fin.

3, 15; add Varr. r. 1, 8, 5.

**acrédo**, inis, f. sourness, acidity, Pallad. 2, 15, 19; Plin. Val. 1, 25.

**acrédula**, (-i) ae, f. dim. some bird, Et matutinis acredula noctibus instat, Cic. div. 1, 14 (trans. ἀσολύων of Aratus); Vere calente nouos componit acredula cantus, carm. Phil. 15; Isid. 12, 7.

**acrictiulus**, adj. dim. rather sour, sourish, a. ille senex, Cic. Tusc. 3, 38.

**acrifolium**, ii, n. an unknown tree of ill omen, Macr. s.

3, 20, 3; not. Tir. 170.

**acrimónia**, ae, f. [acer] sourness, harsh taste, acidity,

si uleus acrimonium eius ferre non poterit, Cato r. 157, 5;

origani, Plin. 12, 91; add 24, 128 etc.; 2. met. sharp-

ness, resolution, vivacity, mei feri ingeni Atque animi

acrem acrimonium, Naev. ap. Non. 73, 17; Vim, ferociam,

animum, atrocitatem, iram, acrimonium, Acc. ib.; Gla-

brionis, Cic. Verr. 1, 52; in uultu pudorem et acrimonium,

Corn. 3, 26; add 4, 59.

**acritas**, atis, f. sharpness, nis acritatis atque acritas,

Acc. ap. Non. 493, 11, referred to by Gell. 13, 3, 2.

**acriter**, adv. see acer.

**acritudo**, inis, f. sourness, acidity, Vitr. 2, 9, 12; 8, 3,

10; 2. met. tolerare acritudinem, Acc. 407 Ribbeck;

populi Romani, Gell. 10, 27, 1 (resolution); Scorpionem prae

morum acritudine appellat, Apul. M. 9, 17.

**acróma**, atis, n. a poem, etc. recited or sung at festi-

vals, quod aeroma aut eius uocem libentissimè audiret,

Cic. Arch. 20; uetera aeromata renouauerat, Suet. Vesp.

19; = auditio lyram et tibiaum, Gloss. Isid. 2. gen. of

the reciter or singer, nemo in conuiuio eius aliud aeroma

audiuit quam anagostem, Nep. Att. 14, 1; ipse ille non

solum spectator sed actor et aeroma, Cic. Sest. 116; aut

aeroma et histiones aut etiam ludios interponebat, Suet.

Aug. 74; add Macr. s. 2, 4, 28; Lamp. Al. Ser. 34;

Demetriae Actes Aug. 1. seruae? aeromat(is)? Graecae,

inscr. Or. 2855. 3. met. Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 49; 4. aeroma,

Prud. π. σ. σ. 3, 3230; Egon echinibus uentibus Aeroma

festum fuit; 5. aeroma; omnibus aeromatibus (note

form) pantomimisque omnibus, and soon after, adiectis ae-

eromatibus, inscr. Or. 2530.

**acroasis**, is, f. lit. hearing—a lecture room; ut eas

uel in acroasi (so Victor., miss agro si) audiam legere,

Cic. Att. 15, 17, 2; 2. a lecture, a paper read, *apocras*

suas nunquam populo commisit, Sen. exc. cont. pr. 2;

also in Greek, Suet. Gr. 2; *acroasin* fecit, Vitr. 10,

22, 3.

**acróolithus**, adj. w. a summit of stone, statua, Treb.

Pol. 32, 5.

**acrósterion**, ii, n. a projecting height, acroteria siue

promuntoria praecurrentia, Vitr. 5, 12 (of the arm of a

harbour); 4, 3, 12 (projecting part of a pediment).

**acruama**, see acrouma § 5.

**acta**, ae, f. beach, in acta cum mulierculis iacebat

obrius, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 63; Baiae, actas, conuiuia, Cic. Cacl.

35; Verg. 5, 013; ps. Nep. Ag. S. 2; Val. F. 5, 96;

2. of marine residences as the abode of luxury and even

debauchery, actis et uoluptatibus, Cic. fam. 9, 6, 4; add

Act. 14, 8, 1.

**actaea**, ae, f. the plant Christopher, actaea spicata L.,

Plin. 27, 43.

**actarius**, i, adj. m. as sb. [acta plur.] a registrar or

actuary; in his a. leg. vii., inscr. Grut. 200, 1; add inscr.

Or. 6284; Vel. Long. orthog.

**actinophoros**, i, adj. m. as sb. a shell so called;

actinophoros, Plin. 32, 147.

**actio**, inis, f. [ago] movement, as revolution; tetran-

torum, Vitr. 3, 3, 6; 2. esp. of actor or orator; est

actio quasi corporis quaedam eloquentia, cum constet e

uocae atque motu, Cic. or. 55; est quasi sermo corporis,

Cic. or. 3, 222; accedet actio non tragica nec scenae, sed

actio, 10; Tert. exh. east. 12; Iustin. inst. 3, 10; 2. con-

crete, a thing acquired, Icti.

modica inactione corporis, Cic. or. 86; ille alter: quid petam praesidi? quam leniter (Hosius) innotuit enim: O pater... in quo tanta commoveretur actio non posset, si esset consumpta superiore motu, Cic. or. 3, 102; add Quint. 11, 3, 1.

**3.** gen. action of living beings, doing, proceeding, haec oratio deos spoliati motu et actione divina, Cic. N. D. 1, 102; a. vitae, Cic. off. 1, 17; actione rationes honestas nobis et curas et actiones darent, Cic. fam. 9, 8, 2; discessit (consulimus) actio de pace sublati est, Cic. Att. 9, 9, 2; octavo mense suarum actionum, Caes. b. c. 1, 5, 2; quereretur de actionibus Caesaris, Sal. Cat. 43, 1; consularis actio, Liv. 4, 55, 1; illa quoque actio movebatur... transmigrandi Veios, 5, 24, 7; si honesta actio ex praecipitis venit, Sen. ep. 95, 7.

**4.** in law, action, prosecution, quom (= cum) eis haec lege actio rei esto, CIL 198, 75; tu actionem instituis, ille aciem instruit, Cic. Mur. 22; puto me habere actionem (right of action) ut per interdictionem meum ius teneam, Cic. Caec. 32; omne ius uel ad personas pertinet, uel ad res uel ad actiones, Gai. 1, 8.

**5.** commonly w. gen., furti et iniuriarum, Gai. 4, 8; sacramenti, 4, 13; a. legis actio, jurisdiction; magistratum apud quem l. a. est, Mod. dig. 1, 7, 4; add Ulp. 1, 16, 3; Paul. 2, 25, 4.

**7.** a written speech (of a prosecutor), actiones quae recitantur, Plin. ep. 2, 29, 2.

**actionalis?** in Ulp. dig. 27, 3, 1, 3 Mommsen has actionalia.

**actio-nicōs**, m. victor in the Actian games founded by Augustus, Glaphry choraulae actionicae et sebastonicae, inscr. Or. 2633.

**actiōsus**, adj. ab una agendo actiosae dictae, Varr. l. 7, 3 f. p. 349 Sp.

**actiō**, āe, v. freq. be in the habit of acting, as a play; tragoedias, Cic. ap. Aug. C. D. 2, 11; mimos, Tac. h. 3, 62;

**2.** conduct a suit, prosecute causes, Cic. Brut. 246; causas, Suet. Galb. 3; cum res actitata sit, Paul. dig. 22, 4, 3.

**actiuncula**, ae, f. dim. a little speech (of a prosecutor), Plin. ep. 9, 15, 2.

**actius**, adj. [actus part.] that deals with action or life, practical; philosophia, opposed to contemplativa, Sen. ep. 95, 10; opp. to spectativa, Quint. 3, 5, 11; add 2, 18, 5; **2.** in Gram. active, uerbosum genera tria, actiuum, passiuum, habitiuum, Char. 165, 34; called uerbum agens, 164, 27; add Diom. 336, 22.

**actor**, ōris, m. one who drives or sets in motion, a driver, Thyrtillus actor De numero tauros sentit abesse duos, Ov. F. 1, 547; Colum. 1, 7, 7; 1, 8, 5; **2.** of one who drives a weapon, a hurler, flexae Baleariensis actor habentae, Stat. Ach. 2, 420; **3.** one who does, doer, conductor, agent, administrator, manager, factor, set actor mihi cor odio sauciat, Pl. Bac. 2, 2, 35; operaque actor, Nov. ap. Non. 2, 20; dux actor actor illarum rerum, Cic. Sev. 61; ut illum efficeret oratorem uerborum actoremque rerum (πρῆκτορα τε ῥήτορα), Pl. 9, 443.

**4.** a general agent acting in behalf of others; hunc (Athenae) in omni procuratore actorem atque neminem habebant, Nep. Att. 3, 2; D. M. Norrio actori Post(nimorum), inscr. Or. 2865; add 414, 4688 etc.; si actor rerum... corruptus esse dicitur, Paul. dig. 1, 8, 21; actor... reipublicae, Ulp. 2, 4, 10, 4; add 37, 1, 3, 4; 44, 2, 11, 7; **5.** a. familiae, manager of a slave-gang, slave-driver, ita fit ut actor et familia peccent, Colum. 1, 7, 7; add 1, 8, 5.

**6.** an actor on the stage, me actorem dedit: Set hic actor tantum poterit a facundia, quantum... Ter. Haut. pr. 12; actoris opera magis stetitque sum sua, Ph. pr. 10; add 33; in theatro actores multos petiti, Cic. or. 1, 118; gestus summorum actorem, 1, 128; actor Cui stetit in scena, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 103; **7.** a. causae, pleader, orator, Cic. Br. 307; Hor. ep. 2, 3, 369; Quint. 1, 10, 35; 4, 1, 6 etc.; **8.** esp. a prosecutor, accuser, in hac causa neminem praeposendum mihi actorem putabit, Cic. Caecil. 1; accusatore pro omni actor et petitor (plaintiff), Cic. part. 110; add Plin. ep. 9, 13, 18; actor adversario denuntiabat ut ad iudicem capiendum die XXX adesset, Gai. 4, 18.

**actōr-ius**, adj. of actor or action, opp. to cogitatorius,

Tert. anim. 14; **2.** name of a gens, as M. Actorius Naso, Suet. Iul. 9.

**actr-ix**, icis, adj. or sb. f. of business, epistolas actrices, Col. Th. 41, 7, 16; **2.** as sb. an actress? Prastina actrix C. domus, inscr. Mur. 913, 6.

**actu-ālis**, e, adj. practical; Maec. somn. 2, 17; Isid. or. 2, 24; **2.** in Gram. of nouns denoting action, as rex, cursor, ib. 1, 6.

**actuāriolum**, adj. dim. as sb. n., a small vessel of speed, Cic. Att. 10, 11, 4; 16, 3, 6.

**actuārius**, ūs, adj. fit for speed, esp. of shipping, has omnes naues actuaris imperat fieri, Caes. b. g. 5, 1, 3; add b. c. 1, 34, 2; 3, 62, 2; 3, 102, 5; Sisen. ap. Non. 535, 2; nautica, Caes. b. c. 1, 27, 6; and absol. actuaris, Sisen. ap. Non. 534, 27; Gell. 10, 25, 5; Maec. dig. 49, 15, 2; **2.** as sb. n. absol. Cic. Att. 5, 9, 1;

**3.** a. limes, a road of 12 feet in width, a. limes est qui primus actus est (et) ab eo quintus quisque... Hyg. lim. const. p. 168, 10 and 14; add 194, 11; **4.** a. palus, a stake to mark the limit of an actus of land, Hyg. ib. 192, 9;

**5.** as sb. m. one who keeps a register of proceedings, accountant, clerk, sarcinalium inmentorum, Ann. 25, 15; add Aur. Ver. Caes. 33; a. qui tantum nobis acta recitant, Petr. 53; nox quae alienis uerbis commodatur et actuarii uice fingitur, Sen. ep. 33, 9; (orationem) pro Metello ab actuariis (reporters) exceptam, Suet. Iul. 55; add eod. Th. S. 1, 3, 5.

**actuōsus**, adj. full of action, active, nirtus, Cic. N. D. 1, 110; partes orationis, Cic. or. 125; animus actiosior, Sen. ep. 39, 3; bistriones, Paul. ex F. 17, v. actus; **2.** actiose, adv. with strong action, Cic. or. 3, 102.

**actus**, ūs, m. [ago] driving, as of cattle, beluam (an elephant) quocumque uult leui ammonit, non actu infectit illam feram, Cic. rep. 2, 67; in eo mon(umento) ita act(u) ambigit mort(u) inferre... (recte) (licet), inscr. Or. 4382;

**2.** the right of driving along a road, qui sella aut lectica nebitur, ire non agere debuit; inuentum ducere non potest, qui iter tantum habet... qui actum habet, et plostro ducere et inuenta agere potest, Ulp. dig. 8, 3, 7; add Mod. S. 3, 12; aquae ductus hanstus iter actus a patre (sumuntur), Cic. Caec. 74; **3.** gen. action, motion, driving, first phys., Fertur in abruptum magno mons improbus actu, Verg. 12, 687; (mellis) Et pigri latice magis et cunctantior actus, Lucr. 3, 192; quam tumidus quantoque uenit spectabilis actu, Ov. Hal. 72 (of a equeus); add Lucr. 9, 472; Sen. Ag. 453; but? Petr. 135;

**4.** more vaguely, an action or doing, adde actus tantos monumentaque maxima rerum, Luc. 8, 807; in ceteris actibus uitae, Quint. 11, 1, 47; cum ab actu, id est opera recesserunt, Quint. 2, 18, 4; add 2, 18, 1 etc.; deum actus, Sid. 3, 78; add 10, 136; but in Cic. leg. 1, 31 prauitatus (not prauis actibus); non tantum uerbis sed etiam actu, Scaev. dig. 46, 8, 5; nullo actu sed tantum uocibus, Ulp. 49, 1, 12; **5.** acting for another (actor) as agent, guardian etc., agency, actus quem uiuentibus dominis aduimstrauerunt, Pl. 3, 5, 44 (45); **6.** a hand measure, actus quadratus indigne finitur pedibus CXX, Isid. mens. agr. 367, 26, Laehm. **7.** a measure of length, actus uocabatur in quo boues agerentur cum aratro non impetu iusto; hic erat CXX pedum, Plin. 18, 9; add Balbi exp. mens. p. 96, 5; **8.** actus, i. m. the same, clymmata in actus diuiserunt, Isid. mens. agr. 367, 14.

**actūtum**, adv. [ac=oe of oculus, ak of Lith, aki=eye, ang of G, age=] tutum old dat. (cf. interim from interibi) of an old sb. tutu(-u. tutus) from tuor, look] in the twinkling of an eye, (cf. in einem Augenblicke (Kuhn's Z. 4, 320), instantly, ite actutum in frondiferis locis, Naev. 27 R; Ne corripue oculos, redibo actutum. A. id actutum dist. Pl. Amphi. 1, 3, 32; and so 68 times besides in Pl.; and hic est aut hic adfere actutum autumo, Pac. 119 R; add Acc. 508; Nov. 47; ipsus est, congrederi a., Ter. Ph. 5, 6, 12; add aperite aliquis a. ostium, Ad. 4, 4, 26; a. in Italia fere (matrem Idaeum) nuntiauerat, Liv. 29, 14, 5; tum cetera reddit Actutum Aeneas, Verg. 9, 255; dabunt a. mihi poenas, Apul. M. 5, 23 f.; add 6, 8 f.; 9, 7; Ov. M. 3, 557, but Cic. Phil. 26 is corrupt.

**ācua**, for aqua, inser. Grut. 593; 5 whence

**ācūārius**, adj. m. as sb. water-carrier, inser. Or. 4139; Fabr. 308.

**ācūcula**, (aēic.) ae. f. dimn. [acus] a small hair-pin; cod. Th. 3, 16, 1; 2. Port. agulla, Fr. aiguille.

**ācūleus**, quasi-part. (aēic.) armed with a sting, sisymbrium ciliatū aduersus aculeata animalia, ut scabronae, Plin. 20, 247; (athaeae) contra omnis aculeatos ietus efficacae, praecipue scorpionum, nesparrum similitudine, 22, 223; 2. hence as sb. n. an animal so armed, contra omnium aculeatorum uenena, 23, 55; 3. of plants, armed with stings or prickles; herbae, 23, 15; folium mucrone aculeatum, 16, 38; gramin, 24, 192; 4. of fish, spiniae, 10, 61; belonae quos aculeatos uocamus, 32, 145; 5. met. of words or deeds, Eadem in usu atque ubi periculum facias aculeata sunt, Animum fodicant, bona distimulant, Pl. Bac. 1, 1, 29; litterae, Cic. Att. 14, 18, 1; sophismata, Cic. ae. 2, 75.

**Aculeo**, onis, m. [aculeus] a cognomen; C. Furus A., Liv. 38, 55, 4.

**aculeus**, i, m. [aculeus : acus :: equuleus : equus] a sting, apis a., Cic. Tusc. 2, 52; nequas aculeis uti, Cic. fin. 5, 42; 2. gen. a prickle or point of animals, cauleis aculeis oua perforingit (gallina)—a spur (=calcar), Colum. 8, 2, 8; hystriici longiores a., Plin. 8, 125; 3. of plants, spinarum, 13, 63; cardiorum, 20, 262; 4. pain or smart of a sting or wound, cum a sagittae aut glandis abditae...urit, Liv. 38, 21, 11; 5. met. a sting, iam dudum ille mēnu pectus pangit aculeus, Pl. Tr. 4, 2, 158; te ad unum modo ietum ingentem uelut aculeo cuiusque torpere, Liv. 23, 42, 5; sollicitudinem, Cic. Att. 1, 18, 2; nec quos aculeis habuit securitas uestra, emittere in reum, Cic. Cacl. 29; 6. esp. of stinging words, pungunt quasi aculeis interrogantibus angustis, Cic. fin. 4, 7; ut cum delectatione aculeos etiam relinquere in ammis, Cic. Br. 38; mortuus est aculeo iam emissio ac dicto testimonio, Cic. Fl. 41; a. orationis, Cic. Sul. 47; add Cic. or. 62; Br. 173; Q. fr. 2, 1, 1; ae. 2, 98.

**acūmen**, inis, n. [acno, cf. also cacumen] sharpening, et ferri stridet a., Emn. ap. Prise. 1, 420 K; 2. a sharp point, a point, uerba sub a. stili subeant, Cic. or. 1, 151; uasi primoris a. Tenue, Lucr. 6, 1103; a. conii, 4, 431; hastae, Ov. M. 3, 84; S. 354; sine acuminis rostrum, 2, 376; Plin. 10, 196; 3. of the electrically lighted spear points (cf. Liv. 22, 1, 8), nulla ex acuminibus aspiciat, Cic. N. D. 2, 9; diu. 2, 77; Arn. 2, 4; a. sting, scorpī, Cic. Arat. 678 (430); 4. met. saporis, Plin. 13, 124; dolorum, Arn. 5; in acuminē pulchritudinis (summit), Arn. 6; 6. esp. sharpness of intellect, acumen, acuteness, quickness, ubi est acumen tuum? and soon, non sum ita habes ut..., Cic. Tusc. 1, 12; ingeniorum, Cic. Fl. 9; tu qui propter a. occultissima perspicis, Lucr. ad Cic. fam. 5, 14, 2; acuminis strenui ministrum, Colum. 1, 9, 43; Inu. 4, 102; in pl. acuminia, sharp ideas, Hor. ep. 1, 17, 55; 2, 1, 161; 7. acute accent, Diom. 433, 21 K (so ass. K ej. cacumen).

**acūmino**, are, vb. sharpen, Lact. op. 7; 2. acuminatus, part. as adj. pointed, telum (ellicis), Plin. 11, 3; cornu lunae, 18, 347; and met. Sid. 8, 1.

**ac-uo**, ere, ui, ūtus [root ac] sharpen, stridorem serrae cum acuitur, Cic. Tusc. 5, 116; ferrum, Hor. od. 1, 2, 21; dentes, 3, 20, 10; Tib. 4, 3; enses, Ov. M. 15, 776; palos, Colum. 11, 2, 12; 2. met. quod illos sat aetas acuit, Ter. Ad. 5, 3, 49; Mentem, Cic. Tusc. 1, 80; ingenium, Cic. Br. 126; Inuores, Verg. 7, 406; Martem, 12, 108; metum, 12, 850; linguam, Hor. ep. 1, 3, 23; studia, Liv. 10, 13, 8; 3. w. acc. of person, sharpen, goad on, illum acere, hos fallere, Cic. Rose. Am. 110; in acendo plurimum ualet, si laudes cum quem cohortere, Cic. fam. 15, 21, 4; ad crudelitate[m], Cic. Lig. 10; ad bonas artes inuocantem, Plin. op. 2, 7, 5; 4. by a bold met. spicula acuisse ueneno, Sil. 1, 325; fraudulentis enses, 12, 52; 5. accent (a syllable with an acute accent), si acuitur prima, Quint. 1, 5, 22 and 30; omnis uox dissyllaba priore[m] syllabam acuit aut dicit, Diom. 431, 19 K etc.; 6. acutus, part. as adj. sharp, culter, Pl. Mil. 5, 1, 4; nasus, Capt. 3, 4, 114; lunae alias hebetiora, alias acutiora cornua, Cic. ap.

Non. 121, 30; cuspis, Verg. 5, 208; tela, Hor. ep. 17, 10;

7. of the sight, oculis, Pl. Ps. 4, 7, 120; 8. of scent, pungent, unguenta acutiora, Plin. 13, 16; odor, 21, 37;

9. of taste, pungent, sapor, Plin. 15, 106; gustus, 27, 122; cibus, ep. 7, 3, 5; 10. of sound, sharp, acute, acuta cum granibus temperans, Cic. rep. 6, 18; ad acutissimi sono ad granisimum, Cic. or. 1, 251; stridor, Hor. od. 1, 16, 8; 1, 34, 15; hinnitus, Verg. 4, 3, 94; 11. of heat or cold, piercing, solem, Hor. ep. 1, 10, 17; gelu, od. 1, 9, 4; 12. of disease, sharp, acute; morbus; Hor. s. 2, 3, 163; Cels. 3, 1, 1; 3, 2, 1; febris, 214, p. 34, 30 D; 13. of the mind, Cic. Att. 12, 38 f.; fam. 6, 9; ingenio acutissimus, Cic. or. 1, 180; 14. naves acutae, metl., readily detecting faults, Hor. s. 1, 3, 29, opp. to obesae naris of ep. 1, 12, 3; 15. with acute accent; Quint. 1, 5, 31; 12, 10, 33; see § 5; III. 16. acutum as adv. Hor. s. 1, 3, 26; 1, 8, 41; 17. acute, adu., Cic. rep. 6, 18; Lucr. 4, 810; comp. Cic. inv. 2, 51; sup. Cic. off. 1, 156.

**acū-pēd-ius**, adj. sharp-footed, Paul. ex F. 9.

1. **acus**, acētis, n. [akin to *axop* and *axopos*] chaff, fabagium, Cato or. 54, 2; ib. 37, 2; mixto acere e frumento, Varr. r. 1, 57, 1; 1, 52, 2; 3, 9, 8; Plin. 18, 99; 2. as fem. pl., durissimae acūs, Colum. 2, 14, 10.

2. **acus**, i (=acus, a needle), n. a fish = *scorpius*; Plin. 9, 166; cf. 32, 145; Et satius tenues ducere credis acos, Mart. 10, 37, 6.

3. **acus**, ūs, f. [root ac] needle, si acum credo quaereres, acum inuicissus, Pl. Men. 2, 1, 13; tēgisti acū, Rud. 5, 2, 19 (have hit it to a needle); uolnus acū punctum, Cic. Mil. 65; in duas acūs fila conicienda, Cels. 7, 16, p. 293, 32 D; percutatis acubus, p. 294, 5; 2. esp. as used in embroidery, pictus acū chlamydem, Verg. 9, 582; sen pingebat acū, Ov. M. 6, 23; Mart. 8, 28, 18; Sen. Herc. Oct. 660; 3. a (hair) pin, Unus de toto peccauerat orbe comarum Anulus incerta non bene fixus acū, Mart. 2, 26, 2; Quint. 2, 5, 12; comatoria, Petr. 21; crinalis, Apul. M. 8, 13; 4. pin or tongue of a buckle, fibulam auream cum acū Cyprea, Treb. Pol. Claud. 14, 5; 5. gen. a point, as of a dibble, Pall. 1, 43, 2.

**acūtalis**, ē, adj. pointed, terminus, Frontin. col. p. 132. Goes.

**acūtātus**, part. [as of vb. acuto] sharpened, Veg. vet. 1, 22, 4.

**Acutius**, name of a gens, C. Aguti C. f., CIL 83; Acutium P. Vitellii quondam uxorem, Tac. an. 6, 53 (47).

**acūtulus**, adj. dimn. sharp on a petty scale, conclusiones, Cic. N. D. 3, 18; doctores, Gell. 1, 5, 3; 2. adv. Ang. conf. 3, 7.

**acūrōlōgia**, ae. f. an incorrect, i.e. metaphorical term, as Vir gregis, ap. Serv. Verg. B. 7, 7, and A. 4, 419; Lat. abusio.

**ad** (ati), prep. [see below] with acc. to w. motion (up to, not into) Abducent me ad exta, me ad se ad prandium, ad cenam uocant, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 118; ut ei ad praetorem urbanum Romam uenirent, CIL 106, 5; parietem usque at \* tegulas faciendum coarctant, CIL 1252, 7; ut (senatus) ad Caesarem supplex accederet, Cic. fam. 4, 4, 3; munitionem ad flumen perduxerat, Caes. b. c. 1, 66, 6; Hannibal exercitum ad Casilium ducit, Liv. 23, 17, 7; inde ad Vicos (not yet taken) exercitus ductus, 5, 19, 9; his praepositionibus (sc. ab et ex) contraria potestate stat ad et in quae et ipse non unum significant, quia in forum ire est in ipsum forum intrare, ad forum autem ire, in locum foro proximum; ut in tribunal et ad tribunal uenire non unum est, quia ad tribunal uenit litigator, in tribunal uero praetor aut index, Diom. 415, 8 K; 2. w. persons, often to the house of that person, even when he is not at home, canis ad me, Pl. Mil. f. Ter. Eun. 3, 5, 6; neque domini unquam ad me litteras mittam quin..., Cic. fam. 3, 8, 10; magni domini concursus ad Afranium magnae gratulationes fiebant, Caes. b. c. 1, 53, 3; 3. of time, to, till, until, usque a mane ad uesperam, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 102; Suphicles ad summam senectutem tragœdias fecit, Cic. sen. 22; ad horam nonum in ancoris expectant, Caes. b. g. 4, 23, 4; quae ad hoc tempus Iugurtham tutata sunt,

Sal. Jug. 85, 45; pugnatum ad lucem est, Liv. 3, 28, 7; incautos ad satietatem trucidabit, 24, 38, 9; 4. of degree, amount or extent, numerum Philippum attria (so B) milia, Pl. Tr. 1, 2, 115; subducent ad numerum comenit, Cie. Att. 5, 21, 12; hic nisi plenum facit HS 1000 ad libellam sibi deberi, causam perdit, Cie. Rose. com. 11; statuis quid iis ad denarium solueretur, Cie. Quinct. 17; ad assem impendium reddes, Plin. ep. 1, 15, 1; Domitius indices ad numerum non habuit, Cie. Q. fr. 2, 13, 2; equitatum ad numerum IV milium praenuntiit, Caes. b. g. 1, 15, 1; obsides ad numerum miserunt, 5, 20, 1; 5. numero is a shortened form of numerum (cf. adeo for adeum, quo for quom) in: ad binum milium numero sacris utrimque factis, Sis. ap. Non. So; ad duorum milium numero ex Pompeianis cecidisse, Caes. b. c. 3, 53, 1; 6. esp. in phrase, omnes ad unum (all to a man) idem sentiunt, Cie. am. 86; add Caes. b. c. 3, 27, 2; Liv. 2, 50, 11; 21, 42, 2; or ad unum alone, Cie. fam. 10, 16, 1; Verg. 5, 687; Curt. 7, 5, 32; 7. hence w. numerals, full, up, as many as, at least (yet some say, near about, as Hund p. 102 § 3), cum annos ad L natus esset, Cie. Clu. 110; homines ad XV assenserunt, Cie. Att. 1, 14, 5; sane frequentes fuimus; omnino ad ducentos, Cie. Q. fr. 2, 1, 1; cum XII familiae Potiorum essent, puberes ad triginta omnes intra annum cum stirpe extinctos, Liv. 9, 29, 10; ad duo milia et trecenti occisi, 10, 17, 8; ad octingentos homines caesi et ad duo milia armorum inuenta, 28, 36, f; 8. often in such forms the noun adapts its case not to ad but to the other words, as though ad were an adv., occisis ad hominum milibus quattuor, Caes. b. g. 2, 33, 5; exules senique ad duo milia hominum et quingenti arcem occupaverunt, Cie. 15, 5; ad viginti matronis per viatorem accitis, 8, 18, 8; ad duo milia et trecenti occisi, 10, 17, 8; 27, 12, 16; campum Stellatum diivisit ad viginti milibus civium, Suet. Caes. 20 (full 20,000, in spite of Vell. 2, 44, 4); 9. of direction, towards, to, leading to, respiciendū ad me, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 55; ad meridiem spectans, Cie. div. 1, 31; negrit ad septentriones, Caes. b. g. 1, 1, 5; manus ad Caesarem tendere, 2, 13, 2; tendoque supinas ad caelum cum uoce manus, Verg. 3, 177; nia ad Cassilum obsessa, Liv. 22, 16, 4; 10. hence of tendency, having a bearing on, and so esp. w. attineo, pertineo, ego istam rem ad me(d) attinere intellego, Pl. Tr. 3, 1, 12; Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 24; atque haec sunt tamen ad virtutem omnia, ib. 1, 2, 33; quaeque oportet Signa scire ad salutem, Andr. 2, 3, 2; omitto proloqui nam nihil ad hanc rem est, Phor. 5, 6, 21; rectene an secus, nihil ad nos; aut si ad nos, nihil ad hoc tempus, Cie. Pis. 68; 11. and so of purpose, for, to, against, alere caenas ad neuandam, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 30; quae sunt animadmoda herbarum genera ad morsus bestiarum, ad oculum morbos, ad volnera, Cie. div. 1, 13; cum ad templum monumentumque nostrum pecunias decreuissent, Cie. Q. fr. 1, 1, 26; palus Romanos ad insequeundum tardabat, Caes. b. g. 7, 26, 2; agri ad quem instruendum vires non essent, Liv. 6, 5, 5; 12. looking to, in respect of, in regard to, on the side of, vir ad usum ac disciplinam pertius, ad casum fortunaeque felix, Cie. Font. 43 (33); nidi forum coniunctumque adornatum ad speciem magnifico ornati, ad sensum cōtinentemque acerbo et lugubri, Cie. Verr. 2, 1, 58; faciunt id quod est a seueritate lenius et ad communem salutem utilis, Cie. Cat. 1, 12; nihil ad existimationem turpis, nihil ad dolorem acerbius, Cie. or. 2, 200; 13. hence of comparison, to, by, by the side of, compared with; Nam (pol) ad sapientiam huius nimis nugator fuit, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 25; Ad tuam formam illa una dignast, Mil. 4, 1, 21; C. Estne ut fertur forma? P. Sane. C. At nihil ad nostram hanc. P. Alia res, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 70; virum bonum et non illitratum sed nihil ad Persum, Cie. or. 2, 25; terram ad muneris caeli complexum quasi puncti instar optinere, Cie. Tusc. 1, 40; nihil ad tuum equitatum, Cie. Dei. 24; homini non ad cetera Punica ingenia callido persuasit, Liv. 22, 22, 15; cf. Verg. B. 3, 48 Si ad utulum spectas, nihil est quod poeula laudes; 14. of future time, on or before, by; Effectum hoc hodie reddam utrumque ad vespertum, Pl. Ps. 1, 5, 116; nos hic te ad mensem Ianuariam expectamus,

Cie. Att. 1, 3, 2; censo uenias ad id tempus quod scribis, 1, 4, 1; nostra ad diem dictam fient, Cie. fam. 10, 10, 2; si ad constitutum diem decedemus, 2, 11, 1; ut pecuniam ad diem solueretur, Cie. Att. 16, 16, 4; add Verr. 2, 5; fam. 9, 5, 1; Rose. Am. 128; nulla fuit ciuitas quin ad id tempus partem senatus Cordubam mitteret, non ciuis Romanus paulo notior quin ad diem conueniret, Caes. b. c. 3, 19, 2; si ad id tempus pecuniam non soluisset, Scaev. dig. 18, 5, 10;

15. so of the future, at a distant time, hence (thence), solebat me pungere ne Sampsicranni merita in patriam ad annos DC maiora uideretur quam nostra, Cie. Att. 2, 17, 2; nescio quid intersit utrum illuc ueniam an ad decem annos, 12, 46; cur ego doleam si ad decem milia annorum gentem aliquam urbe nostra potituram putem, Cie. Tusc. 1, 60;

16. without motion, near, at, before, off, over, ad portum mihi quas memorasti, Pl. Capt. 5, 1, 8; una mihi ad pedes iacuit, Cie. Verr. 2, 5, 129; Regnum...ad limina primi Poenorum expectant, Verg. 4, 133; cum ad Geronium constitisset bellum, before G., Liv. 22, 32, 4; classen quae ad Siciliam erat, off the coast of S., 27, 22, 9; quam uolent ad unum diserti sint, over their wine, Cie. Caell. 67; Ov. tr. 5, 3, 4; 17. esp. ad urbem, outside the walls of Rome, of one holding the imperium, Cn. Pompeius cum cōtentione ad urbem consul designatus habuit, Cie. Verr. act. pr. 45; utrique ad urbem imperatores erant, Sal. Cat. 30, 4;

18. with persons, in the presence of, before, among, with, in the eyes of (=apud), nam uiri Ius suum ad mulieres optinere haud queunt, Pl. Cas. 2, 2, 21; Censetur census ad Acheruntē mortuos, Ter. 2, 4, 93; tibi iam esse ad sororem intellego, Ter. Haut. 5, 2, 26; but in 3, 43 apud, not ad, in Bomb. ne inuidiosum sit ad bonos, Cie. Att. 8, 3, 6; eius testis ad iudicem fidem improbat? Cie. Rose. com. 45; hostiae ad praeconeum et ad tibicenem immolabantur, Cie. agr. 2, 93; ad parentem sic agi solet, ad iudices... Cie. Lig. 30; quare te rogo ad Caesarem meam causam agas, Vat. ad Cie. 5, 10, f; tantum esse nomen eius exercitus etiam ad ultimum Germanorum nationes, Caes. b. g. 4, 16, 7; magnam haec res illis offensionem et contumeliam ad omnes attulit, Caes. b. c. 3, 60, 2; potens vir cum inter sui corporis homines tum etiam ad plebem, Liv. 6, 34, 5; ingrati ad uulgius iudicii auctor, 1, 26, 5; 24, 32, 2; 10, 11, 3; 9, 2, 10, 35, 4; 19. looking at a thing as a guide, after, in accordance with, by, M. Catoni uitam ad certam rationis normam dirigunt, Cie. Mur. 3; uixit ad aliorum arbitrium, non ad suum, 10; ad eorum arbitrium et tutum totos se fingunt, Cie. or. 2, 2; nisi uis ad perpendicularium columnas exigere, Cie. Verr. 2, 1, 133; si omnia deorsum e regione ferrentur et ut dixi ad lineam, Cie. fin. 1, 18; ut cernerent ad tibiam clarorum uirorum laudes, to the sound of, Cie. Tusc. 4, 3; ad cursus luuae in duodecim menses describit annum, Liv. 1, 19, 6; 20. esp. w. nouns of form, likeness, quantity, ad idem exemplum, Clu. 1161; ad hoc exemplum, Pl. Ps. 1, 2, 3; Rud. 2, 6, 4; 3, 1, 11; Trin. 4, 2, 76; ad istum modum, Bac. 4, 2, 2; on that scale; Rud. 1, 3, 12; 4, 7, 23; senex est quidam qui illam mandauit mihi Vi emeret ad istanc faciem, Merc. 2, 3, 91; ad istam faciem est morbus, Clu. 1, 1, 73; Cyrus ille a Xenophonte non ad historiae fidem scriptus sed ad effigiem iusti imperii, Cie. Q. f. 1, 1, 23; in uenando ad similitudinem bellicae disciplinae, Cie. N. D. 2, 161; murenis in maxilla septenae maculae ad formam septentrionis, Plin. 9, 76; 21. in very late writers, absol. like, or as in Fr. à la, Et disputator ad Cleanthen Stoicum, Ans. Prof. 15 (205), 11; 22. of time, near, towards, shortly before, mane, post hoc ad meridiem, tunc merides,—and soon after: multa nos, tunc ad medium noctem et sic media nox, Cens. 24, 3-6; quotidie die Ex Scione peruenisti huc? Altero ad meridiem, Pl. Ps. 4, 7, 78; ut domum ad uesperum redit, Cie. div. 1, 103;

23. but also immediately upon, at (rather following than preceding), ad primum conspectum redeuntis filii gaudio nimio exanimatum, Liv. 22, 7, 13; ad famam obsidionis dilectus haberi coepit erat, 9, 7, 7; 4, 7, 22, 7; Mortua, crede mihi, tamen ad tua uerba reuixi, Ov. her. 11, 63; et ad omnia fulgura pallent, Iuv. 13, 223; 24. in answers, to, ad illa quae me magis mouerunt respondebo,

Cic. Cael. 27; respondebo ad ea quae dixisti, Cic. Pl. 58; nisi ad haec, Cato, dicere aliquid vis, Cic. Fin. 4, 44; and elliptically, habes ad omnia, non ut postulat *χρησται* *χαλκω*, sed paria paribus respondimus, Cic. Att. 6, 1, 22; 25. in addition, over and above, si ad cetera noluerat hanc quoque plagam indixisses, Cic. Vat. 20; ad hoc promissa barba et capilli efferauerant speciem oris, Liv. 2, 23, 4; 3, 62, 1; 26. w. a noun to mark an office (more commonly ab), ex Licinio quem seruum sibi habuit ad mamum, as amanuensis, Cic. or. 3, 225; Iuuenius Domitiae librar. ad mamum, inser. Or. 2874; Puer qui ex aula capillis Ad cyathum statuitur unctis, as euphæbar, Hor. od. 1, 29, 8; seruos ad remum...dabamus, Liv. 34, 6, 13; fidusque ad lūmina custos, Verg. 9, 648; Lygdamus ad eyathos, Prop. 5 (4), 8, 37; ad cyathum et nūmum stetit cum reliquis exoletis, Suet. Inf. 49; Stat lous ad eyathum, generat quem Dardanūs Tros, Aus. Id. 12 (345), 19; 27. in very late wr. for abl. of means, with, labra deterges ad spongiam, Verg. 4, 6, 2; si ad acutum cannam exscres ramulam, 4, 5, 1; ad acum. 4, 3, 12 and 13; ad siphonem, 1, 10, 2; rasit et uirilia subactoribus suis ad nouachum, Lamp. Heg. 31, 7; so in Fr. bātir à chaux; 28. ad=Go. Dan. and Eng. at, Sw. att, O. G. az; also=Fr. à; 29. Grimm (D. G. 3, 254) hints at a deriv. adu, wh. decap. leads to our to, G. zu; and this is confirmed by Gaelic ado, to, cut down both to ad and to do, see Key's Essays, p. 57, 58. 30. ad in comp. of verbs means 1 motion to, adeo, accedo; 2 addition, accedo be aided, addo, ascribo; 3 nearness, adsum, asideo, adiacere; 4 assent, favour, annuo nod assent, addico give a favourable augury, ardeio smile on, acclamo give assent by acclamation, cheer; adsum favour; 5 in appono set down, assillo take a seat, the prep. is rather ab down (wh. see) than ad; 6 ad in comp. of verbs etc., sometimes stands for an up, wh. see; 7 ad in comp. w. vbs. is unchanged before vowels, h, h, m, i cons., u cons.; it is often assimilated before f, p; s, t; g, c, q; l, n, r. Before gn, sp, se, st the d is often dropped. Thus: ad-aperio, ad-eo, ad-ire, adopto, adumbo; adhibeo, adhibeo, admitto, adiaceo, aduho; affero, apporto, assumo, attoro; aggredior, acceno, acquiro; alludo, annuo, arrogo; but also adfero etc.; agnascor, aspicio, ascribo, astipulor.

**adactio**, onis, f. [adigo, vñ. see] driving to, compelling, iuristrandi, Liv. 22, 38, 5, taking an oath. 1 **adactus**, part. of adigo. 2 **adactus**, ūs, m. driving home, dentis, Lucr. 5, 1330.

**adaequatio**, onis, f. raising to a level with, Tert. nat. 1, 1 and 15; but in Sol. 1, 41 perapatio. **ad-aequū**, adv. up to a level (with), equally, quite as (only in Plaut., and w. neg.), Neque est nec fuit me senex quisquam amator Adaeque miser, Pl. Cas. 3, 5, 45; Mil. 3, 1, 181; Most. 1, 1, 30; w. ut, Cist. 1, 1, 57; w. atque, Capt. 5, 4, 2; Cas. 5, 1, 3; 2. carelessly w. compar., Qui homine hominum Adaeque nemo uult fortunator, Capt. 4, 2, 48; cf. melius aequo quoque uelim, 3, 5, 42; 3. adaeque in Liv. 4, 43, 5 is prob. corrupt; cf. Madvig.

**ad-aequo**, are, vb. [ad=an up] raise to a level (with), extraso mari aggere ac molibus, atque his oppidi moenibus adaequatis, Cæs. b. g. 3, 12, 3; in Liv. 1, 29, 6 read: tecta adaequuit solo (cf. Trans. Ph. Soc. 1854, p. 72); 2. met. cum uirtute fortunam, Cic. Arch. 24; commemorationem nominis nostri cum omni posteritate adaequandam, 29 f.; cum familiarissimis eius est adaequatus, Cic. Balb. 63; quibus daubus operibus uix noua luce magnificentia quicquam adaequare potuit, Liv. 1, 56, 2; erant qui formam aetatem genus mortis Alexandri facili adaequarent, Tac. an. 2, 73; libertos sibi et legibus, 12, 60; colonias iure et dignatione Urbis adaequauit, Suet. Aug. 46; ut fratri se operibus adaequaret, Suet. Dom. 2 (note w. cum in Cic., elsewhere, w. dat.); 3. come up to in height, reach in height, equal, w. acc. of object so reached, sic ut summum monti aggerisse altitudinem aceri armorum adaequarent, Cæs. b. g. 2, 32, 4; 7, 22, 5; b. e. 1, 16, 3; 4. similarly, come up with, equal, uictoris nauis longum nauium cursum adaequauit, 5, 8, 4; 1, 48 f.; 5. met. decorum uitam, Cic. Tūm. 11; neque prius sedari (Hannam) quam uirtus eorum famam atque gloriam adaequauit, Sal. Jug.

4; arduum erat has precatationes tuas laudibus adaequare, Plin. pan. 72.

**adaeratio**, onis, f. valuation in money, Th. cod. 11, 20, 6, 1; nov. th. 2, 10, 1, 3.

**ad-aer-o**, are, vb. [aer] value in money, Th. cod. 7, 4, 32; 8, 4, 10 etc.; Treb. Pol. Claud. 14, 14.

**ad-aestuo**, are, vb. [ad=an up] boil up, adaeatnat amnis, Stat. Th. 5, 517.

**ad-aggēro**, are, vb. [id.] heap up, terram, Cato r. 94; Colum. 5, 11; Plin. 13, 60; nitro et sale adaggeratis, 36, 81; 2. cover with, heap up, circa positos (uulnos) pedes tēni uidique adaggerantur, 17, 77.

**adagio**, onis, sb. [?] a proverb, adage, uetus adagio est, P. Scipio, Val. Soran. ap. Varr. l. 7, 3, p. 318 Sp. obsol. for Varro; Anson. monos. praef.

**adagium**, ū, n. [?] same, uetus adagium est nihil cum fidibus graeco, nihil cum amarieno sui, Gell. pr. 19.

**adagnitio**, onis, f. acknowledgment, Tert. Marc. 4, 28.

**ad-alligo**, are, vb. [ad to, alligo bind up] bind up to, radix (malua) manuarum nitiis occurrit adalligata in lana nigra, Plin. 20, 225; herba...adalligata laeua brachio tertianas accere traditur, 23, 170; capiti, 25, 143; 7 times in 32, 113—6; cf. ad-aggēro.

**adāmāb-ilis**, e, adj. (adama-) to be fallen in love with, *epitaphos* ad., Gloss.

**adāmānt-ēus**, adj. [adamas] of adamant, Ov. M. 7, 104; Manil. 1, 921.

**adāmānt-inus**, adj. [adāmāntos] of adamant, adamantine, adamantina saxa, Lucr. 2, 447; cianos, Hor. od. 3, 24, 5; tunica, 1, 6, 13; iuga, Prop. 4, 10 (3, 11), 9; duritie, Plin. 37, 180.

**adāmāntis**, idis, adj. f. as sb. [adāmāntis] a fabulous plant, Plin. 24, 162.

**adāmās**, antis, m. [adamas] diamond, maximum inter gemmas pretium habet adamas, Plin. 37, 55; duritia inenarrabilis est simulque ignium uictrix natura, unde et nomen indomita uis accepit, ib. 57; adamantia (ra)rum opum gaudium infragilem omni cetera ui et iniunctum, 20, 2; Sardonychas zmaragdos adamantans inspidas uno Versat in attiento, Mart. 5, 11, 1; nec secari adamas aut caedi noli dexteri potest, Sen. ad Ser. 3, 5; 2. Cypris a., prob. a sapphire, Plin. 37, 58; 3. a fabulous metal of poets, solidiorque adamantae columnae, Verg. 6, 552; fores clausae adamantae, Ov. M. 4, 453; 7, 412; 15, 813; tr. 4, 8, 45; Prop. 5 (4), 11, 4; Sen. Herc. F. 812; 4. met. Ov. M. 9, 615; Stat. silv. 1, 2, 69 (cf. our "heart of stone"); and ps. Mart. 3, 7 of Schneidewin.

**adāmātor**, oris, m. [adamo] lover, Tert. hab. mol. 2; *epitaphos* adāmator, Gloss.

**ad-ambulo**, are, vb. walk up to, ad ostium, Pl. Bac. 4, 5, 8; 2. w. dat. walk by the side of, lateri ēus, Apul. 3, 12 f.; circumgestantibus deam, 8, 26; seni, 11, 8 f.

**ad-amo**, are, vb. [ad=an=are] fall in love with, multa in mulierum lenitate coepit iactare, quam facile adanarent, quam cito etiam fidiorum obliuisceretur, Tert. 110; omnes matres liberos suos tamquam adamanerint amant, ps. Quint. del. 18, 10; ib. in; 2. de turpi amore, Nireus adamnatus, Ov. a. a. 2, 100; tr. 3, 4, 28; Plin. 8, 15; 36, 23; Suet. Vesp. 22; 3. met. cum signa quaedam uidisset, adamanuit, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 85; id adamnasti quod nunquam uideras, 2, 4, 101; nihil erat quod ille adamnasset quod non sum fore putaret, Cic. Mil. 88; Cic. or. 3, 62; Pl. 25; fam. 2, 4, 2; ac. 2, 9; postquam copias Gallorum adamnasset, Cæs. b. g. 1, 31, 5; si uirtutem adamaneris, amare enim parum est, Sen. ep. 71, 5 and met. Colum. 10, 109.

**ad-ampio**, are, vb. enlarge, adiculam, inser. Gr. 128, 5; ad 323, 4 and 884, 8.

**adamnissim**, see amnissim.

**ad-aperio**, ire, crui, erus, vb. [ad=an up; cf. *av-αίρω*] open up, open, adaperatas fores portae, Liv. 25, 30, 10; cinicium, 5, 21, 8; Pars adaperta fuit, pars altera clausa fenestrae, Ov. am. 1, 5, 3; ora, M. 5, 193; fores, Plin. 36, 88; terram, Colum. 10, 145; aures, Curt. 9, 7, 24 (29); podium, Suet. Ner. 12; sellam, Aug. 53; 2. hence



uncover, caput, Sen. ep. 64, 10; nites, Colum. 5, 5, 6;

3. met. Mox adaptata fides, Stat. Th. 1, 396.

**adapertilis**, e, adj. that opens, latus, Ov. fr. 3, 11, 45.

**ad-apto**, āre, vb. fit close to, tie to, ita essedo aluocque adaptatis nec., Suet. Cl. 33; galericulo capiti adaptato, Suet. Oth. 12.

**ad-āquo**, āre, vb. water, as 1. plants, amygdalas, Plin. 17, 63; nites, Pall. 3, 33; 2. aduquor, ari, as vb. r. (=ad-aquo mihī) go for water, deiecit ut iumentum ad locum ubi aduquari solebat decederet, Suet. Galb. 7; in bell. gall. 8, 41 f. Nipp. has aquari; but in Caes. b. c. 1, 66, 1 adaquandi causa, without note, but aquandi? for Caesar's term is aquari, b. c. 1, 73, 3; 1, 78, 1; 1, 81, 4; 3, 15, 2; 3, 66, 6; 3, 97, 4; cf. confusion between adaequare and aquare.

**adarcia**, ae, f. [ἀδάρκη] a parasitic plant, Plin. 32, 149; cf. Diosc. 5, 137.

**ad-arcto**, āre, vb. bind tight to, Not. Tr.

**ad-āresco**, āre, āri, vb. intr. [ad = an up] dry up, become quite dry, ubi ea (sc. amura) adauerit, uestimenta condito, Cato r. 98 (99).

**adasia**, ae, an old ewe, Festus p. 12 M. Isid. Gloss.

**adaucto**, ae, vb. frq. [adauco] increase again and again, Quibus rem summam et patriam nostram quondam adauctant senex, Aes. ap. Non. 75.

**adauctor**, oris, m. one who increases, Tert. anim. 2.

**ad-augo**, ere, xi, ctus, vb. [ad = an = aua of reversal] fill up again (a void made), re-establish, Hereules decumam 'sse adauctam, tibi quam noui gratulor, Pl. St. 2, 6, 2; quodque erat eius rei (sc. pabuli) minor copia, horreo adaugere, Caes. b. c. 3, 58, 4; ut si quid esset detrimenti acceptum, non modo id resarciri, sed etiam maioribus adaugeri (al. augeri) copiis posset, b. g. 6, 1, 3; 2. [ad to] increase still further, aggravate, exaggerate, Ne tua duritia illa antiqua etiam adaneta sit, Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 26; tamen haec (malicia) alius adaugent, Cie. Rose. Am. 30; per quem facti utilitas adaugetur, Cie. inv. 2, 55; malificii magnitudinem adaugere, 75; suspicionem, Corn. 2, 39; laetitia prope in singulos gradus adauca est, Plin. pan. 22; 3. in Caes. perib. fill up.

**ad-augescio**, ere, vb. intr., increase, become greater, Nam neque adaugescit quicquam neque deperit inde, Lucr. 2, 206; Stridor...adaugescit scopulorum saepe repulsus, Cie. div. 1, 13.

**ad-bibo**, ēre, bibi, vb. drink deep, Quando adbibero adu-diabo, Pl. St. 2, 58; is mihī ubi adbibit plus panlo, sua quae narrat facinora, Ter. Haut. 2, 1, 8; 2. met. Postquam adbibere auris (nom., so mss) mcae tuae murmur so Haupt; mss tuam moram; Rit-clil, tuae loream) orationis, Pl. Mil. 3, 3, 10; nunc adbibere puro l'ectore uerba puer, Hor. ep. 1, 2, 67.

**ad-bito**, ēre, vb. [baeto; and so = adeo] go to, approach, Namque edepol si adbitis propius, os denasabit tibi, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 72.

**ad-blātō**, āre, vb. act. gabble away, has afannas, Apul. M. 9, 10 (lect. dub.).

**ad-cēlōbre**, āre, vb. make quicker, quicken, celebri (Serv. celeri) grada gressum adcelebrasse dicit, (Serv. deest) (verse so divided by THK), Acc. ap. Non. 86, 22, who adds celebre non solum frequens sed etiam uelox; also Serv. 4, 641 w. note on Verg. alia celebrabat legunt quia antiqui hoc uerbum in uelocitate ponebant, thus showing that he wrote celebri and adcelebrare; nestrum crebris adcelebrare (so Bamberg mss) consilium, Mart. Cap. 9, p. 304 G., p. 335, 26 Eyss.

**ad-decet**, ere, vb. imp. become, Qui si decem habeas linguas mutum esse addeet, Pl. Bac. 1, 2, 20; St. 4, 1, 14; Ps. 1, 5, 156; Most. 4, 2, 21; Pers. 5, 2, 55; Rud. 1, 2, 27; Poen. 1, 2, 115; Amph. 3, 4, 21; Cas. 1, 2, 27; Sed unum uirtute uera uincere animatum addeet, Enn. tr. 338 V; Necessitatem ferre, non flere addeet, Syr. sent. 309 R.

**ad-denseo**? see

**ad-denso**, āre, make more dense, close, Extremi addensant aegres, Verg. 10, 432 (so mss, but Serv. addensent, as also Prisc. 1, 444, 4 K); Plin. 20, 230; cf. denseo.

**ad-dico**, ēre, xi, ctus, vb. adjudge, award as a judge,

judicially declare to be the property (of), esp. slave-property, ubi in ius uenerit, Addeet praetor familiam totam tibi, Pl. Poen. 1, 1, 58; Quin egomet tibi me addico. Quid praetor opus? 5, 6, 24; noua iudicia pelebantur: mihī bona addiecit, Cie. Verr. 2, 1, 137; qui liberum corpus in seruitutem addixisset, Liv. 3, 56, 8; prohibendo iudicatos (ciues) addietosque duci, 6, 15, 9; praetor...mihī bona xxx (diebus) emptori addieci inhet, Gai. 3, 79; liberti (so offending) a praeside emptori addiecentur, Mod. dig. 25, 3, 6, 1; a praetore iudicanti filius addieitur, Gai. 1, 134; si unus ob pecuniam debitum iudicatus addietusque sit pluribus, Gell. 20, 1, 19; 2. pronounce judicially that A owes a debt to B, condemn him to pay, addietus erat tibi? non, Cie. Rose. com. 41; nome Fufidum creditorem debitoribus suis addixisti? Cie. Pis. 86;

3. in auctions, knock down to, neque iis uoluisse te (decumas) addieere qui contra Apronium licerent, Cie. Verr. 2, 3, 148; addieitur uxor HS LXX milibus, 2, 1, 144; equis est qui bona Postumi nouum sestertio sibi addieci uelit, Cie. Rab. Post. 45; 4. gen. assign (property), convey, sell, Addece tuam mihī meretricem minusculam, Pl. Poen. 2, 50; hominem incurre neminem potuit cui meas aedes addiecerit, Cie. dom. 107; regna addieci pecunia, Cie. Ph. 7, 15; Die ex parte tua seu fundi sine domus sit Emptor, gaudentem uellmo te addieere, Hor. s. 2, 5, 109; agros omnis addieci deae, Vell. 2, 25, 4; consecrate, dedicate, deo aeterno addieci coniunctum fundum trium ingerum, inscr. Benev. 7 Kritz ad Vell., procurator tuus si fundum quem C aureis uendere poterat, addiecerit X aureis, Liv. dig. 41, 4, 7, 6; 5. gen. condemn, sentence, qui morti addieci esset, Cie. off. 3, 45; and met. nolite nos...perpetuae seruituti addieere (so ECD, Nipp. subiecer), Caes. b. g. 7, 77, 9; 6. add. iudicem, arbitrum, assign as a judge or arbitrator, recte ab initio index addieci est, Paul. dig. 5, 1, 46; Pompon. So; index qui hunc actioni addieci est. Ulp. 13, 4, 4, 1; iudicio addieci arbitri, Mod. 10, 2, 30; 7. so v. abstr. noun, post meridiem praesentis (stiletum addieci, XII tab. ap. Gell. 17, 2, 10; addieci iudicium, Varr. 6, p. 339 Sp.; 8. met., devote, addieci, sell, bind as a slave, first w. acc. of person, senatus cui me semper addieci, Cie. Pl. 93; sese uni addieci, Cie. inv. 2, 5; suum corpus turpissimae cupiditati, Corn. 4, 23; quos aeri alieni magnitudo tribuno pl. constrictos addiecerat, Cie. Sest. 38; ista omnia addieci uastitati, Cie. Att. 9, 9 f.; hunc (classi) me quacumque fuisset Addieci, Verg. 3, 653; addieci feris, Hor. epod. 17, 11; 9. v. abstr. acc., cuius sanguinem addieceras, Cie. Pis. 83; te de uendita atque addieci sententia mouere, Cie. Ph. 2, 52; tribuno pl. consulatum tuum, Cie. Pis. 56; (pueritiam) omni intemperantiae, Corn. 4, 37; uxoriis addieci, Suet. Claud. 29; Vit. 2; 10. attribute (as a writer may), assign, say it belongs to, istae (comediae) nomini eius addiecentur, Gell. 3, 13.

**addictio**, ōnis, f. adjudication (of property by a praetor), honorum, Cie. Verr. act. p. 121; Gai. 3, 189; dig. 18, 2 tit.; iudicis datio addieci esto, lex Manil. ap. Front. p. 340 Goes.

**addictio**, ōnis, f. addition (of property by a praetor), honorum, Cie. Verr. act. p. 121; Gai. 3, 189; dig. 18, 2 tit.; iudicis datio addieci esto, lex Manil. ap. Front. p. 340 Goes.

**ad-disco**, ēre, didici, vb. learn in addition or something new, etiam add. aliquid, and soon, cotidie aliquid, Cie. sen. 26; add. Cie. or. 3, 86 and 147; fin. 5, 87; Et quiddam uia est addieciue noui, Or. am. 2, 5, 50; add M. 3, 593; Suet. Cal. 47; but in Iustin. 2, 3, 13 addieciest.

**additamentum**, i, n. an addition, an adjunct, aedum hortus a., Papin. dig. 32, 91, 4; portio dotis additamenti causa data, 23, 4, 26, 2; 2. met. Ligus iste a. Inimicorum meorum, Cie. Sest. 68; sapientia ultimum uitae a., Sen. ep. 17, 8.

**additiuus**, adj. additional, secondary, mensem intercalarem additiuū esse, Cels. dig. 50, 16, 98, 1; add Tert. res carn. 52.

**additio**, ōnis, f. addition, Quint. 9, 3, 18; 2. something subordinate and unmeaning, quod (of ubique etc.) Prisc. 2, 25, 12 K, (of absque) 2, 28, 9.

**additiuus**, adj. used as an adjunct, ipse additiuū dicitur, Prisc. 2, 179, 25.

**additus**, part. of addo.

**ad-diuvino?** āre, in Plin. 35, 88, Sillig w. B has diuinanem.

**ad-do**, dēre, dīdi, dītus [do, dāre, put; as proved by form ad-duēs, s. § 16], ut, to, near or on, move to, apply, attach, w. dat. addit frena feris, Verg. 5, 817; natibus addere calcem, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 217; uīro forti uirgas, Liv. 26, 16, 3; flammā aquam, Tib. 2, 4, 42; incendia ramis, Sil. 7, 161; **2.** esp. custodem cui, set (a person) over another to watch, Quoi me custodem erus addidit miles meus, Pl. Mil. 2, 6, 60; Anl. 3, 6, 20; nequitiae additus custos, Hor. od. 3, 4, 78; Germanos custodes additos, Tac. an. 13, 18; and absol. nec Tenebris addita Iuno Vsq̄e aberit, Verg. 6, 90; **3.** w. modum, finem, set (a limit) to, Adde modum dextrae, Sil. 4, 668; finem litibus, Claud. 4, cons. Hon. 510; **4.** w. in and acc. put into, eas (epistulas) in eundem fasciculum uelū addas, Cie. Att. 13, 53; Adde manus in uincula, Ov. an. 1, 7, 1; Ant fera belliceras addite in arma manus, a. a. 2, 672; legem ne cui album in uestimentum addere petitionis liceat causa, Liv. 4, 25, 13; see, in hunc florem, Ov. M. 10, 208; addita in narem ca compositio, Cels. 6, S. f.; cyclaminos cum melle in naris addita, Plin. 25, 134; **5.** esp. of putting into empty vessels, unde una in ollulas addatur, Varr. r. 1, 5, 2; in hoc dolium addunt glandem, 3, 15, 2; picis metretam in labrum, Colum. 12, 22, 1; in ouum inane succum (marubii) addit, Plin. 20, 244; hic succus in eana (dentium) additus, 23, 127; **II. 6.** met. first w. dat., as utitum cui, defile, Quia pudicitiae huius uitium me hinc apertisset additum, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 179; and w. Plautine boldness, Hic iam adibus uitium additur, bonae quom erantur male, Most. 1, 2, 26; **7.** esp. w. abstract acc., put into, give, inspire with, Nisi mihi quidem addit animum quo libeat magis, Ter. Haut. 3, 2, 31; addis (so ass mostly) mihi scribendi alacritatem, Cie. Att. 16, 3, 1; uerba uirtutem non addere, Sal. Cat. 58, 1; regi formidinem, Sal. Jug. 37, 4; ceteris audaciam, 94, 2; dūne hunc ardorem mentibus addunt...an...? Verg. 6, 184; spem metumque, Tac. h. 1, 62; **III. 8.** give in addition, addit, Et si durum panis-ibet inquit addentur duae, Pl. St. 4, 1, 45; de mea (uita) ad tuam addam, As. 3, 3, 20; suas ad meas miserias addet, Cist. 2, 3, 46; si cae res...tum quom... ad eas leges additae essent, CHL 260, 162; ad aurorem meum aliquantum, Cie. fam. 15, 20, 2; hunc laborem ad cotidiana opera, Caes. b. c. 3, 49, 5; **9.** so far w. ad; rarely w. in and acc., in seculum addendum seculus est, in funera funus, Ov. M. 8, 484; putting additional matter into is expressed by in; is in id decretum...exceptionem addito addue iubeto, CHL 1, 5; in illam orationem addidi quaedam, Cie. Att. 1, 13, 5; multas res notuas in edictum addidit, Nep. Cat. 2, 3; **10.** rarely too in good writers w. dat., Medumque flumen gentilius additum Victis, Hor. od. 2, 9, 21; Adde super dictis, Hor. s. 2, 7, 78; quibus peruenia addidit, Suet. Jul. 84; in Verg. 2, 660 and Sil. 4, 398 the idea of comitum is implied; **11.** w. inf. only perh. int. ferro circumdare Addiderat, Sil. 8, 550; **12.** often w. uerbum, add another word, Pl. Tr. 2, 4, 63; Rud. 4, 3, 68; 5, 3, 45; Truc. 2, 7, 51; Ter. Andr. 5, 2, 19; **13.** w. gradum, quicken, Adde gradum (shortened by military need to ad-gradum or perh. adde graum), adpropere: iamdudum factum-ut quom abissi domum, Pl. Tr. 4, 3, 3; adhortationes: addent gradum, maturato opus esse, Liv. 3, 27, 6; 10, 20, 16, 20, 9; Plin. ep. 6, 20, 12; and absol., quadragies Addunt in spatia: put on fresh speed each lap of the race, Verg. G. 1, 513 (so Voss, recte); **14.** add in freq. use, as: adde huc, si placet, unguentarios..., Cie. off. 1, 150; adde huc populationem agrorum..., Liv. 7, 30, 15; add 26, 41, 12; Hor. od. 2, 8, 17; s. 1, 2, 83; **15.** so addito as abl. abs. with the addition that...addito ut luna infira terram sit, Plin. 15, 62; addito consultandum super re atroci, Tac. an. 2, 28 f.; **16.** adduces: addideris, Paul. ex F. 27.

**ad-dūco**, ēre, vb. learn in addition, artes, Hor. ep. 1, 5, 18; but in Cie. Clu. 104, adducti.

**ad-dormisco**, ēre, and ad-dormio, ēre, vb. [ad=an=ava] fall asleep, quoties post cibum addormisceret, Suet. Claud. 8; rursus addormiant atque difficile expergiseuntur, Cael. Anr. ae. 1, 11, cf. obdormisco.

**addubanum** dubium, Paul. ex F. 18.

**addūbitatio**, ōnis, f. the starting a doubt, facit apud oratores pathos etiam addubitatio quam Graeci ἀπορησις uocant, Maer. s. 4, 6, 11; ἀπορησις est addubitatio...ut est pro Cuentio quo me uertam iudices! Mart. Cap. 5, p. 174 Eyss.

**ad-dūbito**, āre, vb. [ad=an=ava] begin to doubt, be seized with a doubt, feel a doubt at first, doubt for a moment, namque ut dicam te metu aut Segnitae addubitare haud meumst, Acc. ap. Non. 22; de quo Panaetium addubitare dicebant, Cie. N. D. 2, 118; in his addubitare turpissimum est, Cie. off. 3, 18; primum addubitauit num a Voluminio senatore esset (epistula), Cie. fam. 7, 32, 1; Cie. or. 137; N. D. 1, 14; de legatis paululum addubitatum est, Liv. 2, 4, 7; paulisper addubitauit au..., 8, 10, 2; Appian addubitasse ferunt, cementum..., deinde ueritum..., signum dedisse, 10, 19, 13; an hoc inonestum...nece sit addubitare, Hor. s. 1, 4, 125; rex miramento addubitare (about Arion)... Postquam... tum neque quicquam postilla negare...aui sunt, Front. p. 238, Naber; add Colum. 3, 8, 5; in ps. Nep. Con. 5, 1, lect. dub.

**1 ad-dūco**, ēre, sit, etus, vb. [ad to; but ad=ava wd. better suit §§ 1—3] draw to (one), and so draw in, back, and so (often) tighten, laxissimas habenas habere...quas uel adducas cum uelis ne remittas, Cie. am. 45; Nos tamen adductos intus agemus equos, Ov. F. 6, 586; ut tormenta telorum eo grauioris emissionis habent, quo sunt adducta uehementius, Cie. Tusc. 2, 57; in agro ambulanti ramulum adductum, ut remissus esset in oculum summa recedisse, Cie. div. 1, 123; quin tu adducis lorum? Liv. 9, 10, 7; **2.** esp. the part. adductus, aren, Verg. 5, 507; lacerto, 9, 402; habena, 9, 587; sagitta, 9, 632; nerno, Ov. M. 1, 455; securi, Ov. tr. 4, 2, 5; **3.** gen. contract, sitis miseris adduxerat artus, Verg. G. 3, 483; Adducite eutem maces, Ov. M. 3, 307; frontem adduxit, Sen. benef. 1, 1, 5; **4.** bring to or into (a certain state), bring over, reduce, first of living beings, cum ad nequitem, Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 4; animum ad malas partes, Hec. 5, 3, 39; euenit in inuidiam, Cie. off. 3, 79; hunc in angustias, Cie. Quinet. 10; te ad memm arbutum, Cie. fam. 5, 20, 2; boues ad utilitatem, Varr. 1, 20, 3; in eam se consuetudinem...ut..., Caes. b. g. 4, 1, 10; me in eam necessitatem, Liv. 8, 7, 16; **5.** esp. by reasons, motives, induce, lead, quod ex eorum sermonibus adducit ad sperem, Cie. fam. 6, 10, 2; nullo frigore adduci ut capite aperto sit, Cie. sen. 34; his rebus adducti, Caes. b. g. 1, 3, 1; inopia adducti, 1, 27, 1; **6.** w. abstr. acc., res in extremum est adducta discerni, Cie. Ph. 6, 17; est enim res in eum locum adducta ut..., Cie. fam. 5, 21, 3; beneficia in odium, Sen. ben. 2, 4, 1; **II. 7.** lead to, bring persons, legions, ships to, propere, adduce (so A) hominem huc cito, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 161; fac sit mulier libera, Atque huc continuo adduce, Pers. 3, 3, 34; attuli hunc, quid? attulisti? Adduxi nolui dicere, Pl. 2, 4, 21; illum huc coram adducam, Ter. Andr. 5, 3, 29; ex Gallia pueros uenales int adducebat, Cie. Quinet. 24; CC navis onerarias, Caes. b. c. 2, 32, 12; Larissam legiones, 3, 80, 1; **8.** at times de sorte, de pacifice, Quae me pacifice adduxit & dicit ante oculos suos, Pl. Rud. 4, 4, 3; seortum sibi Ob oculis (so BCD) adduxerit in aedis, Mele. 5, 2, 183; add Ov. F. 3, 483; ps. Nep. Dion. 4, 4; cf. adductor; **9.** in poets, and late prose w. abstr. acc., Offella forensis Adduct febris, Hor. ep. 1, 7, 9; Adducere sitim tempora, Hor. od. 4, 12, 13; taedium (iui), Plin. 30, 145; and prob., tunc festum, Hor. s. 2, 2, 83; **10.** but never in prose of dead weight, for in Caes. b. c. 1, 23, 4; Liv. 44, 26, 10 read aux. aurum.

**III. 11.** adductus, as adj. contracted, frowning, iustus, Suet. Tib. 68; fronte in supercilia adductiore, Capit. Ver. 10, 6; **12.** reserved, Tac. an. 14, 4, 4; and perh. 12, 7; **13.** of style, in orationibus pressior et adductior, Plin. ep. 1, 16, 4; **14.** adducte adv. whence comp. adductus, incula contorsit, Auson. grat. act. 27; regnantiur, w. a tighter rein, Tac. G. 43; add h. 3, 7; **15.** Pl. has adduce as imper. in Poen. 1, 3, 15; but adduce in Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 79 and Pl. above \* w. accent on final, as in abscisionibus ea uoculis in qua est accentus, seruat accentum, Phisc. 1, 302, 17 K; adduce above +, and adduxit, Ter. Haut. 4, 6, 15.

2 **ad-dūco**, ēre, vb. [ad=*ava* up—see adduco No. 1] draw up, haul up, ab imo pulmone pituitam trochileis (=τροχιλεῖς), as if with hoisting tackle, Quint. 11, 3, 56.

**adductor**, ōris, m. a pump, Petr. Afran. ad Del.; cf. adduco 8.

1 **ād-ēdo**, ēre, ēdi, ēsus (essus), vb. [ad=*an=ava*] eat up, eat whole of, frumento adesio, Sis. ap. Non. 70 = consumptio; nam saepe fanos ignotus addedit Stelio, Verg. G. 4, 242; ut Pinarii extis alesiis ad ceteram uenirent dapem, Liv. 1, 7, 15; angues duo ex occulto allapsi addedere (so Gron. ej.; P. anaere, F. anere) iecur, 25, 16, 2; not inconsistent with libatio incinere wh. follows; ex parte adesi (piscēs), Quint. 6, 3, 90 (lect. dub.); in Colum. 2, 10, 3 some ed. by ej. read a lederant for ederunt of mss; but ?

2. met., of fire, utterly consume, eum me supremum adederit ignis, Vinum, Ov. am. 1, 15, 41; 3. gen. quis tam perditus nepos, non adesa iam sed abundanti etiam pecunia, sic dissolutus fuisset, Cic. Quinct. 40; adesis omnibus fortassis, Tac. an. 13, 21; adesis bonis, h. 1, 4; adesum Cladibus Hasdrubalem, Sil. 13, 679.

2 **ād-ēdo**, ēre, ēdi, ēsus (essus), vb. [for ad cf. accido, attondeo, attero] eat deep into, met. first of fire, postibus haesit adessis (damna), Verg. 9, 537; Et solitum digito berillon adederat ignis, Prop. 5 (4), 7, 9; 2. of water, lapides adesos Voluentis una, Hor. od. 3, 29, 36; Nunc scopulus rancis pendet adesos aquis, Ov. her. 10, 26; aut latus illi Montis adest (se. mare), Luc. 6, 267—wh. note the form adest; cf. est, comest, of eating.

**ādēphis**, idis, f. a kind of date, Plin. 13, 45.

**ādēmpcio**, onis, f. [adimō] taking away, ciuitatis (of the franchise), Cic. dom. 78; prouinciae, Tac. an. 2, 70; bonorum, 4, 6.

**ādēmpctor**, ōris, m. one who takes away, uitae, Aug. tract. 110.

**ādēmpcio**, part. of adimō.

**ād-ēō**, adv. [=ad eom; so Sanct. Min. 3, 14; Voss, anal. 4, 108; Vrsin. inst. 1, 394 and 2, 436; cf. quo, ite clamo elatior etc.: adhuc and quoad] to this or that—, as place, librum ad librum norsum facit; aritō usque adeo quo praeaueris, Cato r. 40, 3; 2. to this or that state, to this, adeo res redit; si quis quid reddit magna habendast gratia, Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 5; Adeo et rem relisse ut..., 1, 3, 1; Hant, 1, 1, 61; 2, 2, 27; 3. to this or that time, so long, w. dum donec etc., until, Exploratore hunc faciamus ludos suppositicium, Adeo et donec ipsus sese ludos fieri senserit, Pl. Ps. 7, 72; ibi te uiuere Adeo et dum illius euphidas te(d) atque amor misum facit, Mere, 3, 4, 72; Amph. 1, 2, 10; As. 2, 2, 62; Cist. 2, 3, 40; Numquam destitit Instare... usque adeo et donec perpulit, Ter. And. 4, 1, 38; Ph. 4, 1, 23; usque adeo hominem in periculo fuisse quoad scitum est Sestium uiuere, Cic. Sest. 82; 4. akin to this adeo... dum..., so long as, adeo et ego (so Bomb.) illius ferre possum ineptiam et magnifica uerba, Verba dum sint, Ter. Eun. 4, 6, 3; 5. hence of results, to that degree, so (w. ut that), faciam ut pugnam inspecet non bonam Adeo ut spectare postea omnis oderit, Pl. Capt. pr. 66; Adeo et me fuisse fungum ut qui illi crederem! Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 49; et noltu Sosia Adeo\* modesto, adeo\* uenusto ut nihil supra, Ter. And. 1, 1, 93; rempublicam funditus amissum ut Cato nix uinus effugeret (so mss. Lamb. effugerit), Cic. ad Q. fr. 1, 2, 15; neminem adeo infatuare potuit ut ei munum illum crederet, Cic. Fl. 47; adeone hospes es huicne urbis, adeone ignarus discipline nostrae ut haec nescias, Cic. Rab. perd. 28; Phil. 2, 15; fam. 9, 10; 2. adeo montibus mare continetur uti ex locis superioribus in litus telum adisti (al. adisti) posset, Caes. b. g. 4, 23, 3; quod non adeo sit imperitis rerum ut suis copiis populum R. superari (al. se superare) posse confidat, 5, 27, 4; adeone est fundata leniter fides ut ubi sim quam qui sim magis referat, Liv. 2, 7, 10; 5, 6, 4; Hor. ep. 1, 1, 39; Ov. Pont. 4, 4, 1; Pers. 1, 26; Iuv. 6, 59; 6. w. rel. as quin, ego nunquam adeo astutus fui, quin quicquid possem mallem auferre potius in praesentia, Ter. Ad. 2, 2, 13; in Curt. 4, 16, 14 Zumpt has ut; 7. adeo non (nihil)...ut..., so thoroughly not..., that (=tantum abest ut...ut...); so far from...; adeo non tenuit iram ut...diceret, Liv. 8, 5, 7; 3, 2, 6;

5, 45, 4; 30, 34, 5; famam factorum adeo non abstulisti ut auxeris, Vell. 2, 66, 4; Colum. 2, 11, 5; Curt. 3, 12, 22 (32); 7, 1, 26; 8. w. ut and ind., so...as..., Adeon hominem esse inuenustum aut infelicem quemquam ut ego sum, Ter. And. 1, 5, 10; 9. often adeo refers to what precedes, consulo ordine non licuit; adeo tumultuose excepta est (res) clamoribus patrum, Liv. 2, 28, 2; nemini omnium certare eum eo (se. Hannone) necesse fuit; adeo prope omnis senatus Hannibalis erat, 21, 11, 1; 2, 27, 3; 2, 47, 11; 8, 37, 2; Non obtinua adeo gestamus pectora Poeni, Verg. 1, 571; adeo cuncta ineuria disiecta erant Tac. an. 1, 50; 1, 81; 10. often in a parenthesis, ne illi quidem ipsi mentem fore—adeo ferocia atque indomita ingenia esse—ni..., Liv. 21, 20, 8; 3, 4, 2; 9, 26, 17; Tac. an. 2, 28; 11. in addition to this, what is more, let me add i, nay, moreover, gen. after some word, Ihi uos ter cenat, cum uxore adeo, et Antipho, Pl. St. 5, 2, 16; Nulla adeo et ex re istae fit nisi ex inuio otio, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 57; nam me cino spiro fratrem propemodum tam repperisse, adulescentem adeo nobilem, Eun. 1, 2, 124;

12. esp. after pronom. words, Ego adeo iam illi remittam nuntium, Pl. Truc. 4, 3, 74; Mil. 4, 4, 55; Bae. 4, 7, 31; Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 16; nos adeo, ubi ego inuenio uobis, ni..., Pl. Rud. 3, 4, 26; Ter. And. 3, 3, 47; Verg. E. 2, 11; G. 1, 24; Ipsum adeo et praesto uidetur cum Diano: hoc agam, Ter. And. 2, 5, 4; Sil. 14, 485; Hoc adeo et comminini magis quia illo die impransus fui, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 103 (98); Ter. And. 2, 2, 2; Verg. 11, 275; id adeo et ego hodie expertus sum, Pl. Cure. 5, 3, 2; Aul. 2, 4, 13; 4, 2, 16; Ep. 1, 1, 51; 2, 1, 2; id adeo sic considerate, Cic. Caec. 87; Cili. So; Verr. 2, 4, 143; id adeo meo sro uidebatur facere, Sal. Cat. 37, 2; add 37, 11; Iug. 65, 3; id adeo malum ex pronocatione natum, Liv. 2, 29, 10;

13. esp. after atque (=ad+que), aye and what is more, nay, decem hostium intra moenia atque adeo in senatu uidentur, Cic. Cat. 1, 5; eum maximo detrimento atque adeo exitio uetigalium, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 19; Pis. 41; Planc. 48; fam. 4, 3, 1; non potenter atque adeo iam absentem creatum, Liv. 10, 5, 14; add Plin. ep. 6, 21, 2; 14. in late writers, like ad, w. comp. still (more), rabidum...ut uidit maiore adeo erudescere motu, Sil. 11, 89; but Pl. Amph. 5, 2, 4; True. 2, 1, 6; Ter. And. 1, 1, 135; Cic. or. 2, 15; Plin. 10, 98 belong to § 11; 15. so, like ita? Nihil hercle; aut si adeo, uidistis aut tridui Haec sollicitudo, Ter. And. 2, 6, 9; 16. Paul. ex Festo 19 M says adeo the adv. was accented on the final, and so \*above; but see f.

2. **ād-ēō**, ire, ūi or īi, itum, vb. go to, come to, approach, w. ad and of persons, sei qui iniquum uidebatur esse, ad eos adeant qui..., CIL 199, 45; in ious adierit ad eum, 200, 17; adibo ad hominem, Pl. Men. 3, 2, 21; St. 1, 3, 83 (so AB); Bae. 4, 6, 4; Poen. 1, 2, 117; 5, 2, 22; ad me adire, Eun. ap. Cic. Tusc. 3, 26; adeamne ad eum? Ter. And. 4, 1, 15; Eun. 3, 5, 30; Phorm. 1, 2, 90; ad me adire quosdam memini, Cic. Tusc. 3, 10, 6; liberis ad se adire, Caes. b. g. 6, 17, 1; 4, 2, 5; b. e. 1, 87, 2; 2. often without ad, nisi pr. urbanum adiescent (=adiissent), CIL 196, 8; add 17 and 20, 152; Ipsum ad adulescentem, Pl. Tr. 3, 3, 20; Bae. 2, 3, 7; 3, 2, 2; Men. 2, 3, 10; Most. 5, 2, 33; Capt. 3, 4, 80 etc.; aliquot me adherunt, Ter. And. 3, 3, 2; mazi-tratus, Ph. 2, 3, 56; add Hec. 2, 2, 9; te adeunt fere omnes, Cic. fam. 3, 9, 2; euntiones, Caes. b. e. 1, 64, 3; reges, Sal. Iug. 21, 4; Marius, 93, 6; nec quisquam...Audet adeo uirum, Verg. 5, 379; natem, 3, 450; Belgas, Caes. b. g. 3, 11, 2; Stygios manes, Ov. M. 13, 405; 3. acc. first w. ad, ad ostium, Pl. Mere. 1, 2, 22; ab aris ad quas togati adierimus, Cic. Ph. 14, 2; 4. gen. without ad, go to, visit, go and see, quos locos adisti? Pl. Tr. 4, 2, 86; cas rationes, Caes. b. g. 3, 7, 1; ciuitates, 4, 21, 8; oppida castellaque, Sal. Iug. 89, 1; hiberna legionum, Tac. h. 1, 52; 5. approach indirectly, as by writing or through friends, Per epistulam aut per nuntium quasi regem adiri \*eum aiunt, Pl. Mil. 4, 6, 10; adeunt per Haeduos, Caes. b. g. 6, 4; moris erat quamquam praesentem scripto adire, Tac. an. 4, 30; Verginium legationibus, Tac. h. 1, 9; 6. a. deos, in prayer, go to in imagination, address one's prayers to,

(simulacra) nenerant, deos ipsos se adire crederent, Cic. N. D. 1, 77; Mente deos adit, Ov. M. 15, 63; Cur adeo fratres, huius sine fratre deos, Albini. 1, 290; 7. in legal l., a. in ius, go before a magistrate to institute a suit, see § 1; add CIL 200, 24 and 30 and 37; se cum de suis controversiis in ius aditum uiside nuntiant, Cic. Att. 11, 24, 4; cum ad praetorem in ius adissemus, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 147; 2, 2, 55; observandum est ius reddenti ut in aditum faciliem se praebat, Callistr. dig. 1, 18, 19; 8. met. run into, enter into, approach, meet, face, meet, apply oneself to, first w. ad, Mucum adire ad pacationem, Pl. Anl. 2, 2, 25; ad rem publicam, Cic. Cn. Pomp. 70; ad causas priuatas, Cic. Brut. 311; ad extrinsecum uitae periculum, Caes. b. c. 2, 7, 11; 9. w. acc. alone, capitis periculum, Rosc. Am. 110; omnem simul fortunam, Liv. 25, 10, 7; quantum delectoris adierit legio, Tac. an. 1, 39; inuidiam, 4, 70; seruientem, G. 24; 10. esp. hereditatem, enter upon an inheritance, hereditates cinium, Cic. Arch. 11; patris, Cic. Phil. 2, 42; si eis de aedeunda hereditate deliberare licet, adierit, Gai. 2, 163 etc.; 11. manus cui a., disappoint, give the go by (origin of prov. unknown), adeo illum illico iratus: nolui exta prosequer. Eo pacto avarae Veneri pulere adii manus, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 11; cara omnia. Adeo iratus illic... Ita illis impuris omnibus adii manus, Pl. Anl. 2, 8, 8;

12. pass. pers., quomodo de Persa manus mihi aditast, Pl. Pers. 5, 2, 18; satini lepide adita uobis est manus, Pl. Cas. 5, 2, 53; add 'above; neque praetores adiri possent, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 2, 15; periculis aditis, Cic. off. 1, 62; non placet adiri nomen Caesaris, should be taken up as an inheritance, Vell. 2, 60, 1; aditis quae uix audita erant, 2, 5, 1; 13. pass. impers. antequam in ius aditum esset, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 55.

**Adeona**, ae, f. Goddess of approach, Aug. C. D. 4, 21. **adeps**, [adeps] Sillig in Plin. w. some mss. (but?) f. (m. only in Plin.) [akin to ol-um, ol-ina, ἄλειον, ἀλεῖον, ἄλειον, ἄλειον etc.; cf. by-form adipis, Prob. 109, 3 K] (when out of the body), fat, adipis suilla, Varr. l. 2, 11, 7 (cf. Prisc. 168, 16 K); adipis pondo triginta uetustae, Mars. ap. Prisc. lib.; in praesulsa adipis liquamine, Colum. 6, 2, 7; caprina adeps, 6, 12 f.; oryzae emor cum quo recens adeps cocta sit, Cels. 3, 7, 2, p. 89, 25 Par.; 4, 6 (3); 4, 27 (20); 5, 19, 28; 5, 21 bis; 5, 24, 23; 5, 26; 8; 4; ursinus, Pl. Anl. 28, 163; uolupum, 165; aprugus, 167; anseris, 160; lupinus, 172; porcina, Verg. 5 (3), 46 (47), 10; ursina, 5, 22, 2; praesulsa, Pall. 4, 12; 2. in pl., of fat in the living body, L. Cassii adipis, Cic. Cat. 3, 16; quae res ad creandas adipis multum conferunt, Col. 8, 14, 11; modica corporaturae pecoris operarii debet esse, non adipibus obesa, 6, 3, 15; sibi quoque tenuandas adipis, Quint. 2, 10, 6; 3. so in pl. of the albumen in the living tree, proximi (sc. corticis) adipis; hi uocantur a colore albumen, Plin. 16, 182; 4. of marl, terrae adipis (ad. adeps), 17, 42.

**adepio**, ōnis, f. [adipiscor] getting hold of, attainment, boni, Cic. fin. 1, 41; commodi, Cic. parit. 113; bonorum, Quint. 5, 10, 33.

1 **adepius**, part. of adipiscor.

2 **adepus**, ūs, m. getting hold of, attainment, fidei, Paul. Nol. ep. 32 ad Sev. 18; but in Cic. fin. 3, 48 nirtutis habitum (cf. rationis habitum, 4, 37).

**ad-ēquito**, āre, vb. ride up to, ad nostros, Caes. b. g. 1, 46, 1; 2. w. dat., portis, Liv. 1, 14, 7; uallo, 9, 22, 6; but in 24, 31, 10 abegitauerunt; portae, Plin. 15, 76; castris, Tac. an. 6, 40 (34); 3. w. acc., perarmatos, Curt. 4, 9, 23.

**ad-erro**, āre, vb. wander or ramble up to, scopulis, Stat. silv. 2, 2, 120; arribus, Stat. Th. 9, 178.

**ad-esco**, āre, vb. [esca sb.] fatten up, Cacl. Aur. auct. 1, 11 f.

**ades-dum**, see adsum.

**ad-ēsūrio**, īre, vb. be hungry after, Pl. Tr. 1, 2, 132.

**adēsus**, part. of adeo.

**ad-expeto**? quoted by Fore. Fin. ep. 117, 5 (not 17) who has expetibile.

ad-, see aff.

**adg-**, for words not found under this, see agg.

**ad-gēmo**, ēre, vb. groan in addition or groan at, Ingenuit Chiron...; Adgemit Alcides, Ov. F. 5, 400; a. nostris malis, Ov. tr. 1, 4, 10; loquenti Adgemit, Stat. Th. 11, 247.

**ad-gēnōro**, āre, vb. beget in addition, natis fratres, Tert. Marc. 4, 19.

**ad-gēniculor**, āri, vb. refl. kneel before, caris, Tert. poen. 9.

**adgrettus**, see aggredior.

**ad-guberno**, āre, vb. pilot to, sic adgubernante fortuna, Flor. 2, 8, 1; but in 3, 5, 16 Hahn has gubernans.

**ad-haereo**, ēre, vb. stick to, cling to, adhere, conexu corpus adhaeret, Lucr. 3, 557; corpus adhaeret, Cic. Arat. 292; ninetipio in corpore adhaerent, Ov. M. 4, 604; non adhaerere aurois poterant (naues), Tac. an. 2, 23; iumento, Gell. 20, 1, 11; lingua crocodili tota adhaerens, Plin. 11, 171; 2. met. meo de studio studia erant nostra omnia: Vaeque adhaerebat, Pl. As. 1, 3, 59; lateri adhaerere grauium dominum, Liv. 39, 25, 11; adeo nulli fortunae adhaerent animi, 41, 20, 2; cui cognomen adhaeret, Hor. s. 2, 2, 50; inuidia altissimis, Vell. 1, 9, 6; statim castris, Tac. an. 3, 21; obsidioni, Amm. 19, 3, 1; Ithemi ripis, 18, 2, 8.

**ad-haeresco**, ēre, haesi, haesens, stick to, cling to, cleave to, ad funlas niscus ne adhaeresceret, Pl. Poen. 2, 33; Adhaesit homini ad infimum (so mss) uentrem fames, St. 1, 3, 82; ad eam (disciplinam) tamquam ad saxum adhaerescunt, Cic. ac. 2, 8; ne in hanc materiem seditiois ista fax adhaerescunt, Cic. dom. 13; iu me omnia coniurationis tela adhaerescunt, 63; ne quid emerit ubi ignis hostium adhaeresceret, Caes. b. c. 2, 9, 1; craterae limus adhaesit, Hor. s. 2, 4, 80; Fronte (a dative) tamen Rheoti non irrita cuspi adhaesit, Ov. M. 5, 38; comes perpetuo adhaesisse Lacedi dicitur, Plin. 10, 51; 2. by a stronger met., iustitiae honestatique, Cic. off. 1, 86; simul adeo omissus est (argumentum), adhaerescit (takes firm hold of the hearer's mind), Cic. or. 2, 214; ut ad (id) genus... adhaeresceret (be firmly united with), 3, 37; in his locis adhaerescere (make a long stay in), Cic. Att. 4, 4, 12; 3. of speech, stick, come to a standstill, ita libere fluebat, ut nusquam adhaeresceret, Cic. Br. 274; in continuatione uerborum adhaerescens, 320; 4. adhaesus, having stuck, and so sticking, adhaesus cohaerens fortiter, Fest.; 5. adhaese, adv. with hesitation (of speech), Gell. 5, 9, 6.

**adhaesus**, ūs, m. sticking to, adhesion, pulueris, Lucr. 3, 381; adfigere adhaesum, 4, 1242; membrorum, 5, 842; umoris, 6, 472.

**ad-hālo**, āre, vb. breathe upon, si (serpens) patescens (fungus) adhalauerit, Plin. 22, 95.

**ad-hibeo**, ēre, ui, itus, vb. [habeo] hold near, hold to, apply, Hue adhibe auris, Pl. Ps. 1, 2, 23; Cas. 2, 8, 39; alteri se calcaria adhibere, alteri frenos, Cic. Br. 204; manus uectigalibus, Cic. agr. 2, 47; uacuas auris animumque sagacem...uerum ad rationem, Lucr. 1, 50; medicas manus ad uoluerā, Verg. G. 3, 455; genibusque manus a., Ov. M. 9, 216; nuncula capitis, P. 3, 293; Hue adhibe uultus, am. 2, 13, 15; 2, 1, 37; tibias ad os, Gell. 15, 17, 1; corpori uincula, Clp. dig. 50, 16, 216; 2. esp. w. acc. of person, have present, call in (to aid or as witness), quantist hominem amicum adhibere ubi quid gerat, Pl. Pers. 4, 4, 47; proba materies data est, si probum adhibes fabrum, Poen. 4, 2, 93; testis, Ter. Ph. 4, 5, 2; Fauentiam, Aec. up. Non. 357, 13; testes, Cic. fin. 2, 67; medicum, Cic. fat. 28; eum collegium praetorum tribuni pl. adhibuissent, Cic. off. 3, 80; Dumgenio ad se uocat, fratrem adhibet, Caes. b. g. 1, 6, 20; neque ad consilium adhibendos censeo, 7, 77, 3; plurimis operis adhibitis, Venn. dig. 45, 1, 137, 3; 3. of things, have present in aid, Quin adhibuisti, dum istaec loquere, tympanum? Pl. Poen. 5, 5, 38; ideo aes et libra adhibetur quia... Gai. 1, 122; 4. gen. receive, treat, uniuersos adhiberi liberaliter oportere, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 10; Quintum filium seuerius adhibebo, Cic. Att. 10, 12, 3; Catullum cenae, Suet. Caes. 73 f.; 5. give (to oneself or others), supply, unum agrotis, Cic. N. D. 3, 69; tantum cibi et potitionis ut..., Cic. sen. 30;

medicinam, Cic. Tusc. 4, 59; 6. adhibere se, conduct oneself (towards), sic se adhibere in tanta potestate ut... Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 22; 7. w. abstr. acc., curam, Pl. Mil. 1, 1, 41; parsimoniam, Most. 1, 3, 79; confidentiam, Caecil. ap. Isid. or. 10, 40; celeritatem, Cic. fam. 10, 21, 6; curam, 2, 7, 3; audaciam et virtutem, Caes. b. c. 3, 26, 1;

8. esp. fidem, behave honourably or honestly, act with fidelity, si adhibebit fidem, Iste ignotus, notus, Pl. Rul. 4, 3, 105; in amicorum periculis, Cic. Clu. 118; 9. and in late writers, give credit to, Si qua fides falsis unquam est adhibenda poetis, Auson. ep. 10, 1; placitis, Papin. dig. 17, 1, 7; quaestioni, Ulp. 48, 18, 1; but in Cic. div. 2, 59 habenda (not adhuc); 10. a. modum, set a limit to, modum tu adhibes uitio, Cic. Tusc. 4, 39; voluptati, Quint. 9, 3, 74; adhibito honoribus modo, Suet. Aug. 103; Tib. 34; Ner. 16; 11. in Pl. Tr. 2, 1 read: Mille modis est ignorandus, procul habendus, apstinendus.

ad-hibitio, ōnis, f. application, medicaminis, 3, 49 f. G; p. 55, 15 Eyss.; encubitarum, Marc. Emp. 15. Mart. Cap. ad-hinnio, vb. neigh at or after, or neigh in answer to, equolam, Pl. Cist. fragm. ap. Mai. 19: Fortis equus nūc semper adhinnit equae, Ov. rem. am. 634: Femina compelli semper adhinnit equo, a. a. 1, 280; uirginis uoculas adhinnire, Apul. M. 6, 28; 2. met. admissarius iste... sic ad illius orationem adhinnuit ut..., Cic. Pis. 69; feminas, Aug. Mor. Man. 2, 19; in Proserpinam, Arn. 4, 14; in matrem, in filiam, 5, 22.

ad-horreo? ere, vb. shudder at, Albin. 1, 221 (dub.). adhortāmen, ōnis, n. matter for encouragement, Apul. flor. 4, 18, p. 85 Hild.

adhortātiō, ōnis, f. encouragement, Cic. or. 2, 11; Liv. 4, 38, 4; Plin. S. 159; Curt. 3, 11, 9; 7, 9, 9.

adhortātor, ōris, m. one who encourages, operis, Liv. 2, 58, 7; 7, 32, 11; 9, 13, 2.

adhortātor, ūs, m. encouragement, Apul. mag. 102.

ad-hortor, ari, vb. refl. encourage, urge on, praeter quam res te adhortatur tua, Ter. Hant. 1, 1, 8; adhortor propterea, Eun. 3, 5, 35; nullites, Cic. Ph. 4, 11; te ad certam laudem, Cic. fam. 1, 7, 5; sese, Cat. 63, 85; nullo tribunorum adhortante, Tac. h. 1, 38; nullo in bellum adhortante, 3, 61, 1; Bruto adhortante, Suet. Jul. 81; add Tib. 50; Gal. 45.

ad-hospitio, are, vb. entertain as a (foreign) guest, Dict. Cret. 1, 15 f.

ad-hūc, adv. [for ad-hūc; like huc for hūc or hūc; cf. ad-eo] to this, never simply of place; gen. of time, to this time, to this day, so far, as yet, Quod celatum atque occultatum usque adhuc, nunc non potest, Pl. Aul. 2, 3, 10; neque recte adhuc fecisti unquam, Capt. 5, 2, 8; Hecus quanta quanta haec mea paupertas est, tamen Adhuc curavi unum hoc quidem ut nihil esset fides, Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 11; non commouit me adhuc Thessalonica: sed iam extrudimur, Cic. Att. 3, 14, 2; adhuc semper taceo, Cic. or. 1, 119; neque adhuc hominum memoria repertus est quisquam qui... Caes. b. g. 3, 22, 3; neque enim... Ex infinito iam tempore adhuc potuissent immensi ualidas aeni contemnere vires, Lucr. 5, 378; satis adhuc in Lusitanica montibus pecora consecantio nullum enolumentum laborum uidisti, Liv. 21, 43, 8; et adhuc ignota praenatur Flumina, Verg. 7, 136; Solus adhuc ego sum noster immensus in oris, Ov. Pont. 4, 14, 53;

2. esp. of statements, so far, Conueniunt adhuc utriusque uerba, Pl. Tusc. 4, 3, 20; atque adhuc ea dixi... nunc reliqua nuntiatus, Cic. fin. 4, 44; idem adhuc (dicit Zeno): audi reliqua et risum continue, si potes, 4, 71 (so Madvig); 3. of what might well have ceased, yet still continues, still, yet, even after, even now, even then, Ephesi regem est consecutus fluctuantem adhuc animo, Liv. 33, 49, 7; et istam Oro signis adhuc precibus locus exue mentem, Verg. 4, 319; incolem Augusti erat adhuc perfrugum, Tac. an. 5, 3; quaeuor iam post legem Furiam adhuc legis Apuleiae beneficium supersit, Gai. 3, 122, 2, 244; ipse pauculis adhuc diebus in Tusculano commorator, Plin. ep. 4, 13, 1; Mart. 4, 89, 3; 7, 44, 2; S. 3, 2; Curt. 8, 6, 18; Quint. 1, 7, 22; 4. also of what might well have been completed, yet is still imperfect, gangraena si nondum plane tenet sed adhuc

incipit, Cels. 5, 26, 34; Expirantis adhuc seombri, Mart. 13, 102, 1; But adhuc aptans umeris capitiue leonem, Val. F. 8, 126;

5. of a new condition of things, even then, still, quid si cum testatore minus praestabat, plus mortis tempore? adhuc erit dicendum am praestationem sequendam quae nouissima fuit, Ulp. dig. 34, 1, 14, 2; sed etsi defecerit condicio institutionis, adhuc tantumdem..., 37, 4, 8, 5; adhuc inutilis est stipulatio, si quis..., Gai. 3, 102; sin ex pari coeant (sc. natura et doctrina), maius adhuc credam naturae esse momentum, Quint. 2, 19, 2; 6. in later writers, in addition, still, nay more, esp. w. vbs. of addition, and w. et or atque, punctum est quod inuimus, et adhuc—puncto minus, Sen. ep. 49, 3; nisi quod ipso adhuc terrae suae solo et caelo acris animantur, Tac. G. 29; in neither of wh. does adhuc belong to comp.; unam rem adhuc adiciam, Sen. N. Q. 4, 8; his uerbis... atque adhuc alibi, Quint. 2, 21, 6—and again; but in Pl. Truc. 5, 18 adhuc is not in xss; in Verg. 7, 136 it belongs to ignota, see § 1; 7. also in later writers w. comp., either preceding, as: adhuc difficilior observatio est per tenores, Quint. 1, 5, 22; adhuc plus est nihil ex priuato, 7, 1, 25; simulacra faciebat (Thidias) ex aere. Si maior illi, si adhuc niliorum materiam obtulisses, fecisset, Sen. ep. 85, 40; alii ulterius... alii adhuc ulterius, Gai. 3, 184; 8. oftener w. comp. foll., Terenti scripta sunt in hoc genere elegantissima et adhuc habitura gratiae si intra uersus trimetros steti-sent, Quint. 10, 1, 99, 7, 2, 14; 8, 20, 12, 10, 7; melius adhuc eae ciuitates in quibus..., Tac. G. 19; Vis dare mains adhuc et inenarrabile munus, Mart. 2, 10, 3; add Suet. Tib. 17 and 44; Ner. 10; 9. so w. verbs of increase or change, still more, crescit hoc adhuc, Quint. 3, 8, 33; et adhuc augeri potest, 2, 16, 18; 5, 14, 18; 10. w. gen., Philocrates ut adhuc locupletum feci, faciam sedulo, Pl. Capt. 2, 3, 25; 11. in Ulp. dig. 27, 3, 16 Momms. has cum tutore, not cum adhuc-tutore; but see his note.

adūciō, -nē, adv. w. interr. part. [adhuc older form of adhuc; w. one c, cf. hinc, scine;] what still? adhucine istum asinum iungi furore iactari credimus? Apul. M. 9, 3.

ad-iācio, ēre, vb. lie near, ad eam regionem quae Adiacia adiacet (so BCD), Caes. b. c. 6, 33, 2; tota regione qua Tuscani ager Romano adiacet, Liv. 2, 49, 9; fines Romanos qua ex parte Etruriam (Etruria?) adiacent, 7, 12, 6; qua nostro adiacet mari, pss. Liv. 26, 42, 4; adiacet unhis Facta manu moles, Ov. M. 11, 728; compitibus, Colum. 12, 1, 2; uallo, Tac. an. 1, 65; munitionibus, 4, 48; adiacet molior (aiunt), Quint. 1, 6, 22; mare illud, pss. Nep. Tim. 2, 1; ad Syria, Mela 1, 7.

ad-iāculor, ari, vb. refl. hurl at, hence adiaculatus as part. pass., fulgor, Mart. Cap. 160.

adīantum, i. n. [adīaror not to be wetted] a fern, maiden-hair, aquas respuit, perfusum mersumque sicco simile est, Plin. 22, 62; 21, 100; 27, 49 and 138; 28, 163.

adiāphōrus, adj. = indifferens (Cic. fin. 3, 53), dolor, Varr. ap. Non. 2.

ad-iciō (ad-icio\*, and s. § 13), ēre, ēci, iectus, vb. [iācio or iēcio] throw to or at, neque propter altitudinem (mauium) facile telum adiciatur, Caes. h. g. 3, 13, 8; non longius aberant quam quo telum adici posset, 2, 21, 2; but in 4, 23, 3, and b. c. 3, 51, S. xss have adici; in b. c. 2, 34, 6; abici; in 3, 56, 2 abiectis (but in all. adici? adigi seems to mean to be driven home while still in the hand, as a sword); Parthus adiciet Armeniae manum—laid (violent) hands on—Vell. 2, 100, 1; si tu erori nostro album calculum adicebris, throw a white stone upon, i. e. forgive, Plin. ep. 1, 2, 5; 2. hence met. of the eye or mind, cast (an eye or thought) on, esp. a longing one, give the mind to, first w. dat., Quasi nulli animum adicebris simulare, Pl. Mil. 3, 35; amabilia animum, Poen. 5, 4, 1; oculum hereditati, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 37; nouo consilio animum, Liv. 28, 33, 9; tu dictis adicebre mentem, Ov. M. 14, 319; 3. w. ad, Ad eorum ne quenuquam oculos adiciat suos, Pl. As. 4, 1, 24; Ne hic ad (ad Ritschl, not xss) illam me animum adicebre aliqua sentiat, More, 2, 2, 62; ad uirginem animum adiciet, Ter. Eun. 1, 6, 63; cum ad omnia nostra oculos adicebris, Cic. agr. 2, 25; ad consilium prima specie temerarium animum adiciet,

Liv. 25, 37, 17; 4. w. adv. of motion to, ille qui in sacrificio cogitatum luidum intulit quo ne imprudenter quidem oculorum adici fas fuit, Cic. leg. 2, 36; 5. throw in addition, add, first phys. Adiecit extremo lapides oriente petitos, Ov. M. 7, 266; quid uirus in angustis Adiecit, a. a. 3, 7; sues Adiecit, 14, 276; sextario aquae dodrantem molis adiecit (for form see Schneider's index, v. adiecit), Colum. 12, 12, 3; in liliuina sextarios decem salis tres cyathos adiecit, 12, 16, 3; in uirculos, 12, 16, 1; in uinum, 12, 21, 1; sic ut ei (se. aquae) sulphur quoque adiecit, Cels. 4, 3 (2); 6. in Curt. seems also to mean, fasten, attach, hinc (se. uallo) loricae pinnasque adiecit, Caes. b. g. 7, 72; adiectis funium laqueis euasere, 7, 11, 15; capiti (of Alexander's corpse) adiecta fortunae eius insignia, 10, 10, 13; 7. gen. tantum te gratiae demere, quantum morae adiecit, poet. com. ap. Sen. benefic. 2, 5, 2; ad (bellicum) laudem doctrinae gloriam adiecit, Cic. off. 1, 116; piscatoris (naues) adiecerant, Caes. b. c. 2, 4, 2; non magna adiecta planitie, b. g. 3, 1, 5; Aegyptum imperio populi (Romani) adiecit, mon. Ancy. 5, 24; morem ritusque sacerum Adiecit, Verg. 12, 837; Adiecit bonae paulo plus artis Athenae, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 43; coacti sunt hinc equites adiecit (so F., as also in 10, 7, 10; Madv. adiecit), Liv. 4, 52, 7; tantum adiecit (so Halm) gratiae, Quint. 11, 3, 4; si modis adiecerit (so Halm), Tac. an. 3, 6; 8. absol. add (in words), say in addition, adieciens\* (so Kriz) nunquam defuturos lupos, Tell. 2, 27, 2; adiecerat Tiberius... non defuturum corrigendi auctorem, Tac. an. 2, 33 f.; adiecit trepidam sibi uitam, 4, 70 f.; 4, 21; 9. so of a higher offer in buying, supra adiecit Aesclerio, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 77; licet uenditori meliore allata condicione adiecit posteriori, nisi prior paratus sit plus adiecit (so Momms.), Paul. dig. 18, 2, 7; 10. absol. gen., quicquid non adiecit prioribus, detrachere uidetur, Quint. 6, 1, 29; add 10, 2, 9; magnitudini Porci adiecit\* (so Zumpt) uidebatur belia qua uehebatur, Curt. 8, 14, 13; 11. for refl. add (themselves), Ter centum adiecit, mens omnibus una sequendi, Verg. 10, 182; 12. for long qty. of adiecit, cf. concilio, obsequio, subiecio, and Gell. 4, 17; 13. late writers make the first syl. short, Nil adiecit penso Laechnis, Mart. 4, 54, 9; add 10, 82, 1; proclamataque adieci ceruicibus Atlas, Stat. 7, 4.

**adiectamentum**, i. n. an addition, opp. to pars, Iavol. dig. 5, 16, 242.

**adiectio**, onis, f. addition, increase, populi Albani, Liv. 1, 30, 6; calor, Sen. ep. 109, 9; familiarum, Tac. h. 1, 78, 1; hominum quam pecuniarum, Paul. dig. 48, 20, 7, 3; Vitr. 3, 2, 13 and 3, 3, 5; 2. an additional clause, illam adiectionem, uter eorum uolet, superuacuum puto, Froc. dig. 28, 5, 70 (69); Gai. 4, 126; 3. esp. an addition to a bidding, paulatim illiberali adiectione... ad C talenta est perductus, Liv. 38, 14, 14; inter primam lectionem et sequentem adiectionem, Paul. dig. 49, 14, 50; add 4, 4, 35; 6, 1, 41; 18, 2, 17; 4. in rhet., repetition or anaphora, as: Corydon, Corydon; or bona, bona inquam Cn. Pompei, Quint. 9, 3, 28 ff.; 9, 3, 55; 5. in gramm., an adjective, haec a quibusdam adiectionibus uocantur, ut magnus, Charis. 150, 16 K; add Diom. 323, 5.

**adiectus**, adj. [adiectionis] of the class adiecti or adiecta, a. positiones, Prisc. 2, 146 K; adiectives, a. nomina, 1, 83, 17; 2. adiectum as sb. n. an adjective, a. est quod adiectus propriis uel appellatiuis, 1, 60, 6; a. quod Graeci *enclitica* uocant, Maer. s. 1, 4, 9.

**adiectus**, us, m. throwing to or at, impulse, nostros adiectu tangere tactus, Lucr. 1, 689; odoris, 4, 673; 2. addition, insertion, canerum adiectus aut exemptus, Vitr. 9, 9, 6.

**ad-igo**, ere, -egi, actus, vb. [ago] drive to, as first; of sheep etc., quid hoc est Negoti? amabo quis huc onis adiecit? Pl. Bac. 5, 2; 2. Eadem duo greges uirgarum inde uilemum adiecit, Ps. 1, 3, 99; hactenus (titulos) al eas mane adieci oportet, Varr. r. 2, 5, 16; pecore ex longinquioribus uicis adiecit, Caes. b. g. 7, 17, 3; 3. drive to, in a more vague sense, push on to, mox huc te adiecit horum insomnia, Ter. Eun. 2, 1, 13; bring to, turri adiecit, Caes. b. g. 5, 43, 6; Quis deus Italiam, quae uos dementia adiecit,

Verg. 9, 601; dum adiegitur naues, Tac. an. 2, 7; eeteras nauum per aestuaria adiegit, 11, 18; classem Byzantium adieci iusserat, b. 2, 83; 3, 47; 3. esp. hurl to, of darts etc., tumulum qui tantum aberat ut telum tormento (lect. dub.) missum adieci non posset, Caes. b. c. 3, 51, 8; adiecit me fulmine ad umbras, Verg. 4, 25; 4. drive w. all one's force (the idea of to not seen), praecipitque innani turbine adiecit, Verg. 6, 504; uiribus ensis adiectus Transiit costas, 9, 431; scutilla Incertum qua pulsa manu, quo turbine adiecit, 12, 320; ferro per pectus adiecto, Ov. M. 6, 271; pilum sub oculo adiectum, Plin. 8, 201; emens arbori adiecta, 25, 14; adiectae tormentis hastae, Tac. 4, 4, 23 f.; and peh. In faciem proae pinus adiecta (forced) nouae, Trop. 4 (3), 22, 14; 5. met. drive to, compel, urge on, Vtinam me diu adaxint (=adagerint) ad suspensum, Pl. Aul. 1, 1, 11; adiecit me ad insaniam, Ter. Ad. 1, 2, 31; adiecit (-o) Boot from Bosc's ep.; mis adiecit ita Pomponia, Cic. Att. 10, 9, 3; add mortem, Tac. an. 12, 22 f.; Suet. Ang. 37; cupidine adiegebatur Nero, Tac. an. 15, 33; adiectis per uim gubernatoribus, Tac. Ag. 28; 6. w. iusurandum etc., compel to take an oath, bind by an oath, iusurandum cos adiegit (=to take an oath)—Cine. Al. ap. Gell. 10, 4, 2; idem i. adiecit Afranium, i. e. to take an oath, se dicere, Caes. b. c. 1, 76, 3; prouinciam in sua uerba i. a., 2, 18, 5; cum i. adiegit, Liv. 43, 15, 8; (sirma) mandatur iusurandum adiectis, Sen. ep. 95, 35; add Ter. Clem. dig. 40, 9, 32; Gell. 6 (7), 18, 2; 4, 20, 3 (wh. read adiegit, for agebat of Hertiz); omnibus iurandam (al. ad i.) adiectis, Caes. b. g. 7, 67, 1; a. sacramento, Liv. 7, 9, 6; a. iurandam, 10, 38, 9; libertum iurandam a., Paul. dig. 37, 14, 6, 2; ad i. adiegit, Sal. Cat. 22, 1; sacramento Othonis a., Tac. h. 1, 76; Suet. Galb. 16; Flor. 1, 39, 13 (3, 1); 7. so w. in uerba (s. Caes. 2, 18, 5 above), a. iurandam in quae adiecta est uerba, Liv. 7, 5, 6; neque se neque quempum in uerba Galliarum a., Tac. h. 4, 61; add 4, 70; Plin. pan. 64; in uerba Vespasiani, Suet. Vesp. 6; 8. and absol., barbaro rita uniuersos adiecit, Tac. h. 4, 15; 9. akin to preceding is to bind in other ways, as Disque iugo Rhenum, his adiectum legibus Istrum, Stat. Th. 1, 19; arbitrum adiecit, compel to go before an arbitrator, drive to arbitration, arbitrum illum adiecit (se. adire), quidquid... Cic. off. 3, 66; finibus regundis... pluniae arcendae a. arbitrum, Cic. top. 41; add Rose. com. 25; 10. w. inf. compel to, haec limina tendere adiecit, Verg. 6, 696; 7, 113; Ov. am. 3, 6, 30; adiecit Parthos mittere ad principem preces, Tac. an. 11, 10 f.; Silanus mori adiecit, 15, 35; Sil. 2, 473; Stat. Th. 4, 531; 11. in Lucr. 5, 1225 xss adiauctum, wh. is perh. right (filled up); Lactim. and Munro adiauctum, in 3, 922, adiecit L and M.

**ad-imo**, ere, -emi, emptus (emptus) vb. [ad=an=ava] way with +emo take; cf. *av-apele* take off, take away, w. dat. of pers., ut istas conpedit Titia adimam, huic dem, Pl. Capt. 5, 4, 31; nec suum adimerem alteri, Ter. 2, 2, 42; Adimit animam milii acgritudo, 4, 3, 84; his adimerent animam cito, Mil. 1, 1, 137; neque... quomodo adimito, CIL 198, 28; tunica adimetur, Titin. 139 R; Qui saepe propter inuidiam adimunt diuiti, Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 46; hanc nisi mors adimet nemo, Andr. 4, 2, 14; pecuniam si euipiam fortuna adimet, Cic. Quinct. 49; adimunt litores Syracusanis ademerunt, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 85; ingens enim lumen ademptum, Verg. 3, 658; Vincula pars adimunt canibus, Ov. M. 8, 332; arma adimunt militibus, Liv. 22, 44, 6; prospectu adempto, 10, 32, 6; 2. absol. of death, take off, Deos quaeso ut adimant et patrem et matrem meos, Naev. 95 R; Myster ademptum, Flor. od. 2, 9, 10; ademptus Hector, 2, 4, 10; Iure igitur laerinas Celso libanus adempto, Ov. Pont. 1, 9, 41; also, tanquam fato adempti, Plin. pr. 27; 3. ademit=ademerit, Pl. Epid. 3, 2, 27.

**ad-impleo**, ere, vb. [ad=an=ava] fill up or quite full, Firmic. err. prof. p. 10; 2. met. fulfill, complete, carry out, conditionem, Paul. dig. 18, 1, 57; id quod promissit, id. 20, 7, 43, 1; libertates (seruorum), cod. Inst. 7, 2, 15, 3.

**adimpletio**, onis, f. fulfillment, Tert. Marc. 5, 17; add monog. 5; Lact. 4, 20.

**adimpletor**, oris, m. one who fulfils, Aug. temp. serm. 144, 3.

**ad-into**, ēre, vb. put on in addition, subscules, Cato r. 18, 9.

**ad-ingēro**, ēre, vb. heap on in addition, sutiram in aliquid, fragm. Siseu, ap. Serv.

**ad-inquiro**, ēre, vb. search after in addition, Iul. Valer. Alex. M. 1 M1.

**ad-inuēnio**, frē, uenī, uentus, vb. invent, postea id genus poenae adiumentum est, Callist. dig. 48, 19, 28; Serv. A. 6.603;

**2.** adiumentum... as sb. n. an invention, Tert. Gnost. 1. **adiuuentio**, ōnis, f. Modest. in Pand. x. 27, tit. 1, de excusat. leg. 6, 3; Vulg. Iudic. 2, 10.

**adiuuentor**, ōris, m. transl. of *εφευγερῆς* (Iom. 1, 30), Cyprian. ep. 68, 10.

**ad-inuicem** = inuicem, Aug. Trin. 7, 12.

**adip-ālis**, e, adj. of fat, ungine, Arn. 3, p. 115.

**adip-atus**, quasi-part. dressed with fat, pultem, Lucil. ap. Char. 94, 16 K; **2.** as sb. m. adipatus (sc. panis), pastry, = opus pistorium, ib.; **3.** as sb. f. adipata, the same, ib.; **4.** as sb. n. same, *Lubida* materno feruent adipata uenero, Iuv. 10, 631; Gloss.

**adip-iscor**, ci, eptus, vb. rel. [apiscor] get hold of = esp. overtake by running. Nam ut apud portum te conspexi curriulo occipi (so A) sequi: Vix adipiscendi potestas modo fuit, Pl. Ep. 1, 1, 13; facile adepti fessos, Liv. 2, 30, 14; agmen adipisci non potuit, 2, 64, 4; add 24, 1, 11; 44, 28, 13; **2.** gen. get hold of, get, obtain, attain to. Nuptias efcigere ego istas malo quam tu alipiscier (G. 2 m. apiscier), Ter. Andr. 2, 1, 32; bis iudicium adipiscier (so A and all mss; Benti. cj. apiscier), Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 59; hoc... quod his publicumst, 2, 3, 65; senectus quam ut adipiscamur omnes optant, eandem accensum adeptam, Cie. sen. 4; (honores) a populo R., Cie. Clu. 118; magistratus, Cie. off. 1, 72; laudem, 1, 63; hanc adepti uictoriam, Caes. b. g. 5, 39, 4; add Sal. Cat. 11, 7; 39, 4; 61, 7; quae petebant, Iug. 77, 4; ius nostrum adipiscamur, Liv. 1, 32, 10; Ciris, et a tonso est hoc nomen adpta capillo, Ov. M. 8, 151; tutelam adipiscamur, Gai. 1, 175; possessionem, Ulp. 5, 3, 25, 5; **3.** adeptus part. often as pass. adepta libertate, Sal. Cat. 7, 3; adeptum uictoriam, Iug. 101, 9; adepto principatu, Tac. an. 1, 7; **4.** in Pl. Cpt. 3, 1, 23 Fleck. apiscier; in Rud. pr. 17 apisci; in Tr. 2, 2, 86 Ritschl (w. A) apiscitur.

**adipsatheon**, i, n. a low thorny shrub, Plin. 24, 112.

**ādipsos**, i, adj. as sb. f. [α-δῖπος not thirsty] the plant liquorice (glycyrrhiza), Plin. 22, 26; **2.** a kind of palm-tree, 12, 103.

**āditi-ālis**, e, adj. of admission or entrance, esp. to a priesthood, primus (pauciores) augurali aditu casa posuisse dicitur, Varr. r. 3, 6, 6; enea, Sen. ep. 95, 41; 123, 4; Plin. 10, 45; epulae, 29, 58.

**ādītūcula**, ae, f. dim. [ill-formed fm. aditus m.] a small entrance, Iul. Val. Alex. M. 3, 70.

**ādītūculus**, i, m. dim. the same, ap. Fest.

**ādītho**, ōnis, f. [adeo vb.] going or coming to, approach, access, Quid tibi huc uentios? Quid tibi hanc adiost? right to come near, Pl. Truc. 2, 7, 61; praetoris, going in person to him, opp. to nuntiatio, Ulp. dig. 39, 1, 1, 2; **2.** esp. entrance on an inheritance, Paul. 8, 1, 18; Papin. 50, 17, 77.

**ād-īto**, āre, vb. freq. go to again and again, Enn. ap. Diom. 345, 1 K.

**ādītus**, us, m. going or coming to, approach, access, ens si adeas aliquid quam aditum malis, Pl. Cist. 1, 1, 35; cuius aditum expectans pernix usque adhuc, Acc. ap. Non. 238, 2; aditus ad pastum, Cie. N. D. 2, 122; quorum abitu aut aditu mutatoque ordine mutati Naturam rer. Lucr. 1, 677; huc aditum ferat Dux bonae Veneris, Cat. 61, 43; quo neque sit uentis aditus, Verg. G. 4, 9; ut liceat ei itum aditum ambitum... habere, inscr. Or. 4511, etc.; **2.** the right of way to, called in law a seruitus, aditus in id sacrauenti (ius habebit), inesse et aditum, Ulp. dig. 8, 3, 3; si usus fructus legetur, necesse est ut sequatur eum aditus, 7, 6, 1, 1; aditum mihi non debuit, and soon: heres cogitur

redimere aditum, 30, 44, 9; **3.** a way to, an approach, si te... primo aditu nostilubio prohibuerit, Cie. Caec. 35; si modo insulam adisset et... loca portus aditus cognouisset, Caes. b. g. 4, 20, 2; spargit aquis aditus, Ov. F. 6, 157;

**4.** approach to a person, access, aditus ad eum dilectior, Cie. Att. 15, 8, 1; fam. 6, 13, 3; faciles aditus ad eum pratorum, Cie. Ch. Pomp. 41; Difficiles aditus primos habet, Hor. s. 1, 9, 56; superbae aures, rari aditus, Liv. 24, 5, 5; **5.** met. a road to, a path to, an opening, entrance, qui annus ei primus aditum ad suumam auctoritatem dabat, Cie. or. 3, 7; nestiluba honesta aditusque ad causam facit illustres, Cie. or. 50; qui aliquid sermionis aditum causamque amicitiae cum Cicerone habebant, Caes. b. g. 5, 41, 1; per quem aditum commendationis habere et ad Caesarem, b. c. 1, 74, 5.

**ad-iūbo**, ēre, vb. order in addition, adiubeat (so B; al. adiunet, edd. ut inbeat) ferri in manu si quid imponi uelit, Pl. Mh. 4, 4, 50; iube ad te ueniam meriditum, Et si iussisset, illud adiubeto (mss adiuneto) Ne quis iunius obseret tabeliam, Cat. 32, 4.

**adiūdicatio**, ōnis, f. judicial decision in favour of one, adjudication, adiudicationes et contentationes, Paul. dig. 10, 2, 36; factis adiudicationibus, Papin. 28, 5, 79 (78); add 3, 3, 42, 6; **2.** the right of adjudicating, a. est ea pars formulae qua permittitur iudici rem... adiudicare, Gai. 4, 42.

**ad-iūdico** (old a-tiōd), āre, vb. declare judicially to be the property of, adjudge, award, (quod eius) agri ex h(ac)e lege adiudicari licebit, CIL 200, 62; Tuast legio (so mss): adiudicato cum entro (utro mss) hanc noctem sines, Pl. Men. 1, 3, 6; regnum Ptolemaeo, Cie. agr. 2, 44; ipsam Veneri n seruitutem, Cie. Caecil. 56; and met.: Antonione au Bruto legiones populi R. adiudicaret, Cie. Ph. 10, 12; cui magistratum, Caes. b. g. 7, 37, 1; sibi controversiam rem, Liv. 3, 72, 5; **2.** more beyond legal sphere, mihi salutem inperii, declared due to me, Cie. Att. 1, 19, 7; si quid abest Italis... armis, Hor. ep. 1, 18, 57; optimum saporem ostreis Lucrinis, Plin. 9, 168.

**ad-iūgo**, āre, vb. [ad prob. = ara] hold up (vines) by cross bars of wood (iuga), yoke up (so) to say, palmates, Colum. 4, 17, 6; pampinos aliugatae (uiti) detergere, Plin. 17, 175; **2.** met. Mater [est] terra [n] parit[ur] corpus; animam (ei) aeter (mss mater or ater) adiugat (corr. partly by THK), Paen. ap. Non. 75, 11; hanc hortatricem adiugat uoluptatem (pron. uouip.) -- -- --, ib.

**adiūgus**, adj. [ad iugum] yoked to, Venant. Fort. 8, 39.

**adiumentum**, i, n. [adiuno] a support, an aid or help, Plus adiumentum addis (so Klessing Rh. M. 1869, p. 120; mss ades or des), quam ille qui nunquam etiam natum est, Pl. Ep. 3, 1, 15; Nihil aderat adiumentum ad puleritatem, Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 55; quod mihi consensit esse adiumentum, id... Cie. Quinct. 41; adiumenta rerum gerendatum, Cie. off. 1, 72; consulat, Cie. Mur. 38; ignauiae, Sal. Iug. 45, 2; Esse duo iunenes firma adiumenta parentes, Ov. Pont. 4, 13, 31.

**adiunctio**, ōnis, f. yoking on to, addition, omnes sententias simplices in quibus nulla inest uirtutis adiunctio... Cie. fin. 2, 39; quasdam cum adiunctione necessitudines, quasdam simplices, Cie. inv. 2, 171; adiunctiones quas fundo legato testator ex diuersis emptionibus adplicauerat... Paul. sent. 3, 6, 60; **2.** of feelings, attachment, union, si haec non est nulla potest homini esse ad adiunctio naturae adiunctio, Cie. Att. 7, 2, 4; a. animi ac uoluntas, Cie. pet. cons. 21; **3.** in rhet. the reservation of an important word or phrase to the close of a clause, deflorescit formae dignitas—ant morbo aut neustate, or ant m. ant u. f. d.—deflorescit, Corn. 4, 38; adiunctio (without explan.). Cie. or. 3, 206—quoted by Quint. 9, 1, 33.

**adiunctiuus**, adj. of the class adiuncti or -a, attached, additive, rectori prouinciae Samniti adiunctiuus, inscr. Cotugno's Mem. di Ven. 200; **2.** in gramm. modus, sub-iunctive, Dion. 340, 24; (coniunctio) adiun-ctiuus: ut moqueatur, ambulat, Prisc. 2, 95, 4.

**adiunctor**, ōris, m. one who adds, ille Galliae ulterioris a., Cie. Att. 8, 3, 3;

**ad-iungo**, ēre, xi, etus, vb. yoke on to (as beasts of draught), yoke with, Adiungere feras, quia quamuis efferat proles

Officiis debet molliiri iuncta parentum, Lucr. 2, 604; plostello adiungere mures, Hor. s. 2, 3, 247; tauros aratro, Tib. 1, 9, 7; aues, Ov. am. 1, 2, 26; tigres, a. a. 1, 550; but in Gell. 20, 1, 28 iunctis; 2. of vines (perh. in ref. to iugis so used), unusque adiungere vitis, Verg. G. 1, 2; tenebram palis adiungere uitam, Tib. 1, 7, 33; 3. gen. attach, unite, first of phys. or nat. union (esp. in perf. part.), os adiunctis naribus..., and soon; arteria...ostium habeat adiunctum linguae radicibus, Cic. N. D. 2, 134; hinc fundo contentiua quaelam praedia atque adiuncta mercator, Cic. Caec. 11; hanc (domum) Scaurus demolitus accessionem adiunxit aedibus, Cic. off. 1, 138; Verg. 9, 69; 4. w. acc. of persons, attach, as in friendship, quam ad probos propinquitate proxime to adiungere, Tam optumumst, Pl. Aul. 2, 2, 59; quem beneficio adiungas, Ter. Ad. 1, 1, 47; add 5, 8, 4; si te mea cura te studia parum mihi adiunxerint, Cic. fam. 5, 7, 2; quem regia coniunx Adiungi generum mihi propterbal amore, Verg. 7, 57; 5. attach, as a companion, party, etc., socium tibi cum, Cic. Quinct. 12; te socium, Cic. fin. 2, 9; 6. w. abstr. acc., conciliate, win. Conciliatum hospitio adiunctum perpetui Probate conseruatis, Paen. ap. Non. 88, 20; imperium quod amicitia adiungitur, Ter. Ad. 1, 1, 42; beniuolentiam adiungit, lenitate audiendi, Cic. Mur. 41; magnus bonos populi lib. rebus adiungitur, Cic. Arch. 22; fam. 2, 6, 4; 7. a. se or animum, attach oneself, met. Vt animum ad aliquod studium adiungant, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 29; significatio virtutis...ad quam se similis animus adplicit et adiungat, Cic. am. 48; add ad hanc elegantiam uerborum adiungit illa ornamenta dicendi, Cic. Br. 26; ad summum imperium etiam acerbiterat naturae adiungere, Cic. fr. 1, 1, 37; 8. esp. of words, His adiungit, Hylan..., Verg. B. 6, 43; hoc factis adiungere prioribus unum, Ov. Pont. 3, 1, 83; satis erit dictum si hoc unum adiunxero, sp. Nep. Epam. 10, 4; 9. a. fidem, attach credit to, believe, commentatibus, Cic. div. 2, 113; nisi non omnibus, Cic. ac. 1, 41; 10. adiunctus part. as adj. connected, ut ad ea quae propria huiusce causae et adiunctiora sint, Cic. Clu. 30; ad ueram et adiunctissimam questionem, Arnob. 7, p. 243; 11. adiuncta as sb. n. pl. connected matters, Cic. top. 71.

**adiuratio**, ōnis, f. swearing to, confirming by an oath, Apul. M. 2, 20 f.; Laet. inst. 2, 17.

**adiurátor**, ōris, m. one who swears to, or evokes by adjuration, Aclm. 2, 312.

**adiurátor-ius**, adj. of one sworn, cautio, cod. Th. 12, 26, 4, 2; add 12, 30, 3, 3.

**ad-iūro**, āre, vti, swear to, confirm by oath, Per Iouem deosque omnis adiro uxor (satin hoc esse tibi)? Me isti non misisse, Pl. Men. 4, 2, 52; ib. 92; Clit. 2, 3, 27 and 40; Per omnis tibi adiuro deos nunquam eam me deserturnum, Ter. Andr. 4, 2, 11; Hec. 2, 2, 26; hoc nemini accidisse, Cic. fr. 2, 8, 1; Phil. 2, 9; ut praeter commune omnium ciuium iussumurum haec adiurarent, Liv. 43, 14, 5; 2. so far w. acc. and inf., rarely w. ut, Vt tua iam uirgils latera laeceretur probe, Pl. Bac. 4, 6, 10; 3. w. a mere acc. of that by which, adiuro teque tuumque caput, Cat. 66, 40; Adiuro Stygii caput implacabile fontis, Verg. 12, 816; e. *opruu* deos etc. *Στυγίος κόρυς*; 4. beg with solemn oath, adiure, w. acc. of person, adiuratum esse Tacitum ut optimum aliquem principem, Vopisc. Flor. 13, 1.

**adiutābilis**, e, adj. calculated to aid, date operam adiutabilem, Pl. Mil. 4, 4, 8.

**adiuto** (old adiuto), āre vti, freq. [adiūto] lit. (one) up, give (one) a lift, Face ut aduimam, accede, adiuta: sic deest puerperam, Pl. Truc. 2, 5, 25; 2. lighten (in burden), Tib. pueris curae, Parmeno, obuiam, atque his honora adiuta, Ter. Hec. 3, 2, 24; and met. neque...Quisquam aderat qui adiutaret fuisset, Ph. 1, 2, 49; 3. hence met. give (one) a lift, assist, aid, illum adiuto, Pl. Truc. 2, 7, 8; add Cas. 4, 3, 9; qui (bonam te) pacem petit adiuta, CHL 1200; Nec quid agam certumst, Pampylus hunc adiutem an auscultem seni, Ter. Andr. 1, 3, 4; Eum. 1, 2, 70; Haut. 3, 1, 7; 3, 2, 35; Ad. pr. 16; Pl. pr. 35; 4. unexampled is, inquam uoluntatem adiutem, Gell. 1, 3, 13; 5. idiom of § 2 accounts for dat. of person in: adiuta mihi, Paen.

ap. Don. Ad. pr. 16; nobis adiutantes, Petron. 62; Deus adiuta Romanis, num. Hercul. ap. Eckhel 8, 233; 6. as pass. adiuturum, Lucr. 1, 812.

**adiūtōr**, āri, vb. refl. give a lift, assist, aid, adiutamini et defendite, Paen. ap. Non. 74, 1; illum quaeso qui adiutur, Paen. ap. Non. 477, 25; Nec si paulo minus usura esse magna, adiutur diu, Lucil. ib.; agite et me adiutamini, Afran. ib.

**adiūtōr**, ōis, m. one who lifts, hence one useful as an aid in carrying burdens, Ego illi dicam ut me adiutorem qui omis feram ad portum, roget, Pl. Mil. 4, 4, 54; Due adiutores tecum ad manum qui ferant, 4, 7, 20; 2. gen. one who aids, an assistant, abetor, Tun es adiutor nunc amanti filio? Pl. As. 1, 1, 42; add Ep. 5, 2, 11; Cas. 3, 5, 66; summa sumpti...praeter adiutores, Cato r. 21, 5; Set opus est mihi Phormionem ad hanc rem adiutorem dari, Praetost: adiacuisse oneris (note this) quiduis impone, hic (so A) feret, Ter. Ph. 3, 3, 27; Haut. 5, 1, 2; Ad. 1, 2, 66; 5, 9, 10; eo plures ad benignae faciendum adiutores habebunt, Cic. off. 2, 53; Att. S. 3, 3; N. D. 1, 17; se adiutore tantum, Cues. b. g. 5, 41, 8; add b. c. 1, 7, 1; quis adiutoribus regem aggressus, Sal. Ing. 50, 3; adiutor consili, Liv. 33, 43; 5. adiutores triumphis quinqueuiri, 39, 14, 10; a. tutelae, Pompon. dig. 26, 1, 13, 1; 3. various officers so called, a. a. rationibus, inser. Or. 32; a. officii corniculariorum, 1251; a. a. sacris, 2847; a. ab actis, 2887.

**adiūtōr-ium**, adj. n. as sb. an aid, adiutoria senectutis, Colum. 12 pr. 1; eius belli, Vell. 2, 112, 4; ignis, Sen. ep. 31, 5; neque egelut adiutorio manum...regentis, Quint. 1, 1, 27; iuris, 3, 6, 83 etc.

**adiutrix**, icis, f. adj. or sb. f. one who assists, assistant, Is rem paternam me adiutrice perdidit, Pl. Tr. pr. 13; add Poen. 5, 2, 13; matres omnes filius in peccato adiutrices, Ter. Haut. 5, 2, 39; add Eun. 5, 2, 46 etc.; eandem rem aduersam esse in iudicio quae in petitione fuisset adiutrix, Cic. Plane. 1; Tuque Heuete...adiutrix nenis, Ov. M. 7, 195; 2. esp. title of honour for legions, qui militauerunt in legioni (sic) adiutrice, inser. Or. 737; trib. leg. 1 adiutricis, 3155 etc.

**adiutus**, ūs, m. aid, only in abl., unius adiutu, Maer. s. 7, 7, 5.

**adiuuo**, āre, -iui, -itus, iūturus or -iūtūrus, vb. [ad up, iūto lit.] lit. lift up; cf. Ov. Iuv. in § 9;—hence met. assist, aid, w. acc. of person, Nilne adiutare me audeas? Pl. Ph. 1, 1, 70; ubi tu tuum amicum adiunas, Pers. 4, 4, 62; Rhodienses Persen publice nunquam adiunere, Cato orig. 23, 13 Jond.; O Tite si quid te adiucro (siss adiucro) curamine lenasso, Eum. an. 339 V; Di me etsi perliant, tamen esse adiutum expetunt (siss petunt) Paen. 206 R; Vt me adiunes in hac re, Ter. Andr. 3, 3, 10; 3, 3, 4; qui in filiarum collocacone adiunant, Cic. off. 2, 55; si pene adiunant, Sal. Cat. 43, 3; clamore adiunant militum suum, Liv. 1, 25, 9;—assist by encouraging; 2. esp. of divine assistance, Di me quidem omnes adiunant, augent, amant, Pl. Men. 3, 1, 27; Ep. 2, 2, 8; Amph. pr. 2; Capt. 4, 2, 79; As. pr. 15; fortis Fortuna adiunat, Ter. Ph. 1, 4, 20; 3. w. abl. of means, factis, Pl. Cas. 2, 4, 7; auxilio, Ps. 4, 1, 1; Rud. 1, 4, 37; opulentia, Ter. 12; opera, Ter. Ph. 5, 3, 3; consilio, Haut. 5, 2, 89; auxilii et copis, Cic. fam. 1, 7, 6; auxilii, Liv. 29, 5, 6; cymbalis, Quint. 11, 3, 59; praecipit 2, 15, 32; 4. w. acc. of non-living and abstr. nouns, assist, promote, increase, second, encourage, Hei mihi etiam tu quoque huius adiunas insaniam, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 166; hanc rem, Mil. 3, 2, 57; id spero adiuturos deos, Ter. Andr. 3, 2, 42; delectum, Cic. or. 2, 197; 14, 2; macrorem orationis meae lacrimis, Cic. or. 2, 196; omnium gentium consensum, Cic. fam. 10, 10, 2; errorem, Cic. Att. 12, 43, 1; ignem, Liv. 34, 39, 10; Ov. M. 10, 641; flammam, Sil. 7, 354; aquas, Lucr. 2, 217; ferrum, 3, 725; bastani, Sil. 4, 291; telum, 5, 326; conuocationem, Plin. 20, 64; messum, Gell. 2, 29, 7; 5. w. abstr. nom. or as impers., In re mala animo si bono uitae, adiunat, Pl. Capt. 2, 1, 8; palaestra histriomem, Cic. or. 14; ad uerum probandum auctoritatem adiunare, Cic. Quinct. 75; solitudo, Cic. Att. 12, 14, 3; humilitas, Cues. b. g. 5, 1, 3; nisi nos cibum...Adiunet, Lucr. 1, 810;



**6.** or quod w. indic., as nom., quod Liger creuerat, Caes. b. g. 7, 55, 10; add b. c. 1, 69, 2; **7.** w. inf. as obj., adiunat (mas) incubare, aids by taking part in sitting, Plin. 11, 85; **8.** in pass. si litteris adiunarentur, Cic. Arch. 10; Quint. 2, 21, 22; 4, 2, 88; **9.** esp. in perf. part., penitus adiutus amoris—lifted on or aided by—Ov. M. 1, 540; so nullis adiuta cothurnis, Liv. 6, 506; **10.** as pass. impers., a me pro niri part dictum et adiutum fuerit, Incerti ad Caes. de rep. 1, 8, 10; **11.** the second u at times drop in some forms of perf., Nunc Venenem hanc veneremur bonam ut nos lepide advenit hodie, Pl. Rud. 2, 1, 16; Enn. in § 1; qui me dudum ut dixi advenit (yet Deum, etc. advenierit), Ter. Ph. 3, 3, 4; and perh. even in Pl. Pers. 2, 5, 3 we should read: Vbi se adiunat, ibi me adiunat (pron. adiunat)—wh. mss. adnat, Grut. adiunat; others adlenat, a vb. not found before Cic.; **12.** w. ad, quam ad rem, Caes. b. g. 5, 1, 3; ad bellum, Liv. 29, 1, 18; add 27, 15, 9; **13.** w. in, in id, Quint. 2, 8, 3; in haec, 11, 3, 179; **14.** w. ut, ut nomen consequeremur, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 43; **15.** in late wr. adiunaturus, Petr. 18; adiunaverit (al. al.) Paul. dig. 40, 2, 15, 1.

**ad-lacrīmo**, āre, vb. burst into tears? or weep? only in part., adlacrīmans, Verg. 10, 628; Apul. M. 10, 3.

**ad-luctor**, āri, vb. wrestle against or with, adluctantem mihi fortunam superarem, Apul. M. 11, 12; adluctari (ei) et etiam saltare (= προσπαλαίειν αὐτῷ καὶ μὴ καὶ ὀρχεσθαι, Lucian. 48), 10, 17.

**ad-mātūro**, āre, vb. a dub. read. in Caes. b. g. 7, 54, 2. **ad-meo**, āre, vb. go to, Paul. Nol. 17, 119.

**ad-mētor**, īri, mensus, vb. refl. measure out to, mimum euntoris, Cato, r. 154 and 158, 2; frumentum illi ex area, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 73; praeitutum frumentum copis eius ad-mensus, Curt. 8, 12, 6; add Gai. dig. 18, 1, 35, 5; Paul. 18, 1, 40, 2.

**ad-migro**, āre, vb. intr. move from an old abode to, Nam ad paupertatem si admigrant infamiae, Grauior paupertas fit, Pl. Pers. 3, 1, 19.

**ad-minicūlābundus**, adj. leaning upon, itin. Alex. 21 ed. Mai.

**ad-minicūlātōr**, ōris, m. one to lean upon, a helpmate, Gell. 7, 3, 8.

**ad-minicūlo**, āre, vb. [ad-miniculum], support by props (ad-minicula), prop up, ad-miniculandae inguendaque umiae, Colum. 4, 26, 1; utem ad-miniculato arborique iungito, Colum. arb. 16, 4; **2.** met. support, back, second, ad-miniculanti tum volutatem scribendo, Varr. ap. Nou. 77, 11; hominum vitam ad-miniculantes, Censor. 3, 4; id ex Homericis versibus ad-miniculari potest, Gell. 2, 30, 6; ex ipsa lege Lilia, ad-miniculati sumus, 14, 2, 1; **3.** in gramm. (verbal) ad-miniculandi, those wh. have neither cases nor tenses, ap. Varr. l. 8, 23.

**ad-minicūlōr**? āri, vb. refl. prop up (vines), Cic. fin. 5, 39—wh. w. one as Matv. Or. Halmi have ad-minicūl.

**ad-min-icūlū**, i, n. [ad up? min of eumino, promineo?] a prop or support for vines etc., vites clanculis ad-minicula tamquam manibus adprehendunt, Cic. N. D. 2, 120; ad-miniculorum ordines, Cic. sen. 53; nisi a tenerae (niti) contraheret propens pampinus terrae se applicabit, Colum. 5, 5, 8; niti ad-minicula addenda quae scandat, Plin. 17, 215; illis (arboribus) quas aliqua deprauavit causa, ad-minicula quibus dirigantur adplicent, Sen. clem. 2, 7, 4; **2.** met., ad-legionem quom itur? Ad-miniculum eis dantur (sc. parentes) tum iam aliquem cognatum summi, Pl. Most. 1, 2, 49; res [quibus agri coluntur] diuidunt, in homines et ad-minicula hominum (oxen, ploughs, etc.), Varr. r. 1, 17, 1; hanc partem explebimus nullis ad-miniculis, sed, ut dicitur, Marte nostro, Cic. off. 3, 34; ann. 88; quo ad-miniculo erecta erat (urbis), eodem iniuxa stetit, Liv. 1, 6, 4; 5, 22, 6; 21, 36, 7; ad-minicula gubernandi, Plin. 7, 209; 11, 162; gravissimos principis labores... egere ad-miniculis, Tac. ann. 12, 5, 14, 54.

**ad-minister**, īri, m. helper, helpmate, assistant, nictus cotidiani a., Cic. Rose. Ann. 77 Ioni (angrem) consiliarium atque ad-ministrum datum, Cic. leg. 3, 43; cupiditatum, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 136; 2, 2, 69; audaciae, Cic. Cat. 1, 7; Quinct. So; ad-ministris ad ea sacrificia Druidibus intuent, Caes.

b. g. 6, 16, 2; consiliorum, Tac. Ing. 29; turribus opus et ad-ministros lutari, 76, 4; 74, 1.

**ad-ministra**, ae, f. helper, assistant, Camillo=ad-ministra, ap. Varr. 7, 3, p. 321 S.; **2.** met. artes luitus ad-ministrae virtutis, Cic. Cn. Pomp. 30.

**ad-ministrātio**, ōnis, f. prop. service, as a servant—in use, of a superior, conduct, management, superintendence, administration, belli, Cic. fam. 15, 1, 1; rei publicae 1, 9, 2; rerum, Cic. N. D. 1, 2; (mundi), 2, 86; belli, Caes. b. c. 2, 12, 2; magnitudo operum omnium ad-ministrationem tardabat, 2, 2, 5; ad-ministrationes portus, 1, 25, 4; navis, Liv. 34, 6, 6; ad-ministrationibus non peccatorum praepone, Tac. Agr. 19; rerum ad ciuitates pertinentium dig. 50, 8 tit.; praetor ad-ministrationem dat (of a madman's estate), Gai. dig. 27, 10, 13.

**ad-ministrātiuus**, adj. administrative, practical, Quint. 2, 18, 5.

**ad-ministrātōr**, ōris, con-ductor, manager, minister, belli gerendi, Cic. or. 1, 210; rerum ciuitatis, Paul. dig. 3, 4, 10; rerum (papilli), Pomp. 26, 1, 13.

**ad-ministro**, āre, vb. [ad-minister] act as a servant or helper, nū ad-ministrem? Sat seruiorum habeo domi, Pl. St. 2, 7, 42; conductum esse eam quae hic ad-ministret (mss. -aret) ad rem diuinam tibi, Ep. 3, 3, 37; **2.** w. acc., serve up, mel in secundum mensum ad-ministrat, Varr. r. 3, 10, 5; **3.** w. cogn. acc., Laetueque munus ad-ministrasti tuum, Ter. Ad. 5, 1, 2; 4. work at, w. acc. legionariis qui dextram partem operis ad-ministrabant, Caes. b. c. 2, 8, 1; **5.** execute, as workmen or subordinates, cum id summo studio a militibus ad-ministraretur, Caes. b. g. 4, 31, 3; in eis ad-ministrandis rebus quam maxime concursari, 5, 50, 5; diutius in his rebus ad-ministrandis morati, b. g. 7, 82, 4; add 7, 81, 2; milites neque pro opere consistere, neque inter vineas sine periculo administrare, Sal. Ing. 92 f., rescindit et si celeriter ad-ministraverint, Vitr. 1, 5, 4; **11.** 6. conduct or carry out as superior, superintend, direct, ad-minister, rem publicam, Cic. off. 1, 87; leges iudiciae, Cic. Caecl. 68; mundum, Cic. N. D. 1, 4; imperia, Caes. b. g. 2, 22, 2; bellum, 5, 11, 8; haec ita Caesar ad-ministrabat ut... b. c. 1, 26, 2; M. Bibulus praeposuit cuncta ad-ministrabat, 3, 5, 4; ad-ministrantibus M. Antonio et Fulio Calpurnio, 3, 26, 1.

**admirābilis**, ae, adj. wonderful, in re noua atque admirabili, Cic. dir. 2, 60; sapientia, Cic. Att. 9, 11A, 1; in dicendo, Cic. or. 1, 6; licentiam, Cic. fat. 38; impudentiam audaciam temeritatem, Cic. Phil. 3, 18; Improbis illo fuit admirabilis aeno, Iuv. 13, 53; **2.** comp. Cic. or. 122; Liv. 22, 37, 3. **3.** admirabiliter, adv. wonderfully, in a wonderful way, Cic. N. D. 2, 132; Att. 5, 14, 2; opt. gen. or. 17; **4.** with admiration, Cic. Tusc. 4, 30. **admirābilitas**, ātis, f. the being wonderful, wonderful nature, caelestium rerum, Cic. N. D. 2, 60; add 2, 101. **2.** a feeling of wonder, haec admirabilitatem magnam facit, Cic. off. 2, 38.

**admirātō**, ōnis, f. feeling of wonder, wonder, surprise, astonishment, obstupefactis hominibus admiratione, Cic. Dei. 34; hoc quod mihi maximum admirationem mouet non taceo, Cic. Ph. 40, 3; stupor omnes admiratione rei tam atrocis defixit, Liv. 3, 47, 6; admiratio orta est non simul regressum Hannibalem, Liv. 26, 12, 3; 7, 12, 1; in maxima admiratione pius est, Plin. 10, 107; usque in admirationem crispia sunt folia, 10, 141; **2.** wonder with approval, admiration, sed habet illa in dicendo admiratio ac summa laus miram aliquam, Cic. or. 3, 101; crebrae assensiones, multae \*admirationes (expressions of approval), Cic. Br. 259; nec sane quicquam ingenium eius solitius habuit quam admirationem aerae laudis, Curt. 8, 14, 46; **3.** pl. in ' above and in Vitr. 7, 13, 1.

**admirātōr**, ōris, m. one who stares at in wonder, inritamentum est omnium in quae insaniam a., Sen. ep. 94, 74; animus admirator mundi, Sen. ad Helv. 8, 4; **2.** admire, antiquitatis nimis a., Quint. 2, 5, 21; 9, 2, 46; Phaedr. 4, 22, 21.

**ad-miror**, āri vb. [ad=ara], be struck with surprise (of the first feeling). Ipse hanc actum Iuppiter comoc-diam. Quid id estis admirati? Pl. Amph. pr. 80; Nunc

ne hunc ornatum nos mentem admiraremini, 116; Di immortales! cito te esse admirari, Ep. 5, 1, 21; caute quicquam admiratus sis, quae causa id fiat, Ter. Haut. 4, 6, 23; admiratus sum, ut uidi obsequium epistolam, breuitatem eius, ut aperui *συγγραμ* litterarum, Cic. Att. 6, 9, 1; de diplomate admiratus quia nescio cuius te flagiti insinuarum, 10, 17, 4; ne quis sit admiratus cur eum..., nunc..., Cic. off. 2, 35; de Dionysio sum admiratus qui apud me honoratior fuit quam apud Scipionem Panaetium, Cic. Att. 6, 12; Sed tamen admiror quo pacto iudicio illud Fegerit, Hor. s. 1, 4, 99; Nil admirari, ep. 1, 6, 1; 2. at once wonder and esteem, admire, as perhaps: magnitudinem animi tui quam ego semper sum admiratus semperque amari, Cic. fam. 1, 7, 9; Diolo qui et admiror et diligo, Cic. ac. 1, 115; illum (the king-bee), admirantur et omnes Circumstant fremunt deo, Verg. G. 4, 215.

**ad-misceo**, cre, ui, mistus or mixtus, vb. [which ad?] mix up (with) or in addition, Neque salum neque suae esse potest quicquam nisi amor non admiscetur, Pl. Cas. 2, 3, 6; hunc generi illud alterum, Cic. or. 2, 200; hoc Praecantium cum eis rationibus quas ille mense tractat admisceri nolo, Cic. Att. 7, 1 f.; semine semen, Lucr. 4, 1247; genus radices... quod admixtum lacte\* multum inopiam lenabat, Caes. b. c. 3, 48, 1; terra cum est admixta (admista?) ex his generibus aliqua res\*, Varr. r. 1, 9, 3; sesama cum aniso, Colum. 12, 15, 3; Admischenda tamen Venus est secuta timori, Ov. a. a. 3, 609; 2. of mixing oneself with other men's affairs, Ita tu istae tua misceto ne me admisceas, Ter. Haut. 4, 5, 35; Ne te admisceat: nemo accusat, Syre, te, 5, 2, 22; Trebatium quod isto\* admisceas nihil est, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 1, 9; ad id ego consilium admiscere, Phil. 12, 16; 3. besides eum and ad note abl. in \*, dat. in +.

**admiss-arius**, adj. [admissus] for covering, equus, Varr. 2, 7, 1; asinus, 2, 8, 3; 2. as sb. a stallion, Colum. 6, 27, 3 and 10; Plin. 28, 217; 3. de homine, Ad equas fuisses (so Haupt. ej.; mss fuisse) scitus admiscarius, Pl. Mil. 4, 3, 19; Sen. N. Q. 1, 16, 2.

**admissio**, omis, f. maris ad coitum, Varr. r. 2, 1, 18; 2. admission (to an audience), quibus admissionibus liberatius discessit, Plin. 33, 41; Plin. pan. 47; Sen. ben. 6, 53 f.; quidam ex officio admissionum, Suet. Vesp. 14, ep. uigilister admissionum, master of the ceremonies, Theod. cod. 11, 18, 1; officium admissionum, Chamberlain's office, Suet. Vesp. 14; Theod. cod. 6, 35, 3.

**admissionalis**, e, adj. as sb. m. of the Chamberlain's office, who had charge of admission to an audience, Lamp. Al. Sev. 4; ad Th. cod. 6, 35, 7.

**admissuus**, adj. [admissus, cf. admitto, § 6] of favourable omen, aues, quae consulente inberant, Paul. ex F. 21.

**admissor**, oris, m. one who commits (a crime), criminum, Coll. LL M. 6, 4; Laet. Epit. 63; Ang. C. D. 7, 3.

**admissur-a**, ae, f. [admissor], maris ad coitum, Varr. r. 2, 4, 8; Colum. 6, 24, 1; 6, 27, 9; Plin. S. 164; Stat. silv. 5, 2, 24.

**admissus**, ūs, m. the same, Veg. vet. 4, 7; 2. admission, solis (of sun light), Pall. 4, 9, 4; 6, 2, 2.

**ad-mitto**, cre, misi, missus, vb. let come or go to, admit, allow access, let in. Nec quonquam interea alium admittit prossus quam me ad se uirum, Pl. As. 1, 3, 83; Te uicere ad eum; admittit nemo, Ter. Hee. 1, 2, 114; fac ut admittat ad illum, Enn. 2, 2, 50; ille tertius Saturnalibus ad Philippum ad horam vii, nec quonquam admittit, Cic. Att. 8, 29; ad colloquium non admittitur, Caes. b. c. 3, 58, 1; 2. esp. coitus causa, equum asino, Varr. s. 218, 6 R; arctes ouibus, Colum. 7, 2, 4; auersibus ad admittendum tempus, Varr. r. 3, 10, 3; 2, 9, 11; and met. of grafting, ab aequinoctio admittunt, Plin. 17, 135; 3. met. eas condiciones uix auribus admittit, Liv. 30, 3, 7; paeis cum tyranno mentionem admittendum auribus non fuisse, 34, 49, 1; quo facilis aures iudicum quae dicturi erant admittunt, Quint. 4, 3, 10; neque comitiorum eorum plebs ad animam admittit, Liv. 7, 19, 5; per quae in animum iudicis admittitur, Quint. 4, 1, 5; 4. allow, admit, permit, grant, let come to pass, sed tu quod caute possis,

stultum admitterest, Ter. Ean. 4, 6, 23; preces admissae, Tac. h. 4, 60; Animosa nullo mater admittit metus, Sen. Tro. 597; 5. esp. in law, allow, admit, acknowledge, accept, si quae in eum lis capitis illata est, non admittunt, Cic. Clu. 116; si bonorum possessionem non admittat, Pomp. dig. 28, 5, 23, 1; hereditatem, Ulp. 29, 2, 6, 3; hoc et Iulianus admittit, 46, 1, 8, 3; 6. and in augury, give favourable augury, Inpetritum, inauguratumst; quous admittunt aues, Pl. As. 2, 1, 11; ut concilia populi, ubi aues non admittunt, dirimerent, Liv. 1, 36, 6; simul aues rite admittunt, 4, 18, 6; cf. admissus; 7. scelus etc. in se a., allow pollution to enter one, disgrace oneself by some act, be guilty of, commit, Sic faciam: admulabulo quasi quem culpam in sese (so all other mss; but Ritschl w. A ad se) admiserit, Pl. St. 1, 2, 27; Qui homo culpam admisit in se, Aul. 4, 10, 60; in se culpam, Tr. 1, 2, 6; Si est, patre, culpam ut Antipho in se admiserit, Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 40; delictum in me, Aul. 4, 5, 48; quod in me tantum facinus admisit, Cic. Mil. 103; quantum in se facinus admittunt, Caes. b. g. 3, 9; 8. or w. pron. in place of scelus, Quid tandem admisit in me ut loqui non audeam, Pl. Men. 5, 1, 12; add Amph. 3, 2, 4; ea in te admittis quae..., Cic. Ph. 2, 47, leg. 2, 15; Tu nihil admittes in te, Hor. ep. 1, 16, 53; 9. often in se is omitted, commit (a crime), incur (disgrace), ne admittunt culpam, Pl. Tr. 1, 2, 44; noxiam, Ter. Ean. 5, 2, 14; haec indigna, Aul. 3, 3, 54; tetrum facinus, Cic. off. 3, 95; Mil. 64; Sall. lug. 53, 7; tantum decet, Caes. b. g. 4, 25, 5; add 6, 13, 5; b. c. 3, 64, 4; quicquam, Liv. 2, 27, 3; scelus, Hor. s. 2, 3, 212; sacrilegium, Quint. 4, 2, 8; 10. a. equum, let one's horse go entirely, give him the rein, gallop furiously, Decius equo admissio in medium aciem Latinorum irruerat, Cic. flu. 2, 61; admissis equis ad suos refugerunt, Caes. b. c. 2, 34, 3; admissos praecipitant equos, Ov. F. 4, 674; in Postumium equum infestus admisit, Liv. 2, 19, 6; 11. hence met. Haec erit admittis meta premeda rota, Ov. a. a. 1, 1, 40; Nec caput admittas alcus alius aquas, am. 3, 6, 86.

**admixtio**, omis, f. admixture, corporis, Cic. sen. So; Varr. r. 1, 1, 9.

**admixtus**, ūs, m. only in abl., the same, uoluptatis, Macr. s. 2, 1, 6.

**ad-moderor**?, in Pl. Mil. 4, 2. Si mss have risu meo moderari; read perh. Quid est, ut ludo? Neque qui quidem risu meo moderari, omitting hercle.

**ad-mōdū**, art, vb. play (music) to or in answer to, Claud. nupt. Hon. et Mar. 11.

**ad-modum**, adv. to the full measure, quite, full, absolutely; w. adj. or part., incertum admodumst, Pl. Bac. 3, 4, 2; formam ingenii admodum impolitum et plane ridem, Cic. Br. 294; non admodum grandem natu (not quite grown up), Cic. sen. 10; legati ex Macedonia exacto admodum mense Februarii redierunt, Liv. 43, 11, 9; 2. esp. numerals, full, noctu turres a. cxx excitant, Caes. b. g. 5, 40, 2; sex milia hostium caesa, quinque a. Romanorum, Liv. 22, 24, 14; 27, 30, 2; 42, 65, 3; 44, 43, 8; 3. w. subs., esp. of age, set, hic a. adulescentulus, Pl. Tr. 2, 2, 87; a. tunc adulescens, Cic. Rab. perd. 21; add am. 101; off. 2, 47; Persea puerum a. Liv. 31, 28, 5; hunc a. infantem, Tac. an. 4, 13; iuuenis a. h. 4, 5; and de or. 1, 3; a. imenes, Curt. 7, 2, 12; 7, 9, 19; pueri a., Sen. breu. uit. 7, 3; 4. esp. w. nihil and like words, cum alter non multum, alter nihil a. scripti reliquisset, Cic. or. 2, 8; nam plane quidem perfectum et cui nihil a. desit Demosthenem facile dixeris, Cic. Br. 35; add 210; equestris pugna uicla a. fuit, Liv. 23, 29, 14; 5. w. adv. id ego a. incertum scio, Pl. Ps. 4, 2, 7; Men. 2, 1, 30; paulisper demittito usque admodum dum quinquies quinque naves: tum eximito, Cato 150, 2; Quamquam haec inter nos nuper notitia admodumst, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 1; a. raro, Cic. ap. Macr. s. 2, 12; satis admodum, Liv. 34, 13, 4; 6. w. vbs., quite, fully, admodum Meorum macrorum atque amorum summam edictati tibi, Pl. Ep. 1, 2, 1; Most. 3, 2, 125; itaque me litterae a. delectauerunt, Cic. fam. 5, 10, 1; a. floruit, Suet. Tib. 3; 7. vaguely in some cases, quite (rather than very) in quo multum a. fortunae

datur, Cic. fin. 5, 12; a. multas, Cic. N.D. 2, 137; a. amplum, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 74; iter angustum a, Sal. Jug. 92, 7; pauci a., Liv. 10, 41, 14; Tac. an. 13, 39; cf. American phrase quite a few; 8. in answers, quite so, exactly so, just so, Et ille aedis mancipio abs te accept? Admodum, Pl. Tr. 2, 4, 19; Bellan uidetur specie mulier? Admodum, Bae. 4, 70; add 5, 1, 25; Rud. 1, 2, 55; 1, 5, 11; 3, 6, 2; 4, 2, 37; Ps. 4, 7, 54; Hunc patris uis aduentum ueritum hinc abisse? Admodum, Ter. Ph. 2, 2, 1; Hec. 3, 5, 8; Scis solus frater in huiusmodi sermone dici 'admodum' aut 'prosus ita est', Cic. leg. 3, 20; 9. with quam, like sane quam, ex amore lue admodum quam sacros est, Pl. Amph. 1, 3, 43; uox admodum quam suauis, Gell. 19, 9, 10; 10. sometimes mistranslated about, at most, only just, instead of 'at least'.

**ad-mordeo**, ēre, mēmerdi, morsus, vb. [ad intens.] bite deep into, durique uenenum Dentis et admosro signata in stirpe cicatrix, Verg. G. 2, 379; Brachia (sc. Cleopatrac) spectati sacris admorsa colubris, Prop. 4, 10 (3, 11), 55; 2. met. habet argentum: iam admordere lunc mihi lubet, Pl. Ps. 4, 7, 24; Nam id demum lepidum est triparcos homines uetulos aridos Bene admordere, Pers. 2, 3, 14; Vt adme-mordit hominem, Pl. And. fr. ap. Gell. 6 (7), 9, 6.

**ad-morsus**, ūs, m. [ad-morde-o] a deep bite, only in abl., dentis, Symm. ep. 1, 31.

**ad-mōtio**, ōnis, f. moving to, movement, digitorum, Cic. N.D. 2, 150.

**ad-moueo**, ēre, mōui, mōtus, vb. move to, apply, aurem admotam oportuit, Pl. Mil. 4, 8, 20; aurem, Ter. Ph. 5, 6, 28; Cic. or. 2, 153; fasciculum ad naris, Cic. Tusc. 3, 43; manibus uicigaliis (lay hands on), Cic. Agr. 1, 11; hoc opus...ad trimum hostium, Caes. b.c. 2, 10 f.; illis labra, Verg. B. 3, 43; signa Achradum, Liv. 25, 24, 15; nocentibus manus, 5, 11, 10; manus operi, Ov. M. 10, 254; ferrum iugulo, Tac. an. 11, 38; manum pectori, Quint. 11, 3, 104; 2. met. ad eum curacionem, Cic. Tusc. 4, 61; animis orationem tanquam fidibus manum, Cic. Er. 200; orationem ad sensus inflammadum, Cic. or. 1, 60; terrorum oppidanis, Liv. 6, 10, 3; Scus enim Graecis ad-mouit acumina chartis, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 161; quas admorint \*...preces, Ov. Pout. 3, 7, 36; Mores Agrippae ad-mouit propius Nerone Caesar, Vell. 2, 96, 1; spei tuae admotus sum, Tac. an. 14, 53; te ad omniū spes honorum propius admotum, Quint. 6, pr. 13; 3. move nearer (to one), leti diem, Curt. 8, 9, 33; mortis horas, Luc. 7, 50; 4. a. absol. for a se, iam ad-mouebat rex cum..., Curt. 9, 4, 27; 5. contr. admorunt for admouerunt, Verg. 4, 367; ad. above 1.

**ad-mūgio**, ire, vb. low or bellow in answer (to), femina tauro, Ov. a. a. 1, 279; add Claud. 4 cons. Hon. 510; r. Pr. 3, 443.

**ad-mulceo**, ēre [ad means what?] stroke, bubuleus nares (boum), Pall. 4, 12, 2.

**ad-murmuratio**, ōnis, f. low murmuring at (i.e. on hearing something), of approval or dis., secundis ad-murmurationibus senatus, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 1, 3; o diuina senatus a. (in disap.), Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 41; qui non ad-murmuratione, sed uoce et clamore abiecti hominis furorē fre-gistis, Cic. Pis. 31; but in Verr. 2, 4, 27 admiration.

**ad-murmūro**, āre, vb. murmur at, in low tones express approval or dis.; approbante idque ad-murmurante senatu neque me inuito esse factum, Cic. Att. 1, 14, 2; 2. disap. quam ualde ad-murmurauerunt, quam palam dixerunt contra, Cic. Verr. 5, 41; 3. pass. imp., Cic. Att. 2, 285.

**ad-murmūro**, āri, vb. r. the same, ad hoc pauculi ad-murmurati sunt, Fronto Caes. Aurel. 1, 8, p. 21, 6 Nab.

**ad-mūtio**, āre, vb. maim severely, hence met. cut the hair \* close (or as we say decce of cheating), impudens?... iam tace; atquid tu Persas qui me usque admutilasti (note the pun), ad eutem, (corr. by T. H. K.), Pl. Pers. 5, 2, 49; Set uirum, strictissime attorsurum \* dicam esse an per-pectum Nescio; uerum si frugist, usque admutilabit probe, Capt. 2, 2, 19; inueni sucofautiam qui admutilat miles usque caesariatus \*, Mil. 2, 1, 173; cf. mutilis, Ter. Hec. 1, 1, 8; note the words \*.

**adnascor**, see agnascor.

**ad-nāto**, āre, vb. swim to, ad manum hominis, Plin. 9, 87; adnatant piscesculos (ad putaniam), ib.; litoribus, Sil. 10, 611; 2. but in Plin. 8, 94 prob. adnat.

**adnaugatio**?, in Ulp. dig. 1, 10, 4, 5 Mommsen has καταναύω without adnaugationem.

**ad-nāūgio**, āre, vb. sail to or near, Rhodi quo cum Apelles adnaugasset, Plin. 35, 84; 30, 70.

**adnegata**, in Ulp. dig. 12, 3, 3 prob. an error for ad-negata.

**ad-nēpōs**, (atu.) ōtis, m. grandson of a gt. grand-on or of a gt. grandaughter, corr. to at-nus in ascent. Gai. dig. 38, 10, 1, 7; Paul. 38, 10, 10; imperatori Caesari...diti Nernae adnepoti, in-cr. Or. 887; 997; 2. incorr. for trinepos, Imp. Caes. Aulo...diti Nernae adnepoti 926 and 3087.

**ad-neptis**, (atu.) is granddaughter of the same, Gai. ib. Paul. ib.

**ad-nicto**, āre, vb. keep winking at, Alii adnucat, alii adnecat, Naev. ap. Isid. 1, 25; Paul. ex F. 29 M.

**ad-no**, (anno), vb. swim to, naues adnare, Caes. b. c. 2, 44, 1; amantibus, Liv. 28, 36, 12; Adnabat terrae, Verg. 6, 358; ad litas, Gell. 6 (7), 8, 7; 2. met. quod ubique est ad eam urbem possit adnare, Cic. rep. 2, 9; 3. swim near or by the side of, equites adnantes equis, Tac. an. 14, 29.

**ad-nūbilo**, āre, vb. send clouds at or against, nelis, Stat. silv. 5, 1, 149.

**ad-nūto**, āre, vb. keep nodding at, Alii adnutat, Naev. ap. Isid. 1, 25; April. M. 10, 32.

**ad-nūtrio**, ire, vb. of vines, rear against, singulis (arboribus) denas saepe adn. uitis, Plin. 17, 202.

**ad-obruo**, ere, ui, atus, vb. throw up (earth) against, w. acc. of object against which, arbores, Colum. 11, 2, 54;

2. cover w. earth, si plus nū digitis adobrutum est semen eius, 2, 10, 33; segetes 2, 11, 2; add 4, 16, 3.

**adōle-factus**, part. set on fire, burnit, in-cr. fr. Arv.

**Adolenda**, ae, goddess of burning, in-cr. fr. Arv., s. in-cr. 991, 1798 etc. see adolensc 2, 7.

**adoleo**, see adolensc 2.

**Adōlescens**, (adul.) tis, part. as sb. m. strictly, one growing up, near manhood, Varro v gradus aetatis aequabiliter putat esse diuinos. Primo gradu usque annum xv pueros dictos..., secundo ad xxx annum adulescentes, Censor. 14, 2; 2. yet used of older people, as cum alter (i.e. Crassus, aged 34) non multum et id ipsum adulescens reliquisset, Cic. or. 2, 8; adulescentes nobilissimos, Cic. Ph. 2, 113; of Brutus and Cassius, when praetors; M. Caecilius fratrem tuum, ornatisimum adulescentem (then praetor elect), Cic. Caecil. 29; (Alexander) adulescens decessit, Liv. 9, 17, 5, cf. adulescentulus; 3. gen. a young man, a youth; ubi nunc adulescens habet? Pl. Tr. 2, 1, 150 etc.; adulescens luxu perditus, Ter. Ad. 4, 7, 42, etc.; adulescentem uel puerum potius Caesarem, Cic. fam. 11, 7, 2; Alexim humanissimum puerum nisi forte adulescens factus est..., Cic. Att. 7, 7, f.; 4. as fem., a young woman, hinc optime adulescenti, Ter. Andr. 3, 2, 8; P. Africani filiam adulescentem, Cic. div. 1, 36; 5. in comp., eodem ut iure uti senem Licet, quo iure usus sum adulescenti, Ter. Hec. pr. 2, 3; uti adulescenti aetati concederet Mamercii, Sall. ap. Prise. 1, 535, 17 K; and in another sense, adulescentioris Academiae, Cic. fam. 9, 8, 1; 6. adul. in Pl. Ter. and prob. Cic. Sal.

**Adolescentia**, (better adul.) ae, f. youth, Bene pueri-egre educatus usque ad adulescentiam, Pl. Capt. 5, 3, 15, etc.; Sperabam iam deferuisse adulescentiam, Ter. Ad. 1, 2, 72 etc.; qui citius adulescentiae senectus quam pueritiae adulescentia obrepit, Cic. sen. 4, etc.

**Adolescentior**, (adul.) āri, vb. act the adulescens, play the youngster=luxuriari (says Non.), Varr. ap. Non. 71, 23.

**adulescentula**, (adul.), f. dim. a young person, et tu multum salueto adulescentula, Pl. Rud. 2, 4, 3, etc.; unam aspicio adulescentulam, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 91.

**Adolescentulus**, (adul.), i, m. dim. a youngster, ad-muldom adulescentulus, Pl. Tr. 2, 2, 87, etc.; quod ple-

rique omnes faciunt adolescentuli, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 28, etc.; quantis illa clamoribus adolescentuli (he was 27) diximus de supplicio parricidarum, Cic. or. 107, etc.; Catulus ad adolescentulo Caesare (then 36) pietas, Sal. Cat. 49, 2;

2. perh. v. contempti in Proueniabant oratores noui (a monos). stulti adolescentuli, Naev. ap. Cic. sen. 20; but in 29 adolescentus.

**adōlescentūrio**, ire, vb. desire to be a young man. Incipio adolescenturire et nescio quid nugariet, Laber. ap. Non. 74, 14.

1 **ad-oleo**, (adol.,) ere, ēni, (ni\* rare), ultus, vb. intr. [ad=an up; ole=] of al. of adlo grow up, Postquam adoleuit ad eam aetatem uti nris Placere posset, Plant. Cas. pr. 47; in eo qui adoleuerit, Cic. N. D. 1, 98; mixta fibris spiritum sensum adoleuit, Cic. sen. 51; postquam adoleuerunt\* haec iuuentus, Varr. ap. Prisc. 1, 489, 2 K; mox cum natura adoleuerit aetas, Verg. 12, 438; Hor. s. 1, 9, 34; Ov. F. 3, 59; ramos...adlescere cernit, M. 4, 376; Seminibus iactis segetes adoluisse uirum, Iler. 6, 11;

2. met. come to full maturity, ratio, Cic. leg. 1, 22; ea cupiditas agendi, Cic. fin. 5, 55; ingenium, Sal. Jug. 63, 3; uirtus, Ov. P. 5, 175; uer. Tac. an. 13, 36.

2 **ad-olescor**, ere, ad-oleo, ere, cūl, (rarely ui\*), ultus, vb. [ad=an up; ole=], chiefly used of burnt-offerings; cf. *κρίσθαι* as in Il. 1, 317; an offering made by fire of a sweet savour unto the Lord, Levit. 1, 9; as vb. intr. send up a scent or incense, Panchaeis adoleuerunt ignibus arae, Verg. G. 4, 379; Vnde haec amabo unguenta adolent (al. olent)? Pl. Cas. 2, 3, 19;

2. as vb. tr. burn so as to give out incense or savour, as of plants, Verbenasque adole pinguis et mascula tura, Verg. B. 8, 65=incense says Serv.; adolebant cinnamma flammae, Ov. her. 15 (16), 333; Haec adolebat flammis cum strue farra (al. thura) suis, Ov. F. 1, 270;

3. also of victims, hostiam totam adoleuit, Enn. ap. Iact. inst. 1, 11 f.; eo omnes hostiae, nuntii xxvii coniecti, et ita omnia adulta sunt, Val. Ant. ap. Prisc. 1, 489, 6 K; integrum anserem adoleuerunt\*, Cass. ad Tib. ib. (so one is confirmed by context); Viscera qui tanti flammis adolenda dedisset, Ov. F. 3, 803; eaque hostiae eo loco adoleuerat, Censor. Pis. (Orel. 042); in mensa id (se. cibum e manu prolapsum) reponi adolerique ad larem pipio est, Plin. 28, 27; and met. of the burning of a corpse, Liecham rogus adolebat, Petron. 115 f.;

4. v. honores, as including both of these, Iunoni Arginae inussos adolemus h., Verg. 3, 547; qui...nullos adolere h., Ov. M. 8, 740; 5. honour with burnt-incense, incense, perfume, v. acc. of altar, etc., adolentque altaria domus, Lucr. 4, 1237; castis adolebat dum altaria taedis, Verg. 7, 71; errore captivo adolere aras, Tac. an. 14, 30 f.; precibus et igne puro altaria adolentur, h. 2, 3; flammis adolere penatis, Verg. 1, 708; focos, Stat. Th. 1, 514;

6. apart from religion, burn etc., flamma gelidos adolere liquores, Verg. Mor. 38=hoil; nimietate prunorum quas graui frigore adolere insister (exanimatum)—of the fumes of charcoal—Enr. 10, 18 (9); heta regio et herbida nil flammis adolentibus, Sen. ep. 79, 3; ear(um)-que arbor(um) eruenat(um) pendens(ar)um adolendar(um) commolendar(um) item aliar(um) restituentar(um) causa, fratr. Arr. tab. 43, 14;

7. Adolenda ger. f. as sb. Goddess of burning, Adolendae, Commolendae, Deferendae, ones n. i. b. 32, col. 2, 1, 5; add ib. 32, 2, 13;

8. by some identified v. adoleo in i. sense of augur, Serv. ad Verg. 1, 704; =auctus facere says Non. 58 and 258; cf. Conington ad Verg. B. 8, 65; Muuro ad Lucr. 4, 1237.

**adōnium**, i. n. a plant, Plin. 21, 60.

**adōnium**, ad., quartus nersus, qui adonius dicitur dactylo et spoudio pedibus terminatur, Serv. met. Iler. 468, 23 K; 2. as sb. n. the same, constat (dactylicum) dimetro catalectico, ut fundite lectus, Serv. C. metr. 460, 14.

**ad-ōperio**, ire, ui, ertus, vb. [ad to] cover, capite adoperio, Liv. 1, 26, 13; Suet. Ner. 43; Purpureo uelare comas adoperitis amictu, Verg. 3, 405; adoperatae lumina somno, Ov. M. 1, 714; add 8, 702; 15, 688; P. 3, 235; Tib. 1, 9, 44; tuito sale (ona) adoperunt, Colum. 8, 6, 1; foribus adoperitis, Suet. Oth. 11; pellem setis adoperit, Lact. op. Dei 7;

2. perf. part. as refl. v. acc., tenebris mors adoperata caput, Tib. 1, 1, 70; 3. a lo-

pertam, part. n. as sb. a mystery, Lachesis adoperata (so Kopp ej.; mss adoperata, not adoperata) denuntiat, Mart. Cap. 303, p. 334; 1 Eyss.; adoperata Coptica (dub.), Apul. M. 2, 28.

**ad-ōpinor**, ari, vb. fancy in addition, Lucr. 4, 816.

**adōptābilis**, e, adj. desirable, Theod. col. 11, 11, 1.

**adōptāticus**, adj. of the class adoptati; as sb. m.; adopted son, Siquidem Antilamiae nris (mss quaeris) adoptatium, Ego sum ipsum quem tu quaeris, Pl. Poen. 5, 2, 85; add 5, 2, 100; 2. wrongly expl. by Fest. 29;=ex adoptato filio natus.

**adōptatio**, ōnis, f. adoption, quod per praetorem fit adoptatio dicitur, quod per populum arrogatio, Gell. 5, 19, 2.

**adōptātor**, ōris, m. one who adopts (a son or daughter), Gell. 5, 19, 15; Ulp. dig. 37, 9, 1, 12.

**adōptio**, ōnis, f. adoption, quod est ius adoptionis; nempe ita est adoptet qui neque procreare iura liberos possit, et cum poterit sit expertus, Cic. dom. 34; in eo filio quem in adoptionem D. Silano emancipauerat, Cic. fin. 1, 24; duobus (filii) datis in adoptionem, Liv. 45, 40, 7; a. duobus modis fit aut populi auctoritate aut imperio magistratibus uelut Praetoris; populi auctoritate adoptamus eos qui sui iuris sunt, quae species adoptionis dicitur arrogatio...; imperio...eos qui in potestate parentum sunt, siue primum gradum liberorum optineant, qualis est filius et filia, siue inferiorem, qualis est nepos neptis, prouepus proneptis, Gai. 1, 98—9; add 1, 195; dig. 1, 7, 17.

**adōptiuus**, (or -os) adj. of or by adoption, filius, Gell. 5, 19, 15; inscr. Or. 2690; pater, Ulp. 23, 2, 12, 4; laud. dig. 45, 1, 107; familia, Ulp. 37, 4, 3, 9; sacra, Cic. dom. 35; nomen, Suet. Ner. 41; nobilitas, Ov. F. 4, 22;

2. met. of grafts, ones, Ov. med. f. 6; ramis, Mart. 13, 46, 2; 3. absol. adopted son, adoptiuo, P. Ael. Marcelli. inscr. Or. 2695.

**ad-ōpto**, are, vb. choose or select, to attach to (one), adopt (as an assistant), Sociam mihi te (mss te mihi) adopto ad meam salutem, Pl. Cist. 4, 2, 78; qui amans tutorem me adoptantis(t) bonis, Truc. 4, 4, 6; quem illa defensorem iuris adoptant, Cic. Cael. 54; quem potius adoptem (patronum) quam illum quo... Vatin. Cic. fam. 5, 9, 1; quos adiunxisti sibi adoptant, Varr. 1, 5, 16, p. 93 Sp.; 2. in law, adopt (as son or daughter), emit...periculum illum eumque adoptat sibi pro filio, Pl. Poen. pr. 70; Is in diuitias homo adoptant hunc, 4, 3, 82; adoptat annos xx natus senatore, Cic. dom. 34; hunc minorem Scipionem a Paulo adoptant, Cic. Br. 77; statim eum adoptant et testamento pariter cum filiis hereditatem instituit, Sal. Jug. 9, 3; cf. adoptio;

3. met., Frater, Pater adde; Vt cuique est aetas, ita quemque facietus adopta, Iler. ep. 1, 6, 55; A Zmyrna Hermus campos facit et nomini suo adoptat, Plin. 5, 119, 25, 73; qui se potentiae causa Caesaris libertas adoptasset, Plin. 12, 12; ergo aliquod gratum Mnsis tibi nomen adoptat, Mart. 4, 31, 10; Rhenus, nullis alius externis adoptatis... Ann. 15, 4, 2;

4. esp. of grafting, fac ramum ramus adoptet, Ov. rem. am. 105; adoptatis frugibus arbor, Colum. 10, 38; Plin. 17, 138; cf. adoptiuus.

**adōr**, ōris and ōris, n. [prob. = *ἀδρα* or as accentuated *ἀδρα*] a kind of spelt, adoris lib. ib. (dub.), Cato 83 (84); palea porrectis in horna Esset adior oliumque, Hor. s. 2, 6, 80; Emicat in nubes nidioribus arbor adoris\*, G. Ann. ap. Prisc. 1, 237, 14 K; Hic adoris dat primitias, nil sanguine libat, id.; Illam sponte satos adoris stransie manipulos, id.; Mox adior atque adoris de pollice pulitificum far, Auson. Id. 12, 5; adior farris gemas, Paul. ex F. p. 3; M; adior...modo producus\* modo corripuus puenitum, Prisc. ib.

**adōrāb-ilis**, e, adj. worthy of religious worship, adorable, Apul. M. 11, 18.

**adōrāte**, see adoro.

**adōrātio**, ōnis, f. adoration, cur et fascinationibus adoratione peculiari occurrimus, Plin. 28, 22; propitiatis adoratione dicit, 29, 67; Venerum religiosus adorationibus uenerabantur, Apul. M. 4, 28; but in Liv. 30, 16, 5 adulationi.

**adōrātor**, ōris, m. adorer, Tort. spect. 8.

**ad-ordino**\*, are, vb. arrange, patellam, Apic. 4, 2.

**ad-ordior**, iri, orsus, vb. r. begin, bellum, Ambros. off. 1.

**adōrea**, see adoreus.

**adōreum**, see adoreus.

**adōreus** (ius), adj. of spelt (ador), semen a., Cato 34; Col. 2, 6, 1; far a., Varr. r. 1, 9, 4; Col. 11, 2, 74; adorea liba per herban Subicunt epulis, Verg. 7, 110; lam bellaria adorea (ā bef. pl.) plebant, Stat. silv. 1, 6, 10; 2. adorem adj. n. as sb. (se. semen) spelt (ador), Plin. 18, 163; far quod adorem veteres appellauerunt, 18, 81; 3. adorea (ia?) ae, adj. f. as sb., prob. a cake of spelt given as token of victory, hence victory, glory, Qui praedia agroque adoreaue adfecit popularis suos, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 38; ille dies qui primus alma risit adorem, Hor. od. 4, 4, 41; Gloriam a farris honore adorem\* (so a) appellabant, Plin. 18, 14; (far) primus antiqus cibis, magno argumento in adoriae\* (so a) donis, 18, 83; fortibus factis adoriae\* plenae, Apul. M. 7, 16; semper (Mars) aerumnas adoris (=adoris) terroresque nostris triumphis committunt, Fronto, bell. Parth. p. 217 Nab.; Haec omnes veterum renouant adorea laudes, Claud. laud. Stil. 1, 1; adoria\* laus bellica, Serv. ad A. 6, 677; adoria\* laudem sine gloriam dicebant quia..., Paul. ex F. s.v.; adoria\* εὐδος αἰστος, Gloss. Phil.; δόξα ἡ ἀπο τοῦ πολεμίου, adoria\*, Gloss. Cyr.; adorea laus de adore, i.e. laus bellica, Gl. Plac.; adoria\* gloria uel bona fama, id.

**adorio**, see

**adōrior**, iri, tus (or sust), vb.r.; rarely adorio\*, ire, rise at, attack, esp. by surprise, where we say fall suddenly upon, Paratae insidiae sunt: stat in statu senex. Vt adoriatur moecum, Pl. Mil. 4, 9, 13; Nunc ipso adoriatur\* ne quis (so mss) hinc Spartam referat nuntium, Naev. ap. Prisc. 1, 400, 3 K; ut a tergo Milonem adoriuerunt, Cic. Mil. 29; incernum tribunum gladiis adoriuerunt, Cic. Sest. 79; postremae namque naniem adoriabantur, Cic. Ver. 2, 5, 90; Gabios in adortus, Liv. 1, 53, 4; Pisonem ex improbo adortus uno uulnere in mortem adducit, Tac. an. 4, 45; 2. not with weapons, adortus iurgio fratrem, Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 50; Hic imparatus si in neris me (me is transposed by T. H. K.) nuptis Adortus esset, Ter. And. 3, 1, 21; uariis criminationibus, Tac. an. 14, 52; nimis, h. 1, 31; 3. met. attack, cesso hunc adori\* (agst. metre: read adorior or aggredior) hospitem, Ter. Ph. 4, 2, 15; Ἡρακλῆιδος, si Brundisium salui, adoriemur, Cic. Att. 16, 2, 6; hoc continuo adorianur, 13, 22, 4; primum Delphos corrumpere est conatus: cum id non potuisset, Dodonam adortus est, ps. Nep. Lys. 3, 2; 4. akin to this, attempt, occasio quaeritur, idoneae fuerit ad rem adoriendam, Corn. 2, 7; mains adorta nefas, Ov. Pont. 2, 2, 16; 5. esp. w. inf., Conturbare animum potis est quicunque adoriatur, Lucil. ap. Prisc. 1, 501, 23 K; si conueller adorianur ea quae non possunt commoueri, Cic. or. 2, 205; Commutare animum quicunque adoriatur et infuit, Lucr. 3, 515; Canere haec suis adorta est, Cat. 63, 11; castra Seruili adorti sunt oppugnare, Liv. 2, 51, 6; nigrinem pretio pellicere adortus, 3, 44, 4; 28, 3, 6 etc.; Hi dominam Ditis thalamo deducere adorti, Verg. 6, 397; si tyrannum interficere adorsit (so Hertz) erant, Gell. 9, 2, 10; 6. mss often divided between adortus and adortus as in Apul. flor. 9; 7. note adorian in § 1, adortus in § 5 (bis).

**adōriōsus**, who has often received the 'adorea', adoriosus *εραδορος*, Gloss.

**ad-orno**, āre, vb. [ad what?] dress up, dress out, dress, deck out, adorn, w. abl., uidi formam coniungunt adornatum magnifico ornatu, Cic. Ver. 2, 1, 58; insigni (flamine) ueste et curuli regia laud, Liv. 1, 20, 2; rostris earum suggestum, S. 14, 12; loricae auro, Curt. 8, 5, 4; monumentis urbem, Suet. Aug. 29; cubilia tabellis, Suet. Tib. 43; 2. equip (with), provide (with), duo maria maximis classibus, Cic. Cn. Pomp. 35; apparatu omni bellum, Liv. 10, 38, 2; 3. absol. without abl., equip, set out in due order, provide with requisites, provide, naues onerarias, Caes. b. c. 1, 26, 1; lube nero uasa pura adornari mihi..., (nota) ut exsoluam omnia, Pl. Amph. 3, 2, 65; ad 5, 1, 74; ad fingam uaticinium, Ep. 5, 1, 9; nuptias, Aul. 2, 1, 35; Cas. 2, 6, 67; ceterum quod opus est, Rud. 4, 6, 20; ar-

matum adornatumque, Liv. 7, 10, 5; = apparo, says Don. ad Eun. 3, 5, 34; 4. gen. arrange, prepare, accusationem adornet atque instruat, Cic. Mur. 46; comparationem criminis, Cic. Clu. 191; 5. absol. without even acc., make due preparations, adornu at rem diuinum faciam, Pl. Rud. 4, 6, 2; Ep. 3, 2, 25; haec (puellae) adornant ut lanet, Ter. Eun. 3, 5, 34; 6. even w. inf., prepare (to), Trāgulum in te micere adornat, Pl. Ep. 5, 2, 25; 7. met. adorn, set off to advantage, si nobilitas (eum) adornaret, Liv. 28, 42, 5; benefacta sua uerbis, Plin. ep. 1, 8, 15; legem ut iustum, Quint. 1, 7, 47; 8. adornatus as adj. whence adornate adv. elegantly, declamabat, Suet. Rh. 6.

**adōro**, āre, vb. [not a comp. of ad and oro; but from ad os; cf. adosculor] to raise the right hand to the mouth, and then wheel round to the right (for the Romans) as an act of religious worship, adore, in adorando dextram ad osculum referimus totumque corpus circumagimus, quod in laetum fecisse Galliae religiosus erant, Plin. 28, 25; (cf. Pl. Cure. 1, 1, 69; quo me mortui nescio. Si deos salutis dextrorum censeo; and Liv. 5, 21, 16; conuentus se inter hae uenerationem traditur prolapsum eedisse;) sine adorantes attollimus (palmas), Quint. 11, 3, 115; nefas habet adorandi gratia manum labris admouere, Apul. mag. 56; admoventes oribus suis dextram ut Venerem religiosi adorationibus uenerabantur, Apul. M. 4, 28; Immo magnae primum prece munus adora, Verg. 3, 437; ad 10, 677; nec deerat Otio protendens manus adorate nolium, iacere oscula, ..., Tac. h. 1, 36; Poenula adorandae roginibus, Iuv. 13, 148; reges signa Romana adoratos, Iuv. Or. 750; purpuram nostram, Cat. Theod. 8, 7, 4; primus C. Caesarem adorare ut deum instituit, ..., non aliter adire ausus quam capite uelato circummensensque se, deinde procumbens, Suet. Vit. 21; Caesurum imagines, Suet. Cal. 14, 5; citharae (coronae), Suet. Ner. 12; caelum, ad 1; adorandae purpureae datam copiam, Amm. 21, 9, 8; 2. also, esp. for the east, worship by bowing or prostration, non saluti sed adorari se iubet (Alexander), Iust. 12, 7, 1; cf. Iust. 6, 6, 3; (elephantus) regem adorant, genua submitunt, Plin. 8, 3; 3. met. priscorum in inueniendo curam, Plin. 27, 1; Ennium sicut sacros uetustate luces adoremus, Quint. 10, 1, 88; 4. with due worship pray for, w. acc. cum hostia caesa pacem deum adorasset, Liv. 6, 12, 7; 5. w. ut or subj, alone, adorati dei ut bene eueniret (bellum), 21, 17, 4; Hanc (sc. linguam) ego non ut me defendere temptet adoro, Ov. Pont. 2, 2, 55; maneat sic semper adoro, Prop. 1, 4, 27; 6. adorate adv. from part. w. a feeling of adoration, a, sentio Te non amare me adorate ac saniter, Afran. 220 R.

**adōro**, part. of adior.

**adōscūlor**, āri, vb. refl. [not a comp. of osculor, but from ad osculum; cf. adoro] to worship by raising to the lips, manus adosculari, contingere genua, Diets 2, 51.

**adp.** see app.

**ad-pārio**, (app.) ēre, vb. acquire in addition, unde Apparet spatium caeli domus, Lucr. 2, 1110.

**ad-pasco**, ēre, vb. feed, ones, itin. Al. (Mai) 75.

**ad-pectōr-o**, āre, vb. hug to the breast, Solin. 26, 5.

**ad-pertineo**, ēre, vb. extend all the way to, Goes. p. 221; ad 232.

**ad-plumbo**, āre, vb. [plumbum] fasten to by lead, solder to, Paul. dig. 6, 1, 23, 5; Ulp. 47, 12, 2.

**ad-posco**, ēre, vb. ask for in addition, Ter. Hant. 4, 7, 10; Hor. ep. 2, 100.

**ad-postūlo**, āre, vb. the same, Tert. monog. 10.

**ad-prōpio**, āre, vb. approach, nidi quandam adpropinquant Martino in aera raptum...suspendi, Sulp. Sev. 2 (3), 6, 2; 2. hence Fr. approach.

**ad-pugno**, āre, vb. attack, classem, Tac. an. 2, S1; castra, 4, 48; uallum, 15, 13.

**adque**, see atque.

**adquiesco**, see acquiesco.

**ad-quōd**, adv. [=quo-ad] to the point at which, as far as, —met. Ni..., Iratus essem adquo leeret, Afr. 249 R; Vt scire possis adquo te expediat loqui, id. 278.

**adrachne**, see andrachne.

**ad-rado**, ēre, vb. [ad what?] scrape, of grafting, surculos, divest of bark. Colum. 8, 2, but in 8, 1 acuto; caecum. Plin. 17, 138. **2.** of shaving or hair-cutting, Adrasum quendam uacua tonsoris in umbra. Hor. ep. 1, 7, 50; pallio adrasum incluserat equit, Petr. 32; **3.** met. of cheating, scrobium illam (or scolina illam), Pl. ap. Varr. 7, 3, 10, 350 Sp.

**ad-rariza**, f. = aristolechia, a plant, Apul. herb. 19. **ad-rēmigo**, are, vb. row to, litori, Flor. 1, 13 (18), 4; portibus, 1, 42, 3 (3, 7, 3); 1, 24, 12 (2, 8, 12).

**ad-rēpo**, ere, si [ad up?], vb. creep up to, crawl up to, mus ad culinarum, Varr. r. 3, 7, 3; rubetae foribus, Plin. 11, 62; ad matris morientis mamma infans, 35, 68; lateri, Val. M. 6, 8, 7; **2.** met. ad istius amicitiam, Cie. Verr. 2, 3, 158; in spem, officiosus, Hor. s. 2, 5, 48; saeuitiae principis, Tac. an. 1, 74; muliercularum animis, 3, 50 f.

**ad-repto**? in Plin. 35, 109 obrepantibus, Sillig w. Bamb. ms.

**ad-rōdo**, ere, rōsi, rōns, vb. gnaw into, adrosus elipeis argenteis, Plin. 8, 221; semina, 11, 109; sues, 11, 213; **2.** met. Cie. Sest. 72.

**ad-rōro**, are, vb. [ros], bedew, herbam nino, Mare. Emp. 34.

**ad-rumauit** = rumorem fecit, Paul. ex F. 9.

**adruo**? in Varr. r. 1, 35, 1 Scui. has obruitur; in Colum. 2, 5, 2 obrui.

**adsc**, see asc.

**ad-scalpo**, ere, vb. scratch violently, aurem, Apul. M. 6, 9.

**ad-sellor**, āri, vb. r. [ad sellam, to stool] void, si multum stercoris adsellatus ediderit, Veg. 2, 22, 2; 5, 9, 1; 5, 44, 1; 5, 56, 1.

**ad-sēscō**, ere, vb. grow old, Tert. east. 13.

**ad-sēro**, (ass.) ere, -situs, vb. plant near, uites (sc. arboribus), Cato r. 32, 2; neque propter olus... mites, Varr. r. 1, 20; add 1, 10, 6; ad-sitas uitis, Cat. 61, 100; populus arsit, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 170; arbores, Ulp. dig. 7, 1, 7, 3.

**ad-sipere**, see Paul. ex F. 21.

**ad-situs**, part. of obsol. ad-sino, lying near, homines neque longule dissita neque proxime adsita possumus cerere, Apul. flor. 1, 2.

**ad-solo**, āre, vb. [-solum], level with the ground, Tert. nation. 1, 10; ib. ad f.

**ad-sōno**, (ass.) āre, vb. sound in reply, answer, planigibus assonat Echo, Ov. M. 3, 507; Pers. 1, 102;

**2.** w. cogn. ace, concensus suanes, Apul. M. 11, 7.

**ad-spuo**, ere, vb. spit upon, dub. Plin. 28, 39.

**ad-sterno**, ēre, vb. strew near, sepulcro, Ov. M. 2, 343.

**adstipulatio** (ast.), ōnis, f. [adstipulor], joining in a 'stipulatio'—hence met. additional warranty, backing, support, Annaei Senecae, Plin. 29, 10; accedit nis rebus tali adstipulatione (stress of the voice), Quint. 11, 3, 175.

**adstipulātor**, ōris, m. one who joins in a stipulatio, possumus ad id quod stipulamur abum adhibere quidem stipulatur; quem adstipulatorem uocamus, Gal. 3, 110; so 112, 114, 117, 126, 215; and 4, 113; litterae, testes cum adstipulatione tuo comparantur, Cie. Quinct. 58; Pis. 18; **2.** met. one who endorses an opinion, Stoici et eorum adstipulator Antiochus, Cie. ac. 2, 67; uanae opinionis, Val. M. 7, 1, 2 f.

**adstipulātus**, ūs, m. = astipulatio, consecratus oraculi iussu et Iouis adstipulatu (al. ast.) Entlymas pyeta, Plin. 7, 152.

**ad-stipulor**, āri, vb. rll. join in the legal act stipulatio, si ego ita stipulatus sum: Dari spondes? ille sic adstipulari potest: Idem fide sua promittit? Gal. 3, 112; reus stipulatio est... qui suo nomine ab altero qui stipulatus est, non his (nom.) qui alteri adstipulatur, Fest. v. reus p. 273 a, 20; **2.** met. back, support, endorse the statements of, irato consuli, Liv. 39, 5, 3; cui adstipulatur Demastes, Plin. 7, 154; **3.** as a simple vb., Quaeso uti istud astipulare praesenti mihi praestes, Iul. Val. r. g. Alex. M.

**ad-strēpo** (astr.), ere, vb. make a great noise at, totum in mare innuigit: omnes adstreptu scopuli undique,

Sen. Phaedr. 1035, re-echo; **2.** of men, noisily backing others, as the mutinous soldiers of Blaesus, adstrepebat vulgus, uerberum notas, canitum, undum quoque exprobrantes, Tac. a. 1, 18; quae pauci incipient reliquos adstreperere, 2, 12; adstrepebat hinc alacris vulgus, 11, 17; uolgus adulationes edoctum clamore adstrepebat, Tac. h. 2, 90; ut eundem adstreperet hortari, 4, 49. In Plin. pan. 26 Keil has obstrepebant.

**adstrictio**, ōnis, f. astringency, herba gustus amari cum adstrictione, Plin. 27, 83; see

**adstrictorius**, adj. astrigent, folia adstrictorium uim habent, Plin. 24, 115.

**ad-strido**, ere, vb. hiss at, hydrae, Stat. Th. 11, 494.

**ad-stringo**, (astr.) [ad = an up; cf. aligo] nxi, ictus, ere, vb. bind up, tie up—hence w. ad bind up to, adstringite ad colummam, Pl. Bac. 4, 7, 25; ad statum adstrictus, Cie. Verr. 2, 4, 92; **2.** bind, tie, without the idea 'to', Adstringite isti sulcis uehementer manus, Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 9; uincula escaria, quam magis extendas, tanto adstringunt artius, Men. 1, 1, 19; astringit uincula motu, tighten, make tighter, Ov. M. 11, 75; Artius atque hedera procrea adstringitur ilex, Hor. epod. 15, 5; sic deligata est (fascia) ut et continet neque adstringat, bind overtight, Cels. 5, 26, 24; but in Cie. Tna. 4 Baiter has stringit;

**3.** met. adfinitatem inter nos, Pl. Tr. 3, 2, 73; meam tibi fidem, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 22; Galliam sempiternis uinculis, Cie. prov. cons. 34; nullum uinculum ad adstringendum fidem iure inrando artius, Cie. off. 3, 111; pater nimis indulgens, quicquid ego adstringi, relaxat, Cie. Att. 10, 6, 2;

**4.** contract, (aliosum astringit tum relaxatur, Cie. N. D. 2, 136; uenas hiantis, Verg. G. 1, 91; tempora, Cels. 2, 2 (32, 10 Dar.); frontem, Sen. ep. 100, 5; Mart. 11, 39, 13; nullum supercilii, Quint. 11, 3, 100; labra, 11, 3, 81;

ilia (equi), 8, 3, 10; plenius interitum corporis (infantis) quod mox adulta actas adstringat (make firmer), 2, 4, 5; 8 pr. 19; Cels. 1, pr. (12, 3); **5.** esp. of freezing, Et coit astrictis barbaris Hister apnis, Ov. tr. 3, 2, 26; adstrictio terra perusta gelu, 3, 4, 48; Scythicas Bosphorus undas, Luc. 5, 436; Curt. 7, 3, 13; 8, 4, 6;

**6.** of mere cold, as causing the flesh to contract, si natura tepidus uelis, in area piscina est; in proximo puteus, ex quo possis rursus adstringi, si patienter teporis, Plin. ep. 5, 6, 25;

**7.** in medical sense, bind, confine, id mendum est, adstrictum corpus sit an proficiat; nam si adstrictum est, duenda alius est, Cels. 3, 6 (87, 25 D); cibi qui uentrem adstringunt, 4, 22 (148, 22) 1 pr. (11, 33); morborum genera esse, unum adstrictum\*, alterum lucens, 1 pr. (9, 34);

**8.** of fast, make astrigent, herba gustu adstrictio, Plin. 27, 121; but not Plin. 36, 190, (Bell. ammis) harenae marino creduntur adstringi morsu (are hardened), non prius utiles (for making glass);

**9.** of colour, make less brilliant, subdus, alterum altero exeatat aut adstringit, Plin. 9, 135 (of purple);

**10.** of consciousness of argument or style, condense, Stoici breuiter astringere solent argumenta, Cie. Tusc. 3, 13; luxuriantia adstringere, Quint. 10, 4, 1;

rem tum late fusum tam breuiter adstringeretur, 3, 4, 4;

**11.** met. inue beyond escape, furti sese adstringit, Pl. Poen. 3, 4, 28; Et ipsum sese et illum furti adstringeret, Rnd. 4, 7, 34; magno se scelere, Cie. Ph. 4, 9;

**12.** adstrictus part. as adj. see \* above; **13.** comp. numeris astrictior (stricter), Cie. or. 1, 70; melior in inuene fusior (abus), in scire adstrictior, Cels. 1, 3 (21, 3);

**14.** adstrictie adv. strictly, oratio non a. sed remissius numerosa, Cie. or. 3, 184; comp. Plin. ep. 3, 18, 10; Sen. ep. 8, 10.

**adstrictio**, ōnis, f. accumulation, Mart. C. 149 G (151, 32 Eyss.); 314 f. (348, 27).

**adstructor**, ōnis, m. one who accumulates, met. Venant. Mart. 2 f.

**ad-structo** (astr.), xi, ctus, ere, vb. add in building, build against, utrius adstruere reuens adfinitum, Colum. 1, 5, 10; utriusque (nullae) quae desunt adstruere, Plin. ep. 9, 7, 4;

**2.** met. add, animum qui daret adstruere formae, Ov. a. a. 2, 110; uictus Pharmacei uix quicquam gloriae cius astruxit, Vell. 2, 55, 2; add 1, 17, 2; quacrento eo quid adstrui magnificenter posset, Plin. 9, 119; quid aliud ad-

struere fortuna poterat? Tac. Agr. 44; so h. 1, 78 f.; quaedam ex his quae dicta non sunt sibi ipse adstruit, Quint. 8, 3, 64; An quae Neroni falsus adstruit scriptor? Mart. 3, 20, 4; 3. add and add, accumulate, ad-struere lamentationibus, Apul. M. 11, 3; cf. adstruere, adstruere; 4. w. inverted construction, cf. circumdo, ad-spargo, cover with added—, roof (with), configurationem laterculo adstruxerunt, Caes. b. c. 2, 9, 2; 5. hence met. furnish, eos falsis criminibus adstruxit, montes tum ea deferre cum iussisset, Curt. 10, 1, 27.

**ad-stūpeo** (ast.) ēre, vb. be struck senseless at, be astounded at, Adstupet ipse sibi, Ov. M. 3, 418; ditiuitis, Sen. tranq. 8, 5; socerque Adstupet oranti, Stat. Th. 3, 406; and 2, 13.

**ad-sūdasco** (ad=an up), ēre, begin to sweat, Pl. Cas. 2, 6, 9; Varr. L. 5, 22, p. 112, Sp.

**ad-sum** (assum), afui or arui, ādesse vb. irr. be before or present, neque nirei plenis duobus aruisse nelenit, CIL 106, 21; scribendo aruerunt M. Claudius M. f. L. Valerius P. f., 196, 2; quid ne tibi adesce opus est? Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 65; hunc minimus opus in hac re adesce, Ter. Hec. 3, 3, 50; fit ut quasi coram adesce uidero cura scribo aliquid ad te, Cic. fam. 15, 16, 1; omnes qui aderant auxilium a Caesare petere coeperunt, Caes. b. g. 1, 32, 1;

2. sometimes strengthened by praesens, adsum praesens praesenti tibi, Pl. Most. 5, 1, 27; non quia ades praesens dico hoc, Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 39; 3. be at hand, be near, Haedui (frumentum) adesce dicere, Caes. b. g. 1, 16, 4; Caesar adstante iam iamque et adesce eius equites nuntiabantur, Caes. b. c. 1, 14, 1; 4. of abstracts, quis pudor paulum adest, Ter. And. 4, 1, 6; tantus decor afuit arui, Ov. M. 6, 18; 5. of time, close at hand, nunc nobis prope adest exitum, Pl. Aul. 2, 3, 8; Prope adest cum alieno more minudumst mihi, Ter. And. 1, 1, 125;

Ad. 4, 4, 11; iam adest iudicio dies, Liv. 3, 12, 1; iamque dies infanda adest, Verg. 2, 132; 6. w. dat. see ex in § 1, also scrib. afferunt L. Domitius C. f., Cic. fam. 8, 8, 5; and 15, 6, 2; Att. 7, 1, 7; dux hostium suis adest, Caes. b. g. 7, 62, 5; auspicio, Liv. 10, 40, 11; portis, Verg. 2, 330; senatui, Tac. an. 4, 55, 1; 7. as a friend or advocate, aliquot mihi amicos aduocabo ad hanc rem qui adsint, Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 83; qui aderant Quintio, Cic. Quinct. 30; rogauit me Caecilius ut adessem contra Satrium, Cic. Att. 1, 1, 3; aderam Arriouillae, Regulus contra, Plin. ep. 1, 5, 5; patri proditionis reo non affuit, Quint. 5, 10, 107;

8. even in absence of principal, attend to assist, semper absenti adfui (afui?) Deiotaro, Cic. Ph. 2, 95; tuis rebus si adero ut difficillimis, Cic. Lig. 6, 14, 13; 9. esp. of Gods present and so assisting, esp. in invocations, Di hominesque illi affuere pugnae, Liv. 7, 26, 8; haec sacra querens et quicquid deorum est nostris et nunc querellis adsint et mox armis, 3, 25, 8; Adsis, o Tegeaee, fauens, Verg. G. 1, 18; Digne omnes memorum, dique omnes noctis adeste, Ov. M. 7, 198; 10. w. ad or in, ubi imperator non adest ad exercitum, Pl. Amph. 1, 3, 6; mulier ad eam rem diuinam ne adsit, Cato r. 83; ad portam, Cic. div. 1, 57; neque in illa contione adfuerunt, Cic. Fl. 54; 11. adesse animo, be attentive, have one's wits about one, adeste animis qui adestis, Cic. Sull. 33; adeste animis indices et timorem si quem habetis deponite, Cic. Mil. 4; ades animo et omite timorem, Cic. rep. 6, 10; Caes. 30; 12. arui etc. in perf. tenses, see § 1; but never arsum, as Freund implies; afui preferred to adfui;

13. adsiem pres. subj. in old writers, as in Baeciae line: Metuo quom hie non adest, ne metuum quom adsiem, Pl. Ps. 4, 7, 12; add Ter. Ad. 4, 4, 11; 14. adsum prob. pron. assum, and hence the pun: Milphio heus nbi est? Assum apud te eecum. At ego elixis sis nolo, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 67; so Geppert writes it; as also assunt testes, 3, 2, 5; cf. Caes. 2, 6, 6.

**ad-suo**, ēre, vb. sew on to, Hor. ep. 2, 3, 16.

**ad-suspiro**, āre, vb. sigh at, fletibus eius, Apul. M. 4, 27, sic aspirans infuit, ib.

**ad-tegrare**, unum in sacrificiis augere, Paul. ex F. 12 M.

**ad-tempēre**, āre, vb. adjust, iugulum aduersario praec-

stat, et errantem gladium sibi adtemperat, Sen. ep. 30, 8; paeulam, Vitr. 10, 12, 2; 2. adtemperate adv. at a well adjusted time, Ter. And. 5, 4, 13.

**ad-temptāto**, ōnis, f. attempting, Synn. ep. 6, 9.

**ad-tempto** (attento), āre (ad+tempto), vb. frq. lit. keep straining at, hence met. make many efforts at, attempt again and again, and then more vaguely, attempt, ruinam (Pompeii) maiorem esse quam ut manu mea (mea manu?) adtemptari debeat, Val. M. 5, 3, 5; locos luctuosos, Tac. or. 22; omnium aduersarios...attentare solebat, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 135 (endeavour to make tools of?) but in Cic. or. 3, 110 read with AB: ut praetorini omnino fuerit satius quam attactum deseri; and in Liv. 23, 15, 7: tentate defectionis; 2. of hostility, attack, assail, primum est non attentari, secundum lacesitum fortiter nudiari, Colum. 7, 12, 7; ut attemptantem repulcrat, Tac. an. 13, 25; curabo sentiat (latro) quos attentari, Phaedr. 5, 2, 8; bello (taurum), Stat. Th. 4, 71; 3. met. assail, try to upset, Quae aegritudo insolens mentem attemptat tuam? Pacuv. ap. Non. 322, 17; fidem, Cic. or. 208; necum facientia iura, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 23; testamentum, Val. F. 7, 8, 3; sententiam, Ulp. 12, 6, 23, 1; pudicitiam, 47, 10, 15, 20; honorem, 47, 10, 15, 39.

**ad-termino**, āre, vb. inclose by a boundary, Arn. 3, p. 107.

**adterraneus**, adj. near the earth, adterranea (fulmina) quae in cluso fluit, Sen. N.Q. 2, 49, 2.

**adtestatio** (att.), ōnis, f. bearing witness to, attestation, rei uisae, Maer. s. 4, 6, 13; Treb. xxx tyr. 30, 4; Th. cod. 8, 12, 2.

**ad-testor** (att.), āri, vb. r. bear witness to, attest, L. Scipio hoc attestabatur, Plin. pr. 10; add Phaedr. 1, 10, 3; 2. w. dat. Gell. 4, 12, 3; puritati eius, Maer. somn. Sc. 1, 14, 14; 3. call as witness, nuncios, Paul. 2, 26, 3; but in Cic. Sull. 82 read w. Lumbin. ad testandum; and in Plin. 10, 121 w. Silig. testata; 4. adtestatus, confirmatory, fulminia, Sen. N.Q. 2, 49, 2.

**ad-tiberna-lis**, adj. as sb. [taberna]—habitor continuae tabernae, Paul. ex F. 12.

**ad-tribalo**, āre, vb. grind finely, folliculis, Maer. carm. 4, 6.

**aductio**, ōnis, f. [aduelio], carriage to, voyage to, a Brundisio, Plin. 9, 169.

**aducticius**, adj. of the class aduectus, imported, foreign, nimum, Sal. lug. 44, 5.

**ad-ucto**, āre, vb. frq. import, Tac. an. 6, 19 (13).

**aductor**, ōris, m. qui aduehit, a. equus a riding horse, Apul. flor. u. 21; but in Pl. As. 2, 2, 92 aduatorem.

**aduectus**, ūs, m. voyage to, importation, del. Tac. h. 4, 84.

**ad-ūho**, ēre, xi, etus, vb. carry to, on horse, in carriage, in boat or ship; import; aduehor, i, vb. r. ride on horse-back or in carriage, come in boat, sail in ship; on horse-back, Qui aduehantur quadripedanti cruciati canterio, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 34; equo aduectus ad ripam, Cic. div. 1, 58; consul in eam partem citato equo aduectus, Liv. 2, 47, 3; consul aduectus desiluit ex equo, 9, 31, 10; 28, 3, 2; 2. in vehicle, nequis...plostrum ducto agito nisi quod aedium sacrarum causa edificandarum aduechi oportebit, CIL 206, 58; cisio ad urbem aduectus, Cic. Ph. 2, 77; ita sacerdos aduectus in fanum, cum currus esset ductus a filiis, Cic. Tusc. 1, 113; 3. of boats and ships, horrida aduecti sumus, per annum, Pl. Tr. 4, 2, 100; Omnium primum in Pontium aduecti Arabiam (edd. ad A.) terram sumus, 4, 2, 88; namque quia aduecti sumus, 4, 4, 12; Naucleus dixit, qui illas aduecti mihi, Pl. Mil. 4, 3, 16; caricas Cauto aduectas (imported), Cic. div. 2, 84; nautibus quae adueceant legatos, Liv. 23, 38, 8; saperdas aduechi, Pers. 5, 134; 4. even, ueroque Learchum Aduehit, Val. F. 3, 69; 5. add fm. poets: aduehit unda rates, Ov. Her. 5, 90; imbres Anar aduehit, Sen. Med. 587; but in Hor. s. 2, 2, 53 prob. aduexerit; 6. aduecti Pl. Merc. 2, 3, 56=aduecti; aduectus 2, 61=aduectus.

**ad-ūlitiō**, ōnis, f. (impl. a vb. ad-ūlito) skirmishing, uerborum, Paul. ex F. 28.

**ad-ūlo**, āre, vb. [ad what?] veil... tempora lauro, Verg. 5, 246; panno purpureo ueros, Lampr. Com. 15, 3.

**aduēna-**, ae, adj. or sb. m. f., come from abroad, foreign, foreigner, incolae accolae aduēnae omnes, Pl. Aul. 3, 1, 1; Poen. 5, 2, 71; Ps. 4, 1, 20; aduēna amor, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 4; a. exercitus, Verg. 7, 38; add 10, 460; a. amor, Ov. a. 4, 1, 176; a. paelex, Ov. her. 9, 121; aduēnas reges, Liv. 4, 3, 13; 2. of other than man, uolueres aduēnae, ut hirundines, Varr. r. 3, 5; a. gruis, Hor. epod. 2, 35; (grues) hiemis, (econius) aestatis aduēnas, Plin. 10, 61; 3. even, aduēna (surculus), Plin. 17, 104 of grafting; a. Tiberis, Ov. F. 2, 68; 4. a foreigner and so ignorant of what is going on, one not at home, ne in nostra patria peregrini atque aduēnae esse uideamur, Cic. or. 1, 249; qui hinc (from Rome) ueneramus, iam non hospites, sed peregrini atque aduēnae nominabamur, Cic. agr. 2, 94; Zeno Citiensis a. quidam et ignobilis uerborum opifex, Cic. Tusc. 5, 34; Tyrii non aduēna belli, Stat. Th. S. 556.

**aduēnio**, ire, nēni, nentum, vb. come to, arrive, Scio et, si hinc alia (so mss; edd. alia huc) causa ad te adueni, aequum postulas, Pl. Tr. 1, 2, 60; bene factum te aduenisse, Pamphile, Ter. Hee. 3, 5, 6; ubi dies aduenit, Sal. Jug. 113, 5; 2. w. acc. in poets, Tyrium qui aduenieris urbem, Verg. 1, 392; Vnde hos aduenias... labores, Stat. Th. 5, 47; 3. w. supine, etiam me ultro accusatum aduenit, Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 13; temptatum aduenit, 2, 3, 41; 4. adueniens, on one's first arrival, esse quiddam aduenientem non esse peregrinum atque hospitem, Cic. Att. 6, 3, 4; quod classis hostium primo impetu adueniens proli-gauerim, Caes. b. c. 2, 32, 12.

**aduēnor**, āri, vb. r. adore, worship, Minervam et Venērem, Varr. 1, 1, 6; euntes (spirits in Elysium), Sil. 13, 704.

**aduenticius**, adj. that comes to (one from without), extrinsecus, foreign, aduentitious, adiumentis externis et suam manum confirmat et magnis aduenticiis auxiliis innaturat, Cic. Cn. Pomp. 24; genus (as of swallows), Varr. r. 2, 5, 7; 2. cena aduenticia, a dinner given on arrival from abroad (\*), Suet. Vit. 13.

**aduentō**, āre, vb. frq. draw near to, so as to be expected at any moment, aduentare et prope adesse iam debet, Cic. Att. 4, 17, 3; Caesar aduentare iam iamque, numtiabatur, Caes. b. c. 1, 14, 1; Antonius emm exercitu aduentabat, Sal. Cat. 56, 4; iamque fere spatio extremo fessique sub ipsam Finem aduentabant, Verg. 5, 328; 2. of time, quoniam nunc (cj. for non of us B) decimus mensis aduentat prope, Pl. True. 2, 4, 48; cum me nires (quod fere iam tempus aduentat) defecere coepissent, Cic. or. 1, 199; aut iam urgentis aut certe aduentantis senectutis, Cic. sen. 2; conitiorum dies, Sal. Jug. 36, 4; lux, 99, 1; aduentante fatali urbelade, Liv. 5, 33, 1; 3. in later L. w. acc., propinqua Seleucia, Tac. an. 6, 50 (44); barbaricos pagos, Amm. 14, 10, 11; 4. w. dat. Parthis, Tac. an. 6, 39 (33); portis, Stat. Th. 11, 202.

**aduētor**, ōris, m. lit. stranger, lauacrum gratuitum... hospitib. et aduētorib. dedit, inser. Or. 2287; 2. a visitor (esp. meretricis), customer, aduēnate aedis ne qui aduētor, grauior abactat (so B) quom aduēnat, Pl. True. 1, 2, 2; si aequum facias, aduētores meos (non) incuses, 2, 7, 55; As. 2, 2, 92; basiliola aduētorum, Apul. M. 10, 21; aduētores (cauponis) 1, 9.

**aduētor-ius**, adj. of strangers, hospitium, inser. Mur. 479, 9; 2. aduētoria absol. sc. cena, a dinner to one just arrived from abroad—hence met., ut aures tuas exasperem aduētoria sua, Mart. 12 pr.

**Aduēntus**, i, m. a cognomen, Antonino Aug. et Aduēnto eos, inser. Fabr. 637, 315; add inser. Mur. 354, 2.

**aduēntus**, ūs, m. arrival, si opperiri nīs aduēntum Carmidis, Pl. Tr. 3, 3, 15; ubi in mentem eius aduēnti\* ueniat, Ter. Ph. 1, 3, 2; Salutant, ad cenam uocant, aduēntum gratulantur, Eun. 5, 2, 3; ut me leuaret tuus aduēntus, sic discussus affludit, Cic. Att. 12, 50; de eius aduēntu certiores facti, Caes. b. g. 1, 7, 3; 2. note gen. aduēnti\*.

**ad-uerbō**, āre, vb. [ad what?] lash, unguibus, amos, Stat. Th. 9, 686.

**aduērbāliter**, adv. [impl. an adj. aduerbialis] as an adverb, Char. 222, 27 K; Dion. 407, 26; Prisc. 72, 24.

**ad-uerb-ū**, adj. n. as sb. adverb, aduērbium est pars orationis quae adiecta uerbo significationem eius implet, Dion. 403, 17; a Id Prisc. 2, 60, 1; Quint. 1, 5, 48 etc.

**ad-uerro**, ēre, vb. [ad what?] sweep, aduerrensque tantania saxa Charadrus, Stat. Th. 4, 712.

**aduērsarius**, (older aruors\*, aduors.\*), adj. belonging to the opposite side, opposite, opposed, Volcanum adducam: is Veneris aduērsarius, Pl. Rud. 3, 4, 56; uis ea quae iuri est aduersaria, Cic. Caes. 5; opinionem istorum studiorum oratori aduersarium esse, Cic. or. 2, 150; quibus rebus nox maxime aduersaria est, Caes. b. c. 2, 31, 7; duces aduersariae factionis, ps. Nep. Phoc. 3, 2; 2. as sb. one of the opposite party, an opponent, an adversary, Valentinem nactus aduersarium, Pl. Capt. pr. 64; de CDL uireis... aruorsario\* edat eos omnes (quei...), CIL 198, 20; per eum pr. aduorsariumque mora non erit quominus..., 198, 25; add Ter. Ad. pr. 2; nemo te refutandum ut grauem aduersarium arbitrabatur, Cic. Vat. 1, 1; pugiles cum ferunt aduersarium, Cic. Tusc. 2, 56; 3. esp. an opponent in civil war, as opp. to hostis an enemy, Vercingetorix... aduersarios suos a quibus paulo ante erat eiection, expellit ex ciuitate, Caes. b. g. 7, 4; ab oppido so interclusurum aduersarios, b. c. 1, 43, 2; 1, 54, 4; and so Caes. throughout; add Suet. Caes. 36, 68; Dom. 1; 4. aduersaria as sb. f., est tibi grauis aduersaria constituta..., incredibilis scilicet, Cic. fam. 2, 4, 2; 5. aduersarium as gen. pl. Ter. Hee. 2 pr. 14; and perh. Pomp. ad Dom. D, 2, post Cic. Att. 8, 12; 6. aduersaria as sb. n. pl. entries at the time, a day book, journal, as opp. to ledger (codex accepti et expensi, or tabulae), occurs 10 times in Cic. Rose. com. 5—9.

**aduērsatio**, ōnis, f. opposition, resistance, Tert. Gnost. 5; pudic. 45.

**aduērsatiuus**, adj. of the opposed class, in Gramm., (conjunctions) aduersatiuae aduersum conuenienti significant ut tamen, quamquam, Prisc. 2, 99, 12 K; add 2, 93, 15.

**aduērsator** (aduor.), ōris, m. opponent, enemy, quem aduersarium malis ciebo? Apul. de do Socr. 5.

**aduērsatrix** (aduor.), f. eia, f. same. Nunc aduentatrix scelestat, dixit aduorsatrix erat, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 100; add Ter. Haut. 5, 3, 5.

**aduērsio**\* i, in. Arch. 16. animi remissionem, by cj.; mss animaduērsionem.

**aduērsitas**, ātis, f. opposition, repugnance, oleo mersis, Plin. 11, 90; 2. suffering, Cassiod.

**aduērsitor**, ōris, m. (a slave), who goes to meet (his master), Don. Ad. 1, 1, 1.

**aduērsio** (rather aduorsio), āre, vb. frq. keep turning to, Animum aduorsam sedulo ne erum usquam praeterirem, Pl. Rud. 2, 2, 1.

**aduērsor** (aduor.), āri, vb. r. frq. [aduorsus], make oneself an aduersus or opponent, oppose, thwart, non tu scis, Baccae Bacchanti si nīs aduorsarier, Ex insana insaniorem facies, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 71; add St. 4, 1, 9, etc.; cine ego ut aduorsor? Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 28; tuae libidini aduorsabor, Hee. 2, 2, 3, etc.; huius libidini, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 82; Isocrati, Cic. or. 172; non aduersata petenti Aduuit, Verg. 4, 127; 2. where acc. occurs read aduersor, as w. ambitionem, Tac. h. 1, 1; adoptionem, 1, 38; regem, 4, 84; illud, Quint. 11, 3, 70.

**aduērsus**, part. and adj. see aduerto.

**ad-uerūs**, or -um, (older -uorsus or -um; also aruorsus, see § 6); prep. w. acc., towards and so facing, opposite, before, porta Iouis quae aduersus castra Romana erat, Liv. 26, 14, 6; ut aduersus montes conisteret hostis, 7, 14, 9; add 45, 7, 5; Lerina aduersum Antipolim, Plin. 3, 79; 2. esp. w. persons, before, in the presence of, to one's face, Immo si audias quae dicta dixit me-aduorsum\* tibi, Pl. Bac. 4, 4, 47; Egone ut te-aduorsum\* mentiar mihi mea? Aul. 4, 7, 9; me aduorsum-se mentiri, Mil. 4, 2, 88; Amph. 2, 2, 118\*; and 3, 2, 55\*; Sed nunc per opus est aut hunc cum ipsa aut de illa me aduorsum-lunc loqui, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 30; quoniam-



modo gererem me a. Caesarem, Cic. fam. 11, 27, 5; Nec gloriandi tempus a. unum est, Liv. 22, 39, 9; **3.** met. before, in the mind of, in the eyes of, with, id gratum fuisse aduersum te habeo gratiam, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 15; nihil plus indei auctoritatis habemus a. Romanos quam Aetoli? Liv. 41, 24, 9; **4.** w. motion, towards, against (au enemy), copias aduersum hostem educere, Caes. b. g. 4, 14, 2; Persei a. quem ibatur, Liv. 42, 49, 7; experti sunt Macedonem hostem a. Antiochum, 9, 19, 14; Aetolorum a. quos Acarnanum geus ira magis instruit quam consilio bellum, 26, 25, 10; S. 2, 5; 27, 2; **5.** met. against, opposed to, to the injury of, Aduersum te fabulare, Plant. St. 4, 2, 11; si uterque nostrum est aliquando a. aliquem, inter nos certe non sumus, Cic. Att. 12, 3, 1; accipiendis a. generum suspicionibus, Tac. an. 12, 4;

**6.** w. abstract acc., in violation of, against, to the damage of, aduersum legem, as qui auersum ead fecissent (prob. for eam = eam; cf. extrad extraneus), CIL 196, 25; aduersus hanc legem, 197, 9; 198, 30; qui ad uersus ea (prob. for eam) .. frumentum dederit, 206, 18; qui ad uersus ea fecerit, 206, 107; Pl. Truc. 4, 2, 17; aduersum? animi tui libidinem, Ter. Hee. 4, 1, 19; a. leges, a. rem publicam, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 194; a. rem publicam, Caes. b. c. 1, 2, 7; a. senatus consultum, Liv. 40, 44, 11; aduersum legem, Tac. an. 6, 16, 23; **7.** of remedies, a. profusionem quidem in his auxilium est, a. inflammationem autem in ipso sanguinis cursu, Cels. 5, 26, 22; sunt quaedam remedia propria a. quaedam uenena, 5, 27, 12; a. fungorum uenena semen bibendum, Plin. 20, 86, who gen. uses contra;

**8.** towards what faces one and is elevated, hence up, Nam iam calcari quadrupedem agitato aduersum cliuom, Pl. As. 3, 3, 118; impetum a. montem in colortis faciunt, Caes. b. c. 1, 46, 1; **9.** of speech, in answer to, a. ea consul...respondit, Liv. 4, 10, 2; a. quae singula responderet haud facile esset, S. 32, 9; 22, 40, 1; responsum a. Seruium, Tac. an. 3, 71; **10.** of comparisons, as against, or opposed to, quod esse duo prospera in tot saecula bella Samnitium, quod decora populi Romani, Liv. 7, 32, 8; differentiam nostrae desidia a. acerrima eorum studiis demonstrasti, Tac. or. 33; **11.** of feelings against, dolor a. deos, Tac. an. 2, 71; iram a. auaritiam matris, 14, 1; **12.** also of kindly feeling, or duty towards, iustitia aduersum deos, Cic. N. D. 1, 116; reuerentia a. homines, Cic. off. 1, 99; sunt quaedam officia etiam a. eos seruanda a quibus iniuriam acceperis, 1, 34; summa a. alios aequitas, Liv. 3, 33, 8; a. Romanos nullum eis ius amicitiae erat, 5, 35, 4; 29, 8, 2; 45, 8, 4; Tac. an. 11, 17;

**13.** thesis, fugam ad se uorsum fieri, Sal. Jug. 58, 4; ad se uorsum exercitum pergere, 69, 1; and w. acc. omitted publicum est longum(m) p. cxviii latum af muro ad L. Tondet uorsum(m) p. xvi, CIL 1143; cf. § 6; **14.** often postponed as a whole to sb., see \*. **H 15.** as adv. w. vbs. of motion, to meet (him) towards, ibo aduersum atque electabo quidquid est, Pl. As. 2, 2, 29; add Most. 4, 2, 17; Merc. 1, 2, 4; Neque sorolorum quisquam qui aduersum ierant, Ter. Ad. 1, 1, 2; nemo aduersus ibat, Liv. 37, 13, 8;

**16.** esp. w. dat. qui meo ero aduersus uenerit, Pl. Tr. 3, 2, 99; ut uenias aduersum mihi, Men. 2, 3, 82; add 3, 2, 22; and Amph. 2, 2, 43; **17.** me in such phrases is perh. a dat., as Pl. Pers. 2, 2, 18; **18.** of rest, opposite, facing, Qui sedens aduersus identidem te Spectat et audit, Cat. 51, 3; medicus debet residere a. ut omnes notas ex uultu enuntians perspicat, Cels. 3, 6, p. 86, l. 22 Dar.; **19.** aduersum quam as a conj. (cf. contra quam, etc.), in opposition to the fact that...indicare...theusaurum...Aduersum quam eius me opsecrauius pater? Pl. Tr. 1, 2, 139 (so A and all the best MSS).

**ad-uerto** (-uorto), *ere, uerti, uersus (uorsus)*, vb. turn to or towards, Quid istuc uero te aduertisti tam cito, Naeu. ap. Chaer. 240, 24 K; Illa sese inter commodum huc aduerterat In hauc uostram plateam, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 53; In portum...Achaeorum classem aduertit, Liv. 37, 9, 7; pedemque aduertere ripae\*, Verg. 6, 386; terrae\*que aduertere proras, 7, 35; urbi\*que aduertenter agmen, 12, 555; Colchos aduertere puppim, Ov. her. 12, 23; In quancumque domus aduerti lumina partem, M. 6, 180; add

S. 482; aures, F. 1, 179; balnearia occidenti\* aestiuo, Colum. 1, 6, 2; (in locis) tepidus (ninetia) orienti\*, 3, 12, 6;

**2.** cause to turn to, draw to, attract (the attention of), aduerterat (auerterat, Madv.) ea res Sabinos, Liv. 1, 12, 10; non docet aduortio sed aduertit sed excitat, Sen. ep. 94, 25; genitus ac planetus militum aures oraque, Tac. an. 1, 41; odia, 4, 21 f.; Zenobium placida inuolu spirantem aduertire, 12, 51 f.; h. 3, 48; **3.** esp. w. animum, ea senatus animum aduertit, CIL 201, Nunc huc animum aduertite, ambo, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 171, etc.; Si uoles aduortere animum, comiter monstrabit, Eru. ap. Varr. 1, 7, 5; in rebus acerbis Acrius aduertunt animos ad religionem, Lucr. 3, 54; aduortent animos ne quid... Liv. 4, 45, 4; **4.** w. n. pron. as a second acc.: Et id et hoc quod te renouamus, quaeos animum aduorte, Audio, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 43; haec animum te aduertere par est, Lucr. 2, 125; **5.** when the two words had grown into one, any acc. might be added, as naufragum quendam natantem animum aduertunt, Cic. inv. 2, 154; **6.** aduerto w. animum understood, observe, notice, nunc qua ratione quod instat Conferri possit, pancia, aduerte, docebo, Verg. 4, 115; quam sanguisugam cepisse appellari aduerto, Plin. 8, 29; aduertere quosdam cultu externo in sedibus senatorum, Tac. an. 13, 54; pericula nostra, 14, 43; nouum aliquid, 15, 30; **7.** aduertor, as vb. r. turn to, intrans, notae aduertuntur harum, Verg. 5, 34; Scythicas aduertitur oras, Ov. M. 5, 649; and in perf. act. for a. se. (cf. diuorior, reuertor), Mox profugi ducente Noto, aduertere cunctos, Sil. 298; **8.** note dat. in poets and Colum.\*

**ad-uesperat**, vb. imp. [ad=an=ara of beginning], begin to get dusk, Cur uxor non accessit? aduesperat. Audin? Ter. Andr. 3, 4, 2; quoniam a., Cic. fin. 4, 80; Verr. 2, 4, 147; nisi aduesperasset, bell. hisp. 24, 5; cum aduesperauisset, Plin. 7, 178.

**ad-uesperat**, vb. imp. the same, Not. Tir.

**ad-uigilantia**, ae, f. watchfulness, Ruric. ep. 2, 3.

**ad-uigilo**, *are* vb. act as sentinel over, sit up and watch over, nepoti, Tib. 2, 5, 93; regum somnis, Stat. Th. 1, 147; nallo, Claud. Eutr. 2, 419; **2.** as vb. imp.; ut aduigiletur facilius ad custodiam ignis (of Vesta), Cic. leg. 2, 29 f.; **3.** met. satis credo si aduigilaneris, Ex uis geminas mihi concies nuptias, Ter. Andr. 4, 1, 49; add Pl. 1, 4, 25; Q. Cic. pet. cons. 57; sibi, Manil. 1, 81; stupris, Claud. I. Stil. 2, 140.

**ad-uivo**, *ere, xi, ue*, live on, be still alive, continue to live, Hic tenuem nigris etiamu aduere lucem Roribus, Stat. Th. 12, 424; qui aduiente eo douo...honorati sunt, Inscr. Or. 3094; cum quo aduixit sine querela per annos xx, Inscr. Grut. 1145, 8; usuram pecuniae donec aduixit, Scaeu. dig. 34, 3, 28, 5; add 34, 4, 30.

**adulab-ilis**, e, adj. [adula-ri], calculated to flatter, fawning, sermo. Amm. 14, 11, 11; sententia regionum, 31, 12, 7; ap. Nou. 155 s. v. propitibilibus.

**adulatio**, *ouis*, f. lit. wagging of tail (as by dogs), fawning, canum tam amans dominiorum a., Cic. N. D. 2, 158; **2.** met. ad bones aduersum cum quadam nocis adulatione uenito, Col. 6, 2, 5; crebris pedum oribus adulatio (cooing of pigeons), Plin. 10, 104; **3.** esp. fawning, flattery, nullam in amicitias pestem esse maiorem quam adulationem, Cic. am. 91; regia a., Liv. 42, 30, 4; Quint. 2, 15, 25; 9, 2, 28; 11, 1, 30; 11, 3, 66; Anson. Paulo, ep. 4; ancillaris a., Amm. 16, 2, 2; and in plur. Tac. an. 2, 32; 4, 20; Plin. pan. 41; **4.** = and perh. confounded w. adlatio, desideratas (sc. Alexandro) lumi lacum adulationes, Liv. 9, 18, 4.

**adulator**, *oris*, m. flatterer, nolo esse laudator ne uidear adulator, Corn. 29; potentiae, Quint. 12, 10, 13; Suet. Vit. 1; Treb. Claud. 3, 7.

**adulatorius**, adj. of flatterers, a. dedecus, Tac. an. 6, 32 (38) f.; **2.** adulatorie, adv. like a flatterer, August. ep. 148.

**adulatr-ix**, *icis*, adj. or sb. f. [adulator], a flatterer, Tert. anim. 51; **2.** as adj. a. gentes...prociunciae, Tret. Claud. 3, 7.

**adulio**, *are*, see

**adulor**, *ari*, vb. r. or adulor\*, *are* vb. [ad and a lost sb.

ula (=oupa) shortened (like ubi from eubi) from cola (cf. Sp. Eg. cola)=cola in Varr.=cauda; eod. of cola akin to wed of G. weel-eel, wedel-n, wag the tail, wag the tail at, prop. of dogs, Lounge also pacto ganniti uocis adulant? (sc. canes), Lucr. 5, 1070; mitissimii (canes)...furem quoque adulantur (al. adulant?), Colum. 7, 12, 5; eandem more atque rita adulantium canum, clementer (leo) et blande monet, Gell. 5, 14, 12; and met. of vulture pinnata cauda no-trum adulat sanguinem, Cic. poet. Tusc. 2, 24;

2. met. fawn upon, flatter, neque ita aut adulatus aut admiratus sum fortunam alterius at meae me (ass me meae) pascueret, Cic. div. 2, 6; aperte adulantem nemo non uidet nisi... Cic. am. 99; adulantem omnis (al. omnibus); but omnes Arts. p. 216) uidere te uolui, iudi, Cic. Pis. 99; neque eo magis potenti adulatus est Antonio, Nep. Att. 8 f.; pieblem adulari, Liv. 23, 4, 2; praesentibus adulando, 36, 7, 4; adulando aut honorum imperium aut amicitiam regum, 45, 31, 4; ne codicillis quidem Noricum aut Tigellinum aut quem alium potentium adulatus est, Tac. an. 16, 19; more quoniamque principem adulandi, Tac. h. 1, 32; adulantis dominum feras, Sen. ira 2, 31, 6; si Dionysium adulari (so Hahn) uelles, ista non esses. Immo, inquit, si tu haec esse uelles, non adularet Dionysium, Val. M. 4, 3, ext. 4; eo redactus ut adulenter sordidam clientelae suae partem, Just. 8, 4, 8; add Quint. 9, 2, 104; centurias non adulanti?, Anson. grat. act. 13; sorores sine adulanti? Psyche... Apud. M. 5, 14; add Avien. descr. orb. 338; 3. in sense of adoro (perh. by confusion of the words), worship (a deity or foreign prince), adoro, more adulantium (accepto credo ritu ex ea regione ex qua orinidi erant) procurauerunt, Liv. 30, 16, 4; Hephaestionem more Persarum adulata tanquam Alexandrum salutauit, Val. M. 4, 7, ext. 2; Aesculapio?, Tert. pall. 4 f.; Dominio?, id. Psyche. 14 and 16; 4. adulor, as a pass. be fawned upon, be flattered, eundem ad se ne assentatoribus patefaciamus auris nunc ad illi nos sinamus (but here perh. act., sc. cos), Cic. off. 1, 91; adulati erant ab amicis et adiutoriis, Cassius (H-mina?) ap. Prisc. 1, 380, 1 K, who adds: adulati καλαχαιρέτες; tribunum militum adulandus erat, Val. M. 2, 7, 15; 5. constr. w. dat. † or acc. of person, huic, non huic adulari iam dicitur, Quint. 9, 3, 1 (but? tr. huic and huic); adulor te et tibi, Prisc. 2, 274, 17 K; adulio ilium, adulor illi, Cled. 50, 17 K; 6. adulor only in poets or late prose; adulio luco... in o et in r littera finitur, Donat. 383, 19 K; add Cled. ib.; Pomp. 233, 9; Consent. 369, 14; 7. adulans, part. as adj. fawning, flattering, adulantia uerba blandasque uoces, Plin. pan. 26; quid adulantius quam... Tert. Mare. 1, 27.

adulter, ἄδρ, m. [adulter; in orig. a comp. a rather young man (cf. παλλακή paellex, lit. a young woman; Sp. mancha the same) and so a euphemism for an adulterer, paramour, quemque hominem aspersum...si uxorem si adulterum, optinuerat, Pl. Amph. 4, 3, 15; quis ganeo, quis nepos, quis adulter, Cic. Cat. 2, 7; nec Damalis nono Dinellat adulterio, Hor. od. 1, 36, 19; add 3, 16, 4; Delitius ut conuinx, non ut adulter amo, Ov. her. 20, 8; adulteros earum morte puniuit, Tac. an. 3, 24; in nepti Augusti adulter, ib.; 2. a forger, Th. cod. 11, 21, 1; 9, 21, 5, 9; 3. as adj. adulteros Crines pulvere collines, Hor. od. 1, 15, 19; partus adulteri, Sol. 27, 42; arbusta adultera (of grafted trees), Manil. 2, 22; elanus (false), Ov. a. a. 3, 643; minium (adulteratum), Plin. 33, 114; imitatio (forged), Th. cod. 9, 22, 1; ne forte aliquis aureorum nequam uel adulter reperitur, Apud. M. 10, 9; 4. esp.

adultera, ae, f. an adulteress, Laecania, Hor. od. 3, 3, 25; et matris paellex et adultera patris, Ov. M. 10, 347; Plin. 26, 62; Quint. 5, 10, 104; Suet. Gal. 24; (leacna), Plin. 8, 43; 2. met. mens. Ov. am. 3, 4, 5.

adulteratio, ōnis, f. adulteration (eroci), Plin. 21, 32; also lemma of lib. 12, p. 38 Still.

adulterator, ōnis, m. forger, monetae, Claud. dig. 48, 19, 16, 9; add Th. cod. 11, 21, 1.

adulterinus, adi. of an adulterer, sanguis, Plin. 7, 14; pullus (a young bird), 10, 10; 2. forged, false, nummos, Cic. off. 3, 91; simulacrum, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 32; signis, Cic.

Clu. 41; semina, Varr. r. 1, 40, 2; clanes, Sal. Ing. 12, 3; testamentum, Afric. dig. 48, 10, 6; staterae, Ulp. 47, 11, 0, 1.

adulter-io, ōnis, m. dim. a term of contempt for an adulterer, Laber. ap. Non. 70, 3; and ap. Gell. 10, 6, 7, 2.

adulteritas, itis, f. adultery, Laber. ap. Gell. 10, 6, 7, 2.

adulterium, ō, n. adultery, plenus perituri atque adulteri, Pl. Mil. 2, 1, 12, etc.; in adulterio deprehendisses, Cato ap. Gell. 10, 23, 5; in adulterio deprehenditur, Cic. or. 2, 275; fecit a., Cat. 67, 30; legem Iuliam de adulteriis coercendis, dig. 48, 5 tit.; 2. of animals, Plin. S. 13; 10, 104; 3. met. of grafting, 17, 8; 4. adulteration, mellis, 14, 30; meris, 19, 43.

adultero, are, vb. play the adulterer or -ess, latrocinari fraudare adulterare turpe est, Cic. off. 1, 128; 2. with acc. or w. cum, delite, equitis Romani uxorem, Suet. Iul. 48; matronas, Suet. Ang. 67; cum Graeco adulescente, Just. 43, 4, 8; nouerami, Mare. dig. 48, 9, 5; 3. of birds, nidium, Plin. 10, 27; 4. met. iudicium, adulterate, forge, Adulterare enim abiat rebus ceteris—was a forger—Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 34; nathum, Plin. 12, 43; nummos, Paul. sent. 5, 25, 1; colorem, 16, 205; gemmas, 37, 51; 5. by met. fin. this, iudicium ueri, Cic. am. 92; boni naturam fallaciter imitando, Cic. part. 90; Ille (Proteus) sua faciem... arte, Ov. F. 1, 373.

adumbratim, adv. in rough perspective drawing, Lucr. 4, 303.

adumbratio, ōnis, f. rough perspective drawing, frontis et laterum aduocentium, Vitr. 1, 2, 2; 2. met. si non perfectio at conatus atque adumbratio, Cic. or. 103;

3. a (legal) fiction, quae adumbratione exorta sint, Th. cod. 14, 4, 8, 2.

ad-umbro, are, [umbra] shade, esp. protect from the sun, tegitibus umbras, Colum. 5, 5, 15; [aluearia] frondibus, 9, 7, 4; tegumentis uias, 11, 2, 61; add Petron. 105;

2. draw in rough perspective, istorum adumbratorum deorum linamenta, Cic. N. D. 1, 75; quis pietor omnia...adumbrare didicit? Quint. 7, 10, 9; quod ars adumbrare non uidet, casus iudicatus est, Val. M. S. 11, ext. 7; 3. met. (in optima indole) haec honesta a natura tanquam adumbrantur, Cic. fin. 5, 61; 4. esp. by words, heroum casus dicendo, Cic. de r. 2, 194; eloquentiae formam, Cic. or. 43;

5. hence adumbratus of the false or sham, neque ueris comitis...neque illis ad speciem aspiciendum causa adumbratis, Cic. agr. 2, 31; Verr. 2, 3, 77; Tusc. 3, 3; Suet. 12; adumbrata laetitia, Tac. an. 4, 31.

adunatio, ōnis, f. union, Cyp. ep. 57 (60); Cassiod. ep. 4, 33.

aduncitas, itis, f. curvature, rostrorum, Cic. N. D. 2, 122; rostri, Plin. 10, 130.

ad-uncus, adj. hooked, naso, Ter. Hant. 5, 5, 18; serrulam, Cic. Clu. 180; ungubus, Cic. poet. Tusc. 24; praep. adunca Iouis, Ov. F. 6, 196; falce, M. 14, 628; rostra, Colum. 8, 2, 9.

ad-ūno, are, vb. [unus] unite, classem, Just. 2, 12, 18; gentes, 7, 1, 12; membra, Pall. 3, 29, 1.

aduocatio, ōnis, f. calling on friends to give advice and aid, hence their attendance as friends, eorum aduocationem lapidibus discussisti, Cic. dou. 54; 2. as a collective, a body of supporting friends, scio quid haec aduocatio, quid dignitas P. Sestii postulet, Cic. Sest. 119; nihil tam copiosa aduocatione uteretur, Cic. Quinct. 47; filium cum ingenti aduocatione in forum deducit, Liv. 3, 47, 1;

3. a meeting for consultation, in aede Castoris quo maximarum rerum aduocationes fiunt, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 129;

4. esp. in law, a consultation on the conduct of a suit by an advocate, (Tribatus) in re militari cautior quam in aduocationibus, Cic. fam. 7, 10, 2; est xipie aduocationum, Quint. 1, 12, 18; si quid ab aduersario in aduocationibus iactatum (est), 5, 13, 49; promisi adu., Sen. ben. 4, 35, 2; aduocationem praestare, Ulp. dig. 3, 1, 6; aduocationem praebuit, Paul. 5, 2, 32;

5. the body of advocates, the bar, a. Caesarensis, Cod. Theod. 2, 3, 30; a. Palaestina, 8, 41, 27;

6. permission to consult friends and so postpone-ment, ego omnibus unde petitur hoc consilium dederim ut binas aduocationes postuleret, Cic. fam. 7, 11, 1; and met.

aduocationem petit ut exentiendae veritati spatium habeat, Sen. ira, 1, 18, 1; si nihil egerit petita aduocatio, 3, 12, 4; consol. 10, 4.

**aduocator**, ōris, m. advocate, Tert. Marc. 4, 15.

**ad-uōcō**, āre, vb. call to (one), invite, summon, his quos tibi aduocasti iuris lectissimis, Cic. Quint. 5 (as assessors); so too in: consules causam cognorunt cum viros primarios multos in consilium aduocassent, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 18; cōtentionem, 2, 3, 185; Liv. 7, 37, 1; eo senatum, Sal. Cat. 49, 6; ego nos quoque panem monerem, aduocavi, 58, 3; socios in coetum, Verg. 5, 43; 2. esp. as a friend or witness, call in, hospitum nostrum sibi Muesilochus aduocavit... Et praesente homini exemplo ostendi symbolum, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 28; add Amph. 5, 1, 76; Merc. 4, 3, 35; Cas. 3, 3, 7; aliquot mihi Amicos aduocabo, ad hanc rem qui adiescit, Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 83; Amicos hodie cum (against) improbo illo aduocamus Lucilio aduocasse, Lucil. ap. Non. 74, 9.

3. met. summon to one's aid as a friend, eum a negotio seuocamus animum, quid agimus nisi animum ad se ipsum aduocamus, Cic. Tusc. 1, 75; amorem... in consilium aduocabo, Cic. ap. Quint. 8, 3, 34; Quis dens tibi non bene aduocatus...? Cat. 40, 3; omniaque arma aduocato, Verg. 8, 250; secretasque aduocat artes, Ov. M. 7, 138; (purpura) dis placidius aduocatur, Plin. 9, 127; 11 4. aduocatus, part. m. as sb., a friend summoned to one's aid, (Ius) impetrabit te aduocato atque arbitro, Pl. Tr. 5, 2, 37; Non equidem mihi te aduocatum, pater, adduxi, sed uiro, Hinc stas, illum causam dicis, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 48; Ridicula: aduersum illum causam dicerem, Cui neueram aduocatus, Ter. Ad. 4, 5, 43; 5. esp. a friend who attends in court to give countenance to an accused, contritum diem dum asto aduocatus quidam cognato meo; Quem hercle ego litem adeo perdidisse gaudeo, Pl. Cas. 3, 3, 5; cras est mihi Iudicium..., ut nunties Patri, aduocatus mane mihi esse ut monerit, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 49; orat reus, urgent aduocati, Cic. or. 2, 301; 6. in later 1, counsel, advocate (for patrons), nec quicquam publicae meritis tam uenale fuit quam aduocatum perfidia, Tac. an. 11, 5; quomodo uis morborum pretia medicamentibus, si fori tabes pecuniam aduocatus ferat, 11, 6; quando ipsos loqui, quando aduocati noceat tibi deceat, Quint. 11, 1, 59; debet bonus aduocatus pro rei salute... reprehensionem non pertimescere, 5, 13, 10; 7. Hortensio... aduocato fisci, inser. Or. 3352; so 4124; C. Scaefio... aduoc. reip. 3906; C. Calpurnio... populi aduocato, 3907; 7. aduocata as sb. f. a friend in counsel, met. non desiderat fortitudo aduocatam iracundiam, Cic. Tusc. 4, 52; adhibes artem aduocatam sensibus, Cic. ac. 2, 86.

**aduolūtus**, us, m. flying to, Tristi aduolatu, Cic. poet. Tusc. 2, 24.

**ad-uōlūtō**, āre, vb. keep flying to, papilio (moth) luminibus accensis aduolūtans, Plin. 9, 65; add Prud. Symm. 2, 573.

**ad-uōlō**, āre, vb. fly to, anem quandam... aduolūtum ad eas auit quae..., Cic. N. D. 2, 124; in agrum Volaterranum palumbum ad uisum mari quotannis aduolat, Plin. 10, 78; add 10, 115 (bis); papilio lucernarum luminibus, 28, 162; 2. met. uox ad auris, Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 23; Amph. 1, 1, 169; Rud. 2, 3, 3; (Britanniae) εἰδωλὸν mihi aduolat ab pectus, Cic. fam. 15, 16, 2; Fama, Verg. 10, 511; 3. esp. of man, fly to, fly at, si ingrederis, curre; si curris, aduola, Cic. Att. 2, 23, 3; 2, 13 f.; 4. hostes ad pabulatores, Caes. b. g. 5, 17, 2; add b. c. 2, 42, 3; 4. w. acc. alone, hic tibi Rostra Cato aduolat, Cic. Att. 1, 14, 5; Pollux... Aduolat ora uiri, Val. F. 4, 300.

**ad-uoluo**, ēre, ui, ūtus, vb. roll to, totas Aduolnere focis ulmos, Verg. G. 3, 378; ingentis montibus Omos, Verg. 6, 182; 2. met. roll up, carmen in animum, Claud. cons. St. 1, 7; 3. a. se, roll oneself at, throw oneself down at, genibus omnium, Liv. 8, 37, 9; 4. oftener, aduolnor, vb. r. the same, aduolutus genibus, Liv. 28, 34, 4; tuis humilibus aduoluit aris, Prop. 3, 17, 1; genibus eius, Vell. 2, 81, 4; pedibus eius, Curt. 3, 12, 17; 5. w. acc. genna patrum, Sal. ap. Serv. A. 1, 311; Tiberii uena, Tac. an. 1, 13; pedes eius, Apul. M. 6, 2; pedes nostros, mag. 94.

**aduores**, εἰσπρετοί, Gloss. Laab.

**aduorem**, aduersarium, hostem, Paul. ex F. 25.

**ad-urgeo**, ēre, vb. press to, is (dens) in locum prioris digito adurgendum, Cels. 7, 12, 1, p. 288, 11 Bar.; 2. met. press after, pursue eagerly, ab Italia uolantem remis, Hor. od. 1, 37, 17.

**ad-ūro**, ēre, ussi, ustus, vb. [ad = ara] lit. begin to burn, burn the surface of, singe, hoc salsumst, hoc ad-ustumt, Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 71; instituit ut caudentibus inglandium patumibus barbam sibi et capillum adurent, Cic. Tusc. 5, 58; caudente carbone sibi capillum, Cic. off. 2, 25; cum a l. flammam se applicauerit sine gemitu adurunt, Cic. Tusc. 5, 77; Flammis aduri Colchicis, Hor. epod. 5, 24; penis adustus, s. 2, 8, 68; pectore adusto merulas, 2, 8, 90; ignes caelestes leui afflatu uostuntia, Liv. 39, 22, 3; os ferramento adure, ut ex eo squama secedat, Cels. 8, 2, p. 329, 17 and 25; aduri locus debet, 5, 26, 33; medicamentis adurentibus (causticis), 5, 26, 21; but in Pl. 33, 122 inuratur; 2. even of damage by heat of dung, ne stercore ungulas (pullus) a foal aduratur, Colum. 6, 27, 12; ne calore stercoreis aduratur planta, Pall. 2, 15, 10; 3. of cold, as well as heat, nip, bite or destroy (surface) by frost, freeze, ne... Boreae penetrabile frigus adurat, Verg. G. 1, 93; nec hernum nascuntia frigus adurat Poma, Ov. M. 14, 703; rigor uisus multorum adussit pedes, Curt. 7, 3, 13; arbores aduri ferore aut flatu frigidiore, Plin. 17, 210;

3. of other physical damage, (locustae) multa contacta adurentes, Plin. 11, 104; balsaminum adurit, 23, 92; femora atteri adurigne equitatu (chafed), 28, 218; 4. met. quae te cumque donat Venus, Non erubescendis adurit ignibus, Hor. od. 1, 27, 15 (penitus urit of Orelli wrong); 11. 5. part. adustus, sun-burnt, adustus corpora Mauros, Sil. 8, 269; adustioris coloris ut ex recenti uia, Liv. 27, 47, 2; hence lapis colore adusto, as if sunburnt, Plin. 2, 149; 6. in med. of burns, adustus locus, Cels. 5, 27, 13; adustorum curatio, ib.; adusta sanantur cancri cinere, Plin. 32, 119; add 20, 71 etc.

**adustio**, ōnis, f. burning by approach, picis, Plin. 14, 127; aliebris frigore aut adustione factis, 32, 34; 2. a. oculorum, inflammation? Plin. 20, 61; 28, 65.

**adynamum** (not powerful), animum, wine for the sick, Plin. 14, 100.

**adŷtum** (for Latin aditum) [not to be entered] n. innermost shrine, holy of holies, Pergami in oculis templi quo praeter sacerdotes adire fas non est, quae Graeci adita (so mss) appellant, Caes. b. c. 3, 105, 4; adŷtis penetralibus ignem, Verg. 2, 297; 2, 115; 6, 98; noctem adŷti dignam templo, Iuv. 13, 205; 2. of a tomb, Verg. 5, 84; 3. met. Ex adŷto tamquam cordis, Lucr. 1, 737; Masae adŷtis suis Aecium et Vergilium recipere, Colum. 1, pr. 30.

**adŷtus**, ūs, m. the same, pro certo arbitror sortis oracla adŷtus angura, Aec. ap. Non. 488, 2.

**ad-usquē**, prep. + adv. all the—to, of place, all the way to, Menelaus adusque columnas Exsulat, Verg. 11, 262; uia peior adusque Bari moenia, Hor. s. 1, 5, 96; adusque... quae tinguntur India Gange, Ov. M. 4, 20; omne mare ab India adusque (Nommis. om. ad) Gades, Solin. 56, 6;

2. of time, all the time to, adusque Supremum tempus, Hor. s. 1, 1, 97; a. finem diei, Ann. 10, 1, 9; 3. of degree, even to, a. Indubia ebrius, Gell. 15, 2, 2; risu a. intestinorum dolorem reductus, Apul. M. 10, 16; 4. as mere adv. quite, a. deraso capite, ib. 2, 28; a. proxime, Tert. uulg. vel. 3.

**ae** corresponding to Gk. ai. Aeneas, Aeschylus, aether, Phaedrus, diacta; 2. also for older Lat. ai, Romae Romai CIL 59, tabulae tabellae, 190, 30; aedes aedae, 32; aedilis aedilis, 30; quae quai, 108, 34; quaeu quaiatis, 34; Gnaeus Gnauidio, 30; 3. for Gk. η. scena σκηνή, scaeptrum, Varr. 1, 7, 99, p. 372 Sp. σκηνήτρον; 4. a lengthening from ā in imperf. tenses, as cael-o stem cād-, baet-o st. bāt; cf. φαν-ω βαίν-ω fm. φαν βαίν; 5. often written ē in mss, penitit in B L St. 2, 1, 35, but paen. in A; and so by error a mere ē, as penitit Pl. St. 1, 1, 51 in B; And. 3, 2, 20 in Jy; fenus, Pl. Most. 3, 1, 37; 53; 74, 76, 101 in EC; but always faenus in A.

**Aebutius**, il. a Roman gens, (Se)x Poppaei, Sex. f. (Se)j. Aebutius C. f., aediles, CIL 617 (u. c. 703); 2.

as adj. *Aebutia lex* (u.c. 520?), *Cic. agr.* 2, 21; *Gell.* 16, 10, 8.

**aedes** (aedis\*), is, f. [as *eaedes* to cad of *caedo* fell, *caedo* fall, so *aedes* points to a root *ad*, perh. = al of *al* raise, and so gen. a structure—hence] a temple, *Quin in ipsa aede* (so *mss.*, w. a commencing trochee) *dane Dianae condituntur*, *Pl. Bac.* 2, 3, 78; *aedem* *uisere* *Minervae*, 4, 8, 59; *Pone aedem* *Castoris*, *Pl. Cure.* 4, 1, 20; *inter aedem* *sacra* *et inter aedificium* *prinatunt*, *CIL* 206, 29; *ea pars urbis* *iniqua parte* *ae aedis* *sacra* *erit*, 206, 30; *aedem* *Honori* *et* *Virtuti* *victor* *fecit*, *inscr.* *Or.* 543; *a. Honoris*, *Cic. leg.* 2, 58; *Telluris*, *Cic. Q. fr.* 3, 1, 14; *haec ego ludo* *Quae nec in aede sonent* (sc. *Apollinis*), *Hor. s.* 1, 10, 38; *duas aedes*, *de caelo* *stat* (as), *Virg.* 27, 23; *aedes* *duae* *Ioui*, *dedicate* *sunt*, 35, 41, 8; 2. often omitted w. gen. of deity (cf. our phrase: *St. Paul's*), *quemadmodum* *a Vestae*, *ducta* *esses*, *Cic. fam.* 14, 2, 21; *pecunia* *utnam* *ad Opem* *maneret*, *Cic. Ph.* 1, 17; *habebat* *rex* *ad Ionis* *Statoris*, *Liv.* 1, 41, 4; 3. in pl., a house (as containing several rooms), *aedis filius* *Tunus* *emit*, *Pl. Most.* 3, 1, 107; *Ille qui mandavit*, *cum* *exturbasti* *ex aedibus*, *Tr.* 1, 2, 100; *Harum* *quint* *dominus* *aedum?* *Ter. Ph.* 5, 1, 26; *aderit* *una* *in* *uis* (note the word) *aedibus*, *Eun.* 2, 3, 76; *uis* *pars* *aedium* *meorum* *decima* *ad Catuli* *porticum* *accessit*, *Cic. dom.* 116; *magnificentiam* *aedium* *regiarum*, *Cic. Tusc.* 5, 61; *hinas* (contrast this w. *duas* of § 1) *aedes* *habeo*, *altaris* *tibi* *lego*, *Mar.* 8, 2, 10; but *Ulp.* in 8, 4, 6 has twice *duas aedes* incorrectly, twice *bina aedes*; 4. of a tomb, *Hanc aedem* *posuit* *striditque* *noissima* *templi* *Manibus* *et* *cineri*, *inscr.* *Or.* 132; 5. met. *Fac sis* *uocinas*, *Pseudol.* *aedis* *aurum*, *Pl. Ps.* 1, 5, 54; *clausis* *emunctantur* *in aedibus* (sc. *apes*), *Verg. G.* 4, 258; 6. *aedis* *as* *acc. pl.*, *aedisque* *poplicis* *haec* *fecit*, *CIL* 551; add t above.

**aedici-ula**, ae, f. *dim.* a small temple, *aediculam* *et* *bassim* *magistrei* *dant*, *CIL* 1181; *cum* *Licinia* *uirgo* *nestalis* *aran* *et* *aediculam* *et* *pulvinar* *dedicasset*, *Cic. dom.* 136; *aediculam* *Victoriae* *uirginis* *dedicant*, *Liv.* 35, 9, 6; add 35, 41, 10; 2. a niche or recess for a god's statue, *aediculam* *aurum* (Concordiae) *fecit* *in* *Gracostasi*, *Plin.* 33, 19; *Nemesis* *il* *aediculis* *in* *chrisit*, 36, 87; *qui* *aediculas* *in* *ecostoditis* *temptauerunt*, *amplius* *quam* *fures*, *minus* *quam* *sacerdotes* *meruerunt*, *Paul.* *dig.* 48, 13, 11 (9); *aediculae* *in* *quibus* *simulacra* *Claudiae* *Semmes* *in* *formam* *deorum*, *inscr.* *Or.* 445 B; 3. *armarium* *in* *curius* *aedicula* *erant* *Lares* *argentei*, *Petr.* 29; *Eponae* *dane* *simulacrum* *residens* *aediculae*, *Apul. M.* 3, 27; 4. in tombs, a recess for an urn etc., *inscr.* *Fabr.* 3, 68; 5. *aediculae*, pl. a cottage, *Aediculae* *item* *sunt* *ob* *decem* *alias* (oppositae pignori), *Ter. Ph.* 4, 3, 58; *pauper* *fuit*; *habuit* *aediculas* *in* *Carinis*, *Cic. parad.* 50; 6. *aedicula* *sing.* a hut (of one room, for a slave), *In aediculam* *istanc* *seorsum* *concludi* *nolo*, *Pl. Epid.* 3, 3, 21; *aediciula*, *inscr.* *Or.* 1434.

**aedi-fex**, fexis, m. builder, architect, *Ter. idol.* 12. **aedificatio**, -onis, f. building, *Cato* *ap. Gell.* 13, 24 (23) 1; *Cic. Q. fr.* 2, 2, 2; *fam.* 5, 6, 3; *Pis.* 48; *Varr.* r. 1, 1, 13, 6; *Vitr.* 1, 3, 1; 2. met. *Ignitum* *tum* *specimen* *cernitur* *quo* *enemat* *aedificatio* (sc. *boninis*), *Pl. Most.* 1, 2, 51.

**aedificatium-cula**, ae, f. *dim.* building ou a small scale, *Cic. Q. fr.* 3, 1, 5.

**aedificator**, -oris, m. builder, or rather one given to building, *nemo* *illo* *minus* *sit* *aed.*, *Nep. Att.* 13, 1; *elegant* *aedificat* *acriolae*, *nec* *sit* *aedificator*, *Colum.* 1, 4, 8; *Aedificator* *erat* *Cetronius*, *Inv.* 14, 86; *aed.* *Aeneas*, *Flor.* 1, 2 (8), 4; 2. met. *mundi*, *Cic. N. D.* 21; *Tim.* 2.

**aedificator-ius**, adj. of a builder, met. *Tert. carn.* *Cb.* 17; *anim.* 47.

**aedificialis**, e, adj. of a building, *Ionis* (as guardian of), *Diety* 5, 12.

**aedifici-olium**, i, n. *dim.* a small building, *inscr.* *Mur.* 1013, 5; 1430, 6.

**aedificium**, ii, n. [aedificio] a building, more general than *aedes*, *ager* *locus* *aedificium*, *CIL* 206, 7 and 8; *quae* *agri* *quae* *loca* *aedificia*, 204, 1, 12; *add* *Pl. Most.* 1, 2, 37; *extrinse* *in* *alieno*, *Cic. Mil.* 74; *quid* *sic* *camentum* *bonum* *nou* *haberem*, *deturbat* *rem* *aed.*, *Cic. Q. fr.* 3, 9, 7; *domum*

*cuius* *amoenitas* *nou* *aedificio* *sed* *silua* *constabat*, *Nep. Att.* 13, 2; *aedes* *aedificiaque*, *Liv.* 38, 38, 11; *uillis* *et* *aedificiis* *et* *monumentis*, *Marci.* *dig.* 1, 8, 4.

**aedificio**, -onis, v. b. [aedifex] to build the builder, met. *Ecce* *autem* *aedificat*, *columann* *mento* *suffigit* *suo*, *Pl. Mil.* 2, 2, 54; *tribus* *locis* *aedificio*, *Cic. Q. fr.* 2, 6, 3; *Caes.* *b. g.* 6, 22, 3; *Hor.* s. 2, 3, 308; *ep.* 1, 1, 100; 2. build, w. acc. *naum*, *Pl. Merc.* *pr.* 86; *aedis*, *Most.* 1, 2, 36; *gynaecium*, 3, 2, 68; *aedis*, *CIL* 206, 58; *Quas* *ob* *res* *hoc* *monumentum* *aedificauit* (pater), 1008, 18; *classes*, *Cic. Man.* 9; *hortos*, *Cic. Att.* 9, 13 f.; *casas*, *Hor.* s. 2, 3, 247; 3. met. *mundum*, *Cic. Tusc.* 1, 63; *rem* *publicam*, *Cic. fam.* 9, 2, 5; 4. build upon? *si* *insulam* *aedificauerim* (but *inaed?*), *Paul.* *dig.* 41, 1, 29, 4; 5. but admissible in part. *aedificatus* *built* *upon*, *sive* *uacuis* *sit* *locus* *sive* *aedificatus*, *Ulp.* 39, 1, 20, 2.

**aedil-atus**, us, m. office of aedile, aedilesbip, *Paul.* *ex* *F.* 13.

**aedilicius**, adj. of an aedile, *Enguae*, *edictiones* *aedilicias* *hic* *quidem* *habet*, *Pl. Capt.* 4, 2, 43; *munus*, *Cic. off.* 2, 57; *scriba*, *Cic. Cha.* 126; *aed.* *praetextam* *togam*, *Cic. Vat.* 16; *repulsam* (as a candidate for the office), *Plane* 51; *edictum*, *dig.* 21, 1, tit.; 2. aedilicius (uir), one who has been aedile, *aed.* *est* *mortuus*, *Cic. Br.* 109; *Vat.* 16.

**aedilis** (older aed-), adj. as sb. m. [aedes] an aedile, charged with care of buildings, esp. public b., markets, and gen. of internal police, *consol* *ensor* *aedilis* *qui* *uit*, *CIL* 30; *dic.* *cos.* *pr.* *mag.* *ep.* *cens.* *ad.* *tr.* *pl.* *q.* 197, 15; *Apud* *aedilem* *pro* *cuius* *factis* *plurimisque* *pessumisque* *Dixi* *cansum*, *Pl. Men.* 4, 2, 22; *Vapularis* *meo* *abitrato* *et* *nonorum* *aedilium*, *Tr.* 4, 2, 148; *mures* *Africanos* *praedicat* *In* *pompam* *ludis* (at the games) *dare* *se* *uelle* *aedilibus* (to the aediles), *Poen.* 5, 2, 52; *acta* *Iudis* *Romanis* *M.* *Iunio* *Lucio* *Iulio* *aedilib.* *enrulis*, *Ter. Eun.* tit.; *add* *Hant.* *tit.* etc.; *aetris* *sumus* *Menandri* *Eunuchum*, *postquam* *aediles* *emurant*, *Eun.* *pr.* 20; *suntu* *aediles* *curatores* *urbis* *annonae* *ludorumque* *sollemnium*, *ollisque* *ad* *honoris* *amplioris* *gradum* *is* *primus* *adscensus* *est*, *ap.* *Cic. leg.* 3, 7; *nunc* *sua* *designatus* *aedilis*, *Cic. Ter.* 2, 5, 36; *reuerantibus* *il* *munus* (at *Iudi* *maxim*) *erent* *aedilibus* *plebis*, *factum* *S. C.* *ut* *duo* *uiros* *aediles* *ex* *patribus* *dictator* *populum* *rogaret*, *Liv.* 6, 42, 14; (cf. *Ter.* 7, 1, 1); 5. aedile as abl. rather than aedilis, *says* *Chor.* 120, 17, *quoting* *Rutil.* *and* *Varr.*; *add* *Cic. Sest.* 95; *Liv.* 3, 31, 5; but in *Tac.* *an.* 12, 64 *Halim* *has* *aedili*. [This article was not finished.]

**aedilitas**, atis, f. aedilesbip, *Pl. St.* 2, 2, 29; *Cic. Chu.* 69; *off.* 2, 57 and 58; *pl.* *aedilitatum*, *ib.* 57.

**aedi-tua**, ae, f. [cf. *aedutimus*] a temple-warden, *Doridi* *Asinii* *Galli* *aedutinae* *a* *Diana*, *inscr.* *Or.* 2444; 2. met. *eius* *templi* *aedutia* *puclitia* *est*, *Tert. cult.* *fem.* 1.

**aedutialis**, adj. [aedutius or -a] of a temple-warden, *lex*, *Tert. pud.* 16.

**aedi-tuens**, tis, quasi-part. as sb. churchwarden, *Hospitibus* *loca* *quae* *complant* *aedutientes*, *Lucr.* 6, 1275.

**aeditumor**, -oris, v. b. r. [aeditumus] act as or be temple-warden, *Qui* *postquam* *tibi* *appareo* *atque* *aeditumor* *in* *templo* *tuo*, *Pomp.* *ap. Gell.* 12, 10, 7; but *Non.* p. 75 *has* *aeditores* *here*; 2. aedituo, are? *aedituauit* *a* *Ligorian* *forgery*, *inscr.* *Or.* 2447.

**aeditus**, see *aeditumus*.

**aedi-tum-us**, (-tunus or -timus) or *aedi-tu-us*, i, m. [implies an old vb. *tum-cor*=*tu-eor*; cf. *aedutients* and *cor-tum-to*] temple-warden, a quo (sc. *tu*) *erit* *quidam* *dicunt* *illum* *qui* *curat* *aedes* *sacras*, *aeditum*, *nou* *aeditomum* (so *F.* *Havn.* *al.* *unum*), *Varr.* 1, 7, 2, p. 298 Sp.; *Varro* *aeditumum* *dicti* *oportere* *constat*, *magnis* *quam* *aeditumum* *quod* *alterum* *sit* *recenti* *enonate* *dictum*, *alterum* *antiqua* *origine* *in* *corruptum*, *Gell.* 12, 10, 4, where *G.* *add*: *ea* *forma* *dictum* *qua* *finitimus* *et* *legitimus* *est*; *ab* *aedito* *ut* *dicere* *uiderimus* *a* *patribus* *nostris*, *ut* *corriguntur* *a* *recentibus* *urbicis* *ab* *aedutis*, *Varr.* r. 1, 2, 1; *libertus* *aeditum*, 1, 69, 2; *Seruius* *putat*, *in* *finiitum* *legitimum* *nou* *plus* *in* *esse* *tinum* *quam* *in* *meditullio* *Tullium*, *Cic. top.* 36; *Aedutium* (-tunum?) *faunum* *aperire*, *Pl. Cure.*

1, 3, 4S: fores aedis effringunt: aeditui (so Gell. il., ass now aeditui) mature sentunt, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 96; corruptis aeditui duobus (of the temple of Libertas), Liv. 25, 7, 13; praetor edixit ut aeditui aedes sacras tota urbe aperirent, 30, 17, 6; aeditui Veneris, inscr. Or. 2445; aeditui aedis Neptuni, 32; aeditui (sic) templi dii Aug., 2446; aeditui ab Concordia, 2442; aeditui Vs (sic) Capitoli, 2850; aeditui Dianae Plancianae, 2850; aeditui aedis Concordiae, 4369; Suet. Dom. 1; 2. met. in flattery, est operae pretium cognoscere quales Aeditui habebat bellis spectata domum Virtus (sc. Augusti), Hor. ep. 2, 1, 230; se esse velut aeditum soli quod priusimum D. Augustus nascent attingisset, Suet. Aug. 5; 3. as having deeds deposited with him, si custodiam tabularum aed. suscepit, Ulp. dig. 43, 5, 3, 3; aeditum in his quae ei tradita sunt peculatum non admittit, Paul. 48, 13, 9, 2; 31, 77, 26.

**aeger**, gra, grum, adj. [ag of aeger perh. = E. ache] painful, dolores, Lucr. 3, 918; luctus, 3, 946; Ov. M. 2, 329; mors, Verg. G. 3, 512; noctes, Sil. 7, 305; gen. of health, ill, sickly, suffering from disease, (pharmacopolae) uerba audiuntur, uerum se nemo committit (ei), si aeger est, Cato ap. Gell. 1, 15, 9; Puerperio ego nunc me esse aegrum adsimulo, Pl. Truc. 2, 5, 17; add 2, 6, 19; ita grauius aegrum ut omnes medici diffident, Cic. div. 1, 53; homines aegri morbo graui, Cic. Cat. 1, 31; ex uulnere, Cic. rep. 2, 38; Liv. 26, 8, 9; pedibus, Sal. Cat. 59, 4; sues, Verg. G. 3, 496; D. M. Sextorio Aug. lib. ab aegris cubiculari(um), physician, inscr. Or. 2886; 2. met. of the mind, sick, a morbo ualui, ab animo aeger fui, Pl. Epid. 1, 2, 26; Medea animo aegro, poet. ap. Cic. Cael. 18; animus ab anaritia, Sal. Jug. 29, 1; amore, Liv. 30, 11, 3; 3. met. of things personified, aegrum et prope depositam rei publicae partem, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 5; senaper aegri aliquid esse in re publica uolunt, Liv. 5, 3, 6; quum utrumque pro remedio aegris rebus discordia petissent, 9, 20, 5; inter male parentes et iniuste imperantes aegra nunciipia, Tac. Agr. 32; molem aegrum (of a rickety bridge), Stat. Th. 10, 86S; 4. and of abstract bleas, sickly, weak, spes, Sil. 9, 543; fides, 2, 392; II 5. constr. w. gen. consilii aeg., Sal. ap. Arus; Stat. Th. 11, 141; animi, Liv. 30, 15, 9; timoris, Sil. 3, 72; delicti, 13, 52; rerum temere motarum, Flor. 2, 5 (3, 17); 9. 6. as sb. part of mind, trouble, Plus aegri ex abita uiri quam ex aduentu uoluptatis equi, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 9; 7. comp. Nam nunquam quicquam meo animo fuit aegrius, 3, 2, 29; sup. Psyche aegerrimam, Apul. M. G. 13; 8. adv. aegre, painfully, with pain, teipimam me, ne aegre quicquam ex me audias, Ter. Hec. 5, 1, 39; nihil mihi melius (Throne); itaque aegre aegre, Cic. Att. 7, 2, 3; 9. esp. w. vb. of bearing, ferre, Pl. Capt. 1, 2, 69; Cic. Tusc. 4, 59; Ter. Haut. 5, 2, 5; 10. w. esse, be painful, Nescio quid meo animo aegre pater, Pl. Merc. 2, 3, 35; add Ter. Tr. 4, 3, 79; Ter. Ph. 1, 3, 7; 11. w. habeo, take to heart, si alibi Plin. perdidit, minus aegre habeam, Pl. Bac. 5, 1, 17; Liv. 7, 5, 7; 12. w. facio, cause pain, make things uncomfortable, Voluit facere contra hunc aegre, Ter. Eun. 4, 1, 10; but not Pl. Cas. 3, 4, 17 as Bentl. says, ad Eun. 5, 5, 31; 13. hence w. difficulty, Atque aegre impetranti, Pl. Bac. 4, 4, 40; qui quod edit... aegre inuenit, Pl. Capt. 3, 1, 1; omnis conglutinatione reos aegre, intertuta facile dinellitur, Cic. sen. 72; quod ipsi diuclius xx aegerrime\* confecerat, Caes. b. g. 1, 13, 2; omne bellum sumi facile, aegerrime\* desinere, Sal. Ing. 83, 1; non aegre (= facile) ad sedem perducitur examibus, Colum. 9, 8, 9; 14. comp. ne quo ab caueas aegrius, Pl. As. 1, 1, 106; superl. \* above.

**aegriolium**, ii, n. lachrymal fistula, Plin. 23, 158; 22, 54 etc.

**aegilops**, ὄπρις [αἰγίωψ] f. a kind of oak with sweet fruit, Plin. 16, 22 and 33; 2. a weed, wild oats, 18, 155; 25, 146; 26, 130; 3. disease of the eye, = aegilopium, Plin. 25, 146; 35, 34; cf. Cels. 7, 7, 7; 4. for gend, and qty of, ad maturandas aegilops, Pl. Valer. 1, 23; (mahua) Aegilops pellit succoque medebitur eius, Aem. Mac.

**aegris**, idis, f. a goatskin as that of Amalthea, serving as a shield for Iuppiter, Hyg. astr. 2, 13; Credunt se uidisse Iouem cum saepe nigrament Aegrida couceter

dextra nimbosque cieret, Verg. S. 354; add Sil. 12, 720; 2. more commonly of the shield of Pallas w. its head of Medusa, Aegridaque horribica, turbatae Palladis arma, Verg. S. 435; add Hor. od. 3, 4, 57; Ov. M. 2, 755; 5, 46; 6, 79; 3. met. of jewels etc., Decipit hae oculos aegride duos amor, Ov. rem. am. 346; 4. some in this sense derive aegris from αἰσρος, as signifying a storm; II 5. in the larch (larix femina) the wood next the pith, Plin. 16, 187.

**aegri-sonus**, adj. sounding with the Aegis-shield, Val. F. 3, 88.

**aegithus** [αἰγίθιος, αἰγίθιος and αἰγίθιος] m. a small bird of the hawk kind, Plin. 21, 21; auis minima, 10, 204 and 205.

**aegro-céphalus**, m. [goat-headed] an unknown bird, Plin. 11, 204.

**aegro-cēras**, ātis, n. [goat-horned] the plant fenugreek, Plin. 24, 184.

**aegro-cēros**, ōtis, adj. goat-horned, = Capricornus of the zodiac, Lucr. 5, 615; Germ. Arat. 286; Lucr. 9, 537; 2. aegrocera as an acc. Lucr. 10, 213; aegoceri as gen. Ventre sub aegoceri, Germ. 381.

**aeg-olēthron**, n. [αἰγολέθρον] goat-lane, a plant of Pontus, prob. azalea Pontica, Plin. 21, 74.

**aegolios**, m. a kind of bird, Plin. 10, 165.

**aeg-opthalmos**, m. [goat's-eye] a jewel, Plin. 37, 187. **aegrē**, see aeger.

**aegreo**, ēre, vb. be sick, suffer from disease, ail, Lucr. 3, 106; 3, 824; Prisc. 430, 25 K.

**aegr-cēro**, ēre, vb. become sick or ill, morbis aegrescimus, Lucr. 5, 349; (corui) aegrescent siti, Plin. 10, 32; 2. met. worry oneself, be vexed, Verg. 12, 46; Tac. an. 15, 25 f.; Stat. Th. 1, 400; 2, 18; 12, 194; Sil. S. 213.

**Aegriulus**, adj. doubl. dim. a cognomen, C. Antonius C. f. Ouf. Aegriulus, inscr. Grut. 521, 4.

**aegri-mōnia**, ae, f. sickness of mind, vexation. Olim quos abiens affuit aegrimonia, Pl. St. 3, 1, 5; Saltem tantisper dum abscedit haec a aegrimonia, Rud. 4, 4, 149; add Cic. Att. 12, 38, 2; Hor. epod. 13 f.; 17, 73; Plin. 28, 103.

**aegritudo**, inis, f. sickness, illness, disease, agnis aegritudine affectis, Colum. 7, 5, 20; si ea res aegritudinem non depellit, uendenda sunt pecora, 7, 7, 2; aegritudine fessus, siue multatio morbo, Tac. an. 2, 29; add 2, 69; (elephantes) fessi aegritudine, Plin. 8, 3; 2. even of trees, Plin. 17, 223; 3. vexation, worry, grief, Cura miseria aegritudo lacrimae lamentatio, Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 29; Tanto mihi aegritudo antior est in animo, Capt. 4, 2, 2 etc.; si nulla aegritudo huic gaudio interesseret, Ter. Andr. 5, 5, 5; Matrem ipsam ex aegritudine hinc (at the failure to find Chremes) miseram mors consecutast, Ph. 5, 1, 22 etc.; misericordia ae. est ex alteris rebus aduersis... incidentia ae. est ex alteris rebus secundis, Cic. Tusc. 3, 21; aegritudines\* anxias atque acerbas, 4, 34; but see 4, 18 for much more; iri egressus in aliis artibus animis mollior aegritudinem pati, Sal. Jug. 83, 2; 4. pl. in Pl. St. 4, 1, 21; Ter. Haut. 3, 2, 28; Cic. \* above.

**aegr-or**, oris, m. [aegr-esco] sickness, illness, disease, uenit... pluris balantibus aegror, Lucr. 6, 1132; some wd read aegroris in 6, 1250; 2. grief, vexation, if Lachmann's ej. be right in: corpus meum maerore aegrorre (siss errore) maerore senet, Pac. ap. Non. 1, 137; Persuasit maeror auxilium aegror (siss error) dolor, Ace. ap. Non. 72, 30.

**aegrōtatio**, ōnis, f. sickness, illness, disease, ut aegrotatio in corpore, sic aegritudo in animo nomen habet non setinetum a dolore, Cic. Tusc. 3, 23; morbi aegrotationesque, 4, 63; morbum totius corporis corruptionem, aegrotationem morbum cum imbecillitate, 4, 29; 2. of the mind, 3, 8; 4, 79; 3. of trees, Plin. 17, 231.

**aegrōticius**, adj. Not. Tir. p. 134.

**aegrōto**, āre, vb. [aegrotus] play the sick man, be sick or ill, suffer from disease, Nam equidem, postquam gnatus sum nunquam aegrotati unum diem, Pl. Men. 5, 5, 56; add Cure. 4, 3, 22; Rud. 2, 7, 24; hominis quotannis periculose aegrotantis, Cic. Att. 8, 2, 3; cum grauius aegrotaret, Cic. Tusc. 1, 86 etc.; 2. of trees etc., Plin.

17, 226; poma, 17, 228; **3.** met. of the mind (mores boni), Pl. Tr. 1, 1, 30; artes antiquae tuae, 1, 2, 72; ea res ex qua animus aegrotat, Cic. Tusc. 4, 79; fama, Lucr. 4, 1124; quo me Aegrotare putes animi uitio, Hor. s. 2, 3, 307.

**aegrotus**, part. as adj. [impl.] a vb. aegro-o from aeger, like ἀσθεν- from ἀσθεν- sick, ill. Odiosus (medicus) nix ab aegrotis (his patients) venit, Pl. Men. 5, 3, 3; Facile omnes cum ualeamus recta conuicia aegrotis damus, Ter. Andr. 2, 1, 9; cum ad eum aegrotum Neapolim uenissim, Cic. fam. 9, 14, 3; aegroti dum anima est, spes esse dicitur, Cic. Att. 9, 10, 3; **2.** met. Vt te uidere, andireque aegroti sent, Pl. Tr. 1, 2, 39; Ipsam ueniam aegrotum ad deterioriorem partem plerumque adplicat, Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 22; add 3, 3, 27; Hant. 1, 1, 48; aegrotat ac prope desperat rei publicae, Cic. Caecil. 70.

**Aelianus**, adj. of Aelius, oratimennae, Cic. Br. 207, Aeliana n. pl., what Aelius dealt in, antiquities, Cic. de or. 1, 103; by a happy c. of Henrichsen for aliena of ass; **2.** as marking the family whence adopted, Heruli Aelianus sacrum, inscr. Or. 1532; i.e. the Emperor Hadrian, whose name was L. Aelius; imp. Caesaris Hadriani Aug. n. collig. (sic) Aelianorum, ib. 5016; Aemilius Aelianus, Suet. Aug. 51.

**Aelius**, adj. or sb. m. name of a plebeian gens, Q. Aelius Tubero, CIL 7093; in Sex. Aedii commentariis, Cic. Or. 1, 246; L. Aelius Caesar (i.e. Hadrianus), inscr. Or. 1104 etc.; **2.** lex Aelia de comitiis (u. c. 590), Cic. Sest. 33; Vat. 23; **3.** lex Aelia Sentia de manumissis (u. c. c. 575), Ulp. dig. 40, 1, 12; Paul. 40, 2, 15.

**aélurus**, i, m. [αἰλ-ουρος wave-tail] a cat, Gell. 20, 8, 6.

**aemidum**, tumidum, Paul. ex F. 24.

**Aemilianus**, adj. of Aemilius, Aemiliana n. pl. (se. aedificia or praedia, a district of Rome near the Campus Martius, qui habitant in Aemilianis, Varr. r. 3, 2, 6; praediis A., Tac. an. 15, 40; quum Aemiliana arderent, Suet. Claud. 18; **2.** Vicius Aem., a street in Rome, S. Ruf. ref. urb.; **3.** as marking the family whence adopted, P. Scipio Aemilianus (by birth Aemilius), Vell. 1, 12, 3; add Liv. 8, 3.

**Aemilius** (Aim.), adj. or sb. m. name of a gens, Quirino L. Aemilius L. f. praetor, CIL 630; L. Aemilius L. f. Paulum, Liv. 43, 2, 5; **2.** Aem. tribus, one of the rustic tribes, Cic. Att. 2, 14, 2; Liv. 38, 36, 9; Q. Muticillo Q. f. Aem. inscr. Or. 3703; L. Statilio L. f. Aem. Sulpicium, 4027; **3.** Aem. via, a road made by M. Aemilius Lepidus (u. c. c. 567) fin. Placentia to Ariminum, cf. Liv. 39, 2, 10; **4.** another by M. Aemilius Scaurus fin. Bononia to Bertona, Strab. 5; **5.** a third fin. Ariminum to Aquileia, in ipsa Aemilia diu pugnantum est (near Forum Gallorum), Galb. ad Cic. fam. 10, 30, 4; si ueneris unde requirit, Aemiliae dires de regione tuae (near F. Corneli), Mart. 3, 4, 2; ib. 6, 85, 6; **6.** Aem. pons, built by M. Aemil. Scaurus, Liv. 6, 32; **7.** ratis, of L. Aemil. Paulus, Prop. 3, 3, 8.

**6.** ludus, a gladiatorial school near the Forum Rom., founded by L. Aemil. Lepidus, Hor. ep. 2, 3, 32; Victor, reg. viii.

**aemobolium**, ii, n. an offering of blood(?) inscr. Or. 2334.

**aemula**, see aemulus.

**aemulamentum**, i, n. rivalry, Tert. Marc. 4, 10 (with a!).

**aemulatio**, onis, f. rivalry, emulation in good and bad sense, aem. dupliciter dicitur ut et in laude et in uitio nomen sit, Cic. Tusc. 4, 17; illa uitiosa aem. quae rivalitatis similis est, 4, 56; laudis, Nep. Att. 5, 4; naturae, Plin. 25, 8; Nec laeae inuidia verum (neae?) est aemulatio, Placdr. 2, 9, 7.

**aemulátor**, óris, m. one who strives to imitate, imitator, (id.) Catoni et eius aemulatio attribuitur, Cic. Att. 2, 1, 10; amicus aem. d. i. Sen. ep. 124, 23; whence

**aemulátor-ix**, icis, f. the same, Cassiod. var. 7, 5.

**aemulátus**, ūs, n. rivalry, ne in urbe aemulátus ageret, Tac. an. 13, 40; but in h. 3, 66 extinctio aemulatore.

**aemulatio**, are, vb. emulate, patris tui uirtutes, Apul. M. 1, 23.

**aemulor**, ári, vb. play the rival (whether in good or evil). Quoniam aemulari non licet, tunc inuides, Pl. Mil. 3, 2, 34; (pueri) positus inuicem quaestionibus aemularum, Quint. 1, 3, 11; qui inuidebant qui aemulabantur, 12, 10, 13; uirtus aemularum, Tac. an. 12, 64; **2.** w. dat. quod his (so ass) aemulorum qui ea habent quae nos habere cupimus, Cic. Tusc. 1, 44; oblectare alteri aut uirtuosum aemulatione... aemulari, 4, 56; consummati patroni ueteribus aemularum, Quint. 10, 1, 122; feruntur haec pomis recentibus aemulari, Pall. 4, 10, 8; **3.** w. cum, ne mecum aemuletur, Liv. 28, 43, 4; **4.** w. inter se, aemulantiū inter se regum paratis, Tac. h. 2, 8, 1; **5.** w. ace. of person or thing, rival, emulate, imitate, ut omnes eius instituta laudare facilius possint quam aemulari, Cic. Fl. 64; Pindarum, Hor. od. 4, 2, 1; inuenit aemulantiū studia (of Pythagoras), Liv. 1, 28, 2; Ritualem possum non ego ferre Iouem; Ipse meos solus, quod nil est, aemulor (regard w. jealousy) umbras, Prop. 2, 34, 19; Album uinum (so A. al. Albano uino), Plin. 14, 30; seneritatem imperatorum, Tac. h. 2, 68; placita Stoicorum, 3, 81; uirtutem maiorum, Tac. Agr. 15; Homerum, Quint. 10, 1, 62; Politionem, 10, 2, 17; **6.** w. inf. municipia aemulabantur corruptissimum quemque inducere, Tac. h. 2, 62 f.; acclamationes, Plin. pan. 3; **7.** part. aemulus, whence adv. aemulante, emulansly.

**aemulus**, adj. [simples a vb., perh. akin to á of ἀμύλλω and so to ἀμα. E. same, L. sim-ulis simia and even imitor; also to áhm of G. nach-ahmen (Kürcher, Diurn. Sch.) and to álle] as sb. rival (in good or evil—often w. envy), jealous rival, sed uide expeto te. Mihi's aemula, Pl. Rud. 1, 4, 20; Vel quod propinquum ubi quod uirtute aemulus, poet. ap. Corn. 2, 42; Miles nero sibi putare adductum ante oculos aemulum, Ter. Eun. 4, 1, 9; si tantum aemulum remonisset, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 82; dum...cantu uocat in certamina diuos, Aemulus exceptum Triton...immererat unda, Verg. 6, 173; aemulos reges, Hor. od. 3, 16, 14; Et si nulla subest aemula, languet amor, Ov. a. 2, 436; **2.** w. gen. or dat. of pers., see Pl. above; lenonum aemulos lanios, Pl. Ps. 1, 2, 62; Aemulus Ascreae...poetae, Verg. eul. 96; Platonis, Quint. 10, 1, 123; Ciceronis, 11, 3, 8; Britannici, Suet. Ner. 6; **3.** w. gen. of the qualities about which, (Zenonis) inuentorum aemuli Stoici, Cic. Mur. 61; meorum laudum, Cic. Ph. 2, 28; Hannibal hic aem. iterum Hercules, Liv. 21, 41, 7; **4.** of things, Tmazonis aemula lingua, Hor. ep. 1, 19, 15; Tibia...tubae aemula, 2, 3, 203; sanctus, Verg. 5, 416; sidus Veneris...aemulum solis lucaeque, Plin. 2, 30; (muscetas) aemulus murenis, 6, 63; feneis...piris magnitudine aemula, 15, 68.

**aeneátor**, óris, m. [impl. perh. a vb. aenea-re] trumpeter, Sen. ep. 44, 10; Suet. Caes. 32; Paul. ex F. (al. aenatores); collegia aeneator, inscr. Or. 4059; legionis vir, ib. 1887.

**aeneolus**, adj. dim. of bronze, piscatores—little bronze figures, Petr. 73; add Paul. ex F. 28.

**aeneus**, or aeneus (or alicueus), adj. (aes acris) of bronze, bronzen, equum, Cic. off. 3, 38; statua, Cic. Ph. 9, 13; candelabra, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 60; libra, Varr. 1, 9, 49; aeneus ut stes, Hor. s. 2, 3, 183; murras aeneus, Hor. od. 3, 3, 65; sub iuga aenea, 1, 33, 11; iugo cogit aeneo, 3, 9, 18; Theca testus aenea, Mart. 11, 75, 1; naui aenea, Serv. ad A. 8, 300; tilium, Plin. 7, 201; **2.** the colour of bronze, barbam, Suet. Ner. 2; **3.** aeneus as sb. n. a bronze cauldron, lento imi in aeneo subfuefactis, Plin. 29, 35.

**aenigma**, átis, n. a riddle, quod Graeci dicunt aenigma, hoc genus quidam...scipos appellauerunt, Gell. 12, 6, 1, who then gives one; Quint. 6, 3, 51, w. a second; Char. 276, 16 K, w. a third; Dion. 450, 25, w. a fourth; **2.** met. aenigma Oppiorum...non intellego, Cic. Att. 7, 13, 1; aenigmata somniorum, Cic. div. 2, 132; legum, Liv. 8, 50; **3.** aenigmatas as dat. or abl. pl., Varr. ap. Char. 123, 3.

**aenigmátista**, or -es, ae, m. one who sets riddles, Sid. ep. 8, 6; Aug. Q. Num. 4, 45.

**aenigáti**, pēdis, adj. bronze-footed, bones, Ov. her. 6, 32.

**aenitologium**, an error for Enconitologium, ap. Serv. de C. metris, 1825 P. 466\* 11 K.

**Aeno-barbus**, see *Alenobarbus*.

**aenialum**, adj. n. dim. as sb., nas ex aere parvum, Paul. ex Fr. 28.

**aenum**, see *abennum*.

**aequāb-ilis**, e. adj. [aequāb-, older form of vb. aequa-] adj. on a level, well balanced, as met. Vis hostilis cum istoc fecit meas opes aequabilis, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 52; omnes (munid) partes undique aequabiles, Cic. N. D. 2, 116;

2. esp. equally distributed, equable, equal, fair, aequabilem praedae partitionem, Cic. off. 2, 40; ius, Cic. inv. 1, 2; nihil ex iuris dictione aequabilis, Cic. Att. 5, 20, 1; in distributione aequabilis sumptus, Cic. Fl. 32; par quod in omnes aequabile est, Cic. inv. 2, 68; so *ισομετρικῶς* aequabilem tributionem, Cic. N. D. 1, 50; Caec. 70; mixtura aequabili nitiorum atque nitutum, Suet. Dom. 3;

3. hence, steady, uniform, equable, continuous, motu certo et aequabili, Cic. N. D. 2, 23; habitus corporis, Cic. fin. 5, 36; amnis, Cic. rep. 2, 10; tractu orationis, Cic. or. 2, 54; add 64; pulcrem, Sal. Jug. 53, 1; fama, 43, 1; uer, Lact. 2, 11, 2; urium aequabilior<sup>8</sup> firmitas, Sen. ep. 74, 15;

4. comp. s. \*; 5. aequabiliter, equably, uniformly, steadily, Cato r. 103 (104); Cic. off. 2, 40; N. D. 2, 116; or, 2, 218; ad Q. fr. 1, 1, 25; Varr. r. 1, 6, 6; aequabilibus<sup>9</sup>, Sal. Cat. 2, 3; Tac. an. 15, 21 (dub.).

**aequābilitas**, atis, f. equal distribution, uniformity, motus, Cic. N. D. 2, 15; nitae, Cic. off. 1, 111; add 99; iuris, 1, 88; of oratory, Cic. or. 53; 2. absol. impartiality, quid cum fide, quid cum aequabilitate gesserit, Cic. or. 2, 345; ipsa ae. est iniqua, cum habet nullos gradus dignitatis, Cic. rep. 1, 43; 3. note: aequitatem se cum ceteris coaequantidi Cicero aequabilitatem vocat, Lact. 5, 14.

**aequābilitas**, see *aequalitas*.

**aequ-aetus**, a, um, adj. [aenom] of equal age, Verg. 2, 561; 5, 452; Sen. Ag. 673; 2. lotos aequaeva urbi, Plin. 16, 230; uemus, Claud. epigr. 2, 10 etc.

1 **aequā-lis**, e. adj. [aenom]; for u et qf. nino uixi; for suff. li cf. tali-s, G. so-lijch-er like this; also rinalis tribu-lis of the same stream or tribe; and our like] of like age, of the same age, oft. w. dat. Qui? Quia aequalem et sodalem liberum ciuem emens, Pl. Merc. 3, 4, 27; Virgines aequales necore, Enn. tr. 81 v; amicum aequalem atque hospitem Cotidianum, Afran. 368 R; haec sacra aequalia urbi, quaedam metnora origine mbris—as old as—Liv. 5, 52, 7; ne istuc Iuppiter sirit urbem in aeternum conditam huic fragili corpori aequalem esse—to live no longer than—28, 28, 11; add 30, 28, 5; At choris aequalis Dryadum, Verg. G. 4, 460; aequalis comitatus classe ceteras, A. 10, 194;

2. w. abstract nouns, cuius benivolentia in populum R. est ipsius aequalis aetati, Cic. Ph. 11, 33; in memoriam notam et aequalem incurro, Cic. Br. 244; fuit cum ea [loto] expressus aequalis, Plin. 16, 236;

3. as sb. one of the same age, a young or old friend, as may be, often w. a gen. or poss. pr., Adulescenti amico atque aequali meo, Pl. Tr. 2, 44; 1, 2, 10; Tristis est cum Chaeribulo incedit aequali suo, Pl. Epid. 1, 1, 92; uunc credo inter suas Aequalis et cognatas sermonem serit, Caecil. 152 R; Quem inquit uocabo ad cenam meorum aequalium, Ter. Andr. 2, 6, 24; Eun. 2, 3, 36; Hant. 3, 1, 8; Afran. 256 R; Pacuv. 114 and 166; Omnis aequalis uincibat quingertio, ap. Fest. v. quing.; sacrificium aequale linis urbis (=o Bat. v. mss; al. huic urbi), Cic. Har. 37; quae nō non modo senior est quam actas populum sed aequalis...dei, Cic. leg. 2, 9;

Orbius mens fere aequalis, Cic. Br. 179; cur neque militaris Inter aequalis equitat? Hor. od. 1, 8, 6; epod. 12, 22; Iulium Secundum aequalem meum, Quint. 10, 13, 12;

4. fm actas an historical period or age, first as adj. w. dat., of the same age, contemporary, cui cum (al. si) aequalis fuerit Linus, Cic. Br. 73; nec quisquam aequalis temporibus illis scriptor exstat, Liv. 8, 40 f; Aristides aequalis fuit Themistocli, ps. Nep. Ar. 1, 1; 5. as sb. a contemporary, Philistum aequalem temporum illorum, Cic. div. 1, 39; aequalibus suis omnibus praestitit, Cic. Br. 177; eminare inter aequalis Trachalms uidebatur.

2 **aequalis**, e. adj. [shorter form of aequāb-ilis, fm aequāre] well-balanced, Principio terram ne nou aequalis ab omni Parte foret, magni speciem glomeravit in orbis, Ov. M.

1, 34; ceteris membris aequalis et congruus, Suet. Tib. 68; and of orat., membris aequalibus quod *ισομετρικῶς* dicitur, Quint. 9, 3, 80; 2. level, flat, per loca aequalia et nuda pignitum, Sal. Jug. 79, 6; montem aequali dorso continuum, Tac. an. 4, 47; gentes sine naribus aequali totius oris planitie, Plin. 6, 187; 3. met. on a level (with), qui paupertatem cum diuitiis esse aequalem uelimus, Cic. leg. 2, 55; gloria tua cum multis uiris fortibus aequalis est, ps. Sal. ad Caes. 2, 13, 5; excellens ac sibi aequalis, Plin. 53, 128;

4. equable, uniform, steady, invariable, first phys., imber primo largioris procellae, leuitior deinde aequaliorque accidens auribus, Liv. 24, 46, 5; fauonius lenis aequalisque, Colum. 2, 20 (21); 5. of abstr. mns., Nil aequale homini fuit illi, Hor. s. 1, 3, 9; mediocritas, Quint. 10, 1, 54; of oratory, id aequalius erit, non tumultuosius atque turbidius, 3, 8, 60; in Ov. M. 11, 464 Aequalis lectu scindunt freta, rowers keeping time together;

6. gen. equal, ut necesse sit partem pedis aut aequalem esse alteri parti aut altero tanto aut aequi esse maiorem, Cic. or. 188; 7. met. casque (sc. uirtutes) esse inter se aequales et pares, Cic. or. 1, 83; add 3, 55; quae ex eo peccata nascuntur aequalia sint oportet, Cic. parat. 20, 3;

8. equal in rank, ut si quis maior uel aequalis subiciat se iurisdictioni alterius, possit ei et aduersus eum ius dici, Ulp. dig. 2, 1, 14; 11 9. as sb. w. gen., an equal or equivalent, ceticus et eius aequalis paeon, Cic. or. 215; 11 10. aequaliter, adv. equably, equally, uniformly, collis ab summo ae. declinis, Caes. b. g. 2, 18, 1; 11. met. ae. constanterque ingrediens oratio, Cic. or. 108; frumentum ae. distributum, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 163; add am. 56; acad. pr. 2, 36; Colum. arb. 4, 1; Quint. 3, 8, 60; 3, 9, 2; 11, 1, 72; 11, 2, 34; 11, 3, 141; 12. comp. aequalius, Colum. arb. 4, 2; Tac. h. 2, 27.

1 **aequalitas**, atis, f. [1 aequalis] the being of the same age, et aequalitas nostra (sc. Cicronis et Sulpicii) et pares honorum gradus, et studiorum nicinitas..., Cic. Br. 156; 2. a body of aequales, young friends, dulces perficiti Aequalitatis inter plausus nuptias, Phaed. fab. Perot. 15, 29.

2 **aequalitas**, atis, f. [2 aequalis] the being level, flat, smooth, smoothness, evenness, oesypum carnis exscentis ad aequalitatem redigit, Plin. 30, 113; aequalitas illa (maris) quae me corruperat, perit; nondum erit tempestas, Sen. ep. 53, 2; 2. met. quomodo eminentibus nunciat, fortasse aequalitate (by not sinking below a certain level) pessussum, Quint. 10, 1, 86; ut cetera in summa aequalitate ponent—on a perfect level—Cic. leg. 1, 38; erant plures simul imperatores nec super ceterorum aequalitatem, Tac. an. 3, 74 f; 3. esp. the being well-balanced, ae. nerborum, Cic. puct. 21; 4. equality of status, Fr. égalité, omnes exuta aequalitate iussa principis asperare, Tac. an. 1, 4; exui [coepit] aen. 3, 26.

**aequānis**, inis, n. [aequo vb.] a means of levelling, amussis est aequanem, leuamentum apud fabros tabula qua utuntur ad saxa coagmentata, Varr. ap. Non. 9, 13.

**aequānimis**? an error for the above, Non. 9, 26.

**aequānimis** = *εὐνομεν*, Gloss.; hence aequi-iter, with calmness of mind, Macr. s. 2, 4, 19; Amm. 19, 10, 3.

**aequānimitas**, atis, f. a level condition of mind, as impartiality, Ter. Ph. pr. 35; Ad. pr. 24; 2. calmness, tranquillity, Plin. 18, 123.

**aequānimus**, adj. of tranquil mind, tranquil, calm, Auson. sept. s. 3; id. 3, 9.

**aequātio**, onis, f. levelling, equalization, equality, gratiae, dignitatis, suffragiorum, Cic. Mur. 47; bonorum, Cic. off. 2, 73; iuris, Liv. 8, 4, 3; fortunae ac dignitatis, 34, 31, 18.

**aequātor**, oris, m. one who equalizes, aeq. mon(etae), inscr. Or. 3228 an assayer of the mint.

**aeque**, see *aequus*.

**Aequi**, orum, m. pl. a people of Italy on both sides of the Anio, Cic. rep. 2, 36; Liv. 4, 30, 1.

**aequi-crūrum**, adj. n. as sb. [erus] of equal legs, an isosceles triangle, Mart. C. 6, p. 248, 11 Eys.

**Aequiculus**, i, or Aequicola, ae, m. one of the Aequi, ius ab antiqua gente Aequiculus discipit, Liv. 1, 32, 5;

duris *aequiculis* glaeibis, Verg. 7, 747; *aequiculus acer*, Ov. F. 2, 93; 2. as adj. *Aequicula* rara, Sil. 8, 371.

**Aequicus**, adj. of the Aequi, bellum, Liv. 3, 4, 4; 10, 1, 7; **aequi-diā-le**, adj. n. as sb. [dies] equinox, Paul. ex F. 24.

**aequi-dicus**, adj. [cf. fatidicus] balanced in words, verus, Diom. 499, 18 K.

**aequi-distans**, tis, adj. equidistant, parallel, Mart. C. 8, p. 303; 28 as transl. of parallel.

**aequi-formis**, e, adj. [forma] epithet of a sort of verse, s. Diom. 499, 6 K.

**aequi-lātatio**, onis, f. a parallel line? Vit. 9, S, p. 234, 10 Rose.

**aequilāteralis**, e, adj. equilateral, Censor. S. 6.

**aequilāterus**, adj. the same, species, Mart. C. 6, 248, ll. 16 and 17 Eyss; 2. *aequilāterus* as sb. n. an equilateral triangle, ib. l. 8.

**aequi-lātus**, ēris, adj. the same, Aus. id. 11, 50.

**aequilaum**, adj. n. as sb. a half, see Paul. ex F. 24.

**aequi-libris**, e, adj. [libra] in equilibrium? Vit. 5, 12, 4; wheuce

**aequilibras**, ātis, f. equilibrium, balance, Cic. N. D. 1, 109 = *isopropia*; cf. l. 50.

**aequilibrum**, ii, n. equilibrium, balancing, Sen. N. Q. 3, 25, 6; 2. met. Gell. 20, 1, 15.

**Aequimaclum**, ii, n. the ground on which the house of Sp. Maclius had stood, Aeq. quod aequata Maclii domus publico, Varr. l. 5, 32; domum, ut monumento arca esset... dirui iussit, id. Aeq. appellata est, Liv. 4, 16, 1; 24, 47, 15.

**aequi-mānus**, a, nm, adj. who uses right and left hands alike, Auson. id. 12; Isid. or. 10; 2. met. Symm. ep. 9, 101 (110).

**aequi-noct-ialis**, adj. equinoctial, circulus, Varr. l. 5, 18; Sen. N. Q. 5, 17, 2; 7, 15, 2; ortus occasusque, 5, 16, 3; hora, Plin. 2, 216.

**aequi-noct-ium**, ii, n. equinox, Cic. Att. 12, 28, 3; Liv. 31, 47, 1; Plin. 11, 43 and 107 etc.

**aequi-par**, ātis, adj. equal, Aus. id. 12; Sidon. ep. 8, 6.

**aequi-pēd-ius**, adj. of equal feet, trigonum, Apul. dogm. Pl. 1, 7—isosceles.

**aequi-pērāb-ilis**, e, adj. [aequipera-re] on a level (with), non esse *aequiparabilis* Vostros cum nostris factiones atque opes, Pl. Tr. 2, 4, 65; Quid vidistis aut quid videbis magis dis *aequiparabile*? Pl. Cure. 1, 3, 11.

**aequipērāntia**, ae, f. = foll., Tert. adv. Valent. 16.

**aequipērātio**, onis, f. lit. placing on a level—met. comparison, de aestimanda *aequipērātionē* (see. exercituum), Gell. 5, 7; uirtutum, 14, 3, 8.

**aequi-pēro** (-pāro), āre, vb. [aequus, paro] lit. place on a level, met. Tam (so Bothe, tum ass) bellatorem Mars se haut ausit dicere, Neque *aequiparare* suas uirtutes ad tuas, Pl. Mil. 1, 1, 12; Nam si qui quae eucutura sunt prouideant, *aequipere* (non Voss and Ritschl, ass *aequipere*) Ioni, Pauc. 407 R; Iouis Solisque equis *aequipere* dictatorem, Liv. 5, 23, 6; (Hadrianus) Numae regi *aequipere* praeferens, Front. princ. h. p. 206 Naber; 2. simple vb. for refl. come up to, equal, rival, often w. acc. Neque fuit neque erit... Quous (so Ritschl; ass quōi or cui) fides fidelitatis amicum erga *aequipere* tuam (so R. ass suum), Pl. Tr. 5, 2, 2; Ingens cura cum (dub.) concordibus *aequipere*, Eun. ap. Prisc. 2, 3, 7 K; Nemo est qui factis *aequipere* queat, Enn. ap. Cic. Tusc. 5, 49; si ita sunt promerita uestra, *aequipere* nū quam Vereor, nisi... Pauc. 153; ut nemo sociorum uestrorum me *aequipere* posset, Liv. 37, 53, 15; Nec calamus solum *aequipere* sed uoce magistrum, Verg. B. 5, 488; Ingenio mores *aequipere*, Ov. Pont. 2, 5, 44; ut cum nemo labore posset *aequipere* (so Fischer), ps. Nep. Ale. 11, 3; urbem dignitate *aequipere* (so F; al. *aequipere*), id. Them. 6, 1; 3. as vb. intr. stand on a level (and so clash), ubi *aequipere* famosa iudicia, Ulp. dig. 50, 17, 104; 4. form w. e in best ass, even Andor, Pl. Tr. 2, 4, 65; and so in Gloss.; cf. too Ritschl prol. S3 and 97.

**aequi-pes**, pēdis, adj. of equal feet, sonus Diom. 476, 13 K, of a spondee.

**aequi-pollens**, ntis, of equal power, equivalent, Apul. dogm. Pl. 3, p. 36 etc.

**aequi-pōnd-ium**, ii, n. equal weight, counterpoise, Vit. 10, 8, 4.

**aequitas**, ātis, f. equality, ne portionem *aequitate* turbatis mundus praepnderet, Sen. N. Q. 3, 10, 3; membrorum (symmetry), Suet. Aug. 79; 2. met. aeq. in beneficio gratia, in iniuria punitio nominatur, Cic. parit. 130; 3. w. calmness, tranquillity of mind, oft. w. animi, animi *aequitatem* in ipsa morte, Cic. Tusc. 1, 97; moderationem animi tui et *aequitatem*—opposed to sollicitari—Cic. sen. 1; quo in spectulo mira populi R. aeq. erat, Cic. Pis. 27; 4. the being reasonable, si eius *aequitatem* animi noui, Cic. agr. 1, 14; quae met. (al. meam) animi *aequitatem* indicent, ps. Nep. Thras. 4, 2; 5. absol. equity, natural justice, fairness, pro *aequitate* contra ius dicere, Cic. or. 1, 240; a uerbis recedis et *aequitate* uteris, Cic. Caec. 37; de iure prius an de *aequitate* dicendum? Quint. 7, 10, 2.

**aequiter**, see *aequus*.

**aequitermus**, [ = *aequitermus*; see *aequalis*] eternal, Claud. Mam. anim. 2, 4; Sidon. ep. 8, 13.

**aequi-ualeō**, ēre, vb. of equal power, arm. Phil. 6.

**aequi-uōc-us**, adj. of like meaning, synonymous, Mart. Cap. 4, 97 G, p. 102, 3 Eyss.; Isid. or. 2, 26.

**aequo**, are, vb. [aequus, even, level] make level, level, *aequata* agri planities, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 107; Area... ingenti *aequanda* cylindro, Verg. G. 1, 178; add Plin. 17, 73; mensae sed erat pes tertius impar: Testa parem fecit. Quae postquam subdita diuinum Sustulit, *aequatam*..., Ov. M. 8, 663; 2. it may be: level down, level, Numantiam *aequauit* solo, Vell. 2, 4, 3; sacra et templum solo *aequatur*, Tac. an. 1, 51; Maclio cuius domus solo *aequata* est, Quint. 3, 7, 20; perh. too: omnia tecta *aequauit* (ass *aequata*) solo, Liv. 1, 29, 6; lunarum solo *aequandum* est (male a cj. of Bursian; who also by cj. gives *aequandum*, but *aequandum* is nearer *aequantum* of ass), Sen. contr. 30, p. 304, S B; and met. solo *aequandae* sunt dictatae consulatusque, 6, 18, 14; stercora (at first in heaps), Colum. 2, 21 (22), 3; 3. met. bring down to a level (with), make no better than, sitis arida... *aequabat* multum paruis humoribus imbre, Lucr. 6, 1177; cum per somnium unumque dies noctibus *aequauerit*, Liv. 31, 41, 10;

4. it may be, level up, raise to a level with, campi montibus *aequere* *aequati*, Suet. Gai. 37; see also § 9; 5. met. raise to a level (with), place on a level (with), temperamentum quo tenuiores cum principibus *aequari* se putarent, Cic. leg. 3, 24; omnium antea damnatorum scelera uix cum huius parte parum *aequari* conferre posse, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 21\*; add Cic. Br. 138\*; cum suas quisque opes cum potentissimis *aequari* uideat, Caes. b. g. 6, 22 f., ne *aequari* Hannibali Philippum, nec Carthaginiensibus Macedonas, Pyrrho certe *aequabilis*, Liv. 31, 7, 8; regium *aequati* nomen cuius magnitudinis semper *aequum* *aequauit*, 33, 21, 3; animos *aequabit* Olympo, Verg. 6, 753; Laelii quos per omnia *aequauerunt* sibi (Scipiones), Vell. 2, 127, 1; nec indignetur sibi Herodotus *aequari* T. Liliū, Quint. 10, 1, 101; add 10, 1, 50; 6. bring into a line so as to present an even front, Et fors *aequatis* epessent praemia rostris, Nili., Verg. 5, 232; *aequalis* classem procedere uelis [with squared yards], 4, 587; *aequata* fronte, Sil. 16, 381; see also 10 = fr. arrodire a terre; 7. make co-extensive with in space or time, Imperium terris, Verg. 6, 783; nocti ludum, 9, 338; nec tamen *aequari* frontes poterant, Liv. 5, 38, 2; 8. gen. make equal, equalise, hos de philosophia libros qui iam illis fere se *aequarunt*, Cic. off. 1, 3; periculum, Caes. b. g. 1, 25, 1; discrimen (distance), Lucr. 5, 689; ira uires *aequauit*, Liv. 10, 35, 2; cur non omnia *aequantur*? 8, 4, 3; imperium, 22, 27, 5; luctus, Verg. 10, 755; numerum (corporem) cum nauius\*, l. 1, 197; labore, l. 511; 9. esp. lots for drawing (pilas, sortes) make them equal in all respects, easque pilas omnes scribantur *aequanturque* praefactor) facito, CIL 208; Vxor



aequa (sortis), Pl. Cas. 2, 6, 35; non ea (oracula) quae aequatis sortibus ducuntur, Cic. div. 1, 34; dum sitella deferunt, dum aequant sortes, dum sortitio fit, Cic. Corn. 1, 13, p. 935 Bait.; 10. so far w. dat. or cum\*, this esp. in Cic.; also w. acc. of point reached, sometimes accompanied by abl. (in or with a thing), come up to the level of, reach, first phys., cuius (fluminis) altitudo summa eorum pectora aequabat, Curt. 4, 9, 15; nondum aquae fastigium aequabat (oprus), 4, 2, 19; aequantis moenia turris, Luc. 3, 456; 11. of speed, keep up with, nentis equante sagitta, Verg. 10, 248; equitem cursu, Liv. 31, 36, 8; cursum eorum, Curt. 4, 1, 2; iuga praecedentia, Sil. 16, 425; 12. met. rise to the level of, come up to, equal, be equal to, ea arte superiores reges, Liv. 1, 53, 1; collegae virtutem, 10, 19, 18; cum ea oratione magnifica, facta dictis aequando memoras—in language as grand as the deeds themselves—6, 20, 8; haec aequare dicendo arduum, Plin. ep. 8, 4, 3; Regum opes animo, Verg. G. 4, 132; (palma) Herculeum, Curt. 9, 2, 9; picturam, Plin. 35, 120; pretia margaritarum, 19, 20; neutrius virtutes, Quint. 10, 1, 54; Hamibalem, Sil. 6, 640; superiores laude, 13, 722.

**aequ-or**, *oris*, n. [fin the lost vb. whence aequ-us] a level, level surface, spemlorum ex aequore, Lucr. 4, 107; aboriantur ne aequor illud ventris irruerit, Gell. 12, 1, 8; Aus. epigr. 146, 14; Prud. *strep.* 12; 2. esp. level ground, a plain, per aequora campi, Enn. ap. anal. Vindob. p. 173; Babylonii in camporum aequoribus habitantes, Cic. div. 1, 93; Præcipitque Paren ardens aq. aequore toto, Verg. 5, 456; Libyei aequoris (the Sahara), Verg. G. 2, 105; primus in aequore pulvis, Iuv. 8, 61; 3. esp. the plain of waters, of the sea, chiefly in poets, aequor mare appellatum, quod aequatum quom commotum vento non est, Varr. 1, 7, 2, p. 308 Sp.; quid tam planum quam mare, e quo etiam aequor illud poetae\* uocant, Cic. ap. Non. 65, 17; maris aequor, Colum. 8, 17, 3; aequor ponti, Verg. G. 1, 469; Oceani, 1, 246; uastum maris aequor arandum, Verg. 2, 780; 4. abel. in poets, carina per aequora cana, Enn. ap. Isid. or. 19, 1, cf. \* above; fessas aequore matres, Verg. 5, 715; Contracta pisces aequora sentient, Hor. od. 3, 1, 13; 5. in later prose (and even in Sall. ac. to Don. ad Ph. 2, 1, 13); Plin. 4, 76; placidum aeq., Tac. an. 2, 23; Curt. 4, 7, 11; Mela 1, 2; and met. suspensae calidae aquae aequor, Val. M. 9, 1, 4; 6. of a calm river (the Tiber), Verg. S. 8, 99 and 96; 7. for pl. see \* above.

**aequor-eus**, *adj.* of the sea, in poets, Nereides, Catul. 64, 15; genus, Verg. G. 3, 243; Britannos, Ov. M. 15, 752.

**aequus** (aequos or aecus; or older aig.), *aequa*, *aequum* (aequum), *adj.* level, even, horizontal, campester locus is (est) melior qui totus aequaliter in unam partem uerigit, quam is qui est ad libellam aequus, Varr. r. 1, 6, 6; in aequo et plano loco, Cic. Caec. 50; in aequum locum sese demittere, Caes. b. g. 7, 28, 2; 2. esp. of scales, held even, is nitam aequa lance pensabit qui... Plin. 7, 44; libra aequa, Sen. Herc. F. 848; in persona mulieris aequa lance senari, Mod. dig. 42, 1, 20; 3. w. cum or dat. on a level (with), moiros turrisque aequus cum moiro faciendum coarauerunt, CIL 1230, 4; Vris erat in summo nubibus aequa ingo, Ov. Pont. 4, 7, 24; qui aequum acibus aggerem addollant, Sen. ep. 94, 61; 4. so of things inclined neither way, as of yards squared, when a ship sails before the wind, Nancata ratem comitesque fngae pede labitur aequo, Ov. F. 3, 565; cf. aequatis uelis, Verg. 4, 587; and Gr. ἀμφοτεροῖσι ποδαστρῶν; of the tongue of balance in centre, stateram examine aequo, Suet. Vesp. 25; 5. even, of a line, signis conlatis aequo fronte pugnauius, Cato orig. 26, 4 Iord.; 6. gen. equal, Cum uostris nostra non est aequa factio, Pl. Tr. 2, 4, 51; utinam esset mihi Pars aequa amoris temer, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 12; plus parte aequa, Lucr. 4, 1231; hic locus aequo fere spatio ab castris Ariouisti et Caesaris aberat, Caes. b. g. 1, 43, 1; si aequa manu discessisset, of a drawn battle, Sal. Cat. 39, 4; pugnae... quam aliquamdiu aequam... sustinuerunt, Liv. 9, 12, 6; sequiturque patrem non passibus aequis, Verg. 2, 724; aequa portione diuisa, Plin. 2, 42; 7. esp.

of equal laws, rights etc., aequo et pari cum cūibus iure uiuere, Cic. off. 1, 124; ista iura tam aequa, Cic. Quint. 45; aequa lex et omnibus utilis, Cic. Balb. 60; ut aequum ei ius (so Rhen., miss equum eius) in omnibus prouincis esset, Vell. 2, 121, 1; Athenae cum florenter aequis legibus, Phaedr. 1, 2, 1; 8. met. fin scales equally balanced, impartial, just, fair, adesto aequo animo et me cognosce, Ter. Andr. pr. 24; ad Phorm. pr. 30; peto ut aequum te iudicem praebes, Cic. fam. 5, 2, 10; aequissimum eorum studiorum existimatorum et iudicem, Cic. fin. 3, 6; praetor aequus et sapiens, Cic. Ver. 2, 4, 146; definitio iudiciorum aequorum, Cic. Clu. 5; 9. of things, just, fair, reasonable, Et ius et aequum postulas, Pl. St. 3, 1, 22; ad Ter. Andr. 5, 3, 30; non aequum dicis, Ad. 5, 3, 17; aequa et honesta postulatio, Cic. Rose. Am. 7; haec postulo; primum id quod aequissimum est ut... Cic. Clu. 6; quis hoc statuit, quod aequum sit in Quinctium, id iniquum esse in Naucium, Cic. Quint. 45; iudicium aequiore tempore fieri oportere, Cic. Corn. p. 936 Bait.; 10. gen. of a well-balanced mind, not easily upset, even, calm, Ergo animus aequos optatum est acerrimae condimentum, Pl. Rud. 2, 3, 71; animo (modo) Aequo nos ferre, CIL 1008, 6; concedo et quod animus aequus est et quia necesse est, Cic. Rose. Am. 145; Aequum momento rebus in arduis Seruare mentem, Hor. od. 2, 3, 1; sapientissimus quisque aequissimo animo moritur, stultissimus iniquissimus, Cic. sen. 83; consequeris ut eos ipsos quos contra statuas aequos placatosque dimittas, Cic. or. 34; 11. we think so favourably of our own case that a just judge must needs decree in our favour; hence kindly, favourable, quo aequior sum Pamphilo, Ter. Andr. 2, 5, 18; meis aequissimis utuntur auribus, Cic. fam. 7, 33, 2; populo a se alienato, non aequo senatu, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 3, 4; Nec Saturnius haec oculis pater aspiciet aequis, Verg. 4, 372; 12. even of things, favourable, ita ueti aequum fuit, CIL 201, 4; locum se aequum (so Viet., sese secum) ad dimicandum dedisse, Caes. b. c. 3, 73, 5; Poeni ut quibus locus aequior esset, Liv. 25, 13, 14; bellum difficultum neque loco neque tempore aequo, Suet. Iul. 35; 13. esp. in the form, aequum censeo, think it just, expect, claim, —a<sup>equo</sup>uay, ita senatus aequum censuit, CIL 196, 26; Si ita aequum censes, Ter. Ad. 4, 3, 10; Hant, 2, 1, 2; 14. as sb. m. a friend, ut me tibi amicissimum esse et aequi et iniqui intellegant curabo, Cic. fam. 3, 6, 6; 15. as sb. n. level ground, faciem in aequo campum... uictoriam fore, Liv. 5, 38, 4; in aequo degressi, Tac. Agr. 18; ut primum agmen in aequo, ceteri... 35; stratis qui in aequo additerant, 36; pars castrorum aequo adibat, Tac. h. 4, 23; dum in aequo enterentur, Tac. an. 2, 50 f.; 16. as sb. n. what is fair, equity, justice, ut Celsus definit, ius est ars boni et aequi, Ulp. dig. 1, 1, 1; cum de iure civili, cum de aequo et bono disputaretur, Cic. Br. 143; eum se in causa putant habere aequum et bonum quod defendant—and soon, aequi et boni, ex aequo et bono, Cic. Caec. 65; fit reus magis ex aequo bonoque quam ex iure gentium, Sal. lug. 35, 7; utilitas iusti prope mater et aequi, Hor. s. 1, 3, 98; iuri magis an aequo sit adpositus (iudex), Quint. 4, 3, 11; 5, 10, 118; 6, 5, 5; and so w. an adj. illi dolum malum, illi fidem bonam, illi aequum bonum... tradiderunt, Cic. top. 66; 17. met. in aequo, on a level, adeo in aequo cum... summis imperatoribus posuerunt, Liv. 39, 50, 11; modo ne in aequo hostes uestri nocturne apud uos sint ac nos socii, 39, 37, 14; pax in aequo tenet, Tac. an. 12, 12; quos in aequo uiderunt, Tac. h. 2, 20; non in aequo illis stetit, Sen. ben. 2, 29, 2; 18. ex aequo, in equal proportion, on equal terms, ex aequo res funditis omnis Tam mortalis erit quam quae... Liv. 1, 854; si societas et amicitia ex aequo obseruatur, Cic. 39, 37, 10; Ex aequo captis ardeant mentibus ambo, Ov. M. 3, 62; 5, 565; am, 1, 10, 33; a. a. 2, 682; probati ex aequo, Plin. pan. 83; ciuitates quae in illum diem ex aequo egerant, Tac. Agr. 20; ut ex aequo ius firum approbaret, Ter. 74; 19. aequo w. comp. too—thau is right, too—, Atque obitum lamentetur miser amplius aequo, Lucr. 3, 952; multi eas grauius aequo habere, Sal. Cat. 51, 11; Plus aequo liber, Hor. s. 1, 3, 52; largius aequo, Hor.

ep. 2, 215; **20.** w. an abl. like dignus, if we may trust Plus nūdissem opinor quamque med. (miss quam deerer quam me) atque illi equum foret, Pl. Bac. 3, 3, 84; **21.** in Tr. 2, 4, 185 Ritschl c.j.; nullo modo Aequum uidetur quin...; **22.** form—aquum in Ambros. Pl. Tr. 1, 2, 138; 2, 2, 25; Pers. 3, 1, 71; in BC Bac. 3, 3, 84; Tr. 5, 2, 30; and what means the same, equum in B, Bac. 4, 9, 94; 5, 2, 46; accuum in B, Tr. 2, 3, 1; Merc. 4, 5, 50; Ps. 1, 3, 35; St. 5, 4, 44; **II** **23.** aequo on a level with, and so, just, precisely, (only in) aequo (quicquam nunc quidem, Ter. Andr. 2, 6, 3, just nothing; then equally, first plays, Aetna mons non aequo altus, Pl. Mil. 4, 2, 73; trabes aequo longe, Caes. b. c. 2, 10, 2; **22.** gen. as w. adj. Non omnia eadem aequo omnibus here snauia 'sse scito, Pl. As. 3, 3, 51; litterae utrique nostrum aequo gratiae erant, Cic. fam. 13, 18, 1; **25.** w. his, tragici et comici Nunquam aequo sunt meditati, Pl. Pers. 4, 2, 5; Vtin omnes mulieres caelum aequo studeant, Ter. Hec. 2, 1, 2; gloria non aequo omnes egent, Cic. off. 2, 31; **26.** w. adv. Pro illius capite quod aedi, nunquam aequo id bene locassem (so (tunc), sss colloc.), Pl. Most. 1, 3, 89; tamen aet nemo quicum libentius...; paret quibussem esse aequo libenter, Cic. fam. 5, 21, 1; **27.** constr. w. cum, Animum adorte ut aequo mecum hanc scias, Pl. As. 2, 2, 66; Poen. pr. 47; Noni aequo omnia Tecum, Ter. Ph. 5, 9, 43; **28.** w. abl. alone, Nullus hoc metuculosus aequo ad, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 137; qui me erit aequo fortunatus, illa Si ad me baetet, Pl. Cure. 1, 2, 50; quibus equidem nullas aequo demior, Plin. 35, 17; and perib. gutta aequo populi (dub.) efficax, 24, 47; **29.** w. quam as, Nullum 'sse...agrum...Aequo feracem quam hie est noster Periphanes, Pl. Epid. 2, 3, 1; Qui aequo facie confidenter quicquam quam quae mulieres, Pl. Mil. 2, 5, 55; nihil aequo eos teruit quam... Liv. 28, 26, 14; 5, 3, 4; 5, 6, 11; 31, 1, 3; locum aequo aprium quam columbi desiderant, Colum. 8, 10, 2; add S. 17, 13; and 5, 5, 7 (dub.); nihil aequo quam famas... Tac. an. 14, 38; h. 2, 10; Plin. ep. 2, 15, 1; Suet. Aug. 64 and 89; Cl. 16 f. and 35; Galb. 4; **30.** w. ut, as, quem uideam aequo 'sse mestum ut (ut om. Fleck.) quasi dies si dicta sit, Pl. As. 5, 1, 11; Non Liber aequo non acuta Si (al. sic) geminant Corymbantes aera Tristes ut irae, Hor. od. 1, 16, 7; nihil aequo in causis agendis ut breuitas palati, Plin. ep. 1, 20, 1; Plin. 23, 59 at best dub.; in Cic. p. domo 30 ut now rejected; **31.** w. et, and, things compared gen. standing together, nihil aequo amicos et nosmet ipsos diligamus, Cic. fin. 1, 67; eosdem labores non aequo grauis esse imperatori et militi, Cic. Tusc. 2, 62; uersus aequo prima et media et extrema pars attenditur, Cic. or. 3, 192; fin. 4, 66; 4, 70 bis; Rosc. com. 2; Mur. 28; **32.** in case of initial rel. with aequo directly, after the first, as: quos ipsos aequo et eos quos praesentes uidetis... Cic. Clu. 195; cf. cui simul et Volcatio... Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 176; but eaei aequo in Cic. fin. 4, 64 in wrong place; **33.** w. que and, rarely, Aequo neglectum pueris senibusque nocebit, Hor. ep. 1, 1, 26; **34.** w. atque (ae), as (not and), w. things compared not symmetrical, Pūmex non aequat aridus atque hie senex, Pl. Aut. 2, 4, 18; qui illis aequo non ut ipse gaderet, Cic. am. 22; N. D. 3, 45; Rosc. Am. 116; Brut. 248; fam. 2, 2; 13, 43, 2; 13, 69; Matus ad Cic. 11, 28, 2 f.; Varr. 1, 3, 8; 2; Liv. 10, 7, 4; 44, 22, 5; Colum. 9, 5, 2; Tac. h. 2, 5; **35.** rarely w. tanquam as Petr. 78, or quasi alone as Ulp. dig. 40, 1, 3, 1; **36.** aequo repeated, aequo pauperibus prodest, locupletibus aequo, Hor. ep. 1, 1, 25; aequo discordiam praepositorum, aequo concordiam subiectis extitiam, Tac. Agr. 15; **37.** abundant w. comp., Nam ex mo puto similior nunquam potis Aqua aequo (so Ambros.) sumi quam... Pl. Mil. 2, 6, 71; Nec est quisquam nihil aequo melius cui uelim, Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 42; cf. adaeque; **38.** aequiter, equally, praeda...aequiter Purpura est, Liv. Agr. ap. Non. 512, 38; add Pac. and Aec. ibi.; **39.** aequus (root aq) akin to A.-S. and E. even, Sw. iämni; and so to *qu-ax-or*. Cf. agnus—*agnus*; and malus (amalus) = E. evil.

**a-er**, cris, m. fa of a-*ya* blow = S. va; cf. an-imas and uentus; the air, aer, hie utitur enim pro latine, Cic. ac. 1, 26; aer, Graecum illud quidem (for the Latin caelum) sed

perceptum usu a nostris, Cic. N. D. 2, 91; perpluunt Tigna putefuit (aer operam fabri, Pl. Most. 1, 2, 31; Iubas una opera me piscari in aere, Pl. As. 1, 1, 86; et aquam et terram et aera, Cic. N. D. 1, 39; eiusdem expirationibus et aer altit et aether (region of fire), 2, 83; Aeris in teneras... auras, Lucr. 1, 207; Aera iungentes igni, terraeque liquori, 1, 713; ipsum quo quiritur aerem in perniciem uertimus, Plin. 18, 3; **2.** in poets of a mist or cloud, obscuro gradientis aere saepit, Verg. 1, 415; hence, Aere saeptus, Val. Fl. 5, 400; **3.** often like caelum, of atmosphere, w. epithets of quality, crassus, Cic. ac. 2, 81; purus et tenuis, Cic. N. D. 2, 42; **4.** as fem. aere fulua, Enn. ap. Gell. 2, 26, 11 and 13, 21 (20), 14, after Hom.; **5.** in pl. aeribus binis, Lucr. 4, 291; but in Vitr. 1, 1, 10 aeris in missi xss; in Culex, ore (cj) Schrauder and Ribb.; **6.** gen. aeris, Stat. Th. 2, 693; aer, aera always in Cic.; Plin. 2, 10 aera; 18, 3, aerem, acc. to Sillig.; **7.** in nom. gen. aer, as: Proxi-mus est aer illi lenitate locoque, Ov. M. 1, 28; Ipsis est aer anibus non aequus, Verg. G. 3, 546; but a poet ap. Cic. Att. 1, 18 has in Bacchiae metre: Littus atque aer et solitudo mera.

**1 aera**, numeri nota, says Non. 74, 3, quoting fm Lucil. Hoc est ratio peruersa, aera summae sub-litua im-probe, whatever it may mean; **2.** a datum, Ruf.; **3.** hence an era, Isid. or. 5, 36.

**2 aera**, ae, f. a weed, destructive of wheat, darnel? Plin. 18, 155 and 156; see aernus.

**aerac-aeus**, adj. Not. Tir. 164, perh. of the weed aera.

**aer-āmen**, mūs, n. any article of brass, Theod. Prisc. 1, 9; Commod. instr. 27; Th. C. 15, 1, 37 de opp. pub.; **2.** in pl. Fest.; **3.** Fr. airain, it. rame. Cf. nome fm nomen.

**aeramentum**, i, n. a bronze vessel etc., Plin. 15, 34; 33, 94; 35, 182; Paul. sent. 3, 6, 44.

**aer-ārius**, adj. of copper, fabrica, Plin. 7, 197; officina, 18, 89; metallum, 33, 86; 37, 65; conlegio aerarium fabrum, 34, 1; lapis (copper ore), 33, 116 and 130; as, Petr. 57; **2.** of money, ratio, Cic. Quinct. 17; annonae, payments in money, Th. C. 7, 4, 36; **3.** tribunus aerarius, see tribunus.

**II** **4.** as sb. m. a copper-smith, a brazier, Tarr. dig. 50, 6, 7 (6); inser. Or. 4140; or worker in other metals, Plin. od. p. 20; **II** **5.** a Roman who had been degraded from all rights as a citizen, and only paid a tax (so Aesop. ad Div. 3); ut (censor) in aerarios referri aut tribu mōri iubet, Cic. Clu. 122; qui te ex aerariis exemit, Cic. or. 2, 826; tribu mōri aerarii omnes facti, Liv. 24, 18, 6; **6.** aeraria? f. a copper mine, Caes. b. g. 3, 21, 3 (dub.); in aerariis (perh. metallis understood and so n. n.) reperuntur... Plin. 34, 128; **7.** aerarium, the place wh. the public treasure was kept, treasury, iouranto apud quaestorem ad aerarium, CIL 197, 24; quae pecunia ex hac lege in aerarium posita erit, 198, 66; referre (pecuniam) in aerarium, Cic. Agr. 2, 72; aerarium uetigaliūque defendere, Cic. off. 3, 88; cum consul ad apellendum aerarium uenisset, Caes. b. c. 1, 14, 1; aurum quod in sanctiore aerario seruabatur, Liv. 27, 10, 11.

**aer-atus**, quasi part. as strengthened, armed or ornamented w. bronze or copper, lecti, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 60; Liv. 39, 6, 7; classis, Varr. 8, 675; acies, 9, 463; naves, Hor. od. 2, 16, 21; fores, Tib. 1, 3, 72; **2.** in joke, provided with money, non tam aerati quam aerarii, Cic. Att. 1, 16, 3.

**aerelauina**, a non-existing word, says Varr. l. 8, 33.

**aere-scriptura**, ae, f. a bronze map of land, Gromat.

**aer-ēs**, adj. [aes] of copper or rather bronze, limina, Verg. 1, 452; rota, 5, 274; cornua, 7, 615; ensis, 7, 743; and w. poetic licence, puppis, 5, 198; clausus, Plin. 16, 51; mortarii pistillisque, 33, 123; pilus aereo (pilo) similis, Plin. 8, 212; statum, Plin. pan. 52; imaguem, Suet. Aug. 7; tabularum, Suet. Vesp. 8; acus, Verg. vct. 3, 4, 36; and met. saeculum, Serv. A. 7, 682; **2.** as sb. aereos signatos, bronze coins, Vitr. 3, 1, 7; **3.** aerei as spond., clipei mora profuit aerei, Verg. 12, 541.

**aeri-fir**, ēra, ōrum, adj. bronze- (i.e. cymbal-) bearing, manūs, Ov. F. 3, 740.

**aer-fex**, χαλκωπιος, Gloss.

**aerī-fōdīna**, ae, f. a copper mine, Varr. l. 5, 1.

**aerīnus**, adj. [aera] of darnel, farina, Plin. 22, 125; 24, 100.

**āerīnus**? adj. of air, compedes, Varr. ap. Non. 28, 14 (aeris, Oehler c.j.).

**aerī-pēs**, pēdis, adj. bronze-hoofed, cernam, Verg. 6, 803; tauros, Ov. her. 12, 93; cerui, Sil. 3, 39; Aus. id. 11, 14.

**āerī-sōnus**, adj. bronze-sounding, monte, Val. F. 3, 28; antris, Sil. 2, 93; urbes, Claud. b. g. 234.

**āer-ūs**, adj. of air, genus, Cic. Tim. 10; nolatus, Cic. top. 77; nolueris, Lucr. 5, 825; noluerim nulem, Verg. 7, 704; aeris mellis caelestia dona, Verg. G. 4, 1; (as if dew; cf. Plin. 11, 30 venit hoc ex aere etc., and Petr. 56); 2. towering in the air, montis cacumen, Catul. 64, 240; Alpes, Verg. G. 3, 474; ulmo, B. 1, 59; cornibus, Ov. F. 5, 119.

**āerīzūsa**, ae, part. f. as sb. turquoise? Plin. 37, 115.

**aero**, ōnis, m. a basket, Plin. 36, 66; eronibus (so aers) ex ulua palustri, Vitr. 5, 12, 5; tabulis aut heronibus (so aers), add in alia cupa elusum triticum, Alf. dig. 29, 2, 31; add Don. Pl. 1, 2, 72; **aerō** aēgō, Gloss. Steph.

**aer-ō**, āre, vb. cover w. copper etc., Prisc. 1, 433, 7 K.

**aerō-lēs**, m. [=aerolēs] a jewel, turquoise? quintos aerolids vocant, Plin. 37, 77.

**āerō-mantia**, ae, f. divination from the air, Isid. 8, 9.

**aeropetes**? the 6th book of Apicius is now inscribed tropetes (τροπῆτες).

**āerō-phōbus**, adj. air-fearing, Cael. Aur. acut. 3, 12.

**aer-ōsus**, adj. full of copper (aurum), Plin. 33, 93; lapide, 34, 2 (copper-ore); (ferum), 34, 143; pecunia, Scaev. 46, 3, 102.

**aerūgia**=aerugo, Vitr. 7, 12, 1 (bis).

**āerūgin-ōsus**, adj. full of rust, rusty, Sen. brev. v. 12, 2; Sen. contr. 1, 2 f.

**aer-ōg-o**, iuis, f. rust of copper, verdigris, Cato r. 98, 2; Cic. Tusc. 4, 32; Plin. 15, 34; 34, 112 etc.; 2. contemptuously for money, at haec animos aerugo et cura pecuni cum semel imbuerit... Hor. ep. 2, 3, 330; Si reddat veterem cum tota aerūgine follem, Luc. 13, 61; aerugini semper intuentis, Apul. M. 1, 21; 3. met. of envy, haec est Aerugo mera, Hor. s. 1, 4, 101; aerugine captus, Mart. 2, 61, 5; tinctos aerugine uersus, 10, 33, 5.

**aerumna**, (ēr?) ae, f. [prob.=μερμυα in the sense of an allotted task fin μερμω?] a task, a labour, Superat aerumnis suis aerumnas omnis Hercules, Pl. Pers. 1, 1, 2; Neque sexta aerumna acerbius Herc[ul]i quam illa nū obiecta est, Pl. Epid. 2, 1, 10; nei Hercules perpeti aerumnas, sic enim labores non fingendis tristissimū uerbo nominauerunt, Cic. fin. 2, 118; collecta uaticina multis aerumnis, Hor. s. 2, 2, 28; aerumnas labores onerosos significant, Paul. ex F. 24; 2. great trouble or grief, qui amat si eget misera aerumna adicitur, Pl. Cure. 1, 2, 51; uenter caret omnis haec aerumnas, Pl. Mil. 1, 1, 33 etc.; o gnata tibi sunt ante ferendae Aerumnas, Eun. ap. Cic. div. 1, 40; qui te expedias his aerumnis, Ter. Heec 3, 1, 8; aerumna corpus conficit, Pac. ap. Non. 23, 8; aerumna aegritudo laboriosa, Cic. Tusc. 4, 18; Omnis aerumnis adfecti, Lucr. 3, 50; mortem aerumnarum regni, Sal. Cat. 51, 20; add lug. 14, 23 etc.; Apul. M. 11, 2 and 15; 3. obsol. in time of Quint. aerumnas (so aers) qui opus est, 8, 3, 20.

**aerumnābilis**, e, adj. [impl. a vb. aerumno] causing great trouble, distressing, Lucr. 6, 1231; labor, Apul. M. 1, 1; uitae, S. 9.

**aerumnōsus**, adj. full of troubles, mulierem, Pl. Ep. 4, 1, 32; Rud. 1, 4, 37; miseris addictos aerumnosus calamitosos (note the climax), Cic. Tusc. 4, 82; Terentium unum omnium aerumnosissimam, Cic. Att. 3, 23 f.; si... nihil est aerumnosius Sapiente, Sen. ira. 2, 7, 1.

**aerumnūlas**, Plautus refert furcillas quibus sarcinas uiatores gerebant, Paul. ex F. 24.

**aeruscātor**, ōris, m. a beggar, aeruscatores et cibum quaestumque ex mendaciis captantes, Gell. 14, 1, 2.

**aerusco**, are, vb. [impl. a vb. aer-usus a beggar] ennet the beggar, beg, Gell. 9, 2, 8; but in Sen. clin. 2, 6, 3 Haase has: ob erus alienius arum; see aeruscator.

**aes**, aeris, n. [prob. one w. G. erz, E. ore; and even G. eis-en, E. ir-on] copper (prob. aes Cyprium, as first in gen. use), in Cypro prima aeris inuentio, Plin. 34, 2; Et prior aeris erat quam ferri cognitus usus, Quo facilius magis est natura et copia mater, Lucr. 5, 1287; squamam aeris (αἰσ-δα χαλκῶς), Cels. 2, 12, 1; Plin. 34, 107-109; pimeis optime ligneis aēs funditur, 33, 94; 2. gen. an alloy of copper, esp. w. tin, i.e. bronze, valuable for hardness, rarely w. zinc, i.e. brass [proved to have been in gen. Roman use by analysis; but brass (aeramen) would have perished], Aere solum terrae tractabam, aenege belli Miscerant ductus, Lucr. 5, 1289; aere utuntur importato, Caes. b. g. 5, 12, 5; aerum nauium aere ad reliquis reficiendis utebantur, ib. 4, 31, 2; qui falsas leges in aes incidendas eruerant, Cic. Ph. 3, 30; cuius aera reficere debebam, Cic. fam. 12, 1, 2; pedestrem ex aere statum, Cic. Ph. 9, 13; simulacrum ex aere factum Cereri, Plin. 34, 15; 3. hence used absol. of bronze instruments, vessels etc., esp. in poets, pulsant aeribus aera, Lucr. 2, 637; Ardentia clipeos atque arma micantia cerno (swords), Verg. 2, 734; Aere clere uiros (trumpet), 6, 105; Non acuta Si genuant Corymbantes aera (cymbals), Hor. od. 1, 16, 8; ueni cibus aera (fish-hooks), Ov. Pont. 2, 7, 10; 4. esp. aera, bronze vessels etc., bronzes, as highly valued, Donarum pateras gra-taque...aera sodalibus, Hor. od. 4, 8, 2; arpentum et marmor uetus, aeraque et artis Suscipe, Hor. ep. 1, 6, 17; add 2, 1, 240; s. 2, 3, 21; 5. esp. aes Corinthium, an unknown alloy w. gold and silver, Cic. Tusc. 4, 32; Plin. 34, 1; also 6-8.

6. copper or rather bronze, as money, first in the rough; hence the mention of the scales (libra) w. aes, even after stamped money was in use, is mihi emptus est hoc aere aeneaque libra, Gai. 1, 119, 2; 104; 3, 167; imaginariae solutionis per aes et libram, 3, 173; cf. per trutinam solui solum, Varr. l. 5, 37; 7. aft. stamped, Serruus rex primus signauit aes, antea rudi usos Romae Timaeus tradit, Plin. 33, 43; but still bronze alone, quamdiu populus R. aere tantum signato usus esset, 34, 1; 8. aes absol. as money, quaestores aere multoties dederunt, CIL 181; subdixi rationeulam Quantum aeris mihi sit quantumque alieni siet, Pl. Cure. 3, 2; ancillam aere emptam meo! Ter. Ph. 3, 2, 26; grauis aere domum...redibat, Verg. B. 1, 30; C. Praecellio C. filio Pap. Augurino...[ae] col[lo]cat, Inscri. Or. 72; etiam aures nummos aes dictum, Ulp. dig. 50, 16, 159; 9. aes alienum, money (in one's hands) belonging to another, and so; debt, see Pl. in § 8; in aes al. incidendum, Cic. Cat. 2, 20; ciuitates falso aere alieno liberaui, Cic. fam. 15, 4, 2; aere alieno premuntur, Caes. b. g. 6, 13, 2; 10. a soldier's pay for a year's service, in the pl., militariae eis uacatio esto, aera stipendiaque eis omnia merita sunt, CIL 198, 77 and 84; annua aera habes, annum operam ede, Liv. 5, 4, 7; uoluntarium professi militiam aera procedere, 5, 7, 12; L. Valerius L. f. Vol. Marinus mil. L. x G. an. xxxv Aerum iun. inser. Or. 3551; 11. in the gen. w. numerals, mille aere leuasse, Varr. l. 9, 49; milibus aeris quinquaginta...census fuisset, Liv. 24, 11, 7; 12. w. num. adv. P. Crassi filia posset habere...aeris miliens, Cic. rep. 3, 17; ad decies aeris, Liv. 24, 11, 8; 13. other phrases, te in meo aere esse (virtually) so much cash for me, i.e. a friend on whom I could draw, Cic. fam. 13, 62; ille in aere meo est, 15, 14; magistrum alienius aere—of any worth, Gell. 18, 5, 6.

**aesalōn**, ōnis, m. sparrow-hawk? Plin. 10, 205.

**aeschorologia**, ae, f. foul language, Diom. 450, 32 K.

**aeschynomene**, es, part. f. as sb. sen-sitive plant or mimosa, Hor. od. 1, 22, 167.

**aesculētum**, i, n. [aesculus] a forest of (young) Italian oaks, Hor. od. 1, 22, 14.

**aesculēus**, adj. of the tree aesculus, frondis, Ov. M. 1, 449; (axibus), Pall. 1, 9, 2.

**aesculīnus**, adj. the same, axes, Vitr. 7, 1, 2.

**aesculīnus**, adj. the same, cum postibus aesculibis, CIL 577, 2, 9.

**aesculūs**, i, f. an Italian oak w. edible acorns, nemorūque Ioui quae maxima frondet Aesculus, Verg. G. 2, 10; nec rigida mollior aesculo, Hor. od. 3, 10, 17; Sil.

5, 481; felices arbores quereus aesculus..., Maer. 3, 20, 2.

**Aesernia**, ae, f. a city of Samnium on the Volturnus, Cic. ad Pomp. Att. 8, 11, D 2; Sil. 8, 568.

**Aeserninus**, (Ais-) adj. of Aesernia, Aisernino[m], coin. CIL 20; add Cic. Q. fr. 3, 4, 2; rei. p. Aeserninor. inser. Or. 2603.

**Aesis**, ātis, adj. of the town Aesis, Plin. 3, 113; 11, 241.

**Aesis**, is, f. a town of Picenum, M. Oppio...col. Aesis, inser. Or. 3899 and 3900.

**Aesis**, is, m. a river of Picenum, Plin. 3, 113.

**aestas**, ātis, f. [lit. heat; impl. an adj. aestus (= G. heiss)]

fin a vb. aeso = aēso and uro (aeso); cf. aestus, aestivus] the

hot season of the year, summer, esp. as opp. to winter,

Arabes...campos et montes hieme et aestate peragrantes,

Cic. div. 1, 94; certior est naturalis cursus fluminum aestate

potius quam hieme, Ulp. dig. 43, 13 (not 19), 1, 8; hiemem

et aestatem iuxta pati, Sal. lug. 85, 33; proxima aestate,

CIL 199, 42; una aestate duobus maximis bellis confectis,

Caes. b. g. 1, 54, 2; inuente aestate, Cic. Att. 4, 2, 6; summa,

Cic. Ver. 2, 5, 80; exaetam, Sal. Jug. 61, 1; noua,

Verg. 1, 434.

**aesti-fer**, āra, frum, adj. heat-bearing, ignis, Lucr. 1,

663; sol, 5, 613; 5, 642; ignes, Cic. arat. 111; canis, Verg.

G. 2, 353.

**aestimābilis**, e, adj. worth taking into account, Cic.

fin. 3, 20 (as a new word, for he adds: sic enim appel-

lemus).

**aestimāto**, (older aestum-) ōnis, f. valuation, esp. in

money, iudicatio litigae aestumatio, CIL 198, 4; add 6

and 41; potestas omnis aestimationis habendae censori

permittitur, Cic. Ver. 2, 2, 143; frumenti, 2, 2, 13; mihi

condicio placet, sed ita ut nominato malum quam aestima-

tione, Cic. Att. 12, 25, 1; aequa facta aestimatione pecu-

niam dissoluit, Caes. b. c. 1, 57, 1; linteum remitte, Quod

me non mouet aestimatione (money-value) Verum est

(in)memoriam mei sodalis, Cat. 12, 12; in aestimationem

urbis aequae venit, Liv. 5, 25, 8; res sacra non recipit

aestimationem, Ulp. dig. 1, 8, 9, 5; 2. in other kind,

levis aestimatio pecundum in multa constituitur, Cic. rep.

2, 60; 3. gen. valuation, estimate, calculation, Cic. fin.

3, 20; honoris, Liv. 3, 63, 9; infra aliorum aestimationes

se metuetur, Vell. 2, 127, 4; aestimatione munimenta

metiri, Curt. 3, 1, 7.

**aestimātor**, ōris, m. one who sets a value on, appraiser,

in money, frumenti, Cic. Pis. 56; rerum (property),

Cic. parad. 51; 2. met. beneficiorum, Plin. pan. 21;

inmodicus aes, sui, Curt.; 3. but in Cic. or. 141; fin.

3, 6; Mare, 15 existimator.

**aestimātor-ius**, adj. for damages by valuation, actio,

Ulp. dig. 19, 3, 1 w. title de aestimatoria; aestimatoria

agere, Pomp. 21, 1, 48, 2; add ib. 43, 6; 44, 2.

**aestimātus**, ūs, m. valuation, estimate, aestimatu

aetatis, Maer. 8, 1, 16; in Plin. 11, 38 existimatur.

**aestum**, ūs, m. valuation, ubertatis, Frontin. col.

127 G; Hygin. lib. 152.

**aestum**, (older aestumo) aere, vb. [aes? see below] set a

value upon, value, esp. in money, Nam ego te aestumum

dedo huius nigris minis, Pl. Capt. 2, 3, 4; add 2, 90 and

101; aestumatas merces, Pl. Mere. pr. 36; (tritici modium)

aestumauit denariis iii, Cic. Ver. 2, 3, 214; haec aestimate

pecunia, 2, 5, 23; add 2, 199; 2, 3, 215; 2. esp. in law,

a. item, assess damages to be paid, quanti eius rei sis

ae(stumata erit), CIL 198, 7; de libitibus aestumandis, 58;

add 60 bis, 61, 63, 68; iiii libilibus sis aestimata est, Cic.

Ver. 2, 4, 22; non ex libitibus aestimatis tuis pecuniam

domum...mult. reportare, 2, 5, 128; add 2, 1, 99; Clu. 115

and 116; Rab. Post. 9; Mureu. 42; eosdem illos qui lites

aestimarent iudices, Cael. ad Cic. 8, 8, 3; arbitros dat qui

litem aestiment poemae constituent, Caes. b. g. 5, 1, 9;

met. uoluntatis nostrae uelut litem aestinari aetris

sermonibus audio, Liv. 45, 2, 4; tanti litem aestimandam

...quanti fuisset eo die quo dari debuit (se. unum), Gai.

dig. 13, 3, 4; add Serv. Sulp. ap. Gell. 4, 4, 2; 3. met.

value, appraise, estimate, Dum ne ob malefacta percam,

parui (id) aestumo, Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 24; Non ego inimicitias

omnis pluri aestumo, Pl. Pers. 3, 1, 25; ne ego istam

uirtutem non magno aestumandam putem, Cic. fin. 3, 11;

nee quia bonum sit ualere, sed quia sit non nihilo aestuman-

dum, 4, 62; add Rosc. eom. 28; Att. 7, 15, 2; neque ciuitas

leui modeste aestimare posset (tot hominum salutem),

Caes. b. g. 7, 39 f.; add 7, 14 f.; 3, 20, 1; 3, 26, 4;

Rumoresque scum ueneriorum Omnes unius (aes)timatus

(mss ext.) assis, Cat. 5, 3; eorum ego uitam mortemque

iuxta aestumo, Sal. Cat. 2, 8; add 58, 18; inuera grato

animo, Liv. 6, 39, 10; magno te, 40, 55, 3; magno se, 41,

20, 3; uirtutem aestimat annis, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 48; 4. met.

(= existimo) calculate, come to a conclusion, decide, con-

sider, w. acc. and inf., Riddle magis huc dictum quam

uere aestimo, Phaedr. 3, 4, 5 (B. c. j. al.); Turpe aesti-

mantes aliquid commissum a suis, 4, 18, 15; multi, ut

aestimo, in hoc a Varrone dissentunt qui..., Maer. 2, 8, 2;

nonne hi mercedem sibi laboris aestimant persolutam,

ib. 7, 2, 7; 5. aestimo and existimo often confounded

in mss; but Madvig ad fin. 3, 2, 6 says: uia uniuerse de

bonitate eorum rerum quae neque permutationem et

emptionem neque remunerationem habeant, de recto et prauo

iudicetur preti notitiam...apud Latinos remotam esse;

itaque existimatoris eae partes sunt, non aestimatoris;

but? 6. extimo often found, contr. some say fin existi-

mo; see mss A B in Caes. b. g. 2, 17, 5; 7. aestumo

implies a sb. aestumus (cf. aedi-tumus), i. e. a money-

warden, a banker, whose business would include valuing or

assaying coins &c., precious metals etc.

**aestiūlis**, e, adj. of summer, circulus, Hyg. astr. 3, 24,

tropic of Cancer; not. Ter.

**aestiūrium**, adj. n. as sb. a fish-pond for the summer,

piscinas (Lucullus) despiciat quod aestuariaria idonea non

haberet, Varr. r. 3, 17, 8.

**aestue**, see aestus.

**aestuo**, aere, vb. [cf. hiberno] pass the summer, mihi

greges in Reatinis montibus aestuabant, Varr. r. 2, 2, 9;

abiguntur ex Appulia in Samnium aestumum, 1, 1, 16;

intra septem eam aestuant pastores, Plin. 12, 22; Tusculum

ubi aestuaria conseruat, Suet. Galb. 4; Vesp. 24; Stat.

silu. 4, 4, 22; Th. 5, 16.

**aestuius**, adj. [see aestas] of summer, menses, Cic. Att.

5, 14, 2; dies, Cic. Ver. 2, 5, 81; tempus, Caes. b. g. 6, 4,

3; aestuius e partibus, Lucr. 5, 615; solem, Verg. G. 4, 28;

aura, Hor. od. 1, 22, 18; aues, Liv. 5, 6, 2; salus, 22, 14,

8; 2. aestiua n. pl. as sb. (sc. castra) summer camp,

summer quarters, dum in aestiuis essemus (in Cilicia), Cic.

Att. 5, 17, 3; cum prima aestiua attigissem, Cic. fam. 2,

13 f.; aestiua sub teetis equitatus! Liv. 29, 34, 7; Curt. 5,

8, 1; 3. summer season for campaigning, campaign,

nulla ex trinis aestiuis gratulatio, Cic. Pis. 97; aestiuis

confectis, Cic. fam. 3, 9 f.; aestiuorum tempus comitiorum

mora imminuat, Sal. Jug. 44, 3; 44, 4; anni eius aestiua

in Decembrem producta, Vell. 2, 105, 3; 4. summer

quarters of cattle, aestiua et hiberna idonea ad pascendum,

Varr. r. 2, 1, 16; nec singula morbi corpora corripunt, sed

tota aestiua repente, Verg. G. 3, 472; Plin. 24, 28;

5. aestiue, adv. in summer fashion, Vitiacui hercle ad-

modum aestiue sumus, Pl. Men. 2, 1, 30.

**aestiūbundus**, part. or adj. aest. confectio, vapour of

fermentation, Pall. 11, 17, 2.

**aestiūrium**, adj. n. as sb. fin aestus tide, an estuary,

pedestria itinera concisa aestuariis, Caes. b. g. 3, 9, 4; 2,

28, 1; Plin. 3, 11; 3, 151 etc.; 2. fin aestus vapour,

passages in wells for escape of foul air, lucerna si exting-

uitur, tunc secundum puteum dextra ae sinistra fodiunt

aesturia, Plin. 31, 49; and in nearly same words, Vitr. 8,

7, 13.

**aestuationi**, a false reading in Plin. 18, 5 for exus-

tioni.

**aestūo**, aere, vb. [aestus] of the violent movement con-

connected with fire, boil, rage, rush, roar, Aestuat ut clausis

rapidus fornacibus ignis, Verg. G. 4, 263; Quoquo magis

tegitur, tectus magis aestuat ignis, Ov. M. 4, 64; relicto

foramine quo aestuantia (fermenting) uina suspensit, Pall.

11, 14, 16; 2. be boiling hot, very hot, Nunc cum

scribitur aestuant, occurrunt, Pl. Poen. pr. 43; (leges) Lyeurgis laboribus eruduit inuicem...alendo aestuando, Cic. Tusc. 2, 34; add. aead. pr. 70; Et cum exustus age morientibus aestuat herbis, Verg. G. 1, 107; sub pondere Caeneus Aestuat, Ov. M. 12, 515; merum faucibus si boues aestuantur infundat, Colum. 2, 3; si dixeris, aestuo, sudat, Iuv. 3, 103; 3. of waves and liquids, boil as it were, uastaque uoragine gurgues Aestuat, Verg. G. 6, 207; ubi Maura semper Aestuat unda, Hor. od. 2, 6, 4; tepidus in ossibus amor Aestuat, Verg. G. 4, 309; II 4. met. boil, boil over (with passion etc.), id desiderio nostri te aestuare putarem, Cic. fam. 7, 18, 1; hoc loco Chrysippus aestuans..., Cic. fat. 15; animo aestuans, Cat. 63, 47; inuidia, Sal. Cat. 23; in illa Aestuat, Ov. M. 6, 491; 5. even w. passion as uom., Aestuat ingens Vno in corde pudor, mixtoque insania luctu..., Verg. 12, 660.

aestu-ōsus, adj. boiling—or burning hot, ossum inhumatum (gen. pl.) aestuosum auram, Pac. ap. Prisc. 1, 254, 8 K; uia, Cic. Att. 5, 14, 1; oraculum Iouis...aestuosi (in Libyan desert), Cat. 7, 5; astri impotentia, Hor. epol. 1, 6, 62; Syrtis (the Sahara), Hor. od. 1, 22, 5; Auster, Plin. 2, 126; aestuosissimis diebus, A. Hor. od. 2, 7, 16; 2. of the sea, boiling, Unda fretis tulit aestuosus, Hor. od. 2, 7, 16; 3. hot, suffering from heat, (sus animal) aestuosissimum, Colum. 7, 10, 6; 4. adv. comp. maris aestuosius, Hor. epod. 3, 18; but in Pl. Bac. 3, 3, 67 read perh. Atque accurreme ea uiros (piss ea est uos) absorbet, ubi quemque attingit.

aestus, fū, m. points to a vb. aes-o=aetho, and also =oeso fū olf form prob. of ūro, cf. oestrum, oestrum lit. burning, boiling—hence the principle of heat in motion, the spirit or vapour so pervading or issuing from bodies, esp. as heard in roaring, heat, vapour, exsurgent flammæ, furit aestus ad auras, Verg. 2, 759; magno ueluti cum flamma sonore Virgea suggerit costis undantis aheni, Exsultantque aestu latites, 7, 406; Cuniculae Vitibus aestus (the heat of the dog-days supposed to flow from Sirius), Hor. od. 1, 17, 17; 2. the boiling (as it were) of the sea, surf (cf. G. Braudung, breakers, lit. burning), raging of waves, Quam magis te in altum apessis, tam aestus te in portum refert, Pl. As. 1, 3, 6; Undique omnes uenti erumpunt; sacui existunt turbines, Fervit aestu pelagus, poet. ap. Cic. or. 3, 157; furit aestus harenis, Verg. 1, 111; aestumque secebat, S. 674; 3. tide (as once referred to a mysterious agency of heat), quid de mariis aestibus plura dicam, quorum accessus et recessus lunae motu gubernantur, Cic. div. 2, 34; N. D. 2, 19 and 132; cum sex horis aestus creuerit totidem decreseunt, Varr. 1, 9, 19; minuente aestu naves in uadis afflicterentur, Caes. b. g. 3, 12, 1; decessum aestus, 3, 13, 1; luna plena quæ dies maritimos aestus maximos in oceano efficere consuevit, 4, 29, 1; longius delatus aestus, 5, 8, 2; add 6, 31, 3; Sertorius nanctus obscuro noctem aestu secundo uitare proclium conatus est, Sal. ap. Gell. 10, 26, 2; redundantibus cloacis aduerso aestu maris, Sal. ap. Non. 138, 5; aestus maris accedere ac reciprocari, Plin. 2, 212; aestibus solitis subductus Oceanus, Flor. 1, 45 (3, 10); 4. gen. heat (of weather), frigus et aestum, Lucr. 6, 364; (Galli) uitanti aestus causa siluarum petunt propinquitates, Caes. b. g. 6, 30, 3; labore et aestu languidis, Sal. Iud. 51, 3; medio aestu, Verg. G. 1, 297 and 8; oleamque monasteria aestus, Hor. ep. 1, 8, 5; (notam urbem) nulla umbra defensam grauiore aestu ardere, Tac. an. 15, 43 f.; 5. esp. in pl., ad frigora atque aestus uitandos, Caes. b. g. 6, 22; Aestibus at mediis..., Verg. G. 3, 331; neque frigora neque aestus facile tolerabat, Suet. Aug. 81; 6. heat of fever etc., conficit animam Vis uolneris, uleeris aestus, poet. ap. Cic. Tusc. 2, 19; homines aegri...cum aestu febrique iactantur, Cic. Cat. 1, 31; Cum furit...febris Profuit incensos aestus aetere, Verg. G. 3, 459; 7. emanation (of other kinds), aestus ab undis Aequoris, exsor mero-mo, Lucr. 6, 925; fluere e lapide hoc (the magnet) Semina siue aestum qui..., 6, 1003; II 8. met. chiefly fin movement of the sea, tide, strong current, repente te quasi quidam aestus ingenti tui proci a terra arripuit atque in altum...abstraxit, Cic. or. 3, 145; Br. 282; leg. 2, 9; belli,

Lucr. 5, 1435; ut pelagi (Venus), sic pectoris adiunct aestum, Ov. her. 15 (16), 25; uario neququam fluctuat aestu, Verg. 12, 486; 4, 532; 8, 19; 9. aesti as gen., Pac. ap. Non. 484, 13.

Aesūla, ae, f. a town, colonia, near Tibur, Hor. od. 3, 29, 6.

Aesulānus, adj. of Aesula, Liv. 26, 9, 9; Plin. 3, 69.

Aesulūm, f. n. = Aesula, Vell. 1, 14, 8.

aetas, fātis, f. [older aetatis, wh. implies an adv. neuōs aged; see aeuom] age, time of life, si morbus aenitasu-uuium escit, qui in ius uocabit, iumentum dato, XII tab. ap. Gell. 20, 1, 25; parua aetate, CIL 34; uiridis aetas, 1009; Non omnis aetas, Lyde, Iudo conuenit, Pl. Bac. 1, 2, 21; illa aetas magis ad haec utenda idoneat, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 8; aetas illa qua tuum fuit, Cic. Rab. perd. 26; 2. in itself means neither youth nor old age; the context decides this, aetate non quis optuerit, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 154; Dum aetas metus magister prohibent, Itast, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 154; 3. as to division of age, Varr. V gradus aetatis aequabiliter putat esse diuisos...Primo gradu usque annum XV pueros; secundo ad XXX annos adulescentes...; in tertio gradu qui erant usque XLV annos, iuniores; in quarto adulesce LX annos, seniores; inde...senes, Censor. 14, 2; cf. Gell. 10, 28, 1; 4. gen. aetatis w. neut. pron.; hoc, istud, illud, id, quid, quod, idem, at this [etc.] age or time of life, hinc me aetatis lulos his factum indignos? Pl. Bac. 5, 1, 4; Propter eosdem quorum causa fui hoc aetate exercitus, Pl. Tr. 4, 3, 8 (so Non. 192, 21, who did not see that aetate was a gen.); Ego istuc a-tatis..., Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 58; illuc aetatis, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 56; Quid tibi ego aetatis uideor? Pl. Merc. 2, 2, 19; id aetatis, Cic. rep. 3, 41; Verr. 2, 1, 66 etc.; quod aetatis sum, uobis approbatum me uixisse gaudeo, Apol. M. 10, 8; cum ceteris idem aetatis nobilibus, Tac. an. 13, 16, 1; cf. id temporis, Cic. fin. 5, 1; hoc noctis, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 2; 5. aetas for men of the age mentioned, non militaris modo aetatis aut iuri tantum sed feminae puerique..., Liv. 28, 19, 13; omnis aetas currere obuii, Liv. 27, 51, 1; populi Romani sexum aetatem ordinem omnem...affudisse se, Suet. Gal. 4; 6. a man's life, quicum aetatem degerim, Pl. Cist. 1, 1, 79; in compeditibus aetatem agunt, Cato ap. Gell. 11, 18, 18; contriui in querendo uitam atque aetatem meam, Nunc exaeta aetate..., Ter. Ad. 5, 4, 15; cum uio aetatem agere uiro, Ter. Haut. 2, 4, 12; add Hoc 2, 1, 10; 3, 1, 4; aeta aetas honeste ac splendide, Cic. Tusc. 3, 61; aetatem in libris contere, Cic. leg. 1, 53; ultimum tempus aetatis, Cic. fin. 2, 87; add sen. 33; 7. the age in which a man lives, his generation, (non) procul ab aetatis huius memoria, Cic. rep. 1, 1; herolicis aetatibus, Cic. Tusc. 5, 7; summos oratores illius aetatis, Cic. div. 2, 88; Br. 333; aetate nostra—in our days, in our time—Plin. 16, 242; Sen. N. Q. 7, 23, 1; 8. hence aetatem as an adv. one's whole life, or rather vaguely, an age\*, a century, do loquem testem tibi, Te aetatem impune habiturum, Pl. Ps. 1, 5, 100; Aetatem uelim seruire ut..., As. 2, 2, 8 etc.; Quid, malum me aetatem censes nolle id adimplurier? Ter. Haut. 4, 3, 38; an abiit iam a milite? Iamduum, aetatem\*, Eun. 4, 5, 8; add Hec. 5, 1, 21; Quod solis uapor aetatem (in the course of an age) non posse uidetur Efficere, Lucr. 6, 236; 9. an age or generation, averaging some 30 years, (Nestor) tertiam iam aetatem hominum uiuebat, Cic. sen. 31; Altera iam teritur bellis ciuilibus aetas, Hor. epod. 16, 1; on a grander scale, nixi Annos bis centum; nunc tertia uiuitur aetas, Ov. M. 12, 188; 10. the men themselves of an age, a generation, quid nos dura refugimus Aetas? Hor. od. 1, 35, 34; (Romani) Impia perdemus denoti sanguinis aetas, Hor. epod. 16, 9; Disce tamen, niens aetas, Ov. F. 6, 639; add 1, 246; 11. of the four ages of the world, Aurea prima sata est aetas, Ov. M. 1, 89; cf. argentea proles, 1, 114; aenea, 1, 121; de duro est ultima ferro, 1, 127; decolor aetas, Verg. S. 326; 12. time generally (esp. the longer one lives), Quod illos sat aetas acuet, Ter. Ad. 5, 3, 49; Quin res, aetas, usus semper aliquid adportet noui, 5, 4, 2; omnia fert aetas, aimum quoque, Verg. B. 9, 51; quid crastina uoluerit aetas, Scire nefas, Stat. Th. 3, 561; 13. esp. long time, length of

years, Nee si quid olim lusi Anacreon, Doleuit aetas, Hor. od. 4, 9, 9; 14. age of non-living things, (olei), Plin. 15, 7; (Falerii), 23, 34; 14, 74; aedificiorum, Papin. dig. 30, 58; 15. aetati tuae—tibi, (but why?), sibi inimicus maris quist quam aetati tuae, Pl. Men. 4, 3, 1; uae aetati tuae, Capt. 4, 2, 105; aliquid tulisse, madi Capiti atque aetati illorum, Ter. Hee. 3, 1, 54; 16. phrases, aetatem bene (male) ferre, to carry one's years well (said of a vigorous old man), Sen. ep. 88, 6; Petr. 43; and met. of wine, bibite Falernum hoc; annorum XL est. Bene inquit aetatem fert, Cic. ap. Macr. s. 2, 3, 2; 17. in aetate, at times, occasionally, in aetate uile, Pl. Trin. 1, 1, 2; Vtriusque, Lesbonice, in aetate ban bonumst, 2, 4, 61; 18. besides ordin. gen. aetatum, aetatum in Liv. 4, 43, 5; 9, 17, 7; 26, 9, 13; Vell. 2, 89, 1; but not Gell. 14, 1, 27; Suet. Aug. 31.

**aetati-ula**, ae, f. dim. age (in speaking of the young), si illum inseruilibus solum, Dum tibi nunc haec aetatulast, in senecta (pron. senta) male querere, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 60; Atque ambas forma scitula atque aetatulast, Rud. 4, 1, 3 etc.; Quis uostrorum fuit integra aetatulast (opp. to anus), Caecil. ap. Gell. 2, 23, 10, 1, 13; in priuvis puerorum aetatulast, Cic. fin. 5, 55; primam illam aetatulast suam, Cic. har. 42, 3; puerae quae sinit aetatulast ludere, Varr. ap. Non. 156, 13; ut paruas aetatulast indulgeret, Suet. Claud. 16.

**aeternabilis**, e, adj. lasting for ever, eternal, diuitia, Acc. ap. Non. 475, 25; Th. C. 7, 13, 14; domus, 10, 3, 5.

**aeternalis**, e, adj. eternal, somnus, inser. Or. 1192; domus, 4518; luctus, 4604; lex, Tert. Ind. 6.

**aeternitas**, atis, f. eternity, quaedam ab infinito tempore aet., Cic. N. D. 1, 21; add 1, 114; 3, 14; in aeternitate temporum, Tac. Agr. 40; 2. esp. as attributed by flattery to and assumed by the Emperors, rogatus domine... per aeternitatem tuam, Plin. 10, 83 (87); aeternitatem nostram, Th. C. 10, 22, 3; 3. in pl. aeternitatibus, on a coin, Eckh. 7, 278.

**aeterno**, are, vb. make eternal, immortalize, litteris ac laudibus, Varr. ap. Non. 75, 17; tuas Augustae uirtutes in aeternum... aeternet, Hor. od. 4, 14, 5.

**aeternus**, (old acui ternus?) adj. [aeternum], everlasting, eternal, in domum aeternam patris, Aec. 671 R; Aeterna templa caeli, ap. Varr. 1, 6, 2, 1; deum beatum et aeternum, Cic. fin. 2, 88; qui quicquam quod ortum sit putet aeternum esse posse, Cic. N. D. 1, 20; non modo non aeternum sed ne diuturnum quidem gloriam adsequi possumus, Cic. rep. 6, 23; aeterni sidera mundi, Lucr. 5, 514; add 5, 402; Soli aeterno pro aeternitate imperii, Septimii Severi, inser. Or. 910; 2. w. exaggeration, Speroque me hunc ob nuntium aeternum aeternum cibum, Pl. Capt. 4, 1, 13; Aeternum\* tibi (monos); or Aeternum (tibi) dapinabo (dapinabo, Lind. as if the vowel were long?) uictum, si uera autumnas, 4, 2, 118; but stulta's plane (Quae illam tibi aeternum putes fore auicem et benivolentem, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 40; At nunc dehinc spero aeternam inter nos gratiam Fore Thais, Ter. Eun. 5, 2, 33; aeternum...; hinc aeternum\*, quod factum est aeternum, Varr. 1, 6, 3, p. 194 Sp.; quid aeternum minorem Consilii animi fatigat? Hor. od. 2, 11, 11; 3. esp. in flattery of emperors, immortal, as aeternus Augustus) on coins of Trajan, 6, 423 Eckhel, and Hadrian, 6, 478; aeternorum principum delicatas, gesta in sen. de rec. Th. C. ; add Th. C. 4, 30; 4. aet. domus, sedes, of the grave, Suae gnatae si-bique (pronounced si-que) uxor constituit (domum) Aeternam ubi omnes pariter aeternum degerent, Chl. 1008, 20; Ditis aeterna domus, 1009, 22; add 1059, 6; per aeternitatem hominum domum Tellurum propeto gradum, Varr. sat. 23, 7 R; recipe me aeterna domo, Non exiturum, Sen. Phaedr. 1250; add inser. Or. 71; 5. aet. urbs, of Rome, Romulus aeternae nondum firmauerat uis Moenia, Tib. 2, 5, 23; ob instauratos urbi aeternae muros..., inser. Or. 71; 6. in aeternum, for ever, quia dilatat quin in (now addit) aeternum urbe condita, in immensum crescente..., Liv. 4, 4, 4; urbem in aeternum conditam, 28,

28, 11; 36, 6, 4; non in praesens tantum sed in aeternum, Plin. pan. 35; add Iust. 3, 4, 17; 7. aeternum, the same, Verg. 6, 400 and 617; 8. aeterno as adv. always, aeterno hunc fontem ignem contigit fra-xinus, Plin. 2, 240.

**aethalis**, adj. sooty, black, uarum genus, Plin. 14, 74.

**aether**, Æris, or, Æros m. [aeth-w burn] the (supposed) region of fire, above our atmosphere (where dwell the stars, as living beings), mundi continuata natura est, nam ex terra aqua, ex aqua oritur aer, ex aere aether, deinde retror-sum..., Cic. N. D. 2, 84; (aera) completitur immensus aether qui constat ex altissimis ignibus, 2, 91; 2, 101 and 117; terrae... pondus; Inde mare, inde aer, inde aether ignifer ipse, Lucr. 5, 498; Clamor ad caelum uolens per aethra uagit, Enn. ap. Varr. 1, 7, 5, p. 381 Sp.; nec iam amplius aethere nostro (as a god) Vescitur, Stat. Th. 1, 237; 2. as the source of life and soul, Mater terrae; parit ea corpus; animam(que) aether alit, Pac. ap. Non. 75, 11; Id quod nostri caelum memorant, Grai per-hibent aethra; Quicquid est hoc omnia animat, Pacuv. ap. Varr. 1, 5, 30; Cic. N. D. 2, 91 and div. 1, 131;

3. at times in poets, sky or air, (aer) liquidum trans aethra aetiae, Verg. 7, 65; gelidique sub aetheris aë, 8, 28; but in Lucr. 2, 1115 Lachmann (by a good c.) aeraque aer; 4. the upper air, as opp. to Tartarus, quam uelent aethere in alto Nunc et pampierum et duos perferre labores! Verg. 6, 436; 5. fire, light, simul aethere plena cornu Pallas, Val. F. 5, 182; 6. Aether as a god, qui nescimus Soli an Aetheri seruamus, Cic. ac. 2, 126; Aether et Dies cornique fratres..., Cic. N. D. 3, 44; add 53 and 54; imbres ubi eos parit Aether In gremium matris terrae praecipitant, Lucr. 1, 250; add Verg. 6, 2, 325.

**aether-ius**, (e-us) adj. of aether or the region of fire, caelestem enim altissimum aetheriacum naturam, id est igneam, quae per sese omnia generat..., Cic. N. D. 2, 126; Sidera... aetheris adfixa caernis, Lucr. 4, 391; astris, Verg. 5, 518 and 838; summa pars caeli, quae aethra dicitur, et sumum retinet ardorem tenuem, Cic. N. D. 2, 117; Post ignem aethra domo Subductum, Hor. od. 1, 3, 29; 2. of aether, as the source of spiritual power, aetheros (so Michel) animo conceperat ignes, Or. F. 1, 473; Se-dibus aetheris spiritus ille uenit, 3, 550; 3. less correctly of the air or atmosphere, in aetheris... nubibus aethra, Lucr. 4, 182; aethrae aqua, Ov. F. 1, 682; 4. of the upper air, as opp. to Tartarus, si nescitur aura Aethra (Lachm. c.), aethra—male) neque adhuc crudelibus occultat umbris, Verg. 1, 551; quantum (quercus) uertice ad auras (oras Lachm. c.) Aetherias, tantum radice in Tartara tendit, 4, 446; cf. Lachm. Lucr. 3, 405; 5. a comp. fulgore aetherei nitement, Iul. Val. Alex. 3, 68 (Mai.).

**aethra**, ae, f. = aether, (nubila) nideantur surgere in aethram, Lucr. 6, 406; but in Cic. N. D. 2, 117 aethra; 2. a fiery or bright sky, oceanumque rubra tractat obruit aethra, Enn. ap. Macr. 6, 4, 19; lucidus aethra Sidera polus, Verg. 3, 585; (wh. Serv. aethra aetheris splendorem); rubra Iouis alas in aethra, 12, 247; liquida non ullis nubibus aethra, Sil. 4, 103.

**aetiologia**, ae, f. the study of causes, Isid. 2, 21; but in Sen. ep. 65, 65 ethologia.

**ætitas**, ae, m. the eagle-stone, said to be found in the eagle's nest, Plin. 10, 12; 39, 139; 39, 149; cf. Ael. 1, 35.

**ætitis**, ilis, f. a jewel, perh. the same, Plin. 37, 187.

**ætiōma**, ae, f. [ætiōma aros n.] gable of a building, ad extraction(em) aetomae, inser. Or. 3290; scholam cum aetoma, 1010.

**aeuitas**, see aetas.

**aeuiternus**, see aeternus.

**Aeuus**, a cognomen, M. Itonius C. I. Aeuus, inser. Mur. 957, 9.

**aeuom**, (-um) i, n. (aeuos\*, i, m. in old L.) [augeo, itself for a lost a-eg-co = æt-æ-w, i.e. perh. a-Fe-æ-w and so one w. our wax, grow] lit. growth, Crescit occulto uelut arbor aëno Fama Marcelli, Hor. od. 1, 12, 45; 2. æge, deos æui

integros, Enn. ap. Serv. A. 9, 255, whence Verg. integer auri; Crescente aevo, CIL 1009, 8; meum si quis te percontabitur aenum, Hor. ep. 1, 20, 26; aevo confectus, Verg. 11, 85; grandis aeo, Iuppiter...per quem nimium uitalem aenum?, Pl. Poen. 5, 4, 14; Qui tum uinebant homines atque aenum agitabant, Eun. ap. Cic. Brut. 58; add Eun. ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 28; aenum agere, Pac. ap. Cic. Tusc. 2, 49; non aevo exacto, CIL 1202; in aevo, during life, Lucr. 3, 337; expellitur aeuo, 3, 358; genus humanum...aeui brevis, Sal. Iug. 1, 1; Ter aevo functus (Nestor), Hor. od. 2, 9, 13; omne aeui spatium, Vell. 2, 80, 6; 4. the age in which one lives, a generation, trahentes Perniciem reniens in aeuum, Hor. od. 3, 5, 16; proximi nostri aeui, Vell. 2, 36, 5; nostro aevo, Plin. 2, 57 and 92; sed de quibus consensu aeui (of those living) iudicauerit, haec sunt, Plin. 14, 72; 5. in pl., ages, simulacrum tot aeui in corruptum, 14, 9; durante aeui tecta, 16, 156; 6. gen. time, omneim\* per aeuom\*, Lucr. 3, 605; longum mansura per aeuum, CIL 1220, 7; in omne aeuum, Hor. od. 3, 11, 36; ad hoc aeui, Plin. 7, 137; 7. in aeuum aeternit, for ever, Hor. od. 4, 14, 3; in aeuum propagabantur, Plin. 35, 4.

af, old form of ab, see ab § 11.

**Afer**, Afra, Afrum, pl. Afri, a people of Africa, near Carthage, si Afri uirtute adipsi licet ciuitatem, Cic. Balb. 41; sitientis libinus Afros, Verg. B. 1, 65; Dirus per urbes Afer, of Hannibal, Hor. od. 4, 4, 42; 2. in poets, of things of Africa for Africanus, aequora, Ov. F. 4, 289; litus, Ov. her. 7, 169; murex, Hor. od. 2, 16, 35; cochlea, Hor. s. 2, 4, 58; auis, guinea-fowl, Hor. epod. 2, 53; Iuv. 11, 142; uolucres, same, Petr. poet. 93; so Nomas, Mart. 9, 75, 8; 3. rare in prose, si quis Afrum uel Hispanum Latinae orationi inserat, Quint. 1, 5, 8; 4. a cognomen, Domitius Afer, Quint. 5, 7, 7.

**affaber**, bra, brum, adj. [faber, but how formed?] skilfully made, artistic, affabrum fabrefactum, Paul. ex F. p. 28 M; acknowledged by Prisc. 2, 68, 22 K; affaber  $\epsilon\pi\epsilon\chi\epsilon\mu\epsilon\iota$ , Gloss. Labb.; 2. skilful, litteras affabra rerum uel natura uel industria peperit, Symm. c. 3, 17; affabre, adv. artistically, (nullus deus) paulo magis affabre atque antiquo artificio factus, Cic. Verr. 1, 14.

**affabilis**, (adj.) e, adj. [affa-ris] can be spoken to, easy of access for this purpose, affabile, mediator esse affabilis, Ter. Ad. 5, 6, 8; in omni sermone omnibus affabilem, Cic. off. 1, 113; nec dictu affabilis ulli, Verg. 3, 621; alius affabilior, alius fauendior, Sen. ep. 79, 96.

**affabilitas**, atis, f. affability, sermonis, Cic. off. 2, 48; 2. affabiliter, adv. with affability, ab imperatore a. susceptus, Macr. s. 7, 2, 11; a. est allocutus, Spart. Carac. 3, 2; affabilitissime, Gell. 16, 3, 5.

**affabrē**, see affaber.

**affabrico**, āre, vb. [affaber] work up artistically, conuassato secunda et affabricata natura, Aug. Mus. 6, 7.

**affāmen**, inis, n. [affa-ris] address, salutation, blando mulcentis affamine, Apul. M. 11, 7; add 11, 30.

**affaniae**? arum, f. pl. nonsense, Apul. M. 9, 10, 10, 10; (both dub.).

**af-fāri**, fatur (adj.) vb. rfl. [ad, fari] speak to, address, always courteously, licet mihi isdem uersibus affari te quibus affatur Flammium ille ur..., Cic. sen. 1; illius libri quo me affatus quasi iacentem excitant, Cic. Brut. 13; cum hunc nomine esset affatus, ib. 253; Tages diuiter existisse repente et cum affatus esse qui arabat, Cic. div. 2, 50; add Cic. Phil. 2, 33; affare superbum, Verg. 4, 424; hostem supplex, Curt. 4, 11, 19; blandique affata pauentem, Stat. Ach. 1, 251; add § 83; 2. esp. in religious use, Adfaturque deos, Verg. 2, 720; but in Ov. F. 6, 393 Merkel has Praefatur; 3. of a last farewell, nec te...Adfari extremum miserae data copia matri, 9, 484; add 2, 644; 3, 492; sic tristis affatus amicos, Hor. od. 1, 7, 24; 4. pass. in Varr. l. 6, 7, p. 229 Sp. corrupt; refer to Apul. M. 11, 265 wrong; in Acc. ap. Macr. s. 6, 1, 56, the corrected text has fari.

**affātum**, (adj.) adv. [lit. ad fatim, from a lost sb. fatis, implied too in fateor; lit. one says enough] to satiety, fully enough, to one's heart's content, affatum dictum a copia fatendi, siue abundanter...Linus (Andr.) affatum edi bibi lute, Terentius (?) affatum dixit pro eo quod est ad lassitudinem, Paul. ex F. p. 11 M; cf. Serv. ad A. 1, 127; Prisc. 2, 75, 7 K; quid 'st quod male sit tibi cui domi sit quod uis quod amas affatum, Pl. Poen. 4, 2, 45; tibi dimiturum\* affatumst, Mil. 4, 1, 33; Affatum Mne-locho est curae\*, Bac. 3, 93; add Trin. 5, 2, 61; Men. 3, 1, 12\*; satellites...Tum iocore optimo farta et satiata affatum (the culture), Cic. poet. Tusc. 2, 24; HS lxxii satis esse, affatum prorsus, Cic. Att. 16, 1, 5; isdem seminihus homines affatum uescuntur, Cic. N. D. 2, 127; puto me Picearcho affatum satisfecisse, Cic. Att. 2, 16, 3; ad hoc commentum affatum, Sal. Iug. 43, 3; frumentum et alia a. praebita, 54, 6; (bubus) lupini modios... (dare conuenit) et super haec affatum paleas, Colum. 6, 3, 4; add 9, 13, 2; ad obsequium sustinendum copiarum\* affatum esse, Liv. 34, 37, 5; add 32, 16, 10\*; 34, 26, 10\*; add Plin. 17, 216; praeterita et instantia (quorum affatum copia) ac uouos terrores cumulat, Tac. an. 4, 60; caenae affatum piscatum, Apul. M. 1, 24 f.; add 9, 10 f.; and de deo Socr. 14; 2. often w. gen., marked\*.

**affātus**, (adj.) ūs, m. speaking to, address, Verg. 4, 284; Stat. silu. 2, 4, 7; Sen. Med. 187; Sil. 17, 341; 2. under late empire, sacri affatus, imperial rescripts, cod. Iust. 7, 51, 6; Th. C. 1, 1, 5; 7, 3, 2.

**affectatio**, (adj.) ōnis, f. striving after, a passion for, philosophia sapientiae amor est affectatio, Sen. ep. 89, 4; decoris, Plin. 11, 154; circa (Corinthum aed.) 34, 6; frigida et puerrilis, Quint. 4, 1, 77; nimiae subtilitatis, pr. 24; 2. absol. in a bad sense, a striving for effect, affectation, nihil est odiosius affectatione, ib. 1, 6, 40; quidquid huc sit affectum, id esse affectationis et ambitiosae in loquendo iactantia, 12, 10, 40.

**affectator**, (adj.) ōris, m. one who strives after, iusti amoris, Eutrop. 10, 7; imperii, Flor. 1, 23 (2, 7); regni, Quint. 5, 13, 24; libertatis, 6, 2, 16; nimius risus aff. 6, 3, 3; doctrinarum, Amm. 21, 16, 4.

**affectatō-ix**, f. one who strives for effect, Tert. praescr. 7.

**affectio**, (adj.) ōnis, f. action on, affection, gen. of a temporary character, aff. est animi aut corporis ex tempore aliqua de causa commutatio ut laetitia...morbus..., Cic. inv. 1, 36; impulsio est quae per quandam affectionem animi facere aliquid hortatur, ut amor, iracundia..., 2, 17; add 2, 176; 2. also permanent, uita affectionis sunt inuicem, Cic. Tusc. 4, 30; uirtus est a. animi constans, 4, 34; 3. hence condition, state, astrorum a. ualeat si tuis ad quasdam res, Cic. fat. 8; fac in puero referre ex qua affectione caeli primum spiritum duxerit, Cic. div. 2, 99—cf. caelo affecto compositisque sideribus § 98; 4. absol. affection, love, feeling, simiarum generi praecipua erga fetum affectio, Plin. 8, 216; laetas inter audientium affectiones, Tac. an. 4, 13; add Germ. 5 f.; Artemisia uirum amasse fertur...ultra affectionis humanae fidem, Gell. 10, 18, 1; his qui sanctissima affectione ducti adoptarent, Ulp. dig. 1, 7, 17, 1; pietati tribuens nō affectioni, 11, 7, 14, 7; 5. in pl. those for whom affection is felt, relatives, affectionibus nauiculariorum, Th. C. 13, 9, 3.

**affectiōsus**, adj. having feelings, infantia, Tert. anim. 19; 2. affectiose, adv. with feeling, Ser. ad B. 9, 27.

**affecto**, (adj.) āre, vb. frq. keep making for; w. uiam or iter, keep making a way to, strive after, scio quam rem agat, Ut me deponat nūm, eam affectat uiam, Pl. Aul. 3, 6, 38; uideo quam rem agis. Quae comissi ut me defrudes, ad eam rem affectas uiam, Pl. Men. 4, 3, 12; Nam disciplinat eisdem munnerari Ancillas primum, ad dominas qui affectant uiam, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 60; quod iter affectet uidetis, Cic. Rose. Am. 140; uiamque affectat Olympo, Verg. G. 4, 562; 3. absol. make for, strive after, aim at, munditiam, non adflectiam adfectabat, Nep. Att. 13, 5; in uerbis quaedam similitudo non tam affectanda quam illae superiores, Cornif. ad Her. 4, 30; dominationes, Sal. ap. Aug. civ. D. 3, 17; ciuitates...formidine

affectare, Sal. Ing. 66, 1; honorem, 64, 4; regnum, Liv. 1, 46, 2; caelum, Ov. Am. 8, 51; caelestia regna, Pont. 4, 8, 59; immortalitatem, Curt. 4, 7, 31; 4. somewhat vaguely, potiusdne Africæ spem, Liv. 28, 18, 10; spes affectat easdem, Ov. M. 5, 377; 5. w. inf. strive (to), flagitia... Quibus patrem et me teque amicosque omnis affectatus ad probrum... appellere, Pl. Bac. 3, 1, 10; Non ego sideres affecto tangere sedes, Ov. a. a. 2, 39; add Quint. 5, 10, 28; 10, 1, 97; Stat. Th. 1, 132; Sil. 4, 138; 6. affectatus, laboured, prepared for effect, quicquid studio paratur. ut affectata et parum naturalia solent improbare, Quint. 11, 3, 10; as a nil. phrase, work one's way to, march to, Hi gladiatorio animo ad me affectat uiam, Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 71; 7. met. affected, not real, castitas, Plin. pan. 20; 8. affectat, adv. studiously, Lamp. Hel. 17, 4.

**affector**, (adf.) āri, vb. r. strive after, aim at, regnum, Varr. ap. Dion. 382, 4 K; ad mulierem, Apul. herb. 15.

**affectu-ōsus**, adi. full of affection or love, affectionate, Cassiod. ep. 5, 2; Tert. Marc. 5, 14; affectuōse, Serv. ad B. 9, 27; ref. to Maer. 3, 2, 11 wrong.

1. **affectus**, (adf.) ūs, m. action on: 1. of the mind, affection, feeling, passion, animi, Cic. Tusc. 5, 47; Ov. tr. 5, 2, 8; mentis, 4, 3, 32; 2. absol. affectu tacto lactaris, Ov. M. 7, 147; dubiis affectibus, 8, 473; duo signa diuersos affectus exprimentia, Plin. 34, 70; artifices scēci qui imitantur affectus, Sen. ep. 11, 7; affectus nostros (of love for Trajan) cohibere, Plin. pan. 79; 3. a temporary affection as opp. to a permanent disease of the mind, effugisse morbos animi, affectus nondum, Sen. ep. 75, 10; morbus est iudicium in prauo pertinax... affectus motus animi improbables, subiti et concitati, 75, 11 and 12;

4. of the body, affection, (morbis regius, comitalis...), in quibus affectibus... Cels. 2, 15, p. 61, 10; Dar; supersunt alii corporis affectus, 3, 18, 1; 5. an object of affection, a loved one, carissimis orbatu affectibus, Apul. degm. Pl. 2, 22; nec in eius liberis aut affectus scēuit, Vulcae, Gall. Avid. Cass. 7, 5; nec (in) eius affectus scēuit, Capitol. Anton. ph. 24, 9; milites quorum adiectus in Albano monte erant, Capitol. Maxim. 23, 6;

2. **affectus**, part. of adfici.

**af-fēro**, (adf.) fere, at tūdi, allatus (adf.) vb. bear to, bring to, carry to, argentum, Pl. Pers. 4, 4, 123; gladium, Ps. 1, 3, 115; aquam, Mil. 4, 8, 22; epistulas, Tr. 3, 3, 58; lumen, Enn. ap. Cic. div. 1, 40; litteras, Cic. Manil. 4; Caes. b. g. 5, 49, 4; tabulas testamenti, b. e. 3, 108; sestertium sexages, 1, 23; 2. esp. affero manus, lay hands on, oft. w. violence, hisse rebus manus non dubitasti? Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 101; manus socio, Cic. off. 1, 23; meis uulneribus manus (manum?) in this use, Cic. Att. 3, 15, 2; add Caecin. 49; Verr. 2, 1, 47 and 67; cf. qui sibi laque(eo) manus (attulissent), CIL 1418 (by happy ej.); and met. beneficio suo manus adfert, Sen. ben. 2, 5, 3; 3. and what is akin, uim in corpus liberum non acuum censurare adferri, Cat. ap. Gell. 9, 12, 7; illae uim —offer uolunt—Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 67; paucos praesidio armato uim allatu, Liv. 9, 16, 4; mortem filio tuo, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 118; 4. bring in, esp. contribute (to our advantage), quid ones aliud adferunt nisi ut eorum uillis homines uentiantur? Cic. N. D. 2, 158; agros fertiles qui multo plus afferunt (al. effertur; perh. referunt) quam acceperunt, Cic. off. 1, 48; and met. nihil afferunt qui... negant, Cic. sen. 17; 5. w. abstract words wh. refer to concrete, ut ne quid dotis mea ad te adferret filia, Pl. Aul. 2, 2, 30; dotem, Cato ap. Gell. 17, 6, 1; sed mihi opus erat Aliquantulum quae adferret, Ter. Ph. 4, 3, 50; 6. of one unable or unwilling to use his own legs, utel is ad sese (the praetor) ueniat aut adferatur coram eo quei postulantur?, CIL 108, 40; and perh. in forum (aeger) ad consules adfertur (Madv. defertur), Liv. 2, 36, 6; 7. a man carries himself, but not another commonly, (Iouis) iussu nunc huc me adfero, Pl. Amph. 3, 4, 6; laud auspicato huc me attuli, Ter. Andr. 4, 5, 12; cum sese a moenibus heros Piramides adfert, Verg. 3, 346; auinisque uolentibus urbem adferimus, Verg. 7, 217; cf. Attuli hunc (sc. Charinum). Quid? Attulisti? Adixi uolui dicere, Pl. Ps. 2, 4, 21; 8. often w. abstr. acc. amonitates, Pl. St. 2,

1, 5; gaudium, 2, 1, 23; salutem, Cic. fam. 4, 3, 3; dignitatem et gloriam, 10, 3, 3; quantos afferat easus fortuna, Caes. b. g. 6, 35, 2; diffcultatem, 7, 10, 1; desperationem, Caes. b. e. 1, 11, 3; multa tempus diemque adferre posse, Liv. 42, 50, 3; 9. esp. bring news (s. epistulas, litteras of § 1), nuntium, Cic. Rose. Am. 19; qui de me rumores afferunt, Cic. fam. 16, 21, 2; crebri ad eum rumores afferebantur, Caes. b. g. 2, 1, 1; nuntio allato de uictoria, 5, 53, 7; add 6, 36, 2; 10. absol., first w. acc. and int., bring word, Caelum ad illam attulisse, se aurum quacore, Cic. Cael. 53; trepidi nuntii legiones Volscorum ingressas fines... attulere, Liv. 6, 31, 3; exploratores attulerunt quietia omnia esse, 8, 17, 7; add 10, 45, 2; 42, 57, 4; 11. w. neut. pron. or adj. Vide... ut mihi haec certa et elara attuleris, Ter. Heec. 5, 4, 1; haud uana attulere, Liv. 4, 37, 6; 12. w. other acc. bring news of, prius eius aduentus uideretur quam nuntius afferretur, Caes. b. g. 6, 30, 2; 13. w. acc. denoting nature of news, alarming or hopeful, miros terrores ad me attulit, Cic. Att. 6, 8, 2; spes ca quae rumoribus afferebatur, 3, 11, 1; 14. bring to (one's) notice, put forward, allego, iustas causas affers, Cic. Att. 11, 15, 1; an actatam afferet? Quadriennio minor est, Cic. or. 2, 364; eius rei multas adferunt causas, Caes. b. g. 6, 22, 3.

**af-ficio**, (adf.) ēre, feci, factus, vb. [ad, facio] do to a great extent, all but finish, bellum affectum uidemus et uere ut dicam, paene confectum, Cic. prov. 19; ut ea quae per eum affecta sunt, perfecta rei publice tradat, ib. 29; affecta sicuti M. Cicero (locutus est), ea proprie dicebantur, quae non ad finem ipsum, sed proxime finem progressa erant, Gell. 3, 16, 19; affecta iam prope aetate (nuba) a sole mitescere, Cic. ap. Gell. 15, 5, 8; aetate affecta, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 95; Iamque hieme affecta mitescere coeperat annus, Sil. 15, 502; see affectus in § 3; 2. hence met. nearly knock up, load heavily, weigh down, fill, Qui praeda agroque adeoque adfecit popularis suos, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 38; uos... nolitis... me laetum lucris adferre, ib. pr. 3; bonis nuntiis, ib. pr. 8; Quis est mortalis tanta (iam) fortuna adfecit unquam, Pl. fragm.; Nam duplum hodie facinus feci, duplicibus spoliis sum adfectus, Bae. 4, 4, 2; 3. esp. w. abstr. abl., aegrimonia, St. 3, 1, 5; laetitia, gaudiis, Poen. 5, 4, 105; horrore, Amph. 5, 1, 6; gloria, 5, 2, 10; aegritudo, Cure. 1, 2, 51; iniuria indigna, Enn. ap. Corn. ad Her. 2, 38; Ter. Ph. 5, 1, 3; ignominia, Cic. Rose. Am. 113; honoribus, Cic. Mil. So; summa difficultate rei frumentariae, Caes. b. g. 7, 17, 3; maxima laetitia, 5, 48, 9; magno dolore, 1, 2, 4; magna difficultate, 7, 6, 2; magno incommodo, 7, 16, 3; 4. hence oft.=vb. suggested by abl., seruitute, Cic. rep. 1, 68 (enslaves); sepultura, Cic. div. 1, 65; morte, Cic. iuv. 1, 35; exilio, Cic. parad. 31; 5. absol. affect seriously, first of body, ut aestus laborque et simul fames sitisque corpora affecerit, Liv. 28, 15, 4; at non intonsum simplex Damasichthona uulnus afficit, Ov. M. 6, 255; pulmo totus afficitur, Cels. 4, 14, 7, 1; 6. of the mind, w. qualifying adv. etc., litterae tuae sic me affecerunt ut, Cic. ad Ant. Att. 14, 13 B, 2; add Mil. 79; uti li qui audirent sic afficerentur animis ut eos affici uellet orator, Cic. or. 1, 87; add Plin. pan. 90; is terror milites hostesque in dinersum affecit, Tac. ann. 11, 19; 7. absol. more seriously, primum est ut adficiamur antequam adferre conemur, Quint. 6, 2, 28; add 11, 3, 66; Corinthia quibus delectatur nec afficitur, Plin. ep. 1, 3, 9;

II **B.** affectus (besides prec. meanings) pointed, armed, endowed, Validos liectores ulmeis adfectos lentis uirgis, Pl. Asin. 3, 2, 29; Tantane affectum quemquam esse hominem audacia, Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 84; animi quemadmodum affecti sint uirtutibus uitiis, artibus inertiis, Cic. partit. 33; omnibus uirtutibus, Cic. Plane. So; aliquo honore aut imperio affectos, Cic. off. 1, 149; optima ualitudine, Cic. Tusc. 4, 81; oculus confuturatus non est probe affectus ad suum munus fungendum, Cic. Tusc. 3, 15; 9. of position, placed (?), numquidnam manus tua sic affecit... desiderat? —but perh. w. notion of feeling—Cic. fin. 1, 39; quomodo caelo affecto compositisque sideribus oriatur, Cic. div. 2, 98;

10. sup. remiges inopia affectissimi (reduced to the lowest state of weakness), Vell. 2, 84, 2.



**afficticius**, (adf.), [adfectus fm adfigo] adj. attached, Varr. r. 3, 12, 1.

**affictio**? a wrong reading in Phaedr. 4, 14, 1.

**affictus**, part. of affligo and affligo.

**af-figo**, (ad-f.) Ære, fixi, fixus or fictus\*, vb. fix to, attach to, affix. Tun me defigas? Te cruci ipsum adfigent propediem aliei, Pl. Pers. 2, 4, 6; Liv. 28, 37, 2; litteram illam (K for kalumniam) ad caput affigunt, Cic. Rose. Am. 57; leporaria afficta nulla, Varr. r. 3, 3, 2; cubilia afficta firmiter, 3, 9, 7; adfigunt anide corpus, Lucr. 4, 1108; add 4, 1242; patibulo, Sal. ap. Non. 366, 14; ensipide ad terram affligit, Liv. 4, 19, 5; radicem terrae, Verg. G. 2, 318; flammam lateri, A. 9, 530; Antialius casus lecto te adfixit, Hor. s. r. 1, 1, 81; humo divinae particulam aurae, 2, 2, 79; oleraster cui adficerant arma, Plin. 16, 109; 2. met. clausulam, quam te addigere animo uolo, Sen. ep. 11, 8; litteras pueris (in their mind), Quint. 1, 1, 25; sine molestia quae ipsi composuerint, animo suo adfigent, 2, 7, 3.

**af-figūro**, Ære, vb. form, Gell. 4, 9, 12.

**Affile**, a town of Latium, Frontin. col. 1, p. 230 Lach.

**af-fingo**, (ad-f.) Ære, nxi, fictus, vb. lit. add as a modeller in clay; hence met. alteri (pupul in oratory) affinxit, de altero limatit, Cic. or. 3, 36; multa natura aut adfigunt aut mutat aut detrahit, Cic. div. 1, 118; 2. esp. add by imagination or fraud (to the truth), ut intellegas in causa quid res ipsa tulerit, quid error adfinxerit, Cic. Chn. 9; ita dicam ut neque nera laus detracta, neque falsa afficta esse uideatur, Cic. Manil. 10; add Phil. 1, 8; adfigunt rumoribus quod res poscere uidebatur, Caes. b. g. 7, 1, 2; 3. attribute or give by invention of the mind, peccat (poeta) cum probi orationem affingit improbo stultone sapientis, Cic. or. 74; Proinde animi iudicium hoc oculis adfingere noli (falsely ascribe), Lucr. 4, 386; 4. for simple vb. invent, forge, feign, affictio ioco, Apul. Met. 1, 17; litteras, 4, 16; lugentium officia, 8, 6.

**affinis**, (ad-f.) e, adj. [finis] bordering on, having a common boundary with, in agnis nichil, Paul. ex F. 11; and so oft. as sb. = a neighbour, Hegio est affinis Nobis, Ter. Ad. 5, 8, 25; Bacehidem Ab nostro adfinem\* exeuntem uideo, Ter. Hec. 5, 9; Massesulii, gens affinis Mauris, Liv. 28, 17, 5; intra milliarium i et ii ar ubi euntibus parte laena inter adfines Vibium Calcearum et populum, inser. Or. 2417; demonstratio adfinium (debet) novos fines inter fundos constituit, Paul. dig. 10, 1, 12; 2. related by marriage, adfines sunt uiri et uxoris cognati., Nomina haec sunt: socer socrus, gener nruus, nouerca ntricus, priuignus priuigna, Mod. 38, 10, 4, 3; Megadorus meus adfinis, Pl. Aul. 3, 4, 13; et geuer et adfines placent, Ter. Haut. 5, 1, 63; ex tam multis cognatis et affinibus, Cic. Clu. 41; me attingit tuum, Cic. sen. grat. 17; parentes et fratres et liberi, Ulp. dig. 3, 3, 35; 3. met. mixed up with, Publicisne adfinis fuit ab maritumis negotiis, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 50; Neque illarum adfinis esse rerum quas fert adolescentia, Ter. Haut. 2, 1, 3; animus nulli minus honestae rationi affinis, Cic. inv. 2, 32; hunc affinem culpae iudicatore, Cic. Rose. Am. 18; huic (facinori) si paucos putatis affines esse, erratis, Cic. Cat. 4, 6; affinis ei noxae, Liv. 39, 14, 4.

**affinitas**, (adf.) ātis, f. 1. neighbourhood, vicinity, cuius appendices pertinent ad cultum propter affinitatem. Si uicina regio..., Varr. r. 1, 16, 1; 2. relationship by marriage, affinitas, ubi adfinitatem inter nos nostram adstrinxeris, Pl. Trin. 3, 2, 73; Nullon ego Chrenetis pacto adfinitatem effugere potero, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 12; caritas generis humani serpit cognationibus primum, tum affinitatibus, Cic. fin. 5, 65; in adfinitatem peruenit imperatoris, Nep. Att. 19, 2; Caes. b. c. 3, 83, 1; 3. as a coll., the whole body of relatives by marriage, patriam deserat Cognatos, adfinitatem amicos, Pl. Trin. 3, 2, 76; 4. met. affinity, litterarum (as of o and u in robur roboris), Quint. 1, 6, 24; (so in φωρ, fur) Gell. 1, 18, 5; a. est corporibus mentibusque, 4, 13, 4.

**affirmatio**, (adf.) ōnis, f. assertion, declaration, est enim ius iurandum adfirmatio religiosa, Cic. off. 3, 104; add Plane. ad Cic. fam. 7, 21, 1; Caes. b. g. 7, 30, 3.

**affirmatiuus**, adj. affirmative—hence allowing for the sake of argument, affirmatiua species... cum in re dubia, quasi sit factum adfirmamus, cum dicimus: Fecerit..., Dion. 396, 15 K.

**affirmator**, ōris, m. one who confirms or adds his testimony, a. et suator, Ulp. dig. 4, 4, 13; add 27, 7, 4, 3; Tert. Marc. 4, 7.

**af-firmo**, (ad-f.) Ære, vb. confirm, propositionis approbatio, per quam id quod breuiter expositum est, rationibus affirmatum probabilius fit, Cic. inv. 1, 67; ea res Troianis spem affirmit, Liv. 1, 1, 10; affirmata eo casu Tullii dies est, 7, 14, 5; haec dicta affirmauerunt auctoritate sua, 26, 24, 7 etc.; 2. prove, give proof of, secula anceps ualentudo iram deum adfirmavit, Tac. an. 14, 22, f.; 3. assent, affirm, say positively, dicendum est mihi, sed ita, nihil ut affirmem, Cic. div. 2, 8; omni tibi asseratione affirmo, Cic. Att. 13, 23, 3; tam ualde, 7, 8, 1; iureiurando, Liv. 29, 23, 5; quis enim rem tam ueterem pro certo affirmet? 1, 3, 2; 4. affirmante? adv. positively, si potuisset praedicti affirmante, Gell. 14, 1, 24; but Hertz potuisset... affirmant; 5. affirmate, adv. positively, distinctly, quod a. quasi deo teste, promiseris, id tenendum est, Cic. off. 3, 104; affirmatiuissime scripserunt, Gell. 10, 12, 9.

**affixio**, ōnis, f. fixing to; but how? in: propages est series uel a. Non. 64, 27; gracilentia quadam affixione, Mart. C. 1, 14, 6, p. 15, 19 Eyss.

**af-flāgo**, (ad-f.) Ære, vb. blaze up; met. in tempore adflagranti (cf. ardente bello), Amm. 21, 12, 23.

**afflātor**, ōris, m. one who blows or breathes upon, Tert. Herm. 32.

**afflatus**, (adf.) ūs, m. blowing upon, (Fanoii) adflatu inuari Indiam, Plin. 6, 58; Deneget afflatus uentus et aura suos, Ov. Ib. 108; 2. oft. of fiery blasts, Fulmen ab ore uenit; frondes afflatibus ardent, Ov. M. 8, 289; ambusti afflatu uaporis, Liv. 28, 23, 4; ignes caelestes adussisse leui afflatu uestimenta, 39, 22, 4; si trunci para secia solis afflatu peraruit, Colum. 4, 24, 5; percussae calidis afflatibus herbae, Stat. Th. 5, 527; 3. of sea air w. its strange effects, (hae uites) maritimo adflatu gaudent, Plin. 14, 32; add 14, 60; 20, 206; 21, 57; 4. of other invisible emanations or influences, adflatu noxio, 4, 89, 6; 55; (perdices) concipiunt superuoluntatium adflatu, 10, 102; (polypti) adflatu terribili canes agebat, 9, 92; add Sil. 6, 159 and 240; 5. esp. of a supposed divine influence or inspiration, nemo uir magnus sine aliquo adflatu diuino umquam fuit, Cic. N. D. 2, 167; uis illa terrae quae mentem Pythiae diuino adflatu comitabat, Cic. div. 1, 38; add 1, 34; 2, 117; 6. aspirate (h), Beoti sine afflatu uocant collis Tebas (= Thebas), Varr. r. 3, 1, 6.

**af-flecto**, (ad-f.) Ære, xi, xus, vb. bend to, Avien. Arat. 734; latus afflexum, Germ. Arat. 191 (dub.).

**afflco**, (ad-f.) Ære, vb. join in weeping, weep with, Et ut addeat, quom ea memoret, Pl. Pers. 1, 3, 37; Vt ridens uis adridet, ita flentibus adflent, Hor. A. P. 101 (so Bentl. w. reason: sss adsumt).

**afflictio**, ōnis, f. the being knocked down; hence met. a. (est) agreditu cum uexatione corporis, Cic. Tusc. 4, 18; add 3, 27; 4, 16.

**afflictator**, ōris, m. one who knocks down—met. Tert. Marc. 5, 16.

**afflictio**, ōnis, f. the being cast down—met. Sen. ad Helv. 17, 5.

**afflicto**, Ære, vb. frq. [affligo] dash down, quos eques et propinquis uulneribus pedes adflctabant, Tac. an. 6, 41 (35); and less directly, Batuas, Tac. h. 4, 79; 2. esp. run (a ship) aground, strand (it), quod minime aestu naues in uadis afflctarentur (grounded), Caes. b. g. 3, 12, 1; onerarias (naues) tempestas afflctabat, 4, 29, 2; add bell. Hisp. 3, 4; 3. knock down, distress, Ne te adflctes, Ter. Eun. 1, 1, 31; met. multo grauius (morbo) afflctitur, Cic. Cat. 1, 21; de quibus acerbissime afflctior, Cic. Att. 11, 1, 1; add Tusc. 3, 66; afflctitur amore, Lucr. 4, 1158; mulieres afflctare sese, manus ad caelum tendere, Sal. Cat. 31, 3.

**afflictor**, ōris, m. one who knocks down, met. dignitatis suae, Cic. Pis. 64.

**afflictr-ix**, (adf.) fēis, adj. or sb, f. [afflictor m.] one who strikes against, ubi nubes adflictrix [so Hild. w. mss; al. afflictr perh. rightly] ignem dat, Apul. mund. 15.

**afflictus** ūs, m. striking against; see prec. word.

**af-figo**, (adf.) fēre, xi, etus, vb. [ab= S. aya, down: or perh. ad in § 2] dash down, dash to the ground. Ne sis me uno digito attingeris: ne te ad terram seclis affligam, Pl. Pers. 5, 2, 15; cedo manum: nolo equidem te addigi\* (al. aff.) throw yourself down (as drunk), Pl. Most. 1, 4, 18; Catuli monumentum, Cic. Caes. 78; statuam, Cic. Pis. 93; huius domum, Cic. dom. 106; si quo adflictae casu (alces) conderunt, Caes. b. g. 6, 27, 2; infirmas arbores pondere adflicunt\*, 6, 27, 5; ubi scalae comminutae, qui supersteterant afflicti sunt, Sal. Jug. 60, 7; terraeque (Cygnum) adflicxit\* Achilles, Ov. M. 12, 139; (lupinum) frigidibus affligitur, Colum. 2, 10, 2; (arborum) senio aut tempestate afflicti, 5, 6, 1; deceptam imaginem solo adflicxit\*, Tac. h. 1, 41; pocula, Sen. ira 1, 19, 4; 2. a. nauem, dash against (rocks), wreck, damage, prope omnes nauis afflictae atque in littore eiectae esse, Caes. b. g. 5, 10, 2; tempestas naues Rhodias afflixit, b. c. 3, 27, 2; add b. g. 4, 31, 2; nauem undae affligebat, Liv. 24, 34, 11; and met. nec tuas rationes ad cos scupulos appulisses ad quos S. Titii afflicti, nauem... uideres, Cic. Rab. per. 25; 3. met. knock down, often opposed to words of lifting up, oratoris esse... rem augere laudando utimur quando rursus affligere, Cic. Brut. 47; si hunc uestris sententiis afflixeritis, Cic. Mar. 88; uictualia huius difficultatibus affliguntur, Cic. agr. 2, 83; Pompeius ipse afflixit, Cic. Att. 2, 19, 2; Turletanum bello afflixit, Liv. 28, 39, 11; afflicti ciuitatem pestilentiali, 3, 6, 5; Asia afflixit morbus, Plin. 34, 148; 4. esp. of the mind, animos adflicunt\* et debilitant metu, Cic. Tusc. 4, 34; afflicti luctu, Cic. Phil. 9, 32; maerore, Cic. Cat. 2, 2; aegritudine, Cic. Tusc. 4, 35; maestitia, Cic. Phil. 12, 2; 5. absol. hunc afflictiorem erexit\*, Cic. Man. 23; excitare\* afflicti, Cic. or. 1, 32, 1, 169; ut me leuaret\*, tuus aduentus, sic discessus afflixit, Cic. Att. 12, 50; uidetis hominem per se ipsum afflicti optimatum discordiis excitari\*, Cic. har. resp. 50; Adflicti\* uitam in tenebris luctuque trahebam, Verg. 2, 92; 6. afflicti, as adj. prostrate, ruined, dejected, see † above; 7. hence comp. non afflictiore condicione, Cic. fam. 6, 1, 5; 8. ad above \* prob. due to editors or to a false theory in authors.

**affio**, (adf.) āre, vb. blow or breathe upon, tergoque fugacis imminet et cinem spursum ceruicibus afflat, Ov. M. 1, 542; terga afflante uento, Liv. 22, 43 f.; (prodest) si tussim concitet salina, in fronte ab alio afflari, Plin. 28, 60; ut exaustarum afflatus aura in gratiorem reciderit morbum, Suet. Tib. 72; 2. of scents, odorum qui adflectunt ex floribus, Cic. sen. 59; Afflatus tibi non Arabum de gramine odores, Prop. 2, 29, 17; 3. oft. of fiery blasts, blast (more or less), calidum membris afflare uaporem, Lucr. 5, 567 (met 508); afflanti incendio, Liv. 30, 6, 7; tanta flamma ex Aetna defluxit ut... etiam Regina ciuitas afflaretur, Liv. ap. Serv. G. 1, 472; ex quo me diuom pater... Fulminis adflicti uentis, Verg. 2, 649; fulmina quorum ignibus afflari proxima quaeque solent, Ov. tr. 1, 9, 22; add Pont. 3, 6, 17; spiritum (fulminis) oeciorem fulmine: ideo quati prius omne et adflari quam percuti, Plin. 2, 142; adflantur alii sidere, alii..., 2, 108; 4. of other invisible influences, illis Canidia afflasset, peior serpentibus Afris, Hor. s. 2, 8, 95; eandem ne a serpentibus adflectur quarum odor tam pestilens esset, Colum. 5, 18; (basiliscus) necat fructus non contactis modo uerum et adflatos, Plin. 8, 78; add 11, 277; and met. utrumque (mors) iacto fulmine adflauerat, Plin. pan. 90; 5. met. first of rumors getting wind, rumoris nescio quid afflauerat frequentiam non fuisse, Cic. Att. 16, 5, 1; sperat sibi auram posse afflari dissensionis, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 35; 6. of mysterious influences for good or evil, Venus lactos oculis adflarat honores, Verg. 1, 595; gregibus Venus afflat amores, Tib. 2, 4, 57; illo (colore) uitiato hoc quoque (ingenium) adflatur, Sen. ep. 114, 3; ipsam Romam regius terror adflabat,—all but stupefied as if struck by lightning, Flor. 1, 40 (3, 5), 9; 7. esp. of divine inspiration, poetam

quasi diuino quodam spiritu afflari (so Lamb. perh. rightly, but mss indary), Cic. Arch. 18; (Sibylla) adflata numine ignem propiore dei, Verg. 6, 50; audaci afflate Cratino, Pers. 1, 123.

**affluentia**, ae, f. flowing, geniturae, Plin. 26, 94;

2. met. abundance, omnium rerum, Cic. agr. 2, 95;

3. and absol. affluence, munditiam, non affluentiam adfectabat, Nep. Att. 13, 5.

**affluo**, (ad-f.) or even affluo\* fēre, xi, vb. flow to, bis (aestus) inter duos exortus lunae adfluunt bisque remeunt uicinis quatuordecim horis, Plin. 2, 212; Rhecus ad Galliam ripam placidior affluens, Tac. an. 2, 6; 2. met. of years, flow to, increase, ex hac Luce Maecenas meus adfluentes Ordinat annos, Hor. od. 4, 11, 19;

3. or of men, flock to, ut quaeque polerant copiae affluabant, Liv. 39, 31, 12; ingentem comitum adfluxisse... numerum, Verg. 2, 796; add Tac. h. 4, 25; an. 4, 41 f.;

4. other met. uoluptas quae ad (sensus) cum suauitate afflueret, Cic. fin. 1, 39; nihil a te rumoris quidem affluxit, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 1; Adfluxit incantis insidiosus amor, Ov. rem. an. 148; 5. esp. fm flow of tide, flow abundantly, overflow, and so gen. abound, fac... adeo frumento affluam\* (so mss) ut..., Pl. Ps. 1, 2, 57; unguentis adfluens\* (so Hahn w. mss), Cic. Sest. 18; uoluptatibus, Cic. fin. 2, 93; lepore ac uenustate, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 142; scelere, Cic. Clu. 189; cui cum diuitiae affluerent, Sal. Cat. 36, 4; nescitu adfluens\* (so Pl.) Phaedr. 5, 1, 12;

6. comp. of affluens, Cic. am. 58; sup. Aug. conf. 2, 6; 7. ex affluenti, in abundance, Tac. h. 1, 57 etc.;

8. affluenter, overwhelmingly, abundantly, Apul. M. 4, 7; quo affluenti uoluptates hauriat, Cic. Tusc. 5, 16; neque in sesterio centiens adfluens uixerit quam..., Nep. Att. 14, 2; add Tac. an. 15, 54.

**affluus**, adj. flowing, full, dumen, Iul. Val. Alex. 3, 29.

**affoddo**, (ad-f.) fēre, vb. add by digging, uicini caespitem nostro solo, Plin. 2, 175.

**affor**, see affari.

**affore**, see adsum.

**afformido**, (ad-f.) āre, vb. fear in addition, Pl. Bac. 4, 10, 3.

**affrango**, (ad-f.) or affringo, fēre, vb. break against, duris affrangunt postibus unguis, Stat. Th. 10, 47; add 5, 150; silu. 7, 1, 36.

**affrēmo**, (ad-f.) ere, vb. roar at, Adfremit his quasatque caput, Val. F. 1, 528; stridentibus alis, Sil. 14, 124.

**affricatio**, ōnis, f. rubbing against, friction, chafing, Cacl. Aur. acut. f.; add 1, 14.

**affricco**, (ad-f.) āre, vb. rub against, uitiosum locum pedes arbori affricant, Colum. 7, 5, 6; (anguis) marathro herbae se affricans, Plin. 8, 99; add 29, 122; and met. Sen. ep. 7, 7.

**affricus**, (adf.) ūs, m. friction, accendat flammam adfRICTU, Sen. N. Q. 5, 14, 4; add Plin. 31, 72—only in abl.

**affrio**, (adf.) āre, vb. [fm affricco] rub over, alius aliud adfRIAT aut aspergit, Varr. r. 1, 57, 1.

**affulgeo**, (ad-f.) fēre, lsi, vb. [ad what?] suddenly shine forth, Minutius caeli ardentis species adfulserat, Liv. 43, 13, 1;

2. gen. shine upon (with favour), smile upon, uoluit ubi tuus Affulsit populo, gratior it dies, Hor. od. 4, 5; Non Venus adfulsit (tibi, at thy natal hour), Ov. Ib. 209; Affulsit uultu ridens Veneri, Th. 467;

3. hence met. lux quaedam affulsisse ciuitati uisa est, Liv. 9, 10, 2; repentina spes affulsit, 23, 32, 7; add 27, 28, 14, 30, 30, 15 etc.; ut prima affulsit occasio, Flor. 2, 10 (4, 9), 3.

**affundo**, (ad-f.) fēre, vb. pour upon, uinum (arbori), Plin. 16, 242; adfusa calida aqua, 12, 102; frigida in aqua adfunditur uenenum (perh. pour in addition), Tac. an. 13, 16; 2. affundi vb. refl. pour to, intrins. flow to, adfunditur aestuarium e mari, Plin. 5, 3; annis Maeander plurimus affundis oppidis, 5, 113; 3. be washed (by), Caesar Augustus annis Ibero adfusa, Plin. 3, 24; and met. cautes adfusa decum plebisque turba, Sen. Troad. 1086;

4. pour oneself at, i.e. prostrate oneself at, Adfusaeque iacent tumulo, Ov. M. 8, 539; add 9, 607; Cleopatra adfusa

Caesaris genibus, Flor. 2, 13 (4, 2), 56; magnoque adfusa parenti est, Stat. Th. 3, 686.

**affūsio**, ōnis, f. pouring on, antidote, Pall. 3, 28, 2.

**Afēdius**, name of a gens, C. Afēdici C. f. Sexstianus, CIL 1188.

**Afrānīus**, adj. of Afranius, (legio), bell. Hisp. 7, 4.

**Afrānīus**, name of a gens, L. Afranio A. f., CIL 601; L. Afranius poeta, Cic. Brut. 167; C. Afrania Licinii uxor, Val. M. 8, 3, 2.

**Afreius**, name of a gens, Cn. Afreius magister donum dat, CIL 1345.

**Africa**, ae, adj. f. as sb. (se. terra) land of the Afri, Africa in the limited Roman sense, quod ager locus in Africa est, CIL 200, 48; Africani initio habere Gactuli et Libyes, Sall. Jug. 18, 1; A. Tusca (flumine) Zeugitana regio et quae proprie uocetur Africa est, Plin. 5, 23; semper aliquid noui Africam adferre, S. 42.

**Afrīcanus**, adj. of Africa, ficos Africanas, Cato r. 8, 1; Varr. r. 1, 41, 6; Colum. 5, 10, 11; bellum, Cic. Deiot. 25; possessiones, Nep. Att. 12, 4; gallinae—guinea-fowl, also called Numidica, Colum. 8, 2, 1 and 2; 2. absol. as a sb. a panther, (nomenque bestiarum) Afrīcanarum... in circo ... (died), inser. Ancyr. 4, 44; ludis circensibus LXIII Afrīcanas et XL ursoas... luscise, Liv. 44, 18 f.; S. C. fuit netus ne liceret Afrīcanis in Italiam aduhere, Plin. 8, 64; 3. honorary title, first of Scipio the conqueror of Hannibal, bis consul fuerat P. Afrīcanus et duos terrores huius imperi Karthagine in Numantianque deleuerat, Cic. Mur. 58; 4. of P. Cornelius Panlii f. Scipio Afrīcanus, CIL 607; 5. also a jurisconsult, dig. 4, 6, 29;

**africia**, ae, f. something offered to the gods, but what? Arnob. 7, 24.

**Afrīcus**, adj. of the Afri, Africa terra, Enn. ap. Fest. 153 M; Liv. 20, 23, 10; Afrīco mari, Flor. 1, 18 (2, 2), 30; 2. uicus Afrīcus, a street of Rome, Varr. 1, 5, 32 f.; 3. Afrīcus (se. uentus) as a sb. m. the wind that blows from the land of the Afri (say Carthage), S.W. wind, ab occidente hiberno Afrīcus furibundus et ruens apud Graecos lips dicitur, Sen. N. Q. 5, 16, 5; crebreque procellis Afrīcus, Verg. 1, 90; praecipitem Afrīcum Decestantem Aquilonibus, Hor. od. 1, 3, 12;

**agaga**, ae, m. a pimp, agaga est, at curabo, Petr. 69. See

**agagola**, ae, m. dim. of same, = lenocinator, pantomimus, Isid. Gloss.

**āgalma**, ātis, n. glory, statue, Mart. C. 6 init.

**āgāpē**, ēs, f. love, charity, Tert. Marc. 2; 2. love-feast, Tert. Apol. 29 f.

**agariūm**, i, n. a fungus that grows on trees, Plin. 16, 33; 25, 103 and 119 etc.

**āgāso**, ōnis, m. [?] groom, donkey-boy, Egomet mīli comes calator equos āgāso(n) amiger, Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 11; duo equi phalerati cum āgasonibus, Liv. 43, 5, 8; āgasonem cum equo, Plin. 35, 134; asinum cum āgaso, Apul. M. 6, 18; 2. in other uses, si patium pede lapsus frangat āgāso, Hor. s. 2, 8, 72; ad Pors. 5, 70; 3. as a surname, C. Julius Aug. I. Agaso, inser. Curt. 502, 6.

**āgēā**, ae, f. [αἰγία] a gangway, esp. in a ship, uia in navi dicta, Paul. ex F. 10; Multa foro ponit et āgēā longa repletur, Enn. ap. Isid. 19, 2.

**āgellūs**, i, m. double dim. [agellus fm ager] a little bit of land, 20, 3 Catul. (in old ed.; now placed in Carm. Priap. 84, 3, ed. Müller); add Symm. ep. 2, 30; inser. Grut. 1004, 4.

**āgellus**, i, m. dim. a bit of land, Agellist hic sub urbe paulum quod locitas foras, Ter. Ad. 5, 8, 26; a, non sane maior ingero nou, Varr. r. 3, 16, 10; minora di neglectum neque agellos nec utitilias perscuerunt, Cic. N. D. 3, 86.

**āgēma**, ātis, n. [αἰγία, Dor. for ἡγία] a military corps, esp. of Macedonians, Liv. 37, 40, 6; 42, 51, 4; 42, 58, 9; Curt. 4, 13, 26.

**āg-ēr**, agri, m. [αγρος and perh. akin to aequus; cf. our field, lit. a flat] a piece of land, a field, land, Philto, est ager sub urbe hic nobis: cum dabo Potem sorori, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 107; quod ager priuatus castelli Vitiurion est, is ager negetical nec siet, CIL 199, 5; agrum hunc meratus sum: hic me exerceo, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 94; tum erat ager incultus:

nunc est entlissimus, Cic. Rosc. com. 33; quis consequimus agros, Verg. B. 1, 73; Nunc āger Umbreni sub nomine, nuper Ofelli, Hor. s. 2, 2, 133; 2. w. adj. fm a city, the territory of, as Volaterranus, Cic. fam. 13, 4, 2; in agrum Hirpinum Samnitenuē, Liv. 23, 43, 3; agrum Campanum (of Capua), 23, 48, 1; 3. even in sing. of land or open country, as opp. to fortified towns, quod agri est inter Cortonam Trasumennūque lacum penastat, Liv. 22, 4, 1; perpopulato agro urbem oppugnare adortus esset, 22, 9, 2; 4. comm. agri in pl., multitudinem hominum ex agris egerent, Caes. b. g. 1, 4, 3; depopulatis agris non facile oppidis uim hostium prohibere, 1, 11, 4; sparsi fuga per agros fuerant, 22, 54, 1; 5. in agrum or agro, inland or in depth, from a road, in defining limits of sepulchres, Mille pedes in fronte, trecentos cippus in agrum Hie dabat, Hor. s. 1, 8, 12; gen. shortened in inser. as: Dis Manib... locus adsignatus... in fronte) p. lxx in agr(um) p. lxx, inser. Or. 1624; in fr. p. xii in agros p. xii, 631.

**aggārio**, (ad-g.) ire, vb. babble, angulus, Mart. C. 1, 2. **agger**, ōris, m. [scarcely fm ad and gero] earth (etc.), for filling up holes and raising mounds, qui paulo longius aggeris petendi causa processerant, Caes. b. g. 2, 20, 1; unde agger comportari posset, b. c. 2, 15, 1; hae trabes multo aggere nectuntur, b. g. 7, 23, 2; 2. as used for filling holes, cratibus atque aggere paludem explere, b. g. 7, 58, 1; et fossas aggere complent, Verg. 9, 567; caernas aggere implere, Curt. 8, 10, 27; 3. for raising mounds, quantum (turres) quotidianum agger exproserat, Caes. b. g. 7, 22, 5; agger in munitionem coniectus ascensum dat Gallis, 7, 85; 4. a mound or bank so formed, fossa et terrus agger, Varr. r. 1, 14, 2; ipsis proelia miscent Aggeribus mororum, Verg. 10, 24; add 10, 144; 11, 582; congesticius ex materia agger, Caes. b. c. 2, 15, 1; neque aggeres neque fossae uim hostium sustinere poterant, 7, 87, 5; equitatus per aggeres ascendebat, b. c. 3, 69, 2; caespitem natura accommodata contra fluminum impetus aggeribus, Plin. 35, 169; 5. esp. the agger of Tarquin, forming part of the defence of Rome, clauditur ab oriente Tarquini Superbi, Plin. 3, 67; aggeris bastum spatium, 36, 10; Aggere in aprico spatium, Hor. s. 1, 8, 18; māli quod in aggere rodit (the monkey), Iuv. 5, 153; add 8, 43; 6. in late writers, of raised roads, aggeribus Alpium Cottiarum, Amm. 15, 10, 2; ab aggeribus publicis uesperis discedebant, 18, 8, 2; in aggeris medio, 18, 6, 10; add 21, 10, 2; 7. gen. a mound, bank, or heap, aggeribus niueis, Verg. G. 3, 354; cadauerum, Amm. 16, 12, 54.

1. **aggēr-ō**, āre, vb. [agger] heap up, pile up, cadauera, Verg. G. 3, 550; praemia pugnae, A. 11, 79; cinerem, Colum. 11, 338; terram, id. arbor, 28, 3; frumenta, 2, 21, 5; ossa, Tac. an. 1, 61; trames inter paludes aggeratus, 1, 63; caespitem, 1, 19; quadrantes, Placadr. 4, 20, 23; stragula, Apul. M. 2, 21; conualles spinetis aggeratae, 4, 6; 2. met. iras, Verg. 4, 197; 11, 342; dictis omne promissum, Stat. Th. 2, 198; portenta monstria, Claud. Eutr. 1, 336; 3. w. acc. of thing covered, cover the base of—with earth heaped up, arbores, Colum. 11, 2, 46; 4. but in Curt. 4, 2, 16 Zumpt has exagg; 5. in Vitr. 2, 3, 1 means?

**ag-gēro**, (ad-g.) ēre, gestus, vb. [aero, carry (material)] carry to (esp. in pails, carts, barrows etc.), Ita te aggerunda curuom aqua faciam probe, Pl. Cas. 1, 36; repperi negotium Si quidem mīlii ultro his aggerunda etiamst aqua, Pl. Rud. 2, 5, 27; bona curuom aggeribus (bring home in cartloads so to say) atque etiam ultro ipsi aderant a lōs, Pl. Truc. 1, 2, 16; pisciculis minutos aggerabant at a maioribus absumerunt, Varr. r. 3, 17, 6; Iuta et limum, Cic. ap. Non. 212; tellurem, Verg. 3, 63; adgesta fluminibus (terra), Plin. 17, 27; flores adgerunt pedibus (sc. apes), 11, 20; limum, Mart. 8, 57, 4; 2. met. of accusations, adgerere falsa, Tac. an. 2, 57; add 3, 67; 3. in Tac. an. 1, 19 read w. Hahn aggerabatur.

**aggestim**, adv. [agger sb.] in heaps, Vulg. Macr. 2, 13, 5.

**aggestio**, ōnis, f. [agger ēre] carrying to, as of alluvial soil, nalles quas fluminum saturabit aggestio, Pall. 2, 13, 3.

**aggestum**, i, n. [part. of agger ēre] an (artificial)

mound (of wood), ex aggestis cretibus, Amm. 10, 8, 1; prunas unius aggesti inserere iuneturis, id. 20, 11, 23.

**aggestus**, ūs, m. carrying to, carriage, incensum pabuli materiae lignorum aggestus, Tac. an. 1, 35; copiarum (supplies, not as Fore, says coactio militum), Tac. h. 3, 60; arenae, Aur. V. ep. Calig.; 2. an (artificial) mound (of wood), dimicare per sublimis aggestus, Amm. 20, 11, 20.

**agglōmēro**, (ad-g.) āre, vb. roll up in addition, Addunt se socios... Et lateri agglomerant nostro, Verg. 2, 341; add 12, 458; Val. F. 2, 171; fretum, 2, 499.

**agglūtino**, (ad-g.) āre, vb. glue to, id. fronti, Cels. 6, 6, 1, p. 226, l. 37 Dar.; euenbitulum inquilinis, 7, 26, 5; 2. solder (metals), chrysocollam sibi uindicant agglutinando auro, Plin. 33, 93; fragmenta (obsidani) teporata adglutinantur, 36, 199; annulos (regulis), Vitr. 10, 13, 4; 3. met. Nam hercle iam (siss ad me) agglutinantur totam decertum dare, Pl. Cist. 3, 17; Postilla exemplo se adpiciant, agglutinant, Men. 2, 2, 67; add Aul. 4, 10, 71.

**aggrāuesco**, or -asco (ad-g.) āre, vb. become heavier, Vbi ego me grauidam sentio adgrauasere (so mss) Propinquitati parti, Pac. ap. Non. 480, 3; 2. be aggravated, become more severe, ne Philomenae magis morbus adgrauascat, Ter. Heu. 3, 2, 2.

**aggrāuo**, (ad-g.) āre, vb. make heavier, more severe or painful, aggravate, pondus, Plin. 18, 117 (in a corrupt pass.); ruina pondere, 2, 132; odor adgrauans capita—giving a headache—12, 79; nolera, 28, 31; ictus, 28, 37; dolorem, Curt. 8, 10, 29; 3. so far of matter; also met. bello si aggrauatae res essent, Liv. 4, 12, 7; summam iniudiae, 6, 27, 3; inopiam sociorum, 24, 36, 7; difficultatem, 44, 7, 11; ratio rustici aggrauatur exiguu profectu operis, Colum. 2, 4, 7; sortem earum, Curt. 3, 13, 12; Hominesque curam eura maiore adgrauat, Phaedr. 3, 3, 13.

**aggrēdiōr**, (ad-g.) ūs (old direr, dibor), ssus (old aggressus, see § 6), vb. rll. [ad, gradior] march up to, Videtur ad me simia adgrēdiōr, Pl. Rud. 3, 1, 9; Interea ad me haedus uisum adgrēdiōr (so B, aggr. CD), Mere. 2, 1, 24; Qui ubi quamque nostrorum uidet prope aedis adgrēdiōr (so A. w. metre, al. hac si adgrēdiōr!), Truc. 2, 1, 39;

2. gen. attack (as an enemy), quia audient bene comitatum aggrēdi, Cie. Phil. 12, 25; 2. nostros latere aperto aggressi, Caes. b. g. 1, 25, 6; add 2, 10, 2; 1, 12, 3; imprudenter antemissis equitibus aggrēdiōr, b. c. 1, 51, 4; ex lateribus ceteros aggrēdiōr, Sal. Cat. 60, 5; add 58, 12; Ing. 66, 3; murum scalis aggrēdiōr, 57, 4; si singuli singulos aggressi essetis, Liv. 6, 18, 6; unus aggressurus es Hannibalem, 23, 9, 6; Cominus aggrēdiōr, Ov. M. 12, 482; Brutum et ui et legibus, Suet. Aug. 10; ueneno Tiberium, Cal. 12; 3. met. attack, tackle, Adgrēdiōr hominem, Pl. St. 4, 2, 12; Most. 5, 1, 26; Trin. 1, 2, 7; Mil. 2, 2, 14; Ep. 1, 2, 23; Ego ad (om. ad?) hunc iratum adgrēdiōr si possum (siss possumus, agst iduē) intro inciere huc, Bac. 5, 2, 31; Quin ego hunc adgrēdiōr de illa! Mere. 2, 3, 50; contra adgrēdiōr (so A), Pers. 1, 1, 15; Etiam tu... me ipse adgrēdiōr? Asin. 3, 3, 124; Itane agitis mecum? satis astute adgrēdiōr, Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 75; add Andr. 4, 1, 46; Hec. 5, 1, 5; quem ego adgrēdiōr et ut arbitror, commonebo, Cie. Q. fr. 3, 1, 4; legatos alium ab alio diuorsos aggrēdiōr, Sal. Ing. 46, 4; add 65, 3; Damasippum uelim adgrēdiōr, Cie. Att. 12, 33, 1; 4. often w. abl. Aggrēdiūns hic homo mi astu, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 121; add Poen. 4, 4, 53; illis praecipit omnis mortalis pecunia aggrēdiāntur, Sal. Ing. 28, 1; multis pollicitationibus, 61, 4; Talibus adgrēdiōr Venere Saturnia diotis, Verg. 4, 92; 5. w. abstr. acc. attack or tackle (a task etc.), set about (a serious matter), Post id piscatum hamatitem et saxatilem adgrēdiōr, Pl. Rud. 2, 1, 10; decimum, quod pessimum aggressus, seelus, Pers. 4, 4, 9; in omnibus negotiis priusquam adgrēdiāre, adhibenda est praeparatio, Cie. off. 1, 7, 3; si adgrēdiōr ad hanc disputationem? quasi... Cie. N. D. 3, 7; cum aggrēdiōr in aenepiti causa (so AB, not aenepitem eausam) ad animos iudicium pertractandos, Cie. or. 2, 180; add iniuriā faciendā, Cie. off. 1, 24; ad dicendū, Cie. Brut. 139; ad consulatus petitionem, Cie. Mur. 15; magnum quid, Cie.

Att. 2, 14 f.; aliam rem aggrēdiōr, Sal. Ing. 92, 4; magnos honores, Verg. B. 4, 48; multa magnis duobus, sicut non aggrēdiūda, ita scilicet aggressis non dimittenda esse, Liv. 24, 19, 6; ut primum ad rem publicam aggressus est, Vell. 2, 33, 3; hoc opus, Quint. 6, 4, 3; ad monenda lacrimas, 6, 1, 44; 6. w. inf. proceed to (a difficult task), attempt, aggrēdiōr fari, Emm. ap. Paul. ex F. p. 6 M; dicere, Cie. off. 2, 1; Lucr. 6, 680; audire, Verg. 2, 165; componere, Quint. 1, 5, 54; tractare, 2, 2, 2; dicere, 3, 6, 1; 7. as a pass., so Frise. 1, 379, 6 and 1, 387, 16 K; hoc restitit etiam ut a fietis adgrēdiōr donis, Cie. ad Nepotem ap. Frise. 1, 383, 1; alia (bella) relinquit, facillimis quibusque aggressis, Iust. 7, 6, 5; 8. note ad in § 1, acc. alone (or even pers. pass.) in §§ 2, 3, 4; in § 5 w. gerund or longer clause t; w. short, acc.; 9. note -i conjugation in Plautus.

**aggrēgo**, (ad-g.) āre, vb. [ad gregem] lit. add to a flock—in use=unite or attach (man or men), to add as a companion, associate, te in nostrum numerum, Cie. Mur. 16; si secum suos eluxerit et eodem ceteros...aggrēgarit, Cie. Cat. 1, 30; filium ad patris interitum, Cie. Vat. 25; se ad eorum amicitiam, Caes. b. g. 6, 12, 6; signis se, 4, 26, 1; simillimos sibi, Vell. 2, 91, 3; comites ei, 2, 53, 1; si meam uoluntatem ad summi uiri dignitatem (= me Caesaris), Cie. fam. 1, 9, 11; pulsus (equitibus) ira aggrēgat suos, Liv. 30, 11, 7; 2. of things, inuenio qui adgrēgent his *διασκεπας*... Quint. 9, 2, 107.

**aggressio**, ōnis, f. approach, attack, Apul. M. 8, 16 (dub.); 2. met. cum animos (orator) prima aggressionē occupauerit, Cie. or. 50; 3. an argument (oratoris)=*επιθετικὴ καὶ παρρησια*, Quint. 5, 10, 4; 4, 10, 10; 5, 14, 27. **aggressor**, ōnis, m. one who attacks, assails, aggressor, si quis seruus territ adgressores, Ulp. dig. 29, 5, 1, 35; receptores (receivers of stolen goods) non minus delinquent quam adgressores, 47, 8, 3, 3; latronibus aggressoribusque, 48, 9, 7.

**aggressūr-a**, (ad-g.) ae, f. [aggressor] attack, esp. of robber or bandit, aggression, latrocinio uel aggressura, Ulp. dig. 10, 2, 4, 2; add 29, 5, 3, 4; factum uel aggressura...accessit, Arr. dig. 49, 16, 5, 2; aggressurae plenam uindicant, Apul. M. 7, 7.

**aggressus**, (ad-g.) ūs, attack, esp. of a robber, si aggressus perierit, Ulp. 30, 1, 18, 7; 2. met. attacking (a difficult task), Firm. math. 2, 10.

**aggrēbēno**, (ad-g.) āre, vb. guide (as pilot) to, met. sic adgrēbentur fortuna ut... Flor. 1, 24 (2, 8), 1; but in 1, 40 (3, 5), 16 Hahn has gubernans.

**ag-**, c, adj. active, agile, ever on the move, oderunt...agilem gnaunumque remissi, Hor. ep. 1, 18, 90; quae circumuolitas agilis, 1, 3, 21; agilis dea (Diana), Ov. her. 4, 169; Cyllenius, Ov. M. 2, 720; Lassabant agiles aspera bella uiros, Ov. F. 2, 516; uirum naum agilem prouidum, Vell. 2, 105, 2; (apes) sarceniūdam damna (fuorum) fiunt agiliores, Colum. 9, 15; 3; malo ueniū agilem industriam quam decem hominum negligentem operam, 11, 1, 15; animus agilis est et pronus ad metus, Sen. tranq. 2, 11; sensus agiliores sunt animalibus mutis, Sen. ep. 74, 16; 2. the active (not passive) idea belongs also to: qui restitit agili classi naues machinas portantes, Liv. 30, 10, 3; Eshed nos agili sine tulere rota, Ov. Pont. 2, 10, 34; aer agilior, Sen. N. Q. 2, 10, 1; dextra, Stat. silu. 5, 1, 10; and even to: cursus, 4, 3, 32; studio, Amm. 16, 11, 5; 3. agilem =celerem says Non. 58, 1 in Sisenna: agilem dari facillime uictoriam; 4. comp. see \* above; 5. sup. agillimus say Char. 114, 11 K; and Prisc. 1, 96, 14; agillissimus says Char. 182, 18; 11. 6. agilitate adv. quickly, Amm. 14, 2, 15; 28, 2, 8; 7. comp. agilius, Colum. 2, 2, 27; 8. sup. agillissime says Char. 182, 19.

**agilitas**, ātis, f. quick action, quickness, agility, rapidity, unium, Liv. 26, 51, 6; rotarum, Curt. 4, 6, 9; currentis (aquae), Pall. 1, 17, 2; agmen agilitate uoluci repetebat, Amm. 18, 6, 11; (oratoris), Quint. 11, 3, 180; 2. met. naturae, Cie. Att. 1, 17, 4.

**agilitē**, see agilis.

**agila**, ae, f. [ag-o] the aperture in a balance for the tongue, Paul. ex F. 10; Tert. Herm. 41; and pud. 9.

**āginātor**, ōris, m. one nice in weighing, qui paruo luero moventur, Paul. ex P. 10.

**āgino**? āre, vb. perh. in Petr. 61 wh. Bücheler w. Reiske egeramini.

**āgipes**? cōlis, adj. as sb. m. foot-worker, hence of a senator who votes but never speaks, pedarius Senator, agipes (for once) uocem mittere coepit, Lucil. ap. Fest. 210 B 30.

**āgīlabilis**, e, adj. quickly moving or moved, aer, Ov. M. 1. 75.

**āgītatio**, ōnis, f. movement, agitation, shaking, fluctu-  
tum, Cic. Mur. 35; linguae, Cic. N. D. 2, 135; lecticae, Liv. 27, 29, 2; agitationibus agrorum (of repeated digging), Colum. 2, 1, 4; terrae, 2, 2, 6; spiritus, Plin. 20, 43;

**2.** met. mentis, Cic. off. 1, 17; numquam animus agita-  
tione et motu esse nactus potest, Cic. div. 2, 128; **3.** w. obj. gen. setting and keeping in motion, exercising, ad-  
ministering, conduct (of), pursuit, rerum magnarum agita-  
tio et administratio, Cic. div. 2, 163; studiorum, Cic. sen. 23; uitium, Sen. ep. 109, 2; rerum, Val. M. 7, 2, 1;

**4.** note pl. \*

**āgītator**, ōris, m. a driver, of horses etc., ne tan-cesse agitor probus, Quidum?..Respectas identidem, Pl. Men. 1, 2, 50; ut agitor callidus priusquam ad finem ueniam, equos sustinebo, Cic. acad. pr. 94; aselli, Verg. G. 1, 273; equo-  
rum, Verg. 2, 476; **2.** esp. a professional driver in the  
Circensian games, agitator Eutylae HS uides contulit, Suet. Cal. 55; a. prasinus, Suet. Ner. 22; Aurelio Hera-  
cleidae agitatori factionis uenetae, Inscr. Or. 2598; A. Tuccius A. I. Staphanus agitator facti. russat. 2595.

**āgītātr-ix**, icis, adj. or sb. f. one who drives, huntress, siluarum a. Diana, Am. 4, 22; animam agitatricem aliorum quae immota sunt, Apul. dogm. Pl. 1, 9.

**āgītātus**, itis, m. setting or keeping in motion, action, driving, Varr. l. 5, 1 (lub.); anima corpori praestat agita-  
tum, Maer. s. Sc. 2, 12 f.; add Maer. s. 7, 12, 12;

**2.** met. mentis, Varr. l. 6, 6, 1.

**āgīto**, āre, vb. frq. set or keep in motion, keep moving, drive, urge, horses etc., Nam iam calcari quadripedem agitabo aduersum clium, Pl. Asm. 3, 3, 18; agitantur quadrigae, Varr. l. 6, 5; in cursu biungos, Iones, Lucr. 2, 601; Lanigeros agitare greges, Verg. G. 3, 287; spumantem eum, Verg. 11, 770; **2.** hence of the chase, chase, pursue, hunt, suntue insidiae tendere plagas etiam si agiturus non sis? ipsae enim ferae..., Cic. off. 3, 68; (aquila) in-  
sectans alias anis et agitas, Cic. div. 2, 144; cursu timidos agitabis onagros, Verg. G. 3, 409; trepidos agitantem in reia ceruus, Ov. M. 3, 395; agitat mutata columbas, 11, 300; **3.** so of the fines etc., pursue, harass, allow no rest to, Laridae hunc atque Intemperiae insanaeque agitant thummi, Pl. Aul. 4, 4, 15; eos agitant insectanturque furiae, non ardentibus taedis sed..., Cic. leg. 1, 30; add Rose. Am. 67; quem nisi Saguntinum scelus agitant, respiciet ..., Liv. 21, 41, 8; furis agitant Orestes, Verg. 3, 331; add 4, 471;

**4.** gen. move, agitate, corpora agitari inter se concursu possent, Cic. N. D. 1, 110; pulsus agitur ex-  
terno, Cic. rep. 6, 28; ferrea texta (uagines), Lucr. 6, 1055; non nisi leni gestatione corpus agitandum, Cels. 3, 6, p. 88, 6 Dar.; **5.** esp. shake, agitate, toss about, humum aridum uento agitari, Sal. Jug. 53, 1; (arena) magna ui agitata, 79, 6; Zephyris agitata Tempe, Hor. od. 1, 1, 24; laurea...ussast agitatae caecumen, Ov. M. 1, 507; Daedalus alas, Ov. tr. 3, 4, 21; (bos) caput, Colum. 6, 6, 3;

**6.** of torture, pol te, si hic sapiat senex, Fixa atria agitet, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 64; and met. Quae te mala crux agitat, Pl. Aul. 4, 4, 45; Bac. 4, 2, 2; **7.** so of disease, Atria hila agitat hominem, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 64; tuu te morbus agitat hepatiarius, Cure. 2, 1, 24; **8.** of painful or serious feelings, Quae te res (passio) te agitat, mulier? Pl. Men. 5, 1, 10; add Cure. 1, 1, 92; Most. 2, 2, 85; Sed qui utroque (so mss) error nos agitat expedito, Pompon. ap. Non. 505, 7; metus atque lullidiae diuorsus agitabant, Sal. Jug. 25, 6;

**9.** met. iam ego hunc agitat, Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 4, give him a good shaking; **10.** work, exercise, practise, administer, conduct, Sat nunc agitas tuu thuaru reru —you have enough to do with your own affairs, Pl. Bac.

4, 3, 23; Bene naus (pron. nans, like *raus*) agitatur, Pl. Bac. 4, 6, 27; triremem in portu agitata iubet, ps. Nep. Dion. 9, 2; custodiam—keep guard—Pl. Rud. 3, 6, 20; Naev. ap. Non. 323, 1; nigilias, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 27; Mil. 2, 2, 64; Tac. an. 11, 18; praesidium, Sal. Jug. 55, 4; 85, 33; conuiuium, Pl. As. 5, 1, 7; Mil. 2, 2, 10; Ter. Hee. 1, 2, 18; diem natalem, Pl. Pers. 5, 1, 17; Dionysia, Ter. Haut. 4, 4, 11; dies festos, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 154; imperium, Sal. Cat. 9, 5; rem publicam, 38, 3; lug. 37, 1; moras, 81, 4; mutas aris, Verg. 12, 397; fugam, 2, 640; choros, G. 4, 533; locos, Ov. M. 3, 310; faunus, Tac. Germ. 26; frumenta et pecuniae nectiges (sc. cogendas)...societatibus equitum agitabantur, Tac. an. 4, 6; latrocinia, 12, 27;

**11.** esp. w. words which denote life or state of life: pass, live, live in a state of, Qui tum uiuent homines atque acuum agitabant, Enn. ap. Cic. Brut. 58; add Sal. Cat. 2, 1; pacem, lug. 14, 10; 29, 6; indutias, 20, 4; gaudium atque laetitiam, Cat. 48, 1; apud aquam noctem a., 98, 4; Numidae pro muro dies noctisque agitate, 94, 4; **12.** absol. live, pass the time, hi propius mare agitabant, Sal. lug. 18, 9; alios nagos agitate, 20, 5; move about, move, equitatum pro castris agitate iubet, 59, 1; **13.** discuss (a subject), deal with, debate about, illam rem agitatum in contionibus, Cic. Clu. 4; nuni sunt octo eum omnia (haec) agitatis, ib. 82; mens rationibus agitandis alebatur, Cic. Tusc. 5, 66; res in senatu agitari coepit, Sal. lug. 27, 1; add 30, 1; de foedere, Liv. 9, 5, 1; illic agitare placere, Tac. h. 3, 1; agitare inter se mala scrutatis, Tac. Agr. 15;

**14.** turn over in one's mind, consider with oneself, meditate, quom eam rem in corde agito, Pl. Truc. 2, 5, 4; id agitans mecum sedulo inueni, Ter. Ph. 4, 3, 10; id mecum, Acc. ap. Non. 250, 19; habet nihil aliud quod agitet in mente, Cic. N. D. 1, 114; eandem rem animis, Cic. Font. 22; quae quum praecepta agitentur, Sal. lug. 14, 2; add 93, 2; maius eum agitare in animo bellum, Liv. 21, 2, 2; plus quam ciuilia, Tac. an. 1, 12 f.; **15.** even w. inf. Magas res hic agito in mente instruere, Pl. Aul. 4, 2, 31; aliquid inaudum innadere magnum Mens agitat mihi, Verg. 9, 187.

**ag-men**, inis, n. [ago] a drove, a body of cattle etc. driven along, Cuique penso pascant agmine colles, Tib. 4, 1, 186; non minore agmine rerum captarum quam suo prae se acto, Liv. 34, 52, 2; **2.** a body of moving beings in a line, a train, a shoal (of fish), mens (reditus) is fuit ut a Brundisio usque Romam agmine perpetuum totius Italiae uideret, Cic. Pis. 51; nuntiatum est Coriolano adesse ingens mulierum agmen, Liv. 2, 40, 43; turbamque sonantem Agminis algeri, Verg. 12, 249; Graniferum agmen, Ov. M. 7, 638 (ants); magno fugientes agmine thummi, Hal. 98; **3.** esp. of an army in motion, in itinere agmen nostrum adorti, Caes. b. g. 3, 20, 3; ita dies xv iter fecerunt nisi inter nouissimum hostium agmen et nostrum pium non amplius quinque milibus passuum interesset, 1, 15 f.; agmine quadrato cum gladiis sequuntur, Cic. Phil. 2, 108; prius moenia intrancere hostes quam Romanus extrema agminis capere posset, Liv. 6, 32, 11; pulvis uelut ingentis agminis inuesso, 10, 41, 5;

**4.** rarely of a marshalled army (acies), in medium agmen hostium ruit, perumpitque ordines, Liv. 10, 41, 9; **5.** gen. an army, rudis agminum sponsus, Hor. od. 3, 2, 9; huc tanto agmini dux deficit, Iust. 2, 10, 21; **6.** march, ne miles gregarius in castris nescit in agmine seruum aut inmentum habere, Sal. Jug. 45, 2; in agmine in primis modo, modo in postremis adesse, ib.; **7.** uno agmine, in one (moving) body, uno agmine nictores eum uictis in urbem irrupere, Liv. 2, 30, 14; and beyond sphere of war, tibicines Tibur uno agmine abierunt, 9, 30, 5; (mulieres) uno agmine Ianus obsedit, 34, 8, 2; **8.** met. from armies, Educenda dictio est medium in agmen (into the field of war), in puluerem, in castra, Cic. or. 1, 157; ascensor tibi, ut nec duces simus nec agmen cogamus, Cic. Att. 15, 13, 1; (Parenti) mulierum ac spadonum agmen trahentem, Liv. 9, 17, 16; diffugunt stellae quarum agmina coquit Lucifer, Ov. M. 2, 114; uenti uelut agmine facto, qua data porta, riuat, Verg. 1, 86; tam numerosum agmen rerum, Plin.

ep. 3, 9, 11; occupationum, 2, 8, 3; 9. movement, action, course, leni fluit agmine flumen, Enn. ap. Maer. s. 6, 4, 4; copied by Verg. 2, 782; (anguis) agmine certo Iacocenta petunt, 2, 212; Agmine renoum celeris, 5, 211; tremulo neit agmine cornus, Sil. 14, 442.

**agmin-illus**, e, adj. of an army, equ(i) nel mulae, Arcad. dig. 50, 4, 18, 21; 2. absol. draught-cattle for the army, agminales ac paraeredos, Th. C. 8, 5, 6.

**agna**, ae, (see agnus) f. a lamb; si neque netulae sunt (ones) neque merae agnae, Varr. r. 2, 2; add Hor. od. 1, 9, 12; epod. 2, 59; Ov. Pont. 2, 7, 11; tr. 1, 1, 78; 2. the sheath of an ear of corn, Paul. ex F. 211 (so *apras* in Theoph. hist. 8, 7).

**agnālia**, imm. n. pl. a festival, same as Agonalia, Ov. F. 1, 325.

**agnasco**, = agnosco (cf. S. fna = gnosco), Fronto ad M. Caes. 1, 4, p. 10 Nab.

**agnascor**, (adj.) i, v. h. r. [ad, gnascor] be born in addition, as of a child (sui heredis) born after the making a will, esp. of posthumous children, quis co testamento quod paterfamilias ante fecit quam ei filius natus esset, hereditatem petit? Nemo qui constat agnascendo rumpi testamentum, Cie. or. 1, 241; add Caecin. 72; rumpit (testamentum) agnatione sui heredis, Papin. dig. 28, 3, 1; add Gai. 28, 3, 13; 2. so of an adopted son, qui in adoptionem datur, his quibus agnascitur et cognatus fit, Paul. 1, 7, 23; 3. of supernumerary limbs, membra animalibus agnata inutilia sunt sicut sextus homini digitus, Plin. 11, 272; 4. pili agnati (of puberty) opp. to eogeniti; Plin. 11, 231; 5. of wisdom teeth, genuinis agnasci annis fere his septenis, Gell. 3, 10, 12; 6. of epiphytes, uiscum in quercu agnasci, Plin. 16, 245; 7. agnatus (adj.) a relative through males, agnati qui legitima cognatione innati sunt... per uirilis sexus personas, Gai. 3, 10; add 1, 156; si neque suis heres neque agnatus nullus erit, 3, 29; si intestato moritur cui suus heres nec esset agnatus proximus familiam habeto, XII tab. 47; mulieris quae in agnatorum tutela erat, Gai. 2, 47; 8. agnata, Gai. 3, 23; 3, 29.

**agnātīc-ius**, (adj.) adj. of the agnati or relatives through males, ius agnaticum, Justin. C. 6, 58, 15, 3.

**agnatio**, (adj.) ōnis, f. consanguinity through males, agnationum iura, Cie. or. 1, 173; Cie. leg. 1, 23; Cels. dig. 1, 7, 7; 2. the addition of a son or daughter to a family by birth, sui heredis, Papin. dig. 28, 3, 1; postumae, Ulp. 40, 5, 24, 11; 3. met. consanguinity, caelestibus, Cie. leg. 1, 24; 4. as a collective, relatives by birth, cum uxoribus suis et omni agnatione, Th. C. 8, 5, 58.

**agnellus**, i, m. double dim. a little lambkin, as a term of endearment, Pl. Asin. 3, 3, 77; add Pomp. granum. 143, 28 K.

**agnicellus** and **agnicellulus**, doub. and treb. dim., ap. Pomp. 143, 29, K.

**agnicellus**, i, m. dim. a lambkin, Arnob. 7, p. 219.

**agnile**, = *apras roros*, Gloss. cf. ouile.

**agninus**, adj. of lamb, lactibus, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 85 (but not 95); pedum, Plin. 30, 68; pelles, Ulp. dig. 34, 2, 8; 2. agnina (se. caro) as sb. f. lamb, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 39 and 69; Aut. 2, 8, 4; Hor. ep. 1, 15, 35.

**agnitio**, ōnis, f. [from a lost vb. agn-, whence agn-otco] knowing again, recognition, eademeris, Plin. 10, 194; litterarum, Quint. 1, 1, 25; 2. acknowledgment, bonorum, Mare. dig. 38, 15, 5; but in Cie. N. D. 1, 1 read w. B cognitionem.

**agnitor**, ōnis, m. one who recognizes, Iul. Valer. Alex. 3, agnitus, see agnosco.

**agnōnen**, (adjn., adn.) ōnis, n. an honorary title from a country conquered etc., propria nomina in species quattuor diuiduntur, praenomen nomen cognomen agnomen, ut Publius Cornelius Scipio Africanus, Charis. 152, 22; add Dion. 321, 9; Prisc. 1, 57, 23 and 58, 5; 60, 42 wh. other exx. ate, Perseus, Gactulus, Creticus; 2. also of names kept as tokens of the family whence adopted, as Amiliamus, Prisc. 1, 76, 14; 3. gen. as an add. name, nec aliud ei honorificetie aduocum aliminetum est quam quod Augusti filius appellatus est, Capitol. Ver. 3, 5; 4. cognomen

for agnomen often, as Cie. Mur. 32 and rep. 6, 11 of Scipio Africanus; Suet. Cal. 9, of Caligula; add Suet. Vit. 1.

**agnōmen-um**, i, n. dim., a nickname, Apul. mag. 56. **agnōminatio**, (adjn., adn.) ōnis, f. a play upon words, Cornit. ad Hor. 4, 29 (bis); Quint. 9, 3, 66.

**agnosc-ib-ilis**, e, adj. recognizable, Tert. resur. carn. 55.

**agnosco**, (adjn.) ēre, ōni, itus (ōtus? rare), vb. [a for an = *awa*, again; gnosco old form of nosce; and so = *awa-gnosco* = old E. *acknow* Shakspl.] know again, recognize, Quibus de signis agnoscebas (filiam), Pl. Epil. 4, 2, 27; signa agnomin, Men. 5, 9, 65; add Merc. pr. 88; agnostast? soror, Paen. 384 R; Xanthi cognomine riuem Agnosce (so Med.) Verg. 3, 351; add 3, 347; neterem Anchisen agnosci (so M.) anicium, 3, 82; agnorunt signa recepta suos, Ov. F. 5, 590; Agnorunt longe genitum morientis, M. 10, 719; 2. see or feel that... is a reality, feel the truth of, recognize, ut deum agnosceis ex operibus suis, sic... uinu dinuam mentis agnosceis, Cie. Tusc. 1, 70; non sortilegos neque eos qui quaestus causa hariolentur, agnosceat, Cie. div. 1, 132; in hoc quoque genere abunde agnoscei ins eius (se. fortune) potest, Vell. 2, 116, 3; add 2, 95, 3; agnosco crimen, Plin. ep. 7, 29, 2; 3. acknowledge (in words or deeds), confes-8, admit, allow, cum totius Italiae concursus facti illius gloriam lubens agnouisset, Cie. Mil. 38; ego autem susceperim hoc crimen, agnoscerem, confiterer, Cie. Rab. perd. 18; me non esse uerborum admodum inopem agnosco, Cie. fam. 4, 4, 1; dicam tamen; ipse certe agnosceat, et cum aliquo dolore flagitiorum suorum recordabitur, Cie. Ps. 12; indicium defuncti agnosceat uidentur, Paul. dig. 5, 2, 23, 1; 4. acknowledge as, own, declare or admit to be, an me non agnosceitis duceat? Liv. 6, 7, 5; uix ut senator agnosceat, Vell. 2, 10, 1; reuersus imperator qui pinatus exierat, agnosceis, agnosceis, Plin. pan. 21; infantem agnoscei tetuit, Suet. Aug. 65; qui nolit filium agnosceat quasi non suum, Ulp. dig. 1, 6, 6; de agnoscentis et alendis liberis nel parentibus nel patronis nel libertis, dig. tit. 25, 3; 5. gen. in law, acknowledge, admit liability for, bonorum possessionem, Gai. dig. 26, 8, 11; aes alienum, Ulp. 28, 5, 35, 1; cibaria, id. 10, 4, 11, 1; poenam, id. 17, 2, 55; 6. agnotus old form. see § 1; agnotus, Brut. ap. Dicm. 388, 7 K; Sal. ap. Prisc. 1, 511, 12 K; and Serv. ad A. 4, 23; 7. part. agnitus implies a simple verb gen, whence g(ion)-osc-o, as from our con comes [ion]-ow; cf. cognitus.

**agnus**, i, m. (but see § 2) [for āgnus, dim. of ouī- or *ofo* = sheep = S. *avi*, Lith. *awi*-: cf. Go. *austr* ouile; so *apras* through a lost *afaras* from *afas*] a lamb, qui leuante caedundus agnos et duplam; gnauam danunt, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 30; Agnum inter peccides au. ea clauum coma, Att. 211 R; agnum quem immolemus, Cie. div. 2, 39; 2. as a collective term lamb, abundat (nulla) porco haedo agno (lamb for the table), Cie. sen. 56; 3. as a fem., in commentariis sacrorum pontificalium frequenter est hic onis et haec agnus, Fest. 286, b 19; agnus, nomen apud maiores communis erat generis, ib. 6, 12; hence: Ianni Quirino agnum marum caedit, lex ap. Fest. 189 a, 18; Iunoni agnum feminam caedit, lex ib. 222, 5; 4. prov. Lupo agnum eripere postulant, mgas agunt, Pl. Poen. 3, 5, 31; Serpentes anibus gementur, tigris agni, Hor. ep. 2, 3, 13; 5. agnum, perh. a gen. pl. in Pore. Lic. ap. Gell. 19, 0, 13.

**ago**, ēre, ēgi, actus, vb. [= *awo*] drive (before one), agas Asellum, Cie. ap. Cie. or. 2, 258; ipse capellas Protinus ager agro, Verg. B. 1, 13; pasce capellas Et potum pastas esse Tityre et inter agendum... 9, 24; peneus agit altos Visere montes, Hor. od. 1, 2, 7; olitoris ebalium, ep. 1, 18, 36; is qui iumenta agebat (of a coachman), Liv. 1, 48, 6; Saepo domum redeunt, praedonum? sanguine laeti, Et reliquit actos in sua rura boues, Ov. F. 3, 64; bonum quos multos inter ceteram agrestem praedam? agebat, Liv. 22, 16, 7; ut id armentum ad montes ageret... boues aliquanto ante signa acti, ib. 8; ex agris uicisque quae ferre atque agere possint, praee se agentes portantes, 38, 18, 15; bouem per mille et quingentos passus agens, and soon: rursus agere errentem, Colum. 6, 6, 3; nudatam eorum propinquis per uicem uerbere agit, Tac. Germ. 19; taurus

per spatia Circi agunt, Suet. Claud. 21; add Calig. 27; ps. Nep. Datam. 3, 2; **2.** as booty in war mainly consisted of cattle (see \* above) and prisoners who had to trudge, praeda ex omnibus locis agebatur, Caes. b. g. 6, 42; agros iastare, praedas agere, Sal. Jug. 20, 8; quum praedam ex agis agerent, Liv. 1, 1, 5; ut ex alieno agro rapere agerent, 21, 1, 2; ingentes praedas hominum pecorum egerunt, 2, 64, 3; add 31, 30, 3; 38, 15, 10; and by extension, Epidol. ut illic pulcrum praedam agat, si quis illam invenit Aulam onustam auri, Pl. Aul. 4, 2, 3; **3.** as part of the booty was of deal matter, a common phrase for plunder was fidi agique (cf. *αἰφύα καὶ φέρειν*), res sociorum ferri agisque, Liv. 22, 3, 7; hi ferre agere plebem plebiscite agere, 3, 37; nunc principes agunt feruntque omnia, Tac. dial. 8; **4.** of the chase, drive, chase, apros Latriu turbabis agens, Verg. G. 3, 412; cerva quam. fixit Pastor agens telis, Verg. 4, 71; add 7, 481; actus aper, Ov. Hal. 60; **5.** of chasing an enemy, Ceteros ruere agerem rapere, Ter. Ad. 3, 2, 21; reliquos... ita perterritos agerunt, ut non prius fuga desideret quam... Caes. b. g. 4, 12, 2; add 5, 17, 4; b. c. 3, 46, 5; palantius Troas agebat, Verg. 5, 265; add 11, 620; **6.** of the furies, conscience, Ita me Amor lassum animi ludificat fugat agit appetit, Pl. Cist. 2, 1, 8; seclerum poenis agitatur... Agunt cum praecipua poenae citium Romanorum, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 7; quam iam deus ultor agebat, Ov. M. 14, 750; acerba ita Romanos agunt Seclusque fraternae necis, Hor. epod. 7, 17; Hos natis mens ipsa modis agit, Val. F. 3, 393; **7.** of abstract agents, opportunitas etiam mediocri viros spe praedae transuorsos agit, Sal. Jug. 7, 3; ne quos amicitia Iugurthae transuorsos agit, 14, 20; nullis (Atticis) casibus neque agitatur, neque minuitur, Nep. Att. 9, 1; rapta uxor, subiectus servitio uxoris uterus uacordem agebant, Tac. an. 1, 59; (provinciam) anaritia (eius) in bellum egerat, 14, 32; **8.** hence w. inf. sed me noster amor nimis-que arcana profiri Phoebeis agit, Stat. Th. 3, 620; sed agit miseranda potestas Inuigilare malis, 8, 262; **9.** w. refl. pron. in familiar l. Quo te agis?—where are you driving to? Pl. Mil. 3, 2, 49; quonam te agis? Quoniam nisi domum, Trin. 4, 3, 71; add Pers. 2, 2, 34; 2, 53; 4, 3, 13; Most. 1, 4, 28; 3, 1, 38; quo hinc te agis, Ter. Andr. 4, 2, 25; **10.** so met. drive itself, rush up, dum se laetus ad auras Palmye agit, Verg. G. 2, 364; **11.** w. acc. of vehicle, drive, nequis meis uicis plostum... ducto agito, CIL 266, 57; add 60, 64 and 65; uasti quoque rector Olympi Non agit hos currus, Ov. M. 2, 62; add 2, 388 and 390; and perh. as having to do with a chariot, to this belongs; triumphus de Lignibus agebatur, Liv. 41, 14, 1; triumphum agit Gallicum, Suet. Caes. 37; triumphos egit tres, Suet. Aug. 22; add Tib. 20; Vitr. 1, 1, 6; and met. ages victor ex inimicorum dolore triumphum, Cic. fam. 3, 10, 1; **12.** of other material objects, drive, steer, work, ad eum vineam pluteosque agam, Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 111; vineas, Caes. b. g. 2, 12, 3; 2, 30, 3; 7, 17, 1; vineas tursque, 3, 21, 2; vineas, Sal. Jug. 37, 6; 76, 4; 92, 8; in litus naues egerunt (ran them ashore), Liv. 22, 20, 12; Naum agere ignarus natis timet, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 114; ratem in anemum egerat, Ov. F. 1, 500; naues in aduersum anemum agebantur, Tac. L. 4, 22; **13.** hurl, fulmina, Val. F. 3, 354; telum, Sil. 12, 240; tela, Quint. 12, 3, 4; tonitrus, Stat. Th. 1, 258; **14.** drive (in), subilice oblique agebantur, Caes. b. g. 4, 17, 9; pugionem per costas, Aur. V. ep. 39, 4; **15.** put forth, throw out, radices trium et triginta cubitorum, Varr. r. 1, 37, 5; Et mala radices altius arbor agit, Ov. rem. 106; add M. 2, 583; 4, 254; scintillas, Lucr. 2, 675; spumas, Eum. ap. Maer. 8, 6, 3; 8; Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 148; Verg. G. 3, 203; sudor... piceum Flumen agit, Verg. 9, 814; plurimum uinum Fumus agit, 8, 258; animam, throw out one's breath or life and so die, et agere animam et efflare dicimus, Cic. Tusc. 1, 19; (tu) si hos quaestus recipere posses, nonne eodem tempore act et gestum et animam ageres? Cic. Rose. com. 24; Attale ne quod agas desit, agas animam, Mart. 1, 79, 4; **16.** produce what lies in a line, as we say: ruu a shaft, cuniculos ad aerarium, Cic. off. 3, 90; cuniculis ad aggerem actis, Caes. b. g. 3, 21, 3; cuniculus in arcem agi coeptus,

Liv. 5, 19, 10; add 38, 7, 6; eloncam sub terra agendam, 1, 56, 2; and perh. akin to this: tabernae mihi duae conuertunt, reliquae rimas agunt, Cic. Att. 14, 9, 1; rimas Nux agit, Ov. 7 nuc. 67; but rimam duxerat, Ov. M. 4, 65; Graecos uersus agit, Cato ap. Maer. 8, 3, 14, 9; **17.** give active employment to, work, exercise, Seu te discens agit, Hor. s. 2, 2, 13—wh. Orelli: ducit, allicit anzieht—male; **18.** fabulam etc., act (a play), Horace hic nunc caussa haec agitur spectatum fabula, Pl. Poen. 3, 1, 48; Comedia(i) quam modo acturi sumus, Mil. 2, 1, 6; Spectatores, fabula haec est acta: nos plausum date, Most. f.; add Bac. 2, 2, 37 etc.; egere L. Attilius Praenestinus L. Ambinius Turpio, Ter. Andr. tit.; acta ludis Megalensibus, Eum. tit. etc.; si tragoeas agamus, Cic. or. 2, 205; nunquam agit lunc nersum eo gestu quo potest, Cic. or. 2, 102; canticum, Liv. 7, 2, 9; **19.** and met. Vicissim partis tuis acturus est, Ter. Ph. 5, 5, 7; has partes lenitatis semper egi libenter, Cic. Mur. 6; **20.** w. acc. of the part, (Ro-emus) Ballionem cum agit, agit Chaearem, Cic. Rose. com. 20; **21.** and met. egi omnes illos adolescentes quos ille incitavit, Cic. fam. 2, 9, 1; cum amicum imperatoris ageret, Tac. h. 1, 30; non Principem sed ministrum egit, Suet. Claud. 29; add Tib. 12 and 26; hence a. se, play the part of, pass-as, pretend to be, libertinos qui se pro equitibus Romanis agerent, publicavit, Suet. Cl. 25; **22.** actum est, res acta est, the play is finished, the game's up, used met. Nisi quid re praesidi adparas, Trachalio, acta haec res est, Pl. Eul. 3, 3, 21; add Ter. Haut. 3, 3, 3; Si animus hominem pectit, actumst: animo seruit, non sibi, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 27; and esp. w. de, it's all up, all over with, set si alienatur, actumst de collo meo, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 164; add Ps. 4, 7, 122; 1, 1, 85; actum iam de isto est, Cic. Att. 12, 25, 2; iam de Scruio actum rati, Liv. 1, 47, 9; actum de hoc exercitu erit, 40, 40, 4; **23.** conduct (an office), administer, hold, eumum, CIL 266, 144 etc.; to forum Tarsi agere, Cic. fam. 3, 6, 4; add Cic. Att. 5, 17, 6; conuentus, Caes. b. g. 1, 54, 3; 6, 44, 3; arbitria belli pacisque, Liv. 44, 15, 5; centurionatum, Tac. an. 1, 44; placuit ne nunquam eo die senatus ageretur, Suet. Caes. 88; dilectum, Cal. 43; Vit. 15; and met. Quint. 10, 3, 5; **24.** esp. w. causam in its legal sense, conduct a cause, equites apud quos tum indices causa agebatur, Cic. or. 2, 199; Semper agis causas, Mart. 1, 79, 1; add 2, 7, 1; 8, 7, 1; and met. tu, si me audias eandem causam agas, Cic. N. D. 2, 168; **25.** so too exubias—keep watch—Ov. F. 3, 245; Suet. Galb. 10; custodiam, Liv. 5, 10, 4; **26.** a. se, conduct oneself, bear oneself, behave (more comm. se gerere), tanta mobilitate sese Numidae agunt, Sal. Jug. 56, 6 (but gerunt in some MSS., perh. rightly, gerunt first written gunt); quanto ferocius ante se egerunt, tanto... Tac. h. 3, 2; **27.** w. acc. of life, time, live, pass, Vitam actati agundae arbitri firmiore, Pl. Trin. 2, 1, 5; add 2, 4, 149; Mil. 8, 2 and 10 etc.; Cat. ap. Gall. 11, 18, 18; Eum. ap. Gall. 18, 2; again ap. Cic. fam. 7, 6, 1; qui consuetus in armis nemum agere, Pac. ap. Cic. Tusc. 2, 49; securum agere actum, Hor. s. 1, 5, 101; fietorem probum Vitae agundae, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 87; Primam haec pudice uitam, parce ac derite agebat, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 47; add Ad. 1, 1, 20; 5, 4, 9; mensis agitur hic annus septimus, Ter. Hee. 3, 3, 34; quartum ago annum et octogesimum, Cic. sen. 32; **28.** hence keep a festival, ubi festos dies agunt, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 107; quinquartus satis iuocunde egimus, Aug. ap. Suet. Aug. 71; **29.** absol. live, eluitas, tripida antea de belli euentu, lacta agere, Sal. Jug. 55, 2; haud minus inquis Germanus... agebat, Tac. an. 1, 68; primo subdola concordia agere, 2, 64; apud homines qui tum agebant, 3, 10; Thracia discors agebat, 3, 38; cultu lugubri egit, 12, 32; **30.** a. gratias, grates, a. laudes, express thanks or praise, thank or praise, dis gratias agere, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 27; Poen. 5, 4, 84; add Capt. 4, 2, 89 etc.; ut Dianae laudes Gratesque agam, Mil. 2, 5, 2; Neptuno laetus laudes ago, Trin. 4, 1, 2; nulli... egit gratias, Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 14; quibus uerbis tria gratias agam non reperio, Cic. fam. 2, 9, 1; legio ei gratias egit, Caes. b. g. 1, 41, 2; faciam ut aut nino mihi aut mortuo gratias agas,

Caes. b. c. 3, 91, 3; dis laudes gratesque egit, Liv. 26, 48, 3; If **31**, gen. do, quam rem praetor egerit, CIL 198, 39; Quid agēs, si accedent propius, Pl. Rud. 3, 5, 9; Ne quid hic agimus, erus percipiat fieri, Cure. 1, 3, 2 etc.; observes filium quid agat, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 143 etc.; Petens ut quae egi ago axim vernunciet bene, Pacuv. ap. Non. 185, 26; nihil in bello sine exitis agunt, Cic. div. 1, 95; hic quae agantur quaeque acta sint, ea te cognosce arbitror, Cic. fam. 1, 5, 1; Dumnorigi custodes ponit ut quae agat scire possit, Caes. b. g. 1, 20, 6; neque satis constabat quid agerent, 3, 14, 3; **32**, nil agere, to do nothing, but waste one's time, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 72 and 134; Merc. 2, 5, 121; 4, 3, 29 etc.; Ter. Ad. 5, 8, 12; Cic. Cat. 1, 15; Vell. 2, 60, 3; a. ungas, trille, talk nonsense, waste one's time, Pl. Trin. 2, 3, 5; Capt. 3, 4, 95; Men. 4, 2, 57 (quater); Poen. 3, 5, 31 etc.; **33**, quid agis? etc., what are you doing? how are you? as a general term of salutation, Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 15; 2, 3, 5; 4, 4, 3; nuntius quid agam, 3, 1, 114; quid tua agit uxor? Tru. 1, 2, 13; quid agis dulcissime rerum? Hor. s. 1, 9, 4; **34**, so, quid agitur? what is doing? Enge, Tranio, quid agitur? Pl. Most. 5, 1, 28; Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 19; 5, 5, 2; quid agitur? w. the joking answer: Statur, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 40; **35**, quid ago? often as a fut., what shall I do? Pl. Bac. 5, 2, 78; Quid agimus? (so mss. Ritschl ej. agemus) Fucilest, Trecentae possunt causas colligi, Mil. 2, 2, 95; quid agimus? Men. 5, 2, 91; quid nunc agimus? quin redeamus, Ter. Eun. 4, 7, 41; **36**, age si quid agas, whatever you are to do, do at once, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 139; Mil. 2, 2, 60; Pers. 4, 4, 107; St. 5, 4, 35 (w. bibe si bibis just above); **37**, actum rem ago, actum ago, busy oneself about a matter already settled, and so waste one's time, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 28; Cist. 4, 2, 30; actum aiunt ne agas, Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 72; acta agimus, Cic. am. 85; acta ne agamus, Cic. Att. 9, 18; actum ne agas, ib. 9, 6; **38**, hoc age, attend to what I am saying, Hoc agite sultis spectatores nunciam, Pl. As. pr. 1; hoc agite, Ps. 1, 2, 20; Hocine agis an non? Ego vero i-tue, Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 15; **39**, opposed to: alias res a., think of anything but the matter in hand, alias res agunt, Pl. Ps. 1, 2, 20 (just quoted for hoc agite); alias res agis...Istuc ago quidem, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 57; eum locari atque alias res agere, Cic. Rose. Am. 60; **40**, age, be alive, set to, sequere, ah minime...quia istuc inlecebrosius fieri nil potest...Age igitur, Pl. Bac. 1, 1, 56; Age pugni, iudicium quoniam uentri victum non datis, Amph. 1, 1, 140; Age Pamphile, egi Pamphile, Ter. Andr. 5, 2, 30; **41**, almost as an adv., quick, come, often w. another imper., age oblige, obsequia cito, Pl. Bac. 4, 4, 96; age face, Mil. 2, 3, 69; age cloquere, 3, 2, 33; age, da veniam filio, Ter. Ad. 5, 8, 14; age asta mane audi, Pacuv. ap. Cic. acad. pr. 88; age nunc tuam progeniem ede, Acc. ap. Non. 409, 18; **42**, so in the pl. agite abscedite, Pl. Mil. 4, 4, 61; agite abite, Men. 5, 7, 28; add Most. 1, 1, 60; Cure. 1, 1, 88; agite exite timentulum tollite, Nov. ap. Fest. 364 M; agitedum\* clamorem tollite, Liv. 3, 62, 4; recordamini agitedum\* quoties... 5, 52, 9; agite succedite, Verg. 1, 631; **43**, even age w. pl. imper., age hincini, Pl. Stich. 2, 1, 68; age igitur intro abite, Mil. 3, 3, 54; agedum\* conferte nunc... Cic. Sull. 72; age nunc, iter expediti latronis cum Milonis impedimentis comparate, Cic. Mil. 55; add Maui. 40; mittite agedum\* legatos, Liv. 48, 47, 11; add Prop. 1, 1, 21; Stat. Th. 10, 33; **44**, or w. pl. of subj., age eamus, Pl. Mil. 1, 1, 78; age sultis lunc ludificemus, Pers. 5, 2, 52; age adplaudamus, 5, 2, 13; **45**, age repented, age age i pueri, due me... Caccil. ap. Frise. 1, 247 K; Age age nunciam experiamur contra, Ter. Ad. 5, 4, 23; age age amolire amitte caute... Acc. ap. Non. 75, 32; age age egredere, Turp. ap. Non. 482, 29; **46**, age, agree conceditis, well, well, do as you like, Age ne tibi meli adnoscari dicas, lunc unum diem, de meo securos sinam ego illos esse, Naev. com. 7 R; Age, age, ut tibi maxime concinnam, Pl. Dom. 4, 2, 33; age age ut habet, Ter. Andr. 2, 1, 10; wh. Dom.: est permissio reprobantis ea quae consentit; age age, iam ductum, dabo, Ter. Ph. 4, 3, 57; add Ad. 5, 4, 23; age sane inquam, sed erat aequius... Cic. fin.

2, 119; age, sit ita factum: (sed) quae causa cur Romam propteraret, Cic. Mil. 49; **47**, w. dum suffixed, stir your stumps a moment, just—, Agedum tu Artamo Forem hanc pausillatim aperi placide, ne crepa, Pl. Bac. 4, 7, 34; Agedum ergo face, Mil. 2, 3, 74; agedum, excutendum pallium, Am. 4, 4, 19; agedum, hoc mihi expedi, Ter. Eun. 4, 4, 27; see also \* above; **48**, id agere, nihil aliud agi, often followed by ut or ne, work at, strive after, have for one's object, Id agis ut nbi adinitatem inter nos nostram adstrinxeris, Efficias ex urbe iuanis, Pl. Trin. 3, 2, 73; id agut ut nri boni esse videntur, Cic. off. 1, 41; non iam id ago ut proximos exitis consequar, Cic. Att. 9, 7; neque id agimus ut artem explicemus, Cic. or. 2, 175; add Att. 8, 11, 2; cum id agam ne post mortem miseris nos puteamus fore, Cic. Tusc. 1, 83; **49**, w. cum, deal with, facile est bene agere cum his qui... Cic. Phil. 14, 30; ut praeclare cum his agamus quos pacatos esse patimur, Cic. Sest. 51; bene egissent cum Miltiade si... Val. M. 5, 3, ext. 3; **50**, esp. in pass., bene dicat secum esse actum, Ter. Ad. 2, 2, 2; cum illo quis negat actum esse praeclare, Cic. am. 11; intellegit secum esse actum pessime, Cic. Ter. 3, 3, 119; add 2, 1, 9; non pessime cum his esse actum, quibus... Sulpic. ad Cic. 4, 5, 3; bene agi potuisse cum rebus humanis si... Suet. Ner. 28; **51**, still w. cum, talk (with), treat (with), negotiate (with), intercede (with), and so entreat, ask, beg, mecum ut ad te scriberem egerunt, Cic. fam. 4, 2, 1; de quo praesens tecum egi diligenter, 13, 75, 1; petierunt ut de sua salute cum eo agere hiceret, Caes. b. g. 1, 31, 1; nullo se de his rebus, agere cum eo, 1, 47, 1; hoc unum esse tempus de pace agendi, Caes. b. g. 3, 10, 7; quae per Anulum Clodium cum Scipione egisset, 3, 90, 2; esp. of public business, do business with, talk with, is prius instituit in forum versus agere cum populo, Cic. am. 96; quod agam ex eo loco ex quo me populus Romanus...secum agere noluit, Cic. Verr. 1, 30; nec quis de his... cum populo agat, Cic. Cat. 51, 43; negat (Caesar) mundum contineam aduocari posse, id est, cum populo agi, Maer. s. 1, 16, 29; bifariam cum populo agi non potest, Gell. 13, 16, 1 (15, 8); egi cum senatu non debere iacta praemia tribui nisi expetitis, Suet. Tib. 54 (note acc. and inf.); **52**, absol. talk in the way of business, discuss, (Metellus in senatu) cum agere coepisset, tertio quoque verbo me appellabat, Cic. Man. 5, 2, 8; hic locus ad agendum amplissimus, Cic. Man. 1; cum de Catilinae coniratione ageretur in curia, Suet. Aug. 94; gen. talk, Sest. est hic locus de quo agebam, Ter. Ad. 1, 1, 53; If **53**, in law, proceed at law, take proceedings, bring an action (quod) lege Italia actum siet, CIL 198, 23; lege agito, Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 91; ex sponso egi, Cic. Quinct. 32; cum egisset lege in hereditatem paternam, Cic. or. 1, 175; de quibus rebus ut aliter ageretur lege cautum non erat, de his sacramento agebatur, Gai. 4, 13; si de re minoris quam (M) aeris agebatur, 4, 15; in personam agere debet, 2, 204; **54**, often w. gen. accus. (of), furti, Cic. fam. 7, 22; iniuriarum, Ulp. dig. 47, 10, 7; Quint. 3, 6, 19; caedis; adulterii, 4, 4, 8; **55**, often w. acc. rem or in pass. res agitur, the matter is legally or officially dealt with, quam rem praetor egerit, CIL 198, 30; quom ea res agitur, 108, 32; credant res sibi semper agi, Ov. a. a. 2, 154; ea res agatur de fundo mancipando, Gai. 4, 131; add 133, 137; **56**, agitur, is concerned, is at stake, Grippe, accede huc, tua res agitur, Pl. Rud. 4, 4, 104; At enim nos quarum res agitur aliter auctores sumus, St. 1, 2, 72; Non nunc pecunia agitur sed illud quomodo, Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 67; Non capitis ei res agitur, sed pecuniae, Ph. 4, 3, 20; add Haut. 2, 3, 113; aguntur iniuriae sociorum, agitur his legum, agitur existimatio veritatis iudiciorum, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 113; agitur populi Romani gloria...; agitur salus sociorum...; aguntur iustitiae...; Man. 6; libertas agitur populi Romani, Phil. 7, 27; Nam tua res agitur, paries cum proximus ardet, Hor. ep. 1, 18, 84; quum fama eius ageretur, Liv. 27, 34, 7; pars tertia mundi, Ov. M. 5, 372; If **57**, of the mind, work at or upon, meditate, Nescio quid certe mens mea mains agit, Ov. Met. 12, 212; but not to this § belong Tac. h. 2, 26; 3, 35; Val. F. 3, 392; **58**, age as opp. to facio, speaks of the



labour, whether of body or mind without reference to result, facio of the result, potest aliquid facere et non agere, ut poeta facit fabulam et non agit; actor agit et non facit, Varr. l. 6, 8; (sunt) aliae (artes positae) in agendo quarum in hoc finis est et ipso actu perficitur, nihilque post actum operis relinquit quae *πραγμα* dicitur qualis saltatio est; aliae in effectu quae operis consummatione finem accipiunt quam *πονηται* appellamus qualis est pictura, Quint. 2, 18, 1 and 2. V 59. agens part. as adj. energetic, active, vigorous, oratorum incensum et agentem, Cic. Brut. 317; effective, telling, utendum imaginibus agentibus acerbis... quae pericere animum possint, Cic. or. 2, 358. 60. as sb. one who brings an action, plaintiff, claimant, quod inter agentem et debitorem convenit, Marc. dig. 22, 3, 23; quod intersit agentis, Paul. 2, 11, 12, 1; quanti agentis intersit, Gai. dig. 2, 13, 10, 3. 61. esp. agentes in rebus, officers under the later empire w. extensive powers in all places, state-inquisitors, Th. C. 14, 11, 1; 8, 8; 5, 7; cum Apodonio agente in rebus, Amm. 14, 11, 19; Gauden- tium agens in rebus, 15, 3; add 16, 5, 11 etc. 62. in gramm. active, agentia verba, Gell. 18, 12, 1 and 10.

**āgo**, ōnis, m. a mountain, (antiqui) agones dicebant montes, Paul. ex F. 10.

**āgōga**, or -ā, ae, es, f. lit. a leading (as of water), hence a trench, Plin. 33, 70, a term introduced into Spain by Greek miners; 2. a term in music opp. to *πλοκή*, Mart. C. 9, 323 G, 360, 3 Eys.

**ag-ōium**, i, n. [ag-o] a shepherd's crook, ap. Paul. ex F. 29.

**āgōn**, ōnis, m. an assembly, esp. for games, a contest, gymnics apud Viennenses, Plin. ep. 4, 22, 1; agona ib. 3 and 7; musici agones, Suet. Ner. 22; add 23; agon et in Elide Ioui Olympio et Romae Capitolino quinto quoque anno redeunte celebratur, Censor. 18, 4; cf. Suet. Dom. 4; nunc demum agona esse, Suet. Ner. 43; add Th. C. 15, 7, 3; 16, 10, 3.

**āgōnialis**, e, adj. [for Agonalialis] of the god Agonius, a title prob. of Ianus, hence Agonalia n. pl. the festival of the same, Agonalia eius festiuitatem, ap. Paul. ex F. 10; Ianus Agonalis incepiandus erit, Ov. F. 1, 318; see Agonius.

**āgōnensis**, e, adj. [ago, a mountain] an old name of the porta Collina of Rome, ap. Paul. ex F. 10; 2. Agonenses as sb. m. pl. the priests of the Agonia, Varr. l. 6, 3.

**āgōnista**, ae, m. one who contends for a prize, Aug. serm. 343 f.

**āgōnistarcha**, ae, m. president of public games, inser. Grut. 38, 5.

**āgōnisticus**, adj. of a public contest, causa, Tert. cor. mil. 13.

**āgōnium**, see

**āgōnius**, adj. [ago, a mountain] as sb. m. the title of a god, prob. Ianus, Agonium putabant deum dici praesidentem rebus agendis (?), Paul. ex F. 10; 2. Agonium as sb. n. a single day of his festival, ib.; 3. Agonia n. pl. the festival held twice in the year, first V Id. Ian. Agon. fast. Maff. CIL 304; f. Praen. p. 312; also on the XII Kal. Iun. Agon. Np; Ad Ianum redeat, qui quaerit Agonia quid sint, Ov. F. 5, 321; Ag. Np, f. Esquil. CIL 310; 4. agonia as sb. f. (sc. ouis or victima—cf. our term Southdown) hostiam antiqui agonium uocabant, Paul. ex F. 10; agonia hostia, Gloss. Isid.; agoniae nectinae uel hostiae, Gloss. Plac.; agonia (agonia Scal. ej.) *teper*, Gloss. Isid.

**āgōnōthesia**, ae, f. presidency at the games, Tb. C. 12, 1, 109; as a Gk. word, Ulp. dig. 10, 2, 20, 7.

**āgōnōthēta**, or -es, ae, m. president at the games, Q. Memmius Macroino quaestori II iur. Massili(ae). Agono- thetae, inser. Or. 4024; add Areal. dig. 50, 4, 18, 17; Spart. Iadr. 13, 1; Tert. mart. 3.

**āgōnōthēticus**, adj. of an agonothea, possessions, Nov. Marc. 3, 3, 1, 1.

**āgōrānōmus**, i, adj. as sb. m. superintendent of mar- kets, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 45.

**āgrālis**, adj. of land, uocabula, Frontin. col. f.

**āgrammātos**, adj. unlettered, Vitr. 1, 1, 13.

**āgrāri-ensis**, e, adj. See Th. C. 7, 17, 1.

**agr-arius**, a, um, adj. of land, lex, a law for division of public land among the plebs, Cic. Att. 1, 19, 4; Liv. 2, 41, 3; triumvir a., a commissioner for the same, Liv. 27, 21, 10; agrarium rem temptant, agitation for the same, Cic. off. 2, 78; niae, private roads, Ulp. dig. 43, 8, 2, 22; lex, a law against removal of land marks, Call. dig. 47, 21, 3; parentes, Aur. V. ep. 40; stationes, outposts stationed in the country, Amm. 14, 3, 2; and absol. (trones urbani) in agrarii phum- rium detinendi sunt, Veg. mil. 1, 3; 2. agrarii absol., the agrarian party, i.e. advocates for division of public lands, Cic. Cat. 4, 4; Phil. 7, 18; Liv. 3, 1, 2.

**agraticum**, adj. n. as sb. payment as for land, Th. C. 7, 20, 11.

**āgrestis**, e, adj. [impl. a n. sb. agrus, w. t. exerce.] of land, rustic, country-, hospitium, Cic. Att. 2, 16 f.; musa, Lucr. 5, 1398; poma, Verg. 7, 111; falx, Tib. 2, 5, 28; tauri, opp. to siluestres, Plin. 8, 74; feminae, 37, 44; 2. esp. w. a tone of reproach, as uncivilized, boorish, rude, rough, wild, savage, coarse, clownish, domino agresti ac furioso, Cic. sen. 47; quae barbaria Italia agrestior\*, Cic. Tuse. 5, 77; a fera agrestique uita ad hunc humanum cul- tum deducere, Cic. or. 1, 33; forenses causas agrestioribus\* Musis reliquerunt, Cic. or. 12; Aborigines genus hominum agreste, Sal. Cat. 6, 1; 3. hence of a wild beast, = ferus, nullus Achelous agrestis... abdidit undas, Ov. M. 9, 90; agrestem detraxit agrum (of Io), Prop. 2, 33, 13; 4. agrestis as a sb. a rustic or clown, in conuentu agrestium, Cic. Mur. 61; add Verg. 9, 11; Tib. 1, 1, 39; 5. comp. \* above; sup. agrestissimas gentes, Cassiod. ep. 7, 4; 6. agrestis, comp. adv. Spart. Hadr. 3, 1.

**āgric-ior**, adj. comp. [impl. an adj. = *αγρικός*] more rustic, more savage, Iul. V. Alex. 62.

**āgrī-cōl-ā**, ae, m. tiller of the ground, farmer, Cic. Rose. Am. 47; Deiot. 27; genus agricolum (note gen.) Lucr. 4, 586; O fortunatos nimium, sua si bona norit Agricolas, Verg. G. 2, 459; 2. carmine nostro Redditur agricolis gratia caelibus, Tib. 2, 1, 36; 3. as a cognomen, Gnaeus Iulius Agricola, Tac. Agr. 4.

**āgricōl-ā-ris**, e, adj. of a farmer, opus, Pall. insit. 3. **āgricōlō**, ōnis, f. [implies a vb. agricolor] farming, Colum. 1 pr. 6 and 11; 1, 1, 1.

**āgricōl-or** or vb. r. in Capitol. Alb. 11, 7 read agri colendi. **agri-cultio**? read diuision, agri cultio in Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 226; sen. 56.

**agri-cultor**? read diuision, agri cultor, in Liv. 26, 35, 5; and in Paul. dig. 22, 3, 25, 1.

**agri-cultura**? read diuision, agri cultura in Cic. off. 1, 151; and Caes. b. g. 6, 22, 3.

**agrifolia**, see aquifolia.

**Agri-gent-um**, i, n. dim. [*Ἀγραγέρτ* + um = E. ock] a Greek city on the S. coast of Sicily, now Girgenti, oppidum Agragus quod Agri-gentum noctri dicere, Plin. 3, 89; 2. for suffix cf. Tarent-um (*Ταράντι*), Buxent-um (*Βυζέντι*), Metapont-um (*Μεταπόντι*), Beneuent-um or Maleuent-um (*Μαλενέντι*); as also our Breck[oin]-ock from Breckon, Ar- broath, once also called Aber-broth-ock, on the mouth of the r. Broth.

**āgrimensor**, ōris, m. land-measurer or surveyor, Amm. 19, 11, 8; Cassiod. var. 3, 52.

**agrimonia**, see argemonia.

**āgrion**, adj. n. wild, Plin. 12, 45; 19, 82; 2. absol. of some plant, semen agrii, Veg. vet. 5, 58, 2.

**āgrīo-phylon**, n. a plant = *peucedanum*, Apul. herb. 95. **āgrī-pet-a**, ae, m. a cover of land, Cic. N. D. 1, 72; Att. 15, 29, 3; 16, 1, 2.

**Āgrīppa**, ae, m. [?] a cognomen, as of M. Vipstanus (al. Vipst.) Agrippa; Fructus Agrippae Sienilis, Hor. ep. 1, 12, 1; add 1, 12, 26; matrique sub ulnis Miles Agrippa suae, Manil. 1, 796; 2. Plin. 7, 45 interprets it as in pedes nascens, w. a silly etymon.

**Agrippina**, ae, f. daughter of Agrippa; 2. a d. of this Agrippina, and mother of Nero, Plin. 7, 46; 3. a title of Colonia from the latter (Cologne), Tac. an. 12, 27; Aur. V. 33.

**Agrippinensis**, adj. of Agrippina, colonia. Plin. 4, 106; 2. inhabitant of Colonia Agrippina, Tac. Germ. 28.

**Āgrius**, adj. or sb., name of a Roman gens, Cn. Agrius Cn. F. Pollio, CIL 1184.

**āgrōstis**, is, f. couch-grass? Apul. herb. 77.  
**āgr-ōsus**, adj. abounding in land, homo, Varr. 5, 1 f.  
**ah**, see a interj.

**aha?** older form of ah, says Prisc. 1, 48, 25 K; and in <sup>miss</sup> of Pl. but rejected by metre; perh. a dittograph for ah a: read in Pl.: Manum da et sequere. A nimum. Quid ita? Quia istoc inlecebrosius... Bac. 1, 1, 54; A Bellerophonem tuus me fecit filius, 4, 7, 12; Ita sunt glorie meretricum. A tace. Quid est obscuro, Truc. 4, 4, 36; Sed quid ais mea hilara lepida? A nimum familiariter, Rud. 4, 3, 6; Lepide excusatus inuesti <sup>miss</sup> inestisisti, mi amice. A hodie frustra's, Cas. 3, 6, 6.

**Āhāla**, ae, m. [=āla, ampit?] a cognomen, Brutus Ahala, on a denar. CIL 465; on a coin of Servilius, Eckh. 6, 20; (C. Servilius...) Ahala, fast. Cap. u. e. 276; C. Servilius A., Cic. sen. 50; Cicero (or. 153) wrongly derives ala from axilla, Quomodo uester Axilla Ala factus est, nisi fuga litterae uastioris?

**aheneus**, see aeneus.

**Āhēno-barbus**, adj. brazen-beard, as cognomen, (L.) Domitio Cn. f. Ahenobarb. cos., CIL 571, 17.

**ahenum**, see aenum.

**Aiedius**, m. name of a Roman gens, P. Aiedius Trupho, CIL 1023.

**Aienus**, m. a cognomen, L. Aienus, L. f., CIL 603, 1.  
**aiēntia**, ae, f. (aiens part.), affirmation, (opponitur) aientia negationi, Mart. Cap. 4, p. 118, 13 Eys.

**āio**, or āio, vb. def. [akin to E. aye and yea, to G. ja] say yes, affirm, opp. to nego, uel tu mi aias uel neges, Pl. Rud. 2, 4, 141; add Men. 1, 2, 52; An nata est sponsa praegnata? uel ai uel nega, Naev. ap. Prisc. 1, 541, 21 K; Negat quis, nego; aiū, āio, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 21; quasi ego id eum qui tunc ille aiāt ait neget, Cic. fin. 2, 70; 'quia nunc aiunt quod tunc negabant.' Quid ergo? ista condicio est testium ut quibus creditum non sit negantibus, isdem credatur aientibus\*, Cic. Rab. post. 34; add acad. pr. 2, 104; fin. 3, 91; negantia...e contrario aientibus\*—affirmative propositions, Cic. top. 49; Varius ait...Scaurus negat, Quint. 5, 12, 10; 2. gen. aiūm, say, Tū, senex, ais habitare me in illisce aedibus, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 68; uincito nescio quis ait, As. 2, 2, 19; Ait se ire ad Archidemon Chaeream Chaecestratum, 5, 2, 15; Rhodiensis superbo esse aiunt, Cato orig. p. 25, 3 lord; ait se indices ex lege uelle sortiri, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 42; quoniam ex itinere retrahere aiebant, Sal. Cat. 48, 3; audendum, non consultandum ait in tanto malo esse, Liv. 22, 53, 7; Sic ait et dicto citius tumida aequora placat, Verg. 1, 146; sic aienis\* uasculum ei tradidit, Apul. M. 6, 13 f.; 3. at times introduces the direct orat., as inquit dicit: Ennio delector, ait quispian, quod... Cic. or. 36; esp. in poets, uestrum Testor nūmen, ait Verg. 2, 155; quid, āit, tua crimina prodix? Ov. her. 11, 49; Non sum mochtis, āis, Hor. s. 2, 7, 72; o te, Bolane, cerebri Felicem! aiebant tacitus, 1, 9, 12; 4. leg. solemnly declare, hunc ego hominem ex iure Quiritium meum esse aio, Gai. 1, 119; add 2, 24; 3, 107; 4, 10; 5. esp. of oracles, magistrates, laws, Aio te, Acaidia, Romanos uincere posse, Enn. an. 186 V; aiunt aediles: qui municipia uendunt certiores faciant emptores quid... Ulp. dig. 21, 1, 1; add 21, 19, 5; ait senatus..., dig. 5, 3, 20, 7 and 17; 5, 3, 25, 2; ut ait lex, Ulp. dig. 24, 3, 64, 6 and 10; 6. aiunt, they say, of proverbs and quaint phrases, immo quid aiunt, auribus uenio lupum, Ter. Ph. 3, 2, 21; add 5, 2, 3; docebo, sus ut aiunt, oratoreum eum quem..., Cic. or. 2, 233; add Pis. 69; hac inget lupus, hac canis, aiunt, Hor. s. 2, 2, 64; et quod aiunt, pedibus in sententiam meum audio, Apul. M. 2, 7, 1; 7. aiū tu uero? and like phrases, do you really mean this, followed by a question, Aiū tu uero uerbo? deos \*se tu similis putas? Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 128; Aiū tandem? cuius clypeum? Ter. Andr. 5, 3, 4; aiū tandem? insanire tibi uideris quod inuiter uerborum morum ut scribis fulmina? Cic. fam. 9, 21, 1; aiū tandem? nunc castra uallata non habitis? wh. aiū may be addressed to one person, not, as some assume, to many—Liv. 10, 25, 6;

8. quid ais? is used in two ways, either in surprise, what

do you say? you surely don't mean it, S. argentum hic inest quod me dudum rogasti. T. Quid tu ais? Pl. Pers. 2, 5, 21; hem quid ais scelus? Ter. Andr. 4, 1, 58; 9. or merely to introduce a question, just answer me this, = Fr. dis moi un peu, D. Sed quid ais? A. quid uis? D. Die quo iter inceptas? Pl. Truc. 1, 2, 27; D. sed quid ais Astaphum? A. quid uis? D. Estne iutus nunc Phronemus? 1, 2, 85; quid ais? quid nomen tibi est? Amph. 1, 1, 208; add 1, 1, 262; 2, 1, 73; Trin. 4, 2, 108; As. 5, 2, 46; Bac. 1, 1, 45; Most. 3, 1, 87; 10. forms in use of aio besides those given above, aio, sciat Ciceroni placuisse aio Maiamque geminata i scribere, Quint. 1, 4, 11; 11. aiānt, quibusnam te aiānt oritur loeis, Acc. ap. Prisc. 2, 542, 2 K; but in Pl. (even Andr.) and Ter. (even Bemb.) always aieb., even wh. metre claims aib., as: Vidisse aibas te osculante atque amplexante cum altero, Pl. Mil. 2, 3, 49; add Trin. 2, 4, 27; 4, 2, 114; 5, 2, 16; Bac. 3, 3, 34; Proinde aibas? Factum: uerum uenit post insanens, Ter. Ad. 4, 2, 34; add 4, 6, 5; but aiebat required in: Te uelle uxorem aiebat tuo gnato dare, Pl. Most. 4, 3, 33; and in next verse: 12. aiū, Aug. ep. 54 med. and 147; perh. ait is a perf. in Verg. and Ov. of 3, cf. Prob. 1482 P; 13. imp. ait in Naev. § 1 but not in Pl. Truc. 5, 49; 14. part. aiens; see \* above.

**al**, sb. n.? [root of dim. all-ium?] garlic?, Tau Gallium, min. al, Verg. catul. ap. Quint. 8, 3, 28; Die quid significat catalesta Maronis? in his al Celtarum posuit, Ans. grammat. 5; but in catul. of V. all dub. (see Ribbeck 3, 151).

**āla**, ae, f. (from a lost āhala (penult. prob. ā), preserved in prop. name Ahala; hence dim. ax illa; and so = μαχα-ἀλα ἀμπιτ, cf. nclum axillum, G. segel: mala maxilla, w. μαστόν (uax) and μασταύα: pālus paxillus w. pango (pag); tālus taxillus w. ασταγῶαλε; paulum pauxillum w. pauci: qualum quasillum w. Eng. wicker). (Article left unfinished).

**alabandina**, adj. f. as sb. (gemma), a precious stone found near Alabanda, Isid. or. 16, 13.

**Ālābarches**, or Arab-arches, ae, m. the magistrate who had charge of the Arab population of Alexandria, Iuv. 1, 130; 2. a nickname for Pompey in Cic. Att. 2, 17, 3.

**ālābaster**, tri, m. adj. as sb. m. (lapis) or -trum, tri, n. alabaster, i.e. some calcareous spar, esp. a box of some to hold perfumes, alabaster plenus unguenti, Cic. ap. Non. 545, 12; redolent alabastra, Mart. 11, 8, 9; 2. met. cortice in uiridis alabastris fastigato, Plin. 21, 14; unguenta optime seruatur in alabastris, 13, 19; Ae teretes onyches fuci graecisque alabastris, inser. Or. 4832, 7.

**ālābāstris**, adj. m. a stone, Plin. 36, 158; 37, 73.

**ālābāstritis**, adj. f. as sb. (gemma), a gem of some kind, Plin. 37, 143.

**ālābāstrum**, see alabaster.

**ālacer**, cris, crē, adj. [through a lost sāl-āc-or, from sāl-ae a secondary vb. from sāl-leap, = ἄλ of ἄλμας, ἄλ of ἄλρο ἄλμας; and so = ἄλ-αφ-ος; and akin to ἄλ-αφ-ος, as also to Lat. lep-us, and λαγ-ών lit. leaping well, bounding, springing, cum alaceribus saltu, cum uolucibus cursu, cum ualidis uerte certabat (see Chn. Pompeius), Sal. ap. Verg. r. mil. 1, 9 f.; Sic ut (so siss, a troch. hex.) inciti aiales rostris perfurunt Delphini, Acc. 403 R; 2 w. added notion of joy, bounding with delight, gay, full of life, in high spirits, equum alacrem laetus aspicit, Cic. div. 1, 73; cum fens bestias uideamus alacres et erectas uadere ut alteri bestiae necant, ad Her. 2, 29; 3. esp. of man. Cum clamore inuolant, impetu alaceri ruunt, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 90; quid tu es tius, quid es alaceris\*? (Chaearea united the two feelings), Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 13; Tum pariter euhant... euhum Ignotus iunenum coetus alterna nix inibat alaceris, Baecchio exultat (= exultans) molo, Enn. trag. 152 V; Chrysis...alaceris obuiam mihi ueniet complexum exoptans meum, Trab. 4 R; ex alaceri alaceri hie erat humilis alter demissus ut..., Cic. Verr. 1, 17; Catullum (uidebant) alacerum alter hactum, Cic. Mur. 49; an timabant ne alaceres perterritum superare non possent? Cic. Cacl. 66; sed quo sis, Africane, alacrior ad tutandum rempublicam, sic habeto, Cic. rep. 6, 13; add inv. 1, 102; cum tua cunctatione timidores hostes, nostros alacriores ad pugnandum effecissent,

Caes. b. g. 3, 24, 5; add 5, 33, 5; b. c. 3, 25, 2; isque... alacris\* (al. lacrimans) palmas utraque tendit, Verg. 6, 685; ille enimvero ad illi Donatiani alacer certae gaudii, Phaedr. 2, 5, 22; alacer uolulus, Tac. an. 11, 17; 4. met. joyous, or exhibiting joy, alaceres animo sumus, Cic. fam. 5, 12, 9; alacri et prompto ore, Cic. or. 1, 184; alacris silvas, Verg. B. 5, 58; enses, Claud. Eut. 2, 280; 5. even of the excitement of hatred, or the pleasure of revenge, Sic alaceres odio, Stat. Th. 1, 425; 6. alacriter, adv. with alacrity, briskly, a. in certamen consurgentes, Ann. 19, 2, 17; 7. note alacris as fem. \*; cf. too Char. 82, 31 K; 113, 31; Prisc. 152, 18; 229, 20; 230, 21; Prob. inst. 2, 1, 27; 8. note the penult. of alacris etc. always short; 9. referred by Donat. ad Ter. to *adaxus* (!); by ps. Ascon. ad Cic. Verr. made the opposite to lacer; as if a of a-lacer = a priv.

**alacritas**, ātis, f. joyous bounding, springing habit, tanta (eunum) a. in uenando, Cic. N. D. 2, 158; 2. met. exultation, transport of joy or delight, inuenis alacritas, id est, laetitia gestiens, Cic. Tusc. 1, 30; uir sine aegritudine, sine alacritate ulla, 5, 48; (galli) victores alacritate et quasi laetitia ad eunum excitantur, Cic. div. 2, 56; add Liv. 2, 10, 10; 3. hence, ardour, eagerness, alacritas, ad litigandum, Cic. Att. 2, 7; scribēdū, 16, 3, 1; defendendae rei publicae, Cic. Phil. 4, 1; add Caes. b. g. 1, 46, 4; b. c. 3, 92, 3; 4. in pl. Gell. 19, 12, 4.

**alacriter**, see alacer.

**ālāpa**, ae, f. [= *κόλαφος*], and perh. our slap: for loss of k. cf. acumen] slap in the face, box on the ear, buffet, cuff, ridere potest qui Mamercorum alapas, Iuv. 8, 192; dignus alapis, Mart. 5, 61, 11; add Phaedr. 2, 5, 25; 5, 3, 2; alaparam procellas, Sidon. ep. 3, 13.

**ālāpator** = *καυχῆτης* (boaster), Gloss.

**ālāpo**, āre, = *παύω*, Gloss.

**ālāpus** = *parasitus*, Gloss.

**ālāris**, e, adj. of the ala or wing (of an army), cohorts, Liv. 10, 40, 8; 2. absol. of allied cavalry, alares Pannonios, Tac. an. 15, 10.

**ālārius**, adj. the same, cohorts, Caes. b. c. 1, 73, 3; 1, 83, 1; 2, 18, 1; equites, Liv. 40, 40, 9; 2. absol. alarii Transpadani, Cic. fam. 2, 17, 7; add Caes. b. g. 1, 51, 1 (bis).

**alaternus** (alternus), i, f. a shrub, perh. evergreen buckthorn, unlucky as bearing no fruit, Colum. 7, 6, 1; Plin. 16, 108; alternus, Macr. s. 3, 20 (12, 6), 3.

**ālātor**, ōris, m. one stationed on the wing in the chase, Serv. ad A. 4, 121.

**ālātus**, quasi-part. winged, plantis, Verg. 4, 259; equis, Ov. F. 3, 415; pede, 5, 666.

**ālāuda**, ae, f. [a Celtic word, perh. for alau-ida, and so akin to our lav-er-ock, now lark], galerita (cf. *κορυδός*) appellata quondam, postea Gallico uocabulo etiam legioni nomen dederat alaudae, Plin. 11, 121; add Marc. Emp. 39; 2. name of soldiers in the 5th legion, as of Gauls, and wearing crested helmets, Alaudae ceterique veterani, Cic. Phil. 13, 3; cum legione Alaudarum, Cic. Att. 16, 8, 2; (legionem) ex Transalpina conscriptam, uocabulo quoque Gallico, Alauda enim appellabatur, Suet. Caes. 24; trib. mil. leg. V Alaudae, inscr. Or. 773; bucinatori leg. V Alaudae, 3522; add 6675, 6945; 3. a cognomen, Mart. 12, 58, 2.

**ālāusa**, ae, f. a fish, Auson. Mon. 127; anguilla et alausae et sardinae, auct. anon. Hermes Zeitschrift, Bd. 8, p. 226; G. alose or else.

**ālāzon**, ōnis, adj. or sb. m. boaster = gloriosus, Alazon graece hinc nomen est comediae, Pl. Mil. 2, 1, 8.

**alba**, ae, adj. f. as sb. a pearl, Lamp. Hel. 21, 3 and 4; αἰβαί οἱ μαργαρίτι Σuid.

**Alba**, ae, f. a city of Latium, Olli respondit rex Albae longai, Enn. ap. Attil. F. 2691 P; add Verg. 1, 274; Liv. 1, 3, 3; 2. another, Alba Marsorum or Fucens, xx cohorts Alba ex Marsis et Pelignis coegerat, Caes. b. c. 1, 15, 7; Sorani atque Albani colouiae deductae, Liv. 10, 1, 1; add Plin. 3, 106; 3. also called Alba Pompeia, Imp. Constantino ciuitas Albiae Pompeiae, inscr. Or. 5105.

**albāmen**, inis, n. [also vb.] the white part, porri. Apic. 2, 50; porrorum 3, 65.

**albamentum**, i, n. the same, oui (white of an egg), Apic. 5, 196; albamentis ouorum tribus, 6, 249.

**Albānus**, adj. of Alba (in Latium), pax, Liv. 1, 27, 1. exercitus, 1, 28, 1; nimum, Plin. 14, 30; columnas (of Alban marble, peperino), Quint. 5, 13, 40; so: lapideinae, Vitruv. 2, 7, 1; conmissio, as given at the festival on the Alban mountain, Mart. 12, 48, 11; mons, Liv. 1, 3, 3; Plin. 3, 64; lacus, 5, 15, 14; nemus, 5, 15, 2; 3. Albanus, the people of Alba, Liv. 1, 27, 3; 1, 28, 2; 4. Albanum, a villa near Alba (of Pompey's), Cic. Att. 4, 11, 1; 7, 5, 3.

**albārius**, a, um, adj. for making white, opus, plastering of walls, Plin. 36, 177; Vitruv. 2, 1, 1; tector. Tetr. idol. 8, 1; plasterer; 2. albarium as sb. n. the white plaster (itself), tectoriorum albaria, 35, 194; add 36, 183; 3. albarius as sb. m. a plasterer, C. Ateio albario, inscr. Or. 4142.

**albātus**, quasi-part. whitened—esp. dressed in white (as at a festival), cum ipse epuli dominus albatu esset, tu in templum te cum C. Fibulo atrium intulisti, Cic. Vat. 31; Ille repotia natales alioque diurno Festos albatu celebrat, Hor. s. 2, 2, 61; add Pers. 2, 41; 2. of the factions at public races, exussio in carceribus arriga albato, Plin. 8, 160; uici in factione albata CII, inscr. Or. 2593; add inscr. Grut. 337.

**albēdo**, inis, f. [later form of albugo] whiteness, Sulpic. hist. sac. 1, 161; Cassiod. ep. 12, 4 f.

**Albensis** (Albesis), e, adj. of the town Alba Marsorum, cum duae sint Albae, ab una dicuntur Albani, ab altera Albenses, Varr. 1, 8, 18; Albani dicuntur ab Alba, Albenses ab Alba Fuente, Char. 106, 1 K; add Plin. 3, 106; 15, 83; Albenses naves, 15, 90; ciuitas, inscr. Or. 2332; r. p. Alb(e)nsium Pompeianorum, 2179; 2. Albescia scuta quibus Albenses qui sunt Marsi generis usi sunt, Paul. ex F. 4.

**albeo**, ēre, vb. be white, albente caelo, Sis. ap. Quint. 8, 3, 35; Caes. b. c. 1, 68, 1; campique ingentes ossibus albent, Verg. 12, 36; add Ov. her. 15, 161; Tac. an. 1, 61; 6, 43 (37); 15, 64; Sil. 4, 252.

**albesco**, ēre, vb. get whiter, mare qua a sole conlucet, albescit, Cic. Acad. pr. 105; Flammurum longos a tergo (i. e. stellarum) albescere tractus, Verg. G. 1, 367; add A. 4, 586; Hor. od. 3, 14, 25; Plin. 10, 13; 11, 214; 18, 352; albescente die—at early dawn—Paul. dig. 28, 2, 25, 1.

**albesia**, see albensis.

**Albānius**, adj. of Albani, pecunia, Cic. Clu. 82; iudicium, Cic. Caecin. 28.

**albi-cāpillus**? adj. white haired, Si albicapillus (a ej. of Bothe) hic uidetur, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 37.

**albicascio**, ēre, vb. get a little white, iam iam albescit Phocbus, Mat. ap. Gell. 15, 25, 1.

**albicēris** (or -ēra?), adj. f. (sc. olea of white wax), a kind of olive, albicerem, Cato r. 6, 1; Varr. r. 1, 24, 1; albiceram, Plin. 15, 20 (professing to copy Cato); albigera (by error), Macr. s. 3, 20 (2, 16), 6.

**albicērata**, quasi-part. f. covered w. white wax, a fig so called, Plin. 15, 60; cf. Albique quae seruat lanae cognomina cerne, Colum. 10, 417.

**albico**, āre, vb. dim. [= albicascio, the fuller form] become or be somewhat white, albicantis loca hitoris albit, Cat. 63, 87; Nec pruta cinis albicant prunis, Hor. od. 1, 4, 4; ex nigro albicare incipit, Plin. 27, 40; flos albicat, 27, 139; 2. as a vb. r. rinus offensus scopulo lapidoso albicator, Varr. ap. Non. 75, 20.

**Albico**, ōnis, m. a cognomen, Eppupa Albiconis filia, inscr. Grut. 1122, 6.

**albi-cōlor**, ōris, adj. white coloured, Coripp. 1, 429.

**albi-cōmus**, adj. white-haired, Venant. S. Mart. 4, 2.

**albi-dūlus**, adj. dim. whitish, Pallad. 3, 25, 12.

**albidus**, adj. white, pale, spuma, Ov. M. 3, 74; granum, Colum. 2, 9, 13; pus albidus, Cels. 5, 28, 4; pus albidissimum, 5, 26, 20; color caeruleo albidior, Plin. ep. 8, 20, 4.

**albīneus**, adj. cream-coloured? colores (equorum) hī praecipui, badius aureus albīneus... albus... Pall. 4, 13, 4.

**Albiniānus**, adj. [is to Albanus much as Caesarianus: Caesar] of Albanus, ab Albiniānis Severi duces nicti sunt, Spart. Sev. 10, 7.

**Albinia**, ae, a river of Hetruria, tab. Peutling.

**Albinōdānus**, m. a cognomen, Celsus A. Hor. ep. 1, 8, 1; 2. esp. C. Peto A., Ov. Pont. 4, 10, 4; Sen. ep. 122, 15.

**albinus**, as sb. m. = albarius, a plasterer, imp. Const. C. 64, 1; **2.** Albinus, a cognomen, L. Post. Alb. on a coin, CIL 318; A. Albinus, 375; A. Postumius Albinus, Liv. 41, 27, 1.

**Albiona**, ager trans Tiberim dicitur a luco Albionarum quo loco hos alba sacrificabatur, Paul. ex F. 4.  
**albi-plūmis**, e, adj. of white down, Anth. 3, 273 Barm.  
**albitūdō**, ius, f. whiteness, capitis, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 32.

**Albius**, m. name of a gens, C. Alb. Rutilus, CIL 830; Hor. s. 1, 4, 28.

**albo**, āre, vb. [albus] make white, whiten, Prisc. perieg. 431.

**albō-gālērus**, i, m. white cap worn by the flamen Dialis, Paul. ex F. 10; cf. (flamen Dialis) solum album habet galērum, Varr. ap. Gell. 10, 15, 32.

**albō-gilvus**, adj. pale-yellow, Serv. G. 3, 82.  
**albro**, ōris, m. white, ouorum, Pall. 11, 14, 9; Apic. 1, 6; Scrib. comp. 24; Pl. Val. 1, 10.

**albus**, i, n. stalk of the asphodel, Plin. 21, 109 and 110; 26, 21; Apul. herb. 32.

**albuclis**, is, f. adj. as sb. a kind of vine, Colum. 3, 2, 24; Plin. 14, 31.

**albuginōsus**, adj. jaundiced, Verg. vet. 5, 55.

**albūgō**, ius, f. whiteness, oculi, cataract, Plin. 21, 171; 22, 22 and 159 etc.; **2.** a white eruption on the head, 26, 160.

**Albūla**, adj. f. as sb. an old name of the Tiber, Verg. S. 332; Ov. F. 4, 68; Plin. 3, 53; **2.** a river of Picenum, 3, 110; **3.** Albulae aquae, sulphur springs near Tibur, 31, 10; **4.** *ἡ Ἀλβουλα ἰσθμῶς*, Strab.; Canaque sulphureis Albula fumat aquis, Mart. 1, 12, 2; add Suet. Aug. 82;

**4.** as a nymph of the same, Stat. silv. 1, 3, 75.  
**Albuleus**, adj. of the Albulae sulphur springs, iscriz. Fr. Arv. Marin. 393.

**albulus**, adj. dim. little and white, columbus, Catul. 29, 8; freta, Mart. 12, 98, 4.

**albus**, see albus.

**albūmen** in Plin. 28, 66 read v. best mss omi alio.

**albūmentum**, i, n. white, ovi, Verg. vet. 3, 57, 1.

**Albuna**? only a ej. reading in Tib. 2, 5, 69, wh. mss Albana, and some edd. Aniena.

**Albūnea**, ae, f. name of a spring near Tibur, Hor. od. 1, 7, 12; **2.** of a mountain, Verg. 7, 83; **3.** of a goddess or Sibyl, Lact. 1, 6.

**alburnum**, i, n. [albus?] the soft wood of trees next to the bark, Plin. 16, 182.

**albus**, a, um, adj. white, dentes, Pl. Epid. 3, 3, 48; quadrigis, As. 2, 13; cano epante alba barba, Pac. 5, 1, 15; corpore albo\*, oculis nigris, Capt. 3, 4, 114; Album an atrum vinum potas? Men. 5, 5, 18; atras capras lacte albo habere, Cato ap. Char. 102 K; alba discernere et atram non poterat, Cic. Tusc. 5, 114; quae alba sint, quae nigra dicere, Cic. div. 2, 9; vultu mutabilis, albus et ater, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 189; **2.** hence prov. vide quam te amaris is qui albus aterne fuerit ignoras, Cic. Phil. 2, 41; Nec scire utrum sis albus an ater homo, Cat. 93, 2; **3.** white sacred to gods above, as black to gods below, Alba decent Cererem, uestis Cerialis albus Sumite. Nunc pulvis uelleris usus abest, Ov. F. 4, 619; cf. Cic. Vatini. 31; color albus praecipue decorus deo est, Cic. leg. 2, 45; **4.** hence as lucky, favorable, Omnibus e nigro color est mutatus in album Candidaque... sententia soluit, Ov. M. 15, 46; per me quidem (pron. quem) sint omnia protinus alba, Pers. 1, 110; **5.** hence prov. gallinae filius albae, Iuv. 13, 141; si errori nostro album calceum adici ceris (acquit or pardon), Plin. ep. 1, 2, 5; **6.** alba avis prov. for something rare (a white crow), quasi aenea albam (albanum M) nidentur bene sentientem eum uidere, Cic. fam. 7, 28, 2; **7.** alba linea signare, to mark white paper w. a white line, i.e. make next to no distinction, Et auabat omnes; nam ut discerni non facit Neque signat linea alba, Lucil. ap. Non. 282, 28 and 405, 19; in quas res cumque incidant, alba ut dicitur linea, sine cura discriminis. conuertebant, Gell. pr. 11; **8.** a palish white, nec to Serv. G. 3, 82, aliud est candidum, quadam nitenti luce perfusum, aliud album, pallori uici-

num—cf. hedera alba, Verg. B. 7, 38, with hedera pallente, 3, 39; so too, timor albus, Pers. 3, 115; timuit... Raptor in Hyrcano qui fugit albus equo, Mart. 8, 26, 2; see also \* above;

**9.** yet also of what is bright, simul alba noctis Stella refulsit, Hor. od. 1, 12, 27; Albus ut obscuro deterget nubila caelo Saepo Notus, 1, 7, 15; a. Iapyx, 3, 27, 20; laces, Mart. 10, 62, 6; Sed current albusque dies horaeque serena, Sil. 15, 53; add Ov. M. 15, 46; and 2, 541 compared w. 2, 534; so tin is plumbum album, Lucr. 6, 1079, but candidum, Plin. 34, 156; **10.** opposed to ater see \* above; but also to niger, Cic. div. 2, 9; Phaedr. 3, 15, 10;

**11.** comp. and sup. album albius albiusimum only in Varr. 1, 8, 39; **12.** as a cognomen, Sp. Postumius A. f. P. n. Albus Regill(ensis), fast. Cap. (a. u. c. 288); **13.** albus as sb. n. white, sparsis pelibus albo, Verg. B. 2, 41; maculis insignis et albo, G. 3, 50; columbas poliendas albo (white plaster) locavit, Liv. 40, 51, 3; omi, Cels. 6, 6, 0; 7, 7, 11; oculi, 7, 7, 6; but album in oculo, cataract, Colum. 6, 17, 7; **14.** esp. the white ground on wh. public edicts etc. were written, ca nomina in tabula in albo atramento scriptos patrum tribum cognomeneque... habeto, CIL 198, 14; cum stipulationem quam in albo propositam habet, 205, 1, 25 and 35; add 206, 15 and 18; ea ex commentariis regis in album elata proponere in publico, Liv. 1, 32, 2; **15.** hence a list, index ex turba selectorum quem census in album misit, Sen. ben. 3, 7, 7; Apidium albo senatorio crasit, Tac. an. 4, 42 f.

**Alcāicus**, adj. of Alcaeus the Lesbian poet, Alcaicum (metrum) tale est: Vides ut alta stet nive candidum: hoc, Diom. 509, 32 K; aliud: pones lambis sine flamma, 510, 3; aliud: Vsq̄ me pluuioque uentos, 510, 6; item sic: Hoc deos uere Sybarum cur properes amano, 520, 25; alcāicum constat spordio, tribus ehorianis, pyrrichio: Pro fas Aeneides praenobis sub Paradis manu, Serv. e. metr. 405, 16; add Sidon. Carm. 1, 9, 13.

**alcē**, ēs or alcēis, f. f. elk, sunt quae appellantur alcēs, Caes. h. G. 6, 27, 1; alcen\* (so mss) iuueno similem, Plin. 8, 39 where he speaks of the achlis as Caes. of the alcis; est et alcē\* mulis comparanda, Solin. 20, 6.

**alcēa**, ae, f. a species of mallow, Plin. 27, 21; 26, 83.

**alcēdo**, (h.) ius, haleyon, ōnis (h.) f. [ἀλκυών; some ἀλκυων, as coming th. ἀλς] kingfisher, lam hieleto to peristi nisi illam mihi tam tranquillum facis, quam mare olimet cum ibi alcēdo (so Prisc., mss aleyo or alyone) pullos educit suos, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 143; Alcioneis ritu litus per uolgens furor, Pac. ap. Varr. 1, 7, 5; p. 365 Sp., wh. Varr. Graece ἀλκυων, a nostris alcēdo; Dilectae Tuctidi alcēōnes, Verg. G. 1, 399; desertas alloquor alcēonas, Prop. 1, 17, 2; ante brumam septem diebus totidemque post eam sternitur mare alcēonum (alcionum a) feturae, Plin. 2, 125; haleyonem uidere rarissimum est 10, 90; circa brumam bis septem, alcēonum fetura, uentorum quiete molliunt caelum, 18, 231; an alcēdo cum pulvis ius tranquillo otio dignior est quam tu cum tuis hieris? Fronto fer. Als. 3, p. 225 Nab.

**alcēdōnia**, n. pl. the seven days before and seven days after shortest day when the sea was calm so as to serve the kingfisher at hatching, Tranquillum est; Alcēdōnia sunt circa forum, Pl. Cas. pr. 26; mare h̄sum aiunt, ubi alcēdōnia sunt, fieri feriatur, Fronto fer. Als. 3.

**alcēbium**, ii, adj. n. as sb. [ἀλκυ-βίος] a plant, an antidote to serpent's bite, Plin. 27, 39.

**Alcēanīus**, ad. of the poet Aleman, Alemanium (sc. metrum), lambicum as: Spēnsis decorae uirginis torum, Serv. e. metr. 458, 16 K; **2.** troch. Fistula emit subulcus, 459, 17; **3.** daet. Tundite pectora palmis, 460, 21 etc.; **4.** anap. Tremulum mare mollitudo nitet aura, 462, 10 etc.

**Alcēmaeo**, ōnis, Lat. form of Ἀλκυμαίω, iuxta non ponebant em., inde Alcēmeon et Alcēmena, Mar. Viet. 2456, 20 P; Alcēmeon (potius scribamus), quam (ut antiqui) Alcēmeon, Tecēmeon potius quam interposita u Tecēmeassum, 2457, 22; **2.** but Acc. ap. Non. 284 v. dedicare: At ueror cum te esse Alcēmeis (so mss) fratrem factis dedit; and Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 30; Et quidem Alcēmaeus atque Orestes et Lyeurgus postea; so Fleck., but the vetus

has alemeus; and Ritschl cj. (opusc. 2, 486) Aleumaes Orestes.

**Alcāmēna**, ae. f. Latin form of name Ἀλκαμένη, dr. of Electryon, wife of Amphitryon; Is amare coepit Alcumēnam clam uiro, Pl. Amph. pr. 107; add 99, 110, 134; 1, 1, 134 and 135; 2. cf. for insertion of u, Hercules Ἡρακλῆς; Aesculapius Ἀσκληπιός; Aleumaes Ἀλκυμαῖος; Tecumēsa Τεκμήσσα; Aleumaes Ἀλκυμαῖος; Ammelaue Ἀμυκλαίς; Patricoles Πατριόκλης; Dayhine Δαφνίη; drachma δραχμή; techina τέχνη; cucinus κύκνος; lucinus λυχνός; gumnasium γυμνασιόν; cf. Ritschl opusc. 2, 473.

**aleyon**, see aleceo.

**alcýōne**, (h.) es, f. kingfisher, Perque dies plaecidos hiberno tempore septem Incubat aleyonem pendentibus aequore nidis; Ov. M. 11, 746; see aleceo; 2. as one of the Meids, Ov. her. 19, 133.

**alcýōn-ēus** (-ius), adj. (aleyon) of the kingfisher, alecyonei dies, Colum. 11, 2, 21; see aleceo; 2. as sb. n. a drug, serving as a cosmetic, Ov. med. fac. 78; alecyoneum e nidis alecyonum, Plin. 32, 86 and 87; add Cels. 5, 6; 5, 18, 26.

**alcýōnis**, idis, adj. f. the same, alecyonides dies, Plin. 10, 90; see aleceo.

**ālea**, ae. f. a die for gambling, dice, Prouocat me in āleam, ut ego ludam. Pono pallium, Pl. Cure. 2, 3, 70; elusi militum inquam in ālea, 5, 2, 11; quod in ālea perdidit, and, ālea ludere, Cic. Phil. 2, 56; Sen malis netita legibus ālea, Hor. od. 3, 24, 58; āleam sobrii inter seria exerceant, Tac. G. 24; si luditur ālea pernox, Iuv. 8, 10; quod in ālea lusum est, Paul. dig. 11, 5, 4, 2; 2. met. tuce Caesar: eatur...lacta ālea esto, Suet. Caes. 32 f.

3. gen. chance, risk, gambling, āleam quandam esse in hostis deligendis, Cic. div. 2, 36; plenum opas ālea, Hor. od. 2, 1, 6; ubi salubritas non est, cultura non aliud est atque ālea domini uitae ac rei familiaris, Varr. r. 1, 4, 3; in dubium imperii seruitutē āleam inus, Liv. 1, 23, 9; 4. esp. v. cmō, nec ālea emittit ut in uenatione, Paul. dig. 18, 4, 7; add Ulp. 18, 1, 8, 1.

**āleā-rius**, adj. of dice, of gambling, amicitiae, Ann. 28, 4, 21.

**āleātor**, ōris, m. dice-player, gambler, Pl. Rud. 2, 3, 29; Cic. Cat. 2, 23; Phil. 2, 67; de aleatoribus, Dig. 11, 5, tit.

**āleātor-ius**, adj. of dice-players, or gambling, damna, Cic. Phil. 2, 67; forum, Aug. ap. Suet. Aug. 71; aleatorio ritu, Gell. 18, 13, 6; 2. aleatorium as sb. n. a gambling house, Sidor. ep. 2, 2 med.

**ālebris**, e, adj. alebria = bene alentia, Paul. ex F. 25.

**ālece**, see hallex.

**āleātor-ia**, adj. f. as sb. (sc. gemma) a gem, Plin. 37, 144.

**ālecula**, see hālecula.

**Aledius**, m. name of a gens, L. Aledius, CIL 1477.

**Alemona**, or Alimona, f. a goddess, alendis in utero febribus, Tert. anim. 37.

**āleo**, ōnis, m. dice-player, gambler, Pessimorum pessime, audax, ganeo, lustro, āleo, Naev. ap. Fest. 29; Nisi impudicus et uorax et āleo, Cat. 29, 2; add 6.

**āles**, itis, adj. [ala, it. old base of eo; cf. it-er, com-es, ped-es, equ-es etc.] going on wings, winged, Aliges ingentes, alites, iuncti iugo, Pac. ap. Cic. inv. 1, 27; alitis Austri, Verg. 8, 430; deus ales, Ov. M. 2, 714; Ego inter auras aliti curru uehar, Sen. Med. 1033;

2. of birds as giving omens by flight, opp. to oscines, aut alites et oscines ut augures appellant rerum augurandarum causa esse natas, Cic. N. D. 2, 160; add div. 1, 120; Fest. v. oscines, 197;

3. in poets and later prose, as sb. m. or f. a bird, Aethera quos lapsa plaga Iouis ales, Verg. 1, 398; fuluos Iouis ales, 12, 247; aestuas ales, Plin. 18, 208; piscium et alitum capturas, 19, 10; add 116; 23, 28; Inter sapes fertur alitum\* primus...gustus attagenarum, Mart. 13, 71, 1;

4. so too for augury even in Cic., who igitur ex alitis inuolatu nec e cantu oscinis...auguror, Cic. fam. 6, 6, 7; mala alite, Hor. epod. 10, 1; 5. alitum as gen. pl. Verg. 8, 27; Amm. 19, 2, 12; but note alitum\*.

**āl-esco**, ēre, vb. intr. grow, in semestri die quemadmodum quicquam alescere possit, Varr. r. 1, 2, 5; add 1, 44,

4; and perh. 1, 45, 3; alescendo roborari, 2, 4, 19; Donec alescendi summum tetigere caenum, Lucr. 2, 1330.

**ālētrinas**, ātis, adj. of Aletrium, ex municipio Aletrinati, Cic. Clu. 46; 2. absol. as sb. inhabitant of same, Cic. Clu. 56; Plin. 3, 63.

**ālētrinus**, adj. the same, Plin. 3, 105; inser. Rein. 3, 83.

**ālētrium**, i, n. (Ἀλητρίον) a town of Latium, now Alatri, C. Iulio C. f. Pub. Rufo...III uiro L. D. municipio Alētrī, inser. Or. 3785; add Frontin. col.

**ālētūdo**, inis, f. = corporis pinguedo, Paul. ex F. 27.

**ālēxi-pharmācon**, i, n. an antidote, Plin. 21, 146.

**ālēterni**, ōrum, m. pl. a people once part of the Aequiculi, Plin. 3, 108.

**ālēllāni**, ōrum, m. pl. a people in the country of the Hirpini, Plin. 3, 105.

**ālēnus**, i, m. a cognomen, Alfenus Varus, Pomp. dig. 1, 2, 2, 44; Hor. s. 1, 3, 130.

**ālēfus**, m. name of a gens, fenator Alfinus, Hor. epod. 2, 67; Colum. 1, 7, 2.

**ālga**, ae, f. [same word w. ulva] se. a weed, ālga litus in tili...tempestas, Stenert, Hor. od. 3, 17, 10; inlisa refunditur ālga, Verg. 7, 590; Plin. 19, 143; 26, 149; 27, 43; Mart. 10, 16, 5; Val. Fl. 1, 252; 2. ālga maris = theriacae; used for fixing color in wool, Plin. 32, 66; 3. as a thing of little value, uilior ālga, Verg. B. 7, 42; Hor. s. 2, 5, 8;

4. ālga, pl. f. a town of Etruria, tin. Anton.

**ālgensis**, e, adj. of seaweed, growing on it (purpurae genus) ālgense, enutritum ālga, Plin. 9, 131.

**ālgeo**, ēre, vb. be cold, sapiens, si ālgibus tremes, Nov. ap. Cic. or. 2, 285; laboribus erudiunt iuuentum..., ālgendo aestuando, Cic. Tusc. 2, 34; add Plin. 20, 117 and 129; 21, 162; 2. met. probitas laudatur et ālget, Iuv. 1, 74.

**āl-g-esco**, ēre, alsi, vb. become cold, sudanit et alsit, Hor. ep. 2, 3, 413; rabiem flammam ālgescere cogit, Prud. apoth. 210; 2. catch cold, Quibus nunc sollicitor rebus! ne ille aut alserit Aut..., Ter. Ad. 1, 1, 11; and met. (uites) agrotant, cum alscere, laesis uredine attonsarum oculis, Plin. 17, 226.

**ālgiāna**, adj. f. (sc. olea), a kind of olive, Colum. 5, 8, 3.

**ālgidensis**, e, adj. of mount Algidus, Algidense raphani genus, Plin. 19, 81.

**Algidum**, see

**ālgidus**, adj. icy cold, Vos qui (note troch.) accollitis Histrum fluitum atque ālgidum..., Naev. ap. Cic. or. 152; ālgida Idae niue amicta loca, Cat. 63, 70; Praenestino ālgido, Symm. ep. 3, 50; 2. Algidus absol. m. a mountain of Latium, Quaeque Aetnium tunc Algidumque, Hor. c. saec. 69; gelido prominet Algidio, od. 1, 21, 6; nivali pascitur Algidio, 3, 23, 9; rapis in Algidio natis, Plin. 18, 130; 3. Algidum, town on Algidus, Flor. 1, 11.

**ālgi-ficus**, ōis, adj. cold-producing, timor ālgificus (translating ὑποχρῶσις), Gell. 19, 4, 4.

**ālgor**, ōris, m. intense cold, corpus patiens ālgoris, Algor, error, pavor mihi omnia tenent, Pl. Rud. 1, 3, 33; neque in igni gignier algor, Lucr. 3, 623; algor maxime praegnantibus obest, Varr. r. 2, 7, 10; Sall. Cat. 5, 3; corpus contra ālgores (note pl.) munire, Plin. 15, 19; uites ālgore intereunt, 17, 217; (serpentes) uel annua fame durant, ālgore modo dempto, 8, 139; confectum ālgore, Tac. h. 3, 22.

**ālgo-sus**, adj. abounding in seaweed, ālgosum litus, Anson. ep. 7, 42; 2. absol. uiuunt in ālgosis (sc. locis), Plin. 32, 95.

**ālgu**, ūs, n. intense cold, frost, Nisi ego illam anum interfecero sitī fameque atque ālgu, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 36; Tu uel suda uel peri ālgu, Rud. 2, 7, 24; Misera obuiatila saxo senio padore ālgue et fame, Acc. ap. Non. 72, 8; ālgu atque nigrore, Lucil. ib.; add Varr. ib.; and perh.: Inopiam luctum maerorem paupertatem ālgu (mss ālgum) famem, Pl. ap. Prisc. (?) 192, 14.

**ālūā**, adv. [alius] by another road or way, quum ālia (so Aldus etc., mss ālii) euadere nequissent, media Afrorum acie...perripere, Liv. 21, 56, 2; 2. repeated, by one road...by another, quum ālia minatus ālia inrupisset, Flor. 2, 12

(or 28), 7; 3. or w. another word of same stock, Is (se. Iuppiter) nos per gentis alium alia disparat, Pl. Rud. pr. 10; equites alii alia in civitates suas dilapsi sunt, Liv. 44, 43, 2;

4. in Lucr. 6, 986, mss (and so Lachm. Mun.) have alio throughout; Lamb. ej. alia, perh. rightly.

**Alia**, see **Allia**.

**Alianus**, adj. a proper name, *Aliana regio*, a district between the *Padus* and *Ticinus*, Plin. 19, 9; *Alia lina*, flax there grown, ib.

**alias**, adv. [perh. for *alia-is*, like *tr-is*, *perit-as*] at another time or times, quando (so Lentil. after *Aerou* ad Hor. s. 1, 4, 63; quid, mss w. *Charis*, 104, 30 K and *Caper*, ib.) *alias malum quam hodie* has fieri nuptias, Ter. And. 3, 2, 49; *alias ut nti possim causa* haec integra, Hee. 1, 2, 5; sed haec *alias pluribus*, nunc ad institutum disputationem revertamur, Cic. div. 2, 7; sed cetera *alias*; nunc aegritudinem depellamus, Tusc. 3, 25; sed id *alias*, nunc quod instat, 3, 10; in these three exx. note ellipsis of the vb.; si unquam in dicendo fumus aliqui, aut etiam si nunquam *alias fumus*, tum profecto..., Att. 4, 2, 2; si unquam ante *alias* fuit quid dis gratias ageretis, Liv. 1, 28, 4; non unquam *alias* ante tantus terror senatum inuasit, 2, 9, 5; add 2, 22, 7; 9, 39, 5; 32, 5, 8; rationes *alias* reposito, nunc auctoritate contentus eris, 44, 36, 13; semper *alias* sui arbitrii, tunc..., Suet. Tib. 18; 2. hence w. neg., w. or without ante, not before, never before, Non *alias* caelo ceciderunt plura sereno Fulgura, Verg. G. 1, 487; Augustum, quem incoegitum *alias* habere, contentus, sinallumum dixit puer, Suet. Aug. 94, p. 361 B; 3. often repeated, at one time... at another, nec potest quisquam *alias* beatus esse, *alias* miser, Cic. fin. 2, 87; ornamentis uti debet *alias* contentus, *alias* submissus, or, 3, 212; quum *alias* bellum inferret, *alias* illatum defenderet, Caes. b. g. 2, 29, 5; add 3, 21, 3; 5, 54, 1; b. e. 1, 59, 2; 4. at times more than twice, as in Cic. inv. 1, 99; Varr. l. 8, p. 448 Sp.; Varr. r. 2, 1, 15; 5. at times, with an equivalent term, geminatio verborum habet interdum vim, leporem *alias*, Cic. or. 3, 206; *alias* minore, plerumque maiore cum faenore, sen. 51; nonnunquam intercipimus hoc agmen, *alias* inferri caesa, Caes. b. c. 1, 64, 2; hoc *alias* fastidio, *alias* contumacia, saepius imbecillitate euenit, Plin. 16, 134; 6. at times w. another term of same stock, one at one time, another at another, ut idem versus *alias* in *alias* rem posse accommodari videretur, Cic. div. 2, 111; illi *alias* aliud isdem de rebus et sentiunt et iudicant, or, 2, 30; *alias* aliter haec solent conuenire, inv. 2, 45; si *Valerius* ad me nomina gratiosorum scripsit, alii enim sunt *alias*, for people change in character, Att. 16, 11, 7; 11. 7. so far only of time, in later writers, elsewhere, *Idaeus* rubus appellatus est, quod in *Ida*, non *alias* (so ag) nascitur, Plin. 24, 123; quod nusquam *alias*..., Inst. 4, 1, 9; prudentiam sensusque omnes non *alias* quam illa parte corporis (sc. capite) contineri, Apul. d. Plat. 1, 13; 8. or otherwise, in other respects, on other accounts, in lumine *Silero* uirgulta immersa lapidescent, *alias* salubri potu eius aquae, Plin. 2, 226; ne reges Numidarum, et *alias* infensi, cupidine auri ad bellum accenderentur, Tac. an. 16, 1 L; illum debilitatum uulnere faciesse, non *alias* quam simulatione mortis tutorem, Curt. 8, 1, 24; 9. esp. in legal use, non *alias* obligatur nisi..., Marc. dig. 21, 1, 5; non redhibiturus *alias* nisi..., Paul. 21, 43, 7; non *alias* cogetur ei heres legatum soluere, quam si cauerit, 23, 3, 9; non *alias* perit actio, quam si..., Paul. 23, 3, 37; add Marc. 9, 7, 6, 2.

**Aliatus**, (all), quasi-part. be-garlicked, a joking word in: Sine me aliatum (so ej.: mss aliato) fungi fortunas meas, Pl. Most. 1, 1, 48.

**Alibi**, adv. [dat. of *alis*] in another place, elsewhere, S. Hicne nos habitare censes? C. Vbi nam ego alibi censem? Pl. Trin. 4, 3, 72; S. Quamvis malum rem queras, illic reperias. P. At tu hercle et illi et alibi, 2, 4, 154; Si (so Bothe, mss siue) illic sine alibi lubet, Men. 5, 2, 42; add Truc. 1, 1, 47; 4, 4, 13; habebam alibi animum amori deditum, Ter. Hee. 3, 1, 14; Neque iste neque alibi tibi erit usquam in me mora, And. 2, 5, 9; add Hant. 2, 3, 38; non inesse in iis propriam quae nusquam alibi esset

neri notam, Cic. acad. pr. 2, 103; Dolabellae uillam cum praeteriret..., nec usquam alibi, Att. 13, 52 f.; Nec tam praesentis alibi cognoscere diuos, Verg. B. 1, 42; illic ueniunt felicius uuae, Arborei fetus alibi, G. 1, 55;

2. often w. quam, nolle alibi quam in innocentia spem habere, Liv. 7, 21, 4; add 10, 20, 16; 30, 35, 11; in Iouis epulo num alibi quam in Capitolio puluinar suscipi potest, 5, 52, 6; add 43, 9, 4; ne alibi quam in stabulo foetus edant, Colum. 8, 9, 8; alibi quam in Nilo, Plin. 32, 125; add Tac. an. 15, 20 f.; 1, 77 f.; h. 1, 4; 3. repeated, in one place..., another, exercitus trifariam dissipatus, alibi primum, alibi postremum agmen, alibi impedita, inter nepres in latebris ferarum... delituit, Liv. 38, 46, 8; add 8, 32, 12; stipulae alibi media(e) falce praeciduntur... alibi ad radice caeduntur, Plin. 18, 296; alibi est qui petit, alibi quod petitur, Sen. ep. 89, 8; add Tac. h. 3, 83; 4. w. another term of same stock, exprobrantes suam quisque, alius alibi, militiam—one in one place, another in another, Liv. 2, 23, 11; pecora diuersos, alium alibi, pascere, 9, 2, 2; add 44, 33, 1; torrentis alibi aliter cauat, 44, 35, 17; add Plin. 16, 17; but in Plin. 2, 121 eodem alibi aliter; 5. w. gen. et alibi gentium et ciuitatum honores mihi statuarum et alios decretos, Apul. flor. 16, p. 74 H.

**Alibi-ilis**, e, adj. nourishing, fide omnium rerum... liquentium maxime alibile, Varr. r. 2, 11, 1; 2. easily fattened? ita alibiliores sunt, 3, 9, 14.

**Alica**, (hal.) ae. f. a kind of grain, spelt? *alicae primae* l. ii... in aquam infundito, Cato r. 76, 1; *alicae messis*, Plin. 3, 60; *alica* palma frugum, 18, 100; 2. gruel made of *alica* etc., *alica* res Romana est... alioqui non tisanæ potius laudes scripsissent Graeci, Plin. 22, 128; add 136; *alicae* sorbitione, 26, 32; mulsam et *alica*u poposcisse, Sen. ep. 122, 16; Nos haeciam, poterit mulsam tibi mittere diues, Mart. 13, 6; 3. as gravy, Stillantemque *alica* sua palumbum, Mart. 2, 37, 6.

**Alica-cius**, adj. of the grain *alica*, pulte *alica*cia, Plin. 28, 231.

**Alica-rinus**, (hal.) adj. of the grain *alica*, hence as sb. m. a dealer in it, nemo est *halicarius* posterior te, Char. 96, 11 K; ante *pistrina alicariorum*, Paul. ex F. 7; 2. *alica*ria f. a mill girl as a prostitute, ib.; hence: *Prosedas*, *pistrorum* *alica*ria reliquias *alica*rias (mill-refuse), Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 54.

**Alicastrum**, (hal.) i. n. dim. a kind of spelt, semen trimestre quod dicitur *halicastrum*, Colum. 2, 6, 3; add 2, 9, 8.

**Alibi-cubi**, adv. [dat. of *aliquis*] as dat. w. a noun, Summe ego seclastes qui illunc hodie excepi nidulum, Aut quom excepi, qui non alibi in solo apstrusi loco?—in some lonely place, Pl. Rud. 4, 4, 141; 2. as adv. in some place, somewhere, anywhere, alibi abstrudum foris, Pl. Aul. 3, 6, 41; Vtinam hic prope adesset alibi atque audiret haec, Ter. Ad. 3, 4, 7; hic alibi in Crustumino parauisses (praedia), Cic. Flac. 71; ut si saluus sit Pompeius et constitit alibi, hanc *reuer*am relinquis, Att. a. 1 Cic. 9, 10, 7; omnia uerba, exceptis de quibus dixi, sunt alibi optima, Quint. 10, 1, 9; in quibus et suum alibi reperiri nomen, Suet. gram. 7; 3. repeated, ut alibi obstes tibi, alibi irascaris, alibi instes grauius, Sen. tranq. 2, 2; 4. has often supplanted alibi, as Plin. 8, 136; Sen. ep. 80, 21 (bis); Petr. 45; 5. aliquibi (per quo debet scribi), ex aliquo enim et ubi est (?), Caesell. ap. Cassiod. 2314, 23 P.

**Alia-ula**, (hal.) ae. f. dim. [αλλε ὄη] a small overcoat, Mittebat Vmler haeculum mihi pauper. Nunc mittit haeciam, Mart. 12, 81, 2; puerilia (nestimenta), ueluti togae praetextae, aliaulae, claudydes, Ulp. dig. 34, 2, 23; 2; aliaula subornatus polymita, Petr. 40; add Vel. Long. p. 2229 P.

**Alia-cunde**, (see § 3) adv. [old alb. or gen. of *aliquis*] from some —, w. noun, C. Ab amico alicunde mutuum argentum rogem. M. Potin est ab amico alicunde exorari? C. Potest, Pl. Trin. 3, 3, 29; Venit meditatius alicunde ex solo loco, Ter. And. 2, 4, 3; 2. as adv. from some (place, quarter, person), Puerum aut puellam alicunde ut reperiret sibi, Pl. Cist. 1, 2, 16; add Ps. 1, 1, 102; 1, 3,

83; Pers. 1, 1, 44; alicunde ab aliqui, from somebody somewhere, Epid. 3, 1, 11 and 13; D. sumeret Alicunde. (i. alicunde? nihil est dictu facilius, Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 70; add Hec. 3, 1, 6; Ad. 2, 2, 34; in parvis, si quando his ludentes minatur praecipituros alicunde, extimescunt, Cic. fin. 5, 31; decedere nos a. cogit, Caec. 46; non quo a. audieris, Att. 10, 1, 3; 3. aliquunde per quum... divisio enim est aliquo et unde (?), Caesell. ap. Cass. 2314, 20 P.

**aliénatio**, ónis, f. transference (of property) to another, nenditio a. est et rei suae iurisque in ea sui ad alium translatio, Sen. ben. 5, 10, 1; add Pomp. dig. 18, 1, 67; 47, 29, 1; sacrorum, Cic. or. 144; leg. 3, 48; 2. met. transfer of affection or friendship, alienation, consulum, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 4, 4; tuam alienationem, Cic. Phil. 2, 1; add am. 76; exercitus, Caes. b. g. 2, 31, 4 and 5; patrum, Tac. an. 2, 43; add h. 2, 60; 3. mentis, alienation of mind, insanity, delirium, Cels. 4, 2, p. 123, 13 Par.; Plin. 21, 155; and absol. Sen. ep. 78, 9; ebrietas, Arnob. 5, 2.

4. the right of conveying away, alienationem eorum filium non habuisse, Ulp. dig. 14, 6, 9, 1; alienationem peculii ut donent non habent, 24, 1, 3, 8.

**aliénator**, óris, m. one who conveys away, seller, Th. C. 4, 54, 9; 1, 5, 10.

**aliéní-gén-a**, ae, adj. of foreign birth, Cic. Deiot. 10; Plac. 65; alienigenas domesticis... antefere, Cic. Font. 32 (22); hostis a. Liv. 26, 13, 7; corpus, inscr. Or. 5048;

2. met. iustitia, Val. M. 6, 5, ext. 1; uino alienigena (so even w. neut.), Gell. 2, 24, 2.

**aliénigén-o**, are, vb. convey away, transfer, inscr. Fabr. 69, 34.

**aliéní-gén-us**, a, um, adj. of foreign birth, Ex alienigenis rebas (wh. may belong to alienigena), Lucr. 1, 865; but 1, 861 spurious; exotic, foreign, semina, Colum. 3, 4, 1; alienigeni (al. -ae) pisces, S. 16, 9; exempla, Val. M. 1, 5, ext. 1; and 2, 10, ext. 1; studia, 2, 1, 10; alienigeni sanguines, 6, 2, ext. 1.

**aliénitas**, átis, f. foreign (or dead) matter in the body, Cael. Aur. tard. 5, 4; acut, 3; 2. absol. alienation of mind, 2, 39.

**alién-o**, are, vb. [alienus] make the property of another, transfer, convey away, sell, Certe edepol tu me alienabis numquam quin noster siem, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 243; Mulier alienata abs te, Merc. 3, 4, 26; de uestris uectigalibus alienandis, Cic. agr. 2, 33; ne quis quem ciuitatis mutandae causa suum faceret neue alienaret, Liv. 41, 8, 12;

2. in law, differs from uendo, alienationem non proprie dicitur quod adhuc in dominio uenditoris manet: uenditum recte dicitur, Ulp. 50, 16, 67; but in Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 134 read abalienasse; in agr. 2, 21, abalienari; 3. met. of affection, discord (as no longer belong to one), alienate, unde mihi peterem cibum? Ha nos alienauit, Ter. Haut. 5, 2, 26; omnes a se bonos alienauit, Cic. Att. 1, 14, 6; a te uoluntatem meam, fam. 3, 6, 4; Gentium sibi alienauit, Liv. 44, 27, 8; add 38, 33, 5; aut sui animum alienauit sibi, Vell. 2, 112, 7; 4. alienari as vb. r. be averse to, have an antipathy for, simul atque natum sit animal... alienari ab interitu, Cic. fin. 3, 16; 5. esp. mentem, deprive of one's wits, dispossess of reason, make insane, bewilder, madden, sic omnium animos timor praecupauerat, ut paene alienata mente...dicerent, Caes. b. g. 6, 41, 3; lunonis iram ob spoliatum templum alienasse mentem, Liv. 42, 28, 12; uelut alienatos sensibus, 25, 39, 4; 6. in med. cease to have life, and so to belong to one, mortify, (intestinal) momento alienatur externo spiritu circumdata, Cels. 7, 16, p. 293, 14; id quod adstrictum est alienatur, S. 10, p. 346, 6; add 5, 26, 23, p. 191, 27; spodi-um alienata explet, Plin. 23, 16, 7; tunc incipit medicina proficere ubi in corpore alienato dolorem tactus expressit, Sen. ep. 89, 19; 7. disqualify, quos obiectus debilitatis alienat, Val. et Th. C. 12, 1, 84; 8. alienatus morbus, a disease of stupor in animals, Veg. vet. 5, 22, 1.

**aliénus**, adj. of another, another's, Ne aliamtiam culpam, ego meo sum promus pectori: Suspicios in pectore alieno sita, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 45; escis alienis studes, Pers. 3, 1, 9; tantumne ab re tuast oti tibi, Aliena ut cures? Ter.

Haut. 1, 1, 24; est difficilis cura rerum alienarum, Cic. off. 1, 30; alienis pedibus ambulamus, alienis oculis agnoscimus, aliena memoria salutamus, Plin. 29, 19; 2. aes alienum, money belonging to another and so a debt, nunc me seito tantum habere aeris alieni ut cupiam conuolare, Cic. fam. 5, 6, 2; premuntur aere alieno, in Cat. 2, 19; Caes. b. g. 6, 13, 2; 3. met. in feeling, unfriendly, hostile, averse, illum alieno animo a nobis esse, Ter. Ad. 3, 2, 40; add 3, 2, 28; sin a me est alienior, nihil tibi meae litterae proderunt, Cic. fam. 2, 17, 7; ab altero non inius alienos animos habemus, am. 28; Macianus animus nec Vespasiano alienus et in Titum prouior, Tac. h. 2, 74;

4. foreign (to), different (from), inconsistent (with), averse (to), hoc alienum a uita mea uidetur, Ter. Ad. 5, 8, 21; alienum dignitate reipublicae, Ti. Semp. Grac. ap. Gell. 6 (7), 19, 7; Laetilius quidam homo non alienus a literis, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 64; neque hoc alienum ducenti maiestate sua, div. 1, 83; 5. so far with ab or abl., also w. gen., quoniam alienum putet eius esse dignitatis...exquirere, Cic. fin. 1, 11; aliena pacis eorum, Lucr. 6, 69; (domus non) aliena consilii, Sal. Cat. 40, 5; but in Ov. F. 1, 396 Merkel has iocis;

6. w. dat. satio non aliena huic temporis, Colum. 11, 2, 20; huic curae, S. 6, 1, 1; scio quam sis ambitioni alienus, Sen. N. Q. 4, pr. 1; 7. absol. ill-suited, ill-placed, out of place, unseasonable, untimely, unfavourable, Potius quam...Alienore aetate post faceret tamen, Ter. Ad. 1, 2, 30; considera ne in alienissimum tempus cadat aduentus tuus, Cic. fam. 15, 14, 4; alieno loco proelium committunt, Caes. b. g. 1, 15, 2; alienis uerbis, out-of-the-way, opposed to propriis uisitatique, Cic. or. 80;

8. almost as a sb. a stranger, and so opposed to a friend, Numquam erit alienis grauis, qui suis se concinuat leuam, Pl. Trin. 3, 2, 58; Alienus quom eius incommodum tam aegre feras, Quid me patrem par faceret, quod ille unicuique? Ego alienus, alienus ille! Capt. 1, 1, 43; aequabiliter in rem pubeum in priuatos, ..., in alienos, in suos irruunt, Cic. Mil. 76; enitor ut neque amicis neque etiam alienioribus...desim, Cic. fam. 1, 9, 17; ut tuum factum alieni hominis meum amicissimum esse uideatur, 3, 6, 3; se suae omnia alienissimis (perfect strangers) crediderunt, Caes. b. g. 6, 31, 4; 9. met. a stranger, one who does not know his way about, in physice totus est alienus, Cic. fin. 1, 17; 10. alienum as sb. n. what belongs to others, ad largiendum ex alieno restrictor, Cic. fam. 3, 8, 8; alieni appetens, sui profusus, Sal. Cat. 5, 4; abstulit alieno, Suet. Tit. 7; aliena (note pl.) peruerare molienti, Amm. 23, 1, 7; 11. in med. mortified, dead, idem emplastrum educit quantum (ossis) alienum est, Scrib. 201; cf. alieno § 6.

**ali-fér**, a, um, adj. wing-bearing, winged, alifero tollitur axe Ceres, Ov. F. 4, 562.

**ali-gér**, a, um, adj. wing-wearing, winged, Amor, Verg. 1, 667; agnatis aligeri, 12, 249; aligerum (note gen.) Amorum, Val. F. 7, 171; add Stat. silu. 3, 3, 80; 2. absol. Aligeri of the Cupids, Sil. 7, 458.

**aliméntárius**, adj. of food, legem alimentariam, Cael. ad Cic. S. 6, 5; res, Amm. 21, 12, 24; causa, Ulp. dig. 2, 15, 8, 21; ratio, Mar. 48, 13, 5 (4); 2. as sb. m. or f. one entitled under a will to means of support, Ulp. 2, 15, 8, 6 and 24; puellas alimentarias, Capitol. Anton. P. 8, 1; Diuo Antonino Aug. Pio Alimentari, inscr. Or. 847.

**aliméntum**, i, n. food, nourishment, nec desiderabat (mundus) alimenta corporis, Cic. Tim. 6; neque hac nos patria lege genuit ut nulla quasi alimenta expectaret a nobis, Cic. rep. 1, 8; in quo plurimum alimenti est, Cels. 2, 18, p. 64, 13; minus alimenti praestat, ib. p. 65, 27 etc.; unam in stirpem redactis alimentis (of trees), Plin. 17, 95; reponere in hiemem alimenta, Quint. 2, 16, 16; 2. in law, alimenta legata include the necessities of life, legatis alimentis cibaria et nestitus et habitatio debetur quia sine his ali corpus non potest, Iavol. dig. 34, 1, 6; add Paul. 34, 1, 23; 3. met. Concipit Iris aquas alimenta-que rubibus adfert, Ov. M. 1, 271; alimentaque cetera flammae, 14, 532; uitiorum alimenta, 2, 769; addidit alimenta rumoribus aduentus Attali, Liv. 35, 23, 10; id alimentum famae erat, Tac. h. 2, 96 f.

**Alimentus**, i, m. a cognomen, L. Cincius A., Liv. 26, 23, 1; M. Cincius A., 29, 20, 11.

**ālmōdi** = alius modi, Paul. ex F. 28.

**ālmōnia**, ao, f. nourishment, Gell. 12, 1, 9; 17, 15, 5; Suet. Cal. 42; Apul. M. 2, 3; 5, 18; 6, 4; mag. 85; Arnob. 4, 21; and prob. 5, 10; Sen pinus piecam fert ālmōnia, Prud. cath. 5, 19; but in Pl. Pers. 1, 2, 1 ālmōnia is only a bad cf.

**ālmōnium**, ii, n. nourishment, feeding, in partu et alimonia nimum (i.e. vitis) non, nt in calice aquam sed solum, Varr. r. 1, 8, 7; add 3, 16, 15; and alimonis in 1, 44, 3; 1, 2, 24; 2, 5, 16; infectum alimonia seruitio cultu (externo), Tac. an. 11, 16; qui alimonia (infanti) denegat, Paul. dig. 25, 3, 4.

**āliō**, adv. [perh. for aliom, acc.] to another (place, quarter, person), elsewhere (w. motion), ad eum hercle alio promissi foras, Pl. St. 4, 2, 16; illa alio ibit tamen, Asin. 1, 3, 43; P. Quo te agis? L. missus sum alio (Haupt cf. alioque; but?); iam huc reuertor, Mil. 3, 2, 49; Homo mulierosus alio confert me illico, Afran. 372 R; Detinco te; fortasse tu profectus alio fueras, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 49; add 3, 1, 60; Hant. 2, 4, 10; statuam Arpinum mihi eundem sit an quo alio—to some other place, Cie. Att. 9, 17, 1; semonem alio (to some other topic) transferamus, Or. 1, 133; add Verr. 2, 1, 139; Clu. 6, 3; fam. 1, 4, 1; anno post alio transire cogit, Caes. b. g. 6, 21; si quando Romam alione quo mitterent legatos, Liv. 38, 30, 7; alio ducente causam, Quint. 12, 1, 5; quo alio nisi ad nos., confugerent, 39, 36, 11. 2. to another end or object, for another purpose, cupiditatis nomen seruet alio, ut eam... tamquam capitis accuset, Cie. fin. 2, 27; plebem nusquam alio natam quam ad seruilitatem, Liv. 7, 18, 7; depulsi aculatione... alio uertunt, Tac. an. 1, 18; hoc longe alio spectabat, ps. Nep. Them. 6, 3; add Suet. Aug. 68. 3. repeated, to one place... to another, to some... to others, ad socios dispartieram alio frumentum, alio legatos, alio litteras, alio praesidium, Cato orat. p. 36, 3; Iord.; hic alio res familiaris, alio dicit humanitas, Cie. off. 3, 80; 4. w. atque, (his) quidam spatiosa sit uita? nihil alio atque alio spargitur, Sen. brev. vit. 11, 2; 5. w. another term of same stock, ceteri quidem alius alio; Marius..., Cie. off. 3, 80; simia alioque alioque dissuipit, Cie. div. 1, 70; dilapsi alii alio, Liv. 2, 54, 9; add 7, 39, 2; (aquae) quassatione terrae aliunde alio transferunt, Sen. N. Q. 3, 11, 1.

**āliō-quin**, or -qui, adv. [perh. quin represents a noun = G. wise, our wise; cf. ceteroquin] other-wise, in other respects, At si tantula pars oculi media illa percast, Oecidit extemplo lumen tenebraeque secuntur, Incolumis quamuis alioqui et (et THK cf.) splendidi orbis, Lucr. 3, 415 (but Lachm. cancels this line; Munro reads (cj.) alioqui sit); triumphatum de Tiburtibus; alioquin mitis uictoria fuit, Liv. 7, 19, 2; caput iocineris a familiari parte caesum..., alioqui acceptam dis hostiam, S. 9, 1; nunc pudore a fuga contineri (milites), alioqui pro metis esse, 10, 35, 7; mors Marcelli quam alioqui miserabilis, tam quod..., 27, 27, 11; tumultum commodum alioqui, nisi quod..., 30, 29, 10; milites qui sequerentur eorum defuerunt; alioqui magnificus... triumphus fuit, 37, 46, 6; si... mea paucis Mendosa est natura, āliōqui recta, Flor. 1, 6, 66; Quod moevis foret aut sicarius aut āliōqui Famosus, 1, 4, 4; quaedam (animalia), innocua alioqui, uenientis pasta, noxia fiunt et ipsa, Plin. 11, 280; serpentes, cum occasio est, unum adpetunt, cum alioqui exiguo indigent potu; eadem paene nullo cibo, cum adseruantur inclusae..., alioqui scuti uinentes, 10, 198; magiae artis professione celeberr, alioqui moderatus et probus, Curt. 7, 4, 5; immolua libertate abusum sed alioquin (al. -qui) egregium bello uirum, S. 2, 2; sum occupatissimus; ideo nondum cum legi, cum alioqui ualidissime cupiam, Plin. ep. 9, 35; quia occasione Caesar, ualidus alioqui sperandis honoribus..., Tac. an. 4, 37; Paris, solitus alioquin..., sed tunc..., 13, 20; add 2, 38; ut remedia quae a natura sunt aspera, molli manu leniantur, Quint. 2, 4, 12; quo natio multo laboratur, praecipue Hermagoras, uir a. subtilis, 3, 11, 22; add 6, 2, 2; S. 1, 2, 9, 18; 10, 1, 22; Suet. Vit. 2; 2. had it been otherwise, in without

this, quod ni sit (esset), uidistis aliquando Clitumnum fontem? si nondum (et puto nondum; alioqui narrasses mihi), uide..., Plin. ep. S. 8, 1; alioquin iusta et probabilis ignorantia damnum mihi adferret, Gai. 3, 160; add 2, 146; and so besides, addeior cura, ...; et alioqui mens pulor... in discrimen adducitur, 2, 9, 14; nam neque..., nec...; et alioqui figura in patrem plus facit quam licet, in filium minus, Quint. 9, 2, 88; add 2, 14, 4; 2, 15, 9. 3. in Cie. leg. 2, 62 alioqui no longer stands.

**aliorum**, (-us), older alio-uorum (-nersus) adv. to another quarter, elsewhere (w. motion), in another direction. respondit, si studendi causa misisset, non quo a fundo eum (sc. seruum) transferat debere, Scaev. dig. 33, 7, 20, 6; furti damnatum esse qui iumentum aliorum duxerat quam quo utendum acceperat, Gell. 6 (7), 15, 1; lupi aliorum grassantes nulli contra nos aditum tulerunt, Apul. M. 8, 16 f.; 2. met. in another sense, of words or deeds, Atque (so Wagner, ass atque) ego istae Antrax aliorum dixeram, Pl. Aut. 2, 4, 8; ueror nec... aliorum atque ego feci acceperit... put another construction upon my doings than the real one, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 2; aliorum et illorum sicut introrsum dixit Cato, Paul. ex F. p. 27 M; si quid aliorum aliorum atque se res habet existimet, Boeth. cons. 5, 3; ob has rationes aliorum deos interpretantur, Laet. 1, 17, 1; 3. other met. id aliorum pertinet, Gell. 17, 1, 9; infantis aliorum dati—for another purpose (or does it mean, handed over to another than the mother?), 12, 1, 22; 4. w. alius, one in one direction, another in another, mater ancillas iubet... Aliam aliorum ire praemandare et quaerere..., Pl. Truc. 2, 4, 49.

**āli-pēs**, pedis, adj. wing-footed, esp. as a title of Mercury, maetatur tacea Mineruae, Alipedi utulus, Ov. M. 4, 756; add F. 5, 100; 2. met. cerui, Lucr. 6, 765; alipedum equorum, Verg. 12, 484; alipedi (note abl.) curra, Val. F. 5, 611; 3. as sb. m. for a horse, Instratos ostro alipedes, Verg. 7, 277.

**alipius** by form could not signify, qui pilos ex ala uellit. In Sen. ep. 56, 2 read: alipiem (not alipilum)... dum uellit alas; in Grut. inser. Nr. 2, 6 read Aliphus as a proper name.

**Alip-ion**, ōis, m. dim. a cognomen, perh. = Fatty, cf. αλιφω, αλιπτης and adeps. Q. Calpurnius Alipion, inser. Grut. 70, 6.

**āliptes**, ac, m. [αλιπτης] aoiner, esp. of wrestlers, aliptem, Sen. ep. 50, 2; 2. hence gymnastic master, uelleum, ut aliptae uirum (meurum) rationem habere uoluisse, Cie. fam. 1, 9, 15; sanus homo qui et bene nalet neque medico neque alipta egere debet, Cels. 1, 1; geometres, pictor, aliptes, Iuv. 3, 70.

**āliqua**, (old aliqua?) adv. [i. aliqua: i. qua: quis] by or along some road, by some way or channel, by any road, Autenuei aliqua (aliqua ass) aliqua saltu (so Kiessling Rhein. Mus. 1869, p. 113; ass aliquos autu or auttu) circumlance exercitum, Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 66; iste... cupere aliqua euolare, Cie. Verr. 2, 1, 67; si qui euasisset aliqua, Liv. 20, 27, 12; 2. of information, by some channel, Ne hanc illam me animum adiciisse aliqua sentiat, Pl. Merc. 2, 2 f.; Effutiretis atque id porro aliqua uxor me resciret, Ter. Ph. 5, 1, 19; add 4, 1, 19; nec... Aliqua ad patrem huc permanet, Ad. 2, 4, 19; 3. met. in some way, extricator aliqua, Pl. Epid. 1, 2, 49; euadat saltem aliqua aliqua quod conatus sum, Lucil. ap. Non. 293; Et si non aliqua nocuisses, mortuus esses, Verg. B. 3, 15; nihil tam innoxium diceas quin id possit aliquid aliqua obesse, Apul. mag. 32.

**āliquam**, adv. [i. aliqua: i. quam how much: quis] to some extent, to a considerable extent, in the forms, aliquamdiu, aliquam-mul, aliquam-plures?, wh. see.

**āliquam-diū**, (-ndia) adv. for some time, for a considerable time, for any time, always emphatic, Aristum Athenis audiuit aliquamdiu, Cie. Acad. post. 12; ut non aliquando condonatum esse Oppianicum sed aliquamdiu (for any time however short) incolumem fuisse miremini, Cie. Clu. 25 f.; quas cum aliquamdiu frustra expectasset, Caes. b. g. 5, 23, 5; add 1, 40, 6; aliquamdiu fides fieri non poterat, b. c. 2, 37, 1; add 3, 70, 1; ibi aliquamdiu certatum, Sal. Iug. 74,



3; Romana pubes... aliquando silentium obtinuit, Liv. 1, 16, 2; add 2, 10, 9; 3, 32; 7, 30, 4; 25, 15, 14; 25, 36, 1; 29, 2, 15; 34, 28, 4; 45, 6, 6; add Suet. Ner. 6; 2. in measures of distance, Rhodanus... aliquando Gallias dirimit, Mela 2, 5, 5; add 1, 13; 3, 1, 7; 3, 5, 6; 3, 9, 8.

**aliquam-multus**, adj. in considerable quantity, in pl. cons. number of, sunt vestrum aliquamulti (al. aliquam multi) qui L. Pisonem norunt, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 56; ex quibus aliquamulti... non comparuisse, Gell. 3, 10 f.; aliquamulti diebus decumbo, Apul. mag. 72; 2. aliquamultum as sb., n. w. gen. lacum reuersurus meum post a. temporis— a considerable time, Ap. M. 11, 26; 3. as adv. haec defensio aliquamultum a me remota est, far, Apul. mag. 4; 4. aliquamulto adv. w. comp. mulierem aliquamulto natu maiorem, considerably older, Apul. mag. 97 f.

**aliquam-plures** = aliquanto plures, Tert. apol. 12 (dub.).

**aliquando**, adv. [aliquis: quando: quis] there is (was, will be) a time when, some time or other, sometimes, at times, always emphatic, often opposed to nunquam, semper, raro, saepe; Aliquando osentando melius uxor passum fieri, Pl. Rud. 4, 6, 1— it must not go on for ever; non despero fore aliquem aliquando qui... Cic. or. 1, 95; ego quia dico aliquando aliquando contentione dicendi laesitatem, et quia exit aliquando aliqui fortasse non rusticum, quod quisque dixit, me id dixisse dicunt, Planc. 35; erit hic aliqui aliquando, fam. 7, 11, 2; in temporibus praesentia et praeterita et futura cernuntur; in his ipsis uetusta, recentia, instantia, paulo post aut aliquando futura, part. 37; conuertit se aliquando ad timorem, nunquam ad sanitatem, Sul. 17; possunt aliquando oculi non fungi suo munere, div. 1, 71; licet et dicere utilitatem aliquando (for once) cum honestate pugnare, off. 3, 12; nulla est ciuitas quae non et improbus ciues aliquando et imperitam multitudinem semper habeat, Liv. 45, 23, 8; aliquando fortuna, semper animus maximus, Vell. 2, 18, 1; rarus sed aliquando morbus quoque ipse nouus est, Cels. 1 pr. p. 8, l. 38 Dar.; raro sed aliquando tamen ex metu delirium nascitur, 3, 18 f.; add S. 4, p. 334, l. 21; 2. in interr. condit. or compar. sentences, at any time, ever, Siquid huius simile forte aliquando eueniet, Ter. Haut. 3, 2, 40; quacere uiderentur illa Philonis aut ea nunc e Philone adinisset aliquando, Cic. acad. pr. 11; sitne aliquando mentiri boni iuri, or. 3, 113; si aliquando aliquis furore concitata ista manus (coniuuratorum) plus ualuerit, in Cat. 20; magis opportuna opera nonnumquam quam aliquando felici, Caecl. 14; aut quisquam nostri misereri potest qui aliquando nobis hostis fuit, Sal. lug. 14, 17; 3. of that which has been long postponed, and might never happen but for the present opportunity, at last, now if ever, now though late, better now than never, libente me uero ut aliquando aliquando de doctrinae studiis amoneamur, Cic. rep. 1, 14; sero uero aliquando tamen, Quinct. 43; ego ipse loquebar sic ut puleros... dicere; aliquando idque sero... usum loquendi populo concessi, scientiam mihi rescruam, or. 160; add Clu. 51; cohortatus ut aliquando pro tantis laboribus fructum victoriae perciperent, Caecl. b. g. 7, 27; 2; Cimbrii finibus nostris aliquando excesserunt, 7, 77, 14; add b. c. 1, 26 f.; expurgandis aliquando et epeste reuincantur, Sal. Cat. 52, 5; utinam aliquando aut apud nos aut apud deos rerum humanarum cura oriat, lug. 14, 21; add 62, 1; 102, 5; 4. hence often w. tandem or iam, Aliquando tandem huc animam ut adinagas tuom, Ter. Hee. 4, 4, 61; tandem aliquando L. Catilinam... ex urbe eieciemus, Cic. Cat. 2, 1; putamus utile esse te aliquando iam transire, Att. 1, 4, 1; add Cat. 1, 18; Quinct. 94; fam. 16, 9, 2.

**aliquantulum**, adj. n. as sb. [dim. of aliquantulum] a tiny tiny something, Foris aliquantulum etiam quod gusto beat, Pl. Capt. 1, 2, 34.

**aliquant-is-per**, adv. [quantis: aliquis: quis] for a while, for a little time, Concedere aliquantis hinc intro lubet, Pl. Ps. 1, 5, 158; Eggestate aliquantis iactati forent, Caecl. ap. Non. 511; aliquantis pugnato, Cl. Quadr. ib.; Esto; at certe tu (ut BC) concedas aliquo ab ore

eorum aliquantis, Ter. Haut. 3, 3, 11; Tacet. Cur non ludo hunc aliquantis? melius est, Att. 4, 5, 5; a. inde uixere, Flor. 2, 18 (1, 13), 14; insultare Parthos a. passus est, Just. 42, 4, 8; 2. of distance, some way, cum a. in Scythiam processisset, 1, 8, 3.

**aliquanto**, see aliquantus.

**aliquantorsum**? an absurd reading in Ann. 22, 8, 48 f.

**aliquantulus**, adv. see

**aliquantulus**, adj. [dim. of aliquantus] small, limited, short, silentium, c. 6 ad S. C. Turp., Cod. 9, 45; 2. aliquantulum as sb., n. a little, mihi opus erat... Aliquantulum quae adferret, Ter. Ph. 4, 3, 50; 3. esp. w. gen.: panis Aur. V. ep. 15, 5; 4. aliquantulum as adv. a little, slightly, pansum (al. pansum) al., Pl. Merc. 3, 4, 55; quae tandem aliquantulum Tibi parce, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 111; Subtristis natus esse aliquantulum (al. aliquantum) mihi, Andr. 2, 6, 16; stadia aliquantulum breuiora, Gell. 1, 1, 2; 5. aliquantulo adv. w. comp. senatus aliquantulo tristior quod senatores triumphari uidebant, Vop. Aur. 34, 4; 6. aliquantum, not aliquantulum, now read in Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 51; Cic. Par. 3, 1; div. 1, 73; or. 138; inv. 2, 29; Liv. 21, 12, 2; Suet. Ner. 48, 5; bell. Afr. 21, 1.

**aliquant-us**, adj. [aliquam: quant-us: quam: t exer.] some (always emphatic) in quantity, that counts for something, and so gen. considerable, no small, signorum et armorum aliquanto numero, Sal. lug. 74, 3; timor aliquantulus, sed spes amplior, 105, 4; aliquantam partem gloriae, Sal. ap. Maer. 3, 13 (2, 9), 9; aliquantum emensas est iter, Liv. 25, 35, 7; (promontorium) in aliquantum maris spatium extenditur, 29, 35, 13; per aliquantum spatium secuti, 38, 27, 6; aliquantum pecuniam filiis debebat, Apul. mag. 71 f.; aliquantum numerum frumenti, bell. Afr. 21, 1; 2. in very late writers for aliquot, some in number, not a few, si ex areis (frumenta) in alterum locum transfusa refrigerantur aliquantis diebus, Pall. 1, 19, 2; aliquantis multa largitus est, Spart. Hadr. 7, 10; aliquanta oppida, Entrop. 4, 27; add Aur. V. Caes. 33; aliquanti, some people, Veg. veg. 4, 2, 8 (3, 4, 8); 4, 12, 3 (3, 4, 19); 5 (3, 15); 21, 5; 23, 8 (3, 24, 8); II 3. as sb., n. some quantity, some, not a little, comm. w. gen. Praeterea aliquantum animi causa in deliciis dispendit, Pl. Tr. 2, 2, 53; Et ego amoris aliquantum habeo uorioris etiam in corpore, Mil. 3, 1, 46; add Most. 2, 1, 7; al. animi uidetur nobis attulisse Labienus, Cic. Att. 7, 13 b, 7; suspitionis, inv. 2, 29; laudis, fam. 1, 7, 9; noctis, 7, 25 f.; itineris, Caes. b. c. 5, 10, 2; muri, Liv. 21, 12, 2; trepidationis, 21, 28, 11; altitudinis, 29, 18, 17; temporis, 30, 8 f.; loci, 37, 32, 2; agri, 41, 16, 9; aquae tepidae, Suet. Ner. 48 f.; 4. as adv. to some extent, somewhat, considerably, first w. vb., litteris lectis al. acquiei, Cic. fam. 4, 6, 1; in re, in gubernatoris incerta nihil interest—makes some (perh. a considerable) difference, Parod. 20; cogitatio al. habefactata, fam. 5, 13, 2; alteri alteros al. attriciant, Sal. lug. 79, 4; 5. esp. w. vbs. of motion, to some distance, some way, huc concede aliquantum, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 116; huc al. apessero, ib. 3, 1, 24; qui processit al. ad uirtutis habitum, Cic. fin. 3, 48; add div. 1, 73; or. 138; 6. w. adj. Substant. aliquantum crispus..., Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 115; aliquantum uentriosus, Asin. 2, 3, 20; erdo, timida's. S. aliquantum soror, Bac. 1, 1, 73; 7. esp. w. comp. = aliquanto, aliquantum ad rem est audire, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 51; Fortasse aliquantum iniquior 'rat, Haut. 1, 2, 27; formam uiri aliquantum augustiorem humana, Liv. 1, 7, 9; 8. aliquanto adv. w. comp. somewhat, considerably, not a little, al. aequis, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 82; amplius, Asin. 3, 2; rectius, Aul. 3, 6, 3; amplius, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 70; plus, 2, 1, 140; planiores, Cues. b. g. 3, 13, 1; minores, Sal. Cat. 8, 2; posteriores, Jug. 79, 7; maiore, 86, 4; difficiliss, Quint. 1, 12, 4; magis, 4, 2, 21; facilius, 5, 7, 24; 9. w. adv. or prep. of place, time, degree, al. ante furorem Catilinae, Cic. Sul. 56; postea aliquanto ipso quibet tempestas iactare coepit, inv. 2, 154; al. post Fulcinus praedia mercatur, Caecl. 11; intra legem et quidem aliquanto, fam. 9, 26 f.

**aliquā-tēnus**, adv. to some extent, for some distance, caulis al. rubentibus, Plin. 27, 105; (Padus) aliquatenus exilis, mox alius amnis augeat, Pomp. Mel. 2, 4, 4; add 1, 2, 1; apertis al. labris, Ter. 102; 2. met. to some extent, somewhat, cum al. se confirmatū (uinea), Colum. 4, 3, 4; al. inquis dolere, al. timere permittit; sed illud al. longe producit, Sen. ep. 116, 4; id al. temporum condicione mutatur, Quint. 4, 1, 57; add 3, 9, 5; 8, 5, 29; 11, 1, 28 and 137; 11, 3, 78; idem iuris est al. si... Gai. 1, 68; al. culpa reus est, Gai. dig. 44, 7, 5, 6; partus, qui... al. uidetur effectus, Paul. 1, 5, 14.

**aliqui-libet**, ae-l., -id- or -od-l., adj. any you please, causa, Cael. Aur. tard. 1, 4.

**aliqui**, or -qui, -quā or -quae, -quid or -quod, pron. alj. or sb. [al of alius or alius, one, any, some; see alius] some one (or other) no matter which, some, or (at times in neg. and condit. clauses) any; always emphatic; often opposed to all, much, enough, none; as adj. tace modo: aliquis respiciet deus, Pl. Bac. 4, 3, 24; Homo conducatur iam aliquis quantum potest ignota facie, Trin. 3, 3, 37; Hic nunc me credet aliquam sibi fallaciam Portare, Ter. Andr. 2, 6, 1; facti si non bonam, at aliquam rationem afferre, Cie. Verr. 2, 3, 195; in qua nullus esset ordium... dolor, bonorum autem esset aliquis, sed hebes, Att. 8, 3, 4; si pars aliqua ceciderit, at reliquis seruari posse, Caes. b. g. 6, 40, 2; 2. note aliqui, besides aliquis, as nom. m. s. aliqui morbus, Cat. R. 157, 7; deus, Cie. Tusc. 1, 23; N. D. 3, 91; casus, off. 1, 115; 3, 33; dux, rep. 1, 68; motus, Liv. 23, 16; facinorosus aliqui et sceleris mortalis, Fronto de nep. p. 233 Naber; 3. aliaque, as nom. f. s. rare, tamquam aliaque res Verberet, Lucr. 4, 263; sin aliaque res (so at least Med.) cum impedit, Cie. fam. 6, 20, 2; 4. aliquod n. adj. (never aliqui), litigium aliquod, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 13; uasum, Truc. 1, 1, 33 and 34; munusculum, 2, 4, 71; lumen, Enn. tr. 276 V; nomen, Caecil. 203 I; magnum malum, Ter. Ad. 3, 4, 64; oraculum, Cie. div. 2, 100; negotium (dub.), agr. 1, 26; detrimentum, Nep. Att. 2, 3; bellum, Caes. b. g. 6, 14; telum, Tac. an. 13, 26; delinquentum, 1, 77; honestum consilium, 2, 41; 5. as sb., first as m., aliquis, at times aliqui, Errorem tibi aliquis eras faxo ad nullam adferat, Pl. Most. 1, 1, 65; add 1, 4, 17; Immo opperia-mum cum exeat aliquis, Mil. 4, 6, 34; atque aliqui dicat 'nihil promoueris', Ter. Andr. 4, 1, 16; non minus magnum est nos Africam obtinere uoluisse, quam aliquem se maluisse; atque is tamen aliquis Ligarius non fuit, Cie. Lig. 22; plus attulit dignitatis quisquis est ille, si modo est aliquis, qui..., Brut. 255; emissus aliqui f. carcerem, Plane. 31; non hoc quaerendum non pergetur aliqui\*, sed nuni arguatur, Sul. 39 (so A); cum qua sit aliqui deprehensus, Cael. ad Cie. 8, 7; demersae leges alienius opibus, Cie. off. 2, 24; ab aliqui, Pl. Epid. 3, 1, 11; si te aliqui timerunt, Cie. Marc. 20; aliquos ex nauis egredientes, Caes. b. g. 4, 26, 2; magis mirari se aliquos stantes cecidisse, et non omnes comites fuisse fugae, Liv. 26, 2, 13; ab aliquibus, Pl. Epid. 3, 1, 13; cf. § 7; 6. esp. w. emphasis, a somebody, not a mere nobody, meque uobis esse aliquem, Cie. Att. 3, 15, 8; cf. § 8; 7. sb. n. aliqui, something, a something, semper est quae aliqui petat, Pl. Aul. 3, 5, 46; aliqui facerem ut hoc ne facerem—something or other (not=quidvis anything in the world), Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 24; est istuc quidem aliqui sed nequam in isto sunt omnia, Cie. sen. 8; est hoc aliqui, tametsi non est satis, Caecil. 47; add Att. 3, 15, 5; Mil. 60; Meas esse aliqui putare nugae, Cat. 4, 1; non omnia in ductis, aliqui et in militum manu esse, Liv. 45, 36, 5; Est aliqui nupsisse Ioui, Iouis esse sororem, Ov. F. 6, 27; Omnia sunt aliqui, am. 1, 12, 3; add F. 1, 484; M. 13, 241; Prop. 5 (4), 7, 1; 8. aliqui of persons, a something (in the world), a somebody, counting for something, si unquam in dicendo fuimus aliqui, Cie. Att. 4, 2, 2; qui (liber) si est talis, ego quoque aliqui sum, fam. 6, 18, 4; ut tamen aliqui esse uideare, Caecil. 48; an quicquam stultius quam quos singulos contemnās, eos aliqui putare esse uniuersos, Tusc. 5, 104; qui me aliqui putari, Plin. ep. 1, 23, 2; Si uis esse aliqui (al.

aliquis), Iuv. 1, 74; 9. as sb. w. adj. in agreement, nonom aliqui inuentum, Pl. Ps. 1, 5, 156; aliquid natura pulchrum atque praeclarum, Cie. sen. 43; in quo est aliquid extremum, 69; aliquid iamdundum inuadere magnum, Verg. 9, 186; audendum aliqui improbum, Liv. 27, 43, 7; 10. w. gen. of sb. a bit (of), some, aliquid pugnae dedit, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 53; al. litigi, Cas. 3, 2, 31; ealidi conduciabilis consili, Epid. 2, 2, 71; aquae, Cato r. 155, 2; monstri, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 15; praesidi, Haut. 4, 1, 33; uirium, Cie. fam. 11, 18, 3; consilii aut dignitatis, Caes. b. g. 3, 16, 2; calamitatis, 5, 29, 1; consilii, 7, 12 f.; incommodi, b. c. 1, 86, 1; 11. w. gen. of adj. or perf. part, as sb. n., boni, Pl. Aul. 4, 6, 5; mali, Epid. 1, 1, 60; Ter. Haut. 5, 3, 1; ne aliquid indidens relinquerent, Liv. 26, 5, 7; 12. aliquid as an adv. somewhat, to some extent, in some way, tibi illum suscensere aliquid, Cie. Deiot. 35; si in me aliquid\* offenditis, Mil. 9, 9—taken any offence; quos aliqui usus ac disciplina...subleuaret, Caes. b. g. 1, 40, 5; perlicens iam aliqui, incerta tamen lux, Liv. 41, 2, 4; Nilus...aliquid et spatio fessus, Plin. 5, 54; aliquid spatiantes, Quint. 11, 3, 135; 13. abl. aliqui, with (etc.) something, ea mihi cotidie Aut ture aut uino aut aliqui semper supplicat, Pl. Aul. pr. 24; Ergo ob hoc uerbum te Scapha donabo hodie aliqui, Most. 1, 3, 18; gaudere aliqui me uolo, Truc. 5, 30; 14. al. al. form w. part. gen. ex or de (see § 10, 11), Quai...tr. mil. (legionibus) IIII primis, aliqua eorum...siet fuerint, CIL 198, 16; add 2 and 22; at aliquis nostrorum nuntiat... Titm. 51 R; ne suorum aliquis\* condemnaret, Cie. Phil. 8, 27; aliquem de tribus nobis, Cie. leg. 3, 14 f.; nellem aliqui ex uobis hunc locum suscepisset, Cacl. 7; create consulem T. Otacilium, non dico si omnia haec, sed si aliqui eorum rei publicae praestitit, Liv. 24, 8, 15; aliquid ex his, Quint. 7, 2, 55; add 9, 2, 103; 11, 2, 19; 15. often strengthened w. unus (already contained in ali-), utilitati omnium plus quam unus aliquis\* consulit, Cie. fin. 3, 64; ad unum aliquem confugiebant, off. 2, 41; unum aliquem nominat, Cln. 185; add rep. 1, 48; or. 2, 292; 3, 136; Verr. 2, 2, 129; 16. after several things specially named, at any rate some, and so= some other, cf. Pl. Aul. in § 13; Cum capta aut nepa aut exoritur lumen aliquid beluae, Enn. tr. 276 V; cum certi propter diuitias aut genus aut aliquas opes rem publicam teneant, Cie. rep. 3, 13, 23; qui abs te tribus aut centuriam aut aliquid beneficium habeant, Q. Cie. pct. cons. 18; add Cie. am. 34; but this applies not to me is quidem annis quibus Rhodi... egerit, aliquid quam iram meditatum, Tac. an. 1, 4; 17. w. numerals, more or less, or thereabouts, like our own some, Helleborum potabis faxo aliquos ingenti diti, Pl. Men. 5, 5, 47; comesto aliqua quinque folia, Cato r. 156, 1; ut quadraginta aliquos milites ad uerrucam ire iubeas, Cato orig. 18, 8 Iord.; Graecis hoc modicum est, Leonidas, Epaminondas, tres aliqui aut quattuor, Cie. fin. 2, 62; cf. *tripes tres, olvay tres*; 18. often accumulated w. self or words akin, si hercle habeam lubeus pollicear uerum aliquid aliqua aliquo modo Aliende ab aliqui tibi spes est mecum fortunam fore, Pl. Ep. 3, 1, 10; add 3, 1, 13; si nos al. aliquam\* alienius\* commo-li aliquando recuperandi spem fortuna reseruant, for any hope (however small) of recovering at any time (however distant) any blessing (whatever), Cie. fam. 14, 4, 1; 19. opposed to itself or other words of like sense, aliaque (fossae) sunt patentes, quaedam obsecantur, Colum. 2, 2, 9; quam aliqui echiten noceant, alii laginem, nonnulli tenuem scammoniam, Plin. 24, 139; cur ipse aliqui forensibus negotiis, aliquid desideris amicum, al., al., nonnulli uoluptatibus cotidie damus, Quint. 1, 12, 7; add 5, 11, 30; 9, 2, 25; 20. aliquis in old drama w. pl. of imper. (as referring to many, de uobis), Aperite atque Erotium aliquis (aliqui B) euocate ante ostium, Pl. Men. 4, 2 f.; Oeneum aliquis cete in conspectum, Acc. 425 R; aperite aliquis actutum ostium, Ter. Ad. 4, 4 f.; 21. w. 2nd person of vb. Exoriare aliquis nostris ex ossibus ultor, Verg. 4, 625; 22. si aliquis far stronger than si quis, quae (admiratio siderum) incundissima fuisset, si aliquem egi narraret habuisset, Cie. am. 88; si aliqui de grauitate Pompeius, multum de cupiditate

Caesar remisisset, ..., Phil. 13, 2; 23. aliqua as n. pl. (never aliquo); Cic. top. 54; Rose. Ann. 131; and perh. aed. pr. 30; Liv. 30, 14, 4; 34, 6, 5; Quint. 4, 1, 25 and 33, 4, 2, 53; 24. aliquis as dat. or abl. pl. not rare, si aliquis assentiri necesse est, Liv. 26, 49, 6; add 24, 22, 14; 26, 15, 3; 45, 32, 6 (so Madv.); ab aliquis eorum opesides accepit, inser. Or. 750; so in Pl. Epid. 3, 1, 13; Quippe tibi mihi aliquo aliquo modo alienus ab aliquibus (=ab aliis) blatis; 25. n. pl. m. aliquis, old form, see Charis. 159, 7 K; 26. so also old gen. and dat. f. aliquae, ib.; 27. ali-quis=in form and sense Norse ein-liver; and ali-quis=G. et-was.

**aliquis-piam?** in Cic. Sest. 63 read: alia quapiam ui; in Tusc. 3, 19 aliud quodpiam membrum.

**aliquis-quam?** in Liv. 41, 6, 11 read: alii equium.

**aliquo**, adv. [aliquis: quo: quis] to some one, in agreement w. sb. Curraia ego [ego om. mss.] igitur aliquo ad piscinam—to some fishpond—aut lacum: limum petam, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 80; Immersit aliquo sese credo in ganeum, Men. 5, 1, 3; Quanto te satius rus aliquo abire, ibi esse ibi nuncere, Merc. 3, 4, 71—to some country-place; Interea in angulum aliquo abeam, Ter. Ad. 5, 2, 11;

2. abs. to some (any) place or quarter, somewhere (w. motion), Iho herelle aliquo quaeritatum ignem, Pl. Rud. 3, 4, 61; add Trin. 2, 4, 197; Mil. 2, 6, 99; Men. 1, 2, 15; Profugiet aliquo militatum, Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 31; add 4, 7, 26; Eun. 4, 3, 25; Haut. 3, 11; 4, 6, 5; Andr. 2, 1, 29; Hec. 3, 3, 53; migrandum Rhodum aut aliquo terrarum arbitror, Brut. ap. Cic. fam. 11, 1, 3; cum aliquo exhibimus eat nobiscum, Cic. ad Q. fr. 3, 1, 7; ab eorum oculis aliquo concedere, in Cat. 1, 17; Et nobis aliquo, Cynthia, nentus erit, Prop. 2, 5, 4; quoties aliquo ueniret, Suet. Cal. 4; 3. of rest, somewhere, anywhere, ne aliquo loci moretur, Ulp. dig. 18, 7, 1; 4. aliquo pluris in Pomp. dig. 1, 2, 26 is dub.; 5. for gen. see \*.

**aliquot**, num. indecl. [quot: aliquis: quis] several, some, gen. not a few, Eorum sunt aliquot genera, Pl. Capt. 1, 2, 58; Nam iam aliquo aufragum et oe occultabo aliquot dies, Mil. 2, 6, 99; add Ps. 1, 3, 49; Cure. 2, 1, 25; uti haec res aliquot dies proferatur, Cato orig. 23, 2 Iord.; interea aliquot pauca castra feci, Cato orat. 35, 2; Somnia uera aliquot, uerum omnia nocum necessest, Eun. 1, 161 V; ut aliquot saltem nuptis prodat dies, Ter. Andr. 2, 1, 13; add 3, 3, 2; 4, 3, 32; Heli aliquot (so A.) adolecentium coimus in Piraeo, Eun. 3, 4, 1; aliquod hos sumam dies, Pl. 5, 5, 4; add Nov. 110 R; quorum disciplina cum aliquot (al. aliquod) saecula in Italia uiguissest, Cic. Tim. 1; accepit a te aliquot epistolas uno tempore, fam. 7, 18, 1; quapropter aliquot annos quaest. nihil fecerit, Varr. s. 202, 6 R; add 212, 7; aliquot Romae sunt qui cellas uinariis fructus causa fecerunt, 225, 7; secundis aliquot proclis factis, Caes. b. g. 3, 1, 3; aliquot de causis, 3, 2; add 4, 9, 3; b. e. 1, 33 f; mulieres aliquot, Sal. Cat. 24, 3; post aliquot annos, Pomp. dig. 1, 2, 2, 25 and 28.

**aliquot-firiam**, adv. [cf. li-firiam] in several quarters, in eo agro aliquotfiriam in singula ingena densa cullea uini fiunt, Cato ap. Varr. r. 1, 2, 7.

**aliquot-iens**, (es) adv. several times, repeatedly, again and again, qui haec causam aliquoties (al. -ens) apud te egit, Cic. Quint. 3; quod non crederem nisi aliquoties ex ipsis audissem, Font. 33 (23); aliquoties iam iste locus a te tactus est, leg. 2, 9; errant aliquoties, Varr. ap. Gell. 1, 18, 2; neque detrusus aliquoties terretur, Sal. ap. Prisc.; aliquoties frustra in campum descensum quum esset, Liv. 7, 18, 9; add Suet. Cal. 11; al. adprehensi, dig. 48, 19, 3; ut illos longae progressum equitem consequi, nec tantum semel, sed aliquoties... facile sit, P. Mela 3, 5, 7; 2. sometimes, at times, =aliquando, quae (sc. dos) aliquoties inaniter conscribitur, Th. C. 9, 42, 15.

**aliquo-uorsum**, adv. in some direction, to some quarter, Ego pol istam iam aliquouorsum tragulam decidero, Pl. Cas. 2, 4, 17.

1. **al-is**, **al-id**, pron. or rather num. [see below] lit. one, some; but nearly always wh. repeated, one...one, one...

another, Quando alid ex alio reficit natura, Lucr. 1, 263; Namque alid ex alio, 1, 1115; 5, 1456; Sic alid ex alio, 3, 970; 5, 1305; Ut quod al cibis est, alius fuit acere uenenum, 4, 637; quod non fortior ausit alius, Cat. 66, 28; alis alibi stantes cecidit, Sal. ap. Char. 159, 30 K; Diom. 333, 31; alis antiquissimi pro alius protulerunt, Prisc. 2, 8, 1 K; hic alius huius alius huius alii, ib. 77, 12; 2. cf. aliter from alis, and alimodi, ap. Paul. ex F. 28, 2; 3. from a root al=an and so=our an, one=cf. alius; suff. either -ie (al-ie), so as to make it one with G. cin-ig. E. any; or comp. as in magis, and so=et-epos (from é-roné), E. other (cf. Lincoln. t'ouer for t'other), Norse ann-ar. G. and-er.

2. **al-ia?** adv. [prob. comp. fm root al: see alius, and cf. magis] otherwise, else, uenditio locatio aedilis esto quum quomque uicem Furcens fecerint, quod se sentim (sentia?) eam rem sine seelere sine piaculo: alis ne potest, CIL 603, 10; 2. cf. G. alio, alio, o. G. alies alies, A. S. elles, E. else, Grimm. D. G. 3, 61 and 188.

**alisma**, **al-is**, n. a water-plant, alisma plantage Linn. Plin. 25, 124.

**aliter**, (old aliter\*) adv. [al-is: breuiter: brevis] lit. in one way; but only so used, when repeated w. itself, or some word akin, in one way..., in one (or another)..., aliter leges, aliter philosophi tollunt astantias, Cic. off. 3, 68; eum cui al. contendimus si est inimicus, al. si competitor, 1, 38; aliter eum tyranno, aliter cum amico uiuunt, am. 89; add acad. pr. 2, 143; fam. 15, 21, 4; aliter atque aliter moribus meliendum, aliter uetustis, aliter incrementibus, aliter substantiis, aliter iam ad salutem inclinatis, Cels. pr. p. 10, 3 Dar.; idem illud aliter Caesar, aliter Cicero, aliter Cato suadere debet, Quint. 3, 8, 49; add 5, 7, 36; 11, 1, 39; 2. aliter aliterque, al. atque al., lit. in one way and in one way, sometimes in one way, sometimes in another, in different ways, aliter aliterque in eodem morbo febres accedunt, Cels. 3, p. 78, 12; haec (niti) aliter aliterque curantur, 7, 7, 1; hoc saepe dicit Epicurus al. atque aliter, Sen. ep. 27, 9; add 84, 5; al. atque al. erumpens, Plin. 2, 208;

3. with kindred words in contr. constr. in one way..., in another, aliter ab alio dicta, Cic. part. 51; aliter ab aliis digeruntur, or. 2, 79; aliter eum alius locutum, At. 7, 8, 1; aliter apud alios ordinatis magistratibus, Liv. 2, 21, 4; add 39, 53, 1; id quoque aliter ab aliis curatur, Cels. 7, 17; 4. hence gen. otherwise, in another way, differently. Sin aliter es, inuicem atque irati tibi, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 9; Sin aliter\* animatus es bene quod agas eueniat tibi, 3, 2, 87; Tu si hic sis aliter sentias, Ter. Andr. 2, 1, 10; Sin est ut aliter tua sit sententia, Hec. 4, 1, 15; fieri non potuit aliter, Cic. At. 6, 6, 3; uerum longe aliter est, Rose. Am. 138; qui aliter fecerit senatum extimare eum contra rempublicam facturum, Sal. Cat. 51 f; Dis aliter nism, Verg. 2, 428; 5. referring to a condition, if this be not so, otherwise, aliter amicitiae stabiles permanere non possunt, Cic. am. 74; nam aliter iustitia non esset, off. 2, 42; id sibi contendendum aut aliter non tradendum exercitum, Caes. b. g. 4, 17, 2; aliter...nulli eorum rerum consuli ius est, Sal. Cat. 29, 3; facillique sequetur Si te fata uocant; aliter non uiribus ullis Vincere nec duro poteris conueller ferro, Verg. 6, 147; 6. so often in negations, aliter with coming nisi (=ita demum si) non pati C. Caesarem consensum aliter fieri nisi exercitum tradiderit, Caes. ad Cic. 8, 14, 2; quod aliter non potest fieri nisi spatium habuero, Lent. ad Cic. 12, 14, 5; non aliter, nisi..., rem aggressurus, Liv. 35, 39, 4; non aliter classem reuocaturum, nisi..., 45, 11, 11; nec aliter eas manus in fide nisi..., 45, 31, 8; non aliter uenter in possessionem mittitur, nisi..., Ulp. dig. 37, 9, 6; add Marcian. 48, 18, 9; 7. may be followed by et, if the things compared be expressed symmetrically, aliter docti et indocti, Cic. fin. 5, 89; quod de pmo aliter ad te scripsit et ad matrem, non reprehendo, At. 10, 11, 1;

8. not so limited w. atque (ac) from (what), longe aliter est amicus, atque amator, Pl. Truc. 1, 2, 70; Quil si sors aliter ac uoles euenierit? Cas. 2, 5, 37; add St. 1, 1, 42; neine quis senator decernito (quo ea pecunia) aliter exsigratur atque utique in (h)ace (lege) scriptum est, CIL

200, 72; aliter tuum amorem atque est accipis, Ter. Hant. 2, 3, 23; ego isti nihil sum aliter ac fui, Pl. 3, 2, 45; add Ad. 4, 3, 6; nihil est de quo aliter tu sentias atque ego, Cic. fin. 4, 60; si neque...neque quidquam aliter ac nos uellemus a senatu indicatum est, Mil. 23; spem habeo nihil fore aliter ac deceat, Att. 6, 3, 8; add fam. 2, 3, 2; Att. 16, 13, 1; ordo agminis aliter se habebat ac Belgae detulerant, Caes. b. g. 2, 19, 1; quacdam aliter olim ac nunc, Varr. l. 9, 38, p. 497 Sp.; longe aliter ac ratus erat, Sal. Ing. 7, 3; add 72, 1; 9. w. quam, than, qui in praedones incidit, si aliter quippiam coacti faciant ac liberi, Cic. Rab. post. 29; ne aliter quam ego uelim meum laudet ingenium, Verr. 2, 1, 24; add inv. 2, 66; Non aliter quam qui..., Verg. G. 1, 201; quae scribantur aliter quam enuntiatur, Quint. 1, 7, 28; add 2, 5, 11; 3, 6, 34 etc.; Non aliter quam quum..., Ov. F. 2, 209; 10. esp. followed by si, negabant se aliter ituros quam si..., Liv. 3, 51, 12; add 21, 63, 9; 23, 4, 4; add Verg. 4, 669; Ov. tr. 1, 3, 73; duo enim sunt defecta, aliter atque si quis uo impetu pluribus uulneribus aliquem occidit, Gal. dig. 9, 2, 32; add Ulp. 47, 10, 17, 9; Paul. 21, 1, 43, 5; 11. quam refers alike to aliter and comp. in Plinian phrases like, quam (sc. libidinem) non aliter magis accendi putant quam pota ea, 22, 78; quae sint urenda corporum non aliter utilis nri quam crystallina pila aduersis opposita solis radiis, 37, 28; 12. for old qty. of final cf. Vi lepidi, ut liberaliter, ut honeste atque huiusmodi, Pl. Rud. 2, 3, 65; Reor, peccatum largitur. Immo haec erat, Epid. 3, 4, 49; Quoniam meo amico amicitiae hanc commoditatis copiam, Pers. 2, 3, 8; Loca haec circiter excedit mihi. Mei homines, Cist. 4, 2, 8 (see Haupt, Herm. 4, 33); Facie honesta; mirum ni ego me turpiter hodie hic dabo, Ter. Eun. 2, 1, 24.

**alītudo**, τροφή, Gloss.

**alītūra**, ac, f. nourishing, feeding, Gell. 12, 1, 20.

**alītus**, as, m. the same, Donat. Verg. vit. 6.

**alībī** (-ubi\*) adv. [old dat. of alius, as alibi of alis] lit. in one place; but so in use only when repeated, in one place... in one (another)..., ut ex eodem semine alibi cum decimo redeat, alibi cum quinto decimo, Varr. r. 1, 44, 1; alibi fari causa spectabiles gignunt, alibi copia mellis, Plin. 11, 33; a. pro aqua, a. pro pabulo pendunt, 12, 65; a. cyaneus, a. croceus, 22, 45; add 34, 145; ut a. sit species rei, a. ipsa res, Sen. ben. 1, 5, 5; 2. alibi atque alibi, in one place than in another, aquatiliū genera a. atque a. meliora, Plin. 9, 168; 3. at one time in one place, at another in another, in different places, animum nature, a. atque a. apparere, Sen. ep. 35, 4; a. atque a. diuersa poena est, Sen. 3, 6, 2; 4. not repeated, in another place, elsewhere, neque amplius ea (se, scriptura) alibiue\* alterne dare debet, CIL 200, 86; alibi (flatus item Olympias uocatur, Plin. 2, 120 f.; add S. 136 (37), 10, 87 (37); 12, 58; 13, 28; 13, 129 (37); 14, 14; 17, 15; 17, 155; 36, 59 (37); 37, 23 (37).

**aliūm** (all) il, n. dim. [of all] garlic, Indunt coriandrum, feniculum, aliūm (so E and D m. pr.), atrum holus, Pl. Ps. 3, 2, 25; obolisti aliūm (so B m. pr.), prum, 1, 1, 38; plenior Alii (alii A) uipicque quam Romani remiges, Poen. 5, 3, 55; aut nostri quum aliūm (so MSS) et caepe eorum uerba elecent, tamen optime animati erant, Varr. ap. Non. 201, 6; Aliā serpillum, Verg. B. 2, 11; Edidit ciuitas aliūm (so A B m. pr.) nocentius, Hor. epod. 3, 3; Aliā cum caepis, Colum. 10, 314; add 11, 3, 20 (ter); infra cubiliūm stramenta alii capita subiciunt, S. 12; caput gasterius alii, Pers. 5, 188; aliūm cepasque inter decos in iureiurando habet Aegyptus, Plin. 19, 101; 2. aleum in Apic. 9, 443 and late user. 3. aliūm in Pl. Pers. 2, 3, 15 only a bad eq. 4. akin perh. to G. hanch, E. leek.

**aliūnde**, adv. [old gen. or abl. of aliū] lit. from one place; so used only when repeated with itself or words akin, aliūnde nigro, aliūnde candido, aliūnde minio sumptis, Plin. 37, 197; Aliis aliūnde est periculum, from one place (for some), from another for others, Ter. Ph. 2, 2, 19; qui alii aliunde coibant, Liv. 44, 12, 3; aliūnde alio transiunt, Sen. brev. vitae, 16, 4; perpetua aliūnde alio commigratio, Sen. cons. ad Helv. 6, 7; aliūnde alio

transiliens, Sen. ep. 64, 2; 2. on one side..., on another..., aliūnde stet semper, aliūnde sentiat, sides with one party, give his good wishes to the other, Liv. 24, 45, 3; 3. from another (place etc.), first w. noun, Isque ut se (suss se) ut adinsularet peregrinum aliūnde esse alio oppido, Pl. Poen. 3, 1, 57; 4. absol. from another (person, place, etc.), from elsewhere, Ego dabo: ne quare aliūnde, Pl. Ps. 2, 4, 44; neque audire aliūnde potuisses, Cic. Lig. 1; et t. uo uilico summissus et aliūnde mutati sumus, Att. 11, 13, 4; non aliūnde pendere, to be altogether independent, fam. 5, 13, 1; add de or. 2, 39; or. So; N. D. 3, 64; ne petium aliūnde eat, Cat. 61, 153; 5. (maae) of other (material), nec a. pretiosiora opera, Plin. 13, 102; ut totum opus non aliūnde constet, 30, 5; 6. w. quam, than, neque aliūnde magis quam purgamentis eius snes crassecent, Plin. 13, 110; cum luxuria non aliūnde maior quam e concharum genere proenat, 9, 104; add 2, 213; 33, 118.

**alius**, a, ud (ut), g. alius, d. alii, pron. adj. or rather num. [root al=an of S. anya=E. an or one; u of Lat. unus, ē of eis, oen of old L. oenus; while alii (n. alii)=E. any, G. emig; and so alio- itself=S. anya, L. unico. For change of meaning from one to other, cf. other itself, a comp. of one; see alter;] lit. one, but so used only when repeated, as first w. itself, one..., one (other); or in pl. some..., some (others); cf. ἀλλήλοι, Alius alium percontatur, Pl. St. 2, 2, 46; Alia aliam scandit, Ps. 1, 1, 22 (so MSS; Ritschl aliam aliam; s. Kiessling Rh. Mus. 23, 410); fallacia Alia aliam trudit, Ter. Andr. 4, 4, 40; ipsi inter se alii alii (suss alii is said: alii alii) prodesset possent, Cic. off. 1, 22; ceteri alius alii uarie assentiebantur, Sal. Cat. 52, 1; 2. at times w. special sense, all so and so, only one more so than another, alia (sc. femina) alia peior, frater, est, Pl. Aut. 2, 1, 20; habes Sardos uenales, alium alio nequiores, Cic. fam. 7, 24 f.; cum omnes certatim aliusque alio ornatus de mea salute dixisset, each surpassing the preceding one, Sest. 74; epistolae tuas aliam alia inuendiores, Att. 7, 2, 3; quum alia alii terribilliora afferrentur, Liv. 4, 26, 7; 3. freq. in separate clauses, alii ebris sunt alii poscam potant, Pl. Mil. 3, 2, 23; Alium fecisti me, alius ad te ueneram, Trin. 1, 2, 123; add Men. 5, 7, 51; aliud est properare, aliud festinare, Cato or. 44, 4 Jord.; add 47, 14; Apud alium prohibet dignitas, apud alium ipsius facti pudet, Ter. Hant. 3, 3, 15; timeo ne aliud credam atque aliud nunties, Hec. 5, 4, 4; that I am believing one thing and you reporting another, i. e. something different from what you mean; aliud est maledicere, aliud accusare, Cic. Cael. 6; cum aliis Q. frater, aliis C. Pomptinins, reliquis M. Annius et L. Tullius praecessent, fam. 15, 4, 8; add Tusc. 5, 37, 5; 38; ut alio loco ignes facerent, alio exuberant, Caes. b. c. 3, 50, 1; hortari alios\*, alios temptare, Sal. Cat. 17, 1; alii portenta nuntiabant, alii contentus fieri, ib. 30, 2; alii (febres) a calore incipiunt, aliae... (and 15 other aliae), Cels. 3, 3; remo expellere alios\*, alios accersere, 3, 110; quia minus tuta erant, alia fossis, alia uallo, alia turribus muniebant, Liv. 32, 5, 12; pectora motus Nunc alios\*, alios dum nubila uentus agebat, Concipiunt, Verg. G. 1, 421; note the place of alius, gen. beginning each clause, sometimes at end of one, at beg. of the other \*; 4. in latter case MSS apt to omit one, uirgis caedi (alii), alii securi subici, Liv. 3, 37, 8; iam in partem praedae suae uocatos deos (alios), alios notis ex urbe sua euocatos, 5, 21, 5; 5. at times equivalent words are substituted for one or more of them, alias bestias nantis aquarum incolae esse uoluit, alias uolueres caelo frui libero, serpents quasdam, quasdam esse gradientes, earum ipsarum partim solinagras, partim congregatas, immanis alias, quasdam autem cicures, nonnullas abditas terraque tectas, Cic. Tusc. 5, 38; add Sal. Cat. 2, 1; Ing. 19, 1; 38, 3; 6. in contracted constr., requiring a double translation, one one, another another; or in pl. some some, others others, signa alia alio in loco lacrimantes intuebantur, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 59; add Q. fr. 3, 1, 23; quum diuersis legionibus aliae alia in parte hostibus resisterent, Caes. b. g. 2, 22, 1; quorum alius alia caesa inlata petebat ut..., 1, 39, 3; add Sal. Cat.

51. 12; 52. 1; Aug. 87. 1; Liv. 1. 21. 6; 7. often w. kindred advs., alias aliud isidem de rebus et sentiunt et iudicant, Cic. or. 2. 30; alias aliud fodere iussit, Liv. 44. 33. 1; alii alia in ciuitates suas dilapsi sunt, 44. 43. 3;

8. al. atque al., first one (some), then another (others), eadem res saepe aut probatur aut reicitur, alio atque alio elata uerbo, Cic. or. 72; alio atque alio loco noctu recessere, Sal. Ing. 72. 2; dilatisque alia atque alia de causa comitis, Liv. 8. 23. 17; add 1. 8. 4; aliam atque aliam (apem) patitur egredi, Colum. 9. 8. 10; tribus prociis alia atque alia regione commissis, Curt. 4. 1. 35; add Plin. 2. 230; alium eius (se. uitae) subinde atque aliud facientes initium, Sen. ep. 32. 2; but in Ulp. dig. 18. 4. 2. 2: licet rerum testamentum sit, alia tamen atque alia hereditas est, the inheritances differ from one another; so w. aliud et aliud in Ulp. 8. 2. 15; II 9. gen. in reference to some preceding word, other, sei is moribus suspectus erit) praetor alium patrum ei qui (nolet datus), CIL 198. 12; si ualent in eo agro alia tracta siare, id uti facere liceat, 199. 41; P. Insistite huc negotium sapienter. A. Alia cura, Pl. Mil. 3. 3. 55; faciemus, alia cura, 3. 3. 71; Nunc hic dies aliam uitam adfert, alios mores postulat. Ter. Andr. 1. 2. 18; quibus beatissimum est (iuss et add. erat is) cibis ut alius generis bestiis nascerentur, aut uires natura dedit aut celebritatem, Cic. N. D. 2. 123; eadem secreto ab alia quaerit, Caes. b. g. 1. 18. 2; 10. constr. first w. et, when the things compared must be symmetrical in form and brought together, with a pause before them, non alia causa est arquisita—in uno seruo et in pluribus, Cic. Caccin. 57; alia causa est—eius qui... et eius qui... off. 2. 61; simul illud uidetote aliud habitum esse—sepelire et urere, leg. 2. 60; aliud de eo quod comparabitur et de eo quod comparabitur existimari oportere, inv. 1. 82; alius opilio et orator...; armamentarii non aliud ac bubulcus, Varr. r. 2. pr. 4; longe mihi alia mens est quam res atque pericula nostra considero et quam sententias nonnullorum mecum ipse reputo, Sal. Cat. 52. 2;

11. w. atque, from what—here the law of symmetry no longer holds; this constr. grew out of one in wh. a second alius followed, cf. Ter. Hec. 5. 4. 4 in § 3;—as: Aliam nunc mihi orationem despoliatio praedicat, Aliam atque olim quom initiebam me ad te blande et benedice, Pl. As. 1. 3. 52; Alium 'sse censes nunc me atque olim cum dabam, Ter. Andr. 3. 3. 13; si essent omnia mihi solutissima, non alia essem atque nunc sum, Cic. fam. 1. 9. 21; longe alia nobis ac tu scripseras nuntiantur, Att. 11. 10. 2; potest non solum aliud mihi, ac tibi, sed mihi ipsi aliud alias uideri, or. 237; non erit haec alia ratio Plancio, ac tibi, Plane. 48; aliae sunt legati partes, atque imperatoris, Caes. b. c. 3. 51. 4; longe aliam esse uauigationem in concluso mari, atque in vastissimo Oceano, b. g. 3. 9. 7;

12. w. nisi, except, but, than, in neg. condit. and int. sent., dum ne alium intro mitat nisi Genuatem aut Veiturium, CIL 199. 31; si Sullam alium accusasset, ego quoque nihil aliud agerem nisi eum defenderem, Cic. Sull. 35; si nihil aliud fecerunt nisi rem detulerunt, nonne...? Rose. Am. 108; nihil aliud dicam nisi uerebor, Q. fr. 2. 10. 2; nihil aliud cogitatum, nihil aliud susceptum, nihil aliud actum nisi uti decem reges aerarii constituerentur, Cic. agr. 2. 15; add sen. 5; Pis. 47; Phil. 3. 21; id. 2. 78; nihil aliud scio, nihil arguo, nisi quod cum eum ferro comissatum uenerunt, Liv. 40. 14. 5; add 40. 50. 3; 13. w. quam, gen. under same cond., chiefly in Livy, neque aliud tota urbe agi quam bellum apparari, Liv. 4. 26. 12; qui nihil aliud peccauerunt quam quod imperatoris similes fuerint, 26. 2. 16; add 31. 24. 3; 14. w. aliud quam, a gen. vb. of doing is to be supplied in same form as following vb., tribunatus P. Sestii nihil aliud nisi meum nomen causante sustinuit, Cic. Sest. 140—se. fecit; quid enim aliud quam ammonendi esset ut morem traditum a patribus seruaretis? Liv. 22. 60. 7—se. faciendum esset; qui nihil aliud quam quieuerunt hoc bello, 45. 22. 4; add 32. 10. 6; 3. 19. 6; 4. 3. 3; ut quoad potestate abiret, domo additus nihil aliud quam per edicta obnuuntiaret, Suet. Caes. 20—se. faceret; mox nihil aliud quam uetabatur deambulabat, Suet. Aug. 83; add CIL 10; Ner. 43; Vesp. 5;

qui supererat reuocante Lepido quid aliud quam ad bellum uocabatur? Flor. 3. 23—se. fiebat; 15. so w. partic., ab hictore nihil aliud quam prendere prohibito—not otherwise interfered with beyond being, Liv. 2. 29. 4; nihil aliud quam bene ausus uana contemere, deuicit, 9. 17. 16; nihil aliud quam Audite atque Euripio spectatis, in Actoliam redeuntem, 35. 49. 11; 16. also w. prep. nihil aliud quam ad audienda probra nominatos—to no other end than, Liv. 23. 3. 13; nee quicquam aliud quam ad deformae spectaculum quom uenisset, 31. 24. 3; 17. rarely with- out a prece. neg., te omnia alia quam quae nelis agere, Plin. ep. 7. 15; 2; pontificibus offensior quod alium quam se in patris sui locum cooptasset, Suet. Ner. 2; but in Cels. 2. 28 read: facile intus eorum pueris panis fermentatus, et quisquis alius qui (iuss quam; eidd. quam qui) ex tritico est;

18. w. abl. chiefly in familiar lang., nee quidquam aliud libertate communi quaesisse, Brut. ad Cic. fam. 11. 2; 2; erithanen uocant quo fauos extremos inter se conglutinant, quod est aliud melle, propoli, Varr. r. 3. 16. 23; Neque putes alium sapiente bonoque beatum, Hor. ep. 1. 16. 20; Quod si accusator alius Seiano foret, Phaedr. 3. pr. 41; ne quis se praeter Apellen Pinget, aut alius Lysippus duceat aera, Hor. ep. 2. 1. 240—wh. Plin. 7. 125 has ne quis alius quam Lysippus; cf. use of abl. and quam w. Lat. comp.; and use of αλλος both w. η and w. gen. as αλλα των δικαίων, Xen. mem. 4. 4. 25; αλλο επισημης, Plat. Men. p. 88; 19. w. praeter, besides, except, Nec nobis praeter me quisquam alius seruus Sostia, Pl. Amph. 1. 1. 244; add Trin. 1. 2. 31; 20. quid est aliud is often used where we should rather say, what is this but to..., that is in plain words..., quid est aliud tollere ex uita uitae societatem, tollere amicorum colloquia absentium? Cic. Phil. 2. 7; habi- tarent gratis in alieno... Quid est aliud aliis sua eripere, aliis dare aliena? off. 2. 83; sub condicione, inquit, nos reficiet decimum tribunos, quid est aliud dicere: Quod petunt alii, nos adeo fastidimus ut sine mercede magna non accipiamus? Liv. 6. 40. 8;

21. often strengthened by an enclitic quis, quisquam, quicquam, ullus, uelut quis alius melites in oppidum...introducito, CIL 204. 1. 7; add 14; aliusne quis magistratus, 206. 73; Quod nunquam opina- tus fui neque alius quisquam ciuium Sibi euentum, Pl. Amph. 1. 1. 31; add 1. 1. 244; non incherule alius ullus sermo nisi de te, Cic. Att. 5. 10. 1; si alia quapiam ui expelleretur, Sest. 63; nunc manus..., nunc aliud quod- piam membrum..., Tusc. 3. 19; 22. alius redundant w. comp. and neg., Mulier, quia mulier alia nullast pul- crior, Pl. Merc. 1. 1. 101; neque consilio neque manu priorem alium pati, Sal. Ing. 96. 3; neque mains aliud neque praestabilis inuenies, 1. 2; non alia ante Romana pugna atrocior fuit, Liv. 1. 27. 1; neque aliud difficultius reperirent, Quint. 4. 2. 38; quod non aliud atrocius misum, Tac. an. 6. 30 (24); 23. alius for alter, one of two, Seni huic fuerunt filii nati duo: Alium quadrumum puerum seruos surripuit, Pl. Capt. pr. 8; Gnatos duos creauit: horum alterum in terra inquit, alium sub terra locat, CIL 1007. 5; quarum (partium) unam incolunt Belgae aliam (alt'am, i.e. alteram?) Aquitani, tertiam...Celtae, Caes. b. g. 1. 1. 1; so too: duas leges promulgauit, unam... aliam (so a b; but alt'am?) tabularum nouarum, b. c. 3. 21. 2; His (Catonem et Caesarem)...magnitudo animi par, item gloria; sed alia alii, Sal. Cat. 54. 1; ita duo deinceps reges, alius alia uia...ciuitatem auxerunt, Liv. 1. 21. f.; duo Romani super alium alium corruerunt, 1. 25. 5; duo genera (apium), aliarum quae in arboribus mellicant, aliarum quae sub terra, Plin. 11. 35; dein Corinthiense litus angustiasque Isthmi enadit, marique alio (alt'o?) Nicopolim ingressus, Tac. an. 6. 5 (5. 10); Liv. 24. 27, S corrumpit;

24. = 6 αλλος, the rest (of), CCLXVIII delecti qui Romam mitterentur, uulgius aliorum trucidatum, Liv. 7. 10. 2; inter primos atrox proelium fuit, alia multitudo terga uertit, 7. 26. 9; add 1. 12. 9; 3. 31. 4; 21. 27. 6; 38. 24. 10, 12. 7; 41. 18. 13; 25. like this the use of alia n. pl. ad- uerbiially, as to other matters, in all other respects, sanctus alia, Sal. ap. Serv. ad Aen. 3. 504; cetera Grauius; cf. nimirum cetera egregium, Liv. 1. 35. 6; uir cetera sanctissimus, Vell. 2. 46. 2; 26. alio die, on another day, a

phrase by wh. an angur after observing the skies stopped public business, quid grauius quam rem suscepam dirimi si nunc angur alio die dixerit, Cic. leg. 2, 31; 27. alius gen. had a long penult as standing for alius, cf. tibicen, Chins ad; but went out of use (alius perh. supplying its place), alius pronomen genetiui non habet, tametsi antiqui alius producta i ante u dixerint, Char. 159, 23 K; add Diom. 338, 29 K; Prisc. l. 266, 17 and 303, 21; so: uno excepto quem alius modi atque omnis natura finxit, Caes. Anticat. ap. Prisc. ib.; 28. irreg. forma, alii as gen. m., nūi eos (mores) mutem atque alii modi sim, Cato orat. 51, 2 Iord.; pernumem esse alii modi postulare, Licin. ap. Prisc. l. 266, 17; add Cael. (bis) ib. 2, 8, 10 and 19; cf. cuenimodi; ad alii dei aram, Varr. r. 1, 2, 19; so also Char. 163, 16 K; 29. gen. f. aliae, Aut aliae cuius desiderium insidat rei, Luer. 3, 918; aliae pecudis iecur nitidum esse, aliae horridum, Cic. div. 2, 30; 30. meteres alia aliae aliae, Char. 158, 26 K; 31. alci, ali, as dat. m., comitia Ul' iur(e) alieque qui mag(istratu) rogando habebit, CIL 266, 938; quod ali dederat, Luer. 6, 1227; also alio, Char. 163, 16; 32. aliae dat. f., Quei nisi adulterio studiosus rei nulli aliaest improbus, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 207; 33. alis as nom. pl., alis alibi stantes ecederunt, Sal. (Cat. 61) ap. Ch. 159, 31 K; 34. alius (as a dissyl. = alius) Vt quod alius cibus est, alius fuit acere uenenum, Luer. 4, 637 (Lachm. ej. ali, male); 35. cf. alis; 36. = αλλος, cf. σαλλό αλλομα, folium φαλλων, μαλλων for μαλλον; 37. Bopp (V. G. § 19, vol. 1, p. 33), Pott (E. F. of 1859, pp. 301, 381, 393), Donaldson (Lat. Gr. pp. 45, 74, 386) connect alius w. S. ana, Lat. ille!

**alius-mōdi**, two gen. and often written apart, eum res alius modi est ac putatur, Cic. inv. 2, 21; see alius § 27.

**alius-uis**, non existing, for in Cic. Att. 8, 4, 1 read: potius...quam me alium iis magistrum quaerere.

**ālī-ūtā**, adv. (f. aliud; ita: id) otherwise, antiqui pro alter: si quisquam aliuta faxit, ipsos Ioni sacer esto, lex Numae ap. Paul. ex F. p. 6.

**Alixenter**, Lat. form of Αλεξάντρος as name of Paris, Alixentor, on a mirror, CIL 59; Οἰωνύμα Τεσες Αλιξεν(τ), CIL 1501, p. 554.

**allābor**, (ad-l.) bi, pus, v. r. glide to, pass gently or quietly to, minor adlapsus extrinsecus, ut in tectoriis uideamus anstro, eundem uidetur imitari, Cic. div. 2, 58; angues ex occulto allapsi adeoer iecur, Liv. 25, 16, 2; Sed mare inoffensum crescenti adlabitur aestu, Verg. 10, 292; add 3, 131; 9, 474; 12, 319; Sen. Phaedr. 675.

**allāboro**, (ad-l.) āre, vb. add by labour, Simpliciter myrto nihil allabores, Hor. od. 1, 38, 5; 2. work at, work to attain, Hor. epod. 8, 20; but in Cic. Brut. 184, id laboras.

**allācrimo**, (ad-l.) āre, vb. (if fm ad to) weep at, (if fm ad = av of ara) begin weeping, burst into tears, Et Inno adlacrimans..., Verg. 10, 628; tunc illa prorupit in audaciam et ubertim adlacrimans..., Apul. M. 10, 3.

**allācto**, āre, vb. freq. (allicio; see also allēcto) lit. allure to, in use sing (a baby) to sleep, sing a lullaby to, mulier quae puerum allactat (cf. Georges' handw.-buch), Marcel. Emp. 8.

**allactatio**, ōnis, f. a lullaby, Chrysippus nutricum illi quae adhibetur infantibus allactationi suum quoddam carmen assignat, Quint. 1, 10, 32.

**allāueno**, see allēno.

**allambo**, (ad-l.) āre, vb. lick at, lick, cum anguis adlambere feminam crebris linguarum mearibus adtemptaret, Mart. C. 4, p. 100 l. 6 Eyss.; ora cerastae, Prud. ham. 135; 2. met. Te rapidis Gelbis...adlambere lymphis, Auson. Mos. 359; flammae, ps. Quint. deol. 10, 4.

**allāpos**, us, m. gliding to, gentle approach, Serpentiū allāposus timet, Hor. epod. 1, 20; serpentiū, Val. M. 6, 8; Iontis, Apul. M. 5, 1.

**allasson**, ntis, part. changing colour, calices allassontes uersicolores, Hadr. ap. Vopisc. S. 10.

**allātro**, (ad-l.) āre, vb. bark at, in Capitolium intempesta nocte eunti nunquam canes allatruerunt (al. latruerunt), Aur. V. 49; 2. met. tot maria (oram) allatrant, Plin. 4, 19; oceanus interna maria allatrat, 2, 173; 3. esp. of abusive words, (Cato) allatrare magnitudinem

(Scipionis) solitas erat, Liv. 38, 54, 1; (the quotation in Quint. 8, 6, 9, clearly spur.); sed ne cauium quidem studium locupletissimum quemque allatrandi..., Colum. pr. 1, 9; nomen, Mart. 2, 61, 6; nos, 5, 60, 1; nigro allatruerat ore Victorem inuidia, Sil. 8, 292; 3. for qty see latro, are.

**allaudābilis**, in Pl. Pers. 4, 5, 1 read: adintabilem.

**allāudo**, (ad-l.) āre, praise warmly, Agit Gratias mihi atque ingenium allaudat memm, Pl. Mere. pr. 85.

**allāuo**, in Varr. l. 9, 61 read lauau, w. xss and best edd.

**allēctatio**, see allactatio.

**allēcto**, (ad-l.) ōnis, f. [allēgo] addition to (a body of magistrates) by election, esp. by appointment of an emperor to a superannuated and gen. honorary praetorship, so as to be a senator, cum Commodus allēctionibus immeris praetorias (praetorios?) misenissit Pertinax iussit eos qui praeturas non gessissent sed allēctione acceperant post eos esse qui uere praetores fuissent, Capit. Pert. 6, 10; add Th. C. 6, 24, 7; 4, 10, 1; 6, 35, 7; Synm. 6, 7, 97; see allēgo; 2. beyond this sphere, conubialis allēctio (al. allēctio), Mart. C. 1, 3; a. in clerum, Tert. monog. 12; but Capit. M. Ant. ph. 11, 7 corrupt.

**allēcto**, (ad-l.) āre, vb. frq. [allicio] keep drawing gently to, allure, ad (hoc) inuitat atque allēctat seuetus, Cic. sen. 57; add am. 99; (bones oportet) sibilio allēctari quo libentius bibant, Colum. 3, 2.

1. **allēctor**, ōris, m. [allicio] one who allures, veterani (tundi) debent intermisceri qui...quasi allēctores sint capitulorum maestitiamque eorum mitigent, Colum. 8, 10, 1.

2. **allēctor**, ōris, m. [allēgo] commissioner of taxes? L. Besio...allēct. ar(k), Galliar. ob allēctur(am) fideliter administratam tres prouine, Galliae, insar. Or. 6950; allēctor Galliarum, 3654; T. Tertius Seuerus eur(ator) col(oniae) idemque allēctor, 369; add inser. Grut. 83, 14; 245; 7; 471, 9.

**allēctūra**, ae, f. office of allēctor, wh. see.

**allēctus**, see allēgo and allēcio.

**allēgatio**, (ad-l.) ōnis, f. the sending (a person) to act in one's behalf, quibus allēgationibus legationem sibi expugnauit, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 44; cum sibi omnes ad istum allēgationes uiderent, 2, 1, 136; 2. alleging, allegation, plea, circumuentionis, Hermog. dig. 4, 4, 17; dicentium..., Ulp. 48, 18, 1, 26; add Paul. sent. 1, 12, 6; Vat. fr. 273; 3. an imperial rescript, Th. C. 16, 5, 37; 4. office of allēctor (2), ib. 12, 6, 11.

**allēgatus**, (ad-l.) ōis, m. sending (a person) to act in one's behalf, meo allēgato uenit, Pl. Trin. 5, 2, 18; allēgatus pro allegatione (dicitur) qua ratione seruata allēgatus meo dicimus, Gell. 13, 21 (20), 19.

1. **allēgo**, (ad-l.) āre, vb. send (a person) to act in one's behalf, dequit; often secretly and w. evil object, and so, suborn, quoniam ea ipsa me allēgant qui istam arecesserem, Pl. Cas. 3, 4, 14; add pr. 52 and 55; Qui illud hodie ad me allēgant mihi erum qui adduceret, Ps. 4, 7, 135; add 4, 7, 63; Pers. 1, 3, 55; Epil. 3, 3, 46; St. 5, 3, 8; Amph. 1, 1, 29; ut ne credas a me allēgatum hunc senem, Ter. Andr. 5, 3, 28; homines nobiles allēgat (al. legat)is qui petenter..., Cic. Rose. Am. 25 (so Halm ej.); petit a me atque amicos allēgat, Verr. 2, 1, 149; si mihi tecum minus esset, allēgarem ad te illos qui..., Cic. fam. 15, 10, 2; extremum illud est ut quasi diffidens rogationi meae philosophiam ad te euagando, 15, 4, 16; 2. w. dat. of purpose, eorum id allēgato aliquo allēgati, Pl. St. 5, 3, 8; alium ego isti rei allēgabo, ne time, Amph. 2, 2, 42; 3. so far w. acc., also met. in later L. w. acc. of reason, plead, allege, pnt in as an argument, adhibes preces, allēgas exemplum, rogas enim..., Cic. M. Tullium...poetarum ingenia fouisse, Plin. ep. 3, 15, 1; decreta ciuitatum, pan. 70 f.; munera preces mandata regis, Tac. h. 4, 84, 1; eupiditatem huius, Quint. 3, 8, 46; dignitas quis allēgatur, 4, 1, 13; add 4, 1, 16; 7, 4, 21; 4. esp. in law, are alieno allēgato, Ulp. dig. 27, 9, 5, 13 and 14; inofficiosum testamentum, Marc. 5, 2, 3; and by a rare constr., si ex seruitute in ingenuitatem se allēgat, Ulp. 40, 12, 27, 1; II 5. allēgatus, as sb. m. one deputed for a

special office, commissioner, M. Pomponius Q. f. C. Pomponius L. f. delegati (pon)tem faciendum locarunt, *inscr.* Or. 6607.

**2. allēgo**, (ad-l.) ēre, lēgi\*, lectus, vb. add to by election, uti quoniam IIII augures, IIII pontifices essent, placereque augeri sacerdotum numerum, IIII pontifices V augures allegerentur, *Liv.* 10, 6, 6; add 10, 6, 9; octo praetoribus allekti duo, *Vell.* 2, 80, 3; ille his seno meruit labore Adlegi caelo, *Sen. Ag.* 851; hunc decuriones ob liberalitatem ordini suo gratis adlegerunt\*, *inscr.* Or. 3745 (fm Pompeii); senatum supplevit, patricios allegit\*, *Suet. Caes.* 41; Appium censorem libertinorum filios in senatum allegit, *Suet. Claud.* 24; instanti (matri) ut ciuitate donatum in decurias (iudicum) allegeret, negavit alia se condicione allecturum quam si..., *Suet. Tib.* 51; inter patricios allectum, *Suet. Vit.* 1; eos qui in corporibus allekti sunt, *Call. dig.* 50, 6, 16 (5), 13; in *Caes. b. g.* 6, 13, 9 allegitur om. in many mss; **2.** esp. allectus in the municipia, allecto in ordin. decurion. ciui, *inscr.* Or. 2533; decurio allectus, 3075; add 3747; 3993 etc.; **3.** at Rome, a supernumerary senator added by imperial favour, *Th. C.* 6, 23, 1; 6, 24, 8—10; **4.** a special commissioner of taxes in a province, *Th. C.* 11, 16, 15; 12, 6, 12.

**allēgoria**, ae, f. allegory, simile, a. quam inuersionem interpretantur aut aliud uerbis aliud sensu ostendit, aut contrarium, *Quint.* 8, 6, 44; add §§ 47, 48, 51 etc.; and 6, 3, 69; cum allegorias istas explanatis, *Arnob.* 5, 34, 1 etc.

**allēgoricus**, adj. allegorical, sensibus, *Arnob.* 5, 32; genere, 5, 33; 5, 38; species, 5, 39; **2.** allegorice adv. scripta, 5, 36; add *Tert. Marc.* 3, 5 f.

**allēgorizō**, āre, vb. speak in allegories, *Tert. res. carn.* 27; *Hier. ep.* 61, 3.

**allēnimentum**, i, n. something to alleviate, *Amm.* 27, 3, 9.

**allēuāmentum**, i, n. the same, *Cic. Sull.* 66.

**allēuātio**, ōnis, f. uplifting, uomerum, *Quint.* 11, 3, 83; **2.** met. lightening of pain, relief, ut (doloris) diuturnitatem alleuatio consoletur, *Cic. fin.* 1, 40; tot rebus uirgum nullam ut alleuatiōem (ut om. M E) quisquam... sperare debeat, *fam.* 9, 1, 1.

**allēuātōr**, ōris, m. one who lifts up, humilium, *Tert. Marc.* 4, 36.

**1. allēuo**, (ad-l.) āre, vb. [an up = aua] lift up, saxa etc. radices laqueis uinciebat quibus alleuati milites facilius escenderent, *Sal. Iug.* 94, 2; Adulato ut gelidos complexibus allenet artus, *Or. M.* 6, 249; saepe pellicibus tabernaculi alleuatis ut conspiceret hostium ignes, *Curt.* 7, 8, 2; alleuante oculos, *S.* 14, 41 (S. 51); clipeo se allenare, 9, 5, 13; modo in caelum allenatur, modo defertur ad terram, *Sen. ep.* 72, 9; nelum, 80, 1; aduenat circumstantium umis, *Tac. an.* 1, 22; aduenat supplicem, 12, 19; supercilia, *Quint.* 1, 11, 10; homini nequam lapsu et ut alleuaretur roganti, tollat te qui non nouit, 6, 3, 98; nanum, 11, 3, 94; brachium, 11, 3, 141; pollicem, 11, 3, 142; **2.** met. lift up, lighten, relieve, (mind or body), aliorum aerumnarum dictis alleuans, *Cic. poet. Tusc.* 3, 71; sollicitudines meas, *Brut.* 12; de allenato corpore tuo, *Att.* 7, 1, 1; allenor cum loquor tecum absens, 12, 39, 2; hoc onus si uos aliqua ex parte alleuabit, *Rose. Am.* 10; nec uiribus adleuor ullis, *Or. tr.* 3, 8, 31; animum a maclore, *Curt.* 4, 15, 11; primus ex ea provincia magno triduo magno annoum p. r. adleuauit, *inscr.* Or. 750; adlenatae notae, *Tac. h.* 1, 52; abiectos, *Quint.* 11, 1, 16; C. Caesar eloquentia et spiritu et consulu adlenabat (was raised in influence), *Flor.* 4, 2, 10; **3.** in *Pl. Pers.* 2, 5, 3 read adnat = aduauat.

**2. allēuo**, āre [ad = av of aua, away] smooth away, smooth by cutting away, nodos et cicatrices, *Colum.* 3, 15, 3; alleuatae plagas terra linere, 4, 24, 6; (soboles) explananda ferroque alleuanda est, ut hibernas aquas respuat, 4, 24, 4.

**allex**, see hallex.

**Alia**, or rather Alia, ae, f. a tributary of the Tiber, ad undecimum lapidem occursum est qua flumen Alia... Tiberino amni miscetur, *Liv.* 5, 37, 7; Quosque secans in-

faustum interluit Alia (so R, Allia M P) nomen, *Verg.* 7, 717; qua flebilis Alia luce, *Or. a. a.* 1, 413.

**Alianus**, see Alianus.

**alliatu**, see alliatu.

**allice-facio**, (ad-l.) vb. allure, quod inuitat ad se allice-facit (so cf.); mss alliere facit, *Sen. ep.* 118, 8; ad societatem imperii allicefacit, *Suet. Vit.* 14.

**alliceo**, see alliceo § 3.

**allicio**, (ad-l.) ēre, lēxi\*, lectus, vb. draw to by little and little, magnetem lapidem qui ferrum ad se adlicit et trahit, *Cic. div.* 1, 86; **2.** met. draw to, attract, allure. Simulabo quasi non uideam: ita alliciam uirum, *Pl. Pers.* 1, 3, 4; Rex sum si ego illum hodie ad me hominem adlexero\*, *Poen.* 3, 3, 58; add *Trin.* 2, 2, 102; mentes, *Cic.* or. 1, 30; nobilium adolescentem non tam alliere uolui quam alienare nolui, *fam.* 2, 15, 4; hominum studia ad utilitates nostras, *off.* 2, 20; exules... magnis praemiis ad se, *Caes. b. g.* 5, 53, 3; add 7, 31, 1; Alliciunt somnos tempus motusque merumque, *Or. F.* 6, 681; consuetudine pecandi allectus\*, *Quint.* 7, 2, 44; but in *Lucr.* 6, 183 read adlicit w. all. add.; **3.** alliceo, and at times allucio in *Gramm.*, alliceo allices allucio... pelliceo pellices pellexi, *Char.* 244, 17 K; alliceo allexi, sed apud ueteres allucio (allucio) legimus... pelliceo pellexi, *Diom.* 367, 11; inuenitur etiam allucio et pellicio, *Piso*: cuius unius praenio multorum allucio allicui, *Prisc.* 10, 1, 3; cf. allice-facio.

**allido**, (ad-l.) ēre, lisi, lisus [ad, laedo] dash against, ut ex magno remigum numero pars ad scopulos allida interficeretur, *Caes. b. c.* 3, 27 f.; ut siquis prius arida quam sit Cretea persona, allidat pilae trahiue, *Lucr.* 4, 321; in latius allisis clipeis, *Claud.* 1 cons. *Hon.* 627; **2.** met. wreck, run aground, in quibus (damnationibus) Scruis allisis est, ceteri conciduntur, *Cic. Q. fr.* 2, 6, 6; inbecilliores agrum quam agricolam esse debere, quoniam cum sit collectandum cum eo, si uisus prauealeat, allidi dominum, *Colum.* 1, 3, 9; qui periculis uideat imminentes non adliserit uirtutem, *Sen. tranq.* 5, 4; **3.** but in *Catul.* 64, 66 read alludebant.

**Alliensis**, (Aliensis) adj. of the river Alia, diem Alliensis pugnae, *Cic. Att.* 9, 5, 2; (diem) Aliensem, *Liv.* 6, 1, 11; add *Suet. Vit.* 11.

**Allifae**, ārum, f. pl. a town of Samnium, Allifae de Samnitibus ut cepit, *Liv.* 9, 38, 1; Allifae et Clanio contemptae semper Aeclae, *Liv.* 8, 537.

**Allifanus**, adj. of Allifae (ager), *Cic. agr.* 2, 66; *Sil.* 12, 526; (pocula), *Hor.* s. 2, 39—wh. *Comm. Crug.*; ubi fictiles et latiores calices fiebant; **2.** Allifani pl., inhabitants of Allifae, *Plin.* 3, 63.

**alligāmen**, αἰσθημα, Gloss.

**alligatio**, ōnis, f. binding up, arbustorum, *Colum.* 11, 2, 16; add *Vitr.* 7, 3, 2 (bis); 8, 7, 9.

**alligator**, ōris, m. one who binds up (vines), *Colum.* 4, 13, 1; 4, 17, 5 etc.

**alligatū-a**, ae, f. (alligator) binding, tying, *Colum. arb.* 8, 3; *Scrib.* 209.

**alligatus**, (=allectus) quasi-part. [allec, see hallec] flavoured w. herring pickle, ius in elixum alligatum (so mss), *Apic.* 7, 288 Sch.

**1. alligo**, (ad-l.) āre, vb. [ad to = tie to, malo hunc alligare ad oriam... Ut semper pisicetur etsi sit tempestas maxima, *Pl. fr.* 1, 102; Ad pedes quando alligatamst aequum centumpoundium, *As.* 2, 2, 37; ad statuam, *Cic. Verr.* 2, 4, 60 f.; ad palum, 2, 5, 71; quis generum meum ad gladium alligauit, *Cic. (in jest) ap. Maec.* s. 2, 3, 3; in circo leones solutos dedit, cum aliqui alligati darentur—chained up, *Sen. brev. v.* 13, 6;—but all these may belong to

**2. alligo**, (ad-l.) āre, vb. [an = aua up; cf. ad-alligo] tie up, bind, quiesce et nolus alliga, *Cic. Tusc.* 2, 39, perh. a quotation; add *Liv.* 7, 24, 4; *Iust.* 15, 3, 13; in alliganda materia (uitis), *Colum.* 4, 13, 1; add 4, 20, 2 (dub.); Ati-meto (hiberto) restem et clauum unde sibi collum alligat, *inscr.* *Grut.* 715, 10; lana caput, *Mart.* 12, 89, 1;

**2. esp.** of men (handcuffed, in fetters etc.), uictus (after staking his own person in gambling) alligari se ac uincere patitur, *Tac. G.* 24; uincta plurimum per alligatos

excoluntur, Colum. 1. 9. 4; 3. met. bind (what is loose), bind together, cum arcibus quae humore adligantur succus abscissit, Sen. ep. 55, 2; fons...qui patria terrae Alligat, Lucan. 9, 527; lactis alligati (=coagulated), Mart. 8, 64, 9; 4. fix (a colour), alga (Cretensis) tingendis lanis ita colorem alligant ut clui non possit, Plin. 32, 66; pelagio alligatur, 9, 134; 5. in law, tie up, bind, ceter ager alligatus ad sacra erit, Cat. orat. 65, 8 lordi; hic furti se alligat, Ter. Eun. 4, 7, 39—implicates himself in a charge; ne se scelere alliget, Cic. Plac. 41; ubi (lex) omnes mortales alligat, Cic. 148; add 154; ut Iosium stipulatione alliget, Rosc. com. 36; qui pecuniam alligati stipulari (deunt), Varr. 1, 5, 36; p. 181 Sp.; num hereditati se alligasset, Pompon. dig. 29, 2, 78; non ad unam probationis speciem cognitio alligari debet, dig. 22, 5, 3, 2; 6. other met. Eo pacto prorsum illi alligaris filium, Ter. Ad. 5, 3, 58; uolunt alligat quae tristitias (wh. some propose ep. tristitias, some tristitias), Pacuv. 58 R; cedendum est celeriter ne qua re impediat atque alligat, Cic. Att. 8, 16, 1; ne existiment ita se adligatos ut ab amicis peccantibus non discedant, am. 42; Fidem adligant iure iurando nam, Sen. Tr. 620; alligatus calculus, in the game latrunculi—under check, Sen. ep. 117, 31; uerba alligata, opposed to soluta, Cic. or. 3, 176.

**allinio**, (ad-l.) ire, vb., =allino, allinire curabis, Pall. 1, 41, 3; humida terra allinire, 3, 33.

**allino**, (ad-l.) ire, vb., smear on, attack by smearing, nersus...Culpabit diros, incomptis adlinet atrum Trauerso calamo signum, Hor. ep. 2, 3, 446; supina tabula sceda (so a) adlinetur longitudine papyri, Plin. 13, 55; 2. met. from affixing mark of disapproval, nulla nota, nullus color, nullae sordes uidebantur his sententiis allini posse, Cic. Verr. 1, 17; nemo non aliq. nobis uitium adlinet, Sen. ep. 7, 2; 3. smear (w. acc. of surface smeared), grease, his (with these) iuncturas adlines, Pall. 1, 41, 3; secum si adlinatur, ib.: see allinio.

**allisio**, ónis, f. dashing against, violent crashing, duorum digitorum, Tib. xxx tyr. 8, 5.

**all-uescit**, [an = ara], luere incipit, Paul. ex F. 28.

**allium**, see allium.

**allocutio**, (ad-l.) ónis, f. [alloquor] talking or speaking to, addressing, address, uertit allocutionem (from the patient to the doctors), Plin. ep. 2, 20, 8; add Suet. Tib. 23; ps. Asc. Verr. 2, 1, 7; allocuto, on coin of Nero, Eckh. 6, 268 (who adds: 'Imperator in suggestu tres milites allocuitur'); 2. esp. of words of comfort, Quen tu...Qua solatus es allocutione? Cat. 38, 5; monis uerbis nec ex uolgari sumptis allocutione opus erat homini ad consolandos suos ex ipso rogo caput aduocanti, Sen. ad Helv. 3.

**Allophýlus**, i, adj., as sb. m. [ἀλλό-φύλος, Lat. as usual preferring accent to old qty] of another tribe, foreign, a name for a Philistine, Sulp. Sev. 1, 24, 4; 1, 26, 3 etc.; Tert. pud. 7; Hier. ad Eust. 27; 2. for qty: Allophylus tua castra uelit delere tyrannus, Prud. Ham. 503; add id. de Samps. 18; Paulin. Nol. S. Fel. nat. 8, 20, 70.

**alloquium**, (ad-l.) ii, n. (alloquor) speaking to, esp. kind address, ipse (L. Tarquinius) fortunam benigno alloquio, comitate beneficisq. adinabat, Liv. 1, 34, 11; neque illis sociorum uultus benigni et alloquia sermonem eliceret, 6, 8; ut alloquio leni impelleret hostes ad dedendam urbem, 25, 24 f.; Illic omne malum uino cantuque lenato...dulcibus alloquiis, Hor. epod. 13 f.; qui me carissime primus Ausus es alloquio sustinuisse tuo, Ov. tr. 1, 5, 4; ingenti prostantur mole sodalem Visere et adloqui parte lenare tui, 1, 8, 18; cum blando quantum posset solaretur alloquio, Apul. M. 4, 24.

**al-loquor**, (ad-l.) ui, quítoris or cútus, vb. r. talk to, speak to, address, in old times both of kind and angry words, Tempus nunc est senem hunc alloqui, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 25; Cogito sauciter blanditerne alloquar, Ps. 5, 2, 4; Te alloquor uti probrum plena, Pl. Mil. 2, 5, 13; even of addressing gods: Dis adiuuante gratias pro meritis agere atque adloqui, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 20; Sed quid cessas hominem adire et blande in principio alloqui, Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 22; add Andr. 2, 2, 6; quem nemo adire, nemo alloqui uellet, Cic. Cl. 170; Q. Fabius sic cum (sc. Paulum) pro-

ficecentem allocutus fertur, Liv. 22, 38 f.; legati ita Poenum allocuti sunt, 23, 42, 1; (Scipio) Masinissam sic alloquitur, 30, 14, 4; extremum fato quod alloquor hoc est, Verg. 6, 466; add Ov. M. 8, 728; 11, 283; 13, 739; 15, 22; apud Ciceronem Clodium et Caecus Appius et Clodius frater, ille in castigationem, hic in exhortationem uitiorum compositus adloquitur, Quint. 3, 8, 54; iudices reuerentissime, Suet. Ner. 23; milites, Galb. 18; 2. also abstr. of kind, consoling words, adloctum mulieres ire aiunt quoniam eunt ad aliquam locutum consulendi (so Sp. w. best mss; but—consolandi) causa, Varr. 1, 6, 7, p. 234; Alios parentes adloqui in luctu decet, Tibi gratulandum est, Sen. Tr. 628; dubitat adloctum adloqui cupit (so mss; Peiper ej. caput), Sen. Oed. 1029; cum uerbis quae dolebat minora facientes sic adloquitur, Apul. M. 4, 23; cf. allocutio, alloquium.

**allubentia**? (ad-l.) ac, f. fun? Apul. M. 1, 7 in a dub. passage.

**allubesco**, (adlúb., adlib.) ire, vb. as vb. impers., allubescit, love begins to take possession of, Hercle uero iam adubescit primum, Palaestrio, Pl. Mil. 4, 2, 14; 2. as vb. pers. allubesco, begin to have a feeling of love for, prona cupidine adubescit, Apul. M. 2, 10; illa basiare uolenti promptis saniois adubescat, 7, 11; conubium copulis adubescat, Mart. C. 11 G f., p. 12, l. 2 Eyss; 3. gen. have a liking for, aquis adubescere, Apul. M. 9, 3.

**allúceo**, (ad-l.) ire, luxi, vb. hold a light to; hence w. cogn. acc. tace stultitudo; nescis quid te instat (so Bergk c.), mss instat boni, Neque quam (so A.) al. uequiqui tibi Fortuna faculam lucifica adducere uolt, Pl. Pers. 4, 3, 46; 2. shine upon, sole te non esse contentum, nisi aliquis igniculus aduxerit, Sen. ep. 62, 5; bono animo estote, nobis alluxit (flagrans trichium), Suet. Vit. 8; 3. met. allucente misericordia tua, Aug. conf. 11, 23.

**allucino**, see allucino.

**alluctor**, (ad-l.) ári, vb. r. wrestle against or with, adluctari ei (et om. mss.; but cf. Lucian: *ετρα προσλαλεω αντω κατ' ανω κατ' ανω*—so Oud.) et etiam saltare perducit, Apul. M. 10, 17; quod...adluctantem mihi fortunam superarem, 11, 12.

**allúdo**, (ad-l.) áre, vb. [lúdus] play the actor to, join in acting, Quando adhibero, aliadiabo; tum sum ridiculissimus, Pl. St. 2, 2, 58; Etiam meae latrant canes? Ad tu hercle aliadiabo, Poen. 5, 4, 64.

**al-lúdo**, (ad-l.) ére, lúsi, lúsum, vb. play with, Et nunc alludit (w. Europa), uiridique exultat in herba, Ov. M. 2, 864; (dolphinus) aludit exultans, Plin. 9, 24; 2. smile upon, look kindly on, (puerum) ubi in manum mulier accepit, ueluti ad notam adludit, Just. 1, 4, 12; illi per amoenam silentia...alludunt...Naidas, Stat. silv. 2, 6, 101; and met. prope posita speique nostrae aludentia sequamur, Suet. tranq. 10, 5; deos canum ritu óis saeculitis ponere atque alludere porrigentibus, Arnob. 7, 17 f.; 3. e-p. joke about, have a joke at, Forte habui scortum; coepit ad id adhibere, Ter. Eun. 3, 1, 34; Galba alludit...similitudines afferre, Cic. or. 1, 240; Hens! etiam mensas consumimus, inquit Iulus Nec plura adludens, Verg. 1, 117; add Phaedr. 3, 19, 12; Quint. 3, 11, 18; Suet. Caes. 22; Val. M. 3, 7, ext. 4; 4. often of the apparently playful motion of waves on the coast, Omnia...delapsa e corpore passim Ipsius ante pedes fluctus salis alludebant, Cat. 64, 67; in alludentibus undis...uestigia tingit, Ov. M. 4, 343; tripolion in maritimis nascitur saxis, ubi aludit unda, neque in mari neque in siccio, Plin. 26, 39; extremis aludent acq. aqua plantis, Stat. Th. 9, 336; hence prob. we should read: quacrentibus quid esset litus ita definire; qua ductus alluderet (mss elideret), Cic. top. 32; cum litus esse audent dicere qua ductus alludit (mss eludit or eludit), Quint. 5, 14, 34; 5. w. similar met. Et curata suis fetibus ac tremens Aludit...arbor, placing her fruit within and then instantly withdrawing them, Sen. Thy. 157; ante comas\* ac summa excremina\* siluae Lenibus aludit flabris lenis auster, ad illum Protinus..., Val. F. 6, 665; epulantes\* aludit flamma, quae flexuosis excessibus ingabunda quem contigerit non adurit, Sol. 5, 24; 6. w. acc. to \* above add fontes, Nemec. ecl. 4, 10.



**alluo**, (ad-l.) *cre*, vb. flow up to, wash, ut non alluantur mari moenia, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 96; Fibreus latera haec adluit, leg. 2, 6; Massilia mari alluitur, Caes. b. c. 2, 1, 3; Et mare quod supra teneant quodque adluit infra, Verg. 8, 149, flumen quo adluitur oppidum, Plin. 6, 11; annis ora nieina adliens (of Tantalus), Sen. Phaedr. 1241; add Oed. 483; **2.** met. cum (Massilia) barbariae fluctibus alluitur, Cic. Fl. 63; **3.** add by action of water, cum (amnis locum) alluendo anxit, Pomp. dig. 41, 1, 30, 2.

**allus**, (hallus) i. m. great toe, Paul. ex F. p. 7; and again p. 102.

**allusio**, *onis*, f. playing with, si manu uiperam muleas, ... nihil illa proxit allusio, Arnob. 7, 23.

**alluuius**, *ei*, f. addition (of earth) by flowing, alluvial deposit, Appia ad Martis mira alluuius (so M. al. profunies etc.), Cic. O. fr. 3, 7, 1; in proxima adluvia (so Alsch.; Gron. and Madv. ej. cluue). ...pueros exponunt, Liv. 1, 4, 5; valles quae fluminum alluuiis et inundationibus concreuerint, Colum. 3, 11, 8; **2.** simply, flowing to, mare quietas alluuius temperat, Apul. M. 11, 7 f.

**alluuium**, *onis*, f. addition (of earth) by flowing, alluvial deposit, alluuium iura, Cic. or. 1, 173; (contronversiae) de alluione, Frontin. contr. 9, 8 Lachm.; si locus inopet fluminis occupatus esset et ...alluione facta restitutus est, Iavol. dig. 8, 6, 14; quod per alluuium nobis adicitur, Gai. 2, 70; alluuium agrum restituit eum quem impetus fluminis totum abstulit, Pompon. 41, 1, 30, 3; add Gai. 41, 1, 7, 1.

**alluuium**, *ii*, n. wrongly defined by Isid. diff. v. 40 as: consumptio riparum ex aquis.

**alluuius**, *adi*, added by action of water, ager, Isid. groom. 369, 14 Lachm.

**almitas**, = *ανατροφή*, Gloss.

**almitas**, *ei*, f. = *εμπεριε*, Char. 39, 24 K; = habitus almarum rerum, Paul. ex F. 7.

**Almo**, *onis*, m. a tributary of the Tiber, near Rome, Est locus in Tiberina qua fabricius influat Almo, Ov. F. 4, 337; add Sil. 8, 365; **2.** god of the same, Ov. F. 2, 601.

**almus**, *adi*, [ad-o] nourishing, life-supporting, liquor aquarum, Lucr. 2, 300; ager, Verg. G. 2, 330; uites, 2, 233; ubera, Stat. Ach. 2, 384; esp. as epithet of motherly goddesses, Venus alma ambae te opsecramus, Pl. Rud. 3, 3, 32; and in joke: Talos arripio, inuoco aliam meam nutricem Herculem, Curc. 2, 3, 79; Fides, Enn. ap. Cic. off. 3, 104; Ceres, Verg. G. 1, 7; Trinia, 7, 774; (Sibulla), 6, 74 and 117; Phoebe, 10, 210; Cybele, 10, 220; Maia, Hor. od. 1, 2, 43; Venus, 4, 15, 31; (Musaec), 3, 4, 42; Pales, Ov. F. 4, 722; **2.** rarely of a god, Sol. Hor. arm. saec. 9; **3.** poet. beyond this sphere, dulcedo, Lucr. 2, 971; lux, Verg. 1, 310; adorea, Hor. od. 4, 4, 41; pax, Tib. 1, 10, 67; nox, Sen. Agam. 74.

**alneus**, *adi*, of alder, *pali*, Vir. 3, 3, 2, 12, 6.

**alnus**, i. f. alder-tree, in illis alnorum umbraeulis, Cic. ap. Maer. s. 6, 4, 8; Quantum nere nono uiridis se subicit alnus, Verg. B. 10, 74; **2.** durable in wet ground, larix in umore praecipua et alnus nigra, Plin. 16, 218; adacta in terram in palustribus abna aeterna, 16, 219; add Vir. 2, 9, 10; **3.** hence used for building ships, Tunc alnos primum flumi sensere cauatas, Verg. G. 1, 136; add Sil. 3, 458; Lucan. 3, 441; **4.** a ship, as made of alder, undam leuis innatat alnus, Verg. G. 2, 451; add Lucan. 2, 427; Sil. 12, 522; Iuv. 3, 260; **5.** used too in other cases wh. exposed to water, alni ad aquarum ductas euanunt, Plin. 16, 224; of bridge piles, Lucan. 2, 480; 4, 422; **6.** sisters of Phaethon changed to alders, Verg. B. 6, 63; Claud. nupt. Hon. 14; **7.** one w. Fr. aune, E. alder, G. ellor and erle.

**älo**, *cre*, *äli*, *älitus*\* and *älust* vb. [= *ap* of *apros*, or of *or-lu*, ol of *olesco*] raise, cause to rise, uelut amnis, imbres Quem super notas aluere ripas, Hor. od. 4, 2, 6; cf. *älus* lugh, al-esco grow; **2.** rear or raise (animals, including man), Tunc pistoros scrofiopaci, qui alunt fufurö (so *xss*, not *fufuri*) *snes*, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 27; Immo Athenis natus atque educatus Atticis, Rud. 3, 4, 36; Nam illi homo homines non alit uerum educat, Men. 1, 1, 22; aut equos Alere aut canes ad uenandum, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 30;

Aliquid monstri alunt, 1, 5, 15; add Hee, 4, 4, 48 and 49; 4, 4, 86; Quicquid est hoc, omnia animat format alit auget creat, Pac. ap. Cic. div. 1, 131; alui educaui, Acc. ap. Non. 422, 13; leporem et gullinam et anserem gustare fas non putant. Haec alunt animi causa, Caes. b. g. 5, 12, 6; altust alieno sumptu, Varr. ap. Non. 237, 14; Hunc...Priamus furtim mandarat alendum Threicio regi, Verg. 3, 50; Hannibale prope nato in praetorio patris, alui\* atque educato inter arma, Liv. 30, 28, 4; **3.** esp. of a nurse, Quem ego nectendum alui, lactem immulens opem, Liv. Andr. ap. Paul. ex F. 163; Quid nutrici non missurum quicquam quae uernas alit? Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 104; Nutricem accersitum ut quae illam aluit parolam, Ter. Eun. 5, 2, 53; **4.** gen. feed, and first w. abl. of food, multa ab ea flumit, quibus animantes alantur augeantur, Cic. N. D. 2, 50; add 2, 118 and 128; foliis equos, Caes. b. c. 3, 58, 3; hordeo corrupto, 2, 22, 1; **5.** feed, support, keep, ego dotem dabo. Quid dotis? Egone? ut semper dum uiuat me alat, Pl. Cure. 5, 2, 64; add Ps. 4, 7, 27; Ilancine mulierem alere cum illa familia? Ter. Haut. 4, 5, 3; Alere nolunt hominem edacem, Ph. 2, 2, 21; add Ad. 3, 4, 35; cum agellus eum non satis aleret, Cic. N. D. 1, 72; add Rose. Ann. 56; off. 1, 25; magnum numerum equitatus suo sumptu alere, Caes. b. g. 1, 18, 5; add b. c. 1, 85, 5; turba atque seditionibus aluntur, Sall. Cat. 37, 3; add 14, 3; **6.** met. feed, cause to grow, foster, promote, encourage, honos alit artes, Cic. Tusc. 1, 4; gloriam, Brut. 32; ingenium, 126; morbum, Nep. Att. 21, 5; hoc alit staturam, alii uires, Caes. b. g. 6, 21, 4; ciuitas quam semper aluisset, 7, 33; rumores, Liv. 28, 24, 14; 44, 22, 6; bellum gloriamque, 31, 15 f.; uolnus, Verg. 4, 2, 2; stim. Ov. Pont. 3, 1, 18; amorem, Ov. rem. am. 746; **7.** esp. of fire, feed, with fuel, aluistis hoc incendium quo nunc ardetis, Liv. 21, 10, 4; longaque alit assuetudine flammam, Ov. M. 10, 173; flammam...ductis quibus alabatur incendium, Iust. 4, 1, 11; cf. ardeo; **II** **älo**, *as*, adj. high, Aetna mons non aequo alui, Pl. Mil. 4, 2, 73; pluteum long. p. lxxx alt. p. xxi faciunt, cotrauerit, CIL 566; add 568; and 577 (quinquies); columellam tribus cubitis ne altiore, Cic. leg. 2, 66; altissimus caeli complexus, Cic. N. D. 2, 101; alit de montibus, Verg. B. 1, 84; Germaniam natura decoraui altissimorum (tallest) hominum exercitiis, Colum. 3, 8, 2; **9.** w. gen. of measure, triglypha...unius et dimidiati moduli, Vir. 4, 3, 4; turrim...ne minus altum cubitorum lx, 10, 10, 4; singula latera pedum tricenum, alia quinquagenum, Plin. 36, 91; **10.** w. abl. scrobes faciemus tribus pedibus altas, duobus semis latas, tribus longas, Pall. 2, 10, 3; but in these two §§ the gen. and abl. may be independent of the adj.; **11.** of sound, loud, Conclamate iterum altiore uoce, Cat. 42, 18; altissimos sonos, Quint. 11, 3, 23; alta uoce (ad nocte), Sen. Tro. 205; as we say raise your voice, you speak too low, cf. *awa* in comp. of *αυαχόα*, *αυαχόρρη*, *αυαχόρρη*, etc.; cf. also rectio; **12.** other met. fn. notion of high, lofty, sublime, aspiring, ambitious, proud, noble, grand, te Natura excelsam quendam et altum et humana despicentem genuit, Cic. Tusc. 2, 11; qui altiore animo sunt, capessunt rem publicam, fin. 5, 57; Te sine nil altum mens inchoat, Verg. G. 3, 42; Reicet alit dona noceuntum Voltu, Hor. od. 4, 9, 42; Heu, ubi meo fastus atque uerba iacent? Ov. her. 4, 150; ad altiora et non concessa tendere, Liv. 4, 13, 4; altioribus studiis artibusque, Plin. ep. 5, 16, 8; **13.** esp. old (olden, ancient, a met. perh. from stream of time; cf. *reos*, at once low and new, Key's Essays pp. 66 etc.), Deiphobe arripotens, genus alio a sanguine Teucri, Verg. G. 5, 500; add 9, 697; genus Claudio referebat ab alto, Ov. F. 4, 305; sic credidit alta uetustas, Sil. 1, 20; **III** **14.** deep (one at the foot of a cliff thinks of its height, one on the summit of the depth), in altis maris, CIL 195; Nimio minus altus puteus uisum quam prius, Pl. Rud. 2, 5, 3; add Mil. 4, 4, 14; uirtus est uia altissimis defixa radicibus, Cic. Phil. 4, 13; ita sunt altae stirpes delitiae, Tusc. 3, 13; cum agger altiore aqua contineri non posset, Caes. b. c. 1, 25, 6; altissimis fluminibus, 3, 77, 2; alta theatris Fundamenta locant, Verg. 1, 427; uolnus, Sen. Tro. 48; **15.** met. deep, deep-seated, premit altum

corde dolore, Verg. 1, 213; add 1, 30; altiore iracundiam, Tac. b. 2, 91; altior paucior, an. 16, 29; altissima eruditio, Plin. ep. 4, 30, 1; pudor, pan. 47, 6; altiore consilio, Curt. 6, 11, 28; altius malum, 10, 2, 20; dissimulatio, 10, 9, 8; 16. esp. deep and at the same time calm and quiet (still rivers run deep), quies, Verg. 6, 522; sopor, 8, 27; silentia, 10, 63; somno altissimo, Plin. 7, 35, 11; add Hor. s. 2, 1, 8; in altissima tranquillitate, Liv. ep. 2, 1, 4; 17. hence as epithet of man, keeping his thoughts to himself, reserved, secret, ut erat altus, risit et tacuit, Vop. Num. 15, 1; 18. altum as sb. n., chiefly w. prep., first, aloft, sic est hic ordo editus in altum ut ab omnibus ventis innuiciae circumflari posse uideatur, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 98; Maia genitum demittit ab alto, Verg. 1, 211; uapor ex alto cadit rursusque in altum redit, Plin. 2, 103; 19. hence of ancient times, Quid causas petis ex alto? Acc. ap. Non. 237, 21; Verg. 8, 395; quae scripsit ex alto repetita (putasti), Cic. fam. 3, 5, 1; cf. G. alt. E. old; 20. so of depth, cum enim nauis abissemus in altum (the bottom of the sea), Pl. Rud. 2, 3, 64; ingentem molem irarum ex alto animi cientis, Liv. 9, 7, 3; attractus ab alto Spiritus, Verg. G. 3, 505; ex alto dissimulare puto, Ov. am. 2, 4, 16; 21. altum, esp. of the deep sea, the deep, quando ex alto procul Terram conspiciunt, Pl. Men. 2, 1, 2; add Trin. 4, 1, 8 and 13; Mil. 2, 1, 39; Rud. 2, 6, 29; As. 1, 3, 6; ex alto emergere, Cic. fin. 4, 64; naues propter magnitudinem nisi alto constitui non poterant, Caes. b. g. 4, 24, 2; et terris iactatus et alto, Verg. 1, 7; 22. the same met. ipsa sibi imbecillitas indulget, in altumque prociuitur imprudens, Cic. Tusc. 4, 42; add or. 3, 145; Quint. 12, pr. 3, 12, 10, 37; IV 23. alte adv. high, aloft, eruentum alte extollens pugionem, Cic. Phil. 2, 28; se tollere a terra altius, Tusc. 5, 37; alte suras uincire, Verg. 1, 337; 24. deeply, deep, cum sulcus altius esset impressus, Civ. diu. 2, 50; ferrum haud alte in corpus descendisse, Liv. 4, 1, 4; 25. met. first of height, quorum animi altius se exeruerunt, Cic. rep. 3, 4; quamquam ingenium tuum altissime adsurgat, Plin. ep. 8, 4, 4; 26. deeply, altius aliquid perspicere, Cic. Verr. 1, 2, 7; altius animus maeuerant, Tac. an. 2, 82; animos altius coniectantibus, 1, 32; qui uir esset, altissime inspezi, Plin. 5, 14 (15), 5; 27. esp. alte = ex alto, hoc sis uide ut petuit Suspensum alte, Pl. Cist. 1, 1, 8; alte petito oratione, Cic. Clu. 58; ita sunt alte repetita, rep. 4, 4; id bellum quibus causis ortum...flagrauerit, altius expediam Tac. b. 4, 12.

**alōe**, ēs, f. aloes, a bitter purgative, defectio a medicamentum sumenda est; aloen sumat, Cels. 1, 3, p. 20 l. 5 Dar.; add 5, 1; but not 2, 12 acc. to Darenberg; add also Plin. 27, 14—20; senunciam optima aloes, Veg. vet. 1, 14, 5; 2. met. uoluptas...Plus aloes quam mellis habet, Iuv. 6, 181.

**alōgia**, ae, f. want of reason, folly, citius mihi uerum, ne tibi alogias exeatiam, Sen. lud. 7, 1; 2. a silent meal, Aug. ep. 86; 3. pass. in Petr. 58 corrupt.

**alōgus**, adj. irrational, animalia, Aug. ep. 86; 2. bearing no definite proportion, irrational, lineae, Mart. C. 6, 232 (4, p. 252 Eyss.; pedes, 9, 329 G. p. 305).

**alōpēcia**, ae, f. falling off of the hair, male, alopecia, fricere capis, Plin. 20, 41; add 71 etc.; Theod. Pr. 1, 6.

**alopēcia** a false reading for alopec in Plin. 32, 135.

**alōpēcis**, idis, adj. f. name of a vine, candas uolupium imitata, Plin. 14, 42.

**alōpēc-ūrus**, adj. f. name of a plant (fox-tail), Plin. 21, 101.

**alōpēc**, ēcis, (fox) m. a sea fish, Plin. 32, 145; cf. nolpes marinae, 9, 145.

**alpha**, first letter of the Greek alphabet, Iuv. 14, 209; 2. met. a. paenultimorum...beta togatorum, Mart. 5, 26, 1.

**alphābētum**, i, n. alphabet, Tert. haer. 50; Hieron. ep. 123.

**alphitum**, i, n. barley-meal, itin. Alex. m. 48.

**alpos**, i, adj. m. (white), a kind of white leprosy, Cels. 5, 28, 19; Theod. Pr. diact. 15.

**Alpicus**, adj. of the Alps, Alpicos conantes prohibere transitu coecidit, ps. Nep. Hann. 3, 4; Quod nos per arua perque montis Alpicos, inser. Or. 1613, 4.

**Alpināla**, adj. f. dim. a cognomen, Italia A. hic iaceo, inser. Grut. 319, 10.

**Alpinus**, adj. of the Alps, Alpine, niues, gentes, Liv. 21, 43, 15; Verg. B. 10, 47; gaesa, S. 661; rigor, Ov. M. 14, 794; 2. absol. pedibus, et equitibus, qui milit. in coh. 1 Alpinor., inser. Or. 5407; add 5428 etc.; 3. a cognomen, as of a poet, Hor. s. 1, 10, 36.

**Alpis**, is, pl. Alpes, ium, f. the Alps, Alpium uallum contra ascensum (so miss) transgressionemque Gallorum, Cic. Pis. S1; Alpium muro, Phil. 5, 37; add Caes. b. g. 1, 10, 3; Verg. G. 3, 474; 2. in sing., see quot in Alpe ferax, Ov. a. a. 3, 150; add Iuv. 10, 152; Lucan. 1, 688; 3. gen. of any mountain, geminas Alpes (including Pyrenae), Sil. 2, 333; add Sid. 5, 594.

**Alsidenus**, adj. hence A. cepa, Plin. 19, 101.

**Alsiensis**, e, adj. of Alsium, in Alsiensi (agro), Cic. Mil. 54; populus A., Liv. 27, 38, 4; ferias Alsienses, Fronto p. 223.

**Alsiētinus**, adj. of ?; A. aqua, also called Augusta, the water of an aqueduct, Frontin. 1, 11; 2, 71.

**alsine**, ēs, f. a plant, Plin. 27, 23.

**alsiōsus**, adj. [alsius] apt to suffer from cold, pecus, Varr. r. 2, 3, 6; add Plin. 20, 138; 21, 60; 22, 110.

**Alsiūm**, ii, n. a town of Etruria, Vell. 1, 14; Plin. 3, 44; 3, 51; Fronto, p. 233.

**alsius**? adj. [algeo] cold, corpora, Lucr. 5, 1015.

**Alsius**, adj. of Alsium, litus, Sil. 8, 477; tellus, Rutil. it. 1, 223.

**alsus**, part. as adj. [algeo] cool, only in compar., (Antio) nihil quietius, nihil alsius, nihil amoenius, Cic. Att. 4, 8, n. 1; ἀσθενέστερον nihil alsius, nihil moscosius, Q. fr. 3, 1, 5; 2. as cognomen, Ti. Flauii Alsi, inser. Grut. 24, 12.

**altānus**, adj. [altum, the sea] of the sea, only of wind, altanus (uentus), from the sea, Plin. 2, 114; (uentus) pelagi qui altanus uocatur, Serv. ad A. 7, 27; add Isid. or. 13, 11; 2. in ref. to Rome, a wind between Auster and Libonotus, i. e. S. by W., Vitr. 1, 6, 10.

**altāre**, or altar, is, adj. n. as sb. [altum, an eminence] strictly a movable vessel (of metal?) placed on an altar (ara), distinguished from ara, Conspergat aras adolentque altaria donis, Lucr. 4, 1233; Ingens ara fuit...Hic Heeuba et natae nequiquam altaria circum... Verg. 2, 515; strueta sacris altariibus? ara, Lucan. 3, 404; ut ne propitiandis numinibus accendi ex his (se, lauro et olea) altaria aruere debeant, Plin. 15, 135; electus (princeps) inter aras et altaria, pan. 1; altaria? et aram complexa, Tac. an. 16, 31; date seria per aras, Festaque pallentes bilarent altaria lucos, Stat. silu. 3, 24; ara est in cacumine, cuius altariibus si qua de extis? inferuntur..., Sol. 8, 6; Altaris aram funditis pessumdare, Prud. perist. 10, 49; quod aris altaria? non imposuimus, ps. Quint. decl. 12, 26; inter aras et altaria, Calp. decl. 26; alii altaria eminentia ararum et ipsa libamina? aiunt, Serv. ad B. 5, 66;

2. prob. of metal, for reception of sacrificial flesh and libations and available for fire, altaria sunt in quibus ignis adoleatur, Paul. ex F. 5; patetque altaria libant, Verg. 12, 174; add \* above; 3. altaria, movable, sumptis in manus altariibus...adiurat, Iust. 24, 2, 8; add \* above;

4. altaria pl. w. sing. ara, see \* above; 5. hence altaria pl. practically = ara, an altar, (aquilam) a cuius altariibus istam dexteram ad necem transtulisti, Cic. Cat. 1, 24; ab altariibus fugatis, Cic. har. resp. 9; Hannibalem...altariibus amotum...Iure iurando adactum, Liv. 21, 1, 4; 6. Diis superis altaria, terrestribus aras, inferis focos dicari, Varr. ap. Serv. ad B. 5, 66; but Verg. says: en quatuor aras, Ecce duas tibi, Daphni, duas altaria Phoebos; and Serv. here and ad A. 5, 515 contradicts himself; Verg. too (B. 8, 64; molli cinge hanc altaria uitta...Coniungit ut magicis sanos auertere sacris Experiar sensus) in speaking of the di inferi.

**altārium**, ii, adj. n. as sb. altarium = ἐπιθυσίον, ὁναρτήριον, Gloss. Labb.; 2. an altar, altarium cum columella, inser. Or. 2519 (191 B. C.); Moyses altarium ex duodecim lapidibus constituit, Sulp. Sev. 1, 19, 1; add Hier. ep. 69.

**alte**, see also § 23.

**altigradus**? adj. walking erectly, Tert. vel. virg. 17.  
**altitellus**, adj. doub. dim. [altus] a title of Romulus, Paul.  
ex F. p. 7.

**al-ter**, era, erum, adj. comp. num. [t. ex-; root al=E. an and one, G. ein, Gr. *é* of *cis*; so that alter=E. other, G. and-er, O. N. ann-ar, Gr. *é*-eros; cf. *ἐτεροβαλως* one-eyed; while E. other- (oner in Lincolns.) is comp. of one; cf. an i] one of two, uti...Q. Aelius, Paulus Fabius cos. ambo alterne, si is nidebitur..., S. C. ap. Frontin. aq. 100 f.; uti C. Pansa, A. Hirtius consules alter amboe, si eis uideretur..., Cic. Phil. 5 f.; add Phil. 8, 33; 9, 16; 11, 26 and 31; 12, 37 and 38; and abbr., uti Q. Lutatius M. Aemilius cos. a. a. s. e. u. eos in amicorum formulam referendos carent, CIL 203, 7; absente consulum altero ambobusque, Liv. 30, 23; 2; alter ex censoribus, 40, 52, 1; alter consulum, 40, 59, 1; altero oculo capitur, 22, 2 f.; de duobus alterum dicimus, de multis alium, Diom. 322, 17 K; add Prise. 1, 90, 19: 2. often repeated, as first in separate clauses, one of the two... one (the other)... Hodie illa pariet filios geminos duos...: Eorum Amphitruonis alter est, alter Iouis, Pl. Amph. 1, 2, 21; Age alter istinc, alter hinc addeste, Addeste ambo (sic), Rud. 3, 5, 28; add Men. pr. 40: accessit ilico alter, ubi alter recessit; alter bonus, alter malus (sc. amor and cupidus), Cato or. 47, 15 lord.; Alter nare capit, alter pugnare paratus, Enn. an. 258 V; Cereus aequum uterque partem: tu alterum, Ego item alterum, Ter. Ad. 1, 2, 50; quorum alter exercitum perdidit, alter uendidit, Cic. Plane. 86; add off. 1, 38; 1, 90; 3, 73; Quinct. 1: Rose. Am. 17: 3. in pl., one (party, people, army, set), one (the other), Quis heri apud te? Praecentini et Lanuini hospites. Suapte utrosque ~ ~ ~ deunt acceptos cibo: Alteris inanem bulbam ~ ~ ~ madidam dari Alteris nudes in proclui ~ ~ ~ profundere, Naev. 21 R; alteri dimicant, alteri uictorem timent, Cic. fam. 6, 3, 4; alteri non multum adiuuabant, alteri celeriter quod habuerunt consumpserunt, Caes. b. g. 7, 17, 2; alteri se in montem receperunt, alteri ad impedita se contulerunt, 1, 26, 1; add 5, 54, 4: 4. at times one 'alter' has its place supplied by another word, esp. the first by unus, pequinia (uae) pars dimidia dabitur illi praedia satis subsignata erunt, altera pars dimidia solentur operae effecto probatoque, CIL 577, 3, 15; duo sunt Titi Roscii, quorum alteri Capitonii cognomen est, iste qui adest Magnus uocatur, Cic. Rose. Am. 17; duo genera liberalitatis sunt, unum dandi beneficia, alterum reddendi, off. 1, 48; erant omnino itinera duo, unum per Sequanos, alterum per provinciam nostram, Caes. b. g. 1, 6, 1; duae turmae haesere; altera metu dedita hosti, pertinaciter in repugnando telis obruta est, Liv. 29, 23, 7: 5. in one clause w. contracted constr., duo muneri quorum uterque plenus, alter altera de causa, habetur—one for one reason, the other for another, Cic. rep. 6, 12; nilino est bellum cum corno; ergo alter alterius ona frangit, each the other's, Cic. N. D. 2, 125; istis duae res maximae (sc. uis et lepor) altera alteri defuit, Brut. 204; ueluti hostes aduenerant, alteri apud defortinidum facere, Sal. Ing. 53, 7; alteri alteros sancire, Go. 1; add Cat. 1 f.; Ing. 42, 4; 79, 4; qui noxii ambo alter in alterum causam conferant, Liv. 5, 11, 6: 6. without reciprocity, one...other, si quis quid alter ab altero peteret..., illi unde petitur, si potius credendum esse, Cato or. 62, 3 lord.; and like these, utriusque, alteris freti, finitimos sub imperium suum coegere, Sall. Ing. 18, 12: 7. gen. the other (one having been already spoken of), Naeque huic altera quae patria sit, profecto nescio, Pl. Rud. 3, 4, 45; hoc ipse in itinere alterae, Dum narrat rotes audiit, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 30; 8. something strengthened by ille, nism esse in somnis ei qui erat in hospitio illum alterum orare ut..., Cic. div. 1, 57: 9. another, for any second (person etc.), neighbour, stranger, Tu contumeliam alteri facias, tibi non dicatur? Pl. As. 2, 4, 82; add Cure. 4, 1, 17; neque ego oblocutor sum alteri in conuiuium, Mil. 3, 1, 48; Qui sibi semitam non sapient, alteri monstrant uiam, Enn. fr. 358 V; nulla uitae pars, neque si tecum agas, neque si cum altero contrahas, uacare officio potest, Cic. off. 1, 4; sum enim

solus aut cum altero, Att. 11, 15, 1; add off. 1, 56; ne sit te ditor alter, Hor. s. 1, 1, 40; add 1, 5, 33; Canis parturiens cum rogasset alteram..., Phaedr. 1, 19, 3; 10. hence redundantly in neg. w. comp., Sol Dies... Secelestiorem nullum inluxere alterum, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 22; add Cist. 4, 1, 8; Qui me alter est audacior homo aut qui confiditior? Amph. 1, 1, 1; add Epid. 1, 1, 24; 11. alter quisque, every other, alternate, altero quoque (anno), Colum. 5, 8, 2; altero quoque die, Cels. 3, 13; 4, 19 (12) f.; 12. other than was, changed, quotiens te speculo nideris alterum, Hor. od. 4, 10, 6; 13. second, even in a series which goes beyond, ibi terminus stat propter uiam; inde alter trans uiam terminus stat, CIL 199, 11; quadriennio post alterum consulatum, Cic. sen. 30; ut primo die..., ut alter dies amicis istius spem uictoriae auferret, ut tertius dies..., Verr. 2, 1, 20; add ea ipsa nomina oculos transtulimus: erant acceptae pecuniae a C. Verrucio, sic tamen ut usque ad alterum r litterae constarent integrae, reliquae omnes essent in litura: alterum tertium quartum... erant cismundi nomina, 2, 187; proximo, altero, tertio, denique reliquis diebus, Cic. Phil. 1, 32; 14. so w. ordinal multiples often, litteras quas mihi altero uicesimo die (22nd) reddidit, Cic. fam. 12, 25, 1; lustrum post annum alterum et quadragensimum feci, mmo. Ancy. 2, 3; anno trecentesimo altero quam condita Roma erat, Liv. 3, 33, 1; post trigessimum et alterum diem, Colum. 12, 14 f.; metueticesimo (aetatis anno) Caesar Dolabellam, altero et uicesimo Pollio C. Catonem iis orationibus insecuti sunt quas..., Tac. dial. 34 f.; uicesima et altera laedit, Manil. 4, 466; 15. but w. ab and quam immediately following, second only (to), Fortunate puer, tu nunc eris alter ab illo, Verg. B. 5, 49; Alter ab undecimo (i.e. 12th, but Serv. ad l. makes it 13th) tum me iam acceperat ammus... Ut uidit, ut perii! S. 39; altero die quam a Brundisio soluit in Macedonia traiecit, Liv. 31, 14, 2; decessit paralys altero die quam correptus est, Suet. Vit. 3; 16. alterum tantum, a second as much, as much again, immo etiamsi alterum tantum perdundumst, perdam potius quam sinam me impune iurissim esse habitum (in all mss but A), Pl. Epid. 3, 4, 81; add Bac. 5, 2, 65; altero tanto maiorem, Cic. or. 188; numero alterum tantum adiecit, Liv. 1, 36, 7; add 10, 46, 15; quod illicite exactum est cum altero tanto passis inimiam exsoluitur, Paul. dig. 39, 4, 9, 5; add Papin. 50, 1, 15, 2; 17. w. numerals, a second (batch of); ad Brutum hos libros alteros quinque mittimus, Cic. Tusc. 5 f.; Varr. l. 8, 9 de alteris totidem is corrupt; 18. as unus is used in pl. w. nouns of pl. form, so alter, ut laudare (factum) adductus sum tuis et alteris litteris (first and second letters), Cic. Att. 14, 18, 1; add fam. 4, 14, 1; duplices similitudines (two pairs of likenesses), unae rerum, alterae uerborum, ad Her. 3, 33; de fundi IIII partibus quae cum solo haerent, et alteris IIII quae extra fundum sunt dixi, Varr. r. 1, 17, 1; add 2, 2, 7; Dein mille altera, dein secunda centum, Deinde usque altera mille, deinde centum, Cat. 5, 8; 19. met. another —, a second —, (amicus) est tamquam alter idem — a second self, Cic. am. 50; uide quam mille persnassem te (sc. Caesarem) me esse alterum, fam. 7, 5, 1; add Att. 4, 1, 7; Aus. pr. 2, 15; Verren, Verr. 2, 5, 87; parentem, fam. 5, 8, 4; Verres, alter Orcus, Verr. 2, 4, 111; Hamilcar Mars alter, Liv. 21, 10, 8; 20. attached to unus by et, quae, atque, first one and then another, and so, some say, vaguely, like one, two or three, several, amans accessit pretium pollicens, Unus et item alter, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 50; unus et alter dies interessaret, Cic. Clu. 72; Et sub ea uersus unus et alter erunt (two then follow), Ov. f. Sapph. 182; esp. in Suet., unum et alterum consulares (sc. Lamia and Arruntius), Tib. 63; una alteraque conspiratione detecta (sc. of Anicius Cerealis and Aemilius Lepidus), Cal. 56; mo et altero proelio, Suet. Vesp. 4; una et altera liberalitate locupletat (Horatium), Suet. p. 297 ed. Roth; unam et alteram (controuersiam—he then quotes two), Suet. rhet. p. 269 ed. Roth; also w. atque, unus atque alter, multos plures, Claud. 12; uix uni atque alteri, Galb. 14; add Caes. 20; 21. unus ant alter, one or perhaps two, Plin. pan. 45, 1; 22. in augury.

unfavourable, altera auis quae prospera non est, Paul. ex F. p. 7; cf. *ερεος δαιμων*: **23.** Spengel says the *e* is elided at times in Pl. as in altraseens, Sin alter altri (pass alteri) potior est idem perit, True. 1, 1, 27; (Int? Si alter alterius); his other pass., Bac. 5, 2, 65; Pers. 2, 2, 44; Capt. pr. 8; Men. pr. 26 go for nothing; but in either case note use of gen. as w. *ερεος*;

**24.** alterius is gen. short in penult; even in Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 56: Qui imperare insueram nunc alterius imperio obsequor: yet long in: Mox enim alterius abligatus bona, Eum. 8, 29, p. 158 V; Alterius sup. ut comparant commodam, al. Ter. And. 4, 1, 4; Seseupio nel una uineet alterius singulum, Terentian, ap. Prisc. 1, 228, 12 K; See alterius indigenis opis ueni, id. 2432, 7 P; **25.** altri? as gen. Pl. True. 1, 1, 27, see § 23; **26.** alterae as dat. f., see Pl. and Ter. in § 7; ne qua legio alterae (al. alteri) legioni subsidio nemine posset, Caes. b. g. 5, 27, 5; add Colum. 5, 11, 10; ps. Nep. Eum. 1, 6.

**alter-ās**, adv. [for suffix cf. alias] at another time, hence repeated, at one time, at another, in his bellis alteras acri parte multati, alteras oppidum in captum, alteras..., Cato ap. Char. 215, 21 K; ponebant pro eo quod est aduerbium alias, Paul. ex F. p. 27.

**alteratio?** in Quint. 10, 1, 19 Halm w. old edd. has: lectio... multa iteratione mollita.

**alterab-ilis**, adj. [altera-ri] contentious, sermo, Arnob. 5, p. 156.

**alterc-angenum**, i, n. [altercum +?] henbane, Plin. 25, 35.

**altercātio**, ōnis, f. a discussion in which a few words from one party are followed by a few words from the other, alteration, a wrangling match, dispute, = *αἰσχρολογία*, Gloss. Philox.; oritur milia alteratio cum Velleio, Cic. N. D. 1, 15; alteratione Lentuli consulis et Caninii tribuni pl., id. fam. 1, 2, 1; Clodium fregi cum oratione perpetua...um alteratione eiusmodi ex qua... id. Att. 1, 16, 8; add 10; and 4, 13, 1; Brut. 164; quum rase perpetuis orationibus in alterationem uertisset, Liv. 4, 6, 1; ex disceptatione alterationem fecerunt, 35, 17, 2; paulatim per alterationem ad continuas orationes producti sunt, Tac. h. 4, 7; add Quint. 2, 4, 28; 6, 3, 4 etc.

**altercator**, ōris, m. one who takes part in an altercation, or talking-match, one clever at a repartee, Quint. 6, 3, 10; 6, 4, 15; hoc te a centurionibus, elegantissimis altercatoribus didicisse, Fronto ad Verum 1.

**altercor**, † ari, vb. r., or recipr., also alterco\*, āre, vb. [implies a dim. adj. pl. alterei, first one and then the other briefly] deal with each other alternately; esp. in words, hence have a talking-match, each in turn speaking briefly, wrangle, cum patre altercasti? dudum, Ter. And. 4, 1, 29; mecum altercas?...? Tace, Pac. ap. Non. 470, 10; in altercandum inuenit parem neminem, Cic. Brut. 159; altercarit cum Vatinio, Caes. b. c. 3, 19, 5; sedenam mulierum ritu inter nos altercantes, Liv. 3, 68, 8; Niniūm altercandum neuitas amittitur, Publilius Syr. ap. Gell. 17, 14, 4; **2.** exchange (words in a friendly way), w. ace, dum huiusmodi sermonem altercamur?, Apul. M. 2, 3, 1; **3.** met. alternate as opponents, battle with, altercate libidinibus... punire, Hor. s. 2, 7, 57; **4.** as a pass. impers., dum altercatur?, cod. lust. 3, 6, 43 f.

**alterc-ulum**, i, n. dim. Apul. herb. 4; = **altercum**, i, n. henbane, = *ωσκαμος*, Plin. 25, 35; Scrib. comp. 181.

**alternāmentum**, i, n. alternation, Claud. Mam. 3, 8. **alternātum**, adv. alternately, gaudium atque aegritudinem a. sequi, Claud. Quadr. 76, 10; add Amm. 29, 2, 28.

**alternātiō**, ōnis, f. alternation, pedes incertis alternationibus commouere, Apul. M. 10, 10; add Aescl. ep. 27; Maer. s. 7, 5, 4; **2.** alternative, qui cum extraneo agit, sine receptu sine corruptio, agere potest; qui cum socio, sine alternatione, id est, si corrupti, Ulp. dig. 11, 3, 9; add 13, 4, 2, 3; 47, 10, 7, 4.

**alterne**, alternis, see alternus.

**alternitas**, ātis, f. alternative, Prisc. 594 P, 1, 81; K.

**alterno**, āre, vb. [alternus] make alternate, deal alternately with, Haec alternanti potior sententia uisa est, Verg. 4, 287; alternant spique timorae fidem, Ov. her. 6, 38; uices, M. 15, 409; ut in ordinibus disponendis pari numero uernaculas (ulnos) et Atnias alternemus, Colum. 5, 6, 4; alternare fructus, bear only in alternate years, Plin. 15, 12; add 29, 68; **2.** of more than two taken in turn (hurdines) in fetu summa aequitate alternant cibum, Plin. 10, 92; **3.** absol. take turn, arborum fertilitas alternat, Plin. 16, 18; alternante bono, 31, 40; add 37, 167; and perl. Verg. G. 3, 220; **4.** w. cum, (luscias) cum symphonia alternasse, Plin. 10, 84; **5.** pass. nimis pinguis (terra) alternari potest, Plin. 18, 191.

**alter-nus**, adv. first of one then of the other, alternate, every other, Nam fulguritae sunt ibi alternae arbores, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 138; add As. 5, 2, 68; cum ex duabus eius orationibus capita alterna inter se contraria resectanda curasset, Cic. Clu. 140; epigramma alternis uersibus (elegiacis), Arch. 25; agrum alternis annis relinquere oportet, Varr. r. 1, 44, 3; alternis trahibus ae saxis, Caes. b. g. 7, 23, 5; alternis aptum sermonibus (dialogues), Hor. ep. 2, 3, 81; Vix hostem, alterni si congreduamur, habemus, Verg. 12, 233; **2.** esp. of alternate challenges of juremen, (recuperatores) xi dato; inde alternos... (reiciant facito), CIL 200, 37; relectionem iudicium alternotum, Cic. Planc. 36; add Verg. 2, 2, 32; Vatin. 27; **3.** of alternate singers etc., esp. trying to outvie each other (*αἰσχρολογία*), Versibus alternis opprobria rustica fudit, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 146; diui Iuli triumpho...alternis uersibus exprobrante lapsana se uixisse..., Plin. 19, 144; **4.** so far in pl., also in sing., esp. in poets, alterna uice, Eum. ap. Char. 241, 10 K; alterna morte, Verg. 6, 121; alterno pede, Hor. od. 1, 4, 7; alterna requie, Ov. her. 4, 89; **5.** even in prose, alterna uice amorum, Colum. 3, 2, 23; alterno pulsu, Plin. 2, 107; **6.** in late poets alterni, both, alternas seruant praetoria ripas, Stat. silu. 1, 3, 25; imitated by Auson. Mosel, 286; add Claud. Mall. Theod. pr. 16; **7.** alternis as adv. (sc. uicibus?) alternately, in turn, alternis dormiunt (apes), Varr. r. 3, 16, 9; rogando alternis suadendo, Liv. 2, 2, 9; add 22, 13, 3; 22, 41, 3; Alternis diebus, amant alterna Camenae, Verg. B. 3, 59; add G. 1, 79; alternis inconditi uersus militari licentia iactati, Liv. 4, 53, 12; cf. § 3; alternis sal ingeritur, Colum. 12, 55, 4; quidam alternis Vatinii, alternis Catones sunt, Sen. cp. 120, 19; a. metulae surgunt, a. inserta sunt poma, Plin. ep. 5, 6, 35; **8.** alterna as adv. (sc. uice), supercilium homini et pariter et alterna (so Rd) mobilita, Plin. 11, 138; ciliis alterna coniunctis, Apul. M. 10, 17; **9.** alterne? in Plin. read alterna as above; in Sen. N. Q. 9, 7, 12, 6 text unsound.

**altēro** = *ερεπος*, Gloss. Philox.; in Ov. F. 1, 373 some mss have alterat, but edd. w. other mss adulterat; and meaning doubtful in: ne retinendo spiritum alterent potius tussicula quam mitigent, Caes. Aur. chron. 2, 8, 115.

**alterorsus**, see altorsus.

**alter-plex**, icis, adp. two-fold, double, alterplexim duplicem, Paul. ex F. 7; read alterplexim or alterplexim in: altiplicem, dolosum, duplicem, gloss. Placid. Mai. p. 435; and in: actiplicem, duplicem, dolosum, exc. Pith. p. 53.

**altertra**, for alterutra, Paul. ex F. 7, 15.

**alter-ūter**, decl. first of two words, then as one; adj. num. pron. one or other of the two, sunt qui duarum rerum alterius utrius causa magistraturam petunt, Cat. or. 52, 12 Jord.; si qui in seditione non alterius utrius partis fuisset, Cic. Att. 10, 1, 2; add fam. 9, 6, 3; Alteram utram in partem, Lucr. 5, 589; alterum utrum, fam. 4, 4, f. N. D. 1, 70; Caes. ad Cic. 8, 6, 3 (so M); alteram utram, 8, 9 (so M); but altertra, Cic. inv. 2, 18; Colum. 12, pr. 2; Ulp. dig. 37, 4, 8, 1; alterutro, Caes. b. e. 3, 90, 3; Gai. 1, 61; 4, 179; alterutrus, 3, 160; alterutra, Gell. 2, 12, 1; alterutram, 2, 12, 4; **2.** ueteres alterutra ae, Char. 159, 1 K; **3.** in logic, contradictory, Apul. 7 dogm. Pl. 3, p. 266 Hild. wh. even alterutris.

**alter-ūterque**, found only in fem., adj. num. pron. both, in causa alterutraque molus est, Plin. 20, 64.

**althaea**, ae, f. a wild mallow, Plin. 20, 222 and 229; *althaeae*, hoc est ibisci folia, Pall. 11, 14, 10.

**alti-cinctus**, adj. girt up high. Ex alticinctis unus atriensibus, Phaedr. 2, 5, 11; cf. *alte cinctum*, Sen. ep. 92, 35.

**alti-cômus**, adj. w. lofty or long tresses, as a tree, Tert. carn. inf. Dom. 8.

**Alticus**, m. a cognomen, L. Nouius A., inser. Fabr. p. 601, 9.

**alti-frons**, ntis, adj. of lofty brow, ceruon *altifrontum* cornua, CIL 2, 2660.

**alti-îngus**, adj. high-rigged, montes, Paul. Nol. nat. XIII S. Fel. Murat. 600.

**alti-lân-eus**, adj. [lana] with long wool, Ioni herbecos II altilaneos, Marti arietes altilaneos, inser. fr. Arval. Or. 1798: intousam bidentem, quam Pontifices altilaneam uocant, Serv. A. 12, 170; cf. *onem uillis altis*, Varr. r. 2, 2, 3.

**altî-ârius**, adj. as sb. m. one who rears chickens, L. Varl., *anarius altitarius*, inser. Or. 2866: C. Iulius Aug. lib. altitarius, inser. Mur. 906, 9; = *αλτιαρίας*, gloss. Phil.

**alt-ilis**, adj. [alto, w. t. exer.] reared (and fattened for the table), bones altiles, ad sacrificia publica saginati, dicuntur opimi, Varr. r. 2, 1, 20; *coeleae*, Plin. 9, 174:

2. fat, gallinam quae non esset altilis, 10, 139; (coesses) farina saginati altiles fiunt, 17, 220; gallinam, Macr. s. 3, 13 (2, 9), 12; formicae, Priap. 32: uenae altilem sanguinem membris ministrant, Macr. s. 7, 4, 22; 3. of plants etc., brought to a great size by cultivation, altiles asparagi, Plin. 19, 54; Q. Popillio Q. I. Macro herba(rum) altilium) ...negotiatori, inser. Maff. 474, 1; 4. met. of man, of trained athletes, Tert. spect. 18; 5. met. of wealth, Prohibit diuitiis maxumis, dote altili atque opima, Pl. Cist. ap. Non. 72, 20; 6. as sb. f. and pl. n. a chicken, satur altilium, Hor. ep. 1, 7, 35: anseribus par altilis, Iuv. 5, 115; Ad nos iam ueniet minor altilis, 5, 106; altilia assa, Macr. s. 3, 13, 13; altilia dicuntur uolatilia saginata studio, gloss. 18 Voss.

**altî-lôquium**, ii, n. lofty speech, Mess. Corv. prog. Aug. 11.

**Altîlâs**, ntis, adj. of Altinum, ones, Colum. 7, 2, 3; genistae, Grat. cyn. 130; 2. as sb. inhabitant of Altinum, Plin. ep. 3, 2, 2.

**Altinum**, i, n. a city of Northern Italy on the Adriatic, Plin. 3, 119 and 126 etc.; Mart. 14, 155, 2.

**Altinus**, adj. of Altinum, naceae, Colum. 6, 24, 5; ones, Tert. pall. 3.

**alti-pendûlus**, adj. hanging down from aloft, aliquot altipendulos Reliquimus nidulmae superstitis, Nov. ap. Fronton. ad M. Caes. 4, 6.

**altipétax**, acis, adj. inclined to ascend, cucurbita, Strab. Gall. 6, 1.

**altipétus**, adj. making for the upper regions, leuitas, Paul. Nol. ep. 12 med.

**altipotens**? in Mart. Cap. 32 G. edd.: alti potens parentis.

**alti-sônus**, adj. high-sounding, sounding aloft, Saepum altisono cardine templum, Enn. ap. Cie. Tusc. 3, 44; altisono Caeli clupei, Enn. ap. Varr. l. 7, 4; Iouis altisoni, Cie. poet. div. 1, 106; add Sen. Here. Oct. 533; Iuv. 11, 181.

**alti-thronus**, adj. high-throned, Iuuen. prol.; Venant. F. vit. S. Mart. 1.

**alti-tônus**, adj. thundering aloft, zonae, Varr. ap. Prob. ad Verg. B. 6, 31.

**altitúdo**, inis, f. height, montium, Cie. agr. 2, 52; (aedium), off. 3, 66; 2. met. height, loftiness, elevation, sublimitas, animi, Cie. fam. 4, 13, 4; part. or. 77: Lív. 4, 6, 12; orationis, Cie. Brut. 67; II 3. depth, spelunca infinita altitudine, Cie. Verr. 2, 4, 107; add 2, 5, 68; div. 1, 97; plagae, Cels. 7, 7, 9; 4. met. deep reserve, ad simulanda negotia altitudo ingeni incredibilis, Sall. Iug. 95, 3; exercenda est altitudo animi ne si irascamur...in morositatem incidamus, Cie. off. 1, 88; neque uultu mutato ...altitudine animi au..., Tac. an. 3, 44 f.

**alti-uolans**, adj. flying aloft, solis rota, Lucr. 5, 433; grns, Anson. techn.; 2. as sb. high-flying bird, genus altiuolantum, Enn. ap. Cie. div. 1, 107.

**alti-uol-us**, adj. the same, Plin. 10, 42.

**altius-cûlus**, adj. comp. dim. somewhat high, calcamenta, Snet. Aug. 73; 2. altiuscule adv., altiuscule sub ipsas papillas succinctula, Apul. M. 2, 7; add S. 31.

**alto**, âre, vb. [altus] make high, exalt, Sid. ep. 2, 2: and 9, 8.

**alt-or**, ôris, m. [al-o; t. exer.] one who rears (a child), Curetes altores Ionis, Sall. ap. Lact. 1, 21 f.; add Stat. silu. 2, 69; 2. met. omnium rerum educator et altor est mundus, Cie. N. D. 2, 86; altoris nomine terram coluit antiquitas, Aug. C. D. 7, 23 f.; 3. but in Sen. Here. fur. 1254 18 E. has anetoretu.

**altin-sécus**, (altim.) adv. [implies a form alinde, as utrinque does a utrinque; cf. deinde, dein; in-e, illin-e] on one side (of two), gladioli cinctus al., Apul. M. 2, 18:

2. on the other side, quin retines altitrusc, Pl. Mil. 2, 5, 36; perge porro (on your side); ego adistam hinc altitrusc, Merc. 5, 4, 16; add P. s. 3, 2, 73; 3. at times, trisyll., Post altitrusc autem acipies securitalem item aurea, Pl. Rud. 4, 4, 114; Pseudole adistite altitrusc atque opera hinc maledictis, Licet. Ps. 1, 3, 123 (Ritschl cf. alterum); Respondet ille altitrusc, Prud. st. 5, 53.

**alt-ix**, icis, adj. or sb. f. one who rears (a child), a nurse (including wet-nurse \*), alticri quae luctus causa rogant...ait. Ov. M. 11, 683; parens alticri, Sen. Phaedr. 256; add Here. Oct. 453; Stat. silu. 2, 1, 96; Th. 1, 603; in moribus inolecendis magnam partem ingenium alticris et natura lactis tenet, Gell. 12, 1, 20; 2. met. eadem terra parens alticri, Cie. Flac. 62; and Verg. 3, 273; Alticris (al. nutricis) Apuliae, Hor. od. 3, 4, 10; add Ov. M. 4, 293; Sil. 1, 218.

**altorsus**, adv. [=altôr-norsus, implying an adv. altôr the other way] in the other direction, uxore a. discula, Apul. M. 9, 28.

**altôr-uorsum**, [see above] the same, Verum autem altôr-norsum cum eam mecum rationem puto, Pl. Cas. 3, 2, 25.

**altus**, ūs, m. rearing, nursing, terrae altu nutritur universitas, Macr. s. 1, 20, 18.

**altus**, part. and adj. See also.

**âlcinâcio**, etc., see balcinatio.

**âlcûs**, i, m. an owl, Serv. ad Verg. B. 8, 55; =bubo, gloss. Philox.

**alucêre**, is, alnearium (aluarium), ii, adj. n. as sb. [alueus] a place for beehives, cum uetus alucêre numero apium destituitur, Colum. 9, 11, 1; apes in alnearium concesserant, Cie. ap. Char. 107, 2 K; hos circum uillam totam alnearium fecisse, Varr. r. 3, 16, 10; add 3, 16, 11.

2. gen. in pl. qui aluearia sua locata habet, Varr. r. 3, 16, 10; Sen leuto fuerint aluaria (so ass and Char.) minime texta, Verg. G. 4, 34; add Colum. 9, 6, 1 (wh. some ass aluarial).

**alucêtus**, part. [implies a vb. alueo from aluens] hollowed out, sulcos, Cato r. 43.

**alucêlûs**, part. [implies a vb. aluocolo] channelled, stylobata, Vitr. 3, 3, 5.

**alucêlus**, i, m. dim. [aluens] a small hollow vessel, basin, bowl, sceures...alucelos molas quantum in xl longas naues opus esset, Liv. 28, 45, 17; totum ouorum numerum in alucolum conferat, Colum. 8, 5, 13; illud enim (oleum) nestrus datur alucolis quod... (a bowl for food at table), Iuv. 5, 88; add 7, 73, wh. schol.: nâsis in quibus manducatur; Alucolo coepit ligico conspergere Humum aestuantem, Phaedr. 2, 5, 15; 2. a shuttle for weaving, Hier. 130; ad Demetr. n. 15; 3. a dice-box, tesserae quibus in alucolo ludunt, Varr. ap. Gell. 1, 20, 4; alucolum poscerat quæreret quæmpiam ludum, Cie. fin. 5, 56; alucolum, tabula aleatoria, Paul. ex F. S (wh. note the n. gender); 4. a small bath? Vitr. 5, 10, 1; 5. channel of a small river, (saxum) alucolum interpellat, Curt. 6, 4, 4.

**alu-eus**, i, m. [akin to alu-us, onr hollow, and Scotch hole and hoik, dig; and so to Lat. col-o, dig] anything hollowed or dug out, alueo scrobis, Colum. 4, 4, 1; nitius in

alveo deposita, 4, 4, 2; qui ex his (scrobibus) longiores fient, ut utitis binas accipiant, alveo noebantur, Plin. 17, 168; 2. esp. channel or bed of the river, laticus trahica (a sort of ship) in alveos (so mss., alveo Ducier ej.), Pac. ap. Paul. ex F. p. 367; Alia praeterea deflens alveo, Liv. 5, 37, 7; add to, 2, 7; prope rapit alveus amni, Verg. G. 1, 203; Alveus ripis volucres et fluminis alveus\*, A. 7, 33; Tusco denatit alveo, Hor. od. 3, 7, 28; 3. any hollow, Corticibusque canis utiosaque illeis alveo\*, Verg. G. 2, 453;

4. a bath, ut in alveum descenderet, Cornif. ad Her. 4, 14; alveusne ille an equus Troianus fuerit qui tot viros... tesserit, Cic. Cacl. 67; alveus latitudo, ne minus sit pedes senos, Hor. 5, 10, 4; ut parvuli in testudinis alveis (perh. the hollow shell of a tortoise or turtle), Capitol. Alb. 5, 6; but alveus fagineus..., Ov. M. 8, 652 is omitted by Merkel as spurious;

5. hull of a ship or boat, alveos nauium inuorsos pro tuguribus habuere, Sal. Ing. 18, 5; non armamenta modo sed etiam alveo nauium quassati erant, Liv. 23, 34, 17; canas alveus haurit aquas, Ov. F. 3, 592; Portabat senuis alveus ille viros, Prop. 3, 5, 32; canatum ex materia alveus (= *ναοειος*), Vell. 2, 107, 1; simul accipit alveo\* Ingentem Aenean, Verg. 6, 412; naustibulum noebant antiqui was alveus simile... a navis similitudo, Fest. p. 169 A 24; which Paul. copies, making alveum neuter!

6. a hollow vessel, bowl, basin etc., quala satoria vi, alveos xl, Cato r. 11, 5; quum fluitantem alveum quo expositi erant pueri tenuis aqua destituit, Liv. 1, 4, 6; in alveis multo roboris, Plin. 16, 53; 7. esp. a dice-box, tertio triumpho, transiit alveum cum tesseri lussurum et gemmis duabus latum pedes xii, longum pedes iv, Plin. 37, 13; alveo et calculis nasse, Val. M. 8, 8, 2; add Suet. Claud. 33; 8. for alveus, a bee-hive? alveorum (alveorum?) cultoribus, Colum. 9, 3, 1; elsewhere he has alveus alone in this sense; and in Plin. Silig. has alvi, 7, 64; 11, 22; alveo, 11, 43; so mss. in Pl. ap. Prisc. 1, 522, 15; 9. meaning of alveus in Varr. ap. Non. 108, 27 doubtful; 10. note alveo dissyl. in Vergil above? cf. alvaria.

**alveus**, adj. suffering from diarrhoea, Plin. 21, 172; but in 25, 76 only a cf.

**alvum**, i, n. or halus, i, f. a plant, symphytum officinale, Linn., Plin. 27, 41; halus quantum Galli sil vocant, 26, 42; add Apul. herb. 59; 2. also = alium, a wild garlic, Plin. 19, 116.

**alvum**, mis, n. [?] alvum, oris ulceribus dentibusque (magnopere prodest), Plin. 35, 186; add 35, 183 and 184 etc.; Vitr. 6, 2, 6, 1; 8, 3, 1; turrim ardere non posse quod alvum oblit fuisset, Gell. 15, 1, 6; 2. Welsh allog; 3. Beckmann inv. 2, 92 holds alvum to be our vitriol.

**Alvumeto**, pro Laumedonte a veteribus dictum, Paul. ex F. 18.

**alvum-arius**, adj. a dealer in alvum, insec. Grut. 642, 9.

**alvum-atus**, quasi-part. impregnated with alvum, aqua, Plin. 31, 59; add Marc. Emp. 25.

**alvum-osus**, adj. full of alvum, Plin. 31, 49; fontes, Vitr. 8, 3, 4.

**alvum**, see alumnus.

**alvum**, are, vb. [alumnus] rear (a child), nurse, bring up, quod manibus meis alumnatus sit, Apul. M. 6, 23; add 9, 36; 10, 23; puelle in penetralibus alumnatae, Mart. C. 9, p. 302 f. G.

**alvum**, are, vb. r. the same, canes quos ad tutelae praesidia curiose fuerant alumnati, Apul. M. 8, 17.

**alvum**, a, nm, adj. and sb. m. or f. [a] quasi-part. pass. of alo, cf. Greek and uertumnus] lit. one being reared, one in relation of child to a wet-nurse, a nursing, foster-child, Quis est qui me vocat? Erus atque alvum tuum sum. Salue alvum mi, Pl. Merc. 4, 1, 7; Nostra haec alumnata, tua profecto filia, Cist. 4, 2, 90; add Poen. 5, 3, 4; Quid vident dulci nutricula matris alvum, Hor. ep. 1, 4, 8; hos usus praestet, tibi dixit, alvum, Ov. M. 4, 524; 2. met. reliqui Platonis alvum, Cic. fin. 4, 72; ego pacis ut ita dicam alvum, Phil. 7, 8; te quies alvum disciplinae meae, fam. 9, 14, 2; Veritas atque philosophiae alvum, Varr. ap. Non. 243, 2; nec Romula

quondam Vilo se tantum tellus iactabit alvum, Verg. 6, 877; alvumum (fortunae), Plin. 7, 43; Martis alvum dies, Mart. 12, 60, 1; add Stat. Th. 6, 378; 7, 733; 3. less accurately, one reared by, esp. of foundlings, (*αποτροι*), who became the slave property of those who reared them (cf. Plin. ad Trai. 10, 71, al. 65), T. Aelius Ang. lib. Saturninus alvum fidelissimum, inser. Or. 2795; Helenae alvum, 2796 etc.; 4. gen. one under the charge of another, a protégé. Tum comes auspiciis caro datus ibat alvum, Verg. 11, 33; 11. In very late writers, one who rears, alvum quos alus vel eos qui alunt, Non. 242, 30; et qui alit et qui alitur alvum dici potest, Isid. or. 10, 1; cynus, alvum stagna petierat, Mart. C. 1, 11 G. p. 12, 28 Hyss.

**Alus**? a god so called, Alo Sex. Nig. Sallustius, inser. Or. 1957, perh. spurious.

**aluta**, ae, f. [perh. a part., cf. alumen] thin leather, pelles pro melis alutaeque tenuiter confectae, Caes. b. g. 3, 13, 6; Pes malus in nivea semper eleuter aluta, Ov. a. a. 3, 271; Inguina succinctus nigra tibi seruus aluta, Mart. 7, 35, 1; add 2, 29, 8; 12, 26, 9; Iuv. 14, 282.

**alutaceus**, adj. made of thin leather, pellics, Marc. Emp. 23; pellicula, 26.

**alutarius**? the same, emplastro (alutacio?), Marc. Emp. 15.

**alvus** (rather alvum), i, f. (m. in Pl.), the belly, Quom haec herbas lunismodi in suum alvum congerunt, Pl. Ps. 3, 2, 34; Itaque alvum prodi sperant nobis salis poculis, Rud. 2, 7, 31; cum alvi natura subiecta stomacho (the weasand or oesophagus) cibi et potitionis sit receptaculum, Cic. N. D. 2, 136; lumbri quoque occupant alvum, Cels. 4, 24, 1; nota conduntur in alvo (equi), Verg. 2, 401; add 6, 510; 9, 152; 2. hence a superior, of the stomach, alvum si uoles dicere (so Schneid.; eicere?) superiore, summo... followed by tantum bilis pituitaeque eiecit (so P.) ut ipse miratur, unde tantum siet, Cato r. 156, 2-4; 3. of the contents of the belly, alvus eruda, Cato r. 125; alvum mouere, 114, 115; Cels. 2, 29, 1; ducere, Cic. N. D. 2, 12, 2; alvus si uelutientis fluit aut saepius ducitur, Cels. 2, 12, 1; add 2, 12, 2; alvus uraria... liquida... nigra..., 2, 6, p. 37, 1, 38; alvum contrahere...supprimere ad eliciendas alvus (note plural), Plin. 19, 80; 4. digestion, nimium si uoles conuenire ut alvum bonam faciat, Cato r. 114; 5. and absol. diarrhoea, flux, alvus corpus ac vires caput, Colum. 6, 7, 2; 6. of pregnancy, yet still belly rather than womb, Nam illa me (so mss) in alvo mensis gestant decem: At ego illam (hanc?) in alvo gesto plus annos decem, Pl. St. 1, 3, 5; cum praegnas Dionysium alvo contineret, Cic. div. 1, 39; add Clu. 34; 7. a bee-hive, alvus facit ut nimirum, Varr. r. 3, 16, 15; add §§ 9, 16, 18, 21 etc.; uenio ad alvum curam, Colum. 9, 2, 1; add 9, 2, 6 etc.; imponunt nauius alvus, Plin. 21, 73; see alveus; 8. rarely m. as, ex alvo laudando, Cato ap. Prisc. 1, 268, 20 K; Maia...gravidu concepit in alvo, Ace, ap. Prisc. 1, 103, 5; fragilis-vinus alvus, 1, 268, 18; incesto in alvo, Chama, ibid.; add Calvus, Laber, ap. Char. 80, 21.

**Alvum**, i, n. (painless) a plant, Plin. 27, 22.

**Alvum**, i, n. (*Alvum*) a plant, a cure for hydrophobia, Plin. 24, 9; but in Diosc. (from *Alvum*) a cure for hiccuph.

**Alvum**, ae, m. one who has charge of the public games (in Antioch etc.), Theod. C. 10, 1, 12; 15, 9, 2.

**Alvum**, ae, m. the office of the same, ib. 1, 36, 1.

**am** (am), prep. round [G. um, au of *αμφι*] and perh. am of am, wh. see] round, arat am terminum (T. H. K. c.), assessorum am: i. the rejected orum made up of two dittogr., or for ar of arat, nm for kam, Cato orig. ap. Maer. s. 1, 14, 5; who adds: id est circa t.; cf. qui urbem novam condit tauro et aenea arat; ubi ararunt murum faciat, Cato ap. Isid. or. 15, 2, 3; cf. too Fest. p. 375 M; 2. gen. insep. as in vbs. am-icio, am-plector; and with exer. b. in amb-ambula. As for ambulo, ambio, amburo, see them.

**amabilis**, e, adj. worthy of love, lovely, lovable, Sat bella atque amabilia, Pl. As. 3, 3, 84; add Ps. 5, 4, 54; filium tuum et amo et amabilem esse certo scio, Cic. Att. 5, 19, 2; mores, part. or. 22; insania, Hor. od. 3, 4, 5; frigus, 3, 13, 10; 2. comp. Cic. Att. 12, 9; fam. 7, 20,

1; sup. Cic. am. 51; 3. amabiliter adv. amiably, kindly, Anton. ap. Cic. Att. 13, 13, A 2; 4. lovingly. Spectet amabilitatem inuenire, Ov. f. a. 3, 675; add Petr. 113.

**amābilitas**, ātis, f. loveliness, qui amabilitatem animi adiecit, Pl. Poen. 5, 4, 1; add St. 5, 4, 58; Hor. ep. 2, 1, 148.

**amandātio**, ōnis, f. sending far away, Cic. Rose. Am. 44.

**amando**, āre, vb. perh. lit. entrust a person to another (mando) to be sent far away, send far away, send out of the way, amandāt hominem. Quo? Lilythæum fortasse, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 69; (Cicerones) amandandi videntur in Græciam, Att. 7, 13, 3; me expulso, Catone amandato, dom. 66; infra mortuos amandatus, ad Quir. 10; add N.D. 2, 141; amandatum in Frisios, Tac. h. 4, 56; add Gell. 12, 1, 22.

**amānu-ensis**, adj. as sb. [a manu] an amanuensis, or secretary, Suet. Ner. 44; Tit. 3.

**amāræcinus**, adj. of the plant amaracum, angustum, Plin. 13, 5; oleum, 21, 163; 2. amaracum, as sb. n. the perfume made from it, Denique amaracinum fugit sus, Lucr. 6, 973; add 2, 847; 4, 1179; 3. hence proverb, nihil cum amaracino suis, Gell. prof. 19.

**amāræcus**, i, m. f. amaracum n. the plant marjoram, Cyzicena amaracus, Plin. 13, 14; amaracum quem Phrygium cognominant, 21, 67; amaracum appellare quod Aegyptus sampsonium, 21, 61.

**amāraus**, part. making bitter, Ruf. Fest. Avien.

**amāratuus**, i, m. (unfading) amaranth, a plant, has amarante moraris, Ov. F. 4, 439; Plin. 21, 17.

**amāresco**, ēre, vb. become bitter, Pall. 2, 45, 9.

**amāritas**, ātis, f. bitterness, suet, Vitr. 2, 9, 14.

**amārities**, ei, f. bitterness, Quæ dulcem carum miscet amaritum (amaricem a), Cat. 68, 18.

**amāritūdō**, ius, f. bitterness, (olearum), Varr. r. 1, 66; apstihli, Plin. 21, 160; amaritudines bebent, 24, 105 (note plural); 2. met. carminum, Plin. 36, 12; quantum illis (uersibus) dulcedinis amaritudinis est, 1, 16, 5; ne in bilem et amaritudinem uertat iniuria, 6, 8, 8; add Quint. 1, 1, 117; (uocis) a., excessive harshness, 11, 3, 169.

**amāror**, ōris, m. bitterness, Lucr. 4, 224; 6, 934; Verg. G. 2, 247; cf. Gell. 1, 21.

**amārulētus**, adj. bitter, met. Timon, Gell. 3, 17, 4; diceatias, Macr. s. 1, 7, 2; os amarumst, Pl. Cure. 2, 3, 39; Cels. 1, 3, p. 16, 1, 17 Dar.

**am-ārus**, adj. [am, what?] bitter, quid indicant sensus? Dulce amarum, leue asperum..., Cic. fin. 2, 36; sentit (animi) et dulcia et amara, N.D. 3, 32; calices amari-ōres, Catul. 27, 2; salices carpētis amaras, Verg. B. 1, 79; gustus amarus, Plin. 25, 63; amariōres suet, 11, 15; Africana (iris) gustu amarissima, 21, 40; 2. met. Dulcia atque amara apte sunt eloquentia omnia, Pl. Ps. 2, 4, 1; add 1, 1, 61; amores..., dulcis aut experitur amarus, Verg. B. 3, 110; 3. esp. of words, dietis incessis amaris, Ov. tr. 3, 11, 31; scriptis uexauit amaris, Pont. 4, 14, 37; amari sales, Quint. 10, 1, 117; 4. of man's character, first of bitter hostility, Hostis amare, Verg. 10, 900; 5. esp. sour, cross, ill-tempered, Amaras mulieres sunt, non facile haec ferunt, Ter. Hec. 4, 4, 88; amariorem me senectus facit, Cic. Att. 14, 21, 31; amarum nos acerbumque dicimus nec minus stomachosum, Sen. ira, 1, 4, 2; 6. amarum as sb. n. the bitter, amor amari dat satis, Pl. Triu. 2, 1, 27; amari incertum est si curemus ne quid insit amari, Quint. 9, 3, 70; 7. amarum, as adv. bitterly, subridens amarum, Apul. M. 6, 13; Amm. 2, 9, 8; 8. amārē, adv. bitterly, met. ammoreo, non amare, non palam, Sen. ben. 5, 23, 2; ne id quod affirmauerit ueniat, amare ab eo exigitur, to the bitter end, Gai. dig. 21, 1, 18; non amare nec tamquam inter infestos ius tractandum est, Paul. 24, 1, 28, 2; cum tuae domus amores amare coerces, Apul. M. 5, 31; comp. Macr. somn. Sc. 3; sup. Suet. Tib. 54; but in Pl. Truc. 1, 2, 78 Spengel w. A has amara; 9. amariter adv. bitterly, Hier. ep. 23.

**am-asc-o**, ēre, vb. iter. [whence vb. am-a-] love, nunc primum amasco, Naev. ap. Diom. 343, 11 K.

**Amāsīnus**, m. [?] a river of Italy wh. crosses the Pompeii marshes, Verg. 7, 685; 11, 547.

**amās-io**, ōnis, m. dim. [amas=amase of amasco] contemptuous term for lover, Apul. M. 7, 21; puellae..., Amasiani conprimuntur fraudibus, Prud. *stroph.* 10, 182.

**amāsiancūla**, see

**amāsian-c-ulus**, m. triple dim. [āmāsio] a term of strong contempt or affection for a lover, Petr. 45; 2. amāsiancula, f. Petr. 75.

**amās-ius**, m. dim.? [cf. amas-io] lover, paramour, Miserrimus hodie ego hunc habeo amasium, Pl. Cas. 3, 3, 27; add Truc. 3, 1, 13; Gell. 6 (7), 8, 1; 19, 9, 9.

**amāta**, see amo.

**amātio**, ōnis, f. loving, Cum tūa amica (so mss), cumque amationibus, Pl. Merc. 4, 4, 54; add Capt. 5, 5, 2; Rud. 4, 5, 14 etc.

**amātor**, ōris, m. lover, Philocomasio amator, Pl. Mil. 5, 1, 38; add Truc. 1, 1, 19 etc.; Quae cum amatore suo (so A) cum cenant liguriunt, Ter. Eun. 5, 4, 14; add 4, 7, 24; adulter an amator? Cic. Cael. 49; add Liv. 39, 42, 3; 39, 42, 9; amatorem tenerum, Iuv. 6, 548; amicus animi est, amator corporis, Bonat. And. 4, 3, 3; 2. one given to women (cf. muliericos) aliud est amatoriū esse, aliud amantem, Cic. Tusc. 4, 27; Inuidus, iracundus, iners, inuolens, amator, Hor. ep. 1, 1, 38; 3. met. pacis, Cic. Att. 14, 10, 2; sapientiae, Tim. 14; amatoreū tuum, fam. 9, 15, 4; antiquitatis, Nep. Att. 18, 1; urbis, uris, Hor. ep. 1, 10, 1; 4. as adj. amatores oculos, Apul. M. 5, 24.

**amātor-c-ulus**, i, m. double dim. a little darling of a lover, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 27.

**amātōr-ius**, adj. of a lover, amatory, poesis, sermo, Cic. Tusc. 3, 72; 4, 71; uoluptas, 4, 73; uirum, Plin. 8, 83; ueneficia, 9, 79; 2. amatoriū as sb. n. (sc. poculum), a love-churn, Plin. 20, 32; 28, 101 and 106; Sen. ep. 9, 6; Quint. 7, 3, 10 and 30.

**amāt-r-ix**, icis, f. a lover, Pl. Poen. 5, 5, 25; As. 3, 1, 8; Mart. 7, 69, 9; as adj. loving, aquas, 7, 15, 4; 10, 4, 6.

**amātūrio**, ire, vb. desid. ap. Diom. 346, 3 K; Prisc. 1, 429, 13.

**ambactus**, m. [a *θῶ*, and perh. Gallie wd. for servant — guths andbalts = *θῶ* *διακονος*, Rom. 13, 4; andbalts bimāts = *διακονος* *περιτομος*] a servant, ambactus apud Ennium lingua Gallica seruus appellatur, Paul. ex F. 4, 13 M; ut quisque est genere amplusius in ea plurimos circū se ambactos clientesque habet, Cues. b. g. 6, 15, 2 (speaking of Gauls); on a coin, Puller's Med. 1, 3. 2. perh. as a surname, L. Postumius Ambactus (for Ambuctus), inser. Grut. 702, 7.

**ambadōdo**? founded only on ambadelisse, a bad ej. in Pl. Merc. 2, 1, 15 and 17, wh. mss have ambedisce.

**ambāges**, is, f. found only in ambage of sing. as regards authors, but Prob. 10, 9 K 'ambages nominatio utriusque numeri declinatur'; and in pl. [am +?] going round, circuit, winding, Daedalus ipse dolos tecti ambagesque resolut, Verg. 6, 29; Dicit in errorum uariarum ambage uiarum, Ov. M. 8, 161; itinerum ambages, Plin. 36, 85; multiformi haec (the moon) ambage (so R, al. Siliig) torsit ingenia contemplantium, 2, 41; siderum, Apul. M. 9, 32; hordium meis quassatum ambagibus, 7, 15; ambage fallit atra, Prud. cath. 6, 48; add Claud. iv Cons. Hon. 226; 2. round-about, ambiguous words, mysterious talk, Quid opus me multas acere ambages, Pl. Ps. 5, 1, 10; Sed quastoe ambages mulier mitte atque hoc age, Cist. 4, 2, 81; quas malum ambages nulli Narrare occipit? Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 77; Quid tibi ego ambages Ambiani scribere coner? Lucil. ap. Varr. 1, 7, 3, p. 318 Sp.; hand per ambages..., portendebat, Liv. 1, 55, 6; missis ambagibus, Hor. s. 2, 5, 9; longis ambagibus, ep. 1, 7, 82; Ov. M. 3, 692; innumerum ambagum... suarum, 7, 761; add 10, 19; uariae manium ambages, Plin. 7, 188; immensa uitae ambage circa anguria, 10, 137; Germanico per ambages cecinisse, Tac. ann. 2, 54, f.; aperire ambages, 11, 34; ea ambage (oraculi), 12, 63;

3. of the mysterious language of acts, as of Tarquin about Gabii, ubi quid uellet parens quidque praeciperet tacitis ambagibus patuit, Liv. 1, 54, 8; haec facti ambage (namely, decedendo papauera altissima), Plin. 19, 109.

**ambāgio**, ej. in Varr. 1, 7, 3.

**ambāgiōsus**, adj. full of round-about, mysterious words. Gell. 14. 1. 33.

**ambāgo**, inis, f. the same, ambago rerum, Manil. 4. 303; its actual use also proved by: ambago Latinum non est, Prob. 10. S. K; ambago generis feminini, auct. de dub. nom. 57. 5. K.

**amb-aruā-lis**, e, adj. [am + arua u. pl.] of going round the ploughed lands, dicitur hoc sacrificium ambaruale, quod arua ambat uictima, Serv. B. 3. 77; add 5, 75 and G. 1. 345; a. hostia (ut ait Festus) quae circum arua ducitur, Maer. s. 3, 57; ambaruales hostiae quae pro aruis atque frugibus (so Trellier ej., sss a duobus fratribus) sacrificantur, Paul. ex F. 17; 2. ambarualia as sb. n. pl., the religious ceremony itself, ambarualia promissa, Vopisc. Aurel. 20, 3; conducted by the Fratres Aruales, says Mommsen Röm. Chron. ed. 2, p. 70; cf. anfractus, and Aufrecht and K. Umlir. Spr. 2, 272.

**ambēcūs**, is, m. cutting on both sides, ambecus, Varr. 1. 7. 3. p. 328 Sj.

**ambēdo**, ēre, bēdi, bēssus or bēsus, vb. [an = ara up, bēdo prob. an older form of edo; cf. G. bissen, our bite, by the side of essen, or issit; cf. also amburo] eat up, eat the whole of, dicit eapam quam dederam scrutandam sibi, Snae, (stai?) uxoris dotem ambēdisse, Pl. Merc. 2. 1. 15; Vxoris simiae (simia?) dotem ambēdit, 2. 1. 17 (for so, not ambēdit, sss)—of a dream; Ignis enim superavit et ambēus (so all sss but one, wh. has lambens, and so Lachm. cf. reads superat as a perf.) multa perussit, Lucr. 5. 306—of Phlaetion's conflagration; for met. use of fire, see Verg. below; Ambesas subigit malis assumere mensas, Verg. 3. 257; Ipsi transtra novant flammisque ambessa (al. ambesa) reponunt Robora nauigiis, 5. 752; in locustarum ambēdat (dub.) quicquid herbidum aut frondosum, Tac. an. 15. 5; primum omnium (flumen) agrum qui inter niam et flumen esset ambēdit, Alf. Var. dig. 11. 1. 38; hoc quid est forma carens Et turpe et multo uulnere ambesum (so A; E abruptum) undique? Sen. Hippol. 1275; cf. ambestrix; Ambesis dapihus cumulatim aggesta residunt Fercula, Prud. apotia. 717 (cf. Matt. 15. 37).

2. ambest ita tertiae personae uerbum est ut nullam aliam habeat dedicationem (i.e. ambest has no authority), Paul. ex F. 4. 15.

**ambēgnus**, for ambēgnus [am, agnus] with lambs on either side, ambēgnus (so sss) bos apud aquas quam circum aliae hostiae constituntur, Varr. 1. 7. 3. p. 319 Sj; ambēgnus bos et uerbus (= uerue), quum ad eorum utraque latera agni in sacrificium ducēbantur, Paul. ex F. 4. 16.

**ambēns**, s. ambēdo.

**ambestrix**, icis, f. [implies a form ambessor from ambēdo] devourer, ursas, saetas hominum ambestrices, Aun. 20. 3. 9.

**Ambibūlus** (olus), m. [implies perh. a vb. am-bibō drink up] a cognomen, Annio Vero III et Eggio Ambibulo coss. (A.D. 126), inscr. Mur. 323. 2; L. Varius Ambibolus, ap. Dou. S. 4.

**ambica**? ae, f. [αμβίξ] a big-bellied vessel for steaming food, aues in ambicas (so Schuck ej., sss abias) sublatae Apic. 236; hence our ambic through Arab. al-ambig, cf. Diez, Worterb. v. lambico. Cael. Aur. chron. 4. 7 has only the Gr. αμβικας.

**ambidēns**, siue bidēns out, quae superioribus et inferioribus est dentibus, Paul. ex F. 4.

**ambi-fāriam**, adv. in both directions, Apul. mag. 4; anceps argumentum a. proposuit, Apul. flor. 4. 18. § 88; 2. cf. bifariam.

**ambi-fār-ius**, adj. [far what?] going both ways, and so ambiguous, fabulae, Arnob. 5. 35; obtentio, 5. 36;

2. ambifarie adv. ambiguously, Claud. Mam. stat. an. 1. 3. **ambi-formiter**, adv. [impl. an adj. ambi-formis] in two forms, ambiguously, Arnob. 5. 36.

**ambiga**, see ambica.

**ambigo**, ēre, vb. [am + āgo; cf. ambō:] lit. drive both ways, hence: be divided in opinion, and so dispute, Vicini nostri hic ambigunt de finibus: Me cepere arbitrum, Ter. Haut. 3. 1. 90; de (fundo), Cic. Caec. 21; ut inter eos qui ambigunt conueniat quid sit id quod agatur, fin. 2. 4; add or. 126; iuv. 2. 122; haud ambigam hicine fuerit

Ascanius au maior quam hic, Liv. 1. 3. 2; regni certamine ambigebant fratres, 21. 31, 6; 2. dispute with oneself, doubt, be at a loss, ne quis ambigat...cuncta regno uictoria habere, Tac. an. 12, 65; imperitos ambigimus quatenus post Augustum militiae condicio ambigatur, 1. 16; cui rei primus occurreret, ambigebat, Iust. 29. 4. 9; 3. often in pass. impers. si de hereditate ambigitur, ex edicto ap. Cic. Verr. 2. 1. 116; Ambigitur quotiens uter utro sit prior, Flor. ep. 2. 1. 55; de nomine ambigi uideo, Plin. 33. 10; add Tac. an. 6. 34 (28) f.; 4. in the act, never w. acc.; yet non. occurs with pass. as: in eo iure quod ambigitur, Cic. or. 1. 242; in his causis quae propter scriptum ambiguntur, 2. 110; Temporis aeterni...Ambigitur status, Lucr. 3. 1074.

**ambiguitas**, atis, f. ambiguity, two-fold meaning, nominis...nam argumentatio res duas significat, Cic. iuv. 1. 74; add Sen. ep. 9. 2; Quint. 1. 5. 2; 2. in pl., Sen. ep. 108. 12; Quint. 1. 10. 5.

**ambig-ūus**, adj. [ambigo] ambiguous, bearing two meanings, cum scriptum ambiguum est, ut duae sententiae differentes accipi possint, Cic. top. 96; verba ambigua distinctius, or. 102; oraculis ambiguis (as: Aio te, Aecidia, Romanos vincere posse), div. 2. 115, 116; Ambiguum...Salamina, Hor. od. 1. 7. 20; ambiguis...uiros (i.e. centaurs) Ov. an. 1. 4. 8; 2. doubtful, quicquid incerti mihi in animo prius aut ambiguum fuit Nunc liquet, Pl. Ps. 2. 4. 69; secundarum ambiguarumque rerum sciens, Tac. an. 1. 64;

3. w. gen. in Tac., as: imperandi, an. 1. 7; futuri, h. 3. 43; 4. ambiguum, absol. as sb. n., the ambiguous, a state of ambiguity, esp. with prep. In ambiguo etiam nunc est, quid ea re fiat, Pl. Trin. 2. 4. 193; ex ambiguo controuersia, Cic. or. 2. 110; ambiguumque plurima genera sunt, ib. 2. 111; 5. ambigue, adv. ambiguously, loqui, Cic. N. D. 1. 56; scriptum, or. 2. 110; certanere, Tac. an. 2. 21 f. etc.

1. **ambio**, ire, vb. [perh. for a lost am-bito; cf. ambit, perbitio, interbitio etc. and Pl. in § 4: or for am-bō (ib. exor.) but note forms unlike those from eo\*:] go round, ut terram hunc cornus proximae ambiret, Cic. Tim. 9; uicem ambire, seruus spem libertatis ostendere, Att. 4. 3. 2; Ambibat Siciliae cantus fundamina terrae, Ov. M. 5. 301; ipse porticus quis templum ambibat, Tac. h. 5. 12; Mox inbet et totam pauidis a ciuibus urbem Ambiri, Lucr. 1. 503; 2. even without real motion, go round, form a circle round, surround, gird, inclose, atque oras ambiit aure, Verg. 10. 243; rubeus altus, Cels. 5. 26. 31, p. 196, 27 D; ambiente\* circulo coloris aurei, Plin. 37. 166; ut nullum aruis ambirent, Tac. an. 1. 68; nec communiione parietum sed propriis quaque muris ambirentur, 15. 43; incisos botryonum tenaces (stalks) calido pice ambiit oportet, Pall. 10. 17 f.; quae (loca) ciuitatum territoria ambiuntur\*, Th. C. 10. 3. 5; 3. esp. of water, freta...tumescere uentis lussit et ambitae\* circumdare litora terrae, Ov. M. 1. 37; Fluctibus ambitae\* fuerant Antissa Pharoque et Phoenicia Tyros, 15. 287; in insula quam amnis ambiabat\*. Vell. 2. 101, 1; muros praecatum mare ambiabat\*. Curt. 4. 2. 9; 4. esp. go round as canvassing, canvass, using fair words and other arts, as first in elections, frunt suffragia, mandant imperia, ambiuntur\* rogantur, Cic. rep. 1. 47; non enim conuictis indicat semper populus...facit eos a quibus est maxime ambitus, Plane. 9; si comitia placet in senatu haberi, petamus, ambiamus\*, Phil. 11. 10; Virtute ambire oportet, non fauoribus, Pl. Ampl. pr. 78; Molesti (sunt molestie, Ritschl ej. molestie sunt) orant ambiunt (sunt ambiant, wh. R. retains as a dissyll.) obscant, Videre ut liceat, Mil. 1. 8. 69; Ni uides, nisi sentis amicos aros, ambis. Bene mones, Ter. Andr. 2. 2. 30; 5. gen. singularis ex senatu ambiundo\*, Sall. Jug. 13. 8; qui ad molem ambire, fatigare nos singulos, ne... 14. 20; ambiundo\* cogere homines secum prodicere, 84. 2; idem fecere Octavianus et Q. Cnepio sine graui cuiusquam expectatione, neque sine auiti publice, Sal. h. ap. Serv. ad A. 4. 283; tanquam ad id quod agi uidebatur, ambientes\*, nobilium adulescentium annos percontant, Liv.



2, 3, 6; quo nunc reginam ambire (address in soft words, coax) furentem Andeat affatu? Verg. 4, 283; Te pauper ambit sollicita prece Ruris coloms, Hor. od. 1, 35, 5; donec ultro ambiretur consulatum accipere, Tac. an. 2, 43; quum in demortua (Vestalis) locum aliam capi oportet, ambirentque multi ne filias in sortem darent, Suet. Aug. 31; priuatus ambiendo \* et blande appellando aliquantum numerum frumenti in sua praesidia congesserat, bell. Afr. 21, 1; Ambitumque \* senem, Val. F. 5, 261; 6. esp. for marriage, neu conubiis ambire Latinum Aeneadae possint, Verg. 7, 333; non libidine sed ob nobilitatem pluribus nuptiis ambuntur\*, Tac. G. 17, f.; 7. so far w. acc. of pers. (nom. w. passive)—but also w. acc. of thing sought, canvass for, sine qui palmam ambissit (iss a. p.; Fleck. cj. p. a.) bistrionibus...Seu qui ipse ambissit seu per internum...Sirempse legem iussit esse Inpiter, Magistratum quasi (so FL, ass q. m.) sibi alterne ambierit, Pl. Amph. pr. 69–74; 8. or w. inf., Hunc ipse...Philetas Callimachusque senex...Ambissent laudare diem Stat. silu. 1, 2, 252.

2. **Ambio**, ōnis, m. (ambio?) a Roman cognomen, C. Herennii C. f. Ambionis, inscr. Mur. 1786, S.

**Ambit-ō**, ōnis, f. [see ambi-ō] lit. going round, circuit, and so circumference, fulgine a. extimae cutis colibet, Sol. 35, 8; but a. tergorum de 22, 5 an interpol. (cf. Mommsen's ed. p. lxiii, note); add Min. Oct. 42; 2. going round in canvassing, canvassing, canvass, quod me ambitio et forensis labor ab omni illa cogitatione abstraheret, Cie. Sul. 11; ambitiois nostrae tempora, Plane. 45; quid de nostris ambitionibus loquar, Tusc. 2, 62; 3. desire for public honours, ambition, miserrima est ambitio honorumque contentio, Cie. off. 1, 87; a. multos mortalis falsos fieri subigit, Sal. Cat. 10, 5; misera ambitio laborat, Hor. s. 1, 4, 26; add 1, 6, 129; ep. 2, 2, 207; 4. a desire to please (by ignoble arts), courting popularity, Ambitio iam more sanctat, liberat a legibus, Pl. Trin. 4, 3, 26; add Pers. 4, 4, 8; namquam pecuniam neque meam neque sociorum per ambitionem largitus sum, Cato ap. Front. ad Anton. 1, 2, p. 100 l. 4 Naber; ubi ambitionem virtuti uideas antecedere, Titin. ap. Char. 117 K; ambitioni meae conducere, Grace, ap. Gell. 15, 12, 2; non puto existimare te ambitione me labi, Cie. Brut. 244; haec sine ambitio sine liberalitas, Mur. 72; add Clu. 76; tanta temperantia inter ambitionem scautiamque moderatum, Sal. Jug. 45, 1; add 100, 5; sed ne id quod placebat decerneret (senatus) in tanta nobilitatis uiris, ambitio obstabat, Liv. 5, 36, 9; add 20, 16, 5; 45, 36, 8; Ambitione relegata te dicere possum, Hor. s. 1, 10, 84.

**ambitiōsus**, adj. [ambitio], going round and round, encircling, Lascivus hederis ambitiosior, Hor. od. 1, 36 f.; Iordanis amissus...quatenus locorum situs patitur ambitiosus, Pl. 5, 71; 2. given to canvassing(?), Pro nostris ut sis ambitiosa malis, Ov. Pont. 3, 1, 84; 3. seeking popularity, courting favour, ita ambitiosus ut omnes uos nosque quotidie persalutet, Cie. Flac. 42; ne me in Graecos tam ambitiosum factum esse mirere, Q. fr. 1, 2, 4; (Atticus) homo minime ambitiosus, fam. 13, 1, 5; add Verr. 2, 3, 105; Turbae caelestes ambitiosa sumus, Ov. F. 5, 298; Asiaticum foedum mancipium et malis artibus ambitiosum, Tac. h. 2, 57 f.; add Agr. 30; an. 3, 33; 4. desirous to attract notice, ostentatious, ambitious, pretensions, Nota quidem sed non ambitiosa domus, Ov. tr. 1, 9, 18; antequam nemo nisi ambitiosus utetur, Quint. 8, 3, 25; 5. so far of persons, met. of things, amicitiae, Cie. Att. 1, 18, 1; rogationes, fam. 6, 12, 2; voluntates, 6, 6, 8; ornamenta, Hor. ep. 2, 3, 447; imperium, Tac. h. 1, 83; 2, 12; rumores, 1, 12; mors, Agr. 42 f.; (medicina) ambitiosa ars, Plin. 29, 20; festinatio, Quint. 1, 4, 22; ambitiosissimum gloriandi genus, 11, 1, 22; atria, Mart. 12, 68, 2; oppida, Sol. 11, 4; 6. ambitiosus et qui ambit et qui ambitur, Gell. 9, 12, 1 (but ?); H. 7. ambitiose ady. by courting popularity, Cie. Att. 15, 1 B. 2; Liv. 1, 35, 2; comp. Cie. fam. 3, 7, 4; Tac. h. 4, 40; sup. Quint. 6, 3, 68.

**ambitor**, ōris, m. one who canvasses, a canvasser, Lamp. Sev. 28, 5; add Serv. A. 4, 283; Paul. Nol. ad Pamm. 13, 16.

**ambi-trēbuis**, adj. on both sides of the Trebia, in Veleiate pago ambirebno, tab. alim. Vel. ed. De Lana, 1, 2.

**ambitōdo**, ōnis, f. going round, circuit, Apul. Asclep. 31, 1. **ambitus**, part. of ambio.

1. **ambitus**, ūs, m. going round, circuit, revolution, deus ipse solem quasi lunam accendit ad secundum supra terram ambitum, Cie. Tim. 9; sidcrum ambitus, ibi; aquae per amoenos ambitus agros, Hor. ep. 2, 3, 17; luna breuior quam sol ambitu currit, Plin. 2, 86; saeculorum, Tac. an. 6, 34 (28); alligata mutuo ambitu corpora, Petr. 132; 2. the right of way round, quem ucto...aditum habere, neque iter ambitum introitum ullum in eo habere, inscr. Or. 1175; uti liceat itum aditum ambitum(hum) haustum aquae ligna sumere, 4085; add 4373; 4379; 4947; Pomp. dig. 47, 12, 5; 3. circle, circumference, border, aedum, Cie. Top. 24; folia serrato ambitu, Plin. 25, 66; palmae 36, 18; castra lato ambitu, Tac. an. 1, 61; IV nulla passuum ambitu amplexus est, 4, 49; 4. met. esp. uerborum, a period, a ille uerborum (si sic περὶ ὁὸν appellari placet), Cie. Brut. 162; add or. 38; 168; 222; Liv. 27, 27, 12; per ambitum uerborum—a periphrasis, Suet. Tib. 71; 5. canvassing, and so of the arts of canvassers, esp. bribery etc., de ambitu raro illud datur ut possis liberalitatem atque benignitatem ab ambitu atque largitione succinere, Cie. or. 2, 105; me legis ambitus latorum, Mur. 3 etc.; effusus ambitus largitionibus, Nep. Att. 6, 2; designati consules legibus ambitus interrogati poenas dediderunt, Sal. Cat. 18, 2; 6. ostentation, affectation, reliquiae ambitum; tumida res est, uana, uentosa, Sen. ep. 84, 11; uxor magno ducta ambitu, 95, 3; proprio quodam intellegendi ambitu, Quint. 12, 10, 3; funeris, Prud. cath. 10, 56; 7. perb. also, ambition, caret ambitu, ideo se in equestri gradu tenuit, Plin. ep. 3, 2, 4.

**ambuium**, ii, n. a place where two roads meet, Varr. ap. Non. 451, 2.

**Ambuius**, adj. or sb. m. name of a gens, L. Ambuius Turpio, Ter. Andr. tit.; Hant. tit.; Cie. ven. 48.

**ambō**, ac, o, adj. num. [=*αμφω*]; but see below], two together, both, Quid fit deinde porro? loquere, Puer ambo? agnus enecat, Pl. Amph. 5, 1, 67; Nilil est...quod maucium, Quam illum eulantum cum illa opprimere, ambo? ut necem, Bac. 4, 8, 19; Adeo ut aetatem ambo ambobus nobis sint obnoxii, As. 2, 2, 18; Reliisue video bene gesta re ambos (so A and other mss) te et fratrem tuum, St. 1, 3; Aduersum te fabulare, Illud quidem ambo ut uocem, 4, 2, 11; Renocae nos ambo ad periculum, Afr. 234 R; sumus ambo belle curiosi, Cie. Att. 6, 1, 25; quos ego ambo uicini diligo, fam. 5, 8, 4; hosee ambo tibi sic comendo ut... 9, 13, 2; pontisue ambo (al. ambos) interrumpit, Caes. b. c. 1, 48, 2; qui ambos reges adeant, Sal. Jug. 21, 4; praetores tum duos Latium habebat... ambo ex coloniis Romanis, Liv. 8, 3, 9; proelium fuit quale inter fidentes sibi met ambo exercitus, 3, 62; 6. *Ambo* florentes aetatibus, Arcades ambo, Verg. B. 7, 4; Iurando obstringam ambo; uter... Hor. s. 2, 3, 180; Ambos una dies auferet, una dies, Prop. 3, 12 (2, 20), 18; ...Amplius: ambo truces, ambo abscessere minantes, Val. F. 7, 1; 2. at times=duo, or even redundant, si ambo pares essent, Cato or. 62, 4 Iord.; dum pares ambo uiderentur, Caes. b. c. 3, 10, 7; paritibus tibi se uia finit in ambas, Verg. 6, 540; 3. strengthened by two, iam hisce (al. hi) ambo, et seruos et era, frustra sunt duo, Pl. Amph. 3, 3, 19; cf. Ital. ambidue; 4. ambo? as fem., Neu discordant ambo (so B; but C ambig. le. ambae; D ambe) Pl. Merc. 2, 1, 71; add that Pl. has ambae or ambas 40 times; 5. the acc. m. ambo was preferred by Cie.; both ambo and ambo? in Pl.; dat. and abl. pl. ambobus or ambabus, like duobus duabus, asinabus etc.

**ambices** regulae quae transuersae ascribuntur et tegulis interponuntur, Paul. ex F. 16.

**ambrosia**, ae, f. [*αμβροσία* immortality: *αμβροσιος*: *ambrosia*: *ambrosia*; cf. *πνευμα* *της* *αθανασίας*, Lucian. dial. deor. 4 f.; see Buttmann Lexil. 1, 133] ambrosia, the food of the gods (as nectar their drink), non enim ambrosia deos aut nectare...laetari arbitror, Cie. Tusc. 1, 65; ut ambrosia (orator) alendus esse uideatur, or. 2, 234; Ambrosiae suco

saturus...quadripedes, Ov. M. 2, 120; add 4, 215; Nectar et ambrosiam latices epulasque deorum, Pont. 1, 10, 11; 2. as a perfume of the gods, Staniolum dulci dulcius ambrosia (so D, al. ambrosio), Cat. 99, 2; add 99, 13; li- quidum ambrosiae diffundit odorem, Verg. G. 4, 415; Ov. M. 12, 606; 3. as of healing power, spargite salubris Ambrosiae sucos, Verg. 12, 419; cf. Colum. 10, 408.

**ambrosiā-cus**? adj. of ambrosia, ambrosiaca (uitis), Plin. 14, 40 (dub.).

**ambrosio**-us (or -ion) ii, adj. n. as sb. ambrosia, the food or perfume of the gods, Staniolum dulci dulcius ambrosio, Cat. 99, 2 (in some mss); add 99, 13.

**ambrosius** (-eus Apul.), adj. of the immortals, of heavenly sweetness, ambrosial, comae, Verg. 1, 407; succi, Colum. 10, 408; Sil. 7, 210; dapes, Mart. 8, 39, 2; liquor, Stat. Th. 9, 741; corpus, Apul. M. 8, 9; color, 10, 31; pedes, 11, 44.

**ambūbaia**, ae, f. [ambula Syr. a flute], a Syrian music girl, Hor. s. 1, 2; Suet. Nero 27; Petr. 74, 3; cf. Iuv. 3, 62.

**ambubacia**, ae, f. a plant so called, Cels. 2, 30.

**ambūla**, ae, f. a plant so called, Plin. 20, 73 (dub.).

**ambūlac-rum**, i, n. [ambulo] a place for walking, a walk, (Gineceum aedificavit uoluit hic in suis Et balneas et ambulacrum et porticum, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 69; longis ambulacris, Gell. 1, 2; add Paul. ex F. 21.

**ambulātīlis**, adj. movable, funduli, Vitr. 10, 13, 1.

**ambulatio**, ōnis, f. walking, a walk, a postmeridian, Cie. fin. 5, 1; ambulatiōibus Compitalicis, Att. 2, 3, f.; add or. 1, 28; pila cursus ambulatio, Cels. 1, 2, p. 14, 32 Dar.; 2. a place for walking, a walk, nihil restabat praeter balnearia et ambulatiōem, Cie. Q. fr. 3, 1, 1; intercolumnia ambulatiōis, 3, 1, 5; a. sub dio pedes lata denos, Varr. r. 3, 5, 9; ambulatiōes meritiāno aequinoctiali subiectae sunt, Colum. 1, 6, 2; in ambulatiōibus uigilandum, Suet. tranq. 17, 8; pensilis a., Plin. 36, 83; porticus ambulatiōis, Vitr. 5, 9, 2; hypaethrae ambulatiōes, 5, 2, 5; add inser. Or. 6449.

**ambulatiū-cula**, ae, f. diu. a short walk, cum una ambulatiūcula (uo-tra) omnes fructus provinciae non confere, Cie. fluu. 2, 12, 2; 2. a place for a short walk, Cie. Att. 13, 29, 2.

**ambulātor**, ōris, m. one given to walking, a walker, nilius ne sit a., Cato r. 1, 2; quoted by Colum. 1, 8, 7; transiberinus a., Mart. 1, 41, 3.

**ambulātor-ius**, adj. movable, turres, bell. Alex. 2, 5; Vitr. 10, 19, 3; operculum (alibi, Plin. 21, 80; 2. adapted for walking, porticus, Ulp. dig. 8, 5, 8, 1; 3. met. subject to change, mutable, revocable, uoluntas, ib. 24, 1, 32, 3; potestas legis, Paul. dig. 23, 5, 10; condicio, Papin. 40, 7, 34.

**ambulatrix**, icis, f. one given to walking, a gadabout, nilica, Cato r. 143, 1.

**ambulātū-r**, ae, f. [ambulator] ambling (of a horse), ambulatura gratia discernuntur; gradus est minutus et creber et qui sedentem delectet, Veg. vet. 6, 6, 6; add 6, 6, 7; 3, 5, 3.

**ambulātus**, ōis, m. the power of walking, Arnob. 1, 48.

**ambulo**, are, vb. dim. [root uad of uado, =*uad* of *uado*; see below] walk, as opposed to other forms of going, non domist: Abit ambulatum: domist: ornatur: lauat, Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 96; Sinito ambulare, si foris, si intus uolent, Capt. 1, 2, 5; Heus tu uiator lasse qui me praeteris, Cum diu ambulacris, tamen hoc neniundum est tibi, CIL 1431; quum in hortis cum vicino suo ambulauisset, Cie. acad. pr. 51; cum in sole ambulans, fieri ut colorer, Cie. or. 2, 60; qui possit triduo septingenta milia passuum ambulare, Quint. 78; iter est ius emudi ambulandi bouini, non etiam iumentum agendi, Ulp. dig. 8, 3, 1; ambulans aliquae aues ut cornices; saluat aliae ut passeris, Plin. 10, 111; (Aegyptii) mures bipedes ambulant, 10, 186; 2. in mil. lang., of a march out, including cavalry, ut iter in nense tau equites quam pedes educatur ambulatum, Veg. mil. 1, 27; 3. at times, in light style, of other goings, delectam L. Sanccio litteras ad te; sed ut philosophi ambulanti, has tibi reddimus uti potabam prius, Cie. Att. 7, 1, 1; si recte ambulauerit is qui hanc epistolam tulit, in ipsum

tuum diem incidit, 9, 4, f.; eo modo ambulat Caesar ut timeam me..., 8, 14, 1;

4. w. bolder met. annis qua naves ambulant, Cato r. 1, 3; Nilus per deserta ambulans, Plin. 5, 51; asteria...lucum...nec intus ambulante alio atque alio loco reddens, 37, 131; ambulante cena, Mart. 7, 48, 5; quod deinde caput translatum per omnes leges ambulauit, Plin. 10, 139; 5. esp. in law, pass, change hands, iniuriarum obligationes cum capite ambulanti—run with, Paul. dig. 4, 5, 7, 1; per plures personas si emptio ambulauerit, Gai. dig. 4, 4, 15; ambulabit stipulatio, Ulp. dig. 7, 1, 25, 2; ambulat cum domino bonorum possessio, 37, 11, 2, 9; 6. w. cogn. acc., Xerxes cum maria ambulauisset, Cie. fin. 2, 112; uias, Ov. F. 1, 122 (cf. Quint. 1, 5, 38); 7. w. acc. of measure, triduo septingenta milia passuum ambulare, Cie. Quint. 78; si statim bina ambulauerit, Plin. 23, 26; 8. pass. imp. sedetur, ambulatur, Varr. l. 6, 1; add Gell. 2, 2, 9; 9. It. andare, pres. uado

no ad Fr. aller, pr. uais, G. wand-el-n, wand-en are of same stock, as also G. wall-en, as used in Bible; ich wolle wallen zum Hause Gottes, ps. 42, 5; so too callis a foot-path and Ital. galleria, E. gallery; tor change of md w. mb cf. temptare from tendere, through a lost tembere; cf. too lumbi = G. lende, imbuo = *ar-deua* for *arabua*.

**amb-urb-ā**, adj. n. as sb. = amb-urb-ium.

**amb-urb-ā-lis**, adj. [amburbium] of the ceremony amburbium, hostiae, Paul. ex F. p. 5.

**amb-urb-ium**, ii, n. an annual sacrifice for purifying Rome by conducting victims round it, Paul. ex F. p. 5 and 17; Vopisc. Aur. 20, 3.

**amb-ūro**, are, ssi, stus, vb. [an = *awa* away + *bu-ro* older form of *uro*, cf. bustum, E. burn, G. brenn-en] burn up, destroy wholly by fire, Volcani iratiss filius, Quaque tangit, omne amburit, Pl. Ep. 5, 2, 9; qui cum istace sciet Facta ita esse, amburit misero ci corculum carboniculis, Most. 4, 2, 22; Nam nimis eulacat: amburat gutturem, Mil. 3, 2, 22; O (Bergk ej.) regina erit tempus cum hic torris etem amhuri nides, Aen. 439 R; Terret ambustus Phaethon avaras Spes, Hor. od. 4, 11, 25; also of Phaethon: ambustaque nubila fumant, Ov. M. 2, 209; ambusti homines nimentaque foeda primum fuga, dein strage obstruunt itinera portarum, Liv. 30, 6, 6; magna uis frumenti ambusta, Tac. h. 5, 12; ut Lituae pars uestis et capilli amburentur, Suet. Tib. 6; Pompeiani theatri quod ambustum restituerat, Claud. 21; Ruth dum per stipulas agresti amburitur aesta, Prud. Ham. 785; 2. esp. of the burning of corpses, amor laudes deus Silent ambusto corpore et leto tacet, CIL 1009, 17; ut sine funere ambureretur, Cie. Mil. 86; cuius (sc. Herculis) corpore ambusto uirtutem (eius) immortalitas exsepce dicatur, Sest. 143; librisque ambustum propriis, Hor. s. 1, 10, 64; 3. *ambustus* met. prob. from lightning, blasted, esp. in character, hic (sc. Verres) sociorum ambustus incendio, tamen ex illa flamma enoluit, Cie. Verr. 2, 1, 70; ambustum religiosissimis ignibus (sc. Clodius), har. resp. 4; damnatione collegae et sua prope ambustus enas-erat, Liv. 22, 35, 3; ambustae fortunarum mearum reliquias, Cie. dom. 113;

4. frost-bitten, ambusti multorum artus in frigoribus, Tac. an. 13, 35; ambusta prunis Lumina, Val. F. 4, 70;

5. a cognomen, as N. Fabius M. f. Q. n. Ambustus, tr. mil. (348 a. u. c.), Fasti Cap.; C. Fabius M. f. Q. n. Ambustus

tr. mil. II (353), ib.; 6. ambustum as sb. n. a burn, coriaudrum sanat cum melle ambusta, Plin. 20, 217; add 24, 10 and 147; 27, 27, 35, 100; 21, 42; 7. the deriv. aub-uro and the transl. singe is condemned by the exx. except in the latter case by 8.

**ambustio**, ōis, f. [amburo] a burn, Plin. 23, 87.

**ambustūlo**, are [am + buro] vb. dim. singe slightly, Teque ambustulatum magnis obiciam aubus pabulum, Pl. Rud. 3, 4, 65.

**ambustus**, part. of amburo.

**amēcus** for amicus, Paul. ex F. p. 15.

**amellus**, i, m. the plant star-wort, aster amellus, Linn.; flos in pratis eum nomen amello fecere agricolae, Verg. G. 4, 271; add Colum. 9, 4, 4.

**amēn**, adv. [Hebrew] truly, be it so, Et respondens ferit aera uocibus amēn, Auson. Eph. in or. f.; Amen red-

didit, Halleluia dixit, Prud. cath. 4, 72; 2. but *āmen* in Paul. Nol. 17 etc.

**ā-mens**, adj. without mind, one's senses lost, mad, silly, idiotic, bewildered, ita meum fragit amens animus (sc. amor), Pl. Cist. 2, 1, 11; Amens amansque ut animus (ego) offirmo meum, Dico... Merc. 1, 1, 82; amens ira feruere, Afr. 128 R; pater igitur amens? At is fuit omnium constantissimus, Cic. Rose. Am. 41; incurristi amens in columnas, or. 224; homo amens-simus atque in omnibus consiliis praecepit, Phil. 5, 37; add Pis. 21; Flac. 105; Dolabellam ut Tarsenses pessimi socii, ita Laodiceis multo amantiores alio accesserunt, Cass. ad Cie. fam. 12, 13, 4; Arma āmens cāpio, Verg. 2, 314; cursuque amens ad limina tendit, 2, 321; obmunit amens, 4, 279; amens agitantibus furis Tullia, Liv. 1, 48, 7; amentes repentino terrore, 32, 12, 4; add Ov. M. 3, 628; 2. w. abstract noun, inops, ardens, amenti caeca furore, Cat. 64, 197; temeritate nostri amantissimi consilii, Cic. Att. 7, 10; 3. w. gen. animi, Isque amens animi, Verg. 4, 203.

**āmentāus**, see *amento*.

**āmentia**, ae, f. loss of senses, madness, idiocy, stupidity. Di mōnerit (sic) meliora atque amentiam auerruncas-int tuam, Pac. 112 R; Heu cor ira feruit caecum, amentia rapior ferore (ferrore mss), Acc. 350; animi affectionem lumine mentis carentem nominauerunt amentiam eandemque demantiam, Cic. Tusc. 3, 10; ira deorum haec eius statitibus iniecit amentiam ut... Mil. 86; mens sua (certat) cum amentia, in Cat. 2, 25; add Verg. 2, 2, 104; 2, 4, 75; si furore atque amentia impulsus bellum intulisset, Caes. b. g. 1, 40, 4; eius agere amentiam, Sal. lug. 38, 1; tanta uis amentiae nerius quam amoris mentem (Appii) turbauerat, Liv. 3, 47, 4; 2. of temporary loss of senses, stupor, Attonitaeque diu similis fuit, utque dolore Pulsa graui grauis est amentia, curribus auras Exit in aetherias, Ov. M. 5, 511; add Tert. anim. 21; Marc. 4, 22.

1. **āmento** (amm.), āre, [āmentum] fit (a dart) with a thong, quibus ut hastae uelutibus amentatae sic apta quaedam singulis causarum generibus argumenta traduntur, Cic. Brut. 271; and hence met. a quo cum amentatus hastas acceperit, ipse eas oratoris laetitia uinibusque torquebit, or. 1, 242; 2. hence hurl (as in throwing the bolas or lasso), Cum iaculum parua Libys amantauit habena, Luc. 6, 221; 3. and met. inde atros alacer pastosque bitumine torquet Amentatae Noto, Poenorum aplustribus ignes, Sil. 14, 422; amantauit hanc sententiam, Tert. Marc. 4, 33.

2. **āmento**, āre, vb. [āmens] deprive of wits, *απονοω* amento, Gloss.

**āmentum** (amm.), i, n. [ap of apiscor, fasten]; cf. *αἶμα* from *ἀπρω*, a thong, esp. that attached to a light javelin, for whirling it before discharge, ut tragulam cum epistola ad amentum deligata intra munitionem abiecit, Caes. b. g. 5, 48, 5; humor (sc. nebulae) arcus fundasque et iaculorum amenta emolliat, Liv. 37, 41, 4; Intendunt acris arcus ammentaque\* torquent, Verg. 9, 665; Inserit acuto digitos... In inuenit fortis iaculum, Ov. M. 12, 321; Et uelut amento contorta hostilia turbo Adiuuat, Sil. 9, 509; hasta inuatur Amento, 4, 15; iaculum cum ammento\* Aetolium Martis filium (inuenisse), Plin. 7, 201; Ammentum\* digitis tende prioribus Et totis iaculum dirige iuribus, Sen. Phaedr. 820; so Paul. ex F. p. 12: amenta quibus ut mitti possunt nunciantur iacula; 2. a (leathern) shoe-tie, sedens hinc (sc. Corneliae) posita (statua) soleisique sine ammento\* (al. amento) insignis, Plin. 34, 31; amenta, soleorum lora, Paul. ex F. 12; 3. admentum, not. Tir. 84; amentum *λαβον*, *αχωνορ*—amentum\* *ἀμα* *λεγχης*, gloss. Labb.

**āmēria**, ne, f. a city of Umbria, Cato ap. Plin. 3, 114.

**Amērinus**, adj. of Ameria, Cic. Rose. Am. 15.

**ām-ēs**, tris, adj. as sb. m. [am round, it older form of i—go, cf. it—comes, pedes etc.] lit. revolving—hence a fowler's (revolving) pole, by two of wh. the net is whirled round, Aut ameli leui rara tendit retia, Hor. epod. 2, 33; nunc in amibilibus apparatus acupium nocturne ceteraque instrumenta capturae (text secus corrupt), Pall. 10, 12; amites, perticae acupales, Paul. ex F. p. 23 M; 2. gen.

a pole, per transversa laterum cana transmittuntur amites (dub.) qui exitus forarum obscent, Colum. 9, 1, 3; amites bastenarum, Pall. 7, 2, 3.

**āmēthystīnus**, quasi-part. dressed in amethyst or violet, Mart. 2, 57, 2.

**āmēthystinus**, adj. of amethyst—hence of the colour of amethyst, (colorem) amethystinum qui a viola et ipse in purpureum (trahitur), Plin. 21, 45; uestes, Mart. 1, 96, 7; trientes, 10, 49, 1; lanae, lemma of 14, 154 where: Non uideo quare sobria lana uocer.

**āmēthystizon**, Gr. part. becoming of the colour of amethyst, Plin. 37, 93.

**āmēthystus**, adj. as sb. f. (in Isid. or. 16, 9) [not to be made drunk] amethyst, purpureus amethystos, Ov. a. a. 3, 181; amethysti Indicae, Plin. 37, 121; magorum uinitas ebrietati eas (amethystos) resistere promittit, 37, 124; ille emicans in amethysto fulgor niolaceus, 37, 125.

**āmētor**, adj. motherless, Tert. praescr. cap. 53.

**āmfitapos** (amph.), adj. sluggy on both sides—whence as sb. m. f. or n. a coat of the kind, amfitape uilis ingentibus, Lucil. ap. Non. 540, 25; pluma atque amfitape, ib.; super amfitape bene molli, Varr. ib.; uestimenta uirilia ueluti amfitape et saga, Ulp. dig. 34, 2, 23, 2.

**āmflexus**, part. implies a vb. am-flecto] bent round, (Gallia) grandi circuitu amflexa, Mel. 3, 2, 1.

**amfractūrus**, not. Tir. 132.

**amfractu-ōsus** (amf.), adj. loentio, long-winding, Aug. temp. 135 (59).

**amfractus**, us, m.; anfractus, i, n. (anf.) [for ambractus, from a lost am-br, comp. of am round; see below § 7] driving round, hence, a circuit or revolution, cum aetas tua septenos octiens solis anfractus rebusque conuerterit, Cic. rep. 6, 12; 2. Aut quia sol idem sub terras atque superne Imparibus currens anfractus... Lucr. 5, 683; add 1, 718; quid tanta uis aeris quae ab humilissimis laeue anfractibus usque ad summum Olympi uerticem interiacet, Apul. d. deo Socr. 8; a winding, a bend in a road, terrarum anfracta (al. anf.), Acc. 336 R; uiae latitudo ex lege XII tabularum in porrectum octo pedes in anfractum, id est ubi flexum est sexdecim, Gai. dig. 8, 3, 8; leges iubent (niam) in directo pedum VIII esse, in anfractu XVI, id est in flexu, Varr. l. 7, 2, p. 301 R; murus recta regione si nullus anfractus intercederet MCC passus aberat, quidquid huc circuitus... accesserat... Caes. b. g. 7, 40, 1; anfractus uicium, Liv. 38, 45, 8; illa (niam) qua omnes conuectant, altero tanto longior habebat anfractus, ps. Nep. Eum. 8, 5; cauta animus (so Riese, mss anrium) anfracta, in silium iolantes, Varr. s. 189, 2 R; molliuque amfractibus modicis cliuis, Liv. 21, 37, 3; per litorem amfractus (so in both passages Drak., Madv. anf.), 38, 7, 3; Nec maris anfractus, Luc. 5, 416; 3. geo. a circle, a round, a coil, conuoluta in anfractum (cornua) arietum generi, Plin. 37, 124; immensis reubantem anfractibus anguem, Val. F. 7, 523; 4. the circular procession of the Ambaratulia, in annuis anfractibus (al. anf.), Cic. leg. 2, 19; cf. Engub. tab.; 5. spherical form, e. g. of the earth as a globe, e. feto emergentibus quae in anfractu pliae latere sideribus, Plin. 2, 179; 6. met. of woves, winding, going round and round, a windlace (Sh. Hamlet, 2, 1), quid opus est circumtione et anfractu (in the interpretation of dreams); potius quam directo deus 'hoc facio' dicere, Cic. div. 2, 127; (coniunctio uerborum) circumscriptione non longo anfractu sed ad spiritum uocis apto, part. or. 21; in Clu. 1531. mss iudiciorum without anfractu; iuris a., Quint. 12, 9, 3; haec desertione et anfractus (sc. oratorum), 9, 2, 78.

7. The assumed amb-er appears as ampr or ambr in Umbr. ampr-eto (= amb-ito), Engub. tabl. I b 21, ed. A K; ampr-efus (= amb-uerit), I b 20; ambr-etto (= amb-eunto), VI b 56, 63, 64; ambr-efurent (= amb-uerit), VI b 56.

**amfrāg-ōsus**, adj. [for ambr-ag-ōsus, v. amfractus] *περιοθνηστος* *ποτός* = a. locus, gloss.

**amia**, ae, m. f. a kind of tunny, Plin. 9, 49.

**āmianthus**, i, m. [not to be polluted] a kind of asbestos, nihil igni dependit, Plin. 36, 139.

**āmica**, adj. f. as sb. a female friend, Tum tuas amicas te et cognatas deserere et festos dies Mea causa nolo, Ter.

Hee. 4, 2, 16; Claudiae Ti. f. Secundae Sempronia L. f. Fortunata amicae f. inser. Grut. 865, 17; 2. gen. (a euphemism for a mistress, Et ille adueniens tūam me (so E, not me), esse amicam suspicabitur, Pl. Bac. 1, 1, 27; amicam erilem, 2, 1, 44 etc.; Sine (sine sine ista) uxor sine amica, gratia e Pamphilost, Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 11; Amicam ut haberes prope iam in uxoris loco, Hant. 1, 1, 52; reiecta mater amicam impuri filii sequebatur, Cie. Phil. 2, 58; amicae amicis amiculo, div. 2, 143; add Hor. s. 1, 3, 38 etc.; pellicum...quam nunc nro nomine amicam paulo honestiore concubina appellari, Paul. dig. 50, 10, 144.

**amicabilis**, adj. friendly, amicable, compositio, Th. C. 22, 1, 1, 2; 51, 1, 3; consortium, Firm. Math. 5, 5; 2. amicabiliter, adv. amicably, Julian. epist. nov. 63, 211.

**amicalis**, adj. of a friend or friends, (Iuppiter) amicalis, Apul. mund. 37; affectio, Ulp. dig. 17, 1, 10, 7; add Th. C. 15, 5, 6, 58.

**amicarius** = leno, Diom. 326, 13 K.

**amicus**, see amicus.

**amicilla**, f. doubl. dim. of amica, Clodio Cornelia amilla amico, inser. Grut. 1131, 10.

**amicimen**, inis, n. a cloak, Apul. M. 11, 9.

**amicinum**, i, n. neck of a wine sack, Paul. ex F. 15; see amicum.

**amicus**, i, m. ἀσπυ στροφα, gloss. Labb.

**ām-icio**, ire, icui\* or ixi\*, ictus, vb. [facio or icio] lit. throw round—hence cloak, put on (an outer garment), v. acc. of what is covered, rugat pallium, Amictus non sum comode, Pl. fr. 2, 51 (Delph.). Subnixis alis me inferam utque amictor gloriose, Pers. 2, 5, 6; Diabathra in pedibus habebat lato (T.H.K. ed.; mss. erāt) amictus epicuro, Naev. ap. Varr. l. 7, p. 338 Sp.; laena amictus, Cie. Brut. 56; pallium quo amictus, or, 3, 127; uelis amictus non togis, in Cat. 2, 22; hanc togam quo sum amictus, Pis. 73; amicae amictus amiculo, div. 2, 143; qui te toga praetexta amicit\* f. Brut. ap. Diom. p. 367, 27 k; simulacrum... amictiobator ueste quā ipse uteretur, Suet. Cal. 22; 2. absol. put on a cloak, celeris mater amicit\* f. Varr. ap. Diom. 367, 28; 3. met. quicquid chartis amictur inepit, Hor. ep. 2, 1, f. ossa pelle amicta lurida, epod. 17, 22; Nube candentis ueris amictus, od. 1, 2, 31; amicta nitibus nubo, ep. 1, 16, 3; amictae nitibus ulmi, Ov. M. 10, 100.

**amicit̃er**, see amicus.

**amicitia**, ae, f. [amicus] friendship, Vitam amicitiam nolytatem laetitia iudum locum, Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 5 etc.; inimicitiam atque amicitiam in fronte promptum gero, Enn. ap. Gell. 19, 8, 6; Per te deos oro et nostram amicitiam Chreme, Ter. Andr. 3, 3, 6 etc.; Hunc nexare pudorem, hunc uincula amicitiae (note form) Rupere, Lucr. 3, 83; fugienda esse nimias amicitias, Cie. am. 45; amicitiam e uita tollunt, ib. 47; 2. between states, friendship, alliance, in dicione potestate amicitia (e populi Romani), CIL 108, 1; add 200, 75 and 83; Vbi qui uni ex transrhenaenis...amicitiam ferebant, Caes. b. g. 4, 10, 5; amicitia populi Romani, 4, 16, 7; Sal. Ing. 8, 2; add Liv. 34, 31, 5 and 10.

**amicities**, ei, f. the same, Tunc et amicitium cooperunt iungere, Lucr. 5, 1019; add Plin. ap. Char. 118, 15 K.

**amico**, are, vb. make friendly, solita pree nomen amicit, Stat. Th. 3, 470.

**amicosus**, adj. [amica] having many mistresses, Diom. 326, 17 K.

**amicotrium**, ii, n. [inpl. a sb. amictor fm amic] a cloak of any kind, Th. C. s. 48, 1; 2. esp. a lady's scarf, Iemma, of Mart. 14, 149; Hieron. in Isai. 2, 3, 23.

1. **amictus**, part. of amictor.

2. **amictus**, ūs, m. an outer dress, a cloak or overcoat... status amictus aulus inuago ipsa declarat, Cie. Att. 6, 1, 17; add or. 2, 91; quae amictui sunt tangam, Varr. l. 5, 30; duplicem ex uomeris reiecit amictum, Verg. 5, 421; Et capita ante aras Phrygiu uelamur amictu, 3, 545; Tyrios landabais amictus, Or. a. a. 2, 297; est aliquid in amictu, Quint. 11, 3, 137; add §§ 145, 150; 2. met. caeli munitus amictum, Lucr. 6, 1134; Et multo nebulae circum dea fudit amictu, Verg. 1, 416; curui uolubere dentis...iam

scindite amictus, Colum. 10, 70; Tecta superieeto nebulam incendit amictu, Stat. Th. 1, 631.

**āmīcula**, ae, f. dim. of contempt, [amica] a miserable mistress, amīcula aspera atque praecox, Lucil. ap. Non. 150, 15; add Plin. ep. 3, 9, 13; Suet. Cal. 33.

**āmīculū**, quasi-part. [amiculum] clothed, pars ob-scaeta tantum amīculatī, Solin. 52, 20.

**āmīcus**, adj. [amic] friendly, loving, Sed quis homo est? amīcus uobis, Pl. Poen. 5, 4, 43; animo esse amīco sensisti eam, Ter. Hee. 3, 3, 29; tribuni pl. designati sunt nobis amīci, Cie. Q. fr. 1, 2 f.; munus amīcum, Verg. 2, 735; dea... studiis adit amīca meis, Ov. F. 3, 834; 2. met. amīca silentia lunae, Verg. 2, 255; imbris, G. 4, 115; sidus, Hor. epod. 10, 9; Nec dis amīcum est me mīhi te prius Obire, od. 2, 17, 2; uentus, Ov. tr. 1, 5, 17; tempus, Stat. Th. 5, 2, 38; 3. comp. and sup. amīcor mīhi nullus unū atque is est, Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 56; ut ego amīcor inuenīrer Phrygiū aerariis quam no-oro, Cie. Att. 7, 1, 6; add fam. 3, 2, 1; 3, 3, 1; quis amīcor quam frater fratri? Sal. lug. 10, 5; dictis facta amīcor adiecit, Liv. 2, 15 f.; amīcissimum amīcam, Pl. Ps. 5, 1, 18; successori amīcissimo, Cie. fam. 3, 3, 11;

4. a comp. amīcor found in inferior mss. as in Cie. fam. 3, 2, 1; 3, 3, 1; Sal. lug. 10, 5; Liv. 2, 15, 6; 27, 4, 6; Apul. mag. 19; see Phil. Trans. 1856, p. 346;

11. 5. as sb. m. a friend, Deos atque amīcos it salutatum, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 113; Nunc ibi hinc et amīcos meos curabo hic aduenientis, St. 5, 3, 9; Nisi uides, nisi senis amīcos oras, amib. Ter. Andr. 2, 2, 36; sei...uoluptate fui Viro atque amīcis, CIL 1008, 15; Ille amīcus noster, Cie. Att. 2, 21, 3; nec potentem amīcum Largiora flagito, Hor. od. 2, 18, 12;

6. of states and potentates, iei...amīci societate populi Romani sunt, CIL 204, 1, 7; uti consules eos in amicorum formulam referendos curarent, 203, 7; Castico eruit patre a senatu populi Romani amīcus appellatus erat, Caes. b. g. 1, 3, 4; add 1, 35, 2 etc.; 7. met. neritatis amīcus, Cie. off. 1, 63; misse cum ueteribus amīcis (id est cum libris nostris) in gratiam, Cie. fam. 9, 1, 2;

8. amīcum as gen. pl. Amīcum ingenio fretum, Ter. Hant. prol. 24; 9. amīcus, as dat. pl., inser. Or. 4681;

11. 10. amīce adv. in a friendly way, kindly, facis amīce, sed... Cie. am. 4; erga nos amīce et beniuole, fin. 1, 34; but in Hor. od. 3, 2, 1 Angustam amīce pauperem patit, amīce is the voc., cf. for metre sumptuosā, od. 2, 23, 18; periret, 3, 5, 17 and Alcaeus passim. The position too of amīce is in favour of a voc., against the adv.; 11. comp. quid fieri amīcus potest? Fronto 3, 3, 1; 12. superl. cum Verre amīcissime uinere, Cie. Caecil. 29; add Caes. b. c. 2, 17, 1; 11. 13. amīcītē adv. Quia mīco amīcītē hanc commoditatis copiam, Pl. Pers. 2, 3, 3; Nunc ne illum (neillum L. Müll. ej. Herm. 23, 697) expectes quando amīce amīcītē fecisti, Pac. ap. Non. 510, 25; for length of e et liberalitē, largitē, turpitē, alio, circitē, senetē, in Key's Language, p. 110.

**Amīllus**, i, m. [?] a cognomen, Mart. 7, 62, 1 and 5; Q. Vibius Amīllus, inser. Mur. 65, 5.

**āmīnaeus**, (-neus) adj. of a lost town Amīna, in the ager Falernus, celebrated for its vines, Amīne fuerunt ubi nunc Falernum, Maer. s. 3, 20, 7; 2. hence Amīnaeum (inimm), Cato r. 7, 1; add Varr. r. 1, 25; Sunt et Amīnae uites, firmissima uina, Verg. G. 2, 97; add Colum. 3, 2, 7; Plin. 14, 21; Sereu. 20, 544.

**āmīssibilis**, adj. [amitto] that may be lost, Aug. trin. 5, 4; 15, 13.

**āmīssio**, ōnis, f. loss, oppidum, Cie. Pis. 40; dignitatis, 43; omnium rerum, Cie. fam. 4, 3; 2; foliorum, Plin. 17, 12; (boni), Sen. ep. 4, 6.

1. **āmīsus**, ūs, m. loss, ps. Nep. Ale. 6, 2.

2. **āmīsus**, part. of amitto.

**āmīta**, ae, f. [akin to auos, cf. auunculus] sister of a father, paternal aunt—(opp. to matertera, aunt on the mother's side); patru (et) amītae; amīculi et matertera, Paul. dig. 38, 10, 8; amīta est patris soror, ib. § 14; Chuentia amīta huius Habiti, Cie. Clu. 30; (Aebutina) ad Aebutina se amītam contulit, Liv. 39, 11, 3; si mīhi nulla Iam reliqua ex amībis, patruelis nulla, pronepes, Pers. 6, 52; add Auson. ep. 17, 1; 2. a. magna est aui soror, Paul.

b. § 15; quae patris mei vel matris meae amita est, mihi erit a. magna, ib.; 3. a. maior, ea est proavi soror, patris vel matris a. magna, § 16; 4. a. maxima, ea est avia soror, § 17; 5. Hence E. aunt; cf. our emmet, now ant.

**Amiterneus**, adj. of Amiternum, Inscr. Reines. 1, 234. **Amiternus**, adj. of Amiternum, qui circa Aternum habitant, Amiterni appellati, Varr. l. 5, 5; Quaeque Amiterninis defertur bunias arvis, Colum. 10, 422; (epicorum genera) Amiternina, Plin. 19, 105; Amiterninae civitatis, Inscr. Or. 6475; 2. inhabitant of same, Sabinorum Amiterni, Plin. 3, 107; C. Sallio C. f. Quir. Proculo, ... populi Amit. sacerdoti, Inscr. Or. 106; C. Sallio C. f. Quir. Proculo patrono civitatis Amiternorum, 3794.

**Amiternius**, m. name of a gens, assumed by a municipal slave of Amiternum when emancipated, M. Amiternius I. Lucundus, Marin. fr. Arv. p. 214.

**Amiternum**, i, n. [am Aternum] a town of the Sabines, on the Aternus, birthplace of Sallust, now S. Vittorino, Amiternum oppidum vi cepit, Liv. 10, 39, 2; add Inscr. Or. 3961.

**Amiternus**, adj. of Amiternum, Vna ingens Amiternus colitur, Verg. 7, 710; ager, Mart. 13, 20, 1; napi, Plin. 18, 131.

**amitina**, see amitus.

**Amitinenses**, amn, adj. a people of Etruria, Plin. 3, 52.

**Amitinum**, i, n. a town of Latium, Plin. 3, 68.

**amitinus**, a. adj. of a paternal aunt, hence amitinus as sb. m. son of the same, amitina daughter of same, Gai. dig. 30, 10, 6 and 7; Paul. 38, 10, 15; Paul. sent. 4, 11, 4; Non. 577, 11.

**amitto**, cre, misi (or missi), missus, vb. let go away, Ego me amitti, donec ille huc redierit, non postulo, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 89; add 82; 3, 4, 57; Ni hunc amittis exurgebi quicquid humoris tibi, Rud. 4, 3, 70; Verberone etiam an (so T. H. K.; cf. B) amittis (amitto)? Mil. 5, 1, 31; nunc amitte quaeso hunc, Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 91; add 5, 8, 27;

2. let go away without intending it, let slip, lose, Nucleum amisi, retinui pigneri putamina, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 122; Cistellam cum crepundis quam ego hic amisi misera, Cist. 4, 2, 43; Seclere manibus amissis praedam, Mil. 2, 5, 47; praeda de manibus amissa (so R), Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 44; add 2, 3, 32; Cael. 64 and 66; Masinissam saucium prope e manibus inter tumultum amisi, Liv. 29, 32, 6; ne tanta ex oculis manibus amitteretur praeda, 30, 24, 10; add 31, 18, 5; 3. lose gen., Rationem habetis quomodo unum amiserit, Pl. Capt. pr. 23; quos...leiberos servosque bello Mitridatis amiserunt, Cil. 204, 2, 1; amisso oppido fugerat in arcem, Cic. sen. 11; mea opera Tarentum receperit, Certe inquit, nam nisi tu amississes, nunquam recepissem, ib.; filium (by death), fam. 4, 6, 1; 4. met. of abstract objects, Certe amittimus dum incerta petimus, Pl. Ps. 2, 3, 10; salutem, Merc. 3, 4, 5; libertatem, Mil. 3, 1, 107; libidinem, a. 8, 50; (confidentiam), Amph. 5, 1, 2; spe amissa, Cil. 1019, 10; tempus, Cic. Att. 8, 3, 6; occasionem, Caecin. 15; 5. note esp. non amittam quia eas, will not let you off going, Pl. St. 1, 3, 33; Verum enim tibi hanc amittam noxiam unam Agorastodes, will let pass (unnoticed) and so forgive, Poen. 1, 2, 191; lectos...amissum propter cariem, let go as worthless, Varr. ap. Non. 83, 10; et vires et corpus amisi, have lost flesh, Cic. fam. 7, 26 f.; 6. never means send away.

**Amniānus**, adj. a cognomen, prob. of adoption, Ammiānus Marcellinus, the historian.

**ammium**, ammi, u. (aumi eos) a plant now called in Italy ammi and combo nostrale, Plin. 20, 264.

**Ammodytes**, ae, m. an African serpent, indiseretus arenis Ammodytes, Lucan. 9, 716; add Solius, 27, 33.

**ammō-facio**, (adm.) ēre, vb. cause to be reminded; adm. = ἐμνηστικῶς, Gloss.

**am-mōneo**, (adm.) 7 cre, ni, itus, vb. [an = ara; one with ἀμνηστικῶς] remind, Pater nunc cessat. Quid si ammoneam? (so B). Tempus est, Pl. Pers. 4, 7, 14; Rūdiculūm te istuc t me ammoneo (so B) Clitipho, Ter. Haut. 2, 3,

112; quorum nihil oportere exquisitis rationibus confirmare, tantum esse satis, ammoneo (so mss, but soon after ammoneum BE), Cic. fin. 1, 30; in qua de aede Telluris me admoneo, Q. fr. 3, 1, 14; eam rem vos locus admoneat, Sal. Jug. 79, 1; Vesper ubi e pastu tandem decedere campis admoneat, Verg. G. 4, 187; add A. 9, 109; Ast ubi me fessum sol acrior iret laetum admoneat, Hor. s. 1, 6, 126; adhaere se admoneat religionum, Liv. 5, 51, 8; and met. telo admoneat biugos, Verg. 10, 587; 2. esp. a debtor, admoneat huius aeris? alieni, Cic. Top. 5; cum tibi quotidie potestas fuisset hominis admoneat, verbum nullum facis, Quint. 40; 3. a delicate mode of giving advice or warning, as though one were only reminding, vide sitne istae nostra iunctura. Licet: pulcre admoneat, Pl. Mil. 2, 6, 56; Cur non illam huc transferri iubes? Recte ammoneo (so BE), Ter. Andr. 5, 4, 50; illud t esse admoneum nolo, Cic. Cael. 8; qui admoneat amice, N. D. 2, 166; add Att. 9, 9, 2; 4. so of warnings from heaven, Admonet in somnis et turbida terret imago, Verg. 4, 353; multa ostentis, multa exis ammoneum, Cic. N. D. 2, 166; quam multi inopes nullo somno ad thesaurum repentinum admoneatur, ib. 2, 134; 5. constr. w. gen., alium egestas alium cupiditatis suae, Sal. Cat. 21, 4; Camilli, Liv. 5, 46, 6; foederis, 15, 13; patrii lectus, Ov. M. 7, 480; equorum, 15, 542; see \* above; 6. w. acc. met. of pron. and like words see t; 7. rarely of other acc., for eam rem in Sal. of § 1 is dub.; 8. w. inf. in poets; see t; 9. w. acc. and inf. of a fact, admoneat cum securibus sibi fascies praefert, Liv. 24, 9, 2; 10. w. ut or ne and subj. or subj. alone, illud t me praecela admoneo, ne nimis diligenter et ut eum gravitate potius loquar, Cic. Att. 9, 9, 2; ne uoce pericula quaerant, Ov. M. 2, 565; ut terneret feras, Phaeac. 1, 11, 4; nenieuti matri occurreret, Tac. an. 13, 5; negotiis abstinere, Snet. Tib. 50; 11. orthog. ad praepositio, interdum variat, ut ammoneat ammineum, Cassiod. 229, 17; amm. also in Pl. Pers. 4, 7, 14 B, and Ov. F. 2, 524; 3, 36; 3, 612; 3, 850 in mss E and T (orthographia mirifica he says) of Merkel, collated by himself; and in mss A of Halm's Quint. 2, 4, 10; 4, 1, 36; 4, 3, 16; 4, 5, 4; see also above, cf. Haapt. Herm. 3, 154; 12. hence ammoneo for ammoneo often occurs as in mss of Liv. 3, 4, 1; 5, 46, 6; 8, 28, 3.

**ammōniācus**, see haemmoniacus.

**ammōnitio**, (adm.) ōnis, f. [ammoneo] reminding, tanta nis ammonitionis inest in locis, ut non siue causa ex his memoriae ducta sit disciplina, Cic. flu. 5, 2; add Quint. 6, 1, 37; Plin. 19, 8; Ulp. dig. 5, 1, 2, 7; and met. Cic. Tusc. 5, 19; morbi, Plin. 24, 15S; doloris, 25, 88; 2. a warning bordering on reproach, tum oburgatio, si est auctoritas; tum ammonitio, quasi lenior oburgatio, Cic. or. 2, 307; ammonitionem et praecpta desiderant, off. 1, 145; ammonitio tua me reprimere posset, Planc. ad Cic. 10, 4, 2; ammonitio frequens, interdum et castigatio, Vell. 2, 114, 3; fustium ammonitio, haecellorum castigatio, Callist. dig. 48, 19, 7.

**ammōnitor** (adm.), ōris, m. [id.] one who reminds, a reminder, Cic. fam. 9, 8, 1; top. 5; Ov. M. 4, 664.

**ammōnitor-ium**, (adm.) adp. n. as sb. a warning or precept, Justin. ad Treb. f.

**ammōnitrix**, icis, f. one who reminds, Pl. Truc. 2, 6, 10 (lect. dub.).

**ammōnitum**, (adm.) part. n. as sb. a reminding, praecpta, admonita, Cic. or. 2, 64.

**ammōnitus**, ūs, m. reminding, locorum, Cic. fin. 5, 4; add Att. 13, 18; Ammonitio recreatur amor, Ov. rem. am. 729; add F. 3, 612; 2. warning, advice, hint, suggestion, pullariorum, Cic. fam. 10, 12, 3; Terrore ammonitio, Ov. F. 3, 36; Attici, Nep. Att. 20, 3; Ov. M. 3, 566.

**ammoneum**? i, n. a plant, reading of R in Plin. 21, 176 where Siliig amaracum.

**amnēsis**, (amnensis) adj. near a river, amneses urbes sitae prope amnem, Paul. ex F. 17.

**amni-cōl-a**, ae, m. f. river-inhabiting, salices, Ov. M. 10, 96.

**amni-cūlus**, i, m. dim. a little river, rivulet, Liv. 36, 22, 8.

**amnic-us**, adj. of a river, calami, Plin. 16, 166; super amnica terga, Auson. Mosel. 205; stips (ferry-money), Apul. M. 6, 20.

**amni-gén-a**, ae, m. f. river-born, Val. F. 5, 584; Auson. Mosel. 116.

**am-nis**, is, m. (f. in Varro and old drama) [root ap in S. water = aq of aqua; for change of p to m before n cf. damnum for dāp-nūm akin to dāp-ānā, som-nus for sop-nus], river (so am-n = E. Avon), lit. water, but so in poets only, hoc (sc. dictamno) fusum labris splendentibus amnem Inficit, Verg. 12, 417; Plia et Oceani spretos pede repulit amnes, G. 4, 233; Belua sed ponti non multum praeterit amnem, Germ. phaen. 362; 2. a river, a stream, Ad caput amnis qui (quod mss) de caelo exoritur sub solo Iouis, Pl. Tr. 4, 2, 98; Neque mihi ulla opisthet amnis nec mons nec adeo mare, Merc. 5, 2, 18; add Poen. 3, 3, 15 and 17; Sed quasi amnis, quamvis rapida (T.H.K. ej.; amnis uis rapit mss) tamen in flexu flectitur, Naev. ap. Non. 191 (as an ex. of amnis f.); ludere inter se laetantis uidi mus Praeter amnem, Naev. 47 R; Apud abundantem Arginam (so L. Müller, as prob.; mss antiquam) amnem et rapidas undas Inachi, Acc. 207 R; Atque acernus alta in amni corpore (flesh) explenti hostio, ib. 323; amnis quam olim Albulam dicunt notatam, Varr. perip. 17 Jord.; (3) last ex. also fm Non. 191, 2; amnium aufracta, 189, 21; quosdam exaruisse amnes, Cic. div. 1, 38; alter (sc. Herodotas) sine ulis salebris quasi sedatus amnis fluit, or. 39; Vnicus in terris Aegypti totius amnis, Lucr. 6, 713; ad iusti amnis cursum, Liv. 1, 4, 4; secundo defluit anni, Verg. G. 3, 447; secundo amne, Curt. 4, 7, 9; aduerso amne, 10, 1, 16; 3. of the constellation Eridanus, et magnus pariter delabitur amnis, Cic. Arat. 384 (630); cum clarus fingerit amnis, Germ. phaen. 644; 4. of the ocean, once deemed a river, Quaque patent ortus, et qua fluitantibus undis Solis ambulantes aluiant amnis equos, Tib. 2, 5, 60; lam nox...enucleo lauerat amne potas, 3, 4, 18; 5. as opposed to a river, a stream, ad luno fluuio ubi confluit altera (al. alter) amnis ad summum flumen, Varr. r. 3, 5, 9; Baetis uno amne decurrit, Mela 3, 1; 6. of other streams than rivers, fuit intus aqua Fumidis atque alte spumis exuberant amnes, Verg. 7, 465; murti, Pall. 11, 14, 18; 7. w. gen. rather than in appos., Eridani amnis, Verg. 6, 659;

8. abl. amni at times in poet.

**āmo**, āre, vb. [Skr. am, vb. love; cf. Walach. chamor and Erse caenb, Lat. amor; cf. also carus] love, mulieris quam erus meus amabat, Pl. Mil. 2, 1, 33; Scimus quam misere hanc amavit, Ter. Andr. 3, 2, 40; recte amasti uxorem tuam, Hec. 5, 4, 22; Coniunx nua meo praedita amans animo, CIL 1011, 8; 2. absol. metetricum understood, in opposition to marriage, omnes qui amant, grauitur sibi dari uxorem ferunt, Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 20; Meum gnatum rumor est amare, 1, 2, 14; dum licuitus ei...amavit, 2, 6, 13; insensit exercitus amare potare, Sal. Cat. 11, 6; amant potent, Hec. 5, 41; add Hor. s. 2, 3, 150; 3. apart from sexual love, love gen., Videas corde amare inter se: quantis ~ laudibus Suum erum seruos conlaudant, Pl. Capt. 2, 3, 60; di me pater Omnes oderint ni magis te quam oculos nunc amo meos, Ter. Ad. 4, 5, 67; add 5, 7, 5; Cicerones pueri amant inter se, Cic. Att. 6, 1, 12; 4. stronger than diligo (esteem), tantum accessit (ad eum amorem quem erga te habebam) ut mihi nunc denique amare uiderem, antea dixissem, Cic. fam. 9, 14, 5; eum a me non diligi solum, uerum etiam amari, ib. 13, 47; quem ego cum olim mutuo diligerem ex hac officii societate amare ardentius coepi, Plin. ep. 3, 9, 7; 5. amant se, be in love with oneself, be well pleased with oneself, in eo me ualde amo, Cic. Att. 4, 16, 10; quod cuiusque temporis officium sit, poterimus, nisi nosmet ipsos ualde amabimus, indicare, off. 1, 29; ne nimium te amare uideare, top. 51—he too selfish; quam uoluntatem licet ipsi nos amemus, tamen... har. resp. 19; se ipse amans sine rivali, Q. fr. 3, 8, 3; uerum hoc se amplectitur uno, Hoc amat et laudat, Hor. s. 1, 2, 54; 6. for favours conferred, love, be thankful to (for), be obliged to, Multum amabo ob istam rem. Pl. Truc. 4, 4, 26; Ant. Quiesco ergo. Ad. Amo te; sed... Poen. 1, 2, 42; eo ego nos amo, et eo a

me magnam inistis gratiam, Cist. 1, 1, 8; eequid nos amas de filicia istae? Ter. Eun. 3, 2, 3; Amo te, et non neglexisse habeo gratiam, Ph. 1, 2, 4; de randusculo Numeriano multum te amo, Cic. Att. 7, 2, 7; in Attilii negotio te amai, fam. 13, 62, 1; te multum amamus quod ea abs te diligenter curata sunt, Cic. Att. 1, 3, 2; amas me quod te non uidi? Domit. Afer ap. Quint. 6, 3, 93; 7. hence amabo (to often omitted) you will oblige me (if), in asking favours or questions, prytice, please,—esp. in the month of women, Noli amabo Amphitruo irasci Sosiae causa mea, Pl. Amph. 1, 3, 42; Id amabo te lūic caueas, Bac. 1, 1, 10; quis hic amabost, Qui tam pro nota nominat me? Mil. 3, 3, 27; die, amabo te, ubist Diniarchus? Truc. 2, 7, 32 etc.; Hec agite amabo, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 50; add 70; 3, 3, 28; 4, 3, 21; 4, 4, 7; 5, 1, 22; 5, 3, 6; 8. hence almost = rogo in: set scin quid te amabo ut facias, Pl. Men. 2, 3, 71; Menaechebe amare te ut multum Erotium ut...deferas, 3, 3, 1; amabo te ne (id) sceleris meo assignes, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 4, 1; 9.

amabo of request, by Cicero only in ep., cura amabo te Ciceroem no-trum, Cic. Att. 2, 2, 1; add 5, 17, 3; 13, 52; 2; amabo te aduola, Q. fr. 2, 10 f.; 10. si me amas, if you love me, common in urgent requests, si quicquam me amas hunc locum muni, Cic. Att. 5, 5, 13; aduoc, si me amas, Marium, Q. fr. 2, 10 f.; 11. in asseverations, ita me...di omnes ament, Ut ille cum illa neque cubat neque ambulat, Pl. Bac. 4, 8, 55; ita me amabit quam ego amo ut ego hanc mentior, Cure. 2, 3, 47; ita me di ament, credo, Ter. Andr. 5, 4, 44; Ita me di amabunt, ut me tuarum misertumst Menedee fortunatum, Haut. 3, 1, 54; 12. w. abstract object, Etiam Epidicum quam ego fabulam aegre ac me ipsum amo, Pl. Bac. 2, 2, 30; horum homines nomen orationem nolum incessum amabant, Cic. Sest. 105; amatque Iamua lumen, Hor. od. 1, 25, 3; 13. esp. w. infinit., Qua (ad. quo) pinus ingens albaque populus Umbram hospitalem consociare amant, Hor. od. 2, 3, 10; Aurum per mechos hic satellites, Et percurrere amat saxa, 3, 16, 10; add epod. 8, 16; so φάτω; see L.S. lexicon; 14. even w. pass. inf., clamor...atque aliis omnibus quae ira fieri amat, Sal. Jug. 34, 1 wb. see Kritz's note; imitated by Auson. ad. Grat. 1; Phetys 1, 3; Q. Septim. 1, 3; 15. as adj. loving, nihil potuit fieri amantius, Cic. fam. 3, 6, 3; hominis boni misericordis amantius pauperis, CIL 1027, 2; Pompeia amantissima sua, 1080; sibi et Philemae sua amantissimam, 1207; 16. amasso = amareto, Pl. Cas. 5, 4, 22 and 23; Cure. 4, 4, 22.

**āmōdē**, adv. from now, from this time, a. uidere desiderans quos horrebat audire, Hler. ep. 51, p. 157 ed. Franc.; amodo ἀπο τούτου, gloss. see Hand Trs.

**āmōebaeus**, adj. responsive, alternating, amoebaeum (carmen) et quotiens qui canunt, et aequali numero uersuum utuntur, et ita se habet responsio ut aut manus aut contrarium aliquid dicant, Serv. R. 3, 29; amoebaeus (pes) ex duabus longis et totidem breuibis et longa (as incredibilibs), Diom. 481, 25 K.

**āmōēns**, see amoenus.

**āmōenitas**, ātis, f. charming character, loveliness, Venerem amorem amoenitatemque accubans exerceo, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 52; Formae amoenitatem illius, 4, 4, 36; add St. 2, 1, 5; Men. 2, 3, 5; 2. in later writers gen. of scenery, fluminis, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 1, 1; amoenitates orarum ac litornu, N. D. 2, 100; add leg. 2, 3; domum in colle Quiniali...cuius amoenitas...silua constabat, Nep. Att. 13, 2; illa feritas (Gallorum) Asiatica amoenitate mollita est, Flor. 1, 27 (2, 11), 4; 3. of other objects, amoenitates studiurn, Plin. pr. 14; nitae, Tac. an. 5, 2; ingenii, Gell. 7 (6), 7, 1; orationis, 10, 3, 15; uerborum, 12, 1, 24; 4. as a term of endearment, mea amoenitas quid tu agis? Pl. Cas. 2, 3, 13; add Poen. 1, 2, 152.

**āmōeniter**, see amoenus.

**āmōēns**, āre, vb. make lovely, regio amoenata lucis, Saly. gub. Dei 7; 2. delight, felices amatas chordeum pulsibus, Cassiod. ep. 2, 40; oculos, Cypr. ep. 2, 1.

**āmōenūs**, ādi, [ad + men of mens, ad mentem; cf. G. an-muth-ig; and Fr. à (mon) gré, when agreeable; a due to accent on penult, cf. lierna, molestus etc.] to one's mind or taste, charming, lovely, delightful, sweet, darling,

Ita hic me amocuitate amoena amoenus oneravit dies, Pl. Capt. 4, 1, 7; Pessuli... Gerite amanti mihi morem amoenissimum, Cure. 1, 2, 62; Perpariam partem postulat Plautus loci de nostris magnis atque amoenis moenibus Athenas quo sine architectis conferat, Truc. pr. 2; add Poen. 1, 2, 176; Nam me usus homo pulcr per amoena salicta Et ripas raptare, Eunn. an. 40 V; Quod per amoenum urbem leni fluit agmine flumen, ib. 177; in praefiliis nostris et belle adhaeritis et satis amoenis\*, Cic. Att. 16, 3, 4; amocno sene et ab arbitris remoto loco, Verr. 2, 5, 80; add or. 2, 290; loca amoena, voluptaria, Sal. Cat. 11, 5; cultum amoeniorum, Liv. 4, 44, 11; Devenere locos lactos et amoena ureta, Verg. 6, 638; add Prul. Catb. 3, 101; Ham. 795; rosae, Hor. od. 2, 3, 14; amoena Quos et aquae subeunt et aurae, 3, 4, 7; ruris amoeni, ep. 1, 10, 6; amocni-simum parietum picturam, Plin. 35, 110; amoenior nulla, Plin. pan. 50; amocnissimus adhaeritis\*, Tac. h. 3, 30; uita, an. 15, 55; ingenium, 2, 64 and 13; amoena profundum Rura Pauli, Prud. Sym. 2, 700; and even of scents, amocnus napor, Vincens odorem balsami thuris croci, Prud. st. 10, 361; 2. n. pl. as sb. w. gen., beautiful scenery, Asiae, Tac. an. 3, 7; litorum, h. 3, 76; 3. at times of sensual pleasures, Nequedum exarui ex amocnis rebus et voluptariis, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 40; 4. amocnē, adv. beautifully, pleasantly, Pl. Mil. 2, 5, 2 (unless as l by c). suggests amocno), but Apul. M. 10, 32 corrupt; amocnissus Gell. 14, 1, 32; superl. Plin. ep. 4, 23, 1; 5. amocniter, the same, Gell. 20, 8, 1; 6. amocnum, says Kritz Sal. Cat. 11, 5, quod a moenibus recedit, and so others; but cf. exx. \*

**āmōlior**, *iri*, v. r. heave (a heavy mass or obstacle) away, off, out of the way, impedimentum omne de cunctis itineribus amoliuntur, Sisen. ap. Non. 73; quum amoliti obiecta onera armatis dedit-sent uiam, Liv. 25, 36, 11; obstantia siluarum amoliri, Tac. an. 1, 50; amoliuntur (apes) omnia e medio, Plin. 11, 25; Hec quantum Fortuna humeris iam pondere fessis Amolitur omnes, Lucan. 5, 355; tellus ne fandum Amolitur omnes, Claud. Ruf. 455; 2. less fitly of things one desires to get rid of for the time at least, though not heavy, clear away, Vt nostra properes amoliri (hinc) omnia, Pl. Ps. 3, 2, 67; Tute hinc hinc omnia amolier (se. serenos), Most. 2, 1, 24; add 44; 3. rudely of persons, Non hinc nos prope stabulis amolinimi? Pac. 16 R; add 184; Proinde hinc uos amolinimi, nam mihi impedita estis,—leave your great carcasses out of my way, Ter. Andr. 4, 2, 24; and absol., Age age, amolier, amitte, Aec. 304 R; 4. and jestingly, of oneself, Quin ego hinc me amolior? Pl. Merc. 2, 3, 50; Sed ego eesso hinc me amolier, nentre dum saluo licet? Truc. 2, 7 f; 5. met. get rid of, of oneself of, without personal violence, donec uxorem amolitur, Tac. h. 1, 13; iucunem specie honoris, 2, 42; his verbis illum a sese amolitus (molitus Hertz, male), Gell. 19, 1, 11; 6. even w. abstract acc., amolior nomen meum (put aside, as not bearing on the question), Liv. 28, 28, 10; pericula (ward off), Plin. 32, 23; inuidiam crimenque, Tac. h. 3, 75; but in an. 14, 14 Hahu has hinc; add Quint. 4, 1, 29; 5, 7, 23; 5, 13, 11; 9, 2, 71; 7. as pass. chiefly in perf. part. and ger., prius (illos) ab oculis mortalium amolita natura est quam in caelum fama pernecher, Curt. 8, 5, 17; amolita utriusque rei participatione, Apul. de deo S. 9; omnibus exuissis amolitis, 23; add exx. \* of § 6; but in Liv. 25, 36, 11 Madv. has amoliti; some regard amolier as pass. in Pl. above § 2.

**āmōlitiō**, *ōnis*, f. violent removal, tearing away, iufantis (a matre), Gell. 12, 1, 22.

**āmōlo**, **āmōlum**, see amulo amulum.

**āmōmis**, *idis*, f. a spice, Plin. 12, 49.

**āmōmum**, (-on, Plin. 26, 34) f. n. an Indian and Arabian spice, ferat et rubus asper amomum, Verg. B. 3, 89; add 4, 25; Plin. 12, 48; 13, 15 etc.; 37, 204; Mart. 5, 64, 3; 2. in pl. in gelidos versit amoma sinus, Ov. Pont. 1, 9, 52; add Pers. 3, 104.

**āmōr**, *ōris*, m. love (sexual), amore perditat hae misera, Pl. Mil. 4, 6, 38; Medea... amore sacato saucia, Eunn. ap. Cornif. ad Her. 2, 34; In amore haec omnia insunt utria, Ter. Eunn. 1, 1, 14; at mulieris amores amit-

tam, Cic. Tusc. 4, 70; furor amoris, 4, 75; add Verg. 1, 725; 2. love gen. Studium patriae cura amor laudes decus Silent, CIL 1009, 16; Eundem mi amorem praestat pacem senex, 1012; caritate mouentur homines, ut deorum..., aut amore ut fratrum, ut coniugum, ut liberorum, ut familiae, Cic. part. or. 56; add 85; or. 2, 206; amor, ex quo amicitia nominata est, princeps est ad beneuolentiam conciliandum, an. 20; 3. so far of persons, also w. gen. of abstracts, cogitationis, Cic. fin. 4, 18; gloriae, Arch. 28; edendi, Lucr. 4, 809; laudis, Verg. 5, 394; atrati, 7, 635; habendi, Hor. ep. 1, 7, 85; 4. w. inf. Sed si tantum amor casus cognoscere nostros, Verg. 2, 10; seu ror pudico Castaliae danus amor est tibi mergere cines, Stat. Th. 1, 698; 5. in plur. of the loved object, darling, en amores tuos si nris spectare, Pl. Poen. 1, 1, 79; and perh. Mil. 4, 8, 67; Varus me meus ad suos amores Visum duxerat, Catul. 10, 1; Pompeius, nostri amores, ipse se afflixit, Cic. Att. 2, 19, 2; Atticae (salutem dicies) deliciis atque amoribus meis, 16, 6 f.; amores ac deliciae tuae, Roscius, div. 1, 79; redeo ad amores deliciasque uestras, L. Antonium, Phil. 6, 12; 6. personified, the god Love, Cupid, apoge Amor non places, Pl. Trin. 2, 1, 25; add 31 and 32; quis istic habet? Amor, Voluptas, Venus, Venustas, Gaudium, Bac. 1, 2, 16; Pareat Amor dictis curae genetricis, Verg. 1, 693; 7. in pl. as attendants on Venus, Stat. silu. 1, 2, 120; Claud. laud. Stil. 2, 356; 8. amos as nom. misquoted fm Pl. Cure. 1, 2, 2.

**āmōrābundus**, *adj.* mulierem amantem uerbo inusitatus fecto amorabundam dixit, Laber. ap. Gell. 11, 15, 1 (amarabundus?).

**āmōri-fer**, *a*, um, *adj.* love-bearing, sagittas, Venant. 6, 2, 13.

**āmōtio**, *ōnis*, f. removal, doloris, Cic. fin. 1, 37; ordinis, Gai. dig. 47, 10, 43.

**āmōtus**, part. of amoue.

**āmōueo**, *ēre*, *mōui*, *mōtus*, move away, remove, get rid of, quin tu line te amoues? Pl. Trin. 3, 3, 73; nunc iam rus te amoue, Most. 1, 1, 71; somnum ex pectore, Ps. 1, 2, 11; crapulam, 5, 1, 35; modo te line amoue, Ter. Ph. 3, 3, 33; Protrus a me opinionem hanc tuam esse ego amotum uolo, Andr. 3, 2, 30; nebuloem illum ex istis locis amoue, Cic. Att. 1, 11, 2; Porcia lex uirum ab ciuium Romanorum corpore amouit, Rab. perd. 12; ab se magis exire amouens culpam, Liv. 4, 41, 9; 2. a mild term for banishment, amotus Cereuam, Tac. an. 1, 53; Suillium in insulam, 4, 31; add 14, 57; 3. of dishonest removal or theft, boues... Per dolum amotas, Hor. od. 1, 10, 10; de actione rerum amotatum, titul. of dig. 25, 2; furtum fit non solum eum quis interceptiendi causa rerum alienum amouet, Gai. 3, 195; add 208.

**āmpeīnus**, see amperius.

**āmpeīlitis**, *idis*, *adj.* f. as sb. (sc. 77) a kind of asphalt used in killing insects on vines, and so used medicinally, Plin. 35, 194.

**āmpeīlus**, *adj.* or sb. name of a gens, Aumian. 2S, 4, 3; Sidor. 9, 305.

**āmpelopāson**, (vine-leek) i, n. a plant so called, Plin. 24, 136.

**am-pendix**, older form of appendix [for an-p-, an=ad; cf. ante] Paul. ex F. 21 M.

**āmperīnus**? *adj.* name of some colour, amperina. Caelel. ap. Non. 54S, 15 (so H.; al. ampelina).

**āmpehēmīnos**, *adj.* quotidian (fever), Plin. 28, 22S.

**āmphibālum**, or -us, i, n. or u. a cloak, Sulp. Sev. dial. 2, 1; Venant. S. Martin. 42.

**āmphibōlia**, *ae*, f. an ambiguous word or phrase, Cic. div. 2, 116; in fam. 7, 32, 2 in Greek; Cornif. ad Her. 2, 16; Char. 271, 26 K; Diom. 450, 1.

**āmphibōlus**, *adj.* ambiguous, nouem, Mart. Cap. p. 149 G; 152, 7 Eyss.

**āmphibrāchys**, *adj.* m. (sc. pes), having a long syllable between two short, Quint. 9, 4, 82 and 105; Diom. 479, 8; Prisc. 1, 275, 14 K.

**āmphibrūis**, the same, Diom. ib.

**āmphidanes**, *ae*, m. an Indian gem, also called chryso-colla, Plin. 37, 147.

**amphi-mácrus**, adj. m. (sc. pes), having a short syllable between two long, Quint. 9, 4, 81; Diom. 479, 13.

**amphi-mallium**, adj. n. as sb. a coat shaggy on both sides, Plin. 8, 193; see

**amphi-mallum**, i. n. same, schol. luv. 3, 283.

**amphi-prostylos**, adj. with pillars before and behind, Vitruv. 3, 2, 1.

**amphis-baena**, ae. f. a (double-headed) serpent, Plin. 8, 85; 20, 216; Lucan. 9, 719; Solin. 27, 29.

**amphitápus**, or -a or -um, see **amitupos**.

**amphithámos**? i. m. Vitruv. 10 (7), 2, where perh. read **amphithalos**.

**amphithéatralis**, adj. of an amphitheatre, Plin. 11, 84; Mart. 11, 69, 11; 14, 137, 1.

**amphithétricus**, adj. the same, charta, Plin. 13, 75; spectaculum, Symm. ep. 4, 8.

**amphithéatrum**, i. n. amphitheatre, Plin. 16, 200; 19, 25; 36, 117 and 120; Mart. spect. 1, 7; Tac. h. 6, 67.

**amphóra**, ae. f. (amfóra) [*amphorē* for *amphi-phorēs*] a two-handled jar, amphora, amphoram impleto aquae, Cato r. 88, 1; add olearias, 10, 2; 113, 2; Dabitur tibi amphora una et octo dolia, Pl. Cas. 1, 32; add Mil. 3, 2, 11; iuni, Cic. Pont. 19; Nec Laestrygonia Bacchus in amphora Languescit mihi, Hor. od. 3, 16, 34; olium in amphoram conicito, Colum. 12, 49, 4; so far for liquids, esp. wine;

2. for other uses, mellis, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 183; mella condit amphoris, Hor. epod. 2, 15; uiam passam in amphoras recondunt, Colum. 12, 16, 3; 3. as a public urinal, nulla est in angustior amphora quam non impleant, quippe qui nesciam plenam iuni habent, Titius ap. Maer. 8, 3, 16 (2, 12), 15; 4. as a Greek measure—Latin quadrantal, octo et al caput sextarius, Fest. p. 258 h, 21 M; add Fann. poud. et mens. 63; bibisse in die iuni Capitolinum amforam\* constat, Capitol. Max. 4, 1; 5. of a ship's tonnage, naues onerarias quarum minor nulla erat duum milium amphorum†, Lentul. ap. Cic. fam. 12, 15, 2; ne quis senator...nauem quae plus quam cœ amphorarum esset haberet, Liv. 21, 63, 3; magnitudo (nauium) ad terna milia amphorum†, Plin. 6, 82; (polypi) caput amphorarum xv capax, 9, 93; add Labeo dig. 14, 2, 10, 2; 6. note gen. amphorum† above.

**amphórilius**? amphoralium, a wrong reading for **amphórarius**, adj. of an amphora, nimum amphorarium, Proc. dig. 33, 6, 16, 2.

**ample**, see **amplus**.

**ampiruo**, are, vb. pirouette? see **redampiruo**.

**Amplus**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, T. Ampi T. f. procos. on a coin, CIL 521.

**am-plector**, i. xus, vb. r. fold oneself round, embrace, clasp, salue ut te amplector huius, Pl. Rud. 4, 4, 131 (a father speaks); Nunc tibi amplectimur genua egentes opum, 1, 5, 10; Ego illum non amplectar? ego non sanic? Pomp. 84 R; illum in somnis amplecti, Ter. Andr. 2, 5, 19; and met. quid cessatis compedes Currere ad me neque amplecti crura ut nos custodiam, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 119; serpens Arboris amplexus stirpem—coiling round, Lucr. 5, 34; quorum tellus amplectitur ossa, 1, 135; saxa mambus amplexos, Liv. 5, 47, 5; but in Cic. rep. 6, 14 Halm has complexus;

2. met. first of space, inclose, include, castellis x milia passuum circuitu amplexus, Caes. b. c. 3, 44, 3; quantum munimento amplecteretur loci, Liv. 35, 28, 6; duos montes uero amplexi, 41, 18, 1; Et molis circumst ansas amplexus acantho, Verg. B. 3, 45; et urbes Latior amplecti murus (coepit), Hor. ep. 3, 2, 209; amplectitur (aestuarium) intra se insulam, Plin. 5, 3; sulcus designandi oppidi coepit ut magnam Herculis aram amplecteretur, Tac. an. 12, 24; locum exedra et portibus amplecti, Plin. ep. 9, 75;

3. met. of affection, make much of, show affection for, eunt, omnem tuum amorem quo me es amplexus, Cic. Att. 7, 1, 2; me amississime quotidie magis Caesar amplectitur, fam. 6, 6, 13; an equites Romanos amplectitur (Antonius), Phil. 7, 21; plebem, Mil. 72; magis magisque eum (sc. Iugurtham) indies amplectitur, Sal. Jug. 7, 6; 4. embrace, clasp, as determined never to give up, cling to, met., Perseo regium nomen omni ui amplectente, Liv. 45, 4 f; amplexus regni nomen, 9, 34, 12;

5. embrace as a token of approving affection, quorum si amplecterer uirtutem ut facio, Cic. Phil. 10, 18; and so hoc se amplectitur uno, Hoc amat et landat, Hor. s. 1, 2, 53; wh. schol. Acr.: hoc sibi blanditur—we should say prides himself;

6. w. abstr. acc. embrace, give one's affections to, devote oneself to, quo ius ciuile tam nehemer amplexus esset, Cic. or. 1, 234; nobilitatem et dignitates hominum amplectitur (Caesar), fam. 4, 8, 2; libenter amplector talem animum, ib. 5, 19, 2; ad tuam amplitudinem meis officiis amplectendam, ib. 5, 8, 3; 7. esp. of thoughts, ideas, rogo...ut hanc cogitationem toto pectore amplectare, Cic. Att. 12, 35 f; quae si index non amplectetur omnia consilio, Font. 25 (15); 8. of words, embrace, include, neminem possum omnes res per scripturam amplecti, Cic. inv. 2, 152; Non ego cuncta meis amplecti nersibus opto, Verg. G. 2, 42; totius ponti forma breuiter amplectenda est (so β; al. compl., and so Sill., Det.), Plin. 4, 75;

11. 9. amplecto=amplector, says Prisc. 1, 393, 8 K, but?; for to amplector belong the forms in: Exemplo amplectitote crura iustibus, Pl. Rud. 3, 5, 36; and gentia amplectens\*, Liv. in Odys. ap. Diom. 384, 9; 10. amplector as pass., says Pr. 1, 393, 8, referring perh. to amplexus so used, as: animam nostro amplexam pectore, Petr. ap. Pr. 1, 507, 19; but in Pl. Mil. 2, 6, 27 sss have amplexum (for wh. by ej. some read amplexum, Guyet amplexus); 11. a form amplecti asserted by Diom., cf. § 8\*; Prisc. 1, 25, 15; Cass. 2283, 41 P.

**amplexā-undus**, quasi-part. embracing again and again, Inl. Valer. Alex. M. 2, 35, ed. Mai.

**amplexor**, are, vb. r. frq. embrace again and again, keep embracing, Meos ante oculos ego illum patiar alios amplexari, Pl. Truc. 5, 33; aram, Rud. 3, 3, 33 etc.; add Ter. Hant. 5, 1, 27; 2. met. Appius totum me amplexatur, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 12, 3; odiū, Sest. 98; auctoritatem censoriam amplexato (so Prisc. 1, 393, 7 K; sss —or)—cling to, defend to the last, Clu. 124; uoluptatem, Cic. or. 3, 62; add acad. post. 33; fin. 4, 36;

11. 3. amplexor, are, vb. frq. the same, postea hanc amabo atque amplexabor, Pl. Poen. 5, 4, 60; Postremo amplexa; fructum quem di dant capere, Acc. ap. Non. 470, 11; sanare, amplexare, Q. Claud. ap. Prisc. 1, c.; cum mater amplexaret corpus filii sui, Petron. 63; 4. amplexor, are, as pass. in Lucil. ap. Prisc. 1, 381, 5 and 6 dub.

**amplexus**, ūs, m. folding round, embrace, serpentis, Cic. div. 1, 79; Cum dabit amplexus, Verg. 1, 687; add 6, 698; exultit amplexus, Ov. M. 9, 52 etc.; 2. met. quod omnem Continet amplexu terram, Lucr. 5, 319; inferiorem partem Nilus diuisus amplexu suo determinat, Plin. 5, 48; in amplexu memorum, Stat. Th. 6, 6, 256.

**ampliātor**, ōis, f. a postponement of a judicial decision, a. quae apud iudices fieri solet est dubitatio, Sen. cont. 1, 3, 9, p. 81, 25 B; add ps. Ascen. ad Verr. 2, 1, 26; 2. enlargement, addition, Tert. bapt. 13.

**amphātor**, ōis, m. one who increases, S. P. Q. R. ampliātor cinium, on a coin of Caracalla, Eckhel 7, 12.

**ampliātor**, ōis, f. enlarging, increase, pecuniae, Cic. div. 2, 33; rei familiaris, off. 1, 25; honoris, 2, 42; 2. esp. in rhetoric, dwelling at great length on a topic, ampliātor, Cic. part. or. 53; add or. 3, 105 (bis); Corn. ad Her. 2, 47; Quint. 2, 5, 9; 4, 3, 15 etc.

**ampliātor**, ōis, m. one who enlarges or adds to, rerum, Cic. Tusc. 5, 10; tuae dignitatis, fam. 10, 12, 5; municipi, inser. Or. 1025.

**ampliātrix**, icis, f. one who enlarges, ueri, Pacat. pan. Th. 8.

**amplifico**, are, vb. enlarge, increase, add to, dolorem, Pacuv. ap. Cic. Tusc. 2, 50; diuitias, rep. c. 15 (12, 21); uoluptatem, fin. 1, 38; reipublicam, N. D. 2, 8; gratiam dignitatēque, Caes. b. g. 6, 12, 6;

**ampli-ficus**, adj. extensive, vast, ingenium, Fronto ad M. Anton. de eloq. p. 150 l. 3 Nab.; 2. amplifico, grandly, decorated, Cat. 6, 265.

**ampli fluus**, adj. largely flowing, Strabo (Callius 2, 2.

**amplio**, are, [amplius] vb. make greater, enlarge, increase, rem, Hor. s. 1, 4, 32; amplianda scalpello plaga est, Cels. 7, 5, 1; nris, Plin. 23, 67; scrutina, Tac. h.



2, 78; numerum, Plin. pan. 54; nomina, Mart. 8, 66, 11; dotem, Florent. dig. 23, 4, 24; 2. in law, postpōne (a verdict), cum causam non audisset et potestas esset ampliandi, Cic. Caecin. 29; add Verr. 2, 1, 26; see amplius § 18; 3. w. acc. of accused, postpōne a verdict on, quid fuit quare hominem nefarium ampliaveritis, Corn. ad Her. 4, 48; eam ampliata, deinde absolutam, Liv. 4, 44, 12; bis amplius tertio absolutus est reus, 43, 2, 6; accusati ambo ampliatiq., 43, 2, 10; add Aurel. V. uir. ill. 24.

**ampliter**, see amplius.

**amplītūdō**, nouns, f. extent, size, (simulacrum) modica amplitudine, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 109; (taurorum), Varr. r. 5, 10 (bis); oppidum stadiorum lxx amplitudine, Plin. 6, 119;

2. met. grandeur, greatness, dignity, amplitudine ae dignitas civitatis, Cic. or. 2, 164; sacerdotii, agr. 2, 18; nominis, Mur. 16; 3. absol. ad summam amplitudinem pervenisset, Cic. Brut. 281: te amplitudinem tuam retenturum, fam. 1, 4 f.; add 10, 1, 3.

**amplius**, see amplius.

**amplius cōlus**, adj. comp. dim. rather great, fortuna, Apul. mag. 75; 2. ampliuscule, at some length, Sidon. ep. 8, 16.

**amplō**, āre, vb. make great, poetae. Qui causam humilem dictis ampliat, Pacuv. ap. Non. 506, 16.

**ampliōti** pro ampliōti dicebant (antiqui), Prise. 1, 25, 15 K.

**amplius**, adj. [?] vast, great, dum me ampliorem modum pratorum habere quam proxima aestate habuerunt, CIL 199, 41; Amplius, rubicundo colore, et spectu prōterum ferox, Pacuv. ap. Fest. p. 330 M; domus, Cic. off. 1, 139; signum, Verr. 2, 4, 74; amplissima curia, ib. 2, 4, 119; porticius, Verg. 3, 353; ampliores aquae, Plin. 5, 57; 2. of time, long, amplissima dies horarum xv, Plin. 6, 218;

3. met. great, ample, Est lucrum hic tibi amplius, Pl. Epit. 2, 3, 117; add Amph. pr. 6; irae ampliores, Ter. Hee. 3, 1, 9; moribus amplior, 3, 1, 50; ampliam occasione calumniae, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 61; fortunae, ib. 2, 5, 18; pecuniam, Rose. Am. 86; diuitias, Hor. s. 2, 2, 101; 4. esp. grand, splendid, munus aedilitatis, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 14; praemia, Mil. 57; amplissimus triumphus, Nep. Cat. 1, 4; amplissima vestis, Liv. 27, 51, 9;

5. amplum est aliquid, Etruscae gentis (regem esse) Romae amplum Tusculi ratis, Liv. 2, 9, 4; sibi amplum esse urbem ab se captam frequentari, 5, 30, 2; add 28, 42, 21; 6. esp. of men, great, grand, dignified, is mihi videtur amplissimus qui sua virtute in altiore locum pervenit, Cic. Rose. Am. 83; amplii quidem homines sed immemores dignitatis suae, Phil. 3, 20; 11. 7. ample adv. only met. grandly, splendidly, exornat ample magnitudo tricinium, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 62; a. loqui, Tusc. 5, 24; a. dicere, Brut. 201; but in Cels. pr. p. 11, l. 15 Dar, read ampla valetudinaria; 8. comp. amplius, more, not often to qualify verbs, aliquanto\* amplius ualorem si hic maneres, Pl. As. 3, 2; Multo tanto\* illum accusabo quam te accusari amplius, Men. 5, 2, 49; faxo amabit amplius, 5, 2, 40; Quam uellem Menecleum invitatum, ut nobiscum esset, amplius—more pressingly, Ter. Haut. 1, 2, 11; Quo populum atque urbem pacto servare potisset, Amphius, Char. 195, 7 K (cod. Verr.); homo nullus... quod ego de industria amplius male, plus lubens, laxim, Pl. Aul. 3, 2, 6, wh. a. belongs to male-faxim; ira atque praedae spes amplius quam lassitudo posse, Sall. Jug. 60, 2; quis amplius quam nos cognoscit? Iustin. constil.;

9. gen. more, non dico amplius, Pl. As. 1, 3, 51; eo contentae non quaerunt amplius, Cic. Tusc. 5, 98; Segestanis imponebat aliquanto\* amplius quam ferre possent, Liv. 4, 4, 76; ego aedilis, hoc est paulo amplius quam priuatus, ib. act. 1, 37; 10. w. gen. gaudeo Tibi mea opera liberorum esse amplius, Pl. Cist. 5, 4; nescio an amplius mihi negoti contrahatur, Cic. Cat. 4, 9; si amplius obsidum uellet, Caes. b. g. 6, 9, 7;

11. often of time, esp. after a neg., ne amplius morario Scaturum incederet, Sall. Jug. 25, 10; omisso (conatu?) Patavium temptandi, Liv. 37, 16, 13; nec iam amplius ullae Apparent terrae, Verg. 3, 192; add 9, 519; 12. gen. without quam, the noun taking the same case as if

amplius or non amplius were absent, neque amplius de una familia unum... (legat edatue), CIL 198, 23; agri ingra (sic) non amplius xxx possidebit, 200, 14; add 200, 60 and 86; 206, 151; qui ager... non amplius quinque milia potest sustinere, Cic. Att. 2, 16, 1; cum cum amplius centum ciues Romani cognoscerent, Verr. 2, 1, 14; add 2, 5, 155; (solem) amplius duodecingenti partibus\* maiorem esse quam terram, acad. pr. 82; amplius aetertium ducentis acceptum hereditatis retulit, Phil. 2, 40; cum non amplius octingentes equites haberent, Caes. b. g. 4, 12, 1; add 2, 16, 1; amplius annos (al. annis) triginta... in exercitu fuerat, Sal. Cat. 59, 6; uicti amplius ducenti ceciderunt, Liv. 21, 29, 3; iuuenibus non amplius una nescit uti toto anno permissum, Iust. 3, 3, 5; 13. amplius, or more, non amplius, not more, following the number, perb. parenthetically, septingentes annos amplius unis moribus uiuunt, Cic. Flac. 63; horam (so best mess) amplius... molebantur, Verr. 2, 4, 95; centum amplius post annos in ultima Italiae ora habuisse, Liv. 1, 18, 2; uiginti paulo\* amplius integras (nautes) abscedentes, 37, 24, 6; add 25, 19, 15; 28, 2, 11; 30, 27, 10; 30, 38, 3; tris... non amplius ulnas, Verg. B. 3, 105; quinque non amplius dierum itinere, Plin. 6, 52; mare uadosum senis non amplius altitudinis passibus, 6, 82; 14. yet quam also found, once even in Cic., quibus ne reiiciendi quidem amplius quam trium iudicium leges faciunt potestatem, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 77; nec amplius quam xxvii dies Brundisii commoratus, Suet. Aug. 17; add 78; Tib. 26; 15. also w. abl. quam initio non amplius duobus milibus habuisset, Sal. Cat. 56, 2; non amplius parte, Iulian. dig. 39, 6, 20; 16. so in: lamentatur miser amplius aequo—too long, Lucr. 3, 952; a. opinione, longer than supposed, Sal. Jug. 53, 5; 17. w. abl. of degree, see \* above; 18. as a term used in postpōning a verdict, quotiens quonque amplius bis in uno iudicio pronuntiatum erit, CIL 198, 48; causam dixisse Laelium cum consules re audita 'amplius' de consilii sententia pronuntiassent, Cic. Brut. 86; poterat ut 'amplius' pronuntiar, Verr. 2, 1, 26; add § 74; Ego amplius deliberandum censeo, Ter. Ph. 2, 4, 17; cf. Char. 195, 10; Domat. Eun. 2, 3, 30; ps. Ascon. Verr. 1, 74; 19. an engagement, amplius non peti, of a release in full, quod recusat(e) satisfacere amplius abs te non peti, Cic. Att. 1, 8, 1; add fam. 1, 13, 28, 2; Rose. com. 35; Brut. 18; add Paul. dig. 46, 8, 14; Iul. 46, 8, 23; 20. so w. agi, canere cum debet amplius non agi, Ulp. dig. 9, 2, 27, 14; 111. 21. ampliter=ample, Satius seruo homini modeste facere sumptum quam ampliter, Pl. St. 5, 4, 10; add Cas. 2, 8, 65; Cist. 2, 3, 54; Merc. 1, 1, 90; Mil. 3, 1, 163; Bac. 4, 4, 26; Lucil., Pompon., Acc. ap. Non. 511, 15; laudare ampliter, Gell. 2, 6, 11; a. dixerit, 10, 3, 4.

**amplustre**, see aplustre.

**Ampsancus**, (Ams.), i. m. [Umbr. and Oscan am=an = av privat. = Lat. in, male; and so am-sanctus accursed] a valley with a lake in the country of the Hirpini known for sulphur vapours, now Lago d'Ansante or Mufiti (Mephitis), Cic. div. 1, 79; Ampsanti nall... saeuī spiracula Ditis, Verg. 7, 565; add Plin. 2, 208.

**ampruo**, or rather ampruo, see redampiruo.

**Ampudius**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, Arsina Ampudi, CIL 1374.

**ampulla**, ae, f. [dim. of ampōra=amfora] a small bulging vessel, of glass or leather, for wine, oil etc., Robiginosum strigilem, ampullam rubidam, Pl. St. 1, 3, 77; add Pers. 1, 3, 44; tollo ampullam atque hinc eo, Merc. 5, 2, 86; si ad illam uitam quae cum uirtute degatur, ampulla aut strigilis accedat, Cic. fin. 4, 30; ampullas uitraes aeti, Plin. 20, 152; uitrae, Mart. 6, 35, 4; modicum in ampulla potinuculum, Suet. Dom. 21; olearia, Apul. flor. 1, 9, 34; scortae ampullae nutestate rugosae... rubidae dicuntur, Fest. v. rubidus, p. 262 M; 2. met. of bombastic words, Proicit ampullas et sesquipedalia uerba, Hor. ep. 2, 3, 97.

**ampulicē-eus**, adj. of vessels called ampullae, corium. Colum. 8, 2, 15; (pira), Plin. 15, 54; from their shape.

**ampullagium**, i. n. calyx of the pomegranate, κλυτὸς ποῶς, Cael. Aur. chron. 4, 3, 52; written ambulacium, 5, 2, 44.

**ampullā-rius**, ii, adj. as sb. m. a maker of (leathern) ampullae, Pl. Rnd. 3, 4, 51; C. Lucius Philomusus a. mscr. Or. 4143.

**ampullor**, āri, vb. r. talk big, rant, bluster, tragica... ampullator in arte. Hor. ep. 1, 3, 14.

**ampūtatio**, ōnis, f. cutting off, sarmentorum, Cic. sen. 53; capitis, Callist. dig. 48, 10, 28; 2. a cutting (the material), Plin. 12, 118; 3. a uocis, loss of voice, Cacl. Aur. acut. 2, 10, 68; chron. 3, 2, 16 and 23.

**am-pūto**, āre, vb. [pūto prune+an=away, off; but perh. in Cicero's view, am round; cf. his use of ciremeido marked \*] prune away, cut away, cut off, esp. of the vine and vegetation, ars agriculorum, quae ciremeidat\* (uitem), amputet, erigat..., Cic. fin. 5, 39; uitum erratico ferro amputans coecet, sen. 52; sicut in nitibus...item nolo esse in adolescentem unde aliquid amputet, or. 2, 88; Inuitlesque falce ramos amputans Feliciores inserit, Hor. epod. 2, 11; tempus nunc mergum (a vine-layer) amputandi, Colum. 4, 15, 4; plurimum neutorum concipiant (plataui) propter densitatem ranorum, quibus amputatis lenato onere..., Plin. 16, 131; ulmo postquam cacumen amputatum erat, 16, 132; nictet nictum stolonem in pomis proceros amputantem..., Gell. 10, 12, 7, and soon after met.: omnibus nehemtoris animi officiis amputatis, § 10; 2. met. from vine-pruning, in surgery, in corpore si quid eiusmodi est quod reliquo corpori noceat, id uri scarique patitur, sic in rei publicae corpore quicquid est pestiferum amputetur, Cic. Phil. 8, 15; ut membra quaedam amputantur si nocent reliquis partibus corporis, off. 3, 32; saepe scalpo usque ad uinum rescare et amputare scabiem (in the horse) profuit, Colum. 6, 32, 3; 3. other met. esp. of words, ciremeidat\* et amputat multitudinem (sententiarum), Cic. acad. pr. 2, 138; amputata ciremeide-que\* inanitate omni et errore, fin. 1, 44; narrationes aut amputandae quae laedunt (cut down, not cut away entirely), ut reliquendae (wholly abandoned) si totae sunt molestae, part. or. 15; Suspecta ne sint longa conloquia amputa, Sen. Med. 533; amputari legumum numeros iubet, Tac. h. 2, 69; scorta calones sarcinae nisi ad usum necessariae amputantur, Flor. 1, 33 (2, 18); 10; amputari moras iubebant, Just. 24, 7, 2; decisus amputatisque falsis opinionibus, Gell. 7 (6), 5, 8;

**H** 4. gen. cut off, amputari hos (sc. testis castorum) 2, 354, Plin. 32, 26; (and in the same sense absol., Sen. eccl. contr. 10, 9, p. 450, 18 Burs.); amputat trunco tenns Veneros patentes, Just. 761; illis pollices, Suet. Aug. 24; capita, Suet. Cal. 32; add Gialb. 20; nummulario manus, q; add Dom. 10; Vno sub ictu nam caput amputat, Prud. st. 14, 89; linguam, 10, 766 and 900.

**am-sēgēt-es**, alj, pl. living round arable land (through which a public road ran, and so as ratenavers bound to maintain it), a. quorum ager uiam tangit, Paul. ex F. 21. (Cf. Cic. Caelio. 54.)

**am-termini**, qui circa terminos provinciae manent, Paul. ex F. 17.

**amtrino**, see redampirio.

**āmūlētum**, i, n. [Arab.?] an amulet, charm, Plin. 28, 38; 20, 66; 30, 138; 37, 50; 2. himālat is Arab. for a sword-belt, and so applied now to a Coran as worn on the breast.

**Amūlius**, ii, m. brother of Numitor, Liv. 1, 3, 10; tractus Amulius esse, Ov. F. 3, 67.

**āmūlo**, (amolo\* amylo), āre, vb. stiffen with starch, Apic.\* 212; 273; 282; lae amylatum, Cacl. Aur. chron. 2, 177.

**āmūlum**, (amol. amyli. and amyli) i, n. [amylor] starch, amyulum, Cato r. 87; amyulum, Cels. 2, 20, 22 and 23; Plin. 18, 76 and 82 etc.; Maer. s. 3, 13, 12; amolo obligas, Apic. 234; 242 etc.; amolum modice, 365; stringatur amolo, 407.

**āmureca**, ae, f. [αμύρρα] oil-lees, the watery part from oil-pressing, a. ex olea expressa, qui est umor aquatilis, Varr. r. 1, 64, 1; amureca conspergit, Cato r. 91; add 36, 101 and 103; nigra perfundere āmureca, Verg. G. 1, 194 (wh. Servius says it is pronounced amurga); add 3, 488; Colum. 2, 14, 3 etc.; Plin. 15, 9 and 33 etc.

**āmurecā-rius**, adj. of oil-lees, dolia, Cato r. 10, 4.

**āmūsia**, ae, f. [αμουσία] unmusical nature, Varr. ap. Non. 16, 25.

**āmūsos**, adj. unmusical, Vitr. 1, 1, 13.

**āmussis**, is, f. [prob. shortened fm exāmussim, and so akin to exāmen; cf. for suff. uicissim] level of carpenters, masons etc., a. est aquamen leuamentum, id est, apud fabros tabula quae utuntur ad saxa coagmentata, Varr. ap. Non. 9, 18; nil ut deliret āmussis, Auson. edyl. 16, 11;

**2**. ad amussim, to a T (itself a met. fm a carpenter's rule), Varr. ap. Non. 9, 16; numerus ad amussim non est cum dicimus centumvirum esse iudicium, Varr. r. 2, 1, 26; iudicium factum atamussim, Gell. 1, 4, 1; ut talionem nel ad amussim acquirarent, 20, 1, 34; add Maer. s. 1, 4, 13;

**3**. amussim absol.=regulariter, tractum a regula quae amussis dicitur, Paul. ex F. 6; see examussim.

**āmussitātus**, see emussitatus.

**āmussūm**, il, n. a small level, Vitr. 1, 6, 6 (bis).

**āmūgdāla**, ae, f. almond-tree, amygdala si parum ferax erit, Colum. 5, 10, 20; floret amygdala mense Ianuario, Plin. 10, 103; add 109, 117 etc.; 2. an almond, adulteratur amygdala nucle, 12, 36; amygdalae putamine, 13, 60; see amygdalum.

**āmūgdālaceus**? only a cj. in Plin. 26, 111.

**āmūgdaleus**, adj. of the almond-tree, ramos, Pall. 14, 157.

**āmūgdālinus**, adj. of the almond-tree, (prima) amygdalina amygdalis (insistat, Plin. 15, 42; nux. Ser. Sann. 26; 2. of almonds, oleum, Plin. 15, 26; 23, 85; 26, 22.

**āmūgdūm**, (amig.) i, n. an almond, Nee glandes Amarihil tuae nec amygdala desunt, Ov. a. a. 3, 183; oleum ex amygdalis, Plin. 13, 19; oleum amygdalis anaris expressum, 13, 8; amygdala frieta, Apic. 237; add 53; 2. of almond-tree, perh. only in: amygdala si parum feracia erunt, Colum. arb. 25, 1.

**āmūgdūm**, i, f. almond-tree, Pall. 2, 15, 6 and 11.

**āmūlo**, amyllum, see amulo etc.

**āmystis**, idis, adj. f. as sb. drinking off at one draught, of a large cup, Threicia uincat amyistide, Hor. od. 1, 36, 14; add Siliou. poet. carn. 22.

**1**. an. prep. incop. [root al raise and ap of ap-w; =av Acol. and Dor. prep., whence ara; as av tan, tab. Heracl. 1, 100; av τω, 2, 32 and 38; ἀνακταρονται=ανακταρονται, 1, 84; ἀνταρα, 1, 78; ἀμυσθω, 1, 63; Athens dial. 2, 354, where see more] lit. up,—see as to form, anhelio, aneusis, amipiro; 2. am bef. a liquid, am-bedo eat up (the whole of), am-buro burn up (the whole of), ammoneo remind=ἀναμνησκω, am-puto cut away; 3. as (av) in Acol. dial. (Athens. 1, 149) becomes a(o), as α-μασσειν, ο-μασσειν, ο-λασσειν, ο-στασσειν, ο-σταθεις, so an reduced to a in, a-scendo, a-gnosco=α-γινωσκω, a-sto; 4. om for av in am-itto=av-ιμι; 5. assimilated in accumulo, aequiesco, addormisco, allico, aligro, apprehendo, arrigo, assieco; 6. ad for an, adaresco, adimo, adolesco;

**7**. w, vowel shortened to i (cf. in of in-tilis beside av of av-vōpos), incipio, inhoresco, intumescio, imbuo (=ava-bew), i-gnosco, inluo, trifle away; 11. 8. as to meaning, up, anhelio exhale, alleno lift up, alligo (nolius) bind up, accumulo heap up, adiuno lit up, apprehendo take up, attollo raise up, arrigo erect, adaequo raise to a level with, inhoresco bristle up, intumescio swell up, instituo set up, instruo pile up;

**9**. back, inhibeo hold up or back, infingo retract; 10. again, a-gnosco recognize (a-know of Shakespeare, wh. acknowledge), ammoneo remind, adurgo rise up again, instauro (=restauro) celebrate anew, ingenio redouble; 11. reversal of a preceding act (gen. that of the simple vb.), i-gnosco forget, insimulo, unmask and so expose, accuse, a-equiesco repose after labour=α-παύσασθαι unbend; 12. loosening, opening, adaperio open up, inaro plough up, infundo cleave open;

**13**. commenceunt, adamo fall in love with, addormisco fall asleep, aduersperao begin to be dusk, addubitio begin to doubt, attingo begin to touch, lay a finger upon, set foot on, impello give a first effective push, start, imbua wet for the first time, informo give a first rough shape to, imminuo impair what was till then entire, incipio take up and so begin, inibi he begins; 14. away, disappearance, adimo

take up and so take away (cf. *avaicaw*), amputo cut off or away, assiccio dry up (tr.), adresco dry up (intr.), adhibo driuk up, infringo break off, incido cut off, includo trifle away, intabesco melt away; 16. through, ancisus cut through, adigo drive through; 16. thoroughly, admisceo mix up or thoroughly; III 17. analogues of this prefix are; *av, ara, or, a, o, w, ad, Ir, ath, adli, an*; Gael. *ath, as*; Bret. *al, as, ana*; Go. and or *ana*; O. Sax. and; O. G. int; G. ent or an; A. Sax. on, oß, ed, et, a; Dut. out, Dan. and Sw. und; Fr. en (enlever), em (emporter).

2. *an*, old form of prep. *ad*, whence *ampendix*, *aff. appendix*; cf. Germ. prep. *an* and see anteid.

3. *an*, [old form *an*, see § 20; cut down, like *nc*, from *anne*, wh. came from a lost comp. *annis*, like *mage*, pote from *magis*, potis; *ann*-is one of two, = *N. ann-ar*, G. and-er, E. oth-er (comp. of one), compressed to *or*; E. else. O. E. *el-si*, L. *alt-er*, G. *ir-epos*, one of two] conj. or in interr., first in constr. *uter utrum* (wh. of the two) - *ne an*, in indir. q., (Set) *utrum* *centuri* *estis*, *licine* *an* *triclino*? Naev. 81 R; Die utrum, Spemne an Salutem te salutem Pseudole? Pl. Ps. 2, 4, 19; nolo scire utrum, egon id quod nudi uiderim An illic faciat quod factum dicit, ut ea sit domi, Mil. 2, 3, 75; add Tr. 2, 2, 26; 2. same in dir. q., (Set) *utrum* *est melius*, *uirgineum* *an* *nudum* *noxorem* *ducere*? Naev. 53 R; Vter erat, tunc an ille maior, Pl. Men. 5, 9, 60; Set utrum tu, masne an femina's? Rud. 1, 2, 16; add Bac. 1, 1, 42; 3, 4, 1; St. 5, 4, 17; Vtrum, studio ille habet an landi putat Fore si perdidit gnatum, Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 28; Quid faciendum censet Dorias... utrum, praedicame an taceam? Eun. 4, 4, 53; uter nostrum Labiene popularis est, tunc qui... an ego qui...? Cic. Rab. perd. 11; uter facilius rationem redderet, isne qui... an ille qui? Chu. 106; add Verr. 2, 4, 73; 3. indir. q., without *ne*, (Set) *utrum* *scapulae* *plus* *an* *collus* *cili* *iam* *habeat* *nescio*, Naev. 115 R; iam scibo utrum haec *mage* *ne* *amet* *an* *marcuppinum*, Pl. Men. 2, 30, 35; quaerit utrum illa, verba an portenta sint, Cic. or. 20; nihil interest utrum moderatas perturbationes adprobent an moderatam ininistiam, Tusc. 4, 42; add Luc. 1, 7, 8; 7, 16, 3; ut intellegere posset utrum apud eos pudor an timor plus ualere, Caes. b. g. 1, 40, 14; quaero te utrum hoc adduxerit, caeli temerantia an terrae bonitas, Var. s. r. 1, 1; add 109, 1; 160, 2; 4. same in dir. q., Set utrum tu, amicis hodie an inimicis tuis Daturus cenam? Pl. Ps. 3, 29; Vtrum, pro ancilla me habes an pro filia? Pers. 3, 1, 13; ultra uoluptate didicidit, stante an mouente? Cic. fin. 2, 31; utrum existimatis minus operis esse, unam columnam efficere nouam, an quattuor illas reponere? Verr. 2, 1, 147; add Varr. s. 241, 7 R; II 5. without *uter* (utrum), and first in indir. q., w. *ne*, whether, te... Hostiane an cuius comedis parui pendere, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 65; Tuos seruos seruet Venerie eas det an uiro, As. 4, 1, 60; Halophantiam an euophantiam hunc *magis* *diam* *esse* *nescio*, Curc. 4, 1, 2; add Capt. 2, 2, 20; Vone uelit an me regnare eia quidue ferat Fors Virtute experiamur, Eun. an. 203 V; Nec quid auiam certum, Pamphilum aditem an ausulem seni, Ter. Andr. 1, 3, 4; id uiso tunc an illi insaniant, 3, 3, 3; add Ph. 2, 4, 5; honestumne factu sit an turpe dubitant, Cic. off. 1, 9; illud nescio gratulor tibi an timeam, fam. 2, 5; add Phil. 10, 5; Rose. Am. 119; copias suas, indichione non conduxerit an tempore exclusus dabitur est, Caes. b. g. 6, 51, 1; Vt nihil intersit Dausne... an custos... Hor. ep. 2, 3, 239;

6. same in dir. q., Publicisne adfinis fuit an maritimus negotiis? Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 50; Amandone exoriarie te uis an osculando? As. 3, 3, 97; Compressan palma an porrecta ferio? Cas. 2, 6, 53; Tacen an non tacet? Pers. 4, 3, 64; add Epid. 5, 1, 28; Men. 1, 3, 15; ea ferarumne an hominum caussa gignere uidetur? Cic. N. D. 1, 156; nosne L. Domitium an uos Domitius deseruit? Caes. b. c. 2, 32, 8; 7. in indir. q., without *ne*, chiefly in short sentences, Pluma haut interest patronis an cliens proprii (al. proprii) siet, Pl. Most. 1, 1, 60; perscrutari hoc uolo Seclere nos nostri an alieni sinus, Mil. 2, 5, 21; add Merc. 3, 4, 5; Rud. 1, 3, 31; quid refert tanto post ad iudices deferantur an omnino non deferantur, Cic. Flac. 21; refert qui audiant,

senatus an populus an iudices, frequentes an pauci an singuli, tempus pacis an belli, destinationis an otii, or. 3, 211; uera an falsa nescio, N. D. 1, 1, 60; Quintus eras; sed ad me an ad te nescio, Att. 13, 51, 2; add or. 217; uerum id frustra an ob rem faciam in uostra manu situm est, Sal. Inc. 5, 3; postremo fugere an manere tutius foret, in incerto erat, 38, 5; add Cat. 25, 3; iubet peritos linguae attendere animam, pastorum sermo agresti an urbano propior esset, Liv. 10, 4, 9; add 2, 54, 7; 4, 55, 8; 28, 44, 2; 8. the same in dir. q., esp. in short sentences, Album an atrum uinum potas? Pl. Men. 5, 5, 17; De magnis diuitiis si quid demas, plus fit an minus? Trin. 2, 2, 68; Dicam haec an non dicam? Ter. Eun. 5, 4, 40; sortietur an non? Cic. prov. cons. 37; 9. at times a third clause or more is introduced by *an*, as by or with *as* (though both by origin should be limited to two things), *imlicescine* *an* *cimices*, *An pedes*? responde mihi, Liv. Andr. 1 R; Quid tu rogas Purpureum panem an pumiceum solem esse esse an luteum? Pl. Men. 5, 5, 19; tria sunt, maneantne Arpini an propius accedam an ueniam Roman, Cic. Att. 16, 10, 2; add 16, 8 f.; postulo ut mihi respondeat qui sit iste Verrecius, mercator an negotiator an arator an pecuarius, Verr. 2, 2, 188; in quo nemo potest dicere utrum iste plus biberit an uomert an effudit (spit from nasteady hand), Pis. 22; Gabinio dicam ane Pompeio an atrique, Man. 57; perturbantur copiasne aduersus hostem educere, an castra defendere, an fuga saltem petere praestaret, Caes. b. g. 4, 14, 2; add Hor. od. 1, 12, 34; 10. so when an assumption not proved pre-empting itself, or a doubt suggests a question w. *an*, or, and this often ironically, Tum quid superest socium mittis leto (wh. of course you would regret) an lucti paenitet?—or have you not had mourning enough? Acc. 491 R; necessest quidquid pronuntias, id aut esse aut non esse—An tu dialectice ue imitatus quidem es? Cic. Tus. 1, 14; ad mortem te Catilina duci impetrem oportet—an uero Scipio Gracchum priuatus interfecit, Catilinae nos consules perferemus, Cat. 1, 3; nos hic te expectamus ex quodam rumore—an (or was it) ex litteris ad alios datus, Att. 1, 3, 2; Themistocles, cum ei Simonides (an quis alius?) artem memoriae polliceretur, obliuiscens inquit malleum, fin. 2, 104; forte quadam (an diuinitas?) super ripas Tiberis effusus..., Liv. 1, 4, 4; add 28, 43, 3; Aclius et cum eo septem (an octo?), septem immo perseuerauerunt, Plin. ep. 6, 13, 5; finem uitae (an fato?) impleuit, Tac. an. 2, 42; add 2, 22; 14, 7; 11. in this way an follows *sine* (sen) at times, Restat ut inueniam quare toga libera dote Lucifero pueris candide Baecae tua, Sine quod..., Sui quia..., Sine quod..., An quia...? Ov. F. 3, 779; esp. in Tac. as: *sine* *fatali* *recordia* *an*..., *an*..., 11, 20; *sine*..., *seu*..., *an* *amore* *coniugis*, 14, 59;—here an approaches in use to aut, itself a variety of an; 12. after a more general question an often suggests an answer by limiting the question, P. Isticne nos habitatis? S. quid id te quaeritis? An quo furatim uenias uestigas loca? Pl. Rud. 1, 2, 23; add Mil. 2, 6, 19; Men. 2, 1, 6; Cur meum senectutem huius sollicito amentia? an Vt pro huius peccatis ego supplicium sufferam? Ter. Andr. 5, 3, 16; add Eun. 5, 6, 16; a rebus gerendis senectus abstrahit. Quibus? an his quae muncuntur geruntur et uiribus? Cic. sen. 15; quidnam esse causae potui cur...? an quod...? Tusc. 3, 1; eumque pennis? an Meliboei? Verg. B. 3, 1, 7; O quam te memorem uirgo, namque laud tibi uoluit Mortalis?... An Phoebe soror? an Nympharum sanguinis una? A. 1, 333; 13. when a statement seems to imply something unexpected, a question often follows with *an*, then? what then? Aput nouerum querere. An unquam tu huius impietati patri? Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 80; add 1, 1, 27; 3, 2, 62 and 64; amabo te, an maritus, Merc. 3, 1, 40; add Poen. 2, 1, 29 and 43; Rud. 2, 3, 21; flugium facinus. An id flagitium sit, si... Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 91; 14. esp. strengthened by *eho*, *eho* *an* (pron. *yoan* or *oan*, as monos.), what then? Eho *an* etiam Arabiati in Ponto? Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 89; Eho *an* etiam in caelum escendisti? 4, 2, 100; Eho *an* tu teligisti has acedis? Most. 2, 2, 24; add 5, 1, 35; Pers. 4, 3, 14; Mil. 2, 3, 30; 3, 2, 9 and 27; Ps. 3, 2, 83; 4, 2, 13; Poen. 1, 2, 121; Rud. 2, 7, 20;

**III 15.** rarely, even in poets, an...an..., whether...or..., nunc huc nunc fluctuat illuc. An sese mucrone ob tantum dedecus amens Induat... Fluctibus an laeui medii, Verg. 10, 681; Saepae manus optrepantes admonet an sit Corpus an illud ebur, Ov. M. 10, 254; nidendum est morbus an increscat, an consistat an minuat, Cels. 3, 2, p. 75, 29 D; **IV 16.** in certain forms used in a single indirect question, gen. w. verb of knowledge just before an. Nunc hunc haecio an colloquar, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 96; Qui seis an tibi isne prius cueniat quam mihi? 1, 1, 55; Itane temptas an sciamus, Poen. 3, 1, 54; but the text in Trin. 4, 2, 150; Most. 3, 2, 96; and Mil. 2, 5, 35 dub.; Qui seis an quae inebum sine ni faciat? atque haec scio an partum eorum fuerint qui non nostrae contumeliae causa id noluerint enire sed..., Cato or. 23, 7 Iord.; Ter. Eun. 4, 7, 20; add Ad. 4, 5, 35; Andr. 3, 2, 45; Phorm. 5, 2, 9; de L. Bruto fortasse dubitatur an..., Cic. Tusc. 4, 50; dubitant an per Sardiniam veniant, fam. 9, 7, 2; nescio an ignoscendum sit Iulio, 13, 1, 4; est id magnum atque haec scio an maximum, 9, 15, 1; add Tusc. 2, 41; 1, 16; 3, 55; Flac. 63; necit disciplina militaris, necit imperi maiestas, quae in discrimine fuerunt an ulla post hanc diem essent, Liv. 8, 35, 4; add 2, 2, 21; 43, 3, 22; 39, 4; Quis seit an aliquid boediernae crastinae summae Tempora? Hor. od. 4, 7, 17; neque interesse an nunc iam plerumque explorata siut, S., Cels. pr. 1, p. 3, 35 D; nide ergo an putes..., Sen. ira, 2, 3, 5; doce me non an fortitudo animal sit, sed..., ep. 113, 27; quaesito an Caesar venisset, Tac. an. 2, 9; tria spectanda sunt, an sit, quid sit, quale sit, Quint. 5, 10, 33; nidebinus an sit summonendus, Paul. dig. 5, 2, 32, 1; uideamus an statim efficiatur mariti, Ulp. 23, 3, 9, 3; **17.** in later writers the *vi.* may follow, quod an inciderit, digitis demissis cognoscitur, Cels. 7, 26, p. 307, 38 D; an benificium nobis daturus sim nescio, Sen. contr. 1 pr. 13; sed an causa vera sit, nescit, Quint. 2, 17, 38; quod illi an fecerint nescio, Plin. ep. 5, 3, 7; add S. 16, 3; an sequens admittatur nidendum sit, Paul. dig. 5, 2, 31; an superesse dixerint veteres pro restare, quarebamus, Gell. 1, 22, 14; **18.** at times an *adj.* n. used absolutely before *an*, w. elliptic constr., dubium an quaesita morte, Tac. an. 1, 5; incertum an et ante ignarus, 14, 7; **19.** at times an in this sense is repeated, whether...or... whether... (unless these belong to § 15), ut aestimet...an inuersa... huius temporis culturae respondeant, an aliqua dissonet, Colum. 1, 1, 3; haec...ad duas res solemus referre, an nolerit quis, an potuerit, Quint. 5, 10, 50; but in Cels. 3, 6, p. 87, 25 Dar. read adstri tum, not an adstri.; in Hor. s. 2, 4, 10, et Romanus; in Plin. 15, 6 an before maturitas is dub.; **20.** for *qty* *an*, note the deriv. from *anne*, also Verberone etiam an (or *anne*?) amittis (B *an* amittis? Mitis sum equidem fustibus), Pl. Mil. 5, 1, 31; Etiam hant sciam (al. scio) *an* (so, not *anne* Benib.) uxorem ducat ae Syro nihil gratiae, Ter. Haut. 5, 2, 46; *an* ego te noceam atque animosum Thessalam ut indomitam frenis subigam ante domumque, Lucil. 30, 51, wh. sive have an...acium; Baclrens (Rh. Mus. 29, 361) *an*...uacum; (a *marg.* a intended to correct the strange vowel of noceam, led to *acum*); neque hilum Differre *an* (so A and B; edd. *anne*) ullo fuerit iam tempore natus, Luer. 3, 868; An ut perennas in ora nolgi, Cat. 40, 5 (see Trans. Phil. Soc. 1870); **21.** an -disj. *q* or; interr. *q* of indir. *q*, whether, or; and interr. *q*; but *q* after *com*=quam. **4.** *an*? obsol. prep. before, prob.=ad near as well as G. *an* to. See ante § 27. **ānā**, adv. [for *ava* through—introduced by Greek physicians] of each, folii capparisi, folii mirri silnestris, folii epressi una uncias tres deteres, Veg. 4 (3), 2, 6; traganti myrrhae spicae nardi una unciam unam detricae, 5 (3), 66, 6; add 64, 6; **2.** still used in prescriptions. **ānābaptismus**, i, m. second baptism, Aug. in Ps. 38. **ānābāsis**, is, f. the plant equestum, Plin. 26, 36 and 133. **ānābathrum**, i, m. a raised seat, Iuv. 7, 46. **ānābōlādium**, ii, n. a mantle, Isid. or. 19, 25; *anabolarium*, Not. Tir. 158. **ānābolicarius**, adj. m. as sb. exporter of goods, a shipper, fm. Vatie. 137 Mai. See

**ānābolicus**, adj. for exportation (by sea), species, Vop. Aurel. 35, 1. **ānābōlism**, ii, n. some surgical instrument, perh. a syringe, inscr. Or. 1572. **ānācampus-ērōs**, ōtis, adj. f. as sb. a plant, restorative of love, Plin. 26, 107. **anachites**? a bad reading in Plin. 37, 61. **ānāchōresis**, is, f. retreat as of a hermit, Sidon. post ep. 7, 9. **ānāchōrēta**, ae, m. one in retreat from society, anchorite, Sulp. Sev. 1, 18; Anachoreta (pron. anchorēta) tremit qui quoniamqum frigora portat, Sidon. 36, 97. **ānāclitērium**, ii, n. a bolster, Ael. Spart. Hel. 5, 7. **ānācoelasmus**, i, m. a purgative, Cael. Aur. chron. 2, 14, 213. **ānācollēma**, ātis, n. a cataplasm, as glued on, Veg. vet. 2, 17. **ānāctōrius**, ii, n. the plant gladiolus, Apul. herb. 78. **ānāfēma**, ātis, n. a head-band, Luer. 4, 1129; Paul. dig. 34, 2, 26. **ānā-dendrō-mālāchē**, es, f. the plant hibiscus, as a tree mallow, Apul. herb. 38. **ānā-diplōsis**, is, f. reduplication, in rhetoric, as Demipho in Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 5 and 6; Mart. Cap. 5, 175 G, p. 179 Eyss.; **2.** esp. wh. the final of one line begins the next, Sidon. ep. 8, 11; Charis. 281, 11 K; Diom. 445, 7. **ānāgallis**, idis, adj. f. as sb. the plant chickweed, Plin. 25, 144, 26, 35. **ānāglyptus**, adj. wrought in bas-relief, trullam argenteam anaglyptum, inscr. Or. 3838; **2.** anaglyptum as sb. n., a work in bas-relief, Plin. 33, 139; add Mart. 4, 39, 8. **ānāglyptus**, adj. of works in bas-relief, caelator, inscr. Mur. 681, 9. **ānāglypticus**, adj. of work in bas-relief, Sidon. ep. 9, 13. **Anagnia**, ae, f. a city of Latium, quos diues Anagnia pascis, Verg. 7, 684; add Liv. 45, 16, 5. **Anagninus**, adj. of Anagnia, Cic. Phil. 2, 106; Plin. 3, 63. **ānāgnostēs**, ae, m. a reader, in Cic. Att. 1, 12, 4 in Greek; pueri litteratissimi, anagnostae optinui, Nep. Att. 13, 3; nemo in conuitio eius aliud acroama audiuit quam anagnosten, 14, 1. **ānāgyros**, i, f. [αναγυρος and αναγυρος] a strong smelling prickly shrub, Plin. 27, 30. **ānālecta**, ae, m. a servant to pick up crumbs etc., colligere...Analecta quicquid et eanes reliquerunt, Mart. 7, 20, 17; Otia sed scopis nunc analecta dedit, 14, 82; **2.** met. suavit., ut grammaticos haberet analectas, Sen. ep. 27, 7; also a good *q* for leeticiarius in Petr. 34. **ānālema**, ātis, n. a sundial, Vitr. 9, 4, 1; 9, 9, 8. **ānāleptis**, idis, adj. f. as sb. a shoulder pad, Ov. a. a. 3, 273. **ānālōgia**, ae, f. proportion, Varr. l. 9, 4 and 16; add Quint. 1, 6, 3; **2.** analogy, Varr. l. 10, 3, p. 566 Speng. etc.; analogian (hoc uerbum quum Latini grammatice ciuitate donauerint, ego non puto in ciuitatem suam redigendum), Sen. ep. 120, 4; quae sit analogia dicam, and then comes an example, 120, 5; add Quint. 1, 6, 11 and 15; **3.** of grammar, esp. Caesar's work, Caesarem...duos de analogia libros scripsisse, Fronto ep. bell. Part. p. 221 Nab.; add Suet. 56; Gell. 1, 10, 4. **ānālōgicus**, adj. of proportion or analogy, in libris analogicis (of Caesar), Gell. 4, 16, 9. **ānālōgos**, (us), adj. proportional, analogous, Varr. l. 10, 3, p. 305 and 567 Sp. **ānāncēum**, i, n. (αναγκων), a large drinking bowl, Credo hercle ananceo datum quod libet, Pl. Rud. 2, 3, 33; tripodes eretreae anancea, Varr. ap. Non. 547, 33. **ānāncitis**, idis, f. [?] a gem, Plin. 37, 192; Isid. orig. 16, 14. **ānāpaeisticus**, adj. of anapaests, Sidon. ep. 4, 3; Serv. ad B. 8, 78; Prise. 2, 459, 8 K. **ānāpaeustus**, adj. struck back, resounding, hence pes a. the reverse of a dactyl., an anapaest or ~-~; sine anapaests pedibus, Cic. Tusc. 2, 37; **2.** absol. the same,

Quint. 9, 4, 48 etc.; but in Cic. or. 3, 182 edd. omit the words; 3. an anapestic verse, anapestus is qui Aristophanus nominatur, Cic. or. 190; 4. as sb. n. an anapaestic verse, plerosque senarios sed etiam anapaesta (so RE) Cic. or. 190; anapaesta pauca, Gell. pr. 20.

**anaphora**, ae, f. in rhetoric, repetition of a word, Charis. 281, 15 K; Diom. 415, 13; Donat. 398, 5; 2. a reference to a word only implied in what precedes, as: conuincere pauci...de qua (sc. conuincione) breuissime dicam, Diom. 415, 13.

**anaphoricus**, adj. relative, horologium, a kind of sundial, Vitr. 9, 9, 8; 2. throwing up (blood etc.), Firm. Math. 3, 13.

**anapilrōticus**, adj. filling up, medicamentum, Veg. vet. 3, 26, 2.

**an-as**, ātis, (itis cf. \*), f. [anat- for an-ak, from a simple can = *an*, cf. old Fr. *can* a duck, whence can-ard etc.; ak dim. suffix] duck, Ant anites\* (cf. Lachm. ad Lucr. 1, 1) aut coturnices dantur quicquid luscant, Pl. Capt. 5, 4, 6; anitum\* oia gallinis supponimus, Cic. N. D. 2, 124; greges anatum (al. anatum), Varr. r. 3, 11, 1; septum rete integitur ne...eolare anas (possit), 3, 11, 3; anas a natando, Varr. l. 1, 13, p. 84 Sp. (rather the reverse); add Varr. s. 218, S R; nectris dolor sedatur nisi anatis, Col. 6, 7, 1; add Veg. vet. 4, 4, 6; clausae pascentur anates, Colum. 8, 15, 1; add Mart. 3, 93, 12; 13, 52, 1; 2. one with G. ente, N. öd, Pan, and, whence Sw. and-r-ake a mallard, and Dan. andr-ik, E. drake, while duck is decap. from a form öd-uk in wh. the suff. ak ik uck = ak. See Trans. Ph. Soc. 1862, p. 14.

**anastasis**, is, f. resurrection, Laet. 7, 23 (bis).

**anastrophē**, ēs, f. in rhetoric, inversion of order, as transtra per et reuos, Charis. 275, S K; Diom. 460, 26; Donat. 401, 9.

**anāt-arius**, adj. of ducks, aquila—preying on ducks, Plin. 10, 7; 2. as sb. m. duck-keeper, = *νητοφολαξ*, Gloss.

**anāthēma**, ātis, n. an offering set up in a temple, Prud. psych. 540.

**anāthēma**, ātis, n. a devoted or accursed thing, Tert. haer. 6; 2. hence a curse, Aug. ep. 75 (repeated).

**anāthēmātizo**, āre, vb. curse, declare accused, Aug. ep. 75; Hier. ep. 75.

**anāthymiasis**, is, f. rising in fume, (from the stomach), Petr. 47.

**anāt-ic-ūla**, ae, f. dim. duckling, Cic. fin. 5, 42; 2. met., Dice igitur me anaticulam columbam uel catellum, Pl. As. 3, 3, 103; for qty cf. *cānicula*.

**anāt-inus**, adj. of ducks, Vtinam fortunam nunc anatinum uter, Pl. Rud. 2, 6, 49; 2. *anātina* (sc. caro) absol. as sb. f. flesh of ducks, (medicos) odi quod mihi inebent saepe anatinum parari, Petr. 56, a play, it is suggested, on the use of *ana* in prescriptions.

**anā-tōicimus**, i, m. compound interest, centesimas... cum anatocismo annuarius, Cic. Att. 5, 21, 11; add § 12; mulctentur sorte una cum anatocismo binne centesimae usurae, inscr. Or. 4405.

**anātōmicus**, adj. of anatomy, hence as sb. m. an anatomist, anatomieorum libris, Macr. s. 7, 13, S; add Aug. C. D. 22, 24; 2. anatomica (sc. ars) anatomy, Plato nec anatomica abstinere, Macr. s. 7, 15, 1.

**anātōnus**, adj. extending upwards, capitula, Vitr. 10, 15, 25.

**anāzētēsis**, is, f. a plant, Apul. herb. 59.

**ancāla**, ae, or ancālē, ēs, f. the hollow of the knee, = poples, ad ancālen atque suram, Cacl. Aur. 5, 1, p. 548; ex talo atque ancāla, p. 556.

**ancārius**, ii, m. [αγγαρος Persian for a mounted courier] a public courier, Concursus ueluti ancārius clareque quiritans Lucil. ap. Non. 21, 18; s. ancārius.

**anceps**, (old anceps) ancipitīs, [am + caput] two-headed, Post alitruiscut securicula ancipēs (such the order in Char. 120, 16) item aurea, Pl. Rud. 4, 4, 114; nemo uoce hōs (so cj. T. H. K.) atque ancipitī\* ferro effringat cardines, Lucil. ap. Non. 245, 21; add Lucr. 6, 168; securim, Ov. M. 8, 397; ancipitī\* mirandus imagine Ianus, P. 1, 95;

2. met. two-edged, two-fold, as it were, cum duobus in locis a binis hostium copiis bellum gereretur, uos ancipitī contentione districti dimicaretis, Cic. Man. 9; ancipitī\* proclio cum ex oppido eruptione pugnaretur, foris tantae copiae cernebantur, Caes. b. g. 7, 76, 6; ancipitem terrorem b. c. 3, 72, 2; ancipitia munimenta...alia in urbem, alius frons in Etruriam obstruebatur, Liv. 5, 1, 9; 3. of abstract nouns, curam, Cic. off. 1, 9; odium, Liv. 27, 17, 11; 4. esp. of double meaning, ambiguous, doubtful, with two sides, disputationes, Cic. or. 3, 107; ius, Hor. s. 2, 5, 34; Lucanus an Appulus anceps, 2, 1, 34; 5. hence, dangerous, dubia et interdum ancipitī\* fortuna, Vell. 2, 79, 3; (labruscam) purgationibus ancipitem, Plin. 23, 20; morbi, 7, 148; 6. absol. as a sb. danger, in anceps tractus, Tac. an. 4, 73; in ancipitī\* res publica, 1, 361.

7. w. a gen. in Prisc. 2, 217, 26; 8. abd. only ancipitī see \* above, and add Verg. 3, 47; Gell. 12, 2, 14; 9. old nom. ancipes see \* above; add Char. SS. 12 K; 120, 13 etc.

10. nom. once written ageps, Varr. ap. Prisc. 1, 30, 21.

**anchistrum**, i, n. [αγκιστρον] a hook as used by surgeons, Cacl. Aur. chron. 5, 1, 19.

**anchora**, s. ancōra.

**anchūsa**, ae, f. a plant yielding a red dye, a. tinctoria Linn.; Plin. 22, 48.

**ancido**, ēre, cis, vb. [an = *ava*, caedo] cut off or through, Omnia iam sorsum cernes ancisa recenti Volnere tortari, Lucr. 3, 660.

**ancile**, is, adj. n. (see § 5) as sb. [perh. for ancilidis from ancil- crude form of an-cido = *reido* cut back] a shield of the Salii, oval with sides receding, ancilia dicta ab ambeosis quod ea arma ab utraque parte ut Thraecum incisa, Varr. l. 7, 3 p. 328 Sp.; Atque ancile uocat quod ab omni parte recisum est, Ov. F. 3, 377; a. quia ex utroque latere erit recisum ut summum infimumque eius latius medius pateret, Paul. ex F. 131 v. Mamurrius, s. Eckhel d. n. v. 7, 13;

2. carried through Rome in March and then replaced, religione nondum conditorum ancilium, Tac. h. 1, 89; motus nequid conditis ancilibus, Suet. Otho 8;

3. moved also before a war, w. the words Mars uigila, Serv. A. 8, 3;

4. gen. a shield, laqueaque ancile gerant Picens, Verg. 7, 188;

5. as adj., arma ancilia, Val. M. 1, 1, 9; Charis. 81, 22 K; clypeis ancilibus, Iuv. 2, 126; 6. anciliorum as gen. pl. Hor. od. 3, 5, 10.

**Ancilius**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, C. Ancili T. f. 1144.

**ancilla**, ae, f. donb, dim. [anoula] a female slave, maid-servant, maid, Seruos ancillas amoue, Pl. Trin. 3, 70 etc.; neque pretiosus seruos neque ancilla, Cato ap. Gell. 13, 24, 1; Danae ancilla noicia (sic), CIL 819; Plotia ancilla heic sitast, 1479; ancillam aere emptam suo, Ter. Ph. 3, 2, 26; ancillae pueri, Lucil. ap. Non. 118, 9; ancillarum puororumque comitatu, Cic. Mil. 28; seruis legatis ancillae quoque legabuntur, Paul. 3, 6, 69; ancilla Dei, inscr. Murat. 407, 4;

2. met. Fusiūna a. turpis, Sal. or. Lep.; add Treb. Claud. 5, 4; of a fruitful hen, Apul. M. 9, 33;

**ancillārius**, adj. as sb. m. dim. = amore ancillarum captus, Sen. ben. 1, 9, 4; Mart. 12, 58, 1.

**ancillāris**, adj. of or like a female slave, artificium, Cic. Tusc. 5, 58; adulatio, Amm. 26, 16.

**ancillātus**, ūs, m. service of a female slave, Arnob. 7, p. 221.

**ancillor**, āri, vb. r. play the part of hand-maid, Dotibus delentit...uxoribus ancillantur, Titin. ap. Non. 72, 1; inuita ancillans, dicto obediens uiri, Acc. ib.; aestus maris ancillans sideri aucto (the moon), Plin. 2, 213; cetera membra ancillari et subseruire capiti, Apul. dogm. Pl. 1, 13.

**ancillula**, ae, f. dim. a little female slave, Pl. Mil. 3, 38 etc.; Ter. Ph. 4, 3, 60; Ov. rem. am. 639; 2. met. Cic. fin. 2, 69; or. 1, 236.

**ancipēs**, s. anceps.

**ancisus**? m. in Varr. l. 7, 3 mss have ambeosis,

**ancisus**, part. s. ancido.

**anclabris**, adj. [anclō] mensa ministeriis diuinis apta, Paul. ex F. p. 11 M and p. 58 v. escaria; anclabres (uss angla ογες) τραπέζας τριγωνας ὡς Νεβριος, Gloss. Lat.; 2. ea

quae (al. qua) in sacrificando dis anclatur, quod est, hantritur ministraturque, Paul. ex F. 51. 3. anclabria, adj. n. pl. as sb. [id.] una quibus sacerdotes utuntur Paul. ex F. p. 11.

**ancilator**, oris, m. [id.] a servant so employed, = *ἐπιτηρητής*, Gloss.

**anclo**, s. anculet.

**ancōn**, ōnis, m. [ἀγκων] lit. elbow—hence an architectural term for a projection, ancones siue parotides, Vitr. 4, 6, 4; add S. 6, 1. 2. also in hydraulic engines, 10, 13, 5; in a testudo, 20, 1, 4; 3. arm of an elbow chair, Cael. Aur. chron. 2, 1, 46; 4. some vessel in a wine shop, Paul. dig. 33, 7, 13; 5. a hooked pole, Grat. cyn. 87.

**ancōra**, (anchora) f. [ἀγκυρα; note Lat. qty goes w. accent] anchor, ancōra soluta, Cic. Att. 1, 13, 1; praecidi ancōras imperant, Verr. 2, 5, 58; dum reliquae naues eo concenitum, in ancōris expectant, Caes. b. g. 4, 23, 4; add b. c. 3, 102, 4; dente tenae Ancōra fundabat naves, Verg. 6, 4; 2. of other than ships, Pall. 1, 41, 5; 3. met. si unltis ancōras tollere, Varr. r. 3, 16, 1; ultima fessis Ancōra cur Fabius, Sil. 7, 24.

**ancōrāgo**, ius, m. a kind of fish, Cassiod. ep. 12, 4.

**ancōrā-lis**, adj. of an anchor, strophia (windlasses for cables), Apul. M. 11, 16; 2. ancōrāle as sb. n. a cable, Liv. 22, 19, 10; 37, 30, 10; Plin. 16, 34.

**ancōrā-rius**, adj. of an anchor, fuses, Caes. b. c. 2, 9, 4; 2. a mountain so called in Mauretania (why?), Plin. 13, 95; Amm. 29, 5, 25.

**ancrae**, arum, f. pl. = intervalla arborum, Gloss. Plac. ap. Mai. p. 432; = *αγκρα*, *αγκρες*, Gloss. Labb.; antras (for ancrae?), Paul. ex F. 11.

**ancūlū**, m. and ancūlae, f. pl. [dim. of a lost aneus and anea] minor gods who attended on the greater gods, Paul. ex F. v. ancillae, 19 M.

**anculor**, (ancolor) v. r. and anculo (anclo) v. [anculus] act as an attendant (on gods), minister, antiqui anclore dicebant pro ministrare, Paul. ex F. v. ancillae p. 19 M.; see also anclebris; 2. w. acc. florem anclebrat Liberi ex carthesis, Liv. Andr. id. p. 11 v. anclore: unumque quod libabat anclebrat, Liv. Andr. ap. Prisc. 1, 208, 21 K; 3. vetustissimi anclo pro anclo, id. 1, 391, 1; 4. erroneously identified with anculentulae feminae menstruo tempore appellatur: unde inquilamentum, Paul. ex F. 11.

**ancus**, qui admeum brachium habet et exporrigi non potest, Paul. ex F. 19; 2. hence a praenomen of the king Aeneas Martius, Hor. ep. 1, 6, 27; ancus a cubito quem incertum habuisse dicitur, Serv. A. 6, 816.

**andābāta**, ae, m. [?] a gladiator who fought more or less blinded, quem ne andabata quidem defraudare poteramus, Cic. fam. 7, 10, 2; clausis oculis andabatarum more pugnare, Hier. Helv. 3; add id. Iov. 1, 36; inser. Or. 2577; 2. Andabatae a work of Varro's quoted in Non. 35, 3; 46, 21 etc.

**andachīē**, ēs, f. wild arbutus or strawberry-tree, Plin. 13, 120; 16, 80.

**andrachnē**, ēs, f. = porcellana, purstane, Plin. 16, 80.

**androdāmas**, antis, m. a hard stone, Plin. 36, 146; 2. a gem 37, 144.

**andrō-gyne**, es, f. a man-woman, Val. M. 8, 3, 1.

**andrō-gynus**, i, m. a hermaphrodite, inberbi androgyni, Lucil. ap. Non. 493, 26; add Cic. div. 1, 98; Liv. 27, 11, 5; Plin. 7, 15 and 34.

**andrōn**, ōnis, m. the part of a house and its environs set apart for men, Paul. ex F. 22; Plin. ep. 2, 17, 22; in Greek, Vitr. 6, 10, 5.

**andrōnitis**, idis, adj. as, sb. f. a colonnade round a house set apart for men, Vitr. 6, 10, 4.

**androsācēs**, n. a plant, Plin. 27, 25.

**androsāmon**, n. a plant, Plin. 27, 26.

**andrun-cūlus**, i, m. a small andron, wh. see, Not. Tir. 162.

**ān-clōgīstus**, adj. not bound to account for his doings, tutores, Ulp. dig. 20, 7, 5, 7 (bis).

**ānellus**, or anellus, i, m. m. doub. dinn. a little ring, Pl. Epid. 5, 1, 38; Lucr. 6, 911; Hor. s. 2, 7, 9.

**ānēmōne**, es, f. the plant anemone, Plin. 21, 64, 99 and 164.

**āneo**, ēre, vb. [ānns] be an old woman, Satis scitum (Ritschl cf. spūssum) filium mulieris uerum hercle anet (so Ritschl; an et CD, amet B), Pl. Merc. 4, 4, 15; dicebant (maiores) quico et senec unde et anet, legimus enim anet ille, id est quasi ancūla... (the rest nonsense, like that of Cleod. p. 55, 4), Pomp. 222, 6 K; accet, anet, floret, Flav. Cap. 2240, 7 P; anet γηρη, Gloss. Philox.

**ānesco**, ēre, [id.] grow old (of women), acescit anescit florescit, Flav. Cap. 2240, 10 P.

**anecum**, (al. annessum) i, n. distinguished from anetum in Plin. 10, 167; but how?

**ānēthatus**, quasi-part. flavoured with anise, ius, Apic. 7, 6; 2. as sb. n. the sauce itself, 6, 9.

**ānēthum**, (-tum) i, n. anise, dill, bene olentis anethi, Verg. E. 2, 48; anetum, Plin. 10, 167.

**āneurysm**, ātis, n. aneurysm, Verg. vet. 3, 30, 1.

**ānēstastatos**, adj. not subject to giving accents, but only in Greek, Seacv. dig. 33, 8, 23, 2.

**anfractus** etc., see amfractus.

**angāriālis**, adj. of public post-horses etc., copia, the right of using them, Th. C. 8, 5, 4, 1.

**angārio**, āre, vb. press for governmental service, nanes eorum angariari posse, Ulp. dig. 49, 18, 4, 1; add Aug. ep. 5; Paul. Nol. 37 (27); ā in: pia inssa eant; angāriat inquit, Ariat. hist. apost. 2, 902.

**angārius**, adj. [αγγαρος] of an αγγαρος; hence as sb. m. or f. an annual of government postal service, neque ab angariis...excusari possunt, Callist. dig. 50, 4, 18, 29; angariorum exhibitio, Hiermog. 50, 5, 11; mulae et angariae, Arcad. 50, 4, 18, 21.

**angela**, ae, f. an angel, Tert. Val. 32 f.

**angēlicus**, adj. of a messenger, angelicum metrum celeritate nuntii aptum, a dactyle hinc catul., Diom. 512, 23 K; Plot. 2633, 6 P; but a dim. troch. Mar. Viet. 2531, 30 P; 2. of an angel, angelic, Prud. terr. 11.

**angēliferō**, are, vb. make angelic, Tert. resurr. 26.

**angellus**, i, m. doubl. dim. little angle or corner, Lucr. 2, 428; Arnob. 7, p. 253.

**angēliticos**, adj. reporting, species angelicae, Diom. 482, 31 K.

**angēlus**, i, m. a messenger (of God), an angel, inser. Or. 2528; 4724.

**Angerōna**, ae, f. goddess of silence, diua A. cui sacrificatur a. d. xii kal. Ian. ore obligato obisignatoque simulacrum habet, Plin. 3, 65; Angeronam quae digito ad os adnoto silentium denuntiatur, Maer. s. 3, 9; inser. Or. 116.

**Angerōnālia**, n. pl. the festival of Angerona, Varr. 1, 6, 3, p. 204 Sp.; Paul. ex F. 17.

**angina**, (not angina) ae, f. [αγγων fm αγω=ango=met. terms gen. Gk.] lit. choking, strangling—hence the disease quinsy, In angina ego nunc me nelm uorti ut ueneceae illi Panels prehendam, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 61; Snes moriuntur anginā (so Ritschl cf. angina mss; angina acri, Haupt. cf.) acerrame, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 130; Insuperat abijt quem una angina sustulit (so mss incl. Harl.; Qnieherat abstulit ej?) hora, Lucil. ap. Non. 35, 10; Anginā uero sibi mixtum sale poscit acetum, Seren. Sam. 282; ubi angina (aliquis) strangulatur, Cels. 2, 10, p. 53, l. 18 Dar.; add 4, 7 (4, 4), Plin. 23, 61; 30, 33 and 35; angor...proprie a Graeco αγγωνη (so cf. mss σπασαγγη), id est strangulatione, unde et faucium dolor angina uocatur, Paul. ex F. p. 8; anginam unariam (perh. end of a verse), id. p. 28; angina porcorum morbus qui occupat fauces, Serv. ad G. 3, 497; 2. a. mentis, Tert. anem. 48; 3. for qty. cf. Luc. Müller ap. Ritschl Trin. p. 66, 22 ed.

**angiportum**, i, n. [ango, pro root of porta portus etc.=E. vb. fare 'go'] a narrow passage, court, alley, hoc est sextum a porta proximum angiportum: in id angiportum me deuortii inuerrat, Pl. Ps. 4, 2, 6; carnicifex angiporta purigines, Cist. ap. Non. 190, 3; Id quidem angiportum non est peritum, Ter. Ad. 4, 2, 39; Nunc in quadruis et angiportis, Catul. 58, 4; add Varr. 1, 5, 32; 6, 6; Cornif. ad Illec. 4, 64.

**angiportus**, ūs, m. the same, uias omnis angiportusque constrauerat, Cic. div. 1, 69 (angiporta ap. Non. 190, 3); Flebis in solo leuis angiporta, Hor. od. 1, 25, 10.

**Angitia**, ae, f. a goddess of the Marsi, Te nemus Angitia, uitrea te Fucinus unda, Te liquidi flere lacus, Verg. 7, 759; Aetiae prolem Angitiam (as if = Medea), Sil. 8, 500; inser. Or. 115; inser. Neap. Monum. 6012; 2. in plur. Angitis, ib. 5433; cf. dis Ancitibus, ib. 6012.

**ango**, ere, xi, vb. [= *αγγω* perh. ult. fm ab, as interj. of pain] grasp with violence, strangle, He caecum... Corripit in nodum complexus et angit inhaerens Eliso oculos et sicum sanguine guttur, Verg. 8, 260; faucibus (sues) angit olesiss, G. 3, 497; (uitis) pluribus radicibus inter se conexas angitur, Colum. 4, 2, 2; Hinc angens utraque manu sua guttura Liur, Sil. 13, 584; add 11, 345; 2. met. torture, distress, Ego pot illum probe incommotis dictis angam, Pl. Cas. 2, 1, 10; At non cottidiana cura haec angere animum, Adul. Ter. Ph. 1, 3, 8; sed me illa cura sollicitat angitque nehementer, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 3, 1; add sen. 66 etc.; haec dicta quum indignitate angere consulis animum, Liv. 2, 7, 7; 3. anctum as sup., Prisc. 1, 525, 15; anxus as part. 'quidam protulerunt' 1b; anctos = *αγκασθερας* and ancti = *αγκωνες*, Gloss.

**angolaris**, see angularis.

**angor**, ōris, m. strangling, acute pain, torture, aestu et angore nexata, Liv. 5, 48, 3; occupat fauces earum angor, Plin. 8, 99; 2. met. torture, anguish, intense grief, angor aegritudo premens, Cic. Tusc. 4, 18; (uita) me conficeret angoribus, Phil. 2, 37; nec me angoribus dedidi, of. 2, 2.

**anguen**, inis, n. a snake, Herois eni anguina obsequio famulenter, Iul. Val. Alex. m. 1, 20 Mai.

**anguens**, adj. of a snake, lapsus anguem, Sil. 24, 4.

**angui-cōm-us**, adj. snake-haired, Ov. M. 4, 699; Stat. Th. 1, 544.

**angui-ūlus**, i, m. a young snake, Cic. fin. 5, 42.

**angui-fer**, fera, ferum, adj. snake-bearing, Prop. 2, 2, 8; Prud. hamart. 131; 2. of the constellation Ophiuchus, Colum. 11, 2, 49.

**angui-gēna**, ae, m. f. snake-born, Ov. M. 3, 531.

**anguilla** (anguila), ae, f. dim. [anguis] an eel, Varr. 1, 5, 12; Plin. 9, 73 and 74 etc.; Iuv. 5, 103; 2. met. an eel skin, as a lash, anguillis uerberari praetextatus, Verrius ap. Plin. 9, 77; 3. anguillat (so ss); elabatur, Pl. Ps. 2, 4, 57.

**angui-mānus**, adj. snake-handed (in trunk) anguimannus elephantos, Lucr. 2, 537; add 5, 1303; Lachm. refers to hic centimannus, Linius centimannus of Prisc. 1, 268, 7 and puella quadrimana of Iul. Obs. 111.

**angui-eus**, adj. [anguis] of a snake, comae, Ov. tr. 4, 7, 12; 2. snake-formed, cucumeris anguiuei (al. anguini) Colum. 2, 9, 10; 7, 10, 5.

**anguinus**, adj. [anguis] of a snake, pellis, Cato r. 73; hernatio, Plin. 30, 24; cor, 30, 22; adeps, 30, 37; oum, 29, 52; 2. snake-formed, ceruice anguina, Pac. ap. Cic. div. 2, 133; cucumeris, Varr. r. 1, 2, 25.

**angui-pes**, pedis, adj. snake-footed, Ov. M. 1, 184; cf. Maer. s. 1, 20, 9.

**anguis**, is, gen. m.; also f. [\*[ango] and prob. = *εγες*] snake, Deulantal angues iubati (iubatae? duae Non.) deorsum in impluplun duo, Pl. Amph. 5, 1, 50; add Merc. 4, 4, 21; Naev. ap. Non. 191, 16; Angues ingentes alites, iuncti iugo, poet. ap. Cic. inv. 1, 27; angues pinnatos, Lucil. ap. Non. 191, 20; anguis uetern chremicetus, Cic. div. 2, 62; de angue illo quum... 2, 65; (ibes) uolucris anguis uento Africo inuectas? interciuit, Cic. N. D. 1, 101; torta? angue, Varro Atac. ap. Non. 191, 24 and Char. 90, 19 K; frigidus, Verg. B. 8, 71; lucidus, G. 1, 205; squameus, 2, 154; and 13 other exx. of m. in Verg.; intorti, Hor. od. 2, 13, 36; Martius, Ov. M. 3, 32; ferus, 10, 56; Phoebeus, 15, 742; and 13 other exx. of m. in the M.; unam? anguem, Tac. an. 11, 11; 2. a constellation, also called draco, Cic. N. D. 2, 109; Verg. 1, 244; Hyg. 2, 3, 3, 2; 3. another, also called hydra, Ov. F. 2, 24, 3; Verg. G. 1, 205; Vitruv. 9, 7, 1.

**anguitōnens**, adj. snake-holding, = Ophiuchus, Cic. N. D. 2, 108; Manil. 5, 384.

**angulāris**, adj. angular, lapide, Cato r. 14, 1—squared; 2. of a corner or outside, ordines, Colum. 5, 3, 2; pilae, Vitruv. 6, 11, 4; 3. as sb. a cooking vessel of some kind, Apic. 3, 206; 7, 265, ed. Schuch.

**angulārius**, adj. angular, of a corner, inser. Grut. 207, 2; = *γωνιατος*, Gloss. 2. angularia as sb. f. an architectural term, niue angularia(n) altiore: : ε facito, Chl. 577, 2, 22.

**angulātum**, adv. corner after corner, Apul. M. 3, 2, 9; 41 f.; Sidon. ep. 7, 9.

**angulo**, are, vb. make angular, ritunda alia, partium angulata—angular, Cic. N. D. 1, 66; serpens angulatur, Ambros. ep. 42; 2. Angulatus, as cognomen, inser. Mar. 871, 6.

**angulōsus**, adj. of many corners, angular, recessus, Plin. 4, 9; acini, 15, 100; folia, 16, 86; gemmae, 37, 196.

1. **Angulus** (or um), a city of the Vestini, now Ciuita de S. Angelo, Anton. it.

2. **angulus**, i, m. dim. [αγκυλος, akin to uetus, G. eng] corner, nook, in angulo ad laeuam manum, Pl. Pers. 4, 4, 79; add Aul. 3, 3, 23; in angulum aliquo abeam, Ter. Ad. 5, 2, 10; ne ullo quidem in angulo Italiae, Cic. in Cat. 2, 8; Ille terrarum... Angulus, Hor. od. 2, 6, 13; add Vell. 2, 102, 3; Sen. ep. 95, 23; 2. a bay, ultra angulum ad Hiberim... deferimur, Cato ap. Char. 207, 27 K; 3. met. sin. ex hoc campo aequitatis ad istas uerborum angustias et ad omnes litterarum angulos reuocans., Cic. Caecin. 84;

4. in science, an angle, optus, Lucr. 4, 355; ad paris angulos, Cic. Tusc. 1, 40; rectus, Sen. N. Q. 5, 17, 3; acutus, Plin. 12, 50.

**angustia**, ae, f. narrowness, of land, a defile, confined position, (Corinthus) posita in angustis atque in faucibus, Graeciae, Cic. agr. 2, 87; qui prior has angustias occupauerit, Caes. b. c. 1, 66, 4; angustias salubris crebris includas, Liv. 28, 1, 6; 2. of water, a strait, fretorum angustiae, Cic. N. D. 2, 19; angustiae Hellespontis, Suet. Caes. 63;

3. of other things, spiritus, shortness of breath, Cic. or. 3, 18; urinae, strangury, Plin. 21, 160; 4. of time, temporis, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 148; or. 3, 228; 5. met. short supply, rei familiaris, Cic. part. or. 112; rei frumentariae, Caes. b. g. 2, 17, 3; stipendiū, Tac. an. 1, 35; and absol. narrow circumstances, poverty, ex meis angustis illius sustento tenuitatem, Cic. fil. fam. 16, 21, 4; 6. gen. difficulties, in summas angustias adductum, Cic. Quinct. 19; tantas in angustias compellimus, acad. pr. 112; quibus angustias Caesar prematur docet, Caes. b. g. 3, 18, 3; 7. gen. in plur.; but sing. in: angustia conclusae orationis, Cic. N. D. 2, 20; angustia rerum, Tac. an. 4, 72; but not Cic. or. 3, 181 nor Tac. dial. 8.

**angusti-clāuius**, adj. [clauus] of a narrow stripe (of purple), and so plebeian, legionis tribunus, Suet. Oth. 10.

**angustitas**, ātis, f. narrowness, Saxum id facit angustitatem, Acc. ap. Non. 73, 24; Sed angustitatem incusam [ac] saxis squallidum, id, ib.

**angusto**, āre, vb. make narrow, narrow, straiten, Cuius iter onexis angustans corporum accruis, Catul. 64, 359; (seniorum turba) quamuis magnam domum angustet, Ad Helu. 11, 3; add Lucr. 4, 327; 5, 232; Stat. Th. 4, 828; 12, 666; 2. met. gaudia, Sen. ad Polyb. 10, 3.

**angustus**, adj. [implies a sb. n. angus fm angō] confined, narrow, strait, of place, Quae parentis tam in angustum tuos locum compegeris, Pl. Rud. 4, 4, 103; pontes angusti, Cic. leg. 3, 38; fauces angustissimae portus, Caes. b. c. 1, 25, 5; papyrifero... non angustior amne, Ov. tr. 3, 10, 27; 2. of time, short, too short, nox, Ov. am. 3, 7, 25; dies, tr. 5, 10, 8; Stat. Th. 1, 442; 3. met. short, disputations, Cic. or. 2, 61; concertationes, 3, 121; interrogatiunculae, fin. 4, 7; 4. esp. of means, narrow, straitened, poor, on a small scale, liberalitas tua latius patuit; nostra si angustior..., Cic. fam. 3, 8, 8; pauperiem, Hor. od. 3, 2, 1; rebus angustis, 2, 10, 21; res angusta, Iuv. 3, 165; 5. other met. minuti et angusti, narrow-minded, Cic. fin. 1, 61; tam angusti animi tamque parui, of. 1, 68; fides angustior, credit or money somewhat tight, Caes. b. c. 3, 1, 2; 6. angustum as sb. n. a narrow compass, a tight position, (sagitta) in angusto est, Cels. 7, 5, 2; 7.

esp. met. a corner, a strait, a narrow compass, Ita hac re in angustum oppido nunc meae coguntur copiae, Ter. Haut. 4, 2, 2; in exiguum angustumque concluditur, Cic. off. 1, 53; add acad. post. 38; am. 20; **8.** also in pl. narrow parts, straits, angusta uiam, Verg. 2, 332; Tac. h. 4, 35;

**III 9.** anguste, adv. narrowly, within a narrow compass, ait Cicero...sedile quaerenti: recipiemus te nisi a. sederem, Cic. ap. Maer. s. 2, 3, 10; angustius pabulabantur, Caes. b. c. 1, 59, 2; ut quam angustissime Pompeium confineret, 3, 45, 1; **10.** met. (re frumentaria) anguste utebatur, Caes. b. c. 3, 16, 1; anguste et exiliter dicere, Cic. Brut. 289; tam anguste scriptum, Mur. 20.

**anhelatio**, ōis, f. [anhēlo], sending up a blast of air, piscium quaedam a., Plin. 9, 18; **2.** difficulty of breathing, hoc genus uini utile inflationibus tussi anhelationibus, 23, 47; add 21, 156 (dub.); **3.** in 37, 89 anhelatio dub.

**anhelator**, ōris, m. one suffering from asthma, laser anhelatoribus datur, Plin. 22, 105 and perh. 21, 156.

**anhelitus**, ūs, m. [implies a vb. anhel-ēre, as hālitus does a vb. hāl-cre] sending up a blast of air, an expiration, anhelitus terrarum, Cic. div. 1, 115; terrae, 2, 44 and 117;

**2.** gen. of human breath, expiration, boat Caelum fremitu uirum: ex spiritus anhelitu (for metre halitu?) Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 78; non te illius unguentorum odor, non uini anhelitus..., Cic. in sen. grat. 16; Nec male odorati sit tristis anhelitus oris, Ov. a. a. 1, 521; **3.** difficult breathing, panting, puffing, uix suffere hercle anhelitus: Perii, animam nequeo uortere: nimis nihili tibicen siem, Pl. Merc. 1, 2, 4 (14); non uidet Me ex cursura anhelitum etiam dicere, As. 2, 2, 61; nimias celeritates, quae cum fiunt, anhelitus moventur, Cic. off. 1, 131; Sublimi fugies mollis anhelitu, Hor. od. 1, 15, 31; bitumen anhelitus (asthma) cum uino potum emendat, Plin. 35, 181; tum creber anhelitus artus Aridake ora quatit, Aus. 359, 29; **4.** recipere anhelitum to recover one's breath, priusquam recipias anhelitum, uno uerbo eloquere..., Pl. Merc. 3, 4, 16; animo malet: Recipiam anhelitum. Clementer requiesce. Animum aduortite (but for metre halitum?), Epid. 2, 2, 21; **5.** breathing gen., anhelitum reddere ac per uices recipere, Plin. 9, 16.

**an-hēlo**, āre, vb. [an = aue up; hālo, are] send up a blast of, exhalare, Tum gelidum ualido de pectore frigus anhelans...Capricornus, Cic. poet. N. D. 2, 112; Aetne Quins anhelatis ignibus ardet humus, Ov. F. 4, 492; Isset anhelatos non praemediatas in ignis (of the Colchian bulls), Ov. her. 12, 15; Antraque letiferi abietem Typhonis anhelant, Luc. 6, 92; Siccos pinguis onyx anhelat aestus, Mart. 6, 42, 16; and poet. anhelatis ictibus, strokes of (the oar) as if produced by the panting which goes with them, Sil. 14, 380; add Sil. 5, 604; anhelatas flammās, Aus. Mos. 339; flatum lepidum calor exhalatus anhelat, Prud. apoth. 839; ex qua origine (ignes Aetnae) anhelent incendia, Iul. Firm. math. 1 pr.; **2.** of words thrown out with great force, nolo (uerba) inflata et quasi anhelata grauius, Cic. or. 3, 41; Scribimus...Grande aliquid quod pulmo animae praefragus anhelat, Pers. 1, 14; add Prud. Symm. 2, 647; haec trepidu uix intellectus anhelat, Stat. Th. 11, 241; **3.** met. Catilinam scelus anhelantem, Cic. in Cat. 2, 1; (Gracchus) spumans ex ore occlus, anhelans ex intimo pectore crudelitatem, add Her. 4, 55 (68); **4.** w. abl., anhelantem caelesti sulfure campum, Stat. Th. 11, 17; **5.** absol. without noun, pant, confuzere anhelantem domum sine comite uini plenum, Ter. Heec. 5, 3, 25; ipse aeger, anhelans Colla sonet, Verg. 10, 837; Nullus anhelabat sub aduoco uomere taurus, Ov. F. 2, 295; Principio elui noster anhelat equis, rem. am. 394; Tu neque anhelanti...Folle premis uentos, nec..., Pers. 5, 10; Et dare anhelanti... Oscula, Tib. 1, 8, 37; add Aus. 135, 9; Amm. 16, 10, 3; Sil. 9, 286; Val. Fl. 3, 208; **6.** as intr. be exhaled, rush out, anhelans ex uinis pulmonibus spiritus dacebatur, add Her. 4, 33 (45); fornicibus ignis anhelat, Verg. 8, 421; anhelans calor, Prud. steph. 9, 92.

**an-hēlus**, adj. panting, equi, Verg. G. 1, 250; Ov. M. 15, 418; senibus Verg. G. 2, 135, astmatic; **2.** met. sitis, Lucr. 4, 875; tussis, Verg. G. 3, 497; cursus, Ov. M.

11, 347; febres, Pont. 1, 10, 5; **3.** w. gen. (from), longique laboris anhelos, Sil. 15, 718.

**anhēdros**, 1, f. the plant narcissus, Apul. herb. 55. **an-ātro-lōgētus?** adj. unskilled in medicine, Vitr. 1, 1, 13.

**anicella**, ae, f. doub. dim. [anus anicula], a little little old woman, Varr. 1, 9, 45.

**anicētūm**, 1, adj. [α-νικητόν] a name of the plant anemum, Plin. 20, 186.

**Anicianus**, adj. of an Anicius, pira, Cato r. 7, 4; Colum. 5, 10, 18; Plin. 15, 54; nota, a brand of wine, bottled in consilship of L. Anicius Gallus (a. u. c. 594) Cic. Brut. 288; lectica, Q. fr. 2, 10, 2; lapidinae, Plin. 36, 168; Vitr. 2, 7, 3.

**ānic-bīla** (pron. ancula), ae, f. Janue-old crude form of ānus) a little old woman, inopportunitatem spectare aniculae, Ter. Andr. 1, 4, 4; extra unum aniculum, Pl. 1, 2, 48; haec ne aniculae quidem existimant, Cic. div. 2, 36; add Sen. ep. 47, 17; **2.** ancula? Prud. perist. 6, 149 (wh. mss anulla, anula anicula).

**aniculāris**, adj. of an old woman, uerba, Aug. ps. 38.

**Aniēn**, ōnis, or Anio ōnis, Anienus 1, m. a tributary of the Tiber, now the Teverone, non minus xv milia Anien abest, Cato ap. Prisc. 1, 208, 3 K; trans Anienem Cic. ib.; Liv. 2, 16, 5; gelidumque Anienem, Verg. 7, 683; where Serv. quotes Anienem fm Ennius; Et praecipit Anio, Hor. od. 1, 7, 13; Anienis aquae, Ov. M. 14, 329; quas praecipit Anien atque..., Stat. sil. 1, 5, 25; **2.** of two aqueducts from the An. quoniam duae Anienis in urbem aquae fluere coeperant...Anio nous (=nouus) uocitari coepit, prius Anioni cognomen ueteris adiectum, Frontin. 1, 13; add 1, 4 etc.; **3.** Anio gen. in nom., and then Anienis etc.

**Āniēni-cōl-a**, m. f. living on the Anio, Sil. 4, 225; 12, 751.

**Aniensis**, adj. of the Anio, tribus additae duae, Anienis ae Terentia, Liv. 10, 9, f.; **2.** absol. of the tribe, Anienem a Plotio tibi esse concessam, Cic. Planc. 54; C. Fausellio C. f. An. Rufioni, inser. Or. So; L. Lepidio L. f. An. Proculo, 749.

**Aniēn-us**, adj. of the Anien or Anio, aquam Anienam, Cato ap. Prisc. 1, 208, 2; fluente Verg. G. 4, 369; unda, Prop. 1, 20, 8; lymphā, 3, 14, 4; **2.** as sb. god of the Anio, Accessit ripae laus Aniēni tuae, 4, 7, 86.

**ānilis**, adj. [anus] of an old woman, superstitiones, Cic. N. D. 2, 70; fabellas, 3, 12; ineptiae, Tuse. 1, 93; in uolunt sese transformant āniles, Verg. 7, 416; passus, Ov. M. 13, 533; **2.** āniliter adv. like an old woman, superstitiones atque a., Cic. N. D. 3, 92.

**ānilitas**, ātis, f. the becoming an old woman, anility—personified in: Vsq̄e dum tremulum mouens Cana tempus Anilitas Omnia omnibus amittit (so, not annuit, D. Catul. 61, 161).

**ānilitor**, āri, vb. become old-woman-ish, so met. in: terram saeculis anilitari, Apul. mund. 23.

**ānima**, ae, f. (root uan, best seen in uannus, G. wannen; also in uent-us, E. winn-ow, wind; also in G. witterung, E. weath-er; then w. loss of u (w) in *an-ēnos*, an-ima, an-inus, S. an blow, G. esahn-et mir, I wind it; w. loss of final in S. va blow; lastly in *a-np*, *a-np-μi*) breath, Quin quum it dormitum, folleu obstringit od gulam, Cur? Nequid animae forte amittat dormiens, Pl. Aut. 2, 4, 24; Edepol animam suauiores aliquanto quam uoxis meae, As. 5, 2, 43; Animam compressi, aurem admoxi, Ter. Ph. 5, 6, 28; Animam recipe, Ad. 3, 2, 26; eum aspera arteria...excepit animam, eandemque a pulmonibus respiret, Cic. N. D. 2, 136; animas et olentia Medi Ora fouent illo, Verg. 2, 134; **2.** air, as an element, ut inter ignem atque terram aquam deus animamque poneret, Cic. Tim. 5; aqua terra anima sol, Varr. r. 1, 4, 1; omnia rentur Ex igni terra atque anima procreare et iunbi, Luer. 1, 715; add Verg. B. 6, 32; **3.** wind, in plur. by poets, Quantum ignes animaeque ualent, Verg. 8, 403; Impellunt animae lintea Thraciae, Hor. od. 4, 12, 2; add Claud. rapt. 1, 239; **4.** life, as depending on breath, Qui improbi essent et scelesti, is adherent animam cito, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 137; Seni animam



primum extinguere, Ter. Ad. 3, 2, 16; de uestra uita, de coniugum atque liberorum anima hodierno die iudicandum est, Cic. Cat. 4, 18; anima nostra in dubio est, Sal. Cat. 52, 6; and poet. of the blood as life, *Purpureum uomit ille animam*, Verg. 9, 349; 5. soul, spiritual element of man, numquam uidi animam rationis consilique partem in ulla alia nisi humana figura, Cic. N. D. 1, 87; genus hominum compositum est ex corpore et anima—and soon: ingeni egregia faciora sicuti anima immortalia sunt, Sal. Iug. 2, 1 and 2; Morte carent animae, Ov. M. 15, 158;

6. soul or spirit of man, as still existing after death, animaeque sepulchro Condūmus, Verg. 3, 67; Inde alias animas, quae per iuga longa sedebant, 6, 11; add 680; 720; 758; ut inde Manes elicerent animas responsa daturas, Hor. s. 1, 8, 29; Nigrantis quae domos animarum intrasse silentum, Prop. 3, 12, 33; (stellam crinitam) creditum est animam esse Caesaris in caelum recepti, Suet. Caes. 88; cuius anima deo migravit ad astra, inscr. Or. 4, 62; 7. as a term of endearment, Tullius Terentiae et pater Tulliae, duabus animis suis, Cic. fam. 14, 14; nos meae carissimae animae quam sapientissime ad me scribite, ibi; Varius Siliusque Vergiliusque Occurrunt animae, quales neque...

Hor. s. 1, 5, 41; Ille laet dulcis animam Sagittia, inscr. Or. 4800; 8. gen. a living being, Oua parere solet genus pennis condecoratur, Non animas, Enn. ap. Varr. 1, 5, 10; anima litant, Stat. Th. 2, 240; 9. life or living principle of plants etc., medulla, siue illa uitalis anima est, Plin. 17, 152; animaeque etiam herbes uitalē deferre, 31, 3; animam terrae euanescētem exhalatione includunt, 17, 14;

10. of the juice of fruits, as their life-blood, fructus (i.e. dates) in caldos conditur cum sui ardoris anima, 13, 48; aliae (uuae) in sua tantum continentur animae ollis feticilibus—inclusae, 14, 16; 11. met. illi puteo... animam omnem intraxero, the last drop of its life-blood, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 41; 12. esp. as we use soul, perturbatur imperii corpus... numquam coire potuisset, nisi unius praesidis nutu quasi anima... reueretur Flor. 4, 3, 6; accensus est quasi animae uocis, Pomp. comm. 126, 27 K; 13. animā as gen. Lucr. 1, 112; 3, 150 etc.

**animaduersio**, ōnis, f. notice, observation, a. (naturae) peperit artem, Cic. or. 183; add or. 2, 147; fin. 1, 30; off. 1, 103; 2. censure, ne enim effugere possemus animaduersionem, si semper eisdem uteremur (pedibus), Cic. or. 195; 3. punishment, animaduersionis paternae metus, Cic. Rose. Am. 68; genus animaduersionis uidet: ignem ex lignis uiridibus... fieri iussit; ibi... exercitium semiuinum reliquit, Verr. 2, 1, 45; ut exercitum animaduersionis metu contineret, fin. 1, 35; centuriones statione deserta capitali animaduersione punit, Suet. Aug. 243; add Calig. 11.

**animaduorsor**, oris, m. observer—hence punisher, uitiator, Cic. off. 1, 146.

**animaduersus**, ūs, m. punishment, in animaduersibus (al. animaduersionibus) asperior, Lampr. Alex. Sev. 25, 2.

**animaduerto** (-uerto), ere, ti, sus [animum-adv.] vb. turn the mind to, notice, observe, perceive, look after, Alios tuam rem credidisti magis quam te animaduersuros, Ter. Ph. 3, 1, 3; equid animaduertis horum silentium? Cic. Cat. 1, 20; dignitas tua facit ut animaduertatur quicquid facias, fam. 11, 27, 7; boni seminis sues animaduertuntur (are known) a facie et progenie, Varr. r. 2, 4, 4;

2. Gell. in 7, 2, 2 ut ad ipsius uerba animaduertat, imitates the construction of Plautus w. animum aduerto; 3. esp. of a lictor, call attention (to the presence of a magistrate) consul animaduertere hictorem iussit et ut descendere (pater consulis) ex equo inelamant, Liv. 24, 44, 10; consule theatrum inuente, quum lictor animaduertit ex more iussisset, Suet. Caes. 80; cf. Plin. pan. 61; 4. notice with disapproval, censure, reprove, Ea primum ab illo animaduertenda iniuriast, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 120; quae ingrata et arrogantia plena animaduertit Augustus in eo, Stat. Tib. 68; 5. punish (even capitally), o facinus animaduertendum! Ter. Andr. 4, 4, 28; peccata, Cic. Rose. Am. 116; res eiusmodi ut in primis a magistratibus animaduertenda sit, Caecl. 33; peruerse facta, Fronto prince. hist. p. 207 Nab.; 6. w. in and acc. of person,

non in eum qui accepisset pecuniam animaduertissent? and again, in eos animaduertere qui..., Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 57; qui in alios animaduertisset iudici causa, fam. 5, 2, 8; satis esse causae quare in eum animaduertetur, Caes. b. g. 1, 19, 1; uti uerberibus in eos animaduertetur, Sal. Cat. 51, 21; add § 39; ut gladio in eum animaduertatur, Ulp. dig. 48, 19, 8, 1; in seruos ultimo supplicio, 48, 8, 4, 2; 7. w. slight change, in caput cuius Romani, Pompon. dig. 1, 2, 2, 16.

**animālis**, ālis, adj. n. as sb. [for animale], a living being, opposed to inanimatum, Cic. acad. pr. 37; rep. 6, 28; animal hoc... quem uocamus hominem, leg. 1, 22; 2. a beast as opposed to man, multa ab animalium uocibus tralata in homines, Varr. l. 7, 5; 3. hence in contempt of man, a beast, complexus es funestum illud animal, Cic. Pis. 21; 4. of the universe (mundus) as a living being, Cic. Tim. 4; cf. acad. pr. 119.

**animālis**, adj. of breath, of air, simplex est natura animantis ut uel terrena sit uel ignea uel animalis uel umida, Cic. N. D. 3, 34; add Tusc. 40; 2. of life, living, intelligentia, Cic. acad. pr. 119; uincula, Tim. 9; ut nutum in simulacrum ex animalis exemplo ueritas transferatur, inv. 2, 2; genus, Lucr. 1, 227; corpora, 2, 727;

3. a. hostia, see Macr. s. 3, 5, 1—5; Serv. A. 3, 231 and 4, 56; 4. animales Dii, i.e. once men, Labeo ap. Serv. A. 3, 231; II 5. animaliter adv. Aug. retr. 1, 26 f.

**animans**, see animo.

**animatio**, ōnis, f. living, life, Cic. Tim. 10; arboris, Tert. anim. 19.

**animatrix**, icis, f. one who gives life, Tert. Gnost. 12.

**animatus**, ūs, m. breathing, animatu eare, Plin. 11, 7.

**animi-cida**, ae, m. soul-killer =  $\psi\chi\alpha\phi\alpha\theta\alpha\sigma$ , Justin. cod. 1, 1, 6.

**animatus**, adv. = ex animo, Non. v. oculitus, 147, 27.

**animo**, āre, vb. [animā] endow with life, quicken, quicquid est hoc omnia animat, Paev. ap. Cic. div. 1, 131; pueros orientis animari, Cic. div. 2, 89; add rep. 6, 15; Quas lunus... narios animauit in angues, Ov. M. 4, 619; add 14, 565; 2. met. nirtute uera animatum, Enn. ap. Gell. 6, 17, 10; ipso caelo animantur, Tac. G. 29; add Stat. silu. 2, 2, 64; tibias spiritu, Apul. flor. 3; bucinas, Arnob. 3 p. 196; 3. animatus disposed (in mind) minded, Hoc animo decet animatos esse amatores probos, Pl. Men. 1, 3, 20; ita animata, As. 3, 1, 2; alter animati, Amph. 1, 1, 54; sic a., Cic. Phil. 9, 12; ita in te, Verr. 2, 4, 151; infirme, fam. 5, 1, 3; pariter, Lucr. 2, 43; 4. w. inf., siquid animati facere, facias ut sciam, Pl. Truc. 5, 74; 5. so in joke: cum alium eorum uerba olerent, tamen optime animati erant, Varr. ap. Non. v. cepe, 201, 6; 6. of good courage, milites armati atque animati probe, Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 18; 7. enraged, Vt nunc cum animatus iero satis armatus sum, Aec. ap. Non. 233, 16; ut hosti me animato offeram, id. ibi; II 8. animans as sb. a breathing and so living being, first m. Cic. Tim. 11 f. (bs); Hor. s. 2, 1, 39; 9. f. Cic. N. D. 2, 121; Lucr. 2, 667, 942, 943; 10. n. pl. living things, Cic. Tim. 4; Plin. 2, 155 of plants; 11. plants animantia but not animalia, says Sen. ep. 58, 10.

**animositas**, ātis, f. courage, spirit, Amm. 16, 12; Sidon. ep. 4, 3; 2. passion as a part of the mind, Macr. s. Sc. 1, 6, 42; 1, 12, 14; s. 2, 12, 8; 3. cf. E. animosity.

1. **animosus**, adj. [animā] full of breath, guttural, Ov. M. 6, 134; 2. full of life, living, signa, Prop. 3, 9, 9.

2. **animosus**, adj. [animus] full of courage, courageous, spirited, resolute, daring, uirum animosum, Nov. ap. Non. 233, 27; (equum) animosam, Lucil. ibi; (gladiatores) fortes atque animosos, Cic. Mil. 92; ut animosior senectus sit quam adulescentia et fortior, sen. 72; mancipia esse oportere neque formidolosa neque animosa, Varr. r. 1, 17, 3; a. corruptor, Tac. h. 1, 24; animosior empor, Iuol. dig. 17, 1, 36, 1; 2. met. bella, Ov. F. 5, 69; pericula, Mart. 12, 14, 9; 3. adv. animose, courageously, with spirit, Cic. off. 1, 92 f.; Phil. 4, 6; animosius, Sen. ben. v. 37, 2; ep. 73, 5; animosissime, Suet. Caes. 47.

**animūla**, ae, f. dim. petty breath of life, soul, unius mulier-

eulac animula, Sulpic. Cie. fam. 4, 5, 4; Animula uagula blandula, Iadr. ap. Spart. 25, 9; inser. Or. 2579, 4761.

**animulus**, i. m. dim. dear soul as term of endearment, Pl. Men. 2, 3, 10; Cas. 1, 46.

**animus**, i. m. [see anima] the mind, esp. as opposed to the body, the seat of thought, feeling, desire, fragile corpus animus semperiternus mouet, Cie. rep. 26; obscurior (cogitatio) qualis animus in corpore sit, tamquam alienae domui, Cie. Tusc. 1, 51; a. diuinus est, 1, 65; duplex est uis animorum: una pars in appetitu posita est, altera in ratione, off. 1, 101; animi imperio, corporis seruitio magis utimur, Sal. Cat. 1, 1; corpus est tantum uiolatum, animus insons, Liv. 1, 58, 7; 2. esp. feeling, Teneo quid animi nostri super hac re siet, Pl. Amph. pr. 58; quid illi tandem creditis Fore animi misero qui cum ea consentit prior? Ter. Ph. 4, 5, 32; add Eun. 5, 6, 14; qui quo animo inter nos simus ignotum, Cie. fam. 3, 6, 3; add 5, 2, 10; 5, 18f.; signa animi erga te mitigati, 6, 1, 2; quod nondum bono animo in populum Romanum uiderentur, Caes. b. g. 1, 6, 3.

3. the feeling may be fear or hope, necror ne mulier me absente hic corrupta sit? Concurrunt multae opinionēs quae mihi animum exangunt (so mss), Ter. Haut. 2, 2, 3; magnus mihi animus est hodiernum diem initium libertatis fore, Tac. Agr. 30.

4. courage, pluck, spirit, Ilii nostris animus addidit, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 94; mihi quidem addit animum, Ter. Haut. 3, 2, 31; ruuore aduentus nostri Cassio animus accessit, Cie. Att. 5, 20, 3; nostris animus augetur, Caes. b. g. 7, 70, 3; 5. and in pl. of more than one, stamus animis, Cie. Att. 5, 18, 2; non debemus cadere animis, fam. 6, 1, 4; alienis cladiibus ceciderant animi, Liv. 1, 11, 3; add 4, 2, 13; 37, 37, 9; animos (i.e. Rutulis) tollit dictis, Verg. 9, 127; add Ov. M. 7, 347; 6. in poets, of one, Pallas...protegit aegide fratrem Datque animos, Ov. M. 5, 47; 7. in pl. of passion, fury, meos animos uiolentes incantem iram ex pectore Promam, Pl. Truc. 2, 7, 43; in altero pectus animorum iraque tacite plenum, Liv. 7, 10, 8; Vince animos iraque tuam, Ov. her. 3, 85; add Stat. Th. 11, 525; 8. in pl. of pride, haughtiness, ambition, greed, Postquam filium peperit, animos sustulit, Pl. Truc. 2, 8, 10; add Aul. 2, 1, 45; Quia paulum uobis accessit pecuniae Sublati animi sunt, Ter. Hec. 3, 5, 57; insolentia dominatus extulerat animos, Cie. dom. 141; quae ciuitas est in Asia quae...animi tribuli militum animos ac spiritus capere possit, Milib. 66; noratis animos eius ac spiritus tribuere, Cie. 109; Quae tibi res animos in me facit, improbe? Ov. tr. 5, 8, 3; animos Carthaginis altae, Prop. 2, 1, 23; 9. met. pride, fury, rage, spirit, mollique animos (uentorum) et temperat iras, Verg. 1, 61; Dant animos plagae (lunae), 7, 383; Vt rapidus torrens animos cui uerna ministrant Flamma, Stat. Th. 3, 671; 10. mind as seat of thought, reason, judgement, Quom magis cogito cum meo animo, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 13; hoc tu facito cum animo cogites, Ter. Ad. 3, 4, 55; potestis cum animis uestris cogitare, Cie. agr. 2, 64; 11. mind as seat of memory, etiam nunc mihi Scripta illa dicta sunt in animo Chrysidis, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 48; cum animis uestris recordari, Cie. Clu. 70; add or. 2, 300; Omnia fert actas, animum quoque;...Nunc oblita mihi tot crimina, Verg. B. 9, 51; 12. power of perception, consciousness, and so fainting, Animo malet, aequum uelini, Pl. Amph. 5, 1, 6; relinquunt animos Saetium granibus acceptis uulueribus, Caes. b. g. 6, 38, 4; animusque relinquunt eunt, Ov. M. 10, 450; add 14, 178; linqui animi coepit, Curt. 4, 6, 20; 13. as term of endearment, in uoc. dear soul, istae iterum, mi anime, mi Trachalio, Pl. Rud. 4, 8, 1; add As. 3, 74; Cure. 1, 2, 3, 1, 3, 9; Ne crucia te obscuro anime (mi), mi Phaedria, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 15; add Andr. 4, 2, 2; 14. of other than man, natural character, Exerunt siluestrem animum, Verg. G. 2, 51 (trees); cum pueudes pro regionis statu...ingenium animi gerant, Colum. 6, 1, 1; 15. of purpose, intention, istum exheredare in animo habebat, Cie. Rose. Am. 52; nobis erat in animo Ciceronem ad Caesarem mittere, fam. 14, 11; qui dicent sibi esse in animo...iter per prouinciam facere, Caes. b. g. 1, 7, 3; deponere eum (imperium) in animo habuisse, Liv. 1, 48, 9; add 3, 64, 6; in 44, 25, 1 Madv.

inserts in, wh. mss omit; in foro constituerunt, hoc animo ut..., Caes. b. g. 7, 28, 1; but of the feeling or opinion in; semper sic in a. habui te in meo aere esse propter..., Cie. fam. 13, 62, 1; 16. animus of the feelings, opposed to mens as the intellect and thoughts, ut alius in aliam partem mente atque animo traheretur, Caes. b. c. 1, 21, 6; ut non medicoriter timor animum mentes animosque perturbaret, b. g. 1, 39, 1; Sibyllae...magnam cui mentem animumque Delius inspirat uates, Verg. 6, 11; 17. animus (animi) of the feelings as opp. to mens, the whole spiritual being, Mala mens, malus animus, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 137; animos qui nostrae mentis sunt, eosdem in omni fortuna gerimus, Liv. 37, 45, 12; 18. animi causa (gratia), for pleasure or amusement, Cur eam emit? animi causa, Pl. Epil. 1, 1, 43; add 1, 1, 83; liberare fiduciam animi gratia, 2, 2, 90; Praeterea aliquantum animi causa in deliciis disperdidit, Trin. 2, 2, 53; add Cure. 2, 3, 61; Rud. 4, 2, 27; Merc. 2, 3, 7; habet animi causa rus amicum, Cie. Rose. Am. 133; add fam. 7, 2, 3; inae alunt a. c., Caes. b. g. 5, 12, 6; add 7, 77, 10; equites Romanos flagellis cecidit, non quæstionis sed a. c., Sen. ira. 3, 18, 3; add ben. 4, 17, 3 f.; Plin. pr. 17; 19. ex animo as suggested by the real feelings, from the heart, Vitam istuc uerbum ex animo ac uere diceres, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 95; Paulum interesse causas, ex animo omnia, Vt fert natura, facias an de industria, Andr. 4, 4, 55; add Ad. 1, 1, 47; 20. meo animo (meo emphatic), according to my feeling, Nam pol quidem meo animo ingrato(l) homine nihil impensius, Pl. Bac. 3, 2, 10; hoc, meo quidem animo, summi amoris mei signum..., Cie. Sest. 49; 21. animi as dat. (others say gen.) in the mind, first w. verbs, Absurde facis qui angas te animi, Pl. Epil. 3, 2, 6; ego animi pendeo, Merc. 1, 2, 18; Discrucior animi, Aul. 1, 2, 27; Antipho me exerceat animi, Ter. Ph. 1, 4, 10; Ad. 4, 4, 1; in spe pendeat animi, Haut. 4, 4, 5; Nec me animi fallit, Lacer. 1, 922;angebatur animi, Cie. Verr. 2, 2, 84; pendeo animi, Att. 8, 5, 2; 16, 12; Tusc. 4, 35; Cael. ad Cie. fam. 8, 5, 1; recerebar animi, Apul. M. 2, 11; 22. even in pl. w. pl. vb., pendemus animis, cruciamur, angimur, Cie. Tusc. 1, 96; uti sie afflicterent animis (al. animi), or. 1, 87; adeo exarsant animis, illis sollicitis ac penditibus animis (so Pall., F. animus; Madv. c. j. animi), Liv. 7, 30, 22 (6, 36, 8 dub.); exarsere animis, Tac. an. 1, 51; cf. pauidis cum pendunt mentibus, Luer. 6, 51; 23. animi w. part. falsus, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 43; a. firmatus, Sal. hist. fr. 3; consuli terro animi, Liv. 7, 34, 4; tot populos suspensos animi, 8, 13, 17; uictus, Verg. G. 4, 491; captus, Tac. h. 3, 73; 24. oft. w. adj. lassus, Pl. Cist. 2, 1, 8; miser, 4, 2, 3; atrox a., anxius a., nimius a., Sall. ap. Arus.; praecepis, Verg. 9, 685; egegrus, 11, 417; infelix, 4, 529; maturus, 9, 246; amens, 4, 203; dubius, G. 3, 289; aeger, Liv. 1, 58, 9; 2, 36, 4; integer, Hor. s. 2, 3, 220; lactus, Vell. 2, 94, 2; 25. also what confirms this view, animi in the same sense, animo aegra, Eunn. ap. Cornif. ad Her. 2, 34; ut animo frangere, Cie. Phil. 2, 37; Atque animo pendens nocturnam) euenta timebat, Cie. ap. Nou. 204, 7; 26. Sat intus sanus mentis and animi tui, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 53 secus corrupt as intus and tui are quite rapid. It's c. j. still leaves tui.

**Anio**, see Anien.

**âniso-cyclos**, adj. of unequal circles; hence as sb. some piece of machinery, Vitru. 10, 1, 3.

**ânismus**, i. u. a false reading for anesum in Plin. 19, 167; 20, 185.

**ânitas**, = γαορnis, Gloss.

**Anna**, ae, f. (Annus) goddess of the year, festival on the ides of March, Ov. F. 3, 523; Mart. 4, 64, 17; Mucr. s. 1, 12, 6; feriae Annae Perennae, fast. Vat.

**Annaeus**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, L. Annaeus Seneca, M. Annaeus Lucanus.

**annâlis**, e, adj. of a year, tempus, Varr. r. 1, 27, 1; actio, Ulp. dig. 15, 2, 1, 1; possessio, Paul. 38, 17, 6, 1;

2. esp. *lucres annales*, as fixing the age of candidates, viz. for praetor 30; *nedile* 36; praetor 40; consul 42; Cie. Phil. 5, 47; or. 2, 261; 3. also *annalis liber*, year book or *anual*, Sempson. ap. Gall. 5, 18, 8 and 9; add Quint. 6, 3, 86; 4. abs. as sb. m. a year book, *annalium confectio*,

Cic. or. 2, 52; scriptum est in tuo annali, Att. 12, 23, 2; apud (Ennius) in nono annali, Brut. 58; add Plin. 7, 101; Gell. 5, 18; 5. annales maximi recorded by the pontifex maximus, Cic. or. 2, 51; rep. 1, 25; annales pontificum maximorum, leg. 1, 6; 6. Annals as cognomen, of L. Villius as author of the leges annales, Liv. 40, 44, 1.

**annārius**, adj. the same, lex, Lamp. Comm. 2, 4; Arnob. 2, p. 91; Paul. ex F. p. 27.

**annascor**, see agnascor.

**an-nāto**, (adn.) āre, vb. swim to, ad mamum hominis adnatet, Plin. 9, 87; singulis ternos, 9, 36; littoribus, Sil. 10, 611; but in Plin. 8, 94 adnant; 2. swim near or by the side of, piscis...comes lateri adnatat, Sen. Agam. 473.

**an-nāuigo**, (adn.) āre, vb. sail to, quo cum adnauigasset, Plin. 35, 81; add 36, 76.

**anne**, interr. conj. (fuller form of an, wh. see) or in second clause of interr.; 2. perennatāri Vitrum aurum reddit anne? id est secum semul, Pl. Bac. 4, 1, 4; quærendum ntrum una species sit anne plures, Cic. or. 206; 3. C. Vitrum in oculum anne aurem? P. Hoc pernoctatūst nimes, Pl. Ps. 1, 1, 122 dub.; 4. Domum paternamne anne? ad Veliae filias? Enn. tr. 313 V; 5. Neque æquum anne? iniquum imperet cogitabit, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 19; cum interrogetur tria paucā sit anne multa, Cic. acad. pr. 2, 93; ut interroseat nera illa uisa sint anne falsa, 2, 48; quid enim interest diuitias... bona diues anne præposita, fin. 4, 23; Nunc amice (so mss) anne inimici sis imago, Alcibiades, Mili sciam, Pl. Cas. 3, 1, 1; 6. Gabinio dicam anne Pompeio? Cic. Man. 57; quid ego de consulari loquar? parto uis anne gesto? Pis. 3; An mare quod supra memorem quodque adluit infra? Anne lacus tantos? Verg. G. 2, 159; 7. quomodo T. Coponius cuius est factus? an lingua...? anne de nobis trahere spolia federatis licebat, de hostibus non licebat? Cic. Balb. 54; Anne? exlex solus uinis? Varr. s. 220, 2 R; Anne uoluntatem nostram simulacra teneant? Lucr. 4, 781; anne refert ubi arrigas? Suet. Aug. 69 f.; anne caelestes dii catholicorum dominantur, terreni incolunt singula? Apul. Ascl. 39;

**B.** Quis deus tibi...? Anne? (so Hambl. mss; al. an; i.e. an?) ut peruenias in ora uolgi, Catul. 40, 5; 9. then, what then? alienū ē anabo mi Strabax qui non ex templo inieris (mss ire s); Anne? oportuit, Pl. Truc. 3, 1, 20; 10. whether, Etiam haut sciam (ad. scio) anne? (Bemb. an) uxorem ducat ac Syro nihil gratiae, Ter. Haut. 5, 2, 46; haud sciam anne super omnes homines cum quaesierim, Apul. mag. 5. Note that in cases marked \* and perh. 4, the metre requires anne or ān.

**an-necto**, (adn.) ēre, xui, xus, vb. lit. knit to, hence tie to, fasten to (funiculus) scapham annexam trahēbat, Cic. inv. 2, 154; ad linguam stomachus adnectitur, Cic. N. D. 2, 136; animas adnecti...corporibus, Lucr. 3, 688; (ratīs) annexa uinculis, Liv. 21, 28, 9; linea (operimenta) ferreis lamina adnexuerant, Sal. fr. ap. Serv.; idem continentī adnectit (not annexuit), Plin. 5, 117; epistulas adnexas (columbarum) pedibus, 10, 110; nectit quæ corporibus ægrotum adnexa fuerant (tied as charms), Val. M. 2, 5, 6; 2. met. Cic. off. 1, 11; inv. 1, 26; Top. 54.

**annellus**, see anellus.

**annexio**, ōnis, f. (tying to, Pall. 4, 10, 36).

1. **annexus**, (adn.) ūs, m. connection, gentium, Tac. h. 3, 34.

2. **annexus**, part. of annecto.

**Annidiæ**, arum, m. pl., sons of Annius, Claud. cons. Prob. et Ol. 8; Prud. Symm. 1, 553.

**Annianus**, adj. of Annius, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 118; 2. as a title of adoption from the gens Annia, a poet so-called, Gell. 6 (7), 7, 1; 20, 8, 1.

**annic-ulus**, adj. dim. of a year, a year old, nuce, Cato r. 17, 2; uinum, Varr. r. 1, 65, 2; (taurum), 2, 5, 12; (pulli), 7, 12; (malleolus), Colum. 4, 7, 3 etc.; (filii), Ulp. dig. 1, 6, 6.

**anni-fér**, a, um, adj. bearing all the year, citrea, Plin. 16, 107; add 19, 121.

**an-nihilo**, āre, vb. annul, Hieron. ep. 106, 57.

1. **annisus**, ūs, m. striving after, energetic assistance, Symm. ep. 5, 74.

2. **annisus**, part. of annitor.

**an-nitor**, (adn.) ti, xus or sns, vb. r. press with one's knee against with all one's might (see nitor). Latōnam oleæ...aduisum effluisse æa numia, Tac. an. 3, 61;

2. gen. press against, lean against for support, natura semper ad aliquod tanquam adimiculum addititur, Cic. an. 88; longis aduixi hastis, Verg. 9, 229; aduixa columæ (hasta) 12, 92; (nites) pedaminibus adnixæ, Colum. 5, 4, 1;

3. press violently against, and so thrust forward, Cymothoe simul et Triton adnixæ acuto Detrudunt scopulo, Verg. 1, 144; geubus adnixum orasse, Val. M. 5, 3, 3; 4. strain with all one's might after, (Cloanthum) summis adnixus uiribus urget, 5, 226; II. 5. met. strive after with all one's might, Haec ut me nolitis adprobare, abhiter Lucrum ut perenne nobis semper suppetat, Ita...; Pl. Amph. pr. 13; nisi annitteretur de triumpho, Cic. Att. 6, 8, 5; acris annitendum est uti...; Luc. lug. 85, 6; add 85, 47; Cat. 19, 1; ad æa patranda summo studio amittelatur, 43, 4; omni ope annisi sum ut...; Liv. 8, 16, 4; add 21, 8, 8; 27, 14, 2;

6. w. acc. of n. pron., quod ego adnitor, Plin. ep. 6, 18, 1;

7. **annixus** older form of part. says Serv. A. 1, 148.

**anni-uersārius**, adj. returning every year, annual, yearly, sacra, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 84; festi dies, 2, 4, 107; uicissitudines, N. D. 2, 97; medicos (paid by the year?) Varr. r. 1, 16, 4; hostes, Flor. 1, 6; 2. anniversary, adv., yearly, Ang. ep. 118 f.; doct. Chr. 2, 29.

**Annitis**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, T. Annias (Milo), Cic. Mil. 1; C. Annias Asellus, Verr. 2, 1, 104; 2. Annia, Faustina A., Lamp. Comm. 7, 7; Annia Cornificia, Capitol. M. Anton. ph. 1, 8; 3. Annia uia, a road from Rome, cur(ator) uia(um) Clodia, Annia..., inscr. Or. 3306; add 3310; 3313.

**annixus**, part. of annitor.

1. **anno**, are [annus], vb. invented by Maec. s. 1, 12, 6 to explain Anna.

2. **anno**, are, see adno.

**annon**, see an.

**annōnā**, ae, f. [prob. an adj. se. copia, the year's supply] price, esp. of corn, ut mili enas decem...dent quom cara annona sit, Pl. Capt. 3, 1, 35; Cena hæc annona sine sacris hereditas, Trin. 2, 3, 83; add Mil. 3, 1, 140; add St. 1, 3, 25 etc.; quotiens annona cara, Cato ep. Gell. 2, 28, 6; carior, Cic. div. 59; uilitas annonæ, Ampl. Lell. 44; annona erenit, Cæs. b. c. 1, 52, 1; ad demarios 1 in singulos modios a, perueniat, 1, 52, 2; laxior, Liv. 2, 52, 1; artior, 26, 20, 8; magno tritici modo annonam p. r. adueant, inscr. Or. 750; add 2172 etc.; 2. of other articles as depending on supply, exandefaciēbat annonam macelli, Varr. r. 3, 2, 16; lactis, Colum. 8, 17, 13; ut trecentis numis quadrangene urnæ ueniant, quod minimum pretium est annonæ, 3, 3, 10; musti, 3, 21, 6; ueneni, Iuv. 9, 100; 3. met., annicorum, Hor. ep. 1, 12, 24; II. 4. corn itself, esp. rates, necessitas annonam pariter et arma potandi, Veg. mil. 1, 19; pabulatio et annona in necessitate remedium non habent, nisi ante condantur, 3, 3; ex annona quam uehebat ceruicibus miles, Amm. 17, 9, 2; onera annonarum sustinere, Modest. dig. 26, 7, 32, 6; ut annonas acciperent ministri, sed annonas singulas (for one only), Lamp. A. Sev. 41, 3; add 42, 3; Th. C. 6, 24, 2; S. 1, 3; 5. as a goddess, Annontæ sanctæ Aclius mentor corporis pistorum, inscr. Or. 1810.

**annōnā-rius**, adj. of the corn market, Th. C. 6, 24, 1; 11, 1, 3 etc.; 2. as sb. m. commissariat-offices, Th. C. 8, 1, 3; adlecto annon(ario), inscr. Or. 2183.

**annōnor**, āri, vb. r. (cf. frumentor, pabulor) supply oneself with corn, in ea loca deducti milites in quibus annonari non possent (al. posset), Capitol. Gord. 29, 2.

**annōsitas**, ātis, f. great age, Th. C. 1, 15, 12; 13, 6, 10; Ang. ep. 251 (269).

**annōsus**, adj. full of years, old, cornix, Hor. od. 3, 17, 13; anvs Ov. F. 2, 571; arbores, Plin. 24, 1.

**annōtāmentum**, (adn.) i, n. note, Gell. 1, 7, 18; 17, 2, 1.

**annōtātiō**, (adn.) ōnis, f. something written by the side, a note, annotation, Plin. ep. 7, 20, 2; Gell. pr. 3; Paul. dig. 31, 82, 2; 2. in law, an order for arrest, tempus ex

quo a. publice immovet, Maer d. 48, 17, 4 (1 de requir-  
endis absentibus); add Th. C. 9, 51, 10; 3. an imperial  
rescript, Th. C. 1, 2, 1; 15, 3, 5.

**annōtatiuncula**, (adn.) ae. f. dim. a short note, Gell.  
17, 21, 50; 19, 7, 12.

**annōtator**, (adn.) oris, m. commentator, critic, Plin.  
pan. 49, p. 356, 16 M; 2. a public registrar, Th. C. 12,  
6, 3.

**annōtātus**, ūs, m. note, comment, mortes dignae adno-  
tatu, Val. M. 7, 12 ext. 1.

**annōt-inus**, [annot, for annoet, i.e. annos old erode form  
= anno, w. exor. ti; cf. erast-inus]; adj. of a year, a year  
old, naves, Caes. b. g. 5, 8, 6; unguis custodim, Colum. 4,  
24, 8 (of the vine); nonos fractus cum annotino pendit,  
Plin. 16, 107.

**annōtō**, (ad-n.) āre, vb. set a mark or note against, make  
a memorandum, note, ut annotaret quid cui dedisset, Colum.  
12, 3, 4; qua in re et illud adnotare enecurrit, Plin. 7, 157;  
add § 184; 34, 24; haec litora pisce nobili adnotatur—are  
noted—3, 61; si quid otii adnotabat exercebatque, ep. 3,  
5, 10; add 9, 26, 5; Quint. 1, 4, 17; 2, 5, 7; 2. of per-  
sons in authority, set a note against the name of a person,  
as an order for his arrest, punishment etc., adnotati in ur-  
bem remittendos, Plin. ep. 10, 97 (96); 4; ex noxiis lanian-  
dos annotati, Suet. Cal. 27; absens requirendus adno-  
tandus est, Marc. dig. 48, 17, 1, 1; and Ulp. 49, 7, 1, 3;  
circa requirendorum adnotatorum bona, Callist. 49, 14, 1, 3.

**annu-ālis**, e, adj. [annus] of a year, a year old, agni (al.  
annales), Paul. sent. 3, 6, 74; 2. for a year, C. Iul.  
Valentinus III vir primus annuālis, inscr. Mur. 4, 8.

**annūmērātio**, ōnis, f. counting before (a person), annu-  
rum, Th. C. 22, 8, 1.

**annūmēro**, [ad-n.] āre, vb. count before, or in the  
presence of, Appente ero solus mihi tantum argenti soli  
adnumeravit et credidit, Pl. As. 2, 4, 94; add Merc. 1, 1,  
88; Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 15; pecuniam mulieri annumerare et  
reddere, Cic. Caecil. 56; nummos mihi, Papin. dig. 16, 3, 24;  
non aliter quam si admensa adpensa adnumeratae sint, Gai.  
18, 1, 35, 5; hence met.: non ea (verba) annumerare  
lectoris sed tamquam appendere, Cic. opt. gen. or. 14; 2.  
count as part of, count with, reckon among, his libris ad-  
numerandi sunt sex de re publica, Cic. div. 2, 3; add Brut.  
207; ego forsitan in gregem (al. gregem) adnumerer, Rosc.  
Am. So; nuus adnumeraver, Ov. Pont. 4, 16, 4; se quoque  
in exemplis, Ter. 5, 4, 20; (haec) neque bonis neque malis  
adnumerant, Tac. h. 4, 5; inter urbanos, Paul. dig. 32, 99;  
supellex est instrumentum quod neque argento aurove  
facto vel vesti adnumeretur, Pomp. 33, 10, 1; imperitium  
culpa adnumerandum, Ulp. 19, 2, 9, 5.

**annuntiatio**, ōnis, f. announcement, Aug. de Sanct. 18;  
Laet. 4, 21.

**annuntiātor**, ōris, m. one to announce, Aug. de Sanct.  
14.

**annuntiātr-ix**, icis, f. the same, Eccl.

**annuntio**, (ad-n.) āre, bring word to, e longinquo multa,  
Plin. 7, 174; addmiantere exanimatum illum, 7, 177;

2. Donat. ad Ad. 4, 2, 8; qui malam rem nuntiat ob-  
nuntiat; qui bonam annuntiat; 3. relate a story, de  
cuis exitio ignem propter assidens...sic adduntiant, Apul.  
M. 8, 1, etc.

**annuntius**, (ad-n.) adj. bringing word, announcing, si-  
gnum illud annuntium, Apul. de deo 8, 19; 2. as sb. n.  
or f., one to announce, vox hominis peccati annuntia, Am-  
bros. off. 1, 2.

**annuo**, (ad-n.) ēre, vi, vb. nod to, nod at, Neque ulli  
illa homini nudi nectet adnat Pl. As. 4, 1, 39; simul  
sibi hie annuisset, numeratum se, Cic. Quinct. 18; ille  
annuentibus ae nocabant suis, Liv. 1, 12, 10; Sulrio ad-  
nuente (as asking) an destringeret gladium renuit, Tac. an.  
15, 58; 2. nod to in assent, nod assent, assent to, esp.  
in answer to questions or orders, Quis nunc, daturin estis  
an non? Adnuont, Pl. Trne. pr. 4; Quis poscit cena?...  
Eben adnuont? Stich. 1, 3, 71; imperat...ut maceum solus  
cum sola. Admo Terram intuentis modeste, Ter. Eun. 3, 5,  
32; potest fieri inquit, Sile ut is...? Annuit Silus. Potest  
etiam ut...? Id quoque toto capite annuit, Cic. or. 2, 285;

non adversata petenti Adnuet, Verg. 4, 128; 3. w. n.  
pron. or adj. as object, see last ex. but one; ut falsa adnuet-  
ter, Tac. an. 14, 60; 4. w. acc. and inf., ego adnuet  
uenturum adnuo, Pl. Bac. 2, 2, 9; adnuo Visitasse, Cure. 2,  
3, 63; Adnuet sese mecum decernere ferro, Enn. ap. Prisc.  
1, 504, 27; amicitiam se Romanorum accipere annuit, Liv.  
28, 17, 8; 5. assent to, approve, permit, ubi primum  
uelleret signa Adnuerit superi, Verg. 11, 20; 6. w. ut  
and subj. Sterneret nt...Camillam, Adnuet oranti, Verg. 11,  
797; 7. w. dat. of thing, give approval to, sanction,  
bless, audacibus annue coepit, Verg. G. 1, 40; A. 9, 625\*;  
superest ut promissis (medicorum) dens adnuat, Plin. ep.  
1, 22, 11; facinori, Tac. an. 12, 48; paci, 15, 16; 8. w.  
acc. of thing, grant, caeli quibus adnuis\* arcem, Verg. 1,  
250; ni...duom pater annuisset\*...potiore ductos Alite  
muros, Hor. od. 4, 6, 22; 9. eanse to prosper, hanc  
mibi militiam...Adnuet\*, Val. F. 1, 41; 10. w. cogn.  
acc., Liv. 7, 30, 20; 11. in poets gen. of divine assent,  
see \* above; 12. note qty of perf. in Enn. § 4.

**annus**, i, m. [a form annus implied in solemnis; and  
this fin am round] lit. a circle or ring, tempus a bruma ad  
brumam dum sol rehit, uocatur annus; quod ut parul cir-  
culi anuli, sic magni dicebantur circites ani, unde annus,  
Varr. l. 6, 2; add Serv. A. 1, 269; 2. a year, Et pueri  
annos octingentos uiuunt, Pl. Mil. 4, 2, 86; qui minor an-  
nos xxx natus est, CIL 206, 89; quantum ago annum et  
octogesim, Cic. sen. 32; annos lxx natus, ib. 14; regiam  
potestatem annum obtinere, Caes. b. g. 7, 32, 3; (Numa) in  
duodecim menses discribit annum, Liv. 1, 19, 6; matrone  
annum nt parentem cum luxerunt, 2, 7, 4; octoginta  
annis regnasse, Plin. 7, 156; quando annorum xx erit,  
Ulp. dig. 30, 30, 5; 3. in early times, a year of 10  
months, containing 354 or 355 days, in anno Constituit  
mensis quinque his esse suo, Ov. F. 1, 26; add 3, 100 and  
121; Romuli (aetate) annum fuisse non duodecim mensium,  
sed decem, Gell. 3, 16, 16; Censor. 20, 2; add Maer. s. 1, 12,  
3; 4. this early year began in March, see Censor. 20, 3;  
hence the names Quintilis for June, and so on to December,  
cf. Maer. s. 1, 15, 18; Plutarch, Numa 18; 5. annus  
magnus, a cycle of various meanings, from 2 to 5 years, see  
Censor. 18, 2 and 3; 6. but in Cic. N. D. 2, 51: (magnus  
annus) efficitur cum solis et lunae et quinque errantium ad  
eandem inter se comparationem est facta conuersio; add Cic.  
ap. Serv. A. 1, 269; 7. a year, in exaggeration, to one's  
feelings, Dum moluntur, dum co(m)putant, annus est, Ter.  
Haui. 2, 2, 11; 8. meus (etc.) annus, the year of one's  
candidature by age, qui si in nostrum annum reciderit,  
fictor candidatus fore nideatur, Cic. Att. 1, 1, 2; ut post  
biennium tuus annus esset, fam. 10, 25, 2; eius est enim  
annus, Phil. 8, 27; add agr. 2, 3; 11 9. part of the year,  
w. adj. in poets, nunc formosissimus annus, Verg. B. 3, 57;  
aut dulces alumnus Pomifero graue tempus anno, Hor. od. 3,  
23, 8; hibernus, epod. 2, 29; 10. time of life, rugis integer  
annus, Prop. 4, 5, 59; 11. anno, a year ago, Quattuor  
nuis ego istanc anni anno uxori meae, Pl. Men. 1, 3, 22;  
Etiam histiones anno quom in prosenico hie locum inuoca-  
runt, uenit, Amph. pr. 91; Vtrum anno an homo tete (so  
L. M. ej.; sss te) abstuleris a uiro, Lucil. ap. Non. 121, 7.

**annuus**, adj. of or for a year, a year's, ultia, Pl. As. 5,  
2, 36; penns Ps. 1, 2, 45; merces, Truc. 1, 1, 10; pro  
singulis annueis (stipendiis), CIL 206, 92; provincia Cic.  
fam. 15, 14, 5; mercede habitacionum annuas, Caes. b. c.  
3, 21, 1; uergobretum qui creatur annuus, b. g. 1, 16,  
5; 2. yearly, recurring every year, annual, commuta-  
tiones, Cic. inv. 1, 59; annuas frugum et calorum  
uarietates, N. D. 2, 101; sacra, Verg. G. 1, 339;  
3. annuum as sb. n. yearly allowance or pay, publici serui  
annua accipiunt, Plin. ep. 10, 31 (40), 2; ut mercede fundi  
uxori annui nomine daret, Iulian. dig. 23, 4, 22; si stipulata  
fuerit annuum, Ulp. 24, 1, 33.

**ānōdŷnon**, i, adj. n. as sb. [painless] an anodyne, Cael.  
Anr. chron. 1, 1 (?); as Greek, Cels. 5, 25, 1; 2, 4, 79.

**ānōmālia**, ae, f. irregularity, anomaly; Varr. l. 8, 9 (as  
Lat. mss Flor. Hav.; as Gr. Speng.); as Gr. Gell. 2,  
25.

**ānōmālus**, adj. irregular, anomalous, nominum genera,

Diom. 327, 1 K; Mart. Cap. 3, 71 G, p. 75 Eyss. (w. a false qty, anonāla); add Prisc. 1, 439, 17 K.

**anōnis** (ononis), is, f. a plant, (ononis antiquorum Linn.), Plin. 21, 91 and 98; 27, 29.

**an-ōnymos**, adj. as sb. [nameless] a plant, a. non inueniēdo nomen inuenit, Plin. 27, 31.

**an-qui-ro**, ēre, siui situs, vb. [an up, quacore; cf. *αναστροφή*] search up, hunt up, search for with all care, generi animantium omni est a natura tributum ut...omnia quae sint ad inueniendum necessaria inquirat et paret, Cic. off. 1, 11; tamen is pati non possit ut non inquirat aliquid apud quem enomat uirus acerbioris suae, an. 87; semper aliqui inquirēdi sunt quos diligamus, 102; nec diu inquirendum quā Agrippina anteiret, Tac. an. 12, 6; At nos per agros corporis partes uagas Anquirite (al. inquirite and so P R), Sen. Phaedr. 1287; **2.** of the mind, inquire into w. all care, ant. inquirunt ant. consultant...ad uitae commoditatem conducat id necne de quo deliberat, Cic. off. 1, 9; in qua quid ualeat inquirunt, fat. 17; omnes sine artis sunt loci sine ingenii inquirētibz nobis omniū acie ingenii contemplantibus ostendunt se, or. 1, 151; but in Lucr. 4, 1189 inquirere risus is now read; **3.** esp. as a legal word, hold an enquiry, quum capitis inquisitionem, Liv. 2, 52, 5; dumuiros qui de perditione inquirerent, 6, 20, 12; capite inquisitum ob rem bello male gestam de imperatore nullo ad eam diem esse, 8, 33, 17; quum bis pecunia inquisisset, tertio capite se inquirere diceret, tribuni pl. appellati collegae negarunt se in mora esse quominus...inquireret quoad uel capitis uel pecuniae indicasset priuato, 26, 3, 8.

**anquisitio**, ōnis, f. [inquirō] an enquiry, esp. legal...commentarius indicat uetus anquisitionis M. Sergii Mani filii quaestoris, qui capitis accusauit Trogum, Varr. 1, 6, 9, p. 268 Sp.

**ansa**, ae, f. [hando, the lost simple vb. whence praehendo] a handle, (amphora), Cato r. 113, 2; natellis sine ansis, Cato ap. Fest. 109 b, 18; (poculi), Verg. B. 3, 45; Ov. her. 15 (16), 252; gubernaculi, Virg. 10, 8, 5, tiller; statera, id. 10, 8, 4; **2.** met. a handle (as we too say), something to take hold of, non tu illum uidēs Quærere ansam, infectum ut faciat? Pl. Pers. 4, 4, 112; si locus habet reprehensionis ansam aliquam, Cic. Plane. 84; quo plures det sibi tamquam ansas ad reprehendendum, ann. 59; add Sest. 22.

**ansatus**, quasi-part. provided with handle or handles, capulae, Varr. 1, 5, 26; uas, Colum. 9, 15, 5; **2.** of the thong of a dart, ansatis concurrunt undique telis, Enn. ap. Maer. s. 6, 1, 16; **3.** met. Set quis hic ansatus ambulat? Pl. Pers. 2, 5, 7; **4.** ansata as sb. f. (sc. hasta) a dart with a thong, ansatas mittunt de turribz, Enn. ap. Non. 556, 20.

**ans-er**, eris, m. (f. see § 9); ansar, Prob. 198, 22 K; [ans- G. gans, E. goose; and gander of gander; Hans of S. hans-a; also = *χηνή*] a gander, a goose, item ut de frumento anseres clamore absterret, abigat, Pl. Truc. 2, 1, 40; greges anserum, Varr. r. 3, 10, 1; add Colum. S. 13, 2;

**2.** white goose preferred, ut essent ampli (anseris) et albi, Varr. r. 3, 10, 2; Pinguibus et ficiis pastum iecur anseris albi, Hor. s. 2, 8, 88; **3.** the liver of unnatural size, foie gras, as a dainty, see last ex.; nostri sapientiores (anseris) iecoris bonitate notare; fertilibus in magnam amplitudinem crescit, Plin. 10, 52; Anseris ante ipsum magni iecur, anserilms par... Iuv. 5, 114; **4.** of sacred geese in the Capitol, in honour of those who gave warning of the Galli, anseribus cibaria publice locantur, Cic. Rose. Am. 56; add Liv. 5, 47, 4; Verg. S. 655; **5.** held sacred and sacrificed to Iuno, see Liv. 1, 1.

**6.** also sacred to Isis and Osiris, Ov. F. 1, 453; **7.** to Priapus, Petr. 137; **8.** a cognomen, as of the poet Anser, the panycryst of Antony and so subject of jokes, Cic. Phil. 13, 11; add Ov. tr. 2, 435; **9.** as f. a singularis non plus quam ter in anno parit, Varr. r. 3, 10, 3.

**anser-ātum**, adv. f. Charis. 182, 22. w. passer-ātum.

**anser-culus**, i, m. dim. a gosling, Colum. S. 14, 7.

**anser-felus**, adj. of a goose, genus, Plin. 10, 56; pedes, 11, 257; fel, 29, 125; lana, Ulp. dig. 32, 70, 9, goose-down.

**ansula**, ae, f. dim. a small handle, Apul. M. 11, 4; **2.** a hook, 4, 3; **3.** a shoe lappet or tie, Val. Max. 8, 12, 3; add Siliou. ep. 8, 11, 14; **4.** a ring, Aug. doct. Ch. 2, 20; link of a chain, Aug. conf. 8, 5.

**antae**, ārum, f. pl. [ante = *avti*, opposed to] projecting pillars of a door, ex eo pariete antas duas...proicit, CIL 5, 1, 12; add 15; Virg. 3, 2, 2 and 3; 4, 4, 1.

**antāgōnistā**, ae, m. an opponent, Hieron. V. Hil. f. **ant-āmoebaeos**, adj. as sb. m. (sc. pes) a foot ~~~~~ (as equitabatis), Diom. 481, 30 K.

**ant-āpōdōsis**, is, f. an apodosis to correspond to the protasis, Quint. 8, 3, 79.

**ant-arceticus**, adj. opposite to the bear or north, southern, antarctic, Apul. mund. 1; Hyg. Astr. 1, 6; as Gr. Varr. 9, 18.

**antārius**, adj. [ante = *avti*, opposed to] opposed to each other, funes, guy-ropes, Virg. 10, 2, 3.

**antē**, prep. [for older antil, as poste for postid; s. below] before, first of place, ante acies, Pl. Aul. 3, 2, 32; 3, 5, 62 etc.; Ter. Ad. 2, 1, 26; Andr. 2, 2, 25; 3, 1, 16; ante ostium, Pl. Capt. 5, 4, 8; As. 1, 2, 24; ante horum foris, Cure. 1, 1, 71; Quod est ante pedes nemo spectat: caeli scrutantur plagas, Enn. tr. 277 V; ante medicum, CIL 206, 20, 22, 32, 35 etc.; ut ante tribunal tuum, M. Fanni, ante pedes nostros, iudices...caedes futurae sint, Cic. Rose. Am. 12; cum immolaret ante praetorium, div. 1, 72; in fossam quae erat ante oppidum, Caes. b. g. 2, 32, 4;

**2.** w. acc. of person, Ego baulabo: tu ut deest dominum ante me ito inanis, Pl. As. 3, 3, 70; post me erat Aegina ante me Megara (so Or. Bait. from ante ennegate of Med.), Sulp. ad Cic. 4, 5, 4; unum cohortem quae anteceras extra aciem procurreret, Caes. b. c. 1, 55, 3; ante se statuit funditores, Liv. 42, 58, 10; ut ante ipsum exanimem procumbent, Curt. 9, 5, 8; Flos Asiae ante ipsum, Iuv. 5, 56; **3.** of time, ante hunc diem, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 102; Epid. 3, 4, 60; Ter. Hee. 5, 4, 23; ante lucem, Pl. Cas. 2, 8, 51; ante solem occasum, Epid. 1, 2, 41; Men. 2, 3, 82; ante noctem, Aes. 128 K; ante kalendas Septembris, CIL 198, 9; ante diem Sextilis primas, 199, 4; ante lucem, Cic. or. 2, 259; inu. 2, 15; ante hoc tempus, Caes. b. g. 1, 44, 7; **4.** w. acc. of person, ellipt.

Atque ego Neptune tui ante alios deos gratis ago et (so Bothe, *iss atque*) habeo summas, Pl. Trin. 4, 1, 5; quae ad confessionem ignorationis adduxerat Socratem et iam ante Socratem Democritum, Cic. acad. 1, 44; qui causam ante eum diceret, Verr. 1, 9; qui honos togato habitus ante me est nemini, in Cat. 4, 5; eorum qui ante me sententias dixerunt, Sal. Cat. 51, 9; **5.** w. name of office in apposition, Minucius mortuus est ante istum praetorem (before his praetorship) Cic. Verr. 1, 1, 115; annis lxxxvi ipsis ante me consulē, Brut. 61; ante me principem, Mon. Aneyr. 5, 44; **6.** w. acc. and perf. part., ante hanc legem rogatum, CIL 202, 20 and again 22, 38; and abbrev. ante h. l. r., 200, 32; ante philosophiam patefactam, Cic. div. 1, 86; ante urbem captam, 1, 101; ante hanc urbem conditam, Tusc. 5, 7; add Liv. pr. 6; ante sacrum montem occupatum, 3, 15, 3; ante decemviris creatos, 3, 53, 4; ante te cognitum, Sal. Ing. 110, 2; **7.** in estimation, Aequomst placere ante alias uerbes fabulas, Pl. Cas. pr. 8; Non enim (=eni or en) rumores ponebat ante salutem, Enn. an. 34 V; hicine is quem famae gratia Ante omnis nobilitat uiros? Pac. 120 R; quem ante me diligo, Balb. ap. Cic. Att. 8, 15 A; scietiam facundia Graecus, gloria belli Gallos ante Romanos fuisse, Sal. Cat. 53, 3; neu uerba minima ante facta sua poneret, Ing. 15, 1; Quidnam tu dicesis si me (Scipionem) uicisses? Tum uero me inquit (Hannibal) et ante Alexandrum et ante Pyrrhum et ante alios omnes imperatores esse, Liv. 35, 14, 11; necessitas ante rationem est, Curt. 7, 7, 10; Paulus nel Cossus nel Drusus moribus esto: Hos ante effigies maiorum pone tuorum, Iuv. 8, 22; **8.** esp. in form, adj. w. ante omnes, or ante alios, At nunc delinē scito illum ante omnis minimi mortalem preti, Pl. As. 5, 2, 8; Vti me hodie ante omnes comicos stultos senes Versaris atque emunxeris lautissime, Caecil. 243; unus ei ante alios fuerit carissimus, Nep. Att. 3, 3; unum longe ante alios insignem specie, Liv. 1, 9,

12; multitudini gratior fuit (Romulus) quam patribus, longe ante alios acceptissimus nullum annis, 1, 15, 8; add 3, 58, 1; 29, 23, 4; sceleris ante alios immemor omnis, Verg. 1, 351; add 5, 318; 7, 55; Ov. M. 10, 120; III 9. as adv., first of place, before, in front, ut animus suus eunique ante post pugnandi ordinem dabat, Liv. 22, 5, 8; fluvius ab tergo ante circaque velut ripa praecipit oram eius onnem cingebat, 27, 18, 5; Pallida Tisiphone Morbos agit ante Metuque, Verg. G. 3, 552; mane prodeunt (ducenti) ita ut et aliquis ante et a tergo complures retinaculis eos continent, Col. 6, 2, 4; coronatus statit et ante calix, Tib. 2, 5, 98; 10. w. motion, forwards, ut si manibus ingreditur quis aut non ante sed retro, Cie. fin. 5, 35; IV 11. adv. of time, before, formerly, previously, tam ego fuit ante liber quam gnatus tunc, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 60; Ipsi omnino, quae parastorum ante erat provincia, 3, 1, 14; add 3, 1, 23; Nos sumus Romani qui fuimus ante Rudini, Enn. ad. 410 v; add Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 3; ut Fides ut Mens quas in Capitolio dedicatas videntur proxime a M. Aemilio Scauro, ante autem ab Atilio Calatino erat Fides consecrata, Cie. N. D. 2, 61; malorum... quae venientia longe ante videris, Tusc. 3, 29; add Att. 7, 14, 2; fam. 3, 7, 4; regnum quod pater ante habuerat, Cie. b. g. 1, 3, 4; ut ante dictum est, 1, 16, 2; quos paulo ante memorant, Sal. Cat. 20, 1; fides ante Poenis, tum... cum fortuna mutaretur fidem, Liv. 22, 2, 6; add 21, 20, 8; 24, 32, 5; 30, 34, 6; 12. often refers to a following quam, nisi senem Lilius qui cum sex annis ante quam ego natus sum fabulam docuisset, Cie. sen. 50; ut te ante videret quam ut alia disceret, fam. 2, 2; necessitudinem constitutam habui cum domo vestra ante aliquanto quam tu natus es, 10, 3, 2; add am. 11; Antè pudor quam te nolo, Verg. 4, 24; 13. w. abl. of the how much, first before ante, quod tanto ante praedixerat, Cie. Phil. 2, 83; add Verr. 2, 5, 89; multo ante prospexi tempestatem futuram, fam. 4, 3, 1; add Liv. 27, 42, 13; paulo ante, 2, 15; aliquot annis ante secundum Punium bellum, rep. 2, 13; colonia paucis annis ante deducta, Phil. 2, 102; biennio ante, Liv. 39, 21, 2; 14. w. adj. bef. ante, non ante, et illos septem... et multis ante saeculis Lycurgum... habitos esse sapientes, Cie. Tusc. 3, 7; paucis ante diebus cum facile possit educti et custodia, noluit, 1, 71; legem viginti ante annis latam Liv. 34, 6, 9; 15. rarely with the abl. after ante, necessitudinem constitutam habui cum domo vestra ante aliquanto quam tu natus es, Cie. fam. 10, 3, 2; quae ante paulo breviter attigi, rep. 2, 9; but in sen. 6 Halm has now multo ante; cum Aequis post aliquanto pugnatum est, Liv. 2, 31, 4; 16. by attraction, an acc. in the same sense, chiefly in later writers, interrogo uno inquit (Cato) quando hanc pontum (a fig) demptam putetis ex arbore? cum inter omnes recentem esse constaret: at qui tertium inquit ante diem (only two days ago) scitote decerpitam Carthagine, Plin. 15, 75; ad quem ante annos septemdecim mittere ausi sumus qui non prederent, Liv. 38, 52, 7; and prob. in Liv. 40, 52, 1: quae ante annos (Madiv. w. miss annis) octo novissit; eadem negligentia quae dies ante paucos (a. p. dies) prodiderat—a few days before—31, 24, 5; iam ante biennium qualis esset apparere coepat, Vell. 2, 112, 7; si scrobibus vineam posturi erimus optimum erit ante annum scrobis facere, Col. arb. 4, 3 f.; ante annum quam pomaria disponere voles, scrobis facite, 10, 1; add 16, 2; nobis ante quadriennium amissus es, The. Agr. 45; hunc si finem multos ante annos ediderat Agrippina contempnate, an. 14, 9; paucos ante menses tabula aenea inuenta est, Suet. Caes. 81; scripta abolita quamvis probarentur ante aliquot annos recitata, Tib. 61; Sestio a se ante paucos dies increpito, 42; add Tib. 61 f.; Cl. 27; Oth. 5; Claud' ante quintum mensem diortii natam, Cl. 27; add al-o Cal. 8; 17. by attraction also, me ante diem XIII Kalendas Ianuarias (=die decimo tertio ante Kalendas Ianuarias) principem reuocandae libertatis fuisse, Cie. Phil. 14, 20; add Cat. 1, 7 (bis); ita novit fecitque ante diem tertium nonas Quintiles, Liv. 27, 23 f.; add 39, 52, 4; 18. commonly abbreviated, Cocero Fafini sp. a. d. XII (nonas) Octobris) L. Cin. Cn. Pa. (a. n. e. 669), on a tessera CIL 717; L. Alii(us) a. d. cidus Octobris), on an olla S22;

a. d. XIII Kal. Ian., Cie. Phil. 10, 23; haec senatus consulta perscribuntur a. d. VII Id. Ian., Caes. b. e. 1, 5, 4; 19. the same with in or ex prefixed, dixi caudem te optinatum contulisse in ante diem V Kalendas Nouembres, Cie. Cat. 1, 7; nuntii tristes venerant ex ante diem III (III om. MSS) non. Iun. usque ad prid. Kal. Sept., Att. 3, 17, 1; supplicatio indicta est ex ante diem V idus Octobres cum eo die in quinque dies, Liv. 45, 2, 12; 20. often w. perf. part., qui ante ante-parta patria peregre prodigunt, Naev. S. 4 R; Vi virtute eorum ante-parta per flagitium perdes, Pl. Trin. 3, 2, 17; add True. 1, 1, 42; ante-facta, Titin. 144 R; Turp. 126 R; 21. attached to a noun, neque enim ignari sumus ante-malorum = τὸν προτερὸν κακόν, Verg. 1, 202; so ante-consilia, Capitol. Gord. 24; ante-meliorum, ps. Quint. decl. 1, 14; 22. in old writers w. abl. (dat.?) says Pomp. comm. 278, 15, as ante tempus, Pacuv.; 23. for alleged acc. of Max. Viet. 1953 P; 24. for change of f in antio to e in ante on loss of final ef, postid poste, magis inage, tristis triste, videbaris videbare; 25. antio and aeri prob. comp.; s. paper on suffixes of prep. in Tr. Phil. Soc. for 1870; and ef. extradi; note too use w. quam in § 11; V 26. in comp. w. verbs ante means before in place, in time, in excellence, as ante-co walk before, live before, surpass; ante-co precede in place, in time, in quality; 27. as poste (postid) from a simpler pos after, so ante (antio) from a lost an before, the t of ante as of poste and post ex.; this an before Ritschl (Plant. Exc. 522) sees perh. in an-testari an-tenna; but perh. it = G. an, L. ad (ar), commonly meaning to, but perh. orig. before, as πρὸς (1) before, (2) to; cf. ad-esse which in meaning agrees w. praesens; for an as variety of ad ef. am-pendix (i. e. an-p.) = appendix (i. e. ad-p.) anteā, adv. [for antem; ef. postea, praeterea, postillā etc., and antequam postquam; prob. a dative suffix, cf. interin for interibi and G. nach-dem in-dem etc.] before this, before that, formerly, Si antea, (dissyll.) noluisse, cesses; nunc sero cupis, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 107; but in Epid. 1, 1, 31 read ante; qui antea (denis) obsonaturae, postea centenis, Cato ap. F. 201 a; 32. nemo ante fecit uti... Cato ib. 305 a, 12; nam antea Qui scire posses, Ter. And. 1, 1, 25; hunc anteaquam antea praesentem vident, Cie. Man. 13; fuit antea tempus cum Germanos Galli virtute superaret, Caes. b. g. 6, 4; clipeis antea Romani sui sunt, dein, postquam stipendiarii facti sunt, scuta pro clipeis fecerunt, Liv. 8, 8, 3; oppidum Poneropolis antea, mox a conditore Philippopolis, nunc a situ Trimontium dicta, Plin. 4, 41; 2. different somehow from prius, quod ante te antea, atque adeo prius scripsi, sic enim nautis... fecisti me acriorum, Cie. Att. 15, 13, 3; ante-actus, better written separately, as in Cie. inv. 2, 37; Verr. 2, 3, 146; Lucr. 1, 234; Ov. M. 12, 115; ante-aedificālis, adj. before the building, ara Iouis, Diet. Cr. 5, 12; ante-ambulo, ōnis, m. one who walks before (a great man), tumidique anteaambul regis, Mart. 2, 18, 5; add 3, 7, 2; 10, 74, 3; Suet. Vesp. 2; ante-canis? in Cie. N. D. 2, 114, read ante canem. ante-cantamentum, n. a. a. preludē, Apul. M. 11, 9 (dub.). ante-cantātiūus, a. b. first sung, as transl. cf. πρὸ-ὁδός, of the first of two connected lines, as the hexameters in elegiacs, or the line Ibis Liburnis, in Hor. epod. 1, 1; Mar. Viet. 2500, 42; ante-cāpio, ēre, ēēpi, ēēptas, vb. take beforehand, preoccupy, Medos, The. an. 15, 2; pontem, b. 4, 66; 2. deal with or provide beforehand, anticipate, προληψα, id est antecipat animo informationem, Cie. N. D. 1, 4, 43; ea omnia luxa, Sal. Cat. 13, 3; quae bello usui forent, 32, 1; noctem, 55, 1; tempus legatorum, fig. 21, 3; 3. written often dimin., as Liv. 5, 38, 1; ante-cōdo, ēre, ssi, ssum, vb. go before, precede, expeditus antecesserat legiones, Cie. Att. 8, 9 f.; biduo me antecessit, Brut. ad Cie. fam. 11, 13, 2; equites qui agmen antecessissent, Caes. b. g. 4, 10; add 7, 12; 2. of time, precede, aetate paulum hui' antecedens, Cie. Brut. 82; causis antecedentibus, fat. 23; antecedens annus, Plin. 13, 59; 3. met. take precedence of, surpass, Virtute regi Agathocli\*

antecefferis, Pl. Ps. 1, 5, 118; Nemo antecedit filio\* credo meo, 1, 5, 3; ubi ambulationem virtutis\* videns antecedere, Titin. ap. Non. 499; quantum natura hominis pendebis\* reliquisque beluis antecedit, Cic. off. 1, 105; duritiam lapidis, Plin. 36, 181; ps. Nep. w. ace. as: cum, Aleib. 9, 3; hos, 11, 4; se, Thras. 4, 3; ceteros, reg. 2, 1; 4. as pass. pers., Anon. Grat. 3; 5. older construction w. dat. see 7.

**antē-cessio**, frē, vb. overlap, in use only met. surpass, excel; w. dat. ceteris, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 10; 2, 4, 118; ap. Prisc. 1, 527, 13 K; sensibus bestiarum, N. D. 2, 145 etc.; 2. w. ace. omnis, Plin. 8, 174; omnes fortuna, Tac. an. 14, 55; stipendiū, h. 2, 3; victoriae gloriam, Val. M. 3, 8, 1; 3. as pass. pers., (inferiores) his rebus antecelluntur, Cornif. ad Her. 2, 48.

**antē-cessio**, omis, f. going before, precedence, Cic. Tim. 10; off. 1, 11; top. 53.

**antē-cessians**, adj. antecedent, Tert. virg. vel. 4.

**antē-cessor**, aris, m. one who precedes, as soldiers sent in advance, Suet. Vit. 17; bell. Afr. 12; 2. a predecessor in an office, edictum quod ab antecessore datum est, Paul. dig. 5, 1, 55; a praesidis, Ulp. 27, 9; Apul. flor. 1, 9, p. 39 Hild.; and 15 f.; 3. a teacher of law, C. Just. 1, 17, 1, 3; 1, 17, 2, 9; 4. of the Holy Ghost, Tert. virg. vel. 1 f.; of the Apostles, Marc. 1, 20; 5, 3.

**antē-cessus**, us, m. only in phrase in antecessum, in advance, accipere. Sen. ep. 7, 10; dare, 118, 1; ben. 4, 32, 4; sanguine senatus sibi parentalant, Flor. 2, 9, (3, 21), 20. **antē-coenium**, i, n. [coena for cena] a snack before dinner, Isid. or. 20, 2, 12; met. Apul. M. 2, 15 f.

**antē-cresco**, frē, vb. increase by something prefixed, verba quae in praeteritis antecrescunt, in primis syllabis breviantur ut pendeo pependi, Serv. de final. p. 1811 P; 451, 6 K.

**antē-curro**, frē, vb. run before, (Veneris stella solem) antecurrens lucifer appellatur, Vitr. 9, 4, 7.

**antē-cursor**, aris, m. one who runs before, hence of soldiers sent in advance, Caes. b. g. 5, 47, 1; b. c. 1, 16, 3; 3, 36, 8; 2. gen. precursor, Tert. monogam. 8; adv. Marc. 4, 33.

**antē-co**, (old anted-co), frē, ini or ii, vb. go before, precede, antebat lictores cum fascibus, Cic. agr. 2, 93; antebat cursibus aurorae, Verg. 12, 84; Te semper antebat saeva Necessitas, Hor. od. 1, 35, 17; antebat primores civitatis, Liv. 1, 59, 6; equo, pedibus, Suet. Caes. 57; 2. of time, get the start of, anticipate, Id. te oro ut ante eam (so Umpl.), dum tempus datur, Tert. Andr. 3, 3, 24; semper nos aetatem meam honoribus uestris antebat, ego uestros honores rebus gerendis praecessi, Liv. 38, 51, 11; 3. met. get ahead of, outstrip, incendium antebat remedia velocitate mali, Tac. an. 15, 38; antebat periculum, 5, 6 (6, 1); 4. esp. in the sense take precedence of, surpass, excel, Solus ego omnibus\* antebat, Pl. Pers. 5, 2; Campanus genus Multo Sororum iam antebat patientia, Trin. 2, 4, 145; omnis, stultitia, Bac. 5, 1, 3; omnis homines cruciabilitatis, Cist. 2, 1, 3; inviditis Munditiam, Pl. Cas. 2, 3, 9; erum ante eor (so Umpl.) sapientia, Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 17; cum aetate illos antebat sapientia omnes, (al. illis\*) omnibus, Cic. Phil. 9, 1; ceteris\* virtute, off. 2, 37; ceteros, Tac. h. 4, 13, 1; multis\*, Gell. 10, 9, 8; 5. w. inf. ferreum e corpore cantu...Antebat cunctos, Sil. 5, 355; 6. as pass. pers., se alus te antebat, Cic. Sul. 23; ut ab aliis antebat, Tac. h. 2, 101; 7. neque Selanus antebat auctoritati\* parentis antebat, go ahead of, assert superiority over, Tac. an. 5, 3; quid vellet etasitum Anster antebat, anticipated, Sil. 13, 450; 8. constr. w. dat. marked\*; w. ace. unmarked; 9. the e of ante forms no syllable, see + above; add Lucr. 4, 139; Ov. a. 2, 726; Hor. ep. 1, 2, 70; hence written diuini, or w. e omitted, or w. ei as diphthong.

**antē-factus**, better diminis, Cic. Deiot. 37; Liv. 37, 53, 5; Vitr. 9, 7 (6), 2; Gell. 17, 7, 3. **antē-firo**, frē, tali, fatus, vb. carry before, ut uicturum gentium uocabula anteferebantur, Tac. an. 1, 8; xx imagines antelatae sunt, 3, 76; but in Verg. 6, 677; ante tulit (diuini); 2. met. place before, prefer, Tibuli fortunam omnium triumphis, Cic. fam. 1, 9, 7; uoluntatem tuam

commodo meo, 5, 20, 1; ut nemo ei se honore anteferet, Sul. 80; add ps. Nep. Them. 1, 1; Ages. 4, 6.

**antē-figo**, frē, xus, vb. fix in front, only in perf. part., trunci antefixa antefixa ora, Tac. an. 1, 61; antefixi foraminis (dub.), Vitr. 10, 15 (10), 4; 2. antefixa as sb. n. pl. ornaments in front of a temple, antefixa scutilla deorum, Liv. 34, 4, 4; add 26, 23, 4.

**antē-gēnātis**, adj. [ante geniti] of preceding generations, experimentum, Plin. 7, 190 f.

**antē-grādātis**, onis, f. marching forward, stellarum, Cassiod. astr. 7; Isid. 3, 67.

**antē-grādus**, adj. marching forward, not. Tir. p. 155.

**antē-grēdior**, di, essus, vb. r. march forward, precede, solem, Cic. N. D. 2, 53; praecursoribus iam antegressis, Amm. 16, 12, 8; 2. of time, precede, cum antegressa sint. fat. 45; dir. 25.

**antē-habeo**, frē, vb. regard as preferable, prefer, diuulgata uerba, Tac. an. 4, 11 f.

**antē-hac**, (perh. always dissyll.) adv. [see ante] before this, before, Nam hic quidem omnem imaginem meam, quae antehac fuerat, possidet, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 302; and in 15 other passages; Qui antehac inuicti fuerunt, patet optime Olympia, Hos iucit, Eun. an. 108 V; add 209; iniqui patris est, nam quod antehac fecit, nihil ad me attinet, Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 16; add 2, 1, 3; Haut. 2, 3, 29; Ad. 1, 2, 6; 2, 2, 42; add Turpil. 21, and 167 R; uideo non ut antehac putabam nonitae esse inuicem meae, Cic. fam. 1, 7, 8; antehac quidem sperare saltem licebat, nunc etiam id exceptum est, 12, 23; 3. saepe antehac diem prodiderat, Sal. Cat. 25, 4; Antehac nefas depromere Caeciliam, Hor. od. 1, 37, 5; ut antehac flagitii, ita tunc legibus laboratur, Tac. an. 3, 25.

**anteia**, older form of antia, perh. a compar. for antein (cf. πῆρ aft. πῆρ, for πῆρ, i.e. πορ-ω) from a simple an w. t ext.

**anteia-ea**, ad, s. antidea.

**antella**, ae, adj. f. dim, as sb. [for antēcula, implying an alj. f. antera, cf. postella, crupper strap of same, for postella] a fore- or collar strap of a saddle, Isid. 20, 16, 4; cf. postella.

**antē-lōg-ium**, ii, n. a preface, Pl. Men. pr. 13; Anson. ep. 16; Symm. ep. 1, 77 (dub.); 8, 23; 2. the right of speaking first, Macr. s. 1, 24, 21; 7, 4, 2.

**antē-lūc-ānus**, adj. before day-light, Cic. Tusc. 4, 44; fum. 15, 4, 8; Cat. 2, 22; Colum. 11, 2, 12 and 55.

**antē-lūc-ālo**, ad, before day-light, Apul. M. 11, 9, 15.

**antē-lūc-ūlo**, ad, the same, Apul. M. 1, 14.

**antē-lūd-ium**, ii, n. a prelude, Apul. M. 11, 8.

**antē-mēridi-lis**, adj. before noon, horae, Mart. Cap. 6, p. 195 G, 203, 2 Eyss.

**antē-mēridi-nus**, adj. before noon, Cic. Att. 13, 23, 1; or, 3, 22 and 121.

**antē-mēridiē**, adv. before noon, not. Tir. 74.

**antē-mitto**, frē, si, ssus, vb. send in a lance, (elephant) flumen transiuit minimus antemitmittit, Sol. 25, 5; but not Caes. b. g. 1, 21, 3; b. c. 1, 51, 4; 2. ante missae arbores, trees left in front as marks of boundary, Front. 5, 8; 13, 5; 41, 12; Hyg. 15, 9; Sic. Fl. 38, 19, ed. Laelium.

1. **Antemna**, ae, f. a town of the Sabines, Antemna uerior est quam Roma, Cato orig. ap. Prisc. 1, 264, 18 K; Antemnaeque priore Rustumio prior, Sil. 8, 367; 2. gen. Antemnae, arum pl. l. Antemnae, quod ante quia Anio (so Laelium, cf.; mss quanto) inluit in Tiberim, Varr. 1, 5, 5; add Paul. ex F. 17 v. amneses; Ardea, — et turrisque Antemnae, Verg. 7, 631; Antemnae, Plin. 3, 68 (so ms l.).

2. **antemna**, (less correctly antemna\*) ae, f. [? sail-yard, yard-arm, yard, procellae...frangere malum, Ruere antemnas (so BC), scindere uela, Pl. Tr. 4, 1, 18; fuses qui antemnas ad malos destinabant... quibus abscessis antemnae concidebant, Caes. b. g. 3, 14, 6; Antemnaeque gemant, Hor. od. 1, 14, 6; Cornu...antennarum, Verg. 3, 549; Effugit hibernas demissa antemna procellas, Ov. tr. 3, 4, 9; antennae\* linteae summae, Luc. 9, 328; antemna, Val. Fl. 1, 623; Iulian. dig. 14, 2, 6; Alfeu. 21, 2, 44; but antemnae\*, Clar. 33, 7; 2. Antemnae, a city, see Antenna 1.

**Antemnas**, ātis, ad. of Antennae, Liv. 1, 9, 8; 1, 10, 2. **ante-moenio**? founded on a bad cf. in Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 66, wh. read w. Kiessling: Anteuclū aliqua atque aliquo (saltu) circumduce exercitum.

**antē-mūrāle**, is, ad. n. as sb. an outwork, Hier. Hom. 2; Vulg. Thren. 2, 8.

**antē-mūr-ānus**, adj. before the walls, uallum, Amm. 21, 12, 13.

**antē-occūpātio**, ōnis, f. anticipatio, Cic. or. 3, 205; quoted by Quint. 9, 1, 31; cf. 9, 2, 16.

**antē-paenultimū**, adj. antepenultimate, Diom. 431, 13 K; Prisc. 1, 106, 3.

**antē-pag-mentum**, (anti-p.) i. n. [ante or anta + pango] jamb or side-post of a door, parietes ex latere antepag-menta quae opus erunt indito, Cato r. 14, 4; facito antepag-menta abiecta lata s. crassa E. CIL 577, 2, 4; ostiorum et eorum antepagmentorū in aedibus hae sunt rationes, Vitr. 4, 6, 1; add §§ 2-6; antepagmenta ual-narum ornamenta quae antis appinguntur, id est affiguntur, Paul. ex F. 8.

**antē-partus**, better written diuini, Pl. Trin. 3, 2, 17; Truc. 1, 1, 42; Naev. ap. Char. 213, 2 K.

**antē-passio**, ōnis, f. = perturbationis initium, προπαθεια, Hier. ep. 79.

**antē-pēdēs**, adj. as sb. m. the fore feet, nestigia antepedum, Cic. arat. 452; 2. friends who precede a great man, regii, Cass. Var. cur. Pal. 7, 5; circumpedes sunt obsequia seruorum, antepedes amicorum, Agrost. 2274, 32 P; cf. togati ante pedes, Iuv. 7, 143; = antambulones of Mart.

**antē-pendūlus**, adj. hanging in front, crines, Apul. M. 2, 23; § 22.

**antē-planius**, adj. stationed before the plani, i.e. the triarii, hoc xxx manipulorum agmen (i.e. the hastati and principes) antepilanos appellabant, Liv. 5, 8, 7; rostrii procurabant inter antepilanos addiderantque uires hastatis ac principibus, 8, 9, 14; 2. in late times of the light troops in front of the legions, antepilani hastatisque uelut muro fundatis, Amm. 16, 12, 20; add 25, 1, 46.

**antē-polleo**, ēre, vb. out-weigh, hence met. surpass, (Hypata) cunctae Thessaliae antepollet, Apul. M. 1, 5; toto uertice antepollebat, 7, 5.

**antē-pōno**, ēre, sui, situs, vb. place before, serve up before, Bonum antepōnam prandium pransoribus, Pl. Men. 2, 2, 2; Me inferre Veneri uos iam ientaculum. Quid antepones (Quid? ante ponas) Veneri (iam) ientaculo? Me, te atque hosce omnes—note the pun—Pl. Curc. 1, 1, 73; Sceleratorem cenam... Quam quae Thyestaest anteposita et Tereo, Rud. 2, 6, 25; 2. gen. place before, non antepositis uigiliis, Tac. an. 1, 50; add 12, 56; 15, 32; 3. met. place in value before, prefer, Quo deteriores antepōnantur bonis, Pl. Poen. pr. 39; amicitiam omnibus rebus humanis, Cic. am. 17; te uicinis tuis, Q. fr. 1, 2, 7; has occupationes Britanniae, Caes. b. g. 4, 22, 2; 4. ante posta (diuini), Ter. Maur. 217 Lachm.

**antē-pōtens**, ntis, adj. powerful beyond others, Pl. Trin. 5, 1, 1.

**antē-precursor**, ōris, m. precursor, Ter. Bap. 6.

**antē-quam**, conj. before; of the past, w. ind. of facts, subj. of non-facts, antequam Cartago capta est, CIL 200, 89; ante quam delectata est Atheniensium ciuitas hac laude decendi, multa iam memorabilia effecerat, Cic. Brut. 49; cui vii semper amicus ante quam ille reipublicae est luctus inimicus, Plin. 12, 23; add Att. 2, 7, 2; fam. 10, 3, 2; neque ante dimisit um quam fidem dedidit..., Liv. 39, 10 f.; but: qui antequam de meo altitudo audire potuissent, in Macedonia perrexi, Cic. Planc. 98; 2. of the fut. both ind. and subj., as first ind., the fut. regarded as certain, (iudices praetor ante quam ibunt) sc. in consilium) facit(ō) iurent..., CIL 198, 44; 3. esp. if a neg. precede, neque defatigabor ante quam illorum uias percipere, Cic. or. 3, 145; 4. also w. subj., aedilicis diebus ne minus x antequam locet propositum habeto quo die locaturus, CIL 206, 34; a. de incommuni Siciliae dicam, pauca mihi uidentur de provinciae dignitate dicenda, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 2; a. de re publica dicam..., exponam uobis con-

silium profectiois meae, Phil. 1, 1, 5; 5. the ind. seems strange in: dabo operam ut istuc ueniam ante quam plane ex animo tuo effluo, Cic. fam. 7, 14, 1; Sed mihi uel tellus optem prius ima dehiscat... Ante, Pador quam te uiolo aut tua iura resoluo, Verg. 4, 27; 6. often written as two words as \*, but in authors this depends on ead., often parted by a word as †; 7. see ante § 12.

**antē-rior**, ōis, n. a small prop, dub. ap. Vitr. 10, 11 (17), 9.

**antē-rior**, ōis, adj. front, ehlamydis pars, Amm. 16, 8, 8; add 25, 3, 2; Prisc. 1, 85, 13 K; 2. of time, anterior, litterae tuae, Symm. ep. 6, 59; Prud. Symm. 2, 96;

3. anterior adf. first of the two, Sidon. ep. 2, 9.

**antēris**, idis, f. a prop or bulwark, in archit., anterides sine crismae, Vitr. 6, 11, 6.

**antes**, ium, m. pl. rank or row, as of soldiers, pedites quattuor agminibus, equites duobus antibus, Cato ap. Philarg. ad Verg. G. 2, 417; 2. of vines etc., Verg. G. 2, 417; Colum. 10, 376; antes extremi ordines uinearum, Paul. ex F. 16; antes σταχυ ἀμπελων, Gloss.; antium ταφεν, Gloss.

**antē-schōlā-rius**, adj. as sb. m. a school-master (?), Petr. 81 (al. antescholanus); pontificibus ante ante scolaris, inser. Or. 1175, 9.

**antē-signā-nus**, adj. m. as sb. one of the soldiers in the front line (principes) before the standards (signa), and so a picked soldier, or grenadier, pro antesignanis (equites) parmas obiciunt, Liv. 2, 20, 10; reuectus ad antesignanos legionum, 7, 33, 9; eadunt antesignani, et ne nudetur propugnatoribus signa, fit..., 9, 39, 7; nou illa (pugna) per principes hastatosque ac triarios, nec ut pro signis antesignani, post signa alia pugnet acies, 22, 5, 7; 2. fueras in acie Pharsalica a., Cic. Phil. 2, 71; electos ex omnibus legionibus fortissimos uires, antesignanos, centuriones, Caes. b. c. 1, 57, 1; 3. met. Apul. M. 4, 11; 4. of doubtful meaning in Veg. mil. 2, 7.

**antesto**, see antisto.

**antestor**, āri, vb. r. [either for ante-testor, or better fm an = ad. see ad] call upon (a third person) to be a witness, before arresting, by touching his ear, si in ius uocat, ito. Ni it, antesta(mino): igitur em capito, XI tab. ap. Porphyrr.; ad Hor. s. 1, 9, 76; quid me in ius uocas? ... Nonne antestaris? Tūan ego causa carufex Quoiquam mortali libero aris atteram? Pl. Pers. 4, 9, 10; add Poen. 5, 4, 59 and 60; Curc. 5, 2, 23 and 25; licet antestari? ego uero Oppono auriculum, Iapit in ius, Hor. s. 1, 9, 76; est in aure ima memoriae locus quem tangentes antestamur, Plin. 11, 251;

2. as pass., impubes non potest antestari, Aelius (or Lilius Drusus) ap. Prisc. 1, 32, 2 K; add 1, 379, 6;

3. beyond legal sphere, call as a witness, appeal to, te, Magne antestaretur, Cic. Mil. 68.

**antē-uēnio**, ire, uēni, nentum, vb. come or go before, get ahead of, Anteuclū aliqua atque aliquo salta circumduce exercitum, Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 66; per tramites occultos exercitum Metelli anteuclū, Sal. Iug. 48, 2; add 56, 2; 2. met. get ahead of, outstrip, surpass, Omnibus\* rebus ego credo amorem nitidus anteuclū, Pl. Cas. 2, 3, 1; per uirtutem nobilitatem, Sal. Iug. 4, 7; plerosque (et consilio et manu), 96, 3; beneficia... lacta sunt dum uidentur exsolui posse, ubi anteuclū, per gratia odium redditur, Tac. an. 4, 18 f.; 3. get the start of, anticipate, Tempera huc\* hodie anteuclū, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 66; 4. as pass. imp., Cato ap. Non. 37, 17; 5. old constr. w. dat. marked \*.

**antēuēnt-ūlus**, adj. [t. ex cr.] coming before, covering the front, comae anteuēntulae contegebant faciem, Apul. M. 9, 30; crines, flor. 1, 3.

**antēuersio**, ōnis f. getting the start, anticipation, Ammian. 21, 5, 13.

**antē-uerto**, (older -uorto), ēre, uerti, nersus (uorsus); as vb. trans. it. turn first the two—hence met. give precedence to (ouer), Rebus aliis anteuertam (A anteuertam), Bacchis, quae mandas mihi, Pl. Bac. 4, 1, 1 (v. 526); omnibus consiliis (dat.) anteuertendum existimauit ut Narbonem proficisceretur, Caes. b. g. 7, 7, 3; tum otium aliorum negotiis, Pocat. pan. Theod. 9; 2. as vb. intr. get ahead



of, pass, miror ubi ego huius\* antenerterim (so not -uort-, A 1 m. and Arus. p. 216). Ter. Eun. 4, 5, 12; stella Mercurii tum antenerens tum subsequens, Cic. N. D. 2, 53; 3. met. Pol. maerore mibi anteuortunt gaudis\* (dat.), Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 60; 4. get the start of, anticipate, uidit necesse esse Miloni proficisci illo quo est profectus die; itaque anteuertit, Cic. Mil. 45; but in Tac. an. 13, 30 anteit; 5. note dat. in old writers\*.

**anté-ulo**, áre (meo vb.), go before, Venant. 4, 26 m.  
**anté-uolo**, áre, vb. fly before, agmen, Sil. 12, 600; Zephyros, Claud. phoen. 21; in Verg. 9, 47; 12, 455 diuisim.

**Anteuorta**, ae, f. Anticipation, as a goddess, Maer. s. 1, 7, 20; cf. Ov. F. 1, 633; Gell. 16, 16, 4.

**anté-urb-ánus**, adj. before the city, suburban, Paul. ex F. 8.

**anti-ézeugménon**, i, a grammatical term, see Mart. Cap. 5, p. 176 G, 180 l. 16 Eyss.

**anthalum**, ii, n. dim. an Egyptian plant, Plin. 21, 88 and 175.

**anthédon**, iuis, f. a kind of medlar, Plin. 15, 84.

**anthémèrum**, adj. n. as sb. some eye-salve, cachet, ap. Tochon. p. 71.

**anthémis**, idis, f. chamomile-plant, Plin. 21, 99 and 103; 22, 53 and 54; 26, 87.

**anthéra**, adj. f. as sb. a form of medicine, flower (of—), Plin. 24, 69; in Gr., Cels. 6, 11, p. 249, 4 Dar.; 6, 15.

**anthéricos**, adj. m. as sb. stalk of the asphodel, Plin. 21, 109; 22, 67.

**anthias**, ae, m. a kind of fish, Ov. hal. 46; Plin. 9, 182; 32, 13.

**anthinos**, adj. of flowers, mel (spring honey), Plin. 11, 34.

**anthrac-inus**, adj. of coal, black; anthracina as sb. f. a mourning dress, Varr. ap. Non. 550, 6.

**anthracites**, ae, m. a kind of stone, Plin. 36, 148.

**anthracitis**, idis, adj. f. as sb. a gem, bloodstone, Plin. 37, 99 and 189; Solin. 37, 24 (not anthracias).

**anthriscum**, i, n. dim. a plant, southern chervil, scandix australis Linn., Plin. 21, 89; 22, 81.

**anthrōpō-latra**, ae, m. (man-worshipper) a nickname for Unitarians, cod. Iust. 1, 1, 5 and 6.

**anthrōpō-morphita**, ae, m. (assigning a human form), the same, Aug. haeres.

**anthrōpō-phágus**, adj. as sb. m. man-eater, cannibal, Plin. 4, 88; 6, 195.

**anthus**, i, m. a bird, yellow wagtail? Plin. 10, 116 and 205.

**anti-ápō-phóra**, ae, f. anticipation of an objection, Sen. controu. 1, 7; in Gr., Quint. 9, 2, 106; 9, 3, 87.

**anthyllion**, see anthyllum.

**anthyllis**, idis, f. a plant, Plin. 26, 84 and 160.

**anthyllum** (ion) or -illum, a plant, Plin. 21, 175; 26, 84.

**antiae**, adj. f. pl. as sb. [ante or avr] front- or side-curtis, Apul. flor. 1, 3; antiae cinctim dependentes prope auricularis, Isid. orig. 19, 31; cf. Paul. ex F. 17; antiae προκομων, Gloss.

**Antianus**, adj. of Antium, Hercules, Cic. ap. Non. 284, 2; as sb. m. (sc. ager) the territory of Antium, Plin. 3, 81.

**Antias**, átis, adj. of Antium, res, Liv. 6, 9, 3; ager, S. 12, 3; 2. as sb. inhabitant of A. 8, 12, 2; S. 14, 8; Fortunius Antiatibus, inscr. Or. 1738.

**Antiat-icus**, adj. as sb. m. (conqueror) of the Antiates, P. Maenius Ant., on a coin, Eckh. 5, 240.

**Antiat-inus**, adj. of the Antiates, a title of Fortuna, Suet. Cal. 57; of Ceres, in sacrario Cereis Antiatinae, inscr. Or. 1494.

**antibacchius**, adj. of antibacchi (---), uersus, ut: Mariti beati paremus nepotes, Diom. 513, 25 K; (pes) ut barbatus, Iulian. ex. 323, 34 K; = palimbacchius, Gledon. 30, 29 K; see

**antibacchus**, m. a foot, either --- or acc. to others ---, Ter. Maur. 1410-14; --- in Anson. ep. 4, 93; Vt claudat Choriambon Antibacchus (speaking of end of Sapphic, as: (lam satis ter)ris nūis átq' uē dirae).

**antibásis**, is, f. part of a ballista, opp. to the basis, Vitr. 10, 17, 9.

**anti-bóreum**, adj. n. as sb. a sort of sun-dial, Vitr. 9, 9, 1.

**anti-cásgória**, ae, f. a counter-accusation, recrimination, Aug. c. Crescon. 26 and 74; in Gr. Quint. 3, 10, 4; 7, 2, 9.

**anti-cáto**, ónis, m. a work of Caesar in reply to a panegyric on Cato, Iuv. 6, 337; Quint. 1, 5, 68; Gell. 4, 16, 8.

**Antichristus**, m. Antichrist, Eccl.

**anti-chthón-es**, m. pl. the Antipodes, Plin. 6, 81; Mela 1, 1.

**anticipatio**, ónis, f. preconception, προλήψις or antecepta animo rei quaedam informatio, Cic. N. D. 2, 43; add § 44; 2. of a first attempt at walking, Arnob. 3; 3. anticipation of an objection, Iul. Rufin.

**anticipo**, áre, vb. [impl. a noun anti-ceps fm ante + capio] play the part of an anticips (so to say), anticipate matters; as vb. intr. Anticipate atque addite calcare, Varr. ap. Non. 70, 12; sol. Anticipat, caelum radiis accendere temptans, Lucr. 5, 659; add Plin. 2, 122; 2. vb. trans. anticipate, molestiam, Cic. Att. 8, 13, 2; mortem, Suet. Tib. 61; uiam, Stat. Tib. 6, 442; 3. hence in pass. quod sit informatum anticipatumque (que om. mss), Cic. N. D. 1, 76; add Ov. M. 3, 234; Suet. Claud. 21.

**anticus**, adj. [ante; cf. posticus] before, fore, in front, quae ante nos sunt antica quae post nos postica, Paul. ex F. p. 220; pass. in Cic. Tim. 10 corrupt; 2. in augural and gramatic lang., southern (as augur faces the south), templi partes quattuor...antia ad meridiem, postica ad septentrionem, Varr. l. 7, 2, p. 289 Sp.; add Paul. ex F. p. 220; Serv. ad B. 9, 15; for agrimensores, Front. 28, 3; Hyg. 166, 17; lib. cod. 249, 6; lib. Dolab. 303, 23 ed. Lachm.; antia μεσημβρια, Gloss.; see antiquus.

**anti-dactylus**, m. the opposite to a dactyl, an anapaest, Mar. Vict. p. 2488 P.

**antid**, older form of ante, standing for antin, a comp. of an, old form of ad, with t excrecent, cf. postid. Hence

**antid-ea**, (cf. antid-hac and postid-ea) adv. = ante, before, sooner, si antidea senatus populusque inserit fieri ac faxit, eo populus solutus liber esto, Liv. 22, 10, 6; from an old rogatio (wh. Madvig places ac before senatus).

**antid-eo**, see ante-eo.

**antid-hac**, (= ante-hac) adv. before this, hitherto, Quoi in re tali iam subuenisti antid-hac, Pl. Aut. 2, 8, 24; Vnde? Ab homine quem mi amicum esse arbitratus sum antid-hac, Bac. 3, 6, 10; add Cist. 1, 1, 1; Cas. prol. 88; Ps. 1, 1, 14; 2, 2, 26; Epid. 4, 1, 12; Poen. 3, 3, 7; Quid tristiorum uideo te esse quam antid-hac? (miss angit hac), Naev. (?) ap. Non. 187.

**antidotum**, i, n. or antidotus, i, m. (αντι-δοτος) a medicine given by way of precaution, antidota interdum necessaria sunt. Recte dantur collis corporibus, Cels. 5, 23 init.; 2. esp. an antidote to poison, maxime desideranda sunt aduersus uenena, id. ibid.; ille datum ei uenenum dixit, sed se antidotum daturum, Quint. 7, 2, 25; ut ex his antidoti conficiantur, Gal. dig. 18, 1, 35; 2; add Plaedr. 1, 14, 3; Suet. Cal. 29.

**antigero**, (anteg. Quint.) adv. obsol. (?) = naide, Quint. 1, 6, 40; S. 3, 25; Fest. p. 8.

**antlena**, (antel.) ae, f. a strap round a horse's neck to keep the saddle forward, Gloss. Isid.; Gloss. Phil.

**antimetabóli**, és, f. a rhetoric fig. = conmutatio, as: non ut edam uiuó, sed edo ut uiuam, Isid. or. 2, 21; in Gr. Quint. 9, 3, 85.

**antimisiu**, ii, (mensa), παρα Πρωμαίος τραπέζα προ του δικαστηριου, Zonar. lex. p. 193.

**antinómia**, ae, f. conflict of laws, Quint. 7, 7, 1; 7, 10, 2; Th. C. 1, 17, 1, 8.

**antipáthes**, (antipáthēs) adj. as sb. f. (sc. gemma), a jewel-annulet, Plin. 37, 145; as a sb. n. (antipáthēs), Antipathes illud quaeritur, Laev. poet. ap. Apul. mag. 30 fin.

**antipáthia**, (antipátheia) sb. f. antipathy, Plin. 20, 1; 24, 1 etc.

**antipherna**, orum, (φερρη dos) n. pl. return present from bridegroom to bride, Iustin. cod. 5, 3, 20.

**anti-phōna**, ae, f. response, anthem. Isid. or. 6, 19.  
**antiphraſis**, is, f. opposition in words, in some old  
 etym., as: bellum quia non bellum, Char. 276, 14 K;  
 Diom. 462, 13; 2. ironical use of words, in Gr. Quint.  
 8, 6, 57.

**antipōdēs**, um, adj. pl. as sb., the antipodes, Plin. 4,  
 90; Laet. 3, 23; Augustin. C. D. 16, 9; as Gr. Cic. acad. pr.  
 123; 2. met. of those who turn night into day, Sen. ep.  
 122, 2.

**antipōsis**, is, f. use of one case for another, Serv. ad  
 A. 10, 553; 11, 56; Serr. in Donat. 416, 15 K.

**antiquārius**, (antiquus) adj. given to antiquities, anti-  
 quarian, Hier. ad Flor. 5, 1; 2. as sb. Tac. or. 21 and  
 42; Suet. Aug. 86; antiquaria, Liv. 6, 451; 3. esp. one  
 who deals with old mss, as copier etc., Th. C. 14, 9, 2;  
 Anson. ep. 16, 4.

**antiquatio**, ōnis, f. repeal, Th. C. 6, 56, 4.

**antiquū**, see antiquus.

**antiquitās**, ātis, f. olden time, antiquity, the belonging  
 to old times, antiquity, habet, ut in actionibus auctoritatem  
 senectus, sic in exemplis antiquitas, Cic. or. 169; generis  
 antiquitas, Font. 41; propriis (uerbis) dignitatem dat anti-  
 quitas, Quint. 9, 3, 24; 2. state of things in old time,  
 antiquity, olden time, fabulae ab ultima antiquitate re-  
 petit(ae), Cic. fin. 1, 65; nullam memoriam antiquitatis col-  
 legerat, Brut. 214; quid in omni genere laudis ad exemplum  
 antiquitatis expressus, Plin. ep. 5, 14, 3; antiquitatis  
 amator, Nep. Att. 18, 1; 3. esp. the character of men  
 in old time, as so excellent, decemcentum fuit hominum  
 nostris uirtutis, antiquitatis, prudentiae, Cic. Rab. post. 27;  
 has grauiſſimae antiquitatis uiris, Sest. 6; add Planc. 45;  
 4. men of old times, = antiqui, cinnamomum fabulosae  
 narrauit antiquitas, Plin. 12, 85; antiquitas nihil prius  
 mirata est, 19, 49; 5. in the plur. the history of ancient  
 times, ancient history, as Varro's work: xii libris scripsit  
 Antiquitatum, Augustin. C. D. 6, 4; and 7, 35; add Plin.  
 praef. 24; Gell. 5, 13; 11, 1, 12.

**antiquus**, (cf. int-us, fundit-us) adv. lit. from of old,  
 Nervi antiquitus pedestribus ualent copias, Caes. b. g. 2, 17,  
 4; add 6, 4, 2; 6, 11, 4; hi sunt iam inde antiquitus cas-  
 tellani, Liv. 34, 27, 9; uideo enim iam inde antiquitus...,  
 Plin. pan. 82; huiusmodi iam antiquitus immunitas tributa  
 est, Callist. dig. 27, 1, 17, 1; 2. in old times, Belgas  
 Rhenum antiquitus tractatos, Caes. b. g. 2, 4, 1; et credo  
 antiquitus factitatum, Plin. 18, 169; 3. of more recent  
 time, long before, (ordem) ad huiusmodi casus antiquitus  
 paratum, Caes. b. c. 2, 22, 1.

**antiquo**, āre, vb. lit. play the part of an antiquus, hence  
 negative (a proposed bill), legen antiquatius sine tabella,  
 Cic. leg. 3, 38; add off. 2, 73; Liv. 4, 58, 14; 5, 39, 7; ro-  
 gationem, Cic. Att. 1, 13, 3; 1, 14, 5; Liv. 45, 35, 9; plebeis-  
 cium, 22, 30, 4; 2. antiquare est in morem pristinum  
 reducere, Fest. p. 26.

**antiquus**, (antid; cf. posticus and anticus) adj. preced-  
 ing in time, former, causam antiquiorem memoria tua, Cic.  
 Rab. perd. 25; quod antiquior dies in tuis fuisset adscripta  
 litteris quam in Caesaris, Q. fr. 3, 1, 8; triſteſ epistolae accepi-  
 erant antequam tu, in pridie Idus daret, Antiquissima cuique  
 respondebo, Att. 9, 9, 1; est antiquus facere agrum quam  
 colere, Colum. 2, 2, 8; Perinthum Byzantium in antiqui for-  
 mulam iuris restitui, Liv. 32, 33, 7; add 26, 24, 6; 2.  
 of time, long past, former, old, ancient, De decuma uero  
 tibi Lucius Mummio domum Moribus antiquis hoc dare,  
 CIL 542, 1; qui Veneri...more antiquo in custodem suum  
 commiserunt caput, Pl. Rud. 3, 2, 11; add Trin. 2, 2, 17;  
 ciuium...antiqua uirtute ab fide; Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 88; habemus  
 in Stoicis oratoribus Rutilium, Scaurum in antiquis, Cic.  
 Brut. 116; quod antiqui summum bonum esse dixerant,  
 leg. 1, 55; antiquissima familia natum, Caes. b. g. 7, 32, 4;  
 Traditum ab antiquis morem seruare, Hor. s. 1, 4, 117; add  
 2, 2, 89; 3. old, but within one's own time, Timeo ne  
 maleficia antiqua mea sint inuenta omnia, Pl. Truc. 4, 2,  
 61; antiquum hospitium nostrum, Pac. 2, 3, 27; add Ter.  
 Phorm. 1, 2, 17; Antiquum optines hoc tuum, talis ut sis,  
 Pl. Most. 3, 2, 102; pol. Crito, antiquum optines, Ter. Andr.  
 4, 5, 22; add Hee. 5, 4, 20; tua duritia antiqua illa, Haut.

3, 1, 26; et se in antiquas munitiones recepit, Caes. b. c. 3,  
 54, 2; Immemor antiqui uolueris arma caput, Ov. Pont. 1,  
 5, 37; 4. older in age, old, aged, forma tum uertitur  
 oris Antiquum in Buten, Verg. 9, 647; inter duumviris  
 antiquissimis quisque prior, Ulp. dig. 50, 3, 1; 5. of  
 olden celebrity, ex illo religiosissimo atque antiquissimo  
 loco, Cic. Ver. 4, 99; Terra antiqua, potens armis, Verg. 1,  
 535, 3; 164; 6. taking precedence in estimation, more  
 important, preferable, ne dubitatis quia quod honestius, id  
 mihi futurum sit antiquius, Cic. Att. 7, 3, 2; antiquiorem  
 sibi fuisse laudem quam regnum, div. 2, 58; add Phil. 13,  
 6; Liv. 3, 10, 2; 7, 31, 1; iudiciorum causam antiquissi-  
 mam se habiturum, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 1, 3; annalis apparatus ei  
 antiquissima cura fuit, Att. 10, 8, 4; add Liv. 1, 32, 2;  
 11 7. antique, adv. in ancient fashion, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 66;  
 comp. Tac. G. 5; sup. Sol. 11, 16.

**antiscil**, ōrum, adj. pl. throwing the shade the opposite  
 way, as those on the equator with the sun to the north,  
 Ammian. 22, 15, 31.

**anti-sigma**, ātis, n. a character OC proposed by  
 Claudius for ps = ψ, Prisc. 1, 42, p. 33, l. 4 K; 2. a cha-  
 racter O to denote transposition, Isid. or. 1, 20; 3.  
 O to denote a doubt as to preference between two readings,  
 Isid. ib.

**anti-sōphistes**, ae, m. an opponent in the schools,  
 Quint. 11, 3, 126; Suet. Tib. 11; and Gr. ib. 9.

**antispasticus**, adv. of the feet called antispast, metrum,  
 Diom. 505, 12 K; Prisc. 2, 459, 10 K; Serv. 463, 16 K.

**antispasticus**, ad, as sb. m. (se. pes) a metrical foot  
 ---, as Alexander, Diom. Serv. as above.

**antistatūs**, ūs, m. (antisto) superiority in rank, Tert.  
 adu. Valent. 13.

**antistes**, itis, adj. as sb. m. and f. (cf. superstes itis,  
 stat = an old doric form of sta-, cf. E. stand, and so too  
 divide stat-ns, *cre-ſtat-ns*, *apo-ſtat-ns* etc.) one who presides  
 over, esp. a high-priest, decurion immortalium, Cic. dom. 2;  
 caeremoniarum et sacerorum, 104; assidue 3; templi  
 antistes, Liv. 1, 20, 3; Iouis, ps. Nep. Lys. 3, 3; sacerorum,  
 Liv. 2, 113; perita\* antistes, Val. M. 1, 1, 1; 2. hence  
 as title of a bishop, Iustin. Cod. 1, 3, 18 etc.; 3. a fore-  
 man or -woman, neque Enim singulis (uindictoribus)  
 totidem antistes dare potest, Colum. 3, 21, 6; antistes\*  
 latrinarum, Tert. pall. 4 ad fin.; 4. met. high-priest,  
 eius artis (dicendi), Cic. or. 2, 202; doctorum uirorum, Ov.  
 tr. 3, 14, 1; ceterarum artium, Colum. 11, 1, 10; Platoni  
 sapientiae antistiti, Plin. 7, 110; iuris, Quint. 11, 1, 69; see

**antistit-a**, (cf. hospita by the side of hospes) ae, f.  
 one who presides, esp. a high-priestess, Veneri Veneri-  
 aequae antistitae, Pl. Rud. 3, 2, 10; add Att. 167 R; illius  
 fani, Cic. Ver. 2, 4, 99; Phoebi, Ov. Met. 13, 410; add  
 Varro, Pollio etc. ap. Charis. p. 100, l. 23 K; Silvano sacr.  
 Aetne...antistita somno monita d., Inscr. Or. 2200.

**antistit-ium**, ū, n., dignity of an antistes, M. Cap. 2  
 p. 34 Gr. p. 39 Eys.; 8 p. 302 G. p. 333, 21 E.

**Antistius**, (old Antestius), name of a plebeian gens, An-  
 testia CIL 79; L. Antestinus Gragulus 307; Vetus Anti-  
 stius, Cic. fr. 2, 1, 3; add Plin. 33, 32; C. Antistium Regi-  
 num, Caes. b. g. 6, 1, 1; eum coniuge Antistia, Tac. an. 14,  
 22.

**antisto**, (antesto \*), -stare, -stēti, vb. stand before, take  
 precedence of, surpass, brassica omnibus oleribus antistat,  
 Cato r. r. 156, 1; nirtute ceteris antistabat, Claud. Q. ap.  
 Gell. 9, 13; Hereclis antistare autem si facta putabis,  
 Lucr. 5, 22; Crotoniatiae omnibus corporum uiribus antes-  
 teterunt\* Cic. inv. 2, 1, 2; omnibus e meis amies Anti-  
 stas, Catul. 9, 2; eloquentia antistat innocentiae, ps. Nep.  
 Arist. 1; sol lumine ceteris astris antistat, Apul. Ascl. 29;

2. w. acc. uniuersi me unum antistatis, Q. Met. Na-  
 mida ap. Gell. 12, 9, 4; Scandianua magnitudine alias  
 antestat\*, Mcl. 3, 6; robore ceteros antistabat, Apul. M.  
 4, 8, but see Hildebrand's note.

**antistrophēn**, i, adj. n. as sb., an argument that may  
 be turned against one, Gell. 5, 11, 1.

**antistrophē**, es, f., antistrophēn\*, i, n. a return-dance  
 with verses answering to the strophe, reuersionem sinistrom-  
 sum factum...antistrophon\* applabant, Mar. Victor. p. 58,

11 K; add p. 59, 10; in hymnis deorum per stropham et antistropham metra canoris uersibus adhibebantur, Macr. s. 8 c. 2, 3, 5.

**anithesis**, is, f. a substitution, as of one letter for another, as impeto for impetu, Charis. 279, 16 K; Dion. 442, 28.

**anithēta**, orum, adj. n. pl. as sb. antithetical words or phrases, criminis rasis Librat in antithetis, Pers. 1, 85; Sallustium antithetis honeste compositis usum; alii appetens sui profusus, Fronto ad Ant. 2, 6, p. 107 Naber; cf. Cic. or. 166; = contraposita, Quint. 9, 3, 81 and 102.

**antiethōs**, i, adj. m. as sb. a false representative of a god, Arnob. 4, 12; 2. the devil, Lact. 2, 9.

**Antium**, ii, n. a const. town of Latium, a Roman colony, now Anzio, Liv. 1, 35, 6; 3, 1, 5; Hor. od. 1, 35, 1.

**Antius**, name of a Roman gens, C. Anti(us) CIL 593; Antia CIL 834; Antius Restio, Macr. s. 3, 17, 13; 2. lex Antia, a sumptuary law passed by him, id. ib.; Gell. 2, 24, 13.

**antizeugmenon**, see antezugmenon.

**antlia**, ae, f. a treadmill for pumping water, Curia laboratas antlia tollit aquas, Mart. 9, 18, 4; in antliam condemnato, Suet. Tib. 51.

**Antōnīnus**, adj. of Antonius; latrocinium, Cic. fam. 12, 25, 6; diendi ratio, Verr. 2, 5, 32; partes, Vell. 2, 74, 3; Sen. ben. 2, 25, 1; orationes, Gell. 7, 11 etc.—Cicero's Philippics.

**Antōniaster**, tri, m. (cf. parasitaster, surdaster) m. dim. a little Antony, Cic. ap. Prisc. 1, 113, 23 K; add 101, 22.

**Antōniniānus**, adj. of Antoninus, paenulae, Lamp. Ant. diad. 2, 8; edictum, 2, 9; pueros, 2, 10; plateas, Hel. 23, 6; sodales, Capitol. Ant. Pl. 13, 4.

**Antōniniās**, ādos, adj. f. as sb. a poem on the Antonini, Capit. Gord. 3, 3.

**Antōninus**, adj. or sb. a name depicting adoption from the gens Antonia, Capitol. Lamp. Ael. Sp.

**Antōnius**, name of a patrician and plebeian gens, C. Antonius M. f. CIL 204; T. Antonius Merenda, Liv. 3, 35, 11; Antonius gener, Tac. an. 13, 23; 2. as adj. Antonias leges fregisti, Cic. fam. 12, 14, 6.

**antōnōmāsia**, ae, f. an epithet in place of a proper name, Quint. 8, 6, 29 and 43; = pronomination of Cornif. ad Her. 4, 42.

**antōnōmāsius**, adj. of an epithet for a name, Tritonia antononiasium est Mineruae, Serv. ad A. 2, 171; and 5, 703.

**antōnōmasticē**, adv. by the fig. antononasia, gramm. ap. Senn. cat. bibl. Bern. p. 551.

**Antracius**, name of a gens, C. Antracius C. f., CIL 565.

**antras**, v. anerae.

**antrūre**, gratias referre, Fest. s. v.

**antrum**, i, n. a cave, grotto, cavern, Verg. B. 1, 76 etc.; Hor. od. 1, 5, 3 etc.; Ov. M. 1, 121 etc.; Macr. s. Sc. 1, 12, 3; 2. of a hollowed tree, Verg. G. 4, 44; 3. met. of a sedan, Iuv. 4, 21; 4. in late prose, any hollow, palati, Sid. ep. 9, 13; narium, 1, 2; pectoris, Prud. psych. 6 and 774.

**antrus**, or anetrus, part. of angō, antios (so ass by error) excruciatos, Fest.; antos ἀνγκασθέντας, Gloss.; aneti ἀνχομενοι, Gloss.

**ānucella**, ae, doub. dim. of anu-, ab annu anucella, Schol. Vet.

**ānūlaris**, e, (annulus) adj. of rings; hence annulare as sb. n. a white paint of chalk and glass rings, Plin. 35, 48.

**ānūlārius**, adj. of rings, creta (see above), Plin. 35, 46 and Vitr. 7, 14, 2; 2. as sb. m. a maker of rings, Cic. acad. pr. 86; inscr. Or. 4144; 3. hence collegium a., CIL 1107 (bis).

**ānūlātus**, quasi-part. ringed, adorned with rings, incedunt cum anulatis auribus, Pl. Poen. 5, 2, 21; pedes (seruorum), fettered, Apul. M. 9, 12 (cf. ānus a fetter).

**anulla**, ae? a reading of Naber for anucella in Fronto, p. 185, l. 2.

**Anullinus**, a Roman cognomen, C. Cornelio Anullino, inscr. Grut. 313, 5.

**ānulus**, (or annulus from ānus=annus) i, m. dim.

a ring, esp. for sealing, anulo meo tabellas opsignatas, Pl. Curc. 2, 3, 67; si in cera centum sigilla hoc anulo impressero, Cic. acad. pr. 86; cum tabulis testamenti anulom imprimerem, Sen. ep. 8, 6; uillissima utensilium anulo clausa, Tac. an. 2, 2; 2. orig. of iron for all, anulns in digito ferrens erat aequo triumphantis et serui coronam sustinentis, Plin. 33, 10; etiam nunc sponsae numeris uice ferrens anulus mittitur, 33, 12; 3. a golden ring, as marking equestrian rank, anulo equestri, Ilor. s. 2, 7, 53; D. Laberius donatus d. sestertius et anulo auro sessim in quatuordecim transit, Suet. Caes. 39; promissum ius annulorum cum milibus quadringenis, 33; Asiaticum libetum aureis donauit anulns super cenam, quum mane...detestatus esset talen equestris ordinis maculam, Suet. Vit. 12; add Plin. 33, 32; 4. in later times worn by all ingeni, and finally at times by libertini, is qui ius anulorum impetrant, ut libertinus habetur, Paul. dig. 40, 10, 5; add Ulp. 40, 10, 6; 5. worn chiefly on left hand, quum saepius digitum laeuae manus ostentans affirmaret se...anulum aequo animo detracturum sibi, Suet. Caes. 33; nec sine anulo laeuis, Ner. 20; 11. 6. of other uses, ferram scram anulunqne, Pl. Pers. 4, 4, 23; nellaris a., curtain rings, Plin. 13, 62; uirgeli anulo, of myrtle wood, 15, 37; link of a chain, Mart. 3, 29, 2; ring of a fetter, 11, 32, 3; tendril of a vine, Cael. Aur. tard. 1, 9; 8, 150; an ornament in architecture, Vitr. 4, 3 p. 91, l. 24 R; 7. the anus, Cato r. r. 159.

**ānus**, annis, ann [olderde form anue or rather son-ue, corresponding to sen-ec-; cf. socrus by the side of socer, nurus (for nurus) by gener] f. an old woman, quibus anus domi sunt uxores, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 124; Excita cum tremulis anus attulit artubus lumen, Enn. ap. Cic. div. 1, 40; quae est anus tam delira quae timeat ista, Cic. Tusc. 1, 48; anum fatidicam, N. D. 1, 18; 2. g. annis, Eius annis (pron. anwis) causa opior quae erat mortua, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 46; add Varr. ap. Non. 490, 25; 3. d. annui, uindemia haec huc anni non satis solist, Pl. Curc. 1, 2, 9; 4. nom. anus as monos, = an (cf. sen of senis etc., and puer for puerus), Tam hoc scit me habere quam egomet: anus fecit palam, Pl. Aul. 3, 6, 12; Siut haec anus: quantum sitit? Modicis, capit quadrantal, Curc. 1, 2, 8; Anus quaedam prodit: haec ubi aperit osium, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 35; add 2, 3, 37; 3, 3, 39; II 5. as adj. f., old, carta, Catul. 68, 40 cf. ἡγερν γραμμα (see R. Ellis ad l.); Mart. 12, 4, 4; terra, Plin. 17, 35; (nici) anus, 15, 82; testa, Mart. 1, 105, 4.

**ānus**, (=annus, wh. see) i, m. a ring, as of a fetter, Dum compediti aut anum lima praeterunt, Aut lapide excuti clauom, Pl. Men. 1, 1, 9; 2. the anus, Cic. fam. 9, 22, 2; Cels. 4, 25; 6, 18, 7.

**Anxantius**, adj. of Anxantum a town of Italy, Plin. 3, 106.

**Anxāni**, adj. a people of Italy, Plin. 3, 106.

**Anxās**, ātis, adj. of Anxanum, inscr. Murr. 367, 1.

**Anxiānus**, adj. of Anxia a town of Italy, Frontin. col. p. 125; inscr. Roman. 3, p. 56.

**anxiē**, see anxius.

**anxiētās**, (anxius, cf. societas fm socius) ātis, f. an anxious habit, iracundia ab ira differt, ut differt anxietas ab angore, Cic. Tusc. 4, 27; add Tac. or. 23; 2. torture of mind, great distress, diuorti anxietate mortuum, Plin. 7, 186; 3. anxiety, tandem gratulatum animi anxietate corpus altior somnus oppressit, Curt. 4, 13, 17; 4. painful care, still, Tac. or. 39; quaerendi, Quint. 8 pr. 9; add 1, 7, 33; Gell. 1, 3, 12.

**anxiētūdo**, inis, f. the same, August. conf. 9, 3; Paul. Nol. ep. 14.

**anxiēfēr**, ēri, adj. bringing anxiety, torturing, Cic. poet. div. 1, 22; Tusc. 2, 21.

**anxiō**, āre, vb. make anxious, torture, Apul. M. 4, 27 f.

**anxiōsus**, adj. full of torture, somnus difficilis nel anxiosus, et magis post cibum (of nightmare?), Cael. morb. chron. 3, S, 103; add 3, 7, 95. Hence, and not from anxius, E. anxiosus.

**anxiētudo**, inis, f. anxietas, Vbi cura est ibi a., Att. (bis). Paevv., Cic. rep. ap. Non. 72.

**anxius**, (ango strangle) adj. anxious, as a habit (cf. Cic. Tusc. 4, 27; at sunt morosi et anxii...senes, Cic. sen. 65; add in. 2, 55; 2. tortured for the time, distressed, greatly vexed, as under a sense of wrong, envy, danger etc., ex eo tempore ira et metu anxius mori, Sal. lug. 11, 8; ne qua seditio oriretur anxius, erat 6, 3; quo clario, eo magis anxius erat, 55, 4; hunc Marius anxius aggreditur, 65, 3; anxius erat dubitans in maximo scelere tantis ciuibus deprehensis quid facto opus esset, Sal. Cat. 46, 2; his anxius curis, Liv. 21, 2, 1; iam ante anxius gloria eius, 25, 4, 12; inuidia, Tac. an. 1, 14; anxii odilis, h. 2, 92; cuius pro salute hoc sum magis anxius quod unicus factus est, Plin. ep. 4, 21, 4; so far of persons; 3. distressing, causing or accompanied by anxiety, aggritudo, Cic. Tusc. 4, 34; anxius ancor, Lucr. 3, 993; curae, Liv. 1, 56, 4; timor, Verg. 9, 891; spina accessu propter ancilos anxio, Plin. 12, 33; elegantia orationis, Gell. 15, 7; 4. w. gen. of cause, about which, fuit anxia fur, Ov. M. 1, 623; uitae tuae, her. 19, 108; potentiae, Tac. an. 4, 12 f.; sui, h. 3, 38; nepotum securitatis, Plin. 15, 74; 5. w. animi, an old dat. tortured in mind, Sall. ap. Arus. Mess. and hence by false analogy a. mentis, Albin. 1, 398; 11. anxie adv., Sall. lug. 82, 3; Plin. 11, 273; Suet. Ner. 23. **Anxur**, ūris, m. \* and n. a coast town of Latium, called by Romans Terracina Volturnus Anxur, Enn. ap. Paul. ex Festo; Hor. \* s. 1, 5, 26; Liv. \* 8, 21, 11; Mart. 5, 1, 4; 6, 42, 6; Plin. 3, 59; Fest. s. v.; 2. an epithet of Iuppiter, Iouis Axur, on a denarius of the gens Vibia, Eckhel 5, 340. See Auxurus.

**Anxurnās**, ātis, adj. of Anxur, Liv. 27, 38, 4. **Anxūrus**, i, m. epithet of Iuppiter as worshipped at Anxur, Verg. 7, 799.

**apāge**, vb. imper. take away, away with, apage a me istum agrum, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 136; a. istum circumducentem, Most. 3, 2, 160; a. illum a me, Epid. 5, 2, 8; add Bac. 3, 1, 5; Merc. 1, 2, 23; apage in directum a domo nostra istam insanitatem, Varr. s. 134, 5 l.; 2. esp. apage to take yourself off, be gone, Apage, apage te a me nunciam post hunc diem, Pl. Most. 3, 1, 6; add Amph. 2, 1, 32; Ter. Eun. 5, 2, 65; a. te cum nostro S. Scruilio, Vat. ad Cic. 5, 10, 1; 3. absol. come none of that, Apage, non placet mi hoc noctis: cenam modo, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 154; add Capt. 2, 1, 15; Mil. 2, 2, 55 etc.; 4. often w. sis, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 15; Ter. Eun. 4, 6, 18; Afran. ap. Non. 427, 33; cf. *apage* *scatur*, Aristoph. lran. 853.

**apāla**, (ἀπάλα) ova, soft-boiled eggs, Apic. 7, 329, op. posed to ova dura, 286; to cruda, 298; as Greek, Cacl. Aur. tard. 2, 7, 104.

**apālāre**, (apālāre or apālāre), āris, adj. n. as sb. an egg-spoon, Auson. ep. 21, 1; apālāre = cochleare, Gloss. Isid.; apālāre, Asper 43, 3 K.

**apārectias**, ae, m. north wind, = septentrio, Plin. 2, 119; in Gr. Gell. 2, 22, 15.

**apārine**, ūs, f. a plant, galium Aparine L., Plin. 27, 32. **apāthia**, ae, f. apathy, Gell. 19, 12, 10.

**ape** = prohibe, Fest. s. v.; = κωλύω, Gloss.

**apēliōtes**, ae, m. east wind, = supasolanus, Plin. 2, 119. **Apello**, old form for Apollo, Fest. p. 22.

**apenarius**, (?) adj. as sb. a buffoon, Treb. Gall. 8, 3. **Apenninus** etc., see Appenninus.

**āper**, āpi, (ἀπρος) m. a wild-bore, Iam ego uno in saltu lepidē apere capiam duos, Pl. Cas. 2, 8, 40; de subis nemini ignotum nisi qui apros non putat sus uocari, Varr. r. 2, 1, 5; cum Erymanthio apro, Cic. Tusc. 4, 49; Aut acris nenabor apros, Verg. B. 10, 56; 2. esp. as a dish, quanta est gula, quae sibi totos Pōit apros, animal propter conuicia natus, Iuv. 1, 140; add Apic. 330-340; 3. of a wild sow, Phaedr. 2, 4, 9 has aper insidiosum (-am?) and then sacrosae suis and her porcellos; so Varro l. l. 8, 24 says: habent quaedam (noceas) binas (formas) ut ceruus cerua, quaedam singulas ut aper; 4. prov. see Pl. above; and liquidis inmisit fontibus apros, Verg. B. 2, 50; 5. once a military standard, Plin. 10, 16; 6. a fish (καρπος of Arist. H. A. 4, 9), is qui aper nectur in Acheloo grunitione habet, Plin. 11, 267; 7. as a cognomen, Tac. or. 2; A. Laelius Aper, inser. Grut. 692, 8.

**āp-ēr-io**, ire, ūi, tus, vb. [root ap, prob. = E. ope, whence open, B. open-en from a prep. op = E. up, and so = L. sub; so that older form was prob. sub-erire, wh. would save Rask's law of b Lat. = p El. cf. for snifex op-erio, sep-elio, whose root sep = *θωπ* of *θάρω*. Cf. for meaning G. auf-uthm and E. d' up], open, as first of doors etc. forem (foris), Pl. Bac. 4, 1, to etc.; Ter. Ad. 2, 1, 13 etc.; ostium, Pl. Capt. 1, 1, 34 etc.; poet. ap, Cic. Tusc. 1, 37; Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 35 etc.; and abs. Pl. Ps. 5, 1, 37; ianuam, Bac. 3, 1, 11; portas, Caes. B. c. 1, 18, 2; 3, 11, 4; 2. of the whole (building etc.) so opened, aedis, Pl. Amph. 3, 2, 74; Pers. 1, 2, 28 etc.; baccanal, Aul. 3, 1, 7; fanum, Cure. 1, 3, 48; 3. of other objects, thesaurum, Pl. Trin. 3, 3, 74; cistulam, Amph. 2, 2, 155; patinas, Ps. 3, 2, 52; oculos, Cic. Mil. 35; (flore) noctu comprimens aperire incipit solis exortu, Plin. 12, 40; 4. open (by piercing a wall), in eo pariete medio ostii iure ianuam aperito, CIL 577, 11; aperto pariete communi nullo iure fenestras immissis, Paul. dig. 8, 2, 40; aperto pariete ianuam in publico aperuit, Scaev. ib. 41; 5. of parts of the body, uncover, lay bare, open, eam sortem brachioe aperto literam digiteis optatam (ad stitellam afferto), CIL 198, 52; brachium, Pl. Men. 5, 5, 12; caput, Capt. 3, 1, 15; Afran. 106 R; Cic. Phil. 2, 77; Varr. s. 125, 3 R; suras, Turp. off. 4; Varr. s. 166, 9; nates, ib.; partis corporis, Cic. ad. 1, 129; pectus, Ov. M. 2, 339; apertae pectora matres, 13, 688; 6. but aperto latere, on the exposed flank, i.e. the right, as unguarded by shields, Caes. B. h. 1, 25; 2, 23; also caput a. as, mark of respect, Sal. hist. 5, ap. Non. 236; Plin. 28, 60; fuste a. caput, split open, Iuv. 9, 98; 7. of letters and met. fenestram, Suet. Tib. 28; cf. Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 72; epistolam, Cic. Att. 5, 11, 7; 6, 3, 8; litteras, 1, 13, 2; testamentum, Plin. 7, 177; Suet. Caes. 83; Aug. 17; 8. as by digging of earth, fundamenta templi, Liv. 1, 55; subterraneos specus, Tac. G. 16; puteum, Ulp. dig. 39, 2, 24, 12; 9. and so of springs, si qui se fontes penitus absconditis apertissime dicat, auct. ad Her. 4, 9; and met. philosophiae fontes, Cic. Tusc. 1, 6; consiliorum fontes, ad Brut. 1, 10, 3; eloquentiae fontes, Quint. 6, 1, 51; 10. a road, liquidas vias, Lucr. 1, 373; ferro iter aperientem ad, Sal. Cat. 58; incendio niam, Liv. 6, 2, 10; Nec scitis apertire niam... anient, Verg. 11, 884; cui niam strage hostium aperiret, Tac. an. 2, 21; and met. cursum ad laudem, Cic. Phil. 14, 17; dignitas tua reditum ad tuos aperuit, fam. 6, 11, 5; occasionem ad inuadendum, Liv. 4, 53, 9; add 9, 27, 2; 11. open, lay open, i.e. make accessible, qui Europa domita incognitum famae aperuerunt armis orbem terrarum, Liv. 42, 52, 14; uer aperit nauigantium maria, Plin. 2, 122; omnes terras fortibus niris natura aperuit, Tac. b. 4, 64; add an. 2, 70 f.; G. 1, 1; Eoas (gentes), Lucan. 4, 352; pelagus quantos aperiuus in usus, Val. Fl. 1, 169; Britanniam, Mela 3, 6; 12. lay open to view, show, quum dispulsa nebula aperisset aciem, Liv. 22, 6, 9; add 26, 17, 14; 27, 2, 10; unda dehiscens Terram inter fluctus aperit, Verg. 1, 111; ramum qui nescit latebat, 6, 406; 13. open, i.e. begin. Candidus auratis aperit cum cornibus annum Taurus, Verg. G. 1, 217; contigit priuatis aperire annum (as consuls), Plin. pan. 58; 14. open (an institution), ludum (a school), Cic. fam. 9, 18, 1; Suet. rhet. 4; scholam, Suet. gram. 16; asylum, Pl. 1, 8, 5; 15. open (the purse strings so to say), nec ita claudenda est res familiaris ut aem benignitas aperire non possit, nec..., Cic. off. 2, 55; 16. but Cic. Att. 5, 1, 2 de Oppio factum est ut uolui et maxime quod DCCC (sc. sestertia) aperuisti (cf. expositi of 5, 4, 3), gave notice that the money was ready for payment; 17. of the mind, make known (what was previously hidden), open, disclose, state, show, explain, expotund, expose, lay bare, divulge, tua flagitia, Pl. Men. 5, 1, 38; tua probra, Truc. 4, 2, 50; facinora, 4, 3, 21; Sues qui primi nient, hic partem aperient (sc. argumenti), Ter. Ad. pr. 23; occulta quaedam aperiri, Cic. fin. 1, 30; innoluate rei notitia definiendo aperienda est, or. 116; conuinationem, Sal. Cat. 40, 6; rem omnem, 41, 4; and 45, 1; consilium, Tac. lug. 2, 2; utriusque mores, 53 f.; add Cln. 60; uerum, Sal. lug. 33, 4; socios sceleris, 33; casus futuros, Ov. M. 15, 559; futura, Tac. h. 2, 4; 18.

absol. Graingena: de isto(c) aperit ipsa oratio, Paeuv. 304 R; si de elementa nostra aperimus, auct. ad Her. 2, 50;

**19**, as r., Tum coacti necessario se aperit, Ter. Andr. 4, 1, 8; Et formidatus nuptis aperitur Apollo, Verg. 3, 275; studioque apertum in ipso, Ov. a. a. 3, 371; dum se ipsa res aperit, ps. Nep. Paus. 3 f.; latius se aperiente materia, Quint. 1 pr. 3; **20**, w. inter. si quid parentibus nostris casurum sit aperimus, auct. ad Her. 2, 50; quid sentirent ap., ps.-Nep. Eum.; add Them. 8, 6; **21**, w. ace. and inf. cum de reat in se proriae hostes adpropinquare aperissent, Liv. 44, 28, 11; **22**, aperibo old fut. Pl. Truc. 4, 2, 50; Pomp. 173 R; **23**, apertus, part. open, not shut, aces (pl.), Pl. Aul. 2, 18; aces (s.), Bac. 4, 8, 60; foris, Stich. 1, 2, 30; portae, Verg. 8, 585; **II** **24**, as adj. open, clear, caelum, Cic. div. 1, 2, 15; Caes. b. h. g. 2, 18, 3; campus, Verg. G. 2, 280; **25**, esp. of the sky, cloudless, caelum, Verg. 1, 161; aether, 1, 591; add G. 1, 393; **26**, uncovered, bare, caput, Pl. Capt. 3, 1, 16; oppo. to opertus, Cic. sen. 34; Varr. ap. Non. 236, 25 (bis); **27**, of ships, open, undecked, oppo. to constricta or tecta, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 104; Liv. 31, 22, 8; 32, 21, 27; bell. Alex. 11, 1; 13, 4; **28**, met. simulates, Cic. Man. 71; animum, fin. 1, 9, 22; dolor, Att. 8, 3, 4; **III** **29**, apertum, aperta, as sb. n. w. prep. (the open), per apertum fugientis, Hor. od. 3, 12, 13; castris in aperto positis, Liv. 1, 33, 4; in aperta prodeunt, Plin. 8, 117; uolantem in aperto, 10, 22; in aperta Oceani, Tac. an. 2, 23; and met. Sal. Jug. 5, 3; Tac. h. 3, 56; Agr. 1; **30**, comp. Cic. Clu. 48; Liv. 32, 21, 26; **31**, sup. Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 42; Mur. 51; **IV** **32**, aperte adv. openly, Cic. or. 3 etc.; Tac. an. 11, 28; **33**, comp. Cic. Att. 16, 3, 5; Tac. an. 13, 1; **34**, sup. Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 156; **35**, usual der. from ad-pario neither sense suits, nor a, nor perf. aperui.

**Aperta**, ae, m. the Opener, epithet of Apollo, Paul. ex F. 22.

**apertibilis**, (aperib.) adj. opening, Cael. Aur. 3, 3, 24; 3, 4, 34.

**apertio**, ōnis, f. opening, Varr. r. 1, 63, 1; Pall. 1, 6, 4; Apul. M. 11, 20; **2**, anatomy, Cael. Aur. ac. 5, 57.

**apertus**, adj. opening, Cael. Aur. 3, 4, 40.

**āpēto**, āre, vb. frq. keep opening, eur apertus braciū? Pl. Men. 5, 5, 12.

**āpētor**, ōris, m. one who opens, Tert. Marcion. 2, 3 f.

**āpētūlār**, adj. as sb. m. one who opens, Isid. Thom. Thes. p. 52; = *θρῦ-εταρῶν*, Gloss.

**āpētūr-a**, f. [apertor] act of opening, Vitruv. 4, 6, 6; tabularum, Ulp. dig. 28, 5, 3, 4; **2**, an opening, an aperture, Vitruv. 5, 5, 1; 10, 9, 1.

**āpes**, see apis.

**āpēs**, icis, m. [for apex as softer; cf. forpex, irpex, spectro (esp. in Key's Essays, p. 234), apic-erude form of apis, whence apic-ula; root ace, as in ac-us, ac-no etc. and *ἀκμῶν*, *ἀκρον*; cf. suff. of dim. as in cim-ex etc.] lit. a little point or summit, apicem tamen (sc. galeae) incita summum Hastula tust summasque exausit uertice cristas, Verg. 12, 492; add 10, 270; (capitis), 2, 683; apices...Obscedere apicem (sc. lauri), 7, 66; apicemque per aera duxit (sc. flamma), Ov. M. 10, 279; ne nisi uolueribus apices—crests, Plin. 11, 12; (obelsis), 36, 72; montis, Sil. 12, 709; Iuv. 12, 72; signorum, Amm. 26, 7, 17; **2**, esp. a point on the summit of the eap of the flamen Dialis, called albugalorus, cui affigebatur apex uirgula oleagina, Paul. ex F. 10 M; Quae apicem(in) insigne Dialis (flaminis) gestiste, CIL 33; **3**, hence the cap itself, nodum in apice (flamen Dialis) neque in cinetu neque in alia parte ullum habet, Fab. Piet. ap. Gell. 10, 15, 9; sine apice sub diuo esse ficitum non est, ib.; cullebat apicem Dialectum, dummodo homo sit, imponamus, Liv. 6, 41, 9; Q. Sulpicio inter sacrificandum e capite apicem prolapsus idem sacerdotium abstulit, Val. M. 1, 1, 5; homo honestus non apice insignis, Sen. ap. Laet. 17, 6; (falci) uelut apex...mucro uocatur, the mucro or point on the round summit of the vine-dresser's sickle being like a priest's apex, Colum. 4, 25, 1; **4**, the tiara or diadem of any monarch, ab aquila Tarquinio apicem impositum, Cic. leg. 1, 4, f. Liv. 1, 34, 8; Antoninus apicis uolubilitas auctoritate, Amm. 18, 5, 6; cf. Antoninus...sublata tiara, ib. 8, 5; hence

(alluding to Tiridates), hinc apicem rapax Fortuna...sustulit, Hor. od. 1, 34, 14; apicem sibi poscit in astris, Stat. Th. 10, 872; **5**, of other dignities, sub quoquo apice potestatis, Theod. Cod. 8, 15, 6; add 6, 28, 7; **6**, met. summit of honour, apicem est senectutis auctoritas, Cic. sen. 60; summae potestatis, Amm. 26, 6, 10; dignitatum, 30, 8, 10; perfectionis, Arnob. 2, 49; **7**, a minute point, a small matter, neque apex ullus ullius praetermissus, Arn. 3, 11, 1.

**apex**ano, ōnis, f. a kind of sausage (fareimen), Varr. 1, 5, 23; Arnob. 7, p. 229.

**apacha**, ae, f. a plant, Plin. 27, 380.

**apacherēma**, ātis, n. a kind of grits, Plin. 18, 112.

**āphaerēsīs**, is, f. [removal] a grammatical figure, de-capitation of a word, lit. per d-tractionem, ut temere pro continere, Char. 278, 15; contraria prothesi, Diom. 441, 22.

**āphanticus**, (af.) adj. disappearing, Th. C. 13, 11, 3; 5, 15, 3.

**āphractus**, adj. as sb. f. (sc. *ραυς*) an undecked or open boat, apfractorum, Cic. Att. 5, 13, 1; apfractus Rhodiorum, ib. 6, 8, 4; *ἀπφρακτα*, as n. pl. ib. 5, 11, 4.

**āphrōdēs**, adj. foamy, meconia aphrode, Plin. 27, 119; add Apul. herb. 53.

**āphrōdisiāca**, adj. f. as sb. (sc. gemma) a gem, Plin. 37, 148.

**āphron**, i, n. a kind of wild poppy, Plin. 20, 207; see aphrodes.

**āphrō-nitrum**, (af.) i, n. froth of nitre or natron, potash, Plin. 31, 113; Mart. 14, 58, 2; Stat. silu. 4, 9, 37.

**aphtae**, ārum, f. pl. mouth-ulcers, aphtae, Marc. Emp. 11; in Gr. Cels. 6, 11.

**aphticus**, a faulty reading for atypus in Ulp. dig. 21, 1, 10; Gell. 4, 2.

**aphe**, Gr. form of apna, wh. see.

**āpiāc-ius**, adj. of parsley, Hyg. fab. 74.

**āpiāc-us**, adj. as if made of parsley, like parsley, altera (brassica) apicem uocatur, Cato r. 157, 2; quoted by Plin. 19, 136 w. apicem.

**āpiānus**, adj. of bees, hence, (uitis), Muscatel vine, Colum. 3, 2, 17; uua, 12, 39, 3; Plin. 14, 24; (uinum), Colum. 12, 47, 6; **2**, apiana (sc. herba), a plant, Apul. herb. 23.

**āpiārus**, adj. of bees; hence as sb. m. bee-master, Plin. 21, 56; add Isuer. Or. 6655 (wh. Mommsen ej. Arkari); **2**, apiarum, as sb. n. collection of bee-hives, Colum. 9, 8, 13; apiarum uulguis dicta loca, in quibus...alueli apum, Gell. 2, 20, 8.

**āpiastellum**, i, n. dim. the plant batrachion, Apul. herb. 8.

**āpiastra**, ae, f. a bird that preys on bees, Serv. G. 4, 14.

**āpiastrum**, i, n. dim. wild parsley = *μελασποφυλλον*, frequented by bees, Varr. r. 3, 16, 10; Colum. 9, 8, 13; Plin. 21, 53 and 70.

**āpiātus**, quasi-part. [apium] ornamented as if with parsley, (mensae), Plin. 13, 97.

**āpicianus**, adj. of Apicius, coetura, Plin. 19, 143; sala coetura, Apic. 4, 117; opellae, 7, 266; Ius, 8, 376.

**āpicus**, ii, adj. or sb. m. name of a gens, celebrated as gourmenders, Apicius nepotum omnium altissimus gurgis, Plin. 10, 133; add 9, 66; S. 209; Ipse quoque ad enam gaudebat Apicius ire, Mart. 2, 69, 3; **2**, as adj. uuae, Cato r. 24, 1; uinum, 6, 4; Varr. r. 1, 25; add Plin. 14, 46.

**Apicla**, (= Apicula) f. [little bee] a cognomen, inser. Grut. 661, 8.

**āpiē-ūla**, ae, f. dim. a little bee, Egon āpicularum congestum opera non feram? Pl. Curc. 1, 1, 10; add Plin. 7, 85; **2**, hence Fr. abeille.

**āpicularis**, adj. as sb. m. bee-master, M. Lini L. 1. apiclar., inser. Mur. 909, 11.

**āpicūm**, flum quo flammis uelatum apicem gerunt, Paul. ex F. p. 23.

**āpicus**, adj. [a-neuor?] without wool, oues, Varr. r. 2, 2, 3; Plin. 8, 198; Paul. ex F. 25.

**Apiennates**, pl. a people of Umbria, Plin. 3, 114.

**āpināe**, arum, trifles, *apinae* triaerque, Mart. 14, 1, 7; add 1, 113, 2; so called from two petty towns Apina and Trica in Calabria says Plin. 3, 104 f.

**apinari**, see *apenarius*.

**Apīolae**, arum, f. a town of Latium, Liv. 1, 35, 7; Plin. 3, 70.

**āpis**, is, f. (crude form *apie-*, and so for *ae-*ic-*wb.* *ae* 'sharp') a bee (as little stinger), Nihil moror mihi fucum in alio, āpis qui perdit cibum, Pl. fr. 1, 120 of Delphin. ed.; *apis* aculeum sine clamore ferre non possumus, Cic. Tusc. 2, 52; add Varr. 1, 3, 16, 4; 2. gen. commonly *apina*, as: Melliferarum apium sine membris corpora nasci, Ov. M. 15, 383; Nesc dendae trepidis apibus se involuere nubes, Sil. 8, 637; so Cic. off. 1, 157; sen. 54; div. 1, 73; Liv. 4, 33, 4; 27, 23, 3 (so Put.); Colum. ninth book, 5, 5; 8, 8; 11, 1; 13, 4; Plin. 11, 46 and 50; but *apum* in Liv. 21, 46, 2; 24, 10, 11 (so Put.); 3. *apes* as nom. sing., Prisc. 1, 241, 18 K.

**ap-iscor**, i, aptus, vb. r. [āp-o = *āp* of *ἀπρω* fasten; cf. § 7] fasten for oneself—and so get hold of, catch, overtake, get to, Tace sis modo: sine me hominem apisci, Pl. Epid. 5, 2, 3; cf. ut tu es gradibus grandibus! Nam ut apud portum te consexpi, curculio ocepi seque! Vix adipiscendi (so Gepp., but *apiscendi*?) potestas modo fuit, 1, 1, 12; postero die legatos Iguium redentis apiscitur, Sis. ap. Non. 68, 24; cf. Att. 136 R; terram radicibus apti, Lucr. 5, 508; occidendi sui causa an maris apiscendi? Cic. Att. 8, 14, 3; in Turpil. 10, missi hunc apiscit; 2. w. more abstract acc. get hold of, win, gain, obtain, get, (Ita) sine sacris hereditatem sum aptus ecclesiasticam, Pl. Capt. 4, 1, 8; de dictis melioribus Quibus solebat menstruales epulas ante apiscier, 3, 1, 23; Item, Rud. pr. 17; Deorum uitam apti (so Benb. pr. m.; ad adepti agst. metre) sumus, Ter. Haut. 4, 3, 15; but in Pl. 2, 3, 59 all *ss* have *adapiscier*; Quod ego in acie celebrare (=crebro, adv.) obiectans uitam bellando aptum sum, Pacuv. 168 R; purpurarum apiae simus, Titin. 2 R; Vt ego effugiam quod te in primis cupere apti intellego, Lucell. ap. Non. 74; te magnam ex ea re laudem apisci, Sulp. ad Cic. 4, 5, 6; Quis dum aliquid cupiens animus praegrestit apisci, Catull. 64, 145; qui ut flammium apiscetur, 4, 16; add 3, 31; 4, 59; 6, 9 (3); 6, 26 (20); 13, 21; Man. 3, 145; 3. gerundive w. noun in same case, quous apiscendi causa, Cic. leg. 1, 52; maris apiscendi (causa), Att. 8, 14, 3; apiscendae potentiae, Tac. an. 4, 59; (artis) apiscendae, 6, 20; apiscendo imperio, 13, 21; spes apiscendi honoris, Liv. 4, 3, 7; desperatio apiscendi honoris, 4, 6, 104; summa apiscendi libido, Tac. an. 4, 1; 4. of things not desirable, as death, disease, catch, Postquam est mortem aptus Plautus, comedia luet, Plaut. ap. Gell. 1, 24, 3; nullo cessabant tempore apisci Ex aliis aliis auditi contagia morbi, Lucr. 6, 1235; 5. of ideas, conceive, Nee ratione animi ququam possit apisci, Lucr. 1, 448; 6. rarely w. a gen. as in: nihil abundem dum dominationis apiscetur, Tac. an. 6, 51 (45); 7. as a pass., be caught, be won, Non aetate uerum ingenio apiscitur (so A. al. adip.) sapientia, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 86; Ita ui venis uinctus, otio (o) aptus (so A. al. capitus) in fraudem incidi, 3, 2, 32; anitti quam apisci, Fab. Max. ap. Prisc. 1, 380, 7 K; haec apiscuntur, ib. 9; 8. esp. in part. perf. aptus, fastened, tied together, connected, Veluti (=uel'ti) si quando uinculis nentia uelox Aptae solet canis..., Enn. an. 345 V; coniugio... Corporis atque animae consistimus uincti apti, Lucr. 3, 846; omnia inter se apta et conexa, Cic. fin. 4, 53; apta inter se et coherencia, N. D. 3, 4; facilius est apta dissolvere quam dissipata connectere, Cic. or. 235; gladium c haecurari sacra equina aptum demitti insit, Tusc. 5, 62; socordius bre milites occipere, non apti armis, Sal. hist. ap. Non. 235; 9. w. ex, made up (of) by their union, quantum (genus) aptum ex illis tribus, Cic. fin. 2, 47; qua ex coniunctione caelum ita aptum est, ut sub aspectum et tactum cadat, Tim. 5; nemo potest non beatissimum esse qui est totus aptus ex sese, parad. 17; cui uiro ex se ipso apta sunt omnia, Tusc. 5, 36; fatum est series rerum explicans (sese) per aeternos consequentiae ordines ex quibus apta nexaque est, Gell. 7 (6), 2, 1; 10. hence fastened to and hanging from, dependent (on), honestum ex quo aptum

est officium, Cic. off. 1, 60; non ex uerbis aptum pendere ius, Caecin. 52; 11. the same w. mere abl., ista rudentibus apta fortuna, Cic. Tusc. 5, 40; uita modica et apta uirtute perfrui, leg. 56; 12. as the constr. *apere* uincula cani, might give way to, *apere* canem uinculis (abl.), so aptus having fastened to it, bound (with), fitted (with), furnished (with), enclum..., stellis fulgentibus aptum, Enn. an. 30 and 162 V; Verg. 11, 202; nox stellis ardentibus apta, Enn. an. 343; axem stellis ardentibus aptum, Verg. 4, 482; O Fides alma, apta pinnis et ius iurandum louis, Enn. tr. 410; geminis aptum cornibus, Att. 660 R; 13. met. compact, cum sint illud ex aptis dissoluta, and soon after: efficiatur aptum uerba quod fuerit antea diffusum ac solum, Cic. or. 233; ut aptior sit oratio, ipsa uerba compone et quasi coagmenta, Brut. 68; III 14. as adj., fitting closely, fitting, first phys., apti ad pedem (calcem), Cic. or. 1, 231; quo iugum melius aptum ceruicibus incidat, Col. 2, 2, 22; 15. gen. fitted (for), suited, suitable, well adapted, as with a, laneum pallium ad omne anni tempus aptum, Cic. N. D. 3, 83; locus ad insidias utri fuerit aptior, Mil. 53; ad istius nequitiam aptum, Verg. 2, 2, 134; ad dicendum, or. 1, 99; minus aptos ad huius generis hostem, Caes. b. g. 5, 16, 1; castra ad bellum ducendum aptissima, b. c. 2, 37, 5; fornicis in muro apti ad excurrendum, Liv. 36, 23, 3; 16. w. dat., uti non omnia... rebus sint omnibus apta, Lucr. 6, 961; aptissimus turbulenti contumibus, Cic. Brut. 223; haec genera dicendi aptiora sunt adolescentibus, ib. 320; ut indicare difficile sit cui actati fuerit aptissimus, Nep. Att. 16, 1; Serulius lenibus remediis aptior, Liv. 2, 23, 15; apta dies sacrificio, 1, 45, 6; portus pupillis aptos, Ov. M. 3, 596; luctibus aptos... letus, 4, 160; Aptum equis Argos, Hor. od. 1, 7, 9; amicis aptus, 2, 5, 43; Arnis apta... tellus, Prop. 3, 22, 19; Paribilibus aptissime, Plin. 19, 69; 17. rarely w. in and acc., genere pugnat in quod minime apti sunt, Liv. 38, 21, 7; formas deus aptas in omnes, Ov. M. 14, 765; 18. w. rel. it., nulla uideatur aptior persona quae de illa aetate loqueretur, Cic. Am. 4; Est mihi quae lanas molliat apta manus, Ov. her. 3, 70; quod uenti aptiores Romanae quam sae classis flarent, Liv. 25, 27, 8; 19. w. inf. in poet., (Ciree) apta uel herbis Aptaque nel cantu ueteres mutare figuras, Tib. 4, 1, 63; Sed puer est, actas mollis et apta regi, Ov. a. a. 1, 101; IV 20. apte adv., closely (of fitting), apte coheret, Cic. Tim. 5; cothurni laus ad pedem apte conuenire, fin. 3, 46; ut inter se quam aptissime cohaereant, or. 149; 21. suitably, fitly, apte dicere, Cic. off. 1, 2; ut comprehensio numeroe et apte cadat, or. 149; equite apte locato, Liv. 4, 37, 8; qualia aptius suis referentur locis, Plin. 2, 153.

**āpium**, il, n. (*apius* = m. in *Apic*) parsley, Et uirides āpio ripae, Verg. G. 4, 121; add Plin. 19, 123; 2. used to crown victors, honos (āpi) coronare uictores sacri certaminis Nemeae, 19, 158; Graiaeque apium meruisse coronae, Iuv. 8, 226; add Dio 63, 9; Lucian. Anach. 9; cf. Mayor ad Iuv.; 3. as a convivial wreath, Nen desunt apices rosae Nen uiax apium, Hor. od. 1, 36, 16; Depropere apium coromus, 2, 7, 24; add 4, 11, 3; and στεφανω στεφανοῦ... Διονισσῶ of Anaer.; 4. of other wreaths, Floribus atque apio crinis ornatus amaro, Verg. B. 6, 68; 5. much used in cookery, apios\* uirides cum suis radicibus lauabis... aquam apiorum decoratum colabis... apios\* adicies, Apic. 65; add 74, 227, 228 and 288; 6. esp. the seed, api semen, Apic. 229, 52, 77, 133; 7. note the pl. in § 5; 8. old crude form prob. apioce, whence add, apiaues; cf. too G. eppich, and note Marcel. Emp. de apio; apium dictum quod apex hanc (sc. herbam) ferre solebat Victoris, ueterum fieret dum more transhumus.

**āpius**, i, = apium? Pall. 5, 3, 2; cf. porrus = porrum.

**āplūda**, ae (?) f. chaff, bran, Non hercle apludast hodie quam tu nequior, Naev. ap. Paul. ex F. s.v.; add Pl. (9), Astraba (ab. ap. Non. 64, 34; mili et panici et sesimae purgamenta apludum uocant, Plin. 18, 99; add Gell. 11, 7, 3; 2. sorbitionis genus, Paul. ex F. 10, 14.

**āplūstria**, pl. n. see *aplustria* § 2.

**āplūstre**, n. see *aplustria* § 3.

**āplūstria**, (as from *aplustrium* or *aplustre*) n. pl. [prob.

corrupted from *αποστολῆς* n. pl. with p for k, l for r and then by compensation r for l; *αφλαστα* n. pl. for *αφλαστρα*, another corruption] a fan-like ornament of wood on the stern of a ship, to wh. flags were attached, (s. Rich's Companion), and so pl. of a single ship, Fulgent Argosae stellis aplustria puppis, Caes. in Arato ap. Prisc. 1. 351, 325; add 14. 422; Arguamque ratem per aplustria\* summa...subit, Manil. 1. 692; Inconcessa nehit tranquillus aplustria\* flatus: Mollia securo uela rudente tremunt, Rutil. itin. 1. 513; aplustria nauium ornamenta, quae...etiam amplustria dicebantur, Paul. ex Festo. 2. aplustria, n. pl. the same, *aplustra* *πτερον πλοῦν*, *ὡς Εννιος*, Gloss. Labb.; clauda uidentur Naugia aplustri fractis obnitier undae, Lucr. 4. 437; fluitantia aplustria\*, 2. 555; Naubus absumptis fluitantia quaerere aplustria\*, Cic. in Ar. ap. Prisc. ib.; 3. aplustre, is, n., in later writers, the same, cuius dum pugnat ab alta Puppe Tagus Grauiumque andax aplustre retentat, Lucan. 3. 586; tortum ualidis aplustre lacertis...rotant, 3. 672; uictaque trimis Aplustre, Inv. 10. 136; add ps. Apul. dogm. Fl. 3; 4. Cf. *αφλαστα* *τα ακροστολῆς της νηος*; and so on: *αφλαστα* *μεν λεγεται τα πρωμνηστα*, *κορυμβοι δε τα πρωμνηστα*, Etym. Magn. p. 177; 5. for short a see \* above.

**aplustrum**, see *aplustria* § 2.

**aplysia**, ae, adj. f. as sb. a kind of sponge, Plin. 9. 150. **apo**, or *apio*, *cre*, vb. obsol. = [ap of *απω* fasten and prob. = cap of capio; for loss of init. e cf. acumen, amo, aper etc.] fasten, catch, only in gramm. in a false deriv. of apex, as Paul ex F. p. 18 M; Serv. ad A. 10. 270; Isid. 19. 30; and a gloss. *apio*; 2. hence part. aptus, and apiscor.

**apocalo**, (or -culo) vb. obsol. (?) take (oneself) off, nos Petr. 62; me, 67.

**apocalypsis**, is, f. revelation, apocalypse, Tert. adv. Marc. 5.

**apocartēresis**, is, f. voluntary starvation, Tert. ib. 1. 14; apol. 46.

**apocātastasis**, is, f. return to the same position, astrorum, Apul. Asc. 13; in Gr., Colum. 3. 6, 4.

**apocātastaticus**, adj. returned to the same position, Mars, Sidon. ep. 8. 11; a. numerus, the number 5, Mart. Cap. 7. p. 260. l. 11 Eyss.

**apōcha**, (apoca), ae, f. a written receipt, solutae pecuniae, Scaeu. 12. 6, 67; 2. Ulp. 46. 4. 19. 1; 47. 2, 27. 2.

**apōcima**, (αποχίμα) = *zopissa*, Veg. 3. 54; 4. 5. 27. 4; 6. 24. 1.

**apōcēti**, part. pl. m. as sb. the members of the Actolian parliament, Liv. 34. 35. 2; 36. 28. 8.

**apōclisis**, is, f. turning aside = *aposiopsis*, Charis. 286. 17.

**apōcōlōcyntōsis**, is, m. transfiguration to a pumpkin (*κολοκυνθός*), as opp. to apotheosis, a lampoon of Seneca on Claudius.

**apōcōpē**, *ēs*, f. cutting off of a final letter or letters, as *magi* or *mage* for *magis*, do for *domum*, Charis. 278. 21 K; Diom. 441. 31.

**apōcrisiarius**, (αποκρισις answering) adj. as sb. m. one who answers for or represents, patriarcharum, Julian. epit. nov. 6. 26.

**apōcyrphus**, adj. apocryphal, Isid. Aug. Tert.

**apōcynon**, i, n. a shrub so-called, Plin. 24. 98; 2. a bone in a frog of magic power, 32. 51.

**apōdermum**, adj. n. as sb. (shelled) a dish so-called, Apic. 2. 53 (stss apothermum).

**apōdēcticus**, adj. demonstrative, Gell. 17. 5. 3.

**apōdixis**, is, f. proof, Quint. 5. 10. 7; Gell. 17. 5. 5; Petr. 132. p. 185. 4 B.

**apōdōtērion**, ii, n. undressing room in baths, Cic. Q. fr. 3. 1. 2; Plin. ep. 5. 6. 25 and 27; Iusur. Or. 3278.

**apōgēus**, adj. off the land, uenti, Plin. 2. 114.

**apōgrāphon**, adj. n. as sb. a copy, Plin. 35. 125.

**apōlactizo**, (uss apolactico or apolactizo), *āre*, vb. kick away, Pl. Epid. 5. 2. 13.

**apōlectus**, adj. select, Plin. 32. 150.

**apollināria**, adj. f. as sb. the plant strychnos, Apul. herb. 74.

**Apollināris**, *ē*, adj. of Apollo, Iuli. Cie. Phil. 10. 3; laurea, Hor. od. 4. 2. 9; sacrum, Liv. 10. 8. 2; 2. Apollināres, as members of a college sacred to Apollo, inscr. Or. 2380; as sb. a plant = *ισοκαυσιος*, Plin. 25. 35; 26. 140 and 147; Apul. herb. 22.

**Apollineus**, adj. of Apollo, Ov. M. 1. 473; 9. 455; Mart. 10. 12. 1; Stat. Th. 11. 12.

**Apōlo**, *inis*, (old Apolo, *onis* and *enis*), m. the god so called, i.e. the sun, Apolone (e) CIL 73; Apolene, 167; Q. Minicius Q. f. Rufus leg. Apolonei (P)utio, CIL 562; but gen. Apollo, *inis*, as Pl. Bac. 2. 1. 3; Men. 5. 2. 115; Cie. N. D. 3. 57; Verg. B. 5. 35.

**apōlogātiō** (?) *ōnis*, f. advice in form of fable, apologue, quoted but not approved by Quint. 5. 11. 20.

**apōlogia**, ae, f. argument in defence, title of a work of Apuleius; add Hier. in Ruf. 2. 4. 6 etc.

**apōlogismos**, i, m. a rhet. fig., suggesting to an opponent what he cannot use, Charis. 285. 7.

**apōlogo**, *āre*, (tapologus) reject (in words), illum Sen. ep. 47. 9.

**apōlogus**, i, m. advice in form of a fable, apologue, apologum agere, Pl. Stic. 4. 1. 32; A. fuit olim...Miror quo enasurus apologus, 4. 1. 35; add 38 and 64; incipere parata re quae uel apologum uel fabulam uel aliquam contineat irrisorem, Cie. iuv. 1. 25; add or. 2. 264; Cornif. ad Her. 1. 10. Quint. 6. 3. 44.

**Aponius**, ii, adj. or sb. name of a gens, Plin. 7. 163; Aponia, inscr. Or. 2888.

**apōno** ? (ab, pono), *ēre*, put down, suggested as the right form in Pl. Poen. 4. 2. 35; Cas. 2. 6. 11; Ter. Haut. 1. 1. 37; Andr. 4. 4. 3.

**apōphlegmatismos**, i, m. a medicine for throwing off phlegm, Cael. Aur. tard. 1. 4. 98; 2. 4. 82.

**apōphrēticum**, adj. as sb. n. the same, Symm. ep. 5. 54.

**apōphrētos**, adj. carried away (as presents to be taken home), porelli ex coptoplaentis, Petr. 40; 2. as sb. n. a present of the kind, Suet. Calig. 55; Vesp. 19; Petr. 56 and 60; title of Martial's 14th book.

**apōphysis**, (al. apopsis), is, f. a term in architecture, Vitr. 4. 7. 3 (bis).

**apōplectus**, adj. struck with apoplexy, Cael. Aur. acut. 1. 15. 123; 3. 5. 54.

**apōplēxia**, ae, f. apoplexy, Cael. Aur. acut. 3. 5. 54. 55 and 57; Capit. Ant. phil. 14. 8.

**apōprognēmos**, *is*, f. to be rejected, Cie. fin. 3. 15.

**apopsis**, is, f. a belvedere, Fronto fer. Als. 3. p. 225 l. 11 Nab.

**apōr** = apud, Paul. ex. F. 26.

**apōria**, ae, f. a rhet. fig., doubt, Charis. p. 287. 3.

**apōriatio**, *ōnis*, f. doubt, Tert. adv. haer. 49; from

**apōrior**, (αποριω), *āri*, vb. doubt, Vulg. Es. 19. 16; Coriuth. 2. 4. 8.

**apōsiōpēsis**, is, f. a breaking off in speech, as: Quos ego... Verg. 1. 135; Quint. 9. 3. 60 and in Gr. S. 3. 85; 9. 2. 54.

**apōsphrāgismos**, *ātis*, n. impression on a signet ring, Plin. ep. 74 (16). 3.

**apōsplēnos**, i, f. rosemary, Apul. herb. 79.

**apōstasia**, ae, f. apostasy, Aug. e. Iul. 56 and 57.

**apōstata**, ae, m. apostate, Th. Cod. 16. 7. 1; Tert. adv. Marc. 5. 11; Sedul. 5. 138.

**apōstasticus**, adj. belonging to apostates, Tert. adv. Marc. 4. 5; Sedul. 5. 375; 2. apostaticus adv. Imp. Iust. ep. ad l. Papam § 1.

**apōstato**, *āre*, (apostata) vb. apostatize, Cypr. ep. 1. 2 ad Corn.

**apōstēma**, *ātis*, n. an absees, Plin. 26. 145; 28. 217 etc.; Veg. 4. 8; Cael. Aur. acut. 2. 14. 93; 2. hence Shakspeare's imposthume.

**apōstolātus**, us, m. office of apostle, Tert. adv. Marc. 1. 20.

**apōstolicus**, adj. of an apostle, Prud. ham. 524; Tert. praeser. adv. haeret. 32.

**apōstolus**, adj. sent off, dismissory, hence apostoli as sb. m. pl. (sc. libelli) letters dismissory of appeal, Mod. 49. 14. 9; 50. 16. 106; Marcian. 49. 6. 1; 2. apostolus, i, as

sb. m. an apostle, Th. C. 9, 17, 6; 16, 8, 14; Prud. ham. 308.

**ἀποστροφῆς**, es, f. a turning off (from the subject), a rhet. fig. = auresio, Quint. 9, 2, 35; esp. in turning round to address an individual, as Quousque tandem... in Cic. Cat. qu. by Quint. 4, 1, 69; ἀποστροφή est in aliquem distracta conversio, Mart. Cap. 171 G, 174, 17 Eyss.

**ἀποστροφος**, i, adj. as sb. m. an apostrophe, to mark the loss of a final, as in: tantum me crimine dignum? Charis. 435, 16 K; (Prisc.) de acc. 520, 11.

**ἀποθήκα**, ae, f. a shop, omnium domos apothecas naves, Cic. Vatin. 12; instructo fundo et bibliotheca et libros contineri; sed si quasi apotheca librorum utebatur, contra erit dicendum, Ulp. dig. 33, 7, 12, 34; 2. hence lt. bottega, Fr. boutique; 3. esp. a store-room for wine, gen. at the top of a house, apothecae recte superponuntur his locis unde fumus exoritur, quoniam una celerius nutescent quae..., Colum. 1, 6, 20; apothecas fuisse et diffundi solita una a. de xxviii urbis, Plin. 14, 94; add 14, 118; qui unum... in apothecam deposuisset, Ulp. dig. 19, 2, 11, 3; add perh. Cic. Phil. 2, 67; cf. maximus unum numerus of § 66; also: neque illic Aut apotheca proeis intacta est, aut pens, Hor. s. 2, 5, 7; 4. ab a., as an office, P. Auidio P. I. Sergia Matrinio Caes. n(ostro) a apothec. triclini, inscr. Or. 2889.

**ἀποθήκαριος**, ii, (apotheca), adj. m. as sb. shopman, or rather taverner, apothecarii ceterique insitiores aliarum mercurio, Cod. Iust. 12, 58, 12 § 3.

**ἀποθήκη**, āre, vb. stow away in an 'apotheca', Venant. cp. praef. 5, 6.

**ἀποθέσις**, is, f. changing into a god, apotheosis, Tert. apol. 34 f.; a poem of Prudentius.

**ἀπάρημεντον**, i, n. an appliance, taur(abolium) fecerunt cum suis hostis (hostis) et apparam(enti)s..., inscr. Or. 2332.

**ἀπάρητε**, s. apparatus.

**ἀπάρητος**, ōnis, f. preparation, popularium munus, Cic. off. 2, 56; of a speech, Cic. inv. 1, 25; add Cornif. ad Her. 1, 12; 2, 7.

**ἀπάρητορ** ? ōris, m. one who prepares, apparat(or) annal. iterum, inscr. Mur. 511, 1.

**ἀπάρητοριον**, ii, adj. n. as sb. a room for preparation, a dining-room ? porticum cum apparatorio... fecerunt, inscr. Or. 4132; ἐπαρτητοριον apparatorium, Gloss.

**ἀπάρητορ-ix**, icis, adj. f. one who prepares, Hier. ep. 18 ad Damas.

1. **ἀπάρητος**, ūs, m. preparing, preparation, sacrorum, Cic. rep. 2, 27; praeccepta dicendi si minorem habent apparatum, tamen..., Brut. 263; operum ac munitionum, Liv. 21, 8, 1; in ipso sacrificii apparatu, Suet. Ner. 46; 2. the things prepared, apparatus, equipment, stores, machines etc., belli instrumento et adparatu, Cic. acaed. pr. 3; apparatus spectatio tollebat omnem hilaritatem... Quid enim delectationis habent secenti nulli in Clytemnestra? fam. 7, 1, 2; captus et apparatus ingens belli; entapultae..., ballistae..., signa, Liv. 26, 47, 5; in reliquo (Darii) adparatu Alexander cepit serinum unguentorum, Plin. 13, 3; argenteo adparatu, 22, 99. 3. esp. of great pomp and display, gen. with an adj. to add the idea, apparatu regio accepti, Cic. rep. 6, 10; delectant magnifici apparatus, off. 1, 25; Persicos apparatus, Hor. od. 1, 38, 1; 4. Hence, say above, G. pracht: splendour; 5. in plur. as in \* above; exhausti conviviurum apparatibus, Tac. h. 2, 62.

2. **ἀπάρητος**, part. and adj. s. apparat.

**ἀπάρητης**, ae, appearance, Tert. adv. Marc. 1, 19.

**ἀπάρητος**, (ad-p.) ēre, ūi, itūrum\* vb. be present before, esp. of attendants, be in waiting, uiaorem legunt qui in ea decuria uiaor apparat quam decuriam uiaorum... quaestoribus ad aerarium apparere oportet oportebit, CIL 202, 9; praeconeum... praeco (the rest the same), 13, w. 4 like passages; Qui tibi postquam apparat aequo aditum in templo tuo, Pomp. ap. Gell. 12, 10, 7; quid sibi illi scribae, quid hietores, quid ceteri quos apparare huic quaestioni uideo uolunt, Cic. Clu. 147; sacerdotes... diuorum iras prouident iisque adparento, leg. 2, 21; quattuor et uiginti

hietores apparere consulibus, Liv. 2, 55, 3; collegis nouem singuli accensi apparebant, 3, 33, 8; Hae (se. Dirae) Iouis ad solium saeuque in limine regis Adparent, Verg. 12, 850;

2. gen. show oneself bodily, put in an appearance, (iam) ego apparere domi, Pl. Capt. 2, 3, 97; mulieres iam ab re diuina credo apparere domi, Poen. 3, 3, 4; an in his (subsilii) me apparere nollem, Cic. Sul. 5; 3. of things, be present, be produced, be visible, appear (but never of false appearances) S. hic patera nulla in cistula est. A. quid ego audio? S. Id quod nernumst. A. at cum cruciata, nisi apparat, tuo. A. Haec quidem apparat, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 161; Ratio quidem apparat hercle: argentum oebetati (oxyra), Trin. 2, 4, 17; angue qui Sulla apparuit immolanti, Cic. div. 2, 65; si qua nauicula apparuisse, Flac. 29; but in Caes. b. 6, 7, S2, 2 appeteret, not appareret; 4. be in existence, really exist, si acum credo quaereres, Acum inuenisses, si appareret, iam diu, Pl. Men. 2, 1, 14; Non tibi illud apparere, si sumas, potest, Trin. 2, 4, 12; Poen. 4, 2, 22; add Truc. 1, 2, 53; 4, 4, 35; 5. take a visible form, esp. appear as the solid produce of labour or money spent, so that there is something to show for it, Verum pro pretio facio ut opera apparat Mea, quo conductus uenio (says a hired cook), Pl. Ps. 3, 2, 60; si ei opus non apparat, Cato r. 2, 2; fac sis nunc promissa appareant, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 20; ut uideam uia rhetoris sit tanta merces, id est, ubi campus Leontinus apparat, Cic. Phil. 2, 84; Cum lamentamur non apparere labores Nostros, that we have nothing to show for our labours, no return in the way of fame, that they have been thrown away, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 224; 6. met. show oneself (itself) beyond I all doubt, prove oneself to be, be placed beyond doubt, be evident, animosus atque Fortis apparat, Hor. od. 2, 10, 22; apparebat atrox cum plebe certamen, Liv. 2, 28, 8; apparuit causa plebi, 2, 31, 11; paulatim rhetorica utilis honestaque apparuit, Suet. rhet. 1; instrumenti eius et suppellectilis parsimonia apparat etiam nunc, Suet. Aug. 73; Res apparat, Ter. Ad. 5, 9, 7; 7. esp. as impers. vb. apparat = φαίνεται (never = δόκεi), be manifest, be certain, as clear as the sun at noon-day, non dissimulat, apparat esse commotum, suulat, pallet, Cic. Phil. 2, 84; quid rectum sit apparat, quid expedit obscuro est, fam. 5, 19, 2; tanta suauitas erat sermonis Latini ut adparent in eo natium quendam leporem esse, Nep. Att. 4, 1; prisuquam tantum roboris esset quantum futurum apparebat, Liv. 1, 14, 4; apparat id quidem etiam caeco, 32, 34, 3; appariturum\* quibus populis proprie societatem cum rege iungi displicuisset, 42, 43, 5; 8. at times like δῆλος εἶναι used pers. w. inf., membra nobis ita data sunt ut ad quandam rationem uiuendi data esse appareant, Cic. fin. 3, 23; apparebant bona esse si..., Sen. prou. 5, 1; quo facilius apparat ita degenerasse a suorum uirtutibus Nero ut..., Suet. Ner. 1; 9. be unmistakably heard, Agite equi, (iam) facite (so B); facitote of the others a solecism) sonitus ungularum apparat, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 113.

**ἀπάρητος**, (ad-p.) ēre, vb. acquire, Lucr. 2, 1110.

**ἀπάρητος**, ōnis, f. office of an apparitor, attendance on a magistrate, Cic. fam. 13, 54; 2. as a collective, body of attendants, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 12; Ammian. 15, 3, 8; Ulp. dig. 4, 2, 23, 3.

**ἀπάρητορ**, ōris, m. [apparat] one in waiting (on a magistrate), as uiaor, praeco, hietor, headle etc., an usher, praetor quom (= cum) soueis uiaoribus apparitoribus, CIL 198, 50; nunquam ego argentum inter apparitores disidi, Cato orat. 37, 16 I; apparitores a praetore assignatos habuisse de eumantem, Cic. Ver. 2, 3, 61; sit hietor non suae sed tuae lenitatis apparitor, ad Q. fr. 1, 13; quis unquam apparitor tam humilis, Phil. 2, 82; rixae specie in se omnes apparitores regios conuertunt, Liv. 1, 40, 5; eiusdem religionis apparitor Gains Ianuarius, inscr. Or. 1896; apparitor Pontificum, 2462; add 2075; 3202; 3219; 4021; Sex. Iulio) Lucano... apparitores fil(erti), inscr. Or. Henz. 5218; add bell. Afr. 37, 1.

**ἀπάρητορ**, ae, f. service as an apparitor, Suet. Gramm. 9.

**ἀπάρητος**, (ad-p.) ēre, vb. get ready (for something to be done) prepare, Nisi quid re praesidi adparas Trachalio, acta haec res est, Pl. Rud. 3, 3, 21; Iussi adparari prandium,



Men. 4, 2, 33; cenam, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 74; conuiuium Cie. Verr. 2, 4, 44; bellum extrema hieme apparuit, inuenta uere suscepti, Manil. 35; quae in Sestium apparantur crimina, Q. fr. 2, 3, 6; nec arma aut bellum quisquam apparare, Liv. 7, 20, 2; 2. w. inf. uah deneren apparas, Pl. As. 2, 4, 28; traicere ex Sicilia apparantem, Suet. Aug. 47; add Stat. Th. 4, 670; II 3. apparatus part. prepared, really, apparatus sum ut uidetis, Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 10; in exordium causa seruandum est ut lenis sit sermo et usitata uerborum consuetudo, ut non apparata oratio esse uideatur, Cornif. ad Her. 11; 4. esp. prepared on a grand scale, grand, magnificent, adparatis accipere epulis, Liv. 23, 4, 3; ludos apparatissimos magnificentissimosque, Cie. Sest. 116; adparatissimas epulas, Sen. ep. 83, 25;

**appellatio**, ōnis, f. speaking to, addressing, bene nactus appellatōnis causam...obsecrare milites coepit, Caes. b. c. 2, 28, 2; 2. a title or name, regum appellatōnes, Cie. dom. 129; qui se patris appellatōne saluantur, Plin. 7, 59; Quint. 11, 3, 35; primi homines rebus appellatōnes dederunt, 8, 3, 30; 3. in grammar, a substantive, in saturata est: (Pers. 1, 8) nostrum istud uerbo...cum infinito uerbo sit usus pro appellatōne, nostrum enim uitam uit intellegi, Quint. 9, 3, 9; quaedam uerba appellatōnis similia, 1, 4, 28; but some limited appellatio, using uocabulum pro corpus uisus tactusque manifestum, 1, 4, 20; while for Diomedes 320, 17 K a. is a general term, communis similitudinum rerum enuntiatio, ut homo uir femina; 4. pronuntiatio, litterarum, Cie. Brut. 259; Quint. 11, 3, 35; II 5. in law, an appeal, tribunorum (to the tribunes), Cie. Quint. 65; appellatio prouocatioque aduersus iniuriam magistratuum, Liv. 3, 56, 13; add 42, 34, 15; 2, 35, 2; Suet. Aug. 33; Cal. 16; Nero 17; Ulp. aut Macer de appellatōibus, dig. 49, 1, 1 and 2; cognoscenti ad sac. ap., inser. Or. 351f.

**appellatūsus**, adj. in gram. a. nomen, a noun of general power, either res corporales or ut homo or incorporeas as pietas, says Charis. 153, 1 K; and Dion. 322, 6.

**appellator**, ōris, m. one who appeals, appellant, Cie. Verr. 2, 4, 146; Paul. 5, 4, 18.

**appellatōrius**, adj. of appeal, libelli, Ulp. dig. 49, 1, 1, 4; Marc. 49, 1, 5, 4; tempora, Ulp. 49, 5, 5.

**appellatio**, are, vb. frq. call, a duce suo Caelio ita appellatūsus, Claud. imp. ap. inser. Grut. 503, col. 1, l. 22; montem Caesium appellatūsus a Caele Viennā, Tac. an. 4, 65; add Gell. 18, 9 f.

1. **appello**, āre, vb. (cf. compello āre) speak to, address, Sic salutas atque appellas, quasi non dudum uideris, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 51; paucis Euclio st quo te uolo De communi re appellare, Aul. 2, 2, 23; nam quo ore appellabo patrem? Ter. Haut. 4, 3, 22; homines appellare superbius, Cie. agr. 2, 63; quum singulas legiones appellaret, Caes. b. g. 7, 17, 4; 2. call (a person) by (his) name, si appellasses, respondisset nomini, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 82; ne me istoc posthac nomine appellasses, Ter. Phorm. 5, 1, 15; O Spartace, quem enim te potius appellem, Cie. Phil. 13, 22; 3. address as, call, Non patrem ego te nominem, ubi tu tuam me appelles filiam, Pl. Epid. 4, 2, 18; Deiotarus rex ab senatu appellatus est, Cie. Att. 5, 17, 3; add Caes. b. g. 7, 4, 5; nec dubitare illum in omni sermone appellare sapientem, Cie. am. 1; 4. of things, call, suo quaque rei nomine Cie. fam. 9, 22, 1; fruges Cererem appellamus unum Librum, N. D. 2, 60; ex maiore parte unam quaque rem appellari, Tusc. 5, 23; in uico qui appellatur Octodurus, Caes. b. g. 3, 1, 4; s appellatio; 5. name in speaking or writing, mention, nunquam Pompeium nisi honorificentissimē appellat, Cie. fam. 6, 6, 10; utinam eodem iure in aedibus qua in lege non appellatur, Caecin. 54;

6. esp. address for payment of a debt, si debuisset, petisses statim...Biennio iam confecto appellas, Cie. Quint. 40; appellatus es de pecunia quam debebas, Phil. 2, 71; add Att. 16, 24 f.; optima nomina non appellando fieri mala Alf. ap. Colum. 1, 7, 2; 7. in law, appeal to, a praetore tribunos appellare, Cie. Quint. 64; tribuni appellabantur, ib. 63; tribunos appellauit, Liv. 3, 56, 5; add 9, 26, 10; 8. in later wr. w. ad, ciuem R. ante ad populum, nunc ad imperatorem appellantem, Paul. 5, 26, 1; II 9. pronounce, litteras, Cie. Brut. 133; s. appellatio § 4.

2. **appello**, (adp.) ēre, pūli, pulsus, vb. drive to, Visus in somnis pastor ad me adpellere Pecos, Acc. ap. Cie. dir. 1, 44; oves ad bibendum, Varr. r. 2, 2, 11; add 2, 5, 15; scrutatum ad aquam appellendi, Papin. dig. 3, 3, 4; add Ulp. 43, 20, 1, 18; 2. of dead matter, si quis ferrum appulit, Sen. contr. 1, 2, 3, p. 68, l. 18 Burs.; 3. met. drive to, bring to, me ad probrum, Pl. Bac. 3, 1, 11; ad mortem me, As. 3, 3, 43; animum ad scribendum, Ter. Andr. pr. 1; animum ad uxorem, 2, 6, 15; II 4. esp. drive or bring (a ship) to (land), cum classem ad Delum appulissent, Cie. Verr. 2, 1, 48; appellitur nauis Syracusas, 2, 5, 64; locum quo naues appelli iusserat, Caes. b. g. 7, 60f.; add 5, 13, 1; b. c. 1, 26, 1; 2, 23, 1; eo anno Epiri regem in Italian classem appulisse, Liv. 8, 3, 6; add 28, 42, 3; nauem ad ripas, Gai. dig. 1, 8, 5; 5. w. dat., Hinc me...uestris deus appulit oris, Verg. 3, 715; ripae appulsus est, Vell. 2, 107, 2; nauigia littori appellunt, Curt. 4, 2, 24;

6. absol. (so understood) ad insulam appulerunt, Liv. 37, 21, 7; Ansonius...exercitus adpulit oris, Verg. 7, 39; huc appelle, Hor. s. 1, 5, 12; tremis terram appulit, Tac. an. 2, 24; nauis Dertosam appulit, Suet. Galb. 10; add Tit. 5; Ner. 27;

7. met. timide, tanquam ad aliquid libidinis scopulum, sic tuam mentem ad philosophiam appulisti, Cie. or. 2, 154; Quo nunquam pennis appellunt corpora raucae Cornices, Lucr. 6, 751; and perh. (in the mouth of a fisherman) ad ignotum arbitrium me adpellis, Pl. Rud. 4, 3, 104; and laud auspicato huc me appuli, Ter. Andr. 4, 5, 12.

**appendeo** ? resting only on appendeas in a corrupt pass. of Apic. 8, 386 Schuch.

**appendicium**, ii (appendix) n. doub. dim. a small appendage or attendant, Hier. ep. 10; Cacl. Aur. chron. 4, 8, 118; 5, 4, 64.

**appendicula**, ae, f. doub. dim. the same, Cie. Rab. post. 8.

**appendix**, (adp.) icis, f. dim. a smaller body hanging or attached to another, an appendage, Psyche resurgens (Cupidinis) crure arrepto subimis appendix (when carried aloft by him), Apul. M. 5, 24, 1; infantulum eodem funiculo nectit seque appendicem parulum trahens praecepit, 8, 22; 2. met. Varr. r. 1, 16, 1; 3, 9, 2; Cie. ap. Non. 42, 6; Liv. 9, 41, 16; 21, 5, 11; 39, 27, 5; 3. a barberry-bush, berberis uulgaris Linn. Plin. 24, 114.

**appendo**, (ad-p.) ēre, pendī, pensus, vb. weigh before or to (as gold etc. in handing it to another), tanti aerui nummorum construat ut iam appendatur (al. exp.) non numeretur pecuniae, Cie. Phil. 2, 97; appendit aurum (aurifici), Verr. 2, 4, 56; si tibi optima fide omnia concessit annumerant appendit, Rose. Am. 144; add Liv. 5, 49, 1; pater puellae id aurum in dotem uiro adpendit, Ulp. dig. 23, 3, 34;

2. met. non ea (that is uerba) me adnumerare lectori...sed tanquam appendere, Cie. opt. g. or. 14.

**Appennini-cōia**, ae, m. inhabitant of the Appennine, Verg. 11, 700.

**Appennini-gēna**, ae, m. child of the Appennine, Ov. M. 15, 433; Claud. VI cons. Hon. 505.

**Appenninus**, m. the Appennine mountain, Vertice se attollens pater Appenninus ad auras, Verg. 12, 703.

**appensor**, ōris, m. one who weighs before (another), August. Cresc. 3, 73.

**appetens**, appetenter, see appeto.

**appētētia**, (adp.) ae, f. desire to get to, eagerness for, appetite, ut libido effrenatam appetentiam efficiat, Cie. Tusc. 4, 15; cibi, Plin. 19, 127; ciborum, 23, 38.

**appētibilis**, e, adj. desirable, Apul. dogm. Pl. 2, 12; Macrobr. 1, 1 praef. 1, 4.

**appētissio**, (petessus), ēre, vb. keep going to, uetera discidia, Acc. ap. Non. 237, 22.

**appētitiō**, (adp.) ōnis, f. trying to get at, solis, Cie. div. 1, 46; appetitio, eam enim esse uoluum esse *δρῶν*, quia id appetimus quod est usum, Cie. acad. pr. 2, 4. animi, fin. 3, 23; add N. D. 3, 33; appetitiones, off. 2, 18; principatus, 1, 13; alieni, 3, 30; add Sen. ep. 124, 3; 2. absol. appetite (for food) Gell. 16, 3, 2; Cacl. Aur. 5, 4, 135.

**appētitor**, ōris, m. one who desires to get at, one eager

for, boni linteaminis, Lamp. Al. Sev. 40, 10; laudum, Aum. 25; 5 (2).

**appētītus**, ūs, m. desire to get at, eagerness for, reprehendat barbaricus appetitus, Ann. 30, 5; 2. met. eagerness for, appetite, animi, Cic. N. D. 2, 34; add off. 1, 101; 3. pl. passions, ut appetitus rationi obediunt, ib. 102.

1. **appēto**, ōnis, m. one who is eager for, Laber. ap. Non. 74, 8.

2. **appēto**, (ad-p.) ēre, iui, itus, vb. go to, come to, approach, ita me amor... fugat, agit, appetit, Pl. Cist. 2, 1, 8; 2. of time, approach, draw near, illae... propinqua partitudo quoque appetit, Pl. Aul. 1, 1, 36; dies adpetebat septimum quem ad diem ad legionem reuerſi conſtituerat, Caes. b. g. 6, 35, 1; quum lux appeteret, 7, 82, 2; 3. try to get at, Set procellam sese in mensam dimidiati dum appetunt (sc. cibos), Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 167; (puer) mammam appetens, Cic. div. 2, 85; ter eum frustra adpetuisse manibus, 1, 47; 4. in a hostile sense, attack, aim at, utrum cum Cottam appeteret an... telum e manibus ereptum est, Cic. ap. Quint. 5, 10, 69; uitam meam... appetam, Cic. Plane. 71; (ales) os oculoque hostis rostro et unguibus adpetit, Liv. 7, 26, 5; 5. met. try to attain, desire eagerly, covet, bona natura appetimus, Cic. Tusc. 4, 13; id non modo non recusem, sed etiam adpetam, Phil. 3, 35; regnum, Caes. b. g. 7, 4, 1; 6. w. inf. agere aliquid, Cic. fin. 5, 55; scandere thalamos, Stat. Th. 1, 233; 11 7. appetens as adj. eager for, appetentes gloriae, Cic. Man. 7; alieni, Sal. Cat. 5, 4; iuni, Plin. 31, 69; 8. comp. nihil est adpetentius similibus sui, Cic. am. 50; adpetentior famae, Tac. h. 4, 6; 9. sup. adpetentissimi honestatis, Cic. Tusc. 2, 58; tui, Plin. ep. 7, 31, 7; 10. absol. greedy, covetous, ambitious, Nullus homo non cupidus neque adpetens, Cic. agr. 2, 20; non appetitis (animi), non audi signa, or. 2, 182; 11. appetenter adv. eagerly, ne cupide quid agerent, ne appetenter, off. 1, 33; add Apul. M. 7, 11, p. 564.

**Appiāns**, adj. of Appius, libido, Liv. 3, 51, 12; caedes, Tac. an. 11, 29; māla, Plin. 15, 49; 2. Appianum as sb. n. a cheap green colour, Plin. 35, 48.

**Appiās**, adis, adj. f. of Appian, as a Gr. word, Cic. fam. 1, 3, 1; a statue of a nymph throwing out water near the temple of Venus by the side of the Appian aqueduct, Ov. a. 1, 82; 3, 452; 2. a title of Venus from this temple, Ov. rem. am. 660.

**Appiētas**, ātis, f. the being an Appius, a term invented half in joke, together with Lentalitas, by Cic. fam. 3, 7, 5; **appingo**, (ad-p.) ēre, add in painting, delphinum silinis, Hor. ep. 2, 3, 30; 2. met. Cic. Att. 2, 8 f.

**Appius**, adj. and sb. (= Accius and Attius from praen. Atta or Attus) name of a gens, Appios consul, CIL 40; Ti. Claud. Ti. f. Ap. n., 448 on a denar; architectus (sic) Hospes Appiai ser., 1216; Appius indixit... bellum, Enn. an. 230; Cicero Appio imp. s. d., Cic. fam. 3, 1; censura Appii Claudii et C. Plautii, Liv. 9, 29, 6; 2. Appia uia, the great road to Capua made by Appius the Censor, uia quae nunc Appia est, 7, 39, 16; add 22, 1, 12; Frontin. 1, 5; 3. Appia aequa, an aqueduct built by him, Frontin. 1, 5.

**applare**, see apalare.

**applaudo**, or gdo (ad-p.) ēre, ausi, ausus or ōsus, vb. strike with flat surface (as the open hand) against, slap, applauso corpore palmis, Ov. M. 4, 352; applauso tela sonat latere, Tib. 2, 1, 66; nec qui cernis anaret Applausae blandos sonitus, Sil. 16, 358; add Nemes. 3, 33; 2. dash against, onum adplausum ad terram fregisset, Spart. A. Get. 3, 3; seriam adplausam fregit, Lampr. Hel. 6, 7; calchibus (anum) adplodo terrae, Apul. M. 6, 27; 3. esp. clap (the hands) in approval, applaud, Verum si uoltis adplaudere atque adprobare hunc gregem et fabulum, in crastinum uos uoco, Pl. Ps. 5, 2, 32; add Pers. 5, 2, 13; but in Bac. 5, 2, 93; Men. 5, 9, 100; and Cic. Sest. 115 the simple vb. has best support.

**applausor** f. in Plin. pan. 46 read plausor with Keil. **applausus**, sb.? in Cic. div. 2, 104 plausu now stands. **applex**, icis? closely applied, whence comp. (if text be right) appliciore nexu, Apul. M. 10, 22.

**applicatio**, ōnis, f. attachment, animi, Cic. am. 27;

2. in law, ius applicationis (by a foreigner to a Roman patronus for protection), Cic. or. 1, 177.

**applicatus**, see

**ap-plico**, (ad-p.) āre, āui, ātus, or ui, itus, vb. lit. bring one flat surface into contact with another (as in: Apply the  $\triangle ABC$  to the  $\triangle DEF$ ), place or lay flat on or against, clap on, bring alongside, bring into close contact with, linamenta sole atque aceto imbuta applicuntur (sc. ungulis boum), Colum. 6, 12, 23; si catuli primum uideant adplicentur stomacho... transire nini morbi, Plin. 30, 64; aurum uolueratis aplicare, 33, 84; cum ad flammam se applicauerunt, sine gemitu adficerunt (sc. fakes), Cic. Tusc. 5, 77; ad eas se (arbores) adplicant (alcers)—lean against, Caes. b. g. 6, 27, 3; (pullus) auribus applicatis, Varr. r. 2, 7, 5; dum corpora (so Maiv. ej.) corporibus applicant, Liv. 23, 27, 7; ut Romani sinistram (cornu) ad oppidum applicarent, 27, 2, 5; castra flumini applicuit, 32, 30, 5; Impresso genu nitens terrae adplicit ipsum, Verg. 12, 303; Osenlaque adplicit positio suprema ferebro, Ov. F. 4, 851; Applique hunc (sc. asellum) ulmo, 3, 750; sudarium ad os, Suet. Ner. 25; 2. esp. of shipping, bring alongside and so gen. bring (to land), adplicitis nostris ad terram nautibus, Caes. b. c. 3, 101, 5; nauem ad uen (naufraugum natantem) dum applicauerunt, Cic. inv. 2, 153; ad Heraeum quod uocant nauis applicuit, Liv. 33, 17, 2; ut ancoris positis terrae applicaret naues, 28, 17, 13; in Erythraeam classem applicuerunt, 37, 12, 10; quae uis (sc. te) immani bus applicat oris? Verg. 1, 620; Chiaae telluris ad oras Applique, Ov. M. 3, 508; and met. Threes regionibus applicat angues, 7, 223; but in Cic. Phil. 2, 26, appulisset now, not applicuisset; 3. also absol. (se or nauem understood), dum applicant, dum exponunt scalas militesque, Liv. 26, 44, 11; add 44, 32, 8; Hercules ad litus Amazonum applicuit, Iustin. 2, 4, 21; quo applicuiti erant, saxis proscripti curant... 2, 12, 2; ad terram applicant, b. hisp. 37, 3; and even w. mere acc., per mare Asiam applicare, Ulp. 1, 16, 4, 5; 4. also of vine training, adminiculo samentum, Colum. 4, 4, 2; arundines nitellus, 4, 12, 1; uetustae (ulmo) uitem, 5, 6, 18; palmites trunco, 6, 6, 24; and perh. met. from vine-training, Ipsi animum agrotum ad deteriorum partem plerumque adplicit, bends, Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 22; 5. a. aurem, present the ear for better hearing, lend an ear, Lyde quibus obstinatas Applique aures, Hor. od. 3, 11, 8; uotis puerorum amicae Applique aures, c. s. 72; 6. employ, devote, attach, inutilissimus quisque huic officio applicatur, Colum. 3, 10, 6; quod non idoneum seruauit rei communi applicuerit, Pomp. dig. 10, 45, 1; 7. applicare se etc., come alongside, attach oneself to, stick to, apply to, se applicant (sc. meretrices aduenis) agglutinant, Pl. Men. 2, 2, 67; ille egens forte adplicit (ad. ap.) Primum ad Chrysidis patrem se, Ter. Andr. 5, 4, 21; hi se ad uos adplicant, Haut. 2, 4, 13; me ad Molonem applicui, Cic. Brut. 316; in omnem causam se applicuit, mixed himself up with, Paul. dig. 19, 2, 54;

8. w. abstract obj. devote oneself to, ad frugem adp. animam, Pl. Trin. 2, 1, 35; si quis sese ad conuiuia applicaret, Cato 83, 3 I; Repente ad studium hunc se applicasse musicum, Ter. Haut. pr. 23; ad uirtutem, Cic. am. 48; ad philosophiam, ad ins ciuile, ad eloquentiam, off. 1, 115; 9. also applicari, apply, be applicable, quamuis eisdem talia crimina adplicerentur, Plin. ep. 58 (66), 4; usurae adplichebantur, Paul. dig. 22, 1, 17, 7; add 19, 2, 54; illa demonstratio (the term) muliebria neque uesti neque uideantur applicari potest, Plautius dig. 34, 2, 8; 10. as vb. intr. (se understood) apply, Arce et urbe arca sum, quo accedam? quo applicem? Cic. poet. Tusc. 3, 44; see § 3;

11. applicui in Ter. and Cic.\*; add Clu. 46 and 66; or. 255; so explicari rather than explicui, cf. Gell. 1, 7, 20; applicatus in Caes. Varr. and at times in Colum. as 4, 6, 3; 5, 6, 12; but applicitus 4, 22, 1.

**applodo**, see applaudo.

**apploro**, (ad-pl.) āre, vb. howl or wail before, to or over (a person), querebar applorans tibi, Hor. epod. 11, 12; cum iam adploraueris (compl. 7) merces, Senec. n. q. 4, 2, 6.

**appluo**? In Plin. 9, 56 editors w. best mss affluat.

1. **appōno**, (ab-p.) ēre, pōsui (old pōsui), pōsitus, vb. [ab down=S, ava, ab of (G. abwärts) set down, put down, Apponam herede urnam iam ego hanc in media via, Pl. Rud. 2, 5, 14; S. At onus urget. M. At tu appone et respice ad me. S. Feecor. Poen. 4, 2, 35; Hic apponit atque abite ab oculis, (sc. stactam atque ignem), Truc. 2, 5, 24; Accipe a me hunc oculus Atque ante nostram ianuam appone, Ter. Andr. 3, 3, 10; D. Paer herelst. Mulier tu (ass tuu) apposuit hunc? M. Vbi illic est? 4, 4, 3; add 4, 4, 24; but in 4, 4, 34 positum v. xss, at istos rastros interea tamen Appone, ne labora, Haut, 1, 1, 37; gladium propter apponit, Cie. inv. 2, 14; cum semel feruerit, abpones? (take it off the fire, and set it down), Apic. 65; cf. cum feruerit iterum ac tertio, depones, § 67;—in this sense Paerius proposed to write *apōno*; 2. set down in book-keeping. C. Quia boni malique in ea re pars tibi est. S. Partem alteram Tibi permitto: illam alteram apud me. quod bonist, apponito, Pl. Trin. 4, 3, 60; Cum is nihil mereat, postulare id gratiae apponi sibi, Ter. Andr. 2, 1, 31; Quem Fors dixerit cunque dabit, lucto Appone, Hor. od. 1, 9, 15.

2. **appōno**, [ad-p., at-p.] ēre, pōsui (old pōsui) pōsitus, vb. [ad before, to] set before, place before, cedo aquam manibus pueri: appone hie mensulam, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 150; mensam, Pers. 5, 1, 17; As. 5, 1, 2; Dum ego haec appono Voleam ad uiolentiam, Men. 2, 2, 55; inter paucos palam secreto narratur: at Domitius cum manus ad os apposuit (as one whispering), Cael. ad Cie. S. 1, 4; eueniam foco adposui, Petr. 135; 2. esp. of food or dishes, set before, serve up, Apponunt rumicem brassicam betam blitum, Pl. Ps. 3, 2, 26; Madida quae mai adposita in mensa buliniam suggerant, Men. 1, 3, 29; pernam quidem Meliust adponi frigidam postridi, Men. 1, 3, 26; add Men. 4, 4, 39; Mil. 3, 1, 163; cenam, Amph. 2, 2, 172; Mil. 3, 1, 158; Trin. 2, 4, 60; Ter. Ph. 2, 2, 28; adduxit legatos ad cenam: hie apposuit tantum quod satis esset, nullo apparatu, Cie. Tusc. 5, 91; cenam isti dabat...apposuit patellam in qua sigilla erant egregia, Verr. 2, 4, 48; cenabat apud eum, argentum ille ceterum purum apponit, ib. 2, 4, 49; quid te in nasis fiticibus appositurum putem, Att. 6, 1, 13; add 14, 6, 1; 14, 21, 4; ne pamis adustus Ne male conditus is apponatur, Hor. s. 2, 8, 69; aprum, Plin. S. 210; pridiana saepe ac semesa obsonia apposuit, Suet. Tib. 34; add Caes. 43; Cal. 37; Cl. 32; Galb. 12; Vit. 13; 3. place or set near, add, set to; columinae machina apposita deiecit, Cie. Verr. 2, 1, 145; iam multifariam scalis appositis urbem eo die defenderunt, Liv. 37, 5, 1; candelam apponere ualuis, Liv. 9, 98; aure ad glaciem adposita concietate crassitudinem gelus, Plin. S. 103; anemoniae menstrua dient uellere adpositae, 21, 165; qui notam apponas ad malum uersum, Cie. Pis. 73; ut notam apponam eam quae mihi tecum conuenit, fam. 13, 6, 3; notas, Quint. 11, 2, 28; quum dempsisset caudam appositam tantum, Litura tamen inquit exstet, Suet. Cl. 16; syllabis apicem, 1, 7, 2; 4. in gram. attach as an epithet, epitheton, quod detracto eo cui adponitur, ualet pro nomine, Tydides, Quint. S. 6, 29; 5. met. add. Ad tua praeccepta de meo nihil hie nouum adposui, Pl. Mil. 3, 3, 31; Quid ego quod perit petam? Nisi etiam laborem ad damnum apponam, Pl. Trin. 4, 3, 18; illi quos tibi dempsit Apponet annos, Hor. od. 2, 5, 15; si exemplum apposerimus, Gell. 1, 13, 9; 6. set to, qui uitis modum apponit, Cie. Tusc. 4, 42; 7. w. acc. and dat. of persons, place alongside of, set over, appoint to control or deal with, custodem Tullio me apponite, Cie. Caecil. 51; Lartium moderatorem et magistrum consilium appositum, Liv. 2, 18, 6; rectorem aetate paruis ac mente lapsis, Suet. Aug. 48; Tonantem pro ianitore ei appositum, 91; hunc custos appositus occidit, Tib. 22; superintendunt sibi appositum ut se coerceret, conuenit, Cie. Nep. 2, 35; add Cal. 41; adpositi erant custodes qui... ps. Nep. Diom. 4, 5; 8. met. put forward, apply or employ as a tool, put forward fraudulently, suborn, accusator apponitur cuius Romanus, Cie. Verr. 2, 1, 74; add 2, 5, 108; calumniatores, 2, 2, 26; praeruaricatores, Phil. 2, 25; 9. phrase, ad controuersiam manum a., set hand to, deal with, Sen. contr. 4, 25 (so Forc.); 10. appositus, placed near, lying near, regio

mari adposita, Plin. 3, 126; (platanus) itineri, 12, 9; castellum fluminis, Tac. an. 2, 7; 11. met. near, akin (to), audacia non contrarium (identice) sed appositum est ac propinquum, et tamen nitium, Cie. inv. 2, 165; 12. hence suited, fit, adapted (to), menses ad agendum appositos, Cie. Verr. 2, 1, 30; homo hunc ap. ad istius audaciam, 2, 5, 108; multo appositior a.l., quam ad... 2, 4, 126; loco minime apposito ad..., Att. 3, 14, 2; add inv. 2, 112 and 117; ad pecuariam Galii appositissimi, maxime ad iumenta, Varr. r. 1, 2, 4; appositissimae ad partum amniculae (gallinae) aut bimae, 3, 9, 9; add 1, 7, 5; 1, 23, 1, 2, 7, 5; add Quint. 3, 11, 9; 5, 8, 1; 13. apt, prone, inclined (to), iuri magis an aequo, 4, 3, 11; 14. appositum as sb. n. an epithet (επιθετον), a word in apposition, ex adpositis (epitheta dicuntur), ut dulcis musti et cum dentibus albis Quint. 8, 2, 10; add 2, 14, 3; S. 6, 41 and 43; 15. apposite, adv. suitably, to the purpose, ad persuasionem, Cie. inv. 1, 6; ad sanandum, ib.; add Quint. 2, 15, 5; Gell. 2, 23, 11.

**apporrigo**, ēre, rectus, vb. spread out before, only in perf. part., Infantemque uident apporrectumque draconem, Ov. M. 2, 561.

**apporatio**, (adp.) ōnis, f. carriage to (a place), Vitr. 2, 9, 16.

**apporto**, (adp.) āre, vb. carry (what is heavy) to, Magnasque adportauisse diuitias domum, Pl. Stic. 3, 1, 11; signa ex urbe hostium capta populo Romano apportauit, Cie. Verr. 2, 1, 57; lapis caedendus et apportandus fuit machina sua, 2, 1, 147; 2. hence import from abroad, quae sunt usui ad armandas naues ex Hispania apportari iubet, Caes. b. g. 5, 1, 4; add Varr. r. 3, 14, 4; Plin. 35, 43; 3. met. of what is important, Perit, tu quidem thesaurum huc adportauisti mihi, Pl. Merc. 1, 2, 51; Tantum a portu adporto bonum, tam gaudium grande adfero, Stic. 2, 1, 23; add 2, 2, 15; Most. 2, 2, 34; Edepol senectus, si nil quicquam aliud uili Adportes tecum, cum aduenis, unum id sciat est, Caecil. ap. Cie. sen. 25; Ei uero nequid Andria adportet mali, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 46; cur anni tempora morbos Adportant, Lucr. 5, 220; so for all-important approach of Jupiter, huc aduentum adporto, Pl. Amph. 3, 1, 5.

**apposco**, see adposco.

**apposite**, see 2. appono § 15.

**appositio**, (adp.) ōnis, f. placing near, application, euecturatae, Cie. Am. acut. 3, 5, 59; 5, 4, 74 and 76;

2. met. similitum, Quint. 5, 11, 1; erimilis, Lampr. Comm. 5, 15.

**appositus**, (adp.) ūs, m. the same, only in abl., Plin. 23, 163; 24, 22 and 24; add Arnob. 2, 67.

**ap-pōtus**, (ad intens.) part. or adj. well-primed with wine, Credo edepol equidem dormire solent atque apotum probe, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 126; Vel ego amare utramuis possim, si probe apotum siem, Rud. 2, 7, 8; Postquam cenati atque apoti, talos poscit sibi in manum, Curc. 2, 3, 75; Inde bene apotus...domum ire coepi, fr. 116 Delph.; add as quoted by Gell. 6 (7), 7, 6.

**ap-prēhendo**, (ad-p.—also adprae.\* and adprendo?) ēre, ndi, nsus, vb. [ad=an=ava, up; or ad to?] take up, catch hold of, catch, seize, Si in mari rete apprehendi (prehendi Fl.), qui tuum potius quam meum? Pl. Rud. 4, 4, 27; Alterum (sc. augum) altera apprehendit (pr. Fl.) eos manu perneciter, Amph. 5, 1, 64; inimici. Quos neque ut adprehendas (al. adprehend.) neque ut mittas scias, Caecil. ap. Gell.; uites sic clauiculis adminicula tanquam manibus adprehendunt...ut animantes, Cie. N. D. 2, 120; atomorum quae cohaerescunt inter se et aliae alias adprehendentes continentur, 1, 54; araneus morsu cerebrum (serpentis) adprehendit, Plin. 10, 206; add 11, 83; 32, 11; quantum adprehenderit tres digiti, 20, 162; ut eum (qui) mancipio accipit adprehendere id ipsum quod ei mancipio datur, necesse sit, Gai. 1, 121; ramos, Quint. 1, 2, 26; Et nebulis similes animas adprehenderet certat, Sil. 13, 653; 2. esp. w. acc. of person, take up, apprehend, arrest, make prisoner, uin hanc ego adprehendam? Pl. Poen. 5, 4, 56; qui fugitum adpraehendit.\* Ulp. dig. 11, 4, 1, 3; si (fl.) cum re furtina fuerit apprehensus, 47, 2, 3, 2; cum posset apprehendere (furem), maluit occidere, 9, 2, 5; add 48, 5, 23,

4; a militibus apprehensum sum, Gell. 5, 14, 26; 3. in milit. lang., take possession of (a place), seize, Haspianus, Cic. Att. 10, 8, 2; Pharus, Caes. b. c. 3, 112 (al. prehensit and so Nipp); 4. met. as of ideas, or argument, seize or take hold of (a point), ut quidque ego adprehenderam, statim extorquebat e manibus, Cic. Cln. 52; hoc, nisi cum iudicio adprehenditur, nocet, Quint. 10, 2, 3; in hoc de quo loquimur patre quid adprehendi (so M: Halu adprehendi) potest? 1, 7, 55; 5. in law, comprehend, include, embrace, cover, puto heredem quoque tutoris extraneum sententia adprehendi, Call. dig. 23, 2, 64, 1; omnes causae una petitione adprehenduntur, Paul. 44, 2, 14, 2; add 28, 2, 11; 6. personam filii—assume, lul. dig. 45, 1, 56, 2; 7. apprehend, comprehend, understand, Tert. Valent. 11; Cacl. Aur. acut. 3, 15; 8. for short form apprehens etc., add to passages marked † Stat. 3, 4, 43.

**apprehensibilis**, e, adj. perceptible, Cacl. Aur. acut. 3, 15, 123; Tert. Valent. 11.

**apprehensio**, (adp.) ōnis, f. laying hold of, Macr. s. 3, 2, 9; 2. perception, diagnosis, Cacl. Aur. acut. 1, 8, 55; 2, 28, 147.

**apprendo**, see apprehendo.

**apprenso**, (ad-p.) āre, vb. frq. keep seizing hold of, Grat. Cyn. 239.

**apprēto**, āre, vb. set a value on, appraise, Tert. res. caru. 9 and 20.

**apprīmūlus**, adj. dim. of apprīmus; adj. m. as sb. a cognomen, C. Auidilo Apprimulo, inser. Grut. 318, 4.

**apprīmus**, (adp.) adj. among the first, Liv. Andr. ap. Gell. 7, 7, 11; 11 2. apprine, adv. among the first, one of the most—, (genere) a. probio, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 92; homo a. probus, Rud. 3, 4, 30; a. nobilis, Epid. 1, 2, 6; a. utile, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 34; a. obsequentem, Hec. 2, 2, 5; a. summo genere gnatus, Claud. Q. ap. Gell. 7, 11, 7; a. boni, Nep. Att. 13, 4; homo a. doctus, Varr. r. 3, 2, 17; a. eruditus, Apul. de d. Socr. 23.

**apprōbātio**, (adp.) ōnis, f. approbation, approval, Cic. Brut. 185; Tusc. 2, 3; off. 1, 98; Liv. 23, 23, 7; 2. additional proof, confirmation, adiungere approbationem propositioni, Cic. inv. 6, 62; in qua assumptio indiget approbationis, 66; add Cornif. 2, 9.

**apprōbator**, (adp.) ōnis, m. one who approves, approver, protectionis meae, Cic. Att. 16, 7, 2; huius uerbi, Gell. 5, 21, 6.

**approbe**? see approbus.

**approbō**, (ad-p.) āre, vb. prove to be good or right before (a person), as a contractor before a censor etc., non ueretur, ne hoc meum officium P. Servilio iudici non approbem, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 82 (al. probem); Opus adprobavit (Simonides), sed mercedis tertiam accepit partem, Phaedr. 4, 25, (24), 11; opus regi adprobavit (Archimedes), Vitr. 9, 9; 2. gen. prove to be right, prove, demonstrate, justify, confirm, hoc quia ipsum ex se perspicitur... nihil attinet approbari, Cic. inv. 1, 65; operam suam in adprobanda excusatione offerre, Tac. Agr. 42; prima castrorum rudimenta Suetonio diligenti duci adprobavit, ib. 5; approbata morum indole, Suet. Aug. 8; paenitentiam prioris setae 12; 3. w. inf., id uidebatur approbare quod erat in extremo, febribus tum te habentem scripsisse, Cic. Att. 6, 9, 1; motu corporum uerere eos adprobant, Plin. 9, 176; degenerasse eum a civili more, Suet. Aug. 17; 11 4. admit to be good or right, sanction, approve, what a contractor has done, si in lege locationis comprehensum sit, ut arbitrati domini opus adprobetur, Paul. dig. 19, 2, 24; opus quod averseione locatum est donec adprobetur, conductoris periculum est, Florent. dig. 19, 2, 36; 5. of heavenly approval, sanction, ratify, approve, and so bless, Inae ut me (sc. Mercurium) uoluptis approbare... Ita huic factis fabulae silentium, Pl. Amph. pr. 13; dis...gratias nos agere...Cum nostram pietatem approbant, Pl. Poen. 5, 4, 85; quod actum est adprobent, Cic. fam. 2, 15, 2; add Att. 6, 6, 1; Masis omnibus approbantibus, 7, 23, 2; 6. gen. approve, sanction, Verum si uolitis applaudere atque adprobare Hunc gregem, Pl. Trin. 5, 2, 32; non satis est tunc te officium facere fama si non adprobat, Ter. Ph. 4, 5, 12; approbata sententia, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 1, 2; orationem,

Caes. b. g. 7, 21, 1; clamore donum, Liv. 7, 37, 2; add 7, 41, 1; si tribuni innocentiam adprobauerant, retinebat ordinem, Tac. an. 1, 44 f.

**ap-prōbus**, (adp.) adj. [ad intens.] very good, Hierocles hospes est mi adulescens adprobatus, Caecil. ap. Gell. 7, 7, 9; 2. approbē, adv.? very well, Mihi concederet ni me ille et ego illum nonissem approbe (so ci., ass aprobe, probe); and this perh. rightly! Pl. Tr. 4, 2, 115.

**ap-prōmissor**, (adp.) ōnis, m. [appromitto] one who promises in addition, who backs or endorses an engagement, satis-acceptio est stipulatio quae ita obligat promissorem, satis-acceptio quoque ab eo accipiuntur, i.e., qui idem promittunt, Pomp. dig. 45, 1, 5, 2; si reum maritus accepit adpromissorem, Ulp. dig. 24, 3, 64, 4; add 46, 3, 43.

**ap-prōmitto**, īre, vb. [ad] promise in addition, endorse an engagement, cum ille confirmaret sese...traditum, cumque id ita futurum T. Roscius Capito...appromitteret, crediderunt, Cic. Rose. Am. 26.

**ap-prōno**, āre, [ab = S. a. va down] bend down—hence a. se, stoop, complicitus in genua apronatus se (to drink out of a lake), Apul. M. 1, 19.

**ap-prōpero**, (ad-p.) āre, vb. trans. quicken the pace of, coepit opus adproprium est, Liv. 4, 9, 13; adproprio opere, 27, 25, 9; intercisus uenis mortem adpropriaui, Tac. an. 16, 14 f.; 2. vb. intr. quicken one's pace, atque adproprio oculus, Pl. Pers. 1, 3, 5; Adde gradum, adpropria. Trin. 4, 3, 3; add Caes. 5, 2, 15, 2, 38; Poen. 3, 1, 41; 2. nisi ad cogitatum facinus adpropriaui, Cic. Mil. 45; make haste, Q. fr. 2, 10 f.; Att. 4, 6, 4; 3. w. inf. portare intrare patentes Appropria, Ov. M. 15, 584.

**ap-prōpinquatio**, (ad-p.) ōnis, f. approach, mortis, Cic. fin. 5, 32; sen. 66; pustus, Fronto ad M. Caes. 5, 45.

**ap-prōpino**, (ad-p.) āre, vb. intr. approach, draw near, of place, quod hostis appropinquabat, Caes. b. g. 2, 19; cohortes aliae appropinquant, 7, 87; 2. w. ad, ad summam aquam, Cic. fin. 4, 64; ad iuga montium, Liv. 40, 58, 4; ad portas ac murum, bell. Afr. 23; 3. w. dat. finibus, Caes. b. g. 2, 105; Oceano, 4, 10, 4; Britanniae, 4, 28, 2; muro, 7, 18, 1; 7, 47, 3; 4. acc.? ripas, belli. Hisp. 5, 5; 5. of time, catulus qui iam appropinquat ut uideat, Cic. fin. 3, 48; cum appropinquare tuus aduentus putaretur, fam. 2, 6, 1; hiemps adpropinquabat, Caes. b. c. 3, 9, 8; dies comitiorum, Liv. 3, 34, 7; 6. met. centurionis qui primis ordinibus adpropinquarent, Caes. b. c. 5, 44, 1; 7. pass. impers., cum eiusmodi locis esset appropinquatum, Caes. b. c. 1, 79, 4.

**ap-prōpriatio**, ōnis, f. appropriation, assimilation, ciborum, Cacl. Aur. tard. 2, 13, 151.

**ap-prōprio**, āre, vb. appropriate—hence assimilate (food), corpori quo sumpserit, Cacl. Aur. tard. 4, 3, 70.

**ap-prōximo**, āre, vb. intr. approach, Tert. adu. Iud. 11.

**ap-pugno**, (ad-p.) āre, vb. fight against, attack, classem Tac. an. 2, 81; castra, 4, 48; tallum, 15, 13.

**Ap-puleius**, (Apul.), adj. or sb. name of a plebeian gens, C. Appuleius C. f. Tappo, CIL 1458; L. Apuleius (1539); P. Apuleius, Cic. Phil. 6, 1; lege Apuleia, qua lege Saturninus tulerat ut..., Balb. 48.

**appulus**, (adp.) ūs, m. driving to, esp. of sheep to water, as a right, pecoris, Ulp. dig. 43, 20, 1, 18; 2. of ships to land, ut Attalum portibus et littorū adpulsus acceret, Liv. 27, 30, 7; insula ob faciles adpulsus...oportuna, Tac. an. 2, 6; 3. gen. approach, access, solis, Cic. div. 1, 24; omnes frigoris et caloris adpulsus\*, 2, 141; deorum, 1, 64; linguae, Apul. M. 6, 8; 4. note plur. in \*.

**Appulus**, see Apulus.

**āprārius**, (aper), adj. of a wild boar, retia, Paul. dig. 33, 7, 22; and sent. 3, 6, 45.

**Apria**, ae, m. a Roman cognomen, L. Decimi(us) L. f. Apria, CIL 1257.

**āpricatio**, ōnis, f. sunning oneself, Cic. sen. 57; Att. 7, 11, 1; 2. of doves, Colum. 8, 8, 4.

**āpricitās**, ātis, f. a sunny state of the sky, dici, Colum. 7, 4, 5; 8, 15, 4; regio apricitatis inclutae, Plin. 6, 46; aeris, Iustin. 36, 3.

**āprīclus**, due to a wrong reading in Ennius, see *apriculus*.

**āprīco**, are, vb. make sunny, warm, Pallad. 1, 38, 2; Paul. Nol. 13, 311.

**āprīcor**, āri, sb. sun oneself, offererat (Diogeni) apricanti, Cic. Tusc. 5, 92; multos in sole apricari, Varr. ap. Non. 76, 15; ubi apricetur (gallina), Colum. 8, 4, 5.

**apriculus**, i, m. dim. a little wild boar, as name of a fish, *Apriulum* piscem scito primum esse Tarenti, Enn. ap. Apul. mag. 39; piscem apriulum, Apul. mag. 34 f.

**āprīcus**, (aprio) adj. open—hence in apriuum into the open. Quicquid sub terra est in apriuum profert actas, Hor. ep. 1, 6, 24. 2. sunny, opaci an aprici (loci), Cic. part. or. 36; aprico horto, fam. 16, 18, 21; apricos colles, Liv. 21, 37, 5; locis apricioribus\*, Colum. 11, 3, 24; apricissimo\* die, or. 14, 13; 3. delighting in the sun, sunny, flores Hor. od. 1, 26, 7; mergi, Verg. 5, 128; senes, Pers. 5, 179; 4. for sup. and comp. see \* above.

**āprīlis**, e (see below), adj. of April, ante K. April., CIL 204, 1, 3; a. d. v. k. Aprilis, 961; mense Aprili, Cic. Phil. 2, 100; Occupat Aprilis (ae. pl.) idus, Ov. F. 4, 621; Idus tibi sunt agendae, Qui dies mensem Veneris marinae Findit Aprilum, Hor. od. 4, 11, 16; 2. as sb. (mensis understood) Sex ubi quae restant luce aprilis habebit, Ov. F. 4, 901; 3. in aprio, say some, quod uer omnia aperit Aprilem, Varr. l. 1, 6, 4 p. 214 Sp.; Aprilum memorant ab aperto tempore dictum, Ov. F. 4, 89; Aprilem ab aperiendo, Censor. 22, 11; Aprilum dici quare aprilum, Maer. s. 1, 12, 14; 4. rather from a name of Venus=Aphrodite, so Fulvius and Junius ap. Varr. ibi.; Sed Veneris mensem Graio sermone notatum Anguriorum a spumis (apoph.) est dea dicta maris, Ov. F. 4, 61; cf. 85; the month too before was Martius, as Ov. ib. 4, 130 notes; 5. a Roman cognomen, P. Scruilius P. f. Aprilis, inser. Murat. 1104, 5.

**āprīneus**, adj. [= aprinus; cf. āculneus=āculinus] of a wild-boar, Hygin. 69 (bis).

**āprīnus**, adj. [aper] same, hippopotamus...aprinis (al. apugnris or apugneis) dentibus, Sol. 32, 30; also in some mss of Plin.; in Varr. l. 1, 5, 19 Speng. has a primo.

**Apr-i-o**, ōnis, m. [aper] a little wild-boar, as a cognomen, L. Praesentius L. lib. Aprio, inser. Grut. 459, 8.

**apronia**, ae, f. the plant bryony, Plin. 23, 27.

**Aprōniānus**, adj. of Apronius, conuiuium, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 28; cerasa, Plin. 15, 102; senatus consultum, Paul. dig. 36, 1, 26.

**Aprōnius**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, CIL 758; Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 22.

**aproxis**, f. Greek name of a plant, Plin. 24, 158.

**apruco**, ōnis, the plant saxifraga, Apul. herb. 97.

**Aprufenius**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, C. Aprufenio C. f., CIL 181.

**āprugrus**, or āprūnus, adj. [for aprug-; from aperug- old crude form of aper, cf. uesperug] of a wild-boar, magis calleo quam aprugnum callum callet, Pl. Pers. 2, 5, 4; add Poen. 3, 2 (Non. 258 aprunum); callum, and lumbus, Plin. 8, 210; adipse 28, 167; uescia 28, 215; fel, 28, 221; pulmo, 28, 222; but mss of Plin. vary between aprugnus, aprunus, aprinus; add Spart. Hel. 5, 4; 2. apruna (sc. caro) as sb. f. wild-boar flesh, Capit. Max. iun. 2, 2; edict. Diocl. p. 15.

**Aprulla**, ae, doub. dim. a little wild sow, as a cognomen, Caecilia D. f. Aprullae, inser. Grut. 323, 2.

**aprunculus**, i, m. dim. a little wild boar, not. Tir. p. 174.

**Aprusa**, ae, m. a river of Umbria, Plin. 3, 115.

**apryctus**, i, (not to be cooled) adj. f. as sb. an unknown jewel, Plin. 37, 148.

**aptātūra**, ae, f. fitting, edict. Diocl. p. 20.

**apto**, āre, (aptus) vb. fit, adapt, apply, uixidum satis aptatis armis, Liv. 10, 33, 1; add 22, 5, 3; cor dexteris Aptantur enses conditi? Hor. ep. 7, 2; nernuo aptare sagittas, Verg. 10, 131; as [encurbitulae corpori aptatur, Cels. 2, 11; tabulam, Colum. 12, 56, 3; anulum digito, Suet. Tib. 73; 2. w. acc. of the main thing, abl. of the adjunct, furnish (with), equip, cla-ss-em nelis aptare, Verg. 3, 472 (cf. socios simul instruit armis of 3, 471 and 8, 80);

(biremis) remigio aptat, S. So; ensem...uagina aptarat eburna, 9, 305; Aptarique suis pinum iubet armamentis, Ov. M. 11, 456; 3. absol. equip, get ready, fit out, prepare, Eius aptate pueri munde atque ampliter conuiuium, Pompon. ap. Non. 234, 30; Cla-ss-em aptent, Verg. 4, 289; Aptat se pugnae, 10, 588; paratas aptatasque lintres, Liv. 21, 27, 8; aptarit idonea bello, Hor. s. 2, 2, 111; arma moenia uiros, Plin. pan. 18; 4. met. uerbum ad id aptatum quod ante dixerat, Cic. or. 3, 162; bella...mollibus Aptari citissime modis, Hor. od. 2, 12, 4; uerba rebus, Quint. 3, 8, 61.

**apto**, ōris, m. one who fits, as a cognomen, C. Poppeus Apto, inser. Grut. 851, 4.

**aptōta**, adj. n. pl. not declined, having but one case, as frugi, nequam, Diom. 308, 19 K; Donat. 377, 26;

2. limited by Pri-ae, 1, 184, 9 K to nom. as Iuppiter, or in neut. nom. and acc. as fas nefas; while quattuor, quinque...centum, tot etc. nequam as used for many cases he calls monoptota.

**Aptronius**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, M. Aptronio (nom.) CIL 81; Aptronia, 82.

**apts**, see apiscor.

**āpūd**, (apud, and old apor), prep. [prob. from ab in the sense of near: the old form apor (s. § 20) prob. a comp.] near, before, at, by, w. acc., Qui apud carbones assident, semper calent, Pl. Rud. 2, 6, 21; Verēcundari nemo apud meum deest, Trin. 2, 4, 77; Turba est nunc apud aram, Poen. 1, 2, 53; molast, Pers. 1, 1, 22; hasce aedis, Amph. 1, 1, 194; add Trin. 4, 2, 25; Most. 1, 3, 141; a, 2, 26; Amph. 1, 1, 194; apud aedem Duclonai, CIL 196, 2; apud uallum nostri satis agebant, Cato orat. 35, 13; Iord.; apud mensam astant, Naev. 26 R; utinam nunc apud ignem aliquem magnum adsidam, Turp. 125 R; Apud abundantem antiquam animam et rapidas uides Inachi, Acc. 297 R; Apud uetustam turrem, 408; utinam (al. uinum) apud ignem per sudorem corpore exhauserant, Sis. ap. Nou. 2; imperator appellatus apud Issum, Cic. fam. 2, 10, 3; add 15, 4, 2; 16, 3, 1; Att. 8, 20; paulisper apud oppidum morati, Caes. b. g. 2, 7, 3; apud aquam Sullam noctem agitare iubet, Sal. Iug. 98, 4; Quidquid apud durae cessatūst moenia Troiae, Verg. 11, 288; Pugnabunt alii tardis āpūd Iliōn armis, Ov. rem. am. 163; 2. w. acc. of persons, assum apud te, eecum, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 67; add Amph. 2, 1, 27; adsum apud te genitor, Acc. 277 R; quum in lecto Crassus esset et apud eum Sulpicius sederet, Cic. or. 2, 12; 3. esp. of speaking before a person, ego recte apud illam dixerō, Pl. Pers. 2, 2, 3; cur ego apud te mentiar, Poen. 1, 1, 24; Aput\* nouerum querere, Ps. 1, 3, 30; add Cist. 1, 1, 100; Ep. 3, 4, 28; 5, 1, 38; nemost meorum amicorum hodie Aput quem expromere omnia mea occulta Clitipho andem, Aput alium prohibet dignitas, apud alium ipsius facti pudet, Ter. Hant. 3, 3, 14; causa nulla est apud homines amicissimos mentiar, Cic. or. 2, 189; quoniam sermo mihi est apud uos, nihil reticebo, leg. 2, 41; uerba apud senatum fecit, Verr. 2, 2, 48; apud quos ad hunc modum locutus est, Caes. b. g. 5, 27, 1; haec apud Romanos consul, Liv. 21, 42, 1; 4. esp. of proceedings before a magistrate, Tanto apud\* iudicem hunc argenti condemnabo facilius, Pl. Most. 5, 1, 50; add Ps. 2, 2, 50; Rud. pr. 18; Illi apud\* praetorem dicam, Pers. 4, 9, 9; Aput\* (so A) aedilem...dixi causam, Men. 4, 2, 22; apud (quaestorem) iourant, CIL 197, 18; add 20, 21, 24; also 198, 13; apud pr(aetorem), 198, 35; apud eum quei ibi (ure) (de)uicno p(r)aerit), 205, 2, 4; apud eosdem indices reus est factus, Cic. Clu. 59; causam apud iudicem defendebat, 74; in causa quam apud centumuiros pro fratribus Cossis dixit, or. 2, 98;

5. w. pl. or collective noun, among, with, near, consul censor adides quei fuit apud uos, CIL 30, 3; ut manebis lupos apud (so A) ouis...linquere, Pl. Ps. 1, 2, 8; hicine an apud mortuos? Merc. 3, 4, 17; quoniam apud exercitum ingnominae causa ordo adeptus est, CIL 206, 120; Vi quae apud legionem nota noui...ea exsoluam omnia, Amph. 3, 2, 66; ex sale qui apud Karthaginenses fit, Cato orig. 14, 9; Iord.; apud\* saeculum prius, with the former generation, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 15; qui nunc apud exercitum eum L. Lucullo est, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 49; haec apud maiores nostros

factitata, off. 2, 85; si apud principes hauri satis prospere  
incipit pugnam, ad triarios referebantur, Liv. 8, 8, 11; id  
apud Germanos difficiliter tolerabatur, Tac. an. 4, 72; add  
1, 9; **6.** with a person, as in his service, ita dei faxint  
me apud<sup>1</sup> lenonem hunc seruam, Pl. Poen. 4, 2, 87; add  
Aul. 1, 1, 12; Mil. 2, 1, 17; quem memorant apud reges...  
diuitias magnas apud regem Attalum, Poen. 3, 4, 14; latro  
in Sparta fuit... apud regem Attalum, Poen. 3, 3, 51; **7.**  
very often, at the house of, apud te unctum adseruato domi,  
Pl. Bac. 4, 4, 95; ibi... apud<sup>2</sup> te prandium accenari, Men.  
1, 3, 25; ubinamst quaeso? Apud me domi, Ter. Hant. 3, 1,  
21; fuisti apud Lacedaem illa nocte, Cic. Cat. 1, 9; Brutum  
apud me fuisse gaudeo, Att. 15, 3, 1; Scaurus quem apud se  
esse audio, or. 1, 214; add fam. 1, 9, 20; Att. 1, 7, 1; 5, 6,  
1; **8.** hence met. esse apud se, to have one's wits about  
one, be in one's senses, in opp. to one who is all abroad,  
wool-gathering, lost, summe ego apud<sup>3</sup> me? Pl. Mil. 4, 8, 35;  
uix sum apud me, Ter. Andr. 5, 4, 34; add 2, 4, 5; Haut.  
5, 1, 48; Hec. 4, 4, 85; and Petr. 129f.; **9.** in the hands  
of, with, Nos apud<sup>4</sup> Theotimum omne aurum deposuimus,  
Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 72; etiam nunc decem minae apud te sunt,  
Most. 1, 3, 141; erat ei de ratiuncula Iampridem apud me  
relicuom pauxillum Nummorum, Ter. Phorm. 1, 1, 3;  
**10.** in (an author), in the writings of, apud Xenophontem  
moriens Cyrus haec dicit, Cic. sen. 79; apud eundem Cae-  
lium, div. 1, 56; apud Platonem, off. 1, 28; apud Accium,  
Varr. l. 7, 2, p. 294; apud quosdam auctores, Liv. 8, 11, 2;  
apud Varroem, Plin. i8, 348; **11.** in the mind of, in the  
estimation of, with, among, Vt tu incultus apud<sup>5</sup> mulieres,  
Pl. Mil. 4, 6, 12; credidi gratum fore Beneficium meum apud  
te, Pers. 4, 7, 9; Quom apud te tam paruas ei fides, Pl. 5,  
62; add 1, 5, 52; Facis tu ut tuis nulla apud te fides sit,  
Amph. 2, 1, 5; Mea dona demata acceptae habita esse  
apud Phronesium, Truc. 4, 1, 5; quia sum apud te primus,  
Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 10; nihil me turpius apud homines fuisset,  
Cic. Att. 2, 19, 4; plus apud me antiquorum auctoritas  
uilet, am. 13; anne dulcor est fructus apud te ex bubulo  
pecore quam ex apibus, Varr. r. 3, 2, 11; add Cic. Att. 9, 1;  
quorum auctoritas apud plebem plurimum ualeat, Caes. b.  
g. 1, 17, 1; quandoquidem est apud te uirtuti honos, Liv. 2,  
12, 15; Et bene apud memores ueteris stat gratia facti,  
Verg. 4, 539; **12.** also of the mind, ea tute tibi apud  
animum prepono, Sulp. ad Cic. 4, 5, 5; sic apud animum  
meum statuo, Sall. ord. rep. 2, 6, 2; proinde ipsi statuunt  
apud animos quid uellent, Liv. 6, 39, 11; and so 34, 2,  
42; 50, 8 (safe ej.); **11.** **13.** in some pass. seems to  
mean in or at, rather than near, ubi terrarum istuc est loci?  
Aput... insulas, Pl. As. 1, 1, 19; conduxit equos Tibicinas-  
que haec apud forum, Aul. 2, 4, 2; add Ps. 3, 2, 106; Apud  
3, 2, 22; 3, 3, 41; apud<sup>6</sup> forum, CIL 206, 15 and 34; Epod.  
forum modo e Dauo audiui, Ter. Andr. 2, 1, 2; add 1, 5, 19;  
apud uillam detinuit me, Pl. Cist. 2, 1, 13; apud<sup>7</sup> uillam, Ter.  
Ad. 4, 1, 1; cenam dabat apud uillam in Tyndaritano,  
Cic. Ver. 2, 4, 48; **14.** even of towns, Id adeo argentum  
ad damis apud Thebas sumptis fauore, Pl. Ep. 1, 1, 51;  
so again 2, 2, 67; hunc finem seditio coepta apud Suo-  
renem habuit, Liv. 28, 29 f.; apud Antium, Tac. an. 3, 71;  
apud Rhodum, 6, 26 (20); **15.** and of countries in later  
writers, ut ciuitati Cilyratice apud Asiam, Aegienis apud  
Achaia subueniretur, Tac. an. 4, 13; apud Iudaeam, Suet.  
Vesp. 5; factus apud Palaestinam imperator, Eutr. 7, 19  
(13); apud Britannia tyrannus creatur et occiditur, Oros. 7,  
40; **16.** although apud is said not to be used w. motion,  
apud nam habet significationem in loco ut apud Numman-  
tium, Prisc. 2, 40, 12 K; add Serv. ad A. 1, 24; Cleon. 77,  
2 K; Pomp. 270, 6; yet, hic in proximo deoritur apud  
paternum suum hospitium, Pl. Mil. 2, 1, 56; apud te eos hic  
deoritur Dicam hospitio, 2, 2, 85; deoritur... hic in taber-  
nam tertium apud animum illam, Ps. 2, 2, 64; Apud (so A, B)  
nos se occillam festinat, St. 4, 1, 30; **17.** at times after  
a noun, if another noun be added, Misenum apud et Rauennam,  
Tac. an. 4, 5; montem apud Eryeum, 4, 43; ripam  
apud Eufratis, 6, 37 (31); **18.** in old drama often a  
monosyll.; **19.** apud and apud almost indifferently, as  
apud M. Licinium and apud M. Licinium, alike in CIL 818;  
see apud<sup>8</sup> above; **20.** apud apud, Paul. ex F. p. 26 M.

**Āpūlia**, ae, f. country of the Apuli, Apulia, now Puglia.  
Incipit ex illo montis Apulia notos Ostentare mihi, Hor. s.  
1, 5, 77; stitueosae Apuliae, epod. 3, 16; Apuliae in od. 3,  
4, 10 corrupt.

**Apulicus** ? In Hor. od. 3, 24, 4 read w. Laechmann Ter-  
renum omne tuis et mare publicum; not Tyrrenum... Apu-  
licum.

**Āpūlus**, (app.) adj. or sb. Apulian, Vel Graecus adeo,  
nel mea caussa Apulus, Pl. Cas. pr. 77; Appuli pecuarii,  
Varr. r. 3, 17, 9; Sub reges Mado Marsus et Apulus, Hor. od.  
3, 5, 9; lupi. 1, 33, 8; **2.** as a cognomen, C. Lucretius  
C. 1. Apul. CIL 566, 6.

**āpūros**, (app., πῖρος) adj. without fire, anrum, Plin. 21,  
66; sulphur, 35, 175, i. e. native, as prepared without fire.

**āpūs**, podis (foot-less) adj. as sb. a kind of martin, as  
never alighting, Plin. 10, 114; 11, 257.

**āpūrenus**, (πῖρον a fruit stone) adj. without hard stone,  
as a kind of pomegranate, Colum. 5, 10, 15; arbor. 23, 1;  
Plin. 13, 112; 23, 106.

**āqua**, ae, (see below) water, nene eo loco a(qua) consistat  
quominus comode populus ae nia utatur, CIL 206, 23;  
aquam per publicum ducentam... coerare, 1141, 5; Neque  
aqua aquae neque lactes facti, mihi crede usquam similis,  
Pl. Men. 5, 9, 30; **2.** as one of the four elements, ex terra  
aqua, ex aqua oritur aer, ex aere aether, Cic. Tusc. 2, 84;  
**3.** aqua and ignis, as the two most important things for  
man, often put together, as in decreeing exile, legibus quae  
iubent ei qui maiestatis damnatus sit aqua et igni interdicti,  
Cic. Phil. 1, 23; ut hostes iulicemur et aqua et igni nobis  
interdictur, D. Brutus ap. fam. 11, 1, 2; non aqua non  
igni ut aiunt plurimis locis utimur quam amicitia, am. 22;

**4.** esp. for purification, Puriter uolo facias: igni atque  
aqua hinc uide accipe, Nov. ap. Non. 516, 18; ignis et  
aqua... nuptis in limine adhibetur, Varr. l. 1, 1, 5; p. 67  
Sp.; aqua et igni tam interdicti damnis quam accipiunt(ur)  
nuptiae, Paul. ex F. v. aqua; aptumque putarunt Ignibus  
et sparsa tangere corpus aqua, Ov. F. 4, 790; add Paul. ib.;  
cf. Stat. silu. 1, 2, 9; uirgini... priusquam aqua et igni  
acciperetur, id est nuptiae celebrarentur, optulit decem au-  
reos dono; quaesitum est... Saecv. 24, 1, 66, 1; **5.** so  
aqua and terra, quum aquam terraque (Persae) ab Lacedae-  
monis petierint, as token of entire submission, Liv. 35,  
17, 7; cf. γῆ καὶ ὕδωρ aetv. Herod. 5, 17; **6.** water as  
used in a clepsydra to mark time, equidem quotiens iudico,  
quantum quis plurimum postulat (aquae) do, Plin. ep. 6, 2, 7;  
cui contrarium est uitium tarditatis... aquam perdit, Quint.  
11, 3, 52; actionem aqua deficit, 12, 6, 5; see L. S.'s lexicon  
v. ὕδωρ; **7.** as used in casting lots, Et stillam huc tecum  
afferto cum aqua et sortis, Stat. placet, Pl. Cas. 2, 4, 16;  
Vide ne qua illie insit alia sortis sub aqua, 2, 6, 28; **8.**  
as used to recover a person fainting, animo male Factumst  
huc repente miserae. Currite intro, adferte aquam, Pl.  
Mil. 4, 8, 22; and met., euax aspersisti aquam, Bac. 2, 3,  
20; an aspersisti aquam? iam redierunt, Truc. 2, 4, 23;

**9.** absol. of rain, aquae angur cornix, Hor. od. 3, 17,  
12; multa terra madescit aqua, Ov. F. 6, 108; **10.** esp.  
in pl. aquae magnae bis eo anno fuerunt, Liv. 24, 9, 6;  
often w. caelestes, 4, 30, 7; 5, 15, 2; **11.** of the sea,  
Henna mediterranea est; coge ut ad aquam tibi frumentum  
Hennenses admetiantur, Cic. Ver. 2, 3, 192; laborum Quos  
ego sum terra quos ego passus aqua, Ov. Pont. 2, 6, 30;  
**12.** of aqueducts, aqua Mar(cia) ou a denar, CIL 489;  
aquam Anienem, Cato ap. Prisc. 208 K; aqua Appia, Marcia,  
Iulia, Claudia, Frontin. de aquis 1, 4; **13.** aquae of  
medicinal springs, potu utrumque ad aquas, Cic. fam. 16,  
24, 2; me unum ex his feci qui ad aquas uenissent, Planc.  
65; Aquae Sestiae, now Aix, Plin. 3, 36; **14.** aqua in-  
terens, dopsy, Pl. Men. 5, 4, 3; Cic. off. 3, 92; also aqua  
inter eum, Cels. 3, 21, 2, 8 p. 50 l. 7; and met. aquam te  
in animo habere interentem, Lucil. ap. Non. 37, 3; **15.**  
phrases, in aqua scribere what is to be forgotten, Catul. 70,  
4; **16.** aqua haeret, nothing comes of one's labour, a  
met. perh. from a pump that won't work, dicit multa de  
multis locis, sed a. h., Cic. off. 3, 117; add Q. fr. 2, 8,  
2; **17.** aqua omitted w. calida, laet calida, Cato r.  
156, 3; calida subfusa, Sen. ep. 77, 9; Aug. scr. a cal.

inser. Or. 289S; w. frigida, as f. lauabatur, Plin. 3, 5, 11; noxia ut frigidam febrī, Quint. 5, 11, 31; but not w. quantis in Hor. s. 1, 4, 87; quantis aspergere cunctos, praeter eum qui praebet, aqua, wh. qui praebet = praebitorum, and aqua belongs to quantis, any (the dirtiest) water; 18. aqua as trisyllabic at times or else w. initial a long, as: magnas aquas uastisque lucernas, Lucr. 6, 552; Quae calidum faciunt aquae tactum, 6, 568; latitantes aquae fontibus, 6, 1072; 19. aquae as old gen. see last ex. and next; 20. a constellation Gr. Ὠσώπ, Hae tenues stellae perhibentur nomine Aquae, Cic. Arat. 179; 21. akin to S. ap. water, Go. aliva, O. G. alia and affa of compounds, Lith. uppē, L. am-uis, see Key's Lang. p. 59; hence Fr. eau f.

**aquaeductio?** written as two words in Vitr. S. 7, 9 (7, 14 of Forc. an error); and Ulp. dig. 39, 3, 10, 1.

**aquaeductus?** us, m., de aqueductu probe fecisti, Cic. Att. 13, 6, 1; formam aqueductus netustate corruptam, inser. Or. 3695; but written diminutiv in Cic. Caecin. 74; Ulp. dig. 8, 3, 1; aquarum ductus, Plin. 16, 224; 36, 122.

**aquagium**, (aqua, ago) ii, n. conveyance of water by a cut, Pompon. dig. 8, 3, 15; 43, 20, 5.

**aquālicūlum**, i, n. same as f. § 2, edict. Dioelet.

**aquālicūlus**, i, m. dim. lit. a little water-jug—hence stomach, cum peruenit (cibus) in ventrem, aquālicūli feruore concoquitur, Sen. ep. 90, 22; uenter (equi) qui a. nominatur ... in cuius capacitae cibus potenter miscetur, Veg. vet. 2, 12, 1; 2. esp. the stomach of a pig, as a dish, Isid. or. 11, 1; schol. ad Pers. 1, 57; Apic. 1, 7; 3. belly, paunch, Pers. 1, 57.

**aquālis**, e, adj. of water, watery, Nubes, aquali frigido uelo leues, Varr. ap. Non. 46, 3; 2. as sb. m. (sc. ureus) a water jug, ewer, datin' isti...aqualem cum aqua, Pl. Curc. 3, 2, 39; ab aqua aqualis dictus, Varr. l. 1, 5, 25 p. 124 Sp. but only a c. in Pl. Mil. 3, 2, 39; 3. aqualis n. the same, Plin. ap. Charis. 118, 31 K.

**aquānus**, adj. of water, Tertull.

**aquāriolus**, i, m. dim. of contempt, a little water-carrier, a. aquam gessit (Commodus) ut lenonum minister, Lampr. Comm. 2, 9; a. uxoris suae, Apul. naug. 78; Tertull. apol. 43.

**aquārius**, adj. of water, urcei, Cato r. 11, 2; situlus... rota, 11, 3; uas, Varr. l. 1, 5, 25; provincia, for a quaestor, as Puteoli or Ostium, Cic. Vatini. 12; sulci, Colum. 2, 8, 3; 2. as sb. n. aquarium water-supply, Cato r. 1, 3; add Plin. ap. Char. 118, 35; 3. aquarius ii, as sb. m. a water-carrier, a low grade of slaves, cum tabernis et aquariis pugnare, Cael. ad Cic. fam. 8, 6, 4; Ulp. dig. 33, 7, 12, 42; 4. a slave employed on aqueducts, Frontin. aq. 2, 115; aquarius aquae Anionis, inser. Or. 3203; 5. sign of Zodiac, Cic. Arat. 56 etc.; Hor. s. 1, 1, 36; Plin. 18, 235.

**aquātus**, adj. of water, aues, Plin. 10, 9; frutices, 16, 156; 2. abounding in water, watery, Auster, Ov. M. 2, 853; panis, Plin. 18, 105; 3. like water, (color), Sol. 39, 32.

**aquāt-ilis**, e, adj. of water, (bestiae) aquatiles, Cic. N. D. 1, 103; 2, 124 and 151; genus, Varr. r. 3, 3, 4; silua, Colum. 7, 9, 7; 2. aquatilia n. pl. as sb. animals living in water, 9, 11, 162; Plin. 30, 1; 3. aquatilia a disease of joints of horses etc.; Veg. vet. 1, 25, 6; 3, 49, 1.

**aquātio**, ōnis, f. getting water, Caes. b. g. 4, 11, 4; Cic. off. 3, 59; Colum. 7, 5, 2; Plin. 6, 102; 2. supply of water, Plin. 32, 76; Pall. 3, 19, 3.

**aquātor**, ōris, m. water-carrier, Caes. b. c. 1, 73, 2; Liv. 41, 1, 6.

**aquātus**, part. as adj. watered, watery, thin, medicamentum aquatus, Sen. n. q. 1, 3, 12; uernum lac aquatus aestiuo, Plin. 28, 124; lac aquatum, Cael. Aur. tard. 4, 3, 35; 2. add. uinum aquatissime temperatum, Cael. Aur. tard. 1, 4, 94.

**Aquensis**, adj. of Aquae, ciuitas Aquensis(is), inser. Or. 928; 2. in pl. inhabitants of Aquae Taurinae, now Aquapendente, Plin. 3, 52.

**aquidūcus**, adj. drawing off water, medicamina, Cael. Aur. tard. 3, 118, 119 of dropsy.

**āquifolius**, (ac of acuo etc.) adj. having prickly leaves, illex, Plin. 16, 19 and 22, the holly; arbor, 24, 116;

2. abs. as sb. f. aquifolia, the same, Plin. 16, 19; 27, 63; 3. as sb. n. aquifolium, 16, 98 and 231; 4. adj. made of holly, uetetes aquifolios, Cato r. 31, 1.

**āquifugā**, m. or f. one who dries from water (under hydrophobia), Cael. Aur. acut. 3, 11, 98 as a possible word for φευγ-ὑδρος.

**āquigenus**, adj. born in water, Tertul. Marc. 2, 12.

**āquila**, (perh. im aquilus of dusky colour) ae, f. eagle, Vbi aquila Catamitum raperet, Pl. Men. 1, 2, 34; aquilae ammonitis uolatu, Cic. div. 2, 26; neque imbellem feroces Progenierant aquilae columbanas, Hor. od. 4, 4, 32; see Plin. 10, 6—18; 2. sacred to Iuppiter, armigeram Ionis, Plin. 6, 15; cf. louis aures, Verg. 1, 398; 3. an eagle, as the chief standard of a legion, aquilam argenteam, Cic. Cat. 1, 24; aquilae ii, signa lx sunt relata Antonii, Galba ad Cic. fam. 10, 30 f.; qui decimae legionis aquilam ferebat, Caes. b. g. 4, 25, 3; Vt locupletem aquilam tibi sexagesimus annus Aferat, Liv. 14, 197; erat acies xiii aquilis constituta, i. e. 13 legions, bell. Hisp. 30, 1; 4. in architect.

a wooden eagle-shaped pediment = acros, sustinentes fastigium (Capitolii) aquilae uetere ligno traxerunt flammam;

5. a fish, a sort of ray, Raia a. Linn., Plin. 9, 78;

6. a northern constellation, a. occidit, Colum. 11, 2, 53; ad aquilae occasum, Plin. 8, 187; aquilae in septentrionali parte, 18, 281; 7. a cognomen, Cic. Phil. 12, 20; cum Iulio Aquila, Tac. an. 12, 15; Vedium Aquilam, b. 2, 44; 8. prov. aquilae suuētus, Ter. Haut. 3, 2, 10; refers to the fable as told in Plin. 10, 14; Oppetunt (aquilae) non senio, sed fame, in tantum superiore adrecescente rostro ut aduncitas aperiri non queat.

**āquilegus**, adj. water-collecting, rotuae, Tertul. anim. 33; 2. = aquilex, wh. see, inser. Grut. 94, 3; inser. Murat. 489, 4; apparently not in inser. Or.

**āquilentus**, adj. (cf. lululentus etc.) watery, of the moon, Varr. ap. Non. 4, 318 (wrong ref.).

**āquilex**, (lacio) icis and egis (as if from lēgo), water-inspector, Tuscus aquilex, Varr. ap. Non. 68, 17; siluestris (tussilago) ubi nascitur subesse aquas credunt et hoc habent signum aquileges, Plin. 26, 30; necessarium est mitti aquilegem, Plin. ad Traian. 37 (46), 2, about an aqueduct; sudorem aquileges uocant, Sen. n. q. 3, 15, 7; gladiatores, aquileces, tubarii, Tarrant. dig. 50, 6, 7 (6); for form aquileces add Serv. ad G. 1, 109; Tertul. Marc. 3, 5; aquileces υδροσκοτοι, Gloss.

**Aquiliānus**, adj. of Aquilius, definitio, Cic. off. 3, 61; stipulatio, Ulp. dig. 4, 3, 38.

**āquiliūm**, (aquael. Paul. ex F. p. 2) ii, rite for procuring rain, Tertul. apol. 40.

**āquilifer**, ii, adj. as sb. eagle-bearer in the army, the chief centurion, Caes. b. g. 5, 37, 5; b. c. 3, 64, 3; Suet. Aug. 10; inser. Or. 3389 etc.

**āquilinus**, adj. of an eagle, ungulae, Pl. Ps. 3, 2, 63; aspects, Apul. M. 2, 2 f.; 2. a cognomen, Scaev. dig. 40, 5, 19, 1.

**Aquilius**, (Aquilius) adj. or sb. a gens so called, M. Aquilius, CIL 328; Aquilia C. I. Tertia 1025; lex Aquilia, Cic. Brut. 131; Gal. 3, 202.

**āquilo**, ōnis, m. (root perh. ae. sharp) north wind, Naev. ap. Non. 370, 25; Aquilonis stridor gelidas montes nives, Acc. ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 69; add Turpil. ap. Non. 488, 18; Verg. 6, 2, 404; 2. in pl. Cic. N. D. 2, 26; 3. the north, spelunca conuersa ad aquilonem, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 107.

**āquilōnalis**, adj. northern, piscis, Vitr. 9, 6, 3; pars Innoc. cas. litt. 332, 30; 336, 29 Laclm.

**aquilōnāris** in Cic. N. D. 2, 50 aquilonia; in Vitr. 9, 6, 3 aquilonalem.

**Aquilonia**, ae, f. a city of the Hirpini, Liv. 10, 38, 4; 10, 39, 7.

**āquilōnigēna**, ae, m, f. born of the North-wind, Britannii, Aus. Mos. 407.

1. **āquilōnius**, adj. of the North-wind, regio, Cic. N. D. 2, 50; proles, Prop. 1, 20, 25; piscis, Colum. 11, 2, 24 and 63; luna, Plin. 2, 215; hiemps, 17, 12; 2. Aquilonii, a people of Italy, Plin. 3, 105.

**2.** *Aquilōnius*, adj. or sb. an inhabitant of Aquilonia. *āquilus*, (aqua perh.) adj. of a dusty colour, sallow. *Statura hanc magna, corpore aquilo. Ipsa east, Pl. Poen. 5, 2, 152; colorem inter aquilum candidumque, Suet. Aug. 79; aquilis color est fuscus et subniger, Paul. ex F. p. 22.*

**3.** *aquminalis*, adj. n. as sb. a wash-hand basin, Paul. dig. 33, 10, 3.

**4.** *aquminarium*, adj. n. as sb. same, Ulp. dig. 34, 2, 21, 2.

**5.** *Aquinās*, ātis, adj. of Aquinum, Hor. ep. 1, 10, 27;

**6.** inhabitant of A., CIL 1182; Cie. Phil. 2, 106; C. Luc. 192; inscr. Or. 133.

**7.** *Aquinus*, adj. or sb. name of a Roman gens, Cie. Tusc. 5, 63.

**8.** *Aquinum*, i, n. a town of the Volsci, Cie. Phil. 2, 106; Plin. 3, 63; Iuv. 3, 319.

**9.** *Aquinus*, i, m. a cognomen, Catul. 14, 18.

**10.** *āquūergium*, (uergo pour) ii, n. a water-course, agri-

mens, cas. litt. 315, 17; 325, 8; 336, 29 ed. Lachm.

**11.** *āquor*, āri, vb. r. get water for oneself, aquatum ire, Cato or. ap. Non. 208; ut aquari possent, Caes. b. c. 1, 73, 3; add 1, 81, 4; aquatum egressus, Sal. lug. 93, 2.

**12.** of bees, Verg. G. 4, 193; Plin. 11, 62; Pall. 5, 8, 1.

**13.** *āquōsitas*, ātis, f. abundance of watery fluid, Cael. Aur. acut. 2, 35, 186.

**14.** *āquōsus*, adj. abounding in water, watery, locus aquo-

sisimus, Cato r. 34; a. locus, Varr. r. 1, 6, 6; tempora, Colum. 5, 10, 10; nubes, Verg. S. 429; mater, Ov. her. 3,

53, i.e. Thetis; **2.** languor a. dropsy, Hor. od. 2, 2, 15.

**3.** *āquūla*, (-ola) ae, f. dim. a little water, obspat aquulam, revives by throwing a little water on one fainting, Pl. Cist. 2, 3, 37; suffundam aquulam, Cure. 1, 3, 3; add Cie. or. 1, 28.

**4.** *ar*, for ad, prep. as in aruisse, CIL 196, 21; ar(uerunt),

196, 2; aruorunt 196, 25; aruorarius, 198, 20; arueho, Cato r. 138, 1; add arberit; cf. apor = apud.

**5.** *āra*, ae (old asa, wh. see) f. lit. perh. a rock, Saxa uocant Itali mediis quae in fluctibus aras, Verg. 1, 113;

apud aras quae uocabantur Neptuniae, Claud. G. ap. Serv. ib.; ueretur in aqua latente(m) insulam quem locum uocant aras, Varr. ib.; **2.** a rock used as an altar;

hence gen. an altar, Ioni O. M. ex uiso aram aedificauit P. Cornelius, CIL 1109; cui ne arae patriae domi stant, Eun. ap. Cie. Tusc. 3, 44; ara Aio Loquenti. consecrata est, Cie. div. 1, 101;

**3.** as a place of refuge, aram habete hanc uolitis pro castris, Pl. Rud. 3, 29; hence met. nemo accusat Syre te, nec tu aram tibi nec precatorem pararis, Ter. Haut. 5, 2, 23; tanquam in aram confugitis ad Deum, Cie. N. D. 3, 24; ut ad aram legum confugerint, Verr. 2, 2, 8; Primum cum in aram confugisset, Tusc. 1, 85;

**4.** in prayers and oaths the hand was on the altar, paelex arsam Iunonis ne tagito, lex Numae ap. Gell. 4, 3, 3; Tangere aram hanc Veneris. Taugo. Per Venerem hanc iurand-

umst tibi, Pl. Rind. 5, 2, 46; is cui si aram tenens iuraret crederet nemo... iuratus probabit? Cie. Flac. 90; Tango aras, medios ignis et numina testor, Verg. 12, 201; Talibus orabat dictis arasque tenebat, 6, 124;

**5.** arae et focii of domestic, as opposed to public holy places, de aris ac fociis, de fanis atque templis decernit, Cie. Cat. 4, 1; nos deorum templa... nos aras focos sepeliamus... defendimus, Phil. 8, 8; qui patriae, parentibus, aris atque fociis suis bellum paruere, Sal. Cat. 52, 3; add 59, 5; pro aris fociisque et deum templis... dimicnauit, Verg. Liv. 5, 30, 1; add 28, 42, 11;

**6.** a southern constellation, = *Ὠρεων* of Aratus Cie. N. D. 2, 117; Hygin. astron. 39;

**7.** perh. from area, says Varr. l. 5, 4, 11; but the same ap. Macr. s. 3, 2, 8 derives asa, as the old form, from asa.

**8.** *ārābica*, ae, adj. f. assb. a gem, like ivory, Plin. 37, 145.

**9.** *ārāb-ilis*, e (arab- older form of ara-) adj. arable, illum nullis arabilem tauris campum, Plin. 17, 41.

**10.** *ārāchidna*, ae, a leguminous plant, perh. lathyrus amphicarpos, Linn., Plin. 21, 80.

**11.** *ārachne*, es (a spider's web) f. a kind of sundial, the lines looking like a web, Vitr. 9, 9, 1, p. 236 Rose's ed.

**12.** *ārānea*, ae (= *αρανη*) f. a spider, suspendit ārānea casses, Verg. G. 4, 247; antiquas exercet a. telas, Ov. M.

6, 145; see araneus; **2.** a spider's web, Ego hinc (so

uss) araneas de foribus deiciam et de pariete, Pl. Stic. 2, 2, 31; add Aul. 1, 2, 6 and 9; abstergete araneas, Titin. ap.

Non. 192, 11; arcula tua plena est araneorum, Afran. ap.

Fest. 359 M.; quae pendet aranea tigno, Ov. M. 4, 179;

**3.** met. of the blossom of the willow, Plin. 4, 22.

**4.** *ārāneo*, āre, vb. breed spider's webs, only in part. fauces diutina fame... araeantes, Apul. M. 4, 22.

**5.** *ārāneola*, ae, f. dim. the little spider, in araneolis aliae... aliae... Cie. N. D. 2, 123.

**6.** *ārāneolus*, i, m. dim. the same, Verg. eul. 2.

**7.** *ārāneus*, adj. full of spider's webs, situs, Catul. 25, 3;

**2.** like spider's webs, fila, Plin. 11, 65; caulis, 21, 87.

**3.** *ārāneum*, ei n. a spider's web, tollere haec aranea

Quantumst laboris, Phaedr. 2, 8, 23; **2.** a web-like

disease of vines, Pl. 17, 229.

**4.** *ārāneus*, i, m. a spider, Vt operam omnem araneorum

(so BCD and Non.) perdam et texturam improbam, Pl. Stic. 2, 2, 24; Iussin columnis deiciat operas araneorum,

As. 2, 4, 19; neque aranei tenuia fila, Lucr. 3, 383;

aranei textura, Sen. ep. 121, 22; Plin. 9, 155; 11, 85 etc.;

**2.** mus araneus, shrew mouse, Colum. 6, 17, 1; araneus

alone Verg. vet. 5, 79.

**3.** *arapennis*, is, m. a Bactric or Gallic land measure of

about half an acre, Isid. mens. agr. p. 368, 1 Lachm.; 372,

17; written arripennis, Boeth. (?) 407, 21; 408, 1; arapennis

by Colum. 5, 1, 6; **2.** hence Fr. arpent.

**4.** *ārāter*, tri, m. = araturus, qua falx et arāter ierit,

Augusti lex ap. Hygin. lim. p. 112, 2 Lachm. ed.; add 201,

8; 203, 16.

**5.** *ārātia*, (apareia) ae, adj. f. of Aratus—hence a kind of

fig, ficus, Plin. 15, 70.

**6.** *ārātio*, ōnis, f. ploughing, Plin. 18, 180; **2.** agri-

culture, Cie. Tusc. 5, 86; **3.** ploughed land, esp. public

land farmed out, arationes... a dominis relictas, Cie. Verr. 2, 2, 4;

**4.** met. Pl. Truc. 1, 2, 47.

**5.** *ārātiumcūla*, ae, f. dim. a bit of arable land, met. Pl.

Truc. 1, 2, 46.

**6.** *ārātor*, ōris, m. a ploughman, neque iam stabulis gaudet

pecus aut arātor igni, Hor. od. 1, 4, 3; luce sacra... requiescat arator, Tib. 2, 1, 5; arator nisi incurus praecuri-

catur, Plin. 18, 179; **2.** one who rents public land, primus feci ut de agro populo aratores cederent pastores,

(sic) CIL 551; ager Campanus possidetur a plebe, quod genus hominum... optinorunt et aratorum et militum... Cie. agr. 2, 84; aratorum paenuria, Verr. 2, 3, 126; add 2, 3, 181;

**3.** as arat, celebat taurus arator equo, Ov. F. 1, 698; bos arator, Suet. Vesp. 5; Paul. dig. 33, 7, 18; 6; seruos aratores, Th. C. 30; **4.** a constellation, Varr. and Nigil. ap. Serv. G. 1, 19.

**5.** *ārātōrius*, adj. used for ploughing, bones, Th. C. 2, 30;

**6.** aratorum as sb. n. arable land, Th. C. 9, 42, 7.

**7.** *ārātrum*, tri, n. plough, aratra Romanica..., Campanica,

Cato r. 135, 2; a. leue, Varr. r. 20, 4; terram pressis pro-

scindere arātris, Lucr. 5, 209; boum uires ad aratra extra-

henda, Cie. N. D. 2, 159.

**8.** *ārātus*, ūs, m. = aratio, Dietys, b. Troian. 2, 41.

**9.** *ar-biter*, tri, m. [ar=ad; bit an old form of es=be, for

consentant of wh. E. be, S. blu, L. bed-o, of am-bedo; for

the t. cf. *er-cos*, *er-uos*, both from *er-be*], one who is near,

a bystander whom one can see and hear), a witness, eaves-

dropper, circumspicite ne quis alid arbitri, Pl. Mil. 4, 4, 1;

Locum sibi uile liberum praebierit, Vbi nequam faciat clam ne quis sit arbitri, Poen. 1, 1, 50; add 3, 3, 50; Capt. 2, 1, 17; 2, 1, 24; Cas. 1, 1, 2; 1, 1, 55; Cist. 1, 1, 66; Mil. 2, 2, 3; Veritus sum arbitros (so Bothe ej., sss arbitror),

Acc. 190 R; remotis arbitris ad se adulescentem iussit uenire, Cie. off. 3, 112; ab arbitris remoto loco, Verr. 2, 5, 80; loca ab arbitris libera, At. 15, 16 b; decisionis arbitri C. Caecilius fuit, Flac. 89; omnibus arbitris remotis, Sal. Cat. 20, 1; (ut) sine arbitro milites quae uellent agerent,

Liv. 27, 28, 7; (domus) immuniis ab omnibus arbitris, Vell. 2, 14, 3; **2.** an umpire, arbitrator, referee, Vicini nostri hinc ambigunt de finibus. Me cepere arbitrum, Ter. Haut.



3, 1, 91; Q. Fabium arbitrum Nolanis et Neapolitanis de finibus a senatu datum, Cic. off. 1, 33; arbitrum illum aedit... 3, 66; add Rosc. com. 11, 12 (see the pass.); ideo melior videtur condicio causae bonae, si ad iudicem quam si ad arbitrum mittitur, quia... (see the pass.), Sen. ben. 3, 7, 5; si arbitrum postulaverit in eum quo agitur, accipit formulam quae appellatur arbitria, Gai. 4, 163; si inter te et uicium tuum non convenit... arbitrum accipere poteris, Ulp. dig. 8, 2, 11, 1; 3. beyond legal sphere, nullum me arbitrum inter antiquam Acaedemiam et Zenonem datum, Cic. leg. 1, 53; pugnare, Hor. od. 1, 30, 11; bibendi, 2, 7, 25; armorum, Ov. F. 3, 73; irae Iunonis, her. 9, 45; coronae, Mart. 7, 72, 10; Taurus innumerarum gentium arbitrum, (alluding to the legal arbitrium finum regundum), Plin. 5, 97; 4. as arbitrator was not restrained by forms of law, met. lord, master, tyrant, (Notus) arbiter Hadriae, Hor. od. 1, 3, 15; arbiter rerum, Tac. an. 2, 73.

**arbitrarium**, n. a fuller form of arbitrium, Gai. dig. 2, 8, 9; Paul. 4, 8, 19, 1 and again 2, with arbitrium in the same s.; Ulp. 4, 8, 7, 1; inscr. Or. 4815.

**arbitra**, ae, f. witness, Hor. epod. 5, 50.

**arbitrālis**, adj. of an arbitrator, iudicatio, Maer. s. 7, 1, 7.

**arbitrārius**, adj. of an arbitrator, Hoc quidem profecto certum, non est arbitrarium, Pl. Amph. 1, 2, 216; formula, Gai. 4, 41 f.; iudicia, Papin. dig. 22, 1, 3, 1; actio, Ulp. 4, 2, 14, 4; 2. arbitrary, at one's pleasure, motus in arteria naturalis, non a., Gell. 18, 10, f.; 3. arbitrario, at the pleasure of an arbitrator, Pl. Poen. 3, 5, 43.

**arbitrātio**, ōnis, f. arbitration, Gell. 13, 20, 19; Th. C. 2, 26, 4.

**arbitrator**, ōris, m. a supreme ruler, pentapylon Iouis arbitratoris, P. Vict.

**arbitratrīx**, icis, f. the same, Tert. Marc. 2, 12 f.

**arbitratus**, ūs, m. judicial decision of an arbiter or umpire, arbitratu eius aed. quod ea pars urbis h(a)c lege obtulerit, CIL 206, 21; arbitratu(p) praefectoris, 200, 73; si quid damni dederit, viri boni arbitratu resolutur, Cato r. 149, 2 etc.; compromiserunt quingenis petere (Catonis) arbitratu ut qui contra fecisset ab eo condemnaretur, Cic. fr. 2, 15 f.; arbiter electus est, ut arbitratu eius res terminetur, Caec. dig. 8, 4, 44; 2. met. Meus arbitratu lingua quod iuret mea, Pl. Rud. 5, 2, 68; add As. 4, 1, 21; Amph. 1, 1, 103; quaeo causas uiuendi arbitratu meo, Cic. fam. 7, 1, 5; add fin. 1 f.

**arbitrium**, ū, n. the being an arbiter or witness, presence of a witness, diuinaque rerum Cura sine arbitrio est, Lucil. Aetn. 195; locus ab omni liber arbitrio uacat, Sen. Hipp. 602; En locus ab omni tatus arbitrio uacat, Herc. Oct. 487; add Phaedr. 609; Grat. Cyn. 331; 2. the judicial enquiry and decision of an arbiter or umpire, arbitration, aliud est iudicium, aliud arbitrium, Cic. Rosc. C. 10; in omnibus his arbitris in quibus adderetur ex fide bona, off. 3, 70; nondum morte complorata arbitria petentes funera, prob. the order of magistrates for funeral expenses, see Ulp. dig. 11, 7, 12, 6; 3. met. arbitrary decision, one's pleasure, Arbitrium uestrum, uestra existimatio Valebit, Ter. Haut. pr. 25; uixit ad aliorum arbitrium, non ad suum, Cic. Mur. 10; populum R. uictis non ad alterius praescriptum sed ad suum arbitrium imperare conuersus, Caes. b. g. 1, 36, 1; munificentiam eorum in se ipsorum arbitrii debere esse, Liv. 37, 52, 8.

**arbitro**, see arbitror § 7.

**arbitror**, āri, vb. r. make oneself a witness, (arbiter), witness, see and hear (what is passing), Secede huc nunciam, si uidetur, procul, Ne arbitri dicta nostra arbitri quant, Pl. Capt. 2, 1, 24; Hinc ego et huc et illuc potero quid agant arbitrarior, Aul. 4, 1, 21; per rimam ostium quamquam iubet arbitrarī quae gesta sunt, Apul. M. 3, 21; suspendit se fenestra domus attiguae fortunae arbitratu, 4, 12; patefacto cubiculo proxime consistens coram arbitratu, 10, 16; add 7, 1; 2. look carefully into, qui diligentiis carmina Empedoclis arbitratu sent, Gell. 4, 11, 10; cuncta curiosis oculis arbitrabar, Apul. M. 2, 29; 3. act as umpire (arbiter) or arbitrator, pronounce as such, si aliter quis utatur quam uir bonus arbitrabitur, Ulp. 7, 9, 1,

6; de alimentis patroni arbiter solet dari, arbitraturus quantum... 25, 3, 5, 26; 4. solemnly affirm as a witness, illud uerbum 'arbitror' quo utimur cum ea dicimus iurati quae compta habemus, quae ipsi uidimus, Cic. Font. 29; qui testimonium diceret ut 'arbitrari' se diceret, acad. pr. 146; Sexte Timpiani quae ro de te arbitrisse Gaium Sempronium consulem... Liv. 4, 40, 6; M. Atilius Regulus... in consilio inquit arbitror me fuisse consiliulm... 26, 33, 7;

5. beyond legal sphere, decide, decem, pronounce, come to the conclusion, ita uti aet arbitratum, CIL 201, 11 in a Sen. cons.; quos eo ordine dignos arbitratum, 202, 32; Quom adfinitate nostra me arbitratum dignum, habeo uobis gratiam, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 104; lampridem cognoui atque intellexi atque arbitror... Cato ap. Char. 202 K; uelim te arbitrarī me haec uerba... tuae rei causa facere, Pl. Aul. 2, 1, 1; Here primum te arbitrarī (quod res est) uelim: Quoquid huius factum, culpa non factum mea, Ter. Eun. 5, 5, 9; 6. hold as a strong opinion, lay it down, deliberately, think, fully believe, Nisi qui sat diu uixisse sese homo arbitrabitur, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 12; Cuiusne? Arbitror, certum non scimus, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 30; ego quod ad me attinet itenque arbitror ceteros, ideoque taceo, quod... Cic. Q. fr. 2, 1, 1; arbitratu id bellum celeriter confici posse, Caes. b. g. 3, 28, 1; II 7. arbitro, āre, the same, Probiores credo arbitratum, si probis narraueris, Pl. Stic. 1, 2, 87; arbitratum, Poen. 4, 2, 57; 8. hence arbitror as a pass.; Continuo arbitretur uxor tuo nato, be looked out for and approved, Pl. Epid. 2, 2, 82; ex scriptis eorum qui ueri arbitrantur, Cacl. (Antip.?) ap. Prisc. 383, 18 K; modus (pecuniae) pro aetate eius... arbitrandus est, Ulp. dig. 2, 15, 8, 10; anceps quaestio et in utramque partem arbitrata, Gell. 1, 13; 9. as pass. impers., per eum factum est quominus arbitretur, Paul. dig. 4, 8, 27, 4.

**arbōr**, or arbōs, ōris, (perh. ar = ap of ago, and al of alo, whence arduus; and so lit. the upright trunk? see § 2\*) f. in gen. use, a tree, felices arbores quae fructum ferunt, Cato ap. Paul. ex F. p. 89; Nam fulguritae sunt ibi aeternae arbores, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 138; in arboribus truncus, rami, folia, Cic. or. 3, 179; arborum trunci, Caes. b. g. 4, 17, 10; in arbore palma, Verg. B. 1, 38; 2. w. a gen. of kind, arborem fici, Cic. Flac. 41 (so some sss. rightly); Colum. 5, 11, 14; arbores ficorum\*, 11, 2, 59; proceris acies arboribus\*, Liv. 24, 3, 4; citri, Pall. 5, 5, 1; pici, 3, 25, 4 etc.; palmae, Suet. Aug. 94; 3. w. a name in apposition, arbores alii, Varr. r. 1, 7, 7; cupressus arbor, Tac. b. 2, 78; 4. w. gen. of the gods to whom sacred, Phoebi, Ov. F. 3, 139 laurel; Iouis, M. 1, 106 oak; Palladis, a. a. 2, 518 olive; arborum genera dicata, ut Ioui aesculus, Herculi populus, Apollini laurus, Minerae olea, Veneri myrtus, Herculi populus, Plin. 12, 3; 5. of coral(?), nascuntur et in mari frutices arboresque, minores in nostro, rubrum enim et totus orientis oceanus refertus siluis, Plin. 13, 135; frondem marianarum arborum, 13, 140; 6. esp. of a tree as support to a vine, and so oppsed to self-supported vine, uineas arboresque mature face ut incipias putare, Cato r. 32; de uineis satis diximus, nunc de arboribus praecipendum est. Qui uolet arbustum habere, Colum. 5, 6, 1; arbores maritae, 11, 2, 32; 7. of a mast, infigitur arbore mali, Verg. 5, 504; arboribus caesis, Lucan. 9, 332; arbore aut aliud naui instrumentum, Papin. dig. 14, 2, § 3; arbore caesa ut naui liberari possit, Heru. § 5; densitis et arbore et antema, Iulian. § 6; 8. a beam in a press, Cato r. 18, 2 etc.; Plin. 18, 317; 9. an ear, centenaque arbore fluctum Verberat, Verg. 10, 207; 10. a hollowed tree as a ship, Pelias arbor, Ov. her. 12, 8; 11. of a spear, terraque arbor magnos Molitur iactus, Stat. Th. 12, 769—so far throughout of a tree; 12. of wood generally, arbore sulcamus maria terrasque admoemus, arbore exaedificamus tecta, Plin. 12, 4; 13. a infelix, gallow, gibbet, caput umbrito, arbori infelici suspendito, from an old law ap. Cic. Rab. per. 13; Liv. 1, 26, 6; 14. arbor occurs in Verg. B. 3, 56; G. 2, 57; A. 3, 27 etc.; but arbor seems preferred by Hor. and Ov.; arbosem pro arbore anti-qui, Paul. ex F. p. 15 M.

**arbōrārius**, adj. of trees, falces, Cato r. 10, 3; 11, 4; pici, Plin. 30, 147; procutas, Solin. 11, 12; 23, 1.

**arborātor**, ōris, m. a tree pruner, Colum. 11, 1, 12; Plin. 19, 330.

**arboresco**, Fre, vb. grow into a tree, in Arabia malicis arboresece, Plin. 19, 62.

**arborētum**, i, n. [for arbor-ec-tum, n. of a quasi-part. provided with little trees, as sb. (solum understood); cf. arbus-tum and urectum=urectum] ground planted with trees, esp. as supporting vines, arboreta magna erant, Q. Claud. ap. Gell. 17, 2, 25; who adds: arboreta ignobilibus uerbis, arbusta celebratibus.

**arborēus**, (-ius) adj. of a tree, falces arboriae, Varr. l. 1. 5, 31; foetus, Verg. G. 1, 55; umbra, Ov. M. 10, 129; amplitudo, Plin. 16, 162; 2. tree-like, cornibus, Verg. 1, 194.

**arbuscula**, ae, f. dim. a little tree, Varr. r. 3, 15, 1; arbusculae flocum (est arbor § 2), Colum. 11, 2, 79; 2. crinita a. a peacock's crest, Plin. 11, 121; 3. arbusculae pins or bolts of a wagon, = ἀμυζοπόδες, Vitr. 10, 20, 1; 4. a cognomen, Atria C. 1. Arbuscula, CIL 1029; of an actress, Cic. Att. 4, 15, 6; Hor. s. 1, 10, 77.

**arbus-tuosus**, adj. of an arbus-tum or plantation of vine-trees, uitis, Colum. 4, 2, 8; positio, 4, 1, 6.

**arbuto**, āre, vb. convert into plantations of vine-trees, Transpadana Italia aere orno quereu arbutat agros, Plin. 17, 201.

**arbutum**, see

**arbutus**, (arbus=arbor; cf. cornutus, barbatus) quasi-part. provided with tree or trees, esp. but not always, for supporting vines, agri arui et arbuti et pascui, Cic. rep. 5, 3; Larium lacum amoenum arbuto ager, Plin. 10, 77; arbuta uite, tree-supported, 17, 207; 11 2. hence arbutum, i, as sb. n. (solum understood; and not compressed from arbore-tum), a place planted with trees, a collection of trees; Incedunt arbuta per alta, securibus caedunt, Percollunt magnas quereus, Enn. an. 193; omne sordant Arbutum fronit silui frondosa, 197; ite in frondiferos lucos, ingenio arbuta ubi nata sunt, non obstita, Naev. (?) ap. Non. 323 (corr. by Scal.); E terraque exorta repente arbuta salient, Lucr. 1, 187; ad 1, 351, 806, 808; 2, 189; 5, 912; 6, 141—all w. arbuta, metrae as Munro notes, not admitting arbores; but arbutis felicius 5, 1378; tum uisum beluam omnia arbuta nigrilata tecta peruertere, Cic. div. 1, 49; ad Arat. 115; Et cantia querebus rumpunt arbuta caedat, Verg. G. 3, 328; Ipsi te fontes, ipsa haec arbuta necant, B. 1, 40; Cumque satis arbuta simul pedesque uirosque...rapiunt, Ov. M. 1, 286; ad Tac. h. 3, 23; 3. esp. as vine-supported, a field planted with such trees and their vines, a tree-vineyard, in opp. to uinea of self-supported vines, de omnibus agris...uinea est prima...octauo (loco) arbutum, Cato r. 1, 5; nec segitibus solum et uineis et arbutis res rusticae laetae sunt, Cic. sen. 54; sed iam de uineis satis diximus; nunc de arboribus praecipendum est: qui uolet arbutum habere, operam dabit ne...Colum. 5, 6, 1; arbutum nouum instituisse, 5, 6, 5; a. constituit, Colum. arb. 1, 3 and 10; 2; ad 5, 6, 37; Iam uineae uites, iam falcem arbuta reponunt, Verg. G. 4, 416; Est ut uiro nri latius ordinet Arbuta sulcis, Hor. od. 3, 1, 10; cum me arbutum uidere Myconis Atque mala uites inclinare falcem nouellas, Verg. B. 3, 10; cultique arbuta Lynceni, Ov. M. 2, 710; arbuti ratio, Plin. 17, 199; ad 203, 204, 214; Pallad. Feb. 10, 1.

**arbutēus**, adj. of the arbuti or wild strawberry, erates, Verg. G. 1, 166; nigrae, A. 11, 65; fetus, Ov. M. 1, 104; frondes, 1, 632; liber, Stat. Th. 1, 584.

**arbutum**, (arbitum\*) n. fruit of the arbutus, arbutum colligere ad usum, Varr. r. 2, 1, 4; glandes atque arbita\* uel pira lecta, Lucr. 5, 965; glandes atque arbita, Verg. G. 1, 148; ad 2, 320; 2. the tree itself, frontentia capris arbita succiferæ, Verg. G. 3, 301.

**arbutus**, i, f. the wild-strawberry tree, arbuti, arbitus uined Linn.; nucis arbutus horrida fetu, Verg. G. 2, 69; arbutos Quæruunt latentes, Hor. od. 1, 17, 6; Ov. M. 10, 102; ad Colum. 7, 9, 6; 2. the fruit of the arbutus, obiciuntur...ederacæ hæc nec minus arbiti, Colum. 8, 10, 4.

**arca**, ne (arceo\*) f. a chest, box, arcam uestiariam, Cato r. 11, 3; lapidem in medio arcae, Cass. Hem. ap. Plin. 13,

86; ex illa olea arcam esse factam eoque conditas sortis, Cic. div. 2, 86; in altera (arca) libros Numæ inesse, Liv. 40, 29, 4; 2. esp. a money-chest, Atque hic equos non in arcam, uerum in arcam faciet impetum, Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 19; multum differt in arca ne positum sit argentum an in tabulis debeat, Cic. top. 16; 3. a coffin, first to convey a poor man's corpse to a grave or pyre, cadauera...nulli portanda locabat in arca, Hor. s. 1, 8, 9; Da uilem Magno plebei funeris arcam Quae lacerum corpus siccum effundit in ignes, Lucr. 8, 736; 4. a coffin for permanent use, in altera (arca) Numam...sepultum esse, Liv. 40, 29, 4; petimus ne quis nos inquietet ex arca nostra, inscr. Or. 4396; add 3560; 4429 etc.; qui in alterius arcam lapideam in qua adhuc mortuus non erit conditus, mortuum intulerit, Gai. dig. 11, 7, 7, 1; 5. a close prison, in arca (serui) coniciuntur ne quis cum his colloqui possit, Cic. Mil. 60; 6. a water chest in a musical organ, Vitr. 10, 13, 1; in a roof, 6, 3, 2; 7. a landmark of this form, lib. col. 227, 14 etc. ed. Laetum; 8. arka, inscr. Grut. 1033, 8.

**Arcae**, (Arkæ) arum, f. pl. a city of the Volsci, plebs Arkarum patrono, inscr. Nap. Gignio, p. 350.

**Arcanum**, i, adj. n. as sb. (see praedium), a villa of Q. Cicero near Arcae, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 1, 1; 3, 9, 7.

**arcānus**, (arca) adj. closed, hidden, of what is material, secretas illas et arcanas opes, Plin. pan. 34, 3; fontis arcani aquae, Tac. an. 2, 54; 2. met. secret, at quicquid arcana quicquid occultata, Cic. fin. 2, 85; consilia, Liv. 35, 18; sensus, Verg. 4, 422; consilium, Hor. od. 3, 21, 15; 3. esp. of what is sacred and mysterious, sacra, Hor. epod. 5, 52; Cereis, od. 3, 2, 27; 4. that keeps a secret, secret, dixisti arcano satis, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 155; arcana nocte, Ov. her. 9, 40; ut aliquem ex arcanis mitteret, Plin. 7, 178; 11 5. arcannus, as sb. n. a secret, Arcanique Fides prodiga, Hor. od. 1, 18, 16; arcannum scrutatoribus illius unquam, ep. 1, 18, 37; fatorum arcana canebat, Ov. M. 2, 639; 111 6. arceno adv. secretly, arceno cum suis loquitur, Caes. b. c. 1, 19, 2; hunc (apexerunt) lege arceno conuiuius tuis, Cic. Att. 16, 3, 1; but in Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 117: Arcano tibi ego hoc dico, arceno is prob. an adj., see above; 7. comp. arcenus, Colum. 3, 3, 32.

**arcārius**, (ark-\*) adj. of the money chest, arcaria nomina, debits incurred for money lent, Gai. 3, 131 and 132; 11 2. as sb. m. a treasurer, arcario rei publicae Laelianorum, inscr. Or. 118; 2414; 2821; ad Lampr. Al. Sev. 43, 4; 3. of a slave who has charge of money, Stichus arcarius probante domino nomina fecit, Scæv. dig. 40, 5, 41, 17; Agathyrus...ser(vus) arkarius\*, inscr. Or. 2890.

**arcātūra**, ae, f. a landmark, Cassiod. var. 3, 52.

**arcatus**, see arcuatus.

**arcebiou**, see arcebiou.

**arcelaea**, (uitis) a kind of vine, Colum. 3, 2, 27; 3, 7, 1; 3, 21, 3.

**arcella**, ae, f. (dim. of arcula) a landmark (v. arca § 7), lib. col. 1, p. 227, 5; Faust. et Val. 308, 25 ed. Laetum.

**arcellula**, ae, dim. of same, arca, arcula, arcella, arcellula, Dion. p. 326, 7 K.

**arceo**, areui, arctus or rather artus (akin to *εργω* and *αρκω*), vb. confine, hold tight, keep within limits, qui fulmine clamo Omnia per sonitus (personatus, Bernays ej.) arect, terram mare caelum, Enn. ap. Serv. A. 1, 31; Prob. ib.; nos flumina arcemus dirigitus avertimus, Cic. N. D. 2, 152; extimus orbis arcus et continens ceteros, rep. 6, 17; (almos) arect et continet quod recipit, N. D. 2, 136; 2. met. uidebam adiaciam tam iumanem non posse arceri otii finibus, Cic. har. r. 4; nec tamen ita sunt arta et astricta ut ea cum uclimus laxare nequeamus, or. 220; cf. coarcteo; 3. keep off, ward off, ille seit ut hostium copiae, tu ut aquae pluuiae arecantur, Cic. Mur. 22; (asylum) arcebis peccori, Verg. G. 3, 155; Odi profanum uolgens et arceo, Hor. od. 3, 1, 1; quia sonus ducit et arect nigra, Ov. M. 2, 735; adque pluuiae arendae actio, Paul. dig. 39, 3, 2, 9; 4. w. ab, tu Iuppiter hunc a tuis templis arcebis, Cic. Cat. 1 f.; si homines ab iniuria poena arcerent, de heret. leg. 1, 40; 5. w. mere ab, Satis tamen habeam unum ut te ara arcant, Pacuv. ap. Prisc. 1, 487 K; (Antonium) ut hostem arcuit Gallia, Cic. Phil. 5, 37; non te

dominus illis sedibus areebat, 2, 104; Troas areebat Latio, Verg. 1, 35; 6. w. abl. of noun of action, keep off, prevent (from), cur (paupertatem) deorum aditu arecamus? Cic. leg. 2, 25; arecens cum edite, Tusc. 1, 8, 9; ut arecamus transitu hostes, Liv. 26, 41, 6; 7. w. inf. keep (from), prevent (from), forbid, plagamque sedere Cedendo areebat, Ov. M. 3, 89; add 12, 427; Quam lex furibundus areat habere uiros, Pont. 3, 3, 56; ne Augustus arecerat Taurum opes ornatum ad urbis conferre, Tac. an. 3, 72; add Stat. Th. 1, 455; silu. 2, 1, 34; 8. w. acc. prevent, ut conloquia congressuque nostros arecent, Tac. h. 4, 64; 9. keep (a person etc.) from (evil), protect, guard, haec aetas (adolescentia) a libidinibus arenda est, Cic. off. 1, 122; classes Aquilonibus, Hor. ep. 2, 3, 64; irascere amicis Cur me finesto propter arece ueterno, 1, 7, 10; 10. arectus or rather artus as adj. confined, narrow, close, tight, closely packed, artioribus laqueis tenebitur, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 13; uincta artissima, Att. 6, 2, 1; caros in artiores siluas abderunt, Caes. b. g. 7, 18, 3; arta conuicia, Hor. ep. 1, 5, 29; artio stipata theatro, 2, 1, 60; cauum, 1, 7, 33; arta uile, od. 1, 38, 7; animum—distressed, s. 2, 6, 82; (animum) illi alucis, v. stadium artissimum, xv amplissimo, Plin. 6, 86; artiore erilo cernitur, 18, 115; 11. met. artior somnus, Cic. rep. 6, 10 (see 14); petio, a close contest, Liv. 39, 32, 7; propinquitus, Curt. 3, 12, 14; fames, Sil. 7, 280; artissima tenebrae, Suet. Ner. 46; artior annona, Tib. 8; 12. esp. artae res, straitened circumstances, distress, Ov. Pont. 3, 2, 25; Tac. h. 3, 69 f.; Flor. 1, 22, 31; 13. artum as sb. n. w. a prep., a narrow or confined space, multiplicat in artio spatii, Liv. 2, 50, 8; in artio haerentes, 34, 15, 8; (uolumina) a me collecta in artum, Plin. 8, 15; 14. met. quum in artio res esset, Liv. 26, 17, 5; ne spem sibi ponat in artio, Ov. M. 9, 683; 15. adv. artae closely, tightly, tu arte colliga (manus), Pl. Ep. 5, 2, 29; illum mater arte habet, keeps a tight hand on him, As. 1, 1, 65; artius puellam complexus, Cic. div. 1, 103; arte et grauior domitare, 1, 59; hoc artius inligata, Caes. b. g. 4, 17, 7; peditem quum artissime ire iubet, Sal. Jug. 68, 4; hunc artissime diligo, Plin. ep. 6, 8, 1.

**arcera**, (arca) ae, f. dim.? a sort of palanquin for carriage of the sick or alev, Varr. l. 5, 32; Gell. 20, 1, 29; who, § 25, quotes from XII tab. i si morbus accituisse nitum escit, iumentum dato: si nolet, arceram ne sternito (om. ne?).

**arcessor**, oris, m. one who fetches or summons, Plin. ep. 5, 6, 45; 2. an accuser, Amm. 29, 1, 44.

**arcessitus**, us, m. fetching, summons, only in abl. tuo arcessitu uenio, Pl. Stic. 2, 2, 3; ipsius arcessitu, Cic. N. D. 1, 15; a. Valentinus, Amm. 31, 10, 3.

**arcesso**, (arcesso) cre, fui or fi, itus, vb. [cesso = cio, cio and curio; and so ar-cesso, a fuller form of ac-cio; cf. capesso = capio] lit. rouse by voice and so call to come to (one), summon; in use common by messenger, send for, or else fetch. Ne istuc mecastor, iam patrem arcessam meum, Pl. Men. 5, 1, 34; iussit arcessi eum domum, Cest. 1, 3, 48; tunc qui hau multo prius Abiisti hinc erum arcessitum? Rud. 4, 4, 12; iubet magistrum equitum arcessi, Cato orig. 2, 4, 1; Quem contra amari, quem expeti, quem arcesseri (uclit), Caecil. 263 R; cur non domum uosorem arcessis, Ter. Ad. 5, 7, 6; arcessi iube, Andr. 3, 3, 14; curro, obstrictum arcesse\*, Ad. 3, 2, 56; iussit me ad se arcessiri, Eun. 3, 3, 4; illis temporibus eum ab aratro arcescebantur qui consules fierent, Cic. Rose. Am. 50; Cillonem arcessieram Venafo, Q. fr. 3, 1, 3; te desideramus, te etiam arcessimus, Att. 1, 18, 1; Bassum arcessi, Cassium expectari, 15, 13, 4; arcessiuit nos in patriam, sen. grat. 27; generum ad se arcessiri iubet, Nep. Att. 21, 4; uti Germani mercede arcesserentur (al. arcessiri), Caes. b. g. 1, 31, 4; fabros ex continenti arcessi (al. arcessiri) iubet, 5, 11, 3; factio altera Romanos arcescebat, Liv. 32, 32; patrem arcessiri, 3, 45, 3; 2. w. acc. of thing, Senex in Ephesus ibit aurum arcessere, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 120; eius librum arcessiui, Cic. Att. 16, 11, 4; certiorum me facias quando arcessantur (tabellae), 7, 23, 3; in iis sacris quae maiores nostri ab exteris nationibus

arcessita coherunt, Verr. 2, 4, 115; argentum mutuum, Sal. hist. ap. Prisc. 2, 534, 24 K; si melius scilicet (sc. uini) habes arcesse, Hor. ep. 1, 5, 6; 3. met. Illic homo a me sibi malum rem arcessit iumento suo, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 171; hoc etiam ad malum arcesselatur malum, Pl. Bac. 3, 3, 20; ea (sc. quies) neque molli strato neque silentio arcessita, Liv. 21, 4, 7; somnus medicamentis arcessendus est, Cels. 3, 18, p. 100. 36 P; ex periculo gloriam arcescentes, Curt. 8, 13, 25; a capite (from the head-waters so to say) quod uelimus arcescere, Cic. or. 2, 117; add top. 39; translationes orationi splendoris aliquid arcessunt, or. 3, 150; ex medio res arcessit, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 168; cum sequitur laus, non cum arcessit, Quint. 10, 2, 27; longe arcescere fabulas, Petr. 37; 4. esp. in perf. part. far-fetched, dictum, Cic. or. 2, 256; uerba, Quint. 8, 6, 7 and 48; nihil arcessiti, 12, 10, 40 etc.; 5. in law, summon to a court, etc., commence proceeding against, accuse, ne quem innocentem iudicio capitis arcessas, Cic. off. 2, 51; quod (homines) eodem crimine arcessas, Rab. perf. 21; ut hunc hoc iudicio arcesserat, Flac. 14; ueneni se crimine arcessitum, Suet. Tib. 53; 6. w. gen. accuse, capitis (so as to involve a man's status), Cic. Deiot. 30; Sal. Jug. 73, 5; pecuniae capite arcescebat, ib. 32, 1; malestatis arc., Tac. an. 2, 50; tumultus hostilis et turbulae rei publicae, 4, 29; 7. beyond legal sphere, Graecos non tantae inscitiae arcesso, Nig. ap. Gell. 19, 14 f.; 8. a subj. arcesserunt perh. in Caes. § 1; arcessiri in Nep. and Liv., above +; in Sal. Jug. 62, 4 and 113, 4 mss differ; Kritz has arcessiri, Iord. accersi; 9. arcesso is in Ambros. of Pl. St. 1, 3, 109 and 110; 2, 2, 2; and prob. vv. 9, 10, 11, 12 of Cas. 3, 2 (cf. Geppert's ed.); accerso in same, Ps. 1, 3, 92; 2, 65; 2, 4, 29; Pers. 4, 3, 61; Bemb. of Ter. seems to have accerso; Sal. seems to have accerso send for, arcesso accuse; 10. for r of accerso, cf. dorsum, dorsum.

**archangelicus**, adj. of an archangel, Hier. Is. 7, 17,

4. **archangelus**, m. archangel, Hier. Raf. 1, 6; Tertul. Valent. 10.

**archebion**, ii, n. a plant = anchusa tinctoria Linn., Plin. 22, 51.

**archeota** or -tes, ae, m. one who has charge of archives, a registrar, Arcad. Char. dig. 50, 4, 18, 10.

**archetypus**, adj. original, as a work of art, Cleanthas, Iuv. 2, 7; nagas, Mart. 7, 11, 4; and met. amicos, 12, 69, 2; II 2 as sb. m. or n., an original, Varr. r. 3, 5, 8; Plin. ep. 5, 15 (10); Maer. s. 5, 13, 40.

**archezostis**, is, f. a plant, briony? Plin. 23, 21; 26, 113 and 164.

**archiater** or -tros, tri, m. chief physician of an Emperor, Th. C. 13, 3, 14; 6, 16, 1; M. Luio Celso... M. Linius Eutyechus archiater, inser. Or. 4226; archiater, inser. Grut. 632, 5; 2. archiatri, w. short penult., Paul. Petr. 2, 697.

**archiatria**, ae, f. office of same, 13, 3, 8.

**archibuculus**, (-boculus) i, m. a chief priest of Baechus, dei Liberi, inser. Or. 2335; archib. dei Lib., 2351; dei Liberi archiboculus, 2352.

**archidiacon**, onis, m. archdeacon, Venant. v. Martini 3, 38.

**archidiaconus**, i, m. same, Sidon. ep. 4, 25; Hier. ad Pamm. 61, 4.

**archiepiscopus**, i, m. archbishop, Hier. e. Iustin. 1, 1, 7 etc.

**archiereus**, ei, m. high-priest, L. Aurelio... archieri synodi, inser. Or. 2160; add 2543; 2627.

**archierosyna**, ae, f. high-priesthood, Th. C. 12, 1, 112.

**archigallus**, i, m. chief priest of Cybele, Plin. 35, 70; C. Camerius... archigallus matris deum magnae, inser. Or. 2320; add 2321; and Vat. fr. 148.

**archigeron**, ntis, m. chief of the seniors, a magisterial title, Th. C. 14, 27, 1.

**archigubernus**, m. chief pilot, Iuv. dig. 36, 1, 48 (46); and perh. inser. Or. 3634.

**archimagirus**, i, m. chief *μαγειρος* or cook, Iuv. 9, 109; inser. Giorn. Arcad. 13, p. 587; Sid. ep. 2, 9.

**archi-mandrīta**, ae, m. chief monk, archimandrite, abbot, Sid. ep. 8, 14; Iulian. epist. nov. 7, 32.  
**archimandritissa**, ae, f. chief nun, abbess, Iulian. ib.  
**archimima**, ae, f. chief actress in pantomime, inser. Or. 4760; inser. Grut. 330, 4.  
**archimimus**, i, m. chief actor in same, Sen. fr. 36; Suet. Vesp. 19; Iulian. dig. 38, 1, 25, 1; inser. Or. 2625.  
**archineñiscus**, m. chief of the young priests, inser. Grut. 331, 5.  
**archipirāta**, ae, m. chief pirate, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 64; off. 2, 40; Liv. 37, 11, 6; Quint. 9, 4, 64.  
**archipresbyter**, tri, m. chief priest, Hieron. ad Rust. 4.  
**archisacerdos**, otis, m. chief priest, Venant. carn. 3, 13, 1.  
**archisynagōgus**, i, m. chief of the synagogue, Th. C. 16, 8, 4; Lampr. Al. S. 28, 7.  
**architectōn**, ōnis, m. master builder, architect, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 73; Poen. 5, 2, 150; Sol. 32, 41; in Gr. Sen. ep. 90, 9.  
**architectōnicē**, adj. as sb. architecture, Quint. 2, 21, 8.  
**architectōnicus**, adj. of architecture, rationes, Vitr. 9, 4, 1; Sid. ep. 8, 4.  
**architector**, āri, (architectus) vb. r. make oneself an architect; hence, as vb. trans. construct, build, situm loci ad suum arbitrium fabricari et architectari, Cornif. ad Her. 3, 32; add Vitr. 7, 1, 15 and 17; 9, 4, 2. 2. met. uoluptates, Cic. fin. 2, 52; 3. as pass., aedes Martis est... architectata ab Hermodoro, Nep. ap. Prisc. 1, 383, 4.  
**architectūra**, ae, f. architecture, Cic. off. 1, 251; Plin. 11, 82; Vitr. 1, 1, 1.  
**architectus**, i, m. architect, ubi probus est architectus, Bene lineatam si semel caruam conlocavit, Facile esse naum facere, Pl. Mil. 3, 3, 41; add Cic. or. 1, 62; inser. Or. 2896; 2. opp. to faber, builder, Cic. fam. 9, 2, 5; 3. met. beneficus meus pater... architectus omnibus, Pl. Amph. pr. 45; beatae uitae, Cic. fin. 1, 32; sceleris, Clu. 60; nerborum, Brut. 118; 4. prov. architectus architecto inuidet, two of a trade etc., Verg. ap. Donat. uit.; 5. written architectus, architectus hospes Appiae, CIL 1216; inser. Or. 1145.  
**archium**, (archium) i, adj. n. as sb. a record office, archives, quo in publico instrumenta deponuntur, archio, Ulp. dig. 48, 19, 9, 6; archina, Tert. apol. 19; add adv. Marc. 4, 7.  
**archōn**, ontis, m. chief magistrate (of Athens), Cic. fat. 19; Vell. 1, 2, 2; 1, 8, 3.  
**archifinālis**, (areco, finis) e, adj. chiefly with ager, land without defined boundary, as confiscated from a public enemy, a agri, quibus agris uictor populus occupando nomen dedit... arcendo uicinum archifinalem dixit, Grom. uet. 138, 4 Lachm.; add 350, 12; 2. a. hientia, Grom. uet. 284, 7.  
**arcifinius**, adj. same, Grom. uet. 1, 5; 5, 6 etc.  
**arcion**, i, n. = Lat. persolata burdock, Plin. 25, 113.  
**arcipōtēs**, ntis, adj. as sb. lord of the bow, (Apollo), Val. Fl. 5, 17.  
**arcirma**, ae, f. genus plaustris quo homo gestari possit, Paul. ex F. s.v., same perh. as arcera.  
**arcitēns**, (arquit.) ntis, adj. bow-grasping, epithet of Apollo and Diana, pollens sagittis, inclutus Arcitenens, Naev. ap. Macr. s. 6, 5, 1; Quod utinam me suis arcitenens telis mactasset dea, Acc. ap. Non. 341, 26; Quam pius arcitenens, Verg. 3, 75; add Ov. M. 1, 441; 2. the constellation Sagittarius, Cic. Arat. 400.  
**arcitatio** ? ōnis, f. contraction, Varr. l. 1, 5 (so B, al. aliter).  
**arcetē**, or artē, adv. see areco.  
**arcticus**, adj. of the bear, the constellation, circulus, Hygin. astr. 1, 6.  
**arction**, ii, n. a plant, a kind of mullein, Plin. 26, 129; 27, 11.  
**arcto**, see arto.  
**arctophylax**, ācis, m. Bear-keeper, the constellation Bootes, Cic. Arat. 369 (605); Ov. F. 2, 190; Manil. 1, 323.  
**arctos**, i, f. the Bear, a. Septentriones, the constellation Ursa Maior, Charles' wain, claramque Lyaconis Arcton,

Verg. G. 1, 138; ne laet Arcton aquis, Ov. F. 2, 192;  
 2. also of Ursa Minor, so that there are two Arcti, hunc (polum) circum arctoe? duae feruntur, nunquam occidentes, Cic. N. D. 2, 105; add Verg. 6, 16; G. 1, 245; 3. arctoe (arctos), as nom. pl.; to \* above add Germ. Arat. 25 and 63.  
**arctūs**, adj. of the Bear or North, Mart. 5, 68, 1; 10, 6, 2; Sen. Oed. 619.  
**Arctūrus**, i, m. Bear-keeper, chief star in Bootes, Pl. Rud. pr. 5 and 70; Cic. N. D. 2, 110; Verg. 1, 748.  
**arctus**, see areco.  
**arcuarius**, adj. of a bow or bows, fabricae, Verg. mil. 2, 11; 2. as sb. m. maker of bows, Tarr. dig. 50, 6, 7 (6).  
**arcuatilis**, adj. arched, caminus, Sid. ep. 2, 6, 2.  
**arcuātum**, adv. in arches, repens (of a centipede), Plin. 29, 136; sanguis a. fluens, Fest. v. tullios.  
**arcuatio**, ōnis, f. arching, succession of arches, Frontin. aq. 18 and 121.  
**arcuballista**, ae, f. a ballista worked by a bow, Verg. mil. 2, 151, 4, 22.  
**arcuballistarius**, adj. m. as sb. one who works an arcuballista, Verg. mil. 4, 21.  
**arcubii**, (for arcubii?) adj. pl. qui exsuebant in arce, Paul. ex F. p. 25.  
**arcūla**, ae, (aren) f. dim. a small box, as for money, tanne (=tanne) arcūla tua plena est araneorum, Afran. ap. F. p. 358; thecae, a muliebres, Cic. off. 2, 25; food, leguminum thecae, arcūlae forte uel... Ulp. dig. 33, 9, 3, 11; big enough to hold a man, arcūlam in templum ponere ilaque hominem includere (for robbery), Marc. dig. 48, 13, 12, 1; of a coffin, ib. 11, 7, 39; inser. Grut. 1031, 4; the wind chest in a water-organ, Vitr. 10, 13, 4; 2. met. from a lady's box of unguents, meus liber totum Isocrati μυσθηριον atque omnes... arcūlas consumpsit, Cic. Att. 2, 1, 1; 3. of a bird of bad omen, Fest. s.v.  
**arcularius**, adj. as sb. m. box or trunk maker, Pl. Aul. 3, 5, 45.  
**arcūlata**, ōrum, part. n. pl. sacrificial cakes, Fest. s.v.  
**arcūlum**, i, n. = uirga ex malo punice incurrata, worn as a pad by a Flaminia, in carrying holy vessels on the head, Serv. A. 4, 137; add Arch. s.v.  
**areco**, āre, (arcus) vb. arch, form a bow, curru arenato, Liv. 1, 21, 4; millepeda quae non arcuatur, Plin. 29, 137; arento opere (of an aqueduct), ep. 10, 37 (46).  
**arcus**, ūs, (?) m. and f. a bow, and arques\*, ui, rarely arcus\*, i, Egomet autem quom extemplo arcum mihi et sagittas sumptero, Pl. Trin. 3, 2, 99; intentum animum tanquam arcum habebat, Cic. sen. 37; Tum ualidis flexos incuruant uiribus arcus, Verg. 5, 500; 2. rainbow, bibit arcus, hercle credo hodie pluet, Pl. Cure. 1, 2, 41; cur arcus\* species non in deorum numero reponitur?... arcus e nubibus effluet coloratis, Cic. N. D. 3, 51; Tum color in nigris existit nubibus arcui, Lucr. 6, 526; et bibit ingens Arcus, Verg. G. 1, 381; add A. 5, 58; pluuius arcus, Hor. ep. 2, 3, 18; arcus cum sunt duplices, pluuias nuntiant, Plin. 18, 353; (aqua) sparsa contra solem faciem arcus representat, Sen. n. q. 1, 3, 2; 3. an arch of stone etc., quod arcif fessi pondere corruissent, Varr. ap. Non. 77, 15; punice uiuo Et lenibus totis natium duxerat arcum, Ov. M. 3, 160; Substitit ad ueteres arcus (of an aqueduct) madidamque Capenam, Iuv. 3, 11; arcus ductus aquae disturbatos... restituit, inser. Or. 703; 4. esp. a triumphal arch, utique arcus constituitur ornatus spoliis decemtarum ab eo gentium, cenot. Pisan.; Imp. Caes. Constantino... arcum triumphis insignem dicitur, inser. Or. 1075; 5. gen. any arch or curve as of land, portus... curuatus in arcum, Verg. 3, 533; add Ov. M. 11, 229; of a serpent's folds, immensos saltu sinuatur in arcus, 3, 43; of curling waves, niger arcus aquarum, 11, 568; of boughs, pressos propaginis arcus, Verg. G. 2, 26; in arcu propaginis, Colum. 4, 29, 17; of a chair back, ad arcum sellae, Tac. an. 15, 57; 6. esp. an arc in math., esto arcus cuius basis habet pedes xvi, latitudo m. Colum. 5, 2, 9; coronam si diuiseris, arcus erit, Sen. n. q. 1, 10; 7. arcus, ūs, also f., Arcus aspicit mortalibus quae perhibentur, Enn. ap. Prisc. 1, 259, 8 K; 8. arcubus, D. and abl. pl. says Prisc. 4, 29, 17; arcibus belong to arx, 1, 364, 25.

**ardālio**, see **ardelio**.

**ardea**, ae. f. (akin to *εραδός* and *heron*) *heron*, Verg. G. 1, 304; A. 7, 411; Plin. 18, 363; 2. **Ardea**, a city of Latium, Verg. 7, 412; Plin. 3, 56; 35, 17.

**Ardeas**, (old *Ardeatis*?) *ātis*, adj. of *Ardea*, (Cato) *Ardeatis* dicit pro eo quod nunc dicimus *Ardeas*, Prisc. 1, 129, 15; in agro *Ardeati*, Cic. N. D. 3, 47; *Ardeatis* templi, Plin. 35, 115; 2. *Ardeates* the people of *Ardea*, Liv. 3, 71, 2 etc.

**Ardeatinus**, a. j. of the *Ardeates*; hence *Ardeatinus* as sb. n. a villa in the district of *Ardea*, Sen. ep. 105, 1; but in Nep. Att. 14, 3 read *Arretinum*.

**ardēlio**, (*ardālio*?) *ōnis*, m. a bushybody, Phaedr. 2, 5, 1; Mart. 2, 7, 8; 4, 78, 10.

**ardeo**, *ēre*, or *ardesco*, *ēre*, arsi, arsus, vb. [a-o :: mordeo :: molo :: obsolesco to obsolesco :: sord-es :: sol-um; cf. arid-um, and the phrase *alere flammam*] lit. rise, but used only of flame, flare up, fire, emit flame, blaze, be ablaze, burn, take fire, Face *Chaine* certorem ne quid mens me nūc velit. Ille? edepol uidere ardentem te extra portam mortuum, Pl. Cas. 2, 6, 2; lanquidibus ardentibus, Men. 5, 2, 88; arde-re censui aedis, Amph. 5, 1, 15; ardentibus tædis, Enn. trag. 51 V; ardentem faciem, 57; ardet focus, Acc. Aen. 7, 11; caput arsisse Sertio Tullio dormienti, Cic. div. 1, 121; domus ardebat in Palatio, dom. 62; omnia motu peralefacta uidere ardescere, Lucr. 6, 178; iam proximus ardet Vealegon, Verg. 2, 311; ut imagine cerea Langior arserit ignis, Hor. s. 1, 8, 44; suum raptissimum ignem si iuxta fuerit, celerime ardescens, Plin. 37, 51; 2. w. joking extravagance, D. Cor. mili uritur, T. Da illi cantharum: extingue ignem si uritur, caput ne ardeat, Pl. Pers. 5, 2, 22; ita mi in corde...facit amor incendum: Ni oculi lacrimis defundant, iam ardeat erudo caput, Merc. 3, 4, 4; add Pers. 4, 1, 28; 3. met. of light, blaze, flash, glow, glitter, aliae (sc. apes) turpes horrent...; elacens aliae et fulgore eouscant Ardentis auro, Verg. 6, 4, 99; Tyriacque ardebat murice luena, A. 4, 262; campique armis sublimibus ardent, 11, 602; clipeum ardentem, 10, 262; 4. met. of mind, character, passion, burn, be fired (with), be consumed, flagitio maximo, Pl. Cas. 5, 3, 1; nunc...mi animus ardet, Cæcil. 230 R; amore, Ter. Eum. 1, 1, 27; iracundia, Ad. 3, 2, 12; desiderio, Cic. Tusc. 4, 37; cupiditate, metu, conscientia, leg. 2, 43; amore, Verg. 2, 10, 160; Phil. 4, 4; dolore et ira, Att. 2, 10, 1; furore et sedere, 10, 4, 2; studio histore, 16, 13 c, 2; dora euphonia, Lucr. 4, 1090; inuidia, Liv. 5, 11, 4; cupiditate inimicos ulciscendi, 29, 6, 7; infamia, Plin. ep. 4, 11, 11; 5. of war, either from heated feelings, or from fire as a chief means of destruction, (cf. Liv. 22, 3, 6 and 10), cum arderet Syria bello, Cic. Att. 6, 5, 3; orbem terrarum ardere bello, fam. 4, 1, 2; totam Hispaniam arsuram bello, Liv. 28, 24, 15; ardente in Africa bello, Suet. Caes. 70; nouis motibus ardere Asiam, Flor. 3, 5 (1, 40), 21; 6. other met., ardent oculi, Pl. Capt. 3, 6, 62; add Enn. tr. 76 V; Verg. G. 4, 45; cum oculis arderet, Cic. Verg. 2, 4, 148; podagrae doloribus, fin. 5, 94; cum omnes artus ardere uiderentur, 2, 93; ardentibus siti faucibus, Liv. 44, 38, 9; tantum flumen nequiorum...ut non solum incendere iudicem sed ipse ardere ni leuaret, Cic. or. 2, 188; 7. If 7. constr. w. in and abl., merito deus arsit in illa, Ov. M. 8, 50; 8. w. abl. of person alone, Ponce non alia magis Arsisit, Hor. od. 3, 9, 6; uirgine raptā, 2, 4, 7; Bathylio, epod. 14, 9; 9. w. in and acc., burn for, be on fire for to get at, Ardet in arma magis, Verg. 12, 71; ardere (so some cp., miss aude) in proelia, 2, 347; in eadem eius ardentis, Tac. h. 1, 43; in illas, Sen. Her. Oct. 373; 10. w. acc. Non sola comptos ardet adulteri Crimes, Hor. od. 4, 9, 13; ferrumque quod ardet Ipsa dabo, Stat. Th. 337; Alexim, Verg. E. 2, 1; pueros, Gell. 6 (7), 8, 3; 11. w. ad, omnium animi ad ulciscendum ardebant, Caes. b. g. 6, 34, 7; ad reprehendenda aliena facta ardent omnibus animus, ps. Sal. rep. ord. 1, 8, 9; 12. w. inf., mereri fratrem inuidiae animo (al. inuimium) ardebat, Sal. Iug. 39, 5; Ardet abire fuga, Verg. 4, 281; ruere ardet utroque, Ov. M. 5, 166; thalamus ascendere, Val. Fl. 6, 45; III 13. as vb. act. (2) burn, ubi redulus hospes Paene macros arsit dum turdos uersat in igni, Flor. s. 1, 5, 72;

met. iam rapidus torrens sitientis Sirius Indos Ardebat, Verg. G. 4, 425 (= siccat, says Serv.); IV 14. ardui as perf., quod ictu fulminis arbores sacri luti attractae aduerint, inser. Or. 961; V 15. ardens as adj. burning, hot, sol ardentissimus, Tubero ap. Gell. 7 (6), 4, 3; ardentissimae aestatis tempore, Plin. 2, 123; met. ardentiore studio, Cic. fin. 2, 61; 16. the gen. caedis in Stat. Th. 1, 662 does not belong to ardens; 17. ardentem, met. w. hot passion, eagerly, a. cupias, Cic. Tusc. 4, 30; ardentibus sitientem, 5, 16; ardentius diligamus, Plin. ep. 7, 20 f.; diligo ardentissime, 1, 14, 10; 6, 4, 3. **ardēola**, ae. f., dim. a *heron*, Plin. 10, 164, 204 and 207; 11, 140.

**ardesco**, see **ardeo**.

**ardifēr**? only a bad cj. in Varr. ap. Non. 243, 25.

**ardor**, *oris*, m. blazing, flame, fire, Sol qui micantem, equis Flammam citatis feruido ardore explicas, Acc. ap. Prisc. 2, 424, 21 K; of the thunderbolt, Acc. ap. Serv. A. 1, 42; dum ceruitor ardor (ignium), Lucr. 5, 587; fore ut munus ardore deflagret, Cic. Acad. pr. 119; uisus nocturno tempore faces arioreneque caeli, in Cat. 3, 18; piceus ardor, Verg. 11, 786; nec Sirius ardor Sae micat, Colum. 10, 589;

2. heat, intus...nestia pampinis nimios solis defendit ardore, Cic. sen. 53; in morbis corporum ardore, Plin. 14, 99; terraque ardore dehiscunt, Verg. G. 3, 432; 3. brilliancy, splendour, brightness, neque quisquam potest Fulgentium armorum (pron. armorum) armatus ardorem obtui, Acc. ap. Non. 405, 24; ex oculis micat acerbis ardor, Lucr. 3, 289; ille imperatoris ardor oculorum, Cic. Balb. 49; eo ardore urit, Vell. 2, 35, 3; 11 4. met. in medio ardore belli, Liv. 34, 1, 3; cf. ardeo so used; 5. esp. of the mind, a. animi, Cic. Brut. 93, followed by flamma oratoris; de ardore mentis ad gloriam, Cael. 76; a. amoris, or. 1, 134; unum ardore animi micantem, Liv. 6, 13, 2; 6. and absol., Idem omnis simul ardor habet (agit), Verg. 4, 581; 7. 393; Dime hunc ardorem mentibus adiunt, 9, 184; nullum ardor, Liv. 8, 16, 7; Tac. an. 2, 15, 1; ardorem dissimulare (of love), Tib. 4, 12, 6; eiusdem uirginitas a., Ov. M. 9, 101; 7. object of passion, tu primus et ultimus illi Ardor eris, 14, 683, his first passion.

**arduitas**, *ātis*, f. steepness, montium, Varr. r. 2, 10, 3. **arduus**, adj. [alo raise, for rid in place of l, see ardeo] steep, asperum atque arduissimum aditu, Cato orat. 38, 9; Iord; loca ardua, 54, 2; iter longius arduiusque, Cato ep. 85, 6; ardua per loca, Pacuv. 272 R; oppidum difficili ascensu atque arduo, Cic. Verg. 2, 4, 51; uallis difficili et arduo ascensu, Caes. b. c. 2, 34, 1; add b. g. 2, 33, 2; ager confragosus atque arduus (al. arduis) climis, Varr. r. 1, 18, 4; locus arduus, Sal. Cat. 7, 5; collem aditu arduum, Liv. 7, 34, 3; ardua prima uia est, Ov. M. 2, 63; mons, 1, 316; 2. lofty, high, erect, equus qui suo partu ardua perdat Pergana, Enn. tr. 98 V; campo se-e arduis infert, Verg. 9, 53; add 11, 755; aether, Ov. M. 1, 151; cedrus, am. 1, 14, 12; ceruix (equi), Hor. s. 1, 2, 89; colla (boum), Sil. 11, 245; cum arduis supercilis, Gell. 4, 1, 1; 3. met. arduous, difficult, magnum opus et arduum, Cic. or. 33; rerum arduarum ac difficilium, inv. 2, 163; nihil adeo arduum quod non uirtute consequi possent, Caes. b. g. 7, 47, 3; arduum uidetur res gestas scribere, Sal. Cat. 3, 2 (cf. Gell. 4, 15); arduum factu, Liv. 8, 16, 8; rebus in arduis, Hor. od. 2, 3, 1; arduus rerum omnium modus, Tac. h. 1, 85; 4. arduum as sb. n. steep ground, a steep, cum parentis regna per arduum...scandere, Hor. od. 2, 10, 21; Ardua terrarum et campi, Verg. 5, 605; ad excindenda castellorum ardua, Tac. an. 11, 9; ardua Alpium, h. 4, 70; 5. a lofty place, uisa in arduo quae plana fuerint, Tac. an. 2, 47; 6. met. nec fuit in arduo societas, 12, 15; 7. Erse and W. arid, high.

**ārea**, ae. f. open space, vacant ground, in urbe loca pura araea, Varr. r. 5, 4; locus sine aedificio in urbe araea, rure autem ager appellatur, Flor. dig. 50, 16, 211; in area quae est ante aedem, CIL 577, 1, 9; (pontifices) si sustulerint religionem, arcam praecalam habebimus, Cic. Att. 4, 1, 7; Poncedaque domo quaerenda est area prima, Hor. ep. 1, 10, 13; domum (Macli), ut monumento area esset... dirui iussit, Liv. 4, 16, 1; add 1, 55, 2; si aedes ad arcam redactae,

sint, Ulp. 7, 4, 10, 1; area quae ante se(pulcrum) est, inser. Or. 4400; add 4510; 2. esp. the open space of a fowler's work, hic noster quaestus aucupii similimust; Anceps quando concinnauit aream, offundit cibum... ea aedis nobis areast, aucups sum ego, Pl. As. 1, 3, 64 and 67; Nos tibi palumbem ad aream usque addiximus, Poen. 3, 3, 63;

3. a threshing floor, aream sic facito, Cato r. 91; add 129; and Varr. r. 1, 51, 1; ne quis frumentum de area tolleret, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 36; area... ingenti aequanda cylindro, Verg. G. 1, 178; Quicquid de Lybicus nerritur areis, Hor. od. 1, 1, 10; 4. a bed in a garden, ut olitor disserit in areas sui quouisque generis res, Varr. l. 6, 7, p. 241 Sp.; humus refossa in areas diuisidit, Colum. 11, 3, 13; add 11, 3, 62; Plin. 19, 60; and Pall. 1, 34, 7; 5. met. a field for work, a sphere of action, canefacta uiuorum: Haec animo diceas area facta meost, Ov. am. 3, 1, 26; exiguae saepe areae arte paterunt, Sen. dial. 9, 10, 4; but area scelerum in Cic. Att. 9, 18, 2 is a cj.; 6. a halo, but only as transl. ἀῶνα, Sen. n. q. 1, 2, 3; 7. in Mart. 10, 24, 9 uitae tribus areis peractis; area means what? 8. a bald place on the scalp from disease, Cels. 6, 4, de areis; Nudum est in medio caput, nec ullus In longa pilus area notatur, Mart. 5, 49, 7;

āreālis, c. ad. of a threshing floor, Serv. G. 1, 166; āreāciō, (arf.) ēre, vb. make dry, auream arfacto\*, Cato r. 69, 1; arefacit ardor solis, Varr. l. 5, 4, 10; terram sol excoquit et facit are, Lucr. 6, 962, see Munro's note; arefactus, Cels. 5, 27, 7; Plin. 34, 133;

āreftio, cri, vb. be made dry, Plin. 32, 82; āreftio, ar, sb. a Roman gens, L. Arellius Glabrial l., CIL 1026; Arelia, 1239.

āreña, or rather harena (arco) ae, f. sand, ut... arenam aliquam aut paludes emat, Cic. agr. 2, 71; umorem bibulae salutē harena, Verg. G. 1, 114; arenam fluctus trahunt, Sall. lug. 78, 3; uentus arenam excitauit, 79, 6; numeroque carentis harenae, Hor. od. 1, 28, 1; 2. in pl. multae harenae, Verg. G. 2, 106; add 3, 350; Hor. od. 3, 4, 31; Or. M. 4, 617 etc.; Varr. r. ap. Gell. 19, 8, 7 denies a pl. to harena;

3. of the sea coast, optata potantur arena, Verg. l. 1, 176; add 5, 34; 6, 316; 4. esp. of the sand or fighting ground of the amphitheatre; ha(re)nā amphitheatrum... restituit, inser. Or. 13; amphitheatrum arena, Suet. Ner. 53; and Tit. 8; hence absol. of gladiatorial combats, Albana nudus arena Venator, Iuv. 4, 100; equites operas arenae promittere subegit, Tac. an. 14, 14; add Suet. Tib. 72; Calig. 30; in harenam se dare mallet, Tryph. dig. 11, 4, 5; 5. met. of a field of contest, an arena, in harena mea, hoc est apud centumuiros, Plin. ep. 6, 12, 2; prima ciuili belli harena Italia fuit, Flor. dig. 2, 13 (4, 2), 18; 6. prov. of labour lost, quid harenae semina mandas? Ov. her. 5, 115; 7. gratius cum adspiratione sonat, says Char. 103, 21 K.

ārēnāc-ōnis, (har.\*) adj. of sand, Plin. 17, 43\*; also 21, 98 and 30, 136.

ārēnārius, (har.\*) adj. of the amphitheatre, see arena 84; forā, Ammian. 20, 1, 27; 11 2. as sb. m. one who fights there, harenarium\* testem almittere, Acad. dig. 2, 5, 21, 2; add Mace. ib. 36, 1, 5; collegii arenariorum, inser. 4063; 3. teacher of arithmetic, as working on sand, Tertul. pall. 6; 4. arnaria as sb. f. (se. fossa) a sand-pit, Varr. r. 1, 2, 23; Cic. Clu. 37; 5. harenarium as sb. n. sand-pit, Vitruv. 2, 4, 2; in Lucil. ap. Non. 21, 20 ancaris is now read.

ārēnātiō, (har.\*) ōnis, f. coating with mortar, Vitruv. 7, 3, 9\*.

ārēnātus, (har.\*) quasi-part. mixed with sand, calx, Cato r. 18, 7; calce harenato\*, CIL 2, 18; 2. arcenatum as sb. n. mortar, plaster, Plin. 36, 176\*; Vitruv. 7, 3, 5\* (bis); āreñifōdina, (har.\*) ae, f. a sand-pit, Ulp. dig. 7, 1, 13, 5\*.

ārēniūgus, adj. wandering on sand, Lucan. 9, 941.

ārēnōsus, (har.\*) full of sand, Verg. 4, 257\*; Plin. 23, 73\*; 27, 16\*; Vitruv. 39, 2, 24, 2\*; harenosior, Plin. 33, 101\*.

ārēnūla, (har.\*) ae, f. dim. sand-particle, harenulae\* quae ..., Plin. 30, 24.

āreo, ēre, vb. become dry, fortunam anatum Vti quom exiissem ex aqua, arerem tamen, Pl. Rud. 2, 6, 50; in quolo ubi arecant composito, ubi arecant composito pariter, Cato r. 76, 1; suis arcet adeptis, Ov. M. 2, 211; add 6, 355; 2. arens as adj. dry, thirsty, arna Verg. G. 1, 110; arente fauce, Hor. epod. 14, 4; arens siti, Sen. ben. 3, 8; arenti alueo, Plin. ep. 5, 6, 12.

āreōla, (ariola\*) ae, f. dim. small piece of vacant ground, Plin. ep. 5, 6, 20; add inser. Grut. 589, 4; 2. a garden bed, Colum. 10, 362; 11, 2, 30.

arepennis, see arapennis.

āresco, ēre, vb. become dry, dry, da mihi uestimenti aliquid aridi, Dum mea arescunt, Pl. Rud. 2, 7, 17; add Cato r. 76, 1; cito arescit lacrima, Cic. part. or. 57; arecente unda, Tac. an. 13, 57; arecente trunco, 58; arescit in gemmas, Plin. 8, 137.

āretālogus, i, adj. as sb. m. a jesting declaimer on virtues, = ῥητολογος, Cic. or. 2, 242; Iuv. 15, 16; Suet. Aug. 74; see Mayor ad Iuv.

arteria, aqua quae inferis libabatur, Paul. ex F. s. v. āreġma, ātis, n. a disease marked by a white speck on the eye, Plin. 20, 61 and 206; 22, 159 etc.

āreġmon, i, n. a plant, Plin. 24, 176.

āreġmōnē, es, f. a plant, Plin. 21, 165; 26, 92.

āreġmōnia, ae, f. a plant, Plin. 25, 102; 26, 23 etc.

argēnōn, i, adj. as sb. n. = per candidum argentum, Paul. ex F. s. v.

argēntārius, adj. of silver, of money, res argentaria, Pl. Epid. 1, 2, 55; opes, 5, 2, 7; inopia, Pl. 1, 3, 66; cura, Ter. Ph. 5, 7, 3; tabernae, Liv. 26, 11, 7, banks; faber a. layol. dig. 34, 2, 39, a silversmith; 2. argēntarius as sb. m. a banker, Pl. Pers. 3, 3, 29 and 37; pecuniam argēntario promittit, Cic. Caec. 16; add inser. Or. 913, 995; 3. argēntarius uascularius, a silversmith, 4147; aurario et argēntario, 7218; 4. master of mint, c. Theod. 13, 4, 2; 5. argēntaria as sb. f. (taberna), a banker's bank, quem defessus sum quaeere... per contrinstra circumque argēntaria, Pl. Epid. 2, 2, 15; circum argēntaria... assident, Truc. 1, 1, 47; domiūs argēntarium, Liv. 9, 40, 16; 6. (ars understood) business of banking, argēntarium facere, to keep a bank, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 155; Caec. 10; argēntaria exereat, Ulp. dig. 2, 13, 4, 2; 7. (fodina understood), a silver-mine, Plin. 34, 21, 7; 8. argēntarium, i. as sb. n. a plate chest, Ulp. dig. 34, 2, 19, 8; 11 9. Argēntarius, name of a silver mountain on the Etrurian coast, Rutil. itin. 1, 315.

argēntātus, quasi-part. silvered, plated, ornamented with silver, milites Liv. 9, 40, 3; sandalia, Alb. 2, 65; sella, Lampr. Hel. 4, 4; 2. met. querimoniam, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 78.

argēnteōlis, adj. dim. of silver, Pl. Rud. 4, 4, 125.

argēnteus, adj. of silver, nasa, Pl. Aul. 2, 5, 17; Tac. G. 5; aquila, Cic. Cat. 1, 24; 2. of a silvery white, silver, anser, Verg. 8, 655; fons, Ov. M. 3, 407; candidus cometes argēnteo crine, Plin. 2, 90; 3. met. in jest, ietus, that bring money, Pl. Most. 3, 1, 93; salubrem, Pl. 1, 1, 46.

argēntifex, given by Varro l. 8, 33 as non-existing.

argēntifōdina, ae, f. a silver-mine, Varr. l. 8, 33; written as two words in Plin. 33, 98; Vitruv. 7, 7, 1.

Argēntillus, a cognomen, T. Traianus T. I. Argēntillus aurifex, inser. Grut. 1117, 1; Argēntillae coniugi Alexander b. m., inser. Fabr. 391, 260.

argēntōsus, adj. full of silver, ferrum, Plin. 33, 93.

argēntum, i, n. (like ἀργυρος, akin to ἀργος white) silver, argenti metalla, Plin. 33, 95; haec ab labris argenti circumclaudunt, Caes. b. g. 6, 28, 6; Vilius argentum est auro, Hor. ep. 1, 1, 52; 2. of silver vessels, plate, tu argentum cluito, Pl. Ps. 1, 2, 29; trichina strata argēntumque expositum, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 33; trichina strata, magnum argenti pondus expositum, Caes. b. c. 3, 96, 1; naui plena argenti facti, ib. 2, 5, 63; cesarium a., Ulp. dig. 34, 12, 19, 12; potiorum a., Pompon. dig. 34, 2, 21, 2; 3. hence of an officer of the imperial household, Partenis Caesaris u(ostri) ab argento potiorum, inser. Or. 2897; add 5391, 6303 etc.; 4. silver, in plays from the Greek (cf. Malvigi's em. Liv. p. 329) as money, emi atque argentum dedi, Minas

quadraginta adolescenti, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 88; Ratio quidem hercle apparet: argentum *argera*, 2, 4, 16, quoted by Cic. Pis. 61; a me argentum quantitas sumito, Ter. Ad. 5, 9, 20; rarely in other writings exercitum argento fecit, Sall. ap. Sen. ep. 114, 17; argenti sitis importuna famescit, Hor. ep. 1, 1, 23; 6. a. uinum, quiescent, Plin. 33, 99.

7. cf. w. arian, silver.  
**Argentumexterebrōnides**, (terebra), ae, m. a jesting patronymic, son of one who bores out silver, Pl. Pers. 4, 6, 21.

**argestēs**, ae, m. the W.S.W. wind, = cornus, ab occasu solstitiali cornus; zephyrum et argetum uocant, Plin. 2, 119; add 18, 338; a solstitiali occidente cornus, qui argestes dicitur, Sen. n. q. 5, 10, 5; circa faunium argestes, Vitr. 1, 6, 10.

**argilla**, ae, (= *argylos*) f. white clay, potter's earth, homullus ex argilla et luto factus (so V), Cic. Pis. 59; fusili ex argilla glandes, Caes. b. g. 5, 43, 1; argilla quidam imitaberis nudi, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 8; creta qua utuntur figuli quamque argillam uocant, Colum. 3, 11, 9; add Plin. 17, 42.

**argillā-eus**, adj. of potter's earth. Plin. 17, 43.

**argillōsus**, adj. abounding in potter's earth, Varr. r. 1, 9, 2; Colum. arb. 17, 1; Plin. 31, 47.

**argitis**, idis, adj. f. as sb. a white-grape vine, Colum. 3, 2, 21 and 27; Isid. 17, 5.

**argumentālis**, adj. of proof, argumentative, ps. Ascon. in Cic. div. in Caec. 1; 2. argumentatiter, adv. agrim. 26, 24; 62, 11 etc. Lachm.

**argumentōsis**, quis, f. proving, demonstration, Cic. inv. 72; N. D. 3, 9; fin. 5, 9; Rose. Am. 97.

**argūtor**, āri, vb. r. argue with another, gen. in a bad sense, bandy arguments, enter into nice distinctions, non oportere de eius uoluntate nos argumētarī, Cic. inv. 2, 128; neque, si quid est euident, argumentari solo, N. D. 3, 9; ne argumentetur quo ista pecunia peruenit, Verr. 2, 1, 150; in sedulo argumentaris quid sit sperandum, Att. 3, 12, 1; etiam es argumentatus amoris esse hoc signum, dom. 22; add Verr. 2, 2, 119; Clu. 64; Brut. 277; Mil. 4; Cornif. ad Her. 4, 47; nec iure an iuluria caesi sint argumentari refert, Liv. 30, 36, 16; multa in eam partem probabiliter argumentatur, (but falsely) Liv. 33, 28, 8; 2. as pass., argumentata nomen, Aufas. l. ap. Prisc. 1, 383, 10.

**argūmentōsus**, adj. full of proof, demonstrative, Quint. 5, 10, 10; Sison. ep. 9, 9.

**argūmentum**, i, a test, proof. Quid nunc, inquit? argumentis, te non esse Sosiam? Pl. Amph. 277; Quo argumento? Quia enim loquitur laute et mihi me sordide Mil. 4, 2, 11; certissima nisa sunt argumenta atque indicia sceleris, tabellae signa manus, Cic. Cat. 3, 13; quod idem maestitiam meam reprehendit, idem locum, magno argumento est me in utroque fuisse moderatum, Phil. 2, 40; (id) argumenti sumebant loco non posse eam exiri, Caes. b. c. 1, 67, 2; argumenta uiri, Liv. 9, 85; unguentarii (muras) digerunt odoris atque pincenedinis argumentis, Plin. 12, 69; mares (turtures) negantur anno diutius durare argumento quia nulla ueris initio adparcat nigritudo in rostro quae ab aestate incipit, 10, 107; 2. a distinguishing character, as suggesting a name, caelum caelati argumenti diximus, Plin. 2, 9; ab hoc delibescendi argumento Rhegium Graeci nomen dedere oppido, 3, 87; ex argumento nomen accepit scoparius herba, semen enim habet ad similitudinem candae scorpionis, 22, 39; 3. artistic work, which tells a tale, ex eboris argumenta erant in ualuis, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 124; At leuem clipeum sublati cornibus lo Aure insignibat, iam sacris obsita, iam bos, Argumentum ingens, Verg. 7, 791; add Prop. 3(4), 9, 13; si argumento (tabulae) offenderetur, the subject of the picture, Suet. Tib. 44; 4. subject-matter of a book, liber cuius argumentum est Sicilia, Suet. Aug. 85; add Claud. 38; 5. hence a descriptive emblem, sunt in columnarum spiris insculpta nomina eorum (i.e. the sculptors Sannas and Batrachos) argumento laeuerat aena, Plin. 36, 42; 6. hence plot of a play, Post argumentum huius eloquar tragoediae, Pl. Amph. pr. 51; add Rud. pr. 31; Non ita sunt dissimili

argumento, Ter. Andr. pr. 11; add Haut. pr. 6; Ad. pr. 22.

**arguo**, (= *εργω* and *εργω* and perh. G. rügen), ui, ātus, ēre, vb. lit. hold tight so as to prevent all escape, —hence convict, hae tabellae te arguunt, Pl. Bac. 4, 7, 10; Equid argutus? malorum facinorum sapissimum, Ps. 2, 4, 56, interpreted as = convictus by Prisc. 1, 105 K; amantem languor et silentium Arguit et latere petitus inno spiritus, Hor. epod. 11, 10; Degeneres animos timor arguit, Verg. 4, 13; Laudibus arguitur uini uinosus Iliomerus, Hor. ep. 1, 19, 6; and met. an tactum spior arguit oris? Lucr. 4, 487; 2. prove, quod non licet, id hoc uo tenetur, si arguitur non liceat, Cic. parat. 20; 3. accuse, me miseram qui arguit stupri, Pl. Amph. 3, 2, 16; hoc te criminare non arguo, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 46; tanti facinoris arguitur, Caes. l. 1; summus sceleris, Rab. perd. 26; de eo criminare quo de arguatur, iuv. 2, 37; 4. w. acc. and inf.; quae me arguit hanc domo ab se surripuisse, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 62; Ea me clam so cum mea ancilla ait conuictum, id me arguit, Cael. ap. Gell. 2, 23, 10; hence in pass., cum rem de qua arguetur, CIL 205, 2, 33; occidisse patrem arguitur, Cic. Rose. Am. 37; speculatores, non legatos uenisse arguebat, Liv. 30, 23, 5; qui sibi nuntium nim ferro intulisse arguebatur, Suet. Claud. 16; 5. w. ut 'as', fratrem ut subditum arguere, Suet. Ner. 7; hunc ut tyrannum, illum ut proditorem arguentes, Iustin. 22, 3, 3; 6. w. acc. of charge, ea culpa quam arguo, Liv. 1, 28, 6; arguit in eo regi uoluntatem, Vell. 2, 68, 4; con-iurationes, Suet. Caes. 75; perperam cilius census, Cal. 38; and akin to these, primusque animalia mensis Arguit imponi, Ov. M. 15, 733; 7. in pass. s. above and add ita me probri... a uiro argutam meo, Pl. Amph. 3, 3, 2; 8. arguitur in Sall. ap. Prisc. 1, 505, 7 K; see argutus adj.

**argūtatio**, ōnis, f. chattering, lecti, Catul. 6, 11.

**argūtātio**, ōris, m. chattering, Gell. 17, 5, 13.

**argūtē**, see argūtus.

**argūtia**, ae, f. gen. in pl. argutiae, delicacy, refinement, as delicate notes, tam artifices argutiae (lasciviae), Plin. 10, 84; delicacy of expression in art, primus argutiae uoluit, elegantiam capilli, uenustatem oris (edit), 35, 67; add part. 65; 35, 117; 2. delicate play (of fingers), nulla mollitia ceruicem, nullae argutiae digitorum (see argutus § 4), Cic. or. 59; 3. esp. of language, in good and bad sense, Etiam me aduersus exordire argutias? Pl. Bac. 1, 2, 19; add Most. 1, 1, 2; huius orationes tantum argutiarum, tantum urbanitatis habent, Cic. Brut. 107; Demosthenes nihil argutius et acuminis Hyperidi cedit, or. 110; nihil est quod (Graeci) non persequantur argutis, subtilibus, am. 45; 4. over-refinement, res atque sententiae leui argutia, Gell. 12, 2, 1; tam importuna tamque audaci argutia fuit Probus, 3, 1, 6—wh. note sing. and add Apul. 1, 1.

**argūtōtia**, ae, f. dim. over-refinement, quibbling, Gell. 2, 7, 9; 9, 14, 26; 18, 1, 12.

**argūto**, are, vb. see

**argūtor**, āri, vb. play the 'argutus', chatter, Supra-boque omnes argutando praeficias, Pl. ap. Non. 66, 33; Quando ad ludos uenit alii cum tacent totum diem argutatur, quasi cicada, Nov. ib. 245, 28; Agite, agite fueri mendaci argutamine, Lucil. ib. 239, 14; add Eun. ib. 245, 26; 2. met. of feet in rapid motion up and down, uita solitus argutari Pedibus, cretam dum compecis, nescimantque lauas, Titin. ib. 245, 32; H 3. arguto, are, chatter, Prop. 1, 6, 7; Petr. 46.

**argūtulus**, adj. dim. delicate, refined, libri, Cic. Att. 13, 18; Fotis, Apul. 2, 6.

**argūtus**, part. see arguo; 2. as adj. perh. lit. tight, and so of form, compact, neat, slender, taper, solea, Catul. 68, 72; Argutumque caput (equi), Verg. G. 3, 80; corpora (pullorum), Pall. 4, 13, 8; 3. of sound, sharp, shrill, scrra, Verg. G. 1, 143; olores, B. 9, 36; Thalia, Hor. od. 4, 6, 25; cicada, Mart. 11, 8, 5 (see argutor, § 1); arguta canis tinnitibus aera, Sil. 17, 18; 4. of motion, sharp, rapid, fleet, alert, never still, Aut arguta locus circum-noluit hiruendo, Verg. G. 1, 377; cum peteret... metallum arguto madidus pollice, Mart. 7, 89, 2; argutus celeres dici.

Serv. ad B. 4, 34, reporting what 'quidam' say; cf. *argutor* § 2; *aures* (equi) *breves* et *argutae*, Pall. 4, 13, 2; and *perh.*: *manus* (oratoris) *minis* *arguta*, *digitis* *subsequens* *verba*, non *exprimens*, Cic. or. 3, 220; *manus* (Hortensii) *inter* *agendum* *argutae* et *gestuosae*, Gell. 1, 5, 2; 5. of feeding, sharp, dolor, Prop. 1, 18, 26; 6. of smell and taste, sharp, defined, odor *argutus*?, Plin. 15, 18; hinc *constrahi* *omnis* (pears) *argutos* *sapores*, Pall. 3, 25; 4; *sapor* (fici), 4, 10, 26; 7. sharp-witted, clever, nihil *argutum* *magis* *quam*...*quos* *securas* *uocant*, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 162; *Stream* *inimio* *puls* *prosumt* *populo* *quam* *arguti* *et* *cati*; *Facile* *sibi* *facunditatem* *uirtus* *argutam* *inuenit*, Truc. 2, 6, 12; see *argute* § 12; 8. in use of language, speaking clearly, distinct, expressive, eloquent, refined, subtle, *Memmius* *a*. *orator*, Cic. Brut. 247; *poema* *ita* *elegans*, nihil *ut* *ferri* *possit* *argutus*?, Pl. 7; *litteras* *argutissimas*?, Att. 6, 5, 1; *quis* (Catone) *in* *sententiis* *argutus*? in *docendo* *subtilior*? Brut. 65; *dicta* *argutissima*?, or. 2, 250; *taliones* *illae* *tuae* *argutiores* *quam* *ueteriores* *fuertint*, Gell. 20, 1, 35; 9. hence *met.* *argutissimam* *haec* *esse* *exta*, Cic. div. 2, 29; *argutum* *sternunt* *amor* *Amor*, Prop. 2, 3, 24; 10. esp. of the eye, expressive, oculi, *minis* *arguti*, *quemadmodum* *animo* *adfecti* *sumus*, locutus, Cic. leg. 1, 27; *Risit* *et* *argutis* *quiddam* *promisit* *oculis*, Ov. am. 3, 2, 83; *Argutos* *habuit*, *radiant* *ut* *sidus* *ocelli*, 3, 3, 9; 11. comp. and *sup.* see *a* above; 12. *argute*. *Nimis* *argute* (cleverly) *nisi* (so Herm.) *obrepisti* *in* *ipsa* (eapae *msse*) *occasinacula*, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 132; *qui* *de* *matre* *sauianda* *tam* *acuta* *arguteque* *conceperit*, Cic. Brut. 53; comp. Brut. 42; *sup.* or. 2, 18.

**argyr-anche**, *es*, f. silver-quinsy, Gell. 11, 9, 1.  
**argyr-aspid**, *idis*, adj. with silver shield, Liv. 37, 40, 7.  
**argyritis**, *is*, f. spuma argenti, Plin. 37, 106 and 108; Veg. uet. 1, 20, 2.

**argyro-corinthus**, adj. made of Corinthian bronze, crateram a., inser. Or. 1541; cf. candidum (aes C.) argento nitore quam proxime accedens, Plin. 34, 8.

**argyrodamas**, *ntis*, adj. as sb. m. a gem, a silvery-diamond, Plin. 37, 144 and 163.

**arianis**, *idis*, adj. f. as sb. a plant, Plin. 24, 162.

**Aricia**, ae, f. a city of Latium, et mater *Aricti* porri, Colum. 10, 39, 19, 1; and Sil. 4, 369.

**ariditas**, *atis*, f. dryness, drought, Plin. 11, 117; 15, 123; in pl. Arnob. 2, 37; 2. what is dry, fimi, Pall. 3, 4; add 3, 21, 2.

**aridulus**, adj. dim. dry, labella, Cat. 64, 316.

**aridus**, (ardus\*, hardust\*) adj. dry, eamenta arida\*, (CIL 577, 2, 21; uestimentum, Pl. Rud. 2, 7, 16; fici, 3, 4, 59; aridum\* ligum, Lucil. ap. Non. 74, 20; folia, Cic. Pis. 97; ciuis, Hor. epod. 17, 34; colore aridi folii, Plin. 12, 129; 2. met. sitis, Lucr. 3, 917; calor, 4, 874; sonus, 6, 119; cf. § 6; febris, Verg. G. 3, 458; fragor, 1, 357; 3. dry in the sense of shrivelled, nates, Hor. epod. 8, 5; crura, Ov. a. a. 3, 272; 4. close as to money, or poor, Pumex non aequat aridus (ardus\* or aridus) atque hic est senex, Pl. Aul. 2, 4, 18; Sed habet patrem quendam auidum (misrum) atque aridum, Ter. Hant. 3, 2, 15; ciens (poor), Mart. 10, 87, 5; 5. esp. of style, met. genus sermonis, Cic. or. 2, 159; aridissimi libri, Tac. dial. 19; (oratores) aridi et exsicc et exsangues, Quint. 12, 10, 14 etc.; 6. aridum argentum hard money, not promises, Pl. Rud. 3, 4, 21; 7. aridus as sb. n. dry ground, aesti (= aestus) forte ex arido, Pacuv. ap. Non. 484, 11; ex arido tela conicere, Caes. b. g. 4, 24, 3; (naues) in aridum subdixerat, 4, 29, 2; 8. as adv. corrigia disrupta tonitruo haridum, Varr. ap. Non. 448, 26.

**ariona**, or rather *ariera*, ae, f. fruit of the banana (pala), Plin. 11, 283.

**arics**, *etis*, (w. a form *arix*, Prob. App. 198, 29 K, so that it stands for *dim.* suff. *ce*, cf. *abies*; old *ares*, Varr. 1, 5, 19) ram, arictem Plin. Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 7; Varr. r. 2, 1, 6 and 24; ipse *arics* *etiam* *nunc* *uelleria* *secat*, Verg. E. 3, 95; 2. battering ram, cubitus catapultast mibi, Varr. arics, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 17; quamvis murum *arics* percussit, Cic. off. 1, 35; ad Caes. b. g. 2, 32, 1; 3. met. of timber in a bridge to resist force of current,

sublicae pro *ariete* sublicetae, Caes. b. g. 4, 17, 9; and by a 3rd met.: ex quo *arics* sublicetur ille in uestris actionibus... Cic. top. 64; 4. a sea beast, Vitr. 9, 10; 5. a sign of the zodiac, Manil. 2, 246; Plin. 9, 5, 1; 6. *arict* of oblique case = *arict*, *Arictes* *truces* *nos* *erimus*: iam in uis incursumus, Pl. Bac. 5, 2, 29; Vecti petebant pellem inauratam *arictis*, Enn. ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 45; add Verg. 2, 491; 7. 175 etc.; 7. with *e* in: Apparet, aut celum crebris *arictibus* *urbis*, Stat. Th. 2, 492 (for *arictibus*?).

**arictarius**, adj. of a battering-ram, testudo, Vitr. 10, 19, 2 and 6; machina, ib. 6.

**arictatio**, *onis*, f. butting like a ram, collision, Sen. n. q. 5, 12, 5.

**arictinus**, adj. of a ram, ungula, Plin. 29, 88; pulmo, 30, 72; cornua, Pall. 4, 10, 28; 2. like the head of a ram, cicior, Colum. 2, 10, 20; cicior *arictino* *capiti* *simile*, Plin. 18, 124; Petr. 35; 3. responsum a. a dilemma with its two horns, responsum *arictinu* *ludis* *magnis* *dicitur*; Peribio si non fecero, si faxo unapulabo, Pl. ap. Gell. 3, 3, 8.

**aricto**, *are*, vb. butt like a ram, quis...*nostras* *aedis* *arictat*, Pl. Truc. 2, 2, 1; *Arictat* in portas, Verg. 11, 890; quem *arictat* in terram, Curt. 9, 7, 22; concurrentia tecta contrario *arict* *arictant*, Plin. 2, 198; 2. Deinde eius germanum cornibus conicit in me *arictare*, Acc. ap. Cic. div. 1, 44; inter se *arices* *arictant*, Sen. ira 2, 3, 3; 3. unintentionally ram foul of, stumble against, longam uiam ingressus *es*: et *lalaris* oportet et *arictes* et *cadat* *etiam*, Sen. ep. 107, 2; 4. met. nihil (superst) in quo *arictet*, Sen. vit. b. 8, 5; *animum* *insolutum* *arictari*, id. tranq. 1, 11.

**arificus**, adj. making dry, a. carnis phlebotomia, opposed to mollificia, Cael. Aur. tard. 4, 1, 9 (al. aliter).

**arillator**, *oris* (?) one who haggles in a bargain, Gell. 16, 7, 12.

**Ariminensis**, adj. of Ariminum, CIL 23; Hor. epod. 5, 42; Plin. 10, 50.

**Ariminum**, i. n. a city on the Adriatic, now Rimini, Lucan. 1, 231; Pl. 3, 115.

**Ariminus**, i. m. the river of Ariminum, Plin. 3, 115.

**arinea**, (a Gallie word) ae, f. rye? Plin. 18, 61 and 81; 18, 92 = *olipa*.

**aringus**, i. m. the herring, pisces natura pingues, ut sunt salmones...uel *aringi*, Auct. anon. Hermes Zeitschrift bd. 8, p. 226.

**ariola**, *ariolus* etc. v. *hariolus*.

**arissaros**, i. f. a kind of arum, Plin. 24, 151.

**arista**, (aresco?) ae, f. beard or awn of an ear of corn, a. quae ut acus tenuis eminet e gluma, Varr. r. 1, 48, 1; munitur uallo *aristarum*, Cic. sen. 51; 2. ear of corn, glandem munitur *arista*, Verg. G. 1, 8; Vere prius flores, aestu numerabam *aristas*, Ov. tr. 4, 57; 3. of spikenard, nardi, Ov. M. 15, 398; 4. *aristae* as emblem of summer, Verg. B. 1, 69; Claud. 4 cons. Hon. 372; 5. of weeds, Val. Fl. 7, 395; 6. met. of bristling hair, of one shuddering, Algeas cum exsensit membris timor albae *aristas*, Pers. 3, 115; cf. in corpore pili, ut *arista* in spica ordei, horrent, Varr. 1, 6, 6; 7. of the spines or bones of certain fish (so Fr. *aristes*), capito...congestus *aristas*, Aus. Mos. 86; add 119; 8. name of a horse in the Circus, inser. Grut. 341.

**aristatus**, quasi-part., bearded, as barley, Paul. ex F. v. *restibilis*.

**aristē**, *es*, f. a gem, Plin. 37, 147.

**aristifer**, adj. bearing ears of corn, seges, Prud. Cath. 3, 51.

**aristiger**, adj. wearing ears of corn, Cereri, inser. Or. 1493.

**Aristius**, a gens, Caes. b. g. 7, 42, 5; Hor. s. 1, 9, 61.

**aristolochia**, (-logia\*) ae, f. a plant, Cic. div. 1, 16; Cels. 5, 26, 35; Plin. 25, 95 etc.; 26, 32 etc.; Veg. uet. 1, 7, 12\*; 5, 22, 4\*.

**aristophorum**, adj. n. as sb. us in quo prandium (*aristophorum*) fortur, Paul. ex F. s. v.

**aristotus**, adj. full of ears, cibaria, Venant. ep. 9, 3.



**arithmēticus**, adj. of counting, Vitr. 10, 16 (wr. ref.); 2. as sb. m. arithmetician, accountant, Q. Grisidius Q. f. arismetrio, inser. Or. 2015 (perh. spur.); 3. arithmetico (sic) adj. f. as sb. arithmetico, Sen. ep. 88, 10 (dial.); Plin. 35, 76; Vitr. 1, 1, 4\*; 4. arithmetica n. pl. arithmetice, Cic. Att. 14, 12, 3.

**arithmi**, m. pl. the book of Numbers, Tert. Marc. 4, 23 and 28.

**arītūdo**, inis, f. dryness, Pl. Rud. 2, 6, 40; Frigori miscet calorem atque umori aritūdinem, poet. ap. Varr. l. 5, 10, p. 57 Sp.; add Varr. r. 1, 12, 3.

**aruga**? or aruga? a ram, in a corrupt pass. of Varr. l. 5, 19 wh. also aringas, aruigen, and perh. aringus as an adj.

**arma**, ōrum, n. pl. (ar-vb. fit. whence artus, ars) tools, implements, rigging, means, appliances, Dicendum et quae sint duris agrestibus arma, Quis sine nec potare seri nec surgere messes, Verg. G. 1, 160; Cerealia arma, A. 1, 181; Colligere arma iubet (sails, oars etc.), 5, 15; spoliata armis (rudder etc.), 6, 353; umeris arma parata (wings), Ov. a. a. 2, 50; equestris a. (harness), Liv. 35, 23, 11; tendendis arma capillis, Mart. 14, 50, 4. uenatoria, Sen. ben. 1, 11, 6; disciplinae snae, Apul. 9, 29 f.; horrentia Martis arma, Verg. l. 5, 2. hence absol. implements of war, arms, arma his imperata, gaude clipeum crebrae lorica, Liv. 1, 43, 2; legiones... pulcris armis praeditas, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 63; qui arma ferre possent, Caes. b. g. 1, 29, 1; arma, alia ad tegendum, alia ad nocendum, Cic. Caeec. 60; 3. esp. arm of defence, and so opp. to tela, aggratio telorum armorumque, Liv. 1, 25, 5; armorum atque telorum portationibus, Sal. Cat. 42, 2; seorsum arma ac tela sequebantur, Colum. 12, 3, 1; 4. esp. a shield, examinem super arma ferebant, Verg. 10, 841; seque in sua colligit arma, 10, 412; add 12, 491; balistiora corpora in bella, quae in armis sua contrahi possunt, Sen. tranq. 8, 9; 5. in law in a wider sense, armorum appellatio non utique scuta et gladios et galeas significat sed et fustes et lapides, Gai. dig. 50, 16, 41; 6. in sense of war, (armorum) exitus incerti, Cic. Att. 7, 3, 5; ad arma res spectat, fau. 14, 5, 1; Graecae urbes denuntiatione armorum terrore, Liv. 45, 3, 7; 7. met. first material, mouet arma leo, Verg. 12, 6; naturae comparat arma (serpens), eul. 178; Horrificum contra Boream ouis arma ministrat, Ov. M. 15, 471; 8. abstract, armis prudentia, Cic. or. 1, 172; senectutis, sen. 9; Viues, quacore consensu arma, Verg. 2, 99; haec mihi Stertinius arma dedit, Hor. s. 2, 3, 296; facundiae, Quint. 2, 16, 10; 9. armum as gen. pl. Pacuv. ap. Cic. or. 155 (not approved by Cic.); Acc. ap. Non. 495, 22.

**armāmāxa**, (ἀρμαμαχα) ae, f. a palanquin, Curt. 3, 23.

**armāmēta**, ōrum, n. pl. gen. equipment; esp. including rigging etc. of a ship, saluast nauis: ne time. Quid alia armamenta? Salua et sana sunt, Pl. Merc. 1, 2, 62; add 1, 2, So; add Cic. Arat. 197; anchoris reliquique armamentis auissis, Caes. b. g. 4, 29, 3; neque dum uocabulis armamentorum cognitis, b. c. 1, 58, 3; sublati armamentis (with masts etc. standing) ueniebant, Liv. 21, 49, 9; demendis armamentis, § 11; add 33, 48, 8; 36, 44, 2; uela stringi, armamenta demitti, Sen. bon. 6, 15, 6; fuis armamentis, Suet. Aug. 17; 2. plant. of a vineyard, uinearum, Plin. 17, 152; of a corn mill, 18, 112.

**armāmētāria**, adj. of armamenta, hence as sb. m. an officer in charge of a naval arsenal, inser. Or. Henz. 5152; II 2. as sb. n. a depôt for rigging etc., a naval arsenal, dockyard, mille nauium, Plin. 7, 125; 3. gen. magazine, arsenal, depôt, esp. for warlike stores, ex armamentis arma dantur, Cic. Rab. perd. 20; armamenta conlapsa restituit, inser. Or. 975; add 3586; and met. Quicquid habent telorum armamentaria caeli, Iuv. 13, 83; 4. also of peaceful stores, D. M. Corneliae Frontinae M. Ulpius praepositus armamentario ludi magni, inser. Or. 252.

**armārīōlūm**, i, n. dim. a little armarium, i.e. chest chifforier etc. Graeca armariola, Pl. Truc. 1, 1, 35; for books, Sidor. ep. 8, 16.

**armārium**, i, adj. n. as sb. a place for arma, i.e. tools etc., a chest, box, cupboard, a promptuarium, Cato r. 11, 3; reclusit omnia armarium, Pl. Capt. 4, 4, 10; armarium in quo sciret esse nummorum aliquidum, Arnarii fundum exsecuit, Cic. Clu. 179; in armario muricibus praefixo (like that of Regulus's fortune), Gell. 7 (6), 4, 4; 2. at times a cupboard as opp. to a box, senectus angulum reposita in arca armariisque, Plin. 29, 101; capsae, armaria, Paul. dig. 33, 10, 3, 2; 3. a division of a book-case, habet bibliotheca in armario sexto librum..., Vop. Tac. 8, 1; 4. a division of a sepulchre, a distegum, inser. Or. 4549; 5. hence Fr. armoire.

**armātūra**, ae, f. arming, form of armour, a uaria peditatus et equitatus, Cic. fam. 7, 1, 2; habet cohortes nostra armatura xxx, Cic. Att. 6, 1, 14; leuis armaturae Numidas Caes. b. g. 2, 10, 1; manipulos leuis armaturae, Liv. 31, 42, 2; 2. abstract for concrete, equites pedites leuis a. Cic. Brut. 139; interclusam ab suis leuem armaturam, Liv. 22, 18, 2; add 21, 55, 2 and 5; 3. in plur., esp. of imperial body-guard, armaturarum tribunus, Amm. 14, 11, 12; armaturarum rector, 15, 4, 10; Verg. mil. 1, 13, 4. met. a skirmish, tamquam leuis armaturae prima orationis excursio, Cic. div. 2, 26.

**armātūs**, ūs, m. (only in abl.), arming, form of armour, eodem armatu Caes. Liv. 37, 40, 13; Apolloniatae haud dispari armatu, 33, 3, 10; add 42, 55, 10; 2. as a collective, omni grauiore armatu (relictis), 26, 5, 3; add 37, 41, 3.

**armētālis**, adj. of a herd, equa, a brood mare, Verg. 11, 571; nix, herdsman, Prud. Cath. 7, 166.

**armētāriū**, adj. of a herd, morbi, Sol. 5, 22; a. equiso, one in charge of a herd of horses, Apul. M. 7, 15; 2. as sb. m. herdsman, Varr. r. 2, 5, 18; Lucr. 6, 1252; Verg. G. 3, 344.

**armēticius**, adj. of a herd, pecus, Varr. r. 2, 5, 6; greges, 2, 10, 3.

**armēticius**, adj. of a herd, Plin. 28, 232.

**armētōsus**, adj. abounding in herds, Gell. 11, 1, 2.

**ar-mentum**, i, n. (-a, ae, f. old form; cf. § 5) [for almentum from alio rear, breed, = *αἰω* (ap)] lit. a rearing—like a breed, stock, flock, herd (of large cattle), esp. oxen, pascentur armenta commodissime in memoribus, Varr. r. 2, 5, 11; subolem armento (sc. boum) sortire quotannis, Verg. G. 3, 71; prae se armentum (sc. boum) agens (Hercules), Liv. 1, 7, 4; Pan erat armenti, Pan illic nomen equanum. Munus ob incolomes ille ferebat oues, Ov. F. 2, 277; armenta buocra, M. 6, 395; bubulum armentum, Colum. pr. 26; boum armenta, Plin. ep. 2, 17; Pallad. Mart. 11, 8; 2. often of horses, Bello armatur equi, bellum haec armenta mutantur, Verg. 3, 540; equinum (armentum), Colum. pr. 26; add 6, 27, 3; amissa paruite in grege armenti reliquae fetae educant orbem, Plin. 8, 165 (de equis); 3. of other large animals, tardius deficiet (asellus) quam ullum aliud armentum, Colum. 7, 1, 2; tres litore ceros Prospecti errantes; hos tota armenta secuntur, Verg. 1, 189; Neptuno... immania cuius Armenta..., G. 4, 395; (cynocephalorum), Plin. 7, 31; 4. armentum of a single animal, qui gregem armentorum emere uult, Varr. r. 2, 5, 7; pecudes... dispulsa sui generis sequuntur greges. Vt bos armenta, sic..., Cic. Att. 7, 7; greces armentorum, Phil. 3, 31; Armenta atque aliae pecudes, Lucr. 1, 163; add 5, 228; Quippe equus et pecudes armentaque gramine uiunt, Ov. M. 15, 84; ut accensis cornibus armenta in aduersos concitentur montes, Liv. 22, 16, 8; armenta sublimibus insignis Meuania est, Colum. 3, 8, 3; mobilia (cornua) ut aures Phrygiae armentis, Plin. 11, 124; testes pecori armento (the bull) not as Freund, the horse; boues magis armentorum quam iumentorum generis appellantur, Pomp. dig. 50, 16, 80; add Hygin. fab. 118; see also Verg. and Colum. above 4; 5. armentas as f. acc. pl., Enn. and Liv. (9) ap. Non. 190; add Serv. ad A. 3, 540; and Paul. ex F. 4 M; 6. derived from aro by Varr. l. 5, 29, p. 68 Sp.; but the word is never used of ploughing oxen; by Serv. ad G. 3, 40 and Fest. from arma, as used in war (9).

**armifer**, adj. arm-bearing, Armifer armiferae correptus amore Minerae, Ov. F. 3, 681; arum, Sen. Med. 471; add Sil. 4, 45.

**armiger**, adj. armour-bearing, corpus. Acc. ap. Cie. fam. 7, 33; 1. deum, Sil. 7, 87; 2. as sb. m. armour-bearer, Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 11; add Cas. 2, 3, 39 and 52; Catilinae, Cie. dom. 13; Iouis, Verg. 9, 564; 3. armigeri pl. as body guard, Suet. Aug. 49; 4. armigera as sb. f., Ov. M. 3, 105; 5. 619; 5. armigerus as nom., inser. Or. 3631.

**armilaula**, ae, f. a sort of military cloak, Isid. or. 19, 22; Paul. Nol. ep. 17 (13), 1.

**armille**, see armillum.

**armilla**, ae, f. diim. bracelet, esp. as a soldier's reward, C. Canuleius Q. f. leg. vii evocat. donat. torq. apud. pater. CIL 624; torque atque armillis decoratus, Claud. Q. ap. Gell. o. 13, 7; centuriones armillis donant, Liv. 10, 44, 3; add Cie. ap. Prisc. 2, 462, 32; C. donato torquill. armillis phaleris, inser. Or. 749; add 3453, 3454; 2. as worn by women, Pl. Men. 3, 3, 13; ornamento mulieribus... veluti inanes armillae, Ulp. dig. 34, 2, 25, 10; 3. in architecture, an iron ring, Vitr. 10, 6, 11; 4. a petasosis, Apic. 7, 205 (Schulch.) what?

**armillatus**, quasi-part., decked with a bracelet, as soldiers, armillata et phalerata turba, Suet. Ner. 30 f.; add Calig. 52; 2. canes, wearing collars, Prop. 4, 8, 24.

**armillum**, (armum sing. of arma?) i. n. dim. a wine-flask, a ureoli genus unari, Varr. ap. Non. 547, 18; a. uas unarium, Gloss. Isid.; 2. renoti ad a., go back to her bottle, a prov. first applied to old women; anus rursum ad a., Lucil. ap. Non. 74, 3; add Apul. M. 9, 29; and then gen. go back to one's old tricks, Cupide ad armillum (al. armille) redit, 6, 22.

**armilustrum**, (-ium) i. n. purification of arms, a religious ceremony on the 10th of Oct., marked Arm. N.P. in Fast. Maff.; armilustrum ab eo quod in armilustro armati sacra faciunt, nisi locus potius dictus ab his, Varr. l. 6, 3; add 5, 32; 2. the place of the ceremony, see above; in Armilustro lapidibus uisum plueri, Liv. 27, 37, 4.

**armipotens**, ntis, adj. powerful in arms, colonia, Ulp. dig. 50, 15, 1; 2. as sb. a title of gods, Mars, Verg. 9, 717; (Minerva), 2, 425.

**armipotencia**, ae, f. power in arms, Amm. 18, 5, 7.

**armisōnis**, adj. resounding with arms, Pallas, Verg. 3, 544; antrum, Claud. rapt. Pr. 3, 67.

**armites**, ὀπλισται οἱ ἐν ἐσχατῇ ταῖς, Gloss. Phil.

**armo**, āre, (arma, n. pl.) vb. equip, as ships, naues summa industria armanerat, Caes. b. c. 2, 4, 1; add b. g. 3, 13, 1; 5, 1, 4; and b. c. 1, 36, 2; armari classem, Verg. 4, 299; 2. gen. arm, equip for war, armatum hominem, Cato ap. Gell. 2, 22, 29; milites armati probe, Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 18; servi in dominos armabantur, Cie. Plane. 86; semos pastores armat, Caes. b. g. 1, 24; armare in proelia fratres, Verg. 7, 335; 3. met. first materially, calamos ueneno, 10, 140; dextra Iouis ignibus armata, Ov. M. 2, 849; aeneis armantur, Plin. 11, 66; 4. w. abstract ideas, eloquentia, Cie. inv. 1, 1; Arcadas... pulcor armat in hostis, Verg. 10, 398; iambo, Hor. ep. 2, 3, 79; hoc decreto armatus, Liv. 4, 53, 8.

**armon**, i. n. horse-radish, Plin. 19, 82 (as a Pontic word).

**armora**, (ea) ae, f. horse-radish, Colum. 6, 17, 8; 9, 4, 5; Plin. 19, 82; 20, 22.

**armus**, i. n. [absol. vb. ar-o fit, whence ar-us, ars, arma, et. absol. ap-a, fut. ap-ia, ap-ia, also ap-ia] lit. a joint—hence shoulder-joint, shoulder, gen. of animals (opposed to umers of man), ex umersis armi fluit, Ov. M. 10, 700 (of Hippomenes changed to a lion); Orestrophus haecit in armo, 3, 233 (of Aetæon as a stag); add 4, 719; 6, 229 etc.; bos... conellit armos, Colum. 6, 16, 1; leporis, Hor. s. 2, 4, 44; 2, 8, 89; solus homo bipes, uni iugulum umeri, ceteris armi, Plin. 11, 243; (pantherae), S. 63; (leonis), 11, 229; (elephantis), 11, 243; talpae, 18, 158; 2. less accurately, the flank, equi federet calcareis armos, Verg. 6, 882; 3. in poets, of man, Quem sese ore ferens, quem (so F. w. sense; and Markland) forti pectore et armis, Verg. 4, 11; latus huius hasta per armos Acta tremuit, duplicatque uirum transfixa dolore, 11, 644; arma proferre dicuntur ab armis, id est humeris, dependentia, Paul. ex F. p. 3; armo id est humero, id. v. armillum, 2; ne ponum ex alieno lega-

tur in arum, id est, quod umeri onus sit, id. v. armita; manum... demittit ab armo, Lucan. 9, 831.

**arna**, ae, f. a lamb, Paul. ex F. s.v.

**Arna**, ae, f. a municipium of Umbra, now Civitella d' Arna, praefuit templo Arnae, inser. Or. 91.

**arniacus**? only a cj. of Freund for parniac in Varr. ap. Non. 543, 1.

**Arnalia**, ae, f. a title of Minerva, Miueruae Arnaliae, inser. Or. 1601.

**Arnās**, ātis, adj. of Arna, patrono municipi Arnat(is), inser. Or. 60.

**Arnsenis**, adj. of Arna, L. Caecilias L. f. Arnsenis, inser. Mor. 1446, 7.

**Arniensis**, adj. of the river Arnus; name of a tribe, C. Caninius C. f. Arn. Labco, CIL 1012; L. Lepidio L. f. Arn. Proculo, inser. Or. 749; a Suburana usque ad Arniensem, Cie. agr. 2, 79; tribus quattuor additae, Sabatina, Arniensis, Liv. 6, 5, 8.

**arnion**, āi, n. plantain, Apul. herb. 1.

**arnōglossa**, (lamb's tongue) ae, plantain, Apul. herb. 1.

**arnōglossus**, i, the same, Isid. or. 17, 9, 50.

**Arnus**, i, m. a river of Etruria, Plin. 3, 50 and 52.

**Arnostus**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, Thania Arnostia, CIL 1373.

**āro**, āre, vb. plough, arare manum quam sic amare, Pl. Merc. 2, 3, 21; fodere aut arare, Ter. Hant. 1, 1, 17; neque scirent arare terram, Varr. r. 1, 2, 16; qui possit arari inquit, non qui aratus sit, Cie. agr. 2, 67; a lid div. 2, 50; hoc iuitatur ārando, Verg. 6, 2, 204; sacrumque Numbi Litus arant, A. 7, 798; Arat Falerni mille fundi ingera, Hor. epod. 4, 13; 2. met. as of a ship, nastum maris aequor arandum, Verg. 2, 780; add 3, 495; aequora, Ov. ann. 2, 10, 33; 3. of wrinkles, lam nentis rugae, quae tibi corpus arant, Ov. a. 2, 2, 118; 4. in re obse. Pl. As. 5, 2, 24; Truc. 1, 2, 49; 5. proverb. of lost labour, Non profecturis littora habus aras, Ov. her. 5, 116; but see Verg. 3, 1; 6. cf. ap-āro, ap-āro, old E. ear.

**ārōmā**, ātis, n. spice, aromata cuncta asperges, Colum. 12, 20, 4; add Cels. 3, 21 (107, 18, 19); spiramen aromatatis ellat, Plin. apud. 826; membra aromatatis (note al.) perspersa, Apul. flor.; a. Indicum, Marc. dig. 39, 4, 16, 7.

**ārōmātāris**, adj. m. as sb. dealer in spices, inser. Or. 114 and 4064.

**ārōmāticus**, adj. of spices, aromatic, messis, Sedul. 5, 324; 2. hence aromatica, n. pl. as sb. spices, Spart. Hadr. 19, 5; 3. n. sing. as sb. aromaticum, an eye salve.

**ārōmātis**, ae, adj. spiced, as sb. spiced wine, Plin. 14, 92; also 107 and 115.

**ārōmātis**, ātis, adj. f. as sb. a gen. Plin. 37, 145.

**aros**, i, f. and arōn, i, n. name of wake-robin and other plants, Plin., as nom. arōs, S. 113; nom. aron, 24, 142; arum, ib. and S. 129; aron, 9, 96.

**Arpāgius**, ii, m. a term in sepulchral lang. for a youth who dies prematurely (from ἀρπαγῆς), multis annis natus qui dixerit: Arpagi tibi terra leuem, inser. Or. 4756; filio suo qui nixit ann. III mater et pater: Arpagi uinas, inser. Marin. fr. Arv. p. 506.

**Arpinus**, adj. of Arpi, Plin. 2, 211; gromat. 210, 10 Lucum.

**Arpi**, arum, m. pl. a town of Apulia, Liv. 24, 45, 2; Plin. 3, 104.

**Arpinās**, ātis, adj. of Arpinum, homo, Cie. Att. 1, 16, 10; aquae, ib.; insula, 12, 12, 1; ager, off. 1, 21; 2. w. ager understood, the district of Arpinum, ex Arpinati, Cie. Att. 13, 13 f.; 3. Arpinatis as nom., Cato ap. Prisc. 1, 129, 10.

**Arpinum**, i, n. a town of Latium, Cie. Att. 2, 8, 2.

**Arpinus**, adj. of Arpi, Liv. 24, 47, 2 etc.

**arquātus**, āre, [arqus, rainbow] quasi-part., coloured like rainbow—hence a. morbus, jaundice, morbus quem interdum arquatum, interdum regium nominant, Cels. 3, 24; add 2, 4 (34, 27, 19); 2, 8 (50, 51); 2. one suffering from jaundice, arquatit et lutea quae non sunt et quae sunt lutea uidentur, Varr. ap. Non. 35, 10; lurida... finit quaecumque tueretur Arquati, Lucr. 4, 333; pectori arcuato, Col. 7, 5, 18; add Plin. 20, 115; 22, 111 and 114.

**arquitenens**, s. arcitenens.

**arqus**, see **arcus**.

**arra**, ae, f. [from Hebrew] earnest money, consuetudo uolgi, ad sponsiones etiamnum annulo exiliente, tracta ab eo tempore quo nondum erat arra uelocior, Plin. 33, 28; quod saepe arrae nomine pro empitione datur non eo pertinet quasi sine arra conuentio nihil proficit, sed ut... Gai. dig. 18, 1, 35; desponsa illi erat...propositis Antonini quam postea accepit Tostatius... manserunt autem apud eum (deam, Peter) arrae regiae, Capitol. Max. iun. 27, 1, 7; arra est quae pro re empti ex parte datur, Isid. or. 5, 3; mortis arra, Plin. 29, 21 (meaning what?); often used by Liberius, says Gell. 17, 2, 21; arra as Lat. = *appositor*, ex Char. art. 552, 36 K.

**arrab-o**, ōnis, [dim. of arra(b)-] earnest money, Set arraboni has dedit quadraginta minas, Pl. Most. 3, 1, 115; add 3, 3, 15; 4, 3, 21; Quo ab arrabonem pro Palaestra acceperam, Rud. 2, 6, 71; add 3, 6, 23; pr. 461; a. amoris, Mil. 4, 1, 11; 2. in money's value, Leno, arrabonem hunc pro mina meum fero, Pl. Poen. 5, 6, 22; Ea relicta huic arraboni est pro illo argento, Ter. Haut. 3, 3, 42; cum tantum arrabo penes Samnites populi Romani esset (see, sescentos obsides), Claud. Q. ap. Gell. 17, 2, 21; who adds: nunc arrabo in sordidus uerbis... sordidus arra;

3. rabo for arrabo, as conia for ciconia, S. Rabonem habeto meum ut hanc noctem stes. A. Perili, rabonem? quam esse dicam hanc beluam? Quin tu arrabonem dicis? Pl. Truc. 3, 2, 20.

**arrālis**, adj. of earnest money, Imp. Diocl. eod. 4, 49, 3. **arrectarius**, adj. vertical, Vit. 7, 3, 11.

**arrēnicum**, (ars)-adj. n. assb. arsenic, Plin. 6, 98; 34, 177. **arrēnōgōn**, i, n. the plant salyrion, Plin. 26, 99.

**arrēpo**, (vb.) see **adrepo**.

**arrepicius**, adj. of the class arrepti (possessed), possessed (by a demon), Hieron. 29, 26; 2. for qty and form see **suppositicius**.

**arrepito**, part. of **arripio**.

**Arretium**, i, n. a city of Etruria, now Arezzo, Plin. 35, 160; C. Annius C. F. Pom. Gallus domo Arretio, inser. Or. 3547; add 6598.

**Arretinus**, adj. of Arretium, Sall. Cat. 36, 1; Plin. 3, 52 and 53; ordo Arretinorum patrono, inser. Or. 3100; add 3713.

**arrhynchus**, (aritus) (*ασπυγχος*), adj. out of proportion, tempora, Mart. Cap. 9, 972 (328).

**ar-rideo**, ēre, risi, vb. [ad of favour, as in addico, annuo] smile upon, Bonis esse oportet dentibus lenam probam, Arridere ut quis (iss ut quisque, against metre, and note ue of foll. vl.; Berge, arridere quisquis) ueniat blandique adloqui, Pl. Rud. 2, 1, 15; Saltem si non arriderent, dentis ut restringerent, Capt. 3, 1, 26; Clemens placidus nulli laedere os, adridere omnibus\*, Ter. Ad. 5, 4, 10; 2. met. w. abstract nom., Tum mihi\* aedes quoque arridebant, quom ad te ueniebam, tuae, Pl. Aes. 1, 3, 55; cum tempestas arridet, Lucr. 2, 32; Et quandoque mihi\* fortune adriserit hora, Petr. post. 133; Omnis uoluptas quaeuincit aridet nocet, S. Pers. 681 R; 3. hence, have a charming look for, give pleasure, please, nunc 'inhibere' illud tuum, quod ualde mihi\* ariserat, uehementer displicet, Cic. Att. 13, 21, 3; quibus\* laee, sunt quaecumque, Arridere nelim, Hor. s. 1, 10, 89;

4. smile at, cum quidam iocans dixisset, Huic quidem certe nitam tuam committis, adrisisset adulescent, utrumque iussit interfic, Cic. Tusc. 5, 60; hic cum exclamasset Laelius... leuiter arridens Scipio: St quaeso inquit... rep. 6, 12; add N. D. 1, 17; uidet quid adriseris, 1, 79; but in opt. g. or. 11 Baiter w. *iss* si rideretur. 5. join in laughing, laugh with, Ut ridentibus arridet, ita fletibus adflet (so Bentl., most *iss* assunt) Humani uoluit, Hor. ep. 2, 3, 101; 6. so far w. dat. of pers. marked\*; yet w. acc. in: Syrus auoet et Vos nunc alloquitur uos nunc arridet oculis, act. 1, 108.

**ar-rigo**, (dar?) ēre, rexi, rectus, vb. [an up, rego] raise up, uprear, Pro di immortales uos mihi hic sermone arrexit auris, Pl. Rud. 5, 2, 6; arrige aures Pampule, Ter. And. 5, 4, 30; add Verg. 2, 303; Ov. M. 15, 516; comas arrexit (leo), Verg. 10, 726; add 4, 280; pectora inter fluctus arrecta;

2, 206; Constitit in digitos extemplo arrectus interque, 5, 420; add 10, 892; arrectus squamis, 11, 754; 2. sens. obse., penem, Mart. 10, 45, 1; inguina, nuct. Triap. 83, 43; and absol. Mart. 3, 70, 4; 10, 91, 1; 11, 46, 1; Suet. Aug. 69;

3. met. rouse, excite, encourage, uetus certamen animos eorum arrexit, Sall. Cat. 39, 3; add Iug. 68 f.; 86, 1; 93, 7; eos oratione sua Marus arrexit, Sall. Iug. 84, 4; libertas praeter spem datur arrexit (animos), Liv. 45, 30, 1; add 8, 37, 2; His animum arrexit diuis, Verg. 1, 579; spes arrectae, G. 3, 105; add A. 5, 138; 5, 643; 11, 452; arrecta omni ciuitate, Tac. an. 3, 11; 11 4. arrectus adj. steep, peraeque Alpium ab Italia stie breuiora, ita arrectoria sunt, Liv. 21, 35, 11; saxa arrectoria, Solin. 14; 5. in Enn. tr. 177 V arrigunt is dub.

**ar-rīpio**, (adr.) ēre, rīpi, reptus, vb. [an up or ad to? perh. both at times] snatch up, catch up, Nam hercle te continuo arripiam barba et in ignem coniciam, Pl. Rud. 3, 4, 64; Tuo ibi nescio quis me arripit Timidam atque pauidam... nunc me pacto astulit (note this word) possum dicere, Cnre. 5, 2, 48; talos, 2, 3, 79; gladium, Capt. 4, 47; Sublimem meum primum arripere (sc. Syrum) et capite in terram statuerem, Ter. Ad. 3, 2, 18; arripit colubam mordicus, Turp. 108 R; ut quae carissima haberet, ab impediementis petere atque arripere properaret, Caes. b. g. 5, 33 f.; arma, b. c. 2, 14, 3; add Sall. Iug. 72 f.; medium arripit Seruium clatuque e curia per gradus deiecit, Liv. 1, 48, 3; armis arreptis, 35, 36, 8; arreptis scutis, Tac. h. 3, 23; 2. esp. take up, arrest, arreptus de pecuniis repetundis, Cic. Rab. post. 11; uno aut altero arrepto quietior alios, Liv. 2, 23 f.; abeunt magistratu... tribunus plebis arripuit, 2, 54; subinde arreptus a P. Numitorio Sp. Oppius, 3, 58; arripit Licinianum... quod oculasset Cornelia libertam, Plin. ep. 4, 11, 11; add Suet. Caes. 23; Ner. 34; Vit. 2; 3. met. hold up to public odium, expose, attack (in words), Primores populi arripit populique tribum, Hor. s. 2, 1, 69; Nunc age luxuriam et Nomentanum arripie mecum, 2, 3, 224;

4. met. w. abstract nouns, pick up, catch up, catch at, seize eagerly, summonit me Parmeno hui seruos, quod ego arripui, Ter. Eun. 3, 5, 23; quare uidet animum arripimus, si nullus fuerit in mundo, Cic. N. D. 3, 26; naturale (diuinum) genus quod animus arripere extrinsecus ex diuinitate, div. 2, 26; uox et gestus... aliunde arripit non potest, turis utilitas... de libris depromi potest, or. 1, 252; cognomen sibi ex Aedilorum imaginibus arripuit, Sest. 69; quod arripit ad reprehendum, Pis. 162; patrociniis acquiritis, or. 1, 242; maledictum ex tritum, Mor. 13; uerba de foro, fin. 3, 4; arrepto tempore Turnus..., Verg. 11, 459; primaum quamque occasione... arrepturos, Liv. 35, 12, 17; omen, Val. M. 1, 5, 3; 5. pick (ideas) up rapidly and eagerly, litteras Graecas... anide arripui, Cic. sen. 26; quod meri celeriter res arripuit, ib. 78; haec M. Cato arripuit, Mur. 62; quarum studium etsi senarum arripuerat, Nep. Cato 3, 2; 11 6. without any notion of up; ab lanio cultro arrepto, Liv. 3, 48, 5; signiferum manu arreptum secum in hostem rapit, 6, 48; arrepto repente equo, 6, 8, 6; (cohortes) arreptas in urbem inducit, 34, 20, 8; simul accipit ipsum Pendentem et magna muri cum parte reuellit, Verg. 9, 562; Arreptaque comas... Vincula pati cogit, Ov. M. 6, 552; arreptis manibus, Tac. h. 3, 41; turbata arripie castra, 9, 13; Arripuitque locum, 11, 531;

7. w. abstr. nom., ne succussu arripit maior dolor, Pac. 257 R; confectum curis Alexandrum arripuit somnus, Iust. 11, 13, 1.

**arriisio**, ōnis, f. smiling on, approval, Cornif. ad Her. 1, 10.

**arrior**, ōris, m. one who smiles upon, a flatterer, Sen. ep. 27, 7.

**Arrius**, adj. and sb., a gens, L. Arrius M. f. CIL 637.

**arrōdo**, see **adrodo**.

**arrōgantia**, (adr.), ae, f. assumption, arrogance, adrogantiam reprehendere quod plus se quam imperatorem sentire existimarent, Caes. b. g. 7, 52, 3; Cic. Caecil. 36; Q. fr. 3, 6, 7; Liv. 37, 56, 10.

**arrōgatio**, (adr.), ōnis, f. adoption as a son of one who is sui iuris, for which a rogatio was originally needed, Gell.

5, 19, 8, wh. see the form; add Gai. 1, 99; 4, 38 and 77; Mod. dig. 1, 7, 1, 1 and 40, 1.

**arrogator**, (adr.), oris, m. one who so adopts, Gai. 1, 107; Ulp. dig. 1, 7, 2, 15; Mod. 1, 7, 40.

**arrogō**, (adr.), āre, vb. ask in the presence of, Venus haec nolo adrogat te, Pl. Rud. 5, 2, 45; but not in Gai. dig. 1, 7, 2. **2.** by a bill (rogatio), appoint (an officer) by the side of, (Cannulo) unico consuli dictatore arrogari haud satis decorum visum est, Liv. 7, 25, 11; **3.** adopt one sui iuris as a son, Gell. 5, 10, 4 etc.; Gai. 2, 98; Mod. dig. 1, 7, 40; **4.** claim as one's right, arrogate, tantum tibi tribuo quantum mihi arrego, Cie. fam. 4, 1 f.; non mihi sumo tantum neque arrego ut..., Plane; 3; non tantum mihi derogo, tametsi mihi arrego ut..., Rose, Ann. 89; quod ex aliena nūtitio sibi arrogat, Sal. Jug. 85, 25; nihil non arrogat animi, Hor. ep. 2, 3, 121; **5.** met. Fortuna...optatum peractis Imperiis decus arrogavit, Hor. od. 4, 14, 40; chartis pretium quotus arrogat annus, ep. 2, 6, 35.

**arrogator**, oris, m. one who gnaws into, met. Sen. ep. 27, 7.

**arrogia**, (a foreign term), ae, f. a shaft in a mine, Plin. 33, 70 and 77.

**Arruntius**, adj. and sb. name of a gens, L. Arrun(tus), CIL 752.

**ars**, artis, f. (ar- a lost vb. to fit, whence artus, ūs) lit. fitness—hence art, skill, nec (ea quae inanimata diximus) haberebimus nisi manus et ars accessisset, Cie. off. 2, 12; artis proferunt esse creare et gignere, quodque in operibus artium manus efficiat, id..., N. D. 2, 57; **2.** of arts, whether liberal or illiberal, profession, trade, quei artem ludicram fecit quine leuocinium faciet, CIL 206, 123; at first illiberal; sordidiores (artes), Cie. or. 3, 128; opifices omnes m. sordida arte versantur, off. 1, 150; artes quae ministrare sunt uoluptatum, ceteriſque laſciis, ib.; patrum lanium... nſio in scrupula eius artis miniſtrare uisum, Liv. 22, 25, 10; **3.** liberal, dſcelia, Pl. Epid. 3, 4, 14; musica, Ter. Ph. pr. 18; quibus artibus prudentia inest, ut medicina, ut architectura, Cie. off. 1, 151; Graecorum artium opera (i.e. signa tabulasque), Liv. 25, 40, 2; **4.** liberal as opposed to sordid office, a science, a profession, tum copius, nullissimum antiquis mancipium, in pretio esse, et quod ministerium fuerat, ars haberi coepit, Liv. 30, 6, 9;

**5.** skill in work, independent of trade or profession, accomplishment, Eucharis Licinia(e) l. docta erodita omnes artes uirgo, CIL 1009; arte gymnastica, disco habitas, Pl. Most. 1, 2, 72; **6.** the produce of skilled labour, me quidem Athenae exquisitis antiquorum artibus delectant, Cie. leg. 2, 4; clipeum Didymaonis artum, Verg. 5, 350; diuite artium Quas aut Parrhasius protulit aut Scopas, Hor. od. 4, 8, 5; marmor uetus aeraque et artis Suscipe, ep. 1, 6, 17; **7.** of the qualities of the mind good or bad, talents as shown in action, virtue, vice, Nam si in te agrotant artes antiquae tuae, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 34; Fratrem homini nemini 'esse primarium artium magis principem, Ter. Ad. 2, 3, 6; in summo imperatore multae sunt artes eximiae huius administratae uirtutis, Cie. Man. 36; uir egregius in aliis artibus molliter ageritudoinem pati, Sal. Jug. 82, 2; add 28, 5; Hae arte Pollux et magnus Hercules Ennius arces attingit igneas, Hor. od. 3, 3, 9; Nec solum faciem, mores quoque confer et artes, Ov. rem. am. 713;

**8.** absol. skill, art, cunning, arte tractabat uirum, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 125; perituri ante Sironis, Verg. 2, 195;

**9.** a systematic treatise on any art or science, eius ars quam edidit (de rhetorica), Cie. inv. 1, 8; scilicet artem rhetoricam, fin. 4, 7; Palaeonionis artem, Iuv. 6, 452; Theodori, 7, 177;

**10.** Artes personified, the Sciences, as represented in the nine Muses, Artium peperit chorum, Phaedr. 3 pr. 19.

**arsenicum**, see arrenicum.

**arseuſe**, (in old Tuscan lang. arse=anerte, ſerſe=ignem says Paul, ex F. s. v. p. 18) written as a charm against fire, inscribat aliquis in ostio arseuſe, Afran. ib.; cf. parietes incendiorum deprecationibus conscribuntur, Plin. 28, 20.

**arsineum**, ornamentum capitis muliebris, Paul. ex F. p. 20.

**arsia**, is, f. raising (of the voice), opp. to thesis, Diom. 474, 32 K; Prisc. (?) de acc. 2, 521, 25; Mart. C. 9, 969.

**artaba**, ae, f. an Egyptian dry measure = 3½ modii, Rhem. Funn. 89; Isid. or. 15, 26.

**artēmisia**, ae, f. the plant wormwood, Plin. 25, 73 and 130 etc.; 26, 24.

**artemo**, onis, m. a top mast (rather than topsail), malum manis esse partem, art-emoneum non esse Labeo ait, quia naves sine malo inutiles essent, Ianol. dig. 50, 16, 242; add Lucil. ap. Char. 123, 13 K; **2.** a pulley in a certain machine, Vitr. 10, 5, 9.

**artēria**, ae, f. lit. an air-pipe, hence w. aspera, wind-pipe, trachea, deinde duo itinera incipiunt, alterum asperam arteriam nōcant, alterum stomachum, Cels. 4, 1; aspera arteria, sic enim a medicis appellatur, ostium habeat adluctum linguae radicibus eoque ad pulmones pertineat, Cie. N. D. 2, 136; add Plin. 20, 179; **2.** arteria alone, the same, Plin. 11, 175; 20, 49; pulmonis canūla quam Graeci arteriam nōcant, Cael. Aur. tard. 2, 13, 152;

**3.** in pl. the subdivisions of the windpipe, the bronchia, laeduntur arteriae, si...acri clamore complentur, Cornif. ad Her. 3, 21; arteriae reticendo acquiescunt, id. ib.; uocem non habere nisi quae pulmonem et arterias habent, Plin. 11, 206; add Gell. 10, 26, 9; Suet. Ner. 25; **4.** as sb. n. pl. Luer. 4, 520; faciteque Asperiora foras gradiens arteria clamor;

**5.** an artery, as once supposed to convey air alone, and often in death found bloodless; hence—sanguis per uenas diffunditur, spiritus per arterias, Cie. N. D. 2, 138; et uenas sunt et arteriae, illae sanguinis haē spiritus receptacula, Sen. n. q. 3, 15, 1; arteriae id est spiritus seminae...uenae id est sanguinis rui, Plin. 11, 218; sanguinis uenas emu arterias spiritalibus, Amob. 3, 13;

**6.** but Celsus has arteria incisa...interdum ut sanguis uehementer erumpat efficit, 10, 10, 54, 27; see too arteriotomia;

**7.** sect of pulse, arteriarum pulsus in cacumine maxime membrorum euident, index fere morborum, 11, 219.

**artēricos**, adj. of the wind-pipe, grauitudo arteriae, Vitr. 1, 6, 15; medicamina, Cael. Aur. tard. 2, 6, 93;

**2.** artēricae, es, f. as sb. a medicine for affections of the wind-pipe, Cels. 5, 25, 17; Plin. 23, 136 and 207.

**artēriotomia**, ae, f. cutting of an artery, Cael. Aur. tard. 1, 1, 46.

**arthrēsis**, (arthrōsis) is f. inflammation of a joint, Nodosa torquet quos podagra et arthrēsis, Prud. περὶ στέφ. 1, 495; wh. note qty depending on Gr. accent.

**arthriticus**, adj. suffering from gout, Cie. fam. 9, 23.

**arthritis**? only in a conj. reading of Vitr. 1, 6, 3 where now arteriae.

**articulamentum**, i, n. joint, articulation, Scrib. comp. 206 etc.

**articulāris**, adj. of a joint, morbus, Plin. 20, 195; Suet. Galb. 21; **2.** the articles, as hic, Prisc. 1, 581, 22.

**articulārīus**, adj. of a joint, morbus, Cato r. 157; Plin. 22, 34; 25, 54; **2.** in gramm. pronominia articulāria, articles, as hic, idem, Prisc. 1, 54, 15; 1, 581, 22.

**articulātum**, ady. joint by joint, te articulatum conecidit, Plant. Epid. 3, 4, 52; membra a. diuidit, poet. ap. Cie. N.D. 3, 67; **2.** met. Pl. ap. Gell. 3, 3, 5; Luer. 4, 555; Cie. leg. 1, 36; Varr. 1, 10, 4.

**articulatio**, ōnis, f. of plants, forming joints by new branches, Plin. 16, 101; 17, 103; **2.** a disease of vines, 17, 226.

**Articulēlānus**, adj. of Articulus, senatus-consultum, Mart. dig. 40, 5, 51, 7.

**articulō**, āre, vb. divide by joints—hence met. articulate (words), uerborum daedala, Luer. 4, 551; Munro compares διερρησαστο φωνην of Plato Prot. 322 a; uocem, Prisc. 5, 6 K; Amob. 7, 9; sonos, 3, 18 f.; ut (psittacus) articulata uerba eloquatur, Sol. 52, 45.

**articulōsus**, adj. full of joints or knots, knotted, radix Plin. 24, 150; **2.** met. subdivided into separate joints, partitio (orationis), Quint. 4, 5, 24.

**articulus**, (articulus) [artus ūs] m. dim. lit. a little joint; in practice a joint, articulation, crura sine nodis articulisque habent, Caes. b. g. 6, 27, 1; magnos articulorum d-iores

habet, Cic. Att. 1, 5, 8; cheragra contudit articulos, Hor. s. 2, 7, 16; add Pers. 5, 58; Cels. 2, 7 (39, 30, 17); nodos corporum qui nunciantur articuli, Plin. 11, 21; **2.** a little bone between two joints, phalanx of a finger, in digitis articuli breviores sunt, Cels. 8, 19; potest articulus canaliculo contineri, id. ib.; quot manus atteruntur, ut unus niteat articulis, Plin. 2, 158; **3.** in poetry, a finger, At reditus iam quisque suos amat, et sibi quid sit Vile, sollicitus supputat articulis, Ov. Pont. 2, 3, 18; add Her. 10, 140; carmen... temperat articulis, Prop. 2, 34, 80; and met. quom molli articulo tractant Catone, Quint. 11, 1, 70; **4.** knot or joint in plants (?), existit tamquam ad articulos sarmentorum ea quae gemma dicitur, Cic. sen. 53; ante quam seges in articulum eat, Colum. 2, 11, 9; si in articulum seges ire coeperit, Plin. 18, 159; **5.** esp. of language, w. met. from joints or limbs, continuatio verborum... articulis membrisque distincta, Cic. or. 3, 180; genus oratiuus quod sine nervis et articulis fluctuat, Cornif. ad Her. 4, 16; **6.** met. subdivision, stage, degree, item, section, clause, article, per eosdem articulos et gradus producendus est per quos frater ens productus fuit, Aug. ap. Suet. Claud. 4; in mediis latitudinibus articulis, Plin. 2, 68; add 2, 216; 18, 222 and 350; summa rerum divisio in duos articulos deducitur, nam aliae sunt diuini iuris, aliae humani, Gai. dig. 1, 8, 1; in multis iuris nostri articulis deterior est condicio feminarum quam masculorum, Papin. 1, 5, 9; si detracto hoc articulo 'quisquis mihi heres erit, substitutus ita fuerit', Titius, Iulian. dig. 36, 1, 28 (27), 2; **7.** in rhetoric = *ἀσυνδραμα*, articulus dicitur, caesa oratione, hoc modo: inuicem inuidia iniuriis potentia perfidia sustulisti, Cornif. ad Her. 4, 26; **8.** in gramm., articulus (prepositive and postpositive), quis quae... hic haec... articuli, Varr. 1, 8, 23, p. 425 Sp.; noster sermo articulos non desiderat, Quint. 1, 4, 19; add Prisc. 1, 581, 23; **9.** a single word, hoc articulo 'quisque' omnes significant, Pomp. dig. 28, 5, 29; articulus 'tum', 35, 1, 4, 1; articulus 'et' 'que' 'cum', Paul. 50, 16, 142; **10.** of time, met. from a joint, a critical moment, on which all turns, uide, ut in ipso articulo oppressit, Ter. Ad. 2, 2, 21; ut eum in ipso articulo temporis adstringeret, Cic. Quint. 19; in quo me articulo rerum meam fortuna deprehenderet cernitis, Curt. 5, 11; **11.** a critical point, nentum est ad ipsum articulum causae, uentum rei ad cardine, Arnob. 7, 36 (39); **12.** in articulo, at the moment, instantly, de off. com. S. palat. 1, 34, 2; nov. Maior. de bon. caduc. 4, 5, 1, 1; **13.** articulus\*, non articulus, Prob. 197, 21 K.

**artifex**, icis, adj. as sb. m. f. one who produces skilled work, an artist, as an actor, Pl. Amph. pr. 70; Poen. pr. 37; Plus artificem est mihi quam rebar: artiolum huic habeo domi, Cas. 2, 6, 4; artificem probum! Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 29; illi artifices (painters and sculptors) corporis simulacra ignotis nota faciunt, Cic. fam. 5, 12, 7; add Mnr. 29; pueri litteratissimi, agnostae optimi... pari modo artifices ceteri, Nep. Att. 13, 4; a. signarius, inser. Or. 4282; **2.** met. an adept, a very artist (so to say) a callidus comparandorum uoluptatum, Cic. fin. 2, 116; crudele artificis scelus, Verg. 2, 125; per homines talis negotii artifices, Sal. Iug. 35, 5; artificem (equum), a perfect master of his work, as opp. to one new to the rein, Ov. a. 3, 556; C. Cotta in ambitione a., Q. Cic. pet. cons. 47; (Antonius) serendae in alios inuidiae a., Tac. h. 2, 86; **3.** as adj. artistic, nir tam artificis ingenii, Plin. 8, 55; inter ipsas artifices (al. artificis) manus, canis artifice dimicatione (elephantum) infestans, S. 150; Gell. 12, 1, 9; **4.** artificial, as opp. to natural, ille artifex, ut ita dicam, stilus, Cic. Brut. 96; **5.** of abstract things, artistic, uoluptas Pers. 5, 40; argutiae (of nightingale), Plin. 10, 55; temperamentum, 12, 115; dimicatio, S. 150; **6.** w. inf. uenter negatas a. sequi uoces, Pers. prol. 10.

**artificialis**, adj. according to rules of art, regular, ratio Quint. 6, 4, 4; probationis genus, 12, 8, 14; **2.** artificialiter adv. 2, 17, 42.

**artificiosus**, adj. possessing great skill, skilful, (rhetores) artificiosissimi, Cic. inv. 1, 61; **2.** of things, the exhibiting skilled labour, natura non artificiosa solum, sed plane artifex, Cic. N. D. 2, 58; opus, 2, 138; nec de re artificiosa, ut

mathematici loquuntur, fin. 2, 15; quod si artificiosum est intelligere..., multo est artificiosius scribere, Cornif. ad Her. 4, 7; eloquentiam, Quint. 2, 17, 2; **3.** artificial, genera diuinandi non naturalia, sed artificiosa, Cic. div. 1, 72; sunt duae memoriae, una naturalis, altera artificiosa, Cornif. ad Her. 3, 28.

**artificium**, ii, n. business, profession, art, metuo ne artificium tuum (of a soldier) tibi parum prosit, Cic. fam. 7, 13, 2; ancillari artificio, Tusc. 5, 58; non in isto artificio accusator callidior es quam hic in suo (as a farmer), Rose. Am. 49; ex nostro artificio exemplum sumere (as a vine-grower), Sen. ep. 112, 1; **2.** artistic or scientific skill, haec (sc. patera, tribulum) summo artificio facta, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 46; simulacrum singulari artificio perfectum, 2, 4, 72; uicisse Romanos artificio quodam et scientia oppugnatione, Caes. b. g. 7, 29, 2; **3.** theoretic study of an art, sic esse non eloquentiam ex artificio, sed artificium ex eloquentia natum, Cic. or. 1, 146; **4.** trick, artifice, stratagem, non satis est consilio pugnare, artificium quoddam excogitandum est, Cic. fam. 9, 16, 2; artificio quodam es consecutus ut..., or. 1, 74; quorum artificis effectum est ut..., Caes. Oppio ap. Cic. Att. 9, 7 c f.

**arti-grāphus**, (a hybrid word) adj. m. as sb. a writer on any art or science (see ars § 8), apud plerosque artigra phos Pomp. 205, 7 K.

**artio**, ire (for artio from arceo) vb. drive tight (into), press close, surculum inter librum et stirpem, Cato r. 40, 3; add 41, 2 and 3; linguam in palatum, Nov. ap. Non. 505, 30; se luter matris femina, id. ib.

**arto**, see arcto.

**artocōpus**, i (ἀρτοκόπος, itself perh. for ἀρτο-πόκος) a baker, Firm. Math. 8, 20.

**artocreas**, ātis, n. a dish of meat and bread, Pers. 6, 50; artocrea (n. pl.) populo Cuprensi dedit, inser. Or. 4937.

**artolāgānus**, i, m. a sort of fritter or pancake, Cic. fam. 9, 20, 2; Plin. 11, 105; cf. Athen. 3, 28.

**artopta**, ae, m. a Greek baker. Ego hinc artoptam ex proximo utendum (al. -am) peto A. Congriore, Pl. Aul. 2, 9; in the next scene he speaks of his 'discipuli'; artoptam Plantas appellat (pistorem), Pl. 18, 107; Salua sit artoptae reuerentia, Iuv. 5, 72; **2.** by late scholiasts mistaken for a baking vessel, as: Pigella, artoptia genus uasis, Gloss. Isid. i. το κεινος ο των αρτοις ενωπιουσιν... ον νυν αρτοπτην καλουσι, Poll. x § 112; but: pistoris uel uasis quo cibis coquuntur, ut Probus inquit, Schol. Vall. These passages I quote from Mayor's Iuv.

**artopticius**, or -eus, adj. panis a. bread baked by an artopta, Firm. 18, 88 and 105.

**Artōrius**, ii, adj. or sb., a gens, Iuv. 3, 29.

**arto**, āre, vb. obsol. plough, artrāre id est aratrare, Plin. 18, 182.

**artu**, ūs, n. see artus.

**artuātum**, adv. limb by limb, Firm. Math. 7, 1.

**artuo**, āre, vb. cut up into pieces, Firm. Math. 6, 31.

**1.** artus, ūs, (lost vb. ar-fit, cf. ars and arphor) m. a joint, digitorum contractio facilis... propter molles commissuras et artus, Cic. N. D. 2, 150; dolor artuum, Brut. 217; suffraginam artus, Plin. 11, 248; luxata corpora... in artus redeunt, 31, 71; **2.** hence often opposed to membra limbs, as Pl. below, Lucr. 2, 282; 4, 887 and 1042; 6, 797 and 945 (see Munro); Plin. pan. 52, 5; but not Gell. 10, 1, 19; **3.** limb (as we say a joint of meat; see too articulus), cum tremulis annis artubus\*, Enn. ap. Cic. div. 1, 40; tota mente atque artubus\* omnibus contremiscam, or. 1, 121; salensque per artus Sudor illic, Verg. 2, 173; sopor fessos complexit artus, 2, 253; magni (eorum) artus Germanicum originem adseruerant, Tac. Agr. 11; **4.** met. nitis artus (so ms a) suos in se colligens, Plin. 14, 13; nernos atque artus sapientiae non temere credere, Q. Cic. pet. cons. 39; **5.** artua n. pl., huius membra atque ossa atque artua Communium illo scipione, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 103; **6.** dat. pl. artubus, see\* above; while artubus from ars, Prisc. 1, 364, 24.

**2.** artus, part. or adj., see arceo.

**arua**, see aruos.

**arūlis**, adj. of ploughed land—hence fratres Aruales, a

college of twelve priests, qui sacra faciunt ut fruges ferant arua, Varr. 1. 5, 15; Caesari Hadriano. Fratri Aruali, inscr. Or. 807; add 840, 858 etc.; Fratres Aruales conue-  
nerunt ad nota suscipienda pro salute imperat. Antonini  
pili, 947.

**Arualus?** name of a God in a suspected inser. Or. 1511.  
**arueho**=adueho, vb. aruētum, Cato r. 135, 7: arue-  
hant, 138.

**aruiga**, see aruiga.

**aruina**, ae, f. fat, lard, spicula tergent Aruina pingui,  
Verg. 7, 627, where see Serv. and his quotation from Suet.;  
add Prud. Cath. 7, 9; Sidon. ep. 8, 14; 2. a cognomen,  
A. Cornelius Aruina, Liv. 8, 38, 1.

**aruix**, see aruiga.

**ārūla**, ae, f. dim. a little altar. Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 5; mensa  
arulaeque, in iure Papiriano ap. Maer. 3, 11, 6; Nymphis...  
arula Mumia, Inscr. Or. 1630; 2. the earth thrown up  
against an elm in vineyards, Plin. 17, 77.

**Arulensis**, adj. title of a sodalicium in Ostia, L. Licinio  
L. Pal. Herodi sodali Arulensi, inscr. Marin. p. 56; add  
Grut. 398, 7.

**āruncus**, i, (αρυνκος) m., a goat's beard, Plin. 8, 204.

**arundifer**, arundo etc., see harundifer, harundo etc.

**aruum**, i, see

**aruos**, a, um (i: aro :: pascuus: pasco) adj. ploughed,  
Non aruos hic sed pascuos ager, Pl. Trac. 1, 2, 47; agri  
arui et arbusci et pascui, Cic. rep. 5, 3; aut aruos est ager  
aut constius, ant. Isid. orig. 15, 13; 2. aruom, i, as  
sb. n. ploughed land, aruom quod aruum nequum status  
est, Varr. r. 1, 29, 1; glebasque aruo ex molli exsuevit,  
Acc. ap. Non. 355, 22; prata et arua, Cic. N. D. 1, 122;  
Ante louem nulli subiebat arua coloni, Verg. G. 1, 125;  
Ne perconteris fundus meus...Aruo pascat erum an bacis  
opulentet oliuae, Hor. ep. 1, 16, 2; Numidae pabulo peccoris  
magis quam aruo student, Sal. Jug. 90, 1; 3. met. of  
the sea, arua Neptunia, Verg. 8, 695; 4. met. de feminis,  
ut muliebria conseruat arua, Lucr. 4, 1107; genitalia aruo,  
Verg. G. 3, 137; 5. arua f. as sb. ploughed land, omnis  
arua operunt, Naev. ap. Non. 192, 30; calanitas aruas  
caluitur, Pacuv. ib.

**aruspex**, see haruspex.

**arx**, arcis, f. [for car-ac = E. crag, W. careg, and E.  
decap. rock; for loss of initial c before a f. aper (καρπος)]  
rock, rocky mountain, Mundus ut ad Scythiam Rhipacae  
arces ardus arces Consurgit, Verg. G. 1, 240; Rhodopeiae  
arces, 4, 461; Parnasi constitit arce, Ov. M. 1, 467; erat  
ardua terris Arce patens summa, 11, 393; Palatinas arces  
Hor. c. saec. 65; Primus inexpertas adiit Tyrrhinius arces  
(the Alps), Sil. 3, 496; 2. hence a rock as a natural  
fortress and so a citadel. Illa autem in arcem abiit acdem  
nisere Minervae, Pl. Bac. 4, 8, 59; Signum ex arce si  
perisset (see Illo), 4, 9, 30; add 34; met. signum ex arce  
Ballionia, Ps. 4, 5, 13; Galli...summa arces aeterni Moenia,  
Enn. an. 169 V; Quae Corinthum arcem altam habetis,  
tr. 294; salua urbe atque arce, Caec. 146 R; in arcem  
transcuro opus est, Ter. Heu. 3, 4, 17; add 5, 3, 3; porticum  
qua inarcem eitur, CIL 1166, 6; Romulidum arces seruator  
candidus anser, Lucr. 4, 683; Condere coeperunt nris  
arcemque locare, 5, 1108; cum oppido desperasset, munire  
arcem coegerunt, Cic. Pis. 84; cum Tarento amisso, arcem  
tamen Liuius retinisset, Or. 2, 273; ex arce Alesia suos  
conspiciat, Caes. b. g. 7, 84, 1; hunc (montem) muris cir-  
cundatus arcem efficit, 1, 38 f.; in arcem oppidi, b. c. 2,  
19 f.; tenere tamen arcem Sabini, Liv. 1, 12, 1; de arce  
capta Capitolio occupato...nuntii veniunt, 3, 18, 1;  
3. esp. of the Tarpeian rock, as the site for angus, Cic. off.  
3, 66; Liv. 1, 18, 6; 4. met. a citadel, Africam arcem  
omnium prouinciarum, Cic. Lig. 22; in arce legis praesidia  
constituere defensionis, Clu. 156; quin lex de pecuniis re-  
petundis sociorum causa constituta sit...hanc habent  
arcem, Caecil. 17; ubi Hannibal sit, ibi caput atque arcem  
huius belli esse, Liv. 28, 42, 16; Tum uapor ipsam corporis  
arcem Flammeus urit, Sen. Oed. 187; add Claud. Hon. 234;  
Cicerone arcem tenente eloquentiae, Quint. 12, 11, 28; tri-  
butum auxilium et prouocationem...dnas arces libertatis  
tuendae, Liv. 3, 45, 8; 5. hence proverb., arcem facere e

cloaca, Cic. Plane. 40; 6. in poets, citadel or heights of  
heaven, heaven, caeli quibus aduina arcem, Verg. 1, 254;  
Hac arte Pollux...arces attigit igneas, Hor. od. 3, 3, 10;  
Quae pater ut summa uidit Saturnius arce, Ov. M. 1, 163;  
add 2, 306; tr. 5, 3, 19; am. 3, 10, 21; 7. Varr. 5, 32,  
p. 150 Sp. says: arx ab arcendo; others from *arcos*!  
**arýtaena**, or artena (*aprawa*) ae, f. a ladle, = uas ab  
hauriendo, Fest. s.v.; arutaenaeque et aquales, Lucil. ap.  
Char. 118, 29 K.

**arhythmus**, see arrhythmus.

**as**, or assis (i: *ovos* 'ace on die' :: as of asinus: *ovos*; cf.  
E. acco, F. as) assis, m. a unit, one, esto ager longius pedes  
mcc, latus ccx; in eo nitis disponendae sunt ita ut quini  
pedes inter ordines relinquatur. Quaesio quot semibinus  
opus sit. Duceo quintam partem longitudinis, finit cccx;  
et quintam partem latitudinis; hoc est xxxiii. Hitis uisue  
summis singulos assis adicio, qui efficiunt extremos ordines.  
Fit ergo altera summa cccxii, altera xxv. Has summas  
multiplicato. Fiant 1000xxxv. Totidem dies opus esse  
semibinus, Colum. 5, 3, 2; add §§ 3 and 4; 2. a whole,  
in hac solidi sexta face assis eat, Ov. med. fac. 5, 60; suffi-  
cere iugum boum tritici ccxv modis totidemque leguminum,  
ut sit in asse statum modiorum ccl. Colum. 2, 12 (13), 7;  
pluuias et feriarum, quibus non aratur dies xiv, item per-  
acta sementi, quibus requiescent, dies xxx, sic in asse sunt  
octo menses et dies x, § 9; fit in assem consummatum  
pretium xxix milium, 3, 8; and again § 9; proseedi  
semissem (iuger), iterari assem, Plin. 18, 178; 3. of  
property, qui rem soli possidet aut ex asse aut pro portione,  
Mac. dig. 2, 8, 15, 1; fundum in assem uendit, Mod. 20,  
6, 9; 4. esp. of wills, heredem ex asse reliquit, Mart. 7,  
66; heres ex asse institutus, Gai. 2, 259; sollempnis assis  
distributio in duodecim uncias fit, Ulp. 28, 5, 13, 1; II 6.  
as a coin, orig. one pound of copper, libralis apuddebatur  
assis\*, Plin. 33, 42; then, bello Punico primo constitutum  
(est) ut asses sextantario ponderis ferirentur, § 44; postea  
Hannibale urgente asses unciales facti, placuit denarium  
(orig. decem libris aeris ualentem) sedecim assibus perariari,  
§ 45; mox semicentiaris asses facti, § 46; 6. hence, as a  
coin of little value, a farthing so to say, quod non opus est  
asse carum est, Cato ap. Sen. ep. 94, 27; quod si com-  
munis uilem redigat ad assem, Hor. s. 1, 1, 43; uaticia...  
ad assem perdidit, ep. 2, 2, 27; rumores...Omnes unius  
astemimus assis, Catul. 5, 3; istos paedagogos assis ne  
feceris, Sen. ep. 123, 11; ad assem impendium reddes, to  
the last farthing, Plin. ep. 1, 15, 1; 7. proverb. assem  
habeas assem ualeas, have but a farthing and be valued at  
a farthing, Petr. 77; 8. assis as nom. see \* above; assis  
libra erat, Don. ad Ph. 1, 1, 9; nunc as dicitur, non assis,  
Char. 76, 3 K.

**āsa**, old form of ar, uteres asas dicebant, Serv. A. 4,  
219; but not Gell. 4, 3, 3 (Hertz).

**āsarōticus**, adj. mosaic of a special kind, lapidi, Sidon.  
earn. 23, 56.

**āsārōtis**, (*asapotos*, unswept) adj. paved (by one Sosus)  
in mosaic to look as if strewn with crumbs etc., Plin. 25,  
60; 2. as sb. n. such mosaic, superatae nouis asarota  
figuris, Stat. sil. 1, 3, 56.

**āsārum**, (asarum), i, n. hazel-wort, asarum europ. Linn.,  
Plin. 12, 47; 14, 107 and 111; 21, 134; Veg. vet. 6, 13, 3.

**asbestinus**, adj. of asbestos, Plin. 19, 20.

**asbestos**, adj. as sb. an Arcadian gem, ferrei coloris,  
Plin. 37, 146.

**ascālbātēs**, ae, m. a sort of lizard, laeerta Gecko  
Linn. Plin. 29, 90.

**ascalia**, ae, f. a kind of artichoke, Plin. 21, 97.

**ascales**, ae, m. a bag-piper, Mart. 10, 3, 8.

**ascendibilis**, adj. that can be climbed, Tum prae se  
portant ascendibilem semitam (a ladder), Pompon. 18 R.

**ascendo**, (adsc.) ere, di, sum, vb. [a for a, up, before  
two cons.; see an] climb up, mount, ascend, sed qui sunt hi  
qui ascendunt altum oerim, Liv. And. 20 R; In nauem\*  
ascendi, mulieres anxiet, ariolus sum, Pl. Rad. 2, 2, 20;  
add 2, 6, 27; but in Men. 2, 1, 35 A has inscendi, B escendi;  
in Amph. 4, 25 Fleck, has escendam; nauem ascendi,  
Ter. ad. 4, 5, 69 (A escendi); ut in Amanum\* ascenderem,

Cic. fam. 15, 4, 8; in murum\*, or. 2, 100; aduersam ripam, div. 1, 58; in equum\*, sen. 34; in caelum ascendisse (so best mss.; Daiter adsc.) am. 88; ripas, Caes. b. g. 2, 27 f.; uallum, 5, 26, 3; 5, 42, 3; murum, 7, 27 f.; 7, 47 f.; 7, 50, 3; b. c. 1, 28, 4; 3, 11, 3; in Capitolium\*, Liv. 10, 7, 10; 2. met., ad honores, Cic. Brut. 241; in tantum honorem, or. 125; a minoribus ad maiora, part. or. 12; unum gradum dignitatis, Mur. 55; 3. in pass., si mons erat ascendendus, Caes. b. c. 1, 79, 2; porticus ascenduntur (so at least β, al. desc.) nouaginta gradibus, Plin. 36, 88; cum dextro pede primus gradus ascenditur, Vitruv. 3, 3 (4), 4; in § 1 phrases w. in hanc\*; 4. often confounded with *escendo*, which now stands in Lucr. 5, 1301 Munro; in Liv. 23, 14, 2; 41, 22, 5; 42, 38, 1 Madv.; 5. *ascendo* perh. always; Nipp. in Caes. b. c. 5, 26, 3 alone has *adsc.*; *ascenderunt*, Fr. Arv. tab. 32, 2, 25.

**ascensibilis**, adj. that can be ascended, iter, Cacl. Aur. tard. 3, 1, 4.

**ascensio**, ōnis, f. climbing up, ascent, ad nidum, Pl. Rud. 3, 1, 7; stichae Martis et Iouis per graduum ascensionem percurrentes, Vitruv. 9, 4, 5; 2. met. Cic. Brut. 137.

**ascensor**, ōris, m. one who ascends, Hier. Ruf. 1.

**ascensus**, ūs, m. ascent, ascensus ingrediens arduo, Cic. or. 1, 261; oppidum difficili ascensu, Verr. 2, 4, 51; prohibere ascensu, Caes. b. g. 5, 32, 2; difficilis, Liv. 25, 36, 6; 2. a means of ascent, as a staircase, tribunal habent et ascensum, Vitruv. 4, 7 (8), p. 100, 21 Rose; 3. met. step in ascent, degree, in uirtute multi sunt ascensus, Cic. Planc. 60.

**ascetĕrium**, adj. n. as sb. a place of retirement for ascetics, c. 35 de Episc. 1, 3; Iulian. epit. nov. 6, 29 etc.

**ascētria**, ae, f. a female ascetic, ib. 115, 460 etc.

**ascia**, (ascēa\*), an axe or hatchet, quom ascēa\* ne polito, tab. xii ap. Cic. leg. 2, 59; Daedalus asciam inuenit, Plin. 7, 198; tilia citissime ascias retundit, 16, 207; ipse mihi asciam in cruce iniegi, Petr. 74; ascia calcem quasi lignum dolabis, Pall. 1, 14; sumatur ascia et quemadmodum materia dolatur, sic calx in lacu macerata ascietur, Vitruv. 7, 2; ascias in auresa parte referentes rastros, Pall. 1, 43, 3; 2. in tombs the figure of an axe was set up, it is said to mark consecration, while yet under the builder, hence sub ascia dedicauit, inser. Or. 4464; add 249, 4465, 4466 and 4467; ad asciam dedicatum, 4468; a solo et ab ascia, 4469; 3. cf. ἀξίς, c. i. E. axe, and for the letter-change, misceo mixtus, uiscus Fēōs.

1. **ascio**, āre, vb. cut as with an axe, Vit. 7, 2.  
2. **ascio**? whence according to some *ascire*, not found; see *ascisco*.

**asciōla**, ae, f. dim. a little axe, Isid. or. 19, 19.

**ascisco**, (adsc.), scīui, scītum, sciscere or scire\*, vb. adopt or attach by a plebiscite or public enactment, ut cum inuissset populus Romanus aliquid, si id adscissent socii populi, tum lege eadem is populus teneretur, Cic. Balb. 20; add 27; Numam regem sibi populus adscieuit, rep. 2, 25; add Arch. 4; eos qui primum eiusmodi scita sanxerint ea se laturos quibus illi adscitis honeste uiuerent, leg. 2, 11; Boios socios sibi adscieuit, Caes. b. g. 1, 5, 4; Si Turno extincto socios sum adscire\* paratus, Verg. 12, 38; Germanicum adsciri\* per adoptionem a Tiberio, Tac. an. 1, 3; Philippus in societatem populi ascitus, Curt. 4, 13, 28; and sarcastically, aueret prouinciam sibi adsciscere, uote himself governor of, Cic. Pis. 50; 2. also by some other legal form, adopt, attach, reuertentem Vespasianus inter patricios adscieuit, Tac. Agr. 9; asciturus in nomen familiae suae Nerone, Suet. Cl. 4, 39; T. Auridius... in ordinem equit. Roman. adscito, inser. Or. 799; M. Salomio... adscito in numerum Saliorum, inser. Or. Henz. 6005; 3. more freely, qui non ascriuit... Aeneae generum accepit, Verg. 11, 471; me patricium adscuerant, Cic. Pis. 25; Hasdrubal gener adscitus, Liv. 21, 2, 3; C. Sallustius sororis nepotem in nomen adscieuit, Tac. an. 3, 30; adsciri\* inter comites, b. 4, 80; centurionem militibus ascriere\*, Agr. 19; 4. w. acc. of abstract nouns, tu ista ne ascriere\*, Cic. ac. pr. 126; hanc consuetudinem adscieimus, Brut. 209; hanc adscieimus quasi agriculturae partem, Colum. pr. 25; 5. for ascriere

as inf. of *asciscere*, cf. *conscire* as inf. of *consciscere*; see too Key's 'Language' p. 177.

**ascites**, (ασκος, a leathern bag) ae, m. dropsy, Cacl. Aur. 3, 8, 98 and 99; as a Greek word, Cels. 3, 21.

**ascitus**, ūs? in Cic. fin. 5, 18 another reading now adopted.

**asclepiādēs**, adj. *asclepiadea metra*, certain lyrical metres so called from the poet Asclepiades, Diom. 508, 5 K; 521, 21; Prisc. 1, 459, 11.

**asclepiās**, adis, f. the plant swallow-wort, a. Vincetoxicum, Plin. 27, 35.

**asclepiōn**, ii, adj. n. as sb. a plant, panaces *asclepiōn*, Plin. 25, 30 and 31.

**Ascōnius**, adj. or sb. a gens, Aseonius Pedianus, Plin. 7, 159; Serv. ad B. 3, 105.

**ascō-pēra**, ae, f. a leathern wallet, Suet. Ner. 45.

**ascribo**, (adscr.) psi, ptus, ere, vb. add in writing, Et profecto se ablatum dixit: plane ascribitur, Pl. Bac. 4, 4, 89; ascriberis in lege 'si quid...', Cic. Caelin. 95; non credo ascripturum esse 'Magno', agr. 2, 53; Terentia salutem tibi plurimum ascribit, Att. 1, 5, 8; antiquior dies in tuis ascripta litteris quam in Caesaris, Q. Cic. 3, 1, 8; 2. add to a written list, enroll (with), qui hunc adscriptum Heraclensem dicunt, Arch. 8; triumuiui creati ad supplendum Venusinis colonorum numerum... colonos Venusianis ascripserunt, Liv. 31, 49, 6; 32, 7, 3; 35, 9, 8; 3. less technically, enroll, enlist, add, include, tu uero ascribe me talem in numerum, Cic. Phil. 2, 33; hunc uero ad tuorum numerum ascribitur, Q. fr. 1, 1, 15; ascribi ordinibus deorum, Hor. od. 3, 35; 4. set down (to), ascribe, attribute, impute, bonos exitus ascribimus (so A, V 2 m., al. arripimus) attribuiamusque dis immortalibus, Cic. N. D. 3, 89; hoc incommemoratum Scipioni ascribendum, iuv. 1, 91; panaces...dis inuentoribus ascriptum, Plin. 25, 30; 5. set down (for), appoint (for), Olim quum ascriptus nenerit poenae dies, Phaedr. 4, 11, 8.

**ascripticius**, adj. belonging to the class ascripti, added to a list, supernumerary, nonos et ascripticios ciues in caelum receptos, Cic. N. D. 3, 39; ascriptici (militēs), qui supplendis legionibus ascribebantur, Paul. ex F. p. 14; 2. attached to the soil, serui nec coloni ascripticiae conditionis, in late codes; for qty see *suppositicius*.

**ascriptio**, (adscr.) ōnis, f. addition in writing, Cic. Caelin. 95.

**ascriptiōs**, (adscr.) adj. belonging to the class ascripti, supernumerary, Idem istuc aliis ascriptiui fieri ad legionem solet, Pl. Men. 1, 3, 2; a dicti quod ascribebantur, inermes armatis militibus qui succederent, Varr. l. 7, 3, p. 340 Sp.

**ascriptor**, (adscr.), ōris, m. one who adds his name (as approving), legis agrariae, Cic. Agr. 2, 22; ascriptor et subscriptor, dom. 49; add in senat. 9 and 26.

**Asculanus**, adj. of Asculum in Picenum, Cic. Font. 41; in triumpho Asculano, Plin. 7, 135; D. M. C. Satorius... patronus coloniae Asculanorum, inser. Or. 3768.

**Asculinus**, adj. of Asculum in Apulia, ager, Frontin. de col. p. 110.

**Asculum**, i, n. a colonia of Picenum, A. Picenum, Caes. b. c. 1, 15, 3; A. Piceni nobilissima, Plin. 3, 111; 2. a town of Apulia, Flor. 1, 13 (18), 9; Ascli, for Asculi, Sil. 8, 440.

**ascyroidēs**, is, n. a plant like the ascyron, Plin. 27, 37.

**ascyron**, i, n. a plant, St John's wort, Plin. 27, 37.

**asella**, ae, f. dim. of *asina*, a young she-ass, Ov. a. a. 3, 290.

**asellūus**, i, m. dim. of *asellus*, a young ass, Arnob. 3.

**asellus**, i, m. dim. of *asinus*, a young ass, te bonum esse et me asellum, Pl. Aul. 2, 2, 52; Cic. Att. 1, 16, 12; Varr. r. 2, 6, 5; Verg. G. 1, 73; Hor. s. 1, 9, 20; 2. bipes asellus, i. e. magnis condicionibus instructus, iuv. 9, 92; Hier. ep. 27, 3; 3. prov. narrare sello fabellam surdo, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 199; 4. the cod fish, so called from its colour, a coloribus asellus, Varr. l. 5, 12; Et tam deformi non dignus nomine asellus, Ov. Hal. 133; add Plin. 9, 61; Apic. 133 Seh.; 5. of two kinds, qui in alto capiuntur (called bacchi) praelati, Plin. 9, 61; add 32, 145; 6. the

smaller callariae, Plin. 9, 61 and 32, 146; 7. post aselum diaria non sumo, Petr. 24, a double entendre from §§ 2 and 4; 8. names of two little stars in the sign of Cancer, Plin. 18, 353; 9. uicus Asellus, a street in Rome, P. Vict. reg. urb.; 10. a cognomen, Cic. or. 2, 258; Ti. Claudius A., Liv. 27, 41, 7; and 28, 10, 3.

**asēmus**, (without a sign) adj. plain, (without a purple stripe) tunicea, Lampr. Sev. 33, 4.

**asia**, (a term of the Taurini) ae, f. rye, Plin. 18, 141.

**Asiaticus**, adj. of Asia, hence malum asiaticum, a kind of peach, Plin. 15, 39; 2. absol. as sb. n. Frigoribus pigro veniunt Asiatica foetu, Colum. 10, 112.

**Asiacus**, i, m. and sb. a gens, Cic. Cael. 23 and 24.

**asilus**, i, m. gadfly, qui nōmīn asilo Romanum est, oestrum Grai nectere, Verg. G. 3, 147; quibusdam aculeis in ore ut asilo, siue tabanum dici placet, Plin. 11, 100; asilum nostri uocabant, Sen. ep. 58, 2 as though the word was then obsolete.

**asina**, ae, f. (dim. in form) a she-ass, ex equo et asina hinnus, Varr. r. 2, 8; add Plin. 8, 172; a. molendinaria, Paul. dig. 33, 7, 18, 2; 2. asinabus in dat. and abl. pl., Prisc. 1, 293, 11 K; Rhemn. Pall. 1365 P; Phoc. 1707; 3. a cognomen, Maec. s. 1, 6, 28.

**asinālis**, adj. of an ass, uerecundia, Apul. M. 4, 23.

**asinārius**, adj. of an ass, mola, Cato r. 11, 4; 2. nia Asinaria, a cross road so called near Rome, Festus v. Retricibus p. 282 M; 3. as sb. m. a slave in charge of asses, a donkey boy, Cato r. 10, 1; quoted by Varr. 1, 18, 1; asellum cum asinario, Suet. Aug. 96; 4. Asinaria, name of a play of Plautus.

**asinastra**, fucus, a kind of fig, Maec. s. 3, 20, 1.

**asininus**, adj. of an ass, pullus, Varr. r. 2, 8, 1; stercus, 1, 38, 2; (fimum), Plin. 17, 54; lac, 28, 204.

**Asinius**, adj. and sb. a gens, Cic. fam. 10, 32; Vell. 2, 128, 3.

**asīnus**, i, m. (dim. in form; cf. G. es-el) ass, asini mordicus me scindant, Pl. Aul. 2, 57 etc.; molorum utilitates et asinorum, Cic. N. D. 2, 159; asinum xi milibus emptum, Varr. 3, 2, 7; 2. as a term of abuse, Neque homines magis asinos uiquam uidī: ita plagis costae callent, Pl. Ps. 1, 2, 4; in me quiduis harum rerum conuenit Quae sunt dicta in stulto, candex stipres asinus plumbeus, Ter. Haut. 5, 1, 4; add Ad. 5, 8, 12; scio me asinum germanum fuisse, Cic. Att. 4, 5, 3; add Pis. 73; 3. as summae lubricitatis, flabell(ul)um tenere te asinum tantum, Ter. Eun. 3, 50; mortificans asinum suum, Paul. Nol. an. carn. 21, 617; and so sacred to Priapus, cf. Ov. F. 6, 340; 4. pro, asinus in tegulis of what is strange, Petr. 63; asinum qui non potest, stratum caedit, 45; asino lyra superflue canit, Hier. cp. ad Marcellum 27, 1; cf. Gr. prov. *ovoi lupas*; 5. a. Indicus rhinoceros, qui uno armatus est cornu, Plin. 11, 128; add 11, 255.

**asinusca**, adj. a. uua, a poor kind of grape, Plin. 14, 42; Maec. s. 3, 20 (2, 16), 7.

**asio**, onis, m. a kind of owl, Plin. 10, 68; 29, 117.

**Asis**, a mountain of Umbria on which was the town Asishum, Scandentissae Asis (so Hertzberg; Lachm. Asisis) consurgit vertice murus, Prop. 4, 1, 125.

**Assinates**, pl., (al. Asinates) the inhabitants of Asidium, Plin. 3, 113; municipium Asinatium, inser. Or. 1250; incolis Asinatibus, 1781; simulacra Castoris et Pollucis municipibus Asinatibus don(o) dederunt, 6126.

**Asisium**, ii, n. (lit. an adj. of Mount Asis) an Umbrian municipium, uuo Asisii, probably the birth-place of Propertius (s. Hertzberg's Propertius, Quaest. p. 10; and note 4, 1, 25); *Asiatov* Ptol. 3, 1, 53 Nobb.

**asōmātus**, adj. without a body, incorporeal, Mart. C. 3, 222, v. 17.

**asōtia**, ae, f. incurable profligacy, Gell. 19, 9, 8.

**asōticus**, adj. of an incurable profligate, Gell. 10, 17, 3.

**asōtus**, adj. profligate beyond redemption, Cic. fin. 2, 22 and 23; N. D. 3, 77.

**aspalāthos**, m. a thorny shrub, whence a perfumed oil was got, Plin. 12, 110; 13, 11.

**asparāgus**, i, m. asparagus, Cato r. 6, 3; 161, 1; Et

bacca asparāgi spinosa proslit herba, Colum. 10, 246; add 10, 375; Plin. 21, 91.

**aspargo**, see aspergo.

**aspectābilis**, adj. visible, Cic. Tim. 4 (bis); 2. worthy to be looked at, aspectabilis, Apul. mag. 14.

**aspectāmen**, inis, n. looking at, Claud. Mam. stat. an. 2, 12.

**aspectio**, ōnis, f. looking at, spectio in auguralibus pro aspersione, Fest. v. spectio, p. 233.

**aspecto**, (adsp.), are, vb. frq. keep looking at, stare at, keep the eye fixed upon, take a good look at, quid me aspectas, stolidē? Pl. Amph. 4, 2, 8; caelum aspectat, 1, 1, 114; quam magis aspecto, tam magis est nimbat, Poen. 1, 2, 135; aspecta et contempla, Epil. 5, 1, 16; quem gloria ad caelum extulit, Quem aspectabant, cuius ob os Grai ora obherbant sua, poet. ap. Cic. Tusc. 3, 39; Aspecta formam atque os contemplato meum, Titin. ap. Non. 470, 1; quid me aspectas? Cic. Plane. 101; Macerat inuidia ante oculos illum esse potentem, illum aspectari, clari qui incedit honore, Lucr. 3, 76; Et stabula aspectans regnis excessit auitis, Verg. G. 3, 228; 2. look out for, iussa precespit, Tac. an. 1, 4; 3. met. face, look upon, collem qui... aspectat desuper arces, Verg. 1, 424; mari quod Hiberniam insulam aspectat, Tac. an. 12, 32.

**aspectus**, (adsp.) ūs, m. looking at, seeing, sight, Quam meam matrem? Quae examinata exsequitur aspectum tuum, Pl. Epid. 4, 2, 3; sed mihi nūtiqum cor consentit cum oculorum aspectu ~, Enn. ap. Cic. acad. pr. 52; oculos fecit mobiles ut... aspectum quo uellent conuerterent, N. D. 2, 142; 2. pass. appearance, look, fallaci aspectu paries pictus, Afran. ap. Non. 152, 28; pomorum aspectus, Cic. N. D. 2, 158; herba roris marini adspexit, Plin. 24, 173; 3. range of view, portus habet prope in aspectu urbis inclusos, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 117; (omnia) quae sub aspectum ueniunt, or. 2, 358; 4. aspecti as gen., nūm fornam aspecti, Acc. ap. Non. 485, 25; excelsa aspecti dignitas, id. ib.

**aspello**, (abs., pello), ere, vb. drive away, qui aduersum eunt aspellito, Pl. Merc. 1, 2, 4; 2. met., neque spes quae mihi hunc aspellat metum, Pl. Capt. 3, 4.

**aspendios**, (not to be used in libations), adj. f. as sb. an inferior kind of vine, dammata ab aris, Plin. 14, 117.

**asper**, era, ērum, (rarely aspra asprum), adj. rough, rugged, saxis quis asperis, Enn. ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 107; leues (loci) an asperi, part. or. 36; quid indicant sensus, dulce amarum, leue asperum, fin. 2, 36; nudus tumulus et asperi soli, Liv. 25, 36, 5; 2. prickly rubus, Verg. B. 3, 89; aspris' sentibus, A. 2, 379; barba, Tib. 1, 8, 32; mare, Liv. 37, 16, 5; hence: Asper meus uictus sanest. Sentisne essitas? Pl. Capt. 1, 2, 85; 3. of money, before it is worn smooth, and so of full weight, exegit nummum asperum, Suet. Ner. 44; but reading in Sen. ep. 19, 10 dub.; 4. akin to this, aspera siguis pocula, Verg. 9, 263; add 5, 267; Ov. M. 12, 235; Sil. 11, 279; Val. F. 5, 578; asperum signis ebur, Sen. Phaedr. 907; 5. arteria a windpipe, arteriis (id est aspera arteria) exulceratis, Cels. 4, 11 (133, 35 D); add arterias, Plin. 20, 179; 6. of the sea, undae, Enn. ap. Maec. s. 6, 2, 20; mare, Liv. 37, 16, 5; Verg. 5, 767; 6, 351; 7. of weather, Verg. 2, 110; hiemps, Ov. M. 11, 490; Vell. 2, 113, 3; Germaniam asperam caelo, Tac. G. 2; caelum, Iust. 2, 1, 13; 8. of taste, rough, sharp, strong, opp. to lenis, dulcis, asperum hoc est (uinum); alit lenius sodes uide, Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 49; sapor (maris), Plin. 2, 222 (foll. by dulcesceret mare); hoc (piper) asperum est, gratius nigrum, lenius utroque candidum, 12, 27; allium asperi saporis, 19, 111; acetum asperum, 20, 97; 9. of smell, crocodile odor asperi, Plin. 27, 64; 10. of sound, leue asperum (of the voice), Cic. or. 3, 216; Aspera (r) mutata est in lenem (l), Ov. F. 5, 481; cur 'hosce' potius quam 'hos'? neque enim erat asperum, Quint. 9, 4, 119; and in grammar, spiritus asper uel lenis, Prisc. 1, 51, 24;

II 11. met. of persons, rough, savage, natura asperos atque omnibus iniquos, Cic. Plane. 40; Licinius truculentus asper maleducus, Brut. 129; asperi lenes, Quint. 3, 8, 51; Iuno, Verg. 1, 279; 12. of animals, bos, Verg. G. 3, 57;



lupus, Ov. M. 11, 402; **13.** of inanimate and abstract nouns, bellum, Sal. Jug. 48, 1; pugna, Verg. 7, 667; 11, 635; odia, 2, 96; **14.** of words, severe, cutting; facetiae, Cie. Plane. 33; verba, Ov. Pont. 2, 6, 8; quod dicitur aut asperum aut lene, Quint. 6, 3, 27; **15.** rough to the feelings, severe, sententia, Liv. 3, 40, 7; censura, Vell. 1, 10, 6; lex, Quint. 4, 3, 9; **16.** more than rigid or austere, savage, doctrina Cie. Mur. 60; ef. eius sectae, quae aliis seuerissima, aliis asperissima videtur, Quint. 1, 10, 15; **17.** calamitous, hard, trying, calling for much endurance, periculosus atque asperis temporibus, Cie. Balb. 22; labores, pericula, asperas res, Sal. Cat. 10, 2; Iug. 7, 2; saccula, Verg. 1, 291; fata, 6, 883; aspera multa pertulit, Hor. ep. 1, 2, 21; **18.** adj. n. as sb. per aspera, over rugged ground, Suet. Tib. 60; aspera maris, dangers of the sea, Tac. an. 4, 6; asperimo hiemis, 3, 5; **19.** in poets, aspra for aspera, see \* above; aspro, Pall. insit. v. 67; aspri per synecpasm dicitur, Prisc. 1, 225, 14 K; **20.** a cognomen, L. Trebonius...insectandis patribus, unde Aspero inditum est cognomen, tribunatum gessit, Liv. 3, 65, 4; but Prisc. contracts the oblique cases here, Asper proprium Aspri appellatum asperi, 1, 228, 15; **21.** aspere adv. Cie. Plane. 33; asperius ib. 3; asperime, Att. 2, 22, 2; **22.** asperiter Naev. ap. Non. 513, 21; and prob. duriter Vos educavit atque asperiter (so Bothe, mss aspera against metru; but for a. a. Spengel reads asperique), Caecil. ap. Non. 512, 9.

**asperatio?** Jahn has exasperatione oris in Maer. s. 7, 12, 38.

**1. aspergo**, (better aspargo\*), inis, f. sprinkling upon, ita neque aspergo (al. aspargo) necabit (habitationi) neque... ut res ain etc., Cato r. 128; parietum aspergines, Plin. 22, 63; salsa spumant asparagine\* cantes, Verg. 3, 534; aspergine tinxerat herbas, Ov. M. 3, 86; fumi, Maer. s. 7, 5, 14; merces asparagine\* deteriores factae, by sea-water, Call. dig. 14, 2, 4 (bis); add Cael. Aur. prael. 2, 38, 218;

**2.** met. culparum aspergine liber, Prud. apoth. 937.

**2. aspergo**, (adsp., or aspargo\*), ere, si, sus, vb. scatter before or on, and first w. acc. of what is thrown, pigmenta in tabula, Cie. div. 1, 23; glandem bubus, Plin. 18, 232; flores (corpore), Suet. Aug. 18; **2.** gen. of liquids, or powdered matter, sprinkle on, Venitne? Venit. Euax aspersisti aquam, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 13; al. aspersisti aquam: iam reddi untus, Truc. 2, 4, 15; aquast aspersa Latinis, Enn. ap. Char. 240, 7 K; all met. from reviving one fainting; guttam huic bulbo (a pun, v. loc.), Cie. Clu. 71; pecori nirus, Verg. G. 3, 419; huc asperes, 4, 62; liquorem oculis, Plin. 12, 34; pipere asparso\*, Apic. 7, 266 and 305 Sch.;

**3.** esp. met. season (with), spice, flavour, and throw in a dash of, (orationi) sales, Cie. or. 87; comitatum grauitati, Mur. 66; hoc aspersi (thrown in this joke) at scires me tamen in stomacho ridere, fam. 2, 16, 7; incunditatis plena epistola hoc aspersit molestiae, Qu. fr. 2, 10, 21; **4.** often besprinkle with dirt, defile, clarissimo viro labeculam laudatione tua aspergas, Cie. Vatm. 41; notam adpersam filio, Ulp. dig. 37, 14, 17, 1;

**II.** w. acc. of what is wetted, abl. of water etc., besprinkle, bespatter (with), defile, imbre laboque, Hor. ep. 1, 11, 12; quem lingua aspergere possit (dracon), with his venom, Cornif. ad Her. 4, 62; **6.** met. ab guttula pectus ardens mihi aspersisti (al. asperxisti), Pl. Epid. 4, 1, 28; quauis aspargere\* cunctos, Practer eum qui praebet, aqua, Hor. s. 1, 4, 87; hunc tu uitae splendorem maculis aspergis istis? Cie. Plane. 30; infamia est aspersus, Cael. 23; patrem suspicione, Liv. 23, 30, 12;

**7.** season (with), facetias mendaciuiculis, Cie. or. 2, 2, 41.

**Asperinus**, adj. a cognomen of adoption from some one named Asper, L. Auilius L. f. Asperinus, inscr. Mur. 788, 4.

**aspiratus**, âtis, f. roughness, ruggedness, (s. asper), saxorum, Cie. N.D. 2, 98; locorum, Sal. Jug. 89, 4; felibus (linguae) imbricate asperitatis, Plin. 11, 172; **2.** a. faucium, sore throat, Plin. 30, 32; but in 27, 130 read herpesas; **3.** of taste, aceti, Plin. 9, 120; (fiei) 12, 38; (uini) 14, 120; **4.** of sound, harshness, Lucr. 4, 551; soni, Tac. G. 3; **5.** the sharpness of objects in the foreground of scenery or pictures, aspectus propter asperitatem

habet auctoritatem, Vitr. 3, 2, 9, p. 73 l. 1 R; aspectus scaenae propter asperitatem eblauditur omnium nisus, 7, 5, 5, p. 174; **6.** met. si quis asperitate ca est ut..., Cie. am. 87; auunculi asperitatem ueritus est, Nep. Att. 5, 1; contentiosis, Cie. or. 2, 212; senatus sine asperitate nec sine scueritate lectus, Vell. 2, 89, 4; nerborum, Ov. M. 14, 526; remediis, Tac. an. 1, 44; **7.** plur. in his asperitatibus rorum, Cie. or. 1, 3; omnes asperitates superuadere, Sal. Jug. 75.

**aspiriter**, see asper.

**aspritudô**, or aspritudô\*, inis, f. roughness, sacci, Tert. poen. 11; iugi, Apul. M. \* 1, 2; of the skin, Cels. \* 5, 28, 15; oculorum\*, 6, 6, 26.

**asprnâbilis**, adj. contemptible, Acc. ap. Nou. 179, 33; Gell. 16, 8, 16.

**asprnâmentum**, i, n. contempt, Tert. Marc. 4, 14; pnd. 8.

**asprnâtio**, ônis, f. contempt, rationis, Cie. Tusc. 4, 31; naturales asprnâtioncs, Sen. ep. 121, 21; add dial. 4, 2, 1.

**asprnâtor**, oris, m. despiser, diuitum, Tert. Marc. 4, 15.

**asprnor**, (ab? +? akin to sperno), âri, vb. r. kick away, reject with disgust or contempt, illi Morem praecipue sic gerat atque alios asprneris, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 32; add Capt. 3, 4, 10; simul atque natum animal est uoluptatem appetit, asprnator dolore, Cie. fin. 2, 31; cuius furorem di immortales a suis aris asprnati sunt, Clu. 194; colore ipso patriam asprnari, contemptuously disavow, Pis. 1; regis liberalitatem, Tusc. 5, 91; rem frumentariam, Att. 15, 12, 1; quae animus asprnator, Sal. Cat. 3, 4; pacem petentes, Liv. 9, 41, 3; **2.** treat with contempt, Quam is asprnator nunc tam inliberaliter, Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 24; Interca caue sis nos asprnata sepultos, Prop. 2, 13, 41;

**3.** as pass., qui habet ultro appetit, qui est pauper asprnator, Cie. ap. Prisc. 383, 3 K; regem ab omnibus asprnari, bell. Afr. 93, 3; **4.** asprnator, adv. contemptuously, Amm. 31, 4, 3; Sidon. ep. 7, 2.

**asprô**, âre, vb. make rough, roughen, tabula ferro asperata, Varr. r. 1, 52, 1; asseruclos ne sint lubrii, Colum. 8, 3; **6.** Liempis aquilonibus asperat undas, Verg. 3, 285; tum enim propter laborem (apes) asperantur, Varr. r. 3, 6, 20; **2.** sharpen on a stone etc., whet, pugione saxo, Tac. an. 15, 54; sagittas ossibus, G. 46; **II.** 3. met. make rough, compositionem, Quint. 9, 4, 31; **4.** make angry, irritate, huic...carmina uulgata in saeuitiam enis, Tac. an. 1, 72; add h. 3, 38; discordia fratres, Stat. Th. 1, 137; **5.** sharpen, aggravate, exaggerate, ne lenire, neue asperare crimina uideretur, Tac. an. 2, 29; iram uictoris, h. 48; asperat haec...imilce, Sil. 4, 776; ignes, Val. Fl. 5, 368.

**asprasio**, ônis, f. scattering or sprinkling, aquae, Cie. leg. 2, 24; pigmentorum, div. 1, 23; absol. of water, Maer. s. 3, 1, 6.

**asprusus**, us, m. the same, olei, Plin. 11, 279; aceti, 13, 82; pleis, 14, 124; only in abl.

**asprûgo**, mis, f. lit. roughness, the name of a plant aspricoribus foliis, a procumbens Linn., Plin. 26, 102, allied to a plant mollugo.

**asphalthin**, i, n. a clover of bituminous smell, psoralea bituminosa Linn., Plin. 21, 54; cf. Colum. 6, 17, 2.

**asphôdêlus**, (-ilus\*) i, m. asphodel, a. ramosus Linn., Colum. 9, 4, 4; Plin. 21, 108; 22, 67 etc.; add Pall.\* 1, 37, 2.

**aspiçio**, (adsp.) exi, ectus, fere, vb. look at, first w. acc. At faciem quom aspiçias eorum, haut mali uidentur: opera fallunt, Pl. Ps. 1, 2, 9; Sosia age me huc aspiçie, Amph. 2, 2, 118; Aspiçie hoc subline candens, Enn. ap. Cie. N.D. 2, 4; Paul. ex F. 306 M; adspiciet ipse, contumeliosi os, Cie. Sull. 74; **2.** w. ad. aspiçie ad me, Pl. Capt. 2, 4, 38; aspiçie ad sinistram, Merc. 5, 2, 38; aspiçie ad Scrofam, Varr. r. 1, 2, 26; **3.** met. of the mind, look at, consider, neque tanta est in rebus obscuritas, ut eas non cernat, si modo aspiçerit, Cie. or. 3, 124; Qui semel aspiçit quantum dimissa petitis Praestet, Hor. ep. 1, 7, 96; add 1, 18, 76; **4.** met. of inanimate things, look upon, tabulatium

quod aspiciat meridiem, Colum. 8, 8, 2; eam partem Britanniae quae Hiberniam aspicit, Tac. Agr. 24; omnia quae porticus aspicit, Plin. 5, 6, 21; cryptoporticus quae non aspicere uineas sed tangere uidetur, ib. 29; 6. asperit—asperit, Pl. As. 4, 1, 25.

**aspiratilis** ? in Plin. 37, 146 Silig. reads aspiratilis.

**aspirāmen**, inis, n. breathing on, conveyance by inspiration (of Venus), formae, Val. Fl. 6, 465.

**aspiratio**, ōnis, f. breathing, animantes aspiratione aeris sustinentur, Cic. N. D. 2, 83; 2. breathing upon, invisible influence, si caliginosa stella extiterit, pingue esse caelum ut etis a. pestilens futura sit, Cic. div. 1, 130; partes agrorum aliae pestilentes, aliae salubres, quae fiunt et ex caeli varietate et ex dispari aspiratione terrarum, 1, 79; superni nominis, Amm. 15, 2, 8; 3. in gramm. a breathing, aspiration, maiores nusquam nisi in uocali aspiratione utebantur, Cic. or. 160; add Quint. 1, 4, 9; 1, 5, 6; 4. the letter h itself, Prisc. 1, 18, 15 K.

**aspiro**, (adsp.) are, vb. send breath out, make an expiration, pulmones tum se contrahunt aspirantes, tum intrante (so Madv.; mss in re) spiritu dilatant (al. dilatantur), Cic. N. D. 2, 136; 2. of the wind, blow, Adspirant auras in noctem, increasing as night advances, Verg. 7, 8; lenius aspirans aura, Catul. 68, 66; si minima adspiret aura, Plin. 13, 124; 3. of scent, amarus, exhaling perfume, Verg. 1, 604; 4. breathe (notes), tibia... simplex foramine paucis Aspirare, Hor. A. P. 204; 5. of divine agency, breathe upon, inspire, first w. acc., Saturnia uentos aspirat eunti, Verg. 6, 606; Venus... diuinum aspirat amorem, 8, 373; si nuncem (the Emperor) inuocem ut quantum nobis expectatiois adiecit, tantum ingenii adspiret, Quint. 4 pr. 5; adspirant auras quandam salutis fortuna, Amm. 19, 6, 1; 6. absol. breathe power upon, favour, bless, adspirat fortuna labori, Verg. 2, 385; Vos o Calliope precor adspirare carenti, 9, 525; di coepit... adspirare mites, Ov. M. 1, 3; and met. of man, magno se praedicat auxilio fuisse quia paululum aspirauit, Cornif. ad Her. 45; 7. of other invisible influence, as of poisonous air etc., ne coluber, ne uipera felesque aut etiam mustela possit aspirare, their very smell being pernicious to goslings, Colum. 7, 14, 9; sed non incendia Colchis Aspirare sinit, Val. F. 7, 585; ex alieno certamine ad eos ipsos contagium certatius adspirat, Gell. 14, 3, 10; 8. hence met. come within breathing reach of; and thus in the order of approach we have the gradation, aspicere, aspirare, accedere, intrare, an armis mihi ante occurrat, ne non modo intrare uerum adspicere aut aspirare possim, Cic. Caelin. 39; aditus tuos interduci, ut ad me aspirare non posses, Tusc. 5, 27; subinde tibi ultro te accessitum ab eo ad quem ceteri... aspirare non possunt, fam. 7, 10, 1; ad eum nunquam adspirasti, Pis. 11; uasa ce feuestreis in caput Deiciam qui prope ad ostium aspirauerint, Lucil. ap. Non. 288, 28; 9. met. have the faintest hope of reaching, aspire euer so faintly (to), cast so much as a longing eye (on), quiquam tam inuidens reperietur qui ad alienum eusani, inuitis his quorum negotium est, accedere aut aspirare audent? Cic. Caelin. 20; ex bellia laude aspirare ad Africanum nemo potest, Brut. 84; ad eam laudem aspirare non possunt, or. 140; quis est qui tum dicat in campum adspirasse Sullam? Sull. 52; add Verg. 2, 2, 76; 2, 1, 142; Tusc. 5, 12; uae equis aspirat Achillis, Verg. 12, 352; 10. in gramm. aspirate (a letter), Quint. 1, 4, 14; 1, 5, 29; Prisc. 1, 18, 6 K; 11. as pass. be breathed upon, insula adspiratur freto Gallico, Solin. 22, 8; 12. perh. aspirate is an older form of spiro, as in §§ 1—4 above, and aspiratio § 1; while there is a second aspiro=adspiro breathe upon; cf. the two varieties asta=stand up, whence sta-; and asta=adsta; thus the root syll. of spiro would be as=asp(θ) of aestua, and S. an blow.

**aspis**, idis, f. adder, viper, aspidē ad corpus admota, Cic. Rab. post. 23; aspidas, N. D. 3, 47; Plin. 8, 86; 11, 163 etc.; aspidā soniferam, Lucan. 9, 701; 2. a shield, Iustin. nov. 85 f.

**aspiēnum**, (as πλῆρος without spleen) 1. n. a plant, ceterach 1. Inn.; aspiēnum... huius decocto potō licenī absumi, Plin. 27, 34; as Gr. Vitr. 1, 4, 10.

**asportatio**, ōnis, f. carrying away, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 110.

**asporto**, (abs-orto) āre, vb. carry away, si quae asportassint reddere (uelint), Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 52; illam trans mare hinc uenim asportet, Merc. 2, 3, 19; add Rud. pr. 67; Quoquo hinc asportabitur terrarum, Ter. Ph. 3, 18; Cereris simulacrum, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 110; uehicula quibus regum asportarent res, Liv. 2, 4, 3.

**asprātīlis**, adj. rough, piscis (with rough scales), ed. Diocl. p. 15; Plin. Val. 5 (lchm.) 306, 26; 309, 13.

**asprēdo**, inis, f. roughness, Cels. 5, 28, 2 (200, 27 D); etc.

**Asprēnds**, ātis, adj. as sb. a cognomen, prob. as a native of some town Asprenum, Calpurnius A., Tac. h. 2, 9; C. Nonius A., Suet. Aug. 43.

**asprētum**, (for asprēco-tum, a quasi-part. as) sb. n. ground overgrown with rough vegetation, Liv. 9, 24, 6; 35, 28, 9; 36, 15, 9; Grat. cyn. 241.

**asprito**, see asprito.

**aspuo** ? see adspuo.

**assaratum**, absol. potio ex nimo et sanguine, Paul. ex F. p. 16.

**assārius**, adj. in Cato r. 132, 2, text and sense dub.;

2. equum mille assarium, for assariorum, Varr. l. 8, 38, 121, said to be=assium.

**assātūra**, ae, f. roasting, roasted meat, Vop. Aurel. 49.

9; Apic. 7, 271—275 Sch.

**asseccla**, see asseccla.

**assecclatio**, ōnis, f. attendance of followers, in petitionibus, Cic. Mur. 70; add Q. Cic. pet. cons. 34; 2. study, caeli, Plin. 2, 82; see assecclator § 3.

**assecclator**, (ads.) ōris, m. a follower (of officials), Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 29; Balb. 62; Q. Cic. pet. cons. 34; 2. of a teacher, a pupil, Porei Latronis, Plin. 20, 160; Protagorae, Gell. 5, 10, 7; 3. a student, sapientiae, 8, 59 and 18, 274; eloquentiae, 29, 8; 4. in Plin. 9, 142 sense and so text dub.

**assector**, (ads.) ari, vb. fq. keep following, cum adsectaretur, numquid uis? occupo, Hor. s. 1, 8, 6; si quis matrem familias adsectatus fuerit, Gai. 3, 220 (a ground for legal proceedings); add Ulp. dig. 37, 10, 15, 19 and 22; 2. esp. follow in the train of a candidate (see assecclatio § 1) cum adlectitum P. Crassus peteret, cumque Ser. Galba adsectaretur, Cic. or. 1, 239; 3. attend the lectures of (see assecclator §§ 2 and 3), Plin. 33, 152; 4. as a pass. adsectari se omnes cupiunt, = ἀκολουθεῖσθαι, Eun. ap. Prisc. 1, 383, 7; cum a formoso adsectaretur, Aetius philol. ib.

**assecclā**, (ads. and asseccla) ae, m. dim. (of a lost adsecclā) a follower, as a term of contempt, adsecclae uox Pergameno nescio cui, Cic. div. 2, 79; qui potentissimum hominum contumaciam nunquam tulerim, ferrem huius assecclae (adsecclae M). Att. 6, 3, 6; assessorē atque assecclae, Cic. Corn. ap. Ascon. p. 79 Bait.; ab hoc adsecclae, Sest. 135; adsecclae and adsecclae in Iuv. 9, 48; 2. Char. says nothing about the gender.

**assecclor**, ōris, m. follower, Himeros Cupidinis a., Mart. C. 9, 905, p. 338, 17 Eyss.

**asellor**, see adsellor.

\* **asenesco**, see adenesco.

**assenso**, (ads.) ōnis, f. agreement in feeling or opinion, assent, Cic. acad. pr. 37; Brut. 114; 2. expression of approval, applause, 'hear, hear', cum surgit, significatur a corona silentium, deinde crebra assensiones, Cic. Brut. 290; captat assensiones, inv. 51.

**assensor**, (ads.) ōris, m. one who assents or approves, te unum mihi fuisse assensorem et me tibi, Cic. fam. 6, 21, 1; irae meae, Sen. Phaedr. 1216; uindictae, Val. M. 6, 3, 6.

**assensus**, (ads.) ūs, m. assent, approval, quod ni ita esset, qui potuisset assensum omnium dicere Ennius..., Cic. N. D. 2, 4; 2. expression of approval, applause, (hoc) uolgi assensu et populari approbatione iudicari solet, Cic. Brut. 185; omnium assensu comprobata oratio, Liv. 5, 9, 7; assensu populi excepta uox consulis tantum ardoris animis fecit, S. 6, 7; 3. met. memorium, Verg. G. 3, 45; A. 7, 615.

**assentatio**, (ads.) ōnis, f. habitual assent, esp. in order to please unduly. *Hei mihi, hei mihi, istaec illum perdit (ms. perdidit) assentatio*, Pl. Bac. 3, 3, 7; of an over-indulgent father; ut paene assentatione sua quibus uellet (Tullius) principatus conciliaret, Vell. 2, 128, 3; **2.** commonly flattery, adulation, nullam in amicitis pestem esse maiorem quam assentationem, Cic. am. 91; servitute ad nimiam assentationem erudit, Q. fr. 1, 1, 16; blanditiis et assentationibus\*, Clu. 36; infatus assentationibus\*, corum, Liv. 24, 6, 8; **3.** in late lang. simply, assent, ad neutram partem assentationem fluctentibus nobis, Petr. 17; **4.** note pl. in \*.

**assentiūcula**, (ads.) ae, f. dim. wretched bit of flattery, nemo meliores dabit...Cautionales assentiūculas, Pl. Stic. 1, 3, 75; assentiūculā aucupari gratiam, Cic. fam. 5, 12, 6.

**assentator**, (ads.) ōris, m. one who habitually agrees and assents in order to please, a flatterer, qui non eos magis qui te non admirentur inuidos, quam eos qui laudent assentatores arbitrare, Cic. fam. 5, 12, 6; ne assentatoribus patefaciamus auris, off. 1, 91; add am. 97 and 98; Caecln. 14; **2.** in late lang. simply, one who assents, a. mali Deus, Tert. Herm. 10.

**assentiōris**, adv. (implying an adj. assentatorius) in a spirit of assenting in order to please, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 15 B, 3.

**assentiatrix**, icis (ads.) f. one who habitually assents in order to please, Nunc assentiatrix seclastat, dudum aduoratrix erat, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 100.

**assentio**, (ads.) ire, si (assentiū, Apul. M. 7, 5), sum, vb. agree in feeling or opinion (with), assent, Mihi quoque adsum testes qui illud quod ego dicam assentiant, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 192; assentio, Rud. 4, 2, 36; Pol magis ubi cognorint omnes una assentiant, Pomp. ap. Non. 469, 20; 275, 24; Assentio: age nunc tuam progeniem ordine, Acc. ap. Non. 469, 18; Vbi nihil contra rationem aequum habuit, assensit silens, 469, 15; siue est assentior, Sisenna dixit assentio; quae illud uerum est, ..., Quint. 1, 5, 13; assentior assentio, 9, 3, 7; assentior fere omnes dicunt: Sisenna unus assentio in senatu dicebat, et eum postea multi secuti, neque tamen uincere consuetudinem potuerunt, Gell. 2, 25, 9; assentio (assentior?) tibi, Cic. Att. 9, 9, 1; quum de aliis rebus assentire (assentiri) se diceret, Liv. 1, 54, 1; his assentimus (assentimur?), Gell. 7 (6), 5, 5; **2.** met. approve, consent, (castanena) tepidum (agrum) non recusat, si humor assenscrit, Pall. 12, 7, 19; **3.** in perf. tenses and part. good for all Latins, assentiente populo, Cic. div. 2, 104; assensurus esset, acad. pr. 67 w. assentietur, assentiri in same §; ceteris assentientibus, Tac. an. 14, 48; assensere, Verg. 2, 130; Pers. 1, 36; Tac. h. 5, 3; **4.** read assentiamur w. Baier in Cic. off. 1, 18; assensierant w. Madv. in Liv. 41, 24, 19; assentiebantur w. Zumpt in Curt. 4, 47, 7; **5.** pass. impers. Bibulo assensum est, Cic. fam. 1, 2, 1.

**assentior**, (ads.) iri, nus, vb. r. agree in feeling or opinion (with) a person, assentior Crasso, Cic. or. 1, 35 etc.; alius alii assentiebantur, Sal. C. 52, 1; omnes assensui sunt, Liv. 25, 30, 6; add 41, 24, 19; **2.** met. w. dat. of thing, agree in, assent to, cui rei, Quint. 1, 2, 16; 9, 2, 52; opinionibus, 2, 17, 18; **3.** met. of a fact agreeing, be consistent with, quibus (with whom, with whose opinion) assentiri putant id quod usi tenit Gaberio, Varr. r. 2, 3, 10; **4.** w. acc. of thing assentit ad, utiutem est assentiri quicquam aut falsum aut incognitum, Cic. acad. pr. 68.

**assentor**, (ads.) āri, vb. frq. agree or assent habitually, esp. to please without regard to truth, and so flatter, uera uolo loqui te, nolo assentari mihi, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 119; Et assentandamst, quicquid hic mentitur, Mil. 1, 1, 35; add Most. 1, 3, 20; negat quis, nego; ait, aho. Postremo imperari egomet mihi Omnia assentari. Is quaestus nunc est multo uberrimus, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 22; ueror coram in os te laudare amplius, Ne id assentandi magis quam quo habeam gratum facere existimes, Ad. 2, 4, 6; **2.** cur ita sentiam non dicam, ne me tibi assentari putes, Cic. Brut. 296; eam si admirabilem dixi, non sum ueritus,

ne uiderer assentari cui... Att. 8, 9; mihi ipse assessor fortasse, cum... I am flattering myself, fam. 3, 2, 2; **3.** met. gratulor Baiis, siquidem salubres factae sunt, nisi forte tibi assentantur, et tandem dum tu ades sunt oblitae sui, Cic. fam. 9, 12, 1; manus (oratoris) lenior promittit et assentatur, Quint. 9, 3, 102; **4.** of an over-indulgent parent, spoiling a child, Id non fieri uera uita...Set ex assentando indulgendo largiendo Micio, Ter. Ad. 5, 9, 31; cf. assentatio.

**assēq̄la**, ae, f. what follows, neque in epodis singuli uersus sine assēq̄la audire poterunt ερωδωλ, Mar. Vict. 2500 P.

**assēquor**, (ads.) i, cūsus, vb. r. overtake, come up with, Ite cito: iam ego adsequar uos: cum ego pauca uolo loqui, Pl. Mil. 4, 8, 43; a tergo insequens Necopinantis adsestast, poet. ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 94; Adsequere, retine, dum ego huc seruos euoco, Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 89; si es Romae, iam me assequi non potes; sin es in uia, cum eris me assecutus, coram agemus quae erunt agenda, Cic. Att. 3, 5; adeo citato agmine ducti sunt, ut si uia recta nestigia sequentes issent, haud dubie assessorum fuerint, Liv. 28, 16, 2; raptim ne Graeculus assequeretur concessit, 24, 20, 2; nondum assecuta parte suorum, 33, 3, 12; Pisonem apud Comum insulam nuntius adsequitur, Tac. an. 2, 75; **2.** met. Clitarchum uolebat duntaxat imitari (as an historian), quem si adsequi posset, aliquantum ab optimo tamen abesset, Cic. leg. 1, 7; benivolentiam tuam erga me imitabor, merita non assequar, fam. 6, 4, 5; ut longitudo harum multitudinum alterius assequatur et exaequet, Cornif. ad Her. 4, 28; **3.** attain to, obtain, win, omnes magistratus sine repulsa, Cic. Phil. 2; eosdem honoris gradus, Planc. 60; immortalitatem, 90; **4.** attain to an understanding of, learn to comprehend, master, quid opus est ratione? quid intelligentia? quibus utimur...ut apertis obscura assequamur, Cic. N. D. 3, 38; scribasque quid ipse coniecit assequare, Att. 7, 13 A, 4; obscuritates (legum decemuiralium) non assignemus culpae scriptum sed incitiae non adsequendum, S. Caecln. ap. Gell. 20, 1, 5.

**ass-er**, ēris, m. a beam, (akin lo axis), asseribus abiigens, CIL 577, 2, 1; Ligna hic apta uos nulla sunt. Sunt asseres, Pl. Aul. 2, 6, 8; asseri laudes ago quod... Naev. ap. Non. 469, 32; asseres in terra defigebantur, Caes. b. G. 2, 2, 1; Liv. 44, 5, 3; succisus asseribus conlapsus pons, 44, 5, 6; asseres cyrussedi, Vitr. 7, 3, 1; **2.** esp. the stout pole of a lectica, longo premit asser Medos, Iuv. 7, 132; nostro Syrus asser sudet, Mart. 9, 22, 9; lecticarii cum asseribus, Suet. Cal. 58.

**asserculus**\*, m., and asserculum†, n. (implying a neuter asser) 1, a small beam, a pole, asserculat quinque, Cato r. 12; in asserculo alligato scopas, 152; asserculis modiciis, Colum. 8, 3, 6; asserculos\*, 12, 52, 4.

**1. assēro**, vb. plant near, see assero.  
**2. assēro**, (ads.) s̄cūri, s̄ertus, ēre, vb. lay upon. In legal use, a construction, assero rei manum, lay a hand on an object, as asserting a property in it, preceded the ordinary assero rem manu, as in circumdo murum urbi and c. muro (abl.) urbem, aspergo rei aquam and a. rem aqua. Of this a trace is seen in: asserere manum (so all the best mss, not manu) in libertatem, quom premdimus, Varr. l. 6, 7; hence: ubi ego argentum accepero, Continuo tu illam a lenone asserito manu, Pl. Pers. 1, 3, 83; claim her as your daughter (which she is, and so your property). Mann in all but earlier writers is commonly omitted; Claudio negotium dedit ut uirginem in seruitutem assereret, Liv. 3, 44, 5, claim her as his slave; uirginem ingenuam in seruitutem asserere, Suet. Tib. 2; **2.** asserere manu in libertatem to assert the liberty of an alleged slave; in the case of a father, one in manu eius was his property, see Pl. above; but in other cases the law gave the right of action to any friend (see Liv. 3, 45, 2), and the phrase was still retained though the right of property did not exist, Si quisquam hanc liberali asseruisset manu, Pl. Cure. 5, 2, 68; manu cas asserat Suas popularis liberali causa, Poen. 4, 2, 83; miratus fui Neminem uenire qui istas assereret manu, 5, 6, 11; neque uendundam censo Quae liberast: nam ego liberali illam assero causa manu, Ter. Ad. 2, 1, 40; cum in

causa liberali eum qui asserbatur cognatum suum esse diceret, Cic. Flac. 40; quoscunque libuisset in libertatem asserbatur, Suet. Vit. 10; add Gram. 21; qui seruus dicitur seque asserit in libertatem, Ulp. dig. 47, 10, 11, 9;

3. extended to similar action in law, Mena asserto in ingenuitatem, Suet. Aug. 74; cuius pronuntiatum patre asserente, Vesp. 3; qui se ex libertinitate ingenuitatem adserant, Saturn. dig. 40, 14, 2, 1; 4. met. (piscis) quom capio mei sunt... nec manu adserunt, Pl. Rnd. 4, 3, 34; Scilicet asserui iam me, fugique catenas (Amoris), Ov. am. 3, 11, 3; Gaudia... fugitina nolant: Haec utraque manu complexum asserere toto, Mart. 1, 15, 9; 5. gen. elaim, nec laudes asserere nostras, Ov. M. 1, 462; neque asserere caelo, 1, 761; nec enim lapidis (sapientis) duritiam adserimus, Sen. dial. 2, 10, 1; tamquam filium suum, Quint. 4, 2, 95; sapientis sibi nomen, 12, 1, 20; (Iouem) patrem sibi, Curt. 8, 1, 42; and met. quos pericula reipublicae imperatores adserbant, angustiae rei familiaris bubulcos fieri cogeant, Val. M. 4, 4, 4; 6. assert the rights of, protect, defend, asserbant fata conservatorem Romani nominis, Vell. 2, 60, 1; quin ipse in alto isto secessu studiis adris, Plin. ep. 3, 1, 3; non tunc in oculis asseret aptum tectum, Mart. 11, 98, 10; Hoc focale tuas asserat auricular, 14, 142, 2; (a mortalitate) to hoc uno monumento potes, Plin. ep. 2, 10, 4; ut se ab iniuria obliuioni adsereret, 3, 5, 4; 7. maintain (in words), assert, quod Passienus non probabat, adserens..., Sen. exc. contr. 1, 10 (p. 412, 11 B); quum adseruerimus quattuor fieri digestiones, Maer. s. 1, 4, 26; asserit idem, noxia animalia... generari, Pall. 1, 19, 3; add 2, 3, 3; 8. adsertus, duly provided (with), iustis priuilegiis, Theod. cod. 1, 136.

**assertio**, (ads.) ōnis f. an action asserting the rights of one alleged to be a slave, Quint. 3, 6, 57; 5, 2, 1; 11, 1, 78; nec adsertionem denegandum his, qui in libertatem iudicabuntur puto, Traian. ad Plin. 66 (72), 2; add Suet. Dom. 8; Theod. cod. 6, 4, 16; 2. gen. protection, nisi uestra assertione protecti, Arnob. 1, 20; 3. maintaining an opinion, assertion, Theod. cod. 10, 10, 7; add Arnob. 1, p. 10.

**assertor**, (ads.) ōris, m. in legal lang. one who asserts a property in, a right to, Liv. 3, 44, 8; 3, 45, 3; 2. one who asserts the freedom of an alleged slave, si de libertate hominis controuersia erat... ne satisfactione onerarentur adsertores, Gal. 4, 14; post susceptam liberale iudicium si a. causam deseruerit, Paul. 5, 1, 5; met. (nostri libelli) Si de seruitio grati queruntur Assertor uenias, Mart. 1, 52, 5; 3. gen. assertor of liberty and rights, qui loquitur Curios assertoresque Camillos, Mart. 1, 24, 3; Mars adsertor, on a coin Eckh. 6, 298; Hercules a. ib.; ut humano generi assertorem se accommodaret, Suet. Galb. 9; dignitatis patriorum, Tib. 2; nerba a uetustate repetita assertores habent, Quint. 1, 6, 39; 4. hence an advocate, peropportune adfuit assertorem querentis, Maer. s. 1, 6, 5; buie rei idoneus a. est Suetius, 3, 18, 10; nec longe petendus a. est, cum Disarius adsit, 7, 4, 3.

**assertōrius**, (ads.) of one who asserts a right to liberty, lites, cod. Iustin. 7, 17, 1.

**assertum**, part. n. as sb. a proof, multiplicibus monstratur assertis, Mart. C. 6, 195 G (202, 15 Eyss.).

**asseruio**, (ads.) vb. act as an attendant slave, met. assit in contentioni nocis, Cic. Tusc. 2, 56.

**asseruo**, (ads.) āre, vb. keep a sharp eye upon, esp. watch as a prisoner, ut ninetum te adseruet domi, Pl. Bac. 4, 4, 98; Sinito ambulare si... uolent, Set uti adseruerunt magna dignitas, Capt. 1, 2, 6; Facile adseruabis dum eo uinclo uincies, Men. 1, 1, 93; cura adseruandum uinetum, Ter. Andr. 5, 2, 24; atqui nunc ere tibi istie adseruandus est, Haut. 3, 3, 32; die me hic adseruari, 4, 4, 12; at domi meae te adseruam rogasti, Cic. Cat. 1, 19; add Verr. 2, 3, 55; 2, 5, 77; acerrime asseruabimur, Att. 10, 16, 2; add 10, 18, 1; 2. so far of persons, also of things, and abstract nouns, Adseruatae haece, Pl. Men. 2, 2, 75; portas murosque, Caes. b. c. 1, 21, 2; tabulas, Cic. Arch. 9; singulorum exitus, 1, 21, 4; locum, Liv. 5, 40, 7; 3. preserve, ignem ferula, keep alive, Plin. 7, 198; cf. 13, 126; 4. preserve, from putrefaction, tunnos sale, 9, 48.

**assessio**, (ads.) ōnis, f. sitting by (a bedside?), Cic. fam. 9, 27, 4.

**assessor**, (ads.) ōris, m. one who sits by (to advise), an assessor, regibus augurum assessorem dederunt, Cic. div. 1, 95; praetor aduentibus assessoris uerba pronuntiat, Sen. tranq. 3, 4; ex assessoribus praefectus praetoris, Suet. Galb. 14; de officio assessorum, dig. 1, 22.

**assessorius**, (ads.) adj. of an assessor, whence assessorum, n. as sb. a work on the duty of assessors, Ulp. dig. 2, 14, 12; 47, 10, 5, 8.

**assessura**, (ads.) ae, f. office of an assessor, Ulp. dig. 50, 14, 3.

**assessus**, ūs, m. sitting by, Prop. 4, 11, 50.

**assestrix**, (ads.) (assido) icis, f. one who sits by, a nurse, Dimittit adsestrem, me ad sese nocat, Afran. ap. Non. 73, 28; add Non. v. possestrix, 150, 29.

**assēuērātio**, (ads.) ōnis, f. solemn assertion, affirmation, assurance, omni tibi assēuērātione affirmo, Cic. Att. 13, 23, 3; quae adseruatio in uoce? Plin. pan. 67; add Tac. an. 4, 19; Quint. 4, 2, 94.

**assēuēro**, are, vb. enact the severus homo, solemnly assert, sternly assert, neminem eorum haec adseuerare audias, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 166; bella ironia si iocamur; sin assēuēramus, uide ne religio nobis adfrenda sit, Cic. Brut. 293; add 208; or 237; Att. 10, 14, 3; Cln. 72; non expertus assēuērare non audet, Colum. 19, 13, 3; adseuerat legiones non ultra uerba erasse, Tac. h. 1, 18 etc.; 2. in Tac. often v. esse omitted, hunc nel illum locum promissi specus a., an. 16, 3; nec ullum ciuiliu belli metum a., h. 2, 96; add an. 15, 63; a. mandata centurioni dicit, h. 4, 49; 3. and still more briefly, magni auri Germanicam originem adseuerant, Agr. 11, prove, assert; ordinem agminis adseuerare non ausim, h. 3, 22, strictly describe; uiros grauitatem adseuerantes, asserting great dignity of character, an. 13, 18; 4. make stern, frontem rugis insurgentibus, Apul. M. 3, 13; add 8, 6; II 5. adseueranter, adv. solemnly, of assertion, locutum, Cic. Att. 15, 19, 2; adseuerantius, acc. pr. 61; 6. adseueratē, adv. with great dignity, tragœdias a. acitanti, Gell. 6 (7), 5, 2.

**assibilo**, (ads.) are, vb. hiss at, hiss in return, motoque adhibilat aere uentus, Aus. Mos. 258; add also adhibilat alius, Claud. Hon. et Mar. 68; add rapt. Pros. 2, 225;

2. vb. trans. hiss out at, animam aris, Stat. Th. 5, 578.

**assiccisco**, (ad = an = ap) ūre, vb. become quite dry, caules lacteae pandere, dum assiccescant, Colum. 12, 9, 1.

**assiccio**, (ad = an) are, vb. trans. dry up, succum, Colum. 1, 6, 22; nebulam et rorem, 4, 19, 2; but in Sen. cons. ad Polyb. 6, 5 Haase has siccaedae.

**assidarius** = essidarius, inscr. Or. 2584.

**assideo**, (ads.) ēre, vb. [ad, sideo] sit near, or at, sit by the side of, fortunati... Qui apnt carbones assidet: semper calent, Pl. Rnd. 2, 6, 48; Nam dies totos apnt portum seruis unus assidet (to watch for a ship), St. 1, 2, 96; intelligens dicendi existimator non assidens et attente audiens, sed. praetereus de oratore saepe indicat, Cic. Brut. 200; Vt assidens implumibus pulis ante Serpentium alapsus timet, Hor. cpod. 1, 19; Assidet ūna soror, Prop. 4, 3, 41; gubernaculis assidet, Plin. pan. 81; neque cenant una, nisi ut in imo lecto assiderent, Suet. Aug. 64; 2. esp. sit near, as a supporter, cum P. Lentulo consuli auctori salutis meae frequens assideret (on the benches of the senate), Cic. Pis. 80; principes ciuitatum suarum... huic assident (on the benches in a court of justice), Plane. 28; 3. or by the bedside to nurse and comfort, cum lacrimis in carcere mater noctes diesque assideret, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 112; habes qui assident, fomenta parent..., Hor. s. 1, 1, 82; assidens agro collegae, Liv. 21, 53, 6; ut habent qui sibi agro assident, Sen. ep. 9, 8; contraxit hanc (ualeitudinem) Fannia dum assidet Iuniae uirgini, Plin. ep. 7, 19, 1; assidere ualeitudini (Agricultae), Tac. Agr. 45; 4. sit by the side of as an assessor, si quando assideret (in tribunali Caesaris), Tac. an. 2, 57; iudicis assidebat in cornu tribunalis, 1, 75; ex altera (provincia) ortus in altera assidebat, Maer. dig. 1, 22, 3; consiliari eo tempore quo assidet, Paul. ib. 5; add 2 and 6; praetorem me assidente

interlocutum esse, Ulp. dig. 4, 2, 9, 3; add Suet. Tib. 33; 5. in mil. lang. sit before, besiege, Amisum\* assideri sine proelis, Sal. hist. ap. Prisc. 1, 435, 14 K; nostris qui moenibus assidet hostis, Verg. Cir. 268; assidebat oppugnabatque oppidum in Hispania, Gell. 6 (7), 1, 8; assidet arces\*, Sil. 6, 624; 6. sit at (work), be diligently engaged upon, qui tota vita litteris assident, Plin. ep. 3, 5, 19; omnia alia negligenda sunt, ut huius (sc. philosophando) assidemus, Sen. ep. 72, 3; 7. met, be next neighbour to, be akin to, niniumque senecus Assidet insano, Hor. ep. 1, 5, 14; 8. usually w. a dat., but in sense of § 5 also w. an acc. See passages marked\*.

1. **assido**, (ad-s.) ēre, sedī, sessum, vb. take a seat before or near, in sella apud magistrum assideres, Pl. Bac. 3, 3, 28; utinam nunc apud ignem aliquem magnum assidam, Turp. 125 R; 2. dextra Adherbalem assedit, Sal. Jug. 11, 3—for acc. cf. assideo § 8; 3. in mil. lang. take a position near so as to watch an enemy's movements, qui sciunt te addesse ferocissimis populis eo ipso tempore cum Danubius ripas gelu iungit, Plin. pan. 12; cf. assideo § 5; 4. take a seat as an assessor (to a judge), nec uidetur in sua provincia addesisse, Macer dig. 1, 22, 3.

2. **assido**, (ads.) ēre, sedi, sessum, vb. (ab = s. a. v. down, side) sit down, take a seat, in ara hic assident sacra, Pl. Aul. 4, 1, 20; add Rud. 3, 3, 26; add St. 1, 2, 35, and prob. 33; Vbi domum adveni, assedi (al. ads.), Caecil. 160 R; Assido: accurrunt serui: soccos detrahunt, Ter. Hant. 1, 1, 72; peroravit aliquando, assedit, Cic. Rose. Am. 60; cum satis ambulatum uideretur, adsedimus, div. 2, 8; uelle aliquem imprudentem super eam (sc. aspiciem) assidere, fin. 2, 59; ubi ille assedit, Catilina demisso uultu..., Sal. Cat. 31, 7; postquam Cato assedit..., 53, 1; in these two pass. Kritz ass., Lond. ads.; 2. Fr. assidir in form = assidere; but note that in this too the prefix does not = a-l.

**assiduis**, (ads.) ātis, f. constant attention (to work etc.), assidui, medi, Cic. Att. 12, 33; 2. often of little friendly attentions, me summa simulatione amoris summaque assiduitate quotidiana insidiosissime tractant, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 8; esp. in a canvass, Cic. pet. 4, 41, 50; Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 101; Mur. 21; Plane. 67; 3. frequent occurrence of things, molestiarum, Cic. Rose. Am. 154; bellorum, off. 2, 74; dicendi, in. 1, 4; epistolarum, fam. 16, 25; eiusdem litterae (as O. Tite tute...), Cornif. ad Her. 4, 18; spectaculorum, Suet. Aug. 43; 4. long continued presence with its attentions, conuertiunt, Tac. or. 5; ut, nitato assiduitas fastidio, auctoritate absentia tueretur, Suet. Tib. 10.

1. **assiduus**, (ads.) (cf. assideo : continuus : continere), lit. sitting near—hence constantly present at his work, nihil est...peritius Quam urbani assidui ciues quos scurras uocant, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 165; encestos, Acc. ap. Prisc. 1, 209, 18; his assiduis (magistris) eadem incudem diem noctemque tundebant, Cic. or. 2, 162; suae cogitationes sunt impiis assidue Furiae, Rose. Am. 67; cogitationes Ioni assiduam sacerdotem, Liv. 1, 20, 2 (cf. 5, 52, 13); Vetus hostis assiduus magis quam gravis, 2, 48, 7; 2. of things, continued, continuous, Quia triiduum hoc unum modo fore dei operam adsumam, Pl. As. 2, 4, 22; officium, CIL 1011; labor, Cic. or. 3, 58; scriptura, 1, 150; consuetudo, Caes. b. g. 6, 22, 3; imbres, 7, 24, 1; fabricula, Plaut. ad Cic. 10, 21, 7; motus, Lucr. 1, 999; uer, Verg. G. 2, 149; 3. comp. assiduus, Varr. r. 2, 9, 16; 2, 10, 6; sup. assiduisimus, Suet. Aug. 71; II. **assiduo**, adv. constantly, continuously, incessantly, Dum tale facies, quale adhuc, assiduo edes, Pl. Mil. 1, 1, 50; add Most. 4, 2, 60 etc.; Plin. 26, 16 (al. assidue); 5. assidue, adv. Quid te futurum censes, quem assidue excedit? Ter. Hant. 1, 1, 53 etc.; gallos sic assidue canere ut nihil intermitterent, Cic. div. 1, 74; Verg. B. 2, 4; 6. sup. assiduisissime, Cic. Brut. 91; Frontin. aq. 104.

2. **assiduus**, (aes, or perh. as and dur- old form of da-re, as seen in duim, induo) lit. tax-paying, and so in Servian constitution of the five classes, opp. to the proletarii, locupletis assiduus appellatur [Servius] ab aere dando, Cic. rep. 2, 40; cum lex assiduo iudicium assidue esse iubet, locupletem iubet locupletis, locuples enim est assiduus, top. 10; add Gell. 16, 10, 5; assiduam ab aere dando, Quint. 5,

10, 55; add Gell. 16, 10, 15; but Char. 75, 10 K: ditiores qui asses dabant, assidui dicti sunt; 2. hence met. elassius assiduusque (assidus?) scriptor, non proletarius, Gell. 19, 8, 15.

**assignatio**, (ads.) ōnis, f. allotment, as of land in a colony, agrorum, Cic. Phil. 4, 9, 14; add fam. 13, 8, 2; Val. M. 4, 3, 5; 2. of liberti among children, Ulp. dig. 38, 4, 5; Paul. 48, 10, 22, 8; Ulp. 38, 4, 3.

**assignator**, (ads.) ōris, m. one who allots, (liberti), Ulp. 38, 4, 3, 12.

**assignifico**, (ads.) āre, vb. show, imply, quod nomina habemus a pecore cognominia assignificant, Caprae Tauri Vituli, Varr. r. 2, 1, 10; tonsores non fuisse assignificant statuam, quod plerique habebat capillum et barbam magnam, 2, 11, 10.

**assigno**, (ads.) āre, vb. allot, esp. land in a colony, quoque de eo agro ruitur ceteri Romano dedit assignauit, CIL 200, 3; ruitur (agreis) d(an)is assignandis, 197, 15; (agros) legioni ita assignarent, ut quibus militibus amplissime assignati essent, Cic. Phil. 5, 53; add 2, 43; Liv. 21, 25, 3; 2. in other use, allot, assign, dignum me iudicauit cui primum hastatum assignare, Liv. 42, 34, 7; numquidque facilius consideratur, cum est assignatum suo loco, Colum. 12, 2, 6; urna iudicem assignat, Plin. pan. 36; 3. esp. of a father by will allotting his liberti, de assignandis libertis, title of dig. 38, 4; 4. affix a seal, sign (a document), assigna Marcelle tabellas, Pers. 5, 81; assignante domino meo, Paul. dig. 45, 1, 126, 2; praesente tutore, sed non assignante, Scraev. 26, 8, 20; 5. hence convey, sell, si in naum res missae ei assignatae sunt, Ulp. 4, 9, 1, 8; and met. inuenies ostendere foro, assignare famae, Plin. ep. 6, 23, 6; 6. ascribe, impute, ne (hoc) scelere meo potius quam imprudentiae assignes, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 4, 1; nec homini sed temporis assignandum, Rab. post. 27; ne unius amentiam ciuitati assignaret, Liv. 35, 31, 15.

**assilio**, (ads.) (ad\*) at, or ad = an, up; cf. assultum) ul, sultum, fre, vb. leap upon or up, spring upon or up, a. \*admirarius, Colum. 6, 37, 9; assiliunt fluctus, Ov. F. 3, 591; moenibus\*, M. 11, 520; rana piscatrix (non torpede) cornicula exersit, adultantibus pisciculis detrahens, donec tam prope accedat ut assiliat, Plin. 19, 143; uolanti\*, Sil. 7, 701; in ferrum, 10, 2; 2. w. acc. innumeri (terris) quas spumifer assilit\* Aegon, Stat. Th. 5, 56; 3. met. neque assiliendum statim est ad illud genus orationis, Cic. or. 2, 213; add Sen. contr. pr. 10 (5).

**assimilatio**, see assimilatio.

**assimilis**, (ads.) adj. very like, Quasi tu nunquam quicquam adsimile huiusce (sc. facti) feceris, Pl. Merc. 5, 1, sui, Ov. tr. 1, 6, 27; 2. w. dat., forma adsimilis illi, Cat? ap. Fest. 157 M; spongius, Cic. N. D. 2, 136; cadenti, Verg. 6, 602; fratribus, Ov. Pont. 2, 2, 85; 3. adsimiliter, adv. in a very similar way, Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 27.

**assimulaticus**, (ads.) adj. in fraudulent imitation, fictitious, insimula, Th. C. 6, 22, 5.

**assimulatio**, (ads.) ōnis, f. close likeness, Plin. 11, 262; 2. fraudulent imitation, Th. C. 16, 2, 18.

**assimulo**, (ads.) āre, vb. make oneself very like—hence pretend, w. inf. amare, Pl. Cist. 1, 1, 98; furere, Pacuv. ap. Cic. off. 3, 98; 2. w. acc. and inf., me esse ebrium, Pl. Amph. 3, 4, 16; esse me tuum seruum, Capt. 2, 1, 29; me insanire, Men. 5, 2, 81; hinc ab dextera uenire me, Ter. Andr. 4, 3, 20; 3. w. two acc. and esse understood, seruum se, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 121; aegrum te, Truc. 2, 6, 19; se laetum, Ter. Hant. 5, 1, 15; 4. w. se and esse omitted, assimulauit animum, Ov. M. 14, 656; 5. w. quasi, pretend as though, quasi spernas tuam (formam), Pl. Mil. 4, 4, 34; quasi per urbem totum hominem quaesieris, Epid. 2, 2, 11; add Poen. 3, 2, 22; quasi nunc exeam, Ter. Eun. 3, 2, 8; 6. w. acc., familiaritatem, Cic. Clu. 36, uirtutem, Cacl. 14; nuptias, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 141; retro abitem fletuosque timores, Sil. 7, 137; 7. absol., Equid adsimulo similiter? Qui istic est (eo ass) ornatus uos? Pl. Men. 1, 2, 37; utrum ego icon adsimulen an serio, Bac. 1, 1, 42; 8. imitate, give or assume the appearance of, forge, litteras, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 139; clipeumque iugasque, Verg. 10, 639; adsimulatus\* Lucani litteris, Tac. an. 16, 17; sermonem humanum, Plin.

S, 105; pector adsimulabit quicquid acceperit, Quint. 7, 10, 9; 9. compare, ex assimulanda natura iudicatur, Cie. inv. 1, 42; nullum est exemplum cui malum adsimulare rempublicam, Cie. ap. Dion. 365, 21 K; Inque repentinus conuicia uersa tumultus Assimulare freto possis, Ov. M. 5, 6; miles suis laboribus defectione sideris adsimulans, Tac. an. 1, 28; formam Britanniae bipenni, Agr. 10; 10. as a refl. vb. Atque eadem erit, uerum alia esse adsimulabitur (unless a pass.), Pl. Mil. 2, 1, 74; formam adsimulata Camerti, Verg. 12, 224; 11. pass. assimulata familiaritas, Cie. Clu. 30; assimulata uirtus, Cael. 14; deligit uenenum quod fortuitus morbus adsimularetur, Tac. an. 4, 8; add 6, 25 and \* above.

**assipondium**, ii, n. the weight of an as or one pound, Varr. 1, 5, 36, p. 170 Sp.

**assir**, obsol., blood, Paul. ex F. v. assaratum.

**assiratum**, see assaratum.

1. **assis**, m. a plank, stabula roboreis assibus constrata, Colum. 6, 30, 2; queruis assibus (Sillig axibus) contabulari inutile, Plin. 36, 187; ne commisceantur asses (axes, Rose) asscului querui, Vitr. 7, 1, 2; copied by Pallad. 1, 9, 2; 2. a valve, asses qui, praecoburantes foramina, non patiuntur redire quod spiritus in catinum est expressum, Vitr. 10, 12 (7), 1.

2. **assis**, see as.

1. **assisto**, (ads.) (ad or an. up), stiti, ère, vb. post oneself, plant oneself, take one's stand, plant oneself before, accipe illam clauam Sparax; Age alter istine, alter hinc assiste, Pl. Rud. 3, 5, 28; ego assistam hinc alitrinsecus: Quibus est dictis dignus usque oueremus ambo, Merc. 5, 4, 16; Adistite omnes contra me, Ps. 1, 2, 22; add 1, 3, 123; mane tu atque assiste, Most. 4, 2, 2 face a body; hic propter hunc assiste, Ter. Ad. 2, 1, 15; ut contra omnia hostium copias adisteret, Cie. leg. 2, 10; seruus ut ad fores adisterent imperat, Verr. 2, 1, 66;—in all cases, of preparation for hostile encounter: 2. gen., Accede nate assiste, Cie. poet. Tusc. 2, 21; filium puerili aetate in publico in conspectu patris adistere turpe ducunt, Cael. b. g. 6, 18, 3; Nec refert quibus adistat regionibus eius, Lucr. 1, 965; complete querellis...nemus adistens, 2, 359; Quem Turnus super adistens, Verg. 10, 490; Ac se tollere humo rectoque assistere trunco, Ov. M. 7, 640; 3. of a thing, ita iacere talum ut rectus assistat, Cie. fin. 3, 54.

2. **assisto**, (ads.) (ad before), post oneself near or before, appear before, stand by, Umbra cruenta Remi uisa est assistere lecto, Ov. F. 5, 457; assiste precanti, 1, 631; adisto diuinis, Hor. s. 1, 114; consilium tribunilibus provinciae adistenter, Tac. an. 13, 4; scribitur praeceptor assistit, Quint. 1, 2, 12; tum mihi aliquis assistat, 1, 11, 14; assistentes, bystanders, 2, 12, 6; 9, 2, 76; si actum fuerit adistentibus curatoribus, Ulp. dig. 26, 7, 25; add Paul. 48, 16, 6, 2; 2. esp. as an advocate or friend ready to assist, orant ut causae suae deprecator adistat, Tac. h. 3, 13; adistebam Varenio iam ut anicui, Plin. ep. 7, 6, 3; Eumolpus adistente Flanio dixit... 10, 81 (85), 1; 3. met. of things, be present, ad testimoniorum fidem quibus lux ueritatis adistit, Arcad. dig. 22, 5, 21, 3; ueritatem adistere precibus, Th. C. 1, 2, 34.

**assitus**, see aditus.

**asso**, (assus) are, vb. roast, cum paratus sim super istum ignem porrectus assari, Apul. M. 2, 10; iocus porcinum, 2, 40 Sch.; spondilos assabis, 2, 42 etc.; lini semen assatum, Cael. Aur. acut. 2, 18, 111.

**associo**, (ads.) are, vb. lit. attach as a partner, cum (dictatores) magistris equitum sibi eligerent qui associati secundam post eos potestatem gererent, Charis. dig. 1, 11, 1; 2. met. unite, Phoebo passus, Stat. Th. 3, 454; cornua malis, Claud. B. Gild. 482.

**assococius**, adj. associating, Cassiod. Var. 3, 47.

**assoleo**, (ads.) ere, vb. be usual, ponite hic quae adsolent, Pl. Pers. 5, 1, 1; quid ceterum? Quod adsolent, Cena tibi dabitur, Epid. 1, 1, 7; quae adsolent signa esse ad salutem...nido, Ter. Andr. 3, 2, 1; scripsit: Si nullo... deinde quae assolent, Cie. inv. 2, 122; lites tanta pecunia quanta assolent faciendo, Liv. 34, 44, 2; 2. impers. ut assolent, as is usual, Cie. ann. 7; Phil. 2, 82; add Suet. Ner. 7 and

34; Vesp. 7; 3. in Liv. 40, 54, 8 Madvig has: multa ut assolent ueritas; mss multa adsolent n.; in Cie. N. D. 2, 10 Baier has: quos ad soleret, not adsolent.

**assono**, see adsouo.

**assuefacio**, (ads.) feci, factus, ère, vb. accustom, train, quibus me consueto, Cie. fam. 4, 13, 3; probitati parulos, Tac. or. 29; nec suo sanguine add supplicia patrum plebem assuefaciant, Liv. 3, 52, 11; non luxui aut uoluptatibus aduefectus, Tac. an. 12, 5 f.; sermoni aduefectus, Plin. 10, 121; 2. w. abl. as a means, esp. in the perf. part. puro sermone assuefactum, Cie. Brut. 213; quorum sermone assuefacti, or. 3, 39; stuprorum et scelerum exercitatione assuefactus, in Cat. 2, 9; and perh. armis, Brut. 6; nullo officio aut disciplina aduefecti, Cael. b. g. 4, 1, 9; Gallicis moribus, 4, 3, 3; genere quodam pugnae, b. c. 1, 44, 2; Persico sermone (so Halm) se aduefecti, Val. M. 8, 7, ext. 15; 3. w. inf. ceteras (nationes) imperio populi Romani parere assuefecit, Cie. prov. cons. 33; equos eodem remanere uestigio, Cael. b. g. 4, 2, 3; aduefecti superari, 6, 24, 6.

**assuesco**, (ads.) cœi, ctus, ère, vb. trans. accustom, train, qui pluribus adsuerit mentem, Hor. s. 2, 109; contrahendo militi naualibusque assuescendo certaminibus praefectus, Vell. 2, 79, 1; assuescit (me) fatis, Lucan. 5, 776; 2. esp. in the perf. part. mensaque aduetus herili, Verg. 7, 490; bellicae militiae, Vell. 2, 117, 2; cui Parens assuetus fuerat, he had been intimate, Curt. 6, 5, 23; 3. the same w. abl. (see assuefacio § 2), labore adsueto, Cie. or. 3, 58; praedae amore, Ov. M. 13, 554; sanguine et praeda, Flor. 1, 7; immoderata licentia, Iustin. 31, 1, 8; 4. often whether dat. or abl. dub. as: meudacis, Cie. Plane. 22; uenatu, Verg. 7, 746; 5. w. inf. Censui tu illuc hodie primum ire aduetum esse in ganeum, Pl. As. 5, 2, 37; muros defendere, Verg. 9, 511; graecari, Hor. s. 2, 2, 11; exire e mari, Plin. 9, 91; 6. w. prep., ad omnis uis (= uires) controuersiarum, Sall. ap. Prisc. 1, 249, 13; in familiaria iura, Liv. 24, 5, 9; 7. make familiar, Ne pueri, ne tanta animis aduescite bella, Verg. 6, 832; see §§ 12, 13; 11. as a vb. intr. get accustomed, train oneself, Seruabo, sic enim assueti, Platonis uerecundum, Cie. fam. 9, 22 f.; (uri) aduescere ad homines ne paruuli quidem possunt, Cael. b. g. 6, 28, 4; 9. w. dat. legibus inter bella, Liv. 1, 19, 2; deligando assuescere (eo) uetustate sedi cogit, Cels. S. 10 f. (351, 29 D); Adsuescent Latio Parthia tropaea Ioui, Prop. 3, 4, 6; quieti et otio, Tac. Agr. 21; 10. w. abl. credere regii genus pugnae quo assueuerant fore, Liv. 31, 35, 3; 11. w. inf. ut fremitum assuesceret uoce uincere, Cie. fin. 5, 5; uocari, Verg. G. 1, 42; pati, Or. tr. 2, 504; Liv. 23, 40, 10; 12. pass. imp. caritas ipsius soli cui longo tempore assuescit, Liv. 2, 1, 5; III 13. assuetus made familiar and so as adj. usual, cibum assueto liuore, Cels. 1, 3 (17, 31 D); Tempus et adueta pouere in arte inuau, Ov. Pont. 1, 36; solis feruor non aduetus, Ulp. dig. 19, 2, 15, 2; 14. familiar, known of old, assueta oculis regio, Liv. 5, 54, 3; Romanis Gallici tumultus assueti, 38, 17, 5; turris adueta Priamo, Sen. Troad. 1079; 15. adueto absol. w. comp., longius, Ov. her. 6, 72; a. propior, Stat. Th. 12, 300; 16. comp. assuetior, Liv. 22, 18, 3.

**assuetudo**, inis, f. habit, custom, practice, amor assuetudinis, Varr. 1, 9, 14; mali, Liv. 25, 26, 10; succedendi muros, 27, 18, 13; ut amorum, 27, 39, 7; seu natura siue assuetudine, Cie. an. 1, 11; uoluptatum, h. 2, 62; 2. intimacy with (obsc.), a. Aetes, Tac. an. 13, 46.

**assuētus**, see assuesco.

**astula**, or astula\* (?) ae. f. dim. a chip of wood, cesso foribus facere hise(e) astulas, Pl. Merc. 1, 2, 20; querecis, Plin. 9, 48; taedae, 29, 34; percussurum arborum contra fulmina astulae\* sargunt, Sen. n. q. 2, 31, 2; astulae securibus excussae, Paul. ex F. v. fomites, p. 85 M.; 2. a chip of stone, cementsa marmorea, siue astulae dicuntur quae marmoraria ex operibus deiciunt, Vitr. 7, 6, 1.

**astullatim**, adv. in chips, pultando assullatim foribus exitum dabo, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 52; securum ancipitem capiam atque huic seni (so Camer. ej.; ass hunc senem)...dedo-

labo assulatum uiseera, Men. 5, 2, 106; add a corrupt pass. of Naev. ap. Non. 72, 26.

**assulōsus**, adj. full of clips, implied in assulose adv. in many clips (calamus odoratus) a. frangitur, Plin. 12, 105.

**assultim**, (ads.) adv. in leaps, phalangia a. ingredientia, Plin. 11, 80.

**assulto**, (ads.) ad at or ad = an up? vb. frq. keep leaping at or up, or simply leap up or at, canis adsultans\* contraque belium exurgens, Plin. 8, 50; montes inter se concurrunt, adsultantes recedentes, 2, 109; 2. esp. in war, leap upon, assault, tergis pugnantium, Tac. Agr. 26; castris, an. 2, 13; uallo, Sil. 7, 401; 3. w. acc. latera et fronte, Tac. an. 1, 51; portarum moras\*, Stat. Th. 11, 243.

**assultus**, (ads.) ūs, m. leaping upon, assault, Verg. 5, 441; Tac. an. 2, 21.

**assūmo**, (ads.) ad to -psi, -ptus, ēre, vb. take to (one), take, appropriate, adopt, assume, nunquam committit ut quod alteri detraheret sibi adsumat, Cic. off. 3, 23; Plura sibi adsumunt quam de se corpora mittunt, Linc. 2, 1124.

2. esp. of food in Cels. qui his die cibum assumit, Cels. 1, 3 (16, 8 Dar.); cibum modicum, potiones meracae, ib. 1, 7 (17, 3); fungos inutilis, 5, 27, 12; w. b. abstract nouns, uoluptatem, Cic. fin. 1, 33; laudem sibi, Mur. 31; nec mihi quicquam assumo quod quemquam possit offendere, fam. 1, 9, 17; tractationem orationis, in. 1, 54, undertake; aliam artem sibi, 1, 217; 4. with person for object, administer consilium assumitur, Sal. lug. 29, 2; dignos (amicos) Hor. s. 1, 6, 51; eos in societatem consilii, Liv. 2, 4, 2; ne qui (socii) postea assumerentur; te in consilium, Plin. ep. 3, 19, 1; a. (te) in laborum consortium, pan. 7; uxorem, 83; 5. in logic, assume as minor premiss, deinde adsumunt, Sunt autem di, Cic. div. 2, 106; assumit Cratippus hoc modo, Sunt autem..., ib. 109; 6. gen. assume as true, id quod assumit, concedi nullo modo potest, Cic. N. D. 107; easque (kalendas) adsumimus, Ulp. dig. 45, 1, 41.

**assumptuōsus**, adj. dealing with assumpta, or external circumstances to be assumed, Cic. inv. 1, 15; 2, 71; Quint. 7, 4; 7. Mart. C. 147 G (149, 10 Eyss.).

1. **assurgere**, (ads.) ēre, rexi, vb. [ad or an = aya up] rise up, rise, Non coepit assurgunt turres, Verg. 4, 86; septemque adursit in uinas (of snow), G. 3, 355; adsurgere in auras, 3, 109; experto credite quantus In clipeum adsurgat, A. 11, 284; lanque adsurgentes dextra pelagusque ferentis Aeneae, 10, 797; add 1, 535; 10, 95; Delos adsurgit Cynthis monte, Plin. 4, 66; adsurgentem ferulam in altitudinem, 13, 123; tertia (pyramis) adsurgit feculxxxvii (al. alter) pedibus, 36, 80; colles clementer adsurgentes, Tac. an. 13, 38; but in h. 4, 23 Hahu has exurgens; 2. rise again, get up again, a-surgentem regem (se. quem equo deiecit) Cossus) resupinat, Liv. 4, 19, 5; set manibus in assurgendo setu genu se admissent, 21, 36, 7; deinde paulo latior patecit campus, inde colles adsurgunt (al. adins. or ins.) 22, 4, 2; neque fratrem Volsen ex quo semel fuerit aeger, unquam...assurrexisset ex morbo, 3, 24, 4; e grani corporis morbo tum prium adsurgentem, Tac. h. 2, 2, 99; and perh.: in hoc morbo tumores oriuntur, deinde desinunt, deinde rursus assurgunt, Cels. 2, 8, p. 48, 37 Dar.; 3. met. rise up, rise, quibus (incrementis)...Hispanis in triumphum et pontificatum assurgere, Vell. 2, 51, 3; Tum uero adsurgunt irae, Verg. 12, 494; animoque assurgit Adrastus, Stat. Th. 10, 227; sublimitate heroi carminis animus adsurgat, Quint. 1, 8, 5; raro adsurgit Hesiodus, 10, 1, 52; 4. in none of the above does the sense of ad 'to' appear, as it does in

2. **assurgere**, (ads.) rexi, rectum, ēre, vb. [ad to], rise to (a person) out of respect, an...quisquam (tibi) in curiam uenienti assurrexit, Cic. Pis. 26; ut maioribus natu assurgat, inv. 1, 48; haec ipsa sunt honorabilia, salutaria, deinde, adsurgit, scn. 62; Sullam sibi uni equo descendere (se. Pompeio), assurgere de sella, caput aperire solitum, Sall. ap. Non. 236; Vtque uero Phoebe chorus adsurrexerit omnis, Verg. B. 6, 66; Ruricolae Cereri teneroque adsurgite Baecho, Ov. am. 2, 3, 53; quum assurrectum ei non esset,

Liv. 9, 46, 9; ludis (not ludos) ineunti semper adsurgit etiam ab senatu in more est, Plin. 16, 13; add Suet. Caes. 78 (ter); Aug. 56; Tib. 31; Vesp. 13; trepidusque adsurgit honori Numinis, Stat. Th. 2, 60; and met. uites... Tmolius adsurgit quibus et rex ipse Phanaeus, Verg. G. 2, 98; 2. even these may belong to assurgere 1.

**assus**, (for actus, and so = optus; for letter-change cf. assis = axis, and sequor εἰποιμ) part. of an obsol. vb. roasted, baked, Milphio leus, ubi es? Assum apud te ecam. At ego elixus sis uolo, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 67; Haec sunt uentris stabilitatem, pane et assa bubula, Curc. 2, 3, 88; at simul assis Miceris elixa, Hor. s. 2, 2, 73; res eadem magis alit iurulenta quam assa; uagis assa quam elixa, Cels. 2, 18 (66, 5 Dar.); tum assum aliquid, maximeque auem, 4, 26 (151, 25); carne assa, 1, 3 (49, 32); pectum assus pulmo, Plin. 30, 145; 2. as sb. n. a dish of roast meat, assum uitulum, Cic. fam. 9, 26, 1; 3. assa sudatio, a hot air bath, Cels. 3, 27, 3; calidæ sica sudatio, 3, 21 (107, 2); 4. hence assus as sb. n. the same, in balnearis assus in alterum apodyterii angulum promouit, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 1, 2; 5. assus sol, a baking of one's body in the sun without oil, Cic. Att. 12, 6, 2; 6. assa nutrix, a dry nurse, Iuv. 14, 208; assae nutrices est infantem magis diligere quam adultum, Fronto, Anton. 1, 5 (p. 103, 1. 6 Naber); D. M. Volmniae... nutrici assae, iuser, Mur. 1512, 6; 7. as roast meat is simple and so opposed to flavoured dishes, so assus came to signify simple, unaccompanied, as maceriae de assis lapidae (without mortar), Serv. G. 2, 417; 8. assae tibiae, without accompaniment of voice, id.; hence assa = cantus tibiarum, Paul. ex F. p. 29; 9. assa uox, the voice without accompaniment, melos bipartitum, unum quod est in assa uoce, alterum quod uocant organicum, Cato ap. Non. 77, 9; cantarent carmina, et assa uoce et cum tibicine, Varr. ib.

**ast**, older form of at, vb. see.

**Asta**, ae, f. a city of Liguria, Plin. 3, 49; M. Cominius L. l. Pol. Asta, inser. Or. 165.

**astācus**, i, m. a kind of crab, Plin. 9, 97.

**astāphīs**, idm, adj. f. as sb. a kind of grape, dried as raisin, Plin. 23, 15; a. agria, another kind, 23, 17.

**astēismōs**, or astismōs, i, m. a rhetorical term, sharp but delicate wit, urbanitas sine iracundia, Serv. A. 2, 547; add Achr. 276, 29 K; Diom. 462, 36; Pomp. comm. 312, 5.

**aster**, cris, m. the plant aster, a. anellus Linn., Plin. 27, 36.

**astercum**, i, n. a plant, in Lat. urceolaris, Plin. 22, 43.

**astēria**, ae, f. a gem, cat's eye, Plin. 37, 131.

**astēriacē**, es, f. a compound medicine, Cels. 5, 26, 17.

**astēriās**, ae, m. a kind of heron, Plin. 10, 164.

**astērion**, ii, n. a kind of spider, Plin. 29, 86.

**astēriscus**, i, n. dim. a little star or asterisk, Isid. or. 1, 21.

**astērītes**, or astrites, ae, m. the gem cat's-eye, Isid. orig.

16, 10, 3; Mart. C. 1, 19 (22, 5 Eyss.).

**asterno**, see asterno.

**asthma**, ātis, n. asthma, Plin. 25, 82.

**asthmaticus**, adj. asthmatic, Plin. 20, 230; 26, 34.

**astipulātio**, etc. see astipulatio etc.

1. **astituo**, ēre, ui, itus, vb. [a before two cons. for an = aya up; cf. a-scendo, a-gnosco, a-stor; statuo] set up, Iuben an non iubes astitui aulas, patinas elui? Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 66 (as usually kept bottom upwards); Continuo in genua astituito (erect on one's knees) pectus pedibus percuit, Cas. 5, 2, 48.

2. **astituo**, (adst.) ēre, ui, itus, vb. [ad, statuo] set up near, place (standing) before reum, ad lectum eius adstitemus (in imagination), ad Her. 3, 33; 2. as vb. refl. plant one-self before, eiusque tribunal adstiuor, Apul. 3, 2 (dub.); molae adstiuor, 9, 11.

1. **asto**, (adsto?) ēre, astiti (astitum and astatum) says Prisc. 474, 19 K, but?); vb. [a for an up, bef. two cons.; see astituo; sto in itself, like sisto, means stop, and is silent as to attitude; not from ad naru] stand up, stand. Certo haec mulier canterino ritu astans sonniat, Pl. Men. 2, 3, 44; Ioui...Qui in columine astat summo, Trin. 1, 2, 48; uix asto prae formidine, Capt. 3, 4, 104; astat quando edit, Naev. eom. 26 R; Hic patrem astare abas, Ter. Haut. 5, 2.

7; add Ph. 4, 3, 2; fastigia tecti Ascensu supero atque arce-  
tibus aedibus adsto, Verg. 2, 303; Cernimus adstantis neququam  
lumine toro Aetnaeos fratres, 3, 677; add 7, 181; Phidias  
praeter locum fecit Mineruam ex eborae quae est in Par-  
thenone astans (al. stans), Plin. 34, 54; 2. esp. of  
attitude, Haut inuencime (=αὐτοῦ ἔχουσας) astiterunt. Pl.  
Trin. 3, 1, 24; 3. Statum nide hominis Callipho p'as  
basileum, C. Bene confiderent adstites intelligo, Plin.  
1, 5, 42; ex pictura astitit, St. 1, 3, 114; Euge euschemie  
hercle astitit et (astitit B, astitis et CD) dulce et comoe-  
die, Mil. 2, 2, 58; add As. 3, 3, 113; 4. stand, loiter,  
stay, waste one's time, Quid ego hic asto (ssst astabo) tan-  
tissem enim hac forma et factis sic frustra, Pl. Bac. 4, 2, 30;  
Qur heic astamus? Merc. 4, 4, 83; At etiam asto? at etiam  
curo, 1, 2, 20; St. 2, 1, 38; Most. 2, 2, 89; Men. 4, 3,  
23; 4. Quid malum astas, Pl. Mil. 2, 5, 36; with prep.  
of nearness, so that the power of ad would be redundant;  
Quis illic est qui contra me astat? Pers. 1, 1, 13; add  
2, 2, 26; Si prope astes, calefacit, Epid. 5, 1, 9; ad ostium,  
Most. 3, 2, 81; ante ostium, Bac. 3, 3, 47; ante aedis,  
Men. 4, 2, 69; 4, 3, 2; Merc. 4, 5, 6; ante aras, Lucr. 1,  
89; ante oculos, Verg. 3, 150; Subulo (a young stag)  
quondam marinas propter astabat palmas, Enn. s. 41 V;  
5. stop, asta atque andi, Pl. Cist. 2, 3, 53; add Epid. 1, 1,  
61; Asta atque Athenas anticum opulentum oppidum Con-  
templa, Enn. tr. 324 V; accessi, astiti, Ter. Gl. 5, 6, 27;  
Hospes quod deico parillum est, asta ae pellere, CIL 1007,  
1; cum in Sigro ad Achillis tumulum adstiterit, Cic.  
Arch. 24; 6. of things, Vidi ego te astante ope bar-  
barica... Auro eborae instructam magnifice, Enn. tr. 120 V;  
sedes adstare relictas, Verg. 3, 123; squamis adstantibus  
hydri, G. 3, 545; epepidibus stagni lupanaria adstant,  
Tac. an. 15, 37; 7. w. abstr. nom. Certa quidem  
insis uitae mortalibus adstat, Lucr. 3, 1078 stands  
fixed; 8. nos quoque astitit illam locum, says Phile. 2,  
309, 27 K, but ?; 9. Fr. etiam deo abastam, not  
stabam.

2. **asto**, (rather adsto) āre, vb. [ad, sto] stand by (as a  
supporter), assist, Vt filium bonum patri esse oportet, item  
ego sum patri; Amanti supparator hortor a se ammon-  
gaudeo, Pl. Amph. 3, 1, 10; contriui diem, Dum asto ad-  
locutus quolibet cognato meo, Cas. 3, 3, 5; 2. stand  
by (as a spectator), look on, adstante atque audiente Italia  
tota, Cic. ad senat. 26; frequentia ciuium adstante, har. r.  
12; to adstantium uisu, Tac. an. 3, 14.

**astomichētus**, adj. unsexed, P. Aelio Celeri Clodia  
coniungi qui uixit annis xc a., inser. Grut. 750. 14; add  
inser. Reines. 12, 124.

**astrāba**, ae, f. a pack-saddle, name of a play of Plautus,  
Varr. l. 6, 7, p. 249 Sp.; Gell. 11, 7, 5.

**astrāgālizon**, ntis, player with astragali, Plin. 34, 55.  
**astrāgālus**, m. and -nū m. a knuckle bone; hence an  
architectural moulding of like form, Vitruv. 3, 3 (p. 78.  
1 Rose); 4, 6 (98. 4); 2. a leguminous plant, orobis  
sessilifolius Sibth., Plin. 26, 46.

**astrālis**, e, adj. of the stars, fata, August. C. D. 5, 7 f.

**astrāngulo**, are, vb. strangle, Min. F. 30.

**astrāpaeas**, ae, m. a gem, Plin. 37, 189.

**astreans?** no longer read in Mart. C. 273 G (301,  
3 Eyss.).

**astricus**, adj. of a star or stars, Cum pictus aer feruidis  
late ignibus Caeli (ch)oream astricein ostenderet, Varr. ap.  
Non. 451, 10.

**astrifer**, adj. star-bearing, Stat. Th. 8, 83; Val. F. 6,  
752; Mart. C. 8, 28, 8, p. 301 G (332. 11 Eyss.).

**astrifico**, are, vb. make stars, astrificante manu, Mart.  
C. as poet., 191 G (198, 7 Eyss.).

**astrificus**, adj. star-making, id. 2, 1.

**astriger**, adj. star-wearing, Stat. Th. 10, 828; Claud.  
b. g. 245.

**astrilōquus**, adj. talking of stars, Mart. C. 273 G (300,  
5 Eyss.).

**astrilūcus**, adj. shining with stars, diui, id. 302 G (232,  
17 Eyss.).

**astrios**, or **astrion?**, ii, adj. n. as sb. a gem, Plin. 37, 132;  
Isid. o. 16, 13.

**astrisōnus**, adj. star-sounding, Mart. C. 308 G (341,  
4 Eyss.).

**astrites**, ac, m. a gem, =asteria, Mart. C. 19 G (22,  
5 Eyss.).

**astrōbōlos**, (star-throwing) adj. m. as sb. a gem, Plin.  
37, 133.

**astrōlogia**, ae, f. astronomy, Eudoxus in astrologia facile  
principes, Cic. N. D. 2, 87; igitur astrologiae (Aratum)  
optimis uersibus de stellis dixisse, or. 1, 69; in astrologia  
C. Sulpicium audiuius, off. 1, 119; (capras) astrologia in  
caelum recepit, Varr. r. 1, 2, 17; litteris astrologiae, Colum.  
1, 1, 5; add Plin. 7, 123 and 203; 35, 199; Quint. 2, 18,  
1; Vitr. 1, 1, 3; 2. astronomy, as supposed to affect  
one's lot in life, astrology, Hieron. Pelag. 1, 8; see

**astrōlogus**, i, m. astronomer, astrologorum signa in  
caelo quaesit, Enn. ap. Cic. rep. 1, 30; Anchialum et  
Cassandrum summus astrologos hoc praedictionis genere  
non usos, Cic. div. 2, 88; iste unus astrologus qui non  
tam caeli rationem quam caelati argenti duceret, Verr. 2, 2,  
129; 2. also astrologer, de circo astrologi, Cic. div. 1,  
132; astrologorum praedicta, 2, 88; ut augures et astrologi  
solent, fam. 6, 6, 7; libris quoque aduersus astrologos com-  
posueram, Colum. 11, 1, 31; add Iuv. 6, 554; Suet. Ner.  
36; si quis a. uel qui aliquam illicitam diuinationem pollic-  
etur... Ulp. dig. 47, 10, 15, 13.

**astrōnōmia**, ae, f. astronomy, placita quae in geometria  
et in astronomia inuenies, Sen. ep. 95, 10; add Petr. 88;  
Maer. s. Scip. 2, 4, 9.

**astrōnōmicus**, adj. of astronomy, hence Astronomicon,  
title of the poem of Manilius and work of Hyginus.

**astrōnōmus**, adj. as sb. m. astronomer or astrologer,  
Firm. Math. 5, 13 and 15.

**astrōnus**, adj. lit. full of stars, ill-starred, Isid. or. 10,  
13; 2. =lunaticus, Isid. Gloss.

**astrum**, i, n. a collection of stars, a constellation, opp.  
to stella a single star, as *αστρον* to *αστρα*, so that the dim.  
suffix denotes a collection as in scrutinium, Per duodena  
regit mundi sol aureus astra, Verg. G. 1, 232; Ledaem a.,  
of the constell. Gemini, Mart. S. 21, 5; Herculeum a.,  
of Leo, S. 55, 15; uno censetur Aquarius astra, Manil. 2, 677;  
Nec refert tunc quo Phoebus decurrat in astro, 3, 315; add  
3, 368 and 379; 2. a star, chiefly in pl., astra suspi-  
mus, cum ea quae sunt infixa certis locis, tum illa non re-  
sed uocabulo errantia, Cic. Tusc. 1, 62; Lucifer Quem Venus  
ante alios astrorum diligit ignis, Verg. 8, 590; fugat astra  
Phoebus, Hor. od. 3, 21, 24; 3. a natal star, or planet,  
as supposed to influence life, Vtrumque nostrum consentit  
astrum\*, Hor. od. 2, 17, 22; Scit Genius, natale comes  
qui temperat astrum\*, Naturae dens humanae, ep. 2, 2,  
187; pars alia astrum\* suo euentus assignat, Plin. 2, 23;  
malo astrum\* natu, Petr. 44; cf. astrologus § 2; 4. a  
star as influencing crops, nullius astri\* Grogem aestuosa  
torret impotentia, Hor. epod. 16, 61; 5. of a comet,  
Dionaei Caesaris astrum\*, Verg. B. 9, 47; 6. of the sun,  
annum solis, id est, unius astri\* incurrunt, Cic. rep. 6,  
24; a solis exortu ad exortum ciuium astri, Censor.  
23, 3; 7. For astrum a star in sing. see exx. marked \*.

**Asty**, (asty) n. found only in acc. and abl. the city,  
i.e. Athens, an in astu uenit? Ter. Eun. 5, 17; Theseus  
eos in astu se conferre insit, Cic. leg. 2, 5; Xerxes accessit  
astu, ps. Nep. Them. 4, 1; add Alc. 6, 4; in asty Olympium  
architectandum suscepit, Vitruv. 7, pr. 15; in asty ducti sunt  
salientes, S. 3, 6.

**astula**, see assula.

**astur**, ūris, m. gos-bawk, Firm. Math. 5, 7; hence lt.  
astore, Fr. antour.

**asturco**, ōnis, m. an Asturian pony, celebrated for pace  
of ambling, gens Asturica. Equini generis asturcones  
gignunt quibus mollis alternu currum explenti glomerati,  
Plin. 8, 166; et asturconibus et tolutariis, Sen. ep. 87,  
10; =Astur equus, Mart. 14, 199; and Astyr in: Astyr.  
Hic paruos sonipes... at idem Aut incoenoso glomerat  
uestigia dorso, Aut... Sil. 3, 334; add Veget. 2, 28, 37.

**astus**, ūis, (from a lost vb. akin to Brit. gouz-out, Fr.  
gare, G. wahr-en, Gr. *φω-μαι*, L. uid-eo, E. wate, wain, diti)  
cunning, alike in old good sense and in modern, Nam uol non



doli sunt, nisi astu colas, Pl. Capt. 2, 1, 26; Adgrediundust hic homo mi astu, Trin. 4, 2, 121; add Pers. 1, 3, 68; Poen. 5, 4, 53; Epid. 4, 1, 19; si astu rem tractauit, Ter. Eun. 5, 4, 2; add And. 1, 3, 3; Satiastu et fallendo callet, Acc. ap. Non. 258, 5; astu aggredi, Pacuv. ap. Fest. 133 M.; Consilio necare dolos ingressus et astu, Verg. 11, 704; add 10, 522; Punice astu, Liv. 35, 14, 12; astu adgredi, Tac. an. 2, 64; 2. so far only in abl., but: astus hostium in perniciem ipsis uertebat, Tac. an. 2, 20, 1; machinatione et astus oppugnationum, 12, 45; Non aruit astus belli uel dextra derat, Sil. 16, 32; exequar astus Soligenae, Val. F. 5, 222; firmare animos ad insularum astus, Gell. 11, 18, 17.

**astütia**, ae, f. cunning, as a quality, shrewdness, fateor ... fallacis abisse eum apud te, mea opera atque astutia, Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 21; ferat Quibus abest ad praecauendum intellegendi astutia, Pacuv. ap. Cic. fin. 5, 31; nunc opus tua Mihi ad hanc rem expropterea malitia atque astutia, Ter. And. 4, 3, 8; add Haut. 4, 3, 32; Quod si aut confidens astutia aut callida esset audacia, uix illo obisti modo posset, Cic. Chu. 183; add fam. 3, 10, 9; 2. a bit of cunning, a trick, Occisast haec res, nisi mihi atrocem reperio aliquam astutiam, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 7; est nobis spes in hac astutia, 2, 1, 53; add 3, 15; Epid. 3, 2, 27; 3. hence in plur., Tace, Dum in regionem astutiarum mearum te induco, Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 78; add Epid. 3, 2, 39; hem, astutias, Ter. And. 3, 4, 25; aliter leges, aliter philosophi tollunt astutias, Cic. off. 3, 68.

**astütulus**, adj. dim. cunning, anus, Apul. M. 6, 27. **astutus**, (: astus : cornutus : cornu) quasi-part. well stocked with cunning, cunning, Ad eam rem usum homine astuto docto scito callido, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 15; ego me non tam astutum, neque ita perspicacem esse id scio, Ter. Haut. 5, 1, 1; sin me astutum et occultum lubet fingere, Cic. fam. 3, 10, 8; si qui me astutorem\* fingit, 3, 8, 6; uiri uersuti obscuro astuti fallacis multosque callidi ueteratos nafri, off. 3, 57; pro bene sano Ac non incauto fictam astutumque uocamus, Hor. s. 1, 3, 62; 2. so far of persons, also w. abstract nouns, Nec fallaciam astutorem\* nullus fecit poeta, Pl. Cas. 5, 1, 7; astutus fallacis, Truc. 4, 4, 39; ratio, Cic. Verr. 1, 33; confidum, Gell. 5, 10, 7; astutissima calliditas, Augustin. C. D. 21, 6; 3. for comp. see \* above; II 4. astute adu cunningly, te commentum nimis astute, Pl. Epid. 2, 2, 66; add Ter. Eun. 3, 3, 3; Cic. Att. 10, 6, 1; astutius, Varr. l. 10, 2, p. 551 Sp.; astutissime, Laet. 1, 22.

**äsyla**, ae, adj. as sb. a kind of chickweed, in Linn. oculus ferus, Plin. 25, 145.

**äsylum**, (asynos inuolate) adj. n. as sb. a sanctuary, asylum, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 85; Liv. 1, 8, 5; Verg. 2, 761; 8, 542; Tac. an. 3, 60; Ulp. dig. 21, 1, 17, 12.

**äsymbölus**, adj. without paying one's quota, seat free, Ter. Ph. 2, 2, 25; Gell. 7 (6), 13, 2.

**äsyndeton**, (not joined together) adj. n. as sb. a term of rhetoric, for conjunctions omitted, Diom. 445, 5 K; Donat. 399, 8; Pomp. 264, 23.

**ät**, older ast\*, conj. [prob. of prom. origin; see below] Charisius 229, 30 K, relying on old glosses makes it = atque, ac, ergo, sed (cf. § 10), tamen (cf. § 4), tum (cf. § 3), cum (cf. § 1) — wh. order prob. should be reversed, as 1. if, in case that, ast\* quando (if at any time) duellum grauius, discordiae enim escunt, oenus ne amplius sex menses... idem iuris quid duo consules teneto, lex ap. Cic. leg. 3, 9; ast\* quando consules... ib.; ast\* potestas par maiore prohibessit, perscripta seruiant, 3, 10; ast\* quid erit... ib.; ast quid turbassent... 3, 11; si imperator Titus Caesar Vespasianus... et Caesar Dili filius Domitianus... uiuent... ast\* tu (ea ita faxis, tum tibi bubas auratis duobus onemus esse futurum, inscr. Or. 2260; to this use cum in Charisius above, prob. refers; cf. G. wenn if; and conversely Lat. si in sense of when; 2. to add a second condition to a preceding si, if at the same time, if farther, si parent(e)m puer nerberit, ast\* ille plorasset, puer diuis parentum sacer esto, lex Serv. ap. Fest. s. v. plorare, p. 230 l. 15 M.; Si ego hic peribo, ast\* ille ut dixit non redit, Ad (then) erit mihi hoc factum mortuo memorabile, Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 25; but in these two cases ast has perh., like at § 10, the meaning but,

on the other hand; 3. in correlation to si, in that case, then, Bellona, si hodie nobis uictoriam dux, ast\* ego tibi templum noceo, App. ap. Liv. 10, 19, 17; (si) cui auro dentes uincti esunt (escent?) ast\* im cum illo sepelirei uretore se fraude esto, lex ap. Cic. leg. 2, 60; si tua re subita consilia torpent, at tu mea sequare, Liv. 1, 41, 3; si plebeiae leges displicerent, at illi communiter legum latores... sinceret creari, 3, 31, 7; quod si nihil cum potiore iuris humani reliquit inopi, at ego ad deos iudices superbiae confugiam, 9, 1, 8; sin collega quid aliud mallet, at sibi L. Volumnium darent adiutorem, 10, 26, 3; add 5, 56, 12; se uero negare illi missuros. Tum Iunius: at (in that case) illi si ad consulum grauerantur mittere, sibi saltem darent populi conuilium, 24, 37, 11; Sin duram metues hiemem parcesque futuro... At suffire thymo cerasque recidere inanis Quis dubitet? Verg. G. 4, 241; for this double use of ast (at) for if and so, cf. the double use of si for if and so and the use of sic w. si in: sic ignouisse putato Me tibi si cenat mecum, Hor. ep. 1, 7, 69; also double use in same way of so in old Germ.; also the equivalence of qua est temperantia and ea est; 4. still w. pre. si clause, even in that case, with that that, even then, still, yet, Si desideras, at pollicum non potes, Patrem meum, Pl. Men. 5, 1, 46; Si illi sunt uirgae ruri, at mihi tergum domist, Bac. 2, 3, 131; si ego digna hac contumelia Sum maxime, at tu indignus qui faceres tamen, Ter. Eun. 5, 2, 27; nam si a me regnum Fortuna atque opes Eriperet quini, at uirtutem non quini, Acc. 620 K; si non propinquitas, at actatis suae; si non hominis, at humanitatis rationem haberet, Cic. Quinet. 97; si mihi bona re publica non liceret, at carere mala, Mil. 93; add Verr. 2, 3, 122 and 195; 2, 5, 69; Flac. 61; si pars aliqua circumuenta ceciderit, at reliquos seruari posse, Caes. b. g. 6, 40, 2; si tu oblitus es, at id meminere, at meministi Fides, Catul. 30, 11; si uis urbis Quirites, si uestra nulla cura tangit, at nos ueremini deos uestros ab hostibus captos, Liv. 3, 17, 3; Si genus humanum et mortalita teminit arma, At sperate... Verg. 1, 543; add 6, 406; 5. after a concession an objection made or anticipated, still, it may be but, true but, Parum succedit quod ago: at facio sedulo, Ter. And. 4, 1, 55; non placet M. Antonio consulatus meus: at placuit P. Seruilio, Cic. Phil. 2, 12; non cognoscebantur foris; at domi; non ab alienis, at a suis, acad. pr. 2, 12; non inquit in parietibus re publica: at in aris et focis; fecit idem Theistocles: at idem Pericles non fecit, Att. 7, 11, 3; add fam. 6, 6, 10; 6. hence often in reply, it may be but, true but; just so but, S. Equidem tibi do hanc operam. P. At nimium pretiosa's operaria, Pl. Bac. 1, 1, 41; B. Vetulae sunt minae ambae. S. At bonas fuisse credo, 5, 2, 10; Th. Non edepol uideo. Tr. At ego uideo eam inter uoluptuos duos, Most. 3, 2, 148; 7. often w. diceo or inquit expressed or understood, freq. strengthened by enim, at enim Q. Catulus itemque Q. Hortensius ab hac ratione dissentit, Cic. Man. 51; at enim istum Sienli soli persequuntur: ciues Romani qui in Sicilia negotiant, defendunt, Verr. 2, 2, 15; add N. D. 3, 26; fin. 2, 78; inv. 2, 52; Phil. 2, 21 (bis); sen. 68 (bis); 8. a speaker may make his own suggestion as a question, and reply to it with an, very good if possible but, Quid faciat Hortensius? Auaritiaene crimina frugalitatis laudibus depreceat? at... An...? at... Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 192; per senatumque Asti tute... Att. 3, 15, 6; add Cat. 1, 28; Verr. 2, 1, 143 (bis); quid tandem te impedit? Mosne maiorum? At... in Cat. 1, 28; quid ita? ne uitiosum opus fieret? at erat probatio tua: ne parum loquaces esset? at erat, Verr. 2, 1, 143; add 2, 2, 192; an quia lex Porcia eripat? At ab aiae leges condemnatis ciuibz non animam eripit, sed exilium permitti iubet, Sall. Cat. 51, 22; 9. at times repeated with great force, si non uirtute, non industria, non innocentia, non pudore, non pudicitia, at sermone, at litteris, at humanitate eius delectamini, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 8; decedens Caecilium praeposui proniciae. Puerum inquit. At quaestorem, at nobilem adulescentem, at omnium fere exemplo, fam. 2, 15, 4; Si... ueneno, At secuta quies... at latis otia fundis... at frigida Tempe... non absunt, Verg. G. 2, 467; male latus In pede calcens haeret; at est bonus... at tibi amicus, at ingenium ingens Inculto latet hoc sub corpore, Hor. s. 1, 3, 32;

**10.** gen. but in oppo. to what precedes, *dinos* qui caelestes semper habiti, colonii... at oia propter quae datur homini ascensus in caelum, M<sup>u</sup>ntem Virtutem... eorumque (d. que) delubra sunt, lex ap. Cic. leg. 2, 19; bene ille illud usus sum, Ast\* non habere quoque commendare capram, Pl. Merc. 2, 1, 22; but Trin. 1, 2, 37 dub.; Hinc Remus... At Romulus pulcrum in alto Quaserit Aventino, Enn. ap. Cic. div. 1, 107; (Aether) splendet saepe, ast\* idem nimbus interdum nigret, Acc. 260 R; tu cebras a nobis litteras expecta: Ast\* plures etiam ipse mittito, At. 1, 16, 17; hoc tu indaga ut soles: ast\* hoc magis... ib. 6, 5, 2; communis gladii pugnamus est. At Germani... Caes. b. g. 1, 52, 4; se ad suos receperunt at interiores... 7, 82; Me famulo famulamque Heleno transmisit habendam: Ast\* illum... Verg. 3, 330; Rusticus expectat dum defuit amnis: at ille Labitur... Hor. ep. 1, 2, 42; Dilectaque diu caruit deus Orithyia... ast\* ubi... Ov. M. 6, 685; **11.** hence used in transitions, esp. by Lucr. as: at conlectus, 4, 414; at maris 436; at si 447; add 998, 1007, 1165 etc. (see Munro); **12.** often strengthened with adverbs as certe, Catul. 65, 11; Cic. Marc. 25; Prop. 2, 16, 35; contra, Cic. Ver. 2, 5, 66; Lucr. 1, 366; 570; 1087; 2, 235; Sal. Cat. 12, 5; A. a. a. 2, 604; potius, Pl. Cist. 1, 1, 44; vero, Cic. Phil. 2, 38; N. D. 3, 87; fin. 1, 33; off. 2, 70 and 81; Ver. 2, 5, 42; Att. 5, 11; 1; quidem, Pl. Most. 4, 3, 22; Mil. 3, 5, 50; saltem, Merc. 3, 4, 52; enim, Pl. 2, 2, 46; Poen. 5, 4, 26; Ter. Ph. 3, 2, 2; Hant. 1, 1, 20; Cic. Cael. 15; Manil. 5, 1; Sal. Cat. 51, 25; Liv. 6, 15, 11; 34, 32, 13; pol. Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 215; As. 2, 3, 34; 4, 2, 14; cedeat, Poen. 3, 1, 68; 5, 4, 47; tamen, Cic. fam. 7, 26, 2; Ov. her. 1, 2, 11; **13.** in questions of indignation or alarm, what? esp. w. etiam (perh. of diff. origin). At (so mss) etiam maledicis? Pl. Trin. 2, 1, 149; at etiam furcifer Male loqui me aude? Capt. 3, 4, 31; add Rud. 3, 4, 6; at etiam rogas, Ter. Andr. 4, 4, 23; At o deorum quidquid in caelo regit Terras et humanum genus, Quid iste fert tumultus? Hor. epod. 5, 1; **14.** in prayers of cursing or blessing, oh that, at te Iuppiter Digne omnes perdat, Pl. Most. 1, 1, 37; At tibi di semper adiacens, quisquis eis, faciant bene, Men. 5, 7, 32; add Pers. 5, 3, 18; Quid ais scelus? At tibi di dignum factis exitium diunt, Ter. Andr. 4, 1, 42; At te di perdat, Enn. 3, 1, 41; add Hec. 1, 2, 59; At tibi pro scelere exclaimat, pro talibus ausis Di... Persoluant grates dignas, Verg. 2, 535; add Hor. s. 2, 2, 40; **15.** in the exclam. at quem uirum! aye and what a man! Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 20; Cic. fam. 9, 20, 1; **16.** in second place only in poets: Saepius at si me... Verg. B. 7, 67; Mentior at si quid, Hor. s. 1, 8, 37; Gramineis ast\* inde toris... Val. Fl. 8, 255; Maior at inde... Stat. Th. 4, 116; but Pl. Most. 3, 2, 31 hercle at is a bad cp.; Merc. 2, 4, 19 is corrupt; in Prop. 1, 6, 22 Lachm. reads: semper et armatae; **17.** in Catul. 45, 10 we should perh. read Ast Aeme or at Aeme; **18.** ast is limited to old writings, Cicero's letters and poets as: Ast\* (if?) autem tenui quae candet lumine Phatnae, Cic. progn. 160; Ast\* illum... Verg. 3, 330; Ast\* ego, Hor. epod. 15, 24; add s. 1, 6, 125; 1, 8, 6; Ast\* ubi... Ov. M. 6, 685.

**Atānius**, adj. or sb. a gens, Cn. Atani(us) C.f., CIL 1234. **atat**, see **attat**.

**atāua**, (f. atauos : a : auia : auos) ae, f. mother of grt-grt-grandfather or of a grt-grt-grandmother, quinto gradu sunt supra atauus atania; infra adnepos adnepitis, Gai. dig. 38, 10, 1, 7; add Paul. 38, 10, 10, 16.

**atāuos**, (-us) i. m. father of a grt-grt-grandfather, or of a grt-grt-grandmother, see **atania**, Patr' auos proauos abauos atāuos tritauos, Pl. Pers. 1, 2, 5; **2.** at times for abauos, non auom proauom atāuom audicras consules fuisse, Cic. Cael. 34; duces fuisse T. C. A. quorum (Hercules) atāuos fuerat, Vell. 1, 2, 1; there editors cp. abauos (stemma, says Voss, hoc est Aristomachus pater, Cleodanus auus, Hyllus proauus, Hercules abauus); **3.** gen. for a distant ancestor, ueteres illi Sabini Quirites atāuque Romani, Colum. 1 pr. 10; Turnus auis atāuque potens, Verg. 7, 56; add 7, 474; Hor. od. 1, 1, 1.

**Ateius**, a cognomen, C. Vib. C. Arel cos. (consuls u. c. 758) CIL 750 and 751; Gaius Ateius, Pomp. dig. 1, 2, 2, 44; Capito Ateius, Tac. an. 3, 75.

**Atella**, ae, f. dim. of Atina, an ancient town of the Osc. a colonia, agrim. 230, 1 Lachm.; Cic. agr. 2, 86; lanque Atella suas... Sil. 11, 14; add Suet. Tib. 75.

**Atellānicus**, (Atellana) adj. of an Atellan farce, exodium, Suet. Tib. 135; uersus, Petr. 68.

**Atellāniola**, sc. fabula, a little Atellan farce, M. Aurel. Frontoni. 2, 10 p. 34 Naber.

**Atellānus**, adj. of an Atellan farce, uersus, Cic. div. 2, 25; aris, Maer. s. 1, 10, 3; fabula, Gell. 12, 10, 7; **2.** Atellana as sb. f. (sc. fabula) an Atellan farce, Maer. s. 1, 4, 22; 6, 4, 13; Gell. 17, 2, 8.

**Atellānus**, adj. of Atella, municipium, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 14, 3; fam. 13, 7, 1; Atellanam Capuae habitantem, Liv. 2, 16, 33, 8; add Plin. 3, 63; **2.** esp. A. fabula, a low farce, A. fabella, Liv. 7, 2, 11; **3.** Atellana, ae, absol. the same, secundum Onomasma Accii non Atellanam introduxisti sed... Cic. fam. 9, 16, 7; actores Atellanarum, Liv. 7, 2, 12; Vrbicus exodium risum monet Atellānae, Iuv. 6, 71; Atellanae poemata, Suet. Cal. 27; add Ner. 39; **4.** Atellanus as sb. m. an actor in an Atellan farce, Atellanis notissimum canticum exorsis, Suet. Galb. 13.

**atēnim**, conj. see at § 7.

**ater**, ātra, ātrum, adj. black, as opp. to albus\*, Album an atrum\* uinum potas? Pl. Men. 5, 5, 17; add Rud. 4, 3, 61; Cato r. 157, 9; sanguis, Enn. ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 107; ficus, Cato r. 8, 1; caprae, Cato ap. Char. 102, 9 K; panis, Ter. Eun. 5, 4, 17; canis, Pl. 4, 4, 25; fauces atrae sanguine, Luer. 6, 1147; luminibus amissis alba discernere et atra\* non poterat, Cic. Tusc. 5, 114; bilis, 3, 11; nix Q. fr. 2, 13, 1; tempestas, Luer. 6, 258; Verg. 5, 693; serpens, G. 1, 129; nubis, Hor. od. 2, 16, 2; mare, s. 2, 2, 16; Hadriae sinus, od. 3, 27, 19; nox, epod. 10, 9; mpe-rae, od. 3, 4, 17; d-us, epod. 8, 3; sequar atris ignibus, Verg. 4, 384; atro Lumine fumantis. taedas, 7, 456, i. e. w. black smoke; so ater odor, 12, 591; **2.** of persons, Iam pol ego illum pignis totum faciam uti sit merulae: Ita replebo atritate, atrior multo ut siet Quam Aegypti, Pl. Poen. 5, 5, 11; Meridie ipso faciam ut stipulam colligat: Tam excoctam reddam atque atram quam carbo est, Ter. Ad. 5, 3, 63; is qui albus aterne\* fuerit ignoras, Cic. Phil. 2, 41; bilis ater (Memnon), Ov. am. 1, 13, 33; **3.** black as symbol of mourning, Ploratus mortis comites et funeris atris, Luer. 2, 580; ficus prima calorye Dissignatore decorat lictoribus atris, Hor. ep. 1, 7, 6; **4.** met. formido, Luer. 6, 254; Timor (personified), Verg. 9, 719; Cura, Hor. od. 3, 1, 40; Mors, od. 1, 28, 13; uersus, ep. 1, 19, 30; **5.** esp. atrai dies days of ill omen, dies postridie Kalendas Nonas Idus appellati atrai, quod per eos dies (nihil) noti inciperent, Varr. 1, 6, 4; hodie atque dies, Afran. ap. Non. 73, 32; si atro die faxit insciens, probe factum esto, in a 'rogatio' ap. Liv. 22, 10, 4; add Verr. Flac. ap. Gell. 5, 17, 1; Maer. s. 1, 15, 22; 1, 16, 21; **6.** ater dens of envy, si quis atro dente me petuerit, Hor. epod. 6, 15; **7.** atrum olus Pl. Ps. 3, 2, 25 = olus atrum, Smyrnum o. Linn.

**atērāmōn**, (not soft) adj. as sb. n. a plant near P'hillipi so-called, Plin. 18, 155.

**Aternensis**, adj. of Aternum, agrim. 226, 13 Lachm.; 253, 15.

**Aternius**, adj. or sb. a gens, A. Aternius Varus, fast. cons. a. u. c. 300; Liv. 3, 34, 5; Plin. 7, 101; **2.** lex Aternia, by which fines in sheep and oxen were commuted for money, Gell. 11, 1, 2.

**Aternus**, a river falling into the Adriatic, now Pescara, Plin. 3, 44; also 106 and 110.

**Athamanticum**, meum, a plant, Plin. 20, 253.

**athanaulium**, il, n. poculi fictilis genus quo utebantur sacerdotes, Paul. ex F. p. 18 m.

**Atēnaeum**, i, n. a temple of Athene at Athens, Isidor. Sev. 35, 2; **2.** at Rome, Capitol. Pert. 11, 3; Lemp. 3, 4.

**athera**, ae, an Egyptian name for a medicine made from rye, Plin. 22, 121.

**atherōma**, atis, n. a tumor full of matter, like porridge, αθήρμα (āthēma), Verg. vet. 2, 30, 1.

**athlēta**, ae, m. an athlete, Cic. sen. 27; Tusc. 2, 56; or, 228; Liv. 3, 37, 2; Ulp. dig. 3, 2, 4; **2.** met.

comitiorum, Varr. r. 3, 5, 18; pecunarius, 2, 1, 2; Cels. 1, 2 (15, 7 Dar.); Plin. 11, 283; 23, 121.

**athlēticus**, adj. of an athlete, uictus 4, 13 (6), f.; ars, Gell. 15, 16, 2; 2. **athletica** abs, the science of an athlete, gymnastics, Plin. 7, 205; 2. adv. **athletice**, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 14.

**athlōn**, i, n. a prize for the victor in a contest, eum (sc. taurum) ad Priamum adducere qui uicisset ludis, Hygin. fab. 91; 2. **athla**, labours, in a contest, Petr. 57; Hyg. fab. 30; Manil. 3, 162 etc.

**Atiedius**, a gens, CIL 182; 1167.

**Atiliānus**, adj. of Atilius, praedia, Cic. Att. 5, 1, 2; nirtus, Val. M. 4, 4, 6; tutor, assigned under the lex Atilia, Gai. 1, 194.

**Atilius**, adj. or sb. a gens, Sex. Atilius M. f. Saranus CIL 549; Censula Atilia 168; Atinius Calatinus, Cic. N.D. 2, 61; L. Atilius tribunus plebis ex auctoritate senatus in haec verba rogauit..., Liv. 26, 33, 12; 2. **lex Atilia** de delictis, the law then passed (210 B.C.); 3. another lex A. for assigning a guardian, Gai. 1, 185.

**Atina**, ae, f. a city of Latium, a praefectura in Cicero's time, aft. a colonia, Vrbes Tela nouant Atinā Tiburque superbum, Verg. 7, 630; A. muro ducta colonia. Deduxit Nero Claudius, agrum. 230, 4 Lachm.

**Atinas**, Atis, adj. of Atina, e praefectura Atinati, Cic. Planc. 10; inscr. Or. 130, 140 etc.

**Atinius**, adj. or sb. a gens, P. Atinius Nicipor, CIL 1028; C. Atinius Laeoe, Plin. 7, 143; Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 109;

2. **lex Atinia**, Paul. dig. 41, 3, 4, 6; Iulian. 41, 3, 33; Paul. 50, 16, 215; Atinium plebscitum, Gell. 14, 8, 2; 3. **Atinia** ulmus, a kind of elm, Colum. 5, 6, 2 and 9; Plin. 16, 72 and 108.

**Atistius**, adj. or sb. a gens, Atistia CIL 1016.

**atizoe**, es, f. a gem, Plin. 37, 147.

**Atlantigēna**, ae, m. f. born of Atlas, anthol. Burm. 2, 364.

**atlantion**, ii, n. the highest of the cervical vertebrae, the atlas, Plin. 28, 99.

**atōciūm**, (τοκος) adj. n. as sb. collective antidotes for maternity, ex omni atocio, Plin. 29, 85.

**atōmos**, (indivisible) adj. as sb. f. an atom, atomos quas appellat, Cic. fin. 1, 17; de ipsa atomo, fat. 24; add N.D. 1, 54; Vitr. 2, 2, 1.

**atque**, (ac) conj. [ad. que] and in addition, and what is more, and and, nay. C. Nam iste fortasse aurost opus, P. Filippo (so BCD) quidem. C. Atque eo fortasse iam, iug. Pl. Bac. 2, 2, 43; Duns hic intus esse Bacchides... atque ambas sorores, 3, 6, 40; N. Numquam auferes hunc aurum. C. Atqui iam dabis. N. Dabo? C. Atque orabis me quidem ulro ut auferam. 4, 7, 27; quadringentos (pron. carng.) filios habet atque omnis lectos sine probro, 4, 9, 50; At pol ego etsi notum. Edim atque ambabus malis expletis uocem. Trin. 2, 4, 74; soluite, istum nunciam, Atque utrumque. Capt. 2, 2, 16; fratre meo atque eodem propinquo uis interfecit, Sal. Iug. 14, 11; 2. hence the freq. phrase—aye and on second thoughts both; add Men. 1, 3, 26 and 30; Faciam boni tibi aliquid pro ista re ac lubens, Ter. Haut. 4, 5, 15; add Eun. 3, 5, 43; oro atque obsecro, CIL 1008, 12; rem difficilem di immortales atque omnium difficillimam, Cic. or. 32; hebeti ingenio atque nullo, Tusc. 5, 45; habetis consulem ex plurimis periculis et insidiis atque ex media morte ad salutem uestram reseruatam, in Cat. 4, 18; magna di immortales habenda est, atque huic ipsi Ioui Statori gratia, quod..., 1, 11; in unum atque angustum locum tela iacebant, Caes. b.c. 1, 50, 2; intra moenia atque in sinu urbis, Sal. Cat. 52, 35; locus erat arduus atque in parte una praecipue, Liv. 10, 9, 8; reliquias Danaum atque iunius Achilli, Verg. 1, 30;

3. often w. is and its adv. or idem, negotium magnum est nauigare atque id nescire Quinctili, Cic. Att. 5, 12, 1; ut huic uix tantulae epistolae tempore habuerim atque id erupit e summis occupationibus, 1, 14, 1; diabus missis subsidio cohortibus atque his primis legionum duarum, Caes. b.g. 5, 15, 4; maximis defixis trabibus atque eis praecutis, b.c. 1, 27, 4; atque haud scio (sciam) an...

Cic. am. 51; Att. 9, 15, 1; Liv. 21, 43, 2; Quint. 10, 7, 28; ac nescio an..., Cato orig. 23, 7, 1; 4. often in answer of more than assent, yes and, P. Equid autem homo habet aeterni in pectore? C. Atque acidissimum, Pl. Ps. 2, 4, 49; C. e caelo. S. Atque e medio quidem, Trin. 4, 2, 99; C. habent tu id aurum...? S. Atque etiam Philippum...

4, 2, 123; T. hic eius geminus frater. D. Hicines? T. ac geminissimus, Pl. Pers. 5, 2, 49; add Bac. 3, 6, 9; Mil. 2, 3, 66; 2, 4, 15; P. cognoscite? C. Ac memoriter, Ter. Eun. 5, 3, 6; add And. 2, 1, 37; 5. hence the necessity of repeating the preposition in a luculent atque a festiva femina, Pl. Mil. 4, 1, 12; innoxium abs te atque abs tuis, Aul. 2, 2, 44; in pectore atque in corde, Merc. 3, 4, 3; At ego ex te exquirat ex istae, St. 1, 2, 54; In amicitiam atque in gratiam conuortimus, 3, 1, 13; add Trin. 4, 2, 14; in maximum decus atque in excelssissimum claritudinem sublimauit, Cato orig. 15, 1, 1; add 69, 1 and 2; (but not repeated in 41, 8; 45, 10); dignitatem tuam in uirtute atque in rebus gestis tuis atque in tua grauitate posuim, Cic. fam. 1, 5, 4; add Verr. 2, 3, 189; Phil. 11, 8; Top. 64; Per superphontiam atque per doctores doctos, Pl. Ps. 1, 5, 113; In labore atque in dolore, 2, 3, 20; 6. w. verb. in different tenses, quid illos opinamini animi habuisse atque habituros dum uincerent? Cato orat. 42, 2; hence too often strengthened as with adeo, as: Atque adeo (audin?) dicito docte et cordate, Pl. Mil. 4, 2, 2, 9; Merc. 3, 4, 71; Ps. 1, 2, 57; 1, 3, 57; Men. pr. 8; Truc. 2, 4, 6; Atque adeo in ipso tempore eorum ipsum obuiam, Ter. Andr. 3, 2, 52; add 5, 6, 13; Eun. 5, 4, 42; tunc etiam atque adeo uos geminae uoragines rei publicae, uos meam fortunam deprimitis? Cic. Pis. 41; add in Cat. 1, 5, 1; Caecl. 68; Liv. 10, 9; 7. w. potius, nay rather, omni officio ac potius pietati satisfacio, Cic. fam. 1, 1, 1; si quid in te peccauit ac potius quoniam peccauit, ignoret, Cat. 1, 15, 4; Omnia si pergas nitendo uincere saecula; Atque etiam potius si nunquam sis moriturus, Lucr. 3, 949; ab hisce rebus cogitationem tuam auoca atque ac potius reminiscere quae..., Sulp. ad Cic. 4, 5, 5; 8. often w. preced. neg., but rather, nay, nunquam sententias de manibus iudicium ui extorsimus, ac potius placatis eorum animis... acceptimus, Cic. or. 2, 74; nec uero imperia expectanda ac potius..., off. 1, 68; nihil acerbum nihil crudele atque omnia plena clementiae mansuetudinis humanitatis, ad Q. fr. 1, 1, 25; add leg. 1, 18; nemon ut avarus se probet ac potius laudet diuersa sequentes, Hor. s. 1, 1, 109; 9. w. etiam, atque etiam hoc praedicito tibi, Pl. Aul. 1, 2, 21; Atque etiam habeto mulierem dono tibi, Ps. 4, 6, 12; add 4, 7, 125; Atque etiam nunc tempus est, Ter. Haut. 1, 2, 13; add Ad. 4, 5, 28; 2, 2, 1; atque etiam in rebus prosperis..., Cic. off. 1, 90; add 1, 91, 1, 106; or. 2, 251; or. 139; N.D. 2, 30; Sal. Cat. 52, 26; Iug. 85, 21; Liv. 3, 46, 9; 10, 5, 14; 44, 22, 8; 10. w. quoque, C. Verberasti patrem atque matrem, B. Atque occidit quoque, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 133; add Amph. prol. 30; atque ex hoc quoque intellegi poterit..., Cic. N.D. 2, 32; ac humbricos quoque..., Cels. 2, 3, f.; ac sanguinem quoque..., 3, 6, 37, 31 D.; atque id quoque malum..., 5, 28, 3; ac de his quoque legumibus quae..., Colum. 2, 13 (14), 3;

11. w. tamen, Cato orig. 23, 12; Cic. fin. 2, 85; off. 3, 118; rep. 1, 12; or. 3, 35; prov. cons. 16; Tac. an. 3, 29;

12. w. quidem, ubi arma sunt Stratipodici? Poli illa ad hostes transfugerunt. Armae? Atque quidem cito, Pl. Epid. 1, 1, 28; add Trin. 3, 1, 10; Cic. leg. 2, 12;

13. w. insuper or super, atque adiuret insuper, Pl. Amph. 3, 2, 8; ac super quoque recte quaedam malagmata iniuncitur, Cels. 4, 17 (10) f.; 14. w. non, decipiam ac non ueniam, Ter. Haut. 4, 4, 6; Nimium inter uos Demea, ac (so all mss but A) Non quia adeo praesens dico hoc perminum interest, Ad. 3, 3, 39; parum controuersiam dicis ac non eam quae dirinat omnia, Cic. leg. 1, 54; Rose. Am. 92; Att. 1, 16, 4; agr. 2, 101; Liv. 7, 3, 9; 8, 27, 2; atque non preffered by Plin., as: 7, 94; 22, 108; 27, 78; 31, 74; 15. w. a repeated word, iterum atque iterum, Cato orat. 36, 5; alio atque alio elata uerbo, Cic. or. 72; alio atque alio loco requies-

cere, Sal. Jug. 72, 2; alia atque alia appetendo loca, Liv. 1, 8, 4; add 2, 11, 2; 8, 23, 17; 22, 15, 7; so w. etiam, Vide Fides etiam atque etiam nunc saluum ut aulam abs te auferam, Pl. Aul. 4, 2, 7; multa sibi etiam atque etiam esse discenda, Cic. Tusc. 3, 69; add fam. 13, 5 f.; Quare etiam atque etiam sunt nunti corpora caeca, Lucr. 1, 295; add Liv. 22, 1, 3, 4; 38, 9, 1; 41, 19, 6; Hor. ep. 1, 18, 76; **16.** w. opposed words, nobiles atque ignobiles, Sal. Cat. 20, 7; honesta atque inhonesta, 30, 4; bello ac pace, Liv. 6, 41, 4; calor ac frigus, 21, 4, 6; ubi bellum ingrat, innocentes ac noxios iuxta eadem, Tac. an. 1, 48; **17.** w. vb. of special action after gen. vb. of going, Fures neni-se atque abstulisse dicito, Pl. Aul. 1, 2, 19; Heus Staphila prodi atque ostium aperi, 2, 6, 1; add 4, 4, 32; 4, 6, 12; 5, 9; **18.** at times after a neg., often to be translated by but or nay, Verum si incipies neque perdes nauiter, Atque...nullo ad eam neniens, indicans. Te amare..., actumst, illicet, Ter. Eun. 1, 1, 7; ne pulchrum se putaret atque aliquid ipse sua sponte loqueretur, Cic. Mur. 26; barbari nihil remittere, atque noctem pro se rati, acius instare, Sal. Jug. 98, 2; **19.** often of a sudden discovery of one just talked about, atque eceum nideo..., Pl. Cure. 3, 85; Ter. Andr. 3, 3, 48; Eun. 3, 2, 2; Hec. 4, 1, 8; **20.** so in old writers and in poets, in an apodosis, of a sudden start, why look, forthwith, Dum circumspicito atque ego lenibum conspicio, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 45; Quom eum (se, senatum) conuocauit atque illi me ex senatu segregant, Most. 5, 1, 9; Quom ad portam uenio, atque ego illum illic nideo praestolarier, Epid. 2, 2, 33; to this some refer, atque illum abstrahat, Merc. 2, 1, 19; Atque illum in praecips..., Verg. G. 1, 203; atque ille praecipit..., Liv. 26, 30, 16; atque omnes..., Stat. Th. 2, 26; and, what is without authority, atque eat in Cic. leg. 2, 9; **21.** hence in Digests statim atque, the moment that, quamvis statim atque interesset mulier, competierat, Paul. 16, 1, 24, 3; iudici statim atque index factus est omnium rerum officium incumbit, Ulp. 21, 1, 25, 8; **22.** in comparisons the two objects are often united by atque, as: Per deos atque homines, Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 69; add Trin. 2, 4, 119; Cic. leg. 1, 23; caelum atque terras tueus, 2, 9; add Eun. tr. 292 V; Diuortum mores uirgini longe ac lupae, Epid. 3, 3, 22; Aequo mendicis atque ille opulentissimus Censetur censu ad Acheruntem mortuos, Trin. 2, 4, 92; Aequae amicitiam atque inimicitiam in frontem promptam gero, Eun. tr. 8 V; Timeo ne aliud credam atque aliud nunties, Ter. Hec. 5, 4, 4—that I am believing one thing and you reporting another, that I believe something different from what you report; litteris Graecis atque Latinis iuxta... cruditis, Liv. Jug. 95, 3; nix pariter patribus ac plebi carus, Liv. 2, 33, 10; per iuxta iniua ac deuia assueti decurrunt, 21, 33, 4; so far the objects of comparison are brought close together and symmetrical in gram. constr. and in order; and in this case que and et might be used; but atque is not so limited; hence: **23.** gen. in comparisons, as, than, from, esp. w. aequus atque, par pariter, similis similiter; quam ego fabulam aequae ac me ipsam amo, Pl. Bac. 2, 2, 36; add Aul. 2, 4, 18; si parem hic sapientiam habet ac formam, Mil. 4, 6, 36; add Men. 5, 1, 52; Amph. 4, 1, 11; Hanc consilii ingenio atque ille est, Bac. 3, 3, 50; Eandem animum oportet nunc mihi esse... Atque olim, Most. 1, 3, 64; Nam opulenti cum locum pariter atque ignobiles..., Eun. tr. 230; miser aequae atque ego, Ter. Andr. 4, 2, 19; add Ph. 4, 1, 15; Pariter nunc opera me adiunx ac re dudum opulenta es, 5, 3, 3; at hi cuncti aequae atque illi, Cic. N. D. 3, 45; add am. 22; div. 1, 45; Sull. 51; neque mihi par ratio cum Lucilio est ac tecum fuit, N. D. 3, 3; neque uero illum similiter atque ipse eram commotum esse uidi, Cic. Phil. 3, 9; add Rab. perd. 14; agr. 1, 13; quos in parem iuris conditionem atque ipsi erant receperunt, Caes. b. g. 1, 28 f.; add 5, 13; modo ne in aequo hostes apud nos sint ac nos socii, Liv. 39, 37, 14; similium panem fore ac bello Gallico fuerit, 6, 28, 6; **24.** and w. pron. words, as: ita, idem, item, totidem, talis, ita ius dedit..., ac si? is confessus esset, CIL 205, 2, 46; in hanc

(causam) argumentationes ex iisdem locis sumendae sunt atque in causam negotialem, Cic. inv. 2, 70; analogiae non item ea definienda quae dirigitur ad naturam uerbum atque illa quae ad usum loquendi, Varr. l. 10, 4, p. 586 Sp.; add 9, 40 f.; ut cum totidem uerbis atque erat profectus Athenas rediret, ps. Nep. Milt. 7, 4; Faxo tali eum nactum atque hic est infortunio, Ter. Ph. 5, 9, 39; honos tali populi Romani uoluntate paucis est delatus ac mihi, Cic. Vatin. 10; **25.** so w. adv. such as iuxta, proxime, sireps, simul, qui me omnibus rebus iuxta ac si meus frater esset sustinuit, Cic. post red. in sen. 20; absentium bona iuxta atque interemptorum diuisi fieri, Liv. 1, 54, 9; non possum ego aut proxime atque ille aut etiam aequae laborare, Cic. fam. 9, 13, 2; s(i)reps) causa esto atque uti esset sci..., CIL 205, 2, 10 and 40; **26.** w. simul, as soon as, at the same time that, simul ac mihi collibitum est, Cic. N. D. 1, 108; simul atque se inflexit in dominatum iniuriorem, rep. 2, 43; add Verr. 2, 1, 34; simul atque de Caesaris aduentu cognitum est, Caes. b. g. 5, 3, 3; Quam simul ac tali persensit peste teneri, Verg. 4, 90; **27.** w. alius and its adv. then, from; iuxta uti modo Me uerberare atque ego te soleo cogitas, Pl. Ps. 1, 5, 59; alio illi sunt ingenio atque tu, 4, 7, 35; Alium esse censes nunc me atque olim cum dabam? Ter. Andr. 3, 3, 13; nunc aliorum atque ego feci acceperit, Eun. 1, 2, 2; in republica non alius essem atque nunc sum, Cic. fam. 1, 9, 21; quod in aliis rebus aliusque sententia uersaris atque ille, leg. 2, 17; add acad. pr. 2, 15 and 101; or. 237; Att. 16, 13, 1; Tusc. 3, 73; Verr. 2, 1, 119; longe aliam esse nauigationem in concluso mari atque in vastissimo Oceano, Caes. b. g. 3, 9, 7; alio loco alio tempore oportuerit reuincant, 7, 33, 3; **28.** w. contrarius and contra, qui uersantur retro contrario motu atque caelum, Cic. rep. 6, 17; contrarium decernebat ac paulo ante decreuerat, Verr. 2, 1, 120; contra atque in ceteris causis fieri solet, Sull. 69; eum contra ac Deiotarus sensit uictoria diuulsi carit, Phil. 11, 34; **29.** w. perinde (=por-uide) or proinde and pro eo, ita iuxta deicito proinde atque se? statim datum esset, CIL 205, 1, 17; (but in Pl. Trin. 3, 2, 33 proinde ut merere in A, as usual with him); proinde habeo ac si? scripsisses nihil esse, Cic. Att. 3, 13, 1; perinde ac si? in hanc formulam omnia officia conclusa sunt, Rosc. com. 15; pro eo ac si? concessum sit, inv. 1, 54; pro eo ac debui grauitur tui, Sulp. ad Cic. 4, 5, 1; pro eo est ac si? adhibitus non esset, Ulp. dig. 28, 1, 22, 4; **30.** for the use of si (\*) and ut (f) see passages so marked; **31.** w. comp. than, amior mihi nullus mihi atque is est qui illam habet, Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 56; Nec fallaciam astutiorum nulli fecit Poeta atque uti haec est fabre facta a nobis, Cus. 5, 1, 8; non Apollinis magis aerum atque hoc responsum est, Ter. Andr. 4, 2, 15; Illi non minus ac tibi Pectore uirum intimo Flamma, Catul. 61, 176; Hanc minus ac inssi facit, Verg. 3, 561; Non tuus hoc capiet uenter plus ac meus, Hor. s. l. 1, 46; add 1, 2, 23; 2, 7, 96; grauius atque ipse sensisset, Suet. Caes. 14; **32.** so w. nimis, and seems w. a neg. wh. are disguised comparatives—the latter in good prose—, Eux (monosyll.) nimis nimis bellus atque ut esse maxime optabam locust, Pl. Bac. 4, 4, 73; non dixi secus ac sentiebam, Cic. or. 2, 24; add Mur. 10; solet in illis locis tempestas hand secus atque in mari retinere, Sal. Jug. 79, 6; **33.** w. ordinal numeral, hanc centensimum Partem dixi atque, otium rei si sit, possum expromere, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 169; **34.** also absol. without any such word of comparison as aequae etc., Sicut est hic quem esse amicum ratus sum atque ipse sum mihi, Pl. Bac. 3, 6, 20; digne ac mereor, Cass. ad Cic. 12, 13; quae succo caret atque putris pumex, priap. 32, 7; but in Pl. Cas. 4, 21, the Ambros, as has aequae atque; **35.** w. vb. into, Neque se luna quouam mutat atque uti exortat semel, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 118; Numquid uidetur demutare atque uti quidem Dixi esse, Mil. 4, 3, 37; **36.** atque repeated, chiefly in old prose and in poets, ut ego huius membra atque artia atque ossa Communiam illo scipione, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 102; add Pers. 5, 2, 6; Bac. 1, 2, 24; Mil. 6, 2, 106; ego in parsimonia atque in duritia atque (in) industria adolescentium meum abstini, Cato

orat. 43, 6; add 55, 10; Rhesi Manortia tellus, Atque Getae atque Hebrus et Actias Orithyia, Verg. G. 4, 463; rarely in Augustan prose, as: purpuram ac diadema ac (et?) satellites, Liv. 24, 5, 3. **37.** very rare in the sense of: both... and..., and only in poets, Atque deos atque astra uocat crudelia mater, Verg. B. 5, 23; Atque hinc atque illinc ueros ad uolnera durat, G. 3, 257; Hic crine effuso atque Henna numina Diuiae Atque Acheronta uocat, Sil. 1, 93; **IV 38.** often used in continuations, as first of a clause, Cic. or. 1, 4; 1, 107; 3, 40; 3, 62; Cael. 45 (bis); Man. 36; at times without emphasis, a mere and, thus uniting words all but synonymous, Set comprimunda uox mihi atque oratiost, Pl. Ps. 1, 4, 16; 3, 1, 22; Quod celatum atque occultatum usque adhuc, Aul. 2, 3, 10; mihi inani atque inopi, Bac. 3, 4, 19; **39.** hence turned to account for a clear distribution and grouping of the parts of a sentence, where it at times plays a subordinate part to et and que, caelestis atque incendia, et legum interitum, et totius urbis atque imperii oceanus appropinquare dixerunt, Cic. Cat. 3, 19; itaque productis copis ante oppidum consistunt; et proxima fossam crateribus integunt atque aggere explent, sequae ad eruptionem atque omnis casus comparant, Caes. B. G. 7, 79, 4; **40.** at times used disjunctively, and so=or, partly one and partly the other, as in atque aggere explent of last ex; at times to close an enumeration, which has no conjunction, with a general phrase, as: omnis odor fumus uapor, atque aliae res Consimiles, Lucr. 4, 90; rarely by a single term, as: Quidne superbia spurcitia ac (om. ac?) petulantia, 5, 47; often said to be substituted for atqui but, and so corrected by editors; but perhaps wrongly, cf. Pl. Aul. 4, 4, 9; 4, 10, 43; Mere. 3, 23; 4, 4, 2; Ps. 1, 1, 104; 4, 3, 7; Pers. 4, 4, 87 (here atque in Ai; Trin. 3, 2, 51; in Eun. 4, 6, 20 the Bemb. alone has atqui; but edd. leave untouched: Mihi quidem hercle non fit uerisimile; atque ipsi commentum placet (quidam libri: atqui ipsi says L.). Ter. And. 1, 3, 20; **41.** ac not before vowels; but Spengel ad Varr. l. 5, 10, p. 65 gives ac innumerales; also: ac ornamenta (so Flor. and B. but atque o. Havn.) 7, 3, p. 324; ac inde g. 1, p. 460; ac urnam, Varr. r. 1, 26; ac citium, 1, 47; but in Ter. Hee. 5, 4, 20 the Bemb. acc. to Umpf. has atque ingenium; in Pl. Men. 3, 2, 28 and Cic. Att. 1, 13, 48 and 4, 16, 12 the best MSS have not got ac; Pl. Truc. 1, 1, 65 (not 66) is corrupt; Cic. Q. fr. 2, 6, 3 simul ut in M<sup>2</sup>, and it is the usual form in Cic.; Cic. Tusc. 2, 13 and Phil. 11, 8; Liv. 3, 16, 4; 41, 24, 18; 42, 12, 3; Tac. or. 4, 1; 39, 3; 40, 3 have all been corrected; **42.** of course atque is often a false reading, as in Liv. 22, 39, 17 Cn. Serullius atque Atilius, wh. the phenomenon of the second consilium is unduly omitted, so that we should read: Cn. Serullius et M. Atilius;

**43.** Cf. *ἄνθρωπος* de and καὶ *ἄνθρωπος*.

**atqui**, (fuller and so prob. older form atquin; also ad-qui conj. [quin perh. a corruption of quidem] but assuredly, so you say but, true but, yes but, yct. T. quas si attingeris, oculos eripiam tibi. L. Atquin quia uotas utramque iam mecum abducam semul, Pl. Rud. 3, 4, 55; L. Tecum ago. T. Atqui mecum agendumst, 3, 4, 14; N. Numquam auferes hinc aurum. C. Atqui iam dabis, Bac. 4, 7, 26; Atqui pol. hodie non feres in gentia conficiantur, As. 3, 3, 80; add Pers. 4, 4, 31; Atqui nihil fecit patre quod susceperat, Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 33; T. Quid ais uenefica. P. Adqui certe comperi, Eun. 5, 1, 9; atqui Syre Hoc uerumst, Ad. 5, 5, 6; add Andr. 2, 6, 4; Haut. 4, 4, 7; o rem inquis difficilem et inexplicabilem! Atqui explicanda est, Cic. Att. 8, 3, 6; quid hoc indignum? Atqui hoc scitote aratoribus Verre praetore optandum fuisse, Verr. 2, 3, 200; Vitae hinculeo me similis Chloce. Atqui non ego te tigris ut aspera...persequor, Hor. od. 1, 23, 9; pecuniam admonit (Tito) ad aures sciscitans nam odore offenderet; et illo negante, Atqui inquit e lotio est, Suet. Vesp. 23; **2.** often used in logic in the connection of propositions, qui fortis est, idem est fidens...; qui autem est fidens is profecto non extimescit. Atqui in quo cadit ageritudo, in eundem timor...Ita fit ut... Cic. Tusc. 3, 14; (sol) necesse est aut ei similis sit igni quem... aut ei qui... Atqui... N. D. 2, 41; **3.** atquin (adquin) already in Pl., reappears in

the digests as: Paul. 3, 5, 18 (19); 4, 3, 18, 3; 36, 1, 59; Ulp. 1, 14, 3; 7, 1, 13, 8; Marcel. 40, 5, 56; Marcian. 48, 16, 1, 10; in Flor. 3, 12, 13; 4, 2, 53; in Lact. mort. pers. 23; Tertul. apol. 2 etc.; Prud. pr. Cath. 34; **4.** see also atque § 39.

**atquin**, see atqui.

**atractylis**, idis, f. lit. a spindle, hence a thistle-like plant so used, *carthamus lanatus* Linn., or *c. creticus*, Plin. 21, 95 and 184.

**atramentarium**, ii, adj. n. as sb. an inkstand, Gloss. Philox.

**atramentum**, i, n. ink, ea nomina in tabula atramento scriptos patrem tribum cognomenque, CIL 198, 14; Antiochus epistolis librum gerit, atramento militat, Cato ap. Jul. Rufin. 6, p. 199 Ruhnk.; Vna opera ebur atramento candefacere postules, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 102; of the cuttle fish, Cic. N. D. 2, 127; **2.** of different kinds, as writing ink (librarium), Cic. Q. fr. 2, 15 b, 1; Plin. 35, 43; 27, 52; 28, 66; Petr. 102; **3.** cobblers' ink (sutorium), sulphate of copper, Cic. fam. 9, 21 f.; (as a poison) Plin. 34, 112 and 114; a. tingendis coriis, 34, 124; **4.** black paint of painters, Plin. 35, 30 and 41; 35, 97; **5.** Indian ink, Plin. 35, 42.

**Atratinus**, as a cognomen of adoption, Cic. Cael. 2; L. Sempronius A. on a coin, Eckh. 1, 304.

**atratris**, quasi-part. blackened, atratis dentibus, Caecil. ap. Non. 19, 19; fluius sanguine, Cic. div. 1, 98; **2.** esp. dressed in mourning, celo quis umquam cenarit atratus, Cic. Vat. 30 and 31; Crassus murenam mortuum tantum filiam luxit, Macr. s. 3, 15, 4; plebes, Tac. an. 3, 2; and met. Prop. 3, 5, 34.

**atriarius**, adj. as sb. m. hall-porter, Ulp. dig. 4, 9, 1, 5.

**atricapillus**, as sb. m. a black head, hence atricapilla as sb. f. a bird, Paul. ex F. v. melanocoryphi.

**atricolor**, oris, adj. of a black colour, Auson. ep. 7, 52; but in Ov. M. 11, 611 unicolor; in Plin. 2, 17 atricoloris.

**atriensis**, adj. as sb. m. hall-porter. Quasi te dicas atriensis. Immo atriensis ego impero, Pl. Ps. 2, 2, 15; add As. 2, 1, 16; 2, 2, 68 and 85 etc.; CIL 1540; Cic. Pis. 67; parad. 37; Colum. 12, 3, 9; Phaedr. 2, 5, 11; inser. Or. 2784; Ulp. dig. 1, 15, 1.

**atriolum**, i, n. dim. a small hall, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 1, 2; Att. 1, 10, 3; inser. Or. 4509.

**atriplex**, icis, m. or f. the kitchen vegetable orach, a. bortensis Linn., et grauis atriplexis, Colum. 10, 377; add 11, 3, 42; atriplex et siluestre est et satium, (perh. referring to olus), Plin. 20, 219; elsewhere gender not fixed, viz. book 19, §§ 99, 117, 119, 123, 170, 181; hoc mense atriplexem seremus, Pall. 5, 3, 3.

**atriplexum**, i, n. the same, Paul. ex F. 29 M.

**atritis**, itis, f. blackness, Pl. Poen. 5, 5, 11; a. = *μελα-νότης*, Gloss. Labb.; and prob. Paul. ex F. p. 28 M.

**atrium**, ii, n. in early days the chief room of a house, in atrio epulabantur antiqui, ut ait Cato, Serv. A. 1, 730; ibi et culina erat, ibi: matres familias nostrae in atris operantur domorum, Industrias testificantes suas? Arnob. 2, 67;

**2.** ait. a hall, in the houses of the great, non facit nobilem atrum plenum imaginibus, Sen. ep. 44, 5; add Dial. 11, 14, 3; neteres exornant uenique ceriae atria, Iuv. 8, 20; (columnas) marmoris in atrio Scauri, Plin. 36, 6; pueros talis ludentes in Titii imperatoris atrio, 34, 55; **3.** esp. for reception of clients etc., Atria seruant postico falle clientem, Hor. ep. 1, 5, 31; nobilibus qui honores gerundo praestare debent officia ciuibus faciunda sunt nestibula, atria, peristylia, Vitr. 6, S, 2; per refertum clientibus atrium, Sen. dial. 10, 4; **4.** and recitations, Nec nos atria nec demos potentum Nossemus, Mart. 5, 20, 5; add 1, 70, 12; tu nobilium magna atria curas? Iuv. 7, 91; **5.** of public buildings, atrium regium, the residence of the pontifex maximus, Liv. 26, 27, 3; in atrio Libertatis, Cic. Mil. 59; Vestae, Plin. ep. 7, 10, 2; atria auctionariis, Cic. agr. 1, 7; ex testamento a. auctionarium fieri iussit, inser. Or. 3439 (only repeated in 3883); and what were probably the same, Licinia atria,

Cic. Quinct. 12 and 25; non(um) atrium, inser. Or. 1575; in atrio aatorio tubi lustrantur, (the hall of a guild?) fasti Praen. (Mart.) x Kal. Apr.; 6. atria, as in Verg. 2.483; is a plural, and not poet. for atrium.

**Atrius**, adj. or sb. a gens, C. Atrius C. I. Eros, CIL 1029; Atria C. I. Arbuseula, ib.; add Caes. b. g. 5, 10, 2. **atrōcitās**, ātis, f. savagery, brutality, atrocity, fury, animi, Acc. ap. Non. 73, 20; Cic. acnd. pr. 136; animi, Cat. 4, 11; rei, Quinct. 52; faeti, Sal. Jug. 27, 1.

**atrōphia**, ae, f. atrophy, Caes. Aur. tard. 1, 1, 7; as Gr. in Cels. 3, 22; and Caes. 1, 1, 3.

**atrōphus**, i, adj. m. as sb. one suffering from atrophy, Plin. 22, 152; 26, 110 etc.

**atrōtus**, adj. invulnerable, Hyg. fab. 28 and 30.

**atrōx**, ōcis (?) adj. raw, simul atrocitas procreant exta ministratores, Naev. ap. Non. 76, 5; quae addit: atrox crudum; (Graeci) *αἰσχροτα* appellant quae cruda sunt, Paul. ex F. p. 18 M. 2. bloody, bellum, Sal. Jug. 5, 1; certamen, Liv. 3, 1, 4; caedes atrocior, 24, 16, 3; Gradinus, Sil. 9, 486; 3. savage, furious, fierce, brutal, atrocies in rogationes coorti sunt, Liv. 4, 3, 2; Scauit atrox Volensens, Verg. 9, 420; Nisus, G. 1, 407; Iuno, A. 1, 662; Tydides, Hor. od. 1, 15, 27; atrocissimi tauri, Plin. 8, 74; Agrippina, Tac. an. 4, 52; (Poppaea) semper odio, tum et metu a., 14, 61; 4. savage in a good cause, stern, immovable, atrocem animum Catonis, Hor. od. 1, 2, 24; atrox illa fides (of Regulus), Sil. 6, 378; 5. met. res tam atrox (as parricide), Cic. Rose. Am. 62; pestem atrocissimam (of vivisection), Cels. 1 pr. (7, 18 Dar.); facinus, Tac. an. 4, 45; atrociora maleficia, Paul. dig. 48, 18, 8; 6. of weather, hora Caniculae, Hor. od. 3, 13, 9; hiemps, Plin. 18, 353; nox, Tac. an. 4, 59; tempestas, 11, 31; nis, Ulp. 43, 16, 1, 3; 7. of abstract nouns, astutia, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 6; malitia, Acc. ap. Non. 260, 21; confidentia, Cic. ap. Non. 262, 10; suspicio, Cic. Marc. 21; 8. of words, dreadful, litterae, Cic. fam. 9, 26, 3; genus (orationis), or. 2, 200; rumor, Tac. h. 1, 54; mendacium, 2, 54; untill, 2, 99; 11. atrociter adv. Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 160; Sal. Jug. 37, 1; atrocins, Tac. h. 2, 56; atrocissime, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 16, 2.

**Atrusca**, uua, a kind of grape, Plin. 3, 20, 7.

**atta**, ae, m. father, attam pro reuerentia seni dicimus, Paul. ex F. p. 12 M.

**Atta**, ae or Attus, i, m. perh. the same, a praenomen of the founder of the Claudian gens, Attus Claudius cui postea Ap. Claudio fuit nomen, Liv. 2, 16, 4; Atta Claudio gentis principe, Suet. Tib. 1, 2; also a cognomen, as of the poet C. Quinctius Atta, of Hor. ep. 2, 1, 79; Gell. 6 (7), 9, 8; Char. 241, 28 K; Dion. 490, 8; said by Paul. ex F. p. 12 M to mean one who walks on his toes.

**attactus**, ūs, m. beginning to touch, touch, (bones) corum attactu (ad. ad tactum, perh. better) non asperum, Varr. r. 2, 5, 8; Cuius ab attactu, Ov. M. 14, 414; (anguis) inter nestes Voluitur attactu nullo, Verg. 7, 350.

**attāgen**, enis, m. heathcock or grouse, Non attāgen Iōnics, Hor. epod. 2, 54; attagen maxime Ionius celebrat; iam et Gallia Hispanique capitur, Plin. 10, 133; add S. 228.

**attāgena**, ae, f. the same, Ionicarum gustus attāgena, Mart. 13, 61; add 2, 37, 3; Apic. 7, 220 and 222 Seh.

**Attalicus**, adj. of Attalus, the wealthy king of Pergamus, esp. of cloth interwoven with gold, aulaea, Prop. 2, 32, 12; Sil. 14, 660; nestes, Prop. 3, 18, 19; torus, 2, 13, 22;

2. absol. Attalica n. pl., aurum intexere innent Attalus unde nomen Attalics, Plin. 8, 196.

**attāmēn**, or at tamen, but still, yet however, Attamen. Non attamen (al. tamen, agst metre) caue sis malo ergo et sequere me, Pl. Pers. 5, 2, 54; and perh. Curo. 4, 2, 3; Cas. 2, 4, 20; but in Ter. And. 5, 3, 23 tamen alone; and in Haut. 2, 1, 13, Benth. reads st agit, attamen; tamen though ass have, what is better, sat agit, attamen; Attamen me nirere, Cic. fam. 7, 26, 2; but he has at tamen diuini; at pro nostro tamen studio, or. 3, 14; si non pari, at grato tamen munere, Brut. 15; Nil mihi rescribas, attamen ipse ueni, Ov. her. 1, 2.

**attāmīno**, (adt.) (duplicates a sb. attamen fm attingo, cf. examino, contabundo) āre, lay a finger upon, ut nihil quod ad eorum fortunam attaminaret, Capitol. Gord. 27, 1; ne quis ullam attaminet, Iustin. 21, 3, 4; 2. and so damage, consulta imprudentia, Aur. V. 16; 3. pollute, sacramentis Iudaicis, cod. Th. 3, 1, 5.

**attāt**, or attāt (w. varying accent), conj. [at (old form ast) repeated] yes but, but, scriptum erat in oratione... (which was about to be read when Cato says: Attat noli noli peribere inquam istud; nolunt audire). Cato orat. 37, 6 Iord.; 2. int. of stuttering under surprise (cf. attate), as at a sudden sight, but but, Quis hic st. operto capite qui Aesculapinam Salutat? attat (why) quem quaerebam, Pl. Cure. 3, 20; Attat eorum adest propinque, Truc. 2, 7, 2; Attāt e fauo recipere uideo se Synecrastum, Poen. 4, 1, 5; add Aul. 4, 8, 12; 3. of a sudden noise, Attat, concedam huc, audio aperiri fores, Pl. Cas. 2, 7, 11; add 3, 4, 29; Attat perhi hercle miser ego (senex) aperit bacchanal, Aul. 3, 1, 6; add 4, 5, 5; 4. of a sudden thought, halloa, ah ah, so ho, Attat oblitus sum intus dudum edicere Quae nolui edicta, Pl. Pers. 4, 7, 12; add Cure. 4, 4, 27; Percussit illico animus: Attat hoc illud est, Ter. And. 1, 1, 98; add Eun. 4, 5, 1; Ph. 5, 8, 70; 5. the form attat preferred in Wagner's Aul.; elsewhere attat.

**attātē**, (attatae\*) *arrata* and *iarrata*, conj. of stuttering under surprise, like attat 2, ah ah, Sollicitus mihi nescio qua re nunc uidetur. Attate, Pater hic quidem memini, quem uideo, Pl. Merc. 2, 3, 30; meam amicum adiui te esse mercatum. Attate (A attatae\*)! Nunc demum scio ego hunc qui sit, Epid. 3, 4, 21; attattattat attatae\*, Naev. ap. Char. 240, 23.

**attattattat**, see attate.

**attēgia**, ae, (a foreign word) f. a hut, Dirne Maororum attēgia, Iuv. 14, 196; Deo Mercurio attēgia tegulicam... ex uoto, inser. Or. 1396.

**Attēius**, see Ateius.

**attēlebus**, i, m. a small wingless locust, Plin. 29, 92.

**attēmpēries**, ē=temperies, Cod. Th. 9, 3, 2.

**attēmpēro**, see adtempero.

**attendo**, (adt.) d, utis, ēre, vb. stretch to or towards, aurem, Acc. ap. Non. 238, 9; caelo nauis, Apul. M. 11, 13 f.; nemus fluuio adceditur, 6, 11; caput eodem (ad terram) habens attentum, Hygin. astr. 3, 20;

2. gen. w. animo, direct the mind (to), attend carefully (to), ita animus coepi attendere, Ter. Ph. 5, 6, 28; cum animum attenderis, Cic. off. 3, 35; dictis animum, Lucil. ap. Non. 275, 21; attendite animos ad ea quae consequuntur, Cic. agr. 2, 38; iubet peritos linguae attendere animum, pastorum sermo agresti an urbano propior esset, Liv. 10, 4, 9; 3. w. animo in place of animum, Sed eum animo (animum?) attendi ad quaerendum quid siet, Pacuv. ap. Non. 238, 15; 4. attendo absol. attend, listen, audi audi atque attende ut scias quid ego Plancio debeat, Cic. Planc. 68; diligenter attendite, Mil. 23; 5. w. acc. attend to, observe carefully, first w. acc. of person, quoniam me tam diligenter attenditis, Cic. Arch. 18; add Sull. 33; Verr. 2, 1, 27; attendo te studioso, fin. 40; 6. w. acc. of thing, stuporem hominis, Cic. Phil. 2, 30; primum uersum (legis), Rab. perd. 14; hostium res, Sal. Jug. 88, 2; heuce in pass. aequae prima et extrema pars attenditur, Cic. or. 3, 192; 7. w. dat. first of person, ei magis quam Caesaris attendunt? Plin. pan. 65; 8. w. dat. of things, sermionibus malignis, Plin. ep. 7, 26, 2; notis, Sil. 8, 591; 9. apply oneself diligently to, eloquentiae, Suet. Cal. 53; extispicio, Ner. 56; iuri, Galb. 4 f.; 10. w. inf. Quil futurum sit, si pol hanc ego discere artem attenderim, Pomp. ap. Non. 238, 16; 11. attentus as an adj., on the stretch, attentive, animus in spe atque in timore a, Ter. And. 2, 1, 3; attentissima cogitatio, Cic. or. 3, 17; studium, Val. M. 6, 9, ext. 1; attentissima cura, 2, 2, 7; 12. of persons, attentive, iudex, Cic. or. 2, 82; auditor, Cornif. ad Hor. 1, 7; add auris, Hor. s. 2, 1, 19; 13. in ref. to money, careful, frugal, close, nimium ad rem attenti, Ter. Ad. 5, 8, 31; ceterarum rerum paterfamilias et prudens et attentus, Cic. Quinct. 11; attentus quiescit, Hor. s. 2, 6, 82; and absol. durus nimis attentusque, ep. 1, 7,

01; ut patris attenti, 2, 1, 172; **14.** attente adv. Ter. Haut. 2, 1, 13; Cic. fam. 7, 19; attentius, fin. 5, 4; Sal. Cat. 52, 18; attentissime, Cic. or. 1, 259.

**attentio**, ōnis, f. stretching to, aiming, Cic. or. 2, 149; **attenuatio**, ōnis, f. making thin, hence met. suspensio, Cornif. ad Her. 2, 3; nerborum, 4, 16.

**attenuo**, (adt.) (tenuis) ēre, vb. make thin, thin, sortes, Liv. 22, 1, 11; inuenum corpora, Ov. a. 8, 1, 735; sagitta acuminata attenuata, Colum. 3, 17, 2; attenuatus amore, Ov. M. 3, 389; attenuatum te continuatione laborum, Aug. ap. Suet. Tib. 21; foliorum exilitate usque in fila attenuata, Plin. 21, 30; crustas (marmoris), Plin. 36, 53; **2.** thin in number, legio proclis attenuata, Caes. b. c. 3, 89, 1; gens attenuata bellis, Plin. 5, 17; **3.** met. bellum, Cic. Manil. 30; vires, Liv. 39, 29, 4; arboris umbram, Catul. 64, 41; opes, Ov. M. 8, 844; Pont. 4, 5, 38; curas, tr. 3, 4, 16; 4, 6, 18; insignem, Hor. od. 1, 34, 13; **4.** esp. of style, oratio nimia religione attenuata, Cic. Brut. 283; add Cornif. ad Her. 4, 11; **5.** as adj., vox attenuatissima, Cornif. ad Her. 4, 53; uoce attenuatissima, 3, 25; **6.** attenuate, adv. Cic. Brut. 201.

**atterianus**, see attereanus.  
**attero**, (adt.) triui, tritus, tōrere, vb. rub against, Cerberus leniter atterens eandem (sc. terrae, in wagging it), Hor. od. 2, 19, 30; spinetis se scabendi causa atterens (asinus), Plin. 10, 204; folia (lentis) dentibus dolore atteruntur, 24, 42; **2.** gen. destroy by rubbing, wear out (more or less), wear, chafe, Nonne antestaris? Tuan ego causa, carumfex Quoquam mortali libero auris atteram, Pl. Pers. 4, 9, 11—a man being made a legal witness by touching his ear; sulco attritus nomen, Verg. G. 1, 46; Aut opere insuetas atteruisse manus, Tib. 1, 4, 48; Num grauis imbelles atterit hasta manus? Prop. 4, 3, 24; dentes uos atteruntur, Plin. 7, 70; femora atteri adurque equitatu, 28, 218; add 2, 158; attritis partibus (chafed), Plin. 20, 51; 24, 43; 27, 116; but in Cels. 1 pr. (4, 17 D) read teri in uentre cibum; **3.** met. seriously impair, eorum famam, Sal. Cat. 16, 2; Italiae opes, Iug. 5, 4; add 79, 4; 85, 46; attritis opibus, Tac. h. 1, 10; attritis Italiae rebus, 2, 56; et uincere inglorium et atteri sordidum arbitrabatur, Tac. Agr. 9; bellis attrita, Plin. 6, 182; **4.** attrita fronte, reddened as it were by rubbing and so proof against blushing, Iuv. 13, 242; cf. perfricare frontem, Calv. ap. Quint. 9, 2, 25; and Mart. 11, 27, 7; **5.** attritus as adj. mentum paulo attritus, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 94; **6.** attrita as sb. pl. n. parts chafed, Plin. 23, 87; 29, 33; 30, 70; **7.** in Tac. or. 18 Halm has aridum.

**attertiarius**? in Vitr. 3, 1, 6 Rose has tertiarium.  
**attertiatus**, part. boiled down to a third part, lixiuium, Plin. Val. 1, 29.

**attestatio** etc. see adtestatio.  
**attexo**, (adt.) textus, ēre, add by interlacing, loricae ex cratibus attextur, Caes. b. g. 5, 40, 6; **2.** met. Cic. Tim. 11 f.; Varr. r. 2, 5; 2; Apul. M. 5, 16 f. (dub.); adtextis erubibus feminam mentiebatur, 11, 8.

**Attianus**, adj. of Attius, milites, Caes. b. c. 1, 13, 5; 2, 34, 16; pars, Iulian. dig. 28, 6, 32.

**atticisso**, ēre, vb. assume the Attic character, hoc argumentum...Non atticissat, uerum sicilissiat, Pl. Men. pr. 11; add Apul. Flor. 18 f.

**Atticurgēs**, is, *Atticourgos*, es, adj. wrought in the Attic fashion, (columna) a., Vitr. 3, 3 (77, 11 Rose); genus, 4, 6 (96, 18); add 4, 6, 6 (98, 24).

**Attidiās**, ātis, adj. of Attidium, a town of Umbria, Plin. 3, 113; L. Muscio L. f. Ouf. Sabino patron(o) municip(ii) Attidiā(is), inser. Or. 88.

**attiguus**, adj. adjoining, contiguous, domus, Apul. M. 4, 12; nemus, 6, 12; possessores, prom. 10, 27 Lach. etc.

**attilio**, are, vb. tickle, animulum, Iul. Val. Alex. 3, 41.  
**attilus**, i, m. a kind of sturgeon, acipenser huso Linn., the Ital. adano, Plin. 9, 44.

**attinae**, ūrum, f. pl. heaps of stones as a landmark, prom. 139, 1; 142, 26.

**Attinas**, m. inhabitant of Attina or Attinum, Plin. 3, 105.

**attineo**, (adt.) ui, ēre, vb. hold tight, Reus (monos) solutus causam dicit, testis uinctos adlines, Pl. Truc. 4, 3, 63; Nunc senex est in tonstrina: nunciam cultum attinet, Capt. 2, 2, 18; ferrum deferat in pectus in proximi dextram in adinuissent, Tac. au. 1, 35; attineri publica custodiri iussit, 3, 36 f.; **2.** met. Forma (enim) huius mores uirtus animum attinere hic tuum, Pl. Mil. 4, 8, 18; Ita me uadatum amore nuncinquo attines, Bac. 2, 2, 3; add Men. 4, 2, 21; 5, 1, 41; Quamque attinendi magni dominatus sient, poet. ap. Cic. or. 157; Romanos spe pacis attinuit, Sal. Iug. 108, 3; uictorem exercitum attinuit obscurum noctis, Tac. h. 2, 14 f.; **3.** extend (to), Scythae ad Tanaim attinent, Curt. 6, 2, 13.

**4.** lead to, point to, Nunc quam ad rem dicam hoc attinere somnium, Pl. Rud. 3, 1, 19; **5.** attinet impers. it leads (to something), serves a purpose, is useful, quia attinet nos scire, Pl. Pers. 4, 6, 19; neque quemquam attinebat ille recusare, Cic. Quinct. 60; quid sentiam nihil attinet dicere, fam. 4, 7, 3; add Rosc. am. 96; quid attinuisse Hemicus agri partem reddi, nisi ut... Liv. 2, 41, 6; nec eosdem attinebat nominare, 23, 3, 13; quid attinebat rogare leges quas mox abrogare possint, 34, 3, 5; non omisset, si attineret meridianam caeli partem in cortice signare, Plin. 17, 83; **6.** w. ad and acc. lead to, bear upon, and so concern, uerum quod ad mentem attinet (so ass), Non hercle hoc longe (decedam), Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 81; Negotium hoc ad me (so ass) attinet aurarium, Bac. 2, 2, 51; conperbam nihil ad Pamphilum Quoquam attinere, Ter. And. 1, 1, 63; quod ad me attinet, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 1, 1; **7.** in pl. cetera quae ad colendam uitam attinebant, Cic. fin. 4, 38; ea conquisierunt quae nihil attinebant, Cornif. ad Her. 1, 1.

**1.** attingo, (adt.) ēre, (tingo or tinguo) implied in part. adinctus, moistened, Veg. vet. 1, 11, 7.

**2.** attingo, or adt. (old attigo; ad=an, s. ad § 30, 6) tigi, tactus, ēre, vb. begin to touch, lay a finger upon, set foot upon, dabatur malum, Me quidem si attigeris, aut si propius ad me accesseris, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 104; Ne sis me uno digito attigeris, Pers. 5, 2, 15; caue sis me attigas\*, ne tibi hoc seipsum malum magnum dem, 5, 2, 35; add Rud. 3, 4, 16; also 57 and 71; Truc. 2, 1, 17; Bac. 3, 3, 67 etc.; Atqui si illam digito attigeris uero, oculi ilico effodiuntur, Ter. Eunu. 4, 16, 2; add Hec. 1, 2, 61; Ph. 5, 9, 29; de praeda truncum nec attigit, nec tacturus (attactus?) est quisquam, Cic. fam. 2, 17, 4; si priusquam aries murum attigisset, se dedidisset, Caes. b. g. 2, 32, 1; quos, si Vestinus attingeretur, omnes habendos hostes, Liv. 8, 29, 4; **2.** met. qui primoribus labris gustatur genus hoc uitae et extremis ut dicitur digitis attigerit, Cic. Cael. 28; add or. 1, 87; rempublicam nulla ex parte attingit, Att. 2, 22, 3; add Arch. 17.

**3.** of navigation, attingere terram, make land, Caes. b. g. 5, 23, 6; b. c. 3, 6, 3; **4.** border upon, reach to, be in contact with, eorum fines, Caes. b. g. 2, 15, 3; Oceanum, 2, 34, 1; Rhenum, 4, 3, 3; regionem eam quae Ciliciam attingeret, Cic. fam. 15, 4, 4; (stomachus) utraque ex parte tollas attingens, N. D. 2, 135; Macedonia, Pis. 38;

**5.** met. at first, be allied to, be connected with, (proprie) eum ea cognatione attigat\*, CIL 198, 10; ciuitates quae cognatione populum Romanum attingunt, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 83; qui nos summa necessitudine attingunt, Q. fr. 1, 1, 6; **6.** other met., Quae nihil attingunt ad rem (the prep.) ne sunt usui, Pl. Merc. 1, 1, 32; have no bearing upon; antequam nuptas ad dolor attigerit, Cic. fin. 3, 16; ne alia causa delectat quae te non attingit, leg. 2, 3; ne quae me inuidia attingeret, fam. 3, 10, 10; erant perpauci quos ea fama attingeret, Liv. 27, 11, 14; **7.** for the form attingo to \* above add: ne attigas, Pl. Epid. 5, 2, 58; Bac. 3, 3, 41; Truc. 2, 2, 21; and Bac. 3, 3, 36; also Most. 2, 2, 37 as corrected from Diom. 382, 20 K. but in As. 2, 2, 106 metre requires attigas; attigerit CIL 198, 21; Custodite hunc nos ne quis um attulit neue attigat, Pacuv. ap. Diom. 382, 18; Age amolire, amitte, caue, nescit attigas, Acc. ap. Non. 75, 32; ne me attigas, Ter. And. 4, 4, 50 (so Palmer ej.; mss attigas agst metre; Mento summam aquam attigens (so 1 con.) fin metre; mss

attingens) enectus siti (see Key's Language, p. 102) Tantalus, poet. ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 100.

**Attio**, (atta) m. dim. a cognomen, Q. Ingenuus Attio, inser. Grut. 687, 12.

**attitūlo**, (ad, titulus) āre, vb. entitle, libris quos *περι ἀρχῶν* attitūlatu, Rufin. de orig.

**Attius**, ii, adj. or sb. a gens, L. Atti(us) C. f., CIL 1257; add Caes. b. c. 1, 12, 3.

**attolēro**, are, vb. support, statuas, Apul. M. 3, 4.

**attollo**, or adt., di\*, sus, ēre, vb. raise, super limen pedes, Pl. Cas. 4, 4, 1; signa, 2, 6, 5; pallium, Ter. Eun. 4, 6, 31; oculos, Liv. 6, 16, 3; (regem) attollunt ueneris, Verg. G. 4, 217; fracto crure planum, Hor. ep. 1, 17, 58; corpus ulnis, Ov. M. 7, 848; attollent minas serpentes, Colum. S. 2, 11; (anguis) attollens iras, Verg. 2, 381; equus exussit equitem, quem attollentem se Manlius terrae affixit, Liv. 8, 7, 10; manns, Quint. 11, 3, 115; 2. met. ad consularis spem attollit animos, Liv. 22, 26, 3; animos, Verg. 12, 4; Plin. pan. 44; partum, rem, Cels. 5, 26, 1, magnify; Cicerois studio Brutus Cassiusque attollerunt, Vell. 2, 65, 1; temperantiam suam laudibus, Tac. h. 2, 90; uocem, Quint. 1, 8, 1, 11, 3, 65.

**attondeo**, or adt., di\*, sus, ēre, vb. shave close, ent (the hair) close, caput attonsum habere, Cels. 4, 6, (128, 36 D);

2. met. of vegetation, attondent uirgula capellae, Verg. B. 10, 7; attonsus in aruis, Lucan. 6, 84; prata, Auson. Mos. 203; 3. met. shave or shear of all one's money, Nunc senex est in tonstrina... Sit utrum stricte natus attonsurum dicam esse an per pectinem Nescio, Pl. Capt. 2, 18; me dolis attondit\*, Bac. 5, 1, 9; add Epid. 2, 3, 6; attonsae ambae (oues) suut, Bac. 5, 2, 7; 4. of praise, Consiliis nostris laus est attonsa Laconum, poet. ap. Cic. Tusc. 5, 49.

**attōno**, or adt. ui, itus, ēre, vb. thunder at, strike with lightning, attonosus raro uidemus quorum et corpus et mens stupet. Fit interdum ictu pulmonis, interdum morbo, Cels. 3, 26; and met. ipsa attollit attonat summa, Maecenas, ap. Sen. ep. 19, 9; 2. stupefy, render insensible, as the result of actual thunder, attonosus quorum mentes sonus ille caelestis loco pepulit, Sen. n. q. 2, 27, 3; erat prope contonsus caeli fragor, attonosusque auribus stupens agmen..., Curt. 8, 4, 4; add Petr. 101; 3. of superhuman influence, make frantic, inspire, bewilder, attontae Baccho matres, Verg. 7, 580, where Conington's ed. quotes *αὐτῶν σπινθηροειδὲς φέροντες* of Archiloehus; attonosus nates, Hor. od. 3, 19, 14; quas semideae Dryades... Numine contactas attonosere suas, Ov. her. 4, 50; Quis furor... nestras attontit mentes? M. 3, 531; attontitae similis, 5, 510; 4. in poets met. of things, Attontitae magna ora domus, Verg. 6, 53; 5. esp. in part. attontitus, stupefied as if struck with thunder, astounded, astonished, belli terrore, Liv. 3, 68, 13; Attontitis haerere animis, Verg. 5, 529; 6. w. gen. of cause, attontitus serpentis equus, Sil. 6, 231; 7. as adj. frantic, persuasions, Plin. 29, 28.

**attorreo** ? or adt., ēre, roast ? nuces, Apic. 136 Sch. ? add § 275 ?

**attractio**, adtr., ōnis, f. contraction, literarum, Varr. l. 1, 1, p. 17 Sp.; rugarum, Pall. 5, 4, 3.

**attractōrius**, adj. attractive, uirtus (sulphuris), Aem. Mac. 4, 19.

**attractus**, ūs, drawing to, attractu, Diet. 5, 11.

**atrāho**, or adtr., xi, ctus, ēre, vb. drag before or to, adducit autem adeo attrahitur, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 61; nihil nobis duobus stultius est: me qui ne non Romam attraham, te qui non huc adules, fam. 7, 10, 4; tribunas attrahi ad se iubet, Liv. 29, 9, 10; attrahite huc uinctum, Ov. M. 3, 563; add Mart. 6, 66, 6; 2. draw to, draw up, attract, arcus, Ov. rem. am. 435; lora, 307—draw in; (magnes) ferrum, Plin. 36, 129; pulbo attrahens ac reddens animam—inhalating; spiritū suum, Cels. 6, 8 (244, 33 D); 3. met. (Sicilia) me ad hoc negotium attraxit, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 1; attrahit ad amicitiam similitudo, am. 50; discipulos nouos, Ov. F. 8, 330; 4. draw together, contract, Pollionis adtractiorem uidit frontem, Sen. ben. 4, 31, 4; uoluit tuus colligit rugas et attrahit (trahit Haase) frontem, 6, 7, 1.

**attractātio**, or adtr., ōnis, f. handling, furtum sine ad-

tractatione fieri posse, Gell. 11, 18, 23; add Pall. 4, 12, 1; Apul. D. Socr. 4; (exoletorum), Lampr. Hel. 12, 4.

**attrectātus**, ūs, m. handling, attrectatu, Pacuv. ap. Cic. Tusc. 2, 49.

**attrecto**, or adtr. (or attractio fm ad=ava and tracto) āre, vb. begin to handle, handle esp. what one ought not to touch, (libros) contaminatis manibus, Cic. har. r. 26; (sacra) me attrectare nefas, Verg. 2, 719; fasses, Liv. 28, 24, 14; ferialia, Tac. an. 1, 62; qui alienam rem attrectauit (iunio domino) furi tenetur, Sabin. ap. Gell. 11, 18, 20; fiscalem pecuniam, Paul. 5, 27, 1, 2; 2. esp. indecently, comperce me attrectare, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 137; add Pers. 2, 2, 45; Rud. 2, 4, 7; Cic. Cacl. 20; Suet. Ner. 26; 3. met. causam belli praetenderat attrectari terminos suos a Nicomede, (=uolari), Flor. 3, 5, 3 (1, 40).

**attremō**, ēre, vb. tremble at, oranti, Stat. Th. 8, 80; censurae, Sid. ep. 6, 1.

**attrepiō**, are, vb. hobble faster, Attrepidae saltem, nam nos appropere haud postulo, Pl. Poen. 3, 1, 41.

**attribūlo**, āre, vb. frq. rub again and again, folliculum, Aem. Mac. 4, 6.

**attribuo**, or adtr. ui, ūtus, ēre, vb. allot, assign (parts in distribution) omnis pecunia ita tractatur ut praeda a praefectis; quae autem mihi attributa est, a quaestore curatur, Cic. fam. 2, 17, 4; ut cuique erat locus attributus, Caes. b. g. 7, 81, 4; alteram partem uici Gallis concessit, alteram cohortibus attribuit, 3, 1, 6; dextra pars Massiliensibus attribuitur, sinistra Nasidio, b. c. 2, 4, 5; 2. sometimes with acc. of office etc., dat. of pers. (names) undecim familiaribus suis, Caes. b. c. 2, 22; uideo cui sit Apulia attributa, Cic. Cat. 2, 6; 3. sometimes vice versa of person (tell off), dat. of office etc., delectos ex omnibus legionibus ei classi attribuerat, Caes. b. c. 1, 57, 1; inuentute quae praesidio eius loci attributa erat, Liv. 24, 21, 12; pecus equitibus agendum, Sall. Jug. 90, 2; 4. without distribution, assign, pueros attribuit ei quot et quos uidebatur, Cic. Att. 12, 30, 1; uelim Lentulo puero de mancipiis quae tibi uidebatur attribuas, 12, 28 f.;

5. esp. of money allotted by the government for a purpose, uti consules, quanti locauerint, tantam pecuniam redemptori attribuendam curarent, Cic. Phil. 9, 16; add 14, 38; pecunia attributa, numerata est: profectus est quaestor in provinciam, Verr. 2, 1, 34; opera ex pecunia attributa fecerunt, Liv. 40, 51, 2; and then in private matters, Faberius si uenerit uidebit ut tantum attribuitur, si modo attribuitur, quantum debetur, Cic. Att. 13, 2, 1; 6. ei (quē) niam tuendam (sic) redemerit, tamtae (sic) pecuniae eum eosque quorum ante aedificium ea uia erit, ad tributo (sic) CIL 206, l. 40, give in to the contractor a list of persons rateably liable with powers to enforce payment; 7. hence in private life, of debtors assigned by power of attorney, ut debita et credita adtribuat, Gai. dig. 10, 2, 3; attributus quod appellas, ualde probro, Cic. Att. 13, 22, 4; 8. attach (territory) as subject to a superior state, power, (Comio) Murius attribuerat, Caes. b. g. 7, 76, 1; bello uictis (Syl-lyns) (Massiliensibus) attribuit, b. c. 1, 35, 4; insulae ab Sulla Rhodiis attribuitae, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 33; (Dolopes) uestro decreto patri attribuite meo, Liv. 42, 41, 13;

9. met. attribute, personam inducere et enumerationem ei attribueret, and soon after: legi orationem: hoc modo quid si leges loqui possent? Nonne...? Cic. inv. 1, 99;

10. attribute (to, as cause), ascribe, impute, bonos exitus dis immortalibus, Cic. N. D. 3, 80; qui si eruditus uidebatur disputare, attribuito Litteris Graecis, sen. 3; Bibulus quod mihi eum illo erat commune, sibi soli attribuit, fam. 2, 17, 7; add or. 2, 14; 11. a. ad amissionem..., Cic. Tusc. 3, 73 dub; 12. attributus, connected (with), belonging to, negotiis quae sunt attributa, Cic. inv. 1, 37 and 38; omnis res argumentando confirmatur aut ex eo quod personis, aut ex eo quod negotiis est attributum, 1, 34; add Gell. 4, 1, 21.

**attribūtio**, ōnis, f. assignment, as of a debt etc., Gai. dig. 10, 2, 3; Cic. fam. 16, 24, 1; Att. 15, 13, 5; 16, 1, 6; 16, 3, 5; 2. (fated) lot in life, quod unicuique attribuitur sua sit adscripta, Apul. mund. 38; 3. attribute or predicate, ex his attributionibus: sacer an profanus..., Cic. inv. 1, 38; cf. attribuo § 10.



**attritio**, ōnis, f. friction, Lampr. Heliog. 19, 5; Mart. C. p. 50 G. 55, 24 Eyss.

1. **attritus**, part. see **attero**.

2. **attritus**, ūs, m. rubbing against, friction, arborum, Plin. 8, 212; petrae, 9, 147; add 16, 208; 2. esp. chafing of skin, 24, 126; 26, 90.

**attūbus**, see **atypus**.

**attūlo** (= attollo, cf. ἄλλο of ἄλλοκα, and latus for tlatus) ēre, vb. bring to, dotem ad nos nullam attulas (al. attollas), Naev. ap. Diom. 380, 18 K; cf. Non. 246, 4.

**ātypus**, or attūbus, adj. speaking inaccurately, Cacl. Sab. ap. Gell. 4, 2, 5; Ulp. dig. 21, 1, 10, 5; Causa comosus hispidus trux a(t)tubus (so Seal. ej., *miss artubus*) Terentianus Phormio, Anson. ep. 22, v. 9; attūbus *μολυδαλος* Gloss. quoted by Seal.

**au**, int. [Variety of ab; cf. au-fer, E. off; or perh. shortened fin aufer te] be off, none of that, don't, heaven forbid, G. linguam... uendidi datarium. C. au! Nullam tibi linguast? Pl. Stic. 1, 3, 103 (Crocotium speaking); so again in mouths of women, as of Melanias, Cist. 3, 15; C. Quid? dasne is uxores habet? S. (Sostatra): au au unam ille quidem solam (I omit obscuro), Ter. Ph. 5, 1, 27; add Andr. 4, 4, 12 (of Mysis); Eun. 4, 4, 13 (Pythias); 5, 2, 60 (Thais); Haut. 5, 3, 13 (Sostatra); Ad. 3, 2, 38 (Canthara); Ph. 5, 3, 20 (Nausistrata), but in Eun. 4, 6, 20 (Chremes speaking) Bemb. seems to have al. uero, others au u.; add Afran. 97 and 103 R; pedes Fortunatae corripitos super lectum immisit. 'Au au' illa proclamauit aberrante tunica super genua, Petr. 67; 2. interiectio consternatae mulieris, says Donatus ad Andr. 4, 14, 12; cf. ad Eun. 4, 4, 13.

**āuāritia**, or -icia, f. avarice, Non mihi auaricia (so ECD) unquam innatit, Pl. Mil. 4, 2, 71; Em mea malefacta, em meam (so *ms*) auaritiam (or -iciam) tibi, Trin. 1, 2, 138; so al. (in B) auaricia, Ps. 3, 2, 13; Pers. 4, 4, 7; auaritiam si tollere uolitis, mater eius est tollenda, luxuries, Cic. or. 2, 171; quae Iugurtham tutata sunt remouitis, auaritiam impertit superbiū, Sall. Jug. 85, 45; 2. met. gloriae, Curt. 9, 2, 9; 3. in plur. Cic. fin. 4, 75.

**āuārities**, ci, f. the same, CIL 1459; Lucr. 3, 59.

**āuārus**, (auco) adj. greedy, avaricious, rapax auarus inuidus, Pl. Trin. 2, 2; Ne tuum animum auariorem faxint diuitiae meae, Capt. 2, 2, 70; homo auarus et furax, Cic. or. 2, 268; auariores magistratus, Verr. 2, 3, 190; homo auarissimē, 2, 1, 94; 2. met. of things, litus, Verg. 3, 44; fraus, Hor. od. 4, 9, 37; spes, 4, 11, 25; ne Cypriae merces Adiant auaro diuitias mari, 3, 29, 61; 3. greedy of other things than money, Quicquid quaesierat, uentri donabat auaro, Hor. ep. 1, 15, 32; Acheron, Verg. G. 2, 492; 4. auariter adv. avariciously, greedily, Quam si quis audis poscit escam auariter, Pl. Rud. 4, 7, 12; add Curc. 1, 2, 35; Cato and Claud. Q. ap. Non. 510, 15; 5. auare Ter. Haut. pr. 48; Cic. off. 3, 37; auarius, Colum. 1, 7, 1; auarissime, Sen. dial. 8, 5, 7.

**auella**, or -illa, ae, f. dim. of *auis*, a little bird, Apul. 181 Sch.; 194; add prob. *auilla* (*auis auilla*), Apul. M. 9, 33.

**auceo**, non-existent. In Mart. C. 46 G, Eyss. has: Zeno ducebat (not aucebat) femina.

**auceps**, fūpis, adj. bird-taking, as sb. a bird catcher, Auiceps quando concepinat aream, offundit cibum, Pl. As. 1, 3, 64; merulis intentus deicidit auceps In puteum, Hor. ep. 2, 3, 458; 2. met. Circumspicendum nequis nostro hic auceps sermōni siet, Pl. Mil. 4, 1, 9; add Stic. 1, 2, 45; inris consultus syllabarum a, one who picks out difficulties as to syllables, Cic. or. 1, 236; 3. a seller of birds, Hor. s. 2, 3, 227.

**auctāriūm**, adj. n. as sb. something thrown in as over-weight, nūm tu tanti emi illam (so Laclm. ej.)? Anticarium Adicio, Pl. Merc. 2, 4, 22; anticarium, quod super mensuram uel pondus instum adiciebatur, Paul. ex F. 14.

**auctifer**, adj. increase-bearing, terras, Cic. poet. ap. Aug. C. D. 5, 8.

**auctifico**, āre, vb. increase, fatten, cibis deos, Arnob. 7, 27.

**auctificus**, adj. causing increase, Lucr. 2, 571.

**auctio**, ōnis, f. increase, Macr. s. 1, 14, 1; 2. a sale

by auction, i.e. increased biddings, Auctio fiet Menaeclimi mane septimi, Pl. Men. 5, 9, 99; add Stic. 1, 3, 65; si posset auctio fieri de artibus tuis, quasi supellectilis solet, Cato ap. Prisc. 1, 279, 17; auctione se facturum esse proseribit eorum rerum quae ipsis erant priuatae, Cic. Quint. 15; reliqua auctione uendebat, Rosc. Ann. 23; rei quae in auctione uenerint, Gai. 4, 126.

**auctiōnālis**, adj. of an auction; hence *auctionalia* n. pl. as sb. *auction* accounts, Ulp. 27, 3, 1, 3.

**auctiōnārius**, adj. of an auction, atria, Cic. agr. 1, 7; tabulae, Cat. 2, 18.

**auctiōner**, (implies a sb. *auctionus* = *auctioneer*) vb. r., act as auctioneer, sell by auction, Cic. agr. 1, 7; 2, 53; Deiot. 25; Caes. b. c. 3, 20, 3.

**auctio**, āre, vb. increase and increase, pecunias faenore, Tac. an. 6, 22 (16); add Arnob. 7, 13.

**auctor**, ōis, (augeo) m. one who increases or promotes, hence one who sanctions what another originates, as in legislation, decreuerunt ut quum populus regem iussisset, id sic ratum esset si patres auctores fierent—ratified the election—Liv. 1, 17, 9; ut legum quae comitis ferrentur patres auctores fierent, S. 12, 15; add 1, 22, 1; 1, 32, 1; 6, 42, 10; Cic. Brut. 55; 2. beyond the field of legislation, hoc non potest dici, quod mihi sine tutore auctore promiserit, deberi, Cic. Caeclm. 72; maiores nostri nullam rem agere feminas sine tutore auctore uoluerunt, Ulp. 34, 2, 11; masculus minor amorum xiii testamentum facere non potest, etiam si tutore auctore uelit, Gai. 2, 113; ne aliter alimentorum transactio rata esset quam si auctore praetore facta, Ulp. dig. 2, 15, 8; 3. one who guarantees (a sale), egone ab lenone quicquam Mancipio accipiam quibus sui nihil est... Nec uobis auctor ullus est, nec uosmet estis ulli, Pl. Cure. 4, 2, 12; 4. a vendor, as guaranteeing a sale, (cf. E. grantor, orig. one who warrants) P. Caesennius, auctor fundi, Cic. Caeclm. 27; intellexerunt se id quod a malo auctore emissent, duntius obtinere non posse, Verr. 2, 5, 56; si ex utriusque persona et auctoris et emptoris exceptiones obiciuntur... Ulp. dig. 21, 2, 8; si modis agri (nenditi) minor inneniatur, pro numero ingenum auctor obligatus est, Paul. 19, 1, 4, 1; add Scaev. 19, 1, 52, 3; Modest. 21, 2, 63, 2; Ulp. 44, 3, 5; Venul. 44, 3, 15, 1; fideiussores, quem uolgo auctorem secundum uocant, Ulp. 21, 4, 8.

5. auctor of dub, meaning in: P. Vaccium Vitulum auctorem Histoniensium fundi Herianici, inser. Or. Henz. 6432; 6. gen. one who guarantees or authorises, non si mihi Iuppiter auctor Spondent, Verg. 5, 17; esp. in form auctor ut, ut scias me amare, cape cultum ac seca Digitum uel aurem... Sei monero me... auctor sum ut me... enices, Pl. Merc. 2, 2, 41; sine te uerberem. Sino: suspende uinci nerbera: auctor sum, sino. Si auctoritatem postea defugeris, ego pendeam, Poen. 1, 1, 18; 7. one who advises, guaranteeing as it were what he says, Quid nunc mihi auctor es, Milphio? Vt me uerberes, 1, 3, 1; mihi ut absim uehementer auctor est, Cic. Att. 15, 5, 2; 8. and so opposed to one who merely advises or urges, huins deditiōnis ipse Postumius qui dederatur, suar or auctor fuit, Cic. off. 3, 109; non enim supplex uenit, sed hortator atque auctor, part. 97; 9. w. neut. pr. ego ut animum ducam? idne estis auctores mihi? Ter. Ad. 5, 8, 16; 10. often in the form me auctore, on my authority, with my sanction, non me faciet auctore ut... Pl. St. 4, 2, 23; An paenitebat flagiti t auctore quod fecisset? Ter. Eun. 5, 6, 12; omnes istos me auctore deridete, Cic. or. 3, 54; auctores dis ad rem gerendam proficiscimur, Liv. 9, 14, 4; auctore eo patres censuerunt, 37, 47, 2; 11. one who is authority for a fact, statement, or rumour, haec se certis auctoribus compersisse, Caes. b. c. 2, 18, 3; hoc ubi uno auctore ad plures permanuerat, atque alius alii transdiderat, plures auctores eius rei uidebantur, 2, 29, 2; add 2, 37, 3; 12. esp. w. sum or habeo and acc. and inf., one who asserts or guarantees, auctores sunus tutam ibi maiestatem Romani nominis fore, Liv. 2, 48, 8; add 4, 26, 6; auctores sunt rei nouenis punctis (crabronum) interfici hominem, Plin. 11, 73; auctores habeo tantum uictorios inuenerunt fuisse ut... Tac. h. 3, 51; add an. 13, 20; 13. met. Id ita 'se ut credas, rem tibi

auctorem dabo, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 70; fortasse ita audistis ut auctorem rumorem haberetis, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 49;

**14.** gen. adviser, promoter, one who takes a lead, magnum partem laudis ad Libonem perenturam, si illo auctore atque agente ab armis sit discessum, Caes. b. c. 1, 26, 4; nihil (de pace) factum utio eorum quos esse auctores eius rei uoluisse, 3, 57, 2; **15.** one who is an authority in any matter, a model to copy from, non dico Caecilium, malus enim auctor Latinitatis est, Cic. Att. 7, 3, 10; dicendi gravis auctor et magister Plato, or. 10; non sordidus auctor Naturae erique, Hor. od. 1, 28, 14; **16.** originator, author, founder, doer, consiliarius, Caes. b. g. 6, 31, 5; belli, 3, 17, 3; defectionis, 6, 8, 8; L. Brutus auctor nobilitatis suae, Cic. Tusc. 4, 2; Auctor in incerto est, aculeum de parte sinistra Venit, Ov. M. 12, 419; facti, 9, 206; Troiae Cynthias a. Verg. G. 3, 36; genus... Auctore ab illo dicitur originem, Hor. od. 3, 17, 5; Porticus auctoris Luia nomen habet, Ov. a. a. 1, 72; quid miretur quisque in (amphitheatro) primum? inuentorem an inuentum? artificem (the builder) an auctorem (the designer, architect)? Plin. 36, 118; (statua) auctoris incerti, 34, 93; **17.** an author, a writer, rerum Romanarum (historian), Cic. Brut. 44; Alexandri (belli) incerti auctor est, Suet. Caes. 56; sine auctore nersus (anonymous), Aug. 70; but in many passages quoted for this, auctor has the sense of an 'authority'; **18.** used w. feminine, not auctrix, aues quibus auctoribus fidelis secutus esset, Cic. div. 1, 27; (Theoxena) auctor (adviser) mortis, Liv. 40, 4, 15; Auctor ego audendi (luno), Verg. 12, 150.

**auctoramentum**, i, n. binding oneself, esp. as a gladiator, illius turpissimum auctoramenti uerba sunt 'uri mirciri ferroque necari', Sen. ep. 37, 1; cf. Petron. 117; **2.** the money paid in return for this, rubrius reuocatis auctoramento centum milium, Suet. Tib. 7; **3.** and met. ipsa merces (of low handicrafts) auctoramentum seruitutis, Cic. off. 1, 150; Philippus (militi) subinde ex praeda aliquid uirtutis causa donauerat et crebris auctoramentis accendebat, Sen. ben. 4, 37, 1; opes auctoramenta sunt seruitutis, ep. 104, 34; nullum sine auctoramento malum est: auraria pecunia promittit, ambitio purpuram, 69, 4; add ita 2, 12, 5; iugulati cuius auctoramentum, Vell. 2, 28, 3; auctoramento funebri (Ciceronis) inuitando necem, 2, 66, 3—blood-money; auctoramento impudentiae depensa, Apul. apol. 3.

**auctoritas**, atis, f. acting as an auctor, warranty, authority, Si auctoritate postea defugeris, ... ego pendam, Pl. Poen. 1, 1, 19; impero: Numquam defugiam auctoritatem, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 99; attende quam ego defugiam auctoritatem, consulatus mei, Cic. Sull. 33; **2.** esp. of a tutor or guardian, de auctoritate tutorum, title of Dig. 26, 8; cum ipsi nihil permissum sit sine tutoris auctoritate agere, Gai. 1, 179;

**3.** of a magistrate, praetor ante proconsul auctoritatem suam finiendis controuersis interponit, Gai. 4, 139; **4.** title to property, ownership, esp. as opposed to usucapio, usus auctoritas fundi biennium est, Cic. top. 23; add Caccin. 54; aduersus hostem aeterna auctoritas, XII Tab. ap. Cic. off. 1, 37; quod abruptum erit, eius rei aeterna auctoritas esto, lex Aetna ap. Gell. 17, 7, 1; ut instrumentum auctoritatis (title deed) exhiberet, Scaev. dig. 13, 7, 43;

**5.** a. senatus, a resolution of the senate, which vetoed by a tribune did not become a senatus consultum, but had still a moral force, S. C. nullum exstat quo reductio regis tibi adempta sit, eaque quae de ea scripta est auctoritas, cui scis intercessum esse, tantum um habet, ut iratorum hominum studium esse nideatur, Cic. fam. 1, 7, 4; si quis huic S. C. intercessisset, senatui placere auctoritatem perscribi, quoted by Cic. fam. S. S. 6; si quis intercedat S. Cto, auctoritate se fore contentum, Liv. 4, 57, 5; **6.** a resolution of the senate, before it is sanctioned by the people (populus) so as to become a lex, tribuni plebis ex auctoritate senatus ad populum tolerunt ut... Liv. 26, 21, 5; ex auctoritate senatus cum rogationem promulgant, 42, 21, 5; **7.** in auctoritate patrum futuros esse, Liv. 3, 21, 2; nec in auctoritate senatus consules essent, 4, 26, 7; se in auctoritate Tarentinorum manere, 9, 14, 7—keep within, not transgress, may be compared with: in officio Fundanos esse Liv. 8, 9, 13 and in patrum potestate, 3, 21, 2; **8.** au-

thority for a statement, opinion etc., Quodsi exquiratur usque ab stirpe auctoritas, Unde quid audidit dicant, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 181; cf. auctor § 8; **9.** gen. authority, weight of example, sanction of the powerful, multa sunt quae afferant auctoritatem, ingenium opes aetas forma ars usus... Cic. top. 73; esse nonnullis quorum a. apud plebem plurimum ualeat, Caes. b. g. 1, 17, 1; **10.** of things, a model to be copied, maiestas imperii aedificiorum egerias habet auctoritates\*, Vit. 1, pr. 2; **11.** high estimation, great repute of, hos maxima debet esse auctoritas, Varr. r. 2, 5, 3; pullos (asinorum) epulari Maecenas instituit; post eum interit a. sapor, Plin. S. 170; praecipua a. fuit lupo et asellis, 9, 61; achates in magna fuit auctoritate, nunc in nulla est, 37, 179; **12.** in late writers, a title of honour, illustris a. tua, Th. cod. 5, 13, 15; excellens a. tua, 7, 7, 5;

**13.** often in pl., to 'above add' sed tu auctoritates contemnis, ratione pugnas, Cic. N. D. 3, 9; and or. 1, 180; 3, 5; Man. 51; Clu. 50; Sull. 13.

**auctoror**, ari, vb. r. make oneself an auctor, bind oneself, or, as guardian, one's ward, si tutor auctoretur, Pomp. dig. 26, 8, 4; ut alius auctorator inciscus, Ulp. 27, 6, 9;

**2.** as a gladiator, sell oneself for death or danger of death, quae depugnandi causa auctorator est, CIL 206, 113; Quod refert, uri uirgis ferroque necari Auctorator eas an...? Hor. s. 2, 7, 59; eum proximo munere (gladiatorium) inter novos auctoratos ferulis upulare placet, Sen. lud. de m. Claud. 9, 4; Baebius... municipibus loca sepulturae dat extra auctoratos et sibi ubi laqueo manus attulissent, CIL 1418; illum prohibuerunt theatro qui utilitate, qui gula se auctorasset, Quint. (2) declam. 302; **3.** beyond gladiators, (nites) scandentes cacumina (populorum) aequant, in tantum sublines, ut uindemior auctoratos rogam tumulume excipiat (makes special provision for), Plin. 14, 10; add ignes quidam se auctorauerunt ut certum spatium in tunica ardente conficerent, Tert. a. Martyr. 5; **4.** met. exsecrando metallo (sc. auro) pudicitiam suam auctorata est, sold, Apul. M. 9, 19; eo pignore (Polyxenidam) uelut auctoratum sibi proditorum ratus est, Liv. 37, 10, 8; gladiatorium proelia edebat, ipsum magis auctoratum populum Romanum circumferens, Plin. 36, 117; **II.** S. auctoror, are, Perperna Sertorium inter curiam interemit Romanisque certam uictoriam..., sibi perpetuam mortem auctorauit, won by the foul bargain, Vell. 2, 30, 1; **6.** auctoratus as a sb. one who has bound himself as a gladiator, si auctoratus meus subreptus fuerit, Gai. 3, 199.

**auctrix**, icis, f. one who guarantees or sells, imp. Dioc. et Max. cod. S. 45, 16; **2.** one who promotes, Tert. spect. 18.

**auctus**, ūs, increase, arboris, Lucr. 6, 168; maximis auctibus crescere, Liv. 4, 2, 2; add 29, 27, 3; Vell. 2, 40, 4; Plin. 2, 81; 4, 79; Tac. h. 4, 28.

**aucupābundus**, quasi-part. constantly bird-catching, trapping, animas, Tert. anim. 39.

**aucupālis**, adj. of a bird-catcher, perticae, Paul. ex F. v. amiles p. 21.

**aucupātiō**, ōnis, f. bird-catching, Quint. (2) decl. 13, S. **aucupatorius**, adj. of a bird-catcher, Plin. 16, 169 and 172; lemma of Mart. 14, 218.

**aucupātus**, ūs, m. bird-catching, Iul. Cap. M. Anton. 4, 9.

**aucupium**, ii, n. bird-catching, fowling, hic noster quaestus aucupi similiummst, Pl. As. 1, 3, 63 and 66; piscatu aucupio uenatione, Cic. fin. 2, 23; **2.** for table birds, poultry, minima infatio ex uenatione aucupio piscibus, Cels. 2, 26; in uentre peregrina aucupia congerere, Sen. dial. 1, 3, 6; **3.** met. facere aucupium aurius, Pl. Mil. 4, 1, 43; hoc nomon est aucupium (gnathonis), Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 16.

**aucupio**, see

**aucupor**, ari, vb. r. be a bird-catcher, catch birds, alio loco ubi aucupere, Varr. r. 1, 23, 5; qui in alienum fundum ingreditur uenandi aucupandique gratia, Gai. dig. 4, 1, 3;

**2.** met. examina (apuni), Colum. 9, 8, 8; **3.** esp. lay oneself out to catch (what is abstract), where we might often say fish for, gratiam, Cic. fam. 5, 12, 6; delectationem, or. 63; famam, Plin. pr. 30; **4.** esp. of picking up what

is said, rumorem, Cic. Pis. 57; rumusculos, leg. 3, 35; II 5. aucepo, the same, met. lepille aucepaui, Pl. Truc. 5, 72; sermonem, Most. 2, 2, 42; Aucepennus ex insidiis clanculum quam rem gerant, As. 5, 2, 31; add Men. 4, 1, 121; areana aucepit (Seal. ej., mss occupet), Sen. Her. Oet. 485.

**audācia**, ae, boldness, daring, courage, Neque eques neque pedes profectos quisquam tanta audacia..., Pl. Mil. 2, 5, 54; neque singulis derat audacia, Caes. b. g. 6, 34, 6; quanta cuiusque animo audacia inest, tanta in bello patere solet, Sal. Cat. 58, 2; diabus his artibus, audacia in bello, ubi pax euenerat, aequitate se gerebant, 9, 3; maiores nostri neque consili neque audaciae uictis, 25, 37, 12; add Prop. 2, 25, 38, 11; unde tanta audacia uictis, 25, 37, 12; add Prop. 2, 10, 5; Tac. Agr. 11; 2. often in a bad sense, as opposed to uirtus etc., audacity, impudence, rashness, Domi habet os linguam perfidiam malitiam atque audaciam, Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 41; add Ps. 5, 2, 8; As. 2, 2, 46; audacia propinquum (est fidetiae) et tamen uitium est, Cic. inv. 2, 165; animus paratus ad periculum, si sua cupiditate impellit, audaciae potius nomen habeat quam fortitudinis, off. 1, 63; malorum rerum audacia fortitudo uocata, Sal. Cat. 52, 11; pro pudore pro abstinentia pro uirtute audacia largitio auaritia uigebant, 3, 3; quod offundat in eo, feruorem et audaciam, aetatem quotidie auferre, Liv. 3, 12, 7; 3. in pl. Cato ap. Paul. ex F. p. 27; Cic. Att. 9, 7, 5; Verr. 2, 3, 208; Cat. 2, 10.

**audāculus**, adj. dim. of contempt, bold, Sulp. Ap. ap. Gell. 15, 5, 4; Gell. 5, 21, 4.

**Audasius**, adj. or sb. a gens, P. Audasius O. I. Stephanus, CIL 1131.

**audax**, ācis, adj. bold, daring, courageous, Quae non deliquit, decet audacem esse, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 206; audaxque inuenta, Verg. G. 4, 565; 2. gen. bold in a bad sense, audacious, impudent, mulier multum et audax et mala's, Pl. Men. 5, 1, 31; rogitas audacissime? Ter. Eun. 5, 4, 26; his enim uitis affectus malos aut audaces appellare consuetudo solet, Cic. Phil. 14, 7; paulo ad facinus audacior, Cat. 2, 9; 3. of other than persons, facinus audax, Pl. Mil. 2, 3, 38; Ter. Andr. 2, 3, 27; consilium, Liv. 25, 37, 17; quo audacior res erat, minus similis ueri uisa est, 26, 38, 9; coepit, Verg. G. 1, 40; dihyrambi, Hor. od. 4, 2, 10; spes, Plin. 28, 35; 4. w. gen. ingenii, Stat. silv. 3, 2, 64; 5, 3, 35; 5. w. inf. perpeti, Hor. od. 1, 3, 25; impingere, Prop. 4, 5, 13; spondere, Lucan. 7, 246; 6. adv. audaciter? or rather audacter, boldly, Mulier es, audacter iuras, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 206; loquere audacter, Capt. 2, 2, 60; add twenty other pass. wh. metre guarantees audacter; also Ter. Hant. 1, 1, 6; Ph. pr. 11; Enn. ap. Gell. 12, 4, 4; Accede ad sponsam audacter: (so Bothe ej. w. metre; mss audaciter) uirgo nulla est talis Setiae, Titin. ap. Non. 227, 15; add Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 134; aead. pr. 81; Liv. 9, 34, 12; Cic. Rose. Am. 31, which pass. however is quoted for audaciter by Prise, 2, 76, 28, who adds: per synecpam in usu est frequentiore audacter; in Liv. 22, 25, 10 Madv. audaciter (but 7); molestissima peruersitate ut audaciter potius dicant quam audacter, Quint. 1, 6, 17; 7. comp. audacius, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 98 etc.; sup. audacissime, Men. 5, 7, 14; Liv. 30, 12.

**audentia**, ae, f. courage, ut quisque audentiae habuisset, Tac. an. 15, 53; add G. 34; Plin. ep. 8, 4, 4; audacia temeritatis est, audentia fortitudinis, Non. 434, 5.

**audeo**, ēre, ausus sum, vb. [for auideo from audis, as inuideo from inuidis; cf. gaudeo for gaudeo, witness gaudium; and claudio for claudio from a lost sb. elaudis = κλειδο; see claudio; cf. also § 2, 1st ex.], be eager, Quos ubi confertos audes in proelia uidet, Incipio super his, Verg. 2, 347; cf. audis stetit Voleamus, eager for battle, Hor. od. 3, 4, 58 and audas legiones, Tac. au. 1, 51; Dimidiui facti qui coepit habere, sapere audeo, Incipio, make haste, Hor. ep. 1, 2, 40; cf. Lucian. Nigr. 27 πῶς γὰρ ἀμελλήτων εἶναι τὴν πρὸς τοὺς ἀγῶνας ὄντην; 2. be willing, but only in Plautus and in the form audes or non audes of questions; and in si audes, as: S. Nonne audes (won't you) quaeso aliquam partem gratiam facere hinc (al. huius) argenti? P. Non me dicis audire esse hominem, nam

hinc numquam eris nummo dinitior, Ps. 5, 2, 23; Non audes aliquid dare mihi munusculum? True, 2, 4, 74; Nilne adiutare me audes? (al. me ades), Ps. 1, 1, 70; Seestele non audes mihi scelerio subuenire? As. 2, 4, 70; P. dico homo lepidissime. M. Equid audes de tuo istic (al. istuc) addere? P. atque hilarissime, Men. 1, 2, 40; Da mihi hoc mel meum, si me amas, si audes, Tru. 2, 1, 17; see Wagner ad Aul. 46; whence all this §; so perh. Varr. sat. p. 226, l. 6 Riese; quae uero putauerint reprehenda, hic si audebit subueniant unde ea nos accipimus, Gell. pr. 18; 3. hence contracted sodes if you please, wh. see; 4. dare, venture, Nos ausi reserare, Enn. an. 226 V; neque ut aiunt mi facere audet, p. 175 V; Segregare abs te ausu's aut sine illo Salamina ingredi, Pacuv. 327 R; Lapidis sum, commouere me miser non audeo, Pl. Truc. 4, 3, 44; nil iam mittire audeo, Ter. Andr. 3, 2, 25; tantum uictis efficere potuit quantum incolumis nunquam est ausus optare, Cic. l. Man. 25; nihil aliud quam bene ausus una contemnere, Liv. 9, 17, 16; so far with inf.; 5. with acc. as first of gen. term, dare, venture upon, quia audacia tantum facinus audeo, Ter. Eun. 5, 4, 37; tantae res gestae quantas audere uix hominis fuerit, Vell. 2, 47, 1; 6. often with common neut. adj. or sb., Aequos conscientia ultima audere cogebat, Liv. 3, 2, 11; neque milites alio duce plus confidere aut audere, 21, 4, 4; Quid domini faciant, audent cum talia fures, Verg. B. 3, 16; multa, Tac. H. 4, 15; magna, Sil. 6, 209; 7. with acc. of other nouns only in late writers, esp. Tac., as: ausuros nocturnum castrorum oppugnationem, an. 2, 12; nec ponam eius palam ausus..., 2, 40; obuii hosti et aciem auso plus cladis faciunt, 12, 28;

8. hence as a pass. pers. with nom. of gen. term or common neut. adj. or sb., agenda res est, iuuenes, audendaeque, Liv. 35, 35, 16; multa dolo, plerumque per uim audabantur, 39, 9, 8; audendum aliquid pro patria ratio, Iust. 5, 9, 6; 9. with other nouns only in late writers, defensionem sui deserit ausis ad Caesarem codicillis quibus..., Tac. an. 3, 67 f.; ne bono quidem exemplo audendum esse patroni necem, Suet. Dom. 14; 10. non a. followed by quin, ut non audeam, quin promam omnia, Pl. As. 1, 1, 10; 11. absol., hos notos magistros nihil posse docere nisi ut auderent, Cic. or. 3, 94; (Romani) audendo et fallendo et bella ex bellis serendo magni facti, Sal. hist. fr.; periculosus est deprehendi quom audere, Tac. Agr. 15 f.; 12. ausim, ausis etc. as pres. subj. for audeam, or rather for audem (cf. edim, duim), Quid est cur componere ausis mihi te aut me tibi? Att. 147 R; nec si sciam dicere ausim, Liv. pr. 1; Ausim uel tenui uitam committere sulco, Verg. G. 2, 289; Et nihil est quod non effreno captus amore Ausit, Ov. M. 6, 466; 13. an absol. perf. ausi for ausus sum, non ausi rearsare, Cato ap. Prisc. 868;

14. audens part. as adj. bold, Audentes fortuna iuuat, Verg. 10, 284; add Ov. a. a. 1, 608; audientior, Verg. 6, 95; audientissimus, Tac. Agr. 33; 15. adv. audenter, Seae. dig. 28, 29, 14; comp. Tac. or. 18; 16. I 16. ausum part. n. as sb. a thing attempted, attempted, Verg. 2, 535; 9, 281; 12, 351; Ov. M. 9, 621; 11, 242.

**audientia**, ae, f. hearing, as in official form, Exsurge praeco, fac populo audientiam, Pl. pr. 11 (4) order silence; audientiam facere praecoem insit, Liv. 43, 16, 8; add Cornif. 4, 68; 2. hence, facit ipsa sibi audientiam senis mitis oratio, Cic. sen. 28; add Caecil. 42; 3. gen. a hearing, as of a court etc., si audientiam mihi tribuerit humanitas, give me a hearing, Apul. M. 3, 47; partibus audientiam praebere, Vatie. fr. 33; 4. sense of hearing, Surdis fruentium reddere audientiam, Prud. steeph. 954.

**audio**, vb. (auris sb.) hear, listen, auribus si parum audies, teritio..., Cato r. 157, 16; Quin tu audi, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 42; intus clamorem audio, Mil. 4, 9, 16; audin Clinia? Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 2; uerba eius audistis, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 92; 2. w. irony, of one non credentis, non potius essem...

At non cotidiana cura hae angere animum. Audio, so you say, Ter. Ph. 1, 3, 8; frae sunt inter Glycerium et gnatum, Andronic. 3, 3, 20; 3. bear judicially, give audience to, quemuis uerba pro eo facientem audiri aequum est, Ulp. dig. 3, 3, 33, 2; heres audiendus est,

Paul. 2, S. S. 4; 4. w. ex, de, a and unde, of persons, ex me auditis uera, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 86; hoc te ex aliis audire malo, Cie. Att. 5, 17, 2; ex nobis audiunt, Quint. 1, 2, 7; audiri equidem ista de maioribus natu, Brut. 100; saepe hoc audiri de patre meo, or. 3, 133; saepe audiri a (al. e) maioribus natu..., sen. 43; unde te audisse dicis, or. 2, 285;

5. w. acc. and dicere, saepe hoc maiores natu dicere audiri..., Cie. Mur. 58; audistis dici, Epicturus omnes res uoluptate metiri, Pis. 68; ipsum dicere audistis, Quint. 9, 2, 57; 6. w. dicentem etc., uideor mihi audire quosdam illa dicentes..., Quint. 12, 1, 33; si quis... adiecerit, audiam dicentem 'non fecit', 12, 10, 26; unum meum narratorem audiebam, Suet. Cal. 19; 7. w. cum diceret, id ex eo audiri cum diceret..., Cie. or. 2, 144; a Pansia audiri cum diceret..., fam. 3, 7, 4; add dom. 93;

8. w. acc. of person, listen to as taking their advice, nec Homericum audio qui Ganymeden... ait, Cie. Tusc. 1, 65; nullo te audisse amicissimam monentem, Att. 7, 1, 2; si tuos audire nollems, N. D. 1, 55; 9. listen to as a teacher, attend lectures of, Ciceronem qui Zenonem audiri, Cie. N. D. 1, 37; te Marce fili animum iam audientem Cratippum, off. 1, 1; quem Romae audierat, Quint. 12, 6, 7;

10. listen to (prayers etc.) as favourable, give ear to, preces, Cie. Pis. 43; ad Q. fr. 1, 3, 9; nota, Hor. od. 4, 13, 1; carmina, 1, 2, 27; 11. w. dat. of person, as existing, personified: improbo homini ne auscultaret, sibi potius audirent, Apul. apol. 83; 12. w. dat. also this audiens sum imperiis, Pl. True. 1, 2, 26; esp. in phrase dicto audiens, obeying what is said, obedient to orders, and so gen. obedient, often w. dat. of person addressed, quorum opera Syracusani nobis dicto audientes sunt, eos Syracusano (al. Syracusanis) dicto audientes esse iussisti, Cie. Verr. 2, 5, 85; d. audientem fuisse praetori, 2, 4, 27; ne plebs nobis d. a. atque obediens sit, Liv. 5, 3, 8; add 29, 20, 11; (seruum) probum, dicto audientem, Ulp. dig. 29, 1, 19; Quint. 3, 6, 31; 7, 1, 14;

13. met. listen to, obey, nec audit curus habenas, Verg. G. 1, 514; nec quae magis audiat arcum (sagittam), Ov. M. 5, 382; clauumque audire negantem, Stat. Th. 5, 412; but Plin. 16, 226 has: eorum odit sorbus;

14. w. bene, male etc. be spoken of, have a — character, nolgas male audit mulierum, Ter. Hee. 4, 2, 4; audibis male si male dieis mihi, Caecil. ap. Gell. 6, 7, 17, 13; Si erum insimulabilis malitiae, male audies, Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 12; Bene diebis si certasset, audisset bene, pr. 20; bene audire a parentibus, Cie. fin. 3, 57; me ideo bene audire nullo, ut ille male audiat, Att. 6, 1, 2; 15. be understood as saying, where something not said is implied, eras dignus ut haberes integram manum: sic enim auditur 'ut depugnare', Quint. S. 5, 12; stupore gaudio, simul auditur 'coepit', i.e. coepit stupore 9, 3, 58;

16. audiens as sb. a hearer, Cie. Brut. 279; Liv. 21, 10, 2; 17. as pass. pers., Bibulus nondum audiebatur esse in Syria, Cie. Att. 5, 18, 1; leuibus copiis quae ex longinquo in maius audiebantur, were exaggerated, Tac. an. 4, 23; Albus flumen, notum olim, nunc tantum auditur, G. 4, 11; 18. auditio old fut. Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 86; Poen. 1, 2, 97; Enn. and Caecil. ap. Non. 505, 33; audiam even in later poets, Catul. 84, 8; Ov. F. 3, 507; but in her. 14, 36 audieram Merk.

**auditaui**, saepe audiri, Paul. ex F. p. 28.

**audito**, ōnis f. hearing; fabellarum, Cie. fin. 5, 42; fama et auditione, N. D. 2, 95; 2. esp. of lectures, Plin. 26, 11; egressus ex auditione, Gell. 14, 1, 2; add 18, 2, 2, 19, 8, 1; 3. a lecture, the matter thereof, 20, 5, 5; 4. what is heard, a report, rumour, Cie. Plane. 56; Car. ad Cie. S. 1, 2; Caes. b. g. 4, 5, 3; 7, 42, 2; Tac. an. 4, 11.

**auditiuncula**, ae f. dim. an idle tale, Gell. 13, 20 (19), 5.

**auditor**, ōris, m. one who hears, hearer, Cie. N. D. 3, 2; or. 122; 2. a pupil attending lectures, a student, Phalerus Theophrasti a., Cie. fin. 5, 54; Persius Zenonis a., N. D. 38; ille Pansae a., Pomp. dig. 1, 2, 2, 40.

**auditoriālis**, adj. of a lecture room, Aug. 2 e. Pelag. e. ult.; 6, 11.

**auditorium**, adj. n. as sb. a lecture room, or theatre

for recitations, etc., auditorium exstruit et subsellia conducit, Tac. or. 9; add Quint. 2, 11, 3; 10, 1, 36; 2. a hall of audience, a court-house, esp. a court of justice, principis, Ulp. dig. 4, 4, 18, 1; ego dixi in auditorio, Tryphon. dig. 23, 3, 78, 4; qui ad maius a. nocatus est, to a higher court, Paul. 42, 1, 54; add Apul. Flor. 4, 18; 3. the audience, adhibito ingenti auditorio, Plin. ep. 4, 7, 2; auditorio misso, Apul. apol. 73.

**auditorius**, adj. of hearing, earnerae, the passage to the tympanum, Cacl. Aur. tard. 2, 3, or § 65.

**auditus**, ūs, m. the sense of hearing, auditus semper patet, Cie. N. D. 2, 144; cerui acerrimi auditus, Plin. S. 114; 2. a hearing, Tac. h. 2, 59.

**āue**, (or haue?), anete, aure, parts of an obsol. vb. prob. as Döderl. says (Syn. 1, 27) corruptions of salue, (saluē, sāue, haue, āue), hail, good morning, etc. used in morning salutations, simul atque 'habe' mihi dixit, quid de te audisset exposuit, Cacl. ad Cie. S. 16, 4; Hos tu, seu pariter sine hanc illum priorem Videris, hoc dieis 'Marcus āuere iube, Mart. 3, 5, 10; matutinum 'aue', 1, 55, 6; Mane tibi pro me dict 'aucto' liber, 1, 108, 10; Et fastus et āue potentiorum, 7, 39, 2; add 4, 78, 4; 3, 95, 1; 2. rarely for male farewell, see letter in Sal. Cat. 35 beginning: L. Catilina Q. Catulo, ending 'haeceto' \*;

3. hence addressed to the dead, aue Luci praepetori matri, inser. Or. 4731; have \* Manlia Anthusa bene sit tibi, 4735; add 4732, 4734, 4736 \*; 4737, 4738 \*; 4. hence when gladiators in Suet. Claud. 21 erud 'aue Imperator, mori tibi salutant', and he answered, 'aucto uos', he used it in this latter sense, they in the literal sense and refused to fight; 5. see Quint. 1, 6, 21.

**āueho**, ūi, ctus, ere, vb. carry away, bring away, (as in a ship, boat, carriage, on horseback), first by sea. Vt amicum erilem Athenis auetum scio, ego... mihi nunc parum, Pl. Mil. 2, 1, 36; Quot eras annos gnatus tum quom te pater patria auelit, Men. 5, 9, 56; add Mil. 4, 1, 2; is uenit ut (eam) secum auclat, Nam habitat Mileti, Ter. Ad. 4, 5, 19; frumenti quod potuerunt nauibus auerunt, Caes. b. g. 7, 55, 8; dona quae domos auerent (from Amphipolis to Rome, etc.), Liv. 45, 33, 4; creditis auetores hostes? Verg. 2, 43; 2. of one riding, in eo cornu Sulpicii affuerat, auetus ab suis ad clamorem, Liv. 9, 27, 11; quum citato equo ex proelio auetus esset, 27, 16, 3;

3. of other carriage, aha (sacra) auet in finitimas arbes 5, 51, 9; corpora partim... terrae infodit auetaque partim Finitimos tollunt in agros, Verg. 11, 205; iuuenem... auexit pastor ad aras, Stat. Th. 6, 188.

**Aueiās**, ātis, adj. of a town Aueia in the country of the Vestini, C. Sallio C. f. Quir. Proculo... patrono decur. et pop. Aueiat. Vestinor., inser. Or. 106.

**Auellānus**, s. Abellanus.

**auello**, nelli, uolens, ere, vb. pull away, pluck away, tear away, poma, eruda si sunt ui auellunt (al. uix eu.) Cie. sen. 71; insistebat in manu Cereris simulacrum Victoriae, hoc auellendum enauit, Verr. 2, 4, 110; Anolsimque ueris caput, Verg. 2, 558; anolsi arboribus stolones, Plin. 17, 67; pollicem seruo, Ulp. dig. 9, 2, 27, 34;

2. met. first of persons, irae sunt inter Glycериū et gnatum... Ita magnae, ut sperem posse auelli, Ter. Andr. 3, 3, 21; add Hee. 4, 1, 39; de matris hunc complexu auellet, Cie. Font. 46 (36); Non potes auelli; simul, a simul ibimus, Ov. tr. 1, 3, 81; (nullites) castris trucibus, Tac. an. 1, 44; 3. stronger met. hoc (rus) a me auellere, Ter. Eun. 3, 3, 14; hunc a tanto errore auellere, Cie. off. 3, 83; si..., fundus emptori alius non potest, Marc. dig. 23, 5, 17; add Paul. 41, 3, 4, 12; Ulp. 40, 7, 3, 9.

**āuēna**, ae, oats, a. sativa Linn. Vrit enim limi campum seres, urit āuēnae, Verg. G. 1, 77; Colum. 2, 11, 9;

2. wild oats, a weed, fatua Linn. αργαλεψ, auenam destringas, Cato r. 37, 4; Vbi uidet auenam lolium crescere inter tritum, Enn. ap. Prise. 532, 18 K; ne seges quidem (beata) si auenam usquam uideris, Cie. fin. 5, 91; steriles auenae, Verg. G. 1, 154; frumenti uitium auena, Plin. 18, 140; 3. gen. straw-like stalk, tam grauii auena (finum), Plin. 19, 5; scaraueana (eripha) in auena habet, 24, 168; 4. an oaten pipe, a pan pipe, both in sing.

Verg. B. 1, 2; Tib. 3, 4, 71; 5. and pl., structis aenis, Ov. M. 1, 677; disparibus aenis, S. 192.

**āvenāc-eus**, (-ius) adj. of oats, farina, oatmeal, Plin. 22, 137; 30, 75.

**āvenārius**, adj. of oats, a. cicada, Plin. 11, 94.

**Āventinus** (?), adj. A. mons, Mount Aventine, one of the seven hills of Rome, Cic. rep. 2, 33; Colum. 1, 3, 7; Sen. dial. 10, 13, 8; iugum, Ov. F. 3, 884; arx, 6, 728; 2. absol. as sb. n., Auentium nonae multitudini datum, Liv. 1, 33, 2; add 1, 33, 5; 3, 67, 11.

**āueo**, ēre, vb. be eager, eagerly desire, aene nihil aliud est quam cupere, Paul. ex F. p. 14; Imprudens ab ludis animus atque aures auent, Aene expectantes nuntium, Enn. ap. Varr. 1, 6, 8; 2. gen. v. inf. scire auenus, Cic. fin. 2, 46; add Att. 1, 15, 2; 2, 18, 1; E quibus unus avert quavis aspergere cunctos, Praeter eum qui praebet, aqua (al. pessime: aquam), Hor. s. 1, 4, 87; capere, Colum. 3, 21, 6; 3. rarely w. acc., aueo genus legationis ut eum velis introire exire liceat, Cic. Att. 15, 11, 4; sed dum abest quod auenus, Lucr. 3, 1082; parto quod auebas, Hor. s. 1, 1, 94; 4. as adj. eager, 'aueus' (Laelius) posuit pro 'libens', Gell. 19, 7, 9; 5. adv. auenter eagerly, Amm. 18, 5, 6; 19, 9, 7; Sil. ep. 2, 2.

**Āuernālis**, adj. of Avernus, aquae, Hor. epod. 5, 26; Nymphae, Ov. M. 5, 540.

**Āuernus**, adj. (aFopos, without birds), a geographical term, Avernian, loca laeusque; quod Auerua nuncantur nomine, id ab re Impositum quia sunt auius contraria cunctis, Lucr. 6, 738; luci, Sil. 6, 154; 2. esp. of a lake or lakes in Campania, freta, Verg. G. 2, 164; luci, A. 6, 118 and 564; ualles, Ov. M. 10, 51; 3. of infernal regions, stagna, Verg. G. 4, 493; Iuno, i.e. Proserpine, Ov. M. 14, 114; Sil. 13, 601; 4. as a sb. m., the lake Avernus, Dum modo Lucrino, modo se permittit Aueruo, Mart. 1, 62, 3; 5. as a deity, simulacrum Auerui sudasse, Serv. ad G. 2, 162; hence Auerui (gen.) laeus, Cic. Tusc. 1, 37; 6. Auerum as sb. n., Auerua sonantia, Verg. 3, 442; Auerua per alta, 5, 732.

**āuerro**, uerri, ēre, vb. sweep away, quis oportuit amissa restituere, hīce (nom. pl.) etiam reliquias auerrent, Licin. Mac. ap. Fris. 532, 25 K.

**āueruncasso** and **āueruncro**, are, vb. play the part of an aueruncus, or warder off of evil, avert (evil), hence of a god, Mars pater te precor ut calamitates defensas aueruncesque, Cato r. 141, 2; contra igitur? Di inquis aueruncant, Cic. Att. 9, 2 A, 1; Di monetur meliora, auentiam aueruncassint (pres. subj.) tuam, Lucil. or Pacuv. ap. Varr. 1, 7, 5, p. 378 Sp. and Non. 74, 24; 2. of man by appeal to gods, possum ego capite istam cladem aueruncasse deum (not a future) ap. Non. ib.; placuit aueruncandae cauae irae nectimas cecidi, Liv. 8, 6, 11; prodigia quorum aueruncandorum causa supplicationes senatus decreuit, 10, 23, 1.

**āueruncus**, (auruncus?) i, (auerro?) averter of evil, deus a., Varr. 1, 7, 5; Gell. 5, 12, 14.

**āuersābilis**, adj. to be turned away from in horror or disgust, horrible, disgusting, scelus, Lucr. 6, 389; foeditas, Arnob. 7, p. 249.

**āuersātio**, ōnis, f. turning away in disgust, alienorum processum (at the success of others), Sen. dial. 9, 2, 11; add Quint. 8, 3, 65.

**āuersātrix**, f. one who turns away in disgust, crudelitatis, Tert. anim. 51.

**āuersio**, ōnis, f. turning away, ex auersione legatos ingularunt (from behind?), bell. hisp. 22, 3; deorum, Diet. b. Troi. 4, 18; 2. disgust, nausea, Arnob. 7, p. 231.

**3.** a rhetorical fig., of disgust, as: Non ego cum Panais... Verg. 4, 425 ap. Quint. 9, 2, 39; **4.** in law, a purchase or hire of many things at one price or in the lump, si auersione nimium uenit, Ulp. dig. 18, 6, 4, 1; si a domino naum per auersionem coaduxit, 14, 1, 1, 15; add Paul. 14, 2, 10, 2.

**āuersor**, āri, vb. r. turn away (in horror or disgust), tormentis omnibus quaeritur... auersari (al. aduersari, male) aduocati et iam uix ferre posse, Cic. Clu. 177; but in Verg. 2, 2, 187 read w. Jordan: haerere homo, uersari, rubere;

**2.** w. acc. turn away from, quod ubi audinit (Manlius), filium auersatus contione aduocari iussit, Liv. 8, 7, 14; preces (patris) aut uerecundia aut metu, 3, 12, 9; afflictum auenium, Ov. Pont. 2, 3, 5; morum crimina, ann. 3, 11, 38; neptem nepotemque, Curt. 10, 5, 24.

**āuersor**, ōris, m. embezzler, pecuniae publicae, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 152.

**auerta**, (αορτης) ae, f. (?) saddlebags of a public messenger (ueredarius), xxxv libras auerta non transeat, Th. C. 8, 5, 47, 1.

**auertārius**, adj. se. equus for carrying the same, Th. C. 8, 5, 22, 1.

**āuerto**, (older auerto), auerti, auersus (older auorsus), ēre, vb. turn away, turn off, divert, nos flumina arcemus, diriginus, auertimus, Cic. N. D. 2, 152; homines inermos armis reppulit fugauit auertit, Caecin. 33; laqueis falces, Caes. b. g. 7, 22, 2; iter ab 'Arare auerterant, 1, 16, 3; tres (naues) in fretum auertit aestas, away from their course, Liv. 21, 49, 2; missis paucis ad capiendum tumultum auertit oculos hostium, from his chief movement, 22, 28, 8; 2. met., a 'misericordiae cogitationem, Cic. fam. 6, 1, 1; ad hoc meture ne fluxa die uis popularium animos auerteret, Sall. lug. 111, 2; culum in fradem Carthaginiensem, Liv. 31, 11, 13; in alios crimen, Quint. 11, 1, 65; 3. a. omen, avert the vengeance threatened by the omen, quibus M. Antonius—o di immortales, auertite hoc omen—urbem se diuiniurum esse promisit, Cic. Phil. 4, 9; Brutus si conuersatus erit, uicinus; sin—quod di omen auertant, omnis omnium cursus est ad nos, fam. 12, 6, 2; 4. turn away (the feelings of), alienate, estrange, inturum uti totius Galliae animi a se auerterentur, Caes. b. g. 1, 20, 4; see also § 17; 5. divert from proper use, embezzle, misappropriate, steal, (ab)latum auorsum conciliatumque, CIL 198, 50, taken away by force, embezzlement, or wheedling; lupus... dum domitare canes, Gregem uoluntorsum uoluit totum auertere, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 134; istum in quaestura pecuniam publicam consuli datam auertisse, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 11; hereditatem Turianam fam. 12, 26, 2; stipendium equitum fraudabant, et praedam omnem domum auertebant, Caes. b. c. 3, 59, 3; si merem perire passus est aut eam auertit, Ulp. dig. 14, 4, 7, 3; eum nauta agere oncris auersi actione, Alf. 19, 2, 31; and met. Coniugis ut magis sanos auertere aures Experis sensus, Verg. B. 8, 67; 6. of booty taken in war, carry off, ingentem praedam, Liv. 37, 8, 7; Arua aliena iugo premere atque auertere praedas, Verg. 10, 78; add 1, 4, 72; and akin to this, Auratam optantes Colebis auertere praedam, Catul. 64, 5; add Verg. 8, 208; 7. gen. in first sense, w. ab; see 'above, and add: Hannibalem ab incepto, Liv. 23, 18, 9; in se a curru dictatoris ciuium ora, 4, 20, 3; 8. off. in poets w. abl. alone, Ne posse Italia Teucorum auertere regem, Verg. 1, 38; locis ictum, Lucr. 4, 1273; pectore, Stat. Th. 4, 92; animus ueris, 7, 110; 9. dat. of person so used is rather ethic dat., as Colum. 6, 37, 10; Prop. 3, 24, 9; Val. F. 3, 491; and perh. Catul. 64, 406; 10. as vb. r., turn away (intrans.), Te uolo uxor colloqui: Quor te auertisti?, Pl. Amph. 3, 2, 18; Sed dexterosum auorsa it in malam erucem, Rud. 1, 2, 87; Quo te auertisti, Truc. 2, 4, 7; Antonio diadema Caesari imponente se auertit, Cic. Phil. 5, 38; Bocchus statim auortitur, Sall. lug. 101, 9; surdaque auerteris aures, Stat. silu. 2, 1, 7; ne ambulantes auertamur a iudiciis, Quint. 11, 3, 127; expaudiis auertitur et discedens, Ego, inquit... Gell. 1, 8, 6; 11. the perf. auerti absol. as red., ob eam causam line abs te auerti, Pl. Mil. 4, 2, 82; tum prora auertit et undis Dat latus, Verg. 1, 104; id cum dixisset (Scipio) auertit et ire ad Capitolium coepit, Gell. 4, 18, 4; add Sil. 15, 584; 12. so auertens as part. of auertor, Dixit et auertens rosea ceruice refulsit, Verg. 1, 402; 13. auertor w. acc. in poets, turn away from, Victor equos fontis auertitur, Verg. G. 3, 499; in pasta auertitur herbas, Stat. Th. 6, 102; hominum damnatum auertitur agmen, Petr. 124; 14. for auerti as only form of perf. see Key's lang. p. 155; 15. auersus, turned away and so presenting the back, Auersos canda traxit in antra bones, Prop. 4, 9, 12—backwards; (ursi) arborem auersi (backwards) dererunt, Plin. 8, 130; manu

aenersa, with the back of the hand, 28, 45; binis in auersa capitis parte oculis, 11, 272; Scribit in auersa charta, Mart. 8, 62; theatra inter se auersa, back to back, Plin. 36, 117; siluestres homines auersis post crura plantis, 7, 11;

**16.** auersum and auersa, as sb. n. the back, ad auersa insulae, Liv. 37, 27, 2; per auersa castrorum, Vell. 2, 63, 1; auersa Haeni Moesi optinent, Plin. 4, 41; add 37, 110; in auersum backward, 11, 248; and perh. 11, 256; **17.** auerse to, hostile to, ill fitted for, but commonly w. prep. ab, animorum motus auersi a ratione, Cic. Tusc. 4, 34; a musis, Arch. 20; a uero, Cat. 3, 21; auersissimo a me animo fuit, Att. 11, 5, 4; a comitate non auersum, Liv. 37, 15; ipse auersissimus ab istis proligis suis, Sen. ep. 50, 2; **18.** w. dat., mercurius, Hor. s. 2, 3, 107; lucro, od. 2, 4, 19; but scarcely contubernio in Colum. 12, 1, 2; quos nobis auersos animis cognouerit, Tac. an. 14, 26; **19.** absol. auersos componere amicos, Hor. s. 1, 5, 29; illius noltus auersior uisus est, Sen. dial. 3, 24, 1.

**Aufeius**, adj. or sb. a gens, lex Aufeia, Gell. 11, 10, 1; aqua Aufeia, Plin. 31, 41.

**aufiero**, abstuli (aps.), ablatus, auferre, vb. carry away. Iussu secleste ab ianna hoc stercus hinc auferre? Pl. As. 2, 4, 18; Auferre, non abbas si ego fustem sampsero, Amph. 1, 1, 202; uos istae intro auferte, Ter. And. 1, 1, 1; asotos qui in mensam mouent et qui de conuiuio auferuntur, Cic. fin. 2, 3; **2.** carry off, take off, of robbery, see auerto § 5; Diocles est a quo hydra ablata est; ab hoc abiata nasa omnia abstulit, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 35; quod auri habui, id mihi tu eripisti atque abstulisti, Caecil. 19; **3.** so take away by violence, as in: Tum caput ipsi aufert domino, Verg. 9, 332; auriculum fortasse mordens abstulisset, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 4, 2; uero ne abstuleritis obseruantibus oculis, Liv. 6, 15, 13; **4.** of death, tunc inter primores res geritur; quicquid hinc aut illinc communis Mars belli aufert, multiplex quam pro numero damnum est, Liv. 7, 8, 8; Abstulit clarum citae mors Achille, Hor. od. 2, 16, 29; Labium acies abstulit, Vell. 2, 55, 4; **5.** met., quis tam esset ferrens cui non auferret fructum uoluptatum solitudo, Cic. am. 18; feruorem aetas aufert, Liv. 3, 12, 7; **6.** aufer is used in many phrases of rudeness, aufer te domum, apseide hinc, molestus ne sis, Pl. As. 2, 4, 63; add Rud. 3, 9, 93; Ter. Ph. 3, 3, 26; aufer manum—hands off—Pl. Men. 4, 2, 63; and aufer alone (sc. te or manum), sine te exorem, mi pater, Insanus, aufer, Ter. Ad. 5, 8, 13; **7.** akin to these, Aufer quae ista (drop that) atque hoc responde quod rogo, Pl. Cure. 2, 1, 30; aufer mihi 'oportet,' Ter. Ph. 1, 4, 45; aufer (none of your) nugas, Pl. Truc. 4, 4, 8; Aufer hinc palpationes, Men. 4, 2, 64; **8.** w. inf. aufer me noltu terere, Hor. s. 2, 7, 43; **11.** carry off, gain, win, obtain, Tuo arbitratu dum auferam as tu quod peto, Pl. Cure. 3, 58; responsu ab eo, Cic. or. 1, 239; liberalissimum decretum, Att. 16, 16, 5; a Scapulis paucos dies, Quinct. 20; auferit Paeninus docti famam senis, Accius alt. Hor. ep. 2, 1, 55; **10.** hence by a more violent met., Nam si me irritassis hodie lumbifragium hinc auferes, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 298;

**11.** esp. of getting off unpunished for an offence, Scio ego quid sim actatis: eo isine malefictum impune auferas, Pl. Pers. 2, 4, 5; Suspensum potius me quam tacita haec auferas, As. 4, 2, 7; inultum nunquam illi auferet, Ter. And. 3, 5, 4; Nisi faciant quae illos aequomist, hand sic auferent, Ad. 3, 4, 8; **12.** separate, part, mare vii stadiorum intervallo Europam auferens Asiae, Plin. 4, 75; Armenia maior Eufrate amne auferitur Cappadociae, 6, 25—where note the datives.

**Aufidēns**, ātis, adj. of the town Aufidena, now Alfidena, Plin. 3, 107; Aemiliae C. fil. ... Aufidenates, inser. Or. 3776.

**Aufidīanus**, adj. of Aufidius, nomine (debt), Cic. fam. 16, 10.

**Aufidīnus**, adj. adopted from the gens Aufidia, Aufidientum Rufum, Tac. an. 1, 20.

**Aufidius**, adj. or sb. a gens, Cn. Aufidius Orestes, CIL 573; Aufidia J. I. Apamia, 1282; add Hor. s. 1, 5, 34.

**Aufidus**, i, m. a river of Apulia, now Ofanto, Hor. od. 4, 9, 2; Plin. 3, 102; **2.** as adj. stagna Aufida, Sil. 10, 171.

**Aufinās**, ātis, adj. of Aufina, a town of the Vestini in Italy, now Ofena, Plin. 3, 106.

**aufigio**, fūgi, ēre, vb. fly away, run away, uos quaero. Ne me indicetis, qua platea line aufugerim, Pl. Men. 5, 3, 5; hercle aufugerim Potius quam redeam, Ter. Hee. 3, 4, 10; sorus meus aufugit, Cic. fam. 13, 77, 3; **2.** w. acc. fly from, Andromeda aufugiens aspectum maesta parentis, Cic. poet. N. D. 2, 111; assiduus aufuge (so mss) blanditias, Prop. 1, 9, 30; add Hygin. fab. 258.

**Aufustius**, adj. or sb. a gens, L. Aufustius L. I. Strato, CIL 571; add Plin. 7, 182.

**augeo**, ēre, xi, ctus, aufero, Bemb. in Ter. Hee. 3, 1, 54) vb. [a redup. vb. for a-nag-eo (cf. αἰῶα, i.e. a-Fei-ω, att. αἰῶα, also α-ἤγ-μ and Lat. auri for an assumed aures); hence root uag = mag of mac-tus, mag-nus; also = wach of G. wach-sen, H. wach, grow] make greater, increase, magnify, cause to grow, Metuo ne numerum augeam illum, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 151; mea-que auges opes, Capt. 4, 1, 1; suspiciōnem, Ter. Eun. 1, 1, 46; rem bonis rationibus, Cic. Rab. post. 38; renouabam atque hoc imperium, Rose. Am. 50; animum eius, Att. 10, 14, 3; possessiones suas, Nep. Att. 12, 2; spatium itineris, Caes. B. G. 7, 46, 2; timoris opinionem, 5, 55 f.; uim morbi, Liv. 3, 6, 2; uires, 7, 7, 4; **2.** w. acc. and abl., enrich, honour, atque illum augeam inspirato opportuno bono, Pl. St. 2, 1, 32; aliquid cedo qui (—) hanc uicini nostri (sc. Apollinis) aram augeam (mss alteram), Mero. 4, 1, 10; atque te scientia augere potest, altera exempli, Cic. off. 1, 1, 1; nec concretus in nubem, terram augeat imbribus, N. D. 2, 101; ueteranos commodis, Phil. 11, 37; primum imperatoris nominibus, Tac. an. 1, 3; largiente potissimum amicorum, 13, 18; **3.** absol., di hercle omnes meo adiutant, argent, amant, Pl. Epid. 2, 2, 8; and Men. 3, 3, 27; solum te commendat atque tunc temporis auctoritas, Plin. pan. 24; **4.** in pass., macore' augeor, Pl. St. 1, 1, 54; erus damno' auctus est, Ter. Haut. 4, 1, 15; augeatur isto honore is qui..., Cic. Phil. 9, 15; consilio auctoritate sententia quibus augeat senectus solet, sen. 17; auctus est ibi filia, Tac. Agr. 6; add an. 12, 26; **5.** note the iron. use in Pl. and Ter. \*; and cf. similar use of mactus;

**11.** 6. as vb. neut. for a. se; be increased, grow, coe res eorum auxit, Cato orig. 8, 6 f. 10; Vsqe adeo parent felus augente labore, Lucr. 2, 1163; O deus exinim magnis uirtutibus augens, Catul. 64, 323; ignoscendo populi Romani magnitudinem auxisse, Sal. hist. or. Phil. 6; **7.** auxin as perf. subj. archaic, imperium... bonis auctibus auxitis, ap. Liv. 20, 27, 3.

**augesco**, ēre, vb. intr. grow, become greater, nam mihi quidem cottidie augeat magis De fine acgritudo, Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 14; senium temperatione calor et oriri et augecere, Cic. N. D. 2, 26; Iugurthae et ceteris animi augecent, Sal. Ing. 34, 2; Augecent aliae gentes, aliae minuantur, Lucr. 2, 77.

**augetis**, see augites.

**augificatio**, āre, vb. tr. increase, make greater, Enn. ap. Non. 76.

**auginos**, i, f. a plant, Apul. herb. 4.

**augites**, ae, m. a gem, Plin. 37, 147.

**augmen**, mis, n. increase, addition, Lucr. 1, 435; 5, 268; 5, 1307; also Arnob. 7, p. 231.

**augmento**, āre, vb. tr. increase, make greater, Firmie. Math. 5, 6; Nov. Valent. 2, 1, 3, 3.

**augmentum**, i, n. increase, addition, Ulp. dig. 2, 13, 8, 1; 5, 3, 20, 3; Papin. 33, 7, 3; Iunae, Pallad. 13, 6; add Apul. dogm. Pl. 1, 9.

**augur**, ūris, m. [au- root of au-i- bird, gur prob. an obsol. root = ὄρ (Op) of ὄραα] lit. a bird-seer, hence augur, a special college being formed of them at Rome, Modo postquam adripuit radices hunc nostrum augurem, Afran. S. R.; Nil credo auguribus qui auris uerbis diuinant, Acc. 160; L. Aemilius L. f. Paullus cois) ii Cens. Augur tr(i)umphauit ter, CIL 607; si nolo augurium (i)ns optine tenere, equis me ob eam rem augurem capiat, Cato orig. 27, 6 f.; interpretis lous optum maximi publici augures, ap. Cic. leg. 2, 20; add 21; praestantissimum in re publica ius est augurium; neque uero hoc quia sum ipse augur ita sentio, sed quia..., 2, 31; add div. 1, 88;

Attus Nanius inelitus ea tempestate augur, Liv. 1, 36, 3; add § 6; quinque genera signorum observant augures, ex caelo ex ambibus ex tripudis ex quadrupedibus ex diris, Paul. ex F. p. 260 M. **2.** gen. an augur, a prophet, Augur Apollo, Hor. od. 1, 2, 32; auguris Argini, 3, 16, 11; add ep. 1, 20, 9; Vana diu uisa est nox auguris, Ov. M. 3, 649; add p. 512 etc.; collegium augurum, inscr. Or. 811.

**3.** w. fem. noun, nisi fallit augur Annosa cornix, Hor. od. 3, 17, 12; simile augur caesa futuri? (se. mater Ephebi), Stat. Th. 9, 629; **4.** antiqui auger et augeratus pro augur et auguratus dicebant, Prisc. 1, 27, 17 K.

**augurācūlū**, i, n. [augūr-ri] the arx or place for taking auguries, Paul. ex F. p. 18 M.

**augūr-ālis**, adj. of augurs, ins. Cie. Brut. 267; cena (at the installation of an augur), fam. 7, 26, 2; libri, div. 1, 72; Senec. ep. 108, 31; insigula, Liv. 7, 9, 7; verbum, Gell. 7 (6), 6, 4; sacerdotium, Suet. Gram. 12; **2.** augurale, as sb. n., the place for taking auguries in a camp, and so the quarters of the general, nocte coepta cgressus augurali per oecula, Tac. an. 2, 13; structum ante augurale aram, 15, 30; tabernaculum duceis, augurale, Quint. 8, 2, 8; **3.** one of the insignia of an augur, as the lituus or staff, Sen. tranq. 11, 9.

**augūrātō**, ōnis, f. taking auguries, ex passeribus, Cie. div. 2, 65; astrologia et haruspicia et auguratio, Lact. 2, 16.

**augūrātō**, adv. or rather abl. of perf. part. the auguries having been first taken, sicut Romulus a urbe condenda regnum adeptus est, Liv. 1, 18, 6; Suet. Aug. 7.

**augūrātō-riū**, ii, adj. n. as sb. [implies a sb. augurator fm. augura-ri]=auguraculum, auguratorium dilap(sum) (restituit), inscr. Or. 2286; P. Viet. reg. 10.

[**augūrātrix**, an error for argutrix in Paul. ex F. p. 117 M.]

**augūr-ātus**, us, m. [cf. consul-ātus], office of augur, lituus...insigne auguratus, Cie. div. 1, 30; scientia auguratus, inscr. ap. I. Labus. 5; **2.** an augury, Tert. anim. 26.

**augūr-ālis**, adj.=auguralis, auis, Apul. de aspir. 8; add Nol. Tir. 62.

**Augūr-inus**, adj. or sb. m. a cognomen, Ti. Minuci C. f. Augurini, on a denar. CIL 358.

**augūr-iū**, ii, n. an augury, augurium (sc. mustelae) ac facit, Pl. St. 3, 2, 10; multa auguria multa auspicia (quod Cato ille queritur) negligentia collegi amissa sunt, Cie. div. 1, 28; cum in arce augurium augures acturi essent, off. 3, 66; augures agere augurium dicuntur, Varr. 1, 6, 6, p. 222 Sp.; acceperis id augurium laeta dicitur Tanaquil, Liv. 1, 34, 9; add 1, 6, 4; 10, 40, 14; Ov. tr. 3, 1, 36; auguria ex ambibus eur inuenit, Plin. 7, 202; **2.** gen. the power of foretelling by auguries, Sed non augurio potuit depellere, Verg. 9, 328; Attus Nanius vir summus augurio, Flor. 1, 5, 2; **3.** at times distinguished from auspiciū, as in: quantum ex augurio auspicioque intellego, Pl. As. 2, 1, 15; dant operam simul, auspicio augurioque, Enn. an. Si V; yet confounded in Cie. div. 1, 105; quid de auguribus loquar? tunc partes sunt: tunc inquam auspiciūm patrociniū debet esse; and again auspiciū; but in the quotation—in auguriis aut auspiciis, the last two words are only in inferior mss; from templum...augurii aut auspicii causa, little can be inferred; augurium perh. a more gen. term, as Non. 429 says; see also pass. fm Paul. ex F. s. v. augur; see too Serv. ad A. 1, 368 and 3, 20.

**augūr-iūs**, adj. of augurs, augurium (ius) optime tenere, Cato orig. 27, 6; add Cie. fam. 3, 9, 3; Gell. pr. 13; **2.** a cognomen, L. Metius Angurius, inscr. Grut. 947, 4.

**augūr-or**, āri, vb. refl. act as augur, foretell by augury, Calchas ex passerum numero belli Troiani annos auguratus est, Cie. div. 1, 72; add 1, 27; non e cantu sinistro oecinis auguror, fam. 6, 6, 7; **2.** met. foretell, augur, as w. acc., mortem eam, Tusc. 1, 96; **3.** w. acc. and inf., rete auguraris de me, nihil a me abesse longius crudelitate, Caes. ad Cie. Att. 9, 16, 2; Hac ego contentos auguror esse decos, Ov. Pont. 3, 4, 80; Tac. h. 1, 50; Curt. 10, 15, 13; **4.** consecrate or bless by auguries, sacerdotes et

(added by Halm) nineta uirgetaque augurando (as a refl. vb.), xii tab. ap. Cie. leg. 2, 21; **II** 5. augūro, āre, the same, but only met., as Serv. ad Verg. truly says, oculis inuestigatis astute augura, Pl. Cist. 4, 2, 26; add Enn. Paen. and Cie. ap. Non. 469, 2; et si quid neri mens augurat, opto, Verg. 7, 273; add Val. F. 3, 356; **6.** auguror as pass., Prisc. 379, 5; add L. Caes. ap. Prisc. 380, 4.

**augūrum**, i, n. =augurium. Pro certo arbitror sortis oracula adytus (=adēroes) augura? Acc. ap. Non. 488, 2.

**Augusta**, see Augustus.

**Augustālīanus**, adj. of an Augustalis Praefectus, Th. C. 11, 5, 3; 11, 24, 6.

**Augustālis**, adj. of Augustus, Iudi, Tac. an. 1, 15 and 51; sacerdotēs, 2, 83; sodales, Suet. Claud. 6; magistri, inscr. Or. 3596; **2.** as sb. m., priest of Augustus, Tac. h. 2, 95; inscr. Or. 610, 2679 etc.; **3.** Praefectus Augustalis, the Governor of Egypt, Th. C. 1, 14, 2; 16, 2, 42; **4.** Augustalia as sb. n. pl. the festival of Augustus, on a d. iv id. Oct., fasti Mall.; **5.** A. militēs, Veg. mil. 2, 7.

**Augustālitas**, ātis, f. the dignity of an Augustalis, Q. Annio Ianuario, ord...ob merita eius honoris Augustalitatis decreuit, inscr. Or. 3213; onus Augustalitatis, 3678; **2.** dignity of A. praefectus, Th. C. 13, 11, 11.

**Augustamnica**, adj. f. as sb. a province of Egypt, so called from the Nile as Augustus amnis, Amm. 22, 16, 1 and 3.

**Augustānus**, adj. of Augustus, equites, Tac. an. 14, 15; add Th. C. 14, 12, 3; domus, inscr. Or. 2350; 2947 (for Augusta); colonia, i.e. Berytus, Ulp. 50, 15, 1; **2.** as sb. m. an inhabitant of any city called Augusta, Astures Augustani (of Astorga), Plin. 3, 28; Augustani urbe Julia Gaditana (Cadiz), 4, 119.

**Augustāticus**, adj. of Augustus, mensis, gron. p. 332, 4 Lachm.

**Augustensis**, adj. of a city w. title Augusta, Th. C. 10, 2, 1.

**Augustus**, adj. of Augustus, epithet of landmarks, lapides, gron. 242, 12 Lachm.; termini, 225, 5 etc.

**Augustīanus**, adj. =Augustanus, equites, Suet. Nero 25; limites, gron. 237, 2.

**augusto**, āre, vb. glorify, Arnob. 6, p. 201.

**Augustūla**, f. dim. a cognomen, inscr. Donat. 472, 2.

**augustus**, (implies a sb. n. augus from augere, make great; cf. onustus, seclustus) adj. hallowed, consecrated, sacred, venerable =σεβαστος, Sancta nocant augusta patris: angusta uocantur Tempia sacerdotum rite dicata manu, Ov. F. 1, 609; Septuaginti sunt paulo plus aut minus anni, Augusto augurio postquam incluta condita Roma est, Enn. ap. Varr. 1, 3, 1, 2; in loco augusto consecratam aram, Cie. dom. 137; datur haec uenia antiquitati ut miscendo humana diuinis primordia urbiū angustiora faciat, Liv. pr. 7; Ausoniae pater augustissimus urbis, Stat. sil. 4, 8, 20; augustissimum consulum tribunal, Plin. pan. 60; **2.** esp. the title of the Emperor C. Iulius Caesar Octavianus and his successors, the holy one, Suet. Aug. 7; **3.** A. mensis, August, so called in place of m. Sextilis, cum imperator Caesar Augustus mense Sextili et primo consulatum inierit etc... finisque hoc mense bellis ciuilibus inpositus sit... placere senatui ut hic mensis Augustus appelleret, lex ap. Macr. s. 1, 12, 35; Augusto mense, Colum. 11, 2, 62; Inv. 3, 9; Augustas Kalendas, Plin. 2, 123; vii id. Augusti (Augustis?), Colum. 11, 2, 57; but Iulius Augustus, ib.: Augustus Iulius, Mart. 12, 67, 2; **4.** gen. sacred as belonging to or named after the emperor, donus, Ov. Pont. 2, 2, 76; inscr. Or. 1885 etc.; aures, 1, 2, 117; forum, 4, 5, 10; aqua, the aqueduct so called 'ab inuentore' says Frontin. 1, 12; cf. mon. Ancy. 11; also Alutina aqua quae uocatur A. Frontin. 1, 11; **II** 6. Augusta f. as title of any lady of the imperial house, Iuliae diui Augusti f. Augustae, inscr. Or. 615; diuae Poppeae Augustae, 731; **6.** as title of many cities, A. Taurinorum, now Turin, Plin. 3, 123; A. Emerita, now Merida. 4, 117; Augusta) (Treuerorum),

inser. Or. 389, now Trèves; Aug. Suessionum, 5236, now Soissons.

**āvia**, (auos) ae, f. grandmother. Puer quidem beatut: matres duas habet, āvias duas, Pl. Truc. 4, 3, 34; āvia tam paterna quam materna, Paul. dig. 38, 10, 10, 13; 2. met. Pers. 5, 92; 3. a plant, Colum. 6, 14, 3 and 6; Veg. 4, 14, 2, 4, 15, 4.

**Āviānus**, adj. or sb. a gens, M. Aulianus M. f. Coniunctus, CIL 577 a.

**āviārus**, adj. of birds, rete, Varr. r. 3, 5, 13; 2. as sb. m. one who has charge of poultry, Colum. 8, 3, 4; 8, 5, 14; 3. aviarian, poultry-place, Varr. r. 3, 3, 6 and 7, 3, 4, 3 etc.; turdorum, 1, 38, 2; nantium uolucrum, Colum. 8, 1, 4.

**āviūla**, ae, f. dim. a little bird, Gell. 2, 29, 2; Apul. M. 11, 7.

**āviūlarius**, adj. as sb. m. = aviarius, Apic. 8, 7.

**āviditas**, ātis, f. eagerness, (amoi) inhaeret āviditas, desidia (desides?) inopia, Pl. Merc. 1, 1, 29; senectus mihi sermonis āviditatem auxit, potioris et cibi sustulit, Cic. sen. 46; legendi, fin. 3, 7; 2. esp. for food, appetite, Cels. 1 pr. (p. 6, 1. 14. Dar.); Plin. 20, 64; 23, 12; 3. in pl. Plin. 11, 15; 20, 227.

**āvidus** (aneo), adj. eager, first concerning food, greedy, cibi, Ter. Eun. 5, 4, 16; and absol. āvidos nictum fuit... sibi parcere cogit, Hor. s. 1, 4, 126; porca, od. 3, 23, 4;

2. for money, avaricious, ita āvido ingenio fuit, Numquam indicare id (thensaurum) filio voluit suo, Pl. Aul. pr. 9; add. 5, 12 and 13; āvidos aridos bene admordere, Pers. 2, 3, 13 etc.; ad rem est āvidior?, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 51; considera quis quem frandasse dicatur. Roscius Fannium? probus improbum? liberalis āvidum? Cic. Rose. com. 21; 3. gen., laudis, Cic. Manil. 7; gloriae āvidissimus, Marc. 25; Hispanorum āvida in novus res ingenia, I. v. 22, 1, 2; 4. for comp. and snp. see\*; II. 5. adv. āviditer eagerly (prob. an old form revived), Apul. M. 4, 7; Arnob. 5, 1; 6. āvidē, Cic. sen. 26; āvidius, Liv. 23, 18, 11; āvidissime, Cic. Phil. 14, 1.

**Āviēns**, adj. as sb. m. a cognomen, prob. of adoption, Rufus Festus Avenius.

**Avilius**, adj. or sb. a gens, C. Avilius, CIL S5; D. Avillius Pampilius O. I. CIL 1037.

**āvila**, (for āvinila), dim. of a lost auina = Umir. hapina, see Key's lang. p. 61, f. a young lamb.

**āvillas**, agnas recentis partus, Paul. ex F. s. v.

**Avilius**, see Avilius.

**Aviōla**, ae, m. a cognomen, (M.) Acilius Aviōla, Tac. an. 3, 41; Suet. Claud. 45; Plin. 7, 173.

**āvipes**, pedis, adj. bird-footed, Perit abit auipedis animala leporis, Soren. ap. Mart. C. 169 G, 171, 27 Eyss.

**avis**, is, f. a bird, Liber captivos auis feras consimilis est, Pl. Capt. 1, 2, 7; ista avi? (aquila) uolat nulla uehementius, Cic. div. 2, 144; Serpentes aubus gemuntur, tigris agni, Hor. ep. 2, 3, 13; 2. in augury, Inauguratum: quoties admittunt aures, Pl. As. 2, 1, 11; Aspiciō liquido ego exeo foras, avi? sinistra, Epid. 2, 2, 2; qui linguam animo intellegunt, Paucv. ap. Varr. 5; solvere... aduersa, avi, poet. ap. Cic. div. 1, 29; mala ducis avi? domum, Hor. od. 1, 15, 5; 3. avis alba, a white crow, something strange, quasi aem albam uidentur bene sentientem cinem uidere, Cic. fam. 7, 28, 2; 4. āvis in abl. as well as āvis as seen above\*, Ora fuere mihi (a parrot) plus uel docta loqui, Ov. am. 2, 6, 62; 5. avis, nom. and gen. at times a monos. see † above; and: Avis me feras consimilem faciam ut praedicas, Pl. Capt. 1, 2, 14; cf. anepes, auspex, etc.

**āvianus**, (et. seruitum), ii, n. collect., birds, as a whole, Apul. de D. Socr. prol. p. 186.

**āvitus**, adj. of a grandfather, inherited from him, gleba nulla de patenis atque auitis possessionibus relinquatur, Cic. agr. 2, 82; bona paterna et auita, Caes. 34; autum mihi hospitium est cum Lysons, fam. 13, 34; 2. of animals, paternam formam, modē-tiam autum refert, Colum. 6, 37, 4; 3. vaguely, of ancestors, ancestral, diuitiae, Catul. 68, 121; fundus, Hor. od. 1, 12, 43; cellae, 1, 37, 6; Troia, 3, 3, 59; nerum, Ov. a. a. 2, 695.

**āuius**, (uia), adj. pathless, without roads, itinera, Sal. Jug. 54, 9; loca, Liv. 9, 19, 16; Auia tum resonant auibus uirgulta canoris, Verg. G. 2, 328; montes, Hor. od. 1, 23, 2;

2. auium and more freq. auia, n. as sb. pathless ground, hunc auium dilecto ducit ad auium, Cornif. ad Her. 4, 29; auia sequor, Verg. 2, 736; auia saltum, Tac. an. 2, 68; 3. auius, met. out of the right road, a vera ratione, Lucr. 2, 82; auius errat auimus—of delirium—3, 463; auia coepto consilia, Sil. 12, 493; II 4. Auus, adj. or sb. a gens, Cn. Auus Cn. 1. Agathocles, CIL 571.

1. **aula**, (olla), ae, f. a pot. Cato r. S6; poculum grande et aula magna, Pl. Cure. 2, 3, 89; Cas. 4, 1, 16.

2. **aula**, ae, f. a court-yard surrounded by colonnades, a great hall of a palace, = Lat. atrium, omni auctoritate aulae communita (Ariobarzanes) regnum obtinet, Cic. fam. 15, 4, 6; Aulai in medio libabant pocula Baccho, Verg. 3, 354; Ianitor aulae (of Pluto), Hor. od. 3, 11, 16; 2. hence of an eastern palace, haud aulae et assentantium accommodatus ingenio, Curt. 8, 5, 21; senectus res in aula rarissima, Sen. dial. 4, 33, 2; 3. under the empire, the imperial palace at Rome, exuauia, arma, cetera aulae, Tac. an. 1, 7; discors aula erat tacitis in Drusum aut Germanicum studiis, 6, 43; add 15, 34; hist. 1, 13 f. 2, 95.

**aulaeum**, (an adj. n. from αὐλῆ, palace, = αὐλαῖα f.) i, n. a curtain, of great splendour, as used in the palace of Attalus, and so having a Greek name, Attalica aulae, Varr. ap. Non. 537, 17; Porticus aulae nobilis Attalica, Prop. 2, 32, 12; 2. esp. of a theatre, scabilla concrepant, aulaeum tollitur, Cic. Caes. 65 (it is raised so as to conceal the stage, corresponding to our 'the curtain drops'); tolluntur festis aulae theatris, Ov. M. 3, 114; tollunt aulae Britannii, Verg. G. 3, 25; aulae premuntur (the reverse), Hor. ep. 2, 1, 189; aulaco misso, Phaedr. 5, 8, 23; 3. perh. only for tragedy, aulaeum tragicum dimouet et siparium scenicum complicato, Apul. M. 1, 8; at any rate not = siparium; see too Apul. M. 10, 29 and Hildebrand ad l.; 4. in pl. curtains, esp. as hanging from a ceiling and enclosing a dinner couch, tentlike, inuitatis ad epulas legatis exornari conuiuium insit, (au-reis) lectis circumdederat aulae purpura fulgentia, Curt. 9, 7, 15; aulacis iam se regina superbis Aurea composuit sponda, Verg. 1, 701; suspensa graues aulae ruinas In patium fecit, Hor. s. 2, 8, 54; Cenae sine aulacis et ostro, od. 3, 29, 15.

**aulēticus**, adj. fit for a pipe, calamus, Plin. 16, 168.

1. **aulicus**, adj. of a palace, luctatores, Suet. Nero 45; libertina, Oth. 2; 2. as sb. m. a courtier, Suet. Cal. 19; ps. Nep. Dat. 5, 2.

2. **aulicus**, adj. of a pipe, suauitas, Mart. C. 314 G, 348, 1 Eyss.

**aulix**, icis (= αὐλαξ), m. a furrow, Veg. vet. 2, 28, 38 (biss).

**auoedus**, i, adj. as sb. flute-player, Cic. Mur. 29.

**auula**? f. dim. a little pot, Apul. M. 5, 20 (dub.); but implied in

**āuulāria**, ae, f. of the little pot, title of a play of Plautus (sc. comedia).

**Aulus**, i, m. a praenomen, gen. abbreviated as A, A. Manlius Q. f. on a coin, CIL 352; 2. w. O for Au. Aufidia Merope Olus Aufidius possit, 1281; 3. and abbr., C. Pansa O. Irtio cons., 625; 4. Aula f. a praenomen, A. Septuolena, 1491.

**āuocēmentum**, i, n. calls me away, esp. from thought of trouble, relief, diversion, admittite auocementa (after loss of a wife) et cietricum pati, Plin. ep. 8, 5, 3; add S. 23, 1; pan. 82; Apul. mag. p. 498; Caes. Aur. turd. 5, 170.

**āuocatio**, ōnis, f. lit. calling away, esp. diverting one's attention, a cogitanda molestia, Cic. Tusc. 3, 33; in his quae me sine auocatione circumstrepunt, essedas transcurrentes pono, Sen. ep. 56, 4.

**āuocātor**, ōris, m. one who calls away, Tert. carn. Chr. 5 f.

**āuocētrix**, icis, f. the same, Tert. anim. 1.

**āuoco**, eis, vb. call away, call off, summon away, pube in arcem armis obtinendam, Liv. 1, 6, 1; parte tribunorum ad Volscum auocatum bellum, 4, 61, 3; milites a



signis, Callist. dig. 22, 5, 3, 6; 2. met. senectus a rebus gerendis, Cic. sen. 15; aetas a proliis, Rost. Ann. 90; Pompeium a Caesaris coniunctione, Phil. 2, 23; 3. esp. divertit the attention, magis mihi uox auocare uidetur quam crepitus; illa enim animam adducit, hic tantum aures implet, Sen. ep. 56, 4; clausae fenestras manent; tenebris enim ab his quae auocant abductus, non oculos animo sed animum oculis sequor, Plin. ep. 8, 36, 2; illa quae delectat auocant ab intentione operis, Quint. 10, 3, 23; 4. in law, call away and so revoke, consul ab omnibus magistratibus contione auocare potest, Messal. ap. Gell. 13, 15, 8; and again twice, ib.; 5. gen. revoke, hereditatem, Gai. 2, 148; factum, Ulp. dig. 39, 5, 6.

**auolo**, are, vb. fly away (as a bird), panones, Gai. dig. 41, 1, 5, 5; 2. met., citatis equis auolant Komam, Liv. 1, 57, 8; Cic. Att. 9, 10, 3; Verg. 11, 712.

**auolsio**, quis, f. tearing off, as of a slip from a tree or plant for planting, aut semine proveniunt arbores aut plantis radicis aut propagine aut auolsione aut sureulo..., Plin. 17, 58; sabina herba propagine scirrit, aut auolsione, 17, 98.

**auolsor**, oris, m. one who tears away, intellectum messe spongies adparet, quia ubi auolsorem sentire, contractae multo difficilius abstrahuntur, Plin. 9, 148.

**auuncululus**, (auncu-) i, m. [duplies a lost au-on-, dim. of auo-; + ie-ul-us, dim. of affection, auo-+on+ie+ulus] a mother's brother, maternal uncle, auuncululus est matris frater, Paul. dig. 38, 10, 10, 14; Fac mentionem cum auunculo \* mater mea, Pl. Aul. 4, 7, 3 (4); si me nouisti minus Genere quo sim gnatus, hic mihi Megadorus auuncululus\*, 4, 10, 48; Ea re repudiū remisit auuncululus\* causa mea, 4, 10, 69; Is adulescentis illius auuncululus, pr. 35; Eam tu despondisti opinor meo auunculo. Omnem rem tenes, 4, 10, 52; Q. Tiberoni Africanum auunculum laudanti, Cic. or. 2, 341; 2. incorr., of a mother's sister's husband, carissimum uirum auunculerat (sc. soror tua), auunculum nostrum cui uirgo nupsit, Senec. ad Helium matrem 19, 4; 3. a, magnus, id est, auiae frater, Gai. dig. 38, 10, 1, 6; Paul. 38, 10, 10, 15; uncle of a grandmother (on either side), M. Drusum tuum magnum auunculum, Cic. Brut. 222;

4. a, maior, patris uel matris auuncululus magnus, ib. 16; 5. auuncululus incorr. for a, magnus, auunculum in Hispania subsecutus (sc. Augustus Caesarem), Suet. Aug. 8; again in 10, 68 and 94; and also incorr. maioris auuncululi (of the same), ib. 10; so again Augustus is called by Tac. an. 2, 43 auuncululus of Germanicus instead of a, magnus; and again Domitius 4, 75 is also called auuncululus instead of a, maior;

6. form auuncululus, inscr. Maff. Ver. 308, 10; 370; 7. auuncululus as trisyl. (auuncululus?) for the most part in old drama, see \* above; and cf. F. uncle, E. uncle; also auos § 6; and claudo gaudeo audeo for claudo etc.; while the assumed au-on- = G. oh-eim; 8. that auuncululus, etym. grandfather, should come to signify uncle has its parallel in nepos, 1 grandson, 2 nephew.

**auos**, (auus) i, m. [perh. for auos (for loss of initial c cf. auonem) and so = *παππός*] grandfather (on either side), secundo gradu duodecim personae continentur hae: Auos, hunc est patris et matris pater, Paul. dig. 38, 10, 10, 13; Patris auos\* proauos abauos atanos tritauos, Pl. Pers. 1, 2, 5; Ibi meo maioremsi, pater auos\* proauos abauos, Mil. 2, 4, 20; Immutat nomen auos\* huic gemino alteri (so xss al. Rit-chil), Men. pr. 40; Etsd mihi auos\* huius obscuros conuersit, Aul. pr. 6; Et ipsi eodemst auos\* uocatus nomine, Men. pr. 44 (46 R); Tibi pater (so A. al. paterque) auosque facilem fecit et planam uiam, Trin. 3, 2, 19; Progeniem nostram usque ab atquo atquo auos proferens, Ter. ph. 2, 3, 48; et proauus L. Murenas et auus praetor fuit, Cic. Mur. 15; Nec quod auos tibi maternus fuit atque paternus, Olim qui uiu, Hor. s. 1, 6, 3; 2. in pl. grandfathers and other ancestors, equites ab origine priua vsque per innumeros inueniuntur auos, Ov. Pont. 4, 3, 18; add her. 15 (16), 174;

3. gen. a grandfather, i.e. an old man, Longius auosuo uiuere dignus auo, Albin. 2, 4; of bees, an. numerant auorum, Verg. G. 4, 209; 4. auum as gen. pl., aureus ille Sanguis auum, Stat. Th. 3, 560; 5. form auos, inscr. Or. 4603; 6. in old drama often a monos. (=auos); cf. above\* and see auuncululus.

**aura**, (aua for a Fa-pa from a *Φα-μ* blow, root Fa = S. va blow, or rather uan as in uannus, uentus) ae, f., chiefly in poets, air in motion, breeze, wind, breath, agilitas aer auram facit, Isid. or. 13, 11; uia nocturna aura, Caes. b. c. 3, 8, 2; uentosi ceciderunt murmuris aerae, Verg. B. 9, 58; aerae uela uocant, A. 3, 350; taurinis foliibus aerae Accipit redduntque, G. 4, 171; 2. esp. a light breeze, flatus status qui non aura, non procella, sed... uenti sunt, Plin. 2, 116; semper aer (hic) spiracula aliquo mouetur, frequentius tamen auras quam uentos habet, Plin. ep. 5, 6, 5; Nunc omnes terret aurae, Verg. 2, 726; Conciatit tenerum (rauum) quaelibet aura, cadet, Ov. a. 2, 650; so that Silius seems to stand alone with this; Eriperit oculos aerae, uocemque manusque, 9, 501, unless aerae has here the sense of § 9; 3. air, as in breathing, si tescitur aura Aetheria, Verg. 1, 546; auras uitalis carpis, 1, 387; auram communem haurire, Quint. 6 pr. 12; 4. so far in sing. and pl.; but in pl. only open air, as opp. to darkness, light of day, omnia ferre sub aera, Siqua tegunt, Verg. 2, 158; illos patet factus ad auras reit equis, 2, 259; auras aera fuit, 4, 388; 5. opp. to Tartarus, light of the upper world, superas neniebat ad auras, G. 4, 486; add A. 6, 128; 7, 768; 6. in pl. too of air, esp. upper air, ignem se uertere in auras aeris, Lucr. 1, 783 and 801; 2, 203; quis tantus plangor ad auras? Verg. 6, 561; sese attollit in auras... et caput inter nubila condit, 4, 176; 11. air or wind, as conveying any scent or perfume, inolentis oliui Nardum nullam quae mittit naribus auram, Lucr. 2, 851; dulci... spirant erubus aera, G. 4, 417; si tantum notas odor attulit auras, 3, 251; Corcyo quae uenit aura croeo, Mart. 3, 65, 2; multa spirat coma flexilis aura, Val. F. 5, 588; 8. as conveying sound, uicinae perstreptit auram uiae, Prop. 3, 10, 26; sed illi Nomen ab extremis fontibus aura refert, 1, 20, 50; 9. of exhalation, terra exhalat auram, Pac. ap. Varr. 1, 5, 5; 10. often of mysterious agency, as though in the form of some emanation—cf. Lucretian doctrine of sight; cf. also alio, spiro, calamitas and sideratio and our own terms influence, atmosphere of—, as also Pliny's phrases: (ferum) auris ab magnete accipit, 34, 147; (natura) sensus manusque tribuit magneti, 36, 126; necesse habemus fateri hoc exemplo (torpeditis, the electric eel) esse uim aliquam quae odore tantum et quadam aura corporis sui adficiat membra, 32, 7; papanerum aura, Lucr. 3, 196; auri per ramos aura refudit, Verg. 6, 204; omnia ea uenena... si minima adspiret aura, intumescent corpora, Plin. 13, 124; 11. hence of the mysterious influence of one human being over another, attraction, fascination, charms, as in a magic glance, word etc. from a loved maiden, but still perh. allusion to a breeze as guiding the course of the person affected, tua ne retardet Aura maritos, Hor. od. 2, 2, 24; Si modo damnatum renouenit aura puella, Prop. 2, 27, 15; 12. hence in ancient philosophy, a certain spiritual principle of which the soul with the intellect is but a part, pars diuinae mentis, Verg. G. 4, 220; purumque relinquat Aethereum sensum atque aura simplicis ignem, A. 6, 747; 13. other met. as from wind or scent, even in prose, sperat sibi auram posse aliquid afflari uoluntatis coram, an inkling—(Cic. Verg. 2, 1, 35; libertatis capere auram, Liv. 3, 37, 1; Afris, gente ad omnem auram spei motili, 29, 3, 13; leuis aura spei, 42, 39, 1; quem neque periculi tempestas neque honoris aura potuit de suo cursu demouere, Cic. Sect. 101; rumoris, Mur. 35; famae, Verg. 7, 646; 14. esp. from air as carrying on a ship, breeze of favour, a popularis, Cic. Lar. 1, 46; Liv. 3, 33, 7; 30, 45, 6; 42, 30, 4; a fauoris popularis, 22, 26, 4; Dum flaut uelis aura secunda meis, Ov. Pont. 2, 3, 26; 15. aurai as gen. in Aen. 6, 747 is sanctioned by Serv. ad A. 7, 464; but prob. agst metre; 16. auras as gen. by the same in 11, 801; but?

**aurarius**, adj. of gold, negotium, Pl. Bac. 2, 2, 51; statera, Varr. ap. Non. 455, 20; fornax, Plin. 34, 132; metalla, 37, 193; a. canon, a special tax paid by merchants into the emperor's purse, Th. C. 11, 16, 13; 2. auraria, f. as sb. the same, 12, 6, 29; 3. aurarius as sb. m. collector of the same, Nov. Valent. 12, 1, 173, 1; 4. aurarius as sb. m. a goldsmith, inscr. Or. 7218; auraria f. the same, 4148; 5. auraria, f. as sb. a goldmine, Tac. an. 6, 19 (25).



plough (see Conington ad l.), Binae aures, duplii aptantur dentalia dorso, Verg. G. 1, 172; cf. tabellis additis ad numerem, Varr. r. 1, 29, 2 and tabula aratro adnexa, Plin. 18, 180; aratra aurita, Pall. 1, 43, 1.

**auriscalpium**, ii, n. earpick, lemma of Mart. 14, 23;

**2.** a probe, Scrib. comp. 41 and 228.

**auritulus**, adj. dim. of contempt, long-eared, asellus, Phaedr. 1, 11, 6.

**auritus**, quasi-part. provided with ears, Pluris est oculus testis unus quam auritus decem—a witness who overhears or learns by hearing, Pl. True. 2, 6, 8; Face nunciam tu praeco omnem auritum populum, As. pr. 4, w. allusion to the asinus; **2.** well provided with ears, long-eared, quod praedicant, Aurito me (Priapum) parente natum, non itast, Afran. ap. Maer. s. 6, 5, 6; lepores, Verg. G. 1, 308; asellus, Ov. am. 2, 7, 15; lagalopes, Mart. 7, 87, 1;

**3.** met. uenator enim auritus placis (of a listener), Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 14; querens, Hor. od. 1, 12, 11; aduenteas rostri (meaning what?) Plin. 10, 136; **4.** a. aratrum, see auris § 5.

**auro**, are, vb. gild, Tert. cor. mil. (dub.); Prisc. 433, 6. See auratus.

**Aurora**, (see below) ae, f. the goddess of the morning-red or dawn, Aurora, Tithonum crocum linquens Aurorā eubile, Verg. 4, 585; add 6, 535; 7, 20; **2.** day-break, dawn, Nam nos usque ab aurora ad hoc quod dieist, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 8; Forte ante auroram, radiorum ardentum indicem, Ace. ap. Non. 395, 22; add Verg. 3, 521; tunc prima aurora folia melle rosea mueniuntur, Plin. 11, 30; **3.** auro of Aurora = auro of auro, Acol. for auro; or rather = auro of a lost form auro-as, just as auris points to an old Gr. *auras* rather than *oas*; also akin to *auror*; cf. for change of meaning Fr. *déman* from *mane*, G. *morgen* at once morning and to-morrow, E. *mor* of morning and to-morrow. So prob. also to *eras* as standing for *cor-as*, and so to *crocus* for *cor-croas*, as also to *car* of E. *carmine*, red being the prim. notion; cf. too aurum, the red metal.

**aurus**, adj. full of gold, golden, pulvis, Pall. 1, 5, 1; color, Verg. vet. 3, 7, 1; arena, Lampr. Hel. 31, 8.

**aurifex**, see aurifer.

**aurigineus**, see auriginus.

**aurigineus**, are, vb. suffer from jaundice, Tert. anim. 17.

**auriginosus**, see auriginosus.

**aurigo**, (aurigo) inis, f. (aurig-, old erube form of aurum) jaundice, Varr. ap. Isid. or. 4, 8; Scrib. comp. 110.

**aurila**, ae, f. dim. a faint breeze, met. famae, Tert. anim. 28; Graecarum litterarum, Hier. ep. 34 (dub.).

**aurulentus**, adj. of gold, lux, Prud. steph. 6, 49.

**aurum**, i, n. (the red metal?), gold. Et aurum et argentum fuit ibidem lenonis omne, Pl. Capt. 2, 3, 65; montis auri pollicens, Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 18; nos acris argenti auri uenas inuenimus, Cic. N. D. 2, 151; **2.** esp. as money, aulam onustam auri, Pl. Aul. 4, 2, 4; Auri sacra fames, Verg. 3, 57; **3.** of things made of gold, in poets chiefly, alpeles...mandant sub dentibus aurum, Verg. 7, 279; add 5, 817; aestium digitis aurum, Iuv. 1, 28; **4.** esp. of women's trinkets etc., aurum atque ornamenta quae ipse instruxit mulieri, Pl. Mil. 4, 1, 11; ancillas secum adduxit oneratas ueste auri, Ter. Haust. 3, 1, 43; **5.** of gold plate, M. Ulpio Aug. l. ab auro escario...fratres, inser. Or. 2897; **6.** met., anguis cristis praesignis et auro, Ov. M. 3, 32; add 9, 689; Val. F. 5, 369; **7.** rustici orum diebant, Fest. v. orata p. 182 B 15; hence lt. oro, Fr. or.

**Aurunculus**, adj. or sb. a gens. M. Oriculefins) Maro ad. v. K. Dec., CIL 927; L. Aurunculeius Cotta, Caes. b. g. 2, 11, 3.

**Auruncus**, (for Ausonius) adj. of the Ausones, Suessa Aurunca, Vell. 1, 14, 4; S. Aurunca urbs, Panl. ex F. v. Ausonia p. 18, 1e. Suessa; also called Aurunca absol., magnus Auruncae alumnus, i.e. Lucilius, Iuv. 1, 20; **2.** Aurunci = Ausones, the old Italian race, senes, Verg. 7, 206; patres, 7, 727; manus, 7, 795.

**auspice**, see osculor.

**auscultatio**, onis, f. listening, Pl. Rud. 2, 6, 18; Sen. dial. 9, 12, 7.

**auscultator**, oris, m. listener, as a mere hearer, Cic. part. 10; as one obeying, Apul. M. 7, 16.

**auscultatus**, us, m. listening, Apul. M. 6, 13.

**ausculto**, are (implying a sb. auscula = auricula) vb. frq. listen, Auscultate atque operam date et mea dicta deaurate, Pl. As. 3, 3, 59; cupidus orationis, conducit qui auscultet, Cato ap. Gell. 1, 15, 9; Auscultate paucis... ausculto, loquere quid uelis, Ter. Andr. 3, 3, 4; laudum ausculto, Hor. s. 2, 7, 1;

**2.** w. dat. of person, Vicine auscultate quaeso. Ego auscultem tibi? Pl. Mil. 2, 6, 16; add Poen. 1, 2, 66; Cure. 2, 1, 8; uin tu homini stulto mihi auscultare? Ter. Haust. 3, 3, 24; mihi auscultate, uide ne tibi desis, Cic. Rose. Am. 104; **3.** w. acc. of person, nimis cum ausculto lubens, Pl. Poen. 4, 2, 19; Et postremo nisi me auscultas atque hoc ut dico facis, Trin. 3, 2, 36; Ne ego illos neulant ausculto lubens, Afran. ap. Non. 236, 15; populum, Catul. 67, 39; **4.** w. acc. of thing, Homines qui prestant quique auscultant crimina, Pl. Ps. 1, 5, 12; omnia istae ab ostio (hear by listening), Merc. 2, 4, 9;

**5.** listen to approvingly, as taking advice, Nunc places quom recte monstras, nunc tibi auscultabimus, Pl. St. 1, 2, 89; add As. 1, 1, 50; audio haut (mss aut) ausculto, poet. ap. Varr. l. o, 8 f;

**6.** hence pay attention to and obey, Tibi auscultabo Pl. Ps. 1, 5, 37; Ad portum ne baetas, dico iam tibi. Auscultabitur, Merc. 2, 3, 132; Quamquam Cupido in corde auscultat, tamen Tibi auscultabo, Poen. 1, 1, 69; auditus, non auscultatus, Cato ap. Gell. 1, 15, 9; audire, ignoti quae imperant, soleo, non auscultare, Caecil. ap. Non. 236, 14; auscultare diemur qui auditus parent, Varr. l. 6, 8 f.;

**7.** as vb. red. the undeigesimo animaduertat (adarius) an pulli rostellis oia perturbent et auscultetur (auscultet?) si pipiant, Colum. 8, 5, 14.

**auscultor**, see osculor.

**Auseli**, diebantur (qui nune Aurelii), Paul. ex F. p. 23.

**Ausonius**, onis, m. a son of Ulixes and Calypso, Paul. ex F. p. 18; Serv. A. 3, 171; or of Circe, founder of the Ausonian race, Serv. A. 8, 328.

**Ausona**, ae, f. an old city of the Ausones, Liv. 9, 25, 4.

**Ausones**, um, m. pl. an old race of middle Italy, occupying esp. the towns Cales, Minturnae, Beneuentum, Formiae, Fundi, Ardea, Vescia, Ausonum bellum, Liv. 8, 16, 1; urbes Ausonum, Liv. 9, 25, 1; Ausonum gens, 9, 25, 3; add Plin. 3, 56;

**2.** a name given by Greek writers to the Arunci, Serv. A. 7, 727; **3.** and so applied to Southern Italy (Magna Graecia) Ausones tenuere primi, Plin. 3, 95; **4.** in poetry to all Italy, Ausonum portus, Stat. silv. 4, 5, 37.

**Ausonia**, ae, f. the country of the Ausones, see Ausones, in use as a synonym for Italy, Verg. 3, 496; 10, 54.

**Ausonidae**, -arum or um, m. pl. sons of Auson, Ausonias, Iov. 564; 12, 121; Lucan. 9, 999.

**Ausonis**, idis, adj. f. Ausonian, ora, Ov. F. 2, 94; aquae, Sil. 9, 188.

**Ausoniis**, adj. Ausonian, coloni, Verg. G. 2, 385; terra, A. 4, 349; urbes, Hor. od. 4, 4, 56; imperium, Ov. Pont. 2, 2, 72; mare, Plin. 3, 75 and 95; 14, 69, the eastern part of the mare internum.

**auspex**, icis (auis, species), adj. as sb. m. lit. a bird-watcher, one who from the action of birds foretells the future, esp. of those in public service, legis eruntiae, Cic. Att. 2, 7, 2; **2.** also as attaching a religious sanction to marriages, which became a mere form, Utro libit nuptum, non manebat auspices, Pl. Cas. pr. 86; quod nuptiarum auspices declarant, qui re omnia nouum tantum tenent, Cic. dial. 1, 28; nubit genero socrus nullis auspibus, Clu. 14; celebratas nuptias domus leuatiorem adit auspibus nobilissimus populus, Liv. 42, 12, 4; dote inter auspices consignata, Suet. Claud. 26; nuptias etiam nunc auspices interponitur, Val. Max. 2, 1, 1; add Tac. an. 11, 27;

**3.** met. in adl. with the blessing of, under the auspices of, diuis auspibus coeptorum operum, Verg. 3, 20; di. auspibus hunc cursum tenuisse, 4, 45; add Ov. F. 1, 6, 15; auspice Musa, Hor. ep. 1, 3, 13; and more boldly, auspice Tenero, od. 1, 7, 27; **4.** and still more boldly of inauguration or sacred commencement, Kalendae Martiae aeternorum auspices imperatorum, Eumen. pan. Const. 3;

auspice clamore, Claud. cons. Hon. 610; 5. met. of one predicting, Hor. od. 3, 27, 8.

**auspicabilis**, adj. conferring a blessing, Arnob. 4 p. 131 and p. 237.

**auspicabilis**, adj. prophetic, pasciulus, Plin. 32, 4; 2. conferring a blessing at the outset, primus a dies, Mamert. pan. Maxim. 3; 3. auspicialiter, adv. with the auspices duly taken, grom. p. 170, 5.

**auspicatō**, abl. of part. as adv. with the auspices duly taken, Cic. rep. 2, 51; Liv. 6, 41, 5; 2. met. auspiciously, Vide ut ingrediare auspicato. Liquidum auspicium: tace, Pl. Pers. 4, 4, 57; haut auspicato huc me appuli, Ter. Andr. 4, 5, 12; Benevolentium auspicatū mutato nomine (from Malevolentium), Plin. 3, 105; add 7, 47.

**auspicatus**, us? depends only on false readings, for auspicato in Cic. rep. 2, 51; for auspicus in Plin. 10, 40.

**auspicium**, ii, n. lit. bird-watching, hence divination from action of birds, (At) Remus auspicio se demouet atque secundum Solus anem seruat, Enn. ap. Cic. div. 1, 107; aliis a laeva, aliis a dextra datum est ausibus ut auspicium facere possint, 2, 83; 2. in state service, gen. pl. auspicia, auspices, publici augures signis et auspicis ostenta uident, xii tab. ap. Cic. leg. 2, 20; ille legibus per uim et contra auspicia ferendis auctor, Att. 8, 3, 3; 3. auspicium, the right to take auspices in behalf of the state, conferred by the act of election to high offices, magistratus auspicium habent, xii tab. ap. Cic. leg. 3, 10; in early times claimed as limited to the patricians, interroganti cur plebeium consulere fieri non oportet, respondit, quod nemo plebeius auspicia haberet, Liv. 4, 6, 2; patriciorum auspicia in duas sunt diuisa potestates: maxima sunt consulum praetorum censorum; tamen...collegae non sunt censorum consulum aut praetorum, praetores consulum sunt. Ideo neque consules aut praetores censoribus neque censoribus consulibus aut praetoribus turbant et retinent auspicia; at censoribus inter se, rursus praetores consulibusque inter se et utantur et optinent (retinent?), Messal. ap. Gell. 13, 15, 4; a populo auspicia accepta habemus...proconsules et propraetores auspicia non habent, Cic. div. 2, 76; 4. often spoken of as held by a commander in chief, who thus had the credit of victories won by his lieutenants, L. Mummi L. f. duct. auspicio imperioque eius Achaia capta Corinto deleta Romanum rediit triumphans...CIL 541; supplicatio ob res gestas ductu auspicioque Ap. Claudii proconsulis, Liv. 41, 28, 1; ob res aut a me aut per legatos meos auspicis meis gestas...decreuit senatus supplicandum esse dis immo(rtalibus), Mon. Ancy. 1, 25; add inser. ap. Plin. 3, 136; ductu Germanici, auspicis Tiberii, Tac. an. 2, 41; add Hor. ep. 2, 1, 254; Suet. Aug. 21; 6. hence in imitation of Roman habit, Ut gesserit rem pmpicam ductu imperio auspicio suo, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 41; add 2, 2, 25; and met. Virtute atque auspicio Epidici cum praeda in castra redeo, Epid. 3, 2, 45; 6. gen. met. as first of good auspices, Auspicio liquido ego exeo foras aut sinistra, 2, 2, 2; add P's. 2, 4, 72; Pers. 4, 4, 55; bonum, Catul. 45, 19; melius, Pl. Men. 5, 9, 88; optimum, Cic. div. 2, 74; then of bad, malum, Pl. As. 2, 2, 107; Cic. Vatin. 39; 7. oft. beyond sphere of birds, as from a weasel, Pl. St. 3, 2, 6; fulmen optimum a. si sinistrum, Cic. div. 2, 43; 8. more boldly, auspica belli (or regni) a parricidio incipientes (or coepta), Iustin. 26, 2, 2 and 27, 1, 1, inaugurating...with parricide, an omen of what might well follow.

**auspicio**, see

**auspisor**, arī, vb. r. act the auspex, take auspices, cum pometum transiret auspiciari est oblitus, Cic. N. D. 2, 11; add div. 1, 77; Fabio auspiciari aues non addixerat, Liv. 27, 16, 15; Remo auspiciante, Sen. dial. 10, 13, 8; 2. =auspicium facio, augur favourably, sacrificanti (loui) aquilam auspicatam, quo auspicio unum esse et eam inter astra collocasse, Hygin. 2, 10; 3. met. inaugurate, Kal. Ianuarii auspiciandi causa omne genus operis instantur, as a day of good omen, Colum. 11, 2, 98; cf. Ov. F. 1, 165 ff.; celeberrimi carminis principio a. (like the Georgics) with armorem cultus, Colum. 3, 1, 1; 4. the same w. acc., homo a supplicis uitam auspicatur, Plin. 7, 3; se-

natorum per militiam gradum, Sen. ep. 47, 10; iurisdictionem sacro Latinarum, Suet. Nero 7; 5. w. inf. Kalendis Ianuarii auspiciari in Virginem desilire, opened the year with, Sen. ep. 83, 3; primus (aquam Marciam) in urbem ducere auspicatus est Aeneas Marcius, Plin. 31, 41; add aram Iouis cantare, Suet. Nero 22; 6. with little of original sense, auspicandi causa, commencing for mere form, Tac. an. 4, 36; Plin. ep. 3, 5, 8; Suet. Aug. 38; 11. 7. auspicio, are, the same, ut magistratus publice cum accipiant, Caecil. ap. Non. 468, 27; auspicat auspicium prosperum, Naev. ib.; auspicietis, Atta ib.; Non hodie isti re auspicant ut cum fureficio fabuler, Pl. Rud. 3, 4, 12; 8. w. abl. Lucro faciendo ego auspicant, Pl. Pers. 4, 6, 14; Ea (so B. not eam) ego auspicant in re capitali mea! Pl. St. 3, 2, 46; 9. note only the perf. so used in Plaut. as with reuerenti deueriti plaxi fin reuerter etc.

**australlus**, i. m. dim. a gentle south wind, Lucil. ap. Non. 98, 23; see

**auster**, tri, m. south wind, istic auster inbricns, Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 36; omnem classem ventus auster lenis fert, Cato ap. Char. 207, 27 K; add Cic. rep. 6, 22; tellus Nabibus assiduis pluuioque madescit ab austro, Ov. M. 1, 66; frigidus, Verg. G. 4, 261; Prop. 2, 26, 36; nocens corporibus, Hor. od. 2, 14, 16; plumbicus, s. 2, 6, 18; 2. south, luna fertur ad austrum, Varr. 1, 9, 13; luna nunc in aquilonem, nunc in austrum deflecta, Plin. 2, 43.

**austritas**, atis, f. of astringency or harshness of taste, unarum, Colum. 11, 2, 68; (uini), Plin. 14, 24, 14, 65; picis, 14, 17; cepae, 19, 105; 2. of colour, dullness, dinginess, nigritiae (pelagiae purpurae), dat austeritatem nitoremque coeci, Plin. 9, 134; eadem res nimis floridis coloribus austeritatem dare, 35, 97; 3. of character, sourness, Quint. 2, 2, 5.

**austrulus**, adj. dim. rather harsh or dry, cratera, Apul. flor. 20.

**austurus**, adj. making the tongue dry (like the sloe or crab), of taste, uinum, dry (not sweet), Cels. 3, 24 (116, 5 D); extenuant corpus acidae res et austerae, 1, 3, (18, 20); alium adstringunt omnia austera, 2, 30; as opp. to uinum Graecum; austeriorum efficere gustum (mellis), Colum. 12, 12, 2; teurion austero sapore, Plin. 25, 45; uinum antisterissimum, Scrib. comp. 142; 2. of scent, pungent (?), odore austurus, 12, 120; 3. of colour, dull, dingy, subdued, opp. to gaudy, sunt colores austeri aut floridi, Plin. 35, 30; Athenion (pictor) austerior colore et in austeritate inuendit, Plin. 35, 134; 4. of statuary, severe, dignified, Euthykrates austero maluit genere quam inuendo placere, Plin. 34, 66; 5. of character, severe, stern, austere, austerior et granior, Cic. Pis. 71; illo austero modo (as = seuer et grauit et price), Cael. 33; ita suauis orator ut suauitatem habeat austeram, non dulcem, or. 3, 103; austeri (severe critics) opp. to multitudine, 3, 98; 6. of other than persons, labor, Hor. s. 2, 12; poemata, ep. 2, 3, 342; tabellae, Prop. 4, 11, 49; curatio seueri medical treatment, Plin. 24, 43.

**australis**, e, adj. of the south, southern, regio tum aquilonia tum australis, Cic. N. D. 2, 50; polus, Ov. M. 2, 132; nimbi, Ov. Pont. 4, 4, 1.

**austrifer**, bringing south winds, Sil. 12, 2.

**austerius**, adj. of the south wind, dies, Colum. 11, 2, 37; tempus, Plin. 2, 123; caelum, 16, 109; flatus, 17, 11; pluuia, 17, 230; 2. of the south, southern, calores, Verg. G. 2, 271; pisces, the constellation, Colum. 11, 2, 63; uertex, south pole, Plin. 2, 172; 3. austrina, as sb. n. pl. south part, Cypr. Plin. 6, 213; Sardiniae, 6, 214; Cappadociae, 6, 215.

**austrofriscus**, m. S.S.W. wind, Isid. or. 13, 11; = *Asporos*, cf. Plin. 2, 120; but not Sen. n. q. 5, 16, 6 where read leuconotus.

**ausum**, see audeo, f.

**ausus**, ūs, m. attempt, Val. F. 3, 613 (dub.); Verg. mil. 1 pr.; Th. C. 12, 6, 32; 16, 4, 2.

**aut**, conj. [for alt, shortened fin alterum, as often the case with irreg. comp.: viz. ma of malo fin magis, sat fin satis, an fin aune (i.e. auni); O.E. mo, bet, leng; and E. less. Thus aut is one w. E. or (O.E. other, G. oder); as

well as Fr. ou, I. o] lit. one of two, hence aut...aut..., either...or..., wh. denial of one includes affirmation of the other, but acceptance of one does not imply rejection of the other, Certe haec mulier insana aut ebriast Messenio, Pl. Men. 2, 3, 22; aut iam nihil est aut iam nihil erit, Capt. 4, 4 f.; Epid. 2, 2, 72; P. falsa memorat. S. aut ego aut tu, Capt. 5, 3, 4; ad As. 2, 1, 16; aut hoc aut illud: non autem hoc: illud igitur, Cic. top. 56; aut unius eras aut non unius, Acad. pr. 2, 97; cum esset haec ei proposita condicio ut iuste pieque accusaret, aut acerbe indignaque moretur, Aut. 142; terra in universum aut silvis horrida aut paludibus foeda, Tac. Germ. 5; 2. after neg. or comp., also in inter. or condit. clauses, the altern. character gives place to a double denial expressed or implied, neque tamen sunt aut obscura aut non multa commissa, Cic. Cat. 1, 15; nullo labore aut corpore fatigari aut animus nunc poterat, Liv. 21, 4, 5; add 22, 19, 7; 23, 26, 4; 24, 5, 14; minus iam tandem aut uirtutis aut fortunae penitere sune, 22, 12, 10; nec aut Persae aut Macedones dubitare quid..., Curt. 4, 15, 28; ne milites ad scelus missos aut numero ualidos aut animo promptos, Tac. an. 14, 58, 3; quis (istae imagines) aut cultu aut religione dignas iudicare (potest)? Cic. N. D. 1, 121; num aut ille lanista..., aut discipulus...? Rose. Am. 118; add Manil. 31; Ita me rex deorum atque hominum faxit patriae compotem, Vt istie Philoerates non magis est quam aut ego aut tu, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 90; 3. often the first aut is omitted, and the aut expressed signifies, or else, or esp. to show a grave alternative which follows, if the first prop. be denied, redde argentum aut uirginem, Pl. Cure. 5, 2, 14; cenam coque Aut abi in malum cruciatum, Ant. 3, 3, 11; Redde uxorem aut quamobrem non opus sit eido, Ter. Hee. 4, 4, 76; omnia quae...bene sunt ei dicenda, aut eloquentiae nomen relinquentium est, Cic. or. 2, 5; add Acad. pr. 2, 96; hic uincendum aut moriendum est, Liv. 21, 3, 5; add 6, 18, 7; Nunc manet insontem grauis exitus; aut ego neri Vana feror, Verg. 10, 630; Ne flectat retro sua lumina..., aut irrita dona futura, Ov. M. 10, 52; add 15, 600; effodimur bulbi ante ner, aut deteriores illico tant, Plin. 19, 97; add Quint. 1, 12, 6; 2, 17, 9; 4. often used by way of correction, both in the way of addition, or even, ut non multum aut nihil omnino Graecis cederetur, Cic. Tusc. 1, 5; uix aut ne uix quidem, fin. 4, 32; ut uix aut omnino non posset, Att. 3, 23, 2; 5. or of diminution, or at least, uita...par aut similis deorum, Cic. N. D. 2, 153; omnibus aut maximis rebus, fin. 4, 15; trunci arborum aut admodum frimis rami, Caes. b. g. 7, 3, 2; euncti aut magna pars Sicecensium fidem mtaissent, Sal. Ing. 56, 5; nunquam aut raro, Vell. 2, 29, 3; 6. though by origin limited to two objects, yet in use like E. or not so limited; thus it occurs eight times in: Aut petiit aurum aut..., aut aliquid semper (est), Pl. Truc. 1, 1, 32—35; six times in: semper petunt Aquam hinc aut..., aut aliquid, Capt. 1, 2, 40; ne aut ille alserit Aut uspiam deciderit (eo ej., mss. eviderit agst. metre) aut praeferegit Aliquit, Ter. Ad. 1, 1, 11; non mehercule inquam apud indices aut dolorem, aut misericordiam aut inuidiam aut odium dicendo excitare uolui quin..., Cic. or. 2, 189; omne corpus aut aqua aut aer aut ignis aut terra est, aut..., N. D. 3, 30; add Lucr. 4, 935; 7. and has uel (ue) acting as subordinate to it, or itself is subordinate to uel, Quotiens te nota Argurippum...Compellere aut contrectare colloquio, aut contui? Pl. As. 3, 1, 43; nec te (=tibi) tua funera mater Produxit pressius oculos aut uolnera lani, Verg. 9, 458; in hominum mentibus uel ad iram aut ad odium aut ad dolorem incitandis, uel ab hisce eisdem permotionibus ad lenitatem misericordiamque renouandis, Cic. or. 1, 53; ubi potest illa aetas aut calescere ul apertione melius uel igni aut uicissim umbris aequissime refrigerari salubris, sen. 57; add rep. 1, 65; ut aut multa multetur, aut in lauantibus uel in vincula publica ducatur, Ulp. dig. 11, 5, 1, 4; 8. so in subclauses under neque...neque..., non...neque... sed neque unde nec quo die datae essent aut quo tempore te expectarem, significabant, Cic. fam. 2, 19, 1; add Verg. 4, 339; Hor. s. 1, 6, 68; Non tamen...nec tantos mente furores Concepit aut grauiora timet quam morte Sychaei, Verg. 4,

500; see also § 3; 9. but for neque nor, after a single neque neither, only in later poets, Nunc neque te longi remaneant pompa triumphi Excipit, aut sacras poscent Capitolia laurus, Lucan. 1, 287; Nam neque pl. deum aut dextro sine numine cretam Seruo animam, Stat. silu. 1, 4, 66; but not: neque enim (nor indeed)...aut..., Val. F. 1, 18; 10. the passages for aut...mel...either...or...as Cic. N. D. 2, 87; Ov. M. 1, 546 (omitted by Merkl), Mart. 3, 3, 3; 4, 77, 6 (one of these [ ] by Lentsch, the other omitted) are all doubtful; 11. often w. added particles, as modo, Si unquam posthac aut amasso Casinam aut ocepso molo Ne ut eam amasso, Pl. Cas. 5, 4, 22; etiam, Lucr. 1, 6, 12, 4, 936; Cic. Tusc. 5, 51; Liv. 2, 55; off. 1, 28; Certe, Cic. or. 11; Brut. 254; top. 64; Liv. 21, 1, 4; nero, Cic. N. D. 2, 115; Verg. 2, 4, 78; or. 1, 36; ne...quidem, Att. 3, 22 f.; omnino, fin. 5, 33; potius, leg. 1, 40; 12. aut...aut...differs from uel...uel..., in that the last leaves the right of rejecting both. Thus in Caes. b. g. 1, 19, 1 satis esse caute arbitrabatur quare in eum (sc. Dumnorigem) aut ipse animadverteret aut ciuitatem animadvertere iuberet, he would fail in his duty if he did not adopt one of the two courses; but in 1, 19, 5 petit ut (Viridicus) uel ipse de eo statuat uel ciuitatem statuere iubeat, as a petitioner he could not impose the alternative: see also uel.

**autachates**, ae, m. a kind of agate, Plin. 37, 139.

**autem**, adv. or conj. [akin to *avris*, *auis*, *au*] again, Perii hercle: rure iam rediit uxor mea, Pl. Merc. 4, 3, 5; and again 10—followed by: Ecce autem perii: equos adest, 4, 4, 8; so again, Nunc pol ego perii, Most. 3, 1, 5—followed by: Ecce autem perii: 131 and again 140; add Mil. 2, 2, 52 and 54; compared with 2, 2, 48; Ecce autem litigium, Men. 5, 2, 34; iamne autem ut soles, Truc. 3, 2, 27; tertio autem pedatum item ex fenore discordiae exercebat, Cato orat. 39, 10; 11. Vxorum: ei credo munus hoc contradit..., porro autem Geta Peritur alio munere, ubi...; Porro autem alio ubi...; Ter. Ph. 1, 1, 12 and 14; ecce autem de integro, Ad. 1, 2, 73; Ecce autem nihil uidere tuo more ut soles Aegre id pati, Turp. 182 R; id (sc. nenunum) eum daretur in mulso, Balbuntium intercepisse, bilisse statimque esse mortuum...cur non de integro autem (so mss.; Momms. delet, Bait. [ ] datum, Cic. Cin. 167; Sed quid ego haec autem? neququam ingrata reuoluo (unroll), Verg. 2, 101; 2. perh. still, Pergin autem? Nonne ego possum furefieri te perdere?, Pl. Amph. 1, 3, 41; Quid tu autem etiam huic credis?, Capt. 3, 4, 24; 3. in order of statements, again, Tum autem lascium Nerei sinum peens ludens ad cantum classem lustratur..., Liv. Andr. 5 R; esp. w. tum, and at times post, or porro, Peritigat noctis totas, tum autem interdiu..., Pl. Aut. 1, 1, 33; add 3, 6, 24; Capt. 4, 2, 38; Cist. 1, 3, 25; Mil. 4, 2, 13; Trin. 1, 2, 64; 2, 4, 141; Poen. 4, 2, 60; Pers. 4, 2, 3; Amph. pr. 143; tum autem ego timeo, Ne deseras se, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 34; add Hee. 2, 1, 14; Eun. 2, 3, 12; sic nos in ripa inambulantes, tum autem residentes, Cic. leg. 1, 15; tum autem anquirant aut consultant, off. 1, 9; Post autem communist illa nbi cum alio quoque nescio (so THK ej.; mss. sit ei) scio) Quid scit (so THK ej.; mss. sit ei) animi, unenire cum uelit an non uelit, Pl. Merc. 2, 3, 116; non creditur pater..., Post autem nihil Scelus uidetur, 1, 2, 95; add Cas. 1, 38; Poste (so R ej.; mss. post te) autem illic hirsus alius, Men. 5, 2, 85; porro autem, Ter. Ad. 4, 3, 65; Sal. Cat. 46, 2; 4. often again, on the other hand, as opposed to preceding clause, as de te uero (cf. *auis* § 3 in Lid. and Sc.), Tu eum orato, autem orabo uilicium, Pl. Cas. 2, 3, 55; add 58; Iac. 1, 2, 47; 2, 2, 9; Cure. 1, 1, 47; Most. 3, 2, 91; Mil. 3, 1, 82; Facile istuc quidemst si et illa uolt et ille autem cupit, 4, 4, 13; Familiae faue peribant, ager autem stet sentibus, Aetlic. 219 R; Limen superum quod..., Inferum autem..., Nov. 50; sunt quidam..., sunt autem quidam..., Cic. or. 1, 115; neque enim tu is es qui quid (al. qui) sis nescias..., neque autem ego sum ita demens ut...; fam. 5, 12, 6; 5. autem even in a third clause, Libera haec est, hic huic (monos), frater, haec autem illius soror, Pl. Cure. 5, 3, 38; 6. often attached to si (sin) in a second condition, Si quidst quod doleat, dolet, si autem non est tamen hoc dolet, Pl. Cist. 1, 1, 69; sin autem fr-

gist eueniant (enonunt) frugaliter, Pers. 4, 1, 6; add Rn. 1, 2, 5, 15; si autem vinear, Aes. 149 R; add 371; sin autem illa ueriora, Cic. am. 14; add Caccin. 3; Att. 10, 7, 1; 7. in questions used of corrections, did I say, did you say, forsooth, A. Inimicos semper usa sum optueri. 1. Heia autem inimicos? Pl. Amph. 3, 2, 18; B. mutuo credere. P. Credere autem? Ps. 1, 3, 71; si intelligis quam mentem sit scire quid in re publica fiat—fiat autem?—Immo uero etiam quid futurum sit, perscribe ad me omnia, Cic. Att. 5, 12, 3; num qui testis Postumum appellauit? testis autem? num accusator? Rab. Post 10; etiam in Africanum transcendit (or-des): (transcendit) autem dico? hoc ipso anno... Liv. 21, 44, 7; 8. often used in continuation, but, and, moreover, (G. aber, not sondern), admonere me satis est: admonere autem nemo alius nisi... Cic. Pis. 94; nunc quod agitur agamus; agitur autem... ib. 24; mons autem altissimus impendebat, Caes. b. g. 1, 6, 1; frumenta in agris matura non erant... eo autem frumento quod... 1, 16, 3; 9. hence in syllogisms w. the minor prop., intelligitur nos... ad naturalem communitatem esse natos. Impellimur autem natura ut... Itaque... Cic. fin. 3, 65; add 2, 86; aut hoc aut illud: hoc autem hoc: illud igitur, Top. 56; non hoc aut illud: hoc autem: non igitur illud, ib. 57; 10. so too in parentheses, neminem conueni—conuenio autem plurimos...—quid omnes... mihi gratias agant, Cic. fam. 9, 14, 1; foedera ac leges (erant autem eae duodecim tabulae) conquiri inuenerunt, Liv. 6, 1, 10; add 7, 41 f; 21, 5, 10; 28, 24, 4; 11. that autem is an adv. rather than conj. is shown by its use after et and sed, in the sense of again, as: Et audire lubet (monos.) hominem et autem nimis cum ausculo lubens, Pl. Poen. 4, 2, 10; add 105; Et currendum et pugnandum et autem (so ass; al. Ritschli) irigundum (cf. Ritschli) in uia, Mere. 1, 2, 9; natura... quae corpus inani, Et quod inane autem est finiri corpore cogit, Lucr. 1, 1010; Sed autem quid si hanc hinc apostulerit qui-piam, Pl. Rud. 2, 5, 15; Sed quid haec hic autem tamdiu ante aedis stetit, Truc. 2, 3, 14; see too \* above; 12. autem as first word only in Fronto ad Caes. 3, 3, p. 42 Naber; but here read: sunt autem atrocissima.

**authēmerum**, (*authēmeros* on the very day) adj. n. as sb. a medicine for weak eyes, inser. Or. 4234.

**authenticus**, (*authētyos*, one who does with his own hand) adj. authentic—hence authenticum as sb. n. an original document, non ex exemplo scripturae sed ex authenticō, Paul. dig. 22, 4, 2; add Ulp. 29, 3, 12.

**authepsa**, (*autēpsa*) n. m. a self-boiler, an urn w. apparatus for boiling, Cic. Rose. Am. 133.

**autochthōnes**, adj. m. pl. as sb. original inhabitants, aborigines, Apul. M. 11, 5.

**autographus**, adj. written by oneself, autograph, epistola, Suet. Aug. 71; literae, 87; 2. autographum as sb. n. an autograph, Symm. ep. 3, 11.

**automatarius**, adj. of automata, C. Caecilio falso automatariorum, inser. Grut. 642, 5; 2. as sb. m. maker of automata, D. M. S. P. Aelio Zenoni automatariorum klepsydriarum, inser. Or. 4150; 3. automatariorum as sb. n. an automaton, automataria poterant legari, Ulp. dig. 30, 41, 11.

**automatōpoeſtus**? adj. self-moving, machinae, Vitruv. 9, 4, 4 (dub.).

**automātus**, adj. self-moving, hence spontaneous, plausus Petr. 50; 2. automatum, adj. n. as sb. an automaton, Suet. Claud. 34; sororis suae automata, movements by clock-work, Petr. 140.

**autōpŕyus**, adj. of unbolted flour, panis, brown bread, Plin. 22, 138; Petr. 66; in Gr. Cels. 2, 18 (65, 1 D.).

**Autōniānus**, adj. of Autōnius, domus, Cic. Att. 1, 13, 6.

**Autrōnius**, adj. or sb. a gens, Cic. Sull. 7 and 18; Sal. Cat. 17, 3.

**autumnālis**, adj. of autumn, autumnali tempore, Varr. r. 1, 39, 1; autumnale aequinoctium, Liv. 31, 47, 1; Verg. mil. 4, 36; agnus, Colum. 7, 3, 11; coma, Ov. M. 8, 665; nabres, Plin. 19, 37; 2. autumnal for autumnale, Varr. ap. Char. 118, 25 K.

**autumnasco**, ēre, vb. become autumn, cum hic uer pubescit, illic (at the antipodes) aestas autumnascit, Mart. C. 196 G, 204, 14 Eyss.

**Autumnina**, ae, f. a cognomen, Attia A. inser. Maff. 422, 4.

**autumnatis**, f. autumn, Cato r. 5, 8; 155, 1; Varr. (bis) ap. Non. 71, 13.

**autumno**, are, vb. take the autumn character, Plin. 2, 124 and 136.

**autumnus**, i, u. autumn, Varr. ap. Non. 71, 13; Charis. 34, 17.

1. **autumnus**, adj. of autumn, frigus, Ov. M. 3, 729; aequinoctium, Plin. 10, 108; sidera, Manil. 2, 269; tempus, 2, 425; tempestas, Gell. 19, 7, 2.

2. **autumnus**, or **autumnus**\*, (perh. a part. of a lost vb. increasing, as bringing fruit) sb. m. autumn, the fruit season, = *autūpa*, Aestatem autumnus sequitur, post acer hiemps ut, Enn. ap. Prisc. 1, 153, 10 K; hiemps uer aestas autumnus\*, Cic. part. or. 37; add Varr. r. 1, 28, 2; Caes. b. g. 7, 35, 1; 2. in pl. Hor. od. 2, 14, 15; Ov. M. 1, 117; 3. met. Et multa flagrat testa senibus autumnis, Mart. 3, 58, 7.

**autūmo**, are (seems to imply a superl. adj. autumnus, perh. a variety of extimus or rather a lost extimus, cf. G. aus, E. out=ce; cf. too, E. utter and L. intimo as used by juridical writers), vb. say, autumnare est dicere, Non. 237, 2; si uera autumnas, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 111; Epid. 5, 1, 37; item asperae sunt (barbaricae urbes) ut tunc uictum autumnabas esse, 4, 2, 105; Terrae odium amulat...Tun terrae me odium esse autumnas? Bac. 4, 7, 24; Quas si iam autumnem omnis, nimis longus sermo, Men. 5, 2, 8; ego ibo pro te (ad eunam), Verbero etiam inuades Quia me pro te ire ad eunam autumo? Most. 5, 2, 11; add full 20 other passages fm. Pl.; Flexa non falsa autumnare dictio Delphis solit, Pac. ap. Non. 237, 2; add ap. Prisc. 1, 210, 2 K; ursum se monimordisse autumat, Atta ap. Non. 140, 22; Lucil. ap. Non. 1, c.; Quam mala stultitia...Caecum agit, insanum Chrysypii portiens et grex autumat, Hor. s. 2, 3, 45; Elissa Tyria quem quidam Dido autumat, Vell. 1, 6, 4; 2. oft. opposed to nego, in timore dabo militare aduenam, Ipus esse ut neget esse cum qui siet, Meque ut esse autumat qui ipus est, Pl. Pers. 4, 1, 22; id esse factum hic non negat, Neque se pigere et deinde facturum autumat, Ter. Haut. pr. 19; qui contra fortunaum negant Esse ullam, sed temeritate res regi omnis autumant, Pacuv. ap. Corn. ad Her. 2, 30; 3. pass. in Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 32; 4. Gell. 15, 3, 4 gives as the meaning, besides dico, aestumo opinor censeo hnt (?); 5. not in Cic. Caes. Sal. Liv. Verg.

**auulso**, auulso, aus, auunculus, see auulso, auulso, auos, auunculus.

**auxiliābandus**, partic. freq. constantly bearing aid, Iturna, Apul. d. Socr. 11.

**auxiliāris**, adj. of the auxilia or allied troops, auxiliary, cohortes, Caes. b. c. 1, 63, 1; Tac. an. 12, 39; equites, 1, 39 f.; legiones, Vell. 2, 112, 4; 2. as sb. a soldier of an allied force, Caes. b. g. 3, 25, 1; b. c. 1, 78, 2; Liv. 30, 34, 5; 3. gen. bearing aid, auxiliary, dea, Ov. M. 9, 699; aera, 4, 333; uis, Plin. 23, 14; oleum, 28, 82; fulmina, Sen. n. q. 2, 49, 3; 4. properly only exterarum gentium, Paul. ex F. p. 17, and so opposed to socii, Italian allies.

**auxiliāris**, adj. the same, Q. Titurio Q. (so far c.) f. Sabino, praef. (auxiliariis Hispani), CIL 1295; cohors, Cic. pro. cons. 15; miles, Asin. Pol. ad Cic. 10, 32, 5; equites, Sal. Jug. 100, 4; cohortes, 87, 1; 2. met. Magisque adeo consiliarius amicus quam auxiliarius, Pl. Truc. 2, 1, 6.

**auxiliāto**, aus, f. bearing aid, Non. 4, 385, 5.

**auxiliātor**, oris, m. one who bears military aid, an ally, Ornospeles Tiberio haud inglorius a., Tac. an. 6, 43 (37); 2. met. litigantum, Quint. 12, 3, 2; aegris, Stat. sil. 3, 4, 23.

**auxiliātrix**, icis, f. the same, gratia, Cassiod. ep. 2, 40.

**auxiliātus**, aus, m. military aid, met. Lucr. 5, 1040.

**auxilio**, see

**auxilior**, ari, vb. r. bear aid as an ally in war—hence gen. bear aid, go to the succour of, help, aid, assist, Neque commodius ullo pacto ei poteris auxiliari, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 96; Nonne id flagitium est...Foris sapere tibi non posse auxiliari, Ter. Haut. 5, 1, 50; Solatur auxiliator hortaturque

me, *Pae. ap. Fest.* 301 A, 32; *conantibus auxiliari suis* 'frustra' inquit, *Caes. b. g. 7, 50, 6; add 4, 20, 2; 7, 25, 1; sin mihi neque senatum neque populum auxiliari licuerit*, uide ne... *Cic. fam. 5, 4, 2; nihili Numantinis uires Corporis auxiliatae sunt*, *Cornit. ad Her. 4, 37; neque mihi uostra decreta auxiliantur*, *Sal. lug. 24, 3; 2. esp. in med. serve to alleviate, w. dat. of disease, Nec formidatis auxiliatur aquis (medicina) Ov. Pont. 1, 3, 24; quibusdam morbis auxiliari thapsim*, *Plin. 13, 124; also, huius folio auxiliantur (sc. medici) contra serpentium ictus*, *27, 124.*

**auxilium**, ii, n. (old *auxilium*) aid, help, assistance, *Set eorum parasitum quoniam mihi auxilium opus*, *Pl. Pers. 1, 3, 3; osero auxilium uti ferat*, *Cure. 5, 3, 18; nec quisquam esset auxilio queat*, *Most. 1, 2, 68; auxilii praesidi uiduitas nos tenet*, *Rud. 3, 3, 2; louem inuocantur: uenit: auxilio fuit*, *Amph. pr. 92; fer\* mihi auxilium, pestem abige a me*, *Enn. ap. Cic. acad. pr. 50; ferte\* innocenti auxilium*, *Ter. Ad. 2, 1, 1; matres auxilium in paterni iniuria solent* 'sso, *Ter. Hant. 5, 2, 39; auxilii nihili adferant*, *Ad. 3, 2, 2; lecherum senem diuitem (Quom inam) parerit*, *auxilium ac deus*, *CIL 1008; sodali meo a. ferre\**, *Cic. or. 2, 200; id immortalis suo numine sua potentia detendunt*, *Cat. 2, 29; quum suis a. ferre\** 'conspicere', *Caes. b. g. 1, 13, 5; equitatu quem auxilio Caesaris Haedui miserant*, *1, 18, 10; ueritus he legatus laborantium suis auxilio foret*, *Sal. lug. 52, 6; auxilii spem nullam*, *23, 2; hand saepe auxilii egeas*, *31, 20; da deinde auxilium pater*, *Verg. 2, 691; 2. esp. aid of tribunes, auxilium non poena ius datum illi potestati*, *Liv. 2, 35, 3; appellati tribuni medio decreto ius auxilii sui expediunt: in uincula coniei uentat*, *3, 13, 6; a. tribuniciu, praetorionem ad populum tulimus*, *3, 67, 9;*

**3.** met. noctis auxilii integri abeunt, *Sal. lug. 53, 3; dextero cornu rex loci auxilio uincelat*, *Liv. 33, 9, 3; legis*, *Quint. 6, 5, 9; 4. oft. in med. lang., remedi, omne a. corporis aut demit materiam aut adiecit*, *Cels. 2, 9; in a. ualuerunt morborum, relief under—*, *pr. in.; uehementis a. 2, 11 f. i. inter ualentissima auxilia est*, *4, 29 (22); quisquis a. simile temptant (in hydrophobia)*, *Plin. 25, 17; reperta auxilio est herba Britannica*, *25, 20; 5. in pl. Auguste auxilia nostris iustis legibus, allies*, *Pl. Cist. 1, 3, 52; se duo auxilia Romanis detraxisse, ex una parte Aetolos, ex altera Dardanos*, *31, 33, 3; maiora sibi auxilia petit*, *Quint. 12 pr. 3; add 3, 6, 7 etc.; Cum tumet (mare) auxilii adsideat ille (nauta) suis*, *Ov. a. 3, 260—sails, rudder; 6. esp. in mil. lang. allied troops, auxiliaries, auxilii in mediam aciem coniecit*, *Caes. b. g. 3, 24, 1; imperatoris nostris auxilia mittere*, *Cic. Deiot. 22; bello Numantini Micipsa cum populo R. equitatu aequum petidum auxilia mitteret*, *Sal. lug. 7, 2; haec tam crebra Etruriae coniecit de mittendis Voios auxiliis*, *Liv. 5, 5, 8; 7. chief constr. a. ferre, see \* above; auxilio esse alicui see \* above.*

**auxilla**, olla parua, *Paul. ex F. p. 24; cf. uexillum, maxilla, fm. uclum mala etc.*

**Auximas**, atis, adj. of Auximum, as sb. m. inhabitant of A., *Caes. b. c. 1, 13, 5.*

**Auximum**, i, n. a city and colony of Picenum. now

Osimio, *Caes. b. c. 1, 13, 1; 1, 15, 1; Vell. 1, 15, 3; m. Oupio Capitonio...patrono col. Auxim., inser. Or. 3899; add 3868.*

**axamenta**, carmina Salaria, *Paul. ex F. p. 3.*

**axare**, nominare, *id. p. 8.*

**axe** agglomerati uniuersi stantes, id est cohortibus aut legionibus, *p. 25.*

**axearius**, adj. in. as sb. maker of poles, *M. Sergius M. l. Eutycheus axearius*, *inser. Or. 4151.*

**axedo**, onis, m. a small pole, *Marc. Emp. 33 f.*

**axicia**, ae, f. something belonging to the toilet, but what? *Pl. Cure. 4, 4, 22.*

**axiculus**, i, m. dim. a little pole or axle, *Colum. 6, 19, 2; Vitr. 10, 14, 2; 10, 21, 4; 2. a peg*, *Amm. 21, 2, 1.*

**axilla**, ae, f. dim. (for suff. see *auxilla*), lit. a little wing—hence armpit, *Cic. or. 153.*

**axim**=egerim, see ago.

**axinomantia**, ae, f. divination from axes, *Plin. 36, 142.*

**axis**, is (ago?) m. a pole or axle, uolueri currit axe quadriga, *Pae. ap. Isid. diff. 47; faginus*, *Verg. G. 3, 172; uersatilis*, *Vitr. 9, 9, 8; transuersas trabes inuicem easque axibus religauerunt*, *Caes. b. c. 2, 8, 3; axem emoto cardine uellunt*, *Stat. Th. 1, 349, pin of a hinge; 2. esp. the axis round wh. the heavens seem to move, and hence the pole*, *Sub axe posita ad stellas septem unde horifer Aquilions stridor...*, *Acc. ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 69; flabra quae gelidis ab stellis axis aguntur*, *Lucr. 6, 720; medium Rhodope porrecta sub axem*, *Verg. G. 3, 351; Axis incoedibus, gemum clarissimus Arcto*, *Lucan. 8, 175; 3. in poets gen. of sky, as qualifying climate, and so a region*, *Axe sub Hesperio*, *Ov. M. 4, 214; Hesperium ad axem*, *Lucan. 3, 359; Aethiopidem (herbam) ab exusto sideribus axe*, *Plin. 27, 2; 4. sub axe under the open sky*, *Verg. 2, 512; 8, 28; 5. in arch. axes uolutatur*, *Vitr. 3, 3 (5), 7, the axes of a volute;*

**6.** a valve, asses qui praecolaturas foramina non patiuntur redire quod spiritu in catinum est expressum. *Vitr. 10, 7 (12), 1.*

**axitiosus** (actiosus?) adj. over-busy, *Axitiosi (al. a.) annoum caram e uili concinnant uires (vulg. uireis)*, *Pl. ap. Varr. l. 7, 3, p. 348 Sp.*

**axōn**, onis, m. an axle, as in a sundial, i.e. the edge of the gnomon which throws the guiding shade, *Vitr. 9, 7 (8), 5, p. 235; 5 Rose; 2. part of ballista*, *10, 17, 6, p. 271, 9 R; 3. tablet of Solon's laws (turning on a hinge)*, *Amm. 16, 5, 1.*

**Axsius**, adj. or sb. a gens, *L. Axsius L. f. Naso*, *CIL 476; add 724.*

**axungia**, (axis, unguo) ae, f. pig's fat, as used for greasing axles, *Plin. 28, 141; also medicinally*, *28, 136 and 150; add edict. Diocl. p. 24.*

**azaniae**, nucēs, (αζανια παρ), pine-nuts that split open on the tree, *Plin. 16, 107.*

**azōnos**, adj. confined to no zone, dei, *Mart. C. p. 17 G; 18, 26 Eys.*

**azymas**, adj. unleavened, panis, *Scrib. comp. 133; met. Prad. apoth. 421.*

## B.

**1. B** second letter of the alphabet, the thick labial opposed to the thin p. When it occurs before a thin mute it is still to be sounded as p; and the best ass in such cases have a p, as optineo. Thus Quintilian (1. 7. 7) says: quum dico obtinuit secundam b litteram ratio poscit, aures magis adiungit p. Similarly the best ass gives peps, nrps, traps; as a final p. pronounced as p. as in ab, ob, sub compared w. aro, era, oro as well as w. pos (for op-os), sup-er, sup-er; **2.** b is interchanged with the other labials, as with p in populeus from populus, aft. publicus, Burrus in Enn. for Pyrrhus, (*Cic. or. 100; Quint. 1, 4, 15*);

**3.** w. u cons. as in uher and una (both used of a swarm of bees), feruoe, ferui, or ferui, seum and sebum; baetere (bāt-) and nai-eere (nād-)=*par of paua*; hence Scalliger's epigram: Haec temere antiquus mutat Vasconia uoces, Qui nihil est aliud uiuere quam bibere; **4.** w. f. ruber and rufus; bilis and fel; **5.** w. m. as tuber and tumeo, uher sb. and uher adj. flowing, with umeco; interibi and interim, summus for sub-imus; **6.** w. dn, as bonus from duonus, bellum Belloua Bilins, fm. duellum Duelloua Duilius, bis for duis fm. duo (cf. *dis* and S. dvis, E. twice), bini for duini; this change had

perh. an intermediate form *buonus* (cf. It. *buono*, Sp. *bueno*); **7.** b often represents the Gk.  $\phi$ , as  $\phi\alpha\gamma\epsilon\gamma\epsilon\varsigma$ , Bruges in Enn.,  $\phi\alpha\gamma\alpha\lambda\alpha\varsigma$  orbis,  $\phi\alpha\gamma\alpha\lambda\alpha\varsigma$  umbilicus,  $\phi\alpha\gamma\alpha\lambda\alpha$  balnea,  $\nu\epsilon\phi\epsilon\lambda\eta$  nebula,  $\phi$  old dat. suff. ( $\phi\alpha$ ,  $\sigma\tau\eta\theta\epsilon\phi\alpha$ ) w. *ibi ubi alibi*; **8.** and as  $\phi$  and  $\chi$  are convertible ( $\phi\alpha\varsigma$   $\epsilon\chi\alpha\varsigma$ ,  $\tau\eta\phi\alpha\varsigma$   $\tau\eta\chi\alpha\varsigma$ ,  $\chi\alpha\rho\alpha\chi$  of  $\chi\alpha\rho\alpha\sigma\sigma\omega$  and  $\gamma\alpha\phi\alpha\sigma\omega$ ),  $\chi$  is often at times represented by a Lat. *b*, as  $\gamma\alpha\lambda\alpha\varsigma$  bilis;  $\tau\alpha\sigma\alpha\chi\eta$  turba; and so the suffix of Gk. iterative verbs in  $\alpha\alpha\omega$ ,  $\epsilon\sigma\omega$ ,  $\alpha\sigma\omega$ ,  $\omega\sigma\omega$ , in wh. the vowel is for the most part scempled wh. agrees w. the vowel of the stem,  $\tau\alpha\sigma\alpha\sigma\omega$   $\epsilon\tau\alpha\sigma\omega$   $\epsilon\lambda\alpha\sigma\omega$   $\epsilon\tau\alpha\sigma\omega$  (add  $\theta$ ) ( $\theta\alpha\sigma\alpha\omega$ ), corresponds to the Lat. suffixes *ab eb ib ob ub*, as seen in forms derived from verbs, viz.: *am-ab-ilis am-ab-am am-ab-o*, *ten-eb-ra ten-eb-am ten-eb-o*, *g(oi)n-ob-ilis*, *ing-ub-ris*, *lat-eb-ra sal-eb-ra*, *t(e)r-ib-ulum* ( $\tau\epsilon$ ) ( $\rho$ - $\iota$ - $\beta$ - $\omega$ ), *terr-ib-ilis*, *sol-ub-ilis*, *mol-ub-ilis*;

**9.** b often disappears from Latin words, as *inbeo* *iussi* *inassus*, esp. from the dat. suff., as *mulis* *f. for mulabus*, and *mulis* *m. for a lost mulobus*, cf. *ambobus* *duobus*; hence too *tibi sibi* are often *monos*, in old drama; see also II § 14; **10.** in the same way are formed the iterative particip. *nag-ab-undus*, *contion-ab-undus* etc.;

**11.** then the loss of the *b* leads to the Latin vowel verbs, all in origin iterative, or what is nearly the same, static, as *am-a-re*, *ten-e-re*, *sent-i-re* (*sens-i-bilis*), *g(oi)n-o-tus*, *uol-u-e-re*;

**12.** the change in § 6 suggests that *bonus* through *duonus* came from a rougher *gnou-us*, akin to the Teutonic *good*; and *bellum* through *duellum* from a rougher *guelum*, akin to *It. guerra*; and so *b* and *g* are convertible, as *L. bos*, *S. gau*; **13.** *b* at times represents a Gk.  $\pi$ , of itself interchangeable w.  $\beta$  (see *L. and Sc. lex.*), as *carabus*  $\kappa\alpha\rho\alpha\beta\alpha\varsigma$ , *luxus*  $\lambda\upsilon\chi\alpha\varsigma$ ; (II 14. *b* between vowels = *v* in *It.* or *F.*, or else disappears, as *hibere*, *I. bevère* or *bere*, *F. beire*; *habere*, *I. avere*, *F. avoir*; *habere* = *F. a* (*t*): *sibi* = *F. toi*; *tibi* = *F. toi*; *ibi* = *L. ivi*, *F. y*; *ubi* = *I. ove*, *F. où*); **15.** *b* under Rask's law before vowels or final = *p* in *E*; cf. *labor* *slip*, *labium* *lip*, *sub* *up*, *cannabis* *hemp*; **16.** after *r* or *l* = *E. d*, *G. t*, *barba*, *E. beard*, *G. bart*; *verbum*, *E. word*, *G. wort*; *cu-erub-ita*, *E. gourd*; *gleba*, *E. clod*; *rub-er*, *E. red*; *ereb* of *creb-escere*, *E. crowd*; *erubum*, *E. riddle*.

**2.** *B* abbrev. for *bene*, esp. in *B. M. bene merens* or *meritis*, etc., *D. M. C. corporis*, *B. M. fecerunt*, etc., *inscr.* Or. 99; add 255, 506; **2.** = *beneficiarius*, etc., *T. Flavian* *T. f. Pup. Ruto*, *B. heredes faciend(um) curau* (*erunt*), 3489; 6791; 6870; *BF*, the same, 1650; 3578; *BENEF.* 328; **3.** = *badius* *bay*, as colour of a horse who won a palm, *Dando B.*, *Vindice B.* 2593 (*w. N. for niger*, *R. for infus* in the same *inscr.*); **4.** *B. D.*, *Bonae deae* etc., *anubis B. D.* (*Dicaunt*) *Petrusca*, 1524; 2427; 2822; *BAL.*, *baleuator*, *inscr.* Or. Henz. 6791; *BIS* *bisellarius*, *inscr.* Or. 3921; *B. R. P. N.*, *bono republicae natus*, 1107, 1112; *BV*, *BVC*, *baccinator*, *inscr.* Or. Henz. 6791.

**Baba**, *ae. m.* a cognomen, *Sen. lat. de m. Cl. 3*, 3; *ep. 15*, 10; see *Babbius*.

**babae**, (*lat.* adaptation of  $\pi\alpha\pi\alpha\iota$ ) or  $\pi\alpha\pi\alpha\epsilon^*$ , interjection of admiration and approval, heaven bless us, *Fac tu hoc modo*. At tu hoc modo. *Babae*. *Tatae*. *Papae*. *Pax*, *Pl. St. 5*, 7, 3; *Fur. Babae*. *Fugitive*. *Bonibax*. *Frans popli*. *Plauisimue*. *Ps. 1*, 3, 131; *Babae*, *basilie* to *intulisti* et *facite*, *Pers. 5*, 2, 20; add *St. 3*, 1, 24; *Men. 5*, 5, 20; *Bac. 2*, 2, 29; *Rind. 5*, 2, 33; *True. 2*, 6, 26; *Epid. 1*, 1, 52; *Equid* *beo te?* *Men?* *Papae*. *Sic soleo amicos*. *Lando*. *Ter. Eunu. 2*, 2, 48; *familia* *puro babae babae!* *Petr. 67*.

**babacculus** or *babeculus*\* *adj.* or *sb.* one given to cry out 'babae'? a dandy or coxcomb, *purh.* a fool, *adolescentes* *Amob. 4*, 22; add *Petr. 37* (?).

**Babbins**, a cognomen, *G. Nonius Vitalis*, *qui et Babbins*, *inscr.* *giorn. Arcad. 5*, 274; *B.*

**babiger** et *baburrus*, *stultus*, *Gl. Isid. p. 670*; **2.** *cf.* *It. babaccio*, *babbione*, and *babigera* *stulta*, *Gl. Isid. p. 671*.

**Babius**, *adj.* or *sb.* a gens, *P. Bab(ia)* *CIL 5*. **Babrius**, *adj.* or *sb.* a gens, *P. Babrius L. I. 566*; *Ner(o)* *Babrius T. f. CIL 1412*.

**babulus**, *m. dim.* a coxcomb or fool (?) *Apul. M. 4*, 14.

**baburrus**, *i.* (akin to *babulus*) *m.* the same, *Isid. Gl. p. 670*, *hominesque baburri*, *Guad. nit. S. Anselm. 95*.

**Babylónica**, *adj.* *pl.* as *sb.* Babylonian *tap-stry*, *Tum Babylonica* et *peristromata conchyliata tapetia Aduexit*, *Pl. St. 2*, 2, 54; add *Lucr. 4*, 1029 and 1123; *cf. Plin. 8*, 196; *colores diuersos picturae intessere Babylon celebrant et nomen impositum*.

**1.** *bāca*, *rather* than *bacca*, *ae. f.* a berry, *uirgas murtaes si noles cum bacis seruire*, *Cato r. 101*; *Vites lactificae pampinis pubescere Rami bacarum laceritate incuruiscere*, *Enn. 7* *ap. Cic. Tusc. 1*, 69; *agricola cum flore oleae nidet, bacam quoque se usurum putat*, *div. 2*, 16; *sanguinis ebuli bacis*, *Verg. B. 10*, 27; *lauri*, *G. 1*, 306; *olmae*, *Hor. s. 2*, 4, 69; add *ep. 1*, 16, 2; *ederaceae*, *Colum. 8*, 10, 4; *arbuti*, *ib.*; *pipenis*, *Plin. 12*, 28; *taxi*, *16*, 50; *oleastr.* *15*, 24; *platani* *15*, 29; *cupressi*, *16*, 115; *cedri*, *24*, 19; *hysopi*, *26*, 114; **2.** *esp.* of the olive *abundantly*, *Quot Sicyon bacas quot parit Hybla fauos*, *Or. Pont. 4*, 15, 10; *uiridique certat Bacea Venafro*, *Hor. od. 2*, 16, 6; **3.** *met.* of other things, *capini stercoris*, *Pall. 2*, 15, 3; **4.** *esp.* of pearls and beads, *aceto Diluit insignem bacam*, *Hor. s. 2*, 3, 241; *Nec sit marita quae rotundioribus Onusta geminis aubelet*, *Hor. epod. 8*, 13; *nitebant Auribus e geminis circum caua tempora baceae*, *Ov. M. 10*, 116; *nee Indit Conchea bacea maris pretio esse*, *Verg. Cul. 68*; **5.** *hence met.* of a prisoner's iron-collar, as his necklace, *Attrita bacis colla*, *Prud. psych. pr. 33*; *Carcer inligata duris colla bacis impedit*, *perist. 1*, 46.

**2.** *Bāca*, *ae.* a Bacchanal or priestess of *Bacchus*, *Bacas* *nir nequis adiese uolet cinis Romanus*, *CIL 196*, 7. See *Baccha*.

**bācālis**, *adj.* of berries, *laurus*, *Plin. 17*, 60.

**bācālius**, *adj.* the same, *laurus*, *Plin. 15*, 129 differs from the *i. mas.* wh. has none.

**Bacchānālis**, *adj.* of the God *Bacchus* or rather *Bacanus*, the god of the *baca* or grape-*berry*; **2.** *hence* *Bacanal* as *n. sb.* a temple of *Bacchus*, *nequis eorum Bacanal habuisse uolet* *CIL 196*, 3; *ea Bacanalia. faciatis ueni distota sient*, *196*, 28.

**bacar**, *uas*, *uinarium* *simile bacrioni* (so named *fin.* *Bacchus*, see *bacchia*), *Paul. ex F. p. 31 M*; *cf. G. becher*, *E. beaker*, *I. bichiere*.

**bacātus**, *quasi-*part. with berries—hence with pearls or beads, *monile*, *Verg. 1*, 655; *Sil. 8*, 134; *Lampr. Al. Sev. 41*, 1.

**bacca**, see *baca* 1.

**baccāris**, (*al.* *bacchar*) = *βακκάρης* *f.* and *baccar*\* *āris*, *n.* a plant whose root yielded an aromatic oil, *hederas cum baccaris* (*al.* *bacchar*) *tellus...fundet*, *Verg. B. 4*, 19; *bacchar* (so *Ribbeck*) *frontem cingite*, *7*, 27; *baccaris uocatur nardum rusticum*, *Plin. 12*, 45; add *1*, 132; 26, 113; *Prisc. 1*, 324, 22; **2.** *perh.* *baccar* is properly the oil.

**Baccha**, (*in old Lat.* *Baca*, *wh. see*) *ae. f.* a Bacchanal or priestess of *Bacchus*, *pergit Thysigerne Bacchae Bacchico cum schemate*, *Naev. ap. Non. 225*, 1; *Bacchides*, *non Bacchides*, *sed Bacchae sunt acerrimae*, *Pl. Bac. 3*, 1, 4; add *Cas. 5*, 4, 10 etc.; *Aul. 3*, 1, 3; *matronas Baccharum habitu*, *Liv. 39*, 13, 12; *Ismariae celebrant repetita triennia Bacchae*, *Ov. M. 9*, 642; **2.** a figure of a Baccha, e.g. a statue, *Bacchas istas cum Masis Metelli comparas*, *Cic. fam. 7*, 23, 2; **3.** *In Livy 39*, 10, 4, if *some* *Bacchis* *esse* *initium*, *would initiate him in the rites of the Bacchae*.

**bacchābundus**, (*bacchor*), *part. pres.* constantly playing the part of *Bacchus*, in revelry and drinking, *met. agmen*, *Curt. 9*, 10, 27; add *Apul. Apol. 82*.

**Bacchaneus**, see *Bacchens*.

**Bacchānālis**, (*older* *Bacanalis*, *wh. see*) *e. adj.* of the god *Bacchus* or rather *Bacchanus*, *festum*, *Maer. s. 1*, 4, 9; *serua*, *Val. M. 1*, 3, 1; **II** *Bacchanalis* as *sb.* a temple of *Bacchus*, *hodie ad Bacchas ueni in Bacchanal conuincunt*, *Pl. Aul. 3*, 1, 3; add *3*, 1, 6; *Bac. 1*, 1, 19; *in omnia Bacchanalia diruerunt*, *Liv. 39*, 18, 7; **3.** a festival of *Bacchus*, *in cella non uinaria Bacchanalia facitis*, *Pl. Mil. 3*, 2, 44; **4.** *esp. in pl.*, *senatus auctoritas de Bacchanaliis*, *Cic. leg. 2*, 37; *reliquias Bacchanalium quaestiones exsecutus est*, *Liv. 39*, 41, 6; **5.** *met.* *Qui Curios simulat et*



Bacchanalia uiuunt, Iuv. 2, 3; 6. Bacchanaliorum, as gen., exandiri sonus Bacchanaliorum, Sal. ap. Non. 459, 27; cf. Charis. 42, 26 K; 62, 19.

**bacchantis**, adv. like the Bacchae or priestesses of Bacchus, quoniam hunc B. discerpimus, Apul. M. 1, 13; (cf. story of Pentheus).

**bacchantio**, ōnis, f. playing the part of Bacchus or his priestesses, siliculus de nocturnis eius bacchantionibus, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 330.

**Bacchē**, es, f. a Baccha or priestess of Bacchus, Vtque suum Bacchum non sentit saucia uolnus, Ov. tr. 4, 1, 41.

**Bacchēus**, adj. of Bacchus or his rites, of the Bacchae, Baccheia dona tulerunt, Verg. G. 2, 454.

**Bacchēus**, (Bacchaes), adj. of Bacchus, ululatus, Ov. M. 11, 17; Baccheaque (so Merkel) sacra frequento, 3, 691; uox, Colum. 10, 223.

**bacchia**, ae, f. a drinking cup so named from Bacchus, Isid. or. 20, 5, 4.

**Bacchiūs**, adj. made up of bacchi pedes as --- (so the words imply), B. metrum est tale: lactare, bacchare, praesente, Frontone, Diom. 513, 28 K; but see bacchus, and take as exx.: Senti non erat otium; id sum opprobrium, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 101; Ego hic esse et illi sinuit huius potui, 3, 2, 105.

**Bacchiūs**, adj. of Bacchus, inueniunt coetus... Inibat alacris, Bacchio insultans modo, Enn. ap. Char. 241, 11 K; Thyrsigerae Bacchae Bacchio cum schemate, Naev. ap. Non. 225, 1; sarta, Mart. 7, 63, 4; ritus, Macr. s. 1, 18, 2; speculacina, 1, 18, 3; buxus, Stat. Th. 9, 479; Naxos, Aeb. 2, 4.

**bacchisōnus**, adj. crying 'Bacchus', Paul. Nol. 20, 280.

**Bacchiūs**? adj. of Bacchus, ne Bacchia (Baccheia?) sacra uideres, Ov. M. 3, 518.

**Bacchiūs**, (Baccheos), adj. of Bacchus, pes, a metrical foot ---, b. constat ex breui et duabus longis, ut 'Athenae', dictus *παρα τας βακχας*, quia bacchantibus conuenienter componebatur, Diom. 479, 17 K; b. pes ex breui et duabus longis ut 'beati', Iul. ex. 323, 29.

**bacchor**, āri, vb. r. play the part of Bacchus, hence act as priest or priestess of Bacchus who represented the god, act as inspired by the god, Non tu scis Bacchae bacchanti si uis aduorsari, Ex insana insaniorem facies, feriet scapulis, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 71; inter sobrios bacchari inuolentis uidetur, Cic. or. 99; Iacchus cum Sileis... lymphiata mente furebant Enchae bacchantes, Catul. 64, 255; maestas Minois ocellis Saxeae ut effigies bacchantis, 64, 61; Lyssam cum Libero bacchantem nomen dedisse Lusitaniae, Plin. 3, 8; 2. met. act like a Bacchanal, or one frantic, Saenit inops animi totaque per urbem Bacchatur, qualis... Thyas, Verg. 4, 301; inmanis in antro Bacchatur uates, 6, 78; non ego sanus Bacchabor Edonis: recepto Dulce mihi furere est amico, Hor. od. 2, 7, 27; quamuis aliquando quis circa fana bacchatus sit et responsa reddiderit, tamen si nunc hoc non faciat, nullum uitium esse, Ulp. 21, 1, 1, 10; 3. in poets, met. of inanimate things personified, Vbi baccebatur (so B C D) aula, cassabant cadi, Pl. Mil. 3, 2, 41; Thracio bacchante uento, 1, 25, 11; Furentur ab omni parte bacchatur nemus, Sautra ap. Non. 78, 30; 11. 4. in poets, as pass. be madened by Bacchanals, thunder with their ravings, ululatus Ite Bacchatur, Claud. rapt. Pr. 1, 206; esp. in the perf. part., uirginibus bacchata Lacaenis Taygeta, Verg. G. 2, 487; Bacchantumque ignis Naxos, A. 3, 125; Dindyma sanguineis famulum baccata lacertis, Val. F. 3, 20.

**bacchus**, i, m. a sea-fish, a sort of eel, Plin. 9, 61; 32, 77, etc.

**bacchylidium**, b. metrum constat (trochaico) dimetro hypercatalecto ut hoc: 'floribus corona textitur', Serv. C metr. 459, 19 K.

**baccibalium**, i, n. a slang-term of unknown meaning, noueratis Melissam, pulcherrimum b., Petr. 61.

**baccifer**, see bacifer.

**baccina**, ae, f. a plant, Apul. herb. 22.

**baccōlus**, (baccōlos), i, m. dim. a poor creature, ponit pro stulto baccolum, Suet. Aug. 87.

**bācifer**, (bacc.) adj. bearing berries, hedera, Sen. Oed. 424; add Sil. 3, 596; but Plin. 16, 50 dub. Silig has: bacas fert.

**bācillum**, i, n. bacillus, i, m. (dim. of baculum or baculus), a little stick, b. corneolum poscit, Afr. ap. Non. 78, 18; b. aliud est incuratum de industria, aliud ita natum, Cic. fin. 2, 33; nullo dextram subeunt bacillo, fuv. 3, 28;

2. esp. of a victor's staff, anteibat lietores non cum bacillis, sed ut hic praetoribus anteant, cum fasibus duobus, Cic. agr. 2, 93; lieto conuerso bacillo (so Non. 78, 17 and several mss. Jordan baculo) oculos misero tundere coepit, Verr. 2, 5, 142; incurum bacillum in quo sit serula ferrea (for reaping), Varr. r. 1, 50, 2; 3. bacillus, i, m. Isid. or. 20, 13, 1.

**bacrio**, (for bac-rio), ōnis, m. dim. literally a little cup, and so a ladle, hoc alii trullam appellant, Paul. ex F. p. 31.

**bactrōpērita**, ae, m. [βαστρον stick, πηρα wall-to] a Cynic, as carrying only a stick and wallet, Hier. ad Matt. 10.

**bācula**, ae, f. dim. a little berry, Plin. 25, 96; Arnob. 5, 6.

**bācūlum**, i, n. baculus\*, i, m. a stick, habenas ad bacula deligare, Cels. S. 20 (360, 5 Dar.); spicae possunt baculis (falsis) exenti, Colum. 2, 20, 4; aureum in manu baculum (a sceptre), in latere acinaces, Flor. 4, 11, 3; baculorum (perh. of iron) subactiones, in making mortar or plaster, Vitr. 2, 4, 3; 7, 3, 7; 2. esp. a walking stick, pastor baculo innixus, Ov. M. S. 218; add 6, 27; 14, 65; baculū duxte tenens agreste sinistra, 15, 655; baculo quem\*

dextra gerabat, F. 1, 179; melius erus corpus feat minusque baculo eget, Cels. S. 20 (350, 18); uiator me baculo quod (al. quem\*) gerabat obuerberans, Apul. M. 7, 25; baculi quod gerabat ietibus, 6, 30; 3. esp. of a Cynic, Cum baculo peraque senem, Mart. 4, 53; 3; arbores frutiferas prae uno baculo spreuit, uillas sua perula mutant, Apul. mag. 22; Diogeni pera et baculum (al. baculus\*) quod regibus diadema, ib.; add Auson. epiogr. 53\*.

**Bādiōlus**, adj. or sb. dim. a cognomen, inscr. Grut. 87, 12.

**bādīssō**, (bādīssō) āre, go, Demam hercle imm tibi de hordeo, totulum in badiassas, Pl. As. 3, 3, 116.

**bādīus**, adj. bay, as colour of a horse, equi colore dispares, hic badius, iste gilvus, ille murinus, Varr. ap. Non. So. 1; optima nigri Crura illi badiosque legunt in pectore crines, Grat. cyn. 536; colores (equorum) hi praecipui, badius aureus..., Pall. 4, 13, 4.

**Baebatius**, adj. or sb. a gens, Q. Baebatius Sex. f., CIL 1348.

**Baebius**, adj. or sb. a gens, M. Baebius (ns) Q. f. Tampil(us), CIL 264; Baebia Q. l. S37; L. Aemilio Cn. Baebio consulibus, Liv. 40, 44, 11; 2. as adj. Cato in dissuasiue ne lex Baebia derogaretur, Fest. v. rogat, p. 282.

**bactīcātus**, (Bacticus of the Bactis river), quasi-part. dressed in Spanish wool, Mart. 1, 96, 5.

**Bactīcātus**, ae, m. f. one who dwells on the river Baetis, Sil. 1, 146.

**Bactīgēnā**, ae, m. f. one born on the river Baetis, Sil. 2, 934.

**bactō**, (or bīto) (=βατω and uāto) vb. go, come, Palinure in terra quis me erit aequo fortunatus, illa Si ad me biter? Pl. Cure. 1, 2, 51; ad portum ne bitas, deico immi tibi. Auscultabitur, Merc. 2, 3, 127; Si resto, pergit ut eam: si ire comor, prohibet bactere (so Bamb., al. betere), Pacuv. ap. Non. 77, 25; in pugnam bactite (ass bīto), id. ib.; mulierem foras betere iussit, Varr. ib.; betere, id est ire, Non. ib.; bene betere or rather betere stand for bactere; 2. cf. compounds adbito, ebito, interbito, perbito, praeterbito, redbito.

**Baiae**, ārum, an adj. pl. for Baiae aquae, AH pereant Baiae, crimen amoris, aquae, Prop. 1, 11, 30; 2. as sb. the town Baiae on the S. coast of Italy, celebrated for medicinal waters and prophagey, te nolo ad Baias uenire (wh. note the prep.), Cic. fam. 9, 2, 5; Sen liquidae placere Baiae, Hor. od. 3, 4, 24; Baiae diuersorium uitiorum esse cooperunt, Sen. ep. 51, 3; 3. hence gen. of places, the site of waters (and sometimes of vice), mulierem... cuius in hortos domum Baias iure suo libidinis omnium commereant, Cic. Cacl. 38; Baiarum maxime, Tib. 3, 5, 3.

**Baiānus**, adj. of Baiae, negotia, Cic. Att. 14, S. 1; murex, Hor. s. 2, 4, 32; sinus, Plin. 2, 227; 2. abs. for

Baianus ager, the district of Baiae, puerum ex Baiano Puteolos in ludum itantem, Plin. 9, 23; add 9, 168; 3. Baianum as sb. n. a villa near Baiae, in Baiano tanta ardebat cura (Lucullus) ut... Varr. r. 3, 17, 9.

**Baibilus**, (Baobius : Publius) Publius, adj. or sb. a gens. M. Baibilus L. f. CIL 572.

**baibaliatio** = βαταγλαος, Gloss.

**baibaliator** = βατακτης, Gloss, Cyril.

**baibaliatorius**, adj. of a porter, b. sella, a sedan. Cacl. Aur. acut. 1, 11, 83; sessio, sitting in a sedan, 1, 15, 133.

**baialor**, older **baialor**\* (baialus) ari, vb. r. act as porter, see baialus 1, last ex.; 2. baialo, are, or baialor? vb. the same, Ego baialabo, in, ut decet dominum, ante me ito inauis, Pl. As. 3, 3, 70; non didici baialore\* (so BCP), Merc. 3, 1, 10; 3. w. acc. carry as a porter, ego te baialare non possum, Quint. 6, 1, 47; ducere Asinum solebant baialantem sarcinas, Phaedr. 4, 1, 5; ferri proprie dicimus quae quis suo corpore baialat, Gai. dig. 50, 16, 235; 4. met. bear, support, adiectionem debiti, Th. C. 5, 15, 3.

**baialus**, older **baialos**\* (akin to βαταλω?) 1, m. a porter, Collo rem solam iam omnibus quasi baialos\*, Pl. Poen. 5, 6, 16; operarii aut baiali deesse non possunt, Cic. Brut. 257; baiali\* (so Halm) actio operarii, paracl. 23; remigam aut baialum, or, 2, 40; add Tusc. 3, 77; quod Graeci αὐτοφόροι, baialos appellamus, Gell. 5, 3, 2; add Th. C. 2, 27, 1, 2; baialos\* dicebant antiqui quos nunc dicimus operarios, unde adhuc baialari\* dicitur, Paul. ex F. 35 M; 2. in special uses, as one carrying a child, Hier. ep. Rufin. 3, 5; 3. letters, Hier. ep. lud. 6, 1; ep. Damas. 15, 5; 4. a corpse, Sidon. ep. 3, 12; Amm. 14, 7, 17; Augustin. ep. Hier. 19, 2.

**baialena**, (= φάλαινα and in first syll. = E. whale, O. N. hvalr), ae. f. a whale, Quatuor baialena meum norant ufulum, Pl. Rud. 2, 6, 61; Quanto delphinis baialena Britannica maior, Var. 10, 14; baialena quaternum ingruunt (!), Plin. 9, 4; baialena\* manibus nutritur fetus, 11, 235.

**baialenācis**, adj. of a whale, and so of whale-bone, uirga, Petr. 21.

**baialanācis**, (baialanus) quasi-part. anointed with balsam, gausape, Pers. 4, 37.

**baialaninus**, adj. of balsam, oleum, Plin. 13, 8; 23, 89.

**baialanitis**, ae. m. a gem, of two kinds, Plin. 37, 149.

**baialanitis**, idis, adj. f. acorn-shaped, castanea, Plin. 15, 93.

**baialnus**, i, f. (rarely m.\*), a nut of various kinds, = Linn. glans, as quercus, acorn, Plin. 16, 21; aesculi, 17, 151; 2. of the palm tree, a date, 13, 48; 3. chestnut, Sardinio\* balanus, 15, 93; 4. of the cyclamini and chamaecissus, 20, 54; 5. esp. of the myrobalanus and the belen-mut, whence an aromatic oil, βαλανιον ελαιον, Pressa tuis balanus capillis, Hor. od. 3, 29, 4; palma quae fert myrobalanum... ossa non habet in balanus, Plin. 23, 98; cf. 12, 100; 6. things of like form, as a suppository, supponenda podici collyria quae appellatur balanus, Cacl. Aur. acut. 2, 12, 83; caepas haemorrhoides pelere subitis pro balanis, Plin. 20, 43; 7. a shell-fish, Echium lopa-das orestes balanus captamus, conchas, Pl. Rud. 2, 1, 8; concharum, pectunculis balanis sphondylis, Colum. 8, 16, 7; add Plin. 32, 145.

**baialtium**, ii, n. the name of the Palatine Hill, Palatium, as used by Naevius, Varr. l. 5, 8, p. 59 Sp.

**baialtro**, onis, (baalo?) m. a term of abuse, an idle talker (?). Mendici minae baialtrobus, Hor. s. 1, 2; uidebo uos balatrobus et huc afferam meum corium et flagra, Varr. r. 2, 5, 1; Paul. ex F. 15, 34 writes nonseuse.

**baialtus**, ūs, m. bleating of sheep, Verg. 9, 62; Ov. M. 7, 319 and 320; 2. of goats, Plin. 20, 150; Auson. epigr. 76, 3.

**baialustium**, i, n. flower of the wild pomegranate, sterilesque baialusti, Colum. 10, 297; Plin. 13, 113; 23, 112.

**Baibullus**, i, adj. or sb. dim. a cognomen (= number), Ti. Iulius Baibullus, inser. Grut. 32, 6; C. Baibullus, Tac. an. 13, 22; Caeclia Baibulla, inser. Murat. 20, 3.

**Baibinus**, i, adj. or sb. of the Balbi, and so fit to mark adoption from the Balbi gens, Albiae c. f. Baibinae, inser. Grut. 322, 8; M. Cornelio Balbino, inser. Murat. 1533, 3.

**balbus**, (akin to bālo?) adj. speaking inarticulately, mumbling, cum ita balbus esset Demosthenes, ut eius artis cui studebat primam litteram (sc. r) non posset dicere, Cic. or. 1, 260; Os tenerum pueri balbumque, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 126; senectus, 1, 20, 18; uerba, s. 2, 3, 274; Tib. 2, 5, 94; balba de nare locutus, Pers. 1, 33; quae situm est an balbus et blaesus et atypus... sanus sit (seruus), Ulp. dig. 21, 1, 10, 5; add 21, 1, 7; 2. as a cognomen, M. Aclius(?) Balbus, on a denarius, CIL 325; L. Thorius Balbus, 395; 3. adv. balbe, Lucr. 5, 1022; Varr. ap. Non. So. 8.

**balbatio**, (balbus : caecitio : caecus), ire, vb. speak inarticulately, mumble, quamsvis mentis suae compotes sunt, balbatiendo tamen nisi sensus suos explicant, Cels. 5, 26, 31 (197, 10 Par.); momenta verborum quae semineces et balbatiens lingua profudit, Th. C. 6, 23, 15; Balbittus Scaurum praemis fultum male talis, Hor. s. 1, 3, 48; 2. of idle unmeaning talk, balbe, balbutire aliquando desinant, aperteque et clara voce audent dicere..., Cic. Tusc. 5, 75; Stoicus perpaucis balbatiens, acad. pr. 137; Epicurum balbutientem de natura deorum, div. 1, 5; 3. of birds, merula canit aestate, bieme balbutit, Plin. 10, 80.

**balineae**, (later balneae), arum, adj.? f. pl. as sb. (sc. aquae), baths, Numquam edepol omnes balineae me hanc lassitudinem auferant, Pl. Merc. 1, 2, 17; add Pers. 1, 3, 10; Most. 3, 2, 69; Trin. 2, 4, 5 etc.; balineae (balinae?) Caecil. ap. Non. 194, 11; pensilis balneae, Plin. 9, 168; parietes balnearum, 13, 22; add 13, 99; but Silig has the fuller form in 20, 160 (with mss a d); in 24, 18 (against a d), while in 33, 153 V has balneae, B d balinae. See balineum.

**balineāris**, only found in contr. form balnearis, adj. of a bath, argentum, Paul. dig. 34, 2, 32, 7; Scaev. 34, 2, 40, 1; iocus, Spart. Hadr. 17, 6; in Apul. M. 3, 12 iussus balnearibus assequi, if found, the bathing apparatus.

**balineāris**, (alt. balnearis\*), adj. of a bath .L. Betilius L. f. Vaarus haec... facienda corrauit... (lajum balnearium, lacum al. (portum, CIL 1166, 9; balneari\* fures, Catul. 13, 1; instrumentum, Paul. dig. 33, 7, 13, 1\*; Marc. 33, 7, 17, 2\*; vapores, Ulp. ad 33, 21, 3, 6; fures, 47, 17, 1; 2. balnearia n. pl. as sb. baths, Cic. q. fr. 1, 1; Procl. dig. 8, 2, 13.

**balineātor**\*, aff. balnearior, ōris, m. (baluator), one who has charge of a bath or baths, gen. a slave, bath-man, Edopoli Neptune es balineator\* frigidus, Pl. Rud. 2, 6, 43; add Poen. 3, 3, 90 and Truc. 2, 3, 4 in both of wh. places edd. have the contracted form, perh. wrongly; familiaris facta erat balneario, Cic. Cacl. 62; add Phil. 13, 26; balneariorum instrumenta contineri balneario, cum balneae sine balnearioribus usum suum praebere non possint, Marc. dig. 33, 7, 17, 2; si librarium (seruum) rus mittat, histrionem balneariorum faciat, Ulp. 7, 1, 15, 1; sine balneario facit... in balneis ad custodienda uestimenta conducta balneis mancipia, 3, 2, 4, 2; posse agi cum balneariore ex conducto, Alf. 19, 2, 30, 1; Firmi balnearioris, inser. Grut. 637, 2; Anteros balnearior, 637, 3.

**balineum**, or balneum\*, n. a bath, balnea\* (balinae?) Pomp. ap. Non. 206, 18; balineum (so Baiter and Boot) califieri iubeo, Cic. Att. 2, 3 f.; cum e balineo (so Baiter and Boot) uenissem, 15, 13, 5; but the same have balneum in 13, 52; and Halm has balneum in Cic. Deiot. 17; reprehendunt analogias quod dicantur multitudinis nomine publicae balineae (so B), non balinae (so B), contra quod priuati dicant balijneum, quod plura balinae (so B) dicant, Varr. 1, 9, 41; balnea\*, Ilor. ep. 1, 1, 1, 92; 1, 11, 13; 1, 14, 15; 2, 3, 298; scorta balineaque enerauerunt corpora, Liv. 23, 18, 12; rustica balnea\*, Colum. 1, 6, 19; balinei calla, Plin. ep. 2, 17, 11; apodyterium balinei, 5, 6, 25; in huius balinei lauactionem, inser. Or. 3325; balnea niriila, ib. 3324; balneum nenerium, ib. 4323; 2. akin to G. baden, E. bath.

**balis**, is, f. a fabulous plant, Plin. 25, 14.

**balitor**, ōris, m. a dancer? inser. Or. 2337; see ballo.

**Balio**, onis m. a cognomen, as of a leno in Pl. Ps. 1, 2, 59; add Cic. Rose. com. 20; Phil. 2, 15.

**ballista**, or ballista, ae. f. a military engine for hurling large stones, etc., a ballista, Nam must ballista pugnas, cubitus catapultast mihi, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 16; centenaure,

Lucil. ap. Non. 555, 26; talentariae, Sisen. ib.; balistae lapidum ex granioris emissiones habent quo sunt contenta uehementius, Cic. Tusc. 2, 57; asseres\* pedum xii. maximis ballistis missi per tri ordines cratium in terra defigebantur, Caes. b. c. 2, 2; 2; excussa ballistis saxa, Tac. h. 4, 23; add. an. 12, 56; Lucan. 3, 465; Sil. 1, 235; nulla ballista periculis nisi ad magnitudinem ponderis saxi, Vitruv. 10, 16, 1; sacitta\* a ballista auoluta, Amm. 23, 4, 3; 2. the missile thrown by a ballista, Itast amor, ballista ut iacitur: nil scie cereser neque uolat, Pl. Trin. 3, 2, 42; De uentis nuntius primum intendam ballistam in senem, Eia ballista si peruertam turrim et propugnacula, Bae. 4, 4, 58; Quoi iam infortuni intenta ballistat probe Quam ego haut multo post mittam e ballistario, Poen. 1, 1, 74; 3. ballistra in a vet. gl., se ballistarius; 4. Ballista, a cognomen, as of one of the 30 tyrants, Treb. Pollio 18, 1.

ballistarius, (ballist, or ballistarius\*), adj. of ballistae; as sb. m. a maker of ballistae, Tarruntum, Paternus, dig. 50, 6, 7 (6)—wb. Mommsen has ballistarii\* (see ballista § 3); collegium ballistarium(um), inser. Or. 4066; 2. a soldier who works a hand-ballista or cross-bow, Amm. 16, 2, 5; ballistarii\* σφενδομηται, Gloss. 3. ballistarius as sb. n. the engine ballista, Pl. Poen. see last ex. § 2 of ballista.

ballistum, (βαλλίστω), ii. n. a dance-song, Vopise. Aurel. 6, 4. ballo, (akin to βαλλω) are, vb. dance, Aug. serm. 215; hence It. ballare, Fr. ballet, E. ball. ballōte, es, f. black horehound, ballota nigra Linn., Plin. 27, 54.

ballōca, ae, f. and balux, ūcis, f. gold-dust, id (aurum) quod minutum est baluena uocant, Plin. 33, 77; Illine balucae malleator Hispanae, Mart. 12, 57, 9; cursus aurum (Hispaniae) diuites auro quod in baluibus (so ej. mss paludibus) uehant, Iustin. 44, 1, 7; balucae siquum, Veg. vet. 1, 20, 2; octonos scripulis in baluena cogat exsoluere, Th. C. 10, 19, 3.

balneatōrius, adj. of a bath-man, instrumentum, Marc. dig. 37, 17, 2.

balneātrix, icis f. a bath-woman, Petr. ap. Serv. A. 12, 159.

balneōla, f. pl. dim. of contempt, a bath, Aug. contr. Acad. 3, 4.

balneōlum, i. n. dim. of contempt, Iuv. 7, 4; Sen. ep. 86, 4; balneola, Cic. ap. Non. 194, 5.

balneum, see balineum.

bālo, (fm. cry of sheep, ba ba; and akin to βαλω, E. bleat), are, vb. bleat, qui aetate credo esse mutas: Ne balant quidem quom a pecu cetero absunt, Pl. Bac. 5, 2, 19; Exaccraticat hostis balantibus, Enn. (2) ap. Cic. div. 1, 42; Tactaque fumanti sulphure balēt ōnis, Ov. F. 4, 740; 2. belo? are, the same, capras et onas a sua uoce Graeci appellant uela (μυλα); nec multo secus nostri ab eadem uoce, sed alia litera. Vox earum non sed bee sonare uidetur... a quo belare (so P m.; al. balare), Varr. r. 2, 1, 7; 3. hence balans, ntis as sb. a bleater, Balantum pedes, Lucr. 2, 369; Balantumque gregem, Verg. G. 1, 272; add 3, 457.

Balonius, adj. or sb. a gens, C. Baloni(us) K. MAI., CIL 838.

balsāmeus, adj. of balsam, unguen, carm. de Phoen. 118.

balsāminus, adj. of balsam, oleum, Plin. 23, 92.

balsāmōdes, adj. like balsam, casia, Plin. 12, 97.

balsāmum, i. n. (= βαλαμων, perh. fm. Heb. bal prince, shamen oil, as prince of oils, or fm. besem, Exod. 30, 23) the gum of the balsam tree (Amyris opobalsamum Linn.), balm of Gilead, odoratus... sudantia ligno Balsāma, Verg. G. 2, 118; omnibus odoribus praefertur balsamum uni terrarum Indaeae concessum, Plin. 12, 111; Balsama qui semper, cinnama semper olet, Mart. 3, 63, 4; 2. of the tree itself, balsamum modica arbor, Tac. h. 5, 6.

balteārius, adj. as sb. m. belt-maker, inser. Spon. p. 253.

balteātus, quasi-part. belted, pectus, Mart. C. 5, 137 G, 139, 5 Eyss.

balteolus, i. m. dim. a little belt, Capitol. Max. 2, 4.

balteus, (a Tuscan word says Varr. ap. Char. 77, 10 K;

but quod cingulum habebant bullatum (!) balteum\* dictum, Vurr. l. 5, 24) i. m. or balteum\*, i. n. a belt, esp. of a soldier, marmicos baltea\* maceas, Aec. ap. Non. 194, 20; aurata baltea\* illis erant, Liv. Andr. ib.; nerutum in balteo defigunt, Caes. b. g. 5, 44, 7; lato quam circumplectitur auro Balteus, Verg. 5, 313; add 12, 274 and 942; Ov. M. 9, 189; balteo phalerasque, Tac. h. 1, 57; cum baltea lammis crepitant, Plin. 33, 152; Val. F. 5, 578; 2. same as used for striking, quod enim dubitant componere erimen in dominos, quoties rumoribus ulciscuntur Baltea? Iuv. 9, 112; 3. in poets of a woman's girdle, Lucan. 2, 362; Mart. 14, 207; 4. of the zodiac, stellatus b., Manil. 2, 677; 5. circular band of a volute in an Ionic column, Vitruv. 3, 5, 7, p. 79 l. 17 Rose; 6. of a circular fence in an amphitheatre, Tert. spect. 3=praecinctio of Vitruv. 5, 3 (109, 3 Rose); 7. exterior part of a round cake, Cato r. 86, 3; 78, 1; 8. for an idle distinction between balteus and balteum, see Char. l. 1.

Bambatio, ōnis, m. a cognomen (stutterer), as of M. Fuluius Bambatio, propter haesitantiam linguae... cognomen traxerat, Cic. Phil. 3, 16.

bananica, adj. epithet of a vine, Plin. 14, 37.

bancus, i. m. a fish, ex mari mullos blancos acus, Cacl. Aur. acut. 2, 37, 210.

bāphārius, adj. as sb. m. a (purple) dyer, Constant. cod. de murile, 75, 11.

bāphium, (bānium\*) ii. n. a (purple) dyer's house, D. M. Q. (Cornelio) Petronio... proc. bāphii, Inscr. Or. 4272; bāphium procuratores, Constant. cod. de murile, 11, 7, 2; praepositi bāphiorum, Th. C. 11, 28, 3; Aurelius Probus bāfius\* praepositus, Lamp. Al. Sev. 40, 6.

bāphius, ii. m. a (purple) dyer, Constant. cod. 11, 7, 2.

bāptes, ae, m. a gem, Plin. 37, 149.

baptisma, atis, n. dipping, Brad. psych. 103; apoth. 607; 2. esp. the religious rite, baptisum, Tertul.; Aug.; Hieron.

baptisum, i. n. baptism, Aug. de temp. 36.

baptista, ae, m. baptist, Sedul. op. Pasch. 2, 143.

bāptistērīum, ii. n. a bath, Plin. ep. 2, 17, 11; 5, 6, 25; Siden. ep. 2, 2; 2. baptismal font, Siden. ep. 4, 15.

bāptizātio, ōnis, f. baptizing, Ambros. de temp. 17.

bāptizātor, ōnis, m. baptist, Tert. bapt. 12; Aug. ep. 23.

bāptizo, are, vb. baptize, Tert.; Aug.; Hieron.

bārātrum, or -trum (βάρατρον) i. n. an abyss, deep pit, O bārātrum (so mss), ubi nunc es? Vt ego te usurpem lubens, Pl. Bac. 1, 2, 40; Introrumpam iam huc in Veneris faunum. In bārātrum manclina, Rud. 2, 7, 12; add met. Cure. 1, 2, 28; Aestus in abruptum detulcat bārātrum (so most mss), Catul. 68, 108; inno bārātri (al. baratri) ter gurgite uasto Sorbet in abruptum fluctus, Verg. 3, 421; add Hor. s. 2, 3, 166; and met. ep. 1, 15, 31; Mart. 3, 81, 1; 2. βάρατρον perh. akin to L. uōra-re and uōra-g-o.

barba, ae, f. beard, tam consimiliter atque ego... Malae mentum barba collus: totus, Quid nerbi opus, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 289; etc.; regiae uirgines tondebant barbam patris, Cic. Tusc. 5, 58; Crescit barba piliq, Lucr. 6, 945; 2. as distinguishing the Romans of old, tonsores non fuisse adsignificanti antiquorum statuae quod pleraeqe habent capillum et barbam magnam, Varr. r. 2, 11, 10; cf. Plin. 7, 211; M. Papius dicitur Gallo barbam suam, ut tum omnibus promissa erat, permulcenti, scipione incesso iram mouisse, Liv. 5, 41, 9; dignum barba dignumque capillis Maiorum, Iuv. 16, 31; 3. as distinguishing philosophers, sapientem pascere barbam, Hor. s. 2, 3, 35; nullus tibi barbam, 1, 3, 133; non enoueniant (illa laetiora uerba) barbae illi, Quint. 11, 1, 34; uideo barbam et pallium, philosophum nondum uideo, Gell. 9, 2, 4; 4. aurea barba marks the statue of a god etc., Aesculapii a. b., Cic. N. D. 3, 83; in allusion to this, nam fratres inter aenos... Praecipui sunt, sitque illis aurea barba, Pers. 2, 58; non deridebis (me), licet barbam auream habeas, Petr. 58; add Suet. Cal. 52; 5. barbam atque, —on attaining full manhood, the first short beard was at times deposited with religious rites, barbam primum posuit conditumque in auream pyxidem... Capitolio consecrauit, Suet. Ner. 12; togam sumit barbamque posuit sine ullo honore, Cal. 10; pyxis aurea in

qua barbam conditam esse dicebant, Petr. 29; 6. promittere barbam, let the beard grow, as a mark of mourning, audita clade Tituriana barbam capillumque summisit, Suet. Caes. 67; barba capilloque summisso, Quintilii Vate legione redde uociferans, Aug. 23; redit barba capilloque promisso (on the death of Drusilla) Cal. 24; 7. pl. of one man, including perhaps mustache and whiskers, stetit in limine barbis horrentibus nanta, Petr. 69; Portunus caeruleis barbis hispidis, Apul. M. 4, 31; 11. 6. of animals, lupi, Hor. s. 1, 8, 42; hircorum, Verg. G. 3, 311; Plin. 12, 74; cf. Heus qui cum hircina astant barba, responde hoc te quod rogo, Pl. Ps. 4, 2, 12; caprarum, Plin. 26, 47; gallinaceorum, 30, 97; mullorum, 9, 64; polyptorum, 9, 93; 9. of plants, (Ponticas naces) mollis protegit barba, Plin. 15, 50; nigultorum, 17, 202; 10. barba louis, a plant, anthyllis b. of Linn., Plin. 16, 76; 11. a cognomen, L. Scribonius L. l. Barba, CIL 1384; Barba Cassius, Cic. Att. 13, 52, 1; Phil. 13, 33; 12. barba: E. beard, G. hart: uerbum: E. word, G. wort; note too the initial b. violating Rask's law.

**barbāria**, (or -iēs) ac, f. the outer world of barbarians, as opp. to Greece, Themistoclem... non in Graeciae portus... sed in barbariae sinus confugisse, Cic. rep. 1, 5; add fin. 5, 11; Graecia barbariae lento conlisa duello, Hor. ep. 1, 2, 7; 2. hence Plautus in joke from a Greek's mouth includes Italy; armistis profecto hoc spectatores conuenit: Macerato hoc pinguis finit lauro in barbaria Bonae, Poon. c. 2, 21; in barbaria quod dixisse dicitur libertus suae patronae, uapula, Pl. ap. Fest. v. uapula 372 B 27; 3. aff. as opposed to Greece and Italy, a quo non solum Graecia et Italia sed etiam omnis barbaria commota est, Cic. fin. 2, 49; Quid tibi barbariem, gentes ab utroque iacentes Oceano numerem, Ov. M. 15, 829; add subactam Barbariem, Lucan. 8, 812; see also \* below; 4. barbarous manners, barbarism, multis praesidiis isti barbariae\* (sc. Gallorum) resistemus, Cic. Font. 44 (34); inueteratam quandam barbariam\* ex Gaditanorum moribus deleuit, Balb. 43; barbaria (al. barbarie) noster abundat amor, Ov. a. a. 2, 552; b. mentis, Quint. 11, 3, 60; tanta barbarie est Sarmatarum ut nos pacem intellegat, Flor. 2, 28, 9, 12, 20; 5. met., forensis, Cic. or. 1, 118; barbaries\* domestica, Prut. 258; 6. the form with s seems limited to nom. acc. and abl.

**barbāricārius**, adj. m. as sb. = phrygion, embroiderer of Phrygian garments in gold etc. (cf. barbarico aurum, Verg. 2, 504 and Pictus non tunicas et barbara tegmina currim, 11, 777, i.e. says Servius: uestem phrygionis arte perfectam) 7. M. Plactorius... fecit Hermes barbaricaris (so Orell.) inser. Or. 4152; add Th. C. 10, 22, 1 etc.

**barbāricus**, (- barbarus: Gallicus: Gallus) adj. of barbarians, as used by Greek of non-Greeks, esp. Phrygians and other Orientals of luxurious splendor, o Priami domus... Vidi ege te astante ope barbarica, Enn. ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 85 and 3, 44; Hinc ope barbarica, Verg. 8, 685; barbaricane uestes, Lucr. 2, 500; aurum b. Verg. 2, 504; pauimenta, Plin. 36, 185; 2. in just by Pl. in a Greek mouth (cf. barbarus § 2), of Romans or Italians, Nunc barbarica lege certumst ius meum omne persequi, Capt. 3, 1, 32; *Ny tav Aaxapov!* Quid tu per barbaricas urbis iuras? 4, 2, 105; 3. gen. of barbarians, of foreigners, and so barbarous, foreign (but not of men), equi, Veg. vet. 6, 7, 1; sermo, Amm. 18, 2, 2; 4. of barbarians, as barbarous, uncivilized, uita, Claud. Entr. 2, 226; stoliditas, Flor. 1, 38 (3, 3), 12; 11. 6. barbaricum as sb. n. barbarous regions, Albin qui in barbarico longe ultra Rhenum est, Eutrop. 7, 9; add 9, 4; Amm. 18, 2, 14; nec portant cibaria decem et septem dierum, nisi in barbarico, Lamprid. 47, 1; 6. barbaricum as adv., b. gens, Sil. 12, 418; 7. barbartece, in barbarian fashion, Capit. Ver. 10, 6.

**barbaries**, see barbaria.

**barbarismus**, i, m. barbarism of speech, b. est eum uerbum aliquod nitiose effertur, Cornif. ad Her. 4, 17; Quint. 1, 5, 5 etc.; Mart. 6, 17, 2; Gell. 13, 6, 4; 2. barbarous i.e. cruel language, Quint. 1, 5, 9.

**barbārus**, adj. (mimetic) one whose talk is unintelligible, bar, bar, bar; borrowed from Egyptians: βαρβαρος of Ἀγυπτιοὶ καλενοὶ τοῖς μη σφαιρὶ ἀπογλωσσάουσιν, Herod. 2, 158; and

used by Greeks of all non-Greeks, Paul. ex F. v. barbari p. 36 M; iuratur (Graeci) inter se barbaros necare omnis medicina... Nos quoque delectant barbaros, Cato ap. Plin. 29, 14; Graii atque barbari, Naev. ap. Cic. or. 152; 2. and so used in just by Pl. of a Roman, os columatum poetae esse indaudium barbaro, Mil. 2, 2, 56 (sc. Naenio, says Paul. 36 M); 3. gen. barbarian, barbarous, uncivilized, neque tam barbari lingua et natione illi quam tu natura et moribus, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 112; gentes immanitate barbaras, Mar. 8; add Hor. od. 1, 29, 6; 3, 27, 66; Maroboduus natione magis quam ratione barbarus, Vell. 2, 108, 2; 4. of other objects than man, Tereus animo barbaro, Att. ap. Non. 279, 2; consuetudo, Cic. Font. 31; b. tegmina (i.e. Phrygian), Verg. 11, 777; carmen (also Phrygian), Hor. epod. 9, 5; Syrtis, od. 2, 6, 3; mare, 2, 19, 7; mos, 1, 27, 2; libidines, 4, 12, 7; arae, Tac. an. 1, 61; 5. foreign as to language, captui innotis barbararum litterarum notis, Curt. 5, 5, 6; 6. comp. barbarior, Ov. Pont. 3, 2, 78; 5, 1, 72; 7. in barbarum, so as to take a barbarous shape, ciuitas in b. corrupta, Tac. an. 1, 48; idaeos, aucto in b. cognomento, Iudaeos uocitari, h. 5, 2; 8. barbarum as sb. n. (se. emplastrum) a celebrated plaster, Cels. 5, 19, 1; 5, 26, 23 (192, 20 Dar.); 9. barbarus as sb. f. (sc. compositio) the same, Scrib. comp. 207; 10. barbāre, adv. in a barbarian language, as Latin, (cf. § 2), Demophilus scripsit, Marcus norit barbare, Pl. As. pr. 11; Philemo scripsit, Plautus norit barbare, Trin. pr. 19; 11. in incorrect grammar or phraseology, loqui, Cic. Tusc. 2, 12; Quint. 1, 5, 9; 12. in barbarous or savage language, Quint. 1, 5, 9, and 1, 6, 45; 13. barbarously (of manners), dulcia barbare laedentem oscula, Hor. od. 1, 13, 14.

**barbātōriam**, only a conj. in Petr. 73.

**barbātulus**, quasi-part. dim. with delicately trimmed beards, as opposed to the long and rough beards of old times, cf. Cic. Cael. 33; Att. 1, 14, 5; 1, 16, 11; Hier. ep. 117, 6; 2. of mullet, Cic. parad. 38.

**barbātus**, quasi-partie. bearded, Pl. Cas. 2, S. 25; Men. 5, 2, 101; Iouem semper barbātum, Apollinem semper imberbem, Cic. N. D. 1, 83; Fortuna barbata, a goddess so called, Aug. C. D. 4, 11; but the inser. Or. 1742 is prob. a forgery; 2. esp. of old Romans, before shaving was introduced, unum te ex barbatis illis, exculum imperi neteris, imaginem antiquitatis dices inter, Cic. Sest. 19; aliquis mihi excitandum est ex barbatis illis, non hae barbula qua ista delectatur, sed illa horrida quam in statu antiqui uidemus, Cael. 33; Brute... facile est barbato impingere regi, Iuv. 4, 103; 3. aff. characteristic of philosophers, Barbatos licet admoene mille inde magistros, Iuv. 14, 12; Ne mendica ferat barbati prandia nudi, Mart. 14, 81; cf. barba; 4. as sb. m. a bearded one, see last ex. of § 3, first of § 5; add: non ille Carpus accessit, sed barbatus ingens, Petr. 40; 5. of other than man, as of a goat, immi-it se barbatus, Plin. 4, 9, 10; b. aquila, Plin. 10, 11; the eagle, also called (the says) ossifraga, the Lämmereyer, Gypaetus barbatus, cf. Cuvier's Règne an. pl. 8; mulli, Cic. Att. 2, 1, 7; nux, of the cotton seed with its wool, Plin. 19, 14; 6. met. liberos, Mart. 14, 84;

7. a cognomen, Cornelius Lucius Scipio Barbatus, CIL 30; add 32.

**barbiger**, a, um, adj. beard-wearing, as of goats, pecudes, Lucr. 5, 900; capellae, 6, 970.

**barbitium**, ii, n. a beard, lanoso barbitio genas inumbrantem, Apul. M. 5, 8; qui hireino barbitio philosophum fingeret, 11, 8.

**barbitus**, i, m. and f., barbiton, i, n. + a lute, the Latinum Barbitae earthen, Hor. ep. 1, 32, 4; defunctumque bello Barbiton hic paries habebit, 3, 26, 4; add 1, 1, 34; Non facit ad lacrimas barbitus ulla\* mens, O? her. 15, 8; et plectra et barbita\* conde, Anson. Phil. Gr. 44.

**Barbo**, ōnis, m. a cognomen (beard-man), N. Vibidians V. f. Barbo, CIL 625.

**barbūla**, ae, f. dim. a little beard, Cic. Cael. 33; 2. of plants, Plin. 21, 49, 27, 98; 3. a cognomen, L. Scribonius L. l. Barbula, CIL 1384; Q. Acmilus Barbula, Liv. 9, 20, 7.

**barbus**, i, m. the fish barbel, Anson. Mos. 94 and 134

2. a cognomen, P. Agrius Barbus, inser. Grut. 360.

3. **barca**, ae, f. (a Phoenician word, says Movers, die Phönizier, 3, 1, 170) a boat, edito barcarum certamine, a regatta, CIL 2, 13; barcam esse quae cuncta naui commercia ad litus portat, eamque... in naui neli, Isid. or. 19, 1; Vt mox salubri barca praesidio fore Puppi superstes obrutae, Paul. Nol. 21, 95; add Lyd. de mag. 2, 14; barca barcula barcella, Not. Tir. p. 47.

**barcarius**, i, adj. as sb. m. a boat-man, Not. dign. utr. imp. 63 and 65.

**bardaicus**, or uard. adj. of the Bardaei or Varlaei a people of Illyria, Plin. 3, 143; euculli, Capit. Pert. 8, 3; b. calcens a heavy military boot, Iuv. 16, 13; 2. abs. the same, lassi bardaicus euocati, Mart. 4, 4, 5.

**barditus**, ūs, m. a battle cry or song of the Germans, Tac. G. 3.

**bardocūculus**, i, m. a Gallic cloak of wool with a hood, Lingonius b., Mart. 1, 53; 5; Sautonius b., 14, 128; cf. Sautonius cucullus, Iuv. 8, 145.

1. **bardus**, adj. (= *βραδύς*) slow of intellect, a dolt, stultus...fungi bardii, Pl. Bac. 5, 1, 2; bardum me faciemum, Epid. 3, 39; add Pers. 2, 1, 2; nimisque bardum barbarum, Caecil. ap. Paul. ex F. p. 34; stupidium esse Socratem dixit et bardium, Cic. fat. 10; bardior, Tert. Hermog. 36.

2. **bardus**, i, m. a Gallic harper, a bard, Vos quoque qui fortes animas belloque percipitis Laudibus in longum uates diuinitis acuum, Bardi, Lucan. 1, 449; uigueret studia inchoata per bardos et Druidas, Amm. 15, 9, 8; add Paul. ex F. p. 34.

**bāris**, idos, f. au Egyptian boat, Prop. 3, 11, 44.

**barō**, ōnis, m. (akin to bardus, adj.?) a dolt, blockhead, Cic. fin. 2, 76; div. 2, 144; fam. 9, 26, 3; Att. 5, 11, 6; Barō regumatum... Pers. 5, 138; add Petr. 53 and 63;

2. a cognomen, L. Coelius Onf. Baro, inser. Grut. 393, 7; **baroptenus**, i, or harippe, es, f. a gem, black with red and white spots, Plin. 37, 150.

**barriunus**, adj. of an elephant, anres, Sidor. ep. 13.

**barrio**, ire, v. to roar (as an elephant), elefanti barriunt, Spart. Get. 5, 5; Veg. mil. 3, 24; add Paul. ex F. p. 30.

**barritus**, ūs, m. roar of an elephant, Apul. flor. 17; Isid. or. 12, 2; 2. hence, battle-cry, Veg. mil. 3, 18; Amm. 16, 12, 43; 26, 7, 17; 31, 7, 11.

**barrus**, i, (Sanskrit. *vāraṇa*) m. an elephant, Hor. epod. 12, 1; a barro dictum, i.e. elephanto, Serv. ad A. 1, 588;

2. a cognomen, T. Betucius Barrus, Cic. Brut. 169.

**bārycēphālos**, adj. heavy-headed, aedium species b., Vitr. 3, 2, 5.

**bārypīcos**, adj. very bitter, absinthium, Apul. herb. 100.

**bārýthōn**, ōnis, m. a plant, also called sabina, Apul. herb. 85.

**basaltes**, is, m. basalt, Plin. 36, 58; so mss, but Sillig after Buttmann reads basanten.

**bāsānēns**, ūl, as sb. m. touch-stone, lapis Lydius, Plin. 36, 88 58, 147, 154.

**bascanda**, ae, f. (a British word, = W. basged from basg plaiting), f. basket, Barbara de pietis neni bascanda Britannis, Mart. 14, 99; add Iuv. 12, 46.

**basella**? ae, f. dim. a beer-stand, cupas basellis (al. asellis or sellis) impositas, Pall. 1, 18, 2.

**bāsīatio**, ōnis, f. kissing, Catul. 7, 1; Mart. 7, 95, 17.

**bāsīator**, ōris, m. one who kisses, Mart. 11, 98, 1.

**bāsīatōr**, see basilius § 7.

**bāsīclia**, ae, f. dim. a little church, a chapel, Paul.

Nol. ep. Sev. 32, 17.

**bāsīlicus**, adj. of a king, kingly, regal, royal, often in Plant. as edictiones, Capt. 4, 2, 31; uictus, Pers. 1, 1, 32; facinora, Trin. 4, 3, 3; status, Epid. 1, 5, 43; 2. as sb. m. one of a royal court, At ego basilius sum quem nisi oras guttam non feres, Rud. 2, 4, 18; 3. basiliens (iactus) the best throw on the dice, talos arripio...lacto basiliemum, Curc. 2, 3, 79; 4. as sb. n. or m.: basiliemum, a robe of royalty, basiliemum aut exotium, Epid. 2, 2, 48; 5. basilia (utis) a kind of vine, Colum. 3, 2, 19 and 28 etc.; Plin. 14, 30; 6. in med. basileon, an eye-lotion, Cels. 6, 6,

31; basileon or basilicæ a plaster, Scrib. comp. 210 and 238;

11 7. esp. basilica as sb. f. (sc. aedes or *αἷα*) lit. a royal palace—hence in use a public building with porticoes etc., of various uses, a basilica, Istiti damnosos maritos quaerito sub basilica (mss s. b. q.), Pl. Cure. 4, 1, 11; seruos publicos ex basilica Opimia, CIL 1067; add 1068; forum plenum et basilicas istorum hominum uidemus, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 152; basilicam habeo, non nullam, frequentia Formianorum, Att. 2, 14, 2; basilicam ibi fecit, quae Porcia appellata est, Liv. 39, 44, 7; rem usibus publicis in perpetuum relictam, ut forum aut basilicam, Paul. dig. 45, 1, 83; 5; add Venal. 45, 1, 137, 6; 8. esp. as a court of justice, distinguer centumviralibus causis...; in media basilica... Plin. ep. 2, 14, 4; sedebant centum et octoginta iudices;...ex superiore basilicae parte... 6, 33, 3; cum ei causa in foro esset oranda, petiit uti subsellia in basilicam transferrentur, Quint. 10, 5, 18; cum in basilica Iulia diceret primo tribunali, quattuor autem iudicia cogerentur, 12, 5, 6; basilicam cum tribunali... restituit M. Vipius, inser. Or. 4029; 9. also as a place for sales, argentum quod in basilica fuit muliebre... negotiandi causa uenale (propositum), Paul. 34, 2, 32, 4;

10. in Christian times turned to religious uses, a church, Sulpic. Sev. hist. 2, 33, and 38; 11. or a chapel in a church, Hier. ep. ad Hel. 60, 12; 12. of a palace, domus in qua basilicae centenariae res, Capit. Gord. 32, 3;

13. of a wine depot, Pall. 1, 18, 1.

**bāsīlica**, ae, f. a plant, also called regula, an antidote to the basilisk, Apul. herb. 128.

**bāsīlicus**, i, m. dim.: literally a petty king; hence a snake marked on the head as with a diadem, the basilisk, in uacua regnat basilicis arena, Lucan. 9, 726; add 9, 825; Cyrenaica hunc (i.e. basilicum) generat provincia xii digitorum magnitudine candida in capite macula ut diademate insignem, Plin. 8, 78; add 29, 66.

**bāsiliūm**, ii, (*βασίλειον*) n. a mitre, Isidi Fabia L. f. ornamenta in basilio unio et margarita, CIL 2, 3386;

2. met. of a child, Licinia Q. f. basilio Florae, inser. Mar. 139, 1.

1. **bāsio**, (basium) āre, vb. kiss, Iam te bāsia multa bāsiare, Catul. 7, 94; add Mart. 1, 94, 2; 7, 95, 4; 10, 22, 3.

2. **Bāsio**, ōnis, f. dim. a cognomen (Little-kiss), Acilia P. l. Basio sibi et Cartorio... inser. Grut. 959, 2.

**bāsīolium**, i, n. dim. a little kiss, Petr. 85; Apul. 10, 21.

**bāsīs**, is, f. foot of horse or mule, Veg. vet. 1, 25, 6; 2, 28, 27; 3, 46; 2. a bone in same, 6, 1, 2;

11 3. pedestal or base as of a statue, signum transferendum basim ponendum curae(runt), CIL 1145; M' Memmius M' p. fr. signa basie de sua pecunia, 1146; add 1154; aeduleum et basium (sic) magistri dant, 1181; in basi statuarum, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 154; stat basie orba dea, Ov. Pont. 3, 2, 52; statuae adixae basibus structibus, Pomp. dig. 50, 16, 245; 4. of a column, ad basim (columnellae) accessimus, Cic. Tusc. 5, 66; but basim scapi, Vitr. 4, 1, 6, the lowest part of the shaft, for with him the pedestal is spira; 5. b. uillae, foundation, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 1, 5; 6. in math. base, trianguli, Cic. N. D. 2, 125; 7. b. arcus, chord, Colum. 5, 2, 9; 8. root of a word, ipsa vox, basis eius, Varr. ap. Non. 79, 32; 9. phrase, cum basi illum sua metris, in measuring the statue, you include the pedestal, Sen. ep. 76, 31.

**bāsium** (?) ii, b. a kiss, Numquam iam posthac bāsia surripiam, Catul. 99, 16; add Mart. 12, 55, 9; Petr. 23, etc.; 2. iactare basia, to throw kisses with the hand (cf. eine Kusshand zuwerfen), Iuv. 4, 118; Phaedr. 5, 7, 28; cf. iacere oscula, Tac. h. 1, 36.

**Basilius**, adj. dim. (of basilius) as sb. f. a cognomen, Oppia T. f. Basilla, inser. Grut. 698, 10.

**Basinius**, adj. a cognomen (of adoption?), M. Aurelius Bassinus, inser. Grut. 46, 2.

**Bāsīulus**, adj. dim. (of Bassus) a cognomen, Stertinae L. f. Basulae, 305, 1.

**basus**, adj. stout, embonpoint, thickset, = *εγχελος*, *παχus*, Gloss.; 2. a cognomen, L. Stalcus Bassus, CIL 745; P. Valeri Bassi, 1124; 3. esp. as name of a drunkard, Bassum Thracia uincat amystide, Hor. od. 1, 36, 14; add Mart. 6, 69.

**bastāga**, (βασταγή, Hesych., fin. βασταγῶ) ae, f. carriage of goods, Th. C. 8, 4, 11.

**bastagārius**, adj. as sb. manager of goods' department, Th. C. 10, 20, 4 and 11.

**basterna**, (akin to βαστραῖα) ae, f. a sedan, Lampr. Hel. 21, 7; Amm. 14, 6, 16; Pall. 7, 2, 3.

**basternārius**, adj. as sb. m. sedan-bearer or proprietor, Symm. 6, 15.

**bat**, an unmeaning term to rhyme with at, Plaut. Ps. 1, 3, 6; cf. Char. 239, 21 K.

**batia**, ae, f. a sea-fish, Plin. 32, 77 and 145.

**bātillum**, i, (u. a. n. dim. a shovel, pastorem (pauonum) cum batillo circumire oportet ac stercus tollere, Varr. r. 3, 6, 5; incurum batillum in quo sit extremo serrula ferrea (for reaping), 1, 50, 2; prunaeque u. a., Hor. s. 1, 5, 30; utatillis' ferreis, Plin. 33, 127; coetillum utatilla quattuor, Treb. Claud. 14, 12.

**bātillus**, i, m. the same, super batillum candentem, Marc. Empir. 27.

**batiōcus**, adj.? epithet of a large drinking cup with two ears (βατιακή, as a sb. f. Athen. 11, p. 484 E. p. 784 A), quibus dinitiae domi sunt scaphio et cantharis Batiōcis (with an o, not a, A and B) bibunt nos nostro Sāmolo poterio, Pl. St. 5, 4, 12; 2. hence batiōca as sb. f. batiōcam (batiolam, xss) auream octo pondo labeat, Pl. ap. Non. 545, 20; batiōca patera, Gloss. Plac. 444; and Exc. Pithoean.; batiōsa ποτήριον φιαλοειδές, Gloss. Labb. 357.

**batis**, (battis\*) is, f. a plant of the kind marina, Plin. 21, 86, perh. the samphire; 2. b. hortensia or sativa, Plin. 21, 86; Colum.\* 12, 13, 2; add Plin. 26, 82; Colum.\* 12, 7, 2; cf. βατος f.

**bātrāchion**, ii, Greek name of a plant = Linn. ranunculus, Plin. 25, 172; 26, 106, etc.; 27, 112.

**bātrāchites**, ae, m. a froglike gem, Plin. 37, 149.

**bātrāchus**, i, m. a sea fish, Plin. 32, 145.

**bātu**, ere, vb. beat, sculponeas (wooden shoes) Quibus os bātuat tibi senex nequissime, Pl. Cas. 2, 8, 60; ita ut materentur ante ulcera, Plin. 31, 104; 2. esp. fence, minillonem rudibus secum bātuentem, Suet. Cal. 32; pugnatōris armis, ib. 54; 3. sensu obsc., Cic. fam. 9, 22, 4; 4. hence Fr. battre, E. beat.

**batus**, gens herbae, Paul. ex Fr. p. 30.

**baubor**, āri, (mimetic, cf. βαυ-βω, E. bow-wow) vb. r. bark, Lucr. 5, 1071; Non. p. 80, 30.

**Baulianus**, adj. of Bauli, inser. Or. 4565; 7188.

**Bauli**, orum, m. pl. a town in Campania near Baiae, Varr. r. 3, 17, 5; Cic. acad. p. 125.

**baxeae**, ae, f. a coarse kind of shoe, Peniculo. Quis istest peniculus? qui extergentur baxeae? Pl. Men. 2, 3, 40; palmis baxeis, Apul. M. 2, 28; qui baxeis...philosophum fingeret, 11, 8; baxeae de sutrina praestinare, Ior. 9 (p. 38 Hild.).

**baxiārius**, adj. as sb. maker of the shoes called baxeae, inser. Or. 4085.

**bdellium**, ii, n. (βδέλλιον) a scented gum from an Asiatic balsam-tree, balsam, Plin. 12, 35; Veg. vet. 6, 14, 1; and prob. 5, 27, 4, wh. xss depli (for pdeli); 2. as term of endearment, Tu mihi stacte...et casia's, tu bdellium, Pl. Cure. 1, 2, 6.

**beātā**, see beo.

**beātificus**, āre, vb. act the beatificus, make happy, bless, Aug. Trin. 14, 14 etc.

**beātificus**, adj. making happy, (deus) beatus et beatificus, Apul. dogm. Plat. 1, 5; add Aug. conf. 2, 5.

**beātītās**, ātis, f. happiness, blessedness, sine beatitas sine beatitudo dicenda est (utrumque darum), Cic. N. D. 1, 95; quoted by Quint. 8, 3, 32; add Maer. somn. 1, 8, 2.

**beātītudo**, īnis, f. the same, Cic. N. D. 1, 95; Quint. 8, 3, 32; Maer. somn. 1, 8, 2; hortante beatitudinis temporum, inser. Or. 68.

**beātrix**, īcis, adj. or sb. f. one who blesses; hence as cognomen, Publiciae Beatri, inser. Grut. 703, 3.

**beātulus**, adj. dim. of content, happy, blessed, Pers. 3, 103.

**beatus**, see beo.

**bebra**, ae, f. a sort of missile used by some barbarians, Veg. mil. 1, 20 (p. 23, 12 Lang.).

**Becco**, (Vecco\*) ōnis, m. Beak-man or man with the beak, cui Tolosae nato cognomen Becco fuerat. Id ualeat gallinaei rostrum, Suet. Vit. fin.; uñius) (fecit) Vecco\* Moeconis f. sibi et..., inser. Grut. 624, 2; 2. cf. Fr. bec, E. beak.

**bēchion**, ii, n. Gr. name for the plant tussilago, Plin. 26, 30.

**bedella**, ae, prob. the same as bdellium, Marc. Empir. 19.

**bee**, the noise of sheep, ba, Varr. r. 2, 1, 7.

**belbus**, i, m. belba, ae, f. or bolua, ae? f. a hyaena, belbi id est hyaenae decem, Capitol. Gord. 33, 1; et camelos et belbas et leones, Arnob. 7, 16; favaa fawo bellua (for belua) Gloss. Philox.; Quid dubitatis utrum nunc sitis ceropitheci, An colubae an boluae, Varr. ap. Non. 201, 26.

**Beli oculus**, a gem, Plin. 37, 149.

**bellaria**, adj. pl. as sb. n. sweetmeats, confectionery, Vbi's Astaphium? Fer mihi huc uerbenam, bellaria, Pl. True. 2, 5, 33; add Varr. ap. Gell. 13, 11, 6; Suet. Nero 25; significant id uocabulum (bellaria) omne mensae secundae genus..., quae uicquata Graeci aut τραγάρια dixerunt, uina quoque dulciora; as: Liberi bellaria, Gell. 1, 6.

**bellātor**, (old duellator\*) ōris, m. warrior, Domi duellique duellatores\* optumi, Pl. Capt. pr. 68; but (w. a b) Merus bellator gignitur (so T H K c.), quas hie praenatis fecit, Mil. 4, 2, 85; add Trin. 3, 2, 97, etc.; aut bellatori aut imperatori, Cic. Tusc. 4, 53; add Balb. 54; Att. 8, 12, 4; Liv. 1, 50, 9; 7, 26, 13; 8, 8, 17; 9, 1, 2; Vell. 2, 25, 3; Tac. an. 1, 67 f.; 2. met. in a drinking bout, Pl. Men. 1, 3, 5; in a game like chess, Ov. a. a. 3, 359; 3. in poets, as an epithet or adj. Bellatorum animo deus incidit, Verg. 9, 721; eus, G. 2, 145; Ov. F. 2, 12; campus, Stat. Th. 8, 378; censis, Sil. 13, 370; 4. absol. of a horse, Iuv. 7, 12; of a bull, Stat. Th. 12, 603.

**bellātorius**, adj. of a warrior, stilum, Plin. ep. 7, 9, 7; iumenta, Amm. 23, 5, 13.

**bellātrix**, īcis, adj. or sb. f. warrior, iracunda, Cic. Tusc. 4, 54; Penthesilea, Verg. 1, 493; diua, Ov. tr. 1, 5, 76; Roma, 2, 321; belua, Sil. 9, 576; carinae, Stat. Th. 7, 57; gleba, Val. F. 7, 612.

**bellātula**, adj. dim. beautified? a cognomen, inser. Grut. 350, 4; 943, 3; but see belliatius.

**bellax**, ācis, adj. warlike, gens, Lucan. 4, 406.

**belliātulus**, adj. dim. (for belliātulus?) scented with balsam? Quin imus ergo? l belle belliātula, Pl. Cas. 4, 4, 28 (so ms A); see

**belliātus**, (for belliatius fm. bellium?) quasi-part., the same, Hem tibi aquam mea tu belliat; (so xss and so ed. Iunt. 1514, says Forc.) hem sic nolo, Pl. Rud. 2, 5, 6.

**bellie-ſus**, adj. warlike, gentes, Cic. prov. cons. 33; homines, Caes. b. g. 1, 10, 2; 2. comp. Liv. 9, 6, 13; 37, 8, 4; sup. Cic. Man. 28; Caes. b. g. 4, 1, 3.

**bellicrepra**, saltatio quando cum armis saltabant, Paul. ex Fr. p. 35.

**bellie-us**, adj. of war, insignia, Cic. leg. 2, 45; mors, 2, 60; nautis, Prop. 2, 15, 43; equus, 4, 4, 14; agnomina (as Macedonice, Creticus etc.) Flor. 1, 43 (3, 8); 2. warlike, of men rarely except in poets, ciuitas, Vell. 2, 38, 3; Pallas, Ov. M. 5, 46; deus, F. 2, 478; Mars, 3, 1; 3. bellicum canere, to sound the war trumpet, as signal for war, Cic. Mur. 30; Liv. 35, 18, 6; Iustin. 12, 15, 11; and met. Cic. Phil. 7, 3, 30, 39.

**bellifer**, adj. war-bearing, Claud. Eutrop. 1, 429.

**belliger**, adj. war-waging, in poets only, gentes, Ov. tr. 3, 11, 13, manus, a. a. 2, 672; hasta, Mart. 5, 24, 11.

**belligētor**, m. warrior, Avien. perieg. 55; Venant. Martin. 3, 370.

**belligero**, āre, vb. wage war, belligerant Aetoli cum Aleis, Capt. 1, 1, 25; add Pers. 1, 1, 26, etc.; Non campantibus bellum, sed belligerantibus, Enn. ap. Cic. off. 1, 38; nobis...cum fortuna belligerando fuit, ad Quir. 19; but in Font. 30 (26) xss V has belligerendo, whence Halm bello gerendo, Or. belligerando; cum Gallis tumultuatum nerius quam belligeratum, Liv. 21, 10, 4; a lū Tat. an. 4, 46.

**Bellinus**, adj. a cognomen (of adoption?), inser. Grut. 918, 13.

**bellio**, ōnis, m. (not f.) dim. ox-eye daisy, chrysanthemum segetum Linn., Plin. 21, 49; 2. a cognomen, inser. Grut. 951, 5.

**bellipōtens**, adj. as sb., lord of war, Enn. ap. Cic. div. 2, 116; Verg. 11, 8; Val. F. 1, 529; Stat. Th. 7, 715.

**bellis**, is, f. common daisy, Plin. 26, 26.

**belliosus**, adj. war-sounding, Paul. Nol. carm. 8, 23.

**bellitudo**, inis, f. prettiness, Verr. ap. Paul. ex F. p. 35.

**bello**, āre, vb. make war, war, quod bellum aptus sum, Pauc. ap. Non. 234, 25; longe a domo bellare, Cic. Man. 32; cum illa ciuitas cum Poenis bellaret, Verr. 2, 4, 72; utrum bellandum esset necne consulere, Liv. 35, 18, 3; hoc bellum a consiliis bellatum, 8, 39, 16; 2. in poets of mere fighting, breuiter bellabant ense, S. lat. 3, 235; manu, 8, 498; castra, Stat. Th. 6, 829; 3. w. dat. in poets, Latinus, Sil. 16, 505; manipulis, 9, 503; magno parenti, Stat. Th. 8, 506; 4. as vb. r. pietis bellantur Amazonis armis, Verg. 11, 660; Et nudis bellantur equis, Sil. 2, 349.

**Bellōna**, (old Duellona) ae, adj. as sb. f. (goddess) of war, Nam neque Bellona mi unquam neque Mars creduat, Pl. Bac. 4, 3; Victoriam Martem Bellonam, Amph. pr. 43; Bellona a bello nunc quae Duellona a duello, Varr. l. 5, 10 p. 78 Sp.; Verg. 8, 703; add Ov. F. 6, 201; Hor. s. 2, 3, 223.

**bellōnāria**, adj. f. as sb. (sc. herba) the plant solanum, as used by priests of Bellona, Apul. herb. 74.

**bellor**, see bello.

**Bellorophon**, (older -fontem) ntis, m. old Latin form of the name Bellorophon, Ah Bellorfontem tuos me fecit filius, Pl. Bac. 4, 7, 12 (see *uss* in Ritschl's ed.); add Apul. M. 7, 26 and 11, 8.

**bellōsus**, adj. warlike, contra bellosum genus, Cael. ap. Non. 50, 32.

**bellua**, see belua.

**bellūsus**, adj. dim. of bellus (as that of bonus) pretty, haec quidem Bellulast, Pl. Mil. 4, 1; papilla, Cas. 4, 4, 22; add Poen. 1, 2, 134; bellule cresce puer, inser. Murat. 1514, 3; 2. adv. bellule, prettily, Pl. ap. Paul. ex F. p. 36; aetatem portat bellule, Apul. M. 5, 31; add 10, 16; 11, 30.

**bellum**, (old duellum, either as trisyl. + or dissyl. \*, prob. fm. duo, division opp. to union and peace) i, n. war, bello Poenico proximo, CIL 200, 75; Extincto duello \* maximo atque interiectis hostibus, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 34; Quoi potissimum indicatur bellum unde argentum auferam, Epit. 1, 2, 57; aet aut ferrum duelli instrumenta, Cic. leg. 2, 45; nullum bellum esse iustum nisi quod aut rebus repetitis geratur aut denuntiatio ante sit et indictum, off. 1, 36; quibusum continenter bellum gerunt, Caes. b. g. 1, 1, 4; 2. met. philosophiae bellum indicare, Cic. or. 2, 155; falsum testem po bello persequatur, Liv. 3, 25, 3; tributum b. 3, 24, 1; nentri Indico bellum, Hor. s. 1, 5, 8; 3. bellum war, as opp. to proelium a battle, Vi Romanus populus victus ui et superatus proelis Saepae est multis, bello uero nuncquid in quo sunt omnia, Lucil. ap. Non. 437, 18; Thucydides res gestas et b. la narrat et proelia, Cic. or. 36; fassus est non proelio modo se sed bello uictum, Liv. 30, 35, 11; media inter proelia bella, Verg. 11, 541; alios ad proelium ire, C. Chabos ad bellum, Tac. G. 30; 4. bellum rarely for proelium, as in Varr. l. 7, 3 (p. 341 Sp.), rorarii qui bellum committant; 5. belli as a dat. in war, esp. w. domi, Domi duellique \* duellatores optami, Pl. Capt. pr. 68; uid belli uel domi, Cic. off. 2, 85; add Sall. Jug. 41, 7; Liv. 1, 34, 12; 3, 43, 1 but in 9, 26, 21 Madv. has: post res tot domi belloque (belli?) gestas; 6. to ex. of duellum, add Hor. od. 3, 14, 18; 3, 5, 38; 4, 15, 8.

**bellus**, (for benūsus, fm. bonus) adj. dim. pretty, nice, pleasing, lovely, sweet, first of persons, Non licet te sice placide bellam belle tangere? Pl. Rud. 2, 4, 12; Bellam et tenellam Casinam conseruam tuam, Cas. 1, 20; Fui ego bellus, lepidus, bonus uir nunquam, neque frugi bonae, Capt. 5, 2, 3; Illam uis amicum tui niri bellissimū, Merc. 4, 1, 22; add 4, 5, 10; Cicero bellissimus tibi (Terentiae) salutem plurimam dicit, Cic. fam. 14, 7, 3; puellae Cacciliae

bellissimae salutem dices, Att. 6, 4, 3; Bellus homo et magnus nis idem, Cotta uideri; Sed qui bellus homo est, Cotta, pusillus homo est, Mart. 1, 9; bellas puellas, 2, 87; 2. of material objects, nice, unum quicquid quod quidem erit bellissimum carum, Ter. Ad. 4, 2, 51; minum, Culem. 12, 19, 2; socius hostilium, hostis socius (so corr. by Madv.) bellum illa geris ut bella omnia domum auferas, Varr. ap. Non. 248, 18; uasa figura bella, Varr. l. 8, 16; 3. of abstract nouns, recordor quam bella ciuitas fuerat, Cic. Att. 4, 16, 10; bella est huius iuris licentia, 15, 11, 4; 4. as n. absol., bellum est aliquo exire ut ea nec uiderem nec audirem, Cic. fam. 9, 2, 3; est b. aliquem libenter odisse, Att. 13, 49, 2; quam sit b. cauere malum, or. 1, 247; 5. comp. Varr. ap. Non. 77, 29; II 6. adv. belle, prettily, nicely, Quiaque bucculas tam belle purpuratas habes, Pl. Truc. 2, 2, 35; Hermatibem b. posita, Cic. Att. 1, 1, 5; epistola scripta b., 6, 1, 22; coniecta, div. 2, 66; ita belle nobis 'Flauti ad Epipro leuissimus Onchesmites', Att. 7, 2, 1; Declamas belle, causas agis, Attice belle, etc. Mart. 2, 7; 7. gently, sequere istum bella belle, Pl. Curc. 4, 2, 35; add As. 3, 3, 86; Rud. 2, 4, 12; 8. of health, Pilium plane belle se habere, Cic. Att. 12, 37, 1; Terentia minus belle habuit, sed certum scio iam conualuisse eam, fam. 9, 9, 1; 9. sup. Cic. fam. 16, 9, 1; 14, 14, 1.

**bellutus**, see belutus.

**belluus**, or beluus, adj. = *θηρῶδης* Gloss. Labb.; Cic. ap. Augustin. pr. 2012 P.

**belua**, ae, (perh. akin to bēdo eat; cf. bestia) f. a beast, cum capra aut nepa aut exoritur lumen aliquod beluarum (pron. beluum) Enn. ap. Cic. rep. 1, 30; add Enn. ap. Varr. l. 5, 10, p. 71 Sp.; Credo alium in aliam beluum hominem uortit: Illic in columbum, credo, leno uortitur, Pl. Rud. 3, 6, 48; quo quidem agno sat scio Macis eriosum usquam esse aliam beluum, Aul. 3, 6, 26; on wh. Nonius 455, 2 says: beluam indifferenter posuit auctoritas neterum; quantum natura hominis pecudibus reliquique beluis antecedit, Cic. off. 1, 105; alterum nobis cum dis, alterum cum beluis commune est, Sal. Cat. 1, 1, 2; 2. gen. a large beast, esp. the elephant\*, Eone es ferox, quia habes imperium in beluas\*, Ter. Eun. 3, 1, 25; esse quandam illi beluam\* cum genere humano societatem, Cic. fam. 7, 1, 3; inimica uirgo Beluis, Hor. od. 1, 12, 23; scateant beluis pontum, 3, 27, 27; add s. 2, 3, 316; Inda b., Ov. tr. 4, 6, 8; Gaetula b., Iuv. 10, 158; rector beluae\* regem conspexit, Curt. 8, 14, 33; marinae b., Sen. lud. de m. Cl. 5, 3; b. squamosa, Sen. Phaedr. 1056; 3. met. beast, foolish beast, savage brute, abi sis belua, Pl. Most. 3, 1, 42; add 78 and 91; Rud. 2, 6, 59; Trin. 4, 2, 110; sed quid pertinui autem, belua? Ter. Ph. 4, 2, 11; sed quid ego hospitii iura in hac inani belua commemoro, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 109; add leg. 3, 22; Pis. 1, 1; uolo illi beluae ostendere, meo Liv. 7, 10, 3; Belua multorum es capium, Hor. ep. 1, 1, 76.

**beluālis**, adj. of a beast, educatio, Macr. s. 5, 11, 15.

**beluātus**, quasi-part. adorned with beasts, tapetia, Pl. Ps. 1, 2, 14.

**beluūlis**, adj. of a beast—hence beluile as adv. like a beast, scilicet, Iul. Val. gest. Alex. 3, 88; beluile *θηρῶδης*, Gl. Philox.

**beluūnus**, adj. of a beast, uoluptates, Gell. 19, 2, 2; fauces, Prud. cath. 7, 114.

**beluōsus**, adj. full of great beasts, Oceanus, Hor. od. 4, 14, 47.

**belutus**, bestiae similis, Paul. ex F. 34.

**bene**, see bonus.

**benēdico**, or rather, separately, bene dico, -ere, vb. speak kindly, Bono animo es, bene dice nunc: quae res tibi et gnatae tuae Bene feceritque uortat, ita di faxit inquit, Pl. Aul. 4, 10, 57; add As. 3, 3, 155; and diuisim, Bene quaeso inter nos dicatis et mihi absentibus tamen, Pl. Mil. 4, 8, 31; add Rud. 3, 2, 26; qui bene dixit unquam homo, Cic. Sest. 110; add Ov. tr. 5, 9, 9; II 2. in very late writers w. acc. benedico bless, thank, as one word, restat ut benedictos deum...redemus, Apul. Herm. trism. 40; add 41; Lact. 7, 14, 11; Tert. or. 3; Sulp. Sev. hist. 1, 5; 3. bless, consecrate, altarium, Sulp. Sev. s. Mart. 2, 2; martyres, Tert. Mart. 1, 1; oleum, Hier. v. Hilar.;

III 4. bene dictum, a kind word, as sb. n. Bene dictis tuis bene facta aures meae auxilium expostulant, Pl. Pers. 4, 3, 25; 5. a wise saying, philosophum matrem omnium bene factorum beneque dictorum, Cic. Brut. 322;

6. a sound legal dictum, Casellii scripta non exstant nisi unus liber bene dictorum, Pomp. dig. 1, 2, 2, 45;

IV 7. benedicta as sb. f. a consecrated priestess, Claudia benedicta sacrorum hic sita est, inser. Or. 2311; 8. a plant, a kind of trefoil, trifolium arvense, Apul. herb. 61.

**benedictio**, ōnis, f. praising (of God), Apul. Herm. trism. p. 82, 11; Tert. test. am. 2; 2. of material objects, as a relic, Paul. Nol. ep. 32, 8; Sulp. Sev. dial. 2, 12.

**benedicere**, see **benedicere**.

**bēnēfaciō**, or rather bene facio, ēre, act kindly, do a kindness, Siquid amicum erga bene feci, Pl. Trin. 5, 2, 4; Malo siquid bene facias, beneficium interit, Poen. 3, 3, 22; Di tibi bene faciunt semper, Mil. 5, 1, 26; see bene fio and bene; 2. benefactum, or rather bene factum, a kind act, Bene facta male locata male facta arbitror, Enn. ap. Cic. off. 2, 62; Bene facta bene factis aliis pergitur ne peripiant, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 38; multorumque bene factorum recordatio, Cic. sen. 9; benefacta mea republicae procedunt, Sall. Jug. 85, 5.

**bēnēfactio**, ōnis, f. kind act, beneficence, Tert. Marcion. 4, 12.

**bēnēfactor**, ōris, m. benefactor, Corip. laud. Anast. Q. 19; and laud. Iustit. 1, 314.

**bēnēfactiō**, etc. see **beneficentia**.

**bēnēfio**, or rather bene fio, fieri, vb. pass. be kindly done, Quod bonis bene fit beneficium, gratia ea grandis bonis, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 108; bonis quod bene fit, hau peit, Rud. 4, 3, 2; quicquid in prouincis bene fieret, te scire, Plin. pan. 70.

**Bēnēfētianus**, adj. of Beneventum, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 38; Iuv. 5, 46.

**Bēnēfētum**, (well-come) i. n. a city of the Hirpini, aft. a colony, Maleventum cui nunc nri Beneventum nomen est, Liv. 9, 27, 14; add Plin. 3, 105.

**bēnēdicus**, (pron. ben'dicus) adj. implied in adv. bēnēdicē (al. benedice) with kind words, inlicebas me ad te blandē ac benedice, Pl. As. 1, 3, 54 (9).

**bēnēficiētia**, (benef.) a. f. inclination to kind deeds, beneficence, Cic. N. D. 1, 121; off. 1, 20; or. 2, 343; Tac. an. 12, 20.

**bēnēficiārius**, (benef.) adj. of a favour conferred, quid haberes quod in philosophia suspēctis, si beneficiaria res esset, Sen. ep. 90, 2; 2. as sb. m. one who has benefited by the special favour of a superior, Petreius cum equitibus paucis, beneficiariis suis, Caes. b. c. 1, 75, 2; euocaturum duo (milias) quae ex beneficiariis superiorum exercitum ad eum (Pompeium) conuenerant, 3, 88, 4; beneficiarii appellati quod promouentur beneficiis tribunorum, Veg. mil. 2, 7; beneficiarii milites qui uocabant munere (ducis) beneficio, Paul. ex F. 33; add inser. Or. 1394; 3461 etc.; 3. shorted to BF as: Cl. Aelio Pollioni Praesidi BB.FF. cos., iuser. Or. 182; Artemidorus BF. leg(ati) 3182 etc.

**beneficium**, (pron. ben'ficiūm—see 'Language' p. 450). g. benefici (pron. ben'fici) n. good work, good service, pro beneficio gratiam referat, ut aliis recte facere liceat, Cato r. 5, 2; 2. a kind act, a kindness, beneficii\* ergo, CIL 587; beneficie\* caussa, 588; memorem dicere beneficii, Pl. Merc. 5, 4, 36; Vt beneficium bene merenti nostro merito muneres, Capt. 5, 1, 15; add Rud. 4, 6, 17; As. 2, 2, 19; de omni Tusculana ciuitate soli Lucii Manlii beneficium gratum fuit, Cato ap. Prisc. 1, 227, 12; immemor beneficii, poet. ap. Cic. Sest. 122; add Acc. ap. Non. 395, 25; Abs quibus homine quomodo opus beneficium accipere gaudes, Ter. Ad. 2, 1, 1; maius mihi dare beneficium nullum potes, Cic. fam. 13, 8, 3; pro suis in eum beneficiis, Caes. b. g. 1, 42, 3; beneficii\* et (iudicio) apertis Caesaris Augusti, inser. Or. 4859; 3. esp. w. abl. thanks to—, with gen. of things as well as persons, adulescentem beneficio tuo esse saluam, Cic. fam. 11, 22, 1; nostri consulatus beneficio\* se incolumes fortunas habere, Q. fr. 1, 1, 6; sortium beneficio\* se esse incolumem, Caes. b. g. 1, 53, 7; beneficio\* longissimae actatis, Quint. 3, 1, 9; 4. even of injuries, as we indeed use

thanks to, detrimentum quod eius beneficio contingit, ipsum sarcire debere, Ulp. dig. 39, 2, 40, 1; competit actio non ideo quia nunc abest (subtracta seruus), sed quia unquam beneficio\* furis affuit, 47, 2, 46; 5. a privilege or right, religionis, Modest. dig. 3, 3, 18; se ex cura tutelae beneficio liberorum nec aetatis excusare, Macer dig. 49, 8, 1, 2;

6. promotion to a post (esp. a military post) or any privilege by favour of superiors, quod scribis de beneficiis, scito a me et tribunos militares et praefectos et contubernales duntaxat meos delatos esse (reported in official return), Cic. fam. 5, 20, 7; ne qua post Idus Martius immunitatis tabula neue cuius beneficii figeretur, Plin. 2, 91; ut tribuni militum a populo crearentur quae antea...dictatorum et consulum ferme fuerant beneficia, Liv. 9, 30, 3; quosdam beneficii sui centuriones, Suet. Tib. 12; 7. besides \* as marked, beneficium etc. should be read in Pl. Ter. and perh. in all exx. of § 2.

**bēnēficius**,\* or (bēnēf.) (pron. ben'ficius) adj. well-doing, beneficent, Male factorum amitti satius, quam reliqui beneficium, Pl. Bac. 3, 2, 11; add Epil. 1, 2, 14; ubi beneficiis, si nemo alterius causa benignē facit? Cic. leg. 1, 49; add off. 1, 42; div. 2, 102; Mil. 20; Sen. ben. 4, 17, 2;

2. old sup. rege beneficissimo, Cato ap. Prisc. 1, 92, 1 K; 3. comp. beneficentior, Sen. ben. 1, 4, 5; 5, 9, 2;

4. sup. beneficentissimus, Cic. N. D. 2, 64; am. 51; 5. Niso placet ut beneficiis\* per i scribatur, quod uide consuetudinem repudiasse, Vel. Long. 2235, 36 P; and so prob. Plaut. and Cic. above.

**bēnēgnitas**, atis, f. generosity, liberality, kindness, Ecce autem in beneficentia hoc repperi negotium, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 108; nunculi meam Benignitatem sensisti in te claudier (al. interclaudier), Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 84; quanta benignitas naturae quod tam multa ad uescendum...gignit, Cic. N. D. 2, 131; 2. as term of endearment, Non istae mea benignitas deum te fabulari, Pl. Truc. 1, 2, 80; 3. in pl., Viden benignitatis hominum ut perire et prothyuius? Pl. Stic. 4, 2, 53.

**benignus**, (for beni-genus) adj. lit. of a good stock—hence generous, liberal, freedhand, cf. malignus, Non tenere dicant te benignum uirginis: Datam tibi dotem, ei quam dares, eius a patre, Pl. Trin. 3, 3, 12; Vt mihi des munus scescentos...Aze, fi benignus, subueni, Pers. 1, 1, 39; Atque est benignus potius quam frugi bonae, Truc. 1, 1, 20; benigniores\* uolunt esse quam res patitur, Cic. off. 1, 44; benigni ad commodandum, Verr. 2, 4, 6; Fortuna... Nunc mihi nunc alii benigna, Hor. od. 3, 29, 52;

2. met. ager, Ov. am. 1, 10, 56; terra, Tib. 3, 3, 6; tellus, Plin. 18, 1; 3. kind, oratio, Cic. off. 2, 48; uoluit, Liv. 30, 14, 3; Hor. ep. 1, 11, 20; 4. esp. in legal lang., generous, kind, benignior\* iuris interpretatio, Gai. 3, 109; benigna uoluntatis interpretatio, Scaev. dig. 3, 1, 20, 1; benigna opinio, Ulp. dig. 40, 1, 7; in dubiis benigniora\* praefereunda, 50, 17, 56; benignius\* responsum, Paul. 50, 17, 168; 5. w. gen. uini somnueque benignus—generous (to oneself) in respect of..., Hor. s. 2, 3, 3; 6. comp. \* above; sup. Plin. 35, 11; 7. adv. generously, kindly, in old lang. benigniter, Titin. ap. Non. 510, 12; 8. benigne, edepol facis benigne, Pl. Capt. 5, 1, 29; Rud. 5, 3, 12; 9. an answer with thanks in the negative, you are very kind but no—= Fr. merci (for je vous remercie), die ad eum ueniat...benigne respondet. Neget ille mihi? Hor. ep. 1, 7, 62; uescere sodes, Iam satis est. At tu quantum tuus tolle. Benigne, 1, 7, 16; 10. comp. benignus, Pl. Aut. 1, 2, 36; Hor. od. 1, 9, 6; sup. Cic. Caelic. 33.

**bēnēuolēns**,\* (or beneu. or bene uolens, pronounced ben'uolets) adj. well-wishing, ero bene uolens (so xss B D) misist suo, Pl. Truc. 2, 2, 61; 2. comp. beneuolentior, Cic. fam. 13, 60; sup. ib. 5, 16, 6; Suet. Tib. 8; 3. as sb. m. or f. a well-wisher, Quia (so A, al. cum) hic prope me uox sonat? Tui beneuolentis, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 8; se quadam albat mulierem suam beneuolentem conuenire etiam prius, Cist. 2, 3, 43; ueque illi beniuolens\* (so A 2 m., beniuolens 1 m.), Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 4; D. M. Ti Claudius Secundinus... beniuolentibus\* suis posuit, inser. Grut. 651, 10.

**bēnēuolēntia**,\* (beneu.; pronounced ben'uoletia) ae, f. kindly feeling, goodwill, favour, Putant me et actate et



**benivolentia**\* Plus seire et providere quam se ipsum sibi, Ter. Hant. 1, 1, 63; mulieres quae irrogio terrent utrosque de subito et benivolentia\* (as arranged by L. Müller), Afran. ap. Non. 517, 17; benivolentia quae capitur beneficis maxime, Cic. off. 2, 32; multitudines animos ad benivolentiam aliorum, 2, 48; huic Caesar pro eius in se benivolentia maiorem locum restituerat, Caes. b.g. 5, 25, 2; adversarios criminando benivolentiam capere, Cornuf. ad Her. 1, 6; benivolentiae\* beneficium causa erga Lucios, CIL 589; impetravi id ab eo (= ab eo) laudo benivolentiam—ut... CIL 1019; pro instituto benivolentiae\* suae, inser. Grut. 443, 6; exegit ab amicis benivolentiam\* mutui, Suet. Aug. 66 (so opt. libri says Baumg.).

**benivolus**,\* or beneu, (pronounced ben'volus) adj. well-wishing, Fretus ingenio eius quod me 'esse seit erga se beneuolus, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 100; amico utantur gnato et beneuolus, As. 1, 1, 51; add Cist. 3, 9; Facilem benivoluntiae\* lingua tua iam tibi me reddidit, Ter. Hec. 5, 1, 35; iubent exoriri ita ut eum qui audiat beneuolus nobis faciamus, Cic. or. 2, 80; add 2, 322; Cluent. 176; P. Audasius D. I. Stephanus Lampyrini beneuolus suus, CIL 1031 fm. Fabretti (but ?); a uolo vis benivolus\* maliuolus, Eutyches 2152 P; benivolus\* et maliuolus, Beda 2331 P; and so prob. Pl., Cic.

**benna**, a cart, lingua Gallica genus uehiculi, unde com-bennones eadem benna sedentes, Paul. ex F. 32; bennae (al. maenae) euanitur, Cato r. 23, 1; 2. cf. Welsh men, Gael. feun a cart.

**beo**, āre (prob. for bēno āre, and so from bonus) vb. make happy, bless, Set hoc me beat saltem, quoniam ille) nescit Perduellus, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 10; Foris aliquantillum etiam quod gusto, id beat, Capt. 1, 2, 34; add Mil. 2, 5, 58; Equid beo te? Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 48; o factum bene, beati: metui a Chryside, Andr. 1, 1, 79; Vidistin Tiberium? Vidi. Qui illam derinuit, beauerit, Agrum Setinum? Titin. ap. Serv. Aen. 11, 457; sen te...reclinatum bearis, Hor. od. 2, 3, 7; Caelo munda beat, 4, 7, 29; Munere te paruo beet, ep. 1, 18, 75; add 2, 121; bona ex eo dicuntur quod beant, hoc est beatos faciunt, Ulp. dig. 50, 16, 49; 11. 2. beatus pat. as adj., blessed, happy, uita, Cic. acad. pr. 134; mors, am. 23; 3. esp. rich, Omittit mulari beatae fumum et opes strepitumque Romae, Hor. od. 3, 29, 11; Non possidentem multa nocueris Recte beatum, 4, 9, 46; Quacrit argentum puerisque beata creandis Vxor, ep. 1, 2, 44; uetulae uesica beatae, Iuv. 1, 39; 4. in the sense of abundant, ubertas, Quint. 10, 1, 109; copia, 10, 1, 61; 5. comp. Cic. Tusc. 5, 23; sup. 5, 22; Sen. ep. 92, 15; 6. beate adv. happily, Cic. parad. 15; Catul. 14, 10; 7. as exclamation of approval, bravo, euge! beate! Mart. 2, 27, 3; 8. comp. Sen. ep. 92, 24; sup. Sen. dial. 12, 4.

**bēryllus**, or -os, i (βερύλλος) m. the gem beryl, et solidum digito beryllum alederat ignis, Prop. 4, 7, 9; inaequales beryllus... phialas, Iuv. 5, 38; add Plin. 37, 76—79; Solin. 61 and 62; Marcian. dig. 39, 4, 16, 7; 2. with ē, Hinc sibi sapphirum sociauerat, inde beryllum, Prud. Psy. 855.

**bes**, or bēsis, g. bēsis or besis m. (for duessis from duo?) two thirds of an as or whole; 8 out of 12 ounces, genus ex triente idib. Quint. factum erat bēsisbus (i.e. per mensum) from 4 p.c. to 8 p.c. per annum, Cic. Att. 4, 15, 7; partes duae tertiae (finger), hoc est bes, Colum. 5, 1, 11; in binos semodios farinae satis esse beses fermenti, Plin. 18, 102; pretii bessem exsoluerat, Ulp. dig. 17, 1, 12, 8; ut ut ex triente socius esset, ego ex besse, Proc. dig. 17, 2, 76; bessem (anni), Manil. 3, 367; 2. bes alter, = επιδιμορφος, 2 of the second, i.e. 1/3; cf. semis tertius half the third, i.e. 2/3, bessem alterum quem διμορφον locant, Vitruv. 3, 1, 6; Nigum bes-alterum, a two-inch batten, Fest. v. triens, p. 363; 3. bēsis as nom. Paul. ex F. p. 33.

**bessilia**, e, adj. of two thirds, of 8 ounces or inches, lateruli, Vitruv. 5, 10, 2; 7, 4, 2; scutula, Mart. 8, 71, 7; comula, Petr. 58.

**bestia**, ae (bes perh. = es of esse, bed of bedo; cf. bel-na from bed-) f. an animal as opposed to man, a living creature, a beast, as a mouse, Pl. Truc. 4, 4, 15; sus terrestris

bestias, Capt. 1, 2, 86; an ape, Mil. 2, 2, 24 and 2, 3, 14; Enn. sat. 45 V; a snake, proserpens bestia, Pl. As. 3, 3, 5; Stic. 5, 4, 42; Poen. 5, 2, 74; a kite, Poen. 5, 5, 14; a weasel, Stic. 3, 2, 44; a caterpillar, Cist. 4, 2, 62; alias bestias nantis aquarum incolae esse uoluit, alias uolucres quod frui libero, serpentis quasdam, quasdam esse gradientis, immanis alias, quasdam cicures, Cic. Tusc. 5, 38; hoc apparet in bestiis uolucibus nantibus agrestibus cicuribus feris, am. 81; of the spider, N.D. 2, 123; the tortoise, 124; 2. later gen. of wild beasts, bestiae uelut ursi leones, pantherae, Gai. dig. 9, 2, 2, 2; quadrupes, quae collo dorsoque domantur nec bestiarum numero sunt, Ulp. dig. 19, 1; 3. a animalia quae fera (suis ferac) bestiarum numero sunt, uelut elefantes et cameli, Gai. inst. 2, 16; 3. esp. of wild beasts for fighting in the amphitheatre, qui opus suas ut cum bestiis depugnaret locuit, Ulp. dig. 3, 1, 1, 6; qui ut cum bestiis depugnaret traditi sunt, Gai. inst. 1, 13; qui ad bestias damnantur, dig. 28, 1, 8, 4; venatione passerum, denis bestiis, in feris dent(at)is, inser. Or. 2533; 114. as a term of abuse, mala tu s' bestia, Pl. Bac. 1, 1, 21; 5. a surname, esp. of the gens Calpurnia, L. Bestia, Cic. Brut. 128; Sal. Cat. 17, 3.

**bestialis**, e, adj. of a beast, beastlike, nulli, Prud. cath. 7, 153; nationes, Sid. ep. 4, 1.

**bestiarius**, adj. of a beast or beasts, ludus, Sen. ep. 70, 22; 2. as sb. m. one who fights with wild beasts in the amphitheatre, do bestiarios, Cic. Sest. 135; gladiatorum et bestiariorum, Q. fr. 2, 6, 5; in ludo bestiariorum, Sen. ep. 20; add ben. 2, 19, 1.

**bestiola**, ae, f. dim. a little animal, Cic. N.D. 2, 123; Plin. 18, 156; 22, 163; Verg. 5, 14, 10.

1. **bēta**, ae, f. beet, beetroot, qui me ostreis abstinebam a beta deceptus sum, Cic. fam. 7, 26, 2; candida beta, Colum. 10, 254; add 11, 3, 17 and 42; Catul. 67, 21; fabrorum prandia betae, Mart. 13, 13; add 3, 47, 9; Plin. 20, 69; Car. Aur. tard. 1, 1, 22.

2. **beta**, name of second letter in the Gk. alphabet, Hoc discent omnes ante alpha et beta puellae, Iuv. 14, 209; 3. a gen. betae in Anson. techn.

**bētice-us** or -lus\*, adj. of beet, pedes betaceos, Varr. r. 1, 2, 27; 2. as sb. m. (sc. pes) the stalk of beet, beet, betaceos\* ex mulo decoctos, Varr. ap. Apic. 3, 64; Varr. ap. Char. 37 K; Char. p. 155, 16; Prisc. 1, 116 K; Arnob. 4 p. 133.

**bētis**, is, f. beet, beetroot, Seren. Samm. 54, 983.

**bētizo**, are, vb. imitate the beet, drop, ponit 'betizare' pro 'langere', Suet. Aug. 84; cf. Catul. 67, 21.

**bēto**, se bēto.

**betulla**, ae, f. the birch, Plin. 16, 75, 176 and 209.

**biarchia**, ae, f. office of a biarchus, Th. C. 1, 9, 1.

**biarchus**, i. m. chief commissariat officer, imp. Leo. cod. 12, 20; 3. Hier. adv. Ioan. Hieros. 19.

**bibac-ūtus**, adj. dim. somewhat given to drinking; as a cognomen, L. Furius Bibaculus, Liv. 22, 49, 16; add Plin. praef. 24.

**bibax**, ācis, adj. given to drinking, Nigid. ap. Gell. 3, 12, 1; who adds: bibacem a plerisque aliis dictum lego.

**biber**, se bibo.

**Biberius**, a nickname of Tiberius, Suet. Tib. 42.

**bibesia**, se perbibesia.

**bibibilis**, e, adj. drinkable, ποτίζω bibibile, Gloss.

**bibi-lis**, e, adj. drinkable, Cal. Aur. acut. 2, 11, 81.

**bibio**, or bibo, ōnis m. a kind of gnat, Ex ore in oculos tuos bibones (al. bibiones) inuolant, Afran. ap. Isid. orig. 12, 8, 16; bibones um. i. uermiculi unum supernantes unde Afranius..., Mai. Thes. 8, 67.

**bibitor**, ōnis, m. a drinker, Sidon. ep. 1, 8.

**bibliūm**, ad. of biblos or paper, epistola, Hier. ep. 51, 1.

**bibliōpōla**, ae, m. bookseller, Plin. ep. 9, 11; Mart. 4, 72, 1; inser. Fabr. 10, 386.

**bibliothēca**, or -ce\* (byll.+t) ae, f. a book-room, library, abdo me in bibliothecam, Cic. fam. 7, 28, 2; bibliothēcis ab oriente lumina capuntur, Vitruv. 1, 2, 7; add 6, 7, 1; addit porticus cum bibliotheca, Suet. Aug. 29; Paul. ex F. p. 34; 2. a book-case, in bibliothecis parietibus inhaerentibus,

Ulp. dig. 30, 41, 12; bibliothecam et libros qui illie erant, 33, 12, 34; **2.** collection of books, library, velum cognos, quemadmodum bibliothecam nobis conficere possis, Cic. Att. 1, 7; bibliothecam tuam cave cuiquam despondeas, quamvis aeream amatorem inuenieris, 1, 10, 41; qui meam bibliothecam multorum numerum tractant, Cic. fam. 13, 77, 3; ut daret Cornuto...libros circa septingentos siue bibliothecam omnem suam, Suet. v. Pers.; **4.** with ab as title of office, librarian, Alcibiades mag. a bibliotheca Latina Apollinis, inser. Or. 41; C. Iulius Felix a bibliotheca Graeca Palat. 40; Alexio Caesaris Aug. ab bibliotheca\* f.

**bibliothecarius**, adj. as sb. m. librarian, Fronto ad Caes. 5, p. 68 Nab.

**bibliothēcula**, ae, f. dim. a small library of books, Symm. ep. 4, 18.

**1. bibo**, ōnis, m. a drinker, Firm. Math. 5, 4 f.; bibo quomodo multum bibit, Theop. Mai. 8, 67; see bibio.

**2. bibo**, ēre, bibi, bibitus (redupl. perh., and akin to πίνω, πινω πάλιν πινωκα, potus poculum) vb. drink, Bibe tibiēne. Es, bibe, animo obsequere mecum atque onera te hilaritudine, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 83; te domitor, Chremes Tam mane qui heri tantum biberis, Ter. Haut. 3, 2, 8; Darius in fuga quam aquam turbidam bibisset, negavit unquam se bibisse inuēniūti; nunquam uidelicet sitiens biberat, Cic. Tusc. 5, 97; ut bibat aut abeat, 5, 118; **2. b.** nomen, drink as many cups as a name has letters, Laetia sex cyathis, septem Instina bibatur, Mart. 1, 71, 1; Vt ingulem curas, nomen utrumque bibam, S. 51, 26; Quineque et sex cyathos bessemque bibamus, Gaius ut fiat, Julius et Proculus, 11, 36, 7; add 9, 93, 4; **3.** flumen b. by way of fixing the locality of people, Qui Tiberim Fabarimque bibunt, Verg. 7, 715; Ante...Ararim Partibus bibet Germania Tigrim, quam... B. 1, 62; populosque bibentes Euphratem, Lucan. 8, 213; **4.** met. eandem nutrimentum simul bibimus, Apul. M. 2, 3; sat prata biberunt, Verg. B. 3, 111; (palma) toto anno bibere eum amet, Plin. 13, 28; lassarum nigrae nullum colorem bibunt, S. 193; purpurea (dlos liquoris) nimium est in candida uena uide pretiosus ille bibitur nigrae rosae colore subluens, 9, 126; (spongiae) ad linum et pruinās sternuntur interuase ut candorem bibant, 31, 123; (platani) necum simul fluctum bibunt, Apul. M. 6, 12; Amphorae fumina bibere instituta, Hor. od. 3, 8, 11; nigraeque (hasta) alte bibit aeta cruenor, Verg. 11, 803; longumque bibelat amorem, 1, 749; notum bibet ossibus ignem, Stat. Ach. 1, 303; illae artes omnem succum ingenii bibunt, Quint. p. 24; hinc instituta haustus bibat, 12, 2, 31; **5.** esp. of the rainbow, eue bibit arcus, hercle hodie pluit, Plant. Cure. 1, 2, 41; et bibit ingens arcus, Verg. G. 1, 380; **6.** drink in through the ears, Pugnas et exactos tyrannos Deum ueris bibit aure uolgens, Hor. od. 2, 13, 32; suspensus auribus ista bibam, Prop. 3, 6, 8; **7.** biber an i bibere as obj. of a verb, inebat biber dari, Fann. ap. Char. 124, 2 K; date illi biber, Titin. ib.; add Cato orig. ib.; quod insi ei dari bibere, Ter. Andr. 3, 2, 4; nihil prius petierunt quam ut bibere sibi inebret dari, Liv. 40, 47, 5; Gaiummedem raptum ut lousi biber ministraret, Cic. Tusc. 1, 65; **8.** bibitus only in Amil. Mac. de porro and Plin. Val. 2, 18; bibitur in Hier. Isai. 8, 25, 8.

**bibōsus**, adj. given to drinking, Nigid. ap. Gell. 3, 12, 1; Non mammosa, non annosa, non bibosa, non procax, Father. ib.

**bibēus**, adj. of two short syllables, a pyrrhic, Diom. 475, 9 K; = διβήατος.

**bibulus**, adj. given to drinking, Potiores bibuli, Hor. ep. 1, 18, 91 (if not spurious); Falerni, 1, 14, 34; **2.** of things, readily drinking up, arena, Verg. G. 1, 114; lapis, 2, 348; fauilla, A. 6, 227; modilla, Ov. M. 4, 744; lanae, 6, 9; nubes, 14, 368; ollae (badly baked), Colum. 12, 43, 12; chartae, Plin. ep. 8, 15; puluis, Mart. 11, 32, 2; papirus, Lucan. 4, 136; uestes, Val. F. 1, 280; **3.** a eogomenen, C. Poplicio L. f. Bibulo, CIL 635; C. Iulius M. Bibulus, 729; L. Publicius Bibulus, Liv. 22, 53, 2; M. (Calpurnio) Bibulo, Cic. Phil. 2, 23.

**bicāmerātus**, quasi-part. having two vaults or chambers, area, Hier. lov. 1, 17.

**biceps**, see

**biceps**, capitis, adj. two-headed, pella, Cic. div. 1, 121; **2.** met. Parnassus, Pers. pr. 2; ciuitas, Varr. ap. Non. 454, 25; Flor. 3, 17, 3; argumentum, Apul. flor. 4, 18, 89;

**3.** also biceps, basi bicipiti, inser. Giorn. Pis. 11, 79; bicipites δικεφαλοι, Gloss. Phil.; **4.** a nom. biceps like anceps, praepices, Prisc. 1, 280, 16; 1, 325, 7.

**bicepsos**? adj. the same, Varr. l. 5, 8.

**bicessis**, or uicessis m., twenty asses, Varr. l. 5, 36.

**biclinium**, ii, n. (a hybrid word from κλινη, Quint. 1, 5, 68) a couch for two, ubist biclinium Vobis stratum? Pl. Bac. 4, 6; add 4, 4, 102.

**bicōdulus**, (cauda) adj. dim. having two tails; Apul. Mag. 30 f.

**bicolor**, ōris, adj. of two colours, spotted, baca, Ov. M. 8, 664; murtus, 10, 98; equus, Verg. 5, 506; intus omne ouum uoluerum bicolor, Plin. 10, 144.

**bicolōrus**, adj. the same, uexilla, Vop. Aur. 13, 3.

**bicōmis**, (comm) adj. having two manes, equus, Veg. vet. 2, 28, 36.

**bicorniger**, adj. carrying two horns, Ov. her. 13, 33.

**bicornis**, e, adj. two-horned, Fannique bicornes, Ov. her. 4, 49; caper, M. 15, 304; solida ungula et bicornem nolam, Plin. 11, 255; **2.** met. furcae, Verg. G. 1, 264; furca, Ov. M. 8, 647; ferrum, Colum. 10, 148; luna, Hor. c. saec. 35; Rhenus, Verg. 8, 727; Granicus, Ov. M. 11, 763 (these perhaps = taurino uolui); **3.** as sb. aurata fronte bicornes, inser. (metrical) Grut. 27, 4.

**bicorpor**, ōris, adj. double-bodied, bicipores Gigantes, Prisc. 1, 198, 17 K; Pallas bicorpor anguini spiras trahit, Acc. ib. 1, 236, 7; manus, Cic. poet. Tusc. 2, 22.

**bicorporeus**, adj. same, Firm. Math. 2, 12.

**bicors**, rilis, adj. having two hearts, especially elever, Commod. instr. 11; cf. cordatus.

**bicubitalis**, e, adj. of two cubits, caulis, Plin. 20, 253.

**bicūbitus**, adj. the same, ramuli, Apul. herb. 72.

**bidentis**, ntis, adj. having two teeth, aut. Priap. 82; **2.** met. forfex, Verg. Cat. 8, 9; ferrum, Cir. 213; ancora, Plin. 7, 209; **3.** as sb. m. a two-pronged fork for digging, durusque bidentis, Ov. F. 4, 927; gleba...frangendi bidentibus, Verg. G. 2, 400; add Tib. 2, 3, 6; Colum. 4, 17, 8; **4.** sb. f. a sheep in its second year, when two of the eight milk teeth have been supplanted by two large permanent teeth, two more coming in the third year, quae bidentis est hostia, oportet habeat dentes octo sed ex his duo ceteris altiores, Hygin. ap. Gell. 16, 6, 15; mactant lectas de more bidentis, Verg. 4, 57—see Henry ap. Conington; add 7, 93; 12, 170; Hor. od. 3, 23, 14; Ov. M. 10, 227; Plin. 8, 206; **5.** of other than sheep, Cornucianus ruminales hostias donec bidentis ferent puras negauit, Plin. 8, 206; bidentis uerre, Pomp. ap. Gell. 16, 6, 15; Nigidius bidentis appellari ait non oues solas sed omnes bimās hostias, ap. Gell. ib.

**bidental**, ālis, adj. n. as sb. a sacred building over a place struck by lightning, so called from a sheep (bidentis) there offered in expiation, an triste bidental Minxerit, Hor. A. P. 471; euitandumque b., Pers. 2, 27; fulguratorum bidentia, Apul. D. Socr. 7; add Sidon. 9, 189; duo bidentia (a) Nucrinae...restituunt, inser. Or. 2483.

**bidentalīs**, is, adj. as sb. m. a priest of a bidental, Semoni Sanco deo filio...bidentalīs donum dedit, inser. Or. 1860; but the inser. 1861 prob. spurious.

**bidentatio**, ōnis, f. digging with a bidentis, Gloss.

**bi-duum**, i, n. [cf. tri-duum, quadradium, duum perh. for dium, akin in any case to dies, inter-dies] in solem ponito biduum, Cato r. 7, 5; Ego impetrare nequeo hoc abs te biduum Saltem ut concedas duum. Siquidem biduum, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 101; add 104, 107, 110; 2, 2, 52; 4, 2, 8; Nihil hercle; aut si adeo, biduist aut tridui, Andr. 2, 6, 9; ut per biduum nemo hominem homo agnosceret, Cic. N. D. 2, 96; a Brundisio absunt propius quam tu biduum aut triduum, Att. 8, 14, 1; add 5, 16 f.; fam. 10, 17, 1; Caes. b. g. 1, 23, 1; 1, 47, 1; Sal. lug. 69, 3; Liv. 10, 23, 1; 27, 24, 3; **2.** the long i beyond dispute, though marked short in Fore.

**biennālis**, e, adj. of two years, pensio, Th. C. 11, 20, 4, 1; culpa, ib. 3, 12, 43.  
**biennis**, e, adj. of two years, spatium, Plin. 2, 198; Suet. Galb. 15.  
**biennium**, ii, n. space of two years, Pl. Bac. 2, 1, 1 etc.; Ter. Heec. 1, 2, 12; Cic. Phil. 5, 7.  
**bifēris**, is (*bifēris*) = *bifēris*, not. Tir. p. 177.  
**bifariā**, (s. *bifariis*), adv. in two parts, Vt dispertirem obsonium hoc bifariam, Pl. Aul. 2, 4, 3; bifariam cum populo agi non potest, Messal. ap. Gell. 13, 16, 1; add Varr. r. 2, 4, 14; Cic. Tusc. 3, 24; cognationis substantia bifariam intellegitur, in two ways, Modest. dig. 38, 10, 4, 2; b. patris accepto, Paul. dig. 38, 10, 10, p. 362, l. 3 M.  
**bifariū**, (*bifariis*), adj. twofold, double, in two parts, ratio, Ann. 18, 4, 3.  
**bifax**, difax, *διπλοστροφος*, Gloss.  
**bifer**, or *biferus*, ūra, erum, adj. bearing (fruit) twice (a year), malus, Varr. 1, 7, 7; biferique rosaria Paesti, Verg. G. 4, 119; ficus, Colum. 10, 403.  
**bifestus**, adj. doubly holy, diem bifestum, Prud. perist. 12, 66.  
**bifidū**, quasi-part. split in two, latera, Plin. 13, 30.  
**bifidus**, adj. split in two, pedes, Ov. M. 14, 303; ridicae, Colum. 4, 33, 4; lingua, Plin. 11, 171; stirps, 17, 150.  
**bifilius**, adj. of two threads, Serv. ad A. 12, 375.  
**bifissus**, quasi-part. split in two, cloveu, boues solidis ungulis nec bifissis, Sol. 52, 38.  
**biforis** = *biforus*, adj. having two doors or valves, Nox erat et bifores intrabat luna fenestras, Ov. Pont. 3, 3, 5; ualuae, M. 2, 4; nidos bifori accessu, Solin. 2, 48; cantus, of a flute with two stops, Verg. 9, 618; tumultus, Stat. Th. 4, 668.  
**biformatus**, quasi-part. double-formed, impetus, Cic. (poet.) Tusc. 2, 20.  
**biformis**, adj. double-formed, proles, Verg. 6, 25; nates, Hor. od. 2, 20, 2; Ianus, Ov. F. 1, 89; Panes, Colum. 10, 427; partus, Tac. an. 12, 64.  
**biforus**, adj. = *biforis*, Vitr. 4, 6, 6.  
**bifrons**, ntis, adj. with two foreheads, Ianus, Verg. 7, 180; 12, 198.  
**bifurcus**, adj. two-pronged, forked, ualli, Liv. 33, 5, 9; ramus, Ov. M. 12, 442; sureuli, Colum. 5, 11, 3; 2. bifurcum, as sb. n. a fork, as where a branch goes off, Colum. 4, 24, 10; pastini, 3, 18, 6; of two blood-vessels, Verg. vet. 3, 40, 2.  
**bigae**, ārum, f. pl.; later biga, ae, f. [prop. an adj.; see Prisc. 1, 126, 23; contr. fm. *biingae* (sc. *equae*); see *bigus*; cf. *frigae*, *quadrigae*] lit. two mares yoked together, rather than a chariot drawn by them, quae causa caeli Signentinentibus conficis bigis, Enn. tr. 132; Non Rhēsi niueae citaeque bigae\*, Catul. 55, 18; Veneris tenere bigas, Varr. sat. 117, 5 R; lunae bigas, 118, 4; conjuncta ad munus usum, ut bigae; itaque diebus unae bigae, Varr. l. 9, 39, p. 502 Sp.; itaque non dicitur una biga, 10, 2, p. 557; add 10, 3, p. 551; Hector raptatus bigis, Verg. 2, 272; Nox... bigis subuecta, 5, 721; Aurora in rosis... bigis, 7, 26; bigis ite Turnus in albis\*, 12, 163; bigas\* prima iunxit Phrygum natio, quadrigas Erichthonius, Plin. 7, 202; 2. of oxen yoked to the plough, aspicio Triptoleum... bigas sequi cornutas, Varr. sat. 208, 2 R; 3. feminina semper pluralia... bigae trigae, Char. 33, 7 K; add Diom. 327, 34; see too Serv. ad A. 2, 272; 4. an\* marks the cases where horses must be meant; and note Ov. F. 6, 724; Veetus es in ninis Postume uictor equis; 5. as sing. a chariot drawn by two horses, only in later writers, Tisieratis bigae Piston mulierem impositus (a sculptor), Plin. 34, 89; Euteydidis bigam regit Victoria, 35, 140; so in pl., quadrigas bigasque fecit, 34, 71, 72; and 78; omissas habenas bigae, Tac. h. 1, 86; Lassa nocturnae leuat ora bigae, Sen. Herc. Oct. 1524; unius bigae honore contentus) alterius sumptus rei p. remisit, inser. Or. 2533; add 2545; 3714; Stat. silu. 1, 2, 45; 3, 4, 46; Th. 1, 338; Suet. Tib. 26.  
**bigamatus**, adj. married to two persons, Isid. or. 9, 7, 15.  
**bigarius**, adj. of a carriage (*bigae*); hence as sb. m. a

coachman, Florus ego hic iaceo quondam bigarius infans, Qui cito dum currus capio, cito deicido ad umbras, insci. Mur. 621, 2.  
**bigātus**, quasi-part. stamped with image of bigae, argentum, Liv. 33, 23, 9; 33, 37, 11; 36, 21, 11; 2. as sb. m. a silver coin so stamped, bigatos quingentos, 23, 15, 15; notae argenti fuere bigae atque quadrigae inde bigati quadrigatique dicti, Plin. 33, 46; pecuniam ueterem serratos bigatosque, Tac. G. 5.  
**bigemmis**, is, (*gemma*), adj. having two buds, Colum. 5, 5, 11; 2. having two jewels, anulus, Valerianus, ap. Trebel. Claud. 14, 5.  
**bigēnēr**, or *crus*, adj. of two races, mongrel, hybrid, muli atque hinni, Varr. r. 2, 8, 1; b. animalia ut leopardalis, Paul. ex F. p. 33.  
**bigerricus**, adj. of the Bigerri (Bigorre, near the Pyrenees), b. bestis of shaggy cloth, Sulp. Sev. dial. 2, 1; palla, Venant. v. S. Mart.  
**biginae**, (*biginae*), adj. f. pl. female twins, Paul. ex F. p. 33.  
**bigrādus**, adj. of two steps, Gloss.  
**bigus**, adj. [contr. fm. *biingus*] yoked two together, Quadrigis et Phoebeis equis et Delia bigus...meant, Manil. 5, 3; s. *bigae* and *biingus*.  
**biingis**, e, adj. yoked two together, Martis equi biingis, Verg. G. 3, 91; biingum...colla premis lyncum, Ov. M. 4, 24 (unless it be for *biingorum*); curriulo biingi (drawn by two horses), Suet. Cal. 19.  
**biingus**, adj. the same, (*equi*) Luer. 5, 1300 (ej.); leones, Verg. 10, 253; serpentes, Val. F. 7, 218; 2. absol. biingi as sb. m. pl. two horses yoked together, telo Admonuit biingos, Verg. A. 10, 586; biingis fugiens Ithoetens, 10, 299; 3. adj. with two horses yoked (to it), currus, Luer. 5, 1299; Sil. 2, 82; temo, Stat. Th. 2, 723; 4. more boldly, certamen (*of bigae*), Verg. 5, 144.  
**bilanx**, ancis, adj. of two plates or scales, libra, Mart. Cap. 2, 42 G; p. 47, 15 Eyss.  
**bilbo**, or rather *bubo*, ere, vb. buzz, whizz, bilbit (bilbit Thes. Maif.) amphora, Naev. ap. Paul. ex F. 34 M; bilbit *βομβίλξ*, Gloss. Phil.  
**billex**, see *bilix*.  
**bilbrae**, adj. f. pl. as sb. (sc. *portiones*) measures of two pounds, bilbris farris libertatem ciuium emisse, Liv. 4, 15, 6.  
**bilbrālīs**, adj. of two pounds, Gloss. Cyr.  
**bilbris**, adj. the same, aula (so Ritschl ej.; ms. *aulis*) Pl. Mil. 3, 2, 39; cornu, Hor. s. 2, 2, 61; offae, Plin. 18, 103; nullus, Mart. 3, 45; 2. bilbres (see *bilbrae*) as sb. f. pl. two pound portions, singulas bilbres, Verg. vet. 3, 6, 6 and 10.  
**bilinguus**, e, adj. double-tongued and so deceitful, Tamquam proserpin bestia est bilingus et scelestus, Pl. Pers. 2, 4, 28; Tysiosque bilingues, Verg. 1, 665; homo, Phaedr. 2, 4, 25; socii, Sil. 16, 157; 2. speaking two languages, Brutates, Enn. ap. Paul. ex F. p. 35, as speaking Osee et Graece; Canusinus, Hor. s. 1, 10, 30; iam bilinges erant, paululum a domestico extorque sermone delinquentes, Curt. 7, 5, 39; 3. having two meanings, as allegory, fabulae. Arnob. 5, 35. See  
**biinguis**, adj. the same, Vbi amans complexus est amantem, ubi ad labra labella Adiungit, alter-alterum bil-lingui (or manifest) inter se prehendit, Vbi mamma mam- mularum (mamulae ECD) opprimunt ubi corpora (or ut lubet) conculcitant, Pl. Ps. 5, 1, 15, partly by ej. of THK; (Name) quate meas lubidinis ad tibios bilinguos, Varr. (as using tibius m. for *tibia*) ap. Non. 229, 24.  
**biiliōsus**, adj. full of bile, nonitus, Cels. 2, 7, p. 40, l. 33 Dar.; 5, 20, 26; add 3, 12; 2. bilious, of persons, uomitus utilis biliosis, 1, 3, p. 19, l. 3.  
**bilis**, is, f. (*akin to fel* and so to *χολη*) bile, non plaet mibi cena quae bilem mouet, Pl. Bac. 3, 6, 8; tantum bilis pituitaque eiecit ut ipse miretur unde sit, Cato r. 156, 4; cum pituita redundat aut bilis, morbi nascuntur, Cic. Tusc. 4, 23; Qui purgor bilem (al. *bilis*), Hor. A. P. 302; bilem detrahi (brassica) pota, Plin. 20, 82; 2. in pl. bilis tra- here (brassicam) non percoctam, Plin. 20, 84; chanelaea

bilis purgat, Scrib. comp. 136; **3.** of different colours, rufum bilem per os reddit, deinde nridena, quibusdam etiam nigram, Cels. 7, 18, p. 296, l. 19 D; **4.** esp. black bile, as causing lunacy, deliriat uxor, Atrabili\* periclitast. Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 95; add Capt. 3, 4, 63; bilis nigra curantia est et ipsa furoris causa remouenda, Sen. ep. 94, 17; add Cels. 3, 18, p. 101, l. 14 D; 2, 7, p. 41, l. 32; **5.** as marking disgust, anger, bilem id emouet latoribus legis, Cic. Att. 2, 7, 2; ut mihi saepe Bilem...monere tumultus, Hor. ep. 1, 19, 20; cui sententiae tantum bilis, tantum anaritudinis inest, ut... Plin. ep. 4, 11, 2; effundere bilem, Iuv. 5, 159; cum qua uixit anas xxi sine bile, inser. Grut. 787, 2; **6.** abili. Pl. above \*, and Luer. 4, 664; but bile, Hor. od. 1, 13, 4; Iuv. 13, 143; bile suffusus, Plin. 22, 49.

**bilix**, bilieis, (licium) adj. of two leashes (in weaving), hence ribbed as dunity (*di-uro*) or double-milled, rumpique infixa bilicem loricaem, Verg. 12, 375; **2.** hence G. zwillich ticking; cf. triliix = G. drillich ticking.

**bilustris**, e (lustrum), adj. of two lustres, i.e. ten years, bellum, Ov. am. 2, 12, 9.

**bilychnia**, e (lychnus), adj. of two lights, lucerna, Petr. 30; lucernae, inser. Or. 3678.

**bimammus**, adj. of two mammae or breasts, met. uitis, Plin. 14, 40.

**Bimarcus**, (Vimarcus) adj. having two Marci, title of a work by Varro, ap. Non. 25, 8; 55, 10; etc.

**bimaris**, e, adj. of two seas, Corinthus, Hor. od. 1, 7, 2; Ephyre, Ov. her. 12, 27; Isthmos, M. 7, 407; **2.** met. Auson. epigr. 131.

**bimarius**, adj. twice-married, a word condemned by Cic. Plane. 30: bimaritum appellat ut uerba etiam fingas; flamen, Hier. lovin. 1, 49.

**bimater**, ris, adj. having two mothers, solumque binatrem (viz. Bacchus), Ov. M. 4, 11.

**bimatus**, (binus) m. the age of two years, Varr. r. 2, 5, 17; Colum. 7, 3, 6; 7, 4, 4; Plin. 9, 80.

**bimembris**, e, adj. having limbs of two kinds, Centauri, Cornif. ap. Maer. 6, 5, 13; forma, Ov. her. 9, 99; puer, Iuv. 13, 64; **2.** absol. of Centaurs, Verg. 8, 293; Ov. M. 15, 283.

**bimestraus**, adj. = bimestris, Gloss. Cyril.

**bimestris**, e, (mensis, cf. semestris) adj. of two months, consulatus, Plane, ap. Cic. fam. 10, 24, 6; porcus, Hor. od. 3, 17, 15; Extaque de porca eruda bimestre (note this abl.) tenet, Ov. F. 6, 158; triticum, Plin. 18, 70; [binensis an error in Porc. for vi mensium in Liv. 45, 15, 9].

**bimēter**, tra, trum, (= διμετρος) adj. of two meters, litterae, Siden. ep. 9, 15.

**bimulus**, (binus) adj. dim. of two winters or years, puer, Catul. 17, 13; Suet. Calig. 8.

**binus**, (for bi-hiem-us from hiem—winter) adj. of two winters or years, two-year-old, uacea, Varr. r. 2, 1, 13; 2, 5, 13; sententia, Cic. fam. 3, 8, 9; legio, Plane, ib. 10, 24, 3; merum, Hor. od. 1, 19, 15; nix, Ov. tr. 3, 10, 16; annua bina trina die, Ulp. dig. 33, 1, 3; aestimatio bina, Pompon. 33, 2, 6.

**binarius**, adj. of two each, formae, dis for casting two auri, Lampr. Al. Sev. 39, 9.

**binī**, ae, a, (for diuini; cf. bis) adj. pl. two each, binae singulis quae datae ancillae nobis, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 12; binos panes in dies, Pers. 4, 3, 2; describat censores binos in singulas ciuitates, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 133; turres binorum tabulatorum, Caes. b. c. 1, 25, 10; **2.** a pair, two of like kind, bina semestria, CIL 266, 92; Quia boves bini hic sunt in erumina, Pl. Pers. 2, 5, 16; binos habebam (seypollis sigillatos) Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 32; per binos tabellarios misit litteras, Att. 6, 1, 9; Omnia quae tumbar fieri tum bina tuendo, Lucr. 4, 449; bina hastilia, Verg. 1, 313; binae aures (aratri), G. 1, 172; **3.** with plurals in tense singular, binas mites litteras, Cic. Att. 6, 1, 9; (Cic. says Serv. A. S. 167, censured his son for writing duas litteras in this sense); castra, Phil. 12, 27; ludu, Verr. 2, 2, 130; frona, Verg. 8, 168; (cf. A. 135; Cic. top. 36); **4.** in sing., doubled, binque (bidueta) per totas aedis geminare supplex, Lucr. 4, 451; **5.** binum only in gen.

pl., Siseun. ap. Non. So. 5; Sall. ap. Non. 555, 2; Plin. 31, 57.

**binio**, ōnis, m. two on the dice (tesserae), Isid. or. 18, 65; y. senio.

**binotium**, ii, n. space of two nights, Tac. an. 3, 71; Amm. 30, 1, 8.

**binominis**, e, adj. of two names, gen. in gen. Histri, Ov. Pont. 1, 8, 11; Ascaui, M. 14, 609; **2.** nom. inferred from cognominis as used in Pl. by Serv. A. 6, 383.

**binomius**\* adj. the same, Paul. ex F. p. 36, where Seal. cf. binominis; binomius (διωνμης) Gloss. Labb.

**binus**, see bini § 4.

**biocōlyta**, (βιοκολυτης) ae, m. an officer to prevent violence, Iulian. ep. Nov. 15, 60 (bis).

**bion**, n. or bios m. ii, (bios) a Greek wine so called, of great medicinal value, quod bion appellauerunt, Plin. 14, 77; 23, 53.

**biothānatus**, adj. dying by violence, a term of astrology, Lampr. Hel. 33, 2; Firm. Math. 3, 14; written bioethanatus by Tertul. anim. 37.

**bioticus**, or os, adj. of common life, epilogi, Serv. A. 3, 718; metrum, Dion. 474, 9 K; Mar. Victor. 2194 P.

**biptālium**, ii, n. (pāla), a spade with a cross-bar for the labourer's foot to drive two spits deep (see illustration in Rich's Companion), Cato r. 4, 25; Varr. r. 1, 37, 5; Colum. 11, 3, 11; id. arb. 1, 5; Plin. 18, 230; **2.** of the blade alone, Plin. 17, 159.

**biptalmis**, e, adj. of two spans, as in width, tabulae, Varr. r. 3, 7, 4; in length, spiculum, Liv. 42, 65, 9.

**biptalmus**, adj. the same, Apul. herb. 7.

**biptatio**, or -ptio\*, ire, vb. divide into two parts, biptatica diuisio, Varr. l. 5, 3; biptitōs\* Aetbiopas, Plin. 5, 43; **2.** into equal parts, VI Kal. Feb. hiems biptitur\*, Colum. 11, 2, 5; XI Kal. Maias uer biptitur, 11, 2, 36.

**II.** 3. biptatio, adv. in two parts or divisions, ita biptatio (al. -ti) fuerunt, ut Tiberis inter eos interesset, Cic. in Cat. 3, 5; b. classem distributam, Flac. 32; id fit b., iuu. 2, 86; signa b., intulerunt, Caes. b. g. 1, 25, 7; Sectā biptatio cum mens discurrit, Ov. rem. am. 443.

**biptatio**, see biptatio.

**biptātena**, ntis, quasi-part., opening in two directions, Consident (ntis) tectis biptantibus, Verg. 10, 5—east and west, says Serv., who attributes it to Ennius; **2.** w. two valves, folding, portae, Verg. 2, 330; pugillar, Auson. epigr. 146, 3.

**biptēda**, adj. f. as sb. (sc. tegula), a tile two feet square for pavement, solum biptēdis sternatur, Pall. 1, 19, 1; add 1, 40, 2 and 5; 6, 11, 2.

**biptēdālis**, adj. of two feet, clatri, Cato r. 14, 2; materia, Caes. b. c. 2, 10, 1; tigna, 2, 10, 3; trabes, b. g. 4, 17, 6; modulis, Hor. s. 2, 3, 309; **2.** biptēdālis, is as sb. a brick two feet long, inser. Fabr. 500, 39.

**biptēdaneus**, adj. the same, scrobs, Colum. 4, 1, 2; spatia, 4, 30, 5; latitudo, 2, 2, 28; pascinatum, Plin. 17, 143.

**biptennifer**, ra, rum, adj. bearing a two-edged axe, Ov. M. 4, 221, 8, 391.

**biptennis**, or -pinnis (penna) e, adj. having two wings, ciconiae (Seal. cf. xss cicero nec) Quorum biptennis fulminis plumas napor permixt, Varr. ap. Non. 79, 19; nullum (insectum), cui auleus in alio, biptenne est, Plin. 11, 96; **2.** met. having two blades, securis, Varr. ap. Non. 79, 19; fero sonat alia bipteni (alia biptinni) Verg. 11, 1351.

**3.** biptennis absol. as sb. f. a two-edged axe, Verg. 2, 479; 5, 307; Hor. od. 4, 4, 57; Ov. M. 8, 766; Plin. 8, 26.

**biptensile**, a (doubtful reading in Varr. ap. Non. 99, 24).

**bipterto**, see biptatio.

**biptēs**, pēdis, adj. having two feet, two-legged, Et inuncto biptēdu curru metitur equorum, Verg. 4, 38; add Cic. N. D. 1, 95; dom. 48; Iuv. 9, 92; Regulus omnium biptēdu nequissimus, Plin. ep. 1, 5, 14; mensa, Mart. 12, 32; (Aegypti mures) biptēdes ambulat, Plin. 10, 187; aenigmate Qui biptēs et quadrupes foret, et tripes omnia solus, Auson. Idyl. 11, 39.

**biptlex**, = διπλος, Gloss.

**biptōrus**, adj. having two prows, nauis, Ilygin. fab. 168 and 277.

**birēmis**, *e*, adj. two-oared, *biremis praesidio scaphae*, Hor. od. 3, 29, 62; *lumbi*, Liv. 23, 40, 2; Lucan. 8, 562; cf. 565 and 611; **2.** as *sb.* *f.* a galley with two banks of oars, Caes. b. c. 3, 40, 4; Tac. h. 5, 23.

**birotus**, (*rotus*) adj. two-wheeled, *niculiculum*, Non. 86, 30; **2.** *birota*, *ae*, as *sb.* *f.* (see *carruca*) a two-wheeled carriage, Th. C. 8, 5, 8, 1; 6, 29, 2, 2.

**birrus**, *i*, *m.*, a thick red cloak, Vopisc. Carin. 20, 6 (*bis*); edict. Diocl. 20; **2.** *birrum*, *i*, *n.* Aug. de vita cler. 1, 49.

**bis**, (*for* *duis* from *duo*, = *duo*) adv. twice, *his perit amator ab re atque ab animo simul*, Pl. Truc. 1, 1, 26; quotiens quoniam 'amplius' *bis* in uno (idcirco praenotatum erit), CIL 198, 48; Nam qui amat eum iste cum *bis* facere stulte ducit, Laborem inane ipsus capit et illi molestiam adfert, Ter. He. 3, 2, 8; de quo mihi antea scripseras, his quidem eodem exemplo, Cic. fam. 9, 16, 1; Apta quadrigis equa, tō *bis*\* Afro Maurice tinet Vestium lanae, Hor. od. 2, 10, 35; Ante *bis*\* exactum quam Cynthia conderet orbem, Lucan. 2, 577; **2.** *bis* tantum, twice as much, as much again, russum si reventum in gratiamst, Bis tanto amici sunt inter se quam prius, Pl. Amph. 3, 2, 62; add Men. 4, 3, 6; Merc. 2, 2, 26; *bis* tantum quam tuus fundus reddit, Varr. r. 3, 2, 15; add Verg. 6, 578; **3.** with numerals, quae si *bis* milia quot essent didicisset, non diceret, Cic. N. D. 2, 49; *bis* milia in acarium intulit, Liv. 38, 55, 12; eum *bis* tuum albarum toga, Hor. epod. 4, 8; **4.** said in late writers to be used for iterum, a second time, but in Mart. 10, 48, 20 read with Haupt (Hermes 3, 122), lagona Quae bis Frontino consule trima (miss prima) fuit; **5.** for *qty* see \* above; and add: adnerbia monosyllaba ..onia producantur exceptis *bis* et *ter*, Mart. Cap. 69 G; 284 Eyss.

**bisacculus**, *sb.* *n.* a double-bagged wallet, a pack saddle, inter promulsaria assellum cum bisaculo positum qui habebat in altera parte albas, in altera nigras, Petr. 31; **2.** hence Fr. besace, bissac.

**bisacutus**, adj. double-edged, gladius, Aug. conf. 12, 14, **bisellarius**, adj. as *sb.* *m.* one who has the privilege of the bisellum, Numisius Tacitus b., and soon after: Aurelius Glycicus bisell., inscr. Or. 4055.

**bisellatus**, *us*, *m.* the privilege of the bisellum, M. Sentio, ..honorem bisellatus..obtulerunt, inscr. Or. 4043.

**bisellum**, *ii*, *n.* a double-seated chair, as a privilege granted to distinguished persons, licetque ei omnibus spectaculis bisello proprio inter Augustales considere, inscr. Or. 4046; add 4044, 4048.

**bisetus**, (*seta* bristle), biseta porca, cuius a cernice setae bifariam dividuntur, ..maior sex mensium, Paul. ex F. p. 33.

**bisextilis**, adj. containing two sextarii, olla, Marc. Emp. 13.

**bisextilis**, *e*, adj., annus, a leap-year, Isid. or. 17, 25, **bisextus**, (*biss*)\* adj. having two days called VI Kal. Mart., as in leap year; hence bisextum (*biss*\*) as *sb.* *n.* the intercalary day before Feb. 24th, ut unum intercalarent die...ante quinquē ultimos Februarii mensis dies idque bisextum nominandum, Macr. s. 1, 14, 6; cum bisextum kalendas est, nihil refert utrum priore an posteriore die quis nam id sit, et deinceps sextum kalendas eius natalis dies est, nam id biduum pro uno die habetur, Cels. dig. 50, 16, 98; and again *ibid.*: add Ulp. 4, 4, 3, 3\*.

**bisolis**, (*solum* rather than *solia*) adj. double-soled, edict. Diocl. p. 20.

**bisomus**, (*δισσῶμος*) adj. double-bodied; hence bisomum, as *sb.* *n.* a sarcophagus for two bodies, inscr. Or. 8.

**bison**, (*nison*)\* *ntis*, *m.* a bison, iulati, Plin. 8, 38; add 28, 159; illi cessit atrox bubalus atque bison, Mart. spect. 23, 4; tibi nillosi (dant) tergā bisontes, Sen. Phaedr. 69; nisonet\* bouis feri similes, Solin. 20, 4.

**bisonus**, adj. of two sounds, Serv. A. 9, 618.

**bispello**, *for* *ispello*.

**bisextus**, see *bisextus*.

**bisulcilinguis**\* *e*, adj. with cloven tongue, Pl. Poen. 5, 2, 74 (so Gepp., miss bisulcilingua).

**bisulcis**, see *bisulcis*.

**bisulcus**, adj. divided into two, furrowed, cloven, Lin.

guae bisulcae iactu (so *ej.*: miss bisulcis actu) crispo fulgēre, Paev. ap. Non. 506, 17; pes, Ov. M. 7, 113; lingua, 9, 65; ungula, Plin. 8, 73; cauda, 9, 85; forfices, 11, 97; **2.** bisulcum as *sb.* *n.* (see animal) an animal with cloven feet, (*opp.* to *solipes*), Plin. 10, 184; 11, 212; 11, 255 (*bis*).

**bisulter**\* in Ov. F. 5, 595 now *bis* ulto.

**bisyllabus**, adj. (*δισύλλαβος*) of two syllables, dissyllabic, Varr. 1, 9, 52.

**bidentes**, (see *baeto*), qui peregrinantur assidue, Paul. ex F. p. 35.

**bito**, see *baeto*.

**bitūmen**, *ntis*, (*akin* perh. to *πέντε*, *πέντα* and *pix*) fossil tar, asphalt, Nonne uidet etiam terra quoque sulphur in ipsa Gignier, et taetro conerescere odore bitūmen, Lucr. 6, 807; add Verg. B. 8, 82; G. 3, 451; Hor. epod. 5, 82; Ov. M. 9, 660; 14, 792; in lacu Iudaeae qui uocatur Asphaltitae, Plin. 7, 65; add 35, 178; **2.** petroleum, oleo simile quo et in lucernis utuntur, Plin. 31, 82; add 35, 179.

**bitūminatus**, quasi-part. mixed with asphalt, bitumīnōus, Plin. 31, 59.

**bitūminosus**, adj. bituminous, uires, Ov. M. 15, 350.

**bitūminosus**, adj. abounding in asphalt, fontes, Vitr. 8, 3, 4; terra, 8, 3, 9.

**biuertus**, *icis*, adj. with two summits, Parnassus, Stat. Th. 1, 628; add Sidon. carn. ep. 15, 9.

**biuira**, adj. *f.* having two husbands, Varr. ap. Non. 79, 21.

**biuius**, (*uia*) adj. of two roads, fauces, Verg. 11, 516; calles, Val. F. 5, 394; (*di*) biuis tribus quadrubis (= biuiis, triuiis quadrubis), inscr. Or. 389; add 2104; 2105; **2.** biuium as *sb.* *n.*, a place where two roads meet, a fork, Verg. 9, 238; Plin. 6, 144; **3.** met. *b.* add culturam natura dedit, Varr. r. 1, 18, 7; add Ov. rem. am. 486.

**biurus**, (*δισυρος*) adj. having two tails, Cic. ap. Plin. 30, 146.

**blachnos**, *or*, on *i*, (*gend*?) brake, fern, Plin. 27, 78.

**blactero**, *are*, *vb.* (*balō*) bleat as a ram, Blactérat hinc aries et pia balat onis, carn. Phil. 56.

**Blaesianus**, adj. of Blaesus, Mart. 8, 38, 14.

**Blaesillus**, (*little* *lisper*) adj. *dim.* a cognomen, Albuca Blaesilla, inscr. Grut. 753, 5.

**blaesus**, (*akin* to A. *vliap*, E. *liap*) adj. lisping, Blaesque fit iusso lingua coacta sono (of affected lisping) Ov. a. 3, 294; Reddebas blaeso tam bene nerba sono (of the parrot), am. 2, 6, 24; de madidis et Blaesis atque mero tripulantibus, Iuv. 15, 48; Os blaesum tibi debilis lingua, Nobis illa (so Haupt *ej.*, miss fistula) fortius loquenter (miss loquenter), Mart. 10, 65, 10; quaesum est an blaesus sanus sit, Ulp. dig. 21, 10, 5; **2.** a cognomen, C. Sempromius Blaesus, Liv. 26, 2, 7; 27, 6, 1.

**blande**, see *blandus*.

**blandicellus**, adj. trebly *dim.* soft, coaxing, nerba, Paul. ex F. p. 35.

**blandilē**, *adv.* doubly *dim.* (implies an adj. *blandiculus*) softly, coaxingly, respondit, Apul. M. 10, 27.

**blandidicus**, adj. softly speaking, Pl. Poen. 1, 1, 10.

**blandificus**, adj. coaxing, soothing, M. Cap. 301 G, 332, 1 Eyss.

**blandifluus**, adj. flowing soothingly, odor, Venant. 11, 10, 10.

**blandiloquens**, quasi-part. speaking soothingly, oratio, Laber. ap. Macr. 2, 7, 3, 9.

**blandiloquentia**, *ae*, *f.* soft speech, Nam ut ego illis supplicarem tanta blandiloquentia, Enn. ap. Cic. N. D. 3, 65.

**blandiloquentulus**, adj. *dim.* speaking soothingly, Pl. Trin. 2, 1, 13.

**blandiloquus**, *ii*, *n.* soft speech, Aug. ad Hier. 19, 4.

**blandiloquus**, adj. speaking soothingly, Pl. Bac. 5, 2, 54; Sen. Agam. 290.

**blandimentum**, *i*, *n.* softness of speech or action, coaxing, blandishment, Pessum dedisti blandimentis me tuis, Pl. Rud. 2, 6, 23; Blandimentis, hortamentis, ceteris meretriciis, Truc. 2, 2, 63; multa nobis blandimenta natura genuit, quibus sopita uirtus conueret, Cic. Cael. 41; mitis aut blandimentis corrupta, Tusc. 5, 87; multa blan-

dimenta plebi ab senatu data, Liv. 2, 9, 6; 2. met. as of food, sine blandimentis expellunt famem, Tac. G. 23; aliqua inueniunt blandimenta quibus saporem mutemur, Petr. 141; of gentle carriage, equos edomant ad quaedam blandimenta uecturae (as ambling), Veg. vet. 2, 28 (1, 56), 37; add Pall. 10, 17.

**Blandinus**, a cognomen, denoting adoption from a family, Blandi (?), Corneliae Blandinae, inscr. Grut. 395, 7.

**blāndirī**, (i; blandus : largior : largus) vb. r. play the 'blandus homo', soothe, coax, flatter, Quid faciam? Exora, blandire, expalpa. Faciam s'dulo, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 44; Meretrix tantisper blanditur dum illud quod rapit uidet, Men. 1, 11; nostro ordini...blandiuntur, Cist. 1, 1, 36; de Commageno mihi et per se et per Pompeium blanditur, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 12, 2; cur matri blanditur? Flac. 92; Hannibalem pueriliter blandientem patri ut duceretur in Hispaniam, Liv. 21, 1, 4; durae blandire puellae, Ov. am. 2, 527; matri interfectae infante blandiente, Plin. 34, 88; 2. met., uideo quam suauiter uoluptas sensibus nostris blandiatur, Cic. acad. pr. 139; inter se blandiri, (of doves), Plin. 10, 109; cibis, 10, 120; lenia medicamenta quae quasi blandiantur, Cels. 5, 28, 2, p. 207, 6 Bar.; 3. hence, allure, please, blanditur populus umbra, Ov. M. 10, 555; quamuis blandiatur suauitas (poni), Plin. 13, 60; quaedam (poisonous waters) blandiantur aspectu, 31, 27; 4. w. sibi etc., flatter and deceive oneself, blandiuntur sibi qui putant..., Ulp. dig. 26, 7, 2; add Th. C. 16, 10, 15; 10, 10, 3; 5. in Colum. 7, 5, 16 read eblandiatur; 6. blanditus as a pass. part., soothed, treated quietly, blanditusque labor molli curabitur arte, Verr. ap. Prisc. 1, 383, 13, who adds *kolakothēis*.

**blānditer**, see blandus.

**blānditiā**, (old blandicia\*) ae, f. coaxing talk or manner, soft words or doings, blandishment, gen. in pl., ut ille se blanditiis\* (so B C) ab illa exemit et persuat ut se amitteret, Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 40; Saltationes blandicias\* (so B C) prothymias, St. 5, 2, 11; add Truc. 1, 1, 8; Rud. 4, 2, 20; abs te ut blanditiis suis...suam uoluptatem expleat, Ter. Heu. 1, 1, 12; tu si tuis blanditiis a Sicyoniis nummulo aliquid expresseris, Cic. Att. 1, 19, 9; Zenixim elici blanditiis, Q. fr. 1, 2, 5; adulationem, blandicias\* (so V), adulationem, am. 91; 2. at times in sing. Velut haec meretrix meum erum miserum sua blandicia (so C) intulit In pauperum, Pl. Truc. 2, 7, 21; Viscus miens nostras blandicia (C D) Bac. 1, 1, 16; blandicia\* (so E) popularis, Cic. Planc. 29; nomenclationem, blanditiam assiduitatem, Q. Cic. pet. cons. 41; add Prop. 1, 16, 16; Quint. 10, 1, 27.

**blāndities**, ēi, f. the same, sermonis, Apul. M. 10, 28.

**blānditim**? in Lucr. 2, 173 Lachn. and Munro read with mss blanditur.

**blānditor**, ōris, m. one who uses soft words etc., a flatterer, Jtm. Al. M. 90.

**blāndūlus**, adj. dim. soothing, animula, Hadr. ap. Spart. 25, 9.

**blāndus**, (perh. for mīlandus and so akin to *μαλαστος*, *μαλακος* and *mollis*) adj. smooth words, dicta, Pl. Most. 4, 1, 48; Epid. 3, 1, 2; uerba, Pers. 2, 2, 68; As. 3, 1, 22; Ps. 1, 5, 35; uox, Enn. ap. Cic. div. 1, 40; oratio, Cic. Phil. 7, 26; 2. of persons, smooth-tongued, of soft speech, nunc experiemur nostrum ut sit blandior, Pl. Cas. 2, 3, 50; blanda es parum, 3, 3, 21; blandius diues pauperi, Aut. 2, 2, 19; Vt unus omnium homo te uiuat nunquam quisquam blandior, Ter. Heu. 5, 4, 21; 3. met. alluring, coaxing, pleasing, blandis illecebris uoluptatis, Cic. Tuscul. 4, 6; Quid mea colla tenes blandis ignare laetis? Ov. M. 2, 100; blandis gaudere magistris Laudibus (of horses), Verg. G. 3, 185; labor, 127; incunda dicta aut legentibus blanda, Plin. praef. 12; 4. of taste or scent, pleasing but mild, agreeable, nice, Sicut amaricani blandum saetaeque liquorum, Lucr. 2, 847; pabula, Colum. 7, 3, 20; arbores postea blandioribus frugibus suis hominem mitigare, Plin. 12, 4; 5. gentle, mild, soles (of spring), Ov. F. 1, 157; 1. blandusque leones Submisere iugas, Claud. rapt. Prosp. 1, 209; tigris, id. IV Cons. Ilon. 604; 6. G. construct. w. inf., docere quereus, Hor. od. 1, 12, 11; uirginibus dare

uincla, Stat. Theb. 5, 456; 7. w. gen., blandusque precum compellat Vixes, Stat. Ach. 2, 237; 8. w. acc., blanda genus uocemque, Stat. Th. 9, 155; III 9. comp. see Pl. and Ter. § 2 above; 10. sup., blandissimae dominae, Cic. off. 2, 37; IV 11. blanditer adv., Pl. Ps. 5, 2, 3 (6); As. 1, 3, 69; Titius, ap. Non. 510, 6; 12. blande adv. Pl. Amph. 1, 3, 9; etc.; Ter. Ad. 5, 4, 24; Cic. Rosc. com. 49; blandius, or. 1, 112; blandissime (some mss, not Baiter), Clu. 72.

**blasphēmā**, ae, f. a disease of bees, producing abortion Plin. 11, 64.

**Blasio**, ōnis, m. dim. a cognomen (perh. lisper), P. Cornelius Blasio, Liv. 45, 13, 11.

**Blasius**, ii, name of a gens, Cn. Blasio Cn. f. on a coin, CIL 383; P. Blasius, ib. 271.

**blasphēmābilis**, e. adj. to be condemned, execrable, Tert. cult. fem. 12.

**blasphēmatio**, ōnis, f. condemnation, execration, Tert. cult. fem. 12.

**blasphēmia**, ae, f. reviling, Hier. ep. 62, 2; Aug. nerb. Dom. serm. 11; 2. blasphemy, Aug. mor. Manich. 2, 10.

**blasphemum**, ii, n. blasphemy, Prud. Psych. 715.

**blasphēmo**, are, vb. blaspheme, Christum, Prud. apoth. 347; Aug. tract. Ioh. 27 f.

**blasphemus**, adj. blasphemous, satelles, Prud. perist. 1, 75; 2. as a sb. blasphemous, Tert. res. caru. 26.

**blata**, s. blatta.

**blātērātus**, ūs, m. babbling, Sidon. ep. 9, 11; canini, 336 G. p. 374, 24 Eys.

**blātēro**, are, (s. blatio; akin to *βλατῶ*) vb. babble, talk nonsense, Desine blanditiis, frustra blātēras (om. libri) nihil agit In amore inermis, Caecil. ap. Non. 79, 1; add Afran. (bis) ibid.; cum magno blātēras clamore fugies, Hor. s. 2, 7, 35; add Gell. 1, 15, 17; Apul. M. 4, 24; 10, 9. **blātēro**, ōnis, m. babbler, as an old word, Gell. 1, 15, 20; 2. noise of camels, Paul. ex F. p. 34.

**blātio**, ire, vb. babble, talk nonsense, ita nugas blātis, Pl. Amph. 2, 1, 79; Curc. 3, 82; add Epid. 3, 1, 13.

**blatta**, (blata) ae, and perh. blattis, is, f. [?] a kind of beetle (not a moth), Plin. 29, 139—141 speaks of three kinds, b. mollis, alterum genus circa molas nascens, tertium odoris taedio inuisum; tenebrarum aluma blatta, Vitam(m) lucemque fugiunt, in balneis maxime unido uapore propinatae, Plin. 11, 99; 2. destructive of bees, saepe fauos imotus addit Stello et lucifugis congesta cubilia blattis, Verg. G. 4, 243; referred to by Colum. 9, 7, 5; animalia apibus inimica lacertos blattas et his similia, Pall. 1, 37, 4; 3. of clothing and books, stragula uestis Blattarium ac tineaum epulae, Hor. s. 2, 3, 119; Quam multi tineas pascent blattasque disert! Mart. 6, 60, 7; Selectos misi das mihi libellos Admittam tineas trucesque blattas, 14, 37, 2; 4. prov. (Nunc in) amore(m) cecidi tamquam blata (so Bambi) in pelum —, Laber. ap. Non. 543, v. peluis; II 5. in late writers, an insect like or perh. actually the cochineal, and so scarlet or purple cloth, Pontus castores, blattam Tyros, aera Corinthus...deffert, Sidon. 5, 48; paucerauerunt tinea blatta et ceris et cocco infortis quibus laqueos uitam finiret, Lamp. Hel. 33, 3; lana quae blatta uel oxyblatta...deicitur, Th. C. 4, 40, 1; trecentas libras blattae sericae, 10, 20, 18; cum blatta quae nostro cubiculo dare conueniunt, Cassiod. ep. 1, 2; 6. blatta *θρομβος ακατος*, a drop of blood, Gloss.

**blattā-rūs**, adj. of blattae, beetles, nunc blattaria uocant balnea, siqua non ita aptata sunt ut totius diei uocant...recipiunt, Sen. ep. 86; 8. haec (herba, se. uerbasum) abiecta blattas in se contrahit ideoque blattaria uocatur, Plin. 25, 168.

**blattea**, or blatea, ae, f. spot of mud, Paul. ex F. p. 34; 2. purple, Venant. 2, 3, 19.

**blatteus**, adj. [blatta § 5] of scarlet or purple, concessit ut blatteas matrouae tunicas haberent, Vop. Aurel. 46, 4; ut pallio blatteo serico uteretur, ib. 45, 5.

**blatti-fer**, a, um, adj. [id.] scarlet-clad, senatus, Sidon. 9, 16.

**blattinus**, adj. [id.] of scarlet-cloth, ut qui retibus aureis piscaretur quae blattinis funibus extraheret, Eutr. 14 (9).

**blechnon**, see **blechnon**.

**blechnon**, *ónis*, m. wild pennyroyal, Plin. 20, 156.

**blendios**, *ii*, (*βλενδρος*) m. a fish, Plin. 32, 102.

**blennos**, *i*, (*βλεννος*) mucous, snotty) adj. or sb. m. a drivelling fellow, idiot, Pl. Bac. 5, 1, 2; in Cure. 2, 3, 39 reading dub.

**bliteus**, adj. of blitum, met. of the insipid, Blitea et luteat meretrix nisi quae sapit in uino ad rem suam, Pl. Truc. 4, 4, 1; bipedem, bliteum beluam, Plin. ap. Non. So. 26.

**blitum**, *i*, n. or blitus\* *i*, m. (*βλίτον*) some tasteless herb, perh. orach, Apionum runcicem brassicam betam blitum, Pl. Ps. 3, 2, 26; Empedocles natos homines ex terra ait, ut blitum, Varr. ap. Non. 550, 14; blitum incers uidetur ac sine sapore, Plin. 20, 252; hoc mense blitus\* seritur, Pall. 9, 17.

**Blossius**, name of a gens, C. Bloss(us) M. I. Proteum, CIL 571; add 574 and 577.

**Blustimelus**, *i*, m. a mountain so called, CIL 199, 21, 1. **boa**, *ae*, f. a large snake or serpent, in tantum amplitudinem exeuntes ut occisae solidus in alio spectatus sit infans, Plin. 8, 37; add 29, 122; **2**. a disease, tama dicitur cum labore uis sanguis in crura descendit. Lucilius: Inguen ne existat, papulae, tama ne boa noxat, Fest. p. 360 v. tama.

**boarius**, adj. of oxen, forum, Liv. 21, 62, 3; bos acreus inde captus in foro boario est Romae, Plin. 34, 10; arua, Prop. 4, 9, 10; luppia, Plin. 26, 105; **2**. as sb. m. cattle-dealer, negotiantes boarii, inser. Or. 913.

**boatus**, *us*, m. bellowing, Apul. M. 3, 3; Mart. Cap. 2, 98, p. 27, 17 Eyss.

**Boberius**, a cognomen, L. Domitius L. I. Boberius, inser. Grut. 250, 1.

**boca**, *ae*, (= *βοαξ*, *βαξ*), f. a sea-fish, Plin. 32, 145.

**bodones**, landmarks of some kind, see Lachm. Grom. 2, 270.

**Boeotarches**, *ae*, m. a chief magistrate of Boeotia, Liv. 33, 27, 8; 42, 43, 7.

**boia**, *ae*, (perh. an adj. se. catena of ox-hide), f. a chain of some kind, Boius est, boiam terit, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 108; numellas pedicas boias, As. 3, 2, 5; *κλωστή* (quas) sermone uulgari boias uocant, Her. in Isai. 5, 27; but in Prud. psych. pr. 33 *ms* has *bacis*.

**Boia**, *ae*, f. a town of the Aequi, Verg. 6, 776; **2**. Boiae as a plur., Bois receptis, Liv. 4, 49, 7.

**Boilanus**, adj. of Bola or Bolae, Liv. 4, 49, 3; Plin. 3, 69; **2**. as a cognomen, Cie. fam. 13, 77, 2; Tac. an. 15, 3.

**Bolbio**, *ónis*, m. dim. a cognomen, M. Caninius M. I. Bolbio, inser. ap. Rosini 15.

**bolbiton**, *i*, n. cow-dung, Plin. 28, 232.

**bolleat**, *aris*, adj. as sb. n. a stew-pan for mushrooms etc., b. alieuticum argenteum librarum xx, Treb. Poll. Claud. 17, 5; add Apic. 441; 533; 190; 196; 218 Sch.; in lemma of Mart. 14, 101.

**bolleus**, (*βολεύς*) m. mushroom, inter *ae* quae temere manduntur et boletis merito posuerim, Plin. 22, 92; add 98; fungi ponentur amicis, Boletus domino, Iuv. 5, 147; Sunt tibi boleti, fungos ego sumo uullos, Mart. 3, 60, 5; add 1, 20, 2; 13, 48, 2; Tac. an. 12, 67; Sen. Iud. 4, 3; ep. 95, 25; Suet. Claud. 44; Apic. 316—318 Sch.

**bolis**, *idis*, f. shooting star, meteor, Plin. 2, 96.

**bolites**, *ae*, m. root of the lychnis, Plin. 21, 171.

**boloe**, m. pl. gems so called, Plin. 37, 150.

**bolona**, *ae*, m. fishmonger, Arnob. 2, 38; = *μεταπρατής*, retail dealer, Gloss. Philox.; **2**. bolonas exercere, to trade as such, Donat. Enn. 2, 2, 26.

**Bolonia**, for Voltinia.

**bolus**, *i*, m. [*βολα* a throw] a throw, as v. dice, Ne te (i.e. Neptune) alector nullus est sapientior: profecto Nimis lepide icisti bolum: peritum perdidisti (perh. also v. allusion to a fisherman's casting of his net), Pl. Rud. 2, 3, 30; elussi nilitem inquam in alea... Si uis tribus (monos.) bolis uel in claudum, Cure. 5, 2, 13; Omnes enumerasse bolos, Auson. Prof. 1, 26; **2**. met. a successful throw, a good hit, profit, is primum bolus, Pl. Truc.

1, 1, 10; hoc ego te multabo bolo, 4, 3, 70; dabit haec tibi grandis bolos, Pers. 4, 4, 106 (he had just before said, diuitias tu ex istae facies); A. intus bolos quos dat! D. quid, amator nouos? Pl. Truc. 4, 2, 12; ex eo (ornithione) quinque milia uacuisse turdorum denarius ternis. Sed ut ad hunc bolum peruenias, opus erit tibi..., Varr. r. 3, 2, 16; hae (cochleae), magnam bolum deferunt aeris, 3, 14, 5; **3**. tangere hominem bolo, to play off a profitable trick upon, Pl. Poen. pr. 101; arg. 3 of Truc.: **4**. Crucior bolum (and so not = *βωλον* or offam) tantum mihi ereptum tam desubito e faucibus, Ter. Haut. 4, 2, 6; throw of a net (usual meaning of *βολος*) piscatores trahentes rete aderunt et pepigerunt bolum quanto emergent, Suet. Rhet. 1.

**bombax**, interj. bless me, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 131.

**bombica**, adj. as sb. n. pl. meaningless outcries, Venant. Martin. 4, 450.

**bombilo**, *are*, vb. hum as a bee, arm. Phil. 36; and perh. Mart. C. 9 f. p. 375, 2 Eyss., who by *ej.* gives bombitante.

**bombio**, vb. = *βομβω*, Gloss.

**bombizatio**, *ónis*, f. humming of bees, Paul. ex F. 30.

**bombus**, *i*, m. a dull humming noise, Ennius sonum pedum bombum pedum dixit, Fortunatianus de dial. (auct. Columba, p. 332); **2**. of bees, ex apibus si intus faciunt bombum, Varr. r. 3, 16, 32; **3**. of musical instruments, raucum (tuba) bombum, Lucr. 4, 546; raucisonos efflabant (al. *ej.* efflabant) cornua bombos, Catul. 64, 263; cantus... bombis tympani obtusior, Mart. Cap. 34 G, p. 38, 30 Eyss.: **4**. one of the systematized forms of theatrical applause, Suet. Ner. 20.

**bombycinus**, adj. of silk, silken, nestis, Plin. 11, 76; 24, 108; quantum delicias et panniculus bombycinus arit, Iuv. 6, 260; uestimenta, Ulp. dig. 34, 2, 23, 1. **2**. bombycina, as sb. n. pl. silk dresses, Mart. 11, 50, 5; 14, 24, 1. **bombycius**, adj. of fine fibres (like silk or cotton), bombyciae (harundinis) modica laeugine, Plin. 16, 170.

**bombylis**, *is*, or *idis*, the silkworm in the chrysalis state, Plin. 11, 76.

**bombyx**, *ycis*, m. silkworm, telas arancorum modo textunt ad nectum quae bombycina appellatur, Plin. 11, 76; add §§ 75, 77, 78; Tertul. pal. 3; Serv. ad G. 2, 121; **2**. silk, Ne si qua Arabio lucret bombycæ piella, Prop. 2, 3, 15.

**bonasus**, (or bonacus?), *i*, m. bison or urochs? fera in Paenonia equina iuba, cetera tauri similis, Plin. 8, 40; Arist. h. a. 2, 1, 35; add Solim. 42, 10.

**Bonicus**, a cognomen, Vlpian Bonicus, inser. Grut. 716, 2.

**bonifacies**, = *εὐπροσώπος*, Gloss.

**bonifacies**, = *εὐμοῖρος*, Gloss.

**bonimoritis**, = *καλοτροπός*, Gloss.

**bonitas**, *átis*, f. goodness, good quality, praediorum, Cie. Rose. Am. 20; uerbiorum, or. 164; uocis, 59; Plin. 14, 55; auri, 33, 59; ut (mutuum) edam bonitate soluator qua datum sit, Pomp. dig. 12, 1, 3; **2**. esp. goodness of character, per me te erga bonitatem patris, Pl. Capt. 2, 1, 48; bonitasque nostra adiutans, Ter. Ph. pr. 35; quid praestantius bonitate et beneficentia, Cie. N. D. 1, 121; eorum fortunas tuae fidei bonitatisque commendo, fam. 13, 4, 3.

**Bónosus**, adj. (full of goodness), as cognomen, Leontio et Bonoso coss., inser. Maff. Mus. Ver. 358, 5; Bonosus (imperator) Vopisc. Bon. 1, 4; 14, 1; Antonia Bonosa, inser. Grut. 371, 5.

**bónus**, see **bonus**.

**bónus**, (perh. for ob-*onus*, see § 13; older form duonus and prob. bunus; cf. It. buono, Sp. bueno) adj. good; old form, bone *ono*(m)...*duono*(m) *optumo*(m) *fuisse uiro*(m), CIL 32, 60a; pontan ad nauis, Liv. Andron. ap. Fest. v. toppe, p. 352 b, 2; quamuis duonium negumate, Cn. Maec. ap. Fest. v. negumate, p. 165 a, 30; **2**. first physical, aedes, Pl. Most. 1, 2, 26; minae, As. 3, 3, 144; caelum, Cato r. 1, 2; forma, Ter. And. 1, 1, 92; colores, Lucr. 2, 418; nummi (opp. to adulterii) Cie. off. 3, 91; terra, Varr. r. 1, 9, 1; calamus, Cie. Q. fr. 2, 15 b,

1. **3.** of the non-physical, occasio, Pl. Most. 2, 2, 9; fama, 1, 3, 71; mores, Trin. 1, 1, 6; ingenium, Ter. Andr. 3, 1, 8; uerba, 1, 2, 3; fides, Cic. top. 66; mens, fam. 8, 17, 1; gratia, Manil. 71. **4.** esp. of men, ubi continentur ossa hominis boni misericordis amantissimae pauperis, CIL 1027, 2; Quod boni benefici beneficium, gratia ea grandis bonis, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 108; ita existimo bonos beatos, myprohos miseros, Cic. Tusc. 5, 35; **5.** good in the sense of great; cf. our 'good mumber', 'good deal', 'it's a good way to —', esp. w. pars, bono luero, Pl. Amph. pr. 6; bonam praedam, Poen. 3, 3, 55; Nam hic quoque bonam magnamque partem ad te attulit, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 43; bonam partem sermonis in hunc diem esse dilatare, Cic. or. 2, 14; Inde bonam partem in lectum macrore dabatur, Lucr. 6, 1249; add Hor. s. 1, 1, 61; A. P. 207; od. 4, 2, 46; copia, ep. 1, 18, 109; Ov. M. 9, 88; **6.** blande compellantis, as bone uir Dore salue: die mihi, Aufugisti? Ter. Eun. 5, 2, 11; I bone quo nirtus tua te uocat, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 37; O bone... Numquid de Daedalus audisti? s. 2, 6, 51; add Pers. 6, 43; Sil. 2, 240; Stat. Th. 2, 400; **7.** ironically, Bone serue, salue, Pl. Bac. 4, 6, 6; add Curc. 5, 2, 12; Bonas me absente hic confectis nuptias, Ter. Ph. 1, 5, 28; Bone custos salue, columen uero familiae, 1, 5, 57; chodum bone uir, quid ais? Andr. 3, 5, 10; add Ad. 4, 2, 17; quid ais bone custos provinciae, Cic. Ter. 2, 5, 12; **8.** well to do, rich, respectable, Est miserorum ut maluiolentes sint atque inuideant bonis, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 51; illam cinem esse Atticam, Bonam, bonis prognatam, Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 65; Ne in re bona esse uideam (nequam nilitum, Laber. ap. Gell. 10, 17, 4); **II 9.** as epithet or name of a god or goddess, (Iuppiter) optumus maximus, Cic. N. D. 2, 64; Bonae Deae sacra, CIL 816 and 1426; add Cic. Mil. 87; Menti Bonae d. d., CIL 1168; add 1237; Bona Fortuna, Cic. Ver. 2, 4, 7; **III 10.** bonum absol., as sb. n. first in pl. physically, goods, property, bona eius poplice possideantur facito, CIL 107, 11; Bona mea inhiat, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 12; add Trin. 4, 4, 3; Bona nostra hae tibi committo, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 62; te bona P. Quinctii possidere ex edicto praeoris, Cic. Quinct. 36; bona ex eo dicuntur quod beant, Ulp. dig. 50, 16, 49; **11.** gen. what is good, advantage, excellence, a blessing, a gift, Quod mihi sit boni, si mentiar? Pl. Most. 2, 1, 23; ni nisi boni lu ipsa inesse forma, hae formam exstinguerent, Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 57; philosophum quo bono nullum optabilis datum est, Cic. Tim. 14, 1; bonum liberi, nisi uera orbitas; bonum patria, miserum exilium, fin. 5, 84; uirtus in animi bonis et in corporis cernitur, acad. post. 21; utemur bono litterarum, fam. 15, 14, 3; ita bonum publicum prina gratia deuium, Sal. Jug. 25, 3; ne ira obstaret bono publico, Liv. 9, 38, 11; eloquentia bonis male nti, Quint. pr. 13; bona ingenii studiique, id. pr. 27 and 12, 5, 2; **12.** bono esse aliquid, to be an advantage to any one, illud Cassianum 'cui bono fuerit' in his personis nalet, Cic. Mil. 32; add Phil. 2, 35; accusant hi quibus occidit patrem Sen. Roscii bono fuit, Rose. Am. 13; quinetiam bonum fuisse Iomanis aduentum eorum, Liv. 7, 12, 4; **13.** w. prep., quicquid agatur in bonum exhibit, Sen. dial. 7, 6; **IV 14.** comp. melior, for change of b to m, cf. *auoror*; for change of u to l cf. *seuorior* and *seuorior*, sup. optumius (optumius) for obotumius, and that = obotumius (see Key's Language, p. 275), quo id templum melius honestissime siet, CIL 603, 11; for optumius see § 1; primatus ita uti quo optima lege primatus est, esto, 200, 27; fuit Atistia nxor mihi femina optima (sic), 1010, 2; Non optima hae sunt neque ut ego accum censeo; Verum meliora sunt quam quae deterrum, Pl. Trin. 2, 3, 1; quicquam bonum est quod non cum qui id possidet, meliorum facit, Cic. par. 14, 1; melioribus opto Auspiciis, Verg. 3, 498; Optima quinquaginta dies, G. 3, 60; Optime Graingenu, A. S. 127; **V 15.** bene (the first e due to 'umlaut') adv. well, melius better, optime best; Edipol proinde ut diu uiuam, bene uiuam, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 27; Ita me di bene (so mss) ament mesque bene (so Bothe, mss mihi bene) seruauit filias, Stic. 4, 1, 1; Eo conductor melius de me nugas conciliatior, 4, 2, 14; Illum exoptant potius? Habet optime, Bac. 3, 4, 3; uilla bene uedicata, Cic. off. 3, 55; non bene ripae Credi-

tur, Verg. B. 3, 94; **16.** bene est, w. bene as a predicate, it is well (with), Nam si curent, bene bonis sit, male malis, quod non abest, Eun. ap. Cic. N. D. 3, 79; quae ut hanc cures bene ut sit isti, Pl. Curc. 4, 3, 31; Quandoquidem nec tibi bene esse pote pati neque alteri, Trin. 2, 2, 71; Et tibi bene esse soli, cum sibi sit male, Ter. And. 1, 1, 9; improbo nemini bene esse potest, Cic. par. 10, 9; iurat bene solis esse maritis, Hor. ep. 1, 1, 88; **17.** w. words to strengthen them, thoroughly, very (cf. use of Fr. bien), as in the first place verbs, scelerum si bene paenitet, Hor. od. 3, 24, 50; parnam quod non bene compleat urnam, Ov. M. 12, 616; nix bene desideram, F. 5, 278; **18.** frequently w. obj., focius bene firmum, Eun. am. 33 V; senatum bene firmum firmiorum fecistis, Cic. Phil. 6, 18; bene morizatus fuit puer, Pl. Capt. 5, 2, 13; inermes bene multos, Poll. ad. 10, 33, 4; bene (so Heins.) multa meos, Ov. tr. 1, 7, 15; b. robustum, Cic. in Caecil. 48; b. barbaros, in Cat. 2, 22; b. longum, or. 2, 361; b. longinquos, fin. 2, 64; b. sano, Hor. s. 1, 3, 61 (cf. male sanus); **19.** w. adv., b. saepe, Eun. ap. Gell. 10, 4, 3; b. penitus, Cic. Ver. 2, 2, 169; b. plane, Tusc. 2, 44; **20.** esp. w. adv. and phrases of time, b. mane, Cic. Att. 4, 9, 2; 10, 16; 1; b. ante lucem, or. 2, 250; **21.** in elliptic of drinking 'a health to —', as w. acc., Bene \*uos, bene nos, bene te, bene me, bene nostram etiam Stephanum, Pl. Stic. 5, 4, 27; Et bene nos, bene te, patriae pater, Ov. F. 2, 637; Sed bene Messalam sua quisque ad pocula dicit, Tib. 2, 1, 31; **22.** or w. dicit, Bene mihi, bene amicae, Pl. Pers. 5, 1, 20; Et bene die dominare, Ov. a. a. 1, 601; **23.** in Plautus etc. often a monos. = ben, as in Ital. and Fr. bien, see \* above.

**bōnuscūla**, ōnm. m. pl. petty goods, small property, Sidon. ep. 9, 6; Tib. C. 10, 20, 1.

**boo** or **boon**, āre, or **boō**, ēre (boō? = βοῶ?) vb. bellow, roar, shout, clamore bonantes, Eun. ap. Varr. 1, 7, 5; where Varro: a bone; boat clamor fremita uirum, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 77; Clamore et sonitu celsis resonantes bouit, Paen. ap. Non. 70, 5; ex eunt celi strepitum, Exeunt bouit, Varr. ib.; where Non.: a boum inguitibus; toto uoce bouite foro, Ov. a. a. 3, 450; boare = clamare, a Graeco, Paul. ex F. p. 30.

**bōspēs**, (ox-eyed) adj. as sb. n. chervil, Apul. herb. 104. **Bōreas** or **Borras**, ae. m. north wind, in Lat. Aquilo, Verg. 3, 687; Ov. M. 6, 682 and tr. 1, 2, 20; siue aquila Borrae, Prud. psych. 847; Paul. Nol. carn. 17 (309, 245).

**Bōrcus** or **Bōrcus**, (Boraeus) adj. of the north wind, sub axe Bōrcō, Ov. tr. 4, 8, 41; Bōrcis in finibus orti, Prisc. perier. 315; add 271 and 789.

**boria**, ae. f. a kind of Jasper, Plin. 37, 116.

**bōrith**, (Hebr.) soapwort, Vulg. Jerem. 2, 22; Malach. 3, 2.

**bōs**, bōis, m. f. ox, bull or cow, bones quā (os...pasce) ...licet, CIL 200, 25; plostia... bubus iumentis iuncta, 200, 67; Asini mordicus me scindunt, bones (monos.) incursum cornibus, Pl. Aut. 2, 2, 57; semolibus singulis bubus in dies dari, Cato r. 54; quid de bubus (al. bobus) loquar, quorum ceruices natae ad iugum, Cic. N. D. 2, 150; Siue bouum (al. boum) siue est quoque gratior usque equorum, Verg. G. 3, 211; soll. iuga demeret bōbus (al. bubus) fatigatis, Hor. od. 3, 6, 43; tu morris aures Curras et intactas boues, epod. 9, 22; Forda ferens hōs est, Ov. F. 4, 631; **2.** prov. of ill-suited work, cellitellae boni Sunt impositae; plane non est nostrum onus, poet. ap. Cic. Att. 5, 15, 3; whence Quint. 5, 11, 21; non nostrum onus, bos cellitellae; add Amm. 10, 5; cf. Hor. ep. 1, 14, 43; **3.** boues Luciae, of elephants as never seen by Romans before the war in Lucania, Inde bones lucas turrito corpore, Luer. 5, 1302; add 1339; elephantos Italia primum uidet Pyrrhi regis bello et bones Lucas appellam in Lucanis uisos, Plin. S. 10; add Varr. l. 7, 3; **4.** a sea fish of the ray kind, Nam gaudet pelago, quales scombrione bouesque, Ov. hal. 64; add Plin. 9, 78; 32, 152; **5.** gen. pl. oldest bōnerum of wh. ēre is the gen. suffix, Num plur. suff., alios dicere boum grecos alios bouerum, Varr. l. 8, 38; bouom older than boum (see Verg. in § 1), and even bubum as in Ulp. dig. 32, 55, 5; in quibusdam pro-



uincis et editu bubum ad hanc rem utuntur: 6. dat. and abl. pl. lobus or būbus (see § 1); add Pl. Most. 1, 1, 59; 7. lobes at times a monos. in Pl.; see § 1; add: Bōnes qui conuicias faciunt herbasque ogerunt, Pl. 3, 2, 23; Nam hoc argentum iam alibi abutar: bones quos emere non erant, Persa 2, 4, 10; 8. bōnis as old nom. s., Varr. r. 8, 38; Petr. 62.

**boscis**, *būs* (*boskas*) f. a kind of duck, Colum. 8, 15, 1. **bōstrychitis**, (*δοστροχίτις*) adj. as sb. f. a gem marked like curls, Plin. 37, 150 and 191.

**bōstrychus**, i. m. a curl or ringlet; hence as adj. curled, crinibus bōstrychis, Firm. Math. 4, 12.

**bōtinicum**=herbarium, Isid. orig. 4, 10.

**bōtinismos**, i. m. weeding, Plin. 18, 169.

**bōtellus**, i. m. double dim. a small sausage, Mart. 9, 78, 9; 11, 31, 13; Apic. 2, 55; 2. It. budello, Fr. boyau.

**bōthynus**, i. m. (a hollow) a sort of meteor, Sen. n. q. 1, 14 in Grek.

**bōtrōnātum**, quasi-part. as sb. n. a mode of dressing the hair so as to imitate a bunch of grapes, Tert. cult. fem. 10.

**bōtrū-ōsus**, (*δοστροπ*), a l. like a bunch of grapes, semen, Apul. herb. 66.

**bōtrytis**, *idis*, adj. as sb. f. a gem like a bunch of grapes, Plin. 37, 150; 2. a kind of calamine, Cels. 6, 6, 6; Plin. 34, 101.

**bōtryo**, *ōnis*, m. a bunch of grapes, Mart. 11, 27, 4; Pall. 3, 33.

**bōtryōdēs**, adj. like a bunch of grapes, b. Cadmia, a sort of calamine, Veg. vet. 6, 11, 1; see bōtrytis.

**bōtryōn**, ii. n. a medicament so-called, Plin. 28, 44.

**bōtryōs**, *ōis*, f. a bunch of grapes, Vulg. Mich. 7, 1; 2. the plant ambrosia (maritima), Plin. 25, 74, 27, 28.

**bōtulārius**, adj. as sb. m. a sausage-maker, Sen. ep. 56, 2.

**bōtulus**, i. m. dim. a gut, tortuosae botulorum (so Haupt ej. Herm. 4, 36; mss. batulorum) inflexiones, Clandian. Mam. stat. an. 3, 9; 2. a sausage, Mart. 14, 72, 1; Laber. ap. Gell. 16, 7, 11; 3. met. Tert. Psych. 1.

**bōtūtim**, adv. like oxen, Nigid. ap. Non. 40, 27.

**Bōuānensis**, adj. of Bovianum, inscr. Or. 5972 and 6916.

**Bōuānium**, i. n. a town of the Samnites, a colonia, now Bojano, Liv. 9, 31, 4; Plin. 3, 107; 2. another called B. Vinducianorum, as so colonized, Plin. 3, 107.

**bōuicidium**, ii. n. slaughter of oxen, Solin. 1, 10.

**bōuille**, see bubile.

**bōuilla**, ae. f. an ox-stall, Gloss.

**Bōuillae**, *arum*, f. pl. a town of Latium, Liv. 10, 47, 4; Or. F. 3, 667; inscr. Or. 2625; 2. Eouilla sing. the same, Frontin. col. p. 103.

**Bōuillānus**, adj. of Bovilla, Cic. Plane. 23.

**Bōuillensis**, adj. of Bovillae, inscr. Or. 119, 252 etc.

**bōuillus**, adj. of oxen, grex, Liv. 22, 10, 3; carnes, Theod. Prisc. 1, 7.

**bōuinātor**, *ōris*, m. Hic stricuos bouinatorque, ex improbus duro, Lucil. ap. Gell. 11, 7, 9; who says=terguierator; so Non. 79, 27, who says=malitiosus terguierator. See

**bōuinātur**, conuiatiatur, Paul. ex F. p. 30.

**bōuinus**, adj. of ox, medulla, Theod. Pr. diaet. 15.

**bōuleutērion**, ii. n., senate house, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 50.

See bulenterium.

**bōno**, see bōo.

**bōx**, see bōca.

**brābūsum**, or -ium, ii. (*βραβυσμ*) n. a prize in public games, Solus lrahei duplice Parmant tulisti, Frud. perist. 5, 538; add Tert. ad Marc. 3.

**brābūta**, ae. m. umpire at public games, Suet. Ner. 53; =law term designator ap. Ulp. dig. 3, 2, 4, 1.

**brabyia**, ae. f. a tri-vent plant, Plin. 27, 55.

**brācae**, or braccae, *arum*, f. (a foreign word) f. pl. rarely sing. brācat, braccat, ae. breeches as the dress of the Persians Medes Sarmatians, Pellibus et laxis arcuat mala frigora braccis\*, Ov. tr. 5, 7, 49; Sarmaticis permutant

carbasa bracis, Val. F. 5, 424; pietoque inuuant subtegmene braccae, 6, 227; pro patria cultu Persica braccas\* tegit, Ov. tr. 5, 10, 34; 2. the Celtic plaid (Gael, brachan, from brach, a spot or stripe) Illi (Viridmaro) uirgatis iaculantis ab agmine braccis\* Torquis...deceidit, Prop. 4, 10, 43; (Caecina)...braccas barbarum tegmen indutus, Tac. h. 2, 20. See braccatus.

**brācīrius**, adj. m. as sb. maker of braccas, Lanipr. Al. Sev. 24.

**brācātus**, (bracc.) quasi-part. wearing braccas, either breeches, braccati militis (Parthian), Prop. 3, 4, 17; braccatis Medis, Prop. 3, 53; 2. or the plaid, braccatus et transalpinis nationibus, Cic. fam. 9, 15, 2; braccate cognationis (referring to Placentia), Plin. 53; add Font. 33; 3. Narbonensis provincia...Bra caia ante dicta, Plin. 3, 31; pars (Galliae) aliquando Braccata, nunc Narbonensis, Mela 2, 5, 6; Vt Braccatorum pueri Senonumque minores, Liv. 8, 254.

**Braccius**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, C. Braccius C. L., CIL 1189 and 1190.

**brāceus**, (dub.) adj. of breeches, mala, auct. Priap. 73.

**brāchiālis**, (or brachi, or bracci.) adj. of the arm, Condannus alter alterum ergo in neruum brachiale, Pl. Poen. 5, 4, 98; crassitudo, Plin. 17, 123; 2. hence as sb. m. or f. a bracelet, torquem, brachiālem, anulum apponat (or aponat), Vopisc. Aurel. 7, 6; brachiālem unam uncinum septem, Treb. Pol. Claud. 14, 5; 3. brachiāle as sb. n. the same.

**brāchīstus**, (bracc.) quasi-part. having arms or branches, branched, mineae, Colum. 5, 5, 9 and 12; uitis, Plin. 16, 123.

**brāchiōlāris**, adj. of the arm or foreleg, musculi, Veg. vet. 1, 25, 5.

**brāchiōlium**, i. m. dim. a little arm, Catul. 61, 181 (186); 2. a branch vein of the arm? Veg. vet. 1, 25, 5 (brachiola, Schneid.).

**brachium**, (older brācium, or braccium or braccium), ii. n. arm, prop. from elbow to wrist, and so opposed to unguis or lacertus, sortem apertam brachioque aperto literam digitis optat (ad sitellam afferto), CIL 198, 52; Pallium (so T H K ej., mss. palliolum) habes ferrugineum, nam is calcei talassini (so E C D): Id conexum in unguis (so E C D) laeas expapillato (so B C) brachio (so B C), Pl. Mil. 4, 4, 44; Porce brachium (so B). Praehende, iam tenes? Teneo. Tene, Merc. 5, 2, 42; (brachium) constat ex ossibus duobus, Cels. 8, 1, p. 327, l. 11 Dar.; feminae...nuda brachia ac lacertos, Tac. G. 17; 2. gen. not so restricted, the arm, brachii proiectione in contentiōnibus, contractione in remis, Cic. or. 59; nobis annus erat unus ad cohēdendum brachium toga constitutus, Cael. 11; collo dare brachia circum, Verg. 6, 700; Fidens inuentus horrida brachiis, Hor. od. 3, 4, 50; 3. phrases, leui or molli brachio, with a light hand, not putting out one's strength, gently, consules qui illud l. b. egressis ruit ad senatum detulerunt, Cic. Att. 4, 16, 6; quod me m. b. obuias, 2, 1, 6; 4. in unguem iactare brachia, to fight without an opponent, Sen. n. q. 7, 14, 1; 5. direxit brachia contra Torrentem, Iuv. 8, 89; II 6. of the foreleg of animals, nel elephant in India Quo pacto pugno praefregisti brachium (so B P), Pl. Mil. 1, 1, 20; leoni in brachiorum ossibus exiura (medulla), Plin. 11, 214; 7. arm of other creatures, iam brachia contrahit ardens Scorpis, Verg. G. 1, 34; (nautilos) brachia retorquens, Plin. 9, 88; cancris bina brachia denticulatis forcibus, 9, 97; add 9, 92; 8. branch of a tree, and perh. small branches, as opp. to rami, hoc uitem sub brachia unguito, Cato r. 95; (aesculis) late ramos et brachia pandens (al. tendens), Verg. G. 2, 296; add 368; brachia (uitis) tenera seruat, Colum. 4, 24, 7; (cucis) in brachia ramorum spargitur, Plin. 13, 62; III 9. of non-living objects, as an arm of the sea, Ov. M. 1, 13; 10. esp. outlying works of fortification, muro brachium iniunxerat qua sui commare possent, Liv. 4, 9, 14; brachio obiecto flumine eos excludit, 22, 52, 1; add 44, 35, 23; Theseae brachia longa niae, Prop. 3, 21, 24; 11. of natural features, duo terrae eius (a valley) quasi brachia excurrunt, Curt. 6, 4, 16; Taurus...ubi brachia mittit, Plin. 5, 98; 12. of yard-arms, intendi brachia uelis, Verg. 5, 829; 13. of a ballista etc. Vitr. 1, 8; 14. hence Fr. bras.

**brachycatalectus**, adj. too short by a foot, but acc. to Diom. 502. 10 K the reverse, (s)pecies brachycatalecta pedem plus (minus?) habet quam poscit pedum dispositio.

**brachylogia**, only as a Gr. word, Quint. 9. 3. 99.  
**brachysyllabus**, adj. made up of short syllables, as a tribrach, Diom. 470. 1 K.

**bractea**, f. *brattea*, ae, f. lit. a leaf, hence a very thin plate of metal, as tinsel, gold leaf, ut aranea bratteaque, (so Lachm. and Munro v. A B) Lucr. 4. 727; crepitabat brattea (so Ribb. v. M); *brattia* P) uento, Verg. 6. 209; Iuspie quam tenuis bractea ligna tenet, Ov. a. a. 3. 232; deraas est uenque ministri bractea, Mart. 8. 33. 5; bractea uia, of the golden fleece, 9. 61, 4; 2. ligni brattae (so A) of veneering, Plin. 16. 232; met. brattens eloquentiae, Solin. pr. 2; 3. bractea non brattia, gram. Eichenf. p. 444; 4. still et more likely to pass into *tt* than the converse; 5. akin to *G.blatt* a leaf, but that is for a theoretic blae, the same word *v. folium*.

**bractealis**, adj. of gold-leaf or tinsel, fulgor, Prud. perist. 10. 1025.  
**bractearius**, adj. as sb. m. maker of gold-leaf or tinsel, a gold beater, C. Fulcinus C. L. bractearius; 2. bractearia, f. Fulvia Melena uixit annis xxxviii bractearia, inser. Or. 4153; inauratores, bractearios, argentarios, Firm. Math. 4. 15; Concordiae collegi bracteariorum inauratorum, inser. Or. 4066.

**bracteaor**, oris, m. the same, Firm. Math. 8. 16.  
**bracteatius**, quasi-part. covered with gold-leaf, gilt, leo, Sen. ep. 41. 6 (eui aurata iuba); sellae, Silon. ep. 8. 8; lacunar, 2. 10; comae, Mart. Cap. 1. p. 20 G. p. 22. 20 Eyss.; met., felicitas, Sen. ep. 115. 9; dictum, Anson. grat. Grt. 8.  
**Bradua**, ae, m. a cognomen, M. Valerius Bradua, inser. Frat. Arn.

**branchiae**, arum (akin to βραγχος), f. pl. gills, piscium, Plin. 9. 16 and 69; 2. in sing. Anson. Mos. 265.  
**branchos**, only as a Gr. word, Cacl. Aur. tard. 2. 7, § 95.

**brancum**, i, n. foot, lupi...ursi, agrim. 309. 2 and 4 Lachm., as land-marks.

**brasmatica**, ae, f. (βρασσω boil), m. a violent earthquake, Annu. 17. 7. 13.

**brassica**, ae, f. a cabbage, Cato r. 156 and 157: Apponunt runcicem brassicam betam blitum, Pl. Ps. 3. 2. 26; brassica cum vi foliorum sit transferri debet, Colum. 11. 3. 23; add Prop. 4. 2. 44; but in Cic. N.D. 2. 120 brassicis is no longer read.  
**brastae**, arum, m. pl. earthquakes, Apul. mand. 18.

**brathy**, ys, n. the savin-tree, in Linn. herba Sabina, Plin. 24. 102; Apul. herb. 85; Scrib. C. 154.

**brattea**, see bractea.  
**bratus**, i, f. (a foreign word), a tree like the cypress, Plin. 12. 78.

**brax**, braxis, (a Keltic word) sb. a Gallic kind of barley, Plin. 18. 62; called by Colum. 2. 9. 8 ordeum Galaticum.

**brechna**, (an Indian word = mortuum; βραχνα of Dioscorides), an ab active pepper fruit, Plin. 12. 27.

**brēphotrophus**, ii, n. a foundling hospital, cod. Inst. 1. 2. 19 and 23.

**brēphotrophus**, i, m. one who rears foundlings, 1. 3. 42. 9.

**brēlarius**, adj. reduced to a small compass, summarized, rationes, Scaev. dig. 33. 8. 20; 2. brēlarium, ii, as sb. n. a summary, nunc brēlarium dicitur, olim cum Latine loqueremur, summarium uocabatur, Sen. ep. 39. 1; culturae quoddam br., Plin. 18. 230; imperii, Suet. Aug. 101; rationum, Suet. Galb. 12.

**brēlātiō**, ōnis, f. shortening, dierum, Aug. ad Hes. So m.

**brēlātōr**, ōris, m. abbreviator, epitomiser, Pompeius eiusque br. Iustinus, Oros. hist. 1. 8; 2. maker of an inventory, nonell. 105. 2. 4.

**brēuicūlus**, adj. dim. short, Canum uarum nentiorum bucculicūm breuicūm, Pl. Merc. 3. 5. 54; cotiorumque potius pinnis breuiculis quam aqualium maiestate uolitare, Front. eloq. p. 146 Nab.; grabatulus, Apul. M. 1. 11; tempus, 6. 25.

**brēuiloquens**, entis, quasi-part. of few words, concise, Cic. Att. 6. 20. 1.

**brēuiloquentia**, ae, f. brevity of speech, conciseness, Cic. as quoted by Gell. 12. 2. 7 from Sen.

**brēuiloquus**, = βραχυλογος, Gloss. Labb.

**brēuio**, are, vb. shorten, cruciari, Quint. 11. 3. 83; syllabam, 12. 10. 57; sic breuiantur Lanigeri ad fines, Manil. 3. 434; prolixia, Lact. ep. praef.; horae breuiatne, Sidon. ep. 2. 2.

**brēuis**, (i) βραχυς :: leuis (ελαφς) e, adj. short, first of space, spatium hoc breuiter curriculo, Pl. Stic. 2. 1. 35; capite breui, ceruice angusta, Pac. ap. Cic. div. 2. 133; sedebat index L. Aurifex breuior ipse quam testis, or. 2. 245; breuis est uia, Verg. B. 9. 23; breuius colubris, Ov. her. 2. 119; statura breues, Quint. 2. 3. 8; 2. gen. small, breue quod caput, ardua euerit, Hor. s. 1. 2. 89; et scis In brene te cogi, cum plenus languet amator, ep. 1. 20. 8; pantheris in candido breues macularum oculi, Plin. 8. 62; breuius Gyaris, Iuv. 1. 73; b. supellex, Ulp. dig. 1. 18. 6. 5; 3. small in depth, shallow, puteusque brevis nec reste mouendus, Iuv. 3. 226; Has inopis, undae breuis comminunt uada, Sen. Agam. 503; si diffusa (aqua, or perh. diffusio) breuem aquam faciat, Ulp. dig. 43. 12. 1. 15; 4. hence breuis as sb. n. pl. shallows, shoal-water, breakers, tris Eurus ab alto In breuia et Syrtis urget, Verg. 1. 111; neque discerni poterant breuia a profundis, Tac. an. 1. 70; 5. 6. of time short, uita, Pl. Ps. 3. 2. 33; Most. 3. 2. 37; Tanto breuior ut dies fiat faciam, Pl. Amph. 1. 3. 51; tam in breui spatio, Ter. Haut. 5. 2. 2; respublica breui tempore ius suum recuperabit, Cic. fam. 12. 2. 3; potest aut longius aut breuius tempus dari, Gai. inst. 2. 170; 6. hence of that which lasts but a short time, short-lived, short, occasio, Ter. Eun. 3. 5. 57; omnia breuia tolerabilia esse debent, etiam si magna, Cic. am. 104; ilium, Hor. od. 1. 36. 16; flores rosae, 2. 3. 13; dominus, 2. 14. 24; 7. esp. of language, Breuin an longinquo sermone est (ms. sermone), Pl. Ml. 4. 2. 29; b. est L. Crassi oratio, Cic. or. 2. 326; ualidae, tum breues sententiae, Quint. 10. 1. 60; 8. of persons, brief in speech, of few words, multos imitatio breuitatis decipit, ut, cum se breues putent esse, longissimi sint, Cic. inu. 1. 28; 9. of a syllable, short, inductus dicitur breui prima littera (as opposed to long by nature), insanus producta, inhumanus breui, infelix longa, Cic. or. 155; neque enim loqui possumus nisi syllabis breuibas ac longis, ex quibus pedes fiunt, Quint. 9. 4. 61; et longis pleniores et breuius sunt breuiore, 9. 4. 84; 10. breuis as sb. m. (sc. libellus), a short statement, a summary, ut in cubiculo haberet breues et numerum et tempora militantium indicantes, Lampr. Al. Sev. 21. 6; breuem nomen conscripsit, Vop. Aurel. 36. 5; iuxta breuem infra scriptum (note gen.), Vop. Bon. 15. 7; breuis munerum, ib. 8; 11. breui, abl., as adv., briefly, in few words, te absolam breui, Pl. Epid. 3. 4. 30; reddam si potero breui, Cic. leg. 2. 34; genus uniuersum breui defuiri potest, Sest. 97; cum tu tam multis uerbis ad me scrippisses, ut tuis litteris breui responderem, fam. 3. 8. 1; 12. shortly, a short time, cum ille magnas copias habet et maiores breui habiturus sit, Pomp. ap. Cic. Att. 8. 12. C 1; but Cic. in Verr. 2. 5. 142 has perbreui (not breui); fuit Aeschylus non breui antiquior, Gell. 13. 19 (18). 4; 13. breuiter, adv. briefly, in few words, summam breuiterque discipimus, Cic. or. 50; quod ego plurimis uerbis, illi breuiter, fin. 4. 26; exposui quam breuissime potui, div. 1. 70; 14. for a short time, breuiter motus est, Gell. 19. 1. 20; 15. of short pronunciation of syllables, Cic. or. 159; IV. 16. a superl. breuissimus is implied in bruma = brumina, dies; 17. breuis a monos. at times in the old drama; see Pl. above in § 7, and cf. leuis, a monos. in Terence.

**brēuitas**, atis, f. shortness; hominiulus Gallis prae magnitudine corporum suorum breuitas nostra contempti est, Caes. b. g. 2. 30. 4; eratum, Plin. 8. 123; 2. of time, at breuitate temporis tam pauca cogere scribere, Cic. Att. 1. 10. 1; 3. fewness of words, breuity, Cic. or. 2. 236; 4. of a syllable, Cic. or. 193; 5. narrow-

ness, b. tam angustifretus, Gell. 10, 26, 6; 6. smallness, guttae (uiui argenti) propter breuitates non possunt colligi. Vitr. 7, 8, 2; doni, Cland. epig. 20.

**bria**, ae, f. a cup of some kind, date immortalibus Diis bibant, scyphos, brias, pateras, Arnob. 7, 29; bria, *εἶδος ἀγχείων* (so ej. *ἄσπ. αἰών*), Gloss. Philox.

**brisa**, ae, f. a mass of grapes and grapestones after first pressure, subactam brisam prelo subice, Colum. 12, 39, 2.

**Broccilla**, ae, f. a cognomen, Valeria Brocchilla, inscr. ap. Don. 7, 164.

**broccitās**, ātis, f. projection (of teeth), senectus in equis intelligitur dentium broccitate, Plin. 11, 169.

**broechus**, (or rather broneus, perh. shortened from a form = *πρωτοβόος* or a Dor. *πρωτοβόος*, adj. projecting, as teeth), sin ea nihil pariat... broechum (*ἄσπ. broechum*) filium, Plant. ap. Fest. v. *calvus*, p. 375; *Broechus* Bouillanus dente aduerso eminus hoc est, Himeroceros uelut Aethiopus, Lucil. ap. Non. 25, 27; cum dentes sunt facti broechi... dicunt eum equum habere annos sedecim, Varr. r. 2, 7, 3; dentibus (canum) superioribus directis potius quam broechis, 2, 9, 3; 2. a cognomen, T. (Furius) Broechus, Cic. Ligar. 33; L. Furius Broechus, ap. Eckhel 5, 221; labra, a quibus Broechi Labeones dicti, Plin. 11, 159.

**brochos**, or -on, i, the gum of the bellium, Plin. 12, 35.

**brōmos**, i, m. an oat imported from the East, Plin. 18, 93; 2. a wild oat, a weed, 22, 161.

**brōmōsus**, (*ἄσπ. ὁσπ. ὁσπ. ὁσπ.*, a stink), adj. stinking, fetid, caro, Cael. Aur. aet. 2, 37 § 209; qualitas, tard. 3, 2 § 16.

**brōncus**, see broechus.

**brōntea**, ae, (*ἄσπ. ὁσπ.*), a gem, supposed to be thrown down by lightning, Plin. 37, 150, and 176.

**brūchus**, (*ἄσπ. ὁσπ.*), i, m. a wingless locust, Prud. ham. 227.

**brūma**, ae, (= breuius, se. dies), f. the shortest day, nono Calendas Ianuarias brumale solstitium, Colum. 11, 2, 94; bruma capricorni viii Kalendas Ianuar. fere, Plin. 18, 221; ante brumam autem noni Negoti incipere! Ter. Ph. 4, 4, 28; tempus a bruma ad brumam, dum sol redit, uocatur annus, Varr. l. 6, 2; solstitii brumae, Cic. N.D. 2, 19; Brumā noni prima est, ueterisque nouissima solis, Ov. tr. 1, 163; 2. mid-winter, musculorum ieiunia solis bruma dieuntur angeli, et pulium aridum florescere ipso brumali die, Cic. div. 2, 33; nec tota claudes familia bruma, Verg. G. 3, 321; Aestate me laecassis; cum bruma est, silis, Phaedr. 4, 24, 19.

**brūmālis**, e, adj. of the shortest day, see bruma; ut in brumali die nati, Cic. fat. 5; ut spectent eublicia familia bruma, Verg. G. 3, 321; Aestate me laecassis; cum bruma est, silis, Phaedr. 4, 24, 19.

**brūmālis**, e, adj. of the shortest day, see bruma; ut in brumali die nati, Cic. fat. 5; ut spectent eublicia familia bruma, Verg. G. 3, 321; Aestate me laecassis; cum bruma est, silis, Phaedr. 4, 24, 19.

**brūscum**, i, n. an excrecence in the maple tree, Plin. 16, 68.

**brūtesco**, ere, vb. become brutish, Sidon. ep. 4, 1 f.; Venant. ep. praef. carm. 6, 5.

**brūtus**, (akin to *ἄσπ. ὁσπ.* and if so to *grauis*), adj. heavy, Brutum antiqui grauem dicebant, Paul. ex F. p. 31; 2. and so senseless, brute, *ἀνισθητός*, Nam cadere aut bruto deberent pondere pressae Vt lapides, aut... Lucr. 6, 105; tellus, Hor. od. 1, 34, 9; neque tam bruta quam terra, neque tam lenia quam aetheria, Apul. D. Socr. 9; quod iners fuerit et brutum et sensus mobilitate priuatum, Arnob. 6, 15, f.

3. hence of man and animals, when all but devoid of sense, brutum aut elinguntur putes, Pacuv. ap. Non. 77, 33; Fortunam insanam 'se et caecam et brutam perhibent philosophi... Brutum, quia dignum atque indignum nequeat internoscere, Pacuv. ap. Cornif. ad Her. 2, 36; ista culpa Brutorum? minime, sed illorum brutorum qui se sapientes putant, Cic. Att. 14, 14, 2; relegatus a patre ob adulescentiam brutam et hebetem, Sen. ben. 3, 37, 4; 4. b. fulmina, explained by Pliny, 2, 113; quae nulla peniant ratione naturae; 5. brutissimus, as superl. Iul. Val. gest. Alex. M. 3, 67; 6. a cognomen, L. Iunius

Brutus, so called for his affected stupidity, Liv. 1, 56, 7.

**brya**, ae, f. the shrub tamarisk, so called in Achaia. Plin. 13, 116.

**bryōn**, i, n. a kind of lichen, also called sphagnos, Plin. 12, 108; 2. catkin of the silver poplar, 12, 132;

3. a sea-moss, 27, 56; 32, 110.

**bryōnia**, ae, f. bryony, the white, Plin. 23, 24; Scrib. C. 59; 2. the black bryony, Plin. 23, 27.

**bryōniās**, ādis, f. the black bryony, Colum. 10, 250.

**buae**, ārum, f. pl. potio parabolorum, cum cibum ac potionem buas ac papas docent (dicunt), Varr. ap. Non. 51.

**būbālinus**, not in Val. Imp. ap. Vopise, Prob. 4, 6.

**būbālion**, ii, n. wild cucumber, Apul. herb. 113.

**būbūlus**, (*ἄσπ. ὁσπ. ὁσπ.*, a buffalo) i, m., a gazelle, Plin. 8, 38; and 11, 222; Sol. 20, 5; 2. also of the uerochs or buffalo, ib. 8, 38; Sol. ib.; Illi cessit atrox bubalus atque lion, Mart. spect. 23, 4.

3. supra bubalos, name of a place in Rome, inscr. Or. Henzen 6286.

**būbētis**, iudi, games boum causa, Plin. 18, 12.

**būbile**, (ad. bouile) is, adj. as sb. n. an ox-stall, Enim metuo ut possim reieciere in bubile (so Pareus and Ritschl, *ἄσπ. bubili* and *bubilem*) ne uagentur, Pl. Pers. 2, 5, 18; Cato r. 4; Varr. r. 1, 13, 1; Colum. 1, 6, 4; Varr. l. 8, 30; and ap. Charis. 104, 28 K; Et opportuno se bubili condidit, Phaedr. 2, 8, 4; Charis. 104, 29 attributes bouile to Cato.

**bubinare**, est menstruo mulierum sanguine inquinare, Paul. ex F. p. 32; bubinare, the same, Isid. Gloss.: bibinare the same, Plac. p. 436.

**būbio** or butio, ire, vb. cry as a bittern (gloss), earm. Phil. 42.

**bubuleum**, genus uini, Paul. ex F. p. 32.

**būbo**, ōnis, m. and f. great-eared owl, strix bubo Linn.. Solaque culminibus ferali carmine bubo saepe queri, Verg. 4, 462; Ignarus bubo, dirum turbatores omen, Ov. M. 5, 550; add 6, 432; 10, 453; 15, 791; Plin. 10, 34 and 35; buboni plumae uelut aures, 11, 137; Lucan. 5, 396; 2. fem. in Verg. above; both m. and f. Prise. l. 141, 18; 1, 206, 90 K; Rhem. Pal. 1370, 47 P.; elsewhere m.

**Bubōna**, ae, f. goddess of oxen, Aug. C. D. 4, 34.

**būbōnion**, ii, n. the plant Aster Atticus, a remedy for a swelling, Plin. 27, 36.

**būbrōstis**, is, f. a poison of some kind, Marc. dig. 48, 8, 3, 3; perh. = *buprestis*, cf. Mommsen's note.

**būbsēqua**, (qui boues sequitur) ae, m. an oxherd, Apul. M. 8, 1; flor. 1, 3; D. Socr. 5; apol. 10; Silon. ep. 1, 6; bubseque *βοσκός*, Gloss. Vule. p. 18.

**būbūlārius**, (adj. of beef (bubula), C. Vari. Fausti... uici bululari noui (as name of a street) regionis viii... sibi et suis, inscr. Grut. 621, 4).

**būbulcārius**, adj. of an oxherd; as sb. an oxherd, *βοσκός*, bubulcarius, Gloss.

**būbulcitor**, āri, (bubulens) vb. r. live as an oxherd, Deceit me amare et te bubulcitar, Pl. Most. 1, 1, 53;

2. bubuleto, āre, the same, apud Plotium rhetorem bubulcitar, Varr. ap. Non. 79, 28; nihil amplius quam bubulcitate nonere, Apul. flor. 5.

**būbulcus**, i, m. one who has charge of or drives oxen, an oxherd, Cic. div. 1, 57; Varr. r. 2 pr. 4; Stridula Sanromates plaustia bubulcus agit, Ov. tr. 3, 12, 30; Colum. 1, 6, 8; 1, 9, 2; 2, 25, 25; add Iuv. 11, 151; 2. as a cognomen, C. Iunius B., Liv. 9, 20, 7; 27, 6, 8; add Plin. 18, 10.

**būbālinus**, adj. (bubulus) of oxen or cows, senum, Veg. 3, 4, 8; urina, 3, 4, 29.

**būbūlo**, āre, vb. screech as an owl (bubo), earm. Phil. 37.

**būbūlus**, adj. of an ox or cow, heri in tergo meo Tris facile corios contrinisti būbūlos, Pl. Poen. 1, 1, 11; exuinae, Most. 4, 1, 25; finium, Cato r. 40, 2; Plin. 17, 111; penis, Naev. ap. Fest. 230 B 30; pecus, Varr. 2, 1, 13; armentum, Colum. praef. 26; iucis, Cels. 4, 16; utres, Plin. 6, 176; caro, 28, 156; caseus, Suet. Aug. 76;

2. lingua bubula, ox-tongue, a plant, *βορβυλλος*, Plin. 17,

112; 3. ad capita bubula, a place or street in Rome in the 10th region, Suet. Aug. 5; 4. bubula as sb. f. (sc. caro) beef, Pl. Anl. 2, 8, 4; Cure. 2, 3, 88; Cels. 2, 28; 4, 12 (p. 137, 10 bar.); Apic. 356 Sch.

**Būca**, ae, f. a town of the Frentani, Plin. 3, 106; see also buca.

**būcāda**, ae, m. one who is cowhided, Pl. Most. 4, 2, 1. **būcānus**, adj. of the town Buca, only in a spurious inscr. Or. 143.

**būcardia**, ae, f. a gem, bubulo cordi similis, Plin. 37, 150.

**bucca**, ae, f. a cheek, Agc tibicen, quom bibisti refer ad labes tibias: Suffla celeriter tibi buccas quasi prosperpens bestia, Pl. Stic. 5, 4, 41; add 5, 6, 7; Buccas rubrica, creta omne corpus iniuxit tibi, Tine. 2, 2, 39; uentus Ceruus cum loquere buccam implet, Cato ap. Gell. 2, 22, 29; Gallum buccae fluentibus, Cic. or. 2, 266; Iuppiter ambas Iratus buccas inflet, Hor. s. 1, 1, 21; attenti buccarum sinus perlucet, Plin. 11, 173 (of frogs); 2. phrases, si rem nullam habebis, quod in buccam uenerit scribito, Cic. Att. 1, 12, 4; garinus quidquid in buccam, 12, 1, 2—whatever occurs to one; 3. durae bucae fuit (=duri oris) shameless, Petr. 43; 4. bucca bucae quot sunt hic? Petr. 64; refers to some child's play, Pers. 5, 13 of pompous words; 6. of horn-blowers and noisy orators or talkers, notaque per oppida bucae, Iuv. 3, 35; Curtius et Mathio bucae, 11, 34; add Mart. 1, 41, 13; 7. a mouthful, Oret caninas panis improbi bucae, Mart. 10, 5, 5; non buccam panis inuenire potui, Petr. 44; and perh. duas buccas (Baumg. buceas) manducati, Suet. Aug. 76; 8. met. of the hollow under the knee-cap, Plin. 11, 250; 9. a cognomen, L. Messius Buca, inscr. Grut. 729, 11; L. Aemilius Buca, Eckhel D. N. 5, 122; Ascon. in Scaur. p. 29.

**bucca**, see buca, § 7.

**buccella**, ae, f. doub. dim. a little mouth, bucca bucella, not. Tiron. p. 127; 2. a little mouthful, Mart. 6, 75, 3; 3. a biscuit, distributed by emperors, Th. C. 14, 17, 5.

**buccellāris**, adj. of biscuits, farina, Plin. Val. 1, 6;

2. bucellare, as sb. n. a cooking utensil? Mare. Emp. 23.

**buccellārius**, adj. the same; 2. as sb. m. a military attendant (as carrying biscuits for an officer), Leo et Authem. cod. 9, 12, 10.

**buccellātus**, quasi-part. as sb. n. bisenit, frumentum ad usus diuturnitatem excoctum, buccellatum (al. bucell.), ut uulgo adpellant, Amm. 17, 8, 2; excoctio bucellati, Th. C. 7, 5, 2; add Spart. Pesc. Nig. 10, 4.

**buccina** etc. see buccina etc.

**bucco**, ōnis, m. fat-cheeks, a term for a fool, stulti stolidi fatulū-buccones (al. bucones), Pl. Bac. 5, 1, 2; bucco pariter fac ut rem tracter. Laui iamdudum manus, Pomp. ap. Non. 516, 18; si cum hac Rufini fallacia contendatur, macci prorsus et bucones uidebuntur, Apul. mag. 81; 2. bucco auctoratus, b. adoptatus, names of plays by Pomponius; 3. a cognomen, L. Pompeius Bucco, coin ap. Mionnet 1, 39; add Mart. 11, 76, 2.

**bucconiatis**, see buconatis.

**buccōsus**, adj. having large cheeks, not. Tir. p. 127.

**buccula**, (buccula\*) ae, f. dim. a little cheek, Snet. Galb. 4; Apul. M. 3, 10; 6, 22; Anob. 2, 42; 2. the cheek-piece of a helmet, fracta de casside buccula pendens, Iuv. 10, 134; octo cassides totidemque bucculas...tegerent argento, Th. C. 10, 22, 1; fedit et galena gemmatas, fedit et bucculas, Capitol. Maxim. iun. 3, 9; buccula, παρὰπαρα-βελ, Gloss. Philox. 2. two cheek-pieces joined together below the chin would serve to keep on the helmet, and so might come to signify a buckle, but a pl. would give way to a sing., and so 3. a buckle (fr. boucle; cf. to bouclier, E. buckle), i. e. a shield provided with a buckle) of a shield, alii galas bucculasque scuto-rum, alii loricas tegere, Liv. 44, 34, 8; buccularum\* stratores, Tarrut. Pat. dig. 50, 7; cf. Mayor ad Iuv. 10, 134; and b. elypei, Du Cange s.v. 4. part of a catapult, Vitruv. 10, 15, 3.

**bucculēntus**, adj. with large cheeks, Pl. Merc. 3, 4, 54.

**būcōras**, (βουκερας) ātis, n. the plant fenugreek, Plin. 24, 184.

**būcōrus**, adj. of oxen, greges, Luer. 2, 663.

**būcōrus**, (implies a bouceus = bouceus) adj. ox-horned, hence of oxen, bucōra sacula, Luer. 5, 866; 6, 1237 (1245); armentaque bucōra paut, Ov. M. 6, 395; pecus, Paul. ex F. p. 32.

**būcētum**, (bucetum) i, n. a plain, etc. for grazing oxen, (porta) Mucionis a mugitu quod ea pecus in buceta tum ex-igebant, Varr. 1, 5, 34; calidi lucent bucēti Matini, Lucan. 9, 185; per depasta buccia, Sidon. ep. 2, 2; 2. a herd of oxen, buceta in ea terra gigni pascique solita sint complura, Gell. 11, 1, 1.

**būcina**, (bucina) ae, f. trumpet, from bucca; (the Gk. βουκκη a loan-word from Latin) te gallorum, illum bucinarum cantus exsuscitat, Cic. Mur. 22; ad bucinam conuenire, Varr. r. 2, 4, 20; add 3, 13, 1; signum bucina datur, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 96; bello dat signum rauca eruentum Bucina, Verg. 11, 475; 2. for shape, note: caua bucina sumitur illi Tortilis, in latum quae turbine crescit ab imo, Ov. M. 1, 335; tuba quae directa est appellatur; bucina quae in semet aereo circulo flectitur, Verg. mil. 3, 5;

3. esp. as used to summon a watch (vigilia) in the camp, ubi secunda uigiliae bucina datum signum esset, Liv. 7, 35, 1; add 20, 15, 6; mediam somni cum bucinā noctem Diuideret, Sil. 7, 154; add Prop. 4, 4, 63; 4. and to mark divisions of day-time, Nondum in noctem urgente die Tertia mi-ti bucina signum, Sen. Thy. 799; cf. bucinio;

5. of fame, sed qui sermones, quam foede bucina famae? Iuv. 14, 152.

**būcīnator**, ōris, m. trumpeter, bucinator in castris et panes ad speciem tabernaculi relictis, Caes. b.c. 2, 35, 7; C. Sallio Matern. bucinatori leg. V alaude, inscr. Or. 3522.

**būcīno**, āre, vb. blow the trumpet, trumpet, cum bucinatum est, aperiuat, Varr. r. 2, 4, 20; saepe declamante illo te bucinat, Sen. contr. 7, praef. 1 p. 179 Burs.

**būcīnum**, i, n. sound of trumpet, ad bucinum recurris, Plin. 9, 103; donec una (api-) excitet bombo, ut bucinio alioque, 11, 20; 2. a trumpet-shaped shell, bucinum minor concha ad similitudinem eius qua bucinus sonus editur, Plin. 9, 129; add § 130.

**būcīnus**, i, m. the same, of a cock's crowing, Petr. 74.

**bucitum**, see bucinum.

**būcōlicus**, ōnis, adj. of a shepherd or shepherds, bucolic, modi, Ov. tr. 2, 538; poema, Colum. 7, 10, 8; Diom. 456, 17 K; tome, Auson. ep. 4, 90—wh. an hexameter has a dactyl in the fourth place ending with a word, as in: Rustica siluestres resonant bene | fistula cantus, cf. Serv. de C metris. 461, 12; milites, Capitol. Anton. phil. 21, 2; Vuleac. Avid. Cass. 6, 7; panaces, Plin. 25, 31; 2. bucolicon, i. absol. as sb. n. a bucolic poem, utraque bucolica, Theocriti et Vergili, Gell. 9, 9, 4.

**būconatis** (pālinps. buconates, Sillig in text buconatis), adj. as sb. f. (sc. uitis), a sort of vine on the hills of Thurium, Plin. 14, 39.

**būcōrīnum** (βουκεριον), ii, n. an oxhead, Taurobolio matris D...pro salute imperatoris Caes. T. Aeli Hadriani Antonini...ara(m) et bucanium...consacrauit, inscr. Or. 2322; 2. a plant, Apul. herb. 86.

**būcūla** (for bou-icula), ae, f. dim. a heifer, aut bucula caelum Suspiciens, Verg. G. 1, 375; add 4, 11\*; B. 8, 86; ex aere Myronis buculum, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 135; ex auro buculum, div. 1, 48; add Plin. 34, 57; 2. Rübbeck in \* above has bucula, but rather bucula.

**būcūlus**, i, m. a steer, Colum. 6, 2, 4.

**būfo**, ōnis, m. a toad, Verg. G. 1, 184.

**būglossa**, ae, f. ox-tongue as the name of a boraginous plant, Apul. herb. 41; Senen. Samia. 424; 2. with a short initial syllable, Acmil. Mac. 1 and 10.

**būglossos**, i, m. (βουγλωσσος), the same, Plin. 25, 81; 26, 116. See bubulus, § 2.

**būgōnia**, ae, f. creation of bees from decaying bodies of cattle, Varr. r. 2, 5, 5.

**būlāpāthos**, i, n. a kind of sorrel, Plin. 20, 235.

**būbāc-cus** (bulbus), adj. bulbous, radix, Plin. 21, 170.

**bulbine** (βουλβίνη), *cs*, f. a bulbous plant, Plin. 19, 95; 20, 107.

**bulbosus**, adj. bulbous, radix, Plin. 21, 102; 21, 158.

**bulbulus**, i, m. dim. a small bulb, Pall. 3, 3.

**bulbus**, i (= βούλος), m. a bulb, Colum. 4, 32, 2; arb.

20, 1; Plin. 17, 144; 22, 67; 2. esp. an edible bulb, as

the onion, b. Megaricus, Cato r. 8, 2; add Ov. rem. am.

797; Colum. 10, 106; Cels. 2, 21, 22, 23 and 26; Plin. 19,

93 etc.; Apic. 181; 309—312.

**buliē**, *cs*, f. (βουλία), legislative assembly, senate, Plin. ep.

10, 110, 112 and 116.

**bulenta**, ae, m. a senator, Plin. ep. 10, 39 (48), 5; 10,

112, 3; Spart. Sever. 17, 2.

**bulentērium**, ii, n. senate-house, Plin. 36, 100. See

bouletierion.

**bulga**, (mulga\*), ae (prob. from uoluo; akin to G. balg,

a skin; E. belly and bulge); f. a leathern bag, esp. as a

purse; Bulgam et quidquid habet nummorum non habet

ipse: Cum bulga cenat dormit laut, Lucil. ap. Non. 78, 6;

nohilis philippum quam quod bibimus, cum alterum

addamus in bulga, alterum in uesicam, Varr. ib.; co ut

uaticum ex arcula adderem in uulgam\*, ib. 187, 20;

2. the belly (wh. is the same word), ut quisque e bulga est

matris in luce editus, Lucil. ap. Non. 78, 14; 3. for

form uulga, see \* above, and add Lucil. ap. Non. 187, 18;

see uulua.

**bulimia**, ae, f. (βουλμία) ravenous hunger (as a disease),

Madida quae mi adposita ad mensam (al. mensa) bulimiam

(ss THK, Bernays first suggesting bulimam, agst metre,

ss muliniam, add. miliniam, famem understool) suggest-

rant, Pl. Men. 1, 3, 29; bulimam (read bulimiam) Graeci

magnum famem dicunt, Fest.; the long i in penult of buli-

mia corresponds as usual to Greek accent; cf. for ex. Phro-

nesium (ss mss) nam phronēsis (= φρόνησις) est sapientia,

Pl. Truc. 1, 1, 60.

**Bulimio**, *onis*, m. glutton, a surname, Bulimioni lib.

Claudiae acis fecit Dionysia coniugi b. m., inser. Fabr.

125, 35.

**bulmus**, m. [βουλμος Plut. and Erasist. ap. Gell. 3, 16,

o] = bulimia, sideratica iumenta dicuntur cum... iumenta

bulimum fecerint, Veg. vet. 3, 35; wh. accounts for iumenta

bulimus, not. Tir. 166.

**bulia**, ae, f. a bubble, Ov. M. 10, 734; Mart. S. 33, 18;

2. met., si est homo bulia, eo magis senex, Varr. r.

1, 1; 3. a small ball or boss, as an ornament, as on a

door, fussin in splendorem dari has bullas foribus nostris?

Pl. As. 2, 4, 20; bullas aureas ex ualuis auferre, Cic. Verr.

2, 4, 124; 4. on a belt, Verg. 9, 359; 12, 942; 5. a

ball as representing the sun in a machine, Vitr. 9, 9, 9,

p. 239, l. 21 Rose; 6. esp. a golden boss as worn by

young sons of equites, neque te tam commonebat quod

cum toga praetexta, quam quod siue bulia uenerat... Quod

ornamentum pueritiae pater dederat, insigne fortunae, hoc

ab isto praetexto ereptum... Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 152; Quum

primum pauido custos mihi purpura cessit Bullaque sub-

cinetis Laribus donata pependit, Pers. 5, 31; a Prisco Tar-

quinio omnium primo filium, cum in praetexta annis

occidisset hostem bulia aurea donatum, unde mos bullae

durant at eorum qui equo mouissent fili insigne id habere-

rent, ceteri lorum, Plin. 33, 10; add Maer. s. 1, 6, 10 and

11; Die senior bulia dignissime, Iuv. 1, 33; 7. a boss

worn by a pet animal, as a fawn, Ov. M. 10, 114;

8. carried by a general in a triumph, Maer. s. 1, 6, 94;

9. dedicated to a deity, Hereuli, inser. Or. 2700;

Innoni, inser. Grut. 25, 2.

**bullatio**, *onis*, f. bubbling, hence met. lapis sparsa bulla-

tione, Plin. 34, 148 (so Silig v. mss).

1 **bullatus** (bulia), quasi-part., provided with a bulia, or

boy's boss, puer, Seip. Afric. Aem. ap. Maer. 3, 14 (2, 10),

7; heres, Iuv. 14, 4; statua, Val. M. 3, 1, 1; 2. with

boss or bosses, cingulum, Varr. l. 5, 24.

2 **bullatus**, part. of bullo, wh. see.

**bullesco**, *ere*, vb. bubble, boil, Ampel. lib. mem. S.

**bullo**, *ire*, vb. bubble, as boiling water; send up bub-

bles, Cels. 5, 19, 28; (spiritus) bullientes per fontes egredi-

untur, Vitr. 8, 3, 2; 2. met. Pers. 5, 34; 3. boil,

(hinc) bullita atteres, Veg. vet. 2, 17, 5; 4. met. indig-

natione, Apul. M. 10, 24 f.

**bullitus**, *ūs*, m. bubbling, ruunt aquae bullitus, Vitr.

S. 3, 3.

**bullo**, *äre*, vb. bubble, send up bubbles, boil, ubi bulla-

bit nium, Cato r. 105, 1; urina si bullat, Cels. 2, 7, p. 40

l. 29 Dar.; aquae bullantes, Plin. 9, 18; 18, 317 dub.

**bululla**, ae, f. dim. a little bubble, Cels. 2, 5 f.; 5, 28,

17; 2. a boss as an ornament, Hier. Isai. 2, 3, 18.

**būmammas**, adj. having a cow's udder, hence met.

una (of large size), Varr. r. 2, 5, 4; Maer. s. 3, 20 (2, 16),

7; Serv. ad G. 2, 102. See

**būmastus** (βουμαστος or βουμασθος), adj. the same, met.

nua, edict. Diocl. 18; 2. bumastus as sb. f. (sc. αμπελος),

the same, tumidis bu mastae racenis, Varr. r. 2, 102; add

Colum. 3, 2, 1; Plin. 14, 15; 14, 42.

**Bumbārides** (ss mss), is, m. a patronymic formed

in joke (from βουβος and αριος, raw?) by Pl. Mil. 1, 1, 14.

**būmēlia**, ae, f. a kind of ash, Plin. 16, 63.

**būnias**, *adis*, adj. as sb. f. a plant of the rape kind,

Colum. 10, 422; Plin. 20, 21.

**būnion**, ii, n. a plant of the rape kind, Olin. 20, 21.

**būphthalmos**, i, m. (βουφθαλμος, ox-eye), a kind of

chrysanthemum, Plin. 28, 82; 25, 160.

**būpleuron** (ox-rib), i, n. a plant, Plin. 22, 77; 27, 57.

**būprēstis** (βουπρεστις, ox-burning), is, f. a poisonous

beetle, dangerous when swallowed by oxen, Plin. 30, 30;

28, 155; 23, 62 etc.; Veg. vet. 5, 14, 10; 2. a plant poi-

sonous to oxen, valued as an edible by man, Plin. 22, 78.

See burostis.

**būra** (βουρα says Serv. ad G.), ae, or būris, \*is, f. the

body of a plough, plough-beam, fracta būra relinquunt

uomeris in aruo, Varr. r. 1, 13, 2; domatur In būrim\*...

ulmus, Verg. G. 1, 170.

**burdo**, *ōnis*, m. a mule, ex equo et asina (= hinnus of

Varr. 2, 8, 1). Isid. or. 12, 1; add Ulp. dig. 32, 49; 2.

a cognomen, Iulius Burdo, Tac. h. 1, 58; C. Vibius Burdo,

inser. Mir. 513, 5.

**burdon-ārius**, adj. as sb. m. one who has charge of

mules (landones), edict. Diocl. p. 19.

**burdon-cūlus** (burdo), i, m. dim. a little mule, not.

Tir. p. 181; 2. a plant, = lingua bonis, Maer. Emp. 5.

**burgārius**, adj. of a little fort (burgus)—hence a soldier

inhabiting the same, Th. C. 7, 14, 1 (bis).

**burgus** (= περγος), i, m. a little fort, castellum par-

uum quem burgum uocant, Veg. mil. 4, 10; add Th. C. 12,

19, 2; Iustin. C. 1, 27, 2; inser. Grut. 164, 3 and 4; Oros.

7, 32.

**buricus**, m. a small horse, a pouy, Veg. vet. 6, 2, 2;

Paul. Nolan. ep. ad Sever. 29, 12.

**būro**, *ere*, vb. implied in am-buro, burn entirely (no

way connected with am round), comm-buro the same; also

in bustum; cf. too E. bur-n, G. br-enn-en, where the suffix

en or n is the same as in E. mourn, G. maur-n-an com-

pared w. L. maer-oe. Thus būro is an older form of uro,

just as bedo (am-bedo) is of rdo, cf. G. bissen, E. bite.

**burrae**, arum, f. luectibus, Auson. praef. ad Latin. Pa-

cat. 3.

**burranica**, potio, lacte mixtum sapa a rufo colore, Paul.

ex F. 36.

**burranicum**, genus nasus, Paul. ex F. 36.

**burrhinōn**, i (βουρρινον, ox-nose), n. a plant, Apul.

herb. 86.

**burrus** (= περρος), adj. flame-coloured, red, burrum

antiqui quod nunc dicimus rufum, Paul. ex F. 31; rubens

cibo ac potione burrus appellatur, ib.; burra buculum quae

rostrum habet rubum, ib.

**Bursa**, ae, m. a cognomen (T. Munatius Plancus) Bursa.

Cic. fam. 7, 2, 2.

**Bursio**, *ōnis*, m. dim. (of Bursa), a cognomen, L.

Iulius) Bursio; numm. ap. Eckhel 5, 227.

**bū-sēlinon**, i, n. ox-parsley, Plin. 20, 118.

**bustar**, *āris*, n. = bustum, Charis. 38, 19 K.

**busticētum**, i, quasi-partic. as sb. n. (sc. solum, cf.

arbastum), ground covered with graves (busta), Arnob.

1, 41; 7, 15.

**busti-rāpus**, adj. one who robs a bustum of the cena sepulchralis (cf. Catul. 59, 3), Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 127.  
**bustūlis** (implies a sb. bustu-), adj. of a grave (bustum), Sidon. ep. 3, 12; Prud. cath. 9, 52.  
**bustūrius** (implies the same), adj. the same, gladiator, Cic. Pis. 19, who fought at the burning of a corpse; moecha (quae ibi prostati), Mart. 3, 93, 15; latro, Ann. 28, 1, 12; aitare, Tertul. pall. 4.  
**bustum**, i, n. (implies a vb. burō, whence com-buro, am-buro), a place where a corpse is burnt, Paul. ex F. p. 32; At nos horrifico cinefactum te prope busto...deleimus, Lucr. 3, 906; 2. a monument over the same, non in busto Achilli set in lecto acubant, Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 14; rogum bustumque nonum utat propius sexaginta pedes alici aedes alienas (incendium ut arceatur), lex xii tab. ap. Cic. leg. 2, 61; poena est si quis bustum...uoluit, 2, 64; incidi iussit in busto...Tusc. 5, 101; idem bustum in foro facient qui illam insepultam sepulchrum effecerant, Phil. 1, 5; b. conspici negligit, Suet. Ner. 33; 3. met. republicae, Cic. Pis. 9, b. legum omnium, 11; Engadda nunc alterum bustum, Plin. 5, 73; 4. ad busta Gallica, a place in Rome, where the Gauls were buried, Varr. 1, 5, 32, p. 156 Sp.; Liv. 22, 14, 11; 5. a corpse, Stat. Th. 12, 248.  
**būteo**, ōnis, m. buzzard, Plin. 10, 21; 11, 263; Arnob. 2, 59; 7, 16; 2. a cognomen, Q. Fabius Buteo, Liv. 33, 26, 1.  
**būthysia**, ae, f. sacrifice of oxen, Suet. Ner. 12.  
**būtio**, ōnis, m. prob. same as buteo, arm. Phil. 42.  
**butubatta**, Nacuius pro nugatoriis, Paul. ex F. 36.  
**būtyrum** or būtirum (*boutyrus*, ox-cheese), i, n. butter, Cels. 5, 14; S. 4, p. 337, l. 4 Dar.; Colum. 6, 12, 5; Plin. 28, 133; 11, 239 etc.; Infundens acido comam butyro, Sidon. arm. 12, 7; 2. w. a short penult. Aemil. Mac. de ruta; 3. buturum, edict. Diocl. p. 15.  
**buxans**, nris, quasi-part. as adj. of the colour of box-wood, pallor, Apul. M. 8, 21.  
**buxetum**, i, quasi-part. as sb. n. (sc. solum, see arbustum) ground covered with box, Mart. 2, 14, 15; 3, 58, 3.

**buxeus**, adj. of box-plants, luci, Solin. 52, 24;  
 2. of box-wood, formae, Colum. 7, 8, 7; 3. of the colour of box, anates...buxei rostris pectus, Varr. ap. Non. 460, 8; dentes, Mart. 2, 4, 14; 7; pallor, Apul. M. 1, 19; luror, 9, 30.  
**buxifer**, ēra, ūrum, adj. box-bearing, Catul. 4, 13.  
**buxinus**? adj. of box, uasa, Paul. dig. 3, 6, 67 (al. byssina, or myrrina).  
**buxis** (= pyxis), idis, f. a box, Paul. dig. 3, 6, 83.  
**buxōsus**, adj. full of hard wood like box, Plin. 12, 119.  
**buxum**, i, n. box, even as a tree (more commonly buxus), longique cypressi Stant rectis foliis et amaro corpore buxum, Enn. ap. Phylarg. ad G. 2, 444; Nec densum foliis buxum fragiles myricae, Ov. a. a. 3, 691; 2. gen. box-wood, torio rasilie buxum, Verg. G. 2, 449; oraque buxo pallidiora, Ov. M. 4, 134; add 11, 417; quae in lammis secantur praecipua sunt citrum, terebinthus, buxum, Plin. 16, 231; uagnas ex oleastro buxo ilice, 16, 230; 3. in poets anything made of box, as a top, uolubile b., Verg. 7, 382; add Pers. 3, 51; a pipe, inflati murmur buxi, Ov. M. 14, 537; a comb, Iuv. 14, 194; 4. in pl. Prop. 4, 8, 49; Stat. Th. 7, 171.  
**buxus**, i, f. (= πύξος), box-tree, buxus Pyrenaeis montibus plurima, Plin. 16, 71; add 16, 183, 204, 212 etc.; 2. in poets, anything made of box, buxusque uocat Bercynthia, Verg. 9, 619, tum plurima buxus Aeraque taurinos sonitu uincientia pulsas, Stat. Th. 2, 77; add 9, 480.  
**byrrhus**, i, m. a cloak of a dusky colour, seruos byrrhis uti permittitur aut cucullis, Pl. C. 14, 10, 1.  
**byssicus**, adj. made of byssus, opus, Marc. dig. 39, 4, 16, 7.  
**byssinus**, adj. the same, Plin. 19, 21; uestis, Apul. M. 11, 24; 2. as sb. n. a cloth of the same, uestite uos byssino, Tert. cult. fem. 13.  
**byssus**, i, f. (*βύσσαν* from Hebr. būz), f. a fine kind of yellow flax, and so linen made of it (not cotton), byssu tenui pertexta, Apul. M. 11, 3.

## C.

1. C, third letter of Lat. alphabet, at first = G, like third letter of Gr. alpha and Heb. gimel; 2. always so pron. in Caius and Cnaeus, Caius C biteria significatur, Quint. 1, 7, 28; nec Gnaeus eam litteram in praenominis nota accipit qua sonat, 1, 7, 29; C nota praenominis sola Gaium notat, Diom. 424, 8 K; prob. also in aurea = αἰσχρογ; 3. even before i and e pron. as k; hence the pun in Plant. Bac. 4, 9, 19. Atque hic ens non in arcem uerum in arcem facit impetum; and note Κεκρωον for Cicerō, κηρωον for censor, δεκτες for decius; hence too the guttural n for m in aneeps; 4. so often in old lang., Diuidia Macolnia (aft. written Magninia) filea dedit, CIL 54; add 117, 1186; quod b(ac) llege) auctor, 207, 12; and often so in the renewed Duilian insect, CIL 195, as: lecion(es), l. 2; maeistr(a)tos 3; exfoliout = exfoliunt, 4; pucando, 5; Cartacimensis, 9; 5. so too where later lang. had ch, Bacanalibus, CIL 196, 3; add 4, 5, 7, 28; bracio aperto, 198, 52; (C) Pulcri Ap. f. pro cos., on a coin, 522; Heic est sepulchrum hau pulerum pulcrit feminae, 1007, 2; ego ipse cum scirem ita maiores locutos esse ut nusquam nisi in uocali aspiratione uerentur, loquebar sic ut puleros Ceteget triumphos Kartaginem dicerem, Cic. or. 160; see Catul. 84, 1; II 6. convertible w. qu and q, ecus or equus (equus), aecus or aequus (-os), anticus or antiquus, see q; 7. w. g, ceutum ducenti, but quadringenti and -geni; 8. w. u, eous., focus, foueo; uiuo, uictus sb.; trux trices, toruus; Dacus Daus; 9. c initial dropped at times esp. before a or u, acumen acumen, aper = καρπος; see also amo anas arx (so in Erse the analogue of pater should be cathair, and is athair

and ubi unde ut uter usquam unquam usque, for ubi etc.; see also en; 10. in middle of words before f, uretum dumetum frutetum for the coexisting uiretum etc.; and so in all words of this form; so too in nitor (cf. nixus); ritē = rectē; iurito cf. ringi rictus; simitu = sim-ietu, at one blow; see also sitis; add quintus for quinctus from quinq; yet quincto (so A), Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 123; and in Quinctius always retained; artus for arctus, autumnus for auct., setius for sectus. 11. c seems to have been silent also in lierina, sacrificio in lang. of old drama, pron. prob. la'r'ina, sa'r'fico, cf. Fr. larme, sèrment (from sacramentum); 12. c has often been dropped from the end of stem in sbb., adj., and vbb., as first, ensi-, api-, nani-, can-, reti-, niti-, compared w. ens-iculus, ap-icula, nau-icula, cau-icula, reti-iculus, siti-iculus; in nube, trabe-, strue-, w. nub-ec-ula, trab-ec-ula and τραφ-ης- and struic-; in die-, plebe-, w. di-ec-ula, pleb-ec-ula; in rosa-, uiola-, uerna-, w. ros-ac-ens, uiol-ac-ens, uern-ac-ulus; in tribuno-, sebo-, hordeo-, bello-, apio-, w. tribu-iculus, seb-ac-ens, horde-ac-ens, bell-ic-ens, api-ac-ens; in metu-, acu-, genu-, w. met-ec-ulus, ac-ec-ula, gen-ec-ulum; 13. so in adj. as: breui-, molli-, plano-, medio-, w. breu-iculus, molli-iculus, plan-ic-ies, medi-oc(e)ris; 14. and in vbb. sola-ri, mira-ri, ora-ri, laua-ri, uere-ri, experi-ri (peritus), w. sol-ac-ium, mira-ac-ulum, ora-ac-ulum, uer-ac-ulum, per-ac-ulum—in all of wh. (§§ 11, 12, 13) ac ec ie oc ne are varieties of the same dim. suff.; compare them w. E. honey, day, way, Norway; any, holy, silly and Scilly islands; say, may, show, as related to G. honig, tag, weg, Norweg

(E. Norweg-ian); einig, heilig, selig; sag-en, mög-en and E. tok-en; compare the Scotch dim. lass lick lass-e and lass-ock lass-ow; 15. see also k and q; III 16. Lat. c often corresponds to Greek π, and a rustic Italian p. as *ἐπιορῆ* sequor, secutus; *ἵππος* equus, *ecus*; *πέντος* coetus, *πεπτός* quin(c)us; *ποτερος* (c)uter; note the Ionic forms *κοτερος*, *κως* etc.; *κόμβια* a pigeon, but *palumbus* wild pigeon, *cocus* but *popina* cook-shop, *lupus* (for *Λυκος*), see also q; 17. to *yalatal* s of Sansk. sz of Lith. as *equus*, S. aswa; can-is, S. swan; decem S. *dasam* or *data*; centum S. *sata*; IV 18. In modern lang. Lat. c corresp. to G. and E. h. as *cannabis*, G. *hanf*, E. *hemp*; *can-is* (*κυν-ος*), G. *hund*, E. *hound*; *caput*, A.S. *heafod*, (i. *haupt*, E. *head*; *cent-um*, G. *hund-ert*, E. *hund-red*; *decem*, G. *zehn*; 19. et of Lat. drops the c in Ital. and Fr. as *octo* *otto* hmit; *dictus* *dito* (E. *ditto*) *dit*, *factus* *fatto* *fait*, *lacto* *lactis* *latte* *lait*; *pectus*, *petto* *poit-ri*; *nox* *noctis* *notte* *nuit*; 20. c between vowels before i or e sometimes becomes in Fr. s, *facimus* *faisons*, *tactis* *taisez*, *licere* *laisir*, *placere* *plaisir*; 21. otherwise between vowels is apt to disappear, *fact* *fait*, *tacet* *taît*, *placet* *plait*, *loens* *locus* *focus*, *lieu* *jeu* *feu*; 22. initial Lat. c before a becomes ch, as *caballus* *cheval*, *capilli* *cheveux*, *caput* *chef*, *cadere* *checoir*, *cannabis* *chanvre*, *carus* *cher*, *Carantanus* *Charente*; 23. at times becomes g in Fr., *acer* *aigre*, *macer* *maigre*, *acutus* *aigu*.

2 C in abbreviations, for *condemno*, *pronuntiatio* *uhei* A littera scripta erit *absoluto*, *uhei* C littera scripta erit *condemno*... (Si) *uhei* plurimae erunt *condemno* *prafactor*... CIL 198, 54, 55; *sei* *noluit* (*condemnatio*), *(s)e(i)n(om)* (*paret*) *a* (*absolutio*), 205, 1, 31; cf. *tristitem* *litteram*, Cic. Mil. 15; 2. = *Cains* or *Gains*, see C 1 § 2; 3. = *comitialis* (*dies*), A K(al) Ian. f. B f. C. e. D. e. CIL fast. Maff. p. 304; 4. *colonia*, C. Iul(ia) E(q)u(estr)is, *inscr.* Or. 307; add 2253, 3990 etc.; 5. *coniux*, *maritus* (*coniugii*) *quam* *dile* (*con-* *sime*), 4853; add 3630, 7221; 6. *Cornelius*, D. M. Q. C. Petronio, 4272; 7. *cura*, *curo* etc., (*c*ura) *agente* C. A. Ihero, 6737; add 6753 and cf. 6791; 8. *ciuitas*, C. A. (n)relia) *Aquensis*, 949; add 4977, 5245 etc.; 9. *clarissimus*, *Vibio* *Ver*o *Cassiano* C. Iu(ven)ti, 72; add CIL 130, 922 etc.; 10. *consensu* at the end of *Senatus* *consultum*, CIL 203; 11. *centum*, CIL 196, 6; add 9, 18; 12. *centenarius*, *Sex*. *Vario* *Marcello* C. *inscr.* Or. 946; add CC = *ducentarius*, ib.; CCC *trecentarius*, ib.; CCC quadrigenerius, as L. Luceio L. l. CCC, 2357; 13. *Cam*., *Camilla* *tribu*, C. Titio C. f. *Cam*. *Valentino*, 81; add 2287; 14. *cap*, *capitalis*, *Frontonis* *triumviri* *cap*, 3152; 15. *Car*. *Carmentalis*, *fast.* *Maff.* on the xix Kal. Febr., wh. *Praen*. fast. have *Kar*; 16. *cen*, *censor*, 3816; and *ces*, *cesor*, CIL 1101—3; *inscr.* Or. 589 etc.; 17. *cho*, *chors* = *colors*, 484; 18. *cl* = *clarissimus*, 4913 etc.; 19. *cl* = *classis*, 2671, 3593 etc.; 20. *Clau* = *Claudia* (*tribu*); D. Iunio D. f. *Clau*. *Certo*, 2299; add 1815; 21. *Cland* = *Claudialis*, M. *Serneni* *Alexandri* *Augus-* *talis*, *Claud*, 2372; add 2493; 22. *Clau* = *Clustumina* (*tribu*), *Marius* *Cornelius* *Mari* f. *Clu*. *Cossinus*, 1740; 23. *Cn* = *Gnaeus*, see C § 2; 24. *Co*, *cohors*, so 4962; *coh*. the same, 3401; 25. *col*, *collegium*, 4117 etc.; 26. *col*, *collibitri*, 4357; 27. *Col*, *Collina* (*tribu*), C. *Oppius* *Sp. f. Col*. *Rutius*, 121; add 123, 3509; 28. *col*, *colonia*, 72, So etc.; 29. *col*, *columnaria*, *col. viñj. ollae* xvj., 4544; 30. *com*, *comes*, *Curatio*... *com(it) imperatoris*, 3139; 31. *com*, *commilito*, or *commanipularis*, *Pomponio* *Vero* *com. snio*, 489; 32. *con*, *coniux*, *Primianae* *con(iugi)* *m(erenti)*, 1199; 33. *conl*, *conlegium*, 681, 3256; 34. *cons*, *consensus*, 2576, 2793; 35. *Cons*, *Consularis*, *fast. Maff.* etc. on xii Kal. Sept.; 36. *cons*, *consul* often; 37. *cons*, *consularis*, 68; 38. *cont*, *contubernalis*, 7192; 39. *contrib*, *contribulis*, 3107; 40. *Cor*, *Cornelia* (*tribu*), M. *Pausio* *Cor*. M. *filio* *Seuero*, 215; 41. *cor*, *corniculatus*, 3473, 6791; 42. *cor*, *corona*, *cor. ciuica* (*donatus*), 3567; 43. *corr*, *corrector*, 603; 44. *cos*, *consensus*, 2790 etc.; 45. *cos*, *consul*, 894, 1188 etc.; 46. *coss*, *consules*, 4360 etc.; 47. *crem*, *crematus*, 2328; 48. *cu*, *curant* 3548; *curator* 7183;

49. *cun*, *euneus*, 2537, 2539; 50. *cur*, *curator*, 753, 2285 etc.; *cura* etc., 2340, 3204 etc.; 51. *cur*, *curia*, 1492, 4071; 52. O Caia, P. Audasius O l(iberta) *Stepanus*, CIL 1031; add 1035, 1037 etc.; 53. O *centurio*, 488, 894; *centuria*, 890, 1702.

*caballus*, i. m. [perh. of Gallic orig., equus *Gabalus*, from the *Gevidan*] prob. a dignified term for—a horse, war-horse, charger, similisq. triumpho, *Præda* *caballo* *rum*, *praetor* *sedet*, *liv*, 11, 103 (195); *Ad* *quam* *Gorgonei* *delapsa* *est* *pinna* *caballi* (i.e. of *Pegasus*), 3, 118; *im-* *meritis* *franguntur* *crua* *caballi* (of an imperial statue), 10, 60; *non* *ego* *circum* *Me* *Satureiano* *uicari* *rura* *caballo*, *Sed* *quod* *eram* *narro*, *Hor*, s. 1, 6, 59; *in* *castris* *perman-* *si*; *inde* *caballum* *redduxi* *ad* *censorem*, *Varr*, s. p. 212, 8 R; *Caballum* *arbori* *ramo* *in* *humili* *alligatum* *Relinquit*, 289, 4; *Optat* *ephippia* *bus* *piger*, *optat* *arare* *caballus*, *Hor*, ep. 1, 14, 43; *plures* *calones* *atque* *caballi* *Pascendi*, s. 1, 6, 103; o *quantum* *erat* *sacculi* *decus* *imperatorum* *triumphalem* *censurium* (et) *quod* *super* *omnia* *habe* *est*, *Catonem*, *uo* *caballo* *esse* *contentum*, *Sen*, ep. 87, 10; 2. in irony, a charger, *Successoris* *terti* *tarquique* *caballi*, *Lucil*, ap. *Non*, 86; *aut* *olitoris* *acet* *mercede* *caballum*, *Hor*, ep. 1, 18, 36; 3. *gen*, a horse, *lassus* *tamquam* *caballus* *in* *cliuo*, *Petr*, 134; *caballos* *qui* *in* *pistrinis* *essent*, *Pomp*, dig. 33, 7, 15; 4. as a dignified term it accounts for the *div*, *cavalry*, *cavalier*, *chivalry*—hence at any rate *l*, *ca-* *vallo*, *F*, *cheval*; and akin to it *Welsh* *keffel*; 5. if a sorry nag, then in *luy* and *Sen*, there is irony; but a word is oftener degraded than promoted.

*cacûla*, ae, m. [?] a servant, esp. a soldier's, *Video* *cacûlam* *militarem* *me* *futurum* *haut* *longius*, *Pl*. *Tr*. 3, 2, 95; add *Varr*. l. 10, 3, p. 581 *Sp*.; *acula* *seruus* *militis*, *Paul*, ex *F*, p. 45 *M*; add 225 v. *procalare*; *cacula* *doctus* *stratagoculus*, *Gl*. *Labb*.; *aculæ* *liae* *aut* *serui* *militum*, *Gl*. *Placid*.; some *ss* have *aculis* for *casulis* in *luy*, 9, 61; 2. the a seems *long* in *arg*, I to *Pl*. *Pseud*. 4; *Venientem* *aculam* *interuortit* *symbolo*; and in *arg*, II 13 and 14; *Dat* *subditio* (*dub*.) *aculæ* *cum* *symbolo*, *Leonem* *fallit* *scycophanta* (*dub*.) *acula*, but see *Bergk* *Beiträge zur lat. Gr.* p. 114.

*caelum*, i, n. [see below], air or the region of air, the air, the atmosphere, the sky, *Crassa* *pulsis* *oritur*, *omnem* *peruolat* *caeli* *retum*, *Enn*, tr. 31 V; *Orte* *beato* *lumine* *uoluitis* *quo* *per* *caelum* *candidis* *equitas*, ap. *Censor*, fr. 14, 9; in *hoc* *caelo* *qui* *dicitur* *ar*, *Lucr*, 4, 132; *hoc* *caelum* *appellauer* *maiores* *quod* *alio* *nomine* *aera*, *Plin*, 2, 102; the *Gl*, word seems to have supplanted *caelum*; *omne* *caelum* *hoc* *in* *quo* *nubes* *imbres* *uentique* *cognunt* *quod* *et* *umidum* *et* *caliginosum* *est* *propter* *exhalationes* *terrae*, *Cic*. *Tusc*. 1, 43; *pingue* *et* *concretum*—and soon:—*tenue* *purumque* *et* *salubre*, *div*, 1, 130; *potestne* *tibi* *huius* *caeli* *spiritus* *esse* *incundus*, in *Cat*, 1, 15; *quem* *caelo* *hoc* *ac* *spiritu* *leges* *carere* *uoluerunt*, *Rab*, *perd*, 15; *quis* *sustineo* *grauitatem* *huius* *caeli*, *Att*, 11, 22, 2; *Athenis* *tenue* *caelum*..., *crassum* *Thebis*, *fat*, 7; *auras* *Suspicans* *hausit* *caelum* *mentemque* *recepit*, *Verg*, 10, 899; *pinus* *ansus* *se* *credere* *caelo*, 6, 15; *palustri* *caelo* *grauante* *caput*, *luy*, 22, 2, 11; *e* *mediis* *hunc* (*montem*) *harenis* *in* *caelum* *attolli*, *Plin*, 5, 6; (*lapides*) *caelo* *committere* (*expose* to the weather), 36, 170; *nestris* *hic* *me* *ecce* *in* *finibus* *ingens* *Nox* *operit*: *tecto* *caelo* *prohibere* *quis* *iste* *Arcus*? *Stat*. *Th*. 1, 455; 2. hence as one of the supposed four elements, *Quique* *lumine* *tuo* *mare* (*ss* *tuo* *lumine* *mare*; but *Porson*: *lumine* *tuo* *maria*) *terram* *caelum* *contines*, *Enn*, tr. 322 V; o *caelum*, o *terra*, o *maria* *Neptuni*, *Ter*. *Ad*, 3, 4; *Terraque* *tractusque* *maris* *caelumque* *profundum*, *Verg*, B, 4, 31; 3. *heaven*, as a supposed firmament, in which the stars are set, *Nam* *neque* *se* *septentriones* *quoquam* (*quidquam*) *in* *caelo* *commouent*, *Pl*. *Amph*, 1, 1, 117; *Qui* *caelum* *uersat* *stellis* *fulgentibus* *aptum*, *Enn*, an. 30 V; add 162; 218; tr. 131; *Astrologorum* *signa* *in* *caelo* *qu(ae)sit* *obseruat* *louis*..., tr. 275; *caeli* *ingentes* *fornice*, 423; *caeli* *palatium*, *Enn*, ap. *Cic*. *N. D.* 2, 49; *summus* *ille* *caeli* *stellifer* *cursor*, *rep*, 6, 18; *septem* (*stellarum* *cursor*) *qui*

uersantur retro contrario motu atque caelum, 6, 17; hunc statum mundi, rotundum ut caelum, terraque ut media sit, or. 3, 178; Refixa caelo deuocare sidera, Hor. epod. 17, 5; Vertitur interea caelum, Verg. 2, 250; 4. as the home of the gods, Noctui sum in caelo clarus atque inter deos (sc. Arcturus), Pl. Rud. pr. 6; Te sale nata precor Venus... Vt me de caelo uisas cognata parumper, Enn. an. 54; caeli dicuntur loca supra et ea decursum, terrae loca infera et ea hominum, Varr. l. 5, 3; Descende caelo... Calliope, Hor. od. 3, 4, 2; Caelo tonantem credidimus lumen Regnare, 3, 5, 1; add epod. 5, 1; 5. as the place to which the great and good are transferred at death, Romulus in caelo eum dei genitalibus aeternum Degit, Enn. an. 119; ea uita uia est in caelum, Cic. rep. 6, 16; Vnus erit quem tu tolles in caerula caeli Tempia, Enn. an. 66; Hicine est ille Telamo, modo quem gloria ad caelum extulit, Tusc. 3, 39; Mi soli caeli maxima porta patet, Enn. epig. 10; omnibus eundem cursum in caelum patere, Cic. ap. Lact. inst. diu. 3, 19, 3; Quem idcirco terra nos capit (ass cepit) et caelum recipit, Varr. s. 167, 7; Quos quoniam caeli nondum dignatur honore, Ov. M. 1, 194; hence under the flat-tery of the Empire, decretum patri suo (sc. Augustus) caelum, Tac. an. 1, 73; biseno meruit labore Adlegi caelo, Sen. Agam. 853; caelo quod in praemium cedit beatis, Maer. somn. 1, 13, 1; add 1, 13, 19; 6. and met., Salaminii nos in caelum decerbit suis sustentulor, Cic. Att. 6, 2, 9; Caesar fertur in caelum, Phil. 4, 6 (wh. we shd. merely say, praised to the skies); Bibulus in caelo est, Att. 2, 19, 2; sicut, in caelo sum, 2, 9, 1; eum nostri principes digito se caelum putent attingere, sicut, 2, 1, 7; add 14, 18, 1; Quare religio pedibus subiecta, uicissim Optiteris, nos exaequat uictoria caelo, Luer. 1, 79; Dignum laude uirum... Caelo musa beat, Hor. od. 4, 8, 29; sicut, caelum accipisse fabeior, Ov. M. 14, 844; (medicina) dei inuenerunt suos adsignauit et caelo ducit, Plin. 29, 2; 7. heaven as the source of an unexpected blessing, Cn. Pompeius sicut aliquem... de caelo delapsum intuentur, Cic. Man. 41; quendam de caelo diuinum hominem esse in provinciam delapsum, Q. fr. 1, 1, 7; Sed uidetur caelo missus adesse tibi, Tib. 1, 3, 90; non alio modo quam si caelo demissus aduenisset, Plin. 26, 13; 8. of the falling of the supposed firmament and so universal ruin, quid si nunc caelum ruat?—if the sky were to fall—Ter. Haut. 4, 3, 41; Mare caelo terram rueret ac tremere diceret, Afran. 9 R; ut uel caelum rueret, modo magistratum adipiscantur, exoptent, Varr. ap. Non. 499; 9. so miscere caelum et, iam caelum terraque nunc sine numine Venti Miscere... audetis, Verg. 1, 137; here phys.; but also met., quid est cur caelum ac terras miscant, Liv. 4, 3, 6; Quis caelum terris non miscet et mare caelo Sicut, luv. 2, 25; clames licet et mare caelo Confundas, 6, 283; 10. thunder was supposed to result from a blow on the firmament, wh. so cracking, through the fissure gave a momentary view of the realm of aether beyond, hence lightning; eum caelum discessisse uisum esset, Cic. div. 1, 97; Faleris caelum fudi uelut magno hiato uisum quoque patuerit ingens lumen effuluisse, Liv. 22, 1, 11; si de caelo uilla tacta sinit, Cato r. 14, 3; quem super ingens Porta tonat caeli, Enn. an. 573; Qui templa caeli summa sonitu concutit, r. 421; quoted by Ter. Eun. 3, 5, 42; caelum tonitru contremuit, Pacuv. 413 R; Ace. 223; Summanus et caelo iectus, Cic. div. 1, 16; add 1, 92; portas de caelo tactas, Liv. 26, 23, 5; murum d. e. t. 29, 14, 3; fulmina iacti de caelo, 28, 27, 16; de caelo tactas querens, Verg. B. 1, 17; 11. by poetic exaggeration, things are said to go up to the said firmament, Tollitur in caelum clamor, Enn. an. 422; add 520; Molem ex profundo saxeum ad caelum erigit, Ace. 402; aequataque machina caelo, Verg. 4, 89; 12. the heavens or sky as the field of augurs, prosperis per omnes dies comitales de caelo seruaturum, Cic. Att. 4, 3, 3; multa inuoluta et caelo oriebantur, div. 1, 93; ultimum de caelo quod comita turbaret interuenit, Liv. 40, 42, 10; 13. w. latitude the sphere of visible stars changes, hence climate or country, region (esp. as blight and epidemics were referred to stellar influence), (Svraensarum) haec natura esse loci caelique dicitur ut..., Cic. Verr. 2,

5, 26; Caelum, nou animum mutant qui trans mare eurrunt, Hor. ep. 1, 11, 27; quæro te utrum huc adduxerit caeli temperatura an terrae bonitas, Varr. s. 100, 1; hoc caelum sub quo natus educatusque esset, Liv. 5, 54, 3; caeli noxiam frugibus intemperiem, Colum. pr. 1; intemperantia caeli, 1, 1, 3; longo aevi situ qualitatem caeli statumque mutari, 1, 1, 4; hoc animal negatur uiuere in alio quam Aethiopiae quo gignitur caelo, Plin. 1, 216; ad caeli cuiusque mores dirigenda solertia est, 17, 19; nos sub alio ortos caelo, Maer. s. 1 pr. 11; ipse (Seruus) color ab alio uenire caelo fabeator, Flor. 4, 12, (2, 62); 14. the heavens as marking the quarters of the compass, plurimum refert ut eam partem caeli spectent (when transplanted) cui ab tenero consueuerunt, Colum. 5, 6, 20; 15. hence met., toto ut aiunt caelo errasse Vergilium, cum..., Maer. s. 3, 12, 10; 16. the upper world as opposed to Hades, Sed falsa ad caelum mittunt insomnia Manes, Verg. 6, 897, i. e. uiuorum regionem says Maer. somn. 1, 3, 6; 17. met. any summit, as ceiling (note the word), cameris intextis iurum caelum earum...ereta poliatur, Vit. 7, 3, 3; hoc (sc. cerebrum) est uiscerum excelissimum proximumque caeli capitis (unless capitis be spurious), Plin. 11, 135; but in Flor. 3, 5, 30 (1, 40) read eillum; 18. a form caelus in old authors, caelus profundus, Enn. an. 474 V; caelus hic in quo duodecim dii habitant, Petr. 39; ubique medius caelus est, 45; 19. in pl. caelos, never caela, as: caelos omnis connertere, Luer. 2, 1097; 20. Caelus as a god, Saturno, Quem Caelus genuit, Enn. an. 27; primus in terris imperium summum Caelus habuit, id. euhem. p. 169 V; patrem enim Caelum esse deum, Cic. N. D. 3, 44; add 53, 55, 56; cui sacrificare Iuppiter potuit nisi Caelo auro? Lact. inst. diu. 1, 11; IV 21. Caelo aeterno Aelia Compe p. f., inser. Or. 1502; add 1503; but that of Grat. 4, 12 is spur.; cael of caelum, or rather caer (cf. caerulus caerulus) a fuller form of a-er, either a Greek word from *a-ya*, root *Fa* or *Fav* (cf. Lat. uanum, uent-us); for interchange of initial e and u. cf. celox, melox; 22. the form coelum founded on a false etym. from *καλον*, and without authority of good inser. or miss; add too the old deriv. from caelare (though itself too false), caelum dictum scribit Aelius quod est caelatum, Varr. l. 5, 3; add sat. p. 109, 3; and the pun in: nouus astrologus (Verres) qui non tam caeli rationem quam caelati argenti duceret, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 129. **calamitas** (a form calamitas ap. Mar. Victor. p. 2456; I-sid. or. 1, 26, 14), *ātis*, f. (impl. an adj. calamis or -us; whence too in-columis; and so ult. from *cad-o*) lit. a fall—as of blight (supposed to fall from the stars), Herele non fuit quidquam olerum, nisi quidquid erat calamitas...adigerat nunquam, Pl. Cas. 5, 2, 33; (Set) postquam calamitas per (Bothe adds per by e) plures annos aruas caluitur, Pac. 396 R; amona pretium nisi in calamitate fructum non habet, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 227; robigo genus est uitii quo eulmi perirent quod a rusticis calamitas dicitur...ex nebula nasci solet, Serv. ad G. 1, 151; calamitatem rustici grandinem dicunt, quod comminuat calamum, hoc est, culmum ac segetem, Don. ad Enn. 1, 1, 34; see also calamitosus; 2. met. Quanta pernis pestis metuit...quanta callo calamitas, Pl. Capt. 4, 3, 4; Clades calamitasque intemperies (note the union of these two and unusual accent) modo in nostram aduenit domum, 4, 4, 3; Set ecca ipsa egreditur nostri fundi (note this word) calamitas, Ter. Eun. 1, 1, 34; Vt nunquam illa amoris nostro incidere (note this verb) possit calamitas, Hant. 2, 4, 15; quancumq; iter fecit, eiusmodi fuit...ut quendam calamitas peruolare uideretur, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 44; morbosum pecus saepe magna gringem efficit calamitate (a blight so to say), Varr. r. 2, 1, 21; 3. at last w. little reference to orig. meaning, disaster, calamity, populum R. calamitatem maximam cepisse (in the disastrous defeat of Crassus), Cic. div. 1, 29; si qua calamitas hunc in hoc iudicio affluerit, Clu. 201; e. belli, Verr. 2, 2, 86; add Att. 3, 9, 1; 3, 25, 1; Manil. 45; in Cat. 1, 11; pars euasit Heluetia insignem calamitatem populo R. intulerat, Caes.



b. g. 1, 12, 6; quibus proclis calamitatibusque fractos, 1, 31, 7; magna clades atque calamitas rempublicam oppressisset, Sal. Cat. 39, 4; 4. a gen. calamitatum, Just. 15, 3, 6; 5. if from *calamus* as Serv. and Don. above imply, it could only mean 'the being a reed'.

**calāmītōsus**, adj. [*calamitas*] abounding in or very subject to blight, uti bonum calamus habet praedium, ne calamitosum siet, Cato r. 1, 2; fabam in locis nalis non calamitoso serito, 35 (36), 1; (uecti al agri) nec frutibus uariis nec caelo ae loco calamitosum, Cic. agr. 2, 81; per omnes partes prominebat te tanquam aliquam calamitosam tempestatem pestemque peruasisse, Verr. 2, 1, 96; hordeum ex omni frumento minime calamitosum, Plin. 18, 79; si uis tempestatis calamitosae contigerit, an locator (agri) conductor aliiquid praestare debeat uideamus, Ulp. dig. 19, 2, 15, 2; 2. gen. disastrous, calamitous, calamitosi-simum bellum, Cic. Phil. 11, 3; (homines) adlictos aerumnosos calamitosos, Tusc. 4, 82; otium, fin. 5, 54; incendium (Romae) sibi calamitosum, Sal. Cat. 48, 2; quid (haec clade) calamitosus, Flor. 3, 18, 5; uictorias, Suet. Cal. 23; 3. calamitose, adv. Cic. off. 3, 105.

**calathisus**, i, or rather calatiscus. i. m. double dim. a small calathus or wicker basket, candentis mollia lauae Vellera nigriti custodibant calatisci, Catul. 64, 319.

**calātus**, i. m. dim. [*καλ-ατος*; prob. akin to *καλ-αγ*, and perh. to *καλ-ατος*, tal-asio; not to *qualis* *quassillus*] a cup-shaped vessel, in calathis quibus uinum colligitur, Plin. 34, 157; 2. esp. a wine-cup, Vina novum fundam calathis Ariusae uectar, Verg. B. 5, 71; Expendit ueteres calathos et siqua fuerunt Pocula, Mart. 9, 59, 15; Calathi—Nos Satyri, nos Bacchus amat, Mart. lemma to 14, 107; 3. the calyx of a plant, calathisque uirentia (so *ms*; nitentia Gesn. c.) lilia canis, Colum. 10, 99; calathi patefecit honorem, Auson. Idyl. (de rosa), 14, 31; 4. gen. a wicker-basket narrow at base, spreading out above, ab angustis in latitudine parlatum sese laxantis effigie calathi, Plin. 21, 22; calathus Graecum est, nam Latine quasillum dicitur, Serv. ad Buc. 2, 46; esp. for holding wool, non illa colo calathibus Minervae Feminae assueti manus, Verg. 7, 805; Inter Ioniae calathum tenuisse puellas Diceris, Ov. her. 9, 73; add 76; Vos laum trahitis calathisque peracta refertis Vellera, Iuv. 2, 54; talassionem uocabant quasillum qui alio modo uocatur calathus nas lanificis aptum, Paul. ex F. s. v. talassio; 5. or for holding other things, as flowers: tibi lilia plenis Ecce ferant Nymphae calathis, Verg. B. 2, 46; add Ov. F. 4, 435; or cream cheeses (perh. butter), quod iam tenebris et sole edente (sc. premunt), Sub lucem exportans calathis addi oppida pastor, Verg. G. 3, 402; cum concurebat liquor (sc. lactis), in calathos vel foras transferendus est, nam maxime refert primo quoque tempore serum percolari, Colum. 7, 8, 3; Mollior infuso calathis modo lacte gelato, 10, 397; add Aferat in calatho rustica dona puer, Ov. a. a. 2, 264; calathum fetui gallinaceo destinatum, Apul. M. 9, 33; 6. an ornament on the head of divine statues, eminente super caput (Apollinis) calathus, Mar. s. 1, 17, 67; add 68; dum calathum capiti eius (sc. Sarapidis) infingunt, 1, 20, 13; see the fig. in Visconti Mus. Pio-Clem. 4, 3, 6 and 6, 15; 7. hence too the form of the Corinthian capital, says Vitruv. 4, 1, 9 and 10; and Callixenus ap. Athen. 206 B.

**calāig**, inis, f. [*calleo*], thickness, in use only of the air, mist, Nunc demum superior ob oculos caliginem opstitisse, Pl. Mil. 2, 4, 51; non lubet scribere quotiens lunae aut solis lumine (al. luminis) obstitit, Cato orig. 16, 18 lord.; Transiuit cita per teneras caliginis auras, Enn. an. 21 V; Ecce autem caligo obortast, omnem prospectum abstulit, tr. 209; crassa caligo inferum, ib. ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 37; et ruit atram Ad caelum pieca crassus caligine nubem, Verg. G. 2, 309; add A. 11, 876; 12, 466; densa caligo oceaeuaret diem, Liv. 33, 7, 2; septimo Kal. Aug. Canicula appareret, caligo aestuosa, Colum. 11, 2, 53; add 3, 1, 7; concidit (Plinius) crassiore caligine spiritu obstructo, Plin. ep. 6, 16, 19; 2. an apparent mist before

the eyes, indistinctness of vision, (lactuca), sanat omnia oculorum uitia...praecipue caligines, Plin. 20, 61; add 20, 95; 25, 144; 34, 114; 3. met. of the mind, Ipse autem caeca mente(m) caligine Thescus Consistit... Catul. 64, 207; quod uidebam equidem, sed quasi per caliginem; praestrinxerat aciem animi D. Bruti salus, Cic. Phil. 12, 3; and in § 5: discussa est illa caligo: diluxit, patet, uidemus omnia; add Plin. ep. 5, 8, 8; Verg. 6, 267; Vell. 2, 36, 1; Plin. ep. 8, 9, 16; 4. as a goddess, wife of Chaos, Hyg. pr. fab.

**callum**, i. m. rarely callus\*, i. m. more rarely gallus†, n. and gallum‡ [= calc. either heel or stone; suff. um=oc; also collum and καλλος; cf. Breton kall, stone] hard or firm flesh, thick skin, (Set) utrum scapulae plus an collus habet calli (so Herm.; *ms* calli h.) nescio, Naev. 115; Proptereaque fere res omnes aut corio sunt Aut etiam conchis aut callo aut cortice tectae, Lucr. 4, 935; mili caleamentum (est) solum callum, Cic. Tusc. 5, 90; caro duriori callo, Plin. 9, 183; unum hoc animalium (sc. locusta), nisi unum feruenti aqua incoquatur, fluida carne non habet callum, 9, 95; commendationem in callo manus (sc. elephantis) saporis, 8, 31; uetustate callosa fist fistula, callus\* autem neminem fallit quia durus est... Cels. 5, 28, 12, p. 214, 38 Par.; neque aliud (tuber) quam terrae callum, Plin. 19, 33; tu illam nimen non putas callum icocieribus obducere, Sen. ep. 95, 25; 2. esp. of the leg or wild boar, callum aprugnum callere aeque non sinam, Pl. Poen. 3, 2, 2; add Persa 2, 5, 4; and Plin. 8, 210; and abs. quanta callo calamitas, Pl. Capt. 434; add Ps. 1, 2, 3; Plantus enumerandis (s)uillis obsonis in Carbonaria sic:—ego pernam sumen suris spelle gallum‡ (is gallum) glandia, Fest. p. 330 b, 28; praecium ornamus pernam gallus glandia, Naev. 65 11; add Plin. 8, 210; Apic. 9 and 259 Schuab.; καλλορα Athen. 3, 49; 3. of the veget. world, uena non alibi gratior callo, Plin. 14, 14; callo peria ac mala placent, 15, 116; folia quae non decidant callo crassa esse, 16, 82; tutissimi fungi qui rubent callo... 22, 96; 4. of inorganic matter, moeri terram callumque summae cutis solui, 31, 53; add 17, 33; salis callo, 16, 56; 5. diseased growth, impositum pedum callo clausique, Plin. 22, 127; callis ex strigilis usn, Suet. Aug. 80; callum quod in ulmeis foliis inuenitur, Pall. 10, 28; 6. met. quod labor quasi callum quoddam obducit dolori, Cic. Tusc. 2, 36; add 3, 53; fam. 9, 2, 3; Quint. 12, 6, 6.

**cali-o**, onis, f. (for cāillon-? and so akin to cāila; on dim. suat) a soldier's slave or servant, cos tu (sc. Tyndaridas) cantheris albis nullis calionibus obuiam Vatinio uenisse exstimas et uictoriam...nuntiastisse, Cic. N. D. 3, 11; desiderati sunt eo die equites pauci, calionum atque impedimentorum non magnus numerus, Caes. b. c. 1, 51 f.; add 1, 52 f.; b. g. 2, 24, 2 and 4; 2, 26, 5; 2, 27, 1; 6, 40, 1 and 5; tunc erat Lepidus latro cum calionibus: nunc est pro consul. Sal. or. Phil. 7; plures caliones atque caballi Pasaendi, Hor. s. 1, 6, 105; add 1, 2, 44; hand magna pars militum calionum seruitique†, Vell. 2, 82, 3; lectica formosis imposita calionibus, Sen. ep. 110, 17; caput (Galbae) per lixas calionesque\* suffixum, Tac. h. 1, 49; sexaginta uilia armatorum sequebantur, calionum numerus amplior, 2, 87; lixas calionesque\* cum recentissimis equitum Bedriaum mittit, 3, 20 f.; Sambucam citius calioni aptaueris alto, Pers. 5, 95; impedimenta saginarii caliones uehiculaque in medio conuocentur, Verg. mil. 3, 6, p. 76, 4 Lang.; add 76, 18; animalia negligentibus calionibus dedunt, Verg. vet. 3, pr. 1; 2. Non. 62 derives callo fin. cāla ligna, as a wood-carrier, opp. to lixa a water-carrier; so: calas dicebant maiores nostri fustes quos portabant serui sequentes dominos ad proclium unde calones dicebantur, Serv. ad A. 6, 1 (libi ?); Aeron ad Hor. 1, 2, 44 speaks of the calones as liberi, opp. to lixae serui; but note the order lixas calonesque above\*, and on the other hand Vell.†.

1 **calx**, eis, f. (at times m.\*, esp. w. arenatus;) [for cal-cie, =W. car-eg a stone, also E. crag and so=rock;

simpler kal in Breton a stone, ult. root, prob. ear as sound of scratching, v. earo vb.] lit. a small stone, whence calce-ults the same. **2.** hence, like calculus, a piece in a certain game, Naumachiam haec haec inquam alioquinque putare et Calces: delectos to Lucil. ap. Prisc. 1, p. 215, 10 K; and met.; so: Profecto ad incitus lenonem rediget (will checkmate him), si eas alidixerit. M. Quin prius describit faxo quam unum calcem cinerit, Pl. Poen. 4, 2, 80; **3.** lime-stone, lime, hac (lat.) rei (the building a firm house), materiam et quae opus sunt dominus praebuit, lapidem calcem arenam aquam, Cato r. 14, 3; maerices ex calce (et) camentis factis, 15, 1; calce arenato\* (i.e. mortar)...corium struito, Is. 7 (his); eos parietes marginesque quae lita non erunt calce arenato\* lita politaque et calce uda (note the change of gender) dealbata recte facito, CIL 577, 17; calces restructae (slaked) partem quartam indito, ib. 21; materiam calcem camenta conexit...; non dubitavit extruere aedificium in alieno, Cie. Mil. 74; unius calci (quicklime) aquam infundere, feruebit, Sen. n. 4, 3, 24, 4; coagmenta (tubulorum) calce uina ex oleo subacta sunt inlinienda, Vitr. 8, 7, 8; cum ea (se. calx) erit extincta, tunc materia ita miscetur ut...tres harenae et una calcis infundantur, 2, 5, 1; fossicia (harena) cui quarta pars calcis addi debet, Plin. 36, 175; **4.** a chalk line to mark the goal or end of a race-course, hanc quam nunc in circos certant uocamus, calcem antiqui dicebant, Sen. ep. 108, 32 (cf. ereta qua circum praeduxere ad victoriae notam...instituerunt maiores, Plin. 35, 199); **5.** and met., Tu mihi suprema praescribit ad candida calcis Currenti spatium praemonstra, Lucr. 6, 92; nec uelim quasi decurso spatio ad carceres a calce renouari, Cie. sen. 83; add am. 101; Tusc. 1, 15; a fr. ap. Sen. as above; Nemini Fortuna cursum a carcere intimo missum Labi offensum per accor candidum\* ad calcem siuit, Varr. s. 105, 9; **6.** hence F. chaux, E. chalk.

**2 calx**, eis, f. (at times m.) [a dim of a root cal; cf. E. heel; and prob. one w. prec. as being hard; cf. too callum] heel, E. Seguire sis, C. Sequor. E. Clementer quae: calces deteris, Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 111; asinus cecidit calibus, Poen. 3, 3, 71; namque inciscit Adorsum stimulum calces (se. reuicere), Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 28; Quadrupedemque citum ferrata calce fatigat, Verg. 11, 714; so ferrata calce, Sil. 7, 697; 13, 169; 17, 541; calce feritur aselli, Ov. F. 3, 755; ut rucis pressit qui calibus anguem, Iuv. l. 43; **2.** a kick (wh. fin. man is commonly w. the forefoot); Ne tu istas faxo calibus saepe insultabis frustra, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 54; cum pugnis et calibus concisus esset, Cie. Verr. 2, 3, 56; add Tusc. 5, 77; Sull. 71; aut die aut accipie calcem, Iuv. 3, 295; **3.** less correctly of the foot, calcemque terit iam calce, Verg. 5, 324; **4.** met. as of a scion, anelli (surreulus) cum sua calce, Plin. 17, 156 (so cum perna sua in the same sense, 17, 67); inferiores calces scapiorum (in a circular staircase), Vitr. 9, 2f.; **5.** λαξ (as deap. fm. (κα)λαξ) is akin to calx; cf. Lat. laet=γαλακτ-.

**1 candēla**, ae, f. [cando or candeo] a rushlight or tallow candle, candelas scabare, Colum. 2, 21 (22), 3; fucibus aut candelis simplicibus, Varr. uita pop. R. ap. Serv. ad A. 1, 727; scirpi...e quibus detracto cotice candelae luminibus et funiculis seruiunt, Plin. 16, 178; Me quoniam luna solet deducere uel breue lumen candelae carnis dispendio et tempero filium, Iuv. 3, 287; candelam apponere ualuis, 9, 98; Nocturna candelae nobis antiqua decedunt: Non norat parcos uincta lucerna patres, Mart. 14, 43; Ancillam tibi sors dedit lucernae, 14, 40 (lucerna: candelae); add Plin. 33, 122; Vitr. 7, 9, 3; **2.** used in funerals, Hinc tuba candelae, tandemque beatulus...In portam rigidos calces extendit, Pers. 3, 103; **2 candēla**, ae, [akin to καρθος, felleo or tire of a wheel, and so to καρπω, the δ θ and π of these all exer.; see cat-na (cantena), hoop of a barrel] a band or hoop (of wood or iron), lapidem circiter in media area iunctum candelis quatuordecim, Cass. Hem. ap. Plin. 13, 86; in altera (area) duo fascas candelis inuoluti septenos habuere libros, Liv. 40, 29, 6 (both speaking of the discovery of Numa's books).

**cāpella**, ae, f. dim. (capra; cf. umbra, umbella), strictly a female kid, and prob. so in: capella scite facta (of bronze), Cie. Verr. 2, 2, 87; perh. too in: Dum tenera attondet siniae uirgula capellae, Verg. E. 10, 7; **2.** in poets, a term (perh. of affection) for a full grown goat, distentas lacte capellas, ib. 7, 3; ueniunt ad mulctra capellae, Hor. epod. 16, 49; Quodque aliena capella gerat distentius uber, s. 1, 1, 110; perh. too in: Discit ab hirsuta (cf. ap. Ippon παρ'αβή), ex c. wd. be the Lat. ilium) iactum torquere capella (se. the ape; quale sinas manducet, Schol.), Iuv. 5, 155; but see below; **3.** a term of abuse for a shaggy soldier etc. in odium uenit cum uictoris suis capella (se. Iulianus), Amm. 17, 11, 1; deformes illuiae capellae (cf. captive Persians), 24, 8, 1; so capra of the 'hirsutus' Caligula, Suet. 50; perh. for a centurion in Iuv. above; **4.** the constellation, signum pluuiiae capellae, Ov. F. 5, 113; e. pluuiialis, Plin. 18, 248; add 255 and 310; called 'capra' by Varr. and Colum.; **5.** like Capra, a cognomen, C. Naetius Capella III uir a. a. f. f., Eckhel 5, 259; so Martianus Capella, the author.

**captiuus**, or cās (captiuus), adj. [captus] of the class capti or capta, taken in war, captured; captus speaks of the fact and circumstances of capture, captiuus only of the resulting status so to say. Homines captiuos qui catenis uinciunt, Pl. Men. 1, 1, 3; naues, Caes. b. c. 2, 5, 1; Liv. 26, 47, 3; ager, Sal. ep. Mitth. 1, 8; Liv. 2, 48, 2; pecunia, 1, 53, 3; 10, 46, 6; uiestis, Verg. 2, 765; eurus, 7, 184; Captiuum portatur ebur, captina Corinthus, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 193; uolpes, Ov. F. 4, 705; pisces, M. 13, 932; **2.** as sb. a prisoner of war a captive, Idne (Idē) pudet te quia captiuum, genere prognatam bono Ex (so Gepp. cja., looking to 5, 1, 2) praeda ex mercatas? Pl. Epid. 1, 2, 4; (but in 4, 1, 7 captiam w. P and metre); add Capt. pr. 27; 1, 1, 32 etc.; ex captiuis comperit, Caes. b. g. 1, 22, 1, etc.; de captiuis reddendis, Cie. off. 1, 38; add fam. 5, 11, 3; Senuis roga dabunt, captiuis fata triumphum, Iuv. 7, 201; **3.** met. Et noua captia uincula mente feram, Ov. am. 1, 2, 30; **4.** resulting from captivity, necessitas, Th. C. 5, 5, 2; de postlim. **5.** like 1. cattino, Sp. cattino, F. chéif, E. catiff, bad, worthless, uicissima noua pars Sagittarii, si in horoscopo fuerit inuenit homines facit uanos deformes captiuos, Iul. Firm. S. 27.

**cārē**, ae, f. [= cārē, head, face], face, postquam uenere nerendun Caeasari ante carum, Coripp. pan. Iustin. 2, 411; **2.** hence Sp. cara, I. cera, ciera, E. cheer, cheer-ful, and prob. Lat. sin-cērus.

**1 carabus**, [Γαελ. cur-ach and curach-an, W. corwgl; Gael. caribh, a ship] a coracle, or boat of wicker covered with leather, Isid. or. 19, 1 f.; cf. Plin. 4, 104 Britannos utilibus nauigis corio circumscutis nauigare.

**2 carabus**, 1, see carauus.

**carauus**, i (carabus), m. (= καραβος, E. crab), a kind of crab, eancorion genera carauit astaci, m(s)cae, paeuri, Plin. 9, 97.

**cāro**, ēre, vb. obsol. (prob. fm. cār, sound of scratching) card (wool), Inter ancillas sedere iubeas launam carere (so Ritschl w. Z and Varr. 1, 7, 3, p. 339 Sp.; BCDF carpere) Pl. Men. 5, 2, 46; idem est hoc uerbum (carere) in Commotia Nauii carere a carendo quod am tam purgant et deducunt (diducunt?)...ut careat spurcicia, ex quo carinari dicitur lana, Varr. ib.; **2.** hence car-men, a carding-wool, carduus, thistle so used, car-p-o, card (wool), and castus, clean, part. of cāro; = E. card w. exer. d; **3.** : cāro: si sūdo (scido) scideo.

**carpo**, ēre, psi, ptus, vb. [cār of cāro, scratch, card; = κερ of κέρω, shear, devour, detract from; p, like si of serpo, a dim. suff. of iteration] scratch, cautum lege xii tabularum...his uerbis: mulier faciem ne carpio (at a funeral), Serv. ad A. 12, 606; but Cie. leg. 2, 59: mulieres genas ne radunt: genas, Val. Fl. S. 7; **2.** card (wool), at once to cleave it and separate the fibres, Milesia uellera nymphae Carpebant, Verg. G. 4, 335; carpesce pensa puellae, 1,

390; nisi herile manus Carpere pensum, Hor. od. 3, 27, 64; tristes sua pensa ministrare Carpebat, Prop. 3, 6 (4, 5), 15; lana mollis bene carpta, fibres well separated, Cels. 6, 6, p. 27, 17 Dar.; and perh. its reading of Pl. Men. 5, 2, 46;

**3.** tear, tear to pieces, Et tua dente fere viscera carpat equus, Ov. Ib. 458; is (sc. Catilla under Sulla's orders) illum (sc. Marium), carpebat (a few words before: per singulos atque laecerant), Sen. ira. 3, 18, 2; Artus in frusta carpsit et huc fermentibus Demersi aenis, Thy. 1064; uides illum qui obsonium carpit: Carpus uocatur. Itaque quocumque (Trimalchio) dicit Carpe, eodem uerbo et uocat et imperat, Petr. 36 f.; **4.** tear off, pluck, gather, poma, Verg. B. 9, 40; uidebamur de palmite, G. 2, 90; frondes, 2, 366; frumenta, 3, 176; media inter cornua saetas, A. 6, 245; ab arbore flores, Ov. M. 9, 380; de mare... aquam, Ib. 196; Ethimantus (flumen) ab acollis rigantibus carpitur (each taking a little), Curt. 8, 9, 10; ex collo... coruam, Hor. S. 2, 3, 256; crinem, Val. Fl. 8, 7; **5.** shear (sheep), which at first was by tearing, et stolidum pleno uellere carpe pecus, Prop. 2, 16 (3, 7), 8; **6.** esp. of animals eating, pluck, graze, browse, nibble, crop, alia (animalia) sugunt, alia carpunt, Cic. N.D. 2, 122; uidebat Carpere gramen equos, Verg. 9, 353; **7.** of bees, gather, (apes) e malo punice cibum carpunt, and soon after, ex aliis floribus, Varr. r. 3, 16, 25; Grata carpeutis thyma, Hor. od. 4, 2, 29; **11.** met. first, tear or pull to pieces, carp at, pick holes in, find fault with (in words), malidico dente carpunt (Cornellum), Cic. Balb. 57; ut militum uocibus nonnulli carperetur, Caes. b. c. 3, 17, 5; tua carpere facta, Ov. Pont. 3, 64; dictatore sermouibus, Liv. 7, 12, 12; Paulum obtractatio carpsit, 45, 35, 5; Totius tuos patiar labores Impune...carpere luidas Obliniones, Hor. od. 4, 9, 33; carpitque et carpitur una (sc. Iunidia), Ov. M. 2, 781; nemo apud me quemquam sinistris sermouibus carpit, Plin. ep. 1, 9, 5; famam uitamque eius carpi, Plin. pan. 53, 4; ut Ciceroem carpant in his... (Quint. 9, 4, 64; quae non desierunt carpere maligni, 11, 1, 24; carpi se sermouibus suorum, Inst. 12, 5, 2); **9.** pick out, select, gather, carpes ut uelis et paucos ex multis ad inominum sortiere, Cic. Clu. 129; ut omnes uniusque flosculos (of language) carpani, Sest. 119; in legendo carpsi quaedam, Gell. 9, 4, 5; **10.** take from by little and little, nibble at, Carpit enim uiris paulatim, Verg. G. 3, 215; caeco carpitur igni, A. 4, 2; carpi parui quotidie damnis...uires suae uidebantur, Liv. 9, 27, 6; Et soror et mater, nutrix quoque carpat amantem, Ov. am. 1, 8, 91; **11.** esp. in mil. lang., pick off stragglers etc., destroy in detail, ut nouissimum agmen carperet, Caes. b. c. 1, 78, 5; add 1, 63, 2; extrema agminis, Liv. 6, 32, 11; nouissimos, 8, 38, 6; add 22, 32, 2; 27, 46, 6; **12.** tear up into pieces, divide minutely, cf. 3, saepe carpenda membris mutitoribus oratio est, Cic. or. 3, 190; carpere multifariam uires Romanas aggressi sunt, Liv. 3, 5, 1; nisi uellet in multas paruasque partes carpere exercitum, 26, 38, 2; **13.** pluck, met. Artus breue ner et primos carpat flores, Ov. M. 10, 85; **14.** and so, snatch, snatch up, make quick use of, carpe diem quam minimum credula postero, Hor. od. 1, 11, 8; Lucantiaque oscula carpit, Ov. M. 4, 358; add her. 11, 117; Prop. 1, 21 (20), 27; fugitiuaque gaudia carpe, Mart. 7, 47, 11; dulcia, Pers. 5, 151; **15.** met. devour, consume, spend, hiemem quamquamque carpani, Lucil. ap. Non. 252; illie mea carpitur actas, Catal. 68, 35; auras Vitalis carpis, Verg. 1, 388; add Sil. 3, 712; sub quo carpere somnos, G. 3, 435; securas noctes, Val. Fl. 5, 48; **16.** esp. such iterative action as going, devour (so to say), prata fuga, Verg. G. 3, 142; aena alis, Ov. M. 4, 616; pede campos, ter. 1, 10, 23; pede iter, P. 3, 604; Neu pedibus terram seu pontum carpere remis, Prop. 1, 6, 33; **17.** so far w. abl., also with accus. merely, gymum, Verg. G. 3, 191; iter, Hor. s. 1, 5, 95; and met. od. 2, 17, 12; niam, s. 2, 6, 93; mare, Ov. M. 11, 752; fugam, Sil. 10, 62; fugae compendia, 12, 353; sublimis uolatus, Stat. Th. 1, 310.

**1 castra**, ae, for castra n. pl., castra haec uestra est, Acc. ap. Non. 200.

**2 castra**, -orum, n. pl. [caed. of caedo, fell, cut; and fin.

castrum, castra vb, cut; suffix of tools, cf. rastrum, claustrum, rostrum, planstrum, fin. rado etc.] castrum, the obsol. sing. It. a felling or cutting instrument, a tool, as axe, hatchet, pickaxe, spade etc. hence in pl. gen. trenching tools, hence mouere castra of an army leaving a place, ponere c. of the arrival; then as the castrorum metator would have the tools laid down along the intended camp outline where they were soon to be used, they would represent the form of the camp; and so castra, a camp, in castra ex urbe...ueniant flentes principes, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 100; add 1, 1, 61; Men. 3, 3, 30; cum castra hostium non incensa essent, Cato orat. 49, 21; statim sibi castra faciebant, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 29; add cum Aretium uersus castra mouisset, div. 1, 77; castra promouit, Caes. b. g. 1, 48, 1; positus castris a milibus passuum xv, 6, 6, 33; add 7, 11, 5; 7, 35, 2; 7, 36, 2; Sal. Ing. 91, 2; castra propere mouit, Cat. 57, 3; castra ut ab oppido remouerentur, Liv. 9, 24, 4; castra retro mouere, 2, 58, 3; **2.** as a Roman army habitually made a camp at the end of a day's march, hence for a day's march, Caesar ex eo loco quintis castris Gergoniam peruenit, Caes. b. g. 7, 36, 1; septingentesimis castris...Tarracoeni rediit, Liv. 28, 10, 10; tertius castris Ancyram peruenit, 38, 24, 1; add 28, 19, 4; 28, 33, 1; 38, 13, 2; 40, 22, 1; 44, 7, 1; Tac. h. 3, 15, 4, 71; castris motis ad urbem Mallon peruenit inde alteris castris ad oppidum Castrabulum, Curt. 3, 7, 5; **3.** met. in Epicuri nos aduersarii nostri castra comicimus, Cic. fam. 9, 20, 1; nil epiuitium Nudus castra peto, Hor. od. 3, 16, 23; soleo in aliena castra transire, non tamen transfuga, sed tamen explorator, Sen. ep. 2, 5; cf. οὐκ ὀκνητὸς δραπέτευτας παρὰ τῆς ἐπιούρου γλυφῆς πυροβολῆσαι ὡς εἰς (τὴν Παιδίαν), Luc. somn. 12; noctu ponere castra (at your aunt's country house), Varr. r. 3, 2, 15; intra stabulariorum castra, Colum. 6, 23, 3; ab his apium castris, Pall. 1, 37, 4; **11.** 4. w. gen. or adj. as name of place, oppidum (ad Hiberum) quod Castra Aelia uocatur, Liv. 91; e. Caecilia, in Spain, Plin. 4, 117; castra Corneliiana, in Africa, Caes. b. c. 2, 35, 6; e. Cornelia, the same, Plin. 4, 24; e. Gemina, in Spain, 3, 12; e. Hannibal, a coast town in S. Italy, 3, 95; e. Herculis, near the Rhine, Am. 18, 2; tab. Pent.; e. Martis, on the Danube, Am. 31, 32; e. Noua, on the Danube, tab. Pent.; e. Pyrrhi, near Lacedaemon, Liv. 35, 27, 14; e. Scullia, in Spain, Plin. 4, 117; e. Vinaria, in Spain, 3, 10; **5.** see castra and castrum.

**castratio**, onis, f. [2 castra vb.] cutting, as pruning of trees, Plin. 16, 206, wrongly biased in favour of foll. sense, for he adds admit uires; **2.** castra No. 2, § 3; **3.** castration, Col. 6, 26, 1; 7, 11, 1; Pall. 6, 7, 3.

**1 castrātūra**, ae, f. [1 castra] cleaving, siliginis, Plin. 18, 86.

**2 castrātūra**, ae, f. [2 castra] castration, Pall. 6, 7, 2.

**1 castra**, -are, [1 castrum, a means of purification] purify, cleanse, Campanae (siliginis) quam uocant castratam, Plin. 18, 86; siliginis castratae, 18, 90; uina saccis castrati (strained) 19, 53; e. aluearia, clean out by removal of combs, dies castrandis fere matutinus occupandus est, Colum. 9, 15, 4; add 9, 15, 11; hoc mense (sc. Iunio) aluearia castrabuntur, Pall. 7, 7, 1.

**2 castra**, -are, [castrum, a trenching tool, a knife; see castra] cut, as in pruning or thinning trees etc., inter neteres quam minimum castrato, Cato or. 33, 2; quoted by Plin. 17, 195; tolerabilibus arboribus castratur ante quam caedatur, Col. 4, 32, 4; add Plin. 17, 144; catulorum caudas castrare, Col. 7, 13, 14; **2.** also of tapping a tree to let the sap flow, and so make the timber more durable, ea (sc. arbusta) ad inuim perforata castrantur, Virg. 2, 9, 4; who, like Pliny 16, 209, was biased by next sense, see his previous words: uere arbores fiunt praegnantibus; **3.** castrate, cut, Si... Impero, atque anteor (cf. 3. ass i. auctorque) sum ut tu me quoniam castrandum loceas, Pl. And. 2, 2, 73; hircum castrari uolo, Merc. 2, 2, 1; pecus, Varr. s. 182, 7 R; uitulos, r. 2, 5, 17; Pall. 6, 7, 1; sues feminas, Plin. 8, 209.

**1 castrum**, i. n. [castra, card, and so purify; cf. castra pure, castus, sb. purifying; s. too castra vb.;] a means

of purification as a shrine, castrum Inui, Verg. 6, 776; castrum Minervae, in the country of the Brutii, Varr. ap. Prob. ad Ecl. 6; cf. Minervae, in Apulia, in the itin.

2. **castrum**, i, n. [superedificata castra, as planstrum did plastra, rastrium did rastra (Key's Essays, No. 9); hence dim. castellum] a fort, cf. Poenorum, Pl. ap. Serv. ad A. 6, 776; grunium in Phrygia castrum, ps. Ncp. Alc. 9, 3; 2. hence geogr. names, C. Truentinum, Pomp. ap. Cie. Att. 8, 12 B; C. Laurens, Varr. ap. Serv. ad A. 9, 7; C. Albun, in Spain, where Hamular was killed, Liv. 24, 41, 3; C. Nonum, in Etruria, Vitali praefect(ri) Cast(ri) Noui, inser. Or. 148; add 1009 (bis); the inhab. Castronouani, ib., add 5550 and 5559.

**catēna**, ae, f. [?] for cantena (cf. lātēna for lanto-crna, and so akin to λαπ-ω) and so akin to καρθ-ος tire or fellow of a wheel, as also to καμπ-ω bend, as also to Lat. cam-urus; hence all but one w. cand-ela, a band wh. sec. a hoop (as of a barrel) in cum orbem tris catenas indito: eas catenas cum orbibus clavis ferreis corrigito. Orbem ex nimio aut ex corlo facito, Cato r. 18, 9; 2. also a band of wood, a tie, esp. as used in building an arch, hi assere catenis...clavis ferreis religitur eaeque catenae ex ea materia comparitur, eu... id est ex buxo, innipero... Vit. 7, 3, 1; eos (asseres) catenis ligneis... suspendimus, Pall. 1, 13, 1; ulmus et fraxinus catenis utiles habentur, 12, 15, 2; 11 3. in pl. catēna, arum, a chain, Hi indito catenas singulares, Pl. Capt. 2, 1, 3; add Men. 1, 1, 3 and 8; nunc intellego Redaspiciandum esse in catenis denno, 3, 5, 109; hominibus miseris inici catenas imperat, Cie. Ver. 2, 5, 106; in catenas coniecit, Caes. b. g. 1, 47 f.; add 5, 27, 2; in catenis habiturum, Sal. Jug. 64, 5; qui Plenum in catenas coniecerit, Liv. 29, 21, 2; catenis aureis unxit, Vell. 2, 82, 3; add Tac. h. 3, 31; 4. hence w. distrib. num. of more than one chain, trinis catenis unctus, Caes. b. g. 1, 53, 5; and we shd. prob. read trecentae (not trecentae) Pirithoum cohēnt catēnae, in Hor. od. 3, 47, 29; add 1, 29, 51, 37, 20; 3, 11, 45; Vit. 7, 3; 5. in poets and late prose, catēna a chain, catēnae Saepe ex anellis reddit pendentes ex se, Lucr. 6, 910; sibi restrictis membra catēna, Catul. 64, 206; hunc tu compescē catēna, Hor. ep. 1, 2, 63; Libera Romanne subiecit colla catēna, Tib. 4, 1, 117; add 4, 5, 15; ostiarius uterī more in catēna, Suet. Rhet. 3; 6. demissum caelo catēna aurea, Suet. Aug. 94; a chain as an ornament, discurrant catēnae (anreae) circa (feminarum) latera, Plin. 33, 40; 7. metl., hanc beluam (sc. Clodium) constrictam legum sacratarum catēnis, Cie. Sest. 16; fatum est indeclinabilis series rerum et catēna, Gell. 7 (6), 2, 1; quae Graeci in catēnas ligant, Quint. 5, 14, 32; 8. in Lucr. 2, 630 Lachm.'s cf., quod armis Ludunt, now accepted.

### caueo

cauē in the imper. has gen. ē as if it came from an obsol. cauō caūere, as Serv. ad A. 4, 409 says; but shd. prob. be pronounced in old drama as cf. (fer, die, es, which have lost the same e), cf. too Cie. div. 2, 84; quidam caricas Cauno aduectas nendens Cauncae clamitabat, w. the remark: monitum ab eo Crassum caneret ne iret (caue ne eas); ex. of 8, Fac fidele sis fidelis eade fidem fluxam gerat, Pl. Capt. 2, 3, 70; +50 other ex.; add Naev. ur. 41 R; com. 46 and 82; Ter. Eun. 4, 79, 29 etc.; Acc. 191, 304 and 456 R; Catul. 50, 18 and 19; Hor. s. 2, 3, 38; 2, 3, 177; 2, 5, 75; Ov. ep. 1, 13, 19, etc.; yet twice long in Bacch. metre in Pl. as: Mollior sustine me: cauē ne cadam, Ps. 5, 2, 7; Duc me amabo. Cauē ne cadas: asta, Most. 1, 4, 11; add Lucr. 2, 755; Cauē caue: namque in malos accerrimus..., Hor. epod. 6, 11; add ep. 1, 6, 32; Ov. M. 2, 89; a. a. 1, 753.

**cauilla**, ae, f. doub. dim. [see below cauillor] quibbling, Pone hoc sis: anfer cauillam: none of your quibbling, non ego nunc nugas ago, Pl. Aul. 4, 4, 11; Nam si reuoluas quid cauilla saeuus? Mart. C. 4 f., p. 137, 1 Eyss.; 2. perb. from caueo, the many provisions in legal

documents passing w. the ignorant for quibbles; perb. fm. cap-io, cf. capio, cauillabundus partic. iter. [cauilla-r], quibbling, Tert. anim. 34 f.

**cauillatio**, onis, f. [id.] quibbling, nemo meliores dabit...Cauillationes\* adstantinuelas, Pl. St. 1, 3, 75; Cauillationes\* uis opinor dicere, Truc. 3, 2, 17; inter consules magis cauillatio quam magna contentio de prociuis fuit, Liv. 42, 32, 1; cauillationis quam Graeci σαρπηρ appellauerunt, Pomp. dig. 5, 16, 177; Iulian. 5, 17, 65; ut omnem effugiam cauillationem, Quint. 1, 5, 38; add 2, 14, 5, 2, 17, 7 etc.; 2. hence a quibbling joke, Suet. Tib. 57 f.; add Vesp. 23; Gram. 3; Val. M. 2, 6, 7; 3. gen. chaffing, a jesting attack, as defined by Cie. or. 2, 218, (genus) factiarum aequibler in omni sermone fusum; iocosa cauillatio, Paul. ex F. 45; 4. note pron. as cauillationes in Pl.\*; see also

**cauillator**, oris, m. a quibbler, one who cavils, cauillatoribus istis abunde responderimus, Sen. ep. 102, 20; 2. esp. a quibbling joker, one given to chaffing, a jester, Vel cauillator factus nō conuina commodus, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 47; Dicax sum factus: iam sum cauillator (trivl.); see cauillatio § 4), probus, followed by a pun in: Ita ut pauillum dicantur a cauillibus (i. e. cauillibus), Truc. 3, 2, 15; cauillator facie magis quam facietis ridiculus, Cie. Att. 1, 13, 2; cauillator et nimis ridiculus, Gell. 4, 20, 3.

**cauillatōr-ix**, icis, f. [cauillator], one who quibbles or cavils, legalis cauillatōr, Quint. 2, 15, 25; arguta uerborum cauillatōr, 7, 3, 14.

**cauillatōr**, is, m. = cauillatio, Apul. M. 8, 25.

**cauillor**, ari, vb. refl. dim. [cauilla], quibbles, cavil, pick holes, cauillari tum tribuni et populum exsoluere religione nelle, primum eo tempore Quinctium fuisse quum sacramento adacti sint, Liv. 3, 20, 4; add perb. 5, 15, 4; eodem postero die...cauillante circa curis indignatum (Apellen) prospexisse, denuntiantem ne supra crepidum sutor indieret, Plin. 35, 85; 2. w. acc. quibble about, cavil at, pick holes in, make little difficulties about, carp at, uerba patrum cauillatē, Tac. an. 1, 46; si quis uerba cauillatus imputauerit matris... Ulp. dig. 38, 17, 2, 44; hanc artem (grammaticam) ut iocunum cauillatorem, Quint. 1, 4, 5; coram fata, Val. M. 9, 12, 8; 3. jest, joke, have a chaffing bout, hominem petulantem modestum reddo;... iam familiariter cum ipso cauillor ac iocor; Cie. Att. 2, 1, 5; tribunos plebei cauillans et Volerones uocare, Liv. 2, 58 f.; cum Aebutio se amatore cauillari, 39, 13, 3; saepe cum populo cauillatus est, Suet. Tit. 8; 4. w. acc. have one's joke about, togam sum eius praetextam quod erat adeptus Caesare consule magno hominum risu cauillatus, Cie. Q. fr. 2, 12, 2; ad deos usque cauillandis demeritis animis iusta supplicia pepedit, Val. M. 1, 8, ext. 8;

II 5. say jestingly, in eo etiam cauillatus est aestate grane esse aureum amiculum (wh. he was taking from a statue of Jupiter), bieme frigidum, Cie. N. D. 3, 83; 6. w. acc. and inf. use words in a quibbling way, pisces non sine ulla sono sunt; stridorum cum (enim?) dentibus fieri cauillantur, Plin. 11, 267; 7. as pass., Tert. res. carn. 21 f. and perb. Apul. M. 3, 10; 8. prob. grew out of the abundant use of caueo in law lang., which to the ignorant seemed founded on idle distinctions.

**cauillōsus**, adj. [cauilla], full of quibbles, Firm. Math. 58.

**cauillum**, i, n. = cauilla, Apul. M. 1, 7; Aurel. V. 9, 14; = cauillatio, id est irrisio, Paul. ex F. 46.

**cē**, [like en shortened from cen, for cene] (cf. fer die for fere, die) imper. of an obsol. vb. con or con (see glo) n-osc-ō; lit. look, only found as suff. of demonstr., as hiee hocce etc.; istosce istasce etc., illosce illasce; 2. also w. modified vowel if a suff. w. init. cons. be added, as hi-ci-nē, illi-ci-nē, isti-ci-nē; nun-ci-nē, si-ci-nē, cf. tu-ti-met undi-que indi-dē; and see § 4; 3. w. loss of e in hic, istic, illic etc., nun-c, tun-c, si-c; 4. a common error is to write ce in the forms of § 2; but a single c is found in the CLL, as hoice (=huic) 107; hoce (acc.) 196, 26 and 1291; hoce (abl.) 1291; haace, 197, 13; haec, 197, 7 and 8 etc.; haice acc. pl. 196, 23; as in the palimps. and B of

Plant., as hicine, Pers. 4, 3, 74; Trin. 4, 3, 67; haccine or hacin, Pers. 4, 3, 75; Merc. 4, 4, 13; illicine, Pers. 4, 1, 44; istacine, Pers. 2, 58; istocine, 1, 1, 81; istucine, Merc. 3, 4, 35; sicine, Pers. 1, 3, 79; Pers. 1, 1, 43; Poen. 1, 2, 173; so the Memb. of Ter. has hicine, Andr. 5, 4, 4; Ad. 4, 5, 75; Ph. 3, 2, 24 and 5, 9, 3; hocine, Andr. 1, 5, 1 (his); 1, 2, 15; Eun. 4, 3, 2; Ad. 2, 2, 29; 3, 2, 6; istocine, 4, 7, 4; sicine, Andr. 4, 3, 6; Eun. 1, 2, 19; 4, 7, 3; Hant. 4, 3, 13; Ad. 1, 2, 48; nuncine, Andr. 4, 1, 60; 5. strangely Catul. is said to have sicine in 64, 132 and 134; and 77, 3; 6. the assumed cen, one w. Eng. ken and con, and Lith. kat; also akin to cece.

**cēdō**, [from ce, suff. of demonstr. + do = da (cf. *ōs*, *ō-*, *ō-*, *ō-*, *ō-*, *ō-*); so Hand—but rather for *cēn-o* an old pron. adv. of demonstr. (see *ce*, *cit-ro*, *hie*) of which *o* (once prob. *ō*) = suffix of adv. *ill-o*, *ist-o*, *huc* (*ho* + *ce*), *cit-ro* etc.; w. the meaning here (= hither), 4, her damit, and so often admits the transl. give (me). E. *Cedō* manum. H. Manum? E. Manum inquam *cedo* tuam actum. H. Tunc, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 58; add Bac. 4, 4, 72; Most. 1, 4, 19; Ps. 4, 6, 3; Pers. 4, 2, 43; Rud. 1, 4, 22; dexteram, Poen. 1, 2, 102; Cure. 2, 3, 28; dextram, Ter. Hant. 3, 1, 84; sinum, Pl. Cure. 1, 1, 75; sortes mihi, Cas. 2, 6, 11; ceram ac linum, Bac. 4, 4, 96; argentum, Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 42; cape *cedo*?, 5, 8, 57; pedem tuum, Paen. 244 R; *cedo* si quid ab Attico, E. Att. 16, 13, 1; orationes, Brnt. 295; *cedo* mihi Verris testimonium, videamus quid dixerit: 'Ab accusatore...', Verr. 2, 1, 84; *cedo* mihi leges Atinias, Furias, ipsam Vocacionem, 2, 1, 109; *cedo* tabulas: dilue crimen hoc dum ego tabulas adipiscere possim, 2, 4, 43; innestis in librum? beasti; *cedo* enim (sc. librum): experiamur an... Apul. mag. 37—misinterpreted by Hand 2, 13; Don. add Andr. 4, 3, 15 says: *cedo* porrigentis est manum; 2. w. acc. of person, bring (me), produce, hominem, Pl. Most. 5, 1, 41; conuiuias, Ps. 3, 2, 101; alios, Ter. Eun. 4, 7, 6; uxorem, Ph. 5, 8, 42; ipsum, Ad. 3, 4, 38; 3. w. ut and subj., P. hunc seruanus semper mecum una anulum... T. *cedo* ut inspiciam, Pl. Cure. 5, 2, 54; D. Callidamates, Callidamates uigila. C. Vigilo: *cedo* ut bibam—give me something to drink (w. *ut* = *quod*), Most. 2, 1, 26; 4. and without ut, d. me solum, *cedo* tibi bibam, Pl. Truc. 2, 4, 16; (cf. *Siquidem* mihi saltandum est, tum nos date bibat tibi, St. 5, 5, 16); 11. S. look here, in direct question; and so tell (me), pray, prithee, eh? in older writers, not affecting mood of following vb. and so w. questions, *Cedo* si hac urbe abis, amorem te hic relietrum putas? Pl. Merc. 3, 4, 69; *Cedo* iam mihi, quid es facturus? Ps. 1, 3, 153; *Cedo* qui uestram rempublicam tantam amissis tam cito, Naev. ap. Cic. sen. 20; *Cedodum*, enunquam inimicium andisti mihi scriptam dicam? Ter. Ph. 2, 2, 15—wh. note the addition of dum; *cedo* igitur, quid faciam Dane?—what am I to do? Andr. 2, 3, 9; *cedo* quid iurgabit tecum? 2, 3, 15; add Ad. 4, 24; Hant. 3, 3, 36; Ph. 2, 2, 15; *cedo*, si nos in co loco essetis, quid aliud fecissetis? Cato orat. 71, 91; 6. so far *cedo* precedes all; but also following, esp. as last word, pray, eh? quid id est, *cedo*? Pl. Poen. 4, 2, 43; Qui ego istae crelam, *cedo*? (Fleck. divides the pass. otherwise), Cure. 5, 2, 67; quid te ergo aliud sollicitat, *cedo*? Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 82; nomen mulieri *cedo* quid sit ut quaeratur Phyllerae, Hant. 4, 1, 49, where the place of *cedo* violates Hand's canon (2, 14) that *cedo* is always first or last in an interr., never in media sententia; qui *cedo*? how so pray? Andr. 1, 1, 123; Intellego: Nona nunc religio in te istae inessit, *cedo*? 4, 3, 15, wh. a beginning assertion ends in a question, eh? isn't it so? 7. introduces indirect question in Cic. as: *cedo* qui sit ordo seniorum, div. 2, 146; *cedo* enim Siculo... cuius Romanus cognitor factus unquam sit, Verr. 2, 2, 106; 8. w. acc., tell (me), let (me) see, *cedo* istuc tuum consilium; quid id est? Ter. Hant. 2, 3, 91; *cedo* reliqua, Cic. Att. 9, 8, 3; *cedo* mihi istorum deorum limina atque formas, N. D. 1, 75; 9. w. acc. of person, name, give the name of, Postremo aut desine aut *cedo* quemvis arbitrum, Ter. Ad. 1, 2, 43; *cedo* mihi unum... qui octupli damnatus sit, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 29; 10. elliptic in: Nam

seclis intra se tacitum qui cogitat ullum, Facti crimeum habet. *Cēdō*, si conata peregit (sc. quid censas?), Iuv. 13, 210; *cedō* si breue parui Sortita est lateris...? 6, 504; 11. *Itē*, *Itē*, *Itē* for pl. for *cedite*, as though *cedo* had been in itself an imperative (as indeed Diom. 346, 16 K; Char. 563, 19; prob. Prise. 1, 420, 15; Prob. 38, 16; Sacerd. (Endl.) p. 68; Non, p. 84 f. made it); *Cette* (but *cedo*? for *metre*'s sake) manus uestras measque accipite, Enn. tr. 320 V; *Oeneum* aliquis *cedo* in conspectum, aut nos ubiubi est *duite*, Acc. (for the pl. w. aliquis cf. *Erotium* aliquis *euocato*, Pl. Men. 4, 2, 111); add corrupt pass. from Naev. and Pac. all from Non. S4; *cedo* patri meo, Pl. as quoted by Cledon, 59, 22 K; Pl. Merc. 5, 4, 4, *erte* dextram nunciam has been changed by cj. to *cette* d. n.; but the form *dextera* alone known to Pl.; perh. *cette* dextera cito (or mihi).

**cēna**, (not *caena* or *coena*), ae. f. [?] dinner, L. Papius, L. f. Ter. Pollio... *cenam* colonas Senisiam et Papiis, CIL 1199; nunquid foras Vocatus (es) ad *cenam*? Pl. Capt. 1, 2, 70; Quot adeo *cenae* (so A. B. not *caenae* or *coenae*; so also 69 and 70), quas defuncti mortuae! St. 1, 3, 58; pisciculus minutos ferre obolo in *cenam* sem. Ter. Andr. 2, 2, 32; the Memb. of Ter. always *cen.*; iure nigro quod *cenae* caput erat, Cic. Tusc. 5, 98; *cenae* haec fuit, ante *cenam* echinatus ostreas erudas... purpuras; in *cenā* summa sineput aprugnum... panes Piceantes, Sall. ap. Maer. s. 3, 13, 12; hunc tu, promittis ad *cenam* nec nenis, Plin. ep. 1, 15, 1; *cenam* col(oni)s dedit, inser. Or. 3868, and 3900; *licet*que ei *cenis* omnibus publicis inter centumuiros interesse, 4046; 2. phrases, to give a dinner, eos *cenat* et *facere* (give dinners) et obire, Cic. Att. 9, 13, 6; cf. fam. 9, 24, 2; si *cenam* tibi facerem, Plin. ep. 7, 3, 5; hunc ego uocari (invited) ad *cenam*, Cic. Att. 6, 3, 9; ad *cenam* inuitat, fam. 7, 9, 3; add Sall. ap. Maer. s. 3, 13, 7; 3. in later ages *cenā* came to signify supper, *cenā* apud antiquos dicebatur quod nunc est prandium; uesperna quam nunc *cenam* appellamus, Paul. ex F. p. 54; meridianum cibum *cenam* uocabant, ib. 223; add Fest. 339 b, 14.

**censō** (*cēso*\*), cre. ui. sus or situs [fm. an obsol. *cēnsi*-; root *cen*, puncture, whence part. *census*, *ensor* and *cent-rum* w. *exerce*, it, and *cent-rum*; cf. *metior*, *sentio*]; lit. puncture and so by punctures count, hence taking a census of citizens, enter or register in the census, *finem populi cēsendi*\* (so *cesor* for *ensor*, CIL 31) faciunt, 206, 152; quo magis immuniopio hae) (lege) *censatur*, ib. 158; quo lustru cibum Romanorum *cenae* sunt capita quadragiens centum millia et sexaginta tria millia, Mon. Ancyr. 2, 4; *cenā* capitum milia ducenta..., Liv. 10, 47, 2; add 1, 44, 2; 9, 19, 2; eum capitum liberorum *cenae* essent *clxxv* milia *clxxxiii*, Plin. 33, 16; quinto quoque anno Sicilia tota *censatur*; erat *cenā* praetore Pelucae..., *cenā* denuo est, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 139; ne absens *censare*, Att. 1, 18 f.; 2. enter in the register (other particulars) *censores* populi *aetates*, *suboles*, *familias* *pecuniasque* *censato*, ap. Cic. leg. 3, 7; 3. get registered, register, in qua tribu ista praedia *censuisti*? Cic. Flac. So; si aliena *censando* sua facere potuisset, ib.; 4. as a pass. w. acc., be registered for, or as having, uoluitis magnam agri modum *censeri*;... *census* es *numerate* pecuniae centum triginta milia..., *census* es *municipia* *Amyniae*,... and again: cum te andisset *senos* *suos* esse *centum*..., Cic. Flac. So; *census* *equestrem* *Summam* *nummorum*, Hor. ep. 2, 3, 383; qui *clxxv* milia *aeris* *amplius* *censi* erant, Gell. 6 (7), 13, 1; 5. also w. abl., Vos qui potestis *opē* uestra *cenari*, Pl. Capt. pr. 15; qui *minore* *summa* *aeris* *censabantur*, Gell. 6 (7), 13, 1; esp. *capite* *censi*—those who had no property for registration, Sall. Iug. 86, 2; qui *nullo* aut *perquam* *paruo* *aere* *censabantur*, *capite* *censi* uocabantur, Paul. poet. ap. Gell. 10, 10, 10; and met. Sen. ben. 7, 8, 1; Ae-quo *manducis* *atque* *ille* *opulentissimus* *Censetur* *censu* ad *Acheruntem* *mortuos*, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 103; 6. the gerund belonging neither to act. nor pass., but meaning only registering or registration, haec *frequentia* *totius* *Italiae*... quae

conuenit litorum censuendae causa, Cic. Verr. 1, 54; ut (qui) cuius Romanos ad censuendum ex prouinciis in Italiam reuocauerunt, Vell. 2, 7, 7; 7. met. register, as belonging to, as one of, haue... Est inter comites Marcia censa suas, Ov. Pont. 1, 2, 140; P. 5, 25; 8. met. estimate, value (as the censor valued and entered property of citizens), si censenda nobis sit atque aestimanda res, utrum tandem pluris aestimemus pecuniam Pyrrhi...an continentiam Fabricii, Cic. parad. 48; Anule...In quo censuendum nil nisi dantis amor, Ov. am. 2, 15, 2; 9. esp. w. abl. of that for which, id in quoque optatum esse debet cui nascitur, quo censetur, Sen. ep. 76, 8; non utibus tantum censi Chion set et operibus Archemi filiorum, Plin. 36, 12; Censetur Apona Liniuo suo tellus, Mart. 1, 61, 3; Felix quae tali censetur munere tellus, 9, 16, 5; Aristides quo totius Graeciae iustitia censetur, Val. M. 5, 3, 3; Eratosthenes multiplici uariarum doctrina censatur, Suet. Gram. 10; 10. w. adj. estimate as, think (to be), at quom aspicias, frugi censeas, Pl. Cas. 3, 2 f.; Set ipse egreditur, quam seuerus! rem cum uideas, censeas, Ter. Haunt. 5, 3 f.; 11. w. acc. and inf., think, Censendam me effugisse a nita maritima, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 108; quos quom censeas esse amicos reperiuntur falsi falsimonia, 3, 6, 18; censum me uerbum potissime ullum proloqui, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 21; An prohibere aliquid censum obstare posse? Lucr. 4, 973; 12. a peculiar auaculotion is seen in: quid censum illud Dionysium, quo cruciatu timoris angit solum, qui...? Cic. off. 2, 25; quid censeas hunc S. Roscium, quo studio et qua intelligentia esse in rusticis rebus? Rose. Am. 49; quid censeas, quum isti decemui...uagabuntur, quo tandem animo...nationes futuras? agr. 2, 45; quid censeas munera terrae...quo spectanda modo, quo sensu credis et ore? Hor. ep. 1, 6, 5; so Orelli, but peri. quid is in all these passages the part. of transition, well and Dionysius, what must we think were the tortures under which he lived, when...; 13. the use of censeo, parenthetically like credo, is doubtful, but see Cic. Cat. 4, 13; and for am. 17 and Hor. ep. 1, 14, 44, see below § 17; 14. often w. gerund, gerundive, aequum, decere; quid faciendum censeas? Ter. Eun. 4, 4, 52; Ego sic faciendum censeo, Pl. As. 4, 2, 11; add Aul. 4, 1, 11; Capt. 2, 2, 51; Ter. Ph. 2, 4, 17; Qui aequum esse censent nos a pueris illico fieri senes, Haut. 2, 1, 2; captiuos reddendos non censuit, Cic. off. 1, 39; add orat. 2 f.; magis decere censent diluere (amicitias) quam praedicere, off. 1, 120; nec solis Biturigibus communem salutem committendam censent, Caes. b. g. 7, 21, 3; add b. c. 2, 31, 8; clausas portarum reddi sibi aequum censent, Liv. 24, 37, 6; 15. hence a. absol. recommend, propose, vote for, Virum tu censeas? Pl. St. 4, 2, 18; si deos salutas dexterosum (dextroroum) xss, but the contracted dexta unknown to Plaut.; censeo, Pl. Cure. 1, 1, 70; pars dedicationem, pars dum uires suppetent, eruptionem censebat, Caes. b. g. 7, 77, 2; de bonis regis quae reddi ante censuerant, Liv. 2, 5, 1; censere, ne in Italiam transmittant Galli bellum, ipsos id auctore in se, 21, 20, 4; censeo eiusmodi uitare incommoda, Colum. 1, 5, 7 etc.; corona cinicia Ciceronem donari a republica censuit, Gell. 5, 6, 15; censet Roxanes expartari partum, Iust. 13, 2, 5; ut perinde quique animum intenderet ac si censuendum magis quam assentiendum esset, Suet. Aug. 35 f.; 16. gen. w. ut, Responde quo leto cense me ut peream potissimum, Pl. Mere. 2, 4, 15; de ea re ita censeo uti consules dent operam... Cic. Phil. 3, 37; plerique censebant ut noctu iter facerent, Caes. b. c. 1, 67, 1; add 1, 2, 3; tu quidem ut taceas censeo, Varr. s. 230, 4 R.; 17. without ut, magno opere censeo desistas, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 174; Treuiros uites censeo, fam. 7, 13, 2; quae disputari possunt, ab eis censeo petatis qui... am. 17; Quam sit uterque, libens censeo exerceat artem, Hor. ep. 1, 14, 44; nunc quoque accersas censeo omnes nauales copias, Liv. 36, 7, 17; 18. censeo often a short answer of approval, I think so, Pl. Amph. 3, 3, 11; As. 3, 2, 29; esp. Rud. 4, 8, 5, where it is an answer to Censen...; and then 9 times in the next 8 lines, w. a non censeo twice following; 19. w. senatus as agent, decree, vote, w. ut and subj. or inf...cos. senatum consuluerunt...ita exdecidendum censere, CIL 106, 3; add ib. 9 and 18; quoniam senatus censuisset uti... Caes. b. g. 1,

35, 4; qui senatus populiue Romani uerbis nuntient uelle et censere eos (uolle of the people, censere of the senate) ab armis discedere, Sal. Jug. 21, 4; 20. w. a mere acc., bellum Samnitibus et patres censuerunt et populus iussit, Liv. 10, 12, 3; quae patres censuerunt, nos iubete, 31, 7, 14; eum censuerunt clipeus, Tac. an. 2, S3; aram clementiae, aram amicitiae effigiesque censere, 4, 74; censetur Ostorio triumphum insiguia, 12, 38; supplicationes et uestem principum triumphalem utique quans urbem iniret effigiesque eius...censere, 13, 8; 21. as a red., appear, w. dat., placuit mihi atque ita uideo censi (these four words dub.) Marcellus...ut... Pomp. ad coss. ap. Cic. Att. 8, 12, 4; 22. as=sensuere in Varr. if we may trust Non. 267: ut nobis censem si ad me referetis.

**cent-o**, ōnis, m. [κεντ-ων, or prob. an obsol. *κεντ-ων*, fm. a stem *ken*, puncture, whence *κεντ-ων* w. ex. t.] padded and quilted cloth, often made of patchwork (stitched at points to prevent the shifting of the rags, wool, etc. within), as used for warm clothing of slaves, quoties etique tunicam aut sagum dabis, prius ueterem accipito, unde centones fiant, Cato r. 59 (60); centones sarcire, 2, 3; centones pueris, 10 f.; serui anellae si quis eorum sub centone erepuit, quod ego non sensi nullum mihi uitium (sc. auspicium) facit, Cato ap. Fest. p. 234 b, 32; familiam mitam (habet) a uento frigore pluuiarum quae cuncta prohibentur centonibus confectis, Colum. 1, 8, 9; 2. as a shelter from weapons, centones (turribus) insuper iniecerunt ut aut tela tormentis immissa tabulationem perfringerent, aut saxa ex catapultis latericium discuterent, Caes. b. c. 2, 9, 3; ex centonibus tegimenta fecerant quibus tela nitarent, 3, 44 f.; 3. against fire (first being wetted w. vinegar), puppes acuto madeferis centonibus integuntur, Sisen. ap. Non. 91; acetum quod extinguendi incendii causa paratur, item centones hmas (instrumento domus contineri), Ulp. dig. 33, 7, 12, 16; 4. for bedding, as a mattress, serophae eaduer sub centonibus collocat super quos uxor cubabat, Maer. s. 1, 6; 5. as a defending covering to mark off and keep warm part of a room, ut in locum secretiorem uenimus, centonem aum releiet et 'hie' inquit debet habitare, Petr. 7; and prob. Intrauit calidum ueteri centone lupanar, Iuv. 6, 121; 6. to prevent chafing of an animal's back, diligenter defendit (dorsa) a nitio si centones imponentur, Veg. vet. 3, 59, 2; 7. met. Quin (one xs quoin whence Camer. proin) tu alium queras, quon centones farcias (so mss: edd. sarcias), Pl. Epid. 3, 4, 19—stuff with crammers;

8. a cento or poem made up of (Virgilian, etc.) scraps, cento nuptialis of Ausonius; see too Isid. orig. 1, 38 f.

**centum**, indecl. [decap. from decem-tum, wh. tum = ta of sex-agin-ta etc., ti of vigin-ti, ty of twenty etc.; so S. tata, ta, dasa-ta; Lith. szimta fm. deszimt; *εκατον* from *deka-ton*; Goth. hunta fm. middle of talhun-talhun; the suffix had once a final guttural, cf. G. zwanzig, and so is one with dec- of decem, G. zehn- of zehn-; a final nt in Lat. often of guttural origin:] a hundred, lit. ten tens or ten to say, orig. perh. a sb., as: centum capitum sub uno clauso non expedit habere, Colum. 7, 6, 5; 2. adj. indecl. Pl. Mil. 1, 1, 42; centum dies, Cic. Mil. 60; 3. even w. a prep. nec ullum De centum numero caput est impune recisum, Ov. M. 9, 71; 4. C for centum, dum ne minus senatoribus C adesent, CIL 106, 6; uti, is... C nirox ex eis legat, 108, 21; 5. centum, short for centum (sestertis) si mandauerit tibi ut domum Seianam centum eueres, Paul. dig. 17, 1, 5, 2; ut fundum meum centum uenderes, ib. 3; 6. vaguely for a large number, clauibus, Hor. od. 2, 14, 26; greges, 2, 16, 33; cyathos, 3, 8, 14.

**centum-cūlus**, (centumelum), i, m. dim. (cento, ie-cul-us), a small quilted cloth, often made of patch-work, as first for clothing of the poor, uestem (latrones) latuissimum proferunt, sumeret abiecto centunculo, Apul. M. 7, 9, in; centunculis male praecarneatis semiamictum, 7, 5; centunculo faciem suam praepudore obtegit, ita ut

ab umbilico pube tenus cetera corporis renudaret, 1, 6 f.;  
 2. as a sort of harlequin dress, uti me consuesse tragoedi  
 symmatē... aut mimi centunculo, Apul. mag. 13; 3. for  
 bedding, in centunculo dormit, Sen. ep. So. 8; 4. as a  
 cloth for the back of a horse, etc., multis strata detrahi iubet  
 binisque tantum centunculis relictis agasones impouit, Liv.  
 7, 14 f.; centunculum\* equestre albidum..., centunculum\* or-  
 natum auro..., edict. Diocl. p. 21; 5. a plant, bind-  
 weed = *κλῡμας* of Diosc., Plin. 23, 138.

**cērebēllāre**, is, adj. n. as sb. [cerebellum] a skull  
 cap (of sheepskin), caput iumentis appositio cerebellari com-  
 mune, Veg. vet. 3, 11, 3; tempora munies cerebellari, 3,  
 12, 6; add 5, 32, 3; c. de lanata pelle, 3, 7, 1.

**cērebēllum**, i, n. dim. [cerebrum, cf. rostellum fm.  
 rostrum] a little brain, esp. as a dish, *fartacula cerebellum*  
*lactis agninus*, Titin. 90 R; ex sue ungulae rostrum aues  
*cerebellum*, Cels. 2, 18 p. 65, 30 Dar.; *gallinacei c.*, Plin.  
 30, 112; *pbasianorum* et *paonum*, Suet. Vit. 13; (porci)  
*cerebella tria*, Apic. 280 Sch.; add 403.

**cērerē**, bri, m. (=cerebrum), a form condemned by  
 Flav. Cap. p. 2245.

**cērebrosus**, adj. [cerebrum], raging-mad, furious, in-  
 sanum hominem et cerebrum, Lucil. ap. Non. 22; donec  
 cerebrosus proslit unus A mulae nautaeque caput lum-  
 busque saligno fuste dolat, Hor. s. 1, 5, 21; erum (if  
 sown after March 1) noxium bubus quos cerebrosos reddit,  
 Colum. 2, 10 (11) 11; cf. erum Martio scelerum non est  
 ne... boues reddat insanos, Pall. 3, 7; in Pl. Most. 4, 2, 36  
 A has eborosus: BCD cerebrosus, agst. metre.

**cērēbrum**, i, n. [see below] skull, iam tibi istuc  
 cerebrum disputatim (al. disputiam), Pl. Cas. 3, 5, 18;  
 istos... cinicos tuos Vnguentos usque e (al. ex) cerebro  
 euellam, Truc. 2, 2, 33; Crucior lapidem non habere me  
 ut illi mastigiae Cerebrum excutiam, Capt. 3, 4, 69;  
 saxo cere comminuit brum (wh. note the practical tmesis)  
 Enn. an. 586 V; Me truncus illapsus cerebro Sustulerat  
 nisi..., Hor. od. 2, 17, 27; et capite in terram statuerem  
 (sc. Syrum), Vt cerebro dispergat uiam, Ter. Ad. 3, 2,  
 19; Diminuetur tibi c., 4, 2, 32; libat araneus se filo  
 in caput serpentis tantumque ui morsu cerebrum adprien-  
 dit ut stridens et uertigine rotata ne filum quidem pen-  
 dentis rumpere queat, Plin. 10, 206; lana cerebro indita,  
 Veg. vet. 1, 10, 5; peruncto oleo capite eius et cerebro  
 nel auriculis, 3, 7, 1; add 3, 11, 2 and 3, 12, 3; 5,  
 32 (3, 33), 2; 5, 42, 2; cerebri ualido incussu parietem  
 pulsare, Aur. Vict. 1; taceo cerebrum crebra uisere per-  
 aratum, Sidon. ep. 3, 13; 2. met. quia mi misere cer-  
 ebrum excutiam tua dicta soror: lapides loqueris, Pl.  
 Aut. 1, 1, 29; (Hec) cur mi et cerebrum Nicobule fuditur  
 Istius hominis ubi fit quomque mentio, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 17;

3. brain..., Praeterea, atque scarum, cerebrum Ionis  
 paene supremi, Enn. *beduphag* S V; D. An tibi iam  
 manis cer-brum dispergam hie? S. Abit, Ter. Ad. 5, 2, 7;  
 aliis pars quaedam cerebri nisc est animeri principatum  
 tenere, Cic. Tusc. 1, 10, 9; et seq.; tractoque haesit tefacta  
 cerebro (sc. hasta), Verg. e. 4, 419; uolnus calido rigat era  
 cerebro, 11, 698; cf. *cerebellum*; 4. met. esp. of anger,  
 id nunc his cerebrum uritur (so Camer. cj., D. hise cerebro  
 auritur) Me esse hos trecentos Philippos (pron. Philip.)  
 factum lueri, Pl. Poen. 3, 5, 26; o te Bolane cerebri  
 Felicem (as not given to anger), Hor. s. 1, 9, 11; alioquin  
 experieris cerebrum meum, Ter. 75; 5. as seat of  
 intellect (see Cic. in § 3) Putidius multo cerebrum est mihi  
 crede Perilli Dictantis..., Hor. s. 2, 3, 65; o quanta species  
 cerebrum non habet, Plac. d. 1, 7; 6. of the medulla of  
 trees, seruntur palmae et trunco a cerebro ipso arboris  
 diuiso, Plin. 13, 36; 7. prob. from a lost secondary  
 cer-eb- from a stem cer=cur of curro (wh. see) revolve,  
 and cir of circus, so that cereb=glob. of globus, a ball.  
 See also *ceruix*.

**ceruix**, icis, i. [prob. from a lost root cer, turn; whence  
 a secondary vb. ceru- cf. feru-ire, uolu-ere etc.; ie a suff. of  
 dim. as in perdic-, can-ie-ula; see cerebrum] lit. a verte-  
 bra, esp. cervical vertebra, as having freer revolution—

hence vertices, the back of the neck, neck, Metuerem ne ibi  
 defregisset crura aut ceruices sibi, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 128; tum  
 iste (Caesar) ceruices\* suas ei subiecit securi qua..., Cic.  
 Phil. 2, 51; Praetorem tu accensas frange ceruices\*, Ver.  
 2, 5, 110; utrum malit ceruices\* Roscio dare an..., Rose.  
 Am. 30; ceruicibus\* fractis caput abscidit, Phil. 11, 5;  
 nictos aspiciunt catenis liberos suos, cum istius auaritia  
 poenam collo et ceruicibus\* suis, Verg. 2, 5, 108; qui  
 tantis erunt ceruicibus\* (so strong-necked) qui audent...?  
 2, 3, 135; eius (sc. Clodii) furores lahe dextera a ceruicibus  
 nestrīs repulsi, Mil. 77; monetur ut aliquo praesidio caput  
 et ceruices\* et ingulum ac latera tutetur, Sest. 90; regno  
 in ceruices\* accepto (as a yoke to be borne), Liv. 4, 12, 6;  
 demittere (caput) ne ad ceruices aqua descendat, Cels. 1, 4,  
 p. 22, 23 Dar.; iniecit ceruicibus laqueo... in forum tractus  
 est, Suet. Vit. 17; 2. the use of pl. ceruices w. sing.  
 meaning neck is seen in \*; 3. the sense of back of the  
 neck, or vertebrae in \*; 4. in sing. neck, ab eo quod ali  
 dicunt 'ceruices' Hortensius in poematis 'ceruix', Varr.  
 l. 8, 4, p. 402 Sp.; add 10, 4; ceruicem uidetur Hortensius  
 primus dixisse (but see below), nam ueteres pluraliter ap-  
 pellabant, Quint. 8, 3, 35; caput a ceruice reuoluit, Enn.  
 an. 462 V; quadrupes... ceruice angusta, Pl. 3, 1; ut tibi  
 ceruicem fangam linteo, Afr. 416; optumae toruae Forma  
 bouis cui turpe caput, cui plurima ceruix, Verg. G. 3, 52;  
 fusos ceruix cui lactea erinis Accipit, 10, 137; Dum fla-  
 grantia detorqueat ad oscula Ceruicem aut..., Hor. od. 2, 12,  
 26; brachia candidae Ceruici iuuenis dabat, 3, 9, 3; Atlas  
 Est ausus, aethierum qui fert ceruicibus\* axem, Ov. M. 6,  
 175; rigida ceruice currentium, Liv. 35, 11, 8; a capite  
 transitus ad ceruicem est, Cels. 4, 6 (3); add 4, 7, 1; ceruic-  
 em percussoribus obtulit, Tac. an. 1, 53; Praeubenda est  
 gladio... ceruix\*, Iuv. 10, 345; quum iam sexta ceruice\*  
 feratur, 1, 64; ceruice\* locata, 9, 143; laxa ceruice legen-  
 dum, Pers. 1, 98; ceruix\* nulli nisi quibus utraque haec  
 (windpipe and gullet): ceteris collis quibus tantum gula.  
 Sed quibus ceruix e multis ueteratibusque orbiculatim ossi-  
 bus flexilis ad circumspetum..., Plin. 11, 177; ceruix in-  
 clinata, Quint. 1, 11, 9; add 2, 39, 11, 3, 82 and 83;  
 ceruicem eius manibus amplectitur, Curt. 3, 32 f.; 5.  
 even of front of the neck, in ceruice inter culum et asperam  
 arteriam tumor increscit, Cels. 7, 13, 1; and perh. in \*  
 above; 6. phrase, in ceruicibus esse, stare, met., to  
 stand with one's foot on a person's neck, so as to have com-  
 plete mastery, quanto facilius abire fuit cum procul abesse-  
 mus quam nunc cum in ceruicibus sumus, Liv. 44, 39, 7;  
 bellum iugens in ceruicibus erat, 22, 23, 5 (or it may be a  
 met. from an axe about to fall); Bactrian in quorum ceruic-  
 ibus stamus, Curt. 7, 7, 11; 7. met. of other  
 objects, neck, hostis in ceruicibus Italiae agens (stantis?)  
 Sall. hist. ep. Pomp. 4; oppidum Pagaie unde Peloponnesi  
 proslit ceruix, Plin. 4, 8; (Berenice) sita in ceruice longa  
 procurrente, 6, 170; amphorae c., Mart. 12, 32, 14; Petr.  
 34; ceruices fornicum cadunt, Plin. 33, 72; fistulae con-  
 iunctae pinguos (πινγεις) ceruicibus, Vir. 10, 13, 4; cucu-  
 mifer, Plin. 136; (pampini), Colum. 4, 7, 3; (cupressi),  
 Stat. Th. 6, 855.

**cesso**, āre, vb. freq. [cedo] be going and going (to do  
 something)—hence lose time, put off, hesitate, esp. w. inf.  
 in questions or negation, Set quid cessamus proelium  
 committere? Pl. Pers. 1, 3, 32; Numquid principio cessa-  
 uit uerbum docte dicere?—did she not at the very out-  
 set without the slightest hesitation...? 4, 4, 2; add 20  
 other exx.; Hector qui haud cessat obsidionem obducere,  
 Enn. tr. 11 V; cesso adloqui? Ter. Andr. 5, 2, 4; add 2,  
 2, 6; adori, Haut. 4, 5, 9; pultare ostium, 3, 1, 1; ire  
 intro, Ad. 4, 5 f.; intro rumpere? Enn. 5, 5, 26; set cesso  
 inimicitiam integrare? Pac. 111 R; Cesso hinc ire? Acc.  
 519; add 302; e. occupare, Trup. 212; 2. absol., quid  
 nunc cessas? colliga, Pl. Epid. 5, 2, 18; mihi cesso, cum  
 sto, 3, 2, 8; add Ps. 1, 3, 12; set ego cesso, Pers. 2, 2, 52;  
 quid stas? quid cessas? Ter. Andr. 5, 6, 15; paulum si  
 cessassem, domi non offendissem, Eun. 4, 4, 5; cessat uol-  
 untas?—hesitate, Hor. od. 1, 27, 13; quid mori cessas?  
 3, 27, 58; 3. hence gen. loiter, si tabellarii non cessa-

rint, Cic. *pro. cons.* 15; ubi pernicietas Nota inquit illa est? quid ita cessaturus putes? *Phaedr.* 1, 9; 4. be idle, idle, Cessatum usque adhuc est. *Ter. Ad.* 4, 4, 23; Set interim quid illic iamdudum gnatus cessat cum Syro? *Haut.* 1, 9; ut neque cessaret nunquam et... *Cic. off.* 3, 1; Cicero noster, dum ego absum non cessavit apud rhetorem, ad *Q. fr.* 3, 1, 14; neque umquam in suo opere cessavit, *sen.* 13; cur deos nihil agere et cessare patitur? *N.D.* 3, 93; quareo cur *pro. cons.* nostra cessaverit. *Laboremne fugiebat?* 1, 22; Et si quid cessare potes, requiesce sub umbra, *Verg. B.* 7, 10; cessabimus una, *Prop.* 4 (3), 23, 15; 5. cur hic cessat cantharus? *Pl. Stich.* 5, 4, 23; *Altemis...* *tonas cessare nouales*, *Verg. G.* 1, 71; alius ordo (of crops) ut ubi adorem fuerit, cesset quattuor mensibus hibernis, *Plin.* 18, 191; nonalis est terra quae anno cessavit, *Gai.* *del.* 50, 16, 30, 2; cessantem amphoram, *Hor. od.* 3, 28, 8; *Berecynthiae* Cessant flamina tibiae, 3, 19, 19; cessavit deinde ars ac rursus olympiade *CLVI* reuixit, *Plin.* 34, 52; *Retia* dum cessant, *Mart.* 12, 1, 1; 6. w. dat. (like *macare*), Nam tua non aetas unquam cessavit amori, *Semper* et armatae cura fuit patriae, *Prop.* 1, 6, 21; *II 7* hence, cease (to work), w. inf., contumelias Numquam cessavit dicere hodie, *Ter. Ph.* 2, 3, 30; Set ut olim te ostendisti, eadem esse nullo cessauisti usque adhuc, *Hee.* 4, 1, 29; non cessat de nobis detralere, *Cic. Att.* 11, 11, 6; *III 8*, in long. lang., cease to have force, become invalid or void, no longer apply, per has uices aut cessaturam aut nuntiatum stipulationem, *Paul.* *del.* 45, 1, 83, 5; si idem seruus hereditatem rem subtraxerit, forti actio cessabit... ad exhibendum autem actio competit, *Iul.* 9, 4, 40; nulli permittitur... nisi ei cui lex permittit aut lege cessante ordo dedit, *Ulp.* 4, 4, 3; nullam esse societatem... et ideo cessare partes praetoris, 4, 4, 16, 1; consiliis morte cessantem honorem, *Suet. Caes.* 76.

**ceu**, conj. [prob. for a fuller *ceue* and of *pron.* orig. like *ut* and *quam*, E. as etc.; perh. *c* this (see *Cis*) + *ne* = *uia* = G. *weg*, in this way] as just as, like, as if, Et simul erubuit *ce*u lacte et purpura mixta, *Enn. an.* 355 V; *ce*u pleum spongiam aqua Siquis forte manu premere ac siccare coepit, *Laer.* 4, 618; *ce*u lapidem si Percutiat lapis aut ferrum, 6, 161; *ce*u puluere nentorum flamine nubes...montis liquere caecum, *Catull.* 64, 239; inde lupi *ce*u Raptores...Faucibus expectant siccis... *Verg.* 2, 355; add *R.* 1, 303; 3, 194 and 542; 4, 96; A. 2, 438 and 516; 5, 88 and 527; 6, 492; 7, 624; 9, 30 and 792; 10, 97 and 357; *Ceu* flamma per taelas uel Enurus Per Siculas equitant undas, *Hor. od.* 4, 4, 43; add *St. Th.* 2, 418; 4, 95; 5, 5; *Silu.* 3, 1, 6; *Sil.* 2, 378;

2. so far only in poets; also in later prose, imo inquis *ce*u cum frigore inhorruimus tremor sequitur, *Sen. n. q.* 6, 24, 4; and esp. *Plin.* as: *ce*u uero ullo modo spirandi ratio ceteris animalibus distet, 7, 188; *ce*u mari sibi inato, 9, 13; add *Q. 9*, 132; 11, 258; 14, 137; 16, 41; 29, 96; 31, 2; 34, 28 and 175; 35, 48; *ce*u papulae, *Suet. Tib.* 44; ut uictorias (Germanici) *ce*u damnosas reipublicae inereparet, 52; add *Vit.* 17.

**circā**, prep. or adv. (perh. for *circum* and so all but one w. *circum*), round, around, about, as prep. canibus quos *circa* se haberet, *Cic. Verr.* 2, 1, 126; *urbes circa*, so *Klotz*, *Bail.*; *al. circum*: wh. is more prob., (cf. *circum* *Capuam* § 20), *Capuam*, *agr.* 1, 22; omnesque marinae Plausuerunt *circa* libera signa dede, *Prop.* 5 (4), 6, 62; illi robur et aae triplex *Circa* pectus erat, *Hor. od.* 1, 3, 9; trecentos iuuenes *circa* se habebat, *Liv.* 29, 1, 2; Et *circa* regem atque ipsa ad praetoria densae Misenunt (see *apes*), *Verg. G.* 4, 75; emit lacum *Salabatem* et *circa* eum lacum pedes decem, *Proc.* *del.* 18, 1, 69; but in *Cic. Cat.* 4, 14 *templum circa* forum is now read; 2. w. motion, *Terque* focum *circa* (so *ss* and *Lacum*), but *Hand* would prefer *circum* *lanceus* *circum* *est*, *Prop.* 5 (4), 6, 6; 3. less correctly, round, round to or through, i.e. to all in every direction, legatos *circa* uicinas gentes misit, *Liv.* 1, 9, 2; add 4, 23, 5; 26, 13, 1; 28, 26, 11; 31, 3; 5; *Hippocrates*...discipulos add auxilium *circa* *urbes* dimisit, *Plin.* 7, 123; add *Suet. Aug.* 49; *Ner.* 28; 4. in some place or places in

the circuit or neighbourhood of, about, near, detrimentis quibusdam *circa* montem Amanum acceptis, *Caes. b.* c. 3, 31, 1; *Romae* aut *circa* *Romam* multa prodigia facta sunt, *Liv.* 21, 62, 1; *Procrum* recepit et quae *circa* eam castella erant, *Liv.* 36, 14, 12; sedem cepere *circa* *Lesbum* insulam, *Vell.* 1, 2, 6; add 2, 21, 1; Effugere in thermis et *circa* balnei non est Menegem, *Mart.* 12, 82, 1; *circa* *Syriam* nascitur, *Plin.* 19, 46; dubitauerat utrumne *Circi* Mesopotamiam subisteret an... *Curt.* 4, 9, 1; id bitum (carcinoma) fit *circa* faciem mares aures labra mamas feminarum: *circa* locum aliqua quae puncta sentiuntur, *Cels.* 5, 28, 2 in.; 5. on both sides of, aquam quae in fundo nascebat et *circa* eam aquam late decem pedes, *Paul.* *del.* 8, 3, 30; 6. of employment about—(alike of mind and body), about, concerning, upon, with, *circa* consularia occupato comitia, *Sen. ben.* 7, 28, 2; quidam *circa* res omnes, quidam *circa* ciuiles modo uersari rhetoricen putauerunt, *Quint.* 2, 15, 15; illas *circa* s litteram delicias, 1, 11, 6 etc.; *circa* rapinam et praedam occupatos, *Val. M.* 6, 8, 7;

7. of time, about, postero die *circa* eandem horam, *Liv.* 42, 57, 10; c. *Murenae* *Capionisque* coniurationis tempus, *Vell.* 2, 93, 1; *circa* *uerum* *aequinoctium*, *Colum.* 5, 6, 19; *circa* *Kalendas*, 5, 10, 18; *circa* *eum* *menssem*, *Plin.* 9, 69; c. *Romuli* *aetatem*, 35, 55; 33, 156; c. *idus* *Octobris*, *Plin.* *ep.* 1, 7, 4; c. *septimum* *dicum*, *Cels.* 2, 6, 6, 37, 24; c. *nicesimum* *diem*, 2, 7, p. 13, 34; c. *lucis* *ortum*, *Curt.* 5, 3, 7; c. *undecimum* *horam*, *Suet. Caes.* 88; c. *mediam* *noctem*, *Suet. Claud.* 2; add *Oth.* 21; 8. so far w. nouns wh. themselves express time, but also w. other nouns, about the time of—, in *Accio* *circaque* *eum* (about his time) *Romana* *tragedia* *est*, *Vell.* 1, 17, 1; quidquid *Romana* *facundia* *habet*, quod... *circa* *Ciceronem* *effloruit*, *Sen. controv.* pr. 6; *fictas* *matérias* *dicere* *circa* *Demetrium* *Phalera* *institutum*, *Quint.* 2, 4, 41; doctores *artis* *c.* *Tisian* et *Coraci* *primum* *repertos*, 2, 17, 7; add 12, 10, 6; 9. w. words of number and quantity, c. *quingentos* *Romanorum* *sociorumque* *uictores* *cecidissent*, *Liv.* 27, 42, 8; *oppida* *c.* *septuaginta*, *Liv.* 45, 34, 6; *panis* *c.* *selibram*, *Cels.* 4, 26 (19), 1, p. 151, 24 Dar.; c. *singulas* *heminas* (aquae) *emitendum*, 7, 15; *cecidere* *Persarum* *Arabumque* *circa* *decem* *milia*, *Curt.* 4, 6, 30; c. *sestertium* *nices*, *Suet. Claud.* 6;

10. as adv. around, round, *destra* *laeuqua* *dno* *maria* *claudunt*, *circa* *Padus* *amnis*, *Liv.* 21, 43, 4; *fluvius* *ab* *tergo*, *ante* *circaque* *ne* *ripa* *praepers* *erum* *cinge* *bat*, 27, 18, 5; *ex* *montibus* *qui* *circa* *sunt*, 1, 4, 6; add 1, 41, 1; 22, 30, 1; *caligo* *quam* *circa* *umidi* *effuderunt* *montes*, *Curt.* 4, 12, 20; 11. w. noun as a sort of adj., but the connection shown by order of words, surrounding, neighbouring, multarum c. ciuitatum, *Liv.* 1, 17, 4; *tutas* *c.* *nationes*, 27, 30, 3; 12. cf. §§ 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 w. the same §§ of *circum*; but in these *circum* is the older form, and in later writers gave place to *circa*; *circa* is rare in *Cic.* and *Caes.*, and was never used before *Cic.*

**circiter**, (or *er*\*), adv. [implies an adj. *circus*], as prep. w. acc. as of place, *Loca* *haec* *circiter*\* *exiit* *mihi*: *met* *hominem*... *Pl.* *Cist.* 4, 2, 8; 2. of time, *Nam* *ille* *noster* *est* *fortasse* *circiter* *triennum*, *Pl.* *Mil.* 2, 3, 79; *D.* *Abeam*? *T.* *redito* *huc* *circiter* *meridie* (so *A*; *BCD* *meridie*) *Most.* 3, 1, 52; *Repete* *noctis* *circiter* *meridie* (so *old* *edd.*, *Riese* *meridie*), *Varr.* s. 161, 5 R; *ones* *hirsas* *tendent* *circiter* *hordeaceum* *messem*, *r.* 2, 11, 7; c. *idus* *Sextilis*, *Cic. fam.* 3, 5, 4; c. *idus* *Nonembris*, 14, 5, 2; c. *Kalendas*, *Att.* 2, 4, 6; 12, 27, 3; c. *meridie* *exercitum* *in* *castra* *reduxit*, *Caes. b. g.* 1, 50, 2; *circiter* *hora(m)* *decima(m)* *noctis*, *Sulp.* *ad* *Cic.* 4, 12, 2 (here *THK* *cf.* *adds* *the* *m*); 3. as adv. *lapidem* *circiter* *in* *media* *area* *ninquent* *canellis* (catenis? i.e. hoops of wood or iron) *quoque* *uersus*, *Cass. Hem. ap. Plin.* 13, 86; 4. w. words of number, si curati *circiter* *duobus* *mensibus* *fiunt* *pungues*, *Varr.* r. 3, 10, 7; c. *quingentae* *species*, *L.* 6, 5, p. 216 Sp.; *dies* *c.* *quindecim* *iter* *fecerunt*, *Caes. b. g.* 1, 15, 5; *hominum* *milibus* *c.* *xvi*, 1, 25, 6; add 1, 26, 5; 1, 27, 4 etc.; e. *parte* *tertia* (amorum) *celata*, 2, 32, 4; *hora* *circiter* *di* *quarta*, 4, 23, 2; *quam* *decem* *circiter* *milia* *ab* *hoste* *absessit*, *Liv.* 28, 1, 7.



**circum**, prep. or adv. [circus, and ult. fm. cir or eer, noise of revolution] round, as prep., Te adloquor uti probeque plena, Quae circum vicinis uagis, Pl. Mil. 2, 5, 14; circum argentaria Scorta lenonesque assident (so Wagner ej.; MSS. scort lenones quasi sedent) cottidie, Truc. 1, 1, 47; add Epil. 2, 2, 15; Tranquillum est: alcedonia sunt circum forum, Cas. prol. 26; Circum sos (= eos) quae sunt magnae gentes opulentes, Enn. an. 152 V; circum sese uruat, tr. 141; armillas ubi facito quae circum orbem indas, Cato r. 21, 4; paucae quae circum illam essent manent...puellae, Ter. Eun. 3, 5, 33; Capillus...circum caput Reiectus, Haut. 2, 3, 49; Ausia Tarui l. Rufa...circum lucum macer[um]...d. s. p. f. c., CIL 1260; in omnibus templis quae circum forum sunt, Cic. opt. g. or. 10; cum tot essent circum illam hastam (=c. praecoris), Phil. 2, 64; tres (legiones) quae circum Aquileiam hibernabant, Caes. b. g. 1, 10, 3; magnus numerum equitatus circum se habere, 1, 18, 5; add b. c. 2, 10, 1; omnium flagitiorum atque facinorum circum se, tanquam stipulatorum, ceteras habebat, Sall. Cat. 14, 1; add 26; equites qui cum telis essent circum aedem Concordiae, 49, 4; circum castra fremunt, Verg. 1, 56; 2. w. motion, quum (terra) circum axem se conuoluit, Cic. acad. pr. 2, 123; Terque nonas circum felix eat hostia fruges, Verg. G. 1, 345; 3. less correctly, round, to or through, i. e. to all in every direction (as we talk of a medical man going his rounds), pueros circum amicos dimittit, Cic. Quinct. 25; circum nullas nostras errare, Att. 8, 9, 3; cum praetorem circum omnia fora sectaretur, Verr. 2, 2, 169; lenonem concursare circum tabernas, Cat. 4, 17; dimissis circum municipia litteris, Caes. b. c. 3, 22, 1; legatio circum insulas missa, Liv. 42, 45, 1; Ipse mihi custos incorruptissimus omnes Circum doctores aderat, Hor. s. 1, 6, 82; add 2, 3, 281; ep. 1, 1, 49; Prop. 1, 4, 21; misit circum amicos, Suet. Ner. 47; add Aug. 64; Caes. 41; Calig. 28 and 41; 4. somewhere in the neighbourhood of, without specifying on what side, circum haec loca commorabor, Cic. Att. 3, 17, 2; sin autem ille circum ista loca commoraretur, Pomp. ap. Cic. Att. 8, 12 C 1; non succurrit tibi quamdiu circum Bactra haereras? Curt. 7, 8, 21; 5. on both sides of (cf. *ἀμφὶ*), ibi termina duo stant circum uiam Postumiam, CIL 199, 8; and perhaps, uarios hic flumina circum Fundit humus flores, Verg. B. 9, 40; 6. postponed to relat. and other nouns, ambigua bos apud augures quam circum aliae hostiae constituuntur, Varr. l. 7, 3, p. 319 Sp.; hunc circum arctoe duo feruntur, Cic. N. D. 2, 105; prius aras pocula circum Contingunt mellis...sapore, Lucr. 1, 937; maria omnia circum, Verg. 1, 32; add 6, 166 and 329; 4, 2, 382; 4, 334; Tydea circum omnes...stipulantur, Stat. Th. 3, 395; 7. separated from its noun, wh. is attached to a foll. prep., Fortis erit circum, fortis et ante duem, Albini. in Maec. 49; 8. as adv. round, around, Da cito ab Delpho cantharum, Pl. Most. 1, 4, 33; faciendum haras quadratas circum (sc. anseres) binos pedes, Varr. r. 3, 10, 3; quae circum essent opera, Caes. b. c. 2, 10, 1; Sed circum tutae sub moenibus urbis aquantur, Verg. G. 4, 193; add B. 3, 45; Tantalus est illic et circum stagna, Tib. 1, 3, 77; 9. often placed bef. vb. so as to form a quasi-compound, furcas circum offigito, Cato r. 48 (49), 2; Quamuis est circum caesis laeae undique membris Truncus... Lucr. 3, 403; oras et litora circum Errantem, Verg. 3, 75; quae nunc...Mortalis hebetat uisus tibi et umida circum Caligat nubem eripiam, 2, 605; Ipseque te circum Instrui sulfure puro, Tib. 1, 5, 11; w. noun as a sort of adj. surrounding, but so placed as to have no connection with other words, in Apuliam circumque loca missi, Sal. Cat. 30, 3; 111 10. in comp. w. vbs. round, circumfero, -eo, -do.

**cis**, prep. [as cit-eror, cit-imus, cit-ro, cit-ra : ult-eror, ult-imus, ult-ra, ult-ro (w. te excr.), so cis : ult; but ult is fm. ult-is; so prob. cis fm. cit-is, a compar., i. cf. magis, pot-is, sat-is;—root cit- as seen in citra etc.=cen, assumed stem of hi-c this] on this side of, w. ace. of place, cis Ariminum, Cato orig. 10, 20 I; in Gallia cis

Alpeis, CIL 205, 2, 26; cis Taurum, Cic. fam. 3, 8, 4; Sall. h. ep. Mith. 6; cis Euphratem, Att. 7, 2, 6; cis Ithenum, Caes. b. g. 2, 3, 4; 4, 4, 3; cis Tiberim, Varr. ap. Non. 92; Liv. 8, 14, 6; cis Anienem, 4, 17, 8; (ut) adiutores triumuiris quinqueque uis cis Tiberim aedificis praecessent, 39, 14, 10; quinqueque constituti sunt cis Tiberim et uis Tiberim, Pomp. dig. 1, 2, 31; cis Appenninum, Liv. 5, 33, 9; cis Padum, 5, 35, 4; 2. of time, on this side of, within, Vt nulla faxim eis dies paucos siet, Pl. Truc. 2, 3, 27; cis paucos mensis, Merc. 1, 2, 42; Cis hercle paucos tempestates, Most. 1, 1, 18; cis mensem decimum, Aur. V. 42, 1; add Mam. grat. Jul. 15; 3. in comp. to form adj., as eisalpinus, cismontanus, cisrhennanus, cisteribis, cis, prob. at first long like magis, potis at first; and perh. always so.

**cit-er**, adj. comp. obsol. [see cis] on this side, hither, nearer, citer ager alligatus ad sacra erit, Cato erat. 65, 7 I; add Afran. ap. Prisc. 1, 98, 7 K; 2. aualogue of E. hither. For qty cf. citro § 4.

**citeria**, ae, [?] a made up figure (like our Gny Fawkes?), appellabatur effigies quaedam [arguta et loquax] quae ego cum illo disserter amplius, quem ego denique credo in pompa uicinitatis ire (iri Seal. c.) Indis pro ceteris atque cum spectatoribus sermocinabatur, Paul. ex F. 59 M.

**citerior**, -ior, -ioris, adj. comp. same, deduc orationem tuam de caelo ad haec ceteriora, Cic. ap. Non. 85 v. citima, and 289 v. deductum; c. Galli, Cic. prou. cons. 36; Caes. b. g. 1, 24, 2; 1, 54 f; c. Hispania, b. c. 1, 38, 1; 2, 18, 6; Tac. h. 1, 49; promincia, Caes. b. c. 2, 21, 4; 2. of time, in ref. to speaker, nearer, later, more recent, ut ad haec ceteriora ueniam et notiora nobis, Cic. leg. 3, 4; ceteriora nondum audiebamus, fam. 2, 12, 1; c. consulatus, Val. M. 8, 15, 1; 3. met. short of (a certain point), anticipating, earlier, c. delicto ultio, 6, 3, 11; ceterioris aetatis metas Chryssippi uincit flexit, Val. M. 8, 7, ext. 10 (compared w. Isocrates, for Is. wrote his work in his 94th year, Ch. in his 80th); ut ceteriore die (dos) reddatur, Aug. dig. 23, 4, 15; si ceteriore die constitut se solumurum, Paul. 13, 5, 4; cum in carcerem duceretur, in postem eius inlino capite...spiritum posuit, uno gradu a manu carnificis ceterior, Val. M. 9, 12, 6; 4. ceterius as adv., ceterius debito resistit, Sen. ir. 1, 16, 11; add Prisc. 2, 80, 8 K; 5. for qty cf. citro § 4.

**cit-imus**, (-imus), adj. [cit for cen, see cis]; most on this side, nearest, ea minima (stella, sc. the moon) quae ultima a caelo citima terris luce lucebat aliena, Cic. rep. 6, 10; hanc citimam (partem) a mediana luna dixerat ad laeuam, Tim. 7 (p. 1002, 19 Bait.); per citima Persidis, Plin. 6, 213; 2. Paul. ex F. p. 42 as in error citimus extremus; 3. citine adv., Prisc. 2, 80, 8 K.

**citō**, aft. citō, adv. [citus], quickly (both of time and speed), soon, Heus Philocomasium cito Transeurre curculo ad nos, Pl. Mil. 2, 6, 42; si... A. Bene dicite. L. ite intro cito\*. A. ualete. L. et nos amate, As. 3, 3, 155; labor ille a nobis cito recedet;... si... uoluptas cito abibit, Cato orat. 38, 11 I; tam cito (at end of line) Naev. 42 and 61 R; Sed quam cito\* sunt consecutae mulieres, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 134; quod cum negasti qui non cito quid didicisset unquam omnino posse perdiscere, Cic. or. 3, 146; Nec cito eridideris: quantum cito eridēre laedit Exemplum... Ov. a. a. 3, 685; Quicquid praecipies, esto breuis, ut citō dita Percipiant animi dociles, Hor. A. P. 335; Et cito rapturus... Iuv. 1, 34; 2. too quickly, opus rusticum neque cito est, si ante xv dies, neque tarde, si post xv fiat, Pall. 1, 6, 15; 3. comp. more quickly, sooner, citis quadrigis citius, Pl. Aut. 4, 1, 14; Neque aues neque uenti citius, Bac. 2, 3, 57; add Ter. Heu. 3, 1, 8; dies me citius deferret quam nomina, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 59; nec Suprema citius soluet amor die, Hor. od. 1, 13, 20; dicto citius, Verg. l. 142; Hor. s. 2, 2, 80; Iuv. 1, 47, 6; nictu citius, Laber. 129 R; 4. sup., inde se in curtus citissime recipere, Caes. b. g. 4, 3, 3; 5. qty in Pl. and

Ter. gen. long o; to exx. above \* add Men. 1, 4, 7; Most. 3, 1, 10; Cist. 4, 2, 82 and 5, 8; Bae. 2, 2, 24; Andr. 3, 1, 16; 5, 4, 25; and Haut. 2, 3, 134; cito or perh. rather a monos. ci'o, in: Ille cito: iam ego adsequar nos: cum ero pauca nolo loqui, Pl. Bae. 4, 8, 43; Haut cito mali quid ortum ex hoc sit publice, Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 89; Pl. Cas. 3, 6, 17 and Mil. 2, 2, 101 dub.

**citrā**, prep. or adv. [see cis] on this side of, i.e. in speaking, on my (our) side of, in narr. on his (their) side of, within, erat apud Heletem fluvium citra Velium malum passum in, Cie. Att. 16, 7, 5; is locus est citra Leucadem stadia cxx, fam. 16, 2; Germanorum qui essent citra Rhenum, Caes. b. g. 6, 32, 1; citra flumen Ararim, 1, 12, 2; citra flumen intercepti, Liv. 21, 48, 6; quicquid est terrarum citra Tauri iuga, 38, 48, 1; in Cie. or. 58 Ern. rightly ej. ultra, for as tertia is measured fm. the end, citra cannot be measured fm. the beg.; 2. w. motion, to this side of, ut omnes citra flumen eliceret, Caes. b. g. 6, 8, 2; ut exercitum citra flumen Rubiconem educeret dum ne propius urbem Romam ce milia admoneret, Cie. Phil. 6, 5;

3. of time, before, Forsitan et Iulius citra Troiana perisset Tempora, Ov. M. 8, 365; add 10, 84; placet nostro poetae locis uliginosis citra Calendas Octobris seminare conuenire, Colum. 2, 8, 3; omnia stipendia citra temporis finem redantur, l'apin. dig. 49, 16, 15; si ante (Calendas) id fiat, non intra pronuntiati sed citra (Calendas), Gell. 12, 13, 13;

4. met. of any limit, within, short of, sunt certi denique fines Quos ultra citraque nequit consistere rectum, Hor. s. 1, 1, 107; Vcl quia pceam citra scelus, Ov. tr. 5, 23; glans cum citra satietatem data est, Colum. 7, 6, 5; exercitationis finis esse debet... lassitudo quae citra fatigationem\* sit, Cels. 1, 2 p. 15, 5 Dar.; gustu amarum c. acorem\*, Plin. 9, 35; fit morbus regius et citra febris\*, 26, 123; add 7, 108; 12, 79; 31, 24; 32, 118; in Agricpiniae citra ultima stetit, Tac. an. 12, 22; neque c. irascen\* grammaticae potest esse perfecta, Quint. 1, 4, 4; plus usus sine doctrina quam citra usum\* doctrina ualet, 12, 6, 4; 5. as to stop short of a thing is to exclude it, without is often a good transl. as in \*, esp. in leg. lang., si quis c. praetoris auctoritatem transegerit, Ulp. dig. 2, 15, 8, 6; add § 20; (cf. sine praetore of § 2 and 25) si quid curator citra mandatum in nuptiatum fecit, 17, 1, 10, 10; administrante rem principum ex indulgentia eorum licet citra codicillis, Hermog. dig. 27, 1, 41;

6. w. quam and vb., Culta quidem fateor citra quam debuit illa est, Ov. Pont. 1, 7, 55; desine citra quam cupis, a. a. 3, 757; 7. after rel. see Hor. in § 4; and other nouns, natus mare citra, Hor. s. 1, 10, 31; 8. as adv., paucis citra (sc. castra) milibus lignotres ei occurrit, Liv. 10, 25, 5; inque petendo Dextera dirigit nec citra mota nec ultra, Ov. M. 5, 186; tela c. eadebant, Tac. h. 3, 23 f.; 9. for qty cf. citro § 4.

**citrō**, adv. [eiter] hitherward, backward, only w. and after ultro, hitherward, as w. et, homines eursare ultro et citro—backwards and forwards—Cie. Rosc. Am. 60; add off. 1, 56; an. 8, 5; 2. w. ac, pisciculi ultro ac c. commeat, Varr. r. 3, 16; 3. often w. que, ultro citroque eum legati mitterentur, Caes. b. g. 1, 42, 4; add b. c. 1, 20, 4; multis uerbis ultro citroque habitis, Cie. rep. 10; add Liv. 5, 8, 6; 7, 9, 2; 29, 23, 5; 40, 49, 7; 44, 23, 2; 4. w. double que, perh. only in uoluitant ultroque citroque per auras, Lucr. 4, 32; 5. ultro citro alone, sic naturis is... sursus deorsus ultro citro commeanibus, Cie. N.D. 2, 84; oratione ultro citro habita, Liv. 9, 45, 2; add Plin. 2, 104; rationem esse ultro citro, dandi accipiendi, Ulp. dig. 2, 13, 6; add Suet. Cal. 19.

**clides**, is, f. [perh. for cal-abd-es, w. d. exer.; and so akin to cal-am-itas (wh. see) and ult. fm. cad, fall] a blight (as supposed to fall from the stars), met. in: Clades calamitas intemperies modo in nostram aduenit domum, Pl. Capt. 4, 3; 3; note connection of words of same metaphor; disease too might be ascribed to same influence, unde repente Mortificam possit cladem condare coorta Morbida nias—(note foll. wds.: Atque ea nris omnis morborum pestilias—

que Aut extrinsecus ut nubes nebulaeque superne Per caelum ueniunt aut...), Lucr. 6, 1091; 2. gen. a disaster, calamity, w. little ref. to blight, Quantaquam ex discorditate cladem importem familiae? Pacuv. 178 R; cladesque exanclarem impetibilis, Acc. 91; indignam clade et squalitudine, 340; Quidne superbia spureitia [ac] petulantia—quantas Efficiunt clades? Lucr. 5, 48; add 5, 347; 5, 369; qui risus (Claudii) classe denicta magnam populo Romano eladem attulit, Cie. N. D. 2, 7; add Brut. 332; Att. 8, 2, 3; profecto magna clades atque calamitas (note this) rem publicam oppressisset, Sal. Cat. 39, 4; alium alia c. oppressit, Jug. 14, 15; ne magnam eladem in congressu facerent, 59, 3; add Cat. 51, 33; 58, 4; Jug. 31, 7; 44, 4; Scaeuola a clade dextrae manus cognomen inditum, Liv. 2, 13, 1; filium intra paucos dies amisit, cuius repentinae clades... 2, 36, 4; plus populationibus quam proelis eladium fecit, 8, 2, 8; captae urbis Romanae eladem, 5, 21, 16; add 5, 11, 5; 8, 12, 17; omni clade belli peruastat, 22, 4, 1; add 5, 11, 5; 8, 12, 17; 22, 54, 9; 22, 56, 2; 25, 19, 16; 28, 24, 2; 30, 6, 6; 40, 2, 6; Scipia cladem Libyae, Verg. 6, 844; add 12, 556; Troiae... Fortuna tristi elade iterabitur, Hor. od. 3, 62; Hec fonte deriuata elades In patriam populumque fluxit, 3, 6, 19; add 4, 14, 31; inque ipsos saecula mementes Erumpunt elades, Ov. M. 7, 562; add 14, 472; add Curt. 4, 1, 5, 4, 12, 15; Taygeti montis pars abrupta eladem (an earthquake) insuper ruina pressit, Plin. 2, 101; eladem quia supra xii hominum milia amphitheatri ruina perierunt, Suet. Tib. 40; per sex dies ea clade (a conflagration) sacutum est, Ner. 38; 3. in poets a gen. pl. eladium (cladium, Liv. 8, 2, 8), Sil. 7, 606; 9, 353; 16, 672.

**clam**, (callim Paul. ex F. p. 47 M—so best mss, calim, Lips., calam, Guelf. prob. right) prep. and adv. [akin to καλ-πτω, κλ-πτω, and to decomp. λ-αυθ-αυα and λ-ατ-εο, scarcely so to ελκο=uelo;] as prep., without the knowledge of, unknown to, in old and very late wr. gen. w. acc.; also w. abl.; rarely gen.—first w. acc. as in Plaut.: Clam patrem patria hac eefugiam, Merc. 3, 4, 75; add 2, 3, 8; Truc. 2, 3, 36 (so A); e. matrem, Mil. 2, 1, 34; e. uxorem, Men. 1, 2, 46; 5, 9, 78; Merc. 3, 2, 21; 4, 6, 5; As. 5, 2, 92; e. illum, 2, 3, 27; e. omnis, Aul. pr. 7; e. senem, Most. 5, 1, 13; see also \* below; 2. in very late wr., legati clam praesidia Pompei Caesarem eum adissent, bell. Hisp. 3, 21; e. Philonem, 35, 2; e. praesidia, 35, 3; ne facillora eius clam nos essent, ps. Cie. in Sal. 15; 3. w. abl., eum uirginum mundo clam patre, Ace. 654 R; nonne sibi clam nobis salutem fuga petiuit? Caes. b. c. 2, 32, 8; see also \* below; 4. w. me, te, prob. acc., At tu ne clam me comessis prandium, Pl. Men. 4, 2, 47 (me in B C D, and so Lubbert); add Poen. 5, 4, 69; Rud. 1, 2, 45; Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 46; Hec. 3, 4, 10; Nec clam te est quam..., Andr. 1, 5, 52; 5. w. gen., perh. only in Res exultant ad illum clam abibat patrem, Pl. Merc. 1, 1, 43; cf. λαθρη Λαοβοηδον of Homer, esp. as Plutarch Q. Rom. p. 269 says: ομοιωσιν... λαθρα κλαμ και κληρο το λαθηνον;

6. in Plaut., an abl. often subst. for acc. in later mss, as: Emptast amica clam uxorem\* et clam filium\*, Merc. 3, 2, 2 (so Ritschl w. A, BCD uxore, filio); e. uirum\*, Cas. 2, 2, 27; (so Gopp. w. V. al. uiro) and Amph. 2, 107 (so Fleck., Lindem. w. some ssi uiro); e. patrem\*, Truc. 2, 1, 37 (so A; BCD pater, not patre as Hand implies); 7. sometimes separated fm. noun. Nunc sibi uterque contra legiones parat Paterque filiusque clam alter alteros\*, Pl. Cas. pr. 51; doque operam ut clam eneuat partus patrem\*, Atque adeo omnis\*, Ter. Hec. 3, 3, 36; dum id quod miser esse clam esse censet alteros\*, Ace. 654; note that in last two clam just precedes verb, as also in foll.; 8. and perh. after noun. Non me\* clam (so A) haberet quod classe intellego, Ter. Hec. 4, 4, 35; but me might be acc. after haberet; in Pl. Cure. 1, 3, 17 Fleck. has: Quia te prohibet erus, clam potior, not: ero eladem; and in Merc. 4, 6, 5 (7), Vxor uiro si clam domo egressast foras, uiro is prob. a dat. not connected w. clam; II 9. as adv. secretly, furtively, clam nostrum hunc sermonem sublegerunt, Pl. Mil. 4, 2, 98; hanc tu mihi uel ui ne clam ne precario Fac tradas, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 38; ut nec ui nec clam nec precario possederit,

Cic. Caecin. 92; Syhaeum Clam ferro incautum superat, Verg. 1, 350; Nec die quid dolens, clam tamen usque dole, Ov. rem. am. 694; 10. often opp. to palam. Si prohibuerit, clam plus perdet quam si praebuerit palam, Pl. Merc. 5, 4, 63; clamque palamque, Enn. an. 247 V; multa palam auferrebat, plura clam remouebat, Cic. Rose. Am. 23; add Cael. 21; fam. 1, 1, 10; 11. as pred. v. esse, Quam sane magni referat, mihi clamst, Pl. Mil. 3, 3, 9; clam quae sperari possent, Pl. Truc. 4, 3, 21; Si sperat fore clam..., Ter. Ad. 1, 1, 45.

**clanculo**, adv. [perh. clanculum, v. loss of m.; hence only in very late wr.]; secretly, furtively, hid his poet (i.e. Virgil) dissimulante et quasi clanculo doctus, Macr. s. 5, 18, 1; erumpente e. per porticas, Amm. 21, 12, 13; puer e. profugit, Apul. 3, 8 f.; e. furati, 9, 9 f.; add 10, 14 f.; add Aug. ep. 54 f.

**clanculum**, prep. and adv. dim. [clam + ie - ulum]; prep. v. acc., without the knowledge of, unknown to, alii clanculum Patres quae faciunt, Ter. Ad. 1, 1, 27; adv. secretly, furtively, Captandis borum clanculum Serno mihi, Pl. Cas. 2, 8, 8; add 25 other exx.; ego limis spectro Sic per (over) flabellum clanculum, Ter. Eun. 3, 5, 54; add 2, 3, 19; 3, 1, 21; 3, 5, 41; Haut. 3, 1, 63; Pb. 5, 6, 33; Afran. 47 f.; Atta 24.

**claudo** (clūdo\*), ēre, si, sus (ssut), vb. [for claudo (cf. gaudere for gaudire and see audeo) and palam from a lost sb. claud- = κλυδ- (n. κλυς, κλεις), a bar, alt. bolt, key; claud- was cut down to clau- (n. clausis), bar, close, shut, lock, neque...ea loca porticumque quam possidete nunc eorum quod saeptum habeto quominus eis locis porticibusque populus utatur, CIL 206, 71; (T)ii. Messius p. f. C. Acellus M. f. Cu. Meuius Cu. f. aid(i)es aream claudendam...curare, 1192; consuli portas tota Asia clauderat, Cic. Flac. 25; forem cubituli, Tusc. 5, 59; palpebrae...aptissime factae ad claudendas pupulas; omnes aditus, Phil. 1, 25; portas, Caes. b. g. 2, 33, 1; 3, 17, 3; 7, 12, 5; 7, 70, 7; b. c. 1, 34, 4; Si linguam clauso tene in ore, Catul. 55, 28; (Annum) (quiri)num, quem elassum esse (maiores nostri voluerunt)...bis omnino clausum...ter me priusque senatus claudendum esse (e)nsu(n)it, Mon. Ancy. 2, 42-45; in acternam clauditur lumina noctem, Verg. 10, 746; Prima nocte domum claude, Hor. od. 3, 7, 29; portasque petunt quas obice firmo clauserat, Ov. M. 14, 781; Mille domos clausura serae, S. 629; fana, F. 5, 485; 2. Clauditur et dura ianua firma sera, Tib. 1, 2, 6; 3. shut in, imprison, inclose, shut up, confine, in atras tenebras cum (i.e. Regulum) clauderant, Tullio ap. Gell. 7(6), 4, 2; mare terram cludit\* (so cj.; ss cludit), Cic. N.D. 2, 100; quae maeerie cluduntur\*, Varr. r. 3, 3, 5; locus coelestis quem totum circum aqua claudam, 3, 16, 1; (uenti) clausi nubibus, Lucr. 6, 19, 7; claudam in curia nos, Liv. 23, 2, 9; in intro Lanigeras claudit pecudes, Verg. 3, 642; add 6, 734; G. 3, 352; haedos, Ov. F. 3, 879; Colligit errantes (sc. apes) et in arbore claudit inani, 3, 743; Claudensque textis eratibus laetum pectus, Hor. epod. 2, 45; add s. 2, 7, 59; (eum) Gyaro claudendum censeret, Tac. an. 4, 30; add 14, 63; 16, 9; subuenitur eis qui clausi fuerunt: ...clusos\* accipere debemus et si sunt nincti, Ulp. dig. 29, 5, 3, 6; qui in carcere clusus\* est, 50, 16, 216; 4. met., urbem Syracusas quae terra ac mari clauderetur, Cic. Ver. 2, 2, 4; omnia litora ac portus custodia clausus teneri, Caes. b. c. 3, 23, 1; Rura gela tum claudit hiemps, Verg. G. 2, 317; clausae hie Alpes, Liv. 27, 36, 4; prinsquam clauderent Capnam operibus, 25, 22, 11; Longus in angustam qua clauditur Hellespontus, Ov. M. 13, 407; add 1, 568; Claudit et indomiti moles mare, Tib. 2, 3, 45; 5. shut off, stop, omnes undique clausi commeatibus erant, Liv. 21, 57, 5; Pars animam laqueo claudunt, Ov. M. 7, 604; sanguinem, Plin. 26, 135; ut sanguis aliter cludi\* non posset, Inst. 1, 3, 13; 6. esp. v. abstract nouns of going, came see illis fugam clausurum, Liv. 27, 18, 9; iter, Ov. F. 1, 272; 7. close, end, octauum Claudere lustrum, Hor. od. 2, 4 f.; opus, Ov. F. 3, 384; Ultima mandato claudetur epistola paruo, her. 13, 165; Cludere\* quae cenas lactuca sole-

bat aurum, Mart. 13, 14, 1; numquam in eadem (uoce) flexa et acuta... itaque neutra cludet\* uocem latinam, Quint. 1, 5, 31; illud quo ueteres tragodiae eluduntur\* Plodite, 6, 1, 52 etc.; penus cludit\* fims hexametris, ut Brutus in epistolis: 'placuisse Catoni', 9, 4, 75; 8. esp. c. agmen, close a line of march, bring up the rear, v. double idea of shutting off the enemy and shutting in would-be stragglers, Caes. b. g. 1, 25, 6; 2, 19, 3; b. c. 1, 79, 1; Curt. 3, 3, 21; 4, 12, 7; 9. met. imprison, confine, as words, numeris sententias, Cic. or. 229; Mollius ac signis pedibus quid claudere senis, Hor. s. 1, 10, 59; me pedibus delectat claudere uerba, 2, 1, 28; cf. opp. use of solutus, Cic. or. 3, 184; Ov. tr. 4, 10, 24; 10. other met., Nolo tibi ullam commodum in me claudire, Ter. Andr. 3, 3, 41; numcubi meam Boniguitatem sensisti in te claudire? (so A); al. interclaudire or -cludire, perh. rightly, for in te differs fin. in me of other pass.) Eun. 1, 2, 84; nec claudenda res est familiaris, Cic. off. 2, 55; in ipsius consuetudinem quam adhuc meus pudor mihi clausit insinabo, fam. 4, 13, 6; habere clausa sua consilia, Verr. 3, 63; aliud clausum in pectore, aliud in lingua promptum habere, Sal. Cat. 10, 5; Tiberium sine ira clausum uidit, Tac. an. 3, 15; Claudebam sub corde metus, Sil. 6, 381; add 1, 140, 10, 378; 11. clausum as sb. n. a place locked up or shut in, clausa domorum, Lucr. 1, 354 and acc. to Laechm. 4, 612; pectum fetus atque fructus clauso custodiendi erant, Cic. oecon. p. 975, 24 Bait.; Sic positum in clauso lineunt, Verg. G. 4, 303; centum capitum sub uno clauso non expedit habere, Colum. 7, 6, 5.

**coalesco**, (rather coalesco, so Lamb; or colesco\*, so Laechm.) ēre, coalui or coalit sum, vb. [con, olesco] grow to, grow together, by growing become one (with), Saxa uides primum sola coalescere\* calce, Lucr. 6, 1068; ne prius exarescat surculus quam colescat\*, Varr. r. 1, 41, 2; Dum notus in uiridi coalescit cortice ramus (of grafting), Ov. a. 2, 649; sic interposito triennio coalescit (or -et) ficus oliuae, Colum. arb. 27, 4; 2. of plants, take firm root, become one (w. the ground etc.), become strong, in eo loco grandis illex coalerat inter saxa, Sal. Iug. 93, 4; impetus aquarum proliuiter terram nudatisque radicibus gramina non patitur coalescere, Colum. 2, 17, 5; celerius in ubertate coalescunt, 3, 5, 2; sarmentum sic depressum citius coalescit, 3, 18, 6; nec arbor potest uindicari a te quae translata in agrum meum cum terra meae coaluit, Ulp. 39, 2, 9, 2; palmam...in compluvium transtulit utque coalesceret magno opere curant, Suet. Aug. 92; 3. of animal formation, nihil interesse cuius in corpore eiusque ex sanguine concretus homo et coaluit sit, Gell. 12, 1, 11; and met. v. same idea, eloquentia coalescere nequit nisi sociata tradentis (the teacher) accipientisque (the pupil) concordia, 2, 9, 3; grow together, be united, coalesce, breui spatio noui ueterisque coaluere, Sal. Iug. 87, 3; in populi unius corpus, Liv. 1, 8, 1; rem coalescere concordia, 1, 11, 2; cum patribus coalesceret animi plebs, 2, 48, 1; breuique tanta concordia coaluerant animi ut..., 23, 35, 9; add 26, 40, 18; quae causa fuit ne in bellum atrox coalesceret, Tac. an. 3, 38; ad opsequium coaluisse, 6, 50 (44); hist. 1, 21; add 11, 24; 2, 37; coalitum\* libertate inuenerant, an. 13, 26; uetustate imperii coalit\* audacia, 14, 1; coalit\* libertate, b. 4, 55 f.; 4. be joined, heal up, of wounds, dehiscente utero parit a partu coalescit uulnus, Plin. 9, 166; cilium uulnere diductum non coalescit, 11, 157; 5. hence met., sepultis bellis ciuibibus coalescentibusque reipublicae membris, Vell. 2, 90, 1; and perh. 2, 48, 5; 6. in gramm. of composition, e duobus quasi corporibus coalescunt, ut malificus, Quint. 1, 5, 65; 7. or synaloche, seruum u et o litteris scriperunt quia subiecta sibi uocalis in unum sonum coalescere nequit, 1, 7, 26; 8. in Gell. 17, 8, 10 conglascere, not coalescere.

**collum**, i. n.; in old wr. gen. collus, i. m. [a variety of callum] lit. the thick cartilage at the back of the neck, and so back or nape of the neck (cervicis, the vertebrae, iugulum, the front of the neck)—hence used where weights are to be carried, Tollam ego ted in collum atque

intro hinc anferam, Pl. Bac. 3, 6, 42; actumst de collo meo: Gestandus peregre clupeus palca sarcina, Trin. 2, 4, 194; hue in collum nisi piget Inipone (sc. argentum), Pers. 4, 6, 9; accipite si nolitis hoc onus in nostros collos\*, Cato orat. 71, 1 f; (Sct) utrum seapulae plus an collus\* habeat calli nescio, Naev. 115 R; Ad restum redit res (so ej.; mss res redit). Immo collus\* non res; nam ille argentum habet, Caecil. 215; Habes uide, tibi tradidi: in tuo collo est, 116; in camo collum\* grauem, Acc. 302; cum istius auaritia poenam collo et ceruicibus suis sustineret, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 108; inquam Collo trahentes, Hor. od. 3, 3, 15; uomerem... Collo trahentes languilo, epod. 2, 64; eripe turpi Colla iugo, s. 2, 7, 92; et collo fortiter arma gerat, Tib. 2, 6, 2; Veneris uinculis subdere colla senem, 1, 2, 92; Fortunae subdere colla, Sil. 10, 216; Et ceromatico fort inieceris collo, Iuv. 3, 68; frietio cum omnibus nert-bris utilis sit, tum is praecipue hinc in collo sunt, Cels. 4, 6, p. 128, 30 D;

2. so a cloak covers chiefly the back of the neck, Conicium in collum pallium, Pl. Capt. 3, 1, 12; add Epil. 2, 2, 10;

3. less correctly, neck gen., Praetoriorum iniuriarum prius collum quam ad nos peruenit, Pl. Rud. 3, 2, 12; Decide collum si... Merc. 2, 2, 37; meum laqueo collum quando opstrinxero, And. 1, 1, 30; collus\* collari caret, Capt. 2, 2, 107; Nam in columbari collum (the only pass. in Pl. decisive for neut.) iam multo post erit, Rud. 3, 6, 50; hunc collum\* Ludo praecidi iube, Caecil. 56 R; collum in laqueum inserenti, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 37; collum gladio sua dextera secuerit, Q. Cie. pet. cons. 10; Vt nitens paonii collus\*, Varr. s. 219, 3 R; collum procerum, 185, 1; anseres, cygni canelli, adiungunt proceritate collorum, Cic. N.D. 2, 122; ne sustineri quidem caput posset, nisi utrumque nervi collum confluenter, Cels. 8, 1, p. 325, 33 Par.; uasa quae colla bibentium (columbarum) admittunt, Colum. 8, 8, 5; longum inualidi collum, Iuv. 3, 88; 4. met. neck, lassoue papuera collo Demisere caput, Verg. o. 430; lagena, Phaedr. 4, 26; malleoli colla fictilia (pipes of pottery) traieci, Plin. 17, 161; Parnassi frondea colla, Stat. Th. 6, 643; 5. to exx. of collus above \* add: Mala mentum barba collus, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 280; this form obsolete for Quint. who says: nec collus nisi Calvus persuaserit, 1, 6, 42;

6. = G. hal-s and krag-en; E. s-crag and decap. 'ruff.

**colō-r**, (-ōs\*; cf. § 13), ōris, m. [a lost vb. =  $\kappa\omicron\lambda\omicron\varsigma$  or  $\sigma\kappa\alpha\lambda\omicron\varsigma$ ; also = cor of corium,  $\chi\omicron\rho\omicron\varsigma$  or  $\chi\rho\omicron\alpha$ ; also = E. hull] lit. skin; and so complexion or color of the skin; Color (pron. c'lor; cf.  $\chi\rho\omicron\varsigma$  etc.) uerus, corpus solidum et suci plenum. Amī? Amī? sedecim, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 27; Qui color, nitor, uestitus; quae habundato est corporis, 2, 2, 11; add 4, 4, 22; Amplius rubicundo colore et spectu proteruo ferox, Pac. 147 R; candidi d-entes uenusti oculi color suauis, Cic. Tuscul. 5, 46; formae dignitas coloris bonitate tuenda est, color exercitationibus corporis, off. 1, 130; Quem ego hominem nulli coloris noui, Pl. Ps. 4, 7, 99; 2. esp. as varying w. the feelings, istuc quid est tibi quod commutatus color? Pl. Merc. 2, 3, 33; Vide num eius color pudoris signum usquam indicat, Ter. Andr. 5, 3, 7; incertus uultus, crebra coloris mutatio, Cic. Clu. 54; qui colore ipso patriam aspernaris, Cic. in L. Pis. fr. p. 1066, 3; Baiter; mixta rubent alba lilia multa Alba rosa; talis uirgo dabat grē coloris (now blushing, now deadly pale), Verg. 12, 69; Mordeat opprobriis falsis mutemque colores? Hor. ep. 1, 16, 38; add epod. 17, 21; Et pariter utraque deo plectrumque colorque Excidit, Ov. M. 2, 601; add 3, 99; Et rediit puero qui fuit ante color, F. 6, 168; Neu notet informis pallida membra colores? Prop. 1, 15, 39; dormi per istas noctes ut forti colore in senatum uenias, Front. ad M. Caes. 5, 1, 1; post hoc factum nunquam coloris sui fuit, Petr. 63 f.; 3. met. but still with ref. to orig. sense, complexion, ornatur oratio quasi colore quodam et suco suo, Cic. or. 3, 96; amissum non modo suum ac sanguinem sed etiam colorem et speciem pristina ciuitatis, Att. 4, 16, 10; His figuris insidere quidam uenustatis, non fucio illitus sed sanguine diffusos debet color, or. 3, 109; II 4. gen. colour, Palliolum (pallium?) habes ferrugineam, nam

is colos\* thalassieus? Pl. Mil. 4, 4, 43; add Rud. 4, 3, 58; Most. 1, 3, 44; Truc. 2, 2, 38; Aeris item et plumbi; quae cum conercta uidebant Posterius claro in terra splendere colore... Lucr. 5, 1258; color albus praecipue decorus deo est, cum in ceteris, tum maxime in textili, Cic. leg. 2, 45; omnes se Britanni utro inficiunt quod crudelum efficit colorem, Caes. b. g. 5, 14, 2; Equi colore dispares... Hic badius, iste glaucus, ille murinus, Varr. s. 183, 4 R; Iris... Mille trahens uarios aduerso sole colores, Verg. 4, 701; Nec uarios disceat mentiri lana colores, B. 4, 42; astrum... quod Pueret aprieis in collibus uia colorum, 9, 49; lanarum nigrae nullum colorem bibant, Plin. 8, 193; lana quosdam colores semel ducit, quosdam nisi saepius macerata non peribit, Sen. ep. 71, 31; colorem (solis stillae), non imaginem ducunt, Sen. n. q. 1, 5, 6;

5. colour as a material, Quique moues caelum tabulamque coloribus uris, Ov. F. 3, 831; pictoris instrumento legato, ceriae colores similiaque horum legato cedunt, Marcan. dig. 33, 7, 17; add Ulp. 7, 1, 13, 7; 6. met. qui multis apud philosophum annis persederint et ne colorem quidem duxerint, Sen. ep. 108, 5; multorum lectione formanda mens et ducendus color, Quint. 10, 1, 59;

7. esp. the complexion given to a subject by an orator, the light in which it is exhibited, Latro colorem simplicem pro adolescente: habere non quod excuset, sed quo gloriatur, Sen. contr. 1, 16; Albicuius hoc colore... contr. § 17; Blandus color diuerso... ib.; Silo Pompeius hoc colore... § 18 etc.; tum omnes colores, asperae leniter an etiam misisse loqui expedit, Quint. 6, 5, 5; dandus illis deformibus color, 3, 8, 44; Die aliquem eodes hic Quintiliane colorem, Iuv. 6, 280; Quis color et quod sit causae genus, 7, 155; res illo colore defenditur apud iudicem, ut uideatur ille quasi non sanae mentis fuisse, cum testamentum inique ordinaret, Marc. dig. 5, 2, 5;

8. often in a bad sense, sunt et falsae expositiones quarum duplex genus est, alterum...; alterum quod est tuendum dicentis ingenio. Id ad solam uerecundiam pertinet, unde mihi uidetur dici color, 4, 2, 88; fucio ementitum colorem, 8, 3, 6; 9. hence pretence, colour, sed hoc ita demum probandum est si non color abigatus quaesitus est, sed nere putant sua (esse pecora), Ulp. dig. 47, 14, 1, 4; sub colore adipiscenda possessionis, Cod. 6, 3; 10. other met. complexion, external circumstances, Quisquis erit uita scribam color, Hor. s. 2, 1, 60; Omnis Aristippum deuit color et status et res, ep. 1, 17, 23; 11. for phrase ducere colorem, take a colour from without, cf. § 4 and 6; 12. prov. nimum ne crede color, Verg. B. 2, 17; 13. to ex. of colos in § 4 add Pl. Men. 5, 2, 75; Titin. 14 R; Lucr. 6, 208 and 1074; Sal. Cat. 15, 5 (so Prop. 15, 13, and 23, 34 K; mss color); 14. as a monob. in Ter. § 2.

**columba-r**, adj. n. as sb. a collar (like a pigeon-hole?), Nam in columbari collum hau multo post erit, Pl. Rud. 3, 6, 50; wh. a short o iu columbari gives a trochaic beg.; but perh. col is lengthened as in collum to suit the pun.

**commēto**, are, vb. frq. (commeo), frequently traverse, keep going backwards and forwards (to), frequently resort (to) or visit, Nam meo scrupulam uictus commetat uisum, Pl. Capt. 1, 2, 82; Quo tu commetas? nbi delictus idem, Afran. 344 R; Cum ad lupam nostram tam multi crebro commetent lupi, Nov. 7 R; commetare commear, Nov. 89; but in Ter. Haant. 3, 1, 35 all mss including A have commear with initial trochee.

**compēdio**, ire, vb. [compedis adj. but cf. expedio, impedio], put in iours, fether, hence met. pedes corrigis compedio, Varr. ap. Nou. 28; te rebus mortalibus compediti, August. ep. 39;

2. chiefly in pass. part. compeditus serui, Cat. Men. 30; Dum compediti aut aum lima conterunt, Aut...; Pl. Ter. 1, 1, 9; Vleerosam compeditam subtertrant sordidam, ap. Fest. 309; add Capt. 5, 1, 24; Sen. trang. 10.

**compēdis**, is, adj. [fm. a lost pedo or pedis =  $\pi\epsilon\delta\alpha$  a fether; cf. for suff. imberbis fm. barba], in plur. as sb.

f. (sc. catenae) irons, fetters, fures priuatorum furtorum in neruo atque in compedibus aetatem agunt, Gell. 11, 18, 18; Et qui fugitiui seruis induunt compedes, Pl. Men. 1, 1, 4; Vbi suram aspicias, scias posse eum gerere crassas compedes (compedis?), Ps. 4, 7, 80; crassas compedis, Pers. 4, 4, 25; Compelium (so AED) tritor, 3, 3, 15; add Aul. 4, 1, 16; habendae compedes (habendum compedis?), Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 18; Compedes quas ipse fecit, ipsus ut gestet faber, prob. arg. Auson. Id. 7 delic. f.; aerinas compedes, Varr. ap. Non. 28; in manibus et Compedibus saeculo te sub eustode tenbo, Hor. ep. 1, 16, 77; 2. met. qui in compedibus corporis semper fuerunt, Cic. Tusc. 1, 75; age iam has compedes, fasses iungam laureatos..., Att. 8, 3, 5; luxu feminarum plebis compedes sibi faecientium (silver anklets), Plin. 33, 151; 3. in poets as sing. Grata continuit compede Myrtale, Hor. od. 1, 33, 14; tenetque grata Compede uinctum, 4, 11, 24; niuali compede ninctus, ep. 1, 3, 3; ninctus quoque compede fossor, Ov. tr. 3, 4, 5; 4. Crura licet dura compede pulsa sonent, Tib. 1, 7, 42; add 2, 6, 25; 4. as m. compedes parati, Lact. mort. Persec. 21; 5. in sing. besides compede only a gen. compedis (in Claud. Eutr. pr. 2, 3) seems to occur.

**con**, inseparable prefix [=συν and συν, also=prep. cum] in comp. first w. vbs. together, con-curro, run together, co-eo, go together, meet, com-pono and com-paro, put together, con-sulo, lit. sit together, hence deliberate; 2. completeness (first in way of destruction), com-edo, eat up all, com-buro, burn up, con-tundo, hammer to pieces, con-ficio, dispatch, make an end of, con-cido, cut to pieces; 3. completeness (in way of success), con-sequor, overtake, con-sector, hunt down, con-ficio, complete; 4. w. all one's might, and so of intensity, con-cutio, shake violently, con-icio, hurl, con-clamo, cry out loudly, con-sido, settle for good, con-loeo, place for a permanence, invest (money), give (a daughter) in marriage, con-prehendo, seize firmly; 5. in harmony, con-cino and con-sono, harmonize, con-sentio, agree in feeling with; 6. like be- in Eng., uniting the idea of completeness and changing the construction as: frustra verbum figunt, but filios sagittis confingere; sterno, strew, con-sterno, bestrew; spuo, spit, con-spuo, be-spit; lino, smear, con-lino, besmear; 7. also from sbb. con-tabulo, cover w. planks; con-tigno, cover w. beams; 8. b. adj. (or sb.) from vb. without further suffix, w. notion of together, con-iux or -iunx, yoked together, yoke-mate, from iungo, yoke, comes (-i), travelling with, companion, fm. it- old form of i-re; con-sul. one of two magistrates (sitting together), from sulo, whence con-sulo; 9. fm. vb. w. suffix, together, con-sci-us sharing knowledge, con-tiu-a, one who lives with; con-lega, one deputed to act with; 10. adj. from adj. w. idea of intensity or completeness, con-similis, thoroughly like, the very image of, con-pos, thoroughly master of, from potis; 11. fm. sb. w. notion of oneness or identity, and again without new suffix, con-modus, of one measure with, and so fitting, from modus; con-munis shared in common, fm. munia; concors (old form concordis), of one string or note, fm. corda; con-color, of one colour with; con-sors, having a lot in common; 12. w. new suffix con-gnom-inis of the same name; con-sanguin-eus, of the same blood; 13. prefixed to sbb. w. notion of fellow, E. co-, co-haeres, con-seruus, con-socer; 14. in adv. co-minus, hand to hand; III 15. as to form, before vowels com or co, as com-edo, com-es; and cogo (for co-ago), co-eo, co-ire, co-erere, co-inquino, co-orior, co-opero or copero; 16. co bef. h, as co-haeres, co-horreo; co bef. labials, as com-bibo, com-buro; com-paro, com-pono; com-mitto, com-meo; except con bef. f, con-fero, con-fugio; 17. con bef. dentals, con-duco, con-duo; con-tero, con-timeo; con-sulo, con-seruo; 18. con bef. gutturals, con-gero, con-globo, con-cedo, con-cito, con-queror, con-quirro; 19. assimilated before l and r, con-cillo, colluceo; corumpo, corrigo; 20. bef. n, co preferred, as co-necto, co-nitor; 21. bef. u cons. con, as con-nerto, con-uoco; 22. but bef. u, s, f the n was prob. silent though written; hence conuenticio passed through

conuenticio to conuicio, consul was often written cosul or eos; 23. bef. two cons. co was at times preferred to con, as co-gnoscere, co-gnatus; 24. at times the form con was preferred to assimilation, as con-pono, con-loco, etc.

**concilio**, are, vb. [con+cilia, n. pl. small hairs] felt (cloth, as in making drapery etc.), uestimentum apud fullo-nem quum cogitur conciliari (al. consilari) dicitur, Varr. 1, 6, 6, p. 222 Sp.; [of such cloth Plin. 8, 192 speaks in: lanae et per se coactae (Varro's very word) uestem faciunt]; so some see a pun in: A. Placet consilium. M. immo etiam ubi expoliueri (a term of the ars fullonica), Magis hoc tum dices, Pl. Poen. 1, 1, 60 (but would consilium and concilium have sounded alike?); cf. inconcilio; 2. met. unite the fibres of, weave together, cement, unite, esp. in affection, Eo conductor melius de me nugas conciliauerit, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 14; inter se atque uos Adnitentem ut conciliarem et gratiam, 2, 4, 42; Exite, agite, (ex)ite, inquam, male habitis es male conciliati (all put together, ill-begotten as a term of abuse), Pl. 1, 2, 1; 3. prodi male conciliate, Ter. Eun. 4, 4, 2; eas nuptias M. Ciero conciliarat, Nep. Att. 5, 3; conciliante nuptias fratre patrueli, Just. 7, 6, 10; see § 4; exeo ergo ut pacem conciliem, Ter. Haut. 5, 5; 2. pacis inter ciues conciliandae, Cic. fam. 10, 27, 1; quum mihi amicitiam respublica conciliauit, Deiot. 39; inter se homines, off. 1, 50; feras inter se, Rosc. Am. 63; respublica nos inter nos conciliatur coniuncturaque sit, fam. 5, 7, 2; 3. esp. in Lucr. of physical union, Corpora materiae. Conciliatur ita ut debent animalia gigni, 2, 901; 1, 1043; 2, 551; 5, 465; 6, 889; 4. often nuptiarum uel amoris causa, bring together, bring to (by kindly means), as in match-making, Tute ad eam adeas ut (so Bergk cf. and Ritschl non; mss tute) concilies (a marriage), tute poscas, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 105; (a) tua mihi uxore dicam delatum et datum Vt sese ad eum conciliarem, Mil. 3, 1, 206; Conciliabat enim uel mutua quamque eupido Vel..., Lucr. 5, 963; cf. Lucr. in § 3; Tute semel e(s) dano conciliata uiro, Catul. 68, 132 (130); Num me nupisti conciliante seni? Ov. am. 1, 13, 42; illam suam Caesar, Suet. Caes. 50 f.; 5. in re cinnaeica, flore aetatis Hamileari conciliatus, Liv. 21, 2, 3; add Curt. 7, 9, 19; Suet. Ter. 1; 6. of simple affection, unite, attach, conciliate, win over, w. ace. and dat., ipsum sibi conciliari, Cic. fin. 3, 16; eam ciuitatem Aruernis, Caes. b. g. 7, 7, 1; ciuitates amicitia Caesaris, b. e. c. 3, 55, 3; Mezentius arma Quae sibi conciliat, Verg. 10, 151; deos homini, Ov. F. 1, 337; Pammenem exulem similitudine fortunae sibi, Tac. an. 16, 14; Maurorum animos Vitellio, b. 2, 58; add an. 6, 29 (23); c. sibi iudicem, Quint. 6, 1, 11; add 11, 19; 7. w. ace. alone, animos hominum, Cic. off. 2, 17; plebis animos, Liv. 1, 35, 2; animos, Tac. h. 1, 18 f.; accusatore, Quint. 6, 1, 12; audientem, b. pr. 11; 8. absol. illa sunt communia, conciliare narrare docere, Quint. 3, 4, 15; conciliat persuadere maerent, 11, 3, 154; 9. (by kindly means) bring or get into one's possession, or net so to say, bag, Set si ullo pacto ille (i.e. his son) huc conciliari potest, ..., Pl. Capt. 1, 2, 22 (28); illum conciliarunt mihi Perigrinus (from the mouth of a leno), Poen. 3, 5, 24; pecuniae conciliandae causa, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 137; quare tricies ex hoc genere conciliari, ib. 142; add 2, 3, 71 and 194; 10. w. abstr. nouns, conciliate, win, gain, amorem, Cic. or. 2, 206; amorem sibi, Arch. 17; gloriam, Mur. 41; clementiae famam, Liv. 21, 60, 4; maiestatem nomini Romano, 29, 11, 4; fauorem, 29, 22, 8; dignitatem auctoribus, Tac. dial. 9; laudem, Quint. 2, 7, 4; 11. even of evil results, otii nomine sruitunt concilias, ps. Nep. Epam. 5, 3; but in Quint. 5, 13, 38 Halm ej. has concitandum...odium, as the mss in 6, 2, 16; and again by ej. concitetur risus in 6, 3, 35; 12. make acceptable, obtain favour for, Et dictis artes conciliasse suus; Muere in hoc rex est, Ov. tr. 3, 11, 42; see also § 5; 13. conciliatus part. as adj. acceptable, in favour, conciliatus est ei quisque quem consulit, Quint. 3, 7, 6; nobis conciliatissimus ob uitae integritatem, Symm. ep. 9, 37; 14. in act. sense, inclined to favour, ut iudex ad rem accipiendam fiat conciliator, docilior, intentior, 4, 2, 24.

**concordia**, ae, f. [concordis] harmony of note, concord, ubi [chorus] aenuntium certis numeris accedibus...concinuit, ex eius modi uocum concordia...amicum quidam et dulce resonat, Colum. 12, 2, 4 [quoting perh. Cic.]; ut cantus uocis plurimum inuit sociata neruorum concordia, Quint. 5, 10, 124; 2. met. harmony, concord, iam nos rediitis in concordiam? Pl. Amph. 3, 3, 7; add 1, 1, 13; 2, 2, 211; Pacem inter se conciliant, conferunt concordiam, Enn. tr. 164; quia pacem amicis afferat (temperantiam) et eos quasi concordia quadam placet ac leuiat, Cic. fin. 1, 47; rerum agendam ordinem et ut ita dicam concordiam, 3, 21; ita perfectum est ut omnes concordia constituta sine querella discederent, Cic. off. 2, 82; concordia maxima, minima auaritia erat, Sal. Cat. 9, 1; concordia res paruae crescent, discordia maximae dilabuntur, Iug. 10, 6; Quid uelit et possit rerum concordia discors, Hor. ep. 1, 12, 19; et discors concordia fetibus apta est, Ov. M. 1, 433; Temporis angustia mansit concordia discors Paxque fuit non sponte ducum, Lucan. 1, 98; 3. often on Imperial coins, as marking the harmony ascribed to an Emperor, as of Galba, Eckhel, 6, 298 b, of Hadrian, 475 b; 4. a goddess Concordia, Cic. N. D. 2, 61; reliquos in aedem Concordiae uenire iubet, Sal. Cat. 46, 5; add 49, 4; Ov. F. 6, 91; M. Artorius Geminus...Concordiae, inser. Or. 1811; ob natalem Nero(nis) Caesaris Aug...Concordiae naceam, 1812; S. P. Q. R. aedem Concordiae uetustate conlapsam...restituerunt, 4895; add 2131: 2442; 4369; Plin. 2, 14; 33, 19; 34, 80; 5. title of a colony, patrono coloniari(um) Concordiae et Altimat(ium), 4082; sequitur decima regio Italiae, cuius Venetia...oppidum Altimum...colonia Concordia, Plin. 3, 126; Seriae adicitur Fama Iulia, Nertobrigae Concordia Iulia, 3, 14.

**concordia-lis**, adj. harmonious, nincula, Firm. Math. 6, 32; 2. as sb. m., a priest of Concordia (at Patavium), V. f. T. Iulius Iulianus T. f. Quartae 1. Halys Concordialis Patani sibi et suis omnibus, inser. Or. 1165.

**Concordiensis**, adj. of Concordia, a colony of Lusitania, Plin. 4, 118.

**concordis**, (later concors) e, adj. [corda a musical string; not as Varro l. 5, 10 p. 78 Sp. a corde congruente; or Cic. Tusc. 1, 18], of the same note, in harmony (with), harmonious, Concordem citharae mouit per carmina linguam, Sil. 11, 439; 2. met., si idem facite ceteri...Et multo fiat ciuitas concordior, Pl. Aut. 3, 5, 7; Communis concordis dum id quod petit potitur, Caecil. 109 R; optumas, Bene conuenientes, bene concordēs cum uiris, Afran. 53; concordī quadam amicitia, Cic. Tim. 5; concors ciuitatis status, leg. 3, 28; cum concordissimis fratribus, Lig. 5; ne secum quidem ipse concors, Liv. 4, 2, 6; concordibus iunctis amicis, 6, 6, 18; Concordes stabili fatorum numine Parcae, Verg. B. 4, 47; frena Iugo concordia ferre, A. 3, 542; concordēs erigim annos, Ov. M. 8, 708; concordem sibi coniungit, Tac. au. 3, 33; 3. abl. concorde or -i, Prisc. 1, 341, 14 R; 4. adv. concorditer, in harmony, harmoniously, Sane illi inter se congrunt concorditer, Pl. Cure. 2, 2, 14; Alternum (so H. Columa ej. : uis aciet) seritote diem concorditer ambo, Enn. au. 114 V; add Ov. M. 7, 752; 5. comp. bellum utinam concordius quam cupiant gerant, Liv. 4, 45 f.; 6. sup., quicum concordissime uixerat, Cic. Rab. perd. 14.

**concorditas**, ātis, f. [concordis] harmony, met. in : Concorditatem hospitio adiunctum perpetum Probate conseruetis, Pac. 188 R.

**concord-ium**, ii, n. [id.] the same, si reuersa post iurgium mulier ueluti uenali concordio (so Mommsen) ne dotata sit conueniat, Papin. dig. 23, 4, 27.

**Concord-ius**, ii, =concors, a cognomen, Ti. Iulius Concordius, inser. Mur. 1260, 10.

**concord-o**, āre, vb. [concordis] keep, be in harmony with, per me concordant carmina neruis, Ov. M. 1, 518; 2. met., Si concordabis cum illa habebis quae tuum Saenectutem oblectet, Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 86; cum (animi) iudicia opinionemque concordant, Cic. Tusc. 4, 30; ut tunc quidem fratres...concordare potuerunt, Iust. 27, 3, 6.

**conduplico**, āre, vb. double completely, Mamma ma[milla] opprimatur (alia) si lubet conduplicant (pron.

condulcant), Pl. Ps. 5, 1, 16; Idem hie tibi quod bene (al. boni) promeritis fueris conduplicauerit, Ter. Ph. 3, 2, 31.

**configium**, ii, n. [configo] dashing together, collision, fluctum configitis adesa, Sol. 9, 9; laeus l'alies semper strepente configio (so Haupt, Herm. 1, 31 ej., =s coniugio) stridulus argutum murmur exibat, Iul. Firm. Mat. math. 1 pr.

**con-quinisco**, -quezi, ēre, vb. [and oc-quinisco imply a root con, changed here to quin through following i; cf. κ(ο)παστω and nuo nod; akin to Umbr. hond-ra below, hond-uom lowest, as also to E. on, under, ἐρ-ποι fm. er, imus fm. in; and see Key's Essays No. 21] crouch or stoop very low, conquiniscam ad custulam, Pl. Cist. 4, 1, 5; Si conquiniscet, conquiniscito semul, Ps. 3, 2, 75; accessi ad patrem, preudi manum; In terram ut cubabat nudam, ad eum ut conquezi, interim Mulieres conspiciant, Pompon. ap. Prisc. 1, 509, 5; so Caper also gives conquezi as perf., Prisc. ib.

**cōram**, adv. or prep.? [I used to think for co-or-am, and so fm. os oris, face to face, cf. co-minus, hand to hand; more prob. cor may be an older form of os oris, cf. custos; cf. the use of coram as an acc. of a sb. in § 5; also cūra in sense of face and sin-eris one-faced; Eng. cheer; perh. also καρα and even κορη] face to face, or to one's face, in one's face, in person, with one's own eyes, I hac Lesbionice necum ut coram nuptis Dices constituitur, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 176; Quid iam? Quia te(l) ipsus coram praesens praesentem uidet, Ps. 4, 7, 43; add Merc. 2, 2, 7; Sine...illum huc coram adducam, Ter. Andr. 5, 3, 29; a uero coram in os te laudare amplius, Ad. 4, 4, 5; Rogitas, quae mihi ante oculos coram amatorem adduxit tuum...Eun. 4, 7, 24; add 3, 4, 38; si ea quae apud uos de me deferunt, ea coram potius me praesente dixissent, Cic. agr. 3, 1; libenter haec coram eum Q. Catulo disputarem, Man. 66; quod coram ex ipso audiebamus, ac. post. 1, 13; coram me tecum haec agere, Att. 5, 12, 1; quod Ariostis crudelitatem uelut si coram audiret horrenter, Caes. b. g. 1, 32, 4; eadem quae ex nuntiis litterisque cognouerat, coram perspicit, 5, 11, 2; add 6, 8, 4; Manlius ad restituendam aciem se ipse coram offert, Liv. 2, 47, 4; firmandae eius (amicitiae) fidem nec dare nec accipere nisi cum ipso coram dux Romano, 28, 17, 8; coram quem quaeritis adsum, Verg. 1, 595; add 2, 538; 3, 173; Vt ueni coram, singulum pauca locutus...Hor. s. 1, 6, 56; spectamus quae coram habentur, Tac. an. 6, 14 (8); 2. even attached to a noun as a sort of adj., traditio coram pugillarum, Suet. Aug. 39; 3. as prep. en. w. abl., eadem omnia Quae tute dudum coram me incusneras, Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 21; mihi ipsi coram genero meo, quae dicere ausus es? Cic. Ps. 12; e. amicis et cognatis, Sal. Iug. 9, 4; e. Aspare, 109, 1; non ubiuis coramque quibuslibet, Hor. s. 1, 4, 74; e. populo, A. p. 185; e. latrone, Iuv. 10, 22; e. pluribus Hoc facere canibus, Phaedr. 2, 3, 4; qui coram eo suffragium ab alio peteret, Quint. 6, 3, 47; e. iudicibus, Suet. Aug. 56; e. ipso, Tib. 43; e. se, 62; 4. aft. its nom., always so in Tac. as: ipso Germanico e., an. 3, 14; dis et patria c., 4, 8; propinquis c., 13, 32; also in others, as: de c., Suet. Ner. 33; ad Otho 1; populo c., Tit. 10; Diomedonte coram, ps. Nep. Epam. 4, 2; 5. in coram w. a gen., in coram omnium, Apul. M. 7, 21; 9, 10; in coram sui, 10, 5.

**corpōr-ēus**, adj. [corpus] of flesh, Color hic uertus nascendi tempore dextro Corporeusque fuit (aft. of ivory), Ov. M. 6, 407; Corporeasque dapes auilam demisit in aluum (of the first who ate flesh), 15, 105; insigne gallinae corpus coram serratum (i.e. the comb), Plin. 11, 122; (corina) coelestis ad praetemptandum iter, corporea haec, 11, 125; e. cicatrix, 11, 132; having body, corporeal, material, corporeum...omne necesse est esse quod natum est, Cic. Tim. 4; omne quod erat concretum atque corporeum subternebat animo, 8; Ergo corpoream naturam animi esse necessest, Lucr. 3, 175; corpoream uocem, 4, 540.

**corpōr-icida** = μακ(α)λ(α)ρής, i.e. fleshier or butcher, Gloss.

**corp-ūlentus**, adj. [corp of corpus] with much flesh, corpulent, full-bodied, Corpulentior uidere atque habitior. Huic gratia. Pl. Epid. 1, 1, 8; pectus, Colum. 6, 3, 5; corpulento litigatorum. 'Ego te baiulare non possum', Quint. 6, 1, 47; pingui homini et corpulento censoris equum addere solitos, Gell. 6 (7), 22, 1; 2. corpulentis Ennius pro magnis dixit, Paul. ex F. p. 47 M.

**corp-ūs**, ūris, n. [corp-o eat; and so fin. a stem car-, seen in caro and = *κρεα*] lit. flesh gen. as in corporeida, fleshier or butcher, Gloss.; 2. gen. (human) flesh or body, Vel ubiqueque denis basis corporis transgredi solet, Pl. Most. 2, 1, 11; add Amph. 1, 1, 95; Videtur tu illi maculari corpus totum maculis luridis? Capt. 3, 4, 63; fossari corpora telis, Enn. an. 509 V; Color nescis, corpus solidum et suci plenum, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 26; mollitudo corporis, Pac. 247 R; quid dicam de ossibus quae subiecta corpori mirabiles commissuras habent, Cic. N. D. 2, 139; et vires et corpus amici (lost flesh), fam. 7, 26 f.; haurit Pectore Pygmalion simulati corporis ignes: Saepae manus operi temptantes admovent an sit Corpus an illud ebur, Ov. M. 10, 25—5; abiit corpisque coloreque, her. 3, 141; (uespae) omnes carne uescuntur, contra quam apes quae nihil corpus attingunt, Plin. 11, 72; cibi potionesque corpori faciendi aptae, Cels. 7, 3 f.; exedit corpus..., 5, 7, 1; Aut quo cibo fecisti tantum corpore? Phaedr. 3, 7, 5—make flesh as in Cels. above \*; Inque omni usquam corpore corpus erat—no flesh in all his body, Mart. sp. 7, 6;

3. esp. as the object of sensual love, Vssuramque eius corporis cepit sibi, Pl. Amph. pr. 108; add 5, 2, 5; Vt mihi extra unum te mortalis nemo corporis corpore Contigit quo me impudicum faceret, 2, 2, 203; add 4, 1, 8; Rud. 2, 4, 8; Ps. 5, 1, 16; Mil. 4, 2, 7; Bac. 3, 7, 8; Truc. 2, 6, 39; praestanti corpora nymphae, Verg. 1, 71; lectissima matrum Corpora castiusque dabit, 9, 273; 4. and so of prostitution, Tam illam quae corporis publicae uolgo suum, Pl. Bac. 4, 8, 22; ubi...Tute tibi indigne dotem quaeras corpore, Cist. 2, 3, 21; add Poen. 5, 3, 21; quae quaestum corpore fecisset, Liv. 26, 33, 8; add Ov. am. 3, 14, 9; Paul. dig. 23, 2, 47; 5. same de maribus, quicque quaestum corpore (=corpore) fecit fecerit, CIL 206, 122; qui palam corpore pecuniam quaereret, Cat. orat. 64, 4, 1; 6. w. ref. to testes, as liable to removal for adultery, dedit hic pro corpore (in ransom for) nummos, Hor. s. 1, 2, 43; add 2, 7, 67; Damnum...amissi corporis, Phaedr. 3, 11, 3;

7. human body or person gen., esp. as seat of power or work, and liable to slavery, punishment etc., Huc delecta uirum sortiti corpora furtim Includent, Verg. 2, 19; ipsum comitabantur speculatorum tecta corpora, Tac. h. 2, 4; captiua corpora Romanis cessere, Liv. 31, 46 f.; corpora nostra debentur Samnitibus, 9, 8, 5; qui liberum corpus in seruitutem addidisset, 3, 56, 8; praedia corpora praeter libera corpora militi concessa est, 6, 13, 6; corpora nostra, coniungam ac liberorum uestrorum seruat iniuncta si..., 21, 13, 7; add 25, 25, 7; 26, 34, 11; 29, 21, 6; corpora coniungam ut liberorum seruitio tradeant, Tac. an. 4, 72; centumque pares primacia ministri Corpora, Val. Fl. 2, 653; too often these constructions as also Verg. 4 of § 3 are treated as mere paraphrases; 8. the body, as object of guarding, fida custos corporis, Enn. tr. 289 V; esp. of an emperor, Bassus Neronis Caesaris corpore (=corpore or corpori) custos, inser. Or. 174; add 175; Alcimachus Neronis...Caisar...corpor. cust., 3538, 7; cf. garde du corps, body-guard, life-(i.e. life)-guard;

9. trunk or body, as opp. to head, limbs etc., Longa manet ceruix: caput est a corpore longe, Ov. M. 11, 794; and met., corpori ualido caput derat, Liv. 5, 46, 5; 10. body gen., esp. as opp. to mind, corpus quasi uis est aut aliquod animi receptaculum, Cic. Tusc. 1, 52; ut corporis... sic animi..., 4, 30; cum beatum putat cui corpus bene constitutum sit, 2, 17; animi efficitur, non corporis uiribus, off. 1, 79; 11. a corpse or (dead) body, ambusto corpore, CIL 1009, 7; magnus eorum numerum occiderunt: per (over) eorum corpora reliquos transire coeunt..., repellunt, Caes. b. g. 2, 10, 3; add 2, 27, 3; incutibus ibi armis corporibusque hostium, Liv. 33, 8, 9; add 32, 13, 8; silisque agrisque uisique Corpora foeda iacent, Ov. M. 7, 548; Aut

ultor uestrae, fidissima corpora, mortis, Aut comes inquit ero, 3, 58; add 13, 471; F. 2, 835; si quis corpus intulerit, Paul. dig. 11, 7, 40; add 11, 7, 39; corpus integrum conditum sarcophago, inser. Or. 4478; 12. of the bodiless Manes, as still having the form, (Charon) subuectat corpora cumba, Verg. 6, 303; defunctaque corpora uita, 306; opp. to c. uita of 391; 13. flesh or body of other than man, equi, Lucr. 4, 422; Obiue macati corpori tellure iuueni, Ov. F. 1, 377; Ibat quis lana corpori amicta sua, 2, 298; Corpora anheba boom, Sil. 7, 358;

14. of the living part of wood, quicquid falce contingi poterit exputandum est...catenus ue plaga corpori matris (the elm) applicetur, 5, 6, 14; parum gaudet nimis quae in corpus nudatur (and soon after cicatrice), Colum. 5, 6, 16; add 5, 5, 11; nec adraete (so a) offenditur (sc. cortice in orbem detracto), si non simul incidatur et corpus; alioqui et cerasus et Tilia et uitis corticem mittunt, sed non uitalem nec proximum corpori, Plin. 17, 234; nec corpori piceae parebit, 16, 57; 15. and akin to this, of the edible part of a nut, aliis (glandibus) subest tunica, aliis protinus candidum corpus, 16, 20; 16. gen. a body, divided by philosophers into three heads, quaedam nullum esse corpora, ut hominem; quaedam esse composita ut namem domum omnia denique quorum diuersae partes in unum coactae sunt; quaedam ex distantibus quorum adhuc membra separata sunt, tamquam exercitus populus senatus, illi enim per quos ista corpora efficiunt iure aut officio cohaerent, Sen. ep. 102, 6; add n. q. 2, 2, 1—4; so too Pomp. dig. 41, 3, 40; 17. first then of these, a body one in itself, esp. a particle (corpusculum), atom, molecule, corpuscle, atomos, id est corpora indiuidua, Cic. fin. 1, 17; qui asperis et leuibis et hamatis uincinatique corporibus concreta haec esse dicat interiecto inani, ac, pr. 2, 121; genitalia corpora, Lucr. 1, 58 and 167; c. prima, 1, 61 and 171; c. caeca, 1, 277; add 3, 180; quot habet corpora puluis, Ov. M. 14, 137; 18. a body by union of parts, esp. a book or volume, modicum quoddam corpus (of a history), Cic. fam. 5, 12, 4; corpora ignotorum auctorum, Sen. tranq. 9, 6; si Homeri corpus sit legatum, Ulp. dig. 32, 3, 52, 2;

19. a body made up of separated parts, sui corporis (of their own race) creati regem uolebant (Sabini), Liv. 1, 17, 2; qui eiusdem corporis (i.e. order, the plebeian) erant, 4, 9, 4; cum plebs uellet ex suo quoque corpore consules creare, Pomp. dig. 1, 2, 2, 25; add dig. 50, 16, 105, 1; perb. to this head rather than preceding belongs, utrosque uis habueris libros, duo enim sunt corpora, an utrosque nescio, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 13, 4; 20. esp. a legal corporation or college, pro salute domus Augustae Corpora pausariorum et argentarioium..., inser. Or. 1885; c. piscatorum et uirgatorum..., 4115; uise singularis sit persona..., uel populus uel curia uel collegium uel corpus, Ulp. dig. 4, 2, 9, 1; collegia...quorum corpus senatus consultis...confirmatum est ueluti pistorum, Gai. dig. 4, 1, 1; 21. in law corpus is used of material property, esp. the actual body or corpus as opposed to its mere value, or realized property as opp. to contingent, si certos nummos, ueluti quos in arca habet aut certam lancem legauit, non numerata pecunia sed ipsa corporum nummorum uel rei legatae continentur, Pap. dig. 30, 1, 51; pecunia nomine non solum numerata pecunia, sed omnes res tam soli quam mobiles et tam corpora quam iura continentur, dig. 50, 16, 222; si peculium legetur et sit in corporibus, puta fundi uel aedes, Ulp. 33, 8, 6; 22. various met., phrasim, id est corpus (the material) eloquentiae, Quint. 10, 1, 87; ut quasi in corpus eat, (in oratory, gain flesh and so become strong), 2, 10, 5; opp. to: ut corpus orationis emicaretur, Petr. 2.

**corp-us-cūlum**, i, n. dim. bit of flesh, thus as dim. of *enderment* in: o corpusculum hoc ut malaculum, mea uxorecula! Pl. Cas. 4, 4, 19; 2. little body, cupereum sine quercula corpusculi tui peruenire in Bithyniam potuisses (Philly had probably suffered from seasickness), Traj. ad Pl. 10, 18 (29); mors sola fatetur Quantula sint hominum corpuscula, Liv. 10, 173; 3. of a small book, (cf. corpus § 18), breue ueluti dorum corpusculum feci, Just. p. 4; 4. an atom (cf. corpus § 17), corpuscula quaedam

leuia alia aspera, Cic. N. D. 1, 66; uaporis, Lucr. 2, 153; material, 2, 529; rerum, 4, 198.

**cōrylētum**, *i*, n. a grove of hazel or nut trees, Illa modo in silvis inter coryleta latebat, Ov. F. 2, 587.

**cōrylus**, *i*, (al. corulus, and corulus, as in Plin. 17, 151 Detl., perli, better), *f*. [= *κορυλλος*, = E. hazel], hazel or nut tree, Plantis et durae (al. edurae) coryli (al. corili) nascuntur et ingens Fraxinus, Verg. G. 2, 65; Nec coryli fragiles et fraxinus utilis hastis, Ov. M. 10, 93; descendunt et in plana cornus corylus quereus, Plin. 16, 74; fraxinus hastis corylo melior, 16, 228; hoc modo (sc. aulosis stolonibus) plantantur punicea coryli... 17, 67.

**cōtidie**, (better cott.; rarely quot.) as adv. [two dat. quoti die], every day, daily, idque...cottidie maiorem partem diei propositum habeto, CIL 196, 15; Eum odorem cenat Iuppiter cottidie (so ABC), Pl. Ps. 2, 3, 61; circum argentarias Scortā lenonesque assident (so W. Wagner; miss quasi sedent) cottidie (so B; cottidie CD), Pl. Truc. 1, 1, 48; add Cist. 1, 1, 45; St. 1, 2, 64; Rud. pr. 16; Quid interea, ibatno ad Eacchidem? Cottidie (so A it seems; DCE cottidie), Ter. Hec. 1, 2, 82; add Haut. 3, 1, 14; cum...cottidie (so Va; hgt cottidie)...perdit homines... templis urbis minitarentur, Cic. Phil. 1, 5; cottidie Caesar Haeduos frumentum...flagitare, Caes. b. g. 1, 16, 1; add 1, 48, 1 etc.; cottidie castra mouere, Sal. Iug. 45, 2; add 91, 1; Cottidie (so Plt) inquit speculo uis uolo, Phaedr. 3, 8, 14; Cottidie damnatur qui semper timet, P. Syr. 95 Ribb.

**cōtidie**, adv. obsol. [quoti dīo, s. dium], the same, cum ab isto uiderem cottidie consiliis hostem adiuari, Q. Caepio ap. Char. 176 P; 196, S K.

**cōturnix**, (in older writers \**c*, then cōturnix), *icis*, *f*. [urnic- perh. = *ορνυξ*, cf. spint-urnix; perh. too old form col-urnix of wh. tis exerescent so that col is the root, = our quail, Fr. caille; for loss of l before t, cf. fin. alterum; so *ορνυξ* may well be for *κορυξ*, and so of same stock], quail, a bird of passage, Aut auites aut cōturnices\* dantur quicum lussent, Pl. Capt. 5, 4, 6; Praeterea nobis ueratrum est acre uenenum At capris adipis et cōturnicibus\* auget Lucr. 4, 641; Ecce cōturnices inter sua proelia uiuunt, Ov. am. 2, 6, 27; said to be always at war w. partridge, cf. Arist. animal. 9, 8; cōturnices aute ueniunt quam grues, Plin. 10, 65; cōturnicibus ueneni semen gravioris quam ob causam eas damnatae mensae, 10, 69; neque cōturnix Nulla umquam pro patre cadet, Iuv. 12, 97; add Plin. 10, 64 and 66; 10, 101; 11, 194; 2, as a term of endearment, Dice igitur me passerulum gallinam cōturnicem\*, Pl. As. 3, 3, 76; 3. for the fable of *Ορνυξ* cf. Serv. ad A. 3, 73.

**crēbri-nōdus**, adj. [creber, nodus; cf. mltinodus], with crowded knots, Ponam hisuleam et crebrinodum (Haupt and Bergk ej., ns crebrinodosam) arundinem, Varr. ap. Iul. Tolet. 1, 17, 180, p. 39.

**crebri-sūrus**, adj. [sura], with thick calves, met. crebrissimum uallum, Enn. ap. Fest. 45.

**crūs**, *crūis*, *n*. [= *σκέλος* save the *σ*; = E. shin; cf. crux;] bone of the leg (under the false idea that there is but one, Ait se obligasse crūs fractum Aesculapio, Pl. Men. 5, 3, 1; crura hercle defringunt, As. 2, 4, 68; add Mil. 3, 1, 128 (722 R); si luce quoque canes latent, cum... iis crura suffringantur, Cic. Rose. Am. 56; add Phil. 11, 14; 13, 27; Frangam tonsori crura, Mart. 11, 58, 10;

2. leg, shin, Perque fabam reput et mollia crura reponunt, Enn. ap. 545 V; quanto satius est salus cruribus in circo expectare quam his descebinatis in silua currere, Varr. s. 166, 5 R; ipsum crus est ex ossibus duobus (viz. the tibia and sura, our fibula); etenim per omnia femur umero, crus brachio simile est, Cels. 8, 1, p. 328, 24 D; Crūs ubi commisit uolueris sensigite teneri, Ov. M. 11, 74; ibes...aues excelsae cruribus rigidis, Cic. N. D. 1, 101; (alces) crura sine nodis articulisque habent, Caes. b. g. 6, 27, 1; Et crurum tenuis a muto palcaria pendent,

Verg. G. 3, 53; add 3, 192; surae homini tantum et crura carnosae, Plin. 11, 253; uno crure ut insisterent signa, 34, 56; add 8, 120; 11, 3; 3. leg or shin (of slaves, etc.), as exposed to punishment by cudgels, Sin..., Extemplo amplexitote crura fustibus, Pl. Rud. 3, 5, 36; At ego te per crura et talos tergumque opistor tutum, 3, 2, 21; Quis mihi subueniet algero aut capiti aut cruribus? Cas. 2, 5, 29; Tuis nunc cruribus capitiue fraudem capitale hinc creas, Mil. 2, 3, 23; add As. 2, 4, 3; Men. 5, 6, 5; 5, 7, 4; 4. the stem of a tree, esp. of a vine, aut in capite uitis aut in crure uicino radicibus, Colum. 3, 10, 2; crura uitium, 3, 18, 5; 4, 24, 6; 4, 24, 4; of other trees, ad crus arboris ficulneae, 5, 11, 14; ab ipso arboris crure (of an elm, etc.), Col. arb. 16, 3; circa arborum uel uitium crura, Pall. 1, 35, 6; 5. a cognomen, Lentuli Cruris repulsi uultum non uidisse, Cael. ad Cic. 8, 4, 1.

**crux**, *crūis*, *f*. (m. \* in some old writers; cf. *δ σκολυψ*; [for cor-ux and so = *σ-κολυψ* save the *σ*; prob. akin to *καλιν*, wood and *καλο-βατης*; and perh. arbor; cf. for form *σκέλος* = *crus*, *καλπτω* = *κρυπτω*, *ecleber* = *creber*, *col-* = *χρ-ω* and Lat. *c* = Gr. *π*], orig. prob. a tree, hence mala crux = infelix arbor, a tree for crucifixion, impaling, etc., malo\* cruce (a dat.) futur ut des Iuppiter, Enn. au. 361 V; dignus fuit qui malo\* cruce periret, Grac. ap. Fest. v. maseulino; wh. Bergk (Beitr. 2. Lat. Gr. 150) would make cruce a gen., malo a n. noun; for this use of the epithet mala see † in §§ 6 and 7; 2. absol. a tree so employed, with (then) = patibulum, Pl. Mil. 2, 4, 7; cf. too § 3 ex. 5) or without a cross-piece to make a cross (cf. Cristes swete tree, Chauc. 3765) as a capital punishment for criminals, ut quam damnatus cruce seruis fixeras hanc indemnatus ciuibz Romanis reseruare, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 12; quos...in cruce sustulit, 2, 1, 7; add 2, 1, 9; 2, 5, 168-171; si te et Gabinium cruci suffixos uiderem, Pis. 42; in cruce tolli, Att. 7, 11, 2; In cruce suffigat, Hor. s. 1, 3, 82; add 2, 7, 47; ep. 1, 16, 48; cruci affixum, Curt. 6, 3, 14; ut defunctorum corpora figeret cruci, Plin. 36, 107; faecio luisse in austeriorum gustum uini, merito matrem eius pendere in tam alta cruce, 14, 12; refrigere se crucibus, Sen. uit. b. 19, 3; Pone cruce seruis, Iuv. 6, 219; crucibus additi, Tac. an. 15, 44; add 14, 33; 3. a mere stake, or pointed piece of wood, for impaling, pars in cruce acti, Sal. Iug. 14, 15; Vita dum superest, bene est. Hanc mihi uel acta si sedeam cruce, sustine, Maecen. ap. Sen. ep. 101, 11; suffigas licet et acutam sessuro cruceum subdas, Sen. ib.; uideo istic cruces non unius quidem generis,—and soon: alii per obscoena stipitem egerunt, alii brachia patibulo explicuerunt, Sen. ad Marc. 20, 3; tam uigilabit (Maecenas) in cruce, quam ille (Regulus) in cruce, Sen. prou. 3, 10;

4. met. as of a rough-going carriage, Hic quondam... Nubatur cruce pendula uiator, Stat. silu. 4, 3, 28; 5. and gen. met. of tortures, Apstraxitque hominem (sc. filium) in maximum malum\* cruce, Pl. Men. pr. 66; Sed dexterorum aorsa est in malam cruce, Rud. 1, 2, 86; summum ius antiqui summum putabant cruce, Colum. 1, 7, 2; hi...quot cupiditatibus tot crucibus distraherent, Sen. uit. b. 19, 3; 6. hence in cruces, you be hanged, ahui hinc in malam\* cruce, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 163; C. Numquid uis? M. Vt eas maximum in malam\* cruce, Men. 2, 2, 53; add Capt. 3, 1, 97; i in malam\* cruce, Cas. 5, 4, 8; Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 21; so far w. mala, also: abi in cruce, Pl. As. 5, 2, 90; 7. also as a term of abuse for persons, esp. women, Aut aliqua mala\* cruce semper est quae aliquid petat, Pl. Aul. 3, 5, 46; quae te mala\* cruce agitat (= Furia), Bac. 4, 2, 2; illis crucibus...quae nos semper omnibus cruciant modis, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 93; so far of women, but also of male sex, Quid uis, crux, stimulum tritor? Pl. Pers. 5, 2, 17 (said to Paegium, a boy);

8. prov. quare in malo cruce, to jump out of the frying pan into the fire, Ter. Ph. 3, 3, 11; 9. the Cross of Christian religion, sometimes only the upright timber, nobis crux imputatur cum antemna scilicet sua, Tert. nat. 1, 12; gen. including both this and cross-piece, si statueris



hominum manibus expansis, imaginem crucis feceris, ib.;

10. gen. pl. crucum (not crucium), Char. 141, 18 K; and so now in Gersdorf. ed. Tert. apol. 16 (bis) and nat. 1, 12.

**cūius**, *a*, *um* (older *quōius* or *quīus*\*), adj. poss. [cuius gen. of *qu*; cf. E. mine, G. mein-er from gen. mein as in: gedenk mein, think of me; cf. also ferr-esc, etc. E. gold-en, orig. gen., now adj.] of whom, whose, first as rel., in Hele-nae abduxit cuius causa nunc facio obsequium, Illo. Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 24; Argentum ego pro istis ambabus, quoniam erant, domino dedi, Rud. 3, 4, 40; Vbi bibas elas de alino quantum vis (so Sp. 6), miss uelut quies affatim; Quod tu inuitus nunquam reddas domino de quo? (=cuius; so V) ederis, Poen. 3, 1, 32 (a correction due to Bergk, Beitrage 1870 p. 58, who writes quio); add Ps. 4, 4, 5; si deus, si dea es quoniam illud sacrum est... Cato. 1, 139; quoniam nomen praecuratiois causa delationis erit aut quoniam nomen ex reis exemptum erit, sequis cuius nomen (denno delatetur), CIL 198, 5; add v. 29; eum quoniam is ager locus aedificium erit, 200, 8; magistratus quoniam de eare iurisdictione erit, 204, 2, 2; cuius opera... per castra cluebat, Lucil. ap. Non. 81 f.; domino suo cuius id censibile esse reddes, in an oath quoted from Cincius by Cels. 16, 4, 2; ut optima condicione sit is cuius res eum periculum, Cie. Verr. 2, 1, 142; add 2, 3, 16 and 68; deinde cuius uxor fuit, fortiter fecit, Plin. Sec. ap. Gell. 16, 4, 2; 2. referring to a plural noun, nequiem eorum det... quoniam in fide is erit, CIL 198, 10; add 200, 10; 3. cuius (like mea, tua) w. interest, to whose interest it is, ea caedes si criminati detur ei cuius interfuit, non ei cuius nihil interfuit, Cie. p. L. Var. ap. Prisc. 1, 595, 12; 4. as inter. first indir., rogitate occipit cuius esset, Pl. Merc. 1, 2, 87; Die igitur quoniam cuius sum, 3, 1, 31; Vin dicam cuius est? 4, 3, 23; add 4, 2, 23; cedo cuius puerum hic apposuit? Ter. Andr. 4, 4, 24; add Hant. pr. 8; 5. dir. inter., quia (so A. pron. cu-ia) uox prope me sonat? Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 7; add Ps. 2, 4, 11 (here A has quoniam), Cure. 1, 2, 18; 2, 1, 14; and with nam, Cuiusnam uox prope me sonat? Bac. 4, 9, 55; Quid uirgo cuius? Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 30; cuius pecus? An Meliboei? Verg. B. 3, 1; 6. for form qu-ius (=quoniam and cuius), cf. quor for cur in Pl., pignia in inscr.

**cum**, prep. [= *cum* and *cum*; cf. *quoniam* = *quoniam* and interchange of *p*, *p*, Sansk. pal. s; also = *com* = *oscan*] with, together with, Ipse exit Lesbionius cum seruo foras, Pl. Tr. 2, 3, 10; quoniam actatem exegerim, 4, 2, 111; uagamur egeutes cum coniugibus et liberis, Cie. Att. 8, 2, 3; tecum esse ut uehementer uelim! fam. 5, 21, 1; frumentum omne praeter quod secum portatori erant comburant, Caes. b. g. 1, 5, 3; non dubitare... quoniam... instructus, cum coniuratorum manu, armatus uenturus sit, Liv. 1, 51, 5; instructi paratique, cum ingenti clientium exercitu... tribunos... adorti sunt, 3, 14, 4 (wh. Hand. 2, 143, thinks it possible to connect cum... w. instructus!); 2. a relation or dealings between persons is expressed by a dat. of the chief party, by cum of the other, nec quoniam plura sunt mihi quae ego uelim, Pl. Cas. 2, 2, 13; Postremo tecum nil rei nobis Demiphrost, Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 74; add Eun. 4, 6, 21; cum homine edacti tibi res est, fam. 9, 20, 2; cum Patrone Epicure mihi omnia sunt, 13, 1, 2; add 15, 10, 2; cum feris bestiis res est, Curt. 6, 3, 8; sunt mihi et cum marito eius uetera iura, Plin. ep. 7, 11, 4; 3. and met., Famili-generosi res sit cum damno et malo, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 182; quid mihi cum ista sanctimonia? Cie. Quinct. 55; Quid tibi cum gladio? Ov. P. 2, 101; 4. so of dress or things worn (esp. if unusual), Set quis hic est qui in plateam ingreditur cum nouo ornatu specique? Pl. Trin. 4, 1, 21; illum dicis cum armis aureis, Mil. 1, 1, 16; add St. 2, 2, 26; Sicme hic cum uuida ueste grassabimur? Rud. 1, 4, 31; At nos uidet quia cum catenis sumus, Capt. 2, 1, 8; nolo me in uia Cum hac ueste uideat, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 68; ipse praetor in hac officina cum tunica pulla sedere solebat et pallio, Cie. Verr. 2, 4, 54; cum iste cum pallio purpureo talarique tunica uersaretur in conuiuuiis muliebribus, 2, 5, 31; L. Scipionis non solum cum chlamyde

sed etiam cum crepidis statuum nidetis, Rab. Post. 27; enauit cum toga pulla, Vat. 31; liberos et coniugem eius cum sordida ueste... accierunt, Liv. 35, 34, 7; add 26, 29, 3; quoniam insignem eum cum regio habitu uoluitatem cognosset, 4, 19, 2; add 29, 19, 12; 5. also of temporary adjuncts, edicta... ut ne quis cum telo seruis esset, Cie. Verr. 2, 5, 7; add Cat. 1, 15; Mil. 11 and 66; cum in hac cella Concordiae... cum gladiis homines collocati stent, Phil. 2, 19; inmissi cum falibus multi purgantur... locum, Tusc. 5, 65; ipse cum telo esse, Sal. Cat. 27, 2; add 49, 5; 50, 2; 6. w. vbs. of union, Cumque meis lacrimis misuit usque suas, Ov. Pont. 1, 9, 20; add M. 13, 549; adulescens nuptam cum sene, Pl. Mil. 4, 1, 19; add Trin. 1, 2, 20; Amph. pr. 99; 1, 1, 208; 2, 2, 185; As. 5, 2, 20; but w. a dat. in Cist. 1, 1, 81; 7. with vb. of exchange, ut uestem cum eo mutem, Ter. Eun. 3, 5, 24; ea mutare cum meretoribus uino aduocico, Sal. Iug. 44, 5; 8. w. vbs. of sharing, Communiceque hanc mecum meam prouinciam, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 153; add Aul. 4, 10, 37; Cie. Att. 1, 18, 1; Caes. b. g. 6, 2, 3; pacto ego tecum hoc diuidio, Pl. St. 5, 4, 15; diuisis cum Parmenone copis, Curt. 5, 16; tecum paritela uellum, Hor. s. 2, 5, 81; add 9, 10, 6; 9. w. vbs. of comparison, conferte hanc pacem cum illo bello, huius cohortem cum illius exercitu, Cie. Verr. 2, 4, 115; cum meum factum cum tuo comparo, fam. 3, 6, 1; causam cum causa componimus, Quint. 7, 2, 22; 10. w. vbs. of cooperation, siding with, Nam ni haec ita essent, cum illo haut staret Phaedria, Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 39; quum dii prope ipsi cum Hannibale starent, Liv. 26, 41, 17; add 5, 38, 4; 8, 34, 1; 44, 14, 6; populus cum illis facit, Cie. fin. 2, 44; auctoritate... nobiscum facere, Caes. 104; add 80; Sull. 36; Att. 6, 8, 2; add 2, 118; 11. w. vbs. of contest, qui cum animo... depugnat, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 24; qui tot annos cum populo Romano certasset, Cie. or. 2, 76; 12. w. other vbs. of reciprocity, as first w. reflexives so used, Cum suo amatore amplexantem atque osculantem, Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 90; add 2, 2, 109; 2, 3, 17 and 49; quoniam... cum eo pactus est erit, CIL 206, 114; rem meam magnam confabulor tecum uolo, Pl. Cist. 4, 2, 77; Quae cum hoc insano fabulo (so A.), Mil. 2, 4, 18; add 2, 5, 53; Quoniam haec mulier loquitur? Men. 2, 3, 18; per opus est hunc cum ipsa loqui, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 30; cum ipso pol sum secuta (so ass), Pl. Mil. 4, 6, 9; de quibus eramus cum Pompeio locuti, Cie. fam. 1, 8, 7; 13. also w. simple vbs., quoniam... actio nre esto, CIL 198, 75; add 198, 56; haec ego cum philosophis disserabam, Cie. or. 1, 57; add 2, 13; consuleret igitur quiddam quod tecum uolo, Pl. Most. 5, 1, 53; cum imperatore Romano deliberaturum esse, Liv. 32, 34, 13; 14. esp. oro in old writers, hoc tecum oro ut..., Pl. Bac. 3, 3, 90; tecum orarem ut..., 3, 6, 25; add As. 3, 3, 72 and 96; Cas. 2, 5, 16; 3, 4, 5; Poen. 3, 2, 24; Pers. 1, 3, 37; Merc. 3, 1, 32; Cure. 3, 62; Rud. 3, 4, 68; Tu nero face quod tecum precibus pater oro, Eun. an. 20 V; Egi autem orauit tecum uxorem ut duceres, Ter. Hec. 4, 4, 64; 15. w. verbs of agreement, De dote tecum conuenire mihi potis, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 168; add Cie. fam. 6, 8, 2; ut nostrae mentes cum populi Romani uoluntatibus suffragisue consentiant, Mur. 1; ualde eius sermo cum tuis litteris congruebat, Att. 2, 8, 1; 16. and so w. vbs. of non-agreement or difference, facta eius cum dictis discrepare, Cie. fin. 2, 96; quid? cum doctore suo quam multis rebus dissidet! Acad. pr. 2, 143; animus tecum discordans, fin. 1, 58; cum quis discordant, Tac. an. 12, 28; 17. cum animo (corde) or reflexive pronouns as mecum, with one-self, as though one consisted of two persons, but used to denote 'quietly' and to the exclusion of all others, quo magis cogito cum animo meo, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 13; qui sim nequeo cum animo certum investigare, Aul. 5, 9, 3; add Trin. 2, 1, 24; Mil. 4, 8, 65; quod bonist id tacitus taceas tua tecum et gaudens, Epid. 5, 1, 44; Quid tu tecum? Most. 3, 1, 24; Sed hoc tu tecum tacitum habeto, Poen. 4, 2, 68; quid est Quod uoluntas tua tecum in corde? Mil. 2, 2, 41; Tam tu tecum (so ej. ass tecum tam) habeto hoc mihi iuraneris, Rud. 5, 2, 60; hoc tu facito cum animo cogites, Ter. As. 4, 4, 55; Et cum egomet nunc mecum in animo uitam tuam considero, Haut. 2, 4, 5; add Hec. 1, 2, 32; si cum animis uestris

recordari C. Staieni vitam nolueritis, Cic. Chu. 70; sic habuisti statutum cum animo ac deliberatum, Verr. 2, 3, 95; add. off. 1, 118; in otio facinus sum cum animo reputans, Sal. Ing. 13, 5; add. 6, 2; 11, 8; 70, 5; 85, 10; 108, 3; multa secum ipse nolens, Cat. 32, 1; add. Ing. 113, 1; Atque haec ipse suo tristi cum corde nolat, Verg. 6, 185; also w. animo alone, as in Sal. Ing. 84, 4; Liv. 8, 25, 2;

**18.** uniting one noun with another, so as to attach both to a common verb, adj. or gen.: first w. a vb., (C.) Sergius M. f. Vel. Mena quom' C. Caepione proelio est occisus, CIL 582; o conservandis cum cum tam pio foedere, Cic. Phil. 13, 37; ut paene cum lacte nutritis errorem susses videamur, Tusc. 3, 2; honestissimo ordini cum splendore fractus quoque incumditatis est restitutus, Mur. 40; add. leg. 2, 36; am. 33; altera (lege) fidem abrogari cum qua omnis humana societas tollitur, Liv. 6, 41, 11; urbi cum pace laxior annona rediit, 2, 52, 1; add. S. 39, 15; 21, 51, 2; 40, 2, 1; pedem cum uoce repressit, Verg. 2, 378;

**19.** hence a sing. noun, with cum and noun may have a plural vb., Syrus cum illoostro consensuram (so Benb. 1 m.; consensuram 2 m.; perh. rightly, as here the vb. follows so closely), Ter. Hant. 3, 1, 64; Lentulus cum ceteris quos..., constitucantur nri., Sal. Cat. 43, 1; Boecius cum pedibus...aciem innadunt, Ing. 101, 5; ipse dux cum aliquot principibus capiuntur, Liv. 21, 60, 7; but in 26, 46, 8 Madrig has refecerat; Demosthenes cum ceteris qui..., in exsilium erant expulsi, ps. Ben. Phoe. 2, 2;

**20.** esp. in such phrases as: Di te denegare omnes faxint cum istoe omne, Pl. Most. 2, 2, 30; abi in malam rem maximum Cum istac condicione, Epid. 1, 1, 73; dignus es Cum tua religione..., Ter. Andr. 5, 4, 38; in hinc quo digni's cum domis tuis, Eun. 4, 3, 9; add. Ph. 3, 1, 1; Hec. 1, 2, 59; Ad. 4, 6, 1; **21.** w. adj. or gen., inditit albos Cum uitta crinis (white alike; note cum nitta between albos and crinis), Verg. 7, 418; Et Cimini cum monte lacum, 7, 697;

**22.** hence it often attaches some important adjunct to a noun or pronoun, Quid ego astabo hic tantisper cum hac forma et factis sic frustra? Pl. Mil. 4, 2, 30; Egon quieriam cum istis factis tibi respondam? Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 73; negaretis hie mihi cum diis immortalibus? Liv. 38, 48, 16;

**23.** identity of action often implies identity of time (cf. exx. in § 16), egone aps te abi hinc hodie cum dilecto, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 114; add. Merc. 2, 1, 31; Cum primo ludo hie hinc, Ter. Ad. 5, 3, 55; E somno pueros cum mane expertis clamor, Lucil. ap. Thom. p. 376, 14 K; cum prima luce Pompeii domum uenisse, Cic. off. 3, 112; Interca fessos uentus cum sole reliquit, Verg. 3, 568;

**22.** attached to adj. or adv. of union or similarity, iuxta tecum, si tu nescis, nescio, Pl. Pers. 2, 2, 67; add. 4, 3, 75; Trin. 1, 2, 160; Cum uostris nostra non est aequa factio, 2, 4, 51; add. 2, 4, 66; noui aequa omnia Teuma, Ter. Ph. 5, 9, 44; utinam esset mihi Pars aequa amoris tecum, Eun. 1, 2, 12; turrensis aequus cum moiro facinorum coraerunt, CIL 1230; parem cum ceteris fortunae condicione subire, Cic. rep. 1, 7; quem tu (Mieipsa) parem cum liberis tuis fecisti, Sal. Ing. 14, 9; talaria...quae sublimem...rapido pariter cum flumine portant, Verg. 4, 241; Snesiones fratres suos qui eodem iure et eadem legibus utantur, nam imperium nunquam magistratum cum ipsis habent, Caes. b. g. 2, 3, 5; notabo sub idem Sit trabibus fragilenae mecum Solnat phaselon, Hor. od. 3, 2, 28; eodem mecum patre genitum, Tac. an. 15, 2; **25.** often attached to sb., as first physically to living creatures, Qui mihi intrinse in aedis quingentos equos Cum senis manibus, Pl. Aul. 3, 6, 18; cum elephanti capite puerum natum, Liv. 27, 11, 5; agnum cum ubere lactenti natum, 27, 5, 11; add. 32, 9, 3; **26.** as an adjunct to dead matter, fores cum portibus aesculneis facito, CIL 577, 2, 9; cum parietem cum margine altum facio p. x. ib. 12; **27.** also of contents, Cadum modo hinc a me linc (so miss rightly, Ritschl al.) cum uino transferam, Pl. St. 5, 1, 7; Eine hie cum uino sinus fertur? Cure. 1, 1, 82; ollam statuto cum aqua, Cato r. 156 (157); 2; fiscos cum pecunia ad equitem Romanum esse translatos, Cic. Verr. 1, 2, 22; centum onerariae naues cum commentu...in Africam transuenerunt, Liv. 39, 24, 5;

**28.** of temporary affections, te Romam

uenisse...cum febr, Cic. Att. 6, 9, 1; consulens cum uulnere graui relatum in castra, Liv. 9, 44, 15; add. 33, 25, 9;

**29.** of possession, Ille uir hand magna cum re set plenus fidei, Enn. ann. 342 V; Ista cum lingua si usus ueniat tibi possis..., Catul. 98, 3; familiam uero quantum et quam uariis cum artificibus habebat uidet ego dicam? Cic. Rose. Am. 134; neque...solido cum corpore mundi Naturae, Lucr. 5, 364; **30.** of holding authority (esp. w. esse), in fortuna quaeritur, priuatus an cum potestate, Cic. iun. 1, 35; ex his (so M, not iis) qui cum imperio sint, fam. 1, 3; qui nuper cum summo imperio fuerit, Flac. 18; nemine cum imperio aut magistratu tendente quoquam qui deiecerit Rhodum, Suet. Tib. 12;

**31.** gen. of attending circumstances, manner, feelings, Equites...maximo Cum clamore inmolant, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 80; Magna cum cura ego illum curari nolo, Men. 5, 4, 7; Sed Posidonium cum bona gratia dimittamus, Cic. fat. 7; molentium cum labore operato ac molesto, N. D. 2, 59; quod ipse magna cum atque diligenia scripsit, iun. 1, 70; (id) cum summo studio exsequantur, Sal. Cat. 51, 38; magna cum cura inquisitum, Liv. 22, 7, 5; conquisita cum intencione cura arma, 39, 2, 4; add. 39, 23, 1;

**32.** esp. if no adj. be added, saucios cum cura reficit, Sal. Ing. 54, 1; add. Liv. 22, 42, 5; 25, 22, 2; 27, 24, 8; 38, 18, 7; 39, 41, 6; Sen. ben. 4, 1, 1; prou. 5, 9; tranq. 14, 10; Curt. 3, 12, 13; cum silentio animum attendite, Ter. Eu. pr. 44; cum silentio auditi sunt, Liv. 38, 10, 4; add. Tac. an. 1, 67, 1; cum clamore in forma curritur, Liv. 2, 23, 8; ut ea quae scripsimus cum labore etiam cum labore andiri puteamus, Plin. ep. 2, 10, 5; nos illud cum pace agemus, Cic. Tusc. 5, 83; add. Hor. od. 3, 29, 35;

**33.** but occasionally some such alth. is also used without cum, as: Genabenses silentio ex oppido egressi, Caes. b. g. 7, 11, 7; lex silentio perferitur, Liv. 2, 57, 4; add. 3, 54, 10; 21, 47, 2; silentio egredi iubet, Sal. Ing. 106, 4; strepitum uelut hostes aduenire, 53, 7; but in Liv. 5, 45, 2 Madyr. has cum ingenti clamore, and in 7, 7, 8 clamore ingenti, not clamore alone as quoted by Krutz ad Ing. 53, 7; and in Ing. 64, 5 the phrase is: cupidine atque iracundissimis consulatoribus grassari;

**34.** at times of an immediate result, Ne illa illud hercle cum malo fecit suo, Pl. Bac. 3, 4, 4; ut ueniret Lampsaenum cum magna calamitate et prope perueire ciuitatis, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 63; id si fieret magno cum periculo provinciae futurum, Caes. b. g. 1, 10, 2; **35.** in agricultural lang. cum decimo (etc.), sc. tanto, as much understood, not as Hand (2, 167) says seimine, (cf. alterum tantum, a second as much, or as much again in Pl. Epid. 3, 81) with a ten- (etc.)-fold return, ut ex eodem seimine alibi cum decimo redeat alibi cum quinto decimo ut in Hetruria...In Sybaritiano dicunt etiam cum centesimo redire solitum, Varr. r. 1, 44, 1; ager (Leontinis) efficit cum octavo bene ut agatur: uerum ut omnes di adiuncent, cum decimo, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 112; frumenta maiore parte Italiae quando cum quarto responderint uix meminisse possumus, Colum. 3, 3, 4; cum centesimo Leontini campi fundunt, Plin. 18, 96; similarly: cum centesima fruge agricolas faecens reddente terra, 5, 24; (cf. illam centena quinquagena fruge fertilem campum, 17, 41);

**36.** in old writers and so in poets, cum is used of means, and in very late writers even of instruments, Effudit uoces proprio cum pectore sancto, Enn. an. 530 V; cum uoce maxima conelant, Quadrig. ap. Gell. 9, 13; Acrobis inter se cum armis confingere cernit, Lucil. ap. Non. 261 s. v. cernere; continuo uastis cum uiribus effert Ora pares, Verg. 5, 368; ungere cum uino et oleo, Verg. 1, 11, 8; caede candam cum tabula, 1, 27, 2; but in 3, 31 cum fibulis, not cum fibulis; funebres tibiae cum quibus in funere canitur, Paul. ex F. p. 93; but terra in Argurum libris scripta cum R uno (Varr. l. 5, 4) is not in point; in Cels. 7, 5, p. 271, 8 Dar. has ietum (not cum) aliquo fermento; in Vitr. 2, 8, 4 Rose has: cum his ansis ferreis...uinctae sint;

**37.** in Hor. s. 1, 3, 70 cum mea compensat uisus bona..., Orel. w. Porphyrio make cum the prep. separated from its noun, perh. rightly, as very emphatic; **38.** cum follows pers. prou. in mecum, tecum, secum, nobiscum, uobiscum, Prisc. 1, 504, 15 K, wh. he adds: antiquissimi utrumque dicebant (cum me et mecum);

**39.** w. rel. cum gen. follows unless emphatic, as: interesse ntrum eiusmodi quid sit sine quo effici aliquid non possit an eiusmodi cum quo effici aliquid necesse sit, Cic. fat. 36; off. 2, 82; noli aduersum eos me nolle ducere cum quibus uo contra te arma ferrem Italiam reliqui, Nep. Att. 4, 2; cum quibus occurs in Liv. 7, 34, 5; 8, 2, 13; 38, 9, 2; 42, 1, 3; 45, 39, 16; **40.** between adj. and noun it is often found, see \* above; **41.** in Pl. Capt. pr. 23 Postquam belligerant Aetoli (cf. accent of *Aetolia*) cum Aliis the apparent hiatus is explained by the digamma of *Alios*; **42.** for the form quom add to \* above: multas uirtutes aetate quom parua possidet, CIL 34, epitaph of a Scipio; praetor quom soueis uiatoribus... 198, 50; add mequom ap. Scaur. p. 2262 P; **43.** for the form quum see § 24; **44.** a shortened cu occurs in: cu amiceis su(eis), CIL 1267; **45.** cu besides its use in compound vbs. occurs w. nouns in inser., as Grut. 325, 7; 751, 8; **46.** w. an acc. (or old dat.?) in late Latin, as: cum quom nixit ammis xs. inser. Or. 4659; perh. also in: cum partim illorum, Cato ap. Gell. 10, 13, 2 (cf. Bergh. Beitr. zur Lat. Gr. p. 162).

**cum**, conj. see quum.

**cūnīla**, ac, f. [= *κουνίλη*], a kind of thyme. Set ubi ap. sithium fit atque cūnīla galliacea, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 90; c. galliacea appellata nostris, Graecis origanum Horaeleocum, Plin. 20, 170; **2.** c. sativa, savory, Plin. 20, 169; 19, 165; **3.** same as cūnīlago, Plin. 20, 171 etc.; **4.** i. gen. marked long; but cūnīla prob. in Pl. above; **5.** perh. same word as inula. **cūnīlāg-o**, inis, f. [cūnīlag, old form of cūnīla?] perh. flea-bane, inula pulicaria Linn.; foedi odoris, Plin. 20, 171; 19, 165.

**cūpio**, ere (iue in old Lat.) cūpi or īt, ūs, vb. eagerly desire, long for, quid iretne tu cupio cupis, Pl. Cas. 2, 3, 49; Quod ego quidem nimis quam cupio ut impetret, Capt. 1, 1, 34 (1, 2, 17); — stultus qui cupiat? (so Ribb. c.), miss cupida) cupiens cupienter cupit, Enn. ap. Non. 91, 7; magis impense cupitis, Ter. Ad. 5, 9, 36; add 4, 1, 6; amabit sapiens, cupient ceteri. Afran. ap. Non. 421, 19; quod aut cupias ardentur aut adeptus efferat te insolenter, Cic. Tusc. 4, 39; tibi fauimus, te tua uirtute tui cupimus, tibi optamus..., Brut. 331; animo cupienti nihil satis festinator, Sal. Jug. 64, 6; **2.** esp. amanti, eam cupio pater Ducere uxorem, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 93; eius cupio filiam Virginem mihi desponderi?, Aul. 2, 1, 51; gaudere coepit quasi qui cupiunt nuptias, Ter. Haut. 5, 1, 12; Mars nedit hanc uisamque cupit potiturque cupitat, Ov. F. 3, 21; Siue cupis Paphien seu..., Mart. 7, 74, 4; **3.** often in contrast with a weaker nolle to wish, Vin faciam ut te Philenium praesente huc amplexetur? Cupio hercle, Pl. As. 3, 3, 58; si uis uas uidere filius, Me sequere. Jamdudum equidem cupio et te sequor, Poen. 5, 3, 42; add Curc. 5, 2, 73; Mil. 2, 6, 54; 4, 1, 25 and 33; 4, 4, 13; Pers. 5, 1, 14; As. 1, 1, 16; Trin. 2, 4, 167; 3, 2, 45; Bac. 4, 6, 93; esp. Poen. 1, 1, 31, 33 and 50; Quasi dedit opera quae ego uolo, ea tu non uis, quae ego nolo ea cupio, Naev. ap. Char. 177 P; Nolunt ubi uelis, ubi nolis cupiunt ultro, Ter. Enn. 4, 7, 43; Quid uis facere, nisi redducere? Equidem cupio et uix contineor, Hee. 4, 3, 9; **4.** w. dat. be eager for, be an ardent supporter of, quin cupio tibi, Pl. Cas. 3, 4, 16; uel quod ipsi cupio Glycero, Ter. Andr. 5, 4, 2; quid ego, Fundanio non cupio? Cic. Q. fr. 1, 2, 10; anicuri et cupere Heluetis, Caes. b. g. 1, 18, 8; **5.** causa alienius, the same, qui istius causa cupiunt omnia, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 180; Auiano cuius causa omnia cupio, fam. 13, 75, 1; **6.** w. perf. part. (like uolo) qui te conueniunt cupit, Pl. Curc. 2, 3, 25; di me cupiunt seruatum, Cas. 4, 3, 16; add Epid. 5, 1, 37; Rnd. 4, 4, 120; (Cleopatram) seruatum triumpho magnopere cupiebat, Suet. Aug. 17; **7.** w. a superfl. se before pass. inf., quum se uertere principem...orbis terrarum esse cuperet, Nep. Att. 20, 5; se quaque proximam illi cupit esse\*, Plin. 11, 54; se tecum adfinitate coniungi\* cupit, ps. Nep. 2, 3; **8.** for constr. w. ut. see § 1; w. inf. see \* above; add emori,

Ter. Haut. 5, 2, 18; cupiit diem consumere, Cic. Att. 4, 2, 4; operam nauare cuperet, Caes. b. g. 2, 25, 3; **9.** absol. w. domi or domum, long to be at home, Pol quamquam domi (so A. w. Don. ad Eun. 4, 7, 45; other mss domum) cupio, opperiar, Pl. Trin. 4, 1, 22; domum (so mss) cupientes, Bac. 2, 3, 44; **10.** met. asperiora uina rigari cupiunt utique (mss ac) in Sulmonense agro, Plin. 17, 250; **11.** cupiens as adj. or sub. w. gen. eager for, an ardent lover, quae huius cupiens corporis, Pl. Mil. 4, 2, 7; tui, 4, 2, 58; istius nuptiarum, 4, 4, 29; quous, Amph. pr. 132; liberorum, Poen. pr. 74; regni, Enn. ap. Cic. div. 1, 107; nam nemo ad te uenit Nisi cupiens tui, Ter. Hee. 1, 2, 67; cupientissimus legis, Sal. ap. Diom. 291 P, 311, 28 K; erogandae per honesta pecuniae, Tac. an. 1, 75; bonarum artium, 6, 52 (46); nouarum rerum, 15, 46; dominandi suis quam subigendi externos cupientes sunt, Aur. V. 24; **12.** in dat. in a construction like nolentibus and *bouuouens* ut, quibusque bellum inuitis aut cupientibus erat, Tac. an. 1, 75, 1; **13.** cupienter, adv. eagerly, passionately, Pl. Ps. 2, 3, 17; Enn. (see § 1) and Acc. ap. Non. 91, 4; **14.** cupiret, Lucr. 1, 72; hence perh. Augustin. ep. 151 doubts whether inf. be cupi or cupiri, part. cupitus or cupitus? **15.** cupis in Pl. Curc. 2, 3, 85; Laudo. Laudato quando illud quod cupis euectore. **16.** for long of cupitus to + above add: Tandem huc cupitum contigit. O Apella, o Zenxis pietor, Pl. Poen. 5, 4, 100; 5, 4, 90; Nec sese dedit in conspectum corde cupitus, Enn. ap. Cic. div. 1, 40.

**cūr**, (older *qur\**, *quor*?) adv. rel. and interr. [either fin. quare (Vel. Long. 2231), or fin. quod rei cf. Pl. Poen. 2, 33; Viscum legioni dedi...Quod rei? Ad fundas uiscus (ne) adhaerere; note too interchange of α w. ā, or mere stem of rel. (cf. Eng. where in wherein etc.; G. war in wherein etc.)], first as rel. for which reason, for which, why, Nec est, quor (so B) studeam has nuptias mutarier, Pl. St. 1, 1, 52; Quid obstat cur non uerae fiant (nuptiae)? Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 76; quid accidit cur consilium mutarem? Cic. fam. 2, 16, 3; quid est, cur tu in isto loco sedens? Clu. 147; add fin. 1, 34; Caes. 50; fam. 9, 6, 2; Nam quid feci ego quidne sum locutus Cur me tot male perdes poetis? Catul. 14, 5; fecerit aliquid Philippus (even supposing that P. has...), cur aduersus eum...huc decernemus, quid Perseus...meruit cur soli omnino hostes ei simus? Liv. 41, 24, 11; mirabundam plebem...quidnam inelidisset cur...rem desueta usurpant, 3, 38, 8; add 5, 46, 6; 10, 18 f.; Non ego cum Danais...Nec patris Anchisae cineres manesue reuelli Cur mea dicta neget (so P 1 m., M 2 m.; al. negat w. question), Verg. 4, 428; Aut amet aut faciat cūr ego semper amem, Ov. am. 1, 3, 2; add M. 2, 518; her. 10, 144; Multa quidem dixi cūr exensitatis abirem, Hor. ep. 1, 8, 7; **2.** esp. preceded by such nouns as causa, ratio, quae causa est cur amicitiam tollamus e uita? Cic. am. 48; cur conuincere alter oculo causa non esset, N. D. 3, 9; add Rose. Am. 146; Rose. com. 49; Clu. 169; or. 2, 189; fam. 15, 20, 2; afferre rationem cur negarent, fam. 6, 8, 1; argumenta cur esset nera diminutio collecta sunt, din. 1, 5; N. D. 1, 62; 3, 10; **3.** often after vbs. of accusing, and so=quod, primum illud reprehendo et accuso, cur in re tam uetere...quidnam noni feceris, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 16; quod me saepe accusas cur hunc meum casum tam grauior feram, debes ignorare. Cic. 3, 13, 2 (cf. hic tu me accusas, quod me afflictem. Att. 12, 1); male die Titio Salmo cur tam temere exclamant occisum, Sest. 80; non miserabilis Decantes elegos cur tibi iniur Laesa praueit fide, Hor. od. 1, 33, 3; irascere amicis Cur me funesto propeperat arcere ueterno, ep. 1, 8, 10; consules anni priores inuasit cur...nunc sileant, Tac. an. 6, 10 (43); repeto me corruptum ab eo cur ambularem, Plin. ep. 3, 5, 16; **4.** in indir. interr. why, cum Hiero requireret cur ita faceret, Quia...inquit... Cic. N. D. 1, 60; primum illud quacur cur me a ceteris uiris...seceras, Sul. 3, 3; add Arch. 12; Ov. F. 1, 219; **5.** so after words of wondering, Ne cui sit uostrum mirum cur partis seni Poeta dederit quae sunt adulescentium..., Ter. Haut. pr. 1; demior cur Milonem impulsu meo rem illam egisse

dicas, Cie. Phil. 2, 49; ac ne forte mirare cur... fam. 5, 12, 9; add 7, 27, 1; 111. 6. in dir. interr. why, Quir? eo uelut? quir? non morior? quid mist in uita boni? Pl. Merc. 2, 4, 3; cur hic cessat cantharus? St. 5, 4, 23; quid agis? cur te is perditum? Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 107; er ista quaeris? Cie. leg. 1, 4; diligentiam nostram...cur praeteram? Caes. b. c. 2, 32, 11; 7. so in connection w. quid? Quid igitur ego dubito? aut cur non intro eo in nostram domum? Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 253; Quid hic stultas? cur non recta intro ibas? Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 7; 8. in the foll. a stop should precede cur, Ne quis humasse uelit Aiacem, Atropa uetas. Cur? Hor. s. 2, 3, 187; Obsequium nentris mihi permiscuos est. Cur? Tergo plector enim, 2, 7, 104; 9. quir seems the only form in A of Plaut.; add to above \* Merc. 3, 1, 6; 4, 4, 33; Ps. 1, 3, 14; Poen. 5, 4, 102; 5, 5, 38; Pers. 4, 4, 68; also in B Bac. 2, 3, 99; Most. 1, 1, 10; Ps. 1, 3, 114; 3, 2, 10; and the hexam.: Qui petis posttempus consilium? quod rogas non est, CIL 1454; 10. quor? seems to occur only in B of Pl. as Mil. 4, 6, 45; Ps. 1, 5, 75; St. 1, 1, 52; though Vel. Long. p. 2236 says: (antiqui cur) per quor scribantur; 11. for long qty in old writers add Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 46 and 57; 4, 2, 82; True. 1, 2, 73; 2, 7, 46; 4, 3, 23; Poen. 1, 2, 140; Ter. Ad. 1, 1, 36.

**curro**, ēre, cūcurri, cursum, vb. [fin. sound of revolution; see below], whirl, roll, revolve, first as round a fixed axis, Currite ducentes subtegmina, currite fusi, Catul. 64, 327 etc.; Talia saecula suis dixerunt, currite fusi...Parcae, Verg. B. 4, 46; currente rota cur uereus exit? Hor. ep. 2, 3, 22; Et mea sincero current axe rota, Ov. Pont. 4, 9, 10; Libera currabunt et inobseruata per annum Sidera, E. 3, 1, 11; Postea ad pistoris dabo ut ibi cruciatur curreus, Pl. As. 3, 3, 119; 2. revolve with progressive motion, roll on, esp. as a river, flow, run, amnes in aequora current, Verg. 12, 524; placido currere fluctu, Val. Fl. 1, 205; and met. scimus Ingenii currant flumina quanta tui, Ov. F. 1, 24; 3. met. of time, currit enim ferox aetas, Hor. od. 2, 5, 14; 4. run (as with the feet), Liberos homines per urbem modico magis par est gradu ire: serui esse duco festinantem currere, Pl. Pers. 3, 1, 20; Ne tu opinare, hanc quisquam hodie nostrum currer per uias, 3, 1, 24; qui stadium currit, Cie. off. 3, 42; ad nuros, Liv. 5, 21, 7; ad essedum imperatoris per uiginti passuum milia cucurrit, Suet. Galb. 6; 5. hurry, proceed with haste, no matter by what means, on horseback, in a carriage, boat or ship, non intelligis quattuor ante te cucurrisse? (of chariot races), Cie. din. 2, 144; cucurrit Putoles ut ibi contingeretur, Att. 10, 4, 8; Domiti filius transit ad Formias currens ad matrem Neapolim, 9, 3, 1; nautaeque per omne Audaces mare qui currunt, Hor. s. 1, 1, 30; Vela damus uastumque caua trahe currinus aequor, Verg. 3, 191; 6. of other than living agents or rivers, gelidusque per ima cucurrit Ossa tremor, Verg. 2, 120; nox currit concauo parietum spatio, Plin. 11, 112; 7. in legal lang., run (from), reckon (from), tempus redhibitionis ex die uenditionis currit, Ulp. dig. 21, 1, 19 f.; finito primo mensae pansionis usurae currunt, 26, 7, 6 med.; 8. of words, run, flow, procluius currit oratio, Cie. fin. 5, 28; incomposito dixi pede currere uersus Lucili, Hor. s. 1, 10, 1; Est breuitate opus ut currat sententia, ib. 9; historia currere debet ac ferri, Quint. 9, 4, 18; 9. met. of that wh. is continuous, as a line is said to run, Victori chlamydem auratam quam plurima circum Purpura...cucurrit, Verg. 5, 251; lines per agrum currit, Plin. 18, 326; per hunc medium transuersa currat alia (linea), 18, 331; 10. w. a cognate acc., currit iter tutum, Verg. 5, 862; quam mea debuerit currere cumba uiam, Ov. Pont. 2, 6, 12; 11. and w. acc. of surface traversed, currimus aequor, Verg. 3, 191; 12. hence as a pers. pass., mare nauigatur, campus curritur, Quint. 1, 4, 28; 13. pass. impers., Si quid (fabula) laboriosat, ad me curritur, Ter. Haut. pr. 44; curritur ad praetorium, Cie. Ver. 2, 5, 92; 14. pro. currentem equum, to spur a willing horse, facilius est currentem quod aiunt incitare quam commovere languentem, Cie. or. 2, 186; cur-

rentem ut dicitur incitanti, Phil. 3, 19; festinaui ut Caesarem...ad pacem, currentem ut aiunt, incitare, fam. 15, 15, 3; add Att. 13, 4, 5; addidisti calcaria sponte currenti, Plin. ep. 1, 8, 1; ne tui caritas euocat ut currentem quoque instigem, 3, 7, 15; 15. cur of curro is one w. hir of Dorset, hirn, run, wh. = A. Sax. yrn-an and cur run; also = whirl of whirl-w. again = roll, and Scotch hurl in sense of rolling, as in hurl-barrow, i.e. a wheel-barrow (Jamieson); also E. hurl in the sense of throw (cf. torqueo). Hence also currus a wheel, curruis adj.; 16. but the root appears w. all the vowels, as cardo, ceruus, circus, corona etc.

**currūca**, (curuca, corruca, rruca etc.), ae, m. [?] a cuckold, Tu tibi nunc currūca places fletumque labellis Exsorbes, Iuv. 6, 276.

**currūlis**, e, adj. of a chariot, and so of a race-course, racing, c. strepitus, Front. de fer. Als. ep. 3, p. 229 Naber; rabies, Apul. M. 9, 9; equus, Gloss. Cyr. p. 438 and 640; Gl. Philox. p. 59.

**currus**, ūs, m. [curro revolve; so the reduplicate Sansk. cha-kri or cha-ka a wheel has kar for its root], strictly a wheel, Falefiores memorant currus abscedere membra, Lucr. 3, 642; Stituaque quae currus a tergo torqueat imos, Verg. G. 1, 174; and Val. F. 6, 105; Arte leues currus, arte regendus amor, Ov. a. a. 1, 1, 4 (note that a driver has a special eye to the wheels); uasti quoque reactor Olympi...Non agat hos currus (sc. of the sun), M. 2, 62; Nixus et incurrus (so Schwartz ej.; mss. fixus et in curru BE; fixus et in curui g) trahitur sine curribus ullis Myrtilos: hant totum cernis: non integer ipse In caelum rediet (so Haupt, Herm. 3, 153) pars altera (so THK ej.; mss. dextera) mergitur uulvis, Germ. phaen. 710; 2. hence in pl. of a car or chariot, but only in poets, Nunc ego Triptolemi eueperum conscendere curras, Ov. Tr. 3, 8, 1; si uerbere saeco Palladia stimulet turbatos aegide currus, Lucan. 7, 595; add Val. Fl. 2, 411; 3, 415; 5, 245; 6, 6; and, as corr. by Haupt ib. 213; 1, 68; 3. then as a sing. a car, chariot, Dictator ubi currum insidit (l. insilit) perechitur usque ad oppidum, Naev. com. 707 R; Hectoreum curru quadrigarum raptarier, Enn. tr. 129 V; Sustinet currum ut boni, saepe agitator equosque, poet. ap. Cie. Att. 13, 21; 3. curru quadrigarum uehi, Cie. div. 2, 144; habili Saturnia curru Ingreditur, Ov. M. 2, 531; 4. esp. a triumphal chariot, illa Vestalis patrem triumphante complexa de curru detrabi passa non est, Cie. Cacl. 34; quem ego currum aut quam lauream cum tua laudatione conferem? fam. 15, 6, 1; Sed fulgente trahit constrictos gloria curru, Hor. s. 1, 6, 32; tertius de Pharnace currus et Ponto, Flor. 4, 2, 89; digna res lauro, digna curru senatus uiso, 4, 12 med.; Balbo...curru et iure Quiritium donato, Plin. 5, 36; 5. met. of a ship, uolitantem flamine currum, Catul. 64, 9; 6. currus as gen. pl., quae gratia currum, Verg. 6, 653; 7. curribus as a dat. pl., Ov. a. a. 1, 5; 8. See Key's Essays; and rota.

**cursoritas**, ātis, f. [impl. an adj. cursilis, fm. curro], disposition to run about, Fulg. Myth. 3, 3.

**cursum**, adv. [curro] running, with a run or gallop, at full speed, age currum ad Numisium, Afr. 294 R; nisi ego illum iubeo quadrigis cursum ad carnificem rapi, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 156; cursum agmine acto, Liv. 27, 16, 10; 2. met. in a hurried manner, hastily, Hoc cito et cursum est agendum: propra iam quantum potest, Pl. Poen. 3, 1, 64; ille sensim dicebat quod causae prodesset, tu cursum dicis aliena, Cie. Phil. 2, 42; add or. 2, 364; percussit cursum numerum legionum, Tac. an. 4, 4.

**curso**, ōis, f. running, corpus est ut cursor...actio curso, Var. l. 5, 1.

**cursatitio**, ōis, f. running (of many), sollenni cursatione lacum populus circumit, Solin. 42, 2.

**curso**, āre, vb. frq. [curro] keep running to and fro, or in numbers, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 47; add Hor. od. 4, 11, 10; s. 2, 6, 107; Plin. cp. 6, 5.

**curso**, āre, vb. frq. [id.] same, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 56; Hec. 3, 1, 35; Cie. Rose. Am. 60; sen. 17; Att. 9, 9, 2; Val. Fl. 4, 108.

**cursor**, ōris, m. [id.] one who runs, esp. on a race, as first a foot-race, in stadio cursores exclamant quam maxime possunt, Cic. Tusc. 2, 78; Et quasi cursores utai lampada trahant, Lucr. 2, 78; 2. of an auriga in a chariot-race, Cic. diu. 2, 144; Vt equi cursor frena retentat equi, Ov. Pont. 3, 9, 26; 3. a runner or messenger, commonly a slave, to carry letters etc., actor cantor cursor, Nov. 37 R, cursorem sexta tibi Rufe remisimus hora, Mart. 3, 100, 1; perlatos a cursor codicillos praeripuit, Suet. Ner. 49; add Plin. ep. 7, 12, 6; Alexandri cursor Philonides mille et ducenta stadia nouem diei confecit horis, Plin. 2, 181; 4. esp. a runner before a great man's carriage, quam eueperem Catoni nunc occurrere aliquem ex his diuitibus cursores ante se agentem, Sen. ep. 87, 9; omnes iam sic peregrinantur ut illos agmen eursorum antecedit, 123, 7; Succinetas neque eursor antecedit, Mart. 12, 24, 7; cf. 3, 47, 14; fecisse iter traditur cum Mazacum turba atque eursorum, Suet. Ner. 30; 5. a cognomen, L. Papius Cursor—praecipua pedum pernicietas inerat (erat?) quae cognomen dedit, Liv. 9, 16, 11.

**cursor-ius**, adj. of a runner or course, e. terminus, a technical term for some kind of boundary stone, agrim. p. 241, 9 etc. Lachm.; e. spatula, same, ibid. 240, 5 etc.; 2. cursoria as sb. f. (sc. nauis), an express boat, Sid. ep. 1, 5; 3. cursorium, ii, n. a sort of course stone, agrim. p. 342, 1 and 7 etc.

**cursum-ālis**, e, adj. of a race, rheda, C. Th. 12, 12, 9; equus, 12, 51, 19.

**cursum-a**, ae, f. [cursor] running, racing, Pl. As. 2, 2, 61; Most. 4, 1, 5; equi idonei ad cursum, Varr. r. 2, 7, 15.

**cursum**, ūs, m. [cur of curro revolve] lit. revolution, Quot luna circos annuo in cursu consistit? Att. 100 R; nouem lunae circibus, Cic. N. D. 2, 69; stellarum cursus semperterni, rep. 6, 17; 2. hence running in a more or less circular race course, as the circus, as met.: roseis Aurora quadrigis iam medium aethereo cursu traiecerat axem, Verg. 6, 535; non habet saepe magnum campum cursus animi et industriae mae, Cic. Att. 5, 15, 1; uitae breuem esse cursum, gloriae semperiternum, Sest. 47; in trimato implentes uitae cursum, Plin. 7, 75; 3. common running as w. the feet, tanta erat horum exercitatione celeritas ut iubis eorum subleuati cursum adaequant, Caes. b. g. 1, 48 f.; Quique pedum cursu ualet, Verg. 5, 67; cum effuso cursu insidias supersessent, Liv. 2, 50, 6; add 24, 26, 12; 31, 21, 6; 4. hence cursu alone, almost as an adv., cursu prope omnes ad imperatorem tendere, Liv. 33, 33, 1; strictis gladiis cursu in hostem feruntur, 9, 13, 2; attouita cursu fugit, Sen. Phoen. 433; 5. of travelling by sea or land, a journey, a voyage, nam mihi cursus in Graeciam per tuam prouinciam est, Cic. Att. 10, 4, 10; qui uincunt tantos cursus conficere potuit? Man. 12; unam (insulam) abesse diei cursu, Plin. 4, 94; 6. esp. in navigation, the course by which one makes for a place, Exeuntium cursu et caecis erramus in undis, Verg. 3, 200; neuto intermisso cursum non tenuit, Caes. b. g. 5, 8, 2; equites cursum tenere atque insulam capere non poterant, 4, 26, 5; Hunc cursum Iliacas neuto tenuisse carinas, Verg. 4, 45; and met. quem enim cursum industria mea tenere potuisset sine forensibus causis...? Cic. Phil. 8, 11; teneat cum cursum quem poterit, or, 4; 7. of flight through the air, eursumque per auras Dirigite in lucos, Verg. 6, 194; plumbea saepe Feruida fit glans in cursu, Lucr. 6, 307; 8. of women, cum menstrui cursus steteret, Plin. 11, 230; 9. course (of events), perspicui qui cursus rerum, qui exitus futurus sit, Cic. fam. 4, 2, 3; 10. hence the phrase in cursu est, is in progress, is going on, Dum dolor in cursu est, Ov. Pont. 4, 11, 18; Spes erat in cursu, F. 6, 362; add M. 10, 411; 11. of words, flow, tautus cursus uerborum fuit, Cic. or. 1, 161; 12. c. uocis, the range of the voice, 3, 227; 13. c. publicus, c. uehicularis, the post so to say, i.e. relays first of mounted messengers, then of carriages, for conveyance of governmental news or orders, established by Augustus (Suet. 49), instante Fl. Valeriano agente in reb(us) et p.p. (i.e. praeposito) cursus publici, inscr. Or. 3181 (a. d. 337–353); stabulum ne animalia cursus publici

longi itineris labore diutius deperirent...aedificauit, 3329 (a. d. 379–383); c. uehicularis, Arcad. dig. 50, 4, 18; c. uehicularius, Capitol. Ant. 12.

**Curtius**, ii, m. name of a gens, of wh. M. Curtius was most celebrated, Liv. 7, 6, 3; Varr. l. 5, 32; Fest. v. Curtius; Plin. 15, 78; 2. Q. Curtius Rufus the historian;

3. as adj. C. lacus, Varr. l. 5, 32; Ov. F. 6, 403; 4. C. fons, a spring some 30 miles from Rome on the uia Sublaeensis, wh. supplied the Aqua Claudia, Plin. 36, 122; Suet. Claud. 20; Frontin. aqu. 1, 13 and 14.

**curto**, āre, vb. [curtus] make short, cut short, shorten, dock, Hor. s. 2, 3, 124; Pers. 6, 33; Cels. 7, 9; radices, Pall. 3, 10.

**curtus**, adj. [part of a lost vb. = *κερ* of *κερπυ* (cf. *κρυπτος*) and G. scher-en, E. shear; and so = E. short, G. kurz] shortened, docked, nunc mihi curto ire licet mulo, Hor. s. 1, 6, 104—wh. Schol. curta curta; Qualia nunc curto lastra nouantur equo, Prop. 4, 1, 20, referring to the equus Octaber, whose tail was to be carried w. such speed to the palace of the Pontifex that fresh blood from it might be dropped on the fire, Fest. p. 179; curti Iudaei, Hor. s. 1, 9, 70, as circumcised; si quid tibi curti est sarcire, Cels. 7, 8 f.; 2. of crockery, broken, Lucr. 4, 1020; uasa, Iuv. 3, 271; testa, Mart. 3, 82; tegula, Prop. 4, 7, 22; 3. met. sententia, Cic. fin. 4, 14; res, Hor. od. 3, 24, 64; fides, Iuv. 14, 166; centussis, Pers. 5, 191.

**curuā-lis**, e, adj. [curuo] flexible, ulmus et fraxineus, Pall. 12, 15.

**curuā-mēn**, inis, n. [id.] bend, curvature, curve, Ov. M. 2, 130; Plin. ep. 9, 7; alio caeli curuamine, under another clime, Gell. 14, 1, 10.

**curuātio**, ōnis, f. [id.] bend, curvature, hollow, Colum. 4, 12.

**curuātūra**, ae, f. [id.] same, rotae, Ov. M. 2, 117; absidium, Plin. 2, 72; ungulum, 10, 42; tribulati hemicycli schematis minore curuatura formatum, Vitr. 5, 1 f.

**curui-pes** = *αγκυλοποδς*, Gloss.

**curuītas**, ātis, f. [curuus] bend, curve, curvature, Macr. s. 8, 1, 15.

**curū-lis**, (rarely *curulis*\*) e, adj. [curuus, w. vowel shortened before accented penult], as in molestus, lucerna, laterna, mamilla) of a chariot—hence sella c. the chair of state on which the so-called curule magistrates sat in their state carriage, and wh. was thence removed for official use, curules\* magistratus appellati sunt, quia curru uehebantur, Fest. p. 49; senatores dicit (Gaius Bassus) in ueterum aetate qui curulem magistratum gessissent, curru solitis honoris gratia in curiam uehi in quo curru sella esset supra quam considerent, quae ob eam causam curulis\* appellaretur, Gell. 3, 18; Prius in capulo quam in curuli sella suspendens natis, Nov. 76 R; 2. it was ornamented w. ivory: Signa quoque in sella nossem formata curuli, Et totum Numidae sculptis dentis opus, Ov. Pont. 4, 9, 27; Cuiuslibet hic fascis dabit eripietque curule Cui uolet importunus ebur, Hor. ep. 1, 6, 53; et tua Romae Praecessit nostrum sella curulis ebur, Auson. ep. 2, 3; 3. curules equi, the horses supplied by the state for triumphs and perh. for curule magistrates, c. equi quadrigales, Fest. p. 49; quum censores se locationibus abstinerent...curulum eorum praebendorum, Liv. 24, 18, 10; 4. c. triumphus, as opposed to a mere ovation, Suet. Aug. 22; 5. curules Indi or Cirenseis, so called from the chariot races, Min. F. Oct. 37 f.; 6. c. luno, a title of Juno at Tibur, as riding in a chariot, Serv. ad Verg. 1, 17 (hic currus fuit); 7. c. uirga, the staff wh. an imperator carried into the senate house, Schol. Crug. ad Hor. ep. 1, 6, 53; 8. c. magistratus, an officer entitled to a sella c., as consul, praetor, censor, or curule aedile.

**curuo**, āre, vb. [curuus] make crooked, bend, Cic. N. D. 1, 24; Verg. G. 4, 299; Ov. M. 2, 199; Plin. 16, 223; Hadriae curuantis Calabros sinns (hollowing out), Hor. od. 1, 33, 15; 2. met. bend (as by prayer), Hor. od. 3, 10, 13.

**curu-or**, ōris, m. [curuo vb.] bending, Varr. l. 5, 21 and 6, 3.

**curuus**, adj. [cur of curro revolve] bent, curved, arched,

littus, Att. 569; Verg. 3, 238; falk, G. 1, 508; aratrum, 1, 170; unguis, Hor. epod. 5, 93; lyra, od. 3, 28, 11; aequora, Lucan. 5, 459, i.e. more or less ruffled, as opposed to a frozen surface; aequor, Ov. M. 11, 505 of a violent storm; 2. curium, 1, as sb. n. the crooked, as opposed to the straight, curvo dignoscere rectum, Hor. cp. 2, 2, 44. **cuscūlum**, 1, n. [?] a sort of coelual insect, Plin. 16, 32.

**cūsio**, ōnis, f. [endo] coining, Th. C. 11, 16, 18. **cūsio**, are, vb. frq. [id.] ap. Prisc. 10, 890. **cusor**, ōris, m. [id.] a coiner, cod. Iust. 10, 64. **cuspīdātum**, adv. [cuspido] to a point, decisus, Plin. 17, 102.

**cuspīd-o**, āre, vb. [cuspis] point (w. metal etc.) stimulate uallo, Plin. 18, 179; hastilia, 11, 126.

**cuspis**, idis, f. [?] a point, of a beam, Caes. b.g. 2, 2; of a thyrsus, Catul. 64, 256; of a centus, Verg. 5, 208; of a spear, 11, 40 and 12, 586; of a reed, Ov. M. 4, 299; of Neptune's trident, 12, 580; of a stick, Plin. 36, 127; of a plough, 18, 172; of a bee's sting, 21, 78; of a spit, Mart. 14, 221; 2. a sharp-pointed earthenware pipe in vine culture, Varr. r. 1, 8.

**cussiliris**? cussilirem pro ignauo dicebant antiqui, Fest. 102.

**custōs**, ōdis, m. and f. [cust-od-] of wh. cust = ost a door w. exer. t; cf. ost-ium and ostēon beside os ossis, ōd = mid of mid-to and op of ὄρω, cf. πύλ-υρος, πύλ-υρος, θυρ-υρος φύρουρος, for φύρ-υρος [of wh. φύρ = Lat. for of fores, also = θυρ of θυρα—for interchange of r and d see d] strictly door-keeper, gate-keeper, Anas hie solē cubitare custos iantrix, Pl. Cure. 1, 1, 76; festinae fores...Excusitate uostram huc custodem mihi, 1, 1, 91; quotiens custodes posuit ne limen intrares? Cic. Phil. 2, 45; 2. hence in n. lang. a sentinel, a guard, Mior qui ex Piraea abiit: nam ibi custos publicest nunc, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 59; interfectis custodibus pecuniam atque equos inter se partiti sunt, Caes. b. g. 7, 55, 5; cum uigiliis custodibusque nostris colloquitur, b. c. 1, 22, 1; reliquos (coniuoratos) cum custodibus in aedem concordiae unire iubet, Sal. Cat. 46; custos in (so) mss; but 7) frumento publico est positus, Cic. Flac. 45; nullus est portis custos, Cat. 2, 27; 3. gen. one set to watch, a watch, custodis officia—caueat quam minimum in torcularium et in cellam introeat, Cato r. 66 (67), 1; add 144, 1; add Aec. 386 R; Argus...Quem quondam Ioni Iuno custodem addidit?, Pl. Aul. 3, 6, 20; add Capt. 2, 3, 34 and 97; Etiamnum tu hie stas Parmeno? numnam hie relictu 's custos? Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 55; custodem Tullio me apponite, Cic. Caecil. 51; greges, Verg. B. 10, 36;

4. esp. one placed to watch a young man, At erum seruauit...Quoi me custodem addiderat? erus maior meus, Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 50; qui olim a puero paruulo Mihi paedagogus fuerat, quasi uti mihi foret Custos, Mere. pr. 91; Bone custos salne, salne columen familiae, Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 57; Imberbis iuuenis tandem custode remoto Gaudet equis...Hor. ep. 2, 2, 161; add s. 1, 6, 81; 5. met., Qualem te patriae custodem di genuerunt, Enn. an. 116 V; senatum rei publicae custodem, Cic. Sest. 137; pro di immortalis, custodes huius urbis, 53; custodem ae nindiem cupiditatum, agr. 2, 24; custode rerum Caesare, Hor. od. 4, 15, 17; numquam custodibus illis (sc. canibus)...furem...horrebis, Verg. G. 3, 406; so: nunc ut de mutis custodibus loquar, Colum. 7, 12, 1; eburnea Tulumus custos (a quiver), Ov. M. 8, 321; custodem turis acerrum, 13, 703; 6. esp. in vine-culture, a shoot reserved against accidents for coming year, unus infra eam custos erit submitendus qui utem mox in annum renouet, Colum. 4, 23, 3; add 4, 21, 3; arbor. 5, 1; 7. to exx. of custodem addere in §§ 3, 4,

marked \*, adl Pl. Mil. 2, 1, 68; 2, 2, 27 and 34; 2, 6, 69;

8. the constellation Arethophylax, Vitr. 9, 6, 1; 9. an epithet of Iuppiter etc., excitauit aedem in Capitolio Custodi Ioui, Suet. Dom. 5; Ioui custodi sacrum M. Aemilius Flaccus, inser. Or. 1227; add 1682; 3726; I. O. M. et Marti Custodi P. Heluius Pertinax, 5490; Siluano Custodi Papirii, 5743.

**cýenus**, (cygnus), old Lat. forms cūcinus and cēinus, i, m. [κύων] swan, (often spoken of as a powerful and sweet songster), ut cygni qui non sine causa Apollini dicati sint sed quod ab eo diuinationem habere uideantur qua prouident quid in morte boni sit cum cantu et uoluptate moriantur..., Cic. Tusc. 1, 73; but cf. Plin. 10, 63; cygnis descendere tempus Duxerunt collo qui iuga nostra (sc. of Venus etc.) suo, Ov. a.a. 3, 809; Vare tuum nomen...Cantantes sublimē ferent ad sidera cygni, Verg. eel. 9, 29; Pieri...O mutis quoque pisibus Donatūra cýeni si libeat sonum, Hor. od. 4, 3, 20; short also in Auson. ep. 20, 18; met. Multa Diracum leuat aura cyenum (sc. Pindarum), Hor. od. 4, 2, 25; 2. prov. quid enim contendat hirundo Cyenis, Lucr. 3, 7; Certent et cyenis ululae, Verg. eel. 8, 55;

3. in fable, a king of Liguria changed to a swan, Ov. M. 2, 367; fit nona Cyenis auis, 2, 377; add Hyg. Ast. 3, 7;

4. cēinus ollo, Gloss. Hild. 52; ollo cēinus, 227;

5. of a king so called, Barbatum tremulum Titonum (Titannum miss) Cuelino qui cluet (luet mss of Prisc. 1, 216, 15 K), Pl. Men. 5, 2, 101, wh. Ritschl Op. 2, 478 to save metre reads Cuelino for Cygno of mss: as he also reads Varro in cucino (mss cynico), Prisc. 1, 376 K; 6. cucun-us prob. the truer form, redupl., like cucumis encurbia cecinea, from a root eum, wh. = our swan, much as can of canes (κύων κυν-ος) = S. swan.

**Cýthēra**, ae, f. Cýthēra\*, orum, n. pl. [Κύθηρα n. pl. in Od. 1, 80;] is an island off Laconia sacred to Venus, now Cerigo and town on it, super alia Cýthēra\*, Verg. 1, 680; add 10, 51; et Veneris sacra Cýthēra\* petit, Ov. F. 4, 286; add am, 2, 17, 41; in Laconice (sinu) Cýthēra cum oppido, antea Porphyris appellata, Plin. 4, 56; Aeglea vs (m.p.), a Cýthēra, 4, 57; in Myrtos Cýthēra contra Maleam, Mel. 2, 7, 90; Gradiun ab Hebro Idaliun furto subit ant dilecta Cýthēra\*, Val. F. S. 229.

**Cýthēra**, adj. f. [Κυθηραία] of Cýthēra, an epithet of Venus, iam Cýthēra choros ducit Venus, Hor. od. 1, 4, 5;

2. as a sb. the goddess of Cýthēra, Venus, Inuocat Hippomenes Cýthēraeque comprecor ausis Assit ait nostris, Ov. M. 10, 640; add Prop. 2, 14, 25.

**Cýthēraias**, ādis, adj. f. [Κυθηραία] of Cýthēra or Venus, Cýthēraiadque columbas, Ov. M. 15, 386.

**Cýthēra**, idis, adj. f. [Κυθηραία] the same, diua Cýthēra natus, Ov. M. 4, 288.

**Cýthēraias**, adj. [Κυθηραία] of the island Cýthēra, Ithora, Ov. M. 10, 529; 2. of Cýthēra or Venus, heros (sc. Aeneas), 4, 625; mensis (sc. April as sacred to her), Ov. F. 4, 195; ignis (sc. of the evening star or Venus), Sil. 12, 247; proles (sc. Hermione, d. of Venus), Stat. Th. 4, 554; Vesper, Auson. id. 8, 26.

**Cýthēraicus**, adj. [Κυθηραϊκος] of Cýthēra, aquae, Ov. her. 7, 60; 2. of Venus, as the goddess of Cýthēra, myrtus, Ov. F. 4, 15; columbae, Nero Caesar ap. Sen. n.g. 1, 5, 6; conchae, Mart. 2, 47, 2; Cypros, 8, 45, 7; nectar, 14, 207, 1.

**Cýthēra**, idis [Κυθηραία] of Venus, a cognomen, as of a freedwoman, infra Entrapelum Cýthēra accubuit, Cic. fam. 9, 26, 2; add Att. 10, 10, 5; Cýthēra Cýthēris, inser. Grut. 766, 3; Rusticella M. 1. Cýthēris, 992, 3.

**Cýthērianus**, adj. of Cýthēra or Venus, a nickname for Antonius from his mistress Cýthēris, Cic. Att. 15, 22.

## D.

**D**, the 4th letter of the Latin alphabet, corresponding to Gk. Δ and Hebrew daleth, the thick mute of the dental series, formed from the Greek by rounding the two strokes on the right; **2.** often excrement from an r, as in cor cordis, cardo (card-on) a hinge, cord-a a string, from a minuetic base car or cor revolve, twist, whence corona etc., card-uus a thistle, from car-o card (wool)—itself having an ex. d. ard-ea beside her-on; ord-o a trench beside ard arow and ap-ur-u; **3.** so too as r and l are convertible; mordeo w. ex. d. beside molo crush, grind; arduus and ardeo beside alo; sordes beside solum; obsordesco beside obsolesco; **4.** ex. d. from n, tendo beside tenco and tenna, mando and prehendo beside E. hand and L. manus; mendax inventive beside men of mens, memini, *μεμνη*; ind-e down from in; ind-e thence from pron. is (base in)—cf. ex. d. of *evb-er*, of *περθ-ος*; und-e fm. base (eun of relative); **5.** ex. d. from b, just as t from p (*πτολις* *ποτολιος*) so that a b seems to pass into d, thus *παβδος* for *παβ-ος* from *αβ-ος*, is in Lat. *radix* (cf. *ῥιζοσ* *ῥιτα* and E. *seven*);

**6.** ex. d. fm. g, the forms altitudo, formido, dulcedo etc. seem to have had orig. suffixes identical with those of *vesperugo*, *imago*, the g first throwing out an ex. d. and the g then vanishing, as if they had been altitudo etc.;

**7.** interch. w. r, ar prep., ar of aruit, arrena etc., audio and auris, apor apud, merides for medidies;

**8.** hence often corresponds to a Gk. ρ, caducuss *κρηκτιον*; eust-ος (eust-od-) *θυρ-ωρος*, video *ῥαω* (*ειδω*); **9.** esp. in Oscan dialect, Ladinai (=*Larini*). CIL 24, add 506;

**10.** interch. w. l as in odor and prob. odium beside olet; kadamatis beside calamitas; names in idius beside names in ilius, prob. patronymies, by addition of filius with its f lost, Ovidius beside Ovius, Longidius CIL 719 and 1177 beside Longus; cf. Lucilius Lucius, Serullius Seruius etc.; see 1; **11.** interch. w. n as in prep. ad up=*av* of *ava*; prep. ad to=*G. an*, and thence w. ex. t ant-id and ant-e; extrad intrad, prob. comm. forms for extrau intran, cf. extran-ens interan-ens; id for in, stem of is ea id; quod for quon or rather con, stem of relative; cf. uad of uado beside *βav* of *βαυω*—this change prob. due to an ex. d. out of n, as in Ital. and-are (for vandare, cf. G. wand-ellu, wand-ern);

**12.** as a final interch. w. t, sed set; illud or illut, fecid (=fecit), CIL 54; quod (=quot), 1016; **13.** before s d is dropped, at times assimilated, as in the nom. *nās w. nadis*; herēs, lapis, custos, incūs, so in perf. *inuasi, cessi, risi, rosi, lusi*; while in the perf. part. dt gives place to ss or s alone, caesus, scissus, fossus; **14.** d between vowels, the first being short, seems to have been dropped at times in pron., so that modo (alike abl. and so-called adv.), uidet, studet etc. became for the time monos. Eodem modo seruum ratem esse, amantē ore necum censeo, Pl. Aut. 4, 1, 11; add Ps. 1, 5, 156; Trin. 3, 1, 1; hence the adv. is shortened at times in writing to mo; Si erum uidet superare amorem, hoc serui esse officium reor, Pl. Aut. 4, 1, 7; add Cure. 1, 3, 14; Turp. 195 R; studet par referre, praesens absensque idem erit, Ter. Ad. 1, 1, 48; add Ad. 5, 2; **15.** D Lat. becomes t in Eng., z in Germ., cor cord-is, heart, herz; dens =tooth, zahñ; decem =ten, zehn; domo =tame, zahnen; duco =tug or tow, ziehen; duo =two, zwei; sometimes ss in Germ., sudor =sweat, schweiss; ped =foot, fuss; od-i =hate, hassen; id =it; es; quod =what, was; ed-o =eat, essen; uideo =wit or wot, wissen;

**III 16.** d between vowels, often lost in Romance lang., as Fr. cadere choir, claudere clure, medulla moelle, uidere voir, Melodunum Melun, Cadurci Quercy, Rhodanus, Rhône; in Span. index juez, rodere roer, fidelis fiel, cadere caer; sometimes in Ital., nado vo, Padus Po; and in poet., credo creo, uideo veo, gaudere gioire; in Port. the d at times gives place to a v after ou, as laudare louvar, audire ouvir; **17.** di (de) before a vowel disappears fm. Fr., hodie aujourd'hui, gaudium joie, inuidia envie, dimidius demi, gladiolus glayel;

or gives place to a palatal ch or g, iudicare (iudare) juger, uindicare venger, medicare prêcher; in Ital. gives place to z or zz or gg, medius mezzo, prandium prauzo, radius razzo, hordeum orzo, hodie oggi; **18.** at times in Ital. through the previous insertion of an anomalous i, two forms coexist, as ardeute arzente, pendolo penzolo, verdura verzura; **19.** a Lat. d at times becomes an l in Ital. caducus caluco, cicada cicala, hedera ellera; and in Span. canda cola (cf. Lat. adulari), scheda esquila, homicidium homecillo, Aegidius Gil (E. Giles); **20.** at times =n in Ital., perdx penice, lampad =lampada or lampane; **21.** also =r, medulla, mirolla, and Neap. rurece (for dodici i.e. duodecim); **22.** in Span. d at times gives place to g, delphinus dolfin or golphin; **23.** dr losing its d becomes tr or r; as quadra Fr. equerre, quadraginta quarante, quadragesima carême; so Carrara the town represents, says Pott, a lost Quadraria, Fr. carrière, quarry; **24.** end of Latin often drops the ex. d. as Fr. en fm. inde, prenons fm. prehendum; Sp. fonil fm. fundibulum, manar fm. mandare; Ital. vergogna fm. uerecundia; **IV 25.** abbrev., a praenomen =Decimus; D. Silanus, on a coin, CIL 412; D. Aemilius, 824; =decretum, ex d. ordinis, inser. Or. 1571; =de, as D.S.P. i.e. de sua pecunia, CIL 1037; D.D.S. de decurionum sententia, 1216; =decurio, D.C. decurionum consulto, 620; =decuria, D. Poetili(i), inser. Or. 3572; =domo, L. Valerius L. f. Marinus Tol(osensis) D., 3551; add 4439; =dat, D. L(uhens) M(erito), CIL 1287; =donum, Laribus D. D(anti), CIL 602; =deus or diuus, D(eo) Saturno, inser. Or. 481; D.I.M. deo inuicito Mithrae, 495; D.M. monumentum, i.e. dis manibus, 2321; D.T. dum taxat, CIL 1418, 17; D.N. dominus nostri, inser. Or. 16; D.V.=duo viri, CIL 1250; add inser. Or. 6215 and 7137; is H.S. x municipibus eius municipi D.D. esto, i.e. dare damnas esto, inser. Or. Henz. 7421 b. S.

**Dāma**, ae, m. [for *Δμας*, abbr. fm. *Δμητριος*, as Mena *Μηνας* fm. *Μηροδωρος*] name among Romans of a Greek slave, Dama Velti Pr. Sieruos, CIL 602, 7; Tunc Syri Damae aut Dionysii filius audes...? Hor. s. 1, 6, 38; Vtne tegam spurco Damae latus? 2, 5, 18; Romanoque habitu prodis ex iudice Dama Turpis, 2, 7, 54; momento turbinis prodis Marcus Dama, Pers. 5, 79; **2.** as a gen. term of contempt, idem res dicebat omnium sordidissimas acetum et puleum et Damam et Philotem, Sen. (so says Turneb. adv. 6, 4).

**damma**, (dama), ae, m\*, f. [poss. akin to *δαμ-αλες*; but not to *δαμαω*] fallow-deer or antelope, buck or doe, Cum canibus timidi\* uenient ad pœula dammae (dammae P), Verg. B. S. 28; timidi\* dammae, G. 3, 539; tum figere dammas, 1, 308; pauidae natarunt Acyqora dammae (damae Or.), Hor. od. 1, 2, 12; cornua...rupicapris in dorsum adunca, dammas in aduersum, Plin. 11, 124; Aut impedit cassibus refert dammam, Mart. 3, 58, 28; aut timidas passus me cuspidē damas Sternere, Stat. Ach. 1, 408; quod decentior (sit cutis) damas, Sen. ben. 2, 29, 1; damna, not dama, Not. Tit. Pr. 175.

**damnas**, [damnum] used only in nom. in the phrases dare d. esto and d. sunto, shall be liable (to pay...), is in tr(itici) m(odios) I (i.e. singulos) I.O.O. populo dare damnas esto, CIL 206, 19; is populo Romano HS centum milia dare damnas esto, a S.C. ap. Frontin. 2, 129; add Gal. dig. 9, 2, 2; Quint. 7, 9, 9; inser. Or. 4425 and 4428; **2.** also in pl. dare damnas suntu, Paul. dig. 30, 122, 1; Scaev. 32, 34, 1; **3.** at times abor. to D.D.E., CIL 106, 97 and 107; **4.** also w. dare understood, si quis maiorem pecum numerum habuerit, tantum damnas esto, Cato orig. 24, 12.

**damnum**, (less correctly *dampnum*), *i*, *n*. [for *dapnum* from a lost vb. *dap* = *dar* of *δαρνω* tear, whence *δαρνω* outgoing; hence too *dapino*, *dapsilis* and prob. *dap-es*], for change of *p* to *m* before *n*, cf. *somnus*, *omnis*, *amnis*, so too *m* for *b* in *scammum* with *scabellum* in *σεβανος* from *σεβανος*, *ερεβνος* = *ερεβνος*; *amnis* compared with *S. ap* water, and *E. Avon*, *Damnoni* Devon; and *Swed. lemna* to leave, *remna* to rise, *hamn* haven, *jamm* even, and *Phil. S. Tr.* 1688—9 p. 265; not as *Ritschl*, opusc. 2, 709, says, a present passive part. *n*. from *dar*, nor from *deminutio* as *Paul. dig.* 39, 2, 3 says; nor from *demptio* as *Varr.* 1, 5, 36, p. 176 Sp.; loss, damage, outgoing, cost, expense, *Non miror siquid damni facis* ut *flagitii*, *Pl. Merc.* 4, 4, 44; so w. *facere*\*, *Bac.* 4, 9, 109; *Merc.* 2, 1, 13; 2, 3, 83; *Capt.* 2, 2, 77; *Ps.* 1, 5, 25; *damnum illius interitu* *Latinae litterae fecerunt*, *Cic. Brut.* 125; *magnum damnum factum* est in *Servio*, *fam.* 10, 28, 3; *damnum dabis*†, *Pl. Cist.* 1, 1, 108; *ne mihi damnum in Epidauru duit*†, *Men.* 2, 1, 42; *si quid emtor*, *domino damni dederit*†, *Cato R.* 149, 2; *damnum quod Mercurius minime amat*, *Pl. Poen.* 1, 2, 114; *qua de re quisque damnei infestis respulanti* *nolet*, *Cil.* 205, 1, 7; *seiquid interim damni datum* *factumne* *erit*, *ib.* 13; *Ne ille haut scit hoc paulum lueri quantum ei damnum* (so *A.* *damni*) *adportet*, *Ter. Haut.* 4, 4, 25; *si in maximis lucris paulum aliquid damni contraxerit*, *Cic. fin.* 5, 91; 2. esp. of losses in war, exercitum duarum cohortium *damnum* *reducit*, *Caes. b. g.* 6, 44, 1; *Samnitium duobus earpi parvis quotidie damnis vires suae uidebantur*, *Liv.* 9, 27, 6; *ad supplenda exercitus damna*, *Tac. an.* 1, 71; 3. of other losses or defects, *Damna tamen celeres reparant caelestia lunae*, *Hor.* od. 4, 7, 13; *quia infaciendum sit et lingua impromptus, quod naturae damnum*..., *Liv.* 7, 4, 6; 4. a pecuniary fine, *eos morte exilio uinculis damno coercent*, *Cic. off.* 3, 23; 5. d. *facere*, make or sustain a loss, see \* above; 6. d. *dar*, cause a loss (to another), see \*; 7. *damnum infectum*, damage not yet done but feared, see *CIL* above, *damnum infectum* est *damnum nondum factum*, *quod futurum* *ueremur*, *Gai. dig.* 39, 2, 2; *dum ob eas res damni infecti iuratio promittitur*, *inscr. Or. Henz.* 6428; 8. *damnum* and its deriv. without a *p* always in *CIL* vol. 1; also in palimpsests of *Pl.* and *Demb.* of *Tenence*, as *Bac.* 2, 1, 39; *True.* 2, 1, 17; 2, 2, 49 and 5, 38; *Haut.* 4, 1, 15; 4, 4, 25; *Ad.* 2, 2, 23; 9. = *Ital. danno* and *A. S. dem*, *g. demmes*.

**dāp-ālis**, *e*, adj. [*daps*], of a sacrificial banquet in honour of *Jupiter*, *d. cena*, *Titin.* 136 R; *non Saliare epulum, non cena dapalis*, *Auson.* ep. 9, 13; 2. hence a title of *Jupiter*, *Ioui dapali culigum uini pollucto*, *Cato R.* 132.

**dāpāticus**, adj. *magnificēt* [ult. from *daps*], (of a banquet); *adv.* *dapaticē*, *magnificētē*, *dapaticē* *se acceptos diebant antiqui significantes magnificē*, et *dapaticum negotium amplum et magnificum*, *Paul. ex F. v. daps*.

**dāpī-fer**, *i*, adj. or *sb.* *m.* food-bearing or -bearer, an officer in the household of an *empress*, *inscr. Murat.* 915, 3; *dapifer* = *στροφωρος*, *Gloss. Philox.*

**dāpīno**, *āre*, *vb.* [from a *sb.* = *δāpārw*] *be at the cost of*, supply, *Aeternum tibi dapinabo nictum* (nictum in omnibus *fer* nostris libris, says *Lamb.* who substitutes *cibum* for *metre* [?]), *si uera autumnas*, *Pl. Capt.* 4, 2, 117. *Fore.* writes *dapino* (!) and *Fleckeisen* *dāpīnabo* (!).

**dāpis**, *dāp-is*, *f.* [prob. from *ed-v.* *ap* = *ae*, a *dim.* suff.]; less prob. akin to *δαπνω* and *δαπ-ανη* food, *esp.* a sacrificial banquet to *Jupiter* (cf. *dapalis*) and other gods, *ubi daps profanata comestaque erit uerno arare incipito*, *Cato R.* 50; *dapam* pro *hubus* *piro* *fiorenti* *facto* and so on, *131, 132*; *quae haec daps est, qui festus dies?* *Pl. Andr.* ap. *Prisc.* 1, 321, 6 K; *euenit ut...* *Piuarri*, *extis adedis*, *ad ceteram nonerent dapem*, *Liv.* 1, 7, 13; *ipsunquē uocamus* *in partem praedamque* *ioem*, *dāpibusque epulamur opimis*, *Verg.* 3, 224, where *Serv.*: *quod dapes dorum sunt*; *Sollemnis tum fortē dāpes et tristia dona...* *Libabāt cineri*, *Verg.* 3, 301; *dapibus supreni Grata testudo* *Iouis*, *Hor.*

od. 1, 32, 13; *tune Saliaribus Ornare puluinar deorum* *Tempus erat* *dapibus sodales*, 1, 37, 4; *add* 2, 7, 17; *Ilia deo sciet agrieolae pro uitibus uiam* *Pro segete spicas pro grege ferre dapem*, *Tib.* 1, 5, 28; *Celebrantque dapes uicinia simplex* *Et cantant laudes Ternoine sancte tuas*, *Ov. P.* 2, 657; *Nec Capitolinae pontificumque dapes*, *Mart.* 12, 48, 12; *daps apud antiquos diebatur res diuina quae fiebat aut hiberna sementi aut uerna*, *Paul. ex F. s. v.*; *Iupiter cenat magnisque implendus est dapibus*, *Arnob.* 7, 32; 2. hence of great banquets, *Centum aliae* (sc. *famulae*) *totidemque pares actate ministri qui dapibus mensas onerant*, *Verg.* 1, 706; *Non Siculae dapes Dulem elaborabunt saporem*, *Hor.* od. 3, 1, 18; *add* *epod.* 9, 1; *Ad natalicias dapes uocabat*, *Mart.* 7, 86, 1; 3. in poets more freely, food, *Cape hanc eadum Liberi mollem dapem*, *Varr.* s. 206, 4 R; *Nunc in dracones Egit arum dapis atque pugnae*, *Hor.* od. 4, 12; *an malas Candida traetauit dapes*, *epod.* 3, 8; *add* 2, 48, 5; 5, 33, 18, 14; s. 2, 6, 67, 88 and 108; *A. P.* 198; 4. met. *saturis auribus scholiae dape*, *Varr.* s. 129, 8 R; *humanas dapes ad hoc* (sc. *stercorandum*) *imprimis aduocant* (for *Tellus* as a goddess), *Plin.* 17, 51.

**dapsilis**, *e*, (*dapsilis*? *laptilis*?) adj. [*a* vb. = *δαπνω* or *lappo*, cf. *lae-ore* and *dapino*], *costly*, *corollas Diti dapsilis*, *Pl. Ps.* 5, 1, 22; *erili filio Largitus dictis dapsilis*\*, 1, 4, 3; *Nihil hoc quidemst Tringita minae praquam alios dapsilis sumptus facit*, *Most.* 4, 2, 66; *dotis d.*, *Aul.* 2, 1, 45; *lectus dapsilis* (*laptiles* for *laptilis*† *BCD*), *True.* 1, 1, 34.

**daras**, *as* future of *dāre* [= *dare habes*, as in *Romance* *langg.*] *thou shalt give*, *enī ille*, *non inquam, dabo*†. *Ad haec Iustinianus respondit* *'daras'*, *Aimoin* II v.; cf. *Span.* *Port. daras*, *Prov. daras*. See *Schuchardt* *Vokalismus*, *Vol.* 2, p. 511.

**de**, (*deep*, from *inde* down (wh. see), and so from *prep.* *in*; *inde* prob. from *ind-is* a comp. of *in* w. *ex*, *d.*, like *mage* for *magis*, *pote* for *potius* prep. w. *abl.* down, *si de caelo uilla taceat*, *Cato R.* 14, 3; *Vui ille abiit*, *ego me deorsum duco de arbore*, *Pl. Aul.* 4, 8, 8; *Standum in lecto si quid de summo petas*, *Men.* 1, 1, 27; *Hectoris natum de Troiano* — *Muro iactari*, *Enn.* ap. *Varr.* 1, 1, 10, 3 p. 583 Sp.; *praeda de manibus Ennais* (al. *amissa*), *Cic. Verr.* 2, 4, 44; *de caelo multa fiebant*, *div.* 1, 93; *ruunt de montibus amues*, *Verg.* 4, 164; *in mediis de summis aribus hostes Mittite*, *Ov. F.* 6, 1387; *Dēque uiri collo dulce pendunt onus*, 2, 760; 2. esp. of leaving a country by sea, *de prouinciae decessit* (sc. *Sicilia*), *Cic. Verr.* 2, 2, 48; 3. where the agent is on higher ground, and so esp. w. *vbs.* of seeing, *palam de sella ae tribunali pronuntiāt...*, *Cic. Verr.* 2, 2, 94; *haec agebantur in conuentu uacum de sella ae de loco superiore*, 2, 4, 85; *quem ad se uocari et de tribunali citari iussit*, 2, 5, 16; *de tegulis...* *inspectant...* *Philocomasium atque hospitem Oculantis*, *Pl. Mil.* 2, 2, 17; *qui moenia prospiciat urbis Tarpeia de rupe*, *Lucan.* 1, 196; *add* 3, 88; *frustra de colle Lyceni Anxia prospectas*, *Stat.* 9, 895; *ex hac piscari humumque de cubiculo ae paene citius de lectulo ut ae nancula facere*, *Plin.* ep. 9, 7, 4; 4. esp. w. *vbs.* compounded w. *de*, *Deiō de lecto praecipis*, *Pl. Cas.* 5, 2, 50; *Ego hinc araneas de foribus deiicam et de pariete*, *St.* 2, 2, 31; *de muro se deiicerunt*, *Caes. b. e.* 1, 18, 3; *non de caelo demissos*, *Liv.* 10, 8, 10; 5. without clear notion of descent, from, *doloris medicamenta illa tamquam de nartheo proment*, *Cic. fin.* 2, 22; *qui de conuiuiis auferantur*, 2, 23; *quam mel de fauis ferit exemptum*, *Colum.* 12, 11, 1; 6. *any* even though the act is rather one of elevation, *duo parietes de eadem fidelia dealbare*, *Curius ad Cic. fam.* 7, 29 f.; *magno de flumine malum* *Quam ex hoc fonticulo tantundem sumere*, *Hor.* s. 1, 1, 55; *De nullo gelidae fonte bibantur aquae*, *Ov. F.* 2, 264; *Et magis adducto pomum decerpere ramo* *Quam de caelata sumere lauce iuuat*, *Pont.* 3, 5, 20; *Membraque de dura tix sua tollit humo*, *F.* 2, 354; *De quorum per me uoluerit surgit homines*, 5, 228; *subita de cineribus flamma prodibat*, *Flor.* 2, 15, 15 (13, 15); *proscribere*



palam se accipimus, claris litteris unde de plano recte legi possit, Ulp. dig. 14, 3, 11, 3; **7.** hence gen. of source, as first w. verbs of buying etc., de domino bono colono bonoque aedificatore melius emetur, Cato r. 1, 4; de vicino hoc proximo Tuus emit aedis filius, Pl. Most. 3, 1, 139; Mercatus te hodie est de lenone Apocides? Epid. 3, 4, 59; add Capt. prol. 34; ibi agrum de nostro patre Colegium habebat, Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 17; redemptor qui colummam illam de Cottia et [de] Torquato conduxerat faciendam..., Cic. div. 2, 47; fundum mercatus est de Meculonio, Flac. 46; quod de Crasso domum emissem, fam. 5, 6, 2; de his rebus quas mancipio accepisse de Varro diceret, Att. 1, 1, 3;

**8.** w. vbs. of earning, deserving, ut meritus de me, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 57; add Mil. 4, 2, 77; ita promeruit de me, Men. 5, 9, 8; Quia de me erat optime meritis, Cic. Att. 7, 1, 2; ita se de populo Romano meritis esse, Caes. b. g. 1, 11, 3; **9.** of parentage, alike of father and mother, as first of father, Vel quod erat de me felicitur Iulia mater, Ov. F. 3, 233; Illa cum Lauso de Numinato sati, 4, 54; Si memor es de quo mihi sit Proserpina nata, 4, 587; etiam de Cleopatra liberis inter heredes nuncupatis, Suet. Aug. 17;

**10.** w. vbs. of knowledge, esp. quaero, discio, audio, coepit me obscurare Vt sibi liceret discere id de me; seetari iussi, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 31 (Cic. and Caes. ab, Verg. ex), de Pompeio quaerunt quid sentiret, Cic. Att. 1, 14, 2; add div. 1, 49; Deiot. 42 (also ex in Cic. as Acad. 2, 11); audiui hoc de parente meo puer, Balb. 11; add Att. 1, 11, 2; fam. 11, 12, 2; rep. 2, 25; or. 3, 133, (also ex in Acad. 2, 11); **11.** in late writers w. peto, posco, contendo, impetro, of favours asked, peto de te uxor carissima uti..., Papin. dig. 36, 1, 59 (57), 2; peti de te Venus medicum de tua mittas ei forisitate, Apul. M. 6, 16 (p. 179); poscit de Ioue uti..., Mart. Cap. 2, 47 (217); de me magno pete contenti apud eam cenulae eius interesse, Apul. M. 2, 18; de marito impetrare non poterat uti..., epit. Liv. 51; **12.** often of the source of expenditure, money etc. out of, M. Minatius M. f. (Pom.) Sabinus turrem de sua pecunia murum de pecunia conlata faciund. coeranit, CIL 1259; De decuma nictor tibi Lucius Nummius domum, 542, 5; de te largitor puer, Ter. Ad. 5, 8, 17; de eodem eloqui et opera exarant nescio quid ad te, Cic. Att. 13, 38, 1; Sed iam de netito quicquid parabat opes, Ov. F. 5, 282;

**13.** esp. with neut. abl. of possessive add, Ego opsonabo; nam id flagitium sit mea te gratia Et operam dare mihi et ad eam operam facere sumpsum de tuo, Pl. Bac. 1, 1, 65; Tanto melior: noster esto, sed de nostro uiuit, Truc. 5, 61; add 1, 2, 12; perh. also quasi uoluntarii triduo Prius praediuant de quo essuri sent (see Bergk Beitr. p. 68), Truc. 2, 3, 17; olet unguenta; de meo, Ter. Ad. 1, 2, 37; pecuniam numerat de suo, Cic. Att. 16, 16, 5; de publico conuiuari, Verr. 2, 3, 105; largiendo de alieno populare fieri, Liv. 3, 1, 3; add 4, 60, 4; sed quod ego uos de uestro impenditis hortor, 6, 15, 10; **14.** beyond sphere of money, Ad tua praeccepta de meo nihil his nouum atposui, Pl. Mil. 3, 3, 31; sed aliquid atque adeo multa addunt et afferunt de suo, Cic. fam. 4, 3, 1 f.; harnspicum uerba sunt haec omnia, nihil addo de meo, har. resp. 40;

**15.** the source of the penalty to be paid, Nisi mihi supplicium uirgum de te datur, Pl. Mil. 2, 6, 22; and same w. stimulum for uirgum, ib. 31; Dabitur poi supplicium mihi de tergo nostro, As. 2, 4, 75; Interea usque illi de me supplicium dabo, Ter. Hant. 1, 1, 86; cum de nescieris tuis et filii tui satisfactorius sis quibus debes, Cic. ad Q. fr. 1, 3, 7; nisi de tergo plebis Romanae satisfacit, Liv. 2, 35, 1; adferri flagra iussit et Ciceroni de corio Cestii satisfacit, Sen. suas. 7, 13, p. 44 ed. Burs.; Has urbi miserae uestro de sanguine penas Ferre datis, Lucan. 4, 805; and perh. to this § belongs de te largitor, Ter. of § 12;

**16.** of the material out of which a thing is made, templum de marmore ponam, Verg. G. 3, 14; niueo factum de marmore signum, Ov. M. 14, 313; add 5, 183; 1, 127; F. 3, 184; Fictilia...fecit agrestis Pocula, de facili composuitque luto, Tib. 1, 1, 40; add 2, 1, 59; **17.** often w. total change of form, de titulo emerem stipulasque fabalis Saepe tuli, Ov. F. 4, 725; so, cinerem de fico, Pallad. 1, 35, 3; cinis de filice facta, Scrib. de C. 245; **18.** met. de

templo carcerem fieri, Cic. Phil. 5, 18; inque deum de bono uersus erat, Ov. F. 5, 616; Et quicquid magno de Ioue fecit Amor, am. 1, 10, 8; **19.** of human beings, de fratre quid fiet, Ter. Andr. 5, 9, 39; Si fortuna uolet, fies de rhetore consul, Iuv. 7, 195; captiuum de rege facturi uidebantur, Iustin. 7, 2, 11; rescribe quid de P. Clodio fiat, Cic. Att. 2, 5, 3; conuocato senatu refert quid de his fieri placeat, Sal. Cat. 50, 3; **20.** and without a verb, abutit ille de stipendiario Thrace miles, de milite descor, de desertore latro, Flor. 3, 20, 8 (2, 8); **21.** with the place whence, as marking a class or kind, and so attached to a noun, diues de summo loco, Pl. Poen. 3, 1, 13; de summo adulescens loco, Aul. prol.; de summo loco Summoque genere captiuum esse equitem Alium, Capt. prol. 30; non habeo de circo astrologos, Cic. div. 1, 132; Ambinium quendam componem de uia Latina, Cln. 163; popa Licinius nescio qui de circo maximo, Mil. 65; declamatores alique de ludo aut rabulam de foro, orat. 47; hominem adietis de schola, 2, 28; accusator de plebe L. Caesulenus fuit, Brut. 131; M. Caedicius de plebe nuntiauit... Id ut fit propter auctoris humilitatem spectum, Liv. 5, 32, 6; L. Albinus de plebe Romana homo, 5, 40, 9; capita coniurationis esse M. et C. Atinius de plebe Romana, 39, 17, 6; generitx Priami de gente uetusta Est mihi, Verg. 9, 284; Tris quo Throicius Boreae de gente suprema, 10, 350; Libica de rupe leones, Ov. F. 2, 209; Inuitatus ad haec aliquis de ponte negauit, Iuv. 14, 134; Quod de Gadibus improbus magister, Mart. 1, 41, 12;

**22.** with a noun denoting the whole out of which part is taken, out of, of, from among, de omni Tusculana ciuitate soli (=solius) L. Mamili beneficium gratum fuit, Cato orig. p. 9 Iord.; Quo ne industrius de inuentura terri, Pl. Most. 1, 2, 73; ne exerts partis esset de nostris bonis, Ter. Hant. 4, 1, 39; concede pudori meo ut aliquam partem de istius impudentia reticere possem, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 32; se gladio percutsum esse ab uno de illis, Mil. 65; si quis unquam de nostris hominibus a genere isto non abhorrens fuit, Flac. 9; habeatur orator, sed de minoribus, opt. g. or. 9; de tuis innumerabilibus in me officiis erit hoc gratissimum, fam. 16, 1, 2; add 5, 19, 4; Caece. 55; Brut. 125; off. 1, 108; ut multa de suis rebus asportaret, parad. 1, 8; misit coniectori quantum uisum est de argento, Tum ille, nihilne inquit de nitello? diu. 2, 134; add off. 2, 32; et si quae sunt de genere eodem, Tusc. 4, 16; Cetera de genere hoc, Lucr. 4, 590; 5, 37; Hor. s. 1, 1, 13; unum de auxiliariis specie transiguae mittit qui..., Liv. 35, 29, 8;

**23.** and somewhat more violently, id de luro putato esse omne (as forming part of), Ter. Ad. 5, 3, 31; de quibus honore et dignitate et aetate praestat Tuberio, Cic. ad Q. fr. 1, 1, 10; de hisce (stercoribus) praestare columbinum, Varr. r. 1, 38, 1; Palfurium pulsum olim senatu ac tunc de oratoribus coronatum, Suet. Dom. 13; de amnibus Himera referendus quia..., Mela, 2, 7, 168 ed. Gron. **24.** copied from, taken from, and so in accordance with, affer, uene uirei pluri duobus...arfuisse uelent nisei de pr(a)toris urbani senatusque sententia, CIL 196, 21; Neque ego haut committam ut siquid peccatum sciet, Fecisse dicas de mea sententia, Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 115; quorum de sententia tota res gesta est, Cic. Sul. 55; add Rose. Am. 27; Verr. 5, 53; fin. 2, 101; diu. 1, 4; off. 3, 80; Tusc. 2, 34; Att. 4, 2, 4; de eius consilio sese uelle facere quod ad hanc rem attinet, Ter. Ph. 3, 1, 17; ilque de meo consilio, Cic. Att. 6, 3, 8; 13, 31, 3; ad fam. 12, 3; de exemplo meo Ipyso aedificatio, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 87; uix tamen de mea uoluntate concessum est, Cic. Att. 4, 2, 4; comptos de more capillos, Verg. 10, 832; et de more uetusto Funerare rapueret faces, 11, 142; add 7, 357; caesa de more capella, Ov. F. 2, 361; add 6, 121; 6, 629; M. 12, 11; Lucan. 1, 584; but not in best prose; yet: Cn. Pompeius...forem percuti de more a lictore utiuit, Plin. 7, 112; ascendenti de more Capitolium, Plin. pan. 5, 3; add Suet. Cl. 42; Galb. 18 f.; Tit. 5; (but more alone in Cic. as off. 1, 148; Quint. 63; Caecin. 2; Mur. 1; also in Suet. Caes. 18, 41); rem de compacto geri, Pl. Capt. 3, 1, 24; ut de compacto faciant, Ps. 1, 5, 126; uti de lege fieri licuit, Alp. 43, 12, 1, 16;

**25.** so esp. in naming, after, Taurini uocantur de fluuio qui propter fluit, Cato orig. 15, 4 lord.; Quem magna noant patrio de nomine Grai, Lucr. 6, 908; Hic ubi pars urbis de boue nomen habet, Ov. F. 1, 582; cum de se nomina fecit aquae, 3, 570; Primum de patrio nomine mensis erit, 3, 76; **26.** of the cause, esp. w. causa, cor., De labore pectus tundit, Pl. Cas. 2, 6, 61; me et tua et qui ad multam noetem uigilasset artior quam solebat somnus complexus est, Cic. rep. 6, 10; inaccessu passu de uulnere tardo, Or. M. 10, 49; Achaemeniae grauior de uulnere pugnae, Val. F. 6, 65; plostra certe de caueis agere ducere licebit, CIL 266, 60; id nisi graui de causa non fecisset, Cic. Att. 7, 7, 3; quod quidem certis de causis a plerisque aliter existimatur, or. 1, 186; qua de causa Heluetii reliquos Gallos uirtute precedunt, Caes. b. g. 1, 1, 4; add b. c. 1, 5, 1; qui de quacumque causa tam aspernati nostra auxilia estis, Liv. 45, 23, 6; **27.** down upon, on, (like its root-word in), etiam si cecidit de genu pugnat, Sen. proc. 2, 6; propter angustias loci confortantur turban non modo ad cunctanda eum procurus...tela spatium habebant (non habebant?) sed ne ut de gradu quidam libero ac stabili conarentur, Liv. 34, 39, 3; non possum tibi dicere; nescio enim quid de gradu faciat (fighting on foot and in the same spot) tanquam de essedario interrogaretur, Sen. ep. 29, 6;—but perh. these belong to § 3; **28.** on (a topic) concerning, about, as regards, de Baenabibus...ita excedendum censere, CIL 196, 3; so the headings of the lex repetundarum, 198, contain §§ de patrono repudiando § 11, de CDL uicis legendis, 15; de nomine deferendo, 19 and so on; Profecto de auro nil scio, nisi nescio, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 90; dixeram nostro seni meudacium Et de hospite et de auro et de lenbo, 4, 9, 34; add Anl. 2, 1, 22; 2, 2, 11; Si mihi secundae res de amore noco 'scent iamduum scio Venissent, Ter. Haut. 2, 2, 1; de psaltria hae audiuit, Ad. 3, 4, 5; nam et de ignis decorum et de locis aut sedibus et de (so Hand rightly); Baeter omits d) actione uitae multa dicuntur, deque his summa disensione certatur, Cic. N.D. 1, 2; paulo ante de lege et de iure disserens, leg. 2, 2; de numero eorum omnia se habere explorata, Caes. b. g. 2, 4, 4; quod fecerit de oppugnatione eastrorum, 5, 27, 3; refert quid de his fieri placeat, Sal. Cat. 50, 3; neque illi senatus de ullo negotio abnuere andebat, Iug. 84, 3; **29.** often elliptically to introduce a subject, as for, as regards, with respect to, esp. w. autem, de me autem suscipe paulisper meas partes, Cic. fam. 3, 12, 2; de bona autem fama...detracta utilitate ne digitum quidem eius causa porrigendum esse dicebant, fin. 3, 57; add off, 1, 47; de pomis, conditua mala strutha...supra paleas posita seruari recte putant, Varr. r. 1, 59, 1; de forma, onem esse oportet corpore amplo, 2, 2, 3; **30.** de, w. abl. attached to a subst., timor meus de uestra filo, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 23; qua fines imperii sunt, ea fama de illo peragravit, Mil. 98; philosophia, non illa de natura sed... Brut. 31; **31.** in legal l. both with leg. or iudicio and ellipt., quine iudicio fiduciae dene dolo (malo) condemnatus est, CIL 206, 111; nullum fuisse de alea lege iudicium, Phil. 2, 56; and just before Licinium de alea condemnatum; M. Tuccium reum lege Plotia de ui fecit, Cael. ad Cic. S. 8, 1; but is qui est de ui reus, Cic. Sen. 75; de nefecis accusabant, Rose. Am. 90; cum de pecuniis repetundis nomen cuiuspiam deferatur, Cic. in Caec. diu. 10; de pecuniis repetundis ad recuperatores itum est, Tac. an. 74 f.; **32.** w. words of victory or triumph, over, M. Curium cum de Samnitibus de Sabinis de Pyrrho triumphauisset, Cic. sen. 55; Africanus qui anno ante de Numantini triumphauit, Phil. 11, 18; an non sensistis triumphatum hodie de uobis esse? Liv. 2, 38, 3; triumphare P. Ventidium de Partibus noluit, Plin. 7, 135; Caesar de Gallia triumphum trahens, Flor. 4, 2 (2, 13) 88; but w. ex, Liv. 34, 46, 2; Vell. 2, 30, 2; 2, 40, 5; anno insigni uictoria de tot ac tam potentibus populis, Liv. 8, 12, 4; Philippi de Atheniensibus uictoriam, Curt. 8, 1, 33; Aeneas hae de Danais uictoribus arma, Verg. 3, 288; cui praecipua militiae laus de tam imbelli genere hostium contigisset, Suet. Caes. 35; tropaea C. Marii de Ingurtha deque Cimbris atque Teutonibus, 11; triumphauit de rege Ponti Mit-

ridate et de rege Armeniae Tigrane, inser. Or. 545; de Samnitibus, 5346; **33.** in phrases of time still w. participative sense, in the course of, fac ut considerate naniges de mense Decembri, Cic. ad Q. fr. 2, 1 f.; de tertia uigilia profectus, Caes. b. g. 1, 12, 2; add 1, 21, 2 and 3; 1, 40, 14; 1, 41, 4; as first, de nocte while yet night, before day-break, before the end of, ego rus cras cum filio Cum primo (prima P) luci [ibo hinc]. Immo de nocte censeo, Ter. Ad. 5, 3, 55; (ibo hinc prob. a gloss); senatus de nocte conuenire, Claud. Quadr. ap. Maer. 1, 4, 18; in comitium Milo de nocte uenit, Cic. Att. 4, 3, 4; add 8, 6, 1; Mur. 9, 22; Vi ingulgent homines surgunt de nocte latrones, Hor. ep. 1, 2, 32; oriens de nocte consul, Liv. 8, 23, 15; Hannibal surgere de nocte solitus ante noctem non requiescebat, Front. strat. 4, 3, 7; **34.** so de die while yet day, de die Potare, Pl. As. 4, 2, 16; add 3, 1, 13; apparare de die conuiuium, Ter. Ad. 5, 9, 8; Vos conuiuium lauta sumptuose De die facitis? Catul. 47, 5; lanabat de die, Suet. Dom. 21; **35.** de multa nocte, while yet much of the night remains, long before dawn, Vi de nocte multa impregne exsurrexi, Pl. Rud. 4, 2, 10; cum euriam multa de nocte armatis hominibus occupauissent, Cic. Sen. 75; multa de nocte eum profectum esse ad Caesarem, Att. 7, 4, 2; **36.** immediately after, fresh from, Non bonus somnus de prandio, apage, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 8; uelim scire hodiene statim de auctione et (an?) quo die uenias, Cic. Att. 12, 3, 1; Iamque aderit multo Priami de sanguine Pyrrhus, Verg. 2, 662; **37.** esp. in the form diem de die, as diem de die prospectans equum auxilium ab dictatore appareret, Liv. 5, 48, 6; quum is diem de die differret, 25, 25, 4; diem de die profereudo, Iust. 2, 15, 6; **38.** in very late writers of instrument or means, de fustibus (so Hand; Erfurd omits d) praetor solitus caesi, Amm. 20, 3, 8; inuensa uide de uastiore nodulo cerebrum suum diffundere, Apul. 9, 40, 1; de sinistrae manus pollice unam deprimes, Verg. uet. 3, 40, 1; ut animalia...inuoluntur de sagis, 5, 14, 16; de cauterio (al. om.) leuiter adusta sanantur, 5, 16; **39.** in adv. phrases w. part. or adj., as de subito, suddenly; de improbo, unexpectedly; de integro, afresh; denovo, for de novo, anew; **40.** as adv. down, in the phrase susque deque, but as sus stands for subs, i.e. sub-is a comp. in form, so de for inde and ind-is, also a comp. in form; **41.** in composition w. verbs, first down, as decesso step down, deluceo draw down, demo take down, deficio put down, deicio throw down, deligo bind down, demitto let go down, descendo climb down, desero desino, destitui put down; **42.** removal, deleo draw out, deterreo frighten off, detergeo wipe away, depurgo clear away, desurgo get up and leave, descisco by a vote break off from; **43.** the same in denominative verbs, defaceo clear of dregs, decorticeo strip the bark off, depilo strip of hair; **44.** from, as copying from, after, describo copy in writing, depingo copy in painting, depict; **45.** reversal, like E. un-, dearmo disarm, detego unroof, deluuo deprive of assistance, deonero unload, desumpo skim, desuesco lose the habit of, desipio become silly, depleo empty, dedecet disbecome; **46.** to the end, out, esp. in perfect tenses, descauio come to the end of one's raging, detexo complete the weaving of, delutero wrestle to the end, deserto contend to the last, fight out; depugno fight out, deferuesco cease boiling, dego pass the whole (time); **47.** hence thoroughly, defetigo tire out, depopulo lay waste thoroughly, delibero balance or weigh thoroughly, deiero swear decidedly, denego deny stoutly; **48.** hostility, derideo laugh at, cf. kara; **49.** as derived from in, on, over, dealbo whitewash, dargento plate with silver, deauro gild; **50.** in comp. w. sbs. to make adj., down, declinus down-hill; **51.** absence, demeus idiotic, depilis without hair, deplumis without feathers; **52.** ill, decolor discoloured, degener degenerate, deformis misshapen; **53.** in adv. deorsum downward, deinceps from the beginning, de hinc from this (place or time), deinde after that, desuper from above. **deacinatus**, [acinus], part. perf. cleared of grape-berries, dolo, Cato r. 26.

**deactio**, ōnis, f. [dēgo], completion, d. peractio, Paul. ex F. 74 M.

**dealbator**, ōnis [dealbo], m. = qui dealbat, whitewasher? fullores carpentarii sculptores dealbatores, Constant. cod. 10, 64, 1, not the same w. albinus.

**de-albo**, are, [de= in, on], whitewash, or rather cover w. white cement, hanc aram nequis dealb(et), CIL 574; quae lita non erunt calce harenato lita politica et calce uda dealbata recte facito, 577, 2, 18; illae columinae quas dealbatis uidetis, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 145; me uirum bonum esse nec solere duo parietes de eadem fidelia dealbare, Cur. ad Cic. fam. 7, 29, 2, prov. curry favour with two distinct persons for the same act; calce ex aqua liquida dealbentur (tegulae), Vitr. 7, 4, 3; dealbatam crucem, Suet. Galb. 9; dealbatis parietibus, Pall. 1, 24, 1; 2. met. dealbatores uias saeculi, Aug. conf. 7, 6.

**deambulacrum**, i, n. [deambulo], a place to walk in, a walk, Mamert. Grat. ad Jul. 9.

**deambulatio**, ōnis, f., [id.], a walk, ul me haec deambulatio (pron. jamb.), quam non laboriosa ad languorem dedit, Ter. Haut. 4, 6, 2; 2. a place to walk in, deambulationes arboribus opacas, Ulp. dig. 7, 1, 13, 4. **deambulatorium**, adj. as sb. n. the same, Capitol. Gord. 3, 32.

**de-ambulo**, are, [de=in], take a walk in a walk, walk for the sake of a walk, stroll, supra pliam inscendat et saliat decies et deambulet, Cato r. 127 f.; deambulet horas ruri, ib. 156, 4; Alii deambulatum. Deambulatum? quo? Vah quasi desit locus, Ter. Haut. 3, 26; Cato cum cuidam dixisset, Eam deambulatum; et ille, quid opus fuit? immo uero inquit quid opus fuit? Cato ap. Cic. or. 2, 256; but in leg. 1, 14 ambulatum; mox nihil aliud quam uectabatur, et deambulabat, Suet. Aug. 83; deambulanti in litore piscis e mari exsiluit, 96; add Dom. 21; pron. iambulare, see Ter. above.

**de-amo**, are, be over head and ears in love with, Quia Adelphasium quam crux deamat tuos, ingenua est. Quomodo? Pl. Poen. 4, 2, 72; add 5, 4, 3; Quom ilia quam tuos gnatus annos multos deamat, deperit, Epid. 2, 2, 35; Mea dona deamata acceptaque habita esse apud Phronesium, Truc. 4, 1, 5; Insanum ualde uterque deamat, Pl. ap. Nou. 127, v. insanum; Voluptatem capio maximum cruciari tua te culpa, qui de te (det mss) et de illa pessime (pessuma mss) quam deamas promerere, Afr. ap. Non. 97, who adds uehementer amare; 2. of hearty thanks, Ne ego homo sum fortunatus: deamo te Syre, Ter. Haut. 4, 6, 21.

**de-armo**, are, vb. disarm, strip (of arms), praelatis spoliis quibus dearmatum exercitum hostium sub iugum miserat, Liv. 4, 10, 7; quae...pharetram expilet (mss explicet), et (dele ct), sagittas dearmet, arcum enodet, Apul. M. 5, 30 G.

**de-cipio**, ēre, dēpi, ceptus, vb. [capio], take or catch by a downward movement, as by a fowler's net, pounce down upon, or (as in a trap) entrap, in acetate hominum plurimae fiunt transennae, cubi (so R c j; mss ubi) decipiuntur dolis, Atque edepol in eas plerumque esca imponitur, Quam signis audis poscit escam auariter, Decipitur in transenna auaritia sua, Pl. Rud. 4, 7, 10 and 13; Ita decipiunt fovea lenonem Lycum, Poen. 1, 1, 59; linoque solebat et hannis Decipere et calamo salientes ducere pisces, Ov. M. 3, 587; cf. decipula; 2. met. entrap, take in, deceive, catch by a trick, Item ego dolis me illo extuli e periculo et decipi senem, Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 41; Nequid propter tuam fidem decepta poteretur mali, Ter. Ph. 3, 1, 5; quae deceptus dolo promiserit, Cic. off. 1, 32; homines honestissimos...induxit deceptis destituit, Rosc. Am. 117; homines imperitos et per colloquium deceptos interfecisse, Caes. b. c. 1, 85, 3; cuius torpedinis erat decipit?...cauendus dolus est, Sal. orat. Maeri 20; qui plus in eo ne posset decipi quam in fide Siculorum reponeret, Liv. 24, 37, 3; add 1, 9, 13; qui semper inermis Rem gerit, et furtis incautum decipit hostem, Ov. M. 13, 104; add F. 1, 369; 3. so far w. living agent and living object, also met. w. non-living agent, take in, mislead, illa amphibolia quae

Croesum decepit, uel Chrysippum potuisset fallere, Cic. diu. 2, 116; Decipit exemplar uitae inuitabile, Hor. ep. 1, 19, 17; Turpia decipiunt caecum nitia, s. 1, 3, 39;

4. w. non-living object, Sic tamen absumo decipioque diem, cheat the time, so that it passes unperceived, Ov. tr. 4, 10, 114; Sic ubi deceptae pars est mihi maxima noctis Acta, subit furtim lumina fessa sopor, her. 18 (19), 55; aestiuos quo decipis aere soles?, Stat. silv. 4, 4, 19; 5. but in the following a living object is implied, expectationibus decipiendis, Cic. or. 2, 289; oculos, Ov. rem. am. 346; iudicium nostrum, Pont. 3, 9, 11; neruos, Pers. 4, 45; custodiam pastores, Colum. 8, 4, 3; 6. cheat as it were of what was hoped, disappoint, leave destitute, festinatum sementem saepe decipere, Plin. 18, 204; Postquam primus amor deceptam morte fecellit, Verg. 4, 17; Quod nidi decepta nefas! Sil. 8, 102; Decipimur notis et tempore fallimur; et mors Deridet curas. Anxia uita nihil, inser. Or. 4845 and 6; 7. decipi w. a gen. cheat oneself (out of), and so forget (awhile) Quin et Prometheus et Pelopis parens Dulci laborum (al. labore) decipitur sono, Hor. od. 2, 13, 38; 8. montem illum igneum terrae uorago decipit, away by sleight of hand as it were, Apul. M. 10, 34; 9. sic acce decipi iubent, to be cheated out of itself—venerated maple made to pass for solid maple,—Plin. 16, 233.

**de-disco**, ēre, didici, vb. unlearn, forget what one has learnt, Qui quid didicit id dediscit, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 56; nulla oportet discat et dediscat, Cic. Quinct. 56; cum...inuentus nostra dedisceret pacem discendo, or. 3, 93; dediscenda tibi sunt sportellae et artolagani tui, fam. 9, 20, 2; add Brut. 171; nomen disciplinamque populi Romani dediderant (mss didicerant), Caes. b. c. 3, 110, 2; Intrat amor mentes uas: dediscitur usu, Ov. rem. am. 503; Dediscit animus sero quod didicit diu, Sen. Troad. 642; longoque togae tranquillum usu Dedidici iam pace ducem, Lucan. 1, 131; usum armorum dediscere compelluntur, Nov. Th. 2, 1, 2, 1 pr.; add Claud. rapt. Pros. pr. 1, 10; 2. w. inf. loqui, Cic. Brut. 51; Ov. tr. 3, 14, 46; 5, 12, 57; dediscis amare, 211 and 297.

**de-faeco**, (deficio\*) are, vb. [de face-] clear of dregs, fine, (esp. wine), unum, Colum. 12, 33, 1; uina tua defaecari suadet, Plin. 18, 232; quaestum uolo cur defaecatum unum ualidius sit uiribus, Maer. s. 7, 12, 6; 2. met. non laui magis lubenter, Nec quom me melius mea Scapha reor "sae defecatum", Pl. Most. 1, 3, 2; Quicquid incerti mihi in animo prius aut ambiguum fuit, Nunc liquet, nunc defecatum\* cor (mss defaecatum) fuit, cur, wh. fi is only a correction of defaecatum) mihi, nunc peritumst, (Ritschl's changes unhappy) Ps. 2, 4, 70; Nunc defecato\* (mss defecato) demum animo egredior domo, Aul. 1, 2, 1; tertiae (uirtutes) sunt purgati defaecate animi, Maer. s. Sc. 1, 8, 9; defaecata mente, 2, 12, 5; litteras, Sidon. ep. 1, 1; aerem (fumigat), Veg. vet. 1, 20 f.; membra, Prud. cath. 7, 74.

**deficio**, ēre, fūci, fectum, [facio], as vb. trans, make lower; hence w. acc. of person, put down, abandon, leave in the lurch (=destitute), be wanting to, Egon te? quam si intellegam defecere uitam (so T H K c j; mss uita, see below\*) iam ipse Vitam meam tibi largiar, Pl. As. 3, 3, 19; si M. Fonteius in causa defecerent omnia, Cic. Font. 34 (24); cum motus omnis animi tanquam uentus hominem defecerat, flaccescebat oratio, and soon: prudentia nunquam deficit oratore, Brut. 93; quos discentes uita\* defecit, or. 3, 86; nox eum defecit, fam. 7, 1, 2; res eos iampridem, fides nuper decipere coepit, Cat. 2, 10; ea illum cuncta iam defecerant, Cacl. 28; si me...uita\* defeciat, Verr. 2, 5, 72; quoniam me Leontina ciuitas... defecit, 2, 3, 110; so also w. me, ad Q. Fr. 2, 13, 3; Verr. 2, 2, 52; 2, 4, 59; 2, 5, 158; Cacl. 29; fam. 4, 13, 1; or. 1, 199; quam multa te deficiunt uidet, diu, in Caec. 52; so also w. te, Rosc. Am. 89; ipsos res frumentaria defecere coepit, Caes. b. g. 2, 10, 4; ut eum omnia defecere uiderentur, 5, 33, 1; quem iam sanguis uiresque deficiunt,

7, 59, 6; but in 3, 5, 1 *ms*s have nostris and some in b. c. 2, 41, 7; Cum te deficient poscendi munera causae, Ov. am. 1, 9, 93; Natura cessit, terra deficit gradum, Sen. Herc. Oct. 46; non hasta viros, non deficit ensis, Sil. 10, 193; nemo sic in maioribus eminet ut eum miura deficiant, Quint. 2, 3, 6; add 12, 6, 5; 12, 9, 21; 2. and so in pass. be left in the lurch, fail, be wanting, mulier abundat audacia, consilio et ratione deficiat, Cic. Clu. 184; in quo non modo defici sed etiam laborare turpe est, Brut. 34; cum gravi vulnere esse affectus aquilifer et a viribus (note the *u*) deficeretur, Caes. b. g. 3, 64, 3; Tempore deficiat, tragicos si persequar ignes, Ov. tr. 2, 407; Deficior, prudens artis, ab arte mea, her. 5, 150; materia adipiscendi triumphalia defectus est, Vell. 2, 116, 4; Varam magis imperatoris defectum consilio quam virtute destitutum militum...perdidisse exercitum, 2, 120, 3; si quis deficiatur pecunia, Sen. ep. 76, 12; si deficiatur omnibus rebus agricola, Colum. 2, 15, 5; add 3, 8, 4; 7, 9, 12; 12, 1, 30; Quint. 3, 6, 83; 10, 1, 53; haec amocinita deficiat aqua salient, Plin. ep. 2, 17, 25; a menstruis defecta est, Cels. 2, 8 f.; 3. deficere animum, let one's spirit go down, become depressed or disheartened, lose heart, neque palam facere oportet ne (apes) deficiant animum, Varr. r. 3, 16, 34; 4. (sol) deficit orbem, Ov. M. 2, 382, lets his disk become less (as in an eclipse); II 6. as vb. intrans. become low, fail, run short, be wanting, become weak, often w. dat., posidet hoc saxum quoque uita deficit, CIL 34; ego in insidiis hic ero Succenturatus siquid deficias, Age, Ter. Ph. 1, 5 f.; sed ea causa nihilo magis deficiamus, 1, 8; nentique calore deficiunt, Lucr. 6, 360; hoc infrequentiores imponuntur quod multi Galli (in Gallia?) tot bellis defecerant, Caes. b. c. 3, 2, 3; non materia, non frumentum deficere poterat, 2, 37, 6; si tempus anni ad bellum gerendum deficeret, b. g. 4, 20, 2; add 1, 26, 1; b. c. 3, 58, 5; ibi ignem Deficere extremum...uidebat, Verg. 9, 352; tuque o dubiis ne defice rebus, 6, 196; 6. esp. of failing strength and fainting in men and animals, neque committendum (se. in balneo) ut per aestum anima deficiat, Cels. 2, 17, p. 63, l. 23 Par.; equis multis vulneribus confossus deficiensque procebat, Curt. 8, 14, 34, and soon: deficiat sanguis, 36; elephantus qui multa exceperat tela, deficiebat, 37; 7. also w. or without animo, give way in spirits, lose heart, despond, ne una plaga accepta considerent, ne deficerent, Cic. Att. 1, 16, 9; sin a nobis deserat, tamen animo non deficiam, Rosc. Am. 10; quod ipse animo non defecerat tanto accepto incommodo, Caes. b. g. 7, 30, 1; 1, 19, 1; 2, 31 f.; add 4, b. c. 3, 112 f.; hortari milites ne deficerent, Sal. Iug. 51, 4; 8. grow less, diminish, wane, eadem quae crescente luna giscent, deficiente contra defuunt, Gell. 10, 8, 5; 9. hence eclipses, etc., solem lunae oppositu deficiente solere, Cic. rep. 1, 25; add 1, 23; si luna paulo ante solis ortum defecisset in signo leonis, diu. 1, 121; deficere sol hominibus extinguere usus est, rep. 6, 24; deficiem solem, Tusc. 1, 73; 10. w. inf. in poets, fail (to—), sic omnia debent Dissolui simul ac defecit suppeditare Materies, Lucr. 1, 1040; Non te deficiunt nostrae memorare Camenae, Tib. 4, 1, 191; Nec me deficiet nautas rogare citatos... Prop. 1, 8, 23; Deficiente oculo distinguere corpora parva, Germ. Arat. 260; scandere tecum deficiam montes? Sil. 3, 112; 11. pass away from (as allies), break with, secede, nec Tarentini modo... sed Lucanus et Brutius et Sannius ab his defecerant, Liv. 31, 7, 11; soon: Nunquam isti populi nisi quum decit ad quem desceant ab nobis non deficiunt, 12; defecere ad Poenos libi populi, 22, 61, 11; ab amicitia populi Romani defecere, Caes. b. g. 7, 30, 3; ne ciuitas eorum impulsa deficeret, 5, 25, 4; 12. met. consules tatecrrimi...a senatu, a re publica, a bonis omnibus defecerant, Cic. Plane. 86; difficile est amicitiam manere, si a virtute defeceris, am. 37; si utilitas ab amicitia defecerit, fin. 2, 79; qui...a me ipse deficerem, fam. 2, 16, 1; hence in perf. part. having seceded, Quod sibi defectis illa tulisset opem, Ov. F. 3, 674; 13. fail, as unable to pay one's debts, nisi principales debitorum defecerant, Callistr. dig. 49, 14, 3; hence defecta nomina, insolvent debtors, Paul. dig. 22, 1,

11 f.; 14. die, in hac uoce defecit, Suet. Aug. 99; quamvis plerique dum torquentur defecere solent, Ulp. dig. 48, 10, 8, 3; seruus si plagis defecerit, Paul. 5, 23, 6; add de adm. tut. 5, 37, 22; 15. end, quando... talis figura semper mucrone deficiat, Plin. 2, 47; in deficiente porticu, Petr. 20; III 16. as from vb. trans. defectus, perfr. exhaust, failing, defecto poplite labens, Ov. M. 13, 477; defecta lingua, Mart. 13, 77, 1; 17. hence as adj. destitute, wanting, defective, devoid, w. abl. defectus uigore, Ov. M. 10, 194; solem defectum lumine, Tib. 2, 5, 75; (leones) dentibus defecti, Plin. 8, 47; defectum corpore caput, pan. 26, 6; Defectus annis et desertus uiribus Leo, Phaedr. 1, 21, 3; e turba perdissequorum defectissimum annis et uiribus in agrum relegat, Colum. praef. 12; in tumidis et globosis (speculis) omnia defectora, ad contra in cauis auctiora, Apul. mag. 16; 18. see defit.

**defit**, fieri, [for deficit, as fio for facio], vb. impers. become low, run short, be wanting, fail, vanish, Pol mihi fortuna magis nunc defit quam genus ---, Enn. ap. Cic. Tusc. 3, 44; Omnia iterum uis memorari scelus ut defit dies, Pl. Rud. 4, 6, 63; abi atque obsonium adfer; tribus (pron. tri's) uide quod sit satis, Neque defiat neque supersit, Men. 1, 4, 3; quia stare neque: Ita animus per oculos meos meus (mens Haupt adde c.) defit, Mil. 4, 6, 46; nihil cum est, nihil defit tamen, Ter. Eun. 2, 12; Aliis quia defit quod amant aegrest: tibi quia superest dolet, Ph. 1, 3, 10; nihil apud me tibi Defieri patiar quin... Hec. 5, 2, 2; Disertim id unum incommodum defit meis, Acc. ap. Non. 509; Lac mihi non aestate nouum, non frigore defit, Verg. B. 2, 22; nunquam causa deficit ur uicti pacto non stetit, Liv. 9, 11, 6; Non ullum defit teli genus, Sil. 9, 335; add Gell. 20, 8, 6; see deficio.

**dē-gēner**, ēris, adj. [de down, genus] of low birth, of poor blood, of bad stock, Degenere animos timor arguit, Verg. 4, 13; perenopteris (aquila) magnitudine antecellens sed imbelis et degener, Plin. 10, 8, 3; canum degeneres sub alium reflectunt (candam), 11, 265; degeneres herbae, 17, 33; degeneres (admautes) nominis tantum auctoritatem habent, 37, 58; Si me degeneri strauissent fata sub hoste, Lucan. 4, 344; Stipicemque primam degener sanguis defert, Sen. Phaedr. 915; 2. degenerate, unworthy of one's ancestry, or past life, sometimes w. gen., patrine non degener artis, Ov. M. 11, 315; patrii non degener oris, Pont. 3, 5, 7; humani vitus, Plin. 5, 45; altae uirtutis patrum, Sil. 10, 68; sanguis, Stat. Theb. 9, 620; Abasque tuam non degenerem Respice prolem, Sen. Agam. 467; 3. w. abstract nouns, metus, Lucan. 3, 149; togam, 1, 365; prece, Tac. an. 12, 19; insidiae, 11, 19; haud illum niger Edaxque liuor dente degeneri petit, Sen. Phaedr. 501; clamor, Sen. Herc. Oct. 1291.

**dē-gēro**, ēre, vb. shovel down (upon), heap (upon), Domo supillas tuas uxori; et tuas Degeris (pron. degers, like fers from fero) amicae, Pl. Men. 5, 1, 30; Me despoliat mea ornamenta iam ad meretricis degerit, 5, 2, 53.

**dēgo**, ēre, vb. [de+ago], pass the whole of (the time), A mane (so *ms*s, R man) ad noctem usque in foro dego diem, Pl. Most. 3, 1, 3; Sed utrum nunc tu caelibem te(d) esse mauis liberum, An maritum seruum aetatem degere? Cas. 2, 4, 11; Quia ego illum unum mihi exoptauit quicum aetatem degerem, Cist. 1, 1, 79; Romulus in caelo cum dis genitalibus acum Degit, Enn. ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 28; hanc constituit (domum) Aeternam ubi omnes pariter acum degerint, CIL 108 f.; hunc diem...perpetuum in lactia degere, Ter. Ad. 4, 1, 6; Vt cum uno aetatem degeret, Ph. 2, 3, 70; secum degere uitam, Lucr. 4, 1282; inter feras satius est aetatem degere, Cic. Rosc. Am. 150; ut cum Lentulo foelissimam uitam...degeret, Sul. 75; quod reliquum est uitae Rhodi degam, fam. 11, 28, 8; add fin. 2, 118; sen. 2; Quae placidum degunt aetatem, Lucr. 2, 1094; Vt facile insuescat secum te (te om. *ms*s owing to de of degere) degere uitam, Lucr. 4, 1282; Nautae (iu their dreams) contractum cum uentis degere bellum,

4. 968. wage a life of war; Otia paento degeret in thalamo, Catul. 68, 106; Otiaque inuidia degentem et fraude remota, Verg. Cul. 73; 2. absolutely, Ille potens sui Laetiusque deget, cui licet... Hor. od. 3, 29, 42; (animalia) sine nequitia degunt, Sen. ep. 74, 15; quae emu Parthis ex aequo degat, Plin. 6, 50; add 6, 112; certus procul urbe degere, Tac. an. 4, 57; expertus es fidem meam... dum in comitatu degimus ambo, Auson. ep. 17, 4; 3. pass., Quaecum aetas degenda (sive negenda) et vinendum esset tibi, Turp. ap. Non. 332; quaerere quae ab his degatur aetas, Cic. N. D. 1, 50; add 1, 57; Qualibus in tenebris... Degitur hoc aeni quodcumque est, Lucr. 2, 15; add Plin. 12, 5.

**dē-gu-no**, ēre, take a taste of, degenerate, degustare, Wal. ex F. p. 71 M [gust, old root of gustare = *κωσ* of G. kost-en, wh. has an exet. t. of:  $\sigma = \nu$  in *φασ-μα μασ-μα*].

**de-hinc**, (iamb. or monosyll.) adv. from this, hence, Quin edepol etiam si in cruceam vii peregre, Sequi decremus: dehinc\* conicito ceterum, Pl. Cas. 1, 6; ex fumo dare lucem Cogitat, ut speciosa dehinc (= de hoc, sc. de fumo) miracula promat, Hor. A. P. 144; 2. gen. of time, from this (time forward), from now, henceforward, Si ante quod mentitur, nunc iam dehinc\* erit urax tibi, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 161; At ut scias, nunc dehinc\* latine iam loquar, 5, 2, 69; add Trin. 4, 1, 19; As. 1, 1, 98; 1, 3, 8; Nunc hic dies aliam uitam adiit, alios mores postulat: Dehinc\* postulo, sine aequomoro oro Date, ut redeat iam in uiam, Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 19; add pr. 22; Eun. 2, 3, 5; 5, 2, 33; 3. akin to this, from this time, now, next, de qua dehinc dicam, Suet. Aug. 97; de quibus dehinc dicam, Ner. 19; 4. from the time mentioned, from this or that time, hence- or thence-forward, donec verba... Nominique inuenere: dehinc\* assistere bello... coeperunt, Hor. s. 1, 3, 104; quum ex instituto Tiberii omnes dehinc Caesaris beneficia... Suet. Tit. 8; qua classe dehinc effusa prociur Bella! Val. F. 1, 551; 5. so in a narrative, from this point onward, duplex dehinc fama est, Suet. Cal. 58; 6. after this, then, Eurrum ad se Zephyrumque uocat: dehinc\* talia fatur, Verg. 1, 131; Visa dehinc caelo facies delapsa parentis... 5, 722; Vix ea dicta: dehinc progressus monstrat... 8, 337; Zona laetis tu nunc et cras fortasse latebit, Dehinc\* erit, Orion, aspicienda mihi, Ov. F. 6, 788; add Tac. an. 1, 34; 4, 13; 38; 7. common in enumerations, then, next, imprimis arduum uidetur res gestas scribere, primum quod... dehinc quia... Sal. Cat. 3, 2; Ac primum... circulos Cernici subnecte: dehinc ubi... Verg. G. 3, 167; incipit putrescere, dehinc laxata... tunc... inde... Sen. n. p. 3, 29, 6; inuenes primo modicis interuallis per militares uias, dehinc uehicular disposuit, Suet. Aug. 49; add Dom. 8; Sil. 8, 473; Suet. Caes. 35; Ner. 25; Dom. 16; 8. so also in enumeration of places, Italia dehinc, primique eius Liguens, mox... Plin. 3, 38; Mauros... cetera Africae...; parique numero Aegyptus: dehinc initio ab Suriae... Tac. an. 4, 5; interiora Cerdosii, dehinc Parsae habitant, Mela 3, 8, 4; 9. often confused in uisw w. dein or deinde: thus in Cels. 1, 3, p. 20, l. 4 Darenberg has dein; in Liv. 1, 50, l. 1 Madv. w. reason has: ferro igni quaecumque denique (sive dehinc) ui possunt.

**dē-his-co**, -himi or hii, ēre, vb. intr. [de for dis?] open, split open, in eo loco dehisse terram, Varr. 1, 5, 32, p. 148 Sp.; trisulcae fores Pessulis hie[re]ntae dehiscunt graues, Varr. ap. Serv. Aen. 1, 448; et parti... quae prior in dehiscens interuallis hostium aciem equites emississet, Liv. 29, 2, 7; Dehiscere ingentibus rimis, 91 fr.; Sed mihi uel tellus optem prius imā dehiscat... quam... Verg. 4, 24; his undā dehiscens Terram inter fluetus aperit, 1, 106; neque enim ante dehiscunt Attonitae magna ora domus, 6, 52; terraeque ardore dehiscunt, G. 3, 432; add 1, 479; A. S. 243, 10, 675; 12, 883; rimisque dehiscit Siqua diu solitis cumba uacarat aquis, Ov. tr. 5, 12, 28; tauros siluestres... rictu ad aures dehiscens, Plin. 8, 74; pinguescent (thyymi) in tantum ut dehiscant, 9, 53; paulatim rubescens (rosa) dehiscit, 21, 14; stimuli... femina... fibrillis fissurisque... dehiscens, 33, 101; schistom appellat... in capillamenta quadam... dehiscens, 35, 186; paulum dehiscit (uulua), Cels. 7, 29; ea ossa (of the leg), infra supraque coniuncta,

media, ut in brachio, dehiscunt, S. 1 f.; add S. 11, 1; in naue quae sentinam trahit, uni rimae aut alteri obstitit: ubi plurimis locis laxari coepit et cedere, succurri non potest nauigio dehiscenti, Sen. ep. 30, 2;—the word may be used of even the slightest opening.

**deicio**\* (—v), dēicio or dēicio, less correctly dēicio, ēre, īci, iectus, vb. [de, iacio or īcio] throw or cast down, knock down, Deiciam\* quae carum omnis telas, Pl. St. 2, 2, 25; Ego hinc araneas de foribus deiciam\* et de pariete, 2, 2, 31; Pernam et glandium dēicet, 2, 2, 36; tempestates uaguas... oleam deiecere (so add.) solere, Cato r. 3, 3; alioqui si uoles deiecere (?) superiorem (i.e. by vomiting), sumito... 150, 2; si quis colummam deiecerit, Cic. leg. 2, 64; statuae... deiectae, Cat. 3, 19; quoniam... minorem annis ix de ponte in Tiberim deiecerit, Rose. Am. 100; in mare (dilemum) deiciemus (so Or.; but?) add Q. fr. 2, 14, 1; e summo quasi fulmen dēicit ietos Iunidia... in Tartari taetra, Lucr. 5, 1125; equo uulnerato deiectus, Cues. b. g. 4, 12, 5; se per munitiones deiecit, 3, 26, 5; de muro se deiecerunt, b. c. 1, 18, 3; neque eorum sortes deiciunt (where Nipp. similitur reliqua ab iaciendo ducta ubiqueque tacebo), 1, 6, 5; alta Ceraunia telo dēicit (so R and M pr. m.); ingemant austrum... Verg. G. 1, 333; plurima caelo dēicit (so R; de i. cit P.; dēicit M) in terras, A. 8, 428; Quocum dēicit (so R and Trise. 1173 P.; 2, 293, 16 K); at Thironum... 10, 753; aranea dēicit\* (so M P R) Herminium, 11, 642; Quem telo primum... dēicit\* aut... 11, 665; Tre dieictum monumenta regis, Hor. od. 1, 2, 15; atrox tempestas signa aenea dēicit, Liv. 40, 2, 1; praetorio deiecto, 41, 2, 11; inueniam dēicit\* Ancaeus, Val. F. 1, 191; 2. often of striking down and so slaying, as in some passages just quoted from Vergil, and add: his deiectis et coaceruatis cadaveribus, Caes. b. c. 2, 27, 4; 4, 12, 2; 1, 46, 1; 3, 51, 2; 3. esp. in milit. lang., force down (from), dislodge, praesidium Claterna deiecit, Cic. Phil. 8, 9; turribus deiecti, Caes. b. g. 7, 28, 1; add 7, 36, 7; deiecit suum loco, 7, 51, 1; praesidium ex saltu, b. c. 1, 37, 3; add 3, 23, 3; 7, 36, 7; deiectis qui in praesidio erant, Liv. 4, 53, 9; Gallorum agmen ex rumpo Tarpeia, 7, 10, 3; ex castellis deiectos, 44, 35, 7; add 44, 39, 1; but in Liv. 25, 14, 12 Madv. cji. delectis castris; 4. hence met., fortis animi est... non de gradu deicit, ut dicitur, Cic. off. 1, 80; σπαρταλλας ille dēictus de gradu, Att. 16, 15, 3; eum de sententia deiecit, Phil. 9, 8; Me pudet tamen cito de sententia esse deiectum, Cic. Tusc. 2, 14; ea spe deieci, Caes. b. g. 1, 8, 4; opinione trium legionum deiectus, 5, 48, 1; deiectam coniuge tanto, Verg. 3, 317; 5. esp. from attainment of office, ne eiusdem pecunia (ue) de honore deiecerit (deiceret?), Cic. Verr. 1, 25; adeditate, 1, 23; praetura, Mur. 76; honore, Liv. 39, 41, 1; consulatu, 40, 46, 14; add 38, 35, 1; 6. in leg. lang., eject, uade ui prohibitas... unde deiectus? deieci (so vs T) nullo modo potuisse, qui non accesserit, Cic. Cacc. 36; deieci (so T) ego, si quis meorum deiecit (so T) —te deieci... etiam si tactus non fueris, 37; eieci ego te... non deieci, 38; de possessione imperii nos deiecit, Liv. 45, 22, 7; 7. in naut. lang., throw (a ship) out of its course, tanta tempestas coorta est ut... ad inferiorem partem insulae... deiecerint (so A D E; deiecerunt? B C), Caes. b. g. 4, 28, 2; classis... foeda tempestate nexata ad Ballares insulas deiecit (so Lov. 2; P M and C pr. m. deiecit), Liv. 23, 34, 16; add 23, 40, 6; 8. d. oculos, take one's eyes off, oculos de isto nauquam deiecit (so R and always in comp. of iacere, says Jordan), Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 33; si tantulum oculos deiecerim, praesto esse insidias, 2, 5, 181; and met.: nec a re publica deieciham (so V and always C, says Halma), Phil. 1, 1; 9. also of downcast eyes, Launia uirgo... oculos deiecta decoros, Verg. 11, 480; oculos in se deiecta modestos, Ov. am. 2, 4, 11; deiecit in terram oculi, Quint. 1, 11, 9; Deiecit uultum et demissa uoce locustas, Verg. 3, 320; 10. met. knock off; gen. remove, withdraw, subtract, take from, quantum mali de humana conditione deieceris, Cic. Tusc. 1, 15; quantum de doloris terrore deieceris, 2, 14; hunc ego si metum Siciliae deieceris, Verr. 2, 5, 130; 11. deiectus, absol. dejected, dispirited,

quamquam nris alto volvere tardat, Haud delectus eum duci iubet, Verg. 10, 858; haut sic delecta, Stat. Th. 3, 315; in epilogis delecti et infracti, Quint. 9, 4, 138; 12. as adj. low, equitatus...delectis atque inferioribus locis constituit, Caes. b. g. 1, 46, 3; neutrum alto aut sublimius aut delectius, Tert. a. Marc. 1, 6 f.; 13. delectus conversatus, in lower or humbler tone, ib. 2, 27 f.; 14. in prose deieere etc. may be trisyl. or quadrisl.

**deificus**, adj. [deus, facio] peculiar to African writers, god-making, illum deum deificum, Tert. Apul. 11 (cf. qui ex hominibus deos fecerit, ib.); 2. god-made, and so divine, sacred, libros, Fel. episc. Tulyzae, pass. p. 77; scriptores, ib. 80; codices, Fel. episc. Aptung. gest. purg. 85; instrumenta, 89; huius deificam (appellat) epilepticam passionem, Cael. Aur. aent. 2, 30; cf. diuinus morbus of Apul. and *lepa vovos* of Hippocr.

1 **deinceps**, -cipitis and -cipis, adj. following continuously, reliquum...sine intermissione deinceps die perlecturum, Apul. flor. 16, p. 66 Hild.; deinceps qui deinde cepit, ut princeps qui primum cepit, Paul. ex F. p. 71 M.; deinceps antiqui dicebant proxime quaque captum, ut principem primum captum, ib. 75.

2 **de-inceps**, adv. [inceps deinceps, Paul. ex F. 107—can inceps be a gen. of a sb. akin to incipio? lit. down from the beginning?] in immediate succession, one after the other, in order, already occurs in CIL 198, 79 in an unintelligible fragment; paeon...oritur...a breuibz deinceps tribus extrema producta, Cic. or. 1, 183; tres fratres...quos video deinceps tribunos pl. per triennium fore, fam. 2, 18, 2; morem...fuisse ut deinceps qui accubarent enarent ad tibiam clarorum virorum laudes, Tusc. 4, 3; qui primus eorum, qui secundus, qui deinde deinceps moriturus esset, Quint. 1, 64; reliquis deinceps diebus silvas caedere instituit, Caes. b. g. 3, 29, 1; add 5, 40, 4; 7, 3, 2; alias deinceps pari magnitudine rates iungelut, b. e. 1, 25, 8; fit (sepes)...ex arboribus truncis demissis in terram, deinceps constituit, Varr. r. 1, 14, 2; ita duo deinceps reges, alius alia uia...civitatem auxerunt, Liv. 1, 21, 6; interreges deinceps M. Manlius, Ser. Sulpicius, L. Valerius, 6, 5, 6; add 2, 47, 11; 22, 7, 11; 26, 20, 1; manifestum est totum solum deinceps esse motum—without a break—Colum. 2, 4, 3;

2. next in order, immediately after, decrevit senatus D. Brutum optime de re publica mereri...Deinceps laudatur provincia Gallia, Cic. Phil. 4, 8; de iustitia satis dictum: deinceps...de beneficiis ac de liberalitate dicatur, off. 1, 42; 3, 9; prima Cyrene est ac deinceps duae Syntes interque eas Leptis, deinde..., Sal. Jug. 19, 3; ut duo continua regna viro ac deinceps genero dedisset, Liv. 1, 47, 6; ut facilius praecipit: iam pueri...ac deinceps idem, Mendacii..., Quint. 1, 7, 13; tertiam deinceps personam (no longer that of the litigator or mere patronus) induit iudicis, 12, 8, 15;

3. perge deinceps, Varr. r. 3, 8, 1, go on with the rest in due order.

**deinde**, also shortened to *dein* [de + inde; for *dein* cf. *proin*, *exin*, *hinc*, *illinc* etc.] lit. from this, in use only of time, from this time (forward), w. the meaning of *dehinc*, only in: factum hic esse id non negat Neque se pigere et deinde facturum autumat, Ter. Haut. pr. 19; ut velim cures ut sciam quibus nos dare oporteat eas quas ad te deinde litteras mittemus, Cic. ad Q. Fr. 3, 8, 2; cf. use of *inde* as a demonstr., 2. from this or that time (the time spoken of), in Aequis nihil deinde memorabile actum, Liv. 3, 3, 10; cantum est ne quis deinde M. Manlius vocaretur, 6, 20, 14; nec deinde unquam in demortui locum censor sufficitur, 5, 31, 7; so Hand and Kritiz interpret *deinde* in Vell. 2, 89, 2; but possunt wd. require *dehinc*; Ruhnken's cf. *denique* prob. right; 3. after this (that), then, next, deinde eadem consulens ante K. decembris primas uiaforam unum legunt, CIL 202, 1, 16; add 1, 24; Deinde uterque imperator in medium exivit, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 68; Quid fit deinde? 5, 1, 46 and 67; Deinde egomet mecum cogitare inter uias Ocepi, Aul. 2, 8, 9; Dein solum essem in tectum, Amph. 3, 4, 25; deinde dictator iubet...Cato orig. ap. Gell. 10, 24, 7; Quid deinde fit? Ter. Hee. 1, 2, 68; Accipit conditionem, dein quaestum occipit,

Andr. 1, 1, 52; Innocentia? Adspice aedem Castoris; deinde, si aedes, fac mentionem innocentiae. Diligenter; Codicis literas tui contemplantur...; deinde aude te dicere diligenter, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 41; quae praetor aduersario meo da istum patronum; deinde mihi neminem dederis, or. 2, 280; postulat deinde eadem quae legatis in mandatis dederat, Caes. b. g. 1, 43, 9; Quam commune mihi genus...Deinde torus iunxit, Ov. M. 1, 353; quid deinde rogabo? 3, 465; 4. often in enumeration, princeps L. Papirius...; post hunc XII fuerunt...; hunc secutus est Cursor...; deinde L. Maso...; inde multi Masones, deinde Carbones, Cic. fam. 9, 21, 2; haec quidam a tergo...; Septemtriones autem sequitur...; dein..., N.D. 2, 110; Caesar primum suo, deinde omnium e conspectu remotis equis, Caes. b. g. 1, 25, 1; primum agunt gratias...; deinde imperatoris fidem quaerunt, b. e. 1, 74, 2; ea appellata est Cronia, dein Thessalia, dein Malmia, Plin. 5, 143; 5. and in this sense of place, ad loca...ubi maxime montes Transumenus subit...deinde paulo latius pateat campus; inde colles adinsurgunt, Liv. 22, 4, 2; noster exercitus sic incescit: auxiliaries...in fronte, post quo sagittarii, dein quattuor legiones...exim totidem aliae legiones, Tac. an. 2, 16 f.; 6. of order of merit, excellentem tum Crasso...deinde Philippo, post Iulio, Cic. Brut. 301; laudatissimum in insulis Creta, dein Naxo, et postea in Phoenice, Plin. 21, 115; 7. at times w. a superlative post, Post id igitur deinde ut animus meus erit, faciam palam, Pl. Stic. 1, 2, 86; Nunc primum fac ista ut laet; post deinde..., Ter. Andr. 3, 2, 3 (so MSS; Fleck. cf. poste d.); add Sullam in Achaia ac deinde post in Asia pergit, Vell. 2, 23, 3; post hoc dein de auctorum successione dicemus, Gai. dig. 1, 2, 2, 13; 8. dein for dein, but before m, dein mittat, Varr. ap. Non. 358; cf. exim; 9. deinde disyl. always, except prob. in Ter. of § 7.

**dilectus**, ūs, m. [dēligo], choice, selection, earum rerum hic tenetur a sapiente delectus ut..., Cic. ūs. 1, 33; delectu omni et discrimine remoto, 4, 69; 5, 90; add off. 1, 6; 1, 45; 1, 49 (in these three Baiter has dil.; but Ambros. dil.); rep. 1, 53 (here Halm has dil.); qui omnium rerum delectum atque discrimen pecunia sustulisset, Verr. 2, 123; add Clu. 128; agr. 2, 57; Balb. 49; Planc. 9 (but dil. ET); Phil. 5, 13 (but dil. V D); or. 3, 150; Ter. 253; coenat animalia nullo Cetera delecto (so Bentl., al. dil.), Ov. M. 10, 325; magnitudo doloris...delectum verborum recipiant, Sen. ad Helu. 1, 3; primus uerbis delectum adhibuit, Tac. dial. 22; culus in eo delectus (so ass AM) ut...quod melius sonet malis, Quint. 1, 4, f.;

2. see dilectus.

**dē-libēro**, āre [implies a vb. libero from libera, au old form of libra, pair of scales; cf. d. a libella quid pendenditur, Paul. ex F. 74 M.; form delibero preserved to distinguish it from delibro, bark (a tree)] weigh or balance with all care, deliberate, met., Ego amplius deliberandum censo, Ter. Ph. 2, 4, 17; Delibera hoc dum ego redeo, leno, Ad. 2, 1, 42; cum eorum tecum mihi potestas deliberandi non esset, Cic. Att. 8, 3, 1; ut maxima de re aequo animo deliberanti, ita mihi des consilium uelim, ib. 6; diu deliberandum et concoquendum est utrum... Rose, Com. 45; ut etiam cum aduersario quasi deliberet, or. 138; consilio nocito de summa rerum deliberare incipit, Caes. b. e. 2, 30, 1; deliberatur de Auarico in communi concilio, in eandem placere ad defendi, b. g. 7, 15, 3; add 4, 9, 1; b. e. 1, 10, 2; de Corintho cum imperatore Romano deliberatum esse, Liv. 32, 34, 13; 2. decide (after such weighing), Cum amicis deliberari iam et cum cognatis meis...ut me hodie iugularem fante, Pl. Ps. 4, 2, 2; Certum ac deliberatum est mihi illis obsequi, Turp. ap. Non. 282 and 429; quae cogita ac delibera, ib.; Deliberatum est non tacere (me) amplius, Afran. ap. Schol. Ver. ad Verg. 10, 564; statuerat ac deliberauerat non adesse, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 1; M. Aemilius...qui prior an ignitor sit deliberari non potest, Sal. or. Phil. 3; 3. in not. Tir. p. 57 written deliberat; and this would suit § 2.

**1** *dē-līgo*, (older *dē-līgo*\*), ēre, lēgi, lectus, vb. [de down, lēgi], gather from above, pluck down, gather, ubi pluerit et sicaverit, tum deligito (uinas), Cato r. 112, 2; quod delegerit (olene) pro eo nemo soluit, 144, 1; ut ante pluviam fructum (ficorum) deligas, Colum. 5, 10, 10; arb. 21, 1; Altaque mortali deligere astra manu, Prop. 2, 32, 50; meliniae rubere minorem Ad lunam delecta, Hor. s. 2, 8, 32; delegero \* ungue rosam, Ov. her. 4, 30. See

**2** *dē-līgo*, (older *dē-līgo*\*), obliet perh. *dilego*, ēre, lēgi, lectus, vb. [-di from dis; cf. dilectus sb. and diligo, and Enn. below § 1], choose, select, distinguish, Continuo Amphitruo deligit viros primorum principes, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 49; but in As. 3, 42 read eiecit, not deligit; Argini in ea dilecti niri Veeji petebant pellem inauratam arietis, Enn. ap. Prise. 1325 P. 2, 424, 5 K; si nobis ex omni populo deligendi potestas esset data, Cic. agr. 2, 23; deligit ex florentissimis ordinibus ipsa lumina, Mil. 21; add rep. 1, 51 (bis) and 68; deligere oportet quem velis diligere, ad Her. 4, 29; ad eas res conficiendas Orgetorici deligunt, Caes. b. g. 1, 3, 3; add 3, 18, 1; 5, 11, 3 etc.; ex his qui una Cirtam profugerant, diuos...delegit\*, Sal. lug. 23, 2; quem ex collegis, optione ab senatu data, socinim sibi imperi deligeret, Liv. 8, 33, 16; add 24, 8, 18; 24, 46, 2; Longaetiosque senes ae fessas aequore matres...Delige, Verg. 5, 717; add 7, 152; 11, 431; Ov. M. 15, 364; Quattuor eximos...tauros...Delige (delege \* γ I of Ribb.), Verg. G. 4, 540; **2**. w. dat., nti. locum domicilio deligerent, Caes. b. g. 1, 39, 3; uti aliquem locum medium utriusque conloquio deligeret, 1, 34, 1; add 1, 39, 1; dictator deligendis exercendis quaestionibus fuit, Liv. 9, 26, 14; **3**. delectus, part. perf. as a sb. w. gen., cum delectis peditum equitumque, Liv. 26, 5, 3; naues admoveri inbet delectosque militum imponi, Curt. 4, 4, 2.

**3** *dē-līgo*, āre, vb. bind down, strap down, Aput mensam plenam hominis (so Non. 455, al. homini) rostrum deligas, Pl. Men. 1, 1, 13; malum deligatum, parastatae iunctae, Cato ap. Isid. orig. 19, 2, 12; ea summa integenda binis tabellis deligatis, Varr. r. 1, 47, 1; hominem...deligari et virgas expediti iubet, Cic. Ver. 2, 5, 161; add 2, 4, 86 f.; epistola ad amentum deligata, Caes. b. g. 5, 48, 5; nanculatum deligatum (moored) ad ripam nactus, 1, 53, 3; onerarias quae ad ancoras erant deligatae, 4, 29, 2; add 5, 9, 1; b. c. 39, 2; 3, 44, 4; ad patibulos deligantur et circumferuntur, Licin. Mac. ap. Non. 221; stabant deligati ad palum, Liv. 2, 6, 6; lictor, deliga ad palum, 8, 7, 20; deligandum brachium—and soon—brachium deligandum, Cels. 2, 10 f.; vultus, Quint. 2, 17, 9; 2, 21, 17; 4, 2, 84; propter valetudinem deligatus, 11, 3, 129; sarmensis circum cornua bovis deligatus, 2, 17, 19; ad palum, Suet. Claud. 34; ad stipitem, Ner. 29; collo aspera deligata, 45.

**dēmo**, ēre, dempsi, demptus, [de+ēmo, take], vb. take down, off, from, away, haec (tragula) casu ad turrim adhaesit...dempta ad Ciceronem deferunt, Caes. b. g. 5, 48, 8; clipea de columnis...dempsit, Liv. 40, 51, 3; demptusque cacamine nidus, Ov. M. 13, 833; demptum tenet arbore pomum, 11, 113; lectus desiderat arbore demptos, 14, 680; add her. 19 (20), 9; **2**. still of things elevated, take off, Denam hanc coronam, Pl. Men. 3, 3, 31; Et capiti dempta...corona, Ov. M. 15, 610; iuga demeret Bobins fatigatus, Hor. od. 3, 6, 42; cum iuga demet equis, Ov. F. 2, 74; add 4, 688; Mil. 7, 325; qui Titinorum...capita demebant, Q. Cic. de pet. cons. 9; caput asino demere, Apul. M. 7, 26; **3**. without idea of elevation, take off, catenas...quibus sunt uncti demito, Pl. Capt. 1, 2, 4; ninetis dempta vincula, Liv. 5, 13, 8; add Ov. F. 3, 320; Iube illud demta: tolle hanc patinam, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 164; Interea aurum sibi iam mulier demit, Ter. Eun. 4, 1, 13; demte soles, Pl. Truc. 2, 4, 16; Et tenero solem deme nect adque pedi, Ov. a. a. 2, 212; Exiguum pleno de mare demat aquae, Ter. 5, 2, 20; nomen Archidemiis Clamaret demptum...se, si quid crederem, Pl. 2, 3, 51; odorem deteriorem demere nino, Cato r. 110; and twice aft.; **4**. take from (a quantity), subtract, Denam herede iam de hordeo, Pl. As. 3, 3, 116; De magnis divitiis siquid

demas, plus fit an minus? Trin. 2, 2, 68; ut de stipendio equitum...aera demeretur, Liv. 7, 41 f.; **5**. hence oft. opp. to addo etc., quantum (salis monti) demas, tantum aderescit, Cato orig. ap. Gell. 2, 22, 29; cum aliquid minuat additur aut demitur, Cic. ae. pr. 2, 49; add Acc. ap. Non. 433; Liv. 2, 60 f.; 34, 54, 5; Hor. od. 2, 5, 14; ep. 1, 20, 22; Ov. M. 7, 168; **6**. of moral ideas, metum, Ter. Eun. 4, 7, 16; molestiam, Ad. 5, 3, 33; sollicitudinem, Cic. Att. 11, 15, 2; dolorem, Lucr. 2, 3, 21; mareorum, 3, 908; curas, Verg. 2, 775; 3, 153; acerbum necessitudinem, Sal. Jug. 102, 5; ignominiam, Liv. 41, 3, 5; contumeliam, 8, 23, 7; **7**. dempto, as abl. abs.=sine, without, even without, except, setting aside, dulcedo agrariae legis ipsa per se, dempto auctore subibat animos, Liv. 2, 42, 1; dempto hoc uno fulgore nominis Romani, quid est cur illi nobis comparandi sint? 21, 43, 12; demptis signis, 21, 43, 16; esp. dempto fine, Ov. her. 1, 50; trist. 3, 11, 2.

**dē-mōrior**, -mōri, -mortuus, vb. die out of (a larger number) and so cause a vacancy, in this sense only demortuus, nisi quis eorum que (so the tablet; quem or quos?), decuriones legito nisi inde mortui damnatae locum, CIL 206, 87; cum esset ex veterum numero quidam senator demortuus, Cic. Ver. 2, 124; sanxerunt ne quis emeret (maneripium) nisi in demortui locum, 2, 4, 9; lex iubet angrem in demortui locum qui petat in contione nominare, ad Her. 1, 20; nostri familiares fere demortui, Cic. Att. 16, 11, 7; nec deinde unquam in demortui locum censor sufficit, Liv. 5, 31, 7; pontifices creati—et Q. Fulvius Flaccus in locum P. Scantini demortui, 23, 21 f.; sacerdotes aliquot eo anno demortui sunt notione suffecti, 26, 23, 7; tantum hominum demortuum esse...ut...40, 19, 7; instituit quotannis in demortuorum locum...subsortitio a praetore fieret, Suet. Caes. 41; add Aug. 10 and 31; Assaceno cuius regnum fuerat demortuo, regioni praerant mater eius, Curt. 8, 10, 22 (8, 37); and met., Potationes plurimae demortuae, Pl. St. 1, 3, 57—leaving a sad gap; **2**. in legal lang. perh. simply die, si servus petitus vel aliud animal demortuum sit, Ulp. dig. 6, 1, 15, 3; add 21, 1, 31, 11; posse eumne in demortui mancipia, 4, 4, 11, 5; **3**. met. die of love for, w. acc., Ea demortuit, Pl. Mil. 4, 1, 23; add 4, 2, 49.

**dēmum**, adv. [might have been a superl. of de but that Liv. Andr. used demus says Paul. ex F. 70 M] at last, and so w. adv. of time, as w. nunc, now at last, and not until now, n. demum scio, Pl. Mil. 2, 6, 62; Epid. 3, 4, 22; uab n. dēmum intellego, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 12; n. d. rescribo his litteris quas..., Cic. Att. 16, 3, 1; **2**. w. igitur then at last, and not till then, igitur dēmum omnes scient Quae facta, Pl. Amph. 1, 2, 11; miserum est quod legitur demum fodere puteum culi (so R) sitis fauces tenet, Most. 2, 1, 33; add Rud. 4, 2, 26; **3**. w. tum, Si id facies tum dēmum scibis, tibi qui bonus sit, qui malus, Pl. Mil. 4, 8, 55; add Men. 2, 2, 71; t. d. consilia nostra commutanda erunt, Att. in Cic. Att. 9, 10, 4; t. d. Liscus...quod antea tacebat proponit, Caes. b. g. 1, 17, 1; add 1, 50, 2; 5, 33, 1; t. d. periculo...compertum est..., Sal. Cat. 2, 2; t. d. impulsu Latini, Liv. 2, 20, 11; add 2, 20, 1; 40, 50, 4; Tum dēmum uoluntque Ceres animatumque recepit, Ov. F. 4, 615; tunc dēmum..., her. 11, 91; tunc dēmum intelleges...quum didiceris..., Sen. ep. 121, 3; **4**. w. ibi of time, Ibi dēmum ita aegre tulit ut..., Ter. Hee. 1, 2, 53; **5**. or the time may be defined in other ways, as: Postquam quidem praetor recuperatores dedit, Damatus dēmum..., Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 37; Ego nouos maritus anno dēmum quinto et sexagesimo Fiam..., Ter. Ad. 5, 8, 15; unas post idus Martias dēmum litteras accepi, Poll. ad Cic. 10, 31, 4; quarta uix dēmum exponitur hora, Hor. s. 1, 5, 23; decimo dēmum pugnamus anno, Ov. M. 13, 209; hieme dēmum...queram qui l potissimum tibi exhibeam, Plin. ep. 7, 2, 2; non dēmum legiones aduersae pugnae exenit, Tac. an. 1, 64; **II** **6**. w. the pronn. is hic ille, and first is, this and this nothing short of this, Nam id dēmum lepidumst triparcos homines uetulos aridos Bene admordere, Pl. Pers. 2, 3, 20; Verum

enim nero id demum inuait si quem aequomst facere is bene facit, Ter. Ad. 2, 3, 2; sic enim sentio, id demum aut potius id solum esse miserum quod turpe sit, Cic. Att. 8, S, 1; id demum mihi uiuere atque frui anima uidetur qui... Sal. Cat. 2, 9; idem nelle atque idem nolle, ea demum firma auicita est, 20, 4; 7. so w. the adv. from is, as ibi demum there and not till you get there, nulla adeque est Acherus Atque ubi ego fui, in lapideis illis. Ibi (miss seem to have illis ibi) demumst locas, Vhi... Pl. Capt. 5, 4, 3; Cardia tace subit: ibi demum uita labore... Stat. silu. 2, 3, 14; Te Melagre subit: ibi demum cuspidata latus Harist, Stat. Theb. 2, 474 (but Müller has tibi demum per P); 8. ita demum, in no way short of this, so only, speaking of a sine qua non, tam numerosum agnec reorum ita demum uidebamur posse superari si per singulos exarperetur, Plin. ep. 3, 9, 11; quibus ita demum similis adolescet si... 3, 3, 2; ita demum a fide non abhorrent si... 9, 2, 30; add 4, 3, 14; si plus humoris (in dropsy) excurrunt quam adsumitur, ita demum secundae ualeatūinis spes est, Cels. 3, 21, p. 107, 26 Dar.; add Suet. Claud. 25; Vit. 14; 9. sic demum, the same, Sic demum locus Stygis et regna inuia uisus Aspicies, Verg. 6, 155; 10. not often w. hic or ille, Me quoque... similis fortuna... hac demum noluit consistere terra, Verg. 1, 628; Nulla inuentus spes est: sese omnes amant: Ille demum antiquis est adulescent moribus, Pl. Capt. 1, 1, 37—he and none but he; ille demum in id quod quaerimus... poterit eadere qui ante disceat recte dicere quam cito, Quint. 2, 4, 17; Illi 11. so far w. prefixed pron. or defined time; also absol., in short, ea sunt enim demum non ferenda, Cic. rep. 2, 28; Immemor est demum nec frugum munere dignus Quirinus, Ov. M. 15, 122; but in Tac. or. 26 Halm has deinde; 12. at last, Sic demum socios consumpta nocte reuise, Verg. 2, 795.

**déniqué**, adv. [2 possibly demum + que (as in quisque); perhaps = donique, whence donec, wh. see, esp. Vit. in § 2], lastly, at last (G. zuletzt, Fr. enfin), Imperator... Pro se quisque; Denique ut uolubimus, nostra superat manus, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 50; denique Alcumena Iuppiter Rediit antiquum in coniugis concordiam, 1, 2, 12; Nisi quia lubet experiri quod enarrastis denique t, Trin. 4, 2, 93; ferme ut quisque rem accuat suam, Sic ei procedit post principia denique t, Pers. 4, 1, 4; add Bac. 2, 3, 60; Trac. 2, 4, 47; Tandem atque odio denique effecit senex, Ter. Hec. 1, 2, 45; qui fit denique? Pl. 1, 2, 121; Haec denique\* eius fuit postrema oratio, 4, 3, 44; 2. often at the close of an enumeration, Tibi aras, tibi oecus, tibi seris, tibi idem motes (al. metis), Tibi denique iste pariet lactium labos, Pl. Merc. prod. 72; denique si conferendum exemplumst, non fratrem uidet... Ter. Ad. 1, 13; primum omnium...; deinde deos denique\* immortales huic inuictio populo... auxilium esse laturos, Cic. Cat. 2, 19; qui tot annos ita uiuo ut a nullius inquam me tempore aut commodato aut otium meum abstraxerit aut uoluptas auocarit aut d. somnus retardarit, Arch. 12; tribuo illis... non adino... d. etiam si quae sibi alia sumunt, non repugno, Plac. 9; add Manil. 49; Mil. 100; 3. the last term in such a series is likely to be the most important, and so fit to supersede them all, hence, nay, in short, Pernegabo atque obduro, perinabo denique t, Pl. As. 2, 2, 78; Vbi nominabit Phaedriam, tu Pamphilum Continuo; siquid illa... si laudabit... tu...; denique Par pro pari referto, Ter. Eun. 3, 1, 54; in psallia hac euunda hic adiutor fuit; Hic curant; prodosse aequonst; alii meliores erant; Denique hic (sc. Aeschylus) noli fieri, Ad. 5, 9, 12; quare secedant improbi, secedunt se a bonis, tunum in locum congregatur, muro d. l... discernantur a nobis, Cic. Cat. 1, 32; prius unda flammis ut ait poeta nescio quis, prius denique omnia quam aut cum Antonis res publici aut cum re publica Antonii redem in gratiam, Phil. 13, 49; at nobis est domi inopia, foris esse alienum; mala res, spes multo asperior; d. quid reliqui habeamus praeter miseram animam? Sal. Cat. 20, 13; quippe qui omnia, arma tela, locos tempora, d. naturam ipsam, ceteris im-

peritantem, industria uicarat, Ing. 76, 1; Denique in aduerso uenientem limite sedit Exclusura deum, Ov. M. 2, 814; recipiunt enim amores odia iras misericordiam urbanitatem, omnia denique quae in uita... uersantur, Plin. ep. 7, 9, 13; quorum ego uirtutes plerasque arbitror similes, consilium, ordinem diuidendi, praeparandi, probandi, rationem—omnia denique quae sunt inuentionis, Quint. 10, 1, 106; add 119; non uti cibis uariis minimeque inulentiis aut legitimis olebris is quae celeriter descendunt, omnia denique sumere quae tarde concoquantur, Cels. 1, 61... quicquid denique... 2, 28; 4. sometimes carelessly, this denique has postremo or ad postremum to follow, as denique... postremo... Varr. 1, 8 §§ 19 and 20, p. 420 Sp.; isto modo etiam disertus atque idem mathematiciens, misiens, omni d.\* doctrina eruditus, postremo philosophus, Cic. N. D. 3, 23; omnes urbes agri regna d., postremo etiam uetustitia uestra uenierint, agr. 2, 62; add Cat. 2, 25; fam. 2, 15, 4; primum...; denique...; ad postremo...; Inst. 23, 1, 13—17; 5. like demum, in the phrases nunc d. now and not till now; tum d., then and not till then; is d. this and nothing short of this, tantum (amoris) accessit, ut mihi nunc d. amare uidear, antea dilexisset, Cic. fam. 9, 14, 5; Prisca inuent alios; ego me nunc denique natum (gratulus, Ov. a. a. 3, 121; Talis in umbrosis mitis nunc denique siluis Deflet Threicium Paulias aie Itryn, Albion. 1, 105; 6. Tum denique homines nostra intellegimus bona, Quom quae in potestate habuimus ea amissimus, Pl. Capt. 1, 2, 39; opinio... quae tum d. non appellatur recens, cum uetustate exaruit, Cic. Tusc. 3, 75; posteritatem ita semper prospiciat, quasi, cum excessisset e uita, tum d. uicturus esset, sen. 82; add leg. 2, 10; tin. 1, 64; 3, 76; Tum. 6 f.; S in.; add Q. fr. 1, 1, 20; Caecin. 100; or. 2, 315; 7. is d. bonis mihi uideri solet qui... propter magna merita claris uiris defertur, Cic. fam. 10, 10, 1; Siqua miti dempto casta est, ea denique casta est, Ov. am. 3, 4, 3; 8. =demum in other combinations, ne is...sexagesimo denique anno dedecore...notetur, Cic. Quinct. 99, ef. Ter. Ad. 5, 8, 15; Milonis consulatus, qui uiuo Clodio labefactari non poterat, mortuo denique temptari coeptus est, Cic. Mil. 34; totis indignis motibus ille Te tenet...; At mihi conspiciis posita nisi denique mensa, Ov. her. 15 (16), 215—cf. Hor. s. 1, 5, 23; 9. in §§ 5, 6, 7 denique must follow nunc, tum, is, and omnis or quisquis of § 8; but in those preceding, it may come first, or may follow an important word, as in exx. markel\*, or even come last, see f.

**dénix?** adv. [supplies a part. denixus fm. a vb. deni-], with all one's might, denixe enixe, Gloss. Placid., prob. fm.; Atqui ipsum ego acrum tibi relinqui ob eam rem denixe exopto, Pl. Trin. 3, 2, 20 (so Bergk Cens. p. 1140)—wb. ass against inctre: enixe.

**dénno**, (old denuod\*) [for dē nouō], afresh, anew, again, cf. εκαυρος, de integro, von neuem; siquid nuncum sareti potest, Vsque manant neque... id facinus doneum Parietes ruunt; tum adheant aedis totas denue, Pl. Most. 1, 2, 36; (At) id me faciant quod uolent (ass nolunt), ni ob istam orationem Te liberasso denuod\* (so T H K, ef. Ritschl Pl. Excurse; ass denno), et ni Scapham enicasso, 1, 3, 65; add Pers. 5, 2, 48; Rad. 4, 4, 59; habet hic pugnam aliquam denno, Ter. Eun. 5, 2, 60; iube mihi denno Respondere, 4, 4, 24; recita denno, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 37; quinius annus cum in te praetorem incidisset euis denno est (Sicilia), 2, 2, 139; Fabius in Etruria rebellante denno quattuor milia et quingentos Persurorum occidit, Liv. 10, 31, 3; d. in uoluntarium exilium proficiscitur, Just. 5, 5, 8; 2. of return to a former state, back again, Nam tu quemuis confitemen facile tuis facis facis; Emuleni ex confidite actatum diffidentem denno, Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 15; Aperi, deprone inde atri ad hanc rem quod sat est; Continuo operito denno, Trin. 3, 3, 75.

**dē-pello**, ēre, pulsī, pulsus, push down, thrust down, Etiam depellis mihi manum palaestricos, Afran. ap. Non. 403, 20; (stomachus) agitatione et motibus linguae cum depulsum et quasi detractum cibum accipit, depellit, Cic.



N. D. 2, 135; et simulacra deorum depulsa sunt et statuæ uterum hominum deiecit, Cat. 3, 19; Non equitem dorso, non frenum depellit ore, Hor. ep. 1, 10, 38; illis in supra succum reuocari natura uaporis, his in inferas partes depelli uimore decedulo, Plin. 2, 189; umbrosi Thyrsanthi arcibus ornos Depulerat, Val. F. 3, 506;

2. drive down, force down, per hiemem aquam de agro depelli oportet, Cato r. 155, 1; demoueri et depelli de loco necesse est eum qui deliciatur, Cic. Caec. 49; cum...multis telis coniectis defensores nullo munitionibus depellerent, Caes. b. g. 3, 25, 1; qui saepe solibus Pastores omnium teneros depellere fetis—from the hills—, Verg. B. 1, 22; 3. esp. mil. l. w. loco etc., dislodge (gen. from higher ground), si nostros depulsos loco uilisset, Caes. b. g. 7, 49; 2. sumum iugum nacti hostes loco depellunt, 7, 67, 3; add b. c. 3, 52, 2; locum capere paulo quam alii editiorem neque inde maxima ui depelli quierunt, Sal. Jug. 58, 3; 4. and met., contra illos principes adfectos aut depulsos loco, Cic. rep. 1, 68; gradu depulsus est (Nerxes), ps. Nep. Them. 5, 1; 5. ward off (a weapon) gen. by a downward blow, qui tela depellere debeant, Cic. Quint. 8; At nolis aerata, Lares, depellite tela, Tib. 1, 10, 25; nato non depulsi ictus Iuppiter, Val. F. 6, 652; and met. ab aris focus ferrum flammamque, Cic. Sest. 90; cibo et potione famis sitisque depulsa est, fin. 1, 37; moribus, fam. 7, 26 f.; Caes. b. g. 6, 17, 2; augurio...pestem, Verg. 9, 325; classibus ignem, 5, 726; add 9, 78; 9, 109; frigus duramque famem, Hor. s. 1, 2, 6; mortem fratri, Ov. her. 14, 130; 6. knock down from, knock off (still what is elevated), a ciuibus iugum, Cic. rep. 2, 46; hanc molem mali a ceruicibus nostris, Cat. 3, 17; a singulis uobis uincula, Liv. 6, 18, 8;

7. d. a matre, mamma, lacte, wean, Depulsim mammae paedagogum accipit, Afran. ap. Fest. 281 M; cum depulsi sunt agni a matribus, Varr. r. 2, 2, 17; cum porci depulsi sunt a mamma, 2, 4, 16; Depulsos a lacte...agnos, Verg. B. 7, 15; depulsus ab ubere matris, G. 3, 187; Iam lacte depulsam leonem, Hor. od. 4, 15; annicula mula recte a matre depellitur (siss rep.), Colum. 6, 37, 11; 8. absol. Dulce satis humor, depulsis arbutus lacris, Verg. B. 3, 82; annicula (capellæ) depellenda suboles, Cot. 7, 6, 8; 9. gen. in uict. from some of the preceding, Nec tuis depellat dictis quin rumor seruiam, Pl. Trin. 3, 2, 14; de suscepta causa propositaque sententia nulla contumelia...possit depellere, Cic. Lig. 26; sententia, Tusc. 2, 16; Liv. 23, 8, 3; de spe comatque, Cic. Cat. 2, 14; magna spe, Liv. 31, 25 f.; recto depellere cursu, Hor. s. 2, 5, 78; qui recta uia depulsus est, Quint. 2, 17, 29.

dē-sēro, ēre, sēruī, sertus, vb. [sero put, cf. exsero put out, insero put in], lit. put down, mulier telam desierit (al. desinit), Ter. Haut. 3, 6, 34; Nam uenero seu stipes habet desertus in agris Seu uetus in triuio florea sarta lapis, Tib. 1, 1, 11; 2. met. put down and so leave in the lurch, desert, abandon (whom one is bound to support)—cf. destituito, deficio—Deserere illum et deinuare in rebus aduersis puleit, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 63; set quaeso pater Ne me in stultitia si deliqui deserat, Bac. 4, 9, 90; compare meo meum Ne deserat me (so Bothe and R; siss me) atque ad hostis transeat, Ter. And. 1, 3, 10; tam antem hoc timet Ne deserat se, Ter. And. 1, 3, 35; add 56; tu...me in his deseruisti malis, Haut. 2, 3, 17; an tu cum me in sumam expectationem adduxeris, deseris? Cic. Tusc. 1, 39; cum amici partim deseruerint me, partim etiam prodiderint, ad Q. fr. 1, 3, 5; ueritas ne ab omnibus desereretur, Caes. b. g. 5, 3, 6; ne facto initio belli ab reliquis desereretur, 7, 2, 2; add 1, 15, 1; 3. by a bold figure, d. se, be wanting in duty to oneself, Qui lubidus male loqui? Quia tu tete de-eris? Pl. Epid. 1, 1, 95; Petreus non deserit sese. Armat familiam..., Caes. b. c. 1, 75, 2; 4. in §§ 2, 3 agent and obj. both living; also w. abstr. acc., esp. of a duty, Si lucri quid datur, potius rem diuinam deseram, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 33; uigila ne tuam causam...deseras, Cic. fat. 12; add Sol. 58; fam. 1, 54, 3; Liv. 2, 54, 8; Ov. tr. 1, 9, 65; officium, Cic. off. 1, 28; fin. 1, 24; Caes. b. v. c. 3, 18, 1; non de-

seram neque...fratris...preces nec Sestii...promissa, nec spem...Tereuflae nec...Tulliolae observationem—be wanting on my part to al—, Cic. Att. 3, 19, 2; 5. with non-living agent, leave in the lurch, fail, Nam perniciat deserit?; consitus sum Senectute, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 4; Nunc simul res fides fama uirtus deces Deseruerunt?, Most. 1, 2, 65; Set Simo ita nunc uentus naniem non-tram deseruit. Quid est? 3, 2, 49; genua hunc cursorem deserant, Merc. 1, 2, 12; multo tardius fama deseret Curium, Cic. Tusc. 1, 110; facerem diuitias nisi me lucerna desereret, Att. 7, 7, 7; Causa eris Roma, donec te deserat (al. deserat) aenas, Hor. ep. 1, 20, 10; add A. P. 41; iam Tiberium corpus, iam uires, nondum dissimulato decerebat, Tac. an. 6, 56 (50), 1; 6. simply abandon, leave, go away from, ager decumans...propter istius auaritiam desertus est, Cic. Ver. 2, 3, 120; cunctis oppidis castellisque desertis, Caes. b. g. 2, 29, 2; primo incendendum Anaricum, post deserendum cenerat, 7, 30, 2; 7. as intrans. see \* in § 5; also esp. in mil. language desert (but not necess. by going over to the enemy), fail to appear (sc. d. militiam), ire in aciem coactus deseruit, Quint. 9, 2, 85; desertui tempestatibus fluminibus ualentine impeditus, 3, 6, 78; si ad diem commentus quis non ueniat, perinde in omni statuendum ac si euasisset ad deseruisset, Modest. dig. 49, 16, 3, 7; eum qui carcere effracto fugerit, etiamsi ante non deseruit capite puniendum, Maer. ib. 49, 16, 13, 5; 8. pass., deseruerunt potius a re publica quam a re familiari, Cic. Att. 16, 3, 1; add 3, 15, 2; 4, 10, 1; Clu. 110; Caes. b. g. 5, 34, 2; 7, 2, 2 above; add \* above; 9. so far w. ab, without ab only in Deseror amissis regno patriaque domoque Coniunge qui..., Ov. her. 12, 161; a construction copied, says Prof. Munro, in Mayor's *lucten*, ad 1, 13, from the like use of *desertus* as 10. desertus, reft. of, Sic Helene dolet desertaque coniuge plorat, Ov. her. 5, 75; Defectus amnis et desertus miribus, Phaedr. 1, 23 (21), 3; fumant desertae gurgite ualles, Stat. Th. 4, 707; desertus suis cadret, Tac. an. 3, 20 f.; 11. desertus as adj., deserted, left destitute, desertior, Cato or. ap. Fest. 286 M; Cic. Pis. 55; desertissima solitudo, Verg. 2, 5, 171; 11.2. desertum, i. as sb. n. a desert, gen. in pl., Libyæ deserta peragro, Verg. 1, 384; Sed me Parmasi deserta per ardua, G. 3, 291; deserta uasta, Plin. 5, 26; laeus Lycomedis desertis circumdactis, 5, 27; desertorum feras, 32, 144; also in sing. Prud. apoth. 774; Hier. ep. 125, 2.

dē-sīno, ēre, sīni? or ii, itus, vb. lit. put down, lay down—cf. situs part., situs sb.—mulier telam desinit (so Bemb. 1 m. al. deserit, of same meaning), Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 64; 2. met. lay down, put aside, leave off, give up, abandon, cease, libenter artem desinerem technique uiderem, Cic. fam. 7, 1, 4; Desine Maenalis, iam desine tibia uersus, Verg. B. 8, 61; querellas (al. al.), Ov. M. 6, 215; deprecantibus (mathematicis) ac se artem desituros prouidentibus ueniam dedit, Suet. Tib. 36; non ad augendum sed ad desinendum seditionem legem hanc esse, Gell. 2, 12, 3; cum iam attem athleticam desisset, 15, 16, 2; Titania desine bella, Sil. 12, 725; cruciatum Apul. M. 5, 6; Ingubres uoces, 5, 7; luctum desine et pone maerorem, 5, 25; 3. gen. w. inf., Quam magistro desinebat esse dicto obediens, Pl. Bac. 3, 35; amare, 1, 1, 67; Ps. 1, 3, 73; uirum obseruare, Men. 1, 2, 13; ludos facere, 2, 3, 34; add Aul. 3, 5, 40; tua quod nihil refert percontari desinas, Ter. Hec. 5, 3, 12; add Andr. pr. 22; Eun. pr. 16; mirari, Cic. or. 2, 59; caput petere, Quint. 29; defendere, fam. 1, 9, 26; uocare, 11, 25, 2; te ad cenam itare desisse moleste fero, 9, 24, 2; incurrere in crimen, Planc. 91; desinit de compositione loqui, Caes. b. c. 3, 19 f.; sequi, Hor. od. 1, 23, 11; referre, 3, 70; ludere, 3, 15, 4; flectere, 4, 1, 4; sectari, s. 1, 2, 78; certare, ep. 1, 18, 29; querere, Ov. M. 10, 412; ostentare, 13, 350; fallere, 5, 308; esse, F. 4, 229; 4. w. pass. inf. both desino desi and desitus sum, nunquam moueri desuit, Cic. rep. 6, 27; necliter postea desitum t, 2, 59; conuentus fieri deseruit\*, Att. 1, 19, 9; legi sunt desitae\*, Brut. 123; Papius est uocari desitae\*,

fam. 9, 21, 2; desitum\* est nideri quiequam in socios iniquum, off. 2, 27; contra eos desitum\* disputari, fin. 2, 43; Desiderant uerbi, Lucr. 4, 402; Desinite luctu quæstus lacrimas fundere, CIL 1008, 13; desiderant iam nulla contemni bella, Liv. 6, 6; at auctor Desinat inquiri, Ov. M. 1, 616; Persei nūquam...desitum\* celebrari nomen, Liv. 42, 49, 7; in sole sidera ipsa desinunt cerni, Quint. 8, 5, 29; donec ab eo quæri desineret, 11, 3, 6; censores, creati desitos\*, longo intervallo creant, Suet. Aug. 37; 6. absol. w. inf., esp. loquid, understood, ali desine (pron. desin) nimis incepta, Pl. Rud. 3, 3, 10; ali pergasne? iam iam desino, Ter. Ad. 3, 6, 67; add Andr. 5, 6, 8; Eun. 2, 3, 56; Desierat: coepi, Ov. F. 4, 215; Desieram: coepit, 4, 217; Vix bene desieram, 5, 278; Vix bene desierat, 6, 513; 6. w. esse understood, cease to be, cease, end, omne bellum sumi facile, ceterum agerrime desinere, Sal. Ing. 83, 1; quo ferrea primum Desinet ac toto surget gens aurea mundo, Verg. B. 4, 9; Desierant imbres, Ov. M. 5, 285; Propter me mota est, propter me desinat ira, her. 3, 89; cetera non minus quam ipsi homines occidunt desinuntque, Plin. ep. 2, 10, 4; Pyrenæi desinentis scopulis, Flor. 4, 12, 46 (2, 33, 1); 7. esp. of rhetoric, quæ similiter desinunt, Cic. or. 3, 206; quotiens incipit sensus neli desinit, Quint. 9, 4, 67; 8. w. in and acc., end (in), ut turpiter atram Desinat in piscem, Hor. A. P. 3; nunc quæ tenuissima eanda Desinit in piscem, Ov. M. 4, 727; quod...in uolam (ali uola) desinat fulgor, Plin. 37, 121; 9. by Gr. idiom, w. gen., desine mollium tandem querelarum etc., Hor. od. 2, 9, 17; cf. Ἀγασὶ ὀδυρόντων περιθῶν τε δακρύων, Eur. Phœn. 1071; sim., ab uno, Prud. stroph. 11, 63; but d. communibus locis in Cic. Acad. pr. 2, 80 is no doubt corrupt; 10. for pass. pers. see \* in § 4; 11. pass. imp. coeptum per eos..., desitum est per lunc..., Cic. p. Cornel. ap. Prisc. 1, 530, 20 K; Tunc bene desinitur, Ov. a. a. 1, 411; sermone abhine multis annis iam desito uerbi, Gall. 1, 10, 2; add 7 of § 4; but desitis in Varr. r. 1, 23, 6, prob. corrupt.

destina, ae, f. [see destino], a mooring chain, sin proper ductus...destinae areas non poterint continere, Vitr. 5, 12, 3; 2. met. Atlantem...tibicinem illum ac destinam caeli, Arnob. 2, 60 f.; Et Thomas Libyæ mutans dēstina terræ, Corip. land. Iust. 1, 18. dēstinaēte, see destino, § 13.

dē-stīno, āre, vb. [destina sb.]; but cf. prae-stīno, ob-stīno; seems to imply a vb. steno and adj. stenus=στένος, confined), fasten down, funes qui antennis ad malos destinabant, Caes. b. g. 3, 14, 6; has (rates) quaternis ancoris...destinabat, l. v. 1, 25, 7; laqueis falces arcebant, quas cum destinauerant, tormentis intorsus reducebant, Liv. 42, 3, 22; 2. areæ...in aquam demittende destinadque, Vitr. 5, 12, 3; 3. in purchases, secure the right to, esp. by earnest money (cf. praestīno), purchase, Minus triginta sibi pœllam destināt, Datque arrabonem, Pl. Rud. prol. 45; quid eas, quanti destināt? Talentis magnis totidem quot ego et tu sumas; Set arrabonē has dedit quadragesima minas, Most. 3, 1, 113; add 4, 2, 58; Pers. 4, 3, 72; 4, 4, 115; Taceo: ad lenonem uenio tribus in libertatem milibus Destinē, Lucil. ap. Non. 289; quod tibi destinatus παραδοχῶρον, Cic. fam. 7, 23, 3; 3. fix with the eye in aiming, aim at, non capita solum hostium vulnerabant, sed quoniam locum destinasset oris, Liv. 38, 29, 7; quo dē-siores erant, hoc plura, uelut destinatum—a fixed mark—pœtentibus, uulnera accipiebant, 38, 26, 7; 4. met. fix upon or mark off, esp. for a purpose, destine, ne...tela in nostros operi\* destinatos conicere possent, Caes. b. g. 7, 72, 2; add horum mortis destinatum, Cic. Tusc. 5, 63; corum alteri diem necis d., off. 3, 45; me destināt arae\*, Verg. 2, 129; cadis tibi\* destinatis, Hor. od. 2, 7, 20; nemini dulcius erat quā (Q.) Fabius omnium consensu (consul) destinaretur, Liv. 10, 22, 1; cum patrum destināt animis magno Alexandro ducem, 9, 16 f.; non de a purpose, animis Zeuxippi auctorem destinabant caedis, 33, 28, 5; 5. w. a dat. of purpose, as in \* of § 4; add: Auticlyram illis,

Hor. s. 2, 3, 83; palliis se usibus, Vell. 2, 81, 3; huius spei, Quint. 1, 1, 8; foro, 2, 8, 8; add 3, 8, 42; 10, 7, 33; certis oneribus, Ulp. dig. 5, 1, 50, 1; sepulchrae, id. 11, 7, 2, 5; doti, id. 23, 3, 7, 3 f.; 6. w. ad, ad mortem, Liv. 2, 54, 40; add certamen, 33, 37, 7; ad bellum, ad scribendum, Quint. 5, 10, 9; 10, 3, 14; 7. w. in, saxo aureo in aliud destinato, Tac. h. 4, 53 f.; in fugam, Ann. 29, 6, 9; 8. w. inf., resolve, determine, make up one's mind, infectis iis quæ agere destinauerat, Caes. b. c. 1, 33, 13; add 6, 6, 7; 24, 2, 1; 29, 20, 2; 43, 7, 3; Ov. M. 8, 157, 10, 379; P. 1, 621; Phœdr. 4, pr. 1 (4, 27, 1); Quint. 5, 1, 3; 9. part. fixed irrevocably, certis destinatisque sententiis quasi addicti, Cic. Tusc. 2, 5; nullam certam aut destinatam legibus (disciplinam), rep. 4, 3; practer opinionem destinatum suorum, Liv. 28, 11, 9; 11. Ilo destinatum ac sb. n. resolve, resolution, intention, neque tuis neque Liniae destinatis aduersari, Tac. an. 4, 40 f.; destinata retinens, 6, 38 (32); add h. 4, 18; 11. ex destinato, in accordance with a previous resolution, intentionally, premeditatedly, peccaminus omnes...alii ex destinato, alii forte impulsu, Sen. elem. 1, 6, 3; add ben. 6, 10 f.; Suet. Cal. 43, 1; 12. destinato, as adv. the same, Suet. Caes. 60, 1; 13. destinare, adv. obstinately, persistently, d. certantibus, Amm. 18, 2, 7; comp. destinatus, 20, 4, 14; 20, 7, 10; 23, 1, 3; 27, 3, 1.

dēsultor, ōris, m. [desilio] a circus-rider who leaps from one horse to another, peritus belli alios eligit...ac docet, aliter...desultor, Varr. r. 2, 17, 15; quibus desultorum in modum binos trahentibus equos...in recentem equum ex fesso armatis transulare mōs erat, Liv. 23, 29, 5; semel quadrigis, semel desultore misit, 44, 9, 4; Neronem alterno desultor sidere dorso, Manil. 5, 85; 2. met., Non mihi mille placeant, non sum desultor amoris, Ov. suas. 1, 3, 15; desultorem bellorum ciuiliū (Bellum), Sen. an. 1, 8.

dēsultor-ius, adj. of a desultor (wh. see), equos, Suet. Caes. 39; 2. of the class desultores, Cic. Mur. 57; 3. met. d. scientia, (if text sound), Apul. M. 1, 11.

dēsultor-ix, ōis, adj. f. [desultor, wh. see, met. d. uirtus, Tert. Valent. 38].

dēsultor-ia, f. [id.] leaping down or off, Tu soli Salus: nam ego istam insuluram et desuluram nihil moror, Pl. Mil. 2, 3, 9.

dē-tēgo, ēre, tēxi, tectus, vb. strip of thatch or tiles, unroof, Detexit uentus uillam—and soon: Ita omnis de tecto deturbant tegulas, Pl. Rud. 1, 1, 3; quam aedes Iouis...netustate atque incuria detecta probaberetur, Nep. Att. 20, 3; aedem Iunonis Lacinae ad partem dimidiām detegit, id satis esse rotas ad tegendum quod aedificauerat, Liv. 42, 3, 1—3; Deerat romi: porticus, gymnasium, publica acubina detegebant, bell. Alex. 13, 2; and met., Igitur tum speciem cernitur quo eueniat aedificatio... Venit ignia: ea mihi tempestas fuit, Quae mihi...grandinem imbrem attulit: Hæc uerecundiam mihi...Deturbabit detexitque... Non uidetur mihi Scire posse aedis meas, Pl. Most. 1, 2, 57; Hæc illast tempestas mea quæ mihi modestum omnem Detexit tectus quæ fui quom mihi Amor et Cupido In pectus perhinc manu, 1, 3, 7; 2. heuce of uncovering the head, Darlamus caput ecce puer detectus honestum, Verg. 10, 133; pedibus anteit capite detecto seu sol seu imber esset, Suet. Caes. 57; 3. met. in gen., remove a covering, strip off, tum detegetur corum de tergo meo, Pl. Epid. 1, 1, 63; 4. uncover, w. acc. of what is left uncovered, strip, lay bare, quia posset fieri ut patefacta et detecta (corpora) muturent, Cic. ad. pr. 122 (of a post-mortem dissection); Nunc quoque detecti (i.e. the naked Iupercii) referunt monumenta netusti Romæ, Ov. F. 2, 301; et grandia detegit ossa, M. 9, 169; 5. met., insidias, Liv. 10, 4, 10; fraudem, 22, 43, 1; furta, Ov. a. a. 2, 428; intimos adfectus meos, Sen. ep. 96, 2; malignitatem, Tac. dial. 25; iudicium animi sui, ibi; animi secreta, Quint. 11, 1, 30; mores se inter ludendum simpliciter nectunt, 1, 3, 12; 6. as adj. naked, bare, hyacinthus detegit... nec propensæ perspicuitate detector, Sol. 39, 32.

**dēter-ior**, ōris, adj. doub. comp. (simples a lost comp. deter or deterus, from detj lit. lower, but in use only inferior, worse, not necessarily bad. Nam strenuiter deterior si praecitatus sua pargnas, de illius ore sunt sordidae, Pl. Epil. 3, 4, 10; Set tu obliuans me a peccatis rapis deteriolem in miam, Trin. 3, 2, 54; tu segetem deteriolem, Acc. ap. Cic. Tusc. 2, 13; ruina rem non fecit deteriolem; hand scio au iam fructuosiora, Att. 14, 11 f.; qui suo aduentu uetigalia sibi deteriora faceret, Caes. b. g. 1, 36, 4; Deteriore...forma muliercula, Lucr. 4, 1279; Deterior...actas, Verg. 8, 326; uideo meliora probroque: Deteriora sequor, Ov. M. 6, 21; Deterius nihilo dominae ius esse, Hor. s. 1, 5, 67; 2. superl. lowest, worst, deterius or -imus, Verum meliora sunt quam quae deterrima, Pl. Trin. 2, 3, 2; ut...ex bono in deterium conuersum sit, Cic. rep. 2, 47; 3. adv. on a lower scale, worse, Ne qui deterius huc sit quam quoi pessumest, Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 80; add Cic. fin. 1, 8; Hor. ep. 1, 10, 19.

**dē-uerbēro**, āre, vb. flog to the utmost, Quot me censes homines iam dēuerberasse usque ad necem? Ter. Ph. 2, 2, 13; dēuerberatum serum, Lact. 2, 7 f.

**dēuerbium**, see dēuerbium.

**dēuergentia**, ae, f. [dēuergo], declination, eireulorum caeli ex dēuergentia et conuexionibus muniti uarietas, Gell. 14, 1, 8.

**dē-uergo**, ēre, vb. slope down, incline downwards, terrena nequamquam, dēuergit enim poudere, Apul. d. deo Socr. 9. **Dēuerr-a**, ae, f. Goddess of down-sweeping, who watched over women after childbirth, tres nūcupatos deos Interdicionam a—, Piliunum a—, Deueram a scopis, Varr. ap. Aug. c. d. 6, 9.

**dē-uerro**, ēre, vb. sweep down, sw. wholly away, Quam non solum dēuerre scopis, Varr. ap. Aug. c. d. 6, 9 (s. Deuerra); humor omnis urinae dēuerrendus est, Colum. 7, 4, 5; 2. met. deuerrare se omnia ac dēuerre, Lucil. ap. Non. 420.

1. **dēuersor**, āri, vb. r. doub. fr. [dēuersor ari] keep turning off (from the high road), met., ad ipsa Platonis penetralia...pergendum est, non ad uoculorum uia amoenitatem...dēuersitandum, Gell. 1, 20, 6.

2. **dēuersor**, ōris, m. [dēuersor ari], one who turns off (a high road, or to a tavern) ante dēuersores diutius ingurgitata..., Petr. 79; d. cum parte cenulae intrucit, 95, 1.

1. **dēuersor**, āri, vb. r. fr. [dēuertor] turn aside (from the high road), take up one's quarters (for a time as a traveller at...) put up, Rubrum parum laute dēuersari, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 64; cum Athenis imperator apud eum dēuersaret, Tusc. 5, 22; hac te in domo (se. Pompeii) tandū dēuersari non pūdet? Phil. 2, 68; dēuersatis est Laodiceae apud Pompeium, Att. 6, 1, 25; add 13, 2; tecta aedificari (iubet) ubi dēuersari...possent, Liv. 44, 9, 11; add Apul. M. 1, 21 (bis); 2. met. mariti facies in meis dēuersatur oculis, Apul. M. 8, 9; 3. perh. denorsor for Cic. as also in foll.

2. **dēuersor**, ōris, m. [dēuertor] one who has put up at an inn, a traveller, campo eum quibusdam dēuersoribus illum...consequitur, Cic. inv. 2, 15.

**dēuersoriolum**, i, n. dim. [dēuersorium], a little roadside inn, Simplicianum d. contempstī, Cic. fam. 12, 20; add Att. 14, 8; C. Oppio, dēuersoriolo (se. Casaub. ej.); uss dēuersorio loco cesserit, Suet. Caes. 72.

**dēuersor-ius**, (older dēuers-) adj., for travellers to put up at, in tabernam dūcor dēuersorium, Pl. Truc. 3, 2, 29; si acer secundum uiam et oportuū uiatoribus locus, aedificanda tabernae dēuersoriae, Varr. r. 1, 2, 23; add Suet. Ner. 27; 2. dēuersorium, ii, as sh. n., a place for travellers to put up at, a roadside inn, libentis emerui dēuersorium Tarracinae, ne semper hospitio molestus sim, Cic. fam. 7, 23, 3; eius Falernum...idoneum uisum est dēuersorio, 6, 19, 1; add Att. 4, 12; or, 2, 234; Phil. 2, 104; and met. sen. 84; Rose. Am. 134; magis pro maiestate in dēuersorio hospitali...praetextam sumptuum, Liv. 21, 63, 10; add 1, 51, 2; Ulp. dig. 7, 1, 13, 8; 22, 2, 3; Apul. M. 7, 29; 9, 41.

**dē-uersus**, adv. downward, = deorsum uersus, Plaut. ex F. 71.

**dēuert-icūlum**, (old. d. uert.), i, n. a lane turning off from a high road, a byway, Vbi ad ipsum ueni dēuerticūlum, constiti, Ter. Eun. 4, 2, 7; wh. Don.: est ubi iter de uia dēuertit; quos tu Maeniorum dum omnes solitudines persequeris, quae dēuerticula flexionesque quaeristi? Cic. Pis. 53; uia Praenestina...dēuerticula sinistrorsum, Front. ap. 5; 2. met. a byway, ut ab rerum or line declinare, uarietibusque distinguendo opere legentibus uclut dēuerticula amoenia quaeremus, Liv. 9, 17, 1; qui taedio laboris...confingitur ad haec dēuerticula desidia, Quint. 12, 3, 11; depulsa recta uia ad eloquendi quaedam dēuerticula confugiat, 10, 1, 29; add 9, 2, 78; 3. esp. a byway for escape, a loophole, aliud fraudis et insidiarum...dēuerticulum repperit, Cic. Rose. com. 52; ne dēuerticula peccatis darentur—loopholes to escape by—, part. or. 136; inuenit dēuerticulum in fraudem (legum), Plin. 10, 140;

4. a cut or branch from a river, quod in fluminis publici dēuerticulo solus...piscatus sit, Papin. dig. 41, 3, 45; add Marc. 44, 3, 7; Th. C. 8, 5, 33; and perh. Plin. 29, 23; = dēuersorium, a road-side inn or looking, a cabaret, quum gladii aboliti ex omnibus locis dēuerticuli (called dēuersoria in § 2) protraherent, Liv. 1, 51, 8; Nero...lupanaria et dēuerticula...pererrabat, Tac. ann. 13, 25, 1; and met., Nec confidentia usquam hospitium nec dēuerticulis dolis, Pl. Capt. 3, 3, 8; 5. a digression, A dēuerticulo repetatur fabula, Inu. 15, 72; Sed dēuerticulo finimus fortasse loquaces...Nunc repetamus iter, Rutil. itin. 2, 61.

**dē-uerto**, (older dēuerto), ēre, uerti, uersus; and dēuertor\* ti, vb. lit. turn down, hence turn off (the high road, esp. for refreshment at an inn etc., put up for a time, obscuro hercle hortamini Vt dēuertatur\* ad me in hospitium optumum, Pl. Poen. 3, 3, 60; Vide sis ne forte ad merendum quopiam dēuertis, Most. 4, 2, 50; Ego dēuerto\* extra portam huc in tabernam tertiam, Ps. 2, 63; hoc est sextum a porta proximum Angiportum: in id angiportum me dēuerto\* iusserat, 4, 2, 6; dēuertoit\* Apud paternum suum hospitium, Mil. 2, 1, 50; apud te eos hic dēuertoit\* Dicam hospitio, 2, 2, 85; Ambo hospitium huc in proximum dēuerto\* mihi sunt uisi, 2, 4, 32; Nam hospes nullus tu in amici hospitium dēuerto\* potest, 3, 1, 146; cum Romam ueniebant, dēuertebatur\* (dēuertoit\*) pro hospitibus ad amicos suos, Cato orat. ap. Fest. 234 M; in urbem ueniens ex hortis dēuertoit\* ad nos, Varr. 1, 2, 12; sic, itineris causa ut dēuertoit\* (dēuertoit\*) R; dēuertoit\*, Daiter, Cic. Att. 3, 7, 1; Chironem in suos curiales hospitalem fuisse: ita enim instituisse...ut omnia praeberebantur quicunque Laciales in uillam suam dēuertisset, off. 2, 64; alterum ad coponem dēuertisset, ad hospitium alterum, diu. 1, 57; locum publice pararet ut dēuertoit\*, Liv. 42, 1, 7; quod Bouillas...dēuertisset ut expectaret domi Clodius a uilla sua exiret, Quint. 6, 3, 49; si qui...dēuertoit\* neque Tolosam ire uellent, Cic. Font. 19; haec (se. militaris uia)...assiduis dēuertentium hospitibus infestat rem familiarum, Colum. 1, 5, 7; licet in caupona gratis dēuertoit\*, Paul. dig. 4, 9, 6; add Apul. M. 1, 15, 2, 3; 4, 1, 4, 3; 9, 32, 10; 1, 4; Milonem dēuerto, 3, 42; 2. turn off, turn aside, gen., Deos salutatum atque uxorem modo intro dēuerto\* domum, Pl. St. 4, 1, 29; at Ego deos penates hinc salutatum domum dēuerto, Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 82; Hortensius...ad Terentium salutatum dēuertoit\*, Cic. Att. 10, 16, 5; se Pompeii conuenienti causa dēuertoit\* Massiliam, Phil. 13, 13; Castalam molli dēuertoit\* orbita clodii, Verg. 6, 3, 293; cum perperam...uia dēuertoit\*, Liv. 44, 43, 2; Alitis in rare miserum dēuertoit\* finus, Ov. am. 2, 6, 9; Docta, quid ad magicas dēuertoit\* artes? a. a. 2, 425; Quaque suo uentura potes dēuertoit\* curas, Lucan. 6, 591; dēuertoit\* uia cogebantur, Plin. pan. 52 f.; Aegypto dēuertoit\* in Africam, Curt. 4, 9, 1 (4, 35); inde namque dēuertoit\*, Liv. 45, 40, 2; in Syrian proficiscentem...Argos dēuertoit\*, Gell. 3, 9, 4; add Stat. Th. 3, 457; 3. turn off (to another subject), digress, sed redeamus illuc ueni offertur, Cic. fam. 12, 25, 5; dum ea in Peloponneso a quibus dēuertoit\* oratio geruntur, Liv. 39, 53, 1; in haec dēuertoit\* se

(so ead.; but deu.) non fuerit alienum. Hinc redeamus ad reliqua, Plin. 2, 28; 4. note refl. form in imper., simple in perf., as w. reuoror. Apul. gen. avoids refl. *dē-uescor*, cī, vb. r. eat up, Stat. Th. 1, 604.

**dextrāle**, (al) is, adj. n. as sb. [dextra] a bracelet for the right hand, Cyprian. hab. Virg. ex Isid. 3; = dextrochium, Gloss. Isid.; dextral genus ornamenti, Gloss. Balliol. v. Ellis in Camb. J. of Phil., Vol. 1, No. 2, p. 78.

**dif-fēro**, rre, dis-tūli, di-latus, vb. [dis, dif fero for dif-fero], carry a different way, non cum scapha tempestas dextero-um Differt ab illis, Pl. Rud. 2, 3, 39; 2. carry different ways, often w. violence, tear asunder, scatter, lam ego te faciam ut hic formicae frustillatim differant, Pl. Cure. 4, 4, 20; absque foret te... Distraxerunt disque tulissent satellites tui me miserum. Trin. 4, 1, 14—vb. note the tmesis; (alios) alia finctus differt, dissipat Viscerum membra, Enn. tr. ap. Non. 183, 17; uenti uis, nubila differt, Lucr. 1, 272; late differre familiam, 2, 676; add 6, 601; (genem) sic distulit uentus uti uno tempore agger pluiti testum... flammam conciperet, Caes. b. c. 2, 14, 2; passim eos simul panis terrore distulerant, Liv. 6, 42, 8; citae Metum in diuersa quadrigae distulerant, Verg. 8, 643; aquilo... uida differt nubila, G. 3, 107; Post insepulta membra differant lupi, Hor. epod. 5, 90; maiorem partem classis adorta uis Africi laeuerat ac distulit, Vell. 2, 79, 3; 3. scatter by trans-planting, transplant, Cytisum scribit in terra bene subacta... inde differtur, Varr. r. 1, 43; seras in uersum distulit ulmos, Verg. 4, 144; enatum (porcum capitatum) in his locis quibus aqua subministrari non potest differt debet circa acquinoctium autumnum, Colum. 11, 3, 32; rutam autumno semine satam mense Martio differe oportet, 11, 3, 38; add 11, 3, 42; parietem fore (myrtorum) ex quo nungulae differuntur, Plin. 17, 62; 4. be torn in pieces as it were by pain, physical effort, or passion, be distracted, miseram me, differor doloribus, Iuno Lucina for opem, Ter. Ad. 3, 4, 40; clamore defatigor differor, Pl. Epod. 1, 2, 15; burst; cupidine, Pon. 1, 1, 28; laetitia, Truc. 4, 1, 3; amore, Mil. 4, 2, 27; so (anore) Examinor fere differor distractor diripior, Cist. 4, 4, 20; desiderio, Turp. ap. Non. 173, 5;

5. melt, scatter to the winds or tear to pieces by abuse, eut nū, defame, blow up, te iam nisi reddi Mihi uasa inles, pipulo hie differam, Pl. Aul. 3, 2, 32; iam ego te differam dictis meis, Ps. 1, 3, 125; differat sermone, Caec. ap. Gell. 2, 23, 10 f.; Oratorem sperat inuenisse se Qui differtat te, Ter. Andr. 2, 4, 5; non me... Sermonem indecorans turpi fama differt? Acc. ap. Non. 124, 32; Et male dicendo in multis sermonibus differs, Lucil. ap. Non. 284, 19; aeterna differor inuidia, Prop. 1, 16 f.; add 1, 4, 22; 6. spread (rumours), ne mi hanc famam (so sss; Meurs. ej. me hac fama) differant Me germanam meam sororem in conubinatū tibi Si (so sss; ebl. ej. sic) sine dote dedidisse, Pl. Trin. 3, 2, 63; rumores distulerunt malinoli, Ter. Haut. pr. 16; qui male commissum libertatem populo Romano sermonibus distulerunt, Liv. 34, 49, 6; promissum inis ammorum fama distulit, Suet. Caes. 33; celeri rumore dilato Dionū um adlatam, ps. Nep. Dion. 10, 1; 7. so far w. rumor etc. expressed; also absol. in later l., spread a rumour, news, orders, differri per externos tamquam ueneno interceptus esset, Tac. an. 3, 12 m.; regemque fragor per moenia differt Mihi eiere uires, Val. F. 1, 753; differtur per manipulos Tacfarinatem omnes consecutur, Tac. an. 4, 25; II 8. postponing a matter scatters to the winds all arrangements for a time—hence put off, postpone, first w. ace. of thing, hanc disputationem in aliebatum tuum differo, Cie. fam. 15, 2, 3; 2. rem differre ac procrastinare coepert, Rose. Am. 26; te id quod promulgasses misericordie nomine ad crudelitatis tempestas distulisse, Val. 28; reliqua differamus in crastinum, rep. 2, 70; in postum oppugnationem, Caes. b. g. 7, 11, 5; add b. c. 1, 05, 5; 1, 86, 2; add Deiot. 21; Caes. b. c. 1, 86, 2; add 1, 05, 5; Differat in pueros Asia troepaea suos, Prop. 4, 6, 82; Distulit ira situm, Ov. M. 6, 360; mirararis

ut situm differat, Plin. ep. 1, 23, 7; 9. w. inf. nec ultra ad arma ire dilaturum, Liv. 42, 2, 2; ennetatus an, quae apud senatum proposuerat, agere differret, Suet. Caes. 81;

10. w. ace. of person, sin autem differi me in tempus aliud..., Cie. fam. 5, 12, 10; nec te uenturas differ in horas, Ov. rem. am. 93; add M. 13, 519; caros nec differ amicos, Mart. 13, 55, 1; 11. hence in pass. differri non posse adeo cunctatos animos, Liv. 7, 14, 3; add 25, 25, 3; 26, 33, 6; qui ad nouos magistratus dilati erant, 41, 8, 5; non differitur in diem qui se (philosophiae) subiecit, Sen. ep. 8, 7; ignari quid rogassent differerebantur, Plin. pan. 26, 2; add Just. 9, 6, 8; 12. w. ace. of time, in hae me causu tempus dilatum putas? Cie. fin. 4, 1; tempus... ita natum ut differi iam hora non possit, Phil. 6, 19; quum is deum de dif. differret, Liv. 25, 25, 4; 13. absolutely, nihil dilatum quin..., Liv. 6, 22, 9; non distulit quin..., Suet. Caes. 4; III 14. bear in another direction, have another bearing, and so gen. differ, first w. ab, Canillanones (pron. call) uis opinor dicere. Ita ut pauxillum differat a canilibus (pron. callibus), Pl. Truc. 3, 2, 18; a nobis... non differre uentum, Cie. Phil. 8, 32; add or. 66; 15. w. inter, ut hoc differant inter se quod..., Cie. or. 114; hi omnes..., inter se differunt, Caes. b. g. 1, 1, 2; 16. rarely w. res, (occasio) cum tempore hoc differat, Cie. inv. 1, 40; quid res cum re differat, 82; add 2, 92; 17. in poet. and later prose, w. dat. nisi quod pect certo Differ sermoni, sermo memis, Hor. s. 1, 4, 48; origo (margaritarum) conchae est hand multum ostracum conchis differens, Plin. 9, 107; 18. as vb. intrans., there is a difference, nihil inter deum et deum differt, Cie. N. D. 1, 80; nide quid differat inter meam opinionem et tuam, Caecil. 61; est quod differat... inter institum et nescundum, off. 1, 99; neque hilum Differre an (so sss it seems) ullo fuerit iam tempore natus, Lucr. 3, 868; quid enim differat baathrone...,? Hor. s. 2, 3, 166; nec quidquam differre ntrumne..., 2, 3, 251.

**dilaxo**, in Lucil. ap. Porphyry. ad Hor. s. 1, 2, 125 read w. L. Müller: cruribu' crura διαλασσων (ssis diallaxon or near it).

**dilectus**, (fratler than del.), ūs, m. [diligere or deligo], a levying of troops, perb. at first by selection, quod idem in dilectu (so B and virtually AHV) consules obseruunt, ut primus miles tali bono nomine, Cie. din. 1, 102; in hoc promissum dilectu (so M), Cie. fam. 15, 1, 5; dilectus circa mitem intermittitur, Caes. b. c. 1, 14, 4; neleranis (legionibus) in et reliquis quas ex mono dilectu confecerat, 1, 25, 1; dilectu decreto nemo nomen debet, Liv. 2, 27, 10; festuatis per Galliam dilectibus—and soon—e Britannico dilectu, Tac. b. 2, 57; qui ad dilectum non respondebant, Arr. dig. 49, 10, 10; qui filium debilitant dilectu per bellum indieto, ib. 12; 2. met. of holding a census at Rome (i.e. muster of an army), Perii: dilectum dimisit: nunc non censet, cum uolo, Pl. Rud. 4, 8, 15; atrumque (gen.) tibi nunc dilectum para, Ps. 1, 3, 158; 3. dilectum habere, to hold a levy, dilectum (so M) habere noluerit, Cie. fam. 15, 1, 5; add Caes. b. g. 6, 1, 2, 7, 1, 1; 7, 4, 3, and eleven times in b. c.; decreuunt ut consules dilectum (so Lord.; Kritz del.), Sal. Cat. 86, 3; habiti dilectus (so ss Amerb.; Kritz del.), renocati undique ueterani, Vell. 2, 111, 1; habiti per Galatiam... dilectus, Tac. an. 13, 35; and met. Ita uniariorum habentis nostrae dilectum (so sss) domi, Pl. Poen. 4, 2, 16; 4. agere dilectum, the same, Tac. b. 2, 16; 2, 82; Agric. 7, Quint. 12, 3, 5; 5. dil. in best sss of Cie. as above; add Vab. in Phil. 5, 31 (his); in Nipperdey's ABCD of Caes. b. g. 6, 1, 1; 7, 4, 3, and b. c.; so for Liv. Med. Lael. 1, Voss. 1, says Drak. ad 37, 15; 70; and P. n. in Alschefski; Madv. begins w. del. in 2, 7, 10 (his) and 2, 28, 5; but has it in 9, 10, 6; 9, 42, 9; 23, 17, 9; 25, 5; 5; 43, 15, 1; but Haase gives delectibus (?) in Sen. ira 3, 2, 4.

**di-ligo**, ere, lexi, lectus, vb. [ligo], lit. select, and so esteem, love, pick out for one's friendship and love, (w. or without merit), quem di diligunt Adulescens mouit,

Pl. Bac. 4, 7, 18; Ita ilium dilexit (c. a. nos) qui subrupit alterum, Men. prol. 41; satin haless si feminarium nullast quam aequè diligam? Amph. 1, 3, 11; Solus est quem diligam di, Ter. Andr. 5, 6, 9; Nam sine contronorsia ab dis solus diligere, Antipho, Ter. Ph. 5, 6, 14; Non pol quo quemquam plus amem aut plus diligam, Eun. 1, 2, 16; add Andr. 1, 5, 57; merces merito ut diligere, Turp. ap. Non. 468, 19; quos ego ambo unice diligo—and soon: me semper ut alterum parentem et observat et diligit, Cie. fam. 5, 8, 4; cum non solum beneficio sed amore etiam et perpetuo quodam iudicio meo diligebam, 1, 9, 6; non est uiri boni diligere quod per se non sit diligendum, leg. 1, 48; deligere oportet quem melis diligere, ad Her. 4, 29; clientes quos ab his dilectos esse constabat...una cremabantur, Caes. b. g. 6, 19, 4; ciuitates...magnis adfectae beneficiis eum diligebant, b. c. 1, 61, 3; Tantum infelicem nimium dilexit amicum, Verg. 9, 430; Dilecte Maecenas, Hor. od. 2, 20, 7; Vel non cognosset uel dilexisse negabit, Vsque adeo mutata ferar, Ov. M. 14, 151; et me dilexit Anap. 5, 117; 2. w. abstract obj. nihil est uirtute amabilius, nihil quod magis alliciat ad diligendum, quippe cum propter uirtutem...etiam eos quos nunquam nimis quodammodo diligamus, Cie. am. 28; officia (hominis) obseruantiamque, Balb. 63; Anream...mediocritatem, Hor. od. 2, 10, 6; 3. met., montes amant cedrus larix taeda...montes et ualles diligit abies, Plin. 16, 74; nasci (pira) tali solo maxime diligunt quale..., Pall. febr. 25, 1; II 4. dilectus as adj. loved, dear, often w. dat., o luce magis dilecta sorori, Verg. 4, 31; Dilecti Thetidi alcyones, G. 1, 399; Ioni, Hor. od. 1, 21, 4; fili, ep. 2, 1, 247; deae, Ov. M. 8, 755; superis, 10, 153; 5. hence in late wr., comp. Maer. s. 2, 1, 1; Claud. r. Pros. 3, 74; superl. Stat. Th. 8, 99; III 6. diligens, ntis, as adj., habitually distinguishing, attentive, even to trifles, particular, precise, careful, A. Set uide ex nau i eferantur quae imperari iam omnia. S. Et memor sum et diligens ut quae impares comparent, Pl. Amph. 2, 1, 83; etiam uerbis a nominibus ipsis fuit diligens, Cie. rep. 2, 40; in ostentis animaduertendis, diu. 1, 94; qui in re aduenticia atque hereditaria tam diligens, tam attentus esset, Verr. 2, 1, 126; qui uolunt diligentes circa hoc uideri..., Plin. 31, 56; in compositione adeo diligens ut cura eius reprehendatur, Quint. 10, 1, 79; 7. often of domestic affairs, homo frugi ac diligens qui sua seruare uellet, Cie. Verr. 2, 4, 39; si quis hominum prodigum et luxuriosum illudens parum et diligenter appellet, ad Her. 4, 46; de alieno negligentes, de suo diligentes, Plin. ep. 4, 13, 8; quendam ut sibi uidebatur lantum et diligenter, ut mihi sordidum simul et sumptuosum, 2, 6, 1; cum te...pro infilerali diligenter (appelles), Quint. 9, 3, 65; 8. w. abstr. subj., assidua ac diligens scriptura, Cie. or. 1, 150; diligenter custodia, Vell. 1, 4, 2; subtilitas, Plin. 3, 45; notitia, 6, 23; remedia, Sen. ep. 95, 14; cura, Quint. 10, 1, 1; stilus, Tac. dial. 39; obseruatio, Gal. 2, 109; 9. w. ad. ad custodiendum d., Cie. Cat. 1, 19; ad reportandum, Verr. 2, 4, 6; ad cetera, Quint. 1, 1, 7; 10. as sb. a strict observer or student, w. gen., homini...omnis officii diligentissimo, Cie. Cael. 73; cuius (disciplinae)...Sparta diligens fuit, Vell. 1, 6, 3; diligentissimi naturae tradunt, Plin. 13, 31; Sextius diligentissimus medicinae, 32, 26; tam diligens temperamenti, pan. 79; Plato diligentissimus compositionis, Quint. 9, 4, 77; Volusius...iuris ciuilis...anxie diligens, ap. Ulpian dig. 37, 14, 17; uir literarum ueterum diligentissimus, Gell. 4, 11, 4; ueritatis, ps. Nep. Epam. 3, 1; but not imperii, id. Con. 1, 2; 11. diligenter, adv. with minute care, Vt absente ero rem sui illi diligenter Tutetur, Pl. Men. 4, 6, 3; add Capt. 2, 1, 30; Ter. Eun. 2, 1, 1, 2, 3, 48; Cie. Phil. 1, 31; Caes. b. g. 2, 5, 1; 12. comp. Cie. Brut. 86; Caes. b. g. 3, 16, 4; sup. Cie. rep. 2, 5; Caes. b. g. 2, 28, 3.

**discidium**, ñ, n. [disceindo; cf. excidium from exscindo], lit. tearing asunder, Nulla ni foret usus enim quae partibus eius Discidium parere et nexus exsoluere posset, Luer. 1, 220; add 249; 452; Conciliis et discidis exercita crebris,

2, 120; Sic ubi non eriuus, cum corporis atque animai Discidium fuerit, quibus e sumus uitor apti, 6, 849; add 3, 343, 347 and 581; 6, 293; post discessum ductum inter plura lumbi discedia humanum corpus reperiment sit eubitum trium atque triginta, Sol. 1, 91; 2. met. separation (of friends), Neque per uinum unquam ex me exoritur discidium (so BCD) in conuiuio, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 60 (55); ualent qui inter nos discidium uolunt, Ter. Andr. 4, 2, 14; Neque mea culpa hoc discidium euenisse, id testor deos, Hec. 3, 5, 26; add 5, 2, 16; cur uetera tam ex alto appetitis Discedia Agamemno, Acc. ap. Non. 237, 21; quod desiderium tui discedi ferre non posset, Cie. Phil. 2, 45; acerbissime discidium nostrum tulisse, Att. 4, 1, 1; ne quia amicum discedia fiant, Cie. am. 78 and just before: dissuadenda magis quam discedenda (amicitiae); add Sull. 60; Cael. 31; Att. 1, 17, 7; Balb. 30; and pl. in am. 23; fin. 1, 44; acad. post. 43; 3. esp. of man and wife, divorce, ait hic sibi Iuliam ferre, constitutum enim esse discidium, Cie. Att. 15, 29, 2; add 11, 23, 3; Non bene discidium Phrygii latura mariti Sidosi, Ov. M. 14, 79; locorum commutationes, orbitates, discedia, Sen. const. sap. 8, 3; Agrippa discedio domum imminuerat, Tac. an. 2, 86; add 11, 30; 12, 2; 12, 30; 14, 1; 14, 60; Augustam...repudiand intraque breue tempus impatiens discedi...reduxit, Suet. Dom. 4; and met.: hinc discidium illud exstitit quasi linguae atque cordis, Cie. or. 3, 61; 4. dissidium, a non-existing word, often in bad mss; cf. Madv. Exkurs. ad fin. 1, 44.

**discribo**, (often miswritten deser. in mss.) ñre, psi, ptus vb. [dis+scribo] divide, distribute or allot in writing, give order for the distribution of, and gen. divide etc., quci ex h. l. criz aircis (nom. pl.)...lectei erunt, ea nomina omnia in alio scriptis (for scripta or scriptos) patrem tribum conomenque tributumque descriptos habet), CIL 198, 14; the same w. tributumque descriptos\* b., 198, 18; (quod eius pleguinae discriptum\* assignatumque in tabulis publicis est eritne) 200, 70; D. illut mili Argentum rursus iube rescribi (to be paid back) P'ormio, P. Quodne ego discripsi\*? (paid away to different people) porro illi quisbus debui? Ter. Ph. 5, 30; eum aquam distribuere describere\*, inser. aq. d. Venaf. Henz. 6428; populum in tribus tris curiasque triginta descripterat, Cie. rep. 2, 14; habuit plebem in clientelas principum descriptam, 2, 16; populiue partis in tribus discribunt\*, leg. 3, 7; descriptas\* populus censu ordinibus actatibus, 3, 44; sic...ut quadragena milia sedecim iudicibus darentur, non Archimedes melius potuit describere, Clu. 37; in iugera dea descriptat, agr. 2, 79; duodena describit in singulos homines iugera, 2, 85; descriptisisti urbis partes ad incendia, Cat. 1, 9; distributis partibus tributum et centuriatum, descriptis ordinibus classibus actatibus, Flac. 15; descriptis pecuniam ad Pompei rationem...and soon after—qui cum omnes Asiae ciuitates pro portione descriptisisset, 32; cum decuriatis ac descriptis haberes exercitus perditurum, dom. 13; cum ceterae partes aetatis bene descriptae sint, scn. 5; mirari se sollertium aetis a quo essent illa dimensa atque discripta\* (so B, al. deser.); et Cyrum respondisse... Mei sunt ordines, mea discriptio (so P), 59; cuius negotii fingi curatio potuit quae non esset attributa atque discripta\* (so P)? Cie. Sest. 66; ciuitatibus pro numero militum pecuniarum summam discribere\* (so R 1 m.), Verr. 2, 5, 62; non aequitate iura descripterat, ib. 27; pecuniae maximae discribuntur\*, fam. 12, 1, 1; Italiae regiones descriptae sunt quam quisque partem tueretur, 11, 16, 3; uectigal...quod is aequaliter Sulla descripterat, ad Q. fr. 1, 1, 33; ut eam materiam orationis quo cuiusque esset generis... omnibus locis descriptam comprehendere, or. 2, 145; suffragia discripta\* (P 2 m., distrieta M) tenentur a paucis, har. resp. 60; quae discripta\* (so Hb) sunt legibus et iure ciuili, off. 1, 51; solarium uel descriptum uel ex aqua, N. D. 2, 87; quod (sc. solarium) quantum ad clima Siciliae descriptum ad horas Romae non conueniret, Censor. 23, 7; in celo describendo astrologi..., Varr. r. 2, 1, 7; fac ut plane descriptum ac dispositum suum cuique munus sit, Q. Cie. pet. cons. 20; uecturas

frumenti finitimus ciuitatibus descripsit, Caes. b. c. 3, 42, 4; ad cursus lunae in duodecim menses describit annum, Liv. 1, 19, 6; descripto ad tiblicenium cantu, 7, 2, 7; magnam vim frumenti quaternis aeris nicaenium populo descripserrunt, 30, 26, 6; decem milia talentum argenti descriptat pensionibus aequis in annos 1 soluerent, 30, 37, 5; descripta suis quaque partibus (castrorum), 31, 34, 8; iis quindecim milia pelum et quingentos equites pro numero cuiusque iuniorum descripsit, 34, 56, 6; quum eos (in) legiones quattuor descripsissent, 39, 38, 11; Sedesque descriptas\* (so B. al. discretas) priorem, Hor. od. 2, 13, 23; Descriptis sedes nariae natura profundae, Vir. Hal. 92; descripto\* (so Amerb.) in omnis recessus maris praesidio narium, Vell. 2, 32, 4; descriptis in deos stellis, Plin. 18, 270; haec copia aquarum ad hunc modum describebatur, Frontin. aq. 87; 2. descriptus as adj. duly distributed, natura qua nihil est aptius, nihil descriptius\*, Cic. fin. 3, 74; 3. as sb. n. pl. descripta, recitari factorum dictorumque descripta per dies iussit, Tac. an. 6, 30 (24), a journal; 4. descripte adp. with due distribution of parts, in praesentia numeros... confuse et permixte dispersimus; post descripte\* (descriptae P. al. descripte) et ceteris in genus quodque... digeremus, Cic. inv. 1, 49; 5. note the use in money-payments, orig. by written order, marked +; 6. cf. Buecheler Rh. Mus. 13, 598 and descriptio.

**descriptio**, ōnis, (often wrongly written in mss descr.) f. [describo, wh. see] a distribution by writing and so gen., distribution, division, populum distribui in quinque classis... Quae descriptio (so C) si esset ignota nobis explicaretur a me, Cic. rep. 2, 39; nullam omnium rerum publicaram aut constitutione aut descriptioe conferendam esse cum ea quam patres nostri nobis...reliquerunt, 1, 70; omnium magistratum descriptio, leg. 3, 12; and again ib.; descriptio sacerdotum, 2, 30; descriptio (so A) siderum, N. D. 2, 115; descriptioem (so P. C) ciuitatis, Sest. 137; urbs situ et descriptioe aedificiorum nobilis, agr. 2, 40; urbis (Campanae) salubritate descriptioe pulchritudine, 2, 95; descriptio totam per urbem caedis atque incendiario constituta est, Sul. 52; in quo praeforis est diligentia requirenda? In numero narium et in descriptioe aequalibus sumptus, Flac. 32; and soon: descriptis autem pecuniis ad Pompeii rationem quae fuit accommodata L. Sullae descriptio; semorum uicatum celebrabatur tota urbe descriptio, de dom. 129; quomodo descriptio partium habeat gratum fidumque animum in uiros, inser. Or. 4866; quae parum apte descriptio priorum (librorum) ad speciem adligata subici nidebatur, Frontin. strat. 4 pr.; de legionum et auxiliorum descriptioe (so cod. Memm.), Suet. Tib. 30; 2. prob. in all the above we should write descr.

**disex**, ūis, m.? (a Span. wd.?) perh. a horse of Spanish breed, ut cursu certare, ut disce fieri Et pedes arma gerens et equo iaculator Hiberio, CIL 2, 2660.

**disiplicitia**, ae, f. dissatisfaction, hinc illud est taedium et disiplicitia sui, Sen. tranq. 2, 10; 2. absol. as a med. term, a feeling of malaise or discomfort of body, Cacl. Aur. tard. 3, 6, 86 and 5, 10, 96 translating *δυσάρεστος*.

**dissicio**, ūre, -icci, -iectus, vb.=dis-icio, throw different ways, scatter, Chleptus elefantum ubi macera dis-icci, Pl. Cure. 3, 54; uis animai...simul cum corpore dis-icciatur, Lucr. 3, 639, so Lachm.; dissile ac dis-icce (so Pat. mss) Cic. Cal. 37; (equi) excussis rectoribus dissicere (so Med.) obnos, Tac. an. 1, 65; plerosque Alexander dissicci, itin. Alex. M. 62; disperdo, dissidio dissicco, Prisc. 14, p. 1002 P.; 2, 56, 21 K; and perh. permam totam dissicci, Titin. ap. Non. 290, who has diligit; 2. if akin to dissipo (dissipulo), iacio and *actus* must once have had an initial s.

**diū**, [a case (acc. w. m lost? for dium) of a lost sb.=dies] all day, found only w. noctu in this sense, Noctu et diu ut uiro subdola sis, obsecro memento, Pl. Cas. 4, 4, 5; Nec noctu nec diu quictus unquam eram (so Bothe, Non. eam);

nunc dormiam, Pl. Aul. ap. Non. 98; Nec noctu nec diu licet fullonibus quiescant, Titin. ib.; noctu dique stationes et uigilias temptare, Sal. ap. Char. 156 P., 207, 17 K;

11 2. as adv. a long time, long—cf. our phrase, he will be all day about it—, Set iam satis est philosophatum: nimis diu et longum loquor, Pl. Ps. 2, 3, 21; Diu ego hunc cruciabo, non uero absolam diu, Capt. 3, 5, 73; sperat adulescens diu se uicturum—and soon: ille uult diu uiuere, hic diu uixit. Quamquam, o di boni, quid est in hominis uita diu? Cic. sen. 68; diu legiones Caesaris nigerunt, nunc uigent Pansae, Phil. 11, 39; nt diu iactato brachio praeparente scutum manu emittere, Caes. b. g. 1, 25, 4; diu atque acriter pugnatum est, 1, 25, f.; 3. of what is still going on, a present is used, esp. w. iam, Nam ego hau diu apud hunc seruitutem seruio—have been a slave—Pl. Mil. 2, 1, 97 (95); Iam diu scio qui fuit, Ps. 1, 3, 29; add Curc. 1, 3, 51; omnia iam ex ipso quae diu cupimus cognoscere, Cic. or. 1, 136; id quod populus Romanus iam diu flagitat, Caecil. 266; de quorum religione iam diu dicimus, Verr. 4, 105; add off. 1, 143; Karthagini iam diu cogitant bellum multo ante denuntio, sen. 18; 4. w. a perf. tense, the end is spoken of as arrived, Recordatus multum sum et diu cogitavi, Pl. Most. 1, 2, 1; Mittam. Sed nimis longum loquor: diu me estis demorati, Epid. 3, 2, 40; satis diu fuit in miseris, satis multos annos ex inuidia laborauit, Cic. Ad. 202; ad remedium iam diu neque desideratum nec adhibuit, dictatorum dicendum, ciuitas confugit, Liv. 22, 8, 5; 5. the following Hand § 5, quotes for the sense long ago; but needlessly, Scelus inquam factum iam diu antiquum et uetus, Pl. Most. 2, 2, 45; add Epid. 1, 1, 9, where iam diu longius to oportuit; Ps. 1, 3, 4; Men. 2, 3, 28; Neque enim diu huc migrarunt, Ter. Ad. 4, 5, 15—nor have they been long settled here (as immigrants); Eun. 5, 6, 1; conuentus iam diu fieri desiderat, Cic. Att. 1, 19, 9; Silua uetus nullaque diu uiolata secerni, Or. F. 4, 649; nullum pomum nonom diu iam inuenitur, Plin. 15, 57; add 19, 40; 25, 2; many of these are neg. i, and then it is the non-existence that lasts long, the text in Varr. ap. Non. 77 (not 71) and Pl. Rud. 1, 3, 28 is dub.; 6. in geogr. lang. at times met. of space, Italia...luter superum mare et inferum excurrit diu solida, Mel. 2, 4, 1; add 1, 2, 3, 1, 3, 5; 7. like minus quindecim dies sunt quom... (Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 1), so diu est quom, etc. it is a long time since... Nam illi diu hant sane diu quom dentes excederunt, Pl. Merc. 3, 1, 44; Iam diu factum quom discebat ab ero atque abiisti ad forum, As. 2, 1, 3; Iam diu factum postquam (so mss; diu factum quom?) bibimus, Pers. 5, 2, 41; 8. w. quod, it is a long time that, Agite pugni: iam diu est quod uentri uictum non datis, Amph. 1, 1, 146 (151); Aug. retract. pr. 1 has iam diu est ut...; 9. diu off. monos. (prob. pron. ju) in old lang., Edopol proinde ut bene uiuitur (so mss), diu uiuitur, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 27; Diu quod bene erat (erat Bothe, mss crit) die mo absolutum. Taxtax tergo erit meo, Pers. 2, 3, 12; add 5, 2, 67; Minus diu laure quam haec lauat Phronesium, Truc. 2, 3, 2; add 1, 2, 67; Foen. pr. 21, and if text be right, 5, 4, 90; Incertus sum: una haec spes est: ubi ubi est diu celari non potest, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 4; add: Hens tu uiator lasse qui me praeteris, Cum diu ambulareis tamen hoc (=huc) uenidum est tibi, CIL 1431; 11 10. comp. diutius—wh. suggests that diu was a neut. in u, for diue, as genus for genue, whence diutius-u. exer. t. (see Essays, p. 208)—longer, or too long, Sicut dixi, faciam: nolo te iactari diutius, Trin. 3, 2, 59; eo uos amici defini diutius, Rud. 1, 2, 5; tibine haec diutius? Liere speras facere, Ter. Hant. 1, 1, 50; et quanto diutius Abest, magis cupio tanto et magis desidero, 3, 1, 15; add 4, 7, 6; Ph. 1, 4, 4; 4, 1, 3; Hec. 1, 2, 73; 4, 1, 60;—in all of wh. except + diutius is trisyl. (diutius?); ne diutius amo in provincia essem, Cic. Att. 7, 3, 1; add 11, 3, 1; ubi se diutius duci intellexit, Caes. b. g. 1, 16, 5; 1, 26, 1; 1, 3, 13; 11. sup. diutissime, qui d. senex fuisset, Cic. am. 4; add Pis. 90; Caes. b. g. 6, 20, 4; b. c. 3, 102, 3; Apul. M. 10, 3 and 14; 12. see dius.

**di-uerio**, (old, -uorio) ēre, uerti, uersus, vb. trans., turn

in a different direction, turn aside or off, divert, Tentare sui comites diuertere (deu.?) Magnan, Lucan. 6, 317; cf. diuersus; 2. as vb. intr. (se understood), at a schola et magistris diuertat, Suet. int. Pers. f.; 3. met., take a different direction, differ, Diuertunt mores uirgini longe ac lupae, Pl. Epil. 3, 3, 22; 4. of divorce, separate (from husband or wife for good), si uxor a legato Romae diuertit, Pap. dig. 5, 1, 42; sine diuertit, sine nupta est adhuc, Ulp. 9, 2, 27, 30; add 4, 9, 3; uxori leguitur, et ante mortem diuertit, Cels. 34, 2, 3; ne diuertisse uidetur, Paul. 24, 2, 3; nullis etiam tunc matrimonii diuertentibus, Gell. 4, 3, 1; 5. see deuerto.

**dias**, adv. (orig. a sb. u. = S. diuas; implied too in diurnus and Fr. jour; just as a sb. n. hiber is implied in hiber-nus and Fr. hiver; hence inter-dias) all day, by day, Non concedam neque quiescam cusquam (so li) noctu neque dius, Prins profecto quomodo, Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 20; noctu diusque, Titin. ap. Char. 186 P, 207, 18 K;

**donax**, áeis, m. [*donax*] a kind of water-reed, common in Cyprus, harundo Cyprica quae donax uocatur, Plin. 24, 86; add 33, 141; 16, 103; 2. hence of a musical reed, Quod si animum inspires donaxi (so Haupt Herm. 2, 221 cf. ass animum inspires dona et), iam carmina nostra Cedent uicta tuo dulciloquo calamo, epig. 11 ap. Apul. apol. 9; 3. a shellfish, solen sine donax, Plin. 32, 151; 4. a cognomen, P. Naetius Donax, inser. Mur. fr. Arv. p. 302.

**donée**, older donicum, donique, [perh. for ad-on-cum, of wh. adone may stand to ad prep., as pone by the side of pos (post) to ob (op); cum=quum or quod; so that adon-cum=to this; for loss of initial a in this word cf. Grimm D. G. 3, 254; and Key's Essays, p. 57; for loss of um cf. non from n-o-cum, our no from none] conj. until, w. ind., except in late writers marked t, and obl. or marked \*, first donicum, siquid nummo sarciri potest, Vsque mutant neque --- id faciunt donicum Varietates ruunt; tunc aedificant aedis tudas denno, Pl. Most. 1, 2, 35; Exploremur hunc faciunt ludos suppositum Aleo donicum ipse sese ludos fieri senserit, Ps. 7, 72; add Aul. 1, 1, 19; Truc. 1, 1, 18; Capt. 2, 2, 89; Pl. ap. Prisc. 1, 224, 5 and 2, 7, 27 K; Pl. ap. Char. 197, 19; ibi manens sedeto donicum uidebis..., Liv. And. ib. 20; donicum solum erit (argentum), pigneri sumto, Cato r. 146, 2; add 149, 2; 161, 3; but Pl. has also donec bef. both cons. and vow., as Bac. 4, 4, 106; Merc. 1, 2, 82; Rud. 3, 4, 11; d... nesciat (so Fleck.; nesciet?), Amph. 2, 1, 51; and Cato also: donec sal desuerit..., SS; donec concreuerit, Sg;

2. donique, horrifici accebat uocibus Oreum Donique eos uita priuaret uermia saeta, Lucr. 5, 997; add 2, 1116; 5, 708 and 723; so far always before a vowel, but he also has donec bef. a vowel, 2, 1130; 5, 687; cum corpora eorum fietili sarcofago commendauerim, doniques (donique is?) aedificaretur, inser. Or. 4370; tunc... spatium minuat, donique (ass denique) in eundem tetrantem ueniat, Vitr. 3, 5, 6 f.; 3. donec, Pl. and Cato as above; Suadere orare usque adue donec perpulit, Ter. Andr. 4, 1, 38; add Ad. 4, 6, 6; Ph. 4, 3, 73; usque eo timui nequis de mea fide... dubitaret, donec ad reiciendis iudices uenimus, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 17; ad propraetorem meam quiddam interest non te expectare dum ad locum uenias\*, fam. 5, 12, 2; bonus consules (increpare), quod expectasset\* donec a praefecto antonae tanta res ad senatum deferretur\*, Liv. 4, 13, 10; eo usque me uinere uolitis donec... regem alterum mea morte faciam\*, 40, 8, 18; atque aggerat ipsis In stabulis... cadauera... donec humo tegere ac fociis abscondere discunt, Verg. G. 3, 558; Hic iam ter octum totos regnabitur annos Geute sub Hectorea, donec regina sacerdos Marte grauis geminam partu dabit Ili prolem, A. 1, 273; add 6, 475; usque Sessuri donec cantor Vos plaudite deat\*, Hor. A. P. 155; add ep. 1, 16, 23; s. 2, 5, 97; epod. 17, 34; oad. 3, 6, 2; Qui non ante patet, donec manus atque ossa, Prop. 1, 9, 29; 11. that which goes on till another action is completed, goes on during that action, hence so or as long as, whilst, not it seems before Aug. age, gen. w. ind., and imperf. perh. to be preferred, institutum mansit, donec

Piuarum genus fuit, Liv. 1, 7, 13; d... fuit, 2, 49, 9; d... abiant, 6, 13, 4; Donec gratum crani tibi, Hor. od. 3, 9, 1; d... arsi, 5; d... abest, 1, 9, 17; Donec eram sospes, tituli tangebant amore, Ov. tr. 1, 1, 53; d. eris felix, 1, 9, 5; Eataui donec trans Rhenum agebant..., Tac. hist. 4, 12; libros conquisitos lectitatosque donec cum periculo parabantur, an. 14, 50; donec libuit principes fori, dial. 8;

5. rarely w. subj., nihil trepidabant, donec continenti uelut ponte ageretur, Liv. 21, 28, 10; hostes, donec agmen per saltus porrigeretur, immoti, Tac. an. 1, 51; 6. of course w. subj. in obl. or, fertur... uirilem Torum mihi posse uolunt donec labantis consilio patres Firmaret..., Hor. od. 3, 45; add Liv. 2, 24, 6; 4, 2, 4; 4, 60, 1; 21, 10, 3; Tac. an. 15, 64.

**dādum**, adv. [dum-dum], of duration of time, long, Nimis haec res sine cura geratur: uide quam dudum hic asto et pullo, Pl. St. 2, 1, 38; 2. esp. a long time, long, Sic salutas atque appellas quasi dudum non uideris, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 51; dudum hau placuit potio, St. 5, 6, 1; Dudum edepol planumst id quidem, quae hic usque facit intus, Mil. 2, 4, 52; Ego dudum non nihil ueritus sum, Daue, abs te ne faceres idem, Quod..., Ter. Andr. 3, 4, 2; dudum enim circumrodo quod deutorandum est, Cic. Att. 4, 5, 1;

3. esp. w. iam, iam dudum mulier tibi Non imprudens aduersabar?, Pl. Men. 2, 3, 65; iam dudum ebrius?, Trin. 3, 3, 83; iam dudum te amat\*, iam dudum ille facile fit\* Quod doleat, Ter. Eun. 3, 1, 58; add Hec. 3, 2, 1\*; Haut. 1, 1, 119; 2, 5, 1, 9\*; Ad. 4, 7, 2\*; Ph. 3, 1, 7\*; Thais, ego iam dudum hic sum\*, Eun. 4, 6, 5; uocat\* me alio iam dudum tacita uestra expectatio, Cic. Clu. 63; ea quam iam dudum tractamus\* stabilitas amicitiae, am. 82; note use of continued action, i. facio, I have long done and still do, marked \*, i. faciebam, I had long done and was still doing; yet Ter. Andr. 1, 4, 1 has audiui i. (Lentil. cf. audio); in Hec. 4, 4, 100, i. dixi has died following; 4. iam-dudum, this instant, forthwith, is perh. shortened from iam dudum oportet, as: iam dudum sumite poenas, Verg. 2, 103; Tempus hunc tegere et iam dudum innumbere aratris, G. 1, 213; Dixit et ingenti iam dudum de grege duci fuisse, Ov. a. a. 1, 317; Candida iam dudum egingatur colla laeertis, 2, 457; iam dudum prosilit altis Dia toris, Val. F. 6, 456; add Stat. Th. 6, 557; II. 5. of a point of time, quando? Hodie. Quam dudum?—how long ago?—Modo, Ter. Eun. 4, 4, 30; Modo introiui. Quasi ego quam dudum rogem, Andr. 5, 2, 9;

6. some time ago, hence either long ago, as Nam ex Persia adlatae mihi sunt istae, Quando? Hau dudum, Pl. Pers. 4, 3, 28; Nam dudum ante lucem et istum et te uidi, Amph. 2, 2, 67; Quia non iam dudum ante lucem ad aedem Veneris uenimus, Poen. 1, 2, 105; Rus mane dudum hinc ire me iussit pater, Truc. 3, 1, 1; 7. or a little time ago, just now, Trecentos Philippos Collybis uilico Dedi (pron. de'i monos.) dudum, priusquam me euocassit foras, Pl. Poen. 1, 3, 7; et mihi quae dudum uobis dixi, dicite, 1, 5, 3; Attat, oblitus sum intus dudum edicere, Quae uolui edicta, Pers. 4, 7, 12; (and so over 50 times in Pl.); uah quanto nunc formosior Videre mihi quam dudum, Ter. Eun. 4, 5, 5; Vt beneficium uerbis intum dudum nunc re comprobare, Andr. 5, 1, 5; and often; 8. at dudum..., dudum ut..., Haud (S. 8) seems wrongly to translate just as; say rather just now (as before), Nam ut dudum hinc abii multo illo) adueni prior, Aul. 4, 8, 5; add Amph. 2, 1, 55; Capt. 3, 1, 18; Men. 4, 2, 71; and dudum ut..., Cist. 4, 2, 44; Bac. 4, 9, 33; 9. in Apul. M. 6, 26 if text be right, of the future, soon after, presently, qui uulnerati remanserant, dudum recurrunt.

**dulcēdo**, inis, f. [dole-is], sweetness, sweet taste, nimia ab dulcedine aquarum, Lucr. 6, 1266; irugumque uinique, Liv. 5, 33, 2; radix amara eum quamdam dulcedine, Plin. 25, 60; uinum tanta dulcedine ut..., 14, 137; 2. met. of other senses, hac dulcedine (sc. cantuum) deprauati, Cic. leg. 2, 38; orationis, or. 3, 161; animi, ad Her. 4, 29; in ea uoluptate quae maxima dulcedine sensum mouet, fin. 2, 39; cum omnes sensus dulcedine omni quasi

perfuni monebantur, 114; nocis, Ov. M. 1, 709; and perh. exs. 1 and 2 of § 1; 3. esp. of the pleasure of scratching what itches, scabendi, Plin. S. 90; At si deformi lacerum dulcedine corpus Persequitur scabies, Grati. cyn. 408; and inct. nolutas...quoins blanditiis corrupti quae natura bona sunt, quia dulcedine hac et scabie carent, non erant satis, Cic. leg. 1, 47; 4. hence an eruption or a so-called humour which might produce a cutaneous eruption, perniciose dulcedo, Apul. mag. 50; urigines etiam in pedibus erubris ungibusque noli sub armis aliquando generantur, quas quidam dulcedines vocant; habent similitudinem scabiei, Verg. net. 3, 52; dulcedo sequitur et solutio ventris, 5, 14, 4; 5. met. of the mind, a passion (for), esp. in a bad sense, an itch (for), gloriae, Cic. Arch. 24; iracundiae, ad Q. fr. 1, 2, 7; neque honoris neque pecuniae, Mat. ad Cic. fam. 11, 28, 2; agrariae legis, Liv. 2, 42, 1; 6, 41, 11; plebeis creandi, 5, 13, 2; ob interpellatam dulcedinem irac, the pleasure of gratifying their anger, 9, 14, 13; furandi, Plin. S. 222; sperandi, 29, 18; tecum loquendi, Plin. ep. 2, 5 f.; oculi qui magnam partem ad nitae dulcedinem conferant, Cels. 6, 6, 1; 6. in plur. magnis philologiae dulcedinibus inducti, Vitr. 7 pr. 4.

**dum**, conj. [akin to dies? Cf. triduom], while, so long as, w. fut. de hecse dum mag(istratum) aut imperium habebunt, iudicium non fiet, CIL 108, 8; neque quis que(f) praecum dissensionem libitum faciet, dum eorum quod faciet, Iur(atum)...petito, CIL 206, 94; credam fore (saluom), dum quidem in manu ipse habeo, Pl. As. 2, 4, 57; add 5, 2, 10; Numquam elepol quoquam supplicabo, dum quidem Tu uinos uines, Pl. 1, 5, 92; add 1, 3, 103; Bae. 3, 3, 70; Ego te meum esse dici tantisper uolo. Dum quod te dignumst facies, Ter. Haat. 1, 1, 55; dum bonium genus erit, qui accuset eos non deerit; dum ciuitas erit, iudicia fient, Cic. Rose. Am. 91; add leg. 1, 2; 2. w. past imp. Qui seire posses aut ingenium noscere, Dum aetas metus magister prohibebat? Itast, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 27; quae dum erant ocella, necessario ab eis qui ate tenebant petebantur, Cic. Mur. 26; add Att. 12, 18, 1; Cat. 3, 16; acad. 1, 11; 3. w. aorist, Dum tempus ad eam rem tuiti, sinu animum ut expletur suom, Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 17; dum praecidia ulla fuerint, in Sulla praesidiis fuit, Cic. Rose. Am. 126; add Verr. 2, 4, 6; neque dum uestris uiribus restitisti, neque dum auxilia ab Romanis sperastis pacis unquam apud uos mentionem feci, Liv. 21, 13, 3;

4. w. pres., nec mihi hunc errorem..., dum uino extorqueti uolo, Cic. Sen. 85; aegrotio, dum anima est, spes esse dicitur, Att. 9, 10, 3; eas (epistolas) cum lego, minus mihi turpis uideor, sed tam diu, dum lego, 9, 7, 5;

5. denoting mere coincidence of time, while, paupser tace, Dum ego mihi consilia in animum conuoco et dum consulo..., Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 42; tace Dum..., 2, 2, 78; mane dum narro, 5, 1, 11; mane dum scribit, Bae. 4, 4, 85; add 4, 9, 94; 6. in this sense a pres. imperf. with dum, of past time, parululum Praedae intus feci, dum lenonis familia Dormitat, Pl. Pcen. 3, 6, 7; Dum ego in tegulis sum, illa ex suo se hospitio cluxit foras, Mil. 2, 3, 37; add 2, 6, 25; 4, 6, 50; et inde filium Suscepit iam unum, dum tu dormis, Ter. Ph. 3, 9, 18; Dum haec dicit, abiit hiorum, Eun. 2, 3, 50; add Andr. 5, 1, 3; dum saluti socorum consulo, dum..., resisto, dum..., exspecto, feci non sapienter, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 2; add 3, 1, 8; quos tu Maendros, dum omnes solitudines persequeris, quae de uerticula flexionesque quaesisti? Pls. 53; add Verr. 2, 2, 161; Tull. 15; Caecl. 56; Mil. 28; Att. 6, 6, 1; or. 2, 15; dum ea conquiruntur..., e castris egressi ad Rhenum... contenderunt, Caes. b. g. 1, 27 f.; tussim...quam mihi menses uenter, Dum symptonas appeto dedit enas, Catul. 44, 9; dum haec in Venetis geruntur, Q. Titurius...in fines Venclorum peruenit, Caes. b. g. 3, 17, 1; dum profici-sciparant, de proelio facto..., andiebatur, Luc. lug. 12, 1; dum ea Romani parant consultantque, iam Seguntum..., oppugnabatur, Liv. 21, 7, 1; dum haec Romae..., geruntur, nuntius... Carthagine uenit, 23, 11, 7; add 29, 9, 5; Haec super

arorum cultu pecorumque canebam..., Caesar dum magnus ad altum Fulminat Enphraten, Verg. G. 4, 561; add A. 6, 171; B. 7, 6; Ov. M. 5, 535; Ter. G. 1, 50; Tac. an. 15, 59, 1; 1, 23 f.; 7. also of fut. time, Iam hic nos erimus, dumque (or et dum) T H K ej.; ass dum dum) quoque interm potabimus, Pl. Men. 1, 3, 30; me occultabo aliquot dies Dum haec consulescent turbae, Mil. 2, 6, 100; moras necet et dum maiorem poemam quaerit, praesentem differet, Sen. ira. 3, 29, 3; ueniet qui uindicta arces, Dum moritur, Lucan. 6, 165; add Sen. ira. 3, 39, 2; Mart. 1, 3, 7;

8. at times in obliq. orat. or attached to secondary clauses, Si tibi forte animum tali ratione tenere Versibus in nostris possem, dum perspicis omnem Naturam rerum, Lncr. 1, 949; Die hospes Spartae nos te hic uidisse iacentis, Dum sanctis patriae legibus obsequimur, Cic. Tusc. 1, 101; ne...dum paucis sceleratis pareant, bonos omnis perdant eant, Sal. Cat. 52, 12; Ili se solerti (sc. narrat) furum dum traditur astu Supposita cepisse manu, Ov. M. 4, 776; quanto laudabilis peritum dum amplectitur rempublicam, dum auxilia libertati inuocat, Tac. an. 15, 59; add 12, 68; non expectandum ut...Capitolium adeat, dum egergis imperator...domum cludit, h. 1, 33; ueras illic omnium mentes dum Vitellius...fonet aenulum, 3, 58; quos...certum habeo dicturos me, dum iniris...scientiam... laudo, inceptis meis plausisse, orat. 32 f.; Mediciu aiunt cum regis filiam curare deberet nec sine ferro posset, dum tumentem mammam leniter fonet, scalpellum spongia tectam indixisse, Sen. ira. 3, 39, 4; add Inst. 9, 2, 10;

9. more correctly w. a subj. in such phrases, de quo dum disputarem, tum mihi dari uellem (so Lamb.; ass uideri) eloquentiam, Cic. N. D. 2, 147; hoc uideo dum breuiter uoluerim dicere, dictum a me esse paucos obscurius, or. 1, 187; dum in aestibus nos essemus, illum pueris locum esse bellissimum duximus, Att. 5, 17, 3; dixisti dum Plauti in me meritum uerbis extollerem, me aream facere e cloaca, Planc. 95; add Mar. 48; se quisque hostem ferire, murum ascendere, conspici dum tale facinus faceret, properabat, Sal. Cat. 7, 6; add Suet. Ner. 35; Charis. 201, P. 227, 16 K; 10. in poets and late prose, w. subj., Illa quidem dum te fugeret...hydrium...non uidit in herba, Verg. G. 4, 457; add Tib. 2, 3, 19; Val. Fl. 1, 425; Phaedr. 1, 4, 2; and 4 pr. 16; but not Mart. spec. 20, 1, 1, 2, 21; add from late prose: ps. Nep. Timol. 1, 4; Hygin. fab. 12; Scribon. pr. 1; II. 11, w. idea of waiting, while or until, for to wait while a thing is doing is to wait until it is done; in older lang. w. iud. or subj. imp., att. w. subj. except in special cases, first w. iud.; Neque exorare ut me maneat...Triduum hoc dum...ab amicis argentum aufero, Ter. Ph. 3, 2, 28; add 5, 8, 89; Haat. 4, 3, 39; Andr. 2, 1, 29; ego in Aereo opporior dum ista cognosco, Cic. Att. 10, 3 f.; interea tamen dum haec...coguntur, or. 1, 191; ut spatium intercedere posset dum milites...conuenirent, Caes. b. g. 1, 7, 6; non expectandum nisi censuit, dum...in Santones Heluetii peruenirent, 1, 11, 6; diem insequentem quicquid, dum praefectus...urbis uires insperet, Liv. 24, 40, 10; obsidio per paucos dies magis quam oppugnatio fuit, dum uulnus ducis curaretur, 21, 8, 1;

12. esp. w. vbs. compounded w. de or ee, and so denoting the running out of an action, ut...ulciscend uim differant in tempus aliud dum deferrescat ira, Cic. Tusc. 4, 78; latendum tantisper ibidem dum efferrescat (so M) haec gratulatio et simul dum audiamus quemadmodum..., fam. 9, 2, 4; circiter aestus dum deferrescat sunt umbriferas rapas subiciant oues quoad refrigerata aer, Varr. r. 2, 2, 11; quae (uasa) paucis diebus aperta sint dum musteus fructus deferrescat, Colum. 9, 15, 13; quum...stetisset ibi, dum reliquum tempestatis exsaesaret, Liv. 30, 39, 2; caussaeque iuncte morandi Dum pelago desaeuit hiemps, Verg. 4, 52; Aeneas nubem belli, dum detonet omnis Sustinet, 10, 809; nec dum degradinat obsit Agresti fanis suppositis pecus, Ov. F. 4, 755; Rusticus exspectat dum defnat annis, Hor. ep. 1, 2, 42; nec dum desaeuit ira Expectat, Lucan. 5, 303; 13. also until (not while) in following: Ego hic tantisper dum exis te opporior foris, Pl. Most. 3, 1, 153; hmo opporiam dum exeat aliquis Durare neque, Mil. 4, 6, 34; ibi sedens dum is ueniat



opperilire, Bae. 1, 1, 14; Et nunc quid expectat Syre? an dum hic denno Aleat, Ter. Haut. 3, 2, 32; expectabo dum venit, Eun. 1, 2, 126; Tu hic nos dum eximus, interea opperire, Haut. 4, 7, 5; add Eun. 3, 3, 29; usque adeo uerberari iussit dum animam effluit\*, Grac. ap. Gell. 10, 3, 5; ut... ne expectemus quidem dum rogemur, Cic. am. 4, 5; nunc expectat dum L. Metellus, testimonium dicit? Verr. 2, 3, 122; nihil ei longius uidebatur quam dum illud uideret argentum, 2, 4, 39; ea mansit in condicione... usque ad eum finem dum iudices reiecti sunt\*, 1, 16; amor bestiarum in custodiendis his quae procreauerunt usque ad eum finem dum possint se ipsa defendere, N. D. 2, 129; add 2, 124; Flac. 41; Att. 1, 1, 1; Mil. 53; dum redeo... pascere capellas, Verg. B. 9, 23; Nil obstat tibi dum ne sit te ditior alter, Hor. s. 1, 1, 40; add ep. 2, 1, 47; Quod satis est utero matris dum prodeunt infans, Or. F. 1, 33; add Her.\* 1, 42; quae maneant dum me fata perire uolent, Prop. 1, 14, 14; querebar... Dum me iocundis lapsam sopor impulit\* abs, 1, 3, 43; nec expectandum habent (sc. iudices) oratorem dum illi libeat de ipso negotio dicere, Ter. dial. 19, 1; in ex. marked \* ind. of course necessary; 14. in Apul. w. a mere partic., ac dum... cuncta corporis mei considerans, non autem me sed animum uideo, 4, 25, 1; but scarcely so in 9, 32; III 15. so long as (not of time but condition), provided that, dum ne minus senatoribus c. adesset, CIL 106, 8; dum nequid aduersus hanc(e) (egem) fiat, 198, 30; dum ne alium intro mitat nisi Genuatem, 109, 30; Quo imbeant ubant, dum dos ne fiat comes, Pl. Aul. 3, 5, 17; paciscere... quod tibi lubet, Dum ne manifesto hominem opprimat neque eliciat, Bae. 4, 8, 26; add Trin. 4, 2, 137; Merc. 2, 3, 89; As. 1, 3, 14; id facit saepe, dum ne lassus fiat, Cato r. 5, 4; Dum ne reddamur, turbant porro quam uelint, Ter. Hee. 4, 4, 12; non pudet Vanitatis? Minime dum ob rem, Ph. 3, 2, 41; ut quot nелlet praefecturas numeret, dum ne negotiari, Cic. Att. 6, 1, 4; (uirtus) utat spectare fortunam dum praestetur fides, diu. 2, 79; ista condicione, dum mihi liceat negare posse quod non potero, or. 1, 101; oderunt dum metuunt, Phil. 1, 34; omnia recta negligunt, dum modo potentiam consequuntur, off. 3, 82; dum res maneant, uerba fingant arbitrata suo, fin. 5, 89; add Rose. Am. 119; nihil tam asperum esse quod non facturi essent, dum ea res ciuitatem aere alieno liberaret, Sal. Cat. 40, 4; neque sumptui neque modestiae suae parcere, dum illos obnoxios sibi faceret, 41, 6; add 5, 6; mitibus Mutare quapro tristitia dum mihi Fias... amica, Hor. od. 1, 16, 26; add 3, 3, 36 and 40; s. 1, 1, 52; 1, 4, 34; Phaedr. 1, 17 (15) f.; blandiantur dum... nobis studia nostra commendat, Plin. ep. 1, 2 f.; 16. so far w. subj., but if text be sound, ind. in: use recuso... luere poenas ob honestissimum factum, dum flagitiosissimum uideor (so Keil), Plin. ep. 9, 13, 12; accusare non licet... cum qui rei publicae causa afortit, dum non (dictatae) legis causa abest, Venul. dig. 48, 2, 12; 17. often w. modo, written too as one word, Dum modo morata rene ueniat, dotatast satis, Pl. Aul. 2, 2, 62; mea mihi refert, dum potiar modo, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 29; sed est tanti, dummodo ista sit priuata calamitas, Cic. Cat. 1, 22; add 1, 10; Phil. 12, 9; dummodo sit polita, dum urbana dum elegans, Brut. 285; dummodo tu sis Acacidae similis, Iuv. S. 269; 18. at times w. uere ad, serius potius ad, dum plenior, Cic. fam. 7, 9, 2; non mediocribus acerrimis consiliis plusquam etiam inertissimis, dummodo diligentibus consequatur, Hirt. ad Att. 15, 6, 3; Cur ego desperem... Parere intacto, dummodo casta, uiro, Or. F. 5, 242; similitudine, dum breui... utemur, Quint. 4, 1, 70; 19. dum... dum... while... so long... Sic uirgo, dum intacta manet, dum egra suis, sed... Catul. 62, 45 (54); on wh. Quint. 9, 3, 16 says: prius dum... quoad sequens usque or. and perh.: Dum habeat, dum (so Hand c); sss tum) amet: ubi nihil habet alium quaestum coepit, Pl. Truc. 2, 1, 21; IV. 20. as adv., yet, gen. after a neg., nondum aduenisse minor, Pl. Truc. 1, 2, 102; add Mil. 3, 1, 192; Rud. 4, 1, 11; nondum euntum et decem anni sunt cum... Cic. off. 2, 75; add Cat. 1, 9; alterae (ones) iam nondum, alterae iam non possunt dare fructum, Varr. r. 2, 2, 2;

add Caes. b. g. 1, 6, 3; 1, 12, 2; haudum foederis noui paenitebat, Liv. 10, 6, 2; add 10, 25, 10; 29, 11, 1; neque esse hic etiam dum + sciam, Pl. Mil. 4, 2, 1; Neque dum exarui ex amoenis rebus et uoluptariis, 3, 2, 40; Neque si deductus etiam dum + ad cam, Ter. Eun. 3, 5, 22; neque etiam dum + seip. tiam, Haut. 2, 1 f.; qui nihil dum etiam istiusmodi suspiciebant, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 9; neque dum Roma es profectus, Att. 14, 10, 4; add Verg. G. 2, 539; Nam nihil etiamdum + harpagum, Pl. Ps. 4, 2, 2; Brundisio nihilum erat addatum, Cic. Att. 9, 2 f.; nihilum sciebat, fam. 10, 12, 2; nihilum addideramus, 12, 7, 2; add Liv. 24, 20, 15; fuga ab nullalium parte erat, 7, 33, 13; nullodum certamine inclinati uiribus, 9, 12, 3; add 29, 11, 1; quamquam id nemo dum attigerit, Cels. dig. 41, 2, 18, 2; see also nedum; 21. also etiamdum both after neg. as above + and perh. otherwise, quoniam etiamdum abes, Cic. Att. 13, 31, 2; but in or. 2, 12 and Plin. 26, 122 etiamdum now preferred; 22. dum at times non-elided, as in Pl. Truc. of § 10; 23. so w. uix as akin to neg., scarcely yet, Vixdum dimidium dixeram, intellexerat, Ter. Ph. 4, 2, 4; haec ego omnia uixdum etiam eoctu nostro dimisso comperi, Cic. Cat. 1, 10; uixdum triginta dies, fam. 12, 4, 2; add Att. 9, 20, 3; uixdum puberem, Liv. 21, 3, 2; uixdum libertatem, nedum dominationem modice latrum, 24, 4, 1; uixdum inchoatis rebus, 32, 28, 4;

24. in convers. style with imperative seems to denote a little bit of time, a moment, like our vague just (Hand compares the Germ. eben), pultadum foris, Pl. Most. 3, 1, 144; Tacedum parumper, Men. 2, 2, 73; memoradum mihi, Poen. 5, 2, 103; sed uera sinehum me (me om. yss) petere, Truc. 2, 7, 67; tangedum, Rud. 3, 5, 5; adesdum pancia te uolo, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 1; facitodum eadem haec memineris, Haut. 3, 2, 39; abidum, 2, 3, 8; eedodum, Ph. 2, 2, 15; manedum sodes, Hee. 5, 4, 4; iteradum eadem istaec mihi, Pacuv. ap. Cic. acad. 2, 27 and Tusc. 2, 44; agitedum ut me uideritis... ferro niam facientem, sic pro se quisque obuios sternite, Liv. 7, 33, 10; add 3, 62, 4; mittite agedum, 38, 47, 11; 25. ebo, hither as akin to imper, also becomes ebodum, just look here, or come here, ebodum die mihi, Ter. Andr. 2, 1, 24; add 1, 2, 13; 3, 5, 10; Eun. 2, 3, 69; 26. in primumdum or primumdum, in the first place, the sense of dum is doubtful, primumdum omnium Male dicitur tibi uolgo in sermonibus, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 62; add Mil. 2, 3, 26; Truc. 1, 1, 10; Bae. 2, 3, 25; Capt. 1, 2, 57; Rud. pr. 32.

**dum taxat**, (old dum taxat) or dumtaxat as one word (dunt.), as adv. lit. until it touches (taxa-freq. of tang-o)—hence in commands, at least, in permission, at most; at least in commands, cum in testamento scriptum esset ut heres in funere duntaxat aureos centum consumeret, non licet minus consumere, si amplius uellet licet, Alf. V. dig. 50, 16, 202; ob memoriam patris sui... cto s (sc. nummum) donauit sub hac conditione ut quotannis rosas ad monumentum eius deferat et ibi epulenter duntaxat in v. id. lulias, inser. Or. 707; lubebo ad istam quinque perferri minas, Praeterea obsonari duntaxat ad minam, Pl. Truc. 2, 4, 90; mittantur mulieres liberae duntaxat quinque ita ut in eo conelaua ne plures mulieres liberae sint quam decem, Ulp. 25, 4, 10 (de uentre inspicendo);

2. beyond legal sphere, at least, at any rate, nerberaui te cogitationis tacto + duntaxat conuicio quod fasciculum alter ad me iam sine tui litteris perlatas est, Cic. fam. 16, 26, 1; dieo pro capite regis quod etsi non iniquum est, in tuo + duntaxat periculo, tamen... Deiot. 1; cur non in iure ciuili satis instructi esse possumus ad hoc duntaxat, ne in nostra patria peregrini esse uideamur, or. 1, 249; ita compressa res est ut mihi uideamur omne iam ad tempus ab illo + duntaxat sordidissimo periculo tui futuri, fam. 12, 1, 1; haec in oppensione sermo in circulis duntaxat et in conuiliis est liberior quam fuit, Att. 2, 18, 2; nalle me Athenae delectantur, urbs + duntaxat et urbis ornamentum et hominum amores in te et in nos quaedam beniuolentia; sed nullum et philosophia, 5, 10, 5; add 2, 14, 2; and am. 53; Quod si forte aliquis dicit, duntaxat oriri Posse a non sensu sensum multabitate... Lucr. 2, 931; Denique sit quidvis simplex +

dumtaxat et unum, Hor. A. P. 23; (fortuna) optimorum consiliorum dumtaxat exitus temperat, Sen. ben. 5, 2, 2; morbum morte non fugiam, dumtaxat sanabilem nec officientem animo, ep. 58, 36; ex his (seminibus) nullum ultra quadratum utile est, dumtaxat serendo; culinis et ultra tempestiva sunt, Plin. 19, 181; immatura morte raptores strumas... tactu savari adrimant, quidam vero cuius-cumque defuncti, dumtaxat sui sexus laeva manu auersa, 28, 45; add 18, 49 and 203; primis diebus redditae liberat pro se quisque dumtaxat minoribus... opprimerant, Plin. ep. 9, 13, 4; (Tiberis) fruges deiecit in urbem, hie meum dumtaxat et vere; aestate summiviti immensisque flumen nomen areni alveo deserit, autumnus restituit, ep. 5, 6, 12; 1, 2, 2; add 3, 9, 26; neque enim virtus ultra perpetuat dumtaxat orationis reperiri potest quae non sit cum hac dicendi meditatione communi, Quint. 2, 10, 2; cum iudex dicere iusserit, leniter est consurgendum, tum in componenda toga, dumtaxat in iudiciis, paulum commemorandum, 11, 3, 156; add 1, 4, 20; 3, 8, 10; itaque fame dumtaxat iudicatus exercitus in Cedrosiae fines perducitur, Curt. 9, 10, 18 (9, 41); peregrinae conditionis hominis netuit usurpare Romana nomina, dumtaxat gentilia, Suet. Claud. 25; vitia quoque (sc. amicorum) et delicta, dumtaxat modica, perpassus, Aug. 66; add gram. 41; nomitus biliosus... protinus ut percessus est aliquis malum signum est in his dumtaxat quorum nerviulnerati sunt, Cels. 5, 26, 26; omnibus ad occasum et meridiem pacatis gentibus, ad septentrionem quoque dum taxat intra liberum atque Danuvium... Flor. 4, 12, 61 (2, 34); animum minacem dumtaxat in illo fregit, Iust. 1, 5, 5; II 3. in permissive sententiae, at most, not more than, sei quis magistratus) multum inrogare uolet, qui uolet, dum minoris partus familias taxat licito, CIL 197, 12; dum nci quem testimonium dicere iubet quia in fide is unde petetur siet... quaeque eius... causam deiecit, dumtaxat unum, 198, 32; sei quos ad testimonium deicendum euocari secumue duxerit dum taxat homines ill... praetor ei moram ne facito quo minus...), 198, 34; [recuperatores ex cibus quaei classis primae sient xi dato, inde alternos dum taxat quaternos is qui petet et is unde petetur, quos uolent reluciant facito], 200, 38; (tante) p(e)cuniae) quanta ea pecunia erit de qua tum inter eos ambigetur, dum taxat IIS xv ... duci iubeto, 205, 2, 18; add 205, 1, 27 and 37; where d. t. stands for dumtaxat; eif d. t. quaei [humatus erit posterelque eius monumentum fieri] licebit, CIL 1418, 17; si quis... faxit iussitue (so M, mss uere) fieri cum quis uolet magistratus multare (so M, mss multaretur), dum minore parti (so M, mss patri) familias taxat, licito, lex Silia ap. Fest. 246 b 12 sub. v. publica pondera; Ser. Galba imperator... ueteranis qui... ciuitatem dedit... et conubium cum uxoris quas tunc habuissent cum est ciuitas illis data, aut si qui caelibes essent cum illis quas postea duxissent dum taxat singulis, inser. Or. 737; C. Iulius Iason et Coccia Tryphaena fecerunt sibi et libertis libertabusque suorum dumtaxat qui ex familia eorum fuissent, 4399; quam uineam uobis... dari uolo... ut... uinum usibus uestris dumtaxat quam publice epulas exercebitis habere possitis, 3678; 4. beyond the legal sphere, at most (at the best or worst), uineam ueterem, si in alium locum transferre uoles dumtaxat brachium crassam liebit, Cato r. 49; artem et praeccepta dumtaxat haecenus requirunt, Cic. or. 2, 119; fac imagines esse quibus pulsenter animi, species dumtaxat obuii quaedam, N. D. 1, 107; qui eatenus ualuerunt, sicut et sicuti dumtaxat habuerunt, opt. g. d. 8; add Marc. 23; Dumtaxat rerum magnarum parua potest res Exemplare dare, Luer. 2, 123 (wh. dumt... at best... qualifies parua); nunquam in ciuitate (sunt aliquod momentum liberti) exceptis dumtaxat iis gentibus quae regnauerunt, Tac. G. 25; in uisceribus nihil nouendum est nisi ut si quid aut ex icinore aut lieue aut pulmone, dumtaxat extremo dependant, praecidatur, Cels. 5, 26, 24; nec ulli perisse nisi in proelio reperiunt exceptis dumtaxat Afranio et Fausto et L. Caesare inuene ac ne hos quidem uoluntate ipsius interemptos putant, Suet. Caes. 75; nec est ut opinor provincia excepta dumtaxat Africa et Sardinia quam

non adierit, Aug. 47; Claudios omnes excepto dumtaxat P. Clodio... optimates fuisse, Tib. 2; neque enim exstare ullum suum factum paenitentium excepto dumtaxat uno, Tit. 10; some of these perh. belong to next §; 5. hence, only, Cato dumtaxat de magnitudine animi, de continentia... solet... dicere, ego uero...), Cic. par. 3; neque enim tam desipiens dilectus (Epiciurus) ad bonum similem dumtaxat fingeret linamentis dumtaxat extremis, non habitu solido, N. D. 1, 123; uti consules potestatem habere tempore dumtaxat annuum, genere regum, rep. 2, 56; add ad Quir. p. r. 10; Cic. ? ad Brut. 1, 3; peditatu dumtaxat procul ad speciem uitur, Caes. b. c. 2, 41, 2; dumtaxat natali suo et Saturnaliibus, Plin. ep. 4, 9, 7; etiamis unus a duobus dumtaxat eandem rem petet, Quint. 3, 10, 2; 6. esp. with neg. followed by sed, nec dumtaxat animum in uos fidelem ac bonum praestitit sed omnibus interfuit bellis, Liv. 37, 53, 9; quum tutor non rebus dumtaxat sed etiam moribus pupilli praepomator, Paul. dig. 26, 7, 12, 3; fabros tignarios dicimus non eos dumtaxat qui tigna dolant sed omnes qui aedificiant, Gai. dig. 50, 16, 235; 7. in Vopise. Probo, 16, 6, mares dumtaxat seems to be a gloss; 8. d. = *μερη* τούτων, Gloss. ap. Vulcan. p. 82; 9. but the Gloss. Philox., d. = *δη* λαγ seems to be an error; 10. dumtaxat often precedes the word affected by it, and often follows as in ex. marked +; in Lucr. § 4 it is separated from it.

duo, (rarely diu; also monos.) ae, o, num. dual [?] two, ibi termina duo stant, CIL 198, 8; Pl. Ter. Cic. Caes. passim; 2. acc. m. duo as well as duos, Alexandrum magnum atque Agathoclem aiunt maxumas Duo res gessisse: quid mihi fiet tertio? Pl. Most. 3, 2, 89; add Epid. 2, 2, 4; 3, 2, 37; etc.; but uoluitur duos (so A), 3, 2, 146 and 7 (so A); Tu illos duo (so A, Charis. p. 101 P, 120, 10 K who adds ubi Aeron pro duos) olim pro re tollebas tua, Ter. Ad. 5, 3, 23; Martes armis duo congressos crederes, Acc. ibi.; Si diu (or monos.) praeterea istae Idaea tulisset Terra uiros, Verg. 11, 285; Summa fuit; duo si di-conia uexet inertes, Hor. s. 1, 7, 15; esse duo duces, Cic. Pis. 44; add N. D. 2, 32; fam. 4, 6, 1; rep. 1, 10 etc.; Varr. r. 1, 18, 5; cum leges duo ex una familia uiro utroque... magistratus creati utarent, Caes. b. g. 7, 33, 3; 3. g. dum (old duom) as well as duorum duarum, Salui et fortunati sitis duo dum nostrum patres, Naev. ap. Char. 102 P, 127, 6 K; mulier una duum uirum, Acc. ap. Cic. orat. 156; duum generum, Varr. l. 10, 2, p. 350 Sp.; duorum, though written, must be pron. dum in; nam ciliaria Vicem duorum solum me comense concedet, Pomp. ap. Char. 101 P, 126, 19 K; 4. only used of numbers, weight, measure, offices, and this even in later lang., Faciunda pondus duom stalagnia, Pl. Men. 3, 3, 18; duum milium, Leutal. ad Cic. 12, 15, 2f.; Caes. b. g. 3, 17, 5; Sal. lug. 50, 3 etc.; Liv. 7, 7, 6 etc.; Tac. h. 4, 57; d. mensum Liv. 3, 25, 4; 10, 5, 12; d. cubitorum, Plin. 12, 89, 21, 109; pedum, 15, 63; obolorum, 20, 58; so Cic. orat. 156; duorum uiuorum (for duum uiuorum) iudicium... dico nunquam; 5. dua as n. for duo a mere error; in Acc. ap. Cic. orat. 156, the reading is: Vileo sepulchra duo duorum corporum; 6. duo in old lang. often monos., praeter ceteros Duo qui quem crant. Qui duo? Mars et Venus, Pl. Mil. 4, 9, 7; add Pl. 1, 3, 98; Epid. 1, 1, 26; As. 1, 3, 41; see also + above; cf. *δω-δεκα*, E. two etc.; 7. duo (even the n.) at times w. long o, Nepoti sibi qui uolet uim parare Naueu et mulierem istae duo comparato, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 2; see also + above, and Auson. ep. 19, 133, cf. *δωδε*; 8. duo as undeclined, licetne (Both. cf. mss lenetne) duo uerbis? Etiam primo et postremo, Nov. ap. Non. 500; duo milium aureorum, Scaeu. dig. 31, 89, 1; S. drau dve; G. zwei, E. two.

duumuir, (duomu\*, duou+) i, m. [duumuirum, lit. a gen. pl., (one of) two men; then forced into decl., cf. triumuirum, sestertium] one of two commissioners, a duumuir quod eius (sc. agri) non ueniet ei in uir... reddito, CIL 20, 67; nouo qui que(m) aduersus ea creatum renuntiatum erit ibi in uir... esto, 206, 139; 2. esp. for treason-trials, duumuiru perduellionem iudicant, Liv. 1, 26, 6; add 6, 20,

12; Cie. C. Rabir. 12; 3. for charge of Sibylline books, libri per duumviros sacrorum aditi, Liv. 3, 10, 7; superseded by decem viiri, 6, 37, 12; 6, 42, 2; 4. of the navy, duumviros navales classis ornatuæ... causa, 9, 30, 4; 5. for building or dedicating temples, duumviros ad eam aedem... faciendum, 7, 28, 5; add 2, 42, 5; 35, 41, 8; C. Caesius M. f. C. Flautius L. f. duovir, t. aedem fidei coer., CIL 1130; 6. for erection of an aqueduct, duumviri aquae perducendae, Front. 6; add CIL 1141; 7. as chief

magistrates in coloniae et municipia, cum ceteris in coloniis duumviri appellentur, hi se praetores appellari volebant, Cie. agr. 2, 93; duumviri municipiorum omnium imperat, Caes. b. c. 1, 30, 1; ab colonia deducta anno sc N. Fulvius N. f. M. Pullio duo vir(e)s, CIL 577, 3; add 1246; 8. duom<sup>2</sup> vir nom. s., CIL 1107; duum vir, 1235; d. u. 1250; duovires<sup>2</sup> n. pl. 1149; freq. duovir or duo vir, 577, 1, 2; 1111 etc.

## E.

**E**, the fifth letter of the Latin alphabet, corresponding to E of the Greek. Among the vowels it stands second in the rational series I, E, A, O, U; 2. In sound a long ē was prob. like our a in mate, a short e like that in met. 3. In form like our E together with a cursive ē. 4. The form || for E, long or short, occurs in CIL 818, as: SUPPLTVS |STNIDN...POT...DIOS...HOMINIS ACCIPTVS |SIC RHODIN...IT...VAIAT...HLE...QV...TIBI COM-MUNDO...SIMP...IT M...SIRGIA, add S22, 4, 57; 1413; 1416 etc.; 5. For a long ē in old Latin ee was at times written, as leegi (dat.), CIL 197, 26; seese, 197, 19; felcis, 462; 6. e w. a curve below (ē) in cursive writing = ae, as fortunate, Pl. Mil. 1, 1, 65; mey, 2, 6, 62; hce 2, 6, 100; hence the curve being neglected mss often give a mere e in place of ae, as egrotat, Trin. 1, 1, 8; 1, 2, 34; equalis, 1, 2, 10; preter, 1, 2, 31; egroti, 1, 2, 39; equum 1, 2, 60; all these from ms B; 11 7. e final often results from loss of final consonant or consonants, as scribere for scripsertur, ipse for ipsus and prob. ille iste for illis istis, and voc. of o-nouns domine docte for dominus doctus; 8. esp. when words in i drop the s, as nidebare; imper. scribe, scribite; neuters like triste; even in nom. m. as tribunos militare, CIL 63; 9. ē in middle of words for is, as pulvis cinis, g. pulveris cineris; lapidis, regis, but in old pl. lapiderum, regerum; scribis, but in refl. scriberis;

10. ē of abl. prob. for an older i, urbe, regē; and so here name for heri mani; 11. ne for no, as nester uerto ucto, for the older noster uorto nato; uelim from uolo; and prob. uernis, cf. E. worm; uerbum, cf. E. word; uello, cf. uolsus uolnus; 12. ē at times in older lang. where later lang. has i, as: en (prep.), CIL 199, 12; filca, 54; mereto 32, 183; tempestates, 32; Menerual, 191; rustici uiam ueam appellant...et uellam non uillam, Varr. r. 1, 2, 14;

13. also for i, fide 33, milie 1049, uis 205, 1, 47; 14. for i, edus 845, 854 etc.; Lebro (=Libero), nuges, 1207; ploirume, 32; spica quam rustici... uocant specum, Varr. r. 1, 48, 2; cf. Cie. or. 3, 46; 15. e often more genuine than the ordinary i, as delet, fuet, 32; poscetet, 190, 28 for dedest etc., est corresponding to erat and erit of the other perfects; semol, 1175 (=simul), cf. semel; deuas, 814, cf. deus; compromissae, 196, 14, cf. Fr. mettre; fameliā, 166; 16. ē for ā in compounds, esp. bef. two cons., gradior, aggredior, aggressus; iacio, conicio coniectus; iacio confectus; paciscor depesci; fatigo defatigo; spargo, conspergo or conspergo; ago, remex; tango, integer; arma inermis; ars iners; pars expers; pario reperio; 17. ē in perf. preferred to root-vowel in redupl. of perf., pario pegeri, cado cecidi, cado cecidi, tollo tetuli, mordeo memordi, Enn. or momordi; spondeo spondidi or sponnidi; sto steti; 18. hence ē in perf. of verbs w. a in root, facio feci for fefaci; ago egi for eagi;

19. ē for ā in comp. hālo ahēla-; 20. ē at times dropped from middle in old lang., Benuentod, CIL 19; decunus, S21 (bis); patr, 130; 21. so gen. bef. r, magistrī libī patris aeris as also libra umbra, cf. libella umbella; 22. lost from end as uolap, biber for bibere; and esp. in imper., fac, duc, es, inger;

23. by unlat for other vowels, bene by bonus, uelim by uolo; see heus, eece; 111 24. Lat ē for Gr. a, as in

dūm. suff. πᾶλαξ, μναξ, ὕραξ, πυνδαξ, but Lat. pellex, murex, sorex, podex; neut. in -a- by the side of vbs in -a-, compared w. Lat. en, ονομα ονομαῖον nomen; ἔλμα uolumen; ψευμα nomen; add Tapas Tarentum Ἀσραγας Agri-gentum; ἑπτα εννεα δεκα septem nouem decem; 25. ē w. S. a, S. ad eat, L. ed-o; S. asti, L. est; S. man thē, L. mens; S. ua measure, L. men of mensior, mensus; S. madhya, L. medius; S. tamas n. darkness, L. temere in the dark; S. agra, L. equus; S. asi, L. ensis; 26. Lat. ē=Gr. εἰ, πλατῆ πλατεία; caducius καρκεῖον; cinecūm γυναικείον; conopῆον κυνωπίον; chorcha or chorcha, χορρα;

27. ē (as well as i) for Gr. εἰ, Media, Alexandria. Darius, Peneus, Alphēus; 1V 28. Lat. e often becomes i in Ital. and Fr., L. breuis, I. breuie, F. brief; bene F. bien; fel, fiela, fiell; febris fièvre; venit vient; tenet tient; already Lat. had rēn and rēon; 29. Lat. e=I. i, ego io; deus dio; mensis mīo; 30. Lat. e=F. oi, reg- (rex) roi; leg- (lex) loi; sermo soir; mensis mois; auena auoine; Cartaginensis Carthaginius; Alesiensis Aux-ois;

31. L. ē and ē=Fr. i, pretium prix, premsus pris, decem dix, sex six, species épice, cibus iure, cera, cire, tapetis; V 32. abbrev. first from CIL, E. H. L. N. R. eius haec lege nihil rogato, 206, 36; 206, 65; E. I. eius index, 205, 1, 27; E. R. ea res, 205, 1, 13; EID. eidus, 200, 70;

33. fm. Orel. inser. E.M. emeritus, 3741, 6791; E. M. e monita, 2467; E. M. V. egrégiae memoriae uir, 3100; EN in Calendar=endoterciusus=intercius, fast. Maff. and Praen. at Jan. 10 and 14; EQ. eques equestris etc.; ESQ. Esquilina, 2621; ess. essedarius, 2585; E. V. egrégius vir, passim; E. V. ex uoto 1251; EVOC. euocatus, 4927; EXAR. exarchus, 3410; EXC. exceptus, 4422; ex-ceptor, 6791; EXT. exterum, 4425; 34. fm. mss ē est; ēē esse.

ē, rarely ee (see § 55) ex, prep. [ē=ek, whence ex for ee- is in orig. a comp.; cf. abs, obs; enis of ἐπὶ-σεναι and ἐπὶ-σεναι out of, from in or on; out of, quod ex urbe exiis locis... exportare oportebit, CIL 206, 59; neque prohibito quo minus ex agro signa sumant, 190, 34; Interea e portu nostra natis soluit, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 54; exi e colina sis foras mastigia, Most. 1, 1, 1; Inano etiam cerebrum quoque omne e capite emunxisti meo, 5, 1, 1; cum exturbasti ex aedibus, Trin. 1, 2, 100; Truc. 2, 2, 23; nauitas ex nauibus eluxi, Cato orat. 45, 10; aquam creteris sumere Ex fonte... Naev. ap. Non. 547; e nani egredientem, Ter. Haut. 1, 2, 8; telum e corpore extractum ostenderet, Cie. Rosc. Am. 19; legiones ex hibernis educit, Caes. b. g. 1, 10, 3; 2. esp. of countries, including large islands, ex Aetolia complures uenerant, Cato orat. 44, 2; tabellae...Quas tu attulisti mihi ab ero meo usque e Persia, Pl. Pers. 4, 1, 13; add 4, 3, 28; ex Sicilia litteras deportare, Cie. Caecl. 28; cum ex Italia discesserim, Att. 11, 12, 1; equites ex Cypro decedere iussi, 5, 21, 10; ea ex Hispania adportari iubet, Caes. b. g. 5, 1, 4; auxilia ex Britannia accersim, 3, 9, 10; yet w. exceptions, as: exercitum Britannia reportabant, Cie. Att. 4, 17, 3; cogebarunt Coreya atque Aearnania...pabulum subportare, Caes. b. c. 3, 58, 4; Germanicus Aegyptio remeans, Tac. an. 2, 69, 1; but in Liv. 45, 13, 9 Madv. writes: litterae deinde e Macedonia

allatae; **3.** such a phrase at times attached to a sb., Rogo Philoetorem ex Alide equis hominum morit, Pl. Capt. 3, 2, 10; dixti cupere te ex Aethiopia Ancillulam, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 85; Herennium negotiatorem ex Africa, Cie. Ver. 1, 1, 14; fratres Veianios ex agro Falisco, Varr. r. 3, 16, 10; Q. Iunius ex Hispania quidam, Caes. b. g. 5, 27, 1; **4.** akin to these; Menophilus Lucterianus seruos publicus ex Basilica Opimia, CIL 1067; ossa sita P. Pomponi P. I. Rufonis Menophilus Alifianus) ser. pub. ex Basilica Opimia, 1068; puer quis ex aula capillis Ad cyathum statuetur unctis, Hor. od. 1, 29, 7; **5.** b. p. verbis of taking, deriving, ex is praedicti talenta argenti bina Statim capiebant, Ter. Ph. 5, 3, 6; capite ille ex suis praedicti sescena sestertia, ego centena ex meis, Cie. parad. 49; ex eo nunc misera quem caput Laborem, Ter. Andr. 4, 3, 4; eam quam ex disendo capiant noluptatim, Cie. fin. 5, 48; **6.** perb. peculiar to Livy, agro ex hoste capto, 3, 68, 6; captam ex hostibus pecuniam, 5, 20, 5; coloniam ex hostibus eripere, 41, 14, 3; **7.** w. person as source of knowledge, from, of, Istuc volebam ego ex percunctariis, Pl. Bac. 2, 2, 12; and Amph. 2, 2, 78; Pers. 4, 4, 59 and 67; Nescio tu ex me hoc audieris annon, Mil. 4, 6, 50; Caes. b. g. 8, 70 and 71; **5.** 2, 42; ex te solo scitari, Capt. 2, 2, 13; Trin. 2, 4, 117; ex uxore mea hanc rem pergam exquirere, Amph. 4, 1, 7; add Mil. 2, 2, 92; Omnia reseui scelera ex Muesiolecho tua, Bac. 4, 6, 12; ego scibo ex hoc quid sciet, Ter. Eun. 4, 4, 58; primum e me ut sciat..., Hant. 3, 1, 2; ex his quaeritur quid..., Cie. Ver. 2, 4, 100; quaero ex Acasto, Att. 6, 9, 1; cognovi ex eo, ib.; ut postea ex captivis cognovit est, Caes. b. g. 2, 17, 2; but peto never w. ex, because it asks favours, not questions; **8.** of things as source of knowledge or inference, te cognosce ex litteris tuorum, Cie. fam. 10, 29, 1; intellexi ex tuis litteris, 6, 9, 3; ex (e) quo intellegitur, diu. 1, 70; Tusc. 1, 48; N. D. 2, 140; ex hoc ostenditur, Rose. Am. 52; ex qua adaptat antiquior materiae origo, Plin. 36, 197; **9.** gen. orig. of actions, thoughts, feelings, omnia ex victoria et ex sua liberalitate sperarent, Caes. b. g. 3, 6, 1; **10.** origin of names, Hostis unius rapere soleo ex acie: ex hoc nomen mihi est (says Harpax), Pl. Ps. 2, 2, 65; Nunc Micotrogus nomine e uero nocor, St. 1, 3, 88; add Merc. 3, 1, 19; P. Scipione qui postea Africano cognomen ex uirtute fuit, Sal. lug. 5, 4; nomen (Lara). Ex uito positum, Ov. F. 2, 601; Ex uero positum permansit Equiria nomen, 2, 859; ex argumento nomen accepit scorpio herba, Plin. 22, 39; add 11, 123; 27, 91; ducem e nominibus indita uocabula, Tac. an. 4, 55; add 2, 4; **11.** from on, off, In Sastracti caprae laeae sunt quae saluti e saxo pedes plus sexagenos, Cato ap. Varr. r. 2, 3, 3; ex equo cadere; ...ex hocine equo, Cie. fat. 5; ex equis desiliunt, Caes. b. g. 4, 2, 3; saxum in uicium Iugarium ex Capitolio prociit, Liv. 35, 21, 6; nisi e campo in eam hanc uiam demittimus equos, 23, 47, 5; **12.** of hanging from, uidetis pendere alios ex arbore, Cie. Ver. 2, 3, 66; and met., Equo tu pendet respici spiritus ore, Lucr. 1, 37; qui spes omnis...pendet ex fortuna, Cie. parad. 17; tuorumque qui ex te pendent, fam. 6, 22, 2; add Sal. lug. 14, 23; **13.** of a person remaining in or on the place and actus theuee, Castor et Pollux ex equis pugnare nisi sunt, Cie. N. D. 2, 6; contionari ex turri alta castris, Tusc. 5, 59; add Man. 8, 21; pueri mulieresque ex muro passis manibus...paem...petierunt, Caes. b. g. 2, 13, 3; Aristoius ex equis ut colloquerentur postulauit, 1, 43, 2; Orgetorixem ex uinculis causam dicere coegerunt, 1, 4, 1; add 2, 30, 3; ex uinculis causam dicere, Liv. 29, 15; armatae classes imponunt sibi turrim propugnacula ut in mari quoque pugnetur uelut e muris, Plin. 32, 3; antea ex prora tantum et puppi pugnavat, 7, 209; **14.** esp. of looking and hearing from, Ibi tum deripente ex alto in altum desepit mare, Eunn. ap. Non. 518, 5; ex cruce Italia cernere, Cie. Ver. 2, 5, 169; uillam M. Aemili...ex qua iam audieram fremitum clientium meorum, fam. 4, 18; ex hoc ipso ex loco saepe cognouistis, Manil. 42; add 52; ex loco superiore, quae res...gererentur, conspectus, Caes. b. g. 2, 26, 4; Cum me Castalia speculans ex arbore Phoebeus Sic atit...,

Prop. 3, 3, 13; **15.** ex itinere is often used of a thing done while on one's way or march, quas ex itinere...ad me litteras misisti, Cie. fam. 3, 9, 1; hac pugna nuntiata ex i. domum reuerterunt, Caes. b. g. 2, 29, 1; id (sc. oppidum) ex i. magno impetu Belgae oppugnare coeperunt, 2, 6, 1; reductur ad eum deprensus ex i. N. Magius, b. c. 1, 24, 4; ex i. perisque consularibus...mittit, Sal. Cat. 34, 2; ex i. praemittere edictum, Liv. 35, 24, 3; see also § 38; **16.** of reading or copying from writing, exque icis libris...intabulas publicas referenda curato, CIL 206, 155; tu istinc (so Bothe, miss hinc) ex cera cita, Pl. Ps. 1, 1, 33; et Celsus Nepoti ex libello respondit et Celsus Nepos ex pugillaribus, Plin. ep. 6, 5, 6; **17.** of material, non est enim e saxo sculptus aut e robore dolatus, Cie. acad. pri. 2, 101; ex eo auro buculam curasse faciendam, diu. 1, 48; statua ex aere facta est, Verr. 2, 2, 50; and met. saepe ex huius modi re quapiam...magna familiaritas conflatast, Ter. Eun. 5, 2, 35; qui erat totus ex fraude et mendacio factus, Cie. Clu. 72; **18.** hence w. vls. such as constare, consistere, coniungi, contineri, temperari, misceri, Ex auriq. putat micis consistere posse Aurum, Lucr. 1, 839; qui ex animo constet et corpore, Cie. N. D. 1, 98; aut simplex est natura animantis...aut concretum ex pluribus naturis, 3, 34; temperatur ex tribus optimis...modis, rep. 1, 69; add coniunctus, fin. 2, 44; continuantur, acad. post. 6; constat, off. 1, 157; Rose. com. 20; even w. singular element, siue ex crimine causa constat, siue ex controuersia, siue ex deliberatione, or. 2, 104; Temperantia constat ex praetermittendis uoluptatibus corporis, N. D. 3, 38; homines mixti ex collatione omnium gentium, Liv. 30, 35, 7; add 22, 43, 2; 26, 40, 17; **19.** of liquids employed for mixture with solids, and not limited to medicine, as Hand says, Resinam ex melle Aegyptiam uorato: saluum feceris, Pl. Merc. 1, 2, 31; esto erudam (brassicam) ex aceto, Cato r. 156; ex aceto (inulam)...coquito, Colum. 12, 48, 1; intrita ex hoc (sc. uino), Cels. 3, 19, p. 103, l. 26 Dar.; euenieris siuestris pars interior ex lacte muliebri diluitur, 5, 21, 1; panem ex uino esse, 1, 6; ex multo decoctae, 5, 28, 11 m.; ex uino subactam, 6, 6, p. 227, 11 Dar.; folia thysique triti ex aceto bibuntur, Plin. 20, 62;—herba ex uino pota contra uenena serpentum pollet, 24, 136; add 29, 113 and 114; Calce uina ex oleo subacta, Vitr. 8, 7, 8; conditur ex oleo, Apic. 431; or attached to a noun, columnas ex lapide, CIL 1307; mons ex sale mero, Cato ap. Gell. 2, 22, 29; huius statuum statui deest ex auro, Pl. Bac. 4, 4, 1; pocula ex auro..., uas uinarium ex uina gemma, Cie. Ver. 2, 4, 62; farinam ex faba, Cels. 5, 28, 19 f.; **20.** of change of character, Facietque extemplo Cruciatulum me ex Crucialo, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 128; si possum tranquillum facere ex irato mihi, Cist. 4, 1, 21; add Most. 1, 1, 80; quos ego ope mea ex Incertis certos compotes consili Dimitto, Eunn. ap. Cie. or. 1, 200; non ex militibus pisatores feci, Cato orat. ap. Fest. 237 M.; feci ex seruo ut esses libertus mihi, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 10; nihil tam miserabile quam ex beato miser, Cie. part. or. 57; ex homine tanquam aliquo Circae poeulo factus est uerres, Caecil. 57; add Phil. 3, 22; Rose. Am. 50; Vat. 29; Q. Cie. pet. cons. 35; Nam fierent iuuenes subito ex infantibus paruis, Lucr. 1, 186; Masinissam ex hoste amicum factum, Liv. 31, 11, 14; Nymphasque e manibus esse Inusserat, Verg. 10, 221; **21.** to mark an intermediate state, between—and—, corpus ex longo...rotundum, Colum. 6, 29, 3; mel...ex dilui aere, Plin. 11, 39; ex austero dulce, 15, 62; 21, 50; **22.** esp. of colour, ex aureolo uarias, Colum. 9, 4, 2; e rufo candidus, Plin. 12, 50; e rubro lacteum, 12, 52; e uiridi rubentibus, 15, 127; pallidum e uiridi, 21, 158; ex candido rufa, 37, 147; **23.** of parentage alike on father's and mother's side, (born) of, (sprung) from, (son or d.) by, Filiam quam ex te suscepi (says Philippa), Pl. Epid. 4, 1, 34; quae ex te nata sit, 4, 2, 14; add Truc. 4, 4, 12; Iuppiter ex Ope natust, Mil. 4, 2, 90; add 4, 7, 9; Neque tu (cum)quam in grenium extollas liberorum ex te genus, Eunn. ap. Cie. orat. 155; granida e Pamphilost, Ter. Andr. 1, 3, 11; peperisse hanc e Pamphilo, 3, 2, 17;

Atque ex me hic natus non est set ex fratre meo, Ad. 1, 1, 45; si ex me illa liberis uellet sibi, Hec. 4, 4, 33; add Eun. 3, 2, 7; sextus hic (Hercules) ex Alcmene quem Iuppiter genuit, Cic. N. D. 3, 42; *Διοκλῆς* ex rege Ioue et Proserpina nati, 3, 53; qui sunt ex his nati, Caes. b. g. 5, 14 f.; is Adherbalem ex sese genuit, Sal. Iug. 5, 7; Iuppiter e terra genitam mentitur, Ov. M. 1, 615;

24. gen. of source or cause or origin, from, first of matter, quos...publicani ex eo uectigali transportant fructus, CIL 204, 2, 36; 25. after words of triumph or victory, as the result of, over, ex ea urbe triumphari sine qua nunquam nostri imperatores ex transalpinis bellis triumphauerunt, Cic. off. 2, 28; ex hostibus, Phil. 8, 18; ages victor ex inimicorum dolore triumphum iustissimum, fam. 3, 10, 1; ex opulentissima Etrusca ciuitate uictoriam tulit, Liv. 2, 50, 2; ex Aetolis triumphauerat, 40, 45, 6; et Domiti ex Aruernis et Fabi ex Allobrogibus uictoria fuit nobilis, Vell. 2, 10, 2; ex Hispaniis, 2, 30, 2; ex iis, inser. Or. 541; add 545; 590; 26. owing to, in consequence of, from, scilicet damni datum factumque ex ea re...erit, CIL 205, 1, 13; sanus non est ex amore illius, Pl. Merc. 2, 3, 106; Laborat e dolore atque ex hoc misera sollicitast..., Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 33; insanire incipiunt ex inuria, Ad. 2, 1, 43; cum e uia lauguerem, Cic. Phil. 1, 12; ex me doluisti, fam. 16, 21, 3; ex diuitiis inuentutem luxuria atque auaritia...inuasere, Sal. Cat. 12, 2; ex conscientia diffidenti rebus suis, Iug. 32, 5; aeger oculis ex uerna intemperie, Liv. 22, 2, 10; ex uulheribus perire, 22, 7, 3; 27. ex—attached to a noun, as though some participle were dropped, prius se cortice ex arboribus uicturos quam..., Caes. b. c. 3, 49, 2; fructus (so sss; add. frons) ex arboribus deficiebat, 3, 58, 5; repositis ex fraxino frondibus, Colum. 7, 3, 21; ex leguminibus paleae, 7, 3, 22; ex hac clade atrox ira maioris calidis causa fuit, Liv. 2, 51, 6; quos proprius ex legato timor agitabat, Tac. Agr. 16; quamquam multa simul offunderent, metus ex imperatorum, contemptio ex barbaris, an. 11, 20; 28.

before laws, deces etc., in agreement or accordance with, under, quei ex hac lege plebeique scito factus erit, CIL 197, 7; ex senati consulto, 199, 4; e lege locutionis, 206, 49; ex edicto praetoris, Cic. Quint. 30; ex decreto, fam. 13, 56, 3; ex senatus consulto, Sal. Cat. 42, 3; often abstr. as ex s. c., CIL 339; 365, 377 on denarii; ex praecepto regis, Sal. Iug. 13, 7; ex collegii sententia, Liv. 4, 53, 6; ex decreto pontificum, 40, 45, 2; non redditus res ex foedere, 1, 23, 7; 29. in late legal writers, ex officio, by virtue of (his) office, utilitatem pupilli spectabit et au tutor ex officio sumptus fecerit, Ulp. dig. 27, 4, 3; ex officio reatito iure poscetur, Paul. 49, 14, 45, 8; 30. hence gen. in accordance with, according to, as suggested by, i(ta) u(tei) e(is) e r(e) (publica) f(ideus) s(u)a u(idebitur), CIL 200, 35; add 203, 11; negotium ex uoluntate Caesaris...gere, Cic. fam. 13, 5, 1; statutes ut ex fide fama reque mea uidebitur, Att. 5, 8 f.; hunc statum corporis...qui est maxime e natura, fin. 5, 47; ex uirtute agere, fin. 4, 35; ex consuetudine, Cln. 38; Caes. b. g. 1, 52, 4; 4, 32, 1; ex illius more, Ter. Haut. 1, 2, 29; ex optimo more, Cic. Phil. 2, 69; ex aliorum more, Sal. Iug. 61, 3; or absol. ex more, Verg. 5, 244; Or. M. 14, 156; Plin. ep. 3, 18, 1; Ex tua re non est ut ego emoriar, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 102; Non hercle ex re istius me instigasti Demipho, Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 76; 31. ex sententia means either according to one's real feelings, that is frankly, as in ex. marked \*, or gen. to one's heart's content, nec qui magis sit seruos ex sententia, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 97; add 2, 3, 87; Mil. 4, 1, 1; Men. 5, 7, 30; 5, 9, 89; Ps. 2, 4, 72; piscis ex sententia Nactus sum, Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 66; te ex sententia nauigasse gaudeo, Cic. Alt. 5, 21, 1; iurare ex sui animi sententia \* quemque uoluerunt, Acad. pr. 146; Nascia censori Catoni, cum ille: ex tui animi sententia \* tu uxorem habes? Non hercule inquit, ex mei animi sententia, or 2, 260; ex tui animi sententia \* in provinciam redibis? Liv. 43, 15, 8; 32. in votive offerings to express the motive, in accordance with, in fulfilment of, Ioui optimo maximo ex uiso aram aedificauit P. Cornelius, CIL 1109; Dianae...T. Flaminius...ex

monitu aram fecit, inser. Or. 1444; I. O. M...Vlpius...e(x) u(oto) l(ibens) u(olito) p(ositus), 1251; Agatho Daemoni sacrum e. u. s., 1786; ex nocturno uisu stitem quoniam die certo emendicabit a populo, Suet. Aug. 91 f.; 33. of a standard to judge by, by, from, according to, eorum ex ingenio ingenium horum probant, Pl. Trin. 4, 3, 42; Atque ex aliarum ingenis nunc me indicet, Ter. Eun. 2, 1, 118; leges ex utilitate communi, non ex scriptione...interpretari, Cic. iur. 1, 68; si ex opibus, non ex ueritate causa pendetur, Quint. 5, non esse ex fortuna fidem ponderandam, part. or. 117; 34. in partitive phrases, of, out of, among, quei eorum exeis qui (supra) (scripti) s(un)t aduersus ea fecerit, is..., CIL 206, 96; qui unus nunc eiubus ex omnibus probus perhibetur, Pl. St. 1, 1, 12; ex copia piscaria Consulere quid emam oportet, Cas. 2, 8, 63; Illi ego ex omnibus optume uolo, Most. 1, 4, 24; ex multis nequiores nullum quam hic est, St. 2, 2, 19; ex omnibus saeculis nix tria nominantur paria amicorum, Cic. am. 15; qui tibi...detulerat ex latronibus suis principatum, Plin. 2, 5; homo ex numero disertorum, or. 1, 168; ex aliis ei maximam fidem habebat, Caes. b. g. 1, 41, 4; 35. to the partitive sense belong also: si esset alia ex hoc quaestu, haud faceret scio, Ter. Hec. 5, 1, 30; iudicium eodem ex studio...Q. Tubero, Cic. Mur. 75; Et uolo non ex hac illa fuisse nota, Ov. am. 5, 5, 54; ex hac tibi nota (brand, met.) sapientem exhibebo, Sen. const. 3, 3; quaedam non sunt ex hac uolgari nota, Sen. 3, 9, 1; add ep. 52, 3; Petr. 83 as corrected; uirgines ex sacerdotio Vestae, Flor. 1, 13, 12; 36. of time, from, on and from, quam decuriam praecursum ex nonis decembris primis quaestoribus ad aerarium apparere oportet oportebit, CIL 202, 1, 10; Bonus uolo iam ex hoc die esse, Pl. Pers. 4, 3, 10; ex ea die ad hanc diem quae fecisti in iudicium uoco, Cic. Ver. 2, 1, 34; Tempore iam ex illo cassus mihi cognitus urbis, Verg. 1, 623; Impius ex quo Tydides... Ex illo fluere...Spes Danaum, 2, 163; neque fratrem Volscii ex quo semel fuerit aeger unquam assurrexisset ex morbo, Liv. 3, 24, 4; ex illo est hae tibi festa dies, Ov. F. 5, 670;

37. the same, w. nouns not expressive of time, imber postea, Atque ex imbre frigus, Enn. ap. Varr. 1, 5, 10, p. 70 Sp.; tanta repente uilitas attonae ex summa inopia...consecuta est, Cic. Man. 44; naues Viciae ex praedonum bello subductas, Caes. b. c. 2, 23, 3; neque ex tanta praeparantia tam facile tractum bellum socordia...credenter, Sal. Iug. 36, 3; otium ex labore, copia ex inopia, cultus ex illuic...corpora uarie mouebat, Liv. 21, 39, 2; quum primum aliquis inhorruit et ex horrore incaluit, Cels. 3, 12; odium aduersus Vestinum ex intima sodalitate coeperat, Tac. an. 15, 68; Fonteius ex Asia Moesia praepositus est, b. 3, 46 f.; 38. esp. w. ex fuga, after the rout, multos ex fuga dispersos excipiunt, Caes. b. g. 6, 35, 6; nemo...ex f. regem sequitur, Sal. Iug. 54, 4; aliquos ex fuga dissipatos fore, Liv. 22, 55, 4; add 6, 29, 4, 28, 23, 7; 30, 7, 1; so also: id (oppidum) ex itinere oppugnare conatus, Caes. b. g. 2, 12, 2; see also § 15; esp. w. names of office, aliamque quam potestatem ex quo honore in eum ordinem perueniat, CIL 206, 137; Cotta ex consulatu est profectus in Galliam, Cic. Brut. 318; cum honestissime ex praetura triumphasset, Mur. 15; add leg. 1, 53; ex praetura eam provinciam obtinuerat, Caes. b. c. 1, 31, 2; ne ex praetura et consulatu...in provincias mittantur, 1, 85, 9; add 1, 22, 4; ne reus ex consulatu sim, Liv. 22, 49, 11; ex consulatu populi iudicio damnatus, 27, 34, 3;

39. w. repeated words, Aliam rem ex alia cogitare, Ter. Eun. 4, 2, 3; add 5, 5, 17; uerum ut alius ex alio incidit, Haut. 3, 3, 37; alius ex alio quaerentibus, Cic. leg. 1, 14; add Att. 16, 14, 3; fam. 9, 19 f.; alia ex alia facies, Lucr. 4, 821; alia ex aliis iniquiora, Liv. 4, 2, 9; alias ex aliis fingendo moras, 7, 39, 3; and in fuller phrase, alia ex alia nexa, Cic. N. D. 1, 9; causas alias ex aliis aptas, Tusc. 5, 70; diem ex die expectabam, Att. 7, 26, 3; diem ex die duere Haedui, Caes. b. g. 1, 16, 4; contiguas dilicere ex artibus artes Proserper, Grat. cyn. S.; uitia ex uitio coacta, Rup. L. Lycurg. 1, 2; 40. of proportion, to the extent of, facit heredem ex deince et semuncia Caecianam, ex duabus sextulis M.

Fulcinus, Cic. Caccin. 17; uter ex fratribus meis... Secum uxorem duxerit ex dodrante, uter non duxerit ex quadrante heres esto, Ulp. dig. 28, 5, 9, 10; ex reliqua parte heres esto, ib. 28, 5, 17, 3; constituit ut tu ex tridente socius esses, ego ex besse, Procul. 17, 2, 76; ex parte magna tibi assentior, Cic. Att. 7, 3, 3; Nec tamen ex toto desere illa potes, Ov. Pont. 4, 8, 72; add Colm. 5, 8, 6; Cels. 1, 2, 1, 7, 2, 8, p. 45 l. 36 Dar.; Sen. ep. 75, 11; **41.** of a side or quarter, on, in, una ex parte Rheno (continentur), altera ex parte monte Iura, Caes. b. g. 1, 2, 3; ex altera parte filius, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 76; quod sit omni ex parte perfectum, ann. 79; qua ex parte...magnò dolore adiebat, Caes. b. g. 1, 2, 4; Recipe te ad terram Charibae huc: non me ex aduerso uides? Pl. Mere. 5, 2, 37; id tantum hostium quod ex aduerso erat conspexit, Liv. 22, 4, 4; ex altera parte Laelius instat, 28, 19, 18; ex alio latere cubiculum est politissimum, Plin. ep. 2, 17, 10; **42.** of means or cause from wh. results proceed, ex opibus summis mei honoris gratia...ire opitulum atque ea te facere facinora quae... Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 26; Ex summis opibus uribusque usque experire, nitere, Mere. 1, 2, 1; cuius faciem nobile cupiebam, Apul. M. 9, 15; add 2, 32, 1; and prob. 7, 24 f. wh. Eyss. et; senator ex negotio—on business—proprio forte reportas apud Constantinopolim, Ann. 22, 7, 6; Thessaliam ex negotio petebam, Apul. M. 1, 2; **43.** e uestigio, ex templo, when one acts at once from where one is standing, on the spot, at once, cf. Fr. sur-le-champ, G. auf der Stelle, Cic. Caccil. 57; Caes. b. c. 2, 12, 4; but in b. g. in uestigio; **44.** in very late wr., of instrument, with, agitatibus mustum ex canna, Pallad. Oct. 17, 1; **45.** for adverbial phrases ex aequo, bono, etc.; ex abundanti, continenti etc.; ex confesso, improviso, see those words; ex nunc from now, forthwith, Amm. 21, 10, 2; ex tunc from that time, Alcim. Amn. 3, 315, only in very late writers; **46.** ex postponed, ignibus ex ignis, Lucr. 1, 841; albis ex alba, 2, 731; Nec quae nigra elucent de nigris sed naris ex, 2, 791; add 6, 788; **47.** esp. after rel., quam quibus ex corpus..., Lucr. 3, 375; add 839; 858; 5, 949; **48.** in all writers common bet. emphatic adverb. and noun, see § 41; **49.** ex always before vowels; ex or e bef. consonants, esp. in ex sententia, ex senatus consulto, ex tempore; in some e preferred as, e regione, e re publica; **50.** ex also occurs in: ex senatus consultis, Sisen. ap. Non. 484, 19; ex Menelai domo (mss et), Acc. ap. Prisc. 1329; ex flamma, Lucil. ap. Non. 138, 21; ex maconis manna, 88, 16; ex fenestras, 288, 48; ex fontibus, 317, 6; ex uestimentis, 350, 6; ex medio Iudo, 157, 12; ex quo, Cic. ib. 175, 27; ex theatro, Varr. ap. Non. 325, 14; ex liquida uita, ib. 334, 15; ex sale, 223, 15; ex rhythmis, 428, 23; ex quo, 552, 6; ex malo, Sall. ib. 366, 12; (in most of these by safe cl.); mss et, haec etc.); cf. Baier at Tusc. 2, 20; L. Müller ad Lucil. 7, 23 p. 219; **51.** in comp. of vbs. the chief meanings are: out, eximo take out; exeo go out; ex-fero or effero carry out; **52.** removal by act of simple verb, exento charm away; edormio sleep off; extereo frighten away; **53.** escape by act of simple vb., euito escape by dodging; eluctor get away by wrestling; eufugio or efugio esc. by flight; **54.** obtain (an end) by act of simple vb., extendo hammer out; euestigio, trace out; **55.** publicity, elico proclaim; enuntio divulge; edo publish; **56.** ascent, emergo emerge; eueho carry up; exsisto stand up; euado go up; extollo raise up; **57.** completeness, edisco learn by heart; exuro burn up; emereor serve one's whole time; enumerio count out to the last; exsuoio rage to the end; edormio finish sleeping; **58.** change of character, w. vbs. fm. adj. or sb., efero (fare) make savage; ex-femino convert into a woman; expio make clean; **59.** reversal, exanguro deprive of a religious character; exauctoror relieve (a soldier) of the auctoramentum, discharge; **60.** from sb. prob. through an adj., removal of the sb., exosso bone (a fish); enodo clear of knots; enucleo clear (fruit) of stones, stone; **61.** distance or outside, exandio hear from afar, overhear; **62.** in comp. adj. denotes absence, enervis without muscle, exsompnis sleepless, extorris banished; exos without bones; exsors without a share; ex-

animus lifeless; **63.** ex often in comp. of vbs. before f, see 51, 53, 58; **64.** ex (EX) in many cases seems to = ex, esp. bef. f and s, as exfoecio, CIL 195; exfringam, Pl. Mil. 4, 6, 35; exfolio, Aul. 4, 8, 9; exfolidi, Mil. 2, 3, 44; exsolatium, Ps. 4, 3, 18; exsequi etc.; also in exdeicendum, CIL 196, 3; exdeicatis, 196, 23; exnigrasti, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 71.

**6-bit-o**, òre, vb. [baeto]=exco, go out, go off, Non it, quia tanto opere snales ne elibat (so BCD; A ne acbitat, a dittoz: abitat, elibat), Pl. St. 4, 2, 28.

**ecce**, interj. [prob. an imper. of a vb. akin to oculus (or a lost oculus, implied in *ocore*, and Ital. *occhio*) the root o changed to e by umlaut], behold, see, w. acc., Ecce nos tibi obediens, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 17; ecce me, 1, 69; Ecce hominem te Stasime nihili, Trin. 4, 3, 6; ecce autem \* alterum, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 6; Ecce me qui id faciam uobis, Ad. 5, 9, 38; **2.** absol. w. a sentence attached, ecce autem \* commundum aperit foris, Pl. Mil. 4, 4, 61; optime ecce obuiam mihi est, Bac. 4, 4, 17; Ecce autem \* caligo obortast, omnem prospectum abstulit, Enn. ap. Non. 518, 19; Et ecce de improviso ad nos accedit cana Veritas, Varr. ap. Non. 86, 26; ecce tibi \* exortus est Isoerates, Cic. or. 2, 94; ecce autem \*...L. Caesar ut ueniam ad se rogat, Att. 15, 5, 5; add Verr. 1, 17; bar. r. 46; Caccin. 30; Verg. 2, 403; Ecce...Dietyrna...Aspiciet hanc, Ov. M. 2, 441; Ecce aliae plagae congeruntur mortuo, Phaedr. 4, 1, 11; **3.** hence abbrev. ecce appears to govern a nom., ecce autem \* noua turba atque rixa...; retinere incipit..., Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 148; ecce tibi \* einusmodi sortitio ut..., Clu. 75; sed ecce nuntii..., ecce litterae, Att. 8, 3, 7; add 2, 14, 2; 7, 24; 8, 8, 2; 13, 16, 1; and esp. prout. cons. 43; **4.** prob. a nom. in: ecce autem \* subitum diuortium, Cic. Clu. 14; doubt: in ecce autem \* aliud minus dubium, Liv. 7, 35, 10; **5.** often w. autem, ecce autem uideo rure redeuntem senem, Ter. Eun. 5, 4, 45; ecce autem alia pusilla epistola, Cic. Att. 6, 1, 23; and exx. marked \* **6.** often w. tibi, ecce tibi qui rex populi Romani esse conceperit, Cic. off. 3, 83; add t above; ecce tibi quidam nauicularius irrumpit se in curiam, Varr. ap. Non. 263, 18; **7.** in old writers perh. never w. a mere noun; in Cic. and later perh. never w. acc., for in fin. 2, 96 miserum hominem alone.

**ecceille** or **ecceillum** etc., adj., [an older and more emphatic form of ille; Ital. quello intermediate; ult. fm. ecce] yonder look, in agreement w. noun, Librorum ecceillum ego habeo plenum soracum, Pl. Pers. 3, 1, 64; Set generum nostrum ire ecceillum uideo cum adini suo, Trin. 3, 1, 21; Habeo ecceillum meum elientum, Mil. 3, 1, 194; add Mere. 2, 3, 98; Aul. 4, 10, 51; Rud. 2, 7, 18; **2.** in Pers. 2, 2, 65 abi, ecceillum domi, it may be for ecce illum.

**ecceistam**, pron. acc. f. [an older and more emphatic form of iste; Ital. questo intermediate; ult. fm. ecce] that near you, certe ecceistam uideo, Pl. Cure. 5, 2, 17.

**ecceum**, **ecceam**, etc., [fm. ecce, forced into decl. like hic iste ille, also imper. in origin; see there; gen. made a compound=ecce eum etc., but? see look, Vbi tu es? Ecceum\*, Pl. Mil. 1, 1, 25; Set ecceum Pinaeum uis puerum, St. 1, 3, 113; ecceum tibi lupum in sermone, 4, 1, 71; add 4, 1, 22; Sed Philolabetis ecceum seruum Tranium, Most. 3, 1, 36; set Toxili puerum ecceum, Pers. 2, 3, 22; Sed ecceum meum guttum optime Video, Mere. 2, 2, 66; Sed ecceum adfinem ante aedis, Aul. 3, 5, 62; S. 'Ecceum' me! inque. Cl. ecceum \* hic tibi, Ter. Haut. 4, 7, 1; sed ecceum militum, Eun. 3, 1, 5; attat ecceum Philippum et patrem Video, Hee. 3, 4, 35; **2.** in these pass., esp. those marked \*, eum would be absurd; prob. then it forms no part in the other cases, as: set ecceum egreditur, Pl. Mil. 2, 6, 50; E. ostende huc manus. S. Em tibi ostendo, ecceas, Aul. 4, 4, 14; set ecceas uideo incedere, Bac. 3, 2, 19; Sunt crepundia. Ecce uideo, Rud. 4, 4, 110; Atque ecceum in ipso tempore ostentum senem, Pacuv. ap. Fest. 194 M; Atque ecceas segnis somno et

taritudine. Acc. ap. Non. 181, 18; add Titin. ap. Charis. 177 P. 196, 13 K; Afran. ap. Char. 95 P. 119, 10 K; Nov. ap. Fest. 364 M; strepitus a dextra, equum recta (al. al.) candidatus noster... in uillam, Varr. r. 3, 17, 10; 3. much less does this deriv. apply to nom., as: eapse eeca (so mss) exit, Pl. Men. 1, 2, 66; Set eeca (so mss w. A) ipsa egreditur, Ter. Eun. 1, 1, 34; but in Pl. Rud. 4, 4, 130 some mss omit eeca; 4. the deriv. fin. eece cum etc. wd. suit, wh. none occurs, as Senex ipse te ante ostium eceum aperit, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 108; add Pers. 4, 3, 73; Merc. 2, 1, 44; Ter. Ad. 5, 3, 6; 5, 7, 25.

**ecquandō**, interr. adv. [older and fuller form of quando; and so more emphatic, when?—ever? C. Mari cequando te nostrum et reipublicae miserelbitur? Claud. Q. ap. Gell. 20, 6, 11; ecquando nisi per xxxv tribus creati sunt (triumviri)? Cic. agr. 2, 17; ecq. te rationem factorum tuorum redditurum putasti? ecq...., Verr. 2, 2, 43; add 2, 5, 66; Cael. ad Cic. 8, 15, 1; ecq. communem hanc esse patriam licebit? Liv. 3, 68, 10; ecq. amabis? Sen. ira 3, 28, 1; 2. ecquandone?—ever? Cic. fin. 5, 63; Vell. 2, 14, 2; Ecquandone tibi libri sunt visus? Prop. 2, 8, 15; **ecquae**, or -i, ecquae? or -a, equid, ecquod etc., pron. interr. adj. [old and more emphatic form of quis, wh. see] any? first indir., die quod te rogo Ecquam tu hic hominem crispum ineam uideris, Pl. Rud. 1, 2, 37; Eadem percontator equi hunc (so Brix, Fl.; Lind. equum) adolescentem noverit, Capt. 2, 3, 99; add 3, 2, 10; quod quaeris ecquae spes pacificationis sit, Cic. Att. 7, 8, 4; rogato equid suo nomine in tuam statuum contulerit, Verr. 2, 2, 152; in qua uidehimus, ecqua consuetudo sit, ecqua lex, ecqua actio, ecquod eius rei artificum, inu. 2, 42; Temptat enim dubiam mentem rationis egestas Ecquae-nam fuerit mundi genitalis origo Et simul ecquae sit finis, Lucr. 5, 1212; ...Postremo ecqua (etqua A) inde parua perisset soror, Ecquis cum ea una, ...Ecquis eam posset noscere, Ter. Eun. 3, 3, 15; 2. dir. or. Aperite hoc, aperite: heus ecquis his foribus tutelam gerit? Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 28; Quis cena poscit? equi (so A) poscit prandio? St. 2, 1, 69; Heus adulescens, ecqua in istac pars inest praemi milhi? Men. 1, 2, 26; quid? Sarsinatis ecquast (ecqua est A) si Vimbarn non habes? Most. 3, 2, 83; ecqua (etqua mss) tandem lex est tam acerba quae...? Cato orig. Iord. 24, 8; ecquis me hodie uiti fortunator? Ter. Eun. 5, 8, 1; ecquae poterit in agnoscendo esse distinctio? Cic. acad. pr. 2, 86; eceui non proditur reuertenti? Mur. 68; Vox erat: Hac gressus ecqua puella uiti? Ov. F. 4, 488; 3. equid, adverbially, in any respect, at all, equid placeat? Equid placeant, me rogas? Pl. Most. 3, 3, 4; Tace subascultemus, equid (equi R) de me fiat mentio, Mil. 4, 2, 3; equid (so mss, R equi) fortis uisat? 4, 3, 13; Equid argutest?...Equid is homo scitust? Ps. 2, 4, 56; sed heus tu, equid uidet Lail. Antonium non uenire?—are you quite blind to the fact that?... —, Cic. Att. 2, 2, 3; quid agatis et equid in Italiae uenturi sitis hac hieme fac plane sciam—have any idea of coming—, fam. 7, 16, 3; equid sentitis in quanto contemptu uisat? Liv. 4, 3, 8; quaesierunt ab eis equid milites ex formula paratos haberent, 27, 10, 2; Equid, ut audieris tota turbare mente?...Equid...? Ov. tr. 3, 3, 47—will any disturbance pervade—; in Liv. 42, 26, 4 Madv. now has: est quid; 4. ecquae, less common perh. than ecqua; ecquis often elided, unless we read equi (see Pl. Bac. 4, 1, 9—11); etquis etc., oft. by error, in good mss.

**ecquis-nam**, see nam.

**ecquō**, adv. interr. [ecquis], to anything? equo te tua uirtus prouexisset? equo genas? Cic. Phil. 13, 24.

**ēdūco**, āre, [implies a sb. ēdūcō or ēdūca, a nurse, and so ult. from dūco], bring up or tend as a nurse, Nostramine ere tui nutriceum, quae nos educat, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 111; add Cas. pr. 44, 45; Cist. 1, 1, 41; 2, 3, 29; Truc. 2, 4, 45; educat nutrit, instituit paedagogus, doctae magister, Varr. ap. Non. 447 f.; apparet filios (Corneliae) non tam in gremio educatos quam in sermone matris, Cic. Brut. 211; Faustulo spes fuerat regiam stirpem apud se educari, Liv.

1, 5, 5; Hellanice quae Alexandrum educenerat...hand secus quam mater a rege diligebatur, Curt. 8, 1, 21; of a seal, educat mammi fetum, Plin. 9, 47; eiconiae gentricium senectam inuicem educant—nurse their aged mothers—10, 63; 2. gen. rear, bring up, is mecum a puero puer Bene pudieque educatust usque ad adulescentiam, Pl. Capt. 5, 3, 15; add Mil. 3, 1, 111; Men. 1, 1, 22; homine ingenio liberaliterque educato, Cic. or. 1, 137; homine in dedecore nato, ad turpitudinem educato, Verr. 2, 3, 60; hominem in fetaliu manibus educatum—nursed as it were,—2, 5, 49; 3. met., esp. of plants, ut uidia nitis...numquam nitum educat uiam, Cat. 62, 59 (50); Foetibus arboreis et quas humus educat herbas, Ov. M. 15, 97; add S. 830; Pont. 1, 10, 9; licet populi...Caecuba educunt, Plin. 16, 173; si quis aquis...educat...oleam, Val. F. 6, 712; 4. still bolder met., sed quod educata huius nutritimentis eloquentia ipsa se postea colorat et roborat, non alienum fuit de oratoris quasi incunabulis dicere, Cic. orat. 42.

[**effēritas**, not Latin (see Ingerslev de vocib. non recte explicatis Hafn. 1852), in Cie. Sest. 91 read ee feritate; in Tusc. 20 feritatem; in Laet. mort. pers. 9 et feritas].

**effervesco**, (ee-fer-n.) ēre, vb. boil up or over, in his aquis (hot springs) quae effervescent subitis (so mss, not subditis) iunibus quod in fretum snepe concurrat aestus atque effervescent, Varr. l. 7, 2, p. 308 Sp.; 2. effervesce, as wine, ut in effervescentio uinum se bene purget, Colum. 12, 25, 5; see effervio; 3. met. campus atque illae undae comitorum ut mare profundum...effervescent quodam quasi aestu, Cic. Planc. 15; totum Pontum effervescentem in Asiam, prou. cons. 6; effervescentes in dieudo stomacho iracundiae, Brut. 246; uerbis effervescentibus et paulo nimium redundantibus, or. 2, 88; iracundiae mens facile effervescent in ira, Lucr. 3, 295; neque in spumam ruborem effervesco, Gell. 1, 26, 8; ut luxuriae effervescentis aestus coerceretur, 2, 24, 15; 4. finish boiling or effervescing, met., quoad iracundia domini efferveresceat, Ulp. dig. 21, 1, 17, 4; 5. see

**effervio**, (eef-, ēre, ferni, vb. the same, quotiens Cyclo-pum effervere in agros Vidimus undantem ruptis fornacibus Aetna, Verg. G. 1, 471; liquefacta bonum per uiscera toto Stridere apes ictu, et ruptis effervere costis, 4, 556; nermisque effervere, terram Intempestuos quom puto cepit ob imbris, Lucr. 2, 928; Stat. Th. 4, 664; only in poets; 2. effervesce, ubi satis effervit, de uino manipulum eiecit, Cato r. 115, 11; 3. met., boil over, si cui nimium effervesce uidetur Lulus in...minicitiis suis ferocitas, Cic. Cael. 77; add Lucr. 5, 1335; incautus effervat, Tac. an. 1, 74 f.; 4. effervens, exultatio animi gaudio efferventior, Gell. 2, 27, 3; 5. imperf. only in poets; 6. effervui doubtful; 7. see effervesco.

**ef-fīngo**, ēre, finxi, fectus, vb. [ef, fingo squeeze up, wipe up (as w. a sponge), fescas spongia effingat, Cato r. 67; Pliny copying this 15, 22 has: f. sp. tergendas; e foro spongiis effingi sanguinem, Cic. Sest. 77; Me miserum quod non medicorum iussa ministro, Effingoque manus insideque toro, Ov. her. 20, 134 and again 137; by pressure upward aid the return of venous blood; 2. squeeze into due form, manus (cadaueris), Allui. 1, 137; 3. esp. mould or model (as in clay) by squeezing, Vi laus est cerae, mollis cedensque sequatur Si doctos digitos...et...Nunc Venerem effingat, nunc Veneris puerum, Plin. ep. 7, 9, 11; (see fingo); 4. and so gen. imitate in form, Bis conatus erat casus (se. Icar) effingere in auro, Verg. 6, 32; gressus: quae effingit euntis, 10, 640; grues...Effingit varias casu monstrante figuras, Lucan. 5, 713; horrentes effingens crine galeros, Sil. 1, 404; 5. met. mould, model, fashion, represent, tum speciem (naturae) ita formavit oris ut in ea morēs effingeret, Cic. leg. 1, 26; an imprimi quasi ceram animum putamus? Quae possunt uerborum...esse uestigia, quae magnitudo (multitudo)? quae illa...possit effingere? Tusc. 1, 61; ut effectos nostros morēs in alienis personis expressamque imaginem uitae quotidianae uideremus, Rose. Am. 47; add or. 2, 184; per figuras animalium Aegypti

sensus mentis effugebant, Tac. an. 11, 14; imaginem uirtutis, Quint. 10, 2, 15; add 6, 2, 17; 10, 1, 108 and 127; 11, 3, 26 and 90; effugit aliquid et exinde (al. excede) quod sit perpetuo tum, Plin. ep. 1, 3, 4; add 9, 22, 2.

**effūtio**, (eff-), ire, vb. lit. pour out; in use only of words, blurt out (thoughtlessly), istoc me nomine Effe perferam olim dixi ne nos forte imprudentes fore Efficiteris, Ter. Ph. 5, 1, 19; Multa licet simili ratione (as nonsensical) effūtiō ore, Lucr. 5, 910; ista effūtiō nāuseare, Cic. N.D. 1, 84; temere, 2, 94; diu, 2, 113; ex tempore, Tusc. 5, 88; leues uersus, Hor. A. P. 231.

**effutitius**, non existing, see *prec. word*.

**ēgēr-ies**, ēi, f. ordure, Sol. 40, 10; per egeriem qua sese animalia purgant, Paul. Nol. 32, 281.

**Ēgērius**, īi, m. son of Arruns, grandson of Demaratus, Liv. 1, 34, 3.

**ē-germīno**, āre, vb. sprout or shoot out, decedenti sunt omnia quae infra trunci caput egerminauerunt, Colum. 4, 17, 4; oculi (uitis), 4, 27, 4; 4, 32, 5.

**ē-gēro**, ēre, gessi, gestus, vb. [gero = xero, pour; cf. congero, ingero etc.] pour out, spout out, shovel out, gen. in large qty. (quum iam humanae opes egestae [a] Veis essent, amoliri tum deum dona, Liv. 5, 22, 3; uictorem nagum praedam ex hostium tectis egerentem, 6, 3, 5; praedae plus paene quam ex omni Samnio unquam egestum, 9, 31, 5; add 25, 25, 9; tantum niuis fodiendum quae egerendum fuit, 21, 37, 1; pecuniam ex aerario egressisse, 30, 39, 7; bona fortunaeque in tributum egerunt (text dub.) Tac. Agr. 31; scrobibus tellurem, Ov. M. 7, 243; scrobibus humum, Colum. 2, 2, 19; (stercus) ex columbariis, 2, 14, 1; arenam, Suet. Ner. 48; silices ueris, Plin. 33, 71; fluctus (baie out), Ov. M. 11, 488; amnem musti, Pallad. 11, 14, 18; **2.** out of the human body, reserato pectore diras Egerere inde dapes, emersaque viscera gessit (sc. Te-reus), Ov. M. 6, 664; sanguinem (throw up), Plin. 31, 62; aquam uomitu, Curt. 7, 5, 8; Egere quod superest animae, Lucan. 3, 718; multum uitales spiritus egestum (Seneca having cut his veins), Tac. an. 15, 64 m.; **3.** esp. of the egesta, uentris finum, Solin. 40, 11; qui in urinam canis suam egerit, Plin. 29, 102; add *perh.* 37, 52; see also *egeries*, *egestio*, *egestius*; **4.** of shovelling out the dead in large numbers, Egestissime audis Dorica castra rogis, Prop. 4, 6, 34; tumulibus earentia regum Funera et egestas alternis mortibus urbes, Stat. Th. 1, 37; **5.** met. egeriturus dolor (lacrimis), Ov. tr. 4, 3, 38; sermones (Clarani), Sen. ep. 66, 4; querellas, Lucan. 2, 64; horronis uulnibus egerit iras, Sil. 4, 280; **6.** spend prodigally (of time), Nix Minys egesta meta, Val. F. 5, 298; tota querellis Egerit quaeque dies, S. 454; **7.** but in Sen. ep. 91, 12 Halm *ej.* eiecerit.

**ēgersimōn**, īi, n. (εργασμων), a means of excitement, Mart. Cap. 9.

**ēgestas**, ātis, f. [ege- + -at-] destitution—lower than paupertas, earning little—[viden] egestas quid negoti dat homini misero mali, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 5; add 2, 2, 57 and 77; 3, 2, 60; Scis amorem, scis laborem, scis egestatem meam, Ps. 2, 4, 2; Pauper qui educit in egestatem liberos, Caecl. ap. Gell. 2, 23, 21; istam paupertatem, uel potius egestatem ac mendicitatem tuam, Cic. parad. 45; add Rose. Am. 144; Cat. 2, 25; si propter inopiam in egestate estis, Cic. inu. 1, 88; in eadem inopia egestate patientiue, Caecl. 6, 24, 4; duris urgens in rebus egestas, Verg. G. 1, 146; 3, 319; **2.** in plur. egestates tot egestissimorum hominum, Cic. Att. 9, 7, 5; **3.** w. gen. of inanimate things, poverty, first subij. animi, Cic. Pis. 24; linguae, Lucr. 1, 139; patrii sermonis, 1, 832; 3, 260; **4.** w. obj. gen. want, rationis egestas, Lucr. 5, 1211; pabuli, Sal. Jug. 44, 4; cibi, Tac. an. 6, 23 (29); rei familiaris, Suet. Vit. 7; **5.** as a goddess, ualesnada Fames ac turpis Egestas Terribiles uisa formae, Verg. 6, 276.

**ēgestiō**, ōnis, f. wholesale shovelling out, Pallantis facultates aduicue publicum opum egestione, Plin. ep. 8, 6, 7; cadauerum et rudrum gratulam egestionem (carrying

away, cartage), Suet. Ner. 38; **2.** of the egesta, e. per clysterem, Suet. Claud. 44; egestionis foramen (urethra), Veg. vet. 5, 14, 6; uentris et urinae, Aur. tard. 5, 10.

**ēgestius**, adj. [egestas] purgative, Macr. 14 (de anetho).

**ēgestōsus**, adj. [egestas] destitute, parentes, Aur. V. ep. 12.

**ēgestus**, ūs, m. shovelling out, as of earth, Hic primus labor... alio Egestu penitus cauare terras, Stat. silu. 4, 3, 42;

**2.** uentris, Sen. n. q. 3, 30, 4.

**ēhō**, (or monos = yō\* or even et) pron. adv. [older form of ho- hither, whence hōc or hūc; and of eo to this place] hither, here, come here, Hic apponite atque abite ab oculis. Eho\* Pithecium, Face ut accumbam, accede adiuta; sic deest puerperam, Pl. Truc. 2, 5, 24; **2.** to call a person's attention, look here, and first to give an order, B. mea fuit. C. Eho\* Pseudule, i gladium adfer, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 114; Eho Crocotium, i parasitum Gelasinum huc accersito, St. 1, 2, 93; Fac uideam, si me uis uiuam. Eho istine Canthara statim Iube Teledem huc prodire tiliam ante aedis meam, Epid. 4, 1, 40; add Most. 3, 2, 157; Men. 2, 3, 78; Eho puer(e) curae ad Baechidem hanc, Ter. Hee. 4, 4, 97; **3.** to state an important truth, Eho\* tu, di qui quibet potestas motus superum atque inferum Paem inter sese conciliant, conferunt concordiam, Enn. tr. 163 V;

**4.** most comm., preparatory to a question, esp. look here; as suggested by surprise at what has just been said, what! Eho\* tu (scelus), loquitate es gnato me Male per sermonem? Pl. Bac. 4, 7, 6; S. hic in proximo, P. Eho\* non domist? Mil. 2, 3, 30; D. Mihi quae ita pol uisast, quom illam uidi. C. Eho\* nidiast pater? Merc. 2, 3, 59; P. Quae te interperare tenent, Qui me perperam perplexo nomine appelles? S. Eho, quis igitur nocare? Mil. 2, 5, 25; Eho, die mihi—si omnes hunc coniectum in nuptias inimici nellent, quod nisi consilium hoc darent? Ter. Andr. 4, 1, 43; add 1, 1, 61; 4, 2, 27; **5.** esp. in form cho an (=yoan or oant, monos), what then? cho\* an uicimus? Naev. 11 R; Eho an libera illast? Pl. Epid. 3, 4, 69; B. metuo credere. P. credere autem? cho\* an pānetit te (so nearly all miss; Ritschl al. ej.) quanto hic fuerit uisus? Ps. 1, 3, 71; cho\* an domist habueris? Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 35; **6.** w. dum, come here a moment, S. Dane. D. Hem quid est? S. Ehodum ad me. D. Quid hic uolt? S. Quid ais? D. Qua de re? S. Rogas? Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 13; add 2, 1, 24; 3, 5, 10; **7.** for qty rhō, cf. Ps. 4, 7, 90; Poen. 5, 3, 1; Mil. 3, 2, 12; **8.** Eho often placed extra uersum by Ritschl, without cause, see Most. 1, 3, 21; 2, 2, 24; Mil. 3, 2, 27.

**ei**, (bei in Tib., Stat.), interj. of pain or grief; dolentis, says Prob. 360—a sigh (ingemescitis, says Don. Ph. 1, 3, 26), ah! alas! oh! oh dear! ei, perii miser; Fateor deliqui profecto, Pl. Merc. 5, 4, 26; ei colapho me icit, Pers. 5, 2, 66; add 4, 9, 3; Most. 5, 2, 50; Ei ueror nequid Andria adportet mali, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 46; add Ph. 1, 3, 26; **2.** often w. mihi or misero mihi, Ei mihi disperit: nocis non habeo satis, Pl. Most. 4, 3, 36; ei misero mihi, Metuo ne non sit snrda atque haec andierit, Cas. 3, 11; add 4, 4, 22; cine ego ut aduorser? ei mihi, Incertumst quid agam, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 28, etc.; Ei mihi qualis erat, quantum mutatus ab illo Hectore qui... Verg. 2, 274, imitated fm. Enn. says Serv.: add 12, 620; Ei mihi quid faciam? Ov. Pont. 1, 2, 7; Hei mihi quam doctas nunc habet illa manus! Tib. 2, 1, 70; add 6, 2, 28; 3, 6, 33; Stat. silu. 5, 2, 160; 5, 3, 225; **3.** ei repeated, ei ei etiam se audent mecum una apparere, Naev. ap. Char. 213 P, 239, 24 K; **4.** unduly limited to fear by grammarians, as Diom. 412; Don. 1766; Max. Viet. 1954; **5.** so the form ei sanctioned by A (Pers. 4, 9, 3) and gen. by BCD of Pl.; by miss of Ter. and Verg. etc.; **6.** Prob. 370 wd. distinguish hei interj. from ei pron.

**ēiā**, hēiā, (see § 6), interj. [?], of various power, mirantis, bless me, Vt in oculis hilaritudo! eia corpus quouismodi! Pl. Rud. 2, 4, 8; Heia ut elegas est! Ter. Haut. 5, 5, 19; **2.** hortantis, ut mitigantis, with some-



thing of impatience, come, come, Eia haud nostrumst iracundus esse, quod dixi ioco, Pl. Poen. 3, 1, 69; Eia Lyde, leniter qui saeuim sapient magis, Bae. 3, 3, 4; eia delicia facis, Men. 2, 3, 30; Eia habet bonum animum, Bae. 4, 3, 16; Heia hoc agere meliust, 1, 4, 33; Eia uero, age die, Epid. 2, 7, 77; add Mil. 4, 4, 5; Ps. 1, 3, 41; heia, ne parum leno sies, Ter. Ph. 3, 2, 23; heia haud sie deest, Eun. 5, 8, 35; 3. and so in poets, impatienter increpantis, w. imper., quick, Heia age rumpe moras, Verg. 4, 569; add 9, 38; Vos luea mutatis discedite paribus; eia! Quid statis? Hor. s. 1, 1, 18; eia! Ne prior officio quisquam respondeat urge, 2, 6, 23; eia per ipsum Seande age, Val. F. 8, 110; add Stat. silv. 1, 2, 266; Ach. 1, 508; 4. sometimes perh. in a sneering question, indeed? duplici damno dominos mutant (sc. coqui), C. eia?—they do, do they?—Pl. Cas. 3, 6, 4; H. nam in ruborem te totum dabo. S. Eia? credo ego imperito plagas munitis mihi, Capt. 5, 2, 10—you will, will you? A. ubi amabo est? T. eia uero? Quasi non sit intus, Rud. 2, 3, 9; L. Nunc uide in illarum potestate esse te. P. heia uero? Ter. Hec. 2, 2, 8; 5. perh. also concedentis, well, well, Pergin tu autem? heia, superbe iuehere. Spero ego mihi quoque Tempus tale euenturum ut tibi gratiam referam parem, Pl. Merc. 5, 4, 38; eia, sudabis satis Si cum illo inceptas homine, Ter. Ph. 4, 3, 23; heia uero inquit, geram morem nobis, Cic. rep. 3, 8; 6. qty of a—Prob. contradicit himself, eia constat trochaeo, p. 1430; but: constat spondeo p. 1421; is long Pl. Merc. cf. § 5; perh. in: Eia Calliope nitente palma, Siden. Ap. 14, 6; in Verg. always elided; but Greek has only eia; 7. in Cas. 2, 3, 15, if corr., eia is a monos. or ~; 8. heia, gen. in B of Pl. in A of Ter.; 9. in Plin. ep. 4, 29, 1 read prob. heus.

**eicio**, (trisy-), or **eiēcio** (in late wr. **ēicio**) ēre, īci, iectus, vb. [ē, iacio], throw out or up, Viden alteram illam ut fluctus eiecti foras? At in uadost, Pl. Rud. 1, 2, 82; ita magni fluctus eiēbantur, Cic. Ver. 2, 1, 46; and Enn. also, say a schol. ad l.; iam sese in terram e nauē eiecerat, 2, 5, 91; ex se eiēere (eicē?) uitēm, Varr. r. 1, 31, 3; hos (succos, i. e. amber) aestibus in Germanorum littora eici— and soon: oceano id exaestante ad Pyrenaei promuntoria eici, Plin. 37, 36 and 37; Aspicit eiectione Polydori in litore corpus, Ov. M. 13, 566; 2. c. nauem, run a ship aground, strand it, it may be ou purpose, ne occasione nauigandi dimitterent sine...sine ad litora Apolloniam cursum dirigere atque eo nauē eicere possent, Caes. b. c. 3, 25, 4; gubernatorem in terram nauem eicere cogunt, 3, 28, 5; add Liv. 44, 28, 12; 3. gen. unwillingly, and so, strand, wreck, multae fractae, multae eiectae naues, Liv. 33, 41, 7; Nunc leuis eiectam continet algā ratem, Ov. her. 7, 172; qui eiecta naue quid rapuit, Ulp. dig. 47, 9, 3, 6; 4. hence eiectus, absol. of one shipwrecked, nauem is fregit apud Andrum insulam... ibi tum eiectam Chrysidis Patrem recepsit, Ter. Andr. 1, 3, 18; quid est tam commune quam...litis eiectis, Cic. Rosc. Am. 72; eiectum litore, egentem Excepi, Verg. 4, 373; 5. throw out or up, vomit, χολήν ακράτον noctu eieci, Cic. fam. 14, 7, 1; qui quotidie eiēciendo uorandi facultatem moluntur, Cels. 1, 3, p. 18, l. 27 Dar.; si eiēciatur sanguis, Plin. 24, 15; eiectio uomitū, Quint. 11, 3, 27; 6. e. absol. for e. partum, miscarry, si mulier pugno uel aqua iectu a te percussa eiecerit, Ulp. dig. 9, 2, 27, 22; cf. eicit suleum, Lucr. 4, 1272; 7. throw off, throw, as a horse his rider, effusumque equitem super ipse secutus Implicat eiectoque incubit cernuus armo, Verg. 10, 894; 8. gen. force out, drive out, expel, eject, turn out, Scine hoc fit? foras aedibus me eiciet! Pl. As. 1, 2, 1; amasios Hoc ita (=ietu) exponam atque omnes eiciam foras, Truc. 3, 1, 14; a suis dis penatibus praecepit eiectus, Cic. Quinct. 83; Dispersamque foras (sc. animam) per caualas eiecit omnis, Lucr. 2, 951; M. Furium...de collegio eiecerat, Cic. Q. Fr. 2, 5, 2; inuitus feci ut...L. Flaminium e senatu eiecerem, sen. 42; in exiliū eiectus, Cat. 2, 14; and twice in § 15; memoriam Milonis retinebitis, ipsum eiectis (so mss), Mil. 101; add 105; 9. used of hissing off and so driving away actors, met. is...cantorum ipsorum uocibus

eiēciatur (eicē?), Cic. Sest. 118; illud idem quod tum explosum et eiectum est, Clu. 86; explosae eiectaeque sententiae Pyrrhonis, flu. 5, 23; add Att. 2, 24, 2; 10. heuce gen. reject, quod tamen non eiēcio (eicē?), Cic. or. 1, 146; Cynicorum ratio tota est eiēcienda, off. 1, 148; 11. gen. met. Eicite (so V; perh. eicite) ex animo curam atque alienum aes procul, Pl. Cas. pr. 23; molitum animi, Ter. Eun. 2, 1, 16; amorem ex animo, Cic. Rosc. Am. 53; 12. in late wr. put out, dislocate, armum, Verg. net. 3, 45, 7; ceruicem, uertibula, 3, 41, 1; coxas, Hyg. f. 57; 13. c. se, throw oneself out, rush out, take oneself off with speed, Cic. Cat. 1, 30; Caes. b. g. 4, 15, 1; 5, 15, 3; 5, 21, 5; b. c. 1, 30, 3; Liv. 1, 40, 7; 6, 3; 7; 14. eicio as a quadr. doubly; yet so by Umpfenb. in Ter. Eun. 2, 1, 16; by Mounro Laer. 3, 58.

**ēlēmēta**, orum, n. pl.; at times in sing.\* [LMN, w. exor. 1. Why these selected?] the ABC or alpha-beta, ut pueris olim dant crustula blaudi Doctores ēlēmēta uclūt in discere prima, Hor. s. 1, 1, 26; Elementa rudes quae pueros docent magistrī, Ter. Maur. 85; prima elementa, Quint. 1, 2, 26; 2. in gramm. the sound of a letter, as opp. to form litera: elementum\* est minima uis et indiuisibilis materia uocis articulata, Diom. 411 P 421, 17 K; elementa propriae dicuntur ipsae pronuntiationes, notae autem earum literae, Prisc. 539 P, 1, 6, 25 K; causa ordinis elementorum, 1040 P, 2, 115, 20 K; add Prob. 154 P, 48, 33 K; 3. gen. elements, first principles, loquendi, Cic. acad. pr. 92; dicendi, or 2, 45; of metaphysics, Aristoteles elementa dunt constituit..., οὐραν...qualitatem... Quint. 3, 6, 23; rhetorices, 3, 3, 13; 4. esp. of matter, the so-called four elements, aer et ignis et aqua et terra primae sunt...illa initia et ex Graeco uentura, elementa (στοιχεῖα) dicuntur, Cic. acad. post. 26; add Sen. ira, 2, 19, 1; n. q. 3, 12, 2; Quint. 2, 17, 38; elementum\* (fire) gratulor, Inv. 15, 86; hoc elementum\* (water) ceteris omnibus imperat, Plin. 31, 1; add 10, 191\* 11, 119\*; 5. met. Parua fuit, si prima uis elementa referre, Roma, Ov. F. 3, 179; ultiorum, the ABC of vice, Iuv. 14, 123; irarum elementa mearum, Sil. 3, 77.

**ēlīcus**, (hēlīcus), adj. [for **ālicus** or rather **hālicus**, whence **hālicum**; fm. a vb. = **ālew**, wander; changed perh. under the idea that **ēlīcus** meant out of the light into the dark] wandering in mind, **ālew** uide elucum..., a litera in e uersa, stuporem animi, qui alucinantibus uis uenit, Gell. 12, 16, 3; elucum...semisomnum, uel, ut alii uolunt, alucinatorem, Paul. ex F. 75; hēlucus ab oscitatione dictus, ib. 100.

**em**, (rather than **hem**) interj. [for **en**] see, look, behold, em (so A) illas uult aedes, Pl. Trin. pr. 3; Em (so B) illic ego habito, Ps. 3, 2, 100; Ones scabrae sunt, tam glabrae (em) quam haec est manus, Trin. 2, 4, 140; hem, rusum (so K; mss rusum) nunc nugas agis, Men. 4, 2, 61—there; em, hie ille est de illis qui..., Cic. fam. 13, 15, 1; 2. w. uideo, em (so A), uide ut discidit labrum, Ter. Ph. 4, 2, 20; em uidete quam par parissim, Grac. ap. Char. 214; 3. w. acc. em amores tuos Si uis spectare, Pl. Poen. 1, 1, 79; Em astutias, see cunning (what it comes to), Ter. Andr. 3, 4, 25; em scelera, 4, 14, 46; 4. esp. w. tibi, at your service, em tibi hominem, Pl. Capt. 2, 3, 13; 3, 4, 8; As. 5, 2, 30; em tibi (seruum) Mil. 2, 4, 12; Em (so A) mea malefacta, em (so A) anaritia tibi, Trin. 1, 2, 148; em (so BCD) tibi omnem fabulam, Ps. 2, 4, 64; add Truc. 5, 60; Amph. 2, 2, 146; em Daum tibi, Ter. Andr. 5, 2, 1; em (so A) tibi autem..., Ad. 4, 1, 21; 5. hence with a blow, take that, Em tibi male dictis pro istis, Pl. Cure. 1, 3, 39; O. Compressam palma an porrecta ferio? S. Age ut uis. O. Em tibi, Cas. 2, 6, 53; quare's ausus? em (so B) tibi. Oiei satis sum uerberatus, Mil. 5, 1, 12; add As. 2, 4, 25; 6. w. a rel. clause, look there's (a man to...) Em quoi te et tua quae tu habes commendes uiro: Em quoi decem talenta dotis detuli., Pl. Merc. 4, 3, 2; em (so V) ad quem legatos, cui bellum moremur inferre, Cic. Phil. 5, 33; cf.

hem Huic mandes siquid...., Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 18; II 7. of surprise, ch? what? or by repeating the word which causes the surprise, Pater hic meus. Hem quid? pater? perit oppido, Pl. Pers. 4, 9, 4; Ego sum ipse quem tu quaeris. Em! quid ego audio? Poen. 2, 2, 56; Hem! quid? Epignomum e(s) locutus? St. 2, 2, 48; add Cas. 3, 5, 30; D. Die te dacturum. P. Hem! D. Quid est? Ter. Andr. 2, 3, 9; hoc timet, Ne deseras se. P. Hem! egon' istuc conari queam? 1, 5, 35; Nescio, Nisi amasse credo Pamphilum. Th. Hem! misera cecidi, Eun. 5, 1, 11; Oecupi mecum cogitare: Hem! bidnom hic Maueudum soli sine illa? 4, 2, 8; Coepi egomet mecum cogitare: Hem! nos hominuli indignamur si quis nostrum interfuit! Sulp. ad Cie. 4, 5, 4; hem, Postume! tunc es C. Curtii filius? Cie. Rab. Post. 45; em! Ibi tu quicquam nasci putas posse? Varr. r. 1, 2, 5; 8. note that hem in this sense seems to have authority.

**Emissicius**, adj. [emissus] of the class emissi, that may be sent out to pry, emissary, met., Circumspectatrix cum oculis emissiciis, Pl. Anl. 1, 1, 2; met. in: Chamaeleonti circumspectu emissicii ocelli, Tert. pall. 3.

**ēmo**, ēre, ēmi, emptus, vb. lit. take, cf. eximo, demo, sumo, adimo; 2. v. abl. of price, take for such a price (see § 4). Quattuor minis ego istanc emi, Pl. Men. 1, 3, 22; Nunc quasi ducentis Philippis emi filium, Bac. 4, 8, 78; bona patris...duobus milibus nummum sese emisse, Cie. Rose. Am. 6; emamus uel magno, Att. 13, 29, 2; Teque sibi generum Tethys emat omnibus undis, Verg. G. 1, 31; qua tunc, rogare uollet emi, Ov. M. 8, 54; 3. met., beneficiis emere gratum suum, Pl. As. 1, 1, 72; ego speui pretio nunc emo, Ter. Ad. 2, 2, 11; Qui uita bene erodit emi quo tendis honorem, Verg. 9, 266;

4. abs. buy, emi aedis, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 142; restim nolo mihi emere, Ps. 1, 1, 86; quae emi oportet, Cato r. 142; quae ab emptore eius emit emerit, CIL 200, 23; malo emere quam rogare, Cie. Verr. 2, 4, 12; C. Hortius...hoc monumentum emit sibi...et libertis, 1059; quum neque emi neque ex agris sumi posset (frumentum), Caes. b. g. 1, 16, 5; 5. met. desinat ea se putare posse emere quae ipse semper habuit unalia, fidem iussurandum ueritatem, Cie. Verr. 2, 2, 144; centurionum animos, Tac. h. 4, 57; percussorem, Curt. 4, 1, 12; 6. the price by adj. in i (gen., or dat.), Quid istam quam emit—quantum emi emit? T. Vilei. E. Hand istuc te rogo, T. Quid igitur? E. Quot minis? Pl. Epid. 1, 1, 49; Meum mihi reddatur saltem quanti emptast Syre, Ter. Ad. 2, 2, 41; emit tanti quanti Pythius uoluit, Cie. off. 3, 59; 7. also v. gen. of some words, minoris empturum, Cie. Att. 10, 5, 3; 8. empsim?=emerim, by a happy ej. of Linden, in: non ego tuam empsim uitam uitiosa nunc, Pl. Mil. 2, 3, 45; 9. for double sense of. Magyar vész he takes or buys, vevő contr. vő, the taker Magyar and so son-in-law, Bulskys Trans. Ph. 8, 1859, p. 116.

**ēmōlimentum**, i, n. [ēmōlior] lit. up-heaving—hence great labour, nec de coelestis quaero... neque enim magnum emolumentum (uss emolumentum) esse potest, Varr. r. 3, 14, 1; neque exercitum sine magno comatu atque emolumento (uss emolum.) in unum locum contrahere posse, Caes. b. c. 1, 34, 3; 2. emolumenta, buildings? Th. C. 15, 1, 19?

**ēmōlior**, iri, vb. heave up, infesti fretum Emoluntur (uenti), Sen. Agam. 499; of violent coughing up, sicca tussis, quae nihil emoluit, Cels. 4, 13 (6); so chickens, per nares emoluit pituitae nauseum, Colum. 8, 5, 21; 2. met. Insaunum magnum molior negotium, Metuque ut hodie possim emolirier, Pl. Bac. 4, 5, 2.

**ēmōlo**, ēre, ui, itus, vb. grind out (to the last), granaria, Pers. 6, 26; hordeum emoluitum (molitum?), Veg. uet. 5(3), 23, 7.

**ēmōlumentum**, i, n. lit. (the ultimate) out-grinding (on a farm), and so the year's produce and profit, nos miratur ergastulorum non eadem emolumenta esse quae

imperatorum, Plin. 18, 21, contrasting the slave-labour on a farm in his own days, with that of men like Cincinnatus; 2. gen., profit, gain, Tibi sit emolumentum honoris: mihi quod obiectet siet, Pl. Trin. 3, 2, 68; boni nullo emolumento impelluntur in fraudem, Cie. Mil. 32; emolumenta rerum falsis iudiciis uident, off. 3, 36; add 21 and 22; fin. 2, 59; fam. 7, 10, 4 etc.; quid enim immortalibus atque beatis Gratia nostra queat largier emolumentum? Lucr. 5, 166; nusquam nec opera sine emolumento nec emolumentum sine impensa opera est, Liv. 5, 4, 4; add 6, 39, 6; 21, 43, 8; Vell. 1, 17, 5; 2, 105, 3; 144, 4; maioribus emolumentis, Plin. 28, 209; nulla emolumenta laborum, Iuv. 3, 22; add 16, 35; pacis, Tac. an. 11, 74; 3. s. emolumentum.

**ēmōrior**, mōri (older mōriri\*), mortuus, vb. r. die completely, die absolutely, emori Me malim quam haec non eius uxori indicem, Pl. As. 4, 2, 1; add Truc. 2, 7, 63; 5, 35; Emoriar si non hanc uxorem duxero, Ter. Eun. 5, 2, 49; Emori nolo sed me esse mortuum nihili aestimo, Cie. Tusc. 1, 15; add sent. 71; 2. of many, die all out, die off, Repente ut emoriantur humani fovei, Pl. Cas. 2, 5, 26; 3. perh., escape (the miseries of life) by death, die and so be out of one's misery, quam actutum emoriamur? Pl. Bac. 5, 2, 86; Cl. ei mihi...Emori cupio, Ch. Prius quaeso disce quid sit uiuere, Ter. Haut. 5, 2, 19; emori herede satius est, Ph. 5, 8, 63; ut esset insitum militibus nostris aut uiuere aut emori, Cie. off. 3, 114; nonne emori per uirtutem praestat quam uitam miseram...per dedecus amittere? Sal. Cat. 20, 9; 4. of gangrene, membrum quod paulatim emoritur abscindere, Cels. 5, 26, 34 f.; 5. of plants, sorbus...ita emoritur, Plin. 17, 221; uhnus et fraxinus...stantes emoriantur, Vitr. 2, 9, 11; 6. of fire, die out, go out, carbo...desinente flatu protinus emoriena, Plin. 16, 23; 7. met., of laughing, Riso omnes qui aderant emoriri\*, Ter. Eun. 3, 1, 42;

8. gen., quorum laus emori non potest, Cie. parad. 18; amor, Ov. rem. am. 662.

**empticius**, adj. [emptus] of the class empti, empti, glans c., opp. to g. gratuita, Varr. r. 3, 12, 1; salsamenta, 3, 17, 7; empticius an domi natus? Petr. 47, 1; di manibus Agypti...Spendon et Hermes emptici de suo fecerunt, Iuscr. Or. 2812.

**ēmussitatus**, quasi-part. [for examussitatus s. examussim and amussis] made to a T. perfect, Inest in hoc emussitata (so ass) sua sibi ingenua indoles, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 38; (Non. 457, 1, the word, though corrupt, begins with em); add Paul. ex F. 76; emussitatus (ad a)mussim exactos, Plac. Gloss.

**ēnim**, adv. and conj. [akin to nam and so of pron. origin; nam having lost the e; so akin, as Bopp says, to S. ena this] I indeed, I for; first indeed, in fact, assuredly; S. Et pol ego ad uos. P. Quid eo? S. Quid id ad te attinet? Enim\* non ibis nunc uicissim, nisi scio, Pl. Pers. 2, 2, 54; Non enim ibis: ego ferare faxo, ut meruisti, in cruce, Most. 5, 2, 12; add Aul. 3, 5, 26; Trin. 5, 2, 10; Hie itidem est: enim\* neque domi nunc nos nec militias sumus, Enn. ap. Gell. 19, 10, 12; auferre istam enim superbiam, Cic. or. 2, 257; C. Adsequere retine, dum ego huc seruos euoco. D. Enim\* nequeo solus, Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 90; Enim\* lassam oppido tum esse aliant, Hec. 2, 1, 41; Nec iam religio diuom nec numina magni Pendebantur: enim\* praesens dolor exsuperabat, Lucr. 6, 127; Omnia debet enim cibis integrare nouando, 2, 1146; add 1, 680; 3, 235; sus Quam pius Aeneas tibi enim, tibi maxima Luno Mactat, Verg. 8, 84; (enu) retrahi imperat: si uim faciat, interfici iubet. Ille enim (in fact) reuocatus resistere coepit, Caes. b. g. 5, 7, 8; tum M. Metilius id enim (enimvero Madv. c.) ferendum esse negat, Liv. 22, 25, 3; enim\*, dum proprietatem adquiris, ius omne legati usufructus amisisti, Julian. dig. 7, 4, 17; \*enim potest hoc memoria non teneri, Labeo dig. 22, 3, 28; 2. at times v. irony, of course, Tu enim repertus Philoeratem qui superes nerli-

nerbio, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 36; Namque enim tu credo me imprudentem obrepseris, Trin. 1, 2, 23; homo enim uidebatur timidus nocem consulis ferre non potuit, Cie. Cat. 2, 12; 3. in answers, simply, just, P. Quid metuas? S. Enim\* ne nos nosmet perdidimus uspiam, Pl. Mil. 2, 5, 19; M. quomodo? S. Vt enim, (enibi mihi napolandum sit, tu eorum sufferas, Poen. 4, 2, 33; C. Quid tu id euras? O. Quia enim metuo ne in aqua summa nalet, Cas. 2, 6, 33; add Mil. 3, 2, 20; Capt. 4, 2, 104; Bae. 4, 4, 51; Mil. 4, 2, 11; D. Quid nunc futurum? M. Id enim quod res ipsa fert, Ter. Ad. 4, 7, 12; Quapropter? Quia enim qui eos gubernat animus infirmum gerunt, Hee. 3, 1, 31; Th. Quid tute tecum? Tr. Nihil enim, Pl. Most. 3, 1, 24; Par. At ego scio. Pam. Quid? Par. Nihil enim, Ter. Hee. 5, 4, 10; 4. often strengthened by a word of like power, as certe, uerum, surely, indeed, indeed, Certe enim hic nescio quis loquitur, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 175; Certe enim tu mihi uita's, As. 3, 3, 24; 5. esp. enimuero, M. Ain tu uero? S. Aio enim uero, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 188; add 254; Trin. 4, 2, 116; St. 2, 7, 3; Ps. 4, 2, 23 etc.; uerum enim uero, eum..., Cato orig. ap. Gell. 13, 25, 15; add Haut. 5, 5, 1; Andr. 1, 1, 64; Hee. 4, 4, 51 etc.; enim\* uero ferendum hoc quidem non est, Cie. Verr. 2, 1, 66; enimuero\* mirari satis non queo..., or. 1, 165; add Verr. 2, 3, 61; 2, 4, 147 etc.; enim uero non ultra eontumeliam pati Romanus posse, Liv. 2, 45, 11; 6. after sed, but in fact, sed enim id metueris..., Cato orig. ap. Gell. 6, 3, 15; Progeniem sed enim Troiano a sanguine duci Audierat quae..., Verg. 1, 10; sed enim uero eum detestabilis altera res sit, quid...supersede? Liv. 45, 19, 14; sed enim non sustinet ultra Perdere blanditias, Ov. M. 1, 530; 7. after neque, nor indeed, neque enim illud uerbum (se. ut animi futura augurentur) temere consuetudo adprobauisset, si ea res nulla esset, Cie. dia. 1, 65; n. e. posset Ahala ille Serullius...non nefarius haberi, si... Mil. 8; n. e. uerebor ne sim ei molestus qui..., fam. 1, 8, 5; add off. 3, 57; neque enim ad hoc tempus ei rei student, Caes. b. g. 2, 17, 4; nequid enim agnouerat enim qui postea regnauit, Liv. 45, 19, 11;—this does not apply, when the neque, (neither) has a neque (nor) following; as in Caes. b. g. 3, 13, 8; 8. after et, and indeed, Etenim ille quous hic iussu uenit Iuppiter..., Pl. Amph. pr. 26; Et enim uero quoniam formam huius cepi in me et statum, 1, 1, 110; Etenim ipsus [seu] enim am rem recta reputauit uia, Ter. Andr. 2, 5, 11; Etenim quo pacto id fieri solet, calleo, Haut. 3, 2, 37; etenim Quirites exiguam nobis uitae curriculum natura circumscriptis, Cie. C. Rabir. 30; add 31; fin. 1, 30; Flac. 38; Quinet. 36 and 73; leg. 1, 1 etc.; 9. after at, true but; at enim, true, but in fact, C. Faeciam, M. At enim nimis hic longo sermone nitimur, Pl. Trin. 3, 3, 78; add 4, 2, 74; Most. 3, 2, 121; At enim me [die] quantum hic operis fiat paenitet, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 20; add Eun. 2, 3, 90; at enim Q. Catulus..., Q. Hortensius ab hac ratione dissentit, Cie. Manil. 51; add off. 1, 144; Quinet. 65; at enim nemo post reges exactos de plebe consilii fuit, Liv. 4, 4, 1; add 21, 40, 8; 34, 31, 6; 34, 32, 6 and 131; 37, 53, 28; 11 10. In some of the preced. pass. marked \*, the enim clause is a general one which covers more ground than that to wh. it is attached; thus proving the truth of the same, the idea of for comes in;—hence gen., for,—though even indeed will do—Atque etiam nimis satis boni sunt, si sunt induci pice; Non enim haec pultrifaga opufex opera fecit barbarus, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 143; uisum est mihi de senectute aliqui ad te conscribere; hoc enim onere quod mihi commune tecum est...et te et me ipsum lenari uolo, Cie. sen. 2; haec Arpinatium querens agnosceat, si enim manet illa quereas, haec est profecto, leg. 1, 1; rostro enim noceri non posse cognouerant, Caes. b. g. 3, 14, 4; quis enim modus adsit amor? Verg. B. 2, 68; 11. often in parenth., dicendum est enim saepius, Cie. Tusc. 2, 58; am. 85; add aead. pr. 22; Liv. 1, 5, 7; 1, 14, 6; 1, 50, 3; Ov. tr. 5, 1, 2; M. 2, 766; 12. enim for, in prose occurrences only the second place; in: in-eco-est enim illud..., Cie. off. 1, 67; non-ad-uenam enim rem..., orat. 206; his-quoque enim pro-rogatum imperium, Liv. 27, 7, 12; quam-speciosum-est

enim..., Plin. pan. 18, what precedes enim constitutes one word, est and quoque being enclitics, the prep. in, ad, as also non and quam proclitics; 13. pots. uses the old freedom as to place, as Lucr. 2, 1146, 3, 235; Tergo plector enim, Hor. s. 2, 7, 105; 14. §§ 1—4 limited almost wholly to old drama; 15. in MSS enim often abridged as n; see Putsch's Gramm. in printed text passim; 16. hence pro. pronounced as en, when a monos. in old drama, as at + above.

ēpēta, ac, [εραειης] a beggar, modica stipe factus epeta. anon. sat. 59 in bibl. de l'éc. des chartes 1867, p. 297.

**ēquidem**, (but for qty see § 9) [=ego quidem (and so=εγω-γε)]; so Serv. ad G. 1, 193 and A. 1, 576; but, Prisc. 1033 P. 2, 103, 5 the contrary! I at least, at any rate, for my part, assuredly, Equidem pol uel falso tamen laudari multo malo quam uero culpam aut..., Pl. Most. 1, 3, 22; Credo edepol equidem dormire Solem atque adpotum probe, Amph. 1, 1, 126; N. Miror quid siet. D. Equidem hercle nescio, Ter. Ph. 5, 3, 34; add Eun. 3, 5, 49; equidem ad nostram laudem non multum uideo interesse, Cie. fam. 5, 12, 2; tempus est huiusmodi ut suam quisque conditionem miserrimam putet...Equidem nos quod Romae sumus miserrimum esse duco, 6, 4, 3; equidem, si quid ipse sentiam queris, nec car ille tanto opere contendat uideo, nec eui tu repugnes, 13, 1, 4; add 3, 3, 2; 13, 72, 2; 15, 4, 14; 15, 15, 2; 16, 12, 2; equidem me Caesaris militum dici uolui, uos me imperatoris nomine appellastis, Caes. b. c. 2, 32, 14; equidem mihi uideor... non opera, non industria defuisse, id. ap. Gell. 13, 3, 5; equidem, si totum exercitum meum mortem mihi optasse crederem, hic statim ante oculos uestros morerer, Liv. 28, 27, 10; equidem quum...reor, nix aetatem Alexandri suffecerant fuisse reor ad unum bellum, 9, 19, 12; equidem nihil hic diffidere possum, Hor. s. 2, 1, 79; 2. (as other pronouns, though scarcely emphatic, are used with quidem, to grant something followed by a sed or uerum, as: non tu quidem reliquisti...sed...Cie. fat. 3; non nos quidem ut..., sed ut... fam. 1, 7, 7; tunc dolor humanis is quidem, sed..., Att. 12, 10, 10) equidem=ego quidem: in Scio quidem istuc ita solere fieri, uerum gnate mi, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 72; Dixi equidem, sed si parum intellexi dicam denno, Rud. 4, 4, 50; uideo equidem sed tamen iam incipi debet his artibus quas..., Cie. fin. 3, 9; non dubitabam equidem, uerumtamen...— and soon: requisit equidem proprias ad me unum a te litteras sed neque nehementer et auanter, fam. 12, 30, 3; amo te omnibus equidem maximis de causis, uerum etiam propter hanc..., 10, 161; add 4, 3, 4; nellem equidem nobis placere Quirites, sed multo minus uos saluos esse, Liv. 3, 68, 9; 3. equidem is used in the same way to strengthen other preceding words, esp. a neg., ut uerba audio, Non equidem in Aegypto hinc modo uetus fuit, Set..., Pl. Most. 4, 3, 2; Nihil equidem tibi abstuli, Aul. 4, 4, 8; add Amph. 1, 1, 172; Pers. 2, 2, 43; S. Quidnam adportas? D. Nihil equidem, nisi quod illum audui dicere, Ter. Andr. 5, 2, 17; add Ad. 4, 5, 7; Minime equidem me oblectauit quae..., Hee. 1, 2, 10; add 5, 3, 16; haud equidem ullius eiuis fortunae inuideo, Liv. 22, 59, 10; add Quint. 8, 3, 63; 10, 1, 126; 4. ego said to be added for emphasis, Amaui equidem hercle ego olim in adulescentia, (but dele ego), Pl. Mero. 2, 1, 40; sic ego, si iam mihi disputandum sit de his nostris studiis, nolim equidem apud rusticos, sed multo minus apud uos, Cie. or. 2, 25, here the separation tells; equidem ego, Sal. Cat. 51, 10; Liv. 10, 6.—unless we shd. read et quidem ego; 5. at times perh. used absol., where without a vb. in 1st person, the matter refers to the first person (Hand § 3), equidem (as for me) innumerales mihi uidentur, Varr. 1, 5, 1; equidem moderatioris meae certissimum indicium est quod ne nictis quidem superbe impero, Curt. 8, 8, 10; cf. Prop. 2, 31, 13 (3, 27, 5); 6. often equidem has usurped in MSS the place of quidem, esp. (see Ritschl Trin. proleg. 76) after au e as in: Atque quidem, plane educ(a)um in nutritia Venerio, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 55; Atque

quidem ipsius ultro venit Philo oratum filio, Trin. 3, 1, 10; Di me quidem omnes adiutant augent amant, Men. 3, 3, 27; add St. 2, 2, 5; Pers. 2, 1, 4; 4, 1, 87; And. 2, 1, 19; Epid. 4, 2, 33; atque quidem orante...Thaide, Ter. Eun. 5, 4, 34; uestrae quidem enae, Cie. Tusc. 5, 100; quod apud me quidem in confesso est, Tac. or. 27; and perh. iam pridem quidem, Sal. Cat. 52, 11; even in Pers. 1, 110, 1 wd. read, as I proposed long ago...littera. Per me quidem (as a monos.) sint omnia protinus alba; and in 5, 45: Non equidem hoc dubitem; 7. equidem may well stand in: remedia quibus..., non equidem praeceperim (ms. praeceperimus) Plin. 25, 154; quae significatio fuerit omnium...equidem andiebam, existimare facilius possunt qui adferunt, Cie. Sest. 122, wh. P has andiebam just as in Sal. Cat. 51, 20, possum equidem dicere of Vat. A has now superseded possumus e. d.; 8. often equidem has supplanted et quidem, and in fact, as in: Et quidem (so all the best mss) here nos iam dudum hic te absentem incusamus qui abieris, Ter. Ph. 3, 1, 7; sic, et quidem diligentius, Cie. fin. 3, 9; add 2, 9; Att. 13, 26, 1; Plin. or. 9, 23, 2; 9. equidem seems in old drama often a disyll. = equem, and so to have had a long penult, in agreement w. its origin eg-quidem. See quidem, quando-quidem siquidem. 10. equidem, adv. [an older form of quidem; prob. of pronom. origin; cf. equis quibus; enia nam; ecce cf] indeed, in Sall. dubitful, Cat. 52, 16, and 11; in Prop. 2, 31, 13 (3, 27, 5), Markland and Lachm. quidam; haud equidem immerito Camanae carmine uatis Cautum ne..., Lucan. 8, 824; Non equidem certans cum maiestate duarum, Auson. prof. 1, 5; add idyll. 12; iam equidem ipsa uocis immutatio respondit, Apul. M. 1, 1.

**ēra**, ae, f. (rather than hera) mistress (of a slave), erameque ex maerore eximam, Pl. St. 2, 1, 31 etc.; Sed cesso eram hoc malo impertiri? Ter. Ad. 3, 2, 22 etc.; Capta nam...nesciuit herai Imperium, Auson. idyll. 7, 5; and met. of Hercules: Aequae formosae ponsa rependis erae, Ov. her. 9, 78; 2. era minor your mistress, opp. to era maior, see erus § 2; Loquere tu: Qui dare te lūic pnerum insit? Era maior mea. Quid tu, quor eum accepisti? Era me rogauit minor Puer ut..., Pl. Truc. 4, 3, 22; 3. met.; esp. of goddesses, Dinom atque Boninum quae spectatrix atque era cadum es hominibus...tibi grates ago, Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 1 (3, 4, 12); Vosne uidet iam me regnare era quidue ferat Fors, poet. ap. Cie. off. 1, 38; Tergeminam tum placat eram, Val. F. 1, 781; Noctis eram Ditemque ciens, 7, 313.

**ergā**, prep. [for ē-rēg-ā—wh. erga perh. an old sb. cf. e regione; so also Scheller] facing, in front of, tonic-tricem Suram nonisti(n) nostram, quae erga aedes (has) sese habet? Pl. Truc. 2, 4, 52; tabulae erga parietem adfixae, Pomp. dig. 50, 16, 245; machinamenta quibus sensus instructi sunt, ibidem erga regulam capitis constituta esse in conspectu Rationis, Apul. dogm. Pl. 1, p. 9; 2. w. persons, in regard to, in respect of, towards, Quoi (R ej. quous) fides fidelitasque amicum erga? aequiperet tuam, Pl. Trin. 5, 2, 2; add v. 4; Benignus erga me ut siet, Mil. 4, 6, 15; Ne malus item erga me sit ut erga illum fuit, Ps. 4, 3, 4; Vtut erga me meristat, Amph. 5, 1, 49; Timet omnia: patris iram et amicum amicae se erga? ut sit suae, Ter. Haut. 1, 2, 15; add Hee. 3, 3, 29\*; Quae nunquam quicquam erga me commertast, pater, 3, 5, 36; Pariter te esse erga illum uideo ut illum te(d) erga? scio, Pac. ap. Non. 375, 7; id non sine diuina benignitate erga homines heri, Cie. N. D. 2, 60; ut eodem modo erga amicum adfecti simus quo erga nosmet ipsos, am. 56; uestrae uoluntatis erga me, Plane. 103 etc.; pro uetere erga populum Romanum fide, Caes. b. g. 5, 54, 4; add b. c. 1, 12, 1 etc.; 3. w. things, in regard to, in respect of, agent, about, merita Pompeii erga salutem meam, Cie. Att. 8, 3, 2; add prou. cons. 1; wh. the personal relation still exists; 4. gen. in later writers, anxii erga Sciamm, Tac. an. 4, 74; atrociore semper fama erga dominantium exitus, 4, 11; is illi finis inscitiae erga domum suam fuit, 11, 25; quod (fama) augens omnia

semper in mains, erga haec explicanda...obsolescit, Amm. 16, 10, 17; add 14, 1, 8; 5. erga πρὸς Graecum significat, Prisc. 990 P, 2, 41, 24 K; 6. in old drama at times after noun as at \* above; add Pl. Capt. 2, 1, 48; 2, 3, 56.

**ergō**, (but see § 6) abl. of lost noun [= εργη] in the matter (of), on account (of), for the sake (of), esp. in legal and religious formulae, for, harumce rerum ergo sine ego siue quis iussu meo fecerit, ut id recte factum sit, Cato r. 139; quous rei ergo agrum...suetauralia cirenagati iussi, 141, 2; add 141, 3 and 4; communis exempli et fidei ergo, Claud. Q. ap. Gell. 3, 8, 8; uirtutis ergo cimate donari, Sisen. ap. Non. 107; populus Laodicensis...populum Romanum...benefici ergo (in the Gr. ἀπεργς ἐνεκεν...), CIL 587; salutis ergo, 588; (si quis)...huius rogationis ergo fecerit, 1409, 7; si quid contra alias leges eius legis ergo factum sit, Cie. Att. 3, 23, 2; funeris ergo, leg. 2, 59 and 64; add 3, 4, 9; donari uirtutis ergo, opt. g. or. 19; Hostibus intulerant lignum formidinis ergo, Lucet. 5, 1246; bonoris ergo, Liv. 1, 18, 6; add 22, 38, 4; 25, 7, 4; 25, 12, 15; 37, 47, 4; 40, 52, 6; 41, 28, 9; illius ergo neminus, Verg. 6, 670; so far with a gen.; II 2. absol., as an adv. indeed, really, is ipsusne es? Aio. Ipsus es? Ipsus inquam Charmides sum. Ergo ipsusne es? Ipsissimus, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 146; Ergo mecastor pulcer est, Mil. 1, 1, 63; Ergo edepol palles, Merc. 2, 3, 42; add Most. 4, 2, 56; 3. hence often in impatient repetitions, like inquam, I say again, I tell you, once more, Sed ubi estis? Adequit simul. Vbi is ergo est? Pl. Epid. 1, 1, 20; P. heus foras educite, Quam introduxistis fidicinem...Age accipe hanc sis. M...Quin tu fidicinem Intus produci iubes? P. Haec ergo est fidicina, 3, 4, 41; E. da pignus ni ea sit filia...P. Quam negat nouisse mater? E. Ni ergo matris filia est...pignus da, 5, 2, 35; Vbi ipse erat? Bene rem gerebat. Ergo ubi? In Seleucia, Trin. 4, 2, 56; add Pers. 2, 2, 35; quid istie tibi negotist? Mihini? Ita. Mihini? Tibi ergo, Ter. Andr. 5, 2, 9; Quid festinas, mi Geta? Animam recipe. G. Proxus—S. Quid istuc proxus ergost? G. perimus—add soon: G. Jam—S. Quid iam Geta? G. Aeschinus—S. Quid is ergo? Ad. 3, 2, 26; Quanti empatae? Paruo. Quanti ergo? Octassibus, Ehen. Hor. 5, 2, 3, 156; 4. and in resuming after a parenthesis: omne pronuntiatum—sic enim mihi in praesentia occurrit ut appellarem αἰώματα: utar post alio, si inuenero—id ergo est pronuntiatum, quid est uerum aut falsum, Cie. Tusc. 1, 14; quoniam id accidit...—mirificus enim generis ac nominis uestri filii erga me semper animus—quoniam ergo ita accidit ut..., fam. 15, 10, 1; tres uiae sunt ad Mutinam quo...tres ergo ut dixi uiae, Ph. 12, 22; 5. gen. of inferences, therefore, accordingly, then, so, for this, E. non attactam oportuit. L. Ergo quia sum tangere ausus haud causificor quin eam Ergo habeam potissimum—just so and therefore, Pl. Aut. 4, 10, 25; E. At hi oratores populi sunt, summi uiri...G. Ergo oratores populi summates uiri summi accumbent, ergo infamatis infimus, St. 3, 2, 36; P. Memini et praecceptis parebo (pareo)? Pa. Voco ergo hanc quae te quaerit, Mil. 4, 2, 45; uolo scire. Tace ergo, Aut. 3, 2, 14; Negat haec me suam filiam esse: non ergo haec mater meam, Epid. 4, 2, 20; Nocuum rumores ponebat ante salutem: Ergo plusque magisque uiri nunc gloria claret, Enn. ap. Cie. off. 1, 84; caret frequentibus oculis: caret ergo inuolenta et cruditate, sen. 44; reliquitur ergo ut omnia tria genera sint caussarum, Iun. 1, 12; ergo et auarus erit, fin. 2, 27; desinit ergo de compositione loqui, Caes. b. c. 3, 191; quid ergo meli consili est facere? b. g. 7, 77, 12; nunquamne ergo familia nostra quieti erit? Sal. Ing. 14, 9; ergo dum nullum fastidium genus...creuit imperium Romanum, Liv. 4, 3, 13; dedemus ergo Hannibalem? dicit aliquis, 21, 10, 11; portus...intramus amicos: Ergo agite et laetum cuncti celebremus honorem, Verg. 5, 58; add B. 5, 58; G. 4, 206; A. 6, 175, 384; 7, 407; S. 247, 382; 9, 44, 799; 12, 742 (in all elided); Ergo Quintilius perpetuus sopor Urget? Hor. od. 1, 24, 5; Ergo sufficiens reus in noua crimina semper? Ov. am. 2, 7, 1; Fas ergo est aliqua

caelestia pectora falli? *ir.* 2, 213; add 1, 9, 63; 3, 2, 1; *Ergo* sollicitae tu causa pecunia uitae es? *Prop.* 3, 7, 1; add 3, 23, 1; *Ergo* ne dubita blandas adhibere querelas, *Tib.* 3, 4, 75; 6. so far w. long o; but short in later wr., *Impune* *ergo* mihi recitauerit ille togatas? *Iuv.* 1, 3; Et nos *ergo* manum ferulae subduimus, 1, 15; 7. at times strengthened by words of like power, *Quo pacto* *ergo* igitur clam deo depromi potest? *Pl. Trin.* 3, 3, 27; *Itaque* *ergo* amantur, *Ter. Eun.* 2, 3, 26; *Ergo* propterea te sedulo Et moneo et hortor, *Hee.* 1, 1, 6; *Itaque* *ergo* erecti... in spectaculum animo intenduntur, *Liv.* 1, 25, 2; 8. *ergo* of § 1 always follows its sb.; in the other cases begins a clause or not.

**ērīlis**, (her.) e, adj. [erus] of a master or mistress, Vt amicum erilem Athenis auctum scio, *Pl. Mil.* 2, 1, 114; mensaeque adductus criui, *Verg.* 7, 490; herile (al. er.) pensum, *Hor.* od. 3, 27, 63; peccati herilis (al. cr.) s, 2, 7, 60; nutus heriles (al. er.), ep. 2, 2, 6; nomen, *Ov. M.* 10, 502; sanguine, 3, 140; 2. esp. w. filius, master's son, young master, *Vnde* aurum efficiam amanti erili filio, *Pl. Bae.* 2, 2, 55; add 2, 3, 117 and 132; 4, 9, 7; *Trin.* 3, 1, 1; *Ps.* 1, 4, 2; *Ter. Andr.* 3, 4, 23; *Eun.* 2, 2, 58.

**ērōgo**, āre, vb. lit. ask (the people by a rogatio to vote the payment of money) out of (the treasury); hence to vote or get a vote for (public money), *uonno* nos in mare superum et inferum sestertium ter et quagabias erogabamus? quid? *Postero* anno *uonno*... pecunia in classem est erogata? *Cic. Flac.* 30; uolo ut mihi respondeas... erogarisne pecunias ex aerario tuis legibus, *Vat.* 29; pecunia publica ex aerario erogata, *Verr.* 2, 3, 165; pecunias in operum locationes, 2, 5, 48; quae ex insula (sc. Cypri) nummus nullus me obtinere erogabitur, *Att.* 5, 21, 7; add 6, 1, 2 and 21; quum argentum, saepe iactata in senatu re, tardius erogaretur, *Liv.* 22, 23, 8; unde in eos sumptus pecunia erogaretur, 1, 20, 5; 2. pay out (of the treasury), quanta pecunia penderetur si omnium nomine quicunque Romae ludos faceret erogaretur, *Cic. Q. fr.* 1, 1, 26; egit ut se ne impedires quominus quod ad Q. Publici statuam decretum est, erogaretur, 1, 2, 14; in Thiburti octingua nummum milia diurna erogauit (Nero), *Suet. Ner.* 30; 3. met. of private expenditure, uelut... Tironem Curio commendas ut ei siquid opus erit in sumptum erogetur, in *Cic. Att.* 8, 5 f.; quod in nectis margarita gemmas fuerat erogaturus, hoc in tus et unguenta et odores impenderetur, *Plin.* ep. 5, 16, 7; add 10, 110; *Val. M.* 4, 8, 1; 4, 8 ext. 2; scriptis edicillis grandem pecuniam in Tigellinum erogabat (was leaving by will), *Tac. an.* 16, 17; 4. gen. in later legal wr., spend, pay, or convey away, qui erogat bona sua in fraudem futurae actionis, *Gai. dig.* 17, 2, 68, 1; odores ad funus, *Ulp.* 15, 3, 7; 3; sumptus in extructione, *Paul.* 20, 1, 29, 2; sumptus in locum in quem mortuus inferretur, *Ulp.* 11, 7, 14, 3; qui publicam pecuniam in usu aliquo acceptam retinuerit nec erogauerit, *Mare.* 48, 13, 5; 5. in Tert. expend life, kill, spend, 12: apol. 44; praeser, 2; II 6.=exoro, prevail upon by asking, piis precibus, *Apul. M.* 5, 13.

**erro**, āre, vb. [prob. from *ecero* from prep. *ec*, implying a compar. prep. *ecce*. Thus *ecero* : super (get the upper hand) of : *ecce* : super : *ec* : sub : *ex* = *ecis* comp. : subs : subs comp.] get out of (the right road), go wrong, go astray, lose one's way, *Quicquid* est errabo potius quam perducet quisiamp, *Pl. Most.* 3, 2, 162; Sed dexteriorum auorsa est in malam erucem: errabit illaee hodie (uow), *Rud.* 1, 2, 88; Homo qui erranti couiter monstrat uiam, *Eun.* ap. *Cic.* off. 1, 51; *Creusa* Substitit, errantia uia sen lassu resedit Inertem, *Verg.* 2, 739; 2. met. go wrong, be out, err, mistake... Qui me Amphitromem rentur esse : errant probe, *Pl. Amph.* 3, 3, 20; duxi probum: Errant: post cognoui et fugio eognitum, *Eun.* ap. *Cic.* (?) ad *Ter.* 2, 38; tota erras uia, *Ter. Eun.* 2, 2, 14; Et errat longe\* mea quidem sententia, *Ad.* 1, 1, 40; errare malo cum Platone... quam cum istis uera sentire, *Cic. Tusc.* 1, 39; cuiusvis hominis

est errare, nullius nisi insipientis in errore persequere, *Phil.* 12, 5; uidete ne honestis sit illis duobus\* errare quam... *Balb.* 64; errare si qui in bello omni secundos rerum proventus expectent, *Caes.* b. g. 7, 29, 3; malo in haec partem\* errare, *Caed.* ad *Cic.* 8, 11, 4; homines superbiissimi procul\* errant, *Sal. Jug.* 85, 38; foeda (prodigia) omnia errantissimae in alienos fetus naturae uisa, *Liv.* 31, 12, 8; toto ut aiunt caelo\* errasse *Vergilium*, *Maer.* s. 3, 12, 10;—here note words marked \*;— 3. w. pron. acc., *Quum* mine quaeso si quid erro, *Pl. Most.* 1, 3, 30; Teneo quid erret, *Ter. Andr.* 3, 2, 18; hoc tu errasti, *Ph.* 5, 3, 21; 4. pass. iurp., si erratur in nomine, *Cic. fin.* 4, 57; Si fuit errandum, *Ov. her.* 7, 109; II 5. wander about, eum uagus et cæsus erraret, *Cic.*

*Clu.* 175; *Arpini* nolo esse pridic Kal., deinde circum uilulas nostras errare, *Att.* 8, 9, 3; stellarum quae errantes (sc. *πλανηται*) et quasi uagae nominarentur, *rep.* 1, 22; Errabant apiti fati maria omnia circum, *Verg.* 1, 32; add 3, 200; *Viixen* Errantem saepe per duo lustra mai, *Ov. Pont.* 4, 16, 14; add *F.* 2, 335; 6. met., Inerte errat animus, *Eun.* ap. *Gell.* 19, 10, 12; Hens oculo errante quei aspiciet leti domum(m), *CIL* 1009, 2; eo fit ut errem et uager latius, *Cic. acad.* pr. 66; add or. 1, 77; orat. 77; 7. perf. part. pass. used as though *erro* signified wander over w. acc., Talia monstrabat relegens errata retrorsus Litora, *Verg.* 3, 690; agris, *Ov. F.* 3, 655; terras, 4, 573; orbem, *Val. F.* 4, 447; 8. errare dictum est *απο του ερπειν* (?), *Clout.* ap. *Gell.* 16, 12, 2; add *Varr.* 1, 6, 10; 9. Cf. *G.* *irren*, go astray.

1 **ērūca**, ae. f. the plant rocket, *eruca* *brassica* *Linu.* G. ranke, lt. eruca, ruca, ruhetta, mod. *Gr.* *ῥοκα*; *Erūcae* *uirides*, *Hor.* s. 2, 8, 51; *Itaque* *ērūca* *salax*\*, *Colum.* 10, 372; add 10, 109\*; 11, 3, 29; *Plin.* 19, 117 and 154\*; 20, 125 and 126\*; 2. an aphrodisiac, *Plin.* 10, 152, add \* above; Sed nihil *ērūcae* faciunt bulbique salaces, *Mart.*

3, 75, 3; 2 **ērūca**, ae. f. caterpillar, serpente *ērūca* per hortos, *Colum.* 10, 333; animalia quae a nobis appellantur *erūcae*, *Græce* *καμπτα* nominantur, 11, 3, 63; add *Plin.* 11, 76\* and 112\*; 17, 229†; 19, 177; 23, 62†; 28, 78; 30, 101; 3. *Sillig* writes *urica* in \* above w. *ms* a; but aft. *urica*, cf. his notes to †; oldest form prob. *urica* of *ms* a. of 17, 229; cf. *urica* of R 28, 78, and so akin to *urmi* from root *ur* = turn; 3. = *G.* *raupe*, in Alsace and Swiss *kraupe* and so = *E.* *grub*; lt. *bruco*.

**ērus**, i. m. (rather than *herus*) [prob. = *G.* *herr*] master (of a slave), *Erus* istunc nouit atque erum hic. *Ero* hūc praesente reddam, *Pl. As.* 2, 4, 49; *Eho* quous laudas qui eros fallunt? In loco, *Ter. Hant.* 3, 2, 26; his qui ut oppressos imperio coercent, sit sanè adhibenda scaentia ut cris in famulos, *Cic.* off. 2, 24; Nec uictoris iri tetigit captiua cubile, *Verg.* 3, 324; O here quae res... *Hor.* s. 2, 3, 265; 2. minor *erus*, (my) young master, opp. to maior *erus*, the paterfamilias, ubinamst *erus*? *Maior* apud forumst, minor hic est intus, *Pl. As.* 2, 2, 62; At *erus* seruauit, quem seruatum gaudeo, Quoi me custodem addiderat *erus* maior meus, *Capt.* 3, 5, 49; add *Ps.* 1, 1, 23; 3. gen. owner, master, cubile... Quae tuo ueniunt hero (so *Ellis*), *Quanta* gaudia, *Catul.* 61, 116; propriae telluris herum (al. erum), *Hor.* s. 2, 2, 129; Ne percontis fundus meus... *Arus* pascat herum an..., *ep.* 1, 16, 2; Nulla certior... *Aula* diuitum manet *Herum* (al. erum), *od.* 2, 18, 32; 4. even of the pods, nondum cum sanguine sacro *Hostia* caelestis pacificasset *erus*, *Catul.* 68, 78; inuitis heris, *ib.* 80; 5. the form *erus* in *A* in *Pl. Pers.* 2, 4, 11; *Mil.* 2, 2, 108, and *gen.* in *BCD* except *Most.* 4, 2, 31; *eram* in *Stic.* 2, 1, 31; so in *Ter. Bemb.* in *Verg.* *erus* *erilis* ubique *Med.*, as 3, 324; 7, 490; 8, 462, says *Wagner*.

**ēt**, conj. and adv. [prob. of pronom. origin; see *Essays*, p. 149; one w. Dutch en, E. and, G. and; and also one w. L. que (quet), *ter* and *ca*] and, uine et uale, *Pl. Trin.* 4, 154; fide et taciturnitate, *Ter. Andr.* 1, 1, 7; quoad possem

et liceret, Cic. am. 1; ab Sequanis et Helvetiis, Caes. b. g. 1, 1, 5; nobilissimus fuit et ditissimus Orgetorix, 1, 2, 1; 2. w. word repeated, errabas Verres et nehemer errabas, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 121; uicta est causa reipublicae et uicta non auspiciis... sed ui... Sest. 78; 3. introduces an indignant question, and after this, et quisquam dubitabit quid huic hoc bellum transmittendum sit? Cic. Man. 42; et quisquam nomen Iunonis adorat Praeterea? Verg. 1, 48; Et dubitamus adhuc uirtutem extendere factis? 6, 807; add G. 2, 433; et se mihi comparat Alax? Ov. M. 13, 338; add am. 3, 3, 33; Et tu me lacrimas fundere uicem aetas? Prop. 2, 8, 21; 4. in transitions, esp. in dialogue, of a change of speaker, and then, et ille ridens, Video inquit quid agas, Cic. fin. 5, 86; et ille Quadruperta inquit fuit diuisio tua, N. D. 3, 6; et ego: Non inquam sine causa, Brut. 119; add rep. 1, 56; or, 2, 40; Brut. 251; Et Marturus: Perturbare... Tac. dial. 4; 5. of rapid consequence, esp. in poets, Haec Protens et se iacta dedit aequor in altum, Verg. G. 4, 528; add A. 1, 203; 305 etc.; Die quibus in terris, et ipsis mihi magnus Apollo, B. 3, 103; hanc tolle et unitatem generis humani... scindes, Sen. ben. 4, 18, 4; 6. in parenthesis, haec sine physicis quam uim habeant et habent maximam uidere nemo potest, Cic. fin. 3, 73; neminem cognoui poetam et mihi fuit (fuit mihi) cum Aquino amicitia—qui sibi non optumus uideretur, Tuse. 5, 63; ut uero... aquam ingressi sunt—et erat pectoribus tenuis—tum utique... Liv. 21, 54, 9; Numidas in insidiis—et pleraque canae sunt uiae—quacunque apte poterat, disposit, 23, 1, 6; 7. in poets postponed at times to second place, Pappibus et lacti natae imponere coronas, Verg. G. 1, 304; A. 4, 418; Saepius et nomen posuit Natura melles, S. 329; add S. 517; B. 2, 10; Exagitet nostros manes, sectetur et umbras, Insultetque rogis, caelest et ossa mea, Prop. 2, 8, 19; 8. oft. repeated, haec pueris et mulierculis et seruis et seruorum similibus esse grata, Cic. off. 2, 57; in quo admirari soleo grauitatem et insitiam et sapientiam Caesaris, fam. 6, 6, 10; see also § 7; 9. but the construction a, b, et c is inadmissible for best writers, thus in Caes. b. g. 7, 24, 1; cum luto frigore et adisulibus inbrubus tardarentur, the best sm. luto; in 3, 20, 2; Tolosa, Caracassone et Narbone, the same om. Caracassone; in Pl. Men. 1, 4, 4; Ego Menaechnus et parastus eius, is due to Ritschl, the sm. have Ego et M. et p. c.; 10. but an enumeration without conj. (asyndeton) may have a gen. clause added with et, uirtutum quas appellamus uoluntarias ut prudentiam temperantiam fortitudinem iustitiam et reliquias eiusdem generis, Cic. fin. 3, 36; siderum magnitudines interualla cursus anquirebantur et cuncta caelestia, Tuse. 5, 10; 11. in some older writers this law seems not to hold as: armamentum stridor, fluctus nauium, Strepitus, et rudentum sibilus, Tac. ap. Serv. ad A. 1, 57; add Tac. ap. Non. 3, 1; but in Ter. Andr. 3, 3, 38 et iunys only two clauses; 12. where of the things united two are more closely united with each other than with the rest, a second conj. (que or atque) is required, and then et may be used to unite either the smaller or greater clauses, illud signum solis ortum et forum curiamque conspexit, Cic. Cat. 3, 8, 20; hi qui mathematici uocantur, quanta in obscuritate rerum et quam recondita in arte et multiplex subtilique aersentur, or. 1, 9; Marsos inde Marrucinosque et Pelignos denastat eireaque Arpos et Lucernam proximam Apuliae regionem, Liv. 22, 9, 5; add 21, 22, 23; 21, 50, 11; Scuta uirum galesque et fortia corpora uoluit, Verg. 1, 101; 13. et is oft. omitted as first in old formulae, uelitis iubentis quod... Cic. Pis. 72; add Liv. 22, 10, 2; 31, 6, 1; usus fructus est ius alienis reserui utendi fructui salua rerum substantia, Paul. dig. 7, 1, 1 et 20 passim; usus auctoritas fundi biennium est, Cic. top. 23; pacem precibus exposcent uti uolens propitius sum semper sospitet progeniem, Liv. 1, 16, 3; lege Aelia Caninia certus modus constitutus est, Gai. 1, 42; lege Aelia Sentia, 1, 12; 14. when words or clauses are opposed, Hinc stas, illum causam dicis, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 48; una tecum bona mala tolerabimus, Ter. Ph. 3, 3, 23; Ne sursum deorsum cursites, Eun. 2, 2, 47; Hae illic circueuntes, Haut, 3, 2, 1; omnia, minima maxime ad Caesarem mitti, Cic. Q.

fr. 3, 1, 10; Salla potuit, ego non potero? Pomp. ap. Cic. Att. 9, 10, 2 f.; omissis his rebus quibus non suppetitur, eget ille, Cic. Cat. 2, 25; quum diu anceps fuisset certamen, et Saguntinis (uer) quia praeter spem resisterent creuissent animi, Ptoem. (se) quia non uicisset pro uicto esset, clamorem... Liv. 21, 9, 1; 15. freq. for emphasis all conjunctions omitted (asyndeton) or caesa oratio, ad Her. 4, 26; ibi cursu luctando hasta disco pugilatu pila saliendo sese exercebant, Pl. Bae. 3, 3, 1; semper audax petulans libidinosus, Cic. S. 71; quid quisque uoluerit cogitauerit admittere... est moribus eius... est ponderandum, fin. 69; crepti sine caele, sine sanguine, sine exercitu, sine dimicatione, Cic. Cat. 3, 23; 16. even w. two words, in light style, without emphasis, ferarum in quibus inesse fortitudinem, ut in equis, in leonibus, Cic. off. 1, 50; aderant amici propinqui, Verr. 2, 1, 125; uidemus ut pueri... pompa ludis, atque eiusmodi spectaculis teneantur, fin. 5, 48; iam de perituri, de inesto nihil sane hoc quidem loco disputandum, leg. 2, 41; 17. et, —, both—, and—, uniting very different ideas, Et ego te et ille mactamus infortunio, Pl. Bae. 4, S. 45; Deos quaeso ut adimant et matrem et patrem meos, Naev. ap. Don. ad Ter. Ad. 4, 1, 5; uno meo facto (al. facto) et tu et omnes mei corruistis, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 4, 1; 18. with et more than once repeated, sin hoc et ratio doctis et necessitas barbaris et mos gentibus et feris etiam beluis natura ipsa praescripsit... Cic. Mil. 30; qui et miles et tribunus et legatus et consul uersatus sum in uario genere bellorum, sen. 18; and in part. or. S. 12 twice occur, not to count one in a minor clause; una et traiecit me audietis et ardere bello Africum et molientem line Hannibalem et obsideri Carthaginem, Liv. 23, 44, 6; 19. here too the law for the use of other conj. in minor clauses holds, as: cum et praetoribus doloris memoria recens est et futuri atque impendentis torquet timor, Cic. fin. 2, 95; non despero fore aliquem qui et studio aciore quam nos sumus atque fidus et otio ac facultate discendi maiore ac maturiore ac labore atque industria superiore cum se ad audiendum... dederit, existat talis orator, or. 1, 95; quod et naves habent plurimas... et scientia atque usui... reliquos antecedunt, et in magno impetu maris atque aperto... omnes fere... habent uentilae, Caes. b. g. 3, S. 1; add Cic. Acad. post. 38 and 39; 20. at times this law so important for clearness of ideas is abandoned in order to deluge and confound a reader, as: quod et ipse bonus uir fuit et multi Epieuri fuerant et hodie sunt et in amicitias fideles et in omni uita constantes et graues, Cic. fin. 2, 81; add or. 1, 170; Liv. 42, 33, 3; 21. the last et in a series strengthened by iam etc. or supplanted by postremo, in omni genere et honorum et laborum meorum et animus et opera et auctoritas et gratia et iam res familiaris C. Capitonis praesto fuit et paruit et temporibus et fortunae meae, Cic. fam. 13, 29, 2; uidebam, si uictus essem multis bonis et pro me et mecum et iam post me esse perendum, senat. grat. 33; omnes idem sentiant et hi qui... et hi qui... et hi qui... postremo hi qui se totos tradiderunt uoluptatibus, am. 86; et pecunia persuadet et gratia et auctoritas dicentis et dignitas, postremo aspectus etiam ipse, Quint. 2, 15, 6; 22. after words wh. refer to two (or more) objects, esp. wds. of likeness or difference, but here the compared words or clauses must stand symmetrically, germanus pariter animo et corpore, Ter. Ad. 5, 8, 34; aequae tabulae condemnantur eius qui uerum non retulit et eius qui falsum perscripsit, Cic. Rose. com. 2; parit gloria debent esse hi qui consulunt et hi qui defendunt, top. 71; alia causa est eius qui... et eius qui... off. 2, 61; aliud habitum esse sceleris et urere, leg. 2, 60; diuorsissimas res pariter expectant, ignauiae uoluptatem et praemia uirtutis, Sal. Jug. 55, 20; 23. the symmetry still exists wh. the wd. of comparison is enclitic to the first of the two compared, cui—simul et Volcatio pecunia a ciuitate numerata est, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 176; superbi, re—simul et nerbis, inuehantur, ad Her. 4, 51; ut Germanicum dolo—simul et casibus obiectaret, Tac. an. 2, 5; add 13, 16; 24. often w. double et, dupliciter delectatus sum... et quod ipse risi et quod te intellexi iam posse ridere, Cic. fam. 9, 20, 1; utrumque meum puto esse, et quid sentiam ostendere et quod

feceris defendere, 1, 9, 25; aequae nefas sit tale et facere rogatum et rogare, am. 39; uno tempore et longas naves...aestus compleretur et onerarias tempestas adflicta bat, Caes. b. g. 4, 29, 2. **25.** quae—et—, both—and—: Est profecto Deus qui quae nos gerimus audire et uidet, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 63; In tuam custodiam (so both. ej.; *miss e...delam*) meque et spes meas trado Tranio, Most. 2, 1, 59; Sileteque et tacete atque animum adhaerere, Poen. pr. 3; emneta simul malaque et bona dicta Eoameret, Eun. ap. Gell. 12, 4; in eam partem accipioque et uolo, Ter. Eun. 5, 2, 37; praeter aequumque et bonum, Ad. 1, 1, 39; uti seque et oppidum tradat, Sal. Jug. 26, 1; seque et exercitum, 55, 1; ibique et in omni Africa, Rog. 7; seque et iumenta, 91, 2; illosque et Sullam, 104, 1; tela in hostem hastaque et gladius, Liv. 1, 43, 2; iustus hospitalibus priuatisque et publicis fungitur officiis, 9, 6, 7; sagaque et tunicae, 10, 30, 10; Sempronique et Flamini temeritatem, 22, 44, 5; execratur seque et cohortem, 25, 14, 5; armaque et corpora, 25, 16, 19; iuuenis animique et ingenii...maioris, 25, 37, 2; audios caedique et sanguinis, 25, 37, 14; ingenti concursu plerisque et omnium ordinum, 27, 21, 1; armaque et naves, 28, 17, 14; ab nostris exercitibusque et classibus, 28, 44, 13; omnes legnitique et tribuni, 29, 22, 11; gubernatoresque et magistris nauium, 29, 25, 7; armenta uidebant Romanoque foro et laetis iugare Carinis, Verg. 8, 361; famaque et fata nepotum, 8, 731; in nearly all the first clause is a single word. **26.** et—(que—, both—and—, Hos et ego in pugna nuci nictu—que sum ab isdem, Eun. ap. Oros. 4, 1; quis est quum intellegit et eos qui fecerint...immemores fuisse utilitatem suarum nosque (et nos?) cum ea laudemus...honestate duci, Cie. fin. 5, 64; but in fin. 4, 19 dele et, as et saluum incoluntque me debet to oppose two synonyms: quum paratissimam et ab exercitu reliquisque rebus, D. Brut. ad Cie. 11, 13 f.; id et singulis uicinisque semper honori fuisse, Liv. 4, 2, 3. **27.** et non—, et—, locus is melior quem et non coquit sol et tangit ros, Varr. r. 3, 16, 2; causas et non grauata et gratuito defenditis, Cie. off. 2, 66; in amicitis et non tribuere quod recte possis et tribuere quod non sit aequum contra officium est, 3, 43; omnia...et non laboriosa mihi et honesta uidebuntur, fam. 5, 11, 3. **28.** et—, et non—, uir et acer et non indiserit, Cie. Brut. 128; nullam et ueterem et non magnam, Att. 12, 31, 2; quod et infinitum est et non necessarium, or. 1, 203; ut et Chalcis teneri et non deseri praesidium Athenarum potuisset, Liv. 31, 23, 11; satis scire origini Romanae et deos affuisse et non defuturam uirtutem, 1, 9, 4; in Plin. pan. c. 56, et necdum de biennio loquor (add c. 14) nec is the mere negative, not for neque. **29.** neque—et—, quamobrem nec metum quidquam et cauebo omnia, Cie. fam. 11, 21, 4; et—ut perspexisse uideor—nec a me alieni et tibi amicitiam, 4, 6 f.; add Att. 2, 1, 4; sen. 51; off. 2, 43; fuci neque aduocant et mel consumunt, Varr. r. 3, 16, 8; ubi neque epistolam reperit et rem omnem uti acta erat cognouit, Sal. Jug. 71; add 1, 5; 31, 16; 69, 1 etc.; nam neque quondam fuit consul—; et postquam senatus dictatorem dici iussit—; Liv. 8, 12, 11; Marcellus nec factum improbat et praedam militibus concessit, 24, 30, 7; Cui neque apud Danaos usquam locus et super ipsi Dardaniade infensi poenas cum sanguine poscent, Verg. 2, 71; qui nec ullius inuides laudibus et faues nostris, Plin. ep. 9, 23 f.; **30.** et—neque—, patebat uia et certa ne longa, Cie. Phil. 11, 4; qui et rem agnosce neque hominem ignorat, Plac. 46; ego tueri et expectabo ea quae polliceris nec exigam nisi tuo commodo, Brut. 17; intellegitis et animum ei praesto fuisse nec consilium dedisse, Phil. 13, 13; nam et acceptum eos in castra sua se laetum nec emetantur se ipsam ad eos uenturum, Liv. 21, 24, 4; huius rediendi et Epieydae quia ingens erat nec abnuat Marcellus, 25, 23, 9; **31.** also, too, even—so eg of 'and' of old Norse and Dan., och Swed. is for a Germ. and also, for us eke also—; in Lat. the ideas of and and also meet in phrases of answers, where a nod may note assent, C. O amice salue...M. Et tu edepol salue Callides, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 11, and the same to you, the same to you too; add Mil. 4, 8, 42; Pers. 4, 6, 27; St. 2, 1, 44; Ter. Hee. 1, 2 f.; Haut. 1, 1, 115; D. Curae est mihi. M. Et mihi curae est, Ad. 1,

2, 49; At enim quaerit Socrates unde... Et ego quaero unde, Cie. N.D. 3, 27; Q. Nulla de re magis. M. Et recte quidem, leg. 1, 16; Et nobis idem Alcimedon duo poeula fecit, Verg. B. 3, 44. **32.** then in other than answers, (so) too, (so) also, Quid tu T. Rosci, ubi tuum eras? Romae. Verum quid ad rem? Et alii multi, Cie. Iose. Am. 92; et praedones multi saepe poenas dant, N.D. 3, 82; Et mihi facta uia est, et me caput ultima tellus, Ov. tr. 1, 3, 83; Et mihi sunt uires, et mihi facta tula est, Tib. 2, 6, 10; **33.** so far as first word; but it occurs also as second word, but still emphasizing that which follows—this esp. in Cie., never in Caesar—Saluere iubeo te Misargyrides bene, Pl. Saluere tu (so ass. Lachni. ej. the soleism saluto), Pl. Most. 3, 1, 42; nam et testimonium saepe dicendum est, Cie. or. 2, 48; nam et animi atque ingeni ederes quidam motus esse debent, 1, 113; nam et qui parat pecus (pecus pascit?) necesse est constituat numerum, Varr. r. 2, 1, 24; at et morbi perniciosiores sunt animi quam corporis, Cie. Tusc. 3, 5; ergo et probandum, fin. 3, 27; ergo et lex, leg. 1, 33; narrat enim et apud Ennium Vestalis... diu. 1, 40; sed—multum et philosophia, Att. 5, 10, 5; Sed et (A B om. et) ad eeteras res habet quandam artem, Ac. pr. 57; simul et necerbar, Verr. 2, 4, 136; add Ch. 10, 48 and 155; Q. fr. 1, 1, 34; 1, 1, 43; Verr. 2, 1, 106; Caecin. 6; Sall. Iug. 20, 1; accessit et pestilentia, Liv. 25, 26, 7; interdum et leui aduocante uento, 28, 17, 12; hi, adscitis et aliis primoribus... Tac. an. 6, 37 (31); illis sola in epite uis, Pharsanones et pedite ualebat, 6, 40 (34). **34.** sed et, verum et, after non modo (solum) and like phrases is found prob. in Cie. (in spite of Baier); att. often, illum non modo fuisse sed et (etiam R) tantum illi pecuniam dedisse, Cie. Att. 11, 9, 2; non modo illum ex Gallia...non detrahebant sed et (so all mss. Halmi ci. wh. if needed could not stand here) propter rationem Gallii belii provinciam extra ordinem decreuerat, prou. cons. 19; I claim sed et also for Cat. 3, 24, (tres sed has, sed et has, sed et cas); off. 1, 66 (ass ut, wh. is nonsense for et); aderam nos quidem adolescentes, sed et (A B om. et) multi amplissimi homines, fin. 2, 55; non eius modo exercitus qui uictus erat sed et eius qui cum Hannibale militabat, Liv. 21, 60, 9; facto ex ebre quidem et auro, sed et ex aere fecit, Plin. 34, 49; speciem non tenent tantum Chaneis sed et implent, Tac. G. 35; generosi grauius ipsum Infecit natura pecus sed et egregius fons... Iug. 12, 41;—note that sed et by its form is very liable to error; **35.** et ipse, very common, esp. in Livy, sicut et ipse cuius instituta sequabatur, Cie. Iug. 2, 17; Romulus et ipse turba fugientium actus, Liv. 1, 12, 3; is, et ipse Alpinus annis difficillimus transitu est, 21, 31, 10; alii inter iumenta, et ipsa iacenta passim, morientes, 22, 2, 7 etc.; **36.** quum et, nec non et, in poets and late prose, Quin et supremum cum lumine uita recessit, Non tamen... Verg. 6, 735; add 778; 10, 615; Quin et Atridas, Hor. od. 1, 10, 13; add 2, 13, 37; quin et paruos (delphinos) semper aliquis grandior comitatur, Plin. 9, 33; add 9, 174; Cie. Att. 15, 3; 1 seems corrupt;—Neonon et Tyrill... Verg. 1, 707; add 748; nec non et proximo anno...eques Romanus, Plin. 7, 183; add 10, 124; **37.** in Livy et also often late in a clause, nolle irrumpere, antequam sciat debellatum et in sinistro cornu esse, Liv. 3, 70, 11; ad hanc defectionem erecti sunt et aliarum ciuitatum quidem et socios populi Romani sed multo infestius M. Aurelium, 30, 42, 2; etc.; so Verg. 2, 49 timeo Danaos et dona ferentes.

**et—enim**, conj. and in fact, and indeed, Et enim ille quoms iuxta uenio Iuppiter Non minus quam nostrum quinis foridat malum, Pl. Amph. pr. 26; facile equidem facere possum si iubes, Et enim quo pacto id fieri solet calleo, Ter. Haut. 3, 2, 37; add Eun. 5, 8, 44; And. 2, 6, 11; etenim omnes niri boni ipsam aequitatem...amant, Cie. leg. 1, 48; add Brut. 23; Verr. 2, 4, 129; sen. 15; acad. pr. 99 (bis); Varr. r. 1, 4, 3. **2.** often in parenthesis, eius autem legationis princeps est Heius (etenim est primus ciuitatis), ne forte... Cie. Verr. 2, 4, 15; add Att. 10, 17, 4; Liv. 3, 24, 9. **3.** rarely second, as in; Quippe etenim mortale aeterno iungere... Lucr. 3, 809;

add 2, 547; 4. in very late wr. diuissim, Tert. apol. 34; Hier. ad Iul. ep. 34.

**Et-iam**, adv. of time, even now, even yet, still, Set tu, etiamne astas nec quae die obtemperas? Pl. Most. 2, 2, 89; Vide sis modo etiam, Merc. 2, 2, 52; quin loris caedite etiam si lubet, 5, 4, 42; iam ferio foris. Feri, Vbi mane etiam, Men. 1, 2, 64; etiam parassim manes? 2, 3, 68; etiam astas? 4, 3, 23; add Bae. 4, 4, 93; Most. 3, 2, 164; Merc. 5, 5, f.; Men. 1, 2, 48; Teque opsero hercle ut quae locutus despuas. Fiat: geratur mos tibi. Age age usque exsera, Etiamne? Aere quaeso hercle usque ex penitis fauibus, As. 1, 1, 40; Quia de uxore incertus sum etiam quid sim facturus. Quid est? Ter. Hee. 4, 3, 8; uiuere etiam nunc lubet, Ad. 3, 3, 91; cum iste etiam cubaret, in cubiculum introductus est, Cie. Verr. 2, 3, 56; manifestus in maleficiis tenetur et manet etiam, 4, 104; quamdiu etiam furor iste tuus non eludet? Cat. 1, 1; ubi olim fano consumebatur omne quod profanum erat ut etiam fit (wh. Spengel ill. conjecturas etiam nunc), Varr. 1, 7, 7; inter hostium cadauera repertus est paululum etiam spirans, Sal. Cat. 61, 4; inualidus etiamque tremens, etiam iuscius acui, Verg. G. 3, 189; Idaeumque etiam currus, etiam arma tenebant, A. 6, 485; 2. w. neg., still not, or better, not yet, Quia tibi minas uiginti pro amica etiam non dedit, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 46; non satis me pernosti etiam qualis sim Simo, Ter. Andr. 3, 2, 23; nihil suspiciens etiam mali, 1, 1, 89; non deo fortasse etiam quod sentio, Cie. Tusc. 1, 12; nec plane etiam abissee ex conspectu, Caes. b. g. 6, 43, 4; neque seirent etiam arare, Varr. r. 2, 16, 6; 3. in this case often strengthened by dum, Quid egerint inter se nondum etiam scio, Ter. Hee. 1, 2, 117; add 5, 1, 19; Andr. 1, 2, 39; but Haut. 3, 3, 35 against metre; Ego nondum etiam hic uillibabar, Turpil. ap. Non. 186, 4; so: uixidum etiam coetu uestro dimisso, Cie. Cat. 1, 10; but in Verr. 2, 4, 64 the best sss nondum without etiam; 4. in questions, yet and so=are (you) never going to, Ecce autem illic (so Bothe, sss hic) depositi caput, et dormit: suscita. Ph. Etiam uigilas? Pl. Most. 2, 1, 36; etiamne aperis?... Etiamne aperis? 4, 2, 28; Etiam dicis ubi uenefice? Pers. 2, 4, 7; etiamne albis? Pocr. 1, 3, 22; scelerate etiam respicias? Pers. 2, 4, 4; etiam tu hinc abis? Ter. Ph. 3, 9; etiam taces? Ad. 4, 2, 9; Etiam tu hoc respondes quid istie tibi negotiat? Andr. 5, 2, 8 (al. responde); add Haut. 2, 2, 6; 5. as this is virtually an order, etiam is used w. imperative in an impatient sense, I say, will (you) never, Etiam tu homo nibili, quod di dant boni, eae culpa tua amissis, Pl. Bae. 5, 2, 70; etiam tu signa tibi uis... illum aspice contra, Verg. 11, 373 (wh. Servius: hortantis aduerbiu); 6. again, still again, circumspicendum nunquid est, Sermonem nostrum qui aucepit. Tutum probest. Circumspice etiam, Pl. Most. 2, 2, 43; add 4, 2, 3; Vide mihi Parmeno etiam sodes ut mihi habe certa et clara attuleris, Ter. Hee. 5, 4, 1; die, die etiam clarus, Verr. 2, 3, 175; Si tu forte uoles etiam nariare figuras, Lucr. 2, 494 (cf. v. 491); 7. etiam atque etiam, still and still, again and again, Set te moneo hoc etiam atque etiam ut reputes quid facere expetas, Pl. Trim. 3, 2, 48; Proin tu dumst tempus etiam atque etiam cogita, Ter. Eun. 1, 1, 11; temo superat stellas sublime cogens etiam atque etiam noctis iter, Enn. ap. Varr. 1, 7, 4; multa sibi e. a. e. esse discenda, Cie. Tusc. 3, 69; e. a. e. reputate, Sal. Jug. 85, 28; querendum est e. a. e. Catul. 63, 61; postulo e. a. e. consideres, Liv. 3, 45, 10; e. a. e. aspice, Hor. ep. 1, 18, 76; in Lucr. 1, 296: Quare e. a. e. sunt uenti corpora caeca, dico or aio is understood; 8. still, yet, in addition, Tris minas accedere etiam possum, ut triginta sient, Pl. Merc. 2, 3, 96; illorum mores perquam meditate tenes; Set etiam unum hoc ex ingenio malo malum inueniunt quos: Nulli... Bae. 3, 6, 17; Nunc alteris etiam ducentis usus est, 4, 9, 47; 9. offi, strengthened by insuper, over and above, ut etiam in maerore insuper... miseriam hanc adiungerem, Pl. Cas. 2, 8, 5; add Trim. 4, 3, 18; Merc. 4, 2, 2; Etiam insuper defraudat (al. defrudet)? Ter. Ad. 2, 2, 38; 10. offi. w.

comp. still, even, tum etiam magis si medicos suos huc mittet, Caio ap. Plin. 29, 14; Quem pariter uti his deuit aut etiam amplius, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 80; an quid est etiam amplius, Ad. 3, 4, 22; sic in animis existunt maiores etiam uarietates, Cie. offi. 1, 107; sunt etiam clariora... indicia naturae, fin. 5, 5; filiam quis habet: pecunia est opus. Duas, maiore, Pluris, maiore etiam, parad. 44; magno in aere alieno maiores etiam possessiones habent, Cat. 2, 18; omnes magni, etiam superiores qui fruges... inuenerunt, Tusc. 1, 62; multo etiam grauius queritur, Caes. b. g. 1, 16, f.; (castra) huc erant etiam angustiora, quod... 4, 30, 1; 11. gen. even, introducing an important addition, Etiam Epidium quam ego fabulam aequae ac me ipsum amo, Nullam aequae inuitus specto, si acit Pollio, Pl. Bae. 2, 2, 36; ueseio etiam id quod scio, 4, 6, 21; ut ne etiam aspiciere hasce aedis audent, Most. 2, 1, 76; erit enim instructus ad mortem contemnendam, ad exilium, ad ipsum etiam dolorem, Cie. fin. 2, 57; horum timore paulatim etiam hic (so best sss) qui magnam in castris usum habebant milites, perturbabantur, Caes. b. g. 1, 30, 5; nobis rem familiarem etiam ad necessaria decesse, Sal. Cat. 20, 11; uiderent ne utando in curia libere homines loqui, extra euriam etiam mouerent nocem, Liv. 3, 39, 6; quem armorum etiam pro patria stantibus teneret, nedum aduersus patriam, 7, 40, 3; 12. esp. in non modo (solus)... sed (nerum) etiam..., sumpsit non ab illo modo, Sed... Etiam a Latino, Afran. ap. Maer. s. 6, 1, 4; neglegere quid de se quisque sentiat, non solum arrogantis est sed etiam omnino dissoluti, Cie. offi. 1, 99; frumenta non solum tanta multitudine... consumebantur sed etiam... imbribus procubant, Caes. b. g. 6, 43, 3; 13. also quin etiam, atque etiam, may even, credibile non est quantum scribam die, quin etiam noctibus, Cie. Att. 13, 26, 2; Ausus quin etiam uoces iactare per umbram..., Verg. 2, 768; atque etiam tu quoque ipse si esses percontatus me ex aliis..., Pl. As. 2, 4, 95; atque etiam iudicium... publicum exerceat, Cie. Verr. 2, 1, 155; add Clu. 163; 14. perh. also of a mere addition, caret epulis et frequentibus poetis; caret etiam etiam (om. Erf.) uoluntate et erudite, Cie. sen. 44; 15. etiam w. quoque even... too, Inuastu...? Fateor. Nempe conceptis uerbis. Etiam consulis quoque, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 119; Hanc quoque etiam si me appellet iuliam, matrem uocem, Epil. 4, 2, 19; add As. 2, 4, 95; pol iam aderit, se quoque etiam eum oderit, Ter. Hee. 4, 1, 28; ut me non solum omnia debere tua causa quae possum, sed ea quoque etiam quae non possum, Cie. fam. 4, 8, 1; Hae quoque res etiam naturam dedicat eius, Lucr. 3, 208; Est etiam quoque..., 3, 292; add 5, 153, 517, 604; 6, 503; 16. in answers, even so, just so, yes, Numquid processit ad forum hic hodie noui? etiam, Pl. Most. 4, 3, 7; misericordia commotus ne sis. Etiam, sed..., Cie. Mur. 65; cui eum respondissim me e provincia decedere, etiam... inquit, ut opinor ex Africa', Planc. 65; Zeno in una uirtute positam beatam uitam putat. Quid Antiochus? Etiam, inquit, beatam, sed non beatissimam, acad. pr. 134; noui tibi quidnam scribam? Quid? etiam: Messala... Att. 1, 13, 6; dices 'habeo hic quos legam (libros)'. Etiam: sed..., Plin. ep. 2, 3, 9; 'studes' inquam. Respondit etiam, 4, 13, 3; 17. yes still something, is the idea in: Nihil aliud deam? Etiam: cognosce anulum illum Myrrinam, Ter. Hee. 5, 3, 13; aliud quid? Etiam: quando te proficietis istuc putes, fac ut seiam, Cie. Att. 2, 6, f.; add Q. fr. 3, 1, 24; 18. etiam in this sense off. opposed to non, utrum nomina in codicem digesta habes, an non? Si non, quomodo tabulas conficis? Si etiam, quomobrem hoc nomen in aduersariis relinquebas? Cie. Rose. com. 9; aut etiam aut non respondere, acad. pr. 104; add off. N. D. 1, 70; 19. et etiam offi. matter for doubt and false readings, qui dissoluerem Quae debet et etiam nunc si uolt Deniphe... Ter. Ph. 4, 3, 51, et, required by metre, is not in best sss; rogo te et etiam oro, Cie. Att. 16, 10 b, 9; prisci quoque Latini et (old edd. omit et) etiam Gracii..., Varr. r. 2, 4, 10; et etiam cornutorum, 2, 7, 2; et etiam prima, 3, 9, 9.

**Evigilo**, are, vb. finish one's watch, as night sentinel,



met, etsi nobis qui id aetatis sumus euigilatum ferest, tamen de posteris nostris sollicitor (says Laelius to Scipio), Cic. rep. 3, 41; 2. pass. whole nights (and perh. days too) working, quid egi aut in quo euigilant curae meae, si... Cic. parol. 17; 3. work out by night, quam expedita tua consilia, quam euigilata tua consilia, Cic. Att. 9, 12, 1; tanta industria est tantumque euigilat (al. uigilat, perh. rightly), (?) ad Brut. 1, 15, 1; positos ex ordine fratres (books) Quos studium cunctos euigilant idem, Ov. tr. 1, 1, 108; 4. pore over (by night as well as day) to the end, cui pleraque omnia ueterum litterarum... euigilata erant, Gell. 1, 7, 4; 5. wake and get up before daylight, rogo mane uideas Plinium domi, set (et?) plane mane... Euigilaui: nuntius a Spurinna, Plin. ep. 1, 5, 9; euigilo plerumque circa horam primam, 9, 36, 1; si sacri causa maturius euigilandum esset, Suet. Aug. 78; ante mediam noctem plerumque euigilabat, Claud. 33; 6. gen. wake (and get) up, somniauit...; utque euigilauit, simulauerunt... inuenit, Suet. Galb. 4; maturius semper ac de nocte euigilabat, Vesp. 21.

**ē-uiscēr-o**, āre, vb. [uiscus, flesh] strip of flesh, make a skeleton of, Ipse summus saxis fixus asperis euisceratus, Enn. ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 107; quadrupes... euiscerata, Pac. ap. Cic. diu. 1, 133; pedibus euiscerat uicis (columnam), Verg. 11, 723; macilentia uel omnino euiscerata forma diu cadaveris, Apul. apol. 63; in Sol. 53, 2 Mommsen has exemptus; 2. met. opes, Vatie. de inoff. don. 3, 29, 7.

**ex**, prep. [for ex-is, and so orig. a comp. of ex, like magis, potius; so abs, obs, subs, trans, for ab-is etc.; so *exi* has the form *exiis* in *exiis-deuio exiis-deuio* and *optio-deuio*; out of, see *ex*].

**exāmissum**, adv. [perh. for exament-im, an old dat. of examen; cf. interim from interibi, and uicissim; see amissum, emissatus] by test of mason's level, i.e. a tablet covered with red chalk, tabula rubricata which left without chalk hollows and protuberances; perfectly; as we say, to a T, i.e. a carpenter's square, Aedes quomodo exemplo (so D) sunt paratae expositae, Factae probe exāmissum, Lalandi fabrum atque aedis probant, Pl. Most. 2, 1, 19; 2. met. ista (dos)... exāmissum optima, Amph. 2, 2, 213; Vt hanc rem uobis exāmissum disputem, Men. pr. 50; e. capto noctis latrociniali momento, Apul. M. 4, 18; but not Gell. 1, 4, 1.

**ex-cipio**, ēpīre, ēpī, ceptus, vb. [ex up, out; capio] lift up, take up, bring up, Nunc enim (sc. nidulum) cum nani scilicet abissis pessum in altum. Credo aliquem immerissem atque cum exipisse... diuēd and brought it up, Pl. Rud. 2, 3, 66; add 4, 3, 47 and So; 4, 4, 140 and 141; 5, 1, 12; 5, 3, 6; ubi aliquid detectum est excipendum hamo retuso est abducentum, Cels. 7, 5, p. 269, l. 33; insecundū sunt faui, deinde subiectis duobus brachiis excipendi atque ita promendi, Colum. 9, 15, 9; exceptus tergo consuetu locati Membra, Verg. 10, 567; factus meis manibus excepti, Quint. decl. 13, 8; 2. catch up, catch, save from falling, cum taurum immolauisset, exipisse sanguinem patera, Cic. Brut. 43; filiorum suorum postrema spiritum excipere, Verr. 2, 1, 118; clamantibus amietis ut desiliret (stabantque excepturi), Cic. Att. 9, 5, 1; and met.: duo genera diuinandi esse, artificiosum... naturale quod animus arripere aut exciperet ex diuinitate (catching it as it fell from above), diu. 2, 26; amicum suum... labentem excipit, correre non sinit, falsit et sustinuit re fortuna fide, Rab. Post. 43; 3. hence met. hold up, shelter, harbour, neque partem tibi ab eo qui sit indipses, neque furem excipies? Ita, Pl. Aul. 4, 10, 45; Hic est ille gurdus quem ego me alibine meuses duos ex Africa Venientem excipisse tibi narraui, Laber. ap. Gell. 16, 7, 8; o terram illam beatam quae hunc uirum exciperet, Cic. Mil. 105; hunc in illo timore Tigranes excipit, Manil. 23; rempublicam deorum prouidentia curae exceptam, Liv. 4, 43, 9; 4. akin to this, entertain (see Essays, p. 46) welcome (esp. of hospitality),

excepti hospitio ab Tullo blande ac benigne, Liv. 1, 22, 5; add 20, 11, 6; pro fortuna quisque apparatis epulis excipit, Tac. G. 21; te polenta excipiet, Sen. ep. 21, 10; 6. and gen. welcome, receive with favour, amplexu, Ov. her. 17(18), 101; benigno uultu, Liv. 30, 14, 3; magno gaudio regem, Curt. 7, 5, 29; and sometimes iroi; 6. more met. of inanimate agents, nulla decompens Metata priuatis opaeam Porticus excipiebat Arcton, Hor. od. 2, 15, 16; cum lectulus aut me Porticus excipit, s. 1, 4, 134;

7. of inanimate objects, sustain, hold up against, meet, face, uim frigorum hiemumque, Cic. Rab. Post. 42; in me... illa flamma conieciatur. Excepti, har. resp. 45; uulnera, Sest. 23; omnia tela, prou. cons. 23; labores, Brut. 243; uim luminis, Caes. b. g. 4, 17, 9; decessum aestus, 3, 13, 1; impetus gladium, 1, 52, 4; tela missa (w. the shields), 3, 5, 3; b. c. 3, 93, 2; nocturnum rorem, 3, 15, 4; impetus Caesaris, 3, 92, 1; plagae quoddam genus, Lucr. 2, 810; tela, Liv. 2, 47, 7; iram hostium, 9, 8, 9; hostium magnam uim, 34, 13, 3; transuersi cuniculis hostium cuniculos, 23, 18, 9; nerbera, Ov. F. 2, 427; and in law, actions, Paul. dig. 5, 1, 22; onus obligationis, Papin. 46, 1, 48, 1; 8. of the chase; celer alto latitante Fruticeo excipere aprum, Hor. od. 3, 12, 12; inruentem feram uenabulo, Sen. prou. 2, 8; uenientis feras, ira 1, 11, 2; aprum, Quint. 4, 2, 17; feras, Phaedr. 1, 11, 6; 9. pick up (prisoners), catch, surprise, intercept, admoniti sumus ut caueremus ne exciperemur a Caesaris, Cic. Att. 8, 11, D 3; multos ex fuga dispersos excipiunt, Caes. b. g. 6, 35, 6; add 7, 20, 9; b. c. 1, 15, 15; 1, 64, 7, 1, 794, 1; Liv. 10, 20, 5; even of a whole army, 9, 31, 6; Orestes Excipit incautum, Verg. 3, 332; Aemulus exceptum Triton... immergerat unda, 6, 173; add 11, 684; mansuerunt ne paruuli quidem excipere possunt (uri), Caes. b. g. 6, 28, 4; aues quoque, Curt. 7, 5, 41 (wh. we shd. say bring down); and met. uoluntatis (hominum), Cic. or. 2, 32; senes, Hor. ep. 1, 1, 79; qui oues tuas fugauit ut alius eas exciperet, Gal. 3, 202; 10. w. abl., capram insidiis, Verg. B. 3, 18; Laetantibus insidiis, Liv. 21, 61, 8; 11. pick up (as a friend might) and so save, rescue, quod insepultos reliquisset eos quos e mari propter uim tempestatis excipere non potuissent, Cic. rep. ap. Non. 293, ed. Bait. 837; scaphis excepti refrigerant, Caes. b. c. 3, 40, 3; exceptus scapha refugit, 3, 101, 6; 12. pick up (words), catch up, nihil est tam uolere quam maledictum, nihil citius excipitur, Cic. Plane. 57; nollem dixisset quod exciperet improbi ciues, Sest. 102; mittebat qui rumores Africanos exciperet, Deiot. 25; sermonem eorum unus excipit, Liv. 2, 4, 5; ad has excipienda uoces speculator missus, 40, 4, 4; add 4, 49, 3; Ov. am. 1, 4, 18; laudes nostras audissimis auribus, Plin. ep. 4, 10, 3; 13. hence of reporters etc., take down (words), alterum sermonem pueri exeperant, Quint. proem. 7; ceterae (actiones) negligentia excipientium notariorum corruptae minimam partem me habent, 7, 2, 24; add 1, 12, 14; 10, 3, 20; notis excipere (in short-hand), Suet. Tit. 3; add Manil. 4, 198; 14. esp. take up (what another has laid down), succeed to, memoriam illius uiri omnes excipient ami consequentes, Cic. sen. 19; nihil est quod non longinquitas temporum excipiente memoria prodebtibusque (so Davies c), ass prodebtibusque monumentis efficere possit, diu. 1, 12; ubi maior incidit res, clamore per agros significant, hunc alii deinceps excipiunt et proximis tradunt, Caes. b. g. 7, 3, 2; a Cretensibus clamor est ortus, deinde exceptus ab aliis, Liv. 24, 31, 4; Q. Fabius, insequentis anni consul bellum ad Sathrum excipit, 9, 33, 1; proelium dubium, 30, 18, 9; ut primis forte deturbatis secundi integri pugnam excipiant, 38, 22, 3; 15. follow, accedat huc ut... alios alii deinceps exciperent, relieved, Caes. b. g. 5, 16, 1; hanc legionem rursus xiii legionis cohortes exeperunt, 7, 51, 2; hunc Labienus excipit, b. c. 3, 87, 1; uitam eius et uirtutem immortalitas excipere dicatur, Cic. Sest. 143; linguam ad radices eius adhaerens excipit stomachus, N. D. 2, 135; tristem hiemem pestilens aestas excipit, Liv. 5, 13, 4; uoluis succedit rosa, haec interuenit lilium, rosam cyanus excipit, cyanum amarantus, Plin. 21, 68; 16. absol., excipit rursus ex uallo clamor.

Caes. b. g. 7, 88, 2; re cognita tantus luctus excepit ut..., b. c. 2, 7, 3; inde exipere loca aspera, l. 66, 4; turbulenter inde annus exepit, Liv. 2, 61, 1; Excepit Uraule: Quaecumque..., Ov. M. 5, 260; 17. await, qui quosque euentus exepierent, Caes. b. c. 1, 21 f.; inopia quae per hostium agros euntem maior indies exepiebat, Liv. 21, 48, 8; strange phrases are: hasta inuixus se in pedes exepit—alighted—, 4, 19, 4; in urbem praecipiti saltu semet ipse inmisit... ita libraverat corpus ut se pedibus exepieret, Curt. 9, 5, 2; secusis poplitibus in genua se exepit, Sen. ep. 66, 50; 11. take out, for-cipe dens expiciendus est, Cels. 7, 12, 1; 19. hence except, set me except: nihil facio quid illis faciat ceteris, Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 13; (ex) lege... exceptum cautissime est nei diuidere quod..., CIL 200, 6; and again 22, vb. excep-tum; hocque homines exepio et scerno, Cic. Cat. 4, 15; excepti de antiquis praeter Xenophanem neminem, diu. 1, 87; biduo excepto comitali, Caes. b. c. 1, 5, 4; clipeum cristasque rubentis Exepiam sortii, iam nunc tua praemia, Nise, Verg. 9, 271; stellasque salubres Appellat comites excepto Rego, Hor. s. 1, 7, 25; add 2, 3, 46; nihil iam cupiditati, nihil libidini exceptum, Tac. Agr. 15; 20. abl. excepto v. conj., excepting the fact or case that, Excepto quod non simul esset, cetera lactus, Hor. ep. 1, 10, 50; Excepto si quid..., Pers. 5, 90; e. quod..., Quint. 9, 4, 79; v. nemine, 5, 12, 14; e. si..., 8, 3, 38; 21. in media, take mixed up with (see e. ex § 10), nitri spumae, piperis rotundi..., quae exepiuntur cerato ex rosa facto, Cels. 5, 18, 20; 22. in law, make special provision for, stipulate for, in ea (ex, emptio) alii plura, alii pauciora exepiunt, Quidam enim pretio facto in singulas omnes..., si cui utinastis dentes absunt, binae pro singulis ut procedant, Varr. r. 2, 2, 5; in lege locutionis fundi exepi soleo ne colonus capra natum in fundo pascat, 2, 3, 7; add 2, 9, 17; 2, 10, 5; eo foedere..., Saguntini exepiuntur, Liv. 21, 18, 9; add 21, 19, 3 and 4; uites in tantum sublimis ut uideantur rogi ac tumulum exepiunt (in case he break his neck), Plin. 14, 10; 23. (see § 7) meet or parry (a charge), plead in answer, take exception, si petatur ex ea stipulatione, in factum expiciendum erit, Pompon. dig. 14, 6, 20; de dolo serui exepire possumus, Ulp. dig. 44, 4, 4, 17; add Gai. 4, 126.

**expērīsor**, i, vb. (older form of experior, as sciseo is of scire) find out by experience, propter quam rogans parientis pietissimi collegas..., sic ne quis nestrum talem dolorem experiscatur, ut..., CIL 2, 2102; Media Sophie, impara, si quae sunt manes, in tam seculum discidium experiscer diutius hospes, inscr. Fen Var. di notiz. p. 174; 2. hence Experitus as a cognomen, Valerius E., iscriz. Alb. p. 201, col. 1.

**ex-acreo**, (exer.) are, vb. hawk out, spit out with violence, cough up and throw out, Teque opescro herede ut quae locuti's desipias. Fiat: geratur mos tibi. Age age uosque excrea. Etiamne? Age quosque herede uosque ex penitis faucibus, Plin. As. 1, 1, 40; per hanc (ex. tussim) excreatur, si tolerabilis morbus est, pituita; si grauis sanguis, Cels. 4, 13(6); utiosa sunt illa..., clare excreare. Quint. 11, 3, 160; pura, Plin. 24, 145; nunquam excreare ausus, Suet. Ner. 24.

**ex-sisto**, (exi-to) ere, stili (stātūrus\* in legal wr.) vb. stand out, up, forth; come up or forward, come into existence, show one's-self, make one's appearance, rise, arise—always an act., except in sense of § 2 and exists in legal wr.; never merely exist or be—alius existet qui... impedit, Caed. ad Cie. S. 5, 2; tria milia bonum in silibus disponit qui signo data e lateribus existenter, Liv. 25, 21, 3; spelunca infinita altitudine qua Ditem patrem ferunt replete eum curru existisse, Cie. Verr. 2, 4, 107; submersus equus noragibus non existit, diu. 1, 73; his de causis ego huic causae patronus existit, Rose. Am. 5, —as patronus; so adiutor, fam. 1, 9, 11; hic uero laudator huius propositi existit, Ulp. dig. 11, 3, 4; quid expectas, an dum ab inferis ipse Malleolus existat? Cie. Verr.

2, 1, 94; si existat ab inferis Lycurgus, Liv. 39, 37, 3; poctam bonum neminem sine quodam afflatu quasi furoris existere posse, Cie. or. 2, 194; add 1, 6 and 8; Brut. 31 and 32; Balb. 47; uiuos existere uermes Stercore de tacto, Lucr. 2, 871; ante brumam stata septimo die... existant, Varr. r. 1, 34, 1; Si non fecunda uertentes uomere glebas...imus...Sponte sua nequeant liquidas existeri in auras, Lucr. 5, 212; quia induceretur aratrum sub existentibus glebis (as they were turned up) pisces emeris, Liv. 42, 2, 5; ne quis tam demeritis imperi consensu existat (should rise up as an accuser), Liv. 44, 10, 4; uocem ab aede Iunonis ex arce existisse, Cie. diu. 1, 101; si diu incertum sit huc exstaturus\* necne sit, Ulp. dig. 42, 4, 8; Undique omnes uenti crumpunt, saeni existunt turbines, Pac. ap. Cie. diu. 1, 24; nec globosus turbines Existere ictus undis conuersantibus, Acc. ap. Cie. N. D. 2, 89; 2. stand out, project, est bos cerni figura cuius a media fronte inter aures unum cornu existit, Caes. b. g. 6, 26, 1; Cyane...Gurgite quae medio summa tenns existit aluo. Ov. M. 5, 413, cf. exto; 3. v. abstract nom., ne ex eo olio ciuitatis motus existat, Caes. b. g. 6, 5, 2; contro-uerfia, s. 28, 2; quaestio, Cie. am. 67; belli magnitudo, Caed. a Cie. S. 5, 1; bellum, Liv. 2, 32, 6; malum, Cie. Verr. 2, 1, 30; eloquentia, or. 2, 6; uarietates, off. 1, 107; auaritia, Rose. Am. 75; utilitas, Tusc. 5, 72; delectatio, fam. 7, 1, 3; risus, or. 2, 235; muscae, Quint. 1, 10, 10; studium, 2, 15, 37; errores, 5, 6, 34; ...condicioe existente repeti non potest; quod autem sub incerta die debetur, die existente non repetitur, Pompon. dig. 12, 6, 16; ea condicioe quae omnimodo exstatur\* est, Ulp. ib. 18;

4. vb. impers., of inference, the result is, ex quo existit (so mss.) al. existit, but why? illud, multa esse probabilia quae..., Cie. N. D. 1, 12; 5. esp. take a substantial form, prove itself by deed, si quando aliquod officium existit amici in periculis aduendis, Cie. am. 24; si existisset in rege fides, Rab. Post. 1; dietis captiuorum fides existit, Liv. 10, 34 f.; 6. v. factitive adj. etc., show oneself, prove, turn out to be, sic insulsi existerunt ut nihil aliud eorum nisi ipsa insulsiitas rideatur, Cie. or. 2, 217; timeo ne in eum existam crudelior, Att. 10, 11, 3; nemo consularis habitus nisi qui animo existit in rem publicam consulari, fam. 10, 6, 3; ut plerumque in calamitate ex amicis inimici existunt, Caes. b. c. 3, 104, 1; quae post tempus nascuntur fere utiosa quae inutilia existunt, Varr. r. 2, 7, 7; nec ultra octo annos matres seruandae sunt, quod assiduo partu fatigatae steriles existant, Colum. 7, 6, 8.

**ex-spātor**, (exp.) āri, vb. r. [spatium, recesscourse] run out of the recesscourse, bolt, met. of Phaeon's horses: Exspatiatur equi, nulloque inhihente per auras Ignotae regionis eunt, Ov. M. 2, 202; Ne tamen oblitis ad metam (note this word) tendere longe Exspatiatur\*, exspat. 15, 453; 2. so far of horses, v. a bolter met., Exspatiata ruunt per apertos flumina campos, 1, 285; ignes...per pingua...Pabula...exspatiatur (run wild) in auras, Sil. 17, 95; exspatiantia tecta (Romae) multas addidero urbis, Plin. 3, 67; ramorum latissima exspatiatur umbra, 16, 124; 3. esp. of oratory, cf. \* above, add; nunquam haec...thematia iuuenibus tractare permitimus ut exspatiatur et gaudent materia? Quint. 2, 10, 5; finis non erit si exspatiari...adim, 2, 17, 1; add 4, 3, 4; but in 11, 3, 84; brachium exspatiatur in latus et ipsa quodammodo se cum gestu confundit oratio, the arm itself beginning to talk.

**exta**, ōrum, adj. n. pl. as sb. [for ex-ista (a comp. adj.)], and so like ex, ult. fm. ex prep. out], the viscera of the chest (as opposed to those of the abdomen; and as these are intestina, within, so the others exta without), the heart and lungs, exta homini ab inferiore mescrum parte separantur membrana quam praecordia appellant (Gr. φάρυγ, E. diaphragm, or midriff), Plin. 11, 107; 2. improperly of all the viscera, including liver etc. of the abdomen, thus Cie. diu. 2, 28 and 29 speaking of quae significari dicuntur extis in the art of the haru-pex, says: cum rerum natura...quid habere potest commune, non dicam galli-

naceum fel—sunt enim qui uel argutissima haec extra esse dicant—sed tauri opini iecur aut cor aut pulmo? Hippocrates tradit non prandentium celarius sensere extra, Plin. 28, 50; hence in Pl. Aul. 3, 6, 29: Quia ossa ac pellis totius, illa cura macet. Quin extra inspicere in sole ei uiuio licet; extra serpentibus et laceris longa, Plin. 28, 56; cum puerorum extis deos manes matare soleas, Cic. Vat. 14;

3. in sacrificiis, after the gods and priests it seems had eaten the joints, the extra were given to the people, Iamne extra cocta sunt? Quot agnis fecerat? Illa quidem Numi sacrificauit, Pl. St. 1, 3, 96; conuinas uolo Reperire nobis commodos, qui una sunt: Interibi atulerunt extra, Poen. 3, 3, 3; 4. the extra, as the source of divination, Omnibus in extis abiat portendi mihi Malum damnunquae, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 18; Nimiæ uoluptati, quod in extis nostris portentaunt soror, 5, 4, 35; si est in extis aliqua uis quae deelarret futura, Cic. diu. 2, 29; per extra inuenta praesensio, top. 77; quod secundum trunca et turpia extra nimis lacta apparuissent, Liv. 27, 26 f.;

5. extra, as offering to gods, extra porreiuato, dis danto, Fab. Piet. ap. Maer. s. 3, 2, 3; extra deis cum dabant, porricere dicebant, Varr. r. 1, 29 f.; extraque salso Porreuit in fluctus, Verg. 5, 775; add G. 2, 194; secundum has preces extra uictime in mare proiecit (al. porreicit), Liv. 29, 27, 5; quo l extra perpetram dederat, flammio abiit, 26, 23 f.; Ioui, Mart. 11, 57, 4; II 6. extra, ac, f. the same, extam uocant, tab. fr. Arv. 41, 19; extas porciliaries, ib.; add 42, 12; 43, 22.

ex-templō, (older ex-templō\*) as adv. [est augurum sermo, templum enim dicitur locus manu auguris designatus in aere (prob. also in terra), post quem factum illico captantur auguria, Serv. ad A. 1, 92; in some cases he wd. have to consult his 'libri' in others he might report ex templo; hence like illico, e-nestigio, etc.] on the spot, immediately, Nemo ridet: scini extemplo rem de compaeto geri, Pl. Capt. 3, 1, 24; Enim ego adeo uno mendacio deuiei: uno ictu extempulo\* Cepi ab eo spolia, Bac. 4, 9, 4; Go other exx.; Extemplo edolani iussum, Enn. tr. 274 V; add Enn. ap. Gell. 2, 26; ap. Varr. l. 7, 13; Naev. ap. Gell. 2, 19, 6; Caecil. ap. Gell. 2, 23, 11; cur non dixti extemplo Pamphilo? Ter. Andr. 3, 2, 38; add Hee. 3, 13; Acc. ap. Fest. v. moenia; Claud. Q. ap. Gell. 9, 13, 4; quid fingat extemplo non habet, Cic. Rose. com. 8; Deserit extemplo uenas, Luer. 3, 123; Extemplo Libyae magnas it fama per urbes, Verg. 4, 173; add 5, 426 and 746; 6, 210; extemplo aduocato conuilio scelus in se fratris...ostendit, Liv. 1, 6, 1; add 1, 47, 9; 1, 48, 1 etc.; 2. quam extemplo, as soon as (cf. quandiu, as long as), quam (so at least mss., including A) extemplo eius sauius percussus est, Elio res foras labitur, liquitur, Pl. Trin. 2, 1, 15; Quam (so mss) extemplo hoc erit factum...tu illico..., Mil. 4, 4, 40; 3. also quam extemplo (i.e. quia primum), as soon as, Quam extemplo a portu(d) ire nos eum ante uident, Subdeunt..., Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 70; Intra limen astate illic (so mss) ut quom extemplo uocem, Continuo exiliatis, Most. 4, 1, 16; add 2, 1, 18; Ps. 3, 2, 15; Merc. 2, 2, 24; Trin. 3, 2, 99; Amph. 3, 1, 5; Capt. 2, 3, 74; 4, 2, 5; 4. \* extempulo in Mil. 2, 5, 51; Aul. 1, 2, 15 etc.

extrā, (old extrād\*) prep. [perh. for extran, cf. extraneus,

περὰν, Key's Language, p. 387] on the outside of, outside, without, Siluius leues extra murumst auius, Pl. Aul. 4, 6, 8; add 1, 2, 69; Mil. 2, 4, 16; nene extrād\* urbem sacra quisquam fecisse uellet, CIL 196, 16; extra propiusque urbem Rom(ani), 206, 50; sed me censeri potuisse omnia Intellegere extra ostendit? Ter. Ph. 5, 6, 36; et in corpore et extra esse quaedam bona, Cic. fin. 2, 68; add leg. 2, 58; Tuse. 5, 13; hic extra pronunciam trans Rhodanum primi, Caes. b. g. 1, 10 f.; Altrici extra limen Apuliae, Hor. od. 3, 4, 10; 2. w. motion to the outside, Nam ego declinaui paulum me(d) extra uiam, Pl. Aul. 4, 8, 11; add Capt. 3, 5, 77; Ps. 1, 3, 97; Interdico me extulsiue extra acdis puerum usquam uelis? Ter. Hee. 4, 1, 48; Quod sic te extra acdis examinatu climinas? Enn. ap. Non. p. 39; procedit extra munitiones, Caes. b. g. 5, 44, 4; add 6, 7, 1; Antiocho...prope extra orbem terrae... exaeto, Liv. 38, 8, 4; and mct. certos mihi fines terminosque constituam e. quos egredi non possim, Cic. Quinct. 35; Non. p. 39; procedit extra munitiones, Caes. b. g. 5, 44, 4; add 6, 7, 1; Antiocho...prope extra orbem terrae... exaeto, Liv. 38, 8, 4; and mct. certos mihi fines terminosque constituam e. quos egredi non possim, Cic. Quinct. 35;

3. mct. extra conuentionem hunc esse, Cic. Sul. 39; add Cat. 1, 13; ut extra ruinam sint eam quae impendit, Att. 11, 24, 2; e. causam est, Caecil. 94; e. hanc conuentionem, Caecil. 37; e. iocum, fam. 7, 16, 2; 4. of moral ideas, clear of, free from, dominam esse extra noxiam, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 57; add Hee. 2, 3, 3; e. culpam, Cic. Verr. 5, 134; rem publicam non e. noxam modo, sed etiam e. famam noxae conseruandam esse, Liv. 34, 61, 9; ingenium magis extra uitia quam cum uirtutibus, Tac. h. 1, 49, and in phrases such as extra numerum, modum, ordinem;

5. except, Quenque...uidistis hominem in nostris tegulis, Extra unum Palaestrionem, huc deturbato in uiam, Pl. Mil. 2, 6, 6; e. te unam, 4, 6, 17; e. unum te, Amph. 2, 2, 203; e. unam aniculam, Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 48; extra ducent paucosque praeterea...reliqui rapaces, Cic. fam. 7, 3, 2; Optimum progeniem Priamo peperisti extra me: hoc dolet, Enn. ap. Cic. diu. 1, 66; ipsos liberosque eorum et coniuges uendens extra filias quae enupsissent, Liv. 20, 34, 3; add 8, 32, 8; 6. a noun w. intra or in preceding, om. w. extra, aut intra muros aut extra, Enn. ap. Prisc. 725 P; 1, 281, 9 K; Iliacos intra muros peccatur et extra, Hor. ep. 1, 2, 16; aut in animis aut in corporibus aut extra esse possunt, Cic. part. or. 38; et in corpore et extra esse quaedam bona, fin. 2, 68; 7. as adv. ea quae extra erunt contemplans, Cic. rep. 6, 28; add N. D. 2, 147; cum extra et intus hostem haberent, Caes. b. c. 3, 70, 4; nitiles (aluos) fimo bubulo oblinunt intus et extra, Varr. r. 3, 16, 16; 8. w. vbs. of motion, ut nulla pars excederet extra, Cic. Tim. 5; nihil tale extra fertur, Cels. 7, 27; extra fulgorem spargunt, Plin. 37, 117;

9. even for extrinsecus, from without, proprium sit an extra aressitum, Quint. 5, 13, 4 (who in 8, 3, 30 has extrinsecus aressit); less violent, extra petita, 5, 11, 44; cf. extra rem petita, 4, 2, 89; 10. w. quam before sit, extra makes a conjunction, except in or beyond the case that, extrād\* quam sei quid ibei sacri est, CIL 196, 28; e. q. s. quid in satum feretur, 198, 72; e. q. s. ita negotium gestum est ut eo stari non oporteat ex fide bona, edict of Q. Mucius ap. Cic. Att. 6, 1, 15; add inu. 1, 56; Liv. 38, 38, 9; 39, 18, 7; Ulp. dig. 43, 12, 1, 16; and beyond legal sphere, Cic. rep. 1, 10; inu. 2, 172; 11. w. slight change, extra quam (quam si?) in reum capitis praeiudicium fiat, Cic. inu. 2, 59; extra quam qui eorum...apud hostes essent, Liv. 20, 34, 6.

## F.

**F**, sixth letter of the Latin alphabet, agreeing in place and form with Gr. *F* and Hebrew *vau*; in sound prob. = our *f*. *F* dentes labrum inferius deprimentes, Auct. anon. de litteris, Keil supp. 307, 25; but not the Gr. *phi*, for Cic., in his *p. Fundanio*, (Graecum) *testem qui primum eius literam dicere non posset, irridet* says Quint. 1, 4, 14; so Prisc. 17 *P*; 1, 12, 1 *K*: non fixis labris est pronuntianda *f* quomodo *phi*; 2. yet often corresponds to a Gr. *phi*, as in *fagus phiγος*; *fama phiμ*; *fero phiρ*; *fallo phiαλλω*; *fungo phiγγω*; *fungus phiγγος*; *fulgeo phiλεω*; *fuga phiγη*; *fur phiρ*; *funda phiενδαν*; 3. *f* and *h* interchanged in Latin, and so the *h* often dropped, *ireus* quod Sabini *f*ireus: quod illie *f*edus in Latio *rure* *edus*, qui in urbe ut in multis a addito *aedus*, Varr. r. 5, 19; yet more commonly *hircus*, *haedus*; nonnulli *harcum* cum aspiratione dicendam existimauerunt... A Sabinis *f*arena dicitur, Vel. L. 2230 *P*; *forleum* *faedusque* dicebant, Quint. 1, 4, 14; 4. so *f* corresponds at times to Gr. *chi*, *frenum* pl. *freni* or *frena* to *χαλινος* pl. *χαλιναι* *χαλινα*; *fel* *χολα*; *funis* *σχοινος*; 5. to Gr. *theta*, *fumus* *θυμς* *θυμιας*; *fera* *θηρ*; *feru* *formus* *θερς* *θερμος*; *fulvus* *ερυθρος*; *fortis* *θρας*; *fora* (*foras* *foris*) *θηρα*; *filia* *θυγατηρ* (see *filius*); cf. Russian *Feodor*=Theodore, and the letter *O* Russian symbol for *f*; 6. to Gr. digamma before *r*, *frango* *φρηνωμ*; *fragma* *φραξ* *φραγος*; *frigeo* *φριγω*; 7. to Gr. *beta*, *fremo* *βρεμω*; *fascio* *βασκανω*; 8. this change is seen in Latin, as *rufus* *ruber*; *af* *ab*; 9. to Gr. *pi*, *fundus* (also *podex*) *πυνδαξ*; *fidio* *πειθομαι*; 1110. Lat. *f* by Rask's law becomes *b* in Teutonic lang., as *fero* bear; *frater* brother; *frango* break; *filix* brake; *fu* of *fu* etc. *be*; *fera* bear; *feru*=brew; *fodio*=fora bore; *fel* bile; *fiber* beaver; *foros* blossom; *flo* blow; *folles* bellows; *folium* blade; *fror* brook; 1111. changes in Romance lang. as to *b* in Span, *faba* *haba*; *fabulari* *hablar*; *facere* *hacer*; *femina* *hembra*; *ferire* *herir*; *ferrum* *hierro*; *findere* *hender*; *filius* *hijo*; *flum* *hilo*; *folium* *hoja*; *forma* *horma*; *fugere* *huir*; *fumus* *humo*; *furea* *horea*; *furnus* *horno*; S. *Facundus* *Sahagun*; note that *f* occurs in no root-syl. of Basque;

12. in Ital. at times to *b*, *floccus* (or rather a later *flocculus*) *broccolo*; *forficis* *forbici*; 13. so in Sp. *africus* *abrego*, *trifolium* *trebol*; IV 14. Latin abbrev., *F*=*fastus* dies, as in *Fasti* *Maffei* *p. 304* of CIL at Jan. 1, A. K. Jan. f., Jan. 5, E. Non. f., Jan. 29, E. F., Feb. 21 etc.; 15. =*fecit*, *fecerunt*, *Damoera*...Cottae L. S. hoc opus f., CIL 1123; add 464, 1725; D. M. Valeriae...D. Iulius...f., inscr. Or. 6877; add 4646; cf. *fecit* in full 4451, 4453, 6876; 16. =*filius*, L. Cornelio L. f. Scipio, CIL 31; add 34—39; 17. =*fidelis* as title of a legion, leg. n...vi P vi F (sextum pia sextum fidelis) constans; inscr. Or. 4985; add 3049; 18. =*felix*, *felicissimus*, Leg. vi ferr(atae) (felicis) c(onstantis), 941; imp. L. Septim( Severi)...f(elicissim) f(ortissim) p(atris) p(atris) c(onsul) 926; 19. =*felicitas*, coll. F. (Julia) (Augusta) (Patria) *Barcin(o)*, 5127; 20. =*fabri* etc., *prae(fect)o* (*fabrum*) C. In(fio) Crescente, 3953; coll(egio) *fabrum*, 4080; 21. =*functus*, omnibus honoribus in (colonia) Ost(i-ensi) f., 2178; 22. =*fratres*, (ex consen)su *fratrum*, 6053; 23. =*fundus*, *colono* (*fundi*) *Tironiani* *quem* *coluit*, 7223; 24. =*Flavius*, *Flavia*, as title of a legion, leg. m( F)lavia (fidelis or felix), 3049; add 3455; 25. =*forum* (*foro*) u(icio) c(onsiliabulo), CIL 205, 2, 3; f. Cl(audii) V(allengium), inscr. Or. 224; cf. fuller form f. Cl. Val. 223, 227; for. Cl. Val., 125; also for. Cor.=f. Cornelii, 4406; 26. =*fortuna*, *Praenestini* (*Fortunae*) *primigenia* d. d., CIL 1129; add 1130; pro salute Caesaris...f. p(rimigenia) Pr(aenestina) thesis, inscr. Or. 1759; 27. =*frons* etc., esp. on tombstones,

=*fronte* or *frontem*, *emit* *sibi* in f. p. xiv in ag(rum) p. xiiii, CIL 1429; in fr. pe. xii in agr. pe. xvi, 1024;

28. =*funus*, f. l(oco) p(ublico) ornamentaque Augustalitatit decreuit, inscr. Or. 7005; cf. *fun. publico* decreto 3744; *f* (if reversed)=*filia*, Obellia L. *f* hic sita est, 6208; Aufidia C. *f*. Tertulla, 2699; 29. f. c. *faciundum* curauit etc., d(e) d(e)curionum s(ententia) f. c., CIL 1216; add 1165; cf. the fuller: (de pag(i) sen. fac. coer., 802;

30. f. d.=*frumento* dando, L. Ragonio...prae(fecto) f. d., inscr. Or. 6492; cf. fuller form, L. Ragonio...prae(f. frum. dand., 2377; Sex. Tadius...prae(f. fr. d., 3658; 31. f. i.=*fieri* iussit, ex coecil. f. i., 486; 32. *fi*, *fig*=*figulina*, op(us) dol(iare)...ex fi. Sex. April Siluani, 4887; add 4884, 5; 856 b; 33. *Fab*=*Fabia* tribu, Q. Largennius Q. f. *Fab*. Sagitta, 66; (C.) In(fio) C. f. *Fab*. Camillo, 363;

34. fer. Lat.=*foriae* Latinae, M. Antonii...prae(f. fer. Lat., 890; 35. *fid*=*fidicines*, Clito d(e) coll. *fid*, 6098; cf. *collegio* *tibicinum* et *fidicium* Romanorum, 2448;

36. *fin*=*fines*, ex s. c. *fin. pomer. termin.*, Or. inscr. 1; *fin. coll. Hispell.*, 92; 37. *fl*, *flam*=*flamen*, Fundani Primi fl. p(erpetui), inscr. Or. 2548; Q. Cornelio...*flam. diuor(um)*, 169; 38. *ford*=*fordicidia*, *fasti* *Maff.* at Apr. 15, A. ford. N. ludi; add *fast. Praen.*; 39. *Fort*=*fortuna*, *Fort. horr(eorum)* d. l., 4881; 40. *frum*, and *fr. fru*=*frumentum*, *frumentarius*, Ant. Aug. lib(er)alitas)...*fru. n(umero)* LXI, 3360; fr. publ. diu., 3365; d. m. L. Aemill( Flacci frumentarii) leg. xx...T. Semp(ronius)...*frum(entarius)* leg. eiusdem, 3491; add 3492, 3513; 41. *fr*=*fretensis*, ex leg(ione) x fr. Ant(onia), 2129.

**FABA**, *ae*, *f*. broad-bean or beans, Repperi. *Quid reppe-risti?* Non quod pueri clamant in *Faba* se reppeisse (sc. a weevil), Pl. Aul. 5, 6, 11; *fabam* in locis ualidis serito, Cato r. 35, 1; *Perque* (over) *fabam* reposit, Enn. ar. Serv. ad G. 3, 76; *seruntur fabae modii nri* in ingero, Varr. r. 1, 44; *faba fresa*, Colum. 6, 24, 5; *silente luna fabam nectito*, 2, 10, 12; *durissimae acus separatae erunt a cudentibus* (the threshers); *minutae quae de siliquis cum faba resederint...*, 2, 10, 14; add *Pallad. Nov. 1* and 2; 2. pollution for the *flamen* *Dialis*, *fabam* neque tangere *Dialis* mos est neque nominare, *Fab. P.* ap. Gell. 10, 15, 12; add *Varr. ap. Plin. 18, 118*; 3. not eaten (?) by *Pythagoreans*, *Pythagoreis* interdicitum ne *fabas* uesceretur, Cic. diu. 1, 62; *Pythagorica sententia damnata*, *Plin. 18, 118*; O quando *fabas* *Pythagorae* cognata..., Hor. s. 2, 6, 63;

4. yet: *nullo scapius legumento* *Pythagoram* usum quam *fabas*, says Gell. 4, 11, 4 on authority of *Aristoxenus*; 5. beans as a charm against ghosts, in *sacris fabam* inactant noctu ac diem et semurios (lemures?) domo extra inuam eieci, Varr. ap. Non. 135, 18; *nigras accipit ore fabas*, *Auersusque* inact: sed dum inact *Haec* ego mitto, *His* inquit redimo neque meosque *fabas*, Or. F. 5, 436;

6. note use as collective above, except in *Or.* and *Gell.*; 7. *faba* *Græcia*, the *lotos*, or *Celtis australis* of Linn., says *Hmfrey*, *Plin. 16, 123*; 24, 6; 8. met. of grains in an ear of wheat, *sepius unus centum fabis onustus*, *Plin. 18, 95*; 9. a pellet of roat's dung, in *fabis caprini fimi*, *Plin. 19, 185*; 10. proverbs: to be *threshed* (see *†* above) on my poor back—, *Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 90*; tam *perit quam extrema faba*, as trampled down, or plucked by passers by, *Fest. v. tam. p. 363 M*; 11. *Fr. Reve.*

**FABAE-ius**, or -eus, adj. [*fabae* or *fabag-*, older form of *fab(a)*], of beans, pulte *fabacia*, *Maer. s. 1, 12, 33*; and *perh. Plin. 18, 118*; *calamos fabaceae* *messis*, *Pall. Nov. 1, 2*.

**FABAG-inus**, adj. [*id.*] of beans, *acus fabaginum*, *Cato r. 54, 2*.

**fabricor**, āri, vb. r. [faber sb.] lit. make oneself a carpenter or smith, —hence build, forge, manufacture, construct, make, with acc., heu Muliebris arma ignavo inuncta es fabricatus manu, Att. 559 R; Capitoliū fastigium illud non nemestas sed necessitas ipsa fabricata est, Cic. or. 3, 180; Ioui fulmen fabricatus esse Cyclopas, diu. 2, 43; qui fabricatus gladium est, Rab. post. 7—referred to by Quint. 9, 3, 6; qui signa fabricantur, off. 1, 147; add acud. pr. 2, 30 and 38; diu. 1, 4; or. 3, 178; pontes et sculas fabricati, Tac. an. 4, 51; naues fabricatur, 14, 29; 2. met. fabricemur si opus erit urbe, Cic. acad. pr. 17; prandium, Apul. M. 7, 11; 3. esp. of the mind, manufacture, invent. Fabricare quidvis, quidvis comminiscere, Pl. As. 1, 1, 89; Comparā fabricare finge quod lubet, conglutina, Bac. 4, 4, 42; add Cat. 2, 8, 52; Tu Castalia cogita, tu finge fabricare ut lubet, Afran. 169 R; II 4. fabrico, are, of same meaning, armis quae post fabricauerat usus, Hor. s. 1, 3, 102; Crateram...fabricauerat Aleon, Ov. M. 13, 683; nec...Fabricas-est Argus operē Palladiū ratem, Phaedr. 4, 7, 9; fabricantur deceres Liburnicae, Suet. Cal. 37; 5. met. (philosophia) animum format et fabricat, Sen. ep. 16, 3; Aethereusque Platon et qui fabricauerat illum (sc. Socrates), Manil. 1, 772; Ne fabricate moras, Sil. 16, 671; 6. fabricor as a pass., scenis ad ostentationem fabricatis, Sal. ap. Maer. s. 3, 13; speciosissima classio fabricata, Vell. 2, 70, 2; non fabricatur militi gladius, Quint. 2, 16, 6; add 3, 2, 2; dum uerba fabricantur, 10, 7, 2; in Cic. Tim. 6 sss have globosum fabricatus; but Orell. and Baizer by cf. globosum (sc. mundum); 7. hence as a periphrase, ut caelandum non ex integro fabricandum sit (opus), Quint. 10, 3, 18.

**fabulor**, āri, vb. r. as recipi. [fabula sb.] talk with one another, chat together, Quid hoc negotist quod omnes homines fabulantur per uias, Mihi esse inuentum filiam? Pl. Cist. 5, 1, 1; Satis si intellegitis, alius est quod potius fabulemur, Mil. 3, 3, 4; add Poen. 3, 4, 8; Rud. 2, 3, 8; 5, 2, 24; As. 3, 3, 50 and 52; inter sese, Epid. 2, 2, 53; summis fabulantes, Suet. Aug. 73; in uestibulo fabulantes, Gell. 10, 13, 1; 2. or sing. v. emā, quae nobiscum fabulor\* (so B), Pl. Mil. 2, 5, 33; mecum, Merc. 5, 2, 31; cum ea, Ps. 1, 1, 60; quae cum hoc insano fabulor\* (so A), 2, 4, 18; ut cum furcifero fabulor, Rud. 3, 4, 12; cum Ioue, Suet. Calig. 22; cum quo, Dom. 4; 3. gen., talk, comode Fabulata es, Pl. Epid. 4, 1, 26; add Truc. 1, 2, 80; Amph. 1, 1, 46; Rud. 4, 4, 60; noli fabularier, Ter. Heo. 3, 1, 36; ut aperte tibi nunc fabulor, Ph. 4, 3, 49; Obsee et Volsee fabulantur, Titin. ap. Fest. p. 189 M; An quia pol eade pot fabulare\* ap. Char. p. 178 F, 198, 21 K; De uita ac morte domini fabulabere adnorsum fratrem illius? Afran. ap. Non. p. 232; 4. talk idly, chatter, decreta potius quam quid Ser. Galba fabulauerat, audisti, Liv. 45, 39, 15; 5. a simple vb. fabulo sss not to exist, see \* above, where only inferior sss fabulem.

**fac-esso**, ēre, (ui?) or i\*, itum + vb. frq. [older form of facio; cf. arcesso] do, execute, perform, facessere est facere, Non. 306; 2. esp. what is ordered, ego opinor rem fac-esso, Pl. Rud. 4, 4, 17; Haec cefatus (ss et fatus); ibi latrones dicta facessunt, Enn. an. 60 V; potin ut dicta (so Non. but?) facessas, Afr. ap. Non. 306; Imperio laeti parent ac iussa facessunt, Verg. 4, 295; matris praeccepta facessit, Gr. 4, 548; 3. cause, occasion, give, cum audissent ei negotium facessitum +, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 142; si cui forte hac lege negotium facessetur?, Clu. 158; add fam. 3, 10, 1; metne ne incipies ne innocenti periculum facessieris\*, Caecil. 45; qui nulli unquam periculum facessisset\*, Tac. h. 4, 43; 4. put away, lay aside, drop, Dictum facessas doctum (ss doctum agst. met.), et discasne malo, Pl. Men. 2, 1, 24; 5. hence intr. (me te se und.) take oneself off, go away, si quidem Siss pudens hinc facessas, Pl. Rud. 4, 4, 18; ut...adibus facessat, Titin. 52 R; ut...Hac hinc facessat, tu molestus ne sis, Ter. Ph. 4, 3, 30; dominus est, puer; facessas hinc, Afr. 203 R; Facessite omnes hinc parumque, tu mane, 326 R; add 343; ab omni societate

rei publicae paulisper facessant rogemus, Cic. leg. 1, 39; facessant omnes qui docere nihil possunt quo melius uiuamus, Hort. fragm. ap. Non. 307; facessere iussa ex tanto tumultu, Liv. 1, 48, 6; urbe finibusque, 4, 58, 7; ex urbe ab ore atque oculis populi Romani, 6, 17 f.; cum dicto facesso et cubiculum meum contendo, Apul. M. 2, 15; add 2, 24; cubitum facessit, 6, 11; clausis foribus facessunt, 10, 20; ocius urbe facesse, Sil. 11, 107; 6. note the passive marked 4.

**facies**, ōi, f. [facio] make, form, shape, qua facie sunt (sc. crepundia)? Responde ex ordine. Ensilium aureolum primum literatus..., Pl. Rud. 4, 4, 111; add v. 105; quando facies sit forma omnis et modus et factura quaedam totius corporis; and soon: non solum in hominum corporibus sed etiam in rerum cuiusque modi aliarum facies dicitur, Gell. 13, 30 (29), 2 and 4; Sardinia facie uestigia humani, Sal. ap. Gell. 13, 29, 5; in faciem montis, Verg. G. 4, 361; Verte omnis tete in facies, A. 12, 801; pugnae, Tib. 4, 1, 100; longa quibus facies ouis erit, Hor. s. 2, 4, 12; praetorium in ruina collapsum ad nouam faciem restitutum, inser. Or. 3207; arboris, Plin. 12, 51; ossa cicerum—que eius confusa in faciem pulueris, Gell. 10, 18, 3; uehculi, 15, 30, 3; 2. met., Ad istam faciem est morbus qui me necaret, Pl. Cist. 1, 1, 73; senatus faciem secum attulit, he represented in his person the senate, Cic. Phil. 8, 23; but in Plac. 53 specimen, not faciem; quae seclerum facies, Verg. 6, 500; Mille simul leti facies, Sil. 4, 593; cansarum, Quint. 2, 4, 28; discriminis, 12, 6, 4; eloquentiae, 12, 10, 69; 3. as the eyes take cognizance of form, hence may be transl. by sight, appearance, phase, face, antequam Vestulius faciem loci uerteret, Tac. an. 4, 67; memoranda facies, Plin. pan. 35, 1; decora f., 56, 5; foeda f., 82, 8; 4. hence of (false) appearance, esp. primā facie, at first sight, view, cum prima facie quidem alienum re uera autem suam obligationem suscepit, Gai. dig. 16, 1, 13; interduu enenit ut exceptio quae p. f. iusta uideatur, inique noceat actori, Gai. 4, 126; intendat formidinem quod publici consilii facie discessum Mutina (foret), Tac. h. 2, 854;

II 5. as applied to man, gen. make, build, form, figure, Qua faciest homo? Sespinede qui laetum quam tu longior, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 58; Qua facie nos-ter Saurca-?..Macilentis malis rufulus alipuntum nentriosus Truculentis oculis comoda statura tristi fronte, As. 2, 3, 10; add Ps. 4, 7, 119; Capt. 3, 4, 113; facie procerā uirum, Tac. 254 R; miror audere...statum deorum, exempla eorum (so sss, al. eorum) facierum domi pro supellectile habere, Cato ap. Plin. 782 P, 1, 368, 2 K; 6. esp. the face, as most exposed to view and most interesting (cf. Fr. figure from figura, B. features from factura), non quaeritur (sc. oratori) celeritas uerborum, non ea quae nobis non possumus fingere, facies, noltus, sonus, Cic. or. 1, 127; uelim mihi dicas L. Tursellius qua facie fuerit qua statura, Phil. 2, 41; prorsus in facie uoluntate uerborum inerat, Sal. Cat. 15 f.; Cura (dabit faciem) (one of beauty), facies neglecta peribit, Ov. a. a. 3, 105; Victor facies, urentur sole capilli, Tib. 1, 9, 15; add 1, 5, 43; facies homini tantum, ceteris ex aut rostra, Plin. 11, 138; iam in facie uoluntate nostro cum sint decem membra, nullas duas in tot milibus hominum indiscretas effigies existere, 7, 8; facies quamquam ex paucissimis constat, infinitum habet differentiam, Quint. 11, 3, 18; f. eicatricosa, 4, 1, 61; perficiui faciem (to make it shame-proof) nec tamen profeci, Plin. 1, 4, 80 Quint. 11, 3, 160; cubat in faciem, Liv. 3, 280; ut uisendum praebet faciem; and soon: facies rabida ex uinolentia, Suet. Vit. 17; ante faciem obtento sudario, and soon: defecta facie agnitus est, Ner. 48; 7. nay this became the chief use of f., quidam faciem esse hominis putant eo tantum ut oculos et genus quod Graeci προσωρον dicunt, Gell. 13, 30 (29), 2; 8. facies as an old gen., Gell. 9, 14, 2; facierum in Cato above, but no dat. or abl. pl.

**facinūs**, ōris, n. [imples a vb. fac-in- from fac- of facio; cf. tēno cerno po(s)uo, λαμβανω and E. op-en, reck-on]

doing, deed, act.—hence gen. a deed of note, Nescis tu fortasse apud nos facinus quod natum nonum, Pl. Mil. 2, 3, 10; Nisi mirumst facinus quo modo haec hinc huc transire potuit, 2, 4, 24; add Amph. 2, 2, 214; Non fit sine periculo facinus magnum nec memorabile, Ter. Haunt. 2, 3, 73; 2. esp. in a good sense, a great deed, a feat, Mira memoras, nimis formidolosum facinus praedicas, Pl. Amph. 5, 1, 65; Nam duplex feci hodie facinus (so Herm., miss facinus foci) duplicibus spoliis sum adfectus, Bac. 4, 4, 2 (661); Attridge duo fratres elucent fecisse facinus maximum, Quam Priami patriam... subegerunt, 4, 9, 1; add Ps. 1, 5, 97; Perii, is mihi adhibet paulo, sua quae narrat facinora! Ter. Haunt. 2, 1, 8; id facinus pulcherrimum esse arbitraret, Cic. Rab. perd. 19; qui indicauerint hostem Dolabellam ob rectissimum facinus, Anton. ap. Cic. Phil. 13, 36; quasi facinus praeclarissimum fecisset, ad Her. 4, 55; ingeni egregia facinora, Sal. Iug. 2, 2; praecleari facinoris, Tac. an. 9; add Iug. 79, 1; raro ea tempestate facinore, Tac. an. 3, 21; f. pulcherrimum, Apul. M. 6, 27 f.; 3. often a bad deed, a great crime, sic me insulare factu facinus tam malum, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 215; Ego illis captiuis aliis documentum dabo ne tale quisquam facinus incipere audeat, Capt. 3, 5, 95; add Mil. 2, 6, 18; As. 2, 2, 47; Cure. 1, 1, 24; O iudicium facinus! Ter. Eun. 1, 1, 25; add Ph. 3, 2, 26; tum nefarium facinus peiore facinore operire postulas, Cato orat. 39, 12 Iord.; ait indignum facinus esse quod... Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 147; ob infida multa facinora, Liv. 21, 52, 7; 4. absol. a bad deed, a great crime, facinus est uincere ciuem Romanum, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 170; uide ne facinus facias cum mori suadcas, fin. 2, 95; donec uindictae facinorum et sceleris, N. D. 3, 47; quantum in se facinus admisissent intellegebant, Caes. b. g. 3, 9, 3; omnium flagitiorum atque facinorum circum se ceteras habebat, Sal. Cat. 14, 1; nihil ibi facinoris nihil flagitii praetermissum, Liv. 39, 13, 10; Nec tamen est facinus uersus euoluere molles, Ov. tr. 2, 307; add 2, 1, 98; 4, 4, 44.

**factic-ius**, adj. of the class facta, artificial, not native, bina genera (ledani) terreum et facticium, Plin. 12, 75; facticii (salis) uaria genera, 31, 81—opposed to natini salis, 77—; color, 91; f. nomen, a proprietate sonorum per imitationem factum, musicis, Prisc. 581 P, 1, 61, 26 K; 2. for qty and form see suppositious.

**falcari-ius**, adj. [fals] as sb. m. a sickle or scythe-maker, hence interfalcarios, a street in Rome, dico te uenisse interfalcarios in M. Laecae domum, Cic. Cat. 8; inter-falcarios ad M. Laecam... conuenit, Sil. 52; 2. so interligarios, another street in Rome, Liv. 35, 41 f.

**fām-ēs** (rarely is\*) is, f. hunger, starvation, Adhaesit homini ad infimum (so H) uentrem fames, Pl. St. 1, 3, 82; Consensu pacis, sum famē de mortuis, 1, 3, 63; (Nunc) ego puerum interuenie ancillae subdam laqueant meae Ne famē peribat, Liv. Andr. ap. Non. 153, 26; Adeo rem reddidisse ut periculum etiam a famē mihi sit Syre, Ter. Haunt. 5, 2, 27; cum cibo et potione fames sitisque depulsa est, Cic. fin. 1, 37; quos fames uinculorum exercuerat, Caes. b. g. 7, 20, 9; alior cas et famis\* macescere cogit, Varr. r. 2, 5, 15; illi famē rabida tria guttura pandens, Verg. 6, 421; primus diebus (ante a fractura) fames—very low diet—, Cels. 8, 10, 7; 2. met. Auri sacra fames, Verg. 3, 57; add Plin. 33, 48; Cre-centem sequitur cura pecuniam Maiorunque fames, Hor. od. 3, 16, 18; argenti sitis importuna famesque, ep. 1, 18, 23; 3. personified, Famen ego fuisse suspicor matrem mihi, Pl. St. 1, 3, 1; add 1, 3, 15; Frigus iners illic habuit Pallorque Tremoreque, Etieiauna Fames, Ov. M. 8, 791; add 799; spoliatus sum Famis\* impia natum, Prud. Psych. 479; 4. fami au od. Geni. for famici, as if of e. decl., pueri atque mulieres extrudebantur fami causa, Cato ap. Gell. 9, 14, 10; ragosum atque fami plenum, Lucil. ib. 11; 5. Fr. fami; Sp. hambre points to a late Lat. famina, E. hung-er, akim; and perh. ε-φαγ-ov.

**fasc-ia** (or -ea\*) ae, f. [like fascis is implies a vb. fascio from a priu. fas-o, bind, whence fasces fixed, manu-festus

taken in the act of crime; cf. S. pas bind; Germ. fass-en fix, E. fast] a bandage, Pueri opust cibo... Fascis opust, puluini cunis inenabulatis, Pl. Truc. 5, 6, 13; ruseas fascias (of a woman's dress), Cato ap. Fest. 262; deinctus erui fascis (of an invalid), Cic. Brut. 217; uuas solo siccatae inuici fascis inuoluit, Plin. 15, 66; 2. esp. used as leggings, etenim mihi caligae eius (Pompey) et fasciae creatae non placebant, Cic. Att. 2, 3, 1; fascis quibus in calcanti uidebatur, Plin. 8, 221; fasciae cruales pedulesque, Ulp. dig. 3, 2, 25, 4; cui (Pompey) candida fascia crus alligatum habenti Fanius: Non refert inquit qua in parte sit corporis diadema, Val. M. 6, 2, 7; fascias quibus crura uestiuntur... sola excusare potest ualeudo, Quint. 11, 3, 144; add Plaut. 5, 7, 36; 3. as worn on the bosom, Angustum circa fascia pectus cat, Ov. a. n. 3, 274; Molli et hirsutum cepit mihi (Hercules as a woman) fascia pectus, Prop. 4, 9, 49; add Mart. 14, 134; Sen. fr. 83; 4. as a diadem, uidet illum Scythiae regem insigni capitis decorum?... Fasciam solue: multum mali sub illa latet, Sen. ep. So fr. 1; quum... quidam statuae eius coronam lauream candida fascia praeligatum imposuisset—and soon: Caesarem so, non regem responderit, Suet. Caes. 79; see also Val. M. above; 5. part of bed-coverings, ex fasciae\*, Cic. diu. 2, 134; Mart. 5, 62, 6; 14, 159; 6. of door-paelling, in quibus Libyssa citius fascies cingit fove, Varr. ap. Non. 86, 9 and 451, 19; 7. a ribbon-formed ornament in archit., Vitruv. 3, 5, 10 and 11; 8. of the five zones in the heavens, Mart. Cap. 6, 196; 9. of a cloud so shaped, nil fascia nigra minatur, Iuv. 14, 294.

**fasciātum**, adv. [fascia] = per fascias or per fascies, says Char. 166 P, 184, 32 K; add Quint. 1, 4, 20.

**fasciculāria**, adj. n. pl. as sb. [fasciculus] the contents of a (soldier's) bundle, Veg. mil. 2, 19 f.

**fasciculus**, i, m. dim. [fascis] a little packet or bundle, epistolatum, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 12, 4; fasciculum ad naves admo-nibus (of scents or flowers), Tusc. 3, 43; Fasciculum portas librorum, Hor. ep. 1, 13, 12; fabae, Colum. 2, 10, 14; foeniculi, 12, 19, 41; (lini), Plin. 19, 16.

**fasci-gērs**, era, erum, adj. fascies-carrying, honorem, Paul. Non. 321.

**fascina**, ae, f. a bundle (of wood), de uinca et arboribus putatis sarmata degere et fascinam (so ead. ej., miss fascina) face, Cato r. 37 f.; cf. Fr. fascine.

**fascinābellum**, i, n. dim. cf.

**fascinābūlum**, fascinum, -būlum, -bellum, Tr. p. 182.

**fascinator**, m. fascinator, βακκατος, Vet. Gloss.

**fascinātor-ius**, adj. lingua, bewitching (for evil), Serv. ad B. 7, 28.

**fascino**, āre, vb. [fascinum] bewitch (for evil), basia... Quae nec pernumerare curiosi Possint, nec mala fascinare lingua, Catal. 7, 12; Nescio quis teneros oculos mihi fascinat agnos, Verg. B. 3, 103; contra fascinatus, Plin. 13, 40; fascinatum animal triste est, Verg. 5, 73, 1.

**fascinōsus**, adj. [id.] fascino bene armatus, poeta fascinosior, Priap. 80, 4, 79.

**fascinus\***, or -unt adj. as sb. [βακκατος] evil-speaking, bewitching] a means of bewitching, Clautius Verus in libris quos inscripsit uerborum a Gracis tractorum... fascinum appellat quasi baseanum, et fascinare esse quasi baseinare, Gell. 16, 22, 1—4; nullo fascino felicitas potius moriatur, Symm. cp. 1, 7 (13); 2. the phallus, as a countercharm, and so object of worship, thus: pueris tripuclia res in collo suspenditur, ne quid oblit, Varr. l. 7, 5; horto et foro contra inuidendum effascinationes dicari... satyrica signa, Plin. 10, 50; Non me uocibus spurca per Cotytia ad feriatis fascinos\*, Verg. cat. 5, 20; religione tutatur et fascinus\*... qui deus a Vestalibus colitur, Plin. 28, 39; add Arnob. 5, 28 and 39; 3. gen. Hor. epod. 8, 187; Petron. 138.

**fascio**, āre, vb. [fascia] sb.] bandage, Nec fasciato naufragus loquax trunco, Mart. 12, 57, 12; cum esset senex incuruareturque illucius tabulis... fasciabat ut rectus incederet, Capitol. Anton. P. 13, 1; Vulg. Ezech. 30, 21.

**fasciōla**, (-ōla\*) ae, f. dim. [fascia] a small band or riband, Cic. har. r. 44; Varr. r. 5, 29; Hor. s. 2, 3.

255; Vopisc. Aurel. 4, 16\*; *russa fasciola*...sub ipsas papillas succucitula, Apul. M. 2, 7.

**fasciulus**, i, m. or -um, i, n. the same, Veg. uet. 3, 57, 1.

**fascis**, is, m. [impl. a vb. *fascio* fin. a simpler vb. *fascio* = S. pas bind, G. *fassen* etc.] a bundle, Cantantes ut canus ego hoc te fascio lenabo, Verg. B. 9, 65; Inuisto sub fascie uicium cum caput (soldier), G. 3, 347; animam sub fascie dedere (bees), 4, 204; stramentorum ac uirgultorum, b. g. 8, 15, 5; lignorum, Tac. an. 13, 35; and met. uerulamur ne latera didicerit si tot crimina uno nectat fascie complecteremur, Plin. ep. 9, 3, 9; **2.** in plur. the fascies or bundle of rods carried by a lictor before a magistrate who had the right of flogging; At nimum a praetura tua abest Epidice. Quidnam? Scies: Lictores duo ulmei (so odd, *ass uimeli*) fascies uirgarum. Vae tibi, Pl. Epid. 1, 1, 28; ut sibi (Tullo Hostilio) duodecim lictores cum fascibus antere hiecerit, Cic. rep. 2, 31; add agr. 2, 93; quaeret quamobrem fascies praetoribus praeficerantur, Verr. 2, 5, 22; proiecitis fascibus et deposito imperio, Caes. b. c. 2, 32, 9; add 3, 106, 4; cum fascibus atque aliis imperii insignibus, Sal. Cat. 36, 1; **3.** demittere or subm. fascies, to lower the f. out of respect to a higher authority, tum demissi populo f., Cic. rep. 1, 62; add 2, 53; summis fascibus in contionem escendi, Liv. 2, 7, 7; add Val. M. 4, 1, 1; so by way of compliment, Pompey entering the house of the learned Posidonius, fascis lictorum inuane submisit, Plin. 7, 112; and met., cum tili aetas nostra f. summitteret, Cic. Brint. 22; **4.** f. coronati, wreathed w. laurel, as of a general who after a victory claimed a triumph, fascies hos laureatos efferre ex Italia quam molestum est! Cic. Att. 8, 3, 5; Pompeius eo proelio impator est appellatus...sed neque...neque in fascibus insignia laeuae praetulit, Caes. b. c. 7, 31, 3; add Cic. diu. 1, 59; Tac. an. 13, 9 f.; **5.** as symbol of high office, Verg. 2, 2, 495; Hor. s. 1, 6, 97; ep. 1, 16, 34; Ov. Pont. 4, 9, 62; Iuv. 5, 110; Sil. 11, 152.

**fascelus**, fasculus, better forms of pl.

**fassus**, part. of fateor.

**fasti**, adj. or rather part. pl. m. as sh. (dies understood) [implies a vb. *fascio* bind, see fascia and fascis] lit. fixed days, set apart for religion etc.—hence a calendar, fasti.

**fâteor**, éri, fassus, vb. r. [fatis sb. f. implied in ad-fatim; ult. fin. fa-ri to speak] say (of oneself), confess, Fâteor equidem esse me eorum carissimum, Pl. Ps. 3, 2, 59; hoc qui nequit Fâteatur nescire imperare liberis, Ter. Ad. 1, 1, 52; fateor atque etiam profitor te ex illa intere meo consilio esse depulsum, Cic. Rab. perd. 17; integras tenere possessiones, qui se debere fateantur, cuius impudentiae est? Caes. b. c. 3, 20, 3; tamen me cum magnis uidisse inuita fâtebitur usque Inuidia, Hor. s. 2, 1, 76;

**2.** w. acc., si uerum critis fassae, Pl. Truc. 4, 3, 10; fateor illi quoque, Ter. Andr. 5, 3, 25; Quid confiteatur atque ita libenter confiteatur ut non solum fateri sed etiam profiteri uideatur? Cic. Caeecim. 24; falsum fatendo, part. or. 50; Lateralensis fidelis semper fatebor, Planc. ap. Cic. fam. 10, 23, 4; pauperatum, Ov. M. 8, 633; uultu iram, ter. 2, 525; **3.** met., gubiones non nisi patinaur calore uitalem motum fatentis, Plin. 9, 177; Belus omnis non nisi refuso mari harenas fateatur, 36, 190; mors solâ fâteur quantula..., Iuv. 10, 172; magistrum, Quint. 6, 14, 32—betray; contemptum, 11, 3, 136; sollicitudinem, 11, 3, 158; **4.** as a pass. (reflex), hunc (agrum) exiepiere qui publicus esse fateatur, Cic. agr. 2, 57; but in Ov. a. a. 2, 556 Merkel has lacus (not fassus);

**5.** esp. impers., hominum causa eas comparatas fatendum est, Cic. N. D. 2, 158; add Gai. dig. 36, 1, 63, 4; Pomp. 41, 1, 27; uulgo fâtebitur minorem eum legasse, Ulp. dig. 30, 39, 6; **6.** fatendi modus, indicative, (uerba) quae sunt fatendi ut lego legis legit, Varr. l. 9, 58; (uerba) quae e et o litteris fatendi modo terminantur, Quint. 1, 6, 7.

**fêlicitas**, âtis, f. [fêlix] fertility, productiveness, feli-

citas maior Babyloniae Seleuciae, Euphrate atque Tigri restagnantibus, Plin. 18, 170; haec f. terrae, Plin. ep. 3, 19, 6;

**2.** hence met. good fortune, in summo imperatore quattuor has res inesse oportere, scientiam rei militaris, uirtutem, auctoritatem, felicitatem, Cic. Manil. 28; quasi non f. rerum gestarum exercitus beniuolentiam imperatoribus et res aduersae odia colligant, Caes. b. c. 2, 31, 3; Hêreilitas est quam nunciant sapientiam, pro illo 'felicitas est' (so Haupt Herm. 4, 35 cp.; *ass facilitas*), Quint. 6, 3, 97—a joking adaptation of an old verse; **3.** a goddess, Neque quicquam ego esse hominem arbitror cui magis Bonae Felicitatis omnes aduersae sient, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 34; Felicitati T. Cauponiis T. f. aed., CIL 1112; Mineruae Felicitati Romae Diuo Augusto, inscr. Or. 732 f.

**fendo**, ere, (= *fero*, and E. ding vb., dent and dent sb.) vb. strike, found only in de-fendo, offendo, pello pellas in usu non est, quomodo nec fendo, Prisc. 435, 4 K.

**fênestra**, ae, f. [prob. in origin an adj. from a lost n. sb. *fênēs*— and that either fin. a vb. = *fero* (*feraw*), or akin to uenit a window, wh. see] a shutter or rather venetian blind, gen. in pairs, Parcius inuictas quantunt fenestras letibus crebris iuuenes proterui, Hor. od. 1, 25, 1; Nox erat et bifores intrabat luna fenestras, Ov. Pont. 3, 3, 5; in aedificia fenestras et ostia imposuit, Iulian. 6, 1, 59; si ostia fenestrasque nimium corruptas locutor non restituit, Gai. 19, 2, 25, 2; aperto pariete fenestras inmisisse, Paul. dig. 8, 2, 40;

**2.** the opening itself for light and air, Neque fenestra nisi clatrata, Pl. Mil. 2, 4, 26; Ita omnes de tecto deturbanit tegulas (sc. uentus), Inuitiores fecit fenestrasque illidit, Ind. 1, 1, 6; Quid facies? concludere in fenestram frimter, Vnde auscultare (but not see), possis quomodo ego illane deosculer, Cas. 1, 44; et fenestras quae in pariete...sunt, CIL 577, 2, 14; Aec lucem in thalamis totis admittit fenestris, Ov. a. a. 3, 807; Quam patant altae caligantes fenestras (so convenient for suicide), Iuv. 6, 31; add Varr. r. 3, 7, 3; in a slightly diff. sense, excisa trabe...ingentem lato dedit ore fenestram, Verg. 2, 482; **3.** in mil. lang. an embrasure, fenestras ad tormenta mittenda in struendo reliquerunt, Caes. b. c. 2, 9 f.; **4.** met., first phys., in aure fenestras (holes for ear-rings) Iuv. 1, 104; **5.** also, si... hui Quantam fenestram ad nequitiam patefeceris, Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 72—as we say: open a door to...; si hanc fenestram aperueris, omnium inimicitiae ad nos deferentur, Suet. Tib. 28; **6.** in Pl. above, dissyll., perh. pron. fenstra or rather fêstra.

**fênus**, or faenus, éris, n. [akin to fêtus fecundus, implies a vb. *fero* or *fecio*, hence; cf. *τοκος* and *τακω*] interest, as the child of capital, faenus a fetu et quasi a fetura pecuniae parentis, Varr. ap. Gell. 16, 12, 7; adding: M. Catonem et ceteros aitatis eius feneratorum sine a litera pronuntias; yet says Ritschl, Most. 3, 1, 64 of Plautus: faenus ubique A ubi legi potuit: fenus a fetu dicta quod crediti nummi alios pariant, Paul. ex F. p. 86; add Gai. 404; Nam si mutuas non potero, certum sum faenore facere, Pl. As. 1, 3, 95; ex fenore discordia exercebat, Cato ap. Non. 64 v. pedalo; sumeret Aliunde... si nullo alio pacto, faenore, Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 71; ut centesimae (sc. usurae) perpetuo faenore ducerentur, Cic. Att. 5, 21, 13—at 1 p. c. per month, or 12 p. e. per an. simple interest; opposed to centesimae cum anatocismo, 12 p. c. comp. int.; fenus ex triente factum erit bessibus (rose from 4 p. c. to 6) 4, 15, 7; pecuniam sine fenore ei credidit, Nep. Att. 9, 5; pecunia quae in fenore sors est, Varr. l. 6, 7, p. 242 Sp.; pecuniam in faenus dedidit, Scaev. dig. 26, 7, 47, 4; si pecuniam meam faenori dedit, Ulp. 17, 1, 10, 3, 20, 7, 9; add Scaev. 26, 7, 58, 1; **2.** met. esp. of land, terra nunquam sine usura reddit quod accipit, sed alias minore, plerumque maiore cum faenore, Cic. sen. 51; spes suleis credit aratis Scimna quae magno fenore reddet acer, Tib. 2, 6, 22; cum quinquagesimo faenore messis reddit eximia fertilitas soli, Plin. 18, 102; add 2, 155; Manil. 5, 273; **3.** gen., Saepe uenit magno fenore tardus amor, Prop. 1, 7, 26; At mihi

quod uino de traxerit inuida turba, Post obitum duplici fenore reddet honos, 3, 1, 24.

**fērē**, adv., *fermē* (for *fōrmē*) adv. sup. [imply an adj. *ferus* fm. a lost *vb. fas-*, whence *fastus* part. fixed, see *fascia*, *fascis*; so G. fast from *fass-en* to gripe, open meat quite, now almost] quite, absolutely (in old lang.). Nāque hercle honeste fieri ferre non (note f. before non) potest, Vt eum perpetiar ius in matrimonium Sine dote, quom eius rem penes me habeam domi, Pl. Trin. 3, 3, 3; Edepol hominem praedicatum ferme familiariter, 2, 2, 54; Nam nunc lenonum et scortorum (hic) plus est fere quam olim muscarumst quom clectat maxime, Truc. 1, 1, 45; nam fere Grandicula (non Fleck. c.) miss grandisculam iam profectast illicine—quite a biggish girl—Ter. Andr. 4, 5, 19; Nec rei fere sane amplius quicquam fuit, Haut. 1, 1, 3; Domum reuolutor maestus atque animo fere Perturbato atque..., 1, 1, 70; Quod ferme dium in tempus occidere Latinae, Cie. as a poet, *diu*, 1, 18; Quis pariter esse fere? placuit (note emphatic place of fere) peccata, laborant, Cum uentum ad uerumst, Hor. s. 1, 3, 90; eum constabat uirum esse ferme bonum... et uitae inculpatissime, Gell. (fond of old phrases), 14, 2, 5;

2. precisely, just, exactly, Atque edepol ferme (so Scal., *ms* *firmē*) ut quisque rem accurat suam Sic ei procedit post principio (dat. cf. post-ibi) denique, Pl. Pers. 4, 1, 3; lamque fere? pulsus ad caelum uasta (iacta?) uidetur, Enn. ap. Non. 217, 11; iam ferme moriens uo uocat, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 49; illae mulieres sunt ferre ut pueri leui sententia, Hee. 3, 1, 32; fere in diebus paucis quibus haec acta sunt Chrysis uicina haec moritur, Andr. 1, 1, 77 (so fast in old Germ.; quite a few, as some say); actates uestrae nihil aut non fere multum differunt, Cie. Brut. 150; 3. then loosely like our own terms, generally, on the whole, or for the most part, nam parentum iniuriarum Vnius modi sunt ferme, Ter. Haut. 1, 2, 31; hic solebamus fere Plerumque eum opperiri, Ph. 1, 2, 39; add 2, 3, 16; quod fere solet fieri, Cie. iuu. 1, 46; add Manil. 24; a quo expeditur remuneratio fere uidetur, in eum fere est uoluntas nostra propensio, Cie. off. 2, 69; et quod fere libenter homines id quod uolunt credunt, Caes. b. g. 3, 19, 6; Luna fere tremulum praebat lumen cuncti, Ov. her. 18, 59; Adhuc illa fere, 19, 45; parua ut ferme principia omnia, res fuit, Liv. 7, 2, 4; intacta inuidia media sunt; ad summa ferme tendit, 45, 35, 5; add for ferme, 9, 30, 3; 21, 54, 1; 21, 59, 8; 34, 13, 3; certis e familiis et ferme Miletio accitit sacerdos, Tae. ann. 2, 54; add 4, 9, 12, 36; h. 4, 70; 4. w. preced. negr., not for the most part, scarcely ever, Quid quis? Facio quod manifesti moeculi (hic) haec ferme? solent, Quid id est? Refero uasa salua, Pl. Poen. 2, 2, 40; nemo ferme huc sine damno denortit, Truc. 2, 1, 28; Fidelem haud ferme mulieri inuenias uirum, Ter. Andr. 3, 1, 2; hoc in haec permixta conformatione rei publicae non ferme sine magnis principum uitis enibet, Cie. rep. 1, 69; sapientis cogitatio non ferme adhibet oculos admodum, Tusc. 5, 111; tum est Cato locutus quo erat nemo fere senior temporibus illis, non praedictor, am. 5; nec adhuc fere inueni qui..., Att. 7, 6, 2; neque ullum fere totius huius tempus sine sollicitudine Caesaris intercessit, Caes. b. g. 5, 53, 5; nec ferme res antiqua alia est nobilior, Liv. 1, 24, 1; quod non ferme decernitur nisi quum..., 22, 9, 8; 5. pretty well, about, much about, nearly, Maxima pars fere? morem hunc homines habent, Pl. Capt. 2, 1, 30; P. Orbius mense fere aequalis, Cie. Brut. 179; Cato qui fuit eius fere aequalis, off. 3, 1; ab his rebus quemadmodum ducatur honestum satis fere diximus, 1, 60; fere e regione castris castra ponebant, Caes. b. g. 7, 35, 1; a quo aberat mons ferme milia passuum xx, Sal. Iug. 48, 3; isdem fere temporibus in Gallia motus erat, Cat. 42, 1; (Thalercus Demetrius) ultimus est fere ex Atticis qui dici possit orator, Quint. 10, 1, 80; 6. esp. w. totus, omnis, semper, ferme eadem omnia Quae tute dudum coram me inueniuntur, Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 20; qui numerus rerum omnium fere nodus est, Cie. rep. 6, 18 (19); add fam. 6, 10, 2; Peloponnesus fere tota in mari est, 2, 8; Ladium semper fere cum Scipione solitum rusticari, or. 2, 22; ut...perpaucae locum caperent, reliquae fere omnes reicerentur, Caes.

b. g. 5, 23, 4; totius fere Galliae legati conuenerunt, 1, 30, 1; nam ferme Numidas in omnibus proclis maris pedes quam arma tutata sunt, Sal. Iug. 74 f.; 7. in the older writers, including poets who imitate them, often diff. to choose between old and late sense, see fere? Luer. 2, 370; Verg. 3, 135; ferme, Lucr. 5, 242f.; 8. always w. c, see ?; except. nam tecum fere totus ero, Anson. ep. 105, 5.

**fēriac**, arum, adj. f. pl. (dies underst.), [prob. like festus, akin to *χαρ-ποι* holidays, days of rest, It. uener genturque resident essurialis fēriac—keep at home the festival of St. Humber—Pl. Capt. 3, 1, 8; add Ps. 3, 4, 3; fēriarum festurnaque diurnum ratio in liberis requiem litum habet et iurgiorum; in seruis operum et laborum, Cie. leg. 2, 29; add 2, 57; Varr. 6, 3 passim; Macr. s. 1, 16, 4—12; lacta quadam celebratis fēriarum, Gell. 16, 10, 1; add 2, 24, 11, etc.; 2. at times under calamities and then often w. supplicatio added, his auctendis terroribus in triduum fēriac indicatae, Liv. 3, 5, 14; ut triduum supplicatio et fēriac essent, 40, 19, 6—under a pestilence; add 41, 21, 11; 3. w. licence, indicatae sunt belli fēriac, Varr. ap. Gell. 1, 25; 2; Longas o utinam dux bone fēriac Praestes Hesperiae, Hor. od. 4, 5, 37; 4. prov., calamitates...sine ullis ut dicitur fēriis..., Arnob. 1, 13 f.

**fēr-ūm-en**, (not ferr.) Inis, n. [fermentum : tegumen; tegumentum; ferum=feru of feruere; ult. from fer=θερ-boil] lit. fermentation, hence so of quick-lime as used for mortar, ruinarum urbis ea maxima causa quod furto calcis sine ferumine suo camentum componuntur, Plin. 36, 176;

2. gen. cement, aestem atramento adhaerens, quod frequenter etiam non accersito ferumine infigitur, Petr. 102; cum partes duorum dominorum ferumine cohaerant, haec cum quaereretur utri cedant, Cassius ait..., Pomp. dig. 41, 1, 27, 2; 3. met. of verbal stuffing, Homeri uersus simpliciore, Vergilius autem quodam quasi ferumine inmisso fuciat; Ταυρον δ' Ἀχιλλεύς, ταυρον δὲ Ποσειδάωνα, Taurum Neptuno; taurum tibi pulcher Apollo—referring to pulcher; 4. in Plin. 37, 28 prob. ferrugine; 5. for qty see ferumino § 6; 6. cf. Goppert Ferrumine und adplumbare in den Pandekten, Dresl. 1869; 7. a single r in this and foll. in best ass of Pl. Plin. Gell. Petr.; but rr in Pandects, prob. due to a false deriv. from ferrum, like adplumbo from plumbum.

**fērūmīnātio**, ōnis, f. cementing or soldering, quod Cassius de ferruminatione scribit, dicit enim si statuæ suae ferruminatione unctum brachium sit, unitate maioris partis consumi... non idem in eo quod adplumbatum sit, quia ferrumīnatio per eandem materiam facit confusionem, Paul. dig. 6, 1, 23, 5.

**fērūmīn-o**, āre, vb. [ferumen] cement, calcis quoque (bitumen) usum praebuit ita ferrumīnatis Babylonis muris; Plin. 35, 182; domos massis salis faciunt aqua ferrumīnantes, (picea) surculo super bina oia imposito ae ferrumīnato alui glutino...deportant, 10, 98; 2. hence in surgery, fracta (inumentorum ossu) non ferrumīnatur, Plin. 11, 214, 3. of caulking ships, (arundo Belgica) conuasa et interiecta nauium commissuris ferrumīnat textas...fiducior pice, Plin. 16, 158; 4. w. metals, solder, ita (se. chrysoealla) ferrumīnatur aurum argenteum...; acrius difficulter ferrumīnatur; add id glutinum fit..., 33, 93; add 34, 116; recente ea, si uratur, ferrum aut aes ferrumīnari, 27, 31; add Petr. 32; 5. gen. solidify, Vitrum sulphuri concoctum ferrumīnatur in lapidem, Plin. 36, 199; add 34, 130; 6. met., capita inter se nimis nexa hie habent. Non placet; labra libellis (ab before hancilis of qss is a corr. of the aa) ferrumīnata. Quid est (ass ea for qd c) malum? Pl. Mil. 4, 8, 25.

**fēcticius**, adj. [fictus] of the class ficta, fictitious, spurious, counter-ift, (nimium), Plin. 14, 98; oleum, 15, 24; gemmae, 37, 197; fēcticius actionibus opus est in quibus heredes esse finguntur, Ulp. 28, 12.

**fīcus**, ī, or ūs, f. [as in Gr. φ, θ, and σ interchanged], prob.=φεκος; cf. filius].



**fidicina**, ae, f. [fidēre] female lute-player, *Quid illa fiet fidicina?* Pl. *Epid.* 1, 2, 48; 2, 2, 102 etc.; *Most.* 4, 2, 144; *equiv* nos amat de fidicina istae? *Ter. Eun.* 3, 2, 4; add 5, 5, 15.

**filius**, ii, m. [=vīos, mod. Gr. *φύλος* for *φύλος* and *θυγ-ος*, wh. like *θυγάτρη*, and mod. Gr. *θυγος* of like meaning, point to a lost vb. *θυγ-ω*=Lat. *sug-o* suck; and S. *dūh* draw milk; the first meaning of filius filia, vīos and *θυγάτρη* S. dubitar. E. daughter would be suckling. So also son, S. and G. sūnus, G. *sohn*, are for *suk-in-us*, etc., and so also mean suckling. For interchange of *g* or an asp, gutt. with *l*, esp. before *i*, compare *γογος*, *μολος*, *μαλλος* for *μολγ-ος*; and Sp. *hijo*=filio-, *agēno*=alieno-, *muger*=mulier; for interchange of *γ* and a *y*-sound, as in *υγος*=vīos, cf. *στυγία* for *στυγία* (δδός), *pulegium* for *pulegium*, E. *yate* for *gate*, *yester-day* and G. *gestern*; for *i*=*θ* see f § 5 son.

**fingo**, ēre, nxi, fictus, vb. (=σφγγω; see Paley, *Pastis*) squeeze, *Sapce manus aegras manibus fingebat amicis*, *Ov. F.* 5, 409—a remedy which acted by aiding return of venous blood; so *efingo* manus in *per. 20, 134*; 2. esp. of clay and soft matter, used by potter, sculptor etc., form or shape by squeezing, *Nam neque fictum usquamst neque pictum neque scriptum in poematis, Vbi lena...*, Pl. *As.* 1, 3, 22; and met., *Illic homo me interpolat meumque os fingit denuo*, *Amph.* 1, 1, 161; *uoluit quoque hominum fingit scelus*, *Ter. Haut.* 5, 1, 14; *Alter humum de qua finguntur pocula\** monstrat, *Ov. tr.* 2, 450; *hic hominulus ex argilla et luto fictus (al. factus)*, *Cic. Pis.* 59; *e cera*, *Verr.* 2, 4, 30; *fauos fingunt (apes)*, *off.* 1, 157; *Alexander a Lysippro fingi volebat...* and soon: neque pictam neque fictam imaginem, *fam.* 5, 12, 7; 3. of the toilet, fashion, (the hair), *Ex industria ambae nunquam concessimus...* *Poliri expoliri, fingi fingi, et una...*, Pl. *Poen.* 1, 2, 11; *Bene quom lauta tersa orata detest, infestast tamen*, *Stie.* 5, 5, 4; add *Truc.* 2, 2, 32; *Fronde premit crinem fingens atque implicat auro*, *Verg.* 4, 148; *Quid totiens positas fingis inepte comas?* *Ov. a.* a. 1, 306; *Et nitidas presso pollice finge comas*, *Prop.* 3, 10, 14; *Qui se putarat fingi cura mulierum Caluus repente factus est*, *Phaedr.* 2, 2, 8; *inbet...* *soli comas Rursusque fingi*, *Sen. Phaedr.* 380; *quas finxerat auro Ipsa comas*, *Stat. Th.* 5, 228; add *Mart.* 6, 57, 1; and gen., cum se non finxerit (made herself up) *ullis*, *Ov. rem.* am. 34; 4. akin to last §, *fingiteque putando (utemur)*, *Verg. G.* 2, 407; 5. *met.*, model, mould, fashion, plan, forge, conceive, invent. *Sed nūc?* *Fortuna humana fingit artaque ut lubet*, *Pl. Capt.* 2, 2, 54; *Nam sapiens quidem popi ipsius fingit fortunam tibi*, *Trin.* 2, 2, 81; *Syrus isdem (so A) mire finxit filium (i.e. his feelings)*, *Ter. Haut.* 5, 1, 25; *Ad fugam fingitis*, *Pl. Capt.* 2, 1, 13; *sed fuga fugitur*, *Lucil.* ap. *Non.* 308; *fal-laciam*, *Pl. As.* 2, 2, 2 and 4; *Ter. Andr.* 1, 3, 15; *fabricam*, *Haut.* 3, 2, 34; *lingua...uocem fingis*, *Cic. N. D.* 2, 149; *ultimum*—assume an expression to hide one's feelings.—*Caes. b.* g. 1, 39, 41; *sonnia*, *Lucr.* 1, 104; 6. esp. of the mind, picture to oneself, imagine, suppose, *fingite cogitationem imaginem conditionis meae*, *Cic. Mil.* 79; *qui ex sua natura ceteros fingent*, *Rosc. Am.* 26; *quoniam esse fingit qui sum ego*, *fam.* 3, 12, 2; add *aed.* *per.* 2, 117; *laci-mas finge uidere meas*, *Ov. her.* 4, 176; *fingenti formanti-que principem*, *Plin. pan.* 4; 7. w. inf. mould, by teach-ing, teach, *Fingit equum tenera docilem ceruicē magister Ire uiam qua monstrat eques*, *Hor. ep.* 1, 2, 64; 8. fictus, as adj., made up, and so false, *per bene sano Ae non incauto fictum astutumque uocamus*, *Hor. s.* 1, 3, 62; *fictum ingratum inmemorem loquuntur*, *Plin. ep.* 8, 17, 30.

**fio**, fieri, factus, vb. [for *fac* and *for* facio] make, perh. only in: *Vt lans est caue, mollis cedensque sequatur* *Si doctos digitos iussuque fiat opus*, *Plin. ep.* 7, 9, 11; 2. hence in pass., in old wr., *Græco ritu fiebant Saturnalia*, *Cato ap. Prisc.* 789 P, 1, 377, 12 K; *postquam diutius fitus*, *Cato ib.*; *sic* (ej.; *ss* fit) *quoque fitum est*, *Liv. Olys.* ap. *Non.* 475; *Ennius* in *X* annualium *fere dixit*, *non*

*fieri*: *Mac. exe. Dob.* 645, 10 K, viz. in: *memini me flere panum*, ap. *Char. p.* 75 P, 98, 5 K (wh. *fieri*, not *fieri*); 3. as vb. r., for facio me, make oneself, be made, become, *Interdum fio Iuppiter quando lubet*, *Pl. Amph.* 3, 1, 14; *ut det qui fiamus liberi*, *Anl.* 2, 4, 31; *Vino fit quod nunquam quisquam mortuo faciet mihi*, *Amph.* 1, 1, 303; add 1, 3, 7; 4, 1, 11; *Non...Patriar Clitipho dagitistis me infamem fieri*, *Ter. Haut.* 5, 4, 14; *scelera habet et flagitia fieri*, *Cic. Rosc. Am.* 25; *ut urbe tota fletus fieret*, *ib.* 24; *carinae ex leui materia fiebant*, *Caes. b.* c. 1, 54, 2; *templum inissimus fieri*, *Liv.* 5, 52, 11; *Fiet enim subito*, *sus horridus*, *Verg. G.* 4, 407; 4. grow, be produced, *Set ubi absinthium fit atque cimila gallinacea*, *Pl. Trin.* 4, 2, 90; in *Macedonia fiant permagis* (leporis), *Varr. r.* 3, 12, 5; 6. fio has the same uses of facio, as: offer sacrifice, *quot agnis fecerat?* *Pl. St.* 1, 3, 96; *ficiam utula*, *Verg. B.* 3, 77; and *Ter. tibi fit libo*, *ter dea ensta mero*, *Tib.* 4, 6, 14; *cum apud Caesarem pro populo fieret*, *Cic. Att.* 1, 13, 3; 6. value, as plurimū facio *Cn. Pompeium*, *Cic. fam.* 3, 4, 2; *me a te plurimū fieri*, *ib.* 1; *ut quanti quisque se ipse faciat, tanti fiat ab amicis*, *am.* 59; 7. potestas fit, the opportunity is offered, as *siquid...dicere uellet feci potestatem*, *Cat.* 3, 11; so *quae potestas si mihi fiet*, *utur*, *Phil.* 1, 1; 8. compendium fit, a saving is made, *Quisquis est, compendium ego te facere pul-tandi nolo*, *Pl. St.* 2, 2, 11; and *Satis faciendum est: set iam fieri\** *dicta compendi nolo*, *Capt.* 5, 2, 12; 9. auctio fit, an auction is held, as: *Nunc auctorem facere decretumst mihi*, *Pl. St.* 1, 3, 65; *Ea comportatur praeda ut fiat auctio*, *Pers.* 4, 3, 39; 10. fit mentio, mention is made, as: *Noli facere mentionem te emisse has*, *Intellego*, *Pl. Most.* 3, 2, 126; *Istius hominis ubi fit quaque mentio*, *Bac.* 2, 3, 18; 11. w. gen., become (the property of), *omnia quae mulieris fuerunt, nūi fiunt dotis nomine*, *Cic. Top.* 23; compared w. eas *populi Romani factas esse*, *Liv.* 33, 13, 8; 12. w. abl., become of, *quid lilo fiet quom reliquero?* *quid me autem*, si non tam cito decedo? *Cic. Att.* 6, 1, 14; compared with: *Nescit quid faciat auro*, *Pl. Bac.* 2, 3, 100; 13. w. dat., be done with, *Peridus ille abiit: quid mihi fiet?* *Ov. a.* a. 1, 536; compared w. *quid hinc tu homini facias?* *Cic. Caecin.* 30; 14. w. de, become of, de fratre quid fiet? *Ter. Ad.* 5, 9, 39; but in *Pl. Epid.* 1, 2, 48 read: *Quid illa fiet fidicina*, not *de fid.*, w. *A.* *Non.* 508, 13 and metre; 15. fit (ut), it is brought about (that), it happens that, fit saepe ut hi qui debent, non respondeant ad tenapus, *Cic. Att.* 16, 2, 2; *his rebus fiebat ut minus late uagarentur*, *Caes. b.* g. 1, 2, 4; 16. so potest fieri (ut), it may happen, is possible (that), *Qui potuit fieri nūi Kartaginis Gnatius sis*, *Pl. Poen.* 5, 2, 96; *fieri potest ut recte qui sentiat et id quod sentit polite eloqui non possit*, *Cic. Tusc.* 1, 6; *nee fieri possit ut non statim distinctio facienda sit*, *am.* 76; *here w. pres. subj.*, of the future; 17. but also w. aorist, of the past, it may turn out (that), *potest fieri ut iratus dixerit*, *Cic. or.* 2, 285; 18. ut fit, as so often happens, *Vt fit in bello, capitur alter filius*, *Capt.* *pr.* 25; *forte*, ita ut fit filium *Perdurus ilhine*, *Ter. Andr.* 1, 1, 53; *queri ut fit incipiunt*, *Cic. Verr.* 2, 2, 56; 19. fiat, be it so, *Pl. Amph.* 2, 2, 138; *As.* 1, 1, 2; *Capt.* 2, 1, 19; 5, 2, 13; *uideo quid uelitis: sententias potius audire quam iocos* fiat, *Sen. controu.* 7, pr. f.; 20. *fm.* love of al-iteration, often used w. fui and futurum, *omnia quae fiunt quaque futura sunt*, *Cic. diu.* 2, 19; 21. rare forms, *fi be-nignus*: *subueni*, *Pl. Pers.* 1, 1, 38; *fi cognitor ipse*, *Hor. s.* 2, 5, 38; *festiuae fores*, *Potatē fite mihi uolentes propitiae*, *Cure.* 1, 1, 89; *pelluli...* *Fite causam mea ludii barbari*, 1, 2, 63; *Qui non edistis, saturi fite fabulis*, *Poen.* pr. 8; *socii nunc fite uiri*, *Crass.* *liad.* ap. *Non.* 475; *fite as voc. of part.* 7, *tu dices fite*, *Cato orat.* *ib.* (some ej. fito); *causae quibus mali sumus*, *Arnob.* 2, c. 16 (in some edd.); but in *Ter. Haut.* 3, 1, 74, *sumus*, not *fimus*; see also § 2; 22. i in fieri fierem *cic.* gen. short; but *Pl.* has *fieri fieres* etc., 20 times, as *Bac.* 2, 3, 65; 5, 2, 92; *Trin.* 3, 2, 18; but only at end of line; the same w. *i* some 60 times; *Ter.* too: *Iniuriamst: nam si esse unde haec fierent*, *Ad.* 1, 2, 26; but w. *i* some 6 times.

**Flāuolēis**, name of a gens. P. Flavoleius P. f. Pol. Mutina Cordus, Steiner's inscr. Rom. Danub. et Rhen. Id.

2. 1687 (corr. by Klein, Rh. Mus. 15, 327); centurio erat, M. Flauolius, Liv. 2, 45, 13.

**flebilis**, e, adj. [fleo] causing to weep, first phys., epe, Lucil. ap. Non. 201; Varr. ib.; 2. by moving the feelings, tear-exciting, to be wept over, mournful, ponite ante oculos miseram illam et flebilem noctem, Cic. Phil. 11, 7; o flebilis nigilias, Planc. 101; Multis ille bonis flebilis occidit, Nulli flebilior quam tibi Vergili, Hor. od. 1, 24, 9; Hector, Ov. am. 2, 1, 32; Ei mihi quam multis flebilis ultor cis, her. 15, 48; 3. much-weeping, tearful, flebilis sponsae iuvenem raptum Plorat, Hor. od. 4, 2, 21; illa Spargabat teneros flebilis imbre sinus, Ov. an. 3, 6, 68; Ino, Hor. A. P. 123; Elegeia, Ov. am. 3, 9, 31; 4. such as accompanies weeping, whining, doleful, plaintive, in leco (so miss, old. ej. tecto) unido quod, Resonando multum flebilis uoces refert, Acc. ap. Cic. Tusc. 2, 33; sin erit ille gemitus...flebilis, ei qui se dederit, uix eum uitrum dixerim, ib. 2, 57; f. clamor, Liv. 22, 60, 1; Tu semper urges flebilibus modis Mysteri ademptum, Hor. od. 2, 9, 9; (uox in) miseratione flexa et flebilis, Quint. 11, 3, 64; 5. flebile, n. in poets, as adv. tearfully, mournfully, plaintively, f. canct. Ov. rem. am. 36; f. gausiae, Stat. Th. 12, 426; 6. flebiliter, adv., same, caneretur, Cic. Tusc. 1, 85; respondet, 2, 39; lamentatur, 2, 49; gemitus, Hor. od. 4, 12, 5; flebilis ululant, Paup. Nol. 20, 57; 7. as weeping causes others to weep, § 3 often blends w. § 2.

**flustra**, flum, n. pl. [flu- of fluo; cf. illustris from luc-] a ground swell (of the sea), flustra motus maris sine tempestate fluctuantis. Naeuius in bello Punico ait: Onetrariae onustae stabant in flustris, ut si diceret in salo, Suet. frang. in Rhein. Mus. 5, 247 and Müller's Fest. p. 382; temperatum flustris mare, Tert. pall. 2; less correctly: flustra dicuntur quum in mari fluctus non mouentur quam Graeci μαλακται vocant, Paul. ex P. Sg. 6.

**fōris**, adv. [for rather acc. pl. of a lost sb. fora = *θηρα* a door; cf. foris adv.] into the street, out of doors etc., abroad, (w. motion), quinam exit foras? Pl. Bac. 2, 2, 56; Foras? egredier uideo lenonem Lycum, Pl. Poen. 3, 4, 33; steruus foras efferri, Cato r. 2, 3; exercitum suum eduxit foras, orig. ap. Gell. 15, 13; 5; Hector ui summa armatos eduxit foras, Enn. tr. ap. Non. 355, 15; Miseret me: itaque ut ne uiderem misera, huc effugi foras, Ter. Eun. 5, 4, 23; (urbis) laetari uidetur quod tantam pestem foras proiecirit, Cic. Cat. 2, 2; cum infans se porta foras mueri proripuit, Caes. b. c. 2, 12, 1; Fer cineres Amaryll foras, Verg. B. 8, 101; forasque per os est editus aer, Lucr. 3, 122; omnia (uestigia) foras uersa uidit, Liv. 1, 7, 6; 2. something like outward movement is implied in: parasito excluso foras, Pl. Men. 3, 2, 2; add 4, 2, 105; 4, 7, 51; Mil. 4, 1, 30; Credo ut fit misera pra amore exclusi hunc foras, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 18; 3. and in: Foras necessumst quidquid habeo uendere, Pl. St. 1, 3, 66; Agellist...paulum quod locitas foras—out of the family, to strangers, Ter. Ad. 5, 8, 26; promisi foras (to dine out) Ad cenam ne me te uocare censeas, Pl. Most. 4, 3, 13; ad cenam...alio promisi foras, St. 4, 2, 16; (but of the actual dinner, foris cenare, 4, 2, 18); ad cenam aliquo condicam foras, Men. 1, 2, 15; 4. met. of words, getting abroad, Vides tuum peccatum esse elatum foras, Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 65; efferri huc foras et ad populi aures peruenire, Cic. Phil. 10, 6; ne fidos inter amicos Sit qui diantia foras\* eliminet, Hor. ep. 1, 5, 25; 5. prov., malum, quod aiunt, foras, Tert. Valent. 10 f.; 6. for long a, to above \* add Pl. Poen. 1, 1, 77; 3, 3, 94; Cas. 4, 2, 10; 7. sometimes a monos, (fras?) in Pl., as: Foras egredere: sat mihi pulcra's. At enim mihi pulcerrima, St. 5, 4, 55; add 4, 2, 17; Ipse abilit (abit?) foras. me reliquit pro atriensi in aedibus, Poen. 5, 5, 4; add Aut, 2, 1, 14; 4, 4, 1; and perh. Trin. 2, 2, 1; cf. frango for for-ango; frangum for faragum, fluo for foluo, frenum for ferenum, frētus for feretus.

**for-cēps**, ipis, for-ex icis and later forp-ex (see § S) sb.

m.\* f. + (furca a prong + ee suff. of dimn.) an instrument of two prongs or blades as tongues, piners, nippers, forceps, or shears, scissors, orig. no doubt for a single instr., aft. used in sing. of plur. form, forcipes et forcipes (et forcipes) quidam distinguunt ut forcipes sint saccinorum (scissors) a faciendo, (forcipes fabrorum) quod ferrum calidum capiant, forcipes (so Lindem. ej.; miss forcipes) tonsorum, quod pilum secut; sed iuepta haec esse Lucilii docet, qui etiam medicorum forcipes dicit libro 1x: scalpiorum forcipumque (note form) Milia uiginti; item paulo post et uncis Forcipibus dentes euelleret, Charis. 74 Pl. 94, 21 K; Consensius, 397, 16; (barbarismum facit) qui dicit forcipem pro forcipe; 2. of blacksmith's tool, uersantique tenaci forcipe ferrum, Verg. G. 4, 175; ferrum...quod forcipe curua + Cum faber eduxit, Ov. M. 12, 277; 3. of a surgeon's forceps, or tooth-extractor, Signare oportet frontem calida + forcipe, Nov. ap. Prise. 657 Pl. 1, 195 K; forcipe(s) d'anthropaga(s)†, Varr. ap. Non. 99, 24; prensatque tenaci forcipe ferrum, Verg. 12, 404; mucro (tel) forcipe eluci debet, Cels. 7, 5, 2; si qua labant, forcipe ad id facto\* colligenda sunt, 8, 4, p. 336 l. 20 Dar.; forcipe (id est odontopaga) dens excipienda est, 7, 12, 1; fuerunt qui omentum (in a scrotal hernia) forcipe praeciderent, 7, 21, 1; 7. in horticulture, forcipes (al. forcipes) in rutabulum 1, Cato r. 10, 3; add 11, 5; Detotonderat forcipibus uit(iarium) feris, Varr. ap. Prise. 1, 482, 7 K (as corr. by Haupt); uitiola Grana (uuae) forcibus amputant, Colum. 12, 44, 4; add 12, 45, 2;

8. of a barber's scissors (?), barba Qualem forcibus metit supinis Tonsor, Mart. 7, 95, 12; ne sit acuta + forcipe laesa cutis, Calp. ecl. 5, 73; Rurip odoratam redolenti forcipe barbam, Sidon. 15, 184; add Isid. orig. 20, 13; Cassiod. orth. 4; 9. part of a machine for raising great weights, ad rechanum inuim ferrei\* forcipes (so Rose w. miss) relingunt quorum dentes in saxa forata accommodant, Vitruv. 10, 2, 2; 10. of a crab or beetle's nippers, Canebris bina brachia denticulatis forcibus (al. forcipibus), Plin. 9, 97; scabacis in quodam genere cornua, bisulcis dentata forcibus (al. forcipibus), 11, 97; 11. of a certain mil. array, in shape of V to oppose a cuneus; Sine opust est aduocari aut globo aut forcipe aut turribus aut serra uti cuneo, Cato ap. Fest. 344 M; wh. Cato prob. wrote forcipibus; for Gell. 10, 9, 1 has: uocabula sunt militaria quibus instructa certo modo acies appellari solet...cuneus, orbis, globus, forcipes, serra, alae turres; ordinatio quam forcipem uocant, Veg. 3, 19; see the pass.

**fōris**, is, f. [for of for-are; also = *θηρα* and so E. door, G. thür] a door, Sed foris conceperit nostra. Quinam exit foras? Pl. Bac. 2, 2, 56; Forem bane passillum aperit: placide; ne crepa, 4, 7, 35; add Amph. 1, 2, 34; quinam foris crepuit? Ter. Ad. 2, 3, 11; forem cubiculi clauserat, Cic. Tusc. 5, 59; 2. exclusio, fore, Hor. s. 1, 2, 67; cum is...forem uirga percuteret, Liv. 6, 34, 6; per rimam foris spemant, Ter. 02; 3. but as house doors were gen. folding-doors, the pl. more common, occlude sis Foris ambobus pessulis, Pl. Aul. 1, 2, 26; Fores\* pultabo. Ad nostras acedis hic quidem habet rectam uiam, Trin. 4, 2, 26; Placide egredere et senitum prohibe foritum et crepitum cardinum, Cure. 1, 3, 1; Numquidnam fores Feecre soniti? Caecil. ap. Non. 491, 25; Anas foribus obdit pessulum, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 37; Qui mihi nunc uim digitulo fores\* aperis fortunatus, Eun. 2, 2, 53; seruis suis ut ianuam clauderent et ipsi ad fores assisterent imperat, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 66; Constitit ad genuina limina prima foris, Ov. her. 12, 150; 4. of other objects than houses, aeneum equum cuius in lateribus fores essent, Cic. off. 3, 38; uuas passas...ad fores earum posuisse, Plin. 21, 82 (of a hive); scarum inclusam nassis...auresum caudae icibus crebris laxare fores, 32, 11; 5. met., interest qua commutatione quasi amicitiae fores aperiantur, Cic. fam. 13, 10, 4; ab hoc artis fores apertas, Plin. 35, 61; 6. often a monos, in old drama, prob. frīs frus, to exx. \* above, add: Nisi manolitis fores et postis communi scutibus, Pl. Bac. 5, 1, 31; Aput fores auscultate atque adseruate acedis, Truc.

1, 2, 1: Fores patebant, de inprovisis Chrysis ubi me aspererit, *Trab. ap. Cic. Tusc. 4, 67; add Ter. Ad. 2, 1, 13; 7. fores as acc. pl. gen. in mss of Pl., altered by Ritschl to foris.*

**foris**, adv. [or rather dat. or abl. pl. of a lost sb. *fora* = *thru* a door; cf. *foras*] as dat., at the door *Ego hic tantisper dum exis te opperiar foris*, *Pl. Most. 3, 1, 153; Vt te hinc adducat potius quam hic astes foris*, *Men. 2, 2, 57; mihi mira videtur te hic stare foris, fores quos pateant*, *2, 3, 12; 2. out of doors, outside, abroad (without motion from within), Nam equidem (sxs ego quidem) meos oculos habeo nec rogo utendos foris*, *Pl. Mil. 2, 3, 76; Si domi sum foris est animus; sin foris sum animus domi*, *Mere. 3, 4, 2; Quae dum foris sunt, nihil videtur mundius*, *Ter. Eun. 5, 4, 12; add Hec. 4, 1, 24; relictus intus (Autrouis) expectatus foris conuertit se aliquando al timore*, *Cic. Sul. 17; ego si foris cenitarem, Cn. Octavio non defuissem*, *fam. 7, 16, 2; Quae sit enim rationem animus, cum summa loci sit Infinita foris haec extra munda mundi*, *Lucr. 2, 1045; add 2, 159; quum ex oppido eruptione pugnaretur, foris tantae copiae cernerentur*, *Caes. b. g. 7, 76; 3. met., Nonne id flagitium est alius consilium dare, Foris\* sapere, tibi non posse auxiliari*, *Ter. Hant. 5, 1, 50—so Bemb. mss, wh. tibi as being emph. is a troch., like mihi, Pl. Cas. 4, 2, 21; 4, 3, 6; sihi, Cure. 1, 3, 21; cf. scibi, *CIL 1223; ca quae sunt foris neque inhaerent in rei natura*, *Cic. or. 2, 163; egero, foris esse Gabinius*, *Pis. 12, is denied to his creditors at his house, if text sound; II 4. as abl. from without, from abroad, At quaecumque foris veniunt inopostaque nobis Pondera sunt, haedunt*, *Lucr. 5, 543; foris ad se delata arte tractat*, *Cic. part. or. 48; foris, w. assumo, or. 2, 163; 2, 173; inu. 1, 15; w. peto, fin. 3, 24; Hor. s. 1, 10, 30; w. quaero, Pl. Bac. 4, 4, 6(8); Cic. Verr. 3, 210; may go with § 2; so *Cledon. 21, 21; unde venisti? foris; Pomp. 248; foris geminam habet significationem de loco et in loca;***

**5. w. prep. ab, in** ulcus penetrat iniuria omnis a foris, *Plin. 17, 227; III 6. perh. for foras, ne uos forte imprudentes foris (so mss; foras?) Efflittretis atque id porro aliqua uxor me resciseret*, *Ter. Ph. 5, 1, 18; cf. foras § 4; ut (corona) mortuo dum intus positus esset foris ferretur (so mss; forasne efferretur?) sine fraude esset imposita*, *Plin. 21, 7; adituores (pulos) circumagi docent et foris saturitatem emittere*, *10, 92; IV 7. as prep., fluuius qui foris agrum non nagatur, auct. de lin. Goc. p. 273; ut terminos foris limites ponentur, paullo ante; V 8. at times a monos. in old drama, see Ter. \* in § 3; 9. = old Fr. foris; mod. Fr. hors, out of.*

**forma**, ae, f. [fero] lit. carriage, bearing; and so form, shape, living form, person, build, *Lucius Scipio... quous forma uirtutis parissima fuit*, *CIL 30; Etenim uero quoniam formam huius cepi in me et statum*, *Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 110; quom illum contempe et formam cognosce meam... nimis similibi met, 285; ubi ego formam perdidit, 300; de forma noti*, *Cure. 2, 1, 17; see also Mere. 3, 4, 5 ff.; Contempe placide formam et faciem uirginis*, *Naev. ap. Non. 470, 1; egergia forma atque aetate integra*, *Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 45; adulescentulum Forma bona*, *1, 1, 119; occurs some 46 times in Pl., 20 in Ter. and always in this sense; eximia forma pueros*, *Cic. Tusc. 5, 61; non ab hominibus formae figuram uenisse ad deos*, *N. D. 1, 90; formae hominum (as goatherds) legendae ut sunt firmae ac ueloces*, *Varr. r. 2, 10, 3; uirginum forma excellenter*, *Liv. 3, 44, 4; 2. idea of beauty often to be inferred from context; but also absol. beauty (of person), handsome person, Taedet cotidianarum harum formarum (beauties). Ecce... Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 6; Et genus et formam regina Pecunia donat*, *Hor. ep. 1, 6, 37; di tibi formam, Di tibi diuitias dederunt*, *1, 4, 6; Et quot Troia (al. Eoa) tulit uetus et quot Achaia formas*, *Prop. 2, 28, 53; uulsi et non uos colore nitidissimis esse formae putant*, *Quint. 2, 4, 12; 3. of animals, form, optima toruae Forma bouis*, *Verg. G. 3, 51; (equae)*, *Varr. r. 2, 2, 7, 4; 4. form of man etc. in art, Aspicite ciues senis Enni imaginis formam (met.)*, *Enn. ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 34; non fuisse fas clarissimorum uirorum formas illi paritidae aliquid decoris afferre*, *Cic. Mil. 86; L. Attium poetam in*

*Cumenarum aede maxima forma statuam sibi posuisse*, *Plin. 34, 19; see also § 8; insigne superstitionis formas aprorum gestant*, *Tac. G. 45; 5. form to the eye (though possibly not real), formae magnorum uulnere luporum*, *Verg. r. 7, 18; per insidias (sc. Phaethonti) iter est formaeque ferarum*, *Ov. M. 2, 78; 6. gen. form—first phys.—as a (shoemaker's) last, Si sculpa et formas non sutor (enat)*, *Hor. s. 2, 3, 106; si sutor puero parum bene facienti forma calcei... cernicem peruerserit*, *Ulp. dig. 19, 2, 13, 4; 7. pipe of aqueduct, formas rinorum perforant*, *Front. ap. 75; uicinales uias... per (over) ipsas formas derigunt*, *126; si quid ob formam aqueductus quae per agrum transeat pendatur*, *Ulp. dig. 7, 1, 27, 3; forma cui nomen Augusta est*, *Th. C. 15, 2, 8; usum aquae ex castellis aut ex ipsis formis*, *Val. Th. Arc. eod. 11, 42, 3; 8. stamp on coin, pecunia signata forma publica (p) (pulei) R (omane)*, *CIL 205, 2, 2; add ib. 25; nummo cui publica forma est*, *Quint. 1, 6, 3; denarius quem ignarus formae publicae reiecit*, *Sen. benef. 5, 20, 2; 9. a mould, as for coining, qui sibi signat pecuniam forma publica*, *Ulp. 48, 13, 6 (8); 1; and met.: ut omnia facta dictaque tua uia forma percuta sint*, *Sen. ep. 3, 4; also: is (caseus) buxeis formis exprimitur*, *Colum. 7, 34, 7; see formaceus; (sepium) ex terra et lapillis compositis in formis*, *Varr. r. 1, 14, 4; ex (nigris silicibus) formae fiunt in quibus area funduntur*, *Plin. 36, 168; parietes quos appellant formaceos quoniam in forma... interfuerunt*, *35, 169; terra creta... intra formam lateri similem deprimitur*, *Pallad. Mai. 12; 10. a box made to shape, opus tectorium... ligneis formis inclusum Romani deportauere*, *Plin. 35, 173; 11. gen. form, falcium*, *Caes. b. g. 3, 14; nauium*, *5, 1; cornuum*, *6, 25; (auri)*, *7, 23, 1; litterarum*, *Cic. N. D. 2, 93; Quint. 1, 21; 1, 7, 11; 12. esp. geometrical figure, animalueritis in arena geometricas formas quasdam esse discriptas*, *Cic. rep. 1, 29; in geometria... formae*, *or. 1, 187; Archimeden... intentione formis quas in pulvere discriperat*, *Liv. 25, 31; 9; geometria diuisa in numeros et formas*, *Quint. 1, 10, 35; 13. met. a cast or impression, quod ad me quasi formam temporum misisti expressam*, *Cic. fam. 3, 11, 4; 14. hence a detailed or as we say formal description, plan, inventory, schedule, ut ex tuis litteris cum formam (ground-plan) rei publicae uiderim, quae aedificium futurum sit, scire possum*, *Cic. fam. 2, 8, 1; forma uiper addita Neroni*, *Plin. 12, 19; (quod eius in terra Italia Huius dedit... inue formas tabulae retulit*, *CIL 200, 7; add 78, 81; qui tabulam aeream legis formamque agrorum redixit*, *Venul. dig. 48, 13, 10 (8); ex forma edicti, according to the terms of... Paul. 2, 8, 14; 15. hence of an Emperor's rescript, ex (amicorum) sententis formas composuit*, *Capitol. Ant. 6, 11; ex forma quam diuus Pius rescripsit*, *Callist. dig. 42, 1, 31; 16. in logic, species as opp. to genus, forma a genere nunquam seingit*, *Cic. top. 13; formae sunt eae in quas genus... diuiditur*, *31; 17. hence vaguely sort, kind, omnis scelerum comprehendere formas*, *Verg. G. 6, 626; Cum peccules uolueruntque genus, formaeque ferarum... Sil. 15, 56; 18. = Gr. μορφή a corruption of φάρμακον fm. φερε. For interchange of h and m cf. μορμύκη, formica.*

**formāb-ilis**, ae, adj. [formo] that can be fashioned, f. os

—capable of articulate speech, *Prud. Ap. 1033; primordia formabiliora*, *Aug. Trin. 11, 2 f.*

**formāb-ens**, adj. [forma § 9] made in a mould, moulded, cast, *paries*, *Plin. 35, 169; 2. Fr. fromage, cheese, from caseus formaceus.*

**formica**, ae, f. [perh. fm. fer-o, the little porter; see Ov. below\*] ant, emmet, Non hercle minus enors (sunt numeri) cito, Quam si formicis obiciat papauerum, *Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 8; in formica non uolo sensus sed etiam mens ratio memoria*, *Cic. N. D. 3, 21; inopi metaceus formica senectae*, *Verg. G. 1, 186; add 380; Grande onus exiguo formicis ore gerentes*, *Ov. M. 7, 625; add Plin. 11, 108.*

**formicinus**, adj. [formica] of an ant, Atque eecum incedit. Moue formicuum gradum, *Pl. Men. 5, 3, 12.*

**i formico**, āre, vb. itch or tingle as though from ants

crawling, cantharides donec formiceet cutis tolerandae sunt, Plin. 30, 120.

**2 formico**, āre, vb. [formio; for suffix cf. nellico, fodico, mulo (for molico), morsico] fashion by little and little, Quercus arida rustica Formicata securi, Verg. cat. III<sup>1</sup>, 3 (Lübeck).

**fortis**, e, adj. f. = *θραύς*, and so = S. drish, G. dreist, Lith. drasus, Pott. E. F. 1, 270; ult. fin. a vb. = E. dare, of wh. durī-en dat. is a deriv.].

**frango**, ere, frēgi, fractus, vb. [for-ango; root for or fod, as infor-a-re, fod-are, fod-ere, so E. break for bor-ak, fin. vb. bore; G. brech-en for bor-ach, brach gebrochen, stem bor-ach or boroch, fin. bohr-en; for meaning cf. break of day, G. An-bruch des Tages—like Fr. point du jour; E. broach (a cask), a lady's brooch, Fr. broche] lit. pierce, hence esp. of shipwreck, nautis si fractus tibi, Pl. Rud. 2, 6, 21; nanem is freight apud Andrum insulam, Ter. And. 1, 3, 17; add 5, 4, 20; si fractis cunat expes Nautibus, Hor. A. P. 20;

**2**, so a fractus swimmer pierces the water, and a rock seems to do so, fluctum a saxo frangi, Cic. fam. 9, 16, 6; Nunc ualidis gurgites certatim frangitur ulnis, Sil. 3, 457; but even in the instances so far quoted, a general breaking commonly accompanies the piercing; and so **3**, gen. break, etc.

**frēnum**, i, n., acc. pl. -os, or -a [ = *χαλινός*, acc. pl. -ους or -α], bridle, rein, bit, frenos\* immittens feris, Att. ap. Non. 307, 17; frenā...ori equorum accommodant, id. 206, 12; spumantiaque addit Frena feris, Verg. 5, 818; Gallia nec lupatis Temperat ora frenis, Hor. od. 1, 8, 7; asellum...paucis frenis currit frenis, s. 1, 1, 91; add ep. 1, 8, 36; imbuunt frenos\* is qui inuenta aegat, Liv. 1, 48, 6; ego ducece una Frena manu...ductor, Ov. M. 15, 519; Frenaque in effusa laxa iacere inba, am. 3, 4, 16; **2**, met., alteri (oratori) se calcaria adhibere, alteri frenos\*, Cic. Brut. 204; (Antonio) tanquam frenos\* furoris iniecit, Phil. 13, 20; neque cupiditas (ti) non imposui frenos\*, Varr. ap. Non. 82, 12; Iam uaga prosiliet frenis natura remotis, Hor. s. 1, 7, 74; add ep. 1, 2, 62; od. 4, 15, 10; Ni frenam accipere et uicti parere fatentur, Verg. 12, 568; non solum frenis sed etiam iugo accepto, Liv. 37, 36, 5; add 34, 2, 13; Iuv. 8, 88; **3**, met. of other objects, Saxea frena labant, Stat. Th. 10, 880; **4**, esp. f. praepitui, Cels. 7, 22 (lis);

**5**, frena, it seems, never in prose, see \*, frena more common in verse; **6**, prob. akin to our rein, G. riem (riem-chen); and so at first only a thong of leather.

**frēquens**, part as adj. [prob. implies a vb. freq-, perh. = *πρῆν*, also E. throng, G. dring-en and drück-en; m and gutt. as suff. of secondary vbs. often interchanged, as *πρῆν* and *ἐδραμν*; *fromo* = *βρῆμ* = *βρῆμ*; al- initial consonants before r and readily interchanged], lit. crowding in crowds, squeezing, numerous, hio atque (ydicam, frequentes ut cant gratulat hospiti, Pacuv. ap. Serv. A. 5, 40; senatus est continuo convocatus frequensque conuenit, Cic. fam. 10, 12, 2; senatus fuit frequentior quam putabamus esse posse mense Decembri, Q. fr. 2, 1, 1; add Sal. Cat. 48, 6; 50, 3; (equites) frequentissimi in gradibus Concordiae steterunt, Cic. Phil. 7, 21; refert qui audiunt frequentes an pauci an singuli, or. 3, 211; nondum frequentes conueniant, Sal. Cat. 181; ne quisquam ordine egredieretur, uti cum signis frequentes (in close array) incederent, Iug. 45 f.;

**2**, crowded, full, abounding, nihil interesse utrum piscibus an ramis frequens habeat minarium, Colum. 8, 16, 4; frequentissimo theatro, Cic. diu. 1, 59; f. municipium, Phil. 2, 106; frequentum tectis urbeni, Liv. 1, 9, 9; frequentia aedificia loca, 31, 23, 5; Verticibusque frequens erat atque imperiis amnis, Ov. M. 9, 106; frequentem cultoribus populum, Liv. 21, 34, 1; and absol., inter illos et frequentem Numidium inculiti uastique loci crater, Sal. Iug. 78 f.; frequens castellum, 43, 19, 4; (Nilus) beluis frequens, Plin. 5, 53; Lernaes frequens Phaeacia telus, Sen. Herc. f. 1249; conuiuium frequenti, Suet. Caes. 31; frequenti auditorio, Claud. 41; **3**, of time frequently occurring, frequent, common, often repeated, Mihi frequentem operam dedistis, Pl. Cist. 1, 1, 70—on wh. Varr.

1, 7, 5 p. 376 says: ualet assiduam; frequentibus poculis, Cic. sen. 44; frequentioribus latrocinis, Asin. ad Cic. 10, 31, 1; frequentior usus anulorum, Plin. 33, 17; add 37, 106; frequens apud Graecos adagium, Gell. 1, 8, 4; est frequentissima haec causa possessionis, Ulp. dig. 42, 4, 7, 2;

**4**, of a person or thing frequent in a place, una aderat frequens, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 80; f. Platonis auditor, Cic. or. 15; erat Romae frequens, Rosc. Am. 16; quibuscum si frequenter sunt, off. 2, 40; frequentiorum cum illis quam secum, Liv. 39, 53, 11; frequens contionibus, Tac. hist. 4, 69 f.; **5**, w. gen. perh. only in: (mons) talis siluae f. fecundusque, Tac. an. 4, 65.

**frētus**, part of a lost vb. [for fr-ee-tus, implying a vb. fer-ee=our bring for ber-ing, G. bringen, brach-to for ber-ach-to; also = *φωρ-ηρ-ος*; so ult. fin. fer-o=hear] borne up (hy), supported (ty) and so met. relying (on), Ita istae solent quae ubi subseruiere Sibī postulant, dote fretae, Ter. Men. 5, 2, 15; uirtute et uiribus, Amph. 1, 1, 57; uiribus, Eun. an. ap. Fest. 321 M; malitia fretus sua, Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 43; ingenio eius, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 100; Tua fiducia, Aul. 3, 6, 50; dis. Cas. 2, 5, 38, 40 and 41; intellegentia uestra, Cic. N. D. 1, 49; ingenio, or. 2, 103; conscientia officiali mei, fam. 3, 7, 6; uobis, Plane. 103; amicitia, Q. Cic. pet. cons. 25; loci praesidio, Caes. b. g. 6, 5 f.; amicitia Caesaris, b. c. 23, 59, 3; opibus, Sal. Cat. 56, 5; multitudinem militum, Iug. 13, 3; largitione, 15, 1; etc.; praesidio, Liv. 31, 23, 2; Tum uirgam capite...illa frētus agit nentes, Verg. 4, 245; **2**, steadied, Pondere enim fretae partim stant, Lucr. 6, 1058; **3**, w. dat., multitudo nulli rei praeterquam numero freta, Liv. 6, 13, 1; C. Sempronius tanquam constantissimae rei fortunae fretus, 4, 37, 6; **4**, w. inf., daring, pontum inrumpere fretae, Stat. Th. 6, 23.

**frico**, āre, cui, etus or citus, vb. [for thrico, (of wh. thrice = *τρῖς* or *τρεῖς*), and that for ter-ic-o, a vb. dim. fr. fin. ter-o] keep-rubbing, rub, nunquam concessimus, lauari aut friari aut tergeri aut ornari, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 10; add 21; L. Atqui pl. hodie non feres nisi genia conficiantur. A. quidus egestas imperat. Fridentur, dāne quod oro? As. 3, 3, 81; add 88; sus...fricat arbore costas, Verg. G. 3, 256; Nam mulas qui fricabat (curried) consul factus est, poet. ap. Gell. 15, 4, 3; manu sicca frictae, Plin. 13, 99; lacrimae (xylobalsam) probato ut sit...in fricando odorata, 12, 120; si prurit frictus oculi Angulus, Iuv. 6, 578; **2**, sponse, Mart. 11, 29, 8; Petr. 92 f.

**frīo**, āre, vb. (shortened from frico) crumble by rubbing, (terra) quae cum fodiatur facile frietur, Varr. r. 1, 9, 7; globis terrarum saepe friatis, Lucr. 1, 888; friato amomo, Plin. 12, 49; in micas, 12, 65; ut (cinnaum) inter sese tritum tarde frietur, 12, 92; (chalcitis) friat se statim, 34, 117.

**frīusculum**, i, n. (for frigusculum?) a little coldness, hence met. a temporary separation of married people, si diuortium non interesset, sed frīusculum, ualebit donatio, si frīusculum (sic) quicquid, Ulp. dig. 24, 1, 32, 12.

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**frīor**, i, etus rather than itus, vb. r. [fr-, better fruo- for fr-er-; and so = *φραε* = (*φραε*) swallow; = G. brauch-en, E. brook; (an insult, swallow or digest it); cf. fructus, frumentum, fruges] lit. feed oneself (with), eat, frui est uesci...a qua re etiam his quae nec cibo nec poculo sunt frui dicimur *καταχρηστικώς*, utpote bene ueneris..., Donat. ad Eun. 4, 7, 40; cf.: Restabat alibi nihil nisi oculos pascere, Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 85; **2**, enjoy, use, Sese alternis cum illo noctis hae frui, Pl. As. 5, 2, 68; Nec mihi (so Bemb.) fas esse uita uoluptate hic frui, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 97; quod? boni datur, fruare dum licet, 2, 3, 104; Hocine me non licere...ingenium? frui, 2, 4, 21; ut mihi liceat tamdiu quod? amo frui, Ter. Ph. 1, 3, 13; gaudio hoc, Hee. 5, 4, 2; lucem qua fruimur, Cic. Rosc. Am. 131; explicit inuendius est carere quam frui, sen. 47; laetitia uoluptate, ad Quir. 2; omnibus in uita commodis,

Caes. b. g. 3, 22, 2; anima, Sal. Cat. 2, 9; perpetua paece, ep. Mithr. 1, 2; illi spectaculo quo fructus sum, Vell. 2, 104, 3; add Prop. 2, 9, 24; Ov. M. 9, 724; F. 3, 544; Liv. 21, 3, 4; Tib. 3, 3, 32; 3. enjoy the society of, coniuge sum Cadmo...fructa Scratelo, CIL 1220, 5; neque nos te fruimur et tu nobis caeres, Cic. Att. 2, 1, 4; quum propter suas occupationes minus seneje Attico frueretur, Nep. Att. 20, 2; 4. esp. enjoy the produce of (land etc. as tenant), farm, sumum† cuique per me uti atque frui licet, Cato orat. ap. Gell. 13, 24, 1; eum agrum† Langenses possidere fruique videtur oportere, CIL 199, 24; add 30; is eum agrum† nei habeto nio fruimino, 32; quod† ante k. Ianuar. primas fructi sunt eruntque, 36; add 40; ne amphorem modum...quam proxima aestate fructi sunt, 42; quicquidque id publicum† fructum habebit, 200, 25; uetigalibus† fruendis legem dixerint, 200, 85; uetigalia† fruenda, 200, 87 (ter); quodque† eorum rerum antea usi fructeque sunt, 204, 1, 31; publicis uetigalibus† fruendis, 206, 74; Agellist...paulum quod locitas foras: Huic denus qui fruat, Ter. Ad. 5, 8, 27; Censores ut agrum Campanum† fructum locarent, Liv. 27, 11, 8; add 32, 7, 3; fundum† fructum conducentur, Paul. dig. 6, 3, 1, 1; qui id† fructum conduxit, Ulp. 43, 9, 1, 1; se usuros et fruitorum, 10, 3, 10; non meo nomine sed suo fruitus, 7, 4, 29; 5. gen. w. abl. but in old w. also w. acc., see † above; and add: Sin ea, quae fructus cumque es, perire profusa, Lucr. 3, 940; 6. hence fructus always in agreement w. noun, to be enjoyed, enjoyable, see † above; and add: non paranda nobis solum (sapientia), sed fruenda etiam est, Cic. fin. 1, 3; ad rem fruendam oculis, Liv. 22, 14, 4; add Ov. her. 20 (19), 118.

**frustrā**, (only in late wr. ā) adv. [perh. for för-ustērā, a lost comp. adv. akin to foris; or rather for uorustera, implying an adj. norustus twisted, wrong, from the root uor of nortio; for meaning of final ā cf. cā, quā, etc.] on the wrong road of the two, and so in vain—hence oft. w. vbs. of going—Praesagiat mihi animus frustra me ire, quom exiam domo, Pl. Aul. 2, 2, 1; Quom se exenecurise illuc frustra sciuerit, Bac. 2, 3, 125; add Curc. 2, 3, 58; Capt. 3, 1, 31; Ps. 1, 3, 144; Men. 4, 3, 20; 2. on the wrong road, wrongly, without reason, nec frustra ac sine causa quid facere dignum deo est, Cic. diu. 2, 125; non igitur frustra Plato cinili uirō necessariam musicen credidit, Quint. 1, 10, 15; frustra mala omnia ad crimen fortunae relegamus, 6, pr. 13; hanc quidam apostropen putant: frustra, 9, 3, 60; quid? Nicandrum frustra secuti Maceratate Vergilius? 10, 1, 56; neque enim frustra L. Crassus cuncta quae de aequo...dicantur, propria esse oratoris affirmat, 12, 2, 5; ut multi, nec frustra, opinantur, Suet. Oth. 9; 3. frustra esse, to be on the wrong road, be quite out, mistaken, (see Enn. under frustror, § 1), Iam hisce ambo et seruos et era frustra sunt duo, Pl. Amph. 3, 3, 19; Quid illam, meretricemne esse censes? Quippini? Frustra's. Quis igitur obsecro? Bac. 4, 7, 42; Sed sine nummo frustra's qui me tui miserici postulas, Ps. 1, 3, 144; D. Spes est de argento, T. Hilarus est: frustrat homo, Most. 3, 1, 40; add Enn. ap. Gell. 18, 2, 7 (corrupt); 4. and so, be disappointed, ut neque nos capiāmi et illi frustra sint, Sal. Iug. 85, 6; 5. esp. in the parenthetic form: ne frustra sis (sies),—so don't be disappointed, cf. the forms, ne eres, ne arbitrer, ne censes, in wh. an emphatic tu would be out of place, Tu hic post hunc diem ne frustra sis pedem intro non feres, Pl. Men. 4, 3, 18; Aliter hinc non ibis, ne sis frustra. Dabitur. Magis sapis, Mil. 5, 1, 29; so read w. Bothe: Nunc mulier ne frustra sis, mea non es: ne arbitrer, Merc. 3, 1, 30; w. me: Nunquam hodie hic prius edes tu: ne frustra sis, Quam... Pers. 1, 3, 60; Ego tibi daturus nil sum: ne frustra sis, Rud. 4, 7, 29; Non ferat, si dominus ueniat? Dominus, ne frustra sis, Nisi ego nemo natus huic, qui cepi in uenatu meo; ne frustra sis\* (first part of verse desperate) ib. 4, 3, 41;—sies\*, not sis, in this part of the verse is always to be expected in Pl. and Ter.; 6. gen. in vain, to no purpose, Nullum ostenderis: si falsa dicam, frustra dixero, Pl. Rud. 4, 4, 91; add Mil. 4, 2, 30;

Ne tu istas faxo calcibus saepe insultabis frustra, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 54; add Andr. 2, 1, 8; Haut, 2, 3, 20 etc.; auxilium f. implorari, Cic. or. 2, 144; f. suscipiatur labor, Tim. 10f.; f. tempus contero, Rosc. com. 41; neque ullum f. telum mittere, Caes. b. g. 3, 4, 2; f. laborem sumi, 3, 14, 1; f. auxilium petiuri, Sal. Cat. 34, 1; Heu magnum alterius frustra spectabis aerum, Verg. G. 1, 158; Frustra: nam scopolis surdior icari... Hor. od. 3, 7, 21; Frustra: nam gelidos inficiet tibi... 3, 13, 6; add 2, 14, 13 and 15; 7. frustra esse w. thing for subject, be in vain, fail, postquam id f. fuit, Sal. Iug. 71, 5; ea res f. fuit, 73f.; add 93, 1; 112, 2; 8. f. habere, disregard, disappoint, Corbulo, quaestio proelio f. habitus, Tac. an. 13, 37; alia aequa, quae breui seruata dein f. habita sunt, 13, 51; si Persae, f. habiti, redissent ad sua, Amm. M. 18, 6, 6; 9. w. ā in Mart., (see Müller r. m. 3, 341) and Prud.

**frustro**, āre [frustra, adv. on the wrong road] vb. put on the wrong road, mislead so as to end in disappointment,—only met.—Miseret me eorum qui sine frustis uentrem frustrantur suum, Pomp. ap. Non. 473 v. frustro; non frustrabo nos milites, Caes. ap. Diom. p. 395 P, 400, 20 K; frustrantia dona, Prud. apoth. 640; Pl. Mil. 3, 9 is corrupt; 2. as pass., ignauissimi quique tenuissima spe frustrantur, Sal. or. Licin.; frustrantur inderum, Laber. ap. Prisc. p. 793 P, 1, 386, 14 K; frustratus a spe deictus in castra se recepit, Fenest. ap. Prisc. ib.; frustratus spe continuandi consulatus, Vell. 2, 21, 2; intellexit frustratum esse nium suum, 2, 43, 2; 3. w. gen., disappointed about, scilicet, capitionis uersutae et excoGITATAE frustratus fuit, Gell. 5, 10, 16.

**frustror**, āri, [id.] vb. r. mislead for one's own purposes, and so in the end disappoint. Nam qui lepidè postulat (sese) alterum frustrari Qu(om) ipse frustra(st) frustra (illam) dicit frustra esse; nam qui Sese frustrari—quem frustra sentit, qui frustratur, Is frustra est, non ille est frustra (quem uoluit frustrari), Enn. s. ap. Gell. 18, 2, 7; Multos me hoc pacto iam dies frustramini, Pl. Most. 3, 1, 62; Et quon se (so H K ej.; ass atque, h. or, ii, se quon or cum) frustrantur frustrari alios stolidi existunt, Bac. 3, 6, 19; add Curc. 2, 3, 52; Amph. 2, 2, 200; As. 3, 3, 37; Ibo etsi hercle saepe iam me spes hanc frustrata. Vale, Ter. Andr. 2, 2, 37; ne frustretur ipse se, Eun. prol. 14; add Ad. 4, 4, 13; Tanta ut frustrando laetans nanans protrahas, Acc. ap. Non. 16, 22; and 184, 1; Cetera sic studia...uidentur In somnis animos hominum frustrata tenere, Lucr. 4, 972; Coecibus uide ne frustretur Cic. Att. 12, 18, 3; aut certare cum aliis pugmactur, aut frustrari eum alios tam etiam me ipsum uelim? acad. pr. 65; si Syriae spes eum frustrata esset, Lentul. ad Cic. 12, 14, 1; quid frustraris ciuitatem? Quid te ut regium inuenire conspicis sinis? Liv. 1, 47, 5; nec Tarquinius spe auxilii, quod nullam in me est, frustrator, 2, 15, 5; 2. so far w. living object—also w. abstract obj. make of no effect, render vain, differendo spem quanteque uellent consilii exsequendi militare impetum frustrari, 7, 38, 9; implicati arborum rami...lento uimine frustrabantur ictus, Curt. 6, 5, 16; 3. esp. of wasted labour etc., ne imbribus uentis imminutibus opera incohet laboremque frustretur, Colum. 1 pr. 22; in agricultura...imprudenter facta opera frustrantur impensas, 1, 1, 2; quibus (seruis) in uilla quid agendum uidebitur, eos intra parietes continere atque animaduertere ne diurna cessando frustrentur opera, 12, 1, 5.

**frutectum**, frutētum, i, n. [frutec- of frutex w. exrescent t] a collection of bushes or shrubs, shrubbery, spinney, ages frutecis (al. frutetis) obsessus, Colum. 3, 11, 3; radiem siluestris rosae...in fructo (so ms a), Plin. 25, 17; frutecta igni optime tolluntur, 18, 46; in frutecis nascitur bryonia, 23, 27; coeleae quae frutecibus adhaerent, 30, 37; per acuta fruteta, Prud. P. 443; tenebrosus tecta frutecis Semita, Symm. 2, 873; 2. in Sol. 30, 30 of a single bush or shrub: id frutectum (cinnamum), while Plin. himself 12, 89 has frutes.

**fungus**, i, m. [=σπογγος, σφογγος] a mushroom, moril, or toadstool, Satis esse nobis non magis potis est quam fungo inuber (so MSS), Pl. St. 5, 7, 5; pratensis optima fungus Natura est, Hor. s. 2, 4, 20; fungorum numerosa genera; tutissimi qui rubent callo, and soon: familias nuper intererem et tota consuiui, Plin. 22, 96; 2. in med., a fungus, fungo simile uleus in eadem sede (sc. ano) nasci solet, Cels. 6, 18, 11; aurium fungus, Tert. sp. 23; stypticum facit ad uulnera humecta et fungus exsicandos, Veg. uet. 6, 4, 7; 3. a diseased growth in trees, olea clauom etiam patitur sine fungum placet dici, Plin. 17, 233; 4. of gelatinous coral, in mari rubro siluas uiuere et...fungos qui sole tacti mutantur in pumicum, Plin. 13, 139; 5. of the black collection on the top of a wick, Scintillare oleum et putris conerescere fungos, Verg. G. 1, 392; 6. a term for a blockhead, Adeon me fuisse fungum ut qui illi crederem! Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 49; add 5, 1, 2; cf. tam nil sapit Nec sentit, quantis fungus putridus, 4, 7, 23.

**fūnis**, i, m., rarely f. (see § 7), [=σχοινος, as f=χ, ū=ο], lit. a rush, hence: torquere funem, twist rushes so as to make a rope, and tortus f. a rope, funem exordii oportet longum pedes LXXII...Cum tortus erit, longus (erit) pedes XLIX, Cato r. 135, 4; tortuosus incidere funis, Verg. 4, 375; Tortum digna sequi potius quam ducere funem, Hor. ep. 1, 8, 48; cf. torta cannabe, Pers. 5, 146; 2. gen. a rope or cord, of any material, funis loros, Cato r. 3, 5; 12, 1; 63, 1; funibus sparteis, ibid.; alua et palustri iunco funis nectant ad praetextenda piscibus retia, Plin. 16, 4; insectabit lapidibus nisi illum iubes Comprehendi...fune opust, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 62; funes qui antennis ad malos destinabant, Cae. b. g. 3, 14, 6; Demissus lapsi per funem, Verg. 2, 262; adductaque funibus arbor Cornuti, Ov. M. 7, 775; Dixit et exiguo funem conamine traxit, F. 4, 325; 3. met. from a rope as directing machinery, cf. Hor. in § 1; 4. met. from a cord as used in giving more or less play to a dog or hawk etc., Quae dederam supra repeto, funemque reduco, Pers. 5, 118; 5. met. from a boys' game of pulling against each other on a rope, διελευσθῆναι παίζειν (Poll. 9, 112), funem contentiosum alterno ductu in

diuersa distendere, Tert. pud. 2; add Tert. Marc. 4; 6. prov. of a rope of sand, tam exigua sunt ut quod aiunt Gracci, ex incomprehensibili paruitate arenae funis effici non possit, Colum. 10 pr. 4—ἐξ αμύνου σχοίνου πλεκεν; 7. as fem., aurea de caelo funis, Lucr. 2, 1154; quoted by Gell. 13, 21 (20), 21 and Non. 205.

**furca**, ae, f. [for fōr-ica from fōd- dig, whence fōr-are and fōd-are; for change of r cf. allied E. words, bore and bod-kin] a prong, as in bifurcus two-pronged, tri-furcus three-pronged; 2. furcae, arum, a fork, hence the fatal fork in the road near Caudium, furcae Caudinae, Val. Max. 5, 1, ext. 5; and 7, 2, ext. 17; called Furculae C. by Liv. 9, 2, 6; 9, 3, 6; 9, 11, 3; and Flor. 1, 11, 9; 3. furca in sing., a pitchfork, Naturam expellas furca, tamen usque recurret, Hor. ep. 1, 10, 24; cf. furcilla; and prob. fm. a sing. furca in: furcis ab opere remouentur, Caes. b. c. 2, 11, 2; qui crexerant ad murum scalas, furcis...detrudebantur, Liv. 28, 3, 7; Exceunt alii uallos furcasque bicornis, Verg. G. 1, 264; add 2, 359; 4. an instrument for punishment of slaves, a forked piece of wood resting on the neck, the hands fastened to the ends, put as a plur., satis sumptuosus iam supplicii. Fateor: manus nobis do. Post dabis sub furcis, Pl. Pers. 5, 2, 73; 5. elsewhere only in sing., Ol. Deos quaeso, Ch. Vt quidem hodie tu canem et furcam feras, Cas. 2, 6, 37—wh. I wd. read furcas, but for: remittam ad te uirum Cui furca in urbem tanquam carbonarium, 2, 8, 2; sub furca uinctum, Liv. 1, 26, 10; sub furca caesum, 2, 36, 1; Ibis sub furcam, Hor. s. 2, 7, 66; cum serum sub furca ad supplicium egisset, Val. M. 1, 7, 4; nudi hominis ceruicem inscri furcae, corpus uirgis usque ad necem caedi, Suet. Ner. 49; 6. a gibbet for execution of slaves, etc., decuriones furcae subici (non possunt), Ulp. dig. 48, 10, 9, 11; transfugas ad hostes furcae suspenduntur, Paul. 49, 18, 38, 2; famosas latrones in his locis ubi grassati sunt furcae figendos, Callistr. 48, 19, 28, 15; canes uiui in furca sambuceae armo (al. arbore) fixi, Plin. 29, 57; 7. for taming steers, si eorum colla in furcas destitutas includeris, Varr. r. 1, 20, 2; 8. of a crab's claws, caucorum f., Apul. apol. p. 297.

## G.

**G**, the seventh letter of the Latin alphabet. As C corresponding in place to Gr. Γ had at first the sound of P, as in goose, G must then have had a different power, prob. that of E, j, esp. as its place is the same w Gr. Ζ which seems to have had this sound. Its form too, C with a small apex below may have been intended for Ci, wh. before another vowel would sound as our j. Cf. Ital. giacere giogo (γυγος) giudice; the same sound survives in Ital. before i and e, as in girare, gemere; still in classical Latin the g before all vowels was no doubt that of g in goose, witness the declension ager agri, aeger aegra aegrum; yet as the palatal sound was alike pre-classical and post-classical, it was prob. kept all through in some rustic dialect; 2. it is said (Plut. Q. Rom. 54) to have been first introduced by Sp. Caruilus some 500 years a. u. c.; in the epitaph of L. Cornelius Scipio Barbatus (cons. 456) occur Gnauid, prognatus, subigit; 3. C w. power of G is seen in: Seicini CIL II, 1, Maconia 54, Maconio 117, acetur 207, Cemelus 1173, ceatus 1380; and was long retained in the two praenomena, C or Caius, pron. Gaius, Cn or Cnaeus, pron. Gnaeus; 4. but the Dullian inser. with its macraestros, exfoedant, puenandod, Cartaceniensiis is of simulated antiquity; G then was not one of the original alphabet of 16 letters; 5. was written by Accius and others for the guttural nasal, as γ in Greek, viz. in aggulus aggulla iggerunt ageps ageora, Varr. ap. Frise. 556 P; 1, 30, 15 K;

6. g initial often lost before n, as gnoscō noscō, gnatus natus, gnitor (or guitor) nitor, nurus prob. for gonurus, norma for gnoma, necito for gnetico; hence Cic. is wrong when he ascribes to euphony (dulcibus uisum est, orat. 15) the g of ignoti, ignaui, ignari; cf. co-gnatus, pro-gnatus, co-gnomen, a-gnoscō etc.; 7. g initial often lost before l, as lact-is γαλακτ-ος, lux prob. for gol-ux, lingua (γλῶσσα) for glingua; 8. g final prob. lost in nouns, as uespero- (nesper) for uesperug; apero- for aperog, cf. aprugno-; ferula, lappa, tilia, olea, etc., for ferulag, tililag, oleag, cf. ferulag-o, lappag-o, tililag-in-eus, oleag-in-eus; 9. also in verb, fru-or for fru-g-or, cf. fru-g-es, fructus, stratus stratus from a stem strag, cf. stragulus, strages, orior, prurio from stems orig-, prurig-, cf. orig-o, prurig-o; 10. g before m often silent and so often omitted, exagmen or examen; add flamma, contaminio, stramen; 11 12. Lat. g or ng often corresponds to Gr. χ, unguis ονεί-χος; pinguis παχυς; anguis εχίς; longus δολιχος; lingo λεχω; arguo ελεγχω; draguma δραχμῳ; pol-lingo lay out (a corpse), λεγω λεχος; but prob. ger-o shoot (wh. see), χεο or χυο root of χεω; gratus akin to χαίρω, compare Lat. b=Gr. φ; 12. Lat. g=Gr. κ, cygnus κυκνος, gubernο κυβερναω, γαργophyllon γαρφαρόφυλλον; see also ignis and agnus; 13. Lat. g corresponds to k (c) Eng. (Rask's Law) gnoscō know, genu knee, genus kin kind, nigilo wake, ligno liek, sugo suck, gleba clod, grex crew, glomus crewel, and clew; 14. w.

eb Eng. which often supersedes k, mag-usus much, gena chin (G. kinn), tego thatch, nigilo watch; IV 15. Lat. g often disappears in Romance langg., as L. integrum, It. intero, Sp. entero, Prov. entier, Fr. entier, E. entire; nigrum, It. nero, Fr. noir; legalis, It. leale, Fr. leal, Prov. leial, E. loyal; angurium, Prov. aur, Fr. bon-heur, mal-heur; esp. in Fr. Ligeris Loire, negare nier, paganus paupen, peregrinus pelerin, Augustus Aodt, Augustodunum Autun, pigritia (Sp. pereza) paresse, castigare châtier, magis mais; 16. sometimes=palatal g or j, chiefly in Fr. gaudere jouir, largus large, Gabali Javoux, argentum argent, 17. sometimes=y or h, or h, in Span. gelu yelo, gemma yema, gener yero, gypsum yeso, legenda leyenda; 18. often vanishes before m in It., augmentare aumentare, fragmen- tum frammento, auri-pigmentum, orpimento; 19. gn often drops the g in sound, at times adding a y-sound, dignus signum, Ital. degno segno, Fr. digne signe enseigner, Sp. deñar, seña, Port. desdinhar; benignus malignus, Fr. béni, malin; V 20. abbreviations, G=Gaius, imp. Caes. G. Atræ. Val. Dioctetianus, inser. Or. 467; 21.= Gallia Gallica, etc., leg. xi G., leg. (10) xxi G., 441; 22.= gemina, leg. xii G., 1214; 23.=Germania, prouinciae (G. Inferioris), 8767; 24.=genius, (G. Genio) (p. opuli) R(omani), in a coin, CIL 4459; 25. also=same, gen, (ciuitatis), inser. Or. 7159; 26. gil=gilaus, siluano ...gil(uo), a horse, 2593; 27. gub.=gubernator, C. Iulio Diogeni gen., 6882.

**gamba**, ae, f. metacarpal bone in a horse's leg [some- times mistranslated hoof] l'os de canon, Verg. uet. 6, 1, 2; add 1, 27, 41; 3, 47, 1; 3, 49, 1; 2. the leg generally, in- flexione gamburum, 2, 28, 38; 3. hence Fr. jambe.

**gāza**, ae, f. [a Persian word] treasure or treasury (of Eastern monarchs), gaza (sic Persae aerarium nunciat), Mela 1, 11; gaza Persicus sermo est et significat diuitias, unde Gaza urbs in Palaestina dicitur, Serv. ad A. 1, 123; qui ab auro gazaque regia manus cohibere possit, Cic. Man. 66; omni Macedonia gaza potius, off. 2, 76; Adparent...Arma mirum talulacque et Troia gaza per undas, Verg. 1, 119; gaza regia in potestate venit, Liv. 45, 41, 6; nil nostro in corpore gaza proficiunt, Lucr. 2, 37; Arabum gazis, Hor. od. 1, 29, 21; add 2, 16, 9; Tac. an. 6, 31; Suet. Aug. 41 and Ner. 31; Mart. 12, 53, 3; Sen. Here. F. 168; Med. 488; Phoen. 147; see gazum.

**gāzophylācium**, ii, n. (γαζοφυλάκιον) treasury, Hier. ep. 14, 8; Isid. or. 20, 9.

**gāzum**, i, n. [see gaza] same as gaza, Augusti seruans pia gaza sacelli, Corip. Inst. 4, 334; non operas facitis, non domum gazo paratis, Commod. 2, 13, 12; in gazo praeterea de labore mittere debes, 2, 30, 14.

**gemma**, ae, f. [for gemina? root gen of gigno] a bud, in- eunte uere in his quae relictas sunt (sarmenis) existit...ea quae gemma dicitur, Cic. sen. 53; Sed trudit gemmas (sc. pampini) frondes explicat omnis, Verg. G. 2, 335; uerior ratio est inserendi tepeutibus iam diebus...cum et gemma se et cortex naturaliter mouet, Colum. 4, 29, 4; cf. gemmo, gemmasco; 2. hence met. a jewel, gem, pocula ex auro...gemmis distincta; and soon: nas uianum ex una gemma?, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 62; nego in Sicilia...nullam gemmam aut margaritam (fuisse)...quid...quod placitum sit abstulerit, 2, 4, 1; ut nihil instituto operi desit, gemmae supscant, Plin. 37, 1; 3. esp. of drinking vessels, cf. a gem above?; Vi gemma bibat et Sarrano dormiat ostro, Verg. G. 2, 506; In gemma posuere merum, Ov. M. 8, 572; quibus gemma ministratur, Sen. prou. 3, 13; 4. of seal-ring, Pl. rogata unde istunc habeat autem...opsepro parentis ne meos mihi prohibeas. Cu. Quid ego, sub gemmae apstrussos habeo matrem et patrem? Pl. Cure. 5, 2, 8; Protinus impressa signat sua crimina gemma, Ov. M. 9, 566; qui se...beatum...gemma fecerat uida, Iuv. 1, 68; add 13, 138; Plin. 37, 3; 5. though distinguished from the pearl above, yet a pearl in: Et legitur rubris gemma sub aequo- ribus, Prop. 1, 14, 12; Erythrae cruta gemma uadis, Mart. 8, 28, 14; 6. met. of peacock's tail, gemmis caudam

stellantibus implet, Ov. M. 1, 723; cf. gemmeam caudam, Phaedr. 3, 18, 8 and caudae gemmae, Pall. 1, 28, 2; 7. also met., Multas in digitis, plures in carmine gemmas Iuuenes, Mart. 5, 11, 3; Hesperius gemma amicorum, Sidon. ep. 4, 22; 8. Cicero would make jewel the first meaning, a bud metaphorical! So: gemmare uites rustici dicunt (as a translatio uerbi), or. 3, 155; and again orat. 81; so too Quint. 8, 6, 6.

**gēmo**, ōre, ūi, itum, vb. [=γενω be laden, as a ship] groan, as heavily laden or pressed etc., gemuit sub pondere cumba, Verg. 6, 413; tractaque gentem Ferre rotam, G. 3, 183; Antennaeque gemant, Hor. od. 1, 14, 6; Et gemuit parmo mota fenestra sono, Ov. Pont. 3, 3, 10; pressique lugo gemere iuueni, M. 1, 124; stridunt iunes, curuatur arbor, gubernacula gemunt, Plin. ep. 9, 16, 4; cu- neisque gemit graue robur adactis, Val. F. 3, 264; add 6, 168; cf. gemuit; 2. so of waves breaking, Visam ge- mentis litore Bospori, Hor. od. 2, 20, 13; gentemque re- plet Amnes, Verg. 5, 806; quicquid Tyrrhenia turbit unda Vel gemit Ionis, Cland. cons. Mal. Th. 204; 3. of man, groan, sigh, uxorem tuam Neque gentem neque plorantem nostrum quisquam audiuimus, Pl. Amph. 5, 1, 47; me intuent gemens; traxit ex intimo uentre suspirium, Truc. 2, 7, 40; hos pro me lugere, hos gemere...uidebam, Cic. Planc. 101; te nemo asperxit qui non gemeret, Pis. 25; lugent iuuenesque senesque Vulsusque proceresque gemunt, Ov. M. 8, 526; 4. w. common cognate acc., extrema gentem, Verg. 11, 865; multum gemens, Phaedr. 5, 8, 10; 5. w. acc. of object, groan or sigh at, groan over, prisuquam enecat Quod in pauperie mea senex grauitur gemam, Enn. ap. Non. 494, 1; Eandem uirtutem istam ueniet tempus cum grauitur genes, poet. ap. Cic. Att. 2, 19, 3; Quam dare quod gemeret hostes, Lucr. 5, 1348; Multa gemens ignominiam plagasque superbi Victoris, Verg. G. 3, 226; Teque gemunt uirgo, Ov. M. 13, 483; Tacite gentes tristem fortunae uicem, Phaedr. 5, 1, 6; 6. w. iuf., in poets, Paucis ostendi gemens et communia laudas, Hor. ep. 1, 20, 4; murteta relinqui uicem genit, 1, 15, 7; qui serunt te gemisse eudi, Mart. 9, 92, 2; dominique genit captiuus inire Imperia, Stat. Ach. 1, 281; 7. of birds, beasts, leonum qui...gementes...Lucr. 3, 297; turtur, Verg. B. 1, 590; noctua, Prop. 4, 3, 59; 8. in pass., hic status est qui una uoce omnium gemitur, Cic. Att. 2, 18, 1; Non me mors illi, uerum sua uita gemenda (Merk. tremenda) est, Ov. M. 13, 464; 9. = Fr. gēindre, as well as gémir for gemisco.

**gēna**, ae, f. [=γενω, S. hana, G. kinn, E. chin; cf. mentum] jawbone, jaw (obsolete), esp. the upper jaw or cheek-bone, infra oculos malae homini tantum, quas prisci genas uocabant, xii tabularum interdicto radi\* a feminis uetantes, Plin. 11, 157; genae (oculos) ab inferiore parte tantum leniterque eminentes, Cic. N. D. 2, 143; 2. the part on which the beard grows, Pacuinus genas putat esse qua barba primum oritur, hoc uersu, Nunc primum opacat flore lanugo genas, Fest. p. 94 M; Vincit ubi crasas barba pudenda genas (sc. uolsi nepotis), Prop. 4, 8, 26; mulieres genas ne radant, Cic. leg. 2, 59; cf. Plin. above \*; 3. gen, the cheek, gena comprimit artem genat, Enn. ap. Isid. orig. 11, 1; Lacrimae perdere uero exanguis genas, poet. ap. Cic. Tusc. 3, 26; mihicre lacrationes genarum pectoris..., 3, 62; uim et in genas Furcine labitur, Hor. od. 1, 13, 6; add 4, 1, 34; Parce tamen lacere genas, Ov. tr. 3, 3, 51; 4. eyelid, Pandite sultis genas et corde relinquit somnum, Enn. ap. Fest. 343; imprimit gena? genum?, Ennius (de dormiente) ap. Serv. A. 6, 686; Effusa? genis lacrimae, Verg. 6, 686 (belongs perh. to § 5); palpebrae (eye lashes) in genis hominutrimaque...; quadru- pedibus (palpebrae) in superiore tantum gena f, uolueribus in inferiore...Ne genae quidem omnibus; ideo neque nectationes..., Plin. 11, 154—157; 5. in poets, perh. the eye itself, Et patiar fossis lumen abire genis, Ov. Pont. 2, 8, 66; Vt te conspecta subito...Restitit fixis in tua membra genas, Ov. her. 19 (20), 206; and perh. a. a. 2, 452; Exusta- etque tuae mox Polypheme genae, Prop. 3, 12, 26; Corni-

cum immeritis eruit ungue genas, 4, 5, 16; pl.; but sing. above †.

6. gen. in

**gēnēr**, *gēni*, m. [= γαμβρος for γαμερος, and so akin to γαμος] a daughter's husband, son-in-law, Istie quidem edepol mei iuri habitat gener, Pl. Cist. 4, 2, 87; quidem ei quei petet gener socer nutritus primumque siet, CIL 198, 22; Tibi generum firmum et filiae iuvenis iurum, Ter. Andr. 3, 3, 39; cum soceris generi non lauantur, Cic. off. 1, 129; Tum primum gēneris intulit arma socer, Ov. F. 3, 202; Cum filiae atque socer diris concurrerent armis, Mart. 9, 70, 3; generi uir gener appellatur, Modest. dig. 38, 10, 4, 6; 2. of one about to be a son-in-law, but as yet only betrothed, generi et nurus appellatione sponsus quoque et sponsa continetur, Ulp. 38, 10, 6, 1; iuuenisque Coroneus ... Venerat, ... Cassandra incensus amore Et gener auxilium Priamo Phrygibusque ferebat Infelix, qui non sponsae praecpta furens Audierit, Verg. 2, 344; wh. Servius; gener dicitur et qui est et qui esse uult; 3. of a grand-daughter's or great-granddaughter's husband, generi appellatione et neptis et proneptis, ... maritus continetur, Ulp. dig. 50, 16, 136; 4. of a sister's husband, Pygmalion ... anaculum suum eundemque generum ... occidit (viz. Acerbam, who had married his sister Elissa), Iust. 8, 4, 8; and perh. ps. Nep. Paus. 1, 2; 5. by a bold licence, of an adulterer, Villius in Fausta Sullae gener, Hor. s. 1, 2, 64; 6. generibus old dat. pl. as from gener -ris, qui ducat cum te uiderit Socerum generibus tantam esse impietatem, Acc. ap. Non. 487.

**germen**, *inis*, n. (gero shoot), shoot, bud, eye, huc aliena ex arbore germen Includunt, Verg. G. 2, 76; Inque non soles audent se germina tuto Credere, 2, 332; serotino germine malus, tardissimo suber, Plin. 16, 68; Hoc uocatur in uite gemma, cum ibi caespitem facit; ante uero quam faciat, in concavo oculo et in caumine ipso germen, 17, 153; ex uno grano cccc paucis minis germina, 18, 94; exurunt hortorum germina, 7, 64; autumnum maturat germina Virgo, Claud. laud. St. 2, 465; germine Linae (parsley), Stat. silu. 5, 3, 142; 2. met. of human or animal offspring, Imperatorque uterum generoso germine, Ov. M. 9, 280; extirpato seruili germine, Iust. 18, 3, 19; germine nobilis Eulalia, Prud. stroph. 3, 1; conclusa uidet (sc. canes) sua germina flammis, Nemes. cyn. 153; celsa Tonantis germina, Claud. rapt. Pros. 2, 76; 3. other met., rabies (gen.) unde illae germina surgunt, Lucr. 4, 1083; frontis (horn), Claud. rapt. Pros. 1, 129; maris (pearl), id. ep. Seren. 14; quae germen ab aethere traxit, Prud. Cath. 10, 24.

**gēro**, *re*, *gessi*, *gestus* [ger = γερ of γαρνυμι, γε or γν or rather γερ of γειω, whence γῆλος and γῆμος; cf. ger-men, germanus, germino; also grae-ilis with gratus granum and gramen, cresco for ger-esco, E. grow, and perh. grex for ger-egs], vb. shoot, Quod tu istis haerumis te probare postulas, non plaris refert quam si imbrum in cribrum geras (so xss), Pl. Ps. 1, 1, 100; neque eam noraginem coniecti terrae quam pro se quisque gereret expleri potuisse, Liv. 7, 6, 2 (belongs perh. to § 4); cf. congero, digero, egero, ingero, regero, suggero; 2. esp. of vegetation, shoot, send forth, cause to grow, produce, bear, quae quod gerit fruges Ceres, Enn. ap. Varr. 1, 5, 10; granum a gerendo (dictum), id. enim ut gerat spica seritur frumentum, non ut glumam autaristam gerat, Varr. 1, 48, 2; Et steriles platani malos gessere ualentes, Verg. G. 2, 70; Arboribus caesis quas ardua gesserat Oete, Ov. M. 9, 230; Aut quos Oceano propior gerit India lucos, 2, 122; quot messis aristas, Silua gerit frondes, 11, 615; uiolae, ... Rustica quas nullo terra serente gerit (so Benti., uelut, Merk.), tr. 3, 12, 6; Quicquid et herbarum Thessalia terra gerit, Tib. 2, 4, 56; 3. in poets, gen. give birth to, Empedocles est Insula quem triquetris terrarum gessit in oris, Lucr. 1, 717; Terra uiros urbesque gerit, Ov. M. 2, 15, 4; 4. carry (earth, water, missiles) to be shot or heaped, si non habebis unde irriges, gerito (aquam) inditocue leniter, Cato r. 151, 4; saxa muros munimentibus gerunt, Liv. 28, 19, 13; quum feminae tela

omnis generis saxaque in muros gerent, 37, 5, 1; 5. gen. carry, carry away, Si id capso (oppidum), geritote amici uostros aurum corribus, Pl. Bac. 4, 4, 61; Quo ambulat tu qui Vulcanum in cornu concludum geris? Amph. 1, 1, 185; translatus ab his qui honora gerunt, Varr. 1, 6, 77; spolia ducis fereulo, Liv. 1, 10, 5; trigemina spolia prae se, 1, 16, 2; cf. gerulus a portor; 6. of pregnancy, canes gerunt uterum sexagenis diebus, Plin. 8, 151; (oues) gerunt partum diebus cl., 8, 187; cf. E. gestatio; 7. carry habitually, wear, esp. of dress, but also of parts of the body, Vt letum indisidii qui gessit (pellem ferinam) primus obiret, Lucr. 5, 1420; personam, Cic. off. 1, 115; Atque umbrata gerant ciuili tempora quereu, Verg. 6, 772; Virginis os habitumque gerens et uirginis arma, 1, 319; iam quas induat ille Festinat uestes, iam quas... Ipsa gerat, Ov. M. 11, 576; inmixtos erinibus angues, 4, 792; 8. w. non-material object, Sed satine ego animam mente sincera gero? Pl. Bac. 3, 4, 11; fidem, Captum 2, 3, 77; pudorem, Poen. 1, 2, 92; Pueri inter sese quam proleuius noxitis iras gerunt! Ter. Hec. 3, 1, 30; sollicitam mentem, Lucr. 3, 1049; inimicitias, Cic. Deiot. 30; amicitiam, fam. 3, 8, 5; 9. esp. w. bellum, be at war (with), wage war, cum meis gerere bellum, Pl. Stic. 1, 2, 15; Bellum gerentes summum summa industria, Enn. ap. Non. 402, 3; Antiochus epistolis bellum gerit, Cato ap. Iul. Rufin. de fig. 6, p. 109 Rubuk.; bella cum finitims gessit, Cic. rep. 2, 15; quilibetque continenter bellum gerunt, Caes. b. g. 1, 1, 4; but this does not exclude bellum gere in the sense of next §; 10. of office, bear the charge of, hold, administer, execute, praeturam, Pl. Epid. 1, 1, 23; aedilitatem, St. 2, 2, 29; tutelam, Trin. 4, 2, 28; Ulp. dig. 27, 3, 1, 10; quae ex h(a)ec (lege) non iouauerit, is magistratum imperiumque nei petito meum gerito neque habeto, CIL 197, 19; ad 200, 41; consulatum, Cic. agr. 1, 25; Sest. 37; dunnuiratum, 10; gerendorum honorum non promissa caestas est, Callist. dig. 50, 4, 14, 5; his locis ubi bellum gesserat, Caes. b. g. 2, 34, 3 etc.; 11. esp. with rem, negotium and neut. adj., Nec recedit loco quin statim rem gerat, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 84; Pellitur e medio sapientia, ui geritur res, Enn. ap. Cic. Mur. 30; qui rem cum Achiuis gesserunt statim, Enn. ap. Non. 393, 4; bene rem geras, CIL 1006; a rebus gerundis senectus abstrahit, Cic. sen. 15; magnae res gerebantur, rep. 2, 56; imperator dicitur res gere, Varr. 1, 6, 8, 77; ubi res ferro geratur, Liv. 10, 39, 12; negotium, Pl. Truc. 2, 4, 32; Cic. fam. 13, 5, 1; Caes. b. g. 3, 18, 5; cum omnia per populum geruntur, Cic. rep. 1, 43; omnia nostra ita gerito... ut nihil a me expectes, Att. 16, 2, 2; 12. absol. rem or res etc. understood, in gerendo probabiles, in disserendo rudes, Cic. rep. 1, 13; qui a spe gerendi absunt, confecti senectute, fin. 5, 52; but in Liv. 25, 22, 1 (where Mas Put. has prosperum g.), 40, 57, 9 and Vell. 2, 102, 2, read: prospere rem gerent etc., rem being lost after re of prospere; 13. absol. act, administer, nec quicquam proficit si pro herede gerat, id. est, si rebus hereditariis tanquam heres utatur, Gai. 2, 166; ad 2, 176; Pompon. dig. 29, 2, 29; 14. in later lang., w. acc. of officer or person, play the part of, support the character of, conduct oneself as, priuato iudicio principem geris, Plin. pan. 44, 2; gere captium positoque genu., Matris fletus imitare tuae, Sen. Troad. 725; anonum curamus et adilem gerimus, Apul. M. 1, 24; L. Quinctius Cincinnatus qualem consulens gessit, Val. M. 4, 1, 4; Tu cunctum patremque geras, Claud. iv cons. Hon. 293; nec heredem regni sed regem gerebat, Iust. 32, 3, 1; cf. implere censorem, Vell. 2, 95, 3; and matrem egit, Iust. 1, 1, 3; 15. gerere se, bear oneself, conduct oneself, ita se iam tum gessisse pro ciue, Cic. Arch. 11; quemadmodum nos aduersus homines geramus, off. 1, 98; ad fam. 11, 27, 5; Att. 6, 1, 13; 16. of time, pass, live, ut cum aliquo adolescente primario coniuncta aetatem gereret, Sulp. ad Cic. 4, 5; 3; primae adolescentiae tempus tanta infamia gessisse... ut... Suet. Dom. 1; annum gerens (al. agens) actatis sexagesimum aequum, Vesp. 24; imputabilem gerens sterilemque inuuant, Val. F. 6, 695; a puero uitam Chiam gessi, Petr. 63; 17. prae se g., carry before one, exhibit, evince, show (= prae se ferre), affectionis ratio perspicua



solet prae se gerere coniecturam, ut amor..., Cic. inu. 2, 30; prae se quamdam gerit utilitatem, 2, 157; animum altum prae se gerebat, bell. Afr. 10, 5. 18. morem g. w. dat. of person, humour, oblige, gratify, Tu ecastor eras quae...illi morem sic geras, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 32; add 1, 3, 43 and 69; Cist. 1, 1, 87; mos gerundus Thaidi, Ter. Eun. 1, 3, 108; geram tibi morem, Cic. Tusc. 1, 17; add Att. 2, 16, 3; fam. 2, 17, f. 19. same w. dat. of feeling gratified, animo morem gessero, Ter. Andr. 4, 1, 17; cupiditatem morem gerunt, Cic. Quinct. 9; 20. gerens part., as sb. manager (cf. Ter. Andr.), rei male gerentes, Pl. Truc. 1, 2, 43; gerens negoti, Cic. Quinct. 62; 21. res gestae, doings, achievements (see § 11), nemo non quasi mercedem rerum gestarum desiderat, Cic. Off. 1, 65; an in Hispania res gestas Caesaris non audistis? Caes. b. c. 2, 32, 5; rerum gestarum diui Augusti...exemplar, mon. Aneyr. 1.

**geuma**, ātis, n. a taste, a smack, It to replebo ego usque unguentum geumatis (abl.), Pl. Poen. 3, 3, 88.

**glisco**, ēre, vb. [for gol-isco? akin to E. glow, and so to Lat. lux; cf. W. gole, golem light, golem glow-worm, and golosi vb. singe: Gliscit crescit et latenter ueteres (de) incremento ignis ponebant, Serv. A. 12, 9] get hotter and hotter, only met., pulcre hoc gliscit prohem, Pl. As. 5, 2, 62; gliscit rabies, caue tibi, Capt. 3, 4, 26; gliscit gaudium, Pac. ap. Non. 22; Numquam Tyn-daridis formae confutatus amore Ignis Alexandri Phrygio sub pectore gliscens Clara accendisset sueni certamina belli, Lucr. 1, 474; ad inueniētem lubidinem copia uoluptatum gliscit ut ignis oleo, Cic. ap. Non. 22; immensum aucto mari et uento glisciente, Sal. ib.; Hand secus accenso gliscit uolentia Turno, Verg. 12, 9; bellum gliscens iam per aliquot annos, Liv. 2, 19, 2—smouldering but with ever-increasing heat, cf. latenter ap. Serv. above; so too of yet unseen fire: inuidiam eam sua sponte glisciente insignis calamitas accendit, 2, 23, 2; and: glisciente indies seditione, 6, 14, 1; ne glisceret prima negligēdo bellum, 29, 2, 2; adulatio, Tac. an. 1, 1; saecutia, 6, 25 (19) f.; negotia, 11, 22; flagitia et infamia, 14, 15; ira tyranno, Sil. 2, 239; Pascitur adiuto Vuleanus turbine uenti Gliscentemque trahens turris per uiscera tabem..., 14, 308; gliscitque tepentis Lumina torua nidens, Stat. Th. 8, 756; dulci gliscere ferro, 12, 639; 2. swell, increase in size, become fatter, (aellus) gliscit etiam gliscit, Colum. 7, 1, 1; turtur per hiemem difficilem gliscit, S. 9, 1; met.: exilium terram...stercorare conueniet nam eo quasi pabulo gliscit, 2, 5, 1; suffusa ueneno Tenditur ac sanie gliscit cutis, Stat. Th. 1, 107; met. of increased wealth, postquam eo magnificentiae uenerit, gliscere singulos, Tac. an. 2, 33; cum (cohorts) gliscerent numero, 4, 5, 1; add 4, 27, 5; 4, 35, 5; Et gliscit gressu (fama), Sil. 4, 6; 3. w. inf., burn to..., gliscis (so ass) regnare, Stat. Th. 3, 73; 4. as vb. trans. caue to be hotter, and so w. se or in form gliscor, as vb. r. quibus se a partibus (di) gliscunt, warm as partizans, Acc. ap. Non. 22; cum saluam uideo ut uolui gliscor gaudio, Turp. ib.; ut maior inuidia Lepido glisceretur, Semp. As. ib. 481; 5. by some identified w. cresco, i.e. E. grow; cf. Serv. above.

**glūbo**, ēre, vb. [prob. for col-ūbo, and so akin to col-or skin, σκελλω σπυλός σκυρίον, E. skin; and so to cor-tum, scortum, χρῶς; and to glaber] trans., peel, skin, salictum suo tempore caedit, glūbo...librum consernato, Cato r. 33, 5; melior (olea) quae digitis nudis legitur quam illa quae cum digitalibus; duricies enim eorum non solum stringit bacem sed etiam ramos glūbat ac relinquunt ad gelicidium reiectos, Varr. r. 1, 55, 2; gluma hordei tunicula, dictum quod glūbat id granum. Unde et pecus glūbi dicitur, cuius pellis detrahatur, Paul. ex f. p. 98 M; 2. obsce., Glūbat magnanimo Remi nepotes, Catul. 58, 5; 113. intr. peel, quae materies semen non habet, cum glūbet (glūbebit Keil), tum tempestua est, Cato r. 17, 1; add 31, 20. **glūdis**, is, f. a plant, herba quae et paeonia, Apul. herb. 94.

**glūm-a**, ae, f. [glūbo] hnsk of plants, in ordeo et tritico

(spica) tria habet continentia granum glumam aristam... gluma qui est folliculus eius... ut grani apex sit gluma...apud Ennium solum scriptum esse oisio... Videtur etymon habere a glubendo...Eodem uocabulo appellat fiet...folliculum, Varr. r. 1, 48, 1; cf. Paul. ex f. p. 98 under glabo.

**gluo**, στερνγω, gloss. Philox.

**grāc-ilens**, tis, adj. [see gracilis] lanky, gracilentis colore, Naev. ap. Non. 116.

**grāc-ilentus**, adj. [see gracilis] lanky, long and thin, Deducunt habiles gladios illo gracilento, Enn. ap. Non. 116; equum g., Gell. 4, 12, 2.

**grāc-il-esco**, vb. [gracilis] get thinner, oblesco...in figuram metus...consurgens, utque radium (solis) imitetur gracilescens, Amm. 17, 4, 7; magnitudo (pyramidum) in celsitudinem scandens gracilescit paulatim, 22, 15, 29.

**grāc-ilipes**, ēdis, adj. long-legged, ciconia, Publil. Syr. ap. Petr. 55.

**grāc-ilis**, e, (old gracilus? also) adj. [implies a vb. grac- for ger-ac = E. gr-grow, from ger-o shoot; akin to granen grandis] growing fast, lanky, slim, slender; first of the human person, nostri quam sit gracili corpore, Turp. ap. Non. 116; quas matres student Demissis uicinis esse, uincto pectore, ut graciles (al. gracillae?) sient, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 24; quod gracila\* est, pernix, quod pectore puro, Quod puero similis, Lucil. ap. Non. 489; gracili scis tamque pusillo, Hor. s. 1, 5, 69; Quis multa gracilis to puer in rosa...urget? od. 1, 5, 1; Turgida si plena est, si fusca est, nigra uocetur; In gracili macies crimen habere potest, Ov. rem. am. 328; Si...gracilis structos effugit umbra rogos, tr. 4, 10, 86; Quarebam gracilem, sed quae non macra fuisset, Maxim. Gr. 1, 85; gracillimis? erubescens, Suet. Ner. 51; equi hominesque paululi et graciles, Liv. 35, 11, 7; 2. of other material objects, comae, Ov. am. 1, 14, 23; graciles ex aere catenas, M. 4, 176; Et gracili geminas intendunt stamine telas, 6, 54; (pinastros) gracilis et enodis, Plin. 16, 39; ilicis glanis graciliort, 16, 19; (sinapae) sunt trium generum, unum gracile, 19, 171; pinea pinguem (resinam)...fundit, laxi gracilem (thin), 24, 33; g. uindemias (small), Plin. ep. 8, 15, 1; 9, 20, 2; per graciles uias petamini (of rope-dancing), Mart. 2, 86, 7; libello, S. 24, 1; alabastris, Isr. Marin. att. 2, 830; 3. poor (of land), thin (soil), graciles clui non sunt aestate arandi, Col. 2, 4, 11; iuga graciliore? solo (sc. fertil), Plin. 17, 186; gracili agro (sc. lactior), 17, 187; (pinus) amat locum gracilem, Pall. non. 9; 4. of immaterial things, Materiae gracili sufficit ingenium, Ov. Pont. 2, 5, 26; 5. esp. of style, quietly graceful, praefationes (Isaci) tersae graciles dulces, Plin. ep. 2, 3, 1; or meagre, (χαρᾶντα σῆχον) nos gracilem (uocamus), Gell. 6(7), 14, 2; 6. of the speaker, Lusinus Octauu gracili modulante Thalia, Verg. cul. 1; non possumus esse tam graciles, simus fortiores, subtilitate uincimur, naleamus pondere, Quint. 12, 10, 36; 7. comp. see 1 above; superl. see 7; 8. gracillissimus only in not. Tir. p. 67; 9. a cognomen, Turranius Gracilis, Plin. 3, 3; 10. T. Octauio Sex. f. Gracili uiro, inscr. Grut. 445, 2. **grāc-il-tas**, ātis, f. lankiness, slenderness (of person), erat eo tempore in nobis summa gracilitas et infirmitas corporis, Cic. Brut. 313; qui non tam habitus corporis opimos quam gracilitates consecretur, 64 (of style); cernicis et crurum, Suet. Cal. 50; crurum, 3; Dom. 18; 2. of other material objects, dactylides digitali gracilitate, Plin. 14, 40; papyrus in gracilitatem fastigium, 13, 71; 3. of simple or meagre style, (see Cic. Br. 64 above), eandem gracilitatem stilo exigere condiscant, Quint. 1, 9, 2; pressae illi qualis saepius desideratur narrationis gracilitati, 4, 3, 2; Lysiacae gracilitati, 12, 10, 24; exempla ubertatis Paeonium, gracilitatis Lucilium, medicoratis Terentium, Gell. 6(7), 14, 6. **grāc-iliter**, adv. finely, uasculo...graciliter fistulato (of the clepsydra), Apul. 3, 3 m.; 2. met. of style, alia ornatis, alia gracibus esse dicenda, Quint. 9, 4, 130. **grāc-il-ūdō**, inis, f. slenderness of form, Acc. ap. Non. 116. **Grāc-illa**, ae, f. (dim. of gracila) a cognomen, Octauiae T. f. Gracillae, inscr. Grut. 445, 2.

**gramā**, (glama, grema, grania) f. [= γλαμα, λημη] sore in the corner of the eye, eyesore, graminiae pituitae oculorum, Non. 119; graminiae oculorum sunt uitia (pituitae, Haupt ej.) quas alii glamas uocant, Paul. ex Fless. 96 M.; graminis gremis quae sunt pituitae oculorum, Gloss. Plac.; grania λημη, Gloss. Lah.

**grāmēn**, inis, n. (implies a secondary vb. ger-ac- from ger- shoot; cf. grae-ilis) lit. shoot, top growth of a plant, illa uel intactae segetis per summa uolaret Gramina, Verg. 7, 508; cerinthae ignobile graminem, G. 4, 63; a se data graminia, Ov. 1, 7, 137; 2. esp. grass, both in sing. and plur., nulla nec amem Libauit quadripes nec graminis attigit herbam, Verg. B. 5, 26; ceruus... graminis inmemor, Hor. od. 1, 15, 30; redeunt iam gramina campis, 4, 7, 1; iacere... in tenaci gramine, epod. 2, 24; gramen carpsere capellae, Ov. M. 1, 299; Bescitum poterat gramen uersasse uideri, 14, 646; deat terrae gramina, frondes Arboribus, 2, 407; uinctat lacrimarum gramina riuo, 9, 655; Quique equis et pecudes armentaque gramine niunt, 15, 84; fetialis arce graminis herbam priam attulit, Liv. 1, 24, 5; gramina extirpare (from a vineyard), Colum. 4, 5; gramen ipsum inter herbas uolgitissimum... iumentis herba non alia gratior sine uiridis sine in feno secata, Plin. 24, 178; Sic in gramine floreo reclinis, Mart. 9, 90, 1; 3. munera graminis Indi. Stat. situ. 1, 1, 160, of the plant costus; 4. of the bamboo, dea habet hastam de gramine, Ampel. S.

**grāmīn-eus**, adj. of grass, corona, Liv. 7, 37, 2; Plin. 22, 60—8; campus, Verg. 5, 287; palaestrae, 6, 642; sedile, S. 176; arae, 12, 119; margo, Ov. M. 3, 162; 2. of bamboo, etiamne graminas hastas? Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 125; cf. Serv. A. 5, 287.

**grāmīn-ōsus**, adj. abounding in grass, solum, Colum. pr. 1; ager, 7, 9, 8.

**grammonsus**, adj. [grama] having sores in the corner of the eye, gummy, Grammonsis (al. grammosis) oculis ipsa, atratis dentibus, Cae. 268 R.

**grandescō**, ōre [grandis] grow, Quicquid sua de materia grandescere alique, Lucr. 1, 191; pabula lacta Quae nunc nix no-tri grandescunt aucta labore, 2, 1160; Lentiscus triplici solita grandescere fetu, Cic. diu. 1, 9, 15 f.; ut potius in aqua quam in agro grandescant frumenta, Colum. 2, 20, 2; lignum (oluae) intus grandescat, Plin. 15, 10; faba, 18, 157; (ordeum) grandescere, Pal. lun. 2, 1.

**grandicūlus**, adj. dim. [grandie- old stem of grandis-] biggish, in fundas uisci indebant grandiculus globos, Pl. Poen. 2, 35; Grandicula (so Fleck. ej.); mss grandiscula against metre) iam profectast illinc. Clamitent... Ter. Andr. 4, 5, 19.

1 **grandio**, ire, vb. [grandis] cause to grow, grandem facere, cum humus... edita grandis nequeat, Varr. ap. Non. 115; 2. hence as vb. refl., grow, Nec grandis frugum fetum posse nec mitescere, Pac. ib.; 3. grandis as vb. intr., grow, tu (Mars pater) fruges frumentaque nincta ubergulate grandire (grandiri?) beneque enicere sinas, Cato r. 141, 2; 11. 4. met. cause to grow, Testudinem istum ego tibi (so B. justly, not tibi ego) grandio gradum, Pl. Aut. 1, 1, 10.

2 **Grandio**, ōnis, m. dim. [grandis] a contemptuous cognomen, omnia grandia probanti inpositum est cognomen... et uocari coepit Seneca Grandio, Sen. sus. 2, 17.

**grandis**, e, adj. [for ger-andis, fm. ger-o-shoot, and?] full-grown, grown up (of living beings), Virginem habeo grandem, dote cassam atque inloabilem, Pl. Aut. 2, 2, 14; Soror illist adultra uirgo grandis, Trin. 2, 2, 93; uirginem tam grandem, Ter. Ad. 4, 5, 39; adulescens cum plane grandis esset, Cic. sen. 10; grandis iam puer, Pis. 87; Idibus alba Ioui grandior aequa cadit, Ov. F. 1, 56; ut grandis cecinit Centaurus alumnus, Hor. epod. 13, 11; 2. well-grown, great, as of plants, hiberno puluere, uerno luto, grandia farrā Camille metes, cantium uetus ap. Macr. s. 5, 20 f.; Profecto non fuit quicquam olorum, nisi quicquid erat calanitas Profecto adigerat nunquam quicquam, nam ita, quicquid erat, grande erat, Pl. Cas. 5, 2, 34; agro non semel

arato (est opus), quo meliores fetus possit et grandiores edere, Cic. or. 2, 131; quae seges grandissima atque optima fuerit, seorsum in aram secerit oportet spicas ut semen optimum habeat, Varr. r. 1, 52, 1; bordea, Verg. B. 5, 36;

3. (cf. uegrandis), old, aged, esp. w. natu, sed tu grandior es natu, mediast aetas mulieris, Pl. Aut. 2, 1, 37 (corr. by THK); add 2, 2, 37; At ego hunc grandem natum ob furtum ad carnulicem dabo, Capt. 5, 4, 22; natu grandior, Ter. Ad. 5, 8, 7; homo iam grandior, Ph. 2, 3, 15; non admodum grandem natu, sed tamen iam aetate proeuctum, Cic. sen. 10; grandiore aetatem ad consulatum constituebant, Phil. 5, 47; iam grandior aeuo, Ov. M. 6, 321; eui grandior aetas, 7, 605; cf. grandaeuus; 4. gen. great, litterae, Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 73; Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 74; poculum, Pl. Cure. 2, 3, 89; pecunia, Capt. 2, 2, 8; Cic. Verr. 1, 24; fam. 13, 61; Rab. post. 4; impensa, mon. Ancyrr. 4, 9; gradus, Pl. Cure. 1, 2, 25; Truc. 2, 2, 31; Epid. 1, 1, 11; pondus, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 32; Caeecine, 12; N. D. 3, 83; cf. grandior; 5. of the immaterial, grandium, Pl. St. 2, 1, 23; gratiam, Cure. 3, 35; malum, Hor. s. 2, 1, 49; dedecus, 2, 2, 96; praemia, Ov. F. 4, 888; Hor. s. 2, 2, 38; 6. of words, theme, style, genus dicendi grandius quoddam et illustrius, Brut. 337; Conamur tenuis grandia, Hor. od. 1, 6, 9; mox ubi publicus Res ordinariis, grande munus Caeopio repetes cothurno, 2, 1, 11; grandescue cothurni, A. P. So; professus grandia turget, lb. 27; nunc me grandius urget opus, Ov. F. 4, 948; grandia elate, moderata leniter canit, Quint. 1, 10, 24; add 2, 10, 6; 2, 11, 3; 2, 12, 5 etc.; 7. of the orator, caudicem sequuntur, non illum quidem amplum atque grandem, Cic. orat. 30; quem quo grandior et quodammodo excelsior (orator)... ne physicorum quidem esse ignarum uolo, 119; fuit enim Sulpicius maxime omnium grandis et ut ita dicam tragicus orator, Brut. 203; oratore parum grandis, Plin. ep. 9, 26, 1; fuit pro grandibus tumidi, Quint. 10, 2, 16; plenior Aeschines... et grandiori similis, 10, 1, 77; 8. akin to G. gross, E. great.

**grandi-sōnus**, adj. [grandis § 6] grandly-sounding, modi, Sedul. 1, 2.

**granditas**, ātis, f. greatness as of age, aetatis, Sisen. ap. Non. 115; 2. of style, grandeur, uerborum, Cic. Brut. 121; non illi uis, non granditas... deficit, Plin. ep. 6, 21, 5.

**granditer**, alv. greatly, grandly, g. frangi, Silon. ep. 7, 2; gr. cordi est, 4; affectus, Angust. conf. 1, 9; 2. of style, quoniam grandis ille sonet, ps. Ov. Sapph. 29.

**grandius-cūlus?** adj. comp. dim. pretty well grown up, in ass of Ter. Andr. 4, 5, 19 wh. Fleck ej. with metre reads grandicula.

**grando**, inis, f. (rarely m. \*) [for garand-on-, akin to χαλαζα, i.e. χαλαρό-α, so that root gar χαλ=E. hail] hail, metuo neque uentum neque grandinem, Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 19; si urolo aut grandio euipiam nocuit, Cic. N. D. 3, 86; quae terretet animos... nubis nubibus grandinibus, 2, 14; -- ne coruscus imber alto nubilo cadens, Multas, grandine implacitae albo?, Varr. ap. Non. 208, 10; crepitans salit horrida grandio, Verg. G. 1, 449; Non uerberata grandine inineae, Hor. od. 3, 1, 29; quia grandio Contulerit uites, ep. 1, 8, 5; tela uolant hiberna? grandine plura, Ov. M. 5, 158; creber-rimae grandinis? modo, Liv. 28, 37, 7; hinc grandines pruinae imbres, Plin. 2, 102; ruunt grandines, 2, 103; so in plur. 2, 152; 17, 267 etc.; nubibus cum saxeat grandine subito est exortus ingens, bell. Afr. 47, 1; 2. met. of style, qui grandines Ulissei superat, Anson. ep. 16, 13; 3. for pl., see Cic. Plin. etc. above; 4. Isid. orig. 13, 10 connects it w. granum; Paul. ex F. p. 99 M w. grandis!

**gratificor**, āri, vb. r. [gratificus] play the part of a 'gratificus', do the obliging, or sacrifice, w. dat. of person, num alieui gratificabatur aut homini aut ordini? Cic. Corn. ap. Prise. 829 P. 1, 435, 24 K; de eo quod ius superat aliis gratificari uolunt, Cic. fin. 5, 42; in quo populo potestas honeste bonis gratificandi datur, leg. 3, 39; Pompeio se gratificari putant, fam. 1, 1, 4; gratificare rei publice, Hort. ap. Non. 118; gratificatur mihi gente accusator; inscientem Cn. Pompeium fecisse significat, Balb. 14; Atvidis, Quint.

7, 2, 3; 2. give up or sacrifice to please a person, make a present of, concede, w. acc. first of neut. pron. etc., qui gratificatur cuiquam quod obest illi cui prodesse nolle uideatur, Cic. off. 1, 42; tutum tibi erit si quid uolueris gratificari, fam. 8, 6, 1; cur tibi hoc non gratificer nescio, 1, 10, 1; nihil euquam tribuente, nihil gratificantem, N. D. 1, 123; ne quid pars altera gratificari populo Romano (miss pro i.e. p. Ro, to which Romanis was added by error), Liv. 21, 9 f.; 3. w. other nouns, nimis in gratificando iure liber, Cic. Corn. ap. Acon. 936, 17 ed. Bait.; quod eumque Tiberinum gratificata esset ea populo, old annal. ap. Plin. 34, 25; 4. so far w. dat. of pers., also w. abstract dat., concede to gratify a feeling, or promote an object, potentiae paucorum decus atque libertatem suam, Sal. lug. 3 f.; odii Seiani, Tac. ann. 4, 19; 5. Prisc. Sot. P. 1, 401, 23 K attributes cur ego gratificor to Ter. Haut. 4, 6, 20 who has Ludi fortasse me.

**gratificus**, adj. doing what is agreeable, obliging, implied in gratificor; e.g. ab eo quod grati faciat bonum, Isid. orig. 10, 114; dominus, Opt. Porph. pan. ad Const. Aug. 1, 6; pectus, Paul. Petr. uit. S. Mart. 2, 716; 2. a cognomen, Fotidius G., inser. Mur. 1510, 4.

**gratilis**, (gratieis), later gratias, as adv. [abl. pl. of gratia] for mere thanks, without cost or payment, with nothing to show for it, gratias, Gratias a me ut sit liber ducto, Pl. Capt. 5, 1, 28; Neque triobolum ullum amicae das et ductas gratieis (so A), Poen. 4, 2, 46; add Most. 1, 3, 19; As. pr. 1, 3, 38 and 42; Pers. 2, 4, 14; Epid. 3, 4, 38; et meam ductas gratias, Ter. Ph. 3, 2, 15; Aliquo abundandast, si non pretio, gratias, Ad. 4, 7, 26; non didici ariolari gratias (so for metre, miss gratias), Pomp. ap. Non. 514, 23; so far trisyll. as proved also by metre; 2. as dissyll., neminem nostrum inuenietis sine pretio huc prodire, ...Ego ipse...non gratias prodes? Graec. ap. Gell. 11, 10, 3; gratias, Capitolium...gratias exaedificari...; tibi gratias stare nauem, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 48; habitum gratias in alieno, off. 2, 83; melius habent mercede delinquere quam gratias recte facere, Sal. or. M. Klein.; Et tantum gratias pagina nostra placet, Mart. 5, 16, 18; add ro, 3, 12; gratiasne ei agendum sit? Quint. 12, 7, 8; si gratias res susceptae sint, Ulp. dig. 4, 9, 3, 1; opposed to pecunia accepta, id. 29, 4, 4, 1; ut...proscriptorum liberos gratias et sine mercede ulla in disciplinam receperit, Suet. gram. 13.

**grāuastellus**, so in Paul. ex F. p. 96 = rauastellus, grey-eyed; grauastella (grauastello?) graues, id est, anni(s), Placid. 467 absurdly; note that raus may have grown out of grauus, witness our grey.

**gymnāsium**, (gumn., or gimn.? at least for Pl. and Catul.) ii. n. [γυμνασιον] wrestling-school, gymnasium, Nam omnis platens perreptant, gymnasia et muroplia, Apul. emporium atque in macello, in palaestra atque in foro, Pl. Amph. 4, 1, 3; Per medicinas per constrinas in gymnasio atque in foro, Epid. 2, 1, 14; add Bac. 3, 20; olea dominum et in balneis et ad gymnasium sequitur, Varr. r. 1, 55, 4; Ego gimnas(e) fui flos, ego eram decus olei, Catul. 63, 64; seculis multis ante gymnasia inuenta sunt quam in iis philosophi garrire coeperunt, Cic. or. 2, 21; Multa tuae Sparte miramur iura palaestrae, Sed mage uirginet toti bona gymnasia, Prop. 3, 14, 1; ad discentiā ea quae...coierunt, maxime possunt...sordes ex gymnasio, Cels. 5, 11; add 5, 15; adueta gymnasia et oleo corpora, Quint. 11, 3, 26; 2. gen. same employed as schools of philosophy etc., cum illi in dicendo incederint loci ut de diis immortalibus...sit dicendum, clamabant omnia gymnasia atque omnes philosophorum scholae sua esse bacca, Cic. or. 1, 56; illa quae uix in gymnasiis et in otio Stoici probant, parad. pr. 3; studia sapientiae in porticus et in gymnasia...recesserunt, Quint. 12, 2, 8; 3. as a place of burial for the great, in

nobilissimo gymnasio Academiae...eum quobussumus, Sulp. ad Cic. 4, 12 f.; publice in gymnasio quod Timoleonteum appellatur...sepultus est, ps. Nep. Timol. 5, 4; 4. at times distinguished from palaestra, see Pl. Amph. above; abero foro palaestra stadio et gimnasia, Catul. 63, 60; quae tibi palaestrae gymnasiae uidebuntur esse, Cic. Att. 1, 10, 3; 5. an exhibition of wrestling etc., populo gymnasium epulum dedit, inser. Or. 2547; g. populo, apulas (sic) decuriouibus dedit, ib.; populo g. epulum dedit, 6599; 6. met., Totus doleo atque oppido perii, ita me iste habuit senex gymnasium, Pl. Aul. 3, 1, 5; Gymnasium (so Fleck.) flagri salue tu (miss saluto), Pl. As. 2, 2, 31.

**gymnasticus**, (gumn.) adj. of gymnasts, arte, Pl. Most. 1, 2, 72; exercitu, Rud. 2, 1, 7.

**gynaecium**, ii (better cineceum; also gynaecium), n. [γυναικειον, perh. also γυναικος; cf. κρητικον = caduceus — hence Lat. q[ui] women's quarter or apartments, Cineceum aedificare uult hic in suis (sc. aedibus), Pl. Most. 3, 2, 68; add 72; Quoiusmodi gynaecium (so B)? quid portum? Insanum bonam, 3, 3, 5; Vbi in gynaecium (gineceum D) ire occipio, puer ad me accurrat Mida, Ter. Ph. 5, 6, 22; 2. a har-em, matres familias nobiles in gynaecium rapiabantur, Lact. mont. pers. 21; 3. factory for weaving imperial robes (chiefly by women-slaves), praepositus gynaecio, Th. C. 9, 27, 5 (7); add 11, 7, 5.

**gynaeciarius**, adj. (gynaecium § 3) as sb. m. a male slave attached to the imperial weaving-factory, Th. C. 11, 7, 3 and 13.

**gynaecius**, adj. as sb. m., the same, baphii et gynaecii, 11, 7, 2.

**gyrus**, (girus) i. m. [γυρος; akin to circus and curro] a round or circle, esp. in exercising horses, Frena Pelethronii Laphthae gyrosque (gyrosque, Ribb.) dedere Impositi dorso atque equitem docere sub armis Insulare solo, Verg. G. 3, 115; in gyros ire coactus equus, Ov. a. a. 3, 384; sed nec uariare gyros in morem nostrum docentur equi, Tac. G. 6; Optima gens flexis in gyrum Sequana frenis, Lucan. 1, 425; 2. of the ground itself, Gyrum pulsant equis, Prop. 3, 14, 11; cf. campus pulsatus equis, Ov. M. 6, 219; equi pulsabant pedibus spatium, 6, 487; 3. met., sen bruma nualet Interiore diem gyro trahit, Hor. s. 2, 6, 26; Ille nocturnas agitare bigas Discit et gyro breuiore flecti, Sen. Phaedr. 318; ex ingenti quodam oratore campo in exiguum gyrum compellitis, Cic. or. 3, 70; homines secundis rebus cefrenatos...tamquam in gyrum (gyrum, Bait.) rationis et doctrinae duci oportere, off. 1, 90; attrahit lora Fortius et gyro curru poeta tuo, Ov. rem. ann. 398; Cur tua praescriptos euecta est pagina gyro(s), (N. uiro 1 m.; giro 2 m.; Lachm. praescripto senecta...gyro 1), Prop. 3, 3, 21; Me mea Calliope, cura leniore nagantem, lam renocat parnoque iubet decurrere gyro, Colum. 10, 226; Iamdu lato satiata campo...Erato...ingens opus in minores Contrahit gyros, Stat. silu. 4, 7, 4; 4. gen. of circular movement, anguis...Septem ingens gyros septena uolumina traxit, Verg. 5, 85; Et redit in gyrum (fera) ne sit suus impetus hosti, Ov. M. 7, 784; ducensque per aera gyros Miluus, am. 2, 6, 33; (grues) mansuefactae...gyros quosdam indecoro cursu peragunt, Plin. 10, 59; (apes) gyris uolatu editis...in 68; ne tu in illis dialecticae gyris consenesas, Gell. 8, 16, 17; 5. a mere circle, turbo Quem pueri magno in gyro (giro, c. Ribb.) uacua atria circum...exercent, Verg. 7, 379; si fronde ea (sc. fraxini) gyro cludatur ignis et serpens, in ignis (ignem?) potius quam in fraxinum fugere serpentem, Plin. 16, 64; in gyrum Euripo addito, Suet. Caes. 39; Dein simili gyro uenient aliorum uices, Phaedr. 4, 26, 25; 6. the form w. i is essential to the hexameter of modern Latin: moths flitting round a candle sing: In gyrum imus nocte ecce et consumimur igni, wh. so reads the same backwards.

## H.

**H**, the eighth letter of the Latin alphabet; orig. a guttural aspirate = Greek H of old so used, as in *Ἡκατοῦρ*, and Hebr. *cheth*; but in Latin prob. silent; hence the doubt in Quint. 1, 5, 19 si h littera est, non nota; and Char. 8, 19 K, h non littera existimatur; nos h quasi litteram ponimus, 265, 21; h aspirationis magis est nota, Prisc. 1, 8, 23 K; h nihil aliud habet litterae nisi figuram, 1, 12, 20; auctoritas tam Varronis quam Macri nec k nec q nec h in numero adhibet litterarum, 1, 13, 9; add 1, 35, 24; Prob. 50, 15 and 30; 222, 4; Don. 392, 26; Serg. 477, 20; Mar. Vict. 2452, 38 P, 2455, 13; but h interdum consonans, interdum aspiracionis creditur nota, Don. 368, 9;

2. hence rarely if ever makes position in verse and is subject to elision; yet in very late writers, as Plotius, h makes position as: Schemata carminibus eceni haec nobis plane, p. 253 Gaisf.; Dardanidum fortissime magnae gentis Hector, p. 251; and prob. in Quae harum (siss quarum) facie pulcherrima Deiopea, p. 253 (cf. L. Müller, *Rhein. mus.* 27, 285); 3. consequently duplicate forms common, as *halica*, *alica*, Char. 96, 9; *harena arena*, 103, 21; add *harundo*, *haruspex*, *Hannibal*, *Hadria* and *arundo* etc.; 4. in old lang. never used after p, c, t, Ego ipse, cum scirem ita maiores locutos esse ut nusquam nisi in uocali aspiratione uterentur, loquebar sic ut pulcros Cetegeos triumphos Kartaginem dicere, aliquando...conuicio aurium cum extorta mihi ueritas esset, usum loquendi populo concessi, scientiam mihi reseruauit, Cic. orat. 160; Gracculus sine aspiratione dici debere Varro ait, Char. 82, 7; pulchrum Varro adspirare debere negat, 73, 17; inchoo: sic dicendum putat Iulius Modestus...; sed Verrius et Flaccus in postrema syllaba adspirandum probauerunt, Diom. 365, 16; omnia nomina post c litteram habentia h peregrina sunt, Prob. 10, 20; add 14, 33; 5. in Gk. words *ch* (as also *ph*, *th*, *rh*), was pronounced as a strong aspiration, *chori*, *thymos*, *Phyllis*, *rhombus* quae profundo spiritu anhelis faucibus, explosore funduntur, Mar. Vict. 2455, 19—misread by Diez Gr. 1, 255; 6. hence, *triumpe*, CIL 28; *bracium*, 198, 52; *Pulcer*, 522; *Polecer*, *sepulcrum*, 1007; *sepulchrum*, 1007; yet *sepulchrum*, 1107; 7. but even in Greek words the *h* in such cases was in the old *l* drop, as *Antioch*, CIL 35; *Bacanal*, 196, 3 etc., *Terminenses*, 204, 2 etc., *Cartago*, 200, 89; teatro, 571; *clamidiatus*, Pl. Ps. 4, 2, 8; *clamide*, Nil. 5, 1, 30;

II. **B**, interchangeable w. Gr. *χ* as *hienus* *χενω*, *hirundo* *χελιδων*, *humi* *χαμαι*, *her-i* *hest-ernus* *χθες* (wh. *t* and *θ* are exercised); 9. often represents a Gr. *φ* and older Lat. and Sabine *f*, *φρισσω* horresco, horredum and horreum by the side of *fordeum* and *far*, *herba* *φωριθ* fm. *φερβω*; cf. *ircus* quod Sabini *fircus*, quod illi *fedes* in Latio *ure* edus (al. *hedus*), Varr. 1, 5, 19, p. 99 Sp.; quin *fordeum* *fiedesque* (dicebant) pro aspiratione *f* ut *simili* littera uientes, Quint. 1, 4, 14; (*harena*), ut testis est Varro a Sabinis *farena* dicitur, Vel. Long. 2230, 17 P; add 2238, 43; 10. w. Gr. digamma, *hom-o* (cf. Ital. *uomo*) *far-ny*; 11. at times supersedes c, as *hie* etc. by the side of *citra* *citerior* etc., cf. Ital. *qui*; 12. corresponds to g of Gothic, Eng. etc., *hostis* *hospes* Go. *gast-s*, E. *guest*; *houts* Go. *veina-gards*, E. *gard-en*, *hom-o*, Go. *gum-a*; *anser* for *hanser* (cf. S. *hansa*), G. *gans*, E. *goose*, *gand-er*; III. 13. in Romance lang. h though at times retained, gen. silent; yet still heard in Wal. *hebet* (*hebes*), *heretide* (*heres*); so in *Fr.* *haleter* (*halitare*), *hemir* (*hinure*), *hēros*; 14. in Ital. gen. drop; Orazio, Omcre, oggi (*hodie*), *auere*, *amo*, *ercede*, *irto*, *irsuto*, *ora*, *ospite*; so in *Fr.* *avoir*, on (*old hom*); IV. 15. abbrev. forms, first for *hie* *haec* etc., *aduersus* *hi(anc)* (*legem*), CIL 197, 18; add 198, 5 etc.; inser. Or. 7421; *hi(e)* (*locus*), 3926; 4455; 4501; *hi(e)c* monumentum etc. 1175; 3792; *hi(e)s* (*situs*) 479; add 2064, 347; 16. for *hora* etc., post *solum* *ortum* *h(oris)* X dicit, CIL 206, 67; 17. for *heres* etc., *hi(eres)* (*fi(er)i*), (*et*) *ranit*), inser. Or. 69; add 154; 165; *hi(er)edem* *n(on)* *s(equitur)*, 2807; add

3926; 4182; 18. for *Hercules* etc., *curatori fani H(er)culis* (*Valentis*), 2761; add 3933; 3964; 19. for honor etc., *h(om)ore* (*usus*) *s(umptum)* (*remisit*), 2251; 20. for *Hispania* etc., *pronia* (*Hispaniae*) (*citerioris*), 798; add 155; 3652; 21. *har.* for *haruspex*, *har(us)pe* *prim(arius)*, 2292; add 5633 a; 22. *hast.* for *hastatus* etc., *leg(ionis)* *im*...*hast.*, 3455; add 3592; 23. *her.* for *Herius* a praenomen, C. *Placentius Her.* f., CIL 62 (bis); 24. *hon.* for *honoratus*, M. Ael. *Rusticus hon(oratus)* *im* (*quartum*), inser. Or. 1567; add 7182; 25. *Hopl.* for *hoplomachus*, *Clonius Hopl. Vet(eranus)* 2566; 26. *Hor.* for *Horatia* *tribu.*, C. *Turpili P. f. Hor.*, CIL 1422; Q. *Laronius Q. f. Hor. Quadratus*, inser. Or. 1492; add 2217; 27. *horol.* for *horologium*, 3298; 28. *HS.* i.e. the numeral II w. s for *semis*, hence = *semistertius* 24.

**ha**, (also written a and ah) interj. ah! oh! ha (so *ms*) *nimium* *Stasime* *sauetur*, Pl. Trin. 4, 3, 53; 2. *ha* *hae* or *ha* *ha* etc., of laughing, *ha* *hae* (so A) *nunc* *demum* *mibi* *animus* *in tuto* *locost*, Pl. Ps. 4, 5, 1; *Ha* *ha* (*so* BC) *requeni* *quia* *inter* *abiit* *odium* *meum*, Truc. 2, 1, 1; *Vt* *ego* *hodie* *te* *accipiam* *lepide* *ui* *exefis* (so Bothe, *ms* *effecris*) *hoc* *opus*, *ha* *ha* *he* (—), Ps. 4, 1, 36; *Ha* *ha* *he!* *iam* *teneo* *quid* *sit*, *perspexi* *modum*, Poen. 3, 5, 23; *Lepus* *tute* *es*, *pulpamentum* *quaeris!* *Ha* *ha* *hae* (—), Ter. Eun. 3, 1, 36; *Ha* *ha* *he* (—). *Quid* *risisti?* *Seru* *uener* *in mentem* *Syri* *Calliditates*, Haut. 5, 1, 13; *Ha* *ha* *hae* *homo* *sauis*, *Quid* *est?* *num* *iniquum* *postulo?* Pl. 2, 3, 64; *Ha* *hae* *tun* *mih* *istuc?* *Recte* *amasti* *Pamphile* *uxorem* *tuam*, Hee. 5, 4, 22; *interfectio...halahae...* in comico *carmine* *solo* *collocari* *potest*, (Prob.) ult. syl. 1429 P, 255, 31 K.

**hābeo**, *hēre*, *ui*, *itus*, *vb.* [hab=cap of capere; suff. e constitutes a static *vb.*, cf. *iace-re* *iace-re*, *sede-re* *sede-re*, *pende-re* *pende-re*; cf. *hab*=*āph* of *āph* and *āp* root of *ἄφρω*; perh. also *ēx* of *ēxω* *σ(ε)χ-σω* usually referred to *ueho*] *hold*, *keep* *hold* of, *first* *w.* *the* *hands*, *Quis* *regere* *immensi* *summam*, *quis* *habere* *profundi* *Indu* *maius* *uallitas* *potis* *est* *moderanter* *habenas?* Lucr. 2, 1097; *commodissimum* *esse* *quam* *laxissimas* *habenas* *habere* *amicitias*, Cic. am. 45; 2. *hence* of *those* *more* or *less* *prisoners*, *Non* *placet* *qui* *amicos* *intra* *dentis* *conclusus* *habet*, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 64; *Quid* *ego*, *sub* *gemmane* *aystrussos* *habeo* *tuam* *matrem* *et* *patrem?* Cure. 4, 2, 8; add Merc. 2, 3, 26; *inclusum* *in* *enria* *senatum* *habuerunt*, Cic. Att. 6, 2, 8; *domitas* *habere* *libidines*, or. 1, 104; *ipso* *in* *uinculis* *habendos*, Sal. Cat. 51, 43; *in* *custodis* *habendos*, 52, 14; add 47, 3; *clausum* *lact* *ac* *montibus* *et* *circumfusus* *suus* *copis* *habuit* *hostem*, Liv. 22, 4, 4, 5; *in* *custodia* *habitus*, Tac. h. 1, 58; *qui* *eum* *uinctum* *habebit*, Gell. 20, 1, 45; *habebantur* *in* *uinculis* *dis* *saxaginta*, lb. 46; *the* *constr.* *w.* *in* *and* *ace*, *prob.* *ill-founded*, *thus* *Madv.* (*emend.* Liv. 256) *has*: *magistrum* *equitum*...*prope* *in* *custodia* *habuit*, Liv. 22, 25, 7; *quosdam* *se* *in* *custodia* *habiturum*, 34, 27, 7; cf. S. 15, 8; and all the *ms* *have*: *quo* *facilius* *omne* *Hadriaticum* *mare* *in* *potestate* *haberet*, Caes. b. c. 1, 25, 3; and *w.* *we* *should* *prob.* *read*: *in* *custodia* *habitos*, Tac. h. 1, 87; but *quum* *talem* *uirum* *in* *potestate* *habuisset* (*had* *got* *into* *his* *power*), Sal. Jug. 112, 3; *is* *different*; 3. *gen.* *hold*, *have* *got*, *have* *possession* of, *be* *master* of, *possess*, *hold* *possession* of, *habere* *hominem* *amabo*? *Quid* *n* *habeam?* Ter. Eun. 4, 7; *Hostis* *habet* *muros*, Ter. 2, 290; 4. *met.* *Quamquam* *illum* *mater* *arte* *contenteque* *habet* *patres* *ut* *conseruerunt*, Pl. As. 1, 1, 65—*keeps* *a* *tight* *hand* *on* *him*; *habeo* *uiros*, Caes. 2, 8, 34—*have* *got* *them* *in* *my* *clutches* *so* *that* *they* *cannot* *escape*; 5. *w.* *abstract* *nom.*, *Totum* *sudor* *habet* *corpus*, Enn. ap. Macr. s. 6, 3, 3; *animus...rector* *humani* *generis* *agit* *atque* *habet* *concupit* *neque* *ipse* *habetur*, Sal. Jug. 2, 3; *animalia* *sonnus* *habet*, Verg. 3, 147; *et* *habet* *mortalia* *causa* (al. al.), Lucan.

2, 13; Terror habet nates, Stat. Th. 3, 549; 6. keep (in a state), as first w. adj., tu quidem me miserum habes multis modis, Pl. Epid. 5, 2, 2; add As. 5, 2, 19; Cas. 1, 28; 3, 3, 27 etc.; Ita me mea forma habet sollicitum, Mil. 4, 2, 95; add Men. 4, 2, 20; me sollicitum habitum esse, Cato orat. ap. Char. 190 F, 213 K; quid...fuit praeter querellam temporum quae non meum animum magis sollicitum haberent quam tuum? Cic. fam. 2, 16, 1; add fam. 7, 3, 1; mare infestum habebimus, Att. 9, 19, 3; Apollonidices...miseriores quam Mithridates, Flac. 71; socialia prospera composita non ideo laetum Germanicum habebant..., Tac. an. 2, 57; nihil aequae Tiberium anxium habebat, 2, 65, 1; 7. w. adv., Nam quam sedulo munditer nos habemus, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 26; Quod ego nunc cum illo agam? Idem quod semper: male habeas, Men. 4, 1, 11; add Most. 3, 2, 20; Trin. 2, 1, 33; As. 5, 1, 16; Rud. 1, 3, 15; 8. esp. w. male, hoc male habet virum, Ter. Andr. 2, 6, 5; add Hec. 4, 2, 30; quod te aetas male habet, Pac. ap. Non. 31; uti equitatus agmen adversariorum male haberet, Caes. b. e. 1, 63, 2; (lethargicos) sine usu male habere, Cels. 3, 20; quos aqua inter eam male habet, 3, 21, 1; exite ignari, male habiti—ill-conditioned—, Pl. Ps. 1, 2, 1; equum male habitum—ill-kept—, Sab. Masur. ap. Gell. 4, 20, 11; 9. w. bene, treat well, indulge, Nam hanc (se, seuis) se bene (so mss w. A) habere actatem nimis aequis, Pl. Merc. 3, 2, 6; si te bene habes, Mil. 3, 1, 123; Vt bene me habetem filia(i) nuptis, Aul. 2, 3, 2; 10. w. perf. part., eosque ceteros viros...omnis in taboleis papiis scriptos... habeto, CIL 198, 15; tributum discriptis habeto, 18; eam semitam...constratam...habeto, 206, 54; 11. hold as property, possess, have, agrum locum quicquidque habebit possidebit, CIL 200, 50, 2; quod...ici habuerunt possederunt, 204, 1, 18; multa boua bene parta habemus, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 66; Omnia habeo, neque quicquam habeo, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 12; virgo nihil habet, Ad. 4, 7, 10; fundum habet in agro Thurino, Cic. Tull. 14; 12. often strengthened by cum and roll. pron., habeatis sane istum nobiscum senatorem, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 77; ille (meos amores) habet secum seruetque sepulcro, Verg. 4, 29; 13. esp. keep to oneself (as a secret), Tecum habeto. Et tu hoc taceo. Tacitum erit. Celabatur, Pl. Pers. 2, 2, 64; Tecum tamen habeto hoc...ubi inueneris, Rud. 5, 2, 65; Secreto hoc audi, tecum habeto, ne Apellae quidem liberto tuo dixeris, Cic. fam. 7, 25, 2; uerum hanc tu tecum habeto, Att. 4, 5, 6; and still more defined: Sed hoc tu tecum tacitum habeto, Pl. Poen. 4, 2, 68; 14. often strengthened by dat. of roll. pron., have for oneself alone, have all to oneself, habeo (nidulum)... et si tunc est habes tibi, Pl. Rud. 5, 3, 2; oratores accipis, habes tibi, Stic. 4, 2, 35; Sibi sua habent regna reges, sibi diuitias diuites, Sibi houores, sibi uirtutes, sibi pugnas, sibi proelia, Cure. 1, 3, 20; Mil. 1, 1, 23; Aurum atque nestem milibrem omnem habet sibi, 4, 3, 6; add Merc. 5, 4, 28 and 30; Pers. 1, 3, 84; Ps. 4, 6, 12; Bac. 5, 2, 24; Most. 1, 1, 44; Men. 4, 3, 16; Rud. 4, 4, 77; clamare coeperunt sibi ut haberet hereditatem, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 47; pacem sibi habeat, Liv. 9, 11, 8; 15. hence a formula in divorce, Valeas, tibi habes res tuas, reditas meas—suae Aluena—, Pl. Amph. 3, 2, 47; and met. Apagae te amor: tuas res tibi habeto, Trin. 2, 1, 31; illam minam (so Halm ej., mss suam) suas res sibi habere iussit, Cic. Phil. 2, 69; 16. w. perf. pass. part. for a perf. act., as in modern languages, but always w. the notion that the thing completed remains in one's possession, quod me hortaris ut absolam, habeo absolutum suae eras ad Caesarem, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 9, 6; ut ante Kalendas Sextilis omnes decumas ad aquam deportatas haberent, Verr. 2, 3, 36; nomina in eodum digesta habebat, Rose, com. 9; (nomen) in adversariis scriptum habebas, ibi: ea quae collecta habent Stoici, diu. 2, 145; cum eum numerum habet exclusum, Varr. 1, 3, 5, 5; uineam ante brumam ablaqueatam habeto, Colum. arb. 10, 4; 17. in Colum. and in later writers w. imperf. pass. part., have (to)—have as a duty to be done, de spatiis ordinum eatenus praecipendum habemus ut intellegat agricolae..., 5, 5, 3; si nuus primum statu-

endum haberemus, Tac. an. 14, 44; cum sua uoce respondendum habent, orat. 30; enim entendum haberemus ut... Plin. ep. 1, 9, 12; impetrandum a bonitate tua habet quod illi fortunae malignitas denegauit, 10, 94 (95), 2; 18. w. inf., have (to), be able (to), haec fero habui dicere de natura deorum, Cic. N. D. 3, 93; habeo dicere quem...de ponte in Tiberim deiecerit, Rose, Ana. 100; add Balb. 33; de causa regia tantum habeo polliceri me..., fam. 1, 5, 3; add Att. 2, 22, 6; Si placet, an melius quis habet suadere? Hor. epod. 16, 23; 19. have w. double predicate, have (for), have (as), potius quam te inimicum habeam, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 94; cum haberet collegam in praetura Sophoclem, Cic. off. 1, 144; an heredem habuerit...cum a quo dicitur occisus, Titius. 7, 2, 37; 20. have (on one), wear, of dress etc., neque in in popileo lunci praetextam neque soleas habet, CIL 197, 5; Is habet coronam nitulam uictoria, Eun. tr. ap. Paul. ex F. p. 369 M; Virtute formae id euenit ut deceat quicquid habes, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 17; Manteleatam tunicam habere hominem addeceat, Ps. 2, 4, 48; Itidem habet petasum ac uestitum, Amph. 1, 1, 257; 21. met. have in hand, deal with, treat, Is uti tu me hic habueris, proinde illum illi curauerit, Pl. Cap. 2, 2, 64; Enimvero tu nos quasi pilas homines habent, pr. 22; exercitum luxuriose nimisque liberaliter habuerat, Sal. Cat. 11, 5; quomodo republicam habuerint, 5, 9; exercitus sine imperio et modestia habitus, Ing. 44, 1; eos ille accurate ac liberaliter habuit, 103, 5; add 113, 2; filium omni liberali cultu habuit, Liv. 45, 28, 1; 22. bear, take, si alibi Plus perdidimus, minus aegre habeam, Pl. Bac. 5, 1, 17; neque cuiquam mortaliu iniuriae suae paruae uidentur; multi eas grauius aequo habere, Sal. Cat. 51, 11; ita aegre habuit filium id pro parente ausum, Liv. 7, 5, 7; quae non fecellere Eumenem; et quamquam dissimulare et tacite habere (al. al.) statuerat, tamen... 42, 16, 9; quae in praesens Tiberius euulter habuit, Tac. an. 4, 21; 23. hold, preside over, conduct, Concilium quod habere uolumus, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 3; nequeis eorum Baenali habuisse uolet, CIL 196, 2; (quei) eandem prouinciam habebat, 198, 67; magistratum, 198, 8; comitia, Pl. Cus. 4, 7, 134; Cic. Q. fr. 2, 6, 6; Caes. b. e. 3, 1, 1; sic census habitus est te praetore, Cic. Verr. 2, 138; h. senatum, fam. 1, 4, 1, Q. fr. 2, 13, 3; Brut. 188; Caes. b. e. 1, 2, 1; delectum, Cic. Phil. 5, 31; Caes. b. e. 2, 18, 1; concilia, b. g. 5, 53, 4; consulatum, Liv. 7, 32, 13; 24. keep (a holiday, festival etc.), Cras habuero uxor ego tamen coniunium, Pl. Cas. 4, 2, 8; ut hunc hodie diem Luculentum habeamus, Epid. 1, 2, 55; hunc festum diem habeamus hilarem, Poen. 5, 6, 30; 25. have, ut amans, Duxi, habui sortum, Pl. Bac. 4, 10, 5; quis heri Chrysidem habuit? Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 58; cum esset obiectum habere eum Laida, Habeo inquit, non habeo a Laida, Cic. fam. 9, 26, 2; nos Ananyllis habet, Verg. B. 1, 31; te cum posset habere, Tib. 1, 2, 67; 26. hold (a conversation), make (a speech), quid habet sermonis auscultabo, Pl. Poen. 4, 1, 6; orationem, 4, 2, 23; Epid. 3, 2, 10; sermonem, Titian. ap. Non. 392, 15; contionem, Cic. Att. 4, 1, 6; agr. 2, 1; Caes. b. e. 2, 18, 3; 3, 73, 1; Liv. 24, 22, 1; 27, 13; 1; *δαλγος*, Cic. Att. 5, 5, 2; sermones, Quint. 10, 3, 32; 11, 2, 24; uerba, Liv. 10, 24, 4; Quint. 11, 1, 37; 27. h. rem (cum aliquo), have business (with), have to do (with), deal (with), Cum optimis uiris rem habebis, Pl. Pers. 4, 18; add Most. 3, 1, 121; Merc. 3, 1, 36; Bac. 3, 6, 35; sensit me tecum quoque Rem habere, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 58; including dealings cum muliere, as in ex. 7; 28. habere se nearly = est, be, stand—esp. w. res—scin quo modo tibi res se habet? Pl. Aul. 1, 1, 8; add Trin. 3, 20; Bac. 4, 9, 140; Aul. 3, 4, 2; Prinsquam tuum animum at sese habeat ad nuptias perspexerit, Ter. Andr. 2, 3, 4; add Pb. 5, 4, 1; Haut, 4, 3, 24; male se res habet, Cic. or. 2, 313; add Att. 13, 35, 2; fam. 3, 5, 3; off. 2, 22 etc.; Liv. 5, 5, 9; 7, 13, 7; 9, 7, 3; 29. h. absol. for h. se, Bene hoc habet, Pl. Epid. 5, 2, 31; Opinione melius res habet tu Si hoc impetremus (so Gepp. ej., mss impetramus), Cas. 2, 5, 30; Ornatus hic me satis condecet? Optume habet, Ps. 4, 1, 25; bene habet tibi principia, Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 82; bene habet, iacta sunt fundamenta defensionis, Cic. Mur. 14; bene habet, diu. 10

mouere bellum, Liv. 8, 6, 5; add 8, 9, 1; bene habet, nil plus interrogo, Liv. 10, 72; bene habet, non irrita uoui, Stat. Th. 11, 557; add Quint. 9, 2, 20; magnum narras, uis credibile. Atqui sic habet, Hor. s. 1, 9, 53; cf. *oēras exēta, exēta*. **30.** inhabit, occupy, live in, first w. acc. of place, Quae Corinthum (Corinthi, Lamb. ej.) aream altam habebant matronae opulentes optumates, Enn. ap. Cic. fam. 7, 6, 1; malos loca tetra inculta atque formidolosa habere, Sal. Cat. 52, 13; quae loca, quine habebant homines, Verg. 7, 131; **31.** absol. = habito, live, reside, dwell, ubi nunc adulescens habet, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 156; haec sunt aedes, hic habet, 2, 2, 109; haec meretrix quae hic habet Phronesium, Truc. 1, 1, 58; add Bac. 1, 2, 6; Aul. pr. 5; Men. pr. 69; ubi isti duo adulescentes habent? Naev. ap. Charis. 189 P, 213, 1 K; add Afran. and Acc. ap. Non. 318, 4; apud aedem lunonis Lucinae ubi aeduntum habere solet, Varr. 1, 5, 8 p. 37 Sp.; qui... formam... castrorum et partium qua Poeni qua Numidae habuerunt...specularentur, Liv. 30, 4, 2; but in Cic. Att. 2, 9, 2 habuitur, not habitura; **32.** absol., have (property), Miserum istue uerbum et pessimumst habuisse et ubi habet, Pl. Rud. 5, 2, 34; qui habet alto appetitur; qui est pauper, aspernatur, Cic. ap. Prisc. 792 P, 1, 383, 3 K; nos quod simus, quod habeamus quod homines existimant, Cur. ap. Cic. fam. 7, 29, 1; amor habendi, Verg. S. 37; Hor. ep. 1, 7, 85; Vnde habebas querit nemo, sed oportet habere, Liv. 14, 207; curam habendi, Phaedr. 3, pr. 21; habere eripitur, habuisse nunquam, Sen. ep. 98, 11;

**33.** so habet or hoc habet, has caught it, is hit, (met. from combat of gladiators), orantem...grauiter ferit atque ita fatur: Hoc habet; haec melior magnis data uictima diuis, Verg. 12, 296; Hoc habet exclamant uictrix regina, supremus hic tibi finis erit, Prud. S. 53; and met., Hoc habet: repperi qui senem ducem, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 26; certe captus est: habet, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 56—wh. Don.: id est uulneratus est; habet enim qui percussus est, et proprie de gladiatoribus dicitur; **34.** of the mind, esp. h. in animo, have in mind, be thinking of, purpose, intend, Quod quisque in animo aut habet aut habiturus, scinnt, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 169; istum exheredare in animo habebat, Cic. Rose. Am. 52; Luccium scito consulatum habere in animo petere, Att. 1, 17, 11; add Planc. ap. Cic. fam. 10, 18, 11; consolatō quam semper in ore atque in animo habere debemus, fam. 5, 16, 2; hoc neque ipse transire habebat in animo neque..., Caes. b. g. 6, 7, 5; parere uictis in animo habebat, Liv. 33, 10, 4; so in 44, 25, 1 Madrig. ej. reads in animo, not in animo alone; **35.** esp. h. animum bonum (etc.), be of good cheer, keep up one's spirits etc., Volo puerum mittere ut habeat animum bonum, Pl. Pers. 1, 3, 86; add 2, 5, 2; Epid. 2, 2, 1; 4, 2, 31; Rud. 3, 3, 25; Ps. 3, 2, 78 etc.; habet quietum animum modo, Cas. 2, 6, 29; magnum fac animum habebas, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 2, f.; **36.** of knowledge, know, understand, hence at close of what is said, Nomen iam habetis: nunc rationes ceteras Accipite, Pl. Poen. pr. 55; Rationem habetis quo modo unum amiserit, Capt. pr. 23; Habes omnem rem, Ter. Hec. 1, 1, 119; habes res Romanas, Cic. Att. 1, 15, 6 (5 by error in Baier's ed.); **37.** he hold (an opinion), understand, be assured of, esp. in imper., unum hoc sic habeto, me..., Cic. fam. 2, 6, f.; tantum habeto cinem egregium esse Pompeium, 2, 8, 2; add 2, 10, 1; 7, 18, 1; 13, 29, 2; hi sic habent, eum..., Cacl. 3; illud uelim sic habebas, additum potius aliquid...quam quiequam esse detractum, fam. 3, 13, 2; add N. D. 3, 86;

**38.** so w. interr. clause, quid agam habeo, Ter. Andr. 3, 2, 18; de pueris quid agam non habeo, Cic. Att. 7, 19; quid hinc responderet, non habebat, Mur. 26; habeo ipse quid sentiam, non habeo quid tibi assentiar, N. D. 3, 64 (so ass., quod...quod, Ern. and Baier); **39.** hold in the light of, look upon as, regard as, treat as, use as, first w. adj. or sb., Sacrum profanum, poplicum priuatum habent, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 9; Iudigna digna habenda sunt erus quae facit, Capt. 2, 1, 5; dubium habebis etiam, 4, 2, 112; Semper enim distast esse haec atque habitast prora, Ter. Andr. 4, 5, 1; snauia in praesentia Quae essent prima habere, Haut. 5, 2, 10; add Ph. 2, 2, 31; ea quae molli habebatur disciplina, Cic. fin. 1, 37; maximum uoluptatem illam habemus quae..., ib.; cum in epulis recusat lyram est habitus

inductio, Tusc. 1, 4; habiti sunt bellicosi, fam. 5, 11 f.;

**40.** w. in and abl., as one of, quod in medicioribus oratoribus habitus esset, Cic. Brut. 100; oratorum in numero est habitus, ib. 78; hoc uelim in maximis rebus habebas, Att. 5, 5 f.; add N. D. 1, 36; Caes. b. g. 1, 28; w. numero alone, Cic. Att. 1, 11, 6, 6; Caes. b. g. 6, 13, 7; **41.** w. pro, Pro exercitu gymnastico et palaestrico hunc habemus, Pl. Rud. 2, 1, 7; iam hercle ego non pro matula habeo nisi nihil matulam datis, Most. 2, 1, 39; qui bona pro stercore habet, foras iubet ferri, Trac. 2, 7, 5; add 4, 14; Pers. 2, 1, 2; Merc. 3, 4, 70; lascipitum pro pulmentario habet, Cato orig. ap. Char. 56 P, 73, 8 K; Quam ego animo egregie earam pro uxore habuerim, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 37; Pompeium pro certo habemus pro Illyricum proficisci in Galliam, Cic. Att. 10, 6 f.; istuc pro facto habeo, 13, 1, 2; add Mat. ad Cic. Att. 9, 15 A; se illum non pro amico sed pro hoste habiturum, Caes. b. g. 1, 44, 11; ut quem suorum fugientem uiderint, pro hoste habeant, Liv. 2, 20, 5; pro non dicto habendum esse, 23, 22, 9; ut...pro haud dubio habitum sit, S. 36, 3; **42.** ex quo mihi inter uirtutes grammatici habebatur aliqua nescire, Quint. 1, 8, 21; non habenda sunt inter magna praesidia, 5, 12, 12; add S. 6, 31 and 62;

**43.** w. ex, illa quaestio, ex mediis artibus...habenda sit rhetorica, an...virtus, Quint. 2, 10, 1; **44.** w. dat. Qui lubet ludibrio habere me? Pl. Men. 2, 3, 45; add Epid. 5, 2, 1; Cas. 5, 1, 13; me...despicat (so A.), Cas. 2, 2, 15; me despiciunt, Men. 4, 3, 19; Vtrum, studeo id sibi habere an laudi putat Fore, si..., Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 28; Ludibrio, Hec. 4, 1, 11; 4, 2, 6; hoc eam rem habuit religioni, Cic. diu. 1, 77; add off. 2, 51; qui sermonem curae habent, Quint. pr. 16; **45.** w. gen. of value, non habeo nancē Marsum augurum, Cic. diu. 1, 132; cuius auctoritas magni habebatur, Caes. b. g. 4, 21, 7; **46.** special phrases, h. fidem cui, have faith in—trust, believe, Quod esse aspente mihi fidem habere noluisse, Pl. As. 3, 2, 38; Quia ei fidem non habere argenti, Pers. 5, 2, 8; Crimini fidem me habuisse, Bac. 4, 3, 15; add 4, 3, 22; forsau hic mihi parum habet fidem, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 117; iuri iurando meo Se fidem habuisse, Hec. 5, 4, 30; habere uisus fidem, Cic. Acad. pr. 88; considerandum est quanta fides ei sit habenda, Att. 8, 3, 2; add 13, 37, 21; fam. 5, 20, 2; 7, 18, 1; **47.** w. the thing to be believed as noun, obtain credit, be believed, debet habere fidem nostra praedictio, Cic. fam. 6, 6, 7; (litterae) quam (habere) fidem possunt? Flac. 21; quae (misa) fidem nullam habebant, Acad. pr. 58; **48.** h. gratiam, feel grateful, be grateful, em hinc habeto gratiam, Pl. Most. 5, 2, 58; add 2, 2, 1; Assentipio huic habeto quom pudica's gratiam, Curc. 5, 3, 21; add Capt. 2, 3, 13; 3, 5, 54; dis gratiam habeo, Ter. Hec. 3, 2, 11; Et habetur et referetur Thais tibi, ut merita es, gratia, Eun. 4, 6, 12; magna dis immortalibus habenda est gratia, Cic. Cat. 1, 11; cui quamquam gratia deferri tanta non potest quam debetur, habenda tamen est quantam maximam animi nostri capere possunt, Phil. 3, 4; **49.** h. honorem, see honor; **50.** h. rationem, first have an account, keep an account, habebant rationem piratarum qui securi ferirentur, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 71; habui rationem eorum annorum per quos iste in Sicilia fuisset, 2, 2, 182; huius ego pecuniae non habui rationem neque habere potui, 2, 2, 153; **51.** take account (of), rationem haberi abscentis non tam pugnaui ut liceret quam ut...habere, Cic. fam. 6, 6, 5; deos...piorum et impiorum habere rationem, leg. 2, 15; **52.** h. uiam, march, be on the way, hic quidem ad me recta habet rectam uiam, Pl. Ps. 4, 7, 38; add Mil. 2, 6, 11; Caesar...nullas uis sanguine fuso Gaudet habere uias, Lucan. 2, 440; iter haec habui, Ter. Eun. 5, 8, 35; ille in Sardiniam iter habebat, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 6, 2; iter ad legiones habebat, Caes. b. e. 1, 14, 3; add 1, 51, 1; 3, 11, 2; 3, 106, 1; **IV 53.** habitus as adj. for bene habitus, at least in comp. and sup., in good condition, Compulsetur uidere atque habitior. Huic gratia, Pl. Epid. 1, 1, 8; si qua habitior est (so THK ej., ass est abtior) paulo, pugilem esse aiunt, deducunt cibum, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 14 (lex Maai p. 118 abitus...exosus et carne plenus); equitem eius uberrimum et habitissimum uiderant, Sab. Masur. ap. Gell. 4, 20, 11—see S. last ex.); **V 54.** habes habet habent often monos. in old lang., Tibi praecipio ut niteat aedes. Habes

(marked as monos. by R) quod facias : propra, abi intro, Pl. Ps. 1, 2, 28; Vel trecentis. Haben tu id aurum quod accepisti (so mss; elide quod) a Charuide? Trin. 4, 2, 122; quae nos nostramque adolescentiam Habent despiciatam (so Umpf. v. BCD; despectam, A) et quae nos semper omnibus cruciant modis, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 93; cf. It. has, Fr. as=hates; It. ha, Fr. a=habet; It. hau (hannu), Fr. out=habet; cf. Eng. has for haves, had for haved; cf. amentum for habimentum, and above all daras in this work; 55. habet v. long e at times in old Lat., Froinde habet orationem, quasi si ipse sit frugi bonae, Pl. Poen. 4, 2, 23; Virtus omnia in sese habet, omnia adsunt, Amph. 2, 2, 21; add Bac. 4, 9, 50; Truc. 4, 3, 34.

**hābrōtōnītēs**, (ab.) ae, m. (sc. οἶνος), southernwood wine, Colum. 12, 35.

**hābrōtōnum**, (ab.) i, n. (ἀβροτόνον fm. ἀβρος smooth) an aromatic plant, prob. southernwood, aegro dare, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 114; habrotonum, Plin. 21, 59 and 60; abrotanum, Lucan. 9, 921.

**hābrōtōnis**, i, m. the same, Habrotonique graues, Lucr. 4, 125.

**hāc**, adv. [=ha-ce, abl. of hic, uia underst.] along this road, this way, first demonstr., Sequere hac me, faxo iam scies, Pl. Bac. 4, 7, 33; add 5, 2, 46; Mil. 4, 2, 18; 1 hac necum domum, Trin. 3, 2, 84; Sequere hac me, Ter. Andr. 5, 6, 14; nunc ipsa vocat res: Hac iter est, Verg. 9, 321; 2. often opp. to illac, Hac an illac eam, incerta (sum) consili. Rud. 1, 3, 30; Plenus rimarum sum, hac atque illac perluo, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 25; Hac illac circumcursa, inueniendum est tamen Argentum, Hant. 3, 2, 1; Siue hac siue illac...ueniat, Tib. 4, 1, 96; 3. in poets hac repeated, Hac fugerunt Graeci...Hac Phryges, Verg. 1, 467; Hac Amor, hac Liber, Prop. 1, 3, 14; 4. referring to previous words, ab oppido dechuis locus tenui fastigio uergebat...Hac nostris erat receptus, Caes. b. 1, 45, 6; pedibus lignis porticus integebatur, atque hac agger inter manus proferebatur, 2, 2, 3; uia Lactea nomen habet...Hac iter est superis ad magni tecti Tonantis, Ov. M. 1, 170; add 2, 133; quaque impetus egit Hac sine lege ruit, 2, 204; 5. w. stare, on this side, Non semper nostra euortet: Nunc Iuppiter hac stat, Enn. ap. Macr. s. 6, 1, 19; Ne qua meis esto dictis mora: Iuppiter hac stat, Verg. 12, 565.

**hācētēnis**, adv. older form of haecetenus, haecetenus et hodie, non, ut antiqui, haecetenus hodie, Mar. Vict. 2456 P, 9, 19 K.

**hac-propter**, adv. [cf. quapropter] for this reason (Tutanum) Hacpropter omnes qui laborant inuocant, Varr. ap. Non. 48, 1; perh. too w. Scaliger in Verg. C. 3 where mss hac propter.

**hac-tēnus**, (old) haec-tenus; also written separately haec...tenus?; [root of tendo=cf. catenus, illac, or illat, istact, quat. ahiqat, quadant, nullat] so-far, to this line or extent, of place, iam tandem Italiae fugientis prendimus oras: Hac Troiana mens fuerit Fortuna secuta, Verg. 6, 62; Saltus ab hac terra breuis est Temporya petenti: \*Hac dominum tenus est illa secuta suum, Ov. tr. 1, 10, 22; Haecenus Euxini pars est Romana sinistri, Proxima Bastarnae Sauromatacae tenent, 2, 197; add am. 2, 11, 16; M. 5, 250; 13, 700; haecetenus in occidentem Germaniam nouimus, Tac. G. 35; 2. of time, so far, till this, till now, till then, haecetenus quietae utrimque stationes fure; postquam... Liv. 7, 26, 6; Haecenus Acca soror potui; nunc noluis acerbum Conscit, Verg. 11, 823; h. pro libertate, mox de finibus...pugnam est, Flor. 1, 5 (11); add 1, 12 (17); 1, 34, 1 (2, 19, 1); 3. of words, first in writing, and so used in transitions, so far, hitherto, haecetenus mihi uideo de amicitia quid sentirem potuisse dicere: si qua praeterea sunt...ab his...qui ista disputant, quarietote, Cic. am. 24; quod ad temporum uocabula attinet, haecetenus sit satis dictum: nunc... Varr. l. 6, 35; Haecenus aruorum cultus et sidera caeli, Nunc... Verg. G. 2, 1; Haecenus unde legas quod ames, ubi retia ponas Praecipit...Thalia... Nunc... Ov. a. a. 1, 263; 4. of speaking, Haecetenus: et tacuit, Ov. M. 7, 794; Haecetenus: et genuit, lo. 423; Haecetenus: et mouit... am. 3, 1, 31; (where note the et);

5. hence often = no more, Sed haec haecetenus, Cic. am. 55 f.; fam. 6, 2, 3; diu. 2, 53 f.; Quint. 4, 2, 30; Haecenus Acaecides: nocem grauis hasta secutast, Ov. M. 12, 82; Haecetenus: et pariter uitam cum sanguine fudit, 2, 610; Haecetenus Oenides, 14, 512; Haecetenus (Tiberis): ut uiuo subit... F. 5, 661; 6. gen. of degree or extent, so far, followed by a limiting clause, artem dumtaxat haecetenus requirunt ut certis dicendi luminibus ornentur, Cic. or. 2, 119; curandus autem? Haecetenus, ne quid ad senatum 'constyle' aut 'numera', Att. 5, 4, 2; add fam. 4, 3, 3; diu. 1, 13; Flac. 36; Att. 13, 49, 2; haecetenus indulgere matri ciuile ratus, ut se adiuturum Virginalia diceret, Tac. an. 2, 34; haecetenus ut auditores corrogat, Plin. ep. 2, 14, 9; Fortunae haecetenus licet ut dari possit, 4, 8, 3; add 7, 31, 6; 9, 15, 3; artificia haecetenus utilia si praeparant ingenium, non detinent, Sen. ep. 88, 1; haecetenus non uertit, quatenus domino debet, Ulp. dig. 15, 3, 10, 7; add 39, 1, 1; 7. referring to what precedes, haecetenus reprehendit si qui uolet: nihil amplius, Cic. Ver. 2, 4, 56; frumentum modum dominus aut peccoris aut uicis ut colono iniungit, et seruus haecetenus parat, Tac. G. 25.

**hālēc-ūla**, (alecula, or alegula), ae, f. a little fish, like the herring, datur (aubus) rinalis alecula, Colum. 8, 15, 6; praebri (piscibus) tualis haleculas, 8, 17, 12; 2. also = hallee, herring-pickle, fauces halecula linire, 6, 8 f.; 3. alegula (sing. ligula or legula) in malam crucem, Pl. Poen. 5, 5, 30.

**hallex**, (allex), ēgis or ēcis, f. (cf. hālēc-ūla), also hālēc (ālēc), n. [G. hār-ēng, itself a dim. of a form hār = γαρ-ος], herring = γαρ-ος, known to ancients only as salted, or rather as a pickle, herring-pickle = γαρ-ος, Equid hallegist? (so mss), Pl. Pers. 1, 3, 27; Qui mihi olera cruda ponunt (quique) hallee danunt, fr. 3, 21 (Delph.); ubi laeae comese erunt, halecem et acetum dato, Cato r. 58; ego faciem primus et allee (al. halec)...inuenior...circumposuisse, Hor. s. 2, 4, 73; nitium huius (sc. piscis quem Graeci garum uocabant § 93) est alex (al. allex), imperfecta nec collata faex, Plin. 31, 95; allee scabies pecoris sanatur, ib. 96; Capparin et putri cepas hallice nantes...uoras, Mart. 3, 77, 5; manducatur cum allee sinapi, Apic. 7, 262 Sch.; alleeem colorem, 288; conditur ex oleo, caroeno, allee, 9, 431; alleeem impone articulis, Veg. uet. 3, 49, 3; 2. met., Tune hic amator audes esse hallex (A has talax) uiri? Pl. Poen. 5, 5, 31.

**hālēcīnāto**, (hall., al.) ōnis, f. wandering in mind, reverie, dreamy idea, sic uestras hallucinationes fero, Sen. beat. uit. 26, 6; quando animus otiosis uultis hallucinationibus occupari, Arnob. 4, 36; add 6, p. 194; mentis et corporis hallucinationes, Anon. ap. Nou. 121, 20; alucinatio erratio, Paul. ex F. 24.

**hālēcīnator**, (al.) ōris, m. one who wanders in mind, elucum significat...uel alucinatore (so mss), Paul. ex F. 75 M.

**hālēc-inor**, (hall., al. or all.) āri, [impr. an adj.] halueus fm. a vb. halue = ἄλω (ἀλω), wander) wander in mind, say deliriously, quo Epicurus oecitans haluecinat (al. aluc) est, Cic. N. D. 1, 2; epistolae nostrae debent interdum haluecinari, Q. fr. 2, 11, 1; h litteram...inserebant ueteres... Sic haluecinari dicebant, Gell. 2, 3, 3; alucinari factum ex eo quod dicitur Graece ἀλύνω, unde elucum quoque, 16, 12, 3; haluecinari aberrare, Nou. 121, 20.

**hāma**, (ama\*) ae, f. (ἀμα or ἀμη), a bucket, hamae, urnae oleariae, urcei aquarii, Cato r. 135, 2; 2. esp. as against fires, nullus usquam in publico siphno, nulla hama, nullum denique instrumentum ad incendia compescenda, Plin. ep. 10, 33 (42); 2. Dispositis praedictis hūmis uigilare cohortem Seruorum totum Licinius iubet, Luv. 14, 305; praefectum uigilum per noctem noctem uigilare et coerrare...cum hamis et dolabris...ne incendii casus oriat, Paul. dig. 1, 15, 3; acetum quod extinguendi incendii causa paratur, item centones sifones...et amas\* contineri, Ulp. 35, 7, 12, 18; 3. in Pl. Mil. 3, 2, 42 hama is only a cj.; 4. Dirksen makes it = ferramentum aduncum!

**hāra**, ae, f. [perh. a variety of cāsa] a house etc. for animals; first a separate compartment for each goose in a goose-house (χρυσόβασκες), his faciunt haras in quas non inducunt plus uicinos pullos, Varr. r. 3, 10, 4; add 3, 10, 3 and 6; intra cohortem secretas singulis haras facere oportet...fetus ubi elant, Colum. 8, 13 f.; add 8, 14, 6 and 9; parituae (anseris) ad harum perducuntur, Pall. 1, 30, 2; **2.** a pigsty, =porcum stabulum, Non. 120, 20; erus in hara, haut aedibus habitat (habet?), Pl. As. 2, 4, 23; harum (suus) trium pedum altam, Varr. r. 2, 4, 13; inundata cura fidelis harae, Ov. her. 1, 103; Claudor hārā (ly Circe's art) solumque suis caruisse figura Vidimus Eurylochum; solus data pocula fupit, Ov. M. 14, 286; **3.** met., oboluit aliam, Germana inlunics, rustiens hircus, hāra suis, Pl. Most. 1, 1, 39; Epieure noster ex hara atque domestic, non ex schola, Cie. Pis. 37; forum hara atque homines...sues sunt existinandi, Varr. ap. Non. 120, 22.

**hārandifer**, (ar.) a, um, adj. reed-bearing, caput (of a river), Ov. F. 5, 637.

**hārandinaceus**, adj. like a reed, folium, Plin. 18, 58.  
**hārandinarius**, adj. m. as sb., dealer in reeds, A. Aemilius A. 1. harundinarius, insc. Or. 4199.

**hārandinatio** ? ōnis, f. employing reeds as support to vines, Varr. r. 1, 8, 3; so Schneider by ej. for hardulatio.

**hārandinētum**, (ar.) i, n. a reed plantation, Catō\* r. 6, 3, quoted by Varr. r. 1, 26, 4; Colum.\* 4, 30, 2; 4, 32, 3; Plin. 10, 23.

**hārandineus**, (ar.) adj. of reeds, silua, Verg. 10, 710; carmen, Ov.\* tr. 4, 1, 12; cuneoli, Colum.\* 4, 29, 10;

**2.** like a reed, paniculae, Plin. 8, 117; radix, 24, 150; ficus, Macr. s. 3, 20, 1.

**hārandinōsus**, adj. full of reeds, Catul. 36, 13.

**hārundo**, (ar.) inis, f. [har the root syl. perh. =ear of carex, sedge] reed, arundo donax Linn., Catō r. 6, 3; Quin tu in paludem in exsecacae harundinum Qui pertegant uillam, Pl. Rud. 1, 2, 34; Hicce hami et hacc harundines sunt nobis quæsta et onitu, 2, 1, 5; ut teneris harundinum radicibus contusis apnos alenat, Caes. b. c. 3, 58, 3;

**2.** of many uses, esp. in poets, as first for fishing, see Pl. above; captat arundine pisces, Tib. 2, 6, 23; h. piscatoria, Plin. 16, 72;

**3.** as an arrow, expetis palumbem: prope harundo alas uerberat, Pl. Bac. 1, 1, 17; perque illa nenit harundo, Verg. 7, 499; add 4, 73; Inque cor hamata peruenit arundine Ditem, Ov. M. 5, 384; add 1, 471; parati aucupes cum harundinibus (turdos) exceperunt, Petr. 40; h. aucupatoria, Plin. 16, 172;

**4.** for thatching, see Pl. above; uitando imbres et aestus tegabant harundinibus, Vitr. 2, 1, 3;

**5.** as prop (ingum) for vines, Varr. r. 1, 8, 2; ingum fit harundine, Plin. 17, 166; add 16, 173;

**6.** for writing, Inque manus chartæ nodosque nenit arundo, Pers. 3, 11; Neue notat lusus tristis harundo tuos, Mart. 1, 3, 10;

**7.** for music, as a pipe or Pan-pipe, imitator harundine musan, Verg. B. 6, 8; iunctisque canendo Vincere arundinibus, Ov. M. 1, 684; add 6, 384, and Plin. 16, 172;

**8.** as a weaver's comb, stamen secernit a, Ov. M. 6, 55;

**9.** as a stick, eferre huc...harundinem, ut...deciam araneum telas, Pl. Stic. 2, 2, 23; uolucres in uertice harundo Terret fax, Hor. s. 1, 8, 6; add Prop. 4, 7, 25;

**10.** of the bamboo, harundini Indice arborea amplitudo, Plin. 16, 162; harundines (in India) tantæ proceritatis ut singula internodia alio nauigabili ternos homines ferant, Plin. 7, 21;

**11.** harundo in best iuss; and yet, arundo non harundo, says Prob. 198, 33 K.

**haud**, haut or hau, adv. [haut = ouis; haue = ou; cf. for vowels, auris ouas, aura ouas ouos; for change of e and t, cf. abiet-adj. abiegus; it- of force, verbs for ic- as in folio] not (emphatic), assuredly not, anything but, esp. attached to single words, as first to adj., haut medicos pones pendens, Pl. Bac. 3, 3, 23; Haut consiliu ingenio, 3, 3, 50; Hic est seculum hau pulcrum pulcræ feminæ, CIL 1007, 2; Haud similis uirgost uirginum nostrorum, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 22; Theophrastus auctor haud deterior mea quidem sententia, Cie. leg. 2, 15; haud medicos hic uir fuit, rep.

2, 55; haud absurdum, Sal. Cat. 3, 1; haud mollia iussa, Verg. G. 3, 41; Iouem...Romulumque...haud spernendos... testes, Liv. 4, 20 f.;

**2.** esp. w. negative adj., Ecastor me haut inuita se domum recipit suam, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 31; Faxo haut inultus prandium comederis, Men. 3, 2, 55; Haud ignota loquor, Verg. 2, 91; fuit haud ignobilis Argis, Hor. ep. 2, 128; haud ignara...futuri, s. 1, 1, 35; haud inuenta victoria, Liv. 37, 16, 12;

**3.** w. adv., Familiari accipere faxo han familiariter, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 199; Haud inuicem astiterunt, Trin. 3, 1, 24; haut stulte sapis, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 82; haud paulo maior scriptor, Cie. orat. 151; haud facile quis dixerit, off. 3, 110 f.;

**4.** rarely w. a sb., Illa haud uerbum facit etc., Pl. Cas. 5, 2, 39; hau nummo amplius, Most. 3, 3, 16; guttam

haut habeo sanguinis, 2, 2, 70; pluma haut interest, 2, 1, 60; and so, says Hand, Verg. 7, 654; dignus...cui prater haud Mezentius esset—in Nicht-Mezentius; often w. pron. in -quam and ullus, Sequere huc me igitur, Equidem

hau (cuiquam) a pedibus apsedam tuis, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 170; haut quicquam, Amph. 2, 2, 48; 3, 1, 17; Cure. 1, 3, 15; haud fere quisquam, Cie. off. 2, 23; haud unquam, Tim. f. i. Verg. 2, 249; Hor. s. 1, 6, 99; haud mihi

quisquam, 1, 9, 27; haudquaquam, Sal. Cat. 3, 2; Liv. 10, 28, 11; 10, 30, 10; haud ullæ...sagittæ, Verg. G. 2, 124; haud ulla...uigilantiæ, 2, 265; haud ullis...uentis,

2, 133; haud ulla...uolantes, A. 6, 239; haud ulla in loco ce latitudinem excedens, Plin. 3, 44;

**5.** w. adverbial phrases, Sed ececum incedit hic ornatu haut ex suis uirtutibus, Pl. Capt. 5, 3 f.; facis haut consuetudine, Trin. 2, 2, 83; haud, opinor, commodè Finem statuissæ orationi militem, Ter. Hee. 1, 2, 20; haud numine nostro, Verg. 2, 396; haud ab re duxi, Liv. 8, 11, 1; haud iniuria, Curt. 5, 5, 13;

**6.** w. verbs also stronger than non, Haud metuo ne iusurandum nostrum quisquam culpet, Pl. Cist. 2, 1, 19; Haut uereor ne nos subdola peridia perueniant, Mil. 3, 3, 681; philosophandum est paucis, nam omnino haut placet, Enn. ap. Gell. 5, 15 f.; Astutus, ne ille haut scit, quam mihi nunc surdo neret fabulam, Ter. Haut. 2, 1, 10; add 4, 4, 25; haud dubitant...docere nullum esse prodigium, Cie. rep. 1, 23;

haud parauero Quod aut auarus, ut Chremes, terra premam...aut... Hor. epod. 1, 32;

**7.** where affirmative adverbs are used, haud commonly preferred to non, haud equidem dico, Pl. Merc. 3, 1, 14; Ter. Hee. 2, 1, 35; Ne ego haud paulo hunc animam malum, Cie. Tusc. 1, 99; add Mil. 68;

Att. 7, 3, 2; fam. 7, 1, 3; haud equidem assentior, leg. 3, 26; Haud equidem credo, Verg. G. 1, 415; haud equidem tali me dignor honore, A. 1, 339; add 3, 628; 5, 399;

**8.** though haud scio an is used twice in its simple sense to denote uncertainty by Plaut. (Most. 3, 2, 96; Epil. 4, 1, 17), once by Cie. (acad. pr. 2, 126), while Caesar too in the only passage where he uses haud (b. g. 5, 54, 5) writes haud scio mirandumne sit; yet haud scio an is often used to denote a state of knowledge only short,

if short of certainty, and even this limitation is often used to avoid giving offence, I am strongly inclined to think, very possibly, I sadly fear, Atque haud scio an quæ dixit sint uera omnia, Ter. Andr. 3, 2, 45; Etiam haud sciam (indie, like inquam, as also below\*) an uxorem ducat, ac Syro nihil gratiæ, Haut. 5, 2, 46; haud sciam\* (al. scio) hercle, ut homest, an mutet animum, Pl. 5, 2, 9; Qui infelix haud scio an illam misere nunc amet, Ad. 4, 5, 33; Neque genus id orationis in consolando non ualeat, sed haud sciam\* an plurimum, Cie. Tusc. 3, 55; est id quidem magnam atque haud scio an maximum, fam. 9, 15, 1; add am. 20 and 43; Tusc. 2, 41; 3, 16; N. D. 3, 69; Marc. 29; Verg. 2, 1, 41; Flac. 63; Brut. 151; or. 2, 72; 2, 209; haud sciam\* an iustissimum triumpho, Liv. 9, 15, 10; add 21, 43, 3; (but Livy also has nescio an in this sense 22, 39, 4; 23, 16, 16; 37, 54, 16);

**9.** after a neg. to strengthen it, Neque ego haut committam ut... Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 114; neque ille haut obicit mihi, Epil. 5, 1, 57; neque tu haut dicas tibi non prædictum, Caue, Ter. And. 1, 2, 34; wh. Don. adds from Pl. neque haut subditiua gloria;

**10.** authorities for hau, CIL 1007, 2 above; han dicet, Pl. Bac. 4, 4, 8 (as A); hau diu,



**hēr**, **hērīs**, m. f. sb. obsol. [akin to G. *herr*] owner, heir, atque meis bonis Omnibus ego te herem faciam, Naev. ap. Non. 486, 27.  
**hēra**, see *era*.  
**hercūlēs**, (see \* and § 4). **hercūlē**, **hercūlē**, adv. [shortened from ita me Hercules iuuet] by Hercules, faith, really, indeed, Hercle miserumst ingratus 'sse hominem id quod facias bene, Pl. Epid. 1, 2, 33; Malo hercle suo magno conuinat sine modo, Enn. ap. Non. 474, 22; Non hercle apud est hodie quam tu nequior, Naev. ap. Paul. ex F. 10; sed quid hoc? Puer herclest, Ter. Andr. 4, 4, 3; et hercule Torquate ut verum loquamur, Cic. flu. 2, 23; bene hercle faciunt, leg. 3, 1; quoniam semel suscepī (causam), licet hercules\* undique mihi...petuētia omnia impendunt, succurrant, Rose. Am. 31; tam hercle quam hoc, Varr. r. 1, 2, 26; non hercule miror, Hor. ep. 1, 15, 39; Non sum meo huius ais; neque ego herculē fur ubi uāsa..., s. 2, 7, 72; 2. often strengthened, id tibi quidem hercle fiet Vt uapules, Pl. As. 2, 4, 72; hercle uero serio Siquidem prima dedit (mamam), Ter. Ad. 5, 9, 18; sane quidem hercule, Cic. leg. 2, 8; 3. hercle the only form in old comedy (600 times in Pl.); hercule gen. in Cic., at times hercle and hercules; thus Cassiod. 2286, 13; apud Ciceronem lego aequē...hercule et hercle, 4. to exx. of hercules in Cic. ad Brut. 62; and Caec. ap. Cic. fam. 8, 4, 1; Pol. ap. Cic. fam. 10, 33, 3.

**hērēs**, **ēdis**, m. f. [her, obsol., wh. see, ēd for ēg, dim. suff. = *αγ* of *λαλ-αγ*, *αγ* of *χαλ-αγ*; d for g esp. after guttural or r, as in *merc-ed*, *pingu-ed-on*, *grau-ed-on*, *dulc-ed-on*, *ter-ed-on*] lit. owner, or young owner, heres apud antiquos pro domino ponebatur, Paul. ex F. 99; abstuli hunc quoniam heres (so B; A haeres) numquam erit post hunc diem, Pl. Men. 3, 2, 12; pro herede gerere est pro domino gerere, ueteres cumque heredes pro dominis appellabant, Iust. inst. 2, 19, f.; 2. young master (= *erus minor*)—and so gen. her, Et is me heredem fecit, cum suum obit diem, Pl. Poen. 5, 2, 110; siquis mortuus est Arpinatis, eius heredem sacra non secutur, Cato orig. ap. Prisc. 629 P, 1, 129, to K; quoniam ipse parens suos filios suos heres sit, CIL 198, 3; M. Musti M. l. sibi et suis heredibus, 1069; Satus est quam te ipso herede hae possidere Bacchidem, Ter. Haut. 5, 2, 16; testamento fecit heredem filium, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 111; facit heredem ex deuce et senauia Caccinam, ex duabus sextulis M. Fulcinium, Cic. Cacc. 17; scripserunt heredes secum M. Crassum et Q. Hortensium, off. 3, 73; heredem testamento reliquit hunc P. Quinctium, Quinct. 14; Latinos instituit heredes, Gai. 2, 110; si extraneos ille heredes instituit et filiam praeterierit, filia adscendens ex dimidia parte fit heres, 2, 124; per leges institui uxore non poterat heres, Quint. 9, 2, 74; 3. heres secundus, one who succeeds on the first-named heir failing, qui me secundum heredem instituit, Cic. fam. 13, 61; add inu. 2, 26; quoniam ad secundum heredem nihil peruenit, Paul. dig. 4, 2, 17; cf. heredes aut instituti dicuntur aut substituti: instituti primo gradu, substituti secundo uel tertio. Heredis substitutio duplex est aut simplex, ueluti: Lucius Titius heres esto: si mihi Lucius heres non erit, tunc Scius heres mihi esto..., Mod. dig. 28, 5, 6, 1; 4. other distinctions, heredes aut necessarij dicuntur, aut smi et necessarij, aut extranei. Necessarius heres est seruus cum libertate heres institutus...Sui autem et necessarij heredes sunt uelut filius filia...qui modo in potestate morientis fuerunt...Sui...appellantur quia domestici heredes sunt et uiuo quod parente quodammodo domini existimantur...necessarij uero quia...sue uelut sine nolunt...heredes fiunt...Ceteri qui

testatoris iuri subiecti non sunt extranei heredes appellantur, Gai. 2, 152–161; add Ulp. dig. 38, 16, 1; 5. met., illa uetus Academia atque eius heres Aristis, Cic. Brut. 332; Et tibi Demophon, Thesei criminis heres, Ov. a. a. 3, 459; patriae fraudis, her. 2, 78; h. laudis amicae tuae, 9, 110; arctis, Plin. 36, 24; 6. treated as mase, even if a woman, nemo secundum heredem dicitur..., sed masculinē tamēti de femina..., Char. 79 P, 102, 21 K.

**hērī**, (*hērī*?) **hērē**, as adv. [dat. of lost sb. *hērē* = *χῆρ* and S. *hērē*; akin to *σέρ-ος* Hesych.], G. gest-eru, E. *yes-ter-day*, yesterday, iam pridem uidetur factum, heri quid homines quattuor In soporem conlocatos, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 147; Here (al. *heri*?) nescitis media nocte, 1, 3, 16; Heri\* uero propexisse eum se ex tegulis, Caecil. ap. Gell. 15, 15, 2; Ileri minas uiginti pro ambobus dedi, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 89; Heri\* Philumenam ad se accersi hic iussit, Die iussisse te, Hec. 3, 5, 16; Heri\* nemo uoluit Sostratam intro admittere, 3, 1, 49; quod heri uictum obstitit, Afran. ap. Char. 180; rationibus quibus heri uis sumis, Cic. Tusc. 4, 59 f.; Dicit ubi est hodie quae Lyra fuisit heri? Ov. F. 2, 76; Nolito fronti credere: nupsit heri, Mart. 1, 24, 4; Et positum est nobis nil hērē praeter aprum, 1, 43, 2; add here, 3, 12, 2; 4, 7, 1; Res hodie minor est, hērē quam fuerit, Iuv. 3, 23; 2. vaguely, (only) yesterday (as it were), (but) the other day, Sordebat tibi uilicē Concinne hodie atque heri, Catul. 61, 136; Scis herē te, mea lux, iuueni placuisse beato? Ov. am. 1, 7, 23; add Prop. 2, 22, 1; heri seruum, hodie liberum, Ulp. dig. 47, 10, 7, 2; 3. heri gen. in Pl. (some 40 times heri) against her, Pers. 1, 3, 28, w. Gloss. Plac. and perh. Mil. 1, 1, 60; Amph. 1, 3, 16; in Ter. gen. heri, but here once in A. Hant. 3, 3, 7; in Cicero always heri, except At. 10, 13, 1; 4. heri seems to have a short i in \* above, unless we sh. read hērē; but in Ps. 1, 2, 15 transfer atque to pree. line; 5. her prob. meant sun-down or evening; = *wes* of *wes-t* w. *exer. t*; *hesperus*, uesper; also, at least for meaning, Lith. *wakaras* evening, *wakar* yesterday; compare *avpior* to-morrow, lit. morning.

**heu**, interj. of pain, ah! oh! uae uictis: uorte ergo turgum. Heu heu desine: doleo, Pl. Ps. 5, 2, 20; but in Aul. 3, 3, 8 read *heu* *stēux* w. Wagner; 2. of grief, vexation etc., ah, oh, alas, heu me miserum, Pl. Merc. 3, 4, 39; heu misero mihi, 3, 4, 76; heu miserae mihi, 4, 3, 2; Eben heu Taracei ut acerbo es deditus fuit, CIL 1202; heu me miserum, Pl. Aul. 4, 9, 10; Afran. ap. Cic. Tusc. 4, 45; Phil. 3, 14; Heu quis te casus dicetiam coniuge tunc excipit? Verg. 3, 317; add S. 537, S. 485; Heu quam difficile est erimen non proderet uultu, Ov. M. 2, 447; add 2, 612 etc.; heu seruus adulteros Crines puluere collimes, Hor. od. 1, 15, 19; add 3, 24, 30; 3. not elided before vowel, Heu! ubi nunc fastus altaque uerba iacent! Ov. her. 4, 150; 4. it seems doubtful whether heu heu occurs; in Pl. Mil. 4, 8, 32 it is only a *ej.*; 5. at times supplants heus, as in Aul. above; add Pers. 5, 2, 65; Trin. 4, 2, 29; 6. eu so often stands in good *sms* that it is prob. a genuine form, as in Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 17; Most. 4, 2, 65; Men. 5, 2, 119; 5, 5, 10; Mil. 4, 2, 74; Poen. 1, 2, 71.

**heus**, interj. [prob. for *heuse* imper. of a lost vb. *haus-*hear; cf. *auris* ear, old. form *ausi*, and audio; change of vowel due to umlaut] her, harkee, hulloa, Aperite hoc, aperite; heus, equi huius foribus tutelam gerit? Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 28; heus, aliqui actutum huc foras Exite, Merc. 5, 2, 69; Heus oculo errante qui aspiciet leti domus Morare gressum, CIL 1009, 3; Heus tu uiator lasse qui me praeteris, Cum diu ambularis tamen hoc (= huc) nenidum est tibi, 1431, 3; Syre, Syre inquam, heus heus Syre, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 107; Heus heus; Aeschinus ego sum. Aperite aliquis actutum ostium, Ad. 4, 4, 26; Heus, aptate pueri munde atque ampliter conuiuium, Pompon. ap. Non. 511, 18; heus tu Rufio, caue sis mentiare, Cic. Mil. 60; heus inquit iuuenes, monstrate, mecum Vidistis siquam hic errantem forte sororem, Verg. 1, 321; Heus etiam mensas consumimus? 7, 116; 2. by a natural extension, in letter-writing, sed heus tu, quid agis? Cic. fam. 7, 11, 2; sed heus tu...unde illud tam *avpior*? 10, 17, 1; s. h. tu, elari

uideor a te, ad Q. fr. 2, 16, 5; s. h. tu, scripseramne tibi...? Att. 4, 18, 3; s. h. tu... Dolabella me sibi legauit, 15, 11, 4.

**hi**, adv. absol. [dat. of pron. *hic* before the *ce* was added; cf. *si = sic*] here, in this place, D. M. S. *hi* iacet..., CIL vol. 2, 344.

**hi**, nom. m. pl. both of *hic* and of *is*, wh. see.

**hiantia**, ae, f. [hiō], wide-gaping, oris, Ter. anim. 10.

**hiascio**, ēre, vb. gape open, ubi primum incipiunt hiascere (nucēs roboris), tum legi oportet, Cato r. 17, 2; cum nucēs (amygdali) hiascere coeperunt, Gargil. de hort. 2, 1.

**hiatus**, tis, m. yawning, wide opening, as of mouth, cibum oris hiatu capessunt, Cie. N. D. 2, 122; Quinquaginta atris immanis hiatus hydra, Verg. 6, 576; rumpi... serpentes (spūto) siquis in hiatum earum expuat, Plin. 28, 38; personae pallentis hiatum In gremio matris formidat rusticus infans, Iuv. 3, 175; iam tempora clusus hiatus Alcides, Val. F. 1, 34; imbres, sicco quos asper hiatus Praesolidat Boreas, Stat. Th. 1, 352; 2. esp. of grandiloquence, Quod dignum tanto feret hic promissor hiatus? Hor. A. P. 138; Grande Sophocleo carmen bacchamur hiatus, Iuv. 6, 636; 3. of gaping eagerly after an object, met. from an open-mouthed beast, libidū sanguinis et hiatus praemiorum ingenium... imbuisti, Tac. h. 4, 42 med.; cf. inhiō; 4. of other objects, specus est tenebroso cecus hiatus, Ov. M. 7, 409; fit et caeli ipsius hiatus, quod uocant chasma, Plin. 2, 96; 5. esp. of the ground, cum terra discessisset, descendit in hiatum, Cie. off. 3, 38; terrarum hiatus, N. D. 2, 14; lateque solum retegatur hiatus, Ov. M. 5, 357; Sic ubi terreno Lyeus est epotus hiatus, 15, 273; add 3, 162; hauriri urbis terrae hiatus, Plin. 36, 119; 6. in lang., the meeting of vowels, habet enim ille tamquam hiatus et concursus uocalium molle quiddam, Cie. orat. 77; amans hiatus illius Homericī (Catullus), Gell. 6, 20, 3 in reference to Ebriosa aena (27, 4); hiatus quoque causa solebant interponere f (βαῖον... ἀνιστοῦσαν ἀσφοδῶν), Prisc. 547 P, 1, 17, 10 K; add 259 P, 1, 35, 10 K; 107 P, 1, 57, 11 K etc.; Pomp. comm. 256, 7 K.

**hiber-nus**, adj. [implies a sb. n. *hiber-*, for *hiēm-er*, Fr. *hiver*; cf. *diurnus*, = *ἡμερηῖος*] of winter, Iuvenius hibernum (sc. crepitum), Pl. Rud. pr. 69; Massici montis uberrimus quattuor Fructus cibare in una hora. Hiberna addito, Ps. 2, 11; naufragio, Cie. Att. 15, 25; cubiculum, Q. fr. 3, 1, 2; pulvere, Verg. G. 1, 101; Cori, A. 5, 126; nine, Hor. od. 4, 12, 4; annus, epod. 2, 29; luccs, Tib. 1, 4, 160; ab aestio solis ortu ad hibernum..., ab occidente aestiuo ad occidentem, Plin. 6, 57; agnos, S. 188; pira, 16, 106; 2. w. castra or absol. as n. pl. winter quarters, castra hiberna, Cato ap. Front. ad Ver. ep. 2, 1, p. 129 Naber; hiberna legionum eligendi optio, Cie. Att. 4, 18, 3; legiones ex hibernis educit, Caes. b. g. 1, 10, 3; etc.; cunctos senatorii ordinis ex hibernis accersiri iubet, Sall. Jug. 62, 4; etc.; ibique hiberna egerunt, Liv. 9, 28, 1; etc.

**hic**, hacc, hoc, pron. dem. [for *hi-ce* (cf. *hi-ci-ne*) and that for *ci-ce*, duplicate of *ce*, like *ol-ros*, G. *die-ser*, A. N. *thet-ta*, Boh. *ten-to*; an initial *c* is required by Rask's law to correspond w. *h* of our hence, here, hither; cf. too *ci* citra exterior wh. have retained the *c*; but this *c* is for *cen* or rather *cene*, imper. of absol. vb. *cen* (gon of *goin-osco*) = *E. ken*; see Key's 'Language' p. 338 sq.] first as an absol. vb. look, luccit hoc iam—it is getting light already, look—Pl. Amph. 1, 3, 45; add Mil. 2, 2, 63; Curc. 1, 3, 26; luccitit (al. *lucet*) hoc iam, Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 1; 2. or still with the idea look, shewing or pointing to a thing near the speaker, this look, this, estne hic Philto qui aduenit? Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 31; Hos quos uidetis stare hic captiuos duos, Capt. pr. 1; Oues scabrae sunt, tam glabrae, em, quam hae est manus, Trin. 2, 3, 140; Hoc agite sultis, spectatores, nunciam, As. pr. 1; Hicne agis an non? Ego uero istuc—Are you attending to what I say or not? Ter. And. 1, 2, 15; Nempe ut eurentur recte hacc, 1, 1, 3; set quid hoc? Puer herclit. Mulier tu adpositi hunc? 4, 4, 2; hic locus ad agendum amplissimus, Eest uisus, Cie. Manil. 1; omnes hic quos uidetis adesse, Rosc.

Am. 1; nihilne te...horum ora uultusque mouerunt? Cat. 1; parentibus meis, nitam tantum debco, tibi quum meam salutem tum omnium horum, Liv. 22, 39, 3; en ipse capellas Protinus aeger ago; hanc etiam his Titire duco, Verg. B. 1, 13; Ipsi te fontes, ipsa hacc arbusta uocabant, 1, 40; Per caput hacc iuro, Verg. 9, 300; Hunc sine me turbare globum, 9, 409; Non hoc semper erit liminis...patiens, Hor. od. 3, 10, 19; 3. hence pointing to himself a man may use *hic homo* for *ego*, as we say your humble servant, Quid istie uerba facinus? Huic homini opus quadraginta minis, Pl. Epid. 1, 2, 38; Vah solus hic homost qui sciat diuitius, Curc. 2, 1, 33; add Trin. 4, 4, 17 and 21; hacc canes, 1, 2, 135; Tibi erunt parata uerba, huic homini uerbera, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 115; haberes Magnum adiutorem...Hunc hominem uelles si tradere, Hor. s. 1, 9, 47; Quod si militibus parees, erit hic quoque miles, Tib. 2, 6, 7; cf. *ōde amp* and *ōde*, as in Soph. Oed. T. 534, 515; Oed. Col. 649; Aj. 78; Trach. 305; 4. a gen. reference to what exists around us, non quid hoc populo optineri possit, sed quid optimum sit tibi dicendum tuo, Cie. leg. 3, 37; ab illis hominibus qui tum nersati sunt in republica... ad hacc hominum libidinem ac licentiam me alducis, Verr. 2, 3, 210; ea sunt tolerabilia... hacc inuente, Att. 10, 9, 3; Fructuosior est fundus si potius ad antiquorum diligentiam quam ad horum luxuriam dirigas acidificationem, Varr. r. 1, 22, 6; quis est omnium hic moribus, quin..., Sall. Cat. 4, 7; Capitulum saxo quadrato substructum est, opus uel in hac magnificentia urbis conspiciendum, Liv. 6, 4, 12; quoties in extrema periculorum uentum ut in hanc magnitudinem... erigi imperium posset, 7, 29, 2; add 1, 55, 9; 3, 20, 25; 25, 40, 2; 5. hic often used w. *ille* to identify or connect what is with what was, attat hoc illud est, Hinc illae lacrumae, hacc illast misericordia, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 98; hoc illud esse dictantes quod aera militibus sint constituta, Liv. 5, 2, 3; Hunc illum fati externa ab sede profectum Portendi generum, Verg. 7, 255; hunc illum poscere fata, 7, 272; 6. a repeated *hic* may be used to point, or as it were to point, to different objects, hic uersus Plauti non est, hic est, Sulp. ap. Cie. fam. 9, 16, 4; Hi summo in ductu pendent; hi unda dehiscens Terram inter ductus aperit, Verg. 1, 106; Vendidit hic auro patriam..., Hic thalamum inuasit natae, 6, 621; add 10, 9; Hacc implet lento calathos *c* uimine nexos, Hacc gremium, Ov. F. 4, 435; Hacc arat infelix, hacc tenet arma manu, tr. 5, 10, 24; ego hoc dico, aduersarius hoc, Quint. 4, 4, 8; add: quenerit hoc an hoc, furtum an sacrilegium? 7, 3, 9; add 6, 1, 3; hic praesertim moribus, Cie. diu. 2, 4; add off. 3, 66;

7. so *hic* with *ille*, tolle hanc patinam...Aufer illam offam porcinam, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 164; hic spe celer, illa timore, Ov. M. 1, 539; add 3, 48; 11. referring to words, first preceding words, Nam ut in Ephesus hinc abii (hoc factumst ferme abhinc biennium)... Pl. Bac. 3, 2, 4; In co clauai ego perfoli parietem..., Et seue sciente hoc feci, Mil. 2, 1, 66; Est genus hominum, qui esse primos se omnium rerum uolunt, Nec sunt. Hos consector, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 17; deinde de opportunitate temporum dicendum est. Hacc autem scientia..., Cie. off. 1, 142; Clamor fit tota domo, pugna inter seruos...Hacc ubi nuntiata sunt, statim..., Verr. 2, 1, 67; sed hacc batenus, off. 1, 130; rates...emolcabat. Has quaternis ancoris destinabat, Caes. b. c. 1, 25, 7; 9. esp. as a so-called antecedent to a relative, provided it follow, Quam quisque norit artem in hac se exerceat, poet. ap. Cie. Tusc. 1, 41; if *hic* precede the relative, it has its own demonstrative power, see ex. fm. Capt. in § 2; where the idea is defined by the relative clause only, the pron. is must be used; 10. referring to what follows, following, hacc (nom.) uis uidentur esse: Vbi..., CIL 199, 13; tum uotatio elicitur hoc modo, Cie. Top. 10; Stoici hoc uidelicet uiderunt...homines sceleribus inquinatos, nihil miseriore esse quam eos qui..., fin. 4, 63; quorum operum hacc erat ratio, Caes. b. c. 1, 25, 5; rationem pontis hacc instituit, b. g. 4, 17, 3; in hoc genere hacc quaeratur, au..., Quint. 7, 8, 7; 11. esp. to a coming conj. or relative serving as such, atque hoc euenit In labore atque in dolore, ut mors obrepit interim, Pl. Ps. 2, 3, 19;

hoc animo in nos esse debetis ut aetas nostra iam ingrauescens in amore atque in adolescentia tua conquiescat, Cic. fam. 2, 11; si munusquodque membrum sensum hunc habere ut posse putaret se valere, si... off. 3, 22; homines sunt hae lege generati, qui tuerentur illum globum, rep. 6, 15; quaevis quidam sentire de hoc quod duo soles uisos esse constaret, 1, 19; 12. when hic and ille refer to preceding words, hic refers to the nearer world, ille to the more distant, the latter, the former, frugi hominem dici non multum habet laudis in rege: fortis, iustus, severus, gratus... hae sunt regiae laudes, illa priuata est, Cic. Deiot. 26; melius de quibusdam acerbi iunioris meretur quam hi amici qui dulces uidentur: illi rerum saepe dicunt; hi nunquam, am. 90; Caesar beneficiis atque munificentia magnus habebatur, integritate nitae Cato. Ille mansuetudine et misericordia clarus factus, huius seueritas dignitatem addiderat, Sal. Cat. 54, 2; 13. but this order may give way to relative position of place or time, haece posteriorem (artem disserendi) et Stoici et Peripatetici, priorem autem (inueniendi) illi egregie tradiderunt, hi (se. Stoici) ne attigerunt quidem, Cic. fin. 4, 10; cf. or. 2, 159; top. 6; melior tutorque est certa pax quam sperata victoria: haece in tua, illa in decorum manu est, Liv. 30, 39; credi posset Latonia, si non Corneus huius (the earthly nymph) arcus, si non foret aureus illi, Ov. M. 1, 697; nihil est nisi pontus et aer, Fluctibus hic tumidus, nubibus ille mimax, tr. 1, 24; qui captandorum testamentorum artem professi sunt, non putas eadem habere quae designatorum et libitinariorum nota? Illi tamen (the latter, as not immediately before our thoughts) quorum mortem optent nesciunt, hi familiarissimum quemque... mori cupiunt, Sen. ben. 6, 38, 4; 14. in poets and later prose, esp. Quint., such distinctions are often neglected, the one—the other—alius excessisse materiam, alius dicitur non implere, Aequae uterque, sed ille imbecillitate, hic uiribus peccat, Plin. ep. 1, 20, 21; antiqua illa diuisio inter Atticos atque Asianos fuit, cum hi pressi et integri, contra inflati illi et inanes haberentur, Quint. 12, 10, 16; add. 6, 2, 9; 8 pr. 17; 11, 3, 30 and 41; Qualis et Eurotae Pollux et Castor arenis, hic uictor pugnans, ille futurus equis, Prop. 3, 14, 18; 15. neut. hoc w. gen. lit. this bit (of), Quid hic hic clamoris, quid hoc hic tumultus? Enn. ap. Non. 480, 27; Di boni quid hoc morbi est? Ter. Eun. 2, 1, 19; quid hoc hominis? 3, 4, 8; edormiscam hoc uili—this drop of wine—, Ad. 5, 2, 11; hoc commodi est quod ita uixerit ut... Cic. Rose. Am. 91; hoc... iniunxisse seruitutis ut... Liv. 5, 2; hoc in miscris solatio, 30, 13; hoc copiarum in Hispanias portatum est, 42, 18 f.; 16. esp. hoc noctis, aetatis, absol., at this time (of), qui hoc noctis solus ambulat, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 2; add. 1, 1, 9; non placet me hoc noctis esse, 1, 1, 154; Quo tunc hoc noctis diem proficisci foras? Cure. 1, 1, 1; Ne nauigare tandem hoc aetatis senex, Bac. 2, 3, 109; hocine me aetatis ludos bis factum! 5, 1, 4; add. Trin. 3, 3, 57; 17. hoc in, in explanation, that is, in other words: solum nertunt, hoc est, sed a locum mutant, Cic. Caelin. 100; ut habere ad praedam gerendum, hoc est, ad euerendum rem publicam plenum annum, Mil. 24; add. Caelin. 11; Phil. 2, 70; 18. as to form, g. huius, n. pl. hi and hae; g. pl. horum and harum; dat. and abl. pl. hi commonly dispense with the final e; and ho-die still exhibits an abl. ho; 19. yet even these at times take a e or ce, the latter after s, as hoiusce legis, CIL 198, 56; and what is the same, hoiusque aedis, 603, 4; Huiusce fratris filias, Pl. Poen. 5, 4, 87; add pr. 120; Capt. pr. 10; Ter. Andr. 2, 6, 8; Ph. 5, 4, 8; 20. dat. hoiusce legei, CIL 197, 26; 21. acc. huiusce, Proin tu deum huius saturitate facias tranquillum tibi, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 85; huiusce legem, CIL 197, 9; also 23 and 27; 198, 57; uti hoius in tabulam athenam incidere, 196, 26; in hoius delubrum, 1291; 22. abl., ex hoius loco, CIL 1291; haece lege, 197, 7; 198, 52; haece lege, 197, 13; 23. nom. pl., huiusce magistris... muru(m) edificandum coirauerunt, 565; add. 566, 567, 569, 1478; huiusce ministris, 570; Non possunt mihi minis tuis huiusce oculis (nom.) exofidiri, Pl. Mil. 2, 4, 21; add. Ps. 1, 5, 125; Mil. 2, 6, 6; Amph. 2, 3, 19; Cure. 4, 2, 22; Rud. 2, 1, 5; Capt. prol. 35; lex

fet. ap. Liv. 9, 10, 9; huiusce finis uidentur esse, CIL 199, 13; add. 1553 e; huiusce hoc munere arbitrantur suam Thaidem esse, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 39; Hic insidantes (note anap. for spond.) uigilant, partium requiescent, Eun. ap. Phylarg. G. 4, 230; haece sunt aedes, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 109; add. Most. 1, 3, 9; 3, 117; St. 1, 1, 18; odio ac seuius mihi haece (so B pr. m.) nuptiae, Turp. ap. Non. 2, 32; haece nuptiae, Ter. Andr. 4, 1, 32 aec. to Donat.; Haece (so TH K, mss haece) erant itiones cerebrae et mansiones diutinae Lemni? Ph. 5, 9, 23; haece adornant ut lanet (A pr. m.), Eun. 3, 5, 34; add. Hec. 5, 1, 36 (so Bentl. mss); haece laudes Cic. Sest. 5; add. perh. Verg. G. 3, 395; 24. gen. pl. cognatus senex Horum, Ter. Hec. 1, 2, 97; horum alterum in terra linquit, CIL 1007; Alint posticum nostrorum harumce (so A, B) aedium, Pl. St. 3, 1, 41; harumce rerum, Cato r. 139; harumce aedium, Pl. Most. 2, 1, 57; 25. dat. pl. huiusce, Pl. Men. 5, 7, 23; 26. acc. pl. huiusce haece, Pl. Bac. 4, 6, 17; 4, 4, 30 etc.; ob haece res bene gestas, CIL 541, 5; Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 71; 4, 7, 11 and 12 etc.; Cic. Cat. 2, 21; haece utel in contentioli exedatibus, CIL 196, 23; 27. abl. pl., de huiusce... iudicium non fiet, CIL 198, 5; 28. irreg. forms without ce or e, n. pl. huiusce sunt horti, CIL 1059, 7; huiusce sunt duo concordis, 1071, 5; Huius saltem in oculis locis prostant, nos in foro ipso, Pl. Cure. 4, 2, 21; 29. huiusque for huiusce or huiusce, huiusque aedis ergo, inser. Or. 2488, 5; 30. dat. pl. huius, Eodem hercle nos pono et paro: parissimum estis huius, Pl. Cure. 4, 2, 20; huius pro his antiqui protulerunt, Prisc. 961 P, 2, 10, 15 K; 31. the forms w. ce wrong, in spite of Prisc. (948 P, 1, 502, 18 K); thus the palimpsest of Pl. has huiusce, Mil. 1, 1, 61; Pers. 4, 3, 74; haeceine, 4, 3, 75; haeceine, Trin. 1, 2, 149 and BC gen. so; the Bemb. of Terence has haeceine, Hec. 3, 1, 3; haeceine, Ad. 3, 3, 25 and 54; huiusce, Ad. 5, 4, 4 etc.; the Pnt. of Liv. huiusce, 1, 3, 2; huiusce, 6, 17, 2; huiusce, 7, 30, 16 etc.; so huiusce, Cic. Mil. 105 mss Ter.; huiusce, huiusce, Verr. 5, 62 mss reg.; cf. sineine, nuncine etc., Madv. fin. 1, 10; 32. huiusce is another non-existing form; thus Madv. reads huiusce in Cic. Att. 9, 7; 3, 13, 16, 2; huiusce, Liv. 38, 49, 4; 33. note that hi is also the pl. m. of is, ea, ei, his the dat. and abl. pl. of the same; see is; 34. q. of hic and hoc, Sensus hic in nobis, quem cum sopor impediret, Lucr. 4, 921; Solis hic inflexit sensus, Verg. 4, 22; Hic uir, hic est tibi, quem promitti sapientis auidis, 6, 792; more commonly long: hic finis Priami fatorem, hic exitus illium Sorte tulit, Verg. 2, 554; flagret rumore malo cum hic atque ille, Hor. s. 1, 4, 126; hoc gen. long; Hic agamus! Quid nunc, quoniam tecum seruauit fidem, Pl. Capt. 5, 1, 10; Quid (elided?) hoc est negoti? hoc est patrem esse aut hoc est filium esse, Ter. Ad. 4, 5, 73; Hic erat alma parens, Verg. 2, 664; add. 9, 429; unde petitum hoc in me iacis? Hor. s. 1, 4, 80; Hic iter ignauis diuisimus, 1, 5, 5; add. 1, 4, 134; even in comic lang., Vbi nunc is homost? iam hic credo aderit; set hoc idem, apud (=apt) nos rectius, Pl. Bac. 1, 1, 13; where for short sound of apud cf. in same scene vv. 20, 23, 46, 48, 49.

2 hic, (hieic, hieieic) adv. [for hi-ee, see hi] here, in this place, first pointing, Dic ubi ea nunc est obscuro. Hic, exenitum me unde aspexisti modo, Pl. Bac. 2, 2, 26; Nihil istuc abisti: hic propter hunc adistis; em sic uolo, Ter. Ad. 2, 1, 15; Cur non... Hic corillis mixtas inter considimus almos? Verg. B. 5, 3; Est hic (striking his breast) est animus lucis contemptor, 9, 205; 2. the imagination sometimes supply the pointer, as in inscriptions: is hic situs quei nunquam uictus est, CIL 34, 4; forum aedificae poplicae hieci fecit, 551, 15; C. Pumidius Dipilus hieci fuit, 500; mater mea... quae me desiderat... me hieci situm, 1049; 3. sometimes repeated in distributions, Hic Nomadum genus... Hic Lelegas Carasque... Finxerat, Verg. 8, 724; 4. sometimes with illic, faenus illic, faenus hic, Pl. Most. 3, 1, 76; nihil pudet hic Vbi opus est: illi ubi nihil opus, ibi ueretur, Ter. Andr. 4, 1, 14;—pointing to imaginary objects, as also in: Facile hic plus malist quam illic boni, 4, 3, 5; Hic segetes, illic ueniunt felicius unae, Verg. G. 1, 54; hic omnia speciosa, illic ualentia, Vell. 2, 49; 5. rarely in agreement w. a sb., Certe edepol scio

me uidisse hic proxima vicinia (dat.) Philocomasium, Pl. Mil. 2, 3, 2; Modo quantum uidi uirginem hic uicinia, Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 45; 11. 6. referring to preceding words, Athenas se contulit...Hic ita uixit ut Atheniensibus merito esset carissimus, Nep. Att. 2, 3; Karthago...quam luno fort...Posthabita coluisse Samo: hic illius arma, Hic curus fuit, Verg. 1, 16; 7. in this state of things, here, as adv. of time, hic quantum in bello fortuna possit... cognosci potuit, Caes. b. g. 6, 35, 2; hic subitam commutationem fortunae uidere licuit, b. c. 3, 27, 1; hic tu tabulas desideras Heraclensium publicas, Cic. Arch. 8; hic tum alius ex alia parte: Enimvero..., Verg. 2, 1, 66; Hic regina graem genum atque poposuit...pateram, Verg. 1, 728; Hic Venus..., 12, 411.

**hilarus**, (ater hilaris, e), adj. [=ἰλαρός; perh. akin to ἀλαῶναι and salio; and so to alacer, ἀλαφρός] joyous, lively, gay, jovial, in high spirits, jolly, Fac nos hilares hilariores opera atque aduentu tuo, Pl. St. 5, 4, 56; add Pers. 5, 1, 8; Epid. 3, 3, 32; As. 5, 1, 10 and 21; Amph. 3, 3, 6; Rud. 2, 4, 6; fronte hilario, Caecil. ap. Non. 205, 1; hilara selem, ap. Prisc. 679 P. 1, 200, 6 K; add 726 P. 1, 282, 14 K; Hilaram ac Iulientem fac te gnato in nuptiis, Ter. Ad. 4, 7, 38; add 5, 3, 50; Fit desubito hilarus, tristis; saltat ridens, ringitur, Pomp. ap. Non. 157, 29; hilara saae Saturnalia, Cic. Att. 5, 20, 5; conuiuii hilaris, 16, 3, 1; in Lucr. 2, 1122 hilario lamb. ej.; sss only hilar; 2. as a cognomen, T. Caesius Hilarus, inser. Grut. S.45, 10; add CIL 1024, 3; 3. so far form hilaris, but hilari (hilario?) iugeno, Pl. Most. 1, 4, 6; and in Mil. 4, 4 f. hilaris in EC (read hilarus v. other sss); Nunc se obsequem atque hilarem (so sss, Ribb. hilare by a bad ej.) dixi praebat, Afran. ap. Char. 780 P. 200, 19 K; hilareis choros, Afr. ap. Aeron. Hor. epod. 1, 1; uolui hilari, Cic. Tusc. 1, 100; hilari amon, Q. fr. 1, 13, 1; hilari pietate, Ov. Pont. 1, 2, 9; hilaris (uitis), Colum. 3, 2, 10; (admissarius) sagina hilaris, 2, 27, 9; hilares hort. 10, 293; quod dicitur aut est hilare...aut contumeliosum aut..., Quint. 6, 3, 27 etc.; 4. comp. see ex. in § 1; add Ter. Eun. 4, 5, 5; Cic. Att. 7, 25; Pis. 11; color, Plin. 23, 144; and even of things, abies femina, 16, 48; marmor, 30, 55; 5. superl. Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 72; Men. 1, 2, 40; 6. quidam dicunt hilar debere dici; sed barbarismus est. Hilari legi et hilaris in Terentio, Prob. 1455 f. P. 15, 9 K.

11. 7. adv. hilare, joyously, gaily, acceptus hilare atque ampliter, Pl. Merc. 1, 1, 98; hunc festum diem Habeamus hilare (ss hilarem or ilarem), Poen. 5, 6, 30; hilare (ss hilarem) hunc sumamus diem, Ter. Ad. 2, 4, 23; Et propter patrelem tuam Constituit hilare anhelus, deiecit coma, Afran. ap. Non. 514, 1; res...tristes remisse, securas hilare...tractauit, Cic. or. 3, 30; add 2, 290; hilare uincere, fin. 5, 92; mactate hilare (so the oldest sss; al. hilariter) in omnes partes commutabimus, ad Her. 3, 24; add Tac. au. 11, 3; Gell. 18, 2, 1; 8. hilariter, hilariter ab eo quod est hilaris, hilare autem ab hilaris, Char. 180 P. 200, 15 K; 9. adv. comp. hilarius loqui, Cic. Tusc. 3, 64; 11. 10. hilaria n. pl. ium or orum, (ἡλάρια) a festival in honour of the Mater Deum, summationis lectus peracta celebratur laetitia exordium a. d. octauum Kalendas Aprilis, quem diem Hilaria appellant, Macr. s. 1, 21, 10; Hilariis matris deum (adhibetur) fasianus, Lampid. Alex. Sev. 37, 6; Hilariis quibus omnia festa fieri debere scimus..., Vopisc. Aur. 1, 1.

**hinc**, (old hin-ce\*) pron. adv. [hin or him + ce, cf. istum istine, illum, illine, utrinque, utrinque; this hin for a lost hinc, cf. utrinde, exim or exin for exinde, dein proin for deinde, proinde; hinde, an old gen. cf. inde, unde, videri, propter, together with propter; thus hinde for henden, or rather hindus, cf. int-us, and for form ipse from ipsis; cf. too E. hence, an old gen. once henn-es and hennen, and also cut down to stem, see Key's Essays, p. 167; add G. hin —thus hin is the stem, with a nasal like rau- etc.; cf. as to this, is and quis] from this (place), from here, hence, first w. pointing, at times met., as in inser., uiam feci ab Regio ad Capuam...Hinc\* sunt (from this spot, i.e. from Forum

Popillii wh. the inser. was found) Nouerim meilia 1, CIL 551, 3; decaulamus hinc, Pl. Bac. 1, 1, 74; Proinde hinc uos amolimini, nam mihi impedimento estis, Ter. Andr. 4, 2, 24; dixit mihi a se Scaeuolam hinc euntem esse conuentum, Cic. or. 2, 13; hinc profecti in caelum reperierunt, Tusc. 1, 29; 2. may refer to a noun in the same clause, as if in agreement with it, Nimis uellem habere pericam. Quoi rei? Qui uerberat Asinos si forte cepierint clamare hinc ex crumena—from within this purse—Pl. As. 3, 2, 44; Hinc me amantem ex aedibus eiecit huius mater. 3, 3, 42; ex ara hinc ueneras tibi, Ter. Andr. 4, 3, 11; nos qui hinc Roma ueneramus, Cic. agr. 2, 94; eadem haec...Messenios hinc ex Achaia...queri, Liv. 31, 31, 4; 3. may refer to a preceding noun, Rode eaper nitem; tamen hinc cum stabis ad aram, In tua quod spargi cornua possit, erit, Ov. F. 1, 357; 4. even to persons, from this (man), Atque eodem Phidippum optime uideo: hinc iam scibo hoc quid sit, Ter. Rec. 2, 2, 4; Sed eum Syrum ire uideo: iam hinc scibo ubi siet, Ad. 3, 3, 7; Petam hinc unde a primo institui: is si dat sat est, Ph. 4, 2, 143; 5. attached at times to nouns, Adolescenti hinc summo genere, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 45; Lesbionico hinc adulescenti, 2, 2, 78; add 4, 2, 31; Illam hinc cinem esse, Ter. Andr. 5, 1, 14; Seis cam hinc cinem esse et fratrem cinem adprime nobilem, Eun. 5, 4, 30; Conueni bodie adueniens quendam mei loci hinc atque ordinis, 2, 2, 3; but in Cic. Cat. 4, 16 hinc nati, not hinc n. the best sss perh.; 6. absol. with verb of going, uideret, Hinc igitur mecum, quisquis percussus amore Vnandri, Nemes. cyn. 99; 7. repeated, from this side, from this side; or else on this side, on this; sometimes suiting either, different quarters being pointed to, Hinc atque hinc uastae rupes geminque minantur In caelum scopuli, Verg. 1, 162; add B. 1, 533; hinc patres, hinc uiros orantes, Liv. 1, 13, 2; Baros colligis hinc et hinc capillos, Mart. 10, 83, 1; hinc spes, hinc desperatio amicos irritat, Liv. 21, 8, 8; add 2, 46, 2; 3, 23, 7; 6, 15, 3; 8, 35, 8; 26, 37, 2; ad uos transis quorum...gula hinc maria scrutatur, hinc terras, Sen. ep. 89, 22; solum tempus hinc flumine... hinc nia cingitur, Plin. ep. 9, 29, 5; add Suet. Vit. 15; 8. also in later writers, hinc inde..., in the same sense, nec inde hinc nec hinc illo perito tractu, Plin. 2, 170; Gemit hinc palmibus, inde ceruus torquatus, Mart. 3, 58, 19; add 9, 54, 10; hinc militum, inde locorum asperitas, Tac. au. 2, 80; add 6, 40 (34) f. 15, 11 init.; 15, 42; h. 1, 84; 2, 70; saepe inter se collidi solent inde testatio, hinc testes, Quint. 5, 7, 32; add 13, 5, 13, 2; 12, 1, 40; 9. also hinc et (atque) hinc, Scriptis portibus hinc et inde totis, Mart. 11, 117, 11; Quidquid ponitur hinc et inde ueris, 2, 37, 1; tricenis equitibus hinc et inde commissis, Suet. Caes. 39; add Ang. 96 init.; alacrem hinc atque inde populum, Plin. pan. 22, 4.

10. without connecting conjunction, matronarum hinc inde hortantur, Suet. Ner. 27; unoquoque hinc inde in-stante, 49; ex quibus pauca hinc inde subici, Tib. 21; 11. in older writers, hinc opp. to hinc, ne ego sum miser, Ita et hinc et illinc mihi exhibent negotium, Pl. Most. 3, 1, 38; Imperator uterque hinc et illinc loui Vota suscipere, Amph. 1, 1, 74; dum cognatus hinc (so Donat.; sss huc) illinc nimbis expectantem, Ter. Ad. 4, 5, 39; cum specu-lorum leuitas hinc illinc altitudinem adsumpsit, Cic. Tim. 14; ex hac parte pudor pugnat, illinc petulantia; hinc pudicitia, illine stuprum (with 5 more ex. of h. i.), Cat. 2, 25; add Quinct. 79; Ap. Claudius...cleratus hinc plebis odio, illine patrum laudibus, Liv. 2, 29, 9; quicquid hinc aut illinc communis Mars belli aufert, 7, 8, 1; multis hinc atque illinc uulneribus acceptis, 32, 10 f.; totus hinc aut illine septentrio eremigatus, Plin. 2, 168; hinc atque illine temptantur, Sen. ep. 120, 16; 12. referring to words, first preceding words, of material: abuteris ad omnia atomorum regno: hinc quodcumque in solum uenit, effingis atque efficit, Cic. N. D. 1, 65; cedrumque epyres-saque: Hinc radios triuere rotis, hinc tympana planstris Agricola, Verg. G. 2, 444; glaucion...: hinc temperatur collyrium quod diagaia uocat, Plin. 27, 83; uideret Fabricius stratus argento mulierum hincalinas..., uideret hinc dona forum fieri, 33, 153; 13. hence, of origin, Hinc illae lacrimae, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 99; quod ntile

nium est... il continuo secret ab honesto. Hinc siccae, hinc uenena...mascurtur... Cie. off. 3, 36; add scd. 40; off. 1, 61; N. D. 2, 62; Verr. 2, 4, 24; hinc alienatus Aemilius... Liv. 8, 12, 10; et me Promisi ultorem... Hinc mihi prima mali labe, hinc semper Vlixes Criminibus terrene nouis, hinc... Verg. 2, 97; hinc nasci procellas, Plin. 2, 112;

14. partitive, Cato after a recipe for a medicine adds (r. 121): ubi uoles cibum conquire hinc (of this) bibito quantum uoles; hinc sunt—to this class belong—pietas fides continentia, Quint. 7, 3, 5; tertium est genus quod...; hinc est *παρορυσία* quae dicitur ad nominationem, 9, 3, 66;

15. of reason or principle, on this ground or principle, hinc ille Gyges inducitur a Platone, Cie. off. 3, 38; hinc genera distinguuntur, Plin. 37, 68; 16. v. verbs wh. commonly take ex or ab, hinc omnis pendet Lucilius, Hor. s. 1, 4, 6; de quibus exponendis initium capiam hinc, Varr. r. 3, 1, 10;

17. of time—from this time, from now; first towards the past, age, Me nemo magis respiciat, ubi istie uenerit, Quam si hinc ducentos annos fuerim mortuus, Pl. Truc. 2, 3, 20; septimo hinc anno (so a; al. septem hinc annis) Alba Helia inuenta est uitis, Plin. 14, 33; 18. towards the future, from this time forward, henceforward, now, hinc in millesimum annum, Tubero ap. Don. Pl. 2, 1, 57; iamque hinc operum quae maxima posce, Val. F. 3, 672; 19. in books or narrative, from this time (the time spoken) Suetonius hinc Paulinus biennio prosperas res habuit, Tac. Agr. 14; 20. to mark order of events etc. now, after this, next, hinc ferro accingor rursus, Verg. 2, 671; add 2, 148; hinc muli Capuae cictellas tempore ponunt, Hor. s. 1, 5, 47; hinc nos Cocceii recipit plenissima uilla, 50; 21. in Plin. strengthened by deinde, hinc deinde Africa atque Asia dicitur, Plin. 4, 122; h. d. in morbos digeremus aquatilia, 32, 42.

**hinnibundē**, adv. a false reading for hinnibundae; see **hinnibundus**, part. freq. neighing and neighing; hinnibundae pro hinnientes; equae hinnibundae inter se spargentes terram calcibus, Claud. Q. ap. Non. 122, 12.

**hinnienter**, adv. a false reading for hinnientes, see preceding.

**hio**, āre, v. [from sound when the mouth is widely opened, as in yawning; = yaw of yawn; akin to gape gasp and *χαῖνω κεχρη*] first intr. open widely, first of the mouth, gape, gasp, hiantis uideo, hiantis non audio, Varr. ap. Non. 319, 2; pars (sc. umbrarum) tollere uocem Exiguam, ineptus clamor frustratur hiantis, Verg. 6, 492; leo...hians immane, 10, 726; lupus hic Tiberinus an alto Captus hiet, Hor. s. 2, 2, 32; (crocodillum) anis...trochilos imitat ad hiantum—and soon: faucis ad seabendi dulcedinem quam maxime hiantis, Plin. 8, 90; hiantes (perdices) exserta lingua per id tempus aestuant, 10, 102; sitis et calor hiantes (gaspings) caedentes praebebat, Liv. 27, 48, 17;

2. esp. of animals etc. eager for food, uidisti canem missa a domino frusta...aperto ore captantem. Quicquid exepit protinus integrum decorat, et semper ad spem futuri hiat, Sen. ep. 72, 8; fatigatos et saucios...praeterfluentem aquam hianti ore captantes, Curt. 4, 16, 12;

3. hence met.: hinc homini si eius domus patet, utrum ea patere an hiare ac posere aliquid uideat? Cie. Verr. 2, 3, 8; Verrem anarita semper hiantis (open-mouthed, agape)...fuisse, 2, 2, 133; emporum ducat hiantem, Hor. s. 1, 2, 88; eorum deludet hiantem, 2, 5, 56; quem ducit hiantem Cretata ambitio, Pers. 5, 176; hiantes in magna fortuna amicosum cupiditates...Galbae facilitas intendebat, Tac. h. 1, 121; cf. inhio;

4. met. of wonder, stupor etc., gape, hunc plausus hiantem...Corripuit, Verg. 6, 2, 508; nutritia ignauia lustris...lacerabat hiantem Desidia populum, Sil. 11, 35;

5. as v. trans. v. acc., utter with a loud voice, mouth, hic equidem Phoebo uisus mihi pulchrior ipso Marmoreus tacia carmen hiare lyra, Prop. 2, 31, 14; Fabula sen maesto ponatur hianda tragoedia, Pers. 5, 3; 6. vomit from a wide mouth, subito ex ore cruores Saucia tigris hiat uitamque effundit erilem (i. e. a tiger-skin worn by a warrior), Val. F. 6, 706;

II 7. of other than the mouth, gape open, Qui potuit uidere? Oculis. Quoniam (iss quo) pacto? Hiantibus,

Pl. Mere. 1, 2, 71; hiantibus humus multa, Sal. ap. Non. 318, 28; uenas astringit hiantis, Verg. G. 1, 91; add Hor. epod. 8, 5; primum semina hient aestibus, Colum. 2, 9, 18; si quibus rimis hiat, 9, 8, 11; pectines si quis digitos aduersum hiantis eos moueat, contrahuntur ut nidentes, Plin. 11, 139; nasti specus hiant diffractis uentris (colossi), 34, 41; quereum...patulis rimis hiantem, Gell. 15, 16, 2; all preceding meanings, cf. *χαῖνω κεχρη*; but not hi-co; 8. of laug. not running smoothly, esp. from concurrence of final and initial vowels, qui ut nersum facerent, hiantat: ut Naevius. Vos qui accolitis Istrum flumini atque algidum... Cie. orat. 152; mutila quaedam et hiantia locuti sunt, 32; crebras noceum concusiones quae uastam atque hiantem orationem reddunt, ad Her. 4, 18; dissoluta et hians oratio, Quint. S. 6, 62; aut hiare semper noceabim aut... 9, 4, 20; noceum concursus: quod cum accidit, hiat et intersit oratio, 9, 4, 33; add 12, 9, 17.

**his**, d. and abl. pl. both of hic and of is, wh. see.

**hisco**, ĩre, v. dim. [his the sound of air passing through a narrow chink; cf. E. hiss, and whist-per] speak with lips scarcely separated, speak in the lowest whisper or most faintly, Hinc ueror plus Quam fas est captiui (iss captiuium) hiscere, Acc. ap. Non. 120, 29; Nam cur illa adeo magis ab-rebus-que recedant, Quam quae tenuia sunt, hiscendist nulla potestas, Lucr. 4, 66; respondebisne ad haec aut omnino hiscere audabis? Cie. Phil. 2, 111; nec aduersus dictatorem uim aut tribuni plebis aut ipsa plebs attollere oculos aut hiscere audebat, Liv. 6, 16, 3; quum nec consules aut pro foedere tam turpi aut contra foelut tam necessarium hiscere possent, 9, 4, 7; non hiscere quemquam prae metu potuisse, 9, 6, 12; priore consulatu... hiscere enim nequisse, nunc iura populares orationes serere, 10, 19, 8—and so just before; ex muto atque elingui faciemus; aliquoties dicere incipientem cum lacrimae praepedissent, quia ipse hiscere nequirit... 44, 45, 10; nemo aduersus praepotentes uiros hiscere audebat, 45, 26, 7; uix pauca furenti Subiocio et raris turbatus uocibus hiscere, Verg. 3, 314; Nec Telamoniades etiam nunc hiscere quequant Ausit, Ov. M. 13, 231; Et ponere foras, si quid tentaures umquam Hiscere, Iuv. 5, 127; cum intorqueret homo uultum et non hisceret et colores mutaret, tum ego interesset, Gell. 15, 4, 10;

2. above v. such acc. as quid etc.; rarely with other acc. as: Reges Alba tuos et regum facta tuorum, Tantum operis, neruis hiscere posse meis, Prop. 3, 3, 4; 3. open as the mouth, without sound, et scandat (leo) malis hiscensibit orbem, Manil. 4, 534; 4. met., 'st tace; aedes hiscunt. Credo animo malest Aedibus. Quid iam? Gae edepol ipsum lenonem enomunt, Pl. Ps. 4, 1, 43; 5. open as a crack or chink, Vt uitio uenae tabularum saepius hiscant Quam... Lucr. 6, 1070; ne hiscat nimium rima, Plin. 17, 108; magne nunc hiscite terrae, poet. ap. Quint. 9, 2, 26; but the line Ov. M. 1, 546 spurious; 6. his-co from a mimetic root his, and hia- from sound yaw, as in our own yawn, are no way akin; yet fm. similarity of form in Latin and some similarity of sense were supposed to be akin by gramm., so that hisco is called the inept. of hio (for hiasco), Dion. 333 P; 343, 14 and 344, 20 K; Prisc. 298, 1 P; 2, 471 K.

1 **ho?** adv., hither, implied in hōe hūe and in horsum for ho-rorsum.

2 **ho**, pr. sent. implied in hōe and hōe, see hic.

3 **hō**, abl. implied in hōe hoc, and in hō-die.

4 **ho** as an interj. a false reading in Ter. Ph. 5, S. 52.

1 **hōc**, n. of hic.

2 **hōc**, adv., hither = huc, wh. see.

**hōcē**, older form of hōc, see hic.

**hōcē-diē?** a cj. reading for hodie by Geppert in Pl. Epid. 1, 1, 24; 2, 6 and 51; Truc. 4, 2, 26; and perh. to be preferred in As. 2, 2, 107; Curr. 5, 2, 16; Mil. 5, 1, 28.

**hōdiē**, adv. [ho old abl. whence v. encl. ec, hōe and then hōc] to-day, S. quae forte ex Asia nunc heri eo aut hodie uenerit, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 95; Ille trauersa mente mihi



10, 350; 19. Charisius 78 P, 102, 20 K says: *heres parens homo etsi in communi sexu intellegantur, tamen masculino genere semper dicuntur*—but? cf. *amissae parentis*, Verg. 3, 341; wh. however Char. perh. read *amissi*; 20. old form of obl. cases, *hominis etis*, Volturius in siluis (al. spineto or campo) supinum (al. miserum) mandabat hominem, Enn. ap. Serv. ad A. 6, 595; Charis. 120 P, 147, 16 K; Prisc. 683 P, 1, 206, 24 K; 21. a shorter form like *homo* implied in *honi-icida*; 22. *hominis* as gen.: *neque unius hominis* (nominis), CIL 200, 60.

**hōn-or**, (older *honos*), *ōris*, m. [perh. fin. gen.-o γένος be laden; and so akin to *honus*, old form of *onus*], lit. a load—hence public charge or office, Ne quairatis honore(ni) quē minus sit mandatus, CIL 34, 6; *niquis eorum* *hū* uir(atum)... *aliāque* quam potestatem exquo honore in eum ordinem perueniat petito neue capito, 206, 137; Decedam ego illi de uia, de semita, De honore populi; uerum quod ad neutrum attinet... Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 80; Nam olim populi prius honorem capiebant suffragio Quam... Bac. 3, 3, 34; pernitium siet, cum mihi ob eos moros quos prius habui honos detur, ubi datus est, tam uti eos nūtem, Cato ap. Prisc. 694 P, 1, 226, 20 K; ita quaestor sum factus ut mihi illius honorem... commissum putarem, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 35; populum Romanum hominibus nouis industriis libenter honores mandare, ad 4, 81; quaestura prius gradus honoris, 1, 11; cum honoribus amplissimis perfuncti essemus, fam. 1, 8, 3; ita me sibi fuisse inimicum ut ne honorem quidem (that of legatus) se ac accipere uellem, Att. 9, 2 A, 1; honores non petit... quod neque peti more maiorem neque capi possent conseruatis legibus in tam effusis ambitus largitionibus, Nep. Att. 6, 2; summa imperii traditur Camulogeno qui... propter singularem scientiam rei militaris ad eum est honorem euocatus, Caes. b. g. 7, 57, 3; docet se nullum extraordinarium honorem appetisse, Sed expectato legitimo tempore consulatus eo fuisse contentum, quod omnibus ciuibus pateret, Caes. b. c. 1, 32, 2; add 1, 9, 3; Sal. Cat. 49, 2; Iug. 4, 7; Liv. 21, 26, 2; 10, 3, 4; populo qui stultus honores Saepē dat indignis, Hor. s. 1, 6, 15; 2. hence position, standing, honour, esteem, respect, Quid ipse hic, quod honores illi? Summo atque ab summis uiris, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 29; priuati bonis luce honore atque amicis, Truc. 2, 7, 20; is qui uere appellari potest honos... perpetuae uirtutis est praenium, Cic. fam. 10, 10, 2; honos alit atque, Tusc. 1, 4; apud eum sunt in honore et in pretio, Rose. Am. 77; Chrysippum in honore habui, Att. 7, 2, 8; quos praecipuo honore habuit, Caes. b. g. 5, 54, 4; eorum qui aliquo sunt numero atque honore, 6, 13, 1; 3. esp. the phrase habere honorem alieui, to feel respect for, non tu scis mulier, quantum ego honorem nunc illi habeo, Pl. Mil. 4, 2, 83; Neque ille honores mihi quos habuit perdidit, St. 1, 1, 49; Nam is mihi honores suae domi habuit maximos, Pers. 4, 3, 43; 4. also pay a compliment to, as by a vote of thanks etc., ut pro tantis eorum meritis honores eis habebant, Cic. Phil. 3, 39; si honos is fuit, maiorem tibi habere non potui, fam. 5, 20, 2; eum in templo Virtutis honos habitus esset uirtuti, Resp. 116; 5. so also honos causa or gratia, out of respect to, qui simulat mēi honori mittere huc causa coquo, Pl. Aul. 3, 4, 4; Propera a portu tui honoris causa. Eequid adportas bono? St. 2, 2, 14; Quia tui honoris causa huc ad te uenimus, Poen. 3, 3, 25 (so ej. THK; miss Q. nos honoris tui...); add Merc. 3, 1, 29; As. 1, 3, 42; C. Poplicio L. f. Bibulo ad. pl. honoris uirtutis causa senatus, CIL 635; add 1246; Quid fecisti? Quod mandasti tui honoris gratia (so ej. THK; miss feci tui h.g.), Pl. Cure. 4, 3, 17; add Mil. 3, 1, 26; Amph. 1, 2, 24; As. 1, 3, 39; Iason, Tu me amoris magis quam honoris seruauisti gratia, Enn. tr. ap. Cic. Tusc. 4, 69; 6. in honorem, in Iunonis honorem, Hor. od. 1, 7, 8; redditus a Forsina in honorem eius, Plin. 34, 29; in honorem (of), in honorem domus diuinae nautae... ingeri, Inscr. Or. 365; in honorem dom. diuini... 403; add 404; 7. often in naming a person, by way of apology for the liberty, with all respect, quem ego hominem honorem... causa nominatum uolo, Cic. Verr. 1, 18; nonne... honos causa appellasti?

Rosc. com. 18; L. Sulla quem honoris causa nomeno, Rose. Am. 6; add Phil. 2, 30 and 31; 8. in excusing the utterance of what may offend, to apologise for the liberty, honorem praefari or something equivalent is used, si dici-mus ille patrem stragulauit, honorem non praefamur, sin de Aurelia aut Lollia, honos praefandus est, Cic. fam. 9, 22, 4; haec sunt quae retulisse fas sit ac plerique non nisi honore dicto; reliqua intestabilis infanda... Plin. 28, 87; (feminae) ad ultimum (honos auius habitus sit) ima corporum nelamenta proiciant, Curt. 5, 1, 38; add ps. Quint. decl. 3 init.; 9. met. of other than man, (ista pars) summo in honore semper fuit, Cic. or. 1, 235; in summo apud illos honorem geometria fuit, Tusc. 1, 5; peroratio... tanto in honore pueris nobis erat, Brut. 127; caletque Quae nunc sunt in honore uocabula, Hor. A. P. 70; nisi tum esset honos eloquentiae, Cic. Brut. 40; acipens nullo nunc in honore est, Plin. 9, 60; Prammio (uino) etiam nunc honos durat, 14, 54; sunt in honore et Creticae (cepaie), 19, 104; maxumus honos in eandem translucentibus (uitis), 36, 198; 10. a solid reward by way of compliment, an honorarium, a fee, reward, prize, Nullus sum. Hic pro illo munere tibi honos est habitus; abeo, Ter. Eun. 5, 6, 22; Curio mihi ut medico honos haberetur, Cic. fam. 16, 9, 3; ei... habuit honorem ut proditori, Verr. 2, 1, 38; geminum pugnae proponit honorem, Victori... iuuenicum, Ensem... nicto, Verg. 5, 365; add 5, 249 and 347; Nec... Telamon sine honore recessit Hesioneque data potitur, Ov. M. 11, 216; Dicite Pierides quoniam donetur honore... Neaera, Tib. 3, 1, 5; nil victor honori Ex opibus poseo, Sil. 9, 199; nullus Minys exultat honores, Val. F. 5, 290; dum in iudicio honorem petit (a professoribus iuris ciuilibus), Ulp. dig. 50, 13, 1, 5; 11. esp. gifts or offerings to the gods, et quisquam munus Iunonis adoret (edd. adora) Praeterea aut supplex aris imponat (miss imposit or—et) honorem? Verg. 1, 49; meritis aris mactauit honores, 3, 118; add 3, 547; nullos aris adoleret honores, Ov. M. 8, 740; 12. of worship by words of praise, sum Baecho dicemus honorem, Verg. G. 2, 393; 13. honour paid to the dead by burial etc., Cernit ibi maestos et mortis honorem earentis... Verg. 6, 333; sine honore sepulcri, Ov. tr. 3, 45; lamque solutus honos cineri, Val. F. 3, 357; 14. materially, what gives dignity, an ornament, grace, beauty, charm, an honour, laetos oculis adilarat honores, Verg. 1, 591; mens et sonus Relapsus atque notus in notus honor, Hor. epod. 17, 18; et siluis aequilo decessit honorem, Verg. G. 2, 404; copia... Ruris honorum opulenta, Hor. od. 1, 17, 16; muli-que aestatis honores, Sil. 3, 487; Soluitur omne decus leto niuocose per artus It Stygins color et formae populatur honores, 12, 244; Populeus qui frondis honor, Val. F. 6, 296; 15. met. an honour, Is't honos homini pudico meminisse officium suum, Pl. Trin. 3, 2, 71; dextera Adherbalem assedit be medius ex tribus, quod apud Numidias honori ducitur, Iugurtha foret, Sal. Iug. 11, 3; 16. personified, Tute pone te latibis, facile ne inueniat te Honos, Pl. Trin. 3, 2, 37; 17. esp. as a deity, ad aedem Honoris et Virtutis, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 121; Donec Honor placidoque decessu Reuerentia uoluit Coraque legitimis imponere toris, Ov. F. 5, 23; add Val. M. 1, 1, 8; ita utel ad aedem Honoris facta sunt, CIL 577, 2, 11; aedem Honori et Virtuti uictor fecit, Inscr. Or. 543 (if genuine); Virtuti et Honori L. Vlpus Marcellus, 1842; Honori et (P)anori Saturninus Lupulus, 5820; Honori Vitae uiuens sacrauit M. Statilius, 1815; add 2034; 18. for old gen. honours see § 17 ex. 4.

**hōra**, ae, f. [= *ώρα* and also = *ora*, a limit] lit. a limited space—hence, an hour or 24th part of a day on the average, Dum haec dicit alibi hora, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 50; Si non tum dedero, unam praeterea horam ne oppertus sis, Ph. 3, 2, 29; Ut illum di perdat, primus qui horas reperit Quique adeo primus statuit hic solarium, Aquil. ap. Gell. 3, 3, 4; horam amplius iam in demoliendo signo... moliebantur, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 95; add Att. 4, 2, 4; omnium superiorum dinationum fructum in eo die atque hora docet consistere, Caes. b. g. 7, 86, 3; horae Momento cita mors uenit aut uictoria, Hor. s. 1, 1, 7; Non horam tecum esse potes, 2, 7, 112;

2. strictly a Roman hour was a 12th part of day or night, and so varied w. the season: at Rome lat. 41° 54' the sun on the shortest day set about 4.30 p.m.; hence at that time an hour was at Rome about 45 m., and on Midsummer day about 1 h. 15 m.; Credo equidem potius esse te scelus Massici montis uberrimis quatuor Fructus ebibere in una hora. Hiberna addito, Pl. Ps. 5, 2, 9; Libra die somnique pares ubi fecerit horas, Verg. G. 1, 208; Hora nec aestiva esse nec tibi tota perit, Mart. 12, 1, 4; militari gradu xx milia passuum horas v. dumtaxat aestivis conficienda sunt, Verg. mil. 1, 9; in horis x diem diutius esse noctemque in totidem vulgo notum est, Censor. 23, 6; 3. hence hora v. ordinal num. denoted the time, nequis incis uicis...plostrum interdu post solem ortum neque ante horam x dici ducito agito, CIL 206, 57; quorum plostra noctu in urbem inducta erant, quominus esse plostra inania...h. x dici in u. R. esse liceat c. h. l. n. r., 206, 67; ipse suos necessarios...corragat, ut ad tabulam Sestiam sibi adsint hora secunda postridie, Cic. Quinct. 25; accubueram hora nona cum...fam. 9, 26, 1; fit obuiam Clodio...hora fere undecima, Mil. 29; add Q. fr. 2, 3, 2; ab officiis octanum circiter horam Dam redit, Hor. ep. 1, 7, 47; Si te grata quies et primam somnus in horam Delectat, 1, 17, 6; ubi quarta sitim caeli collegerit hora, Verg. G. 4, 327; Prima salutaris altera altera cunctis hora...Mart. 4, 8—wh. sec.; 4. hence v. ordinal rel. hora quota est? What o'clock is it? Hor. s. 2, 6, 44; 5. horae in pl. used of the time of day, nictosentiam indicem..., mittentem ad horas, Cic. Brut. 200; cum a puero quaesisset horas, Plin. 7, 182; horas loui nuntiat, Sen. ap. August. 6, 10; tunc horas requirunt, pro quinta quam metuebat sexta...nuntiata est, Suet. Dom. 16; 6. on the dial the hours must have been of the same length at all seasons, and so w. the clepsidra, Scipio Nasica conlega Laenatis (when censor 159 B.C.) primus aqua diuisit horas, Plin. 7, 215; 7. of time as measured by clepsidra in law-courts, hic tu fortasse eris diligens ne quam ego horam de meis legitimis horis remittam, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 25; spatio horae paene quinque, nam duodecim clepsidry quas dixi-sissimas acciperem sunt additae quattuor, Plin. ep. 2, 11, 14; 8. horae in pl. = horologium, a dial, cum machinatione quadam moueri aliquid uideamus at sphaeram, ut horas..., non dubitamus quin..., Cic. N. D. 2, 97; cf. too § 5, ex. 1; 9. in defining the points of the compass by the sun's average place at different hours, ab his cel. mil. p. Fortunatas contra laeum Mauretaniae in vii horam solis, Plin. 6, 202; id in horam die quintam uel octauam spectare maluerim, 17, 84; 10. omnium horarum (homo), one acceptable at all hours, alike of business and pleasure, Quint. 6, 3, 110; Suet. Tib. 42; cf. Cl. 40; 11. gen. time, hour, esp. in poets, Propterit horam tristis fatalis mea, CIL 1009, 9; extrema moriens tamen alloquor hora, Verg. B. 8, 20; crastina hora, G. 1, 426; Te flagrantis atrox hora Caniculae Nescit tangere, Hor. od. 3, 13, 9; nigram horam, Tib. 3, 5, 5; 12. esp. like ὥρα, a season of the year, uariisque mundum Temperat horis, Hor. od. 1, 12, 16; sub uerni temporis horam, A. P. 302; fertillibus Titan decurret horis, Tib. 4, 1, 51; genitalis anni hora, Plin. 9, 107; arbor (Medica) omnibus horis pomifera est, 12, 15; 13. in astrology, hour (of nativity), pars uolentior Natalis horae, Hor. od. 2, 17, 19; non est mirum si mathematici errant, horam eius nemo nouit, Senec. apocryph. init.; 14. in horas, hour by hour, every hour, consilia temporum sunt, quae in horas commutari nides, Cic. Att. 14, 20, 43; clauum ut mutaret in horas, Hor. s. 2, 7, 10; add ep. 2, 1, 89; A. P. 100; od. 2, 13, 14; Gallo cuius amor tantum mihi crescit in horas, Quantum..., Verg. B. 10, 73; accingere ut in singulas horas capite dimices tuo, Liv. 2, 12, 10; add Phaedr. 3, 15, 14; expectantem in horas, Plin. ep. 3, 17 f.; 15. in horam, in horas, for the hour, with a view to it alone, Vine in dies et horas, nam proprium est nihil, CIL 2010; bi qui in horam uenerunt, Cic. Phil. 5, 25; 16. ad horam, by or at the appointed time, quartana ad horam uenit, Sen. n. q. 3, 16, 2; 17. Horae personified as deities, at ὥραι, attendants on the Sun, Iungere equos Titan uelocibus imperat Horis, Ov. M. 2, 118; Sol...cui...rapidis accurrunt passibus Horae Frenaque...Deripiunt, Stat. Th. 3,

410; add Val. F. 4, 92; cf. also Tib. in § 9 where perido Horis; 18. so of Ianus as god of the year, Praesideo foribus caeli cum mitibus Horis, Ov. F. 1, 125; 19. Hora, like ὥρα as goddess of youth and wife of Quirinus, — Quirine pater ueneris, Horanque Quirini, Eun. ap. Non. 120, 2 — who adds iuuentutis dea; 20. the same w. ὥ, Hanc...Romanae conditor urbis Excipt et prisum...nomen Mutat, Horanque uocat, quae nunc dea iuncta Quirino est, Ov. M. 14 f.; 21. as a cognomen, Cesiidae Horae libertae, inser. Grut. 934, 13.

hordeum, i. (ord. — older fordeum, see § 7) n. [fordeum for for-ud-eum, = for-uleum, dim. of far; fordeum: far: i. E. barley: E. bear; so beer = bear-drink = ποτα κριθινον; akin to horreo on account of beard; cf. Varr. in § 1; prob. also κρι (for κορι-) and κριθη] barley, hordeum serito, Cato r. 35, 2; add Val. F. 4, 92; i. orig. ap. Prisc. 903 P. 1, 537, 7 K; in corpore pili ut arista in spica ordei horrent, Varr. l. 6, 6 p. 224 Sp.; ordeum nisi solum et sicum leonem non patitur, Col. 2, 9, 3; primum ex omnibus frumentis seritur hordeum (as ripening soonest), Plin. 18, 71; panem ex hordeo antiquis factum uita damnant, quadrupe-doribus fere cibis est, 18, 74; hence as a disgrace: cohorte-bus quae signa amiserant hordeum dari iussit, Liv. 27, 13, 9; 2. of various kinds, the commonest h. hexastichum, six-rowed barley, esp. for food of horses etc., proximum est his frumentis uisus ordei quod rustici hexastichum, quidam etiam cantherium appellant, Colum. 2, 9, 14; ordeum cantherium, Plin. sept. 4; oct. 1, 2; 3. h. distichum, two-rowed barley, Galaticum nonnulli uocant, candoris eximii, adeo ut tritico mistum egregia cibaria familiae praebat, Colum. 2, 9, 16; add Pall. ian. 4; alterum distichon...hoc plerique Galaticum uocant, Isid. 17, 3; ex hordeo cxi sunt biui anguli, Plin. 18, 75; 4. h. murinum, wall-barley, phoenice appellata Graecis, Plin. 22, 135; 5. as a material for beer, potui umor ex hordeo atque frumento in quanda-m similitudinem uini corruptus, Tae. G. 23; capti (elephanti) celerime mitificauerunt hordei suco, Plin. 8, 24; cf. 14, 149 and 150; Herod. 2, 77; Diod. 4, 2; 6. gen. in sing. as a collective; also as pl. in poets by necessity of metre, mandauimus hordea sulcis, Verg. B. 5, 36; add G. 1, 317; Ov. M. 14, 273; but in Plin. 18, 56 hordea of different kinds of barley; see Quint. 1, 5, 16; 7. quod (antiqui) fordeum dicebant nos hordeum, Ter. Sc. 2250, 39 P; add 2258, 45; 8. = Fr. orge.

hornō, abl. as adv. [for ho-urno; cf. ho-die] this spring, euentus rebus omnibus uelut horno messis magna fuit, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 3; Vtrum anuo an horno te abstuleris a uiro (perh. tel. for te; L. Müller cf. tete), Lucil. ap. Non. 121, 8; horno per Dionysia, Varr. ib.

hornōt-inus, adj. [hornō ab. for suffix cf. crast-inus] of this year, this year's, nuce, Cato r. 17, 2; frumentis, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 45; uirgis, Colum. 5, 6, 33; plantar, arb. 38, 1; 2. hornus, adj. [for ho-urnus; cf. binus trimus quadri-mus for bi-hi-em-us etc.] of this spring, this year's, messem, Varr. ap. Non. 119, 1; fruge, Hor. od. 3, 23, 3; uina, epod. 2, 48; palea, s. 2, 6, 88; agnis, Prop. 4, 3, 61.

horreo, see horresco.

horreō-lum, i. n. diu. a little barn or granary, Val. M. 7, 1, 2 f.

horresco, ēre and horreo, ēre, ui, vb. [root hor (her) in place of for (fer), seen in γῆρ Hesyeh, hedgehog, in φ(ε)ρ-σσω, Fr. her-isser and fr-isse-onn-er and in br of E. bristle; also in her of Fr. her-isson, Picard. her-ich-on, E. ur-chin; also root seen in for of for-are to pierce, whence fod of fodere dig; and fur of furca a prong] bristle, horrens Ar-cadus suus, Lucr. 5, 25; in corpore pili, ut arista in spica ordei horrent, Varr. l. 6, 6 p. 224 Sp.; horrentia centum Terga suum, Verg. 1, 634; first of hair, Horret capillis ut marinus aspersis Echinus aut currens aper, Hor. epod. 5, 27; Bracciae cooperunt nigris horrescere uillis, Ov. M. 2, 478; add S. 285 and 428; 13, 846; 14, 279; F. 2, 348 and 502; Tib. 3, 23, 3; Plin. 8, 150; barbibus horrentibus nauta, Petron. 99; 2. of scenery bristling



w. rocks and trees, duris gemitit te caustibus horrens Caucasus, Verg. 4, 366; siluis horrentia saxa fragosis, Ov. M. 4, 778; horrentibus scopulis gradum inferre, Plin. pan. 81, 1; 3. esp. under frost, a winter-cold, dein micisum horrere terra, Cic. N. D. 2, 19; Nec fera tempestas toto tamen horret in anno, Ov. F. 1, 495; quaedam loca frigoris hiemis intolerabiliter horrent, Colum. 1, 4, 9; add Germ. prog. 3, 158; Stat. Th. 4, 1; 4. of the battle-field with its spears, tum ferreus hastis Horret ager (copied by Verg. 11, 602); again: Horrescit telis exercitus; again: horrescunt telia again: Sparsis hastis longis campus splendet et horret, Enn. ap. Macr. s. 6, 4, 6; horrentis Marte Latinos, Hor. 10, 237; (phalaugis) confertae et intentis horrentis hastis, Liv. 44, 41, 6; 5. of the sea or corn-crop under wind, mare quam horreret fluctibus, Acc. ap. Non. 422, 32; subito mare coepit horrescere, Cic. rep. 1, 63; tum segetes altae campique natantes Lenibus horrescunt flabris—ripple—Verg. G. 3, 198; but in Varr. ap. Non. 423, 7 read inhorrescit; 6. of the roughness of the skin, or goose-skin from cold, shiver or shudder, dominae quamvis horrebis et ipse Argenti manus est calfacienda sinu, Ov. a. a. 2, 213; horrenti tunicam non reddere seruo, Iuv. 1, 93; Sola pruinosus horret faucibus pennis, Petron. 83 f.; 7. shudder or shiver (from fear), Horresco misera mentio quousque sit partionis, Pl. Truc. 1, 2, 99; Horrescit faxo lena, leges quom audiet, As. 4, 1, 4; Extinuit tum illa? Horret corpus (her flesh), cor salit, Cist. 2, 3, 9; Totus Parmeno Tremo horreoque, postquam aspexi hanc, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 4; Perii, horresco semper ubi pultare hasce occipio misere, Ad. 4, 25; quae cum te tractantur... horre soleo, Cic. or. 2, 188; quin etiam ferae...iniecito terrore mortis horrescunt, fin. 5, 31; Horraeram tacitoque animum pallore fatebar, Ov. F. 6, 19; add M. 15, 516; 6, 530 and 602; 7, 631; 10, 414 and 460; 8. w. acc., shudder at, shudder at the thought of, dread, dolorem, Cic. Tusc. 5, 85; ipsam victoriam, fam. 7, 3, 2; nomen publicani, Q. fr. 1, 1, 34; ingrati animi crimen, Att. 9, 2, 2; crimen et iudicium, Verr. 2, 5, 74; deorum (conscientiam), fin. 1, 51; Arionisti crudelitatem, Caes. b. g. 1, 32, 4; Hiberos, Verg. G. 3, 408; te, 4, 209; mortem, 10, 880; Horrent adnotas vulnera crania manus, Ov. Pont. 1, 3, 16; Versaque conspectos in montibus horruit urso, M. 2, 494; Neque horret iratum mare, Hor. epod. 2, 6; pauperiem, s. 2, 5, 9; et te Neglegit aut horret, ep. 1, 7, 64; onus, 1, 17, 39; nutum diuitis, 1, 18, 11; fragilitatis humanae nices, Plin. pan. 27, 1; nomen accusatoris, Quint. 12, 7, 1; seures, Sil. 6, 694; 9. w. inf., non horreo in hunc locum progredi, Cic. agr. 2, 101; dicere, Liv. 7, 40, 9; 10. w. ne, eo plus horreo ne illae magis res nos ceperint, quam nos illas, Liv. 34, 4, 3; 11. w. indir. interr., (pacem) quoadmodum accepturi sitis horreo, Cic. Phil. 7, 8; ut quorsus eruptura sit (dominatio) horreamus, Att. 2, 21, 1; 12. horrendus part, as adj., to be shuddered at, horrible, terrible, awful; carminis, Liv. 1, 26, 61; silina, 9, 36, 1; monstrum, Verg. 3, 26; Sibylla, 6, 10; ambages, 6, 99; uox, 9, 12; uirgine, 11, 507; 13. horrendum as cogn. acc. or adv., h. strident, Verg. 6, 288; 9, 632; h. sonare, 9, 732; h. intonat, 12, 700.

**horreum**, i, n. [lit. adj. n. as sb. horr-eum for horr-eum, root far, farris and so akin to bar-], granary, Nunc argumentum uobis demensum (dim.) dabo, Non modico neque trimodio uerum ipso horreo, Pl. Men. pr. 15; illi Capuani...cellam atque horreum Campani agri esse noluerunt, Cic. agr. 2, 89; ut neque in arce neque in horreis...grano uos posset arator...fraudare decumatum, Verr. 2, 3, 20; locis certis horrea constituit, Caes. b. c. 3, 42, 4; Illius immensae imperit horrea messes, Verg. G. 1, 49; si proprio condidit horreo Quicquid de Libycis uerterit areis, Hor. od. 1, 1, 9; add 3, 16, 27; Tib. 2, 5, 84; horrea familia farraria pistrina, Vitr. 6, 6, 5; add Sen. ep. 117, 26; horreum frumentarium, Scæv. dig. 41, 1, 60; 2. also used for storing other things, esp. wine, oil, sitque proximum horreum quo conferatur omne rusticum instrumentum, Colum. 1, 6, 7; quia interdum inmodica multitudo baccae torcularium uincit laborem, esse oportet pensile horreum quo importentur fructus, 12, 50, 3; deripere horreo Ces-

santem Bibuli con-ulis amphoram, Hor. od. 3, 28, 7; tantum illi pulcherrimorum operum in horreis, Plin. ep. 8, 18, 11; plena multorum seculorum uindictis, Sen. ep. 114, 26; quoscunque habeo (libros) mittere paratus sum et totum horreum excutere, 45, 2; horrea publica fecit ad quae conferrent bona illi qui priuatas custodias non haberent, Lampr. Alex. Sev. 39, 3; in horreisque ubi homines pretiosissimum partem fortunarum suarum reponunt, Paul. dig. 1, 15, 3, 2; horrei penurarii, Ulp. dig. 33, 9, 3, 11; argentum quod in domo uid intra horrem usibus eius fuit, legato cedit, Paul. 34, 2, 32, 4; horreum uinarium, Scæv. 33, 7, 7; si quis merces...in horreo posuit, Ulp. 10, 4, 5; dolia in horreis defossa, Paul. 18, 1, 70; 3. mct. of bees, Verg. G. 4, 250; of ants, Ov. tr. 5, 39.

**hospēs**, patris, adj. as sb. m. (f.?) (hos as in hostis, for fos (cf. old Fr. fors, now hors) and so= for of fores, foras foris, whence Fr. forain, E. foreign; cf. too os oris and ostium; pet of vb. pet-o go) one who goes abroad, so that he is a foreigner to those he meets, foreigner, stranger, Ego transmarinus hospes sum Diapontius, Pl. Most. 2, 2, 66; Quid (= quot) me censens homines iam deuberasse usque ad necem Hospites, tum cines? Ter. Ph. 2, 2, 14; nunc me hospitem Lates sequi... Andr. 4, 5, 15; adest hospites hiru-undo, Varr. ap. August. mns. 4, 15; cum (Theophrastus) peregrinaretur ex ancila quadam, quanti aliquid uenderet et respondisset illa: Hospes non pote minoris, tulisse cum moleste se non effugere hospitis speciem, Cic. Brut. 172; Quis notos hic nostris successit sedibus hospes? Verg. 4, 10; add 4, 323; 1, 757; simul an Romanus an hospes, Hor. s. 2, 4, 10; 2. hence often in addressing strangers, esp. on touns, hospes gratum est quom apud meas restitisset sedes, CIL 1006, 3; Hospes quod deico paulum est, Asta ac pellige, 1007, 1; add 1027, 1; 1306, 2; also Sen. ep. 89, 6; Nolite hospites ad me adire: illico isti (istum?) Enn. tr. ap. Cic. Tusc. 3, 26; Hospes quid miras...? Varr. ap. Non. 480, 29; 3. a native of one country often formed a connection with a native of another, and then exchanged symbols (tesseram, symbolum) of such friendship, the violation of wh. was the gravest of crimes, see \* below, a foreign friend, Continuo antiquum hospitum nostrorum sibi Mnesilochus aduocat Pelagionem senem...ostendit symbolum quem tute dederas, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 27; Sed hic mihi antea hos Antimadas fuit, Poen. 5, 1, 21; Quae heri huc Athenis cum hospite aduenit meo, Mil. 2, 6, 9; Hospes nullus tam in amici hospitium deuerti potest, 3, 1, 146; Hospes. Non sum hospes: repudio hospitium tuum, Rud. 3, 6, 45; Camerini...cum Roman ueniant prorsus deerebantur pro hospitibus ad amicos suos, Cato ap. Fest. 234 M; Set nunquam scriptis (so Herm. cf. mss scriptis) qui parentem aut hospitum? Necasset is quo cruciatus periberet, Enn. tr. ap. Non. 153, 28; euenit senibus ambobus simul ter illi in Lemnum ut esset, nostro in Cilicium Ad hospitum antiquum, Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 17; ex multis hospitibus qui ad me ex Asia uenerant, Cic. fam. 6, 6, 2; add iun. 1, 57; C. Blossius Cumanus hospites familiae uestrae Scaenola, a. au. 37; id factum ex suis hospitibus (among the Hae-lui) Caesar cognouerat, Caes. b. g. 5, 6, 2; hi suos notos hospitesque quaerabant, per quem... b. c. 1, 5, 1; Cum peritura patris fides Consertem socum fallat et hospitum?, Hor. od. 3, 24, 60; Iam hie Lacaeae splendet adultera famosis hospes?, 3, 3, 26; 4. by a slight extension, one not of the same family, a stranger, a friend, esp. in hospitality, a guest, or more rarely host-f, o hospitum mihi tam grauem (sc. Caesarem)! Cic. Att. 13, 52, 1; hospes tamen non is cui diceres: amabo te eodem ad me cum reuertere, 13, 52, 2; non mihi cibi hospitum accipies, multi loci, fam. 9, 26 f.; in domo clari hominis in quam et hospites multi recipiendi et... od. 1, 139; ubi sedulus hospes? Paene macros arsit dum turdos uersat in igni, Hor. s. 1, 5, 71; succinctus cursitat hospes? Continuatque dapes, 2, 6, 107; Si uespertinus subito te oppresserit hospes, 2, 4, 17; 5. although the relation in §§ 3 and 4 is mutual, yet for emphasis the word is repeated, see hostis, frater etc., Hospes necauit hospitum captum manu, Pl. Most. 2, 2, 48; hospes hospitum Salutat, Poen. 3, 3, 72; per dexteram istam te oro quam regi Deo-

taro hospes hospitii porrexti, Cic. Deiot. 8; non hospes ab hospite tutus, Non sacer a genero, Ov. M. 1, 144; **6.** fm. love of alliteration often opposed to hostis, Tan hospitium illum nominas hostem tuum? Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 19; Caesarem eodem tempore hostem et hospitium uidit, Cic. Deiot. 79; **7.** met. one not at home, a stranger, hi tibi tres libri inter Cratippi commentarios tamquam hospites erunt recipiendi, Cic. off. 3, 121; nulla in re tironem ac rudem, nec peregrinum atque hospitium in agendo, or. 1, 218; **8.** rarely as fem., for hospita, adest hospes hirundo, Varr. ap. Augustin. mus. 4, 15; Non venit haec nostris hospes amica choris, Ov. F. 6, 510; Hospes in externis audiuit curia tectis, Lucan. 5, 11; hospite cymba, Stat. silv. 5, 1, 252; ab hospite genuna, Pall. 14, 33; **9.** as adj. w. other nouns than man, hospitibus tectis, Stat. Th. 12, 479; hospes honor, Claud. Mon. 650; see also § 8; **10.** cf. hospita and hospitus; also hostis; **11.** hence Sp. huiusmodi, it. oste, Fr. hôte, E. host—for loss of p before t cf. It. sette, cattivo, Fr. sept (p silent); chétif; see also hospitalis § 7; akin to Lith. gaspada, an inn.

**hospita**, ae, f. [hospes—wh. see; cf. for suff. hospita fm. sospes, antistita fm. antistes] as fem. of hospes, a foreign woman, esp. a friend from abroad or hostess receiving foreigners, meamne hic in uia hospitam...Tractatam et ludificatam! Pl. Mil. 2, 6, 8; add 15 and 30; Huiusce propter consuetudinem hospite, Ter. Andr. 2, 6, 8; salus hospita! Pae. ap. Serv. A. 11, 543; Seruilia uetere Phionis hospita, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 24; add 89; Soterinae hospite sanctissimae P. Aelius, inser. Or. 2669; **2.** of other than man, ut...ne unum quidem habuerit scripulum (auri) quod hiruindibus hospitio ostenderet, Varr. ap. Arnob. 6, 23; Vnda...Pupibus illa prius, patulis nunc hospita plaustris, Verg. G. 3, 362; terra, A. 3, 539; natis, Ov. F. 1, 340; ciconia, P. Syr. ap. Petron. 55.

**hospitaculum**, i? hospitacula a false reading for hostioli in Ulp. dig. 9, 3, 5.

**hospitālis**, e, adj. [hospes] of a foreign friend or friends, esp. as guests, Ad eum hospitalem haec tesseram mecum fero, Pl. Poen. 5, 1, 25; add 5, 2, 88 and 92; filium, ib. pr. 75; cum in decemur qui in urbem...ut hospes uenit, illam ipsam solum hospitalem publicam populi Romani esse dicit, Cic. agr. 2, 46; cubiculum, Liv. 1, 58, 2; demorsorio, 21, 63, 10; caede, 25, 18, 7; hostem, 25, 18, 8; and met. in Lario Addua...in Lemanno Rhodanus multorum transitu hospitibus suas tantum nec largioris quam intulere aquas eucentes, Plin. 2, 224—received as foreign in opposition to the waters of the lake; **2.** as epithet of a deity, presiding over foreigners received as guests, Venns, Cic. Cacl. 52; Iouis, Deiot. 18; illud insigne hospitalium deorum ex hospitali mensa tollere, Verr. 2, 4, 48; cena, Plin. 33, 82; **3.** hospitable, esp. to foreign friends, in suos curialis hospitalem fuisse, Cic. off. 2, 64; homo semper hospitalissimus amississimisque nostrorum hominum, Verr. 2, 1, 65; umbram, Hor. od. 2, 3, 10; pectus, epod. 17, 49; litum adpulsu, Plin. 2, 118; **4.** mari, Flor. 1, 11 (16), 4; hospitalis in Plin. 9, 26 prope corrupt; **5.** hospitalia as n. pl., apartments for reception of foreigners, ubi hospites aduenientes...in ea hospitalia recipiatur, Vitr. 7, 4 and twice aft.; **6.** so on the stage, hospitaliorum (note the form) compositionem, Vitr. 5, 6, 3; **7.** hence It. ospitale, Fr. hôpital, E. hospital and hostel, Fr. hôtel.

**hospitus**? but only in n. pl. hospita in poets [hospes] foreign, and at times friendly also, hospitabile, aequora, Verg. 3, 377; uina, Val. F. 1, 44; teeta\*, 2, 650; littora, Stat. silv. 3, 5, 76; flumina\*, Th. 4, 842.

**hostis**, (old fostis) is, m. f. [hos root, for fos as in fores, foris, foras and forare, Fr. forain, E. foreigner; also in os, oris and ostium (hostium); cf. hospes, fostes (antiqui dicebant) pro hoste, Paul. ex P. v. foedum, p. 84 M.; cf. Gō, gast, a stranger, whence G. gast, E. guest; t exrescent from s; suff. i for ie, dim. cf. G. dim. frem-lingd] foreigner, hostis apud maiores nostros is dicebatur quem nunc peregrinum dicimus. Inducant xii tabulae: aut status dies cum hoste, itemque a tuersus hostem aeterna auctoritas...Quamquam

id nomen durius fecit iam utestas; a peregrino enim recessit, et proprie in eo qui arma\* contra ferret remansit, Cic. off. 1, 37; Hostisne an ciuis comedis parui pendere, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 65; cf. Ter. Ph. 2, 2, 14; (Hic est ille situs), cui nemo ciuis neque hostis Quinti pro factis reddere opis pretium, Enn. ap. Sen. ep. 108, 33; Si status conditus cum hoste intercedit dies, Tamen est eundem quo imperant, ingratius, Pl. Cure. 1, 1, 5; multa uerba aliud nunc ostendunt, aliud ante significabant ut hostis, nam tum eo uerbo dicebant peregrinum qui suis legibus uteretur; nunc dicunt cum quem tum dicebant perdelicem\*, Varr. l. 5, 1, 3 p. 14 Sp.; I soror atque hostem supplex adfate superbum, Verg. 4, 424; wh. Serv.: nonnulli ueteres hostem pro hospite dictum accipiunt; add Paul.\* ex F. 102 M.; **2.** enemy, see above\*, Hostes crebri cadunt, nostri contra ingruunt, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 81; Foedant et proterunt hostium copias, 01; Nunc hostes uno domiti somnoque sepulti, Enn. ap. Maer. s. 6, 1; ad hostes se contulit, Cic. am. 37; non incendum belli Punici...a portis huius urbis auorsum (so Dohrle, mss auolsum) P. Africanus compulsi intra hostium moenia, Cic. rep. 1, 1; so leg. 2, 57; equitatum...praemittit, qui uideant quas in partes hostes iter faciant, Caes. b. g. 1, 15, 1 etc.; creditis auctores hostis? Verg. 2, 43; Serui Hispanae uetus hostis orae Cantaber, Hor. od. 3, 8, 21; hence Caesar in the civil war calls his opponents not hostes but aduersarij, b. c. 1, 40, 7; 1, 43, 2 etc.; **3.** often as public foe opposed to private enemy (inimicus) and so of greater violence, saepius cum hoste conflixit quam quisquam cum inimico concertauit, Cic. Man. 28; omnes qui..., statuit ille quidem non inimicos sed hostes, Phil. 11, 3; inimicus quoque et hostibus ea quae nobis acciderint indigna uideri, inu. 1, 105; sibi inimicus esse atque hostis, fin. 5, 29; homo inimicus his qui reitassent, hostis omnibus qui acclamassent, Verr. 2, 2, 48; illi nunquam se inimicos hosti fuisse respondent, Curt. 7, 10, 8; **4.** w. more latitude, of any deadly enemy, ex eo sibi illum (sc. Antonium) hostem, Cic. Att. 15, 21, 1; Cn. Pompeius dux mei reditus, illius (sc. Clodij) hostis, Mil. 39; Aut acer hostis Impulo (sc. Hipponas), Hor. epod. 6, 14; **5.** hostis repeated (cf. hospes § 5), qui nunc amicus amicus unquam graue neque hosti hostis fuit, Aec. ap. Non. 314, 25; Inspicit acceptas hostis ab hoste notas, Ov. her. 4, 6; **6.** as fem., Hostis est uxor inuita quae ad uirum nuptum datur, Pl. Sic. 1, 2, 83; Nam nupta meretrici hostis est, a uiro ubi segregat, Ter. Heu. 5, 2, 23; ut quo die captam hostem uidisset, eodem matrimonio iunctam acciperet, Liv. 30, 14, 2; Cum bene seruiet, cum certa uidebitur hostis, Ov. a. a. 2, 401; sciet haec insana puella, Et tibi non tacitis uocibus hostis erit, Prop. 1, 4, 18; **7.** of other subjects than man, alitem..., mox in ouilia Demisit hostem uiuidus impetus, Hor. od. 4, 4, 10; (caper) noxae tibi deditus hostis Spargitur adfuso cornua, Bacche mero, Ov. P. 1, 359; alter (rhinoceros) hostis elephanto, Plin. 8, 71; **8.** even of abstract nouns, illa (in laudando licentia)...studiorum perniciossissima hostis, Quint. 2, 2, 10; facultatem dicendi...hostem ueritatis inuenit, 12, 1, 2; **9.** also of an enemy's piece in the game of latrunculi, Vnus cum gemino calculis hoste perit, Ov. a. a. 3, 358; add 2, 208; **10.** proverbial, Di meliora pijs errorumque hostibus illum, Verg. G. 3, 513; Eueniat nostris hostibus ille color, Ov. F. 3, 494; add Pont. 4, 6, 35; am. 2, 10, 16 and 17; her. 15(16), 217.

**huc**, (older hōc\*), adv. demonstr. [ho adv. + e for ee; ho for hom an acc., whence hūc-e] to this (place etc.); hither, here in sense of hither, iam huc reuenero, Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 143; ostende huc manus (nearly = ad me), Aul. 4, 4, 13; age rursum ostende huc dexteram, ib. 23; add Tac. h. 3, 3; Hec tu uiator lasse qui me praeteris, Cum diu ambulareis, tamen huc aeniendum est tibi, Cl. 1431; multa me dehortata sunt huc prodire, Cato orig. ap. Gell. 13, 25, 15; numerum dotem huc (holding out his hand), eat, Ter. Hee. 3, 5, 32; huc tibi aditus patere non potest, Cic. rep. 6, 15; Huc adeo o formose puer, Verg. B. 2, 45; **2.** absol. w. a vb. like ueni understood, huc mecum Epidauria proles, Huc altis gaudens, Stat. silv. 1, 4, 61; Huc igitur mecum, quisquis percussus amore Venadi, damnas lites, Nemes. cyn. 99; **3.** of a person, Nam huc annulum

ab tui eupiente huc detuli (wh. R. ej. huc detuli, though he adds: hic ad te), Pl. Mil. 4, 2, 58; 4. w. gen., to this part (of), Ex Andro commigravit huc uiciniae, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 43; 5. w. noun, as in agreement, Si ad ianuam huc (=hanc) accesseris, Pl. Aul. 3, 2, 28; Set quis hic est qui huc in plateam cursuram incipit? Trin. 4, 2, 164; 6. often opposed to illuc, Imus huc, illuc hinc; cum illuc uentum est, ire illuc lubet, Enn. tr. ap. Gell. 19, 10, 12; Huc it et hinc illuc, Ov. M. 4, 342; 7. esp. w. nunc, Atque animum nunc huc celerem, nunc diuidit illuc, Verg. 4, 285; add 5, 701; qui terrarum fecunditatem nunc huc, nunc illuc...transferret referretque, Plin. pan. 32, 1; 8. the two often joined by atque or et, first to this and then to that, id quæris in quo utrum responde(re) uerises te huc atque illuc necesse est, Cic. fin. 5, 86; huc atque illuc intuentem, or. 1, 184; quum huc atque illuc signa transferrent, Liv. 5, 8, 8; add 6, 25, 9; quæ hominem huc et illuc rapit, Cic. off. 1, 101; huc et illuc torquere (suam naturam), Cael. 13; huc et illuc cirsant, Hor. od. 4, 11, 9; add Cels. 8, 1 med., p. 325, l. 1 Dar.; ista sidera huc et illuc deducit uelocitas sua, Sen. ben. 5, 6, 15; 9. often without conj., ne cursum huc illuc uia deterrima, Cic. Att. 9, 9, 2; (aesculus) brachia tendens huc illuc, Verg. G. 2, 297; add A. 5, 408; 12, 764; Ov. am. 3, 8, 8 and her. 19 (20), 130; h. l. ferens arma, Tac. an. 1, 56 f.; per fluctus... huc illuc (not illucque) portantur iuga, Plin. 36, 2; 10. w. vel (ue) or aut, Dum in dubio animus huc uel illuc impellitur, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 31; sed huc illucque (oculus) sine ratione mouetur, Cels. 6, 6, 36; add 6, 3 med.; 7, 18, p. 206, l. 2 Dar.; digito uel huc uel illuc impelluntur, 7, 7, 3; terræ positiones aut huc aut illuc uersæ, Sen. n. q. 2, 11, 2; 11. huc repeated, pointing to different places, huc turbidus atque huc lastrat equo muros, Verg. 9, 57; Huc conuersus et huc, 11, 601; Huc atque huc acies circumtulit, 12, 558; Et nunc huc, inde huc incertos implicat orbes, 12, 743; 12. huc repeated but pointing to different quarters, Vt ora uertat huc et huc euntium Liberima indignatio, Hor. epod. 4, 9; 13. referring to words, first preceding, quamquam ita gerere uolo quæ per exercitum...gerenda sunt, ut multo ante meditare, huc to pares (for these) hæc cogites, Cic. fam. 1, 7, 9; accedat huc sanitas quædam oportet sermonum, am. 66; adde huc fontium perennitates, N. D. 2, 68; Dubis...paene totum opidium (Vesoutionem) cingit...Huc Caesar...contendit, Caes. b. g. 1, 38, 7; huc postero die conuenient, 4, 11, 5; accedebat

huc quod... 5, 6, 2; accedebat huc ut... 5, 16, 4; Volcania nomine tellus: Hoc tunc ignipotens caelo descendit ab alto, Verg. 8, 423; so (hoc) Prisc. 553 P. 1, 26, 22 K; and 1006 P. 2, 64, 7 K; Fit nodo sinus: huc aliena ex arbore germem Includunt, Verg. G. 2, 76; add 4, 62; 14. secondly, to following words, Nempe omnia hæc nunc uerba huc redeunt denique: Ego exelndor, ille recipitur, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 78; add huc quod... Aec. ap. Cic. N. D. 3, 68; rem huc deduxi ut tum palam pugnare possetis, cum hostem aperte uideretis, Cic. Cat. 2, 4; huc mulieris libidinem esse prolapsam ut ea...tenebras non quaerat, Cael. 47; huc iam reduxerat rem ut equites possent atque auderent flumen transire, Caes. b. c. 1, 62, 1; huc flexit ut Tiberium ad nitam procul Roma pendam impelleret, Tac. an. 4, 41; see hucine; 15. w. gen. to this state (of), to such a degree (of), huc adrogantia uenerat ut... 3, 73, 1; huc deductum necessitatis ut... Val. M. 8, 1, 6; see hucine ex. 3; 16. somewhat violent is the construction in: rubrum emplastrum... huc aptum est—for this—, Cels. 5, 19, 21; sequæ huc crenisida dolentes—to this height—, Stat. Th. 10, 181.

**hū-cī-nē**, (not hucine) interr. adv. [hūc, i. e. hūc] to this? hucine tandem omnia reciderunt ut eiuis Romanus... uirgis eaderetur? Cic. Ver. 5, 163; hucine beneficia tua euasere uti...extinctor sit? Sal. Iug. 14, 9; hūcine rerum Venimus? Pers. 3, 15.

**hū-cusque**, adv. [hū whence hūc; cusque old form of usque] all the way to this, so far, h. Sesostris exercitum duxit, Plin. 6, 174; 2. of time, so far, so long, hitherto, Claudii Martine, non frustra h. uixisti, Claud. M. gr. a. Iuliano 17; Bibracte h. dicta est Iulia, Eumen. gr. a. Constant. 14 f.; sicut h. fecistis, Mamert. gen. Maxim. 18, 1.

**hūi**, interj. gen. of surprise, bless me, hui Homunculi quanti estis! Pl. Rud. 1, 2, 66; hui Quid perierandumst (perierandist?) etiam præter munera! True. 1, 1, 8; hui Vniuersum triduum! Ter. Eun. 2, 1, 18; hui tam gravis hos! Haut. 1, 1, 40; hui, Quantum fenestram ad nequitium patefeceris! 3, 1, 21; add 3, 3, 45; 4, 5, 28; Triginta? Hui perera est, Ph. 3, 3, 75; add Ad. 2, 2, 8; hui quam diu de nugis! Cic. Att. 13, 21, 5; 2. sneeringly, indeed! Hui, tam cito? ridiculum, Ter. Andr. 3, 1, 16; ciuem Atticam. Hui! Meum sororem. Os durum! Eun. 4, 7, 35; wh. Don.; saninae sunt aduersus eos quibus traserunt; uidebam sermone: Hui, fratrem reliquit! Cic. Att. 6, 6, 3.

## I.

**Ii**, pron. as in Fr., etc. ninth letter of Latin alphabet corresponding to *i* of Gk., yod of Hebrew, is produced by the vocal tube when at its shortest and so standing first in the gamut i e a o u is specially interchangeable with *ē*; 2. when a short vowel loses its first place in a word by composition or its last by addition of a suffix, *i* often supersedes it, as miles caelestis apex, but militem, caelitem, apicem; anas pl. anites or anates; ordo homo ordinem hominem; caput capitis; emo redimo; rego dirigo; facio conficio; capio concipio; 3. esp. *i* is apt to supersede *ū* of the older lang.; as in gen. is for old gen. in us as: Kastorus, CIL 197, 17; hominus, 200, 10; dat. and abl. pl. of u deul, genibus afit, genibus; superl. in inus for old in unus, as facillimus, 196, 28; infans, 199, 10; ordinis as decimus for older decumus, 200, 83; 1st. pers. pl. of vbs. inus for unus, as in quaesumus, sumus, conuenimus (=conuenimus), 532; compound nouns: amulex, 1310; pontifex, 474, 620 aft. aurifex pontifex; so too lubet libet, aestumo aestimo, lacrima lacrimis; consulo consilium; testimonium, 197, 3; aft. testim.; 4. often corresponds to a stronger vowel in

kindred lang. as sim-plex sim-itu by *ἀμα ἀπλοῦς* Germ. samm-ein; igni by S. agni; imber by *ὀμβρος*, machina Massilia by *μηχανή Μασσαλία*; II 5. a long *i* often supersedes a diphthong æ (ai) or œ (oi), as from æquus, aestumo, bæto, caedo, laedo, quaero, tædet come iniquus existumo (also existumo)—perbit, concedo, elido, acquiro, pertusum as well as pertacsum, fio (faio) for facio; so defacitum, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 2; munis for munis (*μυνται*); again null-us for nullio-us, nulli dat. for nulli; serui non. pl. for serui (*δουλοι*); seruis for seruiis (*δουλοις*); vis for uois (uolis) thou wilt; cf. inuitus, inuito; 6. a long *i* was gen. written by a capital of double height, a sort of double *i* (corresponding to æ, œ of the other long vowels), as CALICULUS CIL 336; FELICI, 584; PIVO, 626; CAEMENTICUM, 1279; III 7. *i* consonans=E. y, first *i* initial as in Iuppiter, Iuno, iam, iecur, iocus; also in the middle when preceded by a single (rarely more than one) short syllable and foll. by vowel, as fluuius, (flu-v-yus), sapio (sap-yo), perinus, redierat, consilium (consil-yum), principium; Canidia (Canidya); but not in filius unisēria

(mis'ria), Glycërium; while *facilius* is gen. to be pronounced *facilus* though at times *facilius*; this so-called consonans is really a very short *i* followed by the other vowel so as to count but for one syl.; **8.** in abbr. *I* stands for *Iuppiter*, inser. Or. 1884; *Iuno*, CIL 395; *inietus*, inser. Or. 2541; *I. D. iure dicendo*, CIL 260, 116; *I. E. iudex esto*, 205, 1, 22; *I. H. D. D.* in honorem domus divinae, inser. Or. 1892; *I. M. I. s. mater*, 1884; *IM. immunis*, 3471; *IM. IMP. imperator*, CIL 423; *IMP. S. impensa sua*, inser. Or. 1356; *IN Atr.* in agrum, CIL 1024; *IN FL.* in fronte, ib.; *IVG.* iugera, CIL 200, 60; *I. S.* infra scriptum, inser. Or. Henz. 6087.

**iam**, adv. [is ea id; =  $\delta\eta$ ] chiefly of time, now, but used rarely and only in late writers like *nunc* absolutely of present time; as first in the progress of a narration, now, *iamque* omnibus satis comparatis ad traicendum..., Liv. 21, 27, 1; *iamque* nec appetebat, 22, 1, 1; add 21, 52, 1, 22, 48, 1; 10, 36, 2. **2.** at once, immediately, directly, presently, *Viginti iam* usque filio argenti minis, *Face id ut paratum iam sit*, Pl. As. 1, 1, 76; *occlude sis* Foris ambobus pessulis; *iam ego* hic ero, Aul. 1, 2, 26; add *Mere*, 5, 4, 2; *Cure*, 5, 2, 46; *iam opust*, *iam feres*, Ter. Ph. 3, 3, 26; *Accede ad ignem hunc*, *iam* edoces plus satis, Eun. 1, 2, 5; *Nam si cogites*, *remittas iam* me onerare iniuriis, Andr. 5, 1, 8; add 4, 6, 1 and 27; *Haut*, 4, 6, 18; *remote* *inacundum*, *iam uidebantur* monstra dicere, Cie. Tusc. 4, 54; *da mihi* hoc, *iam tibi* maximam partem defensionis praecideris, Verr. 2, 2, 151; *tollatur haec e ciuitate discordia*, *iam omnes isti metus* extinguuntur, *iam ista serpens* morietur, har. r. 55; add off. 3, 76; leg. 1, 34; Brut. 68; Cat. 1, 21; *breuis hic est fructus hominibus*, *iam fuerit*, Lucr. 3, 914; *agendum* dicatorem creemus, *iam hic* conticescet furor, Liv. 2, 29, 11; *de capite deducite* quod *uoris* perennatum est, *iam nihilo* mea turba quam *ullius* conspector erit, 6, 15, 10; add 29, 27, 8; *si paululum* modo nos *langere* uiderint, *iam omnes* feroces aderunt, Sal. Cat. 52, 18; *Hoc sperate iugum* et *facili iam* tramite sistam, Verg. 6, 676; *Mecum crede solo* pugnaeque acieque pedestri, *iam nosces*..., 11, 708; add 4, 566; *iam faciam* quod uolitis, Hor. s. 1, 1, 16; add A. P. 468.

**3.** esp. *u* iam repeated, the very next moment, quae potest in uita esse iucunditas cum dies et noctes cogitandum sit *iam* *iamque* esse mortendum? Cie. Tusc. 1, 14; *si non longe absunt* a summo ut *iam* *iamque* possint emergere, fin. 3, 48; *illum* ruere nuntiant et *iam* *iamque* adesse, Att. 7, 20, 1; add 7, 21, 2; 12, 5 f.; 14, 22, 1; 16, 11; *iam*, 12, 10, 4; *Caesar* aduen-tare *iam* *iamque* et adesse cum equites fales nuntiabantur, Caes. b. c. 1, 14, 1.

**4.** already (sooner than was to be expected), *iam inde* ab adolescentia, Ter. Ad. 1, 1, 16; add Eun. 3, 5, 39; Ph. 4, 3, 45; *Oppianico* re et existimatione *iam*, *lege* et pronuntiatione nondum condemnato, Cie. Clu. 56; *obsignarum* *iam* *epistolam*, cum subito tabellarias, Att. 5, 19, 1; quae (sc. Musae) me maxime sicut *iam* a prima adolescentia delectant, fam. 1, 9, 23; *Romanas legiones* *iam spes tota* nondum tamen *ca* deseruerat, Liv. 1, 25, 6; *uisendi* domos potestas grata erat et *iam* desiderantibus suis et longius in futurum prouidentibus desiderium, 21, 21, 7; and soon: *labores* aut *iam* exhaustos aut mox exhausturos; *Hedere qui* uoces *iam* scit pner, Hor. A. P. 158; *nondum* *feminam* *aquanimus gloria* et *iam* nos laudes satietis cepit? Curt. 9, 6, 23 (26).

**5.** esp. *u* iam, already now, even now, *iam* *tum*, already then, even then, at that early day; *Hormae* tui *Pentelici iam* *nunc* me delectant, Cie. Att. 1, 8, 2; *iam* *nunc* prospicio..., *iam* *nunc* timeo, Caecil. 22; *optatores* tui *iam* *nunc* murmurantes dicunt..., Varr. s. 187, 61 r.; *quod si* consulatus tanta dulcedo sit, *iam* *nunc* ita in animum inducat consulatum oppressum ab tribunicia potestate esse, Liv. 2, 54, 5; *iam* *nunc* ita se parare App. Claudium ut..., 3, 40, 12; add 40, 15 f.; ut *iam* *nunc* adulescentem auili, Plin. ep. 8, 21, 2; *iam* *tum* erat suspicio *Dolo malo* haec fieri omnia, Ter. Eun. 3, 3, 8; *ego omnia* quae gererem *iam* *tum* in gerendo spargere me arbitrabar in orbis terrarum memoriam, Cie. Arch. 30;

add fam. 7, 12, 1; Att. 1, 11, 1; *iam* *tum* quum *comprehis* secleris ministris uiuere regnum nuntiatum est exsulatum ierant, Liv. 1, 41, 7; add 10, 21, 14; 29, 1, 6; *hoc regnum* *da* gentibus esse..., *iam* *tum* tendique fauetque, Verg. 1, 18; add G. 2, 405; **6.** at last, longer after than might have been expected, *offen* *u* tandem, denique, aliquando etc. *Dehinc postulo* sine aequonotio *Daue* ut *releat* iam in *uiam*, Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 19; *nam* *propemodum* habeo *iam* *fidem* (sc. tibi). *Tandem* *ecogniti* qui *sien*? 3, 4, 7; *cebras* *expectationes* nobis *tui* *commotes*. *Nuper* *quidem* cum *iam* te *aduentare* arbitrareremur, *repente* in mensem *Quintilem* *reieci* *sumus*, Cie. Att. 1, 4, 1; and soon: *putamus* *utile* esse te aliquando *iam* *rem* transigere; *militi* minus *iam* *tandem* aut *uirtutis* aut *fortunae* *paenitere* suae, Liv. 22, 12, 10; add 21, 35, 10; 21, 37 f.; et *tu* *Saturnia* *comius* *iam* *melior* *iam* *diua* *procor*..., Verg. 12, 179; add 6, 61; *iam* *sanguinis* *alti* *Vis* *sibi* *fecit* *ister*, *Lucan.* 2, 214; et *tu* *Fortuna* *durior*, *iam* *saeuere* *desiste*, Apul. M. 6, 28; **7.** in transitions, (cf. § 1), then again, *iam* *hero* ita *faciles* *aditus* ad *eum*..., esse dicuntur ut..., *iam* *quantum* *consilio* *ualeat* *nos* *ecogni* *stis*, Cie. Man. 41, 42; *iam* *illud* *senatus* *consultum*..., *per* *scriptio* *est* ut..., fam. 5, 2, 4; add Verr. 2, 3, 113 (bis); *Rosc.* Am. 116; *N. D.* 1, 23; off. 1, 32; fin. 2, 104; *iam* *plebs*, *praeterquam* *quod*..., *ne* *tribunicium* *quidem* *auxilium* *quaerere*, Liv. 3, 34 f.; *iam* *illud* *quam* *accusa* *torie*, *quod*..., 40, 12, 6; *iam* *urbe* *capta* a *Gallis* *quo* *redempta* *urbs* *est*? 34, 5, 9; *iam* *quae* *seminibus* *iactis* *se* *sustulit* *arbores*, *Tarda* *uenit*, Verg. 6, 2, 57; add 1, 383; *Quint.* 1, 6, 32; 5, 2, 1; 5, 11, 39.

**8.** *iam* *primum*, now in the first place, commences an enumeration, *iam* *primum* *haec* *se* *e* *Pamphilio* *graudam* *dixit* *esse*, Ter. Andr. 3, 2, 32; *Primum* *iam* *ancillis* *secum* *adduxit* *plus* *decem*, *Haut*, 3, 1, 42; add 4, 1, 21; *iam* *primum* *inuentus*, *per* *laboris* *usum* *militiam* *discebat*, Sal. Cat. 7, 4; add 15, 1; *iam* *primum* *omnium* *satis* *constat* *Troia* *capta* in *ceteros* *saeuitum* *esse*, *duobus* *Aeneae* *Antenorique*..., Liv. 1, 1, 1; *iam* *primum* *ut* *ordiar* *ab* *duobus* *comparandis*, 9, 17, 5; add 40, 3, 44, 18, 2; add 38, 5; Verg. S. 100; **9.** *non* *iam*, *iam* *non*, (nullus i., nihil, nec iam) denote a change from the past, not now, now not, henceforth not, no more, no longer, *Nulla* *mi* *res* *posthac* *potest* *iam* *interuenire* *tanta*, *Quae*..., Ter. Haut. 4, 3, 1; *profecto* *nihil* *est* *iam* *sanctum* in *ciuitate*, Cie. Quint. 5; *discebamus* *pueri* *xii* (sc. tabulas) *quae* *nemo* *iam* *disce*, leg. 2, 50; *iam* *non* *ex* *interno* *uoc* *missilibus* *sed* *cominus* *gerebatur* *res*, Liv. 10, 43, 6; add Verg. 5, 633; Ov. M. 4, 382; **10.** *even*, *esp.* in phrases of supposition, *ut* *si* *iam* *possent* in *homine* *uino* *cerni* *omnia*, Cie. Tusc. 1, 50; *ut* *iam* (even allowing that) *numme* *insipientes* *sint* *miseri*, fin. 4, 66; *ae* *iam* *ut* *omnia* *contra* *opinionem* *acciderent*, *tamen*..., Caes. b. g. 3, 9, 6; *quum* *iam* *ut* *uirtus* *nostra* *transire* *alio* *possit*, *fortuna* *certe* *loci* *huius* *transfere* *non* *possit*, Liv. 5, 54, 6; *at* *enim* *ut* *iam* *ita* *sint* *haec*, *quid* *ad* *uos* *Roman?*? 34, 32, 13; add 21, 47, 5; *Mittere* *me* *Stygias* *si* *iam* *uoluisset* *ad* *undae* *Caesar* in *hoc* *uestra* *non* *egmis* *ope*, Ov. l. 1, 2, 65; add *her*, 3, 67; **11.** *for* *nunc*, *quae* *ne* *ipsi* *iam* *dicent*, Quint. 1, 6, 42.

**i-bi**, adv. [old dat. of is, ea, id] in that place, referring to words preceding or to come, not a dem., first to prec. ad eundem *Caetianam*, *ibi* *termina* *duo* *stant*, CIL 109, 8; *ad* *riuum* *Vindelacum*, *ibi* *terminus* *stat*, 11; add *ibi*, 14 and 19; in portum *alueni* *sumus*; *Ibi*\* *cenauit* *alque* *ibi*\* *quieui* in *naui* *uocem* *perpetem*, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 100; *Nam* *ubi* *tu* *professus* *es* *ibi* *ego* *me* *peraelum* *sepulchrum*, Cure. 1, 2, 7; add *As*, 1, 1, 102, 104 and 113; *Eamus* *ad* *me*, *ibi*\* *proximum* *mihi* *uites*, Ter. Eun. 3, 5, 64; *ubi* *nil* *opust*, *ibi*\* *ueretur*, Andr. 4, 1, 14; *fugit* *Quarinius* *et* *ibi* *suas* *fortunas* *constituit*, Cie. Tusc. 5, 109; *flumen* *quod* *est* in *extremis* *Renorum* *finibus* *exercitum* *traducere* *maturant* *atque* *ibi* *castra* *posuit*, Caes. b. g. 2, 5, 4; *Cernit* *ibi*\* *maestros* *et* *mortis* *honore* *carentes*, Verg. 6, 333; *Phoeis*..., *Mons* *ibi* *ueriebibus* *petit* *arduis* *astra* *duobus*, Ov. M. 1, 316; **2.** to a foll. relative, *ut* *nemo* *sit* *quum* *uibus* *quam* *ibi* *ubi* *est* *esse* *maht*, Cie. fam. 6, 1, 1; *ibi* *enim* *postis* *est*

ubi templi a-litus, p. dom. 121; postulatubatur egressi urbe ubi habitarent, ubi Poenus iussisset, Liv. 21, 12, 5; 3. in him, her, it, them, Heia ut elegans est, creitas animum ibi esse, Ter. Haut. 5, 19; itaque se dictatorem L. Quintium dicturum, ubi animum parem tantae potestati esse, Liv. 4, 13, 12; Id agit, id studet, ibi\* mentem atque animum delectat snom, Emm. tr. 255 V; aiunt in segetibus bona frumenta esse. Nolite ibi nimiam spem habere, Cato orat. 67, 4 1; falli te sinas Tecinis (= technis) per serolum etsi subsemita id quoque illos ibi\* esse (at these tricks), Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 63; neque me quicquam consilio adiunas. Immo et ibi unum sum et... 5, 2, 30; si quid est quod ad testes reseruet, ibi nos paratioris reperiet quam putabat, Cic. Rose. Am. 82; hinc bella intestina caedes...grata fere ibique inuentum suam exercent, Sal. Cat. 5, 2; ibi imperium fore (with those) unde fuerit, Liv. 1, 24, 2; erit haec differentia inter hoc edictum et superius quod ibi..., Ulp. dig. 47, 8, 4, 6; 4. of time, then, thereupon, ardere censui acies, ita tum confabulabant ibi\* me inelamat Alen-mea, Pl. Amph. 5, 1, 16; ibi\* continuo conatant, 5, 1, 42; Dico me illo uenisse animi causa. Ibi\* me interrogat Eque-m..., Cure. 2, 3, 61; Vt se edoceret obscuros Apollinem...Ibi ex orculo noce diuina edidit Apollo, Emm. tr. 65 V; Sed si tu negaris ducere, ibi\* culpam in te transferet, Ter. Andr. 2, 3, 5; add 1, 1, 122; 2, 2, 10; tribuni delecte cupidae audiendi plebi ut quae uellet Scaptian diceret. Ibi inquit..., Liv. 3, 71, 6; in medium duces procedunt. Ibi inquit Albanus, 1, 23, 7; Ter conatus ibi\* collo dare brachia circum, Verg. 6, 700; 5. at times strengthened by tum, Ibi tum derespente ex alto in altum despectit mare, Emm. tr. 352 V; Ibi\* tum filius Cum illis qui amant Chrysideum a aderat frempens, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 79; Ibi\* tum eorum impudentissima oratio, 4, 1, 10; 6. with loci, ibi loci (perh. both dat. in that place) terrarum orbe portis discusso, Plin. 6, 30; 7. rarely for eo with motion, cum ibi uenerimus, Gai. dig. 1, 2, 1 f.; 8. in the old drama often a monos, marked \* (like Fr. y; and cf. ubi=ou); gen. --; -- marked f; 9. Fr. y.

**ibi-dem**, (but see § 7) old dat. of *idem*, in the same—, in agreement with a noun, Sine aduocatis *ibidem*\* in ceru- in (in the same boat), in stega, Pl. St. 3, 1, 12; *ibidem*\* ubi hic me iamdudum Epidauro, Men. 2, 3, 28; ubiham ea fuit cistella? *Ibidem*\* in navi, Rud. 3, 3, 60; add Capt. pr. 26; Most. 2, 2, 51; Nisi puerum tollis, iam ego hunc in medium uiam Pronolam teque ibidem pernoctum in luto, Ter. Andr. 4, 4, 38; 2. *ibidem* as adv. in the same place, Verumst uerbum quod memoratur: ubi amici, *ibidem*\* sunt opes, Pl. Truc. 4, 4, 32; *Ibidem*\* gnatus, inde surripit fere sexennis postibi, Poch. 4, 2, So; si cui *ibidem* (sc. sub centone) seruo dormienti enenit, ne is quidem mili nitium facit, Cato orat. 47, 18 I; cum praesidio enenit ne hic *ibidem* trucidetur, Cic. Rose. Am. 13; ut ille cuius merces erant in gladium *ibidem* (sc. in navi) inueneret, inn. 2, 154; ast illam ter fluctus *ibidem* Torquet agens circum, Verg. 1, 116; cunctos affluus *ibidem*, Iuv. 5, 40; *ibidem* diuitiarum cupido est, nti et usus, Iust. 2, 2, 10; 3. in the same thing, haec in eo Caccianum, subleuat *ibidem* (in the same act), Cic. Cae. 23; denudare aures incertis *ibidem* (sc. in eodem equo) Sudor, Verg. G. 3, 500; 4. hic *ibidem*, both dat. in the same place, ne hic *ibidem* ante oculos nostros trucidetur, Cic. Rose. Am. 13; 5. with loci, (perh. also a dat.) si redierit ille ad hunc, *ibidem* loci res erit, Pl. Cist. 2, 1, 51; 6. *ibidem* una traho, I am drawing in the same team, as we say: I am in the same boat. Atque egomet me adeo cum illis una *ibidem*\* traho, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 166; 7. in Pl. either *ibidem* or rather = *idem* (cf. ibi § 7), see mark \*. so *ibidem* in Chr. writers, Ille inbet cunctis *ibidem* conuicia panti, Iuuen. 3, 80; Cog-noscere *ibidem* ne pergas tradere fatis, Paul. Nol. 19, 48.

**id-circ-5**, (ite\*, iee, t) adv. [circ of circus etc., inserted in id-co, wh. see; circ of circus circum etc., o suffix of motion to, cf. quo control] lit. all round to this (point), hence of efforts concentrated to a point, cf. darum and um zu... of Germ., a stronger form of *ideo*, for this purpose, with a view to this, Me *id-circ* haec tanta facinora his pro-

mittere Quo (so A, al. qui) nos oblectem, Pl. Ps. 1, 5, 150; qui me *id-circ* putent bene audire nelle ut ille male audiat, Cic. Att. 6, 1, 2; te *id-circ* illum locum deligere, ut..., Verr. 2, 5, 169; reperietis *id-circ* haec in uno homine pecunioso tot constituta ut..., 2, 5, 23; hoc ego *id-circ* nosse te uolui ut scires..., fam. 9, 6, 2; add 9, 13 f.; quae ut fierent, *id-circ* pugnatum esse arbitror...*id-circ* arma sumpta sunt, Rose. Am. 137; sese *id-circ* ab suis discedere noluisse, quo facilius ciuitatem in officio contineret, Caes. b. g. 5, 3, 6;

2. for this reason, therefore, Hoc paniloquium nuntum *id-circ*\* (so B) praedico, Quia..., Pl. Merc. 1, 1, 34; *Id-circ* moneo uos ego huc, Rud. pr. 28; Nam *id-circ* aereosor, nuptias quod mihi aduocari sensit, Ter. Andr. 4, 2, 7; Ille Cliniae (add quia) serenos tadiumculust, *id-circ* hinc nostro traditast provincia, Haut. 3, 2, 5; quia natura mutari non potest, *id-circ* uetate amicitiae sempiternae sunt, Cic. am. 32; sin quod bona quae Roscii fuerunt tua facta sunt, *id-circ* hunc illius illum studeo perdere, nome..., ? Rose. Am. 145; add Phil. 2, 38; fam. 9, 2, 3; Att. 12, 21, 1; off. 1, 158; 3, 33; leg. 2, 10; et quoniam hunc sextum (deus) custodias assignauerat, *id-circ* (al. *id-circ*) timidiorem reddidit quam uirilem, Colum. 12, pr. 5; nec...*id-circ* quod gloriam meruit, minus pulchrum est, Plin. ep. 1, 8, 14; 3. often refers to a st. nunc *id-circ* nobis uitio notatis Si..., Pl. Rud. 3, 3, 38; nos ut Optimum defendistis, *id-circ*..., Cic. or. 2, 170; add leg. 1, 32; non etsi eloquentissimus fuit, *id-circ*..., or. 1, 216.

**idem**, eadem, idem, eiusdem, eadem, eundem, eandem, idem etc. pron. adj. [is ea id? cf. totidem] sume, nec potest fieri tempore uno Homo *idem* duobus locis ut semel sit, Pl. Amph. 2, 1, 18; Nam opulenti cum locum pariter atque ignobiles, *idem*\* dicta eademque oratio aequa uno aequa nalet, Emm. tr. 230 V; ad eam-sa simillimas inter se uel potius eadem, Cic. Brut. 324; sed ubi Neocretes, ubi Aristoteles ista trigit? Hos enim quasi eodem esse uoluit, acad. pr. 136; porticum (um) effecimus (um) desua pecunia (a) coer-(auit) *idemque* probant, Cic. Phil. 605; *idem* uelle atque *idem* nolle ea denum firma amicitia est, Sal. Cat. 20, 4; quos omnis eadem odisse eadem mutare in unum coegit, Iug. 31, 14;

2. often used to attach two predicates to one subject, same, at the same time, at once, in various constr., as first simply *idem*, uiros fortes et magnanimos, eodem bonos et simplices esse uolumus, Cic. off. 1, 63; neque ego aliter accepti, intellexi tamen *idem*..., fam. 9, 15, 3; informes huius rederit Iupitrem, *idem* Summouit, Hor. od. 2, 10, 17;

3. *idem* joined by et or que, quam eius actionem et splendida et grandis, et eadem faceta commendabat oratio, Cic. Brut. 273; cognouit ut in custodia salutis meae diligenter eundemque te acerbissime discidium nostrum tulisse, Att. 4, 1, 1; add Mur. 20; N. D. 3, 80;

4. *idem* repeated, uidisse eum fuisse quosdam qui *idem* ornate ac grauiter, *idem* uersate et subtiliter dicerent, Cic. Brut. 22; cum *idem* negares quicquam certi posse reperiri, *idem* te comperisse dixisses, acad. pr. 63; quod *idem* maestitiam meam reprehendit, *idem* locum, magno argumento est me in utraque fuisse moderatum, Phil. 2, 40; 5. the things compared, united by repeated et, cuius et initia inter se et fines *idem* sunt, Quint. 9, 3, 31; *idem* fere et proderit et decbit, 11, 1, 14; add 12, 10, 6; 6. or a single et, Caninius *idem* tuus et *idem* noster, Cic. fam. o. 2, 1; 7. or a single *idem*, et or que with *idem* preceding or following both, si quaerant idemne sit pertinacia et persecutoria, Cic. top. 87; Dianam et Lunam eadem esse putant, N. D. 2, 68; hunc est perfectum ut impetii nostri terrarumque illam *idem* esse extremum, pron. cons. 33; non *idem* idem conuissatorumque conspectus, Caes. 67; add p. dom. 92; inn. 1, 10; 8. *idemque*..., et *idem*..., qui cum Academicis et eodem rhetore congressi conatus sim, Cic. N. D. 2, 1; cum Curio consensore eodemque collatore, Phil. 5, 13;

9. w. atque (ae), gen. separating the things compared, Nam et nitast eadem et animas te erga *idem* ac finit, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 34; hoc ipsum unum et *idem* uidetur esse atque id quod de me ipso nominatim tulisti, Cic. p. dom. 51; denus *idem* ingenii pessimo atque optimo uiro, Quint. 12, 1, 9; neque enim *idem* credibile in diuite ac paupere, pro-

pinquis abundante et his destituito, 5, 10, 26; **10.** w. rel., idem abeunt qui venerant, Cic. fin. 4, 7; idem qui semper fuerat inuentus es, Verr. 2, 5, 39; serui eius qui moribus isdem (al. eisdem) essent quibus dominus, 2, 3, 62; in solutis verbis inesse numeros eisdemque esse oratorios qui sint poetici, orat. 190; add Cat. 3, 27; Att. 6, 2, 7; **11.** rarely w. ut, disputationem habitum non quasi narrantes exponimus sed eisdem fere verbis, ut actum disputatumque est, Cic. Tusc. 2, 9; **12.** w. quasi, ut eodem loco res sit quasi ea pecunia legata non esset, Cic. leg. 2, 53; sensu amisso sit idem quasi natus non esset omnino, am. 14; **13.** in Livy and later authors w. cum, Numidae atque in eadem mecum Africa genti, Tac. ag. 10, 12, 15; hunc eodem mecum patre genitum, Liv. an. 15, 2; non idem sentio cum Casellio, Gell. 18, 11, 1; **14.** w. dat., unus Hominum Scripta potius eadem abis copius quietest, Lucr. 3, 1038; add 2, 919; 4, 1174; Inuitum qui seruat idem tacit occidit, Hor. A. P. 407; Vir tuus est epulas nobis adiuturus eisdem, Ov. a. a. 1, 4, 1; cf. the dat. in: *τὸ αὐτὸ ἔστιν ἐπὶ τοῖς ἀνθρώποις*, Herod. 4, 119; *ὁ αὐτὸς τῆς ἀφ᾽ αὐτοῦ*, Plat. Enth. 298 A; **15.** often strengthened by unus, nec diutius esse uno et eodem statu, Cic. orat. 10; quibus hoc praecipuum videtur unum et idem quod reliquum sit..., Cat. 2, 19; Vna eisdemque uia sanguis animusque secuntur, Verg. 10, 487; Vno eodemque tulit partu, 12, 847; **16.** abl. eadem abs., opera underst. (cf. una) by the same labour, and so at the same time, hic te operari, eadem\* illi insidias dabo, Pl. Mil. 2, 3, 32; Eadem\* exorabo Crisula causa mea Pater ne noceat, Bac. 3, 4, 26; add Capt. 2, 2, 43; **17.** or hora nuda, at the same time, Interibi attulerint exsta atque eadem mulieres iam ab re diuina credo apparebunt domi, Poen. 3, 3; Eadem\* biberis, eadem\* dederit tibi ubi biberis satium, Bac. 1, 1, 15; add Ps. 1, 3, 99; 4, 2, 49; Men. 2, 3, 74; Merc. 4, 4, 62; **18.** uia understood, by the same road, per medium aenem peruenit; unde quum eadem recurri posset..., Liv. 3, 70, 4; per medius hostium stationes in Quirinali colle peruenit..., eadem reuertens..., Liv. 5, 40, 3; **19.** idem with gen., si idem nos iuris habuerimus quod ceteri, Cic. Balb. 29; tibi idem consili di quoque militem ipsi, fam. 9, 2, 2; **20.** in nom. s. m. old forms are eisdem, as: (locum) eisdemque probauit, CHL 576; inponito eisdem tores elatratas, 577, 2, 9; add vv. 11 and 13; and eadem, as eadem praetor in Sicilia fugitibus conuassens eisdemque primis..., 551; **21.** in nom. pl. m. old forms are eisdem, as: eisdem fondices unius rei in perpetuum sient, 198, 27; faciendum curare..., (eisdemque probare, 1102; isdem, as: fecerunt is(demque) probauit, 1270; and eadem, as: eadem iocurto per locum, 197; eisdemque co(m)stules praecorum legunt, 202, 1, 11; add vv. 16, 20, 24, 28; **22.** as abl. pl. eisdem, 204, 2, 20; isdemque dictus, 206, 3; **23.** hidem and hisdem seem to occur in MSS; cf. is, ea, id; **24.** with m for n before q in an old form, faciunda coerauit idemque probauit, 1341; cf. eundemete, for eundem; **25.** the forms eadem etc., often dissyl. cf. mark 1; and adl.; Vncuent, eadem dispensas in sole seroerunt, Lucr. 1, 309; Eosdem habuit secum quibus est elata capillos, Eosdem oculos, Prop. 5 (4), 7, 7; Hoc eodem ferro, 2, 9 (8), 10; nor was the e = y, cf. Verg. in § 15 and Pl. § 1 and 17; **26.** for qty of idem neut. cf. f; idem n. m. s. is for isdem; cf. Hor. in § 2, and old forms eisdem and eadem of § 20.

**Identidem**, adv. [idem et idem; so Prisc. 945 P; 1, 580 K; for n cf. eundem, and idemque in Id § 24], again and again, repeatedly, incessantly, Cogitato identidem tibi quam fidelis fuerim, Pl. Mil. 4, 8, 53; Circumspiciendum te nequis adit arbitri Nobis et quaeso identidem circumspecte, Trin. 1, 2, 110; add Bac. 3, 3, 75; Men. 1, 2, 51; Truc. 4, 2, 25; Scindens dolore identidem intonsum comam, Att. 674 R; recitabat identidem Pompei testimonium, Cic. Rab. Post. 34; illud identidem monere ut caueret, Rose. Am. 110; cum se illi identidem in silvas ad suos recipere, Caes. b. g. 2, 19, 5; Nullum amans nre sed identidem omnium illa rumpens, Catul. 11, 19; qui seident aduersus identidem to Spectat et audit, 51 a. 3; quum identidem Galli famem obsecant, Liv. 5, 48, 4; add 8, 28, 31, 9, 33, 6; 40, 50, 9; epistulas tuas identidem in manus quasi nouas

sumo, Plin. ep. 6, 7, 2; add 1, 13, 4; 3, 9, 27; 5, 6, 42.

**Idē6**, adv. [id of is ea id; o suffix of motion to as in citro, auro etc.; v what? cf. idcirco], for this purpose, with a view to this, an idēo aliquod contra mulieres fecit ne totum edictum ad Chelidones arbitrium scriptum videretur? Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 106; idēo C. Claudius Pulcher rettulit ut C. Verres posset auferre, 2, 4, 7; add inu. 2, 70; quas (sc. alios) idēo inuitum medias facere angustissimas ut figuram imitetur carum (sc. apium), Varr. r. 3, 16, 15; add 1, 5, 16; idēo decennius conubium diremisse ne auspicia turbarent, Liv. 4, 6, 2; add Tac. h. 4, 73; Quint. 4, 1, 33; 4, 2, 128; **2.** for this reason, hoc idēo fit quia Quae nihil attingunt ad rem nec sunt usui Eia amator profert, Pl. Merc. 1, 1, 31; Iuuentus nomen fecit Peniculo mihi Idēo quia mensum quando elo dētereo, Men. 1, 1, 1; add Most. 4, 3, 34; Merc. 3, 1, 49; idēo quia..., Ter. Hee. 2, 1, 21; uidete igitur quam inique accidit, quia res indigna sit, idēo turpem extimationem sequi; quia turpis existimatio sequatur, idēo rem indignam non iudicari, Cic. Caeclm. 8; hunc quae-storem fugebant, idēo quod non propensum ad misericordiam iudicabat, Rose. Am. 85; nasticum idēo dici quod nasum torqueat, Varr. s. 187, 9 R; Quod si forte idēo magis immortalis habendat Quod..., Lucr. 3, 819; nec cellis idēo contendit Falernis, Verg. G. 2, 96; Ae ne me foliis idēo breuioribus ornes Quod..., Hor. ep. 1, 19, 26; **3.** esp. w. si, non si causa iusta est oppugnandi M. Caelium, idēo causam esse instam alieno dolori consulendi, Cic. Cael. 21; nec si his tanto ampliori fundum colas, idēo duo uillici habendi fuerit, Varr. r. r. 1, 18, 3; add Quint. 2, 17, 24.

**Idēn-ens**, adj. [idēo, itself perb. for idēo], fitting, suitable, Video hercle ego te me arbitri Encio hominem idoneum\* Quem senecta aetate ludos facias, Pl. Aul. 2, 2, 74; Andin? uidetur obscuro hercle idoneus\* Danaista qui sit? Most. 3, 1, 94; tot quidem Non potuisti adducere homines magis ad hanc rem idoneos\*? Pam. 3, 2, 6; itane tantum idoneus\* Tibi uide-or esse quem tuam aperte fallere incipias dolis? Ter. Andr. 3, 1, 12; Quod illa atque magis ad hanc utenda idoneat\*? Hant. 1, 1, 81; Non usquequaque idoneum\* inuenias locum Vbi derепente cum uelis facias lutum, Afr. 108 R; instruar consilis idoneis\* ad hoc nostrum negotium, Cic. Att. 5, 6, 1; idē enim ratio mensque sapientis ad inbendum et ad deterrendum idoneat, leg. 2, 8; add Clu. 17; utrum ille idoneus\* non est qui impetret? Manil. 57; et rem idoneam\* de qua quacuratur et homines dignos quibuscumque dissereat putant, acad. pr. 18; eius Falernum mihi semper idoneum\* usum est deuersorio, fam. 6, 19, 1; loco ad aciem instruendam natura opportuno atque idoneo\*, Caes. b. g. 2, 8, 3; idoneum tempus ratio studiis obsequendi suis, Nep. Att. 2, 2; Litterulis Graecis imbutus, idoneus\* arti Quilibet, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 7; Vixi puellis mihi idoneus\*, od. 3, 26, 1; uter ad agendum magis idoneus\* uenerit, Quint. 11, 1, 20; materias in hoc idoneas\* ut controuersias...fingerent, 6, 3, 15; idoneus\* rhetori pueros putant, 2, 3, 1; alius historiae magis idoneus\*, 2, 8, 7; in nullam spem idoneat, Sen. cont. 5, 33 med.; **2.** even with inf. in poetry, Fons etiam riuo dare nomen idoneus ut nec..., Hor. ep. 1, 16, 12; but not od. 4, 1, 12; **3.** absol. sufficient, trustworthy, safe, sound, first as witness or authority, cuius eloquentia est auctor, et idoneus quidem mea sententia, Q. Ennius, Cic. Brut. 57; Idoneus habeo auctores ita responsum ab senatu esse, Liv. 8, 4, 1; **4.** esp. as to money and in legal use, si ab idoneo debitore ad inopem transuerter obligationem, Gai. dig. 4, 4, 27, 3; euratores minus idonei, Ulp. dig. 27, 8, 1, 5; tutorem idē, ib. 11 and 12; add Mart. 26, 1, 4, 9; cum quingentos denarios enidam promississet mutuos et illum parum idoneum comperisset, Sen. ben. 4, 39, 1; **5.** even of things, paries, Paul. 39, 2, 36; nauius, Ulp. 19, 2, 13, 1; pignora, 22, 1, 33 f.; **6.** abs. as sb. m. a suitable or trustworthy person, in deligendis idoneis, Cic. off. 2, 62; de praesidio expellendo cum idoneis collocatus, Liv. 34, 25, 7; per idoneos et secreti eius consocios crebrescit uiuere Agrippam, Tac. an. 2, 39;

7. in constr. with rel. or adv. \*; with ad or in +; with dat. †; for inf. see § 2.

**Iduarius**, (idus), a cognomen. L. Faenius I., inser. Donat. 401, 3; Iduarium in a spur. inser. 3053\* Or.

**Idūlis**, *es*, adj. [idus] of the ides, idūlis ovis, sunt qui aestimant idus ab one idūli dictas, quam hoc nomine uocant Tusci, et omnibus idibus Ioui immolatur, Maer. s. 1, 15, 16; add Festus v. Idūlis, p. 104, 17.

**Iduo**, iduare Trumina lingua diuideret, Maer. s. 1, 15, 17.

**Idūs**, (idues\*), umi, f. pl. [a Tuscan word, perh. an adj. meaning full, sc. lunae; cf. kalendae, nonae, nundinae], the middle of the month, viz. 15th of March, May, July, October, the 13th of the rest, *ἡμερῶν τὰς ἑίδους καλοῦντες*, Plut. q. R. 24; add Maer. s. 1, 15, 15; sequis inuinculis obcas res est eos omnis soluci uolent oportere ante eidus\* Sextilis primas, CIL 109, 44; ante eidus Martias primas, 200, 17; eidū(us)\* Decembris), 199, 4; domi (hic addit T H K) Si kalendis continuatur, idibus cenant foris, Pomp. 85 R; me idus Martiae non delectant, Cic. Att. 15, 4, 3; add 15, 22, 2; dius accipi posttride idus, 15, 17, 1; res ante idus acta sic est, nam haec idibus mane scripsi, fam. 1, 1, 3; eam cogitabam v idus uidetur, Att. 14, 19, 6; haec senatusconsulta perscribitur a. d. vii id. Ian., Caes. b. c. 1, 4, 4; idus tibi sunt agenda; Qui dies mensem Veneris marinae Findit Aprilem, Hor. od. 4, 11, 14; postero idum Ianuariarum, Tac. h. 1, 26; idum Septembrium dies, an. 2, 32; 2. ides sacred to Iuppiter, Idibus alba Ioui grandior agna edit, Ov. P. 1, 56; see idūlis;

3. interest etc. paid this day and calends, diem pecuniae id. Nouemb. esse, Cic. Att. 10, 5, 3; iam uel si habeat munus, modo numeret idibus, 14, 20, 2; praetermittit ruinas fortunarum tuarum quas impendere tibi proximis idibus senties, Cat. 1, 14; Omnem redigiti idibus pecuniam, Quae rit Kalendis ponere, Hor. epod. 2 f.; referentis idibus aera (of school fees), s. 1, 6, 75; 4. for foolish expressions, see Maer. s. 1, 15, 13 ff. and Laur. Lyl. 3, 7; cf. idūlis.

**īcūr**, ōris, īcēmōris (Char. 34 P. 48, 20 K), īcēinus, ōris or ōrist (īb.), n. [see below], liver, Pulmones distrahuntur, cruciatur icur, Pl. Cure. 2, 1, 22; ex intestinis secretus a reliquo cibo sicutis is quo alimur perminat ad icur per quasdam a medio intestino usque ad portas icoris ductas uias quae pertinent ad icur eque adhaerent, Cic. N. D. 2, 137; cerebrum cor pulmones icur, 1, 99; icorum fissis, diu. 1, 118; caput icorus, 2, 32; tum icore opimo farta et satiata adfatit, Tusc. 2, 24; caput icocineris\*, Liv. 8, 9, 1; libato icocinere\*, 25, 16, 3; si in icocinere† uonien est, Cels. 2, 8; icur intrinsecus cauum extrinsecus gibberum est, 4, 1; (febris) in icocinorist dolore succurrit, 2, 8; ex icocinoret, īb.; inflammatio icocinoris†, īb.;

2. liver of the goose and sow, an epicure's dish, Anseris ante ipsum magni icur, Iuv. 5, 114; Aspicque quam tument magno icur miscere maius, Mart. 13, 58; adhibetur et ars icori femininarum (summi) sicut anserum, inuentum M. Apici, Plin. 8, 209; 3. as seat of intellect, Plusque ex alieno icore sapient quam ex suo, Iacuv. 54 R; Mirum sumus unicum magistrum... En cor Zenodoti, en icur Cratetis, Bibac, ap. Suet. gram. 11 f.; so libra in Pers. 1, 47;

4. as seat of passions, sed si intus et in icore aegro Nascantur domini, Pers. 5, 129; 5. esp. love, Cum tibi flagrans amor et libido... Saeniet circa icure uelocissum, Hor. od. 1, 25, 15; Non ancilla tum icur ucleret ulla, ep. 1, 18, 72; sed icur foris horridum flectam merendo, Sen. Here. Oet. 577; uoluptas et concupiscentia consistit in icore, Hier. ep. 64; 6. or rage, cf. our use of bile, uae meum Fereus difficili bile tumet icur, Hor. od. 1, 13, 4; Quid referam quanta sicem icur ardent iara, Iuv. 1, 45; rabie icur incendente, 6, 648;

7. icur = ἦπαρ = Skr. yakr of yakrit, and yakn of gen. yakn-as (cf. Skr. sakr-it and sakan- = ster of Lat. sterens, spur of spuritus, σπυρ of σκυρ); also icur, like ἦπαρ = E. liver, G. leber (cf. iuna- and iube-); and so perh. for fel-ec-ur, and akin to fel, wh. see.

**īgītūr**, adv. [see below] first of time, then, si in ius nocat, ito. Ni it antestamini; igitur em capito, tab. xir 1, 1; Quando habeo, igitur rationem mearum fabricarum

dabo, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 177; Mox magis cum otium et mihi erit et tibi, igitur tecum loquar, Caes. 2, 2, 39; so: igitur apud antiquos ponebatur pro inde et postea et tum, Paul. ex P. v. igitur, 105; 2. often strengthened as by tum, denum, post, ubi emittuntur stipendium, Igitur tum specimen emittitur quo cunctis aedificatio, Pl. Most. 1, 2, 51; miserum est opus Igitur denum fodere putum ubi sitis facis tenet, 2, 1, 33; Igitur (so B) igitur C) tum accedam huc (so A, hunc B), quando quid agam inuenio, 3, 1, 150; Denum igitur quoniam sis iam senex in otium Te conloces, Merc. 3, 2, 9; Iam ubi liber ero, igitur denum instrum agrum, Rud. 4, 2, 25; Post igitur denum faciam ut res fiat palam, Amph. 3, 16;

3. after si, in that case, then, sin aliter sicut animati neque dent quae petat, Sese igitur summa in iurisque eorum oppidum opugnassere, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 55; see also § 6, ex. 1; 4. hence gen. in inferences or questions suggested, in that case, that being so, then, Quis erus est igitur tibi? Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 206; Sequere haec me igitur, 2, 1, 81; igitur hocne est amare? Merc. 2, 3, 21; Quor simulas igitur? Ter. And. 1, 1, 21; habes igitur contentem reum, Cic. Lig. 2; hinc homini pareatis igitur\* iudices? Verr. 2, 1, 81; ille mihi uidetur igitur\* uere arguari, diu. 1, 27; hi autem non sunt: ne Nymphae quidem deae igitur? N. D. 3, 43; igitur neque stultorum quidem beatus neque... fin. 1, 61; igitur ne esse quidem? Tusc. 1, 11; igitur primum illud munus fortunae quod... Nep. Att. 3, 3; Omnis ut est igitur per se natura duabus Constitit in rebus, Lucr. 1, 419; add 2, 678; igitur† pro metu repente gaudium exortum, Sal. Iug. 53, 8; igitur† praeparatis animis... Liv. 3, 8, 9; igitur† non patrum magis quam plebis studiis... 2, 48, 1; Quali igitur metu sapiens utitur? Hor. s. 2, 2, 63;

5. in resuming after a digression or parenthesis, sed, illud placet igitur... Cic. Tusc. 1, 7; uidesne igitur...? 2, 53; si igitur non poterit... od. 1, 121; perspicuum est igitur... or. 2, 342; ut igitur ante merilium... 3, 17; igitur† his genus actas eloquentia aequalia fuere, Sal. Cat. 54, 1; igitur† in eo colle... Iug. 49, 1; add 64, 1;

6. in Plautus this igitur too is often strengthened by tum, then, in this case, following si expressed or understood, Si istuc conare ut facis iudicium tuum incendes genus; Tum igitur tibi aquae erit cupido genus qui restringas tuum, Trin. 3, 2, 50; Tum igitur ego derumcinatus delectatus sum mi-er, Capt. 3, 4, 108; Tum tu mi igitur erus es, 4, 2, 77; add A. 1, 1, 94; 3, 1, 36; Ps. 2, 4, 25; St. 2, 2, 39; Most. 1, 3, 104;

7. perh. was once used of place, from this place, as in, lamdiast factum quom discisti al ergo atque abisti ad forum Igitur, inueniundo accendo ut fingeris fallaciam, Pl. As. 2, 1, 4; 8. igitur of inference gen. comes after a word or two, or even after several, see 7; yet at times first, many examples of wh. are here collected, scet;

9. like inde and ex hoc of pronom. origin; perh. an old gen. for igit-us; git=cit 'this' in ceterior etc.; and note that pron. forms often have an initial vowel, prob. belonging to root, as equus eho, like the cognate ecce, ecce, oculis.

**ignāūo**, āre, vb. (ignanos adj.) make cowardly, Faten sed saepe ignauitatis (so L. Müller, Rh. M. 24, 239; as-ignabat) fortem in spe expectatio, Att. Aen. 9 R, p. 237;

**ignōmīnia**, (old form ignn.)\* ae, f. [impl. an adj. ignominis, like cognominis, for in-gnominis, of bad name; in bad, gnomien old form of nomen], a bad name, disgrace, ignominy, Delleis maculam atque ignominiam imponere, Lucil. ap. Non. 24; omnia nitae ornamenta per summum dedecus et ignominiam deripi, Cic. Quinct. 64; add Verr. 2, 3, 226; Rab. perd. 27; ignominis affici, Tusc. 4, 45; ut aut cum honore aliquo aut certe sine ignominia domum reuertantur, Caes. b. c. 1, 85, 10; add 3, 101, 6; b. g. 7, 17, 5 and 6; 2. esp. of the quasi-judicial sentence of disgrace from a censor, censoris iudicium nihil fore damnato afort nisi ruborem. Itaque quia omnis ad iudicatio uersatur tantummodo in nomine, animaduersione illa ignominia dicta est, Cic. rep. ap. Non. 24; add Clu. 130 and in: in quas (sc. urbanas tribus) transferri ignominia esset, Plin. 18, 13; 3. as involving legal disabilities, ordine

moti ex crimine quod ignominiam importat, Pap. dig. 5, 2, 5;

4. of military disgrace, ignominia notandos eos si qui militiam superfuissent, Cic. Phil. 7, 23; mille milites...prope cum ignominia dimissi, Liv. 3, 54; quonia apud exercitum ignominia\* caussa ordo ademptus est erit, quoniam imperator ignominia\* caussa ab exercitu decedere iussit inserit, CIL 206, 120; ignominiae dolore victor insolens...se victum non potuit pati, post. ap. Cic. Scaur. § 3 p. 75 Peyr.; and met. of a defeated bull, Malta gemens ignominiam plagasque superbi Victoris, Verg. G. 3, 226;

5. but in Ter. Ad. 2, 3, 9 read: Quin omnia (so Don., al. c.) qui ignominiam sibi (pron. si) post putavit esse prae meo commodo...

**ignosco**, ēre, ōui, ōtus, vb. [for in-gnosco, in=ava of reversal of meaning] lit. un-know so to say, i.e. forget; hence—forgive with acc. of offence, dat. of person, ut eis delicta ignoscas, Pl. Bae. 5, 2, 67; Velatis manibus orant ignoscamus peccatum sum, Amph. 1, 1, 101; quod eorum nemo quisquam quicquam mihi ignoturus est, Cato orig. ap. Prisc. 1, 510, 22 K; esse in hac re culpam meritum non nego, Sed eam quin sit ignoscenda... Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 26; Scilicet equidem istae factum ignoscam, Hant. 4, 1, 34; Tumist signum praeter spem euenit mihi ignoscere, And. 4, 1, 54; ignosco tibi, Eun. 5, 2, 40; tu huic, ignosce, Att. 21 R; noxias, Terpil. 120 I; huc ignoscent di immortales nescio et populo Romano et huic ordini, Cic. Phil. 1, 13; mihi quates ignoscite si..., agr. 2, 49; ignotum alteri quod patrem, alteri quod tutorem secutus esset, ap. Prisc. 1, 510, 20 K; Ignoscenda quidem scilicet si ignoscere Manes, Verg. G. 4, 499; add Lucan. 2, 93; 2. ignosco mihi, forgive myself, allow myself liberties, familiare est hominibus omnia sibi ignoscere, nihil aliis remittere, Vell. 2, 30, 3; semper erit propter quod nobis ignoscamus, Quint. 10, 3, 29; add 11, 2, 45; 3. impers. pass. Nam iam acetate ea sum ut non sit peccatum mihi ignosci aequum, Ter. Hee. 5, 1, 10; add Ad. 3, 4, 28; petisse ut sibi ignosceretur, Cic. Ver. 2, 4, 140; add Att. 11, 14, 1; mihi profecto poterit ignosci, si..., Quint. 4, pr. 5; add S. 6, 75 and Suet. Aug. 33;

4. with dat. of offence...as if personified, inscitiae meae et stultitiae ignoscas, Pl. Mil. 2, 6, 62; Ora ut ignoscat delictis huius (so Ritschl; mss tuis) actus adulescentiae, Merc. 5, 4, 37; ignoscas nefas huius festinationi meae, fam. 5, 12, 1; et qui ignoscas uitis tencor, Hor. s. 1, 4, 131; huic delicto ignoscere, Quint. 7, 4, 20; 5. ignosciturus for ignoturus, quodcumque deliquisset ignosciturum affirmabat, Pis. Frag. ap. Prisc. 1, 511, 1; 6. ignosset for ignosset, Sil. 8, 619; 7. ignoscens, part. as adj., of a forgiving habit, Quando tunc est animus natu grauior, ignoscent, Ter. Haut. 4, 1, 32; 8. cf. an-kouina forget, from kouina know, Breton; and an-athuin I forget, from athuin I know, Ir.

**illā**, adv. (sc. nia) by or along yonder road, by that road, common in Tac., illa rupturas, an. 1, 17; ne peruium illa Germanice exercitibus esset, h. 3, 8; add 5, 18; G. 34; but in Pl. Mil. 2, 3, 17 read illi.

**illā**, adv. (illā+ce) by or along yonder road, by that road, illam per hortum transit, Pl. As. 3, 3, 152; 2. Hae an illae eam incerta (sua) consili, Pl. Rud. 1, 3, 30; Hae illae circummurae; inueniuntur est tamen, Argentum, Ter. Haut. 3, 2, 1; Plenus iuniorum sum, hae atque illae perfuio, Eun. 1, 1, 25; at certe eam patet, ibidem illae, Ov. M. 8, 186; 3. illae facere (?), act on that side, side with that party, omnes ignominia affectos illae facere, Cic. Att. 7, 3, 5 (al. illae, but illine ?).

**illū**, ā, ūd, pron. demonstr. adj. [see below] yon, yonder, that (asked by the finger pointing to an object distant alike from speaker and person spoken to, and so often opposed to he and iste, to ego and tu); ita ille faxit Iuppiter, yon Iuppiter above there, Pl. Most. 2, 1, 51; so Amph. 1, 1, 305; Cure. 1, 1, 27; Equis est qui mihi communest Phaedro-mum genium meum?...Te ille quaerit, 2, 3, 24; huic illi demit, tolle hanc putatam; ...Aufer illam offam porcina,

Mil. 3, 1, 164; quis illae est quae lugubri Saccinast stola? Enn. tr. 133 R; Sicū? nunc atque illam (pointing to Glycerium's window) opera tua nunc miseros solliciti? Ter. Andr. 4, 2, 6; Sed quis illie est quem video procul? And. 3, 3, 84; illum incolunt locum quem uides, Cic. rep. 6, 16; Vos Quirites uenerati fouem illum (pointing to his statue on the Capitol) custodem huius urbis in tertia tecta discedite, Cat. 3, 1; sic Iuppiter ille monbat (cf. Pl. above), Verg. 7, 110; Quis procul ille antem ramis insignis oliuae? 6, 809; add 827 and 864; Nunc dextra ingemans iectus, nunc ille (look, look) sinistra, 5, 457; uidetur ut A. Corneli eacumen illud supra hostem? Liv. 7, 34, 4; 2. referring to what is distant, though not invisible, H. Quid me patrem par faceret quod illest unicus? E. Ego alienus? Alienus ille? Ah Hegio...Tibi ille unicus, mihi unicus magis unicast, Pl. Capt. 1, 2, 44; Si ille huc rebit, sicut confido adfore, 3, 5, 38; Ille (my brother there) suam semper equi nitam in otio in committit, Ter. Ad. 5, 4, 9; ab illis est periculum si peccaro; ab hoc si recte fecero, Cic. Att. 10, 8, 5; illum (Caesarem) ab Alexandria discessisse nemo nuntiat, 11, 17, 3; in ea pronuncia quo animo C. Muracnam fratrem suum aspiciet? Qui huius dolor, qui illius maior erit? Mur. 89;

3. referring, like hic, to words; when commonly ille refers to what is further off, the former, hic to the nearest, the latter, melius de quibusdam acerbos inimicos mereri quam eos amicos qui dulces uideantur; illos uerum saepe dicere, hos nunquam, Cic. am. 90; cum sint duo genera decertandi, unum per disceptationem, alterum per uim; cumque illud proprium sit hominis, huc beluinarum... off. 1, 34; but see § 14; 4. a new subject is often denoted by ille at the beginning of a sentence, the other, flagitare senatus institit Cornutum ut referret statim de tuis litteris; ille se considerare uelle, Cic. fam. 10, 16, 1; Vincingetorix... obuiam Caesaris proficiscitur, ille (i.e. Caesar)... Caes. b. g. 7, 12, 2; add 3, 21, 3; 26, 2; 4, 15, 5; 7, 27, 3; b. c. 1, 59, 2; Hic uasto Aeolus autro Lucantius uentos... Imperio premit ac uincit et carcere frenat; Illi (they so imprisoned) indignantes... Verg. 1, 51; Dixerat et dextra discedens impulit altum Haud ingratum modum puppim, fugit illa per undas Ocei et..., 10, 247; add 3, 447 and 612; 4, 688; 5, 169 and 394, 512; 7, 340 and 580; 9, 219; praetoribus imperat uti... illi homines militares, scienti praepotum erat, pontem obsident, Sal. Cat. 45, 2; add 59, 5; Ing. 65, 5; 102, 3; Vigne ferat domine gestu rogat; illa rogata, Pertulit ad Frogen (wh. Merkel writes rogat illa, rogata, male), Ov. M. 6, 579; Rēcere ex humeris nestem molibar, at illa Pluma erat, 2, 582; add 1, 483, 488, 646, 685;

5. ille often introduces something about to be mentioned, in opp. to that just mentioned, this, one thing...and that is this, horum ego sermone non mouebat...illud, uere dicam, me mouet, in tanta militum pancitate abesse tres cohortes, Cic. fam. 3, 6, 5; illud tibi promitto quidquid erit a te factum, ille senatum...comprobaturum, 10, 16 f.; multoque magis illud timeo, ne..., Cat. 2, 15; quid si illud etiam addimus, nihil esse quod..., am. 50; unum illud dico, si..., Quint. 70; 6. esp. in correction of what has been said by stating what was meant, specta quam arte dormiunt. Dormiunt? Illud quidem 'ut conuenit' uolui dicere, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 145; sorbet dormiens, Quid, sorbet? Illud 'steriti' uolui dicere, Mil. 3, 2, 7; add 1, 1, 27; Cas. 3, 5, 39; Rud. 2, 4, 9; 7. often expresses distance in time, past or future, first of past time, that was, Sed Primum hic multo illi praestat, non quinquaginta modo Quadringentos (pron. Carig.) filios habet, Pl. Bae. 4, 9, 49; Vti illa (tua) paulo ante sapiens uirginalis (uigilis?) modesta? Enn. tr. 77 V; Quantis cum uerumis illum exaudauit diem? 127; quid? Ille ubi est Milesius? that Milesian you were speaking of, Ter. Ad. 4, 5, 68; ubi equites Romani illi, illi inquit tui? Cic. Mil. 94; en illa illa quam snepe optastis libertas, Sal. Cat. 20, 14; ubi nullus ille et tunc maiestas uiri? Sen. Phaedr. 923; ille tantus psycholites qui calendis Ianuarii euripum saluabam, ep. 83, 5; Hei mihi qualis erat! Quantum mutatus ab illo Hectore, qui redit exuius indutus Achilli! Verg. 2, 274; Aurea quae perhibent illo sub rege fere Saecula, S. 324; Hae est ex illo forma relict. Remo, Ov. F. 5, 464; 8. even with ego, ille ego qui



quoniam lam... Verg. (?) ante Aen.: ille ego liber Ille ferox tacui, Ov. M. 1, 757; ille ego (4 times), Pont. 4, 3, 11—16; 9, and tu, Tu Maximus ille es Vnus qui... Verg. 6, 846; Ille igitur tantorum victor Achille Vincereis a timido Graiae raptore maritae, Ov. M. 12, 608; silvarum incolae Ille efferae castus intactus rudis sibi te reseruas? Sen. Phaedr. 931; add Val. F. 2, 486; Stat. silv. 2, 4, 9.

10. esp. of the dead, the departed, tantum valeat (Rhodine) quantum ille mortuus qui istis sepultus est, CIL 518, 1, 12; L. Sulpicius Q. f. Q. n. Col. hic situs est ille probatus iudiciis multis cognatis atque propinquis, 1480; Quae illius fuerunt possidet, Ter. Andr. 4, 5, 15; 11. esp. of distinguished persons of the past, of older time, of yore, Sequar diuinum illum virum quem saepius fortasse laudo quam necesse est. Platonem nidelicet diligis, Cic. leg. 3, 1; senes illos L. Paullum, M. Catonem, C. Gallum, am. 101; ut ex eodem Ponto Medea illa quondam profugisse dicitur, Man. 22; magno illi Alexandro, Vell. 2, 41, 1; 12. and sayings, Verum illud nerbumt vulgo quod dici solet Omnis sibi esse melius malle quam alteri, Ter. Andr. 2, 5, 15; honestum illud Solonis, Cic. sen. 50; 13. also of an extreme state of things such as writers of fiction are fond of supposing, Nunc illud est quoniam me fuisse quam esse nimio maculam, Pl. Capt. 3, 3, 1; Nunc illud est quoniam si omnia omnes (so plerique cold, says Bentl., not omnes omnia) sua consilia conferant, Atque huic malo salutem quaerant, auxilii nil adferant, Ter. Ad. 3, 2, 1; 14. hic and ille are at times united to connect something present with something past, attat hoc illud est; Hinc illae lacrimae, haec illas misericordia, this explains that business, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 98; Hunc illum fatis externa ab sede profectum Portendi geramus, Verg. 7, 255; hunc illum poscere fata, this is the man whom the fates long ago called for, 272; 15. of future time, Hic domus Aeneae cunctis dominabitur oris Et nati natorum et qui nascentur ab illis, Verg. 3, 68; 16. although in the use of hic ille referring to preceding words, ille commonly points to the former, yet at times it does so to the latter, esp. if this be more distant in place or time, melior tutiorque est certa pax quam sperata victoria; haec (sc. pax) in tua, illa in decorum manu est, Liv. 30, 39, 19; (Syrinx) credi posset Latonia si non Corneus huic (as an ethym.) aureus, si non foret aureus illi (the goddess in heaven), Ov. M. 1, 607; Quoniamque aspicio nihil est nisi potius et aer, Fluctibus hic tunibus, nubibus ille minax, tr. 1, 1, 24; hanc posteriorem (artem) et Stoiici et Peripatetici, priorem autem illi (sc. Per. as more distant in time) egregie tradiderunt, hi omnino ne tetigerunt quidem, Cic. fin. 4, 10; 17. also without this excuse, Quid est quod negligenter scribamus aduersaria (journal)? Quid est quod diligenter conficiamus tabulas (ledger)? Quia haec (the journal) sunt menstria, illae sunt aeternae, Cic. Rose. com. 7; esp. in Quint., as: causa omnis aut unius rei controversia constat aut plurimum; haec simplex dicitur, illa coniuncta, 3, 10, 1; add 6, 2, 9 and 21; 11, 3, 30 and 41; 12, 10, 16; 18. ille may be used in succession of different objects, the finger changing its direction, Quia enim in illis fructus est in illis opera luditur (said not to be in Bemb. ms. but so Don.), Ter. Ph. 2, 2, 18; credo quaesisse num ille aut ille defensurus esset, de me ne suspicatum quidem esse, Cic. Rose. Am. 50; quid ad te De eute quid faciant ille uel ille sua? Mart. 7, 10, 2; commendo nobis illum et illum, Suet. Caes. 41; 19. ille in oblique or.—hic of direct, Reperti sunt... quae, illa ipsa nocte me interfecturos pollicerentur, Cic. Cat. 1, 9; illum diem omnis victorias confirmaturum, Sal. Jug. 49, 3; ab incendio Capitolio illum esse uicissimum annum quem... Cat. 47, 2; 20. also in obl. orat. for tu or nos of direct, illum (sc. Ariouistum) liberalitate sua (sc. Caesaris) ac praemia consecutum, Caes. b. g. 1, 43, 5; heque illis castra esse neque munimentum ullum quo cedentes tenderent, Sal. Jug. 51, 4; add 56, 4 (bis); 21. ille though referring to a preced. sb. takes its gender from the predicative sb., quod mi ita fuisse, alterum illud (for ille) existisset lumen ciuitatis, Cic. sen. 35; 22. for a redundant ille before quidem, see quidem; 23. ex illo, in poets, from that time, Ex illo fluere ac retro sublapsa referri spes Danaum,

Verg. 2, 169; et solis ex illo uiuit in antris, Ov. M. 3, 394; Scilicet ex illo Iunonia permanet ira, her. 14, 85; add Prop. 3, 24f.; 24. old forms in ol- or ill-: nom. masc., ollo pro dato datus est, ap. Varr. 7, 3, p. 328 Sp.; nom. fem., olla centuria, ib.; 25. old dat. Olli respondit rex Albi Longi, Enn. ann. 34 V; Olli respondit suauis suavis Egeria, 122; Olli subridens hominum sator atque decorum, Verg. 1, 254; add 4, 105; 6, 321; 10, 745; and perh. Afr. 67 R; 26. ollin, pl., Olli cerebant magnis de rebus agentes, Enn. ann. 544 V; Olli crateris ex auratis hauserunt, 604; add Verg. 8, 94; 8, 504; 27. gen. pl., praesent(-d) dictatore olorum in alto maris, CIL 105, 10; 28. d. pl., olleis hominibus eam pecuniam capere licito, CIL 202, 1, 5; ollis, Verg. 8, 650; puerilis Ollis uultus erat, poet. ap. Arnob. 5, 26; 29. ab. pl., olleis legibus, CIL 603, 3; ab olleis dicebant pro ab illis, antiqui enim litteram non geminabant, Paul. ex F. 19, 3; 30. old forms in ill-, g. coquis illi molli esse uidet? Cato orat. 59, 5 I (but illius, 48, 15); 31. d. f., patronus emit sibi et illae et suis in f. p. xiv in ag. p. xiii, CIL 1429; 32. n. pl., Quid illis homines quaerunt apud aedis meas? Pl. Most. 4, 2, 24; Perii, illis hodie hanc contumabunt fabulam, 2, 2, 78; Illa libertate ille me, hic me decaunt stola, CIL 1104, 5; 33. ab. pl., illeis regionibus, CIL 603, 3; 34. illine with one c, Pl. Ps. 4, 1, 4 (ss ABC); 35. qty., illic n. m., Puer herclest. Mulier tu apostasisti hunc? Vbi illic est? Ter. Andr. 4, 4, 3; 36. qty., gen. illius as displ., Libertus illius quem omnes Summarum uocant, Pl. Cure. 3, 43; add Bac. 3, 3, 90; 4, 1, 39 and 49; (yet illius in Mlt. 2, 1, 33; 2, 6, 106; 4, 4, 36; 4, 7, 16; Bac. 2, 2, 10; 4, 8, 10; illius, Cure. 5, 3, 38; Trin. 1, 2, 126); Hoc te oro ut illis miseriae commiserescas obtrudimus, Thyr. 211 R; Troia est testis: quare ex aliis qui illius misertudine... Att. 185; add 201, and 597; 37. illius, hic illius arma, Hic currit fuit, Verg. 1, 16; Illius immensae ruperunt horrea messes, G. 1, 40; add B. 1, 7; 38. of course more commonly illius, Tu faciem illius noctem non amplius unam Falle dolo, Verg. 1, 683; 39. ille etc. often monos, in old drama, cf. It. il lo la, Fr. il elle le la, Sp. lo, and illorum=It. loro, Fr. leur; Adest en illae (=lae?) sunt aedes, i intro nuciam, Pl. Trin. pr. 3; Qui sis tam pulcer, Vell. illae quae heri pallio... Mlt. 1, 1, 59; add 2, 2, 107; 2, 3, 75; 4, 2, 57; 4, 6, 26; Inuitat tristis; mansit. Ibi illa enim illo sermonem ilico, Ter. Eun. 4, 1, 8; 4, 3, 25; 4, 4, 26; Hant. 1, 1, 23; Andr. 1, 4, 2; but in quod illud etc., the d. perh. elided, Pl. St. 1, 2, 80; Mlt. 2, 13; Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 2; Eun. 3, 1, 27; 5, 6, 14; see also Corsen, Ausspr. 2, 76—8; 40. ol of oli etc., the older form, is prob. for col. of. It. colui quello; and that for con or rather conui, =*exco* of *exco*us, and so akin to gnoseo (gon-oseo), E. vb. con, also to oculis, ecce, etc.; thus in origin, like ecce, an imper. of a vb. meaning look, see; cf. Verg. 5, 457 in § 1; 41. also one with E. yon, G. jener.

III or illic, adv. [dat. of ille with or without ee] in yon or yonder place, in that place there, yonder, there, first illi, Ego hic esse et illi (so Ba. al. illic) sinuit haec potui, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 105; iam ego illi (so BCD) con. Vide ne sis in expectatione, Mlt. 4, 6, 64; Potius quam illi\* (see in Ellis) ubi minime honestum mendicantem uinere, Capt. 2, 2, 73; add Amph. 1, 1, 261; 1, 3, 36; Capt. 2, 2, 80; Rud. 2, 6, 57; Interea dum sedemus illi\* (so Don.) interuenit... Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 41; Nam illi\* (so Don. ss illi) hant liebat nisi praefinito loqui, Hec. 1, 2, 19; add 2, 1, 20; 4, 2, 38; Domitium quendam nobilem illi (so Med.) Caesaris hospitem stragulauit, Cacl. ad Cic. fam. 8, 15, 2; 2. with a sb., sed dum in porta illi\* (in yonder harbour) anbulu, Pl. Merc. pr. 97; 3. note that illi is req. by metre in places marked \*; II 4. illic, yonder etc.,... Habitas? Qui di illos qui illic habitant perdiunt, Pl. Men. 2, 2, 34; Credo edepol illic inesse argenti et auri largitur, Rud. 4, 4, 144; add True. 1, 1, 7; Poen. 4, 2, 8; Men. pr. 68, in all of wh. illi would violate metre; faenus illic faenus hic, Most. 3, 1, 76; Prius (monos), nox oppressisset illic quam he reuerti posset iterum; Nunc ubi illic non uidebit... Ter. Ad. 4, 1, 9; Romanorum qui illic negotiarentur, Caes. b. c. 3, 102, 6; Nunc hic nunc illic superant uitulia rerum Et su-

20. also in obl. orat. for tu or nos of direct, illum (sc. Ariouistum) liberalitate sua (sc. Caesaris) ac praemia consecutum, Caes. b. g. 1, 43, 5; heque illis castra esse neque munimentum ullum quo cedentes tenderent, Sal. Jug. 51, 4; add 56, 4 (bis); 21. ille though referring to a preced. sb. takes its gender from the predicative sb., quod mi ita fuisse, alterum illud (for ille) existisset lumen ciuitatis, Cic. sen. 35; 22. for a redundant ille before quidem, see quidem; 23. ex illo, in poets, from that time, Ex illo fluere ac retro sublapsa referri spes Danaum,

perantur item, Lucr. 2, 575; non isto uinitur illic Quo tu rere modo, Hor. s. 1, 9, 48; 5.=in illo homine or in illa re, Ego illic me autem sic assumulabam quasi Stolidus sim, Pl. Epjd. 3, 3, 39; siquid peccat Demea Nil peccat; ego illi maxumam partem feram, Ter. Ad. 1, 2, 36; res publica et milite illic (sc. in illo bello) et pecunia uacat, Liv. 2, 48, 9; ciuile bellum a Vitellio coepit et ut de principatu certarems illic (illine?) fuit, Tac. h. 2, 47.

**illim\*** and **illine**, adv. [ille, see below] from yonder place, from there, Num istae mulier illic uenit (sc. ab Syriensis), quae te nonit tam cate? Pl. Men. 2, 3, 61; Et heus inbe illos illim\* (so Bothe, nss illine agst. metrc) amandaboscere, Most. 2, 2, 36; Ne ista stinalum longum habet quae usque illic cor pungit meum, Truc. 4, 3, 79; Quoniam litare non queo (so Gepp, nss nequeo), ab illim\* (so A. D. al. illine) illico, Poen. 2, 7; Inaus huc hinc illic (so R, nss illic line); cum illic uenitumst, ire illic lubet, Enn. tr. 258 V; Illine huc transferat uirgo, Ter. Ad. 4, 7, 13; ubi primum poterit se illic subducit scio, Eun. 4, 1, 14; Sarcolum hinc illo profectu's illic\* (so Giff, nss illum) rediistrutrum, Pomp. 90 R; post exercita L. Lucelli sollicitato... fugit illim\* (so Pb, illi Pa, illum E. G. illine M), Cie. har. r. 42; Illim\* (sc. ab Alexandria) omnes praestigiae, illim\* omnes fallaciae (matae sunt), Rab. Post. 35 (illim., illum G. al. illum., illine, illine, illine); 2. partitive, of them, Quos (sc. pisces) quom capio... mei sunt... Nec manu a se-runtur neque illic partem quisquam postulat, Pl. Rud. 4, 3, 34; 3. of persons, =ab illo (illa, illis), from the other (person, party), omnem se amorem abicissem illim\* (so Lamb., eodl. Gell. 6 (7), 11, 6; illi, al. illine) atque in hanc transudissem, Cie. Phil. 2, 77; cum eadem metum ab hac parte, si illic beneficium non sit... Att. 9, 7, 4; 4.=ab illa parte, on yon or the other side, Hinc stas, illim\* (so Ba C Da) causam dicis, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 48; 5. with a sb., Qui illim\* (so AV, P illine) sexennis perierim Carthagine, Pl. Poen. 5, 2, 27; from yonder Carthage; 6. hinc illic, from this quarter or that quarter, dum cognatus hinc illic neniret expectantem, Ter. Ad. 4, 5, 40; 7. later writers only illic; 8. illin of illic, prob. from a lost illine, like hinc-e from a lost lunde, cf. atride utrin-que; the c of illic for ee; for m of illim, cf. exim=exim.

**illo\*** and **illoct** or **illuc**, adv. [ille; illuc=illo+ce] to yonder place, thither, there, Eae nunc meditator quomodo illic dicam quom illo\* aduenire, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 42; add 48\*; 2, 1, 56\*; Capt. 5, 4, 5\*; Pers. 4, 4, 26\*; Nunc tu illum si illo\* missurus dicere monstra praecepit, Capt. 2, 2, 109; Mirum quid tu illo\* (so A, illum B C D) tecum dinitias feras, Trin. 2, 4, 94; Postquam (so Gepp, nss postque) illic (so P, VD illoct) ueni, eum aduenit (si deis placet)... Truc. 3, 1, 3; add Merc. 3, 4, 64; Rud. 3, 5, 7; Inaus huc, hinc illic; cum illic uenitumst ire illic lubet, Enn. tr. 258 V; Extemplo illo\* te decum, ubi non despuas, Naev. 98 R; add Pomp. 90 R; Quom illo\* aduenio, solitudo ante ostium, Ter. Andr. 2, 2, 25; accede illic Parmeno, Ad. 2, 1, 14; add And. 1, 1, 54; illo\* non saxum non materies nlla adnecta est, Cie. Verr. 2, 1, 147; neque temere prae-ter mercatores illo\* alit quisquam, Caes. b. g. 4, 20, 3; cum illoce nenio (so Ribb., illo Ochler, nss illos) uideo..., Varr. s. 132, 1 R; 2. of persons=ad illum etc., Nero solus e priuigium erat, illic cuncta uergere, Tac. an. 1, 3; in sinn eandem hostem, anos incautum... uersas illic omnium meutes, h. 3, 38 f.; 3. of things, thoughts etc. of the past, to that... credit iam tibi de istis; illic redi (to the other point we were talking of), Pl. Men. 4, 2, 53; Illic unde abii redeo, Hor. s. 1, 1, 108; hacc eodem illo\* pertinere arbitrabatur ut..., Caes. b. g. 4, 11, 4; 4. or pointing to what is coming (cf. ille § 5), to this, quo res hacc pertinet? Illic: Dum..., Hor. s. 1, 2, 23; 5. huc=illic, to this (or) that... Dum in dubio animus paulo mo-mento huc ncl illic impellitur, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 31; huc atque illic intuentem, Cie. or. 1, 184; et cae. corpora huc et illic quasi uitabundi aut iacentes tela acitare, Sal. lug. 60, 4; 6. gen. without conct., braccia tendens Ille illic, Verg. G. 2, 297; Ille illic uolens oculos, A. 4, 303; add Ov. M. 12, 329; Tac. an. 1, 56 f.; h. 1, 40; 1, 76; 3,

73; 4, 46 med.; Quint. 10, 7, 6; Sen. Tr. 1053; Stat. Th. 2, 602.

**illuo?** a vb. without authority, for Plin. 3, 74 has adluit; and in Clp. dig. 10, 2, 16, 3 we shd prob. read: id quod annis fundo...alluit; but implied in sb. illu-ies, downpour.

1 **illuo-ies**, (inl.) f. [from a lost vb. illu-o or rather il-luo-o, wash down] a downpour (as of heavy rain), a deluge, huius tempestibus aquarum inlunies maiorem partem popu-lorum Graeciae abstulit, Just. 2, 6, 10; magno u-luti cum turbine sese ip-sius Aetnae frangunt in limine uenti Quem pelagi rabies, quom nubila, quoniam squatur Ilunies (so Haupt, Fern. 3, 213; nss illo or illa dies), Val. F. 6, 356;

2. hence a flood, stagnant water, sine inlunies aquarum principio terras obrutas tenuit, sine... Just. 2, 1, 14; imber uiolentus quam alia fusus campos inepitabiles fecerat..., curus ilunies ac notagialibus haccarent, Curt. 8, 14, 4; Zenobian pleida inlunies spirantem aduertere, Tac. an. 12, 51.

2 **illuo-ies**, (inl.) f. [implies such an adj. as illu-is, not washed, from in not, lan-wash] the being unwashed, filth, dirt, Situm inter oris barba padore horrida Intonsa infusent pectus inlunies scabrum, poet. ap. Cie. Tusc. 3, 26; perditia inlunies (so Lindera., nss in illuie) atque insomnia, Paev. 9 R; ea texebat una pannis obita Neglecta imunda inlunies, Ter. Hant. 2, 3, 54; hic eruciatu fame Frigore in-lunies imbaluit..., Lucil. ap. Non. 126; Inlunies scabies, id.; Signale scabreque inlunies et nastitudine, Varr. s. 159, 1 R; Dira inlunies immissae barba, Verg. 3, 593; Ne fondere quidem morbo inlunies perosa Vellera, Verg. G. 3, 561; Trebatius ait non esse morbosum os alieni odore, hoc enim est illunies oris accidere solere, ap. Clp. 21, 1, 12, 4; add Tac. an. 4, 28; h. 4, 40; both words illunies found only in sing. n. ac. abl.

**imago**, inis, f. [implies a vb. inuari, to make oneself like, of wh. inuari is a freq.; not as Porphyry, ad Hor. od. 1, 12, 4 says, quasi inuato; root in=sim of similis] imi-tation; hence in material meaning, as first in painting, Apelles inuaginem Antigoni latere tantum alter ostendit, ut amissi oculi deformitas lateret, Quint. 2, 13, 12; see \* below;

2. gen. a bust or head, either solid or in relief, and so opp. to a statue (see †), hominis inuaginem gypso e facie ipsa primis omnium expressit, ceraeque in eam formam gypsi infusa emendare instituit Lysistratus, Plin. 35, 153; hic reliquit symbolum, expressum in cera ex anulo suam inuaginem, Pl. Ps. 1, 1, 54; add 4, 2, 29; 4, 6, 35; unus Xenophontis libellus in eo rege landando facile omnes ima-gines omnium statusque† superauit, Cie. fam. 5, 12, 7; Epicuri... cuius inuaginem non modo in tabulis... sed etiam in puculis et in anulis habent, fin. 5, 3; Africaeus se osten-dit ea forma quae mihi ex inuagine eius quam ex ipso erat notior, rep. 6, 10; Demosthenes cuius nuper inter imagines suas ac tuorum... inuaginem ex aere uidit, orat. 110; imago argentea cum aereo clipeo (the round ground on wh. was the head in relief), inser. Murat. 718, 5; signa† (i.e. statues) n. xvir caput solis 1. imagines argenteas urt, inser. on temp. of Diana, Hermes 6, 8; 3. esp. a bust of a nobleman's ancestor in the atrium, and carried in funeral procession, (see †) obrepisti ad honores commendatione fumosum inuaginem, Cie. Pis. 1; siquid deliquero, nullae sunt imagi-nes quae me a uobis deprecantur, aer. 2, 100; 10 am praetextam, sellam curulem, ins inuaginis ad memoriam prodenda, Verr. 2, 5, 36; hominem ueteris prosopiae ac multarum inuaginum, Sal. lug. 85, 10; quia imagines non habeo et quia mihi nona nobilitas est, liv. 25; uirum honoratissimae inuaginis futurae ad posterum, Liv. 3, 38, 2; clarum hacc fore imagine Scaptium, 3, 72, 4; Esto beata; funus† atque inuagines Deucent triumphales tum, Hor. epod. 8, 11; qui stupet in titulis et inuaginis, s. 1, 6, 17; ut essent ima-gines quae comitarentur gentilia funera†, Plin. 35, 6; emporique ueneni Frangenda miseram funestat imagine gentem, Iuv. 8, 18;

4. likeness of living person to an-other, Quando inuagost huius in me, certumst hominem chudere, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 100; add prol. 121, 124 and 141; hacc duarum hodie inuicem Et hic et illic mulier fert (al.

feret) imaginem, Mil. 2, 1, 73; 5. in Lucr. for the εἰδωλόν of Epicurus, fit quoque ut interdum non suppetitur imago..., 4, 818; add 885; 6. an immaterial likeness or figure, as in fancy, dreams or supernatural, a spectre, in somnis facere hoc uideatur imago, Lucr. 4, 770; add 782; Quid natum totiens crudelis tu quoque falsis laudis magni-bus? Verg. 1, 407; ipsius umbra Creusae Visa mihi ante oculos et nota maior imago, 2, 773; Et nunc magna mei sub terras ibat imago, 4, 654; Somnus...Vanum nocturnis fallit imaginibus, Tib. 3, 4, 56; magnam nocturni in imagine tua uigil exigo, Plin. ep. 7, 5, 1; exercitum imagine caesorum inculpatumque tardatum ad proelia credebant, Tac. au. 1, 62; 7. likeness of somnol, and so of echo, even in prose, μετάρωτος ita facere oportet..., primum secundum uillam, potissimum ubi non resonent imagines, Varr. r. 3, 16, 12; nec crederet paludibus ubi concitata puls Saxa sonant nocteque offensa resultat imago, Verg. G. 4, 50 (of bees); cuius recinet locosa Nomen imago, Hor. od. 1, 12, 4; resonant siluae et uaga certat imago, Val. F. 3, 507; 8. met. image, picture, recordatio meorum temporum quorum imaginem uideo in rebus tuis, Cie. fam. 1, 6, 2; haec a te non multum ablutit imago, flor. A. P. 320; 1. societas—something like a partnership—, Ulp. dig. 38, 2; 9. esp. of a sham, nec praeceptor decrat...qui faciem eloquentiae, non imaginem praestaret, Tac. dial. 34; an effugendorum (sic) numerum causam imaginem nauiculari indat—assume the character of a skipper, without being one—, Callist. dig. 6, 6, 9; 10. in rhet. a simile or analogy, imago est oratio demonstrans corporum aut naturarum similitudinem, Cie. inn. 1, 49; add ad Her. 4, 62; dicitis beneficium creditum insolubile esse...Cum creditum dicimus, imagine et translatione utimur, Sen. ben. 4, 12, 1; add ep. 59, 6; 72, 8.

**imbuo**, (imb.) ēre, ui, ūtus, vb. [in=duo and so=ava=duo; cf. in=ava; also buo=biho w. a causative sense; cf. for forma, bonus duonius] begin to wet, wet for the first time, quo iam semel est imbuta ueneno, Enn. 525 V; dolia olearia noua sic imbuta (season); amura impleto dies vii..., Cato r. 69 (70), 1;—Credim me amici more iubaturni manus? Att. 433 R; Tuo imbutae pulmas in aequore, Catul. 4, 17; imbuti gladii sunt exercitum nostrorum uel madaefacti potius, Cie. Phil. 14, 6; sanguine bellum habuit et primae commisit funera pugnae, Verg. 7, 541; Quae fors prima decit, sanguis nouos imbuti arma, 7, 554; Quo semel est imbuta recens seruibat odorem Testudin, Hor. ep. 1, 2, 69; add Quint. 1, 1, 5; Hier. ep. 10 f.; Gutturque imbutur infantia lacte canino, Or. Ib. 227; Imbutus egregium digno mihi nectare natus (sc. phialam)...tūa Ceste manus, Mart. 8, 51, 18; parcoe chelym submisit et ora Imbut amne sacro, iam tum tibi blandus, Apollo, Stat. silu. 5, 123; 2. met. pollute what had been hitherto pure, imbrue, cum semel gladium scelere imbutisset, Cie. Phil. 5, 20; add Pont. 41 (31); uirginis acerbae auris Veneris uocabulis imbuti noluerunt, Varr. s. 95, 3 R; qui bine integri et sinceri Romani erunt...imbuti (poisoned so to say) illine et infecti Romanis delinimentis redeunt, Liv. 40, 11, 3; Rhodios imbutos Persei consiliis, 42, 26, 8; imbutas (once infected with the contagion of—) praeda manus in direptionem Galliarum erupturas, Tac. an. 1, 36; hoc primum anno sanguine consulis Romani nilitis imbutae manus sunt, Vell. 2, 20, 1; sed Parmeno deterruit, non esse talibus promissis (of rewards for assassination) imbutendas aures militum affirmans, Curt. 4, 10 (40), 17; 3. esp. of early training, whether for good or evil, wet (with), instil into, train at the outset, indoctrinate, and hence of impressions felt without a sense of reason and so difficult to efface, His ego de artibus gratiam facio Ne colas ne imbus (his tuum) ingenium (al. iuss), Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 16; est haec non scripta sed nata lex ad quam non docti sed facti, non instituti sed imbuti sumus, Cie. Mil. 10; quibus studiis ab ineunte aetate se imbuterat, Deiot. 28; ut eius (sc. pueri Clodii) animum tenerum his (so M. non his) opinionibus imbutus ut..., ad Anton. post Att. 14, 13; add off. 1, 118; Phil. 10, 20; or. 2, 162; fin. 1, 60; ea pietate omnium pectora imbuterat (Numa) ut..., Liv. 1, 21, 1; malo trioc-

nio imbutum Samnitum, the young soldiers must be taught a lesson they would not soon forget, 9, 43, 18; adulescentuli statim eustrensibus stipendiis imbutebantur ut imperare parendo aduiscerent, Plin. ep. 8, 14, 5; imbutendis sociis ad officia legum, Tac. an. 12, 32 f.; horum (sc. seruorum) fabulis et erroribus teneri statim et rudis animi (infantium) imbutunt, orat. 29; (bos) optime cum domito inueniens imbutit, Plin. s. 180; 4. esp. of a first lesson, teach the ABC of, give a smattering of, quasi non necesse sit, quicquid isto modo pronunties, id autem esse aut non esse; an tu dialecticis ne imbutus quidem es? Cie. Tusc. 1, 14; quid te facere oportet litteris imbutum solis Mineruae? Varr. s. 221, 7 R; uerna...Litterulis Graecis imbutus, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 7; informamus enim qui quasdam artes haurire, omnes librare debet; ideoque et iuris scientiam ueteres oratores comprehendebant et grammaticae musicae et geometriae (sc. scientiam) imbutebantur, Tac. or. 31 f.; nec quisquam litteris saltem leuiter imbutus, Quint. 1, 2, 16; quasi non perfectum literis sed imbutum, Suet. gram. 4; 5. other met. like our baptize or christen, initiate, inaugurate, handse, be the first to—, Illa (sc. Venus) rudem cursu prim(a) imbutit Amphitriten, gawe Amph. her first lesson in navigation, Catul. 64, 11; Et Phalaris taro uolentis membra Perilli Torruit; infelix imbuti auctor opus, Or. a. a. 1, 654; add tr. 3, 11, 52; Inbus exemplum primae tu Romule palmae Huius, Prop. 5 (4), 10, 5; iquaras Cereris qui uomere terras imbutit, Val. F. 1, 702; Virgine inueniens tacidis primoque hymenaeo Imbuterat coniux, Sil. 3, 65 (de primo concubitu); 6. simply wet, dip, steep, dye, gen. in met., Nunc alium quoniam qui sunt imbuta colore, Lucr. 2, 734; Aurea panonum uident imbuta lepore Saecula, 2, 502; oscula caue Venus Quinta parte sui nectaris imbutit, Hor. od. 1, 13, 16; 7. note the acc. with pass. in Tac. or. 31 of § 4, and Lucr. 2, 734 of § 6; Munro justly compares Tyrios incocta rubores of Verg. G. 3, 307; 8. perh. first used of some religious rite like our baptism.

**imitus**, adv. [imus] from the lowest point, from the bottom, fontes imitus ignis eruat, Gell. 17, 10, 13; riuos sanguinis uomens imitus, Apul. M. 4, 12 f.; terra delhi-ceus imitus, 9, 34; in Arnob. 5, 10 (im)itus is a cj.

**immanis**, (imn.) e, adj. [see below] horrible, infernal, savage, brutal, spureificum (sc. Neptunum) immanem intolendum, Pl. Trin. 4, 1, 7; feram et immanem beluam, Cie. Acad. pr. 108; ex feris et immanibus mites reddidit et mansuetos, inn. 1, 2; quod nulla gens tam fera, nemo omnium tam sit immanis, cuius..., Tusc. 1, 30; nihil ista immanis beluast, rep. 3, 45; hostis ferus et immanis, Verr. 2, 51—hence prob. stronger than ferus; immanes quaedam bestiae sibi solum natae, fin. 3, 63; quam (sc. uoluptatem) immanissimus quisque acerrime sequitur, part. or. 90; adde hydram Lernaean et draconem Hesperium; quot bestiae fuerunt immanes? Varr. s. 167, 3 R; Pygmalion scelere ante alios immanior omnis, Verg. 1, 347; 2. of things, illam immanem ac barbaram consuetudinem hominum immodicam, Cie. Font. 31 (21); tantum facinus, tam immanis (sc. patriae), Rosc. Am. 68; coepit immanibus effera Dido, Verg. 4, 642; 3. immeasurable, immense, boundless, vast, ingentem immanemque praedam, Cie. Verr. 2, 3, 110; immanes pecuniae, Att. 2, 9, 1; in tuis immanibus illis peculis, Phil. 2, 63; immani magnitudine simulacra, Caes. b. g. 6, 16, 4; templa, Verg. 4, 199; antrum, 6, 11; barathrum, S. 245; cete, 5, 822; uolnus, 9, 751; 4. met., ambitus, Cie. Q. fr. 2, 15 b, 4; auaritia, Sal. lug. 31, 12; 5. in a laudatory sense, ipsius (sc. Herculis) datur hoc immanibus actis, Or. M. 9, 247; cum immanis res C. Caesar in Gallia aceret, Vell. 2, 46, 1; immanis uictoriae, 2, 105, 3; 6. immanis ferus siue magnus, Paul. ex F. 111, 18; 7. for comp. of Cie. sup. 1, 45 and Verg. 1, 347; for sup., Cie. part. or. 90 in § 1; 8. prob. from manis good, as in the phrase Di manes; cf. Manes; but in the second sense perh. influenced by the root men-, measure.

**im-minuo**, (im-m.) uēre, ui, ūtus, vb. [in=ava of

beginning] begin to diminish, diminish what was previously entire, make a first hole in, si istas exiguas copias quam minime iunimueris, Cic. fam. 3, 3 f.; aestuorum tempus comitiorum mora iunimuerat, Sal. lug. 44, 3; 2. met. impair what was whole, violate what was pure, make a first breach in, infringe, invade, Lucr. 5, 625; curam, Att. 234 R; Domitiani cupidi imperium regis paene iunimimui, poet. trag. incert. 27 R; imperium, Lucil. ap. Non. 2; nullum esse ius tam sanctum atque integrum quod non eius scelus atque perfidia violaret et iunimuerit, Cic. Rose. Ann. 109; ius legationis, Verr. 2, 1, 84; ius libertatis, Sal. Cat. 37, 9; libertatem, Cic. Caeec. 35; auctoritatem, Att. 1, 18, 5; Verr. 2, 4, 60; laudem, ad Dolab. post Att. 14, 17, 2; non intellego cur reconciliatam esse (nostram gratiam) dicas, quae nunquam iunimuta est, fam. 5, 2, 5; bellum, Man. 30; ante te cognitum multis opem tuli, nullius indigui; id iunimutatum, quod ceteri dolere solent, ego lator, Sal. lug. 110, 2; plebis opes, Cat. 39, 1; pacem, lug. 81, 4; mentem, Gell. 11, 2, 4; animos, Liv. 3, 38, 1; Agrippa discipulo domum iunimuerat (by a divorce), Tac. an. 2, 80; Facinrum, —commence an attack upon, 14, 57; quamquam Augusta se uiolari et iunimui querebatur, 2, 34; 3. esp. of virginity, Neque pudicitiam meam mihi alius quisquam iunimuit. Obscuro... Pl. Cist. 1, 1, 90; in loco celebri coram uirgine iunimiuisset, n... Ajul. flor. 14 f.; add Lact. 1, 10 f.; cf. iunimutatio § 4.

**imminutio**, ōnis, f. lessening what was previously entire, diminution, corporis, Cic. fin. 5; malorum, Quint. 5, 10, 32; 2. met., dignitatis, Cic. fam. 3, 8, 2; criminis, Quint. 7, 4, 3; 3. as a figure of rhetoric, Cic. or. 3, 207; cf. Quint. 9, 1, 34; 4. of virginity, Auson. lyl. 13.

1 **imminūtus**, part. of iunimui.

2 **im-minūtus**, adj. [in neg.] not diminished or impaired, ius, Iul. dig. 24, 2, 6; Papin. 38, 2, 44.

**immo**, (imo, either an adv. like raro or abl. of imus) (for double form, cf. vb. sumo, summo) adv. lit. at bottom, and so used chiefly in answer to one who has stated part or what is near the truth, but not gone to the bottom of things, cf. imo Grande, Fr. an fond; not exactly so, nay (rather), exen-e me, S. imo et uictu proba piscatu electi Vitam colitis. T. immo uita antehac erat; Nunc nobis omnia haec excederunt, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 42; A. Itaque me Ops (sc. inuet) opulenta illius auiam. M. Immo mater quidem, Cist. 2, 1, 39; add Pers. 1, 3, 55; Amph. 1, 1, 194 and 233; H. sed si aliter putas, Ego met narrabo quae mihi dixi. M. Immo (imo, Don.) ego ibo. H. Bene facis, Ter. Ad. 4, 3, 13; M. Hand aliter censeo. D. Immo hercle ita nobis deest, 5, 8, 5; add Andr. 3, 3, 18; Me. Incipe Mopse prior, si quos aut Phyllidis ignis Aut Alconis habes laudes... Mo. Immo haec in uiridi nuper quae cortice faci Caruina descripsi... Experiar, Verg. B. 5, 13; 2. hence often used in self-correction, going farther, nay, interea cum Musis nos delectabimur animo aequo, immo uero et etiam gaudenti ac libenti, Cic. Att. 2, 4, 2; similia haec, deos immo ipsos ablato esse, Liv. 38, 43, 6; ea spe depulsi non tamen belli consilia omisit; immo, si uere uolumus dicere, iam inchoauit bellum, 41, 23, 13; cui (sc. aeri) proximum est pretium, immo uero et ante argentum, ac praene etiam ante aurum Corinthio, Plin. 34, 1; qui in amicum ex imperatore submittitur, immo tunc maxime imperator, cum amicum agis, iam 85, 5; add 23, 2, 44; 2, 56, 2; nihil causasse est cur non illam uocis modulationem indubis ac tibis, immo hercle eymbalis afluimus, Quint. 11, 3, 50; quanta uerborum nobis paupertas, immo egestas sit, Sen. ep. 58, 1; 3. also used through real or affected civility of absolute negatives, not exactly so, nay, excuse me, and so, nay on the contrary, Tr. Etiam fatetur de hospite? Th. Immo perneget, Pl. Most. 3, 1, 19; add Ps. 1, 5, 80; Epid. 5, 2, 1; C. Et scilicet iam me hoc nates patrem exorare ut celsi Senem nostrum. S. Immo ut recta uia rem narret ordine omnem, Ter. Haut. 4, 3, 28; add Andr. 3, 5, 11; sine dubio errasse nos confutandum est. At senel? At una in re? Immo omnia, qui diligenter cogitata, eo facta sunt imprudentis, Cic. Att. 10, 12, 4; causa igitur non bona est?

Immo optima, sed agitur foedissime, 9, 7, 4; 4. si ita scriptum fuerit: Titius, immo Scius heres esto, Scium solum herodem fore respondit (Africanus), dig. 28, 5, 48 (47), 1; add 40, 4, 21; often strengthened by other particles, ac potius, Pl. As. 5, 2, 89; and Rud. 4, 8, 2; Petr. 16, 4; by uero, Ter. Hec. 5, 4, 37; Cic. Cat. 1, 2; Att. 12, 43, 1; off. 3, 90; rep. 6, 14; and see 4; by edepol, Pl. Capt. 2, 1, 10; 2, 2, 37; Epid. 5, 1, 1; Afran. 103 R; by enim indeed, Ter. Andr. 5, 1, 2; Ph. 2, 2, 23; by enimvero, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 76; Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 38; and Ph. 3, 2, 43; by contra, Liv. 41, 24, 8; hercle, Pl. As. 3, 3, 26; Cus. 2, 6, 51; Ter. Ad. 5, 8, 5; Quint. 11, 3, 59; preceded by quin, 1, 1, 31; 7, 10, 8; 12, 11, 27; Labeo, dig. 35, 7, 5; 38, 2, 51; 41, 3, 49; 5. placed second or later at times, negas? L. Pernego immo, Pl. Aul. 4, 10, 35; see also 7; immo eided in Verg. 9, 98; 1, 753; Ov. tr. 1, 2, 69; M. 7, 512; long in Catul. 77, 2; Frustra? Immo magno cum pretio atque malo; and Sen., so says L. Müller, p. 337; but short in Mart., facerat immo magis, 1, 85, 4; Non habet immo sum. 7, 0, 4; 6. in old comedy seems at times monos. (im): Immo sic sequestro mihi datast intellego, Pl. Merc. 4, 3, 36; Immo meretrix fuit; sed ut sit de ea eloquar, Cist. 2, 3, 23; Ad restim res redit.—Immo collus non res, nam ille argentum habet, Caecl. 215 R; Immo uero? haec ante solitus sum; res delicat, 125.

**im-mūnis**, e, (imm-, old form immoenis) adj. [in neg.] muni- or moeni-part, seen in munia moenia; cf. communis] without a part, having no part or share (in), wholly free (from), aspexit urbem immūnem tanti belli atque impune quietam, Verg. 12, 559; Immūnes tanti nec sinit esse boni, Ov. tr. 4, 2, 62; mali? M. 8, 690; caedis?, her. 14, 8; militiā?, Liv. 1, 43, 8; delictorum?, Vell. 2, 7, 2; omnibus uicis?, 2, 35, 2; tanta? calamitate, 2, 120, 1; ab arbitris, from being overlooked, 2, 14, 3; tristitia?, Sen. ep. 85, 3; a dolore?, Plin. 32, 37; metu?, Sen. Phaedr. 1063; at uestris malis, Thy. 49; exauctorari qui senadina (stipendia) fecissent ac retineri sub uicellio ceterorum immunes nisi propulsandi hostis, Tac. an. 1, 36 f.; ab ab omni onere, Suet. Claud. 25; 2. absol., free of all taxes, duty, services, qui agros immunes liberosque arant, Cic. Ver. 2, 2, 160; cum immunis nemo fuerit (from road-making), Font. 17; nunquid immunis tibi Infantis (sc. Herculis) aetis? Sen. Her. fr. 215; duo nulla iugerum immunia, Suet. rhet. 5; and met., non est enim inhumana uirtus neque immunis neque superba, Cic. an. 50; 3. esp. contributing no quota to a sacrifice, banquet etc., Immunis aram si tetigit manus, Hor. od. 3, 23, 17; Non ego te meis Immunem meditor fingere pennis (= ασμυβολον), 4, 12, 23; and met., Immunis sedens aliena ad pabula facis, Verg. G. 4, 244; 4. hence gen., making no present (cf. munus), ungenerous, O ingratiſſi Argiui, immunes Graii, immemores beneficii, Att. 364 R; Quoniam scis immunem Cynarae placuisse rapaci, Hor. ep. 1, 14, 33; 5. and so thankless, ungracious, Amicum castigare ob meritum noxiam Immoenest facinus, Pl. Trin. 1, 1, 1; 6. with gen. \*; with ab +; with abl. alone †.

**im-mūto**, (im-m-) are, vb. [in=ave of beginning] begin to change, make a first change in, make a slight change in, ne clam quippiam Nos uicinorum imprudentis aliquis immutauerit, Pl. Mil. 2, 5, 22; Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 7; Haec (sc. formal) uix immutatast, illi suum animum alio conferunt, Haut. 4, 12, 10; non possum immutari, R. Ph. 1, 4, 29; cum successor aliquis immutat de institutis priorum, Cic. Flac. 33; et te nonnunquam a me alienarunt et me aliquando immutatur tibi, fam. 5, 8, 2; horridam Africam terribili tremere tumultu cum dieit (Ennius), pro Afric immutat Africam, orat. 93; teneritas filii comprobauit... Verborum ordinem immutat, fac sic; Comprobauit filii temeritas, iam nihil erit, 214; 2. immuto and muto often interchanged in mss, esp. where preceding wd. ended in m, as ornatum immutabilem, Pl. Epist. 4, 2, 8 (abl. mut.); Signid erit dubium immutabo (mutabo?), 5, 1, 40; in ps. Nep. Dion. 10, 2 Fischer w. best mss haec: mirabiliter uulgi mutata est uoluntas; in Cic. orat. 92 read: tralata uerbu atque mutata (so Gu. 3), for tralata...mutata...follow.

**impannis**, without rags, a bad cj. in Plaut. As. 1, 2, 16, wh. read: Sordido uitam oblectabas pane pannis (suss in pannis) inopia.

**imparientia**, from a false reading in Gell. 1, 13, 3—wh. read *impotentiae* w. Hertzs.

**im-pālis**, e, adj. (in neg.) unequal, aenum, Aur. Vict. 14. **imparilitas**, ātis, f. inequality, Gell. 14, 1, 22; 2. an anomaly, solecism, Capito ap. Gell. 5, 20, 1.

**impello**, (imp., āre, pūli, pulsus, vb. [in=ava of beginning] first set in motion, start, digito impellam inuam Fores patebunt, Trab. 2 R; hostem primo impetu impulit, Liv. 9, 27, 9; add 9, 40, 9; 33, 36, 9; At simul impulsast, omnes timere ruinam, Ov. tr. 1, 9, 19; ite, Ferte citi flammās, date tela, impellite remos, Verg. 4, 594; zephyris primum impellentibus undas, G. 4, 305; Vt belli signum Laurenti Turnus ab aere Extulit...utque impulit arma, Extemplo turbati animi, A. Sc. 31; G. 1, 254; Impulerat leuis aura ratem, Ov. M. 15, 697; add 11, 325; cum simul terra simul mari bellum impelleretur, Tac. Agr. 25; Anne...nobis victoria turbam Non dabit impulsu tantum (only just set in motion) quae praemia belli auferat? Lucan. 5, 330; 2. less correctly, drive on, push on, urge on, drive, (quod eius, sc. peccoris, in callibus uici) (sue) publicis pastum impulsu itineris causa erit, CIL 200, 26; Chimæram...triplici pubes quam Dardania uersa impellunt, Verg. 5, 120; At radis enituit impulso nomere campis, G. 2, 211; Impellunt animae linthea Thraciae, Hor. od. 4, 12, 2; mille narium uelis impelli, Tac. an. 2, 23; add Sil. 11, 270; 9, 382; 3. strike, saxa impellentia caelum, Sil. 11, 217; add Val. F. 5, 164; 4. met. set in motion, start, impel, induce, Dum in dubio animus huc nel illic impellitur, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 31; hae fama impulsus, 1, 1, 72; uoluntates impellere quo uelii, unde autem uelit deducere, Cic. or. 1, 30; ad iniuriam faciendam, Plac. 85; ad scelus, Rose. Am. 39; quae cansa nos impulerit ut... N. D. 1, 7; Germanos tam facile impelli ut in Galliam uenirent, Caes. b. g. 4, 16, 1; 5. in poets and late prose with inf., quae mens tam dira...Impulsi his cingi telis? Verg. 2, 520; quendam ex ministris Octaviae impulsi seruleni ei amorem obicere, Tac. an. 14, 60; impellunt credere Parcae, Stat. Th. 10, 737.

**impēro**, (imp., āre, vb. frq. [impero] command (habitually), be in command of, lord it over (w. dat.\* of person), Quom (al. quod) antehac po iure imperitabam meo, nunc te oro per precem, Pl. Capt. 2, 1, 47; Vicissitamento imperitandi tradidit, Att. 586 R; qui Caere opulento tum oppido imperitans...arma Rutulis inuixit, Liv. 1, 2, 3; decem imperitabant, unus cum insignibus imperii erat, 1, 17, 6; superbe auareque imperitatum uictis\* esse, 21, 1, 3; auare et superbe imperitatum sibi\* esse, Curt. 4, 7, 1 (4, 28); Olim qui magnis legionibus\* imperitauit, Hor. s. 1, 6, 4; sine opus est imperitare equis\* Non auriga piger, od. 1, 15, 25; mussantque iuuencae Quis nemori\* imperitet, Verg. 12, 719; imperitat cui\* tristi fronte Cupido, Tib. 2, 3, 33; imperitant (sc. galli gallinae) quo generi\*, Plin. 10, 47; add Plin. pan. 82, 6; and Quint. 6 pr. 15 by a good cj.

**im-pēro**, (imp., āre, vb. [pāro put] put upon, impose, as a duty to be done or the thing to be observed, with acc. of thing, dat. of person, quibus negotium est imperatum\* ut inspicerent aquas publicas, S. C. ap. Frontin. ag. 104; ex Iubidine leges imperantur\*, Sal. hist. or. Phil.; imperanda\* tridui abstinentia est, Cels. 7, 20; imperata\* pensa, Quint. 3, 7, 6; 2. with gerundive acc. understood, as: cogendum, conferendum, praebendum, impose the duty of—, command to furnish etc., give orders for, w. dat. of person, acc. of thing, (quibus, sc. populeis, ex formula tyagatorum milites (sc. cogendos) imperare solent, CIL 200, 50; neque imperato quo quid magis ic dent... nisi quod e(oi)s ex lege Porcia dare...oportet oportebit, 204, 2, 15; At tributus (sc. conferendus) cum imperatus\* est, negant pendere pote, Pl. Epid. 2, 2, 43; denarii trecenti ad statuum imperati\* sunt, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 137; frumentum, Caecil. 30;

obsides, Man. 35; quum (Caesar) prinatis pecunias per epistolas imperaret, Nep. Att. 7, 3; equites imperat ciuitatibus, Caes. b. g. 6, 4, f.; obsidibus imperatis\*, 6, 4, 4; tota Italia arma imperantur\*, b. c. 1, 6, f.; finitumis imperaturum ne quam iniuriam inferrent, b. g. 2, 32, 2; Iugurthae imperat argenti pondo c milia, elephantos omnis, equorum et armorum aliquidantum, Sal. Jug. 62, 5;

3. esp. exercitum i., summon the citizens to vote in the Comitia, Varr. 1, 6 f.; 4. with a play on exercitus (army or exercise), E. huic (sc. uentri suo) illud dolet, Quia nunc remissus est edudi exercitus. H. Nullumne interea nactus, qui posset tibi Remissum quem dixi imperare exercitum? Pl. Capt. 1, 2, 52;

5. so far chiefly by the imperium; beyond this sphere, Non imperabat coram quid opus facto esset perperne? Ter. Andr. 3, 2, 10; quin tu quid faciam imperam, Pl. 1, 4, 46; inbesne? Immo cogo atque impero, Eum. 2, 3, 97; et mihi ne abscedam imperat, 3, 5, 30; add Hant. 5, 5, 11; nonnumquam puerum uocaret, credo enim cenam imperaret, Cic. Rose. Am. 59; consules aedilibus curulibus imperantur ut... Liv. 39, 14, 9; letoque det imperat Argum, Ov. M. 1, 670; alantque Imperat Argolicam caelestis munere classem, 13, 659; sola terrae seges imperatur\*, Tac. G. 2, 6; imperent filiis ut patrum suorum capita praecedant, Petr. s. 1; non imperassem omnibus per diuersa agrotantibus, Sen. ira. 1, 16;

6. so far the attached vb. in subj., eum. preceded by ut or ne; rarely in inf., Animo nunciam otioso esse impero, Ter. And. 5, 2, 1; imperani egomet mihi uolui assentari, Eum. 2, 2, 21; Cum capita auidi lauro uelare imperant, C. Iul. Caes. Str. tr. R. ille intra tecta uocari Imperat, Verg. 7, 169; comportare in Sal. Jug. 47, 2 is dub.; uiderent, not uidere, Madv. in Liv. 39, 14, 9;

7. for imperito, command or govern (habitually), he in command of, lord it over, aut quibus egestas imperat, Eum. tr. 273 R; hoc qui nequit Fateatur nescire imperare (imperitare?) liberis, Ter. Ad. 1, 1, 52; En impero Argis; sceptra mihi liquit Pelops, poet. tr. incert. 104 R; omnibus gentibus terra marique imperare, Cic. Man. 56; qui bene imperat, paruerit aliquando necesse est; et qui modeste paret, uidetur qui aliquando imperet dignus esse, leg. 3, 5; cupiditatibus, am. 84; Sen. tranq. 2, 8; nobismet ipsis, Cic. Tusc. 2, 47; quot nationibus imperabat, Quint. 11, 2, 50; (eloquentia) hic regnat, hic imperat, 7, 4, 24; recusabas enim imperare, Plin. pan. 5; imperare sibi maximum imperium est, Sen. ep. 113, 30;

8. met. impose laws (upon), tax (so to say severally), play the tyrant over, exact more than is reasonable from, Exerceatque frequens tellurem atque imperat armis, Verg. G. 1, 99; sic imperant uictibus ut posteritati non consulat, Colum. 3, 3, 6; add 4, 24, 21; fertilibus agris non est imperandum, Sen. tranq. 17, 5; non est quod plenis oculis ac tumentibus imperes, Sen. ep. 94, 20; dum per continuos dies nimis imperat uoci, rursus sanguinem reddidit, Plin. ep. 5, 19, 6; patrimonio suo plus imperauit quam ferre posset, Sen. tranq. 6, 3;

9. as pass. pers. w. nom. of thing see \*; 10. as pass. pers. w. nom. of person vary rare, Haec ego procurare et idoneus imperor et non Inuitus, Hor. ep. 1, 5, 21; 11. ad imperandum for orders, nunc ades ad imperandum, nel ad parendum potius, sic enim aptius loquebantur, Cic. fam. 9, 25, 2; quum ad imperandum Tisidimum uocaretur, Sal. Jug. 62, 8.

**im-pertio**, (im-p., and impartio\*) ire, vb. [in=ava=G. ent in sense of off? if so] lit. portion off, hence—present with, w. acc. of pers., abl. of thing, firstly of salutations, herum suum Stratippoclem Salua impartit salute seruos Epidicus, Pl. Epil. 1, 2, 24; Erum saluto primum ut accumbat; postea Siquid superfit, nicinos impartio, Ps. 1, 5, 39; plurima salute Parmenonem Summum suum impartit Gnatho, Ter. Eum. 2, 2, 40; neque adueniens neque proficiens quemquam osculo impartit, ac ne resolutatione quidem, Suet. Ner. 37;

2. of news, opusceret se ut nuntio hoc impartiam, Pl. St. 2, 1, 26; Sed cesso eram hoc malo impartire (al. impartiri) prope? Ter. Ad. 3, 2, 22; 3. gen., Non hic suo seminio quemquam porcellam impartiturst, Pl. Mil. 4, 2, 68; minusque me impartire\* (so B. al. impartire) honoribus, Aul. pr. 19;

aures studiis honestis et notulatiis concessis impertire, Tac. an. 14, 21; 4. hence in pass. w. nom. of person, omnibus doctrinis quibus puerilis aetas impartiri debet, filium erudit, Nep. Att. 1, 2; reliquit eum nullo praeter angularis sacerdotii honore impertitum, Suet. Claud. 4; nunquam donis impertitis putant, Aug. 25; 11 6. with acc. of thing, dat. of pers., or obj., give a share of (to), present (to), communicate, impart, Terentia impertit tibi multam salutem, Cic. Att. 2, 12, 4; Si ignotis impertibis fient facilius, Nov. 11 R; unum diem festum Marcellis impertire, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 51; add Rose, Am. 11; Att. 3, 15, 7; fam. 5, 2, 9; Sul. 9; alius impertiebant gaudium suum, Liv. 27, 51, 4; siquid nouisti rectius istis, Candidus imperti, Hor. ep. 1, 6, 67; mihi quicquam impartiret, Apul. mag. 102; 6. hence in pass. w. nom. of thing, uero forti collegae meae laus impertitur, Cic. Cat. 3, 14; huic signa beneuolentiae permulta a bonis impartuntur, Att. 2, 18, 1; aliquando impertiendo plebi honores, Liv. 4, 54, 9; pro his impertitis oppugnatum patriam nostram ueniunt, 21, 41, 13; 7. old fut. impertibo, see Nov. 5 5; impertiant, Front. de fer. Als. 3.

**im-pertior**, *iri*, vb. r., w. acc. of thing, dat. of person multis gratuito ciuitatim impertiebantur, Cic. Arch. 10; dolorem suum, Att. 2, 23, 2 and perh. Ter. Ad. 3, 2, 22.

**im-pôtens**, (*in-p*) ntis, adj. [*in*=male] hence weak, impotent, ualeant haec ad salutem innocetium, ad quem impotentium, Cic. Mur. 49; neque homini infanti atque impotenti iniuste facta conducent, fin. 1, 52; neque me praeterit, Sal. hist. or. Lic.; 2.=male potens in the sense of furious, ungovernable, outrageous, wh. may be explained as weak and so unable to resist the passions; some say sui is understood, having no power over oneself, Ego te autem noui quam esse soleas impotens, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 130, wh. Calp.: suorum appetituum minime moderator; Adeo impotenti esse animo ut praeter ciuium Morem atque legem et sui uoluntatem patris Tamen haec habere studeat, And. 5, 3, 8, where Don.: nimis potenti nel certe debili et denicito; impotens iracundus contumeliosus superbus, Cic. Phil. 5, 24; aduolat ad urbem homo impotentissimè ardens odio, 5, 42; add 11, 16; uictoria...etiāsi ad meliores uenit tamen eos ferociores impotentiores...que reddit, Cic. fam. 4, 9, 3; i. tyranni, Liv. 25, 28 f.; add 6, 11, 6; Marius immodicus gloriae insatiabilis impotens, Vell. 2, 11, 1; 3. met. freta, Catul. 4, 18; amor, 35, 12; ista pax perditum hominem in possessionem impotentissimè dominatus restituitur est, Cic. fam. 10, 27, 1; aquilo, Hor. od. 3, 30, 3, wh. Schol. makes it = ualde potens; in multo impotentiores rabiem accendi, Liv. 29, 9, 6; consilia 2, 36, 1; regnum, 7, 39, 5; 8, 5, 4; 33, 46, 3; postulatium, 7, 41, 8; iniuria, 38, 56, 11; laetitia, Cic. Tusc. 5, 17; mulierum iussa, Tac. an. 3, 53 f.; impotentissimae cogitationes iniudiae auaritia, Quint. 12, 1, 6; 4. w. gen. unable to control, suarum rerum, Liv. 9, 14, 5; irae, 29, 9, 4; laetitia, 30, 42, 17; ob situm impotentes sui, Curt. 4, 7, 14 (4, 30); animi, 8, 5 (8, 1, 49); amoris, Tac. b. 4, 44; consilii, Sen. Agam. 127; 5. with a pass. sense, impotentes regendi equi, horses that could not be guided by their riders, Liv. 35, 11, 10; 6. w. inf., quilibet impotens sperare, Hor. od. 1, 37, 10; 7. for comp. see?; for sup. 7. 8. impotenter, adv., in a furious ungovernable spirit, tyrannically, potentia impotenter uti, Sen. ep. 42, 3; i. facere, Quint. 1, 3, 13; and perh. 6, 3, 83; i. flagitare, Iust. 16, 4; impotentius dominari, Liv. 38, 54, 1; elephantum impotentius iam regi et...impotentius iam regi et regendi without? (cf. 5), 27, 48, 11; quae impotentissime fecit, Sen. ben. 4, 17, 2.

**im-prōmiscus**, adj. unadulterated, pure, suauitas, Gell. 12, 4, 3; uerbum, 1, 7, 6.

**im-pūdcus**, (*in-p*) adj. [*in* neg., shameless, o facinus impudicum, Quam liberam aere oporteat, seruire postulare, Pl. Rud. 2, 3, 62; 2. esp. unchaste, as first of women, Vt mihi extra unum te mortalis nemo corpus corpore contigit quo me impudicam faceret, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 204; add 3, 2, 24 and 32; Tam a me pudicest quasi soror mea, uisi

Sist osculando quidpiam impudicior, Cure. 1, 1, 52; 3. of things, facinus, Pl. Mil. 2, 3, 11; facta, Amph. 3, 2, 45; dicta, 3, 2, 46; 4. in Cic. and later only de ciuicis, intolerabilis est (scrutinis) seruire impuro impudico effeminato, Cic. Phil. 3, 12; add 2, 70; Cat. 2, 23; mulieres, 2, 10; Sal. Cat. 14, 2; and prob. Pl. Rud. 1, 2, 27; cf. Hor. ep. 1, 16, 36; Sen. ep. 94, 21; Suet. Aug. 68 and 71; Apul. mag. 74 f.; 5. of things, digitus, Mart. 6, 70, 5, the middle finger (quod, ut simile penis, signum fuit pathicum imitantis), cf. Mart. 2, 28, 2; Liv. 10, 53; 6. hence, a low term of abuse, Pl. As. 4, 69; Ps. 1, 3, 126.

**im-pūto**, (*in-p*) āre, vb. [*puto* cut, score, cf. amputo, computo] score against, debit for, charge for, take credit to oneself for, w. acc. of debit, dat. of party debited, plus imputant seminis iacti quam quod scuerint, Colum. 1, 7, 6; si quis ex sociis propter societatem profectus sit, eos dumtaxat sumptus societati imputabit qui in eam rem impensum sunt, uictoria igitur et uictoria recte imputabit, Ulp. dig. 17, 2, 52; eadem ciuitati imputata sunt terua milia quae iacti nomine annua dabatur legato, Plin. ep. 10, 43 (52), 3; 2. met. Saeculi enim natumque (sc. Phaethonta) obiectat et imputat illis, Ov. M. 2, 400; mortem senioribus imputet annis, 15, 470; hoc rebellandi tempus imputat Atheniensibus, Vell. 2, 23, 4; stat super caput fatum et perentis dies imputat, Sen. ira 3, 42; soles...qui nobis percutit et imputantur, Mart. 5, 20; hanc igitur (se. audaciam) tibi imputabis, Plin. pr. 4; imputet ipse Dens nectar mihi, fiet acetum, Mart. 12, 48; prospera omnes sibi uideant, aduersa iam imputantur, Tac. Agr. 27; alii transcunt quaedam imputantque quod transcant, Plin. ep. S, 21, 4; 3. met. score to the credit of, attribute the honour of, huic imputari uictum Annibalem, Iust. 18, 6, 5; 4. hence our impute.

**imus**, adj. sup. [for *in-imus* from *in* down, see in with vb. and adj., and *in*-in], lowest, superis imisque deorum, Ov. F. 5, 605; Mebio (Pedio) recumbit imus ille qui lecto..., Mart. 6, 74, 1; cf. § 3; 2. esp. with nouns, the bottom of, Inguisatit usque ad inum gutturem, Nov. 118 R; ab imis unguibus usque ad uerticem summum mendacis constare uidetur, Cic. Rose. com. 20; ab imis faucibus, ad Her. 3, 25; Fulmine deieci fundo uoluntur in imo, Verg. 6, 581; sub imo Corde, 10, 464; est in aure ima memoriae locus quem tangentes antestatur, Plin. 11, 251; ad imam (sc. quercum), Phaedr. 2, 4, 3; ad inum Tartarum, Apul. M. 17 f.; 3. sim. imi conuiuae lecti, qui sit at the bottom of the dinner-couch, Hor. s. 2, 8, 40; in summo (sc. lecto) Antonius, infra Versius, Maecenas in imo, Sal. ap. Serv. ad A. 1, 698; 4. at the end of, last, Primus enim iam mensis, quia ianua prima est; Qui sacer est imis Manibus, inus erat, Ov. F. 2, 52; 5. lowest in note, modo summa Voce, modo haec resonat quae chordis quator ima, Hor. s. 1, 3, 8; 6. farthest in, inmost, ima dolor balantum lapsus ad ossa, Verg. 6, 3, 457; imis infixa medullis, Or. tr. 1, 5, 9; 7. as sb. n., bottom, nihil nostra intersit utrum ab summo an ab imo an ab medio nomina dicere incipiamus, ad Her. 3, 30; ualet ima summis Mutare, Hor. od. 1, 34, 12; summa imis miscent, Vell. 2, 2, 3; ab imo Ad summum totus moduli bipedalis, Hor. s. 2, 3, 308; add 2, 4, 57; A. P. 126; iua Pangaei montis, Plin. 4, 38; summa montium et ima maris miscens, 32, 64; ad inum (at last) Thrax erit, Hor. ep. 1, 18, 35.

1. *in*, prep. [see below] in, opposed to ex, out, first with acc., with motion, into, te in gremium Scipio recipit, CIL 33, 7; in eam sitellam manum demittit, 198, 53; (De) nani timidae ambae in scapham insilimus (so THK cf., mss in-silimus agst. met.) quia uidemus..., Pl. Rud. 2, 3, 36; paene in foveam decidi, Pers. 4, 4, 46; gladium hosti in pectus infixit, Cic. Tusc. 4, 50; ipse in Italian magnis itineribus contendit, Caes. b. g. 1, 10, 3; iam in uestibulum peruperant templi, Liv. 3, 18, 8; 2. with the name of people, into the country of, ut potestatem faceret in Vbios legatos mittendi, Caes. b. g. 4, 11, 2; cohortis quinque in Eburones misit, 5, 24, 4; Lucterum in Rutenos mittit, 7,

5, 1; 3. though best writers use acc. alone for to a city, as Roman to Rome, Plautus uses in at times of Greek cities, as: Ibo in Piraeum, Bac. 2, 3, 1; ego ire in Piraeum uolo, Most. 1, 1, 63; Eamque huc inuitam mulierem in Ephesum aduehit, Mil. 2, 1, 35; Senex in Ephesum ibit aurum accersere, Bac. 2, 3, 120; saluos quom aduenis in Epidaurum, Cure. 4, 4, 6; 4. conversely he at times omits in before names of countries, Praedit dextera, seducit, rogat (monos.) quid ueniam Cariam, Cure. 2, 3, 60 (but perueni in Cariam v. 50); Nam eus meus me Erétriam misit domitos bones (monos.) ut sibi merceret, Pers. 2, 3, 7; 5. in good prose writers this omission is chiefly limited to islands, esp. small islands, which are little more than towns, as: Delum uenit, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 46; confugisse Delum, 48; inde Sardiniam eum classe uenit. Man. 34; legiones per Italiam Regium atque inde Siciliam, porro ex Sicilia in Africam transuectae, Sal. Iug. 28, 6; pergit nauigare Peloponnesum Samem Zacynthumque, Liv. 36, 42, 4; 6. even Aegyptum in good prose, coniectans eum Aegyptum iter habere, Caes. b. c. 3, 106, 1; 7. freely so in poets, including other words. Italiam fato profugus Lauique uenit Littora, Verg. 1, 2; Speluncam Dido dux et Troianum eandem Deuenient, 4, 124; Arentemque feror Libyen, Lucan. 1, 687; Mittitur Haemoniam, Stat. Ach. 2, 247; 8. in is required when to the acc. of a city urbem, oppidum etc. is added, as: neque quis alius meliores in oppidum Thermesum, introducto, CIL 204, 2; dicitur se contulisse Tarquinius in urbem Etruriae florentissimam, Cic. rep. 2, 34; Thalam peruenit in oppidum magnum atque opulentum, Sal. Iug. 75, 1; peruenit in oppidum Cirtam, 102, 1; Regillum antequam in patriam se contulerat, Liv. 3, 58, 1; 9. with vbs. of distribution, among, between, through, Atheniensis, unde humanitas doctrina religio in omnes terras distribuita putatur, Cic. Flac. 62; in omne corpus diuiso cibo, diu. 2, 57; cibus a corde in totum corpus distribuitur per uenas, N. D. 2, 137; sanguis per uenas in omne corpus diffunditur, 138; Thracia in Rheometalen filium, inque phiberos Cotys diuiditur, Tac. an. 2, 67; 10. hence in phrases of distribution, every, each, the, per, with or without singuli, pro eo agro Langenses inopulicum Genuam dent in anos singulos (uictoratos) (nummos) cccc, CIL 190, 25; in eo agro in singula iugera dena cullea uini fiunt, Cato orig. 10, 25 I; in singula conclauia trienolet lectos, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 58; add 2, 133; Caecil. 30; Pont. 19; Balb. 48; iam ad denarios 1 in singulos modios annona perueniat, Caes. b. c. 1, 52; Diuidere argenti diuiti nummos in uiros, Pl. Aul. 1, 2, 30; tempora in horas commutari uides, Cic. Att. 14, 20, 4; ut utrum in dies crescat, top. 62; quingenos denarios pretium in capita, per head, Liv. 34, 50, 6; add 2, 12, 10; 2, 33; 11, 21, 11, 11; Vt cum circibus sese effundere quadrigae, Addunt (sc. gradum), cf. Pl. Trin. 4, 3, 3; in spatia etc., Verg. G. 1, 513—increase its speed with every lap of the race; add A. 5, 61; Hor. s. 2, 7, 10; A. P. 160; Suet. Caes. 38; 11. so far in pl., also in sing., though rarely, and only in a few phrases, se ternis nummis in pedem tecum transiegiis, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 1, 3; subiectioni in diem et horam Inuidiae noster, Hor. s. 2, 6, 47; in diem (day by day) ex aequo conuenarum turba renascitur, Plin. 5, 73; but in Liv. 31, 29, 15 natura quae perpetua est, non mutabilibus in diem causis hostes sunt, like in tempus, for a time or to serve the purpose of the moment; 12. of services conferred, to, magna eius in me non dico officia sed merita, Cic. fam. 11, 17, 1; de suis factis consiliis meritis in reuincibilis aggressus esse dicere, orat. 133; 13. more frequently of unfriendly deeds, to, against, upon, Si in me exercitus (sc. pugnos), quaeso in parietem ut primum domos, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 168; in pauciores audios alteratior, Aul. 3, 5, 12; in bello saepius nundicatum est in eos qui contra imperium in hostem pugnaverant, Sal. Cat. 9, 4; prima acie pulsa in secundam pugnatam (Romanus), Liv. 30, 34 f.; quorum in aliquem saeuimus sit, 3, 9, 9; saeuique cantum latratus in auras, Verg. 5, 257; cum in Blaesium multa foedaque incausasset, Tac. an. 6, 2, 5 (5, 7); in hos expeditionem ipse sumpsit, Flor. 2, 23 (4, 12, 6); uos prius in me strinxeritis ferrum quam in uos ego, Liv. 7, 40, 10; qui non iurauerit, in se

hunc gladium strictum esse sciat, 22, 53, 12; add Ov. nux 174; 14. of the object on which anything is bestowed or spent, on, upon, uti in porticum paganism reficiendam pecuniam consumeret, CIL 571, 13; sumtus quos fecisti in eam, Ter. Heec. 4, 4, 63; si est aequum praedam ac manubias suas imperatores non in monumenta decorum neque in urbis ornata conferre, Cic. agr. 2, 61; fructus ingenium maximum capitur, quum in proximum quicunque confertur, am. 70; ut nullus terentius insumatur in quemquam, Att. 5, 17, 2; qui maiorem sumptum in prandium fecerunt, Verr. 2, 4, 22; quam in rem... impendi, res gest. Aug. 3, 32; yet with pono, consumo, colloco an abl. is preferred; 15. of the new form into which anything is changed, into, to, quid interest urum ex homine se conuertat quis in beluam an... Cic. off. 3, 82; in nona fert animus mutatas dicere formas Corpora, Ov. M. 1, 1, 1; In rabiem coepit uerti iocus, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 149; 16. hence of results, in, inimia illae licentia Profecto enadit in aliquod magnum malum, Ter. Ad. 3, 4, 64; quae tamen (sc. pestilentia) in morbos longos quam in perniciosos euadit, Liv. 27, 23, 6; Itraeos taxi torquentur in arcus, Verg. G. 2, 448; aqua marina... in dimidia partem decoquenda, Colum. 12, 24, 1; totum stagnum in saleu abit, Plin. 31, 73; exit hic animi tenor aliquid in rigorem quandam toruitumque naturae, 7, 79; add Lucan. 5, 410; 17. hence of extremities in form, ut turpiter arum Desinat in piscem mulier formosa superne, Hor. A. P. 4; huic (sc. populo albae) uetustiora (folia) in angulos exeunt, Plin. 16, 86; in easdem quae Castor litteras exit, Quint. 1, 5, 60; in a atque s litteras exire, 61; (nomina) quae aut in a aut in es exeunt, Char. S. P. 20, 3 K; 18. with vbs. of division or union, into, Gallia est omnis diuisa in partes tres, Caes. b. g. 1, 1; in duodecim menses describit (not describit) annum, Liv. 1, 19, 6; in sex partes diuisus exercitus, 6, 4, 10; fragilis mortalitas in partes ista digessit, and soon: inferis quoque (nummulus) in genera descriptis? (sc. Decl. ass. descriptis), Plin. 2, 15; Inde coire globum quasi in unum, Lucr. 5, 665; coalescere in populi uisus corpus, Liv. 1, 8, 1; 19. of translations, interpretations, into, as: annales Acilianos ex Graeco in Latinum sermonem uertit, Liv. 25, 39, 12; Equidem pl in eam partem accipio, Ter. Eun. 5, 2, 37; ne ea in snam contumeliam uertat, Caes. b. c. 1, 8, 3; quaeque alia in deum iras uertat, Liv. 4, 9, 3; 20. on (to note in with abl. on of § 54), filium in humeros suos extulit, Cic. or. 1, 228; tanquam in aram confugitis ad deum, N. D. 3, 25; Deiotaurum in equum sustulerunt, Deiot. 28; in equum insit, Liv. 6, 7, 2; 21. of direction, into, to, towards, on, Fleximus in laeum cursus, Ov. tr. 1, 10, 17; Mille pedes in fronte, trecentos cippus in agrum hic dabat, Hor. s. 1, 8, 12; Britannia spatio ac caelo in orientem Germaniae in occidentem Hispaniae obtenditur, Tac. Agr. 10; supina (sc. manus) in sinistram latus, prona in alterum fertur, Quint. 11, 3, 99; in laeum, Stat. Th. 2, 218; in dextrum, silu. 2, 6, 65;—more commonly ad in this sense; 22. esp. of dimensions, murum in altitudinem pedum xvi, Caes. b. g. 1, 8, 1; castra amplius milibus passuum octo in latitudinem patebant, 2, 7 f.; but in 2, 5, 6, ass. in altitudine; and in 7, 46, 3 ass. divided between longitudinem and latitudinem; hanc regionem diuerum plus triginta (iter) in longitudinem, decem in latitudinem patentem, Liv. 38, 59, 6; emunio situ in longitudinem vi passuum, in latitudinem paulo minus, Plin. 6, 139; add 137 and 163; 23. of sight, Quid nunc supina sursum in caelum conspiciat? Pl. Cist. 2, 3, 78; eis (nom. pl.) consistunt pro aede Castoris in forum uersus, CIL 107, 17; Inspicere tanquam in speculum in uitas omnium, Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 61; in cuius fortunas non oculos defigit? Cic. Phil. 11, 10; in te unum atque in tuum nomen se tota conuortet ciuitas, rep. 6, 12; Belgae spectant in septentrionem et orientem solem, Caes. b. g. 1, 1, 6; agrum nisi qui in uentum fauonium spectet... Varr. r. 1, 24, 1; 24. with uersus attached, ille supra Maleam in Italiam uersus nauigatorum erat, Serv. ap. Cic. fam. 4, 12, 1; castra mouet in Arnens uersus, Caes. b. g. 7, 8 f.; in Galliam mouet castra mouere, Stat. Ec. 56, 4; in Palatium u., Vell. 1, 15, 3; in urbem u., Plin. ep. 10, 88 (82) f.; 25. also of thoughts, in unum anim consilium ut acie dimicaret iu-

tentus, Liv. 37, 31, 4; totam curam in belli apparatusu intentus, 37, 36 f.; add Curt. 3, 1, 21 (3, 3); **26.** of power or authority, over, Meum opinor imperium in te, non in me tibi, Pl. Pers. 3, 1, 15; Eone es ferox quia habes imperium in beluas? Ter. Eun. 3, 1, 25; ne tandiu quidem dominus erit in suos, dum..., Cie. Rose. Am. 78; iuri in uxores, sicuti in liberos, uitae neeque habent potestatem, Caes. b. g. 6, 19, 3; arbitrium in sua tela Ioui, Ov. F. 3, 316; quod populus in se ius dederit, eo usum, Liv. 3, 9, 5; Regum timorem in proprios greges, Reges in ipsos imperium esse Iouis, Hor. od. 3, 1, 5; nullum habere deum in praeterita ius praeterquam obliuio, Plin. 2, 27; **27.** feeling towards, for, against, whether friendly or not, meus animus erit in te liberosque tuos semper quem tu esse uis, Cie. fam. 5, 18 f.; consilio eius inanimus in me inimicissimo esse commotum, 5, 2, 9; si ferae partus suos diligunt, quia nos in liberos nostros indulgentia esse debemus? or. 2, 168; quo amore inflammati esse debemus in eiusmodi patriam quae...? 1, 196; **28.** of purpose, for, to, nullam pecuniam Gabinio nisi in rem militarem datam, Cie. Rab. Post. 34; haec ciuitas mulieri (in?) reddendum praebet, haec in collum, haec in crines, Verr. 2, 3, 76; quum delecta in illi sors esset, Liv. 21, 42, 2; qui et somno et cibo in uitam non in uoluptatem uteretur, Vell. 2, 41, 2; add 2, 27, 4; neque in hoc tamen ignibus ullis Aut gladiis opus est, Ov. M. 8, 77; Viri odoratum nocturna in lumina cedrnm, Verg. 7, 13; non has quae situm munus in usus, 4, 647; in duas res magnas id usui fore, Liv. 37, 15, 7; Natis in iussu laetitiae scyphis, Hor. od. 1, 27, 1; uiris in arma natis, Liv. 9, 9, 11; ut proconsuli creando in Hispaniam comitia haberetur, 26, 18, 4; **29.** of tendency, utrum hercle magis in uentris rem uidebitur, Pl. Pers. 3, 1, 14—to the interest (of); add Aul. 2, 1, 10; Ego quae in rem tuam sint ea uelim facias, Ter. Ph. 2, 4, 9; add Hee. 1, 2, 27; 2, 2, 7; Liv. 26, 44, 7; 35, 35, 13; and absol. in rem to the purpose, in rem fore credens uniuersos appellare, Sal. Cat. 20, 1; **30.** the tenor or purport of words, sense, effect, in eam sententiam quum multa dixisset, Cie. Att. 2, 22, 2; add fam. 2, 4, f. 9, 15, 4; in eandem sententiam loquitur Scipio, Caes. b. c. 1, 1, 4; add b. g. 1, 45, 1; **31.** of subject-matter of speech or writing, on, upon, either in favour, as: si quid tu in illum bene uoles loqui id loqui libebit, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 82; eum enarat Simonides apud Scopam cecinissetque id carmen quod in eum scripsisset, Cie. or. 2, 352; **32.** or in a neutral sense, illa in legem Caepionis oratio, Cie. Brut. 164; Callinachi epigramma in Ambraciotam Cleombrotum, Tusc. 1, 84; **33.** far more commonly, against, testes erunt, nulli in eos dicere licet, Quint. 5, 13, 8; in iudicio ne quid dicatur, stultum erat monere, nisi fieret, 4, 1, 11; add 5, 7, 56; 6, 3, 4, 6, 3, 28; 9, 2, 67; **34.** of a resulting form or appearance in abbreviated phrases, dilataque in speciem actione res ipsa sublata, Liv. 3, 9, f. 1; add 3, 40, 7; 4, 42, 4; Prop. 3, 27 (31); 3; in faciem Ne pingues unam in speciem nascentur oliuae, Verg. G. 2, 85; add Tac. h. 5, 23 f.; in formam, litteras in eandem formam attulere, an. 15, 24; uis auri non in formam pecuniae sed rudi pondere, 16, 1; in formulam, perinde ac si in hanc formulam omnia iudicia conclusa sint, Cie. Rose. com. 15; in leges, istuc... in leges meas (on my own terms) Dabo, Pl. As. 1, 3, 81; add Ter. Hant. 5, 2, 45; Liv. 23, 34, 1; 33, 30, 1; 42, 62, 5; in uerba, in the terms, iudicium in ea ipsa uerba quae Naeuius dabat recusasse, Cie. Quint. 63; in haec uerba L. Caecilii iures postulo, Liv. 22, 53, 12; irauit in mea uerba tota Italia, res gest. Aug. 5, 3; add Liv. 30, 43, 9; 31, 9, 9; 38, 38, 1; in numerum, to a measure, in (musical) time, illi inter se magna ui braecchia tollunt In numerum, Verg. G. 4, 175; B. 6, 27; **35.** esp. of invitations after, like the Fr. à la, Is homo exornetur Graphice in peregrinum modum, Quasi sit peregrinus, Pl. Trin. 3, 3, 38; ciues Romani scrullem in modum cruciati, Cie. Verr. 1, 5, 13; hostilem in modum, 2, 5, 73; natiuentis in modum, Liv. 5, 15, 4; add 37, 46, 8; superpositi turrim in exemplum Phari, Suct. Claud. 20; in pierilem habitum circumtonsam matronam, Aug. 45; **36.** in with acc., absol. for in modum, so as to look

like, like, quem pellis aenis In plumam squamis auro conserta tegebat, Verg. 11, 771; (cf. in modum plumae, Sal. ap. Serv. 1, c.); mensis in uenam crispis uel in uertices paruos, Plin. 13, 96; quum uir nubit in feminam, dig. 9, 7, 3; ad l. Iul. de adult.; Iupiter muguit in bonem, Apul. M. 6, 29; asinus...iacens in mortuam, 4, 5; hence Fr. phrases—en prince, en philosophe; **37.** of future time, for, until, to, Alium conuuium quaerito tibi in hunc diem, Pl. St. 3, 2, 25; add 4, 1, 12; solis defectiones itemque lunae praedicunt in multos annos, Cie. dia. 2, 17; ad cenam hominem inuitauit in posterum diem, off. 3, 58; add agr. 1, 4; hanc disputationem in aduentum differo, fam. 2, 3, 2; in posterum diem distulit, Deiot. 21; in reliquum tempus, Caes. b. g. 1, 20, 6; 3, 16, 4; dixit in noctem, Plin. ep. 4, 10, 14; dormiet in lucem, Hor. ep. 1, 18, 34; ea pars uicet nec in praesens modo sed in uenientem etiam annum M. Fabium L. Valerium consules dedit, Liv. 2, 42, 7; senatum in diem posterum edicunt, 3, 38, 13; **38.** with abl. of rest, in, in hisce habitat aedibus, Pl. Trin. p. 12; Cistellam isti inesse oportet caedem in isto uidulo, Rud. 4, 4, 89; inagro? Teurano, CIL 196, 30; quod in eo agro natum erit frumenti, 199, 26; ut puerum infantem in manibus perorantes tenerimus, Cie. orat. 131; ille erat in tribunali proximus, in cubiculo solus, in conuiuium domibus, Verr. 2, 3, 23; in eo conelauit ei eubandum fuisse, dia. 2, 20; attulit in cauea pullos, 2, 72; cum in hortis ambulauisset, aead. p. 51 (here the motion is limited to within); **39.** with the name of people, in the country of, quae etiam in Sabinis persequi soleo, Cie. sen. 46; in Persis augurantur et diuinant magi, dia. 1, 90; dum haec in Volseis geruntur, Liv. 2, 31, 1; in Aequis, 5, 28, 5; **40.** for the dat. of towns, but chiefly of ports and foreign towns, Itaque omnis se ultro sectari in Epheso memorat mulieres, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 183; Heri aliquot adulescentuli coimus in Piraeo, Ter. Eun. 3, 4, 1; nauis et in Caieta est parata nobis et Brundisii, Cie. Att. 8, 6; complures (naues) in Hespali (so mss, Nipp. ej. om. in) faciendas curauit, Caes. b. c. 2, 18, 1; in Cyne, 34, 14 f.; illud iusiurandum pro caecis in Marathone ac Salamine, Quint. 12, 10, 24; and 9, 2, 62; but in Val. M. 1, 8, ext. 7 Halm has Cramnomes; **41.** after a dat. of a town, in with abl. is at times added in appos., as: Albae constituntur in urbe opportuna munita propinqua, Cie. Phil. 4, 6; Neapoli in celeberrimo oppido, Rab. Post. 26; (in Arch. 4 Antiochie celebri quondam urbe—without); **42.** with a similar or other excuse, with urbe oppido etc. added the in is normal, cum ea plaga in Asia sit accepta, in Illyrico, in Cassiano negotio, in ipsa Alexandria, in urbe, in Italia, Cie. Att. 11, 16, 1; in Syene oppido... in Berenice urbe Troglodytarum, Plin. 2, 183; in Solis Ciliciae, 13, 5; mortuus est in Stymphalo Arcadiae oppido, Suet. uir. Ter.; in oppido Citho est mortuus, ps. Nep. Cim. 3, 4; **43.** in omitted at times by poets and in late prose bef. names of countries, Bellum ingens geret Italia, Verg. 1, 263; quos Imbras ipse Nutriat Lyeia, 12, 344; **44.** among, in the midst of, as first of persons (cf. § 40), Graeca leguntur in omnibus fere gentibus, Cie. Arch. 23; add dia. 1, 90; Caesaris erit in barbaris nomen obscurus, Caes. b. c. 1, 61, 3; non manus solum, sed nutus etiam... in mutis pro sermone sunt, Quint. 11, 3, 66; **45.** of things, Hoc quoque etiam mihi ille in mandatis dedit, Pl. Amph. p. 81; postulat eadem quae legatis in mandatis dederat, Caes. b. g. 1, 43, 9; Hic rarum tamen in dumis holus albaque cirium Lilia uerbenasque premens... Verg. G. 4, 131; Nam modo Parthenis amens errabat in antris, Prop. 1, 1, 11; **46.** hence included among, part of, one among, In his poeta hic nomen proficitur suum, Ter. Eun. p. 3; T. Roscius Capito qui in decem legatis erat, Cie. Rose. Am. 26; peto ut cum in tuis habeas, fam. 13, 78 f.; maiores natu... in quis fuit M. Scaurus, Sal. lug. 25, 4; nostri circiter LXX ceciderunt, in his Q. Fulginius, Caes. b. c. 1, 46, 4; **47.** within the range of, in, before, Quin extra inspicere in sole est (so W. Wagner cj.; mss et or e) uino solet, Pl. Aul. 3, 6, 29, in the sunshine; cum in sole ambulat, in the sun, Cie. or. 2, 60; istam uirtutem in oculis



clarissimae provinciae atque in auribus omnium gentium esse positam. Q. fr. 1, 1, 9; quae in ore atque in oculis provinciae gestae sunt, Verr. 2, 2, 81; diuitiae, decus gloria in oculis sita sunt, Sal. Cat. 20, 14; Iulianus in ore eius (with his face) ingulatur, Tac. h. 3, 77; in ore parentum liberos ingulatur, Sen. ben. 7, 10, 7; **48.** with abstr. nouns, to mark the state, in, Quanto in periculis et quanta in perniciem siet, Pl. Bac. 4, 7, 29; Quin si hoc celestium, in metu, sin pateat... (so T H K C), mss patefit agst. met. and gr.), Ter. Ph. 5, 4; eum necesse est aut in noliutate esse aut in dolore, Cic. fin. 1, 38; **49.** esp. of the position or light in which a person or thing is held by people, difficile est dictu quanto in odio simus apud exterarum nationes, Cic. Man. 65; apud eum sunt in honore et pretio, Rosc. Am. 77; ab ea ciuitate quae tibi una in amore et in deliciis erat, Verr. 2, 4, 3; si torus in pretio est, Ov. F. 6, 33; add 6, 179; 1, 217; 4, 405; **50.** in respect of, in reference to, of things, in disserendo mali... in disputando uafri, Cic. rep. 3, 26; in iure ciuili principes, Brut. 151; uexatur ab omnibus in eo libro quem scripsit de nita beata, Tusc. 5, 94; haec sit prima partitio, quod faecite dicatur, id alias in re habere, alias in uerbo faecit, or, 2, 248; uirum multiplex in uirtutibus, Vell. 2, 105, 2; M. Tullium in omnibus quae in quoque laudantur eminentissimum Quint. 12, 10, 12; **51.** in the case of, in reference to, in dealing with, in the person of, of men and animals, Di date... illi in aliis potius peccandi locum, Ter. Andr. 1, 4, 6; quod idem in bono sermo dici solet, Cic. or. 2, 248; lapsa est lubido in muliere ignota, dolor ad pauciores pertinet, quam si petulans fuisset in aliqua generosa uirgine, parad. 20; add off. 1, 140; 2, 50; fam. 10, 28, 3; 12, 22, 4; se id quod in Neruis fecisset facturum, Caes. b. g. 2, 32, 2; in hominibus impiis sceleris eorum obliuio de poena disserunt, Sal. Cat. 51, 15; misericordes in furibus acri, 52, 12; ausurum se in tribunis quod principes familiae suae ausus in regibus esset, Liv. 3, 17, 8; illud neu tibi in me neu mihi in minoribus natu animi sit ut... 28, 43, 8; add 6, 22, 4; scelus est pietas in coniuge Tereo, Ov. M. 6, 635; nimiumque in pacis saeculae, 4, 547; add tr. 5, 2, 30; am. 1, 7, 34; nunquam talibus armis Ante nisi in damis capreisque fugeabus usus, M. 1, 442; **52.** hence with vbs. such as uri, ardere, commoueri, in hac commotus sum, Ter. Eun. 3, 5, 19; quid in hospite regia uirg Veris? Ov. M. 7, 21; add Hor. epod. 11, 4; merito deus arsit in illa, Ov. M. 8, 50; **53.** dressed in, wearing, armed with, Horridus in iaculis et pelle Libystidis ursae, Verg. 5, 37; seruus patibulo adfixus in isdem anulis quos acceptos a Vitellio gestabat, Tac. h. 4, 3; trifida Neptunus in hasta, Val. F. 1, 641; add 5, 463; and perh.: deponere illam personam in qua me saepe illi probavi, Cic. fam. 7, 33, 2; cf. am. 93; Rosc. com. 20; **54.** on, Ni herede defugeritis talos posthac quemque in tegulis Videritis..., Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 1; ipse coronam habebat unam in capite, alteram in collo, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 27; quid legati in equis et tribuni? Pis. 60; ut eum nemo unquam in equo sedentem uiderit, Verr. 2, 5, 27; equitare in arundine longa, Hor. s. 2, 3, 248; qui priorem (porticum) eodem in solo fecerat, res gest. Aug. 4; add aedem Libertatis in Auentino, ib. 4, 6; **55.** in equis, of one riding in carriage so drawn, Vectus es in niueis Postume uictor equis, Ov. F. 6, 724; Quattuor in niueis aureis ibis equis, a. a. 1, 214; **56.** over (a river, as a bridge), pons in libero prope effectus erat, Caes. b. c. 1, 62, 3; add b. g. 2, 6; ponte subitio tum primum in Tiberi facto, Liv. 1, 33, 6; add ps. Nep. Milt. 3, 1; **57.** in vessels out of wh. one drinks, and so for ex, Merumque in auro ueteris Assaraci trahunt, Sen. Ag. 936; bibere in ossibus caputem, Flor. 1, 38 (3, 4, 2); humanum sanguinem in ossibus caputem cauis bibentes, Amm. M. 26, 4; **58.** in the place of, in the light of, as, quem Thracius olim Anchisae genitor in magno munere Cisseus Ferre... dederat, Verg. 5, 537; **59.** of time, in, during, in the course of, feci ego istae itidem in adolescentia, Pl. Bac. 3, 3, 6; nolo me in tempore hoc (under present circumstances) uideat senex, Ter. Andr. 4, 5, 1; ut pater, Tam in breui spatio omnem de me eiecerit animum patris, Haut. 5, 2, 2; nihil in nita se M. Antoni simile fecisse, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 213; in hoc interdicto non

solet addi in hoc anno, fam. 15, 16, 3; **60.** hence within... after, in such phrases as: in diebus x quibus uobis tabelati datai erunt, faciatis ntei dismota sient, CIL 196, 29; in diebus x proxum(eis) quibus (hance) (legem) populus plebes iouerit, facito utci... 198, 12; add 62 and 68; 200, 77 and 78; Fere in diebus paucis quibus haec acta sunt, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 77; but in Cic. Rosc. Am. 105 such in is omitted; **61.** often with numer. distr. or adv., deiciens in die mutat locum (sc. mistela), Pl. St. 3, 2, 45; bis in die faciat (gallinas), Cato r. Sg (90); quem semel aut in nita risisse, Cic. fin. 5, 92; uix ter in anno audire nuntium possunt, Rosc. Am. 132; add Tusc. 5, 100; has in anno bis tondent, Varr. r. 2, 11, 8; (in om. Verg. B. 2, 42; 3, 34); **62.** confusion between acc. and abl. in many phrases, due partly to fauit pron. of final m, partly to denoting it by a line above—as vbs. of mere putting often take an abl., scopas in asserculo aligato, Cato r. 152 (153); ut se abiceret in herba, Cic. or. 1, 28; anulum in mari abiecerat, fin. 5, 92; auis quae se in mari mergeret, N. D. 2, 124; omnem curam in siderum cognitione posterunt, din. 1, 93; apud Patronem te in maxima gratia posui, Att. 5, 11, 3; tabulae testamenti Romani erant allatae ut in aerario ponerentur, Caes. b. c. 3, 108, 4; **63.** esp. in perf. tenses, non tuus leuis in mala Deditus (held as prisoner to) uir adultera, Catul. 61, 101; Et semel in pugnae studio quod dedit mens est, Lucr. 3, 647; add 4, 815; omnes naues afflictae atque in litore eiectae esse, Caes. b. g. 5, 10, 2; **64.** conversely acc. for abl., quae acer populus (populi) Romani in terram Italiam P. Mucio L. Calpurnio (cos.) fuit, CIL 200, 1; inde laterenlos facito, coquito in fornacem, Cato r. 39, 2; brassicum in aquam macerare oportet, 156, 5; acedus templi dimi Aug... quod est in Palatium, inser. Or. 2446; Sum uero nere uerbero, nam numero mihi in mentem fuit, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 25; Qui tibi nunc istuc in mentemst? 2, 2, 4; add Bac. 1, 2, 49; quae eorum (in) amicitiam populi Romani... manserunt, CIL 200, 75; ab exteris nationibus quae in amicitiam populi Romani dicionemque essent, Cic. Caecil. 66 (but sen. 41 mss: in amicitia); nunquam ambigua fide in amicitiam (so MP) p. Romani fuerant, Liv. 6, 2, 3; in potestatem in some mss: Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 98; Phil. 3, 8; Liv. 2, 14, 4 and 24, 1, 13; cf. Gell. 1, 7, 16; in custodiam habito, Tac. h. 1, 87 (Halm); but in Liv. 22, 25, 6 Madv. has in custodia h.; perh. this m may be a dat. suff. as in interim for interibi, in postquam, in G. dem, Eng. him; **65.** in the old lang. final m of acc. often omitted, as: ex eis terminis recta regione inriuo? Vindupale. ex riuo Vindupale... CIL 199, 9; sorticolam unam beaxum ... inmannat? dato, 198, 51; cf. above § 1; **66.** in is at times omitted in a second of two connected clauses, ego in ista sum sententia qua te fuisse scio, Cic. leg. 3, 33; in eadem causa sunt qua ante quam nati, 1, 49; non in plebe coerenda quam senatu castigando uehementer fuit, Liv. 3, 19, 4; **67.** in often a proclitic, as marked \* above; so a single scene of Pl. Truc. 1, 2 has instrumentis, 23; inurbem, 27; inaeuidus, 29; inmalam, 43; inhorro and innocet, 48; inse, 50; **68.** also as enclitic, esp. after rel.; old form en, CIL 195, 5; cf. endo; **IV 69.** in in comp. v. vbs. denotes down, as: inclino bend down, inflecto bend down; **70.** into, in, into enter; induco lead in; **71.** against, at, infero carry against; illido dash against; inuolo fly at; imputo score against; **72.** at, over, ingemo groan at; illacrumo weep over; **73.** on, inungo place on (as a yoke); induo put on; induco draw on or over; impero impose (as a duty); **74.** inaudito hear as a secret; **V 75.** in in comp. w. adj. down, incurrus bent down; **76.** in comp. in becomes in bef. m b p; assim. bef. l r; **VI 77.** in in root-syll., =er, G. ein; hence inus for in-inus, eu-, er-epo, er-epbo; and with ex-er, d or t, inde down; sub-inde up and down; endo, indu of indu-perator, ind of indigeo indigea indiges; edovo below, within, and (decap.) nouos nepben, reos weatos, nouo lower; neu-u, neath, nether; Lat. inter, G. unter, E. under, Skr. ni down and into; Lith. nu down; Chin. ni vb. descend; **78.** orig. mean down, which referred to earth, leads to on if stopped, into if not stopped; cf. Key's Essays, p. 57.

2 *in*, insepar. prep. = *ava*, as in vbs., see an.

3 *in*, prefix of part. and adj. [see below] ill (male), informis ill-shapely; i-gnominis (imp. in ignominia), of bad name; innidus, driving the evil eye;

2. negative, first w. adj. insanus = male-sanus, unsound; indoctus, untaught; inutilis, useless; 3. with imperf. part., insciens, not knowing; indiens, not speaking; infans, not speaking; 4. with perf. part., indoctus, untaught; infectus, not done; indietus, not said; 5. = *av* or a priv., an or a of like power in Skr., Gael. an (ill, as in an-dan foolhardy, from dan bold; an-diune wicked man, from diune man; intens, as in an-fluach excessive cold, from fluach cold; anradh violent weeping, from radh tears), G. un (as in un-kraut weed = mala herba; un-wetter bad weather; un-tiefe of water too deep or too shallow); Dutch on; Norse o; 6. or with a w, as in Du. van-dand misdeed; wanhoop, and our wan-ton (from wan-town) ill brought-up, wanhoop; cf. malus; and Key's Essays, p. 127.

*in-ardescere*, *äre*, *ärui*, vb. [an prep., up] flare up, blaze up, be lighted up, acria nules Solis inardescit radiis, Verg. 8, 623; Nec munus umbris effluat Herculis Inarsit aestuosus, Hor. epod. 3, 17; add Plin. 13, 140; 2. met. nune inardescunt genae; Pallor ruborem pelit, Sen. Herc. Oct. 254; Quint. 11, 3; 2. Tac. an. 6, 38 (32).

*in-arescere*, *äre*, *ärui*, vb. [an up, away] dry up, become quite dry, cum tectorum inaruit, Colum. 1, 6, 14; nec patiantur ante maturitatem fructum inarescere, a. 24, 3; add 2, 13, 2; 4, 7, 2; Pall. 11, 22; 12, 7, 4; Cels. 5, 17 f.; Vitruv. 7, 3, 3 and 6; Plin. 26, 66; 28, 163; 31, 61 and 81; Quint. 6, 1, 27; 2. met. ne nimia profusione inarescat (liberalitas), Plin. ep. 2, 4 f.

1 *in-äro*, *äre*, vb. [in in, down], plough in, bury by ploughing, utis si inara sit sementa sua concidito et ibidem inarato infodito, Cato r. 37, 3; fabula pro stercore inarare, Varr. r. 1, 23, 3; Colum. 2, 2, 11; 2, 5, 2; Plin. 18, 169.

2 *in-äro*, *äre*, vb. [an up, out], to plough up, inarari proflatus solus opus est, Plin. 18, 136; si quis ut aut clam agrum inaraverit, Ulp. dig. 43, 23, 9.

*in-audio*, (older *ind-audio* by ej. of Bothe) *äre*, vb. [in or an?] hear as a secret, hear whispered, overhear, Metuo ne de hac re quippiam indaudierit (ass. inaud. agst. met.), Pl. Most. 3, 1, 11; Credo ego illum iam indaudisse (ass. inaudisse) mihi esse thesaurum domi, Aul. 2, 2, 88; but in Mil. 2, 2, 56 read with A. (inaudiri BCD): Nam os communitatum poetae esse audiri barbaro; ne ille inaudiat, Afran. 68 R; but in Nov., Pac., and Cie. ad Pans. ap. Non. 12 read the simple vb.; nam Aquini consilia sunt inita de me quae te video inaudisse, Cie. fam. 9, 24, 1; deinde me obscuras ne obliuiscer negligere. Numquid de quo inaudisti? Att. 6, 1, 20; re Galibus inaudita, fore ut huic ab illo periculum crearetur..., Balb. 11.

*in-ällesco*, *äre*, *calui*, vb. [an up or of beginning] begin to be hot or warm, quum incalescente sole dispulsa nebula aperuisset diem, Liv. 22, 6, 9; anni tempore iam incalescente, Colum. 2, 4, 1; incalescent uino, Liv. 1, 57, 8; aestas suo tempore incalescit, Sen. n. 9, 3, 16; 2. met. Ov. M. 2, 87; Pont. 3, 4, 30; her. 11, 25; Prop. 5 (4), 7, 28.

*in-alfacio*, *äre*, vb. [id.], begin to heat or warm, si culmos Titan inalfacit udos, Ov. F. 4, 919; add M. 15, 735.

*in-candesco*, *äre*, *candui*, vb. [an fire up, begin to be of a white heat, Ut uetus accensis incanduit ignibus ara, Ov. M. 12, 12; uolat illud (lead from a sling) et incandescit eundo, 2, 728; 2. become quite white, alto pulvere incanduit, Plin. pan. 30; 3. met. become quite hot, Verg. G. 3, 479.

*inchoöo*, (better *inchoöo*\*) *äre*, vb. tr., begin (esp. a building with certain religious rites), lay the foundations of, inaugurate, Tum Stygio regi nocturnas inchoat\* (so FM) aras, Verg. 6, 252; wh. Serv.: inchoat\* est uerbum sacro-

rum; Neue inde naus inchoando exordium, Enn. tr. 252 V; candem basilicam... (inchoauit\* et si uius non perfectissim perferi ab herediis iussu), res gest. Aug. 4, 14; nouum delubrum cum... inchoares, Cie. dom. 132; inchoatam\* (sc. nam) a diuo Nerua perfectiendam curauit, inser. Or. 783 (R. 102); operis inchoandi (sic) causa, 1798; taurobolium fecerunt...; inchoatum est sacrum inu nonas Maia, consummatum est nonis eisdem, 2325; nullam in Nemorensi a fundamentis inchoatam, Suet. Caes. 46; 2. hence inchoatum as sb. n. foundation, schola... ab inchoato extructa, 4088; ab inchoato domos exstruunt, Colum. 4, 3, 1; 3. met., Qui exaedificaret suum inchoatum igniuiam, Pl.

Trin. 1, 2, 95; Hanc inchoatum transigam comediand, Amph. 3, 1, 8; Magna Caecilio inchoata\* (so D) mater (of a poem), Catul. 35, 18; inchoatam\* (miss indotatam) Dindym domum, 35, 13; expediti quae restant mix poterunt si hoc inchoatum\* reliquies, Cie. rep. 1, 55; inchoatam\* (imperfect) quiddam et confusum sonantes, 3, 3; quas res nos in consulatione nostro gessimus, attigit hic nersibus atque inchoauit, Areh. 28; add orat. 33; Brut. 20; fin. 4, 34 (bis); leg. 1, 44; prou. cons. 19; acad. post. 9; off. 3, 10 and 33; diu. 1, 118; Quam sibi mens fieri proponit et inchoat ipsa, Lucr. 3, 183; Te sine nil alium mens inchoat\*, Verg. G. 3, 42; mentio quae inchoata affinitatis, Liv. 29, 23, 3; Vitae summa breuis spem nos uetat inchoare (inchoare\* F, inchoare T), Hor. od. 1, 4, 15; dies status inchoanda (quidam), Plin. 11, 35; reges (sc. apium) plures inchoantur ne desint, 11, 51; serenitas des inluclacit lumine inchoat\*, Front. ad Ant. p. 103, Naber; 4. vb. intr., chiefly in part., inchoante Martio, Pall. 3, 25, 20; mense inchoante, 33; inchoantibus canicularibus diebus, 8, 7; moris est ut munus huiusmodi a profectiscentibus inchoet, Symm. ep. 7, 75; 5. with infin., Lucan. 10, 174; Pall. 13, 2; 6. inchoare\* (ueteres nostri) dixerunt, Gell. 2, 3, 3; maiores dicebant incho\*, Serv. ad G. 3, 223; inchoo: sic dicendum putat Iulius Modestus quia sit compositum a chao initio rerum; sed Verrius [et] Flaccus in postrema\* syllaba aspirandum probauerunt, cohnum enim apud ueteres mundum significat, Diom. 305, 16 K; inchoo\*: quidam putant inchoo debere dici, imperitissime, nam..., Prob. 38, 27 K.

1 *in-cido*, (ceido), *äre*, *cidi*, *cisus*, vb. [caedo], cut into, cut in, cut, uti hoc in tabulam ahenam incidenter, CIL 196, 27; quae ille in aere incidit, Cie. Phil. 1, 16; ut esset quod in basi tropeorum incidit posset, Pis. 92; id in aere incisum nobis tradiderunt, Verg. 2, 4, 145; tabulam in qua nomina ciuitate donatorum incisa essent, fam. 13, 36, 1; add Mil. 87; non trabibus aut saxis nomen tum sed monumentis aeternae laudis inciditur, Plin. pan. 54 f.; teueris quae meos incidere amores Arboribus, Verg. B. 10, 53; Verbaque correctis incidere talia ceris, Ov. M. 9, 529; ferroque incidit acuto Perpetuos dentes, S. 245; scapello circa uulnus incidere, Cels. 5, 27, 3; uena sub ala (columbae) inciditur, Plin. 29, 126; 2. esp. of the surgeon, incidere corpora mortuorum, Cels. pr. p. 4, 35 Dar.; uterum hominum alium atque praecordia incidit, pr. p. 7, 17; incidere uinum corpora, 12, 35; inciditur interdum inguen, interdum serotum, 7, 19, p. 298, 4.

2 *in-cido*, *äre*, *cidi*, *cisus*, vb. [an = *ava*, off, through, caedo], cut off, cut away, cut, Mopse naus incide fales, tibi ducitur uxor, Verg. B. 8, 29; si rectum limitem rupti torrentibus pontes incidenter, circumire cogenur, Quint. 2, 14, 16; 2. esp. cut off the seal of a deed, and so cancel it, cum mutata noluntate incidit testamentum suum, Marc. dig. 28, 4, 3; si cancellauit testamentum suum uel incidit, Ulp. dig. 29, 1, 15, 1; add 29, 1, 20, 1; 37, 11, 1, 10; 3. cut through, cut, scalarum gradus si alios talos, alios incidas, nonnullos male haerentes reliquias, ruinae periculum struas, non ascensum pares, Caec. ap. Cie. fam. 6, 7, 3; linum (sc. tabellarum) incidimus, legimus, Cato. 3, 10; si quis tabulas quidem non aperit naturaliter, linum autem incidit..., Ulp. dig. 29, 5, 3, 23; incidat inciderö finem (mooring rope), Verg. 3, 608; 4. with acc. of what is left, prune, etia incidenter, falce, Verg. B. 3, 11; and met., illi qui mihi pennas incidenter, uolunt easdem

renasci, Cic. Att. 4, 2, 5; 5. met. cut short, stop, poema ad Caesarem quod institueram incidere, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 1, 11; Nec luisse pudet sed non incidere ludum, Hor. ep. 1, 14, 36; nouas incidere lites, Verg. B. 9, 14; inciditur omnis deliberatio si intellegitur non posse fieri, Cic. or. 2, 336; breuis interrogatio sermonem incidit, Liv. 32, 37, 5; non omnia diuiti Inciditque pudor quae prope dixit amor, Albin. 3, 7; Si quis forte deus tantis incidit actus, Sil. 3, 78; Tandem haec singula verba incidente profatur, Stat. Th. 9, 884; ipsam quam premis horam casus incidit, Sen. ep. 101, 5; 6. esp. w. spem, spe incisa Appius mortem sibi conscuit, Liv. 3, 58, 6; si spes honoris latoribus earum (rogationum) incidant, 6, 39, 10; add 35, 31, 7; 44, 13, 3; 7. and nervos, hamstring, paralyse, qui nervos uirtutis incidit, Cic. acad. post. 35; legionum nostrorum nervos nonne his consiliis incidemus? Phil. 12, 8; add agr. 2, 47; in C. Anton. p. 944, 39 Bait.; 8. close a sentence with a full stop, in omnibus numeris aequaliter particula decaet incidere an... Cic. orat. 205; add 226; 9. hence incisum as sb. n. a short sentence = κομμη, invented by Cic., nescio cur cum Graeci κομμη and κομμη nomen, nos non recte incisa et membra dicamus, Cic. or. 211; add 223; Quint. 9, 4, §§ 22, 32, 44, 122; 10. adv. incise, incisum, in a short, abrupt phrase, o Mare Druse, patrem appellat: duo laeae binis pedibus incisum, Cic. orat. 213; quae incisum efferrunt, ea uel aptissime cadere debent, ut est apud me: Domus tibi deat? At habebas. Pecunia superabat? At egebas. Haec incise dicta sunt quattuor, 223; add 225.

1 **inclinis**, e, adj. [in down, a lost vb. clino, clēre, = κλινω], bent down, sonat omni uulnere vertex inclinis, Val. F. 4, 308; inclinis atque humilis, Minue, Oct. 3 f.

2 **in-clinis**, e, adj. [in neg.], unbending, Manil. 1, 506.  
**in-clino**, āre [in down], vb. trans. intr.\* r., bend down, lay down, sink, Nam iam inclinabo me cum liberta tua (perh. ad epulas), Pl. Pers. 5, 8, 7; inclinatur enim retroque recellit (terra), Lucr. 6, 573; Sic super Actaeae agillis Cyllenitis arces Inclinat cursus, Ov. M. 2, 720; Parsque bonum fulvis genua inclinarat ārenis, 11, 355; Al mihi non oculos quisquam inclinauit (closed) euntes, Prop. 5 (4), 7, 25; inclinato ad dextrum capite, Quint. 11, 3, 119; add 69; and Mart. 1, 76, 8; ut se (psalidie) nec inclinare ualeant ac dolentius subrigant, Cacl. Aur. t. 5, 1, 6;  
 2. stupri causa, maritos, Iuv. 9, 260; discipulos, 10, 224;  
 3. of the sun going down, inclinato iam in postmeridianum tempus diei, Cic. Tusc. 3, 7; prius sol meridie se inclinauit quam..., Liv. 9, 32, 6; Inclinare meridiem Sentis, Hor. od. 3, 28, 5; Sed iumenta nocant et sol inclinatus\*, Iuv. 3, 316;  
 4. met. bend down, sink lower, go down, change for the worse, ut me paullum inclinari timore uiderunt, Cic. Att. 3, 13, 2; tam improvidum qui ab excitata fortuna ad inclinatum et prope incertum desicerem, fam. 2, 16, 1; tam paucis diebus magna erat rerum facta commutatio ac se fortuna inclinauerat, Caes. b. c. 1, 52, 3; si fortuna belli inclinet\*, Liv. 3, 61, 4; inclinatus rebis, 3, 16, 5; add 8, 35, 2; 9, 12, 3; 42, 59, 4; in te omnis domus inclinata reuertitur, Verg. 12, 58; qua aestate Caesar tam prospere finivit in Sicilia bellum, fortuna inclinatus\* ad orientem, Vell. 2, 82, 1; add 2, 52, 4; inclinatus iam moribus, Plin. 35, 162; iulitia magistratum meliora ferme et finis inclinatus\*, Tac. an. 15, 21; si primus inclinasse eloquentiam dicitur, Quint. 10, 1, 80; inclinata rerum, Sil. 6, 119;  
 5. esp. of disease, approach its end by cure, take a decided turn for good, quaelam remedia incescentibus morbis, plura inclinatis, Cels. 3, 2, p. 75, 30 Dar.; add p. 76, 6; si febris sese inclinauerat, 3, 4, p. 79, 30; inclinatio morbo, Plin. 23, 82;  
 6. in mil. lang. give way, ut Hostius cecidit, confestim Romana inclinatur acies fusaque est, Liv. 1, 12, 3; tum demum impulsu Latini perculsaque inclinatus\* acies, 2, 20, 11; ut aliquandiu in neutram partem inclinaretur\* acies, 7, 33, 7; tum primum inclinari rem in fugam apparuit, 12, 33, 7; add 34, 28, 11; 7. gen. bend, swerve, turn, turn aside, inclinare\* necesses Corpora, Lucr. 2, 243; inclinari ad indicem, Quint. 11, 3, 132; quam omnem culpam in collegam inclinaret, Liv. 5, 8, 12;  
 8. of the mind, incline to or towards, be favourably dis-

posed to, si se dant et sua sponte quo impellimus inclinant atque propendunt..., Cic. or. 2, 187; quam uellem te ad Stoicos inclinasses, fin. 3, 10; cum sententia senatus inclinaret\* ad pacem, sen. 16; ita dubii quoque inclinatus\* ad nomina danda, Liv. 4, 26, 12; inclinatus\* sententia ut in Thessaliam agmen demitteret (not demittere, as Fore.); add 7, 9, 5\*; 27, 46, 7; pluribus hisee (sc. bonis)... inclinet\*, Hor. s. 1, 3, 71; in stirpem regiam inclinare\* studiis, Curt. 10, 7, 12, 23); 9. in gram. decline, partim hoc in loco aduerbium est neque in casus inclinatio, Gell. 10, 13, 1; 10. or be derived, a uocabulis non a verbo inclinata sunt, 3, 12, 3; add 4, 9, 12; 18, 5, 9; 11. note constr. with ad, with in, w. a dat. in Hor., w. ut and subj.

**in-concilio**, āre, vb. [in = an of reversal] unfelt so to say, tear up what has been made by felting—hence met. make oakum of, tear to rags, accuratum habuit quod posset mali faceret in me, inconciliatior copias omnis mens, Pl. Bac. 3, 6, 22; Inconciiliastin eum qui mandatuisti tibi? Trin. 1, 2, 99; Ne inconciliare quid nos porro postules, Most. 3, 1, 85; non inconciliat quom te amo (my purchase of you), Pers. 5, 2, 53; inconciliantibus Esmi socis, itin. Alex. M. 82 Mai.

**in-cresco**, ēre, crēui, vb. [in = an, up] grow up, maxime eo (sc. cibo) eget qui increscit, Cels. 1, 3, p. 20, 34; ne cum increuerint (arbores), ombument, Colum. 3, 21 f.; fibris increuit opimum Pingue, Pers. 3, 22; 2. met. grow up, increase, Tum magis increscut animis discordibus irae, Verg. 9, 688; increscentis audaciae, Liv. 1, 33, 8; uidentur morbus an increscat an consistat an minuat, and soon: increscentibus morbis, Cels. 3, 2, p. 75, 29; una secunda respiratio increscat oportet, Quint. 11, 3, 49; uno gradu increuerat, 8, 4, 4; Durataeque cuti squamas increscere sentit, Ov. M. 4, 377; maestaque genis increscere barbam, Lucan. 2, 576; quam sententiam increscere et inuascere midemus, Ulp. dig. 33, 7, 12; but in Ov. tr. 1, 4, 5 Merkel has nigrescunt; in Plin. 28, 163  $\beta$  has in-haerescunt.

**in-curaatio**, ōnis, f. [incuruo] bending down, materiae, Plin. 17, 207.

**in-curnesco**, ēre, vb. intr. [incurus] bend down, Rami bacarum ubertate incurrescentes, poet. ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 69; or. 3, 154; Non. 122.

**in-curu-cerie-us**, adj. with neck bent down, pecus, Pac. 408 R., condemned by Quint. 1, 5, 67 and 70.

**in-curuo**, āre, vb. trans. [incurus] bend down, bow down, Hylan, Mart. 11, 43, 5; 2. met., nou est magnus animus quem incuruat incuria, Sen. ira 3, 5, 8; quem paupertas non... incuruat, ep. 82, 11; qui me uolet incuruasse querella, Plin. 1, 91; 3. gen. bend, bacillum aliud est inflexum et incuruatum de industria, aliud ita natum, Cic. fin. 2, 33; gurgite remos, Catul. 64, 183; dolore membra, Ov. M. 6, 245; uiribus ardens, Verg. 5, 500; add Plin. 16, 222.  
**in-curuos**, adj. bend down, stooping, convex, accurrat ad me... Incurus tremulus labiis demissis gemens, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 44; statua senilis incurua, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 87; mapalia, oblonga incuruis lateribus tecta quasi natum carinae sunt, Sal. lug. 18, 5; longae esse uitae incuruos humeris, Plin. 11, 274; incuruo ingo, Ov. tr. 4, 6, 2; 2. gen. bent, curved, litus, Lucr. 2, 376; aratrum, Verg. G. 1, 494; carina, Ov. 14, 534; agger, 15, 690; falx, am. 1, 15, 12; si de inmentis quadripedis incuruo gradu rursus erectus in hominem resurgerem, Apul. M. 4, 1 f.; duratur nasus incuruos, cognatur ungues aduenci, fit bubo Pamphile, 3, 21 f.; repentes incurui, Amm. 21, 11, 23.

1 **indē**, pron. adv. not demonstr. (except in § 8) [prob. for indus as a gen. of in, root of is, ea, id, with exr. d—cf. ipse from ipsus for inquit, in-ut, from within, for sense of suff.] = ab or ex eo, ea, eis, from this or that—; of place, from this (that) place, hence, thence, ref. to a noun, or rel., Ille in balneis turstus: inde huc ueniet postea, Pl. As. 2, 2, 90; eo die mansi Calibus: inde has litteras dedit, Cic. Att. 7, 21, 1; si sine maximo detrimento legio sese

recepisset inde quo temere erat progressa, Caes. b. c. 3, 45 f.; Palaepolis fuit haud procul inde ubi nunc Neapolis sita est, Liv. 8, 22, 5; 2. referring to things, from or of this, Cadus erat unius inde impelleri hircanum, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 273; Vinum ne...Caesa accedisset abignea ad terram trabes, Neve inde (=ex ea trabe) navis inchoanda exordium cepisset, Enn. tr. 282 V; in urbe luxuriosus creatur, ex luxuria existat avaritia necesse est, ex avaritia erumpit audacia, inde omnia scelera gignuntur, Cic. Rosc. Am. 75; omnis te exempli documenta...intueri: inde tibi...quod imitere capias, Liv. pr. 10; licet delegero omne Latium, vastas inde solitudines facere unde egregie exercitus saepe usi sitis—of a country from which, S. 13, 15; add Verg. 3, 663; Ov. F. 3, 274; a laudando lotus et inde rursus illotus, Quint. 1, 14, 13;

3. referring to persons, T. quo sequar te? C. ad tarpessitum meum, Ad praetorem; nam inde (ab eo, with money got from him) rem soluo omnibus quibus delibabo, Pl. Cure. 5, 3, 45; quod inde (sc. a plebe) oriundus erat, plebi carum, Liv. 3, 32, 8; 4. esp. as a partitive gen., of persons or things, nati (fratris) filii Duo: inde (of these) ego hunc maiorem adoptavi mihi, Ter. Ad. 1, 1, 22; Duos con sanguineos arietes inde (sc. ex pecore laugiero) eligit, Att. Pr. 21 R, p. 284, ed. 2; quantum caeli tegit insuper ingens, Inde aliquam partem montes silvaeque ferarum Possederat, Lucr. 5, 201; humani corporis sanguinem...circumtulisse: inde...quum degustavissent, Sal. Cat. 22, 1; LX milia militum fuisse in exercitu, quadraginta inde milia cecidisse, Liv. 36, 10, 12; Stant calices: minor inde fabas, holus arat habebat, Ov. F. 5, 509; quo iam tot pignora nobis? Parte satis potui qualibet inde (sc. pignorum) capi, her. 2, 54; Et nihil inde (sc. apri) datum est; tantum spectauimus omnes, Mart. 1, 43, 11;

5. chiefly in later writers, hence (=from this cause), originating in this, incredibile est quanto desiderio tui teneri; inde est quod..., inde quod..., Plin. ep. 7, 5, 1; testis ipse es quae in omnium ore laetitia, Inde resultantia uocibus tecta, pau. 73, 1; seruos ibi perdidit omnes Et pecus et fructus; non amat inde locum, Mart. 1, 85, 6; Inde coctam (sc. cenam) sursum subducemus corbulis, Pl. Aul. 2, 7, 4; Indee expectabam ubi aurum abstrudebat senex, 4, 8, 7; humiles, Quint. 2, 4, 8; inde insident humiliores, 11, 1, 17; but in Cic. N. D. 2, 61 unde...uides; in Mur. 26 inde ibi, with legal surplusage; in Liv. 1, 1, 6 inde means: from this point; in Ov. M. 2, 152 inde means: then;

6. in agreement with a gen., Aperi, deprime inde auri (of this gold) ad hanc rem quod sat est, Pl. Trin. 3, 3, 74; Set nihilne huc attulisti inde auri domum? Bac. 2, 3, 81;

7.=ab ea parte, on this side, quum ea loca opposta Etruriae et velut castra inde portaque essent, Liv. 6, 9, 4; comparant inter se ut, ab una parte cadere Romanus exercitus coepisset, inde se consul deuenerat, S. 6, 12; Quae stetit inde fauit, Lucan. 4, 708; prouocare quae inde (sc. ab aduersariis) fortis, non arguentis est, Quint. 6, 1, 6; add 7, 1, 6; 8. in later writers for hinc, in the forms: hinc... inde..., hinc...hinc..., from (or on) this side..., from (or on) this, Gemit hinc palumbus, inde coruus turrit, Mart. 3, 58, 19; Inde salutatus picae respondet arator, Hinc prope summa rapax nilius ad astra uolat, 9, 54, 9; hinc militum, inde locorum asperitas, Tac. an. 2, 80; add 6, 34; 15, 11, 29 and 42; 12, 28; h. 1, 84; 2, 70; ne inde\* odium, hinc contemptus oritur, Quint. 2, 2, 5; 7, 32; 5, 13, 2\*;

9. hinc et (atque) inde,=hinc et illinc, from (or on) this side and that side, from (on) all sides, from both sides, Quidquid ponitur hinc et inde ueris, Mart. 2, 37, 1; add 1, 117, 11; alacrem hinc atque inde populum, Plin. pan. 22; add Suet. Caes. 39; Aug. 96; 10. or without et, longum est omnia quae tunc hinc inde iacta sunt recensere, Plin. 9, 13, 8; add Tac. h. 4, 62; Suet. Ner. 49; 11. inde..., inde..., inde sagittae, Inde faces et saxa uolant, Lucan. 7, 511; add 2, 230; 12. of time, from this (that) time, from that point, henceforward, thenceforward, haec inter nos nuper notitia admodum, Inde adeo quod agrum in proximo hic mercatus es, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 2; suo iam inde uiuere ingenio coepit, Liv. 3, 36, 1; quoad longissime potest mens mea respicere spatium praeteriti temporis, inde usque repetens hunc uidem..., Cic. Atr. 1; duplex inde fama est, Liv. 1, 1, 6; 13. esp. in the successive order

of events, then, next, his expugnatis eodem impetu altera sunt adorti, inde tertia et quarta et deinceps reliqua, Caes. b. c. 3, 9, 7; Agrippa inde, Tiberini filius; post Agrippam Romulus Siluius, Liv. 1, 3, 9; primo stupor omnes defixit, silentium inde aliquandiu tenuit, 3, 47, 6; but here as in next, inde may refer to the cause, see § 5; quum prae indignitate rerum stupor silentium inde ceteros patrum defixisset, 6, 40, 1; add 22, 4, 2; 14. in this sense strengthened by loci, Constitit inde loci propter sos dia deorum, Enn. an. 22 V; add 522, and s. 3; inde loci mortalia saecula creant, Lucr. 5, 791; add Cic. Atr. 327 (573);

15. in Pl. and Ter. inde is often monos. prob.=in, cf. deinde inde, exinde exim etc., utrinde utrinque, and hinc istum, illum de hinc etc. implying an older hinc etc.; cf. also unde, and Fr. en=inde, Siquis quaeret, inde uocatoe aliqui aut iam egomet hic ero, St. 1, 2, 10; Indeeque expectabam ubi aurum abstrudebat senex, Aul. 4, 8, 7; S. Inde ferriterium postea... (T. pol per tua te genua obscuro, Most. 3, 2, 57; add Poen. pr. 2; Aul. 2, 7, 4; Amph. 1, 1, 4; Capt. 1, 2, 19; but in Poen. 4, 2, 80 read with Gopp. inde surptus; Inde sumam; uxori tibi opor esse disero, Ter. Ph. 4, 3, 76; see

2 inde\*, adv. [in prep. down; cf. subinde] down, only in the form inde ab—, Qui homo cum animo inde ab iuente aetate depugnauit, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 24; Inde a principio iam impudens epistulast, Bac. 4, 9, 78; add 5, 3, 1; Merc. 3, 1, 23; Ps. 4, 2, 14; Cas. pr. 4; Ter. Haut. 1, 2, 9; an iam inde ab ortu congregatae sint, Cic. N. D. 2, 124; iam inde ab incunabulis, Liv. 4, 36, 5; 1, 2, 3; 6, 40, 3.

indiciua, (or -ina) adj., f. as sb. (sc. pecunia, so Haupt) [indico] informer's money or evidence, indignum facinus, puer ad supplicium indicina patris quaeritur, M. Sen. contr. 9, 28, 4, p. 276, 20 Burs.; miseremini indices, grauis indicina (so Haupt, ms. indici tua), ib. 19, 26, 1, p. 261, 16; accepturus indicinae (ms. Flor. indicinū) nomine ab ipsa Venere septem saua suaui, Apul. M. 6, 8; ab indicinae praemium, 7, 25; mortuum ostendit, C. Inl. Viet. gramm. 390, S. Halm; indicina μνηστρον, Gloss. Lab. p. 90<sup>4</sup>; indicina (al. indicina) μνηστρον, exc. ex Char. 553, 22 Keil.

in-do, ēre, didi, ditus, vb. put in, quasi in aquam indideris saltem, Pl. Merc. 1, 2, 92; di me atque te Infelicit si ego in os meum uini gutt(ul)am indidi, Cas. 2, 3, 31; eam mediam pertundit uti columellam indere possis; eo fistulam ferream indito, Cato r. 21, 1; add 4; uinclo fasciae in modum laquei restricto indidit ceruicem, Tac. an. 15, 57; (unenum) potius inditum, Curt. 10, 10, 17 (31); utrumne extrinsecus illi (sc. operi suo) circumfusus sit deus, an toti inditus, Sen. ot. 4, 2; ferrum inditum Visceribus, Troad. 593; Catonis uerba huius commentario indidissim si..., Gell. 1, 23, 2; 2. put on, inde ingem in aram, Pl. Mil. 2, 5, 1; Et qui fugitiuis seruus indit compedes, Men. 1, 1, 3; oreas mihi inde, Cato orig. 16, 6 Iord.; in te (i)ra calces restructa partem quartam indito, CIL 577, 2, 20; si in os digitum quae indidit, Cels. 5, 27, 3, p. 202, 10 Dar.; unclis inditis, Tac. an. 11, 1 f.; 3. esp. a name, give, Sescenotopago nomen indetur tibi, Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 68; lucentis nomen indidit Scorto mihi, 1, 1, 1; add St. 1, 3, 20; Trin. pr. 8; Capt. 5, 3, 7; Men. 2, 1, 38; Andromachae nomen qui indidit recte indidit, Enn. tr. 100 V;

4. in favour with Tac. as for incipio, pontibus inditis, an. 12, 57; immane quantum suis pauporis et hostibus alacritatem indidit, h. 4, 34 f.; for impono, inditi custodes, au. 3, 28; Moyses nouos ritus indidit, h. 5, 4.

indū, old prep. [in with ex. d. and perh. comp. suff., for ind-us=erūdō] in, consilio indū foro lato sanctoque senatu, Enn. an. 243 V; Indū mārī magno fluctus extollere certant, 425; Iactare indū foro se omnes, decedere nusquam, Lucil. ap. Lact. 5, 9; cf. induuolō, induperator, and endo.

indū-uōlō, āre, vb. fly at, tamen induuolans secum abstulit hasta Insigne, Enn. an. 397 V.

**in-euscēmē**, adv. [*=av-ευσχημος*] ungracefully, Haut inensceme (so MSS BC) astiterunt, Pl. Trin. 3, 1, 24.

**in-fāmis**, e. adj. [*in*=malus, fama] spoken ill of, of bad character, Nolo ego mihi te tam prospicere qui meam egestatem leneas, Sēt ut inops infamis ne sim, Pl. Trin. 3, 2, 63; non... ea causa magis Patiar Clitipho flagitiis tuis mihi infamem fieri, Ter. Hant. 5, 4, 14; turpi adolescentia, uita infami, Cic. Font. 34 (24); multas familias in perpetuum infames tuis stupris fecisti, Verr. 2, 4, 20; omni dedecore infames, Clu. 130; 2. met. tabella, Cic. in Cæcil. 24; alae, Ov. M. 7, 269; r. am. 254; scopuli, Hor. od. 1, 3, 20; infamem annum pestilentia, Liv. 8, 18, 2; infames frigoris Alpes, 21, 31, 8; mensa, Hor. s. 2, 2, 48; digitus, Pers. 2, 33; domus, Plin. ep. 7, 27, 5; infamissima utilitas, Th. C. 10, 31, 34.

**infērus**, (infēr, Calo\*) adj. comp. [for *enēf-ērus* implying an adj. *enēfus*, wh. decap. = *vefos* low = nouns, from *en*, in down; cf. *infula* for *enefula* and Key's Essays, p. 65] lower, below, Limen superumque inferumque salve, Pl. Merc. 5, 1, 1; Inferum autem (limen) ubi ego omnino omnis digitos defregi meos, Nov. 50 R; Sin autem deorsum comedent si quid coxerint, Superi incenati erunt (MSS sunt; see W. Wagner) et cenati inferi—at the bottom of the well—, Pl. Anl. 2, 7, 6; ubi super inferque vicinus permittit, Cato r. 149, 1\*; Inferum sol albus recessit in infera noctis, Enn. an. 92 V; ut omnia supera infera uideremus, Cic. Tusc. 1, 64; obit infera Persens in loca, Arat. 465 (714); uel infero mari liceret uis, Att. 9, 3, 1; quod ab Tyrrenum e nostris plurimum inferum uocant, Plin. 3, 75; infera fulmina, 2, 138; 2. esp. of the lower or infernal regions, including the dead\*, Acherusiat templā alla Orci salutē infera, Enn. tr. 107 V; deis inferum\* (=inferorum) parentum sacrum, CIL 1241; 3. di inferi, Ita me (sc. iuent) di deaque, uideri atque inferi et mediorum, Pl. Cist. 2, 1, 36; ad superos uideat inferos potius quam ad inferos peruenisse, Cic. am. 12; 4. absol. those below in the infernal regions, including the dead, Eho tu, di quibus est potestas motus superum atque inferum..., Enn. tr. 163 V; add 218; triepes apud inferos Cerberus, Cic. Tusc. 1, 10; inferum\* animos eliere, Vat. 14; in tantum aas alienum inciderunt ut si salui esse uelint, Sulla sit his ab inferis excitandus, Cat. 2, 20; add orat. 85; Brut. 322; Phil. 14, 32; si ab inferis existat res Hiero, Liv. 26, 32, 3; Varr. l. 7, 3, p. 323 Sp.; II 5. inferior donb. comp., lower, Etianne optatur inferiorem guttore? Pl. Anl. 2, 4, 25; Q. Catulm ex inferiore loco iusserat dicere, Vettium in rostra produxit, Cic. Att. 2, 24, 3; add inn. 2, 117; qui simul ex inferiore loco ad tribunal accessit, Liv. 8, 32, 2; hostes ex inferiore loco subeuntes, Caes. b. g. 2, 25, 1; add 7, 35, 4; 6. of time, lower, later, latter, quod erant inferiores hi motus quam illorum aetas qui loquebantur, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 5, 2; acetate inferiores quam Iulius, Brut. 182; add 228; quom intercalatur, inferiores quinque dies duodecimo demuntur mense, Varr. l. 6, 3, p. 195 Sp.; 7. in quality, number etc., lower, inferior, dignitate, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 3, 6; in iure ciuili, Brut. 179; numero nauium, Caes. b. c. 1, 57, 1; non inferiora secutus, Verg. 6, 170; III 6. sup. inf-inus (so MSS of Pl.), infimus, summatus uiri Summi addebant, ego infimatus infimus, Pl. St. 2, 37, at the bottom of the table; omnia supera esse meliora, terram autem esse infimam, Cic. N. D. 2, 17; quon scripsissim haec infima, Q. fr. 3, 1, 19; 9. in agree, v. noun, bottom of, inf-inus, lowest, last, Adhaesit homini ad infimum uentrem fames, Pl. St. 1, 3, 82; In foro infimo, Cure. 4, 1, 14; ab infimo at the bottom, Most. 3, 2, 140; in doliū infimum, Cato r. 110 (411); ab riuo infimo, CIL 199, 6; deorsum usque ad riuo infimum, 199, 10; in montem infimum (acc.), 14 and 20; ab infima ara, Cic. diu. 1, 72; collis infimus, Caes. b. g. 2, 18, 2; ad infimum, 7, 73, 5; 10. in quality etc., Me qui liber fueram seruum fecit, e summo infimum, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 35; e summo regno ut famul infimus (Lips. ej.; MSS optinus), Enn. an. 317 V; homines, Ter. Eun. 3, 2, 36;

infimam faecem populi, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 6, 5; aduersus infimos iustitiam esse seruandam; est autem infima condicio seruorum, off. 1, 41; add Her. 4, 14; infimius precibus, most degrading, Liv. 8, 2, 9; 11. comp. adv. inferius, lower, Altius egressus caelestia tecta cremabis, Inferius terras, Ov. M. 2, 137; add 2, 208; 12, 420; uirtutem non flamma, non ruina inferius adducet, Sen. ep. 79, 10; 12. infime, adv. Price. 2, So, 9.

**infīt**, vb. def. [*in*=an of beginning, facit; cf. *fio*=facio] begin to do, begin (archaic), precontarier, Pl. As. 2, 2, 76; postulare, Aul. 2, 4, 39; dicere, Bac. 2, 3, 31; praedicare, Merc. 2, 1, 25; laudare..., suadere, Rud. pr. 51; commutare, Lucr. 3, 515; erigere, 5, 1208; farier, Verg. 11, 242; oblungare, Apul. mag. 77; 2. absol. begin to speak, begin, Infīt o ciues quae me fortuna feroceam Contidit? Eun. an. 386 V; Isque his Aenean solatus uocibus infīt, Verg. 5, 708; add 10, 101 and 860; but in Ov. M. 4, 476 inquit; ibi infīt Albanus, Liv. 1, 23, 7; 3. with obl. or., ibi infīt annum se tertium et octogesimum agere, Liv. 3, 71, 6; note in Livy alone of prose writers; 4. absol. begin to act, Imperat antequid perpendit praeceat infīt, Prud. ap. 805; 5. vb. intr. begin, Nume ego mythus terminatus; infuit Artes, Mart. C. 2, 220 Eyss.; 6. besides infīt and infuit, info occurs in Varr. ap. Price. 1, 420, 16 K and 1, 450, 16; info = *αἴσα*, Gloss. Philox.

**infītā-lis**, (infīc), e. adj. [infītias], of a denial, quaesitio, Cic. top. 92; status, Quint. 3, 6, 15, and 32—when defendant pleads: non feci.

**infītias**, (infīc), f. acc. pl. [see below] denial, only in form: infītias eo, have recourse to a denial, esp. in legal lang., put in a plea of non feci (see infītior), si debes cedo Fides seruandam, ne ire infītias (so MSS) postules, Pl. Most. 4, 3, 29; add Ps. 4, 6, 24; Men. 2, 3, 45; Mil. 2, 2, 33; Cure. 4, 2, 3; Truc. 4, 3, 18; Cist. 4, 1, 2; Ter. Ad. 3, 2, 41 and 49; 2. w. acc. or acc. and inf., quorum aliter neque nego neque infītias eo, non exire operam dedisse ut..., neither deny nor put in a plea of not guilty to the charge that..., Liv. 6, 40, 4; neque infītias eo quasdam esse materias..., Quint. 3, 7, 3; add 4, 2, 67; 3. with quin and subj., nec eo infītias quin ea non sint proprie horum fontium, Frontin. ag. 72, p. 27, 24 Bieh.; 4. ad infītias ire, Paul. dig. 10, 2, 44, 4 (so Momms., al. ad inficitationem or -es); 5. as to the c or t, cod. reg. in Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 104 has inficitandi; but in Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 33 ABD have infītias; 6. if t be right, from in neg. and fateri; if e, perh. from in neg. and feci.

**infītitiō**, ōnis, f. [infītior], denial, esp. plea of denial, causae plerumque infītiatione defenduntur, Cic. or. 2, 105; Quint. 3, 6, 32; nuda i., a bare unqualified denial, 4, 13, 7; infītiatione duplici, factumne et an hoc factum esset, 8 pr. 9; add 8, 5; add Ulp. dig. 9, 3, 1, 4; 2. esp. a denial of a deposit or debt, furti fraudes infītiationes, Sen. ira 2, 9, 4.

**infītitiōr**, ōris, m. one who denies, esp. a deposit or debt, Cic. or. 1, 168; add Cat. 2, 21; Mart. 1, 103, 11; Sen. ben. 3, 17, 4; Quint. 7, 2, 50.

**infītitiōrix**, icis, f. a female denier, fidei fraus i., Prud. Ps. 630.

**infītior**, āri, vb. r. [infītias], deny, Tu qui quae facta infītiare, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 147; Numquam istam imminuat curam infītando tibi, Att. 234 R; cum id posset infītari, repente confessus est, Cic. Cat. 3, 11; add Verr. 2, 4, 104; Mart. 5, 30, 1; 2. esp. in law, deny a charge, deposit or other debt, de sicariis de beneficiis de peculatis infītari necesse est, Cic. or. 2, 105; add part. or. 102; Q. fr. 1, 2, 10; Quint. 3, 6, 32; si legatum per damnationem relictum heres infītietur, in duplum cum eo agitur, Gal. 2, 282; add 3, 215; 4, 9; Paul. dig. 12, 2, 30.

1 **in-flo**, āre, vb. [*in*=an up], raise by blowing, puff up, blow out, iam infla buccas, Pl. St. 5, 6, 7; serpens inflato collo, Cic. Vat. 4; quin illis Iuppiter ambas Irtus buccas inflat? Hor. s. 1, 1, 20; faba abstinere quasi eo cibum, non uenter inflatur, Cic. diu. 2, 119; inflantes corpora..., fabas, Ov.

med. f. 70; inflant omnia fere legumina, Cels. 2, 26; animalia ex hac passione subito inflata moriuntur, Veg. vet. 5, 22, 2; tumidoque inflatur carbasus austro, Verg. 3, 357; Vela secundis inflata notis, Sen. Ag. 90; 2. met., Crescentem tumidis inflata sermonibus utrem, Hor. s. 2, 5, 98; quum tibi spe falsa animos rumor inflasset, Cic. Pis. 89; add Mur. 33 and 49; Phil. 14, 15; agr. 2, 97; off. 1, 91; aced. pr. 116; iisdem mendacis regis spem inflabat, Liv. 35, 42, 5; aliquid inflabat animos classis Rhodia assumpta, 37, 26, 4; hic enatus inflant ad intolerabilem superbiam animos, 45, 31, 3; add 24, 6, 8; inflatus amplius xx legionum numero, Vell. 2, 80; 2, Curt. 10, 10, 14; Suet. Ner. 37; 3. of undue praise, puff (goods), ea (medicamentum) quae ob caritatem emendi mulomedicorum cupiditas influerat, Veg. vet. 6, 8, 4; 4. without ref. to air, swollen, ammes inflati aquis, Liv. 23, 19, 4; add 40, 2, 3; Inflatum hesternio venas ut semper laccho, Verg. B. 6, 15; 5. inflatus absol. as adj., puffed up (with confidence and pride), pompous, inflatus et tumens animus in uitio est, Cic. Tusc. 3, 19; iuuenis haud dubie inflator redierat, Liv. 39, 53, 8; quem nobis fama superbum Tradit et inflatum plenumque Nerone propinquo, Liv. S. 72; 6. of style, turgid, pompous, inflated, oratio, ad Her. 4, 15; cf. figura sufflata, ib.; inflatus et tumens, Tac. dial. 18; add Prop. 3, 30 (2, 34); Suet. rh. 2; 7. of dress, swollen out, flowing, uestis inflator, Tert. pall. 4 med.; capilli, Ov. a. a. 3, 145; 8. comp., see § 5 and 7; add bucea inflator, Suet. rh. 5.

2. **in-flo**, are, vb. [in, into], blow into, ex ore in eius (se. palumbi) inflato aquam, Cat. r. 90; inflato spiritu (into a live), Colum. 9, 8, 2; 2. hence play on (pipe), with acc. of pipe, easus inflare cientes, Lucr. 5, 1383; priusquam pythaeus inflat tibias, Varr. 8, 233, 8 R; Tu calamos inflare leuis, Verg. B. 5, 2; si tibiae inflatae non referant sonum, Cic. Brut. 192; Bucina...ut...ecceint iussos inflata reeessus, Ov. M. 1, 340; 3. w. acc. of note or absol., sound (a note), simul inflavit tibicen, a perito carmen agnoscebat, Cic. acad. pr. 86; qui inflaret eum sonum qui... or. 3, 225.

**in-fodio**, are, vb. [in, down in], dig in, bury by digging, nitris si maera erit, sarmenta sua concidit et ibidem infodito, Cat. r. 37, 3; squalescentes infodit conchas, Verg. G. 3, 348; ipsis Vnguibz infodiunt fruges, 3, 535; add 11, 205; taleae pedem longae ferreis hamis infixis totae in terram infodiebantur, Caes. b. g. 7, 73, 9; sp. Nep. Paus. f. 2; of partial burying, Quo posset infossus puer... in emori, Hor. epod. 5, 32; parum erat manibus gestari (gemmas) nisi infoderetur corpori (se. auribus, as earrings), Plin. 12, 2; 3. met. bury in, drive deep in, Strictus aper, penitus cum non infossa cerebro Vulnera, Stat. Th. 8, 534; saxum... Ossibus infodiens, Sil. 10, 285; 4. dig into, dig, sulem, Colum. 3, 13, 5; campestris locus...infodiendus est, 8; infossi lucus, 9, 1, 2.

**in-formis**, e, adj. [in, bad; forma], ill-shaped, ugly, in-formis dicitur mulier non quae aereet forma, sed quae male est formata, Prisc. 1, 9, 25; informae cadaver (Caec), Verg. S. 264; Monstrum horrendum, informe, ingens cui lumen ademptum, 3, 658; nota, Prop. 1, 5, 16; nihil est illis (se. metallis) dum a faece sua separatur informis, Sen. ep. 94, 58; horrendoque toris informibus artus, Val. F. 4, 245; add Lucan. 6, 225; Stat. Th. 12, 528; 2. without special form, shapeless, clumsy, alucos, Liv. 21, 26, 9; tecta, 21, 32, 7; (mola) est caro informis, Plin. 7, 63; vulpes informia (so p) parit, 10, 176; informe opus (machinas), Tac. h. 4, 23; 3. met., of things immaterial, letum, Verg. 12, 603; biemes, Hor. od. 2, 10, 15; situs, ep. 2, 2, 118; color, Tib. 4, 4, 6; exitus, Tac. an. 6, 55 (49); sors, 12, 37; 4. without form, immaterial, eum res muta aut informis fit loquens et formatur et ei oratio attribuitur, ad Her. 4, 66.

**in-formo**, are, vb. [in=an of beginning] begin to form, give a first rough shape to, quarta hebdomade caput et spina quae est in dorso informatur, Varr. ap. Gell. 3, 10, 7; animalium origo quae sit; quis ipsum fluxerit hominem, quis informati, Arnob. 1, 38; His informatum manibus

iam parte polita, Verg. S. 426; ingentem clipeum, 8, 447; 2. gen. form. sarmenis conexus uelut funis informatur, Colum. 2, 2, 10; add 11, 3, 13; Et nunc informat (se. cera) Martem eastamne Mineram, Plin. ep. 7, 9, 11; add Sil. 17, 525; Claud. rapt. Pr. 3, 331; 3. met., as first of early education, his artibus quibus aetas puerilis ad humanitatem informari solet, Cic. Arch. 4; ab illis quoque (se. nutricibus) informandum (al. formandum) quam optimis institutis mentem infantum, Quint. 1, 1, 16; 4. sketch, give or form a first rough idea of, sketch roughly, hence esp. of vague ideas, ab illo qui tum dixit informata iam causa est, Cic. Quint. 38, 43; ego in summo oratore fingendo tale informabo qualis fortasse nemo vit. orat. 7; ad eum quem volumus inchoandum et eadem eloquentia informandum quam..., 33; informat adumbratum indicium, Sul. 52; illum virum qui in vi libro informatus est, Att. 7, 3, 2; decorum ita ignotum ut eos ne coniectura quidem informare possimus, N. D. 1, 39; quod ita sit informatum mentibus nostris ut homini eum de deo cogitat, forma occurrat humana, 1, 76 (cf. adumbratorum decorum formas of § 75); in animis hominum informatas decorum esse notiones, 2, 13; petitorum haec est adhuc informata cogitatio, Att. 1, 1, 2; omnium in-anium uisum, siue illa cogitatione informantur siue..., acad. pr. 51; in quo (libro) nobis orator ipse informandus est, Quint. pr. 22.

**in-fôro**, are, vb. bore into, bore into, timebant prisci truncum findere, mox informare aui, Plin. 17, 102; in a play on in-comitari, Pl. Cure. 3, 31, sensu obso.

**in-fortūnatus**, adj. [in, bad], ill-favoured by Fortune, unfortunate, unlucky, miser atque infortunatus, Pl. Bac. 5, 1, 20 and 21; add Caecil. 169 R; Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 7; nihil me infortunatus, nihil fortunatus est Catulo, Cic. Att. 2, 24, 4; infortunatissima filiae pater, Apul. M. 4, 32.

**infortūnitas**, itis, f. [imp. an adj. in-fortunus], bad luck, felicitas et l., Gell. 7 (6), 1, 5.

**infortūnium**, i, n. [id.], a bit of bad luck, misfortune, Ne tibi hercle haut longest os ab infortuni (so mss), Pl. Bac. 4, 2, 13; tu partem infortunii meam Si diuidetur me absente accipito tamen, Mil. 3, 2, 51; and eighteen other pass.; Nisi me animus fallit haut multum a me aberit infortuni, Ter. Haut. 4, 2, 1; add 2, 1, 24; Ph. 5, 8, 39; macta tu illane infortuni, Nov. 39 R; ni pareat patri habiturum infortuni esse, Liv. 1, 50 f.

**infrā**, (old infēra\*; cf. supra), prep. w. acc., or adv. [inferus] below, lower down, infra hanc (se. Saturni stellam) propius a terra Iouis stella fertur, Cic. N. D. 2, 52; argentum in lectica eubans infra oppidum expectabat, Verr. 2, 4, 51; praefigata infra caput uipera, Plin. 30, 40; infra caelum sidera non cadit, Tac. Agr. 12; immensibilis supra infra dextra sinistra...mundos esse, Cic. acad. pr. 125; tolli manum supra oculos, demitti infra pectus uentur, Quint. 11, 3, 112; onerariae duae eodem quoque reliqui portus capere non poterant et paulo infra (ad occasum solis?) delatae sunt, Caes. b. g. 4, 36 f.; 2. esp. of position at the dinner-table, apud Etrapelum accebiui et quidem supra me Attieus, infra Verrius...Infra Etrapelum Cytheris, Cic. fam. 9, 26, 1; Summus ego et prope me Viscus Thurinus et infra Si memini Varius...Nomentanus erat super ipsum, Porcius infra, Hor. s. 2, S. 20; add Sal. ap. Serv. A. 1, 698; Liv. 39, 43, 3; Curt. S. 1, 28; Suet. Cal. 24; cf. Plutarch, Symp. 1, 3; 3. in writing, quae infēra\* scripta sunt, CXL 1166, 2; quae infra s. s., 1257, 4; earum (litterarum) exemplum infra scripsi, Pomp. ap. Cic. Att. 8, 6, 2; add Cic. fam. 6, S. f.; 4. of the infernal regions, Non seges est infra, non uinea culta, Tib. 1, 10, 35; 5. of motion, is infra mortuos anandatur, Cic. Quint. 49; add p. red. ad Q. 10; delata materia infra Vellam, Liv. 2, 7 f.; 6. of measure, below, less than, latitudo nusquam infra duo ingera, Plin. 6, 18; terra infra pedes tris effossa, 17, 47; hieme pauciora (oua subiecto), non tamen infra nouena, 18, 231; bi sunt (se. uri) magnitudine paulo infra elephantos, Caes. b. g. 6, 28, 1; 7. of quality, quem ego esse infra infimos omnis puto, Ter. Eun. 3, 2, 36; in poetis non Homero soli locus...aut Pindaro sed horum uel secundis uel etiam infra secundis, Cic. orat. 4; ut omnia quae homini

accident infra se esse incident, below notice, fin. 3, 25; add 29; Tusc. 3, 15; semper infra aliorum aestimationes se metientes, Vell. 2, 127 f.; non minus non seruat modum qui infra rem quam qui supra... dicit, Plin. ep. 1, 20, 20; infra Pallantis laudes iacebant, S. 6, 2; sunt autem humilia (uerba) infra dignitatem rerum, Quint. 8, 2, 2; infra grammatici officium, 1, 7, 1; 8. infra sensus nostros, too small for our senses to perceive, primordia tantum Sunt infra nostros sensus, Lucr. 4, 112; cf. 2, 312; 9. of time below, later than, annis multis fuit ante Romulum, si quidem non infra superiorem Lyeurgum fuit, Cic. Brut. 40; Ciceronis temporibus paulumque infra, Quint. 1, 7, 20; 10. with quam, partes (stomachi) eae quae sunt infra quam id quod denotatur dilatantur, quae autem supra contrahuntur, Cic. N. D. 2, 135; cf. paulo supra quam ad linguam stomachus adnectitur of § 136; at in qua inserunt (uite), in ea paulo infra quam insitum est incidunt unde humor aduenticius effluere possit, Varr. r. 1, 41, 3; si infra quam rami fuere praecedatur, quod superest uiuit, Plin. 16, 123; 11. with magis, Nec magis hac (sc. natura) infra quiequam est in corpore nostro, Lucr. 3, 274.

**in-fringo**, ēre, frēgi, fractus, [in for an=ava off, frango] break off, ad quam mensuram cum inereuerit (pampini), cacumina infrigenda sunt ut erassitudine conualescant, Colum. 4, 6, 4.

**infūla**, ae, f. [for ἐνφύλα, wh. decap. = νεφέλη = nebula, cloud or mist; cf. nubo, nubes; for form, cf. inferus] a sort of woollen veil for priests, victims, and temples, Phoebe Triniaque sacerdos Infūla cui sacra redimibat tempora uitta, Verg. 10, 538; wh. Serv.: infula, fascia in modum diadematis a qua uitae ab utraque parte dependunt: quae plerumque lata est, plerumque tortilis de albo et coccio; infulae filamenta lanae quibus sacerdotes et hostiae templaue uelantur, Paul. ex Fest. 113, 1; add S1, 18; uelamenta e lana infulae, Varr. l. 7, 3 in a corrupt pass.; Iphianassa... Cui simul (as a victim) infula uirgineos circumdata comptus Ex utraque pari malarum parte profusast, Lucr. 1, 87; stans hostia ad aram Lanae dum ninea circumdatur infula uitta, Verg. G. 3, 487; Infulacine in geminos discurrit candida postures, Lucan. 2, 355; cf. Ov. Pont. 3, 2, 75; see Rich's Companion; 2. in prose gen. in pl. infulae, of priests and supplicants, sacerdotes cum infulis ae uerbis, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 110; cum infulis se foras propripuit, supplices manus tendunt, Caes. b. c. 2, 12, 1; uelata infulis ramisque oleae nauis, Liv. 30, 36, 4; uelamenta et infulas praeferebant, Tac. h. 1, 66; add 3, 31; 3. met., Cic. agr. 1, 6; ipse miseria infularum loco habet, Sen. cons. ad Hel. 13, 6; add ep. 14, 11; 4. under later emperors, as decorations of magistrates etc., Turbonem praefecturae infulus ornatum Pannoniae praefecit, Spart. Hadr. 6, 7; ad Iluiratus et aliorum honorum infulas euocati, Th. G. 11, 30, 19; uetitis se infulis dignitatum munisse, 10, 20, 14; ingenuitatis infulus decorantur, 11, 18, 4; 5. in infulis rem depingere, Cic. or. 3, 81 means what?

**in-gēmino**, ēre, vb. [in=an=ava, again] redouble, repeat or increase again and again, Nunc dextra ingeminans iectus, nunc ille sinistra, Verg. 5, 457; terrorem, 7, 578; corui presso ter gutture uoces Aut quater ingeminant, G. 1, 411; 2. esp. of loud repeated words, 'Me miserum' ingeminat, Ov. M. 1, 651; 'Salve uera Iouis, uera o Iouis' undique 'proles' Ingeminant, Val. F. 4, 328; 3. absol. Ingeminant plausum (al. plausum) Tyrii, Verg. 1, 747; ingeminant (sc. se) eurae, 4, 531; ingeminant austri et densissimus imber, G. 1, 333.

**in-gēro**, ēre, gessi, gestus, vb. [gero, shoot, shovel] shoot into or on (as we say: shoot rubbish), shovel, shove, pour, let fly, in large and repeated quantities, In pertusum ingerimus dicta (quasi aquam) dolium, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 135; Saucius ingesta contumuleris humo, Ov. Ib. 460; stercus nitibus ingerendum, Colum. 2, 15 (16), 5; stercus percussit, Pall. 12, 4; aquam in salinas ingerunt, Plin. 31, 82; apium (serunt) caeterna facta ac fino ingesto, 19, 120; aqua frigida

ingesta sistitur sanguis, 31, 40; sanguinem sistit in naribus adeps pastillis ingestus, 30, 112—shoved in; magna poma persicus affert si florenti per triduum ternos sextarios caprini lactis ingeresset, Pall. 12, 7, 6; 2. of drink, food given in large and repeated quantities, Inger mi calices amariore, Catul. 27, 2; unum merum calidum quam plurimum ingerendum est (to one poisoned w. hemlock), Cels. 5, 27, 12; oecum equis asinisque admissura tempore ingeritur, Plin. 20, 123; add Pall. 1, 30, 4; Nemes. Cyn. 5; 3. of missiles etc., let fly again and again at, send showers of, nisi sequitur, pugnos in uentremingere, Ter. Ph. 5, 7, 9; raptas fugientibus ingerit hastas, Verg. 9, 763; saxa ingerit in subeantes, Liv. 2, 65, 4; fundis uelut nimbum glandes et sagittas simul ac iacula ingerunt, 36, 18, 5; quos (sc. lapides) in fuga contra sequentes ingerunt (camelis) pedibus, Plin. 10, 1; alios (fussit) tormentis hastas saxa facies ingerere, Tac. an. 2, 81; capiti suo manus, Sen. ep. 99, 16; facies in opera, Curt. 4, 3, 3 (4, 12); tela, Stat. Th. 9, 303; Fulmineumque uiris proturbans ingerit ensems Huc alternus et huc (lets drive again and again), Val. F. 6, 230;

4. of words, esp. in abuse, shower, heap, repeat, ut tibi malā multa ingeram? Pl. Bac. 4, 8, 34; add As. 5, 2, 77; Ps. 1, 3, 125; Men. 5, 1, 17; Ter. Andr. 4, 1, 16; pueris conicia nautae Ingerere, Hor. s. 1, 5, 11; probra, Liv. 2, 45, 10; uerborum quantum uoletis ingerent, 3, 68, 4; contumelias, Tac. an. 1, 39; uoces ueras et graues, 4, 42; ingerebant nihilominus Trimalchio; Carpe, carpe, Petr. 36; a tribunis eadem ingerebantur, Tac. h. 4, 78; quorum nomina prius (sc. quam oratorum) parentes liberis suis ingerunt, press upon their notice as examples to copy, dial. 7; magnitudinem imperatoris identidem ingersans, an. 2, 79 f.; ingersens uerba mulcentia, Apul. M. 5, 6; 5. other met., heap upon, an scelus secleri ingerit? Sen. Thy. 731; recusanti omnia imperia ingesta sunt, Iust. 6, 8, 7; 6. press upon, force upon, obtrude, Ingerat Cornelium medicum et Cornelium pietorem et luiuiscemodi recuperatores, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 69; nomen patris patriae a populo saepius ingestum repudiatur, Tac. an. 1, 72; filium filiamque ingerebat orbis senibus, Petr. 160; osculum sibi ingerentem, Suet. Gr. 23; recusanti amicitiam suam ingerere, iust. Hor. p. 400 f. Baung.; postulationes, Ner. 7 f.; 7. hence i. se, force one's way, force oneself upon, Quo te ipse senior obuium morti iugeris? Sen. Herc. f. 1307; praefectum praetorio non ex ingerentibus se, sed e subtrahentibus legere, Plin. pan. 86; seseque periculis Ingerit, Sil. 10, 5; add Iust. 11, 14, 5; wh. Jeep immergebat, male; 8. inger in imper., see Catul. above; inger εισκρασιν, Gloss. Lab., and Cyr.

**in-grātificus**, adj. [in neg.] unobliging, o ingratifici Argui innoenes Grai innoemes benifici, Att. 364 R.

**in-grāuesco**, ēre, vb. [in down] get weighed down, become heavier, (sal) leuissimus intra specus suos in lucem prolatus ingrauescat, Plin. 31, 79; Succipiant aliae pondus magis inque grauescent, Lucr. 4, 1250 (of pregnancy); 2. met., get more severe, oppressive, morbus, Cic. diu. 2, 16; actas, sen. 6; corpora defatigatione ingrauescent, 36; indies ingrauescit, becomes more tyrannical, Att. 10, 4, 2; ingrauescit indies malum, ad Br. 1, 10, 1; anno, p. dom. 11; hoc studium (sc. philosophiae) quotidie ingrauescit, becomes stronger, fam. 4, 4, 4; quam laeta fingeret (Vitellius), falsis ingrauescebat, by false rumours, Tac. h. 3, 54.

**ingurgito**, ēre, vb. [in down, into; gurgis] send into a gulf, or as a refl. plunge into one, sus se ingurgitat caeno, Lact. 4, 17 f.; 2. gen. of excess in eating and drinking, Hoc uide ut auariter merum in se incura ingurgitat, Pl. Cure. 1, 2, 33; cf. eundem hoc in barathrum of v. 28; merum uentri tuo soles ingurgitare, Apul. M. 4, 7; qui in mensam uomant crudique postidie se rursus ingurgit, Cic. fin. 2, 23; temeto ingurgitatus, Maer. s. Sc. 1, 3, 4; poculis crebris singulos ingurgitat, Apul. M. 7, 11; anis inter densiores diutius ingurgitata ne ignem quidem admotum sensisset, Petr. 79; tamdiu se poculis 1, Arnob. 5, 2; 3. other met., Degustandum ea ca (sc. philo-

sophia) non in eam ingurgitandum censeo, Eun. tr. 418 R; in eius copias cum se ingurgitasset, Cie. Phil. 2, 65; nunquam te in tot flagitia ingurgitasses, Pis. 42; umor ex his (sc. aquis caelestibus) non uniuersus ingurgitans (terram)—drowning so to say, Plin. 17, 15.

**in-hibeo**, ĩre, ui, itus, vb. [in for an = *ava*, up, back, off; cf. *arex*], hold up or back, check, stop, restrain, prevent, inhiibuit frenos is qui iumenta agebat, Liv. 1, 48, 6; labor est inhiibere volentes (equos), Ov. M. 2, 128; a turpi mentem inhiibere probo, Catul. 91, 4; fugam, Ov. M. 1, 511; erucum, 7, 849; impetum victoris, Liv. 39, 21, 10; tela, Verg. 12, 693; boues, Colum. 2, 2, 28; candidis betis aluom cili, nigris inhiiberi, Plin. 19, 135; 2. w. quominus, nec potuit inhiibere quominus penerent, Plin. 34, 31; 3. w. inf., inhiibentes rectum agere cursum, Plin. 2, 69; 4. hold up, maintain, hold up or over or out, in terrorem, hocne hic pacto potest inhiibere imperium magister, si ipse primus vapulet? Pl. Bac. 3, 3, 44; Vtrum, fontine an Libero Imperium te inhiibere mauis? St. 5, 4, 27; ut eadem inhiiberet supplicia nobis, Cie. Phil. 13, 37; neque animis ad imperium inhiibendum immunitis, Liv. 3, 38, 1; imperio inhiibendo aerier in paucos praeferece animi, 3, 38, 7; imperium si quis inhiiberet, uiros se esse respondetur, 3, 50, 12; inhiibito modo nimiae potestati, 3, 59, 1; damnum aliamque coercionem detrectantibus militiam inhiibenti, 4, 53, 7; dum ego imperium inhiibeam in deditis, 36, 28, 5; add 37, 51, 4; 5. in naut. lang. i. remis, or absol. inhiibeo, back water, inhiibere est uerbum nauticum... arbitrarar sustineri remos cum inhiibere essent iussi remiges; id non esse eiusmodi didici heri: non enim sustinent sed alio modo remigant, Cie. Att. 13, 21, 3; iacitur ancora, inhiibet leniter, Afran. 139 R; quum rostris concurrissent neque retro nauem inhiibent, Liv. 26, 39, 12; ancora alligauit altierius (nauis) proram... quum duellere se ab hoste cupientes inhiibent Rhodi... 37, 30, 10; Tyrii inhiibentes remis euellere nauem quae haerebat, Curt. 4, 4, 10 (4, 18); Postquam inhiibent remis puppes ae rostra recedunt, Lucan. 3, 659; inhiibete remis et a bello discedite, Iust. 2, 12, 7; 6. by error of Cie. (see above), hold up the oars in the air, ut concitato nauigio cum remigis inhiibuerunt, retinet tamen ipsa nans cursum suum, internatio pulsu remorum, Cie. or. 1, 153; perh. also Quint. 12 pr. 4: contrahit uela inhiibetque remos (but note acc.).

**in-hio**, ĩre, vb. open the mouth as ready to seize, like a beast of prey etc., Nam illie homo (pron. hom.) tuum hereditatem inhiat quasi esuriens lupus, Pl. St. 4, 2, 25; inhiatui acris (sc. te asper) Lupus (sc. gregem), Trin. 1, 2, 132; inhiat aurum ut deuoret, Aul. 2, 2, 17; id inhiat, 2, 2, 89; quous uoluerit... illum inhiat, Truc. 2, 3, 18; bona mea, Mil. 3, 1, 120; inhiat quod nusquam miser, 4, 62; Dum eius mortem inhiat, Caecl. 147 R; (Romulum) uberibus lupinis inhiantem, Cie. Cat. 3, 10; Pistris adest miseraeque inhiat iam proxima praedae, Val. F. 2, 531; 2. gape at, listen to with open mouth (the Enstachian tube then aiding hearing), Dum Africani uocem diuinam inhiat audis auribus, Perc. ap. Suet. uit. Ter., p. 306 Baumg.; primis inhiantia dietis Agmina... uidet, Val. F. 5, 408; and perh. Hor. s. 1, 1, 71: saccis ludormis inhians; 3. hence gen. of intense attention, gape at or over, stare in admiration at or gaze upon with open mouth, Nec narios inhiat pulera testudine postes Inlusae uoce uestes..., Verg. G. 2, 463; tenuitque inhians tria Cerberus ora, 4, 483; pectumque reclusis Pectoribus inhians..., A. 4, 64; Attonitis inhians animis, 7, 814; gazis inhians, Sen. Herc. f. 161; 4. for simple vb., Stat. Th. 1, 626; 5. note acc. in Pl. Caecl.; dat. in Cie. Sen. Val. F.; both in Verg.

**in-horreo**, ĩre, and in-horresco, ĩre, ui, vb. [in = an = *ava*, up or of beginning] bristle up, Interea prope iam occidente sae inhorrescit mare, Tenebrae conduplicantur..., Pae. 411 R; inhorruit unda tenebris, Verg. 3, 105; inhorrescens mare paulatim lenari, Curt. 4, 3, 17 (4, 15); hastas subrecta cuspidem in terra fixas, haud secus quam

uallo saepia inhorreret\* aecis, tenentes, Liv. 8, 8, 10; Spicae iam campis cum messis inhorruit, Verg. G. 1, 314; infrenuitque ferox (sc. aper) et inhorruit armos, A. 10, 711; inhorrescent (gallinae) edito ouo, Plin. 10, 116; papilionces... uillis inhorrescere, 11, 77; trifolium inhorrescere et folia contra tempestatem subrigere, 18, 365; Atlas mons... nemoribus inhorrescit, Sol. 24, 8; (aer) niubus et glacie inhorrescit, Apul. mund. 31; 2. shudder, shiver, as from fever or cold, qui facile inhorrescunt, Cels. 1, 3, p. 17, 5 Dar.; quum primum aliquis inhorruit, et ex horrore inualuit, 3, 12, p. 9, 35; add 94, 14; tam periculosus inhorruit frigore, ut tertianae etiam impetum timeant, Petr. 17; 3. or fin. fear or horror, horum seueritatem dicitur inhorrisse ciuitas, Cie. rep. 4, Bait. p. 836, 10; domus principis inhorruerit, Tac. an. 11, 28; ut cum dicente aequo audientem inhorrescere (oportet), Quint. 9, 4, 126; cum tantae seueritatis uim inhorrescunt, Aur. V. Caes. 24; 4. of the air, shake violently, pinnis agitata inhorruit, Ov. Pont. 3, 3, 9; ter inhorruit (shuddered) aether Lucetium elangente tuba, Val. F. 3, 348.

**inibi**, adv. [old dat. of in, root of pron. is; bi dat. suff.], = ibi, = in eo, in or on this (that)—, in or on it, there, Marsupium habebat (parasitus), inibi paulum praesidi qui familiarem suam uitam oblectet modo, Pl. Pers. 1, 3, 45; pelum longum p. xsv; inibi linguam p. n s., Cato r. 18, 2; fundamenta bona facito alta p. vi; inibi lapides silices... 18, 3; uentus cauet ne acidat; inibi (= in uentis) austrum eneto maxime, 38, 4; quid enim cauendum est? Si luxuries... i superbia, nata inibi esse (sc. Capuae) ex Campanorum fastidio uidetur, Cie. agr. 1, 20; firmamentum (cecae) erat aula lentis Aegyptiae et cucurbitae inibi minutim caesae, Gell. 17, 8, 2; in febris laudibus... atque inibi (= in eo libro) isdem laudibus non inuenisse lusi..., 17, 12, 3; mides ex extremis fenestras quae...? Inibi iste Milo deuersatur, Apul. M. 1, 21; quare Tacanum; inibi spiraculum Didis... monstratur, 6, 18; Et inibi emit olim amissum filium, arg. Pl. Capt. 5; 2. to such a phrase as in eo est ut uincamus, we are on the point of conquering, correspond: quod sperare debemus aut inibi esse aut iam esse confectum, Cie. Phil. 14, 5; libere es? Non sum, uero inibi est (sc. ut sim liber), Caecl. 189 R; postquam se uidet Inibi esse (sc. ut moriatur), gnatum parolam sororibus Commendat, Afran. 208 R; 3. hence, the two constructions mixed, Chilonem in uitae sae postremo, cum iam inibi mors occuparet, ... sic locutum, Gell. 1, 3, 1; thus Non. p. 124 correctly makes it = *max*.

**in-iungo**, ere, nxi, nctus, vb. strictly, place on (two supports, as the jugum on two oxen, or a plank over a ditch), in eos... asses trienos longi pedes, ut pons esset, in-iungantur, Liv. 44, 5, 4; quum agger promotus ad urbem uinaeque tantum non iniunctae moenibus essent (so as to serve as a bridge for entering the town), 5, 7, 2; muro Ardae brachium iniunxerat qua ex oppido sui commare possent, 4, 9 f.; Miloniam opere ac uincis iniunctis muro cepit, 10, 34, 1; fenestellis scandulae iniungantur quibus irrepant aues ad requiem nocturnam, Colum. 8, 3, 6; pingui terra singulis brachiis liebit bina iniungere flagella, 4, 21, 2 (cf. jugum as used of vine-training); pro macie uel soliditate uitium nutrienda sarmata putator iniungat, Pall. 1, 6, 9; pondus (iugo), Colum. 6, 2, 7; marem feminae, 6, 37, 2; 2. met. from yoke of oxen, impose, his aeternum iniungere seruitutem, Caes. b. g. 7, 77, 15; detrimentum rei publicae, Brut. ap. Cie. fam. 11, 13, 4; onus, Liv. 26, 35, 9; laborem, 5, 4, 3; munus, 3, 35, 7; leges, 39, 37, 8; ignominiam, 8, 32, 15; iniuriarum, 3, 65 f.; militiam, 32, 3, 4; dilectus, Tac. Agr. 15; munera, 13; frumenti modum colono, G. 25; officia, Plin. pan. 95; damnum, Ulp. dig. 50, 16, 135; 3. absol. w. ut, impose the duty of, commission to—, enjoin (which is the same word as iniungo), quid a te mihi inuicendum potuit iniungi quam tu...? Plin. ep. 2, 18, 1; add 4, 9, 4, 4, 13, 10; 10, 46 (55); 4. for simple vlt., join, aream iniunctam (iunctam?) domui locauerat, Iul. dig. 19, 2, 57; in Saev. dig. 19, 1, 52; 3 Mommsen has: domum mari iunctam.



**iniussū**, for in *inssn* (*in*=*sine*=*G. ohne*), without orders, esse ausam facere haec te iniussu meo, Ter. Hec. 4, 1, 47; add 4, 4, 82; Ph. 2, 1, 1; netat deus iniussu hinc nos suo demigrare, Cic. Tusc. 1, 74; mittis iniussu praetoris, Quinct. 82; sen. 73; C. Rab. 12; Balb. 34; inu. 1, 56; Att. 3, 21, 4; quod ea iniussu suo fecisset, Caes. b. g. 1, 19, 1; 5, 28, 3; b. c. 3, 89, 4; populus iniussu iit supplicatum, Liv. 3, 63, 5; 4, 32, 11; 7, 12, 12; 8, 34, 10; 9, 46, 7; 10, 4, 9.

**in-sēpultus**, adj. unburied, insepultus aceruos civium, Cic. Cat. 4, 11; add inu. 1, 108; nec satiatus uiciorum poena insepultus prociit, Liv. 29, 9, 10; Post insepulta membra different lupi, Hor. epod. 5, 99; 2. qui illam insepultum sepulcrum—a burial wh. is no burial—effecerat, Cic. Phil. 1, 5 of the riotous burning of Caesar's body, cf. Suet. Caes. 84 and ταφον ἀταφον of Eur. Phoen.; minabatur philosopho mortem et quidem insepultum (without burial), Sen. tranq. 14, 3; 3. in Cic. Phil. 14, 33 read w. Halm sepulta.

**in-sideo**, ēre, vb. [*sēdeo*], sit in or on, be seated in or on, equo exornato insidentem, Liv. 7, 6, 5; Effingque manus insidectque toro, Ov. h. 19 (20), 134; Sol. curru (so Peiper, not currum) insidens Per solita puri spatia decurrit poli, Sen. Med. 29; et hominem equo insidentem, et equum qui\* insideretur, Gell. 18, 5, 8; Iope (oppidum) insidet collem\*, Plin. 5, 69; in Varr. 1, 5, 32 read: Dictator ubi currum insilit percheritur usque ad oppidum—insidet is nonsense, insidet acst. met.; 2. in milit. i. occupy, esp. for ambush, Mago locum monstrabit quem\* insideatis, Liv. 21, 54, 3; priusquam uiae\* omnes hostium praesidiis insiderentur, 25, 13, 2; so too insidere uiae\* examina infantum futurisque populus solebat, Plin. pan. 26; 3. met. be firmly seated or fixed in, insidia Dido Insidet quantus miserae Deus! Verg. 1, 718; insidens capulo manus, Tac. an. 2, 21; dolor non pedibus solis ut prius insidebat, sed..., Plin. ep. 12, 12, 6; 4. esp. of the mind, insidebat in eius mente species eloquentiae quae..., Cic. orat. 18, 5; ab ea quae penitus in omni sensu implicata insidet uoluptas, leg. 1, 47; Aut aliae eius desiderium insidet rei, Lucr. 3, 918; Quis adeo dissolutus cuius non occupationibus aliqua species seueritatis insidet? Plin. pan. 82 f.; but in 55 f. Keil has sedet; 5. orig. w. dat. or in and abl.; also with acc. or in pass. w. nom. marked\*; 6. insedi inessus belong to insido, wh. see.

**in-sido**, ēre, scdi (or sidi), sessus, vb. [*in* down or in], settle down, sit down in or on, sink in, ubi apae aestate serena Floribus insidunt uariis, Verg. 6, 708; iugis insedit Etruscis, S. 480; Et credit tactis digitos insidere membris (as though the ivory were yielding flesh), Ov. M. 10, 257; Nec tantum unquam siderum insedit uapor Sticulusae Apuliae, Hor. epod. 3, 15; nullus illi (sc. aquae) limus insidat, Pall. 1, 4, 1; Insident, quae sit down, Stat. Th. 2, 151; 2. in milit. i. take part in, settle down in, esp. for ambush, siluis insedit iniquis, Verg. 11, 531; quingentis militibus arcem\* insidit (pres.), Liv. 26, 44, 2; Silharum anfractus caecis insiderat armis, Sil. 5, 3; Tifata\* insidit, 12, 487; Cherusei iuga\* insedere, Tac. an. 2, 16; 3. met. settle down, become firmly seated or fixed in, get a firm hold, longus morbus quam penitus insedit..., Cels. 1, 3, p. 75; Dar.; Torpor insedit per artus, Sen. Oed. 229; cum hic feruor tanquam in nenis\* medullisque insederit, Cic. Tusc. 4, 24; quae (sc. macula) penitus iam insedit in populi Romani nomine\*, Man. 7; add N. D. 2, 128; 4. esp. of the mind, nihil quisquam unquam me audiente egit orator quod non in memoria mea penitus insiderit, or. 2, 122; 5. in pass., in saltum inessum\* ab hoste, Liv. 7, 34, 1; per montes praesidiis nostris inessos\*, Tac. an. 13, 39; inessum\* diris aulibus Capitolium, 12, 43; add Stat. Th. 2, 35\*; 12, 236\*; silu. 1, 1, 56; 6. with dat. or in and abl.; also acc., and so nom. of pass.; 7. insido denotes the act wh. is followed by the state insideo, wh. see; 8. hence prob. Fr. asseoir; cf. for vowel, lingua laque, sine sans.

**in-simūlo**, āre, vb. [see below]accuse, tu male facis Quae insontem insimules, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 55; aliorum dixeram Non istuc quod tu insimulas, Aul. 2, 4, 9; Democritum insimulat Epicurus, Cic. Tusc. 1, 82; add Clu. 180; fam. 7, 13, 1; 2. esp. w. gen. probri, Pl. Amph. 1, 2, 15; 3, 2, 7; Mil. 2, 4, 12; 2, 4, 43; 2, 6, 29; frag. 3, 11 ed. Delph.; malitiae, Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 12; peccati, Cic. Tusc. 3, 64; avaritiae et audaciae, Verr. 2, 1, 128; cupiditatis, 2, 4, 33; flagitii, Att. 10, 17, 4; proditiōnis, Caes. b. g. 7, 20, 1 and 12; 7, 38, 2; artus, Liv. 4, 56, 3; cuius rei, 28, 43, 3\*; paritidii, Stat. Vit. 6; 3. but of course with abl. crimine etc., proditiōnis crimine, Liv. 44, 16, 6; falsis criminationibus, Vell. 2, 77, 3; reputandum crimine, Quint. 4, 2, 15; 4. with acc. of offence, Istuc facinus quod tu insimulas nostro generi non deest, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 188; add 2, 2, 229; add istuc quod tu insimulas, Pers. 1, 3, 49; id iurati dicunt quod ego iniuratus insimulo\*, Cic. Caeim. 3; and hence w. nom. in pass., neque aliud quam patientia aut pudor insimulari posset, Liv. 29, 20, 3; 5. with acc. and inf., Nisi etiam hoc falso dici insimulaturus es, Pl. Amph. 3, 2, 21; illum insimulat durum (sc. esse), Ter. Hant. 1, 2, 30; insimulant cum tragediae simulatione insanie militum subterfuge noluisse, Cic. off. 3, 97; quod ante Idus Maias decembris abisse insimulant, Liv. 3, 40, 11; 6. said by some to mean accuse falsely, but then why add falso as in Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 229; 3, 2, 7; 3, 21; Mil. 2, 3, 26; 2, 4, 12; Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 107; Liv. 6, 16, 1; or perperam, Pl. Mil. 2, 4, 39? see also \* above; 7. perh. orig. meaning unmask, and so expose, in of insimulo for an=ava, of reversal, as in inconcilio.

**in-sisto**, ēre, stiti, vb. [*in* in or on] set (foot) upon, take a stand upon, plant oneself on, plantam institit quasi Luca bos sit, Pl. Cas. 4, 4, 19; 2. gen. absol., set foot upon, Vbi quisque insisterat, concidit crepita, Pl. Amph. 5, 1, 11; ut cum primorum eiecissent proximi laetentibus\* insisterent, Caes. b. g. 2, 27, 3; per temonem percurrere in iugo\* insistere, 4, 33 f.; post eius interitum ueniebamus in curiam ut nestigium illud ipsum in quo\* ille postremum institisset contueremur, Cic. or. 3, 6; insistere omnes uestigis\* laudum suarum, can scarcely take a step without coming upon some monument of his glory, Liv. 5, 30, 2; prope uestigis\* monumentum insisitebat, 25, 33 f.; add 27, 2, 10; 3. and met. i. uestigis\* cuius, tread in the footsteps of, follow in the same track with, innemque suis potissimum uestigis\* insistere, 24, 4, 5; simul ne uulgarem uiam ingressus alienis decum uestigis\* insisterem, Quint. pr. 3; cum nemo potest aequare cuius uestigis\* sibi uitae insistentem putat, 10, 2, 10; and without uestigis, laetaris quod honoribus\* cuius (sc. Tulli) insistam quem aemulari studiis cupio, Plin. ep. 4, 8, 4; 4. with acc. of that on which, Quenecumque institeram grammam aut praecisum iugum, Att. 506 R; Nulli fas casto sceleratum insistere limen, Verg. 6, 563; 5. hence gen. enter upon (a route), take (a road), utrum hac an illac iter institerit, Pl. Cist. 4, 2, 11; erro quam insistas uiam, Mil. 3, 1, 198; quam insistam uiam Incertus sum, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 3; add Ph. 1, 4, 15; cursum quam insisteris, 5, 6, 8; and absol. Hec. 3, 5, 34; dubito quam insistam uiam, Pac. 50 R; quot Luna circos...instituit, Att. 100 R; uiamque insiste domandi, Verg. G. 3, 164; iter quod insistis L. Scipio, Liv. 37, 7, 8; and by ej. Q. Cic. pet. cons. 55; 6. met., w. sb. of course entered upon, enter upon, commence, Aue nunciam insiste in dolos\*, ego abs te procul recedam, Pl. Mil. 2, 4, 4; Insistite hoc negotium sapienter, 3, 55; sic hanc rationem institi, St. 3, 1, 29; munus, Cic. or. 3, 176; totus et mente et animo in bellum\* Ambiorigis insisit, Caes. b. g. 6, 5, 1; neque constabat quam rationem pugnae insisterent, 3, 14, 3; 7. w. inf., begin, Hecio uide sis nequid tu hunc tenere insistas credere, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 52; Hanc habere orationem mecum principio institi, Ter. Hec. 3, 3, 21; Ideo hanc agere tecum secreto institi\*, Afran. Si R; dictis mertare, Att. 134; maturare, 428; adinsulare, ap. Cic. off. 3, 98; flagitare senatus institi\* Cornutus ut..., Cic. fam. 10, 16, 1; iare oratoretem insistunt\* ut..., Liv.

8, 35, 2; puellis ut saltem parceret orare institui, 24, 26, 11; Appium institui sequi, 25, 19, 7;—perh. those marked || belong to § 11; 8. come to a halt, halt, stop, nt non referat pedem, insistet certe, Cic. Phil. 12, 8; quorum (sc. the planets) motus tum incitantur tum retardantur saepe etiam insistent, N. D. 2, 103; 9. esp. of speaking, quid est cur claudere aut insistere orationem uelint, orat. 170; circuitus ille incitator fertur quoad perueniat ad finem et insistet, 187; add fin. 5, 75; 10. dwell upon a topic, take one's stand upon (it) and dilate, insisit, quot uultis esse in uno furto peccatorum gradus? Vt si singulis insistere (wh. note the consistency of the met. gradus ins.) nelim..., Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 172; negas te ad obscura progredi, inlustribus igitur rebus insistis, acad. pr. 94; magnis rebus, Tib. 4, 1, 135; inter pauca nitidioris uitae instrumenta haec arbor est, quapropter insistentum ei paululum uidetur, Plin. 13, 100; 11. follow or pursue energetically, press hard, adeo effusus? (hostibus) insisterunt ut..., Liv. 26, 44, 4; quibus? dies noctesque fugientibus per hos dies insistentibus, 27, 13, 4; but there perh. as also 4, 46, 4 from instare, cf. 27, 12, 9; orabatque insisterent caedibus?, Tac. an. 2, 21; perdomandae Campaniae? insistere, h. 3, 77; add au. 4, 60; ut fracto iam Maroboduus usque in exitum insisteretur, Tac. 2, 62; 12. stand over and give one's full thoughts to a matter, see to its proper execution, quisquis temporum insisterit notis?, reperit..., Vell. 1, 17, 4; muri Veronensium...dedicati...iubente sanctissimo Gallieno Aug., insisterent Aur. Marcellino..., curante Ful. Marcellino, inscr. Or. 1014; II 13. vb. static, stand upon, australis ille (cingulus) in quot qui insistent aduersa uobis urgent uestigia, Cic. rep. 6, 20, 21; insisibat in manu? Cereis simulacrum Victoriae, Verr. 2, 4, 110; uellae margini? insistent, Plin. ep. S, 8, 6; in sinistram pedem? insistentium, Quint. 11, 3, 125; 14. simply, stand, dissoluit membris insistere nequibat, Tac. an. 15, 57; 15. note construction, as first with in and acc., 2; 16. w. in and abl., 17. w. acc. left unmarked; 18. w. dat. ‡.

**insiticius**, adj. [insitus] of the class insita, engrafted—hence meto, aestiuo(m) diem si non diffunderem meo insiticio somno meridae, nuere non possem, Varr. r. 1, 2, 5; nam muli et huius generis atque insiticii, non suapte genere ab radicibus, 2, 8, 1; cf. ut (equa) discordantem utero suo generis alieni stirpem insitam facile recipiat, Colum. 6, 36, 2; insiticio et induto (sermone)—of foreign stock—opp. to patrio, Plin. ep. 4, 3, 5; 2. for qty see suppositicius.

**in-solens**, adj. [solco] not accustomed (to), a stranger (to), a novice, Quid tu Athenas insolens? Ter. Andr. 5, 4, 4; non sum tam ignarus caesarum, non tam insolens in dicendo ut..., Cic. Sest. 119; aspera Nigris aquora uentis Emirabitur insolens, Hor. od. 1, 5, 8; 2. esp. with a gen., ille insolens infamiae, Cic. Att. 2, 21, 2; ea requiruntur a me quorum sum ignarus atque insolens, or. 1, 207; multitudine insolens belli, Caes. b. c. 2, 36, 1; malarum artium, Sal. Cat. 3, 4; audiendi quae faceret, Tac. an. 15, 67; ruris colendi, Gell. 19, 12, 7; 3. as a pass. of things, unusual, unwanted, strange, Quae aegritudo insolens mentem attemptat tuam? Pac. 60 R; uerbum, Cic. orat. 25; Gell. 11, 7, 1; add 2, 27, 5; 6 (7), 3, 12; Quint. 4, 1, 8; 4. not much frequented, regio insolens et incustodiata, Pall. 12, 4, 2; 5. (cf. our saying: set a beggar on horseback and—) running riot, extravagant, immoderate, violent, insolent, Ille insolens autem ut fastidit carumfex! Trup. 101 R; uictoria natura insolens et superba, Cic. Marc. 9; ne uera praedicans de se uideretur aut insolens aut loquax, sen. 31; quod nihil habere (Lysias) insolens aut ineptum, orat. 29 (of style); add Rose. Am. 23; fam. 9, 20, 2; or. 3, 342; Tusc. 5, 42; imprimeretque muris Hostile aratrum, Hor. od. 1, 16, 21; add Verr. 2, 110, 2; Plin. 35, 201; nomen sibi insolentissimum? arrogauerunt ut soli sapientiae studiosi uocarentur, pr. 14; insolentissimos? Numantinae urbis spiritus, Val. M. 2, 7, 1; add Suet. Vesp. 154; 6. insolenter, adv. contrary to custom, insolenter et raro, Cic. inu. 1, 43; non primus finxit hoc uerbum Vergilius insolenter, Gell. 1, 21, 5; insolentius? paulo haec figura est ita usus, 10, 13, 4; 7. extravagantly, insolently, his festiuitatibus insolentius\*

abuitur, Cic. orat. 176; add Cat. 2, 20\*; Phil. 9, 7; Tusc. 4, 39; Caes. b. g. 1, 14, 4; b. c. 1, 45, 1; 3, 46, 3\*; Liv. 23, 36, 2; Val. M. 3, 2, 217; 8. comp.; sup. ‡.

**insomnia**, ae, f. [insomnis] lit. had sleeping—hence sleeplessness, amori accedunt...Insomnia aerumna error..., Pl. Merc. 1, 1, 25; also in Enn. says Serv. ad A. 4, 9; Consequitur comes insomnia: ea porro insaniam affert, Caecili. 168 R; perdita illuuiat atque insomnia, Pal. Cat. 9; uigilare: neque insomniae neque labore fatigari, Sac. Att. 27, 2; Perseu...quia pacem uitam dederant insomniae occidere, ep. Mith. 7; Tuditano (Regulum) somno diu prohibuit atque ita uita priuatum referat..., and soon: nobilissimos Poenorum captiuos liberis Reguli a senatu deditos...eadem insomnia cruciatos interisse, Gell. 7 (6), 4, 4; incitabatur insomnia maxime, Suet. Cal. 50; obsol. for Plin. says Serv. ib.

**insomnietas**, ātis, f. same, Theod. Frisc. 2, 1; Plin. Val. 1, 35.

**insomniēsus**, adj. [insomnia] sleeping ill, subject to sleeplessness, omnis qui i. est hac eadem curatione sanum facies, Cato r. 157, 8.

**in-somnis**, e, adj. [in=male, somnus] sleeping ill—hence sleepless, noctem custodia ducit Insomnis ludu, Verg. 9, 167; Noctes non sine multis Insomnis lacrimis agit, Hor. od. 3, 7, 8; Pomaque ab insomni concustodita dracone, Ov. M. 9, 190; Inuenit insomni uolentem publica cura Fata uiri, Lucan. 2, 239; add 4, 552; insomnes magis quam perigiles, Tac. au. 1, 65; Insomnes oculos rubor excitat, Stat. Th. 3, 328.

**insomniū**, ū, n. [insomnis] sleeping badly, and so either sleeplessness or having bad dreams, gen. in pl., aut mox noctu te adigent horsum insomnia, Ter. Eun. 2, 1, 13; caret (senectus) epulis et frequentibus poculis: caret ergo etiam inuolentia et cruditate et insomnia, Cic. sen. 41; Anna soror, quae me suspensam insomnia terrent! Tull. 4, 9; Di meliora ferant ne sint insomnia uera Quae uelit hesternae pessima nocte quis, Tib. 3, 4, 1; Exercent rabidam treulenta insomnia mentem, Sil. 10, 358; furibunda 1, 11, 102; insomnia uigiliis quae tollere (brassicam) deoecant, Plin. 20, 82; faba existimata (est) insomnia facere, 18, 118; (anesum) insomnia leuat suspensum in puluino, 20, 186;

2. dreaming at all is but imperfect sleeping, and so gen. a dream, rustiuelo euidam louem per insomnia dixisse uti ad consules uaderet..., Arnob. 7, 36 (39); perh. also in: Sed falsa ad caelum mittunt insomnia manes, Verg. 6, 897; as also in some of the above in § 1; insomnia Veneris, Plin. 26, 194; but in 5, 45 he has: neque (Atlantes) in somno (so at least Sil., Detl. w. a; but β insomnia) uisunt quae reliqui mortales; 3. Macr. somn. Sc. 3, 4—5 saw the prep. in in insomnia=ep. uirrior; so called says he: quia in somno tantummodo esse creditur, post somnium nullam sui significationem reliquit.

**in-stituo**, ēre, ni (old nī or ūti), ātus, vb. [in for an=ava up; statuo], lit. set up—hence esp. of building, erect, ex eo tempore quo pons institui coeptus est, Caes. b. g. 4, 18, 4; eius munitionis quae ab Romanis instituebatur, 7, 69, 6; add 5, 52; delubra, Val. F. 1, 16; aras, 3, 426; 2. met. set up, institute, start, be the first to introduce, aedilis curulis qui magistratus multis annis post decemuiros institutus est, Cic. Att. 6, 1, 8; de legibus instituentibus, or. 1, 58; sacros ludos, Ov. M. 1, 446; ferias diesque festos, Plin. 18, 284; conlegium figulorum, 35, 159; cum aliquis sumptus instituit eos qui antea non erant instituti, Cic. Flac. 33; nouum uocigal, Modest. dig. 48, 14, 1, 3; 3. esp. set up, commence, open (a business etc.), ibique regnum magnum instituit, Pl. Rud. 4, 2, 30; Nouumque mihi quaestum institui non malum, Most. 3, 2, 92; officium, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 54; texitrum, 58; opribus Boetior, Varr. r. 3, 9, 2; bibliothecas, Plin. 35, 10; 4. also of farming, commence by sowing or planting, iugera cec ubi institui uineae possunt, ap. Cic. agr. 2, 67; segetes, Varr. r. 1, 37, 5; plantaria, Plin. 13, 37; si quis salignas uirgas insittendi salicis causa deluxit, Ulp. dig. 47, 7, 3; 5. w. ut and subj., or subj. alone, introduce the practice of, Aecylas instituit ut hi (so A. not ii) qui se audire uellent,

ipsi dicerent quid sentirent; quod cum dixissent, ille contra..., Cic. fin. 2, 2; instituit quotannis...subsortitio a praetore fieret, Suet. Caes. 41 f.; 6. w. inf., cum tibi canere uoce Ardalus instituit, Plin. 7, 204; prosum orationem condere Phercydes instituit, ib.; 7. in law, appoint, qui eum tutorem tum etiam secundum heredem instituerit, Cic. fam. 13, 61; populum Romanum tutorem i. illorum oratori, or. 1, 228; heres testamento instituitur, Gai. 2, 103; add 154, 160, 168 etc.; 8. gen. begin, enter upon, adopt, Ita negotium instituitur; non dat cessatio, Pl. Poen. 4, 2, 103; nunc ego hanc astutiam institui (or w. ass institui, not institui as add.), Epid. 3, 2, 27; Sapienter uitam instituit, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 40; quaeliam instituit quae hmanior a me politius, Cic. acad. post. 2; si diligentiam quam instituiti adhibueris, fam. 16, 20; historia nec institui potest nisi preparato officio nec exiguo tempore absolui, leg. 1, 9; quae nec institui nec effici potest sine tua ope, Att. 16, 13, 2; ut primum nauigare coepi institui Topica Aristoteles conscribere, fam. 7, 19; similem rationem operis instituit, Caes. b. c. 1, 42, 1; familia nostra cum populo Romano bello Carthaginiensi amicitiam instituit, Sal. Iug. 14, 5; accusationem, Ulp. dig. 48, 1, 5, 1; 48, 5, 4, 2; cum testamentum aliud facere instituisset neque perficere potuisset, Pap. dig. 34, 4, 22; non sufficit litem instituisse si non in ea persecuerit, 2, 15, 1; 9. arrange, marshal, draw up, with a view to work, quatae aciei quam instituerat sex cohortium, Caes. b. c. 3, 93, 4; and met., ut actionem instituit, ille aciem instruit, Cic. Mur. 22; 10. esp. train the young or inexperienced, teach, instruct, Atque ita seruum par uidetur frugi sese instituisse, Pl. Amph. 3, 3, 4; ut adulescentem docent instituat ad omne officii munus instruit, Cic. sen. 29; sic tu instituis adulescentem? Caes. 39; add or 2, 162; Verr. 2, 3, 161; remiges institui iubet, Caes. b. g. 3, 9, 1; Masinissa nos ita instituit ne quem coleremus nisi populum Romanum, Sal. Iug. 14, 18; perdomiti (boues) ad aratrum instituantur, Colum. 6, 2, 8; bouem instituit, ib.; 11. same, w. abl., litteris, Quint. 1, 1, 5; discipulis Graecis, 1, 1, 12; artibus, 1, 3, 18; lyra, 1, 10, 13; studiis, 1, 12, 19; 12. w. inf., (agricolae) Latine loqui primus instituit (Cato), Colum. 1, 1, 12; columbas illic deuolare instituerat, Frontin. Str. 3, 13, 8.

**insto**, are, stiti (perh. belongs to *instisto*), staturus, vb. stand on, rectam\* instas niam, Pl. As. 1, 1, 54; rectam\* (so add., *ass recte*) institui, Epid. 3, 3, 35; Saxogeti instare (sc. Fortunam) in globoso praedicant uolubili, Pac. 367 R; instat (sc. gralis, stitis), Varr. s. 172, 3 R; Siue instare iugis† et grandia uolueris saxa, Verg. 11, 529; 2. less accurs\*, stand above or over, Surget et instabit summis minor Vrsa ceruchis†, Lucan. 8, 177; 3. (one closely following another is said to) tread upon the heels of, pursue closely, Marcellus uestigis† instabat, Liv. 27, 12, 9; Pompeiani nostros premere et instare coeperunt, Caes. b. c. 3, 46, 3; add 1, So f.; integri (utrique) abissent, ni cederent† instaturum alterum tinnissent, Liv. 10, 36, 3; si instetur suo milite uinci Romam posse, 2, 44, 12; ubi instaretur cedens ac rursus in terga remans, Tac. an. 3, 21; fugient† sibi instaturos uictores, Frontin. str. 2, 6, 10; quum aie instructa audacius instaret hostes\* (al. hostibus†), ps. Nep. Epam. 9, 1; acrius hostis\* (al. hostibus†) institui, id. Eum. 4, 2; 4. more met. stand on and so throw one's weight upon, press hard on, omnes...caedere ianum saxis, instare ferro, Cic. Verr. 1, 69; iamque palam pressor\* magis ac magis instat aratro, Calp. ecl. 4, 121; 5. not confined to physical force, as: Si magis me\* instabunt (for payment of debt) add praetorem sufferam, Pl. Cure. 3, 1, 6; dictum oportuit. Non possum, ita instas: urges quasi pro noxio, Merc. 4, 3, 26; ante factis omissis, illud quod instet agi oportere, Cic. inu. 2, 37; etiam atque etiam insto atque urgo insector, Planc. 48; urge instae perice, Att. 13, 32, 1; insector ultro atque insto accusatori†, Font. 11 (10); add Att. 1, 13, 3; 3, 15, 3; or 1, 99; Quinet. 77; add Q. fr. 3, 2, 2; Desine plura puer et quod nunc instat agamus, Verg. B. 9, 66; 6. with thing as obj., Instat (so Seal., *hss* instant) mercaturam\*: spero rem faciet, frugi est homo, Nov.

61 R; currumque\* rotasque uolueris Instabant, Verg. S. 434, lost not a moment in forming; instandum fama†, Tac. Agr. 18; 7. w. inf. Instare factum sima (insists that), Pl. Merc. 2, 1, 18; so: ego illud sedulo Negare factum, ille instat factum, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 120; instat Scandilius poscere recuperatos, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 136; 8. w. ut or ne and subj., ita uxor acriter Ita instat ne mihi detur, Pl. Cas. 2, 5, 33; Magis unum etiam instare ut hodie conficiantur nuptiae, Ter. Haat. 5, 1, 22; quoniam tibi instat Hortensius ut eas in consilium, Cic. Quinet. 34; 9. met. stand over and so threaten, lower, impend, Et hunc desperidum lenonem; tantum eum\* instat exiti. Satine? Prorsum unum est iniectum telum, tum (tam = tamen?) instat aratro, Pl. Poen. 4, 2, 96, 97; graui sub religione Quae caput a caeli regionibus ostendebat Horribili super aspectu mortali† instans, Lucr. 1, 65; 10. also of the good, await forthwith, Ita me dei ament ut ob istanc rem tibi† multa bona instant a me, Pl. Pers. 4, 3, 21; necis quid te\* instet boni, 4, 3, 45; 11. note constr.—w. acc. \* and dat. † in Pl. and Verg.; acc. in Nov.; dat. in Pac., Cic., Lucr., Liv., Lucan., Frontin., Calp., Tac.

**instructi**, e, a, adj. (instruo), not built up, anima, Tert. anim. 14.

**instructio**, ōnis, f., building, balinei, Traian. ad Plin. 10, 24 (35); tubulorum, Vitr. 5, 9, 7; 2. drawing up (of troops), Cic. Caecin. 43; 3. mental equipment, instruction, Arnob. 5, 167.

**instructor**, ōnis, m. builder, conuini, Cic. ad sen. 15, one who sets out.

**instructor**, a, ae, f. [instructor] building up, hence marshalling (of an army), Frontin. str. 2, 3 med.; compositionis, Fronto ad M. Caes. 2, 1.

1 **in-struo**, ōre, xi, etas, vb. [in=an=ava, up] pile up, build up, murus instructus laterculo coctili, Curt. 5, 1, 25; saxo pilae instructae sunt, 5, 1, 33; turgida conchis instruitur, 9, 10, 10; ex terra parietes...inferiuntur uerius quam instruitur, Plin. 35, 169; aggerem, Tac. h. 2, 22; in parietibus tabuli (water-pipes) instruantur fastigio inclinati in cloacas, Vitr. 5, 9, 7; muros, ps. Nep. Them. 6, 4; moenia, Sol. 1, 2; 2. met. arrange, marshal, draw up, esp. an army, legiones, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 66 and 67; exercitum, Cato orig. 25, 110 I; Tu hunc instrue; ego ero post principia, Ter. Eum. 4, 7, 11; praesidia, Cic. Cat. 2, 24; aciem, Mur. 22; Caes. b. g. 1, 22 f.; 1, 48, 3; Liv. 6, 23, 12; add Cic. Caecin. 33; Liv. 4, 18, 4; 8, 8, 3; and met. from an army, Cedo senem: iam instructa sunt mihi in corde consilia omnia, Ter. Ph. 2, 2, 7; 3. also of plots, instruenda fraudi aliquanto intentior quam..., Liv. 23, 35, 14; quum insidis instruendis locum? 6, 23, 6; insidias mihi instruement (al. struement), Catul. 21, 7; in Cic. Clu. 190 Baier has strimet w. 2 best *ass*; 4. set up, start, iam ubi liber ero, igitur deum instrum agrum aedis mancipia, Pl. Rud. 4, 2, 25; Ne thermopolium quidem ullum instruit, 2, 6, 45; Quin in corde instruere quondam coepit thermopolium, Ps. 2, 4, 52; Magnas res hic agito in mentem instruere, Rud. 4, 2, 28; 5. pile up on a person, and so equip him, as first w. dat. of person, Iube sibi aurum atque ornamenta quae illi instruxi mulieri Dono habere, Pl. Mil. 4, 1, 34; add 4, 3, 7; 4, 3, 34; 4, 4, 11; 6. gen. with acc. of persons or things, abl. of equipment, equip, stock, furnish, deck, Vidi ego te (o Priami domus) Tectis caelatis lacuatis Auro ebor instructum, Eum. 7, 122 V; omnibus curat rebus instructum ut sit conuiuium, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 62; Mitridatis copias omnibus rebus ornatas atque instructas, Man. 20; add Phil. 10, 9; naues...omnibus rebus instructas, Caes. b. g. 5, 5, 2; add b. c. 1, 36, 2; nauigia instruunt armamentis ministrisque, Colum. 4, 3, 1; instructum mandatis ad Hannibalem, Liv. 34, 61, 7; pulchroque instructa paratu...conuolia, Ov. M. 4, 763; Instruere epulis mensas, S. 571; socios simul instruit armis, Verg. S. 80; Cultibus Alciden instruit illa suis, Ov. Fr. 2, 318; add Verg. 12, 124; Ov. M. 11, 167; 7. absol. equip, arm with the due requisites, Omnis ad perniciem instructa domus,

Pl. Bac. 3, 1, 6; ut tu scias Quam ea nunc instructa pulere ad perniciem sciet, Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 41; domum tuam, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 10; ad iudicium nondum se satis instruxerat, 41—(w. witnesses, documents etc.); instructae ornataeque naves, 2, 5, 133; ad quem (sc. agrum) instruendum (stock with buildings, tools, labourers etc.) uires non essent, Liv. 6, 5, 5 (cf. instrumentum); longiore diem ad instruendum causam petiit, Plin. ep. 10, 71 (75); 3. Vitellii filium splendidissime maritatu dotalitue et instruxit (with a trousseau or outfit), Suet. Vesp. 14; 8. of the mind, esp. in the part, instructus, ad mortem contemnendam, Cic. fin. 2, 57; ad permouendos animos (sc. oratores), orat. 20; ut unus ad dicendum instructissimus a natura esse uideatur, 3, 31; a te accusatores esse instructos et subornatos, Vat. 3; Saepe decem uitis instructor, Hor. ep. 1, 18, 25; dolis instructis et arte Pelagae, Verg. 2, 152; 9. hence instruct, instructions; 10. adv. instructus, ludus is fecit, Liv. 1, 35, 7—on a grander scale; accusare, Apul. mag. 34—with a better supply of evidence etc.

2. **in-struo**, ēre, vb. [in, in] build in or into, eam (sc. conurbationem) in parietes instruxerunt, Caes. b. c. 2, 9, 1.

**in-surgo**, ēre, rexi, rectum, vb. [in for an=ava, up] rise up, rise, silex...Spelunca dorso insurgens, Verg. S. 233\*; tenebras insurgere campis, 9, 34\*; sibilare eos (sc. serpentes) Arduus insurgens, 11, 755\*; pone tergum insurgebat silua, Tac. an. 2, 16; Insurgat Aquilo quantus..., Hor. epod. 10, 7; Vastius insurgens decimae ruit impetus undae, Ov. M. 11, 530; si forte prolapsus esset, attolli et insurgere haud licitum, Tac. G. 39; insurgit spelunca turris ardua, Apul. M. 4, 6\*; 2. met., insurgere paulatim (in his demands), munia senatus in se trahere, Tac. an. 1, 2; Romanas opes insurgere, 11, 16; fremitus insurgere...sensit, Val. F. 2, 82; ut locis placidioribus septem (pedibus a terra) summis eius (sc. uitis) insurgat, Pall. 1, 6, 10; crassitudine (sc. crassitudinem) insurgat, Mart. Cap. 7, 755; 3. esp. of style, insurgit aliquando Horatius et plenus est incunditatis et gratiae et uerbis felicissime audax, Quint. 10, 1, 96; quid Demosthenes, non insurgit locis? 12, 10, 23; haec (figura) crescere solet, uerbis omnibus altius atque altius insurgentibus, S. 4, 27; add 9, 4 §§ 23, 44, 92, 134 and 136; 12, 2, 28; 4. with dat. rise at or against, rise to attack, credensque suis insurgere regnis, Ov. M. 9, 445\*; insurgere fesso Integer, Val. F. 4, 274\*; 5. insurgere remis, rise on the oar as in violent rowing, pariterque insurgite remis, Verg. 3, 560\*; add 5, 189\*; Val. F. 2, 13\*; transtris, 1, 450\*; 6. as vb. trans., ascend, mount, iugi quod insurgimus (inscendimus) aspiritudinem, Apul. M. 1, 2; 7. the ordin. prep. in, on, or at, would suit\*; but not the others.

**in-tāresco**, ēre, bui, vb. [in=av=ava=G, ent, of beginning or away] begin to melt, or melt away, ceu lata plumbea funda Missa solet medio glans intārescere caelo, Ov. M. 14, 826; ut intārescere flauae igne lute ceras matutinaeque pruinæ Sole tepente solent, 3, 488; 2. met. pine or waste away, Interminato cum semel fixae cibo Intābissent pupulae, Hor. epod. 5, 40; Sed uidet ingratos intābescite uidendo Successus hominum (sc. Inuidia), Ov. M. 2, 780; nouella (uitis) nisi omnia iusta pereperit ad ultimam redigatur maciem, et sic intābescit ut..., Colum. 4, 3, 5; Virtute uideant intābescantque rehetra, Pers. 3, 38; 3. with dat. over, quid iuuat dolori intābescere, Sen. ad Polyb. de consol. 5 (24), 2; 4. but in Cic. N. D. 3, 84 Baiter has tabescentem.

**in-tēgo**, ēre, xi, ctus, vb. thatch over (see tego), tecta quae coniectis (congestis) stramentis tentorium interducorum gratia erant inaeificata, Caes. b. g. 8, 5, 2; 2. hence gen. roof over, cover with tiles etc., Detexit uentus uillam; omnis de tecto deturbauit tegulas; and below: Villam intertegum intellego totum mihi, Pl. Rud. 1, 2, 13; C. Rusticus C. f. Flauus iter(tum) L. Octavius L. f. Vitulus IIII(i) d(e) s(enatus) s(ententia) uiam intertegum euauerunt, CIL 1117; add 1118 (so as to make an arcade); quancum nunc porticus illam Integit? Prop. 3, 15, 14 (3, 23, 6); Qua for-

mosa suo Clitumnus flumina luco Integit, 3, 11, 26 (3, 12, 26); reliqua pars serobis ad occultandas insidias uiminibus ac uirgulis integratur, Caes. b. g. 7, 73; 7; Namque canes ut montiuae persaepe ferai Naribus inueniunt intactas fronde quietes, Lucr. 1, 405; 3. more met., roof over, cover over, over, piscium species sunt LXIII praeter crustis intacta, quae sunt xxx, Plin. 9, 43; intestina omento integuntur, 11, 204; auro integere (statuas), 34, 15; amictu corpus, Sen. Oed. 564; his cassida crines Integit, Stat. Th. 4, 303.

**intel-lēgo**, (l-igo), ēre, lexi (lēgi, cf. § 13), lectus, vb. [inter, of, pellego, pollicor for l] lit. pick up, but limited to ideas—so gather, perceive, learn, understand, see, infer, (cf. old Scot. gleg at the uptake for quick of comprehension), quantum ego ex augurio aspicioque intellego, Pl. As. 2, 1, 15; ludos me facitis intellego, Pers. 5, 2, 22; A. Qui? S. quia Alumnem ante aedis stare saturam intellego, Amph. 2, 2, 35; add Men. 4, 2, 104; 3, 2, 32; Quae quam sint cara post carendo intellegunt, poet. ap. Cic. orat. 157; de gestu intellego (so mss. Halm -līgo) quid respondeas, Vat. 35; Curio ubi neque cohortationes suas neque preces audiri intellegit..., Caes. b. c. 2, 42, 1; 2. hence use of intellexi, I have found out, I know, Modo intellexi quam rem mulier gesserit, Pl. Mil. 3, 2, 53; M. Nunc intellexi. L. dis hercle habeo gratiam, Nam ui intellexes, nunquam credo amitteres, Cist. 2, 3, 80; iam pridem cognoui atque intellexi atque arbitror..., Cato orat. 33, 1; Vixdum dimidium dixeram, intellexerat, Ter. Ph. 4, 2, 4; Quid, hoc intellexit? Andr. 1, 2, 30; intellexi ex tuis litteris te audisse..., Cic. Att. 6, 9, 3; add 2, 18, 1; hostes ubi spem se fellicisse intellexerunt, constituerunt optimum esse..., Caes. b. g. 2, 10, 4—cf. nosco, noui; 3. possess knowledge, know, understand, Quoi rei opera detur, scis tenes intellegis, Pl. Pers. 3, 5; corpus quid sit, sanguis quid sit intellego, Cic. N. D. 1, 74; intellego (so mss G; Bait. -līgo) quid loquar, Lig. 15; 4. esp. have a special knowledge of art etc., be a connoisseur, simulacrum Herculis quo non facile dixerim quidquam me uidisse pulchrius (tametsi non tam multum in istis rebus intellego quam multa uidi), Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 94; nugatorium seicham esse ista intellegere, 2, 4, 33; see also § 15 and 17; 5. for constr. w. acc. and inf. see above; also w. simple acc., Tum denique homines nostra intellegimus bona, Quom..., Pl. Capt. 1, 2, 39; quom huius dicta intellego, Bac. 3, 3, 45; qui linguam auium intellegat, Pacuv. S. 3; magna saepe intellegemus ex paruis, Cic. off. 1, 146; Illa quidem primo nullos intellegit ignes, Ov. M. 9, 457; 6. even acc. of men, understand, see into, appreciate, uir quem in quantum quisque aut cognoscere aut intellegere potuit in tantum diligit, Vell. 2, 114 f.; add 2, 116, 4; a res concitauit Rhodios ad intellegendum artificem, Plin. 35, 88; quid Catonem actas sua parum intellexisset, Sen. const. sap. 3; 7. hence in pass. quae uoluerunt nullo intellegi, Cic. or. 2, 60; Barbarus hic ego sum quia non intellegor (am not intelligible) ulli, Ov. tr. 5, 10, 37; ut aquae salsae non intelligatur sapor, Colum. 12, 21, 5; ne miremur uestigia hominum intellegi a feris, Plin. 8, 58; (Socrates) ab hominibus sui temporis parum intellegatur, Quinct. 11, 1, 10; solum insidiarum remedium esse, si non intellegerunt, Tac. an. 14, 6; 8. but in the following esse is underst., ne omnium oculis uultum eorum scrutantibus falsi intellegerunt, Tac. an. 3, 3; perfundere caput...et postea frigida saluberrimum intellegitur, Plin. 28, 55; 9. as pass. impers., intellectum esse mihi..., Cic. Mare. 3; intellegi necesse est esse dcos, N. D. 1, 44; add fin. 3, 39; 5, 52; ex quo intellegendum est eos sensisse hoc idem, Tusc. 3, 10; semper in his studiis uiuenti non intellegitur (is not perceptible) quando obrepit senectus, sen. 38; intellecto eo quod rem continet, Tusc. 3, 58; quidam bonorum cacci postquam intellectu in quos saeculare pessimi quoque arma rapuerunt, Tac. an. 1, 49; 10. not used of sight, says Quint. 10, 1, 14; nec sicut de intellectu animi recte discerni uideo ita de uisu oculorum intellego; but see Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 35 in § 1; 11. not the same w. cognosco, quia re autem in his uis deorum uisit intellegam cum cognouero, Cic. N. D. 3, 61; see also Vell. 2,

114 in § 6; perh. in such distinctions cogn. speaks of knowledge obtained directly, as by sight, int. when it is inferred or learnt from others; 12. in Lact. 2, 16 for discerno, distinguish, orationum praestigia a veritate intelligere non possunt; 13. intelligit Lachm. (who compares negligit) and Munro give in Lucr. 6, 17; but in Sal. Jug. 6, 2 postquam adolescentem magis magisque crescere intellegit, this is a present; and in hist. (p. 113, 20 lord.) read intellegent with V; 14. intellego, non ligo in all good mss; thus Ritschl Trin. 2, 4, 55 intellego omnes (he means good mss, not D F Z) et sic constanter; 15. intelligens, part. as adj. intelligent, iudicium, iudicium, Cic. opt. g. or. 11; uir, fin. 3, 19; auditor, Brut. 199; dicendi existimator, 200; intelligentiorem mente, Aug. retract. 1, 19 m.; 16. esp. in works of art as a connoisseur, signa quae non modo istum hominem ingeniosum et intelligentem uerum etiam quoniam nostrum quos idiotas appellat, delectare possent, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 4; in hisce rebus intelligens, 2, 4, 33; 17. as sb., semperne uulgi iudicium cum intelligentium iudicio congruit? Cic. Brut. 183; 18. w. gen. erat et cupidus nuptiatum et eius generis intelligens, Cic. fin. 2, 63; intelligens principis nostri, Plin. ep. 6, 27, 2; 19. intelligenter, adv. intelligently, audiamur, Cic. part. or. 28; lecitabat, Plin. ep. 5, 16, 3.

**intépeo**, ére, vb. be slightly warm, as after cold. Et lacus aestuus intépeit Umber aquis, Prop. 5 (4), 1, 124; 2. after heat, be cooled down, ambustaque sotentibus alte Intepet hydra uadis, Stat. Th. 2, 377.

**intépesco**, ére, tépui, vb. intr. [in for an = aua of beginning] begin to get slightly warm, Roscida cum primum foliis excussa pruna est Et nariae radis intepuere comae, Ov. Fl. 5, 216; sic desaeuit. Ut semel intepuit nuero, Verg. 10, 570; frigus, Colum. 1, 1, 5; annus, 11, 2, 2; 2. begin to cool down (from great heat), ne quis intepescat cibus, ne quid parum feruat, cenam culina prosequitur, Sen. ep. 78, 23; uer iam incinatum in aestuati quo tempore calere debebat intepuit nec adhuc illi fides est, 67, 1; 3. met. paululum intepescere saeculit, Petr. 94.

**inter**, prep. comp. [in, down in, w. ex. t. and so = G. unter, E. under] with acc., under (rare), aqua inter cunctis minime terribilis est quae nullo antecedente morbo coepit, Cels. 2, 8, p. 45, 26; add p. 48, 31; 49, 3; 50, 7; and perh.: haec uilla inter manus meae creuit, Sen. ep. 12, 1; 2. among, amid, in the midst of, with pl. nouns, Noctum sum in caelo clarus atque inter deos, Inter mortales ambulans interdixi, Pl. Rud. pr. 6; Hominem inter uiuos quaeritamus mortuum, Men. 2, 1, 15; postea inter homines (in the crowd of people) me deerrare a patre atque inde auehi, 5, 9, 54; Inter eosne homines condalium te redipisci postulas? Trin. 4, 3, 15; add 5, 2, 46 and 5, 9, 54; Exul inter hostes, Att. 4, 15 R; qui possit incoluimus uel inter hostium tela nersari, Cic. or. 1, 202; assequitur inter lucos hominem Milo, Att. 4, 3, 4; Quum uitam in silvis inter deserta ferarum Lustra domosque traho, Verg. 3, 646; At Venus aetherios inter dea caudis nimbo Dona ferens aderat, S. 608; inter angustias uicorum, Suet. Aug. 45; tantum undique confluit hominum ut plerique aduenae aut inter uicos aut luter uias tabernacula positae manerent, Caes. 39; 3. the same, even w. nouns of multitude or extent, for in w. abl., Vbi uidet aeniam Iolium crescere inter triticum, Enn. praec. 2, p. 165 V; haudquaquam inter id genus (sc. patricios) contemptor eius (sc. plebis) habebatur, Liv. 6, 34, 5; paecana canentis Inter odoratum lauri nemus, Verg. 6, 658; erat inter ceteram plandium mons saxeus, Sal. Jug. 92, 5; tibicines inter exercitum positi canere inceptabant, Gell. 1, 11, 3; 4. with the idea of motion (= in with acc.), Haut aecumet te inter oratores accipi, Pl. St. 3, 2, 38; Appius inter patres lectus, Liv. 2, 16, 5; Xenophon non excidit mihi sed inter philosophos reddendus est, Quint. 10, 1, 75; qui si ceteris uirtutibus grauiter adiciisset ponendus inter praecipuos foret, 116; ea gens inter Romanas gentes alecta, Suet. Aug. 2; inter patricios alecti, Ner. 1; add Otho 1; Vit. 1; 5. so with vbs. of distribution, among, between, mea bona...inter eos partiam, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 113; numquam ego manubias inter pauculos amicos meos diuisi,

Cato or. 37, 11 I; inter amicos disidi, ib. 16; inter XXuiros agrum diuisi, Suet. Aug. 4; 6. hence in division of labour, motive etc., inter se degularunt omnia, between them, Turp. 217 R; nullo inter arma corporaque uano intercedente telo, what with their armour and their persons, Liv. 21, 8, 9; Rhesuporis inter metum et iram cunctatus, Tac. an. 2, 66; 7. often with adj. and vbs. of distinction, apud nos non inter uos nobiles, Cic. Flac. 52; add Clu. 11; quantum inter omnes unus excellat, orat. 6; micat inter omnes Iulium sidus uelut inter ignes Luna minores, Hor. od. 1, 12, 46; ille Croesus inter reges opulentissimus, Sen. contr. 2, 9, 7; 8. esp. w. pauci, surpassed by few, haec est inter paucos memorata populi Romani clades, Liv. 22, 7, 1; memorabilis inter paucos (pugna) fuisseit ni... 23, 44, 4; add 38, 15, 9; herba inter paucos utilissima, Plin. 27, 45; add sterneramenta utilis inter pauca, 24, 97; 20, 185; 26, 59; 35, 150; but 30, 1; in paucis digna res; 11. chiefly of two individuals or classes, first of place and close contact, Infelix inter tuniculam ac strophium conlocarum (sc. epistulam), Turp. 197 R; inter femina, Nov. 41 R; numquidam abscondidisti inter nates? Pomp. 68 R; soculum inter togam tunicasque gestauit, Suet. Vit. 2;

10. of places apart, terminis inter Atestinos Pitauinosque statui insit, CIL 547 a, 10; basilicum quae fuit inter aedem Castoris et aedem Saturni, mon. Ancy. 4, 13; quum inter me et Brundisium Caesar esset, Cic. Att. 9, 2 a, 2; monte Iura qui est inter Sequanos et Heluetios, Caes. b. g. 2, 3; ager Tarquiniorum qui inter urbem ac Tiberim fuit, Liv. 2, 5, 2; 11. of relations between persons, qui inter peregrinos ious deicit, CIL 198, 12; de controuersis inter Genuateis et Veituriis cognouerunt, 199, 1, 2; quos inter id iudicium accipietur, 205, 1, 48; quem conscripti syngrapham Inter me et amicum et lenau, Pl. As. 4, 1, 2; Nam istic sumbulst inter erum meum et tuum de muliere, Ps. 2, 53; iam pax est uos inter duos, Amph. 3, 3, 2; add Trin. 2, 4, 41; and 3, 2, 73; Inducit inductum iudicium inter deas trias aliquis, Enn. tr. 92; quoniam inter nos nuptiae Sati dictae, Afr. 355 R; quae de re inter Marcellos et Claudios patricios centumiri iudiciant, Cic. or. 1, 176; inter has sententias diiudicare, Tusc. 1, 23; haec inter eos est honesta certatio, am. 32; ut inter omnes esset societas quaedam, 19; 12. esp. w. rell. pron. inter se, nos, nos, between them, with or to one another, together, mutually, inter sed coniuuantes, CIL 196, 13; uideum inter sed dedisse, 14; inter se paranto aut sortituro, 206, 25; nomina Inter nos permutastis, Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 19; Hisce autem inter sese hunc confinxerunt dolum, pr. 35; Itaque inter se conmutant uestem et nomina, 37; add 3, 5, 19; litigatis nunc inter nos, Rud. 4, 4, 16; nos uolo ludere inter nos, St. 5, 4, 20; fortunaeque suas coepere latrones Inter se memorare, Enn. an. 529 V; add tr. 26; 153; mercennarii inter se alteri alteros occidere, Cato orig. 17, 3, 1; cogitate quanto nos inter nos cautius facimus, 23, 13; ludere inter se laetantis midimus, Naev. 46 R; Et fingunt quandam inter se nunc fallaciam, Ter. And. 1, 3, 15; uitam inter se utrinque conferte, Cic. Q. Rosc. 20; feci sermonem inter nos habitum in Cumano, fam. 9, 8, 14;

13. the same, attached to adj. of nearness or distance to or from each other, collis duos propinquos inter se occupat, Sal. Jug. 98, 3; haud procul inter se, 53, 7; haud longe inter se, 55, 6; artes inter se pares, Cic. or. 1, 236; add 2, 120; dissimilis erant inter sese, Brut. 148; diuorsa inter se mala, Sal. Cat. 5, 8; 14. inter se etc., may be attached to a sb., copulationes atonorum inter se, Cic. fin. 1, 19; laborandum est ne nostra inter nos cessatio uituperetur, fam. 3, 3, 1; 15. inter se etc., as obj. of a vb. (said to be for se inter se), Videns corde amare inter se, Pl. Capt. 2, 3, 60; nil cessatur illico Osculari atque amplexari inter se, Mil. 5, 33, 40; alter alterum inter se praehendunt, Ps. 5, 1, 15; Age inepte quasi nunc non norimus nos (nom.) inter nos Ctesiphon, Ter. Ad. 2, 4, 7; Cicerones pueri amant inter se, Cic. Att. 6, 1, 12; sic furum inter sese adspiciabant, Cat. 3, 13; colet inter se diligant et hominibus consulunt, N. D. 1, 122; completi inter se milites coepisse, Liv. 7, 42, 6; obtretrantur inter

se, ps. Nep. Arist. 1; quum inter se timent, id. Dion. 4, 1; inter se complexi, id. Eum. 4, 2; **16.** the same, implying secrecy, cf. Fr. entre nous, uiu bona dicam fide. Quod hic inter nos liceat? Pl. Poen. 1, 3, 31; ex quo quidem ego (quod inter nos liceat dicere) millesimam partem uiu intellego (Cic. Att. 2, 4, 1; cf.: Iurat (uicibus) illas (pilas) nentulas esse; quod intra (al.) inter nos sit, ego illas posueram, Sen. ep. 12, 2; hoc mirabilis quod nos inter uos rismu tenere possitis, Cic. N. D. 1, 71; **17.** in some special phrases=in w. abl., as first inter manus, esp. of a person carried off his legs in the hands of others, abripit hunc intra actutum inter manus, Pl. Most. 2, 1, 38; ut i. m. e. conuoluit tamquam e proelio auferretur, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 28; semianimum i. m. domum ablatum, Liv. 3, 13; 3; interque manus sub tepta reponit, Verg. 9, 502; ex balneo i. m. elatus, Sen. breu. u. 12, 7; **18.** in other uses, hac agger inter manus proferebatur, Caes. h. c. 2, 3; ut nersetur (sc. liber) inter manus, Cael. ap. Cic. fam. 8, 3 f.; interque manus sunt omnia uestra, Verg. 11, 311; usum sapientis i. m. Pisonis libellum, Tac. an. 3, 16; add Plin. ep. 2, 5, 2; 5, 5, 7; i. m. regis expiraretur, Iust. 15, 3, 12; add Lucan. 2, 120; Flor. 3, 21, 26; Suet. Vesp. 24; Val. M. 5, 1 ext. 6; **19.** inter scarios, of a special court for trial of assassinations, cum praetor quaestionem i. s. exercuisset, Cic. fin. 2, 54; de quo (maleficio) i. s. quaeritur, iuu. 2, 60; add Cln. 147; Rose. Am. 11 and 90; Phil. 2, 8; **20.** w. names of streets in Rome, dico te priore nocte misisse inter falcarios (Seythe-makers' street) in M. Laecae domum, Cic. Cat. 1, 8; porticum extra portam Trigeminam inter ligarios (Wood-choppers' street) fecerunt, Liv. 35, 41 f.; **21.** inter uias=in uis, in the roads, on the way, as one goes along, G. interuerges, Deinde egomet mecum cogitare inter uias Occipi, Pl. Aul. 2, 8, 9; A. quid si eamus illis obuiam? H. At ne inter uias Praetoribus metuo, Poen. 5, 3, 43; coepi egomet mecum inter uias Aliam rem ex alia cogitare, Ter. Eun. 4, 2, 1; inter uias epistula excludit mihi, Turp. 196 R; **22.** still more clearly inter=in with abl. in: inter uonam rem uerbum usurpabo actus, Pl. Cist. 2, 1, 29; **II 23.** of time, during, in the course of, ou, first w. nouns of time, quod prandia, Quae inter continuum perdidit tricennum? Pl. St. 1, 3, 61; quid postea? Inter tot dies quidem hercle iam aliquod actum oportuit, Trac. 2, 6, 29; quae inter decem Annos nequiti unam fornam detexere, Titin. 25 R; qui inter tot annos uis inuentus sit qui... Cic. Manil. 68; add Quinct. 40; Frusnone inter noctem lux orta, Liv. 32, 29, 1; inter ipsum pugnae tempus naues regiae... in sinu Maliaco stabant, 36, 20, 5; huc inter horam tertiam ferme et quartam tenebrae obortae fuerant, Sili. 36, 4; in ultima quadam terra quae Albania dicitur gigni homines qui in pueritia canescunt et plus ceruati oculis per noctem quam inter diem, Gell. 9, 4, 6; **24.** with other nouns, hodie te accipiam lepide... Lepido uictu uino unguentis, inter pocula pulmentis, Pl. Ps. 4, 1, 36; inter illut tunc nam negotium meis curauit amicus... cena cocta ut esset, St. 5, 3, 6; Hunc inter pugnas Sceruilus scis compellat, Enn. an. 256 V; praesente amicis inter cenam, l'ouip. 47 R; quotiens priscus homo Romanus inter nudumum (on a Sunday) barbam ridebat? Varr. s. 139, 9 R; huc inter cenam Tironi dictui, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 1, 19; add Phil. 2, 63; Illuseras heri inter scyphos quod dixeram..., Jan. 7, 22; inter hanc tumultum Tullia profugit, Liv. 1, 59, 13; 1, 41, 14; 4, 19, 7; 21, 1, 5; ep. inter principia, 1, 55; 3; Cels. 3, 22; inter initia, 3, 25; 3, 8; 4, 12; 4, 24; Plin. 21, 5; inter haec, Liv. 1, 29, 1; 2, 24, 1; 3, 57, 7; Curt. 3, 1, 1; 9, 3, 21; Suet. Tib. 8 and 63; Cal. 45; inter quae, Cels. 4, 2, 3; Tac. an. 1, 15; 2, 34 and 58; **25.** esp. with a gerund or gerundive, Sed inter rem agendam istam herae huic respondi quod rogabat, Pl. Cist. 4, 2, 55; inter ponendum, Enn.; inter loquendum Afran., Iothap. Serv. ad Verg. B. 9, 23; inter laudandum, Caecil. 193 R; i. agendum, Verg. B. 9, 24; inter disceptandum, Quint. 12, 7, 6; inter canendum, Suet. Ner. 32; **26.** as adv., between, stetit arduus inter Pontus, Val. F. 5, 336; montibus inter Diniso totidemque fretis, 6, 220; add S. 382; **27.** constr. at times postponed, esp. after relative, quos inter il. iudicium accipitur, CIL 205, 1, 48; Quae si quos inter societas est, eorum..., Cic. am. 83; Verum hacc

tantum alias inter caput extulit urbes Quantum..., Verg. B. 1, 25; has inter grauius cogor deflere querellis, Prop. 1, 17 (16), 13; Artabanus Scythas inter eductum, Tac. an. 6, 41; more violent, qui res Romanas imperat inter, Sulp. s. 35; **28.** esp. with two nouns, in proximas segetes quas inter et castra uinis omnino collis intererat, Caes. b. g. 6, 36, 2; campi qui Faesulas inter Arretiumque iacent, Liv. 22, 3, 3; Sardiarios inter Zmyrnaeosque, Tac. an. 4, 55; mare Amnelanum inter (et) Fundanos montes, 4, 59; tectum inter et laquearia, 4, 69; Iudaeam inter Surianaque, h. 2, 78; insulam inter Germanosque, 5, 19; **29.** inter repeated, esp. with interesse in Cic. usually when the two clauses are long; but poets more freely; potestne igitur quisquam dicere inter eum qui doleat et inter eum qui in uoluptate sit nihil interesse? Cic. acad. pr. 20; confido iudicare solet quid intersit inter popularem, id est aduentorem et leuem ciuem et inter constantem et grauem, an. 95; interesse enim inter argumentum conclusionemque rationis et inter medicem animaduersionem aut ammonitionem, fin. 1, 30; interest inter causas fortuito atgressas et inter causas cohibentes in se efficientiam naturalem, fat. 19; inter acutos et inter hebetes interest quod..., Tusc. 4, 32; ut nihil inter to atque inter quadripedem aliquem putes interesse, par. 14; certatum inter App. Claudium maxime ferant (these interposed words account for second inter) et inter P. Decium, Liv. 10, 7, 1; At pedibus longe melior Lyeus inter et hostis, inter et arma fuga muros tenet, Verg. 9, 556; inter Hectora Priamidem animosum atque inter Achillem Ira fuit capitalis, Hor. s. 1, 7, 12; Nestor componere lites inter Peliden festinat et inter Atriden, ep. 1, 2, 12; add Tib. 2, 1, 67; 4, 1, 165; Prop. 3, 26 (3, 29), 15; Sil. 11, 180; Val. F. 5, 13; 6, 509; **III 30.** in composition w. vbs. between, intercalo, intercedo, interiaceo, intersum; **31.** for inter se, together, intergarrio, internecto, interplacio; **32.** here and there, interlego, intermitto, interscater; **33.** the comp. w. verbs is often imperfect, in so-called tmesis, inter enim cursant, Lucr. 3, 262; inter enim iectast, 3, 860; inter quaeuunque prestantur, 4, 832; inter plaga currere posset, 5, 1374; interque legendae, Verg. G. 2, 366; **34.** comp. of adj. under, intercus; **35.** between, intermedus, and perh. interpres, interrex; **36.** in comp. w. sbs., as w. diu. in ium from sbs., intercolumnium, interlunium, internodum, interordinum; and interuallum; **37.** in comp. w. adv. during, interibi and interim, interea; **38.** now and then, interduum, cf. § 32.

**2 int-er**, prep. comp. insep. [in for an=ara or G. ent; t exor.=G. unter insep.; see Key's Essays, p. 1 and esp. p. 47], first up, inter-lego, pick up; inter-cedo, turn up; inter-misceo, mix up; inter-turbo, stir up; and perh. inter-nomo, vomit up; **2.** again, inter-polus, filled anew; **3.** reversal of act, inter-jungo, unyoke; inter-quiesco, rest after labour; **4.** off or away, inter-rumpo, break off; inter-fringo, break off; inter-mitto, let go out or leave off; inter-cado, shut off; inter-pungo, point off; inter-scapio, fence off; inter-tero (implied in intertrigo etc.), rub away; inter-norto, divert; inter-nosco, know (one) from (another); **5.** death or destruction, off, out, inter-emo, take off; inter-ficio, put out of the way, inter-eo, pass away; inter-uado, get away; inter-morior, die off; inter-neco, kill off; inter-stingo, stamp out; inter-strigo and inter-primo, press to death, garotte; inter-frigesco, die of cold; inter-lido, destroy by pressure; **6.** completely, up, inter-lubo, drink up; inter-aresco, dry up or completely; **7.** through, inter-cido, cut through; inter-fluo, flow through; inter-fodio, dig through; inter-fugio, fly through; inter-fatus, distributed through; inter-fundo, pour through; inter-labor, glide through; inter-meo, pass through; inter-spiro, breathe through; **8.** and while interluco, let the light through, was used of thinning trees or plants, so interduco came to signify thin by plucking, pluck here and there; **9.** up to the sources, thoroughly, inter-uro, examine in a searching manner, cross-question; inter-uiso, go and hunt up; **10.** Donatus ad Eun. 1, 1, 35 makes inter-cipit=totum caput, quoting inter-bibere of Plantus; again on interturbat Andr. 4, 1, 39 he notes: inter modo non mediocriter signi-

fiat, est enim adauctiua particula, modo...; ou intertimento. Haut. 3, 1, 39 he says: inter et de tantundem significat ad augmentum ostendendum; hinc dicitur interfectus; quo Isid. orig. 5, 26; praep. inter pro e ponebant antiqui, quotiens mare interbire pro Naev.; 11. inter often yet unattached to its verb, as: nec requies inter datur ulla fluendi, Lucr. 4, 227; Inter enim fugit, G. 332; inter quasi rupta, 5, 299; Inter enim labentur aquae, Verg. G. 2, 349; cf. inter no. 1 § 33.

**inter-aestimatio**, ois, f. valuation, interaestimationem seruorum, Pomp. dig. 21, 1, 64; wh. some rightly read in aestimatio.

**inter-aestuo**, are, vb. [inter insep., up], boil up, qui (sc. stomachus) illi frequenter interaestuans erat—suffer from heart-burn, Plin. ep. 6, 16, 19; but Keil has aestuans.

**inter-albico**, are, vb. look somewhat white here and there, chrysolitho interalbicante, Plin. 37, 172 (dub.).

**interarata**, orum, n. pl. [implies a vb. intero are]. internal fittings, nauium, Liv. 28, 45, 15.

**inter-bibo**, ere, vb. [2 inter from in=av=ava, up, off], drink up or off, drink the whole of, Quae mihi interbire sola si nunc scatat (so Lamb., miss scatet or scatet) Corinthenses fimo Pirenae potest, Pl. Aul. 3, 6, 22; cf. Donat. ad Andr. 3, 2, 16 and Eun. 1, 1, 35; mare interbire, Naev. 57 R.

**inter-bito**, ere, vb. [bactio], lit. pass away—hence, perish, and met. be lost or wasted, His ergo tibi praesidioe non interbitat quaestio, Pl. Most. 5, 1, 47; 2. wrong qty in Fore.

1 **inter-cêdo**, ère, cessi, cessum, vb. [inter insep. compar. of in=av; =G. unter insep.] pop up, turn up, spring up, appear suddenly, come forward, huc si quis intercedat tertius perat fame, Pl. Most. 5, 1, 57; si status conditus cum hoste intercedit dies, Tamen... Cure. 1, 1, 5; nam mihi immortalitas Partast si nulla aggritudo huic quod intercesserit, Ter. Andr. 5, 5, 5; Sed magnum nescio quid necessest euenisse Parmeno, Vnde ira inter eas intercessit, Hec. 3, 1, 25; nullum meum minimum dictum pro Caesare intercessit quod ille non illustri gratia exceperit, Cic. fam. 1, 9, 21; cum, etsi nemo intercedebat qui se illi anteferebat, neque secundum tamen neque tertium dixerim, Brut. 173; cum uestra auctoritas intercessisset ut ego regem tuerer, Fam. 15, 2, 4; quod saepe in bello paruis momentis magni casus intercederent, Caes. b. g. 1, 21, 1; cum nimis odiose blateraret, intercessit placide Favonius et..., Gell. 4, 1, 4; cum interqueret homo noltum, tum ego intercessi et..., 15, 9, 10; si inimicitiae intercesserint, Paul. dig. 3, 3, 43, 6; 2. esp. step in and stop proceedings, put a veto upon, as a tribune etc. by virtue of his office at Rome, iourant pro Ionem neque sese aduersum hanc legem facturum..., neque sese intercesurum (quo...mius fiant), CIL 197, 18; neque quis mag(istratus)...intercedit quominus ita iudicium detur, 205, 1, 51; add 206, 163; ut pulsum ex templo L. Cottam et T. Didium cum uellent rogationi i. C. or. 2, 197; ea auctoritas cui scis intercessum esse, Fam. 1, 7, 4; intercedi de prouincis non licebit, prou. cons. 17; intercedit M. Antonius Q. Cassius tribuni plebis, Caes. b. g. 1, 2, 8; dixit (Varro) intercedendi ne S. C. fieret ius facere iis solis qui eadem potestate qua iis qui S. C. facere uellent maiore essent, ap. Gell. 14, 7, 6; Sergius Verginiusque (tribuni militum) intercedere senatus consulto, Liv. 5, 9, 3; praetori non intercedere tribunus quo minus sua potestate utatur, 38, 60, 3; 3. of emperors, priuatas gratiarum actiones cohibet (sc. Trajan), intercessurus etiam publicis si permittit sibi utare quod senatus iubet, Plin. pan. 4; iniquitatibus magistratuum, So; de cognomine intercessit Augustas, Suet. Tib. 17; intercessit quo minus in acta sua iuraretur, 26; 4. beyond leg. sphere, hoc fuisse (sc. pisciculum) quod cec remigum obsequio contra se intercederet, Plin. 32, 4; non quia intercedendum putem imaginibus, Tac. Agr. 46; intercedere casibus, Plin. pan. 25 f; 5. in law, come forward as security for a debt, guarantee, intercessisse se pro his magnum pecuniam, Cic. Att. 6, 1, 5;

tantum enim (sc. sestertium sexagiens) se pro te intercessisse, Phil. 2, 45; add Att. 16, 1, 5; si apud minorem mulier pro alio intercesserit non est ei actio in mulierem danda, Gai. dig. 4, 4, 12; quotiens pro debitor intercederit mulier, Ulp. dig. 16, 1, 8, 7; add dig. 16, 1, 2, 1; 17, 1, 6, 2; 6. of time, pass away, una nox intercesserat cum..., Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 89; uix annus intercesserat ab hoc sermone cum..., or. 2, 89; nullus dies temere intercessit quo non ad eum scriberet, Nep. Att. 20, 2; ut spatium intercederet dum milites..., Caes. b. g. 1, 7, 6; nullum intercedebat tempus quin prociarentur, b. c. 1, 78, 5; add 2, 39, 5.

2 **inter-cêdo**, ère, cessi, cessum, vb. [inter, between] proceed between, march between, inter singulas legiones impedimentorum magnam numerum intercedere, Caes. b. g. 2, 17, 2; 2. of position, lie between; or as we say, run between, siluatum quae intercederet inter ipsos atque Arionistum, Caes. b. g. 1, 39, 6; oppidi murus ab plantis recta regione si nullus amfractus intercederet, nec passus aberat, 7, 46, 1; add 5, 50, 1; 7, 26, 2; 7, 47, 2; b. c. 1, 66, 4; pratis oleis intercedente publica uia in contrarias sedes transgressis (owing to an earthquake), Plin. 2, 199;

3. met. subsist between, Tacetibus dum intercedit familiaritas, Ter. Ph. 4, 1, 17; inter nos netus uis intercedit, Cic. fam. 13, 23, 1; is qui cum tibi affinitas societas omnes denique causae et necessitudines ueteres intercedebant, Quinct. 48; ut ei (sc. homini) cum genere humano quasi ciuile ius intercederet, fin. 3, 67; quod facerem uenementius, nisi intercederet mihi inimicitiae cum istius mulieris uiro, Cacl. 32; docebat quam ueteres causae necessitudinis ipsis cum Haeduis intercederent, Caes. b. g. 1, 43, 6; necessitudinem sibi nihilo minorem cum Caesare intercedere, b. c. 2, 17, 2; huic et paternum hospitium cum Pompeio et simulat cum Curione intercedebat, 2, 25, 4; 4. see also 1 intercedo.

1 **inter-cido**, ère, cidi, casus, vb. [inter insep., through etc., caedo] cut through, latus Velinus a M' Curio emissus interciso monte in Nar defluit, Cic. Att. 15, 15; Alexander interdicti plantium cum inuaserat vii m. p. longitudine ut duos sinus iungeret, Plin. 5, 116; qui incendi arandi gratia uicinas aedes intercidit, Ulp. dig. 9, 2, 49; aquam caelantes interciso aggere...perdixerunt, inscr. Or. 3845; sententias (nae wrong stops in reading?) Gell. 13, 31 (30), 9; add Plin. 11, 174; Tac. an. 16, 14 f.; arundinatum (for thinning), Colum. 4, 32, 4; 2. cut open, corrupto scribae seruo interceperat commentarios interdicatque, Plin. ep. 6, 22, 4; 3. intercisca as a prop. name, a cutting near the Via Flaminia, also called Petra Pertusa, itin. Hieros. and Tab. Peut.

2 **inter-cido**, ère, vb. cut between or in the middle, intercisum pontem morandi itineris causa, Liv. 26, 9, 3; add 11; uenae duobus locis deligandae intercidenaeque sunt (to stop a haemorrhage), Cels. 5, 26, 21, 1, 30 Dar.; 2. intercisit dies (also endotercisit, days in the calendar the middle of wh. was available for courts of law, per quos mane et uesper est nefas, medio tempore inter hostiam caesam et exta porrecta fas, Varr. l. 6, 4, p. 211 Sp.; intercisit deorum hominumque communes sunt, and then like Varro, Macr. s. 1, 16, 3; cf. Ov. F. 1, 47—52; marked ex for endotercisus, as on Jan. 10, wh. Fasti Praenestini add: haec nota significat diem intercisum nam endo olim) pro in ponebatur; cf. Aug. 22 in P. Pinciani, F. Maffi, F. Valli; but in F. Antistes, the mark is e, see Oct. 14, Dec. 12; 3. hence in Stat. Th. 2, 184 lux intercisca, the sun hiding himself at midday so as not to see the banquet of Thyestes; 4. intercisit adv., ut intercisce (dictatur), as where two connected words are parted by another, e.g. nullum intermisi diem and ab heroidis ducta temporibus (qu. by Gell. 11, 22); Cic. part. 24; ex eodem libro haec intercisce (omitting words) commemoramus, Gell. 11, 2, 5; dictum i. autumo quasi abestumo (by syncope), 15, 3, 4.

3 **inter-cido**, ère, cidi, vb. [inter insep. away, of destruction; cado] fall in ruins, disappear, perish, be lost, Perant amiei dum inimici una intercedant, poet. ap. Cic. Deiot. 25; ut uix ullum telum in mari unum intercederet, fell without

effect, was wasted (every one told), Liv. 26, 39, 13; so also 21, 8, 9; 38, 22, 7—but see *intercideo* 4; imp. Caesar... Hadrianus uiam Iuliam a flumine Trebia quae neustate intercederet restituit, inscr. Or. 5103; litterarum habita cura ne intercederet, Liv. 2, 4, 7; quattuor fere partibus (Caeae insulae) mari deuoratis... *intercedere* Coenetus Poecessa, Plin. 4, 62; quae (sc. pictures of note) conuersat attingi, siue exstant siue intercedere, 35, 53; multa (ona polypti) propter numerum intercedunt, 9, 163; Caecubum iam intercedit incuria coloni, 13, 61; illis quantum inuentus bello intercedat mulierum fecunditate suppli, Just. 3, 4, 4; 2. of immaterial things, saepe bene gerendae rei occasiones intercedere, Liv. 41, 15, 8; periculum erit ne inter moras actiones intercedat, Papin. dig. 5, 3, 49; huius morte Atheniensium uirtus i., 6, 9, 1; in seruis iam intercedit illud genus (neminum) quod ducatur a domino unde Marepores..., Quint. 1, 4, 26—*are* gone out of use; so also 1, 5, 52; 10, 2, 13; nihil aequae negligentiae i. (of the memory), 11, 2, 40; 3. esp. of the memory, be forgotten, quia nulla gesta res insignem fecerit consulatum memoriam intercedisse, Liv. 2, 8, 5; Quod si intercedit tibi nunc aliquid, repetes mox, Hor. s. 2, 4, 6; Augur erat, nomen intercedit annis, Ov. F. 2, 443.

4 *inter-cido*, ēre, vb. fall between, carne fluit quem imber ingens numerus animi interuolando rapuisse fertur, quod intercedit sparsum ita facisse ut..., Liv. 3, 10, 6.

*intercilium*, ii, n. [inter cilia] the hairless part between the eyebrows, i. *περὶ οφθαλμῶν*, Gloss. Philox.; i. est medium illud inter supercilia quod sine pilis est, Isid. or. 11, 1.

1 *inter-cipio*, ēre, cēpi, ceptus, vb. [inter insep., away, off; capio] take off, carry off, as prize in war, Tum redimes me si me hostes interceperint? Pl. As. 1, 1, 93; magnum numerum inuentorum atque hominum intercipiunt, Caes. b. c. 1, 55, 2; has quum audacius progressas uidisset, sperans intercipi posse, quadrimemes quinque ad eas misit, 3, 24, 2; add b. c. 5, 39, 2; and Hirt. (2) S. 47, 2; S. 47, 3, 2; 2. met. make prize of, esp. as an euphemism for stealing, bag (so to say), Nam quod nos capere oportet, haec intercipit, Ter. Eun. 1, 1, 35; vb. Donat. would make it = totum capit, comparing intercipere of Pl. Aut.; Sardiniam inter motum Africae fraude Romanorum interceptam, Liv. 21, 1, 5; Terga caput tangunt, colla intercepit uidentur, Ov. M. 6, 379; interceptum mare arbitretur, Plin. pan. 16 f.; mirari quo ore eum se (sc. agrum) a populo Romano interceptos sperent, Liv. 3, 71, 7; Sithonio regi ferus interceperat illam, Ov. Pont. 4, 7, 25; interficere (Arionem) nautis parantibus ad interceptiōis eius quaestus, Plin. g. 28; alterum (librum) quantum notando consequi poterant interceptum boni iuuenes uulgarant, Quint. pr. 7; quum librum nondum editum fraude intercepisset, Suet. gr. 3; add 5; 3. esp. of death, saepe morbis (apes) intercipiunt, Colum. 9, 3, 4; si me quod aequum fuit fata intercepissent (Q. himself, rather than his young son, and so not of a premature death, as some say), Quint. 6 pr. 1; ceterum interceptus quoque magnum sibi undecim locum, 10, 1, 21; intercepto rege mortalitate, Plin. ep. 10, 41 (50), 4; ueneno interceptus, Tac. an. 3, 12; Suet. Caes. 20; and Claud. 1.

4. of intercepted letters (but regarded as a prize), Epistulam hanc molo intercepti et submolum, Pl. Ps. 2, 4, 26; non committendae (sc. litterae) eiusmodi articulo nū aut intire aut aperiri aut intercepti possint, Cic. Att. 1, 13, 2; de his rebus quas intercepti periculosum esset, 10, 8, 1; add Q. fr. 3, 9, 3; 5. gen. stop, iter, Curt. 4, 2, 9; usum aurium, 4, 13 f.; sermones, Quint. 6, 4, 11; 6. see

2 *inter-cipio*, ēre, vb. [inter, between] take on its way to another, intercept, id (sc. nenenum) cum daretur in mulso (Oppianus) Balbutium intercepisse, bibisse statimque esse mortuum, Cic. Clu. 166; Io namque procul ualidam direxerat hastam Quam medius Rheotens intercepti, Verg. 10, 401; silis illi in sublime iactari saepe oportere intercepti ne tellurem attingat, Plin. 29, 52; quae uos ne qua interceptet obliuio (on their way to posterity) incidenda in aere censuisti, Plin. pan. 75; 2. this sense might seem to suit Pl., Ter., Cic., Caes. in intercepti (1), but such

compounds w. *inter* between were prob. unknown in early writers.

*inter-clādo*, dēre, si, sus, vb. [inter insep., off] shut off, esp. i. animam or spiritum, choke, cum periculo introitit ita ut quibusdam sit interclusa anima, Varr. r. 1, 63, 1; uento mixtus imber quom iam spiritum intercluderet nec recipere animam sineret, Liv. 21, 58, 4; dicenti haec laerina simul spiritum et uocem intercluserunt, 40, 16, 1; add 23, 3; 40, 24, 7; qui intemperantius hauserant, intercluso spiritu extineti sunt, Curt. 7, 5, 15; 2. shut off, cut off from access to, w. acc. of pers., ab or mere abl. of that from which, frumento commeatuque, Caes. b. c. 1, 48, 2; ab oppido et ponte et comteatu omni, b. c. 1, 43, 2; add b. g. 3, 23, 6; b. c. 1, 72, 1; 2, 20, 1; tribunes a plebe, Liv. 25, 4, 4; saepe illos aspera ponti Interclusit hiemps, Verg. 2, 111; 3. hence in pass. w. nom. of person, ut Caesar ab exercitu intercludatur, Caes. b. g. 7, 1, 6; itinere et Ligeri, 7, 59, 1; Dyrrachio, b. c. 3, 42, 1; but ab eo (sc. Dyrrachio) 3, 41, 3; ab oppido, Liv. 1, 27, 10; castris, 27, 12, 4; add Cic. Att. 9, 6, 2; Caes. ap. fam. 8, 1, 4; 4. w. acc. of road or approach, close, block up, cut off, Interclude comteatum inimici, Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 68; uia interclusa frondibus, Cic. Caes. 42; duo sunt aditus in Ciliciam quorum uterque paruis praesidiis propter angustias intercludi potest, fam. 15, 4, 4; interclusis itineribus, Caes. b. g. 3, 3, 2; 7, 65, 4; b. c. 1, 72 f.; omnes aditus ad Sullam, Cic. Rose. Am. 110; omnes seditionum nias, Rab. perd. 3; 5. shut out from attack, protect, Amazonia silva intercludere pelta, Stat. silu. 5, 1, 131; 6. met., shut out, prevent, impediore dolore quominus plura scribam, Cic. Att. 8, 8 f.

*interconcilio* ? in Quint. 12, 10, 59 Bonnell has: siue conciliandi, not siue aliud interconciliandi.

*inter-cus*, cūtis, adj. [inter eum, under the skin] under the skin, w. aqua, of dropsy or any such collection of water, Num eum ueter(r)nus aut aqua intercus tenet? Pl. Men. 5, 4, 3; add Frinoli, ap. Prisc. 1, 271, 4 K; medicamentum ad int. aq., Cic. off. 3, 92; decessit morbo aquae intercus, Suet. Ner. 5 f.; Celsus writes separately aqua inter eum, 3, 21; 2. met., aqum te in animo habere i., Lucil. ap. Non. 37; intercutibus ipsi uitis mactantes (of a dropsical character), Gell. 13, 8 f.; 3. intercutibus snipris, de patheis, Cato or. 40, 3 f.; cf. Paul. ex F. 110, 23 M.

*intercūtus*, = ualde stupratus, Paul. ex F. 113, 13 M; see *intercus* § 3.

*inter-dico*, ēre, xi, ctus, vb. [inter insep., off; cf. G. unter-sagen], lit. say off, away—hence forbid, w. dat. of person, quotiens hoc tibi uerbero ego interdixi Meam ne sic uolgo polliciter operam? Pl. Mil. 4, 2, 65; Seruitus mea mi interdixit ne quid mirer meum malum, Pers. 4, 4, 69; interdixi tibi de medicis, Cato ad fil. p. 77, 91; interdico ne extulisse extra aedis puerum uisum uelis, Ter. Hec. 4, 1, 48; add Pl. 4, 4, 27; nec mihi ne faciam interdictionem puto, Cic. fin. 1, 7; qui meretriciis amoribus interdictionem inuentum putet, Gell. 48; interdicit Cassiellaumo ne Trinobantibus necet, Caes. b. g. 5, 22 f.; interdicit omnibus ne quemquam interficiant, 7, 40; 2. w. abl. of that from wh. one is debarred, si quis eorum decreto non stetit, sacrificiis interdicit, Caes. b. g. 6, 13, 6; quae adrogantia usus omni Gallia Romanis interdixisset, 1, 46, 4; interdixit patribus commercio plebis, Liv. 5, 3, 8; interdictionem mari Antiati populo est, 8, 14, 8; Anagninis... magistratibus interdictionem, 9, 43, 24; feminis dumtaxat purpurae usu (so Madv., not usum), 34, 7, 3; huc uidebant nulli interdicti misericordia (so Bursian tacite), Sen. contr. 1, 14; quod ei domo sua interdixisset, Quint. 6, 3, 79; 3. with acc. of thing forbidden (or nom. in pass.), sed ut huc firmae uox interdiceretur, decreuisti ut..., Cic. har. resp. 11; non modo nullo proposito praemio sed etiam interdieto, Balb. 26; add Hor. ep. 1, 6, 64; Ov. M. 10, 336; tr. 1, 4, 20; interdixit nimi potius, Plin. 30, 87; 9, 118; 19, 53; interdixit histriobus scenam, Suet. Dom. 7; Druidarum religionem ciuibz sub Augusto interdictionem, Claud. 25; 23; Aug. 27; Cal. 25; Vesp. 14; cui patriam inter-



dixerant, Iust. 16, 4, 5; 41, 3, 2; and Apul. dogm. Pl. 22; 4. w. nom. of person forbidden in pass., implying an acc. in active, philosophi urbe et Italia interdicti sunt, Gell. 15, 11, 4; moribus eorum non poterat interdicti socio gener, could not be excluded from his society, ps. Nep. Hann. 3, 2; 5. w. inf., (i. alieu) arte sua uiti, Paul. dig. 48, 19, 43; commeatu peti, Suet. Galb. 6; 6. esp. a legal term, forbid by injunction, as praetor etc., quom d(e) e(a) r(e) decerneret interdictoe, CIL 205, 3; praetor interdixit de ui hominibus armatis, Cic. Caecin. 23; qui de minimis aquarum controuersis interdicti, is repente obmutescit, sen. 22; male rem gerentibus patribus bonis interdicti solet, sen. 22; prodigiis interdictur bonorum suorum administratio, Gai. 1, 53; 7. esp. in the form, aqua et igni i., forbid the use of fire and water, and so outlaw, Cic. Phil. 6, 10; Brut. ad Cie. fam. 11, 1, 2; Flor. 3, 16, 2; Gai. 1 § 90, 128 and 161; and beyond courts of law, Caes. b. g. 6, 44, 3; 8. apply for an injunction, Ulp. dig. 10, 4, 3, 11; add 43, 30, 5; 43, 17, 3, 6; and perh.: ille fibi interdixit rem capitale, Cato or. 43, 5 f.; 9. simply give a warning, hoc interdicere non alienum fuit, ut..., ad Her. 2, 16; 10. interdixem for interdixissem, Catul. ap. Gell. 19, 9, 14.

**inter-diŭ**, adv. (shortened from interdius), by day, esp. as opp. to noctu, canes interdiu clausos esse oportet ut noctu acieres sint, Cato r. 124 (125); 8. potest. C. Interdiu, sed si hie pernocio, causae quid dicam Syre? Ter. Ad. 4, 1, 15; Nemo umquam uidit ebrium ille interdiu, Turp. 109 R; tempus ita quaeritur, noctu an interdiu, ad Her. 2, 7; Caes. b. g. 1, 8, 4; 7, 69, 7; Liv. 27, 45, 12; 2. opp. to nocte, Liv. 1, 47, 1; 8, 34, 10; 21, 32, 10; 30, 4, 3.

**inter-dius**, adv. (inter during, dius perh. the neut. sb. implied in diurnus, = F. jour), during the day, by day, Set quid hoc? Oculis ianna est interdiu, Pl. Most. 2, 2, 14; Quae istaec audaciast te sic interdiu cum corolla ebrium incedere? Ita lubet, Ps. 5, 2, 8; add As. 3, 3, 9; Aut. 1, 1, 33; Rud. pr. 7; but in Mere. 5, 2, 21: Non concedam neque quiescam usquam noctu neque diu (so or nearly so all mss), Siluano in silua interdiu uotum facito, Cato r. 83 (84).

**inter-do**, āre, vb. [inter insep., through, cf. *ava-διδωμι*], distribute, Propterea capitur cibum ut suffulcat artus Et recreet uires interdatus, Lucr. 4, 868; 2. put in, 227 read: Fertur et in cunctas dimittitur undique partis Nec mora nec requies inter datur ilia fluendi, i. e. interfluendi.

**inter-duo**, vb. [inter insep., away], put apart, distinguish (one from the other), Vel te interesse ul perisse praedicant; Dum pereas (nihil interduo), aiant uinere, Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 36; Eluas tu an exsurgam, eicem non interduum, Rud. 2, 7, 22; Ceterum qui sis qui non sis, floceum non interduum, Trin. 4, 2, 152.

**inter-ēmo**, (-imo), ēre, ēmi, emptus, vb. [inter insep., away, off], take away, cause to pass away, bring to an end, annihilate, Quid est? Interemere (so V) illi ait uelle uitam, Pl. Cas. 3, 5, 30; uitam tuam ego interimam, Epid. 4, 2, 24; add Cist. 4, 2, 45; I n calor ac uentus... interemam sensum, Lucr. 3, 287; senes ad coemptiones faciendas interemendum (so codd. Mon.) sacrorum causa reperiunt, Cic. Mur. 27; and strengthened, neque ad nihilum interemat res (sc. natural), Lucr. 1, 216; ne uentus lucernam interemat (put out), Fronto ad M. Caes. 3, 13; add dig. 40, 7, 3, 14; 2. esp. kill, accurrere Ne se interimat, Pl. Cist. 3, 13; add Most. 5, 2, 46; Hospitem depositam interimes, Att. 51 R; Lucretia se ipsa interemit, Cic. fin. 2, 66; ea quae interimant, N. D. 1, 50; qui Argum dicitur interemisse, 3, 56; (Seaeuola) ab his interemptus, Rose. Am. 33; stritem fratris uirilem interimit, Liv. 1, 3, 11; add 25, 28, 8; and Hor. 8, 2, 3, 131; od. 4, 4, 72; Ov. M. 13, 245; F. 2, 809; Vell. 2, 85, 4; 3. of veget. life, hunc uepreum interimi non posse, nisi radicitus effodire uelis, Colum. 11, 3, 7; 4. met., illac interemit me modo... oratio, Pl. Merc. 3, 4, 22; add 5, 1, 4; me quidem interimunt hae uoces Milonis, Cic. Mil. 93.

**inter-fēmin-ium**, ii, n. [femen], the fork of the body, Apul. mag. 33 f. and 34; interfeminium το γυναικείου, Gloss. Philox.

**inter-fēmās**, ōris, n. [femur, var. of femur, see Apul. M. 31 bis], the same, = *περυσαν*, Gloss. Philox.; = *μεσσην-ποιον*, ib.

**inter-ficio**, ēre, feci, factus, vb. [inter insep.; facio] bring to an end, finish, despatch, consume, annihilate, Vnus fructus uictus cultus iam mihi harum aedium Interemptus, interfectus alienatus, occidi, Pl. Merc. 5, 1, 4; uita humana prope uti ferrum est: si exerceas contemitur; si non exerceas, tamen robore interficit, Cato ad fil. p. 83, 6; fati interfectionem fore Meleagro ubi totus esset interfectus flammis, Att. 452 R; piscium atque altitium uim interfectis, Lucil. ap. Non. 330; Durum molle uoras, fragmenta interfectionis panis, id. 449; Fer stabulis inimicum ignem atque interfectionem messis, Verg. G. 4, 330; interfecti hoc pacto negotii, Th. C. 4, 22, 2; exercitum, Eutrop. 3, 20 (11); ps. Nep. Arist. 2, 1; 2. w. abl. in respect of, Salue qui me interfectis paene et uita et lumine, Pl. Truc. 2, 6, 37; uirum uita interfecerat, Gell. 12, 7, 2; 3. absol. kill, Di decaue omnes me pessimis exemplis interfeciant Nisi ego illam animum interfecero siti fameque atque alga, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 35; An obsecro usquam sunt homines uolatici? Fuere uerum ego interfeci, Poen. 2, 30; add 3, 1, 21; decem capita libera interfecit, Cato or. 40, 1 f.; Nunc est profecto interfecti quom periti me possum, Ter. Eun. 3, 5, 3; Qua super re interfectum esse dixit Hippomet? Pacuv. 237 R; si insidiis interfectus esset, Cic. Att. 13, 10, 3; ut Aurium et eius filium interfeciderunt curaret, Clu. 25; add Manil. 11; dom. 59; L. Cassium interfecerat, Caes. b. g. 1, 12, 6 et passim; feras, Lucr. 5, 1249; si capta domo domini interfecturus eram, Liv. 40, 14, 4; Adherbalem excreciatum necat, deinde omnis puberes Numidias... interfect, Sal. Iug. 26 f.; 4. of veget. life, nullo modo facilia posse herbas arescere et interfecit, Cic. oecoon. ap. Non. 450; 5. interfecta uirginitas, Apul. M. 5, 4; singulū crebro sermonem interfecit uerba decurans, 11, 24 f.; and perh. some of § 1.

**inter-fio**, fieri, factus, vb. irr. [inter insep.], be finished, killed, Em istie oportet operi mores malos, Si in operendo possint interfieri, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 131; Aut flammis interfiat malis ferarum, Lucr. 6, 931; see interificio.

**inter-fluo**, ēre, vb. [inter insep.], flow through, Nec mora nec requies inter datur ilia fluendi, Lucr. 4, 227 and 6, 931; wh. Lachm. and Munro strangely write interdatur.

**inter-fluo**, ēre, vb. [inter, between] flow between, freum quod Naupactum et Patras interfluit, Liv. 27, 29, 9; add 41, 23, 16; angusto freto interfluente (sc. inter insulas), Plin. 3, 76; add Curt. 4, 3, 6; Mart. Cap. 6, 213, p. 225 Eyss.; 2. insulae interfluunt, Apul. mund. 4 f.

**interflu-us**, adj. [interfluo], flowing through, Euphrates, Plin. 6, 121; humor, Pall. 10, 10, 4; amnis, Sol.

**inter-fodi**, ēre, fōdi, fossus, vb. [inter insep.] dig through, Pupillas interfodiunt, Lucr. 4, 716; interfossis radicibus, Pall. 11, 12, 2.

**inter-for**, āri, fātus, vb. r. [inter insep., off], interrupt (by speaking), priusquam ille postulatium perageret, Appian interforat, Liv. 3, 47, 4; orsus (consul) meritis Decii laudes interfante ipso Decio distulit contemionem, 7, 36, 9; orsum eum dicere... uolentem Phaenae interforat non in uerbis rem uerti ait, 32, 34, 2; nec plura querebam Passa Venus medio sic interfata dolores, Verg. 1, 385; quem interfari nefas esset (as tribune), hunc etiam conuicia audire, Plin. ep. 1, 23, 2.

**inter-frigesc**, ēre, vb. [inter insep.], die of cold, hence met., become obsolete, nec in infinitum capiosus silentii tempus per quo res interfrigescat concessum sibi credat, fragm. Vat. 155.

**inter-fringo**, ēre, frēgi, fractus, vb. [inter insep.], break off, break, si quid uentus interfrigerit, Cato r. 44 (45); quoted by Plin. 17, 127.

**inter-fugio**, ēre, vb. [inter insep.], fly through, Inter enim fugit ac penetrat per rara uirum, Lucr. 6, 332.

**inter-fulgens**, utis, part. [wh. inter?], shining through and so amid, or else here and there, aurum argutumque cumulo rerum aliarum interfulgens, Liv. 28, 23, 4.

**inter-fundor**, *i*, fūsus, vb. r. [which inter?], flow through or between, Anien. perieg. 235 and 1110; 2. esp. in part., quos...monius Styx interfusa coercent, Verg. G. 4, 480; Sicilia quondam Bruttio ardua coherens, mox interfusa mari annula freto, Plin. 3, 86; 3. met. Verg. 4, 644; Stat. Th. 3, 677.

**inter-furo**, *ire*, vb. [which inter?], rage through or between, alterum orbem, Stat. Ach. 1, 395.

**interfūso**, *ōnis*, f. [interfundor], flowing through or between, Lact. 7, 3 f.

**inter-garrio**, *ire*, vb. [inter. between], gabble or chatter with one another, hence in perf. part. pass., dein pauculis uerbis intergarritis, Apul. mag. 17.

**intergéries**, *ei*, f. [inter-géro], a party-wall, = paries, τοίχος ὁ διὰ κτησέων διαίρων, Gloss. Philox.

**intergér-ius**, *adj.*, piled up between, partitioning off (buildings), intergerim parietes dicuntur qui inter confines struntur et quasi intergeruntur, Paul. ex F. 110, 21;

2. as sb. m. (paries und.), a party-wall, nec intergeriūrum ratio patitur, Plin. 35, 173; intergeriūs a solo fornicatis (of a beehive), 11, 23; add 13, 82.

**inter-géro**, *ere*, vb. pack between, see intergeriūs.

**inter-ibi**, *adv.* [inter, during, w. dat. of iscaid; cf. post-ibi] during this, meanwhile, Abi et istuc cura. Interibi ego ad amicum ueam Volo puerum mittere, Pl. Pers. 1, 3, 86; add Poen. 3, 3; Capt. 5, 1, 31 and 33; Mil. 2, 1, 26; Rud. 4, 6, 20; As. 5, 2, 41; Afran. 138 B; but in Gell. 3, 7, 17 Hertz has interim dum ibi pugnatur.

**inter-ibi**, *adv.* [shortened from inter-ibi] during this, meanwhile, Nec mater lena ad nimium accedat interim, Pl. As. 4, 1, 54; and 29 other pass.; interim aliquot panca castra fecti, Cato or. 35, 5 f.; Curabat una funis tristis, interim Non numquam conculcrabat, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 81 and 100; Eun. 3, 5, 59; 5, 2, 3; hoc interim spatio concane illud ubi epularetur Scopas concidisse, Cic. or. 2, 353; interia ad me uenit Munatius, fam. 10, 12, 20; add Rose, Am. So; interia quotidie Caesar Haednos frumentum flagrat, Caes. b. g. 1, 16, 1; 1, 23, 2; 2. of argument, at the same time, yet, withal, et iniquorum ratio inuolanda est, ut melius aequa teneatur, Interim si quis bono inuolanda snadebit, meminerit..., Quint. 3, 8, 44; quod alias nitiosum, interim alias rectum est, 1, 5, 29;

3. interim followed by interim or mox or quandoque etc., at one time...at another..., O litterae quae interim longa ac breuis, interim pro syllaba quam nomine suo exprimit posita est, Quint. 1, 7, 11; idque interim fieri quia..., interim quia..., 2, 3, 4; add 2, 4, 39; 2, 15, 12; 3, 6, 8; 4, 1, 11; 6, 5, 59; 10, 3, 33; 1. nauibus i. uenientibus ut prout loca suaserint, Trajan ad Plin. 1, 27; qui rem publicam i. preman, quandoque distrahan, Tac. an. 1, 4 f.; interim..., mox ..., 14, 41; 4. hence w. a single interim, at times, interim optimum misericordiae genus est occidere, Sen. ira 1, 16, 3; uel plura iusto concipiens interim spiritus, Quint. 2, 4, 4; quamlibet pulchra elocutio nisi ad uictoriam tendit utique supernaeca sed interim tunc contraria est, 2, 4, 32; add 6, 88; 3, 8, 43; interim scelus est fides, Sen. Herc. Oct. 484.

**interimo**, see intermo.

1 **inter-iungo**, *ere*, *nxi*, *actus*, vb. [inter-er from in=an =ava=G. ent=E. un of reversal] unyoke (cf. ent-jochen) and so stop a while at an inn, to take a siesta, et hora lassos Interiungit equos meridiāna, Mart. 3, 67, 7; 2. met., Lassus tam cito deficiat nator Et cum currere debeas Bouillas Interiungere quacris ad Bouillas, Mart. 2, 6, 16; quātam medio die interiuuxerunt et in postmeridianas horas aliquid leuioris operae distulerunt, Sen. traq. 17, 7; breuissimum somno uat et quasi interiungo (stop to bait my horse), ep. 83, 6.

2 **inter-iungo**, *ere*, vb. [inter. between] yoke together, only in perf. part., natiuius inter-iunctus equis, Stat. Th. 6, 308; 2. interioib, tum interiuueta dextrae, Liv. 23, 30, 6.

**inter-lābor**, *i*, vb. r. [which inter?] glide through or

between, squalentis infodde conchas Inter enim labentur aquae, Verg. G. 2, 349; stellae, Stat. Th. 2, 649.

**inter-lēgo**, *ere*, vb. [inter. among] put or gather here and there, as for thinning trees of fruit etc., uncis Carpendae manibus frondes interlegendae, Verg. G. 2, 366; si spissa poma ramos onerabunt, interlegenda sunt quaeque nitiosa ut alimentum ceteris succus acquirat, Pall. 3, 25, 16; add 7, 5, 1; 8, 4, 1.

**inter-lido**, *ere*, *lisus*, vb. [inter insep., away] strike out, Iouis glandem quae nunc litteris interlisig inglas nominatur, Gaius ap. Maer. s. 3, 17, 3; deum, Paul. Nol. 10, 261.

1 **inter-lino**, *ere*, *lūi*, *litus*, vb. [inter insep., away] daub out, blot out, in eo codice qui tum interlitus proferebatur, Cic. Clu. 91; qui testamentum interleuerit, 125; tabulae quae se corruptas atque interlitae esse clamant, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 104; litterae lacrimis interlitae, Hier. ep. 14, 1.

2 **inter-lino**, *ere*, [inter. between] only in perf. part. interlitus, smeared between, cemented, caementa non calce durata sed interlita luto, Liv. 21, 11, 8; muros bitumine i., Curt. 5, 1, 16 and 25.

1 **inter-lōquor**, *i*, *cūsus*, vb. [inter insep.; cf. inter-fari] interrupt (by words), Sicin' mihi interloquere? Ter. Haut. 4, 3, 13; 2. as a judge during proceedings, make an interlocutory remark or enquiry, Gell. 14, 2, 19; si praeses scribendum principi interlocutus est, Ulp. dig. 28, 3, 6, 7; si praeses uel iudex ita interlocutus sit Vim fecisti, 48, 19, 32; add 40, 5, 38; 49, 1, 1, 2.

2 **interlōquor**, *i*, vb. [inter. between] talk together, only in part., interlocuentibus riuulis, itin. Alex. 15 ed. Mai.

**interlūcātio**, *ōnis*, f. [interluco] thinning of trees or plants, i. arboribus prodest, Plin. 17, 257.

**inter-lūceo**, *ere*, or -lūcesco, *ere*, *lūxi*, vb. [inter insep.] shine through, pierce with light, duos soles usos et nocte interluxisse, Liv. 29, 13, 3; 2. esp. have openings or gaps through which the light is seen, Quā rarast acies interluetque corona Non tam spissa uiris, Verg. 9, 508; ea interna expeditis uolubus impleuit ne interlueret acies, Frontin. 2, 3, 16; rariore atque interlucentes (nullites) adiut perueniendi hostibus praestant, Veg. mil. 1, 26;

3. met., quibus inter gradus dignitatis aliquid interluet, Liv. 1, 42, 4; add: ad Her. 3, 31; 4. interlucesco διαφανω, Gloss. Philox.

**inter-lūco**, *are*, vb. [inter insep.; lux] let the light through, thin (as trees, by cutting away branches), adultas oleas, Plin. 17, 94; densitatem ramorum, 17, 214.

**inter-luo**, *ere*, vb. [which inter?] wash or flow through or between, pontus...urbes Litore diductas angusto interluit aestu, Verg. 3, 419; add 7, 1717; transmo quo Capreas et Surrentum interluit freto, Tac. an. 6, 7 (6, 1); 2. in Cato. r. 132 (133) manus interluit meaus what? In Liv. 41, 23, 16 Mady. has interluit; in Curt. 4, 3, 6 Zumpt interluens.

**interlū-ies**, *ei*, f. a strait, Ebudes insulae angusta interluie diuiduntur, Sol. 22, p. 235, 1, which Momms. thinks an interp.

**inter-meo**, *are*, vb. [inter insep.] pass through, Pergamum quod intermeat Scimus, Plin. 5, 120.

**intermēstris**, *e*, *adj.* [for inter-mensis eris fm. mensis, w. silent n. exer. t] between-moons, hence as sb. (dies understood) intermestri, on the day when the moon in conjunction is invisible, new moon, Cato r. 37 (38), 3; quoted by Plin. 16, 104; a mensibus intermestris dictus quem Attici *εργαι* καὶ *ρεαι* appellauerunt, Varr. l. 6, 2, p. 193 Sp.

**inter-mētium**, *ii*, n. the space between the two metae of a race-course, = το μετὰ τῶν καυτηρῶν, Gloss. Philox.

**inter-mico**, *are*, vb. [which inter?] glitter through or between, tenebras nimboque intermict ignis, Val. F. 4, 662; add Stat. Th. 12, 252; Claud. rapt. Pr. 1, 183; Lact. 6, 20.

**intermino**, āre, vb. = interminor, quis homo interminat? Pl. Mil. 2, 3, 42.

**inter-minōr**, āri, vb. r. [inter insep., as in interdico] forbid or warn with threats, w. dat. of person, Eminor interminoro nequis mihi opset obuiam, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 11; Interminatus sum ne faceres, Ter. Andr. 3, 2, 16; quæstoribus interminatus sum ne..., Rutil. Lup. 1, 7. 2. give notice with threats, threaten, w. acc. and inf., Interminatus est...Siquis non hodie munus misisset sibi, Eum eras cruciatus maximo peribere, Pl. Ps. 3, 1, 10; Mihi Tibique interminatus nos futuros alios Ni... As. 2, 2, 96; Viro quæ suo interminatur, Cas. b. g. 5, 29; 3. hence with neut. acc. of pron., Istucine interminata sum hinc abiens tibi? Ter. Eun. 5, 1, 14; 4. interminatus as pass. part., forbidden, cibus, Hor. epod. 5, 39; 5. threatened, poena, Th. Honor. et Theod. C. 5, 16, 60.

**inter-mixto**, ēre, mixtus, vb. [inter insep.] mix up (with), Sic tibi...Doris amara suam non intermiscuit unum, Verg. B. 10, 5; turbam indignorum intermiscendo dignis, Liv. 4, 56, 3; add 10, 20, 8; 21, 46, 6; quibus (sc. onion-seed) aliquod saturiæ semen intermiscendum erit, Colum. 11, 3, 57 (the last perh. from inter, between).

**inter-mitto**, ēre, īsi, īssus, vb. [inter insep.] let go away, ignem cauto ne intermittas quin semper siet neque nocte neque uilo tempore intermittatur, Cato r. 38 (39), 2, let it go out; 2. esp. of time, let pass by, non tantulum Vmquam intermittit tempus quin eum nomen, Pl. Bac. 2, 2, 20; nunquam unum intermittit diem Quin semper ueniat, Ter. Ad. 3, 1, 6; nullum intermissi diem quin aliquid ad te litterarum darem, Cic. Att. 7, 15, 1; add 9, 16, 1; N. D. 1, 52; totius hiemis nullum tempus intermiserunt quin... Caes. b. g. 5, 53, 1; triduo intermisso, 1, 26 f.; nocte intermissa, 1, 27, 4; post cibum intermittenda hora, Cels. 3, 23, p. 112, 31 Dar.; 3. with ab (or even ad?), ne quod tempus ab opere intermitteretur, Caes. b. g. 7, 24, 2; a labore, b. c. 1, 32, 1; nulla pars nocturni temporis ad laborem (ab labore?) intermittitur, b. g. 5, 40, 5; 4. let go out (of one's hands), and so drop, leave off, lay aside, cease, stop (work etc.), studia doctrinae, Cic. orat. 34; delectus, Caes. b. g. 1, 10 f.; iter, 3, 13, 2; proelium, b. g. 3, 5, 3; laborem, Ov. M. 3, 154; solita munia, Tac. an. 1, 16; rerum curam, 4, 13; and with some vit, quod (sc. otium) patulser quæ magna sua laude intermisit et posuit, a Corellio diuidendis agris adiutor adsumptus, Plin. ep. 7, 31, 4; 5. w. inf. leave off, i. litteras mittere, Cic. fam. 7, 12, 1; non intermittit suo tempore "Caelum nitescere, arbores frondescere", Tusc. 1, 69; obsides dare, Caes. b. g. 4, 31, 1; 6. hence in perf. part. left off, obsolete, lost, prisca ac vetustate ab usu quotidiani sermonis intermissa, Cic. or. 3, 175; aciores morsus sunt intermissæ libertatis quam retentæ, off. 2, 24; quod intermissum iamdiu...morem redixisse, Plin. ep. 9, 13, 21; uerba intermissa (obsolete), Quint. 1, 6, 39; sacrum multis sacerdotibus intermissum repetendi, Curt. 4, 3, 23; 7. work left off only for a time implies resumption, hence leave a gap, Dubis paene totum oppidum cingit, reliquum qua flumen intermittit... Caes. b. g. 1, 38, 5; Vmbri (inter binas uites) ad uicinos (pedes) intermittunt, Plin. 17, 171; ad eam partem oppidi quæ intermissa a flumine aditum angustum habebat, Caes. b. g. 7, 17, 1; quam (plantium) intermissum collibus (a coll.?). 7, 10, 1; hoc intermisso spatio, 7, 72, 3; add 7, 23, 3; per intermissa custodia loca, Liv. 24, 35, 8; ut Romani per intermissa moenia urbem intrarint, 34, 37 f.; bibunt aues longa colla intermittentes et capite respirant, Plin. 10, 129; 8. hence intermissus, with gaps, opp. to continuus, Sen. n. q. 1, 3, 8; Plin. ep. 2, 17, 27; 9. eventually leave off for a time, intermit, as in: non multum refert utrum omittas philosophiam an intermittas, Sen. ep. 72, 3; si tertia quæ ex toto intermittit aut quartana est, mediis diebus ambulationibus uti oportet, Cels. 3, 14, 1; 10. leave out (in writing), omit, Hier. chron. Eus. p. f.

**intermixtus**, part. of intermiscere.

**inter-mōrior**, mōri, mortuus, vb. r. [inter insep.; cf.

interneo], die off, out, utterly, stirpes, Cato r. 161, 3; radices, Plin. 21, 114; 2. met. Nam hic nimium moribus moris inuasit bonos; Ita perique omnes iam sunt intermorti, Pl. Trin. 1, 1, 7; memoria generis sui, Cic. Mur. 16; Catilinae reliquiae, Pis. 16; nullum officium tuum apud me intermortitur (of oblivion), Bithyn. ap. Cic. fam. 6, 16; intermortuæ contiones, Cic. Mil. 12; Candor in hoc aeuo res intermortua paene, Ov. Pont. 2, 5, 5; ciuitas, Liv. 34, 49, 3; ignis, Curt. 6, 6, 31; uiae quæ sine ullo exitu intermoriuntur, Ulp. dig. 43, 7, 3, 1; add 43, 8, 2, 23; 3. esp. faint quies away, swoon away, in contione intermortus haud multo post expirauit, Liv. 37, 53, 10; ex profluio sanguinis intermoriens nino reficiendi sunt, Cels. 5, 26, 25 f.; add Plin. 32, 130; Suet. Ner. 42.

**inter-nascor**, i, vb. r. [inter, between], grow or spring up between, nigulæ, Liv. 28, 2, 8; herbae, Colum. 2, 11 (12), 6; palmæ, 4, 24, 5; dilatatae cicatrices et internato corpore expletæ, Plin. 17, 251; opus est densitate seminis omnia occupari internatosque herbas excludi, 18, 146; herbas, Tac. h. 4, 60; sicut in aruo quod segeti processum est alibi flores internascuntur, between the ploughing and the sowing, Sen. uit. beat. 9, 2.

**internātium**, ū, n. [inter, nates], the fork between the nates, the lower part of the spine or sacrum, nullus dolor aut...aut internati oriebantur. Internatium Graeci ieron osteon, Suetonius Tranquillus spinam sacram appellat, Fronto Ep. 1, 16.

**inter-nēco**, āre, vb. [inter insep.; cf. internior] kill off, kill to the last man, Extincto duello maximo atque internecitis hostibus, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 34; culmum, Prud. apoth. 61.

**inter-necto**, ēre, vb. [inter, between] knit together, ut fibula crimem Auro internectat, Verg. 7, 816; uix...efflantes libet internectere placas, Stat. Th. 8, 168.

**internidifico**, āre, in Plin. 10, 95 Detl. fin. cod. Tol. gives: in terra nidificant.

**inter-niteo**, ēre, vb. [inter, among] shine here and there, distingebant internitentes gemmae ingrum, Curt. 3, 3, 16; etiam qua sidra internitebant, arbores conspiciere prohibebant, 5, 4, 25; tunc tellure internitit (al. al.) (sc. zmaragdus), Plin. 37, 65; or as Sol. 15, 26 has it: tunc detecto solo facillime internituit.

**inter-nosco**, ēre, nōui, nōtus, vb. [inter insep.] know from one another, distinguish, Brutam (sc. Fortunam) quia dignam atque indignum nequeat internoscere, Pac. 371 R; secerni blandus amicus a uero et internosci tam potest quam omnia fucata a sinceris, Cic. am. 95; internosci a falsis, acad. p. 22; 47 and 56; add internouimus from a corr. pass. in Varr. l. 9, 38, p. 497 Sp.

**inter-pello**, āre, vb. [inter insep. as in interloquor; pello of appello, compello] interrupt (esp. a speaker w. words) Am. ne interpella (to Sosia); perge porro dicere (to Alc.), Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 171; si interpellas, ego taceo, Most. 5, 9, 62; nihil te interpellabo, continentem orationem audire malo, Cic. Tusc. 1, 16; interpellare te nolo sed summus tempus aliud, N. D. 3, 65; qui cum interpellaret odiose, Andrianus inquit pulcherrum puerum, or. 2, 262; cuius orationem Caesar interpellat, Caes. b. c. 1, 22, 5; qua oratione permoti crebro etiam interpellabant, 2, 33, 1; add Liv. 9, 41, 17; 2. call off, call away and so interfere with, interrupt, disturb (when engaged in any work), metuis ne me interpellas?...Tu uero ut me et appelles et interpelles et obloquare et colloquare uelim, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 10, 1; esse locum tam prope Roman ubi me interpellat nemo! Att. 2, 9, 2; nos esse iniquos quod in suo iure se interpellaremus, Caes. b. g. 1, 44, 8; stupro interpellato magis quam caede motus, Liv. 3, 57, 4; urbe egrediens ne quis se interpellaret edixerat, Suet. Tib. 40; add 34 f.; admonitus ab uxore temperius ut disceumbet petiisse ab ea ne interpellaretur, uit. Ter. 3; 3. hence take the liberty of addressing (a person in authority as one always busy),

Suet. Vesp. 23; Tib. 75; praesidem provinciae, Papin. dig. 2, 4, 14; **2.** or mulierem etc. de stupro, Paul. dig. 47, 10, 4, 14 and 14; also 15, §§ 15, 20 and 22; **5.** apply to a debtor for payment, si interpellatus opportuno loco non soluerit, Marc. dig. 22, 1, 32; add 44, 7, 23; 34, 1, 18, 1; **6.** call in question (a right), dispute, challenge, interfere with, si fructuarius, cum possit usucapionem interpellare neglexit, Ulp. dig. 7, 9, 1, 7; ius tuium, Paul. S. 6, 18, 2; manumissionem serui, Iul. 17, 1, 30; possessionem, Tryf. 23, 5, 16; **7.** met. of the agency of things, interfere with, interrupt, prevent, interpellantibus his inimicitias animus tuus magis patuit quam domus, Cic. ad Ant. (p. Att. 14, 13) 5; siue perturbatio siue erit uictoriam interpellauisset, Caes. b. c. 3, 73, 5; nec saxa cotaeque quae interpellent specus obstant, Curt. 4, 6, 8; saxo quod alioquid (amnis) interpellat, 6, 4, 4; see also Hor. in § 9; **8.** constr. u. n. quominus, or quin, tribunus...interrogem interpellantibus ne s. e. faceret, Liv. 4, 43, 8; interpellent me quominus honoratus sim dum ne interpellent quominus... Brut. ap. Cic. fam. 11, 10, 1; nunquam interpellant qui quibus uellem uter, Mat. ib. 11, 28, 7; **9.** u. inf., quantum interpellat inani Ventre diem durare, Hor. s. 1, 6, 127; **10.** a 'barbarism' or provincial form interpellat for interpellat, Julian, ex comm. in Donat. p. 324, 18 K.

**inter-plico**, āre, vb. [inter, between] fold together, fibula cristas, Stat. Th. 4, 218; add 2, 282.

**interpōlāmentum**, i, n. material for a second polishing, Claud. Mam. st. an. pr.

**interpōlāto**, ōis, f. a second polishing, exceptit hanc (sc. amphitheatricam chartam) Fanni officina tenuitatemque curiosa interpoletione principalem fecit e plebeia; quae non esset ita recurata in suo (nomine) mansit, Plin. 13, 75.

**interpōlātor**, ōris, m. lit. one who dresses up old goods so as to pass for new—hence falsifier, Tert. spect. 2; saeculi, id. test. an. 3; ueritatis, id. apol. 46f.

**interpōlātr-ix**, icis, f. [interpolator] falsifier, ueri, Nazar. pau. Const. 15; ueritatis, Tert. haer. 7f.

**interpōlis**, e, (-polus) adj. [inter, insep., again; pōl of pōlio, full (cloth)] polished again, esp. of cloth, vamped up afresh so as to pass for new, second-hand, Labeo scribit si uestimenta interpola quis pro nouis emerit, Trebatio placere ita emptori praestandum quod interest si ignorans interpola emerit, Marc. dig. 18, 1, 45; peritia opus est ut uestem interpolem a sincera discernas, Fronto de or. p. 161, 1 ed. Naber; est (sparti) natura interpōlis rursusque quam libet uetustum nouo miscetur, Plin. 10, 29; **2.** met., mulier recte olet uix nihil olet; Nam istaec ueteres quae se unguentis unctant interpōles Vetulae edentulae quae nitit corporis fūco occultant..., Pl. Most. 1, 3, 117; mutatur ars (medicorum) cotidie interpolis (dressed up in a new fashion), Plin. 29, 11.

**interpōlo**, āre, vb. [interpolus] full again (old cloth so that it may pass for new), vampe up afresh, quod uult renouare honores eosdem, quo nimis togam praetextam quatuorannis interpoleto decernendum nihil censeo, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 12, 3; **2.** met., illic homo me interpolebit meumque os finget denuo, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 161; P. Tum tu igitur cedo purpurissum. S. Non do; scita tu quidem, Noua pictura interpolare uis opus lepidissimum? Most. 1, 3, 105; referendo in tabulas quod gestum non esset tollendo quod esset et semper aliquid demendo mutando (ne litura appareat—only in bad mss and prob. a gloss, yet true in sense) interpolando, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 158; Alexandria ubi tura interpolantur, dress up afresh, Plin. 12, 59; eadem (terra) tectoriorum albaria interpolantur, 35, 194; interpolant neteriores (sc. seruos) et pro nouiciis uendunt, Ulp. dig. 21, 1, 37; ebreno plura interpolant, Iul. Val. Alex. m. 3, 57; add Prud. apoth. 2, 45; but in Curt. 4, 6, 28, and 6, 2, 5 read w. Zumpt interpella.

**interpōlius**, see interpolis.

**interpōndium**, ii, n. [inter, pond of pond] a state of balance, i. παραλληλον, Gloss. Philox.

**1 inter-primo**, ēre, pressi, vb. [inter insep.] press to de-

struction, Qui sacerdoti scelestus faucis interpresserit, garrotted, Pl. Rud. 3, 2, 41.

**2 inter-primo**, ēre, vb. [inter, under] suppress, quod colunt et interprimunt, Min. F. Oct. 10.

**inter-pungo**, ēre, nxi, nctus, vb. [inter insep., off] point off (in writing), divide by stops, nos etiam cum scribimus interpungere solemus, Sen. ep. 40, 11; **2.** make stops or pauses in speaking, flumen alius uerborum cordi est, distincta alios et interpuncta interualla morae respirationsque delectant, Cic. orat. 53; narratio distincta personis et interpuncta sermonibus, or. 2, 328; **3.** as sb. n. interpuncta uerborum, Cic. or. 3, 181—pauses.

**interpurgo**, a wrong read. for interpo in Plin. 18, 243, who is quoting Cat. see

**inter-pūto**, āre, vb. [inter insep., away] prune away, prune, perh. thui, Ecos. Cat. r. 50 (51); oleam, Varr. 1, 30 f.; rosam, Colum. arb. f.

**interquēror**, a wrong read. in Liv. 33, 35, 10 wh. Madv. leniter questi sunt.

**inter-quiesco**, ēre, cūi, vb. [inter insep.] stop and rest, hibe, interquiesce; deinde iterum, Cat. r. 158 (9); 2; enim haec dixissem et paulum interquiescissim, Cic. Brut. 91; dum interquiescit (in his vicious habits), Sen. ep. 25, 3; **2.** met., hiber, Sen. ep. 46, 2; dolor, 78, 9; lites, Plin. ep. 8, 21, 2.

**inter-rōgo**, āre [inter insep., thoroughly] ask in a searching manner (w. acc. of person and at times of thing); hence esp. as a legal term, examine, cross-examine, praetor uel interroget, CIL 198, 35; an quisquam esse testis potest quem accusator sine cura interroget? Vbi est illa laus oratoris, bene testem interrogauit? Cic. Fl. 22; quis me unquam illa lege interrogaui? dom. 77; neminem eum tantum emine debere ut legibus interrogari non possit, Liv. 38, 50, 8; add Quint. 6, 3, 4; 12, 8, 10; interrogandi sunt partes, qua in re primum esse nosse testem; nam timidus terri, stultus decipi...potest, 5, 7, 26; de aetate interrogatus respondere debet, Ulp. dig. 11, 1, 11, 1; dum ab aduersario interrogatur; sed et si a praetore fuerit interrogatus...ib. 8; in se enim interrogari (sc. seruos in quaestione), non pro domino aut in dominum uidetur, Paul. dig. 22, 3, 7; **2.** hence accuse, call to account, pepigerat ne cuius facti in praetorium interrogaretur, Tac. an. 13, 14; demum Tarquinius repetundarum Bithynis interrogantibus, 14, 46; **3.** beyond legal sphere, ask in a severe or authoritative manner, Num nouis me interrogare te? Immo si quid uis, roga, Pl. Aul. 2, 1, 39; Si exierit leno, quid tu? Hominem interrogem Mens seruos ad eum uenerint? Poen. 3, 4, 20; add Cure. 2, 3, 61; in Pl. has often supplanted the simple vb. as shown by metre, e.g. Men. 5, 5, 18; Merc. 1, 2, 74 (70); Cist. 2, 3, 35; interrogabat suos: qui esset qui plebem fame necaret; respondebant opere: Pompeius, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 3; magna uerborum contumelia interrogans solerent ueterani milites fugere? Caes. b. c. 3, 71 f.; **4.** argue, as in the schools, because chiefly in the form of questions, Posidonius sic interrogandum ait; and then comes a formal syllogism, Sen. ep. 87, 35; add ep. 67, 6; Quint. 9, 2, 6; cf. interrogatio, Sen. ep. 82, 9; **5.** gen. for simple vb. ask, interrogas me num in exilium? Non iubeo, sed suadeo, Cic. Cat. 1, 13; tunc sententiae interrogari co-actae, Liv. 45, 25, 2; **6.** gram., (casus) interrogandi, genitive, Nigid. ap. Gell. 13, 26 (25) 1; cf. § 3; mei casus interrogandi est quem genetium grammatici uocant, Gell. 20, 6, 8.

**inter-rumpo**, ēre, rūpi, ruptus, vb. [inter insep., away, through] break away, down, through, up, Pontem interrupti qui erat ei in itinere, Pl. Cas. pr. 66; qua murus erat interruptus, Sis. ap. Non. 204; omnibus interruptis eius fluminis pontibus, Caes. b. c. 7, 34 f.; add 7, 19, 2; b. c. 1, 16, 2; 1, 40, 3; 1, 41, 1; 1, 48, 2; ut pontem ferro igni quancumque ui possint interrumpant, Liv. 2, 10, 4; ut nihil interrumpat quo libefacti possit tanta contentio gratitatis, Cic. N. D. 2, 116; nec loca lux inter quasi rupta relinquit, Lucr. 5, 299; nonnquam sustinere extremum agmen atque interrumpi, Caes. b. c. 1, 64, 1; aieci hostium, Liv. 44, 41, 1; 40, 40, 3; itinera interrupta et imperia, Tac.

an. 3, 31; niam, dig. 43, 19, 1, 6; 2. met., break through, interrupt, (so as to leave gaps), iter amoris nostri et officii mei, Cie. Att. 4, 2, 1; officium, fam. 5, 8, 1; consuetudinem, 15, 14, 2; ignes, Verg. 9, 239; opera, 4, 88; ordinem, Colum. 11, 2, 25; Tac. h. 2, 27; tenorem rerum, Liv. 41, 15, 7; connubia patrum et plebis, 9, 34, 5; Singultuque pias interruptente querellas, Ov. M. 11, 420; somnos, Plin. 28, 55; usum, Gai. 1, 111; usucapionem, dig. 49, 15, 12, 2; 3. esp. of conversation, dum sermone necer interruptere, Pl. Trin. 5, 2, 25; add Turp. 66 R; medium orationem, Cnes. b. c. 3, 19, 6; Tac. h. 2, 41; and absol., ii medici aduentus nos interruptisset, Varr. r. 2, 1, 1; 4. interrupte, adv. interruptedly, with breaks, narrare, Cie. or. 2, 329.

**inter-saepio**, ire, psi, ptus, vb. [inter insep., off] hedge off, fence off, shut off, foramina illa quae patent ad animum a corpore terrenis corporibus sunt intersaepta quodammodo, Cie. Tusc. 1, 47; id conspectum habebimus exercitum intersaeptis, Liv. 1, 27, 9; intersaepti iumentis, 6, 9, 7; ab cetera urbe munimento intersaepti bat Insulam, 24, 23, 4; uallo, 25, 11, 2; muro, 31, 46, 9; operibus, 34, 40, 1; cuniculum efficit, 38, 7, 10; incendio intersaepti ab hoste, 42, 63, 7; arbutis, Tac. h. 3, 21; add 53; but in Cie. Balb. 43 Baier has saeptum.

**inter-scaeio**, ēre, vb. [inter, among] shoot forth (as water) here and there, interscaeitentibus lymphis, itin. Alex. M. 51 M.

**inter-scindo**, ēre, scidi, scissus, vb. [inter insep., away or through] tear away, cut away, off or through, pontem, Cie. leg. 2, 10; Caes. b. g. 2, 9; aggerem, 7, 24 f.; Chalcis arto interseinditur freto, Liv. 28, 7, 2; uenas, Tac. an. 15, 35; eursum aquis, Sen. n. q. 3, 11, 1; 2. met., laetitiam, Sen. ep. 72, 4; uinculum amoris, Gell. 12, 1, 21.

**inter-sisto**, ēre, vb. [inter, between] stop in the middle, ultima syllabae littera (a final m), quae exprimi nisi labris coeuntibus non potest, intersistere nos cogit, Quint. S. 3, 45; add 9, 4, 33, 36, and 106; 10, 7, 10.

**interspiratio**, ōnis, f. [interspiro], taking breath, Cie. or. 3, 173 and 198; mustum sine interspiratione potum, Plin. 23, 29.

**inter-spiro**, āre, vb. [inter insep., through] evaporate, met. operculum imponito, relinquito quia interspiret (sc. aqua marina), Cato r. 112 (113).

**inter-stinguo**, ēre, nctus, vb. [inter insep., away, off] stamp out, and so extinguish, per auras Quae faciunt ignis interstingui atque perire, Lucr. 5, 761; 2. mark off, divide by marks, spot, lapis interstinctus aureis guttis, Plin. 36, 63; eandem interstincto uariis coloribus, 37, 143; alcerosa facies ac plerumque medicaminibus interstincta, Tac. an. 4, 57; innumeri spatia interstincta columbis Stat. silu. 3, 5, 90 (this perh. from inter, between).

**inter-stringo**, ēre, vb. [inter insep., thoroughly] press or strangle to death, Ibo intro atque illi socioenno tuo iam interstringam gulam, Pl. Aul. 4, 4, 32, garotte; cf. interpiro.

**inter-sus**, esse, fui, futurus, vb. irr. [inter, between] be between, inter orbem et miliarium digitum interesse oportet; followed by interit... interest, Cato r. 22, 1; (si) maria montes interessent, odisses cum quem non uideres, Cie. Phil. 13, 5; ut Tiberis inter eos et pons interesset, Cat. 3, 5; ut inter nouissimum hostium agmen et nostrum primum non amplius quinque m. passuum interesset, Caes. b. g. 1, 15 f.; uia tantum interest perangusta, Liv. 22, 4, 2; interesse inter binas uites oportet pedes quinos, Plin. 17, 171; 2. of time, cuius inter primum et sextum consulatum sex et quadraginta anni interferunt, Cie. sen. 60; si plures dies inter medici discursum et aduentum pollinctoris interferunt, Varr. s. 173, 2 R; 3. be present at, be mixed up with, take part in, uiti testes non interesset, Cato orat. 62, 5 f.; ut perinde illi uideatur indignum ac si ipse interfuerit ac

praesens uideret, Cie. inu. 1, 104; 4. w. dat., non placet Stoicis animi cantibus interesse deum, Cie. diu. 1, 118; querelis, sen. 7; consiliis, Att. 14, 22, 2; illi crudelitati, 9, 6, 7; proelio, Caes. 14, 16, 2; 7, 87 f.; diminis rebus, 6, 13, 4; b. c. 3, 87, 2; sermoni, 3, 18, 5; bello, 3, 83, 3; omnibus gerendis rebus, Liv. 10, 39, 7; quum uterque se bello interfuturum polliceretur, 36, 4, 3; add 37, 53, 9; bellicae res (dea) amat interque esse (note tuncis) desiderat pugnis caedibus et cruori, Arnol. 7, 48; 5. even w. dat. of person, sacrificanti interfuit, Suet. Oth. 6; 6. of time, live in or at, quisquis illis temporibus interfuit, Vell. 2, 114, 3; cui quidem temporis Saturninus interfuit, Sulp. Sen. 3, 3; 7. w. in and abl., in conuiuiu, Cie. Rose. Am. 39; quibus in rebus, 111; in testamento faciendo, Clu. 162; qua in re, fam. 13, 36, 1; in re, Font. 14, (4); 11. 8. be apart, or at a distance, clatros interitus oportet pede, Cato r. 4; 9. differ, esp. in 3rd pers., there is a difference, Triduum non interest aetatibus (aetatē?) uter (so mss., ut Herm.) maior siet, Pl. Bac. 3, 3, 57; Quid sciebat aut quid? interest dare te in manus Argentum amanti? Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 93; Pluma habet interest patronus an cluens... siet, Most. 2, 1, 60; beneficia quae in loco ponas nimium? interest, Cato orig. 4, p. 19, 15 f.; Paulum? interesse censet ex animo omnia Vt fert natura facias, an de industria, Ter. And. 4, 4, 55; add Eun. 4, 4, 18\*; nimium? inter uos... perunium? interest, Ad. 3, 3, 39; inter hominem et beluam hoc? maxime interest, quod., Cie. off. 1, 11; ut inter eos ne minimum? quidem interfuit, acad. pr. 55; nec in his quicquam? interest, and; ut in his nihil? interest, 40; and again 45; neque interesse ipsoe interficiant impedimentis exuant, Caes. b. g. 7, 14, 8; hoc interest inter Epicurum et ganeones nostros, Varr. s. 117, 3 R; tantum id interest ueneritne ad urbem an ab urbe redierit, Liv. 26, 11 f.; add 26, 31, 2; 10. with ab, illa uisa negant quicquam? a falsis interesse, Cie. acad. pr. 27; add 83; 11. w. dat., matrona... Interit Satyris paulum? pudibunda proteritis, Hor. A. P. 233; see also Ter. in § 13;

12. w. gen., but in Gk. words, το νεμεγαλ interest uos φθονου, Cie. Att. 5, 19 f.; 13. w. nom. of thing compared, stulto intellegens Quid? interest? Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 2; hoc? pater ac dominus interest, Ad. 1, 1, 51; 14. as vb. imp. it makes a difference (to), it concerns, it is the interest (of), with gen. of person or thing concerned, quis est cuius interest istam legem manere? Cie. Phil. 1, 21; quid? interesse rei familiaris tuae, fam. 4, 10, 2; add Q. fr. 2, 4, 1; Mil. 56\*; Mur. 4\*; docet quanto opere republicae communisque salutis interest manus hostium distineri, Caes. b. g. 2, 5, 2; b. c. 1, 24, 5; Varr. s. 196, 2 R; 15. w. possess. pron. in ā, tua et mea maxime interest te ualere, Cie. fam. 16, 4, 4; si quid erit quod interest mea scire, Att. 11, 23 f.; ei caedes si erimini datur, detur ei cuius interfuit, non ei cuius nihil interfuit, Cie. pro Var. ap. Prisc. 12, 1, 595, 11 K; Cie. Sull. 79; ea uos rata habetis neene magis rei publicae interest quam mea, Liv. 26, 31, 10; uestra interest ne imperatorem pessimi faciant, Tac. h. 1, 39; Ulp. dig. 2, 13, 8, 1; 16. w. gen. of value, as magni, Cie. Att. 11, 22 f., and fam. 13, 9, 1; Caes. b. g. 5, 4, 3; 6, 1, 3; b. c. 1, 21, 1; tanti, Cie. fam. 13, 10, 1; licet interesse desit uel minoris uel pluris interesse coepit, Ulp. dig. 2, 13, 8; 17. also with neut. acc., as: quid quicquam multum paulum nimium quantum, marked\*; 18. perh. the constr. w. gen. and poss. pron. in ā was borrowed from rēfūt.

**inter-tālio**, āre, vb. [inter insep., impl. a vb. talio; cf. talea, talio] cut off, rustica uoce intertaliare dicitur diuidere nel exidere ramum, Non. 414 v. taleas.

**inter-tecido**, ēre, xul, xtus, vb. [inter, between] weave together, interweave, Nexilibus flores hederi habet intertextos, Ov. M. 6, 128; partes eius ex pari et impari intertextuisse, Macr. somn. Sc. 1, 6, 2; intertexta pluribus notis uestis, Quint. 8, 5, 28.

**intertortus**, in Petr. § 124 v. 276 Büch. has: Atque inter torto lacerant pectore uestem, i. e. inter uestem.

**inter-trāho**, ēre, xi, vb. [inter insep., thoroughly] drag or draw thoroughly, nunquam tu mihi credidisti... Ni ego illi puto si ocepso (ocepsero?) animam omnem intertraxero,

draw off the last drop of its life-blood, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 41.

**intertrigin-ōsus**, intestigo intestiginosus, not. Tir. 180 by error for intert.

**intertrigo**, *trigō*, f. [impl. a vb. inter-tero, rub off or away, from inter insep.] chafing away (of skin), *παπα-τρίγμα*, intertrigini remedium..., Cato r. 159 (160); i. bis in die subluatur aqua calida, Colum. 6, 32, 1; i. ungulae, 7, 5, 11; (mental) intertrigines prohibet, Plin. 20, 151; see

**intertrimentum**, [id.] loss by friction, in auro praeter manupretium nihil intertrimenti fit, Liv. 34, 7, 4; culleorum, Scaev. dig. 13, 7, 43 f.; 2. gen. loss, cost, expense, Nunc quom sine magno intertrimento non potest haberi..., Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 39; nullum in his nominibus intertrimenti aut deminutionis uestigium reperitur, Cic. Font. 3, argenti, Liv. 32, 1, 1; sine ullo intertrimento conueniat, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 132.

**intertriturā**, ae, [id.] wearing away by rubbing, culleorum, Scaev. dig. 13, 7, 43.

**interturbatio**, a wrong reading in Liv. 23, 8, 7 wh. Madv. perturbationem.

**inter-turbo**, āre, vb. [inter, insep., thoroughly] mix up by stirring thoroughly; and so met. throw into confusion, disturb, ne interturbā, Pl. Bac. 4, 4, 81; Quis homo istuc... interturbat? Ter. Andr. 4, 1, 39; but eld. rashly del. interturbat as a gloss.

**inter-uaō**, ēre, si, vb. [inter away] get away, escape, Nisi si qua Vlixes interuasit Lartius, poet. ap. Quint. 6, 3, 96—so Halm w. best mss. not litte easit.

**inter-uello**, ēre, noli, uolus, vb. [wh. inter?] pluck or pull up here and there, and so thin, esp. of plants, simul atque semina stilauerint, interuelluntur ac bini pedes arbusculis uacui relinquuntur ne densitas plantas emaciet, Colum. 4, 33, 3; si spissae posueris, nec infra serere quid poteris nec ipsae fructuosae erunt nisi interuolueris, 5, 10, 5; add arb. 19, 3; haec poma interuelli melius est ut quae refecta sint grandescant, Plin. 17, 260; si spissa sunt, interuelles aliqua ut cetera roborentur, Pall. 8, 2, 3; 2. of other things, aut uellunt barbam aut interuellunt, Sen. ep. 114, 21; barbam acrimis caedere, interuellere, Tert. eult. fem. 8; 3. met., tota actione respiciat (ex oratore) nunc aliquid ex illis (se. praeparatis) interuelli atque ex tempore dicendis inseri possit, Quint. 12, 9, 17; add 10, 7, 5; in Lepidis quorum tres, interuolsa tamen serie (not in immediate succession), obducto membrana oculo similes geniti reperiuntur, Sok. 1, 78, p. 23, 9 M.

**inter-uenio**, ūeni, uentum, vb. [inter insep.] up come up (out of the ground as it were), turn up (unexpectedly), spring up, Nam in hominum aetate multa enuntiant huiusmodi?... itae interueniunt, redeunt rursus in gratiam, Pl. Amph. 3, 2, 59; inter os atque offam multa interuenire posse, Cato orat. 67, 5 f.; Sed neminem curiosum interuenire nunc mihi (Quint.), Ter. Elin. 3, 5, 5; Nulla mihi res posthac potest iam interuenire tanta Quae..., Haut. 4, 3, 1; add Hev. pr. 2; exiguam dixit fortunam interuenire sapienti, Cic. fin. 1, 63; casus mirificus quidam interuenit, fam. 7, 5, 2; hoc ipso tempore et casu Germani equites interueniunt, Caes. b. g. 6, 37, 1; 2. as pass. impers., interuenit esse casu, Cic. top. 76.

**inter-uenio**, ūeni, uentum, ūre, vb. [inter, between] come between, nulla interueniente laudine, Colum. 4, 29, 16; sine (thumen sine) uia publica interuenit, confinium non intelligitur, Paul. dig. 10, 1, 4, 11; si medius paries interuenit, 33, 3, 4; 2. occur between, omnem rem narrabit scio. Quae inter nos interuenierit, Ter. Hee. 3, 2, 16; 3. step in while something is going on, sponsae pater interuenit, Ter. Andr. 4, 3, 17; Interduca dum sedemus illi interuenit Adulescens..., Ph. 1, 2, 41; nos nisi forte molesti interuenimus, acensie delectat, Cic. or. 2, 14; 4. v. dat., come in the midst of, and so see or hear, Vbi de improbis interuenit mulieri, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 40; etenim interuenit nonnullorum querellis quae apud me habebantur, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 2, 2; hinc orationi Seruius quum

interuenisset, Liv. 1, 38, 1; and like these, plures cecidissent, ni nox proelio interuenisset, come to stop, 23, 18, 6; parantibus se ad proelium legati interueniunt, 9, 14, 1; add 1, 6, 4; 5. in law, step in or come forward to take part, sine alieno aliois iudicio interueniat, Gai. 4, 87; tutor ceterique qui pro alio interueniunt, dig. 39, 2, 17, 2;

6. interfere as a magistrate etc., interueue, quibusdam casibus senatum interuenire et emendare uitium matronarum, Gai. 1, 87; solet praetor interuenire et inter consentientes arbitrari, Ulp. dig. 2, 15, 8; add 11, 7, 147; 4, 4, 11, 2 f.; 7. as pass. impers., as Ter. above \*.

**inter-uersor**, āri, vb. r. [inter, among] move about among, mix with, nec satis est nisi editis onis (piscium) interuersando mares uitale adperserint virus, Plin. 9, 157.

**inter-uiso**, (uissio), ēre, vb. [inter insep.] go and look up, go and overhaul or hunt up (so to say), inuio interuissam domum, Pl. St. 1, 2, 90; Set tamen uolo interuissi (sc. portum uel seruum), 1, 2, 97; Nunc interuissi iamne a portu athenierit, 3, 2, 3; Curate; ego interuissam quid faciant equi, Aul. 2, 7, 1; uerum interuissam domum, 2, 2, 25; and by c.j., Merc. 3, 2, 12; ipse cerebro interuissi, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 2, 1 f.; quod nos minus interuissi hoc fero animo aequiore quod..., fam. 7, 1, 5; 2. less correctly in later writers, for uiso or even uideo, or perli, from inter between, go and see, ne legatorum quidem cuiquam permisit uxorem interuissere, Suet. Aug. 24; an potius maritum interuissere uenisti? Apul. M. 6, 9; parentes tuos interuissere properabas? 6, 30; sat pol diu est quod interuissimus te, 1, 24; nec quisquam eos e caelium numero interuissat, de do Socr. 5.

**interuā**, see  
**interūlus**, adj. dim. [impl. an adj. interus from in down, w. exor. t; cf. inter, under] under, of clothing, Quia etiam interūlus gaudes dissolvere nexus (sc. Musie as a bride), Mart. C. 9, 1, 1, 20; palli duo interūlus paradandas duas, Valer. ap. Vop. Prob. 4, 10, 5; habebat induit ad corpus (next his skin) tunica interūlum, Apul. flor. 1, 9, 32; 2. interūla (sc. tunica), as sb. f. a shirt or shift, discissa interūla deora brachia palmulis conuerberat, Apul. M. 8, 9; add Teit. pall. 5; interūla *χρῆταις*, Gloss. Philox.

**inter-uōmo**, ēre, vb. vomit up or between, Quod duleis inter salsas interuomit undas, Lucr. 6, 894.

**inter-uorto**, (uerto), ēre, nerti (uerter uorto), uorsum (uersum), vb. [inter insep., away, off] turn out, eject, rob (cf. enerto), Vt ne si posset muliere interuorteret, Pl. Ps. 3, 2, 110; istuc ago Quomodo argento interuortam et aduen-torem et Saurcam, As. 2, 2, 92; Vnde sumam (sc. argentum)? Quem interuortam? 2, 1, 10; aduenitum furti colonum qui fundo quem conduxerat uenditio possessione eius dominum interuertisset, Gell. 14, 18, 13; 2. diuert, give another direction to, in extremis partibus semiualluculi interuertuntur, Vitr. 4, 3, 5; domi ne aquaeductum interuertat, Scaev. dig. 43, 20, 8; 3. and met., querelam, Imp. Alex. ap. dig. 31, 1, 87, 3; neque recta ingenia qualem in adolescentia spem sui fecerant, in senectute perturbant, sed interuersa plerumque sunt, Sen. ad Marc. 22, 2; 4. esp. diuert to one's own use the property of others, embzzle, promissum et receptum interuertit ad seque transtulit, Cic. Phil. 2, 79; interuerso regali dono, Verr. 2, 4, 68; notius milien sestertium paucissimis mensibus interuertisse creditur, Tac. h. 2, 95; qui quid elauerit aut interuertit aut consumperit, Ulp. dig. 29, 2, 71, 6; pecunia interspersa, Tryph. dig. 11, 4, 5; res non interuertitur ei qui eam sponte recit, 47, 2, 43, 10.

**in-tūmesco**, ēre, ui, vb. [in=au=ava, up] swell up, Sic quibus intumuit suffusa uenter ab unda, Ov. F. 1, 215; Vili uirgines intumuisse genas (sc. tibias), 6, 700; haec medii collis optima positio loco ipso paululum intumescente, Colum. 1, 4 f.; uulnus quod stupens adhuc dolorem non mouerat frigente sanguine intumuit, Curt. 4, 6, 19; intumescens corpus ulceribus, 6, 11, 17; sine flatu intumescens fluctu, Plin. 2, 196; si in uescis intumuerint

(corporum partes), 20, 51; uentis cessantibus aequor Intumuit (by magic), Lucan. 6, 470; add Pall. 4, 10, 12; 2. met., motus, Tac. an. 1, 38; uox, G. 3; 3. esp. of rage, Intumuit uati nec tamen Aspera suo, Ov. Pont. 4, 14, 34; add Pl. 2, 607; Stat. Th. 1, 412; 4. or pride, secundum elatus entis super humanum intumescebat modum, Sen. ad Polyb. 17, 5 (36); add Tac. h. 4, 18; Quint. 1, 1, 8.

**in-turgesco**, ēre, vb. [in=an=ava, up] swell up, ita ut infundus in calidum ut inturgescat, Veg. act. 2, 28, 19.

**int-us**, adv. [gen. of prep. in, w. ex. cl. lit. from within, often in Pl., as: clauem mihi Laconicum Iam iube exferri intus, Most. 2, 1, 58; Quem continere maxime cupiebam egreditur intus, 2, 4, 30; ubi ille exierit intus, Mil. 4, 4, 33; sat scio Iam exiturus esse intus, 4, 4, 60; add As. 3, 2, 39; Bac. 4, 6, 26; 4, 9, 127; Mil. 2, 5, 49; Most. 3, 1, 145; Ps. 2, 2, 10; 4, 7, 18; Cist. 3, 8; Cas. 2, 5, 43; besides less evident pass., as: intus clamorem audio, Mil. 4, 9, 16; Amph. 2, 2, 138; Men. 1, 2, 21; 1, 3, 34; 2. so Celus: quicquid spinosum est et intus eminet, 8, 4, p. 336, 24 Bar.; 3. within, indoors, in the house, Sinito ambulare si foris si intus uolent, Pl. Capt. 1, 2, 5; Maier (se. erus) apud forumst, minor hic est intus, As. 2, 2, 63; and more than 80 other pass.; in tenebris intus esse abscondit, Caec. 40 R; Sed postquam egressast illis quae sunt intus clamant de uia, Ter. Andr. 3, 2, 11; Tu ubi atque obsera ostium intus dum ego hinc transturro ad forum, Eun. 4, 6, 25; add Ad. 4, 2, 30; cum Enniam ancilla dixisset domi non esse Nasiae sensit illum intus esse, Cic. or. 2, 276; ille relictus intus expectatus foris..., Sull. 17; erat unus intus (in Q. Cicero's camp, then besieged) Nerus nomine Vertice, Caes. b. g. 5, 45, 2; add 6, 36; 4. often used to strengthen in and abl., quid ista e ara Prodesse nobis (plus) potest quam signum in fano hic intus Veneris, Pl. Rud. 3, 3, 27; ea quae sunt intus in corpore, Cic. fin. 3, 18; nondum omne animal in mundo intus incluserat, Tim. 10; add fin. 1, 44; in Gallia transalpina intus ad Rhenum..., Varr. 1, 1, 7, 8; suis trepidant in sedibus intus, Luc. 2, 965; Iam ueni in aede intus Iunonis, Liv. 24, 10, 6; 5. or without in, Tali intus templo diuom patriae Latinius Sede sedens, Verg. 7, 192; suas (naues) quae sunt exigno intus inclasae essent, Liv. 25, 11, 15; 6. of motion inwards, for intro, Nam sua cuique cibis ex omnibus intus in artus Corpora discedunt, Lucr. 2, 711; Nam cibum atque humor membris admittitur intus, 4, 1001; quaecumque receperat intus (wh. Iach. and Munro diuide intus by a comma; but?), 6, 23; Cum mare permotum uentis ruit intus harenam, 6, 726; Iamque fores aperit, iam ducitur intus, Ov. M. 10, 457; aliae (fistulae) intus feruntur, Cels. 5, 28, 12, p. 213, 17 Bar.; ut medicamenta intus compellantur, ib. p. 215, 26; caele super ipsum os consistere et in intus impellere, S. 14, p. 355, 15; siue extra remansit (culitus) siue intus reuerit, 8, 16, p. 357, 33; refractis Palatii foribus ruere intus, Tac. h. 1, 35; pollice intus inclinato, Quint. 11, 3, 99; 7. as a n. sb., the interior, lapides profani, intus sacrum, CIL 1115;

8. in Pl. Cas. 5, 2, 7 Ambros, and Vat. xss habet intus, but the bacchiae metre calls for intro of the other xss; in Caes. b. c. 3, 26, 5 intro: eo intus et intro sum soleoeci sunt, says Quint. 1, 5, 50; 9. intus geminam habere significationem in loco et de loco, [Senz.] in Donat. 510, 20 K; in loco ista iunguntur intus et foris: ubi fuisti? Intus uel foris: de loco similiter: unde existi? Intus..., Cledon. 21, 20 K; add Pomp. 248, 12.

**inueticius**, adj. [inuetus] of the class inuetti, imported, foreign, not home-made or grown, columbas et pauones, Plin. 10, 79; 2. met., gaudium, Sen. ep. 23, 5.

**in-uergo**, ēre, vb. [uergo pour, not uergo incline] pour into or on, properly a religious term, Nil ego tecum (sc. odore uini): ubi istus? Ipsam expeto Tangere, inuergere in me liquores tuos Sine, Pl. Cnrc. 1, 2, 13; frontique inuergit uina sacerdos, Verg. 6, 244; Tum super inuergens liquidi carchesia Bacechi Aeneaeque inuergens tepidi carchesia lactis, Ov. M. 7, 246; Tum pelago uina inuergens dux talibus inuit, Val. F. 2, 611.

**in-uestigo**, āre, vb. [in=an=ava, up] lit. trace up by footsteps, track, as by scent, canum tam incredibilis ad inuestigandum sagacitas narium, Cie. N. D. 2, 158; and met., immittebantur continuo illi Cibiatici canes qui inuestigabant et perscrutabantur omnia, Verr. 2, 4, 47;

2. by sight, hoc age ad terram aspice et dispice Oculis inuestigans...haec socii uideo uestigium In puluere; persequar haec, and so on, Pl. Cist. 4, 2, 26; 3. gen., Certamst praecone iubeere iam quantumst condecueri Qui illam inuestigant, qui inueniant, Pl. Merc. 3, 4, 79; add 4, 6, 15; 5, 2, 22; Rud. 5, 2, 35 and 53;...qui illatu e conspectu auiui meo, Vbi quacumque ubi inuestigam..., Incertus sum, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 2; parentum inuestigandum gratia, Pac. 43 R; Si qua potestur inuestigatur uia, 100; 4. met., ut inuestiges ex consponsorum tabulis sita ita? Cie. Att. 12, 17; habeo certam uiam quae omnes illorum conatus inuestigare et consequi possim, Verr. act. 1, 48.

**in-uidens**, ntis, adj. not seeing, blind, libro quem de inuiditibus animalibus conscripsit, Apul. mag. 51.

**inuido**, ēre, uidī, nīsus, vb. [see below] look on with an evil eye, with dat. of pers. and perh. at first at any rate in poets) acc. of thing, marked f, neutri neuter inuidet, Pl. St. 5, 4, 49; Est miserorum ut maleuolentes sint atque inuidant bonis, Capt. 3, 4, 51; inuidere omnes mihi, Ter. Eun. 3, 1, 20; Vnde aut quis mortalis forem liberum inuidet meum? Att. 424 R; on wh. Cie. (Tusc. 3, 20): male Latine uidetur sed praeclear Attius, ut enim uidere, sic inuidere forem rectius (in principle) quam flor..., poeta ius suum tenet; in qua tibi inuido quod unis uestimentis tam diu lautus es, Cie. Flac. 70; nisi interdum in hoc Crasso paulum inuiderem, or. 2, 228; inuidet homines maxime paribus aut inferioribus, 2, 209; nescio (quei) inuident deus, CIL 1306, 4; quia non ut forsit honorem fure mihi inuidet quibus ita te quoque amicum, Hor. s. 1, 6, 50; Tu modo ne claros Minys inuides actus?, Val. F. 5, 507;

2. w. acc. and inf. of obj., Nullus est qui non inuidet rem secundam optingere; Sibimet ne inuideatur \* ipsi ignavia recte cauent, Pl. Bac. 3, 6, 14; Nam inuidere ali bene esse, tibi male esse miserasti; qui inuidet, egent; illis quibus inuideatur\*, i rem habent, Truc. 4, 2, 31; cf. φθονεὶς ἐργον αὐδον τερπει, Od. 1, 346; 3. to acc. of obj. w. simple vb. corresponds a nom. with pers. pass., Ioneis probata, inuicisa sum nulla, proba..., CIL 1194, 3; caret inuicenda Sobrius aula, Hor. od. 2, 10, 7; cf. inuisus in § 12;

4. but dat. of pers. with impers. pass., see above \* in § 2; 5. w. dat. of object even in best writers (orig. perh. in personif.), est enim haec saeculi quaeuam macula uirtuti inuidere, Cie. Balb. 15; illi honori inuidentur meo, agr. 2 f; omnes finitimos suae uirtuti inuidere, Caes. b. g. 2, 31, 5; nullius equidem inuido honori, Liv. 38, 47, 5; uictoria cui nec deus nec homo quisquam inuidet, 5, 27, 12; add 10, 24, 6; 6. hence impers. pass. w. dat. of obj., inuideatur commodis bonum, studiis fauetur, Cie. or. 2, 207; 7. but Hor. A. P. 56 has pers. pass. w. nom. even of person, ego cum acquirere pauca Si possum inuideor? cf. his use of imperor, ep. 1, 5, 21 and Gr. φθονισμα; also inquis in § 12; 8. be unwilling that a person should acquire, grudge, refuse through envy, be unwilling to grant or acquiesce in, Liber pampineas inuidit colibus umbras, Verg. B. 7, 58; Tenet inquit miserande puer cum laeta ueniret Inuidit Fortuna mihi ne regna uideres Nostra, A. 11, 43; olenunt ac uinum (sc. Africae solo) inuidit, Plin. 15, 9; 9. w. acc. and inf. or inf. alone, Plurima quae inuidant pure apparere tibi mer, Hor. s. 1, 2, 100; Quamquam his te quoque iungere Caesar Inuido, Lucan. 2, 551; 10. w. abl., non inuideatur lande sua (so Madv.) muliebibus uiri Romani, Liv. 2, 40, 11; Inuidet igne rogi miseris, Lucr. 7, 798; ne hostes quidem sepultura inuident, Tac. an. 1, 22; 11. or gen. in poets, Sepositi cieris nec longae inuidit aenae, Hor. s. 2, 6, 84; a Gr. constr. as Quint. or. 3, 17 says; as is also that w. abl.: cf. οἱ τοὶ ἡμιονον φθονεὶ of Homer; 12. inuisus, regarded with evil eye and so hateful, as adj., first of things,

mea nita, Ter. Ad. 5, 9, 32; oratio, Cic. Man. 47; persona, Rose. com. 20; negotia, Hor. ep. 1, 14, 17; eupressus, od. 2, 14, 23; uoluptates inuississimas, Sen. ep. 51, 13; 13. of persons, Nam inuis omnis nos esse illis sentio, Ter. Hee. 3, 1, 48; quo quis nersuor, hoc inuisor, Cic. off. 2, 34; ipsi inuississimus fuerat, Plin. ep. 2, 20, 2; 14. prob. from in male, and uideo, like in-sequitur, pursue as an enemy; if formed direct from inuideo the perf. wl. not have been inuidi.

**inuidus**, adj. [= mali-inidus, from in-male, and uid of uideo] having the evil eye, envious, P-eniaie accepit auide atque inuide, Pl. Pers. 3, 3, 5; quantum neque ambitiosus imperator neque inuidus tribune debuit, Cic. Mur. 20; inuidus homines ipsorum esse tormenta, Curt. 8, 12, 18; O Fortuna uis inuida fortibus, Sen. Herc. f. 528;

2. met., natura, Lucr. 1, 321; actus, Hor. od. 1, 11, 7; deus, 4, 3, 16; tacturnitas, 4, 8, 24; cura, ep. 1, 10, 18; nox, Ov. M. 9, 486; iura, 10, 331; fatuorum series, Lucan. 1, 70; 3. as sb. m. one who envies, envious, At istos inuidos di perant, qui hanc libenter nuntiant, Ter. Hee. 3, 10, 17; si aut uirtutis hostis aut laudis inimicus existisset, Cic. Flac. 2; ergo et inuidi et maliuoli et misericordes, Tusc. 4, 28; ad orat. 140; Omni opstant in ministerio inuidum (gen.) tabes, Varr. s. 186, 7 R; Inuidus alterius neresit rebus opimis, Hor. ep. 1, 2, 57; 4. hence w. possess. pron., a tuis inuidis atque obtreanturibus, Cic. fam. 1, 4, 2; nonnullis inuidis meis, 7, 2, 3.

**inuito**, āre, vb. [from inuocito, frq. of inuoco; for loss of c and long i in place of diphthong, cf. facio fio] call on—hence challenge (as in a drinking-bout), and so regale freely, as met.: perit potando opinor; Neptunus magnis poculis hanc nocte eum inuitauit, Pl. Rud. 2, 3, 32; si inuitare nos paulisper pergeret (se. salis poculis of v. 31). Ibidem obdormissemus, 2, 7, 32; and by a bold met.: Si ille illas... tetigerit inuitas, in istune istis (se. clauis) inuitissitis Vsqe adeo donec qua domum abeat nesciat, Peristis ambo, 3, 5, 31, with that coddled wine; 2. as vb. fr. or w. se, give oneself a bout, Credo... dormire Solem atque adpotum bene; Mira sunt inuicem inuiti sese in cena plesulum, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 127; In inuito esse ubi inuitauit dapsilius se, Lucil. ap. Non. 321; pulere inuitati, id.; non inuitat plesulum sese ut solet, Turp. ib.; inuitauit plesulum hic sese, id.; ipsum uio inuitari poculis large, Varr. s. ib.; cum se cibo uinoque laeti inuitarent, Sal. bist. ib.; alii suos in castra inuitandi causa adducunt, Caes. b. c. 1, 74, 4; eosdem apparati epulis inuitat, Just. 1, 6, 5; 3. gen. invite (to a banquet etc.), give an invitation to, Quam nellen Menedemum inuitatum ut nobiscum esset amplius, Ter. Haut. 1, 2, 11; is me erebro ad cenam inuitat, Cic. fam. 7, 9, 3; inuito eum (Ariarathem) ut apud me deuersetur, Att. 13, 2, 2; ad prandium inuitare, Mur. 73; 4. w. abl. (as in § 1), siquis est qui senatorem populi Romani teeto ea domo non inuitet? Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 25; tota familia occurrit, hospitio inuitabit, Phil. 12, 23; 5. gen. invite, challenge, allure, tempt, a Caesare inuitor in legationem, sibi ut sim legatus, Cic. Att. 2, 18, 3; praemiis inuitabat, Lig. 12; quibus inuis r-bus hostes inuitati copias transducunt, Caes. b. g. 5, 49, 1; inuitati praeda, 6, 35, 7; inuitatos eos uti ab Rheno decederent, 4, 6, 3; 6. met., in id me inuitet ut faciam fides, Pl. Trin. 1, 1, 5; ad quem (se. agrum bene cultum) fruentum inuitat atque adlectat senectus, Cic. sen. 57; aqua malsa calefacta inuitat uomitiones, Plin. 22, 112; uino medio adpentina ciborum inuitatur, 23, 38; add 33, 79; Inuitat genialis hiemps, Verg. G. 1, 302; 7. w. acc. of things, assentationem, Cic. am. 99; appetitum animi, fin. 5, 17; luxuriam, Vell. 2, 129, 3; somnos, Ov. M. 1, 604; culpam, her. 16 (17), 183; see also § 6; 8. w. inf., decedere, Verg. G. 4, 23; 9. but in Pl. Cas. 3, 6, 21 Gopp. w. sis A interimat.

**inuitus**, adj. [for inuolitus, from the uol. uoluitis, part. of uolo; for loss of l and i for oi, cf. uis for uoluis] unwilling, Eamque huc inuitum mulierem in Ephesum aduehit, Pl. Mil. 2, 1, 35; Neque quisquam melius refert matri gratiam quam ego matri refero naeae Fami inuitissimus, St. 1,

3, 4; nam sola nulla inuitior\* solet esse, Cist. fr. p. 19 ed. Mai; uetigal inuiceti dare nei debent, CIL 199, 36; inuiceti eis qui eum agrum possidebant 200, 89; sin este probus Cur talem inuitum inuitum cogis linquere? Enn. tr. 158; Inuitus fecit, lex coegit, Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 6; soli contingit sapienti ut nihil faciat inuitus, Cic. parad. 34; ab inuitissimis\* coactam esse (poeniam), Verr. 2, 2, 153; eum ego a me inuitissimus\* dimisi, fam. 13, 63, 1; si se inuito transire conarentur, Caes. b. g. 1, 8, 2; 2. met., oratio, Cic. N. D. 3, 85; inuita saepe inuiauor ope, Ov. Pont. 2, 1, 16; uerba, Hor. A. P. 311; mors, Lucan. 6, 531; sanguine, Val. Fl. 3, 391; 3. w. gen., si credidit (seruus) dominum non inuitum fore huius solutionis, Ulp. dig. 16, 3, 11; 4. coup. \*; 5. sup. †

**iō**, interj. [= ou; prob. a corrupted imper., perb. audi, the root of wh. is ou in Gr. ou-ai, and Fr. ou-ir—hence perb. o the interj. of like power] used in great excitement in calling upon the gods, hear, hurrah, uox clamantis, says Seru. A. 7, 399; io hymen hymenae hymen, Pl. Cas. 4, 3, 3; C. Quoia uox sonat? P. io Te, (io) te turan te noeo qui imperitas Pseudolo, Ps. 2, 4, 12 (but in Truc. 1, 2, 20, Speng. w. A has oh); Dicite io Paean ut io bis dicite Paean, Ov. a. a. 2, 1; add her. 5, 118; Teque dum procedit, io Triumpho, Non semel dieemus io Triumpho, Hor. od. 4, 2, 49; io Baecae, s. 1, 3, 7; epod. 9, 21; 2. met., as if addressing a deity; Vror; io remoue saeuia puella faces, Tib. 2, 4, 6; add 1, 1, 4; 2, 5, 118; Mart. 8, 4, 1; 3. beyond relig. sphere, hurrah, clamor, io matres audite, ubi quaque, Latinae, Verg. 7, 400; io geminae clamant adeste sorores, Ov. M. 3, 713; add 3, 442; succurrite, longum Clamet, io ciues, Hor. A. P. 460; io io, liber ad te (se, amiculum) uenio, Plin. ep. 3, 9, 13; Mart. 5, 25, 3 and 4; Sil. 4, 781; 5, 634; Stat. Th. 10, 380; 4. as a cry, calling one, hulloa there, io inquis puer tu, uade quantum potes..., Fronto ad M. Caes. 4, 5, p. 68 Naber; 5. as monos, Io (pron. iō) Hymen Hymenae io, io Hymen Hymenae, Catul. 61, 124, 144 etc. (so Ellis with ius); Clament ecce meo io Saturnalia uersus, Mart. 11, 2, 5; 6. never elided, to Catul. above add; Et bis iō Arethusa iō Arethusa uocant, Ov. M. 5, 625.

**iocus**, m. [see below] fun, joking, Maximas opimitates opiparaseque offers mihi, Laudem lucrum ludum iocum festiuitatem ferias, Pl. Capt. 4, 1, 3; ne risu aut ioco comite leuitatis... sunt beati, Cic. fin. 2, 65; adhibes iocē causa magistrum, Phil. 2, 42; ut mihi saepe Bilem saepe iocum (a sense of fun) uestri mouere tumultus, Hor. ep. 1, 19, 20; 2. a joke, esp. in words, a jest, saepe uilis iocis et facetiae, Cic. or. 2, 216; iocia tua plena facetiarum, Att. 14, 1, 1; ne aut scurrilis iocis sit aut mimicus, or. 2, 239; acritassem remissos Cum Iunone iocis, Ov. M. 3, 320; 3. met. a thing to play with, a laughing-stock, Iocum me putat esse moecha turpis, Catul. 42, 3; hanc mea cura est Ne quid tu perlas met sis iocis, Hor. s. 2, 5, 37; Sed me Fal-laci dominae iam patet esse iocum, Prop. 3, 16 (18), 16; add Petr. 57; 4. esp. as opposed to a grave affair, hic uerost qui si occupet, Ludum iocumque dicet fuisse illum alterum Prauit huius rabies quae dabit, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 9; Ne tibi Corneli quum Africam conspexeris ludus iocumque fuisse Hispaniae teae uidebuntur, Liv. 28, 42, 2; add Petr. 17 f; 5. as a duty = *Kairos* or *the Kairos*, L. quis istie habet? P. Amor... Venustus Gaudium Iocus\* Ludus Sermo Suanisauatio: L. Quid tibi comieris cum dis damnosissimus? Pl. Bac. 1, 2, 8; Erycina ridens Quam iocum circunulat et Cupido, Hor. od. 1, 2, 34; 6. per iocum, in fun, in joke, Pl. Amph. 3, 2, 39; Ps. 4, 7, 126; Poen. 3, 1, 38 and 39; per ludum et iocum, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 155; 7. ioco, the same, often opposed to serio, nec ioco nec serio, Pl. Amph. 3, 2, 25 and 35; Bac. 1, 1, 41; Ter. Haut. 3, 2, 30; 8. extra iocum, Cic. fam. 7, 16, 1; remoto ioco, 7, 11, 3—joking aside; 9. iocia in pl., common in Cic. Lucr. Sal. wh. seems to show that iocis was orig. an adj., as quicum iocia seria, quicum aranea, quicum occultia, Cic. fin. 2, 85; iocia atque seria cum humillimis agere, Sal. Jug. 96, 2; and if so, ioco is an adv. not an abl.; 10. iocis a monos, in Pl. above\* § 5; cf. Fr. jou; 11. prob. the i of iocus stands for l,



so that it = E. laugh, lach of G. lach-en, and so decap. from γαλα(χ)-ω: for change of l to i cf. *iscur*, *inbeo*, *inuo*.

**Ipólita**, ae. f. form in Pl. for Hippolyte, daughter of Mars, taken prisoner by Theseus and married by him, nimium ego hanc periculo Sarupurri hodie meo quidem animo ab Ipólita (so ECD) snibeingulum, Pl. Men. 1, 3, 17; for single p and short i, cf. *Hilarios* = *Illurica*, Trin. 4, 2, 19; *Hilarios* for *Illurios*, Men. 2, 1, 10.

**ipse**, [old *ipsum*], a. um, ius, i. adj. pron. [see below], myself, thyself, himself, etc. (to suit the case), very same, same, identical, very, even, always contrasted with some word expr. or und. (s. \* below), quōque ipse parcius tuos heres siet, CIL 108, 3; ipse aut procurator \* eius, 206, 41;

2. often connected with pers. pron. expr. or und., *egone?* tu ipsum, Pl. Most. 3, 1, 104; Tute heri ipsum mihi narrasti, Merc. 2, 4, 13; ego enim ipse cum isto non innotis erraerim, Cie. Tusc. 1, 40; non ipse enim, Sed Lysimacho \* amico mandabo, Pl. Merc. 2, 3, 133; deest quod ad te scribam... nec ipse habeo a te quid expectem, Cie. Att. 7, 6, 1; 3. w. other pron., in illo ipso (very) Platonis libro, Cie. or. 3, 129; is ego sum ipseus Charmides... Is ipseus es? Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 43; is heredit ipseus, 2, 4, 32; 4. w. other nouns, Ipse hanc acturum Iuppiter comœdium, Pl. Amph. pr. 88; Adest optime ipse frater, Ter. Eun. 5, 2, 66; Senectus ipsa morbus, Pl. Ph. 4, 1, 9; neque enim ipse Caesar est alienus a nobis, Cie. fam. 6, 10, 2; res loquitur ipsa, Mil. 53; 5. w. numerals, just, exactly, precisely, neither more nor less, L. Marcio M. Manilio consulibus mortuus est, annis LXXXVI ipse ante me consumm. Cie. Brut. 61; triginta dies erant ipsi cum haec dabam litteras per quos nullas a nobis acceperam, Att. 3, 21; 6. often elliptical. At iam adferetur si a foro ipse redierit—master—, Pl. Aul. 2, 6, 7; Ego eo quo me ipsa misit (so or anisit) ams, Gepp. eg. misci, Cas. 4, 2, 11; Charine in tempore ipso mihi aduenis (sc. quo oportebat), Ter. Andr. 5, 6, 10; Ipsi (the king-bees) per medias cautes insignibus alis Ingentis animos... versant, Verg. G. 4, 82; 7. thus it may often be translated, in himself (itself etc.), for itself, alone, without aid from without, uiri boni ipsam acquitatem et ius ipsum amant, Cie. leg. 1, 48; a multis uirtus ipsa contemnitur, am. 86; natura serpentium, ipsa perniciosa, siti accenditur, Sal. Iug. 99, 5; consilium ignorantibus tumultus ipse et res nouae satis placebant, 66, 4; ipsae consident medietatis sedibus, ipse... Verg. G. 4, 65; Icticia Mathonis Plena ipso (to say nothing of eushions etc.), Iuv. 1, 33; 8. but not so to be explained: in Cie. Tusc. 5, 62 ipseae deflebant coramne, or off. 1, 77: arma ipsa ecederunt, the very, even the... is the meaning; and for diu. 1, 74 see § 9; 9. whether ipse should agree with me etc., or not, depends solely on the meaning. Set ubi is nunc est? ubi ego? minime atque ipseus se noit maxime, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 108; Ita ego te hinc ornatum amittam, in ipseus te ut non noeris (let alone others), Rud. 3, 4, 25; Ipsi se exercitum qui quod amant uidet nec potitur dum fiet, Curc. 1, 3, 14; nunc hic se ipseus fallit, hand ego \*, Ter. Andr. 3, 2, 15; Indicio de seipse ipse crit, Ad. pr. 4; in templo Herculis ualuae clausae repagulis se ipse aperuerunt, Cie. din. 1, 74; add Cat. 1, 19 (his); off. 1, 115; desperata salute se ipsi interficiunt, Caes. b. g. 5, 37, 6; temeritate militum reprehendit quod sibi ipsi iudicauissent quid agendum uideretur, 7, 52, 1; semet ipsi Numidas appellatuer, Sal. Iug. 18, 7; ipsa se uirtus satis ostendit, 85, 31; a cuius crudelitate nosmet ipsi armis iudicasti, Liv. 3, 56, 3; Agassas urbem tradentibus sese ipse recepit, 44, 7, 5; Calpurnius custodia \* militari cinetus extinguitur; Priscusne ipse interfecit, Tae. h. 4, 11; deinde dominam (seruos) sibi ipsos dedisse, Sen. ben. 3, 23, 2; in all these the emphasis is on the agent;

10. but on the sufferer in: ut quidam imperatores etiam se ipsos de immortaliibus pro re publica deuocuerunt, Cie. din. 2, 10; facile poterimus nisi nosmet ipsos ualde amabimus indicare, off. 1, 29; fratrem \* sum, dein se ipsum interfecit, Tae. h. 3, 51; 11. ipissimus, as a comic superl., Ipsus inquam Charmides sum. Ergo ipseusne? Ipissimus, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 146; cf. oculissime homo, Curc. 1, 2, 28; 12. form ipse occurs more than 60 times in Pl.,

yet ipse oftener; so bos ipseus, Cato r. 70, 2 and 71; Ipsus est de quo hoc agebam tecum, Ter. Heec. 3, 5, 5; yet ipse, Andr. 1, 1, 124; Eun. 3, 4, 5; ipseus also in Titin. 105 R; Pompon. 113 and 149; Att. 229; 13. ipsud only in Gloss. Philox.: ipsud auro; 14. ipseus in poets, Ipsus in uultu uariis errare colores, Verg. G. 1, 452; Ipsus ante oculos, A. 1, 114; 15. for the suspensions ipseus in Maer. s. 5, 22, 3, Eyss. eg.: ipseus deae. 16. ipsi in Afr. 230 R, and in Lucili. Act. 217, may well be dat. 17. ipseus pron. for apseus (cf. reapse wrongly expl. as re ea ipsa) and so = aures (i.e. aures); cf. igni- fire = S. agni; the suffix pte itself from ipse or rather apte.

**ir-rito**, (in-r), āre, vb. frq. [rito a lost frq. of ringo, whence ringor; and ring- der, from a form hirrig- (cf. hirrio); and this from hir, sound of snarling; so r the littera canina] keep snarling at, and so provoke, irritari (note the pass.) proprie canes dicuntur. Lucilius de littera r; Irritata canes quod homo quam planius dietat, Donat. ad Ad. 2, 4, 18; less accur. ad Ph. 3, 4, 18; ducitur uerbum (irritor) a canibus qui restrictis dentibus hanc litteram r imitantur (al. iterant); tractu a canibus qui cum pronoceantur iniriunt (irritant). Non. 31; but of course a dog snarled at, snarls and bites in return, Ne canem quidem irritatum uoluit quisquam imitari, Saltem si non arderet dentis ut restringeret, Pl. Capt. 3, 1, 25; irritabilis erabronis, Amph. 2, 2, 75; Nam si me irritassis hodie lumbifragulum hinc auferes, 1, 2, 298; add Bac. 4, 8, 47; Curc. 5, 3, 48; St. 2, 2, 21; Pers. 5, 2, 48; Ter. as above; in irritare ferroque lacessere uirum, Cie. Mil. 84; irritatum Antonium non oportuit, Phil. 7, 3; Omnes irritans uentos omnesque procellas, Varr. s. 210, 3 R; Irritataque uirum telis et uoce lacessit, Verg. 10, 644; hostemque irritat Al iram, Ov. M. 8, 418; iterum irritare inimicum in mortem tuam cupies, Sen. suus. 7, 1; 2. with abstr. acc., rouse, excite, animi uirtutem, Lucr. 1, 70; quo bono publico proprias similitudines irritat, Liv. 33, 46, 8; tuas iras, Stat. Th. 11, 11; 3. metu., Cum fera diluuiis quousque Irritat amnes, Hor. od. 3, 29, 40; Segnius irritant animos demissa per aures Quam..., A. P. 180; Ingenium potis irritat Musa poetis, Prop. 5 (4), 6, 75.

**is**, eā, id, ēus, ei, adj. pron. [see below] this, that, refers not like the demonstr. hic iste ille to real object, but to the words of a sentence and gen. what precedes, Ego has (demonstr.) habeo usque hic (demonstr.) in petaso pinulas; Tum meo patri antum torulus inerat aureus Sub petaso: id Amphitroni signum non erit. Ea signa nemo horumque familiarium Videre poterit, uerum uos uidebitis, Pl. Amph. pr. 145; delegit uiros primorum principes; Eos legat, 1, 1, 50; fuit olim hinc quidam senex Mercator; nanum is (this skipper) fregit apud Andrum insulam; Is oblit mortem, Ter. Andr. 1, 3, 17; emui mihi Antium uenit obuium tuus puer. Is (this boy) mihi litteras ab te reddidit, Cie. Att. 2, 1, 1; ad eas res conficiendas Orgetorix deligitur. Is sibi legationem ad ciuitates suscepit. In eo itinere per-suadet..., Caes. b. g. 1, 3, 2; 2. esp. w. que et etc., unam rem explicabo eamque maximam, Cie. fin. 1, 28; in primis nobis sermo, ique multus de te fuit, Cie. Att. 5, 1, 3; cum una legione et ea uacillante, Cie. Phil. 3, 31; uincula et ea sempiterna, Cie. Cat. 4, 7; certa merces ne ea parua, Cie. Phil. 2, 44; una modo atque ea intra oppidum iuxi aqua utebantur, Sal. Iug. 89, 6; 3. often refers to a relative, and in old lang. the rel. clause came first, and may be translated first, as by using if, Qui (if any one) mihi in eursu opstiterit, faxo utque is opstiterit suae, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 21; (Quoi ex hūc) (lege) non iouauerit, is† magistratum nei petto, CIL 107, 19; quos legerit, eos† patrem tribum cognomenque indicet, 108, 14 and 17; quem agrum ego uendide licet, is† ager uetugal nei siet, 199, 6; hoc qui admiratur is† se quid sit nir bonus nescire fateatur, Cie. off. 3, 75; non est consentaneum, qui metu non frangatur eum† frangi cupiditate, 1, 68; ita euenit ut quem uos imperatorem inuissitis, is† sibi imperatorem alium quaerat, Sal. Iug. 85, 11; wh. note that is, if commencing the second clause, is emphatic, marked †; 4. at

times refers to what follows, *Id modo die, abiisse Dormum*, Ter. Eun. 4, 4, 56; *Et nunc id operam do ut per falsas nuptias...*, Andr. 1, 1, 130; *id tibi affirmo te in istis molestiis non diutius futurum*, Cic. fam. 4, 13, 4; *magis id laborare ut illi quam plurimi deberent*, Sal. Jug. 96, 2; 5. esp. to a rel. clause, esp. cō. uiros, quos legerit, is praefator) omnis in talibus plurius scriptus habeto, CIL 198, 15; *Alii me negant eum esse qui sum*, Pl. Men. 5, 7, 51; *Is mihi profectus sermo spectatus satis*, Quoi dominus enraest, Ter. Ad. 5, 6, 5; *Nam quo redibo ore ad eum quam contempserim?* Ph. 5, 8, 23; *minime comenit ex eo* agro qui Caesaris iussu diuidatur, eum moneri qui Caesaris beneficio senator sit, Cic. fam. 13, 5, 2; *si in eos quos speramus nobis profuturos non dubitamus confere officia, quales in eos esse debemus qui iam profuerunt?* off. 1, 48; *hostis apud maiores nostros is dicitur quem nemo peregrinum dicitur*, 1, 37; 6. as the pron. in such cases is exclusively defined by the relative, the transl. by one, a, a man, or the mere noun, often suits, see \* above; 7. often it defines a class, and may be transl. by such, the sort of—, one of those, the man to, in eum iam res redit locum, Ut sit necesse, Ter. Hant. 2, 3, 118; *est enim is uir iste ut ciuitatis nouen sua auctoritate sustineat*, Cic. Flac. 34; *ea est Romana gens quae nati quiescere nesciat*, Liv. 9, 3, 12; *certo scio...neque illum gratiam aut inimicitias exercere, eos mores, eumque modestum uiri cogni*, Sal. Cat. 51, 16; *non ea nostra in me merita sunt, ut non potiorum priuatis necessitudinibus rem publicam habeam*, Liv. 24, 8, 11; 8. used even of 1st or 2nd pers., ego me (so Ritschl, *miss egomet*) credidi Homini docto rem mandare; is (so Camer., *miss mandaris*) lapidi mando maximo, Pl. Merc. 3, 4, 47; *ego is in illum sum quem tu me esse uis—all that—* Cic. Att. 7, 8, 1; *atque haec omnia is feci qui sodalis Dolabellae erant*, Lent. ap. Cic. fam. 12, 14, 7; *neque tu is es qui quid sis nescias*, Cic. ib. 5, 12, 6; in proximum annum consulatum peteres, is (so *miss a b g t*, V om.) per municipia Galliae cum Gallicis et haecina eueniunt, Phil. 2, 76; *nos quorum maiores...uicunt*, Li. (al. il) nullo loco iam praedonibus pares esse poteramus, Man. 55; 9. at times at first sight redundant but due to length of preceding words, or to an intentional pause, as in the last two, omnia ea quae terra concipiat semina quiescere...contincat, ea temperatione caloris et oriri et augescere, Cic. N. D. 2, 26; *iam uero reliqua pars mundi, ea et ipsa natura feruida est...* 2, 27; *ergo ego sceleratius appellor a te quem...* ille qui stilantem prae se pugionem tulit, is a te honoris causa appellatur, Phil. 2, 30; *nunc illos qui...* tamen quia sunt cines, monitos eos (so a b etc., but some good *miss om. eos*) etiam atque etiam uolo, Cat. 2, 27; *nam in fuga salutem sperare, quum...* ea nero dementia est, Sal. Cat. 58, 16; *sed urbana pliches—ea nero praecipue ierat*, 37, 4; *tunc autem dolus—humanus is quidem (see ille and quidem) sed magno opere moderandus*, Cic. Att. 12, 10; 10. though referring to a preceding sb., has its gender fixed by its own noun, is loens urbis erit, requies ea certa laborum, Verg. n. 3, 393; *His (see § 14) sensus uerbi, nis ea uocis erat*, Ov. F. 5, 484; *Senpionio datae legiones duae; ea quaterma milia erant peditum et trecenti equites*, Liv. 21, 17, 5; (see *he* and *qui*; and *illud*, Cic. sen. 35.) 11. often in n., w. or without prep., as a link to attach a clause with *ut*, *quod* etc. (cf. G. use of *daraus* etc. w. *dass*), *ex eo quod noliptatem uidetur amplexari inehementis*, in magnis uersatur angustiis, Cic. fin. 2, 28; *an id exploratum equanquam potest esse, quomodo...?* 2, 92; *sint autem in eo dimittas est, si quod sentias aut re efficere possis aut oratione defendere...*, fam. 4, 14, 1; *in eo nerti Thersalorum animos...* Liv. 32, 15, 2; *unum gaudium affluerat cum eo ut appareret hand procul exitio fuisse classem*, 30, 10 f.; 12. form—a noun, is (with i of double length, i.e. a long i) IRN 2636, (cf. Rheine. Mus. 14, 380 note); 13. is as fem. noun, diem dicunt quia die...conueniant; is dies erat a. d. v. Kal. Apr., Caes. b. g. 1, 6 f.; 14. his as noun, see in Vat. *ms* of Cic. b. g. 1, 64 and 3, 75; A of *ms* Caes. b. g. 1, 6, 2; Ov. F. 5, 484; 15. it for *id* in *ms* of Tac. etc.; 16. eius often a monos. in Pl. as: *Eutiche te oro: sodalis eius es: serua et subueni*, Merc. 5, 4, 35; *Eius*

ornamenta et corium uti conciderent, Amph. pr. 85; *add* 3, 4, 6 and 8; Capt. 1, 2, 43; 2, 39; 2, 100; Mil. 2, 5, 22; 4, 1, 28; 4, 3, 12; Rud. pr. 52; 4, 5, 14; Trin. 2, 2, 56; 3, 3, 9 and 13; Bae. 2, 3, 133; St. 1, 3, 15; Merc. pr. 105; Poen. pr. 48; 1, 2, 36; 4, 2, 1; Aul. pr. 25; to these add Ter. Hant. 3, 3, 6; Hec. 3, 3, 44; *Omnes formidant homines eius ualentiam*, Naev. 3 R; *Cum reorior eius ferocem et toruam confidentiam*, Pac. 36; *add* 391; Caecil. 106; Turp. 39; 171; Titin. 141; 153; 17. dat. ei, written as ei ei 6 times in CIL 198, 12 etc.; as *iei*, 205, 2, 12 and 30; 18. in Pl. and old writers at times a spondee as: *Is Summanum se nocari dixit*; ei reddidi, Cure. 4, 3, 12; *Puere nimium delicatus es*, Et aduersum neminem, Most. 4, 2, 32; Ch. Fortasse, S. y. Argentum dabitur ei ad nuptias, Ter. Hant. 4, 5, 29; *add* Pl. 1, 2, 11; Scilicet et fluuius quis est maximus ei, Lucr. 6, 674; *add* 710, 720, 795; *add* Pl. Epil. 1, 1, 34; Cas. pr. 66; Ps. 2, 4, 29 (wh. Ritschl inserts ego, male); Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 79; Hec. 4, 1, 58; 19. sometimes an iamb. in Pl. as Mil. 4, 5, 5; 20. gen. a monos., Capt. 2, 1, 4; 2, 2, 35; 2, 3, 68 and 100; 5, 3, 6; so in Catul. 8, 3; Enripere ei noli; 21. in dat. verse not an iamb. before Ov. bal. 34, says L. Müller de r. m. 272; 22. in Pl. and Ter. the e of eius ei etc. seems at times to be—y so as to stop elision, *Quid opus est quod sum esse nolit*, id ei ultro ostentari? Most. 1, 3, 129; *add* perb. Cas. 2, 8, 27; *Nam ut mittam quod ei amorem difficillimum...* Ter. Eun. 5, 4, 4; 23. *hi* and *his* for *nom. pl.*, and *dat.* or *abl. pl. gen.* in best *ms* of Cic., as *hi* in Med. of fam. 3, 10, 6; 4, 14, 2; 7, 1, 2; 11, 28, 8; in Vat. of fin. 2, 2 (bis); 3, 31 and 36; *his* in Med. of fam. 1, 1, 3 (bis); 1, 7, 8; 1, 9, 5 etc.; and in 1, 4 f. is added note, et siciolet (M); in Vat. of fin. 1, 1, 4, 1, 26; 1, 53; 1, 55; in pal. of rep. 1, 3 and 4; in Halm's Quint. in 1st look out of 17 cases A has 14 *his* or *hiis*; out of 3 A has *hi* twice, in one only *his* and *i* without note of var.; so too the tituli of Gaius, de *his* qui sui iuris sunt etc.; *hi* qui quondam aduersus p. Romanum pugauerunt, 1, 14 (see Lachm. note); *add* 1, 25; 1, 59 etc.; and *dig. passim* as: de *his* quae in testamento decident, 28, 4; 24. other forms of *nom. pl. m.*: eis, CIL 197, 16 and 23; 198, 26 etc.; 199, 20; also *ieis*, 577, 3 and 12; *is*, 196, 17; *iei*, 185; 202, 1, 7 etc.; 25. to dat. sing. *ibi*, called an adv., corresponds dat. pl.: *thus* *ibi* as dat. pl. stands in: *Ut in tabellis quos consignauit interim Latrones, thus denumerem stipendium*, Pl. Mil. 1, 1, 68 (partly by *ei*); *thus* by *ei*, Bae. 1, 2, 34; *add* Pomp. 103 R; but in Titin. 59 *thus* as *abl.* if text be sound; 26. other forms are *eis*, CIL 1965 and 25; *ieis*, 204, 1 and 8 etc.; *is*, 198, 48; and *his* as above, § 14; 27. *abl. pl. eis*, 201, 11 and 12; *eis*, 196, 5; *ieis*, 204, 1, 5 etc. and *his* as above; 28. the suffix *ce* (c) is never added to this pron. or its deriv.; it has been recently ascribed to Pl. Epil. 5, 1, 21; III 29. in orig. one with root of *hic*, setting aside its suff. *ce* (c); 30. hence the *h* retained in the short forms as *sing. n.* *his* of § 12; *hi* and *his* of § 22; 31. the final *n* of root (see *hic*) accounts for form *Is* of § 12 and also for the derived *inde* and *in-ibi*, wh. see; 32. *adv.* *inde*, *ibi*, *eo*, *ita* are given in their places.

*istā*, or *istū*, *ade*, [*iste*] by the road near you, your way, Medea Nequaquam istue istae (as *ista*) *ibi*, Enn. tr. 304 V; *Thesprio est istae per hortum*, Pl. Epil. 5, 1, 53; *add* Pers. 3, 3, 39; *Abi sane istae istorum quouis*, Ter. Hant. 3, 3, 27; 2. met., etsi aduersus tibi fui, istae iudico, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 102, I give judgment for you.

*istac-tēnis*, *adv.* [*haec*tenus, *eatenus* etc.] up to where you are, *Istacenus (so far) tibi Lyde libertas dastat* Oratians: *satis est sequere me ac (haec ac BCD, a dittogr.)* *tace*, Pl. Bae. 1, 2 f.

*iste*, (old *istis*), a, n, l, ius, i, or (w. *ce*) *istie*, *istace*, *istue* etc., pron. *adv.* [*see below*] that (near you), that (of yours), *soluite istum nunciam*, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 104; *ego istoc sim loco—in your shoes—*, Bae. 4, 9, 116; *At tu pol tibi istas posthac comprimit manus*, Ter. Hant. 3, 3, 29; *Primum: istam quam habes, unde habes uestem? Taces?* Eun. 4, 4, 28; *Est equos perpulcer sed tu uchi uon potes*

istoc (a sors), CIL 1442; ista quae te emisse scribis, (grata) mihi erunt, Cic. fam. 7, 23, 1; non est quod ad hunc locum respiciam metiaris; add istum respice in quo moraris, Sen. ep. 43, 1; 2. often refers to words just uttered by the person one is talking to, or stated in a letter, S. Di te perdat. P. Te istuc acquomst, Mil. 2, 3, 15; D. Videre uideat iam diem illam quam hinc egens Profugiet aliquo militum. S. O Demia, Istuc est sapere non quod ante pedes modest Videre, sed..., Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 32; Verba istae sunt, Pl. 3, 2, 32; Qui malum isti Pindenissiae? inquit, Cic. Att. 5, 20, 1, these P. you speak of; Num ueneris ista quam laudas pluma? Hor. s. 2, 2, 27; 3. used of that which one is holding out and offering or (may be) giving to another, thus in Ter. Andr. 1, 5, Chrysis calls her sister illa, when uttering what she does not wish her to hear v. 52; haec in 56, 58; but ista in 60 wh. she finally transfers her to Pamph.; so Hor. closes ep. 1, 6 with: Si quid nouisti rectius istis, Candidus imperti, si non, his utere mecum;

4. in courts of law the orator when addressing the opp. party has to deal only with what he condemns, so that then ista has an ill savour, and this extended beyond the courts, Id isti your critics, with a sneer utiuperant factum, Ter. Andr. pr. 15; isti qui linguam auim intellegunt Plusque ex alieno iecore sapient quam suo, Pac. 83 R; Vt philosophi aiunt isti quibus quiduis sat est, Turp. 144 R; a qua (sc. re publica) longissime isti qui philosophi uocantur recesserunt, Quint. 11, 1, 35; add Ov. am. 1, 8, 57; Petr. 9; 5. contemptuous too is the use of the voc. pl. in Arnob. 1, 41, 0 isti (o ye) qui hominem nos colere morte functum ignominiosum ridetis! add 2, 13 and 35; prob. borrowed from *ω οὐρα*;

6. yet it may be used towards the dearest friend, as in Ter. above § 3; also: Domo animo fac sis Sistrata et istam (her daughter) quod putes Fac consolare, Ad. 3, 5, 1; te ista uirtute fide probitate humanitate in tantas aerumnas eecidisse, Cic. fam. 14, 1, 1; probabo modo ista sis aequitate quam ostendis, fin. 1, 29; cum ista sis auctoritate; non debes Marce (Cato) arripere maledictum ex triuio, Mur. 13; add Rose. Am. 154; 7. in later writers, as Quint., used more vaguely, like is or he, this, referring to something just named, de iustis honestis utilibus iisque quae sint istis contraria argumentantur, io, 1, 35; Celsus hoc nomen ista figurae dedit, 9, 2, 40; ius naturae est quod natura omnia animalia docuit, nam istud ius... Ulp. dig. 1, 1, 3; add Gai. 2, 96; 8. hence used even in oppos. w. ille;

9. form, non. m. istus (dub.), Ergo istus metus, Pl. Mil. 4, 6, 18 (so CP, but B iste); 10. gen. istius, Sancta ad uos anima atque istius inscia culpa, Verg. 12, 648; 11. a gen. isti (modi), Cato orat. 50, 4 I; homin(em) isti modi, Pl. Truc. 5, 38; 12. istae dedit fem., C. quid puero facitumst?... istae dedit, Pl. Truc. 4, 3, 16; 13. w. loss of initial i, M. Occidi. C. Animus iam stoe (so Non.) dicto plus praesagitur mali, Pl. Bac. 4, 4, 28; libera essem iam diu, Habuissim ingenio si sto (ston, ass) amatores mihi, Caec. 137 R; At stue (Non. 219) periculum in filia fieri grauest, Ter. Andr. 3, 3, 34; Nimium stue abisti (Non. 367), Ad. 1, 1, 15; Mirum facies, istae, si studeo nimium (so Lachm., xss sistentium) mirabis diu, Pomp. 108 R; quid meta (so M, i.e. me sta) res consolatur? Cic. fam. 4, 3, 2; quae sti (so Non. 428) rhetores, or. 1, 87; quid uobis inquit stic negoti immo (= in meo) est (so Ambros. pal.)? Tull. 20, wh. Baiter: quasi uulgarem pronunciationem expresserit; utrum sta (so M) sollicito animo legas, Cass. ap. Cic. fam. 15, 19 f; quemadmodum ste..., Verg. 2, 1, 123; Fare age quid uenias iam stine (so M 1), Verg. 6, 389; cum enim starum (so M) personarum, Verg. 2, 96; cf. Ital. sta;

14. w. suff. ce (e) comm. in Pl. Naev., Cato, Enn., Caec., Ter., and gen. old drama, aff. rare, iam istuc te impedit, Cic. acal. pr. 109; but Att. 14, 1, 1 iste si abire (M), so too in fam. 7, 23, 1; in Pomp. ad Cic. post Att. 8, 12, 1 C, M has: circum istie (ista?), eidd. istae; tunc pater istuc aetatis quum esset, b. Afric. 22, 1 (in Cato's mouth); 15. a common error is to insert a second c when ne is added; but istacine causa? Pl. Ps. 3, 2, 58, ss A; in Truc. 3, 2, 16 old add. istacece, ssstec, Speng. cf. mitte; in Rud. 1, 2, 22 Fleck.: Isticne uos habitatis? in Ps. 1, 1, 81 Ritschl tacite: Istocine pacto me adiunas (only F has ee);

in As. 5, 2, 82 Fleck.: istocine; istucine in Ter. Eun. 5, 1, 14 Benti. Fleck. and so Don.; cf. hicine illicine sicine nuncine; 16. another common error is to insert an h (isthic etc.) and make it = iste + hic! 17. the nom. m. iste and n. istuc have the final vowel common: Tu istuc age. Actum reddam nunciatissime, Pl. Trin. 3, 3, 90; Vt 'stic est lepido; proxumae nunciae Habitat. Bac. 2, 2, 27; Tum pol ego et donis priuatus sum et perii. Plane istuc est, Truc. 2, 7, 57; cf. illic and illuc: isto—der, from cesto (cf. I. questo) or cesto (cf. I. adv. costi), wh. in a bill of exchange to be paid costi has been legally interpreted as at the house of the payee, chez vous; cf. illo—quello: the t. exch. after s, root con or cen = E. ken, see cen; for letter-ch. cf. *εσπερμα* from *εσπερ*. Hence Fr. cet, old Fr. cest, ce, cestui.

isti, adv. [dat. of iste] in the place where you are, patet isti ianna leto, Verg. 2, 661.

isti-c, adv. [ce] where you are, there, mane istie, iam exeo ad te Chrusale, Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 129; add Ps. 4, 7, 60; quid istic inest? Quas tu edes colubras? St. 2, 1, 40; Tu istie mane... Pythias, Ter. Eun. 5, 2, 70; quid istic tibi negoti est? And. 5, 2, 8; intellego te re istie prodesse, hic ne uerbo quidem me lenare posse, Cic. Att. 3, 12, 3; 2. = in ista re, Neque istic neque alibi tibi crit usquam in me mora, Ter. Andr. 2, 5, 9; 3. in agrum, w., or defined by, in and a sb., erupundia Isti in ista cistula insunt, quae isti inest in uidulo, Pl. Rud. 4, 4, 38; add 4, 4, 65; 4. to strengthen tu, Egone? Tu istic, Pl. Amph. 2, 1, 24; add 1, 1, 210; Egone iste dixi? Tute istie, 2, 2, 115; 5. istie sum, I am with you, all attention, Auscultat. Istie sum, Ter. Hec. 5, 2, 39; attende quaeso. Istie sum inquit, Cic. fin. 5, 78; 6. quid istic? well well, I leave the matter in your hands, have your own way, quid istie? Necessumst uideo; Dabitur talentum, Pl. Rud. 5, 2, 44; quid istie? Quando ita uis, di bene uortant; spondeo, Trin. 2, 4, 172; Ter. Andr. 3, 4, 40; quid istie? Tibi si istic placet, Profundat perdat percat: nil ad me attinet, Ad. 1, 2, 53, wh. Don.: est de sententia sua decedentis; add And. 3, 4, 40, wh. Don.: concedentis et uelut uicti uerbum; and Eun. 2, 3, 97, wh. Don.: aegre concedentis; poteram hoc loco epistulam claudere, nisi te male instituissem; tibi nale dicere non licet gratis. Quid istie? Ab Epicuro mutuum sumam..., Sen. ep. 11.

istic, aec, oc, or ue, see iste.

istim, [iste] adv. from where you are, tanti fuerunt (sonitus nostri) adt te ego eo breuior sim quod uos usque istim exauditis putem, Cic. Att. 1, 14, 4; qui istie (so Vb. isti M; al. istine) nunc ueniunt, partim te superbum esse dicunt, partim..., fam. 1, 10, 2; de malis nostris tu prius audis quam ego; istim (so Lamb., istum M 1, al. istine) enim emanant, Att. 7, 21, 1; prob. in Eun. tr. 404 V: Nolite hospites ad me adire; ilico istim (xss isti etc.), Ne contigat mea bonis umbrata obsit.

isti-modi, see iste § 11.

istin-c, adv. [istim; cf. illim, illine] from the place where you are, istine loquere si quid uos; procul, tamen audiam, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 71; add Rud. 3, 5, 34; It istine, eferre lora, 3, 4, 126; Ps. 4, 7, 99; iterum istine excludere, Ter. Hec. 3, 2, 4; te istine posse proficisci, Cic. fam. 6, 20, 1; te istine ne temere commoneas, 3; uos prius in me strinxeritis ferrum quam in uos ego; istine signa carent, istine clamor prius incipit, Liv. 7, 40, 10; 2. w. de and sb., Heus memento ergo dimidium istine mihi (so Mss) de praeda dare, Pl. Ps. 4, 7, 68; neque partem posco mihi istine de isto uidulo, Rud. 4, 4, 33; 3. on the side near you, on your side, Age alter istine, alter hinc assiste, Pl. Rud. 3, 5, 28.

istius-modi, as adj. undecl., of the kind like you, of your kind, such as yours, T. Patrone salue. 8. Nil moror istiusmodi (istimodi?) clientis, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 59; i. amicos, Epid. 1, 1, 16; Et uos esse istiusmodi et nos non esse haud mirabiles, Ter. Haut. 4, 4, 7; necesse est istiusmodi rationi aliquo consilio obistere, Cic. Verr. 1, 33; 2. of the kind you speak of, cum i. mirabilibus, Pl. Rud. 2, 2, 15.

isto or isto-c, or istuc, adv. [isto prob. for istom, aec. of iste] to that place near you, te nusquam mitam nisi das

firmatam fidem, Te huc si omiserio intro itarum... Do fidem si omittis isto me intro itarum quo iubes, Pl. Mil. 2, 5, 45; Nec quemquam interim isto ad nos qui sit odio Intro mittam, Truc. 4, 2, 7; Concedite istuc, As. 3, 3, 56; add Mere, 4, 1, 25; Poen. 3, 3, 1; Ov. tr. 5, 1, 79; licet modo isto uenire, Cie. fam. 9, 16, 9; isto, Cael. ap. Cie. fam. 8, 15, 2; Planc. ap. Cie. fam. 10, 17, 2; destino excurrere isto, Plin. ep. 3, 6, 6; isto usque penetrare, 4, 12, 7. **2.** with that matter (of yours), Trebatium quod isto aduenis nihil est, Cie. Q. fr. 3, 1, 9; **3.** to that extent, so far (but still referring to you), Isto tu's pauper, quoniam nimis sancte pius, Pl. Rud. 4, 7, 8; ergo istoc magis Quia uaniloquus, apulablis, Amph. 1, 1, 223; iam istoc probior es meo quidem animo cum in amore temperas, Epid. 1, 2, 8.

**istorsum**, adv. [isto-norsum] in your direction, that way (of yours), Abi sane istae istorsum quouis, Ter. Haut. 3, 4, 27; Concede hinc a foribus paulum istorsum, Ph. 5, 1, 14.

**istuc**, adv. see isto, istoc.

**itā**, first as neut. pron. indecl. [old form of id; see below] this, that, so, Rus ibo; ibi hoc me macerabo biduum: Ita facere certum est, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 108; ita aiunt, Andr. 1, 2, 21; cum Hiero requireret cur ita faceret, Cie. N. D. 1, 60; et hercule ita fecit, am. 37; ita te mandasse aiebat, fam. 7, 18 f.; Non ita fata sinunt, Ov. M. 5, 534; te ita uelle certo scio, Cie. fam. 4, 14, 3; uelim des operam ut inuestiges sitne ita, Att. 12, 17; **2.** hence adv. often in answers, w. or without est, yes, just so, Haecln ita domust? Ita inquam, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 206; de istae rogas Virgine? Ita, Ter. Eun. 4, 4, 53; ita inquit Antonius, Cie. or. 2, 44; Non ita, Verg. 2, 583; Dauides? Ita, Dauid, Hor. s. 2, 7, 2; **3.** so far referring to what precedes; but also to foll. Ita nunc tu dicis, non esse aequiperabilis Vostros cum nostris factiones atque opes, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 65; nec uero ita dici potest, mentis laetitia solam esse in bonis, Cie. Tusc. 3, 41; tu uelim ita te persuadere, nullam rem... fam. 1, 8, 6; 2, 1, 13, 10, 1; sed ita forsitan deuit, cum foederum ruptore deos ipsos perfugare bellum, Liv. 21, 40, 11; **4.** as pred. w. esse, such, Nisi me uobis exornare, nam itast\* ingenium muliebrem, Pl. St. 5, 3, 3; ita sunt Persarum mores, Pers. 4, 6, 25; ita sunt res nostrae, Cie. Att. 4, 1, 8;

**5.** even of persons, Vidi ego nequam homines; uerum te nullum deteriorem. Ita\* sum, Pl. Bac. 5, 2, 61; Ita\* plerique omnes sumus ingenio; nostri nosmet pauciores, Ter. Ph. 1, 3, 20; nam ita homo, Ad. 1, 2, 63; quaero peregrinum cur me esse dixiris; nam si ita sum, non tam est... Cie. Cull. 22; **11** 6. as adv. in this or that way (=eo modo, as sic= hoc modo), so, thus, ita quae mutat ea corrumpit, quae sequitur sunt tota Denocit, Cie. fin. 1, 21; ita nullo sanguine profuso in uictoria est mortuus, 2, 97; ita fit illa conclusio non solum uera sed ita perspicua ut... 4, 55; ita fit ut duo genera repantur, 5, 65; pontem in Arare faciendum curat atque ita exercitum tradit, Caes. b. g. 1, 13, 1; add 1, 12, 6; ita geminata urbe... Liv. 1, 13, 5; ita multiplici terrore percussit, 1, 14, 9; **7.** often refers to a preceding conj., esp. ut, as: ut enim magistratus leges, ita populo praesunt magistratus, Cie. leg. 3, 2; mihi hoc imperium ut amplum iudicio uestro, ita re ipsa graue esse, Liv. 25, 38, 2; ut in affecto corpore quamuis leuis causa magis quam ualido grauior sentitur, ita tum aegrae ciuitatis quodcumque aduersi acciderit, uiribus extenuatis aestimandum esse, 22, 8, 4; though ita cannot be a demonstr., sic unites w. demonstr. power that of referring to uere words; and Cie. after such an ut gen. prefers sic, as fin. 1, 88 37, 50, 57, 66, 67; **8.** ut and ita often in phrases like: in morbis corporis ut quisque est difficillimus, ita medicis nobilissimus quaeritur, in periculis capitis ut quaeque causa difficillima est, ita determinas patronus adhibetur, Cie. Clu. 57; add or. 1, 120; 2, 265; ut quisque est genere amplissimus ita plurimos clientes habet, Caes. b. g. 6, 15, 2; **9.** ut... ita... is also used of a contrast, though—, yet—, ut a proclis quietem habuerant, ita non nocte, non die unquam cessauerant ab opere, Liv. 21, 11, 5; pleraque Alpiam ab Italia sicut breuora, ita arrectiora sunt, 21, 35, 11; haec omnia ut inuitis ita non aduersantibus patricis transacta, 3, 5, 15; quorum fauorem ut largitione male acquirit (note the inf.), ita per bonas artes haud

spernendum, Tac. h. 1, 17; add an. 1, 12; **10.** also points to what follows, cum seiret de domo legem esse Aquilium tamen hoc ita indicant, nihil opus fuisse iudicio, Cie. Tull. 9; **11.** esp. like is, ea, id, points to a following conj. as first those wh. mean as, non ita ut sani soleant anio, Pl. Merc. 2, 1, 38; Am. ita tu's animata ut qui expers matris imperis sies? As. 3, 1, 2; ita Quirites ut precamini ceneat, Cie. Phil. 4, 10; facies ut ita sit in libro quemadmodum fuit, Att. 13, 21, 3; add fam. 13, 4, 4; Liv. 6, 15, 4; Set ita ad-inuolant se quasi Amphitruo siel, Pl. Amph. pr. 115; Cie. Att. 7, 4, 2; fam. 6, 1, 4; sen. 12 and 82; neque enim ita se gessit tamquam... Verr. 2, 4, 49; Pollio ap. fam. 10, 33, 3; **12.** only in poets w. quam, nam uitaire... Non ita difficile est quam captum rebus ipsis Exire, Lucr. 4, 1147; but not as Hand 2, 1037; Non ita Carpathiae uariant Aquilonibus undae... Quam facile irati uerbo utuntur amantes, Prop. 3, 5, 11; **13.** rarely w. ac, atque, quod utile ad cibum, ita lubus ac subus, Varr. r. 1, 38, 2; praedo si dolo deserit possidere ita condemnatur atque si possideret, Paul. dig. 5, 3, 36, 3; ita undicundum atque in propriis scrinis censuit, Ulp. dig. 29, 5, 1, 5; **14.** ref. to it that, nec ita claudenda res est familiaris ut eam benignitas aperire non possit nec ita reseranda ut pateat omnibus, Cie. off. 2, 55; add fam. 15, 14, 5; Att. 5, 9, 2; am. 1; Arar in Rhodanum influit incredibili lenitate ita ut oculis in utram partem fluit iudicari non possit, Caes. b. g. 1, 12, 1; **15.** in these ita denotes to such a great degree; but frequently in a restrictive sense, so far only, cuius ego ingenium ita laudo ut non pertimescam, ita probe ut me ab eo delectari facilius quam decipi putem posse, Cie. Cael. 44; ita uiuunt dum possunt ut duce animam de caelo non quant, Rosc. Am. 72; add Man. 8; Tull. 6; Cat. 4, 15; Sull. 61; off. 1, 88; Verr. 2, 5, 130; or. 3, 39; Att. 2, 21; fam. 5, 22, 1; ita fama uariat ut tamen plerique loci speculandi causa castris egressum... tradant, Liv. 27, 27 f.; ita admissos esse ne tamen his senatus daretur, 22, 61, 5; 1, 17, 8; 5, 12, 4; 23, 3, 4; 24, 28, 7; ita sudario frontem sicari ne comae turbarentur, 11, 3, 148; **16.** ita followed by si is also restrictive, so only if... ita enim senectus honesta est, si se ipsa defendit, Cie. sen. 38; hoc ipsum ita iustum est si est uoluntarium, off. 1, 28; add N. D. 1, 3; leg. 2, 26; Att. 16, 6, 2; iam plebes ita in tribunatu ponere aliquid spei si similes Iclio tribunos haberet, Liv. 3, 65, 9; ita ad bella ista parata nobis plebes est, si... si... and so on, 4, 5, 5; 21, 13, 5; 21, 17, 6; 29, 3, 3; 30, 37, 6; 42, 39, 3; 42, 41, 6; **17.** ita is much used in oaths and strong affirmations, ita me amabit Iuppiter, Vssr, ita ego illud nunquam dixi, Pl. Merc. 4, 4, 24; add Aut. 4, 10, 31; Atque ita\* me di ament ut ego nunc non tam meapte causa Lactor quam illius, Ter. Haut. 4, 3, 8; 5, 4, 7; Ph. 5, 3, 24; ita mihi salua re publica uobiscum perferi liceat ut ego... non atrocitate animi moneor, Cie. Cat. 4, 11; ita uiuam ut maximos sumptus facio, Att. 5, 15, 2; Verr. 2, 5, 35 and 37; fam. 10, 12, 1; uos Ceres mater ac Proserpina precor ut ita nobis uolentes propitii adsitis, si uitandae, non ferendae fraudis causa hoc consilii capimus, Liv. 24, 38, 8; Ac uenerata Ceres, ita culmo surgere alio, Expleuit... Hor. s. 2, 2, 124; **18.** elliptically non ita, haud ita, chiefly w. adj. or adv., not so—(as one w.d. expect), not so very, Non ita sunt dissimili argumento, Ter. Andr. pr. 11; sunt ea per amplam atque praecelara sed non ita antiqua, Cie. Verr. 2, 4, 109; mihi quidem non ita molesti sunt, or. 2, 77; non ita ualde mouentur, N. D. 1, 86; non ita multum moratus, Caes. b. g. 5, 47, 3; haud ita multum frumenti, Liv. 4, 12, 9; add 1, 33, 2; 21, 20, 9; 32, 30, 1; **19.** more rarely w. vbs., quod quidem ego a principio ita (so very much) me malle dixam, Cie. fin. 2, 17; but not in Att. 3, 15, 3; Hispanias armis non redundare, Tac. h. 2, 32; quod quid ita placuerit (so much as it did) his non uideo, Quint. 9, 4, 110; **20.** in old drama often a monos., it' or ya (for ya speaks quae as coming from a lost quid and cf. G. ja, Eug. ya), see \* above; and add: Ita ad (ya)ad me magna... Pl. Truc. 4, 1, 4; **21.** ita like Go. tulla, lua-ta, mibila-ta, has the def. art. for a suffix; cf. *ō-tē-tōi-tōi*; the a is lost in our it, that, what; so also id (it) is cut down from ita; cf. quia.

**iti-dem**, (or short. Item) [ita + dem; and so: ita : idem : is; for item cf. quidem, pron. quem in drama; see quidem] lit. n. pron., the same thing, Vt filium bonum patri 'sse oportet, item (al. itidem) ego sum patri, Pl. Amph. 3, 4, 9; Quasi piscis itidem est amator lenae, As. 1, 3, 26; Estne tibi nonem Menelachmo? Fateor. Estne itidem tibi? Est, Men. 5, 9, 48; **2.** a thing virtually the same, a like thing, item has it ferre in omnibus stabulis lapides subternendi aut quid item, ne ungulae putrescant, Varr. 2, 2, 5, 16; subternitur eis acus aut quid item (om. item V. aliud, 2, 9, 12); **3.** gen. as adv., in the same way, in like manner, likewise, iube me iudicari: uolo, Dum istie itidem uincitur, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 76; Iube oculos elidere, itidem ut sepiis faciunt coqui, Rud. 3, 2, 45; quomodo de eis rebns senatui purgati estis... item uos populo Romano purgatos ferat, CIL 201, 13; is... eadem omnia... item isdemque dictus ad eos profectum, 206, 3; item homines exerecdo uidemus conteri, Cato ep. 83, 6 I; Sed postquam annas accessit... Vnus et item alter, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 49; Romulus augur cum fratre item augure, Cic. din. 1, 107; in rebus incommodis est itidem duplex (temperantia), part. or. 77; itemque Dumnorigi (persuadet), Caes. b. g. 1, 3, 5; add 3, 29, 3; **4.** non item, elliptically at close of sentence, uel rex semper maximas Milii agebat quidquid fecerat: aliis non item, Ter. Eun. 3, 1, 8; corporum offensiones sine culpa accidere possunt, animorum non item, Cic. Tusc. 4, 31; add 4, 32; orat. 147; Att. 2, 21, 4; acad. pr. 22; Varr. l. 9, 26; **5.** for qty of item, to Ter. as above, add: Dano prognatum patre eodem quo ego sum forma aetate item, Pl. Amph. 2, 1, 67; Pers. 2, 2, 42; Poen. 1, 2, 160; also superant nitatia rerum Et superantur item, Lucr. 2, 576.

**iubeo**, ēre, ssi, ssus, vb. [see below] bid, order, far weaker than impero, command, neque te iubeo neque uolo, Pl. Truc. 2, 8, 11; add Cure. 1, 2, 54; iubesne? Iubeo? Cogo atque impero, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 97; **2.** much used in salutations or farewells, iubeo te saluere, Pl. As. 2, 2, 49; add Most. 3, 1, 41; Truc. 2, 7, 23; Cas. pr. 1; and abbrev., iubeo Chremetem, Ter. Andr. 3, 3, 1; Dionysium iube saluere (in a letter—my compliments to), Cic. Att. 4, 14 f.; iussi ualere cum me nunquid uellem rogasset, 5, 2, 2; **3.** gen. w. ace. and inf., eos fincis facere iusserunt, CIL 199, 3; iubedum recedere istos ambo illic uolo, Pl. Rud. 3, 5, 7; seruum sectari nimum iubet, Cato orat. 54, S I; Quis te istace iussit loqui? Ter. Ph. 4, 3, 34; sperare nos amici iubet, Cic. fam. 14, 1, 21; Labiumnum iugum montis ascendere iubet, Caes. b. g. 1, 21, 2; Infandum reginā iūbes renouare dolorem, Verg. 2, 3; **4.** or w. pass. inf., utique eam figier iubeatis, CIL 196, 27; priusquam ego hic te iubeo mulcari male, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 142; iubet magistrum accersi, Cato orig. 21, 3, 1; pontem iubet rescindi, Caes. b. g. 1, 7, 2; add 1, 19, 3; Sal. Jug. 46, 4; **5.** rarely, and not in best prose, w. ut and subj. or subj. alone, Teibois iubet sententiam ut dicant suam, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 50; add St. 2, 2, 71; iube mi denuo Respondeat, Ter. Eun. 4, 4, 24; Vide ut puellam eurent, conformetur iube, Afr. 177 R; iube modo adferat munus, Pomp. 58; sine iubebat Vt facerem quid, Hor. s. 1, 4, 121; rescribat multa iubeto, Ov. am. 1, 11, 19; quibus iusserat ut instantibus comminus resisteret, Tac. an. 13, 40; add 13, 15; edicillis quibus ut id faceret iubebatur, Suet. Tib. 22; edictum quo iubebat urbe mathematici excederet, Vit. 14; add Vesp. 23; agrum iubet uti sit animo bono, Apul. Bor. 23; **6.** w. ace. of thing, pass. inf. omitted, eadem fratris, Tac. an. 13, 15; seclera, Agr. 45; classica, Lucan. 2, 528; bella, S. 684; luctus, S. 832; **7.** w. dat. of pers., Quamquam hae mihi (me?) litterae Dolabellae iubent ad pristinas cogitationes reuerti, Cic. Att. 9, 13, 2; **8.** and even dat. of pers., ace. of thing, tributum iis iusserat modicum, Tac. an. 4, 72; pacemque iubeo Omnibus, Stat. Th. 7, 32; **9.** pass. first w. nom. of pers. and acc. inf., frumentum iussi erant efferre, Caes. b. c. 1, 78, 2; add b. g. 3, 6, 1; 3, 21 f.; iubentur scribere exercitum, Liv. 3, 30, 3; pollicetur cum faciemus premere etiam praeconio iubemur, Plin. 28, 25; Germanos non iuberi non regi sed cuncta ex libidine

agere, Tac. h. 4, 76; opto ut ea potissimum iubeat (se. facere) quae me deceat uel sponte fecisse, Plin. ep. 6, 29 f.;

**10.** pass. w. pass. inf., and nom. of person to be dealt with, iussus es renuntiare consil. Cic. Phil. 2, 79; iussi sunt aegri in portum deferri, Suet. Tib. 11; accessi iussi ac mori iussus est, Claud. 37; hunc interfici iussum, Vesp. 15;

**11.** in offic. lang., of orders proceeding from the populus or plebs, order, vote, decree, p. Romanus bellum fieri Aequis iussit, Liv. 9, 45, 8; omnes P. Scipionis imperium esse in Hispania iusserunt, 26, 18, 9; add 30, 41, 4; 31, 50 f.; latum ad populum uellent inherere populo Carthaginiensi bellum iudici, Liv. 21, 17, 4; add 31, 6, 1; **12.** so for w. inf., also inf. om., decree, pass. elect. is in diebus x proxum(eis) quibus hanc(e) (legem) populus plebesue iussit, facito uti... Cic. Phil. 198, 12; foedus, Cic. agr. 2, 58; legem, Balb. 38; ut quod trinitum plebes iussisset populum teneret, Liv. 3, 55, 3; bellum, 21, 17, 4; 42, 33, 4; Tullum Hostilium regem populus iussit, 1, 22, 1; postquam ei provinciam Numidiam populus iussit, Sal. Jug. 84, 1; rogationem, 40, 3; **13.** hence in pass.: de legibus iubendis aut uetandis, Cic. or. 1, 60; ego hanc legem iubendam censeo, Liv. 10, 8 f.; ad Romanam societatem iubendum, 32, 22 f.;

**14.** uti iussit in Cato r. 14, 1 what? **15.** though always short in poets, an orig. long u seems implied in form iubentis of 4 g; see also next §; **16.** i of iubeo prob. for i, and so = Lith. iēp-jū, iēp-ti; and then iubeo = iubeo, from a vb. = iēp-jū; cf. iecur, iocus, iuno.

**iūbilaus**, adj. as sb. m. (sc. annus) [Hebr. jobel, buccina] jubilee year, Arator act. ap. 2, 677.

**iūbilitio**, ōnis, f. [iubilo] crying of io (wh. see), quid est iubilatio nisi admiratio gaudii quae uerbis non potest explicari? Aug. in Psalms. 46, 7; add 32, 8; 88, 16; 97, 4; but in Apul. M. S. 17 rather sibilatioibus.

**iūbilātus**, ūs, m. κραυγή ἀγορικῶν eiulatus iubilatus, Gloss. Cyr. 521.

**iūbio**, aie [iubilum] shout io io, Io bucco! Quis me iūbiat? Vicinus tuus Antiquus, Apriss. (?) 1 R; ut quiliare nrbanoium, sic iubilare rusticoium, Varr. l. 6, 7, p. 244 Sp.; deinde uis metendū operam delinuat et consudatūm et iubilantium, Fronto ad M. Caes. 4, 6; iubilare Deo uniuersa terra, Vulg. ps. 97, 4, wh. Aug.: si quod gaudetis loqui non potestis, iubilare; add 94, 3; 99, 3 and 4; iubilare est rustica uoce inelamare, Paul. ex F. 104.

**iūbium**, i, n. [io] see iūbio to shout (of io), hurrah (of countrymen); but orig. perh. religious; and hence the use of iūbio in Aug.), uenatoris aut uindictatoris studium qui iubilis suis cubiculum meum perstrepunt, Fronto ad M. Caes. 4, 5; Et lactus scopulis (sedatū) iūbia Cyclops, Sil. 14, 475; Calp. ecl. 1, 30; **2.** for qty cf. iūbio.

**iūgulum**, i, n. dim. (us\* m.) [iugum] the bone called the clavicle, a sort of iugum between the humerus and the sternum... iugulum; id autem altero capite in eo (osse) quod posui (the humerus), altero in exiguo sinu pectoralis ossis insidit, Cels. 8, 1, p. 326, 32 Barr.; terrestrius solus homo bipes; uni iuguli\* (so B) uari, ceteris armī; uni uinae, Plin. 11, 24, 35; stupidium esse Socratem dixit (Zopyrus) quod iugula concaua non haberet, Cic. fat. 10; **2.** hence the front of the neck, Deinde ab iugulo pectus glauco pampino... obtegunt, Att. 257 R; **3.** esp. as weak against a sword, demisisti gladium in iugulum, iam eadam, Pl. Merc. 3, 4, 28; optabulis Miloni fuit dare iugulum P. Clodio, Cic. Mil. 31; add Phil. 14, 25; Att. 1, 16, 4; at tu iugulo nel pectore telum Conde meo, Ov. M. 13, 458; iugulos\* aperire surro, Iuv. 4, 110; Hic dabit, hic pacem iugulus\* finemque laborum, Lucan. 2, 317; add 4, 541; 7, 182\* f.; Tac. an. 3, 15; h. 1, 41; **4.** and met., iugulum petere, Quint. S. 6, 51.

**iungo**, ēre, nxi, netus, vb. [see below] yoke, i.e. unite for work by a cross-piece of timber, esp. oxen or horses, nunc equos iunctos iube Capere me indomitos ferocis atque in currum insedere, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 109 and 115; iunctis quadrigis (i.e. four mares yoked abreast), 5, 5, 36; Iunge pares et eoge gradum conferre iuuenos, Verg. G. 1, 169;

Primus Erichthonius currus et quattuor ausus Iungere equos, 3, 113; Angues ingentes alites iuncti ingo, Pacuv. 397 R; Atque idem iungat nolpes, Verg. B. 3, 91; leones, A. 3, 113; Curru iungit Halesus equos, 7, 724; iunctis oloribus, Hor. od. 3, 28, 15; reges add curru, Plin. 33, 52; 2, less accurately of the carriage, rheda equis iuncta, yoked to and so drawn by horses, Cic. Att. 6, 1, 25; iuncto uehiculo, Liv. 34, 1, 3; add 42, 65, 3; magnam qui piscibus aequor Et iuncto bipedum curru metitur equorum, Verg. G. 4, 389; 3, hence of bridges, ponte Ticiuum iungunt, lit. yoke the river w. a bridge, throw a bridge over it, Liv. 21, 45, 1; Lyeum ammoni ponte iunxit, Curt. 4, 9, 9; ratibus quibus iunxerat flumen, Liv. 21, 47, 2; 4, less acc., pontisque et propugnacula iungunt, Verg. 9, 170; Vel iunxisse ratem, Sil. 5, 553; Ipaneo ponte transiit sex cohortis, Tac. an. 1, 49; Apaneam (oppidum) ponte iunxerat, Plin. 5, 86; 5, unite by a cross-tie or ties, Tigna bina sesquipedalia intervallo pedum n inter se iungebat, Caes. b. g. 4, 17, 3; 6, gen. fasten abreast of each other, carris iunctis, Caes. b. c. 1, 54, 3; naubus iunctis, 1, 61 f.; 7, gen. join, unite, corpora inter se iuncta, Cic. N. D. 2, 115; arma armis iungunt, Liv. 23, 27, 7; Iunctaque Nymphis Gratiae, Hor. od. 1, 4, 6; 8, put to, close, iunctas quantiunt fenestras, Hor. ol. 1, 25, 1; iunge ostia, Fuv. 9, 105; 9, met. of marriage, as of two yoked together, cf. coniuges and E. yoke-mate, (Deiopeam) Coniugio iungam stabili, Verg. 4, 73; add 4, 192; matrimonio iunctam, Liv. 30, 14, 2; 10, of other ties, as blood, friendship, office, ut amicitiam colunt Atque ita eam iunctam bene habent inter se, Pl. Cist. 1, 1, 28; Referret gratiam ei unaque nos sibi (so THK, sibi opera sibi) amicos iungit, Ter. Hee. 5, 2, 32; Hec res et iungit, iunctos et servat amicos, Hor. s. 1, 3, 54; add Ov. Pont. 1, 7, 31; tr. 4, 10, 46; 11, gen. met., sapientiam iunctam eloquentiae, Cic. or. 3, 142; religio iuncta cum cognitione naturae, dia. 2, 149; 12, esp. make continuous in time, sacra... Nomina quae iunctis quinque diebus habent, Ov. F. 3, 810; labore quem difficilis est repetere quam iungere, Plin. ep. 4, 9, 10; iunge puer cyathos, Stat. Th. 1, 5, 10 (cf. iugis aqua); 13, iunctus forms a comp. iunctior, more closely united, Cic. fat. 36; superl., Ov. M. 5, 60; 10, 70; Tac. h. 4, 52; 14, verba iuncta compound words, Cic. orat. 159; 15, final cons. of root varies between n, S. yun-aj-mi, cf. F. joind-re (d. exer.) E. join; ng as in L. iung-o (g. exer.) and g as in iugum, *gyv-vpva*; 16, cf. G. joch, E. yoke.

**iurgo**, (older *iurigo*\*) *äre*, vb. [implies a noun *iurex*, *iuris*, *pettyfogger*, from *ius* and dim. suff. *eg*=our oek, *purgo* from *purigo*] be at law (with), *iurgatio* *iuris actio*, Paul. ex F. 103; yet in Cicero's time limited, as: *si iurgant, benivolentia concertatio non lis inimicorum iurgium dicitur*. *iurgare* igitur *lex putat inter se metuos, non litigare*, Cic. rep. 4, 8; 2, yet again not so limited in later times, *qui non ante in proprio foro iurgaverint*, Th. C. 2, 1, 6; add 1, 16, 6; 1, 10, 3; 3, met., scold, brawl, Et eurrundum et pugandum et autem (for place of autem, cf. Poen. 4, 2, 19) *inrigandum*\* in *uia*, Pl. Merc. 1, 1, 9; *credo iam ut solet iurgabit*, Ter. Ad. 1, 1, 55; *haec simul iurgans quercus*

obtestans agebat, Liv. 8, 33 f.; add Hor. ep. 2, 2, 22; Suet. Ner. 5; Apul. met. 15; 4, w. cum, cum Dano egomet *vidi ancilium iurgantem*, Ter. And. 5, 1, 19; add 2, 3, 15; 5, perh., w. recipi. form, *Dionysius... apud aediles adversus lenones iurgari*, Just. 21, 5, 7 (al. *iungere*), but here still of bawling; 6, as vb. trans., *Trausinus istis iurgatur verbis*, Hor. s. 2, 2, 100.

**iussio**, *önis*, f. (*iubeo*), bidding, order, CIL 2, 191; testatrici iussioni parere, Modest. dig. 40, 4, 44; *haec omnia verbo ac iussione faciebat*, Lact. 4, 15 med.; *minus imperi iussione*, Arnob. 2, 49; but in Liv. epit. 67 read *Arausionem*.

**iüuo**, *äre*, *iüui*, *iütus*, vb. [*iüis*, and so = *iüuo*; see below] lit. lift—hence firstly help, assist, *enos Lases iuante...*, *enos Marmor iuvato*, CIL 280, 1 and 5; *Is est amicus qui in re dubia re iuvat*, ubi re est opus, Pl. Epid. 1, 2, 10; *Neque unquam quiequam me iuvat* (does me any good) quod edo domi, Capt. 1, 2, 33; add Ps. 1, 1, 17; *Quia mortalis atque urbes belnaeque omnis iuvat* (sc. Iuppiter), Enn. Epich. 12 V; *Aut consolando aut consilio aut re iunero*, Ter. Hant. 1, 1, 34; *Hec*, 3, 5, 10; *qui nostros duces auxilio laboris iunierit*, Cic. Balb. 23; *fam. 11, 17, 2*; *ne eos frumento necue alia re iuvarent*, Caes. b. g. 1, 26, 6; b. c. 1, 15, 1; *Non possunt reticere deae qua m(e) Allins in re iuvant aut quantis iunierit officiis*, Catul. 68, 42; *Non, ita me diini, nara genuit, iüerint* (but *ms* iunierint), 66, 18; *quater (pe)unia mea iuni acrarum*, Mon. Ancyr. 3, 34; 2, esp. in form *dis iuvantibus*, Cic. fam. 7, 20, 2; Liv. 21, 21, 6; 25, 38, 22; 3, also in med. lang. relieve, *Confoffum medica postmodo iuvit opus*, Ov. am. 2, 9, 8; add tr. 2, 270; *decoctum (uinacorum) coeliacis iuvat*, Plin. 23, 14; add 28, 104; 4, pass. (lex Cornelia) *proscriptam iuvare* vetat, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 123; *naue equo tabernaculo iuvatio etiam a me iuvabitur*, Liv. 44, 22, 13; add Ov. Pont. 2, 7, 71; 4, 12, 49; 5, impers. *Si pereio, hominum manibus periisse iuvabit*, it will be some relief, Verg. 3, 606; H 6, lift with joy, delight, *iuvare in ntroque* (sc. corpore et animo) *deicitur ex eoque iucundum*, Cic. fin. 2, 14; *nec me uita iuvaret immisa ciuibus meis*, Liv. 28, 27, 10; *Multos castra iuvant*, Hor. od. 1, 1, 23; add Ov. a. a. 2, 2, 159; Phaedr. 4, 7, 22; 7, pass. pers., *refer ad aures, probant*. *Quare cur?* Ita se dicent iuvare, Cic. orat. 159; 8, vb. impers., it delights, *iuvit me tibi summam humanitatem profuisse*, Cic. fam. 5, 21, 3; *iuvat iudicio choreis*, Verg. 9, 615; *Sant quos curriculo puluerem Olympicum Collegisse iuvat*, Hor. od. 1, 1, 4; *quae scire magis iuvat quam prodest*, Sen. ep. 106, 3; *quam iuvat quod in tempora illa non incedit!* Plin. ep. 8, 17; 9, but in Pl. Cist. 1, 1, 118, and Cic. fam. 3, 10, 8 *libet, not iuvant*; 10, *iuvaturus*, Sal. Iug. 47, 2; Plin. ep. 4, 15, 13; but Colum. poet. 10, 121 *iutura*; 11, part. perf. intus, Tac. an. 14, 4, 1; Pall. 4, 10, 36; 12, for change of *i* to *i* initial, cf. *iecur*, *ioens*, *iubeo*.

**iuxta**, adv. and prep. [fig. of *inngo*?] *Forte fuit iuxta tumulus*, Verg. 3, 22; *sed horrificis iuxta tonat Aetna ruinis*, 3, 571; add 7, 72; but if sound, *Lumina Callisto iuxta Lyaonia(m)*, Catul. 66, 66.

## L.

**L**, the eleventh letter of the Latin alphabet, a liquid, corresponding to Gr. A and differing from it only in the direction of the joined strokes; **2.** Interchanges with **l**, see d § 10; **3.** also w, n, as *limfa* = *lunifa* (cf. *λυπος* = *υλπος*), *asinus asellus*, *pagina pagella*, *scamum scabellum*, *bonus melior*; **4.** w, r, *umbra umbella*, *libra libella*, *ager agellus*, *liber libellus*, *lucrum lucellum*, *corulus columus*; **II 5.** initial **l** often the result of decapitation, as: *lubet* for *uol-ubet* from *uolo*, cf. *uolupte*, *uoluptas*; *luo* set loose, for *soluo*; *luxus* and *laxus* for *soluxus* and *solaxus* from *soluo*, cf. E. slack; *liber* (old *loeber*) for *soluber* from *soluo*, cf. *λευθερος*; *liber* (= *lüber*) for *col-uber*, cf. *g(ol)ubo* and *col-ol* skin; *laenos* for *salaeuos*, cf. S. *salaiwa*; *lux* for *gol-ux*, cf. W. *golen* light, E. glow; *lino* for *el-ino*, cf. *ελαιον*, *αλειφω* adeps; *latus* part. for *tolatus*, cf. *tollo* *τολω*; **III 6.** abbrev., **L** for *Lucius*, *L. Cornelio* *L. f. Scipio*, *CIL* 31; **7.** for *legio* etc., (*legionibus*) *III primis*, 198, 2; add § 22; **8.** for *lex* etc., ex *h(ace)* *lege* § 5 and 11; **9.** *lubens* or *libens* etc., *l. m(erito)*, 1469; *uot(u)m solu(t) l.* *inser.* *Or.* 1411; v. s. *l. m.*, 1416, 1419; **10.** for *libertus*, *liberta* etc., *Cratea Caecil(us)* *M. l.* = *Marci libertus*, *CIL* 840; *Bacbia* *Q. l.*, 837; **11.** for *latus* or *longus*, *locum terrae*, *l. p. III. l. p. VII.* *inser.* *Or.* 4500; *locum l. p. v. lat. p. III.* 4562; **12.** for *locus* etc., *l. c.* = *loco* concessio, 5813; *l. d.* = *loco* dato, 1872; **13.** for *ludus*, *l. m.* = *ludus magnus*, 6176; **14.** for *librarius*, *l. tr(ibuus)*, 6791; **15.** for *leuga*, 1019; **IV 16.** *lar* for *Larentalia*, *kal. Maff. Dec.* 25; for *lares*, *inser.* *Or.* 2386, and 5631; **17.** *lat* for *Latinae*, 2471; for *latum*, § 11 above; **18.** *Laur.* *Lauini*, for *Laurens* *Lauinas*, 3100; **19.** *leg* for *legatus* etc., *CIL* 199, 46; *inser.* *Or.* 6804; for *legauit*, 2180, 4357; for *lege* etc., *CIL* 206, 72; *inser.* *Or.* 3077; for *legio* etc., 3372, 3373 etc.; **20.** *Lem.* for *Lemonia* *tribus*, *D. M...* *Verseni* *L. f. Lem.* *Gratiani*, 90; *M. Caedio* *T. f. Lem.* *Bono*, 621; **21.** *lib* for *liberalitas*, 3360; for *Libyae*, 3660; **22.** *lig* for *Liguria*, 3044; **23.** *loc* for *locator*, 2618; for *loco* etc. 102, 253 etc.; **24.** *lucar* for *Lucaria*, *Kal. Maff. July* 19; *lud* for *ludus* etc., *ib.*; *inser.* *Or.* 2553; **25.** *lun* for *Lugdunensis*, 2292; **26.** *lustr* for *lustrandis* etc., 3142.

**lābārum** or **lābōrum** (following the accent of *λαβωρον* of *Sozomen.*), *l.* n. sacred banner of the Emperors, *Christus purpureum*.—*Signabat lābārum*, *Prod. Synon.* 1, 487; *praepositi laborum* (*g. pl.*), *Th. C.* 6, 25, 1; *Instin.* *C.* 12, 18, 1.

**lābasor**, see **lābasco**, *asci* (for *cāl-īb-asc-or*, of which *cāl-* = *cād-* fall; cf. *calamitas* = *kadamitas*), *vb.* *r.* be in the act of falling; *totter*, hence *met.* of the mind, give way, waver, postquam *nidit* *misericordia Labasci mentem infirmam populi*, *Varr.* *ap. Non.* 473, 10; **2.** *labasco*, *ēre*, *Salus* sum, *leno labascit*, *libertas portenditur*, *Pl. Rud.* 5, 3, 38; *Labascit* *uictus* *uno uerbo*, *quam cito!* *Ter. Eun.* 1, 2, 98; add *Ad.* 2, 2, 31; *neque cor tam ferum quod non labascit* (so *cj.* *Voss* etc., *ms.* *labascatur*) *lingua*, *misit* *mallo*, *Acc.* *ap. Non.* 473, 10; **3.** in *Verg.* *cj.* 450 *libb.* has *lābescent* (*ms.* *labescunt*; others *agst.* *metre labascunt*).

**labda**, (for *λαβδα*) *ae.* *m.* = *irruator*? *Varr.* *ap. Non.* 70, 11; *Anson.* *epigr.* 126.

**lābdācismus**, *l.* m. alliteration of *l*, *Mart. Cap.* 5, 167 *G.*, 514 *Eyss.*; **2.** confusion of sounds *ll* (*l* moullé?) and *l*, *Pomp. comm.* 286, 7 and 34 *K.*; *Consent.* 394, 22.

**lābea**, *ae.* (*labia*?, *Apul.*) *f.* *lip.* refer ad *labes* *tibias*, *Pl. St.* 5, 4, 41; *labes* *pugnis* *caedebat*, *Non.* *ap. Non.* 210, 26; add *Lucil. ib.*; *rietur* *ad* *labes* *con* *considero*, *Pomp.* *ap. Non.* 456, 1; add *Nigid.* *ap. Gell.* 10, 4, 4; *labearum* *ductu*, *Gell.* 18, 4, 6; *iliabae labiae*?, *Apul.* *M.* 2, 24; add 3, 24; 7, 3; 10, 22 and 28; **2.** rarely in sing., as: *con-*

*torta* in *modum linguae postrema labia*\*, *calicem perhausi*, *Apul.* *M.* 10, 16; **3.** *lip* of an oil mill, *Cato* *r.* 20, 2.

**lābēctūla**, *ae.* *f.* *dim.* a slight stain, *Cic.* *Vat.* 41.

**lābēfactio**, *ēre*, *fcī*, *factus*, *vb.* cause to totter, undermine, loosen, *Padet nihil? Omnes dentibus lābēfcit* *milii*, *Ter. Ad.* 2, 30; *labefacta magna parte muri*, *Caes. b. c.* 2, 22, 1; *partem labefecit in omnem*, *Ov. M.* 3, 70; add *S.* 774; **2.** *met.* undermine, esp. cause to waver, *quem nunquam ulla inuidia labefecit*, *Cic.* *Sest.* 101; *quem nulla ambitio*... *Monere potuit in iuuenta de statu*, *Ecce in senecta ut facile lābēfcit* *loco*... *blandiloquens oratio*, *Laber.* *ap. Macr.* s. 2, 7, 3; add *Tac.* *an.* 6, 35 (29); **3.** other *met.*, *contagione ceteros (boues)*, *Colum.* 6, 5, 1; *corpora aestus*, *Tac.* *h.* 2, 93; *fidem*, *Suet.* *Vesp.* 4; and in same sense, *primores ciliariorum*, *Tac.* *au.* 15, 51; add 4, 60.

**lābēfactiō**, *oniss*, *f.* causing to totter, loosening, *dentium*, *Phn.* 23, 56; **2.** *met.* undermining, *Quint.* *S.* 4, 14.

**lābēfacto**, *āre*, *vb.* *freq.* make ready to fall by repeated action, cause to totter, undermine, weaken, demoliri *signum* *ae* *uictibus labefacta*, *Cic.* *Verr.* 2, 4, 94; *huius (phalangii)* *genua labefacta*, *Plin.* 29, 86; *horrea bellicis machinis labefacta*, *Suet.* *Ner.* 38; **2.** *met.*, *Ita me ab aestate uidelo labefactarum*, *Ter. Eun.* 3, 3, 3; *nee destiti labefactare* *uim*, *Cic.* *fam.* 12, 25, 2; *leges ac iura*, *Caec.* 70; *illam munere uestis*, *Catull.* 69, 3; *fidem*, *Liv.* 24, 20, 15.

**lābēfio**, *fiēri*, *vb.* be made to totter, be undermined, *munimenta incensu arietis*, *Sen. dial.* 2, 6, 4; see *labefacio*.

**1** **lābellum**, *i.* n. *dim.* (*lābrum*) a little lip, as of a child, *Platoni cum in cunis dormienti apes in labellis consediscent*, *Cic.* *diu.* 1, 78; **2.** *esp.* as term of endearment, *Prebende auriculis compara labella cum labellis*, *Pl. As.* 3, 3, 78; *Nece te paenitet calamo triuisse labellum*, *Verg.* *B.* 2, 34; **3.** *esp.* of women, as opp. to *labrum* of men, *Non placet: labra labellis frumitur*, *Pl. Mil.* 4, 8, 25; *Vbi amans complexus est amantem, ubi ad labra labella Adiungit*, *Ps.* 5, 1, 14; add *Ov. a. a.* 1, 575; **4.** of a man, *Pl. As.* 3, 3, 78; *Prop.* 2, 13, 29; *Inu.* 14, 325; **5.** *met.* as a term of endearment, *Meus ocellus, meum labellum, mea salus*, *Pl. Poen.* 2, 1, 153.

**2** **lābellum**, *i.* *dim.* of *labrum* a basin, *urceum i.* *sextarium* *i.* *labellum* *i.* *Cato* *r.* 13, 3; *eam muriam in labello in soleposito*, 88, 2; add 10, 2; *medicamentum in labello permisceto*, *Colum.* 12, 28, 3; add 12, 44, 1.

**lābeo**, (*-io*\*), *onis*, *m.* one who has large lips, *modica labra*, *labia immodia et inde labiones*\*, *Verr.* *Pl.* *ap. Char.* 103, 8 *K.*; *brocchi labiones dicti*, *Plin.* 11, 159; *esse quosdam capiteones, frontones, labiones*, *Arnob.* 3, 14; **2.** as a cognomen, *C. Fabi(us)* *Labeo*, on a coin, *CIL* 343; *C. Caninius C. f. Arn.* *Labeo*, 1012; add 1484, 1485.

**lābēōsus**, *adj.* with large lips, *Lucr.* 4, 1169.

**lābēriānus**, *adj.* of *Laberius*, *uersus*, *Sen. ira* 2, 3.

**Lābērius**, a surname, *Et Lābēri minos ut pulchra poemata mirer*, *Hor.* s. 1, 10, 6; add *Macr.* s. 2, 3, 10 etc.

**lābēs**, (*-is* *lab* *vb.*), *f.* a slip, a fall, as an avalanche, or earth-slip, *delata ad sonatum labe agri Priuernatis cum ad infinitum altitudinem terra descidisset*, *Cic.* *diu.* 1, 97; *tantos terrae motus...* *multis locis labes factae sunt*, 1, 78; *monia mundi Expugnata dabunt labem praeiurae ruinae*, *Lucr.* 2, 1149; *si ruinae labes corruptit*, *Lah.* *dig.* 19, 2, 62;

**2.** of epilepsy, *Concilium populi labes horrenda diremit*, *Seren. Samm.* 57, 1018; **3.** of rain or blight falling, *labes inubris e caelo*, *Arnob.* 5, 40; and *perlu*, *si labes facta sit omnemque fructum tulit* (contrasted with *prec.* words: *si nisi tempestatis calamitose contigerit*), *Ulp.* *dig.* 19, 2, 15, 2; **4.** *met.*, *Quanta pernis pestis ueniet, quanta libes larido*, *Pl. Capt.* 4, 3; *praedonem iuris, labem atque perniciem prouinciae*, *Cic.* *Verr.* 1, 2; *regnum*, *Val.* *F.* 5, 237; **II 5.** as things split are apt to leave one, a

stain, a spot (of dirt), labes macula in nestimento...transfertur in homines uituperatione dignos, Paul. ex F. p. 121; Sed necti tractata notam labemque remittunt Atramenta, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 235; sine labe toga, Ov. a. a. 1, 514; 6. met. anything that disfigures, a blemish, defect, nec labi corporis ulla, Lucr. 5, 930; (taurus) Signatus tenni...nigro: Vna fuit labes, cetera lactis erant, Ov. a. a. 1, 292; Victima labe carens, M. 15, 130; corporis labe insignibus, Suet. Aug. 38; 7. or defiles, donec longa dies...Concretam eximit labem purumque relinquit Aetherium sensum, Verg. 6, 746; 8. met. stain, disgrace, animi labes nec..., nec amibis ullis elui \* potest, Cic. leg. 2, 24; ne labes illius dignitati adpersa \* uideatur, Vit. 15; est saeculi quaedam macula \* atque labes uirtuti innidere, Balb. 15; famae non sine labe meae, Prop. 4, 8, 20; abolere \* labem ignominiae, Tac. h. 3, 24—where note the words marked \*; 9. an abl. labi in Lucr., above + § 6.

**lābia**, see labena.

**Lābicanus**, adj. of the Labici, ager, Liv. 26, 9, 11; uia, a street in Rome, 4, 41, 8; 2. absol. m. (sc. ager), the territory of the Labici, Cic. parad. 50; 3. inhabitant of Labicum, Liv. 4, 45, 3.

**Lābici**, adj. pl. inhabitants of Labici, picti scuta Labici, Verg. 7, 796; add Sil. 8, 368; 2. as name of the town, ne quid tumultus Labicis oreretur, Liv. 4, 45, 4; add 2, 39, 4.

**lābīdus**, adj. slippery, itenera, Vitr. 6, pr. 2.

**Lābiēnānus**, (so mss plerique) adj., of Labienus, bell. Afr. 29, 2.

**Lābīenūsus**, name of a gens, Caes. b. g. 1, 10, 3 etc.; fortis in armis Caesaris Labienus erat: nunc transfuga uilis, Lucan. 5, 346.

**lābīlis**, e, adj. slippery, limus, Amm. 27, 10, 11;

2. met., Arnob. 7, 4.

**labio**, see labeco.

**lābīōsus**, see labicosus.

**lābium**, ii, n. lip, labiis dum ductant eum, Pl. Mil. 2, 1, 15 (vb. Char. 103, 11 K has labris against metre); in labiorum utitis, Plin. 24, 14; add 29, 46; 34, 115; labiisque tremantibus Anna, Sil. 8, 114; Incutus tremulis labiis demissis gemens, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 45; 2. in sing. Seren. ap. Non. 210, 11.

**lābo**, āre, vti, [shortened from labase-o, wh. see] be ready to fall or give way, totter, be loose, illud (sc. signum) Apollinis nulla lababat ex parte cum illi nectibus conarentur commouere, alii rapere ad se funibus, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 95; labāt arietē crebro lanāa, Verg. 2, 492; Genna labant, uastos quatit aeger anhelitus artus, 5, 432; si ex ictu aliqui labant dentes, auro uinciendi sunt, Cels. 7, 12, 1 (p. 288, 5 Dar.); 2. met., as with the nom., res Troiana, Ov. M. 15, 438; memoria, Liv. 5, 18, 4; spes, Ov. tr. 4, 3, 12; mens, Cels. 3, 19, 1; 3. esp. of resolution or fidelity, waver, cum labare M. Antonius uideretur, Cic. Phil. 6, 10; scito labare meum consilium illud quod satis iam fixum uidebatur, Att. 8, 14, 2; (fides sociorum) quae ad eam diem firma steterat tum labare coepit, Liv. 22, 61, 10; suberat suspicio labare fidem sociorum, 32, 30, 9; 4. labare sermone, to speak indistinctly (as a drunken man), Plin. 14, 146.

1 **lābōr**, i, lapsus, vb. r. [akin to E. slip, slide, glide, and yeth. from the root ead=cad, fall; cf. labasco; see below] slip, glide, slide, move gently or imperceptibly, Lābitor uincta carina, uoluit super impetus undas, Enn. an. 379 V; Lābitor uincta uadis abas, Verg. 8, 91; ille e manibus custodientium lapsus..., Curt. 3, 33 (in Tac. an. 6, 5 Halm has elapsus custodiae, not lapsus custodiae); caeli subter labentia signa, Lucr. 1, 2; add 4, 144; Verg. 3, 315; Ov. F. 3, 113; Cic. Arat. fr. 3; uaga et multibilibi erratione labantur (sc. the planets), Tim. 10; at ille (sc. annis) Labitur et labetur in omne uolubilis aetum, Hor. ep. 1, 2, 42; and met. of time, fugaces...Labuntur anni (glide by), Od. 2, 14, 2; Tempora labuntur tacitisque senescimus annis, Ov. F. 6, 771; add am. 1, 8, 49; 2. descend with gentle motion, glide down, fall, naufragum in riuo esse lapsum, Cic. fat. 5; Labere nympha polo finisque inuise Latines, Verg. 11, 588; Labitur exsangvis, 9, 818; lapsusque lacertis Sponte sua funis est uulso solente catenas, Ovas.

M. 3, 699; 3. gen. fall. Lapsurumque domum subeas, Ov. lb. 509; ut scias...quibus de rebus lapsa fortuna accedat, Enn. tr. 390 V; 4. met., Illico res foras labitur, Iugurth. Pl. Trin. 2, 1, 16, slips away; Ante...Ararim Partus libet...Quam nostro illius labatur pectore noltus, Verg. B. 1, 64; labor co-am inclining—ut assentiat Epicuro, Cic. acad. pr. 2, 139; uerenti ne labar ad opinionem, ib. 138; in nitium, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 94; 5. esp. make a slip or mistake, take a false step, labi errare nescire decipi et malum et turpe ducimus, Cic. off. 1, 18; ne plebs propter imprudentiam laberetur, Caes. b. g. 5, 3, 6; 6. so facultatis l. get into money difficulties, Ulp. dig. 27, 8, 1; and absol., si idoneus contulitor subito lapsus sit, Paul. 26, 7, 13;

7. of digressions, be carried away unwittingly, sed labor longius, ad propositum reuertat, Cic. din. 2, 79; quin labebar longius, nisi me retinuissem, leg. 1, 52; 8. one with our slip, slide, glide; for the d, cf. uerbum word, gleba elod, etc.; also one with Lith. glōbti.

2 **lābōr**, ōris, m. [for alab-or=arab-or, where arab=araplough; and so akin to G. ar(a)b-eit labour, Lith. rabata, Pol. rob-ota; for meaning, cf. Fr. labour=er labour-age, used only of tillage, cf. also Labor-ini campi, so called as esp. fit for arable culture] prop. tillage, the labour of tillage, Sine me, uocium tempus nequid dem mihi Laboris, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 37; Vrit enim illic campum seges, unit aenae...Sed tamen alternis facilis labor, Verg. G. 1, 79; haec cum sint hominumque bouumque labores Versando terram experti, 1, 118; Nec cultura placet longior annua, Defunctumque laboribus Aequali feracit sorte mearis, Hor. od. 3, 24, 15; 2. hence (tillage being the earliest form of labour) labour, toil generally, Maiorem laudem quam laborem inuenio, Afr. 335 R; Tum mariae uenere artes; labor omnia uincit Improbis, Verg. G. 1, 145; ingentiumst omnium Hominum ab labore proclue ad lubidinem, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 51; milites certiores facit panisper intermitterent proelium...sequē ex labore refecerunt, Caes. b. g. 3, 5, 3; in ea tu plus operae laborisque consumperas, Cic. or. 1, 234; ut omnem uitae saeue cursum in labore corporis atque in animi contentione conficeret, Cael. 30;

3. pain, suffering, Validato mi (so THK for Valetudo of mss) deorsum, accrescit labor, Pl. Cure. 2, 1, 4; Lucinae experta labores, Verg. G. 4, 340; sulphureosi fontes neuorum labores reficiunt, Vitr. 8, 3, 4; 4. weight, pressure, hi (so lapides) tractabiles in opere laborem quoque tolerant, sub tecto dumtaxat, Plin. 36, 117; ex his saxa cum sunt exempta in opere facile tractantur, et si sunt in locis tectis sustinent laborem, Vitr. 2, 7, 2; 5. of eclipses, the sun and moon being supposed to be suffering from witchcraft, Hic canit errantem lunam solisque labores, Verg. 1, 742; Te quoque Luna traho quamvis Temesaea labores Aera tuos minuant, Ov. M. 7, 207; see laboro § 16; 6. the produce of labour, a work, Poeculae insignis neterum labor, Val. F. 1, 143; Dona duci promit eliamdem testoque labores, 2, 409; 7. labour of mind, trouble, sorrow, grief, Tantum laborem capere ob talem filium! Ter. Andr. 5, 2, 29; cuius erga me singulare benignolentium uel in labore meo uel in honore perspexi, Cic. fam. 15, 8; Et breuiter Troiae supremum audire laborem, Verg. 2, 11; Iliaes audire labores, 4, 78; 8. the demon of pain, Terribiles uisu formae Letumque Labosque, Verg. 6, 277;

9. labōs, as nom., Pl. Merv. pr. 72 B, and virtually CD; Trin. 2, 1, 36 BCD; Ter. Hee. 3, 1, 6; Catul. 55, 13; cf. Quint. 1, 4, 13.

**lābōrātio** \* ōnis, f, depends solely on a corrupt passage which has only borationibus, Fronto p. 202, 16.

**Lābōriāe**, ārum, f. pl. (perh. an adj. from labor, sc. terrae), a most fertile district of Campania, now Terra di Lavoro, Plin. 18, 111.

**lābōrifer**, a, um, adj. labour-bearing or -bringing, Hercules, Ov. M. 9, 285; iuuenens, 15, 129; currus, Stat. Th. 6, 25.

**Lābōrinus**, adj. (al. Leborinus), of Laboriae, campi, Plin. 3, 60; 17, 28.

**lābōriōsē**, see

**lābōriōsus**, adj. full of labour, fatiguing, opus, Pl.



Mere. 3, 1, 9; deambulatione, Ter. Haut. 4, 6, 3; quid nobis laboriosius? Cie. Mil. 5; nihil erit laboriosius promissa, leg. 3, 19; cartae, Catul. 1, 7; utrum ei laboriosius an gloriosius fuerit difficile fuit indicare, Nep. Att. 12, 5; opem fuit... laboriosissimum cuniculus, Liv. 5, 19, 10; Durum rus fugit (et) laboriosum, Gall. ap. Non. 133, 3; 2. hard-working, homines, Cie. Tusc. 2, 35; (bos) laboriosissimus hominis socius, Colum. 6, pr. 7; 3. much-enduring, Cie. Phil. 11, 8; 4. laboriose adv., Catul. 38, 21; Cels. 5, 17, 2; 5. comp., Cie. Rosc. com. 3, 1; sup., Caecil. 71.

**lābōr-o**, āre, vb. [labor sb.; cf. color-o, vapor-o from color, vapor] prop. labour on land, at istos rastros interea tamen Appone, ne labora, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 37; quamdiu intellegebant sese sibi et populo Romano, non Verri et Apronio serere impendere laborare, Cie. Verr. 2, 3, 121; 2. gen. labour, work hard, Totum sudor habet corpus multumque laborat Nec respirandi fit copia, Enn. an. 436 V; sudet multum frustaque labore, Hor. A. P. 241; frustra laboramus, Quint. 6, 3, 35; 3. with ut and subj., animo laborabat ut reliquis civitates adingeret, Caes. b. g. 7, 31, 11; non enim virtute ut laborarent philosophi laborant, Quint. pr. 15; add 2, 3, 2; 4. with in and abl., qua in re, Quint. 2, 3, 2; in ceteris, 10, 1, 2; 5. with circa and acc., circa memoriam, Quint. 6, 4, 1; circa praepetia huius partis, S. pr. 15; 6. with in and acc., conscientiae satis fiat, nil in famam esse laborum, Obscurus fio, Hor. A. P. 25; amari ab eo laborari, Plin. ep. 1, 10, 2; add Hor. od. 2, 3, 11; A. P. 435; Ov. M. 13, 285; 8. be hard pressed, be distressed, non quo illi scita occulta esse uellent, sed ne familiares si scita ipsi ferrent, laborarent, Cie. Phil. 5, 18; quos laborantes conspexerat his subsidia summitatebat, Caes. b. g. 4, 26, 4; add 7, 67, 4; b. c. 2, 6, 2; sunt qui crebro anhelitu imitatur iumenta onere et iugo laborantia, Quint. 11, 3, 55; 9. and met. of inanimate objects, labour, have a hard task, suffer, Aquilonibus Querceta Gargani laborant, Hor. od. 2, 9, 7; nec iam sustineant onus Silinae laborantes, 1, 9, 3; Turpe laborantem deseruisse ratem, Ov. Pont. 2, 6, 22; tum nequum concursus, qui cum accidit, biat et quasi laborat oratio, Quint. 9, 4, 33; 10. esp. suffer (from disease or bodily pain), ualetudo tua me valde conturbat, significant enim tuae litterae te prorsus laborare, Cie. Att. 7, 2, 1; cum sine febris laborassem, 5, 8, 1; add Tusc. 2, 61; similarly, oleis laborantibus circum radices amurem conuenient infundere, Colum. 11, 2, 29; add Pull. 4, 8, 1; 11. with various con-tractions, as first ex, e dolore, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 33; ex intestinis, Cie. fam. 7, 26, 1; ex pedibus, 9, 23; ex renibus, Tusc. 2, 60; 12. with ab, a frigore, Plin. 32, 10, 47; 13. a mere abl., utero, Hor. od. 3, 22, 2; et fame et cruditate, Plin. 17, 219; torminibus, 24, 78; podagra, Mart. 1, 98, 1; 14. and met., ex invidia, Cie. Clu. 202; ex desiderio, fam. 16, 11, 1; ex inscientia, inu. 2, 5; ab avaritia (so Bentl., but ass ob anaritia), Hor. s. 1, 4, 26; non odio solum apud hostes sed contemptu etiam inter socios nomen Romanum laborare, Liv. 6, 2, 4; diuersis nititis avaritia et luxuria ciuitatem laborare, 3, 4, 2; hoc nitio, Quint. 9, 2, 77; fastidio, 12, 9, 7; opinione arrogantia, 4, 1, 33; 15. of love, et fide Teia Diēs laborantes in uno Penelopeum nitreamque Ciren, Hor. od. 1, 17, 19; 16. of eclipses, Harum nulla solat rationem quaerere mundi Nec cur fraternis Luna laborat evis, Prop. 3, 30, 52 ed. L.; and met., neritatem laborare nimis saepe aiunt, exstingui nunquam, Liv. 22, 39, 19; see labor, § 5;

17. non laboro, I do not trouble myself about, an indifferent about, heed not, cuius manu sit percussus non laboro, Cie. Rosc. Am. 97; quorsum recidat responsum tuum non magno opere laboro, Rosc. com. 43; 18. with acc., work at, labour for, chiefly in poets, Nardo peruenit quale non perfectus Mene laborant manus, Hor. epod. 5, 60; Noctibus hibernis caestrensis pensa laboro, Prop. 5, 3, 33; frumenta ceterosque fructus patientius laborant, Tac. G. 45; add Stat. silv. 5, 1, 10; Sil. 6, 411; 19. hence in pass. part., worked at, produced by labour, labour'd, Arte laboratae uestes, Verg. 1, 639; Dona laboratae Cereris, 8, 181; antrum...Arte laboratum nulla, Ov. M. 3, 158; Plena labora-

tis habebas cum scrinia libris, Mart. 4, 33, 1; add 9, 18, 4; laboratum congestamque diem ac noctem studio actionem aqua deficit, Quint. 12, 6, 5; ex me (sc. Pomona) parata omnia nec cura laboranda sed seae porrigentia ultero, Plin. 23, 2; in Cie. Cacl. 54 elaborata, not laborata; 20. also passed in labour, aetum, Val. F. 5, 225; uita, Stat. Th. 1, 341; 21. a comp. laborator, Tert. uirg. uel. 10.

**labōs**, see 2 labor.

**lābōsus**? adj. [lūn. a lost form labus, i, sb.] full of labour, fatiguing, laborious, toilsome, Praeterea omne iter est hoc labosum atque lutosum (wh. note the long a), Lucil. ap. Non. 459, 11; 2. the other passage labosus Tantalus..., qu. by Fore. from Lucil. is an error; 3. night perh. come from labos -oris, as decorus honoris from decor honor.

**lābratus**, quasi-part. [labrum, lip] lipped, χαλῶν, unde et pisces chilonēs improbius labrati, Charis. 78; 2. as sb. n. labratum, i, l. ασπατικὸν βασιλεῶς, Gloss.; l. φελῆμα βασιλικόν.

**Labro**, ōnis, sb. a port on the Tuscan coast, perh. Leghorn, erat iturus (to Sardinia) a. d. m. id. Apr. ut aut Labrone aut Pisis conscenderet, Cie. Q. fr. 2, 6, 2.

**lābrōsus**, adj. [labrum] with a large lip or lips, ferra-mentum, Cels. 7, 26, 2 (used in lithotomy).

1 **labrum**, i, [akin to F. lip, and perh. L. lambo; cf. labium] n. lip, labra, a labris nūquam auferat, Pl. Bac. 3, 3, 765; em uide ut discidit labrum, Ter. Ad. 4, 2, 20; apud in labris Platonis consolis, Cie. diu. 2, 66; omni parte corporis rasa praeter caput et labrum superius, Caes. b. g. 5, 14, 3; Impressit memorem deute labris notam, Hor. od. 1, 13, 12; 2. phrases, primoribus labris gustasset hoc genus uitae, Cie. Cacl. 28; ne primoribus quidem labris attigisset, or. 1, 87; primis ut dicitur labris gustasse physiologium, N. D. 1, 20—to have had just a taste of (met.); 3. non mihi labra linis, Mart. 3, 42, 2; deceive me; cf. patri subdihere os tuo, Pl. Merc. 2, 4, 17; H 4. met. of other things, lip, edge, brink, dolorum, Cato r. 107; fluminis, Sisen. ap. Non. 449, 18; fossae, Caes. b. g. 7, 72, 1; Liv. 37, 37, 11; (cornuum), Caes. b. g. 6, 28, 6; fontis, Plin. 31, 28; 5. labrum Venerum, a river plant, Plin. 25, 171; l. Veneris, Seren. 1038.

2 **labrum**, (for lānabrum?) i, n. a bath, in balineo, Cie. fam. 14, 20; nec nos uideamus labra Dnae, Ov. F. 4, 761; 2. gen. a large open vessel, tub, or basin, l. lupinarium...aqua, Cato r. 10, 41; u. 15; olearia, 13, 21; culicaria, 154; spumant plenius uindemia labris, Verg. G. 2, 6; add A. S. 22; 12, 417; ficitilia uel lapidea, Colum. 12, 15, 3; add 12, 52, 10—12; 3. esp. a public basin for water, marmoreo labro aqua exundat, Plin. ep. 5, 6, 20; labrum ex Decurionum (dicreto), inser. Or. 3277; labrum cum fulmentis marmor., 4517.

**lābruscus**, adj. name of one kind of wild-vine, uua, Colum. 8, 5, 23; Maer. s. 3, 20, 7; nitis, Plin. 12, 132 and 48; 2. labrusca, ae, as sb. f.: raris sparsit labrusca racemis, Verg. B. 5, 7; add Plin. 23, 19; 17, 213; 3. distinguished from other uites silvestres, Plin. 16, 208; 4. labruscum, i, as sb. n. the grape of the labrusca, Densaue uirgultis auide labrusca petuntur, Verg. el. 52.

**lābūdus**, quasi-part. gliding, Vnda sub undis lābūdus sonit, Acc. ap. Non. 504, 31.

**laburnum**, i, n. laburnum, Alpina arbor, Plin. 16, 76; pali e laburno, 17, 174; 2. neut., as best known in the dead wood.

**lābyrinthēus**, (rather laberintus), adj. of the Labyrinth, flexibus, Catul. 64, 114.

**lābyrinthicus**, adj. the same, Sidon. ep. 9, 13; 11, 4.

**lābyrinthus**, i, m. labyrinth, Verg. 5, 588; Plin. 30, 84—91.

**lac**, or lacte, lactis, n. [for gal-ac with gal prob. for root. cf. γαλ-α, ἀκτ-ος, with excrecent t; cf. A. Sax. meol-oc, our milk; and note interchange of m with gutturals] milk, maximum partem lacte atque pecore uiuunt, Caes. b. g. 4, 1, 8; femina quaeque Cum peperit dulci repletur lacte, Lucr. 5, 814; Lac mihi non aestate nonum non frigore deficit, Verg. B. 2, 22; 2. as a religious offering, Pocula bina nono

spumantia lacte quotannis...statuam tibi, Verg. B. 6, 67; add A. 3, 60; 5, 78; G. 1, 344; Hor. ep. 2, 1, 143; dis lacte rustici multaeque gentis...litant, Plin. 1, 11; 3. a proverb, Neque lac lacti(s) magis est simile quam ille ego similis est mei, Pl. Amph. 2, 1, 54; Tam similem quam lacte lactist, Mil. 2, 2, 85; add Bac. 1, 1, 10; Men. 5, 9, 30; 4. lac gallinaeum, hen's milk, of what is beyond the sphere of nature, Plin. 1, 24; add Petr. fr. frag. 38 Burm.; cf. *ορνιθινον γαλα*, Arist. Vesp. 508 and 1671; 5. the milky juice of plants, Innumeraeque herbae quarum de lacte soporem Nox legit, Ov. M. 11, 606; tanta uis suae (sc. in pueris Fabonii) abundat...lacte hoc nocuit, Plin. 15, 53; lac fletuum, Colum. 7, 8, 1; Pall. 6, 9, 1; lac caprifici, Cels. 5, 7; 6. met. of white objects, Signatus tenui media infer cornua nigro; Vna fuit labes, eadem lactis erant, Ov. a. a. 1, 290; 7. of infancy, ut puerum cum lacte nutritis erorem saxisse nideamur, Cie. Tusc. 3, 2; corporum educatio a lacte eunisque litiuui dicit, Quint. 1, 1, 21; 8. met. ut teneras mentes satiari nolit quodam incedioris disciplinæ lacte patiuntur, 2, 4, 5; 9. lacte as a nom., Eun. an. 355 V; Cato ap. Char. 78; Caecl. 220 R; Cass. Hem. ap. Non. s. v.; Pl. see above; Varr. 1, 2, 1, 4; 2, 8, 4; 10. a nom. lact favoured by Varr. though gen. condemned, say Comp. 199 Keil; cf. Char. 78; Claud. Sac. in anal. gr. 47; Pap. 3, 81; Auson. techn. 12; 11. an acc. lactem unduly ascribed to Pl. Bac. 5, 2, 16; Gell. 12, 1, 17; Apul. M. 8, 19 (p. 559), and S. 28 p. 584 and 589; in all wh. Ritschl op. 2, 574 reads lacte, as also perh. in the Gloss. lactem γαλα.

**lacca**, ae, f. an unknown plant, Apul. herb. 3 f.; 2. a swelling like a bladder, on legs of horses, etc., Veg. vet. 1, 27, 4; 5, 18.

**laccr**, eia, from, adj. (= *λακρος*); implies a vb. lacr, perh. for uel-ac, from uel of uello that, whence uolus and uleus; akin also to *lac-or* (*βρακ-ος*), *laccidius*, and our *rag* torn, mangled, mutilated, in *diuersum iter equi concitati lacrum in utroque curru corpus qua inhaeserat uinculis membra portantes*, Liv. 1, 28, 10; *lanatum corpore toto Peloponnam uidet et lacrum erudelit ora*, Ora manasse ambas, Verg. 6, 495; Et lacrum corpori mediis caput addidit undis, Ov. M. 9, 97; lacra ueste, Tac. h. 1, 10; lacrer quod amibus curatis est, Paul. ex Fest. 117; lacrer dicitur amputatus a corpore senum membris, Ascen. ad Verr. 1, 6; 2. met., lacrae domus componit artus, Sen. Thy. 432; lacrae gentilitates, Plin. pan. 39.

**laccrabilis**, e, adj. that may be torn, Anac. An. Idyl. 15, 17. **laccratiō**, ōnis, f. tearing, genarum, Cie. Tusc. 3, 62; corporis, Pis. 42; corporum, Liv. 7, 4, 2. **laccrator**, ōris, m. one who tears, Augustin. mor. eccl. 1.

**laccratrix**, icis, f. one who tears, Maecr. carn. 2, 6. **laccerna**, f. a thick cloak, Cie. Phil. 2, 76; against cold weather, and so esp. for camp use: Quamprimum nostra facta lacerna manu, Ov. F. 2, 746; Textur hae castris quarta lacerna tuis, Prop. 4, 3, 18; Cum togat argentis alba lacerna togas, Mart. 14, 137; add Suet. Aug. 40 f.

**laccernatus**, quasi-part. cloaked, Vell. 2, 80, 3; Petron. 69; 2. worn by men, hence the satirical use of: laccernata amica, Iuv. 1, 62.

**laccernula**, ae, f. dim. a small cloak, Arnob. 2, 56.

**laccero**, (laccr) are, vb. tear, esp. flesh, Vt tua iam uirgis latera laccerentur probe, Pl. Bac. 4, 6, 10; cum tuo laccero corpore, Eun. ap. Maecr. 8, 6, 2, 18; in eius corpore laccero, Cie. Phil. 11, 8; tergem uirgis, Liv. 3, 58, 8; crudeli uerberare terga, Ov. F. 2, 695; 2. cloths, uestem, Ov. M. 11, 726; Curt. 4, 10, 25; 3. shatter (a ship), puppem, Ov. tr. 5, 7, 35; nancem, Pont. 3, 4, 19; nauigia, Curt. 4, 3, 18; 4. met., ne ego hunc lacero diem, Pl. St. 3, 145; As. 2, 2, 25; lustris laccrant homines, Cnecr. 4, 2, 22; cum Hannibal terram Italian lacceraret, Cato ap. Gell. 2, 6, 7; Maecr. 8, 6, 7, 10; hortar ne cuiusquam misereas, Quin spoliis multas lacceras, queneque macta sis, Ter. Hee. 1, 1, 8; inuidia quae solent laccere plerosque, Cie. Brut. 150; optimum uirum lacero ore, Phil. 11, 51; ad reliquias uitae laccernas et distrahebant, Quint. 50; probis, Liv. 31, 6, 5; Nasonis carmina, Ov. Pont. 4, 16, 1.

**laccerta**, ae, f. a lizard, uirides rubum Dimouere laccertae, Hor. od. 1, 23, 7; add Mart. 14, 172; Plin. 11, 46 and 220; 2. as edible, perh. a fish, laccertas cum muria sua, Ulp. dig. 33, 9, 3; see laccertus.

**laccertus**, (laccertus) adj. having large lacerati, muscular, brawny, centuriones, Cie. Phil. 8, 26; equi, Varr. r. 2, 7, 13; galli, 3, 9, 5; coloni, Ov. M. 11, 33; uiri, Colum. 10, 9, 4; femini, 6, 37, 6.

**laccertulus**, i, m. dim. a little lizard—hence a cake of this form, Apul. M. 10, 13; wh. some by ej. lat-reulos.

**laccertus**, i, m. a lizard, pieti squalentia terga laccerti, Verg. G. 4, 13; add Colum. 9, 7, 6; Cels. 5, 5 and 8; Plin. 8, 97 and 141; 2. a fish, ad captandos laccertos tempestates non sunt idoneae, Cie. Att. 2, 6, 1; add Colum. 8, 17, 12; Cels. 2, 18, p. 65, l. 21 Par.; Iuv. 14, 131; Mart. 10, 48, 11; 11, 27, 3; 11, 52, 7; 12, 19; Plin. 32, 146 and 149; 3. met. cf. the term musculus fin. mus and Gr. *μῦς*, the biceps, muscle of the arm, O pectora, o terga, o laccertorum tori, Cie. Tusc. 2, 22; laudat...Brachia...et nudos...laccertos, Ov. M. 1, 501; redempti uereri subiecta laccertis Brachia sunt, 14, 304; inueniunt sudantibus acta laccertis, 4, 707; non pateret immanes illos et ad pugnam natos laccertos iactu disci uenescere, Tac. dial. 10; 4. without reference to muscular action, the upper arm, ut auratos gereres Euphylla laccertos, Prop. 3, 13, 57; habebat in laccertis iam et uiri Bardanium, Plin. 33, 40; subducenda pars tunicae ne ad laccertum in actu redeat, Quint. 11, 3, 140; 5. met. in Lydia sunt etiam laccerti, sic ut fieri nihil possit ualentius, Cie. Brut. 64; a quo cum ammentas hastas acceperit, ipse eas oratoris laccerti torquebit, or. 1, 242; Aeschines carnis plus habet, minus laccertorum, Quint. 10, 1, 77.

**laccessitio**, ōnis, f. attack in the way of provocation or challenge, Amm. 19, 3, 1.

**laccistor**, ōris, m. one who attacks by way of provocation, Isid. or. 10 in litt. L.

**lacc-ess-ō**, ere, iui, itum, vb. frq. [fuller and older form of lac-ī-o, lac standing for uel-ac frq. of nullo, pull; cf. for suffix, lac-ess-ō, pet-ess-ō, cap-ess-ō] keep pulling by little and little, attack in a petty way again and again, hostium copiae magnae contra me sedebant, usquequaque laccessebamur, Cato orat. 36, 2 lord.; Vtque fere nondum reserati cereris acer Nunc pade nunc ipsa fronte laccessit equus, Ov. tr. 5, 0, 30; mittit qui miantent ne hostes prole lacesserent et si ipsi lacesserentur sustinerent quoad...Caes. b. g. 4, 11, 6; ferro fortissimum uirum, Cie. Mil. 84; Saguntini... nec laccessentes nec laccessiti per aliquot dies... Liv. 21, 11, 5; 2. morally, as with words, be the first to attack, provoke, challenge, Hic respondere uoluit non laccessere, Ter. Ph. pr. 49; add 13 and Eun. pr. 16; nemo illorum inuicibus mihi fuit uoluntarius, omnes a me laccessiti; tu ne uerbo quidem niolatus ultro me maledictis laccessisti, Cie. Phil. 2, 1; primo laccessere iurgis, Liv. 38, 33, 6; 3. in a friendly or at least not hostile way, slap, strike, Circumstanti propter aurigae manibus laccessunt Pectora plausa cauis, Verg. 12, 85; non est mirandum qua ratione...haec loca per uoces ueniant aurigae laccessant, Lucr. 4, 597; H e odor ipse igitur naris queneque laccessit... 4, 687; add 4, 691; 4. with acc. of the object or result, challenge, provoke, call for, invite, hos ego sermones laccessiti nunquam sem non ualde repressi, Cie. Fam. 3, 8, 7; Imuiscentque manus manibus pugnamque laccessant, Verg. 5, 429; suadente ignota laccessere bella, 11, 254; fortissime laccessere suasis, 10, 10; risus non solum facto aliquo dictone sed interdum quodam etiam corporis tractu laccessit (al. accersit), Quint. 6, 3, 7.

**laccānissio**, (or izo) are, (*λαχανω*, olus) vb.=languet, Suet. Aug. 87.

**laccrima** or **laccrīma** etc., see lacruma etc.

**laccinia**, (laccinea) ae, f. flap of a garment, lappet, Lacrumantem laccinia tenet lacrumans; quidnam 'se di-cunt? Pl. As. 3, 2, 41; At tu edepol summe laccinia atque absterge sudorem tibi, Merc. 1, 2, 16; in laccinia seruantem ex secunda mensa semina, Cie. fil. ap. fam. 16, 21, 7; ita se proripuit ut calcata laccinia togae praeeper per gratius tret, Suet. Cal. 35; add 15; and Ner. 19; ne arrepta laccinia detrahens, Apul. M. 4, 23; 2. a piece of cloth

or rag, porrum serunt in laciniis colligatum, Plin. 19, 120; 3. met. of anything hanging loose or projecting, id. oppidum nelut in lacinia erat, Plin. 5, 148; lacinia folii, 15, 130; 4. esp. the fleshy dewlap of a goat, feminarum generositatis insigne lacinae a ceruice binae dependentes (mamulae pennis de Varr. r. 2, 3; 2; uerniculae de Colum. 7, 6, 2; Pall. 12, 13, 7); 5. in the agri-mensores, a slip of undivided land, lib. Colon. \* 229, 20; 230, 5 and 2 etc.; 6. a subdivision, glex (of sick sheep) in laciniis colomis distributum, Colum. 7, 5, 3; melius est unum gregem totum quam ex pluribus particulatim mercare ut nec in pastione separatim lacinae deducantur, 7, 6, 5; 7. hence met. abl. lacinia, briefly, illud genus oblitum atque id ipsum lacinia, Cic. or. 3, 110; 8. in Apul. several lacinae make up a dress, lacinas quas contendo mihi concesserant, M. 1, 7; gratiam suam probatorem lacinas omnes exuunt..., uadam pulchritudinem suam praebere se gestiunt, 2, 8.

**laciniatim**, (lacinia, § 6) adv. in small parts, non l. disperso sed cuneatim stipato comneatu, Apul. M. 8, 15 f.

**lacinio**, āre, (lacinia) vb., break up into small parts, subdividi, diducimus uitam in particulas ac laciniamus (laciniamus, Haase), Sen. ep. 32, 2; ut (uentus) adhaerens pressule membrorum uolutamento graphice laciniaret (laci-niaret, Hildebrand), Apul. M. 10, 31.

**laciniōsus**, adj. broken up into lacinae or ribbands, so to say, spondylo (ostreae) non carnosus nec fibris lacinosus, Plin. 32, 60; folia, 25, 124; ad effligiem chlamydis lacinosam, 5, 62; 2. adv. not found, for in Plin. 16, 226 Sillig w. best mss lacunosa et crispā.

**lacinium**, ū, n. = lacinia? Epitogum lacinium, not. Tir. 157.

**lacio**, ēre, vb. draw by little and little, a shortened form of laeesso, as capio de capesso, lacio in fraudem inducit, Paul. ex F. 117; in Lucr. q. 1207 Lamb. by good ej. laere in fraudem, mss lacere in f.; 2. hence cliché, allicio, delecto etc.; see laeesso.

**lacotōmus**, see logotomos.

**lacrima**, see

**lacrima**, later lacrima (pron. larma, like Fr. larme, in drama; akin to *δακρυμ*, E. tear; perh. from a form *lac* = *fluor* (of fluo), ae, f. tear, Vt prae lacricia (so mss) lacrimae prosiunt mihi! Pl. St. 3, 12; Strata terrae laere lacrimis uestem squalam et sordidam, Enn. ap. Non. 172, 19; Vt ne restinguas lacrimis i extillaueris, Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 82; Desinite luctu quatuor lacrimas fundere, CIL 1008, 13; neque enim prae lacrimis iam loqui possum, Cic. Mil. 105; multis cum lacrimis obscurare coepit, Caes. b. g. 1, 20, 1; uultum lacrimis atque ora rigabat, Verg. 9, 251; 2. met., as issuing from plants, Nunc medice panem lacrima... Spargite, Colum. 10, 103; e lacrimis arborum quae glutinum parunt, Plin. 11, 14; lacrima uitium, 23, 3; uites lacrimarum nimietate tabescent, Pall. 3, 30; 3. of drops of wax from tapers, lacrimis odentibus, Prud. eth. 5, 22; 4. lacrima also came into use, h. litteram, "inserebant ueteres perlisque uocibus ut sonus earum esset uegiot: sic lacrimas...dixerunt, Gell. 2, 3, 3; 5. lacrimas pro lacrimas Linus saepe posuit, Paul. ex F. 68.

**lacrimābilis**, e, (lacrim.) adj. worthy of tears, mournful, Verg. \* 3, 39; 7, 604; Ov. \* M. 2, 796; like weeping, de-stillatio, Arnob. 7, 27; 2. adv. lacrimabiliter, Hier. ep. 140, 15.

**lacrimābundus**, (lacrim.) quasi-part. frq. weeping and weeping, Liv. \* 3, 46, 8.

**lacrimātio**, (lacrim.) ōnis, f. weeping, tunicis oculorum quas subinde purificat natura lacrimationum \* saluis, Plin. 11, 147; 2. disease from closing of the exit, oenanthē emenat oculorum lacrimatione \* 23, 9.

**lacrimo**, (lacrimo) ae, vb. weep, cry, Lacrimantem ex abitu concinnas tu tuam uxorem, Tac. Pl. Amph. 1, 3, 31; licet lacrimae plebi, regi honeste non licet, Enn. ap. Hier. epit. Nepot.; te ut a me discesseris lacrimasse moleste ferebam, Cic. Att. 15, 27, 2; 2. w. acc. of neut. pron., Num ite lacrimat uirgo? It opinor, Ter. Eun. 5, 1, 13; 3. in later, wr. w. any acc., or pass. w. nom., nemo tam ferus quin eius casum lacrimaret, ps. Nep. Alc. 6, 4; te non...

lacrimandus eat, Stat. Th. 9, 100; II 4. of plants or trees, lacrimatis cortice myrrhas, Ov. F. 1, 339; lacrimantis calamos, Plin. 17, 107; lacrimat sua gaudia palmes, Venant. 3, 9, 18; 5. a dep. lacrimor did not exist, nec quisquam esse lacrimor credat, Dion. 381, 29 K; in Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 121 Zumpt and Madv. w. good mss give: ecquis fuit quum lacrimaret (lacrimaret?)

**lacrimōsus**, (lacrim.) adj. tearful, mournful, funera, Hor. \* od. 1, 8, 14; bellum, 1, 21, 13; poemata, ep. 1, 1, 67; inssa, Ov. \* F. 2, 387; carmen, tr. 5, 1, 35; 2. of plants, uinum si sint lacrimosae, Plin. 17, 261; 3. tear-causing, Flabiae cape simul, lacrimosaeque ordine tallae, Lucil. ap. Non. 201, 2; omnibus cepis odor lacrimosus, Plin. 19, 101; funus, Hor. \* s. 1, 5, 80; 4. adv. lacrimosae, Gell. 10, 3, 4.

**lacrimūla**, (lacrim.) ae, f. dim. a little tear, a tear-drop, Ter. Eun. 1, 1, 22; Cic. Planc. 76; Catul. 66, 16.

**lactāneus**, adj. milk-like, color, Theod. Prisc. 4, 2.

**lactans**, utis, part. (impl. a vb. lacto) giving milk, full of milk, Vberaque ebiberant auidi lactantia nati, Ov. M. 6, 342; add Seren. Samm. 20; Luctica lactantes nec misit Sassina metas, Mart. 1, 43, 7; lactans (of a wet-nurse), Gell. 12, 1, 17; 2. deum esse Lactantem qui se infundit segetibus et eas facit lactescere, Varr. ap. Serv. G. 1, 315, where is added by Varro (or Serv.) lactans est quae lac praebet, lactens cui praebet; 3. lactantia, edibles made with milk, Cels. 2, 28 and 29.

**2 lactans**, see lacto 2.

**lactāris**, adj. suckling, capra, Marc. Emp. 23 m.

**lactārius**, adj. of milk, as of an animal which still sucks, (danda) lactariis medica, Varr. r. 2, 1, 17; 2. hevia l. sponge or euphorbia, as full of milk, = *γαλακτας*, Plin. 26, 62; opus l. milk dishes, as food, Lamp. Hel. 32, 4; 3. hence lactarius as sb. m., a confectioner who makes them, Lamp. Hel. 27, 3; 4. lactarium as sb. n., a dish of the kind; 5. L. columna, a place at Rome where milk was supplied to children, P. Viet. and Paul. ex F. 118; 6. L. mons, a mountain in Campania celebrated for the milk of its cows, Cassiod. var. 11, 10.

**lactātum**, est potio ex lacte, Isid. or. 20, 3.

**lacteo**, ēre, vb. suck, aut dormi aut lacte, Schol. ad Pers. 3, 17; 2. esp. in part. lactens, suckling, (Romulum) in Capitolio lactentem, Cic. Cat. 3, 19; hostiae, leg. 2, 29; Liv. 22, 1, 15; porcelli, Varr. r. 2, 4, 16; catuli, Colum. 10, 243; porcellus, Apic. 387 Sch.; lactentia uiscera (of children still sucking), Ov. F. 6, 137; 3. absol. as sb. m., one still sucking, Liv. 37, 3, 6; 4. met. annus, Ov. M. 15, 201; 5. of plants yielding a milk, frumenta, Verg. G. 1, 315; sata, Ov. F. 1, 351; l. lactena quum meconia uocauimus, Plin. 20, 67.

**lacteōsus**, adj. milky—and so white, puellae, Catul. 55, 17.

**lactes**, ium, f. pl. [ = *γαλακτες*, says Prisc.; see also § 3] the small intestines, ita ubi necantur uero lassis lactibus, Pl. Cure. 2, 3, 40; quia opera credunt tibi, Vna opera allicem canem fugitum agnibus lactibus, Ps. 1, 3, 85; haec lactes partes sunt intestinorum a Graeco *γαλακτες* dictae et seruauerunt apud nos quoque i lem genus cum singulari haec lactis est, Titinius in Ferentinis; articula cerebellum lactis agnitas. Pomponius in Lare familiaris: oro te uas pro lactes tuas, Prisc. 686 p. 213 K; ab hoc neutro lactes in one et homine per quas labitur cibis, Plin. 11, 200; lactibus unctis, Pers. 2, 30; 2. Probos 1445 in error says: hi lactes genere masculino; see Ritschl op. 2, 576; 3. the soft roe of fish, our milt, G. milch, mueranarum lactes, Suet. Vit. 13.

**lactescere**, ēre, vb. become or form milk, cibis matrum lactescere incipit, Cic. N. D. 2, 128; add Varr. ap. Serv. G. 1, 315; Plin. 11, 237.

**lacteus**, adj. of milk, milky, umor, Lucr. 1, 258; Ov. M. 15, 79; ubera, Verg. G. 2, 525; 2. milk-white, colla, Verg. S. 660; ceruus, 10, 137; 3. orbis lacteus, the Milky Way, Cic. rep. 6, 16; uia lactea, Ov. M. 1, 168.

**lactinea**, *ωγαλα*, Gloss. Philox.

**lacticolor**, oris, a. j. of the colour of milk, sponsia, Auson. ep. 7, 54.

**lacticulōsus**, adj. what? so Scheffer and Bücheler in Petr. 57.

**lactidion**, āre, (λακτιδιον) vb. kick, Corunt. Schol.  
**lactifer**, a, um, adj. milk-bringing, inscr. Mur. 70, 6.  
**lactilago**, mis, f. dwarf-laurel, Apul. herb. 27.  
**Lactilla**, ae, f. dim. little milk-white, = our Lily, a cognomen, Attila M. f. Lactilla, inscr. Fabr. 616, 134.

**1 lacto**, āre, vb. see lactans i.  
**2 lacto**, āre, vb. frq. fin. lacio, allure, draw (one) on, wheedle, I. de amor...lactat, Pl. Cist. 2, 1, 9; pollicitando animos, Ter. Andr. 5, 4, 9; nisi me lactasses anantem, 4, 1, 24; dictis lenibus, Acc. ap. Non. 16, 18; frustrando, Acc. ib.; quae te lactat largitas? Cacl. ib.; Ne porro te error qui nunc lactat, maeeret, Pacuv. ib.; audilitatem speribus suis, Varr. ib.

**lactōsus**, γαλατωδης, Gloss. Philox.  
**lactūca**, ae (lac) f. lettuce, Grataque nobilium requies lactūca ciborum, Verg. mor. 76; add Colum. 10, 179; 11, 3, 25; 12, 9, 1; Cels. 2, 32; albae (lactūcae) quae μαρκανος uocatur a copia lactis saporifica, Plin. 19, 126; add 20, 58 etc.; Prima tibi dabitur nentri lactūca mouendo Vitis, Mart. 11, 52, 5; Claudere quae cenas lactūca solbat aurum, 13, 14.

**lactūcarius**, adj. as sb. m. a dealer in lettuces, Diom. 326, 13 K.

**Lactūcinus**, adj. of lettuces, a cognomen in the family Valerii, Plin. 19, 59.

**lactūcōsus**, adj. full of lettuces, Diom. 326, 17 K.

**lactūcūla**, ae, f. dim. a little lettuce, Colum. 10, 111; Pall. 1, 30, 1; Diom. 230, 20 K.

**lactūlatus**, (lacus) quasi-part., checkered, nestis, Isid. or. 19, 22.

**lacūna**, or lacūna\* (lacus), ae, f. a hollow, small or great; hole, cavern, cavity, cum supercilia cana (sint) et sub eis lacūnae, equum habere annos selem, Varr. r. 2, 7, 3; An tenebras Oculi usat vastasque lacūnas, Lucr. 1, 115; multosque lacus multasque lacūnas\* In gremio gerere (terram), 6, 538; et caecae lustrant luce lacūnas, Cic. Arat. 428; Vnde cauae tepido sudant umores lacūnae, Verg. G. 1, 117; mo contentum lumine cuius Lipia sub attrita fronte lacūna patet, Mart. 8, 59, 2; testacea...sunt diligenter exigenda, ut ne habeant lacūnas nec extantes tumulos, Vit. pr. 4; **2.** of an ashpit under a furnace, lacūnam magnam uti satis sibi ubi cinerem concipiat, Cato r. 38, 1; **3.** as hollows are apt to collect water, a lake, Et tota solidam in glaciem vertere lacūnae, Verg. G. 3, 365; Hi siccant bilubas manu lacūnas, Stat. silv. 4, 3, 54; si desit (anseribus) dunius, lacūna formetur, Pall. 1, 30, 1; lacūnas cisternarum sarcinibus hoc genere, l. 17, 3; but less clearly in: magnas in aquae vastasque lacūnas\*, Lucr. 6, 552; **4.** met. a gap or hole of any kind, a defect, something wanting for completeness, est qui expleas lacūnam Varr. r. 2, 1, 28; ut lacūnam rei familiaris expleant, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 138; unde ne quae lacūna sit in auro, Att. 12, 6, 1; illa quasi lacūna fumae parturam amico utilitatem ratione solidatur, Gell. 1, 3, 23; **5.** for lacuna w. a n. see Munro ad Lucr. 3, 1031; lacūna might have been expected; see lacus.

**lacūnarius** (lacūna) āris, or lacūnarius\*, ii, (only in plur.) ornamental work of the eoffer between the beams of a roof as with carving, gold, etc., gladium e lacūnari saeta equina aptum demitti iussit, ut impenderet beati cornicibus, Cic. Tusc. 5, 62; Non ebur neque aurum mea renidet in domo lacūnar, Hor. od. 2, 18, 2; doctus spectare lacūnar, Iuv. 1, 56; tunc cancrarum dispositiones in conclauibus expeditant, nisi lacūnariis\* ea fuerint ornata, Vit. 7, 21; so lacūnariis\*, 5, 2, 1, p. 108, o Rose; 6, 5, p. 143, 24; 6, 10, p. 149, 24; lacūnarium\*, 4, 3, 1; 6, 4, p. 141, 8; **2.** a sun-dial sunk in a basin, Vit. 9, 8.

**lacūnarius**, adj. as sb. m. a ditcher, Firm. Math. 8, 21; = λακκοποιος, Gloss. Philox.

**lacūno**, (lacūna) āre, vb. hollow, nucleos lacūnatis includit toris, Plin. 15, 35; **2.** adorn (a ceiling) with lacūnaria, Summis lacūnabant alterno murice conchae, Ov. M. 8, 563.

**lacūnōsus**, adj. full of holes, Cic. N. D. 2, 47; interualla, Vit. 8, 61; conuallis, Apul. M. 1, 7; add 9, 9.

**lācus**, ūs, rarely lacus, pit, i, m. [for col-ac-us and so fm. col-dig] a hole, hollow, pit, basin of any kind, see below, and lacuna; but gen. for liquids, esp. water, a pond, lake, lacus lacuna magna ubi aqua contineri potest, Varr. l. 5, 5; qui post Marium et Carbonem consules agri aedificia lacus stagna loca possessiones publice data assignata nendita concessa sunt, lex ap. Cic. l. agr. 3, 7; nos sanctissimae deae quae illos Hennenses lacus lacuque colitis, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 188; Exhalantque lacus nebulam, Lucr. 5, 463; lacu Lemmanno, Caes. b. g. 1, 2, 3; I. Albanus, Cic. diu. 1, 100; 1. Ameri, Lucr. 6, 746; si tibi tanta cupido Bis Stigijis innare lacus, Verg. 6, 134; **2.** an open reservoir or basin made by man, si omnino aqua non esset uina, cisternae lacinidae sub tectis et lacus sub dio, Varr. r. 1, 11, 2; **3.** esp. in Rome supplied by aqueducts, Anionis ueteris...dinidebantur lacibus xcv quinariae exxviii, Front. ag. 80; add Si—S6; Et quodcumque semel charitatis illeuiter omnes Gestiat a furno redentes scire lacuque, Hor. s. 1, 4, 37; L. Iul. Broechus...necanis (genatensibus lacus d'at), inscr. Or. 254; (laeum balnearium)...fecit—for supplying baths, CIL 1166; add inscr. Or. Henz. 7080; **4.** l. uinari, a wine-tank for making wine, Cato r. 25; Colum. 12, 18, 3; so lacus alone, Praemia de lacubus proxima musta tuis, Ov. F. 4, 888; and met., nouam istam quasi de lacu ferudam orationem, Cic. Brut. 288; **5.** of a blacksmith's tank, alti stridentia tingunt Aera lacu, Verg. G. 4, 173; **6.** of an oil-tank, Colum. 12, 50, 5; **7.** a basin for mixing lime, calx in lacu maeerata ascietur, Vit. 7, 2, 2; **8.** prov. of the useless, Diclar siccio uilior esse lacu, Prop. 3, 12, 12; **9.** also for things other than liquids, a compartment, pit, pan, sed et lacubus distinguuntur granaria, ut separatim quaeque legumina ponantur, Colum. 1, 6, 14; **10.** = lacunar or laquear, a hollow compartment in a ceiling, resultant...laesque laequeque, Lucil. ap. Serv. A. 1, 730; **11.** a pit for wild animals, l. leonum, Prud. catb. 4, 65; **111.** **12.** lacus, l. m., L. Cornelio l. f. Sullae...uicis lacu Fundani), CIL 584; wh. see Mommsen for other exx.; **13.** note lacubus § 3 as well as lacubus; **14.** theoretic colacus = E. hollow and bulk, fm. Sc. hole, dig; **15.** of lacubus by the side of ελαχλας, G. loch, E. leak, and w. added idea of water, Sc. loch, E. lake.

**lacūsculus**, i, (should have been lacūculus, fm. lacus), m. dim. a small basin, as for holding oil, lacūsculus, Colum. 12, 52, 3 and 5; or water, 4, 8, 2; lacūsculi, arb. 10, 4; **lacūturris**, adj. (sc. brassica f. or caulis m.), as sb. a kind of cabbage, lacuturres ex conuallie Aricina ubi quondam fuit lacus turrisque remanet, Plin. 19, 141; the place Turis lacus is in Colum. 10, 138.

**ladanum**, or ledanum, i, n. resinous juice of a Cyprian plant leda or ledon, Plin. 12, 75; 26, 47 etc.

**Lacca**, ae, m. a cognomen of the gens Porcia, Sall. Cat. 17, 3; coin in Eckhel 5, 286.

**lacio**, or lido (cf. lacio, bōto), ēre, si, sus, vb. strike and so hurt, ita fora laedunt brachia, Pl. Truc. 4, 3, 9; turbida ponti Aequora libebant (Lacum. cf. diebant) naus ad saxa uirosque, Lucr. 5, 1001; Cape caede hie (Lacum. cf. Lyde) come conde, Attil. ap. Varr. l. 7, p. 367 Sp.; lido κερως, Gloss. Labb.; nec uolnerelaedunt, Ov. M. 4, 602; add 13, 926; dente, Phaedr. 4, 8, 6; **2.** hurt generally, as first physically, Quae lacūnum ferunt festinas demere, Hor. ep. 1, 2, 38; robigne ferunt, Verg. G. 2, 220; (frondes) laesit hiemps, Ov. F. 6, 150; si ignis segetem laeserit, Paul. dig. 9, 2, 30, 3; **3.** met. attack, try to hurt, damage, injure, dicto, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 285; Minus multo aduacter quam nunc laedit laederet, Ter. Ph. pr. 11; cum laesisset testis Silus Pisonem, Cic. or. 2, 285; haesa dignitas, Clu. 118; nullas inimicitias gessit quod neque laedat quemquam neque... Nep. Att. 11, 5; Marius...singulorum modo, modo inuicem laedere, Sal. Iug. 84, 1; maiestatem publicam, Marc. dig. 48, 4, 3; **4.** phrase, nulli laedere os (abuse), ardire omibus, Ter. Ad. 5, 4, 10.

**Laelianus**, adj. of Laelius, names, Caes. b. c. 3, 100, 2; **Laelius**, adj. or sb. a cognomen, Laelia x K. (Nov.), CIL 886; In quo Laclius clamosus coepit ille solcat Edere, Lucil. ap. Cic. fin. 2, 24; Laeliae C. f. Brut. 211.

**laena**, (λαενα) ae, f. a cloak, laena...ut antiquissimum mulierum ricinium, sic hoc (laena?) duplex uirorum,

Varr. l. 5, 30; (M. Popilius) cum consul sacrificium cum laena faceret, Cic. Brut. 50; Tyrioque ardebat murice laena Demissa ex umbris, Verg. 4, 262.

**Laenas**, ātis, adj. a cognomen of the Popili. M. Popilius Laenas, Liv. 41, 28, 43; add Quint. 1, 4, 25; said to be derived from laena as worn by M. Popilius, Cic. Brut. 56.

**Laenilla**, ae, a cognomen, Munnulae Laenillae, inser. Grut. 44, 5.

**laesio**, ōnis, f. a blow, hence injury, damage, attack, purgatio, conciliatio, laesio, Cic. or. 3, 205; add Quint. 9, 2, 2; publica, Ulp. dig. 2, 14, 7, 14; si nullam laesionem ex hoc sentiat patronus, Scaev. 38, 1, 45; coniugi quai nixit) meum ann. xxiii sine ulla animi laesione, inser. Grut. 422, 10; add 428, 10.

**laesura**, ae, f. striking, hence attack, quarrel, coniugi quae nixit meum annis xvii sine ulla animi laesura, inser. Grut. 617, 8; add S28, 10; see laesio.

**laetab-ilis**, e, adj. to be rejoiced at, joyful, quid habet ista res laetabile? Cic. Tusc. 1, 49; nihil intolerabile aut nimis laetabile, 4, 37; factum, Ov. M. 9, 255; sidus, Val. F. 6, 606.

**laetab-undus**, part. frp. rejoicing and rejoicing, Gell. 11, 15, 8.

**laetamen**, inis, n. that which delights—hence manure for land, (secale) ipsum pro laetamine est, Plin. 18, 141; haec sunt laetamina (so Fore. ej.; uss certamina) inuicemque ad tellurem alendam utuntur homines, 17, 51; anserum, Pall. 1, 23; prata laetamine saturantur, 3, 1; nunc oleae l. accipiunt, 3, 20, 2; add 1, 6, 8; 9, 2; 10, 1, 4.

**laetaster**, an error in Fore., see laetentaster.

**laetatio**? ōnis, f. rejoicing, neque hostibus diutina laetatio (laetitia Havn. and many good mss)...relinquatur, Caes. b. g. 5, 52, 6.

**laeticiōsus**, adj. full of petty rejoicing, Petr. 57, see laeticiosus.

**laeticus**, adj. of the colonists called laeti, quibus terrae laetiae administrandae sunt, Th. C. 13, 11, 9.

**laetificor**, ari, vb. r. act the laeticus homo, eaper for joy, egomet me defraudandi Animumque meum geniumque (mss add meum); nunc adeo alii laetificantur Meo malo et damno; pati nequeo ———, Pl. An. 4, 9, 15; Vnde ego omnis hilaris ludens laeticus faciam ut fiant, Pers. 5, 1, 8; 2. as simple vb. laetifico, are, the same, assume a happy look, sol uicis-im laetificat ut cum caelo (terra) hilarata uideatur, Cic. N. D. 2, 102; 3. fertilize (land), Indus aqua agros laetificat, Cic. N. D. 2, 130; agrum suis manibus, Plin. 17, 50; faba solum laetificat steroris uice, 18, 120.

**laetificus**, adj. joyous, nites, poet. ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 69; sine certis imbris anni Laeticus nequeat fies submittre tellus, Lucr. 1, 103; tu laetifica refer Pelagis, Sen. Tro. 605; add Stat. Th. S. 261; 12, 521.

**Laetilius**, adj. or sb. a cognomen, L. Laetili(us), CIL 1470.

**Laetinus**, cognomen of adoption, M. Herennius M. f. Galeria Laetinus, Grut. 418, 7.

**laetisco**, ēre, vb. become joyful, utrumque diui (mss uiri) cultu erga se mortalium laetiscant, an superne agentes humana negligant, Sisen. ap. Non. 133, 3.

**laetitia**, (older laetitia) ae, f. joy, Vt prae laetitia (so mss) lacrimae prosiliunt mihi! Pl. St. 3, 2, 12; add 2, 1, 3 and 6; Ne me in laetitiā frustra conicias, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 51; Gaudia sua si omnes homines conferant unum in locum, Tamen me exsuperet laetitia, Inuent. ap. Varr. l. 6, 6, f.; laetitia opinio recens boni praesentis in quo efferri rectum esse uideatur, Cic. Tusc. 4, 14; exultant laetitia, Att. 14, 6, 2; 2. met., membrorumque omnis aperta est Laetitia, Stat. Th. 6, 52; 3. esp. of vegetation or land, thriving growth, fertility, loci laetitia plures (palmites), exilitas pauciores desiderat, Colum. 4, 21, 2; humi atque stirpis l., 4, 24, 4; add § 12; pabuli, Iust. 44, 4, 15; 4. of style, orationis, Tac. dial. 20; 5. in pl. Dem laetitia de tribus partas per maliciam et dolum, Pl. Ps. 2, 4, 15.

**laetitudo**, inis, f. rejoicing, joy, ex luctu in laetitudinem, Acc. ap. Non. 132, 12; quanta in menando affectus laetitudo, id. ib.

**laeto**, āre, vb. make joyful, oculos specie optabili, Liv. Andr. ap. Non. 132, 33; te triplici bono, Acc. ib.:

2. met., manne, in laetandis arboribus, Pall. 1, 6, 18; 3. laetor, ari, vb. r. make oneself joyous, rejoice, non tam meapae causa Laetor quam illius, Ter. Haut. 4, 3, 9; an Pompeium censes tribus suis triumphis laetaturum fuisse, si sciret...? Cic. Tusc. 2, 22; laetatus tu in omnium gemitu, Verr. 2, 5, 121; at in hoc sit semper laetatus, Phil. 11, 9; 4. w. acc., esp. of neut, pron., utrumque laetor, Cic. fam. 7, 1, 1; illud mihi laetandum esse uideo, Man. 3; laetandum puto casum tuum, Sal. Ing. 14, 22; 5. in old lang. w. a gen., nec ueterum memini laetare malorum, Verg. 11, 280; 6. met., esp. of vegetation, omne nitis genus laetatur tepore, Colum. 3, 9, 8; loca sterilia beneficio laetatur incendii, Pall. 1, 6, 13; colocasiae circa fontes laetatur, 3, 24, 14; 7. laetans, part. as adj. glad, happy, Eos nunc laetantis faciam ego aduentu meo, Pl. St. 3, 1, 6; laetanti animo, Cic. Clu. 28; 8. met., loca aquarum, Lucr. 2, 344;

9. laetanter, adv. gladly, with joy, Lamp. Comm. 5, 3.

**Lactorius**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, arbitratu Cn. Laetori Cn. f. magistri, CIL 571, 5; add Mart. 12, 26, 13.

**laetus**, ōperis, an old part.; akin to E. laugh, g. lachen, and if so to γάλας) adj. glad, happy, joyful, joyous. Quae illae est laetitia quam illic laetus largitur mihi? Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 49; concurrent laeti mihi obuiam, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 25; Catilinam alacrem atque laetum, Cic. Mur. 49; omnibus laetitis laetum esse, fin. 2, 13; laeti uelut explorata uictoria, Caes. b. g. 3, 18, 8; oculos ad sidera laetus Extulit, Verg. 2, 687; 2. met., clamore, Verg. 3, 524; ore, Ov. M. 9, 242; seueritatis laetissimae, Vell. 2, 127, 4; laetior\* colore, Plin. 23, 26; cultus, Tac. an. 2, 75 f.; res laetae, Quint. 11, 3, 116; 3. esp. of vegetation, happy-looking, smiling, laughing, as fertile, growing well, acer, Cato r. 6, 1—quoted by Varr. r. 1, 23, 7; Quid faciat laetis segetes, Verg. G. 1, 1; laetum siliqua quassante legumen, 1, 74; biberno laetissimae pulvere farra, 101; pabula, 3, 385; rapa laetiora\* fieri, si... Plin. 18, 131; laetius\* col. num. Quint. 12, 10, 78; prata, Sen. Herc. f. 702; cf. laetamen, laetificor § 3, laeticus, laetitia § 3, laeto § 2 and § 6; 4. so of that which thrives, in good condition, sleek, fat, hearty, armenta, Verg. 3, 220; sues, G. 2, 520; laetum opere corpus, Plin. pan. 82;

5. gen. that which causes joy, joyful, delightful, (nua) quid potest esse cum fructu laetius\* tum aspectu pulchrius? Cic. sen. 53; omnia hoc biduo laetiora\*, Att. 7, 26, 1; prodigium, Plin. 37, 107; angurium, Tac. h. 1, 62;

6. of style, gens dicendi, Quint. 1, 1, 13; laetioribus\* numeris, 9, 4, 17; laetior\* stilus, Plin. ep. 3, 19, 10; 11 7. w. abl., delighting (in or by), Et laetum equino sanguine Concanum, Hor. od. 3, 4, 34; saecis gens laeta, Sil. 1, 170; 8. w. inf., et ferro uiuere laetiora, Sil. 9, 223; gens laeta domare labores, 3, 575; add 9, 453; 16, 565;

9. w. gen., laetus animi et ingeni, Vell. 2, 93, 2; laeta laborum... Dido, Verg. 11, 73; leues... laetissimum umbrae, 1, 445, wh. Serv. quotes fin. Sal.: frugum pabulique laetus ager; laetus animi, Tac. an. 2, 26; aeris incepti, Sil. 7, 338; laetum tumultus pabem, 14, 270; opum pacisque mene, Val. F. 3, 659; 111 10. laeti (diti), title of certain barbarians in the pay of Rome to guard the frontier, si quis praepositus fuerit aut classi aut laetis, Th. C. 7, 20, 10; cf. Amm. 20, 8, 13; Eumen. pan. Const. 21;

11. comp. \* above; 12. sup. \* above; 13. laete adv., Cic. Phil. 9, 7; Plin. 33, 80; 14. comp. Vell. 2, 45, 3; Plin. 16, 130; 15. sup., Gell. 3, 15, 2; 16. laetum, n. as adv., laetumque rubet, Stat. Ach. 1, 323.

**Laeuianus**, adj. of Laevius, carmen, Gell. 19, 7, 2.

**Laeuicus**, a cognomen, Messius Laeuicus, Oina Laeuica, inser. Mur. 596, 2.

**laeuigatio** etc., see leuigatio.

**Laeuinus**, adj. left-handed, as a cognomen, esp. of the gens Valeria, Laeuinum Valeri genus, Hor. s. 1, 6, 12; C. Valerius, Laeuini filius, Liv. 38, 9, 8.

**laeuus** etc., see leuus.

**Laeuius**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, same as Liuius, as

of the poet, Gell. 2, 24, 8; 12, 10, 5 etc.; Prisc. 1, 269, 6 K, and 281, 3 etc.

**laeuorsum**, (-us\*) adv. towards the left, laeuorsus\* flexo itinere, Amm. 31, 10, 11; laeuorsum vel dextrorsum labitur, Apul. flor. 1, 2; laeuorsum = sinistrorsum, Paul. ex F. p. 117.

**laeuos**, (-us) a, oia (um), adj. (=λαῖος or rather λαῖος, decap. fm. σαλαῖος = salaius) left, laeuus in feminine habet laeuam manum, Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 48; manius, Cic. acad. pr. 2, 145; Radit iter laeuum, Verg. 5, 170; laeuus, Ov. M. 12, 415; Pontus, Pont. 4, 9, 119; 2. in augural ceremonies the king or priest looked to the south, and so had the east of good omen on his left, thus Varr. ap. Fest. 339 A 2: a deorum sede cum in meridiem spectes ad sinistra(m) sunt partes mundi exorientes, ad dexteram occidentes; (inde) factum arbitror ut sinistra meliora auspicia...existenterent (cf. Liv. 1, 18, 6; Plin. 2, 142); hence in augural omens, fortunate, favorable, esp. of thunder, Tum tonitru laeuum bene tempestate serena, Enn. ap. Cic. din. 2, 82, to wh. Cic. adds: At Homericus Ajax...nuntiat Prospera Iuppiter his dextris fugibros edit. Ita nobis sinistra, Graius dextra meliora; Intonuisti laeuum, Verg. 2, 693; foll. v. 700 by: iam iam nulla morast, sequor et qua ducitis adsum; tonitru dedit omnia laeuo Iuppiter et laeuo fulmina missa polo: Augurio lacti... Ov. F. 4, 833; 3. of other objects, pulcerrima praepes Laena voluit auis, Enn. ap. Cic. din. 1, 107; Picus et cornix ab laeu...Consuevit, Pl. As. 2, 1, 12; Augurium cornu, laena cornici omnia, Phaedr. 3, 18, 12; 4. still in ordin. lang., unfavorable, ill-omened, unlucky, perh. because the left hand is clumsy, Teque nec laeuos necet ire picus Nec nega cornix, Hor. od. 3, 27, 15; si mens non laeuus fuisset, Verg. B. 1, 16, A. 2, 54; cum te sie tempore laeuo Interpellarim, Hor. s. 2, 3, 4; nuncen, Mart. 6, 85, 3; 5. laeuus as neut. pl., the parts on the left, Propertius, Ov. F. 5, 257; but in Plin. 6, 202 Silig. v. best mss laeuam; 6. laeuus (see manus), absol. the left hand, ab laeuo, on the left, Pl. Cist. 3, 10; Enn. ap. Cic. acad. pr. 2, 80; dextra montibus laeuo Tiberi saeptus, Liv. 4, 32, 8; add 21, 43, 4; Falernus ager a ponte Campano laeuus petentibus Vrbem coloniam...incipit, Plin. 14, 62; ad laeuam, to the left, CIL 1027; Cic. Tim. 13; Plin. 28, 93; 7. in laeuoni, to the left, Ov. tr. 1, 10, 17.

**lāganum**, i (akin to E. flake), n. a light cake of flour and oil, laganique catinum, Hor. s. 1, 6, 115; humidus cibus assumendus est atque...in lagano similibusque peruerandum est, Cels. 8, 7 f., after a broken jaw; 2. a cake as the basis of a patina Apiciana, Apic. 134 (ten).

**lāgena**, ae, (lagena or lagona\* or laguna\* = λαγῆνος, E. lagona) f. a flagon, a large vessel with a narrow neck, a bottle or jar, esp. for wine, Nomen Laenaest... Quasi tu lagonam dicās, ubi uinum solet Chium esse, Pl. Cure. 1, 1, 78; uinum in lagonam\* (al. lagunam) indito et confundito, Cato r. 122, 123; epulas lagona\* que temptant, Senec. ep. 114, 5; matrem nostram quae lagenas etiam inanes obsequabat, ne dicerentur inanes aliquae fuisse, Q. Cic. fam. 16, 26, 2; signo...lagonae, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 134; add s. 2, 8, 41; Colum. 12, 11, 1; 12, 12, 2; nisi lagona\* (so Halm v. A.) defecisset, occidissent te, Quint. 6, 3, 10; M. Vlpio...diui Traiani Aug. a potione, item a laguna\* mser. Or. 794; 2. of other uses, calcaeto uapore et per lagena collum subente, Plin. 28, 174; aqua multa piceatis lagoneis (al. lagonis\*) condatur, Colum. 12, 11, 1; ut eydona in lagona (al. lagona\*) componatur, 12, 47, 2; intro cito Plenam lagonam\* posuit, Phaedr. 1, 26, 8; add 10; prob. made of glass or earthenware, yet also of roots, e quibus (radicibus) praetenuia fila decerpentes spectabilis lagenas (lagonas A) necunt, Plin. 16, 128.

**Lāgōs**, adj., a kind of vine, tenuisque Lagoes, Verg. G. 2, 93 = leporaria, says Servius; quoted by Plin. 14, 39 as Laga (uma).

**lagine**, es, f. a kind of scammony, Plin. 24, 139.

**lagōna**, see lagena.

**lāgōis**, idis, f. a fish, lepus marinus, Hor. s. 2, 2, 22; cf. λαγῆς in L. S. § 3.

**lāgōna**, see lagena.

**lāgōnō-pōnos**, i, m. pain in the flanks, Plin. 20, 24, 1.  
**lāgōpus**, idis, f. a sort of ptarmigan, l., pedes leporino uillo nomen ei delere, Plin. 10, 133; 2. another bird, Plin. 10, 134; 3. a plant, Plin. 26, 52.

**lāguncula**, ae, f. or lacuneus, i, m. dim. from a lost lago, mis, a small flagon, lagunculis, Colum. 2, 38, 7 and 8; Plin. ep. 2, 6, 2; for lagena the dim. wd. be lagella.

**lāgunculus**, e, adj. of a lagunculus or bottle, piz, Mare. Emp. 36.

**laicus**, (laos) adj. one of the laity, opp. to sacerdos, Th. C. 16, 5, 52; Tert. ad east. 7; Sulp. Sev. h. sacr. 2, 47.

**lālisio**, ōnis, m. dim. the foal of a wild ass, Plin. 8, 175; Dim tueris est onager, solaque lālisio matre Pascitur, Mart. 13, 97.

**Lālisus**, (see lalisio) m. a cognomen, Ti. Claudius Lalisus, inser. Grut. 1142, 8.

**lallo**, āre (cf. λαλῶ, babbling), vb. sing la la, as a nurse does a lullaby to a baby, Pers. 3, 17; Hier. ep. 14, 3; lallare βαβάζειν, Gloss. Philox.

**lallum**, or lallus, i, sb. n. or m., singing la la, a lullaby, Auson. ep. 16, 90.

**lāma**, ae, (laos), f. an abyss, quagmire, Siluarum saltus latebras lāmasque lutosas, Enn. ap. Schul. ad Hor. ep. 1, 13, 10; lūmae ἀπὸ λῆτος τοῦτο, Gloss. Philox.

**lambdacismus**, see labdacismus.

**lambéro**, āre, (āku to lāmina; cf. Fr. lambeau) vb. tear to shreds or ribands, hence met., meo me ludo lāmeras, Pl. Ps. 2, 4, 53; lambērat scindit ac laniat, Paul. ex F. 118.

**lambito**, āre, vb. frq. keep lapping (water), Solin. 15, 12.

**lambitus**, ūs, m. licking, Aur. Viet. 20.

**lambo**, (=linguo; for change of vowel cf. Fr. langue = L. lingua) ēre, laabi, lick, Lucundus puer qui lamberat ore placentas, Lucil. ap. Prisc. 1, 506, 25; horum canum quos tribunal meum uidet lambere, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 28; (piscēs) quia dentibus carent aut lambunt cibos aut iuteos hauriunt, Colum. 8, 17, 11; piscibus... Qui norunt dominum manumque lambunt, Mart. 4, 30, 4; add 14, 67, 1, lagonae collum, Phaedr. 1, 26, 10; 2. lap, as a dog or cat; 3. met., as a river, quae loca lambit Hydaspes, Hor. od. 1, 22, 7; of flame, tectum, s. 1, 5, 73; add Verg. 2, 684; 3, 574; of ivy, l. imagines hederæ sequaces, Pers. prol. 5.

**lāmella**, (dim. of lāmina) ae, f. a thin plate of metal, argenti, Sen. dial. 7, 21, 3; aeruginosa, 10, 12, 2; speculum argenteum tenui lāmella ductum, Vitr. 7, 3, 9.

**lāmellula**, f. dimid. dim., a very thin or small plate of metal, Petr. 57.

**Lāmēnta**? ae, f. = lamentum, Lamentas (lāmēnta?) fletus facere compendi licet, Pacuv. ap. Non. 132, 29.

**Lāmētāb-ilis**, e, adj. of loud wailing, mournful, nox, Cic. Tusc. 2, 32; funera, leg. 2, 64; carmen, Stat. silv. 5, 3, 1; 2. to be mourned over, lamentable, regnum, Verg. 2, 4; trilitum, Ov. M. 8, 263.

**Lāmētātrius**, (lamentum), adj. of mourning, aedes, Pl. Capt. 1, 1, 28.

**Lāmētatiō**, ōnis, f. loud wailing, lamentation, Cura miseria aegritudo laerumae lamentatio, Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 29; l. aegritudo cum ciulatu, Cic. Tusc. 4, 18; add 1, 30; Verg. 2, 4, 47; ut plangere et lāmētatiōne complerimus forum, orat. 131.

**Lāmētātōr**, ἀλμνηστικός, Gloss. Philox.

**Lāmēntōr**, (lamentum) āri, vb. r. wail loudly, esp. over the dead, iubet lāmētari dum exeat: O Troia, peristi senex, Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 8; Quin tibi quidem quod ridens magist quam ut lāmētare, Merc. 3, 1, 4; lāmētari Ait illam miseram, eruebat et lacrimantem se adflicte, Mil. 4, 2, 41; lapides flere ac lāmētari cogisset, Cic. or. 1, 245; 2. wail loudly over, w. acc., te ipsum, Pl. Pers. 4, 9, 7; minus sexaginta, 4, 9, 5; nam matrem lāmētari mortuam, Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 46; fortunam aduersam, Pacuv. ap. Cic. Tusc. 2, 51; caecitatem, Cic. Tusc. 5, 112; imperii calamitatem, Cat. 4, 4; 3. w. acc. and inf., non esse

argentum tibi, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 79; non apparere labores Nostros, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 224; **4.** of the mind, worry oneself about, sed quid ego hic animo lamento? Eun, ap. Donat. Ph. 5, 4, 2; **II 5.** as pass, impers., maeretur fletur lamentatur, Apul. M. 4, 33; **6.** esp. in perf. part. tua fata, Sil. 13, 711; lamentata Dindyma, filled w. lamentations, St. Th. 12, 224.

**Lamentum**, i, or rather lamenta, orum, n. as perh. only found (for lamentum, fm. a vb. ula-, of wh. ula- and eula- are reduplications, =ula-, bark or howl as a man; akin to λαιεε, and =G. heulen, E. howl, and perh. wail), loud wailing or howling, esp. over the dead, negat se uelle suam mortem lamentis aueritorem uacare, Cic. sen. 73; si se lamentis muliebriter dedet, Tusc. 2, 48; add Pis. 59; leg. 2, 64; Lamentis gemituque et femine ululata Teeta fremunt, Verg. 4, 667; filium amisit, quem casum neque ambrosio, neque per lamenta muliebriter tulit, Tac. Agr. 29; lamentis et ploribus euidentem, Apul. mund. 35 f.; **2.** met. lamenta (gallinae), mergentibus se pullis (ducklings), Plin. 10, 155.

**lāmīa**, ae, f. a witch who sucks the blood or devours children, Hor. A. P. 340; Apul. M. 1, 17; **2.** lamiae turres, old nurse's tales, Tert. adu. Val. 3; **3.** a cognomen of the Aelii, from a Lanius, Hor. od. 1, 26, 8; 3, 17, 2; **4.** a cartilaginous fish, Plin. 9, 78.

**Lamianus**, adj. of Lania, horti, Cic. Att. 12, 21, 2; Suet. Cal. 59.

**lāmīna**, lammina\*, laminat (prob. for plāmina and so akin to planus, from a root plā, cf. pando) s, f. a plate, slab, flap, esp. of metal, cum lamina esset inuenta et in ea scriptum Honoris, Cic. leg. 2, 58; tigna laminae serrariae religant, Caes. b. c. 2, 10, 3; angustae lammina\* clauae, Verg. G. 1, 143; Et leuis argenti lammina\* crimen erat, Ov. F. 1, 208; add M. 11, 124; laminat duci, specula fieri non nisi ex optimo (argento), Plin. 33, 128; laminae\* (aeris), 34, 94; (plumbi), 34, 160; ferreis lamminis\*, Tac. h. 1, 79; argenti quod in massa neque in laminat sit, Ulp. dig. 34, 2, 27, 6; **2.** a hot plate of metal for torture, Qui aduersum stimulos laminae cruesque compedisque, Pl. As. 3, 2, 4; cum ignes candentesque laminae ceterique cruciatus admoueantur, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 163; Verbera carumque robur pax lammina\* taedae, Lucr. 3, 1017; add Hor. ep. 1, 15, 36; **3.** of other material, columnae, Ov. M. 5, 172; (dolorum), Plin. 18, 266; ossa in lamina secari, 8, 7; the young shell of a nut, Ov. nux 95; **4.** the flap of the ear, Arnob. 2, p. 72; Cacl. Aur. tard. 2, 21; 14, 198.

**lāmīum**, ii, n. dead-nettle, morsu eurus, Plin. 21, 93; foliis non mordentibus, 22, 37.

**lāmīna** and lamina, see lamina.

**lāmpāda**, wrongly ascribed to Prise. 1, 330, 12 K, who has lampadem.

**lāmpādīas**, adj. as sb. lantern-holder, inser. Or. 2845 and 2930; Nov. Val. iii 2, 30, 1, 1; Iul. ep. non. e. 38 § 166.

**lāmpādīas**, ae, m. a torch-like meteor, Plin. 2, 90.

**lāmpas**, ātis, f. a torch (in poets), Ecce Apollo mihi ex oraculo imperat (so B; al. Ritschl) Vt ego illic oculos exuram lampadis (so Fleck.; mss lampadibus) ardentibus, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 88; lucifera lampade exurat Iouis (nom.) Arietem, Acc. ap. Prise. 1, 245 K; in monte Octaeo illatae lampades, id. ap. Cie. N. D. 3, 41; concieit lampādā\* Turnus Et flammam alixit lateri, Verg. 9, 535; add Ov. M. 12, 247; Pont. 3, 3, 60; **2.** esp. a nuptial torch, missa haec fave Hymenaeum turbas lampadas\* thibicinas, Ter. Ad. 5, 7, 9; Vt...Hymen...ad aureas Venit et accenso lampades igne micant, Ov. her. 12, 138; add Stat. silv. 1, 2, 5; 4, 8, 59; **3.** a lamp or lantern, Set eorum progreditur cum corona et lampade, Pl. Cas. 4, 2, 17; iunenum simulacra per aedes Lampadas\* igniferas manibus retinentia, Lucr. 2, 25; conuolunt lampades\* auro, Ov. her. 14, 255; ferreis lampadibus, Colum. 12, 18, 5 (bi-); **4.** met. a torch-like meteor (see lampadīas), Plin. 2, 96; Sen. n. q. 1, 15, 4; Ianean, 1, 532; 10, 502; **5.** in poets, lamp of day or night, noua reddebat lampade uitam, Lucr. 6, 1198; Phoebeae lampadis, Verg. 3, 637; add 7, 148; cum se bina formauit lampade Phoebe, Nemes. cyn. 130; **6.** met.

fm. the torch-race, nunc eursu lampada\* filii trado, Varr. r. 3, 16, 9; Et quasi cursive uitai lampada\* tradunt, Luer. 2, 79; Qui prior es, cur me in decursu lampada\* poscis? Pers. 6, 61; **7.** for the Gk. forms of cases see \* above; **8.** lampadis in first ex. implies a nom. lampada; perh. also lampadas in Ter.

**lāmpetra**, μολαίνα, Gloss. Philox., hence E. lamprey.

**lāmpyrīs**, iūs, (λαμπύρις fm. λαμπύρα, or λαμπύρις) f. Gk. name of the glow-worm, L. ciendula, Plin. 11, 98; 18, 250.

**Lāmus**, i, m. the founder of the family of the Aelii Lamiae and founder of Formiae, Hor. od. 3, 17, 1; Ov. M. 14, 233.

**lāmýrus**, i, m. (λαμύρος, greedy) a fish of some kind, Ov. hal. 120; and perh. Plin. 32, 149 wh. Sillig. larinus.

**lāna**, (=λαγνη, and ἄγρος, Dor. λανός; perh. for nellana fm. nello, cf. uellus and E. flann-el and wool) ae, f. wool, Inter ancillas sedere iubas, lauaui carpere, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 46; lana ae tela uictum quaeritans, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 48; Domum seruanti: lauaui fecit: dixi: abei, CIL 1007, 8; quasi... lana trahatur, Lucr. 4, 376; quando ad me uenis cum tua colu et lana, Opim. ap. Cie. or. 2, 277; Alba neque Assyrio ficiatur lana ueneno, Verg. G. 2, 405; Aut ducunt lanas aut... Ov. M. 4, 34; Lucretianum delitum lanae inter lucubrantes ancillas, Liv. 1, 57, 9; **2.** wool as used to protect weak organs or limbs, lanam ob oculum, Pl. Mil. 5, 1, 37; cf. lanoculus; lana caput alligat, Mart. 12, 89; brachio lanis oboluto, Suet. Dom. 17; add Plin. 29, 30; **II 3.** met. of like substances, as down, flock, fluff, cotton, eueni, Mart. 14, 161; nemora... molli canentia lana, Verg. G. 2, 120; lana legata etiam leporinum lanam et asnerum et caprinum contineri et de ligno quam ερωδωλον appellant, Ulp. dig. 32, 70, 9; **4.** of fleecy clouds, Tenuia nec lanae per caelum nelleria ferri, Verg. G. 1, 397; si nubes ut nelleria lanae spargitur, Plin. 18, 356.

**lānāris**, e, adj. of wool, woolly, pectus, Varr. r. 2, 9, 1.

**lānārius**, adj. of wool, herba l., fuller's weed, Gypsophila struthium Linn., Colum. 11, 2, 35; described, not named, in Plin. 19, 48; as food increases a ewe's milk, 24, 168;

**2.** as sb. m., a dealer in wool, Pl. Aul. 3, 5, 34 (al. liuarius), Arnob. 2, 70; inser. Or. 1681, 4205-7.

**lānātus**, quasi-part. covered with wool, pelles, Colum. 6, 2, 4; centre lanato, 7, 3, 3; (animalia), Plin. 8, 199; soleae, Mart. 14, 65 lenum; **2.** lanata as sb. f. of a sheep, Iuv. 8, 155; cf. laniger; **3.** of other than sheep, downy, uitis, Colum. 3, 2, 12 and 17; mala, Plin. 15, 48;

**4.** white as wool, folia lanatioe emittit, 21, 147; lupi (the fish), 9, 61.

**lancea**, (=λογχη, Paul. ex F. 118; of Span. origin says Varr. ap. Gell. 15, 30, 7; but lanceas Aetolos iunemisse, Plin. 7, 201; Sueti or Hi-pauli, reading in Siscen. ap. Non. 556, 7 dub.), ae, f. large spear or lance, materibus aut lanceis mapium perturbant agmen, Sisen. ap. Non. 556, 7; ceteri sparios aut lanceas portabant, Sal. Cat. 56, 3; Commius equum coniungit equo lanceaque infesta tenur traiecit Volens, Caes. b. g. 4, 48, 5; disiectam testudinem lanceis contisque scrutantur, Tac. h. 3, 27; add Suet. Claud. 35; Galb. 18;

**2.** as a missile, hunc Lancea consequitur, Verg. 12, 375, wh. Conington says it occurs in Livy; but? Nec uolet excussa lancea torta manu, Mart. spect. 11, 4; Cuius torta manu commisit lancea bellum, Lucan. 7, 472; lanceae est hasta habens amumentum, Isid. or. 18, 7; **3.** met., mihi inuassisti formidinem, iniecit non scimpulo sed lancea, Apul. M. 1, 11.

**lancearius**, see lancearius.

**lanceo**, āre, vb. throw a lance, Tert. lud. 9 m.

**lancēdā**, ae, f. dim. a little spear or lance, Iul. Capit. Maximin., 30, 2; pass. in Apul. M. 8, 27 dub.

**lancēolātus**, quasi-part. shaped like a lancee, plantago, Aem. Macer. 5.

**lancīarius** or -earius, adj. armed with a lancee; Martino... militi annu. iiii in lanciaria (legione), inser. Or. 3384; **2.** as sb. m. a lancer, praecire cum lanceariis, Aem. 21, 13, 16.

**lancicūla**, ae, f. doub. dim. a little d'sh, scale, or plate, Arnob. 2, 59.

**lancinātor**, ōris, m. one who tears to pieces, mangler, gregum, Plin. perist. 10, 1057.

**lancino**, āre, vb. tear to pieces, alium (duem) intra celebris spectacula fori lancinavit, Sen. dial. 3, 2, 2; e consilio rapit homines imperas et noui generis poenis lancinavit 5, 40, 4; add 5, 19, 10; 10, 13, 6; but Sen. Thyest. 778 spur.; fetus (balanens) lancinavit morsu, Plin. 9, 12; condux membratim lancinatos, Arnob. 1, 20; 2. met., Paterna primum (so mss) lancinata sunt bona, Catul. 29, 17; diducimus (uitam) in partibus ae lancinamus, Sen. ep. 32, 2; tot sinus Peloponnesi oram lancinavit, Plin. 4, 19.

**lancula**, ae, f. dim. a small scale (of a balance), Vitr. 10, 8, 4; see lancula.

**landica**, εσχαπα (i.e. κλετορας), Gloss. Philox., hence: hanc culpam maiorem, an illam dicam? Potuit obscenius? Cic. fam. 9, 22, 2.

**lānerum**, uestimentum ex lana suda, Paul. ex F. 118. **lānestris**, (lana :: siluestris: silua) adj. of wool, wollen, pallium, Vopisc. Aur. 29, 1.

**lāneus**, adj. of wool, wollen, pallium, Cic. X. D. 3, 83; infula, Verg. G. 3, 487; in Plin. 15, 50 Siliig. w. mss has coriolana, not corio laneo; 2. like wool, white and soft, latusculum, Catul. 25, 10; lupus (the fish), Mart. 13, 89 (but Damianus, Schneidewin).

**langa**, ae, f. a supposed beast, Plin. 37, 34.

**languēficū**, āre, vb. cause to be limp, droop, or flag, Cic. leg. 2, 38.

**languo**, āre, or languesco, āre, langui, (akin to flaccus, E. flabby, λαν-αρος; also to E. limp, cf. L. lingua, Fr. langue, Sard. limba) vb. get flabby, limp, soft, hence droop, esp. as a flower, flus succisus atrato Languescit moriens, Verg. 9, 436; languentis hyacinthi, 11, 60; flus lopusitus fronti languet, Prop. 4, 2, 40; languescunt (uites) si (uicia) in arboris seratur, Plin. 18, 138; 2. of the muscles, become flabby or weak, languish, as from sickness, fatigue, sleepiness, somno pectora languent, Acc. ap. Trise. 1, 512, 5; corpore languescit, Cic. fin. 4, 65; cum de uia languerem, Phil. 1, 12; nostris languentibus, Caes. b. c. 2, 14, 1; tristi languent corpora morbo, Verg. G. 4, 252; add Ov. Pont. 1, 4, 3; Tib. 3, 5, 28; 3. hence absol. be ill, Nec mea consuetudo languescit corpora lecto? Ov. Tr. 3, 3, 39; Languelam: sed tu... Non habui febrem Symmacho, nunc habeo, Mart. 5, 9; sub natalem suum puerumque languibat, Suet. Aug. 81; ter omnino per xiv annos languit, Ner. 81; 4. of the eyes, from sleep or death, languescunt lumina morte, Catul. 64, 188; languentia lumina somno, Val. F. 4, 388; 5. met. droop, become weak, flag, fail, first of physical things, pelagus, Verg. 10, 289; unda, Ov. F. 2, 775; aequor, Mart. 10, 30, 12; nec Phoebeus nec carbasia, Lucan. 8, 471; luna, Tac. an. 1, 28; iubar (lunae), Stat. Th. 12, 305; ignes, Val. F. 7, 466; 6. of the mind, get flabby, fail in spirit or energy, flag, incitat languentes, Cic. leg. 2, 38; languet iuuentus neque in laudis cupiditate uersatur, Plin. 82; ipsa illa legio hoc nutio languescit, Phil. 12, 8; si nos languere uiderint, ferroes aderunt, Sal. Cat. 52, 18; 7. w. nom. of abstract qualities etc., industria, Cic. orat. 6; amor, Ov. a. a. 2, 436; iustitia, Plin. ep. 3, 9, 19; cupidio, S. 20, 1; affectus, Quint. 11, 3, 2; 8. languit in perf. always trisyllabic, rabies promptissima paulum languit et casus..., Lucan. 7, 246.

**languidē**, see languidus.

**languidulus**, adj. dim. somewhat flabby, flagging, drooping, somni, Catul. 64, 331; coronae, Cic. ap. Quint. 8, 3, 66.

**languidus**, adj. flabby, flaccid, limp, folia languidiore, Plin. 22, 50; 2. esp. of muscles fm. sleep, illness, fatigue, wine etc., languid, faint, weak, weary, quiet corpus... Dedi sopore placens artus languidos, Acc. ap. Cic. diu. 1, 44; uino nihilis, Cic. Verr. 2, 31; add Cat. 2, 10; sopore, Hor. epod. 5, 56; uomerem... Collo trahentes languido, 2, 64; somno, Quint. 4, 2, 106; uoluit, 11, 3, 150; 3. hence absol. ill, sick, languidior, Mart. 9, 85, 1; and met., arbor, Pall. 3, 25, 4; 4. sluggish, tardum ae languidam pecudem, Cic. fin. 2, 40; posse quamuis languida mergi aqua infantes, Liv. 1, 4, 4; flumine, Hor. od. 2, 14, 17; 5. met. faint, weak, first of things, languidiore uina, Hor.

od. 3, 21, 8; aura, Ov. Pont. 2, 1, 2; color, Plin. 12, 43; ignis, 34, 79; add 37, 34; 6. of man wanting in energy, flabby, weak, languid, si qui languidiores fuerant, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 2, 16; philosophus tam l., or. 1, 226; 7. w. abstract notions, studium, Cic. Leg. 28; auctoritas, Plin. 15, 121; 11. 8. languide, ad. faintly, languidly, slowly, without energy, Colum. 11, 1, 17; Plin. 18, 53; comp., Caes. b. g. 7, 27, 1.

**languificus**, adj. making faint, leo, Auson. ecl. 16, 6.

**languitas**, languitudo *apparetur*, Gloss.

**languila**, a magnitudine, Varr. 1, 5, 25 perh. = lancula,

a platter.

**languor** (-gor\*), ōris, m. flabbiness, weakness, esp. from work, fatigue, languor, uel me haec deambulatio... ad languorem delit, Ter. Hant. 4, 6, 3; languore\* oculos sopor operit, Catul. 63, 37; languoribus\* patescit, 55, 23; languore (al. languore\*) corporis, Cic. diu. 2, 128 and 139; Somnus... molli languore solutus, Ov. M. 11, 648; 2. absol. illness, sickness, languore subito laboras, Mart. 9, 85, 3; in languore incidit, Suet. Tib. 7, 2; faucium, Ner. 41; 3. met. of things, gennarum, faintness of colour, paleness, Plin. 37, 130; maria flava languore, Sen. Agam. 162; 4. of the mind, languor, flabbiness, want of energy or spirit, ne languori (al. languori\*) se dedat, Cic. off. 1, 123; quae languorem (al. languorem\*) adferunt, 3, 1; add Tac. h. 2, 42.

**languarium**, idem, n. a name for amber, Plin. 37, 34 (perh. the same word).

**languus**, i, m. a supposed beast of Italy, Plin. 37, 34.

**lāniarius**, adj. n. as sb. a butcher's shop, Varr. r. 2, 4, 3.

**lāniātio**, ōnis, f. butchering, hominum, Sen. elem. 2, 4, 2.

**lāniātor**, *μακρ* *Ναπος*, Gloss.

**lāniātorium**, *μακρ* *Ναπος*, Gloss.

**lāniātus**, ūs, m. butchering, ferarum, Cic. Tusc. 1, 104;

Val. M. 1, 6, 11; in the pl., Tac. an. 6, 12; Arnob. 1, 26.

**lāniscus**, adj. woolly, Labeo, ap. Tert. pall. 1, med.

**lāniēnus**, (lanius) adj. of a butcher, hoc intervallo primum forensis dictatus creuit atque ex tabernis lanienis argentariae factus, Varr. ap. Non. 532, 20; 2. as sb. f., lanuina (sc. taberna) a butcher's shop, Per myropolia et lanienas circumue argentarias, Pl. Epid. 2, 15; ante lanienas piluladure, Varr. ap. Non. 104, 26; 3. butchering, lanienum imminentem fuga uitare statui, Apul. M. 9, 1; add 2, 30; 3, 3.

**lānifer**, a, um, adj. wool-bearing, arbores, Plin. 13, 90.

**lānificium**, ūs, n. working with wool, as spinning and weaving, De lanificio neminem metuo una acetate quae sit, Pl. Merc. 3, 1, 22; Colum. 12 pr. 9; Justin. 2, 6, 5; Ulp. dig. 7, 8, 12, 6.

**lānificus**, adj. working with wool, spinning or weaving, manus, Tib. 2, 1, 10; ars, Ov. M. 6, 6; sorores, Mart. 6, 58, 7; mulieres, Ulp. dig. 33, 7, 12, 5 and 16, 2; hic sita est Amyone Marci... lanificia pia publica, inscri. Or. 4639.

**lāniger**, a, um, adj. wool-wearing, pectus, Enn. ap. Paul. ex F. 53; Acc. ap. Cic. diu. 1, 44; gerentes, Verg. 4, 3, 287; arbores, Plin. 12, 38, of cotton; fertilitas, 11, 8, of the spider; 2. laniger as sb. m., wool-wearer, Ov. M. 7, 312, of a ram; add Manil. 2, 40; 4, 444 and 744 etc.; Phaedr. 1, 1, 6, of a lamb.

**lāniator**, *εργα* *Ναπος*, Gloss.

1 **lānio**, āre, (lānius) vb. act the butcher, cut up as a butcher, ferramenta lānianda carnis causa praeparata, Paul. dig. 33, 7, 18; met. tear (flesh) to pieces, butcher, cum homo a bestia laniatur, Cic. fam. 7, 1, 3; add diu. 1, 106; placari nequeant, nisi lanianda uiscera nostra praebuerimus, Liv. 9, 1, 9; add 3, 29, 2; laniabat dentibus artus, Verg. G. 3, 514; add 6, 404; digitis ora, Ov. a. a. 3, 678; 2. gen. tear to pieces, tunicam, 2, 171; mundum, 1, 60; erinem, Ov. M. 2, 350; nestem, 5, 308; Tac. h. 3, 84; Quint. 11, 3, 174; 3. holder met., classem, Ov. her. 7, 175; tua carmina, rem. am. 367; eor tium, Sen. ep. 51, 13; 4. laniatus, w. acc. in poets, genas, Verg. 12, 606; sinus, Ov. M. 2, 335; comas, 4, 130.

2 **lānio**, ōnis, m. a butcher, arripito cultro de taberna lanionis, Pomp. dig. 1, 2, 2, 24; de lanionis instrumento, Paul. dig. 33, 7, 18; add Petron. 39; M. Thorius M. 1. lanio, inscri. Or. 4229; 2. met., Sedul. carm. 2, 127.



**laniōnius**, adj. of a butcher, mensa, Suet. Claud. 15.  
**lanipendens**, σταθιονικός, Gloss. Philox.: one who weighs out the wool.

**lanipendius**, adj. as sb. m. one who weighs out wool, σταθιονικός ἐργάτης, Gloss. Philox.: 2. lanipendia f., Pompon. dig. 23, 1, 31; add Schol. ad Iuv. 6, 476.

**lanipendus**, i, or lanipens, dis. m. lanipendia, ae, f. the same, Philodestotos...Zosimeni consensuae lanipendi m(er)ito fecit, inscr. Or. 2820; d. m. Irenes lanipendiae, inscr. Spon. 223; T. Flavianus Ang. l. lanipendus, inscr. Mus. Acad. Mant. 22.

**lanipes**, pēdis, adj. wool-footed, lanipedis senis, Cass. ep. Quint. 5, 11, 24.

**lanista**, ae, m. trainer of gladiators, fencing-master, Cic. Rosc. Am. 118; Att. 1, 16, 3; lenonibus atque lanistis, Iuv. 6, 216; et regia verba lanistae, 11, 8; 2. met., Anton. ap. Cic. Phil. 13, 40; Liv. 35, 33, 6; 3. a trainer of fighting-cocks, rixosarum autum, Colum. 8, 2, 5; cf. Plin. 10, 47.

**lanistātūra**, ae, f. the profession of a lanista, quene lanistaturam fecit... quene lenocinium facit, CIL 206, 123.

**lanisticus**, adj. of fighting trainers, familia, Petr. 45.

**lanitia**, or lanties\*, ae, f. wool, Nihil(e) refert mollem e lanitia Attica, An ex hircino pecore uestium geras? Laber. ap. Non. 212, 10; lanities\*, Tert. Marc. 2, 24.

**lanitium**, (lanicium\*) ii, n. wool, Si tibi lanitium curae, Verg. 6, 3, 384; cuius coloris sub lingua habere (arietes) uenas, eius et lanicium\* in fctu, Plin. 8, 189; 2. met. of silk, Scires lanicio\* siluaram nobiles, Plin. 6, 54; 3. a flock of sheep, Arnob. 1, 11 and 21.

**lanitiū**, adj. of wool, grex, Arnob. 5, 25; see lanitium, § 3.

**lanitōndum**, ii, n. wool-shearing, Schol. ad Hor. epod. 2, 16.

**lanius** (often=lanyus), ii, m. a butcher, Tum lanii autem qui concinnant liberis orbis ostes, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 38; add 4, 3, 5; add CIL 1131; Ceteri lanii coqui fautores piscatores, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 20; nidendum ne a lanis emas, Varr. r. 2, 9, 5; Pendere ad lanium quidam uidit simulum, Plaut. 3, 4, 1; 2. to add in a sacrifice, accere hostias Victimas lanis ut ego luice sacrificium summo foci, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 63; add 98.

**lannae** (=launae), λαοβα (car-flaps), Gloss. Philox.

**lano**, vb. ἐριγοργεω, bear wool, Gloss. Philox.

**lanōculus**, i, m. qui lana tegit oculi utitum, Paul. ex F. 118.

**lanōsitas**, ātis, f. wooliness, Tert. pall. 3.

**lanōsus**, adj. woolly, (oui-) lanosi uteri, Colum. 7, 3, 7; barbitum, Apul. M. 5, 8.

**lanterna** (in later wr. laterna), ae, f. [λαντήριον fin. λαμπτήρ] a lantern, Non ego hic sto ante aedis nostras? Non mi est lanterna in manu? Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 250 (255); Ita is pellucet quasi lanterna Punicia, Aul. 3, 6, 30; pueri panosi linea lanterna (so, not laterna, M), Cic. Att. 4, 3, 5; ab eo lanternam (ad laternam) praestant, Val. M. 6, 8, 1; dux laternae, Mart. 14, 61; res diebat omnium sordidissimas, acetum et pulcritum et lanternas (so Bursian)... Sen. contr. 7, 3 f.; in lanternis portant lucernas, Verg. mil. 4, 18 f.; lanterna φανος, Charis. ex. 105 P, 553, 4 K and Gloss. Philox.; lucco lucerna..., lateo lanterna, Prisc. 622 P, 120, 20 K.

**lanternarius**, ii, adj. as sb. m. lantern-carrier, cum Catilina lanternario (so mss) consul, Cic. Pis. 20.

**lanūgineus**, adj. woolly, downy, Apul. herb. 62.

**lanūginōsus**, adj. the same, folia, Plin. 25, 83; araneus, 29, 85; uermiculi, 30, 130; comp., 22, 50.

**lanūgo**, mis, f. wooliness, down, as of plants, fruit, a young beard, Nunc primum opacat fovee lango genas, Puen. ap. Paul. ex F. 94; herba...mollis lanigine abundans, Lucr. 5, 817; tenera lanigine mala, Verg. 2, 51; teneras lanigine malas, Ov. M. 13, 753; uitis canescit lanigine, Colum. 3, 2, 12; harundinum, Plin. 24, 87; hence, linia lanugo, Imit. Plin. 32, 126; 2. the rough surface or sawdust left after drilling, lanigine quam excitabat antiqua terebra, Colum. 4, 29, 16; add Pall. 11, 12, 5.

**lanula**, ae, f. dim. a bit of wool, (alumen) inuolutum

lanula, Cels. 6, 9, p. 247, 14; eanucleae lanulis similes, 7, 7, 1.

**Lānūlānus**, adj. of Lannuim, templa, Capit. Anton. S. 3; populus, Cato ap. Prisc. 1, 129 K; hospites, Naev. ap. Macr. s. 3, 18, 6.

**Lānūnus**, or Lanuinus\*, adj. the same, colui, Cic. fam. 9, 22, 4; agro, Hor. od. 3, 27, 3; Lanuinis ciuitas data, Liv. 8, 14, 2; C. Sallio C. f. Quir. Proculo...pontifici Lanuinorum\*, inscr. Or. 106; cf. 5177\*; senatus P. Q. Lanuinus\*, 3786; relectorum operum publicorum Lanuinorum\*, 4014; 2. lunoni Lanuinuiae (sic), 1292.

**lanx**, lancis (for lano) and that for palans, akin to planus palam pando), f. a dish, esp. for serving dinner etc., Pernam suis...In carnario fortasse dicis? Immo in lancibus, Pl. Cure. 2, 3, 45; in filicatis lancibus aperies nos solos pascere, Cic. Att. 6, 1, 13; Curat aut lancis, Hor. s. 4, 41; add Ov. 3, 5, 19; sic implet...scutulus canasque lancis, Mart. 11, 31, 19; lancis e centenis libris argenti, Plin. 33, 145; 2. in religious rites, Baccho lancis et liba feremus, Verg. 2, 3, 394; add 2, 194; Nec...Tura minus, grandi quam data lance, ualent, Ov. Pont. 4, 8, 40; 3. scale of a weighing-machine, lancem in libra ponderibus impositis deprimi, Cic. aead. pr. 38; cum in alteram lancem animi bona inponat, in alteram corporis, Tusc. 5, 51; add Verg. 12, 725; quod et in persona mulieris aequa lance seruari aequitatis suggerit ratio, Modest. dig. 42, 1, 20; 4. lanx as used in search as to a theft, qui quereere uelit (furtum) nudus quacrat linco cinctus lancem habens, Gai. 3, 192; furta per lancem lincoque concipere, Gell. 11, 18, 9; add Paul. ex F. p. 117.

**lāpāthium**, or lapatium, ii, n. sorrel, Lapatium nullum utebatur, hardum luraebat hibens, Pompon. ap. Non. 11, 3; lane nonlapatium consequi lapatio et tisana possum, Varr. ap. Non. 550, 19; add Varr. 1, 5, 21.

**lāpāthum**, i, n. (λαπάθος) or lapathus (os), i, m.\* or f.f., sorrel, O lapathē\*, ut letare nec es satis cognitus qui sis! Lucil. ap. Cic. fin. 2, 24; Aut herba lapathi prata amantis, Hor. epod. 2, 54; add s. 2, 4, 29; Lubrica iam lapathos f., Colum. 10, 373; aequinoctio autumnali seruntur malua lapathum..., Plin. 19, 170; add 184 etc.

**lapidea**, ae, m. (implies a sb. lap-), a stonecutter, qui lapides caedunt, lapicidias, Varr. 1, 8, 33.

**lapicidina**, (-caedina\*), ae, f. a stonecutter's place of working, a quarry, Quid fecisti? In lapicidinas compeditum condidi, Pl. Capt. 5, 1, 24; add 3, 5, 78; 5, 4, 3; in Chiorum lapicidinis, Cic. diu. 1, 23; add Varr. r. 1, 2, 23; Plin. 7, 195; 36, 55; nouae lapicidinae\* adinuenta, inscr. Or. 1243; ser(uns) a lapicidinis, inscr. Grut. 593, 8; see lapidicina.

**lapicidinarius**, adj. as sb. m. a quarryman, T. Tremellius T. l. Nestor lapicidinarius, inscr. Or. 3246.

**lapidāris**, e, adj. of stone, terminos, inscr. Or. 4334.

**lapidarius**, adj. of stone, latomiae, Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 65; litterae, capital letters, Petron. 58; nauiis for carriage of stone, 117; opusces, inscr. Or. 4208; 2. as sb. m. a stonecutter, inscr. Or. 4220; Ulp. dig. 13, 6, 5, 7.

**lapidatio**, ōnis, f. throwing of stones, stoning, it magna 1, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 95; add or. 2, 197; Flor. 1, 43, 5; grandis, Constant. C. 9, 16, 3.

**lapidator**, ōris, m. thrower of stones, Cic. dom. 13.

**lapidesco**, ēre, vb. become stone, be petrified, tactu protinus 1, Plin. 32, 22; become hard as stone, 16, 21.

**lapideus**, adj. of stone, Cic. leg. 2, 45; margines (fluminis) Varr. r. 3, 5, 9; murus, Liv. 1, 38, 6; 2. of stones, imber, Cic. diu. 2, 60; campi, Plin. 3, 34; 3. met., lapides sum, commouere me non audeo, Pl. Tiuc. 4, 3, 43; cor, Eun. ap. Paul. ex Fest. 162.

**lapidescer**, xarogios, Gloss. Philox.

**lapidicina**, ae, by metathesis for lapicidina, encouraged by the form lapida stone, f. got into use in late writers, Ulp. dig. 7, 1, 9, 2; 27, 9, 3, 6; Paul. 24, 3, 8; 50, 16, 77; Pompon. 23, 3, 32; Ianol. 23, 5, 18 (ubi); so also Consent. 391, 22; not. Tyr. 93; Gloss. Philox. and Gloss. Hildich.

**lapide**, āre, vb. pelt with stones, stone, cum lapidare coeperunt, bell. Hisp. 22, 4; exercitus Postumium, Flor. 1,

22, 2; templa, Suet. Cal. 5; te, Petron. 93; 2. throw stones by way of burial on a corpse, Petron. 114; 3. vb. impers. lapidat, it rains stones, Liv. 27, 37, 1; 43, 13, 3; 4. pass. impers., Liv. 29, 10, 4; 29, 14, 4. **lapidōsitas**, atis, f. a stony substance, Tert. hab. mul. 6.

**lapidōsus**, adj. full of stones, stony, terra, Varr. r. 1, 9, 2; agr. Ov. M. 8, 799; chiriagra, Pers. 5, 58; 2. hard as stone, stony, cornu, Verg. G. 2, 34; poma, Colum. 10, 15; (gemma) Plin. 37, 145; 3. coup., Plin. 34, 120.

**lapidescere**, etc. vb. turn to stone (of little things), Tert. nat. 2, 12.

**lapidulus**, m. doub. dim. a tiny stone, Solin. 10, 12. **lapillus** (for lapidulus), i, m. dim. a little stone, innatit somnos crepitantibus unda lapillis, Ov. M. 11, 604; excubilis (grunni) lapillum pede sustentis, Plin. 10, 59; 2. black and white stones to mark the lucky and unlucky, mneis atrisque lapillis, Ov. M. 15, 41; meliore lapillo, Pers. 2, 1; Mart. 9, 52, 55; cf. Plin. 7, 131; 3. of jewels, nuceis uiridisque lapillis, pearls and emeralds, Hor. s. 1, 2, 80; non caris aures onerate lapillis, Ov. a. a. 3, 129; Eoi, Prop. 1, 15, 7; 4. in the jurists gemmae and lapilli are distinguished, gemmae perlicuae materiae, velut smaragdi; lapilli contrariae naturae, ut obsidiani, Serv. ap. Ulp. 34, 2, 19, 17; hence: aurum gemmae lapilli, Ulp. 34, 2, 25, 10; lapilli vel margaritae vel gemmae, ib. § 11; 5. a stone of mosaic, Hor. ep. 1, 10, 19; 6. a small tombstone, inscr. Mur. 1530, 6; 2058, 4.

**lāpio**, ire, vb. turn to stone, petrify, Lapid cor curā, earumina corpus conficit, Acaev. ap. Non. 23, 8.

1. **lāpis**, idis, m. (f. Enn. see § 1) [for cal-ap-id; and apand id, forae and ig suffixes of dim., so that cal-ap = cal-e (n. calx); lapid-cidina implies a noun lap-e-cal without the id; the cal or rather car, the noise of scratching; see calx and cf. λαας, λαωτο, etc.] prop. a piece of stone, a small stone, a stone, and so opposed at times to saxum, est et uiridis (silix) uehementer igni resistens est nusquam copiosus, et ubi inuenitur, lapis, non saxum est, Plin. 36, 169; add 36, 136; tanto sublatae sunt Augmine tum lapides, Enn. an. 542 V; edepol te hodie lapide percussum uelino, Pl. St. 4, 2, 33; M. Aemilium lapide percussum esse, Cic. or. 2, 197; Vnde mihi lapideus? Hor. s. 2, 7, 116; 2. hence prov., Altera manu fert lapidem, panem ostentat altera, Pl. Aut. 2, 2, 19; 3. also of larger stones fashioned by man, as first a millstone, Num me illuc ducis ubi lapis lapidem terit? Pl. As. 1, 1, 17; 4. a boundary-stone, non fixus in agris Qui regeret certis finibus arua lapis, Tib. 1, 3, 43; called sacer lapis in Sen. Phaedr. 536; add Laet. 1, 20 f.; 5. a tombstone, Fac lapis inscriptis stat super ossa notis, Tib. 1, 3, 54; add Prop. 4, 1, 37 and 1, 18, 20; 6. a stone-slab for a sideboard, lapis albus Pocaia cum cyatho duo sustinet, Hor. s. 1, 6, 116; 7. of a statue, Iocundum lapidem iurare—swear by, quoted as an old legal phrase by Cic. fam. 7, 12, 2; Gell. 1, 21, 4; 8. a stone on which slaves were exhibited for sale, necesse nunc uenire te Atque in eo ipso astas lapide ut praeco praedicat, Pl. Bac. 4, 7, 17; uinitoris nunc (uulgus) de lapide posse comparari putat, Colum. 3, 3, 8; and met., duos de lapide emptos tribunos, Cic. Pis. 35; cf. ὁ θεὸς τοῦ πωλῆς λίθος καὶ πωλητηρίου, Pollux; 9. a milestone, nostri materiae uiae fundum qui est ad quartum et uicesimum lapidem uia Salaria a Roma, Varr. r. 3, 2, 14; non intra uicesimum lapidem annum oppugnationem perferre piget, Liv. 5, 4, 12; Sacra uidet fieri sextus ab urbe lapis, Ov. F. 6, 682; and with lapis omitted, add duodecimum a Cremona, Tac. h. 2, 24; add octauum a Bedriaco progressus, 3, 15; 10. stone generally, lapidum natura restat, Plin. 36, 1; Thelaeus lapis, 36, 63; Phrygus lapis, 36, 143; 1. bibulus, Verg. G. 2, 348; 11. sometimes opposed to marble, fuit inter lapidum atque marmoris differentia iam et apud Homerum diem enim marmore saxo percussam, Plin. 36, 45; Nerone princeps in Capidoglio repositus est lapis duritia marmoris, 36, 163; 12. of precious stones, esp. pearls, aut perliculi delictis lapidis, Catul. 69, 4; Vel nos in mare proximum Gemmas et lapides aurum et inutile—Mittamus, Hor. od. 3, 24, 48; feminarum quis lapidum causa pecuniae nostrae

ad externas gentes transferantur, Tac. an. 3, 53 f.; add Ov. med. f. 20 and a. a. 432; Mart. 11, 50, 4; Sen. Phaedr. 399; Hec. Oct. 666; Sil. 12, 231; see lapillus; 13. of a fool, blockhead, quid stas lapis? Quin accipis? Ter. Haut. 4, 7, 3; Quot res dedere uis possem persentiscere, Ni essem lapis? 5, 1, 44; cf. Nam tu es lapide silice stultior, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 78; 14. or a brute, Ah! lapis est ferrumque, suam quicunque puellam Verberat, Tib. 1, 10, 59; but in Ov. her. 10, 50 only could as a stone; 15. lapis caudinus, a white stone as emblem of good fortune, Quo lapide illa diem candidiore notet, Catul. 68, 148—see calculus; 16. phrases: lapides loquens, of cutting remarks, Pl. Aut. 2, 1, 30; Nobis amabo uerberare lapidem, ne perdas manum, Cure. 1, 3, 41.

2. **lāpis**, is, m. or f. [lapid- for lap-ic] a stone, Obcum bunt multi letum ferroque lapique, Enn. an. 390 V—hence lapis-cid-ina, and vb. lapio.

**lappa**, ae, f. the plant bur, intereunt segetes, subit aspera silina Lappaque tribulique, Verg. G. 1, 153; Mixta tenet segeti crescere lappa solat. Ov. Pont. 2, 1, 14; add Plin. 18, 153; 2. the hooked fruit of other plants, Plin. 25, 81 and 104.

**lappaeus**, (lappae- or lappag-; old erude form of lappa) adj. made up of burs, capita, Plin. 22, 41.

**lappag-o**, inis (id.), f. dim. a small bur, Plin. 26, 102.

**lapsana**, ae, f. an edible plant, sinapis alba, e lapsana cibum mel ceram, Varr. r. 3, 16, 25; add Colum. 9, 4, 5; 12, 7, 1; (stomachica aliena) l., Cels. 2, 25; (urinum mouens), 2, 31; inter siluestres brassicae l., Plin. 20, 96; exprobrauerunt (Iuli milites) lapsana se uixisse apud Dyrrachium, 19, 144.

**lappilis**, ὀλίς, Gloss. Philox.

**lapsio**, ōis, f. slipping, Cic. Tusc. 4, 28.

**lapsus**, are, vb. frq. slip again and again, in sanguine, Verg. 2, 551; sanguine et lubrico paludum, Tac. an. 1, 65; add Stat. Th. 5, 223; Sil. 2, 632; 2. met., uerba lapsantia, inarticulate, Gell. 1, 15, 1.

1. **lapsus**, part., see labor.

2. **lapsus**, ūs, m. gliding, as of water, stars, birds, etc., Quo Castalia per struētes saxas lapsu aecidit, Laev. ap. Paul. ex Fest. 310 B, 33; ambiguo lapsu refluente fluitique (Maecander), Ov. M. 8, 163; si lacus lapsu suo ad mare profuisset, Cic. din. 1, 100; (stellae) certo lapsu spatique ferunt, poet. ib. 1, 17; medio uoluntur sidera lapsu, Verg. 4, 524; uoluerunt, Cic. N. D. 2, 99; add Verg. 3, 2; lapsus—dracones effugiunt, 2, 225; 2. slipping, falling, lapsu cecidere nestuto, Cic. din. 1, 19; equi, Verg. 10, 750; sustinere se a lapsu, Liv. 21, 35, 12; 3. met., ab omni lapsu continere timentatem, Cic. acad. post. 45; populares lapsus, or. 2, 339.

**laquear** or lacuar\* (laqueus): tribunal: tribunus, save that an r is preferred after an l). aris, adj. n. as sb. ornamental work given, in pl., dependent lychni laquearibus arsis, Verg. 1, 726; Summi lacuaria\* (ad lacuaria\*) tecti, 8, 25; caelationum, Sen. ep. 90, 15; caelata lacuaria, 90, 42; lacuaria nunc et in prinatis domibus auro teguntur, Plin. 33, 57; add 12, 10; lacuaria citro et chore canata, Apul. M. 5, 1; 2. in the sing. si mitor auri Sub laqueare domus, Verg. eul. 64; add Prisc. 1, 127, 7 K; 222, 6.

**laquearius**, ὀροφωτός, Gloss. Philox., add Serv. A. 1, 726.

**laquearius**, adj. m. as sb., maker of laquearia, Th. C. 13, 4; 2. Iust. C. 1, 10, 64.

**laqueator**, ōis, m. a gladiator who attended with a noose, Isid. orig. 18, 56.

**laqueo**, (laqueus) are, vb. inclose in a noose, corpus, Colum. 6, 19, 3; profundum retibus, Manil. 5, 659; se nimio dolore, Laet. ad Stat. Th. 11, 644; 2. w. acc. of met., throw so as to inclose, easum, Grac. cyn. 29;

3. met., si te laqueauerit erus, Lucan. 1, 537; 4. fit (a roof) with laquei or lacunaria, esp. laqueatus, tecta, Enn. ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 85; add Cic. Ver. 2, 1, 133; leg. 2, 2; Hor. od. 2, 16, 11; templa, Lucr. 2, 28; antra, Ov. F. 2, 315; conationes, Suet. Ner. 31; sidera caelum laqueantia, Manil. 1, 533.

**lāqueus**, (akin to *lacus* a hole) i. m. lit. a hole, as seen in laquear, laqueatus; 2. a noose, laqueo collum quando obstrinxero, Pl. Aul. 1, 1, 39; add Cas. 2, 6, 40 etc.; collum in laqueum inserenti, Cie. Verr. 2, 4, 37; laqueis fales auctebant, Caes. b. g. 7, 22, 2; laqueis captare feras, Verg. G. 1, 139; qui sibi laqueo manus attulissent, CIL 1418, 5; 3. met., esp. in pl., mesbes, iudicii, Cie. Mil. 40; legum, Clu. 150; Chrysippi, fat. 7.

**Lar**, Lāris, m. a tutelary spirit, as of a house, attached to the hearth, Ego Lar (so ass and sense) sum familiaris ex hac familia, Pl. Aul. prol. 2; familiar Lar pater, Mer. 5, 1, 5; Haec inponentur in foco nostro Lari, Aul. 2, 8, 16; domino a familia sua manus altatas esse ante suos Lares familiares, Cie. Quinet. 85; creditumque (Sernium Tullium) Laris familiaris filium, Plin. 36, 204; 2. as of roads, inuoco Vos Lares uiales, Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 24; agri custodes, Tib. 1, 1, 20; compita grata deo, Ov. F. 5, 140; compitales Lares ornari bis anno statuit, Suet. Aug. 31; Laribus uialibus, inser. Or. 1672, 1702, 1894; Laribus compitibus (sic), 1664; 3. one of whose festivals was on May 1, Praestitibus Maiae Lāribus uidere Kalendas Aram constitui, Ov. F. 5, 129; add 2, 616; 4. old form w. s, enos Lares iuante, CIL 28.

**Lāra**, ae. f. a nymph of the Tiber, Forte fuit Nais Lāra nomine, Ov. F. 2, 599.

**Lārālia**, n. pl. = Larentalia, Paul. ex Fest. 253 A, 16.

**Lārārium**, ii, adj. n. as sb. a shrine of Lares etc., Lamp. Sev. 29, 31, 4.

**larbasia**, is. f. antimony, Plin. 33, 101.

**Larcus**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, P. Larc(us) C. I. Hill(arius), CIL 888; Larcia P. O. Horae, 1194; T. Larcus, Cie. rep. 2, 56.

**lardārius**, adj. m. as sb. a dealer in lard, inser. Grut. 647, 4.

**lardum**, see lardum.

**Lārēntālia**, ium, n. pl. festival of Aeca Larentia, Varr. l. 6, 3; Ov. F. 3, 57; see Larentinae.

**Lārentia**, ae. f. wife of Faustulus, and foster-mother of Romulus, Liv. 1, 4, 7; Plin. 18, 6; Macr. s. 1, 10, 16; Gell. 7 (6), 7, 8.

**Lārentinae**, (sc. feriae) f. pl. festival of Larentia, x. Kal. Jan. Aecae Larentia(ae), fast. Praen.; Lar. N. P., fast. Maff.

**Lārentinālia**, n. pl. = Larentalia, Macr. s. 1, 10, 11.

**largē**, see largus.

**Largiānus**, adj. of Largus, S. C. Largianum. Iust. C. 7, 6, 12; passed Lupo et Largo consulibus (a. u. e. 795), says Gai. 3, 63.

**largificus**, adj. bounteous, stips, Lucr. 2, 627.

**largifons**, adj. flowing freely, imber, Pacuv. ap. Cie. or. 3, 157; fons, Lucr. 5, 508.

**largiloquus**, adj. talking copiously, gabbling, lingua, Pl. Mil. 2, 3, 47; (mulieres), Cist. 1, 2, 3.

**largior**, iri, vb. r, aet the largus homo, be lavish, Amor laetat largitur, Pl. Cist. 2, 1, 9; amio mea ex erumina (so ass) largiar, Pers. 2, 3, 13; largitus est homo liberalis et dissolutus Roscio, Cie. Rose. com. 27; ad largiendum ex alieno restrictor, fam. 3, 8, 8; neu quibus largiri insuere, Sal. Iug. 8, 2; add 13, 6 and Quint. 38, 1; 2. w. acc. bestow with lavish hand, lavish, libertatem Chrysalo, Pl. Bae. 4, 7, 30; cenam essurientibus, Amph. 1, 1, 155; laetitiam mihi, Capt. 4, 2, 49; te, Mil. 4, 6, 28; Segetes largiri fruges, Emm. ap. Cie. Tusc. 1, 69; de te largitor puer, Ter. Ad. 5, 8, 17; add 5, 9, 31; eripuit aliis quod alius largiantur, Cie. off. 1, 43; Gallis prouinciarum propinquitatis multa ad copiam largitur, Caes. b. g. 6, 24, 5; 3. in old lang., largio ire, benigne largi (al. largito) atque ampliter, Acc. ap. Non. 470, 26; largio pro largior dicebant, Prisc. 1, 392, 21 K; pecuniam largio (so Iordan ei, as inlargibo), Cato ap. Non. 470, 26; 4. hence as pass., Pl. 1, 129.

**largitas**, ātis, f. lavishness, giving with a free hand, generosity, neminem in utramque partem, Aut largitate nimia aut parsimonia, Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 32; add Ad. 5, 9, 28; quae te laetant largitas? Caecil. ap. Non. 16, 20; terra (legumina) eum maxima largitate fundit, Cie. N. D. 2, 156; add Brut. 16.

**largiter**, see largus.

**largitio**, ōnis, f. free giving, free bestowal, l. quae fit ex re familiari fontem liberalitatis exhaurit, Cie. off. 2, 52; nunquam est intermissa a maioribus nostris largitio ciuitatis, Balb. 31; largitione militum uoluntatem redemit, Caes. b. c. 1, 39, 4; add 3, 31, 4; aedificia l., Liv. 25, 2, 8; nullius rei, minime beneficiorum honesta largitio est, Sen. ben. 1, 1, 3; 2. esp. under the late Empire, a largess, Th. C. 11, 30, 25; 16, 5, 54 etc.

**largitiosus**, e, adj. of imperial largesses, officium, Th. C. 6, 30, 24; titulum, 11, 28, 14; 2. as sb. m. commissioner of largesses, Th. C. 8, 3, 1, 1; 12, 6, 6 and 12.

1 **largitor**, āri, a bad ej. in Pl. Trin. 3, 3, 14, where Ritschl from A largiri te illi, other mss largitate illi.

2 **largitor**, ōnis, m. one who habitually lavishes, Cie. off. 1, 64; Cat. 4, 10; Liv. 6, 2, 12; 6, 16, 6.

**largitudo** = largitas, nusquam inuenitur nisi apud Nepotem, says Char. 101, 3 K.

**largitus**, adv. copiously, quid lacrimas l? Afran. ap. Non. 514, 32; add perh. Apul. M. 11, 30.

**largus-cultus**, (largior) adj. comp. dim. rather copious, haustus salinarum, Solin. 7, 4.

**largus**, adj. (f) freely giving, liberal, generous or prodigal, lavish, Audin hunc opera ut largus est nocturna? Pl. As. 3, 3, 8; lingua largior, Pl. As. 2, 2, 24; Iustus iniustus; malignus largus; tristis commodus, Pl. Bae. 3, 2, 17; duo sunt genera largorum, quorum alteri prodigi, alteri liberales, Cie. off. 2, 55; si largissimus esse uellet, emulatore mensura uretury, Verr. 2, 3, 118; largus animo, Tac. h. 2, 59; 2. freely given, copious, abundant, bounteous, copia largissima, Cie. Verr. 2, 1, 158; (soli) eum terras larga luce compleuerit, N. D. 2, 49; aer, Lucr. 4, 894; imber, Verg. G. 1, 23; fetus, 2, 399; lae, 3, 308; nixa, Hor. od. 3, 18, 6; herbae, 4, 2, 55; imbres, epod. 16, 53; metallorum nena largissima, Pl. Cist. 34, 149; pili, 11, 229; largiora stipendia, Tac. an. 1, 31; munus largissimum, Suet. Tit. 7; 3. w. gen. in poets, abounding (in), opum, Verg. 11, 338; comae, Sil. 7, 601; rapinae, S. 250; largas mercedi dextris, 15, 495;

4. w. inf., spes donae, Hor. od. 4, 12, 19; 5. a cognomen, C. Silus A. Caecina Largus, consul of 766 a. n. c.; add Cie. fam. 6, 8, 1; dictus cognomine Largus, Ov. Pont. 4, 16, 17; II 6. large, adv. bountifully, copiously, Nemini credo qui large blanditus dines pauperi, Pl. Aul. 2, 2, 19; add Cie. Mur. 10; largius, Ter. Eun. 5, 8, 48; largissime, Plin. 7, 167; 7. widely, thus approaching the Fr. large, quod (soli) montem Idam exoriens latitudine exsuperet, dextra laeuque large amplectens, Plin. 2, 50; ita ponendae sunt large arbores cydonii, ne alteram... stilificidum tangat alterius, Pall. 3, 25, 21; large uagandi licentia, 1, 30, 3; cf. § 10; III 8. largiter, adv. liberally, lavishly, abundantly, Pl. Most. 2, 2, 8; Caes. b. g. 1, 18, 6; Lucr. 6, 1113; Hor. s. 1, 4, 132; 9. w. gen. as adv. quantitates, Credo edepol ego illic inesse argenti et auri largiter, Pl. Rud. 4, 4, 144; l. mercedis indispicere, 5, 2, 28; Iucii l. feci, Laber. ap. Char. 204, 23; l. pecuniae habuit, Char. 184, 9 K; mihi l. aquae superest, Apul. mag. 28; 10. w. a long fr. Reor peccatum largiter. Immo haec east, Pl. Epid. 3, 4, 49, (cf. 'Language' p. 410); i.e. widely, as also in: Edepol Neptune peccauisti largiter, Most. 2, 2, 8.

**Lāridus**, adj. (perh. for salarius) salted, lardum carneum, Th. C. 7, 4, 2; 2. lardum\* or lardum, i. as sb. n. bacon, lard, quanta pernis pestis neniit, quanta lates lardo! Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 123; add 2, 67\*; Men. 1, 3, 27; lardi frustra, Hor. s. 2, 6, 85; Iuv. 11, 84; Mart. 5, 78, 10; latera lardi, Char. 102, 12 K; and pl. Ov. F. 6, 169; Plin. 28, 227; 3. lardia, ae, as sb. f. (see. carfo) salted meat, Th. C. 8, 4, 17.

**Lārīfuga**, ae, m. one who runs away from his Lares, one who absconds, Petron. 57.

**Lārīgus**, adj. of larch, materies, Vitr. 2, 9, 16.

**Lārinas**, ātis, adj. of Larinum, Cie. Clu. 21 and 24; Liv. 22, 18, 8; Plin. 3, 105; Ac Lārīnum dextris, Sil. 8, 404.

**Lārīnum**, i, n. a municipium of Sannium, Cie. Cael. 40, 41 etc.; Att. 7, 13, 7.

**Lārīnus**, i, m. an inhabitant of Larinum, esp. a title of

a priest of Mars there, Cic. Clu. 43; 2. a cognomen, M. Aemilius M. f. Vip. Larinus, inser. Mur. 849, 3.

**Lariscólus**, i, m. dim. (of Lariscus), a cognomen, P. Accolius Lariscólus, on a coin, Eckhel 5, 118.

**Lariscus**, i, m. dim. (of larus, a gull) a cognomen, M. Ballonius M. L. Lariscus, inser. Grut. 648, 4.

**larix**, iels (= λαρξ) f. a larch, larix nstis radicibus non repullat, Plin. 16, 46; in unore praecipua est, 16, 218; nec ipsa per se potest ardere, Vitr. 2, 9, 14; Et larices fu-  
moque... Lucan. 9, 920.

**Larónius**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, Lar(oni)us, CIL 740; Larónia, luv. 2, 36; Mart. 2, 32, 5.

**lárna** (trisy, in Plin.) and **larna** (di-syl.), ae, f. the spirit of a deceased wicked human being, who torments the living, a hobgoblin, a fury, qui ob adversa vitae merita incerta nagatione punitur, inane terrore laqueum bonis hominibus, malis noxium, id genus larnas perhibent, Apul. d. Socr. 13; add Aug. C. D. 6, 11; Larices hunc atque interperia insanicae agitant senem, Pl. Aul. 4, 15; Iam delira-  
menta loquitor, laruae stimulant virum, Capt. 3, 4, 66; add Amph. 2, 2, 145; Cas. 3, 4, 2; cum de di laruis... placet, Sen. de morte Cl. 9, 3; cum mortuis non nisi larua luctari, Plin. 1, 31; solummentum adigit larua, Veg. 1, 6, 12, 4; add Mart. Cap. 2, 162; 2. as a term of abuse, etiam lo-  
quere, larua? Pl. More. 5, 4, 20; add Petron. 44 (dub.); 3. hence a mask, Nil illi larua ut tragicis opus esse cothu-  
nis, Hor. s. 1, 5, 64; 4. a figure used in magic rites, as a skeleton, formam duri cadaucris... Haecine est larua, haecine est daemonium, Apul. mag. 63; larua argentea sic aptatum ut artienli eius flecteretur, Petron. 34.

**lárñalis**, (at times quadris, \*) e, adj. of a hobgoblin, forma, Apul. mag. 63; 2. of a skeleton, as representing a hob-  
goblin (cf. larua, § 4), nemo tam puer est ut laruaem habi-  
tatum (timeat) nudis ossibus cohaerentem, Sen. ep. 24, 18; l. simulacrum Armeniae regis per quietem agitabat, Ann. 31, 1, 3; Pallorem maciemque laruaem, Carm. Priap. 33.

**Lárñda**, ae, f. a nymph, daughter of the Almo, mother of Lar, object of worship, Varr. 5, 10, p. 79 Sp.; nec Genius domum Lárñda progenitus Lar, Auson. monos. 9.

**lárño**, are, persecte, as does a hobgoblin, bewitch, Num larua tu aut carnis? Pl. Men. 5, 4, 2; pro larua te cir-  
cumeferam, Pl. ap. Serv. A. 6, 229; hunc qui larua putat, ipse est laurus (so Hild. w. xss), Apul. mag. 63 f. 4; add Firm. Math. 3, 14 m.

**lárus**, i, (= λαρς) m. a gull, λαρς larus gavia, Gloss. Philox.

**lárñum**, i, n. a night-stool, Hor. s. 1, 6, 109; ab hoc ferelo ad lasanum surrexit, Petron. 41.

**larsar**, see lars.

**lasciua**, ae, f. running wild, playfulness, sportiveness, piscium, Paevn. ap. Cic. din. 1, 24; hilaritas, lasciua, risus, Cic. fin. 2, 65; tum caput... redimere coronis... lasciua laeta monebat, Lucr. 5, 1400; quem non in iocis evocabit illa l. (blandissimam pueri, Sen. dial. 12, 18, 5; entulos emitti lasciua causa, Colum. 7, 13, 12; of the gambols of a dol-  
phin, Plin. ep. 9, 33, 9; inter pladios se atque framaes saltu incient... aft. audacis lasciua, Tac. G. 24, 3; add an. 11, 31; b. 3, 33; 2. met., O catenarum colone, O nigrarum lasciuae! Pl. As. 2, 2, 32; nec abbi maior naturae l. than in the variety of animals' horns, Plin. 11, 123; 3. in a bad sense, wantonness, wildness, excess, adolescenti... pleno amoris ae lasciua, Pl. Trin. 3, 3, 22; theatralium lasciuiam senectis edictis increpuit, Tac. an. 11, 13; of oratory, Quint. 2, 5, 22; 10, 1, 43; add Suet. Cal. 36; 4. personified, Plin. 35, 110.

**lasciubundus**, in the mss of Pl. St. 2, 1, 16 wh. Ritschl by a sound c. h. abundum.

**lasciui**, ire, vb. play the wanton, run wild, sport, quid lasciu(s), stolid? Enn. ap. Paul. ex Fest. 317 A 15; las-  
ciui magis plerum quam saevire, Liv. 2, 20, 9; exilit agnus Lasciuque fuga, Ov. M. 7, 321; 2. in nenerem, pcedes, Colum. 6, 24, 2; 3. met. of oratory, Quint. 4, 2, 39; 9, 4, 142.

**lasciuatas**, átis, f. running wild, sportiveness, animi, amusement, Cacl. Aur. tard. 3, 8, 118; Asiana, Firm. Math. 1, 1.

**lasciuólus**, adj. dim. wanton, playful, manus, Laev. ap. Prisc. 1, 536, 19.

**lasciuus**, or rather lasciuos, adj. [: lascus (= laxus) :: captivus : captus—see laxus] unrestrained, playful, frolic-  
some, nona proles... teneras lasciuas per herbas Ludit, Luer. 1, 200; capella, Verg. B. 2, 64; tenero lasciuio haedo, Ov. M. 13, 791; puella, 3, 64; pueri, Hor. s. 1, 3, 133; 2. in a bad sense, licentious, lewd, lascivious, temer, Ov. am. 3, 7, 10; libelli, Mart. 5, 2, 5; lasciuissimae pieturae, Suet. Tib. 43; 3. of things, hederæ, wanton, Hor. od. 1, 36, 20; acus, Mart. 11, 45, 6; oratio, over-lively, Sen. ap. Gell. 12, 2, 9; 4. comp., Ov. M. 13, 791; sup., Suet. Tib. 43.

**lāsār** (rarely lāsēr), cris, or lasar\*, áris, n. the juice of the laserpium or silphion, assafoetida, Colum. arb. 23, 1; laser-  
pium cuius snum laser vocant, Plin. 19, 38; add 22, 101—  
roo; etc.; et lāsār algens, Marcell. arm. 54; lasar\*, Apic. 31;

2. the plant itself, radicia laseris, Colum. 12, 7, 4; laseris radices, 12, 59, 4; Plin. 19, 153; 20, 80;

3. another plant of the kind, Syriacum lasar\*, Colum. 21, 59, 5; laser S., Veg. vet. 5, 14, 12; 4. for qty cf. laser-  
picer and laserpium.

**lāsératus**, or **laseratus\***, quasi-part. flavoured with assafoetida, Apic.\* 243; 270; 371; 393; Plin. Valer. 1, 21;

2. **laseratum\***, as sb. n. a condiment of the same, recipe in Apic. 31.

**lāserpiciárius**, adj. as sb. m. a dealer in assafoetida, Petron. 35.

**lāserpiciátus**, quasi-part. mixed with assafoetida, acetum, Cato r. 116; Plin. 18, 308.

**lāserpicer**, or **lasarp\***, adj. bearing assafoetida. Lāsar-  
piceris macti Cuenis, Catul. \* 7, 4.

**lāserpium**, ii, n. the plant assafoetida, Hoc anno multum futurum sirpe et lāserpium, Pl. Rnd. 3, 2, 16; laserpium aceto diluito, Cato r. 116; add Plin. 16, 143; 19, 42—45.

**Lāsēs**, see Lar.

**lāsātio**, onis, f. making weary, Mart. Cap.

**lāsātor**, cris, m. one who wearies, August.

**lāsescō**, are, vb. become weary, fortuna, Plin. 7, 130; uitis, 13, 33; Prud. Symm. 2, 101 (dub.); Hieron. ep. 22, 39.

**lāsītūdō**, inis, f. weariness, fatigue, lotum ut sedes lassitudinem, Pl. Bac. 1, 1, 75; add Merc. 1, 2, 17; populu-  
m, Aec. ap. Non. 336, 28; l. consernum (gen. pl.), Titin. ap. Paul. ex Fest. 270 B 10; ex lassitudine dormire, Cic. inu. 2, 14; lassitudine examinatos, Caes. b. g. 2, 23, 1; l. quae citra fatigationem sit, Cels. 1, 2, p. 15, 5 Dar.

**lasso**, are, vb. (lassus) make weary, weary, fatigue, Diui potentes ferte lassatis opem, poet. ap. Mar. Victor. 79, 23 K; lassauit brachia plagis, Prop. 4, 8, 67; lassata sequendo, Ov. M. 9, 649; quid munia lassas? Lucan. 5, 605.

**lassulus**, adj. dim. weary, Catul. 63, 35.

**lassus** (a variety of laxus), adj. lit. loosened, flabby—  
hence weary, exhausted, lassus de nia, Pl. Ps. 2, 2, 66; Hens tu uitor lasse, CIL 1331; lassum esse aiant, Ter. Hee. 2, 1, 41; proelio fessi lassique crant, Sal. lug. 53, 5;

2. met., animus lassus, Ter. And. 2, 1, 4; Fructibus assiduis lasa senescit Verg., 9, 436; lasa et effeta natura, Plin. ep. 6, 21, 1; 3. w. gen., animi, Pl. Cist. 2, 1, 8; maris, Hor. od. 2, 6, 7; 4. w. inf., uocare, Prop. 2, 13, 28; solnere, 2, 15, 46; mittere, 2, 33, 26.

**lastarius** = λαστάρης, Suet. gramm. 15.

**latebrā**, es, f. a kind of supposed magic power, Plin. 26, 18.

**lateb-ra**, ( : lateo :: tereb-ra : tero; lateb- an older form of late-) ae, f. hiding-place, Quid faciam? In latebras abscondas pectorē penitussum, Pl. Cist. 1, 1, 65; add Pcen. 4, 1, 13; Aul. 4, 2, 2; cum ignaviae ratio te in latebras impelleret, Cic. Rab. perd. 22; ille latebris aut saltibus se eriperet, Caes. b. g. 6, 43, 6; 2. met., lunae-  
que latebras, of an eclipse, Lucr. 5, 751; omnes latebras suspicionum, Cic. Cacl. 53; latebras nox dabit, Ov. a. a. 3, 754; 3. esp. a subterfuge, a refuge, an excuse,

escape from evil, si tuam (nullam) diceream, latebram haberes, Cic. fin. 2, 107; te mirificam in latebram conceisisti, diu. 2, 46; ne quaeratur l. perituro, off. 3, 106.

**latebricola** (latebra, col-o), ae, m. one who inhabits hiding holes, one who shuns the light of day, Pl. Trin. 2, 1, 14.

**latebrōsus**, adj. full of hiding-places, locus, Pl. Bac. 1, 1, 22; 3, 20; uia latebrōsior, Cic. Sest. 126; flumina, Verg. S. 713; pumice, 12, 587; locus, Liv. 21, 54, 15.

**2. met.** quæstio, August. retract. 1, 19 med.; **3. latebrōsus**, in hiding places, l. me occultabo, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 3.

**lateo**, ēre, ui, vb. lie hid, coalesce in occulto latent, Pl. Capt. 1, 12; (fax) multos ante latet, Eunn. ap. Cic. diu. 1, 66; in siluis abditis latebant, Caes. b. g. 2, 19, 6; abditum latere in occulto, Cic. Rab. perd. 21; latet anguis in herba, Verg. B. 3, 93; tu post carecta latebas, 3, 20;

**2. met.** be hid, be concealed, quoniam sub nomine pacis bellum lateret, Cic. Phil. 12, 17; ipsum illud uerum in occulto latet, orat. 237; quæ tantum accenderit ignem Cans latet, Verg. 5, 5; **3. met.** escape notice, and so obtain shelter, erant eo tutiores quod sub umbra Romanæ amicitia; Minuta plures facili præsidio latet, Plædr. 4, 6, 13; **4. w. dat.** ab aliqua ui quæ et oculis et auribus latere solet, Varr. l. 9, 52; at mihi semper, Tu quæ... Ut superi uoluerit late, Lucan. 1, 419; hostique propinquo Roma latet, Sil. 12, 614; but the passage w. mihi latet in Cic. Cat. 1, 15 18 spurious; **5. w. acc.** escape the notice of, be hid from, umma (semen) quod latet nostrum sensum...Latet, si sunt semina in aere, ut ait Anaxagoras, Varr. r. 1, 40, 1; Nec latere doli fratrem Iunonis et iræ, Verg. 1, 130; Nil illud toto quod fit in orbe latet, Ov. Pont. 4, 9, 126; latet pterosque superiorum siderum ignis esse qui... Plin. 2, 82; **6. tute** pone te latebis in Pl. Trin. 3, 2, 27 corresponds to our: you will stand in your own light; **7. latens**, as an adj. hidden, secret, hence latetior origo, August. gen. ad litt. 12, 18;

**8. latenter**, secretly, Cic. top. 63; Ov. Pont. 3, 5, 60; Maer. s. 1, 11, 45 (not Gell. 1, 18, 10).

**lāter**, ēris (akin to *πατέω*), m. a brick made of clay and straw\* either baked or not, quin maceria illa ait in horto quæ est in noctis singulas Latēre fit minor, Pl. Truc. 2, 4, 18; latēres si ueteres ruunt, 50; laterem qui ducit, Lucil. ap. Non. 445, 22 (cf. the use of *ἐκκεν* *πλάττω*), Herod. 1, 179 and duco below †; maceria e lateribus coctilibus... e lateribus crudis, Varr. r. 1, 14, 4; num hoc in latere aut in cemento potuit ualere? Cic. diu. 2, 99; regulas defungit quæ lateres continent, Caes. b. c. 2, 10, 4; murus crudo latere ac luto constructus, Colum. 9, 1, 2; lateribus crudis extruit, Plin. 35, 169; lateres e cretoso solo sunt ducendi, 170; de lateribus qua de terra ducit eos oportet dicam, Vitr. 2, 3, 1 and foll.; coctus later siue crudus, 1, 5, 8; (lateres) fiunt siue creta... mista cum paleis\* intra formam lateri similem depriuerunt... Pall. 6, 12; **2. ingot** of gold etc., lateres aureos, Varr. ap. Non. 131, 14; add 520, 17; ex aerario protulit laterum aureorum xv, argentearum xxx, Plin. 33, 56; **3. phrase**, laterem lauare (sc. crudum) to wash a brick clean (of an impossibility), Ter. Ph. 1, 4, 9; **4. for** neut, g. Fore. quotes later quod... from Varr. ap. Non. 131, 12; but Non. gives same pass. w. later quem, 520, 19.

**latebrālis**, e, adj. of the side, dolor, Lucil. or Enn. ap. Max. Victor. 217, 1 K; Plin. 21, 155; l. cingula, Calp. eel. 6, 40; **2. lateralia**, as sb. n. pl. saddle bags, uinatoria, Scaev. dig. 3, 102.

**latebrāmen**, inis, n. brickwork? or side? Lucr. 6, 233.

**Lāterānus**, adj. or sb. a cognomen, —Plautus Laterānus, Tac. an. 15, 49 and 60; Laterānorum obsidet aedes, Iuv. 10, 17; Laterani (al. Lateranus) aduenit ad aedes, Prud. Symm. 1, 585; hence the Lateran palace, cf. Mayor's Iuv. l. 1; **2. the god** of hearths, Arnob. 4, 6.

**1 latebrārius** (later), adj. of bricks, terra, Plin. 19, 156; **2. as sb. m.** a brickmaker, Non. 445, 21;

**3. lateraria**, ae, as sb. f. brickmaking, Plin. 7, 104.

**2 latebrārius** (latus), adj. of the side, tigna, Vitr. 10, 20, 3.

**latebrēculensis**, e, adj. as sb. m. one who has charge of the Emperor's book of dignities (laterculum), Iust. C. 12, 34, 5; 12, 19, 15; as neut., Isid. orig. 6, 17; *λατερεκουλον παρα βασιλεως λεγεσθαι*.

**laterculum** (for laterculus), i, n. Imperial register of Th. C. 1, 8, 2; Iust. C. 12, 20, 3.

**laterculus**, i, m. a little brick, harne laterculus extruuntur, Colum. 8, 14, 1; crudis laterculus... obstructo sacello, Plin. 30, 63; observationes siderum coctilibus laterculis inscriptas, 7, 193; **2. of other material**, de eruo farinam facito...Postea facto laterculus, Cato r. 109; nil nisi laterculus (of salt or some condiment) Sesamum papauerumque... Pl. Poen. 2, 112; sal qui in laterculis adfertur, Plin. 31, 84; **3. a land-measure**, habentes singuli laterculi iugera xccx, Hygin. agrim. 122, 20; cum agrum laterculi 1 iugera incluserunt, Sic. Flac. 136, 18; **4. mistranslated confectioners**, in Pl. above, and Cato r. 109.

**laterensīs**, e, adj. as sb. sidesman, attendant, Tertul. Marc. 4, 43; **2. a cognomen**, M. (Iuuentius) Laterensis, Cic. Planc. 2, 5 etc.; add Plauc. ap. Cic. fam. 10, 21, 3.

**lateriāna** (pira), n. pl. perh. so called from Laterium, see below, Plin. 15, 54; add prob. Colum. 5, 10, 18; 12, 10, 4; Maer. s. 3, 19, 6.

**latericius**, adj. of brick, turris, Caes. b. c. 2, 14, 4; in domibus latericiis, Varr. ap. Non. 48, 13; marmoreum se relinquere (ubum) quam latericiam accepisset, Suet. Aug. 20; **2. latericium**, as sb. (i.e. opus) brickwork, Caes. b. c. 2, 9, 3.

**laterina**, adj. f. as sb. brickmaking, mercedes pro laterinis deductis, Tertul. Marc. 4, 43.

**lateritana**, see lateriana.

**Laterium**, ii, n. a villa of Q. Cicero, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 1, 4; Att. 4, 7, 3.

**laterina**, see lanternina.

**laterinio**, see lanterniones.

**lateſco**, ēre, vb. become wide, widen, iu uentrem, Colum. 2, 10, 24; ossa, Cels. S. 1, p. 326, 23 Dar.; fascia, Manil. 1, 680.

**2 lateſco**, ēre, vb. become hidden, Cic. Arat. 385.

**lateſx**, (lateſco; nortex; uortio; uomex; uomio, says Prisc. 1, 140, 11 K; ab eo quod intra terræ uenas lateat, Serv. A. 1, 690) icis, m., rarely f.\* a poet. word—lute underground, as perh. in: Nec tibi sunt fontes lateis nisi pæne mariui, Ov. Pont. 3, 1, 17; **2. gen.** water, non calida\* latice lautus, Acc. ap. Prisc. 1, 169, 14 K; Lethæi ad fluminis undam Securos latices... potant, Verg. 6, 715; Desilit in latice, Ov. M. 4, 353; In latice mutor, 5, 636;

**3. of any liquid**, latium frugumque cupido, Lucr. 4, 1093; Absinthii laticeum, 4, 10; liquoris uitiſeni, 5, 15; Lyaeum, Verg. 1, 686; Palladios, Ov. M. 8, 275, oil; nuncios, Prud. eath. 3, 67 (milk).

**lateſtyr**, is, Seren. Samm. 1099, same as

**lateſtyris**, idis, f. a kind of spurge, Plin. 27, 95.

**lateſtyros**, i, f. a plant, also called leontopodium, Apul. herb. 7.

**Latiālis**, e, adj. of Latium, sermo, Plin. 3, 7; Iuppiter, Lucan. 1, 198; caput, 1, 535; **2. Latialiter**; see Latianter, s.v. Latiaris.

**Latiār**, āris, adj. m. as sb. the festival of Iupiter Latialis, Latiar erat exiturus, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 4 f.; Latiar, hoc est Latinarum sollempne, Maer. s. 1, 16, 16.

**Latiāris**, e, adj. of Latium, esp. a title of Iupiter, tuque Latiaris sancte Iuppiter, Cic. Mil. 85; add Plin. 34, 43; Lact. 1, 21; doctrina, Maer. s. 1, 2, 7; **2. Latianter**, adv. in the Latin way, Mart. Cap. 5, 137 G, 139, 2 Eyss.; 192 G, 198, 24 Eyss.

**latibūlor**, āri, vb. r. hide oneself, skulk, nocte ut latibuletur, Naev. ap. Non. 133, 8; Progredere et nequis latibuletur perspicue, Publil. Syr. lb.

**latibulum**, i, u. a hiding place, cum etiam feræ latibulis se tegant, Cic. Rab. Post. 42; tamquam serpens e latibulis, Vat. 4; add Catul. 63, 54.

**latiſciūlis**, is, adj. wearing the laticlave, tribunus, inscr. Grut. 180, 3.

**latiſciūm**, ii, adj. n. as sb. the dignity of the lati-

clavē, Gai. dig. 24, 1, 42; Lampr. Comm. 4, 7; purpura maior laticlavium, Schol. Iuv. 1, 106.

**laticlavus**, adj. having a broad band of purple, tunica, Val. M. 5, 1, 7; mappa, Petron. 32; 2. wearing or entitled to wear the same, m. CAELI...TIBIUS LATICLAVI, inser. Or. 133; tribunus l., Suet. Dom. 20; add Aug. 38; Ner. 26.

**laticlauius** or **latus clavius**, i, the dress with a broad band of purple distinctive of a senator, a laticlave, ad laticlavum procedere, Th. C. 6, 4, 17.

**laticifolius** = *παραφω*, Gloss. Philox.

**laticifolius**, adj. broad-leaved, laurus, Plin. 15, 27.

**latifundium**, ii, n. an estate of wide extent, latifundia perdidit Italiam, Plin. 18, 35; parum est nisi latifundis uestris maria cinxistis, Sen. ep. 89, 20; add 89, 10; Flor. 3, 19, 3; Petron. 77.

**latiloquens**, *παραλογος*, Gloss. Philox.

**Latiniensis**, e, adj. name of a state in old Latium, Plin. 3, 69; add Cic. har. resp. 62; ager L., 20.

**Latinitas**, ātis, f. the Latin language, Latinity, Cic. Att. 7, 3, 10; 2. the Latin franchise, ius Latii, multa (Siculis) Caesar, neque me inuito, etsi Latinitas erat non ferenda, Cic. Att. 14, 12, 1.

**Latinozo**, āre, vb. turn into Latin, Cael. Aur. acut. 2, 1, 8.

**Latinozo**, āre, vb. the same, Cael. Aur. tard. 5, 4, 77.

**Latinius**, adj. of Latium, Latin, ne quis adiese uel... nominus (gen.) Latini, CIL 106, 7; populi tenere Latini, Enn. ap. Varr. l. 7, 3, p. 315 Sp.; Latiniū linguam locupletiore esse quam Graecam, Cic. fin. 1, 107; 2. L. casus, ablativus, (ablative) Varro sextum, interdum Latiniū appellat, quia Latinae linguae proprius est, Diom. 302, 5 K; 3. of lang., Latin worthy to be called Latin, pure Latin, libros subtiles et Latinos, Plin. ep. 5, 5, 3; see also comp. and sup., and Latine below; 4. L. feriae, or Latinae absol., the moveable festival of Jupiter Latiaris on the Alban mount first established by the old Latin states, Latinae instaurantur, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 6, 4; f. L. pontificum decreto instaurantur sunt, Liv. 32, 1, 9; Lat(inae) fuer(e) in idus Aug., inser. Or. 2, 47; add Varr. l. 6, 3; Pompon. dig. 1, 2, 33; 5. L. nia, or Latina absol., the road from Rome to Casilinum, wh. it joined the via Appia, coponem de nia Latina, Cic. Clu. 163; Quorum Flaminia tegitur cinis atque Latina, Iuv. 1, 171; monumenta Latinae, 5, 55; 6. Latinius, as to status, having the Latin franchise, oppidum, Plin. 3, 35 and 36; condicio, 3, 91; ius, 3, 133; (seruum) manumissum modo cinem Romanum, modo Latiniū fieri, Gai. 1, 10; Latini libertini, 3, 55; per legem Iuniam... liberos esse coepisse et appellatos esse Latinos Iunianos, 3, 56; ius Latiniū suorum mihi reliquit, ex quibus rogo tribus ius Quiritium des, Plin. ep. 10, 105 (104); II 7. Latinius, an old king of Latium, Verg. 4, 45; Varr. l. 5, 8; 8. comp., nihil Latinius legi, Aurel. Frontoni 2, 3; sup., Hier. ep. 50, 2; 9. Latine, adv. in Latin, Id nos Latine gloriosum dicimus, Pl. Mil. 2, 1, 9; Latine loqui, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 2; Liv. 40, 42, 13; scire Latine, to know Latin, Cic. Brut. 140; Caecin. 55; L. reddere, to turn into Latin, or, 1, 155.

**latio**, ōnis, f. actus ferendi, legum, passing of laws, Cic. Att. 3, 26; auxilii, bringing aid, Liv. 2, 33, 1; suffragii, giving a vote, 38, 36, 7; 45, 15, 3; expensi, charging to a person's debit, Gell. 14, 2, 7.

**latipes**, pedis, adj. broad-footed, anas, Auieni. progn. Arat. 358.

**latitabundus**, part. frq. habitually hiding, Sidon. ep. 1, 6 f.

**latitatio**, ōnis, f. frequent hiding, Quint. 7, 2, 46; add Ulp. dig. 42, 4, 7, 5 and 7.

**latitia**, ae, f. breadth, latitiae p. lxxv, longitiae p. cxxxvii, inser. Or. 4561; add pass. quoted in iscriz. Alb. Mar. p. 110; fines in latitia breuiore, agrim. 312, 28; latitia finium pedes cl., 319, 24 etc.

**latitare**, āre, vb. frq. keep lurking, Quat ille... mihi latitabat? Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 82; Honestē ut latitaret et nos ludas diutius, Afran. ap. Non. 20, 1; frons-lesque uideri Disperitia inter terram (underground, so Lachm. c.), ass in terram)

latitare minste, Lucr. 1, 892; si latitare uidentur, quaerere qui procurator sit, Cic. Quinct. 54; extrahitur domo latitans, Cln. 39; add Ov. M. 4, 405; Hor. od. 3, 12, 16; qui fraudationis causa latitant, Gai. 3, 78; Ulp. dig. 42, 4, 7, 5; si alii absint, alii latitent, 40, 5, 1; 2. w. acc. hide oneself from, latitans patronum, Pompon. 35, 1, 8.

**latito**, (fero tuli latatus) āre, vb. frq. habitually bear, Cato ap. Paul. ex F. 121.

**latitudo**, inis, f. breadth, width, quantum mae inlongitudine et inlatitudine erit, CIL 206, 39; in hac immensitate latitudinum longitudinum altitudinum, Cic. N. D. 1, 54; regionum, Caes. b. g. 3, 20, 1; 2. met., uerborum, broad pronunciation, Cic. or. 2, 91; Latinita, Plin. ep. 1, 10, 5.

**Latium**, ii, n. the country of the Latins, Qui rem Romanam Latiniūque augescere uoluit, Enn. ap. Acon. in Hor. s. 1, 2, 37; Hor. od. 1, 12, 53; Latiniū autiquom a Tiberi Circio, and soon: unde nomen Latii processit ad Lirin, Plin. 3, 56.

**Latius**, adj. of Latium, Latin, Roman, annus, Ov. F. 1, 1; agri, 5, 91; lingua, Pont. 2, 3, 75; musae, Colum. 1, pr. 30; 2. the Latin franchise, oppida Latia donata, Prisc. 3, 7; add §§ 30 and 135; 5, 20; Latium externis dilargiri, Tac. h. 3, 55.

**latōniae**, see lautoniae.

**Latōnia**, (= Λατρία) for suff. cf. Silvanus, Diana, Pomona) ae, f. a goddess, mother of Apollo and Diana, Latonia parit casta complexu Iouis Deli deos geminos, Enn. ap. Varr. l. 7, 2, p. 302 Sp.; Mercurius cumque eo filius Latonas, Liv. ap. Prisc. 1, 108, 14; Latoniā... confugisse Delum atque ibi Apollinem Dianamque peperisse, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 48; Latoniae tacitum pertemptant gaudia pectus, Verr. 1, 502; 2. note gen. Latonas in second ex.

**Latōnigena**, ae, m. and f. child of Latonia, Latōnigenisque duobus, Ov. M. 6, 160; Latōnigenas deos, Sen. Agam. 325.

**Latōnius**, adj. of Latonia, Verg. G. 3, 6; A. 11, 557; Tib. 3, 4, 29; Colum. 10, 288; 2. Latonia, absol. for Diana, Catul. 34, 5; Verg. 9, 405.

**lātor**, ōris, m. qui fert, l. legis, Cic. Cat. 4, 10; Liv. 3, 9, 6; 3, 31, 8; Quint. 2, 4, 33; but Caes. b. c. 1, 5, 3 dub. **Latōnia**, adj. of Leto or Latonia, Hor. od. 1, 31, 18; Ov. M. 6, 384.

**lātrābilis**, e, adj. barking, uox, Cael. Aur. acut. 3, 11, 103.

**lātratio**, ōnis, f. barking, Mart. Cap.

**lātrator**, ōris, m. a barker, Verg. G. 6, 698; Mart. 12, 1, 1; 2. met., Quint. 12, 9, 12.

**lātratus**, us, m. barking, Verg. G. 3, 411; Ov. M. 7, 362; 2. pl., Verg. 12, 751; Ov. M. 4, 450.

**latrina**, (i.e. lautrīna quod nunc balneum dicitur, Non. 212, 8; or rather lautrīna) ae, f. a washing place, a lavatory, a bathroom, Non pluris facio quam ancillam meam quae latrinam lauat, Pl. Cure. 4, 4, 24; qui in latrina langu(eti), Lucil. ap. Non. 212, 8; 2. a euphemism for a privy, inmundis quaecumque uomit latrina cloacis, Colum. 10, 85; add Suet. Tib. 58; 3. hence in pl. of sewers, abieci in latrinās status insit, Suet. Ner. 24; (si seruum) de palæstra (do)stercorandis latrinis praepont, Ulp. dig. 7, 1, 15, 1; 4. a brothel, Tert. pall. 4, cf. bagnio.

**latrinum**, i, n. the same, Noctu (so Baehrens, Rh. Mus. 29, 300; xss hoc tu) apte credis quemquam latrina petisse, Lucil. ap. Non. 212, 8; (Tu) seque in latrinum ut aliquid gust(e)s ex Cynia haeresi, Laber. ib.

**latro**, āre, vb. [for lact-ēro; and so akin to *λατρεω* and perh. to *blactero* and *blatros*, see below] bark, Tantidem quasi fetae canes sine dentibus latrat, Enn. an. 518 V; si luce quosque canes latrent opinor ius crura suffragantur, Cic. Rose. Am. 56; Nec ueror ne...latret canis, Hor. s. 1, 2, 128; et cū latrantis Ambus, Auieni. Ar. 283; 2. with acc. bark at, Etiam me meae latrant canes? Pl. Poen. 5, 4, 64; senem...adulterum Latrent Suburbanæ canes, Hor. epod. 5, 58; and met., si quis Opprobriis dignum latrauerit integer ipso, s. 2, 1, 85; cerulium pellem, ep. 1, 2, 66; nubila, Stat. Th. 1, 551; 3. hence in pass., hanc (the plant peristeros) habentis negant latrai a canibus, Plin. 25, 120; 4. also with dat., Seit cui

latretur eus solus obambulet ipse, Ov. tr. 2, 459; **5.** bark for, demand with vehemence (esp. food), nonne uidere Nil aliud sibi naturam latrare nisi ut...? Lucr. 2, 17; animus cum pectore latrat, Enn. an. 570 V; latrare Ennius pro posse cōposuit, Paul. ex Fest. 121; cum sale patris Latratum stomachum bene leniet, Hor. s. 2, 2, 17; Cui dat latratos obuia turbam cibos, Mart. 4, 53, 6; met., Quid est? Quid latras? Quid rabis? Quid uis tibi? Varr. s. 149, 3 Riese; latrant quidam oratores, non loquuntur, Cic. Brut. 58; cf. latrator;

**6.** esp. of waves, Hae ubi curo litore latrans (so Seal, ass latrato against metre) Vnda sub undis labunda sonit, Att. 569 R; Cui pater Oceanus cum... exesa in uiscera montis Contortum pelagus latrantibus ingerit undis, Sil. 5, 307; add 3, 470; Stat. Ach. 1, 451; Claud. rapt. Pr. 1, 148; but Lucan. 6, 66 alludes to Scylla; **7.** of barking cat, eurus latrantibus, Petron. 119; latrant praecordia, Stat. silu. 2, 1, 13; latrantia pectora, Th. 2, 338;

**8.** latrans, part. as sb. a barker, in poetry, Ov. M. 8, 344, 412; for length of a cf.: Set nolo mi oblatriam in aedis intronitare, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 87; but the Christian poets shorten it, as Aeneas, see § 1 and: totum hoc circumfābat aëstus, perieq. 48; Phaedr. too 5, 10, 7 has: Canem obliurgat, cui senex contra latrans, wh. Benth. reads Laco, and L. Müller: contra cui latrans senex, but cui so placed would throw the accent on the a of contra.

**2** latrō, ōnis, m. [a foreign word, perhaps akin to *latrop* pay, hire; for suffix, cf. leon-, canpon-] a hired soldier, Nam rex Seleucus me opere orant maximo Ti sibi latrones cogerem et conserberem, Pl. Mil. 1, 1, 76; add 4, 1, 3; Poen. 3, 3, 50; St. 1, 2, 78; fortunaque suis coepere latrones Inter se memorare, Enn. 528 V; ut potius priuato latronum quam regio consilio succinsum bellum uideretur, Caes. b. c. 3, 109 L; ut ex eius pecunia latronum largitio fieret, bell. Hisp. 1, 4; cf. Varr. l. 7, p. 337 Sp.; Paul. ex Fest. s. v., and Serv. A. 12, 7; **2.** by an easy change, a highwayman, brigand, robber, = uirum obsessor, Fest. s. v.; non semper uiator a latrone, non unquam etiam latro a uiatore occiditur, Cic. Mil. 55; Ti ingulgent homines surgunt de nocte latrones, Hor. ep. 1, 2, 32; add uiv. 10, 22; C. Tadio C. F. Seu(e)ro abducto a latronibus, inscr. Or. Heuz. 7303; **3.** = latroneulus, a little soldier so to say, in a certain game, Cautaque non stulte latronum proelia ludat, Ov. a. a. 3, 357; Insidiosorum si ludis bella latronum, Mart. 14, 20, 1; **4.** a cognomen, as of M. Porcius Latro, Plin. 20, 160; Quint. 10, 5, 18; **5.** hence Fer. latron.

**latrocinātio**, e, adj. of robbery or robbers, manus, Apul. M. 2, 14; momentum, 4, 18; castra, Amm. 27, 2, 3; **2.** latrocinatiter, adv. like a robber, Mart. Cap. 6, 206 G, 216, 3 Eyss.

**latrocinātio**, ōnis, f. robbery, Plin. 19, 59. **latrocinium**, ii, n. service in a body-guard, qui apud regem in latrocinio fusti, Pl. ap. Non. 134, 31; **2.** profession of a robber, cum illum ex occultis insidiis in apertum latrocinium coniecinus, Cic. Cat. 2, 1; Catorum latrocinia agitantium, Tac. ag. 12, 27; **3.** a body of robbers, banditti, sublata Mysiae latrocinia, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 25; si ex tanto latrocinio iste unius tollitur, Cat. 1, 31; **4.** robbery by bandits or bodies of men, cum fines suos ab latrocinis tueretur, Cic. Deiot. 22; latrocinia nullam habent infamiam quae extra fines finit, Caes. b. g. 6, 23, 6; in bello latrocinis natos, 6, 35, 7; **5.** act of robbery, in furto aut in latrocinio comprehensi, Caes. b. g. 6, 16, 5; **6.** sea-robbery, piracy, latrocinis ac praedationibus infestato mari, Vell. 2, 73; latrocinio maris uitio tolerabant, Justin. 43, 3, 5; **7.** met., Cic. Rose. Am. 61; Sal. Jug. 4, 7; Sen. dial. 6, 20, 5; **8.** of the game latroneulorum, the men representing soldiers, Sine latrocinii sub imagine calculus ibit, Ov. a. a. 2, 207.

**latrocinor**, ari, vb. r. [from latro, cf. naticinor, patrocinator, sermocinor, lenocinor] serve as a hired soldier, Ibi iste hinc aliquo... Latrocinatum aut in Asiam aut in Ciliciam, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 198; Sed haec (these luxuries) latrocinantur quae ego dixi omnia. Quid ita? Quia aurum poscent praesentiam, Poen. 3, 3, 91; An quia latrocinamini, arbitramini Quidis licere facere nobis nerbo? Mil. 2, 6, 19; Regi latrocinatus annos duodecim (al. decem) Demetrio, Pl. ap. Varr.

l. 7, p. 337 Sp. and Non. 134; **2.** act the brigand or bandit, latrocinantem se interfici mallet quam exulcm uiuere, Cic. Cat. 2, 16; quasi Appius ille uiam munierit ubi impune sui posterl latrocinarent, Pl. Mil. 17; add rep. 3, 15; **3.** of pirates, e barbaris nulli erant maritimi praeter Etruscos et Poenos, alteri mercandi causa, latrocinandi alteri, Cic. rep. 2, 9; **4.** and met., pastinacae (a fish) latrocinatur ex oculo transientes radio figens, Plin. 9, 144; latrocinantis medici, Cels. pr. p. 7, l. 35 Dar., of vivisection.

**Latronianus**, adj. of (Porcius) Latro, color, Sen. contr. 1, 7, 17.

**latroneularis**, e, adj. of latroneulus, wh. see, tabula, Sen. ep. 117, 30.

**latroneulātor**, ōris, m. a detective officer, l. de re pecuniaria indicare non potest, Ulp. dig. 5, 1, 61, 1; latroneulatores in provincias mittere, Iul. ep. non. 15, 60.

**latroneulus**, i, m. dim. a petty robber, est dissimile res cum latroneulis gesta et bellum cum gentibus confectum, Cic. pro. cons. 15; add Vopisc. Firm. 2, 2; a latroneulis obsessus, Ulp. 32, 1; add 49, 15, 24; Pompon. 49, 15, 6; **2.** a soldier or man in a certain game, latroneulus ludimus, Sen. ep. 106, 11; add dial. 9, 14, 7, 10, 13, 1.

**lātūra**, ae, f. portage, Aug. serm. 345, 3 f.; Schol. ad Inv. 8, 144; l. *φορτορ*, Gloss. Philox.

**lātūrius**, adj. as sb. m. a porter, Aug. serm. 18, 4 f.; 38, 9; 60, 8.

**1** lātus, adj. (or rather part. for palatus from a lost vb. palā=spread out, akin to pando; whence also palātum; also akin to *παρις*) broad, wide, si... ex istoc loco Digitum transuorsum aut unguem lātum excesseris, Pl. Aul. 1, 1, 18; indu foro lato, Enn. ap. Gell. 12, 4, 4; lumen longum (pedes) viii, lātum p(ede)m i, CIL 577, 1, 11; fossa, Cic. Tusc. 5, 59; palus non latior pedibus l, Caes. b. g. 7, 19, 1; latissimum flumen, 2, 27, 5; **2.** met. as first of lang., diffuse, ut Stoicorum adstrictior est oratio..., sic illorum liberior et latior quam patitur consuetudo fori, Cic. Brut. 120; Aeschines, nonne his latior? et aulentior? Quint. 11, 10, 23; latiore tractatu, 7, 3, 16; genus orandi... ad implendas populi aures lātum et sonans, Tac. h. 1, 90; **3.** other met., magis homines inuit gloria lata quam magna, Plin. ep. 4, 12, 7; latior interpretatio, Papin. dig. 22, 1, 1, 3; ius dicentis officium latissimum est, Ulp. 2, 1, 1; **4.** esp. l. culpa or negligentia, grave, opposed to lenis, lata culpa est nimia negligentia, Ulp. 50, 16, 213, 2; si cum distrabere deberet, non fecit lata culpa, 30, 1, 23, 3; l. negligentia, 26, 10, 7, 1; **5.** comp., see \* above; sup. †; **6.** late, adv. widely, late specus intus patebat, Enn. ap. Non. 222, 33; et maestas lātē loca quæstibus implet, Verg. G. 4, 515; agri... quo non possederat alter Latius, Ov. M. 5, 131; late longaque, far and wide, Naev. ap. Non. 503, 19; late longaque peregrinatur, Cic. N. D. 1, 54; omnibus longe lateque aedificiis incensis, Caes. b. g. 4, 35, 3; **7.** met., ars late patet, Cic. or. 1, 234; lātus loquuntur rhetores, fin. 2, 17.

**2** lātus, (for latus and that for tol-a-tus, akin to tollō; cf. *λῆτος*) part., see ferro.

**3** lātus, ōris, n. (?) as first of the body, side, flank, lembus ille mihi laedit latus, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 47; dextr(um) latus perdidit asta, Enn. ap. Prisc. 1, 518, 18; eius latus ille mucro petebat, Cic. Lig. 9; In latus inque feri curam compaginis uicini, Verg. 2, 51; **2.** met., Fibrens diuisus in duas partes latera (insulae) adiuit, Cic. leg. 2, 6; latus unum castrorum, Caes. b. g. 2, 5, 5; l. mundi, Hor. od. 1, 22, 19; nascitur exangulis lateribus (crystallus), Plin. 37, 20; triangula aquis lateribus, Quint. 1, 10, 3; **3.** of the muscular action of the sides, esp. as affecting the breathing power, and so the voice, cum ego quinque et sexaginta annos natum legem Viconiam magna uoce et bonis lateribus suauissimè, Cic. Sen. 14; libertum meum admonet uoci laterique consuleret, Plin. ep. 2, 11, 15; neque scientia modo constat orator, sed uoce latera firmitate, Quint. 12, 11, 2; **4.** gen. as seat of strength, at least for wrestlers, neque ex te es nobilitatus (Milo), sed ex lateribus et cæcitis tuis, Cic. Sen. 27; reddes Forte latus, nigros militata fronte capillos, Hor. ep. 1, 7, 20; Longaque fessum milita latus, od. 2, 7, 18; add Ov. am. 3, 11, 14; Sen. ep. 15, 2; **5.** the

flank of an army, as weak for defence, esp. the right flank as having no shields, *nostros latere aperto aggressi*, Caes. b. g. 1, 25, 6; add 2, 23, 5; 6. hence met., triumpho, si licet me latere tecto abscedere, Ter. Haut. 4, 2, 5; nullique malo latus obdit apertum, Hor. s. 1, 3, 49; Saepa dabit nudum vineat ut ille (or illa) latus, Tib. 1, 4, 52; 7. the side of a great personage as flanked by friends, esp. to defend him (see *latro*), and sought by courtiers, *ne tamen illi Tu comes exterior, si postulet, ire recuses*, Vtne teneat spuro Damae latus? Hor. s. 2, 5, 18; Dinitis hic serui claudat latus ingenorum Filius, Iuv. 3, 131; *ne adulatoribus latus praebens*, Sen. n. q. 4, pr. 3; contentum uter det latus illis, 7, 32, 3; nudum erit latus? incommuta lectica? ep. 22, 9; quos nostri lateris comitatus illustrat, Th. C. 6, 25, 1; 8. of collateral relationship, gradus cognationis alii superioris ordinis sunt, alii inferioris, alii ex transverso siue a latere... a latere fratres et sorores liberique eorum, Gai. dig. 38, 10, 1; sunt ex lateribus cognati, Paul. 38, 10, 10, 8; qui ex latere eam duxerit quam uetatur, 23, 2, 68.

**latus cūlum**, i, n. dim. a little side, *latuscula speculorum*, Lucr. 4, 311; add Catul. 25, 10.

**lāucrum**, i, n. a bath, Gell. 1, 2, 2; Claud. Eutr. 2, 410; Spart. Hadr. 18, 10; 2. penult. in ignorance shortened in Venant. carm. 5, 5, 90; Alcim. Auit. 5, 712; 6, 101.

**lāuandria**, ae, f. a laundry, *lauat lauandria*, not. Tir. **lāuatio**, ōnis, f. washing, bathing, bath, quid ista (so THK ej.; mss ea) messis attinet ad meam lauatiōem? Pl. Most. 1, 3, 4; quae ad lauatiōem pertinent, Cie. occen. ap. Colum. 12, 3, 2; calida l., Cels. 1, 3, p. 20, 35; Plin. 8, 178; frigida l., Cels. 1, 3, p. 21, 20; lauatiōem praestare, Alf. dig. 10, 2, 30, 1; lauatiōem gratuitam municipibus... in perpetuum delit, inser. Or. 2, 287; add Or. Henz. 6962; 2. a bathroom, a conisterio frigida l. quam Graeci λουστρον uocant, Vitr. 5, 11, 2; 3. a bath, ante te certiorum faciam ut lauatio parata sit, Cie. fam. 9, 5, 3; l. argentea, Phaedr. 4, 5, 22; continentur in eo specula... et si quia similia dici possunt, ueluti lauatio, riseus, Ulp. dig. 34, 2, 25, 10.

**lāuātorium**, πλυντήριον, Gloss. Philox.

**lāuātrina**, ae, f. a bath? Varr. l. 5, 25 dub.; Ita uelim facias: laupridem nolo lauātrina (so Lachm.; mss latrina against metre) lāui, Pomp. ap. Non. 504, 23; gen. shortened to latrina, wh. see.

**lāuātūra**, ae, f. washing, Constat. Afr. 5, 9.

**laudābīlis**, e, adj. praiseworthy, laudable, honestum natura esse laudabile, Cie. off. 1, 14; laudabilior defensor, 2, 49; add Cornif. ad Her. 3, 7; Hor. A. P. 408; laudabilis (nūm), Plin. 14, 36; 2. laudabiliter, adv. laudably, Cie. Tusc. 5, 12; comp. Val. M. 5, 1, ext. 2.

**laudābilitas**, itis, f. praiseworthiness, as a title, (his) excellency, Th. C. 1, 15, 1; 8, 5, 57; 12, 1, 166.

**laudātē**, see lando.

**laudāticus**, adj. of recommendation, litterae, not.

Tir. 47.

**laudatio**, ōnis, f. praising, eulogy, paenegyric, quam laudem cum tua (Catonis) laudatiōe conferem? Cie. fam. 15, 6; 1; lege laudatiōes nostrorum hominum, fin. 2, 116; 2. a written commendation sent for judicial purposes, Massiliensium ciuitas obsecrat ut sua laudatio aliquod momenti habuisse uideatur, Cie. Font. 14 (4); lectissimos uiros cum legatione ad hoc iudicium et cum grauissima laudatiōe miscent, Cacl. 5; add Verr. 2, 5, 57; Flac. 36; 3. a funeral paenegyric, mortuorum, Cie. Brut. 61; spoliatum (Clodium) laudatiōe reliquisti, Mil. 33; add sen. 12; Liv. 5, 50, 7; aliud est laus aliud laudatio: haec et uocem exigit. Nemo dicit laudem funebrem (yet so Liv. 8, 40, 4) sed laudationem, Sen. ep. 102, 15.

**laudatiuus**, adj. laudatory, dealing with the merits (or demerits) of persons, genus (orationis) quo laus ac utriusque continetur... appellatur a parte meliore laudatiuum, Quint. 3, 4, 12; partes rhetorices laudatiuum deliberatiuum iudiciale, 3, 3, 14; 2. laudatina, absol. the same, 2, 15, 20.

**laudātor**, ōris, n. one who praises, eulogizer, paenegyrist, integratitiae nostrae, Cie. Att. 6, 2, 8; add Hor. A. P.

433; 2. of persons deputed to a trial as witnesses to character from foreign states, in iudiciis qui decem laudatores dare non potest, honestis est ei nullum dare, Cie. Verr. 2, 5, 57; legatos exco, laudatores ad hoc iudicium missos, Balb. 41.

**laudātrix**, (laudator) icis, f. one who praises, Cie. Tusc. 3, 4; Ov. her. 10 (17), 126.

**laudea** = laurea, lsid. orig. 17, 7; but not Pl. Cist. 1, 3, 53.

**Laudicēnus**, adj. of Laodicea, a name given in jest to claqueurs (as if a der. from lauda-trix), inde non iurbane Σοφοκλεις uocantur (as if αρω του σοφου και λαυεσθα); isdem latinum nomen inpositum est Laudiceni, Plin. ep. 2, 14, 5.

**laudidignus**, εραυον αξιος, Gloss. Philox.

**laudifico**, iprova, Gloss. Philox.

**laudo**, are, (laus) vb. praise, pol istie me haut centen-simam Partem laudat, quam ipse meruit ut laudaret laudibus, Pl. Capt. 2, 3, 62; uirum bonum cum laudabant, ita laudabant, bonum agricolam, Cato r. pr. 2; nunquam laudari satis digne philosophia poterit, Cie. sen. 2; potius quid se facere par esset intulatur quam quid alii laudatui forent, Nep. Att. 10, 1; 2. esp. of funeral eulogia, Serrani filii funus perlectuosum fuit: laudant pater scripto meo, Cie. Q. fr. 3, 8, 5; (Africanum) cum supremo eis de Maximus laudaret, Mur. 75; 3. auctorem l. refer to as one's principal authority, esp. in law, quem rerum Romanarum auctorem laudare possum religiosissimum, Cie. Brut. 44; auctores certissimos laudare possum et Scaenolan et Q. Metellum, or. 3, 68; ut auctoribus laudandis ineptiarum erimen effugiam, 3, 187; Scia fundum a Titio emerat et quaestione mota fisci nomine auctorem laudauerat, Modest. dig. 21, 2, 63, 1; si tibi iter uideretur, ita demum auctorem me laudare poteris, si tuus fuerit fundus eul... Pompon. 19, 1, 6, 5; 4. testem laudo, id uti scias (monos.) Ionem supremum testem laudo Hegio, Pl. Cap. 2, 3, 66, as quoted by Non. 335, 10; but dub.; 5. mention by name, Alex. C. 5, 44, 24, 8, 45, 7 and 14; 11 6. laudatus, as adj. held in high repute, excellent, beautiful, laudatissima uirgo, Ov. M. 9, 715; saecbarum laudatus, Plin. 12, 32; (hippomarathi) senen pulmonibus laudatissimum, 20, 256; 7. laudatissime, adv. in Plin. 30, 46, 68.

**lauer**, ēris, n. a water-plant, sium angustifolium Linn., Plin. 26, 50 and 87.

**Lāuerna**, ae, (?) the goddess of thieving, dea cui supplicat fures, Non. 134, 31; add Pl. and Lucil. ib.; Per deam sanctam Lanernam quae cultris quaesti siet, Nov. ap. Non. 483, 21; ara Lauernae, Varr. l. 5, 34; Labra mouet metuens audiri: Pulchra Lauerna, Da mihi fallere, Hor. ep. 1, 16, 60.

**Lāuernālis**, e, adj. of Lauerna, porta L., Varr. l. 5, 34; Paul. ex F. p. 117.

**lāuernōnes**, fures antiqui dicebant, quod sub tutela deae Lauernae essent, Paul. ex F. 117.

**Lauernum**, i, n. perh. a shrine of Lauerna, ad L. me consecutus est, Cie. Att. 7, 8, 4.

**Lāuinās**, itis, adj. of Lauinium, pontifici Lauinatiūm, inser. Or. Henz. 6790; add 6747.

**Lāuinienis**, adj. the same, Varr. r. 2, 4, 18.

**Lāuinium**, ii, n. a town of Latium, Laurens castrum murusque Lauini est, Tib. 2, 5, 40.

**Lāuinus**, adj. of Lauinium, Verg. 4, 236; litora, Prop. 2, 34, 64; sedes, Lucan. 9, 991.

**Lāuinus** or Lāuinus, adj. the same, Lāuinique uenit Littora, Verg. 1, 2; see Lauinium.

1 **lāuo**, ere, laui, lautus, vb. (for a theoretical plauo or flauo, and so one with pluo, tho, as well as luo 2 and λουω) auri iubeo fonte lauere neminem manum, Naeu. ap. Non. 504, 1; Nam ubi introductus puerumque ut laueret locant lu clupo, Enn. ib. 504, 15; Strata terrae lauere lacrimis nescim qualem et sordidum, ib. 172, 10; Hen me miseram! interii, porgant lauere sanguinem sanguine, ib. 224, 7; si inquinata erit (oleo), lauito, Cato r. 05, 1; add 25; lauere salis nolum lacrimis, Aue. ap. Non. 504, 9; Cesso hinc ire et lacere lucti nescim in leto coniugis? 485, 32; Salsis



erorem guttis lacrumarum lauit, 578; aquam. laurire qui lauerit manus, Afran. ib. 504, 17;—Vident tu laurere lacrimis me tuum collum pater? 460, 29; Ita uelim facias: improprie uolo lacrimarum (so Lachrima, mss. lacrima) laui, Pomp. 504, 23; hos multos dies Gestas tabellas tecum, cas lacrimis lauis, Pl. Ps. r. 1, 8; Postquam peperit, pueros laurere iussit nos: ocepimus, Amph. 5, 1, 50; Pater ut erore laueret ararum aggerem, Varr. ap. Non. 466, 21; Et Hymenaeus qui primo laurere alium marsupio solet, 503, 23; fluente Lubrica proluuie larga laurere uulua saxa, Lucr. 5, 950; Phoebe qui Xantho lauis amne crines, Hor. od. 4, 6, 26; Qui rore puro Castaliae lauit Crines solutos, 3, 4, 61; neque dulci Mala nino laurere aut Examinis... 3, 12, 2; Ora manusque tua lauimus, Feronia. Lymphas, s. 1, 5, 24; lauit improba taeter Ora cruor, Verg. 10, 727; lauitur (note refl. vb.) patrios ubi nictor ad amnes, Val. F. 4, 229; 2, so far only in imperf. tenses, which use is limited to old lang. and poets of all ages; in perf. laui etc., lautus and sup. lautum not so limited; sine cura laetus lautus aduenis, Enn. ap. Donat. Pl. 2, 2, 25; Tarcini corpus bona fenina lauit et unxit, Enn. ap. Serv. A. 6, 219; lautum credo e balneis lau laui adfaturum, Pl. Pers. 1, 3, 10; Te assumibone uenire unctum atque lautum e balneis, Ter. Ph. 2, 2, 25; illa si iam lauerit, mihi nuntia, Hant. 4, 1, 5; Vbi nos lauerimus, si uoles, lauato: accipio tristis, Enn. 3, 48; hoc lautumst parum, Ad. 3, 7, 16; balneis parum lautus, C. Graec. ap. Gell. 10, 3, 3; Voluere tetro deformatum, Suo sibi lautum sanguine tepido, Acc. ap. Non. 337, 15; non calida latice lautus, Acc. ap. Prise. 169, 14 K; Venias nunc precibus lautum peccatum tuum? Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 80; Tuscum relegant quod balneis in aduentum suum extruxisset lauisset, Suet. Ner. 35 (note use as a refl., as also in: nonnumquam in thermis suis admis-a plebe laut, Tit. 8); II 3. lautus, as adj. grand, magnificent, fine in style of living or manners, first of persons, est lepida et lauta, Pl. Poen. 5, 4, 28; conuiua, Afran. ap. Non. 235, 22; in Halesina ciuitate nam lauta tamque nobili, Cie. fam. 13, 32, 1; libertis minus lautis seruicis nihil defuit: nam lautiores\* eleganter accepti, Att. 13, 52, 2; ualde iam lautus est qui graue litteras ad me dare, fam. 7, 14, 1; 4. of furniture, banquets, style of living, stylish, expensive, recherché, nihil apud hunc lautum, nihil elegans, nihil exquisitum, Cie. Pis. 67; supellex, or. 1, 165; conuiuia, Catul. 47, 5; lautissimae cena, Plin. ep. 9, 17, 1; Lauta tamen cena est, fateri; lautissimae, sed eras... Mart. 12, 48, 5; epulae lautiores\*, Stat. silv. 1, 6, 32; lautissimae uina, Plin. 14, 92; 5. of property, circumstances, Omnes te in lauta (esse) et bene aucta (re) putat (so Bentl.), Ter. Hant. 4, 5, 50; lauta et copiosa patrimonium, Cie. Rab. Post. 38; add Flac. 90; quicunque equo meruisset, quod est lautius\*, Phil. 1, 20; 6. w. inf., nec rhombos...libertis ponere lautus, Pers. 6, 23; III 7. laute, adv. grandly, sumptuously, Vilicus autem cum corona candida Vestitus lauteque exornatus ambulat, Pl. Cas. 4, 1, 10; uillam lautius\* aedificatam, Cie. leg. 2, 3; 8. esp. of banquets, Lauteque munus administrasti tuum, Ter. Ad. 5, 1, 2; quo lautius\* inuitati acciperentur, Suet. Cal. 55; 9. of speech, grandly, loquitur laute et minime sordide, Pl. Mil. 4, 2, 11; facite, lepide, laute, nihil supra, Ter. Eun. 3, 1, 37; but in Plin. ep. 2, 5, 6 Keil has laetius not lautius; 10. other met., Militem lepide et facete et laute ludificari, Pl. Mil. 4, 4, 25; Vi me hodie ante omnes comicos stultos senes Versaris atque ut luseris (mss ut inuaseris) lautissimae, Caecil. ap. Cie. am. 99; 11. comp., see \* above; sup. t. 2 lauto, are, (borrowing its perf. and supine from lauo, laueri, wh. see) vb. frq. wash, manus laua et cena, Cie. or. 2, 246; Sacra lauaturas mane petebat auarus, Ov. F. 2, 12; 2. as vb. r. lauari, to bathe, cum parentibus puberes filii non lauatur, Cie. off. 1, 129; in eam se consuetudinem adduxerunt ut frigidis-imis locis lauarentur in fluminibus, Caes. b. g. 4, 1, 10; quadrante lauari, Liv. 6, 447; 3. for perf. in this sense laui is used, see I. lauo, laueri, 2; exx. from Ter. and Suet.; 4. simple vb. as refl. in imperf. tenses of old lang., Pisisis ego erele qui usque dum uiuunt lauant, Minus diu lauare quam haec lauat Phronesium, Pl. Truc. 2, 3, 1; Vise illam aut opporiet hic: iam exhibit, nam

lauabat, 1, 2, 9; 5. lauanis, and sup. lauatum belong to both voices; to refl. in: Quid illa narrat? Ea lauatum dum it, seruandum mihi debet (se, animum), Ter. Hant. 4, 1, 42; lauanti regi dicitur nuntiatum hostes adesse, Liv. 44, 6, 15; 6. lauati and lauatus seem not to occur; but for lauaturus see § 1.

**laurigo**, inis, f. dim. a plant of the laurel-kind, Apul. herb. 58.

**laurica**, ae, adj. f. as sb. (se. uirga) a branch of laurel or bay (not the whole plant), parite laudem et laurum, Pl. Cist. 1, 3, 53; quam ego laurum cum tua lauicatione conferent? Cie. fam. 15, 6, 1; Laurica donandus Apollinari, Hor. od. 4, 2, 9; unitis (arboris) filia distinguuntur appellatione, laurum enim uocamus, Plin. 15, 138; 2. the whole plant, Tum spissa ramis laurica feruidos Excludit ietus, Hor. od. 2, 15, 9; but perh. belongs to § 1, and still more: laurum in puppi naus longae enatum, Liv. 32, 1, 12.

**lauréatus**, quasi-part. decked with a laurel-branch, liectores, Cie. Att. 7, 10; fascies, diu. 1, 59; imago parentis sui, Mur. 88; litterae, Liv. 45, 1, 6; forces, Sen. dial. 12, 10, 8; nomen, Plin. 18, 19; naues, Vitr. 2, 8, 15; plebs, Suet. Aug. 58; 2. w. litterae omitted, ne laurentis quibem gesta prosecutus est, Tac. Agr. 18.

**Laurens**, (older Laurentis) ntis, adj. of Laurentum, Laurentian, Quos homines quondam Laurentis terra recepit, Enn. ap. Prise. 1, 338, 1 K; ager, Varr. r. 3, 13, 2; Tiburum, Verg. 5, 797; arua, 7, 661; populus, Ov. F. 6, 60; inser. Or. 124; 2276; 2. esp. in the form Laurenses Latiniates of Latinium, cur(ator) r. p. Laur. Laurent., inser. Or. 315; add 6709; 6747; 3. in Sil. used for Roman, bella, 3, 83; praedia, 17, 282; 4. absol. Laurens, as n. a villa near Laurentum, miraris cur me Laurentium, nel si ita manis, Laurens meum tanto opere delectet, Plin. ep. 2, 17, 1.

**Laurentinus**, adj. of the Laurenses or Laurentium, uia, Plin. ep. 2, 17, 2; Val. M. 8, 5, 6; litus, Mart. 10, 37, 5; 2. Laurentinum, n. absol. of a villa, see Laurens, § 4.

**Laurens**, see Laurens.

**Laurentius**, adj. of Laurentum, palus, Verg. 10, 708.

**Laurentum**, i, n. a coast-town of Latium between Ostia and Lavinium, Pl. n. 3, 56; Mela 2, 4 f.

**laureola**, ae, f. dim. a little branch of laurel, quod esset ad laureolum satis, Cie. fam. 2, 10, 2; 2. phrase, laureolum in mustaceo quaerere, Cie. Att. 5, 20, 4.—to seek honour in the humblest form—the cake 'mustaceus' (Cato r. 121; Plin. 15, 127) had an underlayer of laurel leaves.

**Laureolus**, adj. dim. a cognomen, Liv. 8, 184; Mart. spect. 7, 4.

**lauretum** or **lōretum**, i, quasi-part. as sb. n. (se. solum) ground planted with laurel, a laurel grove, Loretum in Aeginio nabi silua laurus fuit, Plin. 15, 138; add Varr. l. 5, 32, p. 151 Sp.; laureta Numae, Sulp. 67.

**laureus**, adj. of laurel, necetes, Cato r. 31; folia, 76; corona, Liv. 23, 11, 5; sarta, Ov. tr. 2, 172; eleum, 24, 148.

**laurex**, icis, m. (a Balaeris word yet prob. of Latin origin, as if for lacor-ex, a dim. of lepus; cf. λαγώς and for suffix, E. lever-et) a young rabbit, Plin. 8, 217.

**lauricōmus**, adj. with tresses of laurel, montes, Lucr. 6, 152.

**laurifer**, a, um, adj. laurel-bearing, tellus, Plin. 15, 134; currus, Lucan. 5, 332; iuuenta, 8, 25.

**lauriger**, a, um, adj. laurel-wearing, Phoebeus, Ov. a. a. 3, 380; manus, Prop. 4, 6, 54; fascies, Mart. 10, 10, 1.

**Laurilla**, ae, f. dim. a cognomen, Plautia Laurilla, inser. Donat. 348, 9.

**laurinus**, adj. of laurel or bay, folium, Plin. 12, 34; oleum, 23, 86.

**lauripōtens**, ntis, adj. as sb. m. lord of the bay, Mart. Cap. 1, 10, p. 11, 3 Eyss.

**Laurōlāuinum**, i, n. a later name of Latinium, Serv. ad A. 7, 59; Symm. ep. 1, 71; hence the inhabitants called Lamentes Latiniates, see these words.

**laurus**, i or ūs, f. (= λαύρος, for d cf. lacruma w. δακρυον, ligo w. δέω; for φ cf. αὔρος, pron. αὔρος) the plant laurel or bay, esp. as symbol of victory, l. Delphica, Cato r. 8 and 133; l. Delphica maxumis bacis atque e uiridi ruben-

tibus, Plin. 15, 127, who adds: *hæ uictorios Delphis coronari et triumphantis Romæ; in gremio Ionis O. M. deponitur quotiens lætitia nona uictoria attulit*, 15, 134; *grata Apollini, ibi; accedit hæc pompa lictorum... incurrit hæc nostra laurus in oculos maludorum*, Cic. fam. 2, 16, 2; *cum Parthia lauru gloriam patris augeres*, Plin. pan. 14, 1; in gremio Ionis Indica laurus, Stat. silv. 4, 1, 41; 2. as eaten gave prophetic and poetic power, quicunque... laurum monodit, Liv. 7, 19; cf. *ἀσπιδόγας* and Mayor's note; *Vera cano, sic usque sacras innoxia laurus Vesce*, Tib. 2, 5, 63; 3. and kept off drunkenness, Sed fallat ut nos folia deonori lauri, Mart. 5, 4, 2; 4. Cypria laurus, another species, Cat. r. 8 and 133; folio breui nigro, Plin. 15, 127; 5. l. Augusta, another, Plin. 15, 129; 6. l. siluestris or thins, the laurestinus, Plin. 15, 128; 7. in declension, abl. lauru, Plin. 13, 10; 10, 157; Char. 136, 12; n. pl. laurus, Verg. 3, 91; ace. pl. laurus, B. 8, 13; A. 3, 360; g. pl. laurum, Char. 136, 12.

**laus**, laudis, f. [for claud-; ult. from kal, call; see below] the being talked of, fame, glory, praise, Maiorum optenu laudem, CIL 666; *Maiorem laudem quam laborem innenero*, Afr. 335 R; *at tribuno militum parua laus pro factis relicta*, Cat. orig. p. 20, 2 Iord.; *est inuenda laus quæ ab his proficiscitur qui ipsi in laude nixerunt*, Cic. fam. 15, 6, 1; *qui dicere laudes Være tuas cupiant*, Verg. B. 6, 6; *Principibus plæniæ uiris non ultima laus est*, Hor. ep. 1, 17, 35;

2. esp. laudi with esse dicere etc. etc., Tu addis quod nitidus, denis quod laudi datur, 7 R; *Vtrum, studiue id sibi habet, an laudi putat Fore?* Ter. ad. 3, 3, 28; *hæc laus est*, 3, 3, 64; *Laus in antio duci id factum oportet*, pr. 5; *si Fabio laus datus esset quod pingeret*, Cic. Tusc. 1, 4; add. off. 1, 71;

3. that which merits praise, a great and good deed, Hortulus quam ornate nostras laudes in astra sustulit! Cic. Att. 2, 25, 1; *sunt hæc etiam sua præmia laudi*, Verg. 1, 461; add. 15, 355; 9, 252; *illa negligentia principum nescit illos a crimine et hos deterrebat a laude*, Plin. pan. 70; 4. repute of things, Cois (amphoris) laus maxima, Plin. 35, 161; *coecum Galatie in maxima laude est*, 9, 141; add. 22, 81;

5. praise (to the gods) as thanks-giving, Sollemnitusque deo litat laudem lubens, Liv. And. 9 R; *Laudes ago cum uotis me multat meis*, Quod præter quam nemem audiebam hæc... Naev. com. 33 R; *Neptuno laudes ago*, Pl. Trin. 4, 1, 2; *primum dis immortalibus laudes gratesque egit*, Liv. 26, 48, 3; 6. a gen. laudum occurs in: *Hæc centesima laudum turram est*, Sid. carm. 23, 31;

7. as the vb. claud- (see claudo) from claud-; *gaudi- from gaudi-*, so the assumed sb. claud- may stand for claud- of wh. clau, i.e. cal- or -us, is the old form of cal- (seen in calatus nomenclator); so *καλὸς of καλῶ-ων*, fame, stands for *καλῶ-ος*, just as *καλός*, a bar, for *καλῶ-ος* = Lat. clausus; cf. *καλός*, cluco, and inclitus.

1. **lausus**, ūs, (for clausus?) akin to *κλαύς* m. wailing, Thetis quoque etiam in lamentando lausum (so ass) fecit filio, Pl. Truc. 4, 2, 18; see lessus.

2. **Lausus**, i, m. a cognomen, L. Laberius Lausus, inscr. Grut. 333, 7; M. Sanguinius M. f. Pal. Lausus, inscr. Mur. 102, 1.

**lauté**, see lautus under lauo.

**lautia** (?) n. pl. a public allowance to foreign ambassadors, dantia, quæ lautia dicimus et dantur legatis hospitii gratia, Paul. ex F. 68; *munusque eis ex formula locum lautiaque (quæstione) urb. eis locare*, inscr. Grut. 503 (after Ursinus!); *locus lautiaque legatis præberi iussa*, Liv. 28, 39, 19; add. 33, 24, 5; 35, 23, 11; 42, 26, 5; 44, 16, 7; 2. met., apud. 3, 20; 9, 11; Sidon. Apoll. ex F. 8, 12 f.; Symm. ep. 4, 56; *laurea*, Plut. q. Rom. 43.

**lautitia**, ac, f. magnificence, grand style of living, esp. in banquets, Cic. fam. 9, 16, 8; *regina lautitia (Antonia) optrectatus, querente eo quid adstrui magnificentiae posset*, respondit... Plin. 9, 119; *columnis utebantur in templis nec lautitia causa, sed quædam*, 36, 45; *l. cenarum*, 35, 162; *deinde ad cenæ lautitia transferretur*, Sen. ep. 114, 9; *l. epularum magnificentia*, Paul. ex F. 117; 2. in pl. Suet. Caes. 46; Aug. 71; Apul. M. 5, 8; Petron. 21 and 32.

**lautius-culus**, adj. comp. dim. somewhat magnificent, uesūs, Apul. M. 7, 9, 1.

**lautulus** or ulus, adj. dim. of water? locus, Serv. ad A. 8, 361; 2. hence lautulae (sc. aquæ), as sb. f. pl. a hot spring, esp. one in Rome, Lautulae a lanando quod ibi ad lanum Geminum aquæ calidæ fuerunt, Varr. l. 5, 32, p. 156 Sp.; add Paul. ex F. p. 118; 3. another near Anxur, Liv. 7, 39, 7; 9, 23, 4.

**lautumiae** or latōniæ, arum, f. pl. stone-quarries, often used for penal purposes, *lat me di ament uel in (pron. flin) lautumis uel in pistrino maclum Agere acetatum*, Pl. Poen. 4, 2, 5; *Inde illos porro in latōniæ lapidarias*, Capt. 3, 5, 65; 2. esp. those at Syracuse, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 68; *Latōniæ*, Varr. l. 5, 32, p. 151 Sp.; 3. hence quarries at Rome, used as a prison, in lautumias coniecti sunt, Liv. 37, 3, 8; add 26, 27, 3; 32, 26, 17; 39, 44, 7.

**laurus**, s. lauo.

**lax**, frans est, Paul. ex F. 116.

**laxamentum**, i, a loosening, l. uentris comitatur timorem, Macr. s. 7, 11, 9; 2. a passage, (uentus) per minima laxamentorum parat (dub.), Sen. n. q. 6, 18, 3; 3. room, space, efficiunt amplum l. cellæ, Vitruv. 4, 7, 6; add 5, 9, 1;

4. met. relaxation, relief from trouble, sed ne legi quidem quilibet laxamenti datum est, Cic. Clu. 89; *nactus pusillum laxamenti, spare time*, Trebon. ap. Cic. fam. 12, 16, 3; *laxamento cogitationibus dato*, Liv. 7, 38, 10; a bello, 9, 41, 12; add 2, 3, 4; 2, 24, 5; 22, 37, 9; *expectans aliquid laxamenti quo oculi ab erore adqueant*, Sen. ep. 7, 3.

**laxatio**, ōnis, f. loosening, relaxation, Cael. Aur. tard. 2, 1, 56 (bi-); 2. space left free, interval, gap, duorum digitorum, Vitruv. 4, 7, 4.

**laxatius**, adj. softening, cataplasmata, Cael. Aur. tard. 2, 3, 67; nirtus, Apul. herb. 60.

**laxē**, see laxus.

**laxitas**, atis, f. looseness, softness of flesh, Arnob. 6, 12; 2. freedom of space, abundant room, great extent, in domo clari hominis adhibenda cura est laxitatis, Cic. off. 1, 139; l. loci, Sal. ap. Non. 132, 22; add Colum. 4, 18, 2; posteris l. mundi damno fuit, Plin. 14, 5; 3. a wide opening, rursus (aequor) in artum coit; l. Propontis appellar, Plin. 4, 76.

**laxo**, (laxus) āre, vb. make loose, set loose, loosen, slacken (what was stretched), rudentis (easē the sheets), Verg. 3, 207; frenos, Lucan. 7, 125; *habenas*, Val. F. 2, 35; *oleum ex Delphica (lauri) ad neruos laxandos utile est*, Plin. 23, 157; *Cito rumpe arcum, semper si tensum habueris*, At si laxaris quum uoles erit ultio, Phaedr. 3, 14, 11; *fidelias (instruments of torture)*, Val. M. 3, ext. 3, 5;

2. what was solid or firm, loosen, relax, make flabby, dissolve, quies laxauerat, Verg. 5, 857; *Quam cito... laxatur corpora rugis!* O. a. a. 3, 73; *herbam laxandis intestinis, alioquin coniecta deuorat*, Plin. 8, 129; *ferrum laxatur ad usus innumeros*, Stat. Ach. 1, 429;

3. what was shut, open, unbar, unbar, claustra, Verg. 2, 259; fores, Plin. 32, 11; ora, Lucan. 6, 566; 4. what pressed, loosen, inguin, Sil. 11, 17; 5. what was pressed, choiced, confused, set at liberty, pedem ab nodo, Liv. 24, 7, 5; (lilli) ab angustis in latitudinem sese laxant, Plin. 21, 23; *uis mira laxandi metum*, 19, 78; *ibi dolor uocem laxauerat*, Iustini. 42, 4, 13; 6. clear of incumbrances, Et uia uix tandem uoci laxata dore est, Verg. 11, 151; *animas quæ per iuga longa sedebant*, Deturbat, laxatque foros, 6, 412;

7. what was confined or narrow, spread out, expand, extend, ut forum laxarems et usque ad atrium Libertatis explicarems, Cic. Att. 4, 10, 14; *iam nunc astringas, iam nunc granaria laxes*, Pers. 5, 110; 8. met. first w. acc. of what is pressed, set loose, set free, relieve, give a respite or relaxation to, ab hæc contentione animos nostros laxemus, Cic. or. 3, 230; *ut istis te molestias laxes*, Lucan. ap. Cic. fam. 5, 14, 3; *ab assiduis laboribus animis*, Liv. 32, 5, 2; *Cato nunc laxabat animis curis publicis fatigatum*, Sen. dial. 9, 17, 4; 9. w. acc. of what presses, loosen, relax, mitigate, or even remove, abest ut ex eo quo adstricti sumus laxari aliquid uelim, Cic. Att. 6, 2, 1; *ut sibi laxaret aliquid laboris*, Liv. 9, 16, 15; *iras*, Stat. Th. 6, 831;

10. l. annorum, make less tight the price of corn, Liv. 2, 34, 12; and simple vb. for uell., *annorum laud mulum laxauerat*, 26, 20, 11; 11. laxatus, adj. adj. loose,

flabby, limp, membrana laxatio, Plin. 19, 17; 12. hence Ital. lasciare, Fr. laisser.

**laxus**, adj. or rather part. [for solaxus or solue-tus, of which sol-ac=solue whence solu-ere, see below] loose, not on the stretch, slack, lax, relaxed, Qui iam contento, iam laxo fune laborat, Hor. s. 2, 7, 20; Sed laxos referunt umbris languentibus arcus, Verg. 11, 874; Frenaque in effusa laxa iacere iuba, Ov. am. 3, 4, 16; and met., quam laxissimas habenas habere amicitiae, Cic. am. 45; 2. met. milites laxiore imperio quam antea habere, Sal. Iug. 64, 5; si hostem habemus in quo negligentia laxior locus esset—freer scope—Liv. 24, 8, 1; urbi cum pace laxior etiam amona rediit, 2, 52, 1—cf. our term tight as applied to markets; 3. esp. of time, diem statuo satis laxam quam ante si solerint dico me centesimas ducturum, Cic. Att. 6, 1, 16; tempus sibi et quidem laxius undecant, Plin. ep. 4, 9, 14; laxum spatium res magna desiderat, Sen. ep. 88, 35; 4. gen. large, extensive, domus laxior, Vell. 2, 81, 3; laxas opes, Mart. 2, 30, 4; 5. our slack has retained the s; see laxo and soluo.

**lea**, (cf. Λεα- a lion) ae, f. lioness, sicut nocet lea, Varr. ap. Philargy. ad B. 2, 63; Irritata leae inciebant corpora saltu, Luer. 5, 1318; add Ov. M. 4, 255; tr. 4, 7, 14; but scarcely F. 5, 178.

**laena**, (Λαενα; but for suff. cf. regina) ae, f. lioness, statuerunt aeream laenam, Cic. ap. Philargy. ad Verg. B. 2, 63; Torua laena lupum sequitur, Verg. B. 2, 63; add G. 3, 245; 4, 408; Quenam te gemit sola sub rupe laena? Catul. 64, 154; add Hor. od. 3, 20, 2; Ov. M. 13, 547; F. 5, 177 and 371; Tib. 3, 4, 90; 3, 6, 15.

**lebēns**, a variety of libens in inser. Or. 4635.

**lēber**, old form of liber (libri), says Quint. 1, 4, 17.

**lēbes**, ētis, m. a metal basin, esp. of bronze, a caldron, Dodonaeosque lebetes, Verg. 3, 466; ex aere lebetes, 5, 266; Ov. her. 3, 31; curruque lebetes, M. 12, 243.

**lectārius**, ii, adj. as sb. m. maker of beds, L. Hostilius L. l. Amplio faber lectarius, inser. Or. 4183; but lectarius in 2871 no doubt a blunder for lecticiarius.

**lectē**, see lectus, ad.

**lectica**, ae, adj. f. for sb. (from a theoretical lectiuus, from lectus a bed, itself orig. a part.; cf. capinus from captus; see, sella) a sedan in which one can lie, a palanquin, a litter, lectica octophoro ferbatur, in qua pulvis erat Melitensis, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 27; add Phil. 2, 58; Q. fr. 2, 10, 2; Sulp. ad Cic. 4, 12, 3; Catul. 10, 16; Hor. s. 2, 3, 214; met. in Plin. 17, 99, if text be sound.

**lecticiālis**, qui lectulos facit, Gloss. Isid.

**lecticiāriola**, adj. dim. as sb. f. quae lecticiarios sectatur, Mart. 12, 58.

**lecticiārius**, adj. as sb. m. a letter-bearer, Cic. Rose. Am. 134; Sulp. ap. Cic. fam. 4, 12, 3; Suet. Cal. 58; primus L. L. Canini Galli, inser. Or. 2871; add 6285, 6323.

**lecticiūla**, ae, f. dim. a little litter or palanquin, Cic. diu. 1, 55; Nep. Att. 22, 4; 2. same used indoors like a sofa, for study, Suet. Aug. 78; met. of a hen's nest, Aul. M. 9, 33.

**lectio** (lego, pluck, gather etc.), ōnis, f. plucking, gathering (florum), Arnob. 5, 24 and 37; 2. picking up, collecting, lapidum, Colum. 2, 2, 12; 3. selection, choice (iudicium), Cic. Phil. 5, 16; senatus, Liv. 9, 29, 7; 27, 11, 9; 4. reading, librarium, Cic. acad. pr. 4; neque unquam sine aliqua lectione cenatum est, Nep. Att. 14, 1; tabularum, Ulp. dig. 9, 3, 2, 5; in libris improbate lectionis, 10, 4, 1; 5. a reading, a passage in a book, a text, Th. C. 1, 4, 3; 9, 34, 10.

**lectisterniātor**, ōris, m. one who has charge of the lectisternium, Pl. Ps. 1, n. 20.

**lectisternium**, ii, n. lit. covering couches with cushions, and so a religious banquet, lectisternio tunc primum...facto, Apollinem Latonamque stratis lectis placaverit, I. iv. 5, 13, 6; add 7, 2, 22, 10, 9 etc.; fast. Praen. ad idus Dec.; praebant item lectisternium tempore parentalium(um) ex \*cc, inser. Or. Henz. 7336; add Sidon. ep. 4, 15.

**lectistitium**, lecti statio, Gloss. Isid.

**lectito**, āre, vb. frq. read often, Pyrrhi libros, Cic. fam. 9, 25, 1; add Att. 12, 18, 1; Brut. 121; non legendo libros

sed lectitandos, Plin. ep. 2, 17, 8; add Tac. an. 14, 50; 11 2. gather, collect, Caietanae litoribus conchulas, Val. M. 8, 8, 1; flores, Arnob. 5, 37.

**lectiun-cula**, f. dim. a bit of reading, Cic. fam. 7, 1, 1. **lecto**, āre, frq. of lego sanctioned by Macrobi. exc. Bob. 636, 13 K.

**lector**, ōris, m. reader, Cic. fam. 5, 12, 4; Verg. B. 3, 85; Hor. ep. 2, 1, 214; 2. e-p. a servant who reads to his master etc., ἀναγνώστης, Plin. ep. 1, 15, 2; 9, 17, 3; Grammaticus lectorque fui, inser. Or. 1200; 3. a class or order in the Church, Tertul. haeret. 41; lectores diuinorum apicum et hypodidacali, Th. C. 16, 2, 7.

**lectr-ix**, leix (lectori), f. reader, inser. Fabr. p. 311, n. 347; lector facit lectrix, Cleon. 37, 8 K.

**lectuārius**, adj. of a bed, quod nunc torale vel lectuarius sindonem dicimus, Non. v. plagae, 538, 20.

**lectūlus**, i, m. dim. a little bed, a couch, me in meo lectulo interfecturus, Cic. Cat. 1, 9; philosophi in suis lectulis moriuntur, fin. 2, 97; add Att. 14, 13, 5; add Mart. 10, 38, 7; 2. a couch or sofa, as a place for study. Non haec in nostris ut quondam scribiuntur hostis, Nec consuevit meum lectule corpus habes, Ov. tr. 1, 11, 38; natus est sibi iacere in lectulo suo compositus in habitu studentis, Plin. ep. 5, 5, 5; 3. at the dinner table, Statuite hic lectulos; ponite hic quae adsolent, Pl. Pers. 5, 1, 7; strauit pelliculis haedulis lectulos Punicanos, Cic. Mur. 75.

**lectum**, i, n., see lectus 2.

**lectūrio**, ire, vb. desid. desire to read, Sidon. ep. 2, 10 med., and, 9, 7; lecturio significo non lego sed legere nolo, Serv. in Don. 412, 33 K; ἀπὸ τοῦ lego lecturio, Macr. exc. Bob. 636, 13; add Prisc. 1, 429, 12.

1. **lectus**, part., see lego.

2. **lectus**, i, m. (lego, in the sense to lie, cf. Λεγω and Λεγω, G. legen and liegen, E. lie, lay and lain; not as Varr. 1, 5, 35 and Paul ex F. 115, a collectis foliis) place to lie, bed, hammock, couch, lectum in cubiculo 1, lectos loris submissos mihi, lectos tres communes, Cato r. 10, 5; Vbi tu cubuisti? In eodem tecum una lecto in cubiculo, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 176; lecti sui cubicularis, Cic. diu. 2, 134; te in lecto esse quod ex pedibus laborares, fam. 9, 23; 2. a dinner-couch or sofa, lectos sternite, Pl. St. 2, 3, 33; Men. 2, 3, 3; Standumst in lecto si quid de summo petas, 1, 1, 27; L. tricluniorum lectos, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 183; collocari (Damonem) in aureo lecto, Tuscul. 5, 61; cecero Tincta super lectos cauderet uestis eburnos, Hor. s. 2, 6, 103; 3. lectus, ūis, m. in old lang., Prius alia quam lectus abhi cubuisti concauit locus, Pl. Amph. 1, 3, 15, so quoted in Prisc. 1, 257, 9 K, who adds from Cornif.: ad Ciceris memoriae noundae gratiam lectus sternuntur; 4. a receptacle for a corpse, L. Vecilio...lectu (sic) i. datu (sic)...; inser. Or. Henz. 7303; 5. lectum, i, n., ut lectum legatum continet et fuletra et claustra, Ulp. dig. 32, 52, 9.

**lēgālis**, e, adj. of law or laws, legal, quæstiones, Quint. 3, 6, 46 and 61; add 2, 15, 25 etc.; maiores personæ et legales, Consult. vet. I. Cti e. 2; 2. legaliter, adv. legally, Cassiod. ep. 4, 3, 37; Consult. vet. I. Cti e. 3.

**lēgāria**, ōrum, n. pl. vegetables, quæ alii legumina, alii legaria appellant, Varr. 1, 32, 2.

**lēgātārius**, adj. of a legat-yr, enjoined by a will, editiones, Tertul. spect. 6; 2. as sb. m. a legate, Suet. Galb. 5; Gai. 2, 226 and 260; Ulp. dig. 20, 4, 1, 11; Scæva 2, 15, 3; 3. legataria, as sb. f. Paul. 49, 1, 43.

**lēgātō**, ōnis, f. office or dignity of an ambassador, embassy, nomen legationis ultro missæ timoris esse signum, Cic. Phil. 5, 26; is sibi legationem ad ciuitates suscepit, Cues. b. g. 1, 3, 3; hac legatione decreta neclum missa, Liv. 21, 6, 5; 2. legatio, an appointment as legatus or lieutenant by a governor of a province, posteaquam Cn. Polabellæ provincia Cilicia conspuita est, quanta iste cupiditate illam sibi legationem expugnauit? Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 44; Murena legatus L. Lucullo fuit, qua in legatione... Murr. 20;

3. hence libera legatio, by abuse one which at times might last for five years (Cic. Att. 15, 11, 4) and without any defined duties enable a man to conduct his private affairs abroad with greater influence and at public cost, C. Anicinus...negotiorum suorum causa legatus est in Africam legatione

libera, Cic. fam. 12, 21, where Cic. requests that the governor of the province will allow Aeneas flictoris; qui legatione hereditates aut syngraphas suas persecutor, leg. 3, 18; legationes sumere liberae exigendi causa (for exacting payment of debts), Plac. 86; add Att. 4, 2, 6; 4, 18; 3, 15, 11, 4; qui libera legatione, non uidetur rei publicae causa abesse...sui enim commodi abest, Ulp. dig. 50, 7, 15 (14);

4. as a collective, a body of ambassadors, an embassy, cuius legationis Dnioco princeps fuit, Caes. b. g. 1, 13, 2; legationes proxima aestate ad se reuerti iussit, 1, 35, 2; legationes deinde ceterae sunt audita, Liv. 28, 39, 20.

**legatiuus**, adj. (legatum) left by will, epulum, inscr. Or. 3817; or Marin. Atti 1, 175; legatium, i. n. as sb. (see, natiuum) the salary of a legatus, legati uaticum quod legatum dicitur, interitum solent accipere, Are. dig. 50, 4, 18, 12; his legatum ex forma restituit, Ulp. 50, 7, 31; 3. as a cognomen, L. Calpurnius Legatius, inscr. Mur. 1448, 4.

**legator**, ōris, m. one who bequeaths, testator, Suet. Tib. 31.

**legātum**, see lego.

**legātus**, see lego.

**legens**, see lego.

**legibilis**, e, adj. legible, Ulp. dig. 28, 4, 1.

**legicrēpa**, νομοδράς, Gloss. Philox.

**legifer**, a, um, adj. legislating, lawgiving, Ceres, Verg. 4, 58; Minos, Ov. am. 3, 10, 41; Athenienses, Apul. M. 10, 33; **legio**, ōnis, f. [lego choose] choice, Taa est legio; adiuncto cum utro hanc noctem sies, Pl. Men. 1, 3, 6; 2. the élite of a population selected as soldiers, army, legio, quod leguntur milites in delectu, Varr. 1, 5, 16; Aspectabat nirtum legionis suae (so Berz. ej.; mss sine), Enn. ap. Phylarg. G. 4, 188; Clanculum abii a legione, Pl. Amph. 1, 3, 25; add 29; Idem istuc nliis adscriptis fieri ad legionem solet, Men. 1, 3, 2; add Most. 1, 2, 48; Capt. 2, 3, 91; Poen. 2, 31; Cetera dum legio campis instructa moratur, Verg. 9, 368; 3. aft. a legion, itself a complete army w. from 3000 heavy-armed infantry and from 200 horse, of which the Roman army contained many, erat omnino in Gallia ulteriore legio una, Caes. b. g. 1, 7, 2; legionum quattuor neteranarum, 1, 24, 2; decimam legionem, 1, 42 f.; quattuor legiones quaternum milium scriptis, Liv. 6, 22, 8; ut Placcus quinque milia peditum, quadringentes equites scriberet, eamque legionem..., 23, 34, 13; ut ex duabus legionibus una legio quinque milia peditum et trecenti equites essent, dimissis qui plurima stipendia haberent, 26, 28, 7; add 29, 24, 14; 37, 39, 7; binae legiones Romanae cum suo equitatu, 40, 36, 6; add 10; legio...ex omni parte perfecta, nullo extrinsecus indigens adiumento, Veg. mil. 2, 2; in una legione decem cohortes esse debere, 2, 6; 4. of other than Romans, contra Teleboae ex oppido Legiones educunt snas, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 63; Ob Romam nocte legiones ducere coepit, Enn. ap. Paul. ex F. 179; Latinos Volscoque qui coniunctis legionibus..., Liv. 6, 32, 4; Horruit Argaeo legio ratas, Val. F. 7, 573; 5. as a cognomen, Q. Namisius Q. f. Legio, inscr. Grut. 1075, 2.

**legiōnarius**, adj. of a legion, legionary, milites, Caes. b. g. 1, 42, 5; 1, 51, 1, 7, 20, 10; Treb. ap. Cic. fam. 10, 32, 1; cohortis, Caes. b. c. 1, 73, 3; centurio, Plin. ep. 10, 78 (82), 1; equites, Veg. mil. 2, 2.

**legirūpa**, ae, m. a law-breaker, Legirūpa. Valide. Permittis adulescentum. Accerrime, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 130; Set in legirūpam (so Ritschl, al. mss) damnet, dēt in publicum Dimidium, Pers. 1, 2, 16.

**legirūpio**, ōnis, m. dim. a petty law-breaker, Tum legirūpionem hic nobis cum dis facere postulas? Pl. Rud. 3, 4, 4.

**legislator**, better as two words legis lator.

**legitimus**, adj. [for legitimus from leg and a vb, tuncor=teuor; cf. aeditimius or aeditus=qui aedem tuncor; and cortumio w. Varr. (l. 7, p. 293 Sp.) derives a cordis nisi; cf. also claustritimus, finitimus, maritimus] lit. law-observing, hence lawful, legal, dies comitis habendis, Cic. Ver. 2, 2, 120; potestas, Tusc. 1, 73; imperium, Phil. 11, 26; contio, opt. g. o. 10; actas, Liv. 25, 2, 6; conuix, Ov. M. 10, 437; filius, Gran. p. 36, 10; Quint. 3, 7,

96; mensura, Front. aq. 112; legitimum quique merebat equo, Ov. F. 3, 130; 2. of the law, legal, quaestio, Cic. Arch. 3; Quint. 3, 6, 72; urba, Ov. F. 2, 527; Gell. 11, 1, 4;

3. gen. beyond the sphere of what is strictly law, prescribed, approved, complete, regular, poema, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 100; seruntur lactucae anno toto, legitimum tamen a bruma semen iacere, Plin. 19, 130; partus (a-sini) a trimatu legitimus, 8, 168; add 33, 64; 4. legitima as sb. n. pl. legal forms, legitimis quibusdam confectis, yps. Nep. Phoe. 4, 2; rights, Vulg. Lev. 18, 26; 5. legitime (legitume) adv. lawfully, legally, Cic. Cae. 57; off. 1, 13; inscr. Or. 6437; Inv. 10, 338; 6. met. regularly, duly, l. coctus, Plin. 23, 64; studiis, Tac. dial. 32; add Iuv. 12, 100.

**légito**, āre, as frsq. of lego in Frise. 2, 466, 20 K.

**legiōn cūla**, ae, f. dim. a petty legion, male plenarum legiōnularum, Liv. 35, 49, 10.

1 **légō**, (akin to E. leave, and perh. to linquo and λείπω) āre, vb. leave, as first by will, istoe testamenti Seruitus legat tibi, Pl. As. 2, 2, 40; Venus mihi haec legat, Merc. pr. 38; uti legassit suae rei, ita ius esto, tab. xii ap. Gal. 2, 224; cf. testamentum legat grandem pecuniam a filio (to be paid by him), Cic. Clu. 33; Cluuium a T. Hordeonio legare Terentiae ns 1000, Att. 13, 46, 2; add Cae. 11; Numitori regnum legat, Liv. 1, 3, 10; nihil legari posse nisi quod testatoris sit, Gal. 2, 220; 2. leave in command, (as a general does when called away)—hence appoint as one's lieutenant (legatus), Dolabella me sibi legat, Cic. Att. 15, 11, 4; Ego me a (wh. Madv. omits) Pompeio legari ita sum passus ut..., 4, 2, 6; Cassius sibi legat, fam. 6, 6, 10; add Man. 57; Sert. 33; Calpurnius legat sibi homines nobilis, Sal. lug. 28, 4; 3. hence send as deputy, ambassador or representative, depute, M. Fulbio legatus sum in Aetoliam, Cato ap. Fest. 182 B 3; delegit uiros primorum principes: Eos legat: Telebois imbet sententiam ut dicant suam, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 50; add St. 3, 2, 35; Is publice legatus Naupactum puit, Mil. 2, 1, 22; boninem nobilem legatur ad Apronium, Cic. Ver. 2, 3, 114; tres adulescentes in Africam legantur qui reges aliant, Sal. lug. 21, 4; add 25, 4; Roman legati fuerant, Liv. 40, 54, 9; 4. leave in another's hands, band over to a deputy (business to be done by him), commission to do, Quin potius quod legatustm tibi negotium Id eura, Pl. Cas. 1, 1, 12; cf. delego; 5. in Liv. 28, 42, 15 delegare, not legare;

II 6. legatus, part. as sb. m. one deputed, a deputy, first a lieutenant-general, cum essem in prouincia legatus, Cato ap. Isid. or. 20, 3, 8; ei munitioni T. Labienum legatum praefecit, Caes. b. g. 1, 10, 3; Neque se ignoreare quod esset officium legati qui fiduciarum operam obtineret, b. c. 2, 17, 2; qui M. Aemilio legati et praefecti fuerunt, Cic. Clu. 99; 7. ambassadors, Introducuntur legati Minturnenses, Enn. ap. Max. Victor. 211, 22 K; ad socios nostros disperitiam alio legatos, alio litteras, Cato ap. Cbar. 222; cum ad senatum legatos mitterent, Cic. or. 2, 155; legatos ad eum mittunt nobilissimos ciuitatis, Caes. b. g. 1, 7, 3.

2 **légō**, āre, legi, lectus, (prob. for uel-ego, or rather uol-ego, and so akin to uol of uello; cf. their E. analogues pl-nck and pull; for uello and lego kinship seems to be claimed by Varr. r. 2, 23, 2; 2, 32, 2; and Plin. 18, 165) vb. frq. pluck, gather, esp. fruit, oleum, Cato r. 144; nucees, Cic. or. 2, 205; uiam, Varr. r. 1, 54, 2; mala, Verg. B. 2, 51; flores...et fraga, 3, 92; poema, Ov. M. 14, 650; Tib. 1, 7, 32; cf. legulus; 2. gen. gather, spolia, Titin. ap. Non. 332, 4; Liv. 5, 39, 1; ossa, Cic. leg. 2, 60;

3. pick up, ancoras classis legit (al. leget), Sen. Tro. 769; Has inter lacrimas legitur piger meus harenis, Val. F. 2, 428; 4. gather by taking in, take in, extremae Lauso Parcae fila legunt, Verg. 10, 815; Quae (sc. Ariadne) dedit ingrato fila legenda uiro, Ov. F. 3, 462; Cum patuit lecto stamine torta uia, Prop. 5, 4, 42; prora fenum legit Argus ab alta, Val. F. 1, 314; 5. esp. w. uela, nauita ponto Vmida uela legit, Verg. G. 1, 373; Ipse dabit tenera uela legatque manu, Sp. Ov. her. 15, 210; Vela legunt, remis insurgunt, Val. F. 2, 13; 6. pick up in the way of theft, steal, Omnia uisetas manus leget, Lucil. ap. Non. 332, 31; Et qui nocturnus sacra diuom legerit, Hor. s. 1, 3, 117;

sacrum legere, Cornif. ad Her. 2, 49; cf. sacerlegus; and prob.: Quid, soceros legere et gremio abducere paetas? Verg. 10, 79 (so at least Serv.); 7. met. of an caves-dropping, Nunc huc concedam ut horum sermonem legam, Pl. Ps. 1, 4, 21; cf. sublego; 8. l. nestigia etc., pick up as it were a person's footsteps, follow close on his track, Subsequitur pressoque legit nestigia gressu, Ov. M. 2, 17; nestigia retro Obserrat legit, returns on his own track, Verg. 9, 393; Haut minus Aeneas tortos legit obuius orbes Vestigatque uirum, 12, 481; add Val. F. 1, 711; 9. hence go along, skim, skit, sweep, as first water, pars cetera (sc. angium) pontum Pone legit, Verg. 2, 208; Aequeoraeque Afraligit, Ov. F. 4, 289; Ioniuniquē rapax Icarium legit, 566; 10. also land etc., coast along, follow the line of, skirt, oram Italiae legens Ariminum peruenit, Liv. 21, 51, 7; primi lege littoris oram, Verg. G. 2, 44; Inde legit Capreae promuntoriumque Minervae, Ov. M. 15, 709; nec me studiosius altera saltus Legit, nec... 5, 579; Caelum freno propiore legit, Sen. Med. 795; 11. sweep (with the eye), take a survey of, scan, Et tumultum caput, unde omnis longo ordine possit Adversos legere et uenientium discere notitas, Verg. 6, 755 (wh. Conington refers to perlegere oculis, ib. 34); 12. pick up (words), read, quae ego pro re publica fecissem leguntur, Cato orat. 37, 4 Iord.; non assequor ut scribam quod tuae conuiuae aequo animo legere possint, Cic. Att. 12, 4, 2; Dumque legar, mecum pariter tua fama legetur, Ov. tr. 5, 14, 5; 13. read and explain, lecture upon, Cato grammaticus, Latina Siren qui solus legit ac facit poetas, poet. ap. Suet. gr. 11; 14. as he who gathers fur, commonly gathers the best, hence choose, select, omnia quae legat quaeque reiecit, Cic. fin. 4, 40; ut scribam iurati legentem, Clu. 126; senatum ter legi, Mon. Ane. e. 8, 2; quum Vestalem eam legisset, Liv. 1, 3, 11; geminasque legit de classe brenis, Verg. S. 79; 15. esp. of the senate, censors fidei concordia senatum leguntur, Liv. 40, 51, 1; eos qui in bulen a censoribus leguntur, Plin. ep. 10, 112 (113), 1; 16. and in the phrase *uir uirum legit*, where each soldier as selected selects another, adoptari a se Pisonem exemplo militari qui *uir uirum legeret* pronuntiat, Tac. h. 1, 18; senatorum numerum relegit duabus lectionibus, prima ipsorum arbitratu qua *uir uirum legit*..., Suet. Aug. 35; but in Verg. 11, 632 of each soldier in one army selecting a soldier in the other for combat; 17. legens, part. as sb. a reader, (haec) quae so ut legentes boni consulant, Plin. 8, 45; but in Ov. tr. 1, 7, 25 read: legentum (Scaliger's ej.) as a part., not legentem.

**legula**, ae, f. a spoon, *legula uisitor*, Gloss. Phil.; 2. met. flap of the ear, aurium legulae, Sidon. ep. 1, 2. **lēgūlis** (for *lēgū-lēg-us*, cf. *pulegium* for *pulegium*; and so from *lēgo*, pick), m. one who picks holes in laws, a pettifoggish lawyer, Cic. or. 1, 236. **lēgulus**, i, m. dim. one who gathers, ab *legendo* *leguli* qui oleum aut qui unas legunt, Varr. l. 6, 7, 3, 243 Sp.; extremas *lēgulus* uen sustulit unas, Calp. el. 3, 49; 2. esp. olive-picker, *legulus* et undemiatior, alter ab oleis, alter ab unis, Varr. l. 5, 18 p. 96 Sp.; *legulos* quod opus erunt praebeto, Cato r. 144, 3 (de olea *legula*): *legula* uolunt ut olea educa quam plurima sit, 64, 1. **lēgumen**, (fm. *lego*, say Varr. r. 1, 23, 2; 1, 32, 2; Plin. 18, 165; but? perh. for *uol-eg-um-en*, and so akin to *uolhere*, i. *uolgere*, wrap) mis, n. prop. a pod (Fr. *légume*, in botanical science the same), and so pulse, i.e. any vegetable that has its fruit in pods, as bean, pea, vetch, omnium satorum fructus aut spicis continetur ut tritici... aut includitur siliquis ut leguminum, Plin. 18, 52; 2. for various genera beginning w. faba, see Colum. 2, 7, 1; terra feta frugibus (grain) et uario leguminum genere, Cic. N. D. 2, 156; non ordeum (militis) non legumina recusant, Caes. b. c. 3, 47, 7; *legumina* omnia singulas habent radices praeter fabam, Plin. 18, 51; *leguminum* cicer..., faba..., milium..., 18, 185; 3. at times some special podded plant, and so opposed to faba, uicia etc., Unde prius haetum siliqua quassantē *lēgūmen*, Aut tenuis fete uiciae..., Verg. G. 1, 74; erumpit *legumen* de quarto, faba a xv ad xx *legumen* in Aegypto tertio die, Plin. 18, 51.

**lēgūmentum**, i, n. dim. the same, nullo saepius legumēto Pythagoram usum quam fabis, Gell. 4, 11, 4. **lēgūminarius**, adj. as sb. m. a greengrocer, = *σπυριοπαλός*, Gloss. Philox.; 2. *leguminaria*, f. the same, D. M. Abundiae M. lib... negotiatrici *leguminariae*(e), inser. Or. 3993.

**leiostrum**, ei, (*λειοστρίων*) n. a smooth-shelled fish, Lamp. Heliog. 10, 6.

**lēma**, (*λημα*, and *γλαμη*) ae, f. a gummy humor in the corner of the eye, si *lemae* in oculis erunt, Plin. 23, 49; also called *gramma*, 25, 155.

**lēmbīrius**, adj. as sb. m. a boatman, septem milibus *lēmbārium* (dab.), i. *lēmbārius*, Vop. Aurel. 38, 4.

**lēmbūlus**, i, m. dim. a small boat, a cutter, *Leuque* uetum *lēmbulus*, Prud. perist. 5, 455; add Paul. Nol. ep. 49 (36), 1; and perh. w. Bothe in Pl. Men. 2, 3, 87; as also in Merc. 2, 1, 35.

**lēmbunculus**? in Tac. an. 14, 5 *lēmmenorum* preferred by Halm.

**lēmbus**, i, (*lēmbus* in Pl. Merc. 2, 1, 35 B; and Men. 2, 3, 87 BC; also in Isid. orig. 19, 1; Isid. Gloss.) m. a boat with a sharp prow, of great speed, a cutter, Is *lēmbus* nostrae navi insidias dabat, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 52; add Merc. 1, 2, 81; Ace., Turpil. (bis), ap. Non. 534, 2; Otaciliū legatum cum scāis ac *lēmbis*, Sisen. 1b; aduerso uix flumine *lēmbum* Remigis subigit, Verg. G. 1, 201; *lēmbi* bīemes, Liv. 24, 40, 2; duos *lēmbos* qui non plus quam xvi remis agerentur, 34, 35, 5; add 40, 4, 11; 45, 10, 1 and 2; *lēmbum* Cyrenenses (inuenerē), Plin. 7, 208.

**lemma**, (*λημμα*) ātis, n. subject-matter for writing, a theme, *lemma* sibi sumpsit quod ego interdum uersibus ludo, Plin. ep. 4, 27, 3; mihi praeter *lemma* (sc. Cupido cruci affixus) nihil placet, Auson. idyl. 324, pr.; 2. hence the title of any writing, *Lemma* si quaeris cur sint ascripta docebo: Vt si malueris *lemmata* sola legas, Mart. 14, 2; lectorem *lemma* sollicitat tituli, Auson. praef. parent.; 3. what is written on any theme, an epigram, a tale etc., ex hoc *lemmate* secundus uersus, Plin. ep. 4, 27, 3; add Mart. 10, 59, 1; Nutricis inter *lemmata*, Auson. epist. 16, 90; 4. an assumption in reasoning, in Gr. Cic. din. 2, 108; but in Gell. 9, 16, 7 Hertz has *landis*, not *lemmatis*.

**lemniscaūs**, quasi-part. adorned with pendent ribbons, palma, Cic. Rosc. Am. 100; *lemniscaūs* coronae, Serv. A. 5, 269 in explanation of *eumeti tempora teneis*; add Tert. anim. 1.

**lemniscus**, (*ληνισκος* from *ληνος* wool) i, m. dim. a pendent ribbon or fillet, orig. of wool, alt. of various material, esp. as attached to wreaths (coronae), coronas *lemniscosque* iacientium, Liv. 33, 33, 2; tenuissimae (membranae tiliae) phylariae, coronarum *lemniscis* celebres, Plin. 16, 65; Crassus argento atque folia imitatus ludis suis coronas dedit, accesseruntque et *lemnisci*, 21, 6; *lemnisci*, fasciolorum coloriae dependentes ex coronis, Paul. ex F. p. 115; see Serv. under *lemniscatus*; 2. as adorning the palma of victory, (*palma tibi*) *Lemnisco* ornata est, quo mea palma caret, Auson. epist. 20, 67; see Cic. under *lemniscatus*; 3. a plug of wool as applied to wounds, *lemniscos* ex aceto et oleo sub cute per foramina trahere, Verg. uet. 5, 17, 3; add 3, 48, 6 and 11; in Gr. intus *linimentum* (*ληνισκον* Graeci uocant) in aceto tinctum demittere, Cels. 7, 28.

**Lemonius**, adi. pagus, a village outside the porta Capena on the via Latina, Paul. ex F. p. 115; 2. hence *Lemonia* tribus, one of the rustic tribes, L. Tilenius L. f. *Lemonia* Victorinus, inser. Or. 446; M. Caelio T. f. Lem. Bono, 621.

**lēmonium** or *limonium*, (*λεμονιον* from *λεμων* a wet meadow) ii, n. a plant that yields a white gummy juice, uicidus locis, Plin. 25, 108; beta *silestris* quam *limonium* uocant, 20, 72.

**lēmunculus**, *σκαφιδών*, Gloss. Lat. Gr., see *lēmbunculus* and *lēmunculus*.

**lēmurēs**, um, m. shades of the dead, ghosts, in sacris fabam iactant noctu ac dienu se *lemur*(es) domo estra iannam eicere, Varr. ap. Non. 135, 16; Mox etiam *lēmurēs*

animas dixere silentium, Ov. F. 5, 483; Nocturnos lemures portentaque Thessala rides? Hor. ep. 2, 2, 209; add Pers. 5, 185; quicquid Vmbraurum est, quicquid Lemurum... oculis tuis oggerat, omnia noctium occultaeacula, Apul. mag. 64; add D. Socratis, 15.

**Lēmūria**, (lēmūres, but note long u) ōrum, n. pl. the festival for appeasing the Lemures, Ritus erat ueteris nocturna Lēmūria sacri: Inferias tacitis Maibus illa dabunt, Ov. F. 5, 421; on the 11th and 13th of May marked Lem. Nefastus in fasti Tusce, Venas... Maff. 1.

**lēna**, ae, a bawd, omnes sunt lenae lenifidae, Pl. Pers. 2, 2, 61 etc.; but in Cure. 1, 1, 77; 1, 2, 20 Flockeison has lenaia; improba lena... et meretrix blanda, Ov. am. 1, 15, 17; lenas dicimus quae mulieres quaesturias prostituit, Ulp. dig. 23, 2, 43, 7; **2. met.**, quam sui sit lena natūra, Cic. N. D. 1, 77; uox sua lena fuit, Ov. a. a. 3, 316.

**lēnātus**, see lēnor, puellae, anthol. Meyer, 313, 9.

**lēnimen**, inis, n. in poets only, that which soothes, a solace, Hor. od. 1, 32, 15; Ov. M. 6, 500; 11, 450.

**lēnimentum**, i, n. the same, Plin. 25, 59; Tac. h. 2, 67.

**lēnio**, (lēnis) ire, inī or ii, itus, vb. make smooth or gentle, as first of motion, Thybris ea fluvium quam longa est nocte tumens lenit, Verg. 8, 87; **2. hence** of pain or disease, assuage, alleviate, relieve, allay, latrantem stomachum, Hor. s. 2, 2, 43; lenibunt\* uulnera, Prop. 3, 21, 32; add Ov. Pont. 1, 3, 6; epiphoras, Plin. 20, 135; articularis morbos, 20, 195; podagras, 22, 104; alnum lenit et molliit, 20, 96; **3. what acts on the senses, clamorem**, Hor. od. 1, 27, 7; (ceparum) saporem, Plin. 23, 147; gravitatem odoris, Suet. Vit. 10; **4. of strong or painful feelings, miseriam**, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 75; Quandoquidem amorem intercedit ipse leniuit dies, Turp. ap. Non. 522, 4; desiderium, Cic. fam. 15, 21, 1; iras, Liv. 2, 45, 2; **5. w. acc. of person suffering, pacify more or less**, ut lenitum reddas, Pl. Bac. 5, 2, 36; iratum, Cic. Att. 6, 2, 2; et ipsam nunc concitatum dies lenit, aetas mitigabit, Mur. 64; lenire dolentem Solando, Verg. 4, 393; torua tuentem lenibat\* dictis, 6, 468; **6. met. of abstract nouns**, allay, moderate, soften down, feruorem (solis), Varr. r. 2, 4, 6; atrocitatem facti, Sal. Jug. 27, 1; inopiam frumenti, 91, 1; seditioem, Liv. 6, 16, 6; ne lenire neuta asperare crimina uideretur, Tac. an. 2, 29; cladis memoriam, 1, 71; dedecus, h. 3, 61; **7. lenio** as vb. r. or intr. become more gentle, et me occultato aliquot dies Dum haec consulescunt turbae actus irae leniunt, Pl. Mil. 2, 6, 100; **8. for lenibo** as fut. and lenibam, see \* above.

**1. lēnis**, (perh. for leninis; akin to lenis and *λεως*) e, adj. lit. smooth, opp. to asper rough\*, but in this sense *lenis* preferred—hence gentle, as first of motion, leni fluit agmine flumen, Enn. ap. Macr. 6, 4, 4; auster, Cato ap. Charis. p. 207 K; lenissimus Onchesmites, Cic. Att. 7, 2, 1; uentus, Caesar b. g. 4, 28, 1; Hor. od. 3, 20, 13; uolatus, Ov. M. 12, 927; postea lenis (Nilus) domitiae uiolentia in mare se euomit, Plin. 5, 54; **2. of slope**, iugum leniore fastigio, Caes. b. c. 2, 24, 3; gracilitas (harundinum) leni fastigio tennatur in cacumina, Plin. 16, 158; **3. of what affects the senses, gentle, smooth, mild, soft, asperum\*** hoc est (uinum): alius lenius sodes uide, Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 50; uenena, Cic. Att. 2, 21, 1; sonus, 16, 155; ignis, 21, 122; sol, 21, 111; color lenior, 9, 140; **4. met. first of persons, Opusne leni?** Leniorem dicēs quam mutumst mare, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 70; Si te tam leni et nicto esse animo ostenderis, Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 29; populus R. in hostes lenissimus, Cic. Rosc. Am. 154; iacentem lenis in hostem, Hor. e. saec. 52; **5. w. abstract nouns**, seruitus, Pl. Capt. 2, 1, 4; lenior sententia, Caes. b. c. 1, 2, 2; lenissima postulata, 1, 5, 5; consilium, Hor. od. 3, 4, 41; **6. often of language, lenissima uerba**, Cic. fam. 5, 15, 1; tractu orationis leni, or. 2, 54; non semper fortis oratio quaeritur, sed saepe placida summissa lenis, 2, 183; pronuntiatio, Quint. 11, 3, 161; **7. in gramm. l. spiritus** soft breathing, non-aspiration as opp. to asper\* sp. Prisc. 51, 24 K; **8. w. infin.**, Non lenis precibus facia recludere, Hor. od. 1, 24, 17; **9. a cognomen**, Suetonius Lenis, Suet. Oth. 10; **10. lenae**, as adv. in poets w. verbs, gently, lenae sonantis aquae, Ov. F. 2, 704; lenae spirat, Aen. desc. orb. 857; lenae flueus, Nemes. ecl. 4, 47; eluii lenae iacentes, Calp. ecl. 7, 25 (see § 2); **11. leniter**, gently, Pl. Bac. 3, 3, 4; Cic. rep. 6, 12; Caes. b. g. 7, 19, 1; **12. lenius**, Caes. b. c. 1, 1, 4; Ov. M. 3, 569; lenissime, Cic. fam. 5, 2, 9.

**2. lēnis**, (= *λεως*?) is (gender?), a vessel, prob. a winevat; labella lenis, Afran. and Laber. ap. Non. 544, 32.

**lēnitās**, atis, f. smoothness and so gentleness, firstly in motion, Arar in Rhodanum infuit incredibili lenitate, ita ut... Caes. b. g. 1, 12, 1; **2. flexibility, softness**, lini, Plin. 13, 82; **3. of action on other senses, gentleness, mildness, subdued character**, Africa gypso mitigat asperitatem\* (uini), Gracina argilla lenitatem excitat, Plin. 14, 120; l. gustus, 27, 62; mellis, 37, 47; (zmaragdus) in uiridi lenitate lassitudinem mulcens, 27, 63; **4. of style, smoothness, gentleness, orationes** ex quibus lenitas eius sine neruis perspiei potest, Cic. Brut. 17; orationis, or. 2, 128; genus orationis cum lenitate profluens sine hac iudiciali asperitate\*, 2, 64; **5. of the voice, smoothness, sweetness, uocis**, Cic. or. 2, 182; **6. of the mind, gentleness, mildness, et erī semper lenitas Verbarū quorsum euaderet**, Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 4; inepta lenitas Patris et facultas (so all best mss) praua, Ad. 3, 3, 36; in mentibus uel ad iram incitandis uel ad lenitatem reuocandis, Cic. or. 1, 53; non est iam lenitatis locus, Cat. 2, 6; mores nigore ac lenitate mixtissimos, Vell. 2, 98, 3.

**lēnitudo**, inis, f. gentleness, as of character or manner, mira lenitudine Ae suauitate abundat, Turp. ap. Non. 132, 1; uirorum nimia in istum lenitudinem, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 136; **2. of speech**, Lenitudo orationis, mollitudo corporis, Pacuv. ap. Cic. Tusc. 5, 46.

**1. lēno**, are, see lenor.

**2. lēno**, ōnis, m. keeper of a brothel, dealer in women slaves, Leno me peregre militi Macedonico Minis uiginti... uendidit, Pl. Ps. 1, 1, 49; nah leno iniqua me non uolt loqui, Ter. Ad. 2, 1, 33; perurissimum lenonem, Cic. Rosc. com. 20; add or. in senatu 12; **2. met.**, Me lenōne placet, Ov. am. 3, 12, 11; lenonibus undis, Pentad. Anth. 246 Meyer; text in Iustin. 2, 3, 8 legationibus prob. right.

**lēnōcinamentum**, i, n. = lenocinium, Sidon. ep. 7, 9 med.; ps. Quint. Trib. Mar. 5, 5 med.

**lēnōcinātor**, ōris, m. = leno, Tert. Marc. 1, 22 f.

**lēnōcinium**, ii, n. the profession of a leno, brothel-keeping, dealing in slave-girls, quene lenocinium faciet, CIL 206, 123; Quid, ego lenocinium facio? Pl. Epid. 4, 2, 11; add More. 2, 3, 76; utrum l. a grege delicatae iuuentutis an... petebas? Cic. Mur. 74; cum mulier uir lenocinio adulterata fuerit, Scaev. dig. 48, 5, 2, 2; 48, 5, 30, 3; **2. met. often even of things, seductive, cupiditatum**, Cic. Sen. 138; corporum, N. D. 2, 146; uoluptatis, Sen. dial. 10, 10, 3; non faciem coloribus ac lenocinis poluisti, 12, 16, 4; forma fuit eximia... et omnis lenocinii negligens, Suet. Aug. 79; **3. of lang.**, nec ullum orationi l. addit, Tac. h. 1, 18; qui non ornamenta quaerimus sed lenocinia, Quint. 8 pr. 26; caret lenociniis expositio, 4, 2, 118; add 12, 1, 30.

**lēnōcinor**, āri, vb. r. play the pimp—only met., tibi seruiet, tibi lenocinabitur, Cic. in Caecl. 48; gloriae meae, Sen. contr. 1; libro isti notitas lenocinatur, Plin. ep. 2, 19, 7; add 1, 8, 6.

**lēnōnius**, adj. of a leno or brothel-keeper, seruitus, Pl. Ps. 3, 1, 1; fides, Rud. 5, 3, 30; ianuae, As. 1, 3, 88; genus, Cure. 4, 2, 13; lutum, Pers. 3, 3, 2; pueri, CIL fast. Praen. at April 25; domus, Apul. mag. 75; but in 98 read lenonis;

**2. lenonie**, adv. Lamp. Comm. 15, 4 (al. lenocine).

**lēnor**, āri, vb. r. or lūno, are, vb. play the pimp, (Graecule consuetu lenandi callidus arte, Anthol. Meyer. 647, 1; **2. leno**, are, as vb. tr. prostitute, puellas, Anthol. Meyer. 948, 9; filiam suam, Schol. Iuv. 6, 232; **3. lenatus**, past part. puellae, Anthol. Meyer. 313, 9.

**1. lens**, lendis, f. a nit, tollitur adipe canino, Plin. 29, 111; Vnda maris lendes capiti deducit iniquas, Seren. Samm. 5, 72.

**2 lens** or **lensis**, *lensis*, f. and m. \* a lentil, *lentin* in rubricoso loco...serito, Cato r. 35, 1; *lentin* oleo perficatio, 116; *lenti calido*\*, Titin. ap. Non. 210, 4; *lentin*, Varr. ap. Char. 126, 6 K; *lentin* solo resolutio seri, Colum. 2, 10, 15; *Pelusiaceae...lensis*, Verg. G. 1, 28; *lens optima*, Plin. 22, 142; add 18, 123; Mart. 13, 9; **2.** a water-plant, G. meel-linsen, *lentes* quae supra aquam natant, Veg. uet. 5, 18; **3.** in pl. *lentes*, Scrib. comp. 114; **4.** *lensis*, as nom. *lensis* pro *lensis*, Prisc. 341, 22 K.

**lento**, *ere*, vb. be slow or pliant, hence met., *lento* opus, Lucil. ap. Prisc. 1, 397, 26 K.

**lentesco**, *ere*, vb. become pliant or flexible, (*salix*) si minus lenta est, in stercore obruenda est ut *lentescat*, Colum. 11, 2, 92; **2.** become soft, *Set piceis* in morem ad digitos *lentescit* habendo, Verg. G. 2, 250; *cicera... aqua maceratur dum lentescat*, Colum. 2, 10, 35; *l. cerae modo*, Plin. 37, 185; (*succinum*) ut in *piceum lentescit*, Tac. G. 45.

**lentariūs**, see *linterius*.

**lenticūla**, ae, f. dim., a small lentil, ex *leguminibus* ualentiore *lenticula* quam *pisum*, Cels. 2, 18, p. 65; 3 Dar.; ad *lenticulae* magnitudinem, 6, 6, 1, p. 227, 4, etc.; *lenticulae folia*, Plin. 25, 133; *lenticulan* series solo tenui, Pall. 3, 2, 49; add 7, 3, 1; **2.** like a lentil in shape, *figura (gemmae) quae uocatur l.*, Plin. 37, 196; *nassa filitula* a similitudine quas *lenticulas* uocant, Cels. 2, 17, p. 63, 31 Dar.; add *Isid.* or. 20, 7; see too *lenticularis*; **3.** a freckle, *paene ineptiae sunt curare lenticulas*, Cels. 6, 5; in rare prima ueluti *lenticula* mox *marescente*, Plin. 26, 7; **4.** a cognomen? *Licinium Lenticulam* (al. *Lenticulam*), Cic. Phil. 2, 56 (*Λεντικουλον*), Dio 45, 47.

**lenticularis**, e, adj. of a lentil, *ampulla olearia lenticulari forma*, Apul. flor. 1, 9, p. 36 Hild.

**lenticinosus**, adj. freckled, uir, Val. M. 1, 7 extr. 6.

**lento**, *inis*, f. dim., a mark like a lentil—hence a freckle, *atriplex lentiginis gignit*, Plin. 20, 219; qui *lentiginis* habent, 28, 188; add 32, 87 and 140; **2.** in sing. freckles, *faciem lentiginis obducit*, 29, 73; *lentiginem habentibus*, 30, 16; add 22, 124; **3.** other uses, *l. chartae*, Plin. 13, 81; *stellio plenus lentiginis*, 29, 90.

**lentipēs**, *edis*, adj. slow-footed, *Spondaeus illi lentipēs ibat* comēs, Auson. epist. 21, 40.

**lenticifer**, a, um, adj. bearing mastich-trees, Ov. M. 15, 713.

**lenticinus**, adj. of the mastich tree, *oleum*, Plin. 23, 67; Pall. 2, 20; (*resina*), Plin. 24, 36.

**lenticum**, i, n. mastich-oil, *oleae in lentisco contusae*, Cato r. 7, 4; quoted by Varr. r. 1, 60 and Plin. 15, 21; **2.** mastich-wood, esp. as used for toothpicks, *lenticum melius*, Mart. 14, 22; 3, 82, 9, 6, 74, 3.

**lentiscus**, i, f. the mastich tree, *pistacia lentiscus* Linn., *lentiscus* triplici solita grandescere *fetu*, Cic. diu. 1, 15; quoted by Plin. 18, 228; *lentisci talea*, Colum. 5, 10, 20; *lentisci semibubis*, 12, 49, 1; (*lentisci*) *resina*, Plin. 16, 55; (*oleum*) e *lentisco*, 15, 28; *baedis lentisci cacumina praebenda*, Pall. 12, 8; **2.** the oil of the tree, *mel crudum*, *uinum lentiscus*, Cels. 5, 6; add 4, 27, p. 154, 13 Dar.; see *lentiscum*.

**lentitia**, ae, f. pliancy, flexibility, *uirgas sequacis lentitiae*, Plin. 16, 174; *est lentitia platano*, 16, 210; **2.** viscosity, *pituitae*, 20, 64.

**lentitēs**, ei, f. the same, *Lentitium plumbum non exiit*? Auct. Aetn. 543.

**lentitūdō**, *uis*, f. the same, hence met. pliancy of character (in excess), *eam quam lentitatem nos dicimus, uitioso lentitudinis nomine appellant*, Cic. Tusc. 4, 43; (*non irasci*) est nonnunquam etiam *lentitudinis*, Q. fr. 1, 1, 38;

**2.** slowness, *crimimatus Metelli lentitudinem trahentis belum*, Vell. 2, 11, 2; *lentitudinis eorum pertaesca*, Tac. an. 15, 51; *mortis*, 15, 64; **3.** slowness of style, dullness, *ceteros eiusdem lentitudinis libros*, Tac. dial. 21.

**lento**, *are*, vb. make supple or flexible, *oleo lentati paratique ad arma*, Elm. ap. Serv. A. 3, 384 (susp.); **2.** bend—only in poets—as au cor, *lendantur remus in unda*, Verg. 3, 384; *adductos simul Lentare remos*, Sen. Agam. 459; *exsertus lentandis nauita tonsis*, Claud. cons. Mall. 42; or a

bow, *areus*, Stat. Ach. 1, 436; Th. 1, 703; *cornua*, 3, 587; **3.** make slow in action, weaken, *uaporem*, Sidon. carn. 22, 101; **4.** and so postpone, *fata Romana*, Treb. Poll. Claud. 6, 2.

**lento**, *oris*, m. pliancy, flexibility, *rotarum axibus ad quos lentore fraxinus legitur*, Plin. 16, 229; **2.** of semifluids, (*eunimo*) *adicitur exiguum piceis ut lentorem malagmatis habeat*, Colum. 6, 17, 5; (*pice*) *omni lentore misso in puluerem resolutur*, 12, 23, 1; *lentore ab alia pice differens*, Plin. 16, 55; *usque ad lentorem subigi*, 17, 111; **3.** a viscous substance, *lentorem resinorum qui ex cortice erumpit*, Plin. 13, 54.

**Lentulus**, *ātis*, f. the (honour of) being a *Leutulus*, a term invented by Cic. fam. 3, 7, 5; cf. *Apicietas*.

**lentulus**, adj. dim. rather slow, *existimas illum in illo genere lentulum*? Cic. Att. 10, 11, 2; **2.** a cognomen, *L. Gellio* Con. *Lentulo* cos., CIL 204, 1, 3; *P. Lentinus* P. f. imp., 525 on a coin of Apamea; P. (Cornelius) *Lentulus* Sura, Sal. Cat. 17, 3; **3.** the cognomen, says Plin. 18, 10 from the plant *lens*, comparing *Piso* and *Fabius*.

**lentus**, (prob. a part. of *lino*, i.e. of *clen-o*; see *lino*—meaning oiled, at any rate akin to our *lithe*; cf. *clent-*, tooth) adj. supple, flexible, pliant, *lithe*, *uirgae*, Pl. As. 3, 2, 49; *materies*, Mil. 4, 5, 4; *Ita istae nimis lenta uincta sunt escaria*: *Quam magis extendas, tanto astringunt artius*, Men. 1, 1, 18; *uiburna*, Verg. B. 1, 26; *uitis*, 3, 38; *genistae*, G. 2, 12; *uicunt*, 4, 34; *rami (uitis)*, 4, 558; *Aut lentis ocreas lentis ducunt argento*, A. 7, 634; *brachia*, Hor. epod. 15, 6; (*salix*) si minus *lenta* est, Colum. 11, 2, 92; *materies (terebintho) admodum lenta*, Plin. 13, 54;

**2.** of semifluids, viscous, glutinous, *gluten...pice lentius* Idae, Verg. G. 4, 41; see *lento*; **3.** as a thick medium impedes passage, slow, gentle, *lento igne*, Colum. 12, 42, 2; Plin. 16, 55; *lento uapore decoctis malis cotoneis*, 24, 129; and met., *Lentis macer ignibus*, Hor. od. 1, 13, 8;

**4.** slow, long, tedious, *Τενεός illa lentum negotium*, Cic. Att. 1, 12, 1; *lento duello*, Hor. ep. 1, 2, 7; 2, 2, 98; *trauquillitatis lentissimae taedio*, Sen. ep. 70, 3; **5.** of character, slow to act, calm, patient, considerate, in quo ego *nimium patiens et lentus existimor*, Cic. or. 2, 305; *lentus in suo dolore esset*, rei publice iniurias ne largiretur, Tac. an. 3, 70; *ignoscendi quaerens causas*, non puniendi occasiones, quod iudicis *lenti* et *considerati* est proprium, Aum. 19, 12, 18; **6.** slow to act from want of feeling, unfeeling, unconcerned, unmoved, uninterested, *spandentem moenia Romanae coloniae Hannibalem lenti spectantem*, Liv. 22, 14, 7; *Nos patriam fugimus*: *tu Tityre lentus in umbra...*, Verg. B. 1, 4; (*eum*) *examinat lentus spectator*, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 178; *uellere coepi et pensare manu lentissima brachia*, s. 1, 9, 64; *Haec est pro miseri lenta salute uiri*, Or. Pont. 3, 1, 66; *si tu Nostra potes lento pectore ferre mala*, Tib. 4, 11, 6; *Minasque tumidi lentus Aeacidae tui*, Sen. Tro. 263; add v. 907.

**lénulus**, (for *lenonulus*) i, m. dim. a little pimp or brothel-keeper, Pl. Poen. 2, 24; Prisc. 1, 109, 6 as corrected by Keil.

**lénunculārius**, adj. m. as sb. master of a boat (*lenuncul-*), Q. Caecilio Q. I. *lenunculario*, inser. Or. 3248; *ordo corporatorum lenunculariorum*, 4054 and 4104.

**1 lenun-culus**, (*leno*) i, m. dim. a little pimp or brothel-keeper, Pl. Poen. 5, 5, 7; Prisc. 1, 109, 6.

**2 lenuncul-us**, i, m. dim. a small boat, esp. a fishing boat, *panci lenunculi ad officium conueniebant*, Caes. b. c. 2, 43, 3; **2.** in *lenunculo* *piscant* (t'is, Sal. ap. Non. 534, 32 who adds: *naugium piscatorium*; add Tac. an. 14, 5; Gell. lo. 25, 5.

**1 leo**, vb. obsol. implied in *lenti* and *de-leo*; see *lino*.

**2 leo**, *ōnis*, (cf. *le-a* and *le-*; for suff. cf. *pau-on*) m. lion, nam cum *leone...deluctari malui* *Quam cum amore*, Pl. Pers. 1, 1, 3; *fraus quasi uulpeneae*, *uis leonis uidetur*, Cic. off. 1, 41; *Tum denum mouet arma leo*, Verg. 12, 6; **2.** *leo* *femina*, Plaut. ap. Philarg. ad Verg. B. 2, 63; **3.** met., *nonne populus est domi leones foras uulpes*, Petron. 41; in praetoribus *leones*, in castris *leporis*, Sidon. ep. 5, 7 m.; in pace *leones*, in proelio *cervi*, Tertul. coron. mil. 1 med.; **II 4.** a constellation in the Zodiac, *linitem*

qui est inter Leonem et Cancrum, Varr. ap. Serv. G. 1, 34; ubi gratior aura Leoniat... momenta Leonis, Hor. ep. 1, 10, 15; incipit crescere abundantissime Nilus Leonem sole transiente, Plin. 5, 57; sole primam partem Leonis ingrediente, qui dies xv ante Augustas Kalendas est, 2, 123; 5. a kind of crab, cancrorum genera carabi, astacti... leones, Plin. 9, 97; leones quorum brachia caneris similia sunt, 32, 149; 6. os leonis, not leo, the plant snap-dragon, antirrhinum maius Linn. (cf. G. löwen-maul, Fr. moufle de veau), Narcissique comas et hiantis saeva leonis Ora, Colum. poet. 10, 98; Oseiat et leo, id. 260; 7. Leones, the priests of the sun-god Mithra, Tertul. Marc. 1, 13; 8. a cognomen, P. Valerius Leo, Ascon. in Mil. p. 35; add Emperor Leo.

**leōninus**, adj. of a lion, canom, Pl. Men. 1, 2, 49; species, Varr. r. 2, 9, 4; adeps, Plin. 24, 165; pellis, 37, 142; 2. leonina societas, societatem talem coiri non posse, ut alter luernum tantum, alter dampnum sentiret, et hanc societatem leoninam solum appellare, Ulp. dig. 17, 2, 29, 2; cf. E. a lion's share; II 3. of the Emperor Leo, lex Leonina, Justin. C. 1, 3, 50.

**leonticē**, ēs, f. a plant, also called encalia, Plin. 25, 135. **Leonticus**, adj. of the Leones priests of Mithra, Nonius Victor Olympius et Aurelius Victor Augustus tradiderunt Leontica, inser. Or. 2343 and 2345.

**leontios**, ii, m. a gem, like a lion's skin, Plin. 37, 190. **leontōcaron**, i, n. a plant, Apul. herb. 57.

**leontōpétalon**, (lion-leaf) i, n. a plant, also called pardalio, leontice i. Linn., Plin. 27, 96.

**leontophónos**, i, m. a little animal, the taste of it fatal to a lion, Plin. 8, 136.

**leontopódion**, ii, n. a plant, Plin. 26, 52; Apul. herb. 7. **leopardinus**, adj. of a leopard, adeps, Marc. emp. 28.

**leopardus**, i, m. a leopard, Lampr. Hel. 21, 1; Vop. Prob. 19, 7.

**lepas**, see *lopas*.

**Lepidānus** or **Lepidiānus**\*, adj. of Lepidus, bellum Lepidanum, Sal. ap. Arus. Mess.; Lepidiānus\* tumultus, Macr. s. 1, 13, 7.

**lepidillus**, adj. doub. dim. of lepidus, as cognomen, Claudia Lepidilla, inser. Grut. 726, 1.

**Lepidiānus**, adj. of the Lepidi, as a cognomen, perh. of adoption, Gaius Lepidiānus, inser. Spon. misc. ant. 257; Aelia L. f. Lepidina, inser. Grut. 343, 3.

**lepidium**, ii, n. a plant of two kinds, planted and wild, garden-cress, mixed with milk makes oxygala, folia lepidii cum dulci lacte miscet, Colum. 12, 8, 3; cf. 10, 124; and add 11, 3, 16 and 41; 12, 8, 3; Plin. 19, 166; 20, 181.

**lepidōtis**, is, f. a gem, Plin. 37, 170.

**lepidālus**, adj. dim. nice, neat, of style, Mart. Cap. 7, 235 G, 255, 16 Eyss.; saturae, S. 272 G, 299, 12 Eyss.; adv. lepidule in mss of Pl. Ps. 1, 5, 15 but against metre, edd. lepidule.

**lēpidus**, (from a lost *lepo*=λεπω, peel; cf. *lepor*: and a peeled stick is very smooth) adj. lit. polished, hence nice, delicate (occurs 164 times in Plautus), of things, Cur inclementer dicis lepidis litteris, Lepidis tabellis, lepida conscriptis manu? Pl. Ps. 1, 1, 25; accipiam te lepidis uictibus, Mil. 3, 1, 144; locus, Bac. 1, 1, 51; unguentum, Cas. 2, 3, 101; dona, Ter. Eun. 4, 3, 9; 2. of abstracts, occasio, Pl. Mil. 4, 1, 30; dies, And. S. 4, 8, 4; fama, Trin. 2, 2, 98; 3. of persons, nice, dear, sweet, darling, lepidus unius, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 109; 1. senex, Mil. 2, 1, 77; 3, 1, 54; Non potuit (sol) reperire... Lepidiores duas ad hanc rem quam egomet, 3, 1, 209; add Capt. 5, 2, 3; e capitulum lepidissimum, Ter. Eun. 3, 3, 25; pater lepidissime, And. 5, 7, 13; hi pueri tam lepidi ac delicati... sicas uibrare didicerunt, Cic. Cat. 2, 23; 4. of style, polished, pretty, neat, uolo te ad tuos amores Ad eadum lepidum uocare uersu, Catul. 6, 167; quae sunt lepida et concinna cito satietate afficiunt aurum sensum, Cornif. ad Her. 4, 32; Scimus inurbanum lepidum seponere dicto, Hor. A. P. 273; 5. a cognomen, M. Aemilius M. f. M. n. Lepidus cos., CIL 535 and 536; II 6. adv. nicely, ornatus, Pl. Mil. 3, 3, 260; Poen. 1, 2, 84; 1. stratus lectus, 3, 3, 84; 1. ludificari, Cas. 3, 2, 28; Quam lepide lexeis compostae, Lucil. ap. Cie. or. 3, 171; 7. in

answers, Euge, enge, lepide: laudo commentum tuum, Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 86; Quid est? Facete, lepide, laute, nil supra, Ter. Eun. 3, 1, 37; 8. comp. lepidius, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 88; sup. lepidissime, 3, 3, 66.

**lēpis**, idis, or *lepida*\*, ae, f. a flake of metal, Plin. 34, 107; 2. as a drug, lepidus unciam unam, Veg. uet. 6, 27, 5; lepidam\* 6, 28, 8 and 9.

**lēpista**, (*Λεπιστα*) ae, f. a vessel for liquids, genus nasis aquali, Paul ex F. p. 115; ferunt pulcra cretetas, aureas lepidistas, poet. ap. Mar. Vitr. 139, S K; lepidistae Sabinorum fanis aut fictiles sunt aut aeneae, Varr. ap. Non. 547, 24.

**lēpor**, or rather *lepos*\*, ōris (see *lepidus*), m. polish, shining surface, nitido capti lepulie lepore (of metals), Luer. 5, 1259; Aurea panonum rident(i) inbata lepore Saecla, 2, 502; 2. hence neatness, elegance, delicacy, medio de fonte leporum\* Surgit amari aliquid, Luer. 4, 1133; homo affluens omni lepore ac uenustate, Cic. Varr. 2, 5, 142; seommatas sales uocantur omnisque nitae lepos\*, Plin. 31, 88; 3. esp. of language, tanta suauitas erat sermonis Latini ut adpareret in eo natium quendam leporum esse, Petr. Att. 4, 1; expolitum orationis genus in quo omnes uerborum illigantur lepores\*, Cic. orat. 96; nullum ueteris leporis uestigium apparet, fam. 9, 15, 2; tantus in iocando lepos\*, or. 1, 27; accedat eodem lepos\* quidam facetiaeque, 1, 17; inusitatum nostris oratoribus leporum et salem... consequens est, 2, 98; facetiarum non securilis lepos\*, Brut. 143; II 4. Lepos, a cognomen, Hor. s. 2, 6, 72; 5. note pl. t.

**lēporārius**, adj. of hares, hence leporarium, ii, as sb. n. properly a preserve for rearing hares, but applied more generally, a place quodam l. appellatum, nam neque solum lepores in ea includuntur silua, ut olim in iugero agelli, sed etiam cerui aut capreae in iugeribus multis, Varr. r. 3, 12, 1; add 2, pr. 5; 3, 3, 1; 2. leporaria sc. uitis, a kind of vine, Serv. G. 2, 93.

**lēporinus**, adj. of hares, coaguluni, Varr. r. 2, 11, 4; Cels. 5, 5; cinis, Plin. 28, 166; lana, Ulp. dig. 32, 70, 9.

**lepos**, see *lepor*.

**lēprae**, arum, f. leprous eruptions, leprosy, alium lepras exulcrare sanatque, Plin. 20, 55; lepidium lepras tollit, 20, 181; 2. in sing., Iunene. 1 f.; Scrib. comp. 250.

**lēprōsus**, adj. leprous, suffering from leprosy, uir, Sedul. 4, 191; met., Prud. perist. 2, 285.

**Lepta**, ae, m. a cognomen, Cie. fam. 3, 7, 4.

**leptomērēs**, m. -ēs, n. adj. made up of small atoms Theod. Prisc. diaet. 10.

**leptomēriscus**, adj. the same, subtle, Theod. Prisc. diaet. 10.

**leptophyllon**, (small-leaved) i, adj. n. as sb. a kind of spurge, Plin. 26, 71.

**lepto-psēphos**, adj. of small stones, Plin. 36, 57.

**leptorraz**, (*λεπτα* a berry) āgis, adj. having small berries, uitis, Plin. 14, 15.

**leptos**, adj. fine, minute, Plin. 25, 68.

**lēpis**, (for *saleps*, and so from a secondary vb. *saleb-*, whence *saleb-ra*, and by loss of *b* *salio*; and that from a stem *sal* run leap, whence *sal-tus* a cattle-run; so E. leap, lode of *e-lope*, inter-lope, G. laufen are all decapitated; akin to *λεγω*, *λαβω*, *λαβω* (alacer) ōris, m. a hare, I modo uenere leporem: nunc ietum tenes, Pl. Capt. 1, 2, 81; add Pers. 3, 3, 31; lepus mulotum sonari adfert qui illum edit, Cato ap. Diom. 362 K; quoted by Plin. 28, 260; latebras ubi lepores interdu delitescunt in uirgulis, Varr. r. 3, 12, 3; lepores ad Alpes cauidi, 3, 12, 6; Auritose sequi lepores, Verg. G. 1, 308; 2. in masc. even of females, Feecundi (so best mss); Bent. w. some, feecunda) *lēpōris*, Hor. s. 2, 4, 44; lepus solus praeter dasydemon superlatet, Plin. 8, 219; 3. pro. of one starting a hare and another getting it, Credula si fueris, aliae tua gaudia carpent Et *lēpis* hic aliis exagitatus erit, Ov. a. a. 3, 662; aliis leporem excitati, Petrou. 131; 4. as a term of endearment, Mens pullus, passer meae columba, nil lepus, Pl. Cas. 1, 1, 50; or of contempt, Lepus tuus pulpanientum quaeris? Hahahaha! Ter. Eun. 3, 1, 34; borrowed from Liv. And. says Vopisc. Numer. 13, 5; II 5. a poisonous sea-fish, Plin. 9, 155; 32, 7; 6. a constellation, subterque pedes...



Orionis facit leupides Lepus, Cic. Arat. 121 (365); add Hygin. 3, 22; Manil. 5, 159.

**lepus-culus**, or **lepusculus**\*, i. m. dim. a little hare, a leveret, Cic. N. D. 1, 88; hordium non nimis ab lepusculis appetitur, Colum. 9, 9 f.; Tantum tu comedas velim lepusculus\*, Lampr. Sev. 38, 6; 2. met., pro lepusculis capiebantur patellae, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 47.

**lērīa**, n. pl. dim. ornamenta tunicarum aurea, Paul. ex F. 115; cf. *λῆρη* the same, in Hesych.

**lessus**, (perh. a variety of *letus*) as, m. wailing over the dead, Mulier ne lessum funeris ergo habento, xii tab. ap. Cic. leg. 2, 59, where Cic. adds: Laelius lessum quasi lugubrem ciuitationem, quod eo magis iudicio nerum esse quia lex Solonis id ipsum uenat; in Pl. Truc. 4, 2, 18 ass lausum not lessum, edd. pausam.

**lētāb-ilis**, e, adj. deadly, fatal, lues, Amm. 19, 4, 7.

**lētālis**, e, adj. the same, noliuss, Verg. 9, 580; Suet. Caes. 82; ensis, Ov. M. 13, 392; alis deumtis letale est, Plin. 11, 118; add 11, 237; 2. letale, as adv. compl. of a vb., letale minari, Stat. silu. 4, 4, 84; l. furcus, Th. 12, 760; 3. letaliter, Plin. 11, 206.

**lēthargia**? in Plin. 24, 63 Silius has lethargo.

**lēthargicus**, adj. of lethargy, drowsy, lethargic, somnus, Aug. ep. 48 ad Vinc.; 2. as sb. one suffering from lethargy, hos (epileptici sufferens) isidem quibus lethargicos excitare conatur, Cels. 3, 23; Vt lethargicus hic cum fit pugil, Hor. s. 2, 2, 30; oecum salutare lethargicis, Plin. 20, 121; add 28, 230 etc.

**lēthargus**, adj. forgetful, lethargic, recentes (uuae) morbum lethargum faciunt, Plin. 23, 10; 2. hence as sb. m. (sc. morbus) overpowering drowsiness, as a disease, lethargo grandi est oppressus, Hor. s. 2, 2, 135; somnone te languidum an grandi lethargo pulem pressum? S. Sulpic. ap. Quint. 4, 2, 106; inexpressibilis paene dormiendi necessitas: *Ληθαργος* Graeci nominantur, Cels. 3, 20, see lethargicus; in lethargum uergentibus, Plin. 32, 116; add 24, 63; 3. in pl., oecum lethargos facere, Plin. 20, 119; resoli sinistro latere lethargos quos fecerit dexter, 28, 116.

**lēthāsia**, ae, f. the white poppy, Apul. herb. 53.

**lētifer**, a, um, adj. death-bringing, fatal, certamen, Catul. 64, 394; morbus, Colum. 7, 12, 14; annus, Verg. 3, 139; arcus, 10, 160; ictus, Ov. M. 8, 362.

**lēto**, are, vb. kill, murder—in poets—Quique Lyeurgidem letauit, Ov. Ib. 501; letataque corpora uidit, M. 3, 55.

**lētum**, old loetum (perh. for a lost latum, dissolution; but see Varro below), i. n. death, si non quibo impetrare, Consciam loetum (so CD), Pl. Mil. 4, 6, 26; Responde: quo loeto (so CD) censes me ut percam potissimum? Merc. 2, 4, 15; Emortuum ego me manelim loeto (loetho B 2 m.), Aul. 4, 5, 1; liberi leto dati, Enn. ap. Non. 15, 12; Obambulunt multi letum ferroque laque, Enn. ap. Prisc. 1, 287 K; leti domus, CIL 1009, 2; leto taent, ib. 17; Vt sibi consciant...letum, Lucr. 3, 81; in fueribus inditius quo dicitur Ollis leto datus est, quod Graecus dicit *Ληθη*, id est obliuioni, Varr. l. 7, 3 p. 328 Sp.; eodem sibi leto quo ipse interesset esse perendum, Cic. diu. 1, 56; uide quam turpi leto peramus, Att. 10, 10, 5; Eripui fateor leto me et uincula rupi, Verg. 2, 134; 2. met. Teuerum res eripe leto, Verg. 5, 690.

**lēuāb-ilis**, e, adj. admitting relief, motus, Cael. Aur. acut. 3, 7, 71.

**lēuāmen**, inis, n. that which relieves, relief, quod si esset aliqd i. id esset in te uno, Cic. Att. 12, 16; riuus... Dulce uiatori lasso in sudore leuamen, Catul. 68, 64; omnis curae easusque leuamen, Verg. 3, 709; add Prop. 4, 11, 63; Tac. h. 5, 3.

**lēuāmentārius**, adj. as sb. m. a lighter employed in unloading ships (naui leuandae causa quia intrare portum non poterat, as Callist. dig. 14, 2, 4, says), Theod. C. 13, 5, 1.

**lēuāmentum**, i. n. that which relieves, relief, consolation, miseriarum, Cic. fin. 5, 53; add Att. 12, 43, 1; Plin. 30, 23; Plin. ep. 8, 19, 1; Tac. an. 4, 66.

**lēuāna**, adj. f. as sb. goddess of childbirth, Aug. C. D. 4, 11.

**lēuātio**, onis, f. lifting, onerum, Vitr. 10, 8, 1; 2.

met. relief, aegritudinum, Cic. Tusc. 1, 119; nitiorum, ibn. 4, 67; perienli, Vell. 2, 130, 5.

**lēuātor**, oris, m. a thief, Petron. 140, wh. see Biecheler. **leuca** or *leuga* (Gael. clach, Bret. kalch, a stone), ae, f. lit. a stone to mark a league, hence a league or 1½ miles, exinde (i.e. ab Gallis) non millenis passibus sed leugis itinera metiuntur, Amm. 15, 11, 17; a loco (inde...) aduque quae nullum barbaricum quanta leuga signabat et decima, id est, xii milia passuum, 16, 12, 8; Imp. Caes. Antonino Pio... ab Aquilis leug. 111, inser. Grut. 1078, 7; leuca finitur passibus ab, Isid. or. 15, 16; *Λευγα μετρον* τῆς *Διαστήσεως* Hesych.

**leucācantha**, (white-thorn) ae, f. or -os\*, i. m. a plant, Plin. 22, 40; 27, 124; 21, 94\*.

**leucāchātes**, ae, m. white agate, Plin. 37, 139.

**leucanthēmīs**, idis, f. a plant, also called anthemīs, Plin. 22, 53.

**leucanthēmum**, i, n. the same, Plin. 21, 60 and 163; 22, 53.

**leucanthēs**, adj. n. as sb. a plant, Plin. 21, 176.

**leucanthus**, i, m. a plant, Apul. herb. 92.

**leucargillos**, i, m. white clay, Plin. 17, 42.

**leucaspis**, idis, adj. f. armed with white shields, phalanx, Liv. 44, 41, 2.

**leucē**, ēs, adj. f. as sb. dead-nettle, lanicum maculatum, Plin. 27, 102; 2. white poplar? Serv. ad B. 7, 61.

**leucēfōrōn**, i, n. a plant, same as leontopodium, Plin. 26, 52; Apul. herb. 7.

**leucōcōrrysos**, i, m. a gem, Plin. 37, 128 and 172.

**leucōcōmis**, adj. having white leaves, Plin. 13, 113.

**leucōcōsus**, adj. white Coan (wine), Plin. 14, 78.

**leucogaeus**, adj. of white earth, Plin. 37, 162.

**leucōgrāphis**, idis, f. an unknown plant, Plin. 27, 103.

**leucōgrāphitis**, idis, f. a plant, Plin. 37, 162.

**leuco-ion**, i, n. white violet, Colum. 9, 4, 4; 10, 97;

2. a bulbous plant, Plin. 19, 95.

**leucōnōtus**, i, m. S.W. wind, Sen. n. q. 5, 16, 6; Auson. techn. de deis 12.

**leucōphacātus**, quasi-part. dressed in ash-grey, Mart. 1, 97.

**leucōphaeus**, adj. of ash-grey, pannus, Plin. 32, 114; Vitr. 8, 3, 14.

**leucophōrūm**, adj. n. as sb. a glue for gold-leaf, Plin. 33, 64; 35, 36.

**leucophthalmos**, i, adj. m. as sb. a gem, Plin. 37, 171.

**leucōpis**, idis, adj. f. as sb. a plant, Apul. herb. 10.

**leucōpocēcis**, adj. m. as sb. a gem, Plin. 37, 171.

**leucos**, adj. white, ardeola (egret), Plin. 10, 164; 11, 140.

**leucrococta**, ae, m. or f.? a wild beast of some kind, Plin. 8, 73.

**leuennam** hominem pro leui appellat Laberius, Gell. 16, 7, 11.

**leuga**, see leuca.

**lēuē-ālis**, adj. dim. light, trifling, Cic. Tusc. 5, 103; Gell. 13, 31, 15.

**lēuēdensis**, adj. not closely woven, uestis, Isid. or. 19, 22; met., munusculum leuēdensis erasso filo, Cic. fam. 9, 12, 2.

**lēuēfēit**, *ἐλευθερωσεν*, Gloss. Philox.

**lēuēfidus**, adj. of light faith, intrustworthy, omnes sunt lenae leuēfide, Pl. Pers. 2, 2, 61.

**lēuēfātio**, onis, f. making smooth, Vitr. 7, 1, 4.

**lēuigo**, are, make smooth, smooth, polish, leuigatur fales trunco, Plin. 17, 101; hoc ad leuigandum eutem in facie utitur, 20, 20; Spiniferas prunos...Leuigāt et pulchris nēstī adultā comis, Pall. inst. 82; 2. esp. plaster (walls) with fine cement, parietes tectorio leuigantur ne faeces introire possit, Varr. r. 3, 11, 3; suggestus lapideus... opere tectorio leuigatur, ita ne ascensus laertis praebatur, Colum. 9, 7, 1; add S. 8, 4; Pall. 1, 24, 1; 1, 38, 2;

3. work up (semi-lubridus), so as to leave no lumps or grits, see leuis 2 § 5, quae subuersedunt diligenter contrita leuigantur, Colum. 12, 42, 2; auxugia cum pie leuigata imponitur, 6, 16, 2; galla cum uino leuigata, 7, 5, 12; omnia in unum leuigata, 9, 13, 5; ut offulae (farinae) oleo leuigantur asperso, Pall. 1, 29, 4; alium, (loosen) Gell. 4, 11, 4; 4. leu-

ignatus as adj., oleum leuigatus, Macr. s. 7, 12, 30; pulmo leuigatus, 7, 15, 9.

**leuipēs**, pēdis, adj. light-footed, Aelius ap. Varr. r. 3, 12, 6; Cic. Arat. 121 (365).

**leuior**, iri, m. (= δαίτηρ, δαίτηρος, S. dētrī, Q. tacor) a husband's brother, iri iratē leuior, is apud Graecos δαίτηρ appellatur, Modest. dig. 38, 10, 4, 6; ad Non. 557, 8; 2. Paul. ex F. p. 115 incorrectly: uxoris meae frater.

1 **leuius**, e, (= ελαφύς, S. laglū, O. E. lick-le, fm. el-ick-le; root el, also virtually seen in the suffixes of oculus, cf. oculus; οφθαλμός, E. thimble, mickle, little, G. fessel) adj., leuior quam pluma, Pl. Men. 3, 2, 23; Pœn. 3, 6, 17; stipulae, Verg. G. 1, 289 (but leues w. tiliae, 2, 449 and pharetrae, A. 5, 558 has a long e); 2. hence light-armed, leuesque sequuntur in hastis, Emm. ap. Serv. A. 5, 37; leues, qui hastam tantum gaeaque gerere uocabantur, Liv. 8, 8, 5; Prima leues inuent siquand proelia Parthi, Verg. G. 4, 314; hence l. armatura, Caes. b. g. 2, 10, 1; 2, 24, 1; Liv. 21, 55, 2; 22, 18, 2 etc.; 3. terra leuis, light, as opp. to clayey (pinguis), Verg. G. 2, 92; light, as not pressing on a corpse, placideque quiescat, Terraque securae sit super ossa leuis, Tib. 2, 4, 50; hence S. T. T. L. for sit tibi terra leuis, inscr. Or. 159, 4653, 4749; 4. of food as weighing on the stomach, easy of digestion, me pascunt oliuae, Me cibiora leuesque maluae, Hor. od. 1, 31, 16; aues quae in aqua degunt leuiorem cibum praestant... inter quadrupedes leuissima snilla est, grauissima bubula, Cels. 2, 18, p. 65, 15 Par.; 5. active, quick, as being light, leuis cursu, Verg. 12, 489; cursu leui Caes. elusit, Phaedr. 1, 12, 8; 6. of the air, as not oppressive, and so healthy, grauiora quae sunt, ac diligenter leuiora facere possumus, Varr. r. 1, 4, 4; in Apathia loca calidiora ac grauiora, in Vesuvio leuiora et ideo salubriora, 1, 6, 3; 7. other met. as first of physical things, affecting the senses, light, slight, faint, weak, gentle, soft, susurrus, Verg. B. 1, 55; aura, Sil. 15, 162; odores, Sal. ap. Philarg. ad G. 4, 49; somni, Hor. epod. 2, 28; lumen, Val. F. 3, 257; mustum, Pall. 11, 14, 4; 8. more remotely, leuior labor erit, Pl. Capt. 2, 1, 2; noxiae, Ter. Hee. 3, 1, 30; quod dolor in longinquitate leuis, in grauitate breuis esse solet, Cic. fin. 1, 55; leuior reprehensio, acad. pr. 102; consules qui illud leui brachio egissent, Att. 4, 16, 6; (hoc) dum atrociora metuebantur, in leui habitum, Tac. h. 2, 21; periculum, Caes. b. c. 3, 26, 4; proelium, b. g. 7, 36, 1; opus, Ov. tr. 2, 339; 9. of persons, as first kindly, gentle, Numquam erit alienis grauis qui suis se concinuat leuem, Pl. Trin. 3, 2, 58; 10. of little weight or authority, and so mistrustworthy, nomen imperii etiam in leui persona pertimescit, Cic. agr. 2, 45; auctorem leuem nec satis fidum super tanta re patres trahit, Liv. 5, 15, 12; 11. wanting in the ballast of good sense or principle, and so feeble or unprincipled, and so again, mistrustworthy, Quid ais homo Leuior quam pluma, pessime et nequissime, Pl. Men. 3, 2, 23; in parua pecunia perspicuntur quam sint leues, Cic. am. 63; nemini leue vulgus cunctone, Ov. M. 12, 53; Parua leues capiunt animos, A. 1, 159; 12. met. of abstract notions, leuiore de causa, Caes. b. g. 7, 4, 10; having a weak foundation, mulieres sunt ferme, ut pueri, leui sententia, Ter. Hee. 3, 1, 32; leues amicitiae, Cic. am. 100; ut leuem audientem habeat pro re comperta, Caes. b. g. 7, 42, 2; 13. held in light esteem, of little value or importance, trifling, cui et pecunia leuissima et estimatio sanctissima fuit semper, Cic. Rosc. com. 15; leue et tenue hoc nomen? in his cecidisse sunt, 45; quod apud omnes leue est, id apud iudicem graue esse ducetur? 6; quod inanitia et leuia conquiras, Plane. 63; 14. w. inf., omnes ire leues, Sil. 16, 488; 15. w. gen., opum leuior, Sil. 2, 102; 16. leuiter, adv. lightly, armati, Curt. 4, 13; leuius casura pila, Caes. b. c. 3, 92, 2; 17. slightly, 18. easily, quietly, id eo leuius lerendum est quod... Cic. fam. 4, 3, 2; leuissime feram si... prou. cons. 47; 19. mildly, ut leuissime dicam, Cic. Cat. 3, 17; 20. but in Pl. Pœn. 3, 3, 26 and 5, 3, 35, read w. metre, leuiter; also in Caes. b. g. 2, 8, 3.

2 **leuius**, e, not leuius, e, (= λεωός, adj. smooth, polished, brassica opp. to crispa, Cato r. 157; quam leuissimo marmorato, Varr. r. 3, 7, 3; corpuscula quaedam lenia, alia

aspera, Cic. N. D. 1, 66; lenissima corpora, Lucr. 4, 659; leni de marmore, Verg. B. 7, 31; Leuior assiduo detritus aequore conchis, Ov. M. 13, 792; 2. esp. as opposed to hairy, fugit retro Leuis inuentus, Hor. od. 2, 11, 6; leuique patens in pectore uolnus, Verg. 11, 40; leuis uumeros, 7, 815; modo lenia fulvae Colla iubae uelant, Ov. M. 10, 698; cum sit iur leuior ipsa, a. a. 3, 437; 3. leue absol., a smooth surface, Externi ne quid naleat per leue morari, Hor. s. 2, 7, 87; ut per leue seueros Effundat inunctura umgnes, Pers. 1, 64; aud met., sectantem lenia nerui Deficiunt, Hor. A. P. 20; 4. slippery, leui cum sanguine Nisus Labitur, Verg. 5, 328; II 5. of semi-liquids, well worked up (subactus) so as to have no grits or lumps, of uniform softness and consistence, leni rimosa cubilia limo Vague fouens circum, Verg. G. 4, 45; si quod exercentur lenes est, Cels. 2, 8, p. 49, 33; acetum intritum consumatur ad omnia quae teri debeant, dum lenia haberint mellis spissitudinem, Scrib. comp. 201; haec terere denue leuia passi habeant temperamentum, 228; ad 204; 6. see leuitas § 2, and leugo § 3.

**leuisomnus**, adj. lightly-sleeping, Lucr. 5, 864.

1 **leuitas**, ātis, f. lightness, l. armorum, Caes. b. g. 5, 34, 4; nec plumes auium papposque uolantis qui nimia leuitate cadunt plerumque grauium, Lucr. 3, 387; nulli fructum l. maior, Plin. 13, 123; 2. lightness, as aiding velocity, ubi tam nolenti leuitate feruntur, Lucr. 4, 205; ad: Quae cum mobiliter summa leuitate feruntur, 4, 745; 3. met. want of ballast whether of good sense or principle, levity, fickleness, inconstancy, aliquid de populari leuitate deponere, Cic. Att. 2, 1, 6; quid est inconstantia leuitate mobilitate senati turpius? Phil. 7, 9; at uidete leuitatem hominis, 2, 77; hominibus leuitate Graecis, crudelitate barbaris, Plac. 24; (Galli) mobilitate et leuitate animi nouis imperis studebant, Caes. b. g. 2, 1, 3; Et tantum constans in leuitate sua (sc. Fortuna), Ov. tr. 5, 8, 18; 4. emptiness, vanity, worthlessness, nonsense, cuius opinionis l. confutata a Cotta, Cic. N. D. 2, 45; haec plena sunt futilitatis summaeque leuitatis, 2, 70; 5. the being held in little esteem, leuitatem appellauerunt (ueteres) proinde quasi uilitatem, Gell. 6 (7), 11, 2; 6. in pl. frivolities, levities, amatoris leuitatibus dediti, Cic. fin. 1, 61.

2 **leuitas**, ātis, f. smoothness, polish, speculorum, Cic. Tim. 14; figuram mundi leuitate circumdedit, 6; in ipso tactu esse modum et mollitudinis et leuitatis—things may be too soft, too smooth, or, 3, 99; nec (mundo), ut in nolentem notamus omnis, leuitate continua lubricum corpus, quod clarissimi auctores dixerit, Plin. 2, 7; 2. fluid condition, (see leuis § 5 and leugo § 3), intestinum l., diarrhoea, Cels. 2, 8 bis, p. 46, 17 Par.; 49, 29; and 4, 23 (16), p. 149, 1; 3. smoothness (of words), effeminata l., Quint. 8, 3, 6; l. uerborum, 10, 1, 52.

**leuitārius**, adj. n. as sb. dress of an Egyptian monk or Levite, Hieron. pr. Reg. s. Pach. 4; Isid. or. 10.

**leuitudo**, mis, f. smoothness, grauiorum, Lact. ira D. 10.

1 **leūo**, (leūis), āre, vb. make light, lighten (a load) hence met. lighten, lessen, weaken, impair, O Tite siquid te adiunero curamne leuasso... Equid erit praemi? Enn. ap. Cic. sen. 1; Leuandum morbum mulier' esse video, Pl. Mil. 4, 6, 57; Tuaeque matri me leuare pauperem, Epid. 4, 1, 29; Intercedo quorum amicitias leuat, Trup. ap. Non. 337, 3; de cespite uirgo Se leuat, Ov. M. 2, 428; quem laborem nobis Attici nostris lenauit labor, Cic. orat. 120; haec tibi ad leuandas molestias magna esse debent, fam. 4, 3, 2; animi curas, Catul. 2, 10; inconstantia lenatur auctoritas, acad. pr. 69; atrocitatem (rei), Quint. 52; criminationem, inn. 2, 84; suspensionem, Verr. 2, 3, 136; anonomam, Mil. 72; Liv. 4, 13, 2; nihil ad leuandas iniurias pertinet, Caes. b. c. 1, 9, 1; (hoc) admixtum lacte inopiam leuabit, 3, 48, 1; Multa diem promissa leuant, Hor. ep. 2, 10; uariorque uiam se nonne lenabat, Verg. S. 309; situm (relieve), Ov. tr. 4, 8, 26; famem, hor. 14, 90; uim morbi, Liv. 4, 25, 6; fœtus, 6, 27, 7; fœnebre rem, 7, 21, 5; aes alienum, 42, 5, 9; non indignitas rerum uinculum leuat

(make it easier to bear), 9, 9, 7; dedecus, 3, 72, 7; ignominiam, 4, 43, 2; leuauit apertis horreis pretia frugum, Tac. au. 2, 59; 2. lighten (the bearer of a load wholly or in part), relieve, w. acc. of person, gen.\* or rather abl. of load, ego hoc te face leuare, Verg. B. 9, 65; (arboribus) putatione leuatis onere, Plin. 17, 246; 3. met., Spes mea, ut me omnium iam laborum\* leuas! Pl. Rud. 1, 4, 27; leua me hoc onere, Cic. fam. 3, 12, 3; miseris perditas ciuitates, 3, 8, 5; sese infamia, Verg. 2, 3, 140; regionem tanta urgente turba, Liv. 21, 26, 7; religione animos, 21, 62, 11; 4. absol., serpentum colla (of her weight), Ov. M. 8, 798; and met., epistola tua me ualde leuauit, Cic. Att. 4, 7, 1; nonnihil me leuant tuae litterae, 11, 8, 1; add 12, 50; leuatum uouitione, Plin. 14, 145; 5. lift, raise, Ter sese attolleus cubitoque aduixa leuauit, Verg. 4, 690; gelida membra leuauit humo, Ov. tr. 1, 3, 94; furea leuat...terga suis, M. 8, 647; aqua leuata neuto, Liv. 21, 58, 8; saxa...Vadis leuata, Hor. epod. 16, 26; ut apice se leuet sublimius, Colum. 9, 12, 1; igueta ui leuantur in sublime, Plin. 2, 69; in 36, 122 Sillig has lauantur (but?); leuata manu, Quint. 2, 12, 9; corticem scalpro, Pall. 7, 5, 3 (in grafting); 6. hence lift and remove, arta leuari Vincla iubet, Verg. 2, 146; ab radicibus terram leuabis, Pall. 3, 25, 6.

2. leuo, (leuō) are, vb. make smooth, smoothe, polish, cubilia (for peacocks) tectorio leuata, Varr. r. 3, 6, 4; leuato lucida ferro Spicula, Verg. 5, 306; leuat id quod exasperatum est spodium oui album lac, Cels. 5, 13; summum (ossis exasperatum) radi et leuari satis est, S. f. 3, p. 332, 3; (talearum) plagae utleuare parte fale leuentur, Colum. 5, 9, 3; add arb. 8, 2; 26, 4(3) and 6(7); leuati mensurarum orbes, Sen. dial. 12, 11, 6; 2. make (body) smooth by removal of hair, tu elegans, qui leuare corpus potes, Cic. or. in Clod. 5, 1 (p. 949 B); uuluis leuatisque et inustas comas acu conuenit, Quint. 2, 5, 11; 3. met. of style, nimis aspera sono leuabit cultu, Hor. ep. 2, 12, 2; 4. leuatus as adj., faciliora ad coeundum (to congeal) quae leuatur, Gell. 17, 8, 15.

leuor, ōris, m. smoothness, leuor lenore creatur, Lucr. 4, 543; spectatur in chartis tenuitas...leuor, Plin. 13, 78; hae coeleae...lenore corpori adferunt, 30, 127; add 37, 56 (dub.), but in Cic. Tim. 13, f. prob. spur.

lex, (prob. from obs. vb. lego = λέγω, 1. lay, whence leatus, a bed, and polling; cf. ὅσμοις from τήρησι, and E. term, lay down; but Varr. l. 6, 7; leges quae laetae; and Cic. leg. 1, 19; a legendo, nam delectus uim in lege ponimus) ōgis, f. law, lex alearia, Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 9; leges diuinae hominumque, Enn. ap. Gell. 12, 4, 4; eq(ue) omnium rerum sirems lex esto quasi sei in haec lege (peguniam) exegisset, CIL 197, 13; Eius morte ea ad me lege redierunt bona, Ter. Andr. 4, 5, 4; ut magistratus leges, ita populo praesunt magistratus, Cic. leg. 3, 2; legem promulgasti, tulisti, dom. 70; legem populum R. iussisse de ciuitate tribuenda, Balb. 38; scint legem de publicanis, Planc. 35; leges iniuste rogatas, Sest. 61; Antonius fixit legem a dictatore comitis latam qua Sieni ciues Romani, Att. 14, 12, 1; falsas leges Caesaris nomine in aes incidendas curauerit, Phil. 3, 30; l. Aelia, Verr. act. 1, 51; l. Iulia...Pompeia...Aurelia, Phil. 1, 20; 2. hence terms of a treaty or legal engagement, pax data Philippo in has leges est, Liv. 33, 30, 1; oleam faciendam hae lege oportet locare, Cato r. 145, 1; add 146, 1 etc.; 3. hence met., Ego dabo et talentum, primus qui in cruce exuerit, Set. ea lege ut offigantur his pedes, bis brachia, Pl. Most. 1, 2, 13; te in pistrinum...dedam...Ea lege atque omne ut si te inde eximerim, ego pro te moliam, Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 29; homines...ea lege natos, ut omnibus telis fortunae proposita sit uita nostra, Cic. fam. 5, 16, 2; 4. gen. a rule, or prescribed method, a law (met.), difficultis est oratione uti quam uersibus, quod in illis certa quaedam lex est, Cic. orat. 198; qua sidera lege meant, Ov. M. 15, 71; equi...sine lege ruunt, 2, 204; add 11, 489; grammatica l. Gell. 21 (20), 13, 22.

lexidium, ōis, n. dim. a word (in contempt), Gell. 18, 7, 3. lexiptyrētos, (λεξιπτερος) adj. fever-checking, curatio, Verg. uet. 3, 26, 1; 2. as sb. f. a febrifuge, Plin. 20, 201; Marc. emp. 16 m.

lexis, is, f. a word, Quam lepide lexeis compositae! Lucil. ap. Cic. or. 3, 171 and orat. 149.

libaculum, libacurr (for libaculum), Gloss. Philox.

libādon, ōis, n. a plant, same as centauron, Plin. 26, 68.

libāmen, ōis, n. (chiefly in poets) a libation or first offering as of wine\* and aft. of any kind, = ἀραρχαί, Nomen ab auctoris (Baechi\*) ducunt libamina nomen, Ov. F. 3, 733; setas Ignibus inuouit sacris, libamina prima, Verg. 6, 246; Sic fatus pingui cumulat libamine flammam, Val. F. 1, 204; sacri libamina Baechi\*, 5, 192; cespes libamine unigatus (so Haupt, Herm. 1, 329; sss vary), Apul. flor. 1, 1; 2. more vaguely, raptumque suis libamen ab armis Quisque iacit, seu fraena libet seu cingula flammis..., Stat. Th. 6, 224; 3. met., libamina lauae, Ov. her. 4, 27; see

libamentum, i, n. the same, ut libamenta seruentur, Cic. leg. 2, 29; dona magnifica quasi libamenta praedarum Delphos misit, rep. 2, 44; oceano libamenta dedit, Inst. 12, 10, 4; Veneri, 18, 5, 4; 2. met., Sen. ep. 84, 5; primitias quasdam et quasi libamenta ingemurum artium, Gell. praef. 13; hoc breue ex dialectica libamentum, 16, 8, 15.

libānos, (libanos, incense-tree) adj. as sb. f. a kind of vine, Plin. 14, 118.

libāntis, ōdis, f. a plant, same as polion, Apul. herb. 57.

libānochrūs, m. or f. a gem like incense, Plin. 37, 171.

libānōtis, ōdis, f. a plant that smells like incense, Plin. 19, 187, 20, 172 and 173; 21, 58.

libārius, adj. one who sells liba, Sen. ep. 56, 2.

libātio, ōis, f. a libation, Cic. harusp. 21.

libātor, ōris, m. one who offers a libation, Numa cenarum l. Fronto fer. Als. ep. 3, p. 226, l. 23 Naber.

libātōrium, adj. n. as sb. a vessel for libations, Vulg. Macc. 1, 23; Esdr. 3, 2, 13.

libella, ae, f. dim. of libra, a small silver coin, worth at first a pound of bronze money, parietes uillae si loet libellis in pedes v, Cato r. 15, 1; Vna libella liber possum fieri, Pl. Cas. 2, 5, 8; At ob eam rem mihi libellam pro eo argenti ne ducis, Capt. 5, 1, 27; add Ps. 1, 1, 96; 2, 2, 34; 4, 7, 47; equis Volatuo unam libellam dedisset, Cic. Ver. 2, 2, 26; his 1000 ad libellam sibi deberi, Rosc. com. 11 (=ad assem); 2. as a fraction a tenth (as being =  $\frac{1}{10}$  of a sesterius), fecit (heredem) ex libella, me ex teruncio ( $\frac{1}{3}$ ), Cic. Att. 7, 3, 3; Don. ad Phorm. 1, 1, 9 says strangely: unciae unius duodecima pars libella; 3. If 3. a level or theodolite, locus ad libellam aequus, Varr. r. 1, 6, 6; Et libella aliqua si ex parti claudicat hilum, Lucr. 4, 515; libellam (inuenit) Theodorus Samius, Plin. 7, 187; structuram ad normam et libellam fieri, 36, 172; conloctetur ad libellam amussum, Vitr. 1, 6, 6.

libellāris, e, adj. of a book, opus, Sidon. ep. 9, 11 m.

libellāticus, adj. one furnished with a libellus from a magistrate stating that he had sacrificed to the gods, Cypr. ep. 55.

libellensis, adj. one who has to deal with libelli—hence as sb. n. a clerk of writs or records, C. 7, 62, 32, 4; 12, 19, 14, 1.

libello, ōis, m. dim. (of contempt) a book-worm, Varr. ap. Non. 133, 28; De capsula miseri libellionis, Stat. silu. 4, 9, 21.

libellulus, i, m. doub. dim. a little document or book, Mart. Cap. 3, 71 G, 75, 16 Eys.

libellus, i, m. dim. of liber (cf. agellus from ager), thin bark as available for writing, Leuis in aridulo malinae descripta libello, Cinna ap. Isid. or. 6, 12; 2. any writing from a single sheet to a small book, in libello hoc opsignato, Pl. Ps. 2, 4, 16; libellum ipsius (Bruti) habeo in quo est: Salaminii... Cic. Att. 6, 1, 5; ut primum agrum proscriptum nidimus, commotus Atticus libellum composuit...Eum libellum Caesari dedi, 16, 16; 4; non illi in libellis laudationem miserunt, sed homines honestissimos hunc praesentes laudare uoluerunt, Clu. 197; sedeo pro tribunali, subnoto libellos, conficio tabulas, Plin. ep. 1, 10, 9; epistolae ad Senatū exstant quas primum uidetur ad paginas et formam memorialis libelli conuertisse, Suet. Caes. 56; in

libellis signandis Sphinge usus est, Aug. 50; **3.** esp. a formal accusation in writing, Vbi tu's qui me conuadatu's Veneris uadimonis, Vbi tu's qui (me of tibi me omitt) libello Venerio citaui? Ecce me: Sisto ego tibi me, Pl. Curc. 1, 3, 6; accusat Manilia, si rea non est: Componunt ipsae per se formantque libellos, Iuv. 6, 244; libellorum inscriptionis conceptio talis est: Consul et dies. Apud illum praetorem L. Titius professus est se Maecium lege Iulia de adulteriis ream deferre, quod... Paul. dig. 48, 2, 3;

**4.** hence of libels, sparsis de se in Curia libellis, id modo censuit cognoscendum posthac de his qui libellos aut carmina ad infamiam cuiuspiam sub alieno nomine edant, Suet. Aug. 55; nullo non damnatorum omane probi genus per libellos ingerente, Tib. 66;

**5.** a libellis, one who has charge of papers, Suet. Dom. 14; C. lulio C. fil. Quir. Celso a libellis et censibus, inscr. Or. Henz. 6929; (S. T. Materio)... a censibus a libellis, 6947; add inser. Grut. 587, 7 and 9;

**6.** libelli, as a contemptuous term for books, libellis (Scipionem) palaestraeque operam dare, Liv. 29, 19, 12; Sed gestatio fabulae libelli Campus... Haec essent loca semper, hi labores, Mart. 5, 20, 8.

**Libentia**, older *lubentia*, ae, f. delight, pleasure, Itaque onustum pectus porto laetitia lubentiaque, Pl. St. 1, 1, 3; cui libentiae gratiaque omnes conuiuium incoegit sint, Gell. 15, 2, 7—note plural; **2.** goddess of delight, Vt ego illos lubentiores faciam quam Lubentia, Pl. As. 2, 2, 2.

**Libentina**, older *Lubentina*, ae, adj. f. as sb. goddess of delight, or Venus, ab libendo Venus Libentina, Varr. l. 6, 6; Iueus Veneris Lubentinae, Varr. ap. Non. 64, 14; Lubentina Venus, Cic. N. D. 2, 61; add Aug. C. D. 4, 8.

**1 liber**, libri, m. [for *liber* (cf. *libet libet*) for *goluber* fm. g(ol)-ub-o peel; and so akin to *laxo*; note too the bark librum given in Quint. 1, 4, 17] bark, thus the bark, salicium suo tempore glubito...librum conseruato, Cato r. 33, (34); tales oleagines diligenter tractate ne liber laboret, r. 45 (46); 1; caueti ne librum scindas, ib. 2; tum denique maturas sicut ubi liber sese uertit, ib. 3; obducunt libro aut cortice trunci, Cic. N. D. 2, 120; moriens alibi ariet in ulmo, Verg. B. 10, 67, wh. Senarius: liber, corticis pars interior; huc aliena ex arbore germen includunt udoque docent inolescere libro, G. 2, 77; libro et sinistri subere clausam, A. 11, 554; antequam librum demittat (ulmus), Colum. 5, 6, 12; possunt si iam librum remittunt inseri oleae, 11, 2, 37; add § 41; cf. Isid. orig. 17, 6; **11** 2. in pl. libri, orum, a collection of pieces of bark used for writing, hence a book, esp. l. Sibyllini, the volume of prophecy, ascribed to the Sibyl, gen. libri absol. 'the book' (only one book says Plin. 13, 88), libri per damnatos sacrorum additi, Liv. 3, 10, 7; add 10, 47, 6; 21, 62, 6 etc.; quotiens senatus decernit ad libros ire iussit, Cic. diu. 1, 97;—also libri augurales, the sacred book of auguries, called libri absol., nos autem (augures) in libris habemus non modo consules a praetore sed ne praetores quidem creati uis esse, Att. 9, 9, 3; litteras ad collegium (augurum) se (Gracchum et consulem et augurem) cum legeret libris recordatum esse uisio sibi tabernaculum captum fuisse, N. D. 2, 11;

**3.** so w. utri, utrique in the pl., utros eius habueris libros, duo enim sunt corpora an utrosque, nescio, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 13, 4; **4.** gen. in sing. libri, bri, a book, huius libri (de senectute) confectio, Cic. sen. 2; liber tuus legitur a me diligenter, fam. 6, 5, 1; Demetrii librum de concordia, Att. 8, 12 f.; de agricultura librum, Varr. r. 2, pr. 6; liber Graece confectus de consulatione Ciceronis, Nep. Att. 18 f.; Vertumna Iunonem liber spectare uideris, Hor. ep. 1, 20, 1; Hic meret acra liber Sosius, A. P. 345; Parue nec inuidio sine me liber ibis in Vrbe, Ov. tr. 1, 1, 1; add 1, 15;

**5.** a volume of a work, a book, quattuor academicis libris, Cic. diu. 2, 1; quinque libris (sc. de finibus), ib. 2; tres libri de natura deorum, ib. 3—wh. note the card. num.,—; quorum omnes qui fuerunt libri digesti sunt in centum quadraginta libros, Pomp. dig. 1, 2, 2, 44; Vlpianus libro primo regularum, dig. 2, 1, 1;

**6.** w. ordinal numbers, liber often om. in tertio de Oratore ita scriptum est, Quint. 9, 1, 26; in T. Luuii primo, 9, 2, 37;

**7.** of an Emperor's rescript, dixit petendum ab optimo principe ut

ipse tantis uitiis maderetur. Pauci dies et liber principis, Plin. ep. 5, 13 (14), 8; **8.** for legal interp. of libri, see Ulp. dig. 32, 3, 52.

**2 liber**, era, crum, old form *loeber*, adj. [for *s(ol)-ab-ero*, from *solu-o*; cf. *sol-ub-ili* and *ελ-εσθ-ερον* (= *ελ-εφθ-ερον*) with excrement *θ*; note also usual interchange of *o* and *u*] set loose, free, uncontrolled, unshackled, Liber captiuus auis ferae consimilis est, Pl. Capt. 1, 1, 2, 7; lingua etc., Cist. 1, 2, 9; hoc liberiores et solutiores sumus quod integra nobis est indicandi potestas, Cic. acad. pr. 8; hominibus Epiroticis paulo liberiores litteras committere non audeo, Att. 1, 13, 1; Sullan tamen intercessionem liberam reliquissae, Caes. b. c. 1, 7, 3; pabulatio, b. g. 7, 36, 5; libera muri defendendi facultas, b. c. 2, 11, 3; Liberrima indignatio, Hor. epod. 4, 10; uox, Liv. 35, 32, 6; arbitrium, 31, 11, 17; 37, 1, 5; mandata, 38, 8, 1;

**2.** old constr. w. gen. retained by poets, Indoctus...liberque laborum Rusticus, Hor. A. P. 212; libera fata... Lydia, Hor. 10, 154; Spei metusque liber, Sen. Phaedr. 500; libera regum Roma, Lucan. 6, 301; metuendi libera, Sil. 5, 212;

**3.** w. ab, Ambitio iam more sanctat, liberat a legibus, Pl. Trin. 4, 3, 26; soluti a cupiditatibus, liberi a delictis, Cic. agr. 1, 27; loca ab arbitris libera, Att. 15, 16 B; soluti ac liberi ab omni sumptu molestia munere, Verr. 2, 4, 23; ab obseruando homine peruerso liber, Att. 1, 1, 2, 2; add acad. pr. 123; Liberaque a ferro crura, Ov. Pont. 1, 6, 32;

**4.** w. abl. alone, excelsus animus omni est liber cura et angore, Cic. fin. 1, 49; nestrae domus maxima ex parte sunt liberae religione, harusp. 11; haud liber erat religione animus, Liv. 2, 36, 3; omni liber metu, 7, 34, 5; et liber nubibus aether, Lucan. 3, 522;

**5.** w. gen., in respect of, nos nouisse... mens pater Quam liber harum rerum...siet, Pl. Amph. pr. 105; reuertendi l., Ov. her. 1, 80; liberi campi, Stat. silu. 4, 2, 24;

**6.** of status, free as opposed to seruos, Me qui liber fueram seruum fecit, e summo infamum, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 55; iure ciuili qui est matre libera, liber est, Cic. N. D. 3, 45; omnes homines aut liberi sunt aut serui, Gal. 1, 9; fidem dare...liberos eos ac suis legibus uicturos, Liv. 25, 23, 4; praeda omnis praeter libera corpora militi concessa est, 6, 13, 6;

**7.** liberae aedes, free quarters for a foreigner of note, as an ambassador, Liv. 30, 17, 14; 35, 23, 11;

**11** 6. liberi, the children in a house as opp. to the slaves in the familia, liberi quid agunt me Quos reliqui hic, filium atque filiam? Pl. Trin. 4, 3, 67; uagum egentes cum coniugibus et liberis, Cic. Att. 8, 2, 3; Neque tu (enunquam) in gremium extollas liberorum... ex te genus, poet. ap. Cic. orat. 155;

**9.** still used, where there is but one child, non est sine liberis cui uel unus filius unius filia est, Gal. dig. 50, 16, 148; quid ego (de te conueniunt) adulescentis mali, Quamobrem ita quideris, inique meosque perditum ire liberos? Pl. Aut. 4, 10, 6 (Eucelio of his only daughter); licitum est tibi generum deligere cuius fidei liberos tuos te tuto committere putares, Sulp. ad f. 5, 3 (referring to Tullia); tu cum habitus sis in liberum loco, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 40; si sine liberis, uno pluribusque morieris, Scaev. dig. 31, 89, 5;

**10.** used of grandchildren and so on, liberi usque ad triump(tem): ultra hos posteriores uocantur, Paul. dig. 38, 10, 10, 7; liberorum... appellatio nepotes et pronepotes ceterique qui ex his descendunt continentur, Callist. 50, 16, 220; add 28, 3, 48; filius uel nepotus uel ceteris liberis, Gal. dig. 26, 2, 1, 1;

**11.** us triump liberorum under the lex Papia Poppaea (aft. quattuor, quinque, according to circumstances), a privilege granted at times by Emperors to those who had not so many, which excused from many duties, Gal. 3, 44 and 46; ab optimo principe (Vocatio) trium liberorum... ius impetrari, Plin. ep. 2, 13, 8; iura trium liberorum uix uni atque alteri (dedit), Suet. Galb. 14; dissimulata uacatione quoniam beneficio liberorum habebat, Claud. 15; cf. Mart. 3, 95, 6; L. Appuleio Brasidae habenti in lib. ius dat. ab Imp., inscr. Donat. 456, 13; Corneliae Zosimae habenti ius in lib(um) beneficio Caesaris, inscr. Grut. 631, 2; add 1081, 17;

**12.** met., Tum lani autem qui concitant liberis orbis onus, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 38;

**13.** liber in sing. rare, si uoluerit liberum suum legationem recuperare, fr. Vatie. 34; si quis...portionem liberum relinquat, Iust. C. 3, 28, 33; add 5, 9, 8;

**14.** liberum in

gen. pl. preferred in Cicero's day (orat. 155); but liberorum found in old and other writings, as Liv. 15. adv. liberem, freely, Pl. Ps. 5, 2, 4; Ter. Andr. 5, 4, 8; Cic. Att. 4, 16, 9; liberus, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 25; Cic. Plane. 33.

3. **Liber**, (prob. one w. the adj.; cf. play on the two words in Capt. 3, 4, 46) *eri*, m. the god of wine, Bacchus, inuocabo Cererem et Liberum quod horum fructus maxime necessarii ad victum, Varr. r. 1, 1, 5; add 1, 2, 19; cum quem nostri maiores Liberum cum Cerere et Libera consecraverunt, Cic. N. D. 2, 62; Romulus et Liber pater et eum Castore Pollux, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 5; 2. as symbol for wine, Florem anc(ula)bant Liberi ex carchesium, Liv. ap. Paul. ex F. p. 11; Vtrum, fontine an Libero Imperium te inhibere maui? Pl. St. 5, 4, 17; salu...lepos Liberi, Cure. 1, 2, 3; sine Cerere et Libero friget Venus, Ter. Eun. 4, 5, 6; eum fruges Cererem appellamus, unum Liberum, Cic. N. D. 2, 60; aperit praecordia Liber, Hor. s. 1, 4, 89.

**Libera**, ae, f. sister of Liber, ludos Cereri Libero Liberaeque facindos, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 36; add Liv. 33, 25, 3; 41, 28, 2.

1. **liberalis**, e, adj. of a free man or woman, not a slave, of a gentleman or lady, gentlemanlike, ladylike, ingenious, Maioreque opera ibi seruaile uptiae quam liberales etiam curari solent, Pl. Cas. pr. 74; pulcra est, liberalis, Mil. 1, 1, 64; ingenium, Capt. 2, 3, 59; Ter. Ad. 4, 5, 50; mulier, Pl. Pers. 4, 3, 52; Quia forma lepida et liberali captium adulescentulum De praeda mercurat, Epid. 1, 1, 41; add Mil. 4, 1, 20; Pers. 1, 3, 50; coniungit, Ter. Andr. 3, 3, 29; huic facinori tua mens liberalis conscia esse non debuit, Cic. Cacl. 52; artes, inu. 1, 35; 2. generous, liberal, first as to money, etiam ante quam locupletis liberalissimus fuit, Cic. Rose. com. 22; laudis auidi, pecuniae liberales, Sal. Cat. 7, 6; liberales ex sociorum fortunis, 52, 12; 3. as to other things, responsum, Cic. Att. 3, 15, 4; uerba, Sal. ap. Prisc. 1, 487, 5; 4. worthy of a gentleman as sufficiently copious, abundant, liberal, largo et liberali uitio, Cic. Flac. 14; 5. the same of diet, generous, potio, Cels. 3, 6, p. 87, 38 Dar.; liberalis alimentum, S. 10, 7; II. 6. legal use, concerning the liberty of one alleged to be a slave, as first causa, si quisquam hanc liberali Causa manu adseret, Pl. Cure. 4, 2, 4; add Poen. 4, 2, 83; 5, 2, 142; Ter. Ad. 2, 1, 40; Paul. dig. 42, 1, 36; 7. the same, causa understood, Si quisquam hanc liberali (se. causa) adseruisset manu, Pl. Cure. 5, 2, 68; add 5, 3, 31; Poen. 4, 2, 84; 8. w. other words, contra quem iudicio liberali aletat, Quint. 6, 3, 32; post ordinatum liberale iudicium, Gai. dig. 40, 12, 25; 2; Ulp. 43, 16, 1, 21; add 48, 18, 12; negotium, Th. C. 6, 4, 16; III. 9. adv. liberally, Vt lepide, ut liberaliter ut honeste atque hant grauate, Pl. Rud. 2, 3, 77 (wh. note the final *er*); add Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 11; Cic. In. 3, 57; Caes. b. e. 3, 61, 1; 10. comp., Varr. r. 1, 17, 7; Cic. Att. 16, 6, 1; 11. sup., Cic. Att. 5, 13, 2.

2. **Liberalis**, e, adj. of the god Liber, Libera lingua loquemer ludis Liberalibus, Naev. ap. Paul. ex F. p. 116; sacra, Maer. s. 1, 18, 22; 2. Liberalia, n. pl. as sb. the festival of Liber, Varr. l. 6, s. p. 196 Sp.; Cic. fam. 12, 25, 1; Att. 14, 10, 1; Maer. s. 1, 4, 15 (where the gen. Liberalium and Liberaliorum occur); 3. kept on xvi kal. Apr. acc. to Ov. F. 3, 713; so on that day: D. Lib. N. P. fast. Maff.; (lib.) Agon. N. P. fast. Vatic.; D. Liber., fast. Farnes.

**liberalitas**, atis, f. the being generous, generosity, liberalitas, liberaliter liberos Retinere satius esse credo quam metu, Ter. Ad. 1, 1, 32; add Cic. off. 1, 20 and 43; or. 2, 105 etc.; 2. a largess, decuma parte liberalitatis apud quemque relicta, Tac. h. 1, 20; reuocatas liberalitates (note the pl.) eius, Suet. Claud. 29; una modo liberalitate, Tib. 46; (Horatium) una et altera liberalitate locupletauit, ut Hor.; Ant. Aug. lib. l. e. Antonini Augusti liberalitas, on a corn ticket, inser. Or. 3360; posteros suos praestitit hae liberalitate securos, inser. Grut. 10, 6; 3. the same personified, Liberalitas Ang. pont. max., on a coin of Hadrian, Eckhel 6, 477 w. a figure; add 6, 304, 305.

**liberaliter**, see liberalis.

**liberatio**, onis, f. setting free, delivery, release, Cic. Pis. 87; culpa, Lig. 1; molestiae, fin. 1, 37; una

acceptatio et liberatio fieri potest, Florent. dig. 46, 4, 18; add Papin. 46, 3, 96, 2.

**liberator**, oris, m. one who sets free, deliverer, liberator, seortorum, Pl. Pers. 3, 3, 14; patriae, Cic. Phil. 1, 6; urbis, Liv. 1, 60, 2; add 6, 14, 5; Ioui liberatori, Tac. an. 15, 64; 16, 35.

**liberatrix**, icis, f. the same, L. Clodi Maeri liberatrix S. C., coin in Eckhel 6, 288.

**libero**, are, vt. set free, deliver, relieve, liberate, ut quorum linguae sic inhaerent ut loqui non possent, eae scalpello ressecte liberarentur, Cic. diu. 1, 96; 2. esp. of slaves, Di pol me faciant quod uelint, ni ob istam orationem Te liberasso denuo, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 66; si quis apud nos seruisset, seseque liberasset, Cic. or. 1, 182; seruos liberauerunt, Caes. b. c. 3, 9, 3; 3. w. abl., Quin tu labore liberatus te atque istam imponis in me? Pl. As. 3, 3, 69; peste, Ps. 1, 2, 70; hoc me libera metu, Ter. Andr. 2, 2, 14; animum corpore liberatum, Cic. Tusc. 1, 51; eum omni suspicione, fam. 1, 2, 3; me sollicitudine, Att. 6, 1, 10; Vbi obsidione, Caes. b. c. 4, 19, 4; periculo, b. c. 3, 83, 4; oculos tanti memoria decoris, Liv. 6, 20, 10; religione mentes, 27, 37, 5; 4. w. gen., taciti eius uerecundiam non tulit senatus quin sine mora noti liberaretur, Liv. 5, 28, 1; senatus nec liberatui eius culpa regem neque arguit, att. 19, 6; ut pecuniae cuius nomine obligatus erit liberetur, Ulp. dig. 21, 1, 29, 1; add 21, 1, 25, 9; quo enrae et tutelae liberetur, 32, 50, 2; 5. w. ab, or even ex, ab omni erratione, Cic. diu. 1, 96; a quartana, Att. 10, 15, 4; but a scelere in Marc. 13 dub.; ex his incommidis, Verr. 2, 5, 23; 6. w. acc. of the evil, get rid of, remove, ad Capuae liberandam obsidionem, Liv. 26, 8, 5; a res impensam liberet, Colum. 3, 3, 11; 7. phrases, l. fidem, by performance of the engagement, Fufis satis facit et fidem suam liberat, Cic. Flac. 47; quam obligatam aerario fidem liberare non posset, Suet. Claud. 9; 8. l. promissa, may mean: to annul by authority as a judge, quae quidem promissa iure praetorio liberantur, Cic. off. 1, 32; 9. flumen etc., (see § 6) get rid of it as a difficulty by crossing it, clear it, cum unam spem salutis haberet, si flumen liberasset, Front. strat. 1, 5, 3; add 4, 7, 28; Moeris liberatum flumine carnificem consequitur, Hyg. fab. 257; bre extra casam coepi, necdum liberaueram hinc, cum animaduertum..., Petron. 136, unwisely changed by ej. to superuacuum.

**liberta**, see libertus.

**libertas**, atis, f. freedom, liberty, as first of status, nunc quando patriam et libertatem perdidit, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 50; seruo Crotonis libertas data est, Cic. Rab. perd. 31; seruo spe libertatis persuadet, Caes. b. g. 5, 45, 3; 2. freedom of a state, aut exigendi reges non fuerunt aut plebi re non uerbo danda libertas, Cic. leg. 3, 25; aliae nationes seruitutem pati possunt, populi Romani est propria libertas, Phil. 6, 19; de recuperanda communi libertate, Caes. b. g. 5, 27, 6; 3. gen., quid est libertas? Potestas uiuendi ut uelis, Cic. parad. 34; dat tabella eam libertatem ut quod uelit faciant, promittant autem quod rogentur, Plane. 16; Det libertatem fandi, Verg. 11, 346;

4. in law, freedom of real property from services (seruitutis), aedium, Paul. dig. 8, 6, 18, 2; haec iura...ita (percutit) si uicinus simul libertatem inuacupat, Gai. 8, 2, 6; libertas seruitutis usecupit si aedes possidentur, Iulian. 8, 2, 32, 1; 5. esp. freedom of speech, multa cum libertate notabant, Hor. s. 1, 4, 5; uera de exitu eius magna cum libertate omniatus est, Vell. 2, 72, 2; miserratus tanti uiri non culpa sed libertatis potius pudentis, Iustin. 15, 3, 6; 6. w. inf. in poets, Sit modo libertas quae uelit ira loqui, Prop. 1, 1, 28; Nec mihi libertas inis freta tollere harenis, Val. F. 1, 601; 7. in pl., Non tribus conduci possum libertatibus Quin...comparem, Pl. Cas. 2, 8, 68; in libertatibus dandis, Gai. 2, 228; fideicommissarias libertates, Ulp. dig. 38, 1, 13, 1; 8. as a goddess, Edepol Libertas lepida's, quae..., Pl. Rud. 2, 6, 5; Concordiae Libertatis Victoriae (templa), Cic. N. D. 2, 61; in aede Libertatis, Liv. 24, 16, 19; Libertatis atrio, Tac. h. 1, 31; Libertatis Aug. signum cum sua basi C. Fabius C. f. Quir. Fabianus, inser. Or. 1816.

**libertinitas**, *ātis*, f. the status of a libertinus, Paul. dig. 4, 8, 32, 7; Ulp. 22, 3, 14; 40, 16, 2, 3.

**libertinus**, adj. [libertus] of the class liberti—thus Tiro for example was libertus Ciceronis, and so his status was that of libertinus, wh. is thus opposed to servus and ingenuus, Ego sum tibi patronus plane qui hūc pro te argentum dedi. Sed ita pars libertinorum; nisi patrono... Pl. Pers. 5, 2, 58; P. Trebonius complures fecit heredes, in his sumum libertum... de sella vir optimus dixit: Equiti Romano libertinus homo sit heres? Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 123, 124; ut me libertino patre natum, Hor. s. 1, 6, 6; mille socii navales ciues Romani libertini ordinis scribi iussu, Liv. 43, 12, 9; ne ingenui modo, sed libertini (etiam) centuriati, 10, 21, 4; in bonis libertinorum nullam incuriam antiquo iure patiebantur patroni, Gai. 3, 43; si in libertinum animaduersum erit, patronus eius eripiendum non est, Flor. dig. 38, 2, 28; 2. (Appius Claudius) senatum prius libertinorum filiis lectis inquinauerat, Liv. 9, 46, 10; add Tac. an. 11, 24; Suet. Claud. 24—wh. is misrepresented by Aur. Viet. e. 34; App. Claudius Caecus libertinos quoque in senatum legit; and Suet. l. e. is inexact when he says: temporibus Appii libertinos dictos non ipsos qui manu mittentur sed ingenuos ex his procreatos.

**libertus** and **liberta**, (old leib, \*) part. of a lost vb., made free, as sb. m. and f. a freedman and freedwoman, tibi seruire manum Multo quam alii libertus esse, Pl. Mil. 4, 8, 47; ad meum libertum Cordalum, Capt. 3, 5, 77; magis decorumst Libertum potius quam patronum onus in uia portare, As. 3, 3, 100; Liberteis hīce (both nom.) fecere patrono Q. Outo (Q. L. Burg., CIL 1553); Sex. Geganinus) Sex. l. sibi et suis libertis, 1056; C. Hostius C. L. Pamphilus mediū... sibi... et libertis et libertabus (note form), 1059; memor q(u) fuit et feli suci et libertae suae, 623; optimo leiberto\*, 1086; Agonis quaedam liberta Veneris Erycinæ, Cic. Caecil. 55; feci ex seruo ut esses libertus mihi, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 10; Cossinius domus me diligit imprimisque libertus eius L. Cossinius Anchialus, homo patrono probatissimus, Cic. fam. 13, 23, 1; at hunc liberta securi diuiti medium, Hor. s. 1, 1, 99; 2. oft. shortened to l. as in † above; add L. L. P. E. for libertis libertabus posteris eorum, inser. Or. 439.

**libet**, older form lubet, libere, libuit, libuit or libitum est, vb. impers. [for uol-ub-et from vb. uol- wish, and so one with uolup- of uolupte and uoluptas] it likes (me), (I) choose, (I) please, as our old language had it (instead of l. like as now), Imus huc, hinc illic (so Ribb., libri illic hinc); cum illic uentumst, ire illic lubet, Enn. frag. r59 R.; Quor id ausu's facere? Lubuit, mea fuit, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 114; si quid te uolam, Vbi eris? Vbiuque libitum erit anilio meo, As. 1, 1, 97; Quodcumque ei lubere accidit, posse retur, Amph. 1, 1, 17; Atqui ilam dabitur. Vi lubet, Ter. Haut. 4, 4, 16; Ne ego illos uelutis ausculto lubens, Afran. 306 R.; quidquid luberet faceremus, Cato orig. 23, 10; Iord.; sin et poterit Naenius quod lubet et ei lubet quod non licet, quid agendum est? Cic. Quinct. 94; qui facile persuasi mihi id quod rogaret me licere quidem, non modo non lubere, Att. 14, 19, 4; 2. in the pl., cetera quae cuique libuissent dilargitus est, Suet. Caes. 20; 3. libens (lubens), pleased, approving, quae lubens te in gremio Scipio recipit, CIL 33; Cape atque serua, me lubente feceris, Pl. Men. 2, 1, 47; res nostras quae tam lubenti senatu laudarentur, Cic. Att. 1, 14, 3; 4. happy, joyous, Inde ego omnis hilaros lubentis lactificantis faciam ut fiant, Pl. Pers. 5, 1, 8; Vt ego illos lubentiores faciam quam Lubentianst, As. 2, 2, 2; Hilarum ac lubentem fac te gnati in nuptiis, Ter. Ad. 4, 7, 38; 5. in offering of religious thanks and performance of vows lubens is often expressed, Neptuno Lactus lubens laudes ago et grates gratiasque habeo, Pl. Trin. 4, 1, 2; Suleis sacrum L. Atratinus...notum soluit lactus libens, inser. Or. 2101; 6. often abbreviated, as lubs, CH 183; libis, 182; lub, 1469; and l. alone, 166 and inser. Or. 1411; 7. also lubens with pl. vb., Soti Ti. Claudius et Claudia...notum soluerunt libens merito, inser. Or. 1924; P. Cornelius et Lania coniux eius notum libens

soluerunt, inser. Grat. 41, 7; 8. libenter (libet) adv., lampridem ceator frigida non laui magis lubenter, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 1; cenare libenter, Cato r. 156; adiurans nūquam se unquam libentius (sc. cenasse), Cic. fam. 9, 19, 1; eui ego libentissime commodabo, Cic. ap. Non. 275; 9. libitum, i. as sb. n., only in pl., sua ipsa libita uelut in captis exercebant, Tac. an. 6, 7 f.; add 12, 6, 14, 2 f.; Tertul. idol. 4, med.; 10. cf. G. lieb-en, Lith. lub-iti.

**libidinitas**, (old lub, \*) *ātis*=libido, Libar.\* ap. Non. 491, 4.

**libidinor**, *āri*, vb. r. give way to lust, Mart. 7, 67, 13; Suet. Nero 28.

**libidinosus**, (lub.) adj. wilful, ever ready to gratify a wish, (Fortuna) uaria et libidinosa domina et poenis et muneribus errabit, Sen. dial. 6, 10, 6; eloquentia—regardless of reason, wild, Quint. 5, 12, 20; 2. esp. in re Venerea, lustful, nihil libidinosius (quam Piso), Cic. Pis. 66; hominem libidinosissimum, Verr. 2, 2, 192; l. caper, Hor. epod. 10, 23; libidinosus engeniti pili maturius deluunt, Plin. 11, 231; libidinosiores hirtos, 11, 229; libidinosior es quam ullas spado, anon. ap. Quint. 6, 3, 64.

**libido**, older libūdo, inis, f. desire, lust (often without reference to reason), caprice, pleasure, Egon dem pignus tecum? Audaeter si libudist perdere, Pl. Pers. 2, 2, 6; Est libido orationem audire duorum additum, Trin. 3, 1, 25; Fac sis frugi. Iam non possum; amisi omnem libidinem, Mil. 4, 8, 50; l. nautae, Cato r. 156, 4; quare quod cuique libido Venerit, extemplo mens cogit eius id ipsum, Lucr. 4, 779; quod positum est in alterius uoluntate, ne dicam libidine, Cic. fam. 9, 16, 3; iracundia uleiscendi libido, Tusc. 3, 11; uoluntas est quae quid cum ratione desiderat; quae autem a ratione aucta, incitata est uehementius, ea libido est uel cupiditas effrenata, 4, 12; ad libidinem, at the pleasure or caprice (of), fin. 1, 19; Rose. Am. 141; Font. 36; Liv. 25, 21, 5; (Fortuna) res cunctas ex libidine magis quam ex uero celebrat obscurate, Sal. Cat. 8, 1; omnibus modis pecuniam trahunt, tamen summa libidine diuitias uincere nequeunt, 20, 12; l. dominandi, 2, 2; quacuque libido est incedo solus, Hor. s. 1, 6, 111; 2. esp. in re Venerea, cum partim ciues praedae profundae libidines deuorasset, Cic. Pis. 48; libidinis suae administros, Verr. 2, 3, 76; sic inflammata ferri libidine nit eam non pudor non...a cupiditate reuocaret, Clu. 12; flagrans amor et libido, Hor. od. 1, 25, 13; 3. libidines, lascivious pictures etc., quis non frangeret illorum libidines? Cic. leg. 3, 31; in poculis libidines caelare inuit ac per obscenitates libens, Plin. 33, 4; pinxit libidines (Parrasius), 35, 72.

**Libitina**, (imples a sb. libita, love, cf. for sulis uita for uiuita) ae, adj. as sb. f. goddess of love, Venus, Λιβιτινα..., ὡς οἱ λογιώτατοι Ρωμαῖοι ὑπολαμβάνουσιν, Αφροδίτην, Plut. Numa 12; add Q. Rom. n. 23; Dion. Hal. 4, 79; 2. but the temple of Venus L., prob. on grounds of decency, was diverted from its original object to a public office of burials, see Plut. as above; hence: pestilentia tanta at Libitina funeribus uix sufficeret, Liv. 40, 19, 3; ne liberorum quidem funeribus L. sufficiebat, 41, 21, 6; multaque pars mei Vita-bit Libitinam, Hor. od. 3, 30, 7; Autumnusque Grauis Libitinæ quaestus acerbae, s. 2, 6, 19; si Libitinam euaserit aeger, Iuv. 12, 122; add Phaedr. 4, 20, 26; 3. a bier, Dum lenis arsura struitur Libitina pyrra, Mart. 10, 97, 1; called lectus Libitinæ in ps. Aeson. arg. Mil.; add perh. Plin. 37, 45; 4. neque quis qui praeconium designationem libitinam faciet—be an undertaker by trade—CIL 206, 94 and 104.

**libitinarius**, adj. as sb. m. an undertaker, Sen. ben. 6, 38, 4; Ulp. dig. 14, 3, 5, 8.

**Libitensis**, e, adj. of Libitina, porta, Lampr. Comm. 16, 7, gate prob. of an amphitheatre through which the corpses of gladiators were carried out.

**libitum**, see libet.

**libitus**, *ūs*, m. will, pleasure, pro suo libitu, Cod. de testam. 6, 23, 22.

1 **Libo**, (Λεβος) āre, vb. pour, esp. a libation of wine or other liquid to the gods, Hie duo rito mero libans carhestia Baecho Fundit humi, Verg. 5, 77; in mensam laetium libauit honorem, 1, 736; Et petre e uiuis libandas fontibus

undas, Ov. M. 3, 27; **2.** besprinkle, w. abl. of means, paterisq; altaria libant, Verg. 12, 174; **3.** of other materials, certasq; fruges certasq; bacas libanto certis sacrificiis, xii tab. ap. Cie. leg. 2, 19; Primitias frugum Cereri, Ov. M. S. 274; Exta canum Triviae, F. 1, 389; uiscera ouis, 1, 588; tura, Pont. 4, 8, 40; uiam, Tib. 1, 10, 21; **4.** met., lacrimas Celso libantem adempto, Ov. Pont. 1, 9, 41; carmen...aris, Prop. 4, 6, 7; **5.** sip (a liquid), take a taste of, (apes) flumina libant Summa leues, Verg. G. 4, 54; nulla neque amnem Libauit qudrupes, B. 5, 20; **6.** of other food, pulvis equi qui gramine, matre relecta, Nunc primum teneris libauit dentibus, Calp. eel. 6, 51; **7.** met. take a sip of, Oseula libauit natae, Verg. 1, 250; cf. delibare oseula of A. 12, 434; Suet. Aug. 94; Ergo terra tibi libatur et aucta rearscit, Luer. 5, 260; add 5, 568; **8.** met. of abstracts, ex uariis ingenis excellentissima quaeque libauimus, Cie. iur. 2, 4; multa legendo perecurrisse..., ut aliena libasse, or. 1, 218; ex aliorum laudibus libare laudem, Cornif. ad Her. 4, 5.

**2 Libo**, ōnis, m. a cognomen, Q. Mare(ius) Libo, on a denar., CIL 289; L. Lucretius L. Q. Libo, 1063, 5; C. Scribonius Libo, whence puteal. Scribon. Libo on a gold coin, Eckhel 5, 301; putealque Libonis, Hor. ep. 1, 19, 8; exaequatur furbā Libones, Prop. 4, 11, 31; uita spoliassē Libonem, Sil. 5, 411.

**Libonians**, adj. of Libo, ex sententia S. Cti Liboniani tutor non erit qui..., Papin. dig. 26, 2, 29; add title of dig. 48, 10.

**libra**, (akin to *leuis*, *λεως*; cf. for suff. *touchrae*, *terebra*) ae, f. a level, pari libra eum aequore maris, Colum. S. 17, 4, and soon: aquae facientis infra libram maris; aquae ducentae causa supra infraque libram, Inscr. Or. 6428 (bis); **2.** a levelling instrument, libratu libris aquraris, Vitr. S. 6, 1;

**3.** a weighing machine, a pair of scales or balance, libra illa Critolai qui eum in alteram lancem animi bona imponat, in alteram corporis et externa tantum propendere illam putet ut..., Cie. Tusc. 5, 51; Scis etenim iustum gemina suspendere lance Aeneitis librae, Pers. 4, 10; add Plin. 10, 98; met., animi cunctantis libra, Claud. laud. Stil. 1, 75; **4.** as used in law of money-dealings, eventually as a mere form, the parties pretending to weigh the money, nexum quod per libram agitur, Cie. or. 3, 159; species imaginariae solutionis per aes et libram, Gai. 3, 173; is mihi emptus est hoc aere aeneaque libra, 1, 109; testamentum per aes et libram, 2, 102; add 2, 104; tamquam in provincu testamentum faceret sine libra, Cie. or. 1, 228; rem creditori soluit libraque et aere liberatum emittit, Liv. 6, 14, 5;

**5.** the sign of the Zodiac, Libra die somnique pares ubi fecerit horas, Verg. G. 1, 208; in Libra quae cursus aequat noctem diet, Macr. somn. Sc. 1, 18, 17; **6.** by some made the claws of the Scorpion, Libram id est Scorpis chelas, id. 13; eum...coeperunt surgere chelae...aequo sub pondere librae..., Manil. 4, 549; cf. Verg. G. 1, 33; Ov. M. 2, 195; **11.** a pound in weight, libras farris endo dies dabit, xii tab. ap. Gell. 20, 1, 45; Eo lasaripici libram pondo diluunt, Pl. Ps. 3, 2, 27; libram pondo as ualebat, Varr. 1, 5, 36, p. 174 Sp.; coronam auream libram pondo, Liv. 3, 29, 3; 4, 20, 4; calami pondo libram, casiae selibrum, Colum. 12, 20, 5; (nulli) binas libras ponderis raro exsuperant, Plin. 9, 64; attilus (piscis) pinguescens ad mille libras, 9, 44;

**8.** hence Fr. livre, lt. lira.

**librālis**, ae, adj. of a pound, offae, Colum. 6, 2, 7; copied by Pall. 4, 12, 3; pondus, Plin. 19, 34.

**librāmen**, inis, p. a balance, met., iudicii, Claud. Mam. stat. anim. 3, 13 in.; but in Liv. 42, 65, 10 an interpolation.

**librāmentum**, i, n. a balance, a weight serving as a balance, plumabi, Liv. 38, 5, 4; 42, 63, 4; ni uincula alibrāmenta tormento abscedissent, Tac. b. 3, 23; **2.** level, uiam ad l. proprium redigere, Ulp. dig. 43, 11, 1, 1; puteos fodiemus inque ad aquae l., Pall. 9, 9, 2; inferiore labro demisso ad librāmentum aquae..., Plin. 11, 173; add Sen. ben. 5, 6, 4;

**3.** hence level (of water) at different points, and so the fall, l. aquae in centenos pedes sicclii minimum erit, Plin. 31, 57; ut solum riuu libramenta habeat fastigata ne

minus in centenos pedes sicclio, Vitr. S. 7, 1; **4.** a balance or average, uentorum, Colum. 1, 5, 8.

**librāria**, ae, see librarius.

**librāriōsus**, i, m. dim. one who works at books, as scribe, binder etc., Cie. Att. 4, 4, 1; 15, 7; Balb. 14; leg. 1, 7.

**librārium**, see librarius.

**1 librārius**, adj. of books, taberna, Cie. Phil. 2, 21; scriba, Varr. r. 3, 2, 14; scriptor, Hor. A. P. 354; atramentum, Plin. 27, 52; **2.** as sb. m. a copying clerk, writer, esp. one who makes books by copying, Cie. fam. 16, 21, 8; agr. 2, 13; Phil. 2, 8; luv. 9, 109; si librarius sit et librorum scribendorum operas edat, Gai. dig. 38, 1, 49; D. M. Benigno, Librario Quintii n(ostri), inser. Or. 2873; **3.** w. gen. a book-keeper or registrar, l. horreorum...depositorum...caducorum, Tarrant. dig. 50, 6, 7; **4.** a bookseller, Libros dicimus esse Ciceronis, eosdem Dorus Librarius suos uocat, et utrunque uerum est, Sen. ben. 7, 6, 1; add Gell. 5, 4, 2; 18, 4, 1; **11.** S. libraria, ae, as sb. f. (sc. taberna), a bookseller's shop, Gell. 5, 4, 1; 13, 31 (30), 1; **6.** a female registrar, Mart. Cap. 1, 17 G, 19, 10 Eyss.; **7.** librarium, ii, as sb. m. a box for holding books, a bookcase or collection of books, exhibe librarium illud legum uestrarum, Cie. Mil. 33; ut exurent librarium, Amm. 29, 2, 4.

**2 librārius**, adj. of a pound, foramen, Cato r. 21, 4; frusta, Colum. 12, 55, 4; asses, Gell. 20, 1, 31; caementum, Vitr. S. 7, 14; **3.** as sb. f. one who weighs out the wool for spinning, Memphis Pompeiae librae, inser. Fabr. 214, 547.

**librātō**, ōnis, f. levelling, ueram ex aqua librationem, Vitr. S. 6, 3; **2.** balancing (caeli), Minuc. Fel. Oct. 17 med.; **3.** in Diom. 477, 10, K has uibrationis.

**librātōr**, ōris, m. a surveyor who takes levels and so adjusts, as the parts of an oil-mill, Cato r. 22, 1; **2.** esp. in dealing with water, libratores qui exploret sitne latus altior mari, Plin. ep. 10, 41 (50), 3; add Frontin. aq. 105 (bis); aquae l., Tib. C. 13, 4, 2; **3.** see libitor.

**librātūra**, ae, f. making level, levelling, cutis (after a wound), Veg. uet. 2, 22, 2.

**libriger**, eri, adj. as sb. m. book-carrier, Paul. Nol. ep. 28(9), 4.

**librile**, adj. n. as sb. a warlike instrument, prob. a stone of a lb. weight slung with a string, fundis librilibus sublusque Gallos proterent, Caes. b. g. 7, 81, 4, wh. ed. make librilibus an adj. to fundis; librilla=saxa ad brachi crassitudinem in modum flagellorum loris reuincta, Paul. ex F. 116; **2.** the beam of a balance, scapus librae, Paul. ex F. 116.

**libripens**, ndis, adj. as sb. m. a weigher (of money) in emptionibus mancipi, serving also as a witness, qui se sieri testarier libripensue fuerit, ni testimonium fateatur, intestabilis esto, xii tab. ap. Gell. 15, 13, 11; libripendes... in emptionibus mancipi, Plin. 33, 43; qui libram se aeneam teneat qui appellatur l., Gai. 1, 119; add 1, 113; 2, 104; 3, 174; Ulp. 19, 3; 20, 7; mancipio accepti M. Herennii Agriola de T. Flauio N. 1 libripende M. Herennio Iusto, inser. Or. 4358.

**librator**, ōris, (= librator) m. one who levels, esp. warlike instruments, as a ballista, gunner etc., libratores excutere tela iubet, Tac. an. 2, 20; add 13, 39; D. M. C. Aeli C. f....libratoris (sic), inser. Or. 3493.

**libro**, ae, vb. make level, level, paumenta ubi libraueris, de glareae et calce arenato primum eorum facito, Cato r. 18, 7; **2.** take a level, libratu dioptris ut libris aqurari aut chorobate, Vitr. S. 6, 1; si aequaliter aqua canalibus summa libra tanget, seietur esse libratum, S. 6, 2; **3.** level (a weapon at an object), aim, Ecce aliud summa telum libratu ab aere, Verg. 9, 417; add 10, 479; (iaculum) quod dextera librat, Ov. M. 7, 787; durosque reducta Libratu dextra media inter cornua caestus, Verg. 5, 479; quo...libratet uulnera torti, Stat. Ach. 2, 421; **11.** 4. balance, quibus librata ponderibus (archa) sustentatur, Cie. Tusc. 5, 69; turbines ita librati pependunt ut puero circumagente torarentur, Plin. 36, 90; (acris) ut suspensam...librari tellurem, 2, 10; **5.** hence of flying as needing balanced wings, Omnes quae liquide libratu in aere cursus, Ov. am. 2, 6, 11; Daedalus librans iter Nube sub

media, Sen. Oed. 921; 6. met., crimina rasis Librat in antithetis, Pers. 1, 86; paulum stetit anxius heros Libratque metus, Stat. Th. 9, 166; inpendia, Th. C. 15, 9, 2.

**libis**, (Ac) libis, adj. as sb. m. W.S.W. wind, Plin. 2, 119; 18, 336; Anson. techn. 12.

**libum**, (coctum ut libaretur, Varr. l. 5, 22) i. n. a kind of cake, used as a religious offering, esp. a cheese-cake, libum hoc modo facito, Cae. p. 11, farinae siliginiae libram... Cato r. 75; Fingebat tremula rusticā libā mānu, Ov. F. 3, 670; adorea liba, Verg. 7, 109; uenit libertus qui dicat liba absoluta esse et rem diuinam paratam, Varr. r. 2, 8, 1; 2. libus, i. m. the same, libos quattuor, libos duos, Nigid. ap. Non. 211, 31; libusque peribat, Sulp. 60.

**Liburnicus**, adj. of the Liburni—hence Liburnica as sb. f. a Liburnian galley, Plin. 9, 12; 10, 63; 16, 39; Suet. Aug. 17; Cal. 37; Nero 35.

**Liburnus**, adj. Liburnian—hence Liburna as sb. f. (sc. uatis), a Liburnian galley, of great speed, saeuus Liburnis inuidens, Hor. od. 1, 37, 30; Ibis Liburnis inter alia nauium... propugnacula, epod. 1, 1, 1; Quanta est uis agili per caerulea summa Liburnae, Sil. 13, 240; add Lucan. 3, 534; Tac. G. 9; Veg. mil. 5, 7.

**licentia**, ae, f. permission, license, Scuta iacere fugere hostis meo habent licentiam, Pl. Trin. 4, 3, 27; add Rud. 4, 6, 21; 2. often w. genitive, ludendi, Cie. off. 1, 10; pecuniarum eripendarum, Verr. 2, 3, 220; peccandi, Vell. 2, 100, 3; 3. gen. leaving or being left uncontrolled, running wild, nimia illae licentia Profecto euadet in aliquod magnum malum, Ter. Ad. 3, 4, 63; Nam deteriores omnes sumus licentia, Haut. 3, 1, 74; tantum licentiae dabit gloria, Cie. sen. 44; nisi inposita scelera tulissent nunguam ad unum tanta peruicentis licentia, off. 2, 28; 4. gen. in excess, and so often opp. to libertas, license, licentiousness, huius saeculi l., Cie. Cael. 48; in hac licentia temporum, Plin. ep. 3, 3, 5; ne maiorem largiar ei libertatem et licentiam, Cie. acad. pr. 30; in ciuitate discordi... et inter libertatem ac licentiam incerta, Tac. h. 2, 10; 5. of style, license, excessive liberty, poetarum, Cie. or. 3, 153; poetica l., Quint. 2, 4, 3; 4, 1, 58; add 4, 1, 59; 6. met., immensa licentia ponti, Ov. M. 1, 309; 7. as a goddess (met.), templum Licentiae, Cie. leg. 2, 42.

**licentiātus**, (implying a vb. licentio) ūs, m. permission, meo licentiāt, Laber. ap. Non. 212, 6.

**licentiōsus**, adj. habitually exceeding bounds, licentious, extravagan, conuersatio cum niris licentiosior, Sen. exc. cont. 6, 8, 5; ebor dicere licentiosum, Quint. 1, 6, 23; lamentationes, Apul. M. 4, 25; temeritas, 5, 14; amplexus, 5, 29; fortuna, 9, 31; sup., Aug. Pelag. 2, 7.

**licco**, cre, vb. be hidden for at an auction, omnia Venibunt quicquid licebunt praesenti pecunia, Pl. Men. 5, 9, 97; de hortis quanti hiesse tu scribis, id ego quoque audieram, Cie. Att. 12, 23, 3; Paruo cum pretio diu liceret (Schn. licerent), Mart. 6, 66, 4; 2. met., Laeciniū... unius assis Non unquam pretio pluris licens, Hor. s. 1, 16, 14; 3. percunctantī (Apelli) quati liceret—how much he might have it for—paruum nescio quid dixerat (Protagenes), Plin. 35, 88.

**liccor**, cri, licetus, (prob. licet was the word of a bidder in assenting to the auctioneer's question, and so amounted to a bid, see licet, § 11) vb. r. bid at an auction, Logos ridiculos uendo: age licemini, Pl. St. 2, 1, 68; liciti sunt usque eo quoad se efficere posse arbitrabantur, Cie. Verr. 2, 3, 77; licetur Aebutius: deterrentur emptores... fundus addicitur Aebutio, Cae. in. 16; non qui contra se licatur emptor apponet, off. 3, 61; utrum esse aequius cum qui digito licitus sit possidere, an eum qui... Verr. 2, 3, 27; cf. digitum tollit Iunius, 2, 1, 141; quod illo licente contra liceri audeat nemo, Cae. h. g. 1, 18, 3; si obiciatur creditori quod animose licitus sit, Paul. dig. 10, 2, 29; de seruo qui in fuga est, iubere debet liceri eos inter quos index est, 10, 3, 19, 3; licendo superare—to outbid—Ulp. 10, 3, 7, 13; 2. w. acc. bid for, hortos liceri cogitant, Cie. Att. 12, 38, 4; and met., Et centum Graecos curto centus licetur, Pers. 5, 191; matronam oculi licetur, Plin. 14, 141; 3. part. licens, a bidder, inter licentem uenden-

temque, Plin. pan. 29 f.; and met., ad nutum licentium, Curt. 5, 12, 2.

**Licerianus**, adj. of Licerius—hence Liceriana pira, Plin. 15, 54.

**licet**, licuit or licetum esse, licere (akin to lex), vb. it is lawful, it is permitted, Non erae meae nuntiare quod erus meus iussit licet? Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 296; quem agrum eos uendere licet, is ager uetigialui sit, CIL 190, 6; si uxorem uelit, Lege id licere facere, Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 66; aliis si licet tibi non licet, Haut. 4, 5, 49; Sei quis magistratus) multam inrogare aolet, liceto, CIL 197, 12; Eam quoniam haud licitum(st uelut) amare ormar, Post mortem hoc fecit, 1306; utel quicquid quoque ante h. l. r. licuit, ita ei habere post h. l. rogatum liceto, 200, 32; licet nemini contra patriam duere excreitum, si quidem licere id dicimus, quod legibus, quod more maiorum conceditur, Cie. Phil. 13, 14; nihilo magis ei liciturum esset plebeio rem publicam perdere quam similibus eius patriciis esset licitum, Att. 2, 1, 5; seruus ad statum licet confugere. Cum in seruum omnia licent, est aliquid quid in hominem licere ius uetet, Sen. clem. 1, 18, 2; 2. w. pass. inf., id e pontificio iure intellegi licet, Cie. Tusc. 1, 27; add rep. 1, 60; quare in senatu dici nihil licet, Att. 3, 12, 1; in utramque partem disseri copiose licet, or. 3, 107; hic cognosci licuit quantum... Cae. b. c. 3, 28, 4; 3. w. acc. and inf., Hocine me miserum non licere, meo modo ingenium frui? Ter. Haut. 2, 4, 21; Non licet hominem 'isse saepe ita uoluit, si res non sinit, 4, 1, 53; triumpho si licet me latere tecto abscedere, 4, 2, 5; quum eorum edicto non liceret quoniam Romae esse qui rei capitalis condemnatus esset, Cie. Verr. 2, 2, 100; non licet me isto tanto bono iudices uti, 2, 5, 154; haec praescripta seruantes licet magnifice uiuere, off. 1, 92; but in Pl. Ps. 1, 1, 14 read with A. and Ritschl; Licetne (not licet me) id scire quid sit? 4. w. esse and acc. of adj. but no pron., medios esse non licbit, Cie. Att. 10, 8, 4; 5. w. esse and dat., licuit esse otioso Themistocli, Cie. Tusc. 1, 33; ut his ingratis esse non licet, off. 2, 63; quo in genere mihi negligenti esse non licet, Att. 1, 17, 6; quid hanc tenentem sectamini praedam quibus licet iam esse fortunatissimis? Cae. b. g. 6, 35, 8; illis timidis esse licet qui respectum habent, Liv. 21, 44, 8; but not to this head belong the non-predicative innocenti of Cie. Rose. Am. 144; triumphanti of Liv. 38, 44, 10; 6. less common w. dat. of pron. omitted, sibi nitam filiae sua cariorum fuisse, si liberae ac pudicae uiuere licitum fuisset, Liv. 3, 50, 6; atqui licet esse beatis, Hor. s. 1, 1, 19; licet eminus esse Fortibus, Ov. M. 8, 407; 7. w. dat. of pron. but acc. of predicative noun (rare), si cuius Romano licet esse Gaditanum, Cie. Balb. 29; but in Cie. Flac. 71 Baiter has liberis; in Ov. her. 14, 64 Merkel has: Quo mihi commissio non licet esse pia (ad. piam); in Quint. 4, 4, 6 Halm with B has: procuratori tibi esse non licuit; and again in 7, 1, 19 procuratori (ass. procuratorem); but not to this head belongs fact. acc. in: ci consulem fieri, Cae. b. c. 3, 1, 1; 8. w. subj., Memini quomodo dicto hanc audebat: facto nunc laedat licet, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 53; Si eam sustinerem, postilla iam ut lubet ludas licet, Ter. Ph. 2, 2, 33; fremant omnes licet, dicam quod sentio, Cie. or. 1, 195; sed omnia licet? concurrant, Idus Martiae consulantur, Att. 14, 4, 2; ex qua licet pauca degustes, 1, 16, 8; Caementis licet? occupes Tyrrenum omne tuis... Non mortis laqueis expedies caput, Hor. od. 3, 24, 3; licebit Iniceto ter puluere curras, 1, 28, 35; Sic peiore et multadiu estellure libebit... translatos alio maeribus amores, epod. 15, 19; Detrahat auctori multum fortuna licebit, Tu tamen... Ov. tr. 5, 14, 3; 9. often in form per me licet,—may as far as I am concerned; 10. often in legal lang., a mode of asking permission, licet antestari? Pl. Cure. 5, 2, 23; Hor. s. 1, 9, 76; licet consule? Cie. Mur. 28; testis processit: licet inquit rogare? or. 2, 245; 11. hence in answers, you may, and gen. of assent, yes, just so, I will, propria ergo, Licet, Pl. Cas. 3, 3, 25; quae so hominem ut iubeas areces, Licet, Capt. 5, 1, 29; Pseudale, adiste altrimsecus atque olera hunc maledictis, Licet, Ps. 1, 3, 123; dato istum symbolum ergo illi, Licet, 2, 2, 57; and above all, Rud. 4, 6 w. 14 exx.; 12. licessit as subj. perf., Ne iste hercle ab ista non pedem discedat, si



licessit, Pl. as. 3, 3, 13; II 13. licet, still a verb, but used as a conj. (see exx. above \*), including two exx. of licēbit) though, although; 14. eventually even w. ind. in late writers, licet inter gesta et facta uidetur quaedam esse differentia, Gai. 50, 16, §8—yet G. habitually has subj. w. licet; Augusta 1. legibus soluta non est, Ulp. dig. 1, 3, 31; licet incendio subiecta transactio est, 2, 15, §. 25; licet libertates deficiunt, Iulian. 29, 7, 2, 2; yet Ulp. has 1. uidetur, 2, 15, §. 4. Iulian. 1. deperdat, and again 1... non sint, 4, 2, 18; in Ulp. 30, 74 Momms. w. some sss licet rescipere, not rescipit; Diogenes licet ex libertate in seruitutem uenit ierat, Macr. s. 1, 11, 42; licet alia praedictorum natio, Amm. 22, 8, 29; add 2, 6, 1; Apul. M. 2, 6 f.; Coripp. laud. Iustin. 1, 3 and §5; 15. w. adj. and no verb, isque licet caeli regione remotos, Mente deos adiit, Ov. M. 15, 62; Huic licet ingratae, Tityrus ipse canat, Prop. 2, 34, 72; immatura licet, tamen... 4, 11, 17; quodcumque tuos, licet aequus, in Argos consulerem, Stat. Th. 1, 286; si qui unum rem, licet minimum, rapuerit, Gai. 3, 209;

III 16. licens, free, unrestrained, licentious, ille licentior dithyrambus, Cic. or. 3, 185; turba, Sen. Phaedr. 788; gressus, Iud. 4, 8, 11; loci, Stat. silu. 1, 6, 93; licentior uita, Val. M. 9, 1, 3; imperitia, G. 4, 2; add Gell. 15, 9, 4; 17. licenter, as adv. freely, without restraint, boldly, licentiously, Cic. N. D. 1, 109; orat. 77; Hor. A. P. 265; comp., Cic. Cacl. 57; Tac. an. 6, 19 (13); 18. part. licitus, permitted, lawful, sermo, Verg. 8, 468; per licita atque illicita, Tac. an. 15, 37; acies, Stat. Th. 11, 123; negotiatio, Ulp. dig. 3, 14, 2; contractus, 50, 14, 3; 19. licite, adv. lawfully, Marcan. dig. 30, 114, 5; Solin. 11; 20. licito, Th. C. 11, 8, 3.

Lichānos, i, adj. as sb. f. l. hypaton and l. meson, two notes in the scale of the tetrachord, Vitr. 5, 4, 5. lichēn, (λεχην moss) ēnis, m. a moss of different kinds, Plin. 26, 22; 2. a skin-disease, Plin. 26, 2 and 3; 20, 4 and 55 etc.; Nec triste mentum sordidique lichēnes, Mart. 11, 98, 5; 3. in the horse, Plin. 28, 180; ass, 28, 230; mule, 30, 88.

Liciamentum, licium, not. Tir. p. 160. Licifortium, ii, n. a weaver's beam, Vulg. 1 reg. 17, 7. Licinias, quasi-part. involved, membra in semine, Aug. C. D. 22, 14; id. Gen. ad litt. 3, 14. Liciniānus, adj. of Licinius, olea, Cato r. 6, 2; Colum. 5, 8, 3; ingera, 1, 3, 10; Catones (sons etc.) by his first wife Licinia, Plin. 7, 62; oleum, 15, 7; (militēs), Laet. mort. pers. 46; 2. a cognomen of adoption from the gens Licinia, Valerius L., Plin. ep. 4, 11, 1.

Licini candelae, Gloss. Isid. Licinium, ii, n. lint, Veg. uet. 3, 22, 2; 3, 48, 6. Licinius, adj. or sb. a plebeian gens, Q. Licinius, CIL 205, 1, 23; L. Lic. Cn. Dom. on a denar., 401; P. Licinius P. Crass., 552; Eucharis Licinia(e) l., 1009; Rectius uiues Licetini neque altum..., Hor. od. 2, 10, 1; lex Iunia et Licinia, Cic. Att. 4, 16, 5; Licinia et Mucia lex, Brut. 63; atria Licinia, employed for auctions, Quinct. 12 and 25; olea, Colum. 12, 51, 3; Pall. 3, 18, 4.

Licinus, adj. turned up, bones, Philarg. (not Serv.) add Verg. 4, 3, 55, as having horns of the kind; licinus ἀνὰ πτε, Gloss. Philox.; 2. a cognomen, ...us L. f. Pom. Licinus, CIL 1090; L. Porcius L. f. M. n. Licinus, as consul in the Fasti Cons. a. u. c. 570; Marmoreo Licinus tumulo iacet, at Cato paruo, Anth. Meyer, 77. Licitatio, ōnis, f. bidding at an auction, Cic. Att. 11, 15, 4; Verr. 2, 2, 13 (plur.); Suet. Aug. 75; Cal. 22; Nero 26; Ulp. dig. 4, 4, 7, 8; 10, 3, 7, 13; Tryph. 23, 7, 78, 4; Gai. 4, 166.

Licitator? ōris, m. a bidder at an auction, Cic. off. 3, 61; fam. 7, 2, 1 (—prob. right; but in both pass. Or. and Baier incitatore, a sham bidder); emit domum licitatoribus (a good ej.; al. mss) deficiat prope diuidio carius quam aestimabatur, dom. 115. Licitor, āri, vb. frq. r. bid at an auction, Potine ut ne licite aduersum (mei) animi sentiantur? Pl. Merc. 2, 3, 104; licitantis calor, Paul. dig. 39, 4, 9; Gai. 4, 166; 2. cf. Caecil. ap. Non. 134, 15.

Licium, ii, n. a leash or thread of the woof in weaving (= uetus), et licia tela adlere, Verg. G. 1, 285; plurimis licis texere, quae polymita appellant, Plin. 8, 196; Licia qui texunt, Auson. epig. 38, 1; per licia texta querelas Eddidit, ep. 416, 14; 2. of a spider's web, Plin. 11, 82; 3. gen. a thread, Ov. F. 3, 267; Plin. 23, 125; 29, 114; Licia fert glomerata manu deserta Ariadne, Auson. idyl. 335, 31; 4. used in incantations, Verg. B. 8, 73; Ov. F. 2, 575; am. 1, 8, 8; Plin. 28, 48; Petron. 135; 5. an ornament of a woman's headdress, Prud. Symm. 2, 1104; 6. a linen covering (for the pudenda), furta per lancum liciumque concepta, xii tab. ap. Gell. 11, 18, 9; add 16, 10, 8; S. lance et licio...quia qui furtum ibat quere-re in domo aliena licio cinctus intrabat, laucemque ante oculos tenebat propter matrum familiae praesentiam, Paul. p. 177 M.; cf. Gai. 3, 192.

Lictor, (implies a vb. lig-ere, whence as a freq. lig-are; cf. limen) ōris, m. lit.: one who binds, an attendant of Consuls and those cum imperio, who carried a bundle of rods tied up with an axe, at least out of Rome, Validos lictores ulmeis adfectos lentis uirgis, Pl. As. 3, 2, 29; add Epid. 1, 1, 26; Poen. prol. 18, 7; Q. Iuio Cn. l. lictore, CIL 1060; i lictor colliga manus, Cic. Rab. perd. 13; instituit (Publicola) ut singulis consulis alternis mensibus lictores praerent, rep. 2, 55; Liv. 1, 26, 7; (lictiores) nudatos uirgis eadunt securique feriunt, 2, 5, 8; (Romulus) cetero habitu se augustinem tum maxime lictoribus xii sumptis fecit, 1, 8, 2; lictores aduonit cum accedere consul iussit, et, quia in urbem non inerant, aduonit cum securibus sibi fasces praefert, 24, 9, 2; 2. primus l., the one who going first in the line of twelve had the duty of clearing the way, apud quem primus l. quieuit, tacuit accensus, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 21; 3. proximus l., last in the series was the chief, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 142; diu. 1, 59; Liv. 24, 44, 10; and Sal. lug. 12, 3 (a lictor of Iugurtha's); M. Vlpio Aug. lib. Phaedimo diu Traiani Aug. lictori proximo, inser. Grut. 578, 1; M. Valerius l. proximus, inser. Or. 3218; 4. l. curiatus, one of 30 who had the duty of summoning the comitia curiata, Cic. agr. 2, 31; Gell. 15, 27, 2; T. Flanius Aug. l. Epictetus l. curiatus (sic), inser. Or. 2922; Ti. Manlio lictori curiato, 3240; (lictor) curiat., 2176; 5. met., lictorem feminae in publico unione esse, Plin. 9, 114.

Lictorius, adj. of a lictor or lictors, uirga, Flor. 1, 26, 3; decuria, inser. Or. 2676; add Th. C. 8, 9, 1. Lien or lienis? g. lienis (σπλην), m. spleen, Si lienēs turgent, si cor dolet, Cato r. 157, 7; C. genua hunc cursorem deserunt. A. Porit: seditionem licit lien\*, occupat praecordia, Pl. Merc. 1, 2, 13; Lien directus, Ambula: id lien\* optimumst, Cure. 2, 1, 25; Nam iam quasi sona lien\* cinctus ambulo, 2, 1, 5; add 2, 1, 21; lienis? ubi affectus est intumescent, ... in cursu dolor est, Cels. 4, 16; lienis? bubulus, ib.; uentri-culo adnectitur lien...Peculiare cursus impedimentum aliquando in eo, Plin. 11, 204; equisatam lienēs cursorum exstinguit, 26, 132; 2. met., fiscum lienem uocaret, quod eo crescente artus reliqui tabescant, Arn. Viet. ep. 42 f.; 3. m. or u. sery Serv. ad A. 6, 647; 4. the seems short; if long, lien- is a monos. in exx. \*, and add 2, 1, 21; 5. lienis as nom. in Cels. above\* and add 4, 1, p. 121, 16 Dar.

Lienōsus, (trisyli) adj. suffering from enlarged spleen, Perii: cor lienosum opinor habeo: iam tūdum salit, Pl. Cas. 2, 6, 62; add Cels. 2, 8, p. 46, 37 Dar.; de lienosis, 4, 16 lenna; add Plin. 7, 20; Veg. uet. 5, 27. Lientericus, (Acerrepa) adj. passing food undigested, Plin. 29, 44; Theod. Prisc. 2, 18 f. Ligamen, inis, n. a band, bandage, tie, Ov. M. 14, 230; Prop. 2, 29, 15; Colum. 6, 6, 4; 11, 2, 92; 12, 8, 1. Ligamentum, i, n. the same, Tac. an. 15, 54; Quint. 11, 3, 144.

Ligariānus, adj. of Ligarius, oratio, Cic. Att. 13, 19, 2. Ligarius, adj. or sb. name of a gens, Q. Ligarius, Cic. Lig. 1. Ligatio, ōnis, f. binding, Scrib. comp. 255; 2. Fr. liaison. Ligatura, ae, f. binding, Pall. 1, 6, 11; 2. a bandage, as a charm, Aug. in Ioban. 7 med.

**lignārius**, adj. of firewood, negotiatio, Capit. Pert. 1; uia, Front. contr. agr. 41, 27; 2. as sb. firewood-cutter, ferrarii, lignari, Pall. 1, 6, 2; 3. inter lignarios, a street in Rome, Liv. 35, 41, 10; cf. inter falcarios, Cic. Cat. 1, 8.

**lignatio**, ōnis, f. cutting of firewood, Caes. b. g. 5, 39, 2; de lignatione quae necessaria est ad cibum coquendum, Vitr. 9, 8, 8; 2. a wood for the supply of firewood, Colum. 1, 5, 1.

**lignātor**, ōris, m. cutter of firewood, Caes. b. g. 5, 26, 2; Liv. 10, 25, 5.

**lignēolus**, adj. dim. of wood, scuta, Lucil. ap. Prisc. 1, 115, 11; lychneuchus, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 7, 2.

**ligneus**, adj. of wood, equus, Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 12 and 64; equo (of a ship), Rud. 1, 5, 10; candelabrum, Caecil. ap. Non. 202, 17; ponticulic, Cic. Tusc. 5, 59; materia, inu. 2, 170; turres, Caes. b. c. 3, 9, 3; putamen (of a walnut-shell), Plin. 15, 86; (semen), 16, 110; 2. met., Lucr. 4, 1161; Catul. 23, 6.

**ligniciola**, ae, m. quoted by Varr. 1, 8, 33 to condemn, qui ligna (caedunt) lignicidas non dici.

**lignifer**, adj. as sb. carrier of firewood, collegium ligniferorum, inser. Or. 2395.

**lignitēs**? ae, m. a gem, Iul. Val. r. g. Alex. M. 3, 59.

**lignor**, āri, (cf. materior, pabulor) vb. r. get firewood (for oneself), num lignatum mittimur? Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 126; aquatum et lignatum ire, Cato ap. Non. 268, 4; neque lignandi neque aquandi potestas fiebat, Caes. b. c. 3, 15, 2; add 3, 76, 2; lignatum se ire, Liv. 10, 25, 6; dum lignatur interfecti sunt, bell. Hisp. 27, 1.

**lignōsus**, adj. woody, nucleus, Plin. 13, 112; fructus, 24, 69; caulis, 25, 65; glutinum, 28, 236; 2. lignosior, Plin. 19, 88.

**lignum**, (prob. fm. liga-re, or rather a lost lig-ere; cf. lictor, limen, and E. cord of wood) 1. n. firewood, esp. as opp. to materia timber, neque prohibito quo minus ex agro ligna materiamque sumant, CIL 199, 34; uelut ligni\*, Cato ap. Char. 72, K; codicillos oleaginis et cetera ligna amurae perspergito...Ita neque fumosa erunt et ardeant bene, Cato r. 130; add 55; Ligna licet apud nos nulla sunt (for cooking), Pl. Aul. 2, 6, 8; add 3, 1, 8; St. 2, 2, 34; Merc. 2, 3, 63; Cas. 2, 3, 37; ligna et sarmenia circumdare ignemque subicere, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 69; ligna super foco Large reponens, Hor. od. 1, 9, 5; extrahit lignis focum, epod. 2, 43; add 1, 5, 46; ep. 2, 2, 169; aridum Compone lignum\*, od. 3, 17, 14; per lunc (laeum) marmora ligna materiae...denucentur, Plin. ep. 10, 41 (50), 2; materia est quae ad aedificandum necessaria est, lignum\* quidquid comburendi causa paratum est, Ulp. dig. 32, 55, 1; add 7, 1, 12 and 32, 55, 3; Paul. 32, 56; 2. in this sense gen. pl.; but sing. in ext.\*; 3. wood generally, even in a living tree, Te triste lignum, te caducum, Hor. od. 2, 13, 11; truncus eram...iunille 1, 8, 1, 8, 1; leges incidere ligno, A. P. 399; bonorum possessionem contra lignum (= contra tabulas testamenti), Tryph. dig. 37, 4, 19; 4. esp. of fruit-stones, as of palm, Plin. 13, 40; olive, 15, 10; cherry, 15, 111; peach and plum, 15, 112; 5. phrase, in siluam ligna ferre, Hor. s. 1, 10, 34, carry coals to Newcastle.

1. **ligo**, (liga-, from a lost lig- = *de* of *deō*, whence *de-uo*, E. tie, whence tight; cf. lictor, lignum, limen) are, vb. tie, bind, anima ut conclusa in uesica, quando est arte ligata, si pertuderis, aera reddit, Varr. ap. Non. 241, 27; zonam soluit ligatam, Catul. 2, 13; dum mula ligatur, Hor. s. 1, 5, 13; laqueoque animosa ligant Guttur, Ov. M. 6, 134; manibus post terga ligatis, 3, 575; uimque ligatae, Colum. 11, 2, 11; (conchis) breui nodo ligatis, Plin. 9, 103; cornu ad erus ligata, 18, 261; nittas quis ligatus lapis (erat), Tac. h. 4, 53; 2. met., concordia pace ligant, Ov. M. 1, 25; Pacta ligat, Rud. 1, 82; quae Graeci in catenas ligant, Quint. 5, 14, 32; 3. Nizolius lex. v. ligatus, quotes Iliad from Cic. Cat. 4, a wrong ref. for e. 5, where conligatus is now read.

2. **ligo**, (perh. akin to S. likh, scratch; cf. lima, litera; perh. also to *ἀε-αλα* and E. dig) ōnis, m. a hoe with two or more teeth\*, Sabellus docta lignibus Versare glabas, Hor.

od. 3, 6, 38; add epod. 5, 30; purgare lignonibus herbas, Ov. Pont. 1, 8, 59; add am. 3, 10, 31; uiuacem caespitis herbam Contundat...dentē\* ligōnis, Colum. 10, 89; add Iuv. 7, 33; Mart. 4, 64, 32; incurri ligones, Stat. Th. 3, 589; see Iliis's Companion.

**ligula** or **lingula**\*, ae, f. dim. (of lingua) a little tongue, as a tongue of laud, (oppida) posita in extremis lingulis\*, Caes. b. g. 3, 12, 1; 2. a shoe-lapet, Non hesternae sedet lunata lingula\* plantae, Mart. 2, 29, 7; but in Iuv. 5, 20, ligulas dimittere cannot mean, as Ruperti makes it, calcematae non ligare; 1. a similitudine linguae exsertae ut in calceis, insertae ut in tibis, Plin. ex F. 116; cf. *ῥαυρτας* ...*ταυ* ἰσοδυναμω, Poll. 2, 109 (notes Mayor ad Iuv. 1, 1); 3. tongue of a musical instrument, see Paul. 1, 1, 7; canere tibiae ipsae docendae, comprimentibus se lingulis\*, Plin. 16, 171; 4. a tenon in carpentry, Cato r. 18, 2, 19, 2\*; Colum. 8, 11, 4\*; 5. a small spoon of various uses, ita pone saullum (a sort of cake)...cum lingulis\*, Cato r. 84; is saepius ligula purgandus est, Colum. 9, 15, 13; lingulis\* laurium florem, Plin. 21, 84; ligulam cum mittere possis...uel cochleare mihi, Mart. 8, 33, 23; 6. hence a measure, a spoonful, adicitur in binas urnas ligula cumulatula uel mensura semuncia, Colum. 12, 21, 2; 11 aut in ligularum (so a) mensura, Plin. 20, 37; 7. tongue of a balance, Schol. ad Pers. 1, 6; 8. a short tongue-shaped sword, or part of it, Ne mihi gerere morem uidear lingua uerum lingula\*, Naev. ap. Gell. 10, 25, 3 who adds: gladiolum oblongum in speciem lingulae factum; enimmō gladii lingula\*, id. ap. Varr. 7, 6, p. 385 Sp.; 9. part of a flesh-scraper (strigilis), Apul. drol. 1, 9, p. 37 Hild.; 10. tentacle of a cuttlefish, Apul. apol. 35; 11. in Vitr. 10, 8, 2 Rose has lingua (a wedge), not lingula; 12. in Pl. Poen. 5, 2, 54; 5, 5, 30 text dub.; 13. ligula, not ligo, has many say, but one w. lingula, Quamuis me ligulam dicant equitesque patresque, Dicor ab indoctis lingula grammaticis, Mart. 14, 120.

**ligurio**\* or **ligurrio** (lingo; the suff. seems like that of estrio, parturio, sullatio; and perh. orig. meaning was desire to lick) iui, ire, vb. lick, take a sip of, Dum ruri rurant homines quo ligurrit, Pl. Capt. 1, 1, 16; Quae cum amatore suo (suo in all ass. om. by Umpt.) cum cenant ligurrit\* (uss ligurriant acc. metre), Ter. Eun. 5, 4, 14; (apes) non ut muscae ligurrit\* (so mss, Schn. liguriunt), Varr. r. 3, 16, 6; Semosses piscis tepidumque ligurritus ius, Hor. s. 1, 3, 81; dum frusta (al. furta) ligurrit, 2, 4, 79; add poet. ap. Suet. Tib. 45; 2. met., non reperietis hominem leuiter haec lucra ligurientem\*, deaurare pecuniam non dubitauit, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 177; cum agrarium curatio-nem ligurirent, disturbauit rem, fam. 11, 21, 5; quoniam haec quoque liguris\* (so Bait. w. best mss), dom. 47; add Catul. ap. Non. 134, 27.

**Ligūrius**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, P. Ligurius, CIL 893; L. Ligurius L. L. Antiochus, 1131.

**liguriō**, ōnis, f. fondness for eating, Cic. Tusc. 4, 26.

**ligurritor**, ōris, m. one who licks, Macr. s. 3, 16, 17; Auson. lemma of ep. 128.

**ligustrum**, 1. n. the shrub privet, Alba ligustrā cadunt, Verg. B. 2, 18; Candidior folio ninei Galatea ligustri, Ov. M. 13, 789; in agrostis proueniunt populi siler ligustra, Plin. 16, 77; candidior puella...ligustro, Mart. 1, 115, 3; 2. thought by some, says Pliny, one w. the Egyptian tree cypros, 12, 109; 24, 74; 3. another plant, nigrum 1, Colum. 10, 300.

**lilīc-eus**, (lilium) adj. of lilies, oleum, Pall. 6, 14 in lemma.

**lilīstium**, quasi-part. as sb. n. (sc. solum), ground planted with lilies, Pall. 3, 21, 3.

**lilium**, (= *λελεω*) ii, n. lily, et grandia lilī quassans, Verg. B. 10, 25; add A. 6, 709; neu brene lilium, Hor. od. 1, 36, 16; caenatica lilia gestet, Ov. M. 12, 411; lilium rosae nobilitate proximum, Plin. 21, 223; rubens 1, 21, 24; purpureum, 21, 25; 2. a pit with a stake in centre, id ex similitudine floris lilium appellabant, Caes. b. g. 7, 73, 8.

**lima**, (from a vb. = S. likh, scratch; cf. litera, § 9; also = *παρ*) ae, f. a file, anum lima praeceperit, Pl. Men. 1, 1, 9; que his aueli queunt nisi lima, Plin. 9, 109; topazos

sola nobilium (gemmarum) limam sentit, 37, 109; (uipera) limam momordit, Phaedr. 4, 8, 5; 2. met., limae labor, Hor. A. P. 291; incipiam limae mordacius uti, Ov. Pont. 1, 5, 19; ut in illis limae... plus uideatur fuisse, Vell. 2, 9, 3.

**limae-eus**, (limo- m.) adj. of mud, Tertul. res. earn. 49. **limārius**, adj. of mud, piscina (for deposit of mud before distribution of water), Front. ag. 1, 15.

**limātor**, *λίμας*, a filer, Gloss. Philox. **limātulus**, adj. dim. delicately filed, met.: iudicium, Cic. fam. 7, 33, 2.

**limātura**, *λίμας*, filings, Gloss. **limax**, (a limo says Varr. 1, 7, 3; and Paul. ex F. p. 116) acis, m. f. dim. a snail, Implicitus conchae limax, Colum. 10, 324; uere gignuntur limaces, Plin. 9, 162; add 18, 156 and 228; 29, 113\*; quattuor limacum capita, 30, 101; eum limaci magnae similem, 32, 5; 2. met., Non quasi nunc haec sunt hic limaces luidae\*, Pl. Cist. ap. Varr. 7, 3, p. 345 Sp.

**limbātus**, quasi-part. bordered (or belted), clamydes, Gallien. ap. Treb. Poll. 17, 5.

**limbōlarius**, (implies a dim. limbolus) adj. as sb. m. a fringe- (or perh. sash-) maker, Pl. Aul. 3, 5, 45; 1. *ὀυαρο-πράκτος* Gloss. Labb.

**limbus**, (prob. from ligo; for letter-change of stimulus fm. stinguo, Sord. limba = L. lingua, L. amb-ulare with E. gang) i. m. a fringe or border, perh. rather a sash, belt, or girdle, Sideroniam picto chlamydem circumdata limbo, Verg. 4, 137; Vltima pars telae tenni circumdata limbo, Ov. M. 6, 127; add 5, 51; picto discingit pectora limbo, Stat. Th. 6, 367; 2. a belt of network for inclosing game, Grat. cyn. 25; 3. met. of the Zodiac, Varr. 2, 3, 7.

**limen**, *λίμην*, n. [for limen? from a vb. lig-ere whence lig-are; = *δέω* (*δέω-μω*), our tie (tigh-t)] prop. a tie in carpentry, i.e. a cross or horizontal timber used for keeping other timbers vertical, hence the lintel of a door, l. superum, or the threshold or sill of the same, limen salis, Carm. Arv. (ter); l. inferum, Limen superum quod mei (= mi) misero saepe confregit caput, Nov. 49 R; Limen superum inferumque salue, simul autem lae, Pl. Men. 5, 1, 1; 2. absol. of the lintel, caput ut offendi ad limen, Turp. 174 R; in limine ipso quod foribus imponebat, Plin. 36, 96; in super id limen robustum long(um), p. viii latum p. i. r. altum p. s. i. inopito, CIL 577; pendentia linquit Vela domus et adhuc uirides in limine ramos, Iuv. 6, 228; 3. absol. of the threshold, Sensus super limen pedes attolle mea noua nupta, Pl. Cas. 4, 1, 1; grauidi superant uix ubi limen, Verg. G. 3, 317; Tarpeium limen adora Pronus, Iuv. 6, 48; 4. hence in pl. of a single door, hic Dardanio Anchisae Armiger ante fuit fiduciae ad limina custos, Verg. 9, 648; Saepae etiam famuli turbato ad limina somno Expatere truncem per uasta silentia uocem, Sil. 1, 66; 5. also limen in the sing., a door (see Key's Essays, p. 185), simulacrum Victoriae ad ualvas se templi limenque conuertisse, Caes. b. c. 3, 105, 2; Iussi armati ad limen consulis adesse, Liv. 2, 48, 10; 6. as the threshold is the outset and the end of a journey, hence met. first of a beginning, Candidus inusuetum miratur limen Olympi, the east as the sun's starting point, Verg. B. 5, 56; omne Languet corpus leti iam limine in ipso, Lucr. 6, 1157; add 1208 and 2, 960; Verg. culex 221; i. innocuae (sc. umbrae) Quas in primo limine uitae Scelus oppressit, Sen. Herc. f. 1140; in limine belli, Tac. an. 3, 74; limina sicut in domo finem quandam faciunt sic et imperii finem esse limen ueteres noluerunt, Iustin. inst. 1, 12 med.; in ipso finitae lucis limine, Apul. M. 11, 21.

**limenarchēs**, or -ās, ae, m. harbour-master, Arcad. dig. 50, 4, 18, 10; Paul. 1, 6 A, 3.

**limen-tinus** (limen v. t. exer.), adj. as sb. a god who guards a threshold, Tertul. idol. 15; Aug. C. D. 4, 8.

**limes**, *λίμης*, adj. ad-limē appellati l. m. id est antiquo uerbo transuersi, Hygin. 167, 17; suff. it., old form of l-re; cf. pedes, eques, ales, ales), adj. as sb. m. a cross road, l. Iutosi, Varr. 2, 2, 4, 8; inde Praeneste et transuersis limitibus in uiam Latinam esse egressus, Liv. 22, 12, 2; add 31, 39, 5; 32, 13, 5; limites in agris nunc termini, nunc uiae transuersae, Paul. ex F. 116; 2. a limit or

boundary, limes est quodcumque in agro opera manuum factum est ad observationem finium, agrim. 2, 3 LR; Ne signare quidem aut partiri limitē campum Fas erat, Verg. G. 1, 126; Saxum autem ingens, campo quod forte iacebat, Limes agro positus, litem ut discerueret aruis, A. 12, 898; ultra limites cleitium Salis anarus, Hor. od. 2, 18, 25; add ep. 2, 2, 171; semitas nonosque limites in agro fieri ne patiat, Colum. 1, 8, 7; 3. esp. in the agrimen-sores, cae (niae) omnes publicae sunt limitesque inter centurias, CIL 200, 90; ut hi (limites) qui orientem occidentemque intuentur decimari dicentur: hi qui meridianum et septentrionem, cardines sunt appellati, Sic. Flac. 153, 19; maritimi, montani, Frontin. 30, 3; 4. Eius (i.e. the plot of the play) nunc regiones, limites confinia Determinabo: ei rei sum factus finitor, Pl. Poen. fr. 49; 5. hence an earthen wall (agger) etc. to mark boundary of Roman empire, penetrat interior, aperit limites, Vell. 2, 120, 6; Romanus... limitum a Tiberio coepit scindit, Tac. an. 1, 50; cuncta inter castellum Alisonem ac Rheum nouis limitibus aggeribusque permunita, 2, 7 f.; in plurimis locis in quibus barbari non fluminibus sed limitibus diuiduntur stipitibus magnis barbaros separauit, Spart. Hadr. 12, 6; 6. gen. a limit, limes mili carminis esto Oedipodae confusa domus, Stat. Th. 1, 16; 7. gen. in poets, a road, way, path, bene meritis de patria quasi limes ad caeli aditum patet, Cic. rep. 6, 26; lato te graue decum, Verg. 9, 323; add 2, 697; Quam multae lacit... ferre Limite formicae grana reperta sekut, Ov. tr. 5, 6, 40; Flammiferumque trabens spatioso limite erinem Stella micat, Ov. M. 15, 849; add 2, 130 (of the Zodiac); bolis (a meteor) perpetua ardens longiore tractu limitem, Plin. 2, 96; limites circi (the gaugeways), Tertul. spect. 20; 8. met., Si male decitis, nostro gradiar limite, Pl. Poen. 3, 19; quanto satius est rectum sequi limitem, Sen. ep. 123, 12; add dial. 7, 1, 2; στήματα cognationum directo limite (line) in duas lines separantur quarum altera superior, altera inferior, Paul. dig. 38, 10, 9; Velentana gemma... nigram materiam distinguente limite abo (a line), Plin. 37, 184.

**Limētānus**, adj. a cognomen, C. Mamilius Limetan(us), on a coin Eckh. 5, 242, who adds cognomen datum, ut creditur C. Mamilio tr. pl. quod a. u. c. 589 legem de limitibus tulit.

**limeum**, i. n. a plant, used by Gauls for poisoning arrows, Plin. 27, 101.

**limicōla**, ae, m. f. living in mud, ostra, Auson. ep. 7, 36.

**limigēnus**, or -a, adj. mud-born, ultra, Auson. Mos. 45.

**limināris**, e, adj. of a limen, trabes, Vitr. 6, 5, 4; met., pagina, Aug. ad Hier. 67, 2.

**limis**, see limus.

**limitāneus**, adj. of the frontier (see limen § 6), milites, Th. C. 7, 4, 30; 11, 59, 3; duces et milites, Lamp. Al. Sev. 58, 4; add Spart. Perc. Nic. 7, 7.

**limitāris**, e, adj. of a boundary, iter, Varr. 1, 5, 4, p. 31 Sp.

**limitatio**, ōnis, f. the marking out of boundaries, terrae uinealis, Colum. 3, 12, 1; add Frontin. lim. p. 32, 17 LR; Sic. Flac. p. 154, 17; 158, 11 etc.; but in Vitr. 10, 22, 10 p. 283, 22 Rose reads lineatione.

**limito**, are, vb. mark out limits (of land), the special business of agrimen-sores, uineas limitari decumano xviii pedum latitudinis... aliusque transuersis limitibus x pedum, Plin. 17, 169; 2. esp. divide land in colonies, non... si limitatus est ager, occupantis alius fiet, Ulp. 43, 12, 1, 7; in agris limitatis is allusionis locum non habere, Florent. 41, 1, 16; limitati agri, Frontin. p. 5, 5 LR; Hygin. 109, 11; 3. met. limit, limitata est pecunia quaestio, Varr. r. 2, 2, 1; ad defensionem... daum mensium tempora limitentur, Th. C. 4, 6, 3; causae ad x librum auri quantitate limitatae, Nov. 23, 3, 1.

**limitrophus** (for limito-trophus, fm. limes and *τρεφω*), adj. for the support of the frontier-guards, fundi, Th. C. 11, 59, 3 and 5, 13, 38.

**limma**, ātis, n. a semitone, Mart. cap. 1, 6 G, p. 6, 21 Eyss.; *λίμμα*, Macr. somn. Sc. 2, 1, 23.

**limnestis**, idis, a plant, same as centaurea maior, Apul. herb. 34.

**limnicē**, ēs, f. the plant gladiolus, Apul. herb. 78.

**limō**, adv. see limus.

1 **limo**, āre, vb. file, gemmas, Plin. 36, 54; arbore excauat limente cornu elephantī, 18, 2; add 8, 71;

2. heuce limatum plumbum, lead filings, Plin. 34, 168; limata scobs, sawdust, 34, 170; 3. met., cum (aliquo) caput limare, Pl. Merc. 3, 1, 39; Poen. 1, 2, 79; add Bac.; Liv. Andr.; Caeil.; Turpil., all ap. Non. 334, of lovers;

4. other met. file away, tautum alteri adinixit, de altero limauit ut..., Cie. or. 3, 36; de tua proluxa natura limauit aliquid posterior annus, fam. 3, 8, 8; 5. met. polish, te...nostro hominum urbanitate limatum, Cie. N. D. 2, 74; stilo qui hoc maxime ornat ac limat, or. 3, 190; neque haec ita dico, ut ars aliquis (al. aliquid) limare non possit, 1, 115; 6. file by way of testing metals, so as to distinguish the gilt and plated from solid gold and silver; hence gen. test, put to the proof, examine closely, veritas ipsa limatur in disputatione, Cie. off. 2, 35; si mendacium subtiliter limasset, non emerisset domum, Phaedr. 3, 10, 49; quae tuae cognitionis limant examen, Th. C. 13, 5, 32; 7. limatus, as adj. polished, refined, Lomo oratione maxime l. atque subtilis, Cie. or. 1, 180; limatus dicendi genus, Brut. 93; fuerit limatur, Hor. s. 1, 10, 65; limatoris ingenii, Plin. ep. 1, 20, 21; Th. C. 1, 1, 5.

2 **limo**, āre, vb. make muddy, A. cum illic nunquam limauit caput. M. Curram igitur...ad lacum: limum petam. A. Quid eo opust? M. Ego dicam, ut illic(ee) et tibi limem caput, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 81; the word invented for the joke.

3 **limo**, ūnis, m. (*Acquar*) meadow—name of a lost book written by Cicero, Suet. tit. Ter. 5; 2. a cognomen, C. Apronius Limio, Ascen. in Cie. Senec.

**limo-cinctus**, adj. as sb. m. a certain priestly officer who attended on a magistrate, as girl with an apron (linus), Honori M. Gaud. M. f. l. apparitoris et limocincti tribunalis eius, inscr. Or. 3219.

**limōnia**, (*Acquarvius*) adj. f. as sb. a meadow-plant, Plin. 22, 86.

**limōsus**, adj. muddy, iuncus, Verg. B. 1, 49; Ov. tr. 4, 1, 7; rini, Cels. 2, 21; radix, Plin. 27, 34; 2. absol., limosa, muddy ground, prima nascitur in limosis, Plin. 9, 142.

**limpido**, āre, vb. make limpid or clear, (oculum), Verg. net. 3, 18, 1; uulnera, 6, 28, 3; humores, Maec. earn. 2, 5.

**limpidus** (a variety of liquidus), adj. clear, transparent, limpid, laeus, Catul. 4, 24; nox, Plin. 34, 177; alumen, 35, 184; chrysolitū, 37, 126; limpidior aqua, Vitr. 8, 7, 15; unum quam limpidissimum (al. liquid.), Colum. 12, 28, 3; 2. adv. limpidius, met. more clearly, Aug. princ. rhet. P. 328 Capp.

**limpidus** an ill-formed word in Plin. 32, 154 wh. Siliig has latitudo.

**limula**, ae, f. dim. a little file, Perpolite quam potestis crebriore limula, Ter. Maur. de syl. 6.

**limulus**, adj. dim. somewhat slanting, Viden limulus obscuro ut (te) intuentur, Pl. Bac. 5, 2, 11 (oculis und.).

1 **limus** or limis, e (from lig of ligo; cf. for suff. al-mus, for loss of g before m, limen, examen, flamma, containare; a packet tied has the string across the narrower part, i.e. the breadth; see limbus, and limus 2), adj. cross, transverse, a limo, id est, antiquo verbo transuersi, Hygin. de lim. p. 167, 17 LR; transuersa omnia antiqui lima dicebant, Isid. rat. lim. p. 366, 15; limis obliquus, id est transuersus, Paul. ex F. p. 116; limum obliquum dicimus, Serv. ad A. 12, 120; 2. slanting, oblique, climatae (a variety of earthquakes) limes mētes et obliqui urbes complanant, Amm. 17, 7, 13; 3. hence of gods, quis est qui credat esse deos curatores obliquitatum Limos? Arnob. 4, 9; 11 4. gen. of the eye, looking askance, limis subisist oculis, Ov. am. 3, 1, 33; nec limis intuentur oculis (leones), Plin. 8, 52; oculi truces...transuersi limi, 11, 145; oculi natantes...aut limi et ut sic dicam neneri (cf. nect ex.), Quint. 11, 3, 76; ad me conuersa limis et morsicantibus oculis, Apul. M. 2, 10; add Amm. 20, 9, 2; 5. limus and limis, absol.

the same, aspice tu (so T H K; aspicio, add.; aspice or aspice, mss) limis (so add.; mss limis oculis, agst. metre), ne ille nos se sentiat uidere, Pl. Mil. 4, 6, 2; ego limis spectro Sic per dabellum (over the faw) clanculum, Ter. Eun. 3, 5, 53 (in both of wh. limis is best treated as a nom.; but some suppose oculis understood, cf. Donatus); Neque potest respiciens neque ante prospiciens sed limas intra limas culinae, Varr. ap. Non. 443, 3 and 133, 31; 6. limo, adv., nunquam limo uidet (leones), Solin. 27, 20.

2 **limus**, i, m. or limum, i, n. [for lignus, and so from ligo, says Doed. 2, 36; see also below] the apron (of a sacrificing priest)—comp. our bishop's apron—Velati limo et uerbena tempora cincti, Verg. 12, 120, wh. Verr.; uestis qua ab umbilico usque ad pedes teguntur pudenda populum...; Habet purpuram linam, i.e. flexuosam; limites appellati transuersi a limo, a quo dicunt limum cinctum quod purpuram transuersam habent, Frontin. lim. 2, p. 29, l. 15 Lachm.; add Hygin. lim. p. 167, l. 18; licio transuerso quod limum appellatur, qui magistratibus praeministrant, cincti cirtu, Airo ap. Gell. 12, 3, 3; see limocinctus.

3 **limus**, i, (perh. from limo, as Doederlein says) m. mud, curram...ad lacum: limum petam, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 80; luta (clay) et limum adgerabat, Cie. ap. Non. 212, 16; omnis mundi quasi limus in immo confluit grauis, Lucr. 5, 496; obducto late tenet omnia limo, Verg. G. 1, 116; add 2, 188; limo turbatam...aquam, Hor. s. 1, 1, 59; add 2, 4, 80; limumque tenent in flumine relictum, Ov. M. 1, 347; add 1, 424; frumeti acerosi illitos limo, Liv. 2, 5, 4; add 31, 37, 8; 2. of clay, Fertur Prometheus addere principi limo coactus... Hor. od. 1, 16, 14; Ridet et ipse deus limumque inducere monstrat: Hic parit monitis et linit ora luto, Ov. F. 3, 759; 3. slime of intestines, l. dysentericae passionis, Pall. 3, 31, 2; 4. met., l. malorum, Ov. Pont. 4, 2, 19.

**linabrum** and lināmen, see linarius, ex. 3.

**linamentum**, i, n. linen rag or rather lint, in aeneam (euebitam) linamentum ardens conicitur ac sic os eius corpori aptatur, Cels. 2, 11; imponere l. molle et super linteolum lilitum uelle, 7, 30, 1; 2. the wick of a lamp, admodum naribus extinctum ex lucerna l., Cels. 4, 27 (20), 1; add Veg. ut. 3, 56; 3. in pl. lint, sicis linamentis uulnus implendum est, Cels. 5, 26, 21; add §§ 29 and 36; linamentis oleo imbutis, Colum. 6, 11; add 6, 12, 2; delphini adipē linamenta acensā excitant uoluae strangulatū oppressas, Plin. 32, 129; add Veg. ut. 4, 8, 1.

**linarius**, adj. of flax; hence as sb. m. linarius, sb. f. linaria, a dealer in flax or linen, Pl. Aul. 3, 5, 34; C. Cassius Sopater linarius sibi et Cassiae C. l. linariae, inscr. Or. 4214; 2. linum, linaria, linabrum, linamen, linamentum, not. Tir.

**linctor**, ἄτης, Gloss. Philox.

**linctus**, ūs, m. licking, nectaris, Lucr. 6, 971 (a ej. of Lachm. for tinctus); Plin. 31, 104; 36, 133 and perh. 35, 177 (al. linctum, part.).

**linea**, or linia\*, adj. f. as sb. (se. regula) a string of flax, linum unum spartum unde nectas...lineas restes funes, Varr. r. 1, 23, 6; (gallina) emissā ligato pede longa linea custodiatur, Colum. 8, 11, 15; ut marem (mugilem) linia\* longinqua per os ad branchias religata emissum in mare eademque linia\* retractum feminae sequantur ad litus, Plin. 9, 59; 2. of a necklace, eum uxorī margaritas dedisset casque...perforasset ut pertusis in linea ueretur, Ulp. dig. 9, 2, 27, 30; lineas duas ex margaritis, Seae. 34, 2, 40, 2; add 35, 2, 26; linea diues, Mart. 9, 78, 7; 3. a fishing line, Tremulae captum linia trahit piscem, Mart. 3, 58, 27; and met., Non ego ille exemplo irem ostendam; sensim mittam lineam, Pl. Most. 5, 1, 22; cf. Eng. give him line enough; 4. a line as used by builders, gardeners etc., chalked for marking a line or not, columnas neque rectas neque e regione collocarat...aliquando perpendiculari et linea disceit uti, Cie. Q. fr. 3, 1, 2; aequaliter mouenda linea est, obtinendūque ut eadem latitudo in imo reddatur quae coepit esse in summo, Colum. 3, 13, 10; add 3, 15, 1; uti linea...omnia cacumina angulosque tangat, Vitr. 5, 3-4; add Pall. 3, 9, 10; 5. esp. in the form ad lineam, a. l. palo grana linā demittito, Cato r. 161, 1; ferri deorsum a. l.,

Cic. fin. 1, 18; uti longitudes a. l. exigantur, Vitr. 7, 3, 5; 6. other uses, as to frighten game, cum ferarum greges linea pinnis distincta contineat et illi insidias agat, dicta formido, Sen. dial. 4, 11, 5; Picta rubenti linea penna Vano cludat terrore feras, Sen. Phaedr. 50; add Grat. cyneg. 27 and 83; Nemes. 303; ut in plagis lineae\* offensae praecipitant in sinum, Plin. 11, 82 (of a spider's web); 7. alba linea in Lucil. ap. Non. 282, 17 and 405, 15; and in Gell. praef. 11 seems to signify sine discrimine, but how is uncertain, esp. as both passages seem corrupt; 8. alba linea, a chalked line to mark the opening and close of a racecourse, Cassiod. nar. ep. 3, 51; met., mors ultima lineae rerum est, Hor. ep. 1, 16, 79; cf. calcem suo usque in Cic. Tusc. 1, 15; sen. 83; cf. also a drawing of a mosaic picture in Rich's Companion; 11. 9. a line, linea est longitudo quaedam sine latitudine et altitudine, Varr. ap. Gell. 1, 20, 8; quinta dum linea tangitur umbra, Pers. 3, 40 (of the sun-dial); non esset pictura nisi quae lineas modo extremas, circumsciberet, Quint. 10, 2, 7; lineam\* ex colore duxit summae tenuitatis, Plin. 35, 81; 10. hence of sketching met., quia primas modo lineas duxisset, Quint. 2, 6, 2; ut velut primis lineis desingerent, 4, 2, 120; add Gell. 17, 20, 8; 11. of the features, adulti venustissimis lineis, Arnob. 5, p. 179; 12. a line dividing the seats in the circus, cogit nos linea iungi: Haec in lege loci commoda circus habet, Ov. am. 3, 2, 19; adversus hoc faciemus (i.e. transeuntem in subsellia) lineas poposcit, Quint. 11, 3, 133; see drawing from amphitheatres in Rich's Companion; 13. a line as marking a limit not to be passed, peccare est tamquam transire lineas, Cic. parad. 20; cum poetae transilire lineas impune possint, Varr. l. 9, 1; 14. certe extrema linea Amare haut nihil est, Ter. Eun. 4, 2, 12; Donatus explains ex. l. as = ex longinquo.

**lineālis**, s. adj. of a line, and so marked by a line, ambitus (as marked by lines), Aem. 22, 16, 7; 2. linealiter, Mart. Cap. 8, § 280 G, p. 308, 9 Eyss.

**lineamentum** (or rather liniam\*), i. n. a line, liniam-mentum\* (so Halm v. best ass) sine latitudine, Cic. acad. pr. 116; in geometria lineamentum, formae interualla, or. 1, 187; add Petron. 79; 2. lineamenta, pl. lines of a painting or sculpture, and so of the human face, features, contemnere signum quod cum multo magis lineamenta hospitae delectabant, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 89; tu operum lineamenta solertissime perspicis? 2, 4, 98; quae compositio membrorum, quae conformatio liniametorum\* (so Baier), N. D. 1, 47; add 1, 75\*; oris l., dim. 1, 23; eundem habitum oris lineamentaque, Liv. 21, 4, 2; add 26, 41, 24 (said to be spur. but?); and met., animi liniamenta sunt pulchriora quam corporis, Cic. fin. 3, 75; 3. also met., numerus quasi extrema lineamenta orationi attulit—the last touches to complete the picture, orat. 186; nihil (Catonis) lineamentis nisi eorum pigmentorum quae inuenta nouum erant colorem defuisse, Cic. Brut. 298.

**lineāris** (or liniaris\*), s. adj. of a line or lines, linear, picturam liniare\*—drawing in outline—Plin. 35, 15; l. ratio—geometry—Quint. 1, 10, 36; probationes—geometrical—1, 10, 49; rigor, Frontin. contr. agr. p. 41, 8 L.R.

**lineārius**, adj. the same, limites, Hygin. 168, 10 L.R.; rigores, 206, 14.

**lineatio** or liniatio, ōnis, f. drawing a line, a line, Vitr. 9, 4, 13; p. 223, 2 R.; 10, 22, 10, p. 283, 22; Firm. Math. 1, 4.

**lineo** or linio\*, āre, vb. mark with a line (for sawing), materiam, Cato r. 14, 3; 2. adjust accurately, ubi probus est architectus bene liniatum\* (so ass) si semel caruam conlocavit, Facile sse namque facere, Pl. Mil. 3, 3, 42; met., inuenies—well set up—Hier. ep. 127, 6; 3. extend in a right line, si radii per mundum...uagarentur, neque...linearentur (al. liniar.), Vitr. 9, 4, 3, p. 223, 5 R.

**lineola** or liniola, ae, f. dim. a little line, tribus liniolis (so Hertz), Gell. 10, 1, 9.

**lineus**, or linius\*, adj. of flax, flaxen, vincula, Verg. 5, 10; terga, 10, 784; lineas nectis, Plin. 12, 25; linia\* languine, 32, 126; linio\* panno, 29, 114; cf. linteus.

**lingo** (=λεγω), lingēre, linctus (?) mel mihi uideor lingere, Pl. Cas. 2, 8, 21; crepidas lingere carpatinas, Catul.

98, 4; add Plin. 31, 105; and perh. linctum, 35, 177; Mart. 1, 84, 1 etc.

**lingua**, (lingo, and = γλῶσσα; old form dingua = E. tongue) ae, f. tongue, Oeclesiasticus: nihil est quod respondet, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 151; lingua haeret metu, Ter. Eun. 5, 5, 7; in ore ista lingua est finita dentibus, Cic. N. D. 2, 149; aliud clausum in pectore, aliud in lingua promptum habere, Sal. Cat. 10, 5; uenalem linguam habentes, Liv. 45, 10, 11; 3. language, tongue, Latinam linguam, Cic. fin. 1, 10; ipsorum lingua Celtae adpellantur, Caes. b. g. 1, 1, 1; 5. met., linguae uolucrum, Verg. 3, 361; 10, 177; Sculptaque seruant magica animalia linguas (of hieroglyphies), Lucan. 3, 224; 11. 4. met. of plants, hypoglossa folia habet spinosa et in bis ceu linguas, Plin. 27, 93; add 25, 161; 5. hence l. bibula = βιβλίσκος, a boraginous plant, Cato r. 40, 4; quoted by Plin. 17, 112; 6. l. canina, Cels. 5, 27, 13; Apul. herb. 96; 7. absol. lingua, a plant, Plin. 24, 170; 111. 8. other met. as a tongue of land, — id promontorium cuius lingua in altum proicit, Pacuv. ap. Gell. 4, 17, 15; l. in altum mille passus excurrentis, Liv. 37, 31, 9; add 44, 11, 3; l. promontorii genus non excellentis, Paul. ex F. 121; but in Caes. b. g. 3, 12, 1 lingulis, not linguis; in Ov. M. 13, 724 merkel bas pinnis; 9. a wedge or thin end of a crowbar, Vitr. 10, 8, 2; 10. in Plin. 16, 119 lingulis or linguis.

**linguārium**, adj. n. as sb. (sc. argentum) tongue-money, Sen. ben. 4, 36, 1.

**linguātus**, quasi-part. betongued (so to say), ciuitas, Tertul. anim. 3.

**linguax**, ācis, adj. obsolete, loquacious, talkative, Gell. 1, 15, 20 (al. lingualas).

**lingula**, see lingua.

**lingulāca** (cf. for suff. portulaca, porcilaca, scandulaca), ae, f. dim. the plant hartstongue, Plin. 25, 133; 2. a kind of fish, St. emitto sepiolas...Ol. Vin lingulacas? St. Quid opus, quando uxor domi est? Ea lingulacas est nobis, nam nunquam tacet, Pl. Cas. 2, 8, 61; add Varr. l. 5, 12; Paul. ex F. 117; 3. met. a chatterbox, see Plant. and Fest. of § 2; Varr. ap. Non. 25, 18, and perh. Gell. 1, 15, 20.

**lingulātus**, quasi-part. formed like a tongue, tubuli (sloped off so as to fit into each other), Vitr. 8, 7, 8; calcei, w. lappets, Isid. orig. 19, 34.

**lingulus**, adj. dim. Aliax, poet. min. Wernsd. 2, 237.

**linguōsus**, adj. talkative, wordy, Petron. 43 and 63; Hier. ep. 108, 20; Aug. conf. 1, 9; Cassiod. nar. 4, 51.

**linia** etc., see linea.

**liniātūra**, (linitura?) χροσ, Gloss. Philox.

**linifer**, adj. flax-bearing, Siluano...linifero, inscr. Or. 1614.

**liniger**, adj. flax-wearing, dressed in linen, as Isis and her worshippers, Isis, Ov. Pont. 1, 1, 51; turba, M. 1, 747; inuenca, a. a. 1, 77; grex, Iuv. 6, 532.

**linimen**, inis, n. an ointment or liniment, Theod. Prisc. 1, 18.

**linimentum**, i, n. the same, dolii, Pall. 11, 14, 16; add Theod. Prisc. 1, 21; but in Petron. 79 linimenta; Cels. seems not to have the word.

**linio**, ire, linitus, vb. smear, anoint, caput et spina tepentia linuntur (so Schneider here agat, his habit), Colum. 6, 30, 3; aures canum anavis nucibus contritis liniendae sunt (so again Schu.), 7, 13, 1; linio capite, Plin. 29, 111 (so Sillig); in 17, 265 Sillig w. a has lini (liniri d); in Vitr. 7, 3, 11 Rose has linuntur; uas linitus, Pall. 3, 31, 1; in 4, 10, 29 Schn. has calcem alinunt; not linunt; but cf. alinio, circumlinio, ilinio, and oblinio.

**linitus**, ūis, m. smearing, anointing, buslinum praeualece contra serpentes potu et linuto (so Sillig with ass a d), Plin. 20, 118.

**lino**, linere, linui or leui, litum, [for ōl-lino, cf. ol-eum, ol-ina; for suffix in cf. pono (=pos-ino) sperno ceruio; see below] smear, anoint, grease, wax, ubi temperate tepuit (dolium), tum cummum addito, postea linito. Si recte linieris (al. leueris), in dolium quinquagenarium cummum p. m. satis erit, Cato r. 69, 2; certatim tenuia cera spiramenta linunt, Verg. G. 4, 39; Graeca quod ego ipse teta

Conditum leui, Hor. od. 1, 20, 3; carmina fingi Posse lienda eedro (cedar oil), A. P. 332; Omnia niperio spicula felle linunt, Ov. Pont. 1, 2, 18; dolia uel serpis crassa gummi linuerunt, Colum. 12, 50, 17; opercula...gypso linito, 12, 16, 4; eosque parietes marginesque omnes quae lita non erant caele harenato lita politique facito, CIL 577; Ardentes auro et paribus lita corpora guttis, Verg. G. 4, 99; Sintuē litae tenuis serpentis felle sagittae, Ov. Pont. 4, 9, 83; 2. smear out, blot out, quae plurima cerno Me quoque qui feci iudice digna lini, Ov. Pont. 1, 5, 15; 3. without notion of grease, coat, auro sublimia tecta linuntur, Ov. med. fac. 7; Et linit Ihesperium bractea ulia pecus, Mart. 9, 62, 4; in ceteris partibus euncta auro lita, Suet. Nero 31; 4. phrase: Polla tibi neutrum, non mihi labra linis, cheat, Mart. 3, 42, 2; cf. sublinere os; 5. lisse perh. for luisse, Spart. Hadr. 4, 5; 6. Prisc. 898 says: utestissimi lini in praeterito protulisse inueniunt, ut Varro r. r.: cum oblinuerunt usata; but prob. a mere error for what Varr. 3, 7, 7 has: cum se oblinuerunt usque; 7. the perfects leui, lini, point to vbs. ol-e and ol-i, cf. de-leo; and the part. litus is from the simpler vb. ol- for ol-litus; cf. situs cognitus agnitus, for -situs etc., the root appears as al in αλεφ-ω, as ad in ad-ep-s, as al in αλαω; and in still fuller form in Go. sal-b compared with αλεφ-, our salve; also cut down to an l in λ-π-α; see Massmann or Grimm; cf. also obliniscor and littora.

**linostēma**, ātis, n. a cloth of flax and wool, Isid. orig. 19, 22.

**linōstrōphōn**, i, adj. n. as sb. the Gr. name of mar-rubium, horehound, Plin. 20, 241.

**linozōstis**, is or idis, f. the plant mercury, Plin. 25, 38 and 39; 26, 121 and 150.

**linquo** (=λεπω, E. leave), ēre, liqui, vb. leave, Erum (long for emphasis) in opsitione linquet, inimicū animos auxerit, Pl. As. 2, 2, 13; Cur talem inuitam inuitum cogis linque? Enn. ap. Cornif. ad Her. 2, 38; Currum liquit, Pacuv. ap. Non. 87, 26; Gnatōs duos creauit: horunc alterum In terra liquit, CIL 1007; Interiecti et liquisti in maeroribus matrem, 1202; canis Hic liquit homines omnes in terrae pila, Varr. ap. Non. 333, 21; quod cum linguentem terram eam quam seruatur laeribus prosequi sunt, Cic. Plane, 26; fore ut in insula Lemno linque-retur, fat. 36; linguamque haec, or. 3, 38; linguamque naturam, 3, 179; Irrita uentosas linguens promissa pro-collat, Catul. 64, 59; Linque seuerā, Hor. od. 3, 8, 28; precibus non linguar inuitis, 1, 28, 33; et tuta limina linque fuga, Prop. 4, 9, 54; e Maeconia...quam ille linguens in insulam Samothraciam perfigit, Vell. 1, 9, 4; Padius, ubi liquit (liquit?) ubertatem, langtor, Plin. 3, 117; impubem filium domi liquerat, Tac. h. 3, 25; add am. 3, 40;

2. esp. of dying, lumen linque (liquit?), Pl. Cist. 3, 12; Quasi bipedes uolucres lino hincant limina? Naev. ap. Non. 6, 17; Luminia qui lincunt moribundi, Lucr. 3, 542; Linquebant dulcis animas, Verg. 3, 140; linquentes uitam...olores, Sil. 11, 440; linqueute spiritu...procrebuit, Curt. 6, 1, 15; 3. or fainting, w. animo or even absol., Linquor et ancillis excipienda cado, Ov. her. 2, 130; animo hincui...solebat, Suet. Caes. 45; 4. impers. or w. a clause for nom., Linquitor ut..., the only view left is that...; hence it follows that..., Lucr. 2, 914; 5, 795; uix cernere linquitor undas, Sil. 4, 628.

**linteāmen**, inis, n. a linen cloth, as a handkerchief etc., Lampr. Heliog. 26, 1; Apul. M. 11, 10; Th. C. 9, 12, 1.

**linteamentum**, linteum, nom. Tir. p. 158.

**linteārius**, (or linte-\*) adj. of linen cloth, negotiatio, business of a linen draper, Ulp. dig. 14, 4, 5, 15; uestis, Th. C. 10, 20, 6; 2. as sb. m. a linen draper, Donato qui (m)anet in Sebura (for Sebura) maiore...lintearius, inscr. Or. 8; memoriae Illiomari Apri lintearii\*, 6991; manibus Heburri lintearii, 4215; uestiarum uel lintearii, Ulp. 14, 3, 5, 4.

**linteātus**, quasi-part. clad in linen, legio, Liv. 10, 38, 12; senex, Sen. dial. 7, 26, 8.

**linteo** (or linteio\*), ōis, m. one who weaves linen cloth,

a weaver, Pl. Aul. 3, 5, 37; apud maiores stantes texebant ut hodie linteones, Serv. ad A. 7, 14; 2. a linen draper, ossa P. Postumii...lintonis\*, inscr. Or. Henz. 7239; linteones, purpurarii, Th. C. 7, 10, 47.

**linteolus**, adj. dim. of linen, palliolum, Prud. perist. 3, 180; 2. linteolum, i, as sb. n. a small linen cloth, caecium, Pl. Epid. 2, 2, 46; l. duplex madens uino et oleo, Cels. 8, 7, p. 340, 21 Dar.; add 5, 28, 3; 6, 6, 1, p. 226, 36; linteola oleo imbuta, Colum. 6, 16, 2; add Phn. 14, 106; 31, 96 and 100; Apul. M. 2, 30, 1.

**linter**, (older linter; this prob. from an obsolete λυντηρ; and that for λυντηρ, from λυνω wash—for suff. cf. κρηνη) tris, (rarely m.) f. lit. a washing tub, linter quod apud Graecos masc. est. δ λυντηρ (so G L; Hertz δ λυντηρ), apud nostros fem. est, Prisc. 1, 151, 19; 2. hence a sort of boat or vessel for grapes as gathered, luntres (so P) II, Cato r. 11, 5 (in the equipment of a vineyard); cauat arbore luntrem (so Eutych.; alii luntres) Ribb. w. best mss., Verg. G. 1, 262—wh. Serv.: linter (luntres) in quibus uia portatur;

3. a canoe or boat, iam in altum expulsa luntre (this, not luntre implied in luntre of D H), Liv. Andr. ap. Prisc. 1, 1; luntibus (implied in lustribus of E) in insulam materiem...conuexit, Cic. Mil. 74; conquirat luntres: has magno sonitu remorum in eandem partem mittit, Caes. b. g. 7, 60, 4; Ferte coronatē (al. coronatū) inuenum conuina luntres (inferred from luntres of e), Ov. F. 6, 771; Exiguus\* pulsa per uada linter aqua, Tib. 2, 5, 34; luntre (so Halm w. a good s) Ostiam petens, Val. M. 2, 4, 5; 4. luntres as nom., Sidon. ep. 5, 283; lembus luntis, nom. Tir. 178; 5. cf. Böheler Rh. Mus. 11, 297 whence much of this.

**linter-eus**, (linum, t exer.) adj. of flax, flaxen, linen, nestis, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 146; Plin. 19, 8; thorax, Liv. 4, 20, 7; tunicae, 9, 40, 3; fasciae, Cels. 5, 26, 24; 8, 10, 1, p. 345, 22 Dar.; 2. esp. linteī libri, containing the oldest writings of Rome, Liv. 4, 7, 12; 4, 20, 8; 9, 38, 6; Vopisc. Aur. 1, 7; 8, 1; Fronto ad M. Caes. 4, 4; II 3. linteum, i, as sb. n. a linen cloth, as a towel, napkin, handkerchief, linteum cape alique exterge tibi manus, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 110; add Curc. 4, 2, 22; ut tibi ceruicem fugam (wipe) linteo, Afran. ap. Isid. orig. 12, 6, 60; supparum, Nov. ap. Non. 540, 11; Cic. Rab. post. 40 in a corrupt pass.; Tollis linteum negli-gentum, Catul. 12, 4, explained in v. 14 by sudarium; Tarquinenses linteā in uela (polliciti), Liv. 28, 45, 15; folia...trita per linteum spissum, Plin. 21, 122; succus linteocolatus, 25, 164; iusserat se pungi in linteos, 35, 51;

4. esp. an apron, nudus quacrat linteum cinctus, Gai. 3, 192; ad pedes stare succinctis linteis, Suet. Cal. 26; 5. or a sail, dare linteā retro, Verg. 3, 686; Zephyri nemiant in linteā, Ov. am. 2, 11, 41; quo sidere linteā tendant, Lucil. Aetna 244; add Val. F. 4, 83; III 6. cloth of other material, circa fruticem lanugines esse linteaeque ea Indicis praestantiora, Plin. 12, 39.

**linteriarius**, see linterius.

**linteriārius**, (or linter-\*) adj. of linter under linter), adj. as sb. a keeper of boats, de exercitoribus ratium, imio linteriāriis\* (so Mommsen) nihil cauetur, Ulp. dig. 4, 9, 1, 4; add inscr. Or. 4245.

**linteric-alus** or rather linter, i, m. dim. a little boat, uel lunterculo (Med. has nellunt ridiculos), si nauis non erit eripiam me, Cic. Att. 10, 10, 5; for gen. cf. linter m.

**linteris**, see linter 4.

**linum**, (=λινον) i, n. flax, Vrit enim lini campum segēs, urit aenae, Verg. G. 1, 77; (linum) agris praecipue noxiū est, Colum. 2, 10, 17; cataplasma ex lini semine (linseed), Cels. 2, 33, 1; tunsum et in molliem lanae coactum, Plin. 19, 5; lino legato tam factum quam infectum continetur, Ulp. dig. 32, 70, 10; 2. anything made of flax, as a thread, Quid? Stilum ceram tabella linum. Iam faxo hic erunt, Pl. Bac. 4, 4, 64; Cedo tui ceram ac linum actutum: age oblixa, obsigna cito, 96; Per ceram et linum litterasque interpretes Salutem mittit, Ps. 1, 1, 40—where the thread binds the letter and is secured by sealed wax (so in 1, 1, 45 read pro lincan salute); ostendimus Cethego signum: cognouit: nos innum incidimus, Cic. Cat. 3, 10; aduersus fal-sarios repertum ne tabulae nisi pertusae ac ter lino per

foramina traiecit obsignarentur, Suet. Nero 17; tabulas proprio lino propriaque cera consignamus, Gai. 2, 181; incisio lino et recognito testamento, Scaev. dig. 34, 3, 28, 1; Ulp. 29, 5, 3, 23; add Paul. rec. sent. 5, 25; 3. in surgical use, Cels. 7, 4, 4, 7; 14, p. 291, 12 Dar.; 4. a fishing-line, moderatim arundine linum, Ov. M. 13, 923; Vim spinæ monitæ suæ nersoque supinus Corpore lina secat fixumque intercipit hamum (viz. the fish anthesis), hal. 48; 5. of nets for fishing, pelagique alius trahit umida lina, Verg. G. 1, 142; Festa dis illis qui lina maledicta ducunt, Ov. F. 6, 239; add M. 13, 931; Iuv. 5, 102; Plin. 19, 10 and 11; and even the sing. cymbæ linaque magister, Iuv. 4, 45; 6. of nets for catching beasts or birds, transibat lina plagarium, Ov. M. 7, 768; lina nodosa, 3, 153; 7, 807; 7. of a linen cloth, (uina) lino utiata (in straining), Hor. s. 2, 4, 54; lino celantibus ulum...Incubere toris, Ov. F. 5, 519; but in Verg. 12, 120 uelati lino is now read; 8. of breastplates and helmets, Tempora multiplicit mos est defendere bno Et lino munire latius, Sil. 3, 271; fugit illa per oras Multiplicis lini, 4, 293; add 5, 588; Plin. 19, 12.

**līnyfārius**, (līnyfus) adj. as sb. m. weaver, corpus līnyfariū sine līnyfariūm, Th. C. 10, 20, 16.

**līnyſſo** (or -isso), ōnis, m. the same, alii utrum confiant, alii līnyſſones, Hadr. ap. Vopisc. Saturn. 8, 6.

**līnyſus**, (λινυφος from ἵψω, weave) adj. as sb. the same, Th. C. 10, 20, 8.

**līo**, (λειωω) ōis, vb. make smooth, Apic. 179; 186 (bis); 196; 197; 208; Tertul. idol. 5.

**līpāræ**, (λιπαρὸς) f. pl., adj. as sb. mild oily plasters, Plin. 23, 162; 33, 105 and 110; 34, 174; 2. in Gr. Cels. 5, 19, 25.

**līpo** or **līpio**, vb. of the note of a kite, carn. Phil. 24.

**līppidus**, γλαυδῶς, Gloss.

**Lippinus**, a cognomen, P. Sextius Lippinus, inscr. Mar. 1498, 9.

**līppio**, ōis, vb. be bear-eyed, cum leniter lippiem, has litteras dedi, Cic. Att. 7, 14, 1; calor adnuat lippientes, Plin. 1, 9, p. 25, 29 Dar.; add 6, 6, 1, p. 226, 25; lippiant ab afflato (septionibus), Plin. 18, 330 (of sheep); add 28, 44; ne omnino lippiant, 28, 94; lippiturs, 29, 128; 27, 105; 2. met., lippiant facies fame, Pl. Curc. 2, 3, 29.

**līppitūdō**, ōnis, f. running of mucus from the eye, Pl. Rud. 3, 2, 18; Poen. 1, 2, 182; Cic. Tusc. 4, 81; Att. 8, 12, 1; Cels. 6, 6, 1; 6, 6, 26; Min. 28, 56; 2. l. arida, wh. the eyes are only red, Cels. 6, 6, 29.

**līppulus**, adj. dim. bear-eyed, Arnob. 7, 34.

**līppus**, (akin to λημν, humour in the eyes, and so to γλαυρ, γλαυρος and L. grāmia; prob. also to cōlo, and Fr. couler) adj. bear-eyed, Cubare in naui lippam atque oculis turgidis, Pl. Mil. 4, 3, 15; add 2, 3, 21; Pers. 1, 1, 11; Bae. 4, 8, 72; Hic oculis ego nigra meis collaria lippus Ilbhare, Hor. s. 1, 5, 30; add ep. 1, 1, 29; fuligine lippus, Iuv. 10, 130; 2. met., Cum tua perniciēs (overlook, fail to see) oculis male lippus inuictis, Hor. s. 1, 3, 25; lippa fūcis, Mart. 7, 20, 12, the juice escaping from over-ripeness.

**līquāb-ilis**, e, adj. capable of melting, cara, Apul. mag. 30; saxum (of the pillar of salt), Prud. hamart. 744.

**līquāmen**, ōnis, n. a liquid mixture, dulcia, Colum. 9, 14, 17; adipis, 6, 2, 7; l. de peris, Pall. 3, 25, 12; 2. esp. a fish sauce, like anchovy, perih. garum, liquaminis optimi heminam, Veg. vet. 5, 67, 4; de liquamine emendando, Apic. 7; add 31, 35; 36 etc.

**līquāmentum**, i, n. a liquid condition, adiectio passi et aquae illius copia praestat l. Veg. vet. 5, 65, 3.

**līquāmināris**, γαρσινῶς, Gloss. Philox.

**līquāminātum**, quasi-part. n. as sb. essence of the sauce liquamen, Apic. 373 (see Schuch. who compares for suffix laseratum, piperatum etc.).

**līquāminſeus**, adj. full of the sauce liquamen, res, Marc. Emp. 5 f.

**līquātio**, ōnis, f. melting, Vopisc. Aurel. 46, 1.

**līquātōrium**, ii, adj. n. as sb. a strainer, Cacl. Aur. auct. 2, 39, 229.

**līquēfācio**, fēci, factus, fācere, vb. trans. melt, legum aera liquefacta, Cic. Cat. 3, 19; add N. D. 2, 26; Omentum

in flamma pingue liquefactis, Catul. 90, 6; add Plin. 21, 84; 28, 144; 2. met., noliuptatibus, Cic. Tusc. 5, 16; add Sil. 11, 417; 3. for qty note: liquefactaque uolueret saxa, Verg. G. 1, 473; add w. the same qty, 4, 36 and 555; A. 3, 576; 9, 588; Ov. M. 13, 830; but medullis labe liquefactis, 9, 175; Tura liquefactum, 7, 160; so qty varies in Sil.: Pieria liquefacta lyra, 11, 417; but: Ossā liquefactis..., 1, 178.

**līquēſſio**, ōri, factus, vb. be melted, (adipem) liquefieri iubent, Plin. 28, 144; saxa liquefieri, Gell. 17, 10, 19 (from A. 3, 576); 2. met., Sic mea perpetuis liquifunt pectora curis, Ov. Pont. 1, 2, 57; see liquefactio.

**liqueo**, see lique.

**liqueſco**, ēre, vb. melt, ut cera liquescit, Verg. B. 8, 80; add A. 8, 446; tabem liquescens niuis, Liv. 21, 36, 6; traditur in ore liqueſcere, Plin. 37, 162; 2. met., mens mihi...De niue manantis more liqueſcit aquae, Ov. Pont. 1, 1, 67; add M. 7, 550; Ib. 425; uoluptate liqueſcimus, Cic. Tusc. 2, 52; 3. become clear (of water), aqua paulatim liqueſcit, bell. Alex. 5, 1; 4. of the liquids, l m n r, Val. Prob. 1, 1389 P.

**liqueſet**, (see lingo) ēre, lenit, vb. impers. it is clear, it is distinct, in use only of ideas, Nunc liqueſet nunc deficiat, Pl. Ps. 2, 4, 70; (see liquidus 1 § 3); Sicut ego edeciam quae facta hic turbauimus Profecto ut liqueſcant omnia et tranquilla ſint, Most. 2, 1, 70; Illum liqueſt mihi deierare his mensibus Sex septem prorsus non uidisse proximis, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 40; Protagoras qui sese negat omnino de dei habere quod liqueſt, Cic. N. D. 1, 29; ne Protagoram quidem cui neutrum liceret nec esse deos nec non esse, 1, 117; Dissimulare uelis, te liqueſt esse meum, Or. tr. 1, 1, 62; mirabatur id cuiquam pro percipio liqueſc..., Gell. 14, 1, 11; 2. non liqueſt, not proven, as the verdict of a jury, homines sapientes qui neque absolueret hominem nocentissimum possent, neque eum condemnare uellent, non liqueſt dererent, Cic. Clu. 76; their vote was given in the letters N. L., see Ascon. ad Verr. 2, 1, 9; 3. out of legal sphere, iurari mihi non liqueſt atque ita iudicatu illo solutus sum, Gell. 14, 2, 25; see liquor vb.

**liquiditas**, ātis, f. clearness, perfect transparency, aeris, Apul. numid. 1.

**liquidus-cūlus**, adj. comp. dim. clearer, brighter, met., Liquidusculusque ero quam uentus est Faunius, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 70.

**liquidus**, adj. [Liquo, liquor] clear, bright (of liquids) per aestatem bones aquam liquidam bibant semper curato, Cato r. 73; liquidis immisi fontibus apros, Verg. B. 2, 59; Falernum, Hor. ep. 1, 14, 34; l. merum (opp. to turbida Caecuba), Mart. 12, 60b, 2—so Don. ad Andr. 4, 3, 14; quae sunt pura et defaecata liquida sunt; curandum est ut cum diffundis liquidum et sine faece diffundas, Colum. 12, 38, 4; 2. of the sky, Praeterea modo cum fuerit liquidissima caeli Tempestas perquam subito fit turbida foede, Lucr. 4, 168; ubi...Nare per aestatem liquidam suspexerit agmen, Verg. G. 4, 409; add 1, 404; liquida si quando nocte cometas Sanguinei lugubre rubent, A. 10, 272; 3. bright (as fire or light), Inde loci liquida pilatasque aetheris oras, Emm. s. 3 V; Largus item liquidis ignis luminis aetheris sol, Lucr. 5, 281; Et liquidi simul ignis, Verg. B. 6, 33; liquidum trans aethera ueniet, A. 7, 65; 4. of sound, Frigios (so mss LW, not Phrygijs) per ossa cornus liquida canit anima, Varr. s. p. 132, 7 R; liquidis loca uocibus opplet, Lucr. 2, 146; add 4, 981; Verg. G. 1, 410; Hor. od. 1, 24, 3; 5. met., Tam liquidumſt (so mss) quam liquida 'sse tempestas solet, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 64; homo, 3, 2, 65; animus, Epid. 5, 1, 36; auspicius, Ps. 2, 4, 72; mens, Catul. 63, 46; fides, Ov. Pont. 1, 9, 10; Val. M. 6, 5, 1; oratio, Cic. Brut. 274; genus sermonis, or. 2, 159; noliuptas (unclouded by pain), fin. 1, 58; Lucr. 3, 40; somnus (undisturbed), Val. F. 4, 16; 6. ad liquidum, to a clear condition (of ideas), Liv. 35, 8, 7; esp. with perducere, Vell. 1, 16, 1; Quint. 5, 14, 28; Curt. 9, 2, 14; redigetur, Sen. ep. 71, 32; 7. liquidum as a cogn. acc. or adv., l. cantat, Ov. am. 1, 13, 8; l. caunat, Calp. eel. 4, 150;

8. liquido, adv. clearly, distinctly, Quia si forte opus sit ad erum iurato (so Bent., mss iurandum) mihi, non adposisse

ut liquida possim, Ter. Andr. 4, 3, 14; l. dicere, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 136; Ov. Pont. 3, 3, 49; negare, Cic. fam. 11, 27, 7; discernere, Liv. 39, 47, 3; iurare, Sen. ben. 7, 9, 5; liquidus iudicavi, Cic. fam. 10, 10, 1; liquidus audiunt talpae, Plin. 10, 191; liquidissime, Aug. ep. 28 f.;

9. *liquide* seems not to occur; 10. *lupidus* and *lucidus* merely other forms; 11. *liquid*, Crassaque conueniant liquidis et liquida crassiss, Lucr. 4, 1259; liquidum molem camposque natantis (of the sea), G. 405; Et liquidum (sc. fulmen) puncto facit aes in tempore et aurum, G. 230; ...Esse magis, fluidum quae corpore liquida constant, 2, 452; Vncus adde liquidumque plumbum, Hor. od. 1, 35, 20; nunc rigentia gelu flumina nunc liquida, Plin. pan. 82; alius liquida, Cels. 2, 6; 12. in gram., liquid or of varying quantity in metre, uocales apud Latinos omnes sunt aenepites uel liquidae, hoc est quae facile modo produci modo corripri possunt, Prisc. 1, 9, 30 K; sunt etiam in consonantibus aenepites uel liquidae ut l r ...; his quidam addunt non irrationaliter m et n quia ipsae quocumque communis faciunt syllabas post mutam positae, 1, 10, 4; add Char. 8, 6; Diom. 423, 2; Cled. 27, 32; 28, 10 etc.;

13. *liquidum*, as sb. n. liquid, water, Vt tibi si sit opus liquidi non amplius urna, Hor. s. 1, 1, 54; cum liquido mixta perferit diua poleuta, Ov. M. 4, 454.

**Liquiritia**, ae, (γλυκύριζα, sweet root) f. liquorice (the same word), Veg. vet. 6, 9, 6 (wh. Schn. glycyrrhizae); Theod. Prisc. dialecta 9.

**Liquis**, e, adj. oblique? summitas, agrim. 100, 2; 414, 20 L. R.

**Liquo**, (perh. decap. fm. col-ico, and that a freq. of colo) are, vb. strain, sapias, uinā liques, Hor. od. 1, 11, 6; saccus quo uinum liquatur, Colum. 9, 15, 12; per eorum liquidum succum, 12, 38, 7; 3. melt, dissolve, make liquid, liquari non potest in aqua, oleo dissoluitur, Plin. 22, 48; (nitrum) continuis formacibus liquatur, 36, 193; add 36, 63; pila liquantur, Lucan. 7, 158; (a lozenge) sub lingua liquatur, Cels. 4, 3, 131, 19 Dar.; neutrum liquare (open) dato lacte, 4, 19, p. 145, 14 Dar.; adipem liquidam, 4, 22, p. 148, 14.

1. *liquor*, (see *liquo*) i. vb. r. be transparent, clear, bright—only in part, liquens, as adj., aut cum liquentia mella, Var. 1, 436; Quales aëriae liquentia flumina circum...quercus, 9, 679; et uina liquantia fundam, 5, 238; flumini quae liquentem, G. 4, 442; 2. met., fidei perbe liquensque, Gell. 18, 5, 11; 3. *liquor*, met. orbem flammæ Radiatum solis liquor cursu nouo, Acc. ap. Cic. din. 1, 44; causas quae uim habeant concedens liquendi, Cic. Tim. 14; cum montibus umor Liquitur, Verg. G. 1, 44; atro liquantur (so Wagner; Ribb. liquantur) sanguine guttae, A. 3, 28; and so G. 2, 187; sudor Liquitur, A. 9, 813; ut fraces et amurea liquantur (so a; liquantur Sillig with d), Plin. 15, 22; add Stat. Th. 5, 619; 4. met., licores foras labitur liquatur, Pl. Trin. 2, 1, 16; liquatur aetas, Lucr. 2, 1132; 5. liquens, as adj. liquid, lac liquentium (rerum) maxime alibile, Varr. r. 2, 11, 1; camposque liquentes (the sea), Verg. 6, 724; 6. *liquentia*, as sb. n. pl. liquids, Nec speciem mutare suam liquentia cessant, Lucr. 4, 141; 7. for varying qty of liquor sb., liquidus; some refer liquens as adj. to liquet.

2. *liquor*, gris, m. fluidity (hoc)ipse liquor aquae declarat, Cic. N. D. 2, 26; calor ignis, liquor\* aquai, Lucr. 1, 453; lapis, cuius uonica aeterni liquoris argentum uinum appellatur, Plin. 33, 99; but for Cic. Tim. 14, see liquor vb.; 2. a fluid, liquid, inuergere in me liquores tuos, Pl. Cure. 1, 2, 15; liquores perluceos amnium, Cic. N. D. 2, 98; nino spumato liquore, 1, 13; mellis, Lucr. 1, 938; amaraeni, 2, 547; liquor ouorum albus, Colum. 6, 38, 2; Rursus abundabat fluidus liquor omniaque in se... Verg. 3, 884; medius l., Hor. od. 3, 46 (of the sea); 3. for qty note the one ex. of a long i marked \*.

**lira** or *lera* (perh. from a lost vb. = S. likh, scratch; cf. lima, litera), ae, f. a broad ridge (as formed in ploughing), liras rustici uocant porcas cum sic aratum est, ut inter duos latus distantes sulcos medius cumulus siccam sedem frumentis praebant, Colum. 2, 4, 8; cauebitur ut patentes liras

erebrosque sulcos aquarios faciamus, 2, 8, 3; add 11, 3, 21; 2. acc. to others, the furrow, lera (sic) est fossa in quam uolgo terrae decurrit, Non. 17, 33; add Isid. or. 15, 15; 3. the same confusion holds w. porca and the G. furche (see Key's Essays, p. 91).

**lirātim**, adv. w. broad-backed ridges, lirātim seri debent, ut minus infestetur aquis, Colum. 11, 3, 20.

**lirion**, (*Aegopos* of lilies) i. adj. n. as sb. an unguent or oil of lilies, Plin. 21, 22; 23, 95.

**lirion**, ii, n. lily, Apul. herb. 107.

**Liris**, is, m. the river now called Garigliano which separated Latium from Samnium, perh. first called Galiris (for interchange of liquids cf. Sp. milagro = L. miraculum, colunus for cornulus), inuātem Maricae Litoribus tenuisse Lirim, Hor. od. 3, 17, 8; add 1, 31, 7; Plin. 2, 227; Lucan. 2, 424.

**līro**, (lero\*) are, vb. plough finally, tertio cum arant iacto semine līrare dicuntur, id est cum tabellis additis...Varr. r. 1, 29, 2; proscribitur iugerum duabus operis, iteratur una, lirantur una iugera quattuor, Colum. 11, 2, 46; sato semine iteratio tabula annexa quod uocant līrare, Plin. 18, 180; 2. met., Numquid hic resistit qui non (nondum mss) labes lerarit\* (sic) mihi? Pomp. ap. Non. 18, 4; 3. in Auson. ep. 10, 8 līrare for delirare.

**līroe**, (*ἄροα*) m. pl. nonsense, humbug, Gertrae germanae atque edepol līroe līroe, Pl. Poen. 1, 1, 9.

**lis**, (old forms leis, slis and stlis; perh. one with G. streit; and G. vb. streiten = Sw. strida, and also trita, quarrel, wrangle, w. a sb. rid—so like L. lit.) litis, f. a lawsuit, chiefly civil. Cn. Cornelius Cn. f. Scipio xvir al(i)tibus iudicandis), CIL 38; nam mihi Tris hodie litis iudicandis dictio, Pl. Merc. 2, 2, 10; Qui falsas litis falsis testimoniis Petunt, Rud. pr. 13; add Cas. 3, 3, 6; Iudicia litis turbas tricas contiones maximas, Var. ap. Non. 8, 25; potius quam litis sequi, Ter. Ad. 2, 2, 40; add Andr. 4, 5, 16; Ph. 2, 3, 61; bona tua repetere ac persequi lite atque iudicio, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 32; 2. gen. of civil suits, but also of criminal proceedings, litis nomem omnem actionem significat, siue in rem siue in personam sit, Ulp. dig. 50, 16, 36; si quae in eum his capitis illata est, Clu. 116; 3. item dare, give a verdict (as jury), quo minus secundum eas (tabulas) lis detur, non recusamus, Cic. Rosc. com. 3; secundum eam (partem) item indices dare quae magis popularis esset, Liv. 23, 4, 3; 4. nearly one with res in its legal sense, quibus res erat in controversia, ea uocabatur lis; ideo in actionibus uidemus dici: Quam rem siue mi litem dicere oportet, Varr. l. 7, 5; illud mihi mirum uideri solet tot homines...statuere non potuisse utrum...rem an item dici oportet, Cic. Mur. 27; quarum rerum litium causarum condixit pater patratus, old formula ap. Liv. 1, 32, 11; 5. beyond legal sphere, dispute, controversy, row, scio litis fore, Pl. St. 1, 2, 21; Proin siquis pugnam expectat, litis contrahat, Capt. pr. 63; add As. 4, 1, 15; neque pugnae ego, nec litis coepio, Men. 5, 5, 57; nil mi opus Litibus aut tricis, Pers. 4, 3, 62; auctorem fuisse (philosophis) ut nolent aetatem in litibus contere, Cic. leg. 1, 53; Quis...elegos emisit auctor...sub indice lis est, Hor. A. P. 78; Semper haec morsus circa tua colla recentes Litibus alternis quos putet esse datos, Prop. 4, 5, 40; Nil agit exemplum litem quod lite resoluit, Hor. s. 2, 3, 103; 6. met., Lis est cum forma magna pudicitiae, Ov. her. 15 (16), 288; Vt semel hae (mss haec or hoc) rerum secessit lite suarum...Altum flamma petis, F. 1, 107; 7. for form cf. slis of § 1; and CIL 198, 7; leitis (gen.) of CIL 198, 4; leitisus, ib. 57; leis noui., 205, 1, 48; (ausi sunt dicere) stlocum stlitesque, Quint. 1, 4, 16.

**litā-lis**, e, adj. like to appease (a god), hostia, Min. Fel. Oct. 32; uictima, Lact. 1, 21; litabitur uictima, epit. 7.

**litāmen**, inis, n. an appeasing sacrifice, Stat. Th. 10, 610; Prud. lam. pr. 50.

**litānia**, (*Ἀναρεία*) ae, f. a litany, Th. C. 16, 5, 30, 2; Jul. ep. nou. 115, 478; Sidon. ep. 5, 7.

**litānicus** = Plin. 20, 239, Sillig has tetanicus.

**litatio**, onis, f. appeasing of a god by sacrifice, Vt hodie ad litationem huic suppetat satias Ioui, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 100;



hostiae sine litatione caesae, Liv. 27, 23, 4; add 41, 15, 4; hostiae litationem inasperunt, inscr. Or. 2271, 58.

**litræ** etc., see *littera*.

**Literninus**, adj. of Liternum, rus, Plin. 14, 49; uilla, Val. M. 2, 10, 2; **2.** Literninum, n. absol. a villa near Liternum, Liv. 38, 52, 1; Plin. 16, 234.

**Liternum** or **Linternum**\*, i. n. a town of Campania, Ov. M. 15, 714\*; Liv. 23, 35, 5; 32, 29, 3; Plin. 3, 61; Sil. 6, 654.

**Liternus** or **Linternus**\*, adj. of Liternum, ager\*, Cic. agr. 2, 66; palus, Sil. 7, 273; **2.** as sb. m. the river Liternus, Liv. 22, 16, 4.

**lithargyrum**, i. n. litharge, oxide of lead, Plin. 26, 101.

**lithizon**? in Plin. 37, 94 Sillig has lignyzoutem, akin to *lypus*.

**lithospermon**, i, adj. n. as sb. a plant of stony seeds, gromwell, Plin. 27, 98 and 99.

**lithostrotus**, adj. paved with stone, mosaic, pavementa, Varr. r. 3, 1, 10; Plin. 36, 184; **2.** lithostrotum as sb. n. a mosaic pavement, Varr. 3, 2, 4; Capit. Gord. 32, 6.

**liticeus**, iuis, m. one who plays on the lituus, a trumpeter, Cato ap. Gell. 20, 2, 1 and 2; Varr. l. 5, 16 f.; Desides Baiae liticeus notus, Stat. sil. 4, 7, 19; Amm. 14, 2, 16; M. Aurelius M. Anr. l. Crestus liticeus, inscr. Or. 3519; M. Iulius Victor ex collegio liticeum cornicium, 4105.

**litigatio**, ōnis, f. litigation, dispute, Lact. 3, 8 (al. litigator); l. *μαχη ἢ δια λογῶν*, Gloss. Philox.

**litigator**, ōris, m. one who goes to law, a party to a suit, a litigant, Tac. an. 13, 42; Quint. 3, 10, 4; 5, 7, 34 etc.; Suet. Aug. 33; Callig. 39.

**litigatrix**, icis, litigant, not. Tir. p. 34.

**litigatus**, ūs, m. litigation, ps. Quint. Lecham. 6, 19.

**litigiosus**, adj. fond of going to law, litigious, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 37; comp. in Sison. ep. 8, 3; sup. in Aug. ep. 68;

**2.** met., disputatio, Cic. fin. 5, 76; praedilium, or. 3, 108; fora, Ov. F. 118.

**litigium**, i, n. a lawsuit, met. a quarrel, a row, Nam ego aliquid contrahere cupio inter eos litigi duos, Pl. Cas. 3, 2, 31; Litigium tibi cum uxore, Men. 1, 2, 42; add 5, 2, 13 and 34.

**litigo**, (litem, ago) āre, vb. go to law (with), proceed legally against, quicum litigas accessit, Pl. Poen. 3, 6, 3; noli pati litigare fratres et iudicii turpibus conficiari, Cic. fam. 9, 25, 3; uelis forum inuambant ut sububris litigantes consistent, Plin. 19, 24; **2.** met. wrangle, quarrel, Reliquae aliquantum orationis, eras quod mecum litiges, Pl. Cas. 2, 3, 34 (said to a wife); add 2, 5, 9; Rud. 4, 4, 16; As. 5, 2, 64; Cic. Att. 13, 37, 2; Mart. 11, 35, 3.

**lito**, (or lito; and so akin to luo—see Varro † below; hut luo is a deap. sol-no, of wh. sol is the root; from this sol-to is a freq. which decap. becomes lito—for variety of vowel cf. libet libet, lunter linter) are, vb. discharge a (religious) debt, sacrifice effectually, i.e. with evidence that the sacrifice is accepted, Sex agnos immolauit nec potui tamen Propitiam Venerem facere ut prodesset mihi. Quoniam litare nequeo, abii illic ilico, Pl. Poen. 2, 7; tum me Iuppiter faciat ut semper sacrificem, numquam litem, 2, 42; habes cuius rei causa fecerim hecatombem, in quo ego, ut puto, quoniam est luere solvere, litaui, Varr. ap. Non. 131, 20; cum tristissima exta sine capite fuerunt, proxima hostia\* litatur saepe pulcherrime, Cic. diu. 2, 36; cum pluribus dis immolatur, qui euenit, ut litetur aliis, aliis non litetur? 2, 38; Decio caput iocimeris a familiari parte caesum (ostendit); aliqui acceptam dis hostiam esse; Manlium egregie litasse. Atqui bene habet, inquit Decius, si ab collega litatum est, Liv. 8, 9, 1; add 27, 23, 1; mola\* salsa litant qui non habent tura, Plin. praef. 11; protinus litantur (muscae), quoniam (mss qua or quam) litatum est ei deo, 10, 75; add 8, 183; ut praetor... litaturum se deiat uitulo\*, inscr. Or. 736, 10; **2.** so far w. abl. of the means, see \* above; rarely w. acc., offer as an acceptable sacrifice, extā litatū obis, Prop. 4, 1, 24; Ieiuniorum dum litamus uiticium, Prud. cath. 7, 5; honorem litatibus domino, Tertul. patient. 10; but in Flor.

3, 4, 2 Halm has litare dis sanguine humano; **3.** w. sacrum as a cogn. acc., forda sacra litatē boue, Ov. F. 4, 630; neque enim tibi summe litāui Iuppiter hoc sacrum, Lucan. 1, 632; tibi enim haec ego sacra litāui, Stat. Th. 10, 338; sacrisque litatis Indulge hospitio, Verg. 4, 50; **4.** met., litemus ergo Lentulo, parentem Cethegi (i.e. to their manes), Cic. Flac. 96; Postquam litatum est Ilio, Phoebeus redit, Sen. Ag. 598; add Med. 1028; illae (statuae) strage et ruina publico gaudio litauerunt, Plin. pan. 52; tunc iniuriæ meae litatum crediderim, Apul. M. 5, 30; **5.** litato, as abl. absol., sacrifice having been effectually offered, nec auspicato nec litato instrunt aciem, Liv. 5, 38, 1.

**litōrālis**, e, adj. of the beach or seashore, diis, Catul. 4, 22; (pisces), Plin. 9, 65; Iudi, Iustin. 12, 10, 6.

**litōrārius**, adj., the same, arena, Cael. Aur. tard. 5, 11, 135.

**litōreus**, adj. the same, aues, Verg. 12, 248; ilices, S. 43; cancer, Ov. M. 10, 127; 15, 369; arena, 15, 725; Salomae, Mart. 10, 78, 1; Cupra, Sil. 8, 434.

**litōrōsus**, adj. abounding in sand, in agrum macerimum litōrōsissimumque, Fab. Max. ap. Serv. A. 1, 11; mare, Plin. 37, 151.

**litōtes**, ētis, f. simplicity—hence a fig. of gramm. = *metoetes*, not innoxia uerba; litotes, i.e. nocentissima, Serv. ad G. 2, 129.

**litrera** or **litera**, (for *littera* fm. a lost vb. = S. *likh* scratch, w. t. exor.) ae, f. a letter of the alphabet, Immo edepol una litera plus sum quam medicus. Tum tu Mendicis es, Pl. Rud. 5, 2, 18; Litteris recomminare: C' st principium nomini, Trin. 4, 2, 70; sus rostro si huius A litteram impressit, Cic. diu. 1, 23; litteras nesciebat, Brut. 259; uellem nescirem litteras, Nero ap. Sen. Clem. 2, 1, 2; **2.** in the verdict of juries, I. salutaris A for absoluo, I. tristis C for condemnio, eamque sortem ex hac lege apertam braciocum aperto litteram digitis optatam... (affert), CIL 198, 52; nec uobis tam hanc salutarem in iudicando litteram quam illam tristem dedisset, Cic. Mil. 15; **3.** in litteram, in the order of the alphabet, digrere in litteram senes orbos, Sen. ep. 68, 10; **4.** ad litteram, to the letter, literally, quoniam locum ad litteram (al. litteras, ne fraudarem legentis, Quint. 9, 1, 25; **5.** tum trun litterarum homo (i.e. rrr, a thief) Me uituperas? Pl. Aul. 2, 4, 46; **6.** met. l. longa of a man hanging, neque quicquam melius mihi, Vt opinor, quam ex me ut unam faciam litteram Longam, meum laqueo collum quando obstrinxero, Pl. Aul. 1, 1, 77;

**II** 7 littere, in pl. writing, esp. an epistle, a letter, ad socios disperteram alio frumentum... alio litteras, Cato ap. Charis. 222 K; tuas litteras hodie expectabam, Cic. Att. 13, 2, 1; Caesar ad Lingonas litteras nuntiosque misit, Caes. b. g. 1, 26, 6; **8.** gen. writings, books, literature, tabulas libros leiterasue... (produre) cere proferreque) uolet, CIL 108, 34; litteras ad magistratus... mitta(nt), 203, 10; dicam de istis Graecis quid exquisitum habeam, et quo(r) bonum sit illorum litteras inspicere, non perdiscere, Cato ap. Plin. 29, 14; Iumen litterarum Latinarum, Cic. Tusc. 1, 5; ut Graecis de philosophia litteris non egeant, diu. 2, 5;

**9.** the sing. in the sense of a letter in poets, Quam legis, a raptā Briseide littera uenit, Ov. her. 3, 1; Cur mihi fama prior, quam nuntia littera uenit? 6, 9; Mille potest causis, a te quae littera saepe Missa sit, in nostras rara uenire manus, Tr. 4, 7, 23; Littera facundi gratum mihi pignus amici Pertulit, Mart. 10, 73, 1.

**litrēālis**, e, adj. of writing, commercium, Symm. ep. 4, 54; lectio, Cael. Aur. tard. 1, 5, 162; syllaba est uox literalis, Prisc. 1, 44, 5 K; uox l., Diom. 420, 12; grammaticae, ib. 421, 10.

**litrēārius**, adj. of letters or writing, ludus, Plin. 9, 24; Tac. an. 3, 66; Quint. 1, 4, 27; Suet. Cal. 45; Ulp. dig. 50, 13, 1, 6.

**litrēātio**, ōnis, f. teaching to read and write, Varr. ap. Aug. ord. 2, 12; Isid. orig. 1, 3; add Mart. Cap. 3, 50 G, p. 56, 18 Eyss.

**litrētōr**, ōris, m. one who teaches the ABC, Catul. 14, 9; Messal. Corv. ap. Suet. gram. 4; Gell. 16, 6, 1; 18, 9, 2; Apul. flor. 20.

**litteratōrius**, adj. of one who teaches the ABC, Quint. 2, 14, 3; Tertul. idol. 10.

**litteratīus**, icis, adj. or sb. f. corresponding to litterator, Quint. 2, 14, 3.

**litteratūlus**, adj. dim. of contempt, a scholar, Hieron. ad Ruf. 1, 31.

**litteratūra**, ae, f. teaching the ABC, and so grammar, 1. constat ex notis litterarum et ex eo in quo imprimuntur illae notae, Cic. part. or. 26; prima illa l. per quam pueris elementa traduntur, Sen. ep. 88, 20; grammaticae quam in Latinum transferebant litteraturam vocauerunt, Quint. 2, 1, 4; add 2, 14, 3; doctorem habuit in prima litteratura Dionysium, Apul. dogm. Plat. 2; 2. the alphabet, Graecae litteraturam, Tac. an. 11, 13; 3. in Cic. Phil. 2, 116 Halm v. best as has litterae, not litteratura.

**litterātus**, quasi-part. marked with a letter or letters, Nam haec litteratī: eapae cantat quōia sit (sc. an urna marked V. or Ven. as belonging to the temple of Venus), Pl. Rud. 2, 5, 21; ensiculus...litteratus. Dicedum in eo ensiculo litterarum quid sit. Mei nomen patris, 4, 4, 112; lacrimas auro litteratas, Apul. M. 6, 3; laminae, 3, 17; 2. esp. a slave v. some letter burnt in his forehead, Hoe age sis Olympio. Si hic litteratus me sinat, Pl. Cas. 2, 6, 49; frontes litterati, Apul. M. 9, 12; Colum. 10, 125; cf. inscripta so used by Iuv. 14, 24 and Mart. 8, 75, 9;

3. more or less instructed, acquainted with books, scholarly, C. Cnanius...nec infaustus et satis litteratus, Cic. off. 3, 58; tua nobilitas...hominibus litteratis et historicis esse notior, Mur. 16; quem litteratissimum fuisse indicio, fam. 9, 16, 4; pueri litteratissimi, Nep. Att. 13, 3; ineptias quibus litterator est quisque non melior, Sen. n. q. 4, 13, 1; 4. hence a grammarian, (grammatici) initio litterati vocabantur, Suet. gram. 4; 5. literary, quid est dulcius odio literato? Cic. Tusc. 5, 105; labor, Apul. mag. 4.

**litterio**, ōnis, m. dim. of contempt, a bookworm, Amm. 17, 11, 1.

**litterōsus**, adj. full of book-knowledge, homo mere l., Cass. Hemin. ap. Non. 133, 5.

**litterūla**, ae, f. dim. a letter, accipi tuam epistolam uacillantibus litterulis, nec mirum, tam graui morbo, Cic. fam. 16, 15, 2; add V. 6, 9, 1; 2. in pl. writing, a letter or epistle, often w. idea of modesty or contempt, uter eodem perfugio quo tibi litterulum censeo, litterulis nostris, Cic. fam. 5, 21, 2; hoc litterulorum exaravi, Att. 12, 1, 1; Chrysippum propter litterularem nescio quid libenter uidi, 7, 2, 8; Litterulis Graecis imbutus, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 7.

**littus**, see litus.

**littura**, (see lino) ae, f. smearing, (terrae) quam prius amurea maderfeceris, Colum. 4, 24, 6; 2. esp. the smearing out of writing, blotting out, erant acceptae pecuniae a C. Verrucio C. l., sic tamen ut ad alterum litterae constarent integrae, reliquae essent in littura, Cic. Verr. 2, 187; unius nominis littura se commotum esse, Arch. 9; cum mendum scripturae littura tollitur, Caecin. ap. Cic. fam. 6, 7, 1; carmen reprehendite quod non Multa dies et multa littura coercuit, Hor. A. P. 293; littura inductiones superducesiones ipse feci, Ulp. dig. 28, 4, 1, 1; 3. a blot in writing, Littera suffusa quod habet maculosa litturas, Laetius opus lacrimis ipse poeta suum, Hor. tr. 3, 1, 15; add Prop. 4, 3, 4.

**litturārius**, adj. of blotting, as sb. m. (sc. liber) a blotting book, and so a book for rough copy of any kind, Auson. Paulo 350, 4.

**litturgus**, (Λειτουργος) adj. as sb. m. a public servant or menial, Th. C. 11, 24, 6; met., Mart. Cap. 2, 45 G, p. 50, 7 Eys.

**littoro**, āre, vb. blot out, Sidon. cp. 9, 3 f.; litturatum A G et crasum, inser. Or. 4405, 21.

1. **littus**, is, m. smearing, anointing, lita, Plin. 33, 110.

2. **littus**, part. see lino.

3. **littus**, or littus (for lictus, fm. a lost vb.=S. lkh, scratch, w. l. exr.; see littura and lina) g. hence means scrapings as of rocks, and so) sand, see littorosus; 2. hence a sea beach, shore, coast, strand, Ab saxo auertit fluctus ad litus scapham, Pl. Rud. 1, 2, 76; solebat Aquilus quaerentibus quid esset litus ita definire, qua fluctus elude-

ret, Cic. top. 32; litus est quousque maximus fluctus a mari peruenit, idque M. Tullium aiunt cum arbitri esset...primum constituisse, Cels. dig. 30, 16, 96; Littus ut longe resonante Eoa Tunditur unda, Catul. 11, 3; Huc ades: insani feriant sine littora fluctus, Verg. B. 9, 43; 3. and so opp. to ripa as bank of a river, campoque recepta (sc. flumina) Liberioris aquae pro ripis littora pulsant, Ov. M. 1, 42;

4. rarely of the bank of a river, hostias constituit in litore (Eurotate) at qui trans flumen essent uidere possent, Cic. inu. 2, 97; rex Niliaei littoris, Prud. cath. 5, 45; cf. Verg. 3, 389; 5. of a lake, Lariumque litus, Catul. 35, 4; Trasmeneaque littora, Ov. F. 6, 705; Sil. 15, 815; 6. at times of land near the coast, cui litus arandum, Cuique loci leges dedimus, Verg. 4, 212; de numero serunorum, electione litorum loqui, Tac. h. 3, 63; 7. prov. phrases, His qui contentus non est, in litus arenas...in mare fundat aquas, Ov. tr. 5, 6, 44; Nec sinet ille tuos litus arare boues, 5, 4, 48; 8. met. so and so (name dub.), non homo sed litus atque aer et solitudo mera, poet. ap. Cic. Att. 1, 18, 1.

**lituus**, i, (P) m. a trumpet of a shrill note\* with a straight stock and curved joint at the end, Inde loci lituus sonitus effudit auctos\*, Enn. ap. Paul. ex F. 116; litui quo canitur, Cic. diu. 1, 30; Et lituo tubae Permixtus sonitus, Hor. od. 1, 1, 23; add 2, 1, 18; Et litui pugnas insignis obibat et hasta, Verg. 6, 167; Iam lituus pugnae signa daturus erat, Ov. F. 3, 216; stridor\* lituum clangorque tubarum, Lucan. 1, 237; lituusque aduocat (cornu), Sen. Oed. 752; stridor\* litui strepitus, Thy. 575; lituis acutis\*, Stat. Th. 6, 228; add Val. F. 6, 166; II 2. an angur's staff, with the end spirally curved, lituus iste quod clarissimum est insigne augurum, Cic. diu. 1, 30; Ipse Quirinalli lituo praeuagat seclat Succinctus trabea, Verg. 7, 187; add Gell. 5, S, 6 and 8; Apul. mag. 22; see Rich's Companion.

**lueo**, see lituinus.

**lueo**, ēre, (perh. for plueo and that for molueo, and so akin to plumbis and μολυβδος; cf. for decap. E. lead; for vowel, ei of G. blei) vb. be of a leaden hue, be livid, luent rubigine dentes, Ov. M. 2, 776; queritur luere catenis Brachia, Prop. 4, 7, 65; 2. esp. in part. luens as adj., leaden-coloured, livid, glandes Luentis plumbi spargit, Verg. 7, 687; Luenti dorso (of an elephant) turris, Sil. 9, 577; II 3. look black with envy, envy, luere iis qui uindictam eloquentiam tuendis ciuibus exerceant, Tac. an. 13, 42; Et potet calidum qui mihi liuet aquam (grudging me iiced wine), Mart. 7, 86, 6; add 8, 61, 1; 9, 23, 5; Stat. silu. 1, 2, 151; Th. 11, 211.

**lucesco**, ēre, vb. take a leaden hue, become livid, In pedibus primum digitos luescere et unguis, Lucr. 3, 528, gangrene; luescentibus membris, Scrib. comp. 181;

2. envy, Claud. rapt. Pros. 3, 27.

**Lituānus**, adj. of Livius or Livia, fici, Colum. 5, 10, 11; modi, Cic. leg. 2, 39; exercitus, Liv. 28, 9, 10; (charta) Plin. 13, 80; (aeris), 34, 3.

**luidināns**, in Petron. 138 Bicheler has luidināntum.

**luidinus**, adj. (implies a sb. luido, iuis) livid, uidebuis, Apul. M. 9, 12; 2. envious, si qui igitur ex illis luidinis (called just before inuisoribus meis malignis), Apul. flor. 1, 9.

**luido**, āre, vb. make livid, Pallore uultum luidet, Paul. Nol. carn. 21, 619.

**luidūlus**, adj. dim. of contempt, livid—hence envious, Iuv. 11, 110.

**luidūs**, adj. leaden (in colour), of leaden hue, livid, Non quasi nunc haec sunt hic limaces luidae, Pl. ap. Varr. 1, 4, 3 p. 345 Sp; luidissima...uorago, Catul. 17, 11; uada (Acherontis), Verg. 6, 320; racemos, Hor. od. 1, 5, 10; aquae, Sen. n. q. 3, 2, 2; 2. esp. black and blue from blows, luida gestat armis Brachia, Hor. od. 1, 8, 10; Oraque sint digitis luida nostra tuis, Ov. her. 10 (20), 82;

3. in poets, envious, luidus et mordax uideor tibi? Hor. s. 1, 4, 93; add ep. 2, 1, 89; od. 4, 9, 33; differ opus luida turba tuum, Ov. F. 1, 74; but et luidi in Cic. Tusc. 4, 28 is justly struck out as spurious by Baizer.

**Liulla**, ae, f. dim. daughter of Germanicus, Suet. Cal. 7.

**Livineius**, adj. and sb. a gens, L. Livineius L. 1. Scot(ia, CIL 1229; Livineia L. 1. Marthia, 1229.

**Livius**, adj. and sb. a gens, M. Livius (Drusus), CIL 200; 29; P. Livius M. 1, 578; Livia L. 1. Flora, 1269; C. Livius Salinator, Liv. 43, 11, 13; forum Livii, Plin. 3, 116; **2.** as adj. lege Livina, CIL 200, 77 and 81; Cic. leg. 2, 14; arbor, Colum. 10, 413; familia, Tac. an. 6, 51 (57).

**liuor**, ōris, m. lead-colour, si tumore et liuore decoloratum esset corpus mortui, Cornif. ad Her. 2, 8; add Quint. 2, 21, 19; Vague conspecta liuorem ducit ab uua, Inv. 2, 81;

**2.** esp. the result of a bruise or blow, Sed niger in naecae pectore liuor erat, Ov. an. 3, 5, 26; herbasque dedi quis liuor abiret, Quem facit...dente Venus, Tib. 1, 6, 13; haec candidior est oliua quam ea quae ex contusione liuorem contrahit, Colum. 12, 49, 3; (sinapi) inlinitur liuoribus, Plin. 20, 240; add §§ 24, 88; 31, 129;

**3.** envy, summa maliuolentia et liuore impeditur, Brut. ad Cic. 11, 10, 1; Falsa licet cupidus deponat gaudia liuor, Prop. 1, 8, 29; obtrahit et liuor prouis auribus accipiuntur, Tac. h. 1, 1;

**4.** Envy personified, Ergo summatum patria proscindere, Liuor, Desine, Ov. Pont. 4, 16, 47; Rumpere, Liuor edax: magnum iam nomen habemus, rnm. an. 389.

**lix**, liciis, m. lix, i.e. ashes in water, lix cinis dicitur uel humor cineri mixtus, Non. 62, 12; but in Plin. 36, 20 Sillig has pyxis w. best mss.

**lixia**, ae, m. a camp-follower, Fr. viwandier, edicto ne lixae exercitum sequeretur, Sal. Ing. 45, 2; inops regio quae...praedia laud multum praebet. Itaque non lixa sequebatur, non... Liv. 39, 1, 6; lixarum in modum omnes (milites) per agros niciasque lixae negotiabatur, 5, 8, 3; lixae modo (Flaminium) sine insignibus, sine hietoribus profectum, 21, 63, 9; lixarum mercatorumque qui plostris merces portabant, b. Afr. 75, 4; add S4, 1; lixas e castris submonti cibumque coctum uenalem proponi uetuit, Val. M. 2, 7, 2; lxxx milia armatorum secuta sunt trecenta lixarum ex quibus coquorum pistorumque maior numerus fuit, Iust. 38, 10, 2; add Suet. Aug. 19; Galb. 20; Quint. 8, 6, 42; inuitte Marti Lixarum nulgus, Sil. 5, 32; lixa *αγοραιος*, Gloss. Philox.; **2.** lixis in Ajul. M. 1, 24 in sense of lictors scarcely right.

**lixiones**, aquarum portitores, Isid. Gloss.  
**lixuina**, adj. as sb. f. water in which ashes have been steeped, lix, lixiua cineris, Colum. 12, 16, 1; 12, 22, 1; lixiua (absol.), 12, 52, 14.

**lixuinus?** adj. implied in lixiua; see

**lixius**, adj. (implies a part, lixus, see lixo and elixus) boiled, cinis, Cato r. 23, 2; Plin. 14, 129; 15, 67 (so Sillig, not from lixiuinus); 28, 244 (here Sillig lixiuo, but lixiuo, Vlixue); **2.** absol. lixiuim, i. as sb. lix, Pall. 2, 18; 12, 13 (see mss readings); **3.** mustum lixiuim, Cato r. 23.

**lixo**, āre, boil, lixo *ἐψω*, Gloss. Philox.

**lixiola**, ae, f. dim. a sort of cheesecake, Varr. 1, 5, 22, p. 10 Sp.

**loba**, ae, f. nightshade, Apul. herb. 74; but in Plin. 18, 53 mss obia, lixiu phoba.

**lōcālaris** or -ōris, = *ὁ μαθημενος*, Gloss. Philox.

**lōcālis**, e, adj. of a place, local, aerumnae, Anm. 14, 7, 5; clades, Tertul. apol. 20; aduerbia, Char. 203, 12 and 15.

**lōcūlātās**, ātis, f. position, place, Claud. Mam. stat. anm. 3, 3 and 4.

**lōcūlaris**, adj. (of a place) as sb. m. one who keeps a seat in a theatre to sell it, Hermes diuitiae locariorum, Mart. 5, 24, 9; **2.** locarium, as sb. n. payment for a stall etc., Varr. 1, 5, 2.

**lōcūticus**, adj. hired out, fatigato, Sidon. ep. 6, 8; manus, Saluian. ep. 1; for qty of i. cf. adopticius.

**lōcātū** in Val. M. 5, 3, ext. 3 Halm has uicatum.

**lōcātio**, ōnis, f. placing, position, nerborum, Quint. 9, 4, 32; but in 7, 1, 1 Halm w. mss collocatio; **2.** placing work to be done in the hands of a contractor, opp. to conductio, farming out, letting, lease, eam locatorem per q(naestorem) urb(anum)...facito, CIL 206, 37; add §§ 49, 73, 76; uenditio locatio aedilis esto, 603, 9; quod cum ex lege locatilis facere oportuerit non fecisse, an edict ap. Gell. 11,

17, 2; porticus Catuli quae ex S. Cito consulum locatione reficiebatur, Cic. Att. 4, 3, 2; rem malam esse frequentem locationem fundi, Colum. 1, 7, 3; praediorum, Liv. 45, 18, 3; res ad locationem et conductionem respicit, Paul. dig. 17, 1, 1, 4; quaeritur utrum emptio et uenditio an locatio et condictio contrahatur, Gai. 3, 147.

**lōcātor**, ōris, m. one who places in the hands of another work to be done, lessor, Corfidum funere locato reuixisse et locatorem funeris ab eo elatum, Plin. 7, 176; domus facienda locata erat ita ut probatio aut improbatio locatoris esset, Labeo dig. 19, 2, 60, 3; add Paul. 2, 14, 4.

**lōcellus**, i, m. doub. dim. a little casket, locellum tibi signatum remis, Caes. ap. Char. 76, 20 K; add Mart. 14, 13; but in 10. SS Schneid. has libellos; aunnos in locellum repositos, Val. M. 7, 8, 9.

**Lōchia** or Lōcheia, adj. f. (of childbirth) title of Diana, Dianai Loch. (acrum), inser. Or. 1450.

**lōcito**, āre, vb. let (a farm), agellist hic sub urbe paulum quod locitas foras, Ter. Ad. 5, 8, 26.

**lōco**, āre, vb. place, nigiles...semper locat, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 195; pone sese homines locant, Poen. 3, 2, 35; castra ad Cybistra...locant, Cic. fam. 15, 2, 2; erates ad extremum tumulum...locari iussit, Caes. b. c. 3, 46, 1; cohortis ueteranas in fronte locat, Sal. Cat. 59, 5; **2.** met., inter recte factum atque peccatum...media locauit quaedam, Cic. acad. post. 1, 37; hortor ut ita uirtutem locetis...ut ea excepta nihil amicitia praestabitis potius, an. 104;

**3.** place (a daughter) in marriage, Cur me huic locabas nuptiis? Enn. ap. Cornif. ad Her. 2, 38; Neque eam quo locare quoquam, Pl. Aut. 2, 2, 15; add 2, 2, 51; Vbi erit locata nirgo in matrimonio, Trin. 3, 3, 52; add Cist. 2, 3, 18; Vt potui nuptum uirginem locanti huic addulescenti, Ter. Ph. 5, 1, 25; add 4, 3, 41;

**4.** w. gerundive, let out (work) to be done, farm out, contract to have done, Villam aedificandam, Cato r. 14, 1; uetigalia fruenda, CIL 200, 87 and 88; uiam tuendam, 206, 33 and 40; Qui locat caedundus agnos (hire men to kill them), Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 39; illum eferendum, Aut. 3, 6, 32; iter ex S. C. (faciendum) locauerunt, CIL 1188; laconicum faciendi et porticus et palaestra reficienda locaurunt, 1251; columnas dealbandas...aedificandas, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 154; monumentum faciendum, Sulp. ad Cic. 4, 12, 3;

**5.** w. gerundive understood, si Rhodiis turpe non est portorium locare (sc. exigendum), Cic. inu. 1, 47; uetigalia (sc. fruenda), agr. 1, 7; anseribus cibaria (sc. praebenda) publice locantur, Rose. Am. 56; Iunoni templum locant, Liv. 5, 23, 7; add 40, 34, 6; funus, Sen. ep. 99, 22; minoribus xxv annis neque fundus neque uetigalia locanda sunt, Paul. 49, 14, 45, 14;

**6.** w. se or operam etc., let oneself out or one's labour for hire, quid si me pro manduco locem? Pl. Rud. 2, 6, 51; operam meum Tribus nummis hodie locauit ad artis nngatorias, Trin. 4, 2, 1; add Amph. 1, 1, 122; locabat se (Roscius) non minus nns cccccc, Cic. Rose. com. 28; noctes, Ov. am. 1, 10, 30; dubitat utrum se ad gladium locet an ad cultrum, Sen. ep. 87, 9; Rabiosa fori iurgia uendens Inprobus iras et uerba locat, Herc. f. 175; (Plautus) operam pistori locasset, Gell. 3, 3, 14;

**7.** invest (money), Nec quicquam argenti locant iam diu usquam aequae bene, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 144; Locare argenti nemini nummum quo (as a loan), 3, 1, 4; **8.** met., Bene facta male locata male facta arbitror, Enn. ap. Cic. off. 2, 62; sua beneficia, locata praesertim apud tam gratos, Liv. 7, 20, 5; **9.** hence Fr. louer, to let.

**lōcūlāmentum**, i, n. a compartment of a set, a locker, a pigeon-hole, gen. in pl., loculamenta quibus nidificantes (pigeons), Colum. 8, 8, 3; add 8, 9, 3; l. (apibus), a beehive, 9, 12, 2; tecto tenuis exstructa loculamenta (for books), Sen. dial. 9, 9, 7; loculamenta dentium, sockets, Veg. ut. 3, 32; **2.** in sing., Viir. 10, 14, 3 (bis).

**lōcūlāris**, e, adj. of a box or locker, resina, Pall. 3, 25, 23.

**lōcūlātus**, quasi-part. divided into compartments or cells, arculae, Varr. 3, 17, 4 (paint-boxes).

**lōcūlōsus**, adj. of many cells, putamen, Plin. 15, 88.

**lōculus**, i, m. dim. a little place, a small spot, Set in cella erat nimis paulum loculi lubrici, Pl. Mil. 3, 2, 38;

**2.** a box, coffer or coffin, (two corpses) nidimus in loculis

adseruato, Plin. 7, 75; (pollicem) eremari cum reliquo corpore non potuisse conditumque lenulo in templo, 7, 20; corpus Antiochi in lenulo argenteo ad sepulcrum remissum, Iust. 39, 1, 6; 3. loculi in pl., of anything divided into compartments, as a case for drugs, Ov. F. 6, 749; esp. a purse, Gessit enim nummum in loculis demittere, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 173; neque enim loculis comitantibus itur Ad casum tabulae, posita sed luditor arca, Uv. 1, 90; add 10, 46; 11, 38; Sen. d. n. q. 2, 31, 1; Mart. 14, 12; 5, 39, 7; a casket for jewels, Iuv. 13, 139; for keys, Plin. 14, 89; a schoolboy's satchel, Laeio suspensi loculos tabularum lacerto, Hor. s. 1, 6, 74; a divided manger, ut singula iumenta hordeum suum nullo praecipiente consumant, Veg. vet. 2, 28, 4; and perh. for figs, ut ficeorum coria siccentur et pulpaee duplicatae in cestellis seruantur aut loculis, Pall. 4, 10, 35; 4. met., hic mastigia, Stimulorum loculi, Pl. Cas. 2, 8, 11.

**locuplēs**, (or locuplex; for locus and pol of multus plus? —qui pleraque loca, hoc est, multas possessiones teneret, Nigid. ap. Gell. 10, 5, 2; quod tum erat res in pecore et locorum possessionibus ex quo pecuniosi et locupletes, Cic. rep. 2, 16; locupletes, loci hoc est agri plenus, Plin. 18, 11; Aut pecus aut latam diues habebat humum: Hinc etiam locuplēs lunc ipsa pecunia dicta est, Ov. F. 5, 281; add Quint. 5, 10, 55) etis, adj. having much land, magno in aere alieno maiores possessiones habent...: horum species est honestissima, sunt enim locupletes, Cic. Cat. 2, 18;

2. hence rich, Nos iam de ornatu propemodum ut locupletes simus scitis, Pl. Rud. 2, 1, 4; add Epid. 1, 2, 50; Trin. 2, 4, 164; Cist. 2, 1, 16; mulier copiosa et locuplēs, Cic. Caecil. 55; locupletissimas urbes, Caes. b. c. 3, 31, 4; proscriptio- nem locupletum\*, Sal. Cat. 21, 2; Iug. 84, 4; mancipiis locuplēs eget aeris, Hor. ep. 1, 6, 39; 3. esp. in law, trustworthy, as being rich, qui iudicium... non promiserit aut iudicem locupletem non dederit, CIL 205, 22; sponsores suorum rei (from res) satis locupletes, Liv. 9, 9, 18; fideiussor pro rei qualitate l., Paul. dig. 2, 6, 1; ut l. ab emptore res detur, Iur. 1, 13, 23;

4. beyond sphere of law, nam locupletiores quaeris auctores? Cic. off. 3, 100; Pythagoras et Plato locupletissimi auctores, diu. 2, 119; locupletior auctor quam Socrates, Att. 8, 2, 4; l. auctor Thucydides, Brut. 47; tabellarius, Q. fr. 3, 9, 6; auctor atque testis, diu. 1, 37; testis, off. 3, 10; auctor, Cels. 8, 8; 5. of other than persons, rich, implying wealth, of great value, locupletem ac refertam domum, Cic. or. 1, 161; l. frugibus annus, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 137; aquila, Iuv. 14, 197 (see Mayor); hereditas, Gai. 1, 192; Ulp. dig. 35, 2, 43; peculium, 15, 1, 1, 4; 6. met., locupletior hominum natura ad bene viuendum est quam deorum, Cic. N. D. 1, 112; oratione l., rebus ieiunior, fin. 5, 13; Latium linguam locupletiorum quam Graecam, 1, 10; add Quint. 12, 10, 78; 7. abl. locuplete, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 48; but ap. Prisc. 343, 20 K locupleti; Pers. 3, 73 In locuplete penus...;

8. gen. locupletum, Cic. Att. 1, 19, 4; Tac. ann. 6, 22 Hauri; inscr. Grut. 502; add Sal. \*above; but locupletum, Caes. b. c. 3, 110, 5 Nipp.; ass of Cic. par. 46 vary; 9. locuplēs implying as existing, though condemned, in Prob. app. 199, 5 K; 10. adv. comp. locupletius, more richly, Fronto ad Anton. 1, 3; 11. superl., Spart. Haadr. 3, 3; Aur. V. ep. 9.

**locuplētō**, are, vb. make rich, enrich, suas ut auro locuplētent domos, Acc. ap. Non. 95, 8 and Gell. 14, 1, 34; add Cic. agr. 2, 68 and Verr. 2, 5, 80; Colum. 6, praef. 4; 2. met., Cic. fin. 2, 90; inu. 2, 1; Brut. 331.

**locus**, [old stōcus, Quint. 1, 4, 16, like his from stis; hence decap. fm. set il-oc-us, i. e. fm. set root seen in si-(e)sto (e)sto; and so in origin a doub. dim.; cf. τόπος prob. for στόπος, i. e. στ-σ-ος; for loss of e cf. sto, sisto; for the same and suff. cf. σ(ε)ρ-ελλω and G. σ(ε)τellen; see § 15] l., m. in sing., m. and n. in pl. the place where one is standing, st.-ex istoc loco digitum transuersum aut ungulam latum excesseris, Pl. Aul. 1, 1, 17; caue quoquam ex istoc excessis loco, Ter. Andr. 4, 4, 21; 2. a soldier's post, in fugam... nemo conuertitur, Nec recedit loco quin statim rem gerat: Animam omittunt prius quam loco demigrant, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 83; 3. post or position of soldiers, qui

pulsi loco cedere ausi erant, Sal. Cat. 9, 4; alii (centuri-ones) locum uti desererent, Iug. 38, 3; amisso loco fusi fugatique, 52, 4; Praesidium regale loco deiecit, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 30; 4. met., Quum per tumultum noster grex motus locost, Ter. Ph. pr. 33; loco ille motus est cum ex urbe depulsus, Cic. Cat. 2, 1; urgere illi ut loco non mouerent, Q. fr. 2, 3, 2; dandus est l. fortunae, cedendum ex Italia, Brut. ap. Cic. fam. 11, 1, 3; 5. gen. place, quo in loco? Hic in aedibus ubi tu habitas, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 67; locus nullus est quo non peruasit, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 207; ubi enim locum quo in loco Germani conseruant, Caes. b. g. 1, 49, 1; 6. a piece of land, ager locus adfectum, CIL 206, 7, 8 and 12; erupit et locum ubi erupta est... dede- runt, 1147; locus est non fundus sed portio aliqua fundi, Ulp. dig. 50, 16, 63 (see whole pass.); 7. publicus locus, public land, a term including areas insulas agros uias itinera, says Ulp. 43, 8, 2, 3 on authority of Labeo; public(om) locum, CIL 186; add 206, 29 and 73; inuic locorum p. persequendor(um), inscr. Cren. 308, 6; sunt loca publica... siluae et pascua publica, Frontin. de contr. 54, 17 etc.; 8. esp. ground for a sepulchre, C. Popilio L. f. Bibulo... locus monumento quo ipse postereique eius inferretur publice statum est, CIL 635; emerunt locum ollarum xv al. Lucetria Sp. f. Rula, 1055; uti locum sepulchro consul assignet quo Ser. Sulpicius inferatur, Cic. Phil. 9, 17; 9. a seat in the theatre, circus etc., utique ei collegio locus in teatro esset, CIL 571, 7; colonialia spectacula fac. coecr. et colonici locum deder., 1246; Siculis locum gladiatoribus dare, Cic. Att. 2, 1, 5; ut locus et in circo et in foro daretur amicis, Mur. 72; aedes liberae loca laitia legalis decreta, Liv. 30, 17, 14; loca assignata in amphitheatro fratribus Atrubalibus, inscr. ap. Mar. fr. Aru. 130; 10. loci and loca pl. = pudentia mulieribus, si mulier eo loco locos\* fouebit, Cato r. 157, 11; cum in locis semen insereret, Cic. N. D. 2, 128; quae locis laborat, Cels. 2, 8, p. 46, 34 Dar.; add Plin. 11, 209; 11. of other living creatures, as a mare, Colum. 6, 27, 10; ewe, 7, 3, 16; goat, 7, 7, 4; hen, 8, 7, 2; 12. loci and loca pl. neighbourhood, quarter, district, part of the world, quos locos\* adisti? Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 86; in his dictis locis habitare, Epid. 4, 1, 7; qui mihi ex his locis... uiam mon- stre, Rud. 1, 3, 29; equem in his locis nouisti? 4, 3, 94; Hi loci\* atque hae sunt regiones quae ab ero mihi sunt demonstratae, Ps. 2, 1, 1; 13. of greater extent, a realm, a world, saluete... obnubila tenebris loca, Eunn. ap. Varr. 1, 7, 6; in locis Neptunius, Pl. Mil. 2, 5, 3; suis (Neptuni) ex locis, Triu. 4, 1, 4; saluis locis, Rud. 4, 2, 2; ubicunque locorum uiuitis, Hor. ep. 1, 3, 34; rosa quo locorum Sera moretur, od. 1, 38, 3; 14. even in sing. space generally, ne aliquo loci moretur, Ulp. dig. 18, 7, 1; see † below (as also for time generally); 15. the site or place of that which is to be or no longer is, Teneo ego huic oculum. Face ut oculi locus in capite apparent, Pl. Men. 5, 7, 125; Hic ubi nunc urbis erat, tum locus urbis erat, Ov. F. 2, 280; and as Hard. thought, locus Pherae... loca Buprasum Hyrmine, Plin. 4, 13; l. Helos, 4, 15; l. Parthenion, 4, 42;

III 16. status, standing, station, position, condition, rank, esp. of birth, de summo adules- cens loco, Pl. Aul. pr. 28; add Capt. pr. 30; uidem me ex eodem ortum loco? Ter. Eunu. 2, 2, 10; infimo loco natum, Cic. Flac. 24; natus haud obscuro loco, Sal. Cat. 23, 1; Tanaquil summo loco nata, Liv. 1, 34, 4; 17. the same, as attained, summum locum ciuitatis, Cic. Clu. 150; ut tene- rant oratorum locum, Brut. 137; prodest quorum in locum peruenire nelis, ab his illo loco dignum putari, Q. Cic. pct. cons. 4; 18. w. numerals, order, rank, secundo loco me consulat recordatio meorum temporum, Cic. fam. 1, 6, 2; te meo beneficio e postremo in tertium locum esse subiectum, C. Anton., p. 941, 18 Baier; quae secundum locum optinent, fin. 3, 52; 19. hence value, estimation, (Socrates) uoluptatem nullo loco numerat, Cic. fin. 2, 90; cum honestatem eo loco habeat, ut sine ea faciente neget posse uiui, 2, 50; si quo in numero (hoc) et quo in loco illud haberi conueniat ostendetur, Iug. 2, 151; qui illum secum habuerit eo praesertim numero ac loco, Verr. 2, 2, 134; cf. usquam in Ter. Ad. 2, 2, 15; and E. he is nowhere;

**20.** hence loco w. gen. in the place or light of, as, Si te in germani fratris dilexi loco, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 57; haec filium suum sibi in praemii loco deposcit, Cic. inu. 2, 144; praedonem loco intellegendus est qui..., Modest. dig. 5, 3, 46; **21.** in locum, (in successions) in the place of, Cosconio mortuo sum in eius locum mutatus, Cic. Att. 2, 19, 4; add Phil. 11, 11; pontifex creatus Q. Caecilius Metellus in locum P. Scantinius, Liv. 23, 21, 7; qui in locum eius succedunt, Ulp. 12, 2, 7; **22.** gen. position, uidetur quo loco res siet, Cato ap. Front. ad Anton. 1, 2, p. 100 Nab.; cedo si uos in eo loco essetis, quid aliud fecisset? id. ap. Quint. 9, 2, 21; Hant facile in eundem suorum restitutes locum, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 108; Propemodum ubi loci fortunae tuae sint facile intellegis, Capt. 5, 2, 5; ubi loci sunt spes meae? Rud. 4, 4, 117; si ego in istoc sim loco, Dem potius aurum quam..., Bac. 4, 9, 116; restitue quem a me accepisti locum, Ter. Andr. 4, 1, 57; Peiore res loco non potest esse, Ad. 3, 2, 46; res erat eo iam loci, ut erigere oculos uideretur, Cic. Sest. 68; meliore loco res erant nostrae, Att. 11, 13, 4; is enim si eo loco fuisset, negauit se facturum fuisse, fam. 4, 4, 4; **IV 23.** a πῶς ὅπως, a place for one's action, a locus standi, a footing, room, occasion, opportunity, opening, non reperisti, locum Vbi tuas uirtutes explices, Pl. Epid. 3, 4, 8; Ac meis uicissim data locum fallacis, Ps. 1, 5, 145; nihil est precii loci relictum, Ter. Andr. 3, 4, 22; add 1, 1, 127; Hant, 2, 1, 6; nec precibus nostris nec admonitionibus reliquit locum, Cic. fam. 1, 1, 2; uita turpis ne morti quidem honestae locum reliquit, Quinct. 49; quoad aetas M. Caeli dare potuit isti suspensionem locum, Cael. 9; cuius uirtus dubitationem locum non daret, Balb. 16; si cuius adhuc precibus locus, Verg. 4, 319; nobilitas locum innadendi querit, Sal. Jug. 85, 5; locum seditiosis quaerere, Liv. 3, 46, 2; non esse libidinis locum in domo sua, 3, 50, 9; (actio) exercitoria locum habet, cum..., Gal. 4, 71; cum extraneus heres interuenit, non habet lex funia locum, sed S. C., 3, 70; quaeritur utrum pacti exceptio locum habeat, Ulp. dig. 2, 14, 10, 1; **24.** dare locum, to make room (for), give place to, da locum melioribus, Ter. Ph. 3, 2, 37; add Hant. 3, 3, 25; **V 25.** a point for discussion, a topic (τόπος), —in this sense pl. only masc.—Locus argumentorum sibi proscenium, Pl. Poen. pr. 57; locum esse argumenti sedem, Cic. top. 8; traditi sunt e quibus (argumentorum praecipua) ducuntur, duplices loci, uni e rebus ipsis, alteri assumpti, orat. 122; perpuratus est locus quinque libris, diu. 2, 2; anceps hic et lubricus locus est, Plin. ep. 1, 8, 6; **26.** loci communes, a commonplace-place for orators, haec argumenta quae transferri in multas causas possunt, l'e. nominamus, Cic. inu. 2, 48; add parad. 3\*; acad. pr. 80\*; Brut. 46\*; **27.** a passage in an author, Cum loca iam recitata reuoluimus, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 223; uno ero exemplo contentus, eius loci quo Cicero haec dicit, Quint. 8, 4, 28; locus\* Lucreti plurimos sectatus esse Vergilium, Gell. 1, 21, 7; **VI 28.** of time, Satin uix reliquit deo quod loqueretur loci? Pl. Cist. 1, 3, 2; interea loci, Men. 3, 1, 1; Trin. 1, 1, 11; Pacuv. ap. Non. 488, 14; Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 24; postidea loci, Pl. St. 5, 1, 17; Cist. grex 3; inde loci, Eunn. ap. Paul. ex F. p. 116; add locorum, Pl. Capt. 2, 3, 25; inde loci, Eunn. ap. Fest. 301 A 13; Lucr. 5, 791; post id locorum, Pl. Cas. 1, 31; Truc. 3, 1, 16; **29.** in loco, at a proper time, Pecuniam in loco nelegere maximum interduim locum, Ter. Ad. 2, 2, 8; dulce est desipere in loco, Hor. od. 4, 12, 28; **30.** locus, i. n. ex iusso hoc locum fecerunt, inser. Grut. 129, 14; **31.** for a pl. loci or locos, see \* above.

**locusta** (older lūcusta), ae, f. a locust, prius pariet locusta lucam bonem, Naev. ap. Varr. l. 7, 3, p. 325 Sp.; Die mihi hoc: solent tibi cumquam oculi dari fieri? Quid? tu me lūcusta censens esse? Pl. Men. 5, 5, 25; uiles cibandi pullis, Colum. 8, 11, 15; pars Aethiopum locustis ninit fumo et sale duratis in annua alimenta, Plin. 6, 195; add 11, 103, 104 and 152 etc.; locustas, w. short o, Iunenc. Mat. 3, 1, 339; Aleim. 5, 193; **2.** a shellfish of the lobster kind, alia (aquatilia) crustis (integuntur) ut locustae, Plin. 9, 40; add 32, 149 etc.; **3.** a Roman cognomen, esp. of a woman given to

poisoning, Tac. an. 12, 66; 13, 15; Suet. Nero 33; Iuv. 1, 71.

**locutio**, ōnis, f. talking, speech, Cic. orat. 64; Brut. 258; off. 1, 146; Cornif. ad Her. 3, 23; Quint. 1, 6, 20; **2.** a part of speech, a word, Quint. 1, 5, 2; as the usage of some; Gell. 1, 7, 18.

**locūtus**, adj. as sb. m. god of speech, templum Aio Locutio fieri, Iuv. 5, 50, 5; add Arnob. 1, 28.

**locūtor**, ōnis, m. a talker, chatterer, Gell. 1, 15, 1; Apul. M. 1, 1.

**locūtūlis**, adj. as sb. m. a chatterer, Gell. 1, 15, 20.

**locūtūleus**, adj. chattering, ranae, Aleim. Av. carn. 5, 148.

**locūtus**, ūs, m. talking, speech, Apul. flor. 2, 15 in alil.

**lōdex**, ūis, f. a counterpane, Iuv. 6, 195; as a masc., Pollio ap. Quint. 1, 6, 42, who condemns it.

**lōdicula**, ae, f. dim. a little counterpane, Suet. Aug. 83; Petr. 20.

**Loebasius**? adj. a Sabine variety of the god Liber. Serv. ad G. 1, 7.

**loebus** and **loebertas**, old forms of liber and libertas, Paul. ex F. 121.

**loedōria**, ae, f. abuse, Macr. s. 7, 3, 2.

**logāriōn**, ūi, n. a petty account-book, Ulp. dig. 33, 9, 3, 10.

**logēum**, i (λογεον), n. a speaking-place, hence the front of a stage, Vitr. 5, 8, 2.

**logice**, ūs, adj. as sb. f. logic, dialectics, only as a Gr. word, Cic. fin. 1, 22; fat. 1, 1.

**logicus**, adj. of reasoning, as a Gr. word, Cic. Tusc. 4, 33; as Lat. Sid. carn. 15, 100.

**logista**, ae, m. accountant, Gord. C. 1, 54, 3; Tib. Cl(audio) Candido .logista ciuitatis Nicomedensium, inser. Or. 798.

**logistoricus** (λογος ιστορια), adj. historical, title of a work by Varro, Gell. 4, 19, 2; 20, 11, 4.

**logodaedalia**, ae, f. art of fine writing, Auson. idyl. 12, 1.

**logōgrāphus**, adj. as sb. m. accountant, Aread. dig. 5, 4, 18, 10; Th. C. 8, 4, 8, 1; 8, 2, 3; 11, 24, 6, 7.

**logos**, or **logus**, i, m. a word, Loquere, uter meruitis culpam, paucis; non longos logos, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 29; **2.** a good saying, a joke, logos ridiculus uento, Pl. St. 1, 3, 108; add 2, 59 and 68; Dabuntur ictus tibi inde sescenti logei, Atque Attici omnes, Pers. 3, 1, 6; logos qui ludis dicit sunt, Cic. ap. Non. 63, 17; **3.** a fable, Aesopos, Sen. dial. 11, 8, 33; **4.** logi, mere words, idle talk, fabulae...logi, Ter. Ph. 3, 2, 8; Turp. ap. Non. 63, 19; **5.** reason, Auson. idyl. 11, 67; Marc. carn. med. 6.

**logōtōmus**, adj. cutting proportionally, linea, Vitr. 9, 8, 6, p. 235, 14 Rose.

**loliāci-us**, adj. of darnel, loliacia farina, Varr. r. 3, 9, 20.

**loliā-rius**, adj. of darnel, loliarium cribrum, Colum. 8, 5, 16.

**lōllo**, see lolligo.

**lōlium**, ūi, n. darnel, Mirumst lōlio uicitare te tam nili tritico, Pl. Mil. 2, 3, 50; Infelix lōlium, Verg. G. 1, 154; Et careant loliis oculis uitantibus agri, Ov. F. 1, 691; add Plin. 18, 153; 22, 160.

**Lōliānus**, adj. of Lollus, clades, Tac. an. 1, 10; **2.** as title of adoption, Treb. Pol. 5, 4.

**lolligo** (rather than lōllo), ius, f. cuttle-fish, octopus, succus lolliginis, Hor. s. 1, 4, 100; lolligo quod subnotat, primo nolligo, Varr. l. 5, 13, 1. uoluit extra aquam, Plin. 9, 84; add 32, 15; octonos (pedes) polyptis saepis lolligini, 11, 258.

**lolligin-cūla**, ae, f. dim. a little cuttle-fish, Pl. Cas. 2, 8, 57.

**Lollius**, adj. or sb. a gens, M. Lollius, M. f., CIL 575; add Hor. od. 4, 9, 33; ep. 1, 2, 1; Vell. 2, 97, 1; Plin. 9, 118; **2.** Lollia Orestilla, Suet. Cal. 25; Lollia Paulina, Claud. 26.

**lōmentārius**, σμυγματοπῶλης, Gloss. Philox.

**lōmentum**, i, (lauo) n. lit. a wash or unguent—esp. of

bean meal, with medicinal properties. Lomento rugas uteri quod condere temptas, Mart. 3, 42, 1; l. appellatur (fabacea) farina, Plin. 18, 170; add 20, 127 etc.; ex faba l. factum, Pall. 11, 14, 9; add Verg. net. 2, 28, 19; 5, 62; 6, 8, 4; 2. a wash of another kind, Plin. 33, 84; 3. a painter's wash or unguent, a colour, Plin. 33, 89; 33, 162 and 163.

**lonchitis**, *ilicis*, adj. f. as sb. a spear-shaped plant, Plin. 25, 137; 20, 76 and 119.

**lonchiton**, *i*, n. a metallic colouring matter, Plin. 34, 124.

**lonchus**, *i*, m. a spear, Tert. cor. mil. 11.

**longacuitas**, *ātis*, f. length of life, longevity, coruorum, Macr. s. 7, 5, 11.

**longaeuos**, adj. long-lived, aged, Verg. 2, 525; 3, 169; 6, 764; Ov. M. 10, 462; Prop. 4, 1, 52; Mart. spect. 5, 3.

**longauro** or **longao**, *ōnis*, m. the straight gut or rectum, Cael. Aur. acut. 3, 22; tard. 2, 1, 11 etc.; Verg. uet. 2, 14, 1 etc.; 2. and so a large pork sausage, fartum longauro, Varr. l. 5, 23; longaones porcini, Apic. 133 Sch.; longaonem, uel si porcina defuerint, caput haeduum, Verg. uet. 2, 28, 17; add 6, 8, 1—longano seculis an error.

**Longidius**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, Cn. Longid., CIL 1177.

**longilōquium**, *ii*, n. long talk, Donat. ad Eum. 2, 2, 34.

**longimānus**, adj. long-handed, a name of Artaxerxes, Hier. chron. Euseb. Ol. 70.

**longinquitās**, *ātis*, f. great distance, Cie. fam. 2, 9, 1; Tac. Agr. 19; 2. great length, nauigandi, Plin. 31, 62; itinerum, Tac. an. 3, 5; itineris, 6, 50 (44); uiae, Flor. 4, 12, 62; 3. of time, long duration, acutis, Tert. Hee. 4, 2, 20; temporum, Cie. diu. 1, 12; morbi, Phil. 10, 16; beliorum, Liv. 10, 31, 15.

**longinquo**, *are*, vb. remove to a great distance, Claud. Mam. 1, 1; Aug. in Ps. 34.

**longinquus**, (*longe* : *propinquus* : *propē*—can it be from *longe* hinc?) adj. far distant, ex locis tam longinquis, Cie. Man. 46; ab extero hoste atque longinquo, Cat. 2, 29; ex longinquiribus locis, Caes. b. g. 4, 27, 6; rationes, 7, 77, 16; agri, Hor. ep. 1, 8, 6; auxilia, Liv. 2, 34, 3; longinqua rei cura, 22, 33, 6; longinqua imperii, Tac. an. 3, 34; 2. esp. ex (or c\*) longinquo, from afar, Sen. ep. 22, 2; Plin. 10, 61\* and 118; 35, 97\*; Tac. an. 1, 47\*; 3. of time, distant in the past or future, non longinqua memoria, Cato ap. Prob. p. 3 K; quum aut tempore longinqua ut praecipis periculo uictoria esset, Liv. 9, 24, 2; monumenta, Plin. 13, 83 (if sound); spes, Tac. an. 13, 37 f.; 4. long, lasting long, actas, Enn. ap. Gell. 6, 14, 5; uita, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 136; sermo, 4, 2, 29; dolores, Cie. fin. 2, 94; observatio, diu. 1, 109; consuetudo, Caes. b. g. 1, 47, 4; oppugnatione, b. c. 3, 80; morbus, Liv. 5, 12; 5. met. far-fetched, similitudo, Quint. 8, 6, 17; 6. longinquum, as cogn. acc. 1, loqui, Pl. Merc. 3, 4, 25; 7. longinque and longinquo, long, a long time, longinque a domo bellum gerentes, Enn. ap. Non. 515, 15; si l. sit afuturus, Ulp. dig. 3, 3, 44; seruus l. absens, 30, 39; 8. longinquus, Gell. 1, 22, 12.

**Longinus**, adj. or sb. m. a cognomen (of adoption?), Q. Cassius Longinus, coin Eckhel 5, 166; C. Cassius C. f. C. n. Longinus, fast. Cons. 583 a.u.c.; Cie. or. 1, 256.

**longipēs**, *pēdis*, adj. long-footed, or rather long-legged, (aues), Plin. 11, 257; scabraeues, 30, 30.

**longisco**, *ere*, vb. become long, Enn. ap. Non. 135, 20 (bis).

**longiter**, *are*, vb. become long, Enn. ap. Non. 135, 20 (bis).

**longitia**, *ae*, f. length, in longitia breuiore, agrim. 316, 2 Lit; add 321, 14 etc.; Verg. uet. 6, 2, 2 (al. al.).

**longitrosus**, sicut dextrosus, Paul. ex F. 120.

**longitudo**, *inis*, f. length, quantum uiae longitudine et latitudine erit, CIL 206, 39; in hac immensitate latitudinum longitudinum altitudinum, Cie. N. D. 1, 54; agnitis, Caes. b. g. 5, 33, 3; 2. of time, eam (noctem)... haec uicet longitudine, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 125; noctis, Cie. Verr. 2, 5, 26; longitudo in sonis, orat. 173; 3. distance in time, consilere in longitudine—for the distant future—Ter. Haut. 5, 2, 10.

**longiuuax**, *ācis*, adj. long-lived, Schol. ad Iuv. 14, 251. **longius-cūlus**, adj. comp. dim. rather long, longish, uersus, Cie. Arr. 25; 2. longiuscule, adv. rather far, Sidon. ep. 8, 11 f.; add Donat. 386, 32 K.

**Longula**, *ae*, f. a town of the Volsci, Liv. 2, 33, 4; 9, 39, 1.

**Longulānus**, adj. of Longula, Plin. 3, 60.

**longulus**, adj. dim. rather long, iter, Cie. Att. 16, 13 a, 2; 2. longule, adv. rather far, far, hinc hinc imus hanc longule ex hoc loco, Pl. Rud. 1, 5, 8; ab urbe hanc longule, Men. pr. 43; Non cogitis hinc longule esse? Ter. Haut. 2, 2, 10; 1. dissita, Apul. M. 9, 15 f.; flor. 1, 2.

**longurio**, *ōnis*, m. dim. a lanky person, Varr. ap. Non. 131, 32.

**longurius**, *ii*, m. a pole, Caes. b. g. 3, 14, 5; 4, 17, 8; Varr. r. 1, 14, 2; 2, 7, 10.

**longus**, (= *δολος*) adj. long, sorticolam longam digitos in laetam digitos..., CIL 198, 51; antas longas p. r. crassas p. 1, 577, 1, 12; hastis longis, Enn. ap. Macr. s. 6, 4, 0; Istaue machaeram longiore habes quam haec est, Pl. Truc. 2, 7, 76; musculum pedes 1 x longum, Caes. b. c. 2, 10, 1; 2. of persons, tall, Sesquipedie quidamst quam tu longior, Pl. Tim. 4, 2, 58; Nauium Pollicem pede longiorem quam quemquam longissimum, Colum. 3, 8, 2; 3. esp. of ships etc., long and so quick and fit for war or piracy, Isidem campas habet textrinum nauibus longis, Enn. ap. Serv. A. 11, 326; lembus, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 45; nauis, Rud. 3, 4, 49; Caes. b. g. 3, 9, 1; 4, 25, 1; Lentul. ap. Cie. fam. 12, 15, 5; Liv. 21, 17, 5; 29, 26, 3; 4. in late writers, distant, Nam remans longis olim Thyrsinus oris, Sil. 6, 623; qui tam longa a domo milita orientem subegit, Just. 18, 1, 3; qui longas terras et ignotas regiones peragraui, ps. Quint. decl. 320; 11 5. of time, long, uita, CIL 33; Neque ego hae nocte longiorem me uidisse censeo, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 123; dies, Epil. 4, 1, 19; uno die longiorem mensem faciunt aut biduo, Cie. Verr. 2, 2, 129; annos, Verg. 10, 549; 6. distant in time, Quandoquidem longos obitus exorta reuistit, Lucr. 4, 393; longa spes auxiliiorum, Sal. ap. Serv. A. 11, 544; Vita summa brevis spem nos uet incohare longam, Hor. od. 1, 4, 15, long before fulfilled; 7. longus, of a person who talks long, or writes over much, long-winded, possum de ichneumonum utilitate dicere, sed nolo esse longus, Cie. N. D. 1, 101; in his litteris longior fui quam uellem, Q. fr. 1, 1, 36; compositione longior, Quint. 10, 1, 118; 8. longum est, it is a long story, it would be tedious, longumst Si tibi narrem quamobrem id faciam, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 94; 1. e. commemorare quae apud quosque misenda sunt, Cie. Verr. 2, 4, 135; 1. est me explicare qua ratione..., or. 2, 119; 9. nihil longius est dum or quum—, nothing is more tedious while—, 1. long at once—, nec longius quicquam Nobis quam dextrae gladium dum accomodet alter, Lucil. ap. Cie. Tusc. 4, 48; nec mihi longius quicquam est quam uidere hominum uultus, Rab. Post. 35; tum ille: nihil sibi 1. fuisse quam ut me uideret, fam. 11, 27, 1; nihil ei longius uidetur quam dum illud uideret argentum, Verr. 2, 4, 30; 10. of metrical quantity, long, eretico qui est ex longa et breui et longa, Cie. or. 3, 183; spondion longa dualis, Quint. 9, 4, 80; et longis longiores et breuius sunt breuiore syllabae, 9, 4, 84; 11. sometimes of a vowel long in itself, not by position, inductus dicimus breui prima littera, infelix longa (pronounce infelix), Cie. orat. 159; 12. absol. w. prep., iv pedes in longo constat—in length, Plin. 17, 205; ex longo (sc. tempore), Verg. 9, 64; per longum (sc. tempus), Sil. 2, 465; 12, 295; 15, 785; in longum (sc. tempus), Verg. B. 9, 50; Tac. an. 3, 27; 11, 20; h. 4, 22; in longius, 2, 95; but in Plin. 2, 190 in longum porrecta spatium; 13. longum, as adv. long, nimis 1. loquor, Pl. Pers. 1, 3, 87; Epil. 3, 2, 40; 5, 1, 58; add Verg. 10, 740; Hor. A. P. 450; 14. longa, as adv. or cogn. acc., longa tuendo, by taking long looks, Stat. Th. 2, 240; 15. longiter, old adv. far, non a leto longiter errat, Lucr. 3, 670; add 5, 133; 16. longe, far, tu ne hinc abas longius, Pl. Men. 2, 2, 52; digitum longe a paedagogo, Baes. 3, 19; non longe a Syracensis, Cie. Verr. 2, 2, 53; 17. of time, Quid longissime meministi? Pl. Men.

5, 9, 52; cum longe tempus muneris abesset, Cic. *Sul.* 54; longe in posterum prospiciente, *fam.* 2, 8, 1; in posterum quam longissime providere, *Phil.* 7, 19; l. prospicere futuros casus, *am.* 30; uitam Naeui prodegit longius, *Brut.* 60; longius tolerari potest parendo, *Caes.* b. g. 7, 71, 4; 18. met., omnis l. antideo stultitia, *Pl.* *Bac.* 5, 1, 3; quod sit a malo longissime, *Capt.* 2, 2, 21; 5, 1, 3; l. improbi-simus, *Cic.* *Brut.* 224; 19. w. gen., longe parentum uelut exulantes, *Apul.* *M.* 5, 9.

**loquacitas**, *ātis*, f. talkativeness, loquacity, *Cic.* *or.* 1, 105; *fam.* 6, 4, 4; *Liv.* 44, 35, 3; *Quint.* 5, 10, 91; 8, 2, 17 etc.

**loquaculus**, *adj.* dim. talkative, *Luer.* 4, 1165.

**loquax**, *acis*, *adj.* given to talking, talkative, *Nam* mul-tum loquaces merito omnes habemur, *Pl.* *Anl.* 2, 1, 5; l. qui nimium loqueretur, *Varr.* 1, 6, 7; senectus est natura loquaci, *Cic.* *sen.* 55; homo loquacissimus, *Flac.* 48; lo-quax magis quam facundus, *Sal.* *ap. Gell.* 1, 15, 13 and *Quint.* 4, 2, 2; 2. met., epistola, *Cic.* *Att.* 4, 14, 3; *ranae*, *Verg.* *G.* 3, 431; *nidi*, *A.* 12, 475; *lymphae*, *Hor.* *od.* 3, 13, 15.

**loquella** or rather loquella, *ae*, f. speech, talk, Loquel-lam commoda tuam: tibi proderit: fatemur... (corr. by T H K), *Pl.* *Cist.* 4, 2, 76; *nutricis loquella*, *Luer.* 5, 230; funditque has ore loquellas (so Ribb.), *Verg.* 5, 84; *Graia loquella*, *Ov.* *tr.* 5, 2, 68; 2. a word, quidam loquellam dixerunt uerbum, *Varr.* 1, 6, 7.

**loquellarius** or rather loquell., *e*, *adj.* attached to words, l. praepositio (inseparable) ut *am.* *Paul.* *ex* F. 4; loquel-lares praepositiones, ut conduco recipio, *Serv.* in *Don.* 420, 4 K; *et.* praep. sex quae loquellis tributae sunt: con di dis re se *am.* *Prob.* 148, 31 K.

**loquentia**, *ae*, f. talk, *Sal.* *Cat.* 5, 5 acc. to *Prob.* *ap.* *Gell.* 1, 15, 18 (perh. rightly); aliud esse eloquentiam, aliud loquentiam, *Plin.* *ep.* 5, 20, 5.

**loquitor**, *ari*, *vb.* r. frq. keep talking, chatter, Eho tu seclis, loquitatusne es gnato meo Male per sermonem? *Pl.* *Bac.* 4, 7, 5; primum rudimentum sapientiae... loqui-tari didicere, *Apul.* *flor.* 2, 15 p. 63 Hild.

**loquor**, *ui*, loquor, or rather loquor, *vb.* r. (prob. for cloquor or gloquor, and so akin to γλωσσα and lingua; cf. *Russ.* *gloγο*) first as a plur. recip., loquimur we talk or chat together etc., Dum haec loquimur, interea loci ad macellum aduenimus, Concurrent laeti mi obuiam, *Ter.* *Eun.* 2, 2, 24; ex quo ueni ad ea quae fueramus ego et tu inter nos de sorore loquit, *Cic.* *Att.* 5, 1, 3; saepiusque ista loquimur inter nos agemusque communiter, *fin.* 3, 9; 2. hence often with cum, Mecum loquitur Numerius, *Afrat.* 27 R; Sed nunc peropus est aut hunc cum ipsa aut de illa me adiutorium hunc loqui, *Ter.* *Andr.* 1, 5, 30; apud Pompeium cenanti nactusque tempus idoneum ita sum cum illo loquens ut..., *Cic.* *fam.* 1, 2, 3; expectabantur litterae tuae de quibus eramus iam cum Pompeio loqui, 1, 8, 7; loqui cum aliis minimum, plurimum secum proderit, *Sen.* *ep.* 105, 6; 3. also of single speakers, but still with notion of familiar talk, Quis hic loquitur? Mysis salue, *Ter.* *Andr.* 1, 5, 32; ad quem... loquistas, *Verg.* 5, 5; 4. hence of speech as a faculty, speak, non. cum primum fingerentur homines, analogia (grammar) formam loquendi delit, sed inuenta est postquam loquebantur, *Quint.* 1, 6, 16; Alex-andro draco loqui usus est, *Cic.* *diu.* 2, 141; bonum in Sicilia loquentum, *Liv.* 24, 10, 10; capiti eius (sc. psittaci) duritia eadem quae rostro; hoc cum loqui discit ferreo nerperatur ratio, *Plin.* 10, 117; neque tam esset in nobis (ipsa ratio) nisi quae concepissemus mente promere etiam loquendo possumus, *Quint.* 2, 16, 15; 5. hence with adverbs of language spoken, Cumani eo anno primum sum in publicae Latine loquentum, *Liv.* 40, 42, 13; ne Themisto-cles testis quem nimis intra annum optime loquentum esse Persice constat, *Quint.* 11, 2, 50; 6. and gen. of mode of speech, barbare loquentis existimatur, *Quint.* 1, 5, 9; aliud esse Latine aliud grammaticae loqui, 1, 6, 27; 7. met., oculi mimi (so Heidegger, *ms* nimis) arguti quoniam modum animo affectu sumus loquentur, *Cic.* *leg.* 1, 27; res loquitur ipsa, *Mil.* 53; ut fana loquitur, *Vell.* 2, 93, 3; nam Cytorio in iugo Loquente saepe sibilum edidit coma, *Catul.* 4, 12;

pinosque loquentes, *Verg.* *B.* 8, 22; tellus nobis aether-que chaosque Aegeoraeque et campi Rhodopeaque saxa loquentur, *Lucan.* 6, 618; Phoeboque (Phoebeique) lo-quentia saxa, *Sil.* 15, 311; 8. even in legal language, edictum loquitur de his qui in seruitute fuerint, *Callist.* *dig.* 4, 6, 14; de uiro heredeque eius lex tantum loquitur, *Ulp.* 24, 3, 64 f.; 9. with acc. of what is said, Adules-cens quates herede loquere (so *Mss.*, *claque*, *cloquere*) tuum mihi nomen nisi piget, *Pl.* *Men.* 5, 9, 7; deliramenta, *Amph.* 2, 2, 64; ipsam rem modo loquens, *Ter.* *Andr.* 1, 2, 31; 10. esp. of grandiloquent talk, as though the words uttered were the things of which they speak, nisi classes loquens et exercitus, *Cic.* *Att.* 9, 2, 3; merum bellum, 9, 13, 8; omnia magna loquens, *Hor.* *s.* 1, 3, 13; proelia, *od.* 4, 15, 1; cf. *τηρημαρχίας ερεϊ και χορηγίας*;

11. with acc. of that about which, talk of, speak of, Vi tuam rem ego tecum hic loquerer familiarum, *Pl.* *Aul.* 2, 1, 15; quas mulieres, Quos tu paritos loquere? *Men.* 2, 2, 53; ne singulas loquar urbes, *Liv.* 5, 54, 5; quid loquar marmora? *Sen.* *ep.* 90, 25; 12. rarely with dat., magnae uolantibus idem Voce loquuntur equis, *Sil.* 16, 323; pars curas deflent uiduissae loquuntur Hoc solum quia restat equis, *Stat.* *Th.* 12, 20; 13. with male loqui (to abuse) a dat. occurs even in old writers, as: Pergen male loqui mulier mihi? *Pl.* *Truc.* 2, 2, 10; Pergen ego absenti male loqui iurissimus? *Ter.* *Ph.* 2, 3, 25; 14. with acc. and inf., eodem die uolgo loquebantur Antonium man-nrum esse Casilini, *Cic.* *Att.* 16, 10, 1; famos esse loquentur, *Luer.* 4, 581; Dapni tum Peneo-etiam ingemuisse leones Interitum montesq. feri siluae-que loquentur, *Verg.* *B.* 5, 28; hospitium nam te dare iura loquentur *A.* 1, 731; 15. even as a simple vb. in *Petr.*, tu qui potes loquere non loquis, *fr.* *trag.* 46.

**lora**, *ae*, f. a poor wine from grapes already pressed, with water added, as described by *Varr.* r. 1, 54, 3; *Colum.* 12, 40; loram bibant menses iii, *Cato* r. 57, 1; mulieres bibebant loram, *Varr.* *ap.* *Non.* 551, 17; uina quae Graeci deueria appellant, *Cato* et nos loram, *Plin.* 14, 80; *lora* correpta prima, uinum aqua corruptum, *Char.* 100, 4 K.

**lōrimentum**, *i*, n. a thong, *Iust.* 11, 7, 16.

**lōrīus**, *adj.* of things—hence as sb. m. one who flogs (slaves), title of *Pl.* *Capt.* 1, 2; in sceniciis fabulis qui dicebantur lorari, *Gell.* 10, 3, 19; 2. a maker of thongs, *C.* *Lilius* C. l. Felix lorari, *inscr.* *Maff.* *Mus.* *Ver.* 205, 3.

**lōrātus**, quasi-part. bound with leather thongs, *inga.* *Verg.* *mor.* 123.

**lōrea**, *ae*, f. = lora, *Cato* r. 25; and *ap.* *Gell.* 10, 23, 2.

**Lōrētānus**, *adj.* of Loretum? portus, *Liv.* 30, 39, 1.

**lōreus**, *adj.* of leather, fanes, *Cato* r. 3, 5; 3, 12; 135; 5; latera, *Pl.* *Mil.* 2, 2, 2.

**lorica**, *ae*, f. a breastplate or cuirass (from cuir), orig. of leather, aft. of metal etc., pro lorica malacum capiam pallium, *Pl.* *Bac.* 1, 1, 40; add *Caes.* 1, 5, 53; ambulat cum lorica, *Cic.* *Flac.* 41; add *Mmr.* 52; Loricae consertam hamis auroque trilinea, *Verg.* 3, 467; loricae ex aere nudent, *S.* 621; Socraticum domum Mutare lorice Hilberis, *Hor.* *od.* 1, 29, 15; multos gaues lorice hausere gurgites, *Liv.* 5, 38, 8; loricae ex cornibus ra-is, *Amn.* 17, 12, 2; l. linea, *Suet.* *Galb.* 19; si loricae sentum galeam (alienam), *Paul.* *dig.* 49, 16, 14, 1; 2. breastwork, parapet, loricae ex cratiibus, *Caes.* *b. g.* 5, 40, 6; 4, 7, 72, 4; *Tac.* *an.* 4, 49; 3. beyond sphere of war, spatium loricae ambitu circumclausum, *Amn.* 24, 5, 2, for inclosure of wild beasts; add *Apul.* *M.* 6, 30; 4. plaster-work, in loriceis ostiorum fenestrationes, *Plin.* 30, 89; loricae ex calce et barena, *Vitr.* 7, 1, 5; l. testacea, 2, 8, 18.

**loricarius**, *adj.* of breastplates, fabrica, *Verg.* *mil.* 2, 11; 2. maker of breastplates, l. *θωρακοποιος*, *Gloss.* *Philox.*

**loricatio**, *ōnis*, f. plastering of walls (see lorica, § 4), *Vitr.* 7, 1, 5; *Paul.* *dig.* 50, 16, 70, 2.

**loricifer**, *θωρακοφορος*, *Gloss.* *Philox.*

**lorico**, *are*, *vb.* arm with a breastplate, only in part lorica-tus, *statua*, *Liv.* 23, 19, 18; *Plin.* *ep.* 8, 6, 13; loricati (cata-phraeti), 37, 40; elephantis, *b.* *Afr.* 72, 4; effigies, *Plin.* 34, 18; 2. ad loricae and a loricae, *inscr.* *Or.* 2893, 2894 still





dem Titienibus ille Quosque notant Ramnes Lūcēribusque dedit, Ov. F. 3, 132; Hinc Titienis Ramnesque uiri Lūcēresque coloni, Prop. 4, 1, 31; cf. Cic. rep. 2, 14.

**lūcērna**, (short vowel due to acc. on penult; cf. δέλλα μᾶμλλα κύρλη) ae. f. lamp, si lucerna extincta sit, Pl. As. 4, 1, 40; add Most. 2, 2, 56; quodam obtutu oculo- rum duo pro uno lucerna lumina, Cic. diu. 2, 120; fraudu- tis immundus Natta lūcernis, Hor. s. 1, 6, 24; ut semel icto Accessit feruor capiti numerusque lūcernis, 2, 1, 25; Haec ego non credam Venusina dignā lūcerna? Iuv. 1, 51; 2. a sea-fish, tripla lucerna, Plin. 9, 82.

**lūcernārius**, adj. of a lamp or lamps, λυχνωρος Gloss. Philox. 2. lucernaria, as sb. f. the plant urbeasum, Marc. Emp. 20. 3. lucernarium, as sb. n. lamplight, Aug. reg. cler.

**lūcernātus**, quasi-part. dressed with lamps, ianua, Tertul. ad ux. 2, 6.

**lūcernūla**, ae. f. dim. a little lamp, Hier. ep. 117, 12; 107, 9.

**lūcesco** or **lucisco**\*, āre, vb. get light, dawn, luescit hoc iam, Pl. Amph. 1, 3, 45; luescit\* (al. luescit) hoc iam, Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 1; ut cum luesceret, in Amanum ascende- rem, Cic. fam. 15, 4; S; lamque nomini terrae stupeant lūcescere solem, Verg. B. 6, 37; add Ov. F. 5, 417; 2. met., luescentis\* amoris, Fronto ad M. Ant. 1, 5, p. 103, 17 Nab.; caput crine luescent, Firm. Math. 4, 13.

**Lūcētus**, adj. of light, lūcētus, Naev. ap. Gell. 5, 12, 6; Maer. s. 1, 15, 14; Paul. ex F. 114; Serv. ad A. 9, 570; 2. so Lucetia, a title of Iuno, Mart. Cap. 37 G. 42, 7 Eys.

**lūcibilis**, φαινερος, Gloss. Philox.

**Lūcidus**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, L. Lucidius L. 1. Bello, CIL 1285.

**Lūcidus**, adj. shining, bright, clear, aer, Luer. 4, 340; sidera, Hor. od. 1, 3, 2; Lucidior uisa est quam fuit ante domus, Ov. F. 1, 94; amnis, Quint. 12, 10, 60; lucidissima stella, Vitr. 9, 6, 1; 2. met., onis, Tib. 2, 1, 62; (puella), Ov. her. 18(19), 133; 3. stronger met., ordo, Hor. A. P. 41; lucidor (auctor), Quint. 10, 1, 74; causa, 4, 4, 41; 4. lucide adv., l. definiat, Cic. 2, 108; lucidius inter diuina mansurus, Sen. ep. 71, 16; l. diens, Quint. 8, 3, 1; lucidissime ostendit, 4, 5, 12; 5. lucidus, name of a horse, inser. Grut. 337.

**lūcifer**, firi, adj. light-bearing, lampas, Acc. ap. Prise. 1, 245 K; Diana, Cic. N. D. 2, 68; pars (lunae), Luer. 5, 726; equi (lunae), Ov. her. 11, 46; 2. as sb. m. Venus, as morning star, propter lunam Lucifer, Pompon. ap. Non. 506, 8; stella Veneris quae φωσφορος Graece, Lucifer Latine dicitur quum ategreditur solem, Cic. N. D. 2, 53; Lucifer ortus erat, Ov. tr. 1, 3, 72.

**lūcidus**, adj. flowing with light, sol, Iuenc. 3, 294; 2. met., sermo, Iuenc. 4, 120.

**lūcifuga**, ae. m. one who shuns the light, Sen. ep. 122, 15; Apul. M. 5, 19; mag. 16 f.

**lūcifugax**, ācis, adj. light-shunning, natio, Min. Fel. Oct. 8 (al. lucifuga); noctua, eam. Philomel. 40.

**lūcifugus**, adj. the same, Lucil. ap. Non. 18, 27; Cic. fin. 1, 61; Verg. G. 4, 243; Colum. 9, 7, 5.

**Lūciliānus**, adj. of Lucilius, as in adoption, L. Vitronius S. f. Lucil(i)anus, CIL 1227; add Varr. r. 3, 2, 17; Plin. 36, 185.

**Lūcilius**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, M. Lucil(i)us Ruf(us), CIL 408 on a denar.; C. Lucilius C. l. Statius, 1430; Hinc omnis pendet Lucilius, Hor. s. 1, 4, 6; uersus Lucilii. Quis tam Lucilii fautor inepte est Vt...? 1, 10, 9; 2. Lucilla T. f., CIL 896.

**Lūcillus**, n. dim. of Lucius, a cognomen, L. Caesonius C. fil. Quirina Lucillus, inser. Marin. fr. Aru. 179; Anice- tus Domitiae P. f. Lucillae, ib. p. 667.

**Lūcina**, ae. adj. f. as sb. goddess of light and so of parturition, Iuno Loucina, CIL 171; add 189 and 1200; Iuno Loucina, tuam fidem, Pl. Aut. 4, 7, 11; add True. 2, 5, 23; Iuno Lucina fer opem, Ter. Ad. 3, 4, 41; add Verg. G. 3, 60; 4, 340; 2. gen. as goddess of light, Efficiat uanos noctis Lucina timores, Tib. 3, 4, 13; cf. Fest. v. supercilii, 305 B 10.

**lūcinium**, cicindela, glowworm, Gloss.

**Lūcīnulus**, m. a cognomen, T. Cassius Lucinulus, inser. Grut. 675, 6.

**Lūcinus**, adj. of light and so of birth, horae, Prud. Symm. 2, 222; cf. Lucina.

**lūcīpārens**, entis, adj. light-producing, nox, Avien. Phaen. 853.

**Lūcīper**, (Luci puer) is, m. slave of Lucius, Plin. 33, 26. **lūcīpator**, ōris, m. sower of light, Prud. cath. 3, 1.

**lūcīscō**, see lūcesco.

**Lūcius**, ūi, m. a praenomen, Cornelius Lucius Scipio, CIL 30; Lucium Scipione, 32; P. Mucio L. Calpurnio eos), 200; Q. Marcus L. f., 106; 2. name of a gens, C. Lucius M. f., 1187; M. Lucius M. f., 1407; Sex. Lucius, 1477; 3. a cognomen, A. Furius Lucius, inser. Marin. fr. Aru. p. 116; 4. a fish, the pike? Aus. Mos. 123.

**lūcrātio**, ōnis, f. making profit, Tertul. ad ux. 2, 7. **lūcrātius**, adj. profitable, lucrative, opera, Quint. 10, 7, 27; tempora, Fronto ad Ant. 2, 2; species possessionis, Gai. 2, 56; usucapio, 2, 60; adquisitio, Ulp. dig. 44, 4, 4, 31.

**Lūcrētius**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, Cn. Lucrētius) Trio, CIL 286 on a denar.; L. Lucrētius) Trio, 451; C. Lucrētius C. l. Apl., 566; Lucrateria a. d. xii K. Mart. (or -i), 507; ad Lucratia Sp. f. Rufa 1055; Carmina sublimis tunc sunt peritūra Lūcrēti, Exilio terras cum dabit una dies, Ov. am. 1, 15, 23.

**lūcricius**, lucrum, not. Tir. 68.

**lūcrificō**, fēci, factus, faciēre, vb. best written as two words, make profit, gain, save, qui facere argenti cupiat aliquid lucri, Pl. Most. 2, 1, 7; Quin tu arabem dicis? 'A' facio lucri, Truc. 3, 2, 22; fecisti lucri, Pers. 4, 4, 116; Me esse hoc trecentos Philippus facturum lucri, Poen. 3, 5, 26; lucri fecerunt, Varr. r. 3, 4, 1; minus lucri facit, Cic. Flac. 91; add Verr. 2, 3, 174; ut quam plurimum lucri faciant, Brut. ap. Cic. fam. 11, 20, 2; add Mart. 8, 10, 2; Petr. 15 (diuisim Bieli.); licet lucri dotem faciat, Gai. dig. 11, 7, 29; add Venul. 35, 2, 6; 2. met. of a debt or loss excused, quam iniuriam lucri fecit, mercedis in luctu ciuitatis, Plin. 7, 129; transluce equum ac lucri fac censuro- rum notam, Val. M. 4, 10, 11; illo beneficio suum malificium lucri facere, bell. Hisp. 36, 1.

**lūcrificābilis**, e, adj. profitable, dies, Pl. Pers. 4, 7, 2. **lūcrifico**, āre, vb. make a profit of, gain, Tertul. praeser.

24. **lūcrificus**, adj. bringing profit, Fortuna, Pl. Pers. 4, 3, 46 and 47.

**lūcrifio**, fieri, vb. better diuisim, be gained, in hac emptione lucri fieri tritici modium c, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 111; add Mart. 11, 50, 5; aqua...tactie lucri fit ab eo qui ducit, Ulp. dig. 43, 20, 5, 3.

**lūcrifuga**, ae. m. one who runs away from profit, Pl. Ps. 4, 7, 33.

**Lūcrinensis**, e, adj. of the Lucrine lake, Cic. Att. 4, 10, 1.

**Lūcrinus**, adj. Lucrine, lacus, Suet. Aug. 16; aqua, Prop. 1, 11, 10; conchylia, Hor. epod. 2, 49; ostrea, Plin. 9, 168; 2. absol. as sb. the Lucrine lake, An memorem portus Lūcrinoque addita claustra? Verg. G. 2, 161; add Plin. 9, 169; la-cui stagna Lucrini, Mart. 4, 57, 1; add 0, 43, 5; 3. Lucinium, as sb. n. Lucrine oyster, Mart. 0, 11, 5.

**lūcrio**, ōnis, m. dim. of contempt, κερδωρα quem nos lu- crionem uocamus, Paul. ex F. 56; 2. a cognomen, T. Hostilius Lucrion, inser. Marin. fr. Aru. p. 252; M. Ver- sicius Lucrion, inser. Maif. mus. Ver. 270, 10.

**lūcrīpēs**, pētis, adj. the same, Cassiod. ur. 11, 12. **lūcrīpēta**, ae. m. money-grubber, fenerator, Pl. Most. arg. 6.

**lūcrus**, adj. of gain, Di Lucrui, Arnob. 4, 9.

**lūcor**, āri, vb. r. gain, ut debitorum lucentur alienum, Cic. off. 2, 84; missorum stipendium, Verr. 2, 5, 62; auri pondo x, parat. 21; talentum, Hor. A. P. 238; lucreti pendende, Tac. G. 24; plus periuiri, Suet. Cal. 41; do- tem, Ulp. dig. 27, 6, 11, 4; lucreti animo, Gai. 41, 1, 9, 8; 2. gain by saving, lucreti salis, Plin. 18, 68; 3. met., iudicia ueteris infamiae (as not mentioned), Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 33; moram fati, Stat. Th. 9, 779.

**lucrōsus**, adj. profitable, voluptuous, Ov. am. 1, 10, 35; frans luerosior, Plin. 37, 197; id luerosissimum, 18, 320; add Tace. Agr. 19 f.; hereditas, Ulp. dig. 4, 4, 7, 5; Gai. 26, 8, 9, 3; 2. adv. comp. luerosius, Hier. ep. 22, 13.

**lucrum**, (ab luendo says Varr. l. 5, 36, p. 176 Sp.—but how? rather for elu-erum and so from el-cro grow, comp. ol-us etc., and al-o raise) i. n. gain, profit, Quoi homini di propitii sunt, aliquid obiciunt luci, Pl. Pers. 4, 3, 1; Pecuniam in loco negligere maximum interdiutur lucrum, Ter. Ad. 2, 2, 8; Avarus animus nullo satiatur luero, poet. ap. Sen. 94, 43; emendi aut vendendi luero, Cie. Tusc. 5, 9; ex publicis uiculis tanta luera facit, Verr. 2, 3, 80; Perque aditus tales luera pandunt petant, Ov. a. 3, 442; 2. esp. in dat., Amant anicentias malost, nobis luero, Pl. Men. 2, 3, 5; add As. 1, 3, 40; Cist. 1, 1, 52; More. 3, 2, 10; Anton. ap. Cie. Phil. 13, 40; 3. often met. from profit in bookkeeping, omne id deputare esse in luero, Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 16; id de luero putato esse omne, Ad. 5, 3, 31; hoc in luero ponere, Cie. Flac. 40; id in lucris pono, fam. 7, 24, 1; in luero quae datur hora mihi est, Ov. tr. 1, 3, 68; de luero iam quadriennium uinimus, Cie. fam. 9, 17, 1; de luero tibi uinere me scito, Liv. 40, 8, 2; 4. Non. 210, 17 speaks of a mase. g., wrongly quoting pergrandem lucrum from Pl. Pers. 4, 3, 24.

**lucta**, (see luctor) ac, f. wrestling, Auson. ep. 93; Aug. ep. 106 m.; Sidor. ep. 2, 2 m.; but in Capitol. Max. 6, 5 Peter has luctamina.

**luctamen**, inis, n. wrestling—hence athletic exercise, effort, Thybris...ita substituit, romo ut luctamen abesset, Verg. 8, 89; seque toris misero luctamine truci Deolunt, Val. F. 2, 234; post luctationem operam palaestrae...ant luctaminibus mollioribus dabat, Lampr. Al. Sen. 30, 4; 2. a legal contest, a struggle, Th. C. 11, 30, 40; 4, 21, 1; but luctamine in Pall. 3, 9, 13 corrupt.

**luctatio**, ōis, f. wrestling, sine adversario nulla i. est, Cie. fat. 30; pugilatione et luctatione, leg. 2, 38 (so Madv., but dub); multos uinere luctatione nec caestu, Sen. ep. 88, 19; 2. struggling, tatra ili luctatio erat, Liv. 21, 36, 7; 3. met. a fight, contest, struggle, cum Academicis i., Cie. fin. 2, 43; cum Diodoro, fat. 12; ciuitatis pugnant cum Caesare, Vell. 2, 124, 2.

**luctator**, ōris, m. wrestler, Ov. tr. 4, 6, 31; lb. 391; Sen. ben. 5, 3, 1; 7, 1, 4; ep. 88, 18; Gell. 3, 15, 3; 2. met., (unum) pedes captat primum: luctator dolosus, Pl. Ps. 5, 1, 15.

**luctatus**, ūs, m. wrestling, Plin. 8, 33; 29, 26.

**luctifer**, ūra, crum, adj. bearer of mourning, bubo, Sen. Here. f. 691; amicus, Val. F. 3, 454.

**luctificāb-ilis**, e, adj. lamenting, Antiopa acrumnis cor luctificābē fulta, poet. ap. Pers. 1, 78.

**luctificus**, adj. causing mourning (in poets), elades, Cie. Tusc. 2, 25; Allecto, Verg. 7, 324; uox, Sen. Phaedr. 1004; clangores, Stat. Th. 10, 552; panor, Sil. 6, 557; 3. as adv. or cogn. acc., luctificum clagente tuba, Val. F. 2, 349.

**luctisōnus**, adj. sounding mournfully, mugitus, Ov. M. 1, 732.

**luctio**, āre, vb. frq. and luctitor, vb. frq. r., Prisc. 1, 392, 14 K.

**lucto**, āre, vb. [see luctor] wrestle, ualidis uiribus luctant, Enn. ann. 301 V; plurimum luctauimus, Pl. ap. Non. 468; Dicitque sese illi anulum, dum luctat, detraxisse, Ter. Hee. 5, 3, 31; see also delucto.

**luctor**, āri, vb. r. [for pluctor i. e. pol-uct-or, pol-ue=παλα of παλαω, and παλαχ theoretic form of παλω] first as plur. recip., luctamur we wrestle with each other, fulua luctantur arena, Verg. 6, 643; Inter se aduersis luctantur cornibus haedi, G. 2, 525; 2. hence also w. cum, wrestle, Verum illi ualent qui bene luctantur cum leonibus, Pomp. 176 R; 3. also absol., for the adversary need not be mentioned, si esset dictum 'Luctabitur Olympis Milon', et refert aliter 'Ergo sine habebit aduersarium sine non habebit luctabitur', erraret; est enim copulatum luctabitur, quia sine aduersario nulla luctatio est, Cie. fat. 30; exercebat plurimum luctando, sp. Nep. Epam. 2; luctatur (polyplus cum homine) et sorbet acetabulo.

lis cum in erinantibus impetum cepit, Plin. 9, 91; 4. met., nouum statuto te uirum satis habere ut ego teum luctari debeam, Cie. Sull. 47; diu quorum esset partium secum luctatus, Vell. 2, 64, 3; cum difficulset leorum et cum ui hostium luctatus, 2, 115, 2; malus est ager cum quo dominus luctatur, Plin. 18, 28; 5. in poets with dat., Tristia robustis luctantur funera plaustris, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 74; Icaris fluctibus, od. 1, 1, 15; morti, Sil. 10, 296; pelago, 14, 353; tenebris, Stat. Th. 11, 522; and what for poets are dat., uiridi robore, Lucan. 3, 503; putri caespitē, Sil. 4, 585; 6. also absol. wrestle with difficulties, fight one's way, struggle, luctandum in turba, Hor. s. 2, 6, 28; in arido solo, Liv. 7, 38, 7; 7. in poets with inf. struggle, strive, telum eripere, Verg. 12, 387; deducere nersum, Ov. Pont. 1, 5, 13; 8. the παλ of παλν etc. may be one with our fall.

**luctuōsus**, adj. full of mourning, mournful, dies, Cie. Sest. 27; tempora, fam. 5, 14, 1; preces, Cat. 3, 19, 2; luctuō-issimum exitium, Sull. 33; uictoria, Sal. Cat. 58, 21; Hesperia, Hor. od. 3, 6, 8; 2. luctuosus adv., canere, Varr. l. 5, 11, p. 81 Sp.; luctuosius nobis perierunt, Liv. 28, 39, 6.

**luctus**, ūs, m. lit. howling, wailing, esp. for the dead; hence mourning, deep grief, Inopiam luctum maerorem paupertatem algum famem, Pl. Vidul. ap. Prisc. 1, 235, 6 K; illi permitit dabo, Mihi maerores, illi luctum, Enn. ap. Cie. N. D. 3, 66; quantum luctum audiui? Cato ap. Gell. 10, 3, 17; luctum addit luctibus, Acc. ap. Non. 445, 2; filio luctum parat, Ter. Hee. 2, 1, 13; summo in luctu ac sollicitudine (Prae desiderio\* gmatue, CIL 1008, 9; luctus acgritudo ex eius qui curus fuit interitu\* acerbio, Cie. Tusc. 4, 18; hunc miserum luctu perditum qui nondum paterno luctu iusta solisset, Rose. Am. 23; plena erant omnia luctus, Caes. b. e. 2, 41, 8; inuenim... Transadigit costas...At fratres animosa phalanx accensaque luctu\* Verg. 12, 277; 2. hence mourning, as shown in dress, erat in luctu senatus: squallebat ciuitas ueste mutata, Cie. Sest. 32; 4. cito diebus xxi luctus est finitus, Liv. 22, 56, 5; Planeia luctum amissae\* sororis tum primum laeto cultu mutauit, Tac. an. 2, 75; minuitur populo luctus aedis dedicatione, priuatis cum liberi nati sunt, Fest. 154, B 19; 3. lucti as gen., lapere (capere?) lucti nestem, Acc. ap. Non. 485, 33; Tunc quod superest socium mittis leto an lucti puenit? Acc. ib.

**luctubrātio**, ōis, f. [lucubro] lamplight, per hiemem luctubratiōe haec facito, Cato r. 37, 3; longis noctibus ad diurnum tempus aliquid adiciendum est, nam multa sunt quae in luctubratiōe recte aguntur, Colum. 11, 2, 90; nulla regio non aliquid affert quod ad luctubratiōem confici possit, 91; ad luctubratiōem nespertum palos conficere, tōdemque per antelucanā luctubratiōem, 12;

2. working by lamplight, Nunc propter intermissionem forensis operae et luctubratiōes detraxi et merceditiones addidi, Cie. diu. 2, 142; tota conuenticia, nix digna luctubratiōe anicularum, N. D. 1, 94; oleum in luctubratiōe seruabimus, Varr. s. p. 237, 1 R; nec possum in forum adducere luctubratiōes meas uigilantes, Plin. 18, 43; cannabis uellitur post uindemiam ac luctubratiōibus deorticia purgatur, 19, 174; 3. work so produced, perire luctubratiōem meam nolui et eam ipsam Caminio dedi, Cie. fam. 9, 2, 1; luctubratiōes, the title of a work by Bibaculus, Plin. 1, 24.

**luctubratiō-cūla**, ae, f. dim. a few minutes of lamplight, haec ad breuem luctubratiōem celeri sermone dictam, Hier. ep. 117, 12; 2. working by lamplight, sed cupio paupis sermone a me abscedat, et luctubratiōculae aliquam facultatem trahat, M. Aur. ap. Ter. 1, 3; 3. work so produced, Gell. pr. 14.

**luctubrātō-ius**, adj. [implies a sb. luctubrator] for one who works by lamplight, lecticula, Suet. Aug. 78.

**luctubo**, āre, vb. [ult. from lue] work by lamplight, Tum denique omnis cum lucerna combastit In luctubrando oluitasque consumpta, Varr. s. p. 144, 4 R; Inter luctubrandes aneilas sedentem inueniunt, Liv. 1, 57, 9; sin luctubrandum est, non post cibum id facere, Cels. 1, 2; luctubrare (Plinius) Vulcanalibus incipiebant a nocte multa,

hieme nero ab hora septima, Plin. ep. 3, 5, 8; 2. vb. trans. work at or produce by lamp-light, acipies hoc paruum opusculum lucubratus mihi iam contrahitur noctibus, Cic. par. 5; nec die tantum verum etiam nocte lucubrabat perunguem farinam? Apul. M. 9, 11; 3. i. uiam, travel by lamp-light, Quorsum i-tam lucubratus uiam nec noctis larvas formidatis? Apul. M. 6, 30; 4. spend in such work, Haec dat nocturnis nos lucubrata Camenis, Mart. 4, 90, 9.

**lucularis**, e, adj. of a grove, P. Aelio Marcello... flaminii luculari Lauren., inser. Or.-Henz. 6747.

**luculens**, implied in luculeter adv., clearly, cum Graece luculeter (so Maiv. and Bait.) sciam, Cic. fin. 2, 15; but in off. 3, 60 Baiter has luculente w. the MSS; and in Q. fr. 3, 5, 1 the same w. MR against luculeter of IE.

**luculentia**, ae, f. brilliancy, met., uerborum luculentias, Arnob. 3, 6; scriptorum, Oros. 5, 15.

**luculentitas**, atis, f. the same, met., Caecil. ap. Non. 135, 2; Laber. ib.

**luculentus**, (cf. fraudulentus, ulolentus) adj. full of light, metuo ne frigus in hiernis; quamobrem camino luculento utendum censeo, Cic. fam. 7, 10, 2; 2. met. brilliant, splendid, glorious, femina, Pl. Mil. 4, 1, 12; condicio, 4, 1, 6; Rud. 5, 3, 51; homines, Capt. 2, 2, 75 (of station); familia, Cist. 2, 3, 18; diuitiae, Rud. 5, 2, 33; hereditas, Truc. 2, 3, 24; ambulaerum, Mo- 3, 2, 132; facinus, Men. 1, 2, 32; dies, Epid. 1, 2, 5 and 3, 2, 5; proelium, Pl. ap. Non. 63, 15; forma, Ter. Haut. 3, 2, 12; opus, Afran. ap. Non. 317, 19; auspacia, Licin. Maer ap. Non. 63, 13; patrimonium, Cic. Phil. 12, 19; plura, 7, 17; nauigia, Att. 16, 4, 4; anetres, 10, 14, 2; homo, 2, 12, 4; scriptor, 7, 17, 2; uerbis luculentioribus, 12, 21, 1; oratio, Sic. Cat. 31, 6; 3. lucuente adv., Pl. Merc. 2, 3, 88; Cic. Q. fr. 3, 2, 1; Att. 14, 21, 1.

**Lucullianus**, adj. of Lucullus, ager, Frontin. ag. 5, 8; 10; horti, 22; uilla, Suet. Tib. 73; carinae, Sidon. Carm. 2, 511.

**Lucullus**, adj. the same, marmor, Plin. 36, 6 and 49; lanceae, anon. ap. Suet. Dom. 10.

**Lucullianus**, adj. the same, horti, Tac. an. 11, 32 and 37.

**Lucullus**, m. a cognomen. M. Terentius M. f. Varro Lucullus, CIL 583; Lucullus miles, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 26.

**luculus**, i, m. dim. a little grove, Suet. uit. Hor. f.; cf. lucularis.

**lucuna**, see lacuna.

**lucunculus**, (lucuntulus?) i. m. dim. of lucus, a little cake of some kind, Afran. ap. Non. 131, 27; Stat. silu. 1, 6, 17; Apul. M. 10, 13; i. τρυφάντης, Gloss. Philox.; but in Afran. and Apul. dub.

**lucuns**, (prob. for glaucuns = γλαυκός or γλαυκός; cf. πλάκων) untis, f. a sweet cake of some kind, Panis pammū lucuns, cibis qui purissimus multo-ut, Varr. ap. Non. 131, 24; "Vinum (pemmū) lucuns" nihil adiunxit: ista ministrat, Varr. ib.; Lucuntem genus operis pistorii, Paul. ex F. 119.

**lucus**, (perh. for solucus, a lost adj. of wh. sol is the root, analogue of E. adj. hollow as in Hollow-*een* = G. heilig, E. holy, G. selig; *al-*er**, compared with *hap-*er** = E. dare, has its root in *al* for *al*, and so is perh. akin) i. m. holy ground gen. covered with trees, a consecrated grove, lucos in agris habebat olim, xii tab. ap. Cic. leg. 2, 19; lucum Dianum, Caro ap. Prise. 129 K; Siliani lucus extra murum autus, Crebro saluto opusculi, Pl. an. 4, 6, 8; nos Albani lucu impiorum, neque Albanorum arae quas ille caesis sanctissimis lucis oppresserat, Cic. Mil. 85; exaudia uox est a lucu Vestae, dia. 1, 101; circa (Hennam) luci sunt plerumque, Verr. 2, 4, 107; lucu tum forte parentis Piluini Iunus sacra uale sedebat, Verr. 9, 3; Lucus in urbe fuit mediā... hic templum Iunoni... Dido Condebat, 1, 441; lucus et ara Dianae, Hor. A. P. 16; nirtutum uerba putas et Lucum ligna, ep. 1, 6, 32; Tioini lucus, od. 1, 7, 13; pios per lucos, 3, 4, 6; add 1, 4, 1; Et memora in domibus sacros imitantia lucos? Tib. 3, 13; templum erat Lacinae Iunonis. Lucus ibi silua septus... Liv. 24, 3, 4; Deae dominae... (lucum) consecraui, inser. Or. 4588:

2. in Verg. G. 2, 122; A. 7, 29 and 697; 11, 456 sanctity is neither expressed nor excluded.

**lūdia**, ae, f. an actress or stage-dancer, Iuv. 6, 265; Mart. 5, 24, 10.

**lūdiarius**, adj. of actors, ex pecun. ludiar., inser. Or. 2601.

**lūdbriōsus**, adj. calculated to excite laughter, scornful, uerba, Gell. 6, 17, 11, 5; auipicia, Amm. 15, 5, 25;

2. ludibriose adv., Amm. 26, 6, 16; Tertul. res. carn. 61.

**ludibrium**, ii, (suffix what? n. a laughing-stock, a thing to laugh at, ludibrio habere, Pl. Men. 2, 3, 45; add Epil. 5, 2, 1; Cas. 3, 5, 19; 5, 1, 13; Ter. Hec. 4, 1, 11; ludibria Fortunae, Cic. par. 9; 1. impudentia, dom. 131; ludibrio esse, Cornif. ad Her. 4, 51; Sal. Cat. 5, 13, 2; Brutus ad Targuiniis ductus Delphos, ludibrium uerius quam comes, Liv. 1, 56, 9; Ne turbata uolent (folia) ludibria uentis, Verg. 6, 75; 2. an in-ult. uirgines stupra perpes-ae corporum ludibria debebant, Curt. 10, 1, 3; ludibria meorum nuntiatorum ex. 4, 10, 27.

**lūdiū-undus**, adj. playing, joking, laughing, Pl. P. 5, 1, 29; nos caelo sereno ad Hydruntin ludibundū peruenimus, Cic. fam. 16, 9, 2; i. Vultuim habebis omnia ludibundus concidit, Timarch. ap. Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 159; uerbi, Gell. 3, 5, 2; circum nicos uocabatur l., Suet. Nero 25.

**lūdic-er** or **crus**, era, crum, adj. of public games or the stage, theatrical, quod artem ludicram fecit, Cic. 2, 6, 123; artem facere ludicram, Pl. Aul. 4, 3, 3; (chance like a stage actor); ludicrae artes ad uoluptatem uoluntatem atque animum tendunt, Sen. ep. 88, 22; ars l., Liv. 7, 2, 12; ludicrae (tibiae), Plin. 16, 172; (coronae), 21, 7; cithara ludicrum in modum canere, Tac. an. 14, 14; ludicrae partes sustinebant, Suet. Nero 11; 2. ludicrum, absol. as stg. n. public games, festival, Olympiorum solenne l., Liv. 28, 7, 14; Isthmiorum statum l., 33, 32, 1; 1. Nemeorum, 34, 41, 1; prope huius saeculi copia l. celebratum est, 35, 22, 2; Ludicra quid (cense)? Hor. ep. 1, 6, 7; clarissimum omnium ludicrum (a gen-2) certamen Olympiorum initium habuit, Vell. 1, 8, 1; cum patri funebri ludos faceret, quo in ludicrum... 1, 8, 2; ludos Augustales... in uicem et ludicrum Augustus, Tac. an. 1, 54; (etiam) ludicrum quae sitae, Plin. 21, 6; 11. 3. gen. of play, playful, perit exercitatio aliqua ludicra delectatur, Cic. N. D. 1, 102; ars ludicra armorum, or. 2, 84; neque enim leuia aut ludicra potuit in Praetoria, Verg. 12, 762; Nunc itaque et uisus et cetera ludicra pono, Hor. ep. 1, 1, 10; 4. noun. male, not fun. 1. 5. ludici a-*ad*, ap. Prise. 1, 350, 6; 6. ludicri as uerb., pars ludicre saxa iactant, Enn. ap. Non. 134, 14; add Apul. M. 9, 7.

**ludicror?** in Fronto ep. ad amic. 1, 12 *res* have ludicrari, wh. Mai ludicrar.

**ludificatio** in Pl. Epil. 5, 2, 41 Geppert w. *res* ludos fecisti.

**ludificāb-ilis**, e, adj. amusing, ludi, Pl. Cas. 2, 1, 3.

**ludificatio**, ōis, f. making a fool of (a per-*on*), trifling (with, cum omni ludificatione senatus auctoritas impudenter, Cic. Verr. 2, 75; hostis, Liv. 22, 18, 9; ueri, 26, 6, 16).

**ludificator**, ōis, m. one who tries to make a fool of (a person), Pl. Men. 5, 1, 18.

**ludificatō-rius**, adj. deceitful, imaginative, Aug. C. D. 11, 26.

**ludificatus**, ūs, m. making a fool of, a laughing-stock, Tum profecto me ad habento currae ludificatus eo Camer.; ms D ludificatus, Pl. Poen. 5, 2.

**ludifico**, are, vb. make a fool of, trifling (with, erum qui sic ludificas dicis delinquent, Pl. Amph. 2, 1, 35; Ita me ludificat, M. 2, 6, 8; si ludare ac diuitias ludificare uideatur, Cic. Quinct. 54; 2. ludifico, ari, as pass., m-*anne* lūc in uia hospitem Tractam et ludificatam? Pl. Mil. 2, 6, 10; postquam uideo me sic ludificari, Capt. 3, 1, 27; add Truc. 1, 1, 3; 2, 8, 6; qui obuii ludibus fuerant ludificati inuenerunt, Sal. 14, 51, 4; Ut puerorum actas improbi ludificaret, Lucr. 1, 930.

**ludificor**, ari, vb. r. make a fool of, trifling (with), ni ludificata epide Eros calump emam in me imposito, Pl. Mil. 3, 3, 53; quibus modis ludificatus me, Most. 5, 2, 26; add Capt. 4, 4, 20; ludificatus uirginem, Ter. Eun. 4,

3, 3; add 4, 4, 49; aperte ludificari, Cic. Rose. Am. 55; hostem artibus belli, Liv. 27, 46, 6; Romanum impune, Tac. an. 3, 21; 2. so far either absol., or w. acc. of person; also met. w. acc. of thing, locationem, Liv. 39, 44, 8; quicquid hostes ingenti mole agerent, (Archimedes) perleu momento ludicaretur, 24, 34, 2; fugi rostra, Flor. 2, 2, 8; nim (Hannibalis) eunctationibus ludificantem, Val. M. 7, 3, ext. 8.

**ludimagister**, better as two words, and so in best edd. of Cic., Mart., Iustin.

**ludimentum**, *παίγνιον*, Gloss. Philox.

**ludio**, *onis*, m. dim. of contempt [ludius] a play-actor or dancer, ludiones (so mss., Madv. ludii, homines) ex Etruria acciti ad tibiocinis modos saltantes huius indecoros motus Tusco more dabant, Liv. 7, 2, 4; add perh. 7, 2, 6 w. Madv. has ludius, mss. ludios; but in 39, 6, 8 edd. non ludiorum; *της ποικίλης ἡγέμενος καλοῦμενοι προς αὐτῶν...Λαδωνες, εἰκοτες ὅς ἐμοι δοκεῖ τῶν αὐτῶν*, Pion. Hal. ant. 2, 71; *σατυριστὴς δὲ σκηνικός* ludio, (Gloss. Cyril.); ludio (ms ludus) *σατυριστῆς*, Gloss. Philox.; *Κομῆτες* (ms *Κομῆτραι*) ludiones, gloss. uetust. of Haupt, whom see in Herm. 3, 149.

**luditor**, *διδασκῆς*, Gloss. Philox.

**ludius**, (from ludus or Lydus?) i. n. professional dancer or actor, glabriorum...quam uolus ludisti, Pl. Aut. 2, 9, 6; si ludus constitit, Cic. har. resp. 23; Ludius aequatam ter pede pulsat humum, Ov. a. a. 1, 112; ex Circo ludios, Suet. Aug. 74; in Iuv. 6, 82 ludius is a bad ej.; 2. a cognomen, Ludius, a painter, Plin. 35, 116.

**ludo**, (poss. for plugo and so akin to E. play, G. spielen) *ere*, si. sus. vb. play, as opp. to work, ludere inter se laetantis nidius, Naev. ap. Non. 547, 28; signum in manu tibi, Ludenti puero quod memoridi simia, Pl. Poen. 5, 2, 114; Campum ubi ludunt, CIL 1166, 7; ludendi est modus retinendus...suppediit autem Campus noster honesta exempla ludendi, Cic. off. 1, 104; geminos huius ubera circum ludere pendentes pueros, Verg. 8, 632; 2. of other than human beings, Congruum istum maximum in aqua simulo ludere, Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 23; In sicco ludunt fulvae, Verg. 4, 1, 363; equa campis, Hor. od. 3, 11, 10; 3. of things, si qua Audeat in exiguo ludere cubila laeu, Ov. tr. 2, 330; Ludentis per colla iuba, Sil. 16, 364; 4. w. abl., luto, Pl. Mil. 2, 3, 54; tali ludo, Most. 5, 2, 36; tesseri, Ter. Ad. 4, 7, 21; alea, Cic. Phil. 2, 56; pila et xii scriptis, or. 1, 217; seu trocho...seu alea, Hor. od. 3, 24, 57; latrunculis, Sen. ep. 106, 11; 5. w. acc., par impar, Hor. a. a. 3, 248; latronum proelia, Ov. a. a. 3, 357; Troiam, Suet. Nero 7; aleam, ib. 30; hence in pass.: Sunt alii scriptae quibus alea luditur artes, Ov. tr. 2, 471; 6. w. adv., datatim, Pl. Cure. 2, 3, 17; and met., Pomp. ap. Non. 96, 18; 7. esp. of military exercises, uideant ad ludendumne an ad pugnamque arma sint sumpturi, Cic. or. 8, 84; Ludere qui nescit campestribus abstinet armis, Hor. A. P. 379; Nec uisi lusura motuina arma manu, Ov. tr. 4, 1, 72; 8. and dancing, nec dare brachia Ludentem nitidis uirginibus, Hor. od. 2, 12, 19; Inter ludere uirgines, 3, 15, 5; At inuenum series teneris innixta puellis ludit, Tib. 1, 3, 63; Ludite, iam Nix iungit equos, 2, 1, 87; 9. of light words or writings thrown out in sport, idite trifles, often w. acc., in senatu lusi Appium propterea isse ad Caesarem ut tribunatum auferret, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 15, 3; Multum lusimus in meis tabellis, Catul. 50, 2; et ipsum Ludere quae uellem calamo permisit agresti, Verg. B. 1, 10; Carmina qui lusi pastorum, G. 4, 565; si quid uacui sub umbra Lusimus, Hor. od. 1, 32, 2; Talia luduntur fumoso mense Decembri, Ov. tr. 2, 491; hoc inueni lusum mihi carmen, 1, 9, 61; Cetera quicquam quondam quae mihi lusi, Sulp. 5, 7; 10. w. cogn. acc., consilium luserat ille ludum, Ter. Eun. 3, 5, 38; Ludum insolentem ludere, Hor. od. 3, 29, 50; 11. ludere operam, to trifle away or waste one's labour, In pertusum ingenuis dicta delium: operam ludimus, Pl. Ps. 1, 1, 135; in illis opera luditur, Ter. Ph. 2, 2, 18; 12. w. acc. of person, make game of, make a fool of, trifle with, ludam hominem probe, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 51; me, Cure. 2, 3, 47; Capt. 4, 2, 97; Mil. 2, 3, 53; nebuloem hunc certum ludere, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 38; ludis fortasse me, Haut. 4, 6, 20; sophistas lusus uide-

mus a Secrate, Cic. fin. 2, 2; Verte deus ludus, Or. F. 2, 357; enu lusi iocose satis, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 12, 2; uatem formidine ludit, Verg. 7, 442; an me ludit amabilis Insania? Hor. od. 3, 4, 5; qui posset ludere pacto Custodes, Tib. 1, 6, 9; 13. w. cogn. acc., quam uultu (haruspices) luserunt, Cic. diu. 2, 52; 14. ciuem bonum 1. play the part of, Cael. ap. Cic. fam. 8, 9, 1.

**ludus**, i. (old ludus? and ludest? cf. oenus, octor) m. play, game, fun, Non omnis aetas, Lyde, ludo conuenit, Pl. Bac. 1, 2, 21; datur huius aetati aliqui ludus, Cic. Cael. 28; Nec lussus pudet, sed non incidere ludum, Hor. ep. 1, 14, 36; Posthumi tamen illorum mea seria ludo, Verg. B. 7, 17; 2. met., ludum iocumque dicit fuisse illum alterum, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 9; ceterarum rerum oratio ludus est homini non hebeti, Cic. or. 2, 72; illa perdiscere ludus esset, fin. 1, 27; quibus iusurandum iocus est, testimonium ludus, Flac. 12; non mediocribus laboribus continere ut ad istos honores perueniant ad quos nos per ludum peruenimus, Verr. 2, 5, 181; Nil ibi per ludum simulabitur: omnia fient Ad uerum, Iuv. 6, 324; 3. dare ludum, give a holiday, i. datus est argentarius, Pl. Cas. pr. 26; Ego dare me ludum meo gnato institui, Eac. 4, 10, 7; amor, Hor. od. 3, 12, 1; 4. a title of a joking book, in Naenii poeae ludo, Cic. sen. 20; and: L. Annaei Senecae ludus de morte Claudii; II 5. a game, as opp. to work (cf. εὐχολῶν), Eam uidit ire e ludo fiducio domum, Pl. Rud. pr. 43; Haecin te 'sse oblitum, in ludo qui fuisti tamdiu! As. 1, 3, 73; add Pers. 2, 1, 6; (eam) in ludum decere et reddere, Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 36; add 38; Hec. 2, 1, 6 and 7; ludi magister fuit, Cic. N. D. 1, 72; e ludo atque e pueritiae discipulis ad patris exercitum profectus est, Mau. 28; add or. 2, 94 and 100; in ludo gladiatorio, Cat. 2, 9; add Caes. b. c. 1, 14, 4; quem puerum in ludo cognouerat, Nep. Att. 10, 3; in ludo militari comiter facilis, Liv. 7, 33, 1; III 6. ludi, public games, gen. in honour of some god, Libera ligna loquemus ludis Liberalibus, Naev. ap. Paul. ex F. 116; Simulque cursuram meditator ad ludos Olympios, Pl. St. 2, 1, 34; ludis dare se uelle acedibus, Poen. 5, 2, 52; ludis circiensibus (sic), CIL 206, 64; Hicse magistres Veneris... loitros? fecerunt, Ser. Sulpicio M. Aurelio co(s.), CIL 565; add 566; Hicse magistres Castori...loedots? fecere, 567; ludos Cereri faciunt, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 36; 7. met., ludice ludos nunciam quando lubet, Pl. Ps. 1, 5, 132; Lubidost ludos tuos spectare, Pseudale, 139; Quid cessamus ludos facere? Circus noster ecce adest, Pl. ap. Varr. 1, 5, 32; 8. esp. w. facere, and first a dat., make high sport (for), Nibi pastores ludos faciunt coris Consulua, Varr. ap. Non. 21, 19; dum alii sibi ludos faciunt, Petr. 73; 9. esp. in irony, Miris modis di ludos faciunt hominibus, Pl. Merc. 2, 1, 1; Rud. 3, 1, 1; Ludos ego hodie uiro praesenti huius senii Faciam, quod credo mortuo nunquam fore, Most. 2, 1, 80; tibi ego ludos faciam, Truc. 4, 2, 46; 10. w. acc. make great game of, qui ludos facis me, Pl. Amph. 2, 1, 21; Exploratore hunc faciamus ludos suppositicium, Adeo donicum ipse sese ludos fieri senserit, Ps. 4, 7, 71; hinc me aetatis ludos bis faciam! Bac. 5, 1, 4; ut ludos facit, Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 52; 11. ludis, at the time of (public) games, Pl. Cas. pr. 27; Cic. ap. Non. 63, 18; 12. ludos facere of things, make them look foolish, waste and spoil them, Nam nunc et operam ludos facit et retia, Pl. Rud. 4, 1, 9; 13. Ludus, as a god, Iocus, Ludus, Sermo, Sausaniasatio, Pl. Bac. 1, 2, 8.

**ludla**, (or rather ludella) ae, f. atonement, expiation, secleris, Lucr. 3, 1015.

**ludus**, (from laue and perh. akin to λουος) is, f. water, nequamquam sibi lauandi reuolunt arma lue (corrupt), Licin. Macer ap. Non. 52, 9; sed haec quoque (sc. flumina) Stabant et iuncta fluctus stupere pruina, Et paulo ante lues iam concidenda iacebat, Petr. 123; si qua lue tempestatis nel alio caeli uitio damna accidissent, Th. C. 4, 65, 8; 2. nom. ludus or ludus in Prud.; Machina, si terras laes (al. lues) inuentia fatigat, ham. 248; stupuit lues (al. lues) improba castris, Psych. 508; note that Victorinus (1970, 20) expressly makes es of lues short; ut eos ludos haec lues impura polluerit, Cic. har. resp. 24; 3. pestilence, great calamity, miserandaque uenit Arboribusque

satisque lues et letifer annus, Verg. 3, 139; Dira lues... Latias uitauerat auras, Ov. M. 15, 626; Aut aeli terraeque lues, Lucan. 2, 200; granem populus lueni Sparsura pestis, Sen. Thy. 88; haec lues (the disease lues) primum Tiberi principatu inrepsit in Italiam, Plin. 26, 3; qui per lueni uitae functi sunt, inser. Or. Henz. 5489; 4. met., lues morum, Plin. 29, 27; of an earthquake, Tac. ann. 2, 47; of a man, Sen. Herc. fr. 362.

**lūgeo**, ēre, xi, etum, vb. [for ol-ue-go, root ol; akin to ul-ul-o, ol-ol-ue-go, ol-ol-ue and perh. our howl, wail] lit. howl, wail—hence howl over (esp. the dead), with acc., si ad pii rogum fili luctur, Catul. 39, 5; lūgēbēre nobis Lūgēbisque alios, Ov. M. 10, 141; illa uaria genera lūgendī, pādores, muliebres lacerationes genarum pectoris feminum, capitis perussiones Cie. Tusc. 3, 62; 2. wear mourning for, mourn for (the dead with all the ceremonies), matronaeque eum toto anno luxerant, Gran. p. 42, 11; matronae annum ut parentem eum luxerant, Liv. 2, 7, 4; lūgendī sunt parentes anno... minor trimo non lūgetur, fr. iur. ci. ante-lust. p. 88 Mai; annum feminis ad lūgendum constituere maiores non ut tamdiu lūgerent, sed ne diutius, Sen. ep. 63, 13; 3. of those who suffer a sort of civil death, hos pro me (when driven into exile) lūgere uidebam, Cie. Plane. 101; 4. be-wail, lament (a death), P. Clodii mortem aequo animo ferre nemo potest; lūget senatus, maeret equester ordo, Cie. Mil. 20; quis bonus non lūget mortem Trebonii? Phil. 12, 25; quid ego nunc lūgeam uitam hominum (as something lost to me)? Tusc. 1, 83; and met., senatum populi Romani interitum rei publicae lūgere uetisti, Pis. 18; 5. lūgentes campi, the plains of mourning in the world below, Verg. 6, 441.

**lūg-ūb-ris**, e, adj. [lūg-e-o] of mourning (for the dead), funeral, et quae illace est quae lūgūbri Succinea est stola? Enn. tr. 133 V; Sed quanam haec est mulier funesta ueste, tonsu lūgūbri? Att. 86 R; aetis, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 45; sordes, Cie. ad Quir. 7; lamentatio, Tusc. 1, 30; Cum liquidam tollunt lūgūbri noce querellam, Lucr. 4, 548; domus, Liv. 3, 32, 2; praecipit lūgūbres Cantus, Hor. od. 1, 24, 2; flūmīna lūgūbri Ignara belli, 1, 1, 33; Quisquis ades sacris lūgūbriā dicite uerba, Ov. Ib. 99; 2. lūgubria, n. pl. as sb. mourning, Illa dies ueniet mea qua ingubria ponam, Ov. tr. 4, 2, 73; add M. 11, 669; Prop. 5, 11, 97; nosti quasdam quae amissis filiis inposita ingubria nunquam exuere, Sen. ad Helu. 16, 2; add Sen. Herc. f. 630; 3. lūgubre as cogn. acc., cometae Sanguinei lūgūbri rubent, Verg. 10, 273; 4. lūgubriter, adv. mournfully, i. eluantes, Apul. M. 3, 8; but in 8, 7 lūgubriter is only a cl.

**lūito**, ōnis, f. payment, discharge, Ulp. dig. 38, 16, 1, 4; 49, 15, 15; Paul. sent. 3, 6, 8; Th. C. 13, 5, 14.

1 **lūma**, ae, f. genus herbae uel potius spinae, Paul. ex F. 120; cf. lūmectum.

2 **lūma** sagum, Gloss. Isid.

**lūmārius**, adj. of the plant luma, faeces, Varr. 1, 5, 31 (al. linariae).

**lūmbāgo**, inis, nitiū et debilitas lumborum, Paul. ex F. 120.

**lūmbāre**, is, adj. n. as sb. a sort of knapsack? cinetorium siue l. quod renibus iungitur, Hier. Ierem. 13, 1; add Isid. or. 19, 22.

**lūmbellus**, i, m. doub. dim. a little loin, Apic. 259 (al. libelli).

**lūmbifragium**, ii, n. fracture of the loins, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 298.

**lūmbrius**, i, m. a worm, Foras foras lūmbrius qui sub terra erepsit modo, Pl. Aus. 4, 4, 1; hic turdus lūmbriūm petiit, Bae. 4, 6, 22; add Cas. 1, 39; ut paludem rimenter (sues) effodiantque lūmbrios, Colum. 7, 9, 7; add Seren. Sam. 12; 2. esp. of the intestines, ad termina et si lūmbrii molesti erunt, Cat. r. 126; add Colum. 6, 25; 6, 30, 9; Plin. 27, 145; Verg. uet. 2, 16, 1; 2, 17, 4; 2, 24; 2; Cacl. Aur. tard. e. S.

**lūmbūlus**, i, m. dim. a little loin, suum, Plin. 28, 169; add Apic. 292.

**lumbus**, (= G. lende, E. loin) i, m. loin, Plaudite et

nalet: lumbos surgite atque exporgite, Pl. Epid. fin.; add St. 1, 3, 37; et Cephelus conditur ante Lumborum tenus, Cie. Arat. 82; nautaeque caput lumbosque saligno Fuste dolat, Hor. s. 1, 5, 22; 2. met. in a vine, the part of the trunk whence the first branches start, Colum. arb. 3, 1; Plin. 17, 210.

**lūmectum**, i, n. a variety of dumectum, lumariae (falces) sunt quibus secant lūmecta, Varr. 1, 5, 31, p. 139 Sp.

**lūmen**, (luc of luceo) ius, n. light, as first of the sun, Cum superum lumen nox intempesta teneret, Enn. ap. Maer. s. 6, 1, p. 499 Jan; distet luna a sole cuius lūmine conlustrari putatur, Cie. diu. 2, 91; nouo spargebat lūmine terras... Aurora, Verg. 4, 584; 2. of a lamp, quadi lumen de suo lūmine accendat, facit, Enn. ap. Cie. off. 1, 51; Tace: occultemus lumen et uocem. Licet, Pl. Cure. 1, 1, 95; add 1, 2, 24; lūmine adposito... animaduertit puerum, Cie. diu. 1, 79; 3. = day, in poets, Si te secundo lūmine hic offendero, Moriēre, Enn. ap. Cie. Rab. post. 29; uix lūmine quarto Prospexi Italiam, Verg. 6, 356;

4. eyesight, Democritus lūminibus amissis, Cie. Tusc. 5, 114; Aleptia nati reddidere lūmina, Hor. epod. 17, 44; Et patiar (etiū) lūmen abire genis, Ov. Pont. 2, 8, 66;

5. hence of the eye itself, esp. in poets, conanti sua uertere lūmina cernix Deriguit, Ov. M. 5, 232; adstantis lūmine toruo Actinaeos fratres, Verg. 3, 677; membrana quae continet lūmen... disrumpitur, Verg. uet. 3, 16, 4;

6. of light as seen only by the living, and so marking the two limits of birth and death, Tu produxisti nos intra lūminis oras, Enn. ap. Cie. rep. 1, 64; A. Eequid agis? remorare? Lūmen linque. S. Amabo accurre Ne se interimat, Pl. Cist. 3, 12; Ipse Epicurus obit decurso lūmine uitae, Lucr. 3, 1042; add vv. 1025, 1033; 7. in law, light, as admitted or not admitted into buildings, lūmen id est ut caelum uideretur, Paul. dig. 8, 2, 16; quodcumque faciat ad lūminis impedimentum prohiberi potest, si seruitus debeatur, Ulp. 8, 2, 15; ius lūminum opstruendum redemerunt, CIL 1252; cum aedes uenderet lūmina, uti tum essent, ita recepit, Cie. or. 1, 179; si uicino aedificante obseuerent lūmina caeculi, teneri locatorem inquilino, Gai. dig. 19, 2, 25, 2; 8. met. from legal lang., Catonis lūminibus obstruixit haec posteriorum quasi exaggerata alius oratio, Cie. Brut. 67; nec mentis quasi lūminibus officit altitudo gloriae, Rab. post. 43;

9. hence a window, an opening in a wall, in eo pariete lūmen aperito, CIL 577, 10; conelane obseratis lūminibus umbrosus, Apul. M. 2, 23; se lūminibus eius esse obstruendum minabatur, Cie. dom. 115; 10. opening or capacity of a pipe, as admitting light, longitudo (calicis) habere debet digitos non minus xii, lūmen id est capacitatem, quanta imperata fuerit, Frontin. aq. 36; maioris lūminis calicem probare, 105; l. thyretri (so Rose), Vitruv. 4, 6, 1; add Plin. 31, 57; 11. a chink, tenues subiere latetia ceræ lūmina, Val. F. 1, 129; 12. light reflected from metals, flash, ferri, Val. F. 3, 100; Stat. Th. 9, 802; 13. of bright colours, ealthae, Colum. 10, 97; loti, 10, 259; caelestis lūminis hyacinthus, 9, 4, 4;

14. of painting, opp. to umbra, l. et umbras custodit (Nicias) atque ut eminent picturae curauit, Plin. 35, 130; add 35, 29; in pictura lūmen... umbra commendat, ep. 3, 13, 4; 15. met., ciuitatis, Cie. Cat. 3, 24; uirtutis tuae, fam. 12, 5, 3; dicendi, or. 2, 119; eloquentiae, Brut. 66.

**lūmināris**, e, adj. of light, whence luminaria as sb. n. pl. of doubtful meaning, in two suspected passages, Cato r. 14; Cie. Att. 15, 26, 4; 2. lamps, chandeliers, Hieron. Vig. 3; Cassiod. nar. 3, 7; luminaria, φωστήρες, Gloss. Philox. 3. as cognomen, M. Abudius Luminaris, inser. Mur. 935, 3.

**lūminatio**, ōnis, f. an illumination? inser. Mur. 762, 6.

**lūmino**, āre, vb. light, illuminate, lūminat alma dies, inser. Or. 523; tu (Isis) lūminas solem, Apul. M. 11, 25; add Mart. cap. 17 G, p. 19, 20 Eys; Aulien. Aur. 1450 (127); Prud. perist. 3, 192; 5, 127; Cacl. Aur. acut. 9, 1, 58;

2. male lūminatus, of poor sight, Apul. M. 9, 12.

**lūminosus**, adj. full of light, well lighted, aedificia, Vitruv. 6, 9, 6; 2. giving abundant light, oleum, Aug. ep.

137 f. 3. met., partes orationis, Cic. orat. 125; caritas, Aug. ep. 144 f.

**lūna**, ae, (for *lucina* from *luc-*) f. moon, sol luna obstitit, Enn. ap. Cic. rep. 1, 25; Neque se luna quoquam mutat atque lūi exortat semel, Pl. Anph. 1, 1, 118; Lunaque globum, Luv. 5, 69; solis annuos cursus spatii menstruis luna consequitur, Cic. N. D. 2, 50; 2. a crescent of ivory worn as a distinction on the shoe of a patrician, *σέληνος* or *σεληνωτόν*, generosus Appositum nigrae lunam subtegit alutiae, Iuv. 7, 192; Primaque patricia clausit aestivigia luna, Stat. silv. 5, 2, 28; wh. Isid. says represented a c. i. e. descent from one of the hundred senators of Romulus (Liv. 1, 8, 7); see *lunatus* and *Mayor* ad Iuv.; 3. lunae dies, whence Fr. lundī, E. Monday, depositus) xv Kal. Apr. d. Lun(ae), inser. Mur. 383, 4; 4. one of the imperfect rings of the windpipe, Sidon. carn. 7, 191; 5. Luna as a goddess, Volcanus Sol Lunā Dies dei quattuor, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 21; Dianam et Lunam eandem esse, Cic. N. D. 2, 68; Soli Genio Lunae sacrum, inser. Or. 324; 6. old form *Losna*, Polices Losna Amuces, CIL 55; 7. name of an Etrurian city, Lunae portum, est operae, cognoscite cines, Enn. ap. Pers. 6, 9; add Plin. 3, 50; 6, 217; Sil. 8, 482.

**lūnāris**, e, adj. of the moon, lunar, dies, Varr. 1, 1, 37, 1; horae, l. 9, 19; cursus, Cic. rep. 6, 18; equi, Ov. F. 5, 16; cornua, M. 10, 296.

**lūnaticus**, adj. governed by the moon, lunatic, quadam ratione lunatica animalia...repente corrumpit, Verg. net. 5, 32, 1; si furiosum aut lunaticum sit (mancipium), Paul. dig. 21, 1, 43, 6.

**Lūnensis**, e, adj. of the city Luna, caseus, Plin. 11, 241; marmor, 36, 48; inser. Or. 2902.

**lūno**, are, vb. bend into the form of a crescent, Luna-nique genu...arcum, Ov. am. 1, 1, 23; geminos...lunarat in arcus, Prop. 4, 6, 25; 2. esp. the part, lunatus, as; peltae, Verg. 1, 40; ferramentum, Colum. 12, 56; cornua, Plin. 6, 38; conchae, 9, 102; cauda, Sen. Oed. 471; frons, Stat. Th. 6, 266; 3. equipped with a luna, or crescent of some kind, as with a pelta, agmen, Stat. Tb. 5, 145; w. a patrician crescent of ivory, Non hesternā sedet innata lingua planta, Mart. 2, 29, 7; pellis, l. 49, 31.

**lunter**, see *linter*.

**lūnula**, ae, f. dim. a little moon or crescent, as a lady's ornament, aurea l., Pl. Epid. 5, 1, 34; add Tertul. cult. fem. 10; Isid. or. 19, 31.

**Lūnus**, i, m. a god corresponding to the goddess Luna, cum Carras Lani dei gratia unisset, Spart. Car. 6, 6; cf. coins in Eckhel implying a god Lunus.

1. **lūo**, lūre, lui, vb. (for *sol-u-o*; cf. *liber*; so *repo* for *ser-(e)-p-o*, *rapio* for *sar-ap-i-o* and cf. ἀράω, ἀράω, ἀράω for *sar-ap-o*, cf. *sarcio*) same as *soluo*, quoniam est luere solvere, Varr. s. p. 120, 4 R; 2. hence *habe soluo*, let go, set at liberty, luere fundum a testatore obligatum, clear it of encumbrances, Scaev. dig. 36, 1, 78 med.; l. pignus, redem, Iul. dig. 50, 83, 1; 3. get rid of (a debt), free myself from, pay off, cum pluribus uestrum defuturum utatum fuerit in aas alienum huiusmodi, Curt. 10, 10; l. sacramentum, Solin. 25, by fulfilment of it; datum hoc nostro generi est ut lucendis periculis publicis (avert) pinguia sinus, Liv. 10, 28, 13; erceptaque laet (avert) responsa pharetra, Val. F. 2, 570; quoniamque in quoque (sc. Agrippa) saceris praegravi seruitio huius augurium praepostori natalis existimatur, Plin. 7, 46; Vt paria fata Troicis luere malis, Sen. Agam. 1066;

4. esp. pay (a penalty), cantum est xii tabulis ut qui iniuria occidisset alienos (arbores), luere in singulis aeris xxv, Plin. 17, 7; mei peccati luo poenas, Cic. Att. 3, 9, 1; itaque eos ad lucendas rei publicae poenas Furiae quaedam incitauerunt, Sull. 76; add Ov. lib. 618; Vell. 2, 54; Claud. vi cons. Hon. 130; qui Tusca pulsus ab urbe Exilium dicit poenam pro caede inclat, Ov. M. 3, 625; quicunque capi poterunt supplicia crucibus luere, Inst. 2, 5, 6; add S. 1, 4, 16, 2, 5; 17, 1, 6; 5. hence *atone* for, expiate, with acc. of the offence, Verresne tibi tanti fuit ut ejus libidinem hominum innocent sanguine lui nelles? Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 77; quae (sc. Lucretia) per vim oblatum stuprum voluntaria morte luere, fin. 5, 64; sanguine nostro Laomedontae luumis peritura Troiae, Verg. G. 1, 502; ad lucendam pecunia

noxam, Liv. 38, 37, 5; add 38, 38, 11; Ov. her. 10, 99; 6. absol. atone for misdeeds, obsides sescenti imperati qui capite laerent si pacto non staretur, Liv. 9, 5, 5; 7. hence *di-luo* 2.

2. **lūo**, ēre, vb. [= *lūo*, *lūere*] wash, Argiurus maior qua Graecia muros Seruat et Iouis Iutur curata profundo, Val. F. 11, 22; annis pulebro gurgite moenia lui, Prud. stroph. 3, 190; 2. mēt., Insontes errore luit culpamque remittens..., Val. F. 3, 407; 3. hence *ab-luo*, *al-luo*, *col-luo*, *de-luo*, *di-luo* 1, *e-luo*, *per-luo*, *pro-luo*, *sub-luo*, *prae-luo*, *sub-luo*.

**lūpa**, ae, f. a she-wolf, Rana decurrens lupa, Hor. od. 3, 27, 3; et rabidae tradis ouile lupae? Ov. a. a. 3, 1, 8; quem...Nutrit inhumanae dapa pupilla lupae, Prop. 4, 4, 54; lupam...ad puerilem uagum cursum flexisse, Liv. 1, 4, 6; 2. mēt. an impure woman, Diuertunt mores uirgini longe ae lupae, Pl. Epid. 3, 3, 22; Cum ad lupam nostram tam multi crebro committunt lupi, Nov. ap. Non. 89, 30; sunt qui Larentium vulgato corpore lupam uocatam putent, Liv. 1, 4, 7; ille qui semper secum scorta...semper lupas ducere, Cic. Mil. 55.

**lūpānāris**, e, adj. of a brother, infamia, Apul. M. 9, 26; 2. lupanar, as sb. n. a brothel, Haut consiliis ingenio atque illest qui in lupanari accubat, Pl. Bac. 3, 3, 208; add Iuv. 6, 121; Quint. 7, 3, 6; Apul. M. 7, 10; 3. as term of abuse, O lutum, lupanar, Catul. 42, 13.

**lūpānarium**, adj. n. as sb. = *lupanar*, Ulp. dig. 4, 8, 21, 11; 23, 2, 43.

**lūpārius**, adj. of wolves, hence *luparius* as sb. m. = *λυκαργος*, Gloss. Philox.; 2. of prostitutes, lupariae (sc. aedēs), brothels, Sex. Inf. reg. 2; P. Victor.

**lūpātria**, ae, f. a prostitute, Petron. 37.

**lūpātis**, quasi-part., equipped with a lupus, or wolf-tooth bit, Gallica nec lupātis Temperat ora frenis, Hor. od. 1, 5, 6; 2. as sb. pl. m. lupātis (sc. freni?) or n. lupata (sc. frena), a wolf-tooth bit, duris lupātis, Verg. G. 3, 208; Ov. am. 1, 2, 15; anrea lupata, Mart. 1, 105; is spreuit lupatos\*, Sol. 45, 13.

**Lūpercālis**, e, adj. of the god Lūpercus (Pan), sacrum, Suet. Aug. 31; sacris Lūpercalibus fineto, inser. Or. Henz. 6000; 2. Lūpercal, adj. as sb. n. a cave sacred to Pan or Faunus, in which the babes Romulus and Remus were sheltered, Lūpercal Parrhasio dictum Panos de more Lycaeī, Verg. S. 343; add Ov. F. 2, 381; quae nutrit Romuli ae Remi in Lūpercali protexit, Plin. 15, 77; 3. Lūpercalia, n. pl. as sb. the festival of Lūpercus or Pan, on the xv Kal. Mart., hence in fast. Maff. Feb. 15; Lūperc. NP.; hodierni diei res gestas Lūpercalibus habebis, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 13, 4; ascribi iussit in fastis ad Lūpercalia: C. Caesari... M. Antonium...regnum detulisse, Caesarem uti noluisse, Phil. 2, 87.

**Lūpercella**, ae, f. doub. dim. of Lūperca, a cognomen, Ap. Aurelia Ap. filia Lūpercella, inser. Grut. 1147, 3.

**Lūpercus**, i, adj. as sb. m. (one who keeps off wolves, lupus, arceo), a title given by Romans to the Greek god Pan = *Λυκαῖος*, (Evander) templum Lycaeae quem Graeci Pana, Romani Lūpercum appellat, constituit, Iustin. 43, 1, 7; 2. name of priests of Pan, who ran at the festival naked or wearing only a bit of goatskin, with scourges, and were supposed to have the power of removing sterility in women struck by them, cf. Ov. F. 2, 427 and 445 and Iuv. below—Clesipus Geganus...magister Lūpercorum, CIL 505; Hic exultantis Salios nudosque Lūpercos, Verg. S. 663; Tertia post Idus nudos Aurora Lūpercos Aspicit, et Fauni sacra bicornis eunt, Ov. F. 2, 267; Nec prodest agili palmas praebere Lūperco, Iuv. 2, 142; A. Castricius...mag. colleg. Lūpercor., inser. Or. Henz. 6010; 3. the colleges of Lūperci were two, Fabiani and Quinctiliani, Fest. 257 B 10; Q. Consilius Q. l. Ero...Lūpercus Quinctili, inser. Or. 2253; Q. Veturius Q. f. Pom. Pexsus Lūpercus Fabianus, inser. 2254; 4. as cognomen, P. Sctinus Lūpercus, inser. Or. 2257.

1. **lūpillus**, i, m. dim. of lupinus, lupine, Pl. St. 5, 4, 9.

2. **Lūpillus**, i, m. doub. dim. of lupus, a cognomen, n. m. s. C. Nonii Lupilli C. Nonius Saturninus et Lupilla filia, inser. Mur. 1192, 10.

**lupināceus**, adj. of lupines, Apul. herb. 21.

**lupinarius**, adj. of lupines, labrum, Cato r. 10 and 11; 2. as sb. m. a dealer in lupines, a greengrocer, Lampr. Alex. Sev. 33, 2.

1 **lupinus**, i, m. and lupinum\*, i, n. pulse, lupine, ibi lupinum\* bonum fiet, Cato r. 34; lacum esse oportet ubi maceerat lupinum\*, Varr. ap. Non. 212; tristitiae lupini Sultulicris fragiles calamos, Verg. G. 1, 75; lupinos, Ov. met. fasc. 60; Colum. 2, 10, 1—4; unum\* hoc scribit non arato, Plin. 18, 133; 2. used in comedy for money, Nec tamen ignorat quid distent aera lupinis, Hor. ep. 1, 7, 23; cf. Pl. Poen. 3, 20, aurum est conicum; Macearato hoc pinguis fuit auro in barbara boues.

2 **lupinus**, adj. of a wolf, impetus, Enn. ap. Dou. Ph. 2, 2, 25; ubera, Cic. Cat. 3, 19; galea, Prop. 4, 10, 20; pellis, Plin. 28, 257.

**Lupio**, onis, m. dim. a little wolf, a cognomen, inser. Alb. Marin. 70.

**lupor**, ari, vb. r. play the lupa or meretrix, et diuos ture preemur\* placante impune lupis, (so Scal., xss superbus), Lucil. ap. Schol. Verg. S. 106; cum meretrix... per uias lupantur, Attia (al. Tarpilius) ap. Non. 133, 12; lupari παρρησια, Gloss. Philox.

**lupula**, ae, f. dim. of lupa, as a term of abuse, peridiae lupulae nefarias insidias tibi comparant, Apul. M. 5, 11; 2. as a cognomen, Numphidia C. f. Lupula, inser. Mur. 1382, 4.

**Lupulus**, i, m. dim. little wolf, as a cognomen, Ti. Iulius Lupulus, inser. ap. De Vita, p. 51.

**lupus**, (for nol-upus or gol-upus, the little yellow one, cf. γολ-ιππος, L. gilaus, fulvus, E. yellow, G. gelb; = E. wolf, Dan. ulf, Russ. wolf and Gr. λυκος; cf. too L. ulphes) i, m. wolf, Torua laena lupum sequitur, lupas ipse capellam, Verg. B. 2, 63; caecos pignunt lupi, Plin. 10, 177; 2. of a she-wolf, lupus femina feta, Enn. ap. Serv. 2, 355; Indo tuetur ibi lupus femina, ap. Non. 378, 18; (antiqui) diebant haec lupus, Paul. ex F. 60; Varro lupum feminam dicit Emilius Pictoreque Fabium secutus, Quint. 1, 6, 12; 3. of superstitions, as of man turning into a wolf, His ego saepe lupum fieri et se condere silis Moerim... iudi, Verg. B. 8, 97; Et sua nocturno fallere terga lupum, Prop. 4, 5, 14; homines in lupos neri rursusque restitui sibi, Plin. 8, 80 and foll.; cf. Λυκαοποιον; ueneficis rostrum lupi resistere ainit ob-ide quae uillarum portis affligunt, and soon: in nestigia eius calcata equis aderant torporem, 28, 157; creditur luporum usus esse noxius uocemque homini quem priores contemplantur adinere, S. 80; uox quoque Moerim iam fugit ipsa; lupi Moerim uidere priores, Verg. B. 9, 54; 4. proverbs, lupus in fabula, talk of the devil and he is sure to appear, so talking of Gelastus, he appears, Atque oecum lupum in sermone: praesens esuriens adest, Pl. St. 4, 1, 71; homini illico lacrimae cadunt Quasi puero gaudio, Em. tibi autem. Quidnam? Lupus in fabula, Pater est? Ipsae (so xss), Ter. Ad. 4, 1, 21; de Varrone loquebamur: lupus in fabula, nent enim ad me, Cic. Att. 13, 33, 4; 5. of a difficult dilemma, id quod aiant, auribus teneo lupum, where one can't long hold him and daren't let him go, Ter. Ph. 3, 2, 21; cunctandi causa erat metus uidique imminutum discriminum ut saepe lupum se auribus tenere crederet, Suet. Tib. 25; 6. also haec urget lupus, haec canis, aiant, Hor. s. 2, 64; 7. like running into a lion's mouth, Lupo seclasta onem (monos.) commisti (where I change place of lupum and retain commisti of xss), Ter. Eun. 5, 1, 16; O praedarum custodem ouium ut aiant lupum, Cic. Phil. 3, 27; Plenum montano credis ouile lupo! Ov. a. a. 2, 364; 8. other provv., Lupo agnum eripere postulant: nugas agunt, Pl. Poen. 3, 5, 31; Nunc et ouis ultro fugiat lupum, Verg. B. 8, 52; Hic tantum Eoreae curanus frigora, quantum Aut numerum lups aut..., 7, 52; 9. a bit with teeth like a wolf's, Et placido duos accipit ore lupos, Ov. tr. 4, 6, 4; non colla lupo, non aspera praebet Ora lupis, Stat. Ach. 1, 281; cf. λυκος, Plut. 2, 641 F; 10. a wolf-toothed grappling iron, in alios lupi superne feriet inieci ut..., in murum extraherentur, Liv. 28, 3, 7; add Isid. 23, 15; 11. a kind of small saw, lupos, id est serrulas manu-

briatas, Pall. 1, 43, 2; II 12. a river-fish, perh. the pike, 1. Tiberinus, Hor. s. 2, 2, 31; add Macr. s. 3, 16, 11; Cum ei e tuo flumine lupum piscem formosum apposuisset, Varr. r. 3, 3, 9; copied by Colum. S. 16, 3; praecipuum auctoritatem lupo et asellis Nepos et Laberius tradidere: laudatissimi qui appellatur lanati a candore mollitiaeque carnis, Plin. 9, 61 etc.; add Mart. 13, 89; 13. a spade, inopum mimini non textant, maiores in caernis nestibula praepandunt, Plin. 11, 80; add 29, 85; cf. λυκος, Arist. H.A. 9, 39, 1; 14. l. salicetarius, a plant, Plin. 21, 86;

15. a cognomen, L. Cornelius Cn. f. L. n. Lentul. Lupus, fast. Cos. Capit. a. Varr. 958; Si Lupus aut Carbo Neptuni filius, Lucil. ap. Cic. N. D. 1, 63.

**lura**, ae, f. mouth of a sack or skin, Paul. ex F. 120; 2. a bag, Anson. perioch. Odys. 10; but in Lucil. ap. Thsc. 4, 48 reading dub.

**lurc-ab-undus**, adj. gluttonous, Cato ap. Quint. 1, 6, 42.

1 **lurco** or **lurcho**\*, onis, (from lura, Paul. ex F. 120) m. a glutton, Peremiserne, lurco, cdax, furax, fugax, Pl. Pers. 3, 3, 16; Viuite lurcones, comedones, niute ventres, Lucil. ap. Non. 10, 31; Lurconis Inuii Grassi, Apul. maz. 57, called in same c. hellino; lurcho\* id est uorax, Serv. ad A. 6, 4; 2. as a gen. term of abuse, a scoundrel, praeco lurconem\* tractabat dicebant, Apul. M. 8, 25; 3. lurconem et nebulonem appellans, Suet. gram. 15; lurcho\* onis significans ganeonem, Sacerd. p. 52 Encl.; 4. a cognomen, M. Auidius Lurco, Varr. r. 3, 16, 1; Plin. 10, 45; M. Perperna Lurco, inser. Grut. 237, 8; lurcho\*, expressly preferred by Prob. 14, 33 K, and 38, 29.

2 **lurco**, are, vb. swallow greedily, Lapatium nullum utebatur, lardum lurbat lubens, Pompon. ap. Non. 11, 5.

**Lurconianus**, adj. of Lurco, condimenta, Tertul. anim. 33.

**lurcor**, ari, vb. r. the same, Vt lurcetur lardum et carnaria partim Conficeret, Lucil. ap. Non. 11, 5; Campsalta psallis, et cum Flora lurcare ac strepis ~, Varr. ib.

**luria**, ae, f. oxymel, Isid. 20, 3.

**lurido**, are, vb. make sallow, luridati maculis, Tertul. Marc. 4, 8.

**luridus**, (akin to lutum and perh. for soluridus, and so akin to obsol-escere obsordescere sordes etc.) adj. sallow, yellow, lurid, Viden tu illi maculari corpus totum maculis luridis? Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 63; Lurida praeterea fiunt quaecumque tumentur Arquati, Lucr. 4, 332; rana, Varr. 1, 2, 26; necundus color Reliqui ossa pelle amicta lurida, Hor. epod. 17, 22; dentes, od. 4, 13, 10; pallor, Ov. M. 4, 267; horror, 14, 198; membra (of one who foribus laquei reliquit unicula), 14, 747; luna, Lucan. 5, 549; brassica, Colum. 10, 325; ibis, Sen. ep. 95, 16; exsangui colore lurida, Apul. M. 5, 18 f.

**Lurius**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, C. Lurius pr. et l. Dec., CIL 808.

**luror**, gris, m. sallow colour, of jaundice, Lucr. 4, 333; lurore ad miseram maciem deformatus, Apul. M. 1, 6; lurore buxio foedata, 9, 40; add S. 7, 9, 12; Claud. rap. Pros. 3, 238.

**lusciniā**, ae, f. luscinius, i, m. (see lusciniola; but prob. for nusciniā, and so for nucis-cauiā, night-singer; for change of n to l cf. luscitio, luscus), nightingale, lusciniis diebus ac noctibus continuus quindecim garrulus sine intermissu cantus, Plin. 10, 81 (cf. §§ 81—85); Lusciniās soliti impenso praderere cœmentis, Hor. s. 2, 3, 245; habet noem (homo), sed quanto dulciorem mobiliorque luscini, Sen. ep. 76, 9; Pano ad lunonem uenit indigne ferens, Cantus luscini quod sibi non tribuerit, Phaedr. 3, 18, 2.

**lusciniola**, ae, f. dim. a little nightingale, Pol ego metuo ne lusciniola (xss l. ne) defuerit cantio, Pl. Bac. 1, 1, 3; intra retem ales sunt omne genus, maxime cantrices, aut lusciniola (al. lusciniola) ac merulae, Varr. r. 3, 5, 14;

2. from a mase, lusciniolus (cf. luscinius) comes It. rossignuolo, Fr. rossignol.

**luscinius**, ii, m. nightingale, see lusciniā; 2. as a pun on luscus, monopodius et luscinius eos quibus aut singulos pedes aut singulos oculos (xss tulisset) fregisset appellabat, Lampr. Comm. 10, 6.

1 **luscinius**, (luscus) adj. one-eyed from violence, a cognomen of adoption (?). Luscini iniuriæ cognomen habuerunt, Plin. 11, 150; C. Fabricius Luscinius, Val. M. 4, 3, 6.

2 **luscinius** *αἰδώς*, Gloss.

**lusciosus**=luscitiosus, and perh. in error for it (see luscitio) adj. *uesperi* non uidere quos appellant lusciosos, Varr. ap. Non. 135, 10; caecus, non lusciosus est, id.; prob. in Sen. ben. 3, 1, 5 we should read: lusciosi (not uisiosi) oculi sunt quæ lucem reformidant, caeci qui non uident.

**luscitio** or **nuscitio**, *ónis*, f. (implies a vb. *luscio* from *luscus*; n prob. the earlier letter; so that *luscus*, older *nuscus* stands for *nucis-oc-us*, night-eyed, from *nuc-*, night, = noc. of *nox*, cf. *νύξ*, *νυχίος*, and *oc* of *oculus*; cf. *νύκτα*, *λῦψ*, and *μυώψ*) seeing, as an albino, better by a dim light, *nuscitiosum*, Ateius ait, qui parum uideret; at Popilius *nuscitiosus* esse *caecitudines nocturnas*; Aelius (more correctly than Pop.) qui plus uideret *uesperi* quam *meridie*, Fest. 173 A 21; *luscitio* enim esse *quidam* putant ubi homo lumine adhibito nihil uidet. Ulp. dig. 21, 1, 10, 4.

**luscitiosus** or **nuscitiosus**, adj. one who sees better by a dim light, see *luscitio*.

**Luscus**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, T. Luscus C. 1. Corbumbus, CIL 1064; Luscia T. I. Montana, ib.

**luscus**, (for *nuscus*, see *luscitio*) adj. perh. orig.=luscitiosus and so blinking; 2. hence one-eyed, *oculum* ego *ecodiam* tibi, Si uerbum addideris. Herclæ qui dicam tameu; nam si (=sic) si non licebit *luscus* dixerò, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 64; *ouis*, Varr. r. 2, 2, 6; *cenabo*, inquit, apud te, huic *lusco*, C. Sestio, uni enim *locum* esse *uideo*, Cic. or. 2, 246; *lusco* qui possit dicere: *lusce!* Pers. 1, 128; Quam Gaetula ducent portaret *belua* *luscum*, Iuv. 10, 158 (cf. Liv. 22, 2, 11); *ambos* Perdidit ille *oculos* et *luscus* *inuidet*, 10, 228; add Mart. 4, 65; 3. has no comp. or sup. quod nemo *lusco* magis sit *luscus*, Varr. 1, 9, 43; 4. a cognomen, T. Annius *Luscus*, consul a. u. Varr. 601.

**lūsio**, *ónis*, f. playing, Cic. or. 1, 73; Q. fr. 3, 4, 6; *pilaris lūsio*, Stat. silv. 4 praef.; 2. a game, Cic. sen. 58; fin. 5, 55.

**lūsitiō**, *ónis*, f. the same, Iul. Val. res Alex. 1, 42.

**lūsito**, *äre*, vb. frq. play, Aut *auites* aut *cōturnices* dantur *quom* *lūsente*, Pl. Capt. 5, 4, 6.

**lūsor**, *órís*, m. one who plays, *player*, te ut *delandam* contra, *lūsorum* meum, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 62; non cessat perdere *lūsor* (at dice), Ov. a. a. 1, 451; add Ulp. dig. 11, 5, 1, 2; 1. amorum, amusing himself by writing love tales, Ov. tr. 4, 10, 1; *pila* *Lusi* *decenter* cum *meis* *lūsoribus*, inscr. Or. 2591; *lus* (or) *epidixib* (us), 2620.

**lūsōrius**, adj. of players, and so of play, of games, *pila*, Plin. 7, 205; *aluens* cum *tesseris* *lūsorius*, 37, 13; *spectaculum*, Sen. ep. 80, 2; *arma*, 117, 25; *fulmina*, n. q. 2, 44, 2; 2. idle, without effect, *minae*, Paul. dig. 45, 3, 4; *edicta* *praetorum*, Iulian. 5, 1, 75; *imperium*, 43, 8, 7; 3. 1. *naues* or *lūsoriae* *absol.*, little vessels of war as employed on the frontier, Amm. 17, 2, 3; 4. *lūsoriae*, *absol.* the same, Sen. ben. 7, 20, 3; cum in *Renio* *lūsorias* *Germani* incendissent, Vop. Bonos. 15, 1; add tit. de *lūsoriis*, Th. C. 7, 17; 5. *lūsorium*, as sb. n. a theatre, Lampr. Heliog. 25, 8; *Lact.* *mort.* pers. 21; 6. *lūsorie*, adv. collusively, 1. *causam* *agentem*, Ulp. dig. 30, 50, 1.

**lustrābilis**, *περὶ λουτροῦ*, Gloss. Philox.

**lustrāgo**, *inis*, f. a plant = *uerbenacea*, Apul. herb. 3.

**lustrālis**, e, adj. of purification, *lustral*, *sacrificium*, Liv. 1, 28, 1; *exta*, Verg. 8, 183; *aqua*, Ov. Pont. 3, 2, 73; *saluare*, Pers. 2, 33; *caput* (Iphigeneia), Sen. Ag. 164;

2. of a *lustrum*, *certainem*, Tac. an. 16, 4; *census*, Ulp. regul. 1, 8; *aurum*, Th. C. 1, 5, 14; *possessio*, 4, 15, 1; 3. *lustralis*, as sb. m. collector of the *aurum* l., *Primigenio* *lustrali* Augg., inser. Or. 2452.

**lustrāmen**, *inis*, n. means of religious purification, Val. F. 3, 409 and 442.

**lustrāmentum**, i, n. the same, Marc. dig. 48, S. 3, 3.

**lustrātio**, *ónis*, f. religious purification, Liv. 40, 6, 5; Colum. 2, 21, 5; inser. Or. 1387; 2481;

2. going over all the ground, *municipiorum*, Cic. Phil. 2, 57; *siluestris*, Tusc. 5, 79.

**lustrātor**, *órís*, m. one who goes over all the ground, Hercules 1. orbis, Apul. mag. 22.

**lustricus**, adj. of purification, dies 1, of a new-born baby on the 8th or 9th day, Suet. Nero 6; Paul. ex F. 120; Macr. s. 1, 16, 36.

**lustrificus**, adj. purifying, *cantus*, Val. F. 3, 448.

1 **lustrō**, *äre*, vb. [lustrum, sb.] purify in a religious sense, *agrum* *lustrare* sic oportet: impera *suonetaurilla* *circumagi* (and then follows the prayer to be used), Cato r. 141 (cf. Verg. G. 1, 339 esp.: *Terque nouas circum felix* *est* *hostia* *fruges*; the ceremony, *ambaruale*, so called, quod *arua* *ambiat* *uictima*, Serv. ad Verg. B. 3, 77; *fruges* *lustramus* *et* *agros*, Tib. 2, 1, 1; *oues*, Ov. F. 4, 735; *coran*, and: *populum*, Cic. diu. 1, 102; *Capitolium*, Crani. p. 20, 4; Liv. 3, 18, 10; *Terque senom* *flamma* *ter* *aqua* *ter* *sulpure* *lustrat*, Ov. M. 7, 261; *corpus* (Aeneas), 14, 605;

2. esp. with exercitum, first of the whole assembled citizens, Liv. 1, 44, 2 (see *lustrum* § 1); secondly of a mere army, in *castra* *ueni* a. d. vii Kal. Septem., a. d. iii exercitum *lustrari* *apud* *Ionium*, Cic. Att. 5, 20, 2; *ibique* (Caesar) *exercitum* *lustrat*, Caes. b. g. 8, 52, 1; *exercitu* *lustrato*, Cic. N. D. 1, 77; Liv. 3, 22, 4; add: for *Macedonian* army, 40, 6, 1; Curt. 10, 28 f.; 3. as the going round the object to be purified was an essential part of the ceremony, hence of the sun's circuit purifying the world with his light and heat, ut *cuncta* (sol) *sua* *lucē* *lustrat*, Cic. rep. 6, 17; *Sol* qui *terrarum* *flammis* *opera* *omnia* *lustrat*, Verg. 4, 607; and of *Aurora*, 4, 6; 7, 148;

4. also of the circuit of other heavenly bodies, *stella* *Mercurii*...anno fere uertente *signiferum* *lustrat* *orbem*, Cic. N. D. 2, 53; cum *alia* (sidera) *maiores* *lustrarent* *orbem*, *alia* *minores*, Tim. 9; quando *luna* *lustrato* *suo* *circu* *solem* *consecuta* *est*, *ibid.*;

5. of other circuits, go round, make the tour of, go the round of, *Agno* *scunt* *longe* *regem* *lustrantque* *chorae*, here perh. with religious notion added, Verg. 10, 224; so too in *aquila* *lustratis* *signis* *ingressus* *uiam* *sensim* *antecessit*, Suet. Vit. 9;

*Lustrat* *ex* *mu*ros *aditumque* *pila* *quaerit*, Verg. 9, 58; *Et* *salis* *Ausonii* *lustrandum* *naubis* *aquor*, 3, 385; *certusque* *incerta* *pericula* *lustrat* *Aeneas*, 9, 96; *ac* *pede* *barbaro* *Lustratam* *Ilthoden*, Hor. od. 3, 25, 12; add Prop. 3, 14, 3;

6. and even in prose, *ex* *Pythagoras* *Aegyptum* *lustrat* *it*, Cic. fin. 5, 87; *Tigris* *lustratis* *montibus* *Gardiaco*rum...*diuisus* *in* *alveos* *duos* *altero* *meridie* *petit* *altero* *campos* *Cauchas* *secat*, Plin. 6, 129;

7. go round (with the eyes), look all round, survey, At *pater* *Anchises*...*Inclusas* *animas* *superumque* *ad* *lumen* *ituras* *Lustrabat*, Verg. 6, 680—*wh*. Servius saw an allusion to the review of an army; *et* *quae* *sit* *me* *circum* *copia* *lustrō*, 2, 564; *tacitus* *uestigia* *lustrat*, 11, 763; *totum* *lustrabat* *lumine* *corpus*, S. 153;

*lustrari* *oculis* *totam* *urbem*, Petron. s. 11; 8. of the mind, sed cum *omnia* *ratione* *animoque* *lustraris*, Cic. off. 1, 57; *totam* *licet* *animis* *tamquam* *oculis* *lustrare* *terræ* *mariaque* *omnia*, N. D. 2, 161.

2 **lustrō**, *äre*, vb. [ult. from *luc-* light] illumine, *Dolphus* *iacet* *hanc* *nimio* *lustrat* *nitore*, Cic. arat. 92; *ferturque* *coruscis* *Omnia* *luminibus* *lustrans* *loca* *peritus* *ardor*, Lucr. 6, 284;

2. perh. implies an adj. *lustris*, cf. *illustris*.

3 **lustrō**, *ónis*, m. a frequenter of brothels, Naeu. ap. Paul. ex F. 29; in Catul. 115, 7 only a cj. of Scabiger.

**lustror**, *ari*, vb. frequent brothels, Pl. Ps. 4, 7, 5; Cas. 2, 3, 29; Lucil. ap. Non. 335, 32.

1 **lustrum**, i, n. [lu-o or lau-o wash; = *λουτρον*; in this sense of *lustrum* *pila* *syllaba* *productur*, says Festus s. v.] purification, expiation, as of the Roman people by one of the censors, *edixit* *ut* *omnes* *ciues* *Romani* *equites* *pedesque* *in* *campo* *Martio* *pila* *adessent*; *ibi* *inquentum* *exercitum* *omnem* *suonetaurilibus* *lustrauit*, *idque* *conditum* *lustrum* *appellatum*, Liv. 1, 44, 2; *census* *actus* *co* *anno*; *lustrum* *propter* *Capitolium* *captum* *consulem* *occiderunt* *condi* *religiosum* *fuit*, 3, 22, 1; *ne* *lustrum* *perficere* *moris* *prohibit* *P. Furi*, 24, 43, 4; *is* *qui* *te* *ex* *aerariis* *exemit* *lustrum* *condidit* *et* *taurum* *immolauit*, Cic. or. 2, 268;

2. the period of five years, between one census and another, *lustrum* *nominatum* *tempus* *quinquennale* *a* *lendo* *id* *est* *soluendo*, quod *quinto* *quoque* *anno* *uestigia* *per* *censores* *persoluebantur* (a wrong ety-



mou), Varr. 1. 6, 2 f.; idem tempus quod lustrum appellatum ita a Servio Tullio institutum ut quinto quoque anno censu civium habito lustrum conderetur, Cens. 18, 13; populi (the free towns of Cicero's province Cilicia) publicanis quibus hoc ipso lustro nihil soluerant, etiam superioris lustrum reddiderunt, Cic. Att. 6, 2, 5;

3. hence gen. a period of five years, esp. in poets, Nondum Troia fuit lustris obsessa duobus, Ov. am. 3, 6, 27; add a. a. 3, 15; tr. 4, 10, 78; Cuius octauum trepidant aetas Claudere lustrum, Hor. od. 2, 4, 24; add Mart. 10, 38, 9; quinque annorum nobis religio remisisti, o lustrum omnibus lustris felicius, Eum. grat. ad Const. 13; 4. under the influence of the Greek Olympiad of four years, Hic anni modus est; in lustrum accedere debet Quae consummatur partibus una dies, Ov. F. 3, 165 (of the Julian year); add Plin. 2, 122; 5. ingens lustrum, the great purification, every 100 years at the secular games, Mart. 4, 1, 8; 6. a quinquennial festival established by Domitian, Censor. 18, 14; Stat. silu. 4, 2, 60, also called ager; cf. Suet. Dom. 4.

2. **lustrum**, i, n. [for nollustrum from uolu-o] a place to wallow in, esp. for the wild boar, lustra significant laenas lutas quae sunt in siluis aprorum, Fest. s. v.; prodigunt (sues) in lutosos limites ac lustra ut nolentur in luto, Varr. r. 2, 4, 8; illic saltus ac lustra ferarum, Verg. G. 2, 471; Cum uitam in siluis inter deserta ferarum Lustra domosque traho, A. 3, 647; add 4, 151, 570; Ov. M. 3, 146; Val. F. 1, 104; 4, 370; 2. met. of brothels etc., lustris studet, Pl. As. 5, 2, 17; Vos facinore, hisce (nom.) male suadendo et lustris laceant homines, Cure. 4, 2, 22; Quibus rem rebus dispoliatis, foede diu in lustris lates, Turp. 149 R; in lustris popinis alia uim tempus aetatis omne consumpsisses, Cic. Phil. 13, 24; Desidioso agere aetatem lustrisque perire, Lucr. 4, 1136; Si neque avaritiam neque sordes aut mala lustra Obiciet nere quisquam mihi, Hor. s. 1, 6, 68.

**lūsus**, ūs, m. playing, game, apti lūsus anni, Ov. am. 2, 2, 13; add M. 14, 556; catulos emitti lūsus causa, Colum. 7, 12, 12; l. calenforum, Plin. ep. 7, 24, 5; Troicus, Sen. Troad. 788; Troiae lūsus, Suet. Claud. 21; lūsus inuenum, inser. Or. 1740; 3949; 2. esp. of gambling, absol., peridici xī milia nummum, effuse in usu liberalis, Ang. ap. Suet. 71; regnum lūsus sortientium, Tac. an. 13, 15.

**lūtamentum**, n. plastering of clay, neque lūtamenta scindent se, Cato r. 128.

**lūtarius**, adj. of clay or mud, testudines, Plin. 32, 32; nullus, 9, 65.

**Lūtatiānus**, adj. of Lutatius, praedia, Paul. dig. 33, 1, 12.

**Lūtātus**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, Q. Lutatius Cerio, CIL 350; Q. Lutatius Q. f. Q. n. Catulus, 591; Lutatia A. 1, 1099; pronaque Lūtātus aura, Sil. 6, 687.

**lūtea**, se lūteus.

**lūteusis**, e, adj. of mud, purpurarum genas, Plin. 9, 131.

**lūtēolus**, adj. dim. (of lūteus), yellow, caltha, Verg. B. 2, 50; uiolae, Colum. 9, 4, 4; oliua, 12, 47, 9.

**lūter**, (λυντήρ) crīs, m. a washing vessel, Hier. Iovin. 1, 20.

**lutesco**, ēre, vb. become muddy, Furus ap. Gell. 18, 11, 3; Colum. 8, 17, 9.

1. **lūteus**, (lūtum) adj. of the herb lutum, hence lutea as sb. f. a cheap paint made of it, Plin. 33, 91; 2. of the colour of lutum, orange-yellow, saffron, panis, Pl. Men. 5, 5, 19; arqutis lutea quae non sunt lutea uidentur, Varr. ap. Non. 549, 23; soccus (Hymenaei), Catul. 61, 10; bigae (of Aurora), Verg. 7, 26; pallor, Hor. epod. 10, 16; sulfura, Ov. M. 14, 31; apices (rosae), Plin. 21, 14; flammae, Lucan. 2, 361; 3. luteum as sb. n. coloris in l. inclinati, Plin. 24, 136; add 27, 133; 21, 46; nidemus in (aren) aliquid flammæ, aliquid lutei, aliquid caerulei, Sen. u. q. 1, 3, 4; 4. yell. of an egg, Plin. 30, 141.

2. **lūteus**, (lūtum) adj. of mud, muddy, Defingit Rhēni luteum caput, Hor. s. 1, 10, 37; proclit hirundo Eit luteum celsum snb trabe figit opus, Ov. F. 1, 158; lutei adificii inuentor, Plin. 7, 194; toreuma, Mart. 4, 46, 16;

2. covered with mud or dirt, muddy, gallina si sit luteis

pedibus, prius aqua purificatis, Plin. 30, 93; Vulcanus, Iuv. 10, 132; 3. met. worthless, dirty, meretrix, Pl. Truc. 4, 4, 1; erus, Poen. 4, 2, 2; (scyphos) luteum negotium esse, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 32.

**lūtio**, āre, vb. frq. make muddy, defile, a cj. of Ritschl in Pl. Trin. 2, 3, 14.

1. **lūto**, āre, vb. frq. (of luo=soluo), habes qui fecerim hecatomben, in quo ut puto, quoniam est luere soluere, luitai (as though one with luitai), Varr. ap. Non. 131, 20.

2. **lūto**, āre, vb. plaster with clay, Cato r. 92; nidos, Calp. el. 5, 17; 2. gen. plaster, capillos, Mart. 14, 50.

**lūtor**, (=lutor) πλυτρός, Gloss. Philox.

**Lutorius**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, Plin. 7, 129.

**lūtosus**, adj. full of mud, muddy, iter, Lucil. ap. Non. 489, 14; limites, Varr. r. 2, 4, 8; ager, Colum. 2, 4, 5 and 6; rapa, 12, 56, 1.

**lutra**, āe, f. otter, Varr. l. 5, 13; Plin. 8, 109; 32, 144; 2. Fr. loutre.

**lūtulentus**, adj. abounding in mud or dirt, muddy, dirty, coenum, Pl. Bac. 3, 1, 17; sus, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 75; palma, s. 2, 4, 83; dilunio tellus lūtulenta, Ov. M. 1, 434; Philaenis, Mart. 7, 67, 7; 2. met., illius domino non lūntum lūtulentus, Pl. Poen. 1, 1, 30; persona illa lūtulenta (Ballionis), Cic. Rose. com. 20; nitia, Pis. 1; lūtulente Caesoniæ, 27; 3. of language, muddy, cum fluere lūtulentus, Non. s. 1, 4, 11; add 1, 10, 50;

4. lūtulente adv., Hor. 134, 33.

**lūtulo**? āre, vb. only a cj. in Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 14; see lutilo.

1. **lūtum**, (leap. from a form like sol-utum holutum folutum; akin to L. fuluos, gilnos, E. yellow, yell. gold, weld) i, n. the plant weld or woad, reseda luteola Linn., a luto herba, Plin. 33, 91; herba quae l. appellatur, Vitr. 7, 14, 2; 2. yellow, as a colour, croceo mutabit uellera lūto, Verg. B. 4, 44; glomerarem flammæ luto, cir. 316; Sed nimbis luto (of jealousy) corpora tingit amor, Tib. 1, 8, 52.

2. **lūtum**, i, n. lūtas\*, i, m. (from luo, cf. lues) clay, luta et limam aggerabant, Cic. ap. Non. 212, 16; contabulationem luto constrauerunt, ne quid ignis nocere posset, Caes. b. c. 2, 9, 3; crates luto integuntur, 2, 15, 2; fecilia fecit Poecula, de facili compositum lūto, Tib. 1, 1, 40; urecus oblituit luto paleato, Colum. 12, 21, 2; l. Punicum, 9, 2, 4; Fieta Saguntino cymbia malo lūto, Mart. 8, 6, 2; 2. met., hic hominulus ex argilla et luto fictus, Cic. Pis. 59; Vdum et molle lutum es..., Fingendus sine fine rota, Pers. 3, 23; meliore luto fluxit praecordia Titan (Prometheus), Iuv. 14, 35; 3. prov. fin. sticking in wet clay, Nunc homo in medio luto est: Nomen nescit: haeret haec res, Pl. Ps. 4, 2, 27; ut in luto haeream, Pers. 4, 3, 66; in eodem luto haesitas, Ter. Ph. 5, 2, 15; 11 4. as mud, teque ibidem prouoluam in luto, Ter. And. 4, 4, 38; imbrī lūtas\* erat multus, Quadr. ap. Non. 212, 17; in Verre (a pun) quem in luto uolutatum inuenimus, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 53; in Narniensis agro siccitate lutum fieri, Plin. (qu. from Cic.) 31, 51; imbre lutoque aspersus, Hor. ep. 1, 11, 11; add Iuv. 14, 66; lutum neque arare (conuenit) neque fodere, Plin. 17, 189; tantum luto tota uia fuit, Sen. ep. 57, 1; Si lūtas\* aut pulvis tardat te forte uiator, inser. Maff. 1, 359, 33;

5. as worthless, annona pro luto erat, (as we say dirt cheap), Petron. 44; omnia pro luto haberemus, 6; 6. as a term of abuse, Verberibus, lutum caedere pendens, Pl. Most. 5, 2, 45; elio lutum lenonium, Pers. 3, 3, 2; o tenebrae lutum sordes, Cic. Pis. 62; o lutum lupanar, Catul. 42, 13; 7. in contempt of wrestlers' ludo (ἀδμή), luctatores et totam oleo ac luto constantem scientiam expello ex studiis liberalibus, Sen. ep. 88, 18; 8. note pl. in first ex.

**Lutus**, Luta, a cognomen, C. Vettius Nouelli f. sibi et Verginiae Luta, inser. ap. Hosm. cent. di. Milano 3, 57.

**lux**, (prob. for gol-ue; cf. E. glow, gleam, glare, Se. gut-fitt, γλαυκος, γλαυκός, W. goleu ligit, golwg ligit), lūcis, f. or m.\* light, Euxin candida se radiis dedit icta foras lux, Enn. ap. Cic. diu. 1, 107; Vt mortalis lūmescens luce clara et candida, Pl. Amph. 1, 3, 49; ea (stella), citima tenebris luce lucebat aliena, Cic. rep. 6, 16; Stella facem ducens

multa cum lūe curreit, Verg. 10, 694; 2. esp. daylight, as marking time, ante lucem, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 67; Cic. or. 2, 259; si luce canes latent, crura iis suffragantur, Rose. Am. 50; luce in foro saliet, off. 3, 93; prima luce, Caes. b. g. 1, 22, 1; Luce palam certum estigni circumdare muros, Verg. 9, 153; 3. centesima lux est haec ab interitu P. Clodii, Cic. Mil. 98; crastina lux, Verg. 10, 244; 4. as visible to the living only, Scilam hunc mihi supremam lucem et serviti finem dari, Ace. ap. Non. 226, 8; tu te orbabis luce? Cic. Tusc. 3, 26; omnis mi-eros qui haec luce careant, 1, 12; corpora luce carentur, Verg. G. 4, 255; 5. of blindness, Quam nullum aut lene sit dantem mihi lucis adeptae, Ov. M. 14, 197; effosae squallent nestigia lucis, Stat. Th. 11, 585; 6. of reflected light, brilliancy, splendor, uiridi cum luce smaragdi, Lucr. 4, 1126; telis et luce consensu aena, Verg. 2, 470; carbunculos lucem non fundentes, Plin. 37, 94; 7. of stars, Illae quae fulgent lucis, Cic. Arat. 96; 8. met., in luce Asiae, in oculis clarissimae prouinciae, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 8; nec uero ille in luce modo atque in oculis cinium magnus, sed domi praestantior, sen. 12; non quo mea interesset qui lucem fugerem, Att. 3, 19, 1; 9. of intellectual light, historia lux ueritatis, Cic. or. 2, 36; non hominum interitu sententiae quoque occidunt, sed lucem auctoritatis desiderant, N. D. 1, 11; 10. as opp. to a cloud of trouble, lux quaedam uidetur oblata regno sublato, Cic. Phil. 1, 4; tantumne unius hominis uirtus lucem afferre rei p. potuit? Manil. 33; 11. other met., hanc urbem lucem orbis terrarum, Cic. Cat. 4, 11; lux liberalitatis et sapientiae tuae, Lig. 6; Cicero l. doctrinarum altera, Plin. 17, 38; pro luce dignitatis suae, Aur. Arend. dig. 1, 11, 1, 1; 12. a term of endearment, o lux salme, Pl. Mil. 4, 8, 34; o lux oppidi, St. 4, 2, 38; mea lux, meum desiderium, Cic. fam. 14, 2, 2; lux mea, Ov. tr. 3, 3, 52; 13. as a god (in a joke), Idem ego sum Salus, Fortuna, Lux, Lactitia, Gaudium, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 84; 14. luci as abl., cum primo\* luci, Pl. Cist. 2, 1, 49; Quinet. Atta ap. Non. 468, 23; cum luci simul, Pl. St. 2, 4, 40; Mera. 2, 1, 31; in luci, Lucr. 4, 235; 15. or perh. as dat., neine in populo luci praetextam habebat, CIL 197, 5; palam luci, ib. 17 and 24; si luci si nos, Enn. ap. Prisc. 1, 284 K; luci elaro\*, Pl. Aul. 4, 10, 18; Varr. ap. Non. 210, 12 (bis); 16. as mase. see \* above.

**luxatio, σπριγμα, Gloss. Philox.**

**luxātūra, ae, f.** dislocation, Mare. Emp. 36 f.

**lūxo, luxātus, āre, vb.** make loose—hence dislocate (a bone), esp. in part. luxatus, articuli, Plin. 30, 79; corpora, 31, 71; 2. luxatum, as sb. n. a dislocated limb, a dislocation, luxatum si quod (not quid) est (brassica) sanum faciet, Cato r. 157, 4; add Plin. 20, 230, 2, 76 etc.; 3. met., luxatis machinis (of a moveable amphitheatre), Plin. 36, 119; cum subarator luxatis radices (uitium), 17, 227; ne luxat ealamus dum deprimitur (in grafting), 17, 107; 4. luxatis cornibus, Plin. 8, 179 prob. corrupt; 5. in Prud. cath. 2, 78 luxante a bad etc.; 6. luxor vb. r. play the loose one, Luxatur, Instratur, comedunt quod habent, Pl. St. 4, 7, 5; luxatur a luxu dictum, id est luxuriantur, quod habent, Paul. ex F. 120.

**luxūria, more commonly -es\* (luxus; but whence the r?), ae, f.** luxuriant growth of vegetation, as of leaves etc., with less fruit, growing wild, esp. of the vine for want of pruning, Luxurient\* segetum tenera depascit in herba, Verg. G. 1, 112; l. foliorum, 1, 101; in (oratione) interdum, at in herbis, in summa uberitate inest luxuries\* quaedam quae stilo depascenda est, Cic. or. 2, 96; si uitis luxuria se consumpsit, Plin. 17, 181; 2. met. of man, running into excesses for want of restraint, dissipation, luxury, ut eius animus qui nunc luxuria et lascivia diffinit retundam, Ter. Haut. 5, 1, 72; luxuria omni aetati turpis, Cic. off. 1, 123; in urbe luxuriosus\* creatur, ex luxuria existit auaritia necesse est, Rose. Am. 75; add agr. 1, 207; domus in qua iustria libidines luxuriae\* (luxuriae Pl.) edd. luxuries\*) uersentur, Cael. 57; diffilere luxuria, off. 1, 106; propter luxuriam epulum quotidianum est intra iannas, Varr. r. 3, 2, 16; 3. of cattle, excessive wildness, Val. F. 7, 66; 4. personified, with her daughter Inopia, Pl.

Trin. prol. 8; o prodiga rerum Luxuries\*, Lucan. 4, 373; 5. note dub. pl. in f. above; 6. Gell. S. 14, 18 on bad grounds attributes a gen. luxurii to C. Graecus; 7. hence E. lechery.

**luxūriō, (luxuria sb.); unduly compared to nixuriō -ire from nixus), are, vb.** grow rankly, run wild, of vegetation, esp. as producing abundant leaves, wood etc., but little fruit, Nunc ager assidua luxuriabit aqua, Ov. F. 4, 644; Vt seges in pingui luxuriabit humo, a. a. 1, 360; (uitis) pernicioso luxuriat, Plin. 17, 178; add 183; caules obruntur...ne in frondem luxurient, 19, 113; uites quae fructu earent, fronde luxuriant, Pall. 12, 9; 2. met., cuius corpus in tam immobili modo luxuriasset (of one hugely fat), Gell. 6, 22, 4; luxuriatia compescet (of style), Hor. ep. 2, 2, 122; luxuriantia astringere, Quint. 10, 4, 1; ueroer, ne haec laetitia luxuriet nobis ae uana euadat, Liv. 23, 12, 122; hiberno pulvere lactiores fieri messis luxuriantis iugeni fertilitate dictum est, Plin. 17, 14; 3. esp. of man, run riot, run into excesses, revel, Capium luxuriantem longa felicitate, Liv. 23, 2, 1; ne luxuriaret otio animi, 1, 19, 3; Luxuriant animi rebus plerumque secundis, Ov. a. a. 2, 437; si (multitudo) noua liberata luxuriat, Curt. 10, 7, 11; 4. of animals, in poets, run wild, be exuberant in spirits and play, arctetis quae fremit (equus) ceruicibus alte Luxurians, Verg. 11, 407; Ludit et in pratis luxuriatque pennis, Ov. F. 1, 156; stabulis qualis leo saeuit opimis Luxurians, Val. F. 6, 614.

**luxūrior or luxūrior\*, ari, vb. r.** the same, euenmina nigrum ne luxurior, demulato, Colum. ar. 11, 2; 2. met. sit semel illa malo luxuriata meo, Ov. tr. 5, 1, 43; ne luxuriant felicitas urbis inciperet, Flor. 2, 15, 5; luxurior\* (so A M) opes atque otia longa grauat, Corn. Sev. ap. Diom. 378, 1 K; ubi sanguine multo Luxuriata fames, Stat. Th. 2, 677.

**luxūriosus or luxoriosus\*, adj.** running wild (of vegetation), lactas segetes, luxuriosa frumenta, Cic. orat. 81 (as a quotation); neque pinguior aequo (seges) Diuitis perat luxuriosa suis, Ov. F. 1, 690; uitis, Colum. 4, 21, 2; 5, 6, 36; 2. met. luxuriosus, extravagant, nescio quomodo possit, si luxuriosus sit, diuitas cupitades habere, Cic. fin. 2, 22; nihil scitote esse luxuriosus, Pis. 66; nestitum luxoriosum\*, Varr. ap. Non. 542, 7; luxuriosissimis oppidis, Memm. ap. Serv. ad A. 1, 165; otium, Sal. Jug. 95, 3; luxuriose adv., ne haec laetitia nimis luxuriose eueniat, Cato ap. Gell. 6 (7), 3, 14; cum libidinis l. uincere, Cic. Cath. 13; comp. ps. Nep. Paus. 3, 2; sup. Aug. mor. ec. Cath. 34.

**1 luxus, [lu-loosen, wh. stands for sol-u or rather solue-] ūs, m. lit.** looseness—hence dislocation, articulus loco concessit exque eo luxu adhuc fluxus est, Apul. flor. 3, 16; uitalium finis luxu ac tortis, Plin. Val. 2, 49; tumoribus ex luxu concitatis, Apul. herb. 31; 2. of character, dissipation, luxury, adulescens luxu perditus, Ter. Ad. 4, 7, 42; nisi estimatis eum in uino ae luxu non risisse, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 62; luxu ciuitas corrupta est, Sal. Cat. 53, 5; Nunc bienem inter se uolunt...fouere, Cic. 4, 193; luxu solum (note the word), Quint. 3, 8, 28; 3. in not a bad sense, luxury, splendour, Ad domus interea regali splendida luxu Instruitur, Verg. 1, 637; add 6, 605; (homo) erudit luxu, Tac. an. 16, 18; 4. in pl., Explicitque suos...Cleopatra...Nondum translatis Romani in secula luxus, Lucan. 10, 110; add Sil. 11, 402.

**2 luxus, [id.], and so=E. loose and one w. luxus and E. slack] part. or adv.** loose or loose—hence of dislocated (bones); luxu pede, Sal. ap. Prob. 31, 16; luxa membra e suis locis mota et soluta (note this word), Paul. ex F. 19; 2. luxum, as sb. n. a dislocation, luxum si quod est, hac cautione sanum fiet, Cato r. 160; add luxum alliga. ib.; luxum, id est, sanum et loco motum, Non. 55, 15; luxum σπριγμα, Gloss. Labb.; stercus luxum sanat, Sext. Plac.; emplastrum utile ad luxu nel fracta, Mare. Emp. 36 f.

**Lycaeus, (uile) adj.** or sb. a title of Bacchus, hence in poets for wine, curam...Dulci Lycae solueri, Hor. epod. 9, 38; add Ov. an. 2, 11, 49.

**lycaon, ōnis, m.** a wild beast of India or Aethiopia, cui iubata traditur ceruix, Plin. 8, 123; lupus est ceruice iuba-

tus et tot modis uarius ut nullus color absit, Solin. 30, 24; add Mela 3, 9, 2.

**lycapsos**, i, f. a plant, Plin. 27, 97.

**Lyceum** or **Lyceum**\*, i, n. a public building at Athens, Gell. 20, 5, 4; whence Cic. named one in his Tusculanum Cic. diu. 1, 8; Hadrian another, Spart. Hadr. 26, 5; inser. Or. 3066 suspected.

**lychnicus**, (shining) adj. lapis, a bright Parian marble, Hygin. fab. 223.

**lychnis**, idis, adj. f. as sb. a kind of rose, Plin. 21, 18, 67 and 121; 2. l. agria, a plant = anthrinum, 25, 129; a bright gem, 37, 103.

**lychnites**, ae, m. Parian marble, Plin. 36, 14.

**lychnitis**, idis, adj. f. as sb. a plant, = philonis, Plin. 25, 121.

**lychnobius**, adj. one who lives by lamplight, Sen. ep. 122, 16.

**lychnuchus**, (λυχνυχος), i, adj. as sb. m. a lamp-stand, ligneus, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 7, 2; pensiles, Plin. 34, 14; Suet. Caes. 37; inser. Or. 2511.

**lychnus** or **lychnus**, i, (λυχνος) lamp, lychnorum (lucinum?) luminis lux sex, Enn. an. 328 V; add Lucil. ap. Maer. 6, 4, 18; lux longe alia est solis et lychnorum, Cic. Cael. 67; pendentes lychni (so add; mss lychni), Lucr. 5, 295; dependent lychni laquearibus aureis incensu, Verg. 1, 726; 2. lucinus or lycinus was the old form for Latin, lucini lucernae, Gloss. Mai. Cl. Vat. 6, 532; lucini candelae, Isid. 20 Goth.; lucini lucernae, p. 65; see Ritschl op. 2, 479.

**lycinus**, (little wolf), i, m. a wolf-dog, Isid. or. 12, 2.

**lycophon**, i, n. a plant, = scelerata, Apul. herb. 8.

**lycophos**, primum tempus lucis, Paul. ex F. 121; add *lycophos*, Maer. s. 1, 36, 37.

**lycephthalmos**, (wolf's eye) i, m. a gem, Plin. 37, 187.

**lycus**, (wolf) i, m. a kind of spider, Plin. 30, 52 and 104.

**Lydius**, adj. Lydian, lapis, touchstone, Plin. 33, 126—first found in the river Timolus, aft. passim; 2. Lydion as sb. n. a kind of brick, Plin. 35, 170.

**lygdinus**, adj. bright, lapis, Parian marble, Plin. 36, 62; Isid. or. 16, 5.

**lygdos**, i, f. Parian marble, Mart. 6, 13, 3; 6, 42, 21.

**lygus**, i, f. a willow-plant, Plin. 24, 59.

**lymphā**, (νυμφή) ae f. water, in poets, puteales, Lucr. 6, 1174; Verg. 4, 635; Hor. od. 2, 3, 12; 3, 11, 26 etc.; Ov. M. 13, 531; Mart. Cap. 7, 6, 7, 21 Eyss.; 2. a water-nymph, Lymphis Lymphis. August. ob reditum aquarum, inser. Or. 1637; precor Lympham ac Bonum Euentum quoniam sine aqua omnis agricultura frustrata est, Varr. r. 1, 1, 6; Gnatis Lymphis Iratis exstructa, Hor. s. 1, 5, 97; add Mart. Cap. 16 G, 17, 25 Eyss.; and personified, Catul. 27, 5; 3. written *lypha* in Non. 212, 2.

**lymphaeus**, adj. of water, Mart. Cap. 194, 19 Eyss.

**lymphaeum**\*, or **lymphæum**, i, adj. as sb. n. a temple to Nymphs, inser. Mur. 60, 3<sup>d</sup> 489, 4; 924, 5.

**lymphaticus**, adj. of one lymphatus, see *lympho*; and so of a madman, pauor, Liv. 10, 28, 10; metus, Sen. ep. 13, 9; 85, 27; somnia, Plin. 26, 52; situs, Apul. M. 4, 25; tripudium, S. 27; error, Ser. Samua. 27, 507; 2. as sb. m. a madman, Apul. M. S. 25; Mart. Cap. 314 G, 348, 1 Eyss.; and in joke l. aurei, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 132; 3. lymphaticum, as sb. n. the disease of madness, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 133; Plin. 25, 60; 28, 226.

**lymphatio**, onis, f. the madness due to a water-nymph or of sudden inexplicable fear, nocturnae, Plin. 34, 151; add 37, 50 and 61.

**lymphatus**, see *lympho*.

**lymphæum**, see *lymphaeum*.

**lymphiger**, a, um, adj. water-bearing, Coripp. Iohan. 3, 145; 7, 246.

**lympho**, are, vb. drive mad, prop. of a nymph offended at being seen by a mortal, but extended beyond this, Flexanimita tanquam Lymphata et Bacchi sacris commota, Pacuv. ap. Varr. 1, 7, 5 and Cic. diu. 1, 8; wh. Varr. adds: lymphata dicta a lymphā; lymphā a nympha... In Graecia commota mente quos *λυφοληπτος*; appellant, ab eo Lymphatos dixerunt nostri; velut lymphati et attoniti, Liv. 7, 17, 3; furit lymphata per urbem, Verg. 7, 377; mentemque lymphatam Mareotico Redgit in ueros timores, Hor. od. 1, 37, 14; Ecce nurus Ciconum tectae Lymphata ferinis Pectora uelleribus... Ov. M. 11, 3; lymphatos sanguinis talpae adpersu respiscere, Plin. 30, 84; ne lymphatos agat, 31, 9; add Lucan. 1, 496; 2. so far only in perf. part., add: lymphantes animi, Plin. 27, 107; hac (anne) pota lymphari homines, 24, 164; deus lymphauerat urbem, Val. F. 3, 46; horridis lymphare incurisibus urbes, Stat. Th. 7, 113; add 7, 662.

**lymphor**, or **limfor**, oris, m. water, Lucil. ap. Non. 212, 3.

**lyncūrium**, (λυγξ ουρον) ii, n. a gem, Plin. 37, 52; cf. Ov. M. 15, 414.

**Lyssa**, ae, f. a goddess of wild beasts, Mart. Cap. 16 G, 18, 1 Eyss.

**lynx**, lynceis, m.\* and f., a lynx, lynceis Bacchi uariae, Verg. G. 3, 264; add A. 1, 323; B. S. 3; fugacis lynceis, Hor. od. 4, 6, 34; timidos \*lynceas, 2, 13, 40; add Ov. M. 3, 668; 4, 25.

**lyo**, see *lio*.

**lyra**, ae, f. a lute or lyre, a stringed instrument, curuaeque lyrae parentem, Hor. od. 1, 10, 6 etc.; septena putaris... fila dedisse lyrae, Ov. F. 5, 106 etc.; 2. a constellation, astri quod Graeci uocant *lyra*, fidem nostri, Varr. r. 2, 5, 12; Signa dabunt imbres exoriente lyra, Ov. F. 1, 316; add Hygin. astr. 3, 6.

**lyricen**, inis, adj. as sb. m. one who plays on the lyre or lute, Aug. de gramm. p. 1977; l. *lyricos*, Gloss. Philox.

**lyricus**, adj. of the lyre or lute, uates, Hor. od. 1, 1, 35; soni, Ov. F. 2, 94; senex, tr. 2, 364; 2. lyricus, as sb. m. a lyric poet, Quint. 1, 8, 6; 8, 6, 71; in Greek, Cic. orat. 183; 3. lyricia, n. pl. lyric poetry, lyrics, Plin. ep. 3, 1, 7; 7, 17, 3.

**lyristas**, ae, m. a player on lyre or lute, Plin. ep. 1, 15, 2; 9, 17, 3; 9, 36, 4; Sidon. ep. 8, 11.

**lyristria**, ae, f. the same, Schol. Iuv. 11, 162.

**lyron**, i, n. a plant, = alisia, Plin. 25, 124.

**lysa**, antis, f. a plant, = artemisia, Apul. herb. 10.

**lysīmāchia**, ae, f. a plant, Plin. 25, 72 and 100; 26, 131 etc.

**lysīmāchos**, i, m. a gem, Plin. 37, 172.

**lysioponium**, ii, n. a collyrium, inser. ap. Tochon. p. 63.

**lysis**, is, f. loosening, an architectural term, an ogee, Vitruv. 3, 5; 5, 7, 6; but in 6, 11, 2 Rose has sublisas, not sua lysi.

**lytae**, arum, m. fourth-year men in the class of jurisprudence, Const. Omen reip. § 5.

**lytra**, see *lutra*.

**lytrum**, i, n. a ransom, Hectoris lytra a poem of Enn. see Non. 111, 14; 222, 32 etc.; Fest. 270 B 29; add Hyg. fab. 106.

**lytta**, ae, f. a worm under a dog's tongue, Plin. 29, 100.

## M.

**macēria**, (often pron. *macerya*) -es\* (?), ae, f. a wall including ground, of stone, bricks etc., *Quin maceria illa ait, in horto quae est, quae in noctis singulae...*, Pl. Trac. 2, 2, 48; *Non mirumst ueteri maceriae lateres si ueteres ruunt, 50; maceriae ex calce, camentis, silice, Cato r. 15; maceria extrema, CIL 577, 2, 11; maceria aream sapiendam, 1488; Atque hanc in horto macerium iube dirui, Ter. Ad. 5, 7, 10; maceria—huius species quatuor: e lapide, e lateribus coctilibus, e lateribus crudis, ex terra et lapillis compositis in formis, Varr. r. 1, 14, 4; add 3, 5, 10 and 12; 3, 12, 3; nulla maceria nulla casa, Cic. fam. 16, 18, 2; add Caes. b. g. 7, 69, 5; sepulchrum maceriae circumclusum (sic), inser. Or. 4349; Quamuis maceriae florentes ambiat hortos, Prud. bamart, 227; inter macerium\* Calaminianum et insulam Eucarpianam, inser. Grut. 611, 13; macerium\* alt. p. v. adiecit, inser. Or. 4057; 2. a wall of rough stones without cement, maceriae fiant de assis, i.e. sicis lapidibus, Serv. ad G. 2, 417; ex congectione maceriae fiant, Sic. Flac. agrim. p. 149, 15; 3. hence distinct from *murus*, eadem provincia habet muros maceriae..., Sic. Flac. agrim. 211, 10; add 227, 15; 228, 24 etc.*

**mactus**, part. as adj. [decap. fr. humectus] moist, Gloss. Isid.; 2. hence O. Fr. *moiste*, now *moite*, E. *moist*; cf. *Métivier's Dict. Franco-Normand*, p. 337.

**magis**, older **magis\*** (cf. *πρὸς* for *πρὸς* and *potis* aft. *potis*), often shortened to **magē**, and even pron. as *monos*. *magi* or *mais* (cf. Fr. *mais* 'more', Sp. *mas*), adv. comp. [for *magis* and so = *maius*; cf. *supis* *nimis* and *pris* = *prius*, in *priscus* *pristinus*; also = *μαλλον*, i.e. *μαλινον*, cf. *μαλινος* *magis*] more, Etiam *minitas*? Mitte *ea* quae *tibi* sunt *magis* quam mea, Liv. Andr. ap. Non. 473 v. *minitas*; Numquam edepol hominem quemquam ludificari *Magis* facite *uidi* et *magis* miris *modis*, Pl. Mil. 2, 6, 58; tanto *magis* animum nostrum inducimus, CIL 201, 10; nihil uidetur mundus *Nec magis* compositum *quicquam* nec *magis* elegans, Ter. Eun. 5, 4, 13; Quod *tibi* si idem faceres *magis*\* in rem et nostram et nostram esset, Hec. 2, 2, 7; Immo si scias...*Tum magis*\* (so all MSS. and Don.) id dicas. Quodnam [quae] hercle? Eunuchum. Illudne obscuro? Eun. 2, 3, 65, wh. cancel quae; *tum magis* id diceres si nuper in hortis Scipionis...adfuisse, Cic. am. 25; *tum magis* adfuisse si...ad maiora peruenire, rep. 1, 62;

2. referring to a phrase, not a mere word, *quae* quid poterit amplius assequi, si Cn. Scipionis fuisset filius. *Magis* adfuisse fieri non potuisset; sed hoc praestaret, quod ei minus inuideretur, Cic. Plane. 60; nisi forte *magis* erit parcienda si qui consularem patrem quam si quis humilem necarit, Mil. 17; 3. often used to contrast two qualities, actions, or states, where we may say rather, yet also more, *Quae istae actas fugere facta magis* quam sectari solet, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 28; neque uereor ne quis hoc me *magis* accusatorie quam libere (uere?) dixisse arbitretur, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 176; ad dicendum ueniebat *magis* audacter quam parate, Brut. 241; perfectam artem iuris civilis habebitis *magis* magnam atque uberem quam difficilem et obscuram, or. 1, 190; 4. *Malli* non est turpe, *magis* miserum est, Catul. 68, 30; add Lucr. 1, 612; in Ov. *her.* 16 (17), 102 Merkel has: *Nec tibi plus cordis sed minus oris adest*; Non equidem inuidio; miror *magis*; undique totis..., Verg. B. 1, 11; praeterita *magis* reprehendi possunt quam corrigi, Liv. 30, 30, 7; nec ad ducis casum percula *magis* quam irritata est multitudo, 9, 22, 7; Aut fuit aut uisa est, sed fuit illa *magis*, Ov. F. 6, 632; 4. at times superfluously v. compar., Ita fustibus sum mollior *magis* quam ullus cinaedus, Pl. Aut. 3,

2, 8; Igitur demum *magis*\* maiorem in sese concipiet metum, Amph. 1, 1, 145; *Magis* multo patior *facilius* ego uerba, nerhera odi, Men. 5, 6, 15; potiusne in subello Cynice accipimur hic quam in lectis? Immo enim hic *magis*\* dulcius, St. 5, 4, 22; Ego faxo posthac dei deaque ceteri Contentiores *magis* erunt atque anidi minus, Poen. 2, 15; Certon? Quin nihil inquam inuenies *magis* hoc certo certius, Capt. 3, 4, 11—but here perla: which you may more truly call certo certius; Argentum nisi qui dederit nugae egerit, Verum qui dederit *magis*\* maiores egerit, Poen. pr. 82; all but repeated, Men. prol. 55; nouellae (gallinae) *magis* edendis quam excludendis onis utiles sunt, Colum. 8, 5, 5; *magis*...construat longior *magis* quam latior, Pall. 1, 17, 1; nec a debitoribus *magis* quam a (om. Jeop) creditoribus gratius excepta, Iust. 12, 11, 2; non inentione earum *magis* quam exemplo elarior, 3, 2, 7; uterque nostrum inuidia *magis* quam pecunia locupletior est, Val. M. 3, 7, 1; Quoque *magis* natura hominis sublimior exstet, Alcim. Av. 1; (sinistra manus)...aequitati *magis* aptior quam dextera, Apul. M. 11, 9, 1; finge enim malle eum *magis* sum consequi quam dominium insulae, Ulp. dig. 17, 2, 52, 10; sunt enim *magis* in legandis suis rebus quam in alienis comparandis...faciliores uoluntates, Papin. dig. 31, 67, 8; *magis* rectius, Arnob. 1 p. 10; but in Liv. 22, 34, 11 is now read mature *inere*, not *magis* uere u.; 5. repeated, more and more, first w. que, — dolet pigetque *magis*\* *magisque* me Conatum..., Pac. 44 R; Profecto quanto *magis*\* *magisque* cogito, Ter. Eun. 3, 3, 1; Ex desiderio *magis*\* *magisque* maceror, Afran. 353 R; cum quotidie *magis*\* *magisque* perdit homines templis urbis mittantur, Cic. Phil. 1, 5; sed mihi *magis*\* *magisque* quotidie placet illud consilium, fam. 2, 18, 2; enitit ut in dies *magis*\* *magisque* haec nascens de me dupliciter opinio, Cic. fil. ap. fam. 16, 21, 2; agitabatur *magis*\* *magisque* indices animus ferox inopia, Sal. Cat. 5, 7; add Iug. 53, 1; *magis*\* *magisque* turbatos hostes cercnabant, Liv. 8, 39, 5; 6. w. atque, Et *magis* atque *magis*...Clarescent sonitus, Verg. 2, 299; add G. 3, 185; beneficium demus quod in usu m. ac m. placeat, Sen. ben. 2, 14, 4; add Tac. an. 6, 27; Plin. ep. 7, 3, 4; 10, 17, 3; Suet. Vit. 11; Tit. 3; gr. 3; 7. w. et, de Gracia quodlibet *magis* et *magis* cogito, Cic. Att. 14, 18, 4; 8. without any conj., Post uento crescente *magis*\* *magis* increbrescent, Catul. 64, 274; tenemque *magis*\* *magis* aera carpunt, Verg. G. 4, 311; so in Gr. *μαλλον* *μαλλον*; 9. *magis* est, for uerius est, esp. in law, sed illud *magis* est quod prius diximus, Gai. dig. 20, 1, 15, 2; *magis* est ne possimus, Ulp. dig. 39, 1, 1, 13; *magis* est ut et hic causa cognita dari debeat, 2, 12, 7;

10. *magis* is used w. the positive of those adj. wh. have a comparative, neque...quemquam *uidi* *magis*\* malum, Pl. Ps. 4, 1, 27; Non spero. Insuperata accidit *magis*\* saepe quam quae speres, Most. 1, 3, 40; Neque lac *lactis* *magis* est simile quam ille ego similis est mei, Amph. 2, 1, 54; Hec sic abi laudo, nec te ego *magis*\* est [equus] ullus sapiens, As. 3, 3, 114 where I would cancel equus; si est pater Dicendum *magis* aperte, Ter. Ad. 4, 5, 30; Prinatiusque *magis* uiuam te roge uerba, Hor. ep. 1, 7, 43; puraque *magis* perlicida gemma, Ov. M. 2, 856; 11. *mage*, Accipiedum hoc; iam scibo utrum haec me *mage* amet aut marsuppium, Pl. Men. 2, 3, 35; Et quanto circum *mage* sunt inclusa theatri Moenibus, Lucr. 4, 81; Aspicue num *mage* sit nostrum penetrabile telum, Verg. 10, 481; nec quicquam *mage* patientiae loco nationes ferae ducunt Solin. 22 f; but in Enn. ap. Gell. 20, 10 Hertz has sed *magis* ferro—where *magis* is written, *mage* read.

**mammicula** only a bad conjecture in Pl. Ps. 5, 1, 16? wh. *msm* *mammam* *anicula*..., Ritschl *mamma* *mammicula*,

read: mamma ma(mil)la opprimitur, alia si lubet conduplicant.

**1. mando**, āre, vb. [man of man-us, with excrecent d] hand, hand over (in person, as being valuable, instead of sending by another) entrust, commit as a trust. Mandatae quae sunt uolo deferre epistulas, Pl. Pers. 4, 6, 12; Dona nostra haec tibi permitto et tuae mando fide, Ter. And. 1, 5, 61; **2.** esp. of a woman given in marriage, Ego me mandatam meo uiro male arbitror, Titin. 15 R; ab illo qui me mandauisti, meo uiro, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 40; **3.** often v. a gerund, give a commission to do something, entrust for a purpose, hunc... Infix Priamus furtim mandat alendum Threicio regi, Verg. 3, 49; aliquando ab his quibus inquirenda quaedam mandabat deceptus est, Quint. 10, 1, 128; gladiatores notos ui rapiendos mandabat, Suet. Caes. 26; **4.** often with gerund suppressed, praeterea typos tibi mando (sc. emendos), Cic. Att. 1, 10, 3; em siquid uelis hinc mandes (sc. curandum) qui te ad scopulum e tranquillo auerant, Ter. Ph. 4, 4, 8; **5.** esp. of offices (sc. gerendum), hominibus nouis honores, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 81; sacerdotia, agr. 2, 18; Liv. 29, 38, 7; mihi magistratus, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 35; his magistratus, Caes. b. c. 5, 59, 2; iurisdictionem, Papin. dig. 1, 20, 1; **6.** often of messages (sc. dicenda), send a message (properly by word of mouth), te L. Clodio mandasse quae illum mecum loqui nelles, Cic. fam. 3, 4, 1; est aliquid... In solida moriens ponere corpus humo Et mandare suis (send a few words when dying to one's friends), Ov. tr. 1, 2, 55; consulentes siquid ad uxores suas mandarent (if they had any messages for their wives), Flor. 1, 38, 6; adhibuit cenae nuptiali mandasse ad Pisonem contra accubentem: Noli uxorem meam premere, Suet. Cal. 25; simul in urbem mandabat nullum proeliorum finem expectarent, nisi succederet Suetonio, Tac. an. 14, 38; **7.** dying requests and legacies, Cum mihi supremos Laeches perueniret annos, Non aliter cineres mando lacere meas (wh. note the inf.), Mart. 1, 89, 10; add Ulp. dig. 11, 7, 14 med.; Papin. 2, 26; **8.** used at times less accurately of written messages or orders, tibi de nostris rebus nihil sum ante mandaturn per litteras quam desperare coram me tecum agere posse, Cic. fam. 3, 5, 4; Caesar per litteras Trebonio magnopere mandauerat ne per uim oppidum expugnari pateretur, Caes. b. c. 2, 13, 3;— in this sense the agent is commonly a person of mark, as a general or emperor—note our word command; **9.** commit (to memory, writing etc.; sc. seruanda), memoriae, Cic. fam. 6, 13, 3; and Quinct. 24; monumentis, acad. post. 3; animis uestris mentibusque, Cat. 1, 27; historis Graecis, diu. 2, 69; scriptis, opt. 2, 3; **10.** with the same idea of a trust (aliquid seruandum), commit, entrust, trust, uitam istam fugae solitudinique, Cic. Cat. 1, 20; fuge sese, Caes. b. c. 2, 24, 2; se fuge, 5, 18, 5; hordea sulcis, Verg. B. 5, 36; me humo, A. 9, 214; **11.** with irony, entrust (to the tender mercies of), commit Ipsos hortatur me frater ut meos malis miser Mandarim (so Baier but? for *me* has mandare) natos, Att. ap. Cic. Tusc. 4, 77; ne Saturnum cum (the infant Iove) malis mandaret, Lucr. 2, 637; **12.** phrase, quom Fortunae ipse minaci Mandaret laqueum, Iuv. 10, 53; suspendium sese legibus mandare proclamans, bid them go hang themselves, Apul. M. 9; **13.** in Cic. Sull. 57 and Quinct. 49 the true readings are amandare, amandatur.

**2. mando**, cre, di, sum, vb. [= mol-o, see Essays, p. 198] chew, bite, eat, Volturus spineto (in silulis, Prisc. 683; in spineto, Charis. 120; ej. in spinis) miserum mandebat hominem, Enn. an. 141 V; Cum socios nostros mandisset impius Cyclops, Liv. Andr. ap. Prisc. 817; animalia cibum alia carput alia mandunt, Cic. N. D. 2, 122; manditque trahitque (sc. leo) Molle pecus, Verg. 9, 340; eruent Mandit humum, 11, 668; qui omnia minima mansa ut nutrices infantibus pueris in os inserant, Cic. or. 2, 162; ut cibos mansas ac prope liquefactos demittimus quo facilius digerantur, Quint. 10, 1, 19; aurum (of a golden bit), Verg. 7, 279; **2. met.**, Corpora Graiorum maerebar mandier igni, Mai. ap. Varr. 1, 7, 5,

p. 372 Sp.; **3.** as vb. r. eadem significatione protulerunt antiqui mando et mandor, Prisc. 799.

**3. mando**, ōnis, m. [mand-vb.] glutton, mandonum gulae, Lucil. an. 1 Varr. ap. Non. 17.

**manipulus** or **manipulus**, i, m. [for manue-ulus, a dim. of manu (in spite of gender) of discip-ulus] lit. a handful—hence a truss or bundle, as of hay, herba subsecari falciibus debet...; de his manipulis fieri, Varr. r. 49, 1; bonus operarius prae iugum desecat nec minus mille ducentos manipulos natus obligat qui sint singuli quantum librarum, Colum. 11, 2, 40; so also Plin. 18, 262; add Colum. 2, 19, 2; filicunque manipulis sternere subter humum, Verg. G. 3, 297; **2.** a wisp of hay on a pole by way of a military standard, Romulus coacta pastorum manu eaque in centenos homines distributa perticas manipulis foeni uarie iunctas dedit, Aur. Vict. 22; Pertica suspensos portabat longe manipulos, Indo manipularis nomina miles habet, Ov. F. 3, 117; **3.** a company of foot soldiers in a legion, in legione sunt centuriae lx, manipuli xxx, cohortes x, Cincius ap. Gell. 16, 3, 6; add Caes. b. c. 2, 28, 1; b. g. 2, 25, 2; 6, 34, 6; Liv. 7, 26, 7; 8, 8, 5; 27, 14, 8; ubi centuriost Sanga et manipulos furum? Ter. Eun. 4, 7, 6; **4.** less correctly of cavalry, infrenatque manipuli, Sil. 4, 316; but Apul. M. o. 9 manipulos armati etc., seems corrupt; **5.** manipulum, i, as n. the same, Spart. Hadr. 10, 2; **6.** the Sp. manajo confirms the theoretic manuculo; cf. oculo-ojo.

**maritimus**, older form **maritūmus**, adj. [mari+tum of an old vb. timere=to fear; see legitimus] lit. overlooking the sea, and hence living near the sea, on the coast, maritime, homines m., Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 69; m. ciuitates, Caes. b. g. 2, 34, 1; **2.** of inanimate objects, loci, Cic. part. or. 36; urbes, rep. 2, 5; uilla, Nep. Att. 14, 3; **3.** of the sea, Iherupui hibernum et fluctus moui maritimos, Pl. Rud. pr. 69; aestus, Cic. N. D. 2, 132; Caes. b. g. 4, 29, 1; fluctibus, Nep. Att. 6, 1; salem, Varr. r. 1, 7, 8; mores, Pl. Cist. 2, 1, 11; cursus, Cic. Planc. 96; ora, Tusc. 5, 40; nauem (sea-going), Liv. 21, 63, 3; officium, Caes. b. c. 3, 5, 4; **4.** maritima, as sb. n. pl. country near the sea, quod in maritimis sim, facillime mones nonnullis suspitionem uelle me navigare, Cic. fam. 2, 16, 2; Africae maritima, Plin. 6, 212; in Tarraconis maritimis, Flor. 2, 33.

**matella**, ae, dim. [matula] f. a pot, aquarium uas says Non. 543; quotiens uidi matellas sine ansis, Cato orat. 62, 1 Ford; add r. 10, 2 and 11, 3; ne tu postules matulam unam tibi aquae (aquam *miss*) infundi in caput, Pl. Amph. ap. Non. 543; add Varr. Rhd.; **2.** in later writers a chamber-pot, Matella eorum rupta intere meibat, Mart. 12, 32, 13; add 7, 89, 1; **3.** met. of a faithless wife, Petr. 45; **4.** prov., Disperam si tu Pyldi praeberet matellam Dignus es, Mart. 10, 11, 3; satagis tamquam uas in matella, Petr. fr. trag. 58 B.

**matellio**, ōnis, m. dim. [matella] a small pot or jug, Cato r. 10, 2 and 11, 3; matellio a matula dictus qui posteaquam longius a figura matulae discessit est (*miss*) et ab aqua aqualis dictus, Varr. l. 5, 25, p. 124 Sp.; matellionem Corinthium, Cic. par. 38; ea sibi molo ponere ac suspendere quae utilitas postulat, trilleum matellionem..., Varr. ap. Non. 547; matellio diminutium a matula, Fest. 126.

**māter-ia**, ae, or **māteries**, ei, f. [mater, perh. au adj. f.] the parent stem of a tree (as opposed to the branches), trunk, facilius sicut in nitibus reuocantur ea quae se in unum profunderunt quam si nihil ualeat materies noua sarmēta cultura excitantur, Cic. or. 2, 88; Quicquid suū dē māterā grandescere aliqne, Lucr. 1, 191; **2.** the wood, as opposed to the softer parts, multum interius pluresne aut pauciores materias pro natura stirpis uinitor summittat, Colum. 3, 21, 7; resecta inter librum et materiam, 5, 11, 1; inter corticem et materiem, 5, 11, 4; uitis in materiam effunditur, rursus to wood, 4, 21, 2; **3.** timber (as opposed to firewood etc.), materia est quae ad aedificandum

fulciendumque necessaria est, lignum quiddam comburendi causa paratum est, *Ulp. dig. 32, 53, 1*; cornus non potest uideri materies propter exilitatem sed lignum non alio pauci quam ad radios rotarum utile, *Plin. 16, 206*; robur materies (dele: pro ridica as nonsense) ubi solstitium fuerit ad brumam semper tempestiva est, *Cato r. 17*; 4. hence for use in buildings, *Cic. Mil. 74*; in building ships, *Bis denas Italo texamus robore nauis*... iacet omnis ad undam Materies, *Verg. 11, 328*; eorum manium materia ad reliquas reficienda utebatur, *Caes. b. g. 4, 31, 2*; 11 5. stock for breeding, equinum pecus tripartito diuiditur, est enim generosa materies quae saeris cernitibus equos praebet, est mularis... *Colum. 6, 27, 1*; quod ex uetere materia nascitur plerumque congeneratum parentis semini refert, *7, 3, 15* (of sheep); 6. of man's breed, quo tempore quidam cognouit quae materies et quanta ad maximas res opportunitas in animis esset hominum, *Cic. inu. 1, 2*; fac enim fuisse in eo C. Laelii aut M. Catonis materiam atque indolem, quid ex eo boni efficit potest quid? *Verr. 2, 3, 160*; si uero liberalior materia contigerit (as the stuff out of which to make an orator), *Quint. 2, 8, 12*; angebatur Tullia nihil materiae in uiro neque ad cupiditatem neque ad audaciam esse, *Liv. 1, 46, 6*; 111 7. gen. that out of which things may be produced, materials, matter, stuff, subject-matter, source, suae gloriae, *Cic. Mil. 35*; omnium materiam, *Sal. Cat. 10, 3*; ingentis publice priuaticumque decoris, *Liv. 1, 39, 3*; 8. esp. for writing, matter, theme, quod me ut scribam aliquid hortaris, crescit mihi quidem materies, *sed. ., Cic. Att. 2, 12, 3*; ad probandum duplex est oratori subiecta materies, *or. 2, 116*; Sumite materiam uestris qui scribitis aequam Viribus, *Hor. A. P. 38*; add *Ov. am. 1, 3, 19*; *Phaedr. 1 pr. 1*; 9. in Cels. of food as regards nourishing power, cibius esse debet ex media materia maximeque ex uenatione, *3, 27, 1, p. 118, 14 Dar.*; add *2, 18*, often; 10. of the e declens, gen. and dat. do not occur.

**medeor**, eī (no perf. part. *Diom. 313, 20 K*; *Prise. 560, 9*), vb. r. [med=μελ of μελ+eo, care for; cf. euro in medical use, our cure, and note that physicians at Rome were Greeks; see also below] heal, with dat. of person or part affected, morbus eius cui mederi uolet (mediens), *Cic. or. 2, 186*; dies stultis quoque mederi solet, *fam. 7, 28, 3*; qui cum capiti mederi debeam, reducam eum, *Rose. Am. 128*; pullorum oculis illa (sc. chelidonia) medentes, *Plin. 8, 98*; ut... Sint plures oculis quae medeantur aquae, *Laur. Tull. ap. Plin. 31, 8*; animo polluto, *Sen. Herc. f. 1269*; 2. with acc. of disease, cupiditates Quas cum res aduersae sient paulo mederi possis, *Ter. Ph. 5, 4, 3* (some mss quibus)—but *Prise. 2, 273, 11 K* quotes this with quas as an example of the acc.; and *1, 388, 17* has medeor tibi dicitur ut medeor te; so *Diom. 319, 3*; medeor puero et puero; medeor te and m. puero are prob. errors; bituminosi (fontes) interioris corporis uitia potionibus purgando solent mederi, *Vitr. 8, 3, 4*; *Inst. inst. 2, 7 f.*; 3. also dat. of disease, dentium dolori, *Plin. 20, 4*; capitis uulneribus, *24, 36*; huic (malo), *Cic. agr. 1, 26*; incommodis hominum, *Q. fr. 1, 1, 31*; 4. in g-ruvnde constr. Hic aegritudinem ad medendum inuenit, *Varr. s. 123, 2 H*; aquas medendis corporibus nobilis, *Vell. 2, 25, 4*; medendis corporibus, *Liv. 8, 26, 7*; medendae ualitudinis leniendisque morbis, *Suet. Tit. 8*; 5. pass. impers., ut huic uitio medeatur sic erit faciendum, *Vitr. 6, 11, 6*; 6. pass. pers., ut frequens medeatur infirmitas, *Hier. ep. 22, 8*; 7. medeor for medeo-as as uerbor for uerbo-or (cf. uerco-undus); and medeo-or implies a lost sb. medeo-ec, wh. medeo-us; so that medeo-ri is lit.: aet the physician.

1 **medico**, are, vb. [mediens] lit. aet the part of a physician, doctor, heal, with dat. of person or part affected, tremulis medicantia membris, *Ser. Sam. 48, 902*; 2. with acc. of disease, Perit. Habe bonum animum, ego istum lepide medicabo metum (so Ritschl, al. medicabor), *Pl. Most. 2, 1, 40*; uulneris aestus, *Sil. 6, 98*; rabidos furores, *Nemes. ecl. 2, 28*; 3. mix with drugs, medicate, drug, semina, *Verg. G. 1, 193*; sedes, *4, 65*; fruges, *A. o,*

420; lanam fuco, *Hor. od. 3, 5, 27*; capillos, *Ov. am. 1, 14, 1*; pinsito (thymo) aquam, *Colum. 11, 3, 40*; cibum, *9, 13, 3*; semina, *11, 3, 64*; oves ungine, *Pall. 6, 8, 1*; 4. as pass., ut eius odore medicantur (apes), *Colum. 9, 13, 7*; Aufer et ipse meum pariter medicande (so edd., but mss and Laehm. medicandis dolorem, *Lydam. 3, 6, 3*).

2 **Medico**, ōnis, m. physician, a surname, Q. Iulius Lucanus Medicōis filius, *Maff. Mus. Ver. 463, 2*.

**medicor**, āri, vb. r. [mediens] lit. aet the physician, heal, doctor, with dat. of person, Eius labore atque eius dolore gnato ut medicar tuo, *Ter. Andr. 5, 1, 12*; quom ego possim in hac re medicari mihi, *5, 4, 41*; senibus medicantur anhelis, *Verg. 2, 134*; 2. with acc. of disease, Sed non Dardaniae medicari cuspidis ictum Euauit, *Verg. 7, 756*; see also medico § 2.

**medicōris**, e (medicoer, *Prise. 2 de acc. 2, 523, 28 K*) adj. [for medicor-eris, from medicor- old theoretic form of medicor- of the class medici or media, holding a middle place, ordinary, commonplace, moderate, homines, *Cic. or. 1, 94*; uiri, *Sal. lug. 6, 3*; oratores, *Cic. Brut. 136*; poetae, *Hor. A. P. 372*; ingenium, *Cic. or. 2, 119*; familia (slaves), *Nep. Att. 13, 3*; amor, *Cic. Att. 1, 20, 1*; eloquentia, *or. 1, 133*; artes, *1, 6*; latitudo, *Caes. b. c. 3, 46, 1*; castellum, *Sal. lug. 92, 5*; 2. esp. non medicōris, Non medicōris hominis haec sunt officia. O lepidum eaput, *Ter. Ad. 5, 9, 8*; animus, *Sal. lug. 8, 1*; diligentia, *Caes. b. g. 3, 20, 2*; imber, *Gran. 42, 16*; 3. m. syllaba, of common quantity, syllabarum longarum et breuium et medicorum, *Gell. 16, 18, 5*; 4. adv. medicōriter, moderately, in a moderate degree, with moderation, Flagitium et dampnum fecisse haut medicōter, *Pl. Merc. 2, 1, 13*;... Studebat et tamen omnia haec medicōter, *Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 32*; Medicōter uestitum ueste lughri, *Haut. 2, 3, 45*; scriptoribus ne medicōter quidem disertum, *Cic. or. 1, 91*; add *Tue. 3, 22*; 5. of the mind, ferre, *Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 95*; fr. ap. *Ase. 1*; 6. comp., hoc uellum medicōris, *Cic. Att. 1, 20, 5*; but *Charis. 156, 26 K* denies medicōris; 7. note the o in itself long, as shown by *Pl.* and *Ter.*

**meditor**, āri, vb. r. [medit for men- measure, as seen in mensor mensus and uictus in metior; =mentior; cf. for letter-change modus; =μετρα+ω, practise, for such is its first sense] lit. keep measuring and so repeating again and again—hence practise (as firstly music, ef. modi, musical measures), Siluestrem tenui musam meditaris auena, *Verg. B. 1, 2*; add *6, 82*; I nunc et uersus tecum meditare canoros, *Hor. ep. 2, 2, 76*; citharoedica artem, *Suet. Nero 40*; add *20*; meditantur aliae inuentiones (sc. luscinae) uersusque quos imitentur accipit, *Plin. 10, 8*; 2. of other things, Simulque cursuram meditor ab ludos Olympios, *Pl. St. 2, 1, 34* (as altered by *R*); meditor esse adfabilis, *Ter. Ad. 5, 6, 8*; statua meditor proelia Iusea, *luy. 7, 128*; editos partus (sc. cerni) exercent cursu et fugam, meditari docent, *Plin. 8, 113*; semper cauda in ictu est nulloque momento meditari cessat nequando desit occasioni, *11, 87*; 3. esp. of words, Set satin estis meditati. Tragici et comici Numquam aequae sunt meditati, *Pl. Pers. 4, 2, 4*; nullum patiebatur esse diem qui aut in foro diceret aut meditare extra forum, *Cic. Brut. 302*; 4. hence think over beforehand (so as to be prepared), haec ego aet da ob eam causam maxime scribo ut iam de tua quoque ratione meditare, *Cic. fam. 1, 8, 4*; quamquam te ita gerere uolo quae per imperium gerenda sunt haec multo ante meditare, *1, 7, 9*; 5. keep thinking about, age uero ne semper forum subsellia rostra curiamque meditare quid esse potest inuendum quam sermo faciet? *Cic. or. 1, 32*; 11 6. as a pass., tractantur lenocinia, adulteria meditantur, *Minue. F. Oct. 25 f.*; 7. esp. in perf. tenses in best authors, Tenco omnia, in pectore condita sunt, meditati sunt doli docti, *Pl. Ps. 4, 1, 30*; Meditata mihi sunt animia mea incommoda eris si redierit, *Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 18*; leniora sunt ea quae repentinio aliquo motu accidunt quam ea quae meditata et praeparata inferuntur, *Cic. off. 1, 27*; sedulus, *Phil. 2, 85*; uerbum, *10, 6*; querella, *Luer. 4, 1182*; oratio, *Plin. 26, 12*; *Suet. Aug. 84*.

**mēlos**, n. (μελός n.; wh. is akin to Lat. *modus*), also *melos* m., and Latinized *melus*\* m. and *melum*\* n. a musical measure, strain, song, suavissonum (cj.), ss. suane suavissonum *melos*, Naev. 25 l.; omnes qui locuturi habere debeant quosdam *melos*\*, Cato ap. Non. 213; acri eripitantes *melos*\*† (so L. Müller, Rh. Mus. 24, 249; MSS *melos*, but Non. quotes pass. as from *melos* m.), Att. 238 l.; Thysianstem (so Iulius cj.; MSS *thesiantem*; *thysio*=*θεσιω*) fremitu concinui (so L. Müller, *ss. concinui*) *melum*\*†, Tacu. 311 l.; Ae musaei *melos* per chordas organi cae Mobilibus digitis expergefacta figurant, Lucr. 2, 412; Et *cyenae melos*, 2, 505; die age tibia Regina longum Calliopē *melos*, Hor. od. 3, 4, 2; cui *brenia melā*\* modica recino (all short syll.), Aus. 186, 2 Delph.; docta sonare *melos*, inser. Grut. 654; Auctor et ductor *melorum*\*† qui duas *brenes* habet, Terentian. 2412, 2 l.; The god of Melody, *huius* nascuntur pueri Rhythmus et *Melos*, Varr. s. 190, 6 l.

**mēmīni**, vb. in pres. perf. [implies a vb. *men-o*, *mīnd*, take notice of, for he who has taken good notice, remembers; cf. *με-νέ-ν-μαι*] remember, *mēmīni* me fieri panem, Enn. an. 15 V.; *mēmīnisti* te despondere mīhi gnatum tuam? anon. ap. Varr. l. 6, 7, p. 248 Sp.; qui placet obliuiscitur, qui dolet *mēmīni*, Cic. Mur. 42; *mēmīni* bene, Hor. s. 1, 9, 68; 2. with gen., ut fortis deest *Milites*, domi foecique fac uicissim ut *mēmīnēs*, Ter. Eun. 4, 7, 45; *mēmīnō* *mēmīni*, Cic. fin. 5, 3; *constantiae tuae*, fam. 13, 75, 1; *huius iudicii*, Plin. ep. 1, 5, 13; *lētī paterni*, Val. F. 1, 773; 3. with acc., suam quisque homo rem *mēmīni*, Pl. Merc. 5, 4, 51; iam desine *Mēmīnisse* illius formam, Turp. 156 R.; *Cinnam mēmīni*, uidi Sullam, Cic. Phil. 5, 17; *mēmīnēram Paulum*, uideram Gallum, am. 9; *Epicuri dogmata*, acad. pr. 2, 106; *patriae beneficia*, Plane. 50; *Antipater* quena tu probe *mēmīnisti*, or. 3, 194; *numeros mēmīni* si uerba tenerem, Verg. B. 9, 45; 4. with de, De *palla memento amabo*, Pl. As. 5, 2, 80; de *Herode mēmīnero*, Cic. At. 15, 27; 5. imper. v. inf., *rememberto*—, *memento*...*Supplicatis* mīhi cum *sore* *ferre*, Pl. Epil. 5, 1, 52; *Hylen* nostram aliis *memento commendare*, Ateius ap. Suet. gr. 80; 6. so with ut, Vt *horridis* utrumque *nerberes* *latus Auster memento fluctibus*, Hor. epod. 10, 3; 7. with inf. imper. in reference to the past, Ego *illam* uidit; *nirginem* forma *bona* *Mēmīni* uidere,—remember saeping—Ter. Andr. 2, 5, 18; Certe *est* quam in *Epidaurō* *paucre* *hūmīni* *comprimere*, Pl. Epil. 4, 1, 14; in these cases we might have been expressed as in: *sape* *ego* *longos* *Cantando* *puerum* *mēmīni* *mō* *condere* *soles*, Verg. B. 9, 52; *mēmīni* *domi* *sedentem* in *eum* *sermone* *illam* *incidere* *qui*...—remember his falling into—Cic. am. 2; *mēmīni* *te* *mīhi* *Phameae* *cenam* *narrare*, fam. 9, 16, 8; 8. with aorist, me ita *distribuisse* *initio* *causam*, Cic. Rose. Am. 122; add fam. 13, 72; *mēmīni* *me*...*Corycium* *midisse* *senem*—that I once saw—Verg. G. 4, 125; 9. with relat. or interr. part., olim ut (how) fuerit *nostra* *oratio*, Ter. Ph. 1, 4, 46; *quanta* *esset* *hominum* *uol* *admiratio* *uol* *quere*la, Cic. am. 2; 10. met., quam (such) *mēmīni* *lenor* *praestare* *salutem*, Lucr. 4, 153; Vt *Salaminia* *uoc* *mēmīni* *uare*, Lucan. 5, 109; 11. call to mind in words, make mention of, *mēmīnisti* *ipse* *de* *exulibus*, Cic. Phil. 2, 91; 12. also with gen., neque omnino *huius* rei *mēmīni* *usquam* *poeta* *ipse*, profecto non *taciturus* *de* *tanta* *sua* *gloria*, Quint. 11, 2, 16; *mēmīnērent* *huius* *coniuurationis* *M. Bibulus* in *edictis*, C. Curio *pater* in *orationibus*, Suet. Caes. 9; 13. part. *mēmīnēs*, *Mēmīnēs* *Varrō* *corde* *uoluit*, Laev. ap. Prisc. l. 560, 22; add Auson. prof. 2, 4; Sidon. ep. 2, 10 f.; 4, 12 etc.

1 **mercēs**, *ādis*, f. [for *merc-eg-* dim. of *merc-*, and so from *mer* of *merc* work].

2 **mercēs** or *mercis*, is, f. = *merx*. *Illic* *est*? *illuc* *est*, (ille) *mala* *merci* (so B C D non *merx* est as in old editions, not *mercest* as Ritschl); *illuc* *sic* *uidet*, o *mercis* *mala* (ss *mercis* *malae*; Ritschl, as a sing. is needed, *merces* *mala*), Pl. Truc. 2, 4, 55; Ps. 4, 1, 44; *merx*, *Salustius* *merces* *dixit*, Charis.

42, 11 K; the gen. *merciū* too strictly belongs to *mercis*; see *merx* and *mers*.

**mercōr**, *āri*, vb. r. [merx] first as a recipr. pl. *mercāmur* we barter goods with each other—hence travel about trading, qui *mercāntur* a *mercatoribus* quod *stant* *uendunt*, Cic. off. 1, 150; fundum *Cynaeum* *Romae* *mercatūs* *est* de P. Meenlonio, Flac. 46; met., ab isto *praece* qui *uoluit* *illam* *ordinem* *patri* *mercatūs* *est*, Verr. 2, 2, 122; Hortos *egregias* *domos* *mercātur* *unus* *Cum* *luero* *noram*, Hor. s. 2, 3, 24; 2. buy *gen*, Dico *esse* *itūram* *me* *mercatū* *si* *uelit*, Pl. Merc. 1, 1, 83; 3. buy in the way of trade or for profit, Quos *tam* *grandi* *sini* *mercatūs* *praesenti* *pecunia*, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 8; *Erat* *quidam* *eunuchus* *quem* *mercatūs* *fuerat* *frater* *Thaidi*, Ter. Eun. 3, 5, 21; *anthepsa* *illa* *quam* *tanto* *pretio* *nuper* *mercatūs* *est* ut..., Cic. Rose. Am. 133; add Hor. s. 2, 6, 12; 4. met., haec officia *merenda* *uita* *pota*, Cic. Att. 9, 5, 3; Ergo *numerus* *quibus* *mercatūr* *amorem*? 3, 17, 15; add 3, 30, 73; 5. *mercatūs* *also* *as* a *pass*, *part*, *trulla*, Plin. 37, 29; cultus, Prop. 1, 2, 5; *commeatus*, Sal. fr. ap. Non. 138; 6. hence Fr. *marcher*, our march.

**mēro**, *ēre*, *ui*, *itum*, vb. and *mērore*, *ēri*, *itus*, vb. r. [mer root; see below] work, do, Amicum *castigare* *ab* *mēritum* *noxiam* *Immoenest* *facinus*, Pl. Trin. 1, 1, 1; iam *istue* *gaudio* *Vnt* *ego* *me* *meritat*, Amph. 5, 1, 49; but see § 8; and prob. Ego *Nansistrata* *est* in *hac* *re* *culpam* *meritam* (yet Bemb. *meritum*) non *nego* *Sed* *eam* *quā* *sit* *ignoscenda*, Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 26; te *noxam* *meruisse* *daturumque* *seruiles* *poenas*, Petr. 139; 2. work out, earn, non *amplius* *duodecim* *aeris*, Cic. Rose. com. 28; *aes* *militare*, Varr. ap. Non. 345; *sestertios* *uicenos*, s. 126, 7 Riese; *quia* *plus* *merere* *debet* in *quo* *est* *urtus*, ib. 8; *Illic* *mēret* *aere* *liber* *Sosis*, Hor. A. P. 345; and met., *Quibus* *anus* *domi* *sunt* *uxores* *quae* *uos* *dote* *meruerunt*, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 124; 3. agree to accept as sufficient compensation, take, with ut and subj. of condition, Neque *hodie* *ut* *te* *perdam* *meram* *deorum* (deum B) *diuitias* *mīhi*, Pl. Men. 1, 3, 33; *Quem* *quidem* *ego* *ut* *non* *hodie* *exeracium* *alterum* *tantum* *non* *mercam*, Bac. 5, 2, 65; Neque *ille* *sibi* *mercede* *Persarum* *montes* *qui* *esse* *anrei* *peribuerunt* *ut* *istae* *faciat*, St. 1, 1, 24; *quid* *enim* *mercas* *ut* *Epicureus* *esse* *desinas*? Cic. N. D. 1, 67; *quid* *arbitramur* *Reginos* *merere* *uolle* *ut* *ab* *his* *narmorea* *Venus* *aufertur*? Verr. 2, 4, 135; *quid* *enim* *merci* *uolēs*... *quid* *meraris* *igitur* *ut* *dicas* *te* *nihil* *fecisse* in *nita* *nisi* *uoluptatis* *causa*? fin. 2, 72; 4. m. si *pendia*, earn pay as a soldier, serve, *Quid* *mīhi* *fieri* *et* *non* *ego* *stipendia* *omnia* *ordinarias* *meruisse* *semper*? Cato orat. 4, 3, 10 Iord.; add Cic. Cacl. 11; Mur. 12; 5. the same absol., si *adolesens* *pater* *suo* *imperatore* *non* *meruisset* *a* *patri* *repudiatus* *uideretur*, Cic. Mur. 11; *triennio* *sud* *Hadrubale* *imperatore* *meruit*, Liv. 21, 4, 10; *affluentibus* *qui* *una* *meruerant*, 3, 24, 5; 6. with *abl*, ut *et* *omnes* *quos* *censores* *notassent* *pedibus* *mererent*, Liv. 24, 18, 9; *tum* *primum* *equis* *suis* (suis equis?) *merere* *eques* *cooperunt*, 5, 7, 13; *quicunque* *ego* *meruisset*, Cic. Phil. 1, 20; *equo* *publico* *mererent*, Varr. ap. Non. 344 f.; and met. *Iussit* *et* in *castris* *aere* *merere* *suis*, Ov. am. 1, 9, 44; 7. m. *corpore*, a *lenone* *domino* *puer* *ad* *merendum* *coactus*, Gell. 2, 18, 3; hence *meretrix*; 8. deserve (what is good or bad), Et *tibi* *nunc* *proinde* *ut* *merere* *summas* *habeo* *gratias*, Pl. Trin. 3, 2, 33; *debeo* *sperare* *deos* *pro* *eo* *mīhi* *ac* *meror* *relatiuros* *esse* *gratium*, Cic. Cat. 4, 3; 9. with acc, *praemia*, Caes. b. g. 7, 34, 1; *laudem*, Cic. Caecil. 60; *piaculum*, Liv. 2, 38, 4; *supplicium*, Ov. M. 5, 666; *conicia*, Quint. 6, 4, 10; 10. with *ut* *or* *ne* *and* *subj*, *merui* *ut* *ferem* *(sc. liber)*, Pl. Epil. 5, 2, 47; *meres* *merito* *ut* *diligare*, Turp. 85 R; *esse* *meruisse* *ut* *amplissimis* *honoribus* *decoraretur*, Cic. orat. 1, 232; *nullo* *honestius* *quam* *mereri* *ne* *quis* *stas* *experet* (sc. *imagines*), Plin. 35, 8; 11. with *inf*, *Quae* *merui* *nūto* *perdere* *cuncta* *meo*, Ov. tr. 5, 11, 16; Sic *appellari* *non* *merere* *malli*, Pont. 3, 2, 20; *Quid* *Minyae* *merere* *queri*? Val. F. 1, 519; 12. with *de*, *ut* *de* *me* *meres*, Pl. As. 1, 2, 22; *meritus* *de* *me* *est* *quod* *quaeum* *illi* *ut* *commodem*, Ter. Hee. 5, 1, 34;

Stet haec urbs quoquo modo erit merita de me, Cic. Mil. 93; add Cass. ap. Cic. Att. 12, 12, 55—even here perh. lit. do concerning one; and so deserve of him; 13. merens deserving (good or bad), Bene merenti bene profuerit male merenti par erit, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 65; ita de republica merentem, Cic. ap. Non. 344; add Verg. 2, 229 and 585; filio dulcissimo...non merenti (to die so soon), inser. Or. 4601; 14. mercor is never used in sense of §§ 4—7, except in the part. meritis, Tac. an. 11, 18; in that of § 1 only as a pass. part.; for § 8 a refl. is preferred in imperf., merui etc. in perf. tenses, at least by Cic. and Quint.; but for old writers this distinction does not hold either way; 15. mercor as pass. only in perf. tenses; see above and: ignarus futuri laus an poena merita esset, Liv. 8, 7, 12; add Plin. 7, 106; esp. in part. meritis, palma, Verg. 5, 70; mors, 5, 696; honores, 3, 118; 16. meritus as an adj. deserved, fama meritissima, Plin. ep. 14, 3; 17. deserving, filiae meritissima, inser. Or. 2455; 18. adequate, meritis de causis, Paul. dig. 48, 20; 19. meritum as sb. n. that which has been done by any one good or bad, a deed, and the merit which belongs to it, desert, magnitudo tuorum erga me meritum, Cic. fam. 1, 1, 1; supplicatio dei immortalibus pro singulari eorum merito decreta est, Cat. 3, 15; C. Caesar qui a me nullo meo merito alienus esse debebat, Sest. 39; 20. esp. in the abl. merito, Pisonem nostrum merito eius amo plurimum, Cic. fam. 14, 2; et hercule merito tuo feci, Att. 5, 11, 6; even as a superl., Meritissimo eius quae uoluit facienus qui hoscet amores... Pl. As. 3, 147; 21. hence merito as adv. deservedly, with good reason, ni tantum amarem talem tam merito patrem, Afran. 248 R; merito commonebamur, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 172; and superl. Meritissimo (sic Bomb.) hic me eiecit ex hae decuria, Caecil. 15 R; quem omnes amare meritissimo pro eius cunctis suauitate debemus, Cic. or. 1, 234; add a S. C. ap. Plin. ep. 8, 6, 6; 22. root mer (cf. mers) = *ῥῆρ* of *ῥῆρ-ω* (*ῥῆρ-ω*) = *work* of our work (ware); and prob. = ar of *aro* and our car, plough (see labor); and as mere- stands for mer-ec (cf. mere-or, mere-undus), so it = *ῥῆρ* of *ῥῆρ-ω*, Lat. mere- sb. our work. Lastly, earn is of same stock.

**mergo**, ēre, mersi, mersum, vb. [root mer, akin to mare, our mer, S. uari water, Germ. wasser, w-ter, and uer of uerg- pour; for suff. g (ag) cf. spargo, uergo, tergo] duck (in water), dip, immerse, sink, plunge, mergi eos (se, pullos) in aquam iussit ut biberent quoniam esse uolent, Cic. N. D. 2, 7; ad eas aui quae se in mari mergunt, divers, 2, 124; nec me deus aequore mersit, Verg. 6, 348; nihil in Asphalite laeu mergi potest, Plin. 2, 226; partem classis fugant, partem mersit, Vell. 2, 42, 2; met. as of setting stars etc., Bootes qui uix sero alto mergitur Oceano, Catul. 66, 68; Mergat diem timendum Dux noctis Hesperus, Sen. Med. 885; add Thacrid. 687; Thy. 777; propior mergenti sidera caelo—the west, Lucan. 4, 54; or of a ship running land down, Templeque Tisaneae mergunt obliqua Dianae, Val. F. 2, 7; 3. in other than water, inuenti quidam sunt (on the battle-field) mersis in effossam terram capitibus, Liv. 22, 51, 7; plunge, sink, bury, mersisque in corpore rostris (of Actaeon's dogs), Ov. M. 3, 249; mersisque snos in cortice uoluit, 10, 498; acus per quas in pastinis sarmenia merguntur, Pall. 1, 43, 2; siue te ingulo iuxta Mersisse ferrum, Sen. Ag. 1031; add Here. Oct. 906; teneram mersit in ora manum, Mart. 3, 19, 4; 4. met. as of sleep, nino somnoque mersos, Liv. 41, 3, 10; an lumina somno Mergimus? Val. F. 8, 66; 5. of troubles, his malis, Verg. 6, 511; funere aeerbo, 11, 27; ultimis supplicis, Plin. 7, 132; 6. of wine and debauchery gen., illa (potio) quae mergit quae ebrietati summam manum imponit, Sen. ep. 12, 4; in eas (se, uoluptates) se merserant, Liv. 23, 18, 11; in uoluptates mersi, Curt. 10, 12; 7. esp. of expenditure, sink, overwhelm (cf. our over head and ears in debt), Tam tenuis census tibi contigit ut medicoris lacturae te mergat onus, Liv. 13, 7; neque in hoc administratur tutela ut mergantur papilli, Ulp. dig. 27, 4, 3; qui censum domini mergit, of an extravagant cook, Plin. 9, 67; mergentibus sortem usuris, sinking the whole capital, Liv. 6, 14.

**mers** (merts?), f. [mer- of mereo etc. work] a ware, a piece of goods, fectores...Omnes capiunt fecitatem; mers est sine molestia, Nov. 27 R; Proba mers facile emptorem reperit, tametsi in oculo sita est, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 129; 2. met. mers tu mala es, Pl. Pers. 2, 2, 56; Mala mers era haec et callida est. Ecnator ita uidetur, Cist. 4, 2, 61;—see mers, and merces 2; 3. so mers not mers, the mss; see Ritschl's op. 2, 656; 4. to mers and mers correspond our ware and work.

**mersio**, ōnis, f. = *ῥῆρ-ω*, Gloss. Phlox.  
**mersito**, āre, vb. frq. [merso], plunge (in water), eo profundius (equus) nares mersit in bibendo, Solin. 45 f.  
**merso**, āre, vb. frq. [merso] dip, duck, Balantumque gregem flumio mersare salubri, Verg. G. 1, 272; (gallinam) mersare Falerno, Hor. s. 4, 19; uigens adhuc balneo infertur (Vestinus), calida aqua mersatur, Tac. an. 15, 69; 2. met. contra nunc rerum copia mersat, Lucr. 5, 1008 mersor citilibus undis, Hor. ep. 1, 1, 10.

**mersus**, part. of mergo.  
**merso**, āre, vb. frq. [older form of merso].  
**mērula**, ae, m, f. [= O. Germ. am-isala, Grimm D. G. ii. 105; G. amsel; Fr. merle] blackbird, nare auatules uolare (so Non., not euolare) mēulas, Cic. fin. 5, 42; mēula quod mera, id est sola uoluit, Varr. 1, 5, 11; add Paul. ex F. p. 124 s. v. merum; cum mēulis albis, item aliis id genus rebus inusitatis, Varr. r. 3, 9, 17; mēulae candidae, Plin. 10, 87; grones s. nēetate nigrescent; mēula ex nigra refecit, 10, 88; mēulas bis anno pariunt, 10, 147; mēularum aquae motu uoces (of an organ's note), Vitruv. 10, 12, 4; mēula an mēulus dicendum sit quaeritur; mēula dicenda est, Char. 57, 16 K; 2. a fish, non pisces? An e murena fit lupus aut mēula? Varr. l. 9, 22; mēulaeque uirentes, Ov. Hal. 114; (pisces) saxatiles ut mēulae, Colum. 8, 16, 8; add S. 17, 8; saxatilis turdus et mēula desunt, Plin. 9, 52; add 32, 149; 3. a cognomen, Cn. Cornelius Mēula, Liv. 34, 45, 4.

**merx**, eis, f. g. pl. mercium [mer of merco, wh. see] produce of work, as for sale, work, ware, piece of goods, commodity, Inueniendi meriti oportet ultro emptorem adducere, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 128; pretiumque auellere ante quam mercem ostendi, Hor. s. 1, 2, 105; permutare (murenas) pretio noluit aliare merce, Plin. 9, 171; si esculenta mercei preparabis (eucurbitam), Colum. 11, 3, 50; sarmenia quoque in merce sunt—included among things for sale, Plin. 12, 118; 2. gen. in pl. merces fallaces, Cic. Rab. post. 39; Poeni primi meribus suis inexplēbiles empidates inportauerunt in Graeciam, Cic. rep. 3, p. 832 Halm; nec nautica pinus Mutabit merces, Verg. B. 4, 38; Indiciarum mercium emporium, Plin. 5, 60; 3. merx in sing., a stock of goods, a ship's freight, at ego quasi ex aliqua peregrina merce lusos meos tibi prodo (promo?), Plin. ep. 4, 14, 1; 4. met. w. mala, a bad piece of goods, of a person, nugae agunt, malas noni ego illas merces, Pl. Cas. 3, 6, 21; see mers; 5. a nom. merx seems not to occur in classical authors but, *φορτωρ* onus fascis merces merx sarcina, Cyril. Gloss.; 6. see mers and merces.

**mēta**, ae, f. [for ment-a, and that from men- root of mensus mensor—hence mentula] lit. that which marks a measure or distance (as our mile-stone)—hence the conical or sugar-loaf stone at the end of a race-course, goal, hence met., Nec procul a mētis quas paene tenere uidebar Curriulo grauis est facta ruina meo, Ov. tr. 4, 8, 35; Iamque propinquabant sepulcro mētisque tenebant, Verg. 5, 159; optatum cursu contingere metam, Hor. A. P. 412; hic labor extremus, longumque haec meta uiarum, Verg. 3, 714; metaeque dati peruenit ad ueni, 10, 472; add 1, 274; 12, 546; Ov. tr. 1, 9, 1; a. a. 2, 727; in two of wh. note the pl.; 2. as the race commonly included more than one lap (spatium), the meta was the turning-point where it was a nice matter to save space, metaeque...Euitata rotis, Hor. od. 1, 1, 5; Nunc stringam metas interiore rota, Ov. am. 3, 2, 12; Raditur hic elegis ultima meta meis, 3, 15,



2; *Brumalis aëreat flexus* (sc. sol) atque inde reuertens  
Cancri sc ut uertat metas ad solstitialis, Lucr. 5, 617; in  
hoc flexu quasi aëreati fama adulescentis paulum adhæsit  
ad metas, Cic. *Cal.* 75; 3. gen. a cone, or cone-  
shaped thing, collis est in modum metæ in acutum  
cacumen a fundo satis lato fastigatus, Liv. 37, 2, 17;  
in umbræ terræ quæ est meta noctis, Cic. *N. D.* 2, 17;  
neque aliud esse noctera quam terræ umbram figuram  
autem umbræ similem metæ, Plin. 2, 47; (foemum) in  
metas—conical haystacks—extrusi easque ipsas in angus-  
tissimos vertices exaci, Colum. 2, 19, 2; uimine con-  
textus sacculus inuerset metæ similis, 9, 15, 12; called torta  
metæ by Mart. 13, 28, 1; lactantes metæ, 1, 43, 7 and  
metam lactis, 3, 58, 35; a cheese; 4. metæ sudans, a  
spot at Rome, Sen. ep. 56, 4; 5. Ruf. reg. urb. 4.

**μέτρον**, **μή**, **μέσος**, vb. **μετρίω**. [for **μεντρίω**, and this from a lost sb. **μεντρίω** = a measure, wh. again from a lost vb. **μεν** measure, whence part. **μενσος** **μενσος** etc.; **μεν** = **S**. **ma** measure, **Go. mat**, **Li. mat-ōjū**; = also **μετ** of **μετρον**, mod of **modus**, **μελ** of **μελ-ος** **μελ-εταω**, **μεδ** of **μεδωμος**, **med** of **meditor**.]

**metuculosus** (later, metuc-,) adj. [im]p. a sb. metuculus, dim. of metucus (metuc-) full of petty fears, timid, as first of living creatures, Nullus hoc metuculosus aequo, as though the i were short; but metuculosus? Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 137 (142); leporeum metuculosum, Apul. flor. 1, 2, 6; **2** w. abstract noun, admiratus res tantas metuculosus observatione custodi, Arnob. 5, 28; **3** causing fear, fearful, Nescis quam metuculosus (so CD) res sit ire ad iudicem, Plant. Most. 5, 1, 52; **4** Fr. metuculeux.

**mēus** (old *mīcus* or *meus monos.*), a, um, voc. m. mī (for *mee*), adj. [mel gen. of ego, cf. G. *mein*, E. *mine* also a gen. in origin, as in *gedenke mein*, think of me; cf. *tuis sunt noster uoster*] mine, my, my own. P. *Estne mīcus sodas?* M. *Estne hic hostis quem aspicio mīcus?* Plaut. *Bac.* 3, 6, 5; *ego ista sunt omnia dimensus; mei sunt ordines, mea discriptio, multae etiam istarum arborum mea manu sunt satae*, Cic. *sen.* 50; *meis in nos meritis quae sunt adlucē mea volūntate leuora*, Caes. *B. c.* 2, 32, 10; *signid mea carmina possunt*, Verg. *9. 446*;—where note that *meus* before its noun is always emphatic; 2. met. of one captured, *meus hic est; hanum uorat*, Pl. *Cure.* 3, 6, 61; ‘*Vicinus ut meus est!*’ exclamat Nais, *Ov. M.* 4. 750;

3. w. first person, one's own master, quod quidem ego facerem, nisi plane esse uellem meus (independent of other thinkers); and soon after: prorsus assentior..., te esse malo tuum, Cie. leg. 2, 17; panidum gelidumque trementis Corpore nixque meum (in my seuses) format deus, Ov. M. 3, 689; and lit.: Vindicta postquam meus a praetore recessi, Pers. 5, 88: 4. of affection or friendship, m.v. m.v.

own, my dear, quid istuc est mi tñr negoti? Pl. Amph. 1, 3; 4; add 2, 2, 78, 84, and 180; Mi Pamphile, huius formam atque ætatem nides, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 51; An obscuro mea Pythias, Eun. 4, 3, 14; add Ad. 2, 4, 4; 5, 7, 3; Nero meum mirificas apud me tibi gratias egit, Cic. fam. 13, 64, 1; ita Hispanem meum per me ornaris, 13, 65; 2,

5. often in irony or contempt, *quantasque hic mihi conflavit sollicitudines Meus caruifex*, Ter. Andr. 4, 1, 27; *Talis iste meus stupor nil uidet, nihil audit*, Catul. 17, 21; *homo meus se in pulpito Totum prostermit*, Plaut. Truc. 5, 8, 32; *homo meus coepit ad stelas facere*, Petr. 62;

6. absol. my friend, my relative, *Iliaci cineres et flamma extrema meorum*, Verg. 2, 431; 7. in my nature, *non est mentiri meum*, Ter. Haut. 3, 2, 38; *non meast simula-*

tio, 4, 5, 34; non fuisse meum quam multis saepe orationibus decoremas, hunc uno violare uersu. C. Pis. 75; si intelligis quam meum sit curare quid in re publica fiat, C. Att. 5, 13, 3; add fam. 6, 5, 2; **8.** meus as sb, m, my master in Apul. (= noster of Ter.) nec moratus meus (so F. al. meus dominus), M. 9, 33; at meus adhuc maerore permixtus, 9, 39; **9.** in a peccul. sense, honoribus asino meo tributis, Apul. 7, 15; add 9, 13 f., 11, 16; of the ass

into wh. the speaker Lucius had been changed; and vice versa, meo Lucio, 10, 29; 11, 2, 5; cf. suum hominem, Arnob. 1, 65; 10. meum as sb. n., my property or stock, Onolat, potat, olet unguenta: de meo, Ter. Ad. 1, 2, 37; nihil addo de meo, Cic. har. resp. 40; 11. mi in late

writers, as *leno* voc., *parce inquit* (ad animum), *mi parens*,  
Apol. M. 4, 26; *mi soror*, 5, 16; *quietem interpellat uxorem*,  
\**Mi coniux*., 5, 8; *mi domina*, Enstochium, Hier. ep. 22,  
1; *mi catella*, 22, 29; *mi uirgo*, 22, 38;—the lines *wa*, *mi*  
*sibus* in Apul. mag. to are spurious: **12.** as voc. pl. o  
*mi hospites*, Petr. 116; but in Pl. Cist. 4, 2, *Lo* *hoca* *hanc*  
*circiter excedit milia*. *Mei homines*, *Mei spectatores*, *facite*  
*iudicium*, *si quis...*, the *bacchiae* *mei* *requi* *re* *dis* *mei*  
(cf. Haupt Herm. 4, 33): **13.** *meus* as voc. m. s.

Proice tela manu, sanguis meus, Verg. 6, 836; eia Solli  
meus, Sid. ep. 1, 9 med.; domine meus, 4, 10; **14.** meum  
as gen. pl., maiorum meum, Pl. Pers. 3, 1, 63; Cas. 2, 6, 66;

15. *mēu*, *lāt*, *penn*, *lat*, at times in old writers, if emphatic, as *Plaut.*: *Magis nunc mēum officium facere, si hūc eam aduorsum, arbitror*, *Amph.*, 2, 43; *Non metua quin mēae uxor latae suppetiae sient*, 5, 1, 54; *Qui simulauit mēi honoris mittere hūc causa coquos*, *Aul.*, 3, 4; *meus intus*, 3, 4, 6; *maist*; *maia* *cras*, *Ca.*, 2, 6, 64; *mēam amicam*, *Cist.*, 2, 1, 14; *mēi honoris*, *Mil.*, 3, 1, 26; *hodie mei*, *Pers.*, 1, 1, 34; *mēo amico*, 2, 3, 3; *Em* *mae*, *maefacta*, *em mēam auaritia tibi*, *Trin.*, 1, 2, 148; *Nec quibus modis me mēae uxor purigem scio* (so *TH K*, partly *cj.*), *Ca.*, 5, 3; *also Ter.*: *mae* *maefacta* *famam mēam amorem et peccatum in se transtulit*, *Ad.*, 2, 3, 10; and *pro*. *Catul.* as: *Māe esse aliquid putare nugas*, 1, 4; *Māe delibae*, *mēi lepores*, 3, 2; *Mēus crimina Caluos explicasset*, 53, 3; cf. *form eueo*; *also It.* *mio mia* and *Phil.* *So.* *Tr.* for 1870; and cf. the scansion of *sūs tūis*; **16.** for *meus mea*, etc. as *monos*. cf. *Fr. ma* = *mea*.

**milua**, ae. f. a kite, met. suadeo bonum tuum conco-  
quas milua, Petr. fr. trag. 75.

**miluāgo**, *inis*, f. a sea-fish = *miluus* § 4, *miluago* quoties cernetur extra aquam uoluitans tempestates mutari Trebini auctor est, Plin. 32, 15.

**miluinus**, adj. of a kite; An to annirene postulas quemquam coquom Nisi miluinus ant aquilinis unguis? Pl. Ph., 2, 3, 63; pullus, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 2, 6 met.; plunae, Plin. 37, 167; genus, Petr. fr. frag. 42 f.; tibia, Solin. 5 med. and Paul. ex Fest. 123; pes, kite's-foot a plant perh. = *καταπαυκη*; cf. Plin. 27, 57; **2.** but in Pl. Men. 1, 3, 29 read: Madida quae me adposita in mensam bulimiam (*Βουλιμια*) suggerant, wh. for mulinam of the palinops. Ritschl (opusc. 2, 509 n.) after Bernays reads bulimiam.

**miluus**, i. m. [?] a kite, falco miluus Linn., Qui istuc? Quia non rete accipitri tennitur neque milao, Ter. Ph. 2, 2, 16; miluo est quoddam bellum quasi naturale cum coruo, Cic. N. D. 2, 125; adulteretur et columba milao, Hor. epod. 16, 32; Ut nolcris nisi rapidissima miluus extis... Flectitur in girum, Ov. M. 2, 716; add am. 2, 6, 34; Columbae saepe cum fugissent milium, Phaedr. 1, 33, 3; add Plin. 10, 28;

2. met., Tene sis me arte mea uoluptas, male ego metuo miluos, Pl. Poen. 5, 5, 13; 3. prov. of a vast estate, Diues arat Curibus quantum non miluus (disyl.) oberret, Pers. 4, 26; tot praedia seruas Appula, tot miluos

intra tua pasena lassos, Iuv. 9, 55; **4.** a carnivorous fish, called also miluago, a gurnet, et opertum miluus hanum (sc. metui), Hor. ep. 1, 16, 51; et nigro tergore milui, Ov. Hal. 95; **5.** a constellation, Stella Lyaconiam uergit prociuiis ad Arcton Miluūs: haec illa nocte uidenda uenit, Ov. F. 3, 794; **6.** note miluus a trisyl. with i in Pl. Ter. Hor. Phaedr.; a disyl.; or trisyl. with i in Pers. Iuv.; while Ov. has both.

**mīnax**, ācis, adj. [mīneo] over-hanging, mīnaci Pendentum scopulo. Verg. 8, 668; and perh. mīnaci Roborem saxi fragrantur (fruges). Luer. 1, 581;      **2.** threatening, Iuditorium isti mīnaci atque arrogant, Cic. Font. 36; litterae, fam. 16, 11, 2; fluuij, Verg. 4, 37; uox, Hor. od. 1, 10, 10; nerba, Ov. M. 1, 91; bones, 11, 37; nos, Tac. an. 1, 28; ripae, Plin. pan. 56, 7;      **3.** pestilential

coorta minaciōr quam perniciosior, Liv. 4, 52, 3; minacisimius, Suet. Cal. 51.

**minister**, trī, m. [strictly a compar. of min, root of minims; opp. of magister; cf. sinister *ἀσιντρος*] an inferior servant, attendant, help-mate, Centum aliae (sc. famulae) totidemque pares actate ministri, Verg. 1, 705; minister ora vulneris leniter diducere debet, medicus intestina condere, Cels. 7, 16; m. Phrygius, the cup-bearer (Ganymede), Mart. 12, 15, 7; Val. F. 5, 695; **2.** esp. in religious service, attendant-priest, minister, Martiales appellabantur, ministri publici Martis, Cic. Clu. 433; stans hostia ad armam... Inter cunctantis cecidit moribanda ministros, Verg. G. 3, 488; add Ov. F. 1, 319; Stat. silv. 3, 1, 86; **3.** with gen. of duty or charge, legum, Cic. Clu. 146; ubi teris Falerni, Catul. 27, 1; totius rei, Liv. 33, 28, 11; cubienli, 3, 57, 3; fulminis, Hor. od. 4, 4, 1; con-siliorum suorum, Vell. 2, 129;

**4.** esp. in a bad sense, scelorum, Lucr. 3, 61; seditio-nium, Cic. fam. 1, 9, 13; libidinis, am. 35; irarum, Liv. 24, 25, 9; **5.** often in abl. Calcante ministro, with aid of, Verg. 2, 100; Hannibale ministro, Liv. 34, 60, 1; **6.** met. of things and as an adj., ardore ministro, Lucr. 5, 297; m. baculo, Ov. Ib. 261; sit angulus tuus non minister alienae noluntatis sed testis suae, Cic. fr. 1, 1, 4; see ministra.

**ministra**, ae, f. [see minister] a servant, attendant, Accipiat missas apta ministra notas, Ov. a. a. 3, 470; tristes sua pensa ministrae Carpebant, Prop. 4, 5, 15; **2.** in religious service, Cur sit virgineis quaeris eula culta ministris, Ov. F. 6, 283; add 3, 47; 6, 441; necessarius credidi ex duabus ancillis quae ministro dicebantur quid esset veri et per tormenta quaere, Plin. ep. 10, 96, 8 (of Christians); **3.** with gen. of charge, pacisque bonas bellicae ministras, Verg. 11, 655; **4.** met. of things, when of fem. g., (virtutes) noliptatum ministras, Cic. fin. 2, 37; huic tanto facinori tua domus ministra, Cacl. 52; (manus) caedis sce-lerumque ministras, Ov. am. 1, 7, 27.

**miser**, ēra, ērum, adj. [= *μυσερος* and *στυγερος*, which seem to imply a root *σπρ*; G. mūhe, trouble, akin] wretched, unhappy, hapless, unfated, poor (in sense of pity), Volturus spūcto miserum mandabat hominem, Enn. a. 1, 1; V: omnium miserrimus, com. 1 V; in secunda hoc deuto miserrimum, Caecil. 28 R; nihil est tam miserabile quam ex beato miser, Cic. part. or. 57; o multo miserior Dolabella quam ille quem in miserrimum esse voluisti, Phil. 11, 8; **2.** is often pa-renthetic, and so should be translated where it stands—poor fellow, poor wretch—as in: foribus (miser) oscula curis, Lucr. 4, 1179; Ebrus urgeris multis (miser) undique fugis, 3, 1051; **3.** causing pain, wretched to see etc., bonum liberi, misera orbitas, Cic. fin. 5, 84; rem miseram et cala-mitosam, Rosc. Am. 77; ambitio, Hor. s. 1, 4, 26; **4.** met. of things, wretched, pitiable, carmen, Verg. B. 3, 27; vinea miserior, Pall. 9, 2; uirgulta, 2, 13, 4; interdum inmentis misera fit exca, Verg. net. 3, 18, 1; **5.** with gen., miseros ambitionis, Plin. pan. 58; miseri morum, Stat. Th. 4, 403; and prob. cultus miser, Hor. s. 2, 2, 66; **11** 6. adv. misere, wretchedly, moeris sese misere maletot Quam..., Pl. As. 1, 1, 108; ad beate miserum vivendum, Cic. fin. 3, 50; nemo ex Olynthis miserum scribit quam qui..., Sen. contr. 329, 7 B; **7.** pitiable, est misere scriptum Pseudale. O miserrime, Pl. Ps. 1, 1, 72; misere...eius noctem orantem, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 124; **8.** hence with adj. of bad sense to intensify it, utterly, m. perditus, Pl. Aul. 4, 10, 1; m. miseri, Cist. 4, 2, 21; **9.** so with another adv. misere nimis cupio, Ter. Ad. 4, 1, 6; **10.** with verbs wretchedly, pain-fully, m. deperit, loves to niter distraction, Pl. Cist. 1, 2, 12; m. amat, Ter. Ad. 4, 5, 33; but in Pl. Mil. 4, 6, 32 only a bad ej.; invidere m., Ter. Eunn. 3, 1, 22; m. quaerens, Hor. s. 1, 9, 8; Bassus misere noluit mihi legionem tradere, Cass. ad Cic. fam. 12, 12, 3.

**mitto**, ēre, misi, missum, vb. (root mit, go), lit. cause to go; hence send by physical force and first with violence, send flying, hurl, throw, Nunc enim nolo de tuo ponte mittere pronum, Catul. 17, 23; sacraque ex arce Mineruae Praecipitem misit, Ov. M. 8, 250; hastam, Enn. a. 365 V;

Ov. M. 11, 18; fulmina, Hor. od. 1, 12, 59; pila, Caes. b. c. 3, 93, 2; **2.** also with little effort, throw, panem cani, Plaedr. 1, 25, 3; add 2, 3; talis iactatus ut quis-que canem aut senionem miserat..., Suet. Aug. 71; **3.** more gently still, place, put, Alexandrum aiunt Xeno-phante canente manum ad arma misisse, Sen. ira 2, 2, 6; pila in vasculo, Pall. 3, 25, 11; bacca in linteis, 3, 31, 1; grana in fuscilla, 4, 10, 10; 14, 6 and 10; cf. Fr. uincte; **4.** with effort, withdraw, let go, Mittam equidem istunc aestumatum tua fide, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 101; neque ille voluit mittere, Poen. pr. 100; Vno verbo eloquere, mittim me intro? Truc. 4, 2, 43; Mittite, nam attractat et quibus Saenon amplificatis dolorem, Pacuv. 266 R; S. Quo abbas? D. Mitte me, Ter. Ad. 5, 2, 5; Non misura entem nisi plena cruoris hirudo, Hor. A. P. 476; **5.** esp. let (a prisoner or one arre-ted) go; quemque licet lussu consulis predisisset, tribunus mitti iuberet, Liv. 3, 11, 2; mittique cum se iubere, 38, 60, 6; N. Magium deprehendi. Scilicet meo instituto usum sum et cum statim missum feci, Caes. ap. Cic. Att. 9, 7 C, 2; **6.** discharge (a soldier), nonam legionem cum ignominia missam fecit, Suet. Caes. 69; missus honesta missione, inscr. Or. 941; **7.** or gladi-atorum, Flamma secutorum pugnat xxxiii necti xxi mis(sus) IIII, 2571; add 2581; **8.** gen. dismiss, remotis sine omni-missis licetioribus; **9.** esp. of bodies in council, ita praetorium missum, Liv. 21, 54, 2; misso repente senatu se ex curia proripuit, S. 30, 11; **10.** let go, drop, Aulaeo misso, Plaedr. 5, 7, 23; Cretatum praetor cum vellet mittere mappam, Mart. 12, 29, 9; liberto mittente mappam, Suet. Ner. 22—the signal in Nero's time for starting the horses in the Circus; **11.** but something similar was employed before, hence: Expectant veluti consul cum mittere signum Volt, omnes audent spectant ad carceris oras, Enn. a. 87 V; carceres dicti quod coercentur equi ne inde exant antequam magistratus signum misit, Varr. l. 5, 31, p. 153 Sp.; hence m. equos, etc., at the races, Quadrigas ac quo carere misit equos, Ov. am. 3, 2, 66; add her. 17, 166; ut esset qui ludis Romanis signum mittendis quadrigis daret, Liv. 8, 40, 2; consuli ad quadrigas mittendas escendunt, 45, 1, 6; **12.** put forth, send out (of vegetable growth), radices, Colum. 3, 18, 6; folium, Plin. 18, 58; album florem, 24, 60; **13.** of sound, put forth, utter, Denique si nocem rerum natura repente mittat, Lucr. 3, 931; nocem pro republica neminem mittere, Cic. Sest. 42; si captivae uocem supplicem mittere licet, Liv. 30, 12, 12; qui nocem liberam mit-tere aduersus regis legatum auderent, 35, 32, 6; add 1, 31, 4; 3, 56, 6; incausum missae preces, 2, 49, 8; haec Scipio-nis oratio ex ipsius ore Pompeii mitti uidebatur, Caes. b. c. 2, 1, 1; nescit uox missa reueri, Hor. A. P. 390; uocem mittunt mares (ranae), Plin. 11, 172; sibilu, Ov. M. 3, 38; **14.** put forth to the eye, esp. with signum, show, Conne-chiebat enim fruges quoque saepe minaci Robore cum saxi franguntur mittere signum Sanguinis aut aliquid, nostro quae corpore aluntur, Lucr. 1, 882; Afranianos contra multis rebus sui timoris signa misisse, Caes. b. c. 1, 71, 3; add Verg. G. 1, 229; Prop. 4, 9, 3; **15.** m. sanguinem, let blood, sanguinem incisā uena mitti nouum non est, sed nullum paene morbum esse in quo non mittatur nouum est, Cels. 2, 10; minime crudo sanguis mittendus, ib. p. 53, 22; sanguinem tibi a capite mittam, Petr. 90; and met., Appius em. εἰ ἀπαρτερος προειμίαν curat, sanguinem misicit, προπατριρεφροετην eam a me non libenter audit, Cic. Att. 6, 1, 1; 2; missus est sanguis inuidiae sine dolore, 1, 16, 11; **16.** put (into writing), multa huius feruntur sed longum est ea in litteras mittere, Vop. Tac. 11, 8; qui eius uitam in litteras misertur, Lamp. Alex. S. 48, 6, 13, 5.

**17.** with acc. of abstract nouns, let go, banish, lay aside, drop, mitto maledicta omnia, Ter. Ad. 3, 5, 9; mitte iam istaec, 5, 32; ambages, Liv. 6, 16, 1; 34, 59, 1; chiefly in poets, Mitte leues spes et certamina diuitiarum, Hor. ep. 1, 5, 9; maestum timorem, Verg. 1, 202; hanc curam, 6, 85; Syphacis reconciliandi curam, Liv. 30, 3, 4; **18.** esp. in words, say nothing about, pass over, drop, mitto cinem aut senatorem...quis illo grauior in laudando? Cic. Brut. 65; mitto proelia, praeterea oppugnationes oppidorum, Mar. 33; mitto de amissa maxima parte exercitus, Pis. 47; mitto

quod omnis meas tempestates subieris, fam. 15, 4, 12; 19. with inf., leave off, cease, mitte male loqui, Ter. Andr. 5, 3, 2; pro nobis mitte precari, Ov. M. 3, 614; Mitte secari, Hor. od. 1, 38, 3; II 20. send, quoniam mittis istanc quaso? Iube maneat, Ter. Haut. 4, 4, 14; mitte mecum Romam equitatum, Cato orig. 21, 2; filium summ ad propinquum mittit ad cenam, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 65; (equitatum) auxilio Caesaris miserant, Caes. b. g. 1, 18, 10; 21. w. supine, misit ancilla illico Obstetricem accessitum ad eam, Ter. Andr. 3, 2, 34; his pontibus pabulum mittebat, Caes. b. c. 1, 40, 1; 22. With qui and subj. misimus qui pro neectura solheret, Cic. Att. 1, 3, 2; misi qui ego ei diceret, Phil. 1, 12; qui cognosceret, Caes. b. g. 1, 21, 1; Denique ego sum missus te ut requirerem atque adducerem, Ter. Ph. 5, 6, 41; Curio misi ut medico hunc haberet, Cic. fam. 16, 9, 3; ad Lingonas litteras misit ne eos frumento inuarent, Caes. b. g. 1, 26, 6; 23. with inf. Ego huc missa sum Indere, Pl. Cas. 3, 5, 49; parasitum missi (perf. ind.) Indius quartus Carium Petere argentum, Cure. 1, 3, 50; Misit porro orare ut neminem serio, Ter. Eun. 3, 3, 22; celocem in Africam mittit usque locum ubi exercitum exponat, Cacl. Ant. ap. Char. 203, 32 K; Omnia namque tuo senior te quacere misso lietulerat gnato, Ov. her. 1, 37; Semper in Oceano mittit me quacere gemmas, Prop. 3, 7, 17; 24. with ad and gerundive, missis ad il usendum prodigium, Liv. 1, 31, 2; missos ad arendam (eum) non recepit, Suet. Oth. 3; 25. with causa and gen. of gerund, ne mittas quidem usendi causa quemquam, Ter. Hec. 3, 2, 7; 26. with acc. and inf. of message (an idea implied in legatos, nuntios, litteras), legatos ad me misit se in mea castra esse nenturum, Cic. fam. 15, 4, 5; quoniam nuntios ad duem mittentem premi sese, Liv. 33, 7, 6; miserat ad legatum Romanum traditurum se urbem, 34, 29, 9; litteras misit sibi proclue fuisse Sanum capere misi..., ps. Nep. 13, 3, 4; 27. so with litteras understood, Mittit Hypermetredetot modo fratris uni, Ov. her. 14, 1; hodie Spinttherem expecto, misit enim Brutus ad me, Cic. Att. 13, 10, 3; 28. with dat. of whither, Quando ego te..., motto misero, Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 34; Ille manus olim missuras Hec-tora leto..., Ov. F. 5, 385.

**moenia**, in n. pl. [=munia, wh. see, as also munio s. below] lit. parts, as first duties (allotted), Atque agrum me (eum agrum me mss) habere quam te tua qui tolere moenia, Pl. Tr. 3, 2, 61; Tamen unum non, tamen eficiamus pro opibus nostra moenia, St. 5, 4, 13; Prohibent quin (quae mss) moenia aliunde (alia unde mss) ego fungar mea, Pl. ap. Fest. 145, 31; moenia praeter adificia significant etiam et munia, hoc est officia, Paul. ex F. 151, 6;

2. great works produced by the distributed labour of many, esp. fortifications, lines, esp. walls, Quia Galli furtim noctu summa aris adorti, Moenia concubia niglesque repente crenant, Enn. an. 170 V; Signa exemplo canere ac tela ob moenia offerre imperat, Att. 385 R; nulla iam perniciēs a monstro illo moenibus ipsis intra moenia comparabitur, Cic. Cat. 2, 1; Non illum tectis ullae non moenibus urbes Acepere, Verg. 11, 567; domicilia connexa quas urbes dicimus innoto et diuino iure et humano ut (so Rautius, mss om. ut) moenibus saepserunt, Cic. Sest. 91; oppidum altissimis moenibus oppugnare, Caes. b. c. 3, 80, 6; intra moenia sunt hostes, Sal. Cat. 52, 35; nullae iam urbes accipiunt, nulla moenia, Liv. 22, 39, 13; 3. moenia, muri et alia munimenta urbis gratia facta, Fest. 145, 27;

4. buildings gen., Diuidimus muros et moenia pauidimus urbis, Verg. 2, 234; wh. Serv. moenia esse urbis tectis aedes..., Moenia lata uidet triplici circumdata muro, 6, 549; At nunc semirutis pendunt quod moenia tectis Vrbis Italiae lapsisque ingentia muris Saxa iacent..., Lucan. 1, 24; Zama cuius moenia rex Inba duplici muro saepit, Vitr. 8, 4; Aeneas...muro moenia amplexus est, Flor. 4, 2; 5. met. walls, boundaries, mundi, Lucr. 1, 73; 5, 454, 6, 123; caeli, Ov. M. 2, 401; naturae, Manil. 1, 151; theatri, Lucr. 4, 82; naui, Ov. M. 11, 532;

6. in sing., apud enporium in campo hostium pro moene, Enn. (or Naev.) ap. Fest. 145, 24; 7. as from a nom. moenium, licet ueteres contra artem moeniorum dixerint et

ancillorum, Cled. 43, 7; so abl. moeniis, inser. Or. 408, 1, 34;

8. moen = moer- (cf. moerens, murus) = μερ (cf. μορφα) divide, allot; for where a great work as fortifications or road-building is to be done, the work is distributed.

**mōl-a**, ae, f. [mol-o crush, grind; akin to but not fm. μολῶ, μολᾶν] a grindstone, eieera cum suspensa mola diuisa est, Colum. 2, 10, 35 (12); suspensa mola olium frangit, 12, 54, 2—i.e. the upper mill-stone somewhat raised so as not fully to crush; in the latter case, ne nucleis...confringatur, 12, 52, 6; 2. in plur. mola, a mill (esp. note the words marked \*, and the contrast†, esp. for grinding corn, worked by wind, water, animals, the hand, Quo me ducis? Vbi molarum strepitum audibis maximum, Enn. com. ap. Non. 506, 3; Tantum ibi molaer eripitum faciebant (f. e.?), tintinnabant compedes, Naev. ap. Fest. 304 M; Nam plus quaesti facerem, quam quadrinas\* (note the distrib.) si haberem molas, Pomp. ap. Non. 483, 25; age auri, accinge ad molas, id. 469, 28; Et quae pumiceas uersat asella molas, Ov. F. 6, 318; ut Ithodi uideretur molis potius quam Moloni operam dedisse, Cic. Att. 2, 1, 9; hordeum molis frangit, Plin. 18, 72; cum (Plautus) ob quaerendum uictum ad circumgendas molas quae frustatiles appellatur operam pistori locasset, Gell. 3, 14; molarum circinationem, Vitr. 10, 10; ut ibi for-matis aquarum molis sine animalium uel hominum labore frumenta frangantur, Pall. 1, 4, 2; 3. in the punishment of slaves, quid ego cesso Pseudulm Facere ut det nomen ad Molas colamus? Pl. Ps. 4, 6, 38; uerbera compedes molaer...haec pretia sunt ignaviae, Men. 5, 6, 12; plus-culum annum Fui praefraeturas apud molas tribunas uapularis, Pers. 1, 1, 19; Poen. 5, 3, 33; 4. for other things than corn, as for oil, mola asinarias unas\*, Cato r. 10, 4; molaer oleariae, Varr. r. 1, 55, 5; oleo conficiendo molaer utiliores sunt quam trapezunt..., Colum. 1, 52, 6; for wine, mola asinarias unas\*, frustatiles unas, Cato r. 11, 4; for lupins and beans, Vtraque de nigris comminuenda molis, Ov. med. fac. 72; for vetches, see Colum. § 1; 5. mola sing. a mill, only in late writers, Seginpedes dignique molam (so Rup. tacite, but Fore. quotes molas) uersare Nepotus, Liv. 8, 67; Fortunata mola buxae piper trinit, Petr. 74; but in the passage of Pomp. ap. Non. v. festinatim 534, 1 asellum of ns is better than Ribbeck's ej. molam;

II 6. ground spelt etc., meal, as sprinkled in religious rites, te prodigial! Ioni Aut mola salsa hodie aut ture conprecata oportuit, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 108; caput est in iecore, cor in extis: iam abscedet, simul ac molam et uinum insperseris, Cic. diu. 2, 37; Spargere molam, Verg. E. 8, 82; cf. Serv.; ne possent saena nocere Somnia ter sancta deueneranda mola, Tib. 1, 5, 14; Numa instituit deos fruge colere et mola salsa supplicare, Plin. 18, 7; mola tantum salsa litant qui non habent tura; 18 pr. 11; in sacrificiis mola quae uocatur ex farre et sale constat, Val. M. 2, 5, 5; add Mart. 7, 54, 5; Sen. Trist. 688; Fest. 141 M; III 7. a hard scirrhous tumour in utero, Plin. 7, 63; 10, 184; 8. hence immolo sacrifice, immolate.

**mōlior**, īri, itus, vb. r. [moles sb.] heave, put out all one's strength, horam amplius eam in demolendo signo moliebantur, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 95; 2. with acc., montes sede sua, Liv. 9, 3, 3; ualidam in uitis molire bipennium, Verg. G. 4, 331; fulmina, 1, 329; ferro molier arva, Lucr. 5, 934; terram aratro, Verg. G. 1, 494; 3. esp. an anchor, percussa ex alto uela paulo acriori uento prius in portum intulerant quinquereemes quam Poeni ancoras molierent, Liv. 18, 17, 15; and abs. quaedam (naues) a Nicae-dro dum moluntur a terra captae, 37, 11, 12; una et traie-cisse me auditis...et moliri (al. Madv.) hinc Hannibalem, 28, 44, 6; euolatat iam e conspectu fere quadriteris cum etiam tum ceterae naues moliebantur, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 88; molientibus ab terra naues Philippus superuenit, Liv. 28, 7, 7; and met. et nostri mores molieram, Dum moluntur (getting under weigh), dum committur annus est, Ter. Hant. 2, 2, 11; 4. build or construct with great effort, force on, hurry on, Ergo audis muros optatae molior nrbs, Verg. 3, 132; classem, 3, 6; 4, 308; puppin, Val. F. 1, 94;

nullum, Tac. h. 2, 40; 5. force a passage through, force, breach, exstis foribus quae nulla moliri poterant ni, Liv. 25, 36, 13; concursu ad ianuam facto moluntur fores, Tac. an. 1, 39; moluntur templorum fores, 2, 82; (lasta) niam clipei molita per oras, Verg. 10, 477; 6. met. force, quotidie efficiendo uorandi facultatem moluntur, Cels. 1, 3, p. 18, 28 D; si nihilominus uigilant, quidam somnum moluntur poti dando aquam in qua papauer aut hyoscyami decoctum sit, 3, 18, p. 100, 23; non contentus agrariis legibus fidem moliri coepit—undermine—Liv. 6, 11, 8; 7. esp. of plotting, move heaven and earth, leave no stone unturned, Sp. Cassium de occupando regno molientem, Cic. rep. 2, 60; agam per me ipse et moliar, fam. 6, 10, 2; 8. with acc. devote all one's energies to, labour at, multitudo nec cessantium deorum, nec ea quae agant molientium cum labore operoso ac molesto, Cic. N. D. 2, 59; moliri coepit insidias filio, Cln. 176; optimis ciuibus periculum moliri, Sest. 1; peregrina regna, Liv. 1, 47, 4; fugam, Verg. 2, 109; triumphos, Ov. M. 14, 719; bellum Parthienum animo molientem, Vell. 2, 46, 2; imperium sibi, Tac. h. 1, 5; molitur erimina et accusatorem qui obiceret (Lolliae) Chaldaeos, an. 12, 22, doing all she could to find grounds for accusation and a person to act as accuser; 9. with inf., mundum efflicere, Cic. Tim. 4 f., fallere, Val. F. 3, 490; subducere, 6, 625; 10. as a pass, the part. molientis, oratione molienda (sunt) amor odium iracundia.... Cic. or. 2, 206, one must labour to rouse the feelings of; but in Apul. 11, 9 deae pompa moliebatur, was working its laborious way.

**mollis**, e, adj. [for mol-ilis from molo (= μολω) pound, and so make soft; and so akin to μαλακος and μαλασσω. Not for mollis].

**mónile**, adj. n. as sb. [lit. of the neck; cf. Welsh mwn-wg neck, mwn-dorch neck-collared, mwndwls neck-lace; also μαλινος μαννακίων necklace, and μαλινος bracelet] a necklace (for women chiefly), monile ex auro et gemmis, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 39; ut monilibus et margaritis deformetur uiri, Quint. 11, 1, 3; colloque monile beateatam, Verg. 1, 654; ornabant aurata monilia collum (of the boy Athis), Ov. M. 5, 52; add her. 9, 57; Transpadanorum feminis moniliu uice sucina gestantibus, Plin. 37, 44; 2. of a horse's neck-trappings, Verg. 7, 278; of a stag's, Ov. M. 10, 113.

**mōs**, mōris, m. [for mōr-ōs and so for mon-ōs from man-ō; hence one with our manner; cf. ōs ōris for ōs-ōs? n. wh. see; as sorores has become Fr. soeurs, so mor-ores Fr. moeurs].

**Mulcēb-er**, (Muleib.) bēris, bērit or brīt, m. [see below] a name of Vulcan, as the Hammerer, Muleiber Arna ignauo inuicta ex fabricatus manu, Att. 559 R; Iouisque numen Mulcebrīt (so best mss) adscit manu, Cic. Tusc. 2, 23 (from Aeschylus); Volk. mitti sine Muleiberor, inser. Or. 1382; Muleiber in Troiam, pro Troia stabat Apollo, Ov. tr. 1, 2, 5; Muleibēris\* capti Marsque Venuseque dolis, a. 2, 562; Denique Mulceiber (so mss) ipse ferens altissima caeli, Egnat. ap. Macr. 6, 5, 2; where Macr. himself: Muleiber est Vulcanus quod ignis sit et omnia muleant ac domet; Muleiber dictus est quod omnia muleant, id est, molliat ac uineat, Don. ap. Ter. Heec. 1, 1, 8; Muleiber Vulcanus a molliendo ferro dictus, Paul. ex F. 144; 2. poet. of fire, alimentaque cetera flammæ Muleiber nrebat, Ov. M. 14, 533; add 9, 263; deaurante Mulcifero (so Eysa.), Mart. C. 6, 576 (180); Muleiber Muleibēris\* et Mulcebrīt, quod si est a mulcebolu imbrī(?) compositum melius simplicis declinationem sernat, Prisc. 606 P; 1, 230, 11 K (same etym. 646 P; 1, 150, 20 K); 3. mulceb- is an older form of mulce in mulceo, keep striking; cf. lateb-ra, seateb-ra, fleb-ilis, ter-ceb-ra; cf. mulco.

**mulceo**, ēre, lsi, letum or lsum, vb. [for mol-ue-ō, ult. from mol-co-pound and so make soft; cf. μαλασσω μολακ-ος, and mulco] pound, thump, or strike, Mulserat hie nauem compulsam fluctibus pontus, Enn. an. 257 V (referred by

Prisc. 870 P; 1, 465 K to mulgeo); Igniferum mulceus tremebundis aethera pennis, Cic. Arat. 88; Aera mulceus motu, Lucr. 4, 136 (138); Frigidus argestes summas mulcebat aristas, Ov. F. 5, 161; hence prob. name of Muleiber for Vulcan the Hammerer; 2. soften by beating, mulcere est molire sine lenire, Paul. ex Fest. 144 M; 3. by pressure of hand along a limb towards the heart the course of the blood in the veins is aided which relieves the pain of fatigue etc., hence stroke gently and so please, cf. pernulevo, stroke gently, Pendulaque audaci mulect palcaria dextra, Ov. M. 7, 117; mulcendae colla Quamlibet ignotis manibus praebere solebat, 10, 118; add a. a. 2, 341; F. 1, 259; si mulceatur barba (hircorum), Plin. 28, 198; caput, Quint. 11, 3, 158; 4. of gentle winds, placidique tepentibus auris Mulcebant Zephyri natos sine semine flores, Ov. M. 1, 108; Mulect ubi Elysias aura beata rosas, Prop. 5 (4), 7, 60; 5. of wine, soften, make pleasant, Poecula nec norant succis mulcere Lyaei, Sil. 7, 169; 6. of pain and ailments, soothe, assuage, relieve, uolnera, Ov. F. 5, 402; dolores neruorum, Plin. 22, 107; os stomachumque, 22, 110; graueolentiam oris, 28, 178; ebrietatem, 21, 138; lassitudinem, 37, 63; 7. of the mind, esp. anger, soothe, charm, quid me... mulces laudibus? Pac. 395 R; tigris, Verg. G. 4, 510; ductus (angry waves), A. 1, 66; iras, 7, 755; fessumque Daretā... dictis, 5, 464; Panai puellas carmine, Hor. od. 3, 11, 24; qui gladiis domari non poterant posse iure mulceri, Vell. 2, 117, 3; animos admiratione, Quint. 1, 10, 9; aures, 9, 4, 116; 11, 3, 60; 12, 10, 52.

**Mulceiber**, see Mulceber.

**mulco**, are, vb. fricq. [for mol-ico, from mol-co pound, crush; cf. uellico, fodico] keep pounding, pummel, and so gen. maul, cudgel, belabour, thrash, chiefly of personal maltreatment, quod ille... Dicit, dispersisti ui usque ad mortem male mulcassisti, Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 8; cauto opust ne huc exeat qui me male mulcet, Most. 4, 2, 23 (p. 131 R); add True. 4, 4, 3; omnem familiam Muleait usque ad mortem, Ter. Ad. 1, 2, 10; add Eun. 4, 7, 4; An mala aetate manis male mulcari exemplis omnibus? Att. 85 R; male mulcati clauis ac fustibus, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 94; mulcatus uadatusque abibat, Liv. 3, 11, 8; sperare corpore utcumque mulcato se suos redempturum, S. 2, 145; mulcati uirgis, 26, 12 f.; licetoribus indignum in modum mulcatis, 29, 9, 6; prostratos uulneribus mulcant, Tac. an. 1, 32; nudo aut mulcato corpore, 1, 70; harundinem rapuit iterumque mulcant, Petr. 134; 2. of other objects, quinquaginta Romana ceteras (triremis) mulcasset, ni... Liv. 28, 30 f.; 3. met., scriptores illos male mulcatis exisse, Cic. Brut. 88.

**mūnia**, ium, n. pl. [later form of moenia, wh. see] parts allotted, and so duties, seruus... dum mūnia dedit, Hor. s. 2, 2, 67; add ep. 2, 2, 131; omnia haec sunt officia necessarium, commodata teniorum, munia candidatorum, Cic. Mur. 73; qui suis ceruicibus tanta mūnia sustinent, Sest. 138; ex quo belli pacisque mūnia pro habitu pecuniarum ferent, Liv. 1, 42, 5; maior sexaginta annis inueniam mūnia epesbat, 44, 41, 1; consulatum cuius munia praesens obiret, Tac. an. 2, 26; duces mūnia implebat, h. 1, 62.

**munio**, ire (old form moenio) vb. [munia sb. n. pl., parts] lit. divide, allot (as duties), Magnam illic, homo, rem incipissis, magna moenis moenia, Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 73; 2. hence of vast undertakings, as first in making roads, m. niam (sc. faciendam), divide road-making among gangs of labourers, make a road, censura clara Apr. Claudii fuit quod uiam munivit, Liv. 9, 29, 5; quasi Appius ille uiam munificat ubi sui posteri impune latrocinauerunt, Cic. Mil. 17; loca patefecit, itinera munivit, rs, Nep. Han. 3, 4; in Cato r. 2, 4 uiam publicam muniri, patet of repairing; 3. so m. rupem etc., work upon so as to make a road along, ad rupem muniamd milites ducti, Liv. 21, 37, 2; L. Cassius Longin. pro cos. Tempe munuit, CIL 618; per muniam (made passable) plerique transitu fratri quae antea inuia fuerant ducebant, Liv. 27, 39, 7; 4. m. uiam meti, dicam nullam esse in illa disciplina muniam

ad consulatum niam, Cic. Mur. 23; abiit ad deos Hercules: nunquam abisset nisi cum inter homines esset cum sibi niam munisset, Tusc. 1, 32; add. or. 2, 202; Mur. 47; Verr. 2, 1, 64; 5. esp. fortify (a town, camp etc.), Ostia munita est, Enn. an. 145 V; quem locum duplici altissimo muro munierant, Caes. b. g. 2, 29, 3; Palatium primum muniuit, Liv. 1, 7, 3; 6. met. contra animi inorum morsus muniuit nallo aristarum, Cic. sen. 51 (of an ear of corn); munitas sunt palpebrae tamquam nallo pilorum, N. D. 2, 143; tot nodis fere (inglandum) munito, Plin. 15, 86; sapientia munitum pectus, Alt. Brut. 33 R; munitio me ad haec tempora, Cic. fam. 9, 8, 2; et luto munire et uinculo uelins, Plin. 17, 118 (of grafting); hieme quaternis cum pingui toga tunicis, munitur (he fortified himself), Suet. Aug. 82; 7. with various prep. impudentia contra ins et iniurias munitus, Sal. Jug. 33, 2; aduersus fraudes, Plin. 37, 198; Tournibus ad adulteris, Hor. od. 3, 16, 4; hortum ab incuris hominum pectumque, Colum. 11, 3, 2; 8. gen. work (as soldiers etc.), quies muniendo fessis hominibus data, Liv. 21, 37, 6; utrinque summa et muniunt et pugnant, 21, 11, 11; 9. munitus as an adj. has comp. and superl., dixit aperte se munitiorem ad custodiendam uitam suam fore quam Africanus fuisset, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 3, 3; add. off. 2, 15; et loci natura et manu munitissima castra, Caes. b. g. 5, 57, 1.

**mūnus**, (older *moenus*) *ōris*, n. [implies a vb. mūdivide; cf. *moenia*, *munia*, *munio*, *moerus*, *mūns*] lit. a part, as first an allotted portion of work, duty, part, office, tuum est hoc munus, tuae partes, Cic. fam. 11, 5, 3; ne munus assignatum a deo defugisse uideamini, rep. 6, 15; nunc me ad meum munus pensumque reuocabo, or. 3, 119; honoribus et rei publicae munibus perfunctum, 1, 199; omne officium munusque sapientiae, Font. 36; Tandem ut possimus nostra fungi moenera, Afran. 391 R; Lauteque munus administrasti tuum, Ter. Ad. 5, 1, 2; fera militiae munera belli ut praestarent, Varr. s. 151, 1 Riese; Effice ut interea fera munera militum, sapientia quiescant, Lucr. 1, 29; 2. hence the produce of an individual's work, accipies igitur hoc paruum opusculum, quoniam illud maiorem uigilantium munus in tuo nomine apparuit, Cic. par. 5; nulla eius ingenii monumenta mandata litteris, nullum opus otii, nullum solitudinis munus exstat, off. 3, 4—though these may be referred to § 7; 3. a portion contributed,

a contribution, esp. towards religious worship, a religious gift, nos munera templis Quippe tuis ferimus, Verg. 4, 217;

4. public games etc. exhibited at the cost of aediles etc., as being in honour of some god, esp. in form of *edem* m., P. Crassus functus est aedilicio maximo munere..., magnificentissima uero nostri Pompeii munera secundo consulatu, Cic. off. 2, 57; munus magnificentum dederat (Milo), Q. fr. 3, 8, 6; munus edidit impetrata editione ab imp. Antonino, inser. Or. 5020; Hoc quoque cum Ciri munere carmen eat, Ov. F. 5, 100; 5. such were often in honour of the dead, L. Papius L. f. Ter. Pollio L. Papius L. f. Fal. patrii, munus gladiatorum, CIL 1199; ita illud epulum est funebre ut munus sit funeris, Cic. Vat. 30; erat munus Scipionis dignum et eo ipso et illo Q. Metello cui dabatur, Sest. 124; Caesar primus in aedilitate patris funebri omni adparatu harenae argenteo usus est, Plin. 33, 53; 6. hence often of funeral honours of a humble kind, ut te postremo donarem munere mortis, Catul. 101, 3; egregias animas, decorate supponis Muneribus, Verg. 11, 26; fungar inani munere, 6, 887; add. Ov. M. 13, 525; Val. F. 5, 14; Stat. silu. 2, 1, 165; 7. gen. a contribution, a gift, mittit homini munera, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 62; Aestens Muneribus cumulat magnis, Verg. 5, 532; quis praecipit uti neceres amicos munibus explant, Sal. Jug. 13, 6; Muneribus seruos corruptum, Hor. s. 1, 9, 57; Quae uel donanti non grane munus erat, Mart. 2, 30, 2;

8. esp. in dat. as a gift, with *do*, *mitto* etc., Nam sudaria Saetaba ex Hibernis (so Ellis, ex Hiberis Lachm. etc., exhibere ass) Miserunt mihi muneri Fabullus et Veranius, Catul. 12, 15; quasi cunctam regionem muneri accepissent, Tac. an. 14, 31; regi muneri (al. munere) missum smaragdum, Plin. 37, 74; 9. so, munus est tui, is (part) of thy giving, Hor. od. 4, 3, 21; Ov. tr. 1, 6, 6; and M. 14, 125; 10. again, the gods made their several contributions to mankind, gift: Inter iocosi munera Liberi, Hor. od. 4, 15, 26; Cereis sine munere sedit, Ov. M. 10, 74; Quicunque Terrae munere uescitur, Hor. od. 2, 14, 10; et quae tua munera Pallas Lugent damnatae Phoebe uictore Celae-nae (of the tibia), Lucan. 3, 205; philosophiam quo bono nullum optabilis datum est mortalium generi decorum munere, Cic. Tim. 14 f.; naturae munus ornati, or. 1, 115; 11. note that *fungi* is used both of duties and of gifts given as a duty, see §§ 1, 4, 6; add: Is 'st immunis cui nihil 'st qui munus fungatur suum, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 73.

## N.

**nam**, conj. or adv. [see below], thus, for example (after a general prop.), Quoi homini dii propitii sunt aliquid obiciunt lucro: Nam ego hodie compendi feci binos panes in dies, Pl. Pers. 4, 3, 2; ... Ille miserum mihi qui quom esse cupit quod edit non habet: Nam hercle ego huius die si liceat oculos ecfodiam libens, Capt. 3, 1, 4; add Trin. 1, 1, 3; 1, 2, 83; 4, 3, 49; Capt. 3, 1, 18; Men. 1, 1, 20; As. 1, 1, 110; Rud. 4, 2, 19; uic in dies et horas nam proprium est nihil, CIL 1010; Melius est uirtute ius: nam saepe uirtutem mali Nanciscuntur; ius atque aecum se a malis spernit procul, Enn. tr. 223 V; add 254, 355, and 417; 2. for, quoniam Quirites celebrato illos dies..., nam multi saepe honores diu immortalibus iusti habiti sunt, sed profecto iustiores nunquam, Cic. Cat. 3, 23; id memoria refutere debemus, nam tum cum in Asia res magnas permulti amiserint, scimus Romae fidem condidisse, Man. 19; 3. often assigned a reason why a particular fact or one which might have been expected was not included in the preceding words: Quid Plancio cum Lemonia? quid cum

Onfentina? quid cum Clastumina? Nam Maecium non quae indicaret sed quae reiceretur esse uoluit—I say nothing of the Maecian tribe for that..., Cic. Plane. 38; nam quod negas te dubitare quid magna in offensa sum apud Pompeium hoc tempore, non uideo causam cur ita sit—I say nothing of your statement..., for..., Att. 9, 2 A, 2; facilia sunt ea quae a me de Vatino et de Crasso requiris; nam de Appio quod scribis te non reprehendere, gaudeo tibi consilium probari meum, fam. 1, 9, 19; add 3, 11, 4; 5, 20, 6; 15, 1, 5; Clu. 127; Arch. 233; Verr. 2, 1, 129; off. 2, 47; Brut. 228; 4. often used in questions, it seems sometimes to correspond to our why then (as naturally growing out of what precedes), N. Perdidit filium me atque rem omnem meam. P. Quid tibi ex filio nam obscuro aegrest? N. Scies, Pl. Bac. 5, 1, 21; Nam quae haec anus est examinata, a fratre quae egressast meo? Ter. Ph. 5, 1, 5; P. Quam tu rem actura obscuro es? T. Nam quid ita? Eun. 5, 2, 58; Nam quis te inuenum confidentissime nostras Iussit adire domos, Verg. G. 4, 445; 5. or do these belong to

quis-nam, who (what etc.) in the world? 6. As num now (num) corresponds to quum when, tum then, so does nam thus to tam so, quam how; hence nam is of pronom. origin.

**nanciscor**, i, nancetus or nactus, vb. r. [?] obtain by chance, have the luck (good or bad) to get, saepe virtutem mali nanciscuntur, Enn. tr. 223 V; Mentricem quae te semel ut nactast semper stundit perire, Turp. 101 R; Tu pueri pusilli similes quia enim ad os fors quicquid nactus's, Nov. 62; Habebat ut nactus's (nactus's) Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 25; add Rud. 3, 6, 33; piscis ex sententia Nactus sum, Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 67; Vtne addam quod sine sumpta ingenium liberalem nactus es, Pl. 1, 3, 16; Non triumpho ex nactus tuis si nil nanciscor mali? 3, 10; si alid quippiam nactus sumus fortuiti boni, Cie. N. D. 3, 87; add fam. 3, 7, 1; 13, 7, 4; sen. 52; quum nacti erant praedam in occulto relinquunt, Caes. b. g. 6, 35, 10; 2. esp. of the chase or fishing, foras nanciscimur venando, Cie. N. D. 2, 161; Meum quod rete atque haui nacti sunt, meum potissimum, Pl. Rud. 4, 3, 46; 3. of disease, nactus est morbum, Nep. Att. 21, 2; febrim, Suet. Tit. 10; 4. nactus as a pass. part. Hyg. fab. 1, 8 and 120; 5. nactus seems the older and better form, as above, and cf. Cie. rep. 1, 16; Liv. 23, 2, 2; 24, 30, 1; 6. nancitor in XII (se, tabulis) nactus erit; praeno erit (praenderit M). Item in foedere Latino; pecuniam quia nancitor habeto, et si quid pignoris nanciscetur (nanciscitur?) ubi habeto, Fest. 166, 24 b, wh. however the verbs seem to be presents.

**ne**, adv. [shortened from the old nec, not; and perh. = *neq*] not, the simplest negative, wh. for propositions of assertion requires a something to be added, as in non, old form noenam for ne-entum not one, like G. nein=ne-en; and in ne—quidem (wh. see); so in fr. with ne—pas, ne—point etc., and our not=not=ne-whit—G. nicht; but the simple ne, like *neq*, speaks of wishes, thoughts etc., not of facts. Hence with subj. pres. or past imp. to denote an object to be prevented, Obsecro te Anchiae, matris ne quid tuae aduersus fas, Liv. And. 21 R—not to—; hortatur ne bellum faciam, Enn. an. 374 V; ego id semper egi ne interesse, Cie. fam. 4, 7, 2; Caesarum ob-carnae coepit ne quid grauius statueret, Caes. b. g. 1, 20, 1; 2. esp. with verbs of hindrance and caution, inopitior dolore animi ne plura dicam—from saying—Cie. Sull. 92; quod et potuisti prohibere ne fieret et debuisti, Caecil. 33; cauens (=caue ne eas), din. 2, 84; Coecinius nide ne frustretur, Att. 12, 18, 3; videndum est ne obest benignitas his ipsius quibus benignie videbitur fieri, off. 1, 42; that it does not injure, or lest it injure, but ne in itself means only not; 3. with pres. perf. of subj., primum hoc ais te oro, ni me inexorabilem Faxis, ni purpasse unitudine aetatem tuam, Pacuv. 116 R; quod te obsecro, aspernabilem Ne hanc tractitudo mea ne inculta faxit, Att. 556; 4. with verbs of fearing, where it still denotes what one desires to prevent, though in English the neg. is dropped, Et meror ne quid Andria adportet mali, that she brings, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 46; hic ne quid mihi prorogetur horreo, Cie. Att. 5, 20, 3; metuebat ne indicaretur, Mil. 57; paucor ceperat malis ne mortiferum esset uulnus, Liv. 44, 42, 2; 5. also with perf. tenses of subj., nimis metuebam male, ne abisses, Pl. Ps. 4, 1, 8; intellexi te uereri ne superiores mihi (se litterae) reddita non essent, had not been delivered, Cie. fam. 14, 5, 1; meritus es, nisi istam artem oratione exaggerasses, ne operum perdidisses, would have lost, or. 1, 234; 6. with non, Ne non satis e-ces leuo, id metuenda miser, Pl. Pers. 4, 6, 4; timo o ne non impetrem, I shall not succeed, Cie. Att. 6, 6, 6; add 5, 18, 1; 7, 12, 2; Tuse. 1, 70; 7. the sentence of the object is at times preceded by ut or uti, Pergunt turbare usque ut ne quid possit conquiscesse, Pl. Most. 5, 1, 12; hanc mihi nunc curast maxima ut ne quoi mea Longinquitas aetatis obstat, Ter. Hee. 4, 2, 19; excitandum (esse) diligentem ut ne quid temere agamus, Cie. off. 1, 103; duendum et unus Et comes alter uti ne solus rursus peregre Exire, Hor. s. 1, 6, 102; tu quam pluribus de rebus ad me uelim scribas, ut prorsus ne quid

ignorem, Cie. Att. 3, 10 f.; 8. or the object may be introduced by other relat. adverbs as qui, Ego id agam mihi qui ne datur, Ter. Andr. 2, 1, 35; 9. with clauses of condition, after dum, dummodo, modo, Dum quidem ne quid percontaris quod non lubeat proloqui, Pl. Aul. 2, 2, 34; interpellent ne quominus honoratis sim, dum ne interpellent quominus res publica a me commode administrari possit, Brut. ad Cie. fam. 11, 10, 1; cum...Nil obstat tibi, dum ne sit te ditior alter, Hor. s. 1, 1, 40; modo ne summa turpitudine sequatur, Cie. am. 61; 10. esp. with comp. and numerals, dum ne minus senatoribus Caulescent, CIL 106, 6; add ib. 9; haice uti in contentiōnem exdiciatis ne minus trinum nouundinum, ib. 23; ne minus alii sint palmo, ne plus pede et digitis sex, latitudines eorum ne plus pedes duo semis, ne minus pedes duo constituantur, Vitr. 5, 6 f.; obdies niganti dato ne minores octiduum denum annorum ne maiores quinquagraduum, Liv. 38, 38; 11. so far only with subj., but also with ind., castrantur uerres commodissime anniculi, utique ne minores quam semestres, Varr. r. 2, 4, 21; but Lucr. 4, 414 has: At conlectus aquae digitum non altior unum...Despectum praebet...; 12. with imper. as first pres., abi, ne iura; satis redde, Pl. Pers. 4, 3, 20; ne lacrima...ne retice, ne uerere, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 32; ah ne saeci tantopere, Andr. 5, 2, 27; add Eun. 1, 2, 15; Ne pueri, ne tanta animis adnecesse bella, Verg. 6, 833; 13. w. imper. fut., id ratum ne esto, CIL 205, 2; ne quis stipem cogito, XII tab. ap. Cie. leg. 2, 22; inupius ne audeto placere donis iram deorum, ib.; si macra erit (uinea), quod granum capiat ne serito, Cato r. 33; stercus nisi decrescente luna ne tangito, Plin. 18, 322; frondem media die arborator ne cauto, ib. 18, 330; 14. with subj., some such vb. as quaeso or obsecro understood, see § 1, and first w. pres. imp. ne me attigas, Turp. 106 R; faciam, nerum ne post conferas Culpam in me, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 97; 15. with past imp. in objd. or, ne id Iuppiter optimus maximus sineret..., Liv. 4, 2, 8; 16. often with pres. perf., see § 3, ne di diuini, Pl. Merc. 3, 4, 28; ne id Iuppiter o m. sirit..., 28, 28, 11; Ne me itoe potestas nomine appellassis, Ter. Pl. 5, 1, 15; misericordia commotus ne sis, Cie. Mur. 65; ne transieris Hiberum, Liv. 21, 44, 6; 17. in wishes (curses), ne uiuam si scio, Cie. Att. 4, 16, 8; ne sin salus si aliter scribo ea sentio, nihil legi humanis, 16, 13 A, 1; Vitium ne in uenore Pello securibus Caesa accedisset abignia ad terram trabes...quae nunc nominatur nomine Argo, Enn. tr. 280 V; add 311; 18. parenthetically, to guard against an inference, dico etc., understood, Ego me tua causa, ne erres, non raptus sum, so don't make a mistake, Pl. Capt. pr. 14; Ego illos non uidi, ne quis nostrum censet, Mon. pr. 23; promisi foras, Ad cenam ne me te uocare censes, Most. 4, 3, 13; nix incedo inanis, ne ire posse cum oculo existimes, Amph. 1, 1, 174; ne mirum..., pr. 87; senectus est natura loquacior, ne ab omnibus cum uitis uideat iudicare, Cie. sen. 55; 19. not unlike this is the use of ne, nedum for much less, nix in ipsis oppidis frigus utatur, nedum in mari et uia sit facile abesse ab iniuria temporis, Cie. fam. 16, 8, 2; erat multo domilium iunior uis aptius humanitati tuae quam nato Peloponnesus, nedum Patrae fel alone Patrae, 7, 28, 1; nouam eam potestatem etipuro patribus nostris, ne nunc ducedine semel capti ferant desiderium, Liv. 3, 52, 9; Mortalia facta peribant, Nedum sermone stet bonos, Hor. A. P. 68; 20. also paranth., not to—, ne te morer, andi Quo rem deducam, Hor. s. 1, 1, 14; ne sic ut qui iocularia, ridens Pereurram, 1, 1, 23; ne multa (to cut the matter short), perquirat a coactoribus, Cie. Clu. 180; ne multa, Diogenes emittit, 37; crudelem Castorem, ne dicam sceleratum, Delot, 2; tu tibi fac ut persuasum non esse me tam inbecillo animo, ne dicam inhumano, ut... fam. 12, 30, 3; A nimium simplex Helene, ne rusticus dicam, Ov. her. 15, 285; 21. in concessions, granted that, nemo is inquires unquam fuit, Ne fuerit, ego enim quid desiderem, non quid uiderim disputo, Cie. orat. 101; ne sit summum malum dolor, malum certe est, Tusc. 2, 14; an ratio parum praecipit nec bonum illud esse, quod..., nec porro malum quo at oppressus facies aut, ne opprimere, mente uix constet? 4, 39; ne aequaueritis Hannibali Philippum...,

Pyrrho certe aequabitur, Liv. 31, 7, 8; 22. nei for ne in old documents; as CHL 199, 4; 197, 6 and 19; 198 eleven times; also in for ne, as in Pacuv. qu. in § 3; also CHL 197, 20; 199, 30; 202, 2; P. Octavi A. l. ossa hie sita sunt ... sacrum in uiolato, 1241; 23. ne is perh. an older form of de 'down'; 24. ne enters into nescio, nequeo, nolo, neque, nequis, ne-ent, nefas, nefandus, nemo, nequam, nihil, n'ufquam, n'ullus, non, with varying quantity; 25. ne = S. na, A. Sax. na and ne, Scot. na, cf. canna dinna.

2nē, (nae?) adv. [=nae] yes indeed, verily, indeed, always begins a sentence, except when strengthened by another adv. of like power, and always followed by a pron., gen. a pers. pron., Ne ille mei fei ingeni iram (iram om. mss) atque animi aciem acrimoniā, Naev. 40 R; 2. from Plautus, Ne tu hercle cum magno malo mihi obuiam ocessisti, As. 2, 4, 6; Ne iste..., Amph. 2, 2, 213; Ne illam..., Men. 4, 2, 40; 3. from Ter. Edopol nē mīam cūre esse operam deputat parui preti, Hec. 5, 3, 1; ne iste..., Andr. 2, 1, 24; ne tu..., Eunn. 2, 2, 54; ne ego..., Haut. 4, 6, 21 and Ad. 4, 2, 1; 4. from Cie. ne illi nehemerit errant, Cat. 2, 6; mediisfidius ne tu..., (ne, not nāc M), Att. 4, 4 B, 2; ne ista gloriosa sapientia..., Tusc. 3, 8; ne ego..., Brut. 249; ne tu..., Phil. 2, 3; 5. from Sal., ne ille..., Jug. 14, 21; ne illi..., 85, 20; ne ista nobis mansuetudo..., Cat. 52, 27; 6. also, ne illi sunt pedes facit, Brut. ap. Quint. 3, 3, 20; ne tu..., Liv. 26, 6, 15; 7. the passages at times quoted the other way have been or may be easily corrected; in Ter. Andr. pr. 17, Bentl. restores the old reading faciuntne...? for faciunt nae; in Pl. Rud. 4, 3, 38: T. In mari inuentust. G. Ne [tu homo's, so Fleck. for metre] inpuerit impudens; in As. 2, 2, 107 I insert tu, as: Ne tu hodie malo cum auspicio nomen commutaueris; in Liv. 26, 31, 10 Mady. has: ea nos rata habebat neque (P ne, not neque), magis rei publicae interest quam mea, wh. the sense demands; in Liv. 34, 4, 16 Mady. after Leutz: ne eas simul (mss ne simul) pudere quod non optaret coepit, quod oportet non pudebit; in Sen. ben. 1, 15, 2 Haase has: ne perperam monitiones nostras exaudiat; perh. rather, ne is...exaudiat; in Pl. Trin. 3, 2, 8 read (with BCD) Ly. Ego? Le. Tunc? not Ritschl, tu ne; 8. in comic metres instead of eliding e of ne, say ne 'lle ne 'ste, ne yo (ezog); 9. ne and nae prob. of jronom. origin, see nam and nunc; and for sense of Lat. sic Fr. si.

3nē, interr. adv. [from ante, whence also an; see these] lit. one of two—in use whether, or, as an enclitic attached to word on which the question turns, which gen. is first in its clause, it may be vb. sb. adj. pron. or adv., first in indir. qns., with anne, more commonly an, in second clause; Vosne nehit an nie regnare aie quidne ferat Fors Virtute experiamur, Eunn. an. 203 V; illut refert iurene aene iniuria, Pl. Rud. 4, 4, 25; honestumne factu sit an turpe dubitant, Cie. off. 1, 9; add Phil. 10, 5; 2. or with ne in both clauses, chiefly in poets, Queritur primum sintne di neque sint, Cie. N. D. 1, 61; potueritne...neque, Rose, com. 52;—note: Cie. only with neque—; neque intere ipsonne interficiant impeditimēte exuant, Caes. b. g. 7, 14, 8; Qui teneant oras, hominesne feruēne, Quaequerē constituit, Verg. 1, 308; add Ov. M. 13, 102; 3. with ne in second clause, no particle in first, Certabant urbem Romanam nomamine uocant, Eunn. an. 85 V; nihil interesse nostra putamus uidemus acrimine sinus, Cie. fin. 4, 66; uarie bellatum, adeo ut in incerto ferat uicissent, uictine essent, Liv. 5, 28, 5; 4. esp. with neque in second clause, Nunc habeam neque incertumst, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 43; posset agi lege neque pauci quondam sciebant, Cie. Mur. 25; 5. and with the same vb. in both clauses, hoc dicit, nequam neque doleam nihil interesse, Cie. Tusc. 2, 20; fiat necesse fiat, id queritur, diu. 1, 86; 6. in direct qns., where we use no particle, only inverting order of vb. and nom., as first with -ne...an..., quid te incipiam ingredi, Domum paternamne an ad Peliae filias? Eunn. tr. 313 V; egone an ille iniurie facinus? is it I or he who...? Eunn. 42 R; Eo manne uenio an luc maneo an Arpinum...fugiam? Cie. Att. 16, 8, 2; add Clu. 94; and N. D. 2, 156; 7. second clause, nothing preceding, with ne in both clauses in poets,

Iustitiaene prius mirer belline laborum? Verg. 11, 126; 8. with ne in second clause, no particle in preceding, chiefly in poets, sunt haec tua uerba necne? Cie. Tusc. 3, 41; Hectoris Andromache Pyrrhin comibia seruas? Verg. 3, 319; 9. with second clause omitted, ne in first; thus in indir. qns.: uidemus primum deorumne praesidentia mundus regatur, deinde consulante rebus humanis, Cie. N. D. 3, 65; Publius iturnusne sit in Africam ex Aleio seire poteris, Att. 12, 24, 1; ut uidemus satirne ista sit inusta defectio, acad. post. 1, 43; 10. in direct qns. idne irascimini siquis superior est quam nos? Cato orig. 25, 5 1; hicine is est quem famae gratia Ante omnis nobilitat uiros? Pacuv. 119 R; etiam idne lex coecit? Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 8; mi frater tunc id ueritus es? Cie. Q. fr. 1, 3, 1; potestne uirtus seruire? or. 1, 226; Apollinemne tu Delium spoliare ausus es? Verr. 1, 47; Sannusne es qui temere lamentare? Turp. 117 R; Ambon adestis? Afran. 217; Nullon ego Chremetis pacto adfinitatem cefugere potero? Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 12; pro-emuncho? Eunn. 5, 5, 22; ab haenone cornu uictoria incipiet? Ter. 9, 40, 10; wh. note that the prep. is but a proclitic; Sicine agis? Ter. Haut. 2, 2, 48; licenone credere ex quae dici oportuit te? Eunn. 5, 6, 11; 11. with relatives and relative particles, in elliptical sentences, quodne ego discipuli porro illis quibus debui? what the money which...? Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 30; Quenone ego heri uidi ad nos a-fleri nescit?—what the baby which?...? Andr. 4, 4, 20; quenone ipsa reliqui Resperum inueniam fraterna caede secuta? Catul. 64, 180; C. Selestiorum nullum inluxere alterum. N. Quanne Archidemum? Pl. Pac. 2, 3, 23; quane anxilio inuat ante lenatos? Verg. 4, 538;

12. attached superfluously to interrog. pron., Quone malo mentem conenssa? Hor. s. 2, 3, 295; illa rogare: Quantane? Ter. Ph. 3, 317; uterne Ad casus dubios fides sibi certius? 2, 2, 108; 13. in ellipt. sentences with subj. in reference to future—the idea of it, egon uitam meam Atticam contendam cum istac rusticana mea Syra? Caecil. 221 R; N. Non mihi respondes? P. Hicne ut tibi respondet? Ter. Ph. 5, 9, 3; Egone Arginon imperium attingam aut Pelopia digredierdom? Att. 231 R; add Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 36; 14. so with inf., in reference to past or pres., Meni obesse illos prodesse? Eunn. tr. 84 V; Haecne te esse oblitum in ludo qui fuisti tam diu? Pl. As. 1, 3, 73; ex illan familia Tam inliberalis facinus esse ortum? Ter. Ad. 3, 4, 2; add Andr. 1, 5, 10 and 18; Ph. 2, 1, 1; Mene incerto desistere uitam? Verg. 1, 37; 15. ne is often reduced to a mere n, as Pyrrhiu § 8; ambon nullon § 10, men § 14; 16. a final s is also dropped, leaving the vowel short if in itself short, and even in midn; Sātine si est? Non. Quid si sic? Propemodum. Quid sic? Sat est. Ter. Ph. 1, 4, 33; satin, Eunn. an. 370 V; Satin abiit neque quod dixi flocci existumat? Pl. Most. 1, 1, 73; Capt. 2, 3, 86; Ter. And. 4, 4, 10; Liv. 1, 58, 7; 3, 26, 9; uidē ut in impietas stinuat nec moderat metus? Att. 303 R; Eduect. Vidē ut geminae stinuat uertice eriat? Verg. 6, 780; Att. 61 R; Turp. 102; Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 25; sponden, ap. Varr. 1, 9, p. 247 Sp.; rerin, Pl. Mil. 5, 2, 9 (B); fatirin, 2, 2, 67; scin, Att. 98; possin, Pl. Merc. 3, 1, 20; uin, Mil. 2, 6, 54; Tūnn hic seruost? Rud. 4, 4, 10; Puer sum Lucianuēne septuagennus, Sannin es? Merc. 2, 2, 2; Tatiumur an narenus quopiam? Au an mi homo sannin es? Ter. Ad. 3, 2, 38; 17. a short final e when ne or n is added is changed to i, as hicine, Ter. Ph. 5, 9, 3; illicine, Pl. Ps. 4, 1, 44 (A); stosen, As. 5, 2, 82; siene, Merc. 1, 2, 46; ustin, Mil. 2, 3, 10 (BCD); seruatin, Merc. 5, 2, 44 (BCD); ustin ualuitst, Most. 2, 2, 19 (so Ritschl, mss usque inualuitst); cf. tutinet, undi-que, indid-que, illi-que, isti-que.

nēb-ūla, ae. f. dim. [nūb of nūbo, wh. see] mist, Nunc domum in memoriam redeo quom mecum recogito quasi per nebulas Hegemonem memu patrem uocari, Pl. Capt. 5, 4, 27; add Ps. 1, 5, 47; orta ex lacu nebula campo sederat, Liv. 22, 4, 6; add 26, 17, 12; 33, 7, 9; Practerea flumini ex omnibus et simul ipsa Surgere de terra nebulas, aestuante uidemus, Lucr. 6, 477; Quae tenuem exhalat nebulam, Verg. G. 2, 217; add Hor. oīl. 3, 3, 56; Ov. tr. 5, 5, 31; 2. met. esp. in poets, plueris, Lucr. 5, 253; in cuius hospi-

tio nec fumi nec nidoris nebulae nereret, *Apul. M. 1 f.*; of a thin dress, *Palam prostare nudam in nebula linea, Publil. 18 R.*; cf. *Ov. M. 6, 21*; *eroris, Iuv. 10, 4*; add *Pers. 5, 7*; questionum, lemma of *Gell. 8, 10*; **3.** prov. nebulae ciathio non emam, *Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 62*; **4.** = *νφελή*, *Germ. nebel*; also = *infula*, i.e. *en-ef-ula*; also *umbra* i.e. *on-ub-er*; perh. ult. from a root *nen* = *Fev* of *Feverya*, *ues* of *nestis*; for suff. *eb ul*, cf. *ten-eb-ra*, *ter-cla-ra*; *lug-ub-ris*, *sol-ub-ilis*.

**1 nēc**, adv. [a fuller form of *ne* in old Latin] not, si instat moritur, cui sus heres nec esse cit, agnatus proximus familiam habeto, *xii tab. 5, 4*; *18 Scholl*; si agnatus nec escit, gentiles familiam habento, *5, 5, 1*; **2.** in *nec* mancipi; **3.** in *necne* or not, qui dubitet deus animans necne sit, *Cic. N. D. 1, 37*; utrum proclium committit ex usu esset necne, *Caes. b. g. 1, 50, 4*; **4.** with *opinor*, *Vt hanc laetiam nec opinanti primus obicerem domi, Ter. Haut. 1, 2, 12*; add *Andr. 1, 2, 9*; *Et nec opinanti mors ad caput additit ante...*, *Lucr. 3, 959*; si perspicunt nec opinata quaedam bona, *Cic. off. 2, 36*; add *Tusc. 3, 52*; *Phil. 2, 77*; *Liv. 3, 15, 44, 4, 27, 8*; *26, 51, 12*; in *nec*, esp. *Madvig's Livy*, often written as one word; and so in *neopina*, *Ov. M. 1, 224*; *neopinum*, *Phaedr. 1, 9, 6*; **5.** *necne* not enim, *Fest. 162, 11 M*; **6.** *necne* *nōt*. **2 nec**, shortened form of *neque*.

**necto**, *ñre*, *nexi* or *nexui*, *nexum*, *vi*, [see below] link together, tie, *nexi* catenae modo, *Sal. hist. ap. Prisc. 1, 536, 10*; *Necte tribus nodis ternos Amarylli colores*, *Verp. B. 8, 77*; *apricos necte flores*, *Necte meo Lamiae coronam*, *Hor. od. 1, 26, 7*; *pars brachia nectit*, *Ov. F. 6, 329*; add *Stat. Ach. 1, 319*; *compedes*, *Plin. ep. 9, 28, 4*; *nupuras nectito cum dixit Pontifex*, *funeuli ex stramentis fiunt*, *ap. Fest. 169, 22 M*; so far of a chain; **2.** of a woven surface, as in *basket-work*, *weave*, *plait*, *soliti nectere ex viminibus uasa agrestia*, *Sal. hist. 4 ap. Non. 554*; *tum retia nectit*, *Lucil. ap. Diom. 369, 24 K* and *Prisc. 1, 536, 13*; but in *Prop. 4, 7, 37* all *sex tendisti retia*, *though Diom. and Prisc. quote nexisti*; **3.** *gen. bind* *w. acc.* of thing attached, dat. of that to wh., *Nos contineo ferrum eripimus*, *manibus manicas neximus*, *Att. 130 R*; *pedibus talaria*, *Verp. 4, 239*; **4.** more commonly with *acc.* of the part bound, abl. of means, *entiam myrto*, *Ov. am. 1, 2, 23*; *cornua uitta*, *Val. F. 5, 79*; **5.** also in the *r.*, *tres praemia primi Accipiem flauaque caput nectetur oliua*, *Verp. 5, 309*; *Tempora nectuntur ramo*, *Val. F. 6, 297*; **6.** attach (debtors) as slaves (for a time) by sentence of court, *liber qui suas operas in seruitute pro pecunia quam debebat (dabat) dum solveret, nexus uocatur*, *Varr. 1, 7, p. 383 Sp*; *nexos ob aies alienum*, *2, 23, 1*; *nexi uincti solutique se undique in publicum proripiunt*, *2, 23, 8*; *et qui ante nexi fuerant creditoribus tradebantur et nectebantur alii*, *Liv. 2, 27, 1*; *ita nexi soluti cautumque in posterum ne nectetur*, *8, 28 f*; perh. *nexi* sanctioned by *Char. 244, 29 K*; *262, 1*; *Diom. 369, 16*; *Prob. ap. Prisc. 1, 469, 13*; *Prisc. 81, 536, 8*; **7.** *met.*, *uictissime quanta series rerum sit atque ut ex alio alia nectatur?* *Cic. leg. 1, 52*; *rerum causas alias ex aliis aptas et necessitate nexas uidet*, *Tusc. 5, 70*; **8.** esp. of intricate plots, *weave* (so to say), *Liv. 27, 28, 4*; *fraudem*, *Sil. 6, 326*; *astus*, *Sen. Tro. 532*; *dolos*, *seclera*, *937*; **9.** of words, *causass inanis*, *Verp. 9, 219*; *carmina*, *Stat. silu. 2, 2, 115*; *Nec Sphingia caecis uerba nectentem modis*, *Sen. Oed. 92*; and *absol.* *Talia nectebant*, *Stat. Th. 8, 637*; **10.** perh. *nexi* and *nexui* both rare; to *ext.* given add: *nexit*, *Enn. an. 501 V*; **11.** *nexus*, *part.*, see § 6; **12.** also *gen.* bound, as a prisoner, *nexorum tria nulla carcere dimittit*, *Liv. 21, 1, 5*; add *21, 2, 2*; *res pignori nexas*, *pledged*, *mortgaged*, *Mart. dig. 49, 14, 22*; *sacramento*, *Liv. 20, 4, 14*; *climine*, *Mart. 48, 21, 3*; *n. aes*, *pecunia per nexum obligata*, *Fest. 165, 27 M*; **13.** *nexus*, a mortgage, a secured debt, *cui sunt propter unius libidinem omnia nexa ciuium liberata*, *Cic. rep. 2, 59*; *quod obligatur per libram neque suum fit*, *Varr. 1, 7, p. 382 Sp*; add *Cic. or. 3, 150*; **14.** the *t* of *necto* excreescent as in *plecto*, cf. *τυπτω*; and that *nec* is a decap.

*wd.* appears from *av-ay-η* and our knit and knot, so that the full form was prob. *gen-ec*.

**nēdum**, conj. [*ne + dum*] lit. not yet—with *dicam* perh. understood—not yet to say, let alone—hence much less or much more, as first much less, *satrapa si siet Amator*, *nunquam sufferre eius sumptus queat*, *Nedum tu possis*, *Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 45*; *optimis temporibus nec P. Popilius neque Q. Metellus uim tribuniciam sustinere poterunt*, *nedum his temporibus uis uestra sapientia salui esse possimus*, *Cic. Clu. 95*; *ne uoce qui lem incommoda nedum ut ulla uis fieret paulatim mansuefecerat plebem*, *Liv. 3, 13, 6*; add *6, 7, 2*; *24, 4, 1*; *2, 26, 11*; *Quint. 11, 3, 3*; *Hor. A. P. 68*; **2.** much more, *adulationes etiam uictis graues, nedum uictoribus*, *Liv. 9, 18, 4*; *insueta quae uel socios nedum hostes uictos terrore possent, ib. 45, 29, 2*; add *7, 40, 3*; *Sen. ep. 99, 33*; *Quint. 12, 1, 39*; **3.** rarely *procedes*, as in: *nedum hominum humilium ut nos sumus, sed etiam amplissimorum uirorum consilia ex euentu a periculis probantur*, *Balb. et Opp. ap. Cic. Att. 9, 7 A, 1*; **4.** in the cases of much less either a negative or what approaches to a neg., as *uix, negre*, is found; or else a new vb. enters as *stet* in *Hor.*, *passuri forent* in *Liv. 26, 26, 11*.

**nēmo**, *inīs*, m. also f. (see § 1) [*ne + mon*, see below] no human being, no man, no one, *Quem nemo ferro potuit superare nec auro*, *Enn. an. 220 V*; *Quod 'st ante pelles nemo spectat*, *cacili scrutantur plagas*, *tr. 277*; *uicium neminem amo merito magis quam te*, *Pl. Cas. 2, 2, 12*; *quod rogas neminem decet bonam*, *Titin. 158 R*; *facio pluris omnium hominum neminem*, *Cic. Att. 8, 2, 4*; *quod illo licente contra liceri audeat nemo*, *Caes. b. g. 18, 3*; *quod optanti diuom promittere nemo Auleret*, *uolenda dies in altitudo ultro*, *Verp. 9, 6*; **2.** a nobody, *sed me mouerat nemo magis quam is quem tu neminem putas*, *Cic. Att. 7, 3, 8*; **3.** *nemo* *non*, no one not, no one but, an emphatic phrase for every one, *aperte adulantem nemo non uidet*, *Cic. am. 99*; *nemo Arpinas non Plancio stultit*, *Planc. 22*; **4.** *uon* *nemo*, not no one, some, *quas leges ausus est non nemo, potuit quidem nemo conueller*, *Cic. Pis. 10*; *uideo de istis abesse non neminem ne de capite ciuium Romanorum sententiam ferat*, *Cat. 4, 10*; **5.** as an *adj.*, *with* *sbs.* denoting some kind of man, *nemo ciuis neque hostis*, *Enn. epig. 5 V*; *n. rex*, *Cato orat. 41, 51*; *n. opifex*, *Cic. N. D. 2, 81*; *n. discipulus*, *or. 1, 129*; *ciuis*, *Nep. Att. 19, 2*; **6.** strengthened by *homo*, *Nemo homo unquam ita arbitratur*, *Pl. Pers. 2, 2, 29*; *caduceatori nemo homo nocet*, *Cato ep. 85, 8 f.*; add *orig. 23, 9*; *Pratrem homini nēmi* 'see *primarum artium magis princeps*, *Ter. Ad. 2, 3, 6*; *ut per biduum nemo hominem homo agnosceret*, *Cic. N. D. 2, 96*; **7.** also by other words, *nemo quisquam*, *Cato orig. 25, 8*; *Ter. Eun. 2, 1, 20*; *5, 8*; and *Hee. 1, 1, 10*; *Gell. 2, 6, 9*; *nemo unus*, *Liv. 2, 6, 3*; *3, 12, 4*; *28, 35, 9*; *Tac. an. 14, 45, 1*; *1, 82*; *n. alius*, *Ter. Ad. 3, 2, 55*; *Cic. Att. 11, 9, 3*; and *Mil. 46*; *n. alter*, *Plin. 2, 91*; **8.** strengthened by following *neque*, *neque*, or by *non*—*nemo* habeo hic neminem, *Neque amicum neque cognatum*, *Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 67*; *nemo unquam neque poeta neque orator fuit qui quemquam meliorem quam se arbitraretur*, *Cic. Att. 14, 20, 3 (4)*; add *N. D. 1, 121*; *ut nemo non lingua non manu promptior haberetur*, *Liv. 3, 11, 6*; add *Quint. 12, 2, 11*; **9.** in Greek fashion strengthened by a neg., *Lapideo sunt corde multi quos non misereat nemius*, *Enn. tr. 174 V*; *lura te non nociturum* 'see *homini de hac re nemini*, *Pl. Mil. 5, 1, 18*; but in both of these *nemo* might be marked off by a comma, and translated, *not to anybody*; *Ne legat id nēmo* *quam meus ante uelim*, *Tib. 4, 7, 8*—but here *quisquam* *wd.* offend as *quisquam* preceded and *quam* followed; *Absenti nemo ne nocuisse uelit*, *Prop. 3, 11, 32*; **10.** after a universal neg. sentence with *n* *mo*, the notion of every one or all suggests itself for a following universal affirm., *ut nemo quam sibi seruitur* *Seu ratio dederit seu fors obicerit illa Contentus inuit*, *laudet diuersa sequentes?* (all praise) *Hor. s. 1, 1, 1*; *nemo exultit eum uerbis qui ita*



dixisset ut qui alessent intelligerent quid diceret, sed contempsit eum qui minus id facere potuisset, Cic. or. 3, 52; 11. hence with a plur. vb. in: Adeo artatum angustiis temporum (sc. the rack of able orators at that time) ut nemo memoria dignus erat ab altero uideri nequuerint (= omnes quaeuerint), Vell. 1, 16, 5; Paphon nemo. Cnidon nemo ac ne ipsa quidem Cythera ad conspectum deae Veneris nauigabant, Apul. M. 4, 29; 12. for nullas, neminem excepit diem, Prud. *areph.* 10, 744; 13. has of course no pl. and a gen. seems not to occur except in old lang. (for in Cic. Att. 14, 1, 1, 108; then at times short; thus always in late writers, short in Iuven., as: Sedisti qua nemō faber, qua nemō sēderet... 7, 223; add 2, 83; 4, 8; 6, 562; 13, 3; 13, 76; 14, 233; but common in Mart., as: Sed nemo potuit tangere, merda fuit, 3, 17, 6; Occurrit tibi nemō quod libenter, 3, 44, 1; 15. mon of nemon-, = our man, a form wh. occurs in *ποι-μα-ν-ος*, in *Αναξ-μαρ-τος*; so that *av-np*, besides the authenticated form *fav-np*, must once have had that of *μα-ν-ος*. To *fav* of *fav-ep* corresponds hom of homo (cf. Ital. uom-o and for letter-change cf. *om-itto avayua*, hum-us *χθω-*, also on of Fr. on dit, our own one in one says, and the G. once had wan sagt for man sagt (see Grimm, D. G.). Thus the on of hom-on contributes nothing to nemo, as Fest. l. c. seems to have thought, but nemon- = G. nie-mand, our no-one.

**nempē**, adv. [perh. = namque] just so, of course, I see, chiefly used in anticipating another's meaning and so often as a half question, —eh? C. Nempē huius dimidium dicis, dimidium domum? S. Nempē sicut dicis, Pl. Aut. 2, 4, 15; L. Bene uolo illi facere nisi tu non vis. P. Nempē de tuo? L. De meo, Trin. 2, 2, 46; set tamen tu nempē eos asinos praedicat Vetulos claudos...? As. 2, 2, 72; Si. Paucis te uolo. So. Dictum puta; nempē ut current recte haec? Si. Immo aliquid. So. Quid est? Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 3; S. Nempē ergo aperte uis quae restant me loqui? D. Sane quidem, 1, 2, 24; C. Causa optimast Nisi quid pater ait aliud. P. Nempē? S. Id scilicet, 5, 4, 47; M. Nempē negas ad beate uiuendum satis posse uirtutem? A. Prorsus nego, Cic. Tusc. 5, 12; 2. gen. of course, without any idea of a question, Nempē incompósito dixi pede currere uersus Lucili—of course I did say—Hor. s. 1, 10, 1; Nempē hoc assidue—of course the old story—Pers. 3, 1, wh. Koenig unwisely adds; nempē intentio est..., depulsi..., question..., Quint. 3, 6, 19; nempē sequitur ut..., 3, 8, 23; add 7, 1, 47; 3. in comic metre often a monos., L. Nempē quae spondopi? S. Immo quia dependi inquit, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 18; Nempē tu nouisti militem meum erum. Rogare mirumst, Mil. 3, 3, 48; add Merc. 4, 4, 26 and Aut. 2, 4, 16; but Ritschl prol. to Trin. 126 would make nempē a pyrrhic!

**ne-scio**, ire, ini or ii, itum, vb. know not, Otioso in otio animus nescit quid melit, Enn. tr. 256 V; ne pudet ut istos fateri nescire quod nesciam, Cic. Tusc. 1, 60; 2. with interr. pron. or particle, nescis quoi male dicas nunc uiro, Ter. Eun. 4, 7, 29; ah nescis quam doleam, Haut. 5, 1, 61; nescis quanta cum expectatione sim te auditurus, Cic. N. D. 3, 2; Anima sit ignisne nescio, Tusc. 1, 60; for nescio an, see an; 3. nescio with quis and its adverbs often becomes one word as shown by accent, wh. is on the o, looking to the word itself, some (one) or other, and so does not call for a subj., Prope me hic nescio-quis loquitur. O mi Iuppiter, Pl. Pers. 1, 3, 19; Laetus est nescio-qui. Nil est, noudum haec rescuit mala, Ter. Andr. 2, 2, 3; Nam utiutrum oblatum uirgini olim ab nescio-quo improbo, Hec. 3, 3, 23; nescio (quid) inuicidit deus eam, CIL 1306; Dicere nescio-qui puero, Hor. s. 1, 9, 10; nisi forte me Paeoni nescio-cuius, hominis ne Graeci quidem ac Mysi potius querellis moueri putas, Cic. Q. fr.

1, 1, 19; sed nescio-quo pacto—somehow or other—ad praecipienda rat-onem delapsa est oratio mea, 1, 1, 18; here nescio is only a dysl.; cf. scio. 4. with acc. and inf., nesciebamus semel unum singulum esse, Varr. r. 177, 6 R; quis nescit ignes aquas aliquando nocere? Quint. 2, 16, 6; ipse (pictor) ea plana esse non nescit, 2, 17, 21; 5. with acc. of neut. adj. and pron., eloquentia hominis optima nescientis, Quint. 12, 2, 21; etiam illud quod scies nescieris, Nec uideris quod uideris, Pl. Mil. 2, 6, 80; Tu nescis id quod scis Dromo si sapias, Ter. Haut. 4, 4, 20; 6. with acc. rarely as first in old writers, at nomen nescio illius hominis, sed locum noni ubi sit, Ter. Ad. 4, 2, 32; Is scit adulescens quae sit quam compresserit, Illa illum nescit, prol. to Pl. Aut. 30; but in these cases it is easy to supply quid or quis sit; so again in: Nescio alias, me quidem semper scio fecisse sedulo ut..., Ter. Haut. 2, 4, 16; and in: S. Di stace prohibent. D. Deos nescio, ego quod potero sedulo, it seems necessary to supply quid faciat or facturi sint; and then the constr. becomes like *fac me ut sciam* (1, 1, 32); 7. more common in poets, Ne nocturna quidem carpentes pensa puellae Nesciunt hiemem, Verg. G. 1, 391; neque enim nescimus et arborem Et genas, A. 7, 195; unum toto nescire Decembri, Iuv. 7, 97; Solis nosse deos et caeli numina nobis (Prudae) Aut solis nescire datum, Lucan. 1, 435; sua uulnera nescit, Stat. Th. 7, 674; 8. nescire litteras, not to know one's letters, nelli-m nescirem litteras, Nero ap. Sen. elem. 2, 1, 2; add Suet. Ner. 10; Quint. 6, 4, 15; 9. with inf. know not how, be unable to—(as though not knowing how), Proinde ita parent se in nita ut nini nesciant, ap. Cic. Tusc. 5, 52; Stoicos dimitto nec eos iratos uerere quoniam omnino scire nesciunt, or. 6, 65; Stare loco nescit (sc. equus), Verg. G. 3, 84; nescit uox missa reuerti, Hor. A. P. 390; loqui, Quint. 2, 3, 6; sacrificia nisi ex praeccepto domini facere, Colum. 11, 1, 22; add Stat. Th. 9, 743; 10. with adv. of language, sc. loqui, non enim tam praeclearum est scire Latine quam turpe nescire, Cic. Brut. 140; 11. as pass., rare, talibus locis pruarum nisi nescitur, Pall. 11, 4, 2; 12. as pass. impers., utrum consistere uspiam uelit an mare transire nescitur, Cic. Att. 7, 12, 2; 13. si nescis, a civil apology for stating what is probably already known, Si nescis, meus ille caper fuit, Verg. B. 3, 23; Mars quoque, si nescis, per nostras editus artes, Ov. F. 5, 229; add Pont. 3, 3, 28; her. 16, 108; 19, 150; 14. nesci-bam, old form of past imperf., Ineptus quid mihi uellem ex insolentia Nescibam, Turp. 17 R; 15. as a dactyl, Kurum nescio quid libet iocari, Catul. 2, 6, 4; as a spondee, Dicere causam tuum nescio-quam; iterum iubet, Ter. Hec. 1, 2, 111; add 3, 1, 24, 39 and 41, Andr. 5, 2, 14; yet as a trisyl. at the end of a line, Pautare nescio quid dixerunt; id si forte est nescio, Hec. 3, 1, 41.

**nēuē**, (neu and niue) conj. [nē + uē], nor, and not, only used with imp. or subj., esp. after ne or ut, eno Lasas iouate neuē hie rite Maruar sinis incurere in pleoris, CIL 28; Bacas ur nequis adiese uolet celinis Romanus neuē nominis Latini neuē socium quisquam, 196, 7; Vitnam ne in nemore..., Neue in te natis incolandae exordium Coepisset, Enn. tr. 282 V; cauto nequo materiam doles neu caedas neq tangas si potes, nisi siccam, neu gelidam, neu rorulentam, Cato r. 37, 4; Ne sursum deorsum cursites neuē usque ad lucem uigiles, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 47; Quod utinam ne Phormion id suauere in mentem incidisset, Neu me cupidum eo impulsisset, Ph. 1, 3, 6; ne forte...rearis... Nino (so mss, see Laehm.) alium quenuis..., Lucr. 2, 734; hoc te rogo ne d-mittas animum neuē te obrui sinas, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 4; Hie ames dici pater atque princeps Neu sinas Medos equitare inuitos, Hor. od. 1, 2, 51; 2. repeated, neither—nor—, eam nequis nobis inuuit neuē unus neuē mortuus, Cic. leg. 2, 67; Nēuē tibi ad solem vergant uineta cadentem, Neue inter uitis corylum sere, neuē flagella Summa pete aut..., Verg. G. 2, 298; 3. cf. our nor = ne + or.

**nēuis**, n-uaol, noltis (for nēuoltis), nēuellēs, old forms belong to nolo (for neuolo), wh. see, first neuus, Filium meam tibi desponsam esse audio. Nisi tu nēuis, Pl. Trin. 5,

2, 32; Eine hic cum uno sinus fertur? Ni nēuis, Cure. 1, 1, 82; At (ass et) te moneri nūm nēuis? Sane uolo, Poen. 5, 2, 119; Vin tu te mi 'sse obsequentem; an nēuis? Opera licet Experiri, Merc. 1, 2, 39; Num nēuis (so Hare and Wagner, *ssu nonuis*) me interrogare te? Immo si quid uis roga, Aul. 2, 1, 39; Qui nēuis (so Palmer, *ssu non uis*)? nam procreare liberos lepidum opus (so R; *ssu onus*), Mil. 3, 1, 88; Nisi nēuis (so Bothe, *ssu nonuis*) quotiens monstrui tibi, uero ut morem geras? Men. 5, 2, 37; Verum adibo, quid uis nunc tu? Me nēuis (so T H K for *sense ete*), V nūc uis mea, P P num nēuis me), nuptias nēca, Quo uocatus sum ire ad cenam? Mox ad te huc cubitum iuro, Truc. 2, 6, 65; in Trin. 2, 2, 47 nisi tu non nēuis, the others si tu non nēuis; 2. *neult*, Ne exprobra pater multa (mala multa A) eueniunt homini quae nolt quae nēolt, Non me (mihī?) istano cogere acquiescit meam 'sse matrem si nēolt, Epid. 4, 2, 16; Eo non multa quae nēolt eueniunt nisi fector malust, Trin. 2, 2, 85; At ingratus quod nēolt (so for *metre*, but *ssu non noli*) nūbet hodie, Cas. 3, 5, 56; Patrem uidere se nēolt (so Herm. and Ritschl, *ssu senem non nolt*, a dittograph) etiam nunc. Quapropter? Scies, Epid. 1, 1, 40; Si nēolt (so T H K for *metre*, *ssu non uolt*), equidem hae inuita tamen cor matris filia, 4, 2, 15; Quia patrem prius conuenire se nēolt (so for *metre*, *ssu se conuenire non uolt*) neque concipisci, 1, 1, 69; Ipsus quidem hercle duerit (so *ssu rightly*, edd. *duere eam*) sane nēolt, Titin. 105 R; 3. *neuelles*, Pol siquis uellet te, hant neuelles (so Göller and Wagner, *ssu non nelles*) diuidi, Pl. Aul. 2, 4, 7; 4. *noltis*, Actutum noltis, euptast; noltis, non euptast, Caecil. 5 R; 5. In Epidico nēuis pro non uis Gloss. in Keil's Prisc. 2, 58, 6; see Ritschl's opuse, 2, 248.

**neuter**, older *ne-uter*, tra, trum, trinus, tri, pron. comp. adj. [ent-er, old form of *iter*] neither (of the two), respondere quid bonum quid malum quid neutrum, Cic. dia. 2, 10; feci ut neutri illorum (Pompey and Caesar) quisquam esset me carior, Att. 1, 7, 2; neutrum sine altero sufficit, Quint. 2, 9, 3; 2. in pl. of two classes, parties, cum hoc commune sit potentiae eupidiorum cum his quos dixi otiosos, alteri se adipisci id posse arbutantur si opes magnas habent, alteri si contenti sint ad suo et paruo, in quo neutrorum contentenda sententia est, Cic. off. 1, 70; ita neutris cura posteritatis inter infensos uel obnoxios, Tac. h. 1, 1; neutris (Thebanis and Laedaeamoniis) quiequam hostile facientibus, Just. 6, 7, 1; 3. rarely plur. for sing., qui uidebantur aut in diuersis aut in neutris fuisse partibus, Sen. ira 2, 23, 4; 4. in gram., first of vb., a neuter vb., neither active, nor passive, nerborum genera sunt quinque, actiuum..., neutrum at sedeo curro, Char. 164, 23 K; also called *neutrale*, 165, 15; cf. Diom. 337, 3; and Pomp. 229, 21; 5. of nouns, neutrum genus quod nec masculinum est nec femininum, Prisc. 1, 552, 16; non uili genere neque neutro, Gell. 1, 7, 15; 6. also n. nomen and neutrum absol., a neuter noun, quae non sunt in omnibus neutris usitata nec omni disserim, Pomp. 229, 23; tam libenter armum iudicium (as gen. pl.), Cic. orat. 155; 7. with a pl. vb., elixi tibi Vt cautes neuter ad me iretis cum querimonia, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 35; 8. a gen. and dat. f. neutrae ascribed to old writers by Char. 158, 28; a gen. neutri neutrae and a dat. neutro neutrae strangely said to be in more general use by Prisc. 1, 107, 6; 2, 2, 2, 450, 2; so Auson. ep. 50; 9. gen. a dissyl., yet Consent. 380, 28; si aliquis dicat neutrum dissyllabum, quod trisyllabum enuntians, barbarismum faciet.

**neutiquam** or rather *nutiquam*, adv. [ne + utiquam for *cutiquam* from *quisquam*, as *nti* (*enti*) from *quis*] no how, by no means, in no wise, Filium tuum quod redimere (reddimere?) se ait id nutiquam mihi placet, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 54; Vsque illud usumst Pamphilo nutiquam grane, Ter. Hee. 1, 2, 50; Ego Charine nutiquam officium liberi 'sse hominis puto, Andr. 2, 1, 30; add Haut. 2, 3, 116; neutiquam discolenim, Cic. Tim. 11 ned.; Att. 9, 12; eos contemnunt quidem neutiquam sed de iis male existimant, off. 2, 36; add eute socium neutiquam puto esse oportere, Att. ap. Cic. 9, 10, 6; Sed mihi nutiquam cor consentit cum oculorum

aspectu..., Enn. tr. Alamacon qu. by Cic. in acad. pr. 52; add Cic. sen. 42; and ap. Char. 208, 16 K; Liv. 7, 12, 10; 2. Bent. saying: semper priuam corripit, writes ne utiquam, and so Germ. editors of Pl. and Ter.; but why not nutiquam like nusquam, nunquam, nullus?

**neutrūbi**, pron. adv. [dat. of neuter, as ibi, ubi, alibi of is, quis, abs] in neither place, Neutrūbi habeam stabili stabulum siquid diuorti fuit, Pl. Aul. 2, 2, 56; neutrūbi proelio inclinato—on neither side—Amm. 19, 2, unless he used it for neutro.

**nexilis**, f. adj. (for *nec-ilis* from *necro*) knitted, Nexilis ante fuit nectis quam textile tegmen, Lucr. 5, 1350; Nexilibusque plagis siluas Erymanthidis ambit, Ov. M. 2, 499; Nexilibus flores heredis habet intertextos, G. 128; 2. met., aduersario, Amm. 29, 2.

1 **ni** or **nei**, adv. not; see *nē*.

2 **ni**, contr. for nisi unless, wh. see.

**nico**, ēre, nīci, nictum, vb. [see below] wink, hence frq. nicto and sb. nictus, also con-niū-eo; 2. n. manu, make a sign with the hand, becon, S. emoriore oculus Si manu nictis (so Turneb., *ssu nictis*). G. Quid manu nictis? Pl. Truc. 2, 7, 64; 3. perh. orig. lower, but limited in use to eyelids as *un-o* to the head; and then as *un* is corrupted from *on-ue* (see Essays p. 68) so *ni* is 'down'; and a form *ven-ic* wd. give the analogue of our wink.

**nid-ōr**, ōris, m. [for *enidor*, akin to *κνισα*] the steam and odor of burnt animal matter, pauli-per stetimus in illo ganeurum tuarum nidore atque fumo, Cic. Pis. 13; Mart. 1 te nidore sua putet ille culinae, Iuv. 5, 162; add Capry. 92, 9; in cuius hospitio nesci fumi nec nidoris nebulam uererer, Apul. M. 1, 21 f.; foedo quodam nidore ex adusta pluma, Liv. 38, 7 f.; barba reloxit Nidoremque ambusta dedit, Verg. 12, 301; lethargicos excitat caprini cornus nidor aut pilorum, Plin. 28, 230; 2. hence esp. of sacrifices, Et dis acceptus penetrant in aethera nidor, Ov. M. 12, 153; add Minne. F. Oct. 34 mod.; Tert. apol. 22; 3. strong scents of other kinds, of cedar, Verg. G. 3, 415; as of sulphur, Plin. 35, 176; a quassis seapulis, Apul. M. 4, 3 f.; 4. as a term of reproach, Exi e culina...Exi inquam, nidor, e culina (pass euphuam); quid hic lates? Pl. Most. 1, 1, 5; 5. for *cen-id-or* or pungency, from a vb. *cen=ker* puncture, cf. *c-ker-ssā*, *kerp-pov* and *kerp-ew* with excrement; f. suff. id, cf. form-id-o; and for Lat. root *cen* see *censo*.

**nihil**, oras one syll. nihil or nil, indecl. n. [ni not + hīlum = filum] lit. not a thread, hence nothing, nimum boni est cui nihil est mali, Enn. tr. 237 V; nihil agit in amore inermis, Caec. 66 K; repente largiter habere, repente nihil, Cato orat. 73, 11; id aliquid nihil est, Ter. Andr. 2, 1, 14; nihil ergo agebat Q. Maximus, nihil l. pater tuns?...Ceteri senes Fabricii Curii Cornuciani...nihil agebant? Cic. sen. 15; 2. of persons, stronger than nemo, Quae se, meretrices) domi foris sunt nil uidetur mundius, Ter. Eun. 5, 4, 12; nec id uictoris uitio quo nihil moderatus, Cic. fam. 4, 4, 2; cura ut ita tibi persuades mihi te carius nihil esse, 14, 3 f.; 3. for non, yet stronger than non, first as a sort of cognate acc., sei d(e) (e)n) iure mihi responderit, CIL 205, 2, 37 make no answer whatever—; nil circumitione usus es, Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 31; de Q. fratre nihil ego te accusavi, Cic. fam. 14, 1, 4; benignitate decemulari nihil utitur, agr. 2, 61; 4. but also a cogn. acc. could not be, not one jot, in no way whatever, in no respect, hercle hanc quidem Nihil tu amassis, mihi desponsast, Pl. Mil. 4, 2, 16; nihil me fallis, Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 34; Nihil me fefellit, Haut. 4, 3, 4; nihil iam Caesaris imperium expectabant, Caes. b. g. 2, 20 f.; Thebanis nihil moti sunt, Liv. 42, 46, 8; nihil patricium magistratum inseram consilio plebis, G. 38, 7; nihil magnopere ad patrum aut plebis causas inclinasti, 3, 65, 2; nihil consulto collega signum

proposuit, 22, 45, 5; *senatus nihil* sane intentus, *Sal. Cat.* 16, 4; **5.** with *adj.*, *plebs nihil* Romanæ plebi similis, *Liv.* 4, 9, 8; *Morte nihil* Graio, *Stat. Th.* 9, 610; **6.** for no reason, *Quorsum tandem aut cur ista queris? Nihil* sane nisi..., *Cic. leg.* 1, 4; **7.** with *gen.*, first with *sb.*, *Ni nos* tuncam hic est *nihil* fullones nobis quaesti, *Titin.* 26 R; *dammī nihil* facis, *Cic. fam.* 7, 33; *nihil* relictum esse uirum, *Liv.* 2, 57, 3; **8.** with *gen.* of *adj.* if ending in *i*, of neuter *adj.* of *o* decl., *Homō sum* humani *nihil* a me alienum puto, *Ter. Haut.* 1, 1, 25; *nihil* cognoni ingratius, in quo uitio *nihil* mali non inest, *Cic. Att.* 8, 4, 2; *nihil* neuī, *fam.* 2, 14; **9.** but the *adj.* may agree with *nihil* and must if other words be attached to it, *nihil* dicam reconditum, *nihil* expectatione uicta dignum, *nihil* aut inauditum nobis aut enigmam nouum, *Cic. or.* 1, 1, 137;

**10.** with ellipsis of *facio* or *ago*, *illa* quidem nocte *nihil* (was done) praeterquam uicilatum est in urbe, *Liv.* 3, 26 f; ab hietore, *nihil* aliud quam prendere prohibito, quum conuersus in patres impetus esset, 2, 29, 4; *nihil* prius quam legatos ad se duci iussit, 44, 32, 1; *noxi nihil* quam uictabatur et deambulabat—he did nothing in the way of exercise but—, *Suet. Aug.* 83; see *alius*; **11.** also ellipt., ecce kalendis Iunius mutata omnia, *nihil* pro senatum, multa et magna per populum, *Cic. Phil.* 1, 6; *nihil* per libertos seruusque publicae rei, *Tac. Agr.* 19; **12.** of persons of no account, a cypher, a nobody, *sum mecum* in hac prolusione *nihil* fueris, quem te in ipsa pugna cum acerrimo aduersario fore potuimus? Esto, ipse *nihil* est, *nihil* potest, at uenit paratis..., *Cic. Caecil.* 47; haec tibi scripsi ut isto in genere in quo aliquid posse uis, te *nihil* esse cognoscere, *fam.* 7, 27, 2; **13.** *nihil* agere, to be wasting one's time, *nihil* agis, Fieri aliter non potest, *Ter. Ad.* 5, 8, 12; *nihil* agis dolor, quamuis sis molestus, nunquam te esse confitebor malum, *Cic. Tusc.* 2, 61; sed *nihil* agis usque tenebo, *Hor. s.* 1, 9, 15; **14.** *nihil* est, it is a waste of time, At *nihil* est ignotum ad illum mittere, operam inseris, *Pl. Capt.* 2, 2, 94; hoc *nihil* est, *Phaedria*, *id.* *Ter. Ph.* 1, 4, 30; **15.** *nihil* minus, there is nothing less, it is the least, hence as a strong neg., = *minime* gentium, sic existimatis eos hic braccatos uersari animo demisso? *Nihil* uero minus (sc. demi-sum), *Cic. Pont.* 33 (23); cadit in uirum bonum mentiri? *Nihil* profecto minus, *off.* 3, 81; quietos in tentoriis suis, *nihil* minus quam hostem aut proclium expectantes, *Liv.* 22, 19, 8; **16.** strengthened by *quicquam*, Cum interea *nihil* quicquam a me st praemi neque erat tuae benignitatis Atque obsequellae, *Turp.* 20 R; add *Caecil.* 173; *nihil* uidetur mundius, Nec magis compositum quicquam, *Ter. Eun.* 5, 4, 12; **17.** *nihil* non, stronger perh. than *omnia*, Antonius *nihil* non ad rationem dirigebat, *Cic. Brut.* 140; tanta prosperitas Caesarem est consenta ut *nihil* ei non tribuerit Fortuna quod cuiquam ante detulerit, *Nep. Att.* 19, 2; **18.** non *nihil*, an emphatic aliter, non *nihil* ut in tantis malis est profectum, *Cic. fam.* 12, 2, 2; non *nihil* me consolatur cum recorder haec me uidisse, 4, 14, 2; **19.** strengthened by a following *ne*—, *ne*—; ut omnes intellegant *nihil* me nec subterfagere uoluisse reticendo ne obscurare dicendo, *Cic. Clu.* 1, 18; **20.** used with last syll. long in *Ovid*, wh. agrees with the *qly.* of *hilum* and *filum*, In superis opis esse *nihil*, At in aedibus ingens..., *M.* 7, 644; *Morte nihil* opas est pro me sed amore hieque, *tr.* 5, 14, 41; *Morte nihil* opas est, *nihil* leariotide tela, *Pont.* 3, 1, 113; but *Lachm.*'s reading of *Pl. Ter.* 3, 2, 10 is now corrected from *A*; and *Rud.* 4, 4, 9 by *Flaccien*; **21.** as a *disyll.*, *nam nil stupra* nalet, *nihil* taceat, *Catull.* 6, 12; *Talis* iste meus stupor *nihil* (monos.) uidet *nihil* audit, 20, 21; see *Lachm.* ad *Lucr.* 1, 159; who with *Germ.* edd. seems too bold in changing *nihil* to *nil*.

**nihil-dum**, see *nihil* and *dum*.

**nihilū**, see *nihilum*.

**nihilō**, ὄνις, m. οὐδαμῶς, *nihilō* nugatorius gerra, *Gloss.*

**nihilō-minus**, see

**nihilum**, (nihilum) i. n. [ni = ne, + hilum = filum] nothing, ejus haec lege *nihilum* rogatur, *CHL* 198, 2, 30; *nihilum* minus ipsi tuet, *Enn.* tr. 389 V; *Quamquam* estis *nihil* (see 3, 2), *Titin.* 157 R; ergo...erit aliquid quod aut ex *nihilō* oriatur aut in *nihilum* subito occidat, *Cic. diu.* 2, 37;

*Nam* si de *nihilō* (al. *nilo* and so *Lachm.* *Mun.*) fierent..., *Lucr.* 1, 159; *Nil* igitur terti de *nihilō* (disyll., al. *nilo*) posse fatendum, 1, 205; De *nihilō* *nihil*, in *nihilum* nil posse reueri, *Pers.* 3, 84; **2.** *nihil* of no value, dictus est *nihil* qui non hili erat, *Varr.* 1, 9, 37; *Malus* et nequam est homo qui *nihil* ei imperium seruus facit *Nihil* tunc autem sumum qui officium facere immenor est nisi est ammonitus, *Pl. Ps.* 4, 7, 1; *Aut* ego i-tue abs te factum *nihil* penderem, *Ter. Eun.* 1, 2, 14; **3.** pro *nihil*, as of no value, quam *nihil* ista pro *nihil*! *Cic. Att.* 14, 9, 1; p. n. *dicere*, *Verr.* 2, 2, 40; *putauit*, *Caecil.* 24; *habuit*, *Liv.* 3, 46, 4; **4.** *esp.* *nihil* w. compar., not one got more—, *minus*, *Enn.* as above; *Pl. Men.* 5, 50—nevertheless, notwithstanding; *plus*, *Ter. Eun.* 1, 1, 17; *beniuolentior*, *Cic. fam.* 4, 12, 4; *secius*, *Caes.* b. g. 5, 4, 3; **5.** with *aliter*, *Iste* me *fecellit*, ego isti *nihil* sum *aliter* (aliter?) ac fui, *Ter. Ph.* 3, 2, 45; **6.** and with *comp.* suppressed, if text is sound: *Nihil* ego quam *nunc* te sum amata atque uni (so *Lent.*, uni modo, *miss*) *gessi* morem, *Pl. Most.* 1, 3, 43;

**nil**, see *nihil*; for *qly.*: *Nil* intra est oleum, *nil* extra est in uoce *duri*, *Hor.* ep. 2, 1, 31.

**nimis**, adv. comp. [for *nimius* *adj.* n. from a lost primitive, cf. for loss of u magis, satis, pris of prist-inus; and *per*— see *Essays*, pp. 122, 238] too much, Et ualida quous (monos.) tñacia infrenast *nimis*, *Enn.* tr. 220 V; *Nimis* homō formidulosus, *Naev.* 45 R; *nimis* me indulgeo, *Ter. Eun.* 2, 1, 16; *nimis* multa uideor de me, *Cic. Brut.* 318; **2.** with *gen.*, Haec loca lucis habent *nimis* et cum luce pudoris, *Or.* 6, 115; *insidiarum*, *Cic. orat.* 170; **3.** exceedingly, *Nimis* nehm lapidum qui ego illi speculo dimminuam caput, *Pl. Most.* 1, 3, 109; *nimisque* id genus odi ego male hominum, *Rud.* 4, 2, 15; *Legiones* eductas suas, *nimis* pulcris armis praeditas, *Amph.* 1, 1, 63; *fundam* tibi *nunc* *nimis* nellem dari Vt..., *Ter. Eun.* 4, 7, 16; add *Ad.* 4, 1, 6; **4.** *Nimis* quam formido me..., *Pl. Most.* 2, 2, 79 is for *nimis* est q. f., it is beyond all conception how...; cf. *minimū-quantum*, *mirum-quantum*, *sane-quant*; **5.** *nimis* seems at times in comic writers reduced to *mini*; *Nimis* bella s atque amabihis, et si hoc meum sset hodie..., *Pl. As.* 3, 3, 84; cf. § 1; for such loss of *comp.* suffix, cf. *sat* for *satis*.

**nisi**, or ni (old forms *nisei*, *nise*) conj. [ni, not, + si] unless, neque socium quicquam *nisi* pr. urbanum adiescent..., *CHL* 196, 8; *nisei* seique causa erit, *CHL* 198, 37; nec pol homo quicquam faciet impune animatus *Hoc nisi* tu, *Enn.* au. 101 V; *Quod* nisi queris Menelae haec dextra occides, *tr.* 380; *Adhuc* *nisi* ego insano stulte omnia, *Cic. Att.* 7, 10; **2.** except, *esp.* after *neg.*, hoc *primū* sentio *nisi* in bonis amicitiam esse non posse, *Cic. am.* 18; iure iurando ne quis enuntiareti nisi quibus communi consilio mandatum esset inter se sanxerunt, *Caes.* b. g. 1, 30 f.; quid est pietas nisi uoluntas grata in parentes? *Cic. Planc.* So; quod inter omnes constat nisi inter eos qui ipsi quoque insaniunt, *Rosc.* *Am.* 33; **3.** *esp.* in corrections, quid tu malum eras Vtrum crudum an coctum ego edim, *nisi* tu mihi es tutor, *Pl. Aul.* 3, 2, 16; cum *Patrone* Epicuro mihi omnia sunt, *nisi* quod in philosophia uenementer ab eo dissentio, *Cic. fam.* 13, 1, 2; *nunc*...condemneris necesse est *nisi* putamus..., *Tull.* 32; add *Att.* 2, 1, 11; *Tusc.* 3, 58; *Plin.* pan. 86, 5; **4.** *esp.* with *forte* and *uero*, Eruci criminatio tela dissoluta est, *nisi* forte expectatis ut illa diluam quae de pecculati obiecit, *Cic. Rosc.* *Am.* 82; add *off.* 1, 120; *fat.* 37; *nisi* uero existimatis dementem P. Africanum fuisse, *Mil.* 8; *nisi* forte in carminibus tantum exigit inoffensa copulatio uocum, *Quint.* 1, 10, 23; add 2, 3, 6; 12, 2, 2; **5.** in some connections the best translation is: only, *neces* pineas ad emundum modum, *nisi* tanquam alium serito, *Cato* r. 48, 3; add 77 and 80; *Quid* egerint inter se nondum etiam scio, *Nisi* sane cruenta quorsum euenturum hoc siet, *Ter. Hec.* 1, 2, 118; de re *nihil* possum iudicare, *nisi* illud mihi persuadere te *nihil* temere fecisse, *Cic. fam.* 13, 73, 2; nequeo satis mirari neque conciere; *Nisi* quidquid est procul hinc habet prins quid sit scitacari, *Ter. Eun.* 3, 4, 10; *nescio* *Nisi* amasse credo *Pamphilam*, 5, 1, 10;

cece autem—again—de integro, nisi quidquid est Volo scire, Ad. 1, 2, 74; 6. strengthened by a second si, when quis or one of its derivatives follows (neque quicquam se facturum quo) eam rem minus iocundet nisi seique causa erit quae ei. . . CIL 108, 37; noli putare me ad quemquam longiores epistolas scribere nisi si quis ad me plura scripserit cui puto rescribi oportere, Cic. fam. 14, 2, 1; nisi si quid in Caesare sei auxilii, Gallis idem esse faciendum, Caes. b. 1, 31, 14; critique scriptor nisi si quando arma acceperimus, Liv. 6, 26, 5; 7. in later writers more freely, in laudationibus nisi si funes erunt, Quint. 11, 3, 153; add 1, 6, 2; 3, 10, 2; 9, 2, 98; nisi si Gallos fide teneri putatis, Tac. Agr. 32; 8. in asseverationibus with an oath, Di (me) deoque omnes pessimum exemplis interficiant, nisi. . . Pl. Most. 1, 3, 36; moriar nisi facte, Cic. Att. 16, 11, 1; peram nisi adiuvi, Aug. ap. Suet. Claud. 4; 9. nisi, nisi in old writers, see above and Fronto (p. 127 of Roman ed.); Nisi multa aqua usque et diu mactatur, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 34; Nisi (so A) se sciat ullico non datum iri, Cas. 3, 5, 56; In quantum quantus mihi nisi sapientia, Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 40; mise occurs in CIL 1, 48 by the side of nisi and before ei, so that it may be a ship; but cf. sbe and quae in Quint. 1, 7, 24; 10. in the Comedians nisi is often to be pron. as ui.

**nitedula**, ae, f. dim. [nitela] a mouse of a small kind, illa ex nepeculis extracta nitela, Cic. Sest. 72 (so schol. Hob. p. 303; Prisc. 1, 107, 9 K); Forte per angustam tenuis nitedula (so Benth. Lachm.; sss habere nolpecula, sanctioned by Aug. c. mendac. 28; Isid. orig. 1, 39, 6; Cyril. apol. 2, 11; fable-writers care little for nat. hist.; note too the qty.) rimam Reperat in cemeram frumenti, Hor. ep. 1, 7, 29; add Aruob. 2, 75.

**nitificatio**, cre, fci, ctum, vb. [nitico, cf. tepefacio] cause to shine, denotus mare nitificat, Gell. 18, 11, 3; grato crimem nitificatus illo, Iuvenc. 1, 607.

**nitela**, ae, f. [nitico] brightness, armorum, Solim. 35; nitela pulueris, gold dust, 36; oris, of tooth powder, Nisi ut petisti munditias tibi (tibi om. sss) dentium Nitela oris ex Arabicis frugibus, Calpurn. ap. Apul. mag. 6.

**nitor**, i, nixus and nixus, vb. r. [for gnictor, and that from gnuco]-knee with excrecent t] kneel, Venus alma ambae te opsecramus Aram amplexantes hanc tuam lacrumantibus genibus nixae, Pl. Rud. 3, 3, 33; matrouae nixae genibus orantesque, Liv. 26, 9, 8; genu nixa et manibus aram amplexa, Apul. M. 6, 3 f.; Impressioque genu nitens terrae applicat ipsum, Verg. 12, 303; scutis super capita densatis, stantibus primis, secundis submissioribus, tertiis magis et quartis, postremis etiam genu nixis, fastigiatam texturam faciebant, Liv. 44, 9, 6; Quem genu nixae tremere gentes, Sen. Thy. 60; dictaturam magna vi offerente populo genu nixus, deprecatus est, Suet. Aug. 52 f.;

2. esp. of the constellation Hercules as kneeling, called *En-gonasia* by Greeks, by Romans Ingeniculus and Nixus, Engonasin vocitant genibus quia nixa feratur, Cic. N. D. 2, 108; flexo confidens corpore Nixus, Arat. 373; Qui medius nixique genu est angustaque tenentis, Ov. M. 8, 182; Dextro namque genu nixus dinesque tendens Brachia, Germ. Arat. 67; Nixa genu species et Graio nomine dicta Engonasin ingenicula iuuenis sub imagine constans, Manil. 5, 645;

3. press upon with the foot, Impronsium a-pris veluti qui sentibus anguem Pressi humi nitens, Verg. 2, 380; add 10, 736; 4. lean upon, rest upon, ipse dux quia non habet ubi nitatur reaulat ut ipse quoque quiescat, Cic. N. D. 2, 125 (of cranes); Ille nides pura iuuenis qui nititur hasta, Verg. 6, 760; paribus nitens Cyllenius alis, 4, 252;

5. esp. in the perf. part, hastili nixus, Cic. Rab. perd. 21; in hastam, Verg. 12, 308; baeulo, Ov. Pont. 1, 8, 52; super stipite, F. 3, 751; muliercula, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 86;

6. as the knee is often used for a fulcrum, hence of violent efforts, put out one's strength, exert oneself, strive (as onward or upward), Procede, gradum proferre pedem Nitere, Enn. tr. 249 V; Romani salus summa nititur opum ni, an. 108—light their way; adna per loca agrestia Tripudante grata nititur, Lucr. 273 R; remisque nixi, Att. 629 R; Sisypus versat Saxum nudans nitendo neque pro-

feit hilum, poet. ap. Cic. Tusce. 1, 10; postisque sub ipsos Nituntur gradibus, Verg. 2, 443; Nitor in aduersum (says Apollo of his difficult course, as the sun) Ov. M. 2, 72; miles rapas operatus in altis Nititur, Lucan. 4, 38;

7. esp. of a supposed natural tendency, strive to reach, press towards, omnes partes eius (sc. mundi) undique medium locum capessentes nituntur aequaliter, Cic. N. D. 2, 115; fuge credere Memmi In medium suumque quod dicunt omnia niti, Lucr. 1, 1053; add nixa 1056, nitier 1059; Poma quoque. . . ad sidera raptim Vi propria nituntur, Verg. 6, 2, 428; ideo (totas aquas, sc. ocean) non decidere quoniam in interiora nitantur, Plin. 2, 165 f.; 8. accantum, statura fuit quadrata, uultu uelut nitentis—see the passage, Suet. Vesp. 20; cf. Mart. 3, 36; 9. but de parturientibus only in the comp. enitor, for Plin. 9, 107 has eniti, not niti; but see nixus § 2; 10. met. as first lean, rest, depend, rely upon, be supported (by), both with in and abl. or abl. alone, cuius in uita nitatur salus ciuitatis, Cic. Mil. 19; add Cacl. 243; diuinatio coniectura nititur, diu. 2, 55; add fam. 1, 5, 2; auctoritatem qua niti uidebatur, Caes. b. c. 3, 43, 4; 11. put out all one's strength, strain every nerve, unusquisque nostrum si quis aduersum rem suam quid fieri arbitrantur, summa ni contra nititur, Cato orig. 23, 151; contra uerum niti, Sal. lug. 35, 8; pro liberate nonne summa ego nitimini? 31, 17; quum pro C. Laelio nitetur, Liv. 35, 10, 10; 12. with ad, attain, nititur fiducia nitendum nobis ad spem beate uiuendi, Cic. Tusce. 5, 2; quod ni ita se haberet haud optimi cuiusque animus ad immortalitatis gloriam nitetur, sen. 82;

13. with inf., summa ni Circa inrumper nititur, Sal. lug. 25, 9; lugenitor non perissee meo, Ov. Pont. 3, 5, 34; 14. nixus and nixus both actu, by Char. 248, 1 K; but nixus the older, Dion. 375, 1; nixus the ordinary form, Plin. 1, 537, 27;

15. nitito in Cic. rep. says Dion. 340, 1 K; 16. as to origin, gnitus et gnixus a genibus praei dixerunt, Paul. ex Festo 96, 11 M, wh. see M's note; gnitus preceding (gnixus) as merare did merare; for assumed loss of c in guttur before t etc., cf. irritio, rite, simitu, otium, setius.

**nixus**, part. of nitor; 2. as sb. m. Nixi, the gods who presided over child-birth, magno Lucina Nixisque patres clamore uocabam, Ov. M. 9, 294 says Alcmene; Nixi di appellatur tria signa in Capitolio genibus nixa, uelut praesidentes parientium nixibus, Fest. 171, 33 b; 3. Nixus as the constellation of Hercules, so called because he was represented as kneeling, see nitor § 2; 4. Ciconiae nixae, a public work of art in Rome, where three cranes resting their beaks on each other were represented, P. Victor. reg. 9; V. Marin. Fr. Arv. p. 151.

**nolo**, nolle, noli, vb. irr. [ne + nolo] be unwilling, wish . . . not, Quasi dedita opera quae ego uolo, ea tu non uis; quae (ali. quod) ego nolo, ea cupis, Naev. 8 R; Nolite ho-spi-tes ad me adire; illico isti, Enn. tr. 404 V; nolo equidem, sed tu huic. . . ignosce, Att. 10 R; nollis, emptast; nollis, non emptast. . . Caecil. 5 R; Ipsus quidem hercle duceat (so sss, but he ej. duceat eam) sane nullo, Titin. 105 R; noli noli scribere (so sss; but Momms. feribere; yet dele follows, l. 12) inquam istud, nolunt audire, Cato orat. 37, 61; noli ingenium mulierum: Nolunt ubi uellis, ubi nolis cupiunt ultio. Eene putas, Ter. Eun. 4, 7, 43; idem uelle atque idem nolle ea demum firma amicitia est, Sal. Cat. 20, 4; 2. with subji., Nolo ego Naearam te nocent set Nerienem, Licin. 1 R; nolo hic te uideat, dominus est, Afran. 203; nolo mentiare, Ter. Haut. 4, 3, 23; add Eun. 5, 2, 67; nolo me ut opicum contemnat, Fronto ad M. Caes. 1 f.; 3. w. inf., see § 1; quae me hodie aluenientem domum Nolent salutare, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 75; alire nolumus, St. 1, 2, 85; nolite mirari, Sisen. ap. Non. 481; nolite iudices existimare. . . Cic. Flac. 105; add Hor. s. 1, 6, 72; A. P. 427; 4. w. acc. and inf., nolo ego hanc adeo ellicitem avarae, Naev. 36; nolo eundem populum imperatorem et portitorem esse terrarum, Cic. rep. 4, 7; pluribus praesentibus eas res iactari nolo, Caes. b. g. 1, 18, 1; maiores nostri nigris acerbae auri Veneris (Veneris, Laurenberg) uocabulis imbui noluerunt, Varr. s.

95, 3 I; add Ter. Hec. 5, 1, 32; 5. at times with acc. of perf. pass. part., *nolle* (hist. inf. = *nolebant*) inultos homines, *nolle* successum, non patribus, non consiliis, Liv. 2, 45, 5; see also § 12; 6. rarely with acc. alone, except neuter pron., *nolo* ego istam in te modestiam, Liv. 9, 34, 15; non Rhodienses modo id *nolere*, sed multos populos idem *noluisse* aliorum, Cat. orat. 23, 6; 7. will have it that...not...*ut noluit* eundem pluribus *rebus* excellere, Cie. Brut. 84; 8. with dat. of person, not wish well to, cui qui *nolunt*, idem tibi non sunt amici, Cie. fam. 1, 1, 3; see a similar use of *nolo*, Planc. 59; of cupio, Ter. Andr. 5, 4, 2; and Ad. 2, 4, 9 (as it shd. be read: *cupient tibi*); 9. the neg. of *nolo* (as of *nego* and *nemo*, *ov. opus* etc.) often belongs to some word that follows, not to the included *nolo*, so that the *nolo* alone passes on to the next clause, *nolo* existimes me adiutorum in *uile* *uicisse* sed *auditorum*, I must have you understand that I came not to assist our friend here but only as a hearer, Cie. N. D. 1, 17; 10. *nolim*, I should wish (it) not (to be), I should be sorry (that), *Nolim* ceterarum rerum te secundum eodem modo, Ter. Ad. 4, 5, 61; Numquidnam hic quod nolis uidere? Eun. 2, 2, 41; Quid statim? *Noluit*. Atqui licet esse beatis—they would rather not—Hor. s. 1, 1, 19; 11. esp. in the parenth. *quod nolim*, si erit (*quod nolim*) *arcescendum*, Cie. Att. 7, 18, 3; nihil est *uolentius* illi, Cum sua (*quod nolim*) *numina laesa uidet*, Ov. her. 19, 100; 12. *nollem* I should have wished (that it had) not...had it not been too late, I could have wished (it) otherwise, I am sorry (that it was), C. Iam illi datumst argentum? D. Curam illico. C. Nolle datum. Ter. Ph. 5, 3, 13; Siquid laboris, nollem, Haut. 1, 1, 30; Noui ego uostra "nolle factum", I beg your pardon, I am so sorry, Ad. 2, 1, 11; quin ego (sc. Alceumen) illum aut deseram Aut faciat satis ille atque adiuret insuper Nolle esse dicta quae in me insontem proditit, Pl. Amph. 3, 2, 9; at Karthagine et Numantiam funditus sustulimus: nollem Corinthum (sc. sublatam), Cie. off. 1, 35; 13. *noli* came to have so completely the power of a mere don't, that *nolle* is at times added. *Nolo* oro to inquit Pomponius (to Sulla) aduersum eos me uelle docere, cum quibus..., Nep. Att. 4, 2; nolite hunc iam natura ipsa occidentem uelle maturius exstingui uolere uestro quam so futo, Cie. Cael. 79; 14. *nolo* is at times strengthened by a following non...non..., see Livy above § 5, and cf. *nemo* § 6; 15. for other forms see *neuis*; 16. the *imp. noli*, *nolite* are borrowed and altered in the borrowing from the subj. *nolis* *nolitis*; a part. *nolens* seems limited to later poets and later prose, inuitus having long supplied its place, quamuis uolente senatu, Lucan. 1, 274; add 2, 175; Iuv. 9, 113; Mart. S. 30, 7; Sen. Thy. 420; aquilae prodire uolentes, Flor. 1, 22 (2, 6, 14); nolendum seems limited to modern grammars; 17. a form *nollo* condemned by Diom. 386, 14 K; non *nisi* non *noluit* non *nolitis* are used to make up the pres. indic., *Nezio* hoc te monitum nisi forte ipse non *nolueram*, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 59; add Trin. 2, 2, 47 (so at least A. illi si tu non *neuis*); Vis amare, nisi potius, uis quod des ali. si tu, Thom. 'se in potundo periculum non *nisi*: haud stulte sapis, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 82; 18. compare our old Eng. *nill* from *ne-will*.

**non**, old form *noenum* [i.e. *ne + oenum (=unum)*; cf. G. *nein* = *ne + ein* and our *no* cut down from *noie*, *wie* = *ge + one*] an emphatic not, and so used chiefly with indic., also with subj. of result, and affecting individual words; Sed tamen hoc dicas, quid id (id om. mss) est si *noenum* (pron. *noenu*) molestumst, Lucil. ap. Non. 143 f.; si *hodie* *noenum* *uenis*, eras quidem si *ueneris*, erit dies (so Mercur. ej. *nisi* meridiem die—a ditto-graphi natalis Fortis Fortunae, Varr. ap. Non. 144 M; non *nisi* si *futurumst*, non potest, Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 73; non est ita indices, non est profecto, Cie. Flac. 53; non hoc tibi *salse* sic *abibit*, Cat. 14, 16; Non omnis *arbitra* iuuat humilesque *myricae*, Verg. B. 4, 2; 2. with subj. of result, non possunt multi rem amittere ut non plures secum in eadem calamitatem trahant, Cie. Man. 19; non se tam imperitum esse rerum ut non sciret, Caes. b. g. 1, 44, 9; 3. as attached to a single word, *uctus* et

non ignobilis dicendi magister, Cie. Brut. 315; incredibilis animus et non minus uiri uires, Mil. 67; 4. esp. when a word or phrase is opposed to another, illi indices, si indices et non patriciae patriae nominandi sunt, Cie. Planc. 70; quasi uero me tuo arbitratu et non meo gratum esse oporteat, ib. 71; nulla res recte potest administrari, si unusquisque uelit turba spectare et non ad uoluntatem eius qui ea uerba habuerit accedere, inn. 2, 140; pluribus uerbis ad te scriberem, si res uerba desideraret, ac non pro se ipsa loqueretur, fam. 3, 2, 2; in these six sentences neque would have been inadmissible; 5. so in such cases (§§ 2, 3) it is required even with an imperative, or subj. used as such, Vos quoque non caris auibus ocreate lapillis..., Munditius capimur, non sint sine lege capilli (where moreover non is more emphatic than *ne*, like our *never*), Ov. a. a. 3, 129; Non petito ut bene sit, sed ut male tutius, Pont. 1, 2, 105; Non Teucros agat in Rutulos... nostro diuinamus sanguine bellum, Verg. 12, 78; cf. Hor. s. 2, 5, 91; ep. 1, 18, 72; A. P. 469; atque utinam pro decore tantum et non pro salute esset certamen, Liv. 21, 41, 13; 6. non is at times so attached to a sb. as to signify qui (quod) non est, nullo modo arbitratu quicquam effici posse ab ea (sc. natura) quae experts esset corporis... nec uero aut quod efficeret aliquid aut quod efficeretur, posse esse non-corpus, Cie. acad. post. 1, 39; non oportet timidum fingi non bonum illum uirum, fin. 2, 53; quasi seruitute praedii non-possessori relicta, Modest. dig. 34, 1, 14 f.; ui possideri quoties non-dominus ui delectus est, Paul. 43, 15, 7; 7. the usual place, when negating a whole proposition, is before the vb., si hanc causam tam idoneam tam illustrem tam grauem non haberm, si aut hoc a me Siculi non petissent aut mihi cum Siculis causa tantae consuetudinis non intercederet..., Cie. Caelic. 6; ueritas ex hoc loce repulsa loem ubi consistat reperire non poterit, Quint. 5; se Haeduum iniurias non neglectum, Caes. b. g. 1, 35 f.; 8. when negating a single word before that word, see exx. above quoted; 9. but at times it comes first in a clause with great emphasis, esp. after a neg. sent. or question equivalent to a neg. and the rel., as: nulla gens est quae non aut ita subula sit ut uix exstet aut..., Cie. prot. c. 31; quis nauigauit qui non se aut mortis aut seruitutis periculo committeret? Man. 31; quemquam horum esse putas qui non malit sine uituperatione quam cum seclere discere? Caelic. 60; add Verr. 2, 1, 19; nemo est nestrum cuius non ante oculos ipse saepe militare aliquod eideum facinus, cui non idem ego notata temporibus loquere referre sua possim decora, Liv. 21, 43, 17; 10. when placed last is very emphatic, eam (sc. fugam) si nunc sequor, quoniam? Cum illo non, Cie. Att. 8, 3, 5; fama uocem utique desiderat, claritas non, Sen. ep. 102, 17; 11. used by itself in answers, no, A. em. Satine sic est? G. Non. Ter. Ph. 1, 4, 33; cognitorum ascribit Sthenio. Quem? Cognatum aliquem? Non. Cie. Verr. 2, 2, 106; 12. for non solum, non enim plebes incitata nostris rebus inuidit, sed uincula soluta sunt et seruitia incitata, Cie. leg. 3, 25; ut cum ille irent, non ad aedem Cereris, sed ad ipsam Cererem proficisci uiderent, Verr. 2, 4, 108; uix meruerit seruis hoc cum suis, non nobis (he might have said *ne dum nobis*), omnium gentium dominis, probaturum arbitror, agr. 2, 22; 13. non is at times prefixed to vls. of saying or thinking, though really belonging to the accompanying infin., non existimamus si similitus probari posse se esse hostem patriae, nisi mihi esset inimicus, Cie. Phil. 2, 2; Caesar quod memoria tenebat L. Cassium consulem occisum..., concedendum non putabat, Caes. b. g. 1, 7, 4; cf. the use of *ov. eph.* and of *negro*; 14. non also when affecting the whole propos. at times commences a sentence when very emphatic, Non quia Maecenas..., persuades hoc tibi mere..., Hor. s. 1, 6, 1; 15. at times strengthened by following negatives, non mediisfidius prae lacrimis possum reliqua nec coarctare nec scribere, Cie. att. 9, 12, 1; 16. at times prefixed to superl. so as to denote very much the opposite, non incandissimum nuntium, Cie. fam. 4, 12, 1; hic quam uolet Epicurus iocetur, homo non aptissimus ad iocandum, N. D. 2, 46; Cethego homini non

probabilissimo, par. 40; 17. at the same time available for modesty, et tu me consiliario, fortasse non imperitissimum usus esses, Cie. fam. 1, 9, 2; sociorum querimoniam delata ad hominem non interitissimum (the speaker himself), Caelil. 67; 18. also to make positive a neg. adj. oratio non ingrata Gallis, Caes. b. g. 7, 30; sedes huic nostro non importuna sermoni, Cie. or. 3, 18; Ascanius meriti tanti non innumerus unquam, Verg. 9, 256; 19. and other neg. words, non iniuria, Ter. Eun. 3, 1, 43; non haec sine numine diuom Eueniunt, Verg. 2, 777; 20. non followed by non, so as to make a strong affirm., non potui non dare, I could not but..., Cie. Att. 8, 2, 1; non illa praesidia, etsi contra nim collocata sunt, non afferant tamen oratori aliquid, ut in foro, quamquam praesidiis salutaribus saepti sumus, tamen ne non-timere quidem sine alioque timore possimus, Mil. 2; 21. so non-nihil, non-nemo, non-nullus, non-numquam, non-nolle are very emphatic, perhaps more so than even aliquid aliquis ali-quando uolo; see nemo etc.; 22. again nihil non, nemo non, nullas non, numquam non, are more emphatic than omnia, omnes, omnis, semper; see nihil etc.; 23. non is a proleptic, i.e. forms but one word with that to wh. it is attached, hence the order, quero quis aut de misera uita posset gloriari ad de non-beata, Cie. fin. 3, 28; ut iam liceat una comprehensione omnia completi non-dubitantem dicere..., ib. 5, 26 (Madvig); nec satis est iudicare quid faciendum non-faciendum sit, 1, 47; see also non-timere in § 20.

**nosco**, Cre, nōi, nōtum, older gnosco [for gon-ose-o, see below], vb. con-study, make oneself acquainted with, praeceptum Apollinis ut se quisque noscat, "...cum 'nosce te' dicit, hoc dicit, nosce animum tuum, Cie. Tusc. 1, 52; sapientia nos docuit ut nosmet ipsos nosceremus, leg. 1, 58; noscere provinciam, nosci exercitum, Tac. Agr. 5; 2. take cognizance of, perceive, learn, see, come to the knowledge of, utique eam figier inebentis ubi facillimum gnoscere potuit, CIL 196, 28; Nosceus omnium plurima furta Iouis, Catul. 68, 142; deus ille quem mente noscimus, Cie. N.D. 1, 37; Id' esse uerum esse atque ex fratre quoniam facilest noscere, Ter. Ad. 5, 4, 8; 3. recognize, know again, see, paenulam in caput Induce ne te noscat, Pomp. 95 R; forma in tenebris nosci non quia-ter, Ter. Heec. 4, 1, 57; nulli-que tidentia Voce tamen noscat, Ov. M. 14, 153; At simul intouit, fugiunt (sc. amici), nec noscitur ulli, Agnibus comitum qui modo cinetus erat, tr. 1, 5, 29; miserae nimium noscenda parenti Parma natat, Stat. Th. 9, 357; 4. recognize and so acknowledge, admit, esp. with causam, (sei iudex)...causam non nouit...ita pronuntio fecisse nideri, CIL 198, 42; add 43 and 45; Numquam amatoris meretricem oportet causam noscere Quin..., Pl. Truc. 2, 1, 18; quod te excusas, ego uero et tuas causas nosco etc., Cie. Att. 11, 7, 5; illam partem excusationis nec nosco nec probo, fam. 4, 4, 1; atque ueror ne istam causam nemo noscat, leg. 1, 11; potesne Ex his ut proprium quid noscere? Hor. s. 2, 7, 89; erant qui genus ipsum orandi noscerent, Tac. h. 1, 90; 5. hence in perf. uosui I have studied, I have learned, and so I know, nouus (=nouimus) ambo Vlixem, Enn. tr. 199 V; hominis faciem, Ter. Heec. 3, 4, 25; tuos digitos, Cie. Att. 5, 21, 13; qui eius ciuitatis...non leges non instituta non mores non iura noritis, Pis. 30; nostri cetera, fam. 7, 28, 2; si ego hos bene noui, Rose. Am. 57; 6. perf. also with inf., uol-gus coria maxime perficere illo nouit (al. alter), Plin. 23, 107; 7. root gon is one with our con and ken, also with Corn. gon, Erse gen (W. Stokes's Cornish poem, The Passion, p. 94), Zend chin (Bopp V. G. 109 b 2 Anmerk.), S. ket in che-ket-mi, Chin. ken; hence to Lat. eatus shrewd, and akin to it Lith. kat see there; a secondary form is seen in g(o)n-ose-o *ga-ye-ye-ye-wa-wa* and S. jna, and our own ko(y)-ow; but the simple gon alone enters into a-g(o)n-i-tus co-g(o)n-i-tus, agnosco cognosco would have given agnosco cognosco wh. do not occur; the sb. *ow-ny-ur* or *ow-ny-pat*, and Welsh en-w, have lost the g but preserved the vowel.

**noŭem**, num. [see below] nine, sermo in nouem et dies et libros distributus, Cie. Q. fr. 3, 5, 1; Vnde per ora nouem uasto cum murmure montis It mare prorupit, Verg. 1, 245; 2. nouem, *enve(f)a* and the Lith. dewyni, together point to a fuller indeuini or *enve(f)u*; wh. suggest *er, enbo*, inde, de for the first part, *oemo en* or *wiena* for the second, i.e. off one; cf. de-unx, dextans=de sextans, dohrans=de-quadrans where de is used in the same way; and for form see inde 2 down.

**noŭus**, older nōus, nōua, nouum older nōuus, adj. [for en-u-os; but see below] lit. low, as seen in *en-uos* lowest, and in the derived forms infra inferi infimus etc. 2. hence nouissimus lowest (in worth), perbreui tempore qui ne in nouissimis quidem erat histronibus (a term of contempt) ad primos peruenit comocods, Cie. Rose. com. 30; 3. hence nouus low in time, new, recent, mores nescire nouosque, Enn. an. 253 V; nihil fecit noui, Ter. Ph. 3, 1, 11; nemo est qui non eo quo consentit (sc. ego) libentius ntarum quam intractato et nouo, Cie. am. 68; Romulum aliosque compluris quasi quos nouos ciues in caelum receptos putant, N.D. 3, 30; nouus ueteri exercitus iungitur, Liv. 7, 7, 3; ut nouum de integro proelium ediderit, 24, 16, 2; atulium nouae libertatis populum, 2, 1, 9; nouum senatum, 2, 1, 11; Res memoranda nouis annalibus atque recenti Historia, Iuv. 2, 102; nouus serpens, with a new skin, Ov. M. 9, 206; hic nouus Camillus, Liv. 22, 14, 9; 4. new of its kind, strange, unheard of, fero alia flagitia ad te ingentia, Caes. Capitalia, Ter. Ad. 4, 7, 4; haec noui iudicii noua forma terret oculos, Cie. Mil. 1; Ignoti noua forma niri, Verg. 3, 591; Sacennum Pyrrhae noua monstra quaestae, Hor. od. 1, 2, 6; 5. esp. nouus miles, a young soldier, recruit, novice, facilius se ueteranos conuocaturum quam Pompeium nouos milites, Caes. ap. Suet. 29, and met., Et rudis ad partus et noua miles eram, Ov. her. 11, 48; 6. nouus homo, one new to public life, the first of his family so honoured, nouus sum, consulatum peto, Roma est, Q. Cie. pet. cons. 1, 1, 2; adeptus es quod non multi homines noui, amissis quae plurimi homines nobilissimis, fam. 5, 18, 1; M. Catoni homini ignoto et nouo, rep. 1, 1; add Mur. 17; or. 1, 117; 7. nouae res, a change of government, a revolution, Sp. Maelium nouis rebus studentem occidit, Cie. Cat. 1, 3; qui... rerum nouarum causam quaerent, agr. 2, 91; add Agr. 5, 21, 3; Caes. b. g. 1, 18, 3; Sall. Cat. 28, 4; 8. nouae tabulae, a cancelling of debts, beginning with a new ledger, wiping off old debts, repudiation, tabulae nouae quid habent argumenti nisi ut emas mea pecunia fundum, eum tu habes, ego non habeam pecuniam? Cie. off. 2, 84; add timorem nouarum tabularum tollendum, Caes. b. e. 3, 1, 3; add Cie. Att. 5, 21, 3; Liv. 42, 13, 9; Sen. ep. 81, 26; and met. beneficiorum nouas tabulas, ben. 1, 4, 6; 9. nouae tabernae and nouae alone, a colonnade on the north side of the forum of bankers' shops (argentariae), on ground once occupied by butchers (lanicae), so called, as rebuilt after the great fire of 544 a.v.c., in opposition to the teteres tabernae, ad tabernas quibus nouis nouis est nomen atque ibi ab lanio cultro arripito..., Liv. 3, 48, 5; argentariae quae nunc nouae appellantur arserunt, 26, 27, 2; cf. ex tabernis lanienis argentariae factae, Varr. ap. Non. 532; cf. Liv. 26, 11, 7; sub nouis dicta pars in foro aedificiorum, Varr. l. 6, p. 237 Sp.; itaque cessit. Ut ii qui sub nouis solem non ferunt, item ille cum aestuaret ueterum ut Maenianorum, sic Academicorum umbram secutus est, Cie. aed. pr. 2, 70; basilicam post argentarias nouas (fecit), Liv. 40, 51, 5; see Ritschl's opus. 2, 385; 10. as sb. n. in gen., new, news, nunquidquam inquit noui? Cie. or. 2, 13; propter hiemis magnitudinem nihil noui ad nos adferrebat, fam. 2, 14; in eius epistola nihil erat noui, Att. 13, 30, 2; 11. fresh and so in full vigour, ut si semper decertandum sit, semper nouus ueniam, Cie. Phil. 2, 43; 12. with dat., delictis hostium nouis, Tac. Agr. 16; nouusque dolori, Sil. 6, 254; 13. with inf., Et noua ferre inquam cernis, Sil. 16, 332; 14. comp. nouior, only found in: ab nouo dilatum nouius et nouissimum quod extremum, Varr. l. 6, 7, p. 236 Sp.; 15. nouissimus lowest, see

§ 2—hence most recent, last, qui nouissimus venit neceatur, Caes. b. g. 5, 56, 2; recipere me nouissimus coepi ad castra, Galb. ap. Cie. fam. 10, 30, 4; haec nouissima nostra facta, Caes. ap. Cie. fam. 12, 13, 1; nouissima verba, Verg. 4, 650; n. casum, last chance, Tae. an. 12, 33; 16. esp. of the rear of an army, cupidus n. agmen insecuti, Caes. b. g. 1, 15, 2; add 3 and 4; ex n. acie, Liv. 10, 29, 5; add 31, 27, 6; 17. extreme, n. exempla, Tae. an. 12, 20; a summa spe nouissima expectabat, 6, 56—here perh. lowest, as opp. to summa; see § 2; 18. adv. noue, newly, in a new way, Sed uetusta aurata ornata ut lepide ut concine ut noue, Pl. Epid. 2, 2, 38; ne quid noue dicamus, against use, as a solecism, add Heren. 1, 15; add Sen. controu. 1, 4, 11; Gell. 17, 2, 13; 19, 17, 2; 19. rarely nouit, Basilicae Iuliae a se nouiter reparate, inscr. Or. 24; 20. nouissime, adv. of time, last of all, eum n. agroretaret; and quod n. nobissem focus feissent, Val. Ant. ap. Char. 208; 1 K; n. memoria nostra argentum aere solutum est, Sal. Cat. 33, 2; librum quem n. tibi misi, Plin. ep. 8, 3, 1; add 4, 30, 4; Quint. 12 pr. 3, 2, 10, 1; 21. in a series, lastly, primum..., deinde..., nouissime, Planc. ap. Cie. fam. 10, 24, 2; deinde..., nouissime, Sen. tr. 3, 6, 3; add Quint. 3, 6, 24; 11, 2, 41; 22. nouissimum and nouissime were condemned by A. Aelius in Varro's time as solecisms, Varr. 1, 6, p. 236 Sp.; so Tiro: nouissime non recte ait dici adicitque quod sua coeperit actate id aduerbium, ap. Char. 207, 30 K; and Gell. 10, 21, 1 says of the two words; M. Ciceronem noluisse uti; so Probos 57, 1 gives nouns as the one ex. of nomina quae in positio gradu tantum sint constituta; yet see §§ 2 and 15; and add: id nouissime (so ms) exiit, Fronto eloq. 144 Nab.; 23. in comic verse often a monos., Promenabit (al. mss) oratores noui, stulti adulescentuli, Naev. 62 R; Semper datores nouos oportet quaerere, Pl. Truc. 2, 1, 33; Nouos omnis mores habeo, ucteres perdidit, ib. 3, 1, 10; Nouo liberti opus quod pappet, Dabitur, prachebo cibum, Epid. 5, 2, 62; Ego nouos maritos anno decimum quinto et sexagesimo, Ter. Ad. 5, 8, 15; so Bentl.; Ritschl pro. 152, 1; W. Wagner Al. index: perh. nouns; so also with *reos*, Scidler dochm. 50; 24. root in (ev) down, whence comp. *ev-epou ev-ep-ov* or *ev-ep-ov*, and superl. *imus* for in-*imus*; then *en-ef-us* cut down in nouns *reos* and S. nava, whence comp. *inferi* (*en-ef-er*), *sup. infimus* (*en-ef-um*); cf. also *nox*, *nua*, *nico*, *nido*, 2, and de; 25. akin to our new, G. neu; 26. time being represented by a stream, what is low is recent or new; conversely Germ. alt, our old, seems one with L. altus.

1. *nox*, noctis, f. [= *νύξ νυκτος*], from *nue*, old erude form of *nu-o* lower with exerescent t; s. below), lit. descent, hence solis *nox* at sun-down, Enn.; see 2 *nox* adv.; hence absol. sun-down, night, just as mid down in old Norse was used of the time when there was no moon (cf. Holmboe's *Ordforraad*), Hine *no* processit stellis ardentibus apud, Enn. an. 343; umbra terrae soli officiens noctem efficit, Cie. N. D. 2, 49; add multam noctem pugnatum est, Caes. b. g. 1, 26, 3—till late at night; 2. the doings of night personified, omnis et insana semita nocte sonat, Prop. 5, 8, 60; Nox non ebrua sed soluta erigit, Mart. 10, 47, 9; hence notes Atticae the title of Gellius' work, as notes set down in or near Athens, Gell. pr. 4; 3. hence in poets of sleep, ne unquam soluitur in somnos oculos aut pectore noctem accipit, Verg. 4, 530; Abrupte oculi noctem, Stat. Th. 9, 509; noctemque retractat, of a dream, Sil. 3, 216; 4. of death, Olli dura quies oculos et ferreus urget Somnus; in aeternam clauduntur lumina noctem, Verg. 10, 746; omnes una manet *nox*, Hor. od. 1, 28, 15; add 1, 4, 16; 5. of the infernal regions, Noctis aeternae chaos, Sen. Here. f. 614; descendere nocti, Sil. 13, 708; 6. of the darkness of a storm, taetra nimborum nocte coorta, Lucr. 4, 172; imber Noctem hiemenque ferens, Verg. 3, 195; noctem paentes... nauitae, Cie. poet. Tusc. 2, 23; 7. of a cloud of missiles, Noxque super campos telis conserta pendit, Lucan. 7, 520; 8. of public calamities, oleo me in hanc ire publice noctem incidisse, Cie. Brut. 330; add Rose. Am. 91; Nox ingens scelorum, Lucan. 7, 571; 9. of blindness, Perpetuaeque trahens inopem sub nocte senectam, Ov. M. 7,

2; 10. of mental blindness, quantum mortalia pectora caecae Noctis habent! Ov. M. 6, 473; Tantaeque nox animi est, 6, 652; 11. meretricium etc., Hanc tibi noctem honoris caussa gratis dono dabo, Pl. As. 1, 3, 42; militem Eius noctem orantem, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 125; noctes certam multum per mercedis cumulo fuerunt, Cie. Att. 1, 21, 5; add Hor. epod. 15, 13; 12. Night as a goddess, Erebo creata fuscis erinibus, Nox te innoco, Varr. ap. Paul. ex Festo 63 M (Erebo with long E corresponding to Gr. *αἰετός*); Et *nox* atra pulchra bigis subueta tenebat, Verg. 5, 721; Iam Nox aetherium nigris emensa quadrigis Mundum..., Tib. 3, 4, 17; add Ov. F. 1, 455.

2. *nox*, adv. [for *noe*-is a gen. of *noe* night, before the outgrowth of the i, cf. for form *noe* *noe*], for meaning *noctis* by night, si *nox* furtum fassit si in occisus, iure caesus esto, xii tab.; Si luei si solis *nox* (so mss; i omitt si *nox* as a dittograph) si iam data sit frux, Enn. ap. Prise. 1, 278, 15; *nox* si uoles manebit, Pl. As. 3, 3, 7; but in Rud. 2, 4, 4 *mox* is now read.

*nūbes*, (nubis or nubs) is, f. [s. below] cloud, Istic est is Iuppiter quem dico, quem Graeci uocant Aetrem qui uentis (so mss, perh. an old variety of uentus) est et nubes, Enn. ap. Varr. 1, 5, p. 70 Sp.; Flamma inter nubes correat, caelum tonitru conterrit, Pacuv. 413 R; aer...concretus in nubes cogitur, Cie. N. D. 2, 101; Erripiunt subito nubes caelumque diemque, Verg. 1, 88; simul atra nubes Candidit lunam, Hor. od. 2, 16, 2; 2. met. leucostarum, Liv. 42, 10, 7; telorum, 38, 26, 7; pedum equitumque, 35, 49, 5; (uoluerunt) Verg. 12, 254; belli, 10, 809; meri, Val. F. 3, 65; sporis, Stat. Ach. 1, 646; mortis, silu. 4, 6, 72; frontis opacae, of blindness, Th. 4, 512; frontis, a frown, Sil. 8, 612; so Deme supercilio nubem, Hor. ep. 1, 18, 94; 3. esp. of trouble, in illis ire publicae tenebris caecis, quae nubibus et procellis, Cie. dom. 24; Pars uitae tristi cetera nubes uacat, Ov. tr. 5, 5, 22; add 2, 142; 4. of precious stones, crystalli infestantur plurimis uitis, maculosa nube..., Plin. 37, 28, add 118; cf. umbra in a similar way ib. 67; nubecula 68; nubulum 126; 5. nubs obsolete, Liv. Andr. ap. Serv. A. 10, 636; Periarum Laphi- thum Iononia ludificant nubs, Aus. monos. 12, 4; quamuis quidam his adnuentem nubs, fragm. Bob. 561, 35 K; 6. nubs apparently only in nubis after imberge instat (so or nubisater B C D) Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 38—wh. add. after variously; but when Probos 198, 14 says nubes non nubis, he admits the existence of nubis; 7. akin to nub-o veil; but nub shortened from on-ub and so akin to umbra (= on-ub-era) and to infula (= en-ef-ula = *ν-εφ-ε-λ-η*); prob. also to *nox* (of wh. *noe*- or *nue*- is for on-ue), see *nox*.

*nūbo*, ēre, psi, ptum [erude form *nūb*; cf. *pronūba*, *cōnūbium*, as also *νέφ-ος νέφ-ε-λη*, umbra for *on-ūb-era*; and see nubes] vb. lit. darken, hence veil (oneself), put on a veil, as a woman in marriage and so marry, with dat. of husband, se nupturam adolescentulo, Naev. 126 R; nūrgo nupsit eui Caecilia nupta fuerat, Cie. diu. 1, 104; ad mulierem nuptam ui propositum omnibus, Verg. 2, 5, 34; siqua uoles apte nūbēre, nūbē pari, Ov. her. 9, 32; 2. with in and acc. or quo, of the family into which, Namque hoc qui dicat: quo illae nubent diuites Dotatae si stud ius pauperibus ponitur? Quo lubeant nubant, dum dos ne fiat comes, Pl. Aul. 3, 5, 15; nam quo dedisti nuptum abire noluit, St. 1, 2, 85; cum ex amplissimo genere in familiam clarissimam nupsisses, Cie. Cael. 34; add Clu. 188; 3. met. of the vine, in Campano agro populus nubunt, Plin. 14, 10; populi abae uitibus nuptae, 28, 266; cf. Hor. epod. 2, 9; add Manil. 5, 238; of the earth, alma...tellus...depositis euiet se nubere plantis, Colum. 10, 158; 4. also jokingly of a man likely to be heckpoked, sed mens Frater...Nupsit posterius dotatae netulae uaricosae uafrae (ms. affrae), Pomp. So R; Vxorē quare locupletem ducere nolim, quaeritis. Vxorē nubere nolo meae, Mart. 8, 12, 2; 5. de praeposteris nuptis, nubit amicus, Liv. 2, 134; Callistratus aug. Mart. 12, 42, 1; 6. in a sense self-explained, Pl. Cist. 1, 1, 45—47; 7. as a pass. impers. Quomodi hūc cum fama facile nubitur, Pl. Pers. 3, 1, 58; add Tert. Mare. 4.

38 m.; **B.** nupta est etc. is married, with cum, uirorum quibuscum illae nuptae erant, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 136; regis Parthorum nuptum quocum esset nupta regis Armeniorum soror, fam. 15, 3, 1; but so only in the pass. perf.; as also rarely with apud, nuptum...ut...nuptum ut duas uxores haberet an ut una apud duos nupta esset, Gell. 1, 23, 8; in Christian writers used of men, Pontificem max. rursus nubere nefas est, Tert. uxor. 1, 7 f.; add 2, 11; and Hier. ep. 22, 19; but in Varr. ap. Non. 7, p. 480 is now read uiri nuptus (suis nuptis, not nupti) sacrificabantur in cubiculo uiduae; yet Prisc. 1, 572, 15 K has: quamuis uetustissimi nouus nuptus protulisse inueniantur; and 1, 377, 16 has: nubo tibi quam antiquissimi etiam actina significatio nubo te dicebant—but in such cases te was prob. a dat. for tibi or tebas in Fr.; nuptum is used with eo de loco colloco, give etc. in marriage, Hostis est uxor inuita quae ad uirum nuptum datur, Pl. St. 1, 2, 83; ultro ibit nuptum, Cas. pr. 86; Vt potui nuptum uirginem locui huius adulescentis, Ter. Ph. 5, 1, 25; Propinquas suas nuptum in alias ciuitates collocaſſe, Caes. b. g. 1, 18, 7.

**1 num**, interr. part. [said to be = *num*, i.e. *μη οὐκ*, but see below] first in indir. qns., whether, quæro igitur num aliter ac nunc euenient euenirent, Cic. fat. 6; uidete num dubitant uobis sit omni studio ad bellum incumbere, Man. 10; add Cat. 1, 13; simul speculari num solliciti animi socordes essent, Liv. 42, 19 f.; uideamus ergo num hanc expositio longior demum debeat esse, Quint. 4, 2, 79; providendum num forte superuacua an ambigua an communiis sit finitio, 7, 3, 20; add Ulp. dig. 4, 4, 16; **2 dir.** qu. Num furis an prudens ludis me obscura canendo? Hor. s. 2, 5, 58; **3.** for the most part where a neg. answer is expected, Num cogitat quid dicat? Num facti piget? Ter. Andr. 5, 2, 6; num igitur tot clarissimorum duem naufragium sustulit artem gubernandi? Aut num...? Aut num...?—of course not, Cic. diu. 1, 24; Num lacrimas uictus dedit aut miseratus amantem? Verg. 4, 370; **4.** often strengthened by nam, hanc ciſtella num hinc ab nobis domo est? Pl. Cist. 4, 1, 6; Num tibi nam amabo ianua est morlas mea, Quo...? Truc. 2, 4, 1; Num obscuro nam aristoteli qui ipſus se uerberat? 2, 7, 43; Num nam perimus? Ter. Andr. 3, 4, 12; num nam hic relictus custos? Eun. 2, 2, 55; num nam hanc audiuit? Haut. 3, 2, 6; Num nam illa quæſo parturit? Ad. 3, 4, 42; quid, solis num quid nam simile uidisti? Cic. N. D. 1, 87; **5.** but numine seems not to occur except as a bad ej. for in Pl. Truc. 2, 2, 65 read: me neuſis; and in Cic. N. D. 1, 88 prob.: quid, deum ipſum numnam uidisti? Ritschl opus. 2, 248 note writes: quam iuncturam (sc. numine) ignorat Latinitas.

**2 num**, adv. [= *num* and our now, of pron. origin see nam § 6] now, only in the form etiamnum, and with suff. ce in num-c and num-ci-ne.

**nunc**, pron. adv. [for num-ce, i.e. num, which see, + *ce* demonstr. enclitic] now, at this time, Vicit Olympia, nunc senio confectus quiescit, Enn. an. 442 V; Alium 'sces censes nunc me atque olim cum dabam? Ter. Andr. 3, 3, 13; erat tunc excusatio oppressis... nunc nulla est, Cic. Phil. 7, 14; Hortatur Mnecsthes, nunc nunc insurgite remis, Verg. 5, 189; **2.** strengthened by various adv., Otiose nunciam illico hic consiste, now this instant, Ter. Ad. 2, 1, 2; add Haut. 2, 5, 13; nunc demum uenis? Ad. 2, 2, 25; add Haut. 2, 3, 12; nunc denique est perfectum, Cic. pron. c. 33; **3.** with ipſum, quin nunc ipſum non dubitabo rem abicere, Cic. Att. 7, 3, 2; nunc ipſum ea lego ea scribo ut i qui mecum sunt difficilior otium ferant quam ego laborem, 12, 40, 2; add S. 9, 2; **4.** with me, in fuller form nuncine or nuncine (neuer nuncine or nuncine; for the i cf. 3 ne, § 17), hem nuncine demum? Ter. Andr. 4, 1, 58; **5.** in a letter, with a past tense, as suited to the time when it will be read, nunc reus erat apud Crassum Diutem Vettius de ui, Cic. Att. 2, 24, 4; **6.** also with erat, of a present opportunity lost, nunc Salaribus Ornare puluinar decorum Tempus erat dapibus, sodales, Hor. od. 1, 37, 4; Nunc erat ut posito deberem fine laborum Vincere, Ov. tr. 4, 8, 5; **7.** in a reported speech (where

time might have been used), dixit nunc demum se uoti esse damnatum, ps. Nep. Tim. 5, 3; **8.** repeated like modo modo, now—, now—; at one moment, at another; Nunc dextra ingeminans iectis, nunc ille sinistra, Verg. 5, 457; add 447; nunc fraudem nunc negligentiam consulam accuſabant, Liv. 4, 12, 7; **9.** with the first nunc omitted, pariterque sinistros, Nunc dextros solere sinis, Verg. 5, 831; **10.** followed by *nam*, Plancus nunc adiutor... mox eiusdem proditor, Vell. 2, 63, 3; **11.** after an hypothesis to introduce the real fact, as it is, Nam absque te esset, ego illum habere rectum ad ingenium bonum, Nunc propter te tamque praos factus est fiduciam, Pl. Bac. 3, 3, 9; quae quidem multo plura euenirent, si ad quietem integri iremus; nunc onusti cibo et uino perturbata et confusa cernimus, Cic. diu. 1, 60; add Verr. 2, 5, 171; Caecil. 20; Luer. 6, 570; **12.** attached as an adj. to a sb., like *οἱ νῦν ἀνδρῶτες*, Tace stulta non tu nunc hominum mores uidēs, Pl. Pers. 3, 1, 57; for qui nunc sunt hominum, cf. Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 44; Plin. 22, 147; **13.** for the pron. demonstr. in the form nus, na, num so to say, and with the sense of hic, haec, hoc cf. the Pali as given in Bopp's V. G.

**nunciam**, adv. [always trisyll. in Pl. and Ter.; nunc, old form of nunc, + iam] now at last, or now at once, Istuc uolebam scire; i sane nunciam, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 158; quid? Praeconium mihi at detis. Dabitur. Ergo nunciam..., Men. 5, 9, 93; Indice ludos nunciam, quando lubet, Ps. 1, 5, 132; Redi (~ or -) nunciam intro atque intus serua. Quippini? Aut. 1, 2, 3; Secede huc nunciam si uidetur procul, Capt. 2, 1, 2; curabo. Eamus nunciam intro. I praee, sequor, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 144; profer, dum proficiscor aliquo ne nideam. Audi nunciam, 2, 1, 29; i nunciam. Quid hoc rēst? regnumne Aescelino hic tu possides? Ad. 2, 1, 21; add 2, 1, 14; **2.** in later authors printed as two words,

**nū-o**, ēre, vb. obsol., lit. lower, hence nod, whence an-nuo, in-nuo, re-nuo, a freq. nudo and sbs. nūmen, nutus; **2.** as the prep. in (*ν*) down led to a secondary en-cl, as seen in inferi infimus and infula, = *εν-εφ-ελ-α-γ*; so from another form of the word on = Anglo-Sax. and Engl. on, came form on-nc, whence nox *ν*ēſ (*sun*)-down, on-ib, whence the verb nubo darken, uel. nubs and nubes cloud, on-ab-era cut down to umbra, on-on-us cut down to non-us; thirdly on-n- cut down to nū-, like the Gr. *νε-ω*, whence *νε-νευ-κ-ω* τὴν κεφαλὴν holding the head down.

**nūrus**, ūs, f. [for gnūrus or gēnūrus, wh. : gēner : sōerus : sōcer] daughter in law, Tu nūrum non uis odiosam tibi esse quam rarenter uideas, Caec. 183 R; Itaque adeo uim animo omnes sōerus (omnis suas—added by Fleck.) oderunt nūrus, Ter. Hee. 2, 1, 4; reiecta mater amicae impuri filii tamquam nūrum sequebatur, Cic. Phil. 2, 58; Cinetaque adest uirgo matrum nūtrūque caterua, Ov. M. 12, 679; ib. 348; Lucan. 1, 165; Mart. 4, 75, 2; **2.** of a son's betrothed, uigilant nuptiaque nūrusque In seclus, Stat. Th. 5, 200; Ulp. dig. 23, 2, 12 and 38, 10, 6; **3.** wife of a grandson or great-grandson, Paul. dig. 23, 2, 14 f.; and 50, 16, 50; Ulp. 2, 8, 2; and 3, 1, 3; **4.** a form nura noticed but condemned by Prob. 198. 34 K; **5.** = S. *συζυγ*, *νυος*, O. G. schuor.

**nūtrio**, ire, vb. [from sb. nūtrio, wh. see] act as nutrix or wet nurse, suckle, nurse, quos lupa nutrit, Ov. F. 2, 415; add tr. 3, 11, 3; ballaenae uulgiſque māmms nutrit fœtus, Plin. 11, 235; **2.** gen., feed (young ones), rear, serpente ciconia pullos nutrit, Iuv. 14, 75; ligula nutritus glande...aper, Hor. s. 2, 4, 40; and met. terra herbas... nutrit, Ov. r. a. 15; add Plin. 27, 10; Iuv. 12, 12; **3.** of moral training, rear, indoles Nutrita faustis sub penetrabilibus, Hor. od. 4, 4, 25; **4.** nurse (the sick), pestilentia cogitationes hominum ad curam corporum nutriendum auertit, Liv. 4, 52, 3; **5.** in Cels. with two uses, first, nurse the strength of an invalid, per eos cibos quos proposui, 3, 23, p. 114, 16 Dar.; nires eius, 114, 20; **6.** and with acc. of disease, attend to in the way of healing, nurse, uleus, 5, 26, 33, p. 198, 3; oculorum morbos, 6, 6, 16, p.



232, 32; **7.** still of the body, *entem mulierum, beautify*, Plin. 21, 159; *capillum*, 22, 82; **8.** n. *ninum*, nurse or doctor by adding drugs, make (it) keep, Colum. 12, 21, 3; 12, 30, 1; **9.** bolder met. first of material obj. (*mensas nitreas*), get into beautiful order, Plin. 13, 99; *uillam*, ps. Catul. 19, 4; **10.** of *immat.* obj., nurse, nourish, feed, foster, *amore*, Ov. a. a. 3, 579; *carmen*, Pont. 3, 4, 26; *uatum pectora*, 4, 2, 25; *opes* (power), Val. M. 6, 5, ext. 2; *malum*, Sen. Phaedr. 139; *furor*, Sil. 7, 497; **11.** *nutrithum*, old past imperf., Verg. 7, 485; 11, 572; **12.** a fut. *nutritho* sanctioned by Cled. 18, 30; **13.** a past perf. *nutritham* by Iulian. 324, 9.

**nutrithor**, *in*, vb. r. [wh. prob. preceded *nutrio* of like meaning, cf. *medior*] act as *nutrix*, nurse, Hoe pinguem et placitum pueri *nutrithor* olimam, Verg. G. 2, 425, on wh. Prisc. 2, 393, 19 K: *nutrithor* pro *nutritho*.

**nutrix**, *icis*, adj. or sb. f. [nno, vb. obsol., move up and down, hence of one who rocks a babe to sleep?] a nurse, esp. one who suckles another woman's child: *Nutricem arcessit: ite quae illam aluit paruolum*, Ter. Eun. 5, 2, 53; *Immo abi uero, aliquam puero nutritham*, par. Hee. 4, 4, 1; *cum puellae* (the young mother) *parendum esse diceret adhibendasque puero nutrices*, Gell. 12, 1, 5; *qui omnia minima mams ut nutrices infantibus pueris in os inserant*, Cic. or. 2, 162; *ut paeue cum lacte nutrix errore suxisse uidemur*, Tusc. 3, 2; *ut nutrix pueros a lacte non subito*

*auellit*, cum a cibo pristino in meliorem traducit, Varr. l. 9, 10; **2.** a lady who suckled her own child was a wonder, hence in Inscr., Aur(eliae) Castae filiae...Aurelia Fortunata mater *nutrix*, Murat. 2055, 3; *Liciniae Processae matri pia nutrix dulcissima Crescens fecit*, Fabr. 187, 38; cf. Or. 2677; **3.** of animals, suckling beings in human form, *Vere quod nutrix posset habere Iouis* (the goat Amalthea), Ov. F. 5, 120; *Optima nutricum nostris lupa Marla rebus*, Prop. 5, 1, 55; **4.** met. as of a farm, *Nostramne ere uis nutricum quae nos educat Abalienare nobis?* Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 111; *illa nutrix eius oratoris quem...*, Cic. orat. 37; *enarrum*, Ov. M. 8, 81; of a nursery bed for seedlings, Plin. 17, 66; **5.** *nutrices*, the *mammas*, *Nymphas Nutricum tenes extantes e gurgite cano*, Catul. 64, 18; **6.** for qty. of the u. cf. Ter. Hee. as above, and: *Mea nutrix surge in nis, profer purpuram...*, Afr. 179 R; **7.** prob. from *nno* obsol. vb. move up and down, hence *nutrix*, a female who rocks a babe to sleep; I once regarded it as for *nutri-trix* (Bell's E. Jour. Educ.), comparing *quingenti stipendium monychus* and our idiom for *quinguenti stipendium*, *mon-ychus*, *ἐνδομο-χάρης*; but the stream runs the other way, *nutrio* comes from *nutrie*, just as our sb. nurse (Fr. *nourrice*) is older than the vb. nurse; yet a form *nutritrix* is given by Char. 44, 7 K, and Prisc. 1, 372, 2; and as the origin of *nutrio*, 140, 16; and again deduced from *nutrio*, 494, 26.

## O.

**1 ob**, prep. [?] with acc. towards, to (obsol.), ob portum obnugulatum ito, tab. xii 2, 3; Ob Romam noctu legiones ducere coepit, Enn. an. 295 V; *Hicne est ille Telamon...* cuius ob os Graii ora obnerebant sua? poet. ap. Cic. Tusc. 3, 39; *intro ad uxorem meam suferamque ei (et Non.) meum tergum ob iniuriam*, Pl. ap. Non. 397; *signa extemplo cauere ac tela ob moenia offerre imperat*, Cic. Att. 385 R;

**2.** before, against, first with motion, *Quin quom it dormitum follem obstringit ob gulam?* Pl. Aul. 2, 4, 23; *Nunc demum expior mihi ob oculos caliginem opstitisse*, Mil. 2, 4, 51; *ignis oculorum cum eo igne qui est ob os offusus se confudit*, Cic. Tim. 14; **3.** the same without motion towards or of mere position, first with a dat. (obsol.), *Mater iratata patri uehementer qui scortum sibi Ob oculis (so mss B C D) adduxerit in aedis, dum rari ipsa abest*, Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 83; **4.** gen. with acc., *hunc ob oculum habebat*, Pl. Mil. 5, 1, 37; *mors ob oculos saepe uersata est*, Cic. Rab. Post. 39; **5.** met. against, for, in return for, in accounts, as where money is set against the thing purchased, pledged etc., or vice versa, *rogas Quine arrabonem a me acceptisti ob mulierem?* Pl. Rud. 3, 6, 23; *Ait se ob asinos ferre argentum atriensi Saureae*, As. 2, 2, 80; *ager oppositus pignori Decem ob minas inquit*, Ter. Phorm. 4, 3, 57; *talentum magnum ob unam fabulam datum esse*, C. Grac. ap. Gell. 11, 10, 6; *pretia maxima ob tacendum accipiunt*, ib.; *ob rem iudicandam pecuniam accipere*, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 78; *et ob uacationem pretium datum...* et ob probationem, Font. 17; *ob aliquod emolumentum suum commodius aliquid dicere*, ib. 27; **6.** beyond the sphere of money, in return for, as a reward for, *Atque adeo ne me nequiquam serues ob eam industriam* *Hodie ducam scortum atque ad cenam aliquo condicam foras*, Pl. Men. 1, 2, 151; *opta ergo ob istunc nuntium quiduis tibi*, Merc. 5, 2, 66; *ob ciuis seruatus*, numm. ap. Eckhel 6, 121; *poenas dare ob eam rem*, Cato agr. 24, 5 *ford.*; *honorem haberi ob eam rem*, ib. 4, 14; *cum*

*mihi ob eos mores...honos detur*, ib. 50, 7; *ob rem bene gestam coronatus*, ib. 80, 10; *Sed in hunc quem scis quali in te siet Fidelitate ob fidam naturam viri Ignosce*, Att. 20 R; **7.** gen. on account of, for, *ne tibi me esse ob eam rem obnoxium Reare*, audibis male si male dicis mihi, Caec. 23 R; *omnia uideri subita maiora et quidem ob duas causas, primum quod...*, Cic. Tusc. 3, 52; *ne ob eam rem suae magnopere uirtuti tribueret*, Caes. b. g. 1, 13, 5; *uius ob iram proditur*, Verg. 1, 251; *quasi ob metum defixo* (militi), Tac. an. 1, 68; **11.** 8. of purposes, in order to, with a view to, for, *Praeterea ad Troiam cum misi ob defendendam Graeciam*, Scibam..., Enn. tr. 362 V; *hanc Epicurus rationem induxit ob eam rem quod ueritus est ne...*, Cic. fat. 23; *haec ego ad te ob eam causam maxime scribo ut iam de tua quoque ratione meditere*, fam. 1, 8, 4; *mortem* (Germanicum) *ob rem publicam obisse*, Tac. an. 2, 83;

**9.** esp. in the phrase *ob rem*, to some purpose, so as to effect a solid purpose, *A. Non pudet Vanitatis? D. Minime dum ob rem*, provided it pay, Ter. Phorm. 3, 2, 41; *uerum ad frustra an ob rem faciam in uostra manu situm est*, Sal. Jug. 31, 5; **10.** ob industry, on purpose? *Nam quid illae nunc tamdiu intus remorantur reueligines Quasi ob industriam?* Pl. Cas. 4, 3, 8; unless it be to pay off old scores, see *ob eam industriam* in Pl. Men. above § 6;

**11.** ob, prob. pronounced *o* (see sub) = *επ* of *επι* and our *af* which has taken an excrement *t*: and so possibly from *ἐπ-ομαι* cf. *οπ-ισω οπ-ισθεν οπαδός* etc. and *πρωτατος* if shortened from *πρωτατος* and post or rather *pōs* as standing for *ὅπως*; see post. *επι* meant after as in *επιμι επερχομαι επιγυρομαι επιφερομαι, επιδός, επιπαιω, επιπρω, επισαι, επιει, επιστα* and *Επιμυθεως* after-thought comp. with *Προμυθεως*.

**2 ob**, in comp. with verbs to, towards, as *obeo*, go to; ostendo, stretch out to hold towards; occurro, run to meet;

**2.** before, obduce, draw before; obambulo, walk back-

wards and forwards before; obolit, keep flitting before; oborsor, pass to and fro and before; obino, hold firm in the presence of (an enemy); occupo, seize by rapid movement before (an enemy); 3. against, first physically, offend, strike against; obductor, struggle against; obitor, strive against; obdo, put to (as the bar of a door); obstruo, build up against, obstruct; obso, sit down before or against, besiege, blockade; officio, place oneself in the way of; 4. against, morally, occino, sing an unfavourable omen, obumbr, report against; obrecto, handle injuriously, depreciate; obloquor, speak against; obsum, be injurious to; 5. over, as covering or in any way affecting the surface; obduco, draw over; offundo, pour over; ocalesco, grow hard on the surface; obsolesco and obsolesco, get covered with dirt; obliro, dunt over; 6. in form usually assimilated before c, g, p, f as occurro, oceaco, oggano, oppono, oppugno, officio, offendo; and in old writers with the b thinned into a p before s and t as opseco, optineo.

3. ob, in comp. with adj. towards, as obnoxius, exposed to damage, from ob noxiam; obuius, in the way towards, from obuiam; opportunus, coming across one; 2. ad-dition; ob-longus, oblong = επι-μήκης.

4. ob, for ab, away, as obduco (potionem) drink right off; for ab (= S. aya) down in comp. of verbs, as ob-tero, tread down; oculo, tread down; oculo, lie down as one dead; obeo, go down, set as a star; occido, cut down, kill; occido, fall down, die; opprimo, press down, crush; but not obsobero.

obātro, āre, vb. blacken over, blacken, nascens luna si cornu superiore obraturo surget pluuias decrescens dabit, Varr. ap. Plin. 13, 349.

ob-do, dēre, dīdi, dītum, vb. [do put, dāre] put to or against, deprandi autem leonis (leoni si) obdas ocreas (or ocreas, ass ocreas) were to put a bit into a fasting lion's mouth, Naev. ap. Fest. 182, oM; pessulum ostio obdo, Ter. Eun. 3, 5, 55; 2. hence put to, so as to close a passage, close, foren obdo ne senex me opprimeret, Pl. Cas. 5, 2, 16; and met., Nec (new?) rigidam timidis nocibus obdo forem, Ov. Pont. 2, 2, 42; Proponitū fauces sic obdit nauius quasi porta obserant, Flor. 1, 41, 10 (3, 6, 10); sapiens eris si cluseris aures, quibus ceram parum est obdere, Sen. ep. 31, 2; in Plin. 6, 30 Del. gives obditae fores, ass additae or additae; in Tac. an. 13, 5 Halm has additis foribus without note; 3. close with abl. of means, domum feris (so Hildeb. al. series) obditam, Apul. met. 5, 9 f.; 4. bind, tigillo iniecta atque obdita parte funiculi, Apul. met. 1, 16 (51); capillos in mutuos nexos obditos atque nodatos, ib. 3, 18; feralibus amictibus instructis atque obditis, ib. 10, 12; perh. in this sense ob-do represents a vb. am-do put round.

ob-dūco, cōre, xi, ctum, vb. draw before, draw over (so as to obstruct, see etc.), Vos interea lumen afferte atque aulaeae obducite, Lucil. ap. Non. 360 f.; cubacula obductis uelis opaca nec tamen obscura facit, Plin. ep. 7, 21, 2; zothica uelis obductis reductisque modo adicitur cubiculo, modo aufertur, 2, 17, 21; quantum obducta ueste et adstrictis faucibus niti poterat clamitans, Tac. an. 4, 70; 2. met. as first, put on a coating of, coat or cover with (with acc. of coating so to say), Myrrha...obducto cortice pressa latet, Ov. a. 1, 286; amica abundans Exit et obducto late tenet omnia limo, Verg. G. 1, 116; hieme sacra adeo ut obducta glacie nisi effossa humus tentoris locum non praebet, Tac. an. 13, 35; 3. esp. of a coating of skin, caryotae...crustam nerius quam cutem obducunt, Plin. 13, 47; cinis (fici) cum cera et rosaceo subactis ambustis cicatricem tenuissimam obducit, 23, 124; (samentum) radices e capite qua reuicem est emittit caueque cum accreuerunt cicatricem obducunt, Colum. 3, 18, 6; and met., ne reficiat obductam iam rei publicae cicatricem uidere, Cie. l. agr. 3, 4; ipse labor quasi callum quoddam obducit dolori, Tusc. 2, 361; quorum animis diuturna cogitatio callum uetustatis obduerat, 3, 52; consuetudo diuturna callum iam obduxit stomacho

meo, fam. 9, 2, 3; 4. also of a veil of darkness, conatus est clarissimis rebus tenebras obducere, Cie. acad. pr. 2, 16; omnem quae nunc obducta tuenti Mortalis hebetat uisus tibi...nubem eripiam, Verg. 2, 604; obductis committam mene tenebris? Prop. 4, 15, 5; obducta nocte, ps. Nep. Hann. 5, 2; paulatim tenebris sese obducuntibus, Plin. 11, 143; add Quint. 10, 1, 72; 5. still met., Hector qui haud cessat obsidionem obducere, Enn. ap. Fest. 198 b, 23 M. invest (or besiege) the place; 6. same idea but with acc. of thing covered and often abl. of means, or nom. of same as agent, coat, veil, cloth, cover, hide, obducunt libro aut cortice trunci, Cie. N. D. 2, 120; pluma alias, alias squama uidemus obductas, 2, 121; caput ferali obducto anietur, Lucan. 9, 109; quamuis illis omnia nudus Limosque palus obducit pasena iunco, Verg. B. 1, 48; cortice obducunt betae (semen), Plin. 10, 119; 7. met., as with a veil of darkness, Nox subit atque oculos uastae obducere tenebrae, Lucan. 3, 735; mors non dubia miserum oculos coepit obducere, Petr. 19 f.; 8. or of oblivion, Obducta longo temporum tractu mores, Sen. Oed. 572; 9. of wounds covered with new skin and so healed, as met.: quid me alta silentia cogis Rumpere et obductum uerbis uolgare dolorem? Verg. 10, 63; quid me meminisse malorum Cogis et obductos annis rescindere luctus? Ov. M. 12, 542; 10. of grief clouding the brow, uoltum quem tot amorum continua tristitia, ut semel obducit, tenet, Sen. cons. ad M. 5; but in Quint. 10, 3, 13 frontis adductae, Spald. and Bonnell; 11. draw (a bolt or sliding door) so as to close, shut, close, lanitor...si pulset inanis, Surdus in obductum somniet usque seram, Prop. 5, 5, 48; obductis foribus, Sen. Herc. Oct. 1552; but in Petr. 94 Buecheler has adduxit ostium; 12. with acc. of building closed, the same, multosque obducta per annos Delphica fatidice reserat penetralia Phoebi, Lucan. 5, 69; 13. run (a thing) before (an object so as to cover it), ab utroque latere cello transuersam fossam obducit, Caes. b. g. 2, 8, 3; 14. with acc. of person, lead to or against, uim Gallicam obducere contra in acie(m) exercitum, Att. 3 R; qui sic inopes ab amicis sunt ut mihi uideantur non esse aduocatos Cuium obducere, to bring him into the (election) field against him, Cie. Att. 1, 1, 2; 15. marry (as it were) in addition, ἐπι-γαμεω, cum putat uxori sibi obducere scortum, arg. to Pl. Merc. 6; and prob. in 5, 2, 8 quia scortum sibi...adduxerit in aedis, we shd. read obduxerit (f. has adduxerit); cf. obducto and duco uxorem (domum); 16. (with ob perh. for ab=S. aya and our off) take off at a draught, drink off, cum triginta iussu tyrannorum (Theramenes) uenenum ut sitiens obduxisset, Cie. Tusc. 1, 96; illam potionem publicam mistam (Socrates) obduxit, Sen. prou. 3, 12; 17. spend (time)? Itaque obdixi posterum diem, Cie. Att. 16, 6, 1 if genuine.

ob-ōo, āre, iui or ii, itum, vb. go to, get at, reach, first with material acc., Donec nisi obit quae res dieribet ictu, Lucr. 1, 222; Incolumi remanent res corpore dum satis aere Vis obeat, 1, 247; collapsum poplite ceno Ensis obit, Sil. 4, 344; cum hostes nostri tantum urbis (superfluum putasset) quantum flamma obire non potuisset, Cie. Cat. 3, 35; nostras uillas obire, fam. 7, 1, 5; quas eos cenas et facere et obire scripsit ad me! Att. 16, 13, 6; 2. with abstract acc., go in person to, go and assist at, attend to in person, ita clausa nobis erant uaria omnia ut obire priuatam rem transmarinam neque publicam iam obire possemus, Cie. Man. 53; negotium, 34; facinus, Cat. 1, 26; res suas, Arch. 13; censeo obieris Quinti fratris comitia, Att. 1, 4, 1; qui tantum modo reciperet quantum uideret se obire posse, Q. Cie. pet. cons. 47; cum propter longitudinem agminis minus facile omnia per se obire et quid quoque loco facienda esset prouidere possent... Caes. b. g. 5, 33, 3; consularia munera, Liv. 2, 8, 4; munus uigilantium, 3, 6, 9; sacra, 1, 20, 1; quia obire tot simul bella nequirent, 4, 7, 2; apud milites obuendo (putting himself in the way of, meeting) pericula ea labores pariter... tanta caritate esse ut... 1, 54, 4; quas quidem (legationes) ille diligenter obuendo, fideliter administrando, ps. Nep. Dion 1, 4; 3. in Liv. with ad, periculum esse ne ad omnia simul obire

unus non possit, 10, 25, 14; obire ad omnes hostium conatus, 31, 21, 9; 4. esp. adimonium, make one's appearance in answer to bail, adimonium mihi non obit quidam, Cic. Quint. 54; or attend out of respect when a friend answers to his bail, an si libitus terer obstrictum esse me crederem obeanti adimonium mea? Plin. ep. 8, 12, 3; 5. so with diem, annum etc., make one's appearance on a given day etc., keep an engagement, keep, multi uiri cum rei publicae darent operam annum petitionis suae non obierunt, Cic. fam. 10, 25, 2; obire actionis diem facile poterunt, Att. 13, 14, 1; diem edicti obire negligit, Phil. 3, 20; qui diligenter scumper illud diem et illud munus solutus esses obire, am. 7; Crassum paenitentia uel metu diem caedi destinatum non obisse, Suet. Caes. 9; 6. hence met., diem suum or supremum, appear to the summons of Death, he called to one's last account, die, paulo ante lucem Marcellum diem suum obisse, Sulp. ap. Cic. fam. 4, 12, 2; diem obit supremum, ps. Nep. Milt. 7, 6; Dion 2, 5; 7. with diem alone, ibique diem obit, Suet. Vesp. 1; 8. phrase: mortem obire, go to death, die (cf. mortem oppeto), mortem obisse dicimus ea consuetudine qua dixerunt antiqui, Paul. ex Fest. 147 M; Vbi mortem obit, Pl. Aul. prod. 15; is obit mortem, Ter. Andr. 1, 3, 18; tertio et tricesimo anno mortem obit, Cic. Phil. 5, 48; add 9, 2; also Clu. 48; Suet. Aug. 4; Cl. 46; Tit. 39; 9. also absol., obire die, Ipse Epicurus obit decurso lumine uitae, Lucr. 3, 1042; simul se cum illis obituros, Liv. 5, 19, 13; non ego quem uocas Dilecte Maecenatis obibo, Hor. od. 2, 17; Tecum uiuere amem tecum obeam libens, 3, 9, 24; add s. 2, 8, 59; gaudio obiere, Plin. 7, 180; qui cardiaci morbo obierunt, 11, 187; add Suet. Aug. 63; Cuius obit a. d. . . II Kal. (= II Kal. apr.), CIL 1539b; but in Pl. Epil. 3, 4, 76 abies, not obies; 10. hence of stars etc. (regarded as living creatures), die, be annihilated, Hipparchus notam stellam in aëro suo genitum deprehendit... and soon after: ausus adnumerare stellas ac sidera expangere organis excogitatis perque singularum loca signaret ut facile discerni posset non modo an obirent ac nascerentur sed... Plin. 2, 95; omnia functa Aut mortura nides: obiret noctes disque Astraque, Stat. silv. 2, 1, 209; 11. of stars etc., setting and so seeming to die, In pelago nautis ex undis ortus, in undis Sol fit uti uideatur obire et condere lumen, Lucr. 4, 433; Abditur Orion, obit et Lepus abditus umbræ... obit infera Perseus In loca... Inde obies Capricornus, Cic. Arat. 463; and even in prose, in reliquis orientis aut obientis solis... paribus, rep. 6, 22; 12. met. of cities, perish, interiere Daphnus et Hermetia... obit et Archaeopolis, Plin. 5, 117; et Agamede obit et Hiera, 5, 139; II 13. go over, traverse, eur tantas regiones barbarorum pedibus obicit? Cic. fin. 5, 87; tunc putant obeundam esse maxime prouinciam, Verr. 2, 5, 29; Nec uero Alcides tantum telluris obinit, Verg. 6, 501; Hic ubi Virginea campus obitur aqua, Ov. F. 1, 463; 14. in poets met., run over, cover, Quem (sc. clipeum) pellis totiens obeat circumdata tauri, Verg. 10, 483; Indutus chlamydem Tyriam quam limbus obibat Aureus, Ov. M. 5, 51; ora Pallor obit, 11, 418; 15. obire oculis etc., run over with the eyes, survey, oblique truci procul omnia uisu, Verg. 10, 447; fenuit Xerxen cum immensum exercitum oculis obisset, inlucrinasse, Plin. ep. 2, 7, 13; omnibus membris fractus tantas opes solis oculis obibat, 8, 18, 9; 16. o. oratione, go over in words, run over, enumerate, nolite expectare dum omnes obcam oratione mea ciuitates, Cic. Att. 1, 4, 1.

**Obēsitas**, ātis [obesus] f. fatness, obesity, corpulence, ne eas (sc. naccas) steriles reddat nimia corporis obesitas, Colum. 6, 20, 3; aliquae (arbores) et obesitate laborant, Plin. 17, 219; defractus subulsi obesitate cuiusdam, Suet. Claud. 41; deformis obesitate uentris, Dom. 18.

**Obēso**, āre [id. vb.] f. eaten, made factio triticeo pane obesant aum, Colum. 8, 7, 4.

**Obēsus**, (obessus?) [see below] adj. fat, corpulent, obese, illi (equo) breuis alius obessaque terga (so Wagn. Ribb., but xss Mlt obesa), Verg. G. 3, 80; Tussis anhelata sues ac faucibus angit obesus (so W. R. and xss M. 1 m.), al. obesis), 497; obeso Nil melius turdo, Hor. ep. 1, 15, 40; corporatura

pecoris... non adipibus obesa, Colum. 6, 2, 15; corpus neque gracile neque obestum, Cels. 2, 1, p. 28, l. 24 Dar.; minus sollertes quibus obessissimus nenter, Plin. 11, 200; aper... toris callosae cutis obesus, Apul. M. 8, 4; 2. hence dull, sluggish, naris obesa, Hor. epod. 12, 3; obesis auribus, Calp. ecl. 4, 147; alto mens obesa uiscere, Aus. ep. 7, 20; obeso somno inori (of bees), Sulp. s. 56; 3. of other than animal fat, Sulphure non solum me obesa bitumine (so Munro from xss a) terra est, Lucil. Act. 435; II 4. thin? so Gell. 19, 7, 3 and Non. 30 interpret: corpore pectoreque undique obeso in the Alestis of Laevius (Naevius);

5. peth. from a lost *o*men fat, = *o*menium and *o*manum; for change of *nt* to *ns* and the loss of *n* compensated by a long vowel, cf. *emensus* *dimensus*, *mētor* *mensura*, *It. mensura*.

**ob-iurgo**, (older *obiurgo*; cf. *ingro*) āre, vb. orig. a legal term, accuse unjustly, says Varro l. 7, 5, p. 371 Sp. iurgare esse ab *in*re dictum quom quis inre litigat, a quo obiurgat is qui id facit *in*uste (so B. al. *in*ste); 2. scold, chide, rebuke, nemost. Quid tu igitur rogitas tene obiurgem (so A. and *litschl* now)? Pl. Tr. 1, 2, 32; and so read obiurgem in V. 30, wh. xss var.; Me obiurgauit (so R. ej.) plurimus uerbis malis, Tac. 4, 9, 97; Obiurgare (so *litschl*, xss obiurgare or obiurgat) pater haec noctes et dies, Cic. 1, 1, 46; set tu obiurgans mea peccatis rapis deteriori in uiam, Trin. 3, 2, 54; other instances of the contracted form in Pl. are Cure. 1, 3, 15; Merc. 2, 2, 49 and 50; Trin. 1, 2, 59; Ita plorando orando instando atque obiurgando me optudit, Caecil. 150 R; fuit pertristis quidam patruus, obiurgauit M. Caclium, sicut neminem unquam parens, Cic. Cacl. 25; non dicam plura ne in quo te obiurgem id ipsum uideat imitari, fam. 3, 8, 6; in quo cum obiurgare quod nimio gaudio paene desiperem, 2, 9, 2; Cicero obiurgantibus quod sexagenarius Publiliam uirginem duxisset, casu mulier erit inquit, Quint. 6, 3, 75; 3. with acc. of thing censured, meam uerecundiam, Cic. ad Q. fr. 3, 1, 10; uillarium insaniam, 3, 1, 6; populi senitiam, Quint. 6, 5, 8; petulantiam lineare, Suet. Tit. 61; 4. with dat. of person, obiurgo filium ne teres dicebant, nos autem obiurgo filio, Dion. 1, 305, p. 320 K; 5. of more than verbal punishment, fine, cuff, flog, chastise, punish, non committat ut sesterio solentibus obiurgatus sum, Maecen. ap. Sen. ben. 4, 30, 2; solia puer obiurgabere rubra, Pers. 5, 169; tu seruulum istum uerberibus obiurga, nam ego irascor, Sen. ira 3, 12, 6; sinum et latus (l. dub.) obiurgare, Quint. 10, 3, 21; colaphis obiurgari puerum iussit, Petr. 34; feralis obiurgari, Suet. Cal. 20; ut saepe flagris obiurgaretur a patre, Oth. 2; 6. hence with mixture of met., quod me quodammodo molli brachio de Pompeii familiaritate obiurgas, Cic. Att. 2, 1, 6; II 7. obiurgatus, having chided? as if from obiurgari a depon. vb., Cacl. ap. Cic. fam. 8, 9, 1, if text be sound.

**obliuiscor** (obliscor), i, oblitus [see below], vb. r. forget, first with gen., Dum diutius retinetur, nostri oblitus est, Laber. 62 R; neque unquam obliuiscar noctis illius, Cic. Planc. 61; nun potui magis obliuiscer temporum meorum? fam. 1, 9, 8; oblitum consuetudinis et instituti mei, Att. 4, 18, 1; non nos quidem ut nostrae dignitatis simus oblitus, sed ut... fam. 1, 7, 7; o paterni generis oblite, materni uix memor, Pis. 62; but in Cacl. 50 iniurias, non iniuriarum; si ueteris contumeliae obliuisci uellet, Caes. b. g. 1, 14, 3; ut controuersiis arum ac discensionis obliuiscerentur, 7, 34, 1; heu regni rerumque oblite tuarum, Verg. 4, 267; corda oblitia laborum, o, 225; oblitusne suist Itaque discrimine tanto, 3, 629; oblitumque sui, Sil. 4, 424; oblitus sui Lucieque (of the shades below), Sen. Herc. f. 296; Ambrosios praebent succos, oblita nocendi, Colum. 10, 408; nox oblita diei (of an agate winter), Man. 3, 259; obliuiscendum offensarum de bello arcitibus, Tac. h. 2, 1, 1; omnium iniuriarum, ps. Nep. Eum. 6, 2; oblitus ne sis nostri, non nos; neceter tamen et hoc modo dixerunt, Caper 2239, 19;

2. with acc., Veritus sum arbitros; atque utinam memet possim obliuiscor (so *ms* Leid., al. obliuiscier), Att. 190 R; An ego Vlixem obliuiscar (tristyl.) unquam aut quemquam

nelim? 488; Mea facta (fata miss) in acie obliiti, 12; an haec obliiti sunt Phryges? 665; cultum obliiti's, Caec. 61; o die mihi (mones) an obliita obscuro es eius (mones.) crebras mansiones Ad amicum? Turp. 171; iniurias tuas, Cic. Acad. 50; et artificum obliuiscatur et studium deponat liebit, Rose. Ann. 49; subito totam causam obliuiscit, Brut. 217; Pomace degerant sucos obliita priores, Verg. G. 2, 50; 3. with inf. or acc. and inf., pone est obliita pharetram Tollere cum telis, Ov. M. 2, 439; obliuiscor Roscium et Clunium uiros esse primarios, Cic. Rose. com. 50; 4. with indir. interr., etiam in scriptis obliuiscatur quid paulo ante posuisset, Cic. Brut. 218; Quid decessit, quid non, obliiti, Hor. ep. 1, 6, 62; 5. as a pass. pers., obliuiscenda familiae obliuiscuntur, Paul. dig. 23, 3, 60, 6; 6. and in part. even in good writers, obliuiscit, forgotten, obliuiscendus, to be forgotten, Mulieris mores discendi, obliuiscendi (pron. obliuiscendi) stratitici, Pl. Mil. 4, 8, 49; nunc obliita mihi tot carmina, Verg. B. 9, 53; obliuiscuntur et illis, Hor. ep. 1, 11, 9; obliiti fragor aeris, Val. F. 2, 388; obliitos dolores, 1, 702; 7. for shortened pron. of obliuiscor, see Att. in 2, 2, Pl. 6; Ph. Quor ego te non noui? St. Quia iam mos est obliuiscit (pron. obliuiscit) hominibus, Pl. Capt. 5, 3, 8; cf. also obliuiscor for obliuiscit, and Kitchell proleg. 152; 8. for qty. of lin. cf. obliuio; 9. obliuiscor for obliuiscor, I smear myself over and so blot out the records of memory; for obliu- cf. obliu- and αλεφω-; root syll. ōl, smear with grease, see lino, oleum etc.; for crasis of iui cf. diuitias pron. ditias.

**obsēs** (opes), sdis [ob (see ob) + s + dē of sideo, sideo] adj. as sb. m. f. lit. detained as a security—hence hostage, Cretensibus obsides imperauit, Cic. Man. 35; add Verg. 2, 3, 124; sit obsides ab his sibi dentur uti ea quae pollicentur facturos intellegat, Caes. b. c. 1, 11, 6; add 6, 2, 2; Demetrio Seleni filio qui datus obses a patre erat, Gran. Lie. 14, 15 b; obsides ea ita futura daret quoniam, Liv. 34, 35, 11; nec obsides pignus futuros aere fraude agendae rei posceret, 43, 40, 3; Me tamen accepta poterat deponere bellum Obside, Ov. M. 8, 47; 2. met., habemus a Caesare sententiam tanquam obsidem perpetuae in rem publicam uoluntatis, Cic. Cat. 4, 9; habet a M. Caesio res publica duas accusationes nec obsides periculi nec pignora uoluntatis, Cael. 78; obsidem se (se. senatum) animum eius habere etsi corpus patri reddiderit, Liv. 39, 47, 10; Qui mihi coniugii sponsor et obsēs erat, Ov. her. 2, 34; add Quint. 12, 7, 3.

**ob-sideo** (ops), ēre, no perf. or sup. [sideo] vb. remain seated before, set before, illos seclastos. (Vt ulciscare) nosque ut hanc tua pace aram opsidero (sinas), Pl. Rud. 3, 3, 36; 2. sit in the presence of others standing, Serui ne obsiderant liberis ut sit locus, Pl. Poen. prol. 23;

3. sit, to the hindrance of others, preoccupy, occupy as first possessors, occupy and so close a passage, cum omnes aditus armati obsiderent, Cic. Phil. 2, 89; corporibus omnibus obsidebat locus, ita nullum inane esse potest, N. D. 1, 65; ubi inanimatus hostem uias obsidere, Caes. b. g. 3, 23, 7; loca praesidiis regis obsideri, Liv. 44, 35, 11; ultra obsideret aequor, Sil. 1, 200; sed dura in limine coniunx Obsidet, Val. F. 2, 238; and met., ira...feras quidem mentes obsidet, eruditae praeterlabitur, Petr. 99;

4. esp. sit before (a town as a besieger), besiege, beset, propius inopiam erant obsidentes quam obsessi, Liv. 25, 11, 11; locorum angustiis clausi ab hostibus obsidebantur, ps. Nep. Epam. 7, 1; nunc eodem modo undique obsidebatur, Hann. 12, 4; 5. met., cum speculator atque obsidet rostra nixem temeritatis curia, Cic. Flac. 57; non Tutiliam quam ego ipse inuoco quod meae aures ab tete (s. L. Müller r. m. 439, m-s ab tē) obsiderat, Varr. s. p. 148, 7, R; quum obsideri aures a fratre cerneret, Liv. 40, 20, 5; 6. sit and wait for, or lie in wait for, nunc nero domi Certum obsidere est usque donec redderet, Ter. Ad. 4, 6, 6; 7. obsessi and obsessum belong to obsido, wh. see.

**ob-sido**, ēre, sdi, sessum, vb. take one's seat before, sit down before, esp. in milit. lang. in order to besiege, invest, beset, Troicae obsidens longinqua moenia bello,

Catul. 45, 2; Curio obsidente Vticam et uallo circummmine instituit, Caes. b. c. 2, 36, 1; Carthagine ex templo Scipionem obsessurum, Liv. 30, 7, 4; and obsessus in: propius inopiam erant obsidentes quam obsessi, 25, 11, 11; Marini proficiscitur in loca sola obsessum turrim regiam, Sal. Jug. 103, 1; Interea nigilum excubitis obsidere portas Cura datur Messapo et moenia cingere flammis, Verg. 9, 160; 2. take possession of or seize to the exclusion of others, take firm possession of and so obstruct, block up, Ne auriculum obsidet caries, ne nemiculique, Lucil. ap. Non. 21, v. caries; aer Crassior insequitur qui cuncta foramina complet, obsidetur uias oculorum, Luer. 4, 351; certas possunt obsidere partis, 4, 1092; ut totam Italiam suis praesidiis obsidere atque occupare cogitet, cognosce, Cic. agr. 2, 75; non conubiis ambire Latium Aeneidae possint Italoe ne obsid-re lictis, Verg. 7, 334; Et Sullenius obsedit milite campum finibus Idomeus, 3, 400; Obseditque frequens castrorum limina bubo, Sil. 8, 630; sin totum id (sc. inguen) ramex obsederit..., Cels. 7, 22; 3. and met., id autem tum ualet, cum is qui audit ab oratore iam obsessus est ac tenetur, Cic. orat. 210; dictaturam quae iam uim regiae potestatis obsederat funditus ex re publica sustulit, Phil. 1, 3; 4. see ob-sido.

**obsōle-ficio**, ēre, feci, factus [obsoleo-e], vb. make dirty on the surface, sully, discredit or make obsolete, ne illam uis temporis obsolefaceret, Arnob. 5, p. 160; see also

**obsōle-fio**, fieri, factus, vb. be made dirty on the surface, be sullied or defiled, rui non opere nec fistula nec ullo coacto itinere obsolefacti, sed sponte currentes, Sen. cp. 90, 43; and met., candidam togam turpitudinis maculis obsolefactam, Val. M. 4, 5, 1; 2. met., nec habet (eius auctoritas) apud eos satis ponderis quos posset minus obsolefacta corrigere, Sen. ep. 29, 3; admonet praetores ne patereutur nomen suum commissionibus obsolefieri, Suet. Aug. 89; in homine turpissimo\* obsolefiebant dignitatis insignia, Cic. Phil. 2, 103.

**ob-sōlesco**, ēre, sōlui, -sōlētus [see below] vb. become dirty on the surface, Aream quisquis mediocriterum Dilige titus carit ob-sōlet Sordibus\* tecti, Hor. od. 2, 10, 6; erat ueste obsoleta capillique et barba promissa, Liv. 27, 34, 5; uestitu humili atque obsoleto, ps. Nep. Ages. 8, 2; caede perspersam uiri Atque obsoleto sanguine hunc dextram abine, Sen. Ag. 1035; obsoletus (i.e. cum obsoleta ueste) Thessalonica noctu neniit, Cic. Phil. 89; see obsoleo; 2. met., O nec paternis obsoleta sordibus\*, Nepes... Hor. epod. 17, 46; 3. hence met., get sullied, tarnished or dull, lose lustre, get into discredit, be defiled, M. Catonis splendorent maculare uoluerunt ignari quid uirtus ualeret, quae luceat in tenebris...splendescit per se semper neque alienis unquam sordibus\* obsolescit, Cic. Sext. 60; solum hoc in re publica uicetial esse quod in pace nitetur, in bello non obsolescat, agr. 1, 24; antiquum officii rationem dilexit cuius splendor omnis his moribus (sc. parsimonia) obsoleuit, Quint. 59; Quare mihi uidentur postea cetera studia...concelebrata ab optimis entiusset, hoc uero a plerisque eorum desertum obsoleuisse, Inu. 1, 4; ferentes in bellum alii maiorum suorum antiquam et obsoletam gloriam alii uirtutem (al. nitentem) recentibus experimentis uirtutis florem, Iust. 30, 4, 15; uirtutis aliquis in bello se obsoleuit in pace, Plin. pan. 4; Dolabellae abuit triumphalia, Sciano tribuens ne Blaesi annuelli eius laus obsoleceret; sed neque Blaesi inde industrii et huic negatus honor gloriam intendit, Tac. an. 4, 26; ut gladius uis splendescit situ roginat, ita uox...duntino tempore hebetatur. Tragœdi adeo in quotidie proclamat claritudo arteris obsoleuit, Apul. flor. 17, 2, p. 79 Hildeb.; 4. esp. of words etc. that grow out of use, become obsolete, be forgotten, his (uerbis) oportet si possis non uti, i.e. enim obsolescent, Varr. l. 9, 10; dum me ambitio tenebat, hanc (the writings of Plato etc.) inclusa habebam et ne obsolescerent renouabam (rubbed them up) cum liebat legendo, Cic. acul. post. 11; obsoleuit iam ista oratio, re natis quam uerbis refutata, Mau. 52; chartae quoque quae illam pristinam seueritatem continebant obso-

leuerunt, Cael. 40; add. inu. 1, 39; uerteret ne haec forte cupiam nimis antiqua et iam obsoleta uideantur, Verr. 2, 1, 56; studiis militariis apud iuuentutem obsoletis, Font. 42 (32). 5. *obsoleo* implies a vb. -*soleo* - become dirty, from *solum* the ground, the chief source of dirt, cf. our soil sb. and vb., *sollage*, *s(ol)ush*, Fr. *souillir* whence our *sully*, also *sale* adj.; 6. *sol* of *obsoleo* also = *sord* of *sordes*, *obsolesco* wh. see; note also the use with *sordes* and *turpis* in the pass. marked \* here and under *obsoleo* and with words of brightness marked † and for letter-change cf. *molere* *mordere* and *alere* *aidum*.

*obsoletus*, āre [*obsoleto*], vb. make dirty, sully, defile, maiestatis uestigia, Tert. apol. 15; uestitum nuptialem, Gnost. 6 med.

*obsoletus*, part. of *obsoleo*, as adj. coated with dirt, dirty, esp. of dress under grief, shabby, see *obsolesco* § 1; uestitum obsoletere corpore inculato et horrido, Cic. agr. 2, 13; qui exquias ueniant circumstante omnes tristissimos et obsoletissimos (al. obsoletissimos) uestitum, Apul. flor. 19; o. uasculum, Prud. *stroph.* pr. 26; 2. out of use, forgotten, obsolete, in propriis ut uerbis illa laus oratoris ut abiecta atque obsoleta ingrat, Cic. or. 3, 150; see *obsolesco*, § 4;

3. out of use in the great world, old-fashioned, 4. out of credit, thought little of, despised, vulgar, ne si paulo obsoleto fuerit oratio, non digna silentio fuisse uidetur, Cic. or. 3, 33; populo Romano usitata ac prope iam obsoleta ex victoria gaudia esse, Liv. 30, 42, 17; malitiosum? non negas; audacem? cupidum? perdidicimus? uulgaria et obsoleta sunt, Cic. Quint. 56; ut populi nostri honores quondam fuerunt rari et tenues, ob eamque causam gloriosi, nunc autem effusi atque obsoleti, sic olim apud Athenienses fuisse reperimus, ps. Nep. Milt. 6, 2; 4. of colour, dirty, dull, dingy, dark, cicera colore tantum discernitur (a cicercula), nam est obsoletior et nigro propior, Colum. 2, 10 (11), 35; Graeca (salix) flauis coloris est, Gallia obsoleti purpurei; 5. adv. obsoletius more dirty or shabbily, ut cum cuius opera ipse multos annos esset in sordibus\*, paulo tamen obsoletius uestitum uideret, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 152.

*ob-sorbeo*, (ops), ui, ūre, [ob = *επι*; cf. *επιρροή*] vb. lit. suck aft, i.e. to the back of the mouth so as not to linger in the mouth etc.; hence gulp down, P. Neque tu bibisti? L. Di me perdat si bibi, Si bibere potui, P. Quid iam? L. Quia enim obsorui, Nam nimis calcat, amburebat gutturem, Pl. Mil. 3, 2, 21; P. Viu aquam? C. Si frustulenta, da opscro hercle, op-orbeam, Cur. 2, 3, 34; lores Quae obsorbet quicquid uenit intra pessulos, Truc. 2, 3, 30; ut decies solidum obsorberet (al. abs. and so Maer. s. 3, 17, 17, al. 2, 13, 17 speaks of the same with absorbuit; unicum dissolutum absorbuit; al. ex-orbebat) aceto Diluit insignem bacam, Hor. s. 2, 3, 240; tota semel obsorbere (al. abs.) placentas, 2, S, 24; uris homines non plane comendendi sed obsorbendi obiectabantur, Laet. mort. pers. 21.

*ob-sord-es-co*, ūre, sordui, vb. [= *ob-sol-es-co* wh. see] become dirty on the surface, get coated with dirt, Ne coma fusa humeris fumo obsordescat amaro, Prud. apoth. 214; 2. met. get covered with the dust of oblivion, Obsoruid iam haec in me aerumna miseria, Caecil. ap. Non. 147 who adds = *obsoleuit*.

*ob-timeo*, (opt), ēre, ui, tentum, vb. [teneo] hold in the presence (of an enemy), hold firmly (against others), maintain, keep possession of, cum tu Hispaniam ceteriorum meo imperio obtineres, Cic. fam. 1, 9, 13; Sardiniam obtinebat M. Cotta, Siciliam M. Cato, Caes. b. c. 1, 30, 2; collaudauit milites quod duabus tantis deinceps cladibus ietu prouinciam obtinuisset, Liv. 26, 20, 1; quarta aestas obtinendis quae perocuerant insumpta, Tac. Agr. 23; 2. with abstract acc. maintain, keep up, hold, defend, Antiquamque adeo tuam uenustatem obtines, Ter. He. 5, 4, 18; pol Crito antiquum obtines, Andr. 4, 5, 22; eandem illam rationem antiquam obtine, And. 3, 2, 26; suam auctoritatem, Cic. Rose. Am. 139; regnum in Sequanis optinuerat, Caes. b. g. 1, 3, 4; principatum in ciuitate optinebat, 1, 3, 5; quod ipse suae ciuitatis imperium

optenturus esset, 1, 3, 6; maestum aliquando silentium, Liv. 1, 16, 2; necessitudinem, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 12; legationis principem locum optinebat, Caes. b. g. 1, 7, 3; ut iam procerbi locum optineret (maintained its ground as a pr.), Cic. Tusc. 4, 36; ad obtinendum mendacii m., Quint. 75; 3. and with abstr. or inanim. nom. ibi caedes omnia obtinuit, Liv. 5, 49, 6; noctem insequentem eadem caligo obtinuit, 29, 27, 7; platanus agros longis obtinens umbris, Plin. 12, 9; 4. esp. with words of right, uili nostrum ius contra illos obtinueramus, Cic. Quint. 34; illa lex quae in Graecorum consuetudine obtinuit, Tusc. 5, 118; non tribunus ultra, non castorum praefectus ius obtinuit, Tac. an. 1, 32; 5. hence of suits, defend successfully, gain, ut totam litem aut obtineamus aut amittamus, Cic. Rose. com. 10; id unum ad obtinendas causas potest plurimum, orat. 68; malas causas semper obtinuit, in optima cecidit, Att. 7, 25; in senatu causam obtinuit, Liv. 8, 21, 10; 6. and beyond legal sphere or met., gain, succeed in, carry (a point), eo tu consule omnia quae uoles obtinebis, Cic. fam. 1, 8, 5; his obtinuit ut praefereatur candidato quem Africanus ducebat, Liv. 35, 10, 9; 7. hence obtain (a request) with ab and abl., a tribuno plebis obtinuit ne reus fieret, Suet. Caes. 23; ut aegre sit ab eo obtinuit ut uellet uiuere, Iust. 12, 8, 6; 8. maintain successfully in argument, succeed in proving, possumus hoc teste, possumus magistrorum litteris quod dicimus obtinere, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 168; tres partes philosophiae congruere inter se primus obtinuit, Apul. dogm. Pl. 4 f.; 9. absol. carry a point, (Curio) de intercalando non obtinuerat, Cacl. ap. Cic. fam. 8, 6, 5; 10. with abstr. nom., maintain its ground, obtain, Cassius in infuitum omnes parentes dicit, quod merito obtinuit, Ulp. dig. 2, 4, 4; consuetudinem quae retro obtinuit, 1, 16, 7; 11. or impers. the proposition maintains its ground, non ipsos quoque fuisse obtinuit (obtinuit?) quod Parilibus potissimum condidere urbem, Varr. r. 2, 1, 9; hodie obtinuit indifferenter quastiones creari tam patricios quam plebeios, Ulp. dig. 1, 13, 1; antea obtinebat regna fortunam dono dare, or. ad Caes. de rep. ord. 1; note that in Ulpian and late writers obtinuit suyersedes obtinet of the older lang.; 12. the form optineo seems preferred by Caes., (see above) and in the Pandects; add: ut cum dico obtinuit, secundum enim b litteram ratio poscit, aures magis audiunt p., Quint. 1, 7, 7.

*oc-cāno*, ēre, ui, vb. [ob, can-] sound (a horn etc.) after, iussu Metelli cornicines oceanare, Sal. hist. 1 ap. Piom. 374, 1 K; Prisc. 569, 6; but quoted as *cornua oceanauerunt* by Serv. ad Verg. G. 2, 384; oceanare cornua tubasque... iussit, Tac. an. 2, 81.

*occidō*, ōnis (for qty. of i before d, cf. occidit and excidium) [occid-, erude form of occido] f. utter extinction, extirpation, ad pices uersi ne in occidione uictoriam poneret, Liv. 3, 28, 9; occidioni exempti sunt, Tac. an. 12, 56 f.; add 13, 57; nec ad occidendum uniuersum genus perducit patimur, Colum. 4, 17, 3; differens occidionem gregis, 7, 5, 16; add 9, 15, 3; 2. esp. with occidere (cadere), magnum eorum equitatum occidione occidit, Cic. fam. 15, 4, 7; add Phil. 14, 36; duo praesidia occidione occisa, Liv. 4, 58, 9; add 3, 10, 11; 9, 38, 3; 28, 43, 10; 30, 32, 6; occidione occidisse, Iust. 2, 14, 8; add 26, 2, 5; 28, 2, 1.

*occidim*, ūi [id.], same, rura luda solis Haeret et occidim sentit iam iamque futurum, Prud. apoth. 695.

1 *occido*, ēre, cidi, cīsum [ob down, caedo] vb. cut down, slay, kill, si nox furtum fassit, si in occisit, iure caesus esto, XII tab. 8, 11 Schoell; Summus ibi capitur medix, occidit alter, Eun. an. 296 V; Marsus hostem occidit, Cato orig. 12, 3 f; multi alteri alteros in castris occidere, 17, 3; Verginius uirginem filiam sua manu occidit, Cic. fin. 2, 66; add Rose. Am. 100; ipse fortissime pugnas occidit, Caes. b. g. 5, 37, 3; qui occisurus fratrem fuit, Liv. 40, 10, 2; 2. with a pl. acc. cut to pieces, extirpate, kill all, qui stirpem occidit mure, Pacuv. 421 R; eopias hostium profligari occidit, Cic. Phil. 14, 37; and of course with ad aum, hos consul ad unum omnes occidit, Liv. 3, 23, 5—see occidit;

3. met. or with exagg., murder, kill, Occidis me quom

istue rogatas, Pl. Ps. 4, 1, 23; occidis fabulans, Men. 5, 5, 23; Ctesipho me pugnis miserum et istam psalterium Vsque occidit, Ter. Ad. 4, 2, 20; Geta occidisti me tuis fallacis, Ph. 4, 3, 67; occidis saepe rogando, Hor. epod. 14, 3; tenet occiditque legendo, A. P. 475; 4. note occidit in § 1 for occidit, afterwards occidit; 5. occidit, killed; and met., Occidit haec res nisi repperio atrocem mihi aliquid assutiam, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 7; and even in superl., Occisissimus sum omnium hominum qui uiuunt, Cas. 3, 5, 53.

2. occido, cre, cidi, casum (cassum) [ob for ab=S. a. va. down]; cido vb. be cut down, be felled, fall (by the sword etc.), be killed, occiditque sinas cum nomine Troia, Verg. 12, 288; Hos pestis nocuit, pars occidit illa duellis, Enn. an. 549 V; Quod nisi quicquid Menelae hae dextra occides, poet. ap. Sen. ep. So. 8; illos neore qui in bello occiderunt, Cic. fam. 9, 5, 2; prociatantem cum ad Syracusas occidisse, diu. 1, 53; uel ostentando uirtutem uel hostium saeculita facile eum occiderunt, Sal. lug. 7, 2; Occidit ferro Priamus? Verg. 2, 581; add 12, 660; Occidit a forti, sic uos uoluitis, Achille, Ov. M. 13, 597; 2. fall down or set, as the sun etc., interea fax Occidit oceanumque rubra tractum obruit aethra, Enn. an. 418 V; occidente sole, Pacuv. ap. Cic. diu. 1, 24; and Cic. Tusc. 1, 94; Soles occidere et redire possunt; Nobis cum semel occidit breuis lux, Nox est perpetua una dormienda, Catul. 5, 4; xvi kal. Feb. Leo mane incipit occidere, and xi kal. Feb. fiducula occidit, Colum. 11, 2, 4; 3. hence become extinguished, go out, of lights, lucernis occidentibus oleum infuderat, Petr. 22 f.; At si tantula pars oculi media illa peresa est, Occidit exemplo lumen tenebraeque secuntur, Lucr. 3, 414; 4. met. from setting of sun, or extinguished light, Occidit spes nostra, Pl. Most. 2, 1, 3; Indidemque eandem quae oriuntur de integro caecae eodem occidit, Pacuv. 92 R; occidit, occidit Spes omnis, Hor. od. 4, 4, 70; ut ne morte patris familias sacrorum memoria occideret, Cic. leg. 2, 48; quarum rerum memoria si una cum illi occidisset..., am. 104; 5. esp. of death, C. Vitis C. f. leto occidit, CIL 1273; Pollicita pueri uirtus indigne occidit, CIL 1422; 6. and get, come to an end, perish, fall, ut nulla nisi tantos queat motus moliri... ut hic ornatus (sc. mundi) unquam dilapsus occidat, Cic. acad. pr. 119; sin plane occidimus, ego omnibus meis exitio fuero, Q. fr. 1, 4, 4; add fam. 4, 3, 2; Ml. 100; occidit quod cum illo simul iusta regna occiderunt, Liv. 1, 48, 8; 7. occidi, as an exclamation, I'm a dead man, Nulla sum, nulla sum! tota, tota occidi, Pl. Cas. 3, 5, 1; sed eum nideo ipsum, occidi, Ter. Andr. 3, 4, 26; add Eun. 2, 3, 1; 4, 4, 33; 5, 1, 11; Haut. 5, 1, 35; 8. occasus, as from a trans. vb., sol occasus (sun-set) suprema tempestas est, xii tab. 1, 9 Schoell; nam ni ante solem occasum eas exploraueris, Meum domum ne inhabitas, Pl. Epid. 1, 2, 41; sol occaso, Claud. Q. ap. Gell. 17, 2, 10; and Lucil. ap. Prisc. 369 P, 484, 13 K; post solem occasum, Gell. 3, 2, 3; add Prisc. 566, 20 K; 9. occidens as sb. m. (sc. sol) the west, ab oriente ad occidentem, Cic. N. D. 2, 164; Vel occidentis usque ad ultimum sinum, Hor. epod. 1, 13.

occillator, ōris, m. [occillo] a harrower.

occillo, are, vb. doct. dim. [occo] harrow in a slight manner, βάλλοστροφον ocillo pastoris; hinc occillator βάλλοστροφον, Gloss. ap. Taubm.; 2. met., Aliquem hominem allegit qui iulii adnecitioris ocillet probe, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 28; cf. Numqui (ss. numqui) hic restitit (ss. resistit) qui nouum libas lerarit mihi? Pomp. 158 R.

occipit-ium, ii, [occipit] n. dim. (in form), back of the head, quae in occipito quoque habet oculos pessuma, Pl. Aul. 1, 1, 25; dolor circa tempora non occipitium, Cels. 4, 2; nox earum (sc. locustarum) proficiat ab occipito uidetur, Plin. 11, 107; 2. =the back, simul uidit occipitium uindictatoris, Varr. r. 1, 8, 6; ne post occipitium exercitus relinquere (relinqueret)? Varr. uil. pop. Rom. ap. Non. 245 v. anceps; fronte et occipito conuassata, Apul. mag. 43 f.; 3. prov. frons occipito prior est, when the cat's away, the mice play, Cato r. 4; so Plin.

18, 31 quoting him: frontem domini plus prodesse quam occipitium.

occipūt, itis, [ob aft, caput—so ερι in ερι-ερις the cerebellum, ερι-ερις, membrane of the cerebellum, or perh. rather the occiput] n. lit. the aft-head, i.e. the back of the head or skull, quos nuere fas est Occipiti caeco (not using their eyes), Pers. 1, 62.

occisio, ōnis, f. [occido] killing, tu nim negabis factam si caedes et occisio facta non erit, Cic. Caec. 41; eiusque copias occisione (so mss a 1, al. occisione) occiderit, Phil. 14, 36; Fabii ad unum occisione perierunt, Aur. V. 14.

oc-cūlo, cre, ni, occultus or occultus [ob+c-olo] vb. lit. plough over;—hence cover with earth, bury, circum sese urant ad pedes, terra oc-culit caput, Enn. tr. 141 V; quae-cumque pienes uingula per agros Spargit fimo pingui et multa memor oc-cule terra, Verg. G. 2, 347; 2. hide,

Vetulae edentulae quae uitia corporis fūco occultant, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 118; (feminae) ceteris in uribus 'parietum umbris occultantur', Cic. Tusc. 2, 36 quoting an old poet; Appii uulnera non refrice sed apparent nec oculi possunt, Att. 5, 15, 2; interitinae argumentorum ocellas, orat. lib. 2 (§ 177) ap. Non. 148, for whom oculo was obsolete; hastatos anfractus uiuorum uallesque interiectae occultabant, Liv. 33, 1, 4; Classen in conuexo memorum sub rupe caenata...Occulit, Verg. 1, 310; Siluagae montanas occultare apta feras, Ov. F. 2, 216; nubibus aera caecae Occuluit, M. 14, 817; me duplices occultare fores, am. 1, 8, 22; add Tib. 1, 2, 39; Sen. Phaedr. 883; quorum neutrum affirmaturum neque tamen occultare debui, Tac. an. 3, 16; ipsis ea (sc. uitia) qui sanandi sunt occultentibus, Quint. 12, 8, 10; add Suet. Aug. 27 and 79; add Cal. 45; II 3. occultus or occultus, part. adij. hidden, secret, malum, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 39; res, off. 1, 13; periculum, Sal. Cat. 23, 4; calles, Verg. 9, 383; notas, Ov. a. a. 3, 630; aeuo, Hor. od. 1, 12, 45; occultiores insidiae, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 39; occultior atque tectior cupiditas, Rose. Am. 104; res occultissimas, acad. pr. 62; 4. of character, close, reserved, sly, sin autem me astutum et occultum lubet fingere, Cic. fam. 3, 10, 8; ab occultis cauendum hominibus, Liv. 25, 16, 4; 5. occultus as sb. n. pl., secret doings or places, secret things or secrets, quibus (sc. seruus) occulta credantur, Cic. Caec. 57; ut occulta saltum scrutarentur, Tac. an. 1, 61; qui occultis coniurationibus retexisset, 15, 74; 6. also n. sing. with prep., sacra in (o)cculto ne quisquam fecisse uellet, CIL 196, 15—in a secret place, secretly; Intus in occulto mussabant, Enn. an. 185 V; Quasi quom caletur occulte in occulto latent, Pl. Capt. 1, 1, 12; Nihil ego in occulto (so mss C and Fleck.; al. occulto) agere soleo; meus ut animus eloquar, Trin. 3, 2, 86; quod cum in occulto uitauerat, Cato orig. 10, 1 f. d.; sineretur fata in occulto esse, Liv. 2, 22, 9; add Tac. an. 3, 18 f.; Vi tu illos procul hinc ex occulto caedentes, Ter. Eun. 4, 7, 17; cum ex occulto interuenissent, Cic. Cacl. 47; priuigium cum per occultum (ly secret means) subuertisset, Tac. an. 1, 71 f.; delationes exercebant alii propalam, multi per occultum, 6, 7; add 5, 4; 7. for the shorts in Pl. Trin. and S. C. Bac. cf. corruptus, Lucr. 6, 1135; 8. occulte, adv. secretly, Hec est illud quod fore occulte Oeax praedixit, Pacuv. 138 R; Neque id occulte fert, Ter. Ad. 3, 2, 30; quae res aperte petebatur ea nunc occulte cunilulis opugnatur, Cic. agr. 1, 1; add Caes. b. c. 1, 66; b. g. 7, 83; occultus, Sal. Cat. 17, 5; occultissime, Caes. b. c. 3, 67.

occūpo, are [see below]. vb. seize in the presence of (an enemy or rival, cf. obtineo), seize by rapid movement, be the first to seize,—hence often acc. with ante, prior, etc. as marked \*—Tr. Ego interim aram hanc occupabo, Th. Quid ita? Tr. Nullam rem sapis; Ne enim illi huc confugere possint quaestioni quibus dabit, Pl. Most. 5, 1, 43; Pisanorum Fanum, Anconum singulis cohortibus occupat, Caes. b. c. 1, 11, 4; 2. esp. seize what is without an owner, quod nullus est id ratione naturali occupanti conceditur, Gai. dig. 41, 1, 3; add ib. § 2; 41, 1, 5 § 4 and § 5; uerius esse uidetur si rem pro derelicto a domino habitam occupauerit quis statim cum dominum effici, Iust. 2, 2, 47; 3. seize

by force (without any title), squat (upon land), neque quis in eo agro agrum occupatum habet, *CIL* 200, 25; (cepi id) sacerdotium...eo mortuo (qui id per ciuiles dissensio) (ues) occupauerat, *mon. Anc.* 2, 26; Sicilian et Sardiniam occupatibus bello seruili recuperari, *ib.* 5, 34; ea est causa ut...forma urbis sit occupatae magis quam diuinae similis, *Liv.* 5, 55, 5; 4. seize (A) before (he can seize you or get away, etc.), be beforehand with, strike first, anticipate, Qui te nisi illum tu occupas luto dabit, *Plac.* 148 R; Lyncea tendentem contra...Vibranti gladio conixus ab aggre dexter Occupat, *Verg.* 9, 768; Hebrum Sternit humi cum quo Latagum Palmumque fugacem, *Sed Latagum saxo...* Occupat, *10, 699*; Phoenicias sine illi tela parabant Sive fugam...Occupat, lios morsu, longis amplexibus illos, *Ov.* M. 3, 48; 5. met. first, get hold of before another, anticipate in seizing, first with acc. of person, occupauit te Fortuna atque cepi omnisque additis tuos intercelo, *Cic. Tusc.* 5, 27; Caluus comosa fronte nudo corpore; Quem si occupatis teneas, elapsum semel non ipse possit luppiter reprehendere, *Phaedr.* 5, 8 (9); 3; Volteium mane Phibippus Occupat et saluere iubet prior\*, *Hor.* ep. 1, 7, 66; 6. with acc. of thing, Ni occupo aliquid mihi consilium, hi domum me ad se auferunt, *Pl.* Men. 5, 2, 94; ut ante\* occupet quod nideat opponi, *Cic. orat.* 138; quum qui prior\* auctor tam saeu exempli foret occupatus insignem titulum crudelitatis fuerit, *Liv.* 4, 29, 6; in medio est scelus Positum occupanti, *Sen. Thy.* 204; add *Ag.* 194; *Herc. Oet.* 438; 7. engage in words beforehand, secure before (others), iam hercle ego per hortum ad amicum transibo neam Mihi hanc occupatum noctem, *Pl.* St. 3, 1, 34; 8. often with inf., be the first (to), noctu sacrificatum ire occupant Prius\* quam Venus experigetur, *Pl.* Poen. 1, 2, 107; quod illos dicimus noluisse facere, id nos priores\* facere occupabimus? *Cato orig.* p. 24, 2 I; auferre ab regina occupa Puernum, *Att.* 694 R; impetum occupemus facere, 380; occupant bellum facere, *Liv.* 1, 14, 4; transire, 1, 30, 8; suum munus facere, 2, 18, 2; Padum traicere, 21, 39, 10; rapere (oscula), *Hor.* od. 2, 12, 28; 9. in other constr., as with ut, Quoniam occupat alter ut prius\* foret, Ne solus esset studii, quod superfluit, *Phaedr.* 2 epil. 5, and absol. (dicere understood) hic instat Tydens memor occupat irae: Me potius... *Stat.* Th. 7, 538; 10. met. of the mind, affections, preconcept, pre-engage, engross the attention to the exclusion of other matter, Da in hunc diem operam Callipho quaeso mihi Ne quo te ad aliud occupas negotium, *Pl.* Ps. 1, 5, 134; Qui illum di omnes perdidit qui primus commentus malus (om. *uss.* Ritschl male) Contionem habere qui (so *Scutar.*, B hac re qui) homines occupatos occupat, *Men.* 3, 1, 7; Ita populus studio stupidus in funambulo Animum occupat, *Ter. Hec.* prol. 5; nult magnitudine rei sic occupare animos eorum qui audiunt ut difficultas aditus ueritatis relinquat, *Cic. Font.* 20 f.; add *Q. fr.* 1, 1, 38; *Verr.* 2, 5, 113; tantus subito timor omnem exercitum occupauit ut..., *Caes. b. g.* 1, 39, 1; paucor fugae occupauerat animos, *Liv.* 5, 38, 5; 11. other met., He incredible rerum fama occupat anis, *Verg.* 3, 294; pallor simul occupat ora, 4, 499; subitus tremor occupat artus, 7, 446; Effice ne macies pallentes occupet artus, *Tib.* 4, 4, 5; 12. give full employment to, be enough for, milli sextarii quattuor totidemque panici bubulcorum operas occupant quattuor, *Colum.* 2, 12 (13), 4; legumina occupant operas ix, *ib.* 9; ingerum quinquie modii occupant, 2, 9, 15; add 2, 10, 16; 2, 10, 33 (2, 11, 10); 13. o. pecuniam, engage one's money so that it is not available for other things, invest, lock up, Atque id non decem occupatum tibi erit argentum dies, *Pl.* Epid. 2, 2, 113; pecuniam adolescentulo grandi fenore occupantisti, *Cic. Flac.* 51; pecunias occupat apud populos et syngraphas fecerat, *Verr.* 2, 1, 91; neue negotietur sibi pecuniamque domini aut animalibus aut rebus aliis promeracibus occupet, *Colum.* 1, 8, 13; add 11, 1, 24; 14. so with tempus, operam, engage, occupy, neque enim occupata opera res tanta suscipi potest, *leg.* 1, 8; 15. esp. in the pass. be engaged, occupied, engrossed, with in, in sufficiens collega occupatus, *Cic. Mur.* 85; in quo animum debeat habere

occupatum, *inn.* 1, 31; add *Font.* 46 (36); 16. occupation, *Cic. Att.* 10, 6; *Caes. ap. Cic. fam.* 8, 4, 3; occupatissimus, *Cic. Att.* 12, 38, 1; 17. note the form occupa- in § 3; 18. occupo seems to have superseded a form occupor, and that to imply a noun occupis occupis; cf. aucupo, for aucupor, act as an aucups, from aucups; cf. iudicio, indicio, iudicio from iudex etc.; thus occupis might have been a name for troops specially trained for rapid movement, and occupari to act as such.

ocior, adj. comp. [see below] quicker, cursus ad uictorem oior fuit, *Liv.* 7, 26, 6; Oior et iaculo et uentos aqueante sagitta, *Verg.* 10, 248; Oior cernis et agente nubos Oior Euro, *Hor.* od. 2, 16, 23; pondere oior acta remeat (tigris), *Plin.* 8, 66; ociore ambita, 2, 38; ociore spatio, 2, 81; 2. sup. occissimus, quickest, partus, *Plin.* 8, 168; pira (in ripening), 15, 53; (uenenum), 27, 4; senectus, 16, 130; 3. adv. oiter, quickly, cetera hinc usui profer oiter, *Apul.* M. 1, 23 (72); in 2, 24 Hild. has ocus; in *Eun.* tr. 1 I and in *Pacuv.* 333 oiter is a conj.; 4. comp. ocus, more quickly, Heus Phaedrome exit, exit inquam ocus, *Pl.* Curc. 2, 2, 26 (v. 276); Sequere hae me ocus, *Ter.* Haut. 4, 7, 3; tanto ocus properemus, *Eun.* 3, 5, 61; ut ocus ad tuum peruenias? *Cic. Quinct.* 43; add *Tusc.* 4, 32; omnium Versatur uera serius ocus Sors exitura, *Hor.* od. 2, 3, 26; 5. pretty quickly, quickly, scindite uetem ocus, *Pacuv.* 352 R; Dixit et curru saltum delit ocus aruis, *Verg.* 12, 681; but *Caes. b. g.* 5, 44 is misquoted by *Forc.*, as also *Pl.* Amph. 5, 1, 17; 6. adv. sup. occissime, most quickly, *Plin.* 17, 87; 3, 100 and 167; 7. has no pos. like the *ck. oaks*, but one is implied in oiter; perih. unus is the *Lat. pos.*, wh. = our quick and prov. wick.

oc-quínisco, ēre, vb. [see conquinisco] crouch or stoop to, *Pompon.* (bis) ap. *Non.* 146, 22 wh. *uss.* oquinisce.

ōdi, ēram, isse, ōsus sum, vb. [see below] have taken a disgust to, hate, ōdi summosus; proinde aperte dice quid sit quod times, *Naev.* tr. 63 R; Quem omnes oderunt qua uiri qua mulieres, *Pl.* Mil. 4, 9, 15; Quem metuoŋ oderunt, quem quisque odit perisise expetit, *Eun.* tr. 403 V; oderam multo peius hunc quam Clodium, *Cic. fam.* 7, 2, 3; quid odisset Clodium Milo praeter hoc ciuile odium quo omnes improbos odimus? *Mil.* 35; non dubito quin me male oderit, *Caes.* ap. *Cic. Att.* 14, 1, 2; oderint dum metuant, *poet.* ap. *Sen.* ira 20, 4; oderint dum proberit, *Tib.* ap. *Suet.* Tib. 59 f.; neque studere neque odisse sed minime irasci deest, *Sal. Cat.* 51, 14; qui uitia odit homines odit, *Thras.* ap. *Plin.* ep. 8, 22, 3; 2. met., illud rus, *Ter.* Ad. 4, 1, 7; Persicos apparatus, *Hor.* od. 1, 38, 1; (enumeres) oleum oderit, *Plin.* 19, 65; add 19, 156; 12, 115; 3. osus sum, inimicos semper osa sum optuerit, *Pl.* Amph. 3, 2, 19; osus cum monum causa fuit, *Gell.* 4, 8, 3; qui dixisset ita amare oportere ut si aliquando esset osurus, *Cic. am.* 59; 4. see odio vb.; 5. root ōd (cf. ōd-lum and ōd-or) = ōl, smell; and perh. = an, wind or blow, as in Sansk., whence *ar-omas*, an-ima, Germ. *ah-men*, and our in-k-ling, a slight scent; cf. *βδελυσσος* and phrase 'stinks in the nostrils of men'; from a root *ōd* would come a perf. *ōdi*, I have smelt and so hate (him); 6. = our hate.

ōdio, ire, vb. (see ōdi) hate, partes quas Pompeius odinit, *Anton.* ap. *Cic. Phil.* 13, 42; irascendi odiendi inuidendi, *ps. Apul.* dogm. *Plat.* 3 p. 262 Hild.; odientes, *Ter.* Marc. 4, 16; odit, an. 10; oditur, *Apol.* 3; odinemur, *Hieron.* ep. 43, 2; odio, *Serv.* de fin. 1811 P, 451, 1 K; *Prisc.* ? accent. 1298 P, 528, 12 K; odirem and odire, *Charis.* 227 P, 257, 16 and 21 K; 2. = *Fr.* ha-ir.

officio, ēre, fūci, fectum [ob, facio] vb. for officio me etc., put oneself in the way, get or stand in the way, obstruct, first with a dat., esp. of light, paululum inquit a sole, offecerat uidelicet apricanti, *Cic. Tusc.* 5, 92; umbra terrae soli officiens noctem efficit, *N. D.* 2, 49; nec mentis quasi luminibus officit altitudo fortunae, *Rab. Post.* 44; demoliri ea quorum altitudo offeceret aspectus, *off.* 3, 66; minus officit alid ali ac sole ac luna et uento,

Varr. 1. 1, 7, 2; officere claritati oculorum, Plin. 20, 68; and met., magnitudine eorum me qui nomini officient meo consoler, Liv. 1, pr. 3; 2. of other ideas, quum in angustiis ipsi sibi properantes officenter, Sal. Jug. 58, 6; aciem, quo hostium itineri offerret, latius porrigit, 52, 6; et pecuniae nati Sex. Roscii obstatre atque officere uideatur, Cic. Rose. Am. 6; cur meis commodis officiis et obstat? 112; eum (Ciceronem) suis consiliis multimodis officere, Sal. Cat. 27, 4; timor animi auribus officit, 58, 2 (auribus om. Iord.); regium nomen in ciuitate esse, id officere, id obstatre libertati, Liv. 2, 2, 6; nec uero Isocrati quo minus haberetur summus orator officit quod infirmitate uocis impediatur, Plin. ep. 6, 29, 6; Illic officium lactis ne frugibus herbae, Verg. G. 1, 69; 3. with acc., obstruct, close, aduersariorum excursionibus iter (so mss) officere non intermittit, bell. Afr. 61, 7; 4. hence as a pass. pers. officior, be obstructed, closed, stopped, inter se retrahuntur et extra Officiuntur (sc. corporcula), Lucr. 2, 156; omnes Corporis effecti sensus per membra quiescent (in sleep), 4, 762; officio lumine (of an eclipse), 5, 776 with aperto lumine, v. 778; 5. in Lucr. 5, 889 all editors read occipit for officit of mss.

**officium**, *li*, n. [for *ipsum* from *offex*] lit. doing work, hence with poss. pron. or gen. in emphatic position, doing one's own work, and so one's duty, Is est honos homini pudico meminisse officium suum, Pl. Trin. 3, 2, 71; Homo homini deus est si suum officium sciat, Caecil. 264 R; Malo coactus qui suum officium facit, Dum id rescitum iri credit tantisper pauet (al. canot), Ter. Aut. 1, 1, 4; Homini frugi et temperanti functus officium, Hant. 3, 3, 19; add Phorm. 2, 1, 52; id uiri est officium, Paen. 269 R; 2. so for old writers, aft. absol. duty and so with poss. pron. or gen. often in non-emphatic place, necare ne officio deessem, Cic. fam. 7, 3, 1; deserendi officii plures solent esse causae, off. 1, 28; omnibus officiis amicitiae diligenter a me seruatis, fam. 5, 17, 3; si uellent declarare in eo officium suum, laudatorem me; si qui suo sumptu functus esset officio, concessurum, 3, 8, 3; officii duxit exorare patrem, Suet. Tib. 11; 3. hence defined by Cic. fin. 3, 58: est autem officium quod ita factum est ut eius facti probabilis ratio reddi possit; 4. an act of kindness, friendship, or respect, Torquato nostra officia grata esse facile patior, Cic. Att. 13, 20, 1; tu uelim tua in me studia et officia recordare, fam. 15, 21, 5; Quae causa officii? Quid quaeris? Nubis amicus, Iuv. 2, 134; 5. in officio esse, to perform one's duties, Nicanor in officio est, Cic. Att. 5, 20, 9; confido illum fore in officio, 1, 10, 2; add Q. fr. 2, 2, 2; fam. 15, 20, 2; 6. a sense of duty or friendship, si nellent declarare in eo officium suum, laudatorem me, Cic. fam. 3, 8, 3; meus in te animus quam singulari officio fuerit, tu es testis, 5, 5, 2; homo summo honore, summo officio, Verr. 2, 1, 137; 7. also a (public) duty or office, officio maritimo M. Bibulus praepositus cuncta administrabat, Caes. b. c. 3, 5, 4; 8. legati Pompeii... officia inter se partiuertur, Caes. b. c. 1, 38, 1; confecto legationis officio, 3, 103, 4; nouum denique officium instituit a uoluptatibus, Suet. Tib. 42 f; 9. ex officio by virtue of one's office, id in tutore dicendum erit ceteris qui ex officio pro aliis interueniunt, Ulp. dig. 21, 1, 31; ex officio facere, fr. 3 pr. de contr. tut. 27, 4; 10. in re obscena, de nris, Ov. am. 3, 7, 24; Prop. 3, 14, 24; de feminis, Petr. 140 med.; de pueris, Pl. Cist. 4, 1, 5; Sen. exc. cont. 4, pr. 10; 11. met., office, part, neque pes neque mens satis suum officium facit, Ter. Eun. 4, 5, 3; officium quod corporis extat, Officiore, Lucr. 1, 336; cum canes funguntur officiis luporum, ad Her. 4, 46; 12. a body of public officers or officials attached to a court etc., si inuissu iudicis rei iudicatae pignus capium per officium distrahetur, dig. fr. 74, 1 de euict. 21, 2; officia iudicium, Iust. 11, 28, 3; libellos composuit quasi data centurioni ut ad officium transmittentur, dig. fr. 72 de furt. 47, 2; 13. hence a public office or court, ipse me conuenit in praetoris officio, Plin. ep. 1, 5, 11.

**ohē**, *ohet* or as monos. \* imper. of a vb. as interj.

[= *eye*, for change of vowel cf. *oxys*, *oxypos* and Lat. *onomo*=*euem*] hold, avast, *ohē* \* iam satis; nolo optae-desceat: aliu(m) ludum nunc nolo, Pl. St. 5, 4, 52; Quis nostras sic frangit foris? *Ohē* inquam, siquit audis, As. 2, 3, 4; Abscede: etiam nunc, etiam nunc, Etiam-(ne)? *Ohē*!, Aul. 1, 1, 16; *Ohē* \* iam desine deos tu (tu ej): mss uxori) gratulando optundere, Ter. Hant. 5, 1, 6; Ita, proximo quidem: at nos unde? Aut quamobrem? *Ohē*!, Ph. 2, 3, 71; Capitalia... *Ohē* \* iam. Nescis qui nris sit. Scio, Aul. 4, 7, 5; trecentos inseris: *ohet*, iam satis est, Hor. s. 1, 5, 12; donec *Ohē* \* iam Ad caelum manibus sublati dixerit, 2, 5, 96.

**olim**, adv. [either from *ollus*, old form of *ille*, or = *our* *whilom*] at a distant time, past or fut., *whilom*, once, sometime, first of past time, once, formerly, of yore, Versibus quos olim Faunae uatesque canebant, Enn. an. 222 V; add 326; fuit olim quasi ego sum senex, Pl. St. 4, 1, 33; Alium esse censes nunc me atque olim cum dabam? Ter. Andr. 3, 3, 13; Quem olim oderat, sectatur ultro ac detinet, Turp. 100 R; qui mihi dixit olim nonis illis decembris, Cic. Att. 10, 1, 1; ante lucem inambulabam domi ut olim candidatus, 6, 2, 5; 2. with *pleon.* *quondam*, Olim isti fuit generi quondam quaestus apud saeculum prius, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 15; but in Plin. 3, 5, 59 prius olim are om. by Sill. and Detl.; 3. in later writers = *iam* *dudum*, this long time, long (but note pass. from Nov. qu. in § 4), nonne olim casu pendemus ab uno? Lncan. 5, 769; olim iam nec perit quicquam mihi nec acquiritur, Sen. ep. 77, 3; Audio quid neteres olim moneatis amici, Inv. 6, 346; add 4, 96; 9. 17; stertere tanquam olim dormientes coeperunt, Petr. 22; me olim consulat abire cupere, Fronto ad Caes. 2, 11, p. 56 ed. Rom.; 4. so far with pres. of vb.; also with perf., olim expectata ueniunt septem saturnalia, Nov. 103 R; olim non librum in manus, non stylum sumpsi (for sumo), olim nescio quid sit otium, Plin. ep. 8, 9, 1; esp. in pass., olim prouisum erat, Tac. an. 13, 15; moribus olim corruptis, 14, 15; alneum Tiberis... completum olim raderibus, Suet. Aug. 30; olim exoptatus, Apul. M. 2, 13 f; II 5. of future, some time hereafter, *quo* day, Sic tu illos fructus quaeras, aduersa hieme olim Quis uti possis, Lucil. ap. Non. 357; Vtinam coram tecum olim potius quam per epistolas! Cic. Att. 11, 4, 1; forsitan et haec olim meminisse iuuabit, Verg. 1, 203; non si male nunc et olim Sic erit, Hor. od. 2, 10, 17; add s. 1, 6, 85; dolo hic tibi proderit olim, Ov. am. 3, 11, 7; 6. also gen. at times, at any time, then, esp. followed by *quum* or *ubi*, clarior quam solis radii esse olim quom soluius solent, Pl. Mil. 1, 1, 2; Primum omnium olim terra quom proscinditur..., Trin. 2, 4, 122; add Poen. 1, 2, 143; Truc. 1, 1, 46; quod tamulis submersum tunditur olim Fluctibus hiberni condant nbi sidera Cameri, Verg. 5, 125; add 8, 394; ut pueris olim dant crustula blandi Doctores, Hor. s. 1, 1, 25; 7. after an, ever, at any time, an quid olim hominis Salute melius? Pl. As. 3, 3, 127.

**ollus**, pron. an older form of *ille*, nocturna mlierum sacrificia ne sunt praeter olla quae..., xi tab. ap. Cic. leg. 2, 21; ollus quos censors locassint, 3, 11—But these quotations by Cicero not trustworthy, see Schoell p. 50. Olli respondit rex Albai longai, Enn. an. 34 V; Olli respondit suauis sonus Egeria, 122; Olli cernebant magnis de rebus agentes, 544; Flammeus est plerumque colos et splendidus ollis, Lucr. 6, 208; Olli subridens hominum sator atque deorum, Verg. 1, 254; olli certamine summo Procmibunt, 5, 197; cf. Quint. 8, 3, 25; aboloe dicebant pro ab illis, Paul. ex Fest. 19, 3 M.

**olor**, *oris*, m. [see below] swan, the Latin name, while cygnus for *cygnus*, argutus inter strepere anser olores, Verg. B. 9, 35; purpureis ales oloribus (sc. Venus), Hor. od. 4, 1, 10; Ad uada Maecandri concinit albus olor, Ov. her. 7, 2; add Mart. 1, 53, 8; 8, 28, 13; Val. F. 6, 102; Sil. 13, 116; Stat. silu. 1, 2, 142; simili anseres quoque et olores ratione comitant, and soon, olororum morte narratur flebilis cantus,



false ut arbitror, Plin. 10, 63;  
an-at (i. e. an-ak) =  $\chi\eta\nu$ .

**2.** ol of ol-or=an of

2. **ōl-or**, ōris, m. an older form of od-or, stench. *littera commutata* dicitur odor olor, Varr. l. 6, § 8, p. 261 Sp.; odor *οσμη*, Gloss. Philox.; *olacitas* foetulentia olor, Gloss. Isid. p. 688; in Apul. Met. l. 1, 17 odore is read, but *lore* in *us* Bert.; in Arnob. 2, 59 *coloris* in Fall. l. 19, 1 *humore*; in l. 1, 19, 33 *odore*. 2. ol of ol-or = S. an, blow, the same wh. is root of *ar-uos* and *an-ima*, see odi § 5.

1 **ī dūs** (holus, also helus and folus), ēris, n. [see below] a herb (for food), greens, hiberna ciliaria peccudius id ulus (sc. rapa) praebet, Colum. 2, 10, 22; donec Deoqueritū ulus, Hor. s. 2, 1, 74; Eupumtum cenat ulus, ep. 2, 2, 168; Si pranderet ulus, 1, 17, 13; add Pers. 6, 20; scandit quique in clere siluestri a Graecis ponitur, Plin. 22, 80; Syria in hortis opressissima, unde in proverbium Graecis: multa Syrorum olera, 20, 33; 2. esp. the cabbage (brassica).

nitis adscita a olus, Varr. r. 1, 16 f.; Hic olus, hic late  
fundentes brachia betae, Verg. mor. 72; coctis in folio  
oleris, Plin. 27, 54; cum succo oleris, 28, 171; **3.** olus  
marinum, sca-lae, Plin. 29, 80; **4.** olus atrum, or as  
one word olustrum, i. the plant smyrnum olustrum, Linn.,  
called *πυρραλον* or *εμυρνον* by Greeks, Colum. 11, 3, 36; and  
Plin. 19, 162; atque oleris puli radix, Colum. 10, 123; (liba-  
notis) radiceem habet olustrum, Plin. 19, 187; **5.** for  
initial h cf. holitor, CIL 1057; also: helus et helusa anti-  
qui dicebant quod nunc holus et holera, Paul. ex Fest. v.  
helus, p. 100 M; cf. too heluela olera minuta, p. 103; and  
for initial f, antiqui dicebant folus pro olere, p. 84, s. v.  
foedum; perh. then akin to helulus fulvus, to *φολορα*,  
*χλωρος* *χλωτ*, and so to Norse vb. gro-a, whence Dan. ad-  
gren = our green; see Aufrecht, Trans. Phil. S. 1858, p. 14.

2 **Olus**, i, a form of Aulus the praenomen, Olus Terentius Pudens, inscr. Or. 1943; D. M. Olus Publicius, 2697; D. M. Olo Plutio. 2866.

**ōlūsātrum**, i, see *olus* § 4.

**Olus-cūlum**, i, n. dim. greus, in flicatis lancibus olusculis nos soles pascere. Cic. Att. 6, 1, 13; Vincta satis pingui ponentur oluscula lardo, Hor. s. 2, 6, 64; add Iuv. 11, 78.

**ḍmāsum** (omassum), i, n. [said to be a Gallic word, but qu. = ōmentum] tripe, patinas cenābūt ḍmā-i, Hor. ep. 1, 15, 34; pingui tentis ḍmāso, s. 2, 5, 40; omassum (so Sill., Detl. and al. omasum) edisse se, Plin. 8, 180; omassum βοιον κοπιον λιπαρον τιν των Γαλλων γλωττη, Gloss. Philox.

**ōmen**, **inīs**, **old omen**) n. [see below] utterance (esp. as inspired or prophetic)—hence **omen**, **angury**, **Macte** este **virtute**, **operaque omni** (what I thus say) **approba** (omenque asprobo, *ass*), **Pacuv.** 1.6 R; **neque** **solum deorum** uoces **Pythagorei** **observitauerunt** sed etiam **hominum** quae uocant **omina**, after speaking of the ara Aio loquenti, **Cic.** *de* 1, 102; **S. Verum** **non est puero grauidā.** **Am.** **Quid igitur?** **S. Insania.** **Al.** **Ob istuc** **omne ominator** capies **quod te** **concedat.** **Pl. Anph.** 2, 2, 90; **Clues** **omnibus** **fauis** **augustam** **adiubeant** **Fauiantia.** **Act.** 510 R; **Neque** **omni** **tristius** **dicere** **quidquam** **debeo** **ea** **de re** **quam** **tui** **ipse** **omnibus** **optimis** **prosequeris.** **Cic.** *fam.* 3, 12, 2; **consulatum** **in** **Bruti** **locum** **se** **petere** **profutur:** **atque** **hoc** **detestabile** **omen** **aeruat** **Iuppiter.** **Phil.** 11, 11; **Tum** **magnum** **exitium**—**quod** **di** **prius** **omni** **in** **ipsum** **Conuertant**—**Friami** **imperio** **Phrygiis** **quae** **futurum.** **Verg.** 2, 190; **Quis** **fuit** **ille** **dies** **quo** **tristia** **semper** **amanti** **Omina** **non** **albae** **conciuitis** **aus?** **Ov. am.** 3, 12, 1; **date** **candida** **ciues** **Omina.** **Prop.** 5, 1, 68; **neque** **accipere** **omni**, **placet** **omen**, as: **Quidest** **mea** **Tertia?** **Mi** **pater** **inquit** **Persa** **perit** (sc. *catellus*). **Tum** **ille:** **Accepit** **inquit** **omen.** **Cic.** *de* 1, 103; **centurio** **exla-** **mauit:** **Signifer** **statue** **signum,** **hic** **manebimus** **optime;** **quae** **uoce** **audita** **senatus** **accipere** **se** **omni** **conclamauit,** **Liv.** 5, 55, 2; **quum** **Pulchri** **promunerator** **id** **uocari** **audisset,** **placet** **omni** **inquit,** 29, 27, 12; **add** 1, 7, 11; **3.** of other forebodings than by words, as of a red sun, **Quia** **tam** **aduerso** **augurio** **et** **inimico** **omine** **Thelbis** **radiatum** **lumen** **ostentas** **tuum?** **At** 553 R; **Hoc** (a skirmish) **prin-** **cipium** **simal** **omneque** **belli.** **Liv.** 21, 29, 4; **4.** a warn-

ing (as prophetic), ea lege atque omine ut si te inde  
exemir ego pro te molam, Ter. Andri. 1, 2, 29; **5.** acc.  
to Varr. 1, 6, 8, p. 352 Sp. os of os-men is os of os, oris  
and orare, cf. 7, 5, p. 375; so too Paul. ex Fest, p. 195 M;  
but rather akin to *οσσα* divine voice, *οσσομαι* foretell, *αυδ-αω*  
utter as an oracle, and so to S. vad, speak.

**ōmento**, āre, vb. [omentum] wrap up in an omentum or caul, or else lard with fat of omentum, only in perf. part., omentata isicia, Apic. 2, 40.

**ōmentum**, *n.* [see below] literally a coat or clothing, hence the caul or omentum which folds over the intestines,  $\epsilon\pi\iota\sigma\tau\epsilon\lambda\omicron\upsilon\sigma\iota$ ,  $\epsilon$ ,  $\epsilon\pi\iota\sigma\tau\epsilon\lambda\omicron\upsilon\sigma\iota$ , *contegit universa haec (viscera)* omentum, Cels., 4, 1, p. 122, 15 Par.; *utriculus atque intestina pingui ac tenui omento integuntur*, Plin., 11, 204; *Sed acta retro cuncta... non molli ambitu Omenta pinguescere uisceri obtendunt sinus*, Sen. Oed. 374; add Pers. 2, 47; 6, 74; Iuv. 13, 118; **2.** the perioestum or membrana which coats a bone, ut os seculum, omentum quod inpositum est ossi cruriale, dum sectionem patitur, inuoluit, Macr. s.

7, 9, 13; **3.** the pia mater which envelops the brain, cerebrum non suo sensu sed nescitus sui, id est omenti, hunc importat dolorem, Maer. 5, 7, 9, 14; **4.** Gementum for osmentum, and that for uos-um-entum, where uos is the root whence uestis, or *uap-fo-ua:* Goth. *vas-ian:* cf. orno.

ōmīnālis? false reading ap. Gell. 5, 17 f.

**ōmīnātio**, ōmis, f. [omino], foreboding, ap. Paul. ex Fest. p. 88, v. fauentia.

**ōmīnāter**, ōris, m. utterer of omens, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 90.

B. Ita sit; etiam tibi bene sit qui recte ominas, Pomp.  
36 R; male ominatis Parcite verbis, Hor. od. 3, 14, 11;  
but in Prop. 1, 18, 4 Lach. has ominaque, not ominat.

**ominari**, ari, vb. r. uter (what may be regarded as an omen), malo ali (rei publice) quam nostrae ominari, Cic. off. 2, 74; melius quaeso ominare, Brut. 329; **2.** with acc. pray for aloud (with something of prophetic power), clamore ac favore ominati sunt faustum imperium, Liv. 26, 18, 8; Varro moriturus nera de exitu eius ominatus est, Vell. 2, 71, 2; primum anni incipientis diem laetis precationibus inuicem faustum ominamur, Plin. 28, 22; optamus tibi ominamurque in proximum annum consulatum, Plin. ep. 4, 15, 5; add Suet. Ner. 48.

**omitto**, *tr.* omits, omissum, vb. [of *em-ito*, *em-*=an or *ar*, and it is base of *iter*=omit-comit-(comes) ex-omit-com, cf. *per-bit*o; thus omit-*ito*=*ar-epui*; for letter-change of *homon-* and *avep*, *humo-* and *xhōv-*]; let go again, let go, let slip, drop, omitte mulierem, Ter. Ad. 2, 1, 18; quin omittite me, Plu. 3, 2, 1; quæso omittite ac desere hanc, Turp. 160 R; omisiss aramis capessunt quissam, Liv. 33, 9, 11; inter sarcinas omisiss, S. 39, 2; omisass habenas bigas, Tac. h. 1, 86; Hæc primus repetas opus, hoc postremum omittas, Hor. ep. 1, 6, 48; Quod tibi spernit, repetit quod nūp̄r omisit, I. 1, 98; **2.** met. omisiss Sidiensis Campanos adorti, Liv. 29, 26, 9; ut neque omittet̄ om̄ (sc. Hannibalem) neque congreget̄, Ter. 12, 12; S; ut omnium omisiss rebus huic bello servirent, Caes. b. g. 7, 34, 1; **3.** esp. with abstract nouns, drop, lay aside, omitte tristitiam tuam, Ter. Ad. 2, 4, 3; iracundiam, 4, 7, 36; pietatem, humanitatem, Cic. off. 2, 41; timorem, rep. 6, 10; spem, Liv. 5, 43, 4; memoriam, 23, 4, 4; **4.** let slip (an opportunity), teneo quam optabam occasionem neque omittis, Cic. leg. 1, 5; primam navigationem ne omiseris, Q. fr. 2, 6, 3;

5. o. animam, cease to breathe or live, Animam omit-  
tunt prius quam loco demigrent, Pl. Ampl. I, I, 85;

6. in words, drop, pass over, omit, say nothing about, nam ut alia omittam, Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 48; omitto gratulationes epulas promissa, Cic. Sest. 54; omitto quid ille tribunus fecerit, 27; ut omittam cetera, 29; de redivit Gabiniū omittamus, Pis. 51; 7. with inf., leave off, cease, iam

omitto iratus esse, Pl. Pers. 3, 3, 26; Iam de istoc rogare  
omitte, 4, 4, 90; omitte de te dicere, Ter. Eun. 5, 5, 19;

**B.** omissus part. perf. as adj. careless, ubi te uidi animo esse omissio, Ter. Haut. 5, 2, 9; metuas ne ab re sint tamen Omissiores, Ad. 5, 3, 45.

**ōpēro**, āre, vb. [opera sb.] work—hence do religious service, Aut operat aliquo in celebri cum aequalibus fano, Lucil. ap. Non. 523.

**ōpēror**, āri, vb. r. [opera, a labourer], lit. make oneself a labourer (for a time), engage oneself for work;—hence operatus sum, I am engaged in work, am busy; and operatus engaged in work, busy, esp. of religious duties with dat. of object, or of deity, pay one's vows to, offer sacrifice (to), cf. *ōpēro*; operatum illum Diane, Afran. ap. Non. 523; Ad Veneris est profectus mane utulus uotum ut solueret, Ibi nunc operatus est, Pomp. 134 R; Sacra retere Cereri lactis operatus in herbis, Verg. G. 1, 339; Tristitia iam redeunt iterum sollemnia nobis; Cynthia iam noctes est operata decem (sc. Isidi), Prop. 2, 33, 2; Coniubis arisque nouis operata iuuentus, Verg. 3, 136; notis operata pudici, Ov. her. 9, 35; Vesta faue, tibi nunc operata resoluimus ora, F. 6, 249; operataque doctis Cura viui Musis nomen meritis habet, a. a. 3, 411; Atque alia assidue textrix (lestrix?) operata Minervae Cantat, Tib. 2, 1, 65; regem tradunt operatum iis sacris se addidisse, Liv. 1, 31, 8; hostes operati superstitionibus, 10, 39, 2; aliis procurandis (prodigiis) prope tota ciuitas operata fuit (was engaged in)—note the fuit, not est; uidit se operatum (in his sleep), Tac. an. 2, 14; abstinentissimo rebus ueneris: quibus si fuerit operatus (pay one's vows to Venus)—again note fuerit, not sit, Col. 12, 4, 3; see *opero*; 2. beyond religious sphere, yet perh. at first with some allusion to the same, sarcastic or not, Adde quod orandis illa est operata capillis, Ov. am. 2, 7, 23; In cute eranda plus aequo operata iuuentus, Hor. ep. 1, 2, 29; studique operatus inhaesi (of one fishing), Ov. M. 8, 865; scholae operatum, Quint. 10, 3, 13; sedere in scholis auditione operatos, Plin. 26, 11; quod magis uacuo animo studiis literarum operatus esset, Val. M. 8, 7, ext. 4; caelendis materiis operatum, Tac. h. 5, 20; 3. so far only in perf., but in later writers operari to work, operans busily engaged, multi (alios) et e speculari lapide fecere ut (operantur) intus spectarent, Plin. 21, 80; seniores (apes) intus operantur, 11, 21; excrementa operantium, 11, 25; triginta hominum milibus operantibus, Suet. Cl. 20; iunenum caedibus operatum, Apul. M. 3, 3; quod in ceteris membris uestis color, hoc in capite natiui operatur, 2, 8; serui qui operari in agro consueuerunt, Ulp. dig. 28, 5, 35; quod (uenenum) cum minus operaretur, Lampr. Com. 17, 2; 4. with ad, work (to an end), nihil praetermitteret quod ad crudelitatem uideretur operari, Iul. Cap. Maximin. 13, 5; ad praescRIPTIONem, Cod. 7, 16, 5; 5. comp., bouitas operantior, Tert. Marc. 2, 4; sup., Cael. Ann. acut. 2, 39.

**oppidō**, adv. (= *επιπιδος*, cf. *oppidum*) lit. flatly—hence quite, absolutely, oppido interii, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 143; C. Reddidisti? M. Reddidi. C. Omnino? M. Oppido. C. Occisisti sumus, Bae. 4, 4, 30; Nam benignitas quidem huius oppido adulescentulæ, Mil. 3, 1, 39; S. Quid inceptat? B. Die me hic oppido esse inuitam atque aduersari, Ter. Hant. 4, 4, 12; P. Et iratum senem? G. Oppido. P. Ad te..., Plu. 2, 2, 3; add 5, 8, 2; oppido oportune, Ad. 3, 2, 24; oppido rideulus, Cic. or. 2, 259; oppido pauci, fam. 14, 4, 4; but oppido in fin. 3, 33 (oppido not oppido MSS A B) is corrupt; oppido adulescens, Liv. 42, 28 f.; 2. strengthened by quam, cf. saue quam, nec enim multa solum sed etiam pleraque oppido quam parua erant, Liv. 39, 47, 2; feticulus oppido quam paruulus, Vitr. 8, 3, 11; oppido quam libens, Gell. 17, 12, 1; add 16, 7; 15, 30; 3. obsolete in Quintilian's time, satis est uetus ualde (ualde conj. of Zumpt); quid necesse est dicere oppido? Quo nisi sunt paulum tempore nostro superiores, uereor ut iam nos ferat quisquam, Quint. 8, 3, 25; yet in Apul. mag. 35 f. and 62 f.; 4. for an absurd etymon see Paul. ex Fest. p. 184.

**oppidūm**, i, n. dim. [oppidum] a small town, hamlet, Cic. Att. 10, 7, 1; Hor. s. 1, 5, 87.

**oppidum**, i, n. (= *επιπιδιον*) lit. the flat-ground as opposed to the arx or citadel-rock, *ἡ γὰρ πόλις*, in use gen. a town or city, Asta atque Athenas anticum opulentum oppidum Contempla, Enn. tr. 324 V; add an. 487; pernehitur usque ad oppidum, Naev. 107 R; add Turp. 97; oppidum in captum, Cato Iord. p. 85, 4; add 37, 8; 39, 6; praesidia in

oppidis nulla sunt, Cic. ad Pomp. Att. 11, 8; add Verr. 2, 4, 72; Ascræumque cauo Romam per oppida carmen, Verg. G. 2, 176; non temere urbe oppidone ullo egressus nisi uespera aut noctu, Saut. Aug. 53; 2. also of Rome itself (as opposed perh. to the citadel), Liberalia dieta quod per totum oppidum eo die sedent sacerdotes Liberi... sacrificantes, Varr. 1, 6, 3, p. 196 Sp.; eos (sc. legatos ab rege Perseo) in oppidum intronitum non placuit, Liv. 42, 36, 1; seueri oppidum Martis, Mart. 10, 30, 2; 3. oppidum as gen. pl., tot oppidum cadauera, Sulp. ap. Cic. fam. 4, 5; 4. oppidum Britannii uocant cum siluas impeditas nullo atque fossa muniunt, says Caes. B. g. 5, 21, 3; 5. locus in circo uide quadrigae emittuntur, Paul. ex Fest. p. 184 M; 6. with e for i in: in oppideis foreis..., CIL 198, 31; 7. Varr. 1, 5, 32, p. 143 Sp., Pomp. Dig. sign. uerb. 239, 7 and Fest. 1. c. derive oppidum ab ope.

**ops**, opis, f. [see below] lit. fruit or produce of vegetation, hence Ops goddess of vegetation, also called Terra, Magna mater etc., principes dei Caelum et Terra, and soon after, principes in Latio Saturnus et Ops, Varr. 1, 5, 10, p. 63 Sp.; Terra Ops quod hic (hinc?) omne opus et hac opus ad uiuendum, et ideo dicitur Ops mater quod terra mater (al. nutrit), ib. p. 69; cf. Maer. s. 1, 10, 19 etc.; Sic Saturnus Opem iunctam sibi sanguine duxit, Ov. M. 9, 498; add tr. 2, 34; 2. a temple to Ops and Saturn in common in the forum, with a bank attached to it, Viet. reg. urb.; pecunia utinam ad Opis (sc. aedem) maneret, Cic. Phil. 1, 17; ubi est septiens miliens quod est in tabulis quae sunt ad Opis? 2, 93; 3. hence in pl. means, wealth, hoc coniunium Pro opis nouis satis commodum, Plu. St. 5, 4, 8; Ex opibus summis opis egens Hector tuus, Enn. tr. 126 V; add 396; Condit opes alius defossoque incubat auro, Verg. G. 2, 507; Ruris opes paruae, pecus et stridentia plaustra, Ov. tr. 3, 10, 59; Magnus inter opes inops, Hor. od. 3, 16, 28; relictus in amplis opibus heres, Plin. 9, 122; 4. also power, influence, ceterae res quae expetuntur opportuna sunt singulae rebus singulis, diuitiae ut utare, opes ut colare, honores ut laudare, Cic. am. 22; ad paucos opibus et copis affluentes totum agrum perferri uidebitis, agr. 2, 82; credo uos non pecuniam, non opes uolentes et minime ferendam potentiam... concepiuisse, Phil. 1, 29; 5. physical power, might, momentum, Romani scalis summa uidentur opum ui, Enn. an. 168 V; add 404; Pro se quisque uiri magna nituntur opum ui, Verg. 12, 552; opes acquirit eundo (sc. amoris), Ov. a. a. 2, 343; 6. in sing. power, in old writers and poets, the nom. only in Acc. see § 10, Vidi ego te astante opae barbarica, Auro ebore instructum magnifice, Enn. tr. 120 V; Nisi eum quantum tibi opis di dant seruas castigas mones, Ter. Haut. 3, 3, 31; Hinc opae barbarica nariisque Antonius armis, Verg. 8, 685; grates persolere dignas Non opis est nostrae, 1, 600; 7. also in certain phrases in later writers, omni opae atque opae enitar ut..., Cic. Att. 14, 14, 6; quacumque opae possent, Mil. 30; omni opae mihi, Sal. Cat. 1, 1; 8. help, assistance, aid, see Enn. § 3 above; iam opes meas, non opem expectat, Cic. Att. 9, 16, 1; ut quisque maxime opis indigeat, off. 1, 49; 9. esp. omne ferre to bear aid, Enn. tr. 86 V; Ter. Ad. 3, 4, 41; Cic. fin. 2, 118; cf. optulor; 10. in this sense Acc. 669 R has nom., quorum gultor fertur esse opis gentibus (sc. Hecules); 11. op, fruit, akin to *σποδα* fruit season, to Germ ob-st, Lith. ob-elis, and our apple (prov. opp-le); cf. pomum; but in the meanings of § 3 and so on perh. from a root vb. op work, whence opera and opus.

**opto**, āre, vb. frq. [see below], pray for, ask (of gods), Illum ut nitat optant, meum autem mortem expectant scilicet, Ter. Ad. 5, 4, 20; nunquam a dis immortalibus optabo ut..., Cic. Cat. 2, 15; Quod notis optastis adest, Verg. 10, 279; quod optanti domino promittere nemo Audeat..., 9, 6; 2. with inf. hunc uideri saepe optabamus diem, Ter. Hec. 4, 4, 29; 3. with acc. and dat. of person, nunquam uenerit in mentem in-asinam optare uobis, Cic. Pis. 46; tibi optamus cum rempabam in qua..., Brut. 331; 4. choose, opta oculus Rapin te optorto collo maus

an trahi; Vtrumis opta dum licet, Pl. Rud. 3, 6, 14; Quae se infoneste optantui parere hic diuitias potius quam... Ter. Andr. 4, 5, 2; Soli Phaeontii filii facturum se esse dixit quidquid optasset, optantui ut in curram patris tolleretur, Cic. off. 3, 94; ab rege iussus optare quid uellet se facturum, Varr. s. 165, 2 R; Pars optare locum tecto, Verr. 1, 425; 5. pray for in one's heart, wish for, wish, Omnes mortales se laudat optant, Enn. an. 551 V; Quis tam crudelis optantui suum poenas? Verg. 6, 501; 6. a simpler vb. opt-ere or opt-ere implied in optio, optinus; of which root op perh. = *er* or *fer* of *ειρεν*, = uoc of uoco and uox.

**orbus**, adj. [see below] bereaved, bereft (of parents or children), as first ref. of parents, orphan, Lex est ut orbae qui sunt genere proximi Eis nubant, Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 76; haec uirgo orbat patre, Ad. 4, 5, 16; add Andr. 1, 3, 19; filiam meam Ciceroneque quid ego tibi commendem? Te incolumi orbi non erunt, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 3, 10; causas orbarum nuptias indecuntium, Quint. 7, 4, 21; add 11, 3, 170; 2. ref. of children, A totidem natist orba sit aequa uiro, Ov. her. 6, 156; Memnonis orba mei? nocio (sc. Aurora), M. 13, 595; tunc orba tridire peior, Inv. 6, 270; 3. childless, ille orbus expes liberum, Att. 376 R; Orbus uirili sexu adoptantui sibi, Afr. 240 R; quem utrum locupletis orbi senis non plurius? Cic. par. 39; parens liberorum an orbus sit plurimum distat, Quint. 5, 10, 26; add 7, 4, 23; 4. ref. of a husband, husbandless, widowed, orphan cubile, Catul. 66, 21; see above Ov. § 2; 5. met. ref. (as of parents), orbus auxilium opumque? Pl. Rud. 2, 3, 19; Arce et urbe orba sum, Enn. tr. 114 V; usque adeo orba fuit ab optimatibus illa contio, Cic. Fl. 54; orba respública, ad Quir. 11; add leg. 3, 9; re publica ex parte orba, consule alter amissio, Liv. 2, 47, 10; duo consules interfecti uelut orbam rempublicam reliquerant, 27, 33, 7; Orba parente suo quicunque nolumina tangant, Ov. tr. 1, 7, 35; orbus palmities (without eyes or buds), Colum. 4, 27, 4; 6. gen. ref. devoid, orbus his rebus omnibus quibus natura me consuefecerat, Cic. fam. 4, 13, 3; forumque Litibus orbum, Hor. od. 4, 2, 44; orba suis...lutea uelis, Ov. M. 13, 105; add 1, 72; tr. 3, 2, 11; Pont. 1, 2, 44; 3, 2, 52; 4, 2, 5; am. 2, 2, 12; 7. sp. of limbs and senses and above all eyesight, Orba pedum? partim, manuum uidentia uicissim, Lucr. 5, 840; quem si quis caecum genitum putat, omnibus sensibus orbus est, Vell. 1, 5 f.; si tu quoque lumiis? huius Orbus ait fieres, Ov. M. 3, 517; add 14, 189; orbum luminibus exegit senectam (sc. Metellus), Plin. 7, 141; uisus? orbus, Sil. 13, 726; uisu regisque, Stat. Th. 1, 74; 8. and absol., blind, siue quis arthriticus...siue epilepticus, siue orbus, excusantur (a tutela), fr. iur. anteist. (Mai) p. 38; cf. It. orbo blind; 9. note constr. w. gen. marked \*; with prep. ab marked \*; gen. w. abl.; 10. orbus, akin to *opparos*, Sp. huerfano, stands for or-ub-us (op-ub-av-os), also to Lat. rapio-uo or rob and be-reave and ref. but fuller form seen in *ap-(a)π-ay-(ἀπα)ω*.

**Orcus** (Hercus\*) i. m. [prob. for Vor-ag-us, and so from uora-re; cf. Fest. below, and esp. W. Wagner, Phil. Tr. 1867, 214; also *βαρβατος*] lit. the Swallower—hence the God of the infernal regions or Death, Quin ob nam rem Orcus recipere ad se hunc noluit, Pl. Ps. 3, 2, 6; Nam me Acheruntum recipere Orcus noluit, Most. 2, 2, 68; sacrificas ilico Orcu hostiis (Horcus? ostiis, as A), Epid. 2, 1, 7; add 3, 2, 27; Poen. 1, 2, 131; As. 3, 3, 16; Bac. 3, 1, 1; nam me grauis impetus Orco Perdidit in latus, Enn. an. 539 V; Acherunsia templa alta Orco, tr. 107; Pluto Latine est Dis pater; alii Orcum uocant, Enn. 20; Mihi sex menses satis sunt uitae, septimum Orco spondeo, Caecil. 70 R; Egon qui ab Orco mortuam me reducem in lucem feceris, Sinam siue munere a me abire? Ter. Hee. 5, 4, 12; add 5, 4, 35; At uobis male sit malae tenebrae Orco quae omnia bella deoratis, Catul. 3, 14; ut Verres, alter Orcus uenisse Hennam et non Proserpinam asportasse sed ipsam abripuisse Cererem uideretur, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 111; horridis accibant uocibus Orcum, Lucr. 5, 996; eos se Orco

maetare dietitans, Liv. 9, 40, 9; quantam (sc. lunam) finge, pallidas Horens\* (so P) Emmenidesque satae, Verg. G. 1, 277—wh. Servius: Hesiodus boreum quinta luna diei datum; multos Danaum dimittimus Orco, Verg. 2, 398; Maereteque partus fulmine luridum Missos ad Orcum, Hor. od. 3, 4, 75; Impulset Orcum moror, 3, 27, 50; add ep. 2, 2, 178; Sic erimus cuncti postquam nos auferet Orcus (al. Orehus), poet. ap. Petr. 34; Crispe fili lepidissime huc heu Orcus cum te uorauit..., Anthol. 1450 Meyer; hunc a dis senectuti meae seratum..., uorax abstulit Orcus, anth. Burm. 2, 67; 2. the realm of Pluto, Hell, Vestibulum ante ipsum, primis in faucibus Orco, Verg. 6, 273; Non tamen imuerio Minos selet arbitri Orco, Prop. 4, 18 (3, 19); 27, 27; 3. phrase, rationem cum Orco pouere (habere), laue dealings with Orcus, i. e. risk life, Porcius Cato censebat...; nam ubi sit cum Orco ratio ponenda, ibi mortem quaestum certiorum, Colum. 1, 3, 2 (from Cato); ubi ratio cum Orco (al. Horco\*) habetur (sc. in pestilentis agro), ibi non modo fructus est incertus, sed etiam colentium uita, Varr. r. 1, 4, 3; 4. Orcum quem dicimus ait Verrius ab antiquis dictum Vragum, Fest. 202 b 28; 5. Orcus *Naxos*, Gloss. Philox.; 6. Horcus\* pro oreus, sic enim dicebant antiqui, Serv. in Don. 444, 21 K; Orbus, sic enim in antiquioribus reperis, Prop. 1449 P, 10, 22 K; add 1455 P, 14, 33 K; 7. Ital. (of Naples) luoreo, ad Sp. buergo, luero; Orco cbinera e bestia imaginaria, Diet. Ac. della Crusca.

**ordino**, are [ordo sb.] vb. lit. plant (vines etc.) in trenches or rows, Est ut uirio ubi latius ordinet Arbusta sulcis, Hor. od. 3, 1, 9; ordinent uineam paribus lateralibus, Colum. 3, 13, 5; ordinata uineta, 4, 27, 1; eundem uitiis locum ordinare, 5, 3, 7; ordinatim pastinandeque soli tempora, 11, 3, 9; uilla...Non otiosis ordinata myrtetis, Mart. 3, 58, 2; 2. distribute soldiers into companies (ordines), form in rows, marshal, uoluntarios milites ordinauit centuriaeque, Liv. 29, 1, 1; non illa ordinata per principes bastatosque ac triarios (pugna), 22, 5, 7; In quem superbus ordinat armina Mysorum, Hor. epod. 17, 9; in ordinanda acie, Iust. 11, 9, 8; familiam ergastulo liberatam sub signis ordinat, Flor. 2, 7, 9 (3, 19); and met., tunc futura pericula struunt, tunc euipiditates improbas ordinant, Sen. ep. 10, 2; 3. gen., marshal, arrange in order, settle, partes orationis, Cic. inn. 1, 19; litem, or. 2, 43; publicas res (in history), Hor. od. 2, 1, 10; causam, Paul. dig. 40, 12, 24; Gal. 40, 12, 25; spes suas, Sen. u. beat. 6, 1; res suas, ep. 9, 17; testamentum, ben. 4, 11, 4; add Marcian. dig. 5, 2, 2; seclis, Sen. Thy. 716; bibliothecas, Snet. gram. 21; 4. esp. of political institutions, res suas, Sen. ep. 9, 17; ualeudinaia, Colum. 12, 3, 8; testamentum, Sen. ben. 4, 11, 4; add Mart. dig. 5, 2, 2 and 5; statum liberarum ciuitatum, Plin. ep. 8, 24, 2; prouinciam, Snet. Galb. 7; equestrem militiam, Claud. 25; Macedoniae (statum), Flor. 1, 32, 3 (2, 16); 5. in late writers, as Suet., appoint to an office, candidatum ad se uocauit exactaque pecunia ordinauit, Vesp. 23; magistratus in plures annos, Caes. 76; se perpetuum consulem, Vit. 11; so also, tribunatus et praefectura et ducatus mulieres ordinabant, Iust. 30, 2, 6; filium suum quem in successionem regni ordinauerat, 17, 1, 4; hence our ordain (a priest); 6. as adj., ordinatus, well arranged, regulated, orderly, compositum ordinatumque...uirum, Sen. u. beat. 8, 3; uitam ordinatorem, ep. 74, 25; sup., Apul. d. Socr. 2; 7. ordinatus as sb. a military officer of a certain rank, ordinatus ex eq. Romano, inser. Or. Heuzen 6772.

**ordior**, iri, orsus, vb. r. [orior with excr. di] lit. begin, but in first use begin weaving, and so weave, tertium genus (sc. araneorum)...orditur telas, Plin. 11, 80; but passage from the Ludus of Sen. 2 in Haase's ed. stands: At Lachesis...fecit illud, non orditur as Forc. says: ex. exordior; 2. esp. begin weaving words, begin to speak, cf. *opparos* texo contexto, as: Non paruolum rem ordior, Att. 95 R; ab nobis causa ordiendi est, Cic. leg. 1, 21; princeps Crasus eius sermonis ordiendi filit, or. 1, 98; te reliquas res ordi, fam. 5, 12, 2 (of a history); paulo altius ordiri ac repetere memoriam, Verr. 2, 4, 105; et unde est ora in eodem terminetur oratio, Marc. 33; ea ipsa de qua disputare ordimur eloquentia obmutuit, Brut. 22; contra sic filius orsus, Verg. 1,

325; cum sis orsa loqui uates, **6, 125**; sis orsus Apollo Mortalis medio aspectus sermone reliquit, **9, 656** (wh. Diom. 373 P, 377, 8 K misinterpret orsus by desinens); add **12, 186**; Nec gemino bello Troianum orditur ab ovo, Hor. A. P. 147; querellae ab initio tantae ordiendae rei absint, Liv. praef. 12; bellum quod nunc ordini pergam, **38, 12, 1**; Celsaque Romanis decerpta palatia tauris orditur, Prop. 4, 8 (3, 9), 51; **3.** other met. from weaving, begin, machinam ordi- ordis nouam, Pac. 379 R; alterius uitae quoddam initium ordinaur, Cie. Att. 4, 1, 8; Minucius ab Liguilibus orsus bellum est, Liv. 32, 29, 6; magno principio sibi orsus bellum uidetur, **35, 51, 10**; Maius adorta nefas maioremque orsa furorem, Verg. 7, 386; tormina ab atra bile orsa, Cels. 2, 8, p. 49, 27 Dar.; iecur a dextra parte sub praecordiis ab ipso septo orsum, 4, 1, p. 121, 13 (and in eight other places, but perh. for ortus); pinguescent (sues) lx diebus sed magis tridui inedia sagnatione orsa, Plin. 8, 207; cum ex depressore loco fuerint orsa fundamenta, Colum. 1, 5, 9; **11, 4.** orsa orum as sb. n. pl. words, as uttered, sis orsa ueissim Or refert, Verg. 7, 435; in melius tua qui potes orsa reflectas, 10, 632; Talia miranti propius tulit orsa tyranno, Val. F. 5, 470; **5.** words, or efforts of an author, ut oris operis successus prosperos darent, Liv. pr. 13; Nostra loquor: nulli uatum delibum orsa, Man. 2, 57; add Val. F. 1, 21; 5, 195 and 291; Stat. silu. 2, 1, 114; Aus. id. 4, 46; **6.** note ut. ordior in Att. qu. in § 2; **7.** orditus as part. sit. ep. 2, 9 med.; Venant. carp. 2, 10 f.; **8.** *ορσεω* weave, a loan-word from Lat.

**ordo**, inis, m. [see below] carp. a trench for planting vines etc., and then a row of vines etc., quae arbores in ordinem satas sunt eas aequabiliter sol ac luna coquunt, Varr. r. 1, 7, 4; cum admiraretur et proceritates arborum et directos in quinque ordinem ordines, Cie. sen. 59; eius fundi extremam partem oleae directo ordine definit, Caec. 22; pone ordine uites, Verg. B. 1, 73; Sin tu- mulis acclue solum collisque supinos, Indulge ordibus, G. 2, 276; si colatur in ordinem (haec uitis) medicorum (terram) desiderat, Pall. 3, 9, 4; **11, 2.** hence a rank or row, or line of soldiers, in plures ordines instruebantur; ordo sexagenos milites binos centuriones axillarum unum habebat, Liv. 8, 8, 4; hunc ex primo ordine pauci consensit milites, Caes. b. c. 1, 13, 3; nullo ordine iter fecerant, 2, 26, 4; neque ordines seruare poterant, b. g. 4, 26, 1; instructos ordines dedit, Sal. Cat. 59, 1; omnibus locis Romanorum ordines conturbare, Iug. 50, 4; and met., ut explicatis ordi- nibus temporum uno in conspectu omnia uiderem, Cie. Brut. 15; **3.** hence ordinem ducere, to command a company (as centurion), qui bunc eundem ordinem in exercitu Cn. Pompeii duxerat, Caes. b. c. 1, 13, 4; add 3, 104, 3; qui ordines duxerunt, Cie. Phil. 1, 20; ordines duxisse aiebant, Liv. 2, 23, 4; pater virginis L. Verginius honestum ordinem in Algidio ducebat, 3, 44, 2; **4.** hence ordo the post of centurion (ducentum understood) quoque apud exercitum ingnominae (sic) causa ordo adeptus est erit, Cie. Att. 206, 12; imp. Caesar Antoninus...ordinem Alexandriae dedit, Inscr. Or. 3456; add 7170; ex equite (con); Grut. exq. ueter. i) uirtutis causa milii T. Quinctius decimum ordinem hastatum assignauit, Liv. 42, 34, 5; ordinem accepit, Inscr. Or. 3454; ordine(m) accepit ex equite, 3456; **5.** esp. primi ordines, centurions of the highest rank, calonym loco primi ordines ...seruili habitu mittebat, Liv. 30, 4, 1; Labienus tribunus militum primisque ordinibus conuocatis uidit sui sit consilii proponit, Caes. b. g. 6, 7, 8; **11, 6.** an order, rank, class of persons, in a state, as of the senate and knights, cuius erat ordinis (Fiducianus)? Senatorii, Cie. Clu. 104; nisi sumus senatum commemoratione tuae uoluntatis erga illum ordinem permouere (al. comm.), fam. 1, 2, 1; ut erat mecum cunctus equester ordo, Plane 87; ad Liv. 43, 16, 1; Tiberi principatus nono anno in unitatem uenit equester ordo, Plin. 33, 32; **7.** also in the municipia etc., quae municipia coloniae...sunt erunt, nequis in eorum quo municipio colonia...in senatu...esto, neque ubi in eo ordine sententiam dicere licet, qui... Cie. Att. 206, 110; add vv. 127; ordo decurionum, Inscr. Or. 1167; ordo splendidissimus coloniae Abellinatium, ib. 1180; add 1181; **8.** of other orders or classes, eos uiatores eosque praecedentes omnes quos

eo ordine dignos arbitrabantur legunt, Cie. Att. 202, 33; universo ordini publicanorum, Cie. fam. 13, 9, 2; centurionum, Phil. 1, 20; si cuiquam ordini aratorum sive pecuariorum sive mercatorum probatus sit, Verr. 2, 2, 17; ordo collegi f. (sc. Aesculapii), Inscr. Or. 2417; ex decreto ordinis corporis piscatorum et urinatorum totius alu. Tiberi, ib. 4115; L. Crassius ordinis libertini, Suet. gram. 18; **9.** gen. rank, hominem ornatiissimum loco ordine nomine, Cie. Verr. 2, 1, 127; **11, 10.** a row or line of things, portulacae tegito tegularum ordinibus senis, Cie. Att. 577, 2, 6; **11.** esp. a bank (of oars), terno consurgunt ordine remi, Verg. 5, 120; ualidaque tirmes Quasque quater surgens extructi remis oio Commouet, Lucan. 3, 530; (nauem) sex ordinum Xenagoras Syraucosis (fecisse auctor est), Plin. 7, 208; **12.** of a row of seats in a theatre, the first row assigned to Senate and then 14 to knights, sedisti in quattuordecim ordinibus cum esset lege Roscia de- coctoribus certus locus, Cie. Phil. 2, 44; effice summam Bis septem ordinibus quam lex dignatur Othonis, Iuv. 14, 324; ut primus sub-elliorum ordo uacaret Senato- ribus, Suet. Aug. 44; add 14; **13.** hence quattuordecim absol. (ordines understood), spectare ludos e quattuordecim, Suet. Aug. 40; **14.** a series of events, chain of causation, fatum id appello quod Graeci *επαγγελμω* id est ordinem serie- que causam, Cie. din. 1, 125; Magnus ab integro saeculorum nascitur ordo, Verg. B. 4, 5; add A. 3, 376; 7, 44; rerum tamen ordine ducar, Ov. M. 13, 161; add Pers. 3, 66; Manil. 1, 531; **15.** fit arrangement, good order, ordinem sic definitum, compositionem rerum aptis et accommodatis locis, Cie. off. 1, 142; his rebus quae tractantur in uita modum quandam et ordinem adhibentes, 1, 17; eas (particulas) primum confusas postea in ordinem adductas mente diuina, aead. pr. 118; dispositio est per quam illa quae inuenimus in ordinem redigimus, ad Her. 3, 16; **16.** phrases: in ordinem cogo, reduce (an officer) to the ranks, and so met. degrade, treat (a superior) as a nobody, decemum qui quentes se in ordinem cogo, Liv. 3, 51, 13; huic rogationi qua se in ordinem cogo uidebat, 6, 38, 12; add 3, 35, 6; 3, 39, 43, 16, 9; nisi eodem tem- pore grex miserorum sub (ictu, by conj.) stetit crudelitatem suam in ordinem coactam putat, Sen. elem. 1, 26 f.; **17.** so also in ordinem redigo, Socrates eodem illo uultu quo tringita tyrannos in ordinem redegerat carcerem intrauit, Sen. ad Helu. 13, 4; gula reprimenda et quasi in ordinem redigenda est, Plin. ep. 2, 6, 5; ut alios auctores in ordinem redegerint, alios omnino exemerint numero, Quint. 1, 4, 3; **18.** ordine in due order, from first to last, rem enarrato omnem ordine, Ter. Ad. 3, 2, 53; tuam progeniem ede ordine, Att. 50 R; recte atque ordine factum, Cie. Quinct. 28; an id recte ordine a re publica factum esse defendis? Verr. 2, 3, 194; **19.** in ordine, in due order, Hos Corydon, illos referebat in ordine Thyrsis, Verg. B. 7, 20; **20.** in ordi- nem, the same, haec (sc. aduersaria) sunt disiecta, illae (sc. tabulae) in ordinem confectae, Cie. Rose. comm. 7; **21.** ex ordine, according to order, in order, ut quisque actate et honore antecedit ita primus solet dicere, Cie. Verr. 2, 4, 142; **22.** one after the other, without a break, uenit Italiae possessiones ex ordine omnes, Cie. agr. 1, 4; Septem illum totos peribunt ex ordine menses...Fluissis, Verg. G. 4, 507; **23.** per ordinem, in succession, one after the other, sortiti nocte singuli per ordinem cum ferro cubiculum intrant, Quint. 4, 2, 72; add 11, 2, 20 and 23; **24.** extra ordinem, out of the usual course, id quod est...extra ordinem dato, Cie. Phil. 108, 69; et prouinciam extra ordinem decernebat, Cie. prol. cons. 19; ad eam spem quam extra ordinem de te ipso habemus...accident..., fam. 6, 5, 3; **25.** ord-on, same in orig. sense as *ορ-ω* (op-vx-o) from a root or (*op-vsg-w*) or ar (aro), dig; cf. Litb. or-ti, to plough; the d of ord-on exerceat; **26.** ordine with an apex on the o, Inscr. Grut. 448, 7.

**oriundus**, part. as adj. [ori-] lit. springing (from), the course of genealogy, still going on, of a family sprung (from), ultimately sprung from (ortus would refer to the immediate parentage), Cartaginem Vn le sum oriundus, Pl. Poen. 5, 2, 95; and met., Egone apicularum congestum

opera non feram Ex dulci oriundum melculo dulci meo? Curc. 1, 1, 11; O pater o genitor o sanguen dis oriundum, Enn. an. 117 V; Pcenos Didone oriundos, 300; unde oriundi sunt, Cato orig. 9, 9 1; qui ab ingenuis oriundi sunt, Cic. top. 29; Penique caelestis sumus omnes semine oriundi (orundi? cf. ortus wh. implies a vb. or-or), Lucr. 2, 991; ne se oriundos ex Etruscis...exsulare pateretur, Liv. 2, 9, 1; Menenim Agrippam facundum virum et quod inde oriundus erat plebi carum, 2, 32, 8; uirgines Vestae legit, Alba oriundum sacerdotium, 1, 20, 3; liberis parentibus oriundus, Col. 1, 3, 5; illeus aqua e montibus oriunda, 1, 5, 2.

**orno**, āre, vb. [see below] clothe, dress. Partim uenusta muliebris ornati stola, Varr. s. 133, 8 R; sollers ornare Cypissis (a lady's maid), Ov. am. 2, 7, 17; 2. make comely, dress, dress out, deck, adorn, Mollius intexens ornabat cornua sertis, Verg. 7, 488; Adde quod ornandis illa est operata capillis, Ov. am. 2, 7, 23; tenuis (capillis) et quos ornare timeat, 1, 14, 5; ornabat aurata monilia collum, M. 5, 52; Ornabat nuces nullae gemma manus? Prop. 4, 5 (3, 6), 12; An ut matrona ornata phaleris pelagius..., Publii. S. 12 R; capillus etsi non cotidie acu ornandus tamen pectine cotidie expenditur est, Front. de eloq., init. (Mai); 3. equip, furnish, arm, fit out, Proletarius publicitus scutisque ferocem Ornatur ferro, Enn. an. 190 V; ornato focum (with charcoal), Cato 76 (77), 4; paribus ornauit armis, Verg. 12, 344; armatus...quos appellare uere possumus? Opinor eos qui scutis telisque parati ornatique sunt, Cic. Cacc. 60; 4. of animals, tum puero equum ornatum donat, Liv. 27, 19, 12; efficit ut ea elephantus ornatus (laden) ire posset, ps. Nep. Hann. 3, 4; 5. esp. equip (ships), posteaquam maximas adificasset ornassetque classes, Cic. Man. 9; naues omni genere armorum ornatisimae, Caes. b. g. 3, 14, 2; naues ornatae sunt, Liv. 40, 26, 8; add 9, 30, 4; 6. furnish (magistrates with staff and outfit), ornat (decumviris) apparitoribus scribis libraribus praecomibus praeterea mulis tabernaculis suppellectilis, Cic. agr. 2, 32; magistratus mulis tabernaculisque et omni alio instrumento ornabantur, Liv. 42, 1, 9; and absol., referentur de ornandis praetoribus, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 3, 1; de consulibus ornandis, Att. 3, 24, 1; 7. so o. provinciae, vote an outfit for, consulum provinciae ornatae esse, Cic. Att. 3, 24, 1; antequam provinciae ornarent profectus est, Suet. Caes. 18; 8. o. conuiuium, dress out rooms for a banquet, Cic. Quint. 93 and Verr. 2, 4, 44; 11. 9. met. deck out, honour, artibus atque uirtutibus, Cic. fin. 2, 112; Caesar rebus maximis gestis singularibus ornatus et nouis honoribus ac iudicis senatus, fam. 1, 9, 14; ciuitas quam omnibus rebus ornasset, ita pedestri exercitu ornato, Liv. 1, 43, 8; add 44, 1, 6; Caes. b. g. 7, 33, 1; 10. esp. with words, honour, compliment, qui me non solum meis laudibus ornaret sed etiam alienis, Cic. Phil. 2, 25; tu es qui me tuis sententiis sapientissime ornasti, fam. 15, 4, 11; 11. clothe (ideas in choice language), embellish, eum statuebam...eloquentem qui mirabilibus arguis posset atque ornare quae uellet, Cic. or. 1, 94; illa quibus orationem ornari atque illuminari putem, 3, 25; non dubitauit seditiones ipsas ornare, 2, 124; 12. dress out with weals, give a dressing to, S. regnum hic tu possides? A. Si possiderem ornatus esses ex tuis uirtutibus, Ter. Ad. 2, 1, 22; 13. ornatus part. as adj., well fitted (for), locus ad dicendum ornatissimus, Cic. Man. 1; 14. beautiful, agro bene culto nihil specie ornatus, Cic. sen. 57; 15. of persons, distinguished, ornatissimus loco ordine nomine uirtute ingenio copis, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 127; and absol. Caecil. 29 and Flac. 48; 16. ornate (in oratory), homines, Cic. or. 1, 42; oratio, 1, 50; uersus, orat. 36; 17. for comp. see § 14; for sup. §§ 5, 13, 15; 18. ornate adv. beautifully as to style, eloquently, Cic. off. 1, 41; or. 3, 53; Plin. ep. 1, 16, 2; ornatus, Cic. fam. 9, 21, 1; ornatisime, Brut. 21; 19. orno implies a lost sb. ornum (cf. dono from donum, signo from signum); and this ornum for osnum points to the lost vb. uos, whence uestis; Go. vas-ian; cf. *fer-veya*, whence *εφθυσ* and *ηφυσ-εφ-να*; cf. also omentum; the change of s to r is assumed in Varro's

(1, 5, 29) idle words; ornatus quasi ab ore natus, hinc enim maxime sumitur quod eam (sc. mulierem) diceat; 20. ornamentum with an apex on the o, inser. Or. 622; and Cardinal. dipl. imp. 183, 325.

58. ōris, n. [see below] a perforation or hole, excisa trabe firma cauauit Robora et ingentem lato deitit ore fenestram, Verg. 2, 482; 2. esp. a mouth, uirginem sparso ore aduoco naso, Ter. Haut. 5, 5, 18; turundas (meal balls) (gallinis) in ore indat, Cato r. 89 (90); ex ore in eius os inflato aquam, 90; ad haec (sc. cibum potitionem spiritum) percipienda os est attissimum, Cic. N. D. 2, 134; cibum oris hiatu et dentibus capessunt, 2, 122; spumantia frenis Ora...equorum, Verg. 12, 373; Centenasque manus quinquaginta oribus\* ignem Pectoribusque arsisse, 10, 566; 3. met. a mouth, as: ulceris, Verg. G. 3, 454; pleno quum turget sacculus ore, Iuv. 14, 138; hoc dolium ore in cuculum uerso posuerunt, Liv. 38, 7, 11; tascula oris angusti, Quint. 1, 2, 28; oribus\* uasculorum gypso clausis, Pall. 3, 25, 9; altero specus eius ore inuento, Liv. 10, 1, 5; add 45, 27, 3; eius (specus) os saxis obruit, Tac. an. 4, 59; Hic ora soluit Ditis inuisi domus, Sen. Herc. f. 669; os uulgo, Cels. 6, 18, 9 and 10; 4. esp. of a river, in ore Tibetis, Liv. 1, 33, 9; add 22, 19, 12; 5. akin to this met., in Ponti ore et angustis, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 129; in ipso aditu atque ore portus, 2, 4, 30; ante os ipsum portus, Liv. 25, 11, 19; fontem suprare Timau Vnde per ora nomen...It mare prorsum...holes in the earth through wh. the several streams rush as from mouths—Verg. 1, 244; ora nenuum, Cels. 2, 7, p. 41, 27 Dar.; add 6, 18, 9; but in Colum. 8, 15, 3 ora lacus ne corruptantur, we sh. perh. read ora, the margin of the pond, cf. ora naturalium, Cels. 2, 7, p. 41, 13; 11. 6. mouth as organ of speech, speech, language, orator...suaniloquenti Oro, Enn. an. 305 V; add 415, 565; artificum dicendi, nisi accessit os, nullum potest esse, Cic. or. 2, 29; clarissimo uiro fugitiui ore male dicere, Deiot. 28; ora sono discordia signant, Verg. 2, 423; Graiis dedit ore rotundo Musa loqui, Hor. A. P. 323; philosophorum Socratico ore defluentium, Vell. 1, 16, 4; quorum nomina uix est eloqui Romano ore, Mela 3, 3, 30; poscebatur ore uulgi dux Agricola, Tac. Agr. 41; 7. esp. in ore, as: in ore omni populo, Ter. Ad. 1, 2, 13;—in everybody's mouth; istius nequitium tum in ore uolgi esse uersatam, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 121; add 2, 56 and am. 2; fin. 2, 76; 8. uno ore, with one voice, Vno ore auctores fore ut..., Ter. Ph. 4, 3, 20; add Andr. 1, 1, 69; unquo omnes eadem ore fremebant, Verg. 11, 132; 9. so, An ut praenatis (s) in ora uulgi, Catul. 40, 5; ne in ora hominum pro ludibrio abiect, Liv. 2, 36, 3; Maius ab exequiis nomen in ora uenit, Prop. 4 (3), 1, 24; 11. 10. by extension, face, countenance, noua figura oris, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 26; ora ipsa iratorum, Cic. off. 1, 102; qui ora iudicium aspiciere aut os suum populo Romano ostendere auderet, Verr. 2, 1, 1; add Mil. 42 and Cat. 4, 1; uulnus ore exceptum, Quint. 6, 3, 75; qui os oculosque Galli rostro atque alius cuerberaret, 2, 4, 18; and met. nulli laedere os, say nothing to a person's face to pain him, Ter. Ad. 5, 4, 10; 11. in poets, ora pl. of one person's face, uidet...lacerum crudeliter ora, Ora manusque ambas, Verg. 6, 495; ut nultum uidit morientis et ora, Ora etc., 10, 821; 12. eyes, sight, presence, uolito uiuos per ora uirum, soar aloft before their eyes (cf. Hor. od. 2, 20), Enn. ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 34; temptanda niast qua me quoque possim Tollere humo uictorque uirum uolitare per ora, Verg. G. 3, 9; uereor coram in os te laudare amplius, to your face, Ter. Ad. 4, 4, 5; hinc concedas aliquo ab ore eorum, Haut. 3, 3, 11; quae in foro palam Syracusis, in ore atque in oculis provinciae gesta sunt, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 81; in ore omnium quotidie uersabatur, Rose. Am. 16; add Verg. 11, 887; in ore eius iugulatur, Tac. h. 3, 77; traductus per ora ciuitatum populis qui descinerant ostenditur, Iust. 36, 1, 5; 13. the face as exhibiting shame or proof against it, Nam quo redibo ore ad eam quam contempserim? Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 24; os tuum impudens uidere nimum uellem, Enn. 3, 5, 49; os durum, 4, 7, 36; quod tandem os est illius patroni qui ad eas causas sine ulla scientia iuris audet accedere? Cic. or. 1, 175; notis os

hominis, nostis audaciam, Verr. 2, 2, 48; ore durissimo, Quinct. 77; Nec tibi plus cordis sed minus oris inest (sense of shame), Ov. her. 16 (17), 102; duritia oris, Sen. dial. 2, 17, 3; os hominis! Mart. 9, 94, 2; nihil erat mollius ore Pompeii; numquam non coram pluribus rubuit, utique in contentibus, Sen. ep. 11, 4; 14. praebere os alicui, throw oneself in the way of blows or insults, Sy. adolescenti morem gestum oportuit. Sa. Qui potui melius qui hodie usque os praebui? Ter. Ad. 2, 2, 7; desisse postremo praebere ad contumeliam os, Liv. 4, 35, 10; 15. by further extension, the head (but with spec. ref. to face), Gorgonis os pulcherrimum cinctum anguibus abstulit, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 124; truncus arborum antefixa ora, Tac. an. 1, 61; add Stat. Th. 3, 131; 16. os navis, a ship's head, tot ora navium Rostrata, Hor. ep. 4, 17; 17. calyx of the plant, hiantis saeva leonis ora, Colum. 10, 98; perh. leontice chrysogonum; 18. prov., inter os atque offam multa interuenire posse, Cato orat. 67, 4 Iord.; 19. oribus is rare but found in Verg. and Pall. as marked \*; the gen. pl. is not found; 20. os prob., for fœces, and so from the root of forare fodere; hence ost-ium with ex- crescent t; fœres, foris, foras and (o)st-ou-a also akin; hence too Fr. huis in a huis clos; cf. huissier from ostia- rius.

ostiūm, ii, n. [ōs oris, with excrement t] aperture, entrance, ex ostio Acheruntis, poet. ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 37; an- trum Quo lati ducunt aditus centum, ostia centum, Verg. 6, 43; 2. esp. a door way, door, in eo pariete medio ostii lumen aperto latum p. ui altum p. uii, CIL 577, 1, 10; osti- um...quod nunc est...opstruito, 577, 2, 13; macterium pin- nas et austria desuo fecit Mineruae, CIL 1463; Nam nihilst qua hinc huc transire ea possit nisi recto ostio, Pl. Mil. 2, 3, 58; hoc obscurare ostium, 2, 3, 81; aut ostium hic erimus, Caec. 117 R; haec ubi aperit (so Bentr.) and metre, mss aperuit ostium, Ter. Hant. 2, 3, 35; obscura ostium, Eunu. 4, 6, 25; aperto ostio dormientes, Cic. Rose. Am. 65; ostium carceris, Tusc. 5, 13; 3. met., ne in ruinis eius (sc. aerae) grana obliuiscant...et ostia aperiant murib- us ac forniciis, Varr. r. 1, 51, 1; 4. of the larynx and epiglottis, cum aspera arteria...ostium habeat adinectum linguae radicibus, Cic. N. D. 2, 136; 5. mouth of a port, Insula...in utriusque portus ostium aditumque pro- iecta est, Verr. 2, 4, 118; pleno subit ostia uelo (note pl. in a poet), Verg. 1, 400; 6. mouth of a river, o. Tiberinum, Cic. Man. 33; o. fluminis Cydni, Phil. 2, 26; o. Rhodani, Caes. b. c. 2, 1, 2; so: nunc nullam intra Oceani ostium praedonum nauem esse, Cic. Man. 33, straits of Gibraltar, as though Oceanus were a river; 7. Ostia, orum, the two mouths of the Tiber whence the name of the city Ostia (ae), Ostia contigerat qua se Tiberius in altum Diuidit, Ov. F. 4, 291; so too Sall. ap. Charis. 76 P, 98, 16 K; but in Inv. 11, 49 ostrea not Ostia; 8. note form austria in § 2; 9. a form Hostium also found as Hostia in Ov. l. c. in two good mss; cf. Fr. huis huissier.

ōstium, ii, n. [see below] leisure, opp. to negotium, haut contentumnam Partem dixi atque otium rei si sit possum expromere, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 169; Otio qui nescit uti plus

negoti habet quam...; and soon: otiosus in otio animus nescit quid velit, Eunu. tr. 252 V; non hercle otiumst Nunc mi auscultandi, Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 65; tantumne ab re tuast oti tibi Aliena ut cures? Haut. 1, 1, 23; clarorum hominum atque magnorum non minus oti quam negoti rationem exstare oportere, Cato ap. Cic. Plane. 66; in otio de negotiis cogitare, Cic. off. 3, 1; horum libros cum est otium legere soleo, or. 2, 59; de quibus in foro atque in negotiis agendi uon est otium, Varr. s. 176, 3 R; Vitruvius iussi persequemur otium, Non dulces ni tecum simul, An...; Hor. epod. 1, 7; 2. hence peace, quiet, nihil esse tam populare quam pacem, tranquillitatem otium, Cic. agr. 2, 102; ualde me ad otium pacemque conuerto, Q. fr. 3, 5 (6) 5; minime miror te otium perturbare, Phil. 2, 87; insolens belli di- uinitate otii, Caes. b. c. 2, 36, 1; expectabat (Caesar) Rauennae) snis lenissimis postulatis responsa, si qua homi- num aequitate res ad otium deduci possit, 1, 5 f.; 3. in pl., peace or leisure, deus nobis haec otia fecit, Verg. B. 1, 6; ut in otia tuta recedant, Hor. s. 1, 1, 30; 4. what is produced under leisure, Excusatis oculis otia nostra tuis, Ov. tr. 2, 224; 5. otio as adv. at one's ease, quam- libet lambe otio, Noli uereri, Phaedr. 1, 27 (25), 6; 6. otium for noct-ium, from uoc-are, old form of uac-are, with exer. t.

ōvis, is, m., more freq. f.; [?] sheep, firstly masc., quando citatus neque respondit neque excusatus est, ei ego unum ouem multam dico, Varr. ap. Nou. 216; and Gell. 11, 1, 4; ouem masculino genere dixerunt ut ouibus duobus, nou duabus, Paul. ex Fest. s. u. ouem, p. 195 M; oui mari testiculi dempti, Varr. l. 5, 19, p. 101 Sp.; Semi- maris flammis uiscera libat ouis, Ov. f. 1, 588; cf. su-oue- taurilia, of the boar, ram and bull; cf. ὄ κ αι ῥ ὄ σ; 2. gen. f. ewe, sheep, (aries and uerux for the male), Oues scabrae sunt tam glabrae em quam haec est mares, Pl. Triu. 2, 4, 140; S. Cum feruit maxime, tam placidum quam ouem reddo. C. Quomodo? Ter. Ad. 4, 1, 18; quid oues aliud adferunt nisi ut carum uillis homines uestiantur? Cic. N. D. 2, 158; pastorem Tityre pinguis Pascere oportet ōvis, Verg. B. 6, 5; Aut tondet infirmas ōnes, Hor. epod. 2, 16; quas...Nec placidae carpsisti oues hirtae capellae, Ov. M. 13, 927; 3. prov. of wolf and lamb, ut maueis lupo Apud oues quam domi linquere hos custodes, Pl. Ps. 1, 2, 23; Lupo scelesti (so T H K, mss scelesti lupo) ouem (monos.) commisisti; dispudet..., Ter. Eunu. 5, 1, 16; o praeclearum custodem ouium ut aiunt lupum! Cic. Phil. 3, 27; 4. met. of a fool to be sheared, B. quis haec ouis (monos.) adegit? N. Ouis nos uocant pessimae. S. Pastor harum..., Pl. Bac. 5, 2, 4; Ouen tibi ecicallam dabo natam annos sexaginta Peculiarem...Tondetur nim- ium scite, Merc. 3, 1, 26; Et stolidum pleno uellere carpe pecus, 3, 7 (2, 16), 8; 5. poet. for wool, Et ni- ueam Tyrio murice tingit ouem, Tib. 2, 4, 28; 6. in comic poets ouis ouem etc. often monos. cf. Pl. § 4, Ter. § 3 and Ritschl prol. 152; cf. also bones a monos. Aul. 2, 2, 57; Ps. 3, 2, 23; 7. in abl. oui or oue, Varr. l. 8, 37, p. 440 Sp.; but not ouim; in Pl. Merc. 3, 1, 26 mss haue ouem or quem for ouem; 8. cf. S. aui, ὄ κ αι, Lith. awi-s, Go. aui in auistr, oville, Eng. ewe.

## P.

**pābūlaris**, e, adj. [pabulum] of or for fodder, uicia, Colum. 2, 13, 1; Pall. 1, 6, 14; add Plin. 18, 142.

**pābūlar-rius**, adj. as sb. m. dealer in forage, pabulario-rum collegium, inscr. Don. cl. 9, 3 and 20.

**pābūlatio**, ōnis, f. foraging, esp. of armies, Caes. b. g. 1, 15, 4; 7, 14, 2; 7, 16, 3; 7, 20, 9; Varr. r. 3, 16, 21 of bees; Colum. 7, 9, 14 of hogs.

**pābūlātor**, ōris, m. forager, Caes. b. c. 1, 55, 1; Liv. 29, 2, 3.

**pābūlātēr-ius**, adj. of a forager, corbis, Col. 6, 3, 5; 11, 2, 99.

**pābūlor**, āri, vb. r. [pabulum, cf. frumentor, materior fm. frumentum etc.] forage, get fodder or food. Cotidie ex urbe ad mare huc prodlum pabulatum, Pl. Rud. 2, 1, 6; Colum. 7, 6, 9 of a goat; 8, 15, 6 of birds; 2. esp. of armies, Caes. b. g. 5, 17, 2; b. c. 1, 59, 2; Tac. an. 12, 38 f.; 3. as a pass. met., fimo pabulandae sunt oleae, Colum. 5, 9, 13.

**pābūlōsus**, adj. abounding in forage, (Britannia) pabulosa, Solin. 22, 2.

**pābūlum**, i, n. [for pa-ab-ālum, see pascor] food, chiefly of animals, fodder, pabulum hoc modo parari darique oportet...; glandem..., Cato r. 54, 1; hirundo Pabula parna legens, Verg. 12, 475; pabula fecit equis, Ov. Pont. 1, 2, 122; 2. esp. of armies, Caes. b. g. 7, 14, 2; 7, 74, 2; 3. in poets of man, Pabula dia tulit, miseris mortalibus ampla, Lucr. 5, 941; tibi pabula dicit et miseras Polypheme dapes, Val. F. 4, 105; 4. met., Acheruntis, Pl. Cas. 2, 1, 11; animorum, Cic. acad. pr. 127; studiū, sen. 49; amoris, Lucr. 4, 1056; pabula morbo, Ov. M. 8, 876.

**paelex**, (pellex).

**paenitet**, ēre, ut, paenititur, vb. [akin to paene paenuria, cf. Gell. 17, 1, 9] a feeling of not having enough possesses (me), or parum uidetur, as Don. says Ter. Eun. 5, 6, 12 and Phorm. 1, 3, 20 paenitet cum qui parum patitur; first with a gen., paenitet me eius, I feel that I have not enough of it, am dissatisfied, discontented with, and so perh. ashamed of, Immo duas dabo inquit ille adolescens, una si parumst; Et si duarum paenitebit inquit, addentur dnae, Pl. St. 4, 1, 45; Eccestr munus te curaturum scio Vt quous (monos). me non paeniteat (tu?) mittas mihi, Pl. Truc. 2, 4, 77; An paenitebat flagiti te auctore quod fecisset Adulescens ni miserum insuper etiam patri indicares? Ter. Eun. 5, 6, 12; nostri nosmet paenitet, Pl. 1, 3, 20; quod si efecero (so Bentl., miss pericio) non paenitet me famae, Hec. 5, 2, 9; Quod si procedit neque te neque quemquam arbitror Tuae paenititur landis, Att. 312 R; quid cum Miesarchi paenitebat, quid Dardani? Qui erant principes Stoicorum, Cic. acad. pr. 69; iam ipsa terra ita mihi parua uisa est ut me imperii nostri quo quasi punctum eius attingimus paeniret, rep. 6, 16; quippe minime paenitere se uirum suarum si bellum placeat, Liv. 8, 23; Stant et oues circum; nostri nec paenitet illas, Nec te paeniteat pecoris diuine poeta, Verg. B. 10, 16; 2. with quod, an paenitet nos quod saluum atque incolumem exercitum nulla omnino nece desiderata traduxerim? Caes. b. c. 2, 32, 12; paenitet quod antiquissimum sollempne ad seruorum ministerium deduxisti...misi..., Liv. 9, 34, 18; 3. with interr. pron., paenitente te quot ancillas alam (alam Speng., sive iam) qui etiam mihi (quis enim quia mea) superadducas quae mihi comedit cibum, Pl. Truc. 2, 6, 52; Att. dices Quantum hic operis fiat paenitet, Ter. Hant. 1, 1, 20; quae qualiaecumque in me sunt—me enim ipsum paenitet quanta sint..., Cic. orat. 130; non paenitet me quantum profecerim, Att. 12, 28, 2; tamdiu uelle debetis quoad te quantum proficias non paenitebit, off. 1, 2; 4. with nom. of cause, Et me quidem haec condicio nunc

non paenitet, Pl. St. 1, 1, 51; but this use of paenitet seems to cease with Aug. age, and was obsolete for Gell. 17, 1, 9.

II 5. gen. he ashamed of (the past), regret, repent, cum interemisset Clitum, uix a se manus abstinuit, tanta uis fuit paenitendi, Cic. Tusc. 4, 79; solet enim, cum aliquid furiose fecit, paenitere, Att. 8, 5, 1; Cum bene peccati paenituisse nident. Paenitet..., Paenitet et facto torqueor ipse meo, Ov. Pont. 1, 1, 58; 6. with neut. pron. for nom., cause repentance, sapientis est nihil quod paenitere possit facere, Cic. Tusc. 5, 81; utrum id faciūis sit quod paenitere fuerit necesse, inu. 2, 431; 7. rarely as vb. pers., repent, paenitebunt, Pacuv. 31 R; Aetolos quoque si paenitere possint, posse et incolumes esse, Liv. 36, 22, 3; Athenienses sicut primi defecerant, ita primi poenitere coeperunt, Just. 11, 3, 3; 8. hence in part. paenitens repenting, optimus est portus paenitenti mutatio consilii, Cic. Phil. 12, 7; Lepidum paenitentem consilii, Sall. ap. Charis. 224 P, 253, 11 K; add Diom. 359 P, 363, 30 K; 9. adv. paenitenter, penitently, Min. F. Oct. 26; 10. paenitendus, to be ashamed or repented of, sub haud paenitendo magistro, Liv. 1, 35, 5; ager paenitendus, Colum. 2, 2, 7; dicta factaque non paenitenda, Gell. 1, 3, 2; 11. paeniturus (perh. with long i for paenit-iturus) likely to repent, eo usque processum est ut non paenititurum pro non acturo paenitentiam dixerit (Sallustius), Quint. 9, 3, 12; cf. impers. paenititurum, Att. 312 R; 12. paen. not poen. in best MSS, as Med. and Rom. of Vergil; paen. is also meant by peū, Pl. Truc. 2, 4, 77 and 2, 6, 52 in MSS B C D.

**pālam**, adv. [pal=pan of pando; cf. pal-ma pal-ul-pl-anus; for snff. cf. clam cor-am proten-am] openly, eam locutionem palam in foro facito, CIL 206, 37; Auferimus aum omne illis praesentibus Palam atque aperte, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 67; Neque id occulte fert; ab lenone ipsa eripuit palam, Ter. Ad. 3, 2, 30; palam in tem tu facituri, clam subministrantur, Cic. Cael. 20; add Terr. 2, 4, 49; Mil. 42; eos nec palam nec secreto iactare consilia sua, Liv. 44, 34, 2; Licet palam certumt igni circumdare muros, Verg. 9, 153; Vocē palam pecori, clam sibi quisque nocet Aut etiam sibi quisque palam, Tib. 2, 1, 84; 2. hence p. facio let out (a secret), divulge, me honestus Quam te palam hanc rem facerest, Pl. As. 4, 2, 12; ut ne id fiat palam, Ter. Hec. 1, 2, 30; credo palam factum esse, Cic. Att. 13, 21, 3; add Liv. 1, 41, 6; 3. palam est it is divulged, well known, out, is clear, palam est res, Et quidem palam est am esse ut dicis, Pl. Mil. 2, 5, 65; continuo palamst, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 24; haec commemorare quae sunt palam, Cic. Pis. 11; Esse iugur genere in quovis primordia rerum Infinita palamst, Liv. 2, 568; II 4. as prep. with abl. (or dat. ? for me te may be old dative), rem creditori palam populo soluit, Liv. 6, 14, 5; palam senatu, Aur. V. 5, 5; 5. also after noun, as: ille populo Caesar atrumque palam, eleg. ad Liv. 442; Mēque palam de me tuto mala saepe locutur, Ov. Tr. 5, 10, 39; add a. a. 2, 549.

**pāpilio**, ōnis, m. [perh. for palpill-ion-, redupl. fm. a stem pal=παλῶν; and so little quiverer; cf. φαλακρά a moth Hesych.; Germ. falt-er, nacht-falter; It. far-falla butterfly] a moth or butterfly, quaeque solent canis frondes intexere illis Agrestes tineae (caterpillars)...Ferali mutant eum papilionē figuram, Ov. M. 15, 374; uermiculi qui tineae uocantur, item papiliones encandis sunt, Colum. (de apibus), 9, 14, 2; papilio...luminibus aduolantis, pestifer (apibus), Plin. 11, 65; inde porrigitur uermiculus paruos, et triduo mors eruea...duro cortice; ad tactum tantum moeuer, araneo adcreta, quam chrysalidem appellant; rupto deinde cortice uolat papilio, 11, 112; bestiolae maior, araneos, papiliones, teredines; and soon: papilio, pestis maior, lucernis tollitur...accensis ante alios; in eam flammam

sese ingerunt, 21, 81; papilio lucernarum luminibus aduolans, 28, 162; papilionis qui vermiculos stercore suo faciunt nasci, Pall. 4, 15, 4; add 5, 9, 7; 2. of the silk-worm moth, 11, 77; 11. 3. a pavilion or soldiers' tent, in expeditionibus apertis papilionibus prandit atque cenauit, Lampr. Alex. 5, 51, 5; add 61, 2; aurati papilionis, Trebel. 10, 1; miles...ad bellum praecedit...de papilionibus expeditis, Tert. ad Mart. 3; 4. also in religious use, inscr. Fr. Arv. Orel. 5053, 20.

**parámus**, *i. m.* (prob. a Span. *wd.*=modern *paramo*) table-land, flat summit of a mountain, Cernuon altitronum cornua dicit Dianae Tullius, Quos uicet in parami aequore uectus feroci sonipede, CIL 2, 2660.

**pārichrūs**, *i. m.* (*παριχρύς*; cf. porrum=*παρσόν*), a kind of topaz, Ambros. psalm. 118; serm. 16, 41 (Haupt ej. prasochrus).

**pāro**, *äre*, *vb.* [akin to *par-eo*, *par-io* p(o)r-o *prae* *para*] cause to be near or at hand, *pre* ready, *pre* prepare, provide, cetera parare quae parantur pecunia, equos famulos uestem, Cic. am. 55; qui alteri exitum parat, Enn. tr. 21 V; omnia ab integro paranda erant, Cato orat. 34, 3 I; quod parato opus est para, Ter. Andr. 3, 2, 43; hisce ego non paro me ut rideant, Eun. 2, 1, 18; quam (nam) hic fugam aut furtum parat? Ph. 1, 4, 14; add Ad. 3, 4, 31; fuga parabatur, Cic. Att. 7, 26, 1; in quo parat se ad discedendum, orat. 122; ut huc te pares, fam. 1, 7, 9; subsidium senectuti, diu. 2, 122; bellum, Caes. b. g. 3, 9, 3; 6, 2, 3; copias, 3, 23; 2. parantibus utrisque se ad proelium, Liv. 9, 14, 1; alterutri se fortunae parans, Vell. 2, 43, 2; diuitias sine fine, Ov. tr. 1, 2, 75; 2. esp. with money, buy, iam ego parabo aliquam dolosam fiduciam...Quae sem emptum simulet, Pl. Epid. 3, 2, 35; cogito trans Thiberim hortos aliquos parare, Cic. Att. 12, 19, 1; serui aere parati Sal. Iug. 31, 11; argente parata mancipia, Liv. 41, 6, 10; 3. of fates, destiny etc., ordain, aequum fuit Deos (mones) parauisse, uno exemplo ne omnes uitam uiuerent, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 131; si ita natura paratum esset, Cic. diu. 2, 122; per inna ecurrat Ossa tremor cui fata parent, quem poscat Apollo, Verg. 2, 121; 4. abs. me. understood, prepare, make preparations, Animo uirili praesentent ut sis para, Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 64; moliri parare, Sal. Iug. 11, 8; oppidani...parare omnibus locis, 60, 1; at Romani festinare parare, Cat. 6, 5; but in Liv. 21, 7, 1 dum ea parant, and in 42, 53, 2 iussis parari; 5. with inf. iam cata signa fere (so mss., fera O. Müller) sonitum dard uoce parabant, Enn. an. 447 V; Maledictis detertere ne scribat parat, Ter. Ph. pr. 3; legem parabat ferre, Liv. 38, 30, 3; sortiiri, 32, 28, 2; In nemus ire parant, Verg. 4, 118.

**pasceat**, *äre*, *vb.* freq. intr. feed, (apes) quae in siluestribus locis pasceant (al. pastant), Varr. r. 3, 16, 19.

**pasco**, *äre*, *pāui*, *pastus*, *vb.* [for *pa-asco* (cf. *pa-asco*, *basco*), where *pa* is for *pēu* (as in *pennis* pennum, food, wh. see; cf. *pa-asco*, *pa-asco*, *pa-asco*, *pa-asco*); cf. *pa-astor* old form of *pastor*] first as trans. feed (animals) supply with fodder, graze, qui in agrum compascuum pecudes maiores non plus x pasceat, CIL 200, 14; neque pejus...in eo agro pasceat, 200, 86; lead to pasture, non didici balolare, Nec pecu ruri pascere nec..., Pl. Merc. 3, 1, 11; lanigerum piscibus pasceit, Enn. ap. Paul. ex Fest. p. 59 M; Pecua...pascent Danai, Aec. ap. Non. 159, 8; Tu cornifrontes pascere armentas soles, Pacuv. ap. Serv. A. 3, 540; cum sues puer pasceret, Cic. diu. 1, 31; capras, Varr. r. 2, 1, 16; non, me pascente, capellae...salices carpitibus amaras, Verg. 1, 78; armenta quae buca paut, Ov. M. 6, 394; 2. of slaves, plures calones atque caballi pascedi, Hor. s. 1, 6, 203; non circumstant illam turba seruorum ad quos pascedum..., Sen. ep. 17, 3; quod pasceit seruus? Iuv. 3, 141; uiginti nentes pasco et canem, Petr. 57; 3. irreverently or jokingly of men, olusculis nos soles pascere, Cic. Att. 6, 1, 13; argentum et ministros quando pascebat (gave a feed) accipiebat ab amicis, Lampr. Alex. Sev. 41; his moribus non modo sufficiebant fruges, nulla prouinciarum pascente

Italiam, uerum..., Plin. 18, 15; Haud tamen inuideas uati quem pulpa pascent, Iuv. 7, 93; pietores quis nescit ab Iside pasci? 12, 28; 4. also in poets, quos diues Auagnia pascit, Verg. 7, 684; 5. met. flammas, Ov. M. 13, 467; aram, tr. 4, 4, 63; amorem, rem. am. 749; eriem, Verg. 7, 391; let grow; barbam, Hor. s. 2, 3, 35; spes pascis inanis, Verg. 10, 627; nummos alienos, Hor. ep. 1, 18, 35; (umbra) pascentis sata, Plin. 17, 90; 6. esp. oculos, animum, Restabat aliud nihil nisi oculos pascere, Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 35; eius cruciatu pascere oculos, Cic. Ver. 2, 5, 65; in eius corpore lacerando eum animum satiare non posset oculos pauerit suos, Cic. Phil. 11, 8; 11. 7. w. acc. of land, use for grazing cattle, ea prata...inuitis eis aliquis scit (sic) agro pascat, CIL 109, 40; in pass., pecoris quod in eo agro pasceat, CIL 200, 19; ubi grates pascentur paunum greges, Varr. ap. Non. 4, 218; 8. more commonly as a refl. feed, graze, cat. si pulli non pascentur, Liv. 6, 41, 8; Cetera pascentur uirides armenta per herbas, Verg. G. 3, 162; Pasceat in silua...iuuena, 3, 219; add B. 1, 60; 9. w. abl. feed on, frondibus et uictu, Verg. G. 3, 528; otia corpus alunt, animum quoque pasceat illis, Ov. Pont. 1, 4, 21; Pasceat crudelis nostro Latona dolore, Ov. M. 6, 280; 10. and met. devour, fatten on, pasceat bibliotheca Fausti, Cic. Att. 4, 10; his ego rebus pasceat, his perfruor, Pis. 45; discordis ciuium ac seditione, Sest. 99; malicio et scelere, off. 2, 40; 11. w. acc. in poets, pascentur siluas et summa Lycae, Verg. G. 3, 314; pascentur et arbuta passim (of bees), 4, 181; 12. pasco as intr., esp. in part. and supine, ire uis mulla pastum foras, Pl. Most. 4, 1, 21; sine (bones) ire pastum, Pers. 2, 5, 23; Saltibus in uacuis pascent, Verg. G. 3, 143; and met. Duxerat esuriens locupletem pauper animumque Vixorem: pasceit Gellius, Mart. 9, 82; 13. pasco et pascor unius significationis sunt, Serv. A. 2, 215; pasco herbas et pascor herbas, Pomp. 233, 14 K; pasceit iuuenca et pasceat iuuenca recte dicitur, Consent. 368, 28 K; but in Pl. Rud. 4, 7, 12 read pasceit escam.

**pastor**, *öris*, *m.* [old form *paastor* from *pasco* i.e. *pa-a-co*] first, gen., one who feeds animals, as shepherd etc., fecit ut de agro poplico aratoribus cedent pastores, CIL 551, 14; Quapropter Parim pastores nunc Alexandrum uocant, Enn. ap. Varr. l. 7, 82; pastor Ilius, Aec. ap. Priso. 2, 411 K; quot sint habendi pastores, Varr. r. 2, 10, 1; seruos pastores armat atque his equos attribuit, Caes. b. c. 1, 24, 2; pastores nescio quos cupidus litterarum, Cic. Flac. 39; optimi pastoris qui e grege nullam pecudem patitur in agro relinquere, Colum. 11, 1, 18; 2. esp. of goats, Ov. M. 1, 1, 676; rem. am. 181; F. 3, 879; of sheep, Tr. 4, 12; F. 4, 735; 3. also of large cattle as oxen etc., as: armentaque pastor agebas, Ov. her. 5, 79; nec me pastoris Iberi Forma triplex...mouit, M. 9, 184; non hic armenta gregesque Obseruo, M. 1, 514; Pastor ab excelso per deua rura Iuuenos Romule praedones, et Reme dixit agunt, F. 2, 369; 4. yet also distinguished from neat-herd, bubulcis pastoribus cellae ponantur iuxta sua pecora, Colum. 1, 6, 8; Pastoris duri est hic filius, ille bubulci, Iuv. 11, 151; 5. of birds (paunum), Varr. r. 3, 6, 5; columbarius, 3, 7, 5; parandi modus est ducentorum capitum (gallinarum) quae pastoris unius curam distendant, 3, 8, 7; met., nec pastorem populi (τοῦτοια λαον) auctore Homero dixerim, Quint. 8, 6, 18; boui pastoris esse tondere pecus, non delubrare, Suet. Tib. 32.

**pātē-fācio**, *äre*, *feci*, *factum*, *vb.* cause to open, open, throw open to view, Indē patēfecit radiis rura candida caelum, Enn. an. 548 V; Qui simul atque uias oculorum luce replent Atque patēfecit quas ante obscedat ater, Lucr. 4, 320 (345); in ea parte oris quae esculentis et potulentis iter natura fecit, Cic. N. D. 2, 141; ne assentatoribus patefaciamus auris, off. 1, 91; hostibus portas patefacere, Liv. 2, 15, 3; patefactis ordibus, 28, 13; patefacta acie, 28, 22, 15; illos patefactis add auris reddidit, Cic. Verg. 2, 259; sulcum patēfecit aratro, Ov. M. 3, 104; magnis olim patēfacta triumphis Ianua, Prop. 1, 17 (16), 1; Tellus in longas est patefacta uias, Tib. 1, 3, 36; 2. met. indicia communis exitii, Cic. Mil. 103; o-



dium suum, Att. 11, 13, 2; liberti tuo totum me patefeci, fam. 6, 10, 1; 3. patefacturus, Cic. acad. pr. 44; patefactiendus, Flac. 5; 4. e long in older writers, Enn. Lucr.; after short.

**pātefactio**, ōnis, f. opening, haec patefactio quasi rerum oportarum, Cic. fin. 2, 5.

**pātefactus**, part. of patefactio and patefio.

**pātefio**, ēri, factus, vb. be made to open, be thrown open, be opened, Quin si hoc celetur in metu; sin patefit in probro siem, Ter. Phorm. 5, 4, 6 (but read pateat and with Bentl. sim; patefit is of wrong mood and for Ter. wrong qty); Cansa patefiet; quae ferri pelliciat uim, Lucr. 6, 1001; iter per Alpes... patefieri uolebat, Caes. b. g. 3, 1, 2; Nec flenti dominae patefiant nocte fenestras, Prop. 4 (3), 20, 19; 2. for qty of e cf. patefactio.

**pāter**, tris, m. patrēr as nom. in: Tibi patrēr (so ms A, Ritschl by ej. paterque) auoque faciem fecit et planam uiam, Pl. Trin. 3, 2, 19; Meus fuit patrēr Antimachus, ego uocor Licónides, Aul. 4, 4, 49; Ostentans attemque pater arcumque sonantem, Verg. 5, 521; add 11, 469; 12, 13; II patrēr pron. patrēr, cf. P. patrēr and parrieda, as: Neu tibi ageritūdinem patrēr parerem parsi sedulo, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 34; P. Quaesio elepol exsurge, patrēr aduocit. C. Tuos uenit patrēr? Most. 2, 1, 29; Pater uenit sed quid pertinui autem belna? Ter. Ph. 4, 2, 11; but here W. Wagner (Aul. pr. 33) would drop the r.

**pātro**, āre, vb. [pater] create a father (met.), hence pater patratus, an officer appointed to represent the state in a foreign embassy, esp. for declaring war or making a treaty, fetialis regem Tullum ita rogauit: Iubesne me rex cum patre patrato populi Albani foedus ferire? Liv. 1, 24, 4; and § 5, fetialis erat M. Valerius, is patrem patratus Sp. Fusiū fecit; cf. 100 §§ 6 and 7; p. p., hoc est princeps fetialis proficiscēbatur ad hostium fines et praefatus quaedam sollemnia clara uoce dicebat se bellum indicere..., Serv. ad A. 9, 53; add 10, 143; 12, 206; 2. patrō for patrōr vb. r. (see patrōr), act as pater patratus, an so exsecute any grave office of state, pater patratus ad iusiurandum patrāndum id est sciendūm sit foedus, Liv. 1, 24, 6; 3. hence gen. conclude a war, bring it to an end, conclude or sign a peace, si multitudo togatorum fuisset, uno die coeptum atque patrātum bellum foret, Sal. Jug. 21, 2; spe patrādi belli, 75, 2; add SS, 4; patrāndae pacis, inscr. ap. Liv. 40, 52, 5, and 44, 25, 6; ea patrāndo bello mora fuit quod..., Vell. 2, 79, 3; add 2, 123, 1; posse bellum patrāri, Tac. an. 2, 26, 2; gratiam patrādi belli, h. 3, 64; 4. met. of other grave deeds, conclude, commit, execute, perpetrate, perform, effect, bring to an end, sementim, Cato r. 54 (55); promissa, Cic. Att. 1, 14, 7; opera, 2, 19; tantum rem, Sal. Jug. 92, 1; emeta, Cat. 53, 4; incepta, 56, 4; facinus, Liv. 23, 8, 11; proelium, Vell. 2, 21, 3; maluit patrāti quam incepti facinoris res esse, Tac. an. 2, 66; mortes, 11, 28; nictoriam, 13, 41; iussa, 4, 83; remedium, 4, 81; 5. patrāns, solemn, as if doing some grave deed, patrānti fractus oculo, Pers. 1, 18; but by some taken in an obscene sense like Iuv. 7, 241 oculos in fine tremētes; cf. Quint. 8, 3, 44 in obscenum intellectum sermo detortus est, ut ductare exercitus et patrare bella apud Sallustium dicta sancte ridētibz.

**pātrōr**, āri, vb. r. [pater] lit. act as pater patratus (see patrō), hence bring to a conclusion, effect, Quod facere intendunt neque adhuc conata patrātur, Lucr. 5, 385; 2. patrāndum under patrō § 2 and patrāns § 5 perh. belong to patrō.

**pēdicātor**, (paed.) m.=pedico, Licin. Calv. ap. Suet. Caes. 49.

1 **pēdico**, ōnis, m. [pedico vb.] = qui pedicat, Mart. 6, 33, 1; 12, 85, 1.

2 **pēdico**, (paed.) arē, vb. [prob. from a form πεδίζω πεδίζω with exor. δ, al. from παδ- by Bächeler Rh. Mus. 13, 153 from pedax, but note the long i] rem turpem cum

puero habeo, Catul. 16, 1 and 14; 21, 4; Mart. 11, 94, 6; 2. item cum muliere, Mart. 7, 67, 1; 11, 104, 17; and met. 11, 99, 2; 3. in a riddle, Penelope primam Di-donis prima sequatur Et primam Cani syllaba prima Re-mi, anct. Priap. 68.

**pēlex** or rather pēlex, leis, f. [see below] lit. a little young one, hence a young person, as euphemism for a concubine of a married man (cf. amica, *εταρα* and Sp. manebat, as opp. to amicus, *εταρος*, manebat), pēlex aram funonis ne tangito, lex Numae ap. Gell. 4, 3, 3; Efecti pellee ut memm priuareum uirum, Caecil. 156 R; uxor generi, nouera filii, filiae\* pēlex, Cic. Clu. 109; Tunc erit et matris\* pēlex et adultera patris? Ov. M. 10, 347; pēlex ego facia sororis\*, 6, 537; add her. 14, 95; C. Flaecus scribit pellicem nunc nullo nocari quae cum eo uix uxor sit concupiscat, Paul. dig. 50, 16, 144; so far is chiefly used with gen. of the wife marked \*; 2. gen. a concubine, nobilem uirginem constupratam sermo suo pellicem dederat, Curt. 10, 1, 5; quorū filia quae inter regias pellices erat an..., Iust. 1, 9, 15; add 10, 1, 12; 3, 10; 3. met., Suet. Caes. 49; Mart. 12, 96; 34, 119, 2; 4. pēlex with one l in mss D E G r of Ov. F. 2, 179; 3, 493; 6, 35; 6, 481, though Merkel reads pēlex; the form paelex preferred by some, as Munro, and Jeep in Iust. 10, 2, 2 and 42, 4, 15, but ms A in both has pel.; 5. pēlex=παλας, παλος, pullus, Sc. pollock, our fillie, a little young one, and in the first syll. = foal; ex diu. suff. like Gk. ας, our oak and ie.

**pēlluia**, ae, adj. f. as sb. [ped-+lau- wash] a foot-pan, quibus pedes sunt lauantē pēlluia, add Paul. ex Fest. 207, 1.

**pēlluuium**, ii, adj. n. as sb. same, = ποδονιπτήρ, Gloss. Philox. v. pollubrum.

**pēnēs**, prep. [akin to penitus, penetror, penus] in the possession of, in the hands of, penes nos quod in potestate nostra est, Fest. p. 250 b 18 M; apud et penes in hoc different quod alterum personam cum loco significat, alterum personam et domitium, Paul. ex Fest. 212, 9; penes te est quod quodammodo possideris, Ulp. dig. 50, 16, 63; per-seruatus es Tuo arbitratu neque tui me\* quiequam inuēisti penes, Pl. Aul. 4, 4, 27; quom cūus rem penes me habeam domi, Trin. 3, 3, 5; quod uoluit... ubi iam penes sese habent..., Capt. 2, 1, 37; add Truc. 4, 4, 5\* and 4, 5, 9; Trin. 5, 2, 2\*; quid istaoc, iam penes uos psaltriat? Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 34; quod omnis frumenti copia penes istum esset redacta, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 171; hic centum dies penes accusatorem cum fuisset, Mil. 60; edicunt penes quem quisque sit Caesaris miles producat, Caes. b. c. 1, 76, 4; Neue putes aeterna\* penes residere potessee Corpora prima quod in summis fluitare uidemus Rebus, Luer. 2, 1010; penes donatorem remanet (id quod donatum est), Paul. dig. 2, 23, 5; 2. so far with vbs. of rest or perfect tense, but in legal writers, v. vbs. of motion, as: Ulp. dig. 13, 6, 5, 2; Paul. 16, 3, 29; 3. met., Quos\* penes mei fuit potestas, Pl. Trin. 4, 1, 3; omnia adstant Bona quem\* penes est uirtus, Amph. 2, 2, 21; Ego etiam illorum esse hanc culpam credidi quae test\* penes, Ter. Hec. 4, 1, 20; cuius penes quos laus adhuc fuit, non fuit rationis, Cic. Brut. 258; penes quem est potestas, fam. 4, 7, 3; eos penes quos est (eloquentia), orat. 143; fides eius rei penes auctores erit, Sal. Jug. 17, 1; add Sen. N. Q. 4, 3, 1; Plin. 17, 93; indicia penes uos erunt, Liv. 3, 53, 10; Me\* pēnēs est nūm uasti custodia mundi, Ov. F. 1, 119; cum summa uirum penes cum foret, Vell. 2, 63, 1; scries illum priore biduo nou penes rempublicam fuisse, Tac. h. 1, 57; add an. 1, 44; Agr. 15; 4. in Caes. b. g. 7, 21, 3 paene in eo, non penes eos; 5. in old drama both as prep. and as postposition, these marked \*; in existing prose only as prep.

1 **pēr**, prep. [decap. from super, see below] over, above, T. Vola curriculo. P. istuc marinus passer per circum solet, Pl. Pers. 2, 2, 17; quos per eorum finis publicaneis transportant (fnctus), CIL 204, 2, 36; Quendam municipem meum de tuo uolo ponte Ire praecipitem in lutum

per caputque pedesque, over head and heels, Catul. 20, 9; is transmissio per uiam tigillo uelut sub iugum misit iuuenem, Liv. 1, 26, 13; Tullia per patris corporis carpentum egisse fertur, Liv. 1, 48, 7; per uallum per fossas irruerunt, 10, 19, 21; elephantos transgredientis in ipso uallo conficiunt; quorum corporibus quum oppleta fossa esset, uelut aggre at ponte iniecto transitum hostibus dedit; ibi per stragem iacentium elephantorum atrox edita caedes, 26, 6, 2 (wh. Madv. vol. 2 pt. 2 pr. wrongly sanctions a cj. super); ibi equis pilo traiectis quum prolapsam per caput regem effudisset, 27, 32, 35; Antiochus...ponte per Nilum facto transgressus, 44, 19, 9; hostes se per munitiones delicere intenderunt, Caes. b. g. 3, 26, 5; per eorum corpora reliquos transire conantes repulerunt, 2, 10, 3; ut ducat Iazyx Per medias Histri planstra bubulcas aquas (frozen), Ov. Pont. 4, 7, 9; quantum aquarum per gradus cum fragore labentium, Sen. ep. 86, 7; naues suas ueris per iuga montium...transulerunt, Iust. 32, 3, 14; deinde per caput prius calidia (aqua) tum ephida perfundit, Cels. 6, 6, 8, p. 229, 17 Dar.; dein uicinalis uias agrestesque per ipsas forinas (pipes of an aqueduct) derigunt, Frontin. arq. 126; Perque uolabit (so Bentl., al. al.) equos, ludet per terga uolantum, Manil. 5, 87; misso per murum corpore (Quieti) Odenato se dederunt, Treb. Poll. Gall. 3, 2; per proxima fluminis marginem precipitem sese dedit, Apul. 5, 25; 2. less evidently in the following as through accords with the Engl. idiom, Atque assimilato quasi per urbem totum hominum quaeuieris, Pl. Epid. 2, 2, 11; Per mare ut uictis, nunc oculi terram mirantur tui, Merc. 2, 3, 37; Ita repleuero atritrate atrat(at) cor, multo ut siet Quam Aegypti qui cortinum ludis per circum ferunt, Poen. 5, 12 (Gepp.); Neque equo hinc per uias ceneralis estis uectae, Rud. 1, 5, 10; add Capt. 4, 2, 5; and Cas. 3, 4, 23; Quo Castalia per struices saxae lapsu accidit, Liv. Andr. 36 R; Dubii faneum per fretum introcurramus, Naev. 59 It; perque agros passim dispergit corpus, inc. fab. 182 R; rapiunt per undas curus suspensus, ib. 196; ardua per loca agrestia trepidante gradu nititur, Pacuv. 272 R; nunc per terras natus extorris, Att. 333; coramum auream per forum ferre, Cic. Att. 14, 16, 2; multa siti prostrata uiam per, Lucr. 6, 1262; uinctos saluere per utres, Verg. G. 2, 384; Transtra per et remos et pictas abiectae puppis, Verg. 5, 663; per omne Andaces mare qui eurrunt, Hor. s. 1, 1, 29; non semper exercitus per plana duendus est, Quint. 12, 9, 2; over the surface of, through, ego iam per hortum iussero Meam istuc transire uxorem ad uxorem tuam, Pl. Cas. 3, 4, 23; 3. spread over, distributed through, in all, Quid hoc negotii quod omnes homines fabulantur per uias? Pl. Cist. 5, 1, 1; per herbam Corpora fusa uident, Verg. 9, 316; eos per familias benigne accipiendo quum diuississent, Liv. 22, 54, 2; custodibus diuissis per domos eorum, 25, 31, 8; pars fuga dissipati per proximas ciuitates sunt, 28, 16, 13; add 1, 9, 9; significatione per estella fuma facta, Caes. b. c. 3, 65, 3; ipsos in uinculis habendos per municipia, Sal. Cat. 51, 43; per muros turresque tormenta disponunt, Curt. 4, 2, 12; 4. hence per omnia over all (G. liberally, Fr. partout), throughout, in all things, fortuna per omnia humana maxime in res bellicas potens, Liv. 9, 17, 3; Papirius iam per omnia ad dimicandum satis paratus, 10, 39, 8; non per omnia poetas esse oratori sequendos, Quint. 10, 1, 28; add Iust. 19, 1, 13; 42, 5, 9; 5. through, from one side to the other with idea of perforation, At tu ut oculos emungere ex capite per nasum tuos, Pl. Cas. 2, 6, 39; in quem sanguis a lecore per uenam illam eamam induit, Cic. N. D. 2, 138; it hasta Tago per tempus utrumque, Verg. 9, 418; si uestras forte per auris Troiae nomen iit, 1, 375; 6. so of sight or speech, Ita per impluuium intro spectant, Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 4; oculos membranis tenuissimis uestiui quas pellucidas fecit ut per eas cerni posset, Cic. N. D. 2, 142; quod uidebam equidem sed quasi per caliginem, Phil. 12, 3; ex superiore parte aedium per fenestras populum alloquitur, Liv. 1, 41, 4; 7. of time, lasting all through, during, for, tenuisti provinciam per decem annos, Cic. Att. 7, 9, 4; tamen te rogo ne te uiae per huiem committas, iam, 16, 8, 1; non plura per annos quinquaginta beneficia Hieronis quam

paucis his annis malificia eorum qui..., Liv. 25, 31, 4; 8. during, in the course of, Ea me spectatum tulerat per Dionysia, Pl. Curc. 5, 2, 45; quum per ludos ab Sabinorum iuuentute scorta raperetur, Liv. 2, 18, 1; an paenitet nos quod bis per biduum equestri proelio superauerim? Caes. b. c. 2, 32, 12; 9. of means, through, by, by means of, and first of an agent, eam locationem palam in foro per (quaestorem) urb(anum) queine aerario praeit facito, CIL 206, 37; per legatos...mittito, 206, 150; cum et per memet ipsum egissem, et per Drutsum saepe temptassem, Cic. or. 1, 97; insidias Habito ab Oppiano per Fabricios factas, Clu. 62; nihil esse in quo tantulum interesset utrum per procuratores ageres an per te ipsum, Att. 4, 16, 15; per quos priore bello rupta foedera sunt uulsi, Liv. 21, 10, 5; per me inact incitatus Hector, Ov. M. 13, 178; add Cic. Rose. 112; Sal. Cat. 44, 1; Caes. b. c. 3, 1, 2; and b. g. 6, 4, 2; 10. of material means, digits per quos numerare solemus, Ov. F. S. 123; haec uos terna per ora canes, ber. 9, 38; 11. met., in castris per labore (by a long course of hard work) uiam militiam discat, Sal. Cat. 7, 4; per amici fallere nomen, Ov. a. a. 1, 585; ne famam quidam ostentanda uirtute aut per artem quaeuist, Tac. Agr. 9; 12. of deceitful means, with acc. of species, nomen, causa, etc. per speciem alienae fungendae uicis suas opes firmat, Liv. 1, 41, 6; add 42, 52, 8; aemulationis suspectos per nomen obsidum amouebat, Cic. an. 13, 9; per causam equitatus cogendi ab exercitu discedit, Caes. b. g. 7, 9, 1; add b. c. 3, 24, 1; 3, 76, 1; and Liv. 2, 32, 1 and 22, 61, 8; 13. a person ut employing an agent is said to act through himself by himself, nihil audacter ipsi per se sive P. Sulla facere poterunt, Cic. Sull. 67; quoscunque notis rebus idoneos credebat, aut per se aut per alios sollicitabat, Sal. Cat. 39, 6; 14. hence per se also denotes spontaneously, of himself, (itself), not influenced by others, qui ante erant per se infidèles, Caes. b. g. 7, 5, 9; non eandem...si conuagatur ab alio ac per se petenti aniam aut gratiam fore, Liv. 39, 12, 8; 15. of hindrance, through, owing to, quod per Genueses mora non fiat, CIL 199, 27; quous in locum per leges plebeiae scita uiatore subleui non licebit, 202, 2, 17; quoniam discessio fieret per aduersarios tuos est factum, Cic. fam. 1, 4, 2; nec recipi (urbs) per Antiochum potuit, Liv. 33, 18, 22; 16. esp. with stare, Si poterit fieri ut ne pater per me stitisse credat Quo minus haec fierent nuptiae nolo, Ter. Andr. 4, 2, 16; utrisque apparuit nihil per alteros stare quo minus incepta persequeretur, Liv. 6, 33, 2; per utros stitisset quo minus discederet ab armis aduersus eos se pro alteris pugnatores, 9, 14, 1; add 3, 61, 2; 17. of non-hindrance or concession, iam ut nolt per me habeat liceat, as far as I am concerned, for me, Pl. Merc. 5, 4, 30; add As. pr. 12; per me uel stertas licet, Cic. Acad. pr. 93; cum commodi et per me uelutadinem et per anni tempus nauigare poteris, fam. 16, 7; add Tusc. 4, 47; Phil. 2, 9; fin. 2, 92; fam. 16, 7; quietum...reliquum tempus fuisset per Poenium hostem, Liv. 22, 21, 1; 18. hence per se taken by itself etc., of itself etc. for its own sake, ipsum (amicum) amari per se etiam omnia spe uoluptatis, Cic. fin. 2, 82; uoluptatem ipsum per se esse expetendam, 1, 31; una controversia est per se furti, per se adulterii, Quint. 3, 10, 1; 19. of motives, or cause, through, on account of, for, in, per amorem si quid feci, Pl. Poen. 1, 1, 12; quod fecisset per iram, Cic. Tusc. 4, 79; per metum potius quam uoluntatem afflictis ciuium uoluntis consuluisse, Liv. 2, 24, 5; 20. by, in oaths, iurando per Iouem deoque Penate(is), CIL 196, 24; Per supremi regis regnum iuro et matrem familias Iunonem quam..., Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 201; ubi semel quis peierauerit, ei credi postea etiam si per plures deos inret non oportet, Cic. Rab. Post. 36; iurarem per Iouem deoque Penatis me ea sentire quae dicere, Acad. pr. 65; 21. by, in solemn entreaties, sine me per\* te esse opsecro Deos immortales hic luce intro ad filium, Pl. Bac. 4, 8, 64; ita te opostor per senectutem tuam, Perque illam quam tu metuis uxorem tuam, Pl. As. 1, 1, 3; per\* ego te deos oro, Ter. Andr. 5, 1, 15; add 3, 3, 6; per deos immortales quae ista tanta crudelitas est? Cic. Rose. Am. 146; fam. 10, 5, 3;

Mene fugis? Per\* ego has lacrimas dextramque tuam te..., Per conubia nostra, per inceptos hymenaeos... Oro... exne mentem, Verg. 4, 314; per\* ego te fili quaecunque iura liberos iungunt parentibus precor quaeque, Liv. 23, 9, 2; add 29, 18, 9\*; 22. note how per in preceding passages marked \* is emphasized by separation from its noun; 23. often the verb of entreaty is suppressed, as: ad quae recuperanda per fortunas incumbit, Cic. Att. 3, 20, 1; magna expectatio cuius per deos cae tempestas amittas, fam. 10, 5, 3; 24. in grammar, exire per, end in, dummo lo per eandem litteram exeant, Quint. 1, 6, 8; in longe diuersas figuras exeunt ut ningo Inno, cuspis puppis, 1, 6, 25; 25. per is rarely, yet at times, placed after its noun, as first after rel. or interr. pron., Exerce nocem quam per uinisque et uales (so Gepp. ej., ass. colis), Pl. Poen. pr. 7 (13); Quas ego te terras et quanta per aequora uentum Accipio, Verg. 6, 692; 26. after the first of two nouns, Traustra per et remos, Verg. 8, 2; 27. without such excuse, prostrata uiam per, Lucr. qu. in § 2; III 28, as adv. verb., bef. adj. part. and adv. see compounds; often parted by another word, as: per pol saepe peccas, Pl. Cas. 2, 6, 20 (18); Per pol quam paucos reperias, Ter. Hee. 1, 1, 1; per ecastor scitus puer est, Andr. 3, 2, 6; per mihi gratum est, Cic. Att. 1, 4, 3; per fore accommodatum sibi, fam. 3, 5, 3; add or 1, 214; 2, 271; and Att. 10, 1, 1; per inquit magister optime exoptatus mihi uenis, Gell. 18, 4, 2; add 2, 18, 1; 3, 6, 1; 29. esp. when repeated and so taking a que, nobis ista sunt pergrata perque incunda, Cic. or. 1, 205; 30. rarely with a vb., ibi te quam primum per uidere uelim, Cic. Att. 15, 4, 3; 31. often strengthened by quam, as in Ter. Hee. l. c.; see quam; 32. per in comp. with vbs. signifies over, as peruerto, ouertur; percello, throw over, upset; perlimo and perungo, smear all over; perfundo, drench; perpruico, itch all over; 33. end, destruction, failure, as: perdo and perimo, bring to an end, destroy; perco, come to an end, perish; peruido, overlook, fail to see; 34. thoroughly, percuo, percoquo; 35. very much, percipio, perthuesco; 36. through, permanto, permeco; 37. with alij. and adv., bringing to an end, destroying, violating, peridus, periuus; 38. very, permagnus, pergratus, percarus; 39. decap. from super, as G. ver from uber; A. S. for from offer; and παρα of παραπλήνι παραφάνη παραρὰ παραβήριος from a lost ὑπ-αρά akin to ὑπ-ερ. See Philol. Essays, p. 101; 40. so in Lith. per has for its chief meaning over as per kalma, per tilta wazoti, to go over the mountain, over the bridge; per szinta zingsniū, over a hundred steps. See Nesselm. Lex.

2 **pēr** for por by unlaut or influence of following weak vowels, i or e, as in pergo for por-go, stretch forward, perhibeo for por-hibeo hold forth, perinde for por-indo=pro eo, expargiscor for exporgiscor, stretch out in waking.

**pēr-ambūlo**, āre, vb. walk over, Qualubet perambula aedis oppido tamquam tnas, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 122; omnium cūbilia, Catul. 28, 7; multas terras, Varr. 1, 1, 2, 3; bos rura, Hor. od. 4, 5, 17; uiridia, Phaedr. 2, 6, 5 (14); si medicus me inter eos quos perambulat (on his visiting list) ponit, Sen. ben. 6, 16, 2; 2. met., frisque perambulat artus, Ov. her. 9, 135; Recte uenae crocum floresque perambulat Attae Fabula, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 79.

**per-bito**, ēre, vb. [bactō] go over? Num me perbitere (peruiter) ms) illis opulariter Quouis exitio cupio dum prosim, Plaut. 287 R; 2. like pereco, come to an end, perish, Vinum tu, priusquam te oculis uidissem meis, Malo cruciati in Sicilia perbiteres, Pl. Rud. 2, 6, 11; ne fame peribat, Liv. Andr. 25 R; ...quo cruciati perbiteret, Enn. tr. 240 V; Eum eras cruciati maximo perbitere, Pl. Ps. 3, 1, 12; perbitere Pl. pro perire, Paul. ex Fest. p. 215 M.

**per-cello**, ēre. cūli, culsum, vb. [cel] of this cello meaning strike = κελ of κελω urge; see § 51 knock over, overturn, P. Hoc leno tibi. D. Perii, percultit me prope, Pl.

Pers. 5, 2, 28; uentus Cercinus...armatum hominem, plaus-trum oneratum percultit, Cato orig. 28, 9 Iord.; Percultit magnus quereus excedit illex, Enn. an. 194 V; Quo tradis? percultis iam tu me, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 88; alius teneram abietem solus percultit, Varr. s. p. 189, 1. 7 R; quem cuspidem percultit, Ov. am. 2, 9, 7; but in Plin. 18, 334 Detl. reads praegelat; 2. met., Martem communem qui saepe spoliante iam et exultante euerit et percultit ab abietio, Cic. Mil. 56; quos anisimus cines eos Martis uis percultit, Marc. 17; add Cael. 80; and Tac. an. 2, 39; 3. esp. of the mind, stupefy, bewilder, paralyze, Rex ipse Priamus somnio mentis metu Perculsus, poet. ap. Cic. din. 1, 42; haec te uox non percultit, non perturbat, Verr. 2, 3, 132; Aricinus res inopinata percultat, Liv. 2, 14, 5; ciuitates atrocibus edictis percultat, Tac. h. 1, 53; Idem Amyci mentes uiso timor omnibus antro Percultat, Val. F. 4, 651; ingens Aetidea percultit horror, 6, 481; tanta admiratione percultit ut..., Flor. 1, 4 (10), 2; II 4. strike violently, Postumius genu femur quanta maxima poterat ui percultit, Liv. 9, 10, 10; uox percultit urbem, Val. F. 2, 91; 5. urge violently, caelitem Venerem nullis ad turpiditatem stimulis sectatores suos percultem, Apul. mag. 12; 6. percultit for percultus, Liv. 7, 8, 4; 7. percultit said to be for percultus est in Flor. 1, 45 (3, 10), 8; qu. perit?

**per-cido**, ēre, cecidi or cidi, cisum, vb. [caedo] strike over, or violently—gen. with os—either punch a person's head or box his ear—as: si os perciderim tibi, non metum, Pl. Pers. 2, 4, 12; S. Percide (al. praecide) os tu illi hodie... O. Compensam palma an porrecta ferio? Cas. 2, 6, 52; qui me usque ad mendacia haec leuoria in quibus os percidi, non oculi erui solent, credulum praesto, Sen. N. Q. 4, 4, 1; Os tibi percisum, Mart. 2, 72, 3; 2. cut to pieces, terga hostium percidebat, Flor. 2, 22 (4, 12), 7; but in 2, 8 (3, 20), 10 Halm has cecidit; 3. = pēdo, Mart. 4, 48, 1 and 4; 6, 39, 14; 4. hence percisus as sb. m. = exoletus, Sen. prou. 5, 3; but Haase has praecisus.

**per-cognosco**, ēre, cōni, itum, vb. make oneself acquainted with, hence per-cognoui know well, D. Vtrosque per-cognoui pridem (so T H K). A. istoc pol tu otiosus, Pl. Truc. 1, 2, 50; wh. ass. per-cognouit trobideum; edd. cognoui probe; the orig. ms. prob. had pridē (with obse above) for two readings; whence probeidem.

**per-cōlo**, ēre, ui, cultum, vb. tilt thoroughly—hence met. treat with all care, affection, honour, deck out completely, si patrem percoles, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 5; Nam quae laustis nisi percultast meo animo quasi infuscatast (so Grain, ms. iniusta est etc.), Poen. 1, 2, 23; coniungam liberosque eius, Tac. an. 4, 68; honore, h. 2, 82; eloquentia, Agr. 10; quae ipse incolani aut incolata percultui, Plin. ep. 5, 6, 41; diuinis honoribus, Apul. M. 8, 4 f.

**per-cresco**, (crescesco) ēre, ui, vb. intr. lit. be crowded everywhere, hence met. of reports, become everywhere known and talked of, cum hoc percrebrescit plurimos nostros amicos inueniri, Cic. Att. 1, 1, 1; fama quae de tua uoluntate percrebit (so Med.), fam. 10, 10, 1; add Mur. 50; Caelic. 12; Verr. 1, 1; 2, 56; 4, 68; 4, 94; cum fama per orbem terrarum percrebisset, Caes. b. c. 3, 43, 4; add Tac. an. 12, 6 f.

1 **per-crisso**, ēre, vb. intr. sound all over, resound everywhere (with), locum illum litoris percipere totum mulierum uocibus, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 31; 2. as vb. trans. sound aloud, Percipere pugnam Pompeii, facta Corneli cane, Lucil. ap. Non. 255 v. crepare.

2 **per-crisso**, ēre, vb. intr. obsol. be sounded or spoken of everywhere, propter percipere Vocibus uoluitans aures uolgi, Varr. s. 131, 3 R.

**per-curro**, ēre, cūrrī or curri, cursum, vb. run over in a line, as: Continuo ad te properans percurro ad forum, Ter. Andr. 2, 2, 18; add Hant. 4, 4, 11; ubiqueque esses ad te percurrissem, Caes. ad Cic. fam. 8, 16, 4; citato equo Cales percurrit, gallops over, Liv. 26, 15, 8; 2. of

space in two dimensions, run over, overrun, omnem agrum Picuum, Caes. b. c. 1, 15, 1; omnes conuentus, b. g. 8, 46, 5; Tenetores, Flor. 2, 30 (4, 12, 22); 3. run over or along, per temonem, Caes. b. g. 4, 33, 3; 4. met. with abl., labro calamos, Lucr. 4, 588; pectine telas, Verg. 7, 14; lumine nubios, 8, 392; pollice chordas, Ov. am. 2, 4, 27; tempora noto, and so bind, Val. F. 6, 63; 5. esp. with the eye or mind, run over, scan, ut sit boni oratoris... multa animo, multa legendo percussurisse, Cic. or. 1, 218; animoque rotundum Percussisse pulum, Hor. od. 1, 28, 6; Veloci percurre oculo, s. 2, 5, 55; paginas, Liv. 9, 18, 12; 6. in speech, run over, skim, speak of cursorily, partes aequas modo percurre uel potius praeterii, Cic. or. 3, 52; add diu, 2, 96; paucis, Vell. 2, 38, 1; 7. as a pass. (charta) glutino percurretur, Plin. 13, 82; quae breuiter a te percursa sunt, Cic. or. 1, 205; add 2, 140 and Tac. an. 4, 40, 1.

**per-cütio**, ēre, cussi, cussum, vb. [quatio] knock over, strike over, or down, edepot te hodie lapide percussum uelim, Pl. St. 4, 2, 33; Nisi haec miraculo se uspiam percussit flore Liberi, Cas. 3, 5, 15; hunc nec Iuppiter fulmine percussit nec..., Cic. N. D. 3, 84; multaque per herbas Concedant illo percutiente\* ferac, Ov. her. 4, 93; iam stratiotium hunc ego unum aduenientem polt percutiam\*, Pl. Ps. 2, 2, 9; add Amph. 1, 3, 28; 2. met., percussu calamitate, Cic. Mur. 49; fortunae grauissimo percussus uolnere, acal, post, 11; repente percussus est atrocissimis litters, fam. 9, 25, 3; add Att. 3, 12, 2; Mil. 79; Flac. 46; 3. strike violently, strike, res (al. turres) de caelo percussae, Cic. Cat. 3, 19; Cato percussus ab eo qui arcam ferebat, or. 2, 279; percussum cultello concivisse, Varr. r. 2, 60, 2; 4. esp. securi p., behead, kill, principem securi percussisti, Cic. Pis. 84; add Liv. 39, 43, 2; Suet. Claud. 25; collum percussa securi Victimae, Ter. fr. 4, 2, 5; 5. hence foetus p. make a treaty, cum Albanis foedus percussit, Iust. 42, 3, 4; 6. of coining, strike off, coin, nummum argenteum percussit, Suet. Aug. 94, f.; quia nota nummum percussit, Ner. 25, 2; met., ut omnia facta tua inter se congruant et una forma percussa sint, Sen. ep. 34, 4; 7. gen. strike, lyram, Ov. am. 3, 12, 40; Albin. 2, 51; auricularis (nucula), Prop. 1, 17 (16), 28; 8. strike the mind, Percussit illico animum, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 98; percussit animum, Cic. Att. 4, 8, 3; add Tusc. 5, 33; sen. 41, 3; Tum porro quid id est animum quod percussit\* ipsum?, Lucr. 2, 886; Me nec..., Nec tam Larissae percussit campus opimae, Hor. od. 1, 7, 11; 9. by a bold met. p. fossam, ent (a ditch) through, as we say strike a line, per eadem loca inuenio fossam a rege percussam, Plin. ep. 10, 41 (50), 4; fossa a fronte percussa, Front. strat. 3, 17; 10. p. nemum, open a vein, ad extenuandum corpus uena percussit\*, Sen. ep. 70, 16; 11. imperf. tenses seem rare except in poets, as marked \*, and add Ov. M. 4, 138, 14, 300; Tib. 1, 5, 68; Val. F. 5, 100; but note § 7; for imperf. the allied ferio was in use.

**perdeo**, an imag. wd. in Pl. Poen. 4, 2, 62; palimps. has ne me per..., Gepp. by ej. ne me perdim.

**per-depso**, ēre, ui, vb. knead thoroughly, met., patruu uxorem, Catul. 74, 3 as corrected by Scaliger.

**perdix**, icis, m. and f. [περδίξ] partridge, perdicas (note GK. form) Boeoties, Varr. ap. Non. 218; hunc... Garrula limoso proposit ab elice perdix, Ov. M. 8, 237; picta perdix, Mart. 3, 58, 15; perdices feros (speaking only of male birds) Plin. 10, 101; perdicium uita et sedecim annos durare existimatur, 10, 103; 2. Perdix, a nephew of Daedalus, under whom he invented the saw etc.; see fable in Liv. l. c., to which he refers in his Ibis 496; 3. Fr. perdix implies a Lat. perd-er-ix where er denotes the male as in G. gans-er-ich our old lav-er-ock; ie. of perdix dimm.

**per-do**, ēre, didi, ditum, vb. [per over, to an end; do, dare] bring to an end, finish, destroy, ruin, quid ego (de te con)merui (so Brix by ej.) adulescens mali Quamobrem ita fueres meque meoque perditum ires liberos? Pl. Aul. 4, 10, 6; quae tuum Perdidit pessum dedit tibi ilium, Bac. 3, 3, 3; gratidus armatis eus, Suo qui partu perdat Pergama ardua,

Enn. tr. 98 V; Vt te quidem di deaeque omnes superi inferi Malis exemplis perdant, Ter. 4, 4, 7; di illum perdidit, Hec. 3, 4, 27; si Iuppiter fruges perdidit, Cic. Rose. Am. 131; ciuitatem funditus perdidisse, Att. 6, 1, 5; 2. in law with gen. capitis p., ruin by getting (you) tried for a capital offence, Ibo ego ad trisiuros nostraque ibi nomina Faxo erunt; capitis te perdam ego et filium, Pl. As. 1, 2, 6; add Bac. 3, 3, 86; 3. bring to an end without any return, throw away, waste, amisit uitam (Decius) at non perdidit, ad Her. 4, 57; tempus non perdere, Cic. or. 3, 146; operam, Mur. 23; et opem et oleum, fam. 7, 1, 3; 4. lose, aquam (of the clepsydra), Quint. 11, 3, 52; Amici diem perdidit, Tit. ap. Suet. 8; perdo (so T H K for metre, ass perdidit) spem qua me oblectabam, Pl. Rud. 1, 4, 3; perit hercle, nomen perdidit (i.e. forgotten it), Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 39; oculus, Cic. har. resp. 37; memoriam, sen. 21; libertatem, Rab. Post. 24; causam, Rose. com. 10; item, or. 1, 167; summa uirtute illum, fam. 4, 6, 1; dextram manum, Plin. 7, 104; ne locum (place in a theatre) perdas, Quint. 6, 3, 63;

5. as a pass. perdi in the imperf. tenses: perh. only in Perditur haec inter misero lux non sine notis, Hor. s. 2, 6, 59; where Luchm. ad Lucr. 2, 829 would read porgitur, comparing Ov. M. 4, 199; perdundus or at any rate peritundum also occurs, as, quin (so Ritschl cf. xss quid) ego istic quod peritundum est (read: quod est peritundum) properem perdere, Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 126; add v. 122; perdo supplies a pass. to perdo, as uenecio does to uenecio; 6. cf. also perditus, for meanings see above, Siquoi mutum quid lederis, fit pro proprio perditum, Pl. Trin. 4, 3, 44; Quibus et re salua et perdita profueram et prosum saepe, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 27; classes optime cum magna inopia populi Romani amissae et perditae, Cic. Verr. 1, 13; 7. esp. of character, as of persons, lost to all decency, hopeless, desperate, de adolescente perdito ac dissoluto, Cic. Tusc. 4, 55; hominem uix liberum contaminatum perditum, Verr. 2, 3, 134; 8. also with abstract nouns, desperate, nequitia, Cic. Chu. 36; consilia dissoluta atque perditae, agr. 2, 55; add Phil. 5, 29; perditus amore, Catul. 91, 2; 9. comp. perditus, Catul. 42, 14; Cic. Att. 8, 11, 4; superl. tu omnium mortalium perditissime, Verr. 2, 3, 65; 10. adv. perditē, desperately, auare coepit perditē, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 45; se gerere non p., Cic. Att. 9, 2a, 2; p. amo, Catul. 45, 3; conatur p., Quint. 2, 12, 5; 11. subj. perditum, is etc. in old writers, as perditus, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 215; perditus, Poen. 3, 4, 31; perditus, Most. 2, 2, 30 (al. faxint); Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 72; Cic. Deiot. 21; perditum is a safe ej. in Pl. Poen. 4, 2, 62; 12. to perdo correspond our fardo, destroy, now obsolete, and Germ. verthun.

**per-dūco**, ēre, duxi, ductum, vb. lit. draw over—hence spread over, Proderit hanc (sc. lanam succidam) aegris crebro reducere membris, Sen. am. 25, 457; 2. with acc. of surface, abl. of means (cf. circumduco, conspergo) cover, liquidum ambrosiae diffundit odorem, Quo totum nati corpus perduxit, Verg. G. 4, 416; auro sacras quod onato Perducis facies, Pers. 2, 56; stercore corpus, Ser. Sam. 39, 739; add 1, 26; 49, 922; 3. blot out, cancel, draw the pen through, 'inducta' accipiendum est et si perducta sint, Ulp. dig. 28, 4, 1; si aliquid interulerit perduxerit adiecerit, Iul. dig. 29, 1, 20 f.; cuius nomina in testamento uoluntate testatoris perducuntur sit, 37, 11, 8 med.; 4. lead over, bring over, legionem in Nantuatis perduxit, Caes. b. g. 3, 6, 5; comprehensos eos ad Caesarem, 7, 13, 2; 5. de muliere stupri causa perducta, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 31; Hor. s. 2, 5, 77; Suet. Tib. 45; add Cal. 25; Vesp. 22; cf. perducitor; 6. bring over from one station of society to another, esp. raise, elevate, omnes tuos ad honores amplissimos, Cic. b. g. 7, 39; ex humili loco ad summam dignitatem, Caes. b. g. 7, 39, 1; qui me ab imo ordine ad summum perduxit honorem, inser. Or. 4649; 7. gen. bring over to a new state, ad exitum, Cic. inu. 2, 169; perductae in summum artes, Quint. 12, 11, 28; ulcera ad cicatricem, Plin. 30, 79; carbonculos ad suppurationem, 20, 130; 8. of the mind, draw or bring over, Postremo si dictis nequis perducit ut uera haec credas, Ex factis nosce rem, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 41; ueteranos ad suam sententiam, Cic.

Att. 16, S. 1; omni maritima ora ad suam sententiam perducta, Caes. b. g. 3, 8; add 6, 12, 2; regis Boecii proximis magnis muneribus et maioribus promissis ad studium sui perducit, Sal. lug. So. 3; 9. with inanimate obj., carry over, carry all the way, conduct over, a laen Lemanno ad montem Iuram perducit, Caes. b. g. 1, S. 1; ex quo (se. portu) naufragabilem alueum perducere in Nilum Sesostris cogitavit, Plin. 6, 165; 10. esp. of aqueducts etc., ex quo (fonte) videtur aqua debere perducit, Plin. ep. 10, 37 (46); 2; neque dubitandum puto quin aqua perducenda sit in coloniam, Traj. ap. Plin. ep. 17, 91 (92); add Suet. Aug. 42; Claud. 20; 11. of time, carry over, continue, prolong, cause to live (to), usque ad assum utitulum opera perducitur, Cic. fam. 9, 20, 1; quae (se. respublica) si ad tum tempus perducitur, facilis gubernatio est, 10, 1, 2; res disputatione ad medium noctem perducitur, Caes. b. g. 5, 31; sermo nigra noctis ad umbram Aurorae perducitur, Lucr. 4, 538; subicit quia medicina se et coniungit usque ad longam senectam perduxerit, Plin. 29, 15; but in Cic. sen. 60 read perduxisse for perduxisse; 12. drink off the whole of (a liquid), Perducit totum excoctis laeta liquorem, Arnob. 5, 26; aqua frigida nec calida perducta, Scrib. comp. 135 f.; perducere as inaper. Ser. Sam. 40, 754.

**peregri-ē**, adv. [per over, sc. the borders; ager territory; with suff. e, from, as in superne inferne inde unde etc.] from abroad, Hospitum et cenam pollicetur ut conuenit Peregre aduenienti, Pl. Bac. 2, 2, 18; Aut quod illa dicat peregre adlatam epistolam, As. 4, 1, 16; add St. 4, 2, 7; Most. 3, 2, 55; Amph. 1, 1, 205; Pericla damna peregre rediens semper secum cogitat, Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 13; alios peregre in regnum Romanum accitos, Liv. 2, 6, 2; plus omnibus aut nuntiatis peregre aut uisitis domi prodigia terrent..., 28, 11, 6; prodigia et Romanae uisae et nuntiata peregre, 40, 19, 1; 2. with prep. a, quae (uersurae) efficiunt una a foro altera a peregre aditus in scaenam, Vitr. 5, 7 f. (of a theatre); this Charis. 86 P, 111, 21 C condemns: peregre uenit sine praepositione dicendum...ut rure uenit; non a rure nec a peregre; 3. see also peregrī §§ 2 and 3.

**per-ēgrēgri**, adj. superexcellent, Coloneum suam peregriegiam traegediarum, Apul. mag. 37.

**peregri-ē**, and later peregrī ad, [see peregre and cf. heri heri] abroad, prop. of rest, quia eras peregrist, Pl. Pers. 1, 2, 20; Bene facit: quia nos eramus peregrī, tutatist domi, Amph. 1, 1, 196; peregrīque et domi, prol. 5; Domos patres patriam ut colatis potius, quam peregrī probra (so R, sss probro), Naev. 93 R; peregrī (al. peregrī) necandus, Prud. strop. 4, 89; 2. peregre, Gestandist peregre (peregrī) clupeus galea sarcina, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 195; T. quia eras peregrist, S. ahi tu peregrist? (so B, but Ritschl bis: peregrist), Pers. 1, 1, 31; ubi isti duo adulescentes habent, qui hie ante patria peregrī prodigunt? Naev. ap. Char. 189 P, 213, 2 K; qui peregre depgnarist, Cic. Phil. 5, 30; dum peregre est animus sine corpore uelox, Hor. ep. 1, 12, 13; add Suet. Cal. 20; and Gram. 3; 3. with prep. in, in peregre est, Pl. ap. Char. 212, 20; if text be right, prob. akin to Skr. pāra land beyond; 4. peregre with vbs. of departure, (go) abroad, Haec in mandauit tibi quom peregre hinc ite senex? Pl. Most. 1, 1, 24; Quom iam (ss quoniam) hinc est profectus, so Scal., sss profectus) peregre Charnides, Trin. 1, 2, 112; Leno me peregre militi Macedonico...uendit, Ps. 1, 1, 4; add Cist. 2, 3, 37; Cas. pr. 62; Et comes alter uti ne solus russe peregre Exire, Hor. s. 1, 6, 102; abeunte illo peregre, Plin. 35, 151; nec qui senatoris filius, nisi confubernalis... peregre proficisceretur, Suet. Caes. 42; amico peregre eunti, Gai. dig. 18, 1, 25, 3.

**pēr-ennē**, adj. n. as sb. se. auspiciū [per-ennis from annis, over the river] a kind of auspice taken in crossing water, perenne dicitur auspiciū qui annem aut aquam quae ex sacro oritur auspicio transit, Fest. 245 a 32 M; cf. v. Petronia annis, 250 a 12; nulla perennia seruatur (so edd. but best sss perennia), Cic. N. D. 2, 9.

**pērendi**, adv. [see below] the day after tomorrow, A.

K. D.

Cras apud me eritis et tu et ille cum nostris uxoris. P. At apud me perendie, Pl. St. 4, 1, 12; quae eras ueniat perendie foras feratur soror, Aul. 2, 1, 34; scies igitur, fortasse eras, summum perendie, Cic. Att. 12, 44, 3;

2. pereu (leap. from superen, cf. superu-e) = *περα* (itself for *περ-av*); cf. Germ. über-morgen.

**pērendinatio**, ōis, f. [implies a vb. perendino or -or] postponement to the day after tomorrow, Mart. Cap. 9, p. 335, 9 Eyss.

**pērendinus**, adj. [see below] of the day after tomorrow, statum non potuisse utrum diem tertium an perendinum dici oportere, Cic. Mur. 27; perendino die, Caes. b. g. 5, 30, 3; crastina uel perendina Domini passio, Aug. ep. 23, 9; 2. perendinum absol. as sb. n., Tu in perendinum paratus sis ut ducas, Pl. Trin. fin.; 3. in Gell. 10, 24, 9: sacerdotes cum conueniunt in diem tertium diem (die?) perendini diem; 4. prob. from peren, see perendie, with excrement d, and not from perendie itself; cf. mundinus from nouem (nouen); for qty. of i cf. also crastinus, pristinus.

**pēreo**, frē, ii (periui, see below?), periturn vb. [per over] come to an end, perish, be destroyed, be ruined, vanish, non uideo mihi Scirre posse adeat meas, quin totae perpetuae ruant, Cum fundamento perierit, Pl. Most. 1, 2, 68; Amyclas iam tacendo perisse audio, Afr. 275 R; Sed penitus pereunt (artus) conuolsi conque putrescent, Lucr. 3, 343; uibibus ultimae Stetere causae cur perirent Funditus, Hor. od. 1, 16, 19; 2. esp. of death, Et pereunte uiro rancum sonus acre ecurrat, Enn. an. 509 V; ecqua inde parua perisset soror, Ter. Eun. 3, 5, 15; and, quae olim perit paruola, 3, 3, 18; summo cruciati perit, Cic. N. D. 3, 81; Si pereu, hominum manibus perisse inuabit, Verg. 3, 606; 3. met., Extemplo et ipse perit et res et fides, Pl. Truc. 1, 1, 24; quod si lit pereu funditus; Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 9; Liberalia tu accasus. Quid fieri tum potuit? Iampridem perieramus. Meministi te clamare causam perisse si funere elatus esset? Cic. Att. 14, 19, 1;

4. hence perit as an interj., I am ruined, destruction! Pl. Most. 4, 3, 37; Aul. 4, 9, 1; Afr. 214 R; 5. often met. of love, Ni te perditte amo atque amore (so Fröhlich, Schwabe, sss amare) porro Omnes sum assidue paratus annos...perire, Catul. 45, 5; Gallus amore peribat, Verg. B. 10, 10; quo beatus Voluere, quia perat sagitta, Hor. od. 1, 27, 12; Ipse Paris uida fertur perisse Lacena, Prop. 3, 6 (2, 15), 13; 6. hence with acc., love to distraction, earum hic alteram elictum perit, Pl. Poen. 5, 2, 135; cf. deperco w. acc.; 7. with prep. ab in poets, be slain (by), Fae perat uitro miles ab hoste tunc, Ov. a. a. 2, 208; ab discipulo, Pont. 3, 3, 46; a qua morte, Prop. 3, 21 (2, 27), 11; 8. not to be confounded with ab on the side of, as in: Bis perit amator, ab re atque ab animo simul, Pl. Truc. 1, 1, 26; peritit? ab re gloria non perit, Apul. M. 4, 21;

9. be consumed without anything to show for it, be thrown away or wasted, be lost, ne et opera et oleum philologiae nostrae perierit, Cic. Att. 2, 17, 1; nullus cum per caelum licuit otio perit dies, Plin. 11, 14; of bees; add Prop. 3, 14 (2, 21), 5; 10. as au. ab, peream si (mihi), may I die if, peream nisi sollicitus sum, Cass. ad Cic. fam. 15, 19, 4; peream... Te nisi momentis uideo paene omnibus absens, Ov. Pont. 3, 5, 45; add her. 16 (17), 183; 11. run away, disappear, Vnquam perierit (for perit?) de taberna, sei quis eam retinere dabuntur lxx, CIL 1254; si res uendita per furtum perierit... Gai. dig. 18, 1, 25, 4; 12. in Lucr. 1, 250 pereunt imbres and Hor. od. 3, 11, 27 lymphae pereuntis, vanish or disappear is the sense, not going through;

13. as a pers. pass.? Haec ubi senex resedit (so Gepp. et., sss scilicet senex) puppis perunda est probe, Pl. Epid. 1, 1, 72; but perit, puppi perendum, or puppen perendum; 14. no part perf. occurs, nor nom. of imperf. part.; 15. periet for perit, Corip. Igh. 7, 27;

16. perisse seems to have better authority than perisse the existence of wh. I doubt, thus palimps. has perisse in Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 22; add Bac. 4, 9, 122 wh. Ritschl's perisse is against all his best sss; 17. yet on glands: peristis, CIL 646 and 647; peristi, 685; 18. pereu serves as

pass. to perdo, wh. see; 19. for power of prefix cf. Germ. *ver-*gehen perish.

**per-fōdio**, *frē, fōdi, fossum*, vb. dig through. Athone per-fosso, Cie. fin. 2, 112; montem, Varr. r. 3, 17, 9; per-fosso monte, Liv. 4, 22, 6; 2. esp. of wounds, thoraca perfossus\*, Verg. 11, 10; pectus, Plin. c. 3, 16, 6; per-fossi gladiis, Gell. 3, 7, 16; add 5, 2, 4; perli. in \* of many wounds; 3. of a house or building. In eo conculi ego perodi (Ritschl c.) ego perofodiū parietem, Pl. Mil. 2, 1, 64; licet parietes perofoderis, uicinos compilaris, Cie. Vat. 11, 9; perofessor; 4. of picking teeth, pinna argentea dentes perofodi, Petr. 33.

**per-frico**, *frē, friui, fricātum*, vb. rub all over, caput sinistra manu perfricos, Cie. Pis. 61—as we say scratching his head; alius in quam transiaturae sunt apes aiastro perfricanda, Varr. r. 3, 16, 22; ungi leniterque perfricari, Cels. 1, 3, p. 16, 28 Dar.; leniter ex oleo perfricatus, 6, 6, S, p. 229, 15; post febrem perfricetur, 3, 14, p. 95, 23; totumque os perfricatur, Colum. 7, 5, 22; fuscibus extrinsecus fimo perfricatis, Plin. 28, 190; ceruicium dolores adipse perfrietur, 28, 192; totam faciem eius fulgine perfrietur, Petr. 22; piscatori perfricari pisce faciem insit, Suet. Tib. 60; 2. esp. p. os, etc. in order to hile blishes, quam tu idem cum os perfrienti-ti soles (voluptat u) dicere, Cie. Tusc. 3, 41; perfrica frontem et die te digniorum qui praetor fieres quam Catonem, Calv. ap. Quint. 6, 2, 25; Aut cum perfrietur frontem possitque pudorem, Mart. 11, 27, 7; p. faciem, Quint. 11, 3, 160; 3. in Cie. Verr. 2, 3, 62 Jordan has conficaret; in Ov. a. a. 3, 216 Merkel has defricuisse.

**per-fūg-a**, ae. m. [per-fugio, go over as a deserter] a deserter, initio proditor deinde perfuga, Cie. Rose. Am. 117; add off. 3, 86; eur de perfugis nostris copias comparant contra nos? Crass. ap. Cie. orat. 223; pro perfuga ad eos venit, Caes. b. g. 3, 18, 3; pro perfuga insus transire, Liv. 27, 15, 11; add 30, 16, 10; 30, 43, 13; per-fugam qui idem dicitur trans-fuga, Fest. 214 b 15 M; 2. cf. trans-fuga and Germ. überlaufen.

**per-fūgio**, *frē, fūgi, vb. [per over]*, fly over (to the enemy) as a deserter, desert, qui hostes ad nostros imperatores perfugissent, Cie. Balb. 24; ante id tempus nemo aut miles aut eques a Caesare ad Pompeium transierat, cum paene cotidie ad Caesarem perfugerent, Caes. b. c. 3, 61, 2; 2. fly over (for refuge), take refuge with, cum perfugisset ad tribunal pedibusque Caecinae adnoderetur, Tac. an. 1, 32; cum in culpa reuicti sunt, perfugiant ad fari necessitatem tamquam in aliquod fani asylum, Gell. 7 (6), 2, 13; 3. cf. Germ. überlaufen desert.

**per-fūg-ium**, i or ii, n. [per-fugio § 2] place of refuge, a refuge, cum propter scitantes paludum quo se recipiant non haberent, quo superiore anno perfugio fuerant usi, Caes. b. g. 4, 38, 2; 2. met. a refuge, Nescio unde auxilii praesidi per-fugium Mi (so mss but del.) aut opum eopiam compem aut expetam, Pl. Cas. 3, 5, 3; per-fugium omnium laborum somnus, Cie. din. 2, 150; add Clu. 7; Arch. 17; Rose. Am. 150; Sull. 79; Verr. 2, 1, 119; 2, 1, 101; fann. 12, 6, 2; Mauil. 39; in altero miseris per-fugium, in altero malis perniciēs, Sal. Cat. 54, 3; add Jug. 52, 3; and Vell. 2, 109, 2; Tac. an. 5, 3.

**per-fundo**, *frē, fudi, fūsum*, vb. [per over] pour over. Neququam perfusa missa unguenta capillis, Prop. 2, 4 (3, 4), 15; eosdem (sextarios musti) in id nas unde sumperamus perfundere, transfer from one vessel to another, Colum. 12, 24, 3; 2. with acc. of surface, abl. of liquid, drench, bathe, flood, wash and met. drown, Dulebibus idecirco fluitis pennis omne magistris Perfundunt, Verg. G. 3, 446; per caput calida (aqua) perfundi, Cels. 6, 6, S, p. 229, 17 Dar.; pisces oliuo, Hor. s. 2, 4, 50; add od. 1, 5, 2; te laerimis, Ov. her. 11, 115; oleo perfusa inuentus, Verg. 5, 135; 3. with nom. of liquid, ossaque et artus Perfudit toto proruptus corpore sudor, Verg. 7, 459; tot animium fontiumque ubertas totum cam (se. Italian) perfundens, Plin. 3, 41; 4.

met. as first of light, lumine colles, Lucan. 7, 215; eubulum sole perfunditur, Plin. ep. 5, 6, 24; 5. of flowing vestments, Deiecto quid inerte pedes perfundis amictu? Mart. 7, 33, 3; Laguribus imos palla perfundit pedes, Sen. Ocl. 566; add Arnob. 3, 108; 6. of feelings, qui me horrore perfudit! over-whelmed, Cie. Att. 8, 6, 3; perfusus uano timore Romanis, Liv. 2, 63, 4; perfusus ultimi supplicii meta, 9, 16, 18; 7. of pleasurable feelings, perhi. from the met. of perfumes, uoluptas aurium, oculorum, tactuum...quae sunt unius generis ad perfundendum animum tanquam inliquifacae uoluptates, Cie. Tusc. 4, 20; sensus dulcedine omni quati perfusi, fin. 2, 114; laetitia perfundi, 5, 70; uano gaudio, Liv. 30, 16, 2; 8. other met., corpus frigore leti, Lucr. 4, 924; scena eroeo, 2, 416; eanitiem pulvere, Verg. 12, 611; papauera somno, G. 1, 78; ostro uestes, A. 5, 112; auro teeta, Sen. ep. 115, 9; nos iudicio perfundere, over-whelm, Cie. Rose. Am. 10; 9. water the whole of, perfunditur (humbros) anna Ilisso, Plin. 4, 20; 10. wash all along, Proponitis unde quam liquenti acula Nutantem perfundit caepe, Varr. s. 161, 5 R; oram Proxima quae nostri perfunditur aequoris aestu, Verg. 3, 397; but in Plin. 5, 108 Traliss...admittit Endone amne (has the Endon running along to the outside), perfunditur Thebaide (while the Thebaïs flows through it). 11. of washing as temporary, compared with dyeing, peruenit perhibere liberalia studia, non illa quibus perfundi (a single dip) satis est, sed haec quibus tingendus est animus, Sen. ep. 36, 3; si illa (notitia) non perfuderit, sed infecerit, 110, 8.

**per-go**, *frē, per-rēxi -rectum*, vb. [for porgo, from porgo=por+rego; the forms porgo porrigo reserved for gen. use as trans.; see 2 per] first as vb. tr. stretch forward, chiefly with acc. iter, proceed straight on one's way, pursue one's course without stopping, pergam quo coepi hoc iter, Ter. Hee. 1, 2, 119; maturore iter pergere, Sal. Jug. 79, 5; pergere iter ambitione naenum, Tac. an. 4, 20; pergitum me maledicta (but text dub.), Cie. Phil. 13, 40; prospere cessura quae pergerent, they were proceeding with (per. agere underst.), Tac. an. 1, 28; 2. as vb. intr., perhi. iter or me (te se) underst., go or come straight forward, straight on, proceed without delay, Sed quis hic est qui hinc pergit? Ter. Eun. 2, 1, 20; in Macedonia ad Planciumque perrexii, Cie. Planc. 68; facti ut explorata victoria ad castra (Romanorum) pergit, Caes. b. g. 3, 18 f.; 3. met. pergamus ergo ad reliqua et institutum ordinem persequamur, Cie. Brut. 153; ut ad eas cursim perrectura beata uita nec eas a se desertas uideatur, Tusc. 5, 13; 4. as pass. imp. ad plebem pergitur, Caecl. 185 R; add Maer. s. 7, 16, 13; 5. with inf. go on, persist (in), Pergitur \* pergere? P. Pl. s. 1, 4; pergit pergere? Poen. 1, 3, 24; argutari? Amph. 1, 1, 193; pergitur \* laenere sanguine, Am. tr. 2, 28 V; nullam moram interponendum putamus... Itaque confestim ad eum ire perreximus, Cie. acad. post. 1; explicare, part. or. 28; mitigare, Att. 11, 7, 4; ad hostem duere, Liv. 32, 6, 1; ire, 21, 22 f.; 21, 30, 1; 24, 2, 2; 6. abs. with inf. underst. go on, pergam\* (se. dicere) atque insequar longius, Cie. Verr. 2, 3, 51; perge? Pomponi et redde quae restant, Brut. 258; de his nideris, quos si pergis seruitus manet, Liv. 2, 40, 9; Pergit Pericles, Verg. B. 6, 13; 7. pergo, used alike of continuing a route begun (\* above), and of starting (†); 8. pergere dicebant expergefacere, Paul. ex Fest. 215, 3 M.

**per-gracilis**, e, adj. very slender, caulis, Plin. 25, 159. **per-gracior**, ari, vb. r. play the Greek or revel incessantly, Dies noctesque bibite pergraciamini, Pl. Most. 1, 1, 22; rari pergracior, Titin. 175 R; pergraciori est epulis et potationibus insequere, Paul. ex Fest. 215, 5 M.

**per-grandescio**, *frē*, vb. grow up completely, fruges, Att. 440 R.

**per-grandis**, e, adj. very great (by growth or age), ad fratrem regis pergrandem uatu, Liv. 29, 20, 7; 2. gen. luernum, Pl. Pers. 4, 3, 23; gemma, Cie. Verr. 2, 4, 62.

**per-graphicus**, adj. very artistic, sicofanta (sicophanta BCD), Pl. Trin. 5, 2, 15.

**per-grātus**, adj. very agreeable, id mihi pergratum perque incundum. Cic. Q. fr. 3, 1, 12; litterae, 3, 1, 20; add an. 16; 2. tmesis, per mihi, per inquam gratum feceris si... Att. 1, 20 f.

**per-gravis**, e, adj. very heavy or serious, opp. to levis. Ter. Hec. 3, 1, 12; testes, carrying great weight by character, Cic. Cacl. 93; but in Sest. 107 read semper gravis; 2. adv. per-graviter, very heavily or seriously, offensum, Cic. Att. 1, 10, 27 reprehendere, or. 1, 227.

**perg-ula**, ae, f. [pergo or porgo] a projecting building, as first a balcony, L. Fulvius cum corona rosacea e pergula sua in forum prospexisse dictus... Plin. 21, 8; cum pictor in pergula tabulam expositam habuisset eaque excidisset et transeunti damni quid dedisset, Ulp. dig. 9, 3, 5, 12; 2. a lean-to or shed, faciam ut deponere in pergulam, Pl. Ps. 1, 2, 79; Cras Phoenicium poenico corio iuvisse pergulam, 1, 2, 92; in pergula natus, Petr. 74; Vilis arundineis cohibet quam pergula tectis, Aus. ep. 4, 9; 3. same, as used by painters, Pergula pictorum, ueri nihil, omnia ficta, Lucil. ap. Laet. 1, 22; perfecta opera (Apelles) proponebat in pergula transeuntibus, Plin. 35, 84; 4. by professors, etc. for pupils, Theogenis mathematici pergulam ascenderat, Suet. Aug. 94; Crassilius in pergula docuit, gram. 18; in Africa rhetoricae operam dederat, Romae frequentatior pergulas magistrales, Vop. S. 10, 4; Sed nec structor erit, cui cedere debent omnis Pergula, discipulis Tryptichi doctoris, Iuv. 11, 137; 5. a roof of trained vines to a garden-walk, the pergola of Italy, una vitis Romae in Liniae portibus subdiades inambulationes umbrosas pergulis opacat, Plin. 14, 11; illa (sc. niti) pergulae magis quam vineae figuram obtinet qua supra hunc modum (sc. octo palmis) materiis distenditur, Colum. 4, 21, 2; pergulae vitium generosarum, 11, 2, 32; add 3, 9, 2.

**pergulanā**, adj. f. [pergula § 5]. p. vitis, a kind of vine for training over a walk, Colum. 2, 3, 28.

**per-haurio**, ire, si, stum, vb. drain completely, grandissimum calicem uno hauritu perhausi, Apul. M. 10, 16 f.; 2. met. mille perhausisti Ignibus, Lucil. Actn. 421; infanitem, Tert. ad Nat. 1, 15 f.; but in Pl. M. 1, 1, 34 read with A 13 D peraudienda.

**për-hibeo**, ñr, ni, itum, vb. [per for por, habeo] hold forth, put forward, present, supply, give, Cur ego nestem aurum atque ea quibus est nobis usus perhibeo? Pl. Ps. 1, 2, 49; so at least mss gen., B prohibui; operam rei publicae strenuum perhibuit, Cato orig. p. 19, 13 f.; idem (sc. Caesar) magnanimitatis perhibuit exemplum, Plin. 7, 93; difficile nerborum honorem tam parvis perhibere, 10, 50; solatium, Apul. M. 3, 7; in this sense præhibeo or præbeo is often preferred, as in Pl. Men. 5, 2, 51; Pers. 3, 3, 24; Rud. 1, 2, 50; As. 1, 3, 30; 2. with acc. of person, sine eo quem Caecilius suo nomine perhibere, put forward as counsel to represent him, Cic. Att. 1, 1, 4; 3. p. testimonium, give evidence, ueni mihi adlocutus ut testimonium perhibere possis, Varr. r. 2, 5, 1; so also Plin. 7, 112; 7, 127; Colum. 3, 9, 6; 4. gen. of words, give out, hold out (to the world), speak publicly of as, ego me nolo fortem perhiberi, Pl. Cist. ap. Gell. 6 (7), 7, 3; Quis me improbiorem perhibere esse? Trin. 3, 2, 66; Persarum montis qui esse aurei perhibentur, St. 1, 1, 25; si uos nolitis perhiberi probos, Ter. Ad. 3, 4, 50; Tyndaridae fratres qui adiutores in proeliis fuisse perhibentur, Cic. Tusc. 1, 28; nec minus est Spartiades Agesiades ille perhibendus, fam. 5, 12, 7 (wh. Madv. op. 1, 200 interprets cum laude narrandus) but Lamb. ej. probandus; add diu, 2, 12 in verse; but not Lig. 25 where ut perhibetis no longer stands, nor fin. 2, 15 which is a quotation: Nam perhibent olim crudeli morte coactum... Catul. 64, 76; add Verg. G. 1, 247; 4, 323; 4, 507; A. S. 135; 6. simply, call, Id quod nostri calicum perhibent, Grai perhibent aethera, Pteuv. 80 R; 6. ascribe, attribute, magnam auctoritatem huic animali perhibet Nigidius, Plin. 29, 138; add 37, 62; cum apud ne teres ponderosissimo cuique tritico praecipua salubritas perhibita sit, 18, 104; add 25, 107; 31, 80.

**për-imo** or **per-ëmo**\*, ñre, ñmi, emptum or emtum, vb. [emo] bring to an end, destroy, annul, annihilate, knock on the head (met.) ne quid consul auspici peremat, Cato de re mil. 81, 5 I; si supremas ille dies commutationem avertit loci, quid optabilis? Sin autem perimit ac delet, quid melius quam...? Cic. Tusc. 1, 117; si uis maior reditum peremisset... Plac. 101; causam publicam, Sest. 49; consilium, off. 3, 33; diuini simulacra, diu. 1, 20 in verse; peremit\* curas, Plin. 11, 190; utrumque sententiae duae collatis uiribus nouissimum perimunt? Plin. ep. 8, 14, 17; peremptalia (fulgura) quae superiora fulgura ut portenta perimunt\*, Fest. 245 a 23 M; 2. esp. in law; 3. of death, bring to an end, destroy, kill, slay, teneros ualerius matremque peremit, Cic. diu. 2, 64 in verse; hunc peremit mea dextra, Ov. M. 8, 305; add 13, 250; conceptum abortu perimit, Plin. 8, 172; quam sexta peremit hiemps, Mart. 10, 61, 2; ne alterius generis herba medicam peremat\* (al. perimat), Colum. 2, 10, 27 (11, 4); add 2, 11, 5.

**për-inde**, adv. [with per for por; see 2 per; and so=pro-inde=pro eo] in proportion to this, according (as) with reference to what follows with ut, tamquam, quam, quam si or quasi, atque (ae) and even prout, as first ut, omnes res perinde sunt, Ut agas ut eas (so A. eid. est, nil, male) magni facias, are valuable or not according as... Pl. Ps. 2, 1, 3; Atque haec perinde sunt ut illius (dyscl.) animus qui ea possidet, Ter. Haut. 1, 2, 21; sed haec omnia perinde sunt ut aguntur, Cic. or. 3, 213; perinde erit ut acciperis, off. 3, 121; omnia ista perinde ut cuique data sunt pro rata parte, ita aut longa aut brevia dicuntur, Tusc. 1, 94; add Brut. 188; Cln. 70; ciuitas...perinde ut enisisset res ita communicatos honores pro bene aut secus consulto habitura, Liv. 7, 6, 8; 2. also with ut cumque, uerum esse censent perinde utcumque temperatus sit aer ita pueros animari, Cic. diu. 2, 89; 3. with prout, perinde coniectum de moribus suis homines esse facturos, prout hoc uel illud elegerint, Plin. pan. 20 f.; cum aliae (necales) subiunguntur aliis, perinde (so Spald., al. proinde) asperiores erunt, prout oris habitu simili aut diuerso promittuntur, Quint. 9, 4, 34; cf. prout le (perinde?)...prout... Scn. ep. 59, 15; 4. (non) perinde atque, (not) so much (well) as, Brito cum saepe iniecißem de ἀποπλοα, non perinde atque ego putaram arripere uisus est, Cic. Att. 16, 5, 3; ueretur ut hoc quod dicam perinde intelligi possit auditu atque ipse cogitans sentio, Marc. 12; desiderium absentium nihil perinde ac uicinitas acuit, Plin. ep. 6, 1, 1; 5. perinde quam, so much as, as much as, perinde se quem Tiberium falli potuisse, Tac. an. 6, 36 (30); nec perinde periculum quam paulo obstupesceret, h. 4, 72; add an. 2, 1, 2, 5; 3, 31; 11, 10, 13; 21; nulla re perinde commotus est quam responso mathematici, Suet. Dom. 15; perinde speciosa mors fuit quam pugna, Flor. 3, 3 (1, 38), 17; 6. perinde ac, just as, numero etiam additis tres (tribunos), perinde ac duo antea fuerint l'iso auctor est, Liv. 2, 58, 1; 7. perinde ac si, with subj., as much as if, just as if, quod ego p'inde tuebar ac si usus essem, Cic. Att. 13, 49, 1; perinde ac si in hanc formulam omnia iudicia comprehensa sint, perinde dicemus, Q. Rose. 15; add part. or. 84; omnium rerum ius perinde habebatur semper ac si e lege senatus c'ictus esset habebaturque, inser. Or. 507 (Vesp. imp.); add Pomp. dig. 26, 7, 61; Quint. 5, 10, 112 Spald. (al. proinde); add Colum. 2, 8, 4; 8. perinde ac (without si), Africam ei perinde ac debellatum in Italia foret provinciam destinabant, Liv. 28, 38, 10; orationes legatorum perenseamus, perinde ac non postulauerint quae e re sua essent, 32, 21, 2; 9. perinde quasi with subj., as much as if, perinde ualebit quasi armatissimii fuerint, si reperiuntur ita parati fuisse ut uim uitae poterint afferre, Cic. Cato. 61; haec perinde loquor quasi debueris P. Quinctium de possessione deturbare, Quinct. 85; add Verr. 2, 3, 48; Tusc. 2, 62; perinde quasi coniunctus esset celere patria iubetur, Tac. an. 13, 47 f.; 10. p. tamquam si, as much as if, hoc perinde (proinde Hertz) est tamquam si ego dicam... Gell. 15, 29 f.; 11. and without si, perinde hoc ualebit plebeius consul fiat, tamquam seruum aliquis consulem futurum deat? Liv. 4, 3, 7; cf. Liv. in § for si omitted; 12. hence perinde quasi, just as if, is often

used elliptically with a sneer, as: Metelli sperat sibi quique fortunam, perinde quasi non... (al. proinde), Verr. 2, 1, 99; in Mil. 19. Itaiter has proinde, Or. perinde; 13. perinde referring to what precedes, proportionately, accordingly, equally, in like manner, artem tam operosam et perinde fructuosam, Cic. fin. 1, 72; corpore ingens, perinde armatus, Sal. ap. Quint. 8, 3, 82 (so Spald., Bonn. proinde); Verginius... ut exempli recti. Perinde uxor instituta fuerat, Liv. 3, 44, 3; haud uana attulere, sed nec perinde patres moti sunt et C. Sempiternus... 4, 37, 6; eo certamine superior Alexander, incertum qua fide culturus si perinde cetera processissent, pacem cum Romanis fecit, S. 17, 10; non Pyrrhum aut Antiochum populo Romano perinde metuendus fuisse (as this Maroboduus), Tac. an. 2, 63; add 4, 61; 12, 40 f.; 14, 58; clarissimi cives, perinde felices, Plin. ep. 2, 1, 1; quantam elementorum litteram id est d pro a et perinde reliquis committit, Suet. Caes. 56; 14. equally alike, the ideas compared connected by et or que, perinde odium prauis et honestis, Tac. an. 2, 2 f.; perinde dines et eloquentia clarus, h. 4, 43; periti impetritique nandi perinde attolluntur (by the Dead Sea), 5, 6; 15. referring to something understood, like our so, so very, quare adventus eius non perinde gratus fuit, so— as was to have been expected, Suet. Galb. 13; ne mortuo quidem (Druso) perinde affectus est, Tib. 52; 16. see proinde; note that in mss p=per, p=pro, wh. are easily confounded.

**per-lābor**, i. psus, vb. r. glide over, Isque (sc. aer) ita per nostras acies perlabitur omnis, Lucr. 4, 248; undas, Verg. 1, 147; 2. glide over or all the way (to), apud Graecos indeque perlapsus ad nos Hercules praesens habetur deus, Cic. Tusc. 1, 28; Ad nos uix tenuis famae perlabitur aura, Verg. 7, 646; 3. glide through, Menstrua dum rigidas coni perlabitur umbras, the moon in eclipse, Lucr. 5, 764.

**per-lēgo** (pellego\*, perligo†, pelligo\*), ēre, lēgi, lectum, vb. lit. sweep over—hence p. oculis, sweep over with the eyes, survey, run over, quin protinus omnia Perlegerent oculis n., Verg. 6, 34; maiorum beneficia perlecta, Cato orat. p. 37, 3; ubi id utrumque perfectum est, ib. 4; Morare gressum et titulum nostrum perlego, CIL 1009, 4; Hospes resiste et (p)uonum scriptum perlego†, 1306; Hospes quod deico, paulum est, asta ac pellego\*, 1007; and absol.: Perlege dispositas genosera per atria ceras, Ov. F. 1, 591; 2. hence read over, through, from first to last, sine perlegam (perlegam?), Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 104; tabellas tene has, pellego\*, Pers. 4, 3, 27; leges pellego\*, As. 4, 1, 2; Perlegere animis oculisque sequacibus auras, Stat. Th. 3, 500; perlegi tuum tertium de nativae deorum, Cic. Tusc. 1, 8; tanta dulcedine me traxit (liber tunc) ut illum sine ulla dilatione perlegerim, Sen. ep. 46, 1; add Plin. pr. 33; Suet. Claud. 41; Apul. flor. 16, p. 66 H; but in Liv. 38, 28, 1 legerunt; 3. in compositis quibusdam inueni r in l conuerti ut intellego pro interlego, pellego\* pro perlego, Prisc. p. 571 P.

**per-līno**, ēre, a doubtful read. in Colum. for **per-lino**, ēre, perlitus, vb. smear all over, ulcera pice perlinunt (so Sch., al. perlinuntur), Colum. 7, 5, 22; locumaleum perlinat (al. perlinat) intrinsicis herbis, 9, 12; amura excisio perlinetur (perlinatur?), Pall. 3, 30; nudum ac totum melle perlitum alligauit arbori, Apul. M. 8, 22, p. 714 H; nudus et lotio perlitus (so mss but perlitus?), 1, 14.

**per-luo**, ēre, lui, lūtus, vb. [lūo or lauo, ēre] wash all over, promiscue in fluminibus perluuntur, bathe, Caes. b. g. 6, 21, 5; gelida cum perluor unda, Hor. ep. 1, 15, 4; Cumque manus puras fontana perluit unda, Ov. F. 5, 435; cum eam diligenter aqua marina perlueris, Colum. 12, 20, 3; posteaquam diligenter aqua dulci perlutae sunt, 9, 16, 1; aedui pinnis perluunt, Plin. 10, 127.

**permarinus**, adj. [per mare] over the sea, i.e. presiding, (laribus permarinis in porticis) (Mijnne(a), Kal. Praen. CIL (x1 Kal. Dec.) I p. 319; dedicant aedem Larum Permarinum in campo, Liv. 40, 52, 4; deos uiales et promarinis (permar.) notis imploro, Fronto ad Caes. 3, 9, p. 47 Nab.; cf. Maer. s. 1, 10, 10; Varr. ap. Non. 538 v. strofium; and 542 v. rituelum; permarini διαστωρ, Gloss. Philox.

**permarituit**, a perf. of permaritresco, has become quite ripe, Ov. M. 4, 165; Hygin. fab. 136 (ej. of Munkler for permaritatur); but in Cels. 2, 24, 13 read bene maturuerunt.

**per-mingo**, ēre, nxi, vb. [per over, all over] bepass, met., Hor. s. 1, 2, 44.

**permidtābilis**, older form of perniciabilis, so first Med. of Tac. an. 4, 34.

**permidtālis**, older form of perniciālis, Coniunctum est id quod nusquam (al. nunquam) sine permidtāli Discidio potis est seungi seque gregari, Lucr. 1, 451. So best mss.

**permtiēs**, ci. f. [permit- of permitto, in the lost sense of let go to destruction; cf. per-eo perimo perdo, and see mitto, let go] destruction, annihilation, same sense as perniciēs; but Pl. has permtiēs, As. 1, 2, 7 BD; permtiēm, Bac. 3, 1, 6 Ba; permtiē, 4, 7, 29 cBa and permtiē BDh; permtiēs, Most. 1, 1, 3 B, permtiēs CD; permtiēs, Ps. 1, 3, 130, permtiēs A; permtiēs, Cist. 2, 1, 13 Ba; and these are all the places in Pl.; in Catul. 27, 6 mss CV have permtiēs; again first Med. of Tac. has permtiēm in an. 2, 20; 3, 49; 4, 33; 6, 4 and 11 and 20; also permtiābile, 4, 34. See Koch's exere. crit. Bonn. 1851.

**permtiōsus**=permtiosus, so permtiōsa consilia, Tac. an. 12, 22 in second Med.

**per-mitis**, e, adj. over-ripe, sorba non permtia, Colum. 12, 42, 1.

**per-mitto**, ēre, isi, issum, vb. let go over, send over, hoc genus casei potest etiam trans maria permti, Colum. 7, 8, 6; 2. hand over (without reserve), place at the free disposal of, Regnum tibi permti malunt? Att. 18 R; totum ei negotium permti, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 9, 2; sese suas ciuitatisque fortunas eius fidei permissurum, Caes. b. g. 5, 3 f.; add 2, 3, 2; 31, 3; ipso se in dicionem consulis permississe, surrendered themselves, Liv. 8, 20, 6; add 36, 28, 1; tota Quinctio res permissa est, 36, 35, 1; se reuocantē dicioni eius permtit, Vell. 2, 37, 3.

3. esp. p. habenas abandon the reins (to), effusas (equo) permttere habenas, Tib. 4, 1, 92; Accrete habenas lora permttis quatit, Sen. Phaedr. 1015; 4. and o-sails to the wind, classis permttis omnibus uentis, Plin. pan. 35, 1; permttamus uela nentis, Quinat. ad Tryph. 3; 5. p. equum (sc. sibi), to leave a horse and so let him go at full speed, concitant equos permttuntque in hostem, Liv. 3, 61, 9; in quem ita permtit equum ut uno ictu equo praecipitaret, 9, 22, 7; 6. so, tumultuāris linguae exereitationibus ad famam sese facundiae permtiserat (so Gron., prom. Hertzy) Gell. 7 (6), 16, 1; had made a dash at; 7. let fly (with all one's might), scopulum in undas, Ov. M. 14, 182; add 12, 282; 8. leave entirely to, fully permit, permt, first with ut, quis Antonio permtit ut partes faceret? Cic. or. 2, 366; Teliā... permttisse ut se uel uiuum degubertet dummodo redderet puellum, Varr. s. 162, 11 R; huic consuli permttissum ut duas legiones scriberet, Liv. 35, 20, 4; ibi permttissum\* ut sen dicere prius scd audire mallet ita coeunt (so mss, and rightly, some uel del. ut); 9. w. subj. alone, permttissum\* ipsi erat faceret quod e re publica duceret esse, Liv. 24, 14, 5; an permttissent T. Quinctio faceret quod e re publica censeret esse, 33, 45, 3; 10. with inf., ipsis iudiciis coniecturam facere permttam quam improbum esse uideatur, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 22; animus si in iram se proiecit non permttitur\* reprimere impetum, Sen. tra 1, 7, 4; ut ei permttisset quem uellet eligere, ps. Nep. Com. 4, 1; 11. with inf. und., tibi permtto (sc. eligere) responderene mihi malis de singulis rebus an uniuersam audire orationem meam, Cic. N. D. 3, 4; 12. as an impers. vb. see \*; 13. as a pass. pers., quei lege



pl(ebe)ne scito) permixtus est (for cui permixtus est) uti leges in municipio daret, CIL 159; 14. with dat. of pers., abandon out of regard to, eas se. inimicitias) patribus conscriptis permixturum (but remissurum?), Cic. Sect. 72.

**per-mulceo**, ēre, lsi, letus\* or lusu\*, vb. make quite soft, quae (se. cera) picem lenitate permulcens frigidus eam non patitur dissilire, Pall. 10, 11, 2; 2. esp. by passing the hand gently over, stroke, smooth down, (pedem) Manibus isdem quibus Vlix saepe permulsi abluam Lasitudinēque minuum manuum molitudine, Paev. 245 R; capite permulso, Varr. s. 238, 3 R; Candida permulcens liquidis uestigia lymphis, Catul. 64, 162; Terpe manu permulsi eum, Ov. F. 5, 551; add M. 1, 716; 2, 733; Gallo barbam suam (se. Papiri) permulcenti, Liv. 5, 41, 9; malas, Suet. Ner. 1; 3. met., Aram quam flatu permulcet spiritus auri, Cic. Arat. ap. N. D. 2, 114; 4. esp. of the mind, as a met. from the pleasurable stroking of a weary limb, soothe, qui permulcet sensum voluptate, Cic. fin. 2, 32; dūne sunt res quae permulcant aures, sonus et numerus, orat. 163; permulsa atque recreata est, ap. Prisc. 871, 1, 487, 7 K; add Cic. or. 2, 315; eorum animis permulsi, Caes. b. g. 4, 6, 5; corollis...permulsa domus odore, Catul. 64, 284; lenita iam ira postero de liberalibus aeris permulsi\* sunt, Lat. ap. Prisc. ut supra; iram eius, Liv. 39, 23, 10; permulsi\* sonis mitoribus, Gell. 1, 11, 2.

**perna**, ae, f. [=Skr. charna foot; perh. = *περὶον*, the small bone of arm or leg, radius or fibula, whence *πτερνα* heel or sole; per of perna may = ped-, as Varr. says, l. 5, 22 p. 114 Sp.; perna a pede sueris (al. suis)] a foot, castrantur feminae (sues) suspensae pernis prioribus (posterioribus?) for Arist. hist. an. 9, 50, from whom Plin. takes this, has *τὸν πορτῶν σκελῶν*, Plin. 8, 209; 2. gen. a salted leg of pork, a ham, praecium omnia sua pernam callis cliis(?) glandia, Naev. com. 65 R; pernam quidem Ius est adponi frigidam postriedi, Pl. Pers. 1, 3, 25; Quanta pernis pestis veniet, quanta habes larido! Cap. 4, 2, 123; pernas sic salire oportet, Cato r. 162, 1; eo addito ungulam de perna, 158; pernam totam diligit, Titin. 84 R; fumosae cum pede pernae, Hor. s. 2, 2, 117; add Apic. 293, 204 Sch.; cf. *περνα* a ham; 3. of men, thigh, Is (al. his) pernas succidit iniqua superbia Poeni, Enn. an. 279 V; 4. foot of a kind of shell-fish, appellatur et pernae concharum generis...Stant uelut suillo crure, Plin. 32, 154; 5. foot of a shoot, aulos arboribus stolonem nixere, quo in genere cum perna sua aelluntur, Plin. 17, 67; 6. in Pl. Truc. 2, 7, 39 pernam is merely an error.

**per-pello**, ēre, pūli, pulsus, vb. [per over] drive over, hence met. prevail upon, bring over, persuade (to a different course), Calidum senem callidis dolis Conpuli et perpulsi mi omnia ut crederet, Pl. Bac. 4, 4, 5; nunquam destitit...Suadere orare usque adeo donec perpulsi, Ter. And. 4, 1, 38; Antonium pactione provinciae perpulit ne contra rempublicam sentiret, Sal. Cat. 29, 4; add Aug. 38, 2; illum non minae plebis non senatus preces percellere potuerunt ut supplicem pensaret homines, Liv. 2, 61, 5; add 29, 23, 7; 32, 32, 4; eo metu (Gomphos) perpulit ad deditiōnem, 32, 14, 2; 2. with inf. in Tac., Pharusmanem perpulit conatus suos tuare, an. 6, 39 (33); duas paelices perpulit delationem subire, 11, 29 f.; add 12, 50; 13, 54; 3. but in Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 24 perpulit (bis, not perpulsi), for so A and metre requires it.

**perpersicius**, ad. [perpersi] of the class perpersi, accustomed to suffer and so hardy, cum uera febris exarsit etiam duro et perpersicio confessionem exegit, Sen. ep. 53, 6; Socratem perpersiciū seum, 104, 27; 2. for qty of cf. tralatitius.

**perpessus**, āre, vb. [pātro, wh. see] bring to a close (a grave business), achieve, complete, Posquam opus uenit ut uolui omne perpetravi hostibus fugatis, Pl. C. 5, 1, 24; Spartam reportare instat, id si perpetrat, Pacuv. 249 R; add 317; perpetrata caede, Liv. 1, 6, 1; sacro, 25, 12, 2; pace,

33, 21, 6; sacrificio, 44, 37, 13; ad reliqua Iudaici belli perpetranda, Tac. h. 4, 51 f.; add 4, 65; an. 13, 7; quasi perpetratus bellum, Suet. Cal. 46; 2. with inf., Male quod mulier facere incipit nisi id efficere perpetrat, Id illi morbo, id illi senio, ea illi miserae miseria, Pl. Truc. 2, 5, 13.

**perpēt-uus**, adj. [implies a vb. perpetuo go over to the end, go all the way] continued all the way, continuous, unbroken, ultro citroque sulcos perpetuos ducito, Cato r. 33, 2; palas quae perpetua intercedebat, Caes. b. g. 7, 26, 2; add 7, 57, 4; trabes, 7, 23, 1; fossae, 7, 7, 3; munitiones, b. c. 3, 41, 4; mens quidem (reditus) is fuit ut a Brundisio usque Romam aequum perpetuum totius Italiae uideret, Cic. Pis. 51; hic arietē caeso Perpetui soliti patres considere mensis, Verg. 7, 176; Perpetui toro bonis (whole, not eat up), S. 183; 2. of time continuous, unbroken, uninterrupted, the whole of, hunc diem Misere nimis cupio ut coepi perpetuum in laetitia degere, Ter. Ad. 4, 1, 6; triduo hoc perpetuo, 4, 1, 4; biennium p., Hee. 1, 2, 12; suam innocentiam perpetua uita esse perspectam, Caes. b. g. 1, 40, 13; primaeque ab origine mundi Ad mea perpetuum deducite tempora carmen, Ov. M. 1, 4; 3. hence perpetual, eternal, never-ending, legis perpetuae aeternae, Cic. N. D. 1, 40; stellarum perennes cursus atque perpetui, 2, 55; Ergo Quinctilium perpetuus sopor Urget, Hor. od. 1, 24, 5; 4. of speech or writing continuous, Clodium fregi cum oratione perpetua, tam alteratione, Cic. Att. 1, 16, 8; perpetua disputatione, or. 2, 16; quum res a perpetuis orationibus in alterationem uenisset, Liv. 4, 6, 1; a perpetuis suis historiis ea quae dixi bella separauerunt, Cic. fam. 5, 12, 2; add 5, 12, 6.

**per-rēpo**, ēre, psi, vb. crawl over, creep over, Non ego tellurem genibus perrepere supplex (dubitem), Tib. 1, 2, 87; add Clam. 6, 5, 1, 4, 24, 14.

**perropto**, āre, vb. frq. [perrepo] crawl or creep over and over, omnis plateas perreptam, Pl. Amph. 4, 1, 3; Perreptam usque omne oppidum, Ter. Ad. 4, 6, 3; 2. with inf., omnis lutebras perreptam Quaeuere (quaerens?) for metre also) conseruam uoce..., Pl. Rud. 1, 4, 4.

**per-siccius**, ad. [over-dry, si oculi persicci sunt, Cels. 3, 6, p. 56, 18 Dar.

**persōna**, ae [see below], f. a mask, Quid ita? Quia enim repueras fuitas personas pater? Nov. 2 R; Cretea persona, Lucr. 4, 297; persōnae pallentis hiatum in gremio matris formidat rusticus infans, Iuv. 3, 175; Personam tragicam forte uulpes uiderat, Phaedr. 1, 7, 1; se ite Proserpina cauum, Persōnam capiti detrahet illa tuo, Mart. 3, 43, 4; thiaetur (ira) a plurimis sicut deformis persona ab infantibus, Sen. ira 2, 11, 2; 2. a gurgol, primus (Butades) personas tegularum extremis imbriciis inposit, Plin. 35, 152; personas e quarum rostris aqua salire solet, Ulp. dig. 19, 1, 17 f.; 3. a character or person in a play (from an actor's wearing a mask), Colcham esse Naui et Plauti ueterem fabulam; Parasiti personam inde ablant et militis, Ter. Eun. pr. 26; add 32 and 35; Medea et Atrous, heroicae personae, Cic. N. D. 3, 71; sub persona militis, Gell. 13, 23 (22), 11; 4. hence met. illam grauitatis seueritatisque personam non appetit, Cic. Mur. 6; est proprium munus magistratus intelligere se gerere personam ciuitatis, off. 1, 12, 4; ille finis Appio alienae personae ferendae fuit, Liv. 3, 36, 1; 5. gen. a person, as an individual, nunquam (Caesar) nisi honorificentissime Pompeium appellat. At in eius personam multa fecit asperitas, Cic. fam. 6, 6, 10; ut mea persona semper ad improbum ciuium impetus aliquid uideretur habere populare, ad Pomp. ap. Att. 8, 11 d § 7; add Clu. 78; ne uider in personam non in rem dicere sententiam, Sen. hul. mort. Cl. 9, 3; in personam actio est qua...; in rem actio est cum..., Gai. inst. 4, 2; add Paul. dig. 1, 5, 1; 6. in grammar, suffixes of verbs wh. mark the action in uerbis quis est adeo imperitus ut ignoret personas et numeros? Quint. 1, 4, 27; 1, 5, 41; 1, 6, 15; personarum notitia est triplex, prima secundae tertiae, Char.



Cato r. 106 (107), 6; quem pertaesumst... (miss pertesunt), Pompon. 93 R (who reads pertisumst); pertaesum est leuitatis, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 2, 4; nunquam suscepti negotii eum pertaesum est, Nep. Att. 15, 2; Si non pertaesum thalami taedaeque fuisset, Verg. 4, 18; Exit saepe foras magnis ex aedibus ille Esse domi quem pertaesumst, Lucr. 3, 1061; quorum matrimonii pertaeadebat, Gell. 15, 20, 6; 2. with a dat. for gen., usque adeo pertaesum nos mihi (mei?) esse, Graec. ap. Diom. 291 P, 311, 23 R; 3. as a pers. vb. cum iam omnes verbis eius deftigati pertaeuissent, Gell. 1, 2, 6; 4. esp. in perf. part., lenitudinis eorum pertaesae, Tac. ann. 15, 51; 5. even with acc., mors pertaesae ignauiam suam, Suet. Caes. 7; p. morum peruersitatem eius, Aug. 62; semet ipse pertaesae, Tib. 67; 6. pertisum, a form of part. condemned by Cic. orat. 159; iniquum non inaequum, coniectum non concessum, ex quo quidam pertisum etiam uolunt, quod eadem consuetudo non probat; 7. in Pl. Most. 1, 4, 4 taesumst, not pertaesumst.

**pertango**, an imag. word, in Apic. 6, 239 Schuch. has tangis, in 8, 342 tanges.

**per-tēgo**, ēre, xi, vb. thatch over or completely, Quin tu in paludem est exsecusae harundinem, Qui pertegamus nullam? Pl. Rud. 1, 2, 35; 2. met., Benefacta benefactis aliis pertego ne peripiant, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 30; 3. cover all over, decorate, Odeum nauium malis perxitit, Vitr. 5, 9, 1; Cereis cellam Dorico more perxitit (so miss, but G perxitit), 7 pr.

**per-tempto** (-tentō), ēre, vb. frq. lit. keep straining on all sides—hence put to the proof, submit on all care, try thoroughly, ea gratia Simulami, nos ut pertemptarem, Ter. Andr. 3, 4, 9; dicens sermonibus pertemptatum, Tac. ann. 6, 20; placuit pertemptari animum colortis, h. 1, 201; cum utrumque (pugionem) pertemptasset, 2, 49; omnia pertempto, omnia exterior, *parva* denique *Ador auro*, Plin. ep. 1, 20, 15; quum haec ita erunt pertemptata, Vitr. S. 1, 6; 2. examine (in thought) from all points of view, tu perspicere rem et pertempta (so ed. pr., Baiter pertempta), Cic. Q. fr. 1, 4, 5; 3. seize violently, attack, as first of pleasure, Latoniae tacitum pertemptant gaudia pectus, Verg. 1, 502; 4. esp. of ailments, ut tota tremor pertemptet equorum Corpora, Verg. G. 3, 250; Ad cum prima lues udo sublapsa ueneno Pertemptat sensus, A. 7, 355; fatigatione pertemptatus, Att. M. 1, 11; indignatio pertemptauit animos, 9, 36.

**per-tēneo**, ēre, ui, vb. [per over] keep to the last, tuus me tenebat eremus, atque uitam peruenisset, Hier. ep. 66, 13; see **pertere**.

**per-tergo**, ēre (perh. also pertergo, ēre), rsi, vb. wipe over, wipe, Gausape purpureo mensam perterxit, Hor. s. 2, 8, 11; munda sponsa uasa pertergere, Colum. 12, 9, 2; 2. met., Isque (c-o, ar) ita per nostras aces perlabitur omnis Et quasi perterget (miss perterget) pupillas, Lucr. 4, 249; lux oculos perterget, 4, 277.

**per-texo**, ēre, xui (xi, Vitr., see below), xtus, vb. weave throughout, bysso tenui per-texta, Apul. M. 11, 3, p. 758 or 990 H; 2. weave to the end, hence met. of speech (cf. *opavro*), pertere modo quod exorsus es, Cic. or. 2, 145; totum hunc locum grauit per-textit (sc. Pompey addressing the people), Att. 1, 14, 3; coeptum per-textore dictis, Lucr. 1, 418; add 6, 42; 3. but in Vitr. 5, 9, 1 and 7 pr. per-textit from per-tego.

**per-tineo**, ēre, ui, vb. intr. keep straight on (to), extend (to), cum aspera arteria ad pulmones pertinet, Cic. N. D. 2, 136; uias quae pertinent ad iecur... uenas in omnes partes corporis pertinentes, 137; uim uitalem per omnem mundum pertinentem, 24; Belgae pertinent ad inferiorem partem Rheni, Caes. b. g. 1, 1, 6; omnes riuos qui ad mare pertinebant, b. c. 3, 49, 4; add 3, 68, 2; in nastae magnitudinis urbe partium sensu non satis pertinente in agmina, Liv. 25, 24, 6; 'pertinet' hoc significat dirigitur extenditur peruenit, Ulp. dig. 42, 23, 1; 2. of time,

hie (orbis) pertinet a natali ad diem extremum, Sen. ep. 12, 6; quae ad posteritatis memoriam pertinerent (live to), Cic. sen. 82; 3. met., ea caritas patriae per omnes ordines uelut tenore uno pertinebat, Liv. 23, 49, 3;

4. be aimed (at), point (to), be directed (to), have for object or consequence, Hoc quam ad rem creiam pertinere somnium Nequeo inuenire, Pl. Merc. 2, 1, 28; id eo scripsi quo plus auctoritatis haberem, eodemque pertinet quod causam eius probo, Cic. Att. 8, 9, 1; add Brut. 298; id pertinere putant quo facilius ad groges pastores retineant, Varr. r. 2, 1, 26; non esse obscurum ad quem suspicio malitiae pertineat, Cic. Rose. Am. 18; 5. bear upon, belong (to), have to do (with), concern, illa res ad meum officium pertinet, Cic. Rose. Am. 30; cum (animali)... quatenus quidque se attingat ad seque pertineat perspicere coepit, lin. 5, 24; see legal def. in Pomp. dig. 50, 16, 181.

**per-tingo**, ēre, vb. [tango] reach to, attain (to), collis in immensum pertingens (so at least all miss, but? pertinens), Sal. lug. 48, 3; fac te ad sapientium Clementis posse pertingere (? peruenire), Front. ad Ant. 1, p. 144 Naber; but note that our attain comes through Fr. atteindre from attingere; 2. in Lucr. 4, 249 perterget.

**per-torqueo**, ēre, vb. twist or writhe to the utmost, distort thoroughly, foedo ora sapore, Lucr. 2, 401; 2. met., quam sententiosa uerba pertorquet, Afr. 1 li.

**per-trāho**, ēre, xi, etus, vb. drag draw or tow over or all the way (to), Quinctium in castra petrauerunt, Liv. 7, 30, 14; uinus ad Laelium petrahitur, 30, 12, 2; ratis ab actuariis nauibus ad alteram ripam pertrahitur, 21, 28, 9; Romanique (sc. mulieres) pertraxerunt ad centumuiros, Phaedr. 3, 10, 35; add Plin. 7, 11; Tac. h. 2, 72; ad sedas Gemonias perque eas petrauit in Tiberim deiecit, Aur. V. S. med.; add Val. M. 1, 7, ext. 8; 5, 3, ext. 3, p. 242, 18 Halm; 2. without phys. force, draw over (by wily practice), ad tumulos tegentes Romanum equitatum pertraxit, Liv. 29, 34, 13; in contumem precibus, 45, 10, 6; 3. in Plin. 28, 9 trahenda not pertr.

**per-transeo**, ēre, vb. pass over or through, Plin. 37, 68 if not corrupt; in Sen. ep. 4, 3 transcat, not pertr.

**per-tribuo**, ēre, ui, vb. give unstintingly, certatim ei testimonia, Plin. ep. 10, 86 (18), 2.

**per-trux**, trūcis, adj. very savage, pertruces bestiae, Apul. M. 17, 18 (so Flor. ss 1, Oud. and Hild. truciis).

**per-tundo**, ēre, tūdi, fūssus or tusus, vb. lit. beat through, hence gen. perforate, pierce, In pertusum ingerimus dicta dolium; operam Indimus (alluding to Damaids, as Lucr. below), Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 135; and met., ne quis (quisquam miss) pertundat (hanc) erumnam cuiusvis, 1, 2, 37; latus pertūdīt asta (so ms Berne, n. hasta), Enn. an. 395 V; trulleos nascentinas pertusos (ms perusos), Cato orat. 62, 1; terebra uitem pertundito, r. 41 (42), 3; in quales pertusos, and soon: calicem pertundito per fundum aut qualum, 52, 1; sub sellam pertusam, 107, 11; anima conclusa in uiscera aera ligata, si pertuderis, aera reddit, Varr. s. 102, 9 R; uasa pertusa, 227, 2; pertusum congesta quasi in uas, Lucr. 3, 936; add 1009 and 6, 20; Nonne nides etiam gittas in saxa cadentes Vmoris longo in spatio pertundere saxa? 4, 1287; pertundere perque forare, 5, 1268; tunicaeque pallumque, Catul. 32, 11; uenam, Iuv. 6, 46; pertusa laena (with holes in it, ragged), 5, 131; crebra foramina, Vitr. 10, 22, 10; ungulam, Col. 6, 15; margaritas, Ulp. dig. 9, 2, 27, 30; 2. esp. pertusos of roads cut through rocks, as tunnels or deep cuttings, pertusa ad compita, Pers. 4, 28; hence Ad pertusa, as name of town in Africa, Anton. Itin. p. 301; also Petra pertusa or intericia of a tunnel, south of Carthage in Italy made by Vespasian, Aur. Vict. Vesp. p. 105 Delph. cf. in-cr. ad locum, Claud. cons. Hon. 6, 500, and Procop. r. Got. 2; 3. It. pertusa a hole, Pierre pertuis in France, Switzerland. See also Paul. Diaconus

for tunnel so called near Puteoli, caenati montes per Flaminium sunt quae vulgariter Pertusa petra vocatur; cf. *τρητον* a tunnel near Argos.

**per-nādo**, ēre, si, sum, vb. go over, pass over (the whole of), make its way all over, pervade, *Pervade polum\**. Att. ap. Varr. 1. 7, 2, p. 300 Sp.; quancumque iter fecit einsmodi fuit ut quaedam calamitas pervadere videretur. Cie. Verr. 2. 1. 41; cernitis quantum incendium per acres aratorum pervaserit; 2, 3, 66; omnes per aequa atque iniqua loca pervadunt. Liv. 25. 14, 9; add 37, 25, 6; quam fama ea forum\* atque urbem pervaserat. 5, 7, 6; murmur ab tribunali totam contionem\* pervasit. 26, 15, 19; omnia aspera\* uti soles pervade, or. ad Caes. de rep. 1, 6, 33;

**2.** go over all the way (to), make one's way over (to), locus nullus est quo non hominum libido pervaserit. Cie. Verr. 2, 3, 207; quas in oras (so best xs, other quas oras) quasi morbus quidam pervaserat. Sul. 53; nares contractiores habent introitus nequid in eas quod noceat possit pervadere. N. D. 2, 145; ad castra pervadit. Liv. 7, 36, 4; add 26, 5, 11; pervasit iam multos\* ista persuasio. Quint. 8, 2, 21; cunctum cunctos eius artus\* pervasit. Tac. an. 13, 16;

**3.** make one's way through, nisu corporis et impetu equi pervasit (sc. per signa hostium). Tac. an. 2, 17;

**4.** note besides the use of prepp. as per. in, ad, use of ace. alone\* and so Lach. Lucr. 1, 555 in aetatis pervadere finis, wh. he adds: neque eo neciter unquam aliter usi sunt;

**5.** hence in Ann. pervasus, passed over, traversed, pervasus Alanorum regionibus, 31, 3, 1; also pervasa urbe but not in 24, 3.

**per-uāgor**, āri, vb. r. wander over, traverse in all directions, hic praedonum nauiculae pervagatae sunt. Cie. Verr. 2, 5, 98; ut errabundi domos suas pervagarentur. Liv. 1, 29, 3; natio pervagata bello prope orbem terrarum, 38, 17, 3; but in Caes. 7, 45, 1 best xs vagarentur; **2.** met. (quod—the fame of wh.) usque ad ultimas terras pervagatum est. Cie. Verr. 2, 4, 64; timores omnium mentes, leg. 1, 32; dolor omnia membra. Plin. ep. 1, 12, 6; memoria orbem terrarum, 6, 10, 3; **3.** esp. become common or vulgar, ne in honos nimium pervagetur. Cie. inn. 2, 113;

**4.** hence part. pervagatus of what has spread far and wide, gloria. Cie. Mare. 26; bona, top. 69; **5.** hence hackneyed, commonplace, istis communibus et pervagatis. Cie. or. 1, 165; pervagatum ac vulgare, orat. 195; add Plane. 47; **6.** comp. Cie. inn. 2, 47; superl. orat. 147.

**per-uēho**, ēre, xi, ctus, vb. carry or convey over or all the way (to), in a vehicle, on horseback, in ship etc., sacra in planstrum impositi et Caere peruexit. Liv. 5, 40 f.; add Val. M. 1, 1, 10; comitibus peruehendis. Liv. 44, 6, 6; corpus pedibus praegrediens Roman peruexit. Suet. Tib. 7 f.; inde nunc peruehuntur ad nos (imported). Plin. 35, 39; in Apul. de Soer. 23 read: non modo peruehiet uerum etiam peruoletur nehat (partly ej.) not mollier peruehat;

**2.** peruehor, vb. r. ride, drive, sail etc. over, laeas inde et oceanum usque ad Amisiam flumen peruehitur. Tac. an. 2, 8; **3.** ride etc. all the way (to), Dictator ubi currum insitit (xs insidit agst. metre) peruehitur usque ad oppidum, poet. ap. Varr. 1, 5, 32, p. 153 Sp.; tranquillo peruectus Chalcidem. Liv. 31, 23, 4; Caesar peruectus in Africam. Vell. 2, 55, 1; exceptum ab uno (sc. delphino) in litus peruectum. Plin. 9, 28; met., alium portum uidebamus in quem mallem peruechi. Cie. Att. 14, 10, 1; add off. 2, 11; **4.** of one on foot, peruecta ad litora (Dido). Sil. 8, 126.

**per-uēnor**, āri, vb. r. hunt over (the whole of), Defessus sum urbem totam peruenarier. Pl. Merc. 4, 5, 3, 818 R.

**per-uerto** (older uorto for imperf. tenses), ēre, nerti, uersus (norsus), vb. overturn, knock over, upset, Aulas peruertunt, ignem restigunt aqua. Pl. Cas. 4, 1, 16; Si rex obstabit obuiam, regem ipsum prius peruertito. St. 2, 1, 14; Ea ballista si peruertat trum et propugnacula, Bac. 4, 4, 59; I'mus proceras peruertunt. Enn. an. 196 V;

Croesus Halyn penetrans magnam peruertet opum uim, Cie. diu. 2, 115; arbuta nigrluta tecta, 1, 49; **2.** met., iusticiam et amicitiam (so xs a B)...labefactare atque peruertere. Cie. fin. 3, 70; officium omne, off. 1, 5; iura diuina et humana, 1, 26; imperium, Tac. an. 16, 22;

**3.** also of persons, cito homo permoti potest, may be bowled over, Pl. Poen. 4, 2, 52; eos imitari quos ipse peruerterat. Cie. Brut. 273; Iunium, Clu. 108; Numquam ille me ullo artificio peruertet, Caecl. 44; posse Blaesum peruertere, Tac. h. 38; Ollium, an. 13, 45; **4.** peruersus, inverted, topsy-turvy, peruersas comas, Ov. a. a. 3, 246; partus (of a foot presentation), Varr. ap. Gell. 16, 16 f.; peruersis-imis oculis, Cie. N. D. 1, 79; **5.** met., Edepol ne hic dies peruersus atque aduersus mi optigit, Pl. Men. 5, 5, 1; **6.** esp. of character, perverse, cross-grained, wrong-headed, ut erat praeposterus atque peruersus, Cie. Clu. 71; peruerse Menalea, Verg. B. 3, 13; **7.** met., Haec sunt si recte sen peruerse facta sunt, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 146; peruerse interpretaris, Truc. 1, 2, 41; peruerse uides, Merc. 2, 2, 20; erras peruerse, utterly wrong, Most. 4, 2, 36; si quid peruerse factum est a muliere, Cato orat. 68, 4, 1; peruerse dicere homines peruerse dicendo facillime consequi, Cie. or. 1, 150; quo quid potest dici peruersus? Tusc. 5, 50; **8.** for comp. see \*; for superl. see †.

**per-uiam**, adv. on the way, by the way, en passant, Augustus reprehendens Ti. Claudium: scribis peruiam *arri* *rov* obiter, ap. Char. 187 P, 209, 17 K; but the pass. Aul. 3, 2, 24 is spur.

**per-uideo**, ēre, vb. overlook, fail to see, be blind to, Cum tua peruides oculis male hypns inunctis, Cur in amicorum uisitis tam cernis ceutum? Hor. s. 1, 3, 25; cf. *παράβλεψαι, ὑπερορᾶν, παρῶραν*; Germ. übersehen, versehen, verachten; a. Sax. forseen, despise, our overlook; cf. also Germ. überhören and verhören to miss hearing; and Key's Essay IV; **2.** see thoroughly, clearly, qui peruidet omnia solem, Ov. M. 14, 375; **3.** met. of the mind, peruideri iam animi mei firmitatem, Cie. Att. 12, 38, 3; indices meritorum fieri accessiones peruidere te spero, fam. 10, 9, 1; Et quo iactari magis omnia materia Corpora peruidens, remiserunt... Luer. 2, 90; peruideamus utrum... 1, 956; et plus fortasse sit quam ego peruideo, Sen. tranq. 1, 15; uidet quid eueniat sed cur id accidit non peruidet (nidet?), Colum. 2, 1, 5; Cunctaque mens oculis peruidet illis suis, Ov. Pont. 1, 8, 34; **4.** Cie. Att. 4, 12 has ibi te uidebo et promouebo (not peruidebo); and in Att. 15, 4, 2 te quamprimum per uidere uelim (for peruelim);

**5.** for two very different meanings in one word cf. our overlook.

**per-ungo** (unguo), ēre, unxi, unctus, vb. smear or grease all over, or the whole of, with ace. of surface, corpora oleo, Cie. Tus. 1, 113; nardo. Hor. epod. 5, 59; peruncti faecibus ora, A. P. 277; Ora nec inundata tota perungue manu, Ov. a. a. 3, 750; axisbus perungendis, Plin. 28, 141; uolueru, 29, 90.

**per-uōlito**, āre, vb. frq. [peruolo] keep flying over or through, memora, Luer. 1, 346; Denique per dissaeta domorum saxea uoces Pernolitant, 6, 952; lumen...omnia... loca, Verg. S. 24; tecta, Val. F. 4, 505.

**1.** **per-uōlo**, āre, vb. fly over, as a bird etc., or, all the way (to), omnem peruolat caeli fretum (sc. pulvis). Enn. tr. 31 V; Nigra uelut magnas domini eme diuites aedes Peruolat...hirundo, Verg. 12, 474; aerium peruolat altus iter (sc. coruus), Ov. F. 2, 252; **2.** met., decem horis nocturnis sex et quinquaginta milia passuum cisis peruolant, Cie. Rose. Am. 19; add rep. 6, 29; Per totum... Perque uolare mare ac terras (of the sun's rays), Luer. 4, 202; add Ov. F. 6, 527; dum peruolat axe cito Flaminium, Iuv. 1, 60; **3.** fly through, at aestus Peruolat intactus, Luer. 6, 1060.

**2.** **per-uōlo**, uelle, vb. wish exceedingly, quem uidere

pernelim, Cic. Att. 11, 14 f.; est quod abs te mihi ignosci pernelim, 1, 1, 3; scire eo te pernelim, Sull. 23; negasse unquam uidisse quemquam securi ferientem et peruelle id uidere, Liv. 39, 43, 3; 2. with thesis, te quamprimum per uidere nelim, Cic. Att. 15, 4, 2; 3. but in Lucr. 2, 1047 read *Atque animi iactus liber (sit) quo uolet (ire), non peruellet ipse*.

**per-uoluo**, *ire*, ui, *utus*, vb. roll over, or thoroughly, Nisi puerum totum, iam ego hunc in medium uiam Pronolum teque ibidem peruoluam in luto, Ter. Andr. 4, 4, 37; in suo sibi peruoluta sanguine, Apul. M. S. 14; 2. esp. turn over (a volume) and so read from first to last, Zmirnam cana diu saecula peruoluit, Catul. 95, 6 wh. note scansion; 3. in Liv. 24, 34, 14 prou., not pert.

**per-uolūtō**, *are*, vb. frq. [peruolu-] keep rolling over, hence read again and again from first to last, meos libros, Cic. Att. 5, 12, 2; bonarum artium doctores atque scriptores legendi et peruolutandi, or. 1, 158.

**pér-urgeo**, (urgeo\*), *ire*, vb. press violently, summa ui Germanicum ad capessendum reipublicam perurgebant, Suet. Tib. 25; nocentes innocentese maligna insectatione perurgebat, Aumm. 29, 1, 18; cum uideret se perurgeri\* sub hora mortis, Spart. Sev. 23, 6; cum Aeneas perurgebat\*, Treb. P. Gall. 5, 6; 2. esp. in law, ad pensanda fiscalia, cod. Th. 16, 2, 15, 2; criminaliter perurgeri, 9, 20, 1; add 9, 19, 4; 3. but sacra p. quoted from Lucil. Aetn. 226 secus a mis-reading of saecula pergit, v. 229.

**pér-ūro**, *ire*, ussi, *ustus*, vb. burn all over, or thoroughly, burn up, ignis multa perussit, Lucr. 5, 396; perusti late agri, Liv. 24, 20, 4; ossa, Ov. F. 4, 454; semina, Lucan. 6, 521; feruens arena... quaequid attigerat perurebat, Curt. 4, 3, 26; 2. of chemical destruction, nimum uas e plumbo, si in aqua addatur aeris quadrans, peruri, Plin. 34, 165; 3. in poets of what is sun-burnt, Libyco sole perusta coma, Prop. 5 (4), 9, 46; a perustis Indiae populis, Sen. Med. 487; but in Macr. somn. 3, 8, 1 iam has utram; 4. burn by rubbing, elafie, or gall, severely, subducunt oneri colla perusta boues, Ov. Pont. 1, 5, 24; Hibericis peruste funibus latus, Hor. epod. 4, 3; galeae fragmenta... perurunt Tempora, Lucan. 6, 193; 5. met. burn up, perustus flere, Phil. ep. 7, 1, 4; sitis naucem perurebat, Curt. 4, 16, 12; 6. of the mind, hominem perustum gloria uultu incendere, Cic. fam. 13, 15, 2; ualidoque perurimu aestu (of love), Ov. a. a. 3, 543; perusti petoris Curis leuamen, Sen. Med. 550; Illos (sc. mionies) qui male cor meum perurunt (of eury), Mart. 12, 40, 9; add Catul. 77, 3; Sen. const. sap. 17, 2; Val. F. 1, 70; 7. of frost, stantis per hiemem operito (asparagum) ne peruratur, Cato r. 161, (162), 2; terra perusta gelu, Ov. tr. 3, 4, 48; add Sen. X. Q. 4, 13, 7; Colum. 4, 8, 2.

**pét-esso**, (-isso\*), *ire*, vb. frq. keep going after, seek, make for, aim at, qui hanc (laudem) petessunt nullum fugient dolorem, Cic. Tusc. 2, 62; Corpore reliquo pugnam caedique petessit, Lucr. 3, 648; aurisque petessens, S. Sto; petessere\* antiqui pro petere... (or rather) sapientis petere, Fest. p. 206 b 19 M; 2. petui, petitus come from petisso; cf. Fr. fin-iss-ant fin-i-r.

**péticus**, adj., p. qui frequenter peti, Gloss. Isid.; a cognomen, C. Iulius qui uocatur Peticius, Inscr. Maff. M. V. 288, 5.

**Peticus**, a cognomen, C. Sulpicius Peticus, Inscr. Grut. 290.

**péto**, *ire*, li or lui\*, *itus*, vb. go or come, hence with cogn. acc., iter uiam cursum, go (hly), take (a road), iter a Vibone Brundisium terra petere, Cic. Plane. 96; alium cursum petui\*, Att. 3, 8, 2; quod iter petiturus esset ignoras, Liv. 44, 2, 9; quam uiam potissimum peteret, 44, 2, 5 (so Madv.; sss omitt uiam owing to quam); Diuersas petiere uias, Val. F. 1, 92; 2. absol. make for, go to, first with names of places, Cyzicum, Cic. fam. 14, 4, 3; Dyrrachium, Plane. 97; Crotoneum, Att. 6, 2, 2; 3. with other nouns, grues... loca calidiora petentes, Cic. N. D. 2, 125; cuius classis pe-

tere altum uisa est, Liv. 25, 27, 11; aequora rostris Ima petunt, Verg. 9, 120; Nunc fruiat caelo quod pinnis ante petebat, Ov. F. 3, 457; ut te supplex peterem et tua limina adirem, 6, 115; 4. esp. for attack, cuius latus ille mureo petebat, Cic. Lig. 9; Hic ierus expositum... anguis... petit, Ov. M. 11, 57; 5. hence direct a blow at, strike at, throw at, try to hit, sciebam Catilinam non latus aut ventrem sed caput et collum solere petere, Cic. Mur. 52; gladiatores nihil nec uitando facere nec petendo (that is not graceful), orat. 228; add Mil. 31; Tarquinius spiculu, Liv. 2, 20, 2; Malo me Galatea petit, Verg. B. 3, 64; cui petat ungue genas, Ov. a. a. 2, 452; patriae quam armis petebat, Vell. 2, 68, 3; 6. met., quotienscumque me petisti, per me tibi obstiti, nunc rem publicam petis, Cic. Cat. 1, 11; qui me epistola petiuit\*, ad te communis accessit, Att. 2, 2, 2; scire iter ab utro petitus fraude et insidiis esset, Liv. 40, 55, 3; falsis criminibus sororem, Tac. an. 4, 31; 7. go or come for, ut to get, fetch, curram ad lacum..., linum petam, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 80; puerum petis, Truc. 4, 4, 10; petam line aquam, Rud. 2, 3, 69; 8. even with two acc., one of town to which, one of that for wh., petere Brundisium ostras, Plin. 9, 169; 9. in other cases with prep. of, quarter to wh., iura in Baeticum, Plin. 5, 3; petunt murram... ad Troglodytas, 12, 66; colle in quem uimina petebantur, 16, 37; add 19, 52; 10. esp. of fetching a sigh, hoc sis uide ut petiuit\* Suspirium alte, Pl. Cist. 1, 1, 57; gemitus alto de corde petitos, Ov. M. 2, 622; et latere petitus inno spiritus, Hor. epod. 11, 10; 11. hence met. seek, aim at, strive for, eloquentiae principatum, Cic. orat. 56; uoluptatem, fin. 2, 61; sapientiam, inu. 1, 66; 12. of public office, be a candidate for, put up for, stand for, (Quae ex haec) lege non iouauerit, est magistratum imperiumque ne petito neque gerito, CIL 197, 19; magistratum, Cato orat. 52, 13 1; imperium, Varr. s. 208, 4 R; consulatum petere, Cic. Att. 1, 17, 11; Phil. 2, 67; Sal. Cat. 18, 3; praetura, Cic. Verr. 1, 23; regnum, Liv. 1, 35, 2; and absol. de his qui nunc petunt, Cic. Att. 1, 1, 2; add Sal. Jug. 63, 6; 64, 1; hence petitor, petito, petitorio; 13. in law, like legal proceedings to recover, qui per se litem contestatur, sibi soli peti, Cic. Rose. cum. 53; aliquando cum seruus Habiti furti egit, nuper ab ipso petere coepit, Clu. 103; add Mil. 74; 14. hence qui petit, the plaintiff, unde petitur, the defendant, sei postulabit qui petet, praetor recuperatores... dato, CIL 197, 10; is cum unde petet in ious (educito), 198, 6; is unde petetur..., is qui petet, 198, 24; unde petitur, Cato orat. 62, 6 and 10; 15. ask of a person, ask for, request, gen. with ab, also de, first with acc. of thing, a me argentum petito praesentarium, Pl. Most. 2, 1, 14; Ergo ab eo petito gratiam istam, Capt. 3, 5, 63; M. Curtio tributum ab eo petiui\*, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 15, 3; pacem ab Romanis petierunt, Caes. b. g. 2, 13 f.; si de me petisses ut..., Ulp. dig. 13, 6, 5 f.; 16. with ut or ne and subj., or subj. alone, id sibi ut donaret rogare et uehementissime petere coepit, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 66; a P. Sulla petit ut emat gladiatores, Sul. 55; petendum ne quo progredereris..., Caes. ap. Cic. Att. 10, 8, 1; quod ne facias a te peto, id. ib.; sincerum mihi Candore noto reddas iudicium peto, Phaedr. 3 pr. f.; 17. the exx. of two acc. in this sense are errors; for petit hoc Aetida, Ov. M. 7, 296 Merk. writes caput hoc a Colchide; for Has petit auxilium, 14, 787, Has rogat a; for regem petierunt Iouem, Phaedr. 1, 2, 11, Eyss. has regem petiere a Ioue; 18. petit for petitis, Sceptris Palatini sedemque petit Euandri, Verg. 9, 9; add Ov. tr. 1, 10, 25; F. 1, 109; M. 5, 460; Lucan. 5, 522; 9, 32; 10, 64; v. Laclum. ad Lucr. 3, 1042.

**péto**, *onis*, m. [prob. from *petra* in the sense of testis; cf. our stone, Bret. kall] a ram, qui petroni nomem induit uernici sectario, and again bis, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 40-42; 2. a cognomen, T. Maunus Petroni, Suet. Vesp. 1; 3. a name for a boor, Fest. 206 b 23 M.

**phálērae**, *arum*, f. pl. [τὰ φάλαρα] ornaments worn on the breast, a petrel (Sidney's Arcadia, p. 299, ed. Frisw., Fr. portrait from pectorale), ut plerique nobilium anulos aureos et phaleras deponerent, Liv. 9, 46, 12; inde (sc. a

Tuscis) curules anuli phaleræ, Flor. 1, 5; phaleræ pulcherrime factas quas regis Hieronis fuisse dicuntur, Cie. Verr. 2, 4, 29; Euryalus phaleras Rhamnetis et aurea bullis Cingula... Hæc rapit, Verg. 9, 359; 2. of a horse, Primus eum phaleris insignem victor habeto, Verg. 5, 310; si quid argenti, quod plurimum in phaleris equorum erat, Liv. 22, 52, 5; equum et phaleras et sua arma, Flor. 1, 45 f. (3, 10, 26); Dumque auro phaleræ, geminis dum frenâ reudent, Claud. epig. 20; add. iv cons. Hon. 5, 48; coehildes tantæ magnitudinis ut equis regum in oriente frontalæ ac pro phaleris pensilia facerent, Plin. 37, 194; 3. as military rewards, donati equites phaleris, Liv. 39, 31, 17; præmia virtus Sanguine parta caput; phaleris lue pectora fulget, Sil. 15, 255; domatus phaleris xxv, Plin. 7, 102; add. Gell. 2, 11, 2; Vt qui sit fortis sit felicissimus idem, Vt lacti phaleris omnes et torquibus omnes, Iuv. 16, 60; 4. perh. worn by ladies, matrona ornata phaleris plagis (i.e. made of pearls), Publil. Syr. 12 R; 5. in Plin. 33, 18 Sillig gives sed et phaleras positas and rightly, not the neut.

**Philippæus**, adj. [Φιλιππεος] of Philip, Vna Philippæo sanguine adusta nota, Prop. 4, 10, 36 Lachn. (40); 2. for Φιλιππεος σταυρῶν, a gold coin of Philip's worth about £1. 3s., philippus or perh. for Pl. philippus (philippum D in Trin. 4, 2, 117; filippe B C D in Bæc. 2, 2, 42). Trecenti nummi qui vocantur Philippi, Poen. 3, 4, 4; Qui ad te trecentos Philippus (Philippus mss) modo detulit, 3, 5, 36; Præterea centum Philippæe minæ in pasculo sorsus (so Fleck.), 5, 2, 27; Nemost, Nummorum (for nummum) Philippum ad tria milia, Trin. 1, 2, 115; 3. cum, eo, pl. ei, eos, cum gen., pronoun ei um, o, i, os, um, Trecenti nummi Philippi (pron. filipi or filpi). Sescenti quoque, Poen. 1, 1, 38; Nam istos fortasse aurumst (so mss, aurost R), opus, Philippæ (—com?) quidem, Bæc. 2, 2, 42; Nunc quasi ducentis Philippiis (so B) emi filium, 4, 8, 78; qui mihi mille nummum crederet Philippum, quod me aurum..., Trin. 4, 2, 113; 4. also with e omitted, Trecentos Philippus Collabisco ullico, Poen. 1, 3, 6; add. 3, 1, 55; 3, 2, 22; 3, 3, 57; 3, 5, 26; 5, 6, 26; Trin. 5, 2, 34; As. 1, 3, 1; Bæc. 2, 5, 2; 4, 1, 18; 4, 8, 27; 4, 8, 41; 4, 9, 74; 5, 2, 64; Cure. 3, 70; 5. so far of gold, also of silver, Em tibi talentum argenti: Philippi est (so P): tene tibi, True, 5, 1, 60; 6. thus Pl. always has the metre of filippus or filippus of the coin; 7. but Hor. ep. 2, 1, 134: Retulisti acceptos, regale nomisma, Philippus; 8. and speaking of the king, even Pl. has: Philippum regem aut Darium (Darium?) triuicenia, Aul. 1, 2, 8; Ego sum ille rex Mirum (O lepidum diem, 4, 8, 4; 2, but in an iambic: Mirum quin regis Philippi causa aut Attali, Pers. 3, 1, 11.

**Philippianus**, adj. of Philip the Roman emperor, qui militauerunt in cohortibus praetor, Philippianis decem..., coh. viii pr. Philippian, inser. Or.-Heuz. o859.

**Philippicus**, adj. of Philip (of Macedonia), in eis orationibus quæ Philippicus nominatur cunctuater Demosthenes, Cie. Att. 2, 1, 3; 2. hence of Cicero's speeches against Antony, incipit libri prius Philippicarum, inser. of mss; Quam te conspiciæ diuina Philippica famæ, Iuv. 10, 129; 3. of Philip, the Macedonian town, Brutl e Philippiis campis epistulae, Plin. 33, 39; Ph. campis, Flor. 2, 13, 43 (4, 2) by a blunder for Pharsalia, so also Verg. G. 1, 490, with Serv.; Ov. M. 15, 823; Lucan. 7, 853; Manil. 1, 905; Petr. 121, v. 111.

**philômêla**, æ, f. [φιλόμελα, bul-bul of East, mimetic] nightingale, Qualis populea maerens philomela sub umbra, Verg. G. 4, 511; for fable cf. Ov. M. 6, 451; Mart. 14, 75.

**pîrum**, i, n. [for ep-um = *ep-ov*, cf. malum for amalum = Welsh afal, our apple; and pomum for op-omum, = our prov. apple, cf. O. G. op-æra, *op-æra* from ep-fruit] a pear, Tam crebri ad terram decedebant quam pîra, Pl. Poen. 2, 38; Pira uolema, Cato r. 7, 3; Vt gaudet insituta decerpens pîra, Hor. epod. 2, 19; add. Plin. 15, 53 ff.; Colum. 5, 10, 17 ff.; Cels. 2, 24; Suet. Cl. 27; 2. a pear-tree, mala pira uites inseri oportet luna silenti, Cato r. 40 (41), 1; copied by Plin. 17, 111.

**pîrus**, i, f. a pear-tree, Inserere nunc Meliboeæ pîros, Verg. B. 1, 74; eircinata (foha) pîro, Plin. 16, 90; add. 16, 109 and 114.

**piscor**, âri, vb. r. [pisc- of pisc-is, refl. suff. = sibi, cf. pabula-ri get fodder for oneself] fish, ut ante suos hortulos piscarentur, Cie. off. 3, 58; piscemur neneum, Hor. ep. 1, 6, 57; lina ad retia præcipue in piscando durantiâ, Plin. 19, 15; add. Suet. Aug. 23 and 83; Ner. 30 and 35; si quis me prohibeat in mari piscari, Ulp. dig. 47, 10, 13, 7.

**pistatio** f. omis, f. [pisto are] ramming, rudus crebriter pistatione (Rose by ej., piscatione as H) solidetur, Vitr. 7, 1, p. 163, l. 16.

**pistor**, ôris, m. [pinso or rather piso], lit. a pounder, hence one who pounds or grinds corn, a miller, Tum pistoris scroptibus qui alunt furfuri sues, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 27; Postidea ad pistoris dabo, ut ibi eruciere currens, As. 3, 3, 119; referring to the punishment of slaves as employed in place of a mule to work the mill; so Epid. 1, 2, 18; nec pistoris nomen erat nisi eius qui ruri far pinsebat, Varr. ap. Non. 152; nec pistorum ullum noscent, nisi eum qui in pistrino pinseret farinam, ubi; cum...ad circumagendas molas...operam pistori locasset (sc. Plautus), Gell. 3, 3, 14; certum fit Atei Capitonis sententia pistoris tantum eos qui far pinsebant nominatos, Plin. 18, 108; in early days bread was made at home; 2. one who, besides grinding corn, makes bread, a baker, Quom a pistora panem petimus, unum ex oenopolio, Pl. As. 1, 3, 48; pistoris Romæ non fure ad Persicum usque bellum...ipsi panem faciebant Quirites mulierumque id opus erat, Plin. 18, 107; 3. gen. a baker, including a confectioner, est hoc nomenitum Marci Vergili Euryseis pistoris redemptoris, CIL 1013 and 1014; Ogulnius pistori simi(l)agurius, CIL 1017; Pistori nubat eum non scribitario Vt mittat fratris filio lucentulos? Afran. 161 R; uendit pneris ientacula pistor, Mart. 14, 223, 1; pistor candidarius, inser. Or. 4263; 4. a servant who had to make bread, pastry etc. pistor domi nullus, nulla cella; panis et unum a propola atque de cupa, Cie. Pis. 67; elegantis, optimis cecis pistoribus...uitantis eruditatem, Plin. 2, 23; mitto hæc arte vulgares coquos pistoris leuicarios, S. Rose, 134; si quantum operæ sumpsisisti ut tuus pistor bonum faceret panem...nunc illum qui norunt, uolunt emere milibus centum, Varr. ap. Gell. 15, 19, 2; domesticam discipulam alio seuerè exiit, ut pistorum alium quam sibi panem conuiuiis subicentem compedibus uinxerit, Suet. Caes. 48; Faustus Marcellæ pistor, inser. Or. 647; add. 4264; Priapus a pistora factus, Petr. 60; 5. an epithet of Jupiter, Ov. F. 6, 394; Laet. 1, 20; 6. a collegium pistorum existed, mensor perpetuus...corporis pistorum siliginariorum, inser. Or. 1810; corpus pistorum, Gai. dig. 3, 4, 1; Paul. 27, 1, 46; consisting of 100, fr. inn. ante Iust. Mai p. 56.

**plâceo**, êre, ui or itus + sum, vb. [plac- for pal-ac, of wh. pal=pan of pando, make flat; cf. pal-ma, pal-am, p(al)-an], lit. be of a calming tendency, cf. placidus; hence of tranquil pleasure, be satisfactory or pleasing (to), please, find favour (with), with dat. of person, Placet ille meo mihi mendicus; suus rex reginae placet, Pl. St. 1, 2, 76; Neque patiar te stane gratis laudasse quæ placet mihi, Most. 1, 3, 19; apage Harpax, non places, Ps. 2, 2, 58; Nam ubi amor condimentum inierit, quousque placitum credo, Cas. 2, 3, 5; sic sum; si placeo, utere, Ter. Ph. 3, 2, 42; quæ nobis placita\* est condicio datu, Hec. 2, 1, 44; ubi sunt cognita, Placita\* sunt, Hec. 2 prol. 13; non placet M. Antonio consulatus meus; at placuit P. Scurlio, Cie. Phil. 2, 12; namquam mihi minus quam hesternio die placui, Cie. or. 2, 15; omni tibi dote placuam, Ov. tr. 4, 3, 57; placita\* est simplicitate tua, am. 2, 4, 18; Di quibus septem placere colles, Hor. c. sac. 7; Quod spiro et placeo, si placeo, tuum est, od. 4, 3, 24; Vixit causa deis placuit, sed uicta Catoni, Lucan. 1, 128; 2. as vb. intrans. placet mihi, I approve, it is my pleasure, nonne fieri poterat ut populo de rege placeret, de exulibus displic-

ceret? Cic. p. dom. 53; sed, si placet in hunc diem haetenus, rep. 2, 70; postea mihi placuit ut Graecas orationes explicarem, or. 1, 154; placitum\* est mihi ut Brundisium ducem hanc copiam, Pomp. ap. Cic. Att. 8, 12, a 4; placuit ut Litiensis praeficeretur, Caes. b. g. 7, 37, 7; deliberatur de Avarico, incendi placet an defendat, 7, 15, 3; add 1, 34, 1; so, chiefly of resolutions arrived at, I determined etc.—hence placuit abbrev. to pl, item pl. pr. non.... dividerent..., insyr. Or. 2, 17; 3. hence of those in authority, it is (my) pleasure, (I) lay it down, as of the Gods, Non ita dis placuit, Ov. Pont. 4, 11, 7; Nero, quoniam ita placuit dis, principes...demonstravit rationem, Plin. 34, 166—see si dis placet under si; 4. of philosophers, ut doctissimis sapientibus placuit, Cic. din. 1, 110; duo placet esse Carneadi genera visorum, acad. pr. 2, 99; Quis paria esse fore placuit peccata, Hor. s. 1, 3, 96; 5. of lawyers, diuersae scholae auctoribus placuit, Gai. 3, 178; per populum feminae non adoptantur, nam id magis placuit, 1, 101; add 2, 91; 3, 16; 3, 145; dig. 18, 1, 45; 6. of public edicts etc., senatus placere C. Cassium pro consule provinciam Syriam optinere, Cic. Phil. 11, 30; Verba senatus consulti haec sunt: cum..., placere senatus ne eni..., Ulp. dig. 14, 6, 1; 7. placens as adj. pleasing, Linguenta tellus et domus et placens Vxor, Hor. od. 2, 14, 22; 8. pass. part. placitus, approved, agreed upon, Hoc pinguem et placitum Pauci nutritur olivum, Verg. G. 2, 425; Est virtus placitis abstinuisse bonis, Ov. her. 16 (17), 98; artes, Tac. an. 2, 66; exemplum, 4, 37; placida doc, inscr. Or. 4657; cum suis usuris placitis, dig. 22, 1, 41, 2; 9. placitum, i, as sb. n. what is pleasing, si ultra placitum laudavit, Verg. B. 3, 27; 10. what is laid down (by), a precept, dogma, Catonis placita de oliis, Plin. 15, 20; medicorum placitis 14, 143; quae Graeci uocant dogmata, nobis uel decreta licet appellare uel placita, Sen. ep. 95, 10; philosophiae placita, 95, 37; 11. gerundive, si illa (sc. uxor) tibi placit, placenda dos quoque quam dat tibi, you must be contented with, Pl. Trin. 5, 2, 35; 12. prob. the inpers. use the oldest, cf. piget taedet etc.

**plác-idus**, adj. [placéo] lit. flat—hence calm, tranquil, Nam pol placidum te (sc. Neptunum) et clementem eo usque modo ut uolui usus sum in alto, Pl. Trin. 4, 1, 8; Tam placidast quam es aqua, Most. 3, 2, 165; placidum Ladonis ad amnem, Ov. M. 2, 702; nequaquam par gubernatoris est uirtus cum placido et cum turbato mari uelutur, Plin. ep. 9, 26, 4; 2. hence mtr. of sky, calm, serene, accipit ab hoc (sc. Apennino) auras quamlibet sereno et placido die, Plin. ep. 5, 6, 14; nec placido commota tonitrua caelo, Sil. 12, 667; 3. hence met. calm, placid, quiet, tranquillitatem id est placidam quietumque constantiam, Cic. Tusc. 4, 10; semper in animo eius (sc. sapientis) esse placidissimam pacem, 5, 48; placida ac lenis senectas, sen. 13; ut...placidam possent opulenti degere uitam, Lucr. 5, 1122; 4. esp. of man, placidum te hodie reddam, Pl. Cure. 5, 3, 49; Vxor tibi placata et placidast, Merc. 5, 4, 4; Quomodo feruit maxime tam placidum quasi ouem reddo, Ter. Ad. 4, 1, 18; Clemens placidus nulli lacdere os, 5, 4, 10; ita eum placidum mollenque reddidi ut..., Cic. Caccin. 28; nihil illis placidius\* aut quietius erat, Liv. 3, 14, 5; 5. esp. of public quiet or peace, in re populi placida atque interfectis hostibus, Pl. Poen. 3, 1, 21; Re placida atque otiosa uictis hostibus, Truc. 1, 1, 56; rex arua Latinus et urbes lam senior longa placidas in pace regbat, Verg. 7, 46; 6. of other met., somnus, Ov. F. 3, 185; mors, Verg. 6, 522; oratio, Cic. or. 2, 183; sunt aliquae (sc. arbores) siluestres, aliae placidiores\* quae ualida optinent, Plin. 16, 16; uuae (opposed to fruit of labræsea), Sedul. 1, 29; 7. comp. see \* above, superl. † and add Stat. Th. 12, 302; 8. placide adv. calmly, quietly, gently, softly, Forem hanc pausillulum (mss. pausillum or paucillum) aperi; placide, ne crepa, Pl. Bac. 4, 7, 35; Suspensio gradu placide ire, Ter. Ph. 5, 6, 27; sedate placideque loquitor, Cic. orat. 92; placide progrediebatur, Caes. b. g. 6, 8, 2; qui plebem placidius tractarent, Sal. Cat. 39, 2.

**Placiánus**, adj. of Plancius, aedituo Dianae Plancianae

(as specially worshipped by the Plancii, see Plancius), inscr. Or. 2880; ait Plancianum S. C. rem (sc. de agnoscendis liberis) cessare, Ulp. dig. 25, 3, 1, 10; 2. a name adopted from the Plancia gens, M. Lactorius Plancianus, mag. eq. to dict. Q. Ogulnius Gallus n. c. 257, Fast. Cap. eq. to dict. Q. Ogulnius Gallus n. c. 257, Fast. Cap.

**Plancina**, ae, f. dim. a female cognomen, as Manatia, Pl. dr. of L. Munatius Plancus, wife of Piso, inscr. Grut. 955, 8; Tac. an. 2, 43.

**Plancius**, [prob. in orig. a patronymic from Plancius] a Roman gens, Cn. Plancius, Cic. Plane. 1; Cn. Plancius aed. cur., on a coin ap. Eckh. 5, 275, with head of Diana and a chamois on the reverse.

**plan-c-us**, adj. dim. [planus] flattish, flat,—hence a cognomen of one who has flat or splay feet, nola (hollow of the instep) homini tantum..., namque et hinc cognomina inuenta Planci Plauti Pansae Sauri, Plin. 11, 254; Planci appellantur qui supra modum pedibus plani sunt, Fest. v. planeae 231, 3 M; so Gloss. Philox.; 2. planea as sb. f. (sc. tabula) a plank, planeae planeae tabulae, Fest. ib.; planeae roboreae, Pall. 1, 21, 2; but in Plin. 8, 169 plan-carum is an idle ej. for aquarium; 3. a slab of marble, si quis (h)anc planea(am)...a(m)uerit (d)abit in (f)iscum (Caesaris) H 1 (n)umum, inscr. Mur. 1427, 4; s(i)u... h(a)ec planea(a) (a)moueabitur (d)ari (d)ebent..., H 8 m m n, inscr. Donat. 278, 3; Planeus as a cogn., as L. Munatius Plancus, consul 42 b.c.; M. Cicero L. Planco S., Cic. fam. 13, 29; Sen. N. Q. 4 pr. 5 and 6; 4. hence Fr. planche, E. plank.

**plango**, ēre, xxi, netum, vb. [= πλῆσσω, cf. πλῆγη plāga; pal of p[ai]l-ango= pal of p[ai]l-ani, p[ai]l-anus; and pan of pando make flat] strike with a flat surface, hence lash, slap, strike, fluctus plangentis saxa, Lucr. 2, 1155; Aut uoi suspensum nectem...Verberibus uenti uersant planguntque, 6, 115; Plangebant aliae proceris tympana palmis, Catul. 64, 261; planguntur litora fluctu, Ov. ber. 18 (19), 121; add 15 (16), 334 and M. 12, 118; Nunc ipsas (Boreas) alis stridentibus Alpes, Sil. 1, 589; plangebant nbera, Apul. M. 5, 7; 2. plangor as vb. r. lash oneself, Vtque sum laqueis...Crus ubi commissi uolueris sensitque teneri, Plangitur, Ov. M. 11, 75; 3. esp. from grief, seissaque capillos Planguntur matres, Ov. M. 8, 527; Dumque uoluit plangi, per brachia plangi lenitate Aere pendebant...piceae, 5, 675; 4. in perf. plangi=plancus sum (cf. reuortor, deuortor), plangere sorores Naides, et seotos fratri postere capillos, Plangere et Dryades; plangentibus assonat Echo, Ov. M. 3, 505; 5. plangens=plancens se, turba Phrygum ueniens plangitua iungit Agmina, Verg. 11, 145; add Stat. Th. 5, 651; toto litore plangentium genitius...andebantur, Iust. 19, 2, 11; cf. Ov. in § 4; 6. even in imperf. tenses simple for r. nunquam plenas plangens ad urnas? Lucan. 9, 68; rursus geminato uerbere plangunt, 9, 173; Thrasyllus plangere clamare, Apul. M. 8, 7; dolere et plangere, flor. 3, 16, p. 67 H; 7. as vb. inpers. ab omni Plangitur aere, Stat. Th. 11, 417; 8. beat oneself (about something), and hence lament, complain, with acc., cf. queror κοινομαι, and Fr. se plaindre, M-mphten plangere docta bouem (sc. Apim), Tib. 1, 7, 28; Sic tendit palmis eae sit planetura relictam Andromedam, Germ. arat. 199; neque tuus potius nunc plangeret error? Val. F. 3, 298; sua damna, Stat. Th. 11, 117; mea funera, 12, 383; 9. Fr. plaindre, E. plaint, plaintiff, com-plain.

**plátēa**, ae, adj. f. as sb. se, nia [πλατεια, sc. ὁδός] a broad-way, a street (chiefly of Greek towns), Nam omnia plateas perreptant gymnasia et myrhopolia, Pl. Amph. 4, 1, 3; sterilis hinc prospectus usque ad ultimum plateamst probe, Mil. 3, 1, 15; add Capt. 4, 2, 15; Cure. 2, 2, 28; Cas. 4, 3, 2; Men. 5, 3, 5; Aul. 3, 1, 2; Cist. 2, 1, 58; O. Sed quis hic est senex quem uideo in ultima platea? A. Ipsus est, Ter. Ph. 1, 4, 37; Praefertio hanc recta platea sursum; ubi eo ueneris, Ad. 4, 2, 35; add 4, 5, 1; Eun. 2, 3, 53; uicos plateasque (of Brundisium) inaequifacit, Caes. b. c. 1, 27, 3; alias (turreis) directis plateis (of Alexandria) mouebant, bell. Alex. 2, 5; nihil ueremur Istos qui in platea

modo huc modo illuc... Catul. 15, 7; *Purae sunt platiæ* (of Rome), Hor. ep. 2, 7; *strait saxis Porphyreticis plateis in Palatio*, Lampr. Hel. 24, 6; *per plateas populosas*, Apul. M. 8, 16; **2.** note *platæa*, not *platæa* in every ex. of poets, implying a Gr. *πλατεια* from *πλατεια*; cf. *cinecūm*, *conopseum*, *caduceus*, *chorea* by Gr. *γυμνασιον* etc.; **3.** hence It. piazza, Fr. place, E. place.

**platiæ**, *adv.* [Lat. form of *πλατικος*] in the lump, not treated in detail, G. in Bausch mid Bogen, roughly, see interin *platicæ*, nam paulo post... *partiliter ostendimus*, Firm. Mat. 2, 16, p. 30 of Basel ed.; *sed hanc... platice... dixisse* sufficient; *postea uero quatenus hæc loca subtili partium definitione monstrantur*, explicare curabimus, 2, 17, p. 30; in a Bemb. schol. on Ter. Phorm. pr. 17 [in medio omnibus Palmam esse positam qui artem tractant misticam]: omnibus *περὶ φραστικῶς ἀντι τῶν qui comedias scribunt platice* (ms *platicæ*) et nouis et ueteribus; **2.** cf. *τῶν ἐν πλατῆι θεωρουμένων ὡς ἀγέληται καὶ σωρος*, Dion. Hal. comp. uerb. 21, 147 R; and *ἀρατὰ... ὅν κατ' ἀπαρίσιν ἀλλ' ἐν πλατῆι*, 24, 186; *παχυμερὲς καὶ πλατικὸς ἐρετὶ τραχύτατος*, Achil. Tat. isag. 18, p. 137; all from Usener l. h. M. 24, 311, as also

**platicus**, *adj.* (from *πλατικος*) taken in the lump or as a whole, *sed hanc platice supputatio est...* *partiliter uero...*, Firm. Mat. 4, 10, p. 98; *platice uitæ*, 2, 17, p. 30.

**plaudo**, (*plodo*\*), *äre*, si, sus, vb. [see below] strike with a flat surface and so produce a noise, clap, slap, flap, pat, plaudantur pectine telae, Verg. Cir. 179; *elypsem ter pectore plausit*, Stat. Th. 1, 134; *nataui aquas, silu. 1, 3, 74*; **2.** esp. of horses etc., *plausæ sonitum curicis amare*, Verg. G. 3, 186; *manibusque læcessunt Pectora plausa canis*, 12, 86; but in Ov. M. 2, 867 *Merk*, has *palpanda*; **3.** of dancing, *Pars pedibus plaudunt choreas*, Verg. G. 6, 644; *tellus pede plausa (al. pulsa) sororum Personat*, Val. F. 3, 527; **4.** of birds flapping their wings, *absol. for plaudit se*, alis *plaudentem nigra figit sub nube columbam*, Verg. 5, 516; *plausis alas*, Ov. M. 14, 577; *sumptis cum candida pennis ipsa sibi plaudat*... *ciconia*, 6, 97; with ref. to meaning of § 6; as also in Et *plaudit pennis* (sc. *perdis*) *testataque gaudia cantu est*, 8, 238; **5.** of man with his hands, *uicissim inter se manus collide*, non *plaudent*; *sed palma eum palma collata plausum facit*, Sen. N. Q. 2, 28, 1; *plodere\** *coequeunt* et *murmurari*, Varr. s. 136, 1 R; **6.** for applause, *spectant... comicos*... *Sapienter dicta dicere atque his plaudere*, Pl. Rud. 4, 7, 24; *peius existimare eos qui ploderent\** quam eos qui non ploderent\*, Cie. ap. Diom. 378 P, 382, 28 K; *populum manus suas in plaudendo consumere*, Att. 16, 2, 3; *Vatinius concidimus dis hominibusque plaudentibus*, Q. fr. 2, 4, 1; *Ingeniis non ille facit plaudique sepultis*, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 88; **7.** esp. on the stage; **8.** esp. *plaudite* at the end of a play as Pl. in Amph. Mil. Trim. Cure. etc., and all of Ter.; *donec cantor vos plaudite dicat*, Hor. A. P. 155; *tunc est commendandum theatrum eum uentum est ad illud Plodite\**, Quint. 6, 1, 52; **9.** hence met., *neque sapienti usque ad Plaudite ueniendum est*, Cie. sen. 70; iam dixisse rebus humanis ualere et plaudere, Apul. flor. 3, 16, p. 67 H; **10.** *plaudo* implies a form *plaudio* (cf. *gaudeo ganius*, *audeo for anideo*, *claudo by κλῆιδ-*) and this a sb. *plau-id-*, perh. a clapper, ult. from a root *pal*, see *plango*.

**plauderius**, (*plous\**), *adj.* as sb. m. [plastrum] a wagon-goner, *Maurellinum aed(ilem) lignar[um] et plastrar[um]* (sic) *rog(ant) ut facias*, inscr. Or. 4265; si ex *plastro lapis acciderit* et *quid reperit*, *plastrum* teneri, Ulp. dig. 9, 2, 27, 33; in Lampr. Al. S. 24, 5, *Peter* has *claustrarius*.

**plastriducius\*** *adj.* wain-drawing, *Sub te plastriducis* (so Grot. by ej., *miss plastriducis* or *-is*) *humant ignibus*, Mart. C. 9, 912 (309) of Charles's wain.

**plastrix**, *icis*, f. [plaudo] a female applauder, ap. Non. v. *possestrix*, 150 (eodd. *plautrix*).

**plastrum**, (*plous\**), i, n. [plaudo; clastrum; claudo] *rastrum*; *rado* etc.] perh. *or*, a clapper, hence *plastrum* *orum* pl. clappers, and so a wagon as armed with clappers

to give notice of approach in the main roads of Italy; *Tardaque Eleusiniæ matris nohenta plaustra*, Verg. G. 1, 163; *Iuris opes paruae, pecus et stridentia plaustra*, Ov. tr. 3, 10, 59; *Ipsæ nides onerata ferociter ut ducant lazzy* *Per medias Histri planstra bubulcas aquas*, Ov. Pont. 4, 7, 10; *Dicitur et plastris nexisse poemata Thespis Qui canent agerentque*, Hor. A. P. 275; *sequitur sua plaustra Bootes*, Germ. arat. 139; *altera pinum Plaustra uelant*, Iuv. 3, 256; **2.** *plastrum*, i, a wagon, plus *plastrorum* in *aedibus Vileas* quam *ruri*, Pl. Aul. 3, 5, 31; *undat plastrum\** *uetus*, Cato r. 2, 7; *eas* (sc. *sues*) in *plastrum* imposit, *or*. 11, 4 I; *add* 28, 9; *se interfectum* in *plastrum* a *copione esse coniectum*, Cie. diu. 1, 57; *si plastro\** *ducenta* *Concurrantque foro tria funera*, magna sonabit *Cornua* quod *uincatque tubas*, Hor. s. 1, 6, 42; *si ex plastro\** *lapis ceciderit*, Ulp. dig. 9, 2, 27, 33; *uacuo plastro\** *subiungendi* (bous), Colum. 6, 2, 8; **3.** of Charles's wain, or great bear, *interque Triones Flexerat obliquo plastrum temone Bootes*, Ov. M. 10, 447; *add* Pont. 4, 10, 39; and Germ. § 1; **4.** *proverb*, *perii, plastrum perculi*, Pl. ep. 4, 2, 22; *unde pronerium*, bene *plastrum perculi*, Don. ad Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 37.

**1 plæcto**, *äre*, vb. [=*πλεγω* of *πλεσσω*, with excrement t, E. flog] *flog*, chiefly as a pass., am *flogged*, *tu iam lites audies*, *Ego plactur pendens*, Ter. Ph. 1, 4, 43; *Plector plector enim*, Hor. s. 2, 7, 105; **2.** am *punished*, *Ecceator faxim si itidem plectatur uiri...*, Pl. Mere. 4, 6, 10; *iure plectimur*, Cie. off. 1, 2, 28; *noxiae poena par esto ut in suo uitio quisque plectatur*, leg. 3, 46; *Aemilius fecit, plectitur* *Rutilius*, Saur. ap. Cie. or. 2, 280; *add* Cie. off. 1, 89; *canit ne qua in re iure plectetur*, Nep. Att. 11, 6; *Quicquid delirant reges, plectuntur Aethioli*, Hor. ep. 1, 2, 14; *add* Ov. tr. 3, 5, 49; and Pont. 4, 14, 18; *Phaedr. 1, 33 (31), 13; capitis poena plectetur*, Ulp. dig. 48, 8, 10; *add* Mod. 48, 9, 9, 1; **3.** with nom. of offense, *ut in iudiciis sine inuidia culpa plectatur*, Cie. Clu. 5; **4.** with gen., *ut insimulationis falsæ non plectetur*, Apul. mag. 2; **11** 5. in active voice, *capite eum plectere*, *cod. 9, 20, 7; ni (=ne) turpissimam multitudinem aetatem tuam Oro, nunc plectas* (so Bothe ej., *miss plectas*) *fandi mi prolixitudinem* (cf. *this acc. with § 2*, *Pacuv. 123 R; quæ sibi ignoscunt et plectunt ducem*, *Anon. idyl. pr.*

**2 plecto**, *äre*, flexi, plexus, vb. [=*πλεκε*, with excrement t, root *pal*=*pan* of *pando*; cf. *simplex* and *plico* *are*] *plait*, *fold*, *wrap*, *involve*, not found in imperf. tenses, *Te Andromacha... Insolito plexi munere*, Lucr. ap. Prise. 10, p. 506 P, p. 537, 2 K; **2.** *plexus*, *plaited*, *interlaced*, *tum caput atque umeros plexis redunire corollis*, Lucr. 5, 1399; *Hos* (sc. *flores*) *indistinctis plexos tulit ipse corollis*, Catul. 64, 283; *scansoria ratio transuersariis et plexis conglutinationibus continetur*, Vitru. 1, 10, 2; but in *Pacuv. 308 R* has *flexa...dictio*; in *Lucr. 4, 621* edd. *perplexa*; **3.** *flexa* *colligata* *significat* *ex Graeco*, *Fest. 230 b 2 M; 4.* *spoken* of as *obsolete*, *Eutyph. 2185 P, 484, 15 K.*

**plōro**, *äre*, vb. [?] *bawl* out, *cry aloud*, *howl*, *plorare flere* [*inclamare*] *nune significat*, (*olim* *clamare*), *et* *emp* *praep.* *implorare* [*id est*] *inuocare*, *et* (*at*), *apud antiquos*, *plane inclamare*... in *Serui Tulli* *haec est* (*sunt*?) *vb.* *erase* [ ], *insert* [ ]; *si parentem* (*miss parentum*) *puer uerberit* (*uerberarit*?) *ad olle* *plorassit*, *puer diuis parentum sacro esto*, *Fest. 230 b 15 M; interea uxorem tuam Neque gentem neque plorantem nostrum quiquam audiuimus*, Pl. Amph. 5, 1, 47; **2.** *howl* with tears, *cry*, *No plora*. *Nimis stulte facies* *oculos corumpis talis*, Pl. Merc. 3, 1, 3; *No plora*, *necis* *ut sit res Phoenicium*, Ps. 4, 4, 1; *add* Cure. 1, 2, 47; 4, 2, 34; *Rud. 2, 6, 73; Poen. 1, 2, 164; plorando orando*, *Caeclii. 150 R; plorat orat*, Ter. Ph. pr. 38; *plorando fessus sum*, Cie. Att. 15, 9, 1; *discunt lacrimare decenter*; *Quoque uolunt plorant tempore quoque modo*, Ov. a. a. 3, 292; **3.** but *ploro* includes more than *lacrimare*, *ne sicut sum oculi amisso amico nec flunt*; *lacrimandum est non plorandum*, Sen. ep. 63, 1; **4.** with *acc.* *uail* over or at, *turpe commissum*, Hor. od. 3, 27, 38; *et non sua funera plorant*, Stat. silu. 5, 3, 245; **5.** with *inf.* *wail* at the



idea of, Aquam hercle plorat quom lauat profundere, Pl. Aul. Liv. 1, 24, 29; me tamen... obicere incolis Florares Aquilonibus, Hor. od. 3, 10, 4; add ep. 2, 1, 9. 6. hence in pass. part. wept over, bewailed, Veneri p. Adonis, Ov. a. a. 1, 75; rogas, F. 4, 856; epressus, Stat. Th. 4, 460; 7. Fr. pleurer.

**pluit**, ēre, (?) ūitit or ūit\*, vb. impers. [akin to πλωω wash, also to L. lauo wash (for plavo), also fluo, and so to fun of fundo] it rains, it pours, Tam hoc quidem tibi in procluius quam imber est quando pluit, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 86; Nam rus ut ibat forte ut multum pluerat\* (so best mss, R. pluerat) Ingressus fluium rapidum..., Most. pr. 63; add Curc. 1, 2, 41; Has Gracii stellae Hyadas uocitate snerunt [a plueno uenit cuius est pluer], nostri imperite suculas, Cic. N. D. 2, 111; qui quia iugata uerba essent plunia et plueno diceret omnem aquam oportere aceri quae plueno creuisset, top. 38; sex menses nunquam pluisse, Liv. 40, 29, 2; 2. with acc. sanguinem (so mss; add. sanguine perh. rightly) pluisse senatui nutiatum est, Cic. diu. 2, 58; add pass. in § 3 and § 6; 3. gen. with abl., lapidibus pluisse (so, not pluisse, Madv. gen.), Liv. 1, 31, 1; 7, 28, 7; 21, 62, 5 and 6; 20, 23, 5; 34, 45, 8; 35, 9, 4; 36, 37, 3; 38, 36, 4; 39, 23, 3; lacte pluisse, 27, 11, 5; terra, 10, 31, 8; 35, 21, 3; creta et sanguine, 24, 10, 7; sanguine, 39, 56, 6; 42, 20, 5; 43, 13, 5; lacte et sanguine pluisse, carne..., lana, Plin. 2, 147 (mss vary between pluisse, pluisse; pluit pluit); 4. met., nec de concussa tantum pluit illic glandis, Verg. G. 4, 81; iam bellaria adorea pluebat, Stat. silu. 6, 3, 10; stridentia fundae Saxa pluuunt, Th. S. 416; effluget quae pluuunt\*, Plin. 2, 147; 5. as pass. impers., quia pluitur et ninguunt, Apul. flor. 1, 2; 6. pluens, diua pluens erorone, Lact. carn. de pass. d. 43; 7. in praeteritis (sc. pluit luit) in diuinum longum, in praesenti breue, Varr. l. 9, 60; pluo pluiti, Iriac, SSr p. 505, 14 K (quoting Livy too); yet ut pluit utrobique (as imp. and perf.) promittitur priore correpta, quamuis l'lautus produxerit in Menaechnis, Consent. 2066 P, 378, 32 K.

**pōlenta**, ae, f. [pol. of polluo in sense of mix, = φούρ-] roasted barley-meal as prepared by Greeks, pluribus fit haec (sc. polenta) modis. Gracii perfunctus aqua hordeum siccant nocte uia ac postero die fringunt, dein molis frangunt, Plin. 18, 72; uidetur tam puls ignota Graeciae fuisse quam Italiae polenta, 18, 84; cf. παλινθη, πολινθη, polenta grandem inditio..., pōlentam (ditto? for pul and pol) abiecit, Cato r. 108 (109); 2. as the food of the poor and abstemious, in porridge, lymphamque roganti Dulce dedit tosta quod tegerat ante polenta, Ov. M. 5, 450; add 454; Porticus (Stoici) grandi pasta polenta, Pers. 3, 55; disce paruo esse contentus et... exclama: habemus aquam, habemus polentam, Sen. ep. 110, 18; 3. of use as medicine, Plin. 22, 126; 27, 59; 30, 107; 4. thin gruel made of it and so drunk, polentae teneis cyathi duo, Scrib. 159; 5. polenta caseata, our dish macaroni, Apul. M. 1, 4; 6. in Macr. s. 7, 15, 10 polenta as a n. pl. seems corrupt.

**polluctor\***, (-lic and -line), gr̄is, m. [pollingo] one who lays out a corpse, Quia mihi polluctor\* (so mss) dixit qui eum pollinxerat, Pl. Poen. pr. 63; equis currit pollictorem (so Fleck.) aressere... Mortuost Demaenetas, As. 5, 9, 60; nutrix tradit pollictori\* (to this mss point), Varr. s. 150, 5 R; plures dies inter medici discessum et aduentum pollictoris\* (al. pollic.) interferunt, 173, 1; iam pollictore parato... conualuit, Mart. 10, 97, 3; si libitarius serum pollictorem habuerit, Ulp. dig. 14, 3, 5, 8; add Sid. ep. 3, 13 mod.; pollictores sunt qui mortuos erant, N. 157.

**polluctūra\*** ae, f. [polluctor] a wake-feast? lit. a laying out of a corpse, hence Hodie polluctura (so mss, R. polluctura by cpj.) praeter nos iam dabitur nemini, Pl. St. 5, 4, 6; cf. Apul. flor. 4, 19.

**polleo**, (pōleo) ēre, vb. [a byform of pendeo, cf. pondus for vowel, candeo caleo for cons.] weigh, in use always met. be weighty or powerful, avail much, Videtur uiginti minae quid pollicent\* quidue possunt? Pl. As. 3, 3, 46; tanto ma-

gis ferito quanto magis potes\* pollesque, old formula ap. Liv. 1, 24, 8; Pariter (added by cpj. of THK) tibi in utraque parte pollet\* et pariter potest, Afran. 226 R; add poet. ap. Cic. Tusc. 4, 69; harum duarum ad fidem faciendam iustitia plus pollet, off. 2, 34; perorandi locum, ubi plurimum pollet oratio, Brut. 190; add 242; and Sal. lug. 25, 6; 2. esp. of medicinal potency, aduersus scorpiones, Plin. 20, 171; contra anginas, 24, 171; 3. part. polleus as adj. weighty, powerful, genus pollens, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 28; animus abunde pollens\* potensque, Sal. lug. 1, 3; add Cat. 6, 3; lug. 30, 4; classis pollens, Vell. 1, 2, 3; 4. with abl., equo, Ov. tr. 3, 10, 55; uenenis, Val. F. 6, 85; 5. with inf., non cunctis pollicitor herbis Excaecatur, Lucan. 6, 685; tractare uulgum, Sil. 14, 81; 6. as sb. lord, uni pollens... Liber, Pl. Curc. 1, 2, 21; 7. comp. § 5; add Tert. Psych. 6; sup. Sol. 2, 22; 8. note union of possum and polleo above; but in Liv. 2, 34 Madv. ora. polentem; and inscr. Or. 1555 is susp.; 9. polet, pollet quia nondum geminabant antiqui consonantis, Fest. 205 a 10 M.

**pollingo**, ēre, nxi, netus, vb. [por+lingo, a lost vb. (= Germ. leg-en, E. lay) whence lectus supellectilis etc.] lay out a corpse, see collector § 1; met., cuius pollicto iam corpori senectutem tuam subtrauisti, Val. M. 7, 7, 4; iam eum pollictium iam enae paratum contentulutus pertractat corpus et inuenit nitam latentem, Apul. flor. 4, 19; 2. met. anoint as a corpse, eubalmi, uoluptatem medicamentis pollictiam, Sen. uit. l. 7, 3; 3. pollingo polinxī σοροπλοκω, Charis. 245, 12 K; add exc. 565, 9; pollingo περιστέλλω νεκρῶν... ταριχεύω σοροπλοκω, Gloss. Philox.

**polluo**, ēre, ui, ūtus, vb. [not a comp. of lauo wash, but πολ=μολ of μολύνω pollute, defile, in a religious sense, first physically, Turba sonans (sc. Harpyiae)... Polluit ore dapes, Verg. 3, 234; nec polluit ora erorone, Ov. M. 15, 98; pollui cuncta sanie, Tac. an. 4, 49; pollutus homicida sanguine, Liv. 45, 5, 4; ne sanguine carnem Polluta hospitia, Sil. 11, 337; 2. gen., ne cum delati essent in mare, ipsum polluerent (sc. parricidae), Cic. Rose. Am. 71; qui omnia deorum hominumque iura nouo scelere polluerit, Phil. 11, 29; quae (sacra) ab isto polluta ac uiolata sunt, Verg. 2, 5, 187; Pollueritque nouo sacra marita toro, Prop. 4 (3), 20, 26; omnes caeremonias polluitus, Liv. 6, 41, 9; 3. esp. of treaties, violate, polluta pace, Verg. 7, 467; hic erit ille qui polluta dolis iam foedera sauciet ensis, Sil. 11, 323; 4. of women, defile, debauch, cum frater filiam incesto polluitur, Plin. ep. 4, 11, 6; coniuges sororesque polluntur, Tac. Agr. 31; paelicem regiam p., an. 12, 46; Stuproque turpi pollui famam domus, Phaedr. 3, 10, 17; 5. gen., anaritia sine modo inuadere, polluere et uastare omnia, Sal. lug. 41, 9; auro ne pollee formam, Tib. 1, 9, 17; aures hominum, Tac. an. 3, 50.

**pōmēridiā-nus**, adj. [pomēridium] of the afternoon, pomeridianas quadrigas quam posmeridianas (so Ritschl for postm. of mss), Cic. orat. 157; pom. tempus, or. 3, 17; pom. sessio, 3, 121; pom. scholis, Quint. 3, 1, 14; postm. umbra, Vitr. 1, 6, 6; postm. horis, Stat. gram. 24.

**pōmēridiūm**, as adv. [for posmeridiūm, see pos] after midday, inde pomeridiūm (antiquorum), Quint. 9, 4, 39.

**pōmum**, i, n. [for opomum, op the root and seen in Ops goddess of fruit or produce, and so akin to σπ-ωπα fruit season, and our prov. apple=apple, and Germ. obst, old G. op-az] fruit gen. incl. apple, pear, plum, peach, cherry, sorb, and even fig, nut, date, grape and walnut, solum hoc pomum (sc. nucem glandem) natura compactis opimento clausit, Plin. 15, 88; Strata iacent passim sua quaeque (al. quaque) sub arbore poma, Verg. B. 7, 55; sunt poma granantia ramos, Ov. M. 13, 812; 2. of the fig, ficus densissima pomis, Ov. F. 2, 253; ficus ibi exilia poma, Plin. 12, 22; ci (sc. ficu) serius folium nascitur quom pomum, 16, 113; add 15, 74 and 17, 247; 3. of nut-kind, Anna cultori poma referre suo, Ov. nuc. 6; add 163;

4. of date, coma (sc. palmae) omnis in cacumine et pomum est. Plin. 13, 30; 5. of grape, poma Lyaei, Nemes. 3, 38; qui pomum recipit, nunc et ficos et uas duntaxat duracinas...recepta uideri, Plin. dig. 50, 16, 205; add Colum. 12, 44, 8; 6. mushrooms and even truffles, Tullia boletis poma secunda sumus, Mart. 13, 50, 2; 7. at times more limited, Pomum holus ficum uam, Afr. 300 R; oleum fici poma non habet, Cic. oec. 20; Vatinium optinuerat ut adules ediceret ne quis in arenam nisi pomum misisse uellet...Casellius consultus an nux pinea pomum esset, respondit: si in Vatinium missus es, pomum est, Maer. s. 2, 6, 1; 8. a fruit-tree, oleas ulmos ficos poma nites...cum seces, bene cum radicibus eximito, Cato r. 28, 1; Poma quoque...ad sidera...nituntur, Verg. G. 2, 426; poma seranter inseranturque, Plin. 18, 240; add Plin. cp. 5, 6, 35; 9. Serv. ad B. 2, 51 idly implies an obs. sense.

**pōmus**, i. f. a fruit-tree, Tunc uietus abire feri, tunc consista pomus, Tib. 2, 1, 43; in Plin. 15, 20 read hoc p. deumtum.

**pōr**, insep. prep. [=E. for] forward, forth, off, out, before, beforehand, as in porreo (por-ere), porcio (for porcio), por-rigo, por-tendo and assimilated in pol-lex, pol-ficeor, pol-lingo. Hence pro or rather proe for por-oe, and por-ro.

**2 por**, for puer, slave-boy, in compounds, a pnero composita Publitor Publitoris et Marciore Marciore. Sic Probus, ita enim antiqui pro Publī puer et Marci puer dicebant, Prisc. 700 P, 236, 11 K; P. Rubrio Latino Scipio P. por patrono suo b. m. inser. Grut. 952, 11. Cf. also Caipor, Lucipor, Olipor, Quintipor.

**pora**, for puer, slave-girl, Iulia Aesia M. Iul. pora.

**porca**, ae, f. [por, a variety of col plough, wh. itself is for pol-ough] a furrow, porcae appellantur rari sulci...aquae deriuanda gratia dicti quod porcant (porcant?), id est prohibent (M. ej. prohibent) aquam frumentis nocere, Fest. p. 218b 16; solum frumentum operit in porcis, Varr. r. 1, 30, 2; 2. less correctly the ridge between the furrows, quod est inter duos sulcos, elata terra dicitur porca quod ea seges frumentum porcit, i. 30, 3; add Varr. l. 5, 4 f.; 3. also a ridge of great breadth, hinc rustici nocent easdem porcas cum sic aratum est ut inter duos latius distantes sulcos medius cumulus siccam pedem frumentis praebet, Colum. 2, 4, 8; lirantur uia (sc. opera) iugera quattuor, cum in subacta terra latiores porcae sulcantur, 11, 2, 46; semina...in summo porcae dorso collocanda, 11, 3, 44;

4. when two things necessarily lie by each other their meanings interchange, as lira wh. see, E. dyke and ditch, Germ. furche (cf. Campe's Lex.). Note that furche, furrow and porca are one word.

**porticus**, ūs, f. [ult. from a lost vb. por go, =E. fare and por of porreus] lit. a walk or mall, in use a covered walk, with a roof to keep off sun and rain, often supported on columns, the *στῆλαι* or *στῆλαι* (for *στῆλαι* *δοξαι* from *στῆλαι*), arcade, colonnade, gallery, portico, encliticus excedat porticus ut mille passuum conficiatur, Cic. Att. 4, 16, 14; porticum paupertatam trecentum pedum, p. dom. 116; porticus haec ipsa ubi nunc ambulamus, or. 2, 20; summum dignitatem paupertatam porticus habebat, Q. fr. 3, 1, 1; Portibus longis fugit, Verg. 2, 528; Illos portibus rex accipiebat in amplis, 3, 353; quoniam nunc porticus illam Integit? Prop. 3, 17 (23), 5; Hic rudis aestinas praestabat porticus umbras, Mart. 1, 12, 5; constitutaerunt in tribus portibus exedrae spatiosae habentes sedes in quibus philosophi...sedentes disputare possint, Vitr. 5, 11, 2; add Sen. N. Q. 1 pr. 7; cp. 115, 8; Labeo ap. Nrat. dig. 30, 2, 47 speaks of a portico built over two houses; 2. esp. the so-called porch of the Stoics, Chrysippum qui fulcire putat porticum Stoicorum, Cic. acad. pr. 75; ex eadem porticu prudentiorum hominum, Gell. 12, 5, 10; 3. colonnade of a temple, Namque Aesculapi liberorum sacrii opulent porticus, Enn. tr. 16 V; 4. a covered way in fortification, pedibus lignis coniunctis inter se porticus intuebantur,

Caes. b. c. 2, 2, 3; 5. a roof as for hive-depot, conuenit alncaria porticibus superumiri, Colum. 9, 7, 4; porticu porticia uasa, 9, 14, 14; 6. a gallery in upper part of a house.

**pōs** (pus), prep. or adv. [for op-os and that for op-ios, comp. of ob, wh. =*ere* and E. aft.; for loss of o cf. pomum, bonus; for loss of i cf. minor, primores; for root op cf. op-*er*-u, op-*er*-u, op-*er*-u, op-*er*-u] After, Postquam ego me aurum ferre dixi pos (so BC) tu factus Charamides, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 134; Pos (so at least p in D, i. e. pos, just as p'sidet in Gal. 4, 150 means possidet), id frumenti quom alibi messis maxumast... 2, 4, 128; Praeter hanc si mihi tale pos (so at least p in C) hunc diem Faxis... Men. 1, 3; Parcat illis magi qui pos sint cui fidem esse existimem, Lucil. ap. Non. 370; nactae pos sunt (pos possunt, add. save Munro post sunt) tamen unde puellus Naspiere...possent, Iner. 4, 1252; postergum, Caes. b. g. 7, 84, 4 (B); posse (= post se), b. c. 3, 31, 2 (a); Cur petis postempus consilium? Quod rogas non est, CIL 1454; in muro) postemplum diui Augusti, Iner. Or-Henz. 6850; poscolunum, Iner. Mar. 182 and 258; pos (so P) multas tempestates, Sal. Jug. 73, 7; ut te pos (or pus) multa (implied in ut tempus of ms a 1), Verg. 2, 283; longo pos tempore (for P has posttempore with t above), B. 1, 29; add G. 409 (so h); pos Troiae exidium (so at least b 1 c, and Serv. in ms Bern. a), Verg. 5, 626; pos tergum (so b 1 c), 1, 296; pos terga, 2, 57 (b); and 11, 81 (c); quia me pos multas iniurias parentem sibi amnegauerit (sic), Iner. Or. 1175; pos aed(em) Cast(oris), 4195; pos multum, Iner. (Christ.) Rh. Mus. 5, 516; pos se (seems meant by posset Rad. possit V), Plin. 26, 91; An et ipsa palmas uinctas pos tergum datas...? Sen. Phoen. 215; Terrasque suas pos terga uidens, Med. 303 (so Peiper-Richter pr. xlii, xliii); pos terga (so B), Pello ap. Sen. suas. p. 7, 29 Burs.; pos legem datam, Hygin. de cond. agr. p. 118, G. Lachm.; ut pos te relinquas orientem, M. Iun. Niss. p. 294, 6; casa pos si (= post se) finem habet, p. 329, 12 (opp. to finis aut se habentem of l. 3); 2. compar. poserus for posterns, superl. posimus, wh. see; 3. cf. posquam, poshae, posilla, posmeridianus or posma, postergene, poscanctum; pomerium; also pos-tertū of Ignav. tab. 1 b 40 Huscike, and pos-ueres, 1 a 7, 14 and 24, opp. to pre-ueres, 11 and 20; also Skr. pas-kat after and pas-cha after-coming, Lith. pas-kuai afterwards, and O. Prus. pandau the same; see also Ritschl Rh. M. 7, 573; G. Curt. Kuhn's Z. 1, 268; Ribbeck's Verg. Proleg. 4, 42; 4. hence Fr. puis, Sp. pous.

**posca**, ae, f. [pos as root of ποσκα, poculum, potio; cf. es-ca from es-*eat*] drink, Tun tantilli doni causa olerum atque escarum et poscarum...? Pl. Truc. 2, 7, 59; 2. esp. an acid drink used by soldiers, Alii ebrui sunt, alii poscam potitant, Pl. Mil. 3, 2, 23; ipse cibis castrensibus utens, hoc est larido caseo et posca, Spart. Hadr. 10, 2; (cf. praetor larulum ac buccellatum atque acetum militem in expeditione portare prohibuit, Vuleat. Avid. 5, 3); add Suet. Vit. 13; 3. same in medical use, decoquitur in posca dolium dentium, Plin. 27, 29; posca (coluere) oculos contra lippitudines, 28, 50; si plus doloris est...dandus panis ex posca frigida, Cels. 4, 12, p. 137, 25 D (4, 5).

**pōshāc**, adv. [older form of posthae from pōs+hāc] after this, hereafter, me ut amet poshae (so P), Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 66.

**pōsilla** (pūs), older form of postilla, since that day, Neque patrem unquam pōsilla (p...illa B 1, p...illa B 2) usquam (usquam added by T H K) uidit. Quid, nos tum patri... Pl. Men. 5, 9, 58; see pos.

**pōsimus**, adj. superl. [pos after, wh. see] last of all, posthumous, a cognomen, M. I. Posimus, Iner. Grut. 251, 2; cf. comp. poserus=posterus and postumus; 2. hitherto taken ποσιμος, wh. wd. mean drinkable, not =Bibulus.

**pōsitus**, ūs, m. [pos of pōno] position, Nam dubium positu melius defensa manuue Vrbs erat... Ov. Pont. 4, 7, 23; add a. a. 3, 151; and med. f. 19; p. regionis, Tac. an.

4, 5; qui ninos inciderint considerantique ea quae natura ante clausisset eorumque positum, colore..., Cels. pr. 5, 2 Dar.; de positu ossium, tit. of 8, 1.

**posmeridianus**, (pusm.) adj. [pos meridiem, see pos] of the afternoon, posmeridianas quoque quadrigas inquit (Cicero) libentius dixerim quam postmeridianas, Vel. L. 2237, 13 P (referring to orat. 157); erunt fortasse alterae posmeridianae (pusm....me M), Cic. Att. 12, 53.

**posquam**, adv. [older form of postquam, see pos] after that, after, as first in Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 43 (Ba); Mil. 2, 1, 46 (Ca); p'quam, 2, 1, 43 (B); p'qui corrected to p'quam, 4, 8, 21 (D); p'quam (for p'quam i.e. posquam), Ps. 5, 1, 24, (Ba) posquam (for posquam), Poen. pr. 10; 2. p'quam, Varr. s. 177, 4 R (Leid.); posquam, Catul. 11, 23 (D); Ov. M. 5, 39 ap. Prisc. 254 V; Posquam res Asiae..., Verg. 3, 1, as quoted by Marius V. p. 2467 P.

**pos-sideo**, ēre (no perf. or sup.) vb. [pot of potis + sedeo] lit. hold possession of by power, be in p. of, possess, hold, Et quid (al. Equid) uideo? Ferro saeptus possidet seais sacras, Enn. tr. 375 V; ut partem finitimi agri per nūm occupatum possiderent, Caes. b. g. 6, 12, 4; qui (agri) ab Hiempsale possidentur, Cic. agr. 2, 10; cum forum armatis ceterum peditum hominum possiderent (so xss, Graev. and Bait. by cf. obsideres), Cic. p. dom. 110; adeo indignum uisum eius soli quod ipse bello captum possideret habere... inuentum Romae emptorem, Liv. 26, 11, 7; Cum de hero duorum quaeratur, melior esse causa possidentis, Ulp. dig. 50, 17, 126, 2; si de fundo uel aedilium interdicitur cum potiorum esse praetor iubet qui eo tempore quo interdicitur redditur... possiderat, Gai. 4, 150; 2. in law, hold by a title, be owner of, qui in aliena potestate sunt rem peculiarem tenere possunt, habere possidere non possunt, quia possessio non tantum corporis sed et iuris est, Papin. dig. 41, 2, 49, 1; quod bonorum possessio spectetur in uniuersis quae teneri et possideri possint, Cic. Quint. 89; met. iniuria falsum nomen possidere Philocomasium postulas, Pl. Mil. 2, 5, 27; palmam, Most. 1, 1, 32; Hae huius sacri mores in se possidet, Truc. pr. 13; qui plus fidei quam artis possidet in se, Cic. Rosc. com. 17 (in both of wh. note in se); magnam possidet religionem paternam maternamque sanguis, Rosc. Am. 66; Possidet hunc lani sine mea mense diem, Ov. F. 2, 586.

**pos-sido**, ēre, sēdi, sessus, vb. [pot of potis + sido] take possession of, come or enter into possession of, seize, lix oppida ut atque armis possedisse, Liv. 42, 23, 2; Pompeii bona sine testamento possederat, Cic. or. 2, 283; bona (Dolabellae) censuit publice possidentia, Phil. 11, 15, as public property, i.e. to be confiscated; so in bona L. Scipionis possumus publice quaestores praetor misit, Liv. 38, 608; duo fere maximi uniones per omne aenae; utrumque possedit Cleopatra, Plin. 9, 119; 2. met., quibus rebus totum hominem totamque eius praetura possederat, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 158; aer omne necessit. Inter corpora quod fiat possidit inane, Lucr. 1, 386; quem quisque locum possidit..., 1, 966; circumfluent umor Vltima possidit, Ov. M. 1, 31.

**post**, prep. [for ὀπίσ, o lost, t. exrescent; ὀπίσ for ὀπίσ com of ob; for loss of i cf. minor primores cessis; ob = ἐπ of ἐπ, prob. from ἐπ-qua; opios = E. after, Go. afar; while Go. adj. afara = Skr. apara, and sup. positum and postum = Go. aft-ua, Skr. apama; cf. for root ὀπίσ-ω, ὀπίσ-ω, ὀπίσ-ω, cf. ὀπίσ-ω again is a compar.] after, first with motion, following, cum ad id (sc. intermedium) peruenirent apes atque ingressae fuerint post odorem, Pall. 5, 8, 3; 2. with rest, behind, in the rear of, oceperit aliae mulieres, Duae sic post me fabulari inter sese, Pl. Epid. 2, 2, 53; cum Mamertini cruceum fississet post urbem, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 169; quod (flumen) esse post nostra castra demonstratum est, Caes. b. g. 2, 9, 3; repente post tergum equitatus cernitur, 7, 88, 3; add 2, 19, 3; 7, 83, 7; qui castra aggredierentur post montes circummisit, Liv. 4, 18, 4; add 22, 4, 3; tu post caecata latebas, Verg. B. 3, 20; post equitem sedet atra cura, Hor. od. 1, 3, 40; add Ov. am. 3, 2, 23; Hecate in Ephesi in templo Dianae post aedem (two of oldest xss post aedem, perh. pos aedem), Plin. 36, 32; add

Lucan. 3, 233; Quint. 11, 3, 21; Q. Curt. 4, 12 (45), 9; see pos; 3. as adv. the same, seruos qui post erant, Cic. Mil. 259; neque post respiciens neque ante prospiciens, Varr. s. 159, 3 It; 11. 4. prep. of time, after, since, post hunc diem, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 21; Mil. 2, 6, 82; sexennio post Veios captos, Cic. diu. 1, 100; post has miseriae... nihil esse actum aliud cum dignitate, iam. 4, 4, 3; quum fundum secunda fortuna emisit in diem neque post calamitatem uersuram facere potuisset, Nep. Att. 9, 5, 5; 5. esp. with perf. part., since, optimus longe Post homines natos, Lucil. ap. Cic. opt. g. o. 17; causa est post urbem conditam haec inuenta sola in qua omnes sentiant unum, Cat. 4, 14; longe post natos homines improbiissimus, Brut. 224; add Mil. 69; Balb. 20; 6. with neut. pron., after this, then, as p. hoc, post hoc securus cadat an recto sit fabula talo, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 175; quicumque praetor post hoc factus erit, lex Pap. ap. Fest. 347 a 5 M; add Plin. ep. 5, 1, 6; Mart. 4, 73, 8; Calp. 3, 59; Suet. gram. 3; p. haec, post haec praecipitum darum, Ter. Ad. 3, 2, 20; Nec tibi me post haec committet Cynthia, Prop. 1, 4, 19; nunquam post haec uisura, 1, 16 (15), 13 (see Lacon.); add Colum. 3, 4, 3 (al. hoc); 12, 2, 1; 12, 38, 2 (al. hoc); Quint. 6 pr. 9; Suet. Ner. 25; and Vit. 5; p. quae, Tac. an. 3, 17; Cels. 4, 2, 4; 5, 27, 13; for post id see postid; 7. as adv. afterwards, Post animi causa mihi naum faciam, Pl. Rud. 4, 2, 27; Post eum domum huc eras ducam, As. 5, 2, 65; Quod faciendum sit fortasse post, hoc nunc si feceris, Ter. Heec. 4, 3, 3; de Capitone post uiderimus, Cic. Rosc. Am. 84; consequens enim est et post oritur, fin. 3, 22; cursus aliis, post alius minitari, Sall. lug. 55, 8; 8. esp. after postquam, then, Postquam comedit rem, post rationem putat, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 15; Postquam ego me aurum fere dixi, post tu factus Charmides, 4, 2, 133; add 4, 2, 156; 9. with an adv. of the how long, first before post, Pausis diebus post Tarenti emortuus, Pl. Men. pr. 36; recepi me biennio post, Cic. Brut. 316; anno post Paulus paruit, diu. 2, 71; quas anno post administrasset, Brut. 218; anno post Agrippa moritur, Liv. 2, 16, 7; 10. with post between the nouns, multis post annis, Cic. Flac. 56; paucis post diebus, or. 2, 276; Liv. 42, 37, 1; tertio post die, 37, 38, 5; diebus post paucis, 37, 12, 9; 11. with post first, Nam aiunt tecum (enam) post duobus concubuisse mensibus, Ter. Heec. 3, 3, 33; Quam te post multis taetor tempestatibus, Aesc. 319; post paucis diebus, Liv. 32, 5, 10; 40, 47, 4; 40, 57, 2; post aliquanto, Cic. Cat. 3, 11; orat. 107; rep. 3, 59; Liv. 2, 31, 4; post paulo, Caes. b. e. 1, 20, 4; b. g. 7, 60, 4; Liv. 32, 25, 8; post tanto, Verg. G. 3, 476; 12. then with an acc. by a sort of attraction to post as if a prep., aliquot post menses (some months after) homo occisus est, Cic. Rosc. Am. 128; at idem Pericles non fecit annum fere post quinquagesimum, Att. 7, 11, 3; ablato post undecimum annum a plebe consulatu, Liv. 7, 18, 1; paucas post horas, 31, 24, 7; paucos post dies, 37, 45, 20; 41, 25, 6; 111. 13. in enumeration, as prep. after, or adv. next, then, Primum omnium..., Post id locorum..., Post autem..., Post id quum lassus fueris et famelicus Noctu ad condigne te cubas curabitur, Cas. 1, 16, 31; Ensculast aureolos primum literatus..., post aliternis anapes scuriclast, Rud. 4, 4, 114; 14. of order in worth, power etc. after, in Sal. Hor. and later writers, uti sua necessaria post illius honorem duceret, Sal. Jug. 73, 6; neque erat Lydia post Chloen, Hor. od. 3, 9, 6; cuium post unum (sc. Augustum) eminentissimus, Vell. 2, 99, 1; tantus erit ambitionis furor ut nemo tibi post te uideatur si aliquis ante te fuerit, Sen. ep. 104, 9; piscium... grauisissimi sunt... deinde..., tum..., post quos leniores nulli et post hos omnes saxatiles, Cels. 2, 18, p. 65, 23 Dar.; 15. also as adv., ubi periculum aduenit inuidia atque superbia post fere, were found in the rear, slunk away; 16. cf. ante.

**postē**, adv. [for postid, wh. see] after this, afterwards, then, chiefly in Pl., Poste (so xss act., al. Post eum) demum hunc (so B, xss huc) eras uideam ad lenam ut uiginti minas..., As. 5, 2, 65; Poste (so B. al. postea) hac nocte non quiesci satis mea ex sententia, Merc. 2, 3, 36; Poste (so B. A. postea, al. post haec) unguenta multigenerum multa. Non uendo logos, St. 2, 3, 59; Deos salutato modo; poste ad te (postead te A. al. postea ad te) continuo transco, 4, 2, 43;

Poste (so Fleck., *miss postea*) ibo lautum in paelum; ibi fenebo senectutem meam, 4, 1, 62; Poste (so R. post te BCD) autem illic hircus alius qui saepe atate in sun..., Men. 5, 2, 85; Poste (so R. *miss postea*) neququam exornast bene, si morast male, Most. 1, 3, 132; neque lacte laeti...simulit Quam hic tuique huius autem; poste (so R. *miss postea*) eandem patriam ac patrem Memorat, Men. 5, 9, 31; Poste ut (so R. A. postea, al. post ut) ocepit narrare fiduciam tibi, Men. 2, 2, 56; Poste (so R. *miss postea*) autem cum primo luci cras nisi ambo occidero, Ter. 2, 1, 49; Poste rēnubite uestraeque pectora pellite tonsis, Eun. ap. Fest. 356 b 2 M; cf. Ritschl's opus. 2, 541 ff.

**postea**, adv. [for post-eam, cf. postquam; also anteā (anteam) and antequam] after this or that, afterwards, then, P. Quid ego hoc faciam postea, mea? D. Sic sine cumpse. P. Ate tu interim, Pl. Most. 1, 4, 32; Si auctoritatem postea defugeris, Poen. 1, 1, 19; A. Quis me amplexetur postea? H. Nunc ego sum fortunatus, 5, 4, 92; quid tum postea? Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 79; si forte eos primis aspectus mundi conturbauerat, postea cum uidisset..., Cie. N. D. 2, 90; qui et in exercitu L. Sullae et postea in M. Crassi fuerat, Caes. b. g. 1, 21, 43; 2. with deinde, legati deinde postea missi ab rege, Liv. 41, 24, 20; but the passage inde (from Amphipolis) postea, 44, 24, 9; and postea...deinceps (in succession) 45, 14, 2 not in point; 3. of order of merit, fertilissima omnium inoculatio, postea emplantatio, Plin. 17, 121; 4. with loci, postea loci consul uictor pertenuit in oppidum, Sal. Jug. 102, 1. See locus.

**postid**, adv. [prob. for posteid = postein, a comp. of post; cf. anteid] afterwards, then, only in Pl., Postid cum lassus fueris et famelicus, Cas. 1, 42; Postid igitur deinde ut animus meus erit faciam palam, St. 1, 2, 29; Postid ego (pronounced postid yo) tecum mea uoluptas usque ero, Ter. 2, 4, 67; Postid ego manum te (a dat.) incipiam quadrupli ueneficia, (so Bothe ej., *miss* ego te manum or ego in te manum, and quadrupli), Truc. 4, 2, 49 (52); Postid (or pos id; see pos) frumenti quom alibi messis maximam, 4, 4, 128; Postid si depressi (so W. Wagner, *miss* premissi) simus, exensum ebrios, Aul. 4, 10, 19; Phipilus Hanc Graece scripsit postid rursum denno Latine Plautus, Cas. pr. 33; 2. with locorum (of time, see locus) Eradicare certum est cum primis patrem Postid locorum matrem, Truc. 1, 1, 16; P. I. quando ad uillam ueneris, Cas. 1, 32; P. I. tu mi amantissimose, Poen. 1, 1, 16; cf. postidea; 3. Post id written separ. prob. an error; 4. hence poste.

**postid-cā**, adv. [for postid-eam, cf. postid and postea] afterwards, then, postidea loci Qui deliquit uapilabit, qui non deliquit bibet, Pl. Cist. fin.; (Cas. Ritschl op. 2, 269 by slip); postidea loci Si hoc eduxeris proinde ut consuetas antea celeriter..., St. 5, 17; and prob. postidea domum Me rursum quantum potero tantum recipiam, Aul. 1, 2, 40 (wh. W. Wagner with *miss* postidem).

**postidem** ? adv. the same? See just above, but indidem (from idem) to which W. W. refers is scarcely analogous.

**postilla**, **postillam**\*, **postillat**, adv. [pos old prep., illam acc. or rather dat.] from or since that time, Set cum qui mihi illam uendidi nannquam postilla uidi, Pl. Cure. 4, 2, 43; Mina mihi argenti domo postilla datast, Poen. 1, 2, 21; Is mihi explicauit meam rem postillam\* (so V. luerio, 3, 5, 5; Nam ego quidem postillam illam dudum tibi dedi atque abii ad forum, Nunc redeo, nunc te postilla uideo, Men. 4, 3, 11 (wh. note postilla as referring to postquam); Neque patrem unquam postillat (p. illa Ba, p. illa, i. e. postilla, Bb) usquam (usquam ej.; *miss* omni) uidi, 5, 9, 58; add St. 4, 1, 24; saepe postillam\* (so *miss*) operam rei publicae fortem peribitum, Cato orig. 10, 12 ford.; ita sola Postilla germana soror errare uidebat, Eun. 4, 42; puerum primus Priamo qui foret, Postilla natus temperare tollere, poet. ap. Cie. dia. 1, 42; Tum illam relinquire hic est uirtus; postillat hunc (so Aa, nunc Ab; hic? Lachm. cf. post ibi) primum audio, Quid illo sit factum, Ter. And. 5, 4, 33; prima coitost acerrima: Si eam sustineris, postillam\* (so Don. and Aa; postilla iam Ab) ut lubet ludas fiet, Ter. Pb. 2, 2,

33; add Eun. 1, 2, 48; Nec sibi postillā metuebant talia uerba, Catul. 84, 9.

**postquamdē**, conj. [=postquam], egomet postquamde (so A) illas audire loqui, Corp. rursum uorsum ad illas paulatim accedere, Pl. Epil. 2, 6, 62.

**post-ūlo**, are, vb. dim. [from root pos, whence pos-e-o, with t exerescent] first in law ask (of a magistrate as a suppliant), petition for, postulare est desiderium suum uel amari sui in iure apud eum qui iurisdictionis praestit exponere..., Ulp. dig. 1, 3, 1 de postulando; sei postulabit quia petet praetor recuperat..., dato, CIL 197, 10; coram eo qui postulauerit, 198, 40; 205, 1, 9 and 15; eum in P. Gabiniū L. Piso delationem nominis postulat, Cie. Caecil. 64; 2. hence accuse, take legal proceedings against, (perh. with uocandum in ius uideret), Gabiniū tres factiones postulabat, Cie. Q. fr. 3, 1, 15; postulat me praetore de pecuniis repetundis, p. Corn. 1, p. 934 Baier; postulandum me lege Scantinia curant..., ego Appium censorem eadem lege postulauit, Coel. ap. Cie. fam. 8, 12, 3; ut quadringentes reos postulat, Plin. 33, 33; Homo ad praetorem plorabundus denent Intit ibi postulat plorans euilans Vi sibi licet nilium uadary, Pl. Aul. 2, 4, 39; 3. with gen. of charge, impietatis, Plin. ep. 7, 33, 7; capitis, Papin. dig. 46, 1, 53; repetundarum, Suet. Caes. 4; iniuriarum, Aug. 56; 4. with abl. repetundis, Tac. an. 3, 38;

5. with de, de maiestate, Cie. Q. fr. 3, 1, 15; de repetundis, fam. 8, 8, 2; de ui, p. red. in sen. 19; de ambitu, Q. fr. 2, 3, 5; 6. beyond legal sphere, beg, request, ask, tu paucis expedi quid postulas, Pl. Rud. 4, 4, 58; et ius et aequum postulas, St. 3, 1, 22; neque quicquam unquam nisi honestum alter ab altero postulabit, Cie. am. 82; ob eam rem se ad senatum uenisse auxilium postulat, Caes. b. g. 1, 31, 9; add 1, 42, 1; 7. claim, expect, demand (as a right), esp. with aequum, aequum postulabat senex, Pl. St. 4, 1, 53; Iam postulas te impurata belna Totam Siciliam denoratunt insulam? Rud. 2, 6, 60; quid impuritate... tuae mercedis gratia Nos nostris uedis postulat comburere? Aul. 2, 16, 12; o facinus impudicum Quam liberam esse oportet seruire postulare? Rud. 2, 3, 63; add As. 1, 3, 37; Ps. 3, 2, 62; Capt. 2, 2, 89; 5, 1, 18; nunc iniquum postulo? Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 64; Immo enim nunc quam maxime abs te postulo atque oro Chreme Vt..., And. 5, 1, 43; add Haut. 5, 3, 9; dasne igitur hoc? Do sane si postulas, Cie. leg. 1, 21; omnia ad senatum reiciat quaecumque postulabit Antonius, Phil. 12, 28; postulat magis quam petebat ut\* matrem sibi restitueret, Curt. 4, 1, 2 (8); hence as sb. n. postulatum, a demand, intolerabilia postulata retulerunt, Cie. fam. 12, 4, 1; add Phil. 12, 28 bis; sua quoque ad eum postulata deferre, Caes. b. c. 1, 9, 1; add 1, 5 f.; 3, 16, 2; 8. met. with abstract nom., claim, call for, demand, Nunc hic dies aliam uitam adfert (al. deferet) alios mores postulat, Ter. And. 2, 1, 18; tempus necessitates, Cie. off. 1, 81; res ant\*, ..., or 2, 313; amicitia et fides, fam. 2, 16, 7; sollicitudines leuare tua te prudentia p., Lucce. ap. Cie. fam. 5, 14, 2; 9. with ut, see \* above §§ 7 and 8; 10. with acc. and inf. see + above, and add Pl. Men. 2, 3, 88; Aul. 4, 1, 3; Capt. 3, 5, 59; Cas. 1, 53; Ter. And. 4, 1, 29; Eun. 1, 1, 16; 11. in Pl. Mil. 2, 6, 34 read expostulare, not p.

**pōtior**, iri (rarely poti), itus, vb. r. 3\* and 4 conj. mixed [potis more powerful and so master] get the better (of), make oneself master (of or in), get possession of, gain, win, get, with gen. abl. and even acc., Quod nunquam opinatus fuit neque alius quisquam eiuium Sibi euenturum id conigit ut salui potiremur\* domi, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 32; Die quo pacto eum potiti sitis, pugnan an dolis, Naev. 39 R; penetrat penitus thalamoque potitur, Naev. (al. Nimm.) ap. Prisc. SSF 1, 1, 503, 1 K; paeis, Eun. tr. 9 V; sine labore patria potitur\* commodat, Ter. And. 4, 17; miseriam omnem ego expio, hic potitur gaudiat, 5, 4, 22; Occidentur ubi potitur\* ratus Romulus praedat, Eun. 4, 78 V; regnum potitur\* transmissu patris, Paucv. 57 R; regnum potior, 259; seipsum patitur potius\*, 217; Profecto aut mihi

est aut iam potiuntur (potientur?) Frūgum, 205; nec plebes pane potitur, Lucil. ap. Prisc. 881 P, 1, 502, 22 K; rerum potiri, Cic. Cat. 2, 19; Lucr. 1, 13; Nep. Att. 9, 6; illius regni, Cic. fam. 1, 7, 5; voluptatibus, sen. 48; totius Galliae imperio, Caes. b. g. 1, 2, 2; impedimentis castrisque, 1, 26, 4; victoria, 3, 24, 2; quorum unus Homerus Sceptra potitur, Lucr. 3, 1037; uti Adherbalis potitur, Sal. Jug. 25, 10; urbis, Cat. 47, 2; Cyrenae et Angiae (two cities), Liv. 32, 13, 10; Egressi optata potiuntur Troes harena, Verg. 1, 172; auro Vi potitur, 3, 56; 2. esp. of women etc., Vis amare, vis potiri, nis quod des illi effici, Ter. Hant. 2, 3, 81; ut potiare roga, Ov. a. p. 1, 711; ad 3, 3, 405; 3. of an evil, Nequid propter tuam fidem decepta potiretur mali, Ter. Ph. 3, 1, 5; feras, potiuntur plagas, Att. 40 R; mortis letique potitur, Lucr. 4, 766; Quadrageima amos nata necis poti(or), CIL 1011, 15; 4. hold possession of, possess, and so enjoy, prudentissima ciuitas Atheniensium, dum ea rerum potita est, fuisse traditur, Cic. Rose. Am. 70; Cleantes solem dominari et rerum potiri putat, Cic. acad. pr. 2, 126; fore ut natura his potiens dolore crearet, Tusc. 3, 41; Et qui multarum potitur primordia rerum, Lucr. 2, 650; fiducia mae capiendae urbis quoniam oppido potiretur, Liv. 6, 33, 10; donec mari hostes potiuntur, 25, 11, 12; Et nunc inferno potitur Proserpina regno, Colum. 10, 274; semper habiti sunt fortissimi qui summam (al. summam) imperii potirentur, ps. Nep. Eum. 3, 4; 11. 5. potio ire as vb. act. make (one) master, enrich (iron.), Qui hodie fuerim liber Eum nunc potiuit pater seruitutis, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 23; 6. hence as pass., be mastered (by), become the property (of), fall into the hands (of), Ego postquam gnatus tuus potitur hostium..., Pl. Capt. 1, 2, 41; Ita gnata mea hostium potita neque ea nunc ubi sit scio (so Gopp., mss nescio) Epid. 4, 1, 5; potius seruitute (ab antiquis dicebatur) qui ut ait Labco seruitutem seruit, Fest. 250 a 30 M; 7. gerundive, spem potiundorum castrorum, Caes. b. g. 3, 6, 2; spes potiundi oppidi, 2, 7, 2; cupidine oppidi potiundi, Sal. Jug. 37, 4; haud in dubia spe erant mature urbis potiundae, Liv. 8, 2, 5; nec tamen est potiunda tibi, Ov. M. 9, 753; 8. potitur, potiretur, potit of 3rd conj. marked \* belong to old lang. and poets; add: Animus aeger semper erat, neque poti (so Ribb., mss pati) neque perpeti Potis est, Enn. tr. 260 V; Liber ut inuuptae poteretur flore nouerace, Catul. 64, 402; Tunc tuis armis, nos te poteretur Achille, Ov. M. 13, 130; Scilicet Aeoliae pecudis poteretur ut auro, Val. F. 7, 54; Et eapto potitur mundo, Manil. 4, 882; ut poteretur equis, Aus. ep. 35; 9. acc. marked \* seems limited to old writers and poets; in Cic. Tusc. 1, 90 mss have urbem nostram, best edd. urbe nostra; in off. 2, 81 mss have urbe; in de fato 13 Vt and At have Cartagine, others Cartaginam.

potis, (rarely potis\*) or potē (potē?) + adj. comp. both potis and pote as m. f. or n. [for potio] and potius, see below] lit. more powerful—hence with es-be, be able (to do), can (for wh. superior power to one's opponent is necessary), potin es (al. potine) in homo facinus facere strenuam? Pl. ap. Gell. 7 (6) 7, 3; Qui malum intellegere quisquam potis est, ita nugis hatis? Amph. 2, 1, 79; At ea super fugere potis es pauca si non omnia, Capt. 5, 2, 17; dnae (sc. mulieres)...Populo cuiuslibet plus satis (sc. negoti) dare potis sunt, Poen. 1, 2, 17; Nec sanguis ullo potis est (so Bothe, mss potest) pacto proliens consistere, Enn. tr. 18 V; Potin es mihi uerum dicere? Ter. Andr. 2, 6, 6; Haud quisquam potis est tolerare acritudinem, Att. 466 R; 2. by an easy slip with pass. inf. be possible, can (be done or be), (cf. our I've no right to be punished); utique eam fieri ignebat ubi facilius gnosceret potit (=-potis sit), CIL 196, 28; Qui istue potis est fieri quaeuo ut dicis? Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 61; quin si egomet totus menseu, uix recipi potis est Quod tu me rogas, Pers. 1, 1, 41; omnis uoco cinaedus contra ut saltent. Satis esse nobis non magis potis\* est (so mss, Guyet potis sunt, Ritschl hoc potis est) quam fungo imber, Pl. St. 5, 7, 5; Nam equidem me iam quantum potis\* a uita abundare, Pl. As. 3, 3, 17; tam east quam potis Nostra erilis concubina, Mil. 2, 5, 47; potin (sc. est) ut apstineas manum? Amph. 3, 2, 22; Potin ut taceas?

Poen. 4, 2, 94; potin ut desinas? Ter. Ad. 4, 1, 23; Nihil potē (potis?) supra, (so Don.; Bentl. nil supra pote agst metre) sed quidam? (dele fore ereptum, as a gloss) S. mane mane, ipse exit foras, Ter. Ad. 2, 3, 11; Qui potis est (so mss, but potis, potist or potest?) refelli quisquam ubi nullus causandi locus? Att. 418 I; 3. so far only in very old writers, but Cic. in arat. 477 has: Nec potis est (sc. nox) caput atque ueruos obducere latos; non rare is pote in later potes and familiar prose, hoc quidquam pote impurius? Cic. Att. 13, 38, 1; hos-pes, non pote minoris, Bruton 172; neget ut pote plurimum, Varr. s. 157, 7 R; necnon emtor pote ex emto uendito illam dammare, r. 2, 2, 6; Hoc facias sine id non pote sine pote, Catul. 76, 16; Nec peccatum a me quisquam pote dicere quequam, 67, 11; In te si in quemquam dici pote putide Victi... 68, 11; Nec denitari letum pote quin obcamus, Lucr. 3, 1079; Qua pote quisque in ea conerit arte diem, Prop. 2, 1, 40; Qui pote? Vis dieum? Pers. 1, 50; quid pote simplicius? Mart. 9, 15, 2; nec enti renus pote, Val. F. 4, 680; aufugium istine quam pote longissime, Apul. M. 1, 11; quam pote tutus, 2, 11; 4. potis less common, but as a neut., Nec potis Ionios fluctus asperare sequendo, Verg. 3, 671 and often in Arnob., as 2, 62; 3, 22, 4; 18; 5, 20 f.; 5, 40; 6, 17 and 19; 7, 3; also 22 and 28; Priscian limits potis wrongly to m. and f., 708 P, 1, 251, 17 K and 1008 P, 2, 68, 16 K; 5. for loss of u in potis cf. magis, nimis, satis and pris of pristinus; for length of i in potis cf. magis in Ter. Hee. 2, 2, 7; and πῶς of Homer (for πῶς) after πῶς; with change of potis to pote, Don. compares magis magis; 6. hence potestas, as maiestas from magis; also possum and possideo possideo; 7. cf. potur and Skr. patis lord.

1 prae, prep. and adv. [ult. from por before; see below] before, firstly as prep. with abl.—chiefly with se, stillantem prae se pignem tult, Cic. Phil. 2, 30; Dona ferunt prae se, Catul. 64, 34; ubi paullo asperior ascensus erat, singulos prae se incernis mittere, Sal. Jug. 94, 2; prae se armentum agens, Liv. 1, 7, 4; praedam prae se agentes, 3, 66, 6; argenti in acuarum quam prae se tulit iux milia (pondo), 28, 38, 5; ut a tergo potius quam prae se flumen habeat, Colum. 1, 5, 4; limina prae alii erant, Apul. mund. 26; 2. met., prae se ferre, gerere, make no secret of, openly exhibit or avow, ceteri tectiores, ego semper me didicisse prae me tult, Cic. orat. 140; Sampsicrator negat, ceteris prae se fert et ostentat, Att. 2, 23, 3; add Tusc. 5, 49 (bis); iun. 2, 30; agr. 2, 4; Mil. 43; 3. prae manu, at hand, within reach, Qui patri reddidi quod fuit prae manu, Pl. Bae. 4, 3, 10; hinc aliquid panum prae manu dederis, Ter. Ad. 5, 9, 24; quum prae manu (pene-niam) debitor non haberet, Ulp. dig. 13, 7, 27 (so ad manum nummos, Afric. dig. 16, 1, 19, 5); ut si Gai Caesaris liber prae manibus esset promi iubeas, Gell. 19, 8, 6; aes si forte prae manu non fuerit, Apul. M. 6, 18; 4. in presence of, before (=coram), nihil homini prae istis custodiis (sc. daemonibus) esse secreti, Apul. d. deo Socr. 16; 5. before, in preference to, above, Ne me uxorem praeuertisse dicant prae re pupilla, Pl. Amph. 1, 3, 30; but in Cic. am. 4 read praeter ceteros floruisse, and in Verg. 3, 435 proque omnibus unum; 6. for, on account of, through, Exsurge inquit qui terrore meo occidistis prae metu, Pl. Amph. 5, 1, 14; Vt prae timore in genna in undas concidit! Rud. 1, 2, 84; prae amore exclusi hunc foras, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 18; add Andr. 5, 1, 6; quum prae indignitate rerum stupor ceteros decessisset, Liv. 6, 40, 1; 7. esp. with neg. or words nearly neg.; Neque miser me commouere possum prae formidine, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 181; uix asto prae formidine, Capt. 3, 4, 104; add Ter. Hant. 2, 3, 67; 5, 1, 47; nec loqui prae maerore potuit, Cic. Plane. 99; solem prae iaculorum multitudinem non uidebitis, Tusc. 1, 101; add Phil. 13, 20; Att. 11, 7, 6; 6, 5, 4; uirere non quit Prae macie, Lucr. 4, 1167; uix prae strepitu audita lex est, Liv. 10, 13, 9; nec diuini humane iuris quicquam prae impotenti ira est seruatum, 21, 24 f.; add 45, 7, 4; 8. in comparisons, by the side of, compared with, to, Pithecinus haec est iure illa, Pl. Mil. 4, 1, 42; Quia enim non sum dignus prae te ut figam

palam in parietem, 4, 4, 4; add 4, 4, 34; Nam omnium unguentum odore prae meo nanteast, *Circ.* 1, 2, 4; Hic ego illum contempni prae me, *Ter. Eun.* 2, 2, 8; Quin omnia sibi postputant esse prae meo commodo, *Ad.* 2, 3, 9; add *Hee.* 3, 5, 33; Romani prae sua Capua irridebant, *Cic. agr.* 2, 96; ut illos prae se agrestes putet, *Brut.* 286; prae nobis beatus, *fam.* 4, 4, 2; Gallis prae magnitudine corporum suorum (*suor. corp.*?) breuitas nostra contempni est, *Caes. b. g.* 2, 30, 4; 9. in this sense with a rel. clause, Immo res omnis relictas habeo prae quod tu uelis, *Pl. St.* 2, 2, 38; 10. prae in the sense of over and above with an acc. doubtful, *me prae cetera flagitia nunc nobis periculis angit*, (so *uss.*, *al. edd.*), *Apol. M.* 7, 21; in *Petr.* 46, scimus te prae literas fatum esse in an intentional solecism; 11. hence with ut or quam and a clause—better as one word praeut praquam, folia nunc cadunt Prae ut si triduum hoc hic erimus, tam arbores in te cadent, *Pl. Men.* 2, 3, 25; add *Amph.* 1, 1, 218; *Men.* 5, 5, 33; Ludum iocumque dicit fuisse illum alterum Prae ut huius rabies quae dabit, *Ter. Eun.* 2, 3, 10; Satin parua res est uoluptatum..., Prae quam quod molestum? *Pl. Amph.* 2, 2, 2; nihil hoc quidem Trigitina minae prae quam (so *Lamb.*, *ss.* praeter q.) alios dapillis sumptis facit, *Most.* 4, 2, 66; add *pr.* 23; usum est id quod feci prae quam erant alia tolerata facilius, *Gell.* 1, 3, 5; laxioribus uerbis comprehensa est prae quam illud Graecum, *16*, 1, 3; 12. as adv. before, ab prae Sotia; iam ego sequar, *Pl. Amph.* 1, 3, 45; I tu prae uirgo, *Circ.* 4, 2, 1; i prae puere, *Ps.* 1, 3, 12; add 1, 2, 37; i prae, sequor, *Ter. Andr.* 1, 1, 144; 13. prae = *parat*, is for praed as seen in *Fest.* 205 a 13; praedepunt (so *Miller*, *ss.* praedotioant praepaunt); cf. poste ante from postid antid; from praed comes praet-er vb. see.

2. prae, in comp. with vbs. before, in place, praemittit, praeco; 2. before, as passing by, praefundit, praenunzio; 3. before or at the head of, as commanding, praesumit, praeficio; 4. at the end, praerodit, praecido, praeccludo; 5. before as surpassing in worth, praesto, praecedo; 6. before in time, praedicco, praesagio, praemonstro; 7. doing a thing first for others to copy, and so enjoin, praeco (uerba), praecipio, praescrivo.

3. prae, in comp. of adj. and part. firstly before, in place, praepes; 2. of time, praescius; 3. at the end, praestans, praecautus; 4. very, praecaltus, praecelarus (already in *Pl. Mil.* 4, 2, 51).

praeco, *onis* (*onis* *Pl.*?) m. [for praedic- from praedico; cf. places marked \*; for loss of d. cf. *Fr.* praecher from praedicare] a public crier, herald, as at theatre or other public games, consules praecoenum unum legunt qui in eadecuria praeco appareant, *CLL* 202, 12, 20 and 29; Exsurge praeco, fac populo audientiam, *Pl. Poen.* pr. 11 (5); add *As.* pr. 4; praecones ludorum gymniorum qui cum ceteris coronas imponerent nictoribus coronae nomina magna uoce pronuntiarent, cum ipsi corona donentur alium praecoenum adhibent ne sua uoce se ipsi uictores esse praedicent\*, *Cic. fam.* 5, 12, 8; Victorem magna praecoenis uoce Cleantidum Declarat, *Verg.* 5, 245; uox praecoenis irrita est inuitantis ad ludos (sc. saeculares) quos nec spectasset quisquam nec spectaturus esset, *Suct. Cl.* 21, and met., o fortunata adolescens qui tuae uirtutis Homerum praecoenum innecneris, *Cic. Arch.* 24; 2. an attendant on magistrates, testes citari iubet, dicit unus et alter breuitur, praeco dixisse pronuntiat, *Verr.* 2, 2, 75; add *agr.* 2, 4; praeconi scilicet imperato ut uiros noceat, *Varr.* 1, 6, 9; add 7, 3, p. 328 Sp.; quum repelleretur assertor uirginis... silentium factum per praecoenum, *Liv.* 3, 47 f.; add 35, 29, 3; add *Gell.* 12, 8, 6; 3. at funerals, inditium funus ad quod per praecoenum conuolabant, *Paul.* ex *Fest.* 106, 13; cf. *Varr.* 1, 7, 3, p. 328; *Ter. Ph.* 5, 9, 37; 4. as auctioneer, Atque in eopse astas lapide ut praeco praedicat\*, *Pl. Bac.* 4, 7, 17; ut faciam praecoenis compendium Itaque auctionem praedicat\* ipse ut uenditem, *Pl. St.* 1, 3, 40; eundem habet sublati de funis per praecoenum uendidisse, *Cic. N. D.* 2, 84; de hortis hoc effici posse ut praeconi subiciantur, *Att.* 12, 40, 4; add *p. dom.* 52; *Hor. A. P.* 419; add

*Apol. M.* 8, 23 and 24; 9, 10; 5. as crier of lost property, Certumst praecoenum inherere iam quantumst conducitur Qui illum inuestigant qui inueniant, *Pl. Merc.* 3, 4, 78; praeco haec proclamauit: puer paulo ante aberrauit..., si quis eum demonstrare uoluerit accipiet nummos mille, *Petr.* 97; 6. was the o short in praecoenis etc. for Plautus? See §§ 4 and 5; so in *Men.* 5, 92, read with B and Camer. what the sense requires: A. Quid? B. Mihi ut praecoenum detis. A. Dabitur. E. Ergo nunc iam...

praedicco, *äre*, vb. [implies a sb. praedex meaning praeco; cf. uindico indico indico] proclaim as a crier (praeco), nescis nunc uenire te Atque in eopse astas lapide ut praeco praedicat, *Pl. Bac.* 4, 7, 17; ut faciam praecoenis compendium Itaque auctionem praedicat ipse ut uenditem, *Pl. St.* 1, 3, 41; si palam praeco inusu tuo praedicassem non decimas frumenti sed dimidias uenire partes, *Cic. Verr.* 2, 3, 40; de quo praecoenis uox praedicat et pretium conficit, *Quint.* 50; add *fam.* 5, 12, 8; add opt. gen. or. 19; off. 3, 55; 2. from duty of herald to proclaim victors at the games, proclaim the merits of, praise loudly, extol, quid ego eius tibi nunc faciem praedicat aut laudem, *Antipho.* *Ter. Eun.* 3, 5, 17; Theistocleto dixisse cum eo ex quaereretur cuius uocem libentissime audiret: eius a quo sua uirtus optime praedicaretur, *Cic. Arch.* 20; add 26 and *Phil.* 13, 33; hortorum Cato praedicat caulis, *Plin.* 19, 57; miris laudibus, 13, 130; 25, 40; and *Plin.* ep. 1, 14, 10; 3. hence of self-praise, boast, de me ipso gloriosius praedicare, *Cic. dom.* 93; add *Pls.* 2; Tusc. 5, 50; de meis in nos meritis praedicatur non sum, *Caes. b. c.* 2, 32, 10; add *b. g.* 6, 18, 1; and *Plin.* ep. 1, 8, 15; and absol., ita uirtute in obsequendo uerecundia in praedicando extra inuidiam nec extra gloriam erat, *Tac. Agr.* 8 f.; 4. gen. proclaim to the world, say openly, publish, give out, utrum praedicemne an taceam? *Ter. Eun.* 4, 4, 53; Volo ipsius habere uoluntate fieri ne se eictam praedicet, *Ph.* 4, 5, 13; atque hoc non audium sed cognitum praedicamus, *Nep. Att.* 13 f.; ipsum Crassum ego postea praedicantem audiui..., *Sal. Cat.* 48 f.; 5. gen. assert, say, Sceleratissime audies mihi praedicare id domi te esse nunc qui hic ades? Vera dico, *Pl. Amph.* 2, 1, 11; Ain tandem, cuius Glycimerus? Itae praedicant, *Ter. Andr.* 5, 3, 4; 11. 6. in *Tertull.*, foretell, persecutions, *fug.* in pers. 6 and 12 med.

prae-stino, *äre*, vb. [from a lost *steno* or *stino* fix, whence also destino and obstinatus; cf. *stew*] lit. secure beforehand—hence buy up before others, Ego eo in macellum ut piscium quidquid ibist pretio praestem, *Pl. Ps.* 1, 2, 36; Alium piscis praestinatium abire, *Capt.* 4, 2, 68; Vt eam (al. enim) praestines argento priusquam ueniat filius, *Epil.* 2, 2, 92; Comperio Hypatae caseum admodum commodo pretio distrahil accucurri id omne praestinaturs, *Apol. M.* 1, 5; percontato pretio xx denariis praestinaui, 1, 24; add 8, 23 and 24; 9, 6, 8 and 10; add mag. 101.

1. praesto, *äre*, *stani*\* and *stiti*, *statum*\* and *stitum*, vb. [prae+sto; but see below] first as vb. trans., lit. cause to stand before—perb. first in law, praestabo, I will as bail produce (him or it), and then praesto, I so produce—hence produce or exhibit as bound to do, fulfil (a duty), make good, neque legis improbitissimae poena deductus est quominus hospitii et amicitiae ius officiumque praestaret, *Cic. fam.* 14, 4, 2; nos ea praestitisse quae ratio praescripserit, *N. D.* 1, 7; omnes artes aliae sine eloquentia suum munus praestare possunt, or. 1, 38; add *fam.* 3, 10, 3; munera belli, *Varr.* 8, 151, 2 R; praestare eandem nobis ducibus uirtutem quam saepeunumq. imperatori praestitissis, *Cic. b. g.* 6, 8, 4; add 2, 27, 3; 5, 33, 2; mors omnia praestat Vitalem praeter sensum calidumque uaporem, *Luer.* 3, 214; si quid eis (sc. legatis) opus esse iudicasset, eunice id populum Romanum merito eius praestaturum, *Liv.* 31, 11, 12; quoniam modo id (sc. a promise) praestaturus esset, 9, 24, 4; libenter primam ei fidem praestaturum fuisse quam uir uxori deberet, quoniam eius arbitrium qui possint adinuit, secundum fidem praestare, 30, 15, 5; add 33, 21, 4; saepe ex eadem obligatione aliquid iam praestari oportet, aliquid

in futura praestatione est, *Gai.* 4, 131; add 2, 202; 2, 205; 2, 202; 3, 137; se praestituros cuncta, *Val. M.* 5, 6, 8; in nendendo fundo quemdam etiam si non dancitur praestanda sunt, *Pomp. dig.* 18, 1, 66; *Hadrianus* cum ab eo iuri praeiorum petent ut sibi liceret respondere (act as barristers) rescriptis eis hoc non peti sed praestari (was a duty to be performed) solere, 1, 2, 2, 49; 2. esp. with acc. of refl. pron., show (oneself as bound to do), assert (oneself as), praesta te cum qui mihi a teneris unguiculis es cognitus, *Cic. fam.* 1, 6, 2; *Extima* membrorum circumcaesura tamen se *Iuvenium* praestatur, *Lucr.* 3, 2, 20; *Indignata* malis meus est succumbere seque Praestitui inicitum iurius usa suis, *Ov. tr.* 4, 10, 104; add 4, 5, 23; 2, 170; ne ad illam quidem artissimum innocentiae formulam praestare nos possumus, *Sen. ira* 2, 28, 3; cum intendimus (aliquem) dare facere praestare oportere, *Gai.* 4, 2; 3. in inser. written as p. in certain formulae, sei is eum rem quae petatur in iure dare) (facere) praestare restitueret confessus erit..., *CIL* 205, 2, 31; and soon: quoi cum rem d(arei) fieri(e) praestati restitui...oportebit..., 205, 2, 39;

4. hence with acc. of loss or damage, hold one harmless against, be answerable for, make good, cum satis esset ea (nita) praestari quae essent lingua nuncupata, *Cic. off.* 3, 65; emptori damnum praestari oportere, 3, 66; is periculum iudicii praestare debet qui se nexu obligavit, *Mur.* 3; dixit cum sententiam cuius invidiam capitis periculo sibi praestandum midbat, *Sest.* 61; add *fam.* 5, 17, 3; habitator suam enormem culpam praestare debet, *Paul.* dig. 9, 3, 6, 2; in contractibus interduum dolum solum interduum et culpam praestantur, *Ulp. dig.* 13, 6, 5, 2; 5. with acc. of person, answer for (him), be responsible for, ut non te unum sed omnes ministros imperii tui sociis praestare uideare, *Cic. fr.* 1, 1, 10; *Ariobarzanes*...quem tamen ego praestare non poteram, erat enim rex perpauper..., *Att.* 6, 3, 5; quanto enim magis arduum est alios praestare quam se (perh. rather to make others do their duty), *Plin.* *jan.* 83; 6. warrant, guarantee, eos (se. bones) cum emimus donatos, stipulamur sic, illosce bones suos esse noxiosque praestari—spondesne? *Varr. r.* 2, 5, 11; neque in uenaliis ea (se. corpora mulieribus) cum sunt praegnantia praestantur sana, *Vitr.* 2, 9, 1; and met., usuras (quas) praestauimus\*, *Paul.* dig. 3, 5, 18 (10, 4); nullo fore (praedones) quis praestare potest? *Cic. Flac.* 28; se praestatorum nihil ex eo to offensionis habitum, *iam.* 6, 8, 1; 7. hence in very late writers as *Salvian*, and *Venantius* lend; so *Ital.* prestate, *Sp.* prestar, *Fr.* prêter; 8. not unlike this is the lending oneself or being a willing party to an act, as: qui cum pater familias esset adrogandum se praestant\*, *Paul.* dig. 5, 3, 36; 9. gen. furnish, praestatur ex se (anser) pullos atque plumas, *Colum.* 8, 13, 3; ut senatoribus certam summam praestaret, *Suet.* *Dom.* 9; 10. present, hold out, *Fulminibus* me saepe inbes tantaeque ruinae Absentem praestare caput, *Lucan.* 5, 771; iam hostium aeternae paucioribus terga praestare, *Tac. Agr.* 37; si *nerium* praestitorem, *Sen. ap. Diom.* 362 P, 366, 14 K;

11. p. nicem, supply the place of, utrum censis me uicem acari praestare an exercitum sine frumento et stipendio habere posse? *Pomp.* ap. *Sal. hist.* p. 118, 19 lord; otium des corpori ut adnetum fortius praestes uicem, *Placid.* 3 pr. 13; 12. note praestanti marked \* and add praestantim), *Ulp. dig.* 22, 1, 37 f.; praestatorum marked + to wh. add *Cic. fam.* 6, 8, 1; *Treb. ap. Cic. fam.* 12, 16, 2; *Gai.* dig. 13, 6, 5, 3; *Paul.* 3, 5, 17 (18); *Iustin.* 11, 12, 14; praestati in *Pomp.* 18, 1, 66, 1; 13. in this sense praestari may perh. = praes (praedis) + sto or perh. for late writers from praes alone with an exercitum t;

If 14. stand before, surpass, be superior, Hoc tuis fortibus Iuppiter praestant meae, *Pl. Trin.* 2, 4, 21; Nisi deos ei nil praestare, *Bac.* 3, 2, 3; Sed Priamus hic multo ille praestat, 4, 9, 49; Omnibus ad Clupeum praestat mustela marina, *Em. hed.* p. 166, 1 V; homini homo quid praestat? *Ter. Eun.* 2, 2, 1; *Chremes* Hoc mihi praestat, *Hant.* 5, 1, 3; hoc praestant amicitia propinquitat, *Cic. am.* 10; quantum praestantit nostri maiores praestantia ceteris gentibus, *or.* 1, 107; add *inu.* 2, 1; quum uirtute omnibus praestarent, *Caes. b. g.* 1, 2, 2; quod erat

magna ciuitas et inter Belgas auctoritate praestabat, 2, 15, 1; qui sese student praestare ceteris animalibus, *Sal. Cat.* 1, 1; quantum uid uir uiro uid gens genti praestat, *Liv.* 31, 7, 8; add 42, 52, 10; 15. in a bad sense, surpass, qui ubique probo atque petulantia praestabant, *Sal. Cat.* 37, 5; trulentia eadi praestant Germania, *Tac. an.* 24, 1; 16. of time or age, stand before, precede, quattuor et triginta annis mihi aetate praestabat, *Cic. Brut.* 161; aetate praestat Tubero, *Q. fr.* 1, 1, 10; 17. with abl. (like praep. prep.), Si facies facie (facie om. mss) praestat, si corpore corpus (where facie and corpore = dat.), *Lucil.* ap. *Non.* 371; dici uix potest quid natus operarius ignauo et cessatore praestet, *Colum.* 11, 1, 16; 18. with acc., uiris qui honore remanque gestarum amplitudine ceteros populi Romani praestiterunt, *Nep. Att.* 18, 5; qui primus in alterutra re praestet alios, *Varr. ap. Non.* 502; quantum Galli uirtute ceteros mortales praestarent, *Liv.* 5, 36, 4; add 3, 61, 7; 7, 39, 4; 44, 38, 5; yet see *Liv.* in § 14; Te ne Apollinis Lodon nec Xanthus utroque...Praestiterunt, *Stat. Th.* 4, 838; 19. as vb. imperat., Pol pater quam pigere praestat totidem litteris, *Pl. Trin.* 2, 2, 64; add *Bac.* 3, 2, 12; mori milles praestitui quam haec pater, *Cic. Att.* 14, 9, 2; quanto haec dissimulare quam per nos confirmare praestat, *Caes. b. c.* 2, 31, 5; add 2, 31, 6; 4, 14, 2; sed motos praestat componere fluctus, *Virg.* 1, 135;

2 praesto\*, adv. [ult. from por; see below] at hand, at a person's service, in waiting, with est, etc. for predicate, ready, Ego ibo ad medium; praesto ero illi quom nectis, *Pl. Men.* 5, 7, 7; eum praesto militum, *Mil.* 4, 6, 1; add *Iud.* 3, 6, 20; *Trin.* 4, 1, 18; *As.* 2, 2, 80; sed ubist frater? Praesto adest, *Ter. Eun.* 5, 8, 20; add *Haut.* 1, 1, 120; *Andr.* 2, 5, 4; *Lemnia* praesto litora, *Att.* 525 R; togulae lictoribus ad portam praesto fuerunt, *Cic. Pis.* 55; ibi mihi praesto fuit L. Lucilius cum lictis tuis, *fam.* 3, 5, 1; Cum lictis est praesto nec res nec uita caue moratur, *Lucr.* 2, 1068; nulla fuit elementaria praesto? *Catull.* 64, 137; Pauper erit praesto semper tibi, *Tib.* 1, 5, 61; 2. as an aid, ius ciuile didicisti, praesto multis fuit, *Cic. Mur.* 10; ne salutis tuae praesto futurum, *fam.* 4, 14, 1; add 4, 8, 1; and *Att.* 10, 8, 3; *Verr.* 2, 1, 78; 3. or as an adversary, si qui mihi praesto fuerit cum armatis hominibus et me introire prohibuerit, *Cic. Sac.* 37; quaeores cum fascibus mihi praesto fuerunt, his qui successerunt non minus acres contra me fuerunt, *Verr.* 2, 2, 12; 4. praestus fuit, inser. *Grut.* 669, 4; 5. praesto prob. for praestors (see § 4) and so for praest-ös, a double comp. of por; see praeter; 6. hence *It.* Sp. praesto, *Fr.* prêt.

1 praes-sül, (old praisul) tñs, adj. as sb. m. [sal of salio leap, run] the priest who danced at the head of the college of Salii, *Flam.* *Diabli Flam.* *Mart.* *Salius Praisul* (of *Lavinium*) *Augur...* inser. *Or.* 2276 (by error 2275); fuit in co sacerdotio (se. saliatu) et praesul et uates et magister, *Capit. Anton. ph.* 4, 4; praesulum sibi non placuisse, *Cic. diu.* 1, 55; pernegatum illud de praesule, 2, 136;

2 praesul, tñs, adj. as sb. m. f. [= praes söl of praes-] cf. solium, sella from sed of sideo, sdeo] one who presides over, president, chief, *Anzerone* quae diua praesul silentii, *Sol.* 1, 6; praesul creatus litteris, *Ass.* 4, 79; arbori haec esse praesulem Castitatem, *Pull.* 1, 6 med.; auri p. (se. vilien) ib. fin.; Et Imone calenti hic arae praesule semper, *Auen.* per. 519; Testis Roma sui praesulis esse potest, *Rut. itin.* 1, 550; quod dux sanguine praesule cornu duello (sc. Palas), *Mart.* C. 6, p. 195, 14 Eyss; praesul fori, *Sid.* ep. 4, 14;

praet-ër, prep. and adv. [praed old form of praes; see below] first as prep. v. acc. by the side of, along, past (with motion), *Instella* murem apostoli praeter pedes, *Pl. St.* 3, 2, 8; *Nen* dissimulat praeter os obamulet, *Poen.* per. 19; praeter oculos *Lollii* haec ferebant, *Cic. Verr.* 2, 3, 62; praeter castra *Caesaris* sua copias traduxit, *Caes. b. g.* 1, 48, 2; auolsaque saxa...solem succedere praeter, *Lucr.* 4, 141; exercitum per finis suos praeter *Ruseionem* transiunt, *Liv.* 21, 24 f.; praeter oram uagui, 22, 14, 6; praeter oram uectus, 28, 42, 3; add 34, 14, 1; 35, 27, 14;

38, 18, 9; 40, 41, 3; 45, 29, 8; Tela nolant... Praeter utrumque latus praeterque et lumen et aures, Ov. M. 5, 159; praeter suorum ora sublimis rapti, Tac. h. 4, 30; praeter radices montis lapsus, Plin. 6, 10; add 36, 6; 2. near, alongside of (without motion, past; rare and dub.), ludere inter se letantibus vidimus Praeter (so *ass*, edd. propter) amem, Naev. 47 R; praeter (so *ass*; propter L. Müller) matris (so *Popma*, *ass* matrem) deum aedem audio Cimbalarum sonitum, Varr. ap. Non. 529; 3. beyond, surpassing, more than, quem ego amo praeter omnis, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 8; add 2, 2, 140 and Mil. 4, 9, 6; Horum ille nil egregie praeter cetera Studebat, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 31; cum laeus Albaui p. modum crevisset, Cic. diu. 1, 100; quod mihi praecipuum fuit p. alios, Sall. 9; p. ceteros nobilitatis crudelitas, off. 2, 26; add Verr. 2, 3, 130; or. 2, 217; liquido praeter iustum tenuique, Lucr. 4, 1241; Vi Argonautas praeter omnes candidum, Hor. epod. 3, 9; 4. beyond and so contrary to, Nam multa praeter spem scio multis bona cucuisse, Pl. Rud. 2, 3, 69; Dum caueatur praeter aequum nequid delinquat, sine. Bac. 3, 15; p. naturam, Ter. Ad. 5, 5; add Andr. 2, 6, 5 and 5, 3, 8; si quid praeter spem erit, Cic. Att. 15, 13, 5; p. consuetudinem, diu. 2, 60; multa impendere p. naturam praeterque fatum, Phil. 1, 10; 5. besides (inclusive), over and above, in addition to, Si nunc suspendam me, meam operam huserim, Et praeter operam restum sumpti fecerim, Pl. Cas. 2, 7, 2; rogavit numquid aliud ferret praeter aream, Cic. or. 2, 279; nullo aliquid praeter illum de ratione dicendi sane exilium libellum libuisset scribere, Brut. 163; add leg. 2, 43; praeter se denot ut ad conloquium adducerent, Caes. b. g. 1, 43, 3; praeter imperatas pecunias suo etiam priuato compendio surcibant, b. c. 1, 43, 3; add 3, 57, 3; qui p. Volscos et Aequos Sabini etiam belli perfecti gloriam pepererant, Liv. 3, 70, 15; add 4, 10, 4; 10, 30, 1; 21, 29, 3; 23, 14, 1; quae distinctio p. illud commodum, quod... inquit etiam oculos et vestigia domini admittit, Colum. 4, 18, 1; add Curt. S. 4, 12, 16; esp. p. haec, Ter. Ad. 5, 3, 61 and Ph. 5, 3, 17; Cels. 2, 2, 1; 2, 4, 1; and p. ea, CIL 199, 30; 6. of exclusion, putting aside, except, quae Thermensorum praeter loca agros aedificia sunt, CIL 204, 1, 28; add 204, 2, 26; omnibus sententiis praeter unum condemnatus est, Cic. Clu. 55; omnes praeter eum rem me facere restat, Att. 7, 13, 2; primo clamore oppidum p. arcem captum est, Liv. 6, 33, 7; 7. esp. with neg. or in questions, besides, beyond, except, but, Ne nobis praeter me quisquam alios seruos Sosia, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 244; Neque praeter te in Alide ullus seruos istos nominest, Capt. 3, 4, 58; quid in illis (litteris) fuit praeter querellam temporum? Cic. fam. 2, 16, 1; res sunt eius modi ut si Romae sis nihil te praeter tuos delectare possit, 4, 4, f.; nec quicquam aliud est philosophia praeter studium sapientiae, off. 2, 5; add 3, 74; nec telum alia habebant p. gladios, Liv. 38, 21, 5; add 3, 68, 5; 45, 38, 2; Nil sibi legatum praeter plorare, Hor. s. 2, 5, 68; Nil illi potui dicere praeter erit, Ov. her. 16 (17), 162; 8. with conj. as first, quam, Virgo atque mulier nulla erit quin sit mala Quae praeter sapient quam placet parentibus, Pl. Pers. 3, 1, 38; Lucrum ingens facio praeterquam mihi meus pater Dedit aestu-matas merces, Merc. pr. 95; uerbum si mihi Vnum praeter quam quod rogo (sps te rogo), Ter. Andr. 4, 4, 14; Neque praeter quam quae ipse amor molestias Habet, addas, Eum. 1, 1, 32; nullum monumentum laudis postulo praeterquam huius diei memoriam sempiternam (al. al.), Cic. Cat. 3, 26; a qua (sc. Moneta) praeterquam de sue plena quid unquam moniti sumus? diu. 2, 69; nullas iis praeterquam ad dedi litte-ras, fam. 7, 1; sine ullis doloribus praeterquam quod ex eruatione capiebat, Nep. Att. 21, 3; oppugnatio, praeterquam ui ac uirtute exercitus intestina etiam pro-ditione adiuta, Liv. 25, 23, 1; Cuncta potest... iustas Praeterquam curas attenuare meas, Ov. tr. 4, 6, 18; legumina fere quatuor (e terra exeunt) praeterquam faba, Varr. r. 1, 45, 1; nitam quae nullius ad id temporis praeterquam auito fulgore uinceretur, Vell. 2, 4, 6; aqua frigida infusa praeterquam capiti predest, Caes. 1, 9; add Plin. 10, 146; 11, 131; Gell. 15, 1, 1; Suet. Caes. 36; also Aug. 25, 45 and 71; Tib. 38; Ner. 1; Dom. 2; 9. praeterquam with

quod, ut or si, omnes mihi labores fuere quos cepi lenes, Praeter quam tui erantum quod erat, Ter. Haut. 2, 4, 20; ego me praeterquam quod sine te, ceterum satis oblectant, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 14, 1; add leg. 3, 45; praeterquam quod non mersas (so *Madv.*, *ass* om. non) naues ceteros terrores... exponit, Liv. 29, 27, 14; add 35, 25, 11; and Plin. 20, 109; nec quod petamus quicquam est praeterquam ut hominum numero simus, Liv. 4, 4, f.; praeterquam sei quouis..., CIL 206, 117; terrores impetetrabilis praeterquam si amore madaet, Plin. 8, 95; 10. praeter with si, potius sur-culos quam grana expedit praeter si aliter nequas, Varr. r. 1, 41, 5; 11. praeter as adv. besides, gen. with quae, Maenalis Nonaeis praeterque (and besides these) ignobiles octo, Plin. 4, 21; add 5, 16; 11, 10; 29, 105; 12. like nisi, with a noun whose case depends on other words, ceterae multitudini diem statuit ante quam sine fraude liceret ab armis discedere praeter rerum capitalium condemnatis, Sal. Cat. 36, 2; (pro condemnatis says Prise!, 1101 P, 2, 188, 15 K; and praeter ablativo iuncta says Clodon!, 1933 P, 76, 14 K); Qua Velabra..., Nil praeter salices cassaque canna fuit, Ov. F. 6, 406; uti posthac pueri cum patribus in curiam ne introeant, praeter ille unus Papirius, Gell. 1, 23, 13; exules praeter caedis damnati restituebantur, Iust. 13, 5, 2; certe meae carmina nemo Praeter ab his scopolis uentosa remurmurat echom, Calp. ecl. 4, 27; but in Liv. 4, 59, 7 read with *Madv.*: ne quis praeter armatos (nisi armatus) violaretur; 13. praeter a doub. comp. for praeter (cf. *οὐπρεστος* for *οὐπρεστος*), and so from pris=pris, with excrecent t (see prist-hus); so too *παραι* for *παραι*=*παραι*; cf. praesto and sin-ist-ero; root por, wh. see.

**prehendo**, (prae-h, praendo, prendo) ēre, di, sus, vb. [pays a lost vb. hando, akin to E. hand, and so to L. manus] catch hold of or by something projecting, Prae-hendi dexteram, sedicit, rogat quid ueniat Cariat, Pl. Curc. 2, 3, 60; manum, Amph. 2, 2, 85; Praehende\* amiculis, As. 3, 78; add Poen. 1, 2, 163; accessi ad patrem, prendi manum, Pompon. ap. Prisc. 1, 484 K; Caesar eius dextram prendit, Caes. b. g. 2, 10, 5; 2. gen. catch hold of, catch, take, Si posthac prehendero\* ego te hie..., Pl. Mil. 5, 1, 33; in mari prehendi? Ite atque expecte midulum, Rud. 5, 1, 11; quae manu prendentur (al. prehendi.), Cic. acad. post. 41; Loerensibus se permittere ut quod sui quisque cognosset prenderet, Liv. 29, 21, 5; uoluntaria (carmina) prendere, Verg. 3, 450; tecta manu, 9, 558; add 3, 624; 12, 775 etc.; 3. grasp, hold, of capacity, Arentis quae rosae quantum manus una prehendant, Ov. med. fac. 105; cinerem, quantum prehenditur ternis digitis, Plin. 30, 40; 4. esp. catch hold of (a person, to talk or ask a favour), see § 1; and add: Prendo hominem somnum, Ter. Ph. 4, 3, 15; add Hant. 3, 1, 100; prende C. Septimium, Cic. Att. 12, 13, 2; add Caes. ad Cic. fam. 8, 11, 2; Femellae omnes amice prehendant, Quas uultu uidi tamen serenas, Catul. 55, 7; 5. catch (as an offender), arrest, take up, Post id si prehensi\* simus, excusemus ebrios Nos fecisse, Pl. Aul. 4, 10, 19; Qui (so Guyet, *ass* quam or qua) malum facie, quem mendaci (note the gen., catch in a lie) prehendit\* manifesto modo? Bac. 4, 4, 45; Vbi praenus in furto sies manifesto et uerberatus, As. 3, 2, 45; in furto ubi sies praehensus\* (praenusus?), ib. 3, 2, 17; add Poen. 5, 4, 62; in adulterio... si prehendissis, Cato ap. Gell. 10, 23, 5; Quis homo pro moeche unquam uidit in domo meretricia Prehendi\* quemquam? Ter. Eun. 5, 4, 39; quemque licet inuissu consulis prendisset, Liv. 3, 11, 2; add 8, 33, 5; 9, 34, 26; qui manifesto furto praenus esset, Gell. 11, 18, 7; 6. of plants taking root, w. nom. of earth or plant, Nam quorum stirpis tellus amplexa prehendit\*, Haec..., Cic. arat. 116; transferes sine ambiguitate prehendi\*, Pall. 3, 10, 7; add 3, 25, 3; 7. of the senses or mind, grasp (as it were), quam ipsam (se) ea moderantem et regentem paene prenderit, Cic. leg. 1, 61; in aduerso (amore) sunt (malum) Prendere quae possis oculorum lumine aperto, Lucr. 4, 1143; 8. praehend, or prehendi, often as disyll., see \* above, and add: Pl. Pers. 2, 4, 22; but even Pl. and Ter. have the contracted form,



see above and add Capt. 1, 2, 9; even when written as a disyll. may be monos. see † above.

**primor**, *oris*, (but used only in a few forms), *adj. comp.* [from *primus*; for loss of *i* cf. *minor* plus *seus*; also cf. *E. form-er* from *A. Sax. sup. forma*] in the front, front- (note the hyphen) tip of, tegulas *primores omnes* in antepagmento *tero* figito, CIL 577, 2; Sic *huc digitulis duobus sumebas* (sumeres?) *primoribus*, Pl. Bac. 4. 4. 24; add Pœn. 3. 1. 63; *surculum inter librum et stirpem artiprimores digitos duos*, (two inches of the extremity) and again: *capito tibi surculum quod genus inserere uoles, cum primorem praeacuto obliquum primores digitos duos*, Cato r. 40 (41), 3; *primores erigit unguis* (sc. Gallus), Lucil. ap. Non. 427; *Eduxique animam in primoribus naribus*, ib.; Atqui etiam modo uorsabatur mihi in labris *primoribus*, Pl. Trin. 4. 2. 65; Quod *primoribus* habent ut *capito labris*, Cic. ap. Non. 428 (at the tip of one's tongue, as we say); ut in litore caneri digitis *primoribus* stare..., Varr. s. 105, 1 R; Sandalio inuixa digitulis *primoribus*, Turp. 31 R; *apage sis Diram tuam animam* (so R ej., *miss cluam* or *clium tuum animam*) in *naribus primoribus* Vix pertuli, Afran. 385 R; nasi *primoris acumen* Tenue, Lucr. 6. 1193; *primori in acie uersabatur*, Tac. h. 3. 21 f.; *inter primores dimicat*, Curt. 4. 27 (6, 17); *cauda lae fusa primori* parte, Plin. 8. 216; add 18, 112; *tuncis uti uirum prolixis usque in primores manus indecorum fuit*, Gell. 6 (7), 12, 1; *opinari uestibulum esse partem domus primorem*, 16, 5, 2; *2. esp. with labra*, as met.: non modo qui *primoribus* labris gustassent hoc genus uitae sed qui totam uitam uoluptatibus dedissent, Cic. Cacl. 28; haec...isti rhetores ne *primoribus* quidem labris attigissent, or. 1. 87; **3. p. dentes**, front teeth (not as some say first teeth) *primores septimo mense gigni* dentis, Plin. 7. 68; *continui* (dentes) aut utraque parte *oris* (al. *ori*) sunt ut equo, aut superiore *primores* non sunt ut bubus; caprae superiores non sunt praeter *primores* geminos, 11, 161; add 11, 164, 105, 167, 168; **4. of men**, foremost, leading, chief, of the first rank. *Primores procerum* prouocauit nomine, Att. 325 R; *primores Argiuorum*...uiros, Catul. 68, 87; cum *primoris* equum affinitates inuegat, Liv. 1. 49, 8; add 1, 12, 8; 4. 1, 3; 4. 13, 7; 8. 1; and Colum. 12, 3, 10; *primores equitum* centurionumque, Liv. 25, 6, 1; but in 2, 12 read *u. Madv. impigre*; *Primores populi* arripuit, Hor. s. 2, 1, 69; add Tac. an. 2, 19; and met. *primores* (uenti), Gell. 2, 22, 18; **II 5. of time**, first part of, early, youthful, cum *primitus* oritur herba imbribus *primoribus* euocata, Varr. r. 2, 2, 14; *primoribus* annis, Sil. 1, 511; *excaisam primori Marte Saguntum*, 11, 143; in *primori* pueritia, Gell. 10, 19, 3; *primore aspectu*, at first sight, 2, 7, 6.

**prior**, *oris*, *adj. comp.* [for *proior* from *pro* and *ult.* from *por*] firstly of place, front, (rare) canties homini semper a *prior* parte capitis, tum deinde ab auersa, Plin. 11, 131; *substingebat caput* (sc. equi) *loro altius* quam ut *prioribus* pedibus terram posset attingere, ps. Nep. Eum. 5, 5; **2. of time**, first of two, former, preceding, at illic pollicetur *prior*, was the first of the two to bid, Pl. Merc. 2, 3, 102; Haec est occasio; dum ille dormit uolito tu *prior* occupes, Ps. 4, 1, 15; quod illos dictum uoluisse facere, id nos *prior* facere occupabimus? Cato orat. 24, 2 Iord.; tu rideas, *Prior*\* *bilas* *prior* decumbas; *cena dubia* adponitur, Ter. Ph. 2, 2, 28; *Mea lege* utar ut potior sit qui *prior*\* *ad-dandum*-st. Vale, 3, 2, 48; *as prioribus* comitiis Anienem tibi esse concessam, Cic. Planc. 54; *prior* aestate, fam. 1, 9, 24; qui *prior* has angustias occupauerit, ad hoc hostem prohiberi nihil esse negotii, Caes. b. c. 1, 66 f.; add 1, 82 f.; *prioris* anni consules, Liv. 4, 13, 10; Quanta nec esse nec erit nec uisa *prioribus* annis, Ov. M. 15, 445; **3. esp. priores as sb. pl., those of former times, nomen dixere *prior*es, Verg. 3, 693; *more priorum*, Ov. M. 10, 218; add Vell. 2, 28, 2; Sen. ep. 52, 7; Plin. 8, 180; Plin. ep. 3, 4, 5; **4. hence** of the dead, *Abiturus* illuc quo *prior*es abierunt, Phaedr. 4, 20, 16; **5. prior first (of two) in worth or rank, taking precedence, better,****

superior, *Conspiciat inde sibi data Romulus esse priora*, Enn. an. 68 V; *Siquidem hercle possis nil prius neque fortius*, Ter. Eun. 1, 1, 5; *me cum quaestorem in primis, aedilem priorem, praetorem primum populus Romanus faciebat*, Cic. Pis. 2; *te ingurtha qui actate et sapientia priores*, Sal. Jug. 10, 7; *bellante prior*, iacentem Lenis in hostem, Hor. e. saec. 51; *qui color est puniceae flore prior rosae*, od. 4, 10, 4; *ut nemo tanta inuentu habebat prior nec probat*, Liv. 27, 8, 6; *Si uocem haberes, nulla prior*\* *ales foret*, Phaedr. 1, 13, 37; *inuenitur saepe prior* per melior positum, Prisc. 602 P, 1, 00, 20 K; **6. prior** as a neut. in old writers, as *prior bellum* and *p. foedus*, Claud. Q. p. bellum, Cass. Hem., p. senatus consultum, all ap. Prisc. 767 P, 1, 347, 5 K; **II 7. prius** as adv., first (of two), hoc *prius*\* *nolo Meam rem agere*, Pl. Cure. 5, 2, 70; *ut nesciam Vtrum me expositulare tecum aequomst prius* Anax., Mil. 2, 6, 35; (me) fuerat aequius ut prius introieram, sic prius exire de uita, Cic. an. 15; **8. hence** formerly, before, *Bis tanta amici sunt inter se quam prius*, Pl. Amph. 3, 2, 62; *nunc . . . benignius Omnes salutant quam salutabant prius*, Aul. 1, 37; *ne anderet Philippus quod Pyrrhus prius ausus esset*, Liv. 31, 3, 1; **9. with quam, as a conj., *Prius*\* *abans quam lecti ubi cubuisti conuoluit locus*, Pl. Amph. 1, 3, 36; *Pergin istuc prius*\* *diadicarum scis quid ueri siet?*, Ter. Haut. 2, 2, 8; **10. with quam** attached as an encl., *Prius*-quam *lucet*, adsumt, rozzant..., Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 115; *omnia experiri certumst prius*\*-quam *perco*. *Be. Quid hic agit?* Ter. Andr. 2, 1, 11; *quod ego prius*-quam *loqui coepisti sensi*, Cic. Vat. 4; **11. a subj.** may be used where the future act is yet doubtful, *Ito ad dextram*; *prius*-quam *ad portam uenias* apud ipsam lacum *Est* *piristrilla*, Ter. Ad. 4, 2, 44; *add Haut* in next; **12. prius** in sense of sooner, rather, si semel intellexerit *Prius*\* *proditurum te tuam uitam et prius Pecuniam omnem quam abs te amittas filium*, hui., 3, 1, 70; *quamuis carnificem prius subierint quam ibum uolent*, Cic. Tusc. 5, 78; *add Lig. 34*; *statuatur prius* hos iudicio populi debere restitui quam suo beneficio uideat receptos, Caes. b. c. 3, 1, 6; **13. prior** and *prius* often monos. esp. in iamb. and troch. metres of old drama, as marked \*, except at end of iambic, cf. *prius-inus*, *πρῖν* as well as *πρῖο*, *magis* (for *magius*).**

**prior-ātus**, *ūs*, *m.* priority, precedence, preference, Tert. Val. 4.  
**priorsum**, (-rsūs?) *adv.* forwards, aut accedit *priorsum* (al. *prosum*) aut retrorsum recedit, Maer. s. 7, 9, 3; *perum de corde nato priorsum* (al. *deorsum*) *pergere* usque ad digitum..., 7, 13, 8; *monetur corpus priorum* *aut retrorsus*, Claud. Mam. stat. an. 1, 18.  
**Priscianus**, *m.* [Priscus as a cogn.] a cognomen of adoption, as the grammarian so called; and a physician Theodorus P.  
**Priscillus**, *m. dim. [id.]* a cognomen, Ti. Claudius Ti. f. Clu. Priscillus, *inscr. Mur.* 806, 3; **2. Priscilla**, *f.* a cogn. Helvidia Priscilla, *inscr. Fabr.* 167, 32.  
**Priscinus**, *m. [id.]* cogn. of adoption, M. Peducaeus Priscinus cos. (a.n. 110), *inscr. Mur.* 318, 1.  
**priscus**, *adj.* [prius = *prior*, see *pristinus*]; hence *Prisco*, *HN* 3690; *Grut.* 318, 7; *Priscus*, 702, 8; *Πρεσκος*, *CIG* 2987; *Mur.* 1464, 6; *HN* 2451] in orig. comp. hence *Quintus* *Priscus*, the first of the two *Quintus*, so Paul. ex E. 226, 11 M; *though* Liv. 1, 34, 10 gives it as already his name; add 1, 46, 4; **2. of old time**, ancient, gen. of very old times, *illud erat insitum priscis illis quo cascos appellat Ennius*, esse..., Cic. Tusc. 1, 29; *Credendum est ueteribus et priscis ut aiunt nris qui se progeniem deorum esse dicebant*, Tim. 11; *prisca horrida Silent oracula crepera*..., Varr. s. 173, 7 R; *Ecce Sabinorum prisco de sanguine*..., *Classius*, Verg. 7, 706; *Vt prisca gens mortalium*, Hor. epod. 2, 2; *Me Chaos antiqui, nam sum res prisca*, uocabat, Ov. E. 1, 103; add 1, 197; 3, 779; a. a. 3, 121; **3. hence** of character, rough but true, old-fashioned, *Claudia cuius priscam seueritatem*..., Cic. har. r. 27; *quoniam priscus homo ac rusticus Romanus barbaram radebat*, Varr. s. 139, 9 Iord.; *priscas sanctionibus* *nirgine*, Tac. an. 3, 69 f.; **4. esp. stern**, as in olden time, *Saena quod horre-*

las prisci praecepta parentis, Catul. 64, 159; A! percat cui sunt priscæ supercilia, Verg. cop. 34; 5. sometimes in poets, former (though recent), Quid si priscæ redit Venus? Hor. od. 3, 9, 17; priscum pariter cum corpore nomen Mutat, Ov. M. 14, 850; add Val. F. 4, 391; 6. Prisci Latini and priscæ coloniae, of colonies founded before foundation of Rome, says Paul, ex F. 226, 10 M; and so Liv. 1, 3, 7; add 1, 38, 4; 7. as a cognomen, T. Numicius Priscus (cons. 285 a. u. c.) Liv. 2, 63, 1; C. Claudius C. f. Priscus, CIL 1145, 3; 8. priscæ, adv. in the olden way, hence sternly, quacum utrum me priscæ agere malit, Cic. Cael. 33.

**prisma**, ātis, n. [πρίσμα, what is sawn] a prism, Mart. C. 6, p. 253, 12 Eyss.

**prista**, ae, m. [πρίστης] a sawyer, Plin. 34, 57, of a piece of sculpture by the Greek Myron.

**pristigēr**, a, um, adj. carrying a sea monster (pistris), Sid. ep. 4, 8.

**1. pristinus**, adj. [pris=priser=priser, with excrement 1, cf. crastinus] of former times, former, olden, old, pristine, En (so Speng. cf. B. eff. CD eum) hercle in nolis resistere mores pristini, Pl. Truc. pr. 7; Delubra tenebunt mysteria quis Pristina cistis conspecta sacris, Att. 527 R; dignitas, Cic. fam. 1, 5 b, 2; bonitas, Rose. Ann. 150; labor, Sal. 26; mos iudiciorum, Mil. 1; consuetudo, Caes. b. c. 1, 32, 3; opinio, 3, 82, 2; status, h. g. 7, 54, 4; mens tantum pristina manuit, Ov. M. 3, 203; priscum, Colum. 5, 1, 7; annotationes, Gell. pr. 3; 2. also immediately preceding, pristini diei perfidia, Caes. b. g. 4, 14, 3; quum Etrusci pleni animorum ab pristini diei meliore occasione quam pugna in aciem processissent, Liv. 4, 32, 10; die pristini eodem modo dicebatur quod significat die pristino id est priore, quasi pristino die, Gell. 10, 24, 8; but in Liv. 9, 23, 11 pristino die means on the preceding occasion, at several days distance, cf. quum per aliquot dies post pugnam continisset suos intra vallum of § 7; note pristini in Gell. as an old dat.

**2. pristinus**, adj. [pristi] of the sea monster or whale, the constellation so-called, p. sidus, Colum. 11, 2, 5 and 64.

**pristis**\* or pistris, is and pristix\* or pristix\*, f. [prob. of foreign origin] a sea-monster (like our sea-serpent) maxima animalia in Indico mari ex quibus balaneae quatenum iugerum, priste\* duodecimum cubitorum, Plin. 9, 4; agnoscit toto Pistris aditus nuberque inhiat iam proxima praedae, Val. F. 2, 531; Lucullum qui quasi marina pristis\* enaserat, Flor. 1, 40 (3, 51) 16; pistrium\* dominus atque maenarum, Arnob. 3, 5 (of Neptune);

**2. of the whale constellation**, Andromedam tamen explorans fera quaerere pistrix\* Pergit, Cic. arat. 130; Hand proci expositam sequitur Nereia pristi\* Andromedam, Germ. arat. 356; Auster pristis\* agit, 360; aquorae pristis\*, 371; pistrix\* et cristae, caudae, 717 and pristis\* squamea terga, 721; 3. of Scylla, et pulchro pectore uirgo Pale tenus, postrema immanni corpore pistrix\*, Verg. 3, 427;

**4. a sort of long boat, quinque pistrix\***, nauigium ea forma a marina belua dictum (sive dicta) est, Claud. q. ap. Non. 535; as a name, Velocem in Mnesthus agit acris remige Pristis\*, Verg. 5, 116; pristis\* belua maris, Actius (Alfius) pristices dixit, gloss. Sahmas. ad Flor. as above.

**prō**, prep. [for por-o and so from por (=E. for), as seen in por-rigo and assina, in pelliceor, por-lingo=πρ-ε] before, of place before, in front of, indices qui in eam rem erunt pro rostris in forum (norsas iurant), CIL 198, 30; add 1, 42; ibi terminus sat innotuit pro caeno, 199, 10; proclium factum depugnatumque pro castris, Cato orig. 21, 7 Iord.; nonne sedens pro aede Castoris dixit? Cic. Phil. 3, 27; hasta posita pro aede Iouis Statoris, 2, 64; praesidia quae pro templis omnibus cernitis, Mil. 2; pro Aurelio triumphali dilectus sermorum habebatur, Pis. 11; non est necesse pro tribunali manumittere, Gai. dig. 40, 2, 7; add Marc. 4, 1, 7; alarios pro castris immoribus constituit, Caes. b. g. 1, 54, 1; add 1, 48, 3; 7, 70, 2 and 5; epiturnum pro castris agitare iubet, Sal. Jug. 59, 1; quodum maturaret pro curia signum sociis dare..., Cat. 18, 8; in regia

sede pro curia sedens, Liv. 1, 47, 8; laudati pro contione (in presence of the assembled troops) omnes sunt, 38, 23 f.; add 22, 23, 9; 25, 11, 4; 30, 10, 5; add Tac. Agr. 35; an. 2, 80; h. 1, 27; pro foribus adstantem, Suet. Tib. 32; add Caes. 61 f.; Aug. 100 f.; not so used in Pl., or old drama;

**2. in the prece. exx.** the sense is in front of, but on the outside; pro also means in the front of (yet in or on), in contione pro rostris sententiam) ita pronuntiatio, 198, 42 (but perh. the rostra, i.e. the beaks of ships, might be behind the speaker); nihil enim habent (epistolae) quod definitum sit nisi me ultro significasse tibi non esse amicum idque pro tribunali, Cic. fam. 3, 8, 2; impouendo capituli Lupericalis sedentis pro rostris insigne regium, Vell. 2, 56 f.; stabat pro litore diuersa aeries, Tac. an. 14, 30; and prob. 2, 81;

**3. in defence of** (as if standing before the person protected), for, in behalf of, dimicare pro legibus pro libertate pro patria, Cic. Tusc. 4, 43; qui ita sese armat eloquentia ut non oppugnare commodata patriae sed pro his propugnare possit, inu. 1, 1; add Sest. 1; Pro qua mihi sunt magna bella pugnata, Catul. 67, 13; pro Italia uobis est pugnandum, Liv. 21, 41, 14; Saguntius pro nudata moenibus patria corpora opponentibus, 21, 8, 8;

**4. met.** of words, Quid istae mutae sunt quae pro se fabulari non queunt? Pl. Rud. 4, 4, 69; Quae pro me causam diceret patronum (so Guyet, iuss patronum) liberaui, Most. 1, 3, 87; me pro meo sodali et pro mea omni fama fortunisque decernere, Cic. or. 2, 200; haec quum contra legem proque lege dicta essent, Liv. 34, 8, 1; 5. in one's favour, to one's advantage, quae facta postea iudicia dicerent partium nihil contra Habitum ualere, partem etiam pro hoc esse, Cic. Clu. 88; hoc non modo non pro me sed contra me est potius, or. 3, 75; et locus pro nobis et nox erit, Liv. 9, 24, 8; add 39, 30, 3; quae antea pro illis erant, in contraria conuersa sunt, Curt. 4, 14, 16 (4, 54);

**6. as** one who speaks in the name of others and so represents them stands in their front, so in the name of, on behalf of, (M. Aemilio M. f. C. Anio C. f. praetoris pro populo Diiti Dione dedere), CIL 188; pro tribu Q. Fabius Q. f. primus scit, 200, 1; pro collegio (tribuum) pronuntiant, Liv. 4, 26, 20; supplicatio pro collegio decemuirorum imperata fuit, 38, 36, 4; uti pro consilio imperatum erat, Sal. Jug. 29, 6; pontifices pro collegio decernisse, ap. Gell. 11, 3, 2 (in a discussion about pro);

**7. hence** in the capacity of, as, si M. Furias pro dictatore quid eisset, Liv. 6, 38, 9; 8. also with abstract nouns, by right of, in virtue of, pro me iure (sc. ut referam gratiam) oras, Pl. Rud. 5, 3, 36; Tamen si pro imperio uobis quod dictum foret Scibat facturus, Amph. pr. 21; add Capt. 2, 1, 47; non necesse habeo omnia Pro meo iure agere, Ter. Ad. 1, 1, 27; satis pro imperio illud (sc. iudeum) pro potestate dimitti iussit, Cic. Clu. 74; qui haec palam de superiore loco ageret pro imperio et potestate, Verr. 2, 4, 49; quia pro imperio palam interdicti non poterat, Liv. 1, 51, 2; add 3, 49, 5; ut dictatores dicere consules pro potestate uestra (as tribunes) cogatis, 4, 26, 8; consules in priuato adiecti nihil pro magistratu agere, 9, 7, 12; nos existimare quam me pro magistratu quicquam incompertum dicere melius est, 9, 26, 15; add 39, 5, 2;

**9. hence** of persons, in place of, instead of, T. promitte (accept the invitation to dinner); ego ibo pro te si tibi non lubet. Th. Verbero, etiam irrides? T. Quam me pro te ire ad cenam antimo? Pl. Most. 5, 2, 10; eo magnitudinis procederet, ubi pro mortalibus gloria aeterna fierent, Sal. Jug. 1, 5;

**10. hence** gen. of a deputy or representative, nunc magistratum nunc pro magistratu... quinquam ferisse uolet, CIL 196, 12; nec quis magistratus prouide magistratu, 198, 70; quod is agere nectere (a dat.) prouide nectere possessor datus (fieri), 200, 17; de ea re praetor prouide praetore (quo in iura aduenit (recuperatores) xi dato, 200, 37; ei pro curatore eius, 200, 60; L. Manli pro quaestore), 423 (on a coin); eum cui legatus et pro praetore fuisset, Cic. Verr. 1, 11; neu quis miles nunc pro milite, Sal. ap. Serv. ad A. 2, 157; 11. as if one were, like, Pro sano loqueris, Pl. Men. 2, 2, 24; Ille quidam edepol hau pro insano uerbum respondit mihi, 5, 28; hunc... amari pro meo, Ter. Ad. 1, 1, 23; eum se iam tum gessisse pro ciue, Arch. 11; Caes. b. c. 3, 109, 1; quorum alter per suos pro occiso sub-

latus, alter interfectus est, 3, 109, 5; nihil hunc pro sano facturum, b. g. 5, 7, 7; inde abiere Romani ut victores, Etrusci pro uictis, Liv. 2, 7, 3; ut pro bonis ac fidelibus sociis facerent, 24, 48, 5. **12.** of things, as, as if, in the light of, in place of, to serve as, for, aram habete hanc Vobis pro castris, Pl. Rud. 3, 3, 30; Iam hercle ego uos pro matula habeo nisi mihi matulam datis, Most. 2, 1, 39; ut communibus pro communibus natorum, priuatis ut suis, Cic. off. 1, 20; **13.** esp. with vbs. of regarding, Vtrum pro ancilla me habes an pro filia? Pl. Pers. 3, 1, 13; Omne ego pro nihilo esse duco quod fuit, quando fuit, 4, 4, 85; ut pro eo (se, tuo beneficio) tamen id habeamus, Cic. fam. 13, 7, 5; pro certo habetote, Sal. Cat. 52, 17; ita communicatos honores pro bene aut scens consuetudine habitura (ciuitas), Liv. 7, 6, 8; **14.** of things and abstract ideas, in place of, instead of, liberator uicibus inungebat ut sodes pro si andes, sis pro si uis, Cic. orat. 154; pro Afris inmutat Africam, 93; pro opo ferenda sociis pergit ipse ad urbem oppugnandum, Liv. 23, 28, 11; pro eo ut ipsi ex alieno agro rapient agereutque, suas terras sedem belli esse uiderunt, 22, 1, 2; **15.** hence of purchases, for, pro hi-ce aedibus Minas quadraginta accepisti a Callicie, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 1; Tres minas pro istis duobus praeter necturam dedi, Most. 3, 2, 138; add Curo. 1, 1, 63; Ass. 2, 2, 102; dixisse se dimidium ei eius (so T H K ej., mss eius ei) quod pactus esset pro illo carmine daturum, Cic. or. 2, 352; misimus qui pro uetura soluere, Att. 1, 3, 2; **16.** or the consideration for any payment, pro eo agro uetigal Langenses dent uic(toriatos) (uimmos) CCCC, CIL 199, 25; **17.** and met. in consideration of, in return for, esp. of punishments, (as we say, pay for it) Nam si pro peccatis centum ducat uxores, parumst, Pl. Trin. 5, 2, 62; Sex talenta magna dotis demum pro ista inscitia, Truc. 4, 3, 71; Vi pro huius peccatis ego supplicium suferam, Ter. And. 5, 3, 17; par pro pari (so mss, and so quoted by Cic. fam. 1, 9, 19) referto, Eun. 3, 1, 55; Ego pol te pro istis dicit et factis scelus Vleiscar, 5, 4, 19; **18.** often with abstr. sb., on account of, for, hunc amare pro eius suauitate debemus, Cic. or. 1, 234; quem omnes amare pro eius eximia suauitate debemus, 1, 234; **19.** equivalent to, as good as, Eaque educant eam sibi pro filia, Pl. Cist. 1, 3, 24; pro patre huius est, Ter. Ad. 5, 8, 28; Cato ille noster qui nihil minus est pro centum milibus, Cic. Att. 2, 5, 1; add Verr. 2, 4, 90; hoc (sc. edictum) pro contione pro rostris pro iureiurando, Plin. pan. 65, 4; **20.** having before one or in view, looking to, considering, making allowance for, for, quibus de rebus mihi pro Clienti uoluntate nimium, pro rei dignitate parum, pro uestra prudentia satis dixisse uideo, Cic. Clu. 160; quae cum cogito, timeo quidnam pro offensione hominum et magnitudine rerum dignum eloqui possim, Caecil. 42; Quis potis est dignum pollenti pectore carnea Condere pro rerum maiestate? Lucr. 5, 2; Dignum praestabo me, etiam pro laude merentis, Hor. ep. 1, 7, 24; hoc coniunium Pro opibus nostris satis commodulimus, Pl. St. 5, 4, 8; facere certumst Pro copia et sapientia (as far as our means etc. will permit), Merc. 3, 1, 8; sedulo Moneo quae possum pro mea sapientia, Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 73; pro sua quaque facultate parat (cane) a quibus lauietur, Cic. Tusc. 1, 108; faciendum est modo pro facultatibus, off. 2, 58; modo satis illa diuicte dixerimus pro rerum obscuritate, Tusc. 4, 33; pro multitudine hominum et pro gloria belli angustus se finis habere arbitrabantur, Caes. b. g. 1, 2, 5; proclum atrocium quam pro numero pugnantium editor, Liv. 21, 29, 2; add 36, 10, 12; his raptum pro tempore (as well as circumstances permitted) instructis, 30, 10, 7; **21.** esp. with parte or portione, proportionally, oportet ut aedibus uetibula sic causis principia pro portione rerum praeporere, Cic. or. 2, 320; militibus pollicetur quaterna in singulos iugera et pro rata parte centurionibus, Caes. b. c. 1, 17 f.; but in Cic. Tusc. 1, 94 pro rata parte is a gloss; censorem aedilum curulem tres tribunos plebis mortuos ferunt, pro portione et ex multitudine alia multa funera fuisse, Liv. 7, 1, 8; adice nunc pro portione quot uerisimile sit Graeciam totam habuisse, 34, 50, 7; ceteris pro portione...hous habitus est, Curt. 9, 1, 6; **22.** hence p. mea (uirili, ciuili) parte, as far as was to be expected from—, ut ita

fieret pro mea parte adini, Cic. fam. 5, 2, 9; omnes pro sua parte defendunt, Sulp. 4; rempublicam pro nostra parte celeriter nobis exp-diri posse, Cass. ap. Cic. fam. 12, 13 f.; haec qui pro uirili parte defendunt optimates sunt, Sest. 138; me eius beneficio plusquam pro uirili parte obligatum puto, Phil. 13, 8; add Ov. fr. 5, 11, 23; ut deo pro ciuili parte rem publicam uelle saluam, Mat. ap. Cic. fam. 11, 28, 4; **23.** in accordance with, quae de causa pro mea consuetudine breuiter dixi, Cic. Arch. 32; reliqua tu pro tua prudentia considerabis, fam. 4, 10 f.; add Att. 11, 6, 1; **24.** pro eo atque (quasi)... just as if...; si tacebitur pro eo ac si concessum sit concludere oportebit argumentationem, Cic. inu. 1, 54; deos pro eo mihi ac mercor relatuos esse gratum, Cat. 4, 3; pro eo ac debui graniter tuli, Sulp. ap. Cic. fam. 4, 5, 1; pro eo est (testis) atque si adhibitis non esset, Ulp. dig. 28, 1, 22, 4; pro eo erit quasi nec legatum quidem sit, Pomp. 30, 1, 38, 1; **25.** pro eo ut... with ind., according as, pro eo ut temporis difficultas tulit, Metell. ap. Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 126; **26.** pro eo ut with subj. instead of, see § 14; **27.** pro eo quod... in consideration of, for that, according as, cum Hannibal pro eo quod eius nomen erat magna gloria inuitatus esset, Cic. or. 2, 75; add Clu. 43; pro eo quod nos fatigamus, ueniam petimus uelim, Liv. 38, 49 f.; add 9, 8 f.; **28.** with quantum, according to, ea pro eo quantum in quoque sit ponderis esse aestimanda, Cic. fin. 4, 58; pro eo quanti te facio quidquid feceris approbabo, fam. 3, 3 f.; **29.** prout with the several meanings of pro, according as, argenti facti prout Thermitum hominis facultates ferebant satis, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 83; tuas litteras prout res postulat exspecto, Att. 11, 6 f. (according to circumstances); uaria diligentia prout enisique aut natura aut stadium ferebat, Caes. b. c. 3, 61 f.; coronam auream parui ponderis, prout res habet opulentiae erant (as was to be expected seeing that...), Liv. 3, 57, 7; prout tempus patiebatur instructa aedes, 9, 43, 12; add 38, 40, 14; prout cuique libido esset, Hor. s. 2, 6, 67; and Cels. 2, 14, p. 60, 9 Dar.; 5, 20, p. 177, 31; Plin. 5, 51; 10, 180; 31, 58 f.; Plin. ep. 6, 16, 6; 9, 33, 2; Tac. h. 2, 10, 2; 9, 8; an. 1, 28; Quint. 1, 7, 2; 7, 2, 57; **II 30.** pro in comp. of verbs, forward, as, progredior, porrigo, procedo, procuro; **31.** hence forth or out, prodeco, prosilio; **32.** to a distance, off, away, profugio, protereo, prohibeo, prosequor, accompany part of the way; **33.** publicity, before (the world) proficere, declare publicly, promulgare, promunio; **34.** met. progress, profit, proficere, prosum; **35.** in place of (another), proceuro; **36.** before, in time, proinde, rehearse, or open with a prelude; **37.** forward, of time, to a future date, postponement, prodico, name a future day, prodo, put off, profero, put off, prorogo, continue for a longer period (by enactment); **38.** down, prodigo, knock down, protero, trample down, prodo, hand down, propago, fasten down, procello, prociolo, proeumbo prociolo, proculco, prociolo, proclor, prorup, prosterne, promitto (sc. capillum barbam etc.), promo (nimium), propendo, prolouor; **39.** in comp. of adj. down, prociuius, down hill; **40.** negation, profundus, bottomless, profanus, not sacred, profane; **41.** pro in comp. of sb., deputy, as proconsul, propaetor, procurator; **42.** in names of ascent or descent, like our great, proauus, great-grandfather, pronepos, great-grandson, add proauita, proauia, proauunculus, proneptis, propatruus; **43.** add prorsum, downwards, prorsus, looking down, cf. supinus; **44.** perb. for por-os, and so a comp. of por; cf. *propos*.

**procul**, adv. [pūr-ōe-ñl, ult. from por prep., oc and ul dim. suff.]; prob. prociāle and that for prociul-is or is; cf. uigil, facul, semel] lit. from a short distance, Concedam a foribus huc; hinc speculabor procul, Pl. Most. 2, 1, 82; istine loquere siquid uis procul, Capt. 3, 4, 71; add Mil. 4, 3, 34; Curo. 1, 2, 16; Poen. 3, 2, 37; 3, 3, 69; Rud. 4, 3, 82; 4, 4, 104; True. 4, 1, 11; Vidistin ludos? Hinc auscultauit prociul, Afr. 265 R; Quem cum istos sermonem habneris prociul hinc stans accepi uxur, Ter. Heec. 4, 3, 1; non quiesuit prociul aliunde sed proximum, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 45; qui (sc. di) iam non prociul ut solebant sed hic

praesentes sua templa defendunt, **Cic. 2 f.**; senectus procul eas (sc. voluptates) spectans, **sen. 48**; procul quid narrarent attendere, **or. 2, 153**; add. **Plane, 29**; **Brut. 290**; pronuntiant iubet ut procul tela coniciant non propius accedant, **Caes. b. g. 5, 34, 3**; nullo in stationes quidem qui (qui om. **ms.**) procul iacularetur excurrere, **Liv. 37, 20, 3**; missilibus procul auxilia melius pugnabunt, **44, 25, 19**; myioctonon appellare mallent quoniam procul et e longinquo odore muris uceat, **Plin. 27, 10**;  
**2.** to a small distance (cf. peregr. § 4). Proin tu ab istoe, procul (monos.) apescedas, **Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 19**; ego huc procul recedam, **Mil. 2, 4, 4**; procul concessero, **Afr. 200 R**; Et procul in tenuem ex oculis euamuit auram, **Verg. 4, 28**; omnibus arbitris procul amotis, **Sal. Cat. 20, 1**; Vadē procul, **Orv. M. 4, 649**; ni procul abscedat..., **6, 302**;  
**3.** at short distance, in the distance, but still within sight. Set quid ego misera uideo procul in litore? **Pl. Rud. 2, 4, 29**; nissus sum turier Procul sedere longe a me Aesculapium, **Curc. 2, 2, 11**; add. **Capt. 1, 2, 8**; postero die procul a castris hostes in collibus constiterunt, **Caes. b. g. 5, 17, 1**; ubi turria procul constituta uiderunt, **2, 30, 3**; Est procul in pelago saxum spumantia contra Litorea, **Verg. 5, 124**; procul (corpus) ab eo loco infoderunt quo erat mortuus, **ps. Nep. Paus. 5, 5**;  
**4.** so far of distances rather short than long; but also gen. far off, without limit of distance. Multi suam rem bene gessere et publicam patria (a patria?) procul, **Enn. ap. Cic. 7, 6**; Delos tam procul a nobis in Aegaeo mari posita, **Cic. Manil. 55**; egi cum Bucoleio quod cuiusque particulae caeli officere, quamuis esset procul, maturi lumina (lights of a building) putabat, **or. 1, 179**; repente te quasi quidam aestus ingenii tui procul a terra abripuit, **3, 175**; procul o procul este profani, **Verg. 6, 258**;  
**5.** esp. with neg., cum seiret non procul a suis finibus exercitum populi Romani esse, **Cic. iam. 15, 2, 2**; hand procul oppido cōsedit, **Liv. 3, 22, 4**; pugnatum est hand procul radicibus Vesunii montis, **8, 8, 10**; in Macedonia non procul Euripidis poetae sepulchro, **Plin. 31, 28**;  
**6.** meto. Postremo quando ego conscia mihi sum a me culpam? hae procul, **Ter. Ad. 3, 2, 50**; Scias abesse ab Iustris ingenium procul, **Afr. 242 R**; animi adfectio... procul ab omni metu, **Cic. Tusc. 5, 41**; iam hand procul scitione res erat, **Liv. 6, 16, 6**; praua ambitione procul, **Hor. s. 1, 6, 52**; cum liber inuidia procul contentiōnis famam in tuto collocaret, **Quint. 12, 11, 7**; illud procul nero..., **est. Colum. pr. 33**;  
**7.** procul est ut credere possit..., **Luer. 4, 856**; Munro compares prope est ut..., **8.** with quin and subj., ut hand procul esset quin Remum agnosceret, **Liv. 1, 5, 6**; legatos hand procul afuit quin uiolarent, **5, 4 f.**; add. **9, 2, 3**; quis tam procul a litteris quin sic incipiat? **Quint. 7, 1, 46**; add. **Sil. 2, 335**;  
**9.** note that old writers to Cic. inclusive (Enn.) have abl. only with ab, **Liv. Hor.** and later a mere abl.; **10.** procul εγγυς καὶ μακρὰν καὶ πορρωτέρω, **Gloss. H. Stephan.**  
**11.** Serv. ad A. 3, 13 and 6, 10 treats procul as = porro ab oculis, prae oculis.

**prōd-iūs?** adv. comp. [prod] farther, primum uenit in urbem atque intra muros deinde accedit proditus atque introit domum, **Varr. ap. Non. 47** who adds = ulterius (so **Pohl** cf. **see F. R. in Rh. M. 23, 704**; **ass. interius**, longius); but produs is prob. an error of Nonius for propius, cf. **Bücheler Rh. M. 13, 597**.

**prōd-o**, cre, didi, ditus, vb. [do dare] put forth, send out, hold out, produce, Aut aliquo tempore partu quod proditum extra (so **ms.**, **edd. al.**), **Luer. 2, 933**; extra prodita corpus (sc. mens), **3, 603**; Medusae hysce retrosonas spualentia proditi orat, **Orv. M. 4, 656**; Quae tam festa dies ut cesseret prodere furum? **Claud. inn. 13, 23**; Eurus ab ocausu Zephyrus se prodit (comes fortis) ab Indis, **Ge. 58**; but in **Orv. M. 1, 656** Merkel has duces not produs; in **6, 80** edere; in **F. 5, 508** and **518** promit; in **Suet. Ner. 54** proditum is from prodire; **2.** esp. with exemplum etc., set a precedent or example, ne periculosam imitationem exempli reliquis in posterum prodideris, **Cic. Flac. 24**; in hoc ego reo ne quod perniciosum exemplum prodatur pertinecam? 25; prodendi exempli causa ne quid usquam

fidum proditori esset, **Liv. 1, 11, 7**; quum clarum exemplum I. Eggius, tam turpe Ceionius prodidit qui..., **Vell. 2, 119, 4**; id unum nefarie ab Opimio proditum quod..., **2, 6, 5**;  
**3.** put forth as an officer, nominate, appoint, eique quem patres produnt consulum rogandorum causa, **lex ap. Cic. leg. 3, 10**; **Lanuii** a dictatore Milone proditi flammem, **Cic. Mil. 46**; interregem, **Liv. 3, 40, 7**; **5, 31, 8**; **6, 41, 6**; dictatores proditi sunt, **Pomp. dig. 1, 2, 18**;  
**4.** put forth an edict etc., cum decretum proditur, **lex ueri rectique proditur**, **Cic. acad. pr. 27**;  
**5.** hence gen. of words put forth, publish, make generally known, assert as an historian, si... quae scriptores Graeciae prodiderunt eruere coner, **Cic. Tusc. 1, 29**; Proclius non idem prodidit quod **Verg.**, **Varr. 1, 5, 32, p. 148 Sp.**; haec prodente me, **Plin. 10, 124**;  
**6.** divulge a secret, it may be treacherously, betray, ab homine propter uim doloris enuntiant commissa, prodente consciis..., **Cic. Tusc. 2, 31**; tectusque recussat Prodere uoce sua quemquam, **Verg. 2, 127**; Heu quam difficile crimen non prodere ultui? **Orv. M. 2, 447**; Nil ego peccanti; tua te bona cognita produnt, **tr. 4, 4, 9**; ferunt (testudines) summa in aqua obdormiscere, id prodi stertentum sonitu, **Plin. 9, 36**; sed prodere maluit Arcanum, **Liv. 9, 115**;  
**7.** lay down, abandon, leave to (its) fate, sacrifice (for connection of ideas cf. desero, destitui, deficio), rem prodere summam, **Enn. an. 411 V**; Prius proditum te tuam nitam et prius Pecuniam omnem quam abs te amittas litum, **Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 70**; cho an non aletius? Prodenus quae potius? **Hec. 4, 4, 50**; intolerabili dolore lacerari quam aut officium prodatur aut fidem, **Cic. acad. pr. 23**; urbem philosophiae proditis dum castella defenditis, **Cic. dia. 2, 37**; Et comenae utrimque alarum proditur omne (of birds over the Avernus), **Lucr. 6, 835**; rem publicam proditi per metum ac deseri, **Liv. 2, 57, 4**; produntur ea omnia delecto exercitu, non seruatur, **9, 4, 12**; publica prodendo tua nequiquam seruas, **26, 36, 9**; unius ob iram Prodimur, **Verg. 1, 251**; add. **10, 503**;  
**8.** esp. with treachery, betray, and so as stronger than desero abandon, leave in the lurch, cum amici partem deseruerint me, partem etiam prodiderint, **Cic. Q. fr. 1, 3, 5**; ut me non modo desereret sed etiam hostibus reipublicae prodederet, **p. red. iii sen. 32**; cur causam populi Romani deseruisti ac prodidisti? **Verr. 2, 1, 84**; is me deseruit ac prodidit, **Flac. 81**; si **M. Brutum** deserueritis et prodideritis, **Phil. 10, 7**; caput et salutem meam, **Pis. 56**; patriam, **fin. 3, 32**; classem praedonibus, **Verr. 2, 5, 106**; queritur sese prodeum ac proditum a **Cn. Pompeio**, **Caes. b. c. 1, 30, 5**; hosti reipublicam, **Sal. lug. 31, 18**; deseriam ac proditum causam publicam, **Liv. 2, 54, 8**;  
**9.** put off, defer, postpone, Impetrabo tui aliquot saltem nuptias prodas dies, **Ter. Andr. 3 (2), 1, 13**; (cf. aliquos dies profer of v. 29); te diem prodidisse militibus, **Cato orat. 742 b 14 M**; possine elabi an prodenda dies sit, **Lucil. ap. Non. 363** (to future ages); **10.** hand down, continue, sed fore qui... genus alto a sanguine Teucri Proderet, **Verg. 4, 231**;  
**11.** esp. as a record for future time by writing or otherwise, hand down, haec de sapientissimis uiris monumenta nobis litterae prodiderunt, **Cic. Plane. 94**; qui auspacia nobis suis posteris prodiderunt, **Mil. 83**; ius imaginis ad memoriam posteritatemque prodendae (so **Gron.**, **ms. prodendam**), **Verr. 2, 5, 30**; eodem anno Alexandream in Aegypto proditum conditum, **Liv. 8, 24, 1**;  
**12.** esp. with memoriae or an abl. memoria marked \*; et quod proditum memoriae (so **ms.**, i.e. memoriae est or est), **Cic. rep. 2, 54**; quos natos in insula memoria\* proditum dicunt, **Caes. b. g. 5, 12, 1**; quos memoria\* proditum est..., **solitos**, **Val. M. 2, 6, 10**; huius bella gesta multi memoriae prodiderunt, **ps. Nep. Hann. 13, 3**; idem... memoriae prodidit, **Them. f.**

**proelium**, ii, n. [?] a battle, (C.) Sergius M. f. Vel. (i. e. Velina tr.) Mena, ( ... ) Sergius C. f. Vel. uon (= eum) Q. Caepione proelio est occisus, **CHL 582** (a. u. c. 664), Conuenit uicti utri sint eo proelio, Urbem agrum aras focios seque uiti dederunt, **Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 70**; add. **vv. 99 and 259**, and **2, 2, 112**; Eloquere eloquere res Argium proelio ut

se sustinet, Enn. tr. 23 V; proelium factum depugnatumque pro castris, Cato 21, 7 Iord.; cum Cronotinas maximo proelio denicissent, Cic. N. D. 2, 6; ita proelium restitutum est, Caes. b. g. 1, 53, 1; Naulis proeli spectaculum populo dedi trains Tiberium, inser. Aneyr. 4; M. Billucius M. f. Rom. Actiaens legione x proelio (non proelio) nautali in colonia deductus, inser. Or. Henzen 6959; proelio uno debellatum est, Liv. 2, 26 f.; 2. met., de rebus Veneris, S. Ergo ed-pol pulles, T. Saneius factus sum in Veneris proelio (so, not proelio, in ABCD), Pl. Pers. 1, 1, 24; add Claud. Fesc. 4, 28; Arnob. 3, 10; 3. with parasites, of eating and drinking, M. Ego istis mihi hodie adparari iussi apud te proelium (praelium B, prelium rel.). E. Hodie id fiet. M. In eo uterque proelio (pro illo xss) potabimus; Vter ille melior bellator erit inuentus cantharo Eum leges, Pl. Men. 1, 3, 3; Set metuo ne sero neminem depugnatum proelio, 5, 6, 31; Set quid cessamus proelium committere? Pers. 1, 3, 32; 4. a proelium, a general battle, contains many pugnae, hence not idly united in proelia pugnas edere, Lucr. 2, 118; 4, 1009.

**profectō**, adv. [pro factō] for a truth, indeed, assuredly, Nos profecto probe ut volumus iuximus, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 48; Ita profecto. Nunc profecto napula ob mendacium. Non edepol nolo profecto. At pol profecto ingratis: Hoc quidem profecto certum, non est arbitrarium, Amph. 1, 1, 216; Profecto sic est, Ter. Andr. 3, 3, 22; add Hec. 3, 3, 19; Ad. 1, 1, 3; non est ita indices, non est profecto, Cic. Flac. 53; nunc quidem profecto Romae est, Att. 6, 5, 1; Quod profecto cunctis sil., Varr. s. 175, 22 R; sed profecto fortuna in omni re dominatur, Sal. Cat. 8, 1; Quodsi Catilina superior discessisset, profecto magna elades republicam oppressisset, 30; 4; Nec quae quae darent motus pepigerit profecto, Lucr. 5, 421; ille profecto Reddere personae scit convenientia cuique, Hor. A. P. 315.

**profiteor**, (porfiteor?) prof. Pl. Enn., prof. Ter. Ov. etc.) ēri, fessus, vb. i. [fateor] declare publicly, give out to the world, profess, quando nil pudet Neque nisi tua voluntate ipse profiteri (porfiteri C) and atque ades, Pl. Men. 4, 2, 80; quod minus una ad prandium? Atque illi tacent. Quis ait 'hoc? Fiste profiteor?' inquam: quasi muti silent, Capt. 3, 1, 20; Te ipsum hoc oportet profiteri et proloqui Adursum illum mihi, Enn. tr. 293 l; quid confiteor atque ita libenter confiteor ut non solum fatetur sed etiam profiteri uideatur? Cic. Cacc. 24; fateor atque etiam profiteor et prae me fero., Rab. per. 17; cuius rei facultatem consequuntur esse me non profiteor, secutum esse prae me fero, N. D. 1, 12; profiteorur se nullum periculum censare, Caes. b. g. 7, 1, 2; add 7, 37, 6; quam profitebar amare, Ov. am. 1, 6, 33; 2. esp. w. refl. pron. give oneself out as, profess (to be), both w. esse, as: triduo me esse iuriconsultum profitebor, Cic. Mur. 28; me omnium provinciarum defensorem esse profitebor, Verr. 2, 3, 217; se Thucydides esse profiteur, orat. 30; add Rose. Am. 84; et me profiteor inimicum, Poll. ad Cie. fam. 10, 31, 3; 3. and without esse, grammaticum se professus, Cic. Tusc. 2, 12; legatum se senatus ac populi Romani professus est, Suet. Galb. 10; add Calig. 25; 4. absol. (of rhetoric) cum omnes qui profiteor audire, Plin. ep. 2, 18, 3; in Sicilia ubi nunc profiteor, 4, 11, 14; audistine, Valerium in Sicilia profiteor? 4, 11, 1; 5. w. abstract name of science professed, quid quia summi philosophi professi essent, CIL 1418, S.; philosophiam., quam qui profiteor, Cic. Pis. 71; in eo ipso esse profiteor scientiam, Tusc. 2, 12; grammaticen, Quint. 2, 1, 6; qui rationalem medicinam profiteorur, Cels. proem. 11 Dar.; medicinam, Suet. Caes. 42; rhetoricam professus, rhet. 3; lenocinium, Tib. 35; 6. w. other abstract sbs., publicly promise (to give), operam vestram, Cic. Rose. Am. 153; ego tibi profiteor atque polliceor eximium meum studium, fam. 5, S, 4; 7. in legal sphere, make a return of—(to the authorities), quem h(a)c l(e)ge ad eos. profiteor oportebit, scilicet quomodo cum profiteri oportebit Romae non erit, tum qui eius negotia curabit, is edem (=eadem) omnia...ad eos. profitemino, CIL 206, 1; and so repeatedly, ibid.; edixerat ut aratores iugera sationum sua-

rum profiterentur, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 38; aurum argentum ex praeda..., illi profitei apud decemvires iubet; and soon: ut quantum habeat praedae...profiteatur, agr. 2, 59; profiteri frumentum et vendere quod usui menstruo superset, Liv. 4, 12, 10; (as passive) greges omnium abigunt in Samnium aestivatum atque ad publicanum profiteorur, Varr. r. 2, 1, 16; si sexaginta diebus apud praetorem essent profiteorur, Cic. Arch. 7; B. p. nomen, or profiteor absol., give in one's name as a candidate to the authorities, prohibitus erat consulatum petere quod intra legitimis dies profiteor nequiverat, Sal. Cat. 18, 3; ut qui se tanto imperio dignos crederent, nomina profiteorur, Liv. 4, 18, 5; quaesturam petentis quos indices indicavit profiteor uenit, Vell. 2, 92, 3; and beyond the legal sphere, Si quisquam qui..., In his poeta hic nomen profiteorur suum, Ter. Eun. pr. 2; 9. hence professa of a meretrix (se. nomen suum aedilibus p.), Ov. F. 4, 866; cf. Tac. an. 2, 85; 10. p. indicium, offer to give evidence against one's accomplices, deprehensus...indicium profiteorur, Sal. Jug. 35, 6; summum supplicium decernebatur ni profiteorur indicium foret, Tac. an. 6, 9 (3) f.; add Curt. 8, 6, 23 (8, 23); Suet. Dom. 17; bell. Alex. 55, 3; 11. as pass. see Varr. in § 7; esp. in perf. part. professus, avowed, publicly declared, Solaque famosus culpa professa facit, Ov. am. 3, 14, 6; dies...quod Stellae Violantillaeque professus Clamaretur hynen, Stat. silv. 1, 2, 25; imitatio, Maer. s. 1, 24, 18; 12. but not pass. in professum duco, Iustin. 8, 4, 4; uersus simplicius professus, Apul. mag. 11 f.; 13. ex professo as adv. avowedly, confessedly, praes securitatis et in hoc est non ex professo cum petere, Sen. ep. 14, 8 f.; philosophiam ex professo ostentantibus, Quint. 11, 1, 33; 14. de professo same, Apul. mag. 2.

**profundus**, adj. [fundus bottom with pro for neg. as in profundus; cf. demens, amens] strictly bottomless, unfathomable—hence deep, illae undae conitiorum ut mare profundum et inmensum effluerent, Cic. Planc. 15; hancit humus multa, uasta et profunda, Sal. ap. Non. 318; Non qui profundum Danubium bibunt, Hor. od. 4, 15, 21; in profundae altitudinis conualles delapsa est, Liv. 38, 23, 7; 2. lying at a great depth, far below, quaecunq; Aecheunte profundo Prodit a sunt esse, Lucr. 3, 978; at illum Sub pedibus Styx atra nidet Manesque profundi, Verg. G. 1, 243; Erebi sedes Ditisque profundi Pallida regna, Lucan. 1, 455; 3. of height, unfathomable, boundless, caelus profundus, Enn. an. 474 V; caelumque profundum, Verg. G. 4, 222; profundi Quod caeli spectabo latus? Val. F. 7, 478; 4. of horizontal depth, siluaque profundas, Lucr. 5, 41; profundae silvae, Curt. 7, 29 (7), 4; 5. met., bottomless, insatiable, deep, profundum, ut eorum dinitas in profundissimum libidinum suarum gurgitem profundat, Cic. Sect. 93; cum partim eius praedae profundae libidines deuorasset, Plin. 48; auaritia, Sal. Jug. 81, 1; si libidinem et auaritiam solus ipse exercere satis haberet, unam, profundam quidem noraginem tamen experiremus, Liv. 29, 17, 13; immensumque ruit profundo Pindarus ore, Hor. od. 4, 2, 7; eupiditas, Vell. 2, 125, 1; animi uitia, Plin. 30, 14; gula, Suet. Vit. 7 and 13; uenter, Apul. M. 4, 22 f.; 7, 27; securitas, Gell. 1, 15, 2; amor, Apul. M. 2, 5; somnus, 2, 25 f.; merum, Val. F. 5, 593; add Stat. silv. 3, 3, 107; and Th. 5, 187 and 262; 6. profundum, i as sb. n. an abyss, a deep hole, a deep, si essent in profundo (sc. aquae), Cic. fin. 3, 48; Trebiam et Tusi post stagna profundi (of Thrasimene lake), Sil. 7, 378; uastique maris temptare profundum, Ov. hal. 84; 7. also absol. of the sea, chiefly in poets, the deep, profundo Vela dabit, Verg. 12, 263; factor in indomito brumali luce profundo, Ov. tr. 1, 11, 39; add M. 5, 439; 7, 65; 8, 592; 11, 197 and 202; Val. F. 1, 585; 2, 606; and even Colum. 8, 16, 9; 8. of the sky, alto caeli summo profundo, Manil. 5, 719;

9. met. an abyss, Profundum uendis ta quidem, hau fundum mihi, Pl. Capt. 1, 2, 79; miseriarum, Val. M. 2, 10, 6; cladum, 6, 9, 7; ininarum et turpiditatis, 9, 1 ext. 2; 10. esp. of what is buried, hidden, unknown, naturam accusa quae in profundo (in a well) ueritate abstruserit, Cic. acad. pr. 52; haec res legatae quae in pro-

fundo esse dicuntur, quandoque apparuerint praestantur, Maecian. dig. 32, 15.

**prō-misc-am**, adv. [see promiscus] mixed together, in common, Nunc ego Simonem mi obuiam ueniat uelim Vt mea lacticia laetus promiscam (so Camer. c), B promiscam siet, Pl. Ps. 4, 5, 11; promiscam dicebant pro promiscue, Paul. ex F. 224, 7.

**promiscus**, see promiscus.

**promiscus** in Macr. somn. 1, 6, 24; Jan with best mss has permisceri.

**promiscus**, see promiscus § 6.

**promiscus**, (-eus) adj. [misc of misceo, but what is pro here?] in common, mixed, promiscuous, quando operam promiscam datus, Pl. Rud. 4, 4, 138, unless prom. be here the adv.; diuina atque humana promiscua, nihil pensi habere, Sal. Cat. 12, 2; plus ibi sanguinis promiscua (so Madv.) omnium generum caede factum, Liv. 2, 30, f.; promiscus (so M) usu rerum omnium in propatulo posito, 5, 13, 7; conubia promiscua habere, 4, 2, 6; consulum promiscuum patribus ac plebi facere, 7, 21, 1; publice armis multati priuatis et promiscis copias inuere militem, Tac. h. 1, 66; exsequiis (illustres uiri) a promiscis sepultura separantur, an. 16, 16; lata lex qua flaminia Dialis sacrorum causa... cetera promiscus feminarum iure ageret, 4, 16; haud promiscus, 14, 14; a varia promiscuaque cogitatione, Gell. 11, 16, 8; 2. ordinary, common, in usu promiscuo, Plin. 14, 2; 21, 7; numerus argenteorum facilius usui est promiscus ac uilia mercantibus, Tac. G. 5 f.; opinionationis tam promiscus, Gell. 16, 13, 4; 3. with inf., muta ista et inanima interdicere ac reparari promiscus sunt, have nothing but what is ordinary in falling into ruin and when repaired, Tac. h. 1, 84; 4. in gramm. p. nomeu, m. or f., epice, Quint. 1, 4, 24; 5. in promiscuo, as an adv. in common, promiscuously, adeo in promiscuo licentiam esse uoluerunt, Liv. 29, 17, 14; habere in promiscuo pecuniam, 40, 51, 7; add 34, 44, 5; nec arma in promiscuo (so Halm), Tac. G. 44; 11, 6. promiscus (-que, -eue), in common, promiscuously, promiscue toto (Campo Martio) quam proprie parua fui parte malitis, Cic. agr. 2, 85; unum est animum indicium, promiscus (so Halm with mss V S) et communiter stultis ac sapientibus datum, Front. 22 (13); ex quo promiscue haurent, or. 3, 72; Vnam uirtutem propriam mortalibus fecit, Cetera promiscue uoluit communia habere, Varr. s. 112, 3 R; omnes pueros promiscus (so W. Wagner with mss P) interficit, Sal. Jug. 26, 3; promiscus (so W. W. with V) diues et pauper, cp. ad Caes. 7 f.; promiscus (so Madv.) urbis edificari coepit, Liv. 5, 55, 3; promiscue maribus ac feminis, Plin. 11, 130; promiscue spectare, Suet. Aug. 44; Cl. 21; Dom. 8; promiscus largita est, Gell. 2, 24, 7.

**promiscus**, see promiscus.

**prōteruōs**, (us) adj. [prōt.\* Plaut. Ter. and prob. Enn.; prōt.\* Hor. Ov. etc. prōtero; for suffix cf. conspiciens] trampling down (all that crosses one's path)—hence, rushing headlong (at one's object), reckless, passionate, ungovernable, unsparring, proterus est qui dum alius obuius est, proterit, quod faciunt et tauri in appetitu coitus, Donat. ad Ter. Hec. 3, 5, 53; Petulans proterus iracundus animo indomito incoegitatio, Pl. Bac. 4, 3, 1; flexi fractique motus quales proterorum hominum aut mollium esse solent, Cic. fin. 5, 35; si proterua (mulier) petulantur nueret, Cael. 38 f.; p. uenti, Hor. od. 1, 26, 2; Africus, epod. 16, 23; Eurys, Ov. her. 11, 14; manus, M. 5, 670; Mart. 11, 54, 5; 2. of speech, lingua, Ov. lib. 520; uerba, tr. 5, 6, 26; Et multo saepe tamen proteruof, Mart. 10, 9, 21; 3. esp. of ungovernable lust, mad with love, rampant, see Cic. above, iam proterua Fronte petet Lalage maritum, Hor. od. 2, 5, 15 (cf. Donat. above); Parcus iunctas quantulum fenestras lactibus (so Haupt, Herm. 4, 145; al. ictibus) crebris iuuenes proteruit, 1, 25; 2; rixae cupulos proteruat, 3, 14, 26; Me satyrii celeses... Quasierrant rapido, turba proteruat, pede, Ov. her. 5, 136; Cum modo me spectas oculis lasciuie proteruist, 10 (17), 77; Musa, Ov. r. a. 362; furor, Sen. Phaedr. 273; meretrix proter-

nior, Inst. 30, 2; 4. as a cognomen, Cornelia O. I. Proterua, inscr. Fabr. 408, 333; 5. adv. proterue, recklessly, quae non deliquit deest Andacem esse, confiderit pro se et proterue loqui, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 206; Quis illic est qui tam proterue in nostras aedes arietat? Truc. 2, 2, 1; add Rud. 2, 4, 1; Ecce autem tu quoque proterue iracundus es, Ter. Hec. 3, 5, 53; add Haut. 4, 4, 1; Multa miscr timeo qua feris multa proterue, Ov. am. 1, 4, 45; proteruinus, a. a. 1, 599; proteruissime, Aug. cin. D. 5, 22; 6. adv. proteruiter, Quis est qui nostris foribus tam proteruiter...? Enn. com. 4 V.

**psōdādicus**, [ψωδαικος] adj. suffering from lumbago, Cael. Aur. tard. 5, 1.

**psōdāe**, f. pl. [ψωα] muscles of the loin, ib.

**psōdicus**, [psōa] = psōadicus, sine quis arthriticus sit sine psōicus (so Haupt c), mss psōicus), frag. Vat. 129.

**purgo**, (older purigo; see §§ 7, 8) āre, vb. [implies a noun purex igit a cleaner, from purus and eg a suff. = our ock] act as a cleaner, clean, clear, cleanse, firstly w. acc. of thing cleansed of dirt etc., si inquinata crit (olea) lauto, a foliis et stercore purgato, Cato r. 65; piscis ceteros purga Dromo, Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 22; immissi cum falcibus purgantur et aperuerunt locum, Cic. Tus. 5, 65; ut facile purigare possit cubile, Varr. r. 2, 4, 14; haras, 2, 4, 15; cultello ungues, Hor. ep. 1, 7, 51; fossas, Plin. 18, 236; segetes, ib. 241; uiperam, 29, 70; prunum, 13, 64—stone it; muribus purga domum, Phaedr. 1, 23 (22), 3; Purgentiae saenae cana labra uolsellae, Mart. 9, 27, 5; falam—amygdalas—nucleos pineos, ed. Diocl. 15—17, i. e. ped; pira granis, Pall. 3, 25, 9; aluearia sordibus, 5, 9, 7; 2. esp. p. uiam etc., clear the ground, quominus trui(ei) uicis in urbem purgandis nui(ei) uicis extra urbem purgandis, uias publicas purgandas curent h(ac) h(ee) n(hil) rogatur, CIL 206, 50; purgari (uiam) proprie dicitur ad liberamentum proprium redigere, sublatō e quod super eam esset, Ulp. dig. 43, 11, 1, 1; 3. met., educ tecum omnes tuos, purga urbem, Cic. Cat. 1, 10; tu... forum purges, Sert. 78; add Suet. Cal. 29; Vesp. 9; 4. w. acc. of dirt etc. removed, purgare ligonibus herbas (so Merkel, but? al. arua), Ov. Pont. 1, 8, 59; rudera, Suet. Vesp. 8; uermes, Pall. 4, 10, 4; lapides, 3, 6; sordes, Claud. in Eutr. 1, 383; see also passages marked \*; 5. in med., clear (of noxious humours etc.), purify, including both vomiting† and purging, ubi lubido uenit nascere... purget† sese, Cato r. 156, 4; haec (brassica) ulcera\* purgabit, 107, 3; canceres\* morbum articularium\*, 107, 7; qui hac purgatione purgandus erit, 107, 13; pedices lauri folio annuum fastidium\* purgant, Plin. 8, 101; corpora, 19, 43; pituitas\*, 20, 188; uolnera, 21, 129; purgat per interna, 25, 51; bibunt eum ut purget uomitione† et alio soluta, 26, 64; 6. met.

of expiations, purify, expiate, Luce lalis populus purget ut ille cinis, Ov. F. 4, 640; add M. 13, 952; Di patrii purgamus agros, purgamus agrestes, Tib. 2, 1, 17; hac (se. uerbenaca) domus purgantur, Plin. 25, 105; crimen purgantur gladio, Lucan. 8, 518; add 1, 593; 7, 777; Plin. 15, 119; 7. clear of a charge, w. acc. of person, quibus de rebus uos purgauiatis, CIL 201, 3; add 12 and 14; Et id huc renorti ut purgarem me (so cj. Ritschl; me purgarem mss) tibi, Pl. Amph. 3, 2, 28; Nec quibus modis me mīae uxori purigem (so R. cj. scio, Cas. 5, 3; 5 (order of words by T H K); nullus tam parui pretii, Quom (Bothe, mss quin) pudeat quin puriget se (so R. cj.; mss purget sese), Aul. 4, 10, 61; purgon ego me de istae Thaidi? Ter. Eun. 3, 1, 44; add Hec. 5, 4, 31; Ad. 2, 1, 8; 4, 3, 17; purgat Caesarem de interitu Marcelli, Cic. Att. 13, 10, 3; quod te mihi de Senipronio purgas, accipio excusationem, fam. 12, 25, 3; add Att. 3, 15, 2; fam. 3, 10, 6; 7, 27, 2; se, Tac. an. 4, 42; 8. w. acc. of charge or deed, prove groundless, disprove, defend, or at least make excuse for, palliare, apologize† for, Verum eadem si isdem (nom.) purigas (so R; mss purigas mihi), patiunda sunt, Pl. Amph. 3, 2, 64; Non mihi omnes placent qui quando male fecerunt, purigant (so R; mss purigant), Aul. 4, 10, 27; L. Nihil hercle istius quicquamst. D. Numero purigas

(so R. *ms* purgas), *Mer.* 4, 4, 5; Aut ea refellendo aut purgando t nobis corrigemus, *Ter. Hee* 2, 2, 12; orat confitetur purgati, *Ph.* 5, 9, 46; quantum defensor purgandis criminibus consequi et dicendo probare potuerit, *Cic. Clu.* 3; accedebat blanditiae nrorum factum purgantium et cupiditate atque amore, *Liv.* 1, 9, 16; neque eo negligitius ea quae ipsis obicerant purgabatur, *S.* 23, 4; add 27, 20, 12; innocentiam suam, 9, 26, 17; erimen, 38, 48, 131; w. acc. and inf., defend (themselves) by saying, qui pararent nec accitis ab eo Bastarnas nec auctore eo quicquam facere, *Liv.* 41, 19, 5; 10. w. gen., quibus purgantibus civitatem omnis facti dictique hostilis aduersus Romanos, *Liv.* 37, 28, 1; Et miror morbi purgatum te illius, *Hor. s.* 2, 3, 27; 11. purgor as vb. r. (= purgo mihi) w. acc.,

Qui purgor bilem sub uerni temporis horam, *Hor. A. P.* 302; 12. the form purigo often supplanted by a superius freq. purgito, condemned by Ritschl, *op.* 2, 430; cf. expurgo, perpurigo, iurigo, obiurigo.

**Puteoli**, ōrum, m. dim. pl. [putens] lit. the little wells—hence the town so called, now l'ozzuolo, from its hot-springs: a puteis oppidum ut Puteoli, *Varr.* 1. 5, 5 (12); add 9, 41; adsunt Puteoli toti, *Cic. Verr.* 2, 5, 154; add *Vat.* 12; *acud.* pr. 80 and 125; *fin.* 2, 84; *Att.* 1, 13, 5; *Sen.* ep. 77, 1; 2. in *Gk. Ἱστῶλαι*, *Strab.* 17 p. 793; also *Ἱστῶλαι*, *IG* 5853, 26; and so Puteolis with an apex, 1 *Kn* 2532 (see *Rhein. Mus.* 14, 636); hence now l'ozzuolo,

Q.

**quā**, (abl. f. of qui, sc. uia) firstly as rel., along which or what road or line, in what direction, where (so limited), at times w. some noun as antecedent, uestigium hic requiro *Qua* aufugit quaedam, *Pl. Cist.* 4, 2, 59; o quanti ille agros emit qua aqum duceret, *Cato ap. Char.* 192 P, 216 K; terminos restituendos ex s. c. coaruit qua...muri(i) staterunt, *CIL* 583, 6; omnes introitus qua adiri poterat in eum fundum, *Cic. Caec.* 21; spatium pedum sescentorum qua flumen intermittit, *Caes. b. g.* 1, 38, 5; montem occupat qua Metellus descenderat, *Sal. Iug.* 50, 3; ad omnes aditus qua signa ferri uidebat, *Liv.* 5, 43, 2; add 1, 44, 4; Spiramenta nouas ueniat qua suus in herbas, *Verg. G.* 1, 90; 2. the word uia itself is often expressed, Date uiam qua fugere liceat, *Pl. Aul.* 3, 1, 2; add *Poen.* 3, 3, 14; relinquebatur una uia qua..., *Caes. b. g.* 1, 9, 1; eadem qua te insinuaueris uia repetenda (est), *Liv.* 9, 2, 8; 3. without an expressed antec., qua molissimum est adorinur, *Cato ap. Serv. A.* 4, 293; in uia(m) poplicam Campanam qua proximum est, *CIL* 1291; uadis Rodani qua minima altitudo fluminis erat, *Caes. b. g.* 1, 8, 4; add 1, 10, 3 etc.; *Liv.* 40, 58, 8; *Verg. B.* 9, 7; *G.* 1, 33 etc.; 4. of the space limited, within what limits, qua ager priuatus castelli Vitiurum est..., is ager uectigal nei siet, *CIL* 199, 6; *Qua*(que) propter Haunibalis copias conserat, *Enn. ap. Gell.* 4, 7, 5; regna mihi liquit Peiops Qua ponto ab Helles atque ab Ionio mari Vrgetur Isthmos, *poet. ap. Sen.* ep. 50, 7; qua terra patet, fere regnat Erinyes, *Or. M.* 1, 241; add 14, 361; litus publicum est catenus qua maxime fluctus exaestuat, *Iuul.* 50, 16, 112; omnia, qua uisus erat, constrata telis, *Sal. Iug.* 101 f.; 5. as interr. first ind., along which or what road, which way, Scio qua me ire oportet, *Pl. Most.* 4, 2, 53; qua aut quo nihil scimus, *Cic. Att.* 8, 3, 5; qua digitum proferat, non habet, *Caec.* 71; in templum nescio qua ascendit, *Phil.* 3, 20; ea modo qua irent consulti fuit, *Liv.* 9, 2, 5; partis rimatur apertas Qua uolens letale ferat, *Verg. 11*, 749; 6. as dir. interr., quo aut qua eamus? *Liv.* 9, 3, 3; 7. met., in what way, where, how, Quid fieret, qua fieret? *Ter. Ad.* 4, 5, 56; Antonium...delectus qua possit habiturum, *Cic. Phil.* 6, 5; statui non ultra attingere externa nisi qua Romanis cohaerent rebus, *Liv.* 39, 48, 6; coeant in foedera dextrae Qua licet, *Or. Pont.* 2, 4 f.; scilicet qua cogere posses, *P. 4*, 527; 8. esp. in the sense, so far as, aerem (Aegypti) marem iudicant qua uentus est, feminam qua nubilosus, *Sen. N. Q.* 3, 12, 2; ignem uocant nasculum qua ardet flamma, feminam qua lucet, ib.; aut adumere in causam naturas eorum qua competent, aut mitigare qua repugnabunt, *Quint.* 4, 1, 17; et qua heres est et qua...possidet ex substitutione hereditatem, *Cels.* 29, 4,

25; 9. indef., as after si, ne, num, by any way, road, channel, by some way, Nisi si qua Vixes interuasit Lartius, *poet. ap. Quint.* 6, 3, 96; Asside si qua uentura est alia strenua strenue, *Pomp. ap. Non.* 17, 1; fieri potis est ut ne qua exeat, *Ter. Ad.* 4, 4, 18; 10. as demonstr. (at least in imagination), repeated, on this side...on that..., here... there..., at one time...at another..., alike...and..., leges mori seruiunt, Mores autem rapere properant qua sacrum qua publicum, *Pl. Trin.* 4, 3, 37; gladiatoribus qua dominus qua aduocati sibilis conscissi, *Cic. Att.* 2, 19, 3; quam expedita tua consilia qua itineris qua navigationis qua congressus...cum Caesare, 9, 12, 1; add 15, 18, 2; *Q. fr.* 3, 1, 5; usi sunt qua snis quisque qua totius ordinis uiribus, *Liv.* 2, 35, 4; add 2, 45, 3; 10, 38, 1; ex superiore basilicae parte qua feminae qua uiri...iunuebant, *Plin.* ep. 6, 33, 4; add *pan.* 33, 1.

**quā-cumquē**, adv. (abl. f. of quicumque, sc. uia), by whatever road, along whatever line, whatever way, quacumque iter fecit, *Cic. Verr.* 2, 1, 44; q. uelint...uagari ut liceat conceditur, *agr.* 2, 34; q. ingrediuntur in aliqua historia uestigium ponimus, *fin.* 5, 5; add *Att.* 14, 17, 6; q. custodiant plebis homines, ea patere adiutur, *Liv.* 24, 2, 10; Romani omnia haec maria duobus nominibus appellant, Macedoniam q. Macedoniam aut Thraciam attingit, Graeciense qua Graeciam adluit, *Plin.* 4, 51; add 17, 90; 2. qua w. cumque apart, Qua se cumque furens medio tulit agmine nirgo, *Hae Arruns* subit, *Verg.* 11, 762; 3. within whatever limits, wherever, Nam quacumque uacat spatium, quod inane uocamus, Corpus ea non est, *Lucr.* 1, 507; 4. and so w. verbs of seeing, where it seems = undecumque, conexus (mundus) mediusque q. cornatur, *Phn.* 2, 5; Minerua spectantem spectans quacumque aspiceretur, 35, 120.

**quādam-tēnus**, (-n-tenus) adv. up to a certain line, to some extent, in some degree, somewhat, Est quādam prodire tēnus, si non datur ultra, *Hor. ep.* 1, 1, 32; wh. note the tmesis; q. rubens, *Plin.* 24, 124; add 37, 2; but in 15, 110 the best *ms* have quidam tenuis; add *Gell.* 17, 21, 1 f.

**quādrāgiens**, (-iēs) adv. forty times, ciuium Romanorum censa sunt quadragiens centum millia et sexaginta tria millia, *mon. Ancyr.* 2, 4; add 7 and 10; quadrages quater accusatus, *Anr. V.* 47; 2. ellipt., sestertium ter et q. erogabamus, *Cic. Flac.* 30, 430000 sesterties, ducenties q. litum aestimatum, *Liv.* 38, 55, 9.

**quādr-āgintā**, (quatr-) num. adj. [implies a lost quadr-agin- dim. of quattuor = *Fr.* quatrain; ta = ten] forty, Quid rere igitur? Quot minis? Totis quadrāgintā minis, *Pl. Euid.*

1, 1, 50; add 1, 2, 11 etc.; triginta iugera prati quadriga<sup>9</sup> anni, Catul. 115, 2; annos natus maior quadrigata, Cic. Rose, Am. 39; Quadrigata (written xxx) annos nata necis potior, CIL 1011 b 14; 2. for short qty. of the first a cf. quadrantal quadrigae.

**quadrī-bācium**, ii, n. an ornament of four berries, in collo quadrabacium margaritis n. xxxvi, smaragdīs n. xviii, CIL 2, 3386.

**quadrī-fāriam**, adv. [cf. bifariam, vsp. for qty.] in four parts or divisions, ea q. disperserint, Varr. ap. Non. 92, 11; q. se diuiserunt, Liv. 58, 1, 7; add Suet. Vit. 13.

**quadrī-finiūs**, adj. [quattuor, finis] having four boundaries, i.e. bordering on four other properties, terminus, grom. p. 250, 27 Lachm.; 343, 28 etc.; 2. as sb. n. quadrifinium a place so bounded, id. 10, 3; 110, 12 etc.; add Isid. 15, 14.

**quadrīgae**, ārum, adj. f. pl. as sb. [for quadringae, se. equae asinae etc.; cf. bigae] four mares etc. yoked or for yoking (abreast), Cum quadrigist Sol exoriens, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 266; et quadrigas qui uehar, St. 2, 1, 19; Men. 5, 5, 36; Poon. 1, 2, 156; Aul. 4, 1, 14; curru quadrigarum ueli, Cic. din. 2, 144; duabus admotis quadrigis in curru carum distentum illigat Metellum, Liv. 1, 28, 10; Glanci Potentibus malis membra absumpsere quadrigae, Verg. 4, 3, 268; Vt cum carceribus sese effundere quadrigae\*, 1, 512; sacerum certaminum studiosi perniciissimarum quadrigarum\* semina diligenti obseruatione custodim, Colum. 3, 9, 5; 2. so far of horses only, but also of other animals, ut mea memoria asinus uenerit fās milibus ix et unae quadrigae constiterit quadringis milibus, Varr. r. 2, 1, 14; camelorum\*, Suet. Ner. 11; 3. a chariot drawn by four, quadrigas\* si unne iuscenda Ionis, Atque hinc fugias, ita uix poteris cefugere infortunium, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 294; quadrigis uentem, Cic. Brut. 331; 4. often in reference to races in the Circus, cf. \* above; add uce enim in quadrigis secundum numerauerim aut tertium qui uix e carceribus exierit, Cic. Brut. 173; and Liv. 49, 4, 4; Suet. Caes. 39; Claud. 21; Dom. 4; 5. attributed to Gods, cf. \* above; add: roseis Aurora quadrigis, Verg. 6, 535; Iam Nox aetherium nigris emensa quadrigis Mundum, Tib. 3, 4, 17; 6. a favourite simile for speed, Nam si(n) (so TLL c.), mss si) lūic occasione sese subterdixerit, Numquam depol quadrigis albis indispicet postea, Pl. As. 2, 2, 13; cursu corripam tarditatem, cum equis, tum uero...quadrigis poeticis, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 15, 2; add \* above; 7. gen. of any batch of four, initiorum quadrigae, loens et corpus (et) tempus et actio, Varr. l. 5, p. 23 Sp.; ut quadrigae tyrannorum bobo principi misceretur, Vop. Pro. 24, 8; 8. met. intrinsece effunde quadrigas, Enn. an. ap. Serv. A. 12, 499; 9. quadriga in sing. both of a chariot drawn by four horses, uolucris currit aue quadriga, Pacuv. ap. Isid. diff. 47; inuenimus quadrigam numero singularem dietam in libro saturarum Varrouis, says Gell. 19, 8, 17—though condemned by Caes., cf. Gell. 19, 8, 4; Amphitruae haud prout fata quadrigae, Prop. 2, 34, 39; Eluae...palma quadrigae, 3, 9, 17; quadrigam ex (ebore), Plin. 7, 85; Thessalium q. decens, Grat. cyn. 228; add Val. M. 1, 8, ext. 9; Ulp. dig. 45, 29 f.; 10. and of the four horses alone, Vulpatis assidue ueneti q. flagello, Mart. 6, 40, 1; quadriga curruque ex uno lapide, Plin. 36, 36; cum tres equos haberes et ego nummi, societatem cominus ut accepto equo meo quadrigam uenderes, Ulp. dig. 17, 2, 58; but in Gai. inst. 3, 212 Lachm. w. best as has now: si ex quadrigis (not quadriga) equorum unum occiderit; 11. see Key's Essays ix.

**quadrīgēni**, (quadrīg.) ōrum, num. pl. distr. [for -genti fin. quadrigeni] 400 each, quadrigenis milibus aduersarii (astri) uenerunt, Varr. r. 2, 8, 3; denarios nummos quadrigenos (so some of the best mss), Liv. 8, 11, 16; quadrigenis milibus nummum, Suet. Vit. 13; in Liv. 45, 16, 3 and Plin. 8, 170 reading dub.

**quadrī-īmus**, adj. [hiem- winter] of four winters—hence four years old, Puerum quadringum quem mihi seruos surpuit, Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 114; add 4, 2, 96; 5, 4, 14; de quadrimo Catone, Cic. Fam. 16, 22, 1; bones, Varr. r. 1, 20, 1; uitis, Colum. 4, 16, 1; infantem quadrimo parem, Liv. 27, 37, 5; merum, Hor. od. 1, 9, 7.

**quadrīgēn-ārius**, adj. [quadrigeni] containing 400, cohorte, Cic. Att. 6, 1, 14; Liv. 7, 7, 4; 2. q. iudex, as having an income of 400,000 HS, inser. Mar. 104S, 4; Grut. 431, 7.

**quadrīgēntēni**? num. distr. 400 each, a dub. reading in Plin. 8, 170 and Vitr. 10, 14, 4, p. 264 wh. Rose has cccc.

**quadrīgēntēsimus**, adj. num. ord. four-hundred-th, annum, Liv. 5, 45, 4; anno, Plin. 8, 16.

**quadrīn-genti**, (in old l. quadrīgēni) adj. num. card., four-hundred, Qui misere male mulcaberis (mulcaberis, mss) quadringenis (pron. earg.) Philippis (pron. Phil'pis) aureis, Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 10; Quadringentos filios habet aue omnis lectos sine probro, ib. 50; add 5, 2, 64; Quadringentos, Tramas iudicas. Quingentos, Cassam glandem, Rud. 5, 2 (3), 37—in Bac. 5, 2, 64 C has quadringentis; all the rest in all other places have the form w. n. agst metre; annos quadringentos, Cic. Pis. 10; add rep. 1, 58; sed quinque tabernae Quadringenta parant, Iuv. 1, 106; denticuli quadringenti, Vitr. 10, 14, 2.

**quadrīgēntiss**, (iēni) num. adv. four hundred times, C. Verrem fās quadringentis contra leges abstulisse (sc. centena milia), Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 27.

**quadrīni**, num. pl. distr. four each = quaterni, Sicut...a quattuor quadringi (so mss Flor. Har. not quaterni), sic a duobus duini non bini diceretur, Varr. l. 8, 55; triuis aut quadringis diebus—every three or four days—Plin. 11, 120; add 7, 169; carlines, Arnob. 6, 5; salamina quae sunt una commixtio quadringis copulata de frugibus, 7, 24; 2. so w. plurals of singular power, as mola, a mill, Nam plus quæsti facerem quam quadringis si habere molas, Pomp. ap. Non. 483, 27.

**quadrūpēdāns**, ntis, part. [implies a vb. quadrupedo or -or] galloping, Qui aduehatur quadrupēdanti (pron. carp.) cruciati cantero, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 34; equo iuxta quadrupēdante, Plin. 8, 182; 2. in poet. as sb. a galloper, Quadrupēdante patrem sonitu quatit ungula campum, Verg. 8, 596; add 11, 614; cf. quadrupēdus.

**quadrūpēdātīm**, quoted as adv. fm. quadrupes, Charis. 163 P, 183, 11 K.

**quadrūpēdātīm**? see quadrupes § 5.

**quadrūpēdus**, (quadrūp.) adj. galloping, met. sententia eius uideo iniquam quadrupedo coucto cursu tenere, Fronto de orat. p. 156 ed. Nab.; 2. as adv. cursu understood, aue pernicitas equorum exerceat sine quadrupedo currant... seu totum, id. ad Caes. p. 22; 3. fourfooted, quadrupedo gradu repentes—on all fours—Amn. 14, 2, 2.

**quadrūpēs**, (-ip-) ēdis, adj., four-footed, Denique ui magna quadrupes eus (al. eques) atque elephantus Prociunt sese, Enn. ap. Gell. 18, 5, 4; Macr. s. 6, 10; crocodilum habet Nilus, quadrupes\* malum, Plin. 8, 89; uolucres quadrupes\*, 11, 120; 2. of man on all fours, as a quadruped, multos honesti ordinis...bestiarum more quadrupedes cauea coeruit, Suet. Cal. 27; (Nero) quadrupes per angustias efflosse cauearum receptus...decebit, Ner. 48.

**quadrūpēs** constringit, Ter. Andr. 5, 2, 24—hands and feet together, as calves so sent to market; II 4. as sb. m. f. n., a quadruped or four-footed animal, Nam iam calcari quadrupedem (pron. carp.) agitato aduorsum cliuonem, Pl. As. 3, 3, 118; si bonum aut aliam quamuis quadrupedem serpens momoderit, Cato r. 102; add Varr. r. 1, 20, 1; quadrupedum\* (al. quadrūp.) uentones, Cic. N. D. 2, 151; ut nihil inter te atque inter quadrupedem\* (al. quadrūp.) aliquam putes interesse, par. 1, 14; nulla nec amicum Libanum quadrupes nec... Verg. B. 5, 25; Saucius aut quadrupes (sc. ceruus) 7, 500; quadrupedemque citum, 11, 714; add Colum. 6 pr. 6; 5. quadrupedia as n. pl., maiora quadrupedia, Colum. 11, 2, 14; pecus lauatum ceteraque quadrupedia, 11, 2, 33; add Pall. Mart. 13f.;



plurima obrucit quadrupedia, *Inl.* Val. r. g. Alex. 3, 36 f. ed. Mai; but these poss. from a sb. quadrupedium; 6. for form quadripes, see Hildebrand *Apul.* p. 522.

**quadruplātor**, (older -pulator, later quadripl.) *Grīs*, m. [quadruplōr], one who lives by prosecuting actions quadriplī, i.e. where the law grants four-fold damages, like an E. attorney conducting a speculative case, w. a view to the costs, and so gen. a pettyfogger. Vbi quadruplātorū quēmpiam (so *ssm.* edd. quōipiam) iniecit manum, Tandem ille illi rursus iniecit manum, *Pl. Pers.* 1, 2, 18; nisi forte existimatis ei quadruplatores ad fretum praesto fuisse, *Cic. Verr.* 2, 2, 21; homo omnium ex illo commentu quadruplatores deterruisti, *ib.* 22; populum Romanum quadruplatores et interceptoris litis alienae personam laturum, *Liv.* 3, 72, 4; quid multis? Vt cum quadruplatores auferant..., *Apul. apol.* 89; quadruplatores dicebantur qui eo quaestio se tenebant ut eas res persequerentur quarum ex legibus quadrupli erat actio, *Paul.* ex F. 259 M; quadruplatores sunt accusatores criminum publicorum sub poena quadriplī, siue quod..., *Asc. Verr.* 2, 2, 21 above; 2. met. male istis... beneficiorum suorum quadruplatoribus, *Sen. ben.* 7, 25, 1; **quadrū-plex**, *icis*, *adj.* [plex, v. simplex] four-fold, Quam ego pecuniam iam (eam) T H K cī, *ssm.* om.) quadruplicem (pron. carp.) aps te et lenone auferam, *Pl. Curc.* 5, 2, 21; quadruplices stellae, *Cic. arat.* 93; onerariarum quadruplicem ordinem pro muro... opposuit, *Liv.* 30, 10, 5; differētia, *Plin.* 15, 85; radice quadruplici, 27, 60; Syracusas, *Auson.* urb. 11, 1.

**quadruplicatio** *ō*, *Grīs*, f. a fifth stage in a legal argument, viz. actio, exceptio, replicatio, triplicatio, et contra triplicationem rursus quadruplicatio, *Ulp. dig.* 44, 1, 2, 3; but Mommsen omits quadruplicatio.

**quadruplicatō**, *adv.* four times as much, *Plin.* 2, 76; 2. at four times as much, emptis q. uincis, 14, 51.

**quadruplico**, *āre*, *vb.* (quadruplex) make four times as great, (Mercurius) me... Iuuit litorisque quadruplicauit (pron. carp.) rem meam, *Pl. St.* 3, 1, 4.

**quadrūplo**, (older -pulo) *āre*, *vb.* (quadruplex) same, si quis non restituit, aut quadruplum in eum iudicium pollicetur, quadruplābitur autem omne quodcumque restitui oportuit, *Ulp. dig.* 4, 2, 14, 1; add *ib.* 14; *Paul.* 38, 10, 10, 18, p. 361, l. 35 Mommsen; 2. as vb. r. quadruplōr, play the part of a quadruplator, wh. see, Neque quadruplari + me nolo, neque enim deest, *Pl. Pers.* 1, 2, 10.

**quadrū-plus**, (older -pulus) *adj.* [pul = mnl of multus, πολ of πολυς] four times as much, quadrupled, strenam, *Suet. Tib.* 34 f.; cum quadruplis fructibus, *dig.* de I. F., § 20; 2. as sb. n. quadruplum, cornici noem nostras attribuit aetates, quadruplum eius ceruus, *Plin.* 7, 153; quadruplo maior, 11, 203; 3. esp. in legal l. of fourfold damages, Post id ego te manum iniciam quadruplū (pron. carp.), benefica, *Pl. Truc.* 4, 2, 49; furem dupli condemnari, faeneratorum quadriplī, *Cato r. pr.* 1; se in aratore in quadruplum (iudicium) datorum, *Cic. Verr.* 2, 3, 34; siue in duplum est actio siue tripli aut quadriplī, *Gai.* dig. 2, 8, 3; in quadruplum eius pecunie... actio competit, *Ulp.* 3, 6, 1; in quadruplum damnatur, *Modest.* 48, 13, 15 (13); omnes quadriplī poenam pro uirili portione debent, *Herm.* 49, 46, 9; 4. the forms quadruplū, quadruplatores, quadruplari for quadriplī etc. in *Plaut.* marked as agst. *ssm.* but needed for metre, cf. Fleckeisen in Geppert's *Truc.*

**quālibet**, *adv.* qualibet, qualibet, qualibeseit, not. *Tir.* 35.

**quālibet**, (-libet) *adv.* along any road or way you please, Qualibet perambula aedīs oppido tamquam tuas, *Pl. Most.* 3, 2, 122; qualibet transitum praebent, *Quint.* 5, 13, 13; 2. met. in any way, any how, Quid uis? Qualibet esse notis optas? *Catn.* 40, 6.

**quālis**, *ē*, *pron. adj.* [from a lost stem qua-lic, like what? = G. we-li(-)ch-er, Scotch-Eng. quwli-lik, now which; just as L. ta-lic-s compared w. G. so-(-)lich-er, Sc.-Eng. thi-lik, now sneh] like which, or what, (such) as, first as rel. w. antec. talis, Nec meus seruos unquam tale fecit quale tu mihi, *Pl. Men.* 5, 7, 38; add *Mil.* 1, 1, 50; ut qualem te

antea praebuisti, talem te hoc tempore impertias, *Cic. Rose.* Am. 11; quales in re publica principes essent, tales reliquos solere esse ciues, *fam.* 1, 9, 12; add *inu.* 2, 176;

2. without talis, such as, the like of which, like that which, conspicuo qualis uolo, uetulus duo, *Pl. Epid.* 2, 2, 4; add *Amph.* 1, 3, 39; aliud genus est uerbis uolere, qualist (ssm quali est) nunc Asia tota, *Cic. Brut.* 325; ad aperta et clara ueniamus quale est de illo interfecto a copone Megaris, *diu.* 2, 135; Spartanae uel qualis equos Thriceisa fatigat Harpalice, *Verg.* 1, 316; Diuitior forma, quales audire solemus Naidas et Dryadas incedere siluis, *Ov. M.* 6, 452;

3. rarely with other antec., Pariter suades, qualis est, *Pl. Rud.* 3, 6, 37; esp. in reference to a preceding sentence, like this, so, Qualis populea maerens philonela sub umbra, Amissos queritur letus, *Verg.* 6, 4, 511; Qualis ubi in lucem coluber..., A. 2, 471; 4. as ind. interr., like what, what sort of, Heia semus nos quidem te qualis sis, ne praedices, *Pl. Ps.* 1, 3, 41; add *Bac.* 4, 6, 16; 4, 8, 15; qualis fuerit contra patrum patrum parentem coniugem monumētum indicat, *CLL* 147, 3; si negaret quicquam interesse quale iteretur uictu, *Cic. fin.* 2, 90; ipsius rei natura qualis et quanta sit querimus, *Tusc.* 3, 50;

5. dir. interr., quali die, quali pietate existimatis esse eos qui...? *Cic. Font.* 31 (21); hoc quale est? N. D. 1, 105; qualis oratoris putas esse historiam scribere? or. 2, 51; 6. in exclamations, Hei, qualis imperator! nunc priuatus est, *Pl. Capt.* 1, 1, 63; Ei mihi qualis erat! *Enn.* ap. *Serv.* A. 2, 274;

7. the same w. iuteri, part., Qualine amico mea commendauit bona? *Pl. Trin.* 4, 4, 3; 8. quae as a term of metaphysics, illa quae appellant qualia, *Cic. acad.* post. 28; prius aliquid esse debet, deinde quale esse, *Sen.* ep. 117, 27; 9. qualiter *adv.* just as, as lacrimae fluxere per ora Qualiter innecta de nune manat aqua, *Ov. am.* 1, 7, 58; antiquis foras e stramento erat qualiter etiam nunc in castris, *Plin.* 8, 193; 10. as ind. interr., like what, how, refert uilla q. accediteret, *Colum.* 1, 4, 6; add S. 2, 6; cf. qualis-qualis.

**quālis-cumquē**, *pron.* of whatever kind, no matter of what kind, first w. vb., homines beniuolos, qualescumque sunt, graue est insequi contumelia, *Cic. Att.* 14, 14, 5; add *leg.* 3, 31; N. D. 2, 76; Qualis enim cumque est, non latet esse meam, *Ov. Pont.* 4, 13, 6 (note tmesis); add *Quint.* 5, 13, 7; 2. as mere *adv.* any whatever, si libertatem sequimur, qui locus hoc dominari uacat? Sin qualecumque locum, quae est domestica sede inueniunt? *Cic. fam.* 4, 8, 3; carmina lector Commendat dulci qualiacumque sono, *Ov. a. a.* 2, 248; bonos imperatores noto expectere, qualescumque tolerare, *Tac.* h. 4, 8; add *Quint.* 2, 2, 10;

3. qualitercumque *adv.* no matter how, first w. vb., qualitercumque obruas, sustinet coloni negligentiam, *Colum.* 2, 10, 2; 4. as mere *adv.* any how, happen what may, meminere q. proliantibus cadendum esse, *Iust.* 2, 11, 11.

**quālis-libet**, (-libet) *adj.* pron. of any kind you please, formae litterarum uel aureae uel qualeslibet, *Cic. N. D.* 2, 93; pisces qualeslibet curatos friget, *Apic.* 143; Schuch.

**quālis-nam**, *pron.* adj. like what in the world, facile intellectu fuit q. accusatio futura esset, *Apul. apol.* 2, § 381.

**quālis-quālis**, *pron. adj.* of whatever kind, no matter of what kind, first with its own verb, qualis-qualis sit, debet audiri, *Ulp.* dig. 25, 4, 1, 13; add 43, 8, 2, 11; 43, 16, 1, 8; 2. as mere *adj.* of any kind whatever, si quales-uales ad instruendam nam adhibuerit, *Ulp.* dig. 4, 9, 7, 4; add 5, 14, 3; *Tryph.* 20, 5, 12, 1; Id qualescunque chartis mandatum diu, inser, *Momm.* Rh. Mns. n. f. 6, 140, 8; 3. qualiter-qualiter in any way whatever, gestum sic accipimus qualiter-qualiter, *Ulp.* dig. 4, 4, 7; siue faste uel alio telo petit uel qualiter-qualiter, 9, 2, 7, 1; add 4, 4, 7 etc.

**quālitās**, *ātis*, f. of what likeness, character, quality, quasi qualitatem quandam nominabat, dabitis enim ut in rebus insinatis, namur uerbis inauditis, *Cic. acad.* post. 24; qualitates appellauit quae *παοτητα* Graeci uocant, 25; qualitates (soli), *Colum.* 2, 2, 2; add *1 pr.* 24; 2, 2, 17 etc.; *Sen.* ep. 112, 2; 118, 15; *Plin.* 36, 159; *Quint.* 1, 4, 27; 2, 4, 40 etc.

qualitē, see qualis.

qualitercumque, see qualiscumque.

quālum\*, i, n. or qualus, i, m. [for a lost quasulum(s) or rather quagulum(s) implied in quasillus; and so akin to our wicker; as also to Lat. cōllum] a wicker basket, quala\* satoria vi. Cato r. 11, 5; quala\* parentur, sarciantur, 23, 1; in quales pertusos...cum qualum, 52, 1; tu spisso uinūne quālos Colaque pelorum fumosis deripetis, Verg. G. 2. 241 —wh. Serv.: quales per quos uinum defuit, qui et ipsi a colando dicti sunt; Tibi quālum Cythereae puer ales...aufert, Hor. od. 3, 12, 5; uinūne quālos, Colum. 8, 3, 4; salignus qualus, 9, 15, 12; si quis librarium...qualum portare cogat, abniti nidebitur proprietate, Ulp. dig. 7, 1, 15, 1; quāli uindemiatorū exceptorioque in quibus uine comportantur, 33, 7, 8; Ferre qualis ter quaternis ferulorum fragmina, Prud. eath. 9; qualum\* quod est cistae genus, Paul. ex F. p. 65 v. canifera; 2. a basket-full, iam tertium qualum rumigabam, Apul. M. 4, 22 f.; 3. wicker-work, insiti surculi qualo desuper omnino nudi sunt, Pall. 4, 10, 16.

quam, pron. adv. or conj. [qui, quis—cf. tam, nam, both fu, pron, roots] measures the how much; firstly as rel. w. adj., either in form quam- tam-, as- so-, marked \*; in old l.; more commonly as: tam- quam-, as (so)- as-, Oves scabrae sunt, tam glabrae, em, quam haecet manus, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 140; add Capt. 2, 2, 60; Merc. 5, 2, 115; Cist. 4, 2, 5; Men. 5, 9, 4; Cum feruit maxime, tam placidum quam quem reddo. Quomodo? Ter. Ad. 4, 1, 18; tam esse clemens tyrannus quam importunus potest, Cic. rep. 1, 50; tam glaber quam Socrates, Varr. ap. Non. 106, 15; nec tam Turpe fuit nūci quam contempsisse decorum est, Ov. M. 9, 6; 2. w. adv., tam satis quam—that—numquam hoc intuenes secus, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 106; tam cito enortetur quam nauis, Cic. rep. 1, 51; quorum neutrum tam facile quam tu arbitraris conceditur, id. 1, 10;

3. more rarely w. vb., Tam hoc scit me habere quam egomet; anus fecit palam, Pl. Aul. 3, 6, 7; add St. 3, 2, 1; Epid. 1, 2, 25; Equidem tam (as much) sunt seruos quam tu, Capt. 3, 4, 11; Nam canis non tam (so much) illum adpetit qui sese lecit quam lapidem, Paen. ap. Nou. 124, 2; tam petit quam extrema faba, poet. ap. Fest. 363 a, 18 M; quam\* fornicatus ante est, tam contemnetur, Pl. H. Lep. or.; Tam uolasse deum quam non agnosce nepotem Paeniet, Ov. M. 4, 613; 4. tam omitted, esp. in form quam si, Vt absente ero rem sui eri diligenter tutetur quam si ipse adsit, aut rectius, Pl. Men. 5, 6, 4; nec uie ars mea quam (so much) as benivolentia perturbat, Curt. 7, 7, 27; 5. often w. possum etc., tam sometimes expressed, gen. omitted, Tuast inago; tam consimilis quam potest, Pl. Men. 5, 9, 4; Et quam (as far as) quisque potest, aliqua mala nostra lenate, Ov. tr. 3, 4, 75; hae tūsa cribraeque uino quam possunt excellenti digerunt, Plin. 20, 264; quam potuit constanter cum populo egit ut..., Val. M. 4, 1, 5; 6. esp. w. superl., Quam potero in uerba conferam paucissima, Pl. Men. pr. 6; Concede huc mea gnata ab istoc quam potest longissime, 5, 2, 79; nidos quam possunt mollissime substernant, Cic. N. D. 2, 129; add Fam. 15, 4, 7; din. 1, 70; 7. w. possum etc. omitted,—as possible, quam maxumas, quam primum, quam sapissimae gratias agat, Cic. Fam. 13, 6 b; carorum quam maximum numerum coeciere, sementes quam maximas facere, Caes. b. g. 1, 3, 1; quam plurimas ciuitates suo beneficio habere obstrictas, 1, 9, 4 et.; 8. w. superl., quam- tam-, the more- the more-, oleum quam\* diutissime in amara erit, tam deterrum erit, Cato r. 64, 2; quam\* acerbissima olea oleum facies, tam oleum optimum erit, ib. 65, 1; add 15, 8; Quam\* ad probos propinquitatem proxime te aduixeris Tam optimum est, Pl. Aul. 2, 2, 59; Qui quam\* resisto, tam res maxime in periculo uortitur, Merc. 1, 2, 12; add True. 1, 2, 69\*; adulescent quam\* in minima spe situs Erit tam facillime patris pacem in leges conficiet suas, Ter. Haut. 5, 2, 44; add Ad. 3, 4, 50; quam\* paucissimos reliquos (catulos), tam optumi in alendo sunt propter copiam lactis, Varr. r. 2, 9, 12; quam\* quisque pessime fecit, tam maxime tutus est, Sal. Jug. 31, 14; 9. w. comp. in the same sense, Magis

quam\* (quam\* magis\*) id reputo, tam magis uror, Pl. Bac. 5, 1, 5; Quam\* magis acrumina urget, tam magis ad male faciendum uiget, poet. ap. Quint. 9, 3, 15; Tam magis illa fremens...quam magis... Verg. 7, 788; 10. w. second magis omitted, Quam\* magis te in altum eapessis, tam aestus te in portum refert, Pl. As. 1, 3, 6; 11. w. tam omitted, quam magis... Laeta magis... Verg. G. 3, 309; 12. referring to tanto, Quam magis extendas, tanto astringunt artius, Pl. Men. 1, 1, 19; uicina cacumina caelo Quam sint quaeque (al. quoque) magis, tanto magis edita fument, Lucr. 6, 460; non tantum gaudium ab recenti metu attulerunt quam a uetere fama, Liv. 37, 51, 9; 13. referring to aequae in place of tam, ebiefly after neg., marked †, Neque...profectost quisquam tanta audacia Qui aequae faciat confidenter quicquam quam quae (quae om. mss; quamde for quam?) mulieres, Pl. Mil. 2, 5, 55; Nullum 'se opinor ego agrum...Aequae feracem quam hic est noster, Periphraes, Epid. 2, 2, 3; add St. 14, 1, 2, 1; nihil aequet eos terruit quam... Liv. 28, 26, 14; an est quisquam qui dubitet nullis iniuriis nostris...unquam aequet quam munere patrum in plebem...tribunos plebis infensus esse? 5, 3, 4; add 5, 6, 11†; 31, 1, 3†; Tac. et an. 14, 38; h. t. 2, 10; 4, 52†; Plin. t. ep. 2, 15, 1; Suet. Caes. 12, 49; Aug. 64 etc.; Quint. 2, 4, 35; 11 14. w. comp., than, Satis 'se nobis non magis potis est quam fungo imber, Pl. St. 5, 7, 5; Grauius tuum erit uinum uerbum ad eam rem quam centum mea, Trin. 2, 2, 107; dum ne ampliorem modum pratorum habeant quam proxima aestate habuerunt, CIL 199, 42; Vbiuis facilius passus sim quam in hac re me deludat, Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 32; nihil est timendum magis quam ille consul, Cic. Att. 7, 9, 3; ut magis uirtute contenderent quam dolo aut insidiis miterentur, Caes. b. g. 1, 13, 6; 15. w. comp. after quam, dignitati quam irae magis consulens, Sal. Jug. 33, 3; lingua quam manu promptior, 44, 1; add 58, 3; 92, 6; Non mihi quam fratri frater amate minus, Ov. Pont. 4, 12, 22; 16. w. secus (wh. is a comp.), Ne me secus honore honestes quam quom seruius mihi, Pl. Capt. 2, 1, 50; add 2, 2, 23; 2, 3, 68; secus aetatem agerem quam illi egissent, Cato ap. Char. 195 P, 220, 23 K; Si tu illam attigeris secus quam dignum liberam, Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 91; ne quid fiat secus quam uoluumus quamque oportet, Cic. Att. 6, 2, 2; Ennius non longe secus dixit quam Catullus, Gell. 7, 16, 9; 17. w. double comp., non timeo ne...lubentius hae in illum euomere uidear quam uerius,—with more pleasure than truth—Cic. Mil. 75; qui alia bella fortius semper quam felicis gessissent, Liv. 5, 43, 7; Pauli...contio fuit uerior quam gratior populo, 22, 38, 8; turbauit hunc ordinem pugnandi non acrior quam pertinacior impetus Romanorum, 31, 35, 4; et. ταχύτερα η σοφώτερα, Hdt. 3, 65; 18. also w. two pos. adj., artem iuris habetis magis magnam quam difficilem, Cic. or. 1, 100; ad dicendum ueniebat magis audacter quam parate, Brut. 241; add Verr. 2, 2, 173; 19. in Tac. w. the two constructions mixed, pulchritudinem gloriae...uolentius quam caute adpetebat, Agr. 4 f.; 20. w. alius, aliter etc., than, Nunc mihi certum est alio pacto Pseudulo insidias dare, Quam in aliis comediis fit, Pl. Ps. 4, 8, 2; si...aliter nos faciant quam aequum sit, St. 1, 1, 43; aliter quam ego uelim, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 24; Non aliter quam qui..., Verg. G. 1, 201; add A. 4, 669; Haud aliter titubat quam si mera uina bibisset, Ov. M. 15, 331; add 2, 623 etc.; quibus (rogationibus) quid aliud quam ammonemus ciues nos eorum esse? Liv. 4, 3, 3; quem...nihil aliud quam bene ausus una contemere inercutus denicit, 9, 17, 16; add 23, 13; 31, 24, 3; 35, 49, 11; 45, 22, 4—in wh. passages of Livy some vb. like facere seems understood, what else are we doing but re-minuting? aliter quam se natura habet, Quint. 8, 3, 58; add 9, 4, 106; 11, 1, 77; 21. w. contrariis, diuersus, and prep. aduersum, Vtrum indicare me ei thesaurum aequum (so A) fuit Aduersum quam eius me opescerant pater? Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 139—in opposition to what—(see also § 25); pransus quoque ae potus diuersum uialet quam indicat—from what—, Quint. 1, 4, 29; hae contraria dicendi quam quae intellegi uelis ratio, 9, 2, 50; 22. quam than omitted after some comp. of measure, as maior,

minor; plus, minus, amplius; longior, latior, altior; quae ex his (pseudibus) minus annum gnatae erunt, CIL 200, 15; et nunc nihil magis Vereor quam ne quid in illum iratus plus satis faxit pater, Ter. Haut. 1, 2, 24; calesces plus satis, Eun. 1, 2, 5; tecum plus annum uixit, Cic. Quinet. 41; a Caecilio propinqui minore centesimis nummum monere non possunt, Att. 1, 12, 1; reliquum spatium quod uon est amplius pedum sescentorum, Caes. b. g. 1, 38, 5; ex hominum milibus amplius triginta plus tertia parte infecta, 3, 6, 2; add 4, 12, 1; 5, 53, 7; At collectus aquae digitum non amplius unum, Lucr. 4, 414; non amplius quadraginta, Sal. Ing. 3, 3; satis constabat non minus ducentos equites fuisse, Liv. 29, 34, 17; tantum non minus pondo octoginta, 38, 38, 13; obsides uiginti dato, ne minores octonum denum annorum, neu maiores quinque quadraginta, 38, 38, 15; uti singula ne minus occupent pedes septenos, Vitr. 6, 9, 1; add 6, 9, 3 etc.; 23. rarely w. magis omitted, so that quam = rather than, non patiar praeterhaec quin uidea uiuam quam tuos mores perferam, Pl. Men. 5, 1, 26; quod si...a multis egerem commodissimum quodque quam sese uno alieni certo uellent addicere, Cic. inu. 2, 5; fine anni excessit! Asinius Agrippa, claris maioribus quam uetustis, Tac. an. 4, 61; quia pacem quam bellum probabam, 1, 58; but in Pl. Rud. 4, 4, 70 for sake of metre read perh. w. Dentl.: Tacitast melior mulier (or rather mulier melior) semper quam loquens; cf. *μᾶλλον* understood w. *βοιδομαι* *η...* Hom. Il. 1, 117; *ἀνέροι* *η...* Pind. N. 10, 110; 24. w. adj. and adv. of proportion, w. or without quod, what, of what, compared w. what, Immo his tanto ualeo quam nali prius, Pl. Mere. 2, 2, 26; multiplex quam pro numero dampnum est, Liv. 7, 8, 1; dimidium tributi quam quod regibus ferre soliti erant, 45, 18, 7; ut uix dimidium militum quam quod acceptat successoris tradiderit, 35, 1, 2; duplex stipendium accipere quam quantum a Turdetanis pepigissent, 34, 10, 4; ut duplia (ferramenta) quam numerus seruorum exigit reposita custodiat, Colum. 1, 8, 8; Timotheum duplices ab his quos alius instituit solum exigere mercedes quam si rudes traderent, Quint. 2, 3, 3; 111 25. often after disyll. prep. wh. are in fact comp., so as to convert the prep. into a conjunction; often w. quod ut or si added; ut ei Baecania, Si qua sunt extrat quam sei quid ibei sacri est...faciatu sei dismotia sient, CIL 196, 28; extra quam sei quid in satumra feretur, 198, 72; post (see post from op-os, comp. of ob) quam uectigalia conserit, 200, 19; Nam praeter quam quas ipse amro molestias Habet addas, Ter. Eun. 1, 1, 32; Quod mihi uidere praeter aetatem tuam Facere et praeter quam res te adhortatur tua, Haut. 1, 1, 8; quod ultra quam satis est producit, Cic. inu. 1, 26; saepe supra foret (orator) quam fieri possit, orat. 139; super quam quod disenserant ab consilio, Liv. 22, 3, 14; add 27, 20, 10; praeter quam quod nihil auctum ex uno uelim, 22, 8, 4; add 4, 4, 12; 5, 14, 5; Campanos omnes extra quam qui eorum... 38, 38, 9; non ultra sauescit quam ut legatum eum relinquere, 8, 33, 14; add 8, 33, 19; 25, 9, 6; 28, 39, 1; generi sui contra quam fas erat amro capta, Cic. Clu. 12; quon contra feerint quam polliciti sint, leg. 2, 11; add or. 2, 86; dammodo supra sit quod sumitur quam id ad quod sumitur, top. 39; memini Catonem anno ante quam est mortuus necum disserere, ant. 12; ante aliquanto quam tu natus es, fau. 10, 3, 2; Ante leues ergo pascentur in aethere cerui. Quam nostro ilius labatur pectore uolus, Verg. b. 1, 60; iam minoris (omnia alia) faeio prae (shortened from *para*=*para*) quam quibus modis Indificatus me, Pl. Most. 5, 2, 25; nihil hoc quidemst Triginta minae prae quam (so Lamb. w. metre and sense; miss praeterquam) alios dapsilis sumptus facit, 4, 2, 66; add Aul. 3, 5, 33; 26. at times w. ea (ead) interposed, quei aduorsum ead fecerunt quam suprad scriptum est, CIL 196, 25; neine quis quid postea quam uectigalia consistent...ob eos agros) populo dare debeat, 200, 20; add 200, 70; postea uero quam ita cepi maxima imperia ut..., Cic. fam. 3, 7, 5; postea uero quam equitatus noster in conspectum uenit, Caes. b. g. 4, 37, 4; 27. w. pridie, postero die, postidie, wh. again contain a comp., haec est pridie data quam illa, Cic.

Att. 3, 8, 2; postero die quam illa erant acta, or. 2, 12; quon eo nos postidie uenissimus quam apud Catulum fuissimus, acad. pr. 9; postero die quam uenit, Liv. 36, 39, 5; 28. w. ord. numbers, post understood, from the time when, after, Minus quindecim dies sunt quam (so at least A. ead. quom) pro lisee acedibus Minus quadraginta accepisti a Callide—since—Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 1; anno trecentesimo altero quam condita Roma erat..., Liv. 3, 33, 1; add 4, 7, 1; dictator...die octauo quam eratrat ead magistratu se abluicuit, 4, 47, 6; add 6, 29, 10; Lilybaeum tertio die quam inde profectus erat rehit, 25, 31, 4; add 26, 27, 15; 27, 5, 9; 29, 35, 5; sunt qui uenit tangi proximo anno quam translati sit, Plin. 17, 176; Mahridis filium...lutra quinton quam affuerat diem...prolanguit, Suet. Caes. 35; add Claud. 17; Vitr. 3; Flor. 1, 18, 7 (2, 2, 7); Iustin. 26, 1, 10; 29. even w. pauci, in paucis diebus quam Capreae attigit, Tib. 60; 30. w. malo as containing magis, Eho an mauis utiparier falso quam uero extolli? Pl. Most. 1, 3, 21; Nuptias eufegere ego istas malo quam tu adipiscier, Ter. Andr. 2, 1, 32; seruare quam pugnare mauit, Cic. Att. 7, 15, 2; regnum Galliae malle Caesaris concessu quam ipsorum habere beneficium, Caes. b. g. 7, 20, 2; 31. so w. praestat it is better, Pol pudere quam pigere praestat totidem litteris, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 64; add Bac. 3, 2, 12; sibi praestare...quamuis fortunam a populo Romano quam ab his interfici, Caes. b. g. 2, 31, 6; in acie praestare interfici quam uo uetereu gloriam recuperare, 7, 1, 8; add 7, 10, 2; b. c. 2, 31, 5; IV 32. in indir. interr. to what degree, how, first w. adj., Is probust quam paenitit quam probus sit et frugi bonae, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 39; Nescis quam metueuolosa res sit ire ad iudicem, Most. 5, 1, 52; add Men. 2, 1, 21; 5, 2, 3; Vide quam iniquos sis prae studio, Ter. Andr. 5, 1, 6; quam sint morosi qui amant, nec ex hoc intellegi potest, Cic. fam. 7, 15, 1; 33. how far (w. notion of small extent), how little; Nesc clam test quam illi utraque res nunc utiles Et ad pudicitiam et rem tutandam sient, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 52; nunc me hospitem Litis sequi quam mihi sit facile atque utile, 4, 5, 16; cf. like use of tantus and quantus; 34. w. adv., sat scio quam me habet male, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 20; Prouisum quam mox uir me redeat domum, Men. 5, 1, 4; prouiso quam mox uirgineu Accersant, Ter. And. 5, 6, 1; Scimus quam misere hanc amarit, Andr. 3, 2, 40; 35. w. vb., how much, how far, to what extent, ah nescis quam doleam, Ter. Haut. 5, 1, 61; attende quam ego defugiam auctoritatem consulatus mei, Cic. Sul. 33; seis quam diligam Siculos et quam illam clientelam honestam iudicem, Att. 14, 12, 1; 36. in exclam. preceded by a phrase of admiration, Pro di immortales uerbis paucis quam cito Alium fecisti me, alius ad te ueneram! Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 123; Heu heu quam ego malis perdidit modis quod tibi detuli! Ps. 1, 3, 26; o rem plane perditam! Quam nihil praetermittis in consilio dando! Quam nihil tamen...explicat! Cic. Att. 9, 2, 1; Eheu quam dispar...! Ov. Pont. 2, 10, 30; O quam de multis...! 37. in exclam., more abruptly, quam confiderit loquimur! Pl. Most. 1, 1, 37; add Men. 5, 2, 120; Ch. Vel heri in uino quam immodestus fuisti! S. Factum, Ch. Quam molestus! Ter. Haut. 3, 3, 7; Reiecit se in eum, flens, quam familiariter! Andr. 1, 1, 109; ut se accusari nolunt! Quam epiunt laudari! Cic. fin. 5, 61; feerunt quidem alii alia, quam multo! Verr. 2, 3, 206; quam peritus ille et priuati iuris et publici! Plin. ep. 1, 22, 2; 38. w. adv. as if of exclam., ex amore hic admodum quam senos est, Pl. Amph. 1, 3, 43; Nimis quam formido ne mauifeso hic me opprimat, Most. 2, 2, 79; Nimis quam paucos sunt defessae male quae facere ocepunt, Truc. 2, 5, 15; mire quam illius loci...egotiatu delectat, Cic. Att. 1, 11, 3; sane quam refricit, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 6, 5; nam suos (mulieres) ualde quam paucos habet, Brut. ad Cic. fam. 11, 13, 3; per quam diligenter, Cic. or. 2, 237; per quam uelim scire..., Plin. ep. 7, 27, 1; oppido quam liberos, Gell. 17, 12, 1; uoce admodum quam suauis, 19, 9, 10; oppido quam paruulus, Vitr. 8, 5, 11; 39. quam identical w. *η* tamen, so that *παρ* *η*=priusquam; 40. if the adj. wh. goes w. quam has a prep., this prep. gen. separates the two: uideat quam in paruo his sit, Cic. acad. 2, 83; se ut custodiat quam in optimo sui generis

statu, fin. 5, 26; ut apparetur quam ab sano initio res in hanc insaniam venerit, Liv. 7, 2, 13; quam in exiguum orbem contracta castra essent retinuerunt, 7, 37, 8; O quam de tenui Romanus origine crevit! Ov. F. 3, 433; see foll.

**quamdē**, (quande) conj. [=quam+?] than, Iuppiter ut muro fretus magis quamde manus (m), Enn. an. ap. Fest. 261 a M; Quamde tuas omnes legiones ac populares, ib.; Clarus ob obscuram linguam magis inter inanis Quamde grauis inter Graios, Lucr. 1, 640; see also postquamde.

**quamdiū**, conj. speaks of the how long, first as rel. answering to tamdiu (so long) as, qui se oppido... tamdiu tenuit quamdiu in provincia Partibi fuerunt, Cic. fam. 12, 19, 2; tamdiu requiesco, quamdiu ad te scribo, Att. 9, 4, 1; 2.

without tamdiu, as long as, disces quamdiu nolas, Cic. off. 1, 2; quoties quisque noluit dixit et quam noluit diu (wh. note the tinesis), Q. fr. 1, 1, 21; quamdiu potuerit tacuisse, Caes. b. g. 1, 17, 6; illud praecipuum habeo, ut neque fumus neque fuligo quamdiu uride oleum conficitur (note the imperf.) in tocular admittatur, Colum. 12, 52, 13; si ius displicuisse iubeat ut semper id comisset, quamdiu tamen melius inueniret (so Peter, al. inuenisset), Lampr. Helioq. 29, 7—so long as he was finding—until he found;

3. indir. interr., how long, ut nolas tempus quamdiu diceremus praestitueres, Cic. Quinet. 33; 4. dir. interr., how long? Quamdiu id factum? Hic annus incipit uicissum, Pl. Capt. 5, 3, 3—how long has this been the case? quamdiu furor iste tuus nos eludet? Cic. Cat. 1, 1; 5. int. of admiration, oh, how long! haec tu nactus es in reo, quamdiu diceris? Quo te modo iactares! Cic. Rose. Am. 30; 6. quamdiutius comp. how much longer, quamdiutissime, as long as possible, not. Tir. 35.

**quamdudum**, adv. interr. how long? first indir. nide quamdudum hic asto et pulso—have been standing, Pl. St. 2, 1, 38; 2. dir. interr. or admir., quamdudum nihil habeo quod ad te scribam! Cic. Att. 14, 12, 3; 3. how long ago, first in indir. interr., quod istic tibi negotiast?... Mo lo introiui. Quasi ego quamdudum rogem, Ter. And. 2, 9; 4. dir. interr. quamdudum tu aduenisti? Pl. As. 2, 4, 43; Quamdudum istae ubi actumst? Trin. 3, 1, 7; quamdudum in portum uenis? St. 4, 1, 23; uenit Clarea... quamdudum? Mo lo, Ter. Eun. 4, 4, 30.

**quamlibet**, adv. = quamlibet, quamlibet uetustam, Plin. 19, 20; tenuis, 36, 160.

**quamlibet**, (older -libet) adv. as much as you please, to any extent you please, ever so much, first w. adj., quamlibet esto Vinea res quaedam nativo corpore sola, Lucr. 2, 541; Lana... Mollis et ad teneras quamlibet apta manus, Ov. F. 4, 774; infirmus, am. 1, 7, 66; 2. w. adv., Occupat (manis) egressas quamlibet ante rates, Ov. tr. 1, 10, 6; add Quint. 1, 12, 5; 2, 10, 9 etc.; 3. as conj., although, Philipus Magnum procreat, quamlibet Olympias nobiliorum ei patrem adquirere adfectauerit, Sol. 9, 18.

**quam-mox**, see quam and mox.

**quam-ob-rem**, as conj. for which thing, why, first as rel. without reference to gen. or number of antec., Ni quid patiatur quamobrem fugiat uinere, Pl. Most. 2, 1, 67; add 4, 2, 71; quid ego... merui adulescenti nam Quamobrem ita faceres? Aul. 4, 10, 5; eam... Multae sunt causae quamobrem quam obrem abducere, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 65; add Hec. 3, 3, 22; Ego uero ille abeo, quamdo es, quamobrem huc ueneram, Rus abit, Ad. 3, 81; si uel minima res reperiretur quam ob rem uideatur illi nonnihil scenti, Cic. Rose. Am. 8; multa mihi ueniebant in mentem, quamobrem istum laborem tibi honorem putarem fore, fam. 3, 10, 1; add Verr. 2, 4, 135; 2. at beginning, and so referring to preceding sentence, for which reasons, and... so, therefore, q. ego te hoc soror... moneo, ut..., Pl. St. 1, 1, 41; add Amph. 3, 4, 7; Poen. 1, 2, 167; quamobrem quaeso a uobis ut..., Cic. Flac. 65; add fam. 2, 4, 4; 3. quamobrem placuit ei ut..., Caes. b. g. 1, 34, 1; 4. indir. interr. for what reason, why, Scio quidem quamobrem me pater tu tristem credas nunc tibi, Quia..., Pl. As. 1, 1, 141; 4. dir. interr. what for, why? Quamobrem iubeam? Pl. Mil. 2, 3, 48; restim uolo Mihi cinere: quamobrem? Qui me faciam pensilem, Ps. 1, 1, 87; quamobrem? Quia..., Trin. 4, 2, 143; Aul. 3, 2, 2;

Amph. 2, 1, 2; Poen. 1, 2, 97; Repudiatus repeto: quamobrem? Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 14; quamobrem non sati-facit? Cic. flu. 1, 15; quamobrem sciebat? Quamobrem suspicabare? Verr. 2, 5, 74; 5. if written in two words, quamob rem rather than, as now w. some Germans, quam obrem, for the ob belongs to quam, as shown by: quam in quisque decuriam ita uiator lectus erit, CIL 202, 1, 33.

**quamquam**, (quang.) pron. conj. [quisquis :: quam : quis] however, no matter how or how much, or to what extent, esp. w. adj. or adv. Quamquam lubenter escis alienis studes, Tuin uentris causa filiam uendas tuam? Pl. Pers. 3, 1, 9; quamquam multa noua miracula fecere inimici mei, tamen neque..., Cato ap. Char. 229 K; Nec sese dedit in conspectum, Quamquam multa manus ad caeli caerulea templa Tendebant lacramans, Enn. ap. Cic. diu. 1, 41; Quamquamst scelestus non committet hodie ut iterum uapulet, Ter. Ad. 2, 1, 5; Quamquam haec inter nos nuper notitia admodumst, Haut. 1, 1, 1; quamquam id est minime probandum tamen..., Cic. rep. 1, 42; quamquam tibi immaturo et unde minime decuit uita erpta est, tamen..., Sal. lug. 14, 22; q... diuersum est, tamen..., 17, 7; add Ov. M. 1, 185; Pont. 2, 10, 19; 3, 5, 17; 4, 9, 65; 4, 10, 75;

2. w. vb., Quid igitur? Quamquam grauatus fuisti, non nocuit tamen, Pl. St. 5, 4, 40; Quamquam festinas non est mora longa, Hor. od. 1, 28, 35; add Ov. M. 1, 395; Pont. 3, 8, 23; 3. so far w. adv., also w. subj. uen in Cic. if editors be right, q. autem in amicitia alii dicant..., alii autem..., tamen..., Cic. flu. 3, 70; q. enim sint in quibusdam malis, tamen..., Tusc. 5, 85; but in Mar. 20 Baier has loquor; in off. 1, 6 sunt; and the subj. has its own ground in uideatur, may possibly be thought, orat. 55; and in: erant multi qui q. arbitrarentur, tamen... praedicarent, 2, 1; quamquam et possis et delicta corrigas, Sal. lug. 3, 2; si... sic essem luce superbus Vt..., Ter. And. 2, 9; 4. often in poets and later prose, Nec uero Alceide me sum lactatus euntem Aeccepius laen nec Thesena Pirithoumque, Dis quamquam geniti atque iuncti niberus essent, Verg. 6, 394; q. tres status omnes cadere in hoc opus possint, hisque usum C. Caesarem...

...notauerit Cicero, Quint. 3, 7, 28; add 4, 9, 79; 5. in ell. sentences without vb., si omnia quae sunt extra, quamquam expetenda, summo bono continerentur, Cic. fin. 5, 68; acri uiro et quamquam aduerso populi partium fama tamen inuoluta, Sal. lug. 43, 1; add or. Phil. 2, 1; quamquam inuita, probat, Ov. M. 1, 613; add 3, 186; quamquam honora oratione quaedam de... institutis eius iecerat, Tac. an. 1, 10 f.; habitus corporum q. in tanto hominum numero, idem omnibus, Germ. 4; q. incompti, largi tamen, 14; add Quint. 7 pr. 2, 9, 53 etc.; 6. in corrections and then without influence on tense, however, and yet, Quamquam, ut iam ludum dixi, resciscit tamen Amphitruo rem euntem, Pl. Amph. 1, 2, 29; Quamquam illum arte contente quae habet, As. 1, 1, 65; quamquam, quem potissimum Heracleum colamus, scire uelim, Cic. N. D. 3, 42; quamquam isti... non tam hoc queruntur quam uenerunt, Cat. 2, 16; add 1, 22 and 30; 3, 18; Mur. 83; quamquam, etsi priore foedere staretur, satis caute erant Saguntinis, Liv. 21, 19, 4; quamquam et illud dicere poteram..., 41, 24, 12;

7. hence in obl. or w. inf., q. ne impudicum quidem uero abesse, Tac. an. 12, 65; 8. and in aposiopesis, quamquam o—set superent quibus hoc Neptune deditis, Verg. 5, 195.

**quamuis**, adv. [lit. two words] as much as you please, no matter how much, first w. adj. or adv. si innoxii..., audacter quamuis dicto, Pl. Merc. 4, w. 3, 27; add Epid. 1, 1, 15; Quamuis sermones possunt longi texier, Trin. 3, 3, 68; add 2, 2, 99; Bac. 2, 3, 105; Most. 2, 1, 64; Men. 2, 2, 43; Merc. 4, 1, 21; 4, 7, 79; Q. Laenius... homo quamuis humilis rebus, quamuis callide, quamuis audacter, quamuis impudenter, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 134; quamuis multos proferre, Rose. Am. 47; inopia frumenti quamuis in praecipua dum celeriora essent agebat concilia, Liv. 2, 51, 7; add 1, 4, 4, 22, 8, 3; 38, 19, 3; (casus) quamuis mundissimis tabulis com-

ponitur, Colum. 7, 8, 4; 2. w. licet, you may...as much as you please, w. an apodosis (tamen) yet..., quamvis enumerans multos licet, cum denique creantur, nonnullis...reperies perniciosos triduos, Cie. leg. 3, 24; quamvis licet insectum istos, metuo ne soli philosophi sint, Tusc. 4, 53; add N. D. 3, 88; Proinde licet quamvis caelum terraque reantur incorrupta fore...Et tamen interitum praesens uis ipsa petiti subdit allicui stimulum, Lucr. 6, 601;

3. hence as conj. although, first w. concessive subj., still chiefly w. adj. or adv. Quamvis malum rem quaeras, illie reperias, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 153; quamvis subito uctus, semper liber est, Bac. 1, 1, 49; quae (tabernae) quamvis sint fructuosae, nihilo magis sunt agriculturae partes, Varr. r. 1, 2, 23; quamvis non fueris sa-or..., approbator certe fuisti, Cie. Att. 16, 7, 2; homines quamvis in turbidis rebus sint, tamen...interitum animis relaxantur, Phil. 2, 39; add am. 73; Att. 12, 37, 2; Ergo ipsas quamvis angustis terminis aeni Excipiat..., At genus immortale manet, Verg. G. 4, 206; Pertinuitque lupos quamvis pater esset in illis, Ov. M. 2, 495; quam receptores medici, quamvis quaedam mutantur, tamen haec illum optime praesagisse fateantur, Cels. 2, p. r.; 4. more rarely w. ind., Et quamvis sapor est oculorum parte receptus, Parte tamen uigilat, Ov. M. 1, 680; Te quoque turbatum memorat fugisse, Boote, Quamvis tardus eras et te tua plaustra tenebant, 2, 177; add 2, 568; non tibi quamvis infesto animo et minaci pernebras, ingredienti fines ira eiecisti? Liv. 2, 40, 7; add Hor. s. 2, 2, 29; Colum. 2, 9, 1; 5. elliptically without vb., atque utinam posset aliqua ratione, quamvis falsa modo humana...defendere, Cie. Verr. 2, 3, 224; res bello gesserat, quamvis rei publice calamitas, at tamen magnas, Phil. 2, 116; Qui tibi materno quamvis a sanguine iunctus, Mente tamen, Phaethon, propior fuit, Ov. M. 2, 368;

6. like quammquam in corrections, and yet, although (on second thoughts), quamvis ne haec quidem sine praeteritis debent, Cels. 1, p. p. g. 1, 27 Bar.; 7. cf. the use of uolo and quam separated as: quam uolent in conuiliis facti sint; or: quam uolent impudenter mentiantur.

quānam, pron. adv. [q. quā; quismam: quis] by what possible road or channel, quam quisqueinspiciat quamam per iuncta caelo iuga in alium orbem terrarum transirent, Liv. 5, 34, 7; quamam audiant (dolphins, as having no ears) mirum, Plin. 11, 137.

quandō, see quādiū.

quandō, (see § 6) conj. [rel. qui +?] when, Quando abiit rete pessuma, adducit lineam, Pl. Truc. 1, 1, 15; Vbi stat sum nulla crepant (i.e. intestina); quando esurio tum crepant, Men. 5, 5, 27; Laudo. Laudato quando illi quod cupis effeceris, Cure. 2, 3, 85; Nox quando medis signis praecincta uolat, Enn. ap. Fest. 258 M.; astat quando edit, Naev. ap. Prisc. 1, 494 K.; nam canis quando est percussa lapide, Pacuv. ap. Non. 124, 2; Vt quinnus, aiunt, quando ut uolumus non licet, Ter. Andr. 4, 5, 10; tum quando...legatos Tyrum misimus, Cie. agr. 2, 41; utinam tum essem natus quando Romani dona accipere coepissent! off. 2, 75; 2. of reason, now that, seeing that, since, Quando bene gessi rem, uolo hic in fano supplicare, Pl. Cure. 2, 4, 41; Non loquar nisi pace facta, quando pugnis plus uales, Amph. 1, 2, 234; add 9, 8, 4 and 5; 2, 45; Puc ne ad eam, quando huc ueni ut uideam. Maxime, Ter. Andr. 4, 5, 23; id omitto quando uobis ita placet, Sal. lug. 110, 7; qui quando talis es, maneat in sententia...te hortor, or. Phil. 16; uolo ego illi beluae ostendere, quando adeo ferox praesulat hostium signis, me ex ea familia ortum quae... Liv. 7, 10, 3; add 9, 4, 8; 9, 8, 4 and 5; 10, 14, 8; in Cie. ass var. w. quoniam, as fin. 5, 67; and Wunder (Var. lect. cod. Erf. p. lxxv) says: (Ciceroni) semper quando sine usurpatione ut temporis haberet notionem; the confusion being due to similarity of signs qm=quando and qm=quoniam; quando tot stragis acernus Teucorum tua dextra dedit, Verg. 11, 384; fabor enim quando haec te cura remouet, 1, 261; add 4, 291 and 315; 3. as indir. interr., when, Venit nos rogatum quando nostrae essent Sephasiae, Pompon. ap. Non. 226, 18; semper in his studiis inueni non Intellegitur quando obrepit senectus, Cie. sen. 38; Hinc tempestates dubio praedisces caelo...Et quando inhi-

dum remis impellere marmor Conueniat, quando armatas deducere classes, Verg. G. 1, 254; quando ipsos loqui, quando aduocati uoce uti decaat, quantus liber continet, Quint. 11, 1, 59; uelut spectans quando incipiendum sit, 11, 3, 159; 4. dir. interr., when? Quando istae innatast tibi (se, uomicae)? Hodie, Pl. Pers. 2, 5, 13; quando antequo in loco? Hic, quom antequo praedicabas pessumam, St. 1, 3, 89; add Cure. 1, 3, 56; Pers. 4, 3, 28; Quando dies adueniet quem profata Mortis? Liv. Andr. ap. Gell. 3, 16, 11; iam aderunt, Quando istuc erit? Ter. Hant. 2, 2, 9; uenit Chloera, Fratrem? Ita, Quando? Hodie, Enn. 4, 4, 30; O rus quando ego te aspiciam; quandoque...? Hor. s. 2, 6, 60; 5. w. si ne num, at any time, ever, existit questio num quando amici noni ueteribus sint anteposendi, Cie. am. 67; si quando tibi usus es irasci alium, rep. 1, 59; ut si quando auditum sit, portenti simile numeretur, Rose. Am. 383; id te uereri ne quando liberis proscriptorum bona patria reddantur, 145; si quando...desperare coeperunt, Caes. b. g. 3, 12, 3; si quando...matrem religerant, b. c. 2, 6, 2; add 3, 82, 3; Liv. 10, 14, 11; etc.; Poecula si quando saeuae infecere nouercae, Verg. G. 2, 128; add 4, 228 and 314 etc.; 6. o at times short in later poets, as: Dic mihi, eras istud Postumae quando nēit, Mart. 5, 58, 2; Vt si quando ruit..., Stat. Th. 7, 86; Cetera tetrametris reditum quando duobus..., Ter. Maur. 2179; add 460, 668; 2114 etc.

quandō-cumque, (-cunque) conj. whenever, every time that, Quandoquēque tradunt inuisi negotia Romam, Hor. ep. 1, 14, 17; q. fors obliterat, procurantibus, bell. Alex. 22, 1; 2. whenever the time comes that, whenever, Q. igitur nitam mea fata repositum, Prop. 2, 1, 71; add 2, 13, 17; quod, si testamenti facti tempore decessisset testator, inutile foret, id legatum, q. decesserit, non ualere, Cels. dig. 34, 7, 1; 3. as adv. some time or other, si non perierunt omnia inuicem, Q. mihi pones dabis, Ov. M. 6, 544; add tr. 3, 1, 57; and w. tmesis: Garrulus hunc quando consumet cumque, Hor. s. 1, 9, 33; 4. at times, occasionally, Ast enim Graius locabit quandōcumque hanc ultimam, Ter. Maur. 2404—wh. note the short o; 5. no matter when, at any time whatever, susceptorum nerbarum ubique et quandoque non uidicat, Ulp. dig. 11, 5, 1, 2; 6. in Cato ap. Plin. 29, 14 read quandoque.

quandō-libet, adv. at any time one pleases, Lact. op. D. 4, 7.

quandōnē, conj. [suffix what?] when, when the time comes that, ut quando ego esse desterio, pariter cum eis ponar, inser. Or. 4370.

1 quandōquē, conj. [quando: quisque: quis] whenever, every time that, mansit certum solenne ut quandoque idem prodigium nuntiaretur, feriae per nouem dies agerentur, Liv. 1, 31, 4; Indignor quandōquē bonus dormiat Homerus, Hor. A. P. 359; q. arabitur, obseruabimus ne..., Colum. 2, 4, 5; add 4, 24, 1; 7, 4, 7;

2. when the time comes that, whenever, Conuenit maiore plectro plectro Caesarem, quandoque trahet feroces Persacrum clium...Siganibros, Hor. od. 4, 2, 34; q. in usus prompserimus, integram lentem reperimus, Colum. 2, 10, 16; ut absenti sibi, quandoque imperii tempus expleri coepisset, petio secundi consulatus daretur, Suet. Caes. 26; q. ossa Capys detecta essent, fore ut Iulo prognatus...necaretur, St. Et quandoque mihi fortunae adriserit hora, Non sine honore tum patiar decus, Petr. 133; ut q. is mortuus...sit, eiusdem qualitatē res restituitur, Gai. dig. 7, 5, 7; add Maec. dig. 32, 15; II 3. as adv. some time or other, gen. of future, in the end, bo puta uatem dixisse: Quandoque i-ta gens suas litteras dabit, omnia corumpet, Cato ap. Plin. 29, 14 (q. whenever would have needed dederit); istum inueni domi tenendum...censco ne quandoque paruis hic ignis incedum lucens exsuscitet, Liv. 21, 3, 6; et tu Galba quandoque demustabis imperium, Tac. an. 6, 20 (20); quanto tu quandoque dignior cieio, Plin. pan. 35; add Ulp. dig. 18, 4, 2, 4; 24, 1, 9; 4. also of past, quis non hic aestimet nonnum quandoque coepisse? Maec. somm. 2, 10, 7; 5. at last, ego me Asturae diutius arbitror commoraturum quoad ille quandoque ueniat, Cie. fam. 6, 19, 1; 6. at times, sometimes, q. sunt trahes (meteors so called), q.

clipei, Sen. N. Q. 1, 1, 15; quas res in hoc damus ut accipiantur fiant, et quandoque (ut) nobis non eadem sed alia eiusdem naturae reddantur, Gal. 3, 90; but in Cels. 6, 6 read *quandocumque* finitur; in Colum. 7, 3, 13 *quantum* quemeque.

**2** *quandôquē*, (shortened fm. *quandocumque*, wh. see) conj. seeing that, since, in old formulae, *quandocumque* hīcē homines inīssu populi Romani Quiritium foedus itum iri spondendū... ob cam rem... hōcē homines nobis dēdo, ap. Liv. 9, 10, 9; *quandocumque* tu, T. Manli, aduersus edictum nostrum pugnas... nos nostro delicto plectemur, Liv. 8, 7, 15; so Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 187; *quandocumque* tu quid in proelio, in bello, in re militari... an illa? *quandocumque* tu nulla unquam mihi in turpitudine defuit... ob eas res te hoc anno aureo domo; actio est in auctorem praesentem his uerbis: *quandocumque* (so *ass*) te in iure conspicio, Caecil. 54.

**quandô** *quidem*, (perh. rather pron. *kandôkem* than *quandocumque*; see *quandocumque* no. 2 and *quidem*) conj. seeing indeed that, since, Herclē quia aequum postulabat ille senex *quandocumque* Filiae ille dederat dotem accipere pro tubicina, Pl. St. 4, 1, 53; Eloquent, *quandocumque* me oras. Tuis pater... *Quid* mens pater? Men. 1, 2, 68; add 5, 2, 92; *quandocumque* tute ad me non sis promittere, Vtu ad te ad cenam ueniam? St. 3, 2, 29; Q. illam neque te quisquam mouit neque scit qui sies, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 83; add Pl. 2, 3, 58 etc.; q. tu istos oratores tanto opere laudas, nellen... Cic. Brut. 163; q. apud te nec auctoritas senatus nec actas mea... nalet, tribunos plebis appello, Liv. 8, 33, 7; Dicite *quandocumque* in molli consediū herba, Verg. B. 3, 55; add A. 7, 547; 10, 105; 11, 587.

**quandôdum**, see *quandulium*.

**quannam**, see *quamquam*.

**quantulus**, (dim. of *quantulus*) adj. interr. double dim. how much (of little things), how little, first indir. subdūcū ratinūculum, *Quantulus* argenti mihi apti trapesitam siet, Pl. Capt. 1, 2, 90; **2**. dir. *Quid* merces? *Quantulus* argenti te conduxit Pseuduplus? Pl. Ps. 4, 7, 95; huic debet Philolaches tantum. *Quantulus*? Quasi quadraginta minas, Most. 3, 1, 95; *quantulus* siti? Modestus; caput quadrantal, Cure. 1, 2, 8; **3**. of admir. oh how little, haecine meae sunt filiae? *Quanta* e *quantulus* iam sunt faciat? Pl. Poen. 5, 3, 48; add Truc. 2, 8, 7.—only in Plautus.

**quantisper**, (cf. *tantisper*, *paulisper*, *peramper* etc.) rel. conj. as long as, Possū exorare te ut recedas a me paulisper modo; *Quantisper* sat habes, Pomp. ap. Non. 511, 35;

**2**. interr. adv. how long? Velim paulisper te operari, *Quantisper*? Non plus triduum, Caecil. ib.

**quantitas**, ātis, f. quantity, amount, degree, mmoris, Plin. 37, 219; leuitatis, 34, 101; utium quod fit per quantitate, 7, 4, 3; add 3, 6, 38 etc.; ex quantitate quae Graece *moorotys* dicitur, Vitr. 1, 2, 2; (pretii), Apul. mag. 29; hereditatis amissae, Gal. 3, 212; add Gal. dig. 2, 1, 11, 1; Ulp. 2, 8, 2; **2**. esp. as opp. to the corpus, si non corpus sit legatum sed quantitas, Ulp. dig. 30, 34, 2; siue in pecunia non corpora cogit, sed quantitates, Papin. 46, 94, 1; **3**. in logical l., sunt et aliae differentiae (propositionum), quantitas et qualitas; *quantitas* quidem quod aliae universales sunt... aliae particulares, Apul. dogm. Pl. 3, p. 263 ed. Hild., quae sint differentiae prologiorum in quantitate, quae in qualitate, Mart. Cap. 342; add 371—373.

**quântô**, abl. as adv. w. comp. the (more), a measure of a following tanto the (more), Atque quanto non fuisti longior haec proxima, Tanto breuius dies ut fiat faciam, Pl. Amph. 1, 3, 50; add Capt. 4, 2, 1; add Cas. 4, 3, 8; et quanto diutius Abest, magis cupio tanto et magis desidero, Ter. Hant. 3, 1, 15; q. magis te istiusmodi esse intellego, Tanto Antigena magis... Acc. ap. Maer. 8, 6, 2, 17; q. erat in dies grauior oppugnatō tanto crebriores litterae mittebantur, Caes. b. g. 5, 45, 1; add b. c. 2, 25, 2; quia in re q. uniuersi me unum anti-tant? tanto uobis quam mihi maiorem iniuriam facit, Metell. Num. ap. Gell. 12, 9, 4; Sed quanto ille magis formosus ne uertit in omnis, Tanto nate magis... Verg. G. 4, 411; **2**. w. eo following, q. magis appropinquare aduersarius coepit, eo tibi celerius agendum

erat, Pompei. ad Dom. ap. Cic. Att. 8, 12 b; q. longius ab urbe hostium abscederet, eo solutiore cura in Laceretium incidunt consulens, Liv. 3, 8, 8; **3**. foll. by tantum and a vb. of comparison, quāto... quanto iure poterit intercessio erat, tantum uinceretur fauore legum ipsarum, Liv. 6, 38, 5; q. uolentior cetero mari Oceanus... tantum illa clades magnitudine excessit, Tac. an. 2, 24; **4**. without foll. adv., Ita quanto magis exortetur, rutilum atque tenuius fit, Pl. Rud. 5, 2 (3), 14; (frumenta) q. sunt expolitoria, minus a circueubionibus excedunt, Colum. 2, 21 (20), 6; q. fecundior est (sax), celerius senescit, 7, 9, 3; q. plus spei ad effugium, minorem ad resistendum animum dabant, Tac. h. 3, 18; so w. quanto following, multitudinem segnitas secuturam, q. longius ab domo traherentur, Liv. 21, 53, 10; **5**. q. w. positive adj. in Tac., ut... q. ignota barbaris, tanto laetiora egresserant, an. 12, 11; tanto acceptus in nulgum, q. modicus priuatis aedificationibus... struxit, 6, 51 (45); **6**. in dir. interr., still w. comp., how much, how, uidetote quanto secus? ego fecerim, Cato ap. Char. 216 K; cogitate q. nos inter nos cautius facimus, Cato ap. Gell. 6 (7), 3, 16; nemo scit quanto siet Melior, Nov. ap. Non. 116, 25; impediō quo minus exponam, quam multa ad me detulerit, quanto ante? prouiderit, Cic. Sest. 8; ut appareat q. sit aliud\* proximum esse aliud parem (so Hertz ej.), Quint. 10, 1, 53; **7**. in interr. of admiration, first w. interr., a mea quanto Sithonia malleu nupisset uirgo sub Aretio? Stat. Th. 3, 286; **8**. without interr., quanto satius est Adire blandis uerbis? Pl. Ps. 1, 5, 34; Quanto satius rus abire te aliquo? Merc. 3, 4, 72; Quanto libertatem hanc hic superat? seruitus! Novep. ap. Char. 216, 16 K; quanto Stoici melius? Cic. N. D. 1, 121; quanto Aristo grauius et acueris nos reprehendit? off. 2, 56; quanto haec dissimulare (uri?) et occultari quam per nos confirmari praestet? Caes. b. c. 2, 31, 5; **9**. note use of quanto w. words marked \* above wh. perh. are all comp. at bottom.

**quântôcius**, (shortened perh. fm. *quanto ocius* tanto satius) adv. as quickly as possible, discede q. ne me ob iniuriam tuam caelestis iri consumat, Sulp. Sev. dial. 2 (3), 4, 6; add Licin. ap. Lact. mort. pers. 48, 10; Claud. M. gr. ad ful. 2, 6.

**quântôper**, (or rather *quanto opere*) conj. as laboriously or strongly, vehemently as, first referring to tantopere (tanto opere), neque enim tanto opere hanc a Crasso disputationem desiderabam quanto opere eius in causis oratione delector, Cic. or. 1, 164; quanto opere (so best *ass*) eorum animi magnitudinem admiraretur... tanto opere licentiam reprehendere, Caes. b. g. 7, 52, 3; **2**. as ind. interr., how energetically, how greatly, de philosophia quanto opere expetenda esset, satis dictum est, Cic. Tusc. 3, 6; illa etiam notiora quanto se opere custodiant bestiae, ut... N. D. 2, 126; locutus sum de agro uegetigali... quantoque opere eius municipii causa laborarem, fam. 13, 7, 1; dici non potest quanto opere gaudeant, Att. 14, 6, 2; quanto opere (so P M) nos contemnerent... saepe edipendit uider animaduertisset, Liv. 4, 3, 2; add Suet. Aug. 57; Tib. 45; Claud. 21.

**quantulus**, adj. pron. dim. (quantus) first as rel. as much or rather little as, ex illa pecunia... mulieri reddidi quantulum uisum est, Cic. Caecil. 57; carmen Pindari, quantulum mihi memoriae est, dicam, so far as my poor memory suffices—Gell. 17, 10, 9; ut tantandem partem habeat quantulum unum heres, Lab. dig. 32, 29, 1; **2**. as indir. interr. how little, mors sola fatetur *Quantula* sint hominum corporacula, Iuv. 10, 173; **3**. dir. interr., esp. in admiration, (sol) *quantulus* nobis niderit? Mihi quidem pedalis, Cic. Acad. pr. 82; id autem *quantulum* est! leg. 2, 47; *Quantulum* enim summae erubuit quisque diurnum, st...! Hor. s. 2, 3, 124; *quantulum* esse (sanguinis) in tantulis potest! Plin. 11, 12; **4**. repeated, no matter how little, little as it might be, aderant illi *quantulum* quantum ferentes auxilium, Apul. M. 9, 35 f.; **5**. in Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 86 read *quantulum* w. Deul., in 4, 4, 54 with *as* B.

**quântuluscumque**, (cunque) adj. all the little that, however little, first w. its own verb, de hac me, *quantulacumque* est, facultate quaeritis, Cic. or. 1, 135; ex eo quod

dico, quantum id eumque est, quid faciam indicari potest, 2, 98; add orat. 106; quantumcumque aquae inest, pedibus euerit, Colum. 8, 4, 9; quantumlaeque adeo est occasio sufficit irae, Iuv. 13, 133; 2. without vb., any quantity of—however small, Haec inquit tellus quantulaeque tua est, Ov. P. 3, 572; Nam terra est illi quantulaeque gravis, Mart. 11, 14, 2.

**quantulus-libet**, adj. pron. as small as you please, non febrilem quantumlibet ad causam huius edicti pertinere, Ulp. dig. 21, 1, 4, 6.

**quantum**, see **quantus**.

**quantumcumque**, quantumlibet etc., see **quantus-cumque** etc.

**quantus**, adj. pron. (old **quantus**, see \* below) (fin. quam how much, as tantus fin. tam; 1. perh. excrement; = both *ποτος* and *οὐρες*) as a measure of quantity, for what is expressed in the main clause, first w. tantus following, great as... (so great...), *Quanta*\* pecunia eam uiam locauerit, tantae pecuniae..., CIL 206, 37; add 43\* and 48\*; Viri, quantas pecunias ab uxoris... acceptum, tantus ex suis bonis communicant, Caes. b. g. 6, 19, 1; quanta cuiusque animo audacia inest, tanta in bello patere solet, Sal. Cat. 58, 2; 2. w. tantus etc. (so great) as, preceding, *Malo beneferre tantumdem est periculum Quantum bono malefacere*, Pl. Poen. 3, 21; uidere mihi uideor tantam dimicationem... quanta nunquam fuit, Cic. Att. 7, 1, 2; add am. 22; tanta est contentione actum quanta agi debuit, Caes. b. c. 3, 111, 5; Tartarus ipse Bis patet in praecipis tantum... Quantum ad Aetherium caeli suspectus Olympum, Verg. 6, 579; Adde quod est frater, tanto tibi unctus amore Quantum in Atridis Tyndaridisque fuit, Ov. Pont. 1, 7, 32; add 2, 4, 22 etc.; 3. without tantus, as great as, esp. in poets, Nam qualis quantusque cano Polyphemum in antro Lanigeras claudat pecudes..., Centum alii..., Verg. 3, 641; horrendumque intonat armis Quantus Athos, aut quantus Eryx, aut ipse coruscis Cum fremitu illicibus quantus..., Appianus, 12, 701; luna... Mense fere medio quanta nitere solet, Ov. Pont. 3, 3, 6; add 4, 9, 115; quantus non unquam antea exercitus ad Satrium uenit, Liv. 9, 37; 2. (cerodidici) parit uia quanta anseres, Plin. 8, 89; 4. indir. interr., how great, non edepit tui scis mihi, Quantum ego honorem nunc illi habeo, Pl. Mil. 4, 2, 83; Nescis facinus quantum exordiar?, Baec, 4, 4, 71; quanta uis amicitiae sit ex dissensionibus percipi potest, Cic. am. 23; neque quanta esset insulae magnitudo neque quante nationes incolerent..., reperire poterat, Caes. b. g. 4, 20, 4; ut cogitaret... cum quanto periculo reditum esset, Liv. 8, 25, 12; add Ov. Pont. 4, 9, 23 etc.; 5. dir. interr., how great? quantum hominis in dicendo putas esse historiam scribere? Cic. or. 2, 51;

6. in admiration, how great! first w. interj. preceding, O Cupido quantus es! Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 13; hercle quantus et quam ualidis es! Amph. 1, 1, 143; hui! Quantum fenestram ad nequitiam patefeceris! Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 72; pro quanta potentia regni Est Venus alma tui! Ov. M. 13, 758; add 6, 472; 15, 88; 7. without interj., quantum locum, quantum genitum, quid lacrumarum, quantum fletum factum audiui! Cato ap. Gell. 10, 3, 17; Quanta pernis pestis ueniet! Quanta...! Quanta...! Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 123; ut desint cetera, quantum est Esse Iouis fratrem! Ov. M. 5, 524; II 6. how little, first in indir. interr., Homunculi quanti sunt quomodo recogito, Pl. Capt. pr. 51; Disce quoniam paruo liceat producere uitam Et quantum natura petat, Lucan. 4, 378; 9. in dir. interr., how great, but with the answer, little, expected, Vilibus in scopis, in mappis, in scobe quantus Consistit sumptus? Hor. s. 2, 4, 81; wh. at least the answer is expected to be little; quantumst quod desit in istis Ad plenum facinus? Ov. M. 15, 468; see also last ex. in preceding §; 10. in admiration, first with preceding interj., Hui! homunculi quanti estis! Pl. Rud. 1, 2, 65; III 11. as sb. n., tantumdem argenti quantum miles debuit, Pl. Ps. 4, 7, 109; mons ex sale mero magnus; quantum demas tantum adcreuit, Cato ap. Gell. 2, 22, 29; Non pot(is) ecfari dictis quantum factis suppetit, Enn. tr. 24 V; cur tantum interest inter nouum et ueterem exercitum quantum experti su-

mus? Cic. Tusc. 2, 38; 12. esp. w. gen., Apagere sis negoti quantum in muliere una est! Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 15; ut auri quantum uellet sumeret, Baec, 2, 3, 18; Non tu scis quantum malum rerum sustineam. Scio, Merc. 2, 4, 18; quantum is uoluerit Datum esse dotis, Ter. Ph. 4, 5, 10; haec litterae Metelli hae quantum est ex Sicilia frumenti homotini exarauerunt, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 45; ex quo indicari posse quantum habet in se boni constantia, Caes. b. g. 1, 40, 6; quantum perfidia tecum scelerate perisset! Ov. her. 12, 10; tollere haec aranea Quantum est laboris? Phaedr. 2, 8, 24; huius sermonibus quantum dulcedinis inest! Plin. ep. 6, 7, 3; 13. w. gen. of persons, all that, the whole lot of, quid metuis? Ne hercle hodie, quantumst familiarium, Maximum in malum cruciatumque insiliamus, Pl. Mil. 2, 3, 7; Quid ais, quantum in terra degit hominum periculis? Ps. 1, 3, 117; Certumst praeconium iubere iam quantumst conduceret, Merc. 3, 4, 78; add Poen. 1, 3, 22; pr. 00; Capt. 4, 2, 56; Rud. 3, 4, 1; Omnium quantumst qui uiuunt homo hominum ornatissimus, Ter. Ph. 5, 6, 13; Lugete o Veneres Cupidinesque Et quantum est hominum neuastorum, Catul. 3, 2; add 9, 10; 14. w. gen. understood, Senex optime quantumst in terra, Pl. Baec. 5, 2, 51; Vi illum di immortales omnes deaeque quantumst perdidit, Aul. 4, 10, 55; non enim in diem Verum hercle in omnis quantumst, Pl. 1, 5, 121; 15. quantum for quantum est, all, quantumque Anisiam et Lupium inter uastatum, Tac. an. 1, 60 f.; 16. elliptically in parentheses, making allowance for the amount of, as far as, quanta meast sapientia, Ex malis multis malum quod minimumst, id minimumst malum, Pl. St. 1, 2, 62; 17. esp. with neut., quantum, to judge from what, as far as, Nescio quid male factum a nostra hie familiast, quantum audio, Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 11; add 2, 6, 13; Ne illi, quantum ego nunc corde conspicio meo, Malum rem... damus, Ter. 3, 1, 3; quantum perspexi modo, Est hinc praeda nobis, Men. 2, 3, 85; add As. 2, 1, 15; cras, quantum audio, uxore excedit, Ter. Andr. 2, 5, 12; quantum suspicio Ad uirginem animam adiecit, Eun. 1, 2, 62; 18. in parenth., = tantus (cf. quid in like manner for illis), quantum, importunitatis habent, parum est impune male fecisse, mis..., Sal. Iug. 31, 22; 19. quanti, as gen. (or dat.) of price, at what amount or price, how much, quanti eius rei sis aestumast) erit tantum periculum..., dato, CIL 198, 7; aedilis multatio esto quanti uolet, 603, 15; quantum mimmo potest Eni? Ad quadraginta fortasse eam posse emi mimmo minas, Pl. Epid. 2, 2, 110; quanti? Vigniti minis, Ter. Eun. 5, 5, 14; quanti locauerunt, tantum pecuniam redemptori solendam, Cic. Phil. 9, 16; quanti in litem iraruperit actor, Paul. dig. 12, 3, 2; add Gai. dig. 9, 2, 1; 20. met., Tu illum nunquam ostendisti quanti penderes, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 103; Quanti est sapere! Eun. 4, 7, 21; qui scias quantum Tolliam meam faciam, Cic. fam. 2, 16, 5; uide quanti apud me sis, 7, 19, 1; noli spectare quanti homo sit, parui enim pretii est, Q. fr. 1, 2, 14; quanti haec philosophia aestimanda est! N. D. 1, 55; legatorum uerba quanti fecerit, pericula mea declarant, Sal. Iug. 24, 7; 21. for quanto w. comp. see quanto; 22. in quantum, as far as, how far, Quippe pedum digitos in quantum quaque secuta est Traxit et..., Ov. M. 11, 71; nerum in tantum laudandum in quantum intellegi uirtus potest, Vell. 1, 9, 3; uide in quantum corporibus nagari liceat, Sen. ben. 6, 23, 6; qui nationum eam regebat in quantum Germani regnauerunt, Tac. an. 13, 34; in quantum sitis atque fames et frigora poscent, Iuv. 14, 318; quae a me in quantum poterit requirunt, Plin. ep. 10, 70 (75) f.; 23. quantum ad for q. attinet ad, as far as (is concerned), as for, Quantum ad Pirithoum Phaedra pudica fuit, Ov. a. a. 1, 744; proximus annus, ciuili bello intentus, quantum ad Iudaeos per otium transit, Tac. h. 5, 10; 24. quantum as adv., as much as, how much, Si graderer tantum quantum loquere, iam esses ad forum—as fast as—Pl. Ps. 4, 7, 138; tantum quantum quis fuge, Most. 2, 2, 94; Dare uoli uxorem filio quantum potest—as soon as—3, 2, 71; comprehendere iube quantum potest, Ter. Eun. 5, 1, 20; rescribas ad me quantum potest, Cic. Att. 4, 13, 1; add 9, 7, 7; Ei mihi, qualis erat! quantum mutatus

ab illo Hectore qui... Verg. 2, 274; 25. esp. in phrases like, quantum in te est, as far as lies in you, (Cic. N. D. 3, 15; non enim cunctum Romanorum quantum in ipsis fuit sustulerunt, Flac. 61; ut omnia in omnibus quantum in ipsis est... perfecta sint, Tusc. 5, 37; rempulsam, q. in se fuit, probat, Liv. 2, 43, 6; pater, q. in se fuit, Thracem me genuit, vs. Nep. Iph. 3, 4; Quantum in te, Theseu, uolucres Ariadna marinas Paut, Ov. a. a. 3, 35; 26. at times w. comp. more commonly quanto, quantum iuniores patrum plebi se magis insinuant, eo acutus, Liv. 3, 15, 2; (aqua) liquidior et purior est quantum altiori mari hausta est, Colum. 12, 22, 4; 27. quantum ab assiduis laboribus... laxuerat animum, tanto magis... curae augent, Liv. 32, 5, 2; quantum increveret aetuis, uoluit minus nientes erant, 44, 36, 5; answering to a comp. = quanto magis—the more—et quantum introsperet, magis ac magis trepidus, Tac. an. 6, 27; 28. w. superl. and potest. est, as great as (possible), the greatest (possible), tanta est inter eos quanta maxima potest esse morum distantia, Cic. am. 74; opus esse et illum quanta maxima ut... posset Cominium oppugnare, Liv. 10, 39, 9; Postumius genu femur quanta maxima (maxime Madyg etc. w. sss) poterat ni perculit, 9, 10, 10; consul quanti maximis itineribus poterat ad collegam ducebat, 27, 43, 12; Harpalus quanta maxima celeritate poterat regressus... 42, 15, 1; add 24, 35, 5; 29. as multum and πολυ much have pl. multi and πολλοι many, so with quantum how much; above all *deus* = quot; quanti in Prop. (?) and late writers is used for quot how many, At tibi curarum milia quanta (ad multa) dabit! Prop. 1, 5, 10; quanti ex his fortes iuri? Quanti tyrannicide, quanti futuri sacerdotes? Sen. contron. 10, 4, 3 (dub.); O quante pariter manus laborant! Stat. silv. 4, 3, 49; annos... Quot Tithonia computat senectus et cunctis ego Delium poposci, 4, 3, 152; quum sermo esset ortus quanti hermosi esse possent in urbe Romae, Lampr. Helioz. 25, 6; Pallad. 4, 9, 11; add Claud. III Honor. 126 and Rapt. Pros. 2, 308; but not Lucr. 5, 45 nor Val. F. 3, 261.

**quantus-cumque**, (-cumque) adj. pron. however great, how great soever, no matter how great—including the smallest marked \*, first w. its own vb. quorum bona, quantuscumque erant, suis comitibus discripsit, Cic. Phil. 5, 22; totum hoc, quantuscumque est, quod certe maximum est, totum est inquam tuum, Marc. 7; ego quantuscumque sum ad iudicandum... sic statuo..., or. 2, 122; si omne unum... quantuscumque esset, uno pretio ueniret, Gai. dig. 1, 35, 5; add Cels. dig. 12, 1, 42; 36, 1, 33 (32); 2. without a vb., as mere adj. any, no matter how great (or small), Philippo ludorum celebritatem quantuscumque\* de Romanis tamen victoriae parvae fama auserat, Liv. 27, 31, 3; unum quantuscumque\* ex imperato gaudium affulserat, 30, 10, 20; add 32, 5, 1; si cum pretio quantuscumque pactus est, Ulp. dig. 3, 2, 6, 3; add \* below; 3. quantuscumque, n. adj. as adv. however much, no matter how much, de quo q. possum (al. possum) in eo elaborare ut..., Cic. fin. 1, 10; Q. tamen praecordia nostra ualebant..., inuen. Ov. tr. 1, 6, 35; 4. quanti-cumque, no matter at what cost, it not concepisces quantuscumque\* ad libertatem peruenire? Sen. ep. 80, 4; 5. quanticumque, Th. C. 13, 5, 5; add de hered. inst. 2, 14, 5, 1.

**quantus-libet**, (older libet) adj. pron. as great as you please, ceterum quantumlibet me possete arum: ego dabo, Pl. Bac. 4, 4, 52; quantumlibet magnitudo hominis concipiat animo, unus tamen ea magnitudo hominis erit, Liv. 9, 18, 8; quantumlibet ordine dignus, Ov. F. 6, 669; quantumlibet hienis sacentia, Colum. 8, 17, 11; populi agmine, Plin. 8, 87; oneris, 16, 219; supurationes, 20, 56; facilitate, Tac. Agr. 6; Gloria quantumlibet quid erit si gloria tantum? Inuv. 7, 81; tempore, fr. Vatie. 272; 2. quantumlibet, n. adj. as adv. as much as it pleases (them), te q. oderint hostes dum perhorrescant, Eun. Const. 10.

**quantus-quantus**, adj. pron. [ : quantus : quisquis : quis] as great as you please, no matter how great, Homo furti sese adstringit... quantum quantum ad cum erit delatum. Quipini? Pl. Poen. 3, 4, 29; Tu quantum quantum

nihil nisi sapientia es, Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 49; heus quanta quanta haec mea paupertas est, tamen..., Ph. 5, 8, 10; Quanteque quantat (note thesis) hinc nobis uideatur in alto, Lucr. 5, 584 (partly ej.); 2. quantiquanti, absol. no matter at what price, sed q., bene emitur quod necesse est, Cic. Att. 12, 23, 3.

**quantus-uis**, adj. pron. as great as you please, Ne tu habes sermone graphium et quantis preti, Pl. Epid. 3, 29; add Poen. 4, 4, 73; uidetur esse quantis preti, Ter. Andr. 5, 2, 15; Sed tamen esto iam quantioris hinc honore, Lucr. 4, 1171; quantasvis etiam copias (T H K ej.), omitting magnas etiam, as a gloss) Germanorum sustineri posse, Caes. b. g. 5, 28, 4; quantous hominis ingenio, Gell. 14, 1, 5; but Liv. 26, 42, 4 spurious; 2. quantumuis n. adj. as sb. as much as you please, q. fiducia, Nazar. Const. 19 f.

**quapropter**, rel. or interr. conj. [for quam-propter] for what (which) reason, wherefore, why, first w. antec., Sei quid est quapropter nobis uis malum minitanti? Pl. Bac. 5, 2, 25; te mirari Baeciliis Quid sit quapropter te huc foras perueni euocare iussi, Ter. Hee. 5, 1, 7; 2. indir. interr., Non tu seis mulier, Hecebam quapropter canem Graii esse praedicantem? Pl. Men. 5, 1, 14; add Ps. 1, 5, 83; narrare... quia me propter examinationem citius eduxi foras (note the thesis), Ter. Hee. 3, 3, 4; 3. dir. interr., for what reason? Why? Quapropter id uis factum suspicamini? Pl. Most. 2, 2, 52; Quapropter? Quia..., 1, 3, 116; Rud. 2, 6, 52; Ter. Hee. 3, 1, 31; Quapropter? Rogas? Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 43; Ter. And. 1, 1, 136; 4. at beginning of a sentence, referring to preceding, wherefore, for which reason, and therefore, and so, hence, Quapropter Parim pastores nunc Alexandrum uocant, Eun. tr. ap. Varr. 1, 7, 5 p. 360 Sp.; quapropter tum primum ex plebe alter consul factus est, Fab. Pict. ap. Gell. 5, 4, 3; Quapropter bene cum superis de rebus habenda Nobis est ratio, Lucr. 1, 127; add 1, 334 etc.; quapropter hoc dicam..., Cic. Caes. 78; add Q. fr. 1, 1, 4; q. uis memineritis uos patriam in dextris nestrus portare, Sal. Cat. 58, 8; q. praecipienda sunt optima, Quint. 1, 1, 11 etc.; 5. Apul. places it second at times: diuina q. esse, dogm. Pl. 1; tres q. partes, 4; superna q., de mundo 5.

**quā-quā**, pron. conj. [ : qua : quisquis : quis] along whatever line or road, in whatever direction, wherever, Is deridentlos, quaque incedit, omnibus, Pl. Mil. 2, 1, 14; Quaque tangit, omne ambruit: si prope astes, calefacit, Epid. 5, 2, 9; but in Apul. M. 6, 26 read: ante quam decideris; 2. quaque uersus? in every direction, conuales q. repositae (reading dub.), Apul. M. 4, 6; but in Cic. Phil. 9, 10, 16 read perh. quaque.

**quāquam**, see *hauquāquam*, *nequāquam*.

**quāquā**, adv. in every direction, only in usquequaque, wh. see; Manil. 5, 318 text dub.

**quā-rē**, conj. [lit. two words, see in § 4] on which account, wherefore, why, first as rel. w. antecedent, quaremus quare tanta uita fuerit in unico filio quare is patri displiceret, Cic. Rose. Am. 41; commissum mihi esset, quare ad istam rationem perueniretur, Quint. 60;

2. indir. interr. wherefore, why, Sollicitus mihi nescio quare nunc uidetur, Pl. Merc. 2, 3, 30; et fuit aperte mihi nescio quare non amicus, Cic. Att. 6, 3, 6; Quis mihi nunc dicat quare caelestia Martis Arma ferant Salii? Ov. F. 3, 250; add q. 725 etc.; nunc accipe quare Desipiant omnes, Hor. s. 2, 3, 46; add cp. 2, 2, 96; 3. dir. interr. why? quare filiam Creditisti nostram? Pl. Epid. 4, 2, 27; quare's (so Ritschl; sss om. 's) ausus? Mil. 5, 1, 12; quare Tempia ruunt antiqua dem? Cur?... Hor. s. 2, 103; add 2, 3, 126; the shorter cur is gen. preferred in dir. interr.; 4. at beginning of sentence referring to what precedes, wherefore, and therefore, and so, quare re\* libens te in gremio(m) Scipio recipit, CH. 33, 7; quare sint hae fundamenta dignitatis tuae, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 18; add 22, 28, 30, 31, 33, 34, 37, 38; quare aequum est uos cognoscere atque agnoscere, Ter. Eun. pr. 42; Quare participem leti quoque conuenit esse, Lucr. 4, 462; quare Heracleides plus sapit, Varr. ap. Non. 230, 16; quare uos non committeret ut..., Caes. b. g. 1, 13 f.; Quare agite..., Verg. G. 2, 35; A. 1, 627; 7,



130; quare ne paeniteat te..., Hor. s. 1, 2, 77; add 2. 3, 176; **5.** short saying, nunc nec quid nec quare—nobody knew why or wherefore—in caelum abiit, Petr. 37;

**11 6.** by which means, how, omnia excoigitatur, quare nec sine periculo maneat et languore militum et uigilium periculum augeat, Caes. b. g. 5, 31, 5; multas res notas in edictum addidit quare luxuria reprimetur, Nep. Cat. 2, 3; quod neque commissum a se quare timeret neque..., Caes. b. g. 1, 14, 2; satis esse causae quare..., 1. 19, 1 etc.; quae fuit causa quare toto absente bello, 7, 63, 7.

**quartadecumā-nus**, adj. as sb. m., of the fourth (legion), Tac. h. 2, 11 and 43; cf. quartadecimus.

**quartānarius**, adj. containing a fourth, tabulam, Pallad. 2, 11? (al. quaternarius); **2.** suffering from a quartan ague, Schol. ad Iuv. 9, 16.

**quartā-nus**, adj. of the fourth, hence quartana febris a quartan ague, as occurring quarto quoque die, every third day, febris quartana liberatus est in aëre, Plin. 7, 166; Sæua nocens febris saltem quartana fuisset, Mart. 10, 77, 3;

**2.** quartana abn., the same, in quartanam comersa ut est morbi, Cie. fam. 16, 11, 1; Fighia si puerum quartana reliquerit, Hor. s. 2, 3, 290; ex eiusmodi morbo q. fere nascitur, Cels. 2, 7, p. 43, l. 14 Par.; add 2. 1, p. 29, l. 10; credunt quartanas excutere potum caput..., Plin. 20, 56, etc.; cf. Gell. 17, 12, 2; **3.** quartanus as sb. m. a man of the fourth legion, Tac. h. 4, 37; diui Augusti indulgentissimi erga quantanos suos principis epistula, Inscr. Or. 3118.

**quartā-rius**, adj. [cf. sextarius] of a fourth part—hence as sb. m. a fourth of a sextarius, sumito sulfuris quartarium, Cato r. 95 (96), 1; quartarios uini, Liv. 5, 47, 8; mellis, Colum. 12, 5, 1; quartarii farris, Plin. 18, 9.

**quartātō**, adv. (implies a part, quartatus) repeated four times, uerba tertiatō et q. dicere prae metu, Cato ap. Serv. A. 3, 314 (of stuttering).

**quarti-ceps**, ipis. adj. [capio, cf. princeps] taking the fourth place, fourth, colitis, ap. Varr. 5, 8, p. 58 Sp.

**quartō**, quartum, see quartus.

**quartōdecimānus**, adj. of the fourteenth (day), Cassiod. hist. eed. 9, 38.

**quartus**, num. adj. [for quātertus, cf. quater, quatuor. quaterni, *retro*pos] fourth, celsis partem quartam, CIL 577, 20; Mulieres tres: quartus tibi s. quintus ego, sextus senex, Pl. Mil. 4, 4, 19; partem, Caes. b. g. 1, 12, 2; q. ab Arcesia, Cie. acad. pr. 16 etc.; **2.** legio, Tac. an. 1, 70; 14, 34; ætatis annum, 13, 15; **3.** pater=abaus, grandfather's grandfather, Plin. nusque illi quartus pater, Verg. 10, 619; **4.** die quarto three days ago, nuper, die quarto, ut recordor, Cor. Mat. ap. Gell. 10, 24, 10;

**5.** die quartæ three days from this, of future, Dies hic sextus(t), cum nihil egi: die quartæ moriar fane, Pomp. ib. 5,—the distinction is fin. Gellius; **6.** quarta as sb. f., see pars, fourth part, quater, leges decimas uxoris, quartas meretricibus, Quint. 8, 5, 19; cum habeat quartam, Ulp. dig. 5, 2, 8, 15; add Paul. 35, 2, 24, 1; **7.** quarta, f. a cognomen, Claudia C. f. quarta Cibi et Sulpicio Simili uiro sno, et Quartino fil. suo, Inscr. Visc. 1, 186.

**quasco**, (are) (κωσ), vb. croak as a frog, Fest. 258 b 27 M.

**quāsi**, (see §§ 11, 10; older quāncsi, quāncsi) conj. [quam si] as if w. subj., firstly present, simulato quāsi cas prorsum in naum, Pl. Men. 4, 5, 5, as if you were going (when in fact you are not): sies, Mil. 4, 4, 45 etc.; adsimulabo quāsi nunc exeam, Ter. Eun. 3, 2, 8; qui, quāsi sta res agatur, ita diligenter S. Nauci studio morem gerunt, Cie. Quinct. 9;

**2.** w. pres. perf., Atque assimila quāsi per urbem totam hominem quāncsiueris, Pl. Epid. 2, 2, 11, as if you had been (when you have not); adferum, Amph. 1, 1, 45 etc.; adieceris, Mil. 3, 3, 35; Atque hæc perinde loquor quāsi debueris aut potueris P. Quinctium de possessione deturbare, Cie. Quinct. 83; Sic igitur quāsi me nullus deeeperit error, Ov. Pont. 2, 2, 59;

**3.** w. past imp., Coepi rursum uorsum ad illas pauxillatim accedere, Quasi retruderet hominum me uis inuitum, Intellego, Pl. Epid. 2, 2, 64 (as if they had been when in fact they were not); essent, Amph. 5, 1, 44; Et quasi sentirent,...nepotes

Tendebant ad auos brachia parua suos, Ov. F. 3, 321;

**4.** w. past perf., coeperam Me exercere animi, quāsi quid filius meus Me erga deliquisset, Pl. Epid. 3, 9 (when in fact he had not); ita q. ex iure Quiritium dominus factus esset, intendit hoc modo, Gai. 4, 36;

**5.** ellipt., w. main clause omitted, esp. w. uero, as if (you talk as if, I am talking as if), Quāsi te dicas atriensem, Pl. Ps. 2, 2, 15; Quāsi mihi (so mss) non sescenta tanta soli soleant credere, 2, 2, 37; add 39 and 40; q. tacere quicquam potis sis, Poen. 4, 2, 53; Age inerte, quāsi nunc non norimus nos inter nos Clitipho, Ter. Ad. 2, 4, 7; add Andr. 2, 2, 35; 5, 2, 9; Hec. 1, 2, 35; q. uero me pudeat istorum, Cie. fin. 2, 7; q. uero ad cognoscendum ego ad illos, non illi ad me uenire debuerint, fam. 3, 7, 3; cf. Beier ad off. 3, 39; quāsi uero consilii sit res, ac non necesse sit..., Caes. b. g. 7, 38, 7; add b. c. 2, 31, 3; q. uero mali tantummodo in urbe...sint, Sal. Cat. 52, 15;

**6.** in ellipt. phrases without its own verb, illa autem quāsi ab industriam, Mihi aduersari, Pl. Cas. 2, 3, 58; add 4, 3, 8; q. Dedita opera, Cist. 1, 1, 17; audissem Me Quasi per nebulas Regionem meum patrem uocari, Capt. 5, 4, 27; add Ps. 1, 5, 48; Sed quasi lippo oculo me erus meus manum abstinere hui quit tamen, Pers. 1, 1, 11; litteras Graecas...sic auide arripui quāsi diuturnam sitim explere euipiens, Cie. sen. 26; hostes q. (al. sicuti) partia iam uictoria...nullam ascenderet coeperunt, Caes. b. g. 5, 43, 3; Et quāsi cum uero numine posse loqui, Ov. Pont. 2, 8, 10; add M. 1, 614;

**7.** hence w. noun in apposition w. noun of main clause, as if it were, like, Ten (so A) amatorem 'see inuentum inanem quasi cassam nucem! Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 137; eum necebam...quasi turtorem, Poen. 2, 40; add Rud. 3, 6, 4; Amph. 1, 1, 163;

**8.** esp. w. itidem, item, Quid, illas itidem esse censes, quāsi te eum ueste unica? Pl. St. 2, 2, 26; Proripit hominem pedibus hinc itidem quāsi occisam suam, Rud. 3, 2, 40; add 3, 4, 27; As. 1, 3, 26;

**9.** to soften a strong term, as it were, so to say, a sort of, mapalia...q. cohortes rotundae sunt, Cato ap. Fest. 146 M; nam istaec commemoratio Quasi exprobatior in memoriam beneficii, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 17; de Cordifolia q. fabula est, Gran. Licin. p. 10, 1, 8, ed. Bonnenium ph.; facilius erit mihi q. decurus mi temporis, Cie. fam. 3, 2, 2; q. lumen aliquid...elucere sanctitatem tuam, q. 3, 2; ea q. materies omnium malorum facere, Sal. Cat. 10, 3; colitis, Iug. 48, 3; seruus q. ciuitas domus est, Plin. ep. 8, 16, 2; omnes ad amplificandam orationem q. machinae, Quint. 11, 1, 44; in uerbis dubiis et q. duplicibus, q. 2, 60 etc.;

**10.** esp. w. quidam, illae undae comitiorum...efferebant quodam q. aestu, Cie. Planc. 15; mortem non interitum esse...sed quādam q. migrationem uitae, Tusc. 1, 27; cf. Beier ad off. 1, 30;

**11.** so w. vb. or predicate, qui monet, quāsi adiuuat, Pl. Curc. 3, 89; ea (ocasio) nunc quāsi decidit de caelo, Pers. 2, 3, 6; Et deuicta quāsi cogatur ferre patique, Lucr. 2, 291;

**12.** esp. in law—wb. quāsi is used in English—de possessione aut quasi possessione, Gai. 4, 139; cepit quasi usufructus haberi, dig. 7, 5, 2, 1; nec castrensē nec quasi castrensē pecuniam, Ulp. 37, 6, 1, 15;

**13.** w. numbers etc., about, so to say, some, (paulum) hic debet Philolaches. Paulum? quantulum? Quasi quadraginta minas, Pl. Most. 3, 1, 95; quāsi una aetas erat, Capt. pr. 20; Nunc quasi ducentis Philippiis emi filium, Bacc. 4, 8, 78; quasi talenta ad quindecim Coegi, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 93; ex his q. s fisco ad senatorum illum relicto esse, Cie. Verr. 1, 22; est enim q. in extrema pagina Phaedri...orat. 41; hora q. septima, Suet. Cal. 58; cf. w. numerals;

**14.** hence repeated, cum diceret quasi loco quasi serio, half in joke, half seriously, Spart. Get. 4, 5; **15.** w. notion of si wholly lost, just as, and so w. indic., Quasi quom caletur, ecclesiae in occulto latent...Item paratis rebus prolatis latent, Pl. Capt. 1, 1, 12; fuit oliu quasi ego sum senex; et filiae Duæ erant, quāsi nunc meae sunt..., St. 4, 1, 33; Nam qui amanti seruatum seruati quasi ego seruati, Aut. 4, 1, 6;

**16.** w. a superfluous si, as if, si rems lexis esto quāsi sei si haec lege..., CIL 197, 13; add 202, 1, 39; 202, 2, 3; 603, 14; Inscr. Or. 2488; tam quā sei sei locus in teatro esset, CIL 571, 8;

**17.** quāncsi, old form, CIL 200, 27;

**18.** sibe et quase scriptum in multorum libris est. Quint. 1, 7, 24; **19.** qty.—though in origin both syll. long, cf. nisei; yet in poets a never long, i rarely long as in Bacchiæ line, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 32 Quasi salsa murtiatica esse autumantur; and sed quasi ferum aut lapis, Enn. tr. ap. Non. 515, 26; in Lucr. 2, 291 of § 11; but in 5, 729 edd. have Proinde Cato id fieri; **20.** in old drama perh. often a monos. (quā'li), cf. nisi ni and ei; and so si being obscured, the word was lost sight of in sense also, cf. §§ 7, 8, 15; and hence a second si added as in § 16; cf. nisi si for nisi.

**quāsīll-ārius**, adj. [quāsīllus] of the wool-basket, hence quasillaria as sb. f. a spinning-woman, Petr. 132; Musa quasill. uix. an. xxx Cratinus. lanipend. de. suo. inser. Grut. 648, 5.

**quāsīllus**, sb. dīm. m. (-um n.) [quālus, see quālus] a small wicker basket, esp. for wool, cum quāsīllum terra impleto, Cato r. 133, 3; pressumpne quāsīllō Scortum, Tib. 4, 10, 3; Et grauiora rependit iniquis pensa quāsīllis, Prop. 4, 7, 41; Calathos Graeci, nos dicimus quāsīllōs, Paul. ex F. 47 M; talassionem uocabant quāsīllum qui uocabat calathus, was lanificius aptum, 350; but quasilla as n. in Cie. Phil. 3, 10 corrupt.

**quā-tēnūs**, (quātūnus Veg.\*) pron. conj. [quam tenus] to what limit, as far as, first of place, uti Italiae, nisi q. nullum castrorum cingit, nihil reliqueritis Poeno, Liv. 28, 39, 14; ut q. tuto possent, Italiam spectatum irent, 21; praedictur inferior (pars arboris) q. uidetur inhabitari, Colum. 9, 8, 11 (of bees); non totus...loens religiosus fit, sed q. corpus humatum est, Ulp. dig. 11, 7, 2, 5; **2.** indir. interr. how far, dici potest q. nocuerit (histula), Cels. 5, 28, 12, p. 213, § 8 D; loens latere potest quātūnus determinetur, Ulp. dig. 50, 16, 60, 2; **3.** met. as far as, so far as, leges (tollunt) quātūnus q. manu possunt, philosophi q. ratione, Cie. off. 3, 68; q. de religione dicebat, Bibulo assensum est, fam. 1, 2, 1; add 4, 4, 1; cum praetor in heredem dat actionem q. ad eum pertinet, Paul. dig. 50, 17, 127; **4.** indir. interr. how far q. sint ridicula tractanda oratori, perquam diligenter uidendum est, Cie. or. 2, 237; in omnibus rebus uidendum est quātūnus, orat. 73; uideamus q. amor in amicitia progredi debeat, am. 36; add Ulp. 11, 8, 5, 1; **5.** dir. int. how far? how long? quibus auspiciis istos fasses augur acciperem? Quātūnus haberem? Cie. Phil. 14, 14; **6.** in as much as, since, Quātūnus in pullos animalis uertit ora Cernimus..., Scire licet..., Lucr. 2, 927; add 3, 218; quātūnus, heu nefas, Virtutem incoleum odiūmus..., Hor. ocl. 3, 24, 30; add s. 1, 1, 64; 1, 3, 76; 2, 4, 57; lacdere quātūnus ipsū non poterat, Ory. M. 14, 40; add S. 784; tr. 5, 5, 21; q. ueritati nusquam loens est, Tac. an. 3, 16 etc.; q. nobis denegatur diu uiuere, Plin. ep. 7, 3, 14; **7.** in order that, esp. w. comp., conuenit in pascua mitti...quātūnus\*...facilis digerat morbum, Veg. 1, 14, 6; q.\* melius, 1, 22, 5; q.\* citius, 3, 13, 7.

**quātēr**, adv. [for quater-is? as ter for ter-is; cf. bis, δις, τετρακτис, E. twice thrice] four times, aut quater quātēr\* minis, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 111; quater pecunia mea iuni aeternum, mon. Ancyr. 3, 34; add 4, 35; quātēr ipso in limine portae Substitit, atque utro sonitu quātēr arma dedere, Verg. 2, 242; add G. 1, 410; toto non quātēr anno, Hor. s. 2, 3, 1; fit pedes xx; hoc duce quater: fuit lxxx, Colum. 5, 2, 9; Cimae quater consulis, Suet. Caes. 1; **2.** w. ord. numbers, see \* above, Me quater undenos..., Hor. ep. 1, 20, 27; Ante quater denos hunc se remissit annos, Ory. M. 7, 203; septenos quater, Anson. parent. 9, 25; quotations in Fore. fin. bell. Afr., Vitr., Plin. all erroneous; see too

**quātēdecī-ies**, adv. [quattuordecim] fourteen times, Hs- quaterdecies 14(00000) sesterces, Cie. Verr. 2, 1, 100.

**quātērn-ārius**, adj. of four each, scrobes quaternarii, hoc est quonquens pedum iiii, Colum. 11, 2, 28; nomina —having four cases, Gram. Vat. de nom. 68; numerus q., number four, Plin. 28, 64.

**quātēr-ni**, num. adj. distr. four (each), Titurium quaternos denarios in singulis uni amphoras portorii nomine

exegisse, Cie. Font. 19, (9); primam aciem quaternae cohortes ex V legionibus tenebant, Caes. b. c. 1, 83, 2; quaterna in singulos iugera, b. c. 1, 17, 4; Saepae tribus lectis uideas cenare quātērnos, Hor. s. 1, 4, 86; si quaterna pedum spatia inter ordines relicturi sumus, Colum. 5, 5, 2; balanae quaternum iugurum, Plin. 9, 4, add Sobin. 26, 6; **2.** in multipl., in Italiam terna atque quaterna milia succidiarum aduehere, Cato orig. ap. Varr. r. 2, 4, 11; his quaternas causas, Varr. 1, 5, 1, 5 p. 17 Sp.; IV legiones quaternum milium, Liv. 6, 22, 8; duplicatue quātērnos, Manil. 3, 596; bisque quaternorum, Anson. idyl. 11, 60; ter sanxere quaternae, 61; **3.** in poets sing. for pl., Amphora uicenis, modius datur aere quaterno, Mart. 12, 76, 1.

**quātēr-nio**, ōnis, m. dīm. a little packet of four (as in dice), Isid. orig. 18, 65; **2.** number four, quaternioni duos adiciendo, Mart. Cap. 7, 767 (255).

**quātūnus**, see quatenus.

**quātio**, ēre, per-cussī, quassus vb. [= παλ of παλλω and so παλ of παλ-σσω, pl-ango; also=quer of queror, wh. see] strike, significat ut Verrinus putat ferire, Fest. 261 a 14; homo quatiatur certe cum dono foras=be kicked out of the house—Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 67; Quod quasi temone adiunctam prae se sequit Arcton, Cie. arat. ap. N. D. 2, 109; cf. quassus below and percutio; **2.** met., Non uoluit instantis tyranni Mente quatit solida, Hor. od. 3, 3, 4; est in animis tenerum quiddam...quod aegritudine quasi tempestate quatit, Cie. Tusc. 3, 12; Et signa nona belua uoluit Quatiens populos terrore graui, Sen. Herc. Oct. 2003; **11** **3.** strike and so shake, Harum pars tecta quatiebant cuspidē thyrsos, Catul. 64, 256; Carthaginiis moenia quatit ariete, Liv. 21, 10, 6; Quadripedumque putrem cursu quatit ungula campum, Verg. 11, 875; Neptunus muros magnoque emota tridentis Fundamenta quatit totamque a sedibus urbem Ermit. 2, 611; Matris quate cymbala, G. 4, 64; super umeros senta quatiuntur, Tac. h. 2, 22; manibus catenas gerebat quatiēbatque, Plin. ep. 7, 27, 5; **4.** shake, manu Plinam quate taedam, Catul. 61, 15; add 78; 63, 10; quam equus magna vi caput quateret, Liv. 8, 7, 10; magnis quatiunt clangoribus alas, Verg. 3, 226; nulli frigidus horror Membra quatit, 3, 30; Glandifera quereum quam dum complexibus ambit Et quatit huc illic..., Ory. M. 12, 329; Ardua si terrae quatiatur motibus Ide, 12, 521; **5.** met., optata oppida bello, Verg. 9, 608; quatiebatur his seque ingenium, Tac. h. 1, 52 f.; ut Morinos et extrema Galliarum quateret, 4, 28; **111** **6.** quassus part. shattered, broken, quid refert mea An aula quassa cum cinere effossus siet? Pl. Cure. 3, 26; ab infimis Quassas eripunt aequoribus rates, Hor. od. 4, 1, 32; add 1, 1, 18; tegula, Ory. F. 6, 316; faces, 5, 508; M. 3, 508; tibiae, Quint. 11, 3, 20; **7.** met., sexta quatiuntur (littera f) quassa quodammodo utique quotiens aliquam consonantium frangit, ut in hoc ipso frangit, Quint. 12, 10, 29; haec quassa uoce, Curt. 7, 7, 20; but in Sen. Herc. f. 1316 fessam.

**quātūriduānus**, adj. of four days, Lazarus quātūriduanus mortuus, Hier. ep. 108, 24.

**quātū-duum**, (quadr. 2) i. n. [quater, diu; cf. bīduum, trīduum] space of four days, quos continuo tibi reponam hoc triduo aut quātūduo, Pl. Pers. 1, 1, 38; quātūduo (al. quadr.) quo haec gesta sunt, Cie. Rose. Am. 20; Indos per iiii fecerunt iiii primi, inser. Visc. 1, 80.

**quātēr-io**, ōnis, m. dīm. a small packet of four, as four on dice, Isid. orig. 18, 65. See quaternio.

**quātēr-sexium**, i. n. sextarium, bisextium trisextium q., not. Tir. 147.

**quātūr**, (quātūr?) num. undecl. [?] four, de eis quātūr uiatoribus, (CIL 202, 2, 18; q. praecombus, 22; iam pridem uidetur factum heri quod homines quātūr..., Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 147; Quātūr uiros sopori..., 150; add 12 others; bellum quod quātūr et uiginti annos fuit, Cato orig. ap. Non. 100, 12; mix tria aut quātūr nominantur parua amicorum, Cie. ann. 15; add Tim. 5; rep. 3, 12; Temporibusque parum diuersis quātūr annum, Verg. G. 1, 258; add B. 5, 66 etc.; resonat quae chordis quātūr iura, Hor. s. 1, 3, 8 etc.; Quātūr in partes certamina quātūr

addit, Ov. M. 6, 85 etc.; 2. as disyl., quātor (quattor, Ritschl Rh. Mus. Phil. n. 8, 309) or quātor, Cedunt de caelo ter quātor corpora sancta, Enn. ap. Cic. diu. 1, 107; iamque fere quātor partum..., ap. Char. 114 P, 141, 26 K; see quattuordecim; 3. but in Pl. Most. 3, 1, 102: Quattuor quadraginta illi debentur minae—for q. et q.—is bad Latin; read perh. imo of which im may have been confounded w. mri and so changed to quattuor; 4. q. primi, the four leading members of the decuriones, ludos fecerunt mri primi, inser. Visc. 1, 80; add Grut. 506; 5. = Go. fidōr, S. catvār, Gr. τετραπ- and τετραπ- in Osc. petur, Gael. ceathair w. pedwar, old Slav. четинге.

quattuordecies? adv. 14 times, Plin. 3, 84 has only xiiii; see quattuordecies.

quattuor-dēcim, (quattor-?) num. undecl. fourteen, Plin. 2, 58; but not Flor. 2, 18; 2. absol. of the 14 front rows in the theatre scaptari forequites (gradus understood), Herennium Gallum..., in xiiii sessum deduxit, Asin. Poll. ap. Cic. fam. 10, 32;...eques Romanus es...At multis quattuordecim clausi sunt, Sen. ep. 44, 2; in q. deduxisse, ben. 3, 9, 2; also: Gradibus propinquis in quattuordecim sedes, Aus. sap. 5—quattuordecim?

quattuor-uīr, -ūiri, m. one of four leading men in a municipium etc., mūir praefectus municipi, CIL 205, 1, 6; add 16 etc.; 206, 139; mūiriū iour(i) dele(undo), 1184; C. Quintus C. f...mūiri(i) portas turreis aequas qum moiro faciendum coirauerunt, inser. Or. 566.

quattuor-uīr-ālis, e, adj. of the office of quattuoruir, cena, inser. Or. 7061; 2. one who has held that office (cf. consularis), C. Iulianus Iulius dec. mun. mūiralis sibi et...coniugi..., inser. Or. 494.

quattuor-uīr-ātus, ūis, m. office of quattuoruir, nei quis eorum..., mūiri(atum) nūe quom alium magistratūm petito nūe capito, CIL 206, 90; add 95 and 136; anno mūiri. sui, inser. Or. 3848.

quātus, i, m. (= cynthius and pure Latin), Pallad. 1, 27, 1; 128; 5, 1 (al. ciati); 11, 14, 5 (al. ciatos).

quē, conj. [see below] and, fortis uir sapiensque...subigit omne(m) Loucanam opesque addonit, CIL 30; deque\* eius rebus decerneret, 106, 5; and in all authors: 2. esp. in uniting cognate words, iourant per Iouem deque, CIL 197, 18; add 24; petitio nominisq. delatio, 108, 4; possidere fruique, 199, 24; cibatus commensatusque, Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 69; somno leni placidoque, Enn. ap. Front. ep. 4, 12, p. 74 Nab; id. gratum acceptumque habendum, Cic. Tusc. 5, 45; carus acceptusque, Sal. lug. 12, 3; 108, 1; uariis incertusque, 74, 1; 3. w. words of precisely opposite meaning, and so united in idea, noctes diesque, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 18; Amph. 1, 1, 14; dies noctesque, Truc. 5, 12; As. 3, 3, 128; diuina humanaque omnia, Amph. 1, 1, 102; plus minusque, Capt. 5, 3, 18; domi duellique, As. 2, 2, 17; Accipie daque fidem, Enn. ap. Maer. s. 6, 1, 13; res magnas paruasque, ap. Gell. 12, 4, 4; terra marique, Cic. Manil. 56; fam. 5, 9, 2; Sal. Cat. 13, 3; ultro citroque, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 170; Caes. b. g. 1, 42, 4; Liv. 5, 8, 6; 4. so far chiefly uniting single words, also as uniting clauses...Deiciamque earum omnis telas, Pl. St. 2, 2, 25;...cumque in omnibus rebus uim habeant maximam prima et extrema, Cic. N. D. 2, 67; cum ciuitas...conarctur, multitudinemque...magistratus coheret, Caes. b. g. 1, 4, 3; 5. w. same word repeated, in tanta felicitate tantisque uictoriis, Cic. fam. 1, 9, 18; quam ego semper sum admiratus semperque amari, 1, 7, 9; magis magisque, Phil. 1, 5; fam. 2, 18, 2; penitus penitusque, Enn. contr. 2, 179; 6. same w. order inverted, digitorum enim contractio facilis faciliusque porrectio..., Cic. N. D. 2, 150; 7. esp. w. rel. repeated, and this because repetition implies emphasis (as in following §§), qui Thersames maiores l'essidae fuerunt, quique eorum..., CIL 204, 1, 1; qui dant quique accipiunt faenori, Pl. Cure. 4, 1, 19; quae leget quaque reiciet, Cic. fin. 4, 40; qui senatores essent quibusque in senatu sententiam dicere liceat, Liv. 36, 3, 3; 8. so w. conj. rep., Di tibi omnes omnia optata offerant, Quoni me tanto honore honestas quomque ex uinculis eximis, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 106; add Truc. 2, 4, 33; 2, 6, 35; dom licitumst ei dumque atque tulit, Ter. And. 2, 16, 12; add 3, 3, 25; Haut, 5, 5, 15; cum

ipsum mundum, cum eius membra, caelum terras maria, cumque horum insignia, solem lunam stellasque nidissent, Cic. N. D. 1, 100; Ante...Debita quam sulcis committas semina, quaque..., Verg. G. 1, 223; ut...utque, 3, 24; 9. w. prep. rep., pro eo agro proque scriptura pccoris, CIL 200, 19; de eo aquo ea pecunia petita erit, deque eo quoi..., 205, 2, 9; add 205, 2, 38; Id tel opester per senectutem tuam, Perque illam quam tu..., Pl. As. 1, 1, 4; add Sal. Ing. 58, 5; 71, 5; Ov. M. 7, 853; cum condimentis tuis Cumque tuis istis omnibus inculcatis, Pl. Ps. 3, 2, 49; add Cure. 1, 1, 2; add filiihine adque Ruseionem, Cato ap. Char. 207 K; de ui ignea deque eo calore, Cic. N. D. 3, 18; add top. 94; fam. 11, 21, 5; pro deum templis proque urbis maris, N. D. 3, 94; add Cat. 23; fam. 6, 22, 2; in communi religione inque his sacris quae..., Verr. 2, 4, 115; In latus inque feni curam compagibus alium Contorsit, Verg. 2, 51; add 12, 293; 10. w. per very, as attached to adj., rep., id mihi pergratum perque incundum, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 1, 12; add or. 1, 205; 11. w. prefix to vbs. rep., in alto Distraxissent disque tulissent satellites tui miserum foede, Pl. Trin. 4, 1, 14; Sed penitus percuti consoli conque putrescent, Lucr. 3, 343; disiecis disque sapatis, 1, 651; seingit seque gregari, 1, 452; 12. w. in neg. (or = male) rep., Hanc ego nunc i-guarum huius quodecumque perichist, Inque salutatum linquo, Verg. 9, 288;—and through confusion w. prep. in, inutilis inque ligatus, 10, 794; 13. q. added to final term of series alone, a b c que, Vss quae in mundicie mollicis delicisq. actatulum agitis, Pl. Ps. 1, 2, 40; nobis haec habitatio Bona fausta felix fortunataque euenat, Trin. 1, 2, 3; temporum maturitates mutationes necessitudinesque, Cic. N. D. 1, 100; urbem pulcherrimam florentissimam potentissimamque esse uoluerunt, Cat. 2, 29; Numidas funditores sagittariosque, Caes. b. c. 2, 10, 1; add 5, 47, 2; 14. esp. when the final sums up, seuenam pulpitum ceteraque quae ad eos ludos opus erunt, CIL 206, 77; ita me Iuppiter Iuno Ceres... Saturnus daque omnes ament, Pl. Bac. 4, 8, 54; pietas bonitas...comitas quaque sunt eiusdem generis, Cic. fin. 5, 65; solem lunam sidera uniuersitatemque rerum, N. D. 1, 39; add Tusc. 4, 64; liberos uxores suaque omnia, Caes. b. g. 4, 19, 2; fimbriis ancoris reliquisque armamentis amissis, 4, 29, 3; libidinem odium inuidiam metum cupiditatesque omnes, Cic. Cln. 150; 15. w. que added to all but the first, a bque cque, hos ut accipias coquos Tibicinamque obsoniumque in nuptias, Pl. Aut. 2, 6, 8; fame sitiisque speque, Rud. 2, 2, 7; muros urbemque forumque Excebiis curant, Enn. ap. Gell. 16, 10, 1; propterea quod a cultu...absunt, minimeque ad eos mercatores commeat...proximique sunt Germanis, Caes. b. g. 1, 1, 3; add 5, 43; sed adhuc Minyeia proles Vrgut opus, spernitque deum festumque profanant, Ov. M. 4, 390; huc Sagaris Peniusque Hypanisq. Calesque, Pont. 4, 10, 47; quae more parentum Rura colunt, operique fauent, insperumque laborant, M. 15, 307; add 15, 473 and 727; 16. que before first of the two words united, chiefly in poets, both—and—, at once—and—, alike—and—, a que bque, amicum memum, Quoi ego liberosq. bonaque commendauit Calliclem, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 35; Apti aedem pro eius factis plurimisque pessumisque Dixi causam, Men. 4, 2, 22; Quem fecit mores ueteresque nonosque tenentem, Enn. ap. Gell. 12, 4, 4; noctesque diesque, ap. Cic. sen. 1, 1; Quo res sapsa loco sese ostentatque iubetque, ap. Fest. 325 M; ferroque lapique, ap. Prisc. 1, 287 K; hastas frangitque quatitque, ap. Maer. 6, 3, p. 516 Lan; hominumque ferarumque, Verg. G. 3, 242; aptant remosque rudentisque, A. 5, 753; add 9, 650; 12, 119; Et cum fortuna statque caditque fides, Ov. Pont. 2, 3, 10; postquam senior regnumque aenumeque peregit, M. 15, 485; add 490 and 590; 17. rarely in prose, but only w. single pron. in first clause, sequere remque publicam, Sal. Cat. 9, 3; 36, 4; lug. 85, 36; sequae illisq. 21, 4; illoque aliisque temporibus, 100, 5; sequae regnumque tutatus est, Tac. an. 2, 3; add 1, 4; 18. the same more than once repeated, a que b que c que etc., Quae res recte uortat huiusque tibiue tnaeque filiae, Pl. Aut. 2, 2, 41; huius malo...Quid mihi huiusque filiaeque erili est, Ter. Ad. 4, 3, 2; Vbi fidemque remque sequae sequae pro-

perat perdere, Pl. Epid. 2, 3, 36; omnia secum Armentarius Afer agit, tectumque Larenque Armaque Amyclaeumque canem Cressanque pharetram, Verg. G. 3, 344; add 9, 344; Ignarus deinde... Alcaudumque..., 9, 767; add 9, 344; Ingentis gradu contra ferrumque locumque Saxaque..., Ov. Pont. 4, 7, 33; 19. que—et—both—and—, alike—and— (in wh. the first clause is limited to a single word, chiefly two in poets), neque et spes meas, Pl. Most. 2, 1, 59; Est profecto deus qui quae nos gerimus audiat et uidet, Capt. 2, 2, 64; Sileteque et tacete, Poen. pr. 3 (perh. fin. Em.); Equidem pol in eam pariter accipioque et uolo, Ter. Eun. 5, 2, 37; praeter aequonque et bonum, Ad. 1, 1, 39; Non potest quia illa stacta longaeque et multis olat, Afran. ap. Non. 147, 1; armenta nidebant Romanoque foro et lautis mugire Carinis, Verg. 8, 361; Attolens umero famaque et fata nepotum, 8, 731; add 5, 467;

20. so in Sal. with a pron. by itself in first clause, uti seque et oppidum tradat, Lug. 26, 1; ut seque et exercitum...gereret, 55, 1; id ibique et in omni Africa, 80, 7; aqua seque et iumenta onerare, 91, 2; add 104, 1; 114, 2;

21. also in Livy and Tac. w. a single noun in first clause, sed dique et homines prohibere..., Liv. 5, 49, 1; add 5, 51, 3; tela in hostem hastaque et gladiis, 1, 43, 2; eo panore signaque et ordines turbauit, 2, 59, 7; Quinctiorum Cincinnatique et Capitolini sententiae abhorrebant a caede, 4, 6, 7; plaususque et assensu, 4, 53, 12; omnibus priuatisque et publicis fungitur officis, 9, 1, 7; seque et cohortem, 25, 14, 5; add 27, 21, 1; cunctos sibique et proelio firmabat, Tac. an. 1, 71; equorum quis seque et coniugem abstulit, 12, 51;

22. similarly et—que, both—and—, memor et quae essent dicta contra quaque ipse dixisset, Cie. Brut. 302; quis est qui intellegat et eos qui..., inmemores fuisse utilitatum suarum nosque... honestate duci? fin. 5, 64; Pompeias et apud populum... clamore iactatus est in senatuque a Catone...est accusatus, fam. 1, 56, 1; igitur et Epaminondas...fidibus praeculare ceccissime dicitur, Themistoclesque...eum in epulis rearsent hyram est habitus inductor, Tusc. 1, 4; nam et uoluptate capiuntur omnes...similique inscientia mori fugitur, leg. 1, 31, 1; id et singulis uniuersisque semper homini fuisse, Liv. 4, 2, 3 (so P. M. but suspicious); cf. Madv. ad fin. 5, 64; 23. rarely que—atque—, both—and—, Compensis manibus manus atque oribus ora, Verg. 8, 486; illa...seque ac maiores et posteros municipali adultero foedabat, Tac. an. 4, 3; but scarcely Liv. 26, 24, 6. wh. Madvig adds facturum, nor Tac. an. 4, 34, wh. Halm omits que, 22;

24. w. adq. or alv. of comparison, first preceding both of the things compared, non idem indicium commissatorumque conspectus, Cie. Cael. 67; iuxta boni maliue, Sal. Lug. 67, 2; pestilentia incesserat pari clade in Romanos Poeniosque, Liv. 28, 46, 15; discedunt pariter commusque deusque, Ov. M. 15, 25; 25. or after both, ad imperii nostri terrarumque illarum idem esset extremum, Cie. pron. 13; eorum ego uitam mortemque iuxta aestumo, Sal. cat. 2, 8;

26. inserted, as if enclitically, cunctatio Fabii...ita contempta erat inter ciues, armatos pariter togatosque, Liv. 22, 23, 3; hoc, principium simul omneque belli, 21, 29, 4; binis eadem hora euptis simul incensique castris, 26, 30, 14; inuabant pariter diuinitus seceabant, Verg. 10, 222;

27. for que combined w. et or atque or w. both so as to group and distinguish the parts of a long compound passage, see Gram. and et, atque; 28. at times for the very purpose of deluging the ear w. confusion, que in every clause chief or secondary, parent matresque nurusque Telasque calathosque..., solimque bimatem, Ov. M. 4, 9—12; cf. Cie. leg. 1, 66; N. D. 1, 100; 29. like et, used at times disjunctively or more strictly, to indicate—some one and some the other, Ant alio quouis, mo uariorque, aduoca, Lucr. 2, 825; fugiebant saxea tecta Spumigeri suis aduentu nallidique leonis, 5, 985; 30. opposed to a preceding neque (nec), neque et deesse nolam et qui possem timebam, Cie. Att. 12, 24, 1; ex quo intellegitur nec intemperantiam propter se esse fugiendam, temperantiamque expectandam, non quia..., sed quia..., fin. 1, 48; nec enim in Torquati sermone quicquam implicatum fuit, nostraque...dilucida oratio, 3, 3; add N. D. 1, 68; si istie affuisse

neque tibi defuisse, coramque meum dolorem tibi declarassem, Sulp. ap. Cie. fam. 4, 5, 1; Arcanum neque tu scrutaberis illius inquam, Commissumque teges, Hor. ep. 1, 18, 38; sed neque cum prohibeo quo minus cuncta proferat..., uosque oro ne..., Tac. an. 3, 12; 31. que appears at times to stand third in its clause; but the first of the two preceding words will gen. be a proclitic, esp. a prep., as: exaquo (written gen. ex eaque), Cie. N. D. 1, 105; 2, 138; inbonisque numeraueris, fin. 3, 10; inprimisque iersutum, off. 1, 108; 2, 39; inuarius perierunt, N. D. 3, 89; inespemque laborant, Ov. M. 15, 367; obaeque causam, Cie. fin. 1, 47; Tusc. 5, 44; N. D. 2, 25; obaeque mulieris, fin. 2, 66; obaeque errorem, 1, 43; adeaque degendam, off. 1, 11; adaeque conspectum, leg. 1, 26; anaturaque desciscimus, Tusc. 3, 3; alarmisque recessimus, Rose. Am. 16; detotaque re, Att. 12, 24, 1; deprimaque (parte) diximus, N. D. 3, 20; peracut et callidus cumprimisque ridiculus, Brut. 224; percosdemque, off. 2, 18; quamuis enim res bonas utiote perimque tulerit, Phil. 5, 10; postpaucisque dies, Liv. 36, 21, 3; subocausumque solis destiterunt, Caes. b. g. 2, 11, 6; obaeque res, 2, 35, 4; this order seems to have been unknown to old language, cf. exp. marked \*; abundant in Cie.; 32. even w. disyll. prep., apudaeque ne cogas causam dicere, Cie. Planc. 40; internosque conferre solitudines nostras, fam. 6, 21, 2; ad eas artes celebrandas internosque recolendas, or. 1, 2; quod sit ipsum sua uti propterque expetendum, fin. 2, 44;

33. so w. other proclitics, ut iam liceat una comprehensione omnia completi nondubitanterque dicere..., Cie. fin. 5, 26 (cf. nonfaciendum, 1, 47); Messalam terra dum sequiturque mari, Tib. 1, 3, 56; dissensio et quot genera, et quae quamquamque sicut species, Quint. 9, 1, 10; 34. que post-

posed to second half of pentameter, tuto mala saepe loquuntur, Forsitan obiciunt exiliumque mihi, Ov. tr. 5, 10, 40; rumpam mea uita catenas Ferratam Danaes transiliamque domum, Prop. 2, 16, 11; quum maestus ab alto Hion ardentem respiceretque deos, Tib. 5, 2, 22; add 1, 6, 54; 1, 3, 55; 1, 10, 53; 2, 5, 86; 12, 6, 15;

35. que affixed at times to a predicate or adj. common to the words it should join in poets, Insanum te omnes pueri clamentique puellae (growing perh. out of a fuller: pueri clament clamentique puellae), Hor. s. 2, 3, 130; sed idem Pacis eras mediusque belli, od. 2, 19, 27; Ore pedes fatigatque crura, 2, 19, 32; Moribus hic meliorque fama, 3, 1, 12; Ludo fatigatumque somno, 3, 4, 11; Orbis ut cantus referatque ludos, carm. saec. 22; Di bene fecerunt inopis me quodque passilli Finxerunt animi, s. 1, 4, 17; add 1, 4, 115; 1, 6, 42; 2, 3, 182; od. 1, 5, 6; 2, 19, 24; O quantum et auri potius peratque smaragdi, Tib. 1, 1, 55;

36. que attached to first word of a speech, yet belonging to a following ait etc.: 'Quid' quae tibi lasciuie puer cum fortibus armis? Dixerat, Ov. M. 1, 456; 'In' que 'futurum Pone metus' inquit, 1, 735; add 757; 2, 33; 4, 335 and 336; 5, 327; 37. que as added to *et*, not pleasing, yet found in: colereque, CIL 199, 29; habereque, 200, 41; mittereque, uenireque, 205, 47; auferreque, Pl. Mil. 4, 1, 35; sineque, Capt. 2, 1, 28; maleque, Bac. 4, 9, 54; beneque, Capt. 2, 3, 44; fugereque, Trin. 4, 1, 27; docereque, Cie. acad. pr. 29; incolereque, fin. 4, 3, 9; orationeque, N. D. 3, 5; mutareque, Lucr. 1, 666; lacrimareque, 2, 420; penetrareque, 2, 400 etc.; but never perhaps in Verg. or Ovid, says Munro ad Lucr. 1, 666;

38. que rarely in good writers added to sic, hic, nunc, cf. Madv. ad fin. 5, 40; yet Ov. her. 7, 152 has haeneque; indeed if admissible the forms should have been sicque etc., cf. sicne, hicne, nuncne; but lexque occurs CIL 202, 2, 3; exque\* iis libris, 206, 155; rexque, Cie. fam. 15, 4, 6; Phil. 1, 10; noxque, Ov. Pont. 2, 3, 25; duxque, M. 5, 327; uixque, Liv. 3, 16, 4; Tib. 2, 5, 111; haeneque, Apul. dogm. Plat. 1, 18; hoque, Aum. 23, 4, 2;

39. que w. long e at times in dactylic verse, Calones famulique metallique caenaeque, Aec. ap. Fest. 116 M.; Limulique laurusque, Verg. 3, 91; Chloreaque Sybarique..., 12, 363 etc.; Fammique Satyrice, Ov. M. 1, 193; Telasque calathosque, 4, 10; add 5, 484; 7, 225; 10, 202; 11, 290; Calaeoque Meropeque, German. arat. 202; Laetaque dextraque, Corp. laud. Iust. 3, 177; cf.

Ἀρκεῖλος τε Προβήτωρ τε Κλωνίος τε, II. 2. 495; see next §; 40. que written as a mere q, fameque=bona-existūq=bonis(to)-felix, CIL 1071; eidemq=prob(a)uerunt, 1140; eidemq=locum emerunt, 1143 etc.; 41. que=te just as quis=ris; again as a mere q of utriusque quandoque in Oscan is pīd (piā, pīt) in pūtīnspīd, pokapīd (-pīt), so que may have come from an older quet; cf. Oscan can often reduced to a mere c(ē)=ee and e of huius-cē, hī-cē; also cf. ue as enclitic for uel; thus τε, καί, que, et are prob. all of one stock, the oldest form being something like ken, and so one w. Oscan in (in, ev), as well as Dutch en, E. and; see Essays, p. 149.

**quem-ad-mōdum**, adv. (pronounced in Pl. qu'admōdum) to what measure, or extent, how far, as far as, Omnium primum amoris artēis eloqur quemadmodum expēdiant, Pl. Trin. 2, 1, 11; isti qui Clodii leges timentur, q. ceteras obseruantur? Cic. dom. 71; ius esse belli ut qui uicissent huius quos uicissent q. uellent imparent, Caes. b. g. 1, 36, 1; si ipse populo Romano non praescriberet q. suo iure uteretur, non oportere... 1, 36, 2; ut q. in tribunis consulari potestate creandis uis sint (iustis uiribus suis), adaeque in quaestoribus liberum esset arbitrium populi, Liv. 4, 43, 5;

2. how, after what fashion, uide Quemadmodum astitit seuero fronte curas cogitant, Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 46; eo omnem rem scio Quemadmodumst, Bac. 3, 3, 70; add 4, 4, 81; Mil. 3, 3, 11; Cure. 2, 3, 91; Nunc si dico ut res est... quemadmodum existimet me? Merc. 2, 3, 18; q. congruit ut et... Plin. ep. 7, 2, 1; 3. how, by what means, Facere (Facere amicum) tibi me potis es sempernum. Quemadmodum? Vt mihi des nummos sescentos quos..., Pl. Pers. 1, 1, 36; neque q. oppidum defendent habebant, Caes. b. g. 3, 16, 3; consilia inibat q. a Gergouia discederet, 7, 43, 5; prins consenserunt quam q. accedisset animaduerti possent, b. c. 2, 14, 2; si non reliquit, q. Hic cecidit ab eo postea exegisti? Cic. Rose. com. 55; add Cat. 3, 3; 11 4. as, oft. followed by sic, ita, item, so etc., si q. soles de ceteris rebus, sic de amicitia disputaris, Cic. am. 16; add rep. 1, 3; q. me censes oportere esse..., ita ex seico, Q. fr. 2, 15, 4; non enim q. si quiescentum ex eo sit..., item si de officio nescire se dicat, acad. pr. 110; add 2, 2, 83; 5. as, esp. in examples, q. Lilius scripsit, Quint. 2, 5, 20; add q. 3, 75 etc.

**quēo**, quire, quidū, quitus [stem quon, as in nē-quin-ont, = E. ean, G. können] vb. can, be able, qui me meosque non quemam defendere, Pl. Bac. 4, 8, 5; qui ipse sibi sapiens prodesse non quit, neququam sapit, Enn. ap. Cic. fam. 7, 6; Vt quimus aiunt, quando ut uolumus non licet, Ter. Andr. 4, 5, 10; non que uero reliqua scribere, Cic. fam. 14, 1, 5; nam multitudine hostium ne circumuenire queat prohibent angustiae loci, Sal. Cat. 58, 20; add Iug. 10, 4; quod iam implorare quamus, Verg. 10, 19; ut uis...detereri quierit, Liv. 4, 24, 9; 2. in pass. Nece subigi queantur umquam, Pl. Pers. 2, 2, 12; si non sarciri quitur, Caecil. ap. Diom. 385, 28 K; forma in tenebris nosci non quita est, Ter. Hee. 4, 1, 57; neque ut impelli neque prece Quitus sum, Acc. ap. Diom. 385, 23 K; unde omnia...perdisce ac percipi Queuntur, ib.; Dum ueniant aliae ac suppleri summa queatur, Lucr. 1, 1045; 3. for forms, quibam, Pl. Trin. 3, 2, 31; quibo, Mil. 4, 6, 25; quiero, Varr. I. 5, 1, 4; quirem, Pl. Merc. pr. 55; quiret, Tac. an. 1, 66; quierit, Lucr. 6, 855; quis-ent, Aulon, ep. 139; quire, Gell. 11, 9, 1; quiese, Lucr. 5, 1422; quiens, Apul. M. 6, 5.

**querōr**, i, questus, vb. r. [quer=quat strike, and so= τὰ of τὰλλω, καρ of καρκαίω and even fer of ferio; cf. for initial conson, πειπτος, quim(e)tus, E. five, πέντες quattuor four, πειπ(e)τω σφαλλω cad fallo and E. fall; for final conson. ἵδωρ ὕδατος, and the rel. what, where-in, G. was, woin] 1. beat oneself—and so complain (cf. κοτταγω, plangor whence Fr. plaindre, E. com-plain), Dum tibi nunc haec aetatufrat, in senecta male querere, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 60; quid de aforum iniuriis querar? Cic. fam. 1, 4, 3; querebantur cum luctu et gemitu, Verr. 2, 3, 132; quod soli nec queri nec auxilium implorare audent, Caes. b. g. 1, 32, 4; queris super hoc etiam quod..., Hor. ep. 2, 2, 24; 2. w.

acc., complain of, Nunc huc meas fortunas eo questum ad uicinam, Pl. Cas. 2, 1, 14; meas fortunas, As. 3, 1, 12; seruitutem, Amph. 1, 1, 22; quid clamem aut quērar? Ter. Ad. 5, 3, 3; tua uitia, Turp. ap. Non. 185, 30; Milonem memm queri per litteras iniuriarum, Cic. Att. 5, 8, 2; haec, or. 2, 198; eadem, Flac. 57; suum fatum, Caes. b. g. 1, 39, 4; facta mariti, Ov. F. 5, 233; 3. w. acc. and inf., or inf. alone, ne querantur se a beata uita esse relicta, Cic. Tusc. 5, 14; se tum extingui, 3, 69; queritur a discipulis abesse tamdiu, Att. 13, 2, 3; 4. w. quod, quod falsum uiderem, Cic. acad. pr. 81; quod aduersus regem bellum gereret, ps. Nep. Chabr. 3, 1; 5. oft. w. cum prep., quarrel with, complain against, querere tecum atque expostulare nī..., Cic. fam. 3, 10, 7; quid est quod tu aut illa cum fortuna queri possitis? Sulp. ap. Cic. fam. 4, 5, 5; questus est enim patribus conscriptis quod..., Liv. 35, 8, 2; 11 6. in poets met. esp. of the plaintive notes of animals, wail, Solaque culminibus ferali carmine bubo saepe queri et longas in fletum ducere uoces, Verg. 4, 463; Queruntur in siluis anes, Hor. epod. 2, 26; add Cic. fam. 3, 1, 4; queri rauco stridore, M. 14, 100 (of apes); 7. of the lute, Flebile nescio quid queritur lyra, Ov. M. 11, 52.

**querquē-ūla**, (querquetū) ae. f. [dim. of cerceus, and so akin to quer- or shake oneself, querquūrus, καρκαίω] a kind of waterfowl, Varr. I. 5, 13, p. 84 Sp.; anseres querquēdulae anates, r. 3, 3; add 3, 11, 4; Colum. 8, 15, 1; nimbus aquae...Pertinuerunt aquatiles querquēdulae nātantes, Varr. ap. Non. 91, 1.

**querquē-rus**, ad. [implies a Gr. ad. καρ-αρος akin to καρκαίω] shaking, an l so queruera febris, or queruera absol. Is mihi erat bilis aqua intercus tussis queruera (so T H K combining words of Fest. 257 b 32 M. and Prisc. 1, 271, 4), iactans me ut febris queruera, Lucil. ap. Fest. ib.; febris rapida et queruera, Gell. 20, 1, 26; queruerras atque intercus morbos, Arnob. 1, 48; add perh. Apul. mag. 35 f.

**questus**, ūs, m. [queror], beating (of the breast), complaining, Desinite luctu questu lacrimas fundere, CIL 1008, 3; qui denique questus dignus calamitate tanta...?, Cic. Quinct. 149; Fors etiam nostris inuidit questibus auris, Catul. 64, 170; cum magnis fletibus questibusque, Liv. 12, 61, 3; in questus febriles sepe profundunt, 23, 20, 5; caelum dehinc questibus implet, Verg. 9, 480; add Ov. M. 9, 370; 2. met., philomela...maestis late loca questibus implet, Verg. G. 4, 515.

**qui**, rel., see quis.

**qui**, pron. ad. interr. [shortened from quia, wh. oft. answers to it (as in ex. \*), and was itself oft. a monos.] why, first indir. how, why, in what way, nimis demior Sosia, Qui illae illi me donatum esse aurea patera sciat, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 133; add Trin. 3, 2, 62; nec qui hoc mihi eneniat scio, Ter. Hee. 2, 3, 6; qui istuc credam ita esse mihi dici nelim, Ph. 5, 6, 15; Facite fingite inuenite ecdite qui detur tibi; Ego id agam mihi qui ne detur, Andr. 2, 1, 34; 2. direct interr. why? non ex usu nostrorum neque adeo placet, Qui uero? Quia\* enim non nostra formam habet dignam domo, Pl. Merc. 2, 3, 61; qui non? Quia\* flagitiumst, Bac. 5, 2, 44; add Amph. 2, 2, 34\* and 35\*; Most. 3, 2, 51\*; Truc. 1, 2, 34\*; non potest. Qui? Quia\* habet alit magis ex sese, Ter. Andr. 5, 4, 51; si...accepta foret, qui ego minus in Africam...traicerem? Liv. 28, 43, 18; 3. how? Qui tu scis eas adessee? Quia\* oculis meis Vili sororem hic elus, Pl. Mil. 4, 3, 11; add Trin. 1, 2, 40\*; Amph. 4, 2, 14\*; Epid. 1, 2, 29; 2, 2, 24\*; 2, 2, 65\*; 2, 2, 87\*; Most. 1, 1, 155\*; nam qui tibi istae inelicit suspicio? Qui? Quia\* te noram, Ter. Andr. 3, 2, 121; dum nisi sempernum intellegere qui possumus? Cic. N. D. 1, 25; add 1, 84; qui fit ut ego nesciam, sciant omnes? fin. 2, 12; qui conuenit in minore negotio legem tuere, quem eam in maiore neglexeris? Sal. Cat. 51, 24; qui fit Maecenat ut nemo..., Hor. s. 1, 1, 1; 4. oft. w. dum, how pray? how so pray? celata omnia Paene ille ignauus funditus pessumdedit. Quidum? Quia\*... Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 129; add Bac. 3, 3, 62\*; Most. 3, 2, 44; Rud. 4, 4, 72\*; As. 3, 3, 30\*; Epid. 2, 2, 114\*; quidum? Quia\* tristi's, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 42.

**quā**, conj. [prob. for a lost quia from the rel., as ita fm. is; cf. Go. neuters ita thata midjata] for the reason that, because, see adv. § 1; add: *quānam gratia?* Quia ad foris nostras unguentis uncta's ausa accedere Quiaque bucculas... Pl. Truc. 2, 24; *nunc mea mater iratast mihi, quia non redierim domum ad se*, Cist. 1, 1, 103; *Quapropter?* Quia enim incertum est etiam quid se faciat, Ter. Haut. 1, 2, 14; quarta (urbs) est quae quia postrema coadificata est Neapolis nominatur, Cic. Ver. 2, 4, 119; Pompeius quia expedito itinere flumen ei transeundum non erat,... Caes. b. c. 3, 30, 4; Nam quia nec fate merita nec morte peribat, Verg. 4, 696; Vel quia sum uates uel quia fata cano, Ov. F. 6, 8; quia tanti quantum habebas Sis, Hor. s. 1, 1, 62; 2. that=quod, uito uertunt quia multa egeo: at ego illis quia nequeunt egere, Cato ap. Gell. 13, 24 (23), 1; 3. quāne? what because? tu nunc me intrides. Quāne te uoco ut tibi bene sit? Pl. Pers. 5, 2, 69; add Verg. 4, 538; Stat. Th. 10, 502; 4. in old drama perh. a monos. commonly, as aff. Terent. Maur. vr. 524, 501, 642 etc. 5. a long in Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 93; Nisi quia lubet experiri quo euasurust denique; in Phaedr. 1, 5, 7: Ego primum tollo, nominor quia leo; and in Anson. prof. 8, 7: Sed quia nostro docere in aeuo, who elsewhere has always quia.

**quā-nam**, interr. adv. [ : quia :: quisnam : quis] why in the world, (Hui) quānam dictis nostris sententia flexa est? Enn. ap. Fest. 257 M; Summe dum regnator quānam genuiti? Naev. ib.; q. Saturnium populum pepulisti? id. ib.; Hui quānam tanti cinxerunt aethera nimbi? Verg. 5, 13; Caeciliacae magni quānam sententia uobis Versa retro? 10, 6.

**qui-cumquē**, (-cunquē) quae-c. quod-c. pron. rel. *whateuer, who-ever, which-ever, first w. its own vb., quodque quique quomq(ue)\* d(e) e(a) r(e) decernet... is in id decreto...* CIL 205, 2; *Quicumque ubique sunt qui fuerunt qui futuri sunt posthac stulti...* solus ego omnis longe antedecro stulticia, Pl. Bac. 5, 1, 1; Nam pupiae rei causa quicumque id facit, eum..., Pers. 1, 2, 13; Quoi male dico? Quoi pol' cumque\* occasio?, 2, 28; Cum quibus erat cumque\* una, his sese dederat, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 36; add 1, 5, 28; quod erit cumque\* usum agas, Cic. fin. 4, 69; non omnia quaecumque loquimur mihi uidentur ad artem esse reuocanda, or. 2, 44; ut...fortunam quaecumque accidit experiantur, Caes. b. g. 1, 31, 14; At contra quae amara atque aspera cumque\* uidentur, Haec..., Lucr. 2, 404; Qui te cumque\* manent isto certamine caesus Et me Turne manent, Verg. 12, 61;—in exx. \* note separation of cumque; 2. quodcumque as sb. w. gen., all of—that, whatever amount of, uos hortor ut quodcumque militum contrahere poteritis contrahatis, Pomp. ap. Cic. Att. 8, 12 a, 4; Heia inquit (in) commune quodcumque est lueri, Phaedr. 5, 6, 3; 3. without an antecedent, whoever etc., no matter who, nostras occupationes studia sermone, quicumque cursum fortuna dederit se secum ablatum esse dicit, Cic. Mil. 96; nec M. Caedium praetereundum arbitror quaecumque eius fortuna fuit, Brut. 273; Qui testamentum tradet tibi cumque\* legendum, Abnace...necimento, Hor. s. 2, 5, 51; 4. without a vb. of its own, no matter what, every possible, te oro ut si quid erit quod perspicia quaecumque in partem scribas, Cic. Att. 3, 21; quaecumque ratione contendamus, 12, 29 f.; add Cat. 2, 11; Nos tamen haec quocumque modo tibi nostra uicissim dicemus, Verg. B. 5, 50; Macedonas in societatem belli quaecumque ratione censeo deducendos esse, Liv. 36, 37, 3; qui de quaecumque causa tum aspernati nostra auxilia estis, 45, 23, 6; Et quocumque modo maluit esse mea, Prop. 1, 8, 34; 5. note qty. in: Mittat et donat cuiuscumque terrae, Sen. Tro. 861; 6. quescumque as n. pl. m. Cato ap. Charis. 91, 18 K.

**quid**, as adv. [n. of quis] first shortened from something like q. de hoc dieis, and so used in transitions, esp. before a question, well and, well but, quid dicitur, suntne opimae? Vnde excoquit scdm senex. Quid patri, uiuine? Vinum quom inde alimus liquimus, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 31; Quid patri etiam gratulabor quom illam inuenit? Censo. Quid matri eius? Censo, Rud. 4, 8, 6; Quid hoc qua

causa eum (hinc) in Ephesus miseram, Accepitne aurum ab hospite? Bac. 2, 3, 15; Quid qua profectus causa hinc es Lemnum Chremes, Adduxit tecum filium? Ter. Pl. 4, 1, 1; quid ipsae quid aiunt? Ad. 4, 5, 22; quid ille uili est Milesius? 68; Quid paedagogus ille qui etharistram, Quid rei gerit? Ph. 1, 2, 94; Quid uirgo, quiaost? Eun. 2, 3, 30; add Andr. 1, 5, 6; Quid beneficia mei patris, cuius opera te esse ultum autumant? Pacuv. ap. Non. 237, 3; quid qua de re...centumuiuri idicantur..., nonne in ea causa fuit de toto gentilitatis iure dicendum? Quid, quod?... nonne in ea causa...? Quid nuper cum...nonne omnis nostra in iure uersata defensio est? Cic. or. 1, 176–178; quid lituus iste uester, unde uobis est traditus? diu. 1, 30; quid illa duo somnia, quae crebrissime commemorantur a Stoicis, quae tandem potest continere? 56; add 2, 144; Tusc. 2, 56; 4, 50; 4, 54 bis; off. 3, 82; fat. 10; N. D. 1, 29 bis; 1, 118; 1, 119; 2, 153; Plane. 37; Manil. 46; Mil. 64; quid in uerbis sententis figuris, nonne humani ingenii modum excedit? Quint. 10, 1, 50;

2. the subject of the coming question in the form: quod... (see \* above), quid, quod non intelligunt..., medicorum erroris est? and soon: quid, quod...habent, parumne declarat...? Cic. diu. 2, 94, 95; quid quod uisus sciorum in periculum uocatur, quod tandem animo ferre debetis? Man. 12; add sen. 83; 3. hence quid quod without a question, Nay, q. quid perturbationes, quas nos extirpandas putamus, non modo naturalis esse dicunt, sed etiam utiliter a natura datas, Cic. Tusc. 4, 43; q. quod eadem mente res dissimilimas comprehendimus, 1, 46; add N. D. 1, 108; II 4. = propter quid, why, what about (cf. quod because=propterea quod), first indir. interr., Possum scire quo profectus, quousis sis aut quid ueneris? Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 100; quaesini quid dubitaret proficisci, Cic. Cat. 2, 13; Mirabar quid maesta deos Amarylli noceres, Verg. B. 1, 37; add G. 2, 481; III 5. direct, why? Quid me consulat quid agas? Pl. Mil. 4, 3, 4; quid multis moror? Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 87; quid me ostem? Cic. fam. 1, 4, 3; sed quid ego argumentor? Quid plura disputo? Mil. 44; Galle quid insanis? Verg. B. 10, 22.

**quid-dam**, quae-d. quid-d. cuius-dam etc. pron. adj. certain (which one cannot or does not choose to define), some, amat mulier quaedam quendam, Pl. Mil. 4, 2, 29; see for repeated use, Cist. 4, 2, 69–74; fuit olim quidam senex, Ter. Andr. 3, 1, 16; Neque pugnas narrat quod quidam facit, Eun. 3, 2, 29; a certain person one does not choose to name, sed sunt quidam ita uoce absoni, ut in oratorum numerum tenere non possint, Cic. or. 1, 115; Accurrit quidam notus mihi nomine tantum, Hor. s. 1, 9, 3; 2. to soften a strong metaphor or epithet, habet enim quendam aculeum contumelia—a sort of sting—Cic. Ver. 2, 3, 95; fuit enim mirificus quidam in Crasso pudor—I had almost called astounding—, or. 1, 122; omnium artium procreantem quendam et quasi parentem eam quam φθοροφον Graeci uocant, indicari, 1, 9; poetam neminem sine quodam afflatu quatuor furoris (existere posse) 2, 194; 3. at times w. certus, certis quibusdam uerbis, Cic. or. 1, 183; add 1, 254; 3, 44; 4. in distributions, quibusdam questionibus alios, quibusdam alios esse aptiores, Cic. top. 79; quaedam leuia, alia aspera..., N. D. 1, 66; add Quint. 1, 3, 6 etc.; II 5. quidam n. sb., something, some portion, pudet dicere tibi quidam, Pl. Bac. 5, 2, 36; fateor in ista potestate inesse quidam mali, Cic. leg. 3, 35; quidam diuinum, acad. pos. 33; 6. as adv. or thereabouts, or, sequepide quidamque (so BC) quam tu longior, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 58; 7. a form quesdam (n. or ac. pl.) quoted by Prisc. 2, 9, 18 K fm. Accius.

**quidem**, an enclitic adu. [?] indeed, certainly, faith, oft. strengthened by hercle, edepol etc., Flagitium quidem hercle fiet nisi dos dabitur iugurini, Pl. Trin. 3, 1, 11; add St. 1, 3, 35; Istuc quidem edepol nihil est, Mil. 2, 1, 19; ne hercle operae pretium quidemst mihi te narrare, 1, 1, 31; Ita pol quidemst res est ut dixisti Lesbiam, Ter. Andr. 3, 1, 1; ille (discessus) dolor meus dumtaxat, uestrum q. scelus haberetur, Cic. Pis. 32; Diacaerchus et alii Aristocnem nulum omnino animum esse dixerunt, Tusc. 1, 51; add am.

24; **2.** esp. after et, and indeed, nay, Missas iam ego istas artis feci, et quidem ego dehinc iam, Pl. Merc. 5, 4, 40; add Ps. 5, 17; Pers. 2, 2, 35; Mil. 2, 15, 65; Ter. Haut. 4, 5, 25; in statuæ capite exiit corona et q. subita, Cie. din. 2, 68; post solstitium Canicula exoritur et q. aliquot diebus, 2, 23; add Phil. 11, 9; Att. 10, 8, 3; nobis uero placet et uehementer q., Brut. 122; **3.** so used in ironical assent, w. addition rendering the assent useless, w. or without et, torquem detraxit hosti. Et quidem se textit ne interiret. At magnum periculum adiit. In oculis quidem exercitus, Cie. fin. 1, 35; at erat mecum senatus. Et quidem ueste mutata, at Italia conueniatur. Quoi quidem uastitatis metus inferebatur, Plane. 87; **4.** after nisi, Nisi quidem uos uostra crura aut latera nihili penditis, Pl. Men. 5, 7, 4; add Ps. 1, 2, 86; Poen. 5, 2, 59; **5.** after rel., indeed, by the way, Adibo hunc, quem quidem ego hodie faciam hic arietem Phryxi, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 7; Quam quidem te iaudiu deperdidisse oportuit, Epid. 1, 1, 9; add Bac. 4, 8, 57; 2, 6, 65; de triumpho tibi assentior, quem q. totum facile abhecor, Cie. Att. 9, 7, 5; quo q. in bello uirtus euituit egregia M. Catonis, Mur. 32; add Att. 2, 16, 2; am. 43; Cat. 17; **6.** in contrasts, followed oft. by autem, uero, sed, like *per* and *de*, ac de primo q. officio tibi diximus; de tribus autem reliquis..., Cie. off. 1, 19; Atque haec q. uestra, Lucili; quæ uero alia sint ab ultimo repetam superiorum, N. D. 1, 25; Zeno q., sed Socratem..., 1, 93; **7.** hence much used in concessions, misera...est illa\* q. consolatio...sed tamen necessaria, Cie. fam. 6, 2, 2; facis tu\* q. fraterne quod me hortaris, sed mehercule currentem, Q. fr. 2, 15, 2; illa quæ sunt a nobis bona corporis numerata, complent ea\* q. beatissimum uitam, sed ita ut..., fin. 5, 71; itus dolor, humanus is\* q. sed magno opere moderandus, Att. 12, 10; deinde tui municipes, sunt illi\* q. splendidissimi homines, set tamen pauci, Plane. 21; oratorias exercitationes, non tu\* q. reliquisti, sed philosophiam illis anteposuisti, fat. 3; add fam. 1, 7, 15, 14, 3; Brut. 18; 28; 37; 50; 51; 70; Phil. 2, 22 and 66;—in wh. note the use of the seemingly superfluous pronouns\* emphasizing preceding word; cf. quidem (ego quidem) so used, as in Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 72; **8.** indeed (if not more), at least, at any rate, Sperat quidem animus, Pl. Bac. 1, 2, 36; Estne intus nunc Phronesius? Vt ut alii, tibi quidem intus, Truc. 1, 2, 86; Adhuc curauit unum hoc quidem, ut mihi esset fides, Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 11; nunc q. profecto Romæ es, Cie. Att. 6, 5, 1; hoc q. certe manifestum erit, Verr. 2, 2, 183; **9.** esp. w. personal pron., scimus nos quidem te qualis sis, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 41; Nam ego quidem meos oculos habeo nec rogo utendos foris, Mil. 2, 3, 76; Mihi quidem hercle non fit ueri Simile, atq(u) ipsi commentum placet, Ter. Andr. 1, 3, 20; add Haut. 2, 4, 16; nisi tu aliquid dixisses, nihil saue ex me q. audire potuisses, Cie. N. D. 1, 57 etc.; Nimis stulte faciunt me quidem sententia, Pl. Men. 1, 1, 5; add Cas. 3, 3, 1; Cie. off. 2, 39; meo quidem animo, Pl. Bac. 1, 1, 69; 3, 2, 10; Men. 1, 3, 17; Merc. 2, 2, 43; meo quidem iudicio, Cie. Brut. 32; **10.** w. rel. and vb. in subj., esp. to limit an assertion, istuc de trudit maledicos Aequum uidetur qui quidem istius sit modi,—at least one who—Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 151; littera nulla est, quæ q. ornatum aliquem habeat, Cie. Brut. 27; nec uero habeo quinquam antiquiorem, cuius q. scripta proferenda putem, 61; Catonem uero quis nostrorum oratorum, qui quidem nunc sint, legit? 65; quas q. adhuc inuenimus, ib.; nunquam illius offendi quod q. seuserim, am. 103; neque erat in exercitu, qui q. pedestria stipendia fecisset, ur factis nobilior, Liv. 7, 13, 1; **11.** w. dum, so long indeed or at least as, Nunquam edepol quoquam supplicabo dum quidem Tu uiuos uines, Pl. Ps. 1, 5, 92; add St. 5, 4, 5; Pers. 4, 4, 105; Merc. 2, 3, 89; Att. 2, 2, 34 etc.; Dum quidem (note m. not eided) unus homo, Romanus togâ, superescit, Enn. ap. Fest. 302 b 32 M; **12.** ne—quidem, not even—, ne nimia quidem, Pl. Ps. 3, 2, 87; ne gry q., Most. 3, 1, 67; (uium honorarium) nunquam accepi ne priuatus q., Cato ap. Isid. 20, 3, 8; An ue hoc quidem adipiscar, quod ius publicum? Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 64; ne id q. facient, Cie. am. 18; tu ne quæ ille q. fecit obsequis, Cæcil. 35; ne in publicis q. (rebus), fam. 10, 2, 2; **13.** quidem monos.

see + above. Bentl. ad Andr. 1, 3, 20 and elsewhere wh. oft. make it a pyrrhic even before a cons.; but better to read it as a monos, quem, like item for itidem; better still as que (ke), just as quandoquidem was cut down to quandoque, wh. see. In this way siquidem, quandoquidem, equidem would have long vowels, as they ought to have, so quidem is one with *ye*, cf. *αγε, ερε, γε, εργω*. Note too...Litera. Per me quidem (mss equidem!) sint omnia protinus alba, Pers. 1, 110; in 5, 45 read as sense requires: Non quidem hoc dubite(m), amborum...; see U. K. S.'s Journ. of Ed. 2, 359; Penny Euc. Terentian metres, both by THK; copied by Donaldson, Varr. c. 10 § 5; **14.** added to ille illa iste etc. at times perh. lengths this final, Illa quidem nullum sacrificium. Quomodo? Pl. St. 1, 3, 97; Ista quidem illa est. Quæ illast? Illa. Ohe ia(tu satist), Merc. 4, 3, 31; Ille quidem iam scit quid negoti gesserit, Pers. 4, 7, 1.

**quimatus?** an old reading in Plin. 8, 178, wh. mss quinquematu.

**quin**, conj. or interr. adv. [for quine, rel. or interr. + ne] first nom. or acc. m. f. n., s. or pl. + ne, who not, which not, but what, but,—but only after neg. interr. and ut, nullust tam parui preti...quin purget se, Pl. Aul. 4, 10, 61; nullust Ephesi quin sciat, Bac. 2, 3, 102; nihil est Antipho Quin male narrando possit deprauarier, Ter. Ph. 4, 6, 16; add Haut. 4, 2, 8; 4, 6, 1; quis est quin cernat? Cie. aced. pr. 20; quod est nemo quin...malit, fin. 3, 17; adest fere nemo quin...uideat, or. 1, 117; nemo est quin existimet..., fam. 1, 4, 2; nego in Sicilia...nullum argenteum uas fuisse, ullam picturam quin conquisierit, Verr. 2, 4, 1; nemo fuit nullum quin uulneraretur, Cæs. b. c. 3, 53, 3; nulla fuit ciuitas quin...mitteret, 2, 19, 2; **2.** for abl. and ne, dies fere nullust quin hic domum meam ueniat, Cie. Att. 1, 1, 3;

**3.** so that not, but what, but, neque quin fleam, Pl. Mil. 4, 8, 32; Video non potesse quin tibi eius nomen eloquar, Bac. 3, 6, 30; non tantulum Vinquam intermittit tempus quin eum nomenet, 2, 2, 32; nunquam accedo quin abs te abeam doctior, Ter. Eun. 4, 7, 21; facere non possum quin quotidie ad te mitam, Cie. Att. 12, 27, 2; prorsus nihil abest quin sim miserissimus, 11, 15, 3; dubitabis quin ab hoc Phryge ciuem uideatis? Flac. 40; totius hiemis nullum tempus intermiserunt quin...mitteret, Cæs. b. g. 5, 53, 1; add 1, 33, 4; Nec requies quin ap. ponis exuberet annus, Aut., Verg. G. 2, 516; Non potuit mea mens quin esset grata teneri, Ov. Pont. 4, 1, 7; **4.** to this head belongs Cato's phrase ap. Gell. 17, 13, 4; Neque satis habuit quod...quin eius famam prostitueret; Paenitetue te quot ancillas (allam, Quin (so mss; quine Haupt) examen (so Haupt, Herm. 3, 229; mss etiā me) superadducas, quæ mihi comedint cibum? Pl. Truc. 2, 6, 53; **5.** even w. a superfluous ut, neque occultum id haberi quin participem pariter ego te et tu me ut facias, Pl. Aul. 2, 1, 13;

**6.** at times the pron. is ea id is needlessly inserted, negat nullum esse cibum tam grauem quin in nocte et die concoquatur, Cie. N. D. 2, 24; nihil esse quod sensum habeat quin id intereat, 3, 34; **7.** after words of ignorance, doubt, wonder, wh. the affirmative, you know etc., would require ace. and inf., Quid dubitas quin sit paratum nomen pæro Postumus? Pl. Aul. 2, 1, 42; Mirum quin tua me causa faciat Iuppiter Philippum regem? 1, 2, 7; Non dubitumst quin uxorem noli filius, Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 1; quis ignorat, quin tra Graecorum genera sint? Cie. Flac. 64; neque abest suspicio quin ipse sibi mortem conscierit, Cæs. b. g. 1, 4, 4; non esse dubium quin totius Galliae plurimum Heluetii possent, 1, 3, 7; si qui Zoippo nuntiet..., cui dubium esse quin exemplo consensurus sit naum? Liv. 24, 26, 6; add 40, 56, 7; **8.** for quo non, after neg., not that not, to guard against an inference, Non eo hæc dico, quin quæ tu uis ego uelim et faciam lubeus, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 60; quate eos eo postremum scribo, quin populi et boni et strenui sient, Cato orig. ap. Gell. 17, 13, 3; non quin ab eo ipse dissentiam, Cie. fam. 4, 7, 1; non quin breuiter reddi responsum potuerit, non recipi reges, Liv. 2, 15, 2; **9.** for propter quod non, why not, hodie quin faciamus nunquæst causa? Pl. Aul. 2, 2, 84; quin ad diem

decedam nulla causa est, Cic. fam. 2, 17, 1; quid igitur est caesum quin colomiam in laniuleum possint deducere? agr. 2, 74; add Quinet. 32; nil uerbi percas quin fortiter addam, Hor. s. 2, 3, 42; add 1, 1, 20; 10. dir. interr. why not? Quin eum restituis? Quin ad frugem corrigis? Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 81; Quin tu salutem primum reddis quam dedi? Bac. 2, 3, 11; quin taces? Ter. Andr. 2, 3, 23; quid stas lapis? Quin accipis? Haut. 4, 7, 4; quin continetis nocem, indicem stultitiae uestrae, testem paucitatis? Cic. Rab. perd. 18; quin concedimus equos? Liv. 1, 57, 7; Quin potius pacem aeternam pactosque hincenae Exereemus? Verg. 4, 99; 11. as such a question is often virtually an order (quasi increpans says Gell. 17, 13, 2), hence v. imperative of impatience, come, come, Quin tu addi, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 42; Quin tu tuam rem cura potius quam Selenci, 4, 1, 5; Quin tu huic responde, Mil. 4, 2, 55; Quin tu uno uerbo dic quid est quod me uelis, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 18; quin omite me, Ph. 3, 2, 1; Quin ergo, quando conuenit, compecte, Pompei. ap. Non. 472, 32; quin age, Verg. B. 3, 52; G. 4, 329; Quin agite, A. 5, 635; 12. nay, oft. strengthened by etiam, immo, potius, contra, Quia ossa ac pellis totius, ita cura mactat: Quin exta inspicere in sole (iam) uino licet, Pl. Aul. 3, 6, 29; add 4, 10, 22; Bac. 2, 3, 78; Quin ut quisque est meritis praesens pretium pro factis ferat, Naev. ap. Non. 366, 4; credo neque id iniuria: quin Mihi molestum est, Ter. Haut. 3, 3, 20; ego uero iam te nec hortor nec rogo ut domum redeas; quin hinc ipse euolare cupio, Cic. fam. 7, 30, 1; equidem credibile non est quantum scribam die quin etiam noctibus, Att. 13, 26, 2; add 1, 13, 2; 14, 21, 3; quin sic attendite iudices, Mil. 79; huius miraculi nunquam ab ipso elusa fides est, quin potius aucta, Liv. 26, 19, 8; nihil ea res animum uiri imminuit; quin contra... 35, 26, 10; praeculuit sententia Capicionis, quia immo consurgenti ei adclamatum est, Plin. ep. 4, 9, 18; 13. so far quin, nay, stands first; Verg. has it second in: Ausus quinctiam uoces iactare per umbram, 2, 768; Mortua 4, 8, 485.

quippe, adv. or conj. [prob. for quodpe, cf. quip-piam; pe either=que, so that quippe=and why; or the same as pote in ut-pote] and why? Nimis tandem aps te contempnunt. Quippe ego te ni contempnam, Stratidienis homo qui elueat? Pl. Ps. 4, 1, 12; Jam non neceris ne eam me amare hic potuerit resciscere; quippe? Haut etiam quicquam inepte feci, amantes ut solent, Merc. 2, 3, 49; add Ps. 5, 1, 29; Capt. 4, 2, 106; Mil. 3, 1, 10; Amph. pr. 37; Poen. 3, 1, 50; quippe? Sine cura laetus laetus cum aduenis, Infertis (=infestis) malis, expedito braccio, Enn. ap. Donat. Ph. 2, 2, 25; nos quibusenim res non sinunt; quippe? Forma inpulsi... Ter. Haut. 2, 4, 9; quippe? Qui (=quia) Magnarum saepe id remedium agritudinum est, 3, 2, 27; Nunc torrete igni fruges...; Quippe? Etiam festis quaedam exercere diubus Fas et iura sinunt, Verg. G. 1, 268; add 2, 49; ne tamen omnes: Quippe? Equus et pecudes armentaque gramine uiuunt, Ov. M. 15, 84; 2. in answers or remarks on what has just been said, of course, uae aetati tuae. Quippe quoniam mihi nil credis quod ego dico sedulo, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 106; recte diceres te restituisse; quippe; quid enim facilius est quam...? Cic. Caccin. 55; leue nomen habet utraque res; quippe; leue enim totum hoc risum mouere, 2, 218; ista te quidem apte ac rotunde; quippe; habes enim a rhetoribus, fin. 4, 7; Quippe; uideamus enim uestis uenire maderitis...; Lucr. 6, 617; ...note in these the enim; 3. hence in mid sentence, ni faciat, maria ac terras... Quippe ferant secum, Verg. 1, 59; subitote omnis de corpore fugit Quippe dolor, 12, 422; 4. and so in irony, mouet me quippe lumen curiae, Cic. Mil. 33; nos munera templis Quippe tuis fortissimum famaque fouemus=inanem, Verg. 4, 218; Quippe uictor fati, 1, 39, belongs also to § 1; 5. often followed by rel. or rel. adv., of course, seeing that (he), persimilem tui. Quippe qui frater scilicet, Pl. Pers. 4, 6, 17; quippe quo nemo aduenit Nisi quem...; Bac. 3, 1, 2; add As. 1, 1, 51; Truc. 1, 1, 49; Men. 4, 2, 18; Amph. pr. 22; conuicia cum patre non imbat. Quippe; qui ne in oppidum quidem nisi perraro ueniret, Cic. Rose. Am. 52; quippe; qui etiam somnia putet mitti ab Ioue, N. D. 3, 95;

Quippe ubi...; Luer. 1, 617; incendium sibi calamitosum putabat, quippe cui omnes copiae in usu cotidiano erant, Sal. Cat. 48, 2; add Iug. 1, 3 etc.; plurimum terroris celestis hostium tulit, quippe quibus...; Liv. 5, 37, 7; Quippe ubi fas uersum...; Verg. G. 1, 505.

Quirina, adj. as sb. f. (sc. tribus), [Quirinus] one of the 35 tribes of Rome, C. Pomponii Quir. opus (=opus), CIL 52; P. Brutius P. f. Quir. 1298; T. Flauio T. fil. Quir. Aelianus, inser. Or. 117; add 119, 157 etc.; L. Albius Sex. filius Quirina, Cic. Quinct. 24; duae tribus adiectae sunt, Velina et Quirina, Liv. ep. 19 f. (s.c. 241 completing the 35).

Quirinus, adj. as sb. m. [?] a Roman god so called, regarded as Romulus deified, Quirino L. Aemilius L. f. prator, CIL 630; Romulus Marti (is filius urbem Romam condidit) recepit (tunc in deorum) numerum Quir. appellat (us est), inser. Or. 534; (Teque) Quirine pater ueneror Horacum Quirini, Enn. ap. Non. 120, 1; Cana Fides, et Vesta, Remo cum fratre Quirinus, Verg. 1, 292; add Ov. M. 14, 806-851; 2. also as Mars when peaceable, Mars cum saeuit Gradinus dicitur, cum tranquillus est Quirinus, Serv. ad A. 1, 292; hence perb. Tertiarque arma patri suspendit capta Quirino, Verg. 6, 860; 3. also as Ianus, (still a god of peace?) Iano Quirino agnum marem caedit, Fest. 189 a 17 M.; in mon. Ancy. 2, 42 (Ianus) Quirini (Iunio) is as to cases cf.; aedem Quirini fecit, 4, 5; and Iuppiter et tu Iane Quirine, Liv. 1, 32, 9; in sacris inuocamus... Iannum... Quirinum, Maer. s. 1, 9, 15; uacuum duellum Iannum Quirini (so sss. al. Quirinum cf.) clausit, Hor. od. 4, 15, 9; 4. Quirinus quod curi id est hasta uteretur, Fest. 254; Κυριων ονομα προμαχον, Laur. Lyd. 4, 2; some fm. Cures, some fm. Quirites, see Ov. F. 2, 476; why not fm. curia? See Quiris.

1. quiris, f. (a Sabine word) a spear, Sine quod hasta quiris praesens est dicta Sabinis, Ov. F. 2, 475.

2. Quiris, (old n. Quiritis, Prisc. 633 P. 1, 134, 2 K) itis, adj. m. as sb. a Quirite or Roman citizen in his civil capacity, quod bonum fortunatum... siet populo Romano Quiritum, ap. Varr. l. 6, 9, 1; pro patria Quiritibusque Romanis, Liv. 5, 41, 3; populum Romanum Quiritium, and soon: populus Romanus Quiritium, 1, 32, 11, 13; Vesta p. R. Quiritium, three coins of Vitellias ap. Eckh. 6, 317 A; Quis te redonant Quiritem Dias patriis? Hor. od. 2, 7, 3; quibus una Quiritem Vertigo facit, Pers. 3, 75; Quiris leto datus, ap. Fest. 254 a, 34 M; ins Quiritium, Gal. 1, 34 etc.; add Ulp. 3, 1; 2. hence to a soldier a term of reproach, decumanos missionem flagitantes una uoce qua Quirites eos pro militibus appellat circumegit, Suet. Caes. 70; cf. πολιτας αντι στρατιωτων προσεπειν, App. ciu. 2, 93; Κυριτας αλλ ου στρατιωτας ανους ωνομασε, Dion 42, 52; diuus Iulius seditionem exercitus uerbo uno compescuit Quirites uocando qui... Tac. an. 1, 42; discedite castris, Tradite nostra uiris ignaui signa Quirites, Lucan. 5, 358; 3. met. of bees, Verg. G. 4, 200; 4. g. pl. Quiritum, ueterum quae scita Quiritum, Aus. prof. 22, 9; Varr. l. 6, 7, p. 244 Sp.; 5. written as Q, Faunonia M. f. sacerdos Cereris (publica) P. R. Q. CIL 1106; 6. a title of Juno, pontifex (sic) Iunonis Quiritis, inser. Or. 1304; add Incum Iunonis Curitis, 1303; add 5659; 7. also 1 Curritis, inser. ap. Eph. ephr.; Quirites a Curibus appellati, Liv. 1, 13, 5; cf. Fest. p. 254; Paul. ex F. p. 255; but perh. fm. curia and so limited to civil life.

quiritatio, omis, f. a crying out 'help, murder,' screaming, Iug. 33, 28, 3.

quiritatus, is, m., the same, ululatus feminarum, infantum quiritatus, Plin. cp. 6, 20, 14; add Val. Max. 6, 2, 8; 9, 2, 1.

quiritio, are, vb. [Quiris] ery out Quirites, appeal for help to one's countrymen, q. dicitur is qui Quiritium fidem clamans implorat, Varr. l. 6, 7, p. 244; cum... illi quiritanti, cuius Romanus natus sum, responderet, Abi nunc populi fidem implora, Asin. ad Cic. fam. 10, 32, 3; nulla uox quiritantium inter caedes exaudiri poterat, Liv. 39, 8 f.;

2. hence met. of a furious orator, Quint. 3, 8, 50.

quiritio, are, vb. [fm. a form queres=verres] grant, earn, Phil. 55.

quis or qui (quei), quae or qua, quid or quod, q. quouis or cuius etc. rel. or interr. pron. [qui- or quo-, older quin-



= *quis* of *quis*, see § 60] first as rel. adj., *qui* quae quod etc. who, which, what, followed by *is*, *ea*, *id* etc. (idem), *w. sb.* in both clauses, quem agrum poplicum iudicamus esse, eum agrum castellanum Langenses possidere uidetur oportere, CIL 199, 24; *quis* ager compascuos erit, in eo agro... 199, 33; quae uia... est, eius uiae... 206, 29; add 204, 18; quibus rebus uis fit eiusmodi, eae res appellatur in interdicto, Cie. Caein. 63; add Liv. 34, 35, 3; 2. in old l. the noun in the same case *w. rel.* at times precedes, yet *w. a* noun or pron. often following, ager publicus... qui... fuit, eius agri... CIL 200, 15; uitatores praecedunt... leetere erunt, eis uitatoribus praecedimus... 202, 31; paries qui est propter uiam, in eo pariete... lumen aperito, 577, 1, 9; add 577, 2, 12; prata quae... ea prata... 190, 37; Hi qui illud dudum conciliauerunt mihi Per... rimum Spartianum, id nunc his ce(rebrum) uritur Me... Pl. Poen. 3, 5, 24; Tum piscatores qui praebent populo piscis fecitulos... Eis ego ora uerberabo... Capt. 4, 2, 33; Hos quos uidetis stare hic captiuos duos, hi stant ambo, non sedent, pr. 1; Ostium quod in angustiori orti (=horti) patefecit foris, Men. 5, 1, 5; add Trin. 1, 2, 100; agrum quem uir habet tollitur, Cato ap. Serv. A. 1, 573; Telum immane manu ualida quod forte gerebat, Huic natam... Implicat, Verg. 11, 552; 3. akin to this the anacoluthon in: Vidulum istum quouis est, noui ego hominem, Pl. Rud. 3, 3, 24 (39); Nummum illum quem mihi dudum pollicitu dare, Iubeas... Men. 2, 2, 37; 4. *w. sb.* in rel. clause alone, Nam qua nocte ad me uenisti, eadem abis, Pl. Amph. 1, 3, 34; His (=is) quod mihi dederit de hac re consilium, id sequar, Ter. Ph. 1, 1, 9; quem agrum miles... cepisset, eum senex quoque uindicaret, Liv. 3, 71 f.; quam rogationem... ei... 4, 15; 5. *w. sb.* in neither, *quei* ex hi(ae) (lege) non iouareti, est magistratum uel petito, CIL 197, 19; *quei* ita leetere erunt, eis (nom. pl.) in cam rem iouidies sunt, 198, 26; add 198, 12 and 14; Qui ipsus se contempnit, incest uolues industria, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 41; Quod... compersit miser, Id ille uniuersum abripit, Ter. Ph. 1, 1, 9; cum quae philosophi Graeco sermone tractauissent, ea Latinis litteris mandarem, Cie. fin. 1, 1; huae mutat, ea corrumpit, 1, 21; add off. 1, 68; 3, 75; quos pro scelere eorum uelisci uelint, his (dat. of illi) secundiores interdum res concedere, Caes. b. g. 1, 14, 5; et quorum in fines primum Romani exercitum introduxerunt, ad eos defendendos conueniunt, 2, 10, 4; 6. *w. b.* hae hae hoc etc. following, Quam quisque morit artem in hac se exerceat, ap. Cie. Tusc. 1, 41; quae de bene uiuendo a Platone disputata sunt, hae explicari non placebit Latine? fin. 1, 5; quod quos inermos tinnissent, hos postea armatos superasset, Caes. b. g. 1, 40, 6; quae prima signa conspexit, ad hae constitit, 2, 21, 6; 7. without a correl. pron. in second clause, Nam quos uidere me exoptabam maxime, Vna exeuntis uideo, Pl. Mil. 4, 3, 43; Quod iubeo, scribiti istic, Bae. 4, 4, 77; Quod habui summum pretium persolui tibi, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 12; Quae sese in ignem iniicere noluit prohibui, 1, 1, 113; quod seis rescis, Em. 4, 4, 54; Quod fors feret feremus, Pl. 1, 2, 88; in quibus sequitur Democritum non fere labitur, Cie. fin. 1, 18; add 1, 10; 1, 11; 1, 21; quae ad oppugnandum usui erant, imperare coepit, Caes. b. g. 2, 12, 3; quos in praesentia tribunos militum circum se habebat, se sequi iubet, 5, 37, 1; 11. B. referring to an antecedent, first *w. is* and *sb.* in both clauses, de eo agro qui ager in Africa est, CIL 200, 69; eausam dicit ea lege quae leges senatoris soli tenentur, Cie. Clu. 156; add Verr. 2, 4, 26; 9. *w. sb.* in both, motus loci Quem aetoris uirtus nobis restituit loem, Ter. Ph. pr. 33; diem scito esse nullum quo die non dicam pro reo, Cie. Q. fr. 3, 3, 1; add Sest. 96; fam. 9, 13, 1; 13, 58, 1; add Verr. 2, 2, 43 and 183; 2, 3, 39 and 131; 2, 4, 46; erat omnino itinera duo quibus itineribus domo exire possent, Caes. b. g. 1, 6, 1; diem instare quo die... 1, 16, 5; add 1, 49, 1; 2, 18, 1; lex Porcia aliaque leges paratae sunt, quibus legibus... Sal. Cat. 51, 40; 10. *w. is* and *sb.* in antec. clause alone, minime conuenit ex eo agro qui Caesaris iussu diuiditur, eum moueri qui Caesaris beneficio senator sit, Cie. fam. 13, 5, 2; 11. *w. any antec.* A. Trebonio, qui in tua provincia magna negotia habet, uxor talde familiariter, Cie. fam. 1, 3, 1; aduent per Haeduos quorum antiquitas erat in fide

ciuitas, Caes. b. g. 6, 4, 2; 12. at times the rel. has a different but equivalent noun, Parilibus qui dies hodie est, Cie. Phil. 13, 13; illis ignibus quae sidera uocatis, rep. 6, 15; domicilia quas urbes dicimus, Sest. 91; quibus Romulus gradibus ascendit in caelum? Iste quae isti bona appellat an...? parad. 1, 11; erat luna plena qui dies maritimus aestus maximos efficere consuevit, Caes. b. g. 4, 29, 1; ex flumine quam proximam oppido aquam supra diximus, Sal. lug. 75, 6; Cuiusque Graeci tum urbem tenebant, Liv. 4, 44, 12; cohorti suae quam delectam manum circa se habebat, 2, 20, 5; paulo ante haec quod aestinis noctibus sopitae maxime quiescit tempus est, 9, 37, 9; supplicationes qui maximus horum uictoribus ducibus datur, Quint. 2, 16, 7; 13. a short rel. clause interposed as a sort of adverbial, habetis quam petitis facultatem—you now have your sought-for opportunity—Caes. b. g. 6, 8, 4; ea quae secuta est hieme—in the following winter—4, 1, 1; add eas quas diximus munitiones—to the above-mentioned fortifications—3, 26, 2; in quas diu elisissent angustis sedes, Liv. 5, 34, 3; 14. an antec. often dispensed with, as first, when it wd. have been in the same case as the rel., bene est cui deus obtulit Parca quod satis est manu, Hor. od. 3, 16 f.; see also ex. + in § 16; 15. when the vb. etc. immediately attached shows the connection, Non placet qui amicos intra dentis conclusos habet, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 64; auctoribus qui aderant, Liv. 3, 44, 8; scorpione leto qui proximus eum steterat, 29, 7, 6; terga dantibus qui modo secuti erant, 31, 37, 7; apparebat regnatum qui nescisset, 1, 48, 2; parto quod antebas, Hor. s. 1, 1, 94; see also ex. + in next §; 16. in short rel. clauses when antec. wd. be a nom. or acc., quod te dignumst facies, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 55; add 6, 4, 24; Nam expedit bonas 'se uobis: nos quibuscum est res non sinunt, 2, 4, 8; interneuit? enim cui uicetisti credo ne saluo capite negare non posses, Cie. Phil. 2, 99; nec erat? quod scriberem, Att. 12, 9; habebis? cum des litteras, 11, 13, 5; assequerit quod uis, 11, 7, 3; 17. more rarely, when a dat., Foruclum mercedem dare qui monstrat eum mihi hominem, Pl. Epil. 4, 1, 9; qui placebant aut custodi aut qui eam olam emerit, Cato r. 145, 1; lepus multum somni adfert qui illum edat, ap. Diom. 302 K; dies praestituta capitalisque poena qui non remigrasset Romam, Liv. 6, 4, 5; cf. Cie. off. 2, 64; uileis imperauit ut omnia praebereur quicunque Laecides in uillam suam deuertisset; 18. so too when prep. immed. precedes rel. clause as its noun, Imo res omnis relictas habeo prae quod tu uelis, Pl. St. 2, 2, 38; nullas acceperam (litteras) praeter quae mihi in Trebulano reddita sunt, Cie. Att. 5, 3, 2; but in Caes. b. g. 1, 5, 3; praeterquam quod... in Sal. lug. 108, 3; ob ea quae...; 19. in short phrase, rel. may adapt its case to that of antec., quem uidebitur praedices, Cie. Att. 6, 3, 2; quibus quisque poterat elatis, Liv. 1, 29, 4; columnas cuius tibi uidebitur generis, Plin. ep. 9, 39, 3; 20. rel., referring to two foll. clauses, gen. adapts its case to the secondary clause if it precedes, Multi more isto atque exemplo uiuant, quoniam censeas Esse amicos reperiantur falsi falsimonia, Pl. Bae. 3, 6, 11; is enim fueram qui cum heret maiores ex otio fructus capere quam... non dubitauerim me grauissimis tempestatibus obuium ferre, Cie. rep. 1, 7; nam quid de me dicam? Cui ut omnia contingant quae uolo, leuari non possum, Att. 12, 23, 4; is qui abus aeternae fuerit ignoras, Phil. 2, 41; Heraclitum qui quoniam quid diceret intellegi noluit omittamus, N. D. 3, 35; quem nisi Sagintum scelus agitaret, respiceret profecto... Cie. 21, 41, 8; quos quam Romanum misisset consul iugis enasi omnes ea de saxo deiecit, 24, 20, 6; ut ignavia animalia quibus si cibum suggeras inacent torpente, Tac. h. 3, 36; prob. also in Cie. Phil. 2, 17; emi quia iure inimici iure doleo a te omnibus uitis esse superatam (wb. I omit et after iure as a dittogr.); yet, as Mr. Lywater points out to me, quibus (not qui) stands at present in Verr. 2, 2, 138; 21. so too the rel. of a secondary clause may serve to connect the main cl. w. what precedes, o infortunatum senem! Hic uero est qui se occupat—such that if he once begin—Ludum iocumque dicit fuisse illum alterum, Praet huius rabies quae dabit, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 8; est in manibus laudatio, quam cum legimus, quem philoso-

plum non contemnimus? Cie. sen. 12; lex erat lata..., et ea lex quae ut ne ferretur senatus fuerat nescit mutata, Sest. 53; non aduersum eos me uelle duere cum quibus ne contra te arma ferrem Italiani reliqui, Nep. Att. 4, 2; agimus ei... qui quodcumque egerimus ratum ciuitates nostrae habiturae sint, Liv. 30, 30, 9; **22.** the anteced. if separated from main cl. by the rel. cl. sometimes adapts its case to rel. Naueratem quem conuenire uolui in nauis non erat, Pl. Amph. 4, 1, 1; Patrons qui nobis futi futurus perdidistis, As. 3, 3, 31; Set istum quem quaeris ego sum, Cure. 3, 40; Eunucho quem dedisti nobis quas turbas dedit! Ter. Eun. 4, 3, 11; Vrlem quam statuo uestra est, Verg. 1, 573; Populo ut placerent quas fecisset fabulas, Ter. Andr. pr. 3; cecidere manu quas legerat herbas, Ov. M. 14, 350;

**23.** rel. w. gen. rather belonging to suppressed anteced., quod eius—what of it or; so much of it as—non uenit, ClL 200, 65; Quod in opere faciundo operae consumis tuae, Si sumas in illis excrescendis, plus agis, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 21; Hannibal quod agri est...perstat, Liv. 22, 4, 1; qui eorum curules gesserat magistratus, 5, 41, 2; eorum ipsorum quos sedes sua tenuerat, pellicit domus alicui, 21, 26, 7; Fidenatium qui supersat, 4, 33, 11; captiuorum qui Latini nominis essent sine pretio dimissis, 22, 7, 5; aliorum qui comparebant..., 38, 11, 5; **24.** hence in parentheses of limitation w. eius—so far as—si eam (provinciam) quod (so M., al. quoad) eius facere poteris, quam expeditissimam mihi tradideris, Cie. fam. 3, 2, 2; ut quod (so M., al. quoad) eius fieri possit praesentiae tuae desiderium minuatur, 5, 8 f.; ut quod (so A.T., quoad P.) eius fieri possit...uideatur, inn. 2, 20; quod (Baier quoad) eius facere poteris, Att. 11, 12, 4; id eos ut prohiberet, quod eius sine bello posset, praetori mandatum est, Liv. 39, 45, 7;

**25.** then without eius, Quia me meamque rem quod in te uno fuit Pilaeuauisti, Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 12; Iupetrabis imperator, quod (so mss., not quoad) ego potero, quod uoles, Mil. 4, 4, 24; Nullum periculum est, quod sciam (ind. pres.), stipulari, Ps. 4, 6, 14; add Men. 3, 2, 35; Capt. 2, 2, 15; Amph. 2, 2, 117; Quod (so mss., not quoad) primarius uir deat, comprime hunc sis, si tuus, Rud. 4, 4, 29; ut quod in te fuit sacra deruisti, Cato ap. Fest. 344 M.; quod in me esset, 242; quod potero aditabo senem, Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 7; ut regem reducas quod commodum rei publicae facere posset, Cie. fam. 1, 1, 3; quod sine molestia tua fiat, 13, 23, 2; eura quod (so M., not quoad) potes ut ualeas, 14, 4, 6; quae tibi mandauit...utellum cures, quod sine molestia tua facere poteris, Att. 1, 5, 7; Quod potui renui, Ov. her. 8, 3; **26.** qui itself is used in limitations w. an indic., et. similar use of quantum w. indic., Catonem nero quis nostrorum oratorum, qui quidem nunc sunt, legit? Cie. Brut. 65; antiquissimi fere sunt, quorum quidem scripta constant (so mss.), Pericles atque Alcibiades, or. 2, 93; P'iso si adesset, nullius philosophiae, earum quidem quae in honore sunt, uacaret locus, N. D. 1, 7; **27.** in the three prec. §§ qui etc. takes in itself an indic., for the subj., marked † have their own special reason for being subj., still a subj., being by error felt in the familiar quod sciam, led to a use of subj. in: Refertae sunt orationes (Catonis) amplius cl., quas quidem aduice inuenierim et legerim, uerbis illustribus, Cie. Brut. 65; neque enim quicquam est de hac parte...explicatum, quod quidem mihi probaretur, off. 3, 34; Malvig Gr. 364, 2 and Zumpt Gr. 559 seem wrong in this; **28.** quae res, offerre quod, introduces a preliminary prayer, Quae res bene nortat mihi neque filio Vobisque, uol., Pl. Capt. 2, 3, 1; quod bonum fortunatum felixque siet populo Romano Quiritium..., formula ap. Varr. 1, 6, 263 Sp.; Quod ego te per hanc dexteram oro et genium tuum... Te obtestor ne..., Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 54; Quod te per superos et conscia numina uari, Verg. 2, 141; Quod te per caeli inuendum lumen et aera, 6, 363; Quod te pergenium... Obscuro et obtestor, Hor. ep. 1, 7, 94; add Sil. 13, 463; Apul. M. 2, 6 f.

**29.** a rel. referring to preced. sentence and separated fin. its own wh. by a conj. or rel. is often best translated by 'this' w. a conj. (and or but) if needed, quod ubi Caesar recit— and when C. found this out—Caes. b. g. 1, 28, 1; quod cum fieret, 1, 42, 6; quod ut facias te rogo, Cie. fam. 2, 42, 2; **30.** qui w. subj. often gives a reason, in

that, seeing that, Amant te (d) omnes mulieres neque iuluria, Qui sis tam pulcer, Pl. Mil. 1, 1, 59; Hanc abant tandem? Quae me ambae obscuerant! Ut te...praeterdicerem, 1, 1, 60; nos iamduum hic te absentem inuicemus qui abieris, Ter. Ph. 3, 1, 7; satin sanus qui me id rogitas? Quem ego igitur rogem, Qui hic neminem alium uideam? Andr. 4, 4, 10; una in re minus consideratus, qui societatem cum S. Naenio fecerit, Cie. Quinet. 11; **31.** elliptic in interr. w. ne, where it is apt to be taken for an interr., Quemne ego seruauit in campis...?—what the man whom... Pl. Mil. 1, 1, 9; add Rud. 1, 5, 15; Quemne ego heri uidi ad nos adferri nesper? Ter. Andr. 4, 4, 29; Quodne ego discipuli porro illis quibus debui? Ph. 5, 8, 30; **32.** qui=is in parentheses, sub, quod si mihi permissis, qui meus amor in te est, conficissem, Cie. fam. 7, 2, 1; quia impudetia est, Rose. cum, 45; quia seueritate fuit, dom. 84; add fam. 12, 29, 2; 13, 78, 2; Att. 6, 9, 1; Verr. 2, 1, 105; or. 3, 10; quae iam pietatis nostra est, Ov. M. 5, 373; Quaeque tua est pietas in totum nomen luli, Pont. 2, 2, 21; add her. 17 (6), 2, 9;

**33.** qui abl., referring even to pl. nouns, marked †, with which, wherewith, restim uolo Mihi emere, Quamobrem? Qui me faciam pensilem, Pl. Ps. 1, 1, 87; patera donata aureat, Qui Pterela potitare rex est solitus, Amph. 1, 1, 105; add 1, 3, 37; igitur qui signum daret, Bae. 4, 9, 15; cui nihil † qui munus fungatur suum, Trin. 2, 73; add 3, 2, 74; quadrigas? Qui uehar, St. 2, 1, 19; Quom nihil est qui illi homini diminuum caput, Men. 2, 30; minis? decem qui... Cure. 4, 2, 39; multa? concurrunt simul Qui coniecturam habet nunc facio, Ter. Andr. 3, 3, 32; moenibus? altis Qui sua tulerunt, Lucr. 5, 233; **34.** rarely of living beings, as Qui homine hominum adaeque nemo uinit fortunatio, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 48; **35.** except in form quicum, with whom, with which, eedo quicum habeam iudicem, Pl. Rud. 5, 3, 24; Aut anates? aut eoturnices? dantur quicum luseit, Capt. 5, 4, 6; add St. 4, 1, 41 and 42; Trin. 4, 2, 111; ut habeas quicum canites, Ter. Ad. 4, 7, 32; quicum tu contendes, Cie. Caecin. 76;

**36.** absol., the wherewithal, Da tu qui bene sit, Pl. Bac. 1, 1, 51; Deum uirtute habemus et qui nosmet ntamur pater, Et alius qui comitati sinus beniuolentibus, Trin. 2, 2, 74; add 2, 4, 100; Most. 3, 2, 26; see also qui as adv.;

**37.** qui in exclam., oh that! qui istum di perdant! Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 78; qui di illos perdunt! Men. 2, 2, 34; add Cas. 2, 4, 1; qui illum di omnes perdunt! Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 73; wh. Don. i. qui utinam est, ut Lucilius: Qui te Nomentane malum iam cetera perdat! de Apollonio quod scribis, qui illi dii irati! Cie. Att. 4, 7, 1; **III 38.** as interr. quis or qui, quae, quid or quod, of wh. qui gen. adj. quis sb. or adj., quid only sb., quod only adj., who, which, what...first indir., Ceterum qui sis, qui non sis, floem non interduim, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 152; Namque huic alterae quae patria sit profecto nescio, Rud. 3, 4, 45; quae ego sim dicam, Trin. pr. 6; Neque ille scit quid det, quid damni faciat, As. 1, 3, 30; faxo scias Quid pericli sit dotatae uxori uitium diere, 5, 2, 50; sentiet qui uir sciet, Ter. Eun. 1, 1, 21; quae sit rogo, Andr. 1, 1, 124; obserues filium Quid agat quid cum illo consili capto, Sat. est 1, 1, 143; uide quod inceptet facinus, Haut. 3, 3, 39; meum gratus esse iudicium, qui adiuuandus in his causis, qui oppugnandus, qui defendendus esse uideatur, Cie. Sul. 3; possum obluisci qui fuerim, non sentire qui sim? Att. 3, 10, 2; quam uiam muniet, quod iter affectet, uidetis, Rose. Am. 140; uide quod ius nobis, quam condicione constitimur uidetis, Caecin. 40;

**39.** at times a double question is asked in one clause, considera quis quem fraudasse dicatur, Cie. Rose. cum. 21; et. uter utri..., Mil. 23; ex quantis opibus quo..., Liv. 30, 42, 18;

**IV 40.** dir. interr., quis as adj. or sb.; qui the same in old l., aff. rarely sb., Qui homost me insipienter? Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 84; Quis homo hic loquitur? Aul. 4, 9, 21; Quod ad exemplum? Trin. 4, 2, 76; quid modest dando? As. 1, 3, 17; qui uocat? Aul. 2, 6, 1; qui reuocat? True. 1, 2, 20; quis est quem accersis? St. 1, 3, 69; quis erat petitor? Quid noctis uidetur? Eum. ap. Varr. 1, 7, 4; pr. 353 Sp.; quis homo te exsuperauit? Cie. Tusc. 4, 77; Quicum loquitur filius? Ter. Haut. 1, 2, 4; qui uocat? Geta, Ad. 5, 6, 3; Quis uideor? Miser, aequae atque ego, Andr. 4,

2, 19; Fannius. Quis reus? Flavius. Quis iudex? Cluvius, Cic. Rose. com. 42; occiso Roscio qui (so xss, Halm ej. quis) primus Amerium nuntiavit? Rose. Am. 96; qui locus est, quod tempus, qui dies, quae nox, cum ego non ex istorum mucronibus eripiar? Mur. 82; quis enim dies fuit quem tu non totum in ista ratione consumpseris? 46; quid hoc est, quod hoc monstrum in provinciam misimus? Verr. 2, 4, 47; quod est munus, quod opus sapientiae? fin. 4, 35; 41. quid evenit w. gen. of living beings, quid turbata apud forum? Quid illi (xss illic) hominum litigant? Ter. And. 4, 4, 6; 42. in exclam., quid lacrimarum, quantum fletum audisti? Cato ap. Gell. 10, 3, 17; at quem deum? Qui templa caeli... Ter. Eun. 3, 5, 42; at quem uirum? Quem ego nideriam in uita optumum, Ph. 2, 3, 20; habuisses non hospitem sed contubernalem. At quem uirum? Cie. fam. 9, 20, 1; qui tibi dies ille Antonii fuit!... Qui tu uir, di immortales, fuisses, si... Phil. 2, 90; Quem sese ore ferens, quem (schr. Vat., al. quam) forti pectore et armis? Verg. 4, 11; V 43. qui at times for uir, both as rel. and as interr., who prior has angustias occupauerit, ab hoc hostem prohiberi nihil esse negotii, Caes. b. c. 1, 66, 4; ut di legerent qui (Romulus or Remus) nomen nouae urbi daret, qui conditam regeret, Liv. 1, 6, 4; foedus iectum inter Romanos et Albanos est his legibus, ut cuius populi ciues uicissent, is alteri populo impertiret, 1, 24, 3; incertos quae pars sequenda esset, 21, 39, 6; 1, 56, 10; 7, 9, 7; 4, 45, 8; add 22, 23, 6; 27, 35, 11; 27, 40, 6; 36, 2, 1; quis nemori impertit, Verg. 12, 719; quis potior iudex? Ph. 2, 20; quos anteferebat, Tac. an. 1, 47; add Phaedr. 4, 24, 2; VI 44. as enclitic, any, some, quis or qui, quae or qua, quid or quod, esp. after si, nisi, num, ne, rel. (cf. too aliquis, ec-quis), ea Bacchanalia si qua sunt, exstrat quam sei quid ibei sacrei est, CIL 196, 29; iudiciumque quod (de) eia) r(e) dabit, 205, 3; Simoni adesse me-quis nuntiavit, Pl. Ps. 5, 1, 37; quod bene facere uoluisset, dicit, Cato ap. Gell. 6, 3, 38; quotiens lunae aut solis lumine aut quid obstitit, id. 28, 6; si-quis-quid alter ab altero peteret, id. 14, 2, 26; Hanc cito mali-quid ortum ex hoc sit publice, Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 89; iam illis promissis standum non est, quae coactus-quis metu promissis, Cic. off. 1, 32; quo-quis morsuor, hoc inuisor, 2, 34; ubi semel-quis peierauerit, ei credi non oportet, Rab. Post. 36; num-quod eloquentiae uestigium apparet, or. 1, 137; si-quis-quid peteret, Verr. 2, 4, 60; si-cui-quid relictum sit, 2, 3, 103; habent legibus sanctum, si-quis-quid de re publica fama acciperit, ut ad magistratum deferat, neue cum-quo alio communioret, Caes. b. g. 6, 20, 1; si-qui graviori ualere accepto equo deciderat circumstississet, 1, 48, 6; si-quando-quid tardius faceret, b. c. 3, 82, 3; qui-quid administrat, Varr. l. 6, 8; uestem seruosque sequentes In magno ut populo si-qui uidisset, auita... Hor. s. 1, 6, 79; si-quis-quem detulisset, Liv. 39, 17, 1; 45. as nom. f. quae in older l. preferred, att. quae or qua almost indiff., si quae lex, CIL 200, 41; nisi sequae causa erit, 198, 37; Numquae causat quon... Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 103; Nisi quae mihi in-te-st aut tibi in-me salus, Ps. 1, 1, 71; ne mora quae sit, 1, 2, 35; Si-quae forte ex Asia naus... St. 1, 2, 95; but in Men. 2, 2, 65 and in Ter. Haut. per. 44 most xss have si-quae; nisi harum quae causa erit, and soon: si-cui harum quae causa erit, Cine. ap. Gell. 16, 4, 4; Cie. has quae in Att. 8, 11 d, 6; fam. 1, 6, 1 etc.; but si-qua in Att. 4, 2, 4; Verr. 2, 5, 149 etc.; quae preferred in poets as: Si-qua tu Coridonis... Verg. B. 7, 40; Tu mihi si-qua fides, Ov. am. 1, 3, 16; add 1, 8, 11; 2, 6, 51 etc.; and quae in tr. 1, 1, 115; 46. so in n. Cie. has both, quae as in: Att. 1, 10, 1; fam. 1, 4, 2 etc.; but signa, inn. 1, 107; fin. 1, 26—wh. Madv. proba quae, sequar optimos codices; Si-qua tamen caecis... scripta, Ov. her. 11, 1; 47. quon in old l. as fem., Quis illaec est mulier... quae ipsa se miseratur? Pl. Epid. 4, 1, 6; add 4, 2, 4; 5, 1, 14; 5, 2, 37; Die mihi quaeio quis east quam uis ducere uxorem. Eloguar, Aul. 2, 1, 48; add 2, 1, 16; Pers. 2, 2, 18; Truc. 1, 1, 76; Mil. 2, 4, 8; 2, 5, 26; 3, 3, 51; 4, 1, 22; St. 1, 3, 83; Et quis illaec est quae lugubri succincta (cineta) est stola? Eup. ap. Non. 198, 2; quae uostrum, Caecil. ap. Gell. 2, 23, 10; Quis tu es mulier quae me..., Pacuv. ap. Non. 197, 33; cf.

quisquis: 48. quis in old l. as rel., pecunia quon nancitor habeto, ap. Fest. v. nancitor, p. 166 b, 25 M; but in Gell. 14, 12, 2 read by ej.: si quis eques; 49. quid in old l. as rel., dominus uino quon (so Gesner) uolet faciat, Cato 147 and again 148; cf. quidlibet, quiduis; 50. cui, as gen., rare, cui-modi, Gell. 9, 13, 4; 12, 15, 1; 18, 3, 6; cf. cuicunq; cui rei mihi met ipsi conscius sim, ueteres quoque scire nchm, Fronto ad am. 1, 12 f.; cui non uisus-itus ego, inser. Alger. Renier 2074; 51. quies (quies) as nom. pl. in old l., sei quies essent qui..., CIL 196, 4 and 24; quies sunt isti (or is)? Pacuv. ap. Char. 91, 19 K; and 133, 4; also ap. Prisc. 960 P, 2, 9, 16 K; cf. quiescunq; Cato and quiesdam, Acc. ib.; 52. gen. quouis and cuius at times monos., like E. whose, Vincetus asto, quouis hae hodie opera inueniast filia, M. Epid. 5, 2, 51; Set Stalagmus, quouis erat tunc nationis, quom hinc abit? Capt. 4, 2, 107; quouis sis aut quid feceris, Amph. 1, 1, 190; add 2, 1, 42; Et ualida quouis tenacia infenat nimis, Eup. ap. Non. 407, 22; cf. quouismodi (—), Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 100; Most. 3, 2, 130; Pers. 4, 4, 90 etc.; cuiusque (—), Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 43; Cuius tu fidem in pecunia perspexeris, Pl. 1, 2, 10; add Lucil. ap. Non. 320, 29 and 366, 10; Principium cuius hinc nobis exordia sumet, Lucr. 1, 149; 53. quois or quis for quibus, in quis regnas, Cie. fam. 11, 16 f.; Varr. 1, 5, 8, p. 51 Sp. etc.; Sal. Jug. 7, 7; 13, 6 etc.; Liv. 21, 62, 2; 30, 25, 7 etc.; even quiscum, Fronto 1, 51, says Neue (but)? 54. so quibus in old l. is gen. a monos. (pron. qui?), mores Turbidos quibus boni sese dedecorat, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 18; add 4, 2, 107; Bae. 3, 1, 13; 3, 6, 35 etc.; Quibus diuitias pollicentur ab eis drachumam ipsi petunt, Eup. ap. Cie. diu. 1, 132; In quibus sic inludatis. Veni in tempore, Ter. Andr. 4, 4, 19; Dilucide expediti quibus me oportuit, Ph. 2, 3, 52 etc.; 55. quon nom. at times long in old l., Quis hic (so xss, Ritschl ej. hic quis) est qui contra me astat? Pl. Pers. 1, 1, 13; Neque scis quis abstulerit (so xss), Aul. 3, 10, 43; Quis est (so lemb.), tam potens cum tanto munere hoc? Miles Thraso, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 62; Tunc ipsos adoriant, ne quis hinc Spartam referat nuntium, Naev. ap. Prisc. 1, 400, 3 K; Proh dii immortales quis hic iluxit dies? poet. ap. Cie. Pis. 1—wh. Quint. (9, 4, 76) saw a senarius, as also Diom. 468, 10 K; 56. while the interr. qui had a circumflex accent, the rel. was without accent, in lectione grauior, says Prisc. 2, 9, 20 K; absque accentibus, ib. 2, 127, 6; 57. the rel. and even indir. interr., when they give up their first place to an emphatic word may become enclitics, as Quint. 1, 5, 27 says of: Arma uirumque cano, Troiae-qui primus ab oris... Verg. 1, 1; add: Nos tua progenies, caeli-quae aduast arcem, 1, 250; notumque, furens quid femina possit, 5, 6; 58. so also they may be proclitics, quid-agam-que rogantibus, intus, Vt possim tuto scribere Dormit ait, Ov. her. 21, 19; 59. quid and quod in old l. subject to elision, Quid abstulisti hinc? Di me perdat, si ego tui nequiam abstuli, Pl. Aul. 4, 4, 18; Propere a portu, tui honoris causa. Ecquid adportas boni? St. 2, 2, 14; Quid hoc negotiis, quod omnes homines fabulantur per uias? Cist. 5, 1; Quid interitus? Hoc adeo ex hae re uenit in mentem mihi, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 2; Quid ignaue? Peniculus pugnae...? 4, 7, 7; Si quid huius simile forte aliquando euerit, Haut. 3, 2, 40; Mane habeo alius, si istue metuis, quod ambo confitemini sine periculo esse, 2, 3, 97; Quod is inebuit faciam, Mulier sapiens es Naustriata, Ph. 5, 9, 57; so Quintilian 11, 3, 33 speaking of elision says: consonantium quaedam insequenti uocali dissimulantur (so not in alone); cf. idem for id-tem, τούτο, εκείνο, τούτο, ούδ' for τούτο, etc.—some would explain the metre by the assumption of a short vowel in abstulisti, adportas, omnes, interest, huius, ignaue, is inebuit, but? 60. the stem has lost a final nasal, standing for quon=τις of τις τινος; cf. S. kim, Sp. quen, Port. quem, Swed. hvem, gen. hvem; Dutch g. wien-s; Mong. and Finn. ken, nay Dr. Guest, Proc. Phil. Soc. 1, 287, claims whom as an old Eng. nom.; comp. is old form of is for ins, also sanguis (for sanguis), ait. sanguis; ult. fm. a form kene or gene look, imper. of a lost vb. gon, whence g(oi)-osco=our kn-ow for kon-ow, secondary form of our vb. ken or con, see nosco γινωσκει, ecquis, ecce. From the assumed ken

(for *kene*) come alike en and the pronom. suffix *ce*. Note too *Chin. vb. ken see*. Lastly, in §§ 29 and 32 *qui* means this, i.e. is a dem. pron.

**quis-nam**, adj. or sb., *qui-n*, adj. or sb., *quae-n*, *quod-n*, adj., *quid-n*, sb., pron. interr. [nam?] first indir., who or what in the world, which of all, *Reusio* quidnam *Chæren* hic rerum gerat, *Ter. Eun.* 5, 4, 1; si incertum fuisset, *quisnam* exitus illius indici futuris esset, *Cic. Clu.* 63; add *inn*, 2, 2; temptandum existimavit *quidnam* Pompeius nolentis ad dimicandum habere, *Caes. b. c.* 3, 84, 1; ut quæreret libeat *quidnam* (so best mss) euentus...futurus fuerit, *Liv.* 9, 17, 2; perpetuas controversias habebant *quidnam* (for uternam) antefretur, *Caes. b. g.* 5, 44, 2; 2. dir. interr., *quisnam* egreditur foras? *Pl. Pers.* 3, 2, 5; *Quidnam* homo hic ante aedis nostras...? *Aul.* 4, 9, 17; *quidnam* exit foras? *Bac.* 2, 2, 56; *Quidnam* ab illarum? *Mil.* 4, 2, 56; *Quodnam* ob factum? *Ter. Haat.* 5, 2, 3; *Quidnam* Tantalidarum interfectionis modus sit? *Ace. ap. Char.* 71 f., 91, 8 K; *quisnam* tenebitur P. Scipionis memoriam? *Cic. Verr.* 2, 4, 30; etne ut præconere cures *hinc...cuiusnam*? *Pers.* 2, 19;

3. *quidnam* as adv. what about, why in the world? *quid tu malum nam?* me retrahis? *Pl. Rud.* 4, 2, 8; Sed *quidnam* Pamphilum examinatum uideo? *Ter. Andr.* 1, 4, 7;

4. after *si*, num etc., any whatever, ut sciam num *quidnam* hæc turba tristitiae affertur, *Ter. Andr.* 1, 4, 8; *eho num quidnam* accensur uirum? *Hec.* 2, 2, 25; add *Eun.* 2, 2, 41; 5. *nam* apart fin. *quis*, to ex. marked \* add: *quis* east nam optima? *Pl. Aul.* 2, 1, 16; add 3, 2, 13; but in *ps. Cic. ad Brut.* 1, 2, 1 read *w. M* *quidnam* se.

**quis-piam**, *qui-p*, *quae-p*, *quid-p*, (or rather *quip-p*), *quod-p*, pron. [piam] perh. = *quam*, as in *quis-quam*, any whatever, some or other (no matter who or what), *Quod quis-piam* ignem quaerat, extingui uolo, *Pl. Aul.* 1, 2, 13; Nunc si ridiculum quaerat hominem *quis-piam*, *St.* 1, 3, 17; Vide modo ne illic sit conatus *quis-piam*, 4, 6, 34; Num *quis-piam* alium me uis? *Pers.* 4, 8, 5; *quid* si *he* *quis-piam* uoluit deus? *Ter. Eun.* 5, 2, 36; euenio deducendum eam ad *quampiam* ciuitatem ibique nuntiandum, *Apul.* M. 7, 9; pecuniam si *quis-piam* fortuna ademit, *Cic. Quint.* 49; dixerit *quis-piam*, *Phil.* 14, 13; si grando *quis-piam* nocuit, *N. D.* 3, 86; num aliud *quod-piam* membrum tumidum non uisose se habet? *Tusc.* 3, 19; ad aliam rem *quampiam*, *fin.* 5, 30; aliae *quæ-piam* rationes, *fam.* 9, 8, 2; cum *quæ-piam* colere impetum fecerat, *Caes. b. g.* 5, 35, 1; add 6, 17, 5; ut etiam in amplissima *quæ-p* lætitia subsist *quæ-piam* bel parua querimonia, *Apul. flor.* 18, 85; Terentio non similes dices *quæ-piam*, *Afran.* ap. *Suet.* 5; cum proferre (id quod a me didicisti) ad *quos-piam* coepis, *R.* 90; 2. as adv. in any way, to any extent, at all, *Visam* ne nocte hæc *quis-piam* turbauerint, *Pl. Capt.* 1, 2, 18; num peccati *quis-piam*? *Ps.* 1, 3, 134; nisi *Sist* osculando *quis-piam* impudicior, *Cure.* 1, 1, 52; in both these *Fleek. quis-piam*; Num illi molestae *quis-piam* (so B C; not *quid-p*) hæc sunt nuptiae? *Ter. Andr.* 2, 6, 7; Nam si remittent *quis-piam* Philumenae dolores, *Hec.* 3, 2, 14.

**quis-quam**, m. f. sb. or adj., *quid-quam*, or rather *quie-quam* (as gen. in good mss), n. adv. or sb., separate *me*, *foru* not found, pron. indef., any whatever, anyone whatever, in neg., and what are virtually neg., interr. and cond. clauses, first neg., *magister* neque *uir* neque *uuluer* *quis-quam* esset, *CHL* 190, 10; neque pro magistratu(d)...*quis-quam* (= *quie-q*) fecisse uolet, 12; sacra in quolibet *quis-quam* fecisse uolet, 10; Neque *quis-quam* nunc est uile (so A) nisi moris mali, *Pl. Trin.* 1, 1, 10; nisi huic *ueri* adfertur merces, Non hic suo seminio *quæ-quam* proculum (so mss; *proam* or *serofaua*?) impertiturst, *Mil.* 4, 2, 68; Nec *pro* homo *quis-quam* faciet impune animatus *Hec* nisi tu, *Eun.* ap. *Maer.* 8, 6, 1, p. 499 Jan; Quærebam comperibam nihil ad Pamphilum *Quie-quam* attinere, *Ter. Andr.* 1, 1, 64; Nam nemo illorum *quis-quam*, scito, ad te uenit, *Quin...*, *Hec.* 1, 1, 10; Nec *quis-quam* locus est quo..., *Lucr.* 1, 1077; 2. *euen* w. subj. of object, as stronger than no *quis*, interdici omnibus *ne* *quæ-quam* interficiant, *Caes. b. g.* 7, 40, 4; edicto...*ne* *quis-quam* in castris panem uenderet...*ne* q. ordine egrediretur, *Sal. lug.* 45, 2; si lex lata erit *ne* id *quis-quam* faciat, *Sen. ben.* 4, 35, 1; 3. in interr. sen-

tences, an *quisquam* usquam gentiumst aequè miser? *Ter. Hec.* 3, 1, 13; Estne *quisquam* omnium mortalium de quo melius existimes tu? Estne *quisquam* qui tibi purior uideatur? *Cic. Rose. com.* 18; *quidquam* (*quie-q*) tu illa putas de ualutidine decreta prae his de uictoria gratulationibus? *Att.* 9, 5 f.; potest...*quisquam*...? fat. 27; *hi* *mih* *quis-quam* (looking perh. at Caesar) mansuetudinem nominat? (*edd.* without 7) *Sal. Cat.* 52, 11; et *quis-quam* nomen *lunonis* adoret *Prætere*? *Verg.* 1, 48; add 10, 65; A tenera *quis-quam* *sic* surgit mane puella, *Protius* aut...? *Ov. am.* 3, 7, 53; 4. so in exclam., *Pro* di immortales! *Essene* *quæ-quam* tanta audacia præditum, *qui*, *Cic. Rose. com.* 4; dubitare *quæ-quam* prudenter *quin*...? *Att.* 15, 20, 1; *quæ-quam*ne *sic* tam secleratum *qui* *he* fingeret! *Phil.* 14, 14; 5. after comp. wh. a neg. notion is implied (un in *Fr.* expressed), nisi uos fortiores cognossem *quæ-quam* uirum, *qui*, *fam.* 14, 7, 2; ne non *he* potius omnes boni seruis a me *quæ-quam* eruditi factum esse dicat, *Cat.* 1, 5; priusquam *quæ-quam* conaretur, *Caes. b. g.* 1, 10, 3; supra *quæ-quam* credibile est, *Sal. Cat.* 5, 3; priusquam *quæ-quam* decernamus, *Liv.* 32, 20, 6; quum multi magis frementur, *quæ-quam* *quis-quam* ueniret andaret, 3, 45, 4; 6. in conditions, Eorum si *quis-quam* serofam in publico conspexero, *Pl. Capt.* 4, 2, 29; Secus si unquam *quis-quam* feci, carnificem *quæ-quam*, *Naev.* ap. *Char.* 2, 105 P; Si sensero hodie *quis-quam* in his te nuptiis *Fal-laciæ* conari, *Ter. Andr.* 1, 2, 25; si *quid-quam* (*quie-q*) nunc *cuius-quam* est, *Cic. fam.* 7, 3, 3; si *quis-quam* est timidus in magnis rebus...*ego* *sum*, *Caes. b. g.* 1, 14, 1; errare eos si *quis-quam* ab his præsidii sperent, *Caes. b. g.* 5, 41, 5; præsensque minatur Exitium si *quis-quam* adeat, *Verg.* 12, 761; 7. a condition lurks in: te moueri oportere iniuria quæ *mih* a *quo-quam* facta sit, *Cic. Att.* 9, 15, 5; nihil est exitiosius *quæ-quam* *quis-quam* agi per *num*, *leg.* 3, 42; si concedendum est *quis-quam* fieri posse sine causa, *fat.* 26; causas...*quæ* proliantur *quis-quam* secus cadere atque canisunt, 28; *quæ* *quid-quam* erit qui te defendere audeat, *Cat.* 1, 6; *haberi*...*quod* *quid-quam* (*quie-q*) stabile in regno patet, *Phil.* 8, 12; Cuius potest accidere *quod* *cui-quam* potest, *Syr. ap. Sen. tranq.* 11, 8, 8;

8. strengthened by *alius* or *alter*, neque illo *quis-quam*st alter hodie ex paupertate parior, *Pl. Aul.* 2, 2, 29; ne ille ex te sciat Nece *alius* *quis-quam*, *Trin.* 2, 4, 118; neque *quis-quam* alia *uuluer*, *Cist.* 1, 1, 68; legendus est hic orator, si *quis-quam* *alius*, *inuentus*, *Cic. Brut.* 126; 9. by *unus*, nec *quis-quam* *unus*...*tam* popularis esset *quam*..., *Liv.* 2, 9, 8; nec *quis-quam* alterius gentis *unus* tantum ex arte (excellit), 28, 37, 6; add 3, 45, 4 in § 5; 32, 20, 7 in § 13; 10. nemo strengthened by *quis-quam*, *quod* *eorum* nemo q. *quis-quam* *mih* *ignotus* est, *Cato orig.* ap. *Prise.* 887 P, 1, 510, 21 K; Lepidiorem uxorem nemo q. *quam* *ego* habeo habet, *Pl. Cas.* 5, 4, 29; add *Ter. Eun.* 2, 1, 21; 5, 3; *Hec.* 1, 1, 10; *Gell.* 2, 6, 9; 9, 10, 4; and perh. *Suet.* *Cal.* 3; 11. so *mih* w. *quis-quam*, Nihil *ego* tibi hodie consili *quis-quam* dabo, *Pl. Bac.* 4, 9, 113; add *Mero.* 3, 1, 9; *Poen.* 3, 1, 1; *Ter. Ph.* 1, 2, 30; 2, 1, 2; *Hec.* 3, 3, 40 etc.; *Gell.* 1, 3, 3 etc.; 12. in an abbrev. answer, as an absol. neg., *quis* *Daos* narrat? *Aequè* *quis-quam* nunc *quidem*, *Ter. Andr.* 2, 5, 23; cf. *Fr.* idiom in like case *w. au-* *cun*, *personne*, *rien*, *pas*, *point*, *lequel* *des* *deux* *est* *venu*? *aucun* *d'eux* (*n'est* *venu* understood); 13. so *quem-quam* = *neminem* in: hæc adhortatio non modo *quem-quam* *unum* elicit ad suadendum, sed *ne* *fremitu* *quidem*...*mouit*, *Liv.* 32, 20, 7; 14. *quis-quam* as *adj.* seems limited to *man*, as *homo* q., *Pl. Mil.* 2, 6, 57; *Poen.* 5, 4, 32; *Rud.* 1, 3, 23; *Ter. Andr.* 1, 5, 10 etc.; *amator*, *Pl. Tru.* 2, 1, 28; *discipulum*, *Bac.* 1, 2, 43; *regem*, *Naev.* ap. *Char.* 192 P, 210, 15 K; in *Gell.* per 2 Hertz has: ut *librum* *quemque* (not *quem-quam*); 15. *quis-quam* as *adj.* perh. only in: Nunquam *quis-quam* facinus feci *peius* neque *secleratus*, *Pl. Men.* 3, 1, 2; 16. *quis-quam* as *f.*, add \* to *auem*, *anum* *quem-quam*, *Pl. Rud.* 2, 3, 75; *Quandoquidem* *illarum*, neque te *quis-quam* nouit, neque *scit* qui *sies*, *Ter. Eun.* 2, 3, 83; hunc oculis *sies* *Nostrarum* *nunquam* *quis-quam* uidit *Phidriæ*, 4, 4, 11; 17. *quæ-quam* as *adv.*, at all, in any way, Spero si speres *quæ-quam* prodesse potis sunt,

Enn. ap. Fest. 333 M; cf. nihil so used; 18. fem. forms quae-q. quam-q. qua-q. a neut. quod-q. and a plur. m. f. n. given by Diom. 321 P; 332, 19—23; but not found, unless in hand-quasquam, ne-quasquam.

**quis-quē**, (old quiesque\*) quae-que, quic-que (rather than quid-que), quod-que, quous-que (old; aft. cuiusque), quod-que (old; aft. cuique) etc., pron. adj. or sb. [prob. for quis-que] in old L. often, whoever, whichever, whatever. N. hercle defregit istos talos posthac, quemque in tegulis Videritis alienum, ego ... Pl. Mil. 2. 2, 1; add 2, 2, 5; 2. 5, 50; Qui omnis se amare credit, quaeque (quaeque) for quaeque B as usual, al. (quemque) asperit, 4, 9, 14; add Merc. 1, 1, 20; As. 2, 3, 24; Capt. 4, 2, 18 and prob. 17; but in As. 1, 3, 47 read: Cetera quae (not quaeque) nolumus uti, Graeca mercamur fide; 2. so again in very late L., latrones, quique eorum recte sapient, Apul. M. 7, 9; Edicta... miserat, Christum negaret, quique mallet uinere, Prud. *περὶ στρ.* 10, 35; Pareto licet quisque legem sanciveris, Ans. sap. Pitt. Mityl. 5; Pareti quisque malis, perdere nulli bonos, id. Cleob. 5; add Sidon. ep. 4, 11; Aurel. V. 33, 29; H 3. every, each, ita quousque in aetate hominum comparatum... noluptatem ut maeor comes consequatur, Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 2; mens cuiusque is es quisque, non ea figura quae digito demonstrari potest, Cic. rep. 6, 26; permultos excellentes in quoque genere ingenios, or, 1, 6; refeli rem quamque (uidemus, Laer. 1, 562; terrorum pedum in quamque partem, Plin. 17, 167; 4. esp. after a rel. or interr. and in close connection with it, is in diebus V proximeis quibus quiesque\* eorum sciet... CIL 107, 14; add 17 and 23; ex eo die quo quisque quisque (nomen) detulerit, 198, 21; quodque quisque (nec) (e) (a) (e) (e) decernit ... 205, 2; Dicit quod quisque uult, Pl. Pers. 3, 1, 45; Insequē Musa... Quod quisque in bello gessit cum rege Philippo, Enn. ap. Cic. Gell. 18, 9, 3; quem quisque optit perisse expetit, Enn. ap. Cic. off. 1, 21; magni esse indicis statuere... quid quemque quique praestare oportet, 3, 70; ut quanti quisque se ipse faciat, tanti fiat ab amicis, am. 59; uidendum est non modo quid quisque loquatur, sed etiam quid quisque sentiat, off. 1, 147; aestimationes rerum quanti quaeque erant ante bellum fuisset, Caes. b. c. 3, 1, 2; sepeliebant exstant quo quisque loco cecidit, Liv. 1, 25, 14; 5. or rel. adv., uti quicquid quousque ante hanc (legem) (rogatum) licuit, ita... CIL 200, 32; Vt quique quique conditum gustauerit, Ipse (so A) sibi faciam ut digitos praerodas suos, Pl. Ps. 3, 2, 93; add 5, 2, 15; Most. 3, 2, 145 etc.; Vbi quique in urbium est ingressus, ilico Omnes meretricis ubi quisque habitant, inuenit, Poen. pr. 106; add Amph. 4, 3, 14; 5, 1, 11; Non tu te incommoda rem, ut quaeque est, in animum induces pati? Ter. Hee. 4, 2, 27; pro se quisque ut in quoque erat auctoritatis plurimum, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 68; ut quaeque pars castrorum... premi uidebatur, Caes. b. c. 3, 4, 2; quo minus quodque animal, eo robustior ex eo cibis est, Cels. 2, 18, p. 65, 18 D; 6. attached to suns or sui sibi se, Sibi quisque ruri metit, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 112; suam quisque homo rem meminit, Merc. 5, 4, 51; Meus mihi, suus quousque carus, Capt. 2, 3, 40; pro se quisque sedulo faciebant, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 74; More fit mori suam quisque uxorem ut(i) uelit, Pomp. ap. Non. 127, 7; sui quique mores fingunt fortunam hominibus, ap. Nep. Att. 11, 6; sua cuiusque animantis natura est, Cic. fin. 5, 25; cum suo quique iudicio sit utendum, 3, 1; trium mensium cibaria sibi quemque domo efferre iubent, Caes. b. c. 1, 5, 3; add 1, 52, 1; 2, 10, 4; 2, 11, 1; sibi quique tendente ut periculo primus (T H K ej., mss and edd. prius) euaderet, Liv. 21, 33, 5; 7. quisque is itself an emphatic word, and so often precedes in poetry (esp. as suiting metre), Quisquis suos patimur Manis, Verg. 6, 743; Quisquis suas artes... Ov. F. 1, 169; add 2, 715; tr. 3, 4, 64; Pont. 1, 5, 35; 2, 3, 17; 2, 5, 61; 2, 9, 36; see also \* below; cuiusque sua is no longer read in Colum. 12, 3, 4; 8. at times in this combination quisque takes its case from suns and its noun, quae stipendia... maiorem partem sui quousque anni fecerit, CIL 296, 91 and again 101; Tanta ibi copia uenustatum aderat, in suo quique (so D) loco sita munde, Pl. Poen. 5, 4, 5; see Titin. ap. Charis.

183 P, 204, 30 K; quia cuiusque partis naturae... sua quaeque nis sit, Cic. fin. 5, 46 (see Madvig); quaeque suo quoque (quidque Schneider) loco sunt posita, ea minus loci occupant, Varr. r. 1, 7, 2; omnia certo suo quoque (quaeque Sch.) loco ad nullam posita, 1, 22, 6; sic ex reliquis sui cuiusque generis, l. 9, 21 p. 474 Sp.; cum analogiae sui cuiusque temporis uerba debeant discerniari, 9, 60 p. 533; cf. utroque, 9, 23 p. 475; has... aliae totidem (colortes) suae cuiusque legionis subsequebantur, Caes. b. c. 1, 83, 2; quodvis frumentum, non tamen omne Quis\* suo genere inter se simile esse uidetur, Lucr. 2, 372 (see Lachm.); equites item suae cuiusque parti post principia collocat, Liv. 3, 22, 6; Strata incens passim sua quaeque sub arborē poma, Verg. B. 7, 54; motibus armorum... suae cuiusque gentis antecit, Liv. 25, 17, 5; pecunia quae in stipendium Romanis suo quoque anno penderetur, 33, 46, 9; cum tribuni... et sui cuiusque ordinis militibus, Tac. an. 14, 27; Sed Isufum atque alios caedit sua quaeque (al. quicquid) iuuentus, Liv. 7, 213; ad regiones sui cuiusque generis apta distributio, Vit. 1, 3, 2 p. 15, 23; suo quoque tempore, 2, 9, 4 p. 55, 13; sui cuiusque locabali, Gell. 10, 9, 3; s. c. diensis, Suet. Aug. 40; ut populus pro sua quoque parte haberet ministrum sacrorum, Fest. 344 b 21 M; 9. attached to superl., all the—est, the more—the more—, optimum quidque (quique?) rarissimum est, Cic. fin. 2, 81; doctissimus q. contra hanc immortalitatem disserit, Tusc. 1, 77; recentissima quaeque sunt emendata maxime, aca. post. 13; add Sest. 90; Tusc. 1, 35; fortissimum quemque tutissimum, Sal. Jug. 87, 2; Liv. 1, 9, 8; 42, 20, 3; 10. attached the same way to comp., all the—er, placidiora quaeque, Lact. opif. 14, 6; imbecilliora q., Aurel. V. 9, 9; probrosior qui-que, 9, 9; 11. even w. pos., all the—, or perh. w. idea of proportion, the more—the more—, auersos bonos eximium quemque pulchritudine caudis in spelunca traxit, Liv. 1, 7, 5; inualidus quique obtriti, Tac. an. 12, 43; noxious quique, Lact. ira d. 21, 10; prudentes quique, l. 22, 12; boni quique indices, 6, 12, 21; 12. w. ordinals, cf. § 8. Nam in foro uix decimus quisque uti ipsius sese honorit, Pl. Ps. 4, 2, 17; primum quique uidemus, Cic. N. D. 3, 3, 7; tertio quoque nerbo excitabantur, Rab. Post. 34; quinto quoque anno, Verr. 2, 2, 139; cetera multitudine tertio decimus quique ad supplicia lecti, Liv. 2, 59 f. 1; 13. for uterque, duas ciuitates ex una factas; suos cuique parti magistratus esse, Liv. 2, 44, 9; diuersique (consules) ad suum quique bellum proficiscentur, 10, 12, 3; add 10, 26, 6; 27, 35, 5; Atque ita quisque suas iterum redeant ad urbes, Ov. her. 19, 169; in hoc propria quique eorum quaestione nitetur, alter enim... Quint. 3, 6, 102; ut Caium et Lucium filios... suo quemque tirocinio deducere in forum, Suet. Aug. 26; Draeger adds that uterque is never found in this connection; 14. quisque at times in secondary clause, esp. ab. absol., adapts its case to nom. of main cl., exercitus... amisso duce ac multis sibi quisque imperium petentibus dilabatur, Sal. Jug. 18, 3; omnes neht dis auctoribus in spem suam quisque acceptis proclium... possent, Liv. 21, 45 f. 1; cf. use of ipse in: causa ipse pro se dicta... 4, 44, 10; but in Just. 29, 1, 8 read w. Jeep: erant... in suorum quisque... intenti. 15. vb. in this comp. gen. pl. (see t above); but at times sing., poetae suum quique opus a uolgo considerari uult, Cic. off. 1, 147; multi... sibi quisque... ex uictoria italia sperabat, Sal. Cat. 37, 6; finitimus imperat... quam plurimum quisque aquae portaret, Jug. 75, 5.

**quis-quis**, quic-quid (rather than quidquid), cuius-cuius (old quous-quous), cui-cui (old quoui-quoui, quoui-quoui) etc., pron. whichever, whoever, whatever, first as rel., quicquid enim Q. Licinium d(are oportet), CIL 205, 1, 27; quem-que uisco offerant, Tam crebri ad terram decedebant quam pira, Pl. Poen. 2, 37; add Truc. 2, 1, 17; Men. 5, 1, 17; omnia Venibant quiqui liebant praesenti pecunia, 5, 9, 97; Quisquis bonos timuli, quidquid (al. quicquid) solamen humani est, Largior, Verg. 10, 493; Et quicquid luuis feci, causa uirginis Feci, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 122; quid-quid (quicquid) malefici sceleris caedis erit, primum id Rosiorum esse debebit, Cic. Rose. Am. 122; quicquid erit

scribes, Att. 14, 1 f.; Quisquis adest faucat, Tib. 2, 1, 1; Quisquis... ille... 2, 3, 25; Immo et deorum quisquis amicior... Hor. od. 2, 1, 25; iurantes per quicquid deorum t est, Liv. 23, 9, 3; At o deorum quicquid (quicquid) in caelo regit... Hor. epod. 5, 1; 2. absol., no matter who (what), Quisquis es, quicquid tibi nomen est senex, summum Iouem Detestor, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 60; quisquis es, Ps. 1, 3, 20; 2, 2, 11 etc.; sed fores, quicquid futurum feriam, Truc. 2, 1, 41; add Mil. 2, 6, 102; Satis pro imperio quisquis es, Ter. Ph. 1, 4, 10; Gabinus illud quoquo consilio fecit, fecit certe suo, Cie. Rab. Post. 21; confido aduentum nostrum illi, quoquo tempore fuerit, aspernatur fore, Att. 9, 2, 2; sequor omnia tanta, Quisquis in arma vocas, Verg. 9, 22; 3. quicquid as adv. of degree = quantum, the more, every step that, Ride quicquid amas Cato Catullum, Catul. 56, 3; 4. ab urbe longius proferent arma, magis... Liv. 7, 32, 6; 4. progrederi, in astitorem me altitudine inuadi, Pl. 1, 5; 4. amare patrem uidentur, non naturalis ille amor est, Gell. 12, 1, 23; 4. without a v.b. of its own, no matter what, any whatever, uti quicquid quocunque ante hanc (legem) (rogatum) licuit, ita et habere opti. licet, CIL 200, 32; quod quemquam hanc legem profiteri oportebit, is apud quem in professio fit, curato, 209, 13; suum quicquid? genus talecram serito, Cato r. 48, 1; Ordine omne, ut quicquid (so mss) actum, dum apud hostes sedimus, Pl. Amph. 2, 1, 49 (52); Ego istos non polpos qui ubi quicquid (so mss, not quicquid) tegerit tenent, Aul. 2, 2, 21; Quod si exquirat... auctoritas, Vnde quicquid (so mss, not quid) auditum dicant, nisi id appareat... Trin. 1, 2, 181 (wh. note quicquid elided, see quid elided under quis § 59; ex bestii... quae ut quicquid obiectum est... contentae non quaerunt amplius, Cie. Tusc. 5, 98; quocumque in loco quisquis est, idem est ei sensus, fam. 6, 1, 1; tu quoquo modo... hominem inuestiges uelim, Q. fr. 1, 2, 14; nocturnum furem quoquo modo... interfici impune uoluerunt, Mil. 9; but in Verr. 2, 4, 31 quicque and quicquid are in mss; Inque suos quicquid rursus renouare incatus, Luer. 2, 957; quod hic quisquis de meliore nota... Catul. 68, 28; liberos suos quibusque Romanis... mancipio dabant, Liv. 41, 8, 10; perinde in foro in conuicio quicquid de re locuti inuolantur, Tac. an. 6, 13 (7); quicunque id quod quicqua exceptione elici potest petit, Ulp. dig. 44, 4, 2, 5; si quid a quoquo eorum furtum factum esse dicitur, 47, 5, 1; quod a quoquo poenae nomine exactum est, Gai. 50, 17, 46; ut alio quocumque modo, Quint. 9, 4, 47; 5. for quicquid as an adj. see Cato \* above; as a sb. w. a gen. see exx. above, including even living beings, marked 7; 6. a suspicious quocumque in Mar. Vict. 2460, 31 P quicquam et quicquid et quocumque prima syllaba quocumque habuerit d, id uis praedicte et superponite e; on forma quicque see Quint. 1, 7, 6;

7. a gen. cuius in cuiusmodi, Cie. leg. 2, 13; Att. 3, 22, 4; Rose. Am. 95.  
**quiuis**, quaeuis quouis or quaeuis cuiusuis (old quouis-uis) etc. pron. any you please (best or worst, greatest or least), Oppidum quoduis uidetur posse expugnare (so mss) Dolus, Pl. Mil. 4, 4, 21; Quoduis genus ibi hominum uidetur, Poen. 4, 2, 9; hoc modo quod genus uis (note the words yet separate) propagabit, Cato r. 52 (53) f.; Abs quis homine quouis opus beneficium accipere gaudeas, Ter. Ad. 2, 3, 1; Praetost: audacissime oneris quiduis impone: hic (al. et) feret, Ph. 3, 3, 28; Nam me peribere, illis optularier, Quous exilio eopu, Pacu. ap. Non. 153, 23; tanta uis erat iniuriarum ut homines quiduis periti quam non conueni mallet, Cie. Verr. 2, 3, 45; omnia sunt cuiusmodi, quouis ut perspicere possit, Quint. 84; add quouis numerum epiphiliatorum equum quamuis quaei adire audent, Caes. b. g. 4, 2, 5; praeterea... quamuis fortunata a populo Romano pati quam... 2, 31, 6; E quouis unus ariet (al. auct) quous aspergere euntes, Praetor enim qui praebet, aqua (aqua assum) — with any (the driest) water, Hor. s. 1, 4, 87; quibusuis potius quam agricolis, Plin. 18, 24; contra scabium quouis (adeps), 28, 139; 2. strengthened by alius or unus, Nam quous alia quae morast aequa mora, Minor ea uidetur quam quae propter mulieremst,

Pl. Mil. 4, 7, 10; quantum non quouis unus de populo... posset cognoscere, Cie. Brut. 320; si tu solus aut quouis unus... Caccin. 62; but in Liv. 9, 17, 15 quilibet ut, not quouis a; 3. as adv., ea... quouis anni legere possis; at any time of the year, Cato r. 17, 1; cf. hoc noctis, id actatis.

**quouis-cumquid** etc. pron. any you please whatever, Nee repentis itum cuiusuis-cumque animantis Sentimus, Luer. 3, 388; Quouis-cumque loco, Mart. 14, 14, 1.

**quod**, pron. adv. and conj. [for an old acc. quom?] to which, whom or what; whither, where (in sense of whither), first as rel. and w. correlating pron., quo auctest eo sequitur, Pl. Cist. 2, 3, 38; istue quo, 2, 3, 79; add Mil. 2, 5, 45; illue quo, Merc. 3, 4, 64; huc quo, Trin. 2, 4, 199; (sitellum) quo (into which) iudices sortiales conieciat, CIL 198, 50; agro quo coloniam deduxit, 200, 24;

2. w. sb. as antecedent, dolia quo uinaceos condant x, Cato r. 10, 4; Neque sepulcrum quo recipiat habeat portum corporis, Enn. ap. Cie. Tusc. 1, 107; me ad eam partem provinciae esse uenturum quo te maxime uelle arbitrarer, Cie. Fam. 3, 5, 3; omnibus uicis edificicis quo adire poterant inuenis, Caes. b. g. 2, 7, 3; turrim regiam quo Ingurtha peragus omnis praesidium imposuerat, Sal. Jug. 103, 1;

3. even w. person as antec. is pr(a)ctor) consule quo de ea re in ious auditum erit, CIL 200, 59; 1 nunc ad eum quo uocas iamdudum, quo nolebas, Pl. As. 2, 4, 79; add Mil. 2, 1, 41; uendo... Parasitum inanem quod (into whom) recomdas reliquias, St. 1, 3, 75; (O) hominem beatum quo illae perueniant diuitiae! Pomp. ap. Non. 508, 4; apud eos quo se contulit splendoris, Cie. Verr. 2, 4, 38;

4. w. no antec., tamen est eundem quo imperant, Pl. Cure. 1, 1, 6; pergam quo ocepit, As. 1, 1, 102; nam quod (to the family into which) dedisti nuptum abire nolimus, St. 1, 2, 85; quo lubeat nubant, Aul. 3, 5, 17; manigant quo neque terra neque mari quisquam Romanus ante id tempus adit, mon. Aneyr. 5, 15; non longius aberant quam quo telum adici posset, Caes. b. g. 2, 21, 3;

5. indir. interr., Scio qua me ire oportet, et quo uenerim, Pl. Most. 4, 2, 53; quo autem aut quo nihil sciunt, Cie. Att. 8, 3; securi Sancia trabs... Quo eadit in dubio est, Ov. M. 10, 374;

6. met., lubet experiri quo enasurum denique... what he will come to at last—Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 93; quo eadant, sum in metu, As. 1, 1, 36; Quo eadant uide, Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 61; uide quo me inducas, Andr. 3, 3, 25;

7. dir. interr., Quo agis te? Domum, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 294; quo hinc una ad prandium? Capt. 3, 1, 20; quo nubent? Aul. 3, 5, 15; quo accedam? quo applicam? Enn. ap. Cie. Tusc. 3, 44; quo igitur hae spectat oratio? Att. 8, 2, 4; quo, quo secelesti ruitis? Hor. epod. 7, 1;

8. as enclit., to any place, esp. after si, ne, num, ad-erua istune Ne quo hinc abeat, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 99; add Rind. 3, 4, 72; sed num quo foras Vocatus is ad cenam? Capt. 1, 2, 69; Si quo hic gradietur pariter tu progredimur, Ps. 3, 2, 70; eas (sues) si quis quo traiecerit uult, Cato ap. Varr. 2, 4, 11; uide sis ne quo hinc abeas longius, Ter. Haut. 1, 2, 38; ipse ne quo incidere—fall in with any people—Terenti Formae, Cie. Att. 8, 3, 7; si quo erat longius progredimur, Caes. b. g. 1, 48, 7; si quando Roman abique quo mittent legatos, Liv. 38, 30, 7;

9. for what purpose? quo enim inopportunum reserues? Cie. Sest. 29; dixit quo uellet aurum, Cael. 53; quo tantam pecuniam... conferebant? Verr. 2, 2, 137; Neseis quo ualeat munus, quem praebet usum? Hor. s. 1, 1, 73; si quo usui esse L. Aemilio posset, Liv. 40, 26, 8;

10. esp. in legal l., quo ergo hae exceptio? Ulp. dig. 2, 11, 4; often q. bonum, as: quo bonum fuit actionem polliceri praetorem, cum... 7, 1, 13, 2; add 37, 4, 3, 11; 37, 4, 10, 4; Scaev. 40, 3, 93; Gai. 16, 1, 8, 13, 21;

11. in ellipt. clauses of acc. or acc. and inf., Martis nero signum quo mihi, pacis auctor? Cie. Fam. 7, 23, 2; Quo mihi fortunam, si non conceditur uti? Hor. ep. 1, 5, 12; Quo mihi fortunam, quae nunquam fallere curet? Ov. sm. 2, 19, 7; Quo tibi formosam, si non nisi casta placebat? 3, 4, 41; Quo tibi turritis incingere moenibus urbes, Quo tibi discordes addere in arma manus? 3, 8, 47; Quo mihi inquit mutam speciem, si uineor sono? Phaedr. 3, 18, 9; 12. to denote object or purpose, esp. w. compai.

marked \*, cf. § 16; in order that. An quo furatum uenias, nestigas loca? Pl. Rud. 1, 2, 23; Hanc simulat parere, quo Chromete abstercant, Ter. Andr. 3, 1, 14; add Eun. 1, 2, 70\*; obducuntur cortice trunci quo sint a frigoris tutiores\*, Cic. N. D. 2, 120; quo facilius\* cymitum impediunt, Caes. b. g. 2, 17, 41; 13. of the tendency or result, so that, uenire lege(m) de(i)-cito quo inuicis eis (aditer pascentur), CIL 200, 80; uenire facio quo quis eo meliores introducat, quone ibi meliores biment, 204, 2, 10; add Roed. 71; 204, 2, 15; per me stetit credat (quo minus\* haec ferent nuptiae, Ter. Andr. 4, 2, 17); 14. quo (w. neg. and eo) w. subj. (not for this reason) because. Non pol quo quemquam plus amem aut plus diligam, Eo feci, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 16; Neque eo nunc dico, quo quicquam illum senserim, Haut. 3, 2, 43; non eo dico quo mihi ueniat in dubium tua fides, Cic. Quint. 5; 15. and so ellipt., esp. to guard against a false inference, not that, Non edepol quo te esse inopidum crederem, Pl. Amph. 3, 2, 32; non quo libenter male audiam, sed quia causam non libenter relinquo, Cic. or. 2, 305; non quo elandus esses... sed quia uidetur, fam. 5, 19, 2; quod scribis non quo aliunde audieris, sed te ipsum putare, Att. 10, 1, 3; non quo unquam de tua uoluntate dubitasset, fam. 10, 12, 1; III 16. w. compar. how far, to what degree, the (more), first w. eo, quo erant saniores (litterae) eo maiorem dolorem ille casus afferbat, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 1, 17; quo maior est in animis praestantia, eo maiore indigent diligentia, Tusc. 4, 58; 17. w. other correl. pron., quo magis noui, tanto sapient, Pl. Ph. 2, 2, 14; quo difficilius hoc praeclearius, Cic. off. 1, 64;

18. w. foll. correl., quo minus ingenu possim, subsidium mihi diligentiam comparavi, Cic. Quint. 4; quo plures erant, maior caedes fuit, Liv. 2, 51, 5; 19. ref. to prec. sentence and (the more) therefore on this account, quo acquirit sum Pamphilo, Si... Ter. Andr. 2, 5, 15; quo magis grae agis curae sunt mihi, Ad. 4, 5, 46; quo magis hoc philosopho faciendum est, Cic. fin. 3, 4; mi-cella (una) quam uicant nigram multo ante coquitur, quo prior legenda, Varr. r. 1, 54, 1; 20. in parentb., w. comp., so far, Immo etiam, quo tu minus (so little) scis aerumnas iocis, Haec nuptiae non apparabantur mihi, Ter. Andr. 4, 1, 31;

21. without compar., and so, quo etiam scripsit Persium non curo legere, Cic. or. 2, 25; noraeas sunt natura (anser)es) quo temperandum his, Varr. r. 3, 10, 5; 22. w. gen., Sequere haec me... Quo gentium, Pl. Bac. 4, 7, 33; 23. w. gen. of abstr. nouns, to what degree (of...), ne hodie quidem scire uideamini quo amantiae progressi sitis, Liv. 28, 27, 12; cf. eo consuetudinis, 25, 8, 11; huc arrogantiae, Tac. an. 3, 73; 24. quo loci, for ubi, radicem ore ferre et dicere quo illa loci nasceretur, Cic. diu. 2, 135; quod in nummis haberet, nescire quo loci esset, Att. 8, 10; res eodem est loci quo reliquisti, 1, 13, 5; in arbitrio eius est quo loci exhibent, Ulp. dig. 16, 3, 5, 1; cf. eo loci, Cic. Sest. 68; 25. like other pron. adv. as if in agreement w. a noun, ibi... semper erit praesidium, Victus, nescitus, quo in lectum te receptes, Ter. Haut. 5, 2, 15; Non hercle quo hinc nunc gentium aufugium scio, Pl. Rud. 3, 5, 44.

quod-adv. pron. conj. first of place, as far as, fugientibus, quoad insequi pedes potuit terga caesa; eques usque ad castra pauidos egit, Liv. 2, 25, 4; in aquam progressi quoad capibus humeris(que) exstare possunt, 22, 6, 6; II 2. of time, as long as, so long as, while, (qu)oad uelxel, CIL 37 (note the separated words); mirifice torqueor. Quons-que inquires? Quoad erit integrum, erit autem usque dum ad namem, Cic. Att. 15, 23; tam diu nelle debetis, quoad te quantum proficias non paenitebit, off. 1, 2; ipse ego uulnerato deiectus, quoad potuit, fortissime restitit, Caes. b. g. 4, 12, 5; quoad licebat latiore spatio circumuenire nostros... contendebat, b. c. 1, 58, 1; quoad\* iixit, credidit inueni Panemem nitium, Hor. s. 2, 9, 31; 3. by what time (of a limit), arguto haec dies Praestitast quoad\* referret nobis, neque dum rettulit, Pl. Ps. 2, 2, 29; Percontatum ibo ad portum quoad\* se recipiat, Ter. Ph. 4, 2, 22;

4. as far, inter, by what time? how soon? Quid, senem Quoad expectatis uostrum? Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 68; 5. until, w. perfect tenses, neque finem (nostri) (in)sequendi fecerunt quoad) equites praecipites hostes egerunt, Caes. b. g. 5, 17, 3; et sustinuerunt, quoad ipse cum exercitu propius accessisset, 4, 11 f.; ipse quoad legiones collocasset, in Gallia morari constituit, 5, 24 f.; interea quoad fides esset data Caesarem facturum quae polliceretur, non intermissos consules delectus, b. c. 1, 10 f.; usque eo retinuit (ferum) quoad reuocatum esset, uicisse Bocotos, ps. Nep. o, 3; III 6. of measure gen. as far as, lubeo te saluare uoce summa, quoad\* nires ualent, Pl. As. 2, 2, 30; but in Rud. 4, 4, 20 read quod w. uss; and prob. in Men. 5, 2, 10; ita eram deductus ad Scaenolam ut quoad possem et liceret a senis latere nunquam discederem, Cic. am. 1, 1; cognitis quoad possunt ab homine corne et bonorum et malorum finibus, Tusc. 4, 82; quorundam (nerborum) inclinationes sequi iubet, quoad patitur consuetudo, Varr. 1, 9, 1; 7. for phrases like quoad eius facere poteris, see quis § 24; 8. quoad in the sense of as regards is an error for quod ad;

9. quoad in verse a monos. see \* above; and add: Quoad licet ac possis reperire... Lucr. 2, 850; also 5, 1213 and 1433.

quoad-usque\* conj. incessantly until, read like so in Suet. Caes. 141; only a cf. of Ursin. in Varr. 1, 5, 2 f. quod-circā, rel. conj. on which account, nisi... ei uocatio rei militaris... ex foldere erit quocirca cum inuicem merere non oportet, CIL 206, 93; add 104; quē iudicio publico condemnatus est quo circa (note the separate words) cum in Italia esse non liceat, 118; 2. often at beg. of a sentence, and so, and therefore, quocirca et absentes adsumt et egentes abundant, Cic. am. 23; add diu. 1, 92 etc.; Quocirca capere ante dolis et cingere flamma Regnum meditator, Verg. 1, 673; quo bonū circa\* Dum licet in rebus incumbis nunc beatus, Hor. s. 2, 6, 95; add Val. F. 2, 101; 3. note thesis at \*.

quod-cumque (old quodcumque) pron. conj. [que] quoque: quicumque [quis] whithersoever, wheresoever (in same sense) first w. its own vb. Vt uoluptati (pron. noun.) obitus sermo aduentus (so uss) incipit. At tuos quocumque aduenire, semper sit, Ter. Hee. 5, 4, 19; q. uenerint, hanc sibi rem praesidio futuram, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 167; add Mil. 1; orat. 52; Quo res cumque\* cadent unum et commune periculum... erit, Verg. 2, 709; Quo nos cumque\* feret melior fortuna parente fimbis, Hor. od. 1, 7, 25; add epod. 16, 21; Oec. Pont. 1, 3, 55; Sen. ep. 12, 1; 2. w. person as anteced., to whosoever, inuiri inuiri praefec(tus)ne quocumque d(e) e(a) r(e) in-ius aditum erit, CIL 205, 1, 16; add 206, 44; 3. without a vb. of its own, any whither (where), no matter whither, Praecipitis missus acer agit quocumque rudens Excutere, Verg. 3, 682; 4. note thesis at \*.

quod, nent. pr. as conj., that, the fact that, viz. that, first in expln., Nunc ne hunc ornatum uos memm admiramini, Quod ego hae processu sic cum sceruli schema, Pl. Amph. pr. 117; me una consolatio sustentat, quod tibi nullum a me pietatis officium defuit, Cic. Mil. 100; senatus in eum beneficia commemorauit, quod rex appellatus esset, quod amicus, quod munera amplissima missa, Caes. b. g. 1, 43, 4; cum ad has suspicionis certissimae res accederent, quod... quod... quod... 1, 19, 1; 2. hence often referring to a pron. (is hic ille) or their adu., ob eam rem quod periculum ex haece (hac) cepit, CIL 198, 28; add 61; 206, 47; 206, 112; Hoc quidem han molestumst iam quod collus collari carat, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 107; ...Quidnam hoc sit negoti quod filia sie Repute expetit me ut ad sese irem, Men. 5, 2, 10; add As. 2, 1, 14; penas dare ob eam rem quod arguatur male facere uoluisse, Cato orig. ap. Gell. 6 (7), 3, 36; honorem non aequum est haberi ob eam rem quod... Cato ap. Gell. 6 (7), 3, 38; Inde adeo quod agrum in proximo hic meratus es, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 2; nidendum illud est quod\*... Cic. off. 2, 70; an mihi de te nihil esse dictum putas? Ne hoc quidem quod\*... fam. 3, 8, 6; illud extremum est quod... leg. 1, 32; propter hanc causam quod ipsi non sane multum me admerunt, Verr. 2, 3, 109; hoc me consolatur quod non dubitabam quin... Att. 1, 17, 2; add Cacl. ap. Cic. fam. 8, 6, 1; uirgo de coniugio abducatur ideo quod... Varr. s. ap. Non. 247, 17; tergus suis ab eo quod eo tegitur, l. 5, 22; magnum hoc ego duco quod placui tibi quic... Hor. s.

1, 6, 63; 3. esp. aft. propterea, nunc propterea quod me minus erus fecit ut uigilarem, hic pugnis faciet hodie ut dormiam, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 141; add As. 1, 1, 34; add Cato ap. Fest. 182 M; Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 11; 3, 4, 5; Cie. fin. 3, 50; Caes. b. g. 1, 1, 3; 1, 3, 6; 1, 6, 2; 1, 7, 3; 1, 16, 3; 1, 18, 3; 4. without *autem*, attaching a clause as obj. of a vb., nos nunc ne miremini Quod non triumpho, perulogatumst, nil moror, Pl. Bae. 4, 9, 150; add Mere. 4, 4, 43; As. 2, 2, 49; Mihique ignoscas quod animi impos mihi initio fecerim, Truc. 4, 3, 51; add luc quod... Ace. ap. Cie. N. D. 3, 68; mirari se alicui quod non videret haruspex haruspici cum uideret, Cie. din. 2, 51; sane gaudeo quod interpellari, leg. 3, 1; 5. or as nom. to a vb., Haud temerem quod tu tristi cum corde quogues, Enn. ap. Serv. A. 9, 329; unum id sat est Quod dia uiuendo multa quae non uult uidet, Caecil. ap. Cie. sen. 25; eam... Multae sunt causae quamobrem cupiam abducere, Primum quod soror est dicta, Ter. Enn. 1, 2, 66; accedit quod patrem amo, Cie. Att. 13, 21, 7; add fam. 6, 6, 8; 6. at times, absol., in that, fecisti mihi pergratum quod libum ad me misisti, Cie. Att. 2, 4, 1; bene facis quod me adiutas, fin. 3, 16; memini cum mihi desipere uidebare quod eum istis potius uiceret quam nobiscum, fam. 7, 28, 1; bene facitis quod abominamini, Liv. 6, 18, 9; 7. so too for proper quod, on account of which, why—cf. the mere neuter quid why, id and hoc, on this account—Nunc hoc quod ad te noster me misit senex, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 60; Quid hoc quod ad te uenio? Cur. 3, 86; add Epid. 3, 4, 20; Nihil erit quod deorum ullum accusatis, Most. 3, 2, 23; add Epid. 4, 1, 33; in uiam quod te des hoc tempore nihil est, Cie. fam. 14, 12; 8. so also referring to what follows, for this reason, because, huius experiam fidem, Fretus ingenio eius, quod me esse seti erga se benivolum, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 100; et quod oculos exiguis haberet, Caecilium appellatum, Cato ap. Serv. A. 7, 681; Tu illos duo olim pro re tollebas tua Quod satis putabas tua bona ambobus fore, Ter. Ad. 5, 3, 24; Tertia est urbs, quae, quod in ea parte Fortunae datum fuit, Tycha nominata est, Cie. Verr. 2, 4, 119; caelum diuini quod est caelatum, Varr. 1, 4, 3; Nec quod frigida nis ferriest, hoc setius..., Luer. 6, 315; 9. quod as introducing a subject, for remark, as to the fact that, first w. ind. quod me metas niquequam suspicari accidisse ad animum tuum quod... geram tibi morem, Cie. Att. 3, 20, 3; quod scribis te si uelim ad me uenitum, ego uero te istic esse uolo, fam. 14, 3, 5; quod me hortaris ut..., eurentem tu quidem, Att. 13, 45, 2; add 12, 2, 2 (bis); fam. 4, 2, 3; 7, 25, 1; 8, 6, 5; 14, 4, 5; 10. the same with subj. referring to what may happen, Quod illa amicum, nominet—as perhaps she may—Fores ocellas omnibus sint nisi tibi, Pl. As. 4, 1, 12; add 13 and 16; Quod quispiam ignem quaerat, extingui nolo, Aul. 1, 2, 13; Quod ille gallium aut columbam se sectari aut similia dicat, desperatis ni..., Mil. 2, 2, 8; add Rud. 4, 4, 106; As. 4, 1, 51; Cas. 1, 39; quod dicas mihi Alium quaerere, iter hae habui, peristi. Hec haud sic decet, Ter. Eun. 5, 8, 33; Tu quod te posteris purges, hanc iniuriam mihi nullo factam esse, huius non faciam, Aul. 1, 1, 8; 11. as a connective particle, before conj. si, nisi, ubi, ut, ne, cum, lit. as to this, more idiomatic where as (if), but (if), Quod apsuere hoc esset..., suis me dictatur dohis, Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 90; quod nisi queris Menclae, hae dextra occides, Eun. (f) ap. Sen. ep. 80, 8; Quod si intellegeret cum stetit olim nota..., Minus multo audacter..., Iacredet, Ter. Ph. pr. 9; add 1, 4, 23; Andr. 1, 5, 23; Quod ni Palamedis..., poet. ap. Cie. off. 3, 68; quod si te sors Afris..., praefecisset, tamen esset humanitatis tuae consulere corum commodis, Cie. Q. fr. 1, 1, 27; quod si in philosophia tantum interest quoniammodum dicas..., quid tandem in causis existimandum est? orat. 51; add Brut. 119 etc.; N. D. 2, 64; quod si praeterea nemo sequatur, tamen se cum sola decima legione iturum, Caes. b. g. 1, 40, 15; add Sal. Cat. 2, 3; quod ni ita putarem, ipse perscriberem, Cie. fam. 12, 23; add Tusc. 5, 18; Quod ni Catilina mactasset..., eo die foret, Sal. Cat. 18, 8; Quod utinam minus uitae cupidi foreissemus, Cie. fam. 14, 4, 1; quod utinam illum... eadem hae simularent uilem! Sal. Iug. 14, 21; quod quia nullo modo sine amicitia firmam iucunditatem tenere possumus, idcirco..., Cie. fin. 1,

67; quod ubi sensi me in possessionem iudicii constitisse..., tunc..., coepi, or. 2, 200; quod ubi ille intellexit id agi ut..., sermos suos ad se uocat, Verr. 2, 1, 67; add Caes. b. g. 3, 23, 7; b. c. 2, 16, 1; quod cum esset animaduersum coniunctum esse flumini (munitionem)...transcenderunt, 3, 68, 3; quod ne longiore exordio legentem fatigemus, unum quasi exemplum subiiciemus, Colum. 5, 11, 13; Quod ut hanc quoque curam determinemus, instum est..., Plin. 18, 104; quod contra (whereas on the contrary) saepius illa Religio peperit scelerosa atque impia facta, Lucr. 1, 82; cuius a me corpus est crematum, quod contra deum ab illo memi, Cie. Am. 84; quod contra oportebat, delicto dolere, correctione gaudere, 90; add Quinct. 87; but quod contra some regard as prep. and sb. see Munro on Lucr. prob. rightly, esp. as contra is no conj.; 12. a similar use for connection has quod in: mihi ista probata sunt, quod item fratri puto, Cie. fin. 5, 76—wh. see Madv.; quod uostri non item, 5, 83; 13. w. phrase of time, tertius dies quod auidini recitantes Sentium, Plin. ep. 4, 27, 1; but not Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 146; Trin. 2, 4, 1; cf. quum § 12;

14. for acc. and inf. in very late writers, a step towards wh. is seen in such a phrase as: Non commemoro, quod draconis saceni sopiui impetum, Non quod domui uim tatorum, Enn. tr. ap. Char. 252 P; 15. the well-known fact that: so with a prefixed illud etc., viz. that, illud quoque nosse oportet quod ex labore sudanti frigida potio perniciossima est, Cels. 2, 3, p. 17, 1 D; add p. 20, 27; see also \* in § 2; 16. at last, we have: sufficit mulieri hoc notum facere quod sit praegnas, Ulp. dig. 25, 3, 1; illud notandum est, quod bonorum possessio...locum habet sine quis heres existerit sine non, Paul. 37, 4, 4; recordatur... quod nihil euigium toto die praestitissim, Suet. Tit. 8; mihi uidetur quod nulla provincia est quae..., Pall. 3, 10, 4; aliqui semen eius non obrunt, opantes quod a nulla aue tangatur, 2, 24, 5; Martialis affirmat quod..., 5, 3, 4; Nec credit quod bruma rosae innoxia seruet, Claud. rapt. Pros. 3, 223; cf. Madvig opus. alt. p. 232; in Fathers and Vulgate passim, prob. in transl. of *ora*.

quodammodo, as adv. in a certain measure, Cie. or. 1, 251; Brut. 261; sp. Nep. 7 f.

Quod-simil-arrip-ides, ac, m. a patronymic invented by Pl. Pers. 4, 6, 23; Mr Oene-catch-hold-ison.

quoepe for quippe, Ulp. dig. 47, 4, 8, 14 Flor. 1 m.; cf. dig. 31, 2, 18, 1.

quoi, old form of eui.

quod-lubet, (-libet) adv. to any place you please, manus una...gubernaculum contorquet quolibet unum, Luer. 4, 904; add Ov. tr. 3, 8, 22.

quodmodo, as adv. first as rel. in which way, at times w. cor. ita or sic, as, Necessest quo tu me modo\* (note tinesis and t below) uoles 'sic ita' mater, Pl. Cist. 1, 1, 48; et quomodo hoc sit consequens illi, sic illud huc, Cie. Tusc. 5, 18; consulens (me) ita fecistis quomodo pauci nobiles...consules facti sunt, agr. 2, 3; 2. without cor. adv., iure...communitur ubi oportet gloria...quomodo sibi quisque struxit, Cato ap. Fest. 313 M; 3. absol., like ut, q. nunc se istorum artes habent, pertimescenda est multo causamur, Cie. or. 2, 140—to judge from the way in which; nam q. nunc est, pedem ubi ponat in suo non habet, Att. 13, 2, 2; certe transeunt, ne q. nunc est (making allowance for the time now elapsed), transierunt, 8, 15, 3;

4. as indir. interr., in what way, how, Rationem habetis quomodo unum amiserit, Pl. Capt. pr. 23; Sed facinus mirumst quomodo hae hinc huc transire potuit, Mil. 2, 5, 8; hae negotia quomodo se habebant, ne epistola quidem narrare audeo, Cie. fam. 2, 5, 1; q. rempublicam haberint...dissere, Sal. Cat. 5 f.; se aliquam rationem iustorum quomodo ab Hispania sumant stipendium, Liv. 23, 48, 5; Nunc quo quomodo modo\* possis cognoscere dicam, Verg. G. 2, 226; add 4, 1204; 4, 284; A. 3, 4504; 5. esp. in form nescio quomodo, I know not how=somewhat or other, Pl. Rud. 3, 1, 16 etc.; 6. as dir. interr., how? Set tu et Palaestra, quomodo\* saluae estis? Scilicet faxo, Pl. Rud. 2, 3, 35; tam placidum quam quoniam reddo, Quomodo? Laudario te audit lubenter, Ter. Ad. 4, 1, 18; Maecenas quomodo tecum? Hor. s. 1, 9, 43; 7. in exclam., quo-



modo mortem filii tulit! Cie. am. 9; q. se nenditatur Caesar! Att. 8, 16; 1; add 7, 2, 7; 8. for qty —, see \* above; add cetics: Quomodo mi Epidicii blanda dicta euenant, Pl. Epid. 3, 1, 2; Quid est? quomodo; iam quidem hercle ego tibi istam... Amph. 2, 1, 6; 10. for —, see Hor. in § 6; add Mart. 3, 5, 2; 9. for — quomodo tu istuc Stasine dixi? Nostrum erilem filium, Pl. Trin. 3, 1, 1; add Most. 2, 2, 27; Epid. 5, 2, 41; cf. Span. como. It. come. Fr. comme.

**quomoddō-cumquē** (-cunque), adv. w. its own vb., in whatever manner, no matter how, q. dicitur intellegi potest, Cie. fin. 5, 30; and perli: Sed tamen quomodo-cumque est (ass. omit est, i.e., ē), quamquam sumus pauperuli, Pl. Poon. 3, 1, 33; absol. though ever so little, Flor. 2, 11 (3, 23), 4.

**quomoddō-libet**, adv. the same, Ang. c. D. 21, 19.  
**quō-mōdō-nam**, interr. adv. [quisnam] how in the world, q., mi frater, de nostris uersibus Caesar? Cie. Q. fr. 2, 16, 5.

**quō-nam**, [id.] interr. adv. whither (where) in the world, to what place of all places, first indir., Cogito quoniam ego illum curram quantatim. Certe rest, Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 16;

2. met. how far, id. quāro... quoniam usque? id fieri debeat, Gell. 1, 3, 19; 11 3. dir. Quoniam te agis? Quoniam nisi domum? Pl. Trin. 4, 3, 66; quoniam clam se eliminat? Pacuv. ap. Non. 38, 31; .. fugam. Eam si nunc sequor, quoniam? Cie. Att. 8, 3, 5; 4. met. to what in the world? q. haec, nisi ad suam perniciem, pertineret? Caes. b. c. 1, 9, 4;

5. esp. w. usque (see \*above, how far? how long?... q. timidae commenta parentis vsque feret? Stat. Ach. 1, 624; add Th. 1, 215; 9, 511.

**quondam**, adv. [quidam: quom: quis]=quodam tempore, at a certain time, sometime, first of the past, formerly, once, of yore, extra cum locum ubi opposidum (Char-tago) fuit quondam, CIL 200, 81 (partly cf.); Quem quondam Ioni luno custodem addidit, Pl. Aul. 3, 6, 20; add Ps. 2, 4, 52 etc.; Quos homines quondam Laurentis terra recepit, Enn. ap. Prise. 1, 332 K etc.; Olim isti fuit generi quondam quaestus apud saeculum prius, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 15; add 3, 5, 37; omnia fere quae sunt conclusa nunc artibus, dispersa quondam fuerunt, Cie. or. 1, 187; add Rose. Am. 154; Ciu. 188; Itae meae felix quondam pecus, ite capellae, Verg. B. 1, 75 etc.; 2. hence attached to nouns, Iul. Victor, negotiatori q. nestario, inser. Or. 4729; add inser. Grut. 389, 8; 1090, 14; 3. of the fut. some time or other, nec Romula quondam Vilo se tantum tellus iactabit alumno, Verg. 6, 877; Hie tamen melius poterit transcurrere quondam, Hor. s. 2, 2, 82; 4. hence, like aliquando, w. imper., before it is too late, or for once; at quondam lacrimis... concede moueri, Stat. silu. 1, 2, 67; 5. gen., at times, ever and anon, esp. in poets, Carbasus at quondam magnis intenta theatris Dat crepitum, Lucr. 6, 109; Frigidus ut quondam siluis iunmurmurat Auster, Verg. G. 4, 261; quondam cithara tacentem Suscitata musam, neque semper arcum Tendit Apollo, Hor. od. 2, 10, 18; Ipse cruor, gelido eoa quondam lamina candens Tincta lacu, stridit, Ov. M. 9, 170; 6. and so used w. other adv. of time, saepe lapidum, sanguinis monumqum, terrae interdum, quondam etiam lactis imber defluxit, Cie. din. 1, 98; 7. condam for q., inser. Reines. 543.

**quō-nam**, conj. [quom iam] first of time, now that, quoniam ego adsum, facit nemo iniuriam, Pl. Rud. 4, 4, 6; Quoniam haec euenient nobis frater ex sententia, In patriam redeamus ambo, Men. 5, 9, 89; Quid nunc, quoniam ambo nos ut est conlubitum delusisti, Patience argentum? As. 3, 3, 121; 2. hence often in narrative, when that, Is quoniam moritur... Namquam indicare id filio uoluit suo, Aul. pr. 9, on wh. Don. ad Ad. pr. 1: quoniam pro postquam; Quoniam hinc iturist ipsius in Seleuciam, Mihi commendat uirginem, Trin. 1, 2, 75; add 1, 2, 149; St. 5, 3, 3; Men. 3, 2, 15; Mil. 2, 1, 51; Bae. 2, 3, 56; Rud. pr. 67; Capt. pr. 30; quoniam non solum id quod qua, sed etiam quod postquam, Fest. 261 M; cf. Wagn. ad Aul. who compares the two uses of the G. weil; so too we use ante

It 3. of reason, now that, since, seeing that, hinc ante ostium Meo loquar modo (pron. moo) quae uolam, quoniam

intus non licitumst mihi, Pl. As. 1, 2, 26; quoniam non potest id fieri quod nunc, Id. nolis quod possit, Ter. Andr. 2, 1, 5; Nunc quoniam fatum se ita tollit animo no(lo) Aequo nos fere condescordes uinere, CIL 1008, 6; me... quoniam ita tu uis nimum gratum esse concedam, Cie. Plane. 82; oratiunculas mittam, quoniam ea quae nos scribimus te delectant, Att. 2, 1, 3; quoniam ciuitati consulere non posses, legatos ad Caesarem mittit, Caes. b. g. 5, 3, 5; Insaurit libet quoniam tibi, Verg. B. 3, 36; Vel merito quoniam in propria non pelle quiessem, Hor. s. 1, 6, 22.

**quō-piam**, pron. adv. [quis-piam: quo: quis] to any place whatever, Videsis ne forte ad merendam quoniam deuerteris, Pl. Most. 4, 2, 50; Ituran Thais quoniam es? Ter. Eun. 3, 2, 9.

**quō-quam**, pron. adv. [quis-quam: quo: quis] to any place whatever, in neg. phrases, Seruare istum ne quoniam pedem Egeferat sine custodiā, Pl. Capt. 2, 3, 96; add Amph. 1, 1, 18; Cane nunciam oculos a laevis oculis quoniam demoucas tuos, Ter. Ad. 2, 1, 16; nec cedere quouquam, Lucr. 5, 843; add 1, 1055; neque quoniam mouit ex urbe, Nep. Att. 7, 1; prims inde q. procederet, Liv. 34, 16, 10.

**quō-quē**, adv. [id.] too, also, Si illa tibi placet, placenda dos quouquet, quid dat tibi, Pl. Trin. 5, 2, 29 etc.; me maxime sed proxime illum quouque iocellissim, Cie. Rab. Post. 33; ad eam sententiam cum reliquis causis haec quoque ratio eos deduxit, Caes. b. g. 2, 10, 5; Te quoque magna Pales... canemus, Verg. G. 3, 1; patriae quis exul Se quouque fugit? Hor. od. 2, 16, 20; 2. oft. strengthened by etiam, Nietiam is quoque me ignorabit, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 305; add 2, 2, 70; nunc tu quoque etiam insanis, quom id me interrogas? 2, 121; add 2, 2, 166 etc.; Ego pol. quoque etiam timida sum, Ter. Hee. 5, 1, 8; Est etiam quoque uti possit caelum omne manere In statione, Lucr. 5, 517; 3. in old l. ne-quoque for ne-quidem, se ne id quoque quod tui suaderet facturum esse, Q. Claud. ap. Gell. 17, 2, 18; who adds: ne id q. dixit pro ne id quidem, infrequens nunc in loquendo, sed in libris ueterum creberrimum; 4. q., always an enclitic, and so never entitled to metrical accent, unless another encl. follow, in which case quouque=one long acc. syllable, as in mihi-quoque-pol ita uidetur, Pl. Mil. 2, 4, 9; Militem Salupoliceum, Satin haec-quoque me deperit? 4, 2, 9; Salua res est, philosophatur-quoque-iam, non mendax modost, Capt. 2, 2, 34; add Ps. 1, 3, 61; Aul. 4, 4, 17; in Men. pr. 74 read: Si (ass. sicut) familiae quoque assolent (ass. solent) mutari.

**quō-que-uersus**, (-uersum) adv. in every direction, tabulae abiecinas it crassas quoque uersus s(missem) inponito, CIL 577, 1, 19; asseribus... crassiss quoque uersus (trientem), 2, 2, add 2, 7; 2. abbrev. in in agr(um) p. xvi quoq. uersu(m), inser. Or. 4503; l(ocus) m(onument) Flauiorum q. q. u. p(edes) L. 4501.

**quō-quē**, conj. [quisquis: quo: quis] to whatever place, whithersoever, wherever (w. motion), first w. its own vb., certumst mihi, Quasi umbra quouo tu ibis, te semper sequi, Pl. Cas. 1, 1, 4; certa rest Me usque quaere illum quouque hinc abductast gentium\*, Men. 5, 2, 17; add Ps. 3, 2, 69 etc., Quouque hinc asportabit terrarum\*, certumst persequi, Ter. Ph. 3, 3, 18; add Eun. 3, 5, 6; quouque sest uerterint Stoici, iaceat necesse est omnis eorum solertia, Cie. din. 2, 24; 2. note the gen. marked \*.

**quō-quō-mōdō**, (or as two words) as adv. first with its own vb., in whatever manner, howsoever, no matter how, Catoni, quomomodo res se habet, resistemus, Cie. fam. 1, 5, 2; add Verr. 2, 5, 89 etc.; 2. without its own vb., somehow or other, no matter how, tu, quomomodo, hominem inuestiges uelim, Cie. q. fr. 1, 2, 14; ut q. aut liberarem te aut certe leuarem, fam. 9, 10, 1.

**quō-se** rel. adv. [=quorsus, for loss of r cf. ssum, prout etc.] in four best MSS of Pl. Ps. 1, 2, 81, defended by Kiessling Rhein. M. 23, 414.

**quōt**, (quod, see \*) adj. undec. [akin to rel.] how many, first as rel., esp. answering to tot (totidem) as many as, quid eas, quanti destinat? Talentis magnis totidem quot ego te sumus, Pl. Most. 3, 1, 114; add Rud. 2, 7, 6; St. 5, 4, 24; As. 4, 1, 62; quot homines tot sententiae, Ter. Ph. 2, 4,

14: quot hominum linguarum, tot nomina deorum, Cic. N. D. 1, 84; quot homines, tot causae, or. 2, 140; totidem verbis quot Stoici, acad. pr. 40; add orat. 53; subnecula dimicatio toties quot contrarii superessent, Liv. 2, 13, 2; tot mensibus elugentur quot annorum (wh. note gen.) decesserint, fr. Vatie. § 321; 2. w. tot omitted, et quot dies erimus in Tusculano, agrarius hinc, Tusc. 1, 1; cf. § 7; non plures quam quot manu capi possunt, Ulp. dig. 19, 6; 3. as indir. interr. how many, Paenitiae te quot ancillas (slam, Quin (so mss rightly) exanim (Haupt, mss etiā meū) superadulce quae mihi comedit cibum, Pl. Truc. 2, 6, 49; dam illi perdiscat quod perat modis, 1, 1; 2; edocet quot nitorum fortium morte necesse esset constare victoriam, Caes. b. g. 7, 10; 4. as dir. interr. how many? quanti eam emit? Quot minis? Pl. Epul. 1, 1, 51; 5. in exclam. first w. preceding exclam., Perit! Quot hic ipse annos nūct quous filii tam diu nūnt! Mil. 4, 2, 80; add St. 5, 2, 9; 6. then without any, quot te modis, Si nūto, habebis in nuptiis miserum meis, Pl. Cas. 1, 29; Quot abbo cenae, quas dedisti mortuae! Quot potiones mulsi! Quot item prandia! St. 1, 3, 58; quot quantas quam incredibilibus huius calamitates! Cic. Tusc. 1, 86; 7. with abl. pl., written apart or joined, every—e.g. ut quot quot annis (legundis), CIL 198, 15; Vos meministis quot kalendis petere denensum cibum, Pl. St. 1, 2, 3; Quid istae, quae nesci quot-annis nomina inueniunt noua? Epul. 2, 2, 45; circū capta oleagine quot-mensibus fodere, Cato r. 43 (44); 2; quotannis tributa conferunt, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 131; si stipendium quotannis penderet, Caes. b. g. 1, 36, 5; add 4, 1, 4 etc.; add Verg. B. 1, 433; 7, 33; A. 5, 50; in all wh. libbreck w. good mss prefers quot annis; ita (luna) quot-mensibus sub totam solis...lateus obscuratur, Vitr. 9, 4, 3; add 10, 7; nihil interesse utrum in annos singulos uel quotannis, uel in singulos annos uel quot mensibus, uel in singulos dies uel quot diebus legetur, Ulp. dig. 36, 2, 12, 6; ut nunquam quotannis uel quot-mensibus acciperet, 2, 15, 8, 24; frigiliora alia, ut quotidie, non cotidie, ut sit quot-diebus, Quint. 1, 7, 6; ut apud eam aram quot annis a. d. k. Sept. publice manibus eius, inferiae mittantur, inser. Or. 642, 1, 10; ut quot annis illi k. Octobr., epulenter, 1308, 1, 10; 8. even w. acc. Mesopotamiam fertilē efficit Euphrates in quam quot annos (so in both best mss 1) quast nonos agrum inuehit, Cic. N. D. 2, 130; sedulum quot dies obibam... ministerium, Apul. M. 11, 22.

quot-annis, see quot § 7.

quot-cumquē, adv. undec. rel. as many as ever, first w. tot, q. senatus creuerit, tot sumto, Cic. leg. 3, 8; Totque dabit uines, dominos quotcumque recepit, Manil. 4, 315; but in Catul. 64, 280 and Prop. 1, 13 (15), 36 quot-cumque is only a cp. not needed.

quot-ēni, adj. num. distr. [cf. nonēni etc.] m. pl., how many each, partes fecit in ripa nescio quotenorum iugerum, Cic. Att. 12, 33, 1.

quot-ennis, c. adj. [annus, cf. biennis etc.] of how many years, how many years old, quotenne nūm sit...peritia, Aug. quant. an. 10 f.

quotidid-nus, (or rather cot.) adj. [quotidie] of every day, Proin tu tui cotidiani uicti mentibus ad me adferas, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 75; Tachet cotidiana harum formarum. Ecce... Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 61; sumptus, Hant. 4, 5, 7; opus, Afran. ap. Non. 434, 8; conuicia, ib. 255, 22; sermo, Cic. fam. 1, 2, 1; uictus, or. 1, 232; uita, Pis. 40; labor, Caes. b. g. 3, 17, 4; exercitatio, 4, 1, 9; usus, 4, 33, 3; cultus sineque non cotidiana, Mart. 11, 1, 2; in Catull. 68, 138 read prob. conegit iram.

2. quotidiano (rather cot.) adv. every day, daily, nisi Cotidiano sesquiquies confereris... Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 67; res illum diuinus prope cotidiano facere midit, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 18; cotidiano, non cotidiane disserimus, Charis. 193, 13.

quot-iens, (-ē) num. adv. [cf. quinqu-iens etc.] first as rel. w. toties, (as often) as, oft as, illud solo mīrari non me toties accipere tuas litte ras, quoties a Quinto mihi afferantur, Cic. fam. 7, 7, 1; add or. 1, 251; quotiens oculos coniecit in hostem... Anseros totiens currus Inturia retor-sit, Verg. 12, 483; 2. without toties, as often as, oft

as, every time that, whenever, sequis fasxit, quotiens fax-sit, in agri iugra singula i. sestertios infummos... dare) de-beto ei quicquid, CHL 200, 25; Hortense misera mentio quotiens fit partitionis, Pl. Truc. 1, 2, 93; Quotius quotiens sepulchrum uidēs sacrificias, Epul. 2, 1, 7; add Men. 1, 2, 5; Ambigitur quotiens uter utro sit prior, aufert Paenitius docti famam senis, Aecius alti, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 55; 3. in-ter, indir. how often, non habet scribere quotiens annona cara, quotiens lunae lumine caligo...obstiterit, Cato ap. Gell. 2, 28, 6; 4. interr. dir., gen. as exclam., how often? quotiens monstrari tibi, niro ut morem geras? Pl. Men. 5, 2, 37; add Most. 4, 2, 33; Vel hic Pamphilus irabat quotiens Baechili...? Ter. Hec. 1, 1, 3; quoties (so Jordan; quotiens?) et quot nominibus a Syracusanis statuas auferes? Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 145; q. tibi iam extorta est ista sica de manibus? Cat. 1, 16.

quotiens-cumquē, rel. conj. as often as, whenever, first w. totiens, quotienscumque dico, totiens mihi uicior in iudicium nonire... officii, Cic. Clu. 51; 2. without totiens, Quid in huc oecenas, in urbem quotienscumque adducimus? Pl. Truc. 2, 2, 27; add Capt. 1, 1, 29; cetera q. uoletis para-rata erunt, Cic. Tusc. 3, 84; add Caes. b. c. 1, 7, 5.

quotiensquē? rel. conj. [quotiens quicquid? quotienscumque? quicquid] same, a reading in Colum. 6, 17, 41.

quotiēs etc. see quotiens.

quoties-libet, adv. as often as you please, Boeth. inst. music. 1, 4.

quot-libet, num. adj. undec. as many as you like, Hyg. astr. 1, 6 f.

quot-quot, num. adj. undec. [quot; quisquis; quis] whatever number, no matter how many, si leges duae aut si plures, aut quotquot erunt, conseruari non possunt, Cic. inu. 2, 145; in Brut. ad Cic. fam. 11, 23 quotquot only a ej.; Adeste hendecasyllabi quot estis, Omnes undique quot-quot estis omnes, Catul. 42, 2; Non si trecentis, quotquot erunt dies...places, Plautina tannis, Hor. od. 2, 14, 5; Ver-tumnus, quotquot sunt, uatus inquis, S. 2, 7, 14;

2. hence w. abl. absol. quotquot annis every year, Varr. 1, 5, p. 40 Sp.; o. p. 472; q. mensibus, 5, p. 53; but in Gell. 7 (6), 5, 1 Hertz has quotannis.

quot-humus, ord. num. adj. [a superl. like sept-nmus, dec-nmus] occupying what place in a series, the how-many-eth (so to say), first as interr. indir., Quotimas adest—the number of his house in the street—dixit... incerto solo, Pl. Ps. 4, 2, 7; quotimo die Ex Sicione peruenisti huc? Altero ad meridiem, 4, 7, 77.

quotuplex, eis, adj. [quotus, plicia] how many fold? onom. vet.

quotus, ord. num. adj. [cf. for suffix quintus sextus] occupying what place in a series, the how-many-eth (so to say), first as rel., answering to totus, caelum summi totius unum, Quam sit paruola res et quam multesima constet, Nec tota pars, homo terrae totus unus, Lucr. 6, 952; 2. as indir. interr. a question answered by totus or an ord. num., Scire nunc chartis pretium quotus arroget annus, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 35; Tu quotus esse nolis, rescribere,—one in a party of how many—1, 5, 30; Die quotus et quanti capias cenare, Mart. 14, 217; sels quota de Libyco litore puppis cat? 9, 35, 8; cf. στρατηγος πρ πειρους αυρος, Thuc. 1, 40; πρεβη πρ πειρους δεκατος αυρος, Xen. h. 2, 2, 17; so in Boheim, sām-alesāt = δεκατος αυρος, Dobrowsky Gr. § 138; respondere debet quota ex parte eius sit praedium, Paul. dig. 11, 1, 20, 2; illud non interest quota portio hereditatis ad nepotem pertineat, Ulp. 37, 8, 1, 10; 3. as dir. interr., si terminos denarios qui coegit erit absolutus quater... uicenes coget alius... Quotus erit iste denarius qui non sit feren-dus? Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 220; quota est mundi plaga Oriens subiectus aut quota est Gorgon fera? (Ans. but one, the first and last), Sen. Here. Oct. 95; 4. often w. hora, gen. not expressed, hora quota est?—what o'clock is it? (answered by prima, altera etc.), Hor. s. 2, 6, 44; quo praebente domum et quota Pelignae caream frigoribus taces, od. 3, 10, 7; 5. w. pars (portio) in interr., and so the greater the ordinal in answer the less the qty., how small a portion?—cf. § 1—ut uincas alios, Acheloe,

dracones Pars quata Lernaee serpens eris unus celtidnae? Ov. M. 9, 68; Ex tot in Atidis pars quata landis erat? am. 2, 12, 10; Haec animum—et quata pars hae sunt—monere puellae, her. 12, 89; add 13, 60; quamvis quata portio facies Achaei? Iuv. 3, 61; add 13, 157; 6. for the same reason, w. quisque, every how many-eth, one in how many, how few—cf. the answers decimus quisque one in ten, millenarius q. one in a thousand, and so how few? q. cum quisque philosophorum invenitur qui sit ita moratus...ut ratio po-tulat? Cic. Tusc. 2, 11; q. enim quisque discit, q. quisque iras peritus est? Planc. 62; add or. 3, 109; X. D. 1, 79; Flac. 104; din. 2, 52; Att. 1, 13, 1; forma quata quaque superbit? Ov. a. a. 3, 103; nota quoto cuique caduca honestatis cura secreto quae palam? Plin. ep. 3, 20, 8; quotum quumque immunes qui domi quicquam aliud loquatur? Tac. dial. 29; Cornif. ad Herenn. 3, 30 prob. corrupt.

**quotuscumque**, (cunque) adj. [cf. notis § 5] as small as possible, the least soever, Modicit et quatuor pars quatumque deos, Tib. 2, 6, 54; but in Ov. her. 13, 60 read quata quumque.

**quō-uis**, adv. [1: quāuis :: quo : quis] to any place one pleases, quous admittunt aues, Pl. As. 2, 1, 11; cibo perducipotis quous—to anything one pleases—Most. 4, 2, 7; Immo alicui potius malo quous gentium (note the gen.), Ter. Haat. 5, 1, 55; abli sano istae istorum quous, 3, 27; Iussu proclit-ei exilium quous gentium, Acc. ap. Non. 185, 6.

**quō-usquē**, adv. all the way to what, how far, properly of place, Plin. 33, 3; Gell. 1, 3, 15; 2. of time, all the time to what? how long, q. humi defixa tua mens erit? Cic. rep. 6, 17; q. abutere patientia nostra? Cat. 1, 1; add Flac. 70; Att. 15, 22, 1; 3. to what extent, how far, usque exera, Etiamne?...Etiam amplius. Nam quo usque? Usque ad mortem uolo, Pl. As. 1, 1, 29.

**quum**, (oldest form cum quoted from a carmen Saliare by Ter. Manr. col. 2261 P; i. e. a dat. of rel.; cf. *dr-e*, *por-e*, *tor-e*, A. S. *hwonne*, *thoume*, and *whanne* *thanne* of Chaucer, vv. 1 and 9360; O. G. *whanne*; also *heri* here, *mani* mane; add older quom, afft. cum or quum) conj. when, first w. indic., Egomet mihi non credo, quom illae autumare illum audio, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 200; et quom eia) res agetur quam in rem quisque testis erit,...facito...), CIL 198, 32; q. ea uetigalia fruenda locabit,...(deicito), 200, 87; ex lege...quam...eas(ores) quom eorum agrorum uetigalia fruenda locauerunt,...deixerunt, 200, 88; Si tu Sosia's, legiones quom pugnant?...maxime, Quid in tabernaculo fecisti? Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 274; Horrescit, faxo, lena, leges quom audiet, As. 4, 1, 4; Neque nostrum quisquam sensimus quom peperit neque prouidimus, Amph. 5, 1, 19; inde optime aspellam urum, De supero quom hic accesserit, 3, 4, 6; Cum (note the form) diu ambularet tamen hoc nenicundum est tibi, CIL 1431; qui non defendit iniuriam...cum potest, iniuste facit, Cic. off. 3, 74; res cum haec scribam erat in extremum adducta discrimini, fam. 12, 6, 2; longum illud tempus cum non ero magis mouet, Att. 12, 18, 1; cum Caesar in Galliam uenit, altetius factionis principes erant Haedui, Caes. b. g. 6, 12, 1; Cum faciam uisula pro frugibus, uise uenito, Verg. E. 3, 67; Quae memora aut qui uos saltus habere puellae, Naides, indigno cum (all the time that) Gallus amore peribat? 10, 10; 2. esp. w. nunc or tum preceding, tum quom is eum agrum locum emit, CIL 200, 63; tum quom primum leges eis municipibus dedit, 206, 161; nunc quomst melius, Pl. As. 1, 2, 18; nunc quom compares, peris, Al. 4, 4, 2; res quom animam agebat, tum esse offensum oportuit, Trin. 4, 3, 85; nunc cum (so Umpf.) non quo animo aequo fero, Ter. Ad. 4, 7, 20; qui status rerum fuerit tum cum has litteras dedisse poteris ex Strabone, Cic. fam. 12, 6, 1; ea quae concupierat, ne tum quidem cum omnia se posse censabat, consequbatur, Tusc. 5, 57; add Cat. 3, 3; cum inimici nostri uenire dicuntur, tum in Epirum ibo, fam. 14, 3, 4; add Man. 19; fam. 3, 7; Verg. 2, 4, 46; quanto facilius abire fuit cum procul abessentis quam nunc cum in curribus sumus? Liv. 44, 39, 7; 3. in past phrases, a

mere pres., often w. quom, Quot eras annos gnatus, tum cum te pater patria auclit, Pl. Men. 5, 9, 56; Gaudiam ego illanc hic reliqui quom abeo. Hei perii miser, Amph. 2, 2, 36; Quid pater, uinitte? Vinum quom inde alimus liquamus, Capt. 2, 2, 32; quid habuisset cum perit, Ter. Eun. 3, 3, 10; add 4, 4, 57—yet a past imp. in: Loquere. Quommodi reliqui quom line abito (abito)? filium? Most. 5, 1, 68; and see "above"; 4. also wh. the one act virtually includes the other, Nunc petit quom pollicetur, Pl. Anl. 2, 2, 18; multa bona mihi dedisti minus cum (so Gepp, quom?) copium Mihi fecisti, Caes. 4, 4, 18; quae cum facies, nulla esse concedis, Cic. Rosc. Am. 54; praecare facis cum eorum memoriam tones, fin. 3, 9; loco ille motus est, cum est ex urbe depulsus, Cat. 2, 1; 5. in phrases of repeated action, whenever, every time that, in-eandem-que quum se recepit includitur, Cic. fin. 3, 63; cum ad flammam se adplicauerat, sine genitu adunatur, Tusc. 5, 57; add fin. 4, 38; 5, 42; or. 2, 24; Tusc. 2, 27; 3, 3; 4, 54; 5, 102; cum nec esse coeperat, dabat se labori, Verg. 2, 5, 27; cum ad aliqnod oppidum uenerat, eadem lectica usque in cubiculum deferabatur, ib.; cum se inter equitum turmas in-inuenerat, ex cessedis desiliunt, Caes. b. g. 4, 33, 1; milites statibus castris habebat, nisi quom odos aut pabuli egestas locum mutare subegerat, Sal. Iug. 44, 4; quum de Romanis mentio incidit, nix manibus temperatis, Liv. 32, 20, 3; in these phrases note the perf. tenses of q. clause; 6. a time-defining phrase at times precedes q., in wh. case what follows is a main clause, uix ille hoc dixerat cum iste pronuntiat... Cic. Verg. 2, 2, 93; legibam (so best MSS) tunc litteras xii Kalend., cum mihi epistola asportat a Lepta, Att. 9, 12, 1; conuodum ad te dederam litteras, cum ad me Dionysius fuerat, 10, 16, 1; iam scalis egressi milites prope summa cepunt, quum oppidani concurrunt... Sal. Iug. 60, 6; iamque adeo super uenis eram, cum limina Vestae Seruantem... Tyndarida aspicio, Verg. 2, 567; Postera iamque dies primo surgebat Eoo...Cum subito...procedit, 3, 590; 7. the same w. interim or interea, (see also § 8) when in the meanwhile, in the course of which, ultimas maris oras petiuit, cum interim milites domum...obsidere coeperant, Cic. Pis. 93; caedebatur uirgis...cum interea nulla tox alia...audiebatur nisi haec: cuius Romanus sum, Verg. 2, 5, 162; diuorsi regem quaerere...seruat loca abdita, q. interim Hiempsal reperitur, Sal. Iug. 12, 5; add 49, 4; 103, 5; iamque in ipsis castris pugnabatur, cum Agricola...luluit, Tac. Agr. 26 (cf. for oblig. orat., Liv. 6, 11, 4); 8. the same w. historic inf. after quum (as in a main clause), iamque dies consumptis erat, quum tamen barbari nihil remittere atque...acrius instare, Sal. Iug. 98, 2; uictor...Romanus promissa consulis expectabat quom Appian...ius de creditis pecuniis dicere, Liv. 2, 27, 1 (cf. for obl. orat. w. q. interim, Liv. 4, 51, 4; 6, 27, 6); strepabant iam uestibulo...cum Libo...uocare percussorem, pensare seronum dextras... Tac. an. 2, 31, 1; uulgabatur...seruatum munere demum Agrippam, cum Tibricum anceps cura distrahere, uine...an... 2, 40, 1; add 4, 50, 4; 6, 44 (50), 2; 11, 34, 2; 14, 5, 1; h. 3, 31, 1; 9. after statement of time, during which, hanc domum iam multos annos est quom possideo et colo, Pl. Aul. pr. 3—that I have been in possession; Quia septem menses sunt, quom in haec aedis pedem Nemo intro tulit, Most. 2, 2, 39; multi anni sunt cum ille in aere meo est, Cic. fam. 15, 14, 1; permulti anni iam erant quom inter patricios magistratus tribunosque nulla certamina fuerant, Liv. 9, 33, 3; 10. after statement of time, w. aorist=ex quo, since, Minus quindecim dies sunt quom (A quom) pro hisce aedibus Minus quadraginta accepisti a Callicie, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 1; Iam dum sex mensis Megaribus Huc est quom emigrarunt, Pers. 1, 3, 58; nondum centum et decem anni sunt cum de pecuniis repetundis a L. Pisone lata lex est, Cic. off. 2, 76; sexto die quum ad flumen uentum est, maxima uis utrumque effecta, Sal. Iug. 91, 1; but the pass. Planc. ap. Cic. fam. 10, 23, 3, triduo cum...dabam... does not apply; 11. as when in phrases of comparison, rarely, Nam ut hic latrus huc sit... Non edepol clam me est, cum hoc quod leuius tui animo irato tulit, Ter. Hec. 4, 1, 53; quid faceres pro in-

nocente homine, cum propter hominem perditissimum de officio decessis? Cic. Verr. 1, 28; cuius quantum honoris huius cupiditatem fuisse creditis cum uidetis (so TE) lucris societatem? Plane. 29; haec cum uidetis quo me in te animo putas esse? 78; Quid domini faciant, audent cum talia fures? Verg. B. 3, 16; but in Ter. Hee. 5, 1, 37 read w. A: Nunc quam ego...; 12. in older lang. = quod, Hospes gratum est quom apud meas restitisti sedes, Cl. 1066, 3; Quid patri etiam gratulabor quom illam inuenit? Censu, Pl. Rud. 4, 8, 6; Quom tu recte prouenisti, quomque es aneta libens, gratulor, quom mihi tibi que magnam peperisti deus, Truc. 2, 6, 35; Ioui disque ago gratias merito magnas, quom... reddiderunt, Quomque exierunt, Quomque... conspicio... Quomque... repetast... Capt. 5, 1, 2; add Men. 5, 9, 87; et mihi Cum non habeo spatium ut... Ter. Andr. 3, 5, 17; Dis pol habeo gratiam Cum in pariuendo aliquot adfuertur liberae, 4, 4, 32; hoc fretus, Chreme, Cum e medio excessit, Ph. 5, 8, 74; add Ad. 1, 2, 50; gratulor tibi cum tantum uales apud Dolabellam, Cic. Att. 14, 17, 3; Verum ego meas queror fortunas quom illo quem amo proliabor, Pl. As. 3, 1, 12; o multa tibi di dent bona, Quom hie mihi obtulisti tam lepidum spectaculum, Poen. 1, 1, 81; tibi gratias ago cum tantum litterae meae poterunt ut... Cic. fam. 13, 24, 2; magna nobis laetitia est, quom te di monere uti... Sal. Jug. 102, 5; and much like this: Quom ille itast ut cum 'sse nolo, id crucior, Pl. Trin. 5, 2, 46;

..... fuit tempus cum rara  
..... colebant homines neque urbem haberent, Varr. r. 3, 1, 1;  
fuit antea tempus cum Germanos Galli uirtute superarent,  
Caes. b. g. 6, 24, 1; 16. yet an ind. in: fuit q. hoc  
dici poterat, Liv. 7, 32, 13; Turno tempus erit magno cum  
optauerit emptum infectum Pallanta, Verg. 10, 503;  
17. of reasons for or against, first for, since, seeing that,  
in as much as, cum solitudo et uita sine amicis insidiarum  
plena sit, ratio ipsa monet amicitias comparare, Cic. fin.  
1, 66; cum in communibus suggestis consistere non auderet  
(Dionysius), contentionari ex turri solebat, Tusc. 5, 50; qui  
cum una domo iam capi non possint, in alias domos  
tamquam in colonias exeunt, Cic. off. 1, 54; 18. in  
old l. even w. indic. in this sense, quae futura et quae  
facta eloquar, Multo adeo melius quam illi (sc. ariolos),  
quom sum Iuppiter, Pl. Amph. 5, 2, 4; 19. of reasons  
against, although, hoc ipso tempore, cum omnia gymnasia  
philosophi teneant, tamen totum auditores discum audire  
quam philosophum maluit, Cic. or. 2, 21; is amnis... quom  
aquae uim nehat ingentem, non tamen nauium patiens est,  
Liv. 21, 31, 10; 20. often strengthened by praesertim,  
esp. as or when, puerum inissum... non tollet meo, Prae-  
sertim in ea re cum sit mihi adiutrix socrus, Ter. Hee. 4,

4, 83; quid fuit causae cur Caesarem non sequere, cum  
praesertim belli pars tanta restaret? Cic. Phil. 2, 71;  
de timore superuacaneum est disserere, q. praesertim...  
tanta praesidia sint in armis, Sal. Cat. 51, 19; add Jug.  
2, 4; ...q. praesertim nec nos temperemus imperiis, Liv. 3,  
52, 9; 21. so also w. quom, though, (and this) even  
though, ut nullum signum... attingeres, cum praesertim et  
essent multa praecleara et tu omnia concupisses, Cic. Verr.  
2, 2, 113; adhuc non soluit, praesertim cum se acre alieno  
Fabricii manu liberarit, Att. 14, 18, 1; add Brut. 267;  
orat. 32; cf. Mady. ad Cic. fin. 2, 25 who says: q. praes. et  
praes. q. nullo quod animaduertimur discriminare;  
22. quom and tum to unite two clauses, whereas... so—;  
not only—, but also—; while—, at the same time—; if—,  
still more—; in wh. case q. at times has a subj. at times  
an indic. and deals w. what is general, common, or old; but  
tum introduces what is special, strange or new, and so is  
often strengthened by uero, mehercule etc.; cum maximas  
commoditates amicitia continet, tum illa praestat omni-  
bus, quod... Cic. am. 23; cum multae res in philosophia  
nequaquam satis explicatae sint, tum perdifficilis quaestio  
est de natura deorum, N. D. 1, 1; hic cum omni tempore  
nobilitatis factor fuisset, tum hoc tumultu proximo praeter  
ceteros... eam partem defendit, Rose. Am. 16; cum enim  
antea tui similem in dicendo uiderim, tum uero nunc multo  
uidebam similiorem, Brut. 250; add Deiot. 1; Quinct. 78;  
Brut. 228; fam. 9, 14, 4; 15, 9, 1; quom ipsi se homines  
in regis mores formarent, tum finitimi etiam populi... in  
eam uerecundiam adducti sunt ut... Liv. 1, 21, 2; add  
3, 34, 1; 23. then w. ind., cum ipsam cognitionem  
iuris augurii consequi cupio, tum mehercule tuis studiis  
erga me delector, Cic. fam. 3, 9, 3; cum illa certissima  
uisa sunt argumenta sceleris, signa manus confessio, tum  
multo ceteriora illa, color oculi taciturnitas, Cat. 3, 13;  
cum meus me maior laerat, tum uero haec cura uix mihi  
uitam reliquam facit, Att. 3, 8, 2; add fam. 15, 7; 12, 30,  
2; 24. at times quom has no separate vb. of its own,  
not only—, but also—, Cum uirum tum (so R. cf., xss cum  
perhaps rightly) uxorem di uos perdat, Pl. Men. 4, 2, 103;  
quos ego senatores uidi, qui acerrime cum cetera tum haec  
iter Pompei uituperarent! Cic. Att. 7, 5, 4; Pythagoras...  
tenuit magnam illam Graeciam cum disciplina tum etiam  
auctoritate, Tusc. 1, 38; add Brut. 77; qui cum magnae  
partis harum regionum, tum etiam Britanniae imperium  
optinuerit, Caes. b. g. 2, 4, 7; III 25. a subj. after  
quom is often due to other causes, as: quom aspicias (one  
looks at) tristem, frugi censeas, Pl. Cas. 3, 2, 32; or in  
secondary clauses, as: etiam catulo meo Subblanditur  
nouos amator, et ut quom uideat gaudeat, As. 1, 3, 33;  
curata fac sint quom a foro redeam domum, Aul. 2, 3, 6;  
add Cure. 2, 5, 28; 3, 1, 13; 26. Marius Viet. 2459,  
b 11 gives the form quum, and says quom and quum were  
pronounced as cum.

## R.

**R** is the seventeenth letter of the Latin alphabet, a liquid and called the littera canina, whence Pers. 1, 109: sonat hic de nare canina littera, referring to a snarling dog as guarding the entrance to a nobleman's house; and Lucil. ap. Char. 125, 20 K; Non. 31, 21; Don. Ad. 2, 4, 18: Inritata canes quam (al. quod) homo quam planius dicit:

**2.** often supplanted an s, quod antiqui dicebant S, postea dicunt R ut in carmine Saliorum...dolosi eso (for dolori ero)...foedusum foederum, plurima plurima..., Varr. l. 7, 3; tum Papii dicebami (not Papii). Cie. fam. 9, 21, 2; Furios Fusios scripsere quidam, Liv. 3, 4, 1; Valesii Fusii in Valerios Furiosque venerunt; ita arbos labos vapores, etiam clamores lases, Quint. 1, 4, 13; helusa antiqui, quod nunc holera, Paul. ex F. 100; Appius Claudius R litteram invenit, ut pro Valesiis Valerii essent, Pomp. dig. 1, 2, 2, 36; **3.** r preferred between vowels, as opus opes, pulvis, pulveris but pulvisculus; est esse but eram ero; **4.** interchanged with l, esp. after a preceding i, as rinalis Dialis perillris, but familiaris Apollinaris puellaris; or again pialucum miraculum iaculum, but laucurum simulacrum inuolucrum; nubilis but lugubris; **5.** rd with l, as obor-desco and sordes mordeo arduus by the side of obsole-sco malo aro; **6.** for r with d see d; **II 7.** r initial generally the result of decapitiation, as seen in remus (resmus) *ῥεμσσω*, rego *ῥεγω*, rapio *ῥαπῆω*, ruo *ῥυω*, ruber *ῥυθρος*, rosa *ῥοσος*, rueto *ῥετω*, or repo, serpo, ringor, birrio, rota (for uorota), uorto, res (for or-es), or radix E. root and wort and G. wurz, robur E. hard, rumex E. sorrel, rogo G. fragen; **III 8.** abbreviations, R. or RET.=retro, in fronte) p. xi r. p. xi, inser. Or. 2384; in f. p. xxxvi ret. p. xvi, ib. 4789; R. P. republica etc., curatori r. p. Vettonensium. 95; R. R. recta regione, terminavit r. r. proxim(e) cipip(e) p(d. et)at, inser. Or. 5011; RET.=retiaris, 2566; ROB.=Robigalia, CIL fast. Praen. at Apr. 25; ROG.=rogant, rog. nt (fuciat), inser. Or. 4265; ROM.=Romilia (tribu). P. Caesius P. f. Rom. acdilis, 5972; C. Cluentius C. f. Rom. Proculus. 3987.

**rābūds**, adj. mad, chiefly in poets. rābidae tradis onile lupae, Ov. a. a. 3, 8; canes, Plin. 29, 100; ferae, Suet. Cal. 26; but in Plin. 29, 98 Sillig has rabiosi canis; **2.** met., animi furor, Catul. 63, 38; fames, Verg. 6, 421; ira, Ov. M. 7, 413; faecundia, Gell. 19, 9, 7.

**Rābiēns**, adj. as a punning nickname of a rabid orator Labienus, Sen. controu. praef. 5.

**rābiēs**, ēi, f. madness, gliscit rābiēs, caue tibi, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 26; (lupus) Qui quamquam saeuit pariter rābiēque fāmeque Acrior est rabie, Ov. M. 11, 369; equarum, Colum. 6, 35, 1; (cauda abrupta) rabies accretur huic generi (sc. canum), 7, 12, 14; nulli animantium rabies acrior (quam homini), Plin. 7, 5; add 14, 116; in rābiem aguntur gustato eo canes, 7, 64; **2.** met., ludum...dictet fuisse illum alterum, Prae ut huius rabies quae dabit, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 10; Heulbam propter animi acerbittam querendam et rābiem fingi in canem esse conuersam, Cie. Tusc. 3, 63; belli, Verg. 8, 327; caelique marisque, 5, 802; Noti, Hor. od. 1, 3, 14; ciuica, 3, 24, 26; **3.** personified, Val. F. 2, 206; **4.** rabies as gen., rabies unde illae germina surgunt, Lucr. 4, 1083; **5.** rabia, the same, Serv. A. 1, 204, whence Fr. rage; cf. goliō goujan, Diction. Dijon.

**rābiōsul**, adj. dim. mad, Cie. fam. 7, 16, 1.

**rābiōsus**, adj. mad, canis, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 84; 5, 5, 34; homo, Capt. 3, 4, 16; canis, Plin. 29, 98; met., fortitudo, Cie. Tusc. 4, 50; uox, Petr. 96; **2.** rabiose adv. Cie. Tusc. 4, 49.

**Rābirianus**, adj. of Rabirius, marking adoption, D. Vo-luscius Rabirianus, inser. Reines. 1, 94.

**Rābirius**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, magnique Rābirius onis, Ov. Pont. 4, 16, 5; add Sen. ben. 6, 3, 1.

**1** **rābo**, (perh. for frabo or for-abo and so from foro) ēre, vb. rage as a madman, be mad, Sed quid oculis rābere uia es derepente ardentibus? poet. ap. Cie. diu. 1, 66; quid rabis? Quid uis tibi? Varr. ap. Non. 40, 1; rabere se ait, Caecil. ib.; uidetis eisdem intra exiguum tempus acerrime rabere et acerrime ridere, Sen. ep. 29, 7; add Manil. 5, 207 and 224 (of the dog-star).

**2** **rābo**, ōnis, m.=arrhabo, cut down in joke, Pl. True. 3, 2, 29.

**rābūla**, ae, m. a ranting orator, a brawler, non proclamatorem aut rabulam conquirimus, Cie. or. 1, 202; non declamatorem de ludo aut rabulam de foro quaerimus, orat. 47; gregem rabularum, Varr. ap. Non. 26, 24; add Lucil. ap. Fest. 282 a 14 M.

**rābūlāna pix**, a sort of pitch, Plin. 14, 120.

**rābūlātio**, (implying a vb. rabulor) ōnis, f. ranting, Mart. Cap. 189 G, 196, 1 Eyss.

**rābūlātus**, ūs, m. the same, rabulatu, Mart. Cap. 46 G, 51, 31 Eyss.

**rabuscūla uitis**, a sort of vine, Colum. 3, 2, 27; Plin. 14, 42.

**rācēmārus**, adj. left for gleaners, as bearing small grapes, pampinus, Colum. 3, 18, 4; pampinus r. *επιφῶλλος*, Gloss.

**rācēmātio**, ōnis, f. grape-gleaning, Tert. Apol. 35 med.

**rācēmātus**, quasi-part. clustered, parvis paniculis, Plin. 18, 54.

**rācēmifer**, a, um, adj. bearing clusters of berries, Ov. M. 3, 666; 15, 413.

**rācēmor**, āri, vb. r. glean (grapes), met. Varr. r. 3, 9, 1.

**rācēmōsus**, adj. r. growing in clusters, pomum, Plin. 13, 30; superl. 14, 40.

**rācēmus**, (ῥαcῆος a berry; see fragum = E. berry; a shortened before a long penult, cf. molestus erulis māmilla) i, m. a cluster of berries, esp. of grapes, fert una racemosa, Verg. G. 2, 60; lecti de nite racemi, Ov. a. a. 3, 703;

**2.** of other plants, poma dependent alia pediculis ut pira; alia racemis, ut uuae palmae; alia et pediculis et racemis ut hederæ sambuci, Plin. 15, 115; palma in syathis habet fructum racemis propendens, 16, 112.

**Racilius**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, Racilius tribunus pl., Cie. Q. fr. 3, 6, 5; Racilia, wife of Cincinatus, Liv. 3, 26, 9.

**rādia**, ae, f. nave of a wheel, = *χαλκικὴ ἡ του τροχου*, Gloss.

**radiātīlis**, e, adj. radiating, umbra, Venant. u. S. Mart. 2, 286.

**radiātio**, ōnis, f. emission of rays, radiation, marmoris, Plin. 36, 32; lucis, Arnob. 6, 208.

**radiātus**, (ῥαcῆ-part. spoked, rota, Varr. r. 3, 5, 55;

**2.** armed with rays of light, radiating, Quinam (sol) tam aduerso...omine Thebis radiatum lumen ostentas tum? Acc. ap. Prise. 2, 411 K; orbis, Acc. ap. Cie. diu. 1, 44; in-signie diei, Lucr. 5, 700; caput, Plin. pan. 52. See radio.

**rādicēso**, ēre, vb. send out roots, take root, Sen. ep. 86, 20.

**rādic-ina**, ae, f. dim. a little root, rootlet, Pelag. Vet. 2 med.: 25 init.

**rādicētus**, adv. from the root, herbas malas r. effodit, Cato r. 50; add Colum. 6, 3, 1; (pinus) r. exturbata, Catul. 64, 108;

**2.** met., Omnia malefacta nostra repperi radicitus, Pl. Most. 5, 1, 62; r. e uita se tollit, Lucr. 3, 877; Epicurus ex animis extraxit r. religionem, Cie. N. D. 1, 121.

**radīcor**, āri, vb. r. send out roots, take root, mergi

(utium) facile radicanur, Colum. 4, 2, 2; add Plin. 13, 36; 18, 51; 19, 99; Pall. 3, 10, 1; 3, 18, 1; 2. met., Sidon. ep. 5, 10 f.

**radicosus** ? appearing in roots, radiceosa brachia, Plin. 16, 151 (ramosa?).

**radīc-ūla**, ae. f. dim. a little root, rootlet, Cic. diu. 2, 135; Colum. 4, 8, 1; 5, 5, 5; 2. a special plant, as a kind of laserpicium, = struthion, Plin. 10, 48; 24, 96; 3. another, Plin. 25, 52; 4. a radish, qui mane nomiturus esse radiclem debet, Cels. 1, 3, p. 19, 23 D; add 2, 18, p. 65, 5; 2, 21, p. 67, 30; 5, 27, 1, 204, 31.

**radīc**, āre, vb. emit rays, as first with alb., Argenti... radiabant lumine naluae, Ov. M. 2, 4; Vula repressae radiabant imagine lunae, her. 18 (17), 77; Astrobolon (a gem) radiare fulgore candido in sole, Plin. 37, 133; 2. absol., niles radiabat in armis, Prop. 4, 1, 27; folium in tenebris radiat oculi, Plin. 11, 151; 3. w. acc. and abl., aliquid aduersus ducenta astra Fortuna est, quasi prospera eius aduersis radiaret (so Halm; al. radiaretur), Flor. 2, 13 (4, 2), 30; II 4. radior, āri, vb. r., Scuta sed et galcae gemmis radietur et auro, Ov. Pont. 3, 4, 103; (templa) auro radiantur, Tac. dial. 20 f.; 5. see radiatus.

**radīciūs**, i, m. dim. a little ray (of light), solis, Amm. 28, 4, med.; 2. a kind of olive, Colum. 12, 49, 2; 3. a kind of fern, Apul. herb. 93.

**radīciūs**, adj. full of rays, sol. Pl. St. 2, 41. **radīus**, ii, m. [from *rad-ō*, s. wh. is prob. from an older *rap-āp-ō*, or rather *rap-āp-ō*, d. being excrement; and this from *rap-āp-ā* = aft. *paap-ā* = strike; so that the Lat. *uer-(e)b-er* is of the same origin] a stick, hoc (sc. caput pistacii) cum loqui disceit ferre uerberat radiu, Plin. 10, 117; In numerum quoties radiis ferientibus icetae Respondent dociles modulato uerbere pelues, Anson. ep. 25, 24; but in Liv. 33, 5, Madv. has rami, not radii; 2. a shuttle, Insula ac tusi, radii scapulae sonantes, Lucr. 5, 1353; Excussi manibus radii reuolutaque pensa, Verg. 9, 476; Inseritur medium radiis subtemen acutis, Ov. M. 6, 55; add 6, 132; 3. the stick used by mathematicians in drawing figures on sand, humilem homunculum a pulvere et radio excitabo... Archimede, Cic. Tusc. 5, 64; Descripsit radiu totum qui gentibus orbem, Verg. B. 3, 41; caelique meatus Describit radiu (melius), A. 6, 851; 4. the spoke of a wheel, hinc radiis trinare rotis, Verg. G. 2, 444; add A. 6, 616; Axis, in hac radii fractarum parte rotarum, Ov. M. 2, 317; 5. the radius of a sphere, cuius omnis extremitas paribus a medio radiis attingitur, Cic. Tim. 6; 6. hence a ray of light, as from the sun, Exiu candida se radiis dedit iceta foras lux, Enn. an. 93 V; add 548; Non radii solis neque lucida tela diei, Lucr. 3, 92; add 2, 115; 5, 1104; ubi primos crastinus ortus Extulit Titan radiisque retextit orbem, Verg. 4, 119; add 7, 25 and 142; Ov. M. 2, 171; 7. or from a thunderbolt, Verg. 8, 429; Val. Fl. 6, 55; or from the eye, Gell. 5, 16, 2; 8. the spur of a bird's leg, autum quibusdam in erubris additi radii, Plin. 11, 257; 9. the small bone or radius of the forearm. (brachium) constat ex ossibus duobus: radius quem *κερκίδα* Graeci appellant, superior breuior et primo tenuior, rotundo et leniter cauo capite exiguum humeri tuberculum recipit: cubitus inferior longior et primo plenior, Cels. 8, 1, p. 327, 12 D; again 20, 21 and 33; 10. the spike or prickle of a ray-fish, radius super eandem emicunt trygonis, Plin. 9, 155; add 32, 35; 11. a long-shaped olive, Orebades et radii et amara pausia bacca, Verg. G. 2, 86; wh. see Serv.; radius maiorem, Cato r. 5, 1; add Colum. 5, 8, 4; and arb. 17, 3; 12. r. uirtus = *θεωπαλλος*, Cael. Aur. acut. 3, 14.

**radīx**, icis, f. [for *vor-ad-ic-* and so from *nor-(uor)-turn*, cur wort, root; G. wurz; note the twistings of roots] root, (pillos arborum) in terram deprimito uti radicem cupere possint, Cato r. 133; platanum radices xxxiii cubitorum egisse, Varr. r. 1, 37, 5; Et teneram ab radice ferens, Siliane, cupressum, Verg. G. 1, 20; a radicebus subruunt arbores, Caes. b. g. 6, 26, 4; 2. of special edible and medicinal roots, omnes radices, excepto siliere et pastinaca, Cels. 2, 26; 3. esp. a radish, Rapula lactucae radices, Plor. s. 2, 8, 8; add Ov. M. 8, 666; Colum. 11,

3, 18; 4. r. dulcis, glycyrrhiza of liquorice, Cels. 6, 10, p. 247, 31 D; Scrib. comp. 170; 5. r. Pontica, rhubarb, Cels. 5, 23, p. 182, 2 D; II 6. met. first of things, te clingquam dederō usque ab radicebus, Pl. Aut. 2, 2, 73; cortis, Curc. 2, 1, 23; saxi, Lucr. 2, 103; linguae, Ov. M. 6, 557; 7. esp. of mountains, Caes. b. g. 1, 38, 5; 7, 69, 2; Sal. Cat. 57, 3; 8. of other than things, uera gloria radices agit, Cic. off. 2, 43; Pompeius eo robore uir, his radicebus, Att. 6, 6, 4; 9. esp. of origin or source, ea erant ex radicebus trinis, et quae animaduerti, et quae legi, et quae audiri, Varr. r. 1, 1, 11; primiciae dicuntur uerba ut 'lego' et cetera quae non ab aliquo uerbo sed suas habent radices, l. 6, 5, p. 216 Sp.; ex isdem quibus nos radicebus natum, Cic. Sest. 50; Apollinis se radice ortum, Plin. 35, 71; 10. gen. pl. radicum, Char. 124, 31; 142, 14 with Varr. ib.; but radicum, Hygin. ap. Char. ib.; Apul. mag. 31.

**radō**, si, sus, dēre, vb. scrape, Semul radebat pedibus terram et uoce crocibat sua (sc. cornos), Pl. Aut. 4, 3, 2; quod supra terram est e matre (of the vine) radii iubet ne fructuet, Plin. 17, 204; Radat inaurati femur Herculis, Iuv. 13, 151; nummos aureos, Ulp. dig. 48, 10, 8; 2. shave, capite et supercilii semper est rasis, Cic. Rose. com. 20; radii cotidie instituit Africanus, Plin. 7, 211; ut modo tonderet, modo raderet barbam, Suet. Aug. 79; 3. to shave the head was a sign of great grief, was a vow of sailors fearing shipwreck, and a custom too of slaves at manumission as though escaping a sort of shipwreck, ille faxi Iuppiter, Vt ego hodie (so T II K; iuss hodie) raso capite caluos capiam pileum, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 306; gaudent ibi uertice raso Garrula securi narrare pericula nautae, Iuv. 12, 81; Regulus (on the death of Germanicus) barbam possinse et uxorum capita rasisse ad indicium maximi luctus, Suet. Cal. 5; (cf. capita cum supercilii deuadanda tonsori praebimus... unus ex uictoribus excretus omni quod innitatur naufragorum ultimum uotum, Petr. 105; non licere cuiquam in nane...capillos deponere nisi cum pelago uentis irascitur, 104); in (Feroniae) templo (liberti) raso capite pileum accipiebant, Serv. A. 8, 564; (cf. qui liberi fiebant ea causa calui erant quod tempestatem seruilitis uidebantur effugere, ut naufragio liberari soleant, Non. 528, 22); 4. scratch, mulieres genas ne radunto, xii tab. ap. Cic. leg. 2, 59; amicum nolo...quae clune nudo radat, Mart. 11, 100, 3; 5. hence in poets of rivers acting on the banks, ripas radentia flumina rodunt, Lucr. 5, 256; radensque Salerni Cultra Siler, Lucan. 2, 425; 6. clear of projections, make smooth, polish, aera primum radatur, Colum. 2, 19 (20), 11; raseae bastilia uirgae, Verg. G. 2, 358; rasum pumice...Martiale (i.e. a book), Mart. 1, 117, 16; galbana rasa, Iuv. 2, 97; II 7. in poets, skim (a surface), saxa Pachyni Radimus, Verg. 3, 699; Proxima Circaeae raduntur litora terrae, Verg. 10; Raditur hic elegis ultima meta meis, Ov. am. 3, 15, 2; Posse putes illos siccio freta radere passu, M. 10, 654; 8. met., teneras mordaci radere uero Auricular, Pers. 1, 107; palentes radere mores, 5, 15; aures delicatas, Quint. 3, 1, 3; 9. met. polish (of style), erimina rasis Libani in antithesis, Pers. 1, 85; luna rasa recent, Mart. 10, 2, 3.

**radūla**, ae. f. dim. a scraper, Colum. 12, 18, 5.

**ragae**?, arum, f. a foreign article of dress, cod. Th. 14, 10, 3 (al. raris or braecis).

**Ragonius**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, M. Ragonius M. f. CIL 575.

**raia**, ae. f. the fish ray, Plin. 9, 78, 144 and 161.

**Raius**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, Q. Raius Stat(tii) f. Broeet, CIL 1266.

**ralliāna**, adj. as sb. f. a kind of fine dress, edict. Diocl. 21.

**raium**, (for *rad-ulum*) i, n. dim. a scraper, Plin. 18, 179.

**rāmālia**, adj. n. pl. as sb. small twigs, as Multitūdine facies ramaliaque arida...admoit aeno, Ov. M. 8, 644; spissatis ramalibus (on a roof) decursus imbribus erat, Sen. ep. 90, 10; Ruminale arboreum mortuus ramalibus, Tac. an. 13, 58; 2. met. Pers. 1, 97 (in the sing. ramale); 5, 59.

**rāmēnta**, ae, f. a scraping, a scrap, Pl. Bac. 3, 4, 15; Rudl. 4, 3, 77.  
**rāmētōsus**, adj. full of scrapings, flaky, Cael. Aur. tard. 4, 3, 40.  
**rāmētum**, i, n. a scraping, shaving, flake, ferri, Lucr. 6, 1045; Colum. 4, 29, 16; arb. S. 4; Plin. 15, 67; 33, 66;  
**2.** r. sulphuratum, a brimstone match, Mart. 10, 3, 3;  
**3.** met. Pl. Bac. 4, 4, 29.  
**rāmēus**, adj. of branches, fragmenta, Verg. G. 4, 303;  
**rāmex**, icis, m. dim. lit. a small branch, but in Colum. 9, 1, 3 Schol. has amites; **2.** rāmēus, the blood-vessels of the lungs (hence of swift running), Tua causa rupi rāmēus, iaududum spūto sanguine, Pl. Merc. 1, 2, 27; Tua causa nemo nostrorum est snos ruptus rāmēus, Poen. 3, 1, 37; pythaeus rāmēus rumpit, Varr. ap. Non. 166, 13; **3.** rāmēus, varicose veins? Plin. 20, 142; 22, 84 and 121; **4.** herula, esp. serotil etc., Cels. 7, 22 the whole c.; sexu... exilis rāmēus magno, Lucil. ap. Non. 166; add Iuv. 10, 205; testium ultia et rāmēus, Plin. 20, 251;  
**5.** inguinal hernia, inguen nonnumquam rāmēus impletur, Cels. 7, 18 f.; **6.** umbilical h., infantium rāmēus et umbilicis eminentibus, Plin. 26, 79; add 30, 135.  
**rāmīcōsus**, adj. one suffering from hernia (or perb. varicose veins), Plin. 30, 136.  
**Rāmēnsēs** or Rāmēs, ium, m. pl. the first of the three original tribes of Rome, Rāmēnses a Romulo, Enn. ap. Varr. 1, 5, 55; Rāmēnses ab Romulo appellati, Liv. 1, 13, 8; celsi Rāmēs, Hor. A. P. 342.  
**Rāmnius**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, M. Rāmnius P. I. Diopant(us), CIL 571.  
**rāmōsus**, adj. full of branches, arbor, Lucr. 5, 1096; stipes, Ov. P. 3, 751; radices, Plin. 21, 80; lappago rāmōsi-  
 or, 26, 102; cunya mas rāmōsi, 21, 58; **2.** of other than plants, cornu, Verg. B. 7, 30; curialium rāmōsissimum, Plin. 32, 22; **3.** met. in poets, nubila, Lucr. 6, 133; Lernaee celidna, Ov. M. 9, 73; compita, Pers. 5, 34.  
**rāmūlōsus**, adj. full of branching veins, folia r. ulmo et cytho, Plin. 10, 32.  
**rāmūlus**, i, m. dim. a little branch, Cic. diu. 1, 123; Plin. 24, 132; 27, 111; Val. M. 2, 8, 5.  
**rāmūs**, i, m. branch, Rāmū bacarum ubertate incuruiscere, poet. ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 60; in arboribus truncus rami folia, Cic. or. 3, 179; Exilit ad caelum rāmīs felicitas arbor, Verg. G. 2, 81; **2.** a branch, as a club, iacuit pulsus tria tempora rāmō, Prop. 4, 9, 15; **3.** met. first material, a summo cornu (bouis) sicut palmae rāmēus diffunduntur, Caes. b. g. 6, 26, 2; Caucasi, Plin. 6, 134; = *το αἰδοιον ἀπερκοῦ*, Nov. s. ap. Non. 116, 27; Prud. Symm. 1, 115;  
**4.** immaterial, rāmōs amputare miseriarum, Cic. Tusc. 3, 13; **5.** of a genealogical tree, Pers. 3, 28; Samii rami, of the letter T, one leading to vice, one to virtue, 3, 56; add Auson. idyll. 12, 9.  
**rāmūscūlus**, (barbarously formed) i, m. dim. Hier. ep. 133, 3; Isid. or. 9, 6; but in Plin. 20, 161 now corrected.  
**rāna**, (prob. one w. *φάρυγ*, Fr. grenouille, E. frog; and poss. w. *βαρπαχος*), ae, f. pl. rānās metuo, rānāe enim *ἐμπροσθεν* vocat, Cic. Att. 15, 16 b; Et uterem in lino rānāe cecine quere-  
 rellam, Verg. G. 1, 378; culices rānāque palustres Auerunt somnos, Hor. s. 1, 5, 14; **2.** a toad, rana lurida, Varr. r. 1, 2, 20; sunt (rānāe) quae in uepribus tantum uiuunt, ob id rubetorum nomine, quas Graeci phrynos uocant, grandissimae omnium, Plin. 32, 50; rānāe rubetae quarum et in terra et in uinore nita, 8, 110; **3.** the tree frog, est rana parua arborem scandens, Plin. 32, 92; **4.** supposed to be poisonous (testudinis sanguis) contra ranarum uenena auxiliari, Plin. 32, 33; rānāe rubetae uenenum, 32, 48; **5.** hence used in witchcraft, Et uincta turpis oua rānāe sanguine, Hor. epod. 5, 19; uergentis rānāe portenta rubetae, Prop. 3, 6, 27; **6.** also by haruspices in seeking knowledge of the future, ranarum viscera nunquam Inspeci, Iuv. 3, 44; **7.** of great medicinal power, as for gout, Plin. 32, 11; erysipelas, 32, 119; ear-ache, 32, 78 etc.; **8.** prov. infat se tanquam rana, Petr. 74; cf. Hor. s. 2, 3, 314; Phaedr. 1, 24; **9.** qui fuit rana, nunc est rex, Petr. 77; **11** **10.** a sea flat-fish, lophius piscatorius L., rānāe marinae, Cic. N. D. 2, 125; add Plin. 9, 78 and 175;

32, 88; **11** **11.** a disease of the tongue in cattle, Colum. 6, 8, 1; Veg. uet. 3, 3, 12; = *βαρπαχος* and Fr. grenouillette; see ranaula.  
**rāncēs**, ntis, part. (imp. a vb. rānceo) becoming putrid, Lucr. 3, 719; Sereu. Sam. 54, 978.  
**rāncēso**, ēre, vb. become putrid, Arnob. 1, 12.  
**rāncidūsus**, adj. dim. putrid, Iuv. 11, 135; **2.** met. of speech, affected, Pers. 1, 33; Mart. 7, 34, 7.  
**rāncidus**, adj. putrid, rotten, caduera, Lucr. 6, 1155; apum, Hor. s. 2, 2, 89; rāncidiora seligens, Apul. M. 10, 15 f.; noscentur uenena boletorum rāncido aspectu, Plin. 22, 92; **2.** of language, offensive as being affected, Iuv. 6, 185; Prud. *περὶ στερφ.* 10, 305; senex, Apul. M. 1, 26 f.; **3.** rāncide, adf. affectedly, Gell. 18, 8, 1; 18, 11, 2.  
**Rāncius**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, Quinctus Rāncius, CIL 1008.  
**rāncō**, (rāneo or rācco) āre, vh. cry as a tiger, earm. Philomel. 49.  
**rāncor**, ōris, m. putridity, musty smell, Pall. 1, 20, 2; 11, 10, 2; **2.** met. rāncor, Hier. ep. 13, 1.  
**rānūla**, ae, f. dim. a small frog, Apul. M. 9, 34;  
**2.** an abscess under the tongue, Veg. uet. 4, 5, 1; **3.** the frog in a horse's hoof, Veg. uet. 2, 28, 31; 3, 58, 4; cf. *βαρπαχος* for all meanings.  
**rānūculūsus**, i, m. dim. a little frog, Cic. diu. 1, 15 (bis); **2.** met. of the inhabitants of marshy Ulubrae, fam. 7, 18, 3.  
**rāpa**, ae, f. turnip, Colum. 11, 3, 16 and 59; Pall. S. 2, 2; see rapum.  
**rapacia**, an error in Plin. 18, 127 for rapacia.  
**Rāpācidae**, arum, m. pl. a joking patronymic, sons of the great Langfanger, Rapacidum (Rapacidarum ass and ead. agst met.) nbi tantum siet in aedibus, Pl. Aul. 2, 7, 8.  
**rāpācitas**, ātis, f. habit of robbing, rapacity, Cic. Cael. 13; Mart. 6, 72, 1; Iustin. 38, 7, 8.  
**rāpax**, ācis, adj. given to robbing, rapacious, rāpax anarus inuidus, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 7; Vos scelesti nos rapaces nos praedones, Men. 5, 7, 26; add 4, 2, 13; Pers. 3, 6; olim furibundus nemo rapax, Cic. Pis. 60; furem aut rapacem, Verr. 2, 3, 2; lupi, Hor. od. 4, 4, 50; (ungues) hominibus lati, rapacibus (beasts and birds of prey) uinci, Plin. 11, 247;  
**2.** met., Europam Libyamque rapax ubi diuidit unda, Enn. ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 45; fluuii, Plin. 1, 17; rapacior procella, Catul. 25, 4; Ocreus, Hor. od. 2, 18, 30; ignis, Ov. M. 8, 837; chryseleum rapacissimum ignium (ready to take fire), Plin. 37, 51; **3.** dens r., an incisor tooth, iumentum (dentes) habet molares xxiv, caninos iv, rapaces xii, Veg. uet. 6, 1, 1; **4.** title of the 21st legion, C. Vibius C. f. Vel. Publilianus tribunus leg. xxi Rapacis, inscr. Or. 1549; add 3341 etc.; Rapaces atque Italici omnibus se manipulis miscuerant, Tac. hist. 3, 22.  
**rāphāninus**, adj. of radishes, oleum, Plin. 23, 94.  
**rāphāntinus**, idis, adj. f. as sb. a kind of Iris, Plin. 21, 41.  
**rāphānos**, or -us, i, m. or f. radish, Cato r. 35, 2; Colum. 11, 3, 47 and 59; Plin. 19, 80 and 83; 20, 22; in Pall. 9, 5, 3 iuniam\* or inimicum; **2.** raphanos agria\*, a kind of radish, Plin. 26, 72.  
**rāpic-us**, (rapum) adj. of turnips, coles (turnip tops), Cato r. 35, 2; semen, 134, 1; **2.** rapicia as sb. n. pl. turnip-tops, Plin. 18, 127.  
**rāpiditas**, ātis, f. tendency to carry away, rapidity, flumibis, Caes. b. g. 4, 17, 2; b. c. 1, 62, 2.  
**rāpidulus**, adj. dim. rapid, quod stertore (so Bradshaw ej.; ms terrore) et rapiduli sonitus raucitate, Mart. Cap. 270 G. p. 297, 9 Eyss.  
**rāpidus**, adj. given to robbing, rapacious, leones, Lucr. 4, 712 (al. by ej. rāhidi); ferae, Ov. her. 10, 96; Vt uolueris uisis rapidissima milibus extis, M. 2, 716; **2.** met. w. added notion of swiftness, rapid, esp. of water in motion, rus ut ibat, Ingressus fluium rapidum... Rapidus raptori pueri est subduxit pedes, Pl. Men. prol. 64; rapidus undas Inachi, Acc. ap. Non. 192, 4; turbo, Lucr. 6, 668; rapidissimum flumen, Caes. b. c. 1, 50, 3; torrens, Verg. 2, 305; mare, Tib. 1, 2, 40; rapidior unda, Curt. 4, 9, 18; **3.** of wind, uenti, Verg. 6, 75; procellae, Prud. 2, 16, 45; **4.** of fire, destructive, ignis, Verg. G. 4, 263; Sirius, 4, 425; sol,

1, 92 add 424; aestus, B. 2, 10; 5. gen. rapid, swift, passus, Verg. 7, 156; manus, S. 442; currus, 12, 478; rapido qui ulcitur axe diem, Ov. F. 3, 318; agmen, Tac. h. 2, 30; uenenum, an. 12, 67; 6. met., cum fertur quasi torrens oratio, quamvis multa rapiat..., nusquam orationem rapidam coecras, Cic. fin. 2, 3; rapidus consiliis, Liv. 22, 12, 11.

1. **rāpina**, adj. f. as sb., turnip field, rapinae per hos dies fiunt, Colum. 11, 2, 71; 2. turnips, rapinam lupinumque serito, Cato r. 5, 8; add 35, 2; ibi... omnes cum rapinis acceperunt, inser. Mar. fr. arn. 41, 30.

2. **rāpina**, ae. f. robbery, rapine, nihil cogitasti nisi rapinas, Cic. Cat. 2, 10; rapinas scribis ad Opis fieri, Att. 14, 14; hostem rapinas prohibere, Caes. b. g. 1, 15, 4; furta rapinae, Marc. dig. 35, 2, 30; 2. carrying off a woman, rape, (Proserpinae) Ov. M. 10, 28; (Helenae) a. a. 3, 700; 3. met., terrae tris partis abstulit caelum, Oceani rapina in incerto est, robbery from use by man, Plin. 2, 172; necant inter se arbores densitate atque alimentis rapina, 17, 239.

**rāpīnatio**, ōnis (implies a vb. rapino or rapinor), f. robbery, rapine, inde tibi istos equites, nam illi solent maximas rapinationes facere, lang. of a shepherd, Aurcl. ad Front. 2, 12.

**rāpīnator**, ōris (id.), m. robber, Varr. ap. Non. 167, 20. See rapister.

**rāpio**, (for hār-āp-io, cf. ἄρ(α)πᾶω, ἄρ(α)πᾶλεος; root har, prob.=gar of E. gr-asu, gr-ab, gr-apple; rap=E. rob) ere, ni, tus, vb. quod nequiriti tang(i), tantum fas habent, Quo manus astineant; cetera rape trahere fug(e) late, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 12 (partly altered by THK); seize, snatch, arma rapiant, Liv. 10, 2, 12; arma rapiunt, Tac. an. 2, 19; 2. met., seize, viue Vixes dum licet: Oculis postremum lumen radiatum rape, poet. ap. Cic. or. 3, 162; rapianus amici Occasionem, Hor. epod. 13, 3; Admotam rapiunt uincta celsura flammam, Ov. M. 3, 374;

3. hence carry off or away rapidly and irresistibly, hurry away, ut atque inuitam ingratiss, Nisi uoluntate ibis, rapiam te domum, Pl. Mil. 2, 5, 40; Ducite istum: si non sequitur, rapite sublimem foras, 5, 1, 1; sublimem hunc intro rape quantum potest, Ter. Andr. 5, 2, 20; rapit in ius, Hor. s. 1, 9, 77; quattuor hinc rapimur uiginti et milia raedis, 1, 5, 86; missos rapit ungula currus, 1, 1, 114; Aeneas... Nube caua rapui, Verg. 5, 810; Turmoque foreis Mille rapit populos, 7, 725; per hoc spatium cum legiones deceres, seu potius (tanta velocitate car) raperes, Plin. pan. 14; expeditum exercitum in Chattos rapuit, Tac. an. 1, 56;

4. met., amentia rapior ferocque, Acc. ap. Non. 503, 7; rapimur in errorem, Cic. leg. 2, 43; cum Caesar amentia rapieret, fam. 16, 12, 2; Furor me caecos an rapit uis acrior? Hor. epod. 7, 13; 5. esp. carry off by robbery, rob, Minus iam furtificus sum quam antea, Quid ita? Rapio proplam, Pl. Poen. 1, 1, 10; erat ei uiuendum latro-num rita, ut tantum haberet quantum rapere potuisset, Cic. Phil. 2, 62; spes rapiendi atque praedandi, 4, 9;

6. in war, not called robbery, plunder, tum res rapuisse licebit, Verg. 10, 14; 7. hence, lay waste by plundering, clear of all that is valuable, harry, rapit Armeniam allatum est, Tac. an. 13, 6; raptas domos, Stat. Ach. 1, 152;

8. carry off (women) and so ravish, use rapit ad stuprum uirgines uideo, Liv. 26, 13, 15; multitudo puerorum iam est ex raptibus, Gellius (historian) as quoted by Char. 54, 14 K; amat Proserpina raptas, Mart. 12, 52, 13; Proserpinam rapuit, Arnob. 5, 37; 9. intercept in a violent manner, put a forced construction upon, sensit scripturam suam... aduersarios Rapere in peiorum partem, Ter. Ad. prol. 3; consilium meum rapere in contrariam partem, Pollio ap. Cic. fam. 10, 33, 2; 10. of eager purchasers of books, snatch up, carry off, exemplaria certatim rapiantur, Hier. ep. 57, 2; cum liber certatim raperetur, exultantes librorum uid, Sulpice, Sev. dial. 1, 23; cf. diripio; 11. raptum, part. n. as sb., but only in abl., what is obtained by robbery or plunder, raptio tunc, Liv. 7, 25, 13; Verg. 7, 749; Ov. tr. 5, 10, 16; Sen. ep. 70, 28; 124, 18; Viuitur ex raptio, Ov. M. 1, 144; ad exercitum tuendum raptio utebatur, Vell. 2, 73, 3; 12. rapit as a ful. peri. (not for

rapuit), cf. faxit; sacrum qui clepsit raptus, parricia esto, xii tabb. ap. Cic. leg. 2, 22; 13. note f. abl. pl. raptibus above § 8, like mulabus.

**rāpister**, (or rapaster?) tri, m. dim. a little robber, -- homo inpuratus et impuno atque (so THK by ej.; mss est; L. Muller estque) rapister, Lucil. ap. Non. 129, 27.

**rāpistrum**, i, n. a small turnip, Colum. 9, 4, 5.

**rāpo**, ōnis, m. a robber, Varr. ap. Non. 26, 29.

**rapsātus**, (implying a vb. rapso)=raptatus, inser. Or. 4850.

**raptim**, adv. by snatches, non ludunt raptim pila, Nov. ap. Non. 90, 20; 2. hurriedly, haec scripsi raptim, Cic. Att. 2, 9, 1; add dom. 139; agitur omnia raptim atque turbate, Caes. b. c. 1, 5, 1; exercitu r. ducto, Liv. 5, 37, 7.

**raptio**, ōnis, f. carrying off, rape, Ctesiphonem... Vna fuisse in raptione cum Aeschine, Ter. ad. 3, 3, 2; Helenae, Auson. perich. H. pr.; Proserpinae, Arnob. 5, 37.

**raptio**, vb. frq. sanctioned by Gell. 9, 6, 3.

**rāpto**, āre, vb. frq. seize violently, handle violently, Quid me afflicta? Quid me raptas? Qna me causa uerberas? Pl. Aut. 4, 3, 5; enersa domus, dissipati liberi, raptata uxor, Cic. Sest. 145; 2. drag along violently, hurry away, Vidi... Hectorem curru quadringo raptarier, Enn. 7 ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 105; add Enn. 7 ap. Cic. diu. 1, 40; Phaethonta rapax nis solis equorum Aethere raptant toto, Lucr. 5, 398; add 1, 279; Ter circum Iliaos raptantur Hectora muros, Verg. 1, 483; add 2, 272; legiones hae atque illic, b. Afr. 7, 3, 4; nos ad ostia Ponti Rapti iter, Val. F. 2, 576;

3. plunder, lay waste, devastate, Africam, Tac. an. 4, 23; raptare inter se, 12, 54; Vt quum possessas auidis uictorios arces (urbes)? Dux raptare dedit, Stat. Th. 6, 115; 4. met., Ita me amor... ludificat... raptat retinet, Pl. Cist. 2, 1, 9.

**rāptor**, ōris, m. one who carries off, and so may be a robber, paus et peni, Pl. Trin. 2, 1, 23; hostium, Epid. 2, 2, 115; lupi, Verg. 2, 356; Ov. M. 10, 540; Cacus, Prop. 4, 9, 9; feras, Colum. 7, 12, 9; furiibus raptoribus receptationibus, Paul. dig. 1, 15, 3, 2; 2. esp. one who carries off women stupri causa, ravisher, Titiosque raptor, Hor. od. 4, 6, 2; add Ov. a. a. 1, 680; Prop. 3, 22, 4; Mart. 12, 52, 7; adulter raptor homicida, Th. cod. 9, 38, 3; 3. met., Italiane libertatis, Vell. 2, 27, 2; alieni honoris, Ov. M. 8, 438; ferri (magnet), Aug. e. D. 1, 4.

**rāptistrum**, adj. for extracting, instrumentum, Cacl. Aur. tard. 3, 6, 88 p. 464.

**rāptrix**, icis, adj. or sb. f. one who carries off, aquila, Hieron. chron.

**raptus**, ōis, m. violent seizure or removal, lacerata est raptus, Ov. M. 3, 722; incitatos runcinae raptus, Plin. 16, 23; materiae ad intestina, Cacl. Aur. acut. 3, 8, 91; neruorum--spasmi--ib. 3, 15, 117; add tard. 3, 8, 151; euenbiturum--cuppung--ib. acut. 1, 11, 79; 2. robbery, plundering, Tac. an. 2, 52; 15, 38 f.; 3. carrying off of women etc. rape, uirginis, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 107; Ov. F. 4, 417; 4. absol. rape, Tac. an. 6, 7 f.; h. 2, 73; raptus crimen leges Iuliae de adulteris potestatem excedit, Marc. dig. 48, 6, 5, 2; stuprum noli raptus noli adulterium, Th. cod. 9, 2, 5.

**rāpūm**, i, n. a small turnip, Hor. s. 2, 2, 43; 2, 8, 8.

**rāpum**, i, n. turnip, Varr. r. 1, 59, 4; Colum. 2, 10, 22 and 23; Plin. 10, 78; 18, 131 etc.; see rapa.

**rārē**, see rarus.

**rārēficio**, ēre, fci, factus, vb. make thin or rare, rarely, Luer. 6, 870 and diuisim, 6, 233; cf. fuit are, Luer. 6, 962; add 2, 1130; 3, 442.

**rārēfio**, ēri, vb. become thin or rare, Luer. 1, 648.

**rārēnter**, (implies a part. rarens and a vb. rareo=rare) adv. rarely, seldom, dato (amurem) r. libere commixtam enim aqua, Cato r. 103; add Liv. Enn. Caecil. Nov. ap. Non. 515, 26; Pompon. ib. 164, 26; Gell. 10, 15, 3; 17, 8, 8; Apul. flor. 8 and 17; but not Cic. as misstated on authority of Char. 217 K.

**rārēscō**, ēre, vb. become thin or rare, Luer. 6, 513; Colum. 3, 10, 3; Plin. 11, 231; Tac. Germania 30; nubila uentis, Luer. 6, 513; umor ab aestu, 6, 875; claustra Pe-



lori, Verg. 3, 411, cf. raritas § 2; interita seminum cetera quae uident rarescunt, Colum. 3, 16, 3; lanæ, Plin. 11, 231; colles, Tac. Germ. 30; miles, Sil. 17, 423—ranks are thinned; 2. sonitus—gets faint, Prop. 3, 15, 33.

**rāripilus**, adj. thin-haired, pecus, Colum. 1 pr. 26.  
**rāritas**, ātis, f. looseness of texture, opp. to density, sponginess, thinness, fewness, rarity, in pulmonibus inest raritas quaedam et adsimilis spongiosis mollitudo, Cic. N. D. 2, 136; modo multitudo (of stars). modo raritas, Plin. 2, 80; superciliorum, 28, 163; exemplorum, 7, 58; equi (Bucephali), S. 64; add 12, 43; Cels. 7, 14 init.; 2. an opening or chink, nec pontis transeunt asini per raritatem eorum translucentibus thumiis, Plin. 8, 169; per raritatem dentium, 11, 3; 3. pl. in Gell. 3, 16, 9.

**rāritudo**, inis, f. looseness of texture, rete dictum a rariitudine, Varr. 1, 5, 29; mediocri raritudine terra, Colum. arb. 3, 7.

**rārō**, see rarus.

**rārus**, (prob. for ar-arus, in suffix—an-arus; and so akin to *ap-arus*: cf. Welsh *gwas-arn*, *gwas-garu* to strew) adj. widely scattered, far apart, uides habitari in terra raris in locis, Cic. rep. 6, 20; accedebat huc ut numquam conferti sed rari magnisque intervalis prolestantur, Caes. b. g. 5, 16, 4; ipsi ex siluis rari propugnabant, 5, 9, 6; rari in confortis illati, Liv. 23, 27, 6; dextra pars qua Samnites raris ordinibus constiterant, latius patefacta stetit; (sinistri) confectiores steterant, 9, 27, 8; Apparent rari nantes in gurgite nastro, Verg. 1, 118; raria manus (with fingers apart), Quint. 11, 3, 103; 2. loose in texture, thin, textura praedita rara, Lucr. 4, 195; raris perplexa foramina linguae (full of pores), 621; rarior aer, 6, 1024; Rara sit an supra morem si densa requires, Densa magis Cerei, rarissima quaeque Lyaeo, Verg. G. 2, 227; Quia rara est aëcis interlectae corona Non tam spissa uiris, A. 9, 508; retia rara, 4, 131; Hor. epod. 2, 33; nitio parentum Rara inuentus, od. 1, 2, 24; allam raramque comam, Ov. am. 1, 8, 111; 3. in time, seldom occurring, rare, Si raras noctes docuit, ab annis perit, Pl. Truc. 1, 1, 28; rarum genus et quidem omnia praedura rara, Cic. am. 79; Tu mihi, quod rarum est, uno sublimine delisti Nomen, Ov. tr. 4, 10, 121; rari sunt imbres (in Aegypt), Colum. 2, 11, 3; 4. rare in merit, Raria quidem facie, sed rariore arte candenti, Ov. M. 14, 337; inuenis rarissime, Pont. 2, 3, 55; 5. adv. raro, seldom, rarely, prodest raro, nocet saepissime, Cic. N. D. 3, 69; rarius quam tu expectabis, fam. 1, 7, 1; rarissime, Colum. 5, 5, 7; 6. thinly, sata, Colum. 2, 9, 5; rarius tenui minime contextus sacculus, 9, 15, 12; 7. rare in old writers, seldom, rarely, Verum (uidulus piscis) rarē (raro Fleck.) capitur: nullus minus saepe ad terram uenit, Pl. Rud. 4, 3, 56; a rarus non dicitur rare; sed illi raro dicunt, alii rarenter, Varr. ap. Gell. 2, 25, 8; yet Charis. 217, 8: rare Cicero (dub.) pro raro. Catonem quoque ita locutum. Sed et Plautus: Verum rare capitur.

**rāsāmen**, inis, n. scraping, shaving, Marc. Emp. 1 med.  
**rāsilis**, e, adj. that may be shaved or polished, thoro, rasile buxum, Verg. G. 2, 449; 2. polished, smooth, fasces, Catul. 61, 108; fibula, Ov. M. 8, 318; Stat. Th. 7, 658; calathi, Ov. her. 9, 76; argentum, Vell. 2, 56, 2; hasta, Sil. 4, 176; 3. palmis r. barked, Plin. 17, 206.

**raxis**, is, f. pitch or resin, Colum. 12, 20, 6; add a gloss on *pis liquida* in Veg. nat. 1, 13, 3; = *lit. raxa*.

**rāsito**, rare, vb. frq. shave, Suet. Octav. 12; Gell. 3, 4, 3.  
**rāsor**, ōris, m. a scraper, a name for a fiddler, Paul. ex F. 275 M.

**rasta**, ae, f. a German mile, Hieron. Joel 3, 18;

2. cf. Go. rasta, Slav. west.

**rastelli**, ōrum, m. pl. dim. a little rake, stipulam rastellis eradi, Varr. r. 1, 49, 1; ab rasu rastelli, 1, 5, 31; medica obruit non aratro sed ligneis rastellis, Colum. 2, 12, 6; 2. in later lang. rastellis, i. the same, Suet. Nero 19.

**rastrārius**, adj. of a rake, Hypobolimaestra rastraria, a comedy of Caecilius, ap. Non. v. lactare, 16, 20; 176, 8 etc.

**rastri**, ōrum, m. pl. a rake (as containing more than one tooth), rastros quadridentis ii, Cato r. 10, 3; 11, 4;

rastros dentiferos, Enn. ap. Non. 66, 27; istos rastros ulico ...facito ut tradas in manum, Pl. Merc. 2, 2, 6; at istos rastros interea tamen Appone: ne labora, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 40; mihi illuc (so TH K c); mss illece on erasure A, illace C D E) uere ad rastros ros redit, 5, 1, 58; rastri quibus dentatis eradunt terram, Varr. l. 5, 31; rastri glaebas qui frangit inertis, Verg. G. 1, 94; lam rigidos pectis rastriis, Polypheme, capillos, Ov. M. 13, 765; ligneis rastriis, Colum. 2, 10, 27; 2. in later writers rastrium, i. n. a rake, fodientem et altius rastrium alleuantem, Sen. dial. 4, 25, 2; ocatio sequitur erato uel rastro, Plin. 18, 180.

**rāstra**, ae, f. scraping, (calami) Colum. 4, 29, 9; gulæ (in pronunciation of aspirates), Hier. ep. Paul. ad Tit. 2, 9;

2. shaving, barbae capitisque luctus indicium, Hier. Isai. 5, 15, 2; 3. a shaving, rasuras eboris, Veg. vet. 1, 10, 6; add 6, 8, 8.

**rāsus**, ūs, m. scraping, Varr. l. 5, 31.

**ratārius**, or ratiārius, adj. of rafts, hence ratariæ -arum as sb. f. pl. (sc. naves) rafts, Gell. 10, 25, 5; ratariæ the same, Serr. A. 1, 47; 2. ratarius, il. as sb. m. a raft-owner, ratario crediderat, Paul. dig. 14, 7, 30; Deo Siluano pro salute ratiariorum, inser. Or. 276.

**ratiābitio**, ōnis, f. ratification, adoption of another's act as one's own, Ulp. dig. 3, 3, 40, 3; 3, 5, 11 (6, 9); Paul. 20, 2, 48; and diuini: rati enim habitio, Ulp. 4, 3, 12, 4; Paul. 37, 1, 16.

**rātio**, ōnis, f. [reor, wh. see] reckoning, calculation, account, (de) eis agreis ita rationem initio, CIL 200, 59; Iur. putatur ratio cum argentario, Pl. Aul. 3, 5, 53; Bene igitur ratio accepti atque expensi inter nos conuenit, Most. 1, 3, 146; Quod ego defraudam? Em istaec ratio maxumast, Trin. 2, 4, 11; rationes putare argentariam, frumentariam, pabuli causa quae parata sunt, rationem unariam, oleariam quid nenerit, quid exactum sit, quid reliquum sit, quid siet quod ueniat, Cato r. 2, 5; ne tu summam rationem putes, Afr. 79 R; uenit in fundum, rationes a colono accipit, Cic. Caecin. 94; (dicebatur) accipisse a Cluentio Hic ceno. Cuius erat ordinis? Senatorii. A senatore ratio repeti solet, Cln. 1043; cetero ratione uis carceris quae diligentissime conficitur, quo quisque die datus in custodia, quo mortuus, quo hecatus sit, Verr. 2, 5, 147; cum horum omnium ratio haberetur, ad duorum milium numero ex Pompeianis eccidisse reperiebamus, Caes. b. c. 3, 53, 1; Romani prius longis rationibus assensum discent in partes centum diducere, Hor. A. P. 325; 2. met., Numquam ita quisquam bene subducta ratione ad uitam fit, Quin.... Ter. Ad. 5, 4, 1; nihil est quod minus fereudum sit quam rationem ab altero uitae reperere eum qui non possit suae reidre, Cic. Caecil. 27; opera danda est ut ...semper ita nuquam ut rationem reddendam nobis arbitremur, Verr. 2, 2, 28; hoc est nimis exigue ad calculos nocere amicitiam ut par sit ratio acceptorum et datorum, am. 58; 3. esp. rationem habeo, duco, keep an account, take account (of), take into account, provide for, qui eorum quibuscumque est ut dignitatis in commodi rationem non habet, Cic. or. 2, 17; sit hoc persuasum...deos...piorum et impiorum habere rationem, leg. 2, 15; non laborat de pecunia, non nllius rationem sui commodi ducit, Rose. Am. 128; iste bonus astrologus qui non tam celi rationem quam caelati argenti ducit, Verr. 2, 2, 129; sanciorum modo et agrorum habita ratione, Caes. b. c. 3, 75, 1;

4. cum aliquo rationem habeo, pono, keep an account with, have dealings with, cum hac aliquid adolescentem hominem habuisse rationis nuni tibi perturpe esse uideatur, Cic. Cacl. 50; habent rationem cum terra (agricolae), sen. 51; cum omnibus Misis rationem habere cogito, Act. 2, 5, 2; ubi ratio cum Oro habetur, ibi non modo fructus est incertus, sed etiam colentium uita, Varr. r. 1, 4, 3; ubi sit cum Oro ratio ponenda, ibi..., Colum. 1, 3, 2;

5. thus we find: pono r. set down, § 4 and Sen. ep. 87, 5; infero r. enter, Cic. Flac. 20; semen rationibus infero, Colum. 1, 7, 7; habeo r. keep account of, § 3; subduco r. add up, § 2; puto r. calculate, § 1; conficio make up, Cic. fam. 5, 20, 2 (bis); repeto call for, § 1; inde go into, Cato r. 2, 1; Cic. N. D. 3, 71; refero reddo give in, make a return of, §§ 2, 3; add: Quattuor minae perierunt plane ut

ratio redditur. Pl. Men. 1, 3, 23; rationibus non relatis, Cic. opt. g. or. 20; ad I fam. 5, 20 saepe: confere compare, Att. 5, 21, 12; constat ratio, is well established, is clearly made out, auri ratio constat, aurum in aerario est, Flac. 60; Plu. ep. 2, 4, 4; pan. 38; Iustin. pr. f. 6. a ratiocinabilibus, accountant to an emperor, L. Momius Achaicus... a rat. Iulius Caesar (aris), inser. Or. 3507; Autemio Ti. Caesaris Aug. 1 a ratiocinabilibus (for ratiocinabilibus), 2030; Callisthenes... a ratiocinabilibus cellae, 2804; 7. rationes aliquid, his interests, me ad eius rationes adiungo quem tu in meis rationibus tibi esse a luendum putasti, Cic. fam. 1, 8, 2; 3. meas rationes unquam nostrae salutis anteposuisse, Cic. 7 ad Quir. post red. 1; fac consideres quid tuae rationes postulat, Sal. Cat. 44 5; 8. beyond the sphere of numbers, calculation, forethought, quibus in rebus temeritas et casus, non ratio nec consilium ualet, Cic. diu. 2, 85; Aristonitum (Gallos) magis ratione et consilio quam uirtute uicisse, Caes. b. g. 1, 40, 8; ut agentem te ratio ducat non fortuna, Liv. 22, 30, 21; 9. the reasoning faculty, reason, duplex est uis animorum: una pars in appetitu sita est quae... altera in ratione quae docet quid faciendum fugiendumue sit, Cic. off. 1, 101; ita efficiendum est (corpus) ut obediens consilio rationique possit, 1, 70;

10. with a gen. or other defining word, reason, rationale, ground, si mei consilii causam rationemque cognouerit, quod facio probabit, Cic. Acad. 1; ad eam sententiam cum reliquis causis haec quoque ratio eos deduxit, Caes. b. g. 2, 10, 5; 11. theory, science, system (of knowledge), principes, Improbata nauigii ratio tu caeca iacebat, Lucr. 5, 1000 (if genuine); erit haec formula Stoicorum rationi disciplinaeque consentanea, Cic. off. 3, 20; qui primi Platonis rationem auctoritatemque suscepunt, acad. post. 34; musicae rationis studiosi, Colum. 1 pr. 3; 12. a plan, method, way, sic (to A) hanc rationem institi (so Ritschl, vs. insitit or in-sitit), Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 108; hoc aditu laudis uitae meae rationes prohibentur, Cic. Man. 1; quorum operum haec erat ratio, Caes. b. c. 1, 25; 5. eadem ratione quae pridie ab nostris resistitur, b. g. 5, 40, 3; 13. what calls for an exercise of the reason, business, transactions, quae domi gerenda sunt ea per Caecilium transiguntur; fori iudicique rationem M. Messala suscepit, Cic. Rose. Am. 140; haec res non solum ex domestica est ratione (attinet etiam bellicam), sed etiam..., off. 1, 70; 14. in aliquam rationem loqui etc. in support of a view or plan (cf. in eandem sententiam), haec cum omnes sentirent et cum in eam rationem pro uo qui quae dolore loqueretur, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 69; epistolis in eandem rationem scriptis, Att. 1, 11, 1; 15. ratione or cum ratione as an adv., quod domi te inclusisti ratione fecisti, Cic. Att. 12, 44, 3; Existima modo et ratione omnia Romae Nauium fecisse, Quint. 28; 16. ratio est, it is right, reasonable, iurum animis nulla ratio persequi, Cic. acad. pr. 74; suadebant nullam esse rationem amittere eiusmodi occasionem, Caecin. 15; minari diuisoribus ratio non erat, Verr. 1, 24; confectum inedia hostem prouere ratio fuit, Tac. h. 3, 22; and like this; tenuissimum solo uitiarium facere minime rationis est, Colum. 3, 5, 3; ratio for ratio, as reor must have had for its theme ree = our reck and reckon; as ratio: Fr. saison our season, so ratio: raison reason.

**ratiocinabiliter**, in Macr. somn. Sc. 2, 11, 17; Jan has ratiocinabiliter. wh. see s.v. rationabilis.

**ratiocinatio**, ōnis, f. calculation, architecti scientia nascitur e fabrica et ratiocinatione: fabrica est usus meditatio..., r. quae res fabricatae solertia, ratione proportionis demonstrare potest, Vitruv. 1, 1, 1; 2. reasoning, r. est diligens faciendi aut non faciendi excoGITatio, Cic. inu. 2, 18; r. est per quam rationem poscimus, Cornif. ad Her. 4, 23; ad Quint. 3, 6, 15; 5, 14, 3; 8, 4, 15 and 16; Apul. mag. 16 and 33.

**ratiocinatio**, ōnis, f. calculation or reasoning, Cic. inu. 1, 17; Quint. 3, 6, 16; 5, 10, 6; 7, 1, 60; 7, 8, 3; con- iunctiones as quantum igitur, Diom. 416, 9.

**ratiocinator**, ōris, m. accountant, Cic. Att. 1, 12, 2; Ulp. dig. 14, 4, 5, 10; met., Cic. off. 1, 59.

**ratiocinium**, ii, n. calculation, Colum. 1, 5, 13; 5, 2, 6.

**ratiocinor**, ōris, v. b. r. calculate, Cic. Tusc. 1, 5; inn. 2,

115; 2. met., reason, infer, si recte ratiocinabimur, uni accepta referemus Antonio, Cic. Phil. 2, 55; ad Verr. 1, 20; inn. 2, 61; Cornif. ad Her. 2, 35; Apul. M. 1, 24.

**ratiōnābilis**, e, adj. capable of reasoning, rational, natura, Sen. dial. 7, 13, 5; but in Quint. 5, 11, 35 ratiōnabilis; 2. reasonable, rational, sententia, Ulp. dig. 5, 1, 2, 3; causa, Marc. 41, 2, 20; magis ratiōnabile, Pompon. 50, 16, 122; ratiōnabilibus, 45, 3, 37; 3. ratiōnābiliter adv. reasonably, eod. Th. 11, 8, 1; 15, 1, 41.

**ratiōnābilitas**, ātis, f. power of reasoning, Apul. dogm. Plat. 1, 14.

**ratiōnālis**, e, adj. of accounts, litterae, inser. Or. 39; officium, eod. Th. 11, 30, 8, 1; 2. as sb. m. accountant, ratiōnālis = sacrum numerationum, inser. Or. 1090; add inser. Fabr. 101, 233; Domat. 7, 179; Th. eod. 11, 30, 28 and 41; Lamp. al. Sever. 45, 6; 40, 5; Capitol. Gord. 7, 2; imp. Commod. ap. Capitol. Clod. Alb. 2, 4; 3. ratiōnālis account-books? for pass. in Ulp. dig. 27, 3, 1, 3 dub.; 11. 4. capable of reasoning, rational, animal, Quint. 5, 10, 56; 7, 3, 24; 5. founded on or dealing with reason, reasonable, rational, disciplina, Cels. 1 pr. p. 2, 28 D; causa, Cornif. ad Her. 2, 18; pars philosophiae, Sen. ep. 89, 15; add 102, 4, 71, 27; 6. ratiōnāliter adv. by reasoning, Sen. ep. 109, 11.

**ratiōnālitās**, ātis, f. power of reasoning, reason, Tert. anim. 38 f.

**ratiōnātor**, ōris, m. accountant, not. Tir. 69.

**rātis** or **rates**\* (perh. for et-ratis, and so akin to *ερ-εσσω*, is, f. perh. orig. an oar, eodem nomine *rates* significauerunt etiam remos), Fest. 273 b 27 M; 2. a raft, id (flumen) rātibus ac litribus iunctis transibant, Caes. b. g. 1, 12, 1; nauius iunctis rātibusque compluribus factis aliis, aliis uadis..., 1, 8, 4; add 6, 35, 0; rates duplices quoquoersus pedum xxx, b. c. 1, 25, 0; rates fabricatae in quibus equi iurique..., traiecerunt, Liv. 21, 27, 5; ratem unam ce longam pedes l latam... humo construerunt. Altera rātis aequae lata, longa pedes c. huius copulata est, 21, 28, 7; rātibus aut nauius accedere, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 5; utrum ratio an piscatoris nauigio, Caes. ap. Quint. 6, 3, 41; naue primus in Graeciam Danaus aduenit, antea rātibus nauigabatur, Plin. 7, 206; ex (elephantum) transecti rātibus, S. 16; add 12, 87; si nemo plus effecisset eo quem sequebatur..., rātibus aduenirent, Quint. 10, 2, 7; de exercitibus rātibus nihil cauetur, Ulp. dig. 4, 9, 1, 4; in fluuio naue ratem aere, 14, 1; 13. in poets, for a ship, a bark, Caeruleum spumat mare conferta rātis pulsum, Enn. ap. Gell. 2, 26, 21; mox reficit rātis Quassas, Hor. od. 1, 1, 17; in impiam Aiacis portum, epod. 10, 14; pandas rātibus posuere carinas, Verg. G. 2, 445; 4. mark on smaller coins, nota aeris fuit ex altera parte rostrum nauius, in triente uero et quadrante rates\*, Plin. 33, 45; 5. rates\* as nom. sanctioned by Prob. 29, 10 K.

**rātis**, quasi-part. marked with a rātis, ratium quadrante quod in eo et triente rātis fuerit effigies, ut nauius in asse, Fest. 274 a 16; quadrante ratium, Lucil. ib.; triens rātis, Anton. ib.

**ratiuncula**, ae, f. dim. a little account, subduxi ratiunculam quantum aeris mihi sit, Pl. Cure. 3, 1; add Capt. 1, 2; Sot erat et de ratiuncula... apud me relicti pauillulum Nummorum, Ter. Ph. 1, 1, 2; 2. reason, contentiously, leuis ratiuncula eorum qui ita cogitant, Cic. Tusc. 4, 43; huius incredibilis sententiae ratiunculas suggerit, N. D. 3, 73.

**rātō**, adv. see rates.

**Ratunenna**, porta, a gate at Rome, named after an Etruscan charioteer, Plin. S. 161; Fest. 274 b 9 M.

**rātus**, part. of reor with act. sense having calculated and so thinking, see reor § 6; 2. as a pass. or adj. calculated, reduced to figures, and so certain, fixed, pro firmo certo pontus rātus et ratum, Ennius: Occidit, utri potitur ratio Romulus praedam, ap. Fest. 274 b 2 M; Seire ratios ne habeant an uauos pectoris orsus, Cic. poet. ap. diu. 2, 63; eorumque (sc. astrorum) rātus immutabilesque cursus, N. D. 2, 95; 3. esp. of laws, decrees etc., ratified, and so valid, de ea re quod ita iudicium datum iudicare iussum iudicatumque erit, ius ratumque esto, CIL

205, 1. 20: add 1. 2: *neue quis intercedit* *neue quid facito* quo minus ea rata sint. CIL. 206, 103: ita id (sc. foedus) ratum fore si populus censuisset. Liv. 21, 19, 3: *Pixerat, idque ratum Stygii per flumina fratris, Annuat*. Verg. 9, 104: *Elietique ratas utraque dina preces*. Ov. F. 1. 696: *spes iubet esse ratas* (sc. ebrietas). Hor. ep. 1, 5, 17: *4. pro rata parte, portionem, in the fixed or usual ratio, proportionally, rateably, militibus, pollicetur quaterina in singulis iugera et pro rata parte centurionibus euocati*. Caes. b. c. 1. 17 f.: *L. Fridentem quaeris? ... est tibi ex eis ipsis qui adsunt bella copia*. S. Atque utinam ex omni senatu pro rata parte esset! Cic. rep. 2, 67; add 6, 18: *x partem apibus relinquere placet si plenae fuerint alui, si minus pro rata parte*. Plin. 11, 40: *5. pro rata alone, pediti in singulis dati (denarii) centeni, duplex (centurioni triplex) equiti. (Alterum) tantum pediti daturum fuisse credunt et pro rata aliis, si ... Liv. 43, 40, 3: dig. passim: 6. superl. benedicta rati-simae atque gratissima, Cato orat. 42, 3: cf. for alliteration, Cic. fam. 7, 23, 1: 11. 7. ratio adv. surely, Tert. anim. 33: add ux. 2, 9.*

**rāvastellus**, (al. *rāvist.*) adj. dim. [implies a dim. *rāuaster* from *rauis*] little grey-eyed. Sed haec quid sit muliercula et ille *rāvastellus* (so A) qui nēnit (so mss. w. Paul. ex F. 272 M. a. i. nēnit. Paul. ib. 96) Pl. Epid. 5, 1, 14. See *grauastellus*.

**rauca**, ae. f. a kind of worm, in radice quercus nascentur, Plin. 17, 130: si *raucis* segetes corruptae sint, Ulp. 19, 2, 15, 2.

**raucēdo**, inis, f. hoarseness, Isid. or. 4, 7.

**raucidūlus**, adj. dim. somewhat hoarse. Hier. ep. 14, 2. **raucio**, ire, rausi, raui-um, vb. become hoarse. *Rausuro* tragicum qui carmina perdit Oreste, Lucil. ap. Prisc. 1, 542, 28: *sarcio sarsi, farcio farsci, raucio rausi*. 1. 536. 1.

**raucisōnus**, adj. hoarse-sounding, cantus, Lucr. 3, 1083: *bombi*. Catul. 64, 203.

**raucitas**, ātis, f. hoarseness, Cels. 2, 1, p. 30, 12 D; Plin. 20, 53: 22, 104.

**raucor**, āri, 2047 *raucor*. Gloss. Cyrill.

**raucos**, adj. [for *raucios* from *rauis*, wh. see] hoarse, nos (sc. oratores) *raucos* aere attentissime audiri. Cic. or. 1, 259: *sputa, per fauces rauca* (al. *raucos*) uix edita tussi, Lucr. 6, 1189: *Exeret raucos tertia* (sc. hora) *causidicos*. Mart. 4, 8, 2: *2. also of animals, nos iracunda minaxque* (of the transformed bear) *... raucos de gutture fertur*. Ov. M. 2, 484: *ciadale*. Verg. B. 2, 13: *palumēs*, 1, 58: *cyeni*. A. 11, 485: *of frogs*. Ov. M. 6, 377: *3. of inanimate objects, as first of land or sea, Fractisue ranci fluctibus Hadriae*. Hor. od. 2, 14, 14: *agullo*. Mart. 1, 49, 20: *litus*. Stat. Th. 3, 201: *of a river*. Verg. G. 1, 109: *A. 6, 327*: *4. of musical instruments, Cumque caput* (of a dying trumpeter?) *... caderet, carmen tuba sola peregit, Et percussit uirum raucum sonus aere ecurrat*. Enn. ap. Lactant. ad Stat. Th. 11, 56: *aeris*. Verg. G. 4, 71: *tympana*. Ov. Id. 454: *cornu*. Prop. 4, 2, 41: *5. of creaking doors*. Ov. am. 1, 6, 50: *Prop. 5, 8, 49*: *6. raucum, as coin. acc. sonat*. Ov. a. a. 3, 289: *rauca sonans*. Verg. 9, 123: *genit*. Lucan. 3, 218.

**raudus**, rōdis, rīdis, ēris, n. a piece of copper or bronze, aes raudus dictum: ex eo ueteribus in mancipijs scriptum *raudus-culo* libram ferito, Varr. 1, 5, 34: *aeris acerui, quoniam raudera milites iacerent, magni iuuenti*. Liv. 26, 11, 9: *olim aera raudera dicebantur*. Val. M. 3, 6, 3: add Fest. 274 a 2.

**Rauduscula** or *Raudusculana*, porta, a gate of Rome, so called as being aerea, Varr. 1, 5, 34: from a bronze bust of a praetor Genucius Cippus adornum it. Val. M. 5, 6, 3: add Fest. 274 a 2 M. *2. hence, nicus portae Raudusculanae, a street in Rome*. Inscr. Grut. 251, 1: *Rodensculana porta*. Paul. ex F. 275.

**raudusculum**, i. n. dim. a little piece of copper or bronze, see *raudus*: *2. hence of trumpey money matters, like our slang use of tin, de raudusculo quod scribis, uirgine...* Cic. Att. 4, 8, 1: *de raudusculo Numeriano multrum te amo*, 7, 2, 7.

**Rauelius**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, Q. Rauelio (nom.), CIL. 185.

**rāuidus**=*rauis*. Colum. S. 2, 9.

**Rāuilla**, ae. m. a cognomen, L. Cassius Longinus qui *Rauilla* appellatus est, Frontin. aq. 8: *Rauilla* a *rauis* oculis quemadmodum a *caesis* *Ca-sullae*, Fest. 274 b 8 M.

**rāuio**? ire, vb. become hoarse, quoted only from Pl. Poen. 3, 5, 33, wh. it is only a bad ej. agst metes; perh. to be read: *Nego et nequabo*, si quid refert, ad *rauium*.

**rāulo**, āre, vb. same sense as prec. Paul. ex F. p. 275 M. **rāuis**, (perh. for *coruus*, and so akin to *coruus*, S. kar-ava, E. raven; cf. E. *hoarse* as a *raven*) is. f. hoarseness—only in acc.—Vbi si quid poscam usque ad *rauium* pericam prius Quam quicquam detur, Pl. Aul. 2, 5, 10: *Expurcabo* or *-aui* (*expurgabo*). Non. 164, 18. *experit* *raui*, Fest. 274 a 31 M) hercle *omnia ad raucam rauium*, Pl. Cist. fragm.: *tragedi ni quotidie proclamant, claritudo arteris obsolescit: iucur identidem boando purgant rauium*. Apul. 17, 17: *rauis est raucitas*, Non. 164: *rauis* *κορυφα φωνης αποσηση*, Gloss. Labbe.

**rāuūlus**, adj. dim. somewhat hoarse, choraulae, Sidon. ep. 9, 13.

*1. rāuus*, adj. hoarse, nox, Verr. ap. Fest. 289 b 17 M: *cantus*, Nilon. ep. 8, 11 in carm. f.

*2. rāuus*, (perh.=*flauus*: perh.=*γλαυκος*, G. graun, E. gray), tawny? gray? in *spicis* *flaua* *frumenta*) *raua* appellari ait Verrius, Fest. 289 b 17 M: *mare rauium* (al. *flauum*). Cic. acad. par. 105: *lupa*. Hor. od. 3, 27, 3: *wh. Acon*: *rauis color, niger mixtus cum fuluo*: *rauos* (al. *flauos*) *leones*. Hor. epod. 16, 33 (cf. *χαρτοια re* *Νορτες*, Od. A. 611): *raui coloris* qui inter *flauos* et *caestros*, Paul. ex F. 272: *2. esp. of the eye, raui oculis arietes*. Varr. 2, 2, 4: *1. o. canes*, 2, 9, 3: *alios nigri, alios raui, alios flauos coloris orbibus circumdatis*, Plin. 11, 148: *Si paeta* (al. *laeta*: *Merk. crassa*) *est Veneris, si raui* (so Heins. ej.) *ms laeta parua* *flaua*: *Merk. torua* *Minervae*. Ov. a. a. 2, 650: *so Bentl. rana* (not *flaua* of *Minerva*, am. 1, 1, 7: *Met. o. 130*: *F. 6, 640*: and *Haupt* (Herm. 1, 258) *adds*: *M. 2, 749*: *tr. 1, 10, 1*: *cf. γλαυκος* *Αδωνη*: *rauis* *χαρτοια* Gloss. Philox.

**rē**, (older red, as in *red-eo* *red-ambulo* *red-do* *red-ducō*: whence *ret* of *retro*: but this red decap. from *er-ed*, of *wh. er* the root=G. prefix *er*. So G. rick back stands for *er-ück*: and G. ruck a jolt for *er-uck*: the root *er* or *being* one with or of L. *eror*, Gr. *εργα* *εργος*, with ar of E. *arise*, L. *ard-uns*, al-o, for suff. cf. *prod*=*por*-odi, extrad, intrad, suprad, antid of antidia, postid of postidia, elder forms of *pro extra* etc. of the d of *wh. supplanted* an n, retained in *It. sovrano* (implying a form *supranus*), extraneus *interaneus*: and this an lastly a comp. suff. as in *παρὰ* (L. *peren* of *perendi* *παρὰ* *απὸ* *insep*, prefix, first w. sense of *up*, recurro turned up, opp. to *in-curro* bent down, recubo lie with the back raised, resideo sit up (as in bed); cf. *reciprocus* and G. *er-siehen*, *erpressen*, *erheben*, *erhaben*).

*2. back in redeo, redito, remitto, redimo*: cf. G. *erlassen*, *erkaufen*: *3. again, recognosco, renouo, relinquo, recreo*: cf. *erkennen*, *erneuen*, *erquicken*: *4. reversal of the act expressed in the simple vb. redaruro disprove, reingo unrid, recludo unshut open, retello undeceive, retexo unweave, reuolno unroll, re-id-ins getting up again after a fall, reuinitus circumcisit, recubitus reciochet*: cf. G. *er-lösen* *unlöse*, *erschließen* *nusht*. See Key's "Essays" p. 74 ff. and Key's "Langauge" p. 387 ff.

**re-addūctio**, ōnis, f. reunion, Tert. res. carn. 30.

**re-aedifico**, āre, vb. build up again. Tert. Marc. 3, 3.

**re-ambūlo**, not, Tir. p. 146.

**reapse**, (reapse two words, in reality, [see ipse] *est re-ipsa* *Facu*,—*si non est inratum reapse* (—) *quod feci bene*, Fest. 275 b 2 M: *Id magis ueri simile esse usus reapse* (—) *est interpreti edocet*. *Facu*, 374 B: *Is neque* (so Gopp. mss) *De istoci ipsa, etsi tu taceas, reapse* (so edd., mss) *reabi experta intellego*. Pl. Truc. 4, 3, 41: *2. Lucr.* seems to use *re-apse* for *reapse*, *Concedamus* *ad hic terrarum dietit orbem* *Eae deum matrem, dum nera te tamen ipse Religione animum turpi contingere pareat*, 2, 656 (1650): *formae quae reapse* (so mss) *nullae sunt speciem autem*

offerunt, Cic. diu. 1, 81; eorum rerum quas isti in angulis perant, reapse non oratione perfectio, rep. 1, 2; ut civitate maxima reapse emeretur quale esset id quod ratio oratione describeret, 2, 66; eosdem libros (sc. de rep.) cum grammaticis explicuit, verba expressa reapse dici a Cicerone, id est re ipsa, in commentariis refert, Sen. ep. 108, 32.

**Reatinus**, adj. of Reate, asini, Varr. r. 2, 1, 14; Plin. 8, 107; ager, 2, 208; paludes, 31, 12; praefectura, Val. M. 1, 8, 1; 2. Reatini inhabitants of Reate, Cic. Scaur. 27; Liv. 28, 45, 19; Plin. 3, 107.

**Reate**, is, n. a town of the Sabines, non longe a Reate, Varr. r. 3, 1, 6; add Plin. 3, 109; magnaeque Reate dicatum Caecilium matri, Sil. 8, 417.

**reatus**, is, m. the condition of one accused or impeached, Messala primus reatum dixit, Quint. 8, 3, 34; fraudis causa adoptio facta, etiam non in reatu, sed desperatione rerum, Paul. dig. 48, 20, 7, 2; quod pater in reatu criminis est, illis impediendo esse non debet, Ulp. 50, 4, 3, 9; ruo-cato ad reatum Alcibiade, Justin. 4, 4, 4; 2. met., malae conscientiae reatum, Apul. M. 7, 9; 3. the garb of one under prosecution, mulier reatu miraque tristitie deformis, Apul. M. 9, 30.

**rebaptizator**, oris, m. one who baptizes again, Aug. in Ezech. 46, 37.

**re-baptizo**, are, vb. baptize again, cod. Th. 16, 6, 1 and 3; Aug. ep. 203 f.; Hier. Lucif. 23.

**rebatus**, batui, not. Tr. 117.

**rebellatio**, onis, f. rebellion, Tac. an. 14, 31; Val. M. 7, 3 ext. 0.

**rebellatrix**, icis, adj. or sb. f. rebellious, Germania, Ov. tr. 3, 12, 47; provincia, Liv. 40, 35, 13.

1 **rebellio**, onis, f. rebellion, Cic. Scaur. 42; Caes. b. g. 4, 30, 2; 4, 38, 1; Liv. 8, 14, 4; Tac. an. 1, 55; 3, 40; 11, 10.

2 **rebellio**, onis, m. dim. a miserable rebel, Fanstina ad M. Anton. ap. Vule. Gall. Avid. 9, 11; rebellio, *anotat* Gloss. Philox.

**rebellis**, e, adj. rebellious, Gallus, Verg. 6, 858; Aeneadae, 12, 185; amor, Ov. rem. am. 246; colonia, Tac. h. 4, 72; 2. as sb. m. a rebel, Tac. an. 1, 40.

**rebellum** ? in Liv. 42, 21, 3 Madv. has rebellandum.

**re-bello**, are, vb. rebel, Liv. 8, 14, 5; 33, 12, 12; 42, 21, 3 corr. by Madv.; b. g. 8, 44, 1 (dub.); 2. met., rebellat saepe amor, Plin. 13, 81; rebellare nitia (diseases), 25, 174; rebellante taedio, 26, 3; cinis in nos, Sen. Oed. 107.

**Rebilus**, i, m. a cognomen, L. Petronius, Rebilus, CIL 1353; C. Caninius Rebilus, cons. suff. a. u. c. 709, fast. cos.; Tac. h. 3, 37 f.

**re-bito**, are, vb. [haeto] go or come back, return, Nunc ita conuenit...ut...Si non rebitas huc ut uiginti minas Dem pro te, Pl. Capt. 2, 3, 20; Et mea opera si hinc rebito, faciam ut faciat facilius, 3, 49; At unum hoc quaeso, si hinc rebite Philocrates, 3, 59.

**re-boō**, are, vb. bellow again, rebellow, reecho, Et reboat rancum cum cita barbara bonibus, Lucr. 4, 546; add 2, 28; uasto Cum genitu reboant siluacque et longus Olympus, Verg. 6, 223; add Sil. 17, 252.

**re-bullo**, are, vb. bubble up, umum, Apul. M. 9, 34; 2. as vb. trans. send bubbling up, spiritum, Apul. M. 1, 13; oleum, 5, 26.

**Reburinus**, and -a, a cognomen, perh. of adoption, C. Julius Reburinus, inser. Grut. 547; Iulia Sex. f. Reburina, 407, 5.

**reburus**, adj. = hispidus, Gloss. Isid.; 2. a cognomen, M. Vlpus C. f. Reburus, 325, 6.

**re-calcio**, are, vb. unshoe, excalcit realciet, not. Tr. 129.

**re-calcitro**, are, vb. kick in return, Hor. s. 2, 1, 20.

**re-calcio**, are, vb. tread back or again, humum, Colum. 2, 2, 10; mica uestigia recalcans—retracing—Apul. M. 9, 11; limen, Prud. cath. 9, 75.

**re-calcificatio**, or re-calcificatio\*, are, fci, factus, vb. make warm again, caede telum, Ov. M. 8, 444; corpus, Cael. Aur. aut. 2, 10, 63, p. 99; 2. met., incitem, Ov. a. a. 2, 445.

**re-cáleo**, are, vb. become hot again, recalent nostro Tiberina fluenta sanguine, Verg. 12, 35; 2. met., in auribus parentis effata, Amm. 28, 1, 7; add Anson. prof. 7, 15.

**re-cálesco**, are, vb. the same, (corpora nostra) motu recalescunt, Cic. X. D. 2, 26; Flor. 4, 2, 53; 2. met., Ov. rem. am. 629; Plin. ep. 7, 9, 6.

**re-calfacio**, see recalcifico.

**re-calfio**, are, vb. become hot again, Scrib. Comp. 271.

**recalustrare**, tri, m. dim. one rather bald, at ex duobus aequo iustis comatibus malis quam recalustrum, Sen. ep. 66, 25 (dub.).

**recalutatio**, onis, f. becoming bald, Vulg. Lev. 13, 42.

**recaluus**, adj. bald, Recalutem ac silonem senem, Pl. Rud. 2, 2, 12; for the re- cf. *ava* of *anaphanias*.

**re-candesco**, are, ui, vb. become white in return, Segue super pontem...Mittit (lo) onusque sumum: percussa recanduit unda, Ov. M. 4, 530; 2. become hot again, tellus (after the deluge) Solibus aetheris altoque recanduit aestu, Ov. M. 1, 435; 3. met., audito clamore recanduit ira, Ov. M. 3, 707; but in rem. am. 734 Merkel has Flamma (amoris) redarcescet.

**re-cáno**, are, vb. sing back, as of a hen partridge calling her mate back by her note, Plin. 10, 102; 2. reverse a charm, disenchanted, serpentes ipsas recanere (credunt), Plin. 28, 10.

**re-canto**, are, vb. frq. sing back, return in song, graecula quod recantat echo, Mart. 2, 86, 3; 2. undo a charm, disenchanted, remove what has been effected by sorcery, Nulla recantatas deponit pectora curas, Ov. r. a. 259; opprobria (imprecations), Hor. od. 1, 16, 27; hence our recant.

**re-cápítulo**, are, vb. recapitulate, Tert. Marc. 5, 17; id. adu. Iud. 8, 4.

**re-caudo**, see

**re-caueo**, are, vb. give a release, non prius...quam...recauerit, Cod. Th. 9, 2, 3; 2. recantum as sb. n. a release, facientes apochas siue recata, Iul. ep. nou. c. 123 §§ 552, 534, 536.

**re-cauus**, adj. concave, speculum, Prud. perist. 186.

**re-cedo**, are, ssi, sum, vb. go back quietly, step back, retire, retreat, withdraw, Interea sol albus recessit in infera noctem, Enn. ap. Cic. diu. 1, 107; Age nunciam insiste in dolo, ego abs te procul recedam, Pl. Mil. 2, 4, 4; erant qui conserent in castra Cornelia recedendum, Caes. b. c. 2, 30, 3; senes ut in otia tuta recedant, Hor. s. 1, 1, 31.

2. esp. retire to a bedroom for rest, iamque recessurae..., Ov. Ib. 235; pigritiam recedendi imposuerat hilaritas longior, Petr. 85.

3. in geographical descriptions places are said to retire as well as project, run back, Magna Graecia in tris sinus recedens, Plin. 3, 95; (Macedonia) ad Epiroticas gentis in solis oceanum recedens, 4, 33; exim Phoenice, et, qua recedit intus, Damascena, 5, 60; add 6, 243; litora in portum recedentia, Sen. dial. 6, 18, 5.

4. so of retired buildings, etc., Ipsius ad sedes quacunque opulenta recessit Regia, Catul. 64, 43; secretis parentis Anchisae domus arboribus oblecta recessit, Verg. 2, 300; contra parietem zotheca recedit, Plin. ep. 2, 17, 21; papillae (of a statue) iacent, neuter recessit, 3, 6, 2.

5. of painting, pictor ni artis suae efficit ut quaedam eminerent in opere, quaedam recessisse credamus, Quint. 2, 17, 21; 6. of objects seeming to go from us as we in fact go from them, Prochimum portu, terraeque urbesque recedunt, Verg. 3, 72; ubi terra recessit longius, Ov. M. 11, 466; Graecia desident surgenti as he flies aloft, et Troia recedit, Stat. Th. 1, 549; add Sil. 3, 157; 7. of things separating, part, recede, Ante recessisset caput hoc ceruice crenata Quam in ista, Ov. her. 15, 153; Nam caput e nostra citius ceruice recedit, Pont. 2, 8, 65; in ossibus (fractis) saepe fragmentum a fragmento recedit, Cels. 8, 7; (molep-pones) maturitatem adepti statim a pediculo recedunt, Plin. 19, 67; recedentes ab ossibus carnis, 22, 22.

8. opp. to accedo, illae undae conitiorum si effluerunt aestu ut ad alios accedant, ab aliis recedant, Cic. Planc. 15; cf. recessus;

9. met., labor ille a nobis cito recedit, bene

factum, dum ninitis, non abscedit, Cato ap. Gell. 16, 1, 4; Postquam recessit (for recessisset; so Lamb. c.); *miss recessit* nita patrio corpori (so THK; B corpora; CD corpora), Pl. Merc. pr. 73; ut longius a verbo recedamus, Cic. Caecin. 58; ab officio nunquam recedimus, off. 3, 10; ab usitata consuetudine, Quint. 67; nunquam corde recedit Nata tua (is forgotten), Stat. silv. 3, 5, 55; recessum a priore contractu uidetur, Papin. dig. 18, 1, 72; si paratus sit recedere ab usu fructu, Paul. 7, 1, 48; ab emptione nenditione, locatione conductione quum... recedi possit, dubium non est, Nerat. 2, 14, 58.

**re-cello**, *äre*, *vb.* intr. rear up, spring up, inclinator (descends) enim (sc. terra) retroque recedit, Lucr. 6, 573 of earthquakes; tollente super murum eminente ferrea manus firmas catenas illigatas, quum iniecta proria esset granique libramento plumbi recelleret... suspensa prora namem in pappini stantebat, Liv. 24, 34, 10; **2.** trans. cause to rear up, throw up, conteritus totum corporis pondus in postremos poplites recello atqueque ceruice sublimiter eleuata lorum quo tenbar rumpo, Apul. M. 7, 24 (an ass speaking); cum equo per uiam conuito petulant, si quem conspicitur nobilium hominum honoris eius gratia recellunt (so Hildebrand, *miss recelant*) gradum et in pedes desiliunt, pull the horse up on his haunches, flor. 4, 21; **3.** draw back, withdraw, nates, Apul. M. 10, 22.

**re-ceno**?, *äre*, *vb.* dine again, (Restionem) quoad uixit foris postea non recenasse (al. cenasse or comenasse), Maer. s. 3, 17 (2, 13, 13).

**recens**, *ntis*, *adj.* (or part.) [see below] fresh, Phoenixis recens a nolere Dido, Verg. 6, 450; pullum asinumque partem recentem subiciunt equae, Varr. r. 2, 8, 2; Poenium hortum recentem ab exsilio opulentissimae urbis, Liv. 21, 16, 5; alti spiritus uiuos et ut ita dicam a dis recentis, Sen. ep. 90, 44; a Graecis litteris recentior, Fronto ad M. Caes. 1 f.; Ture calant aiae sertisque recentibus balant, Verg. 1, 417; illa recens pota est, nostra tepeluit aqua, Ov. Pont. 3, 4, 56; caespites, Caes. b. c. 3, 96, 1; recente... sanguine, Catul. 63, 7; **2.** more boldly, Homerus qui recens ab illorum aetate fuit, Cic. N. D. 3, 11; inter multa magnifica Demetrii nostri et haec uox est a qua recens sum; sonat aduice et uibrat in auribus meis, Sen. pron. 1, 3, 3; **3.** esp. re recenti, Pl. Trin. 4, 3, 8; and Poen. 3, 4, 18; Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 139; negotio, 2, 1, 101;

**4.** fresh, and so in full vigor, accedebat ut integri et recentes defletigati succederent, Caes. b. g. 5, 16 f.; add 7, 25, 1; 7, 48 f.; equi, Liv. 38, 25, 15; Ov. M. 2, 63; animus, Liv. 21, 52, 2; recens clamor (i.e. recentium), fresh and hearty, Plin. pan. 23; **5.** new, toga, Pers. 1, 15; unum, Scrib. comp. 271; **6.** recent, modern, of late date, opposed to netus, netustus, antiquus, uini, Cic. Mur. 17; infamia, Verr. 1, 1, 5; iniuria, Caes. b. g. 1, 14, 3; victoria, 5, 47, 4; horum recentiorum (sc. scriptorum), Cic. fin. 2, 82; add Plin. 4, 103; Senones recentissimi aduenarum, Liv. 5, 35, 3; **7.** recens as adv. recently, fresh, chiefly with participles, recens natum, new-born, Pl. Cist. 1, 2, 17; Et cum scena croco Cilici perfusa recens est, Lucr. 2, 416; coria recens detracta, Sal. fr. ap. Serv. G. 3, 155; i. acceptum uulnus, Tac. an. 2, 21; Hispaniae recens perdonitae, 4, 5; r. reuocatus, 12, 27; conditum, Suet. Tib. 1; **8.** recent, in late writers, r. capti, Pall. 1, 26; r. lecta 5, 4; **9.** recentissime, stercorato, Plin. 18, 192; gestae, fast. 30, 4, 8; **10.** prob. a part. from a vb. rec- rise, as sub reise sole, Pers. 5, 54 under the rising sun or east; but rise itself is decap. from arise and so rec- may be for cree- or orece-, i.e. akin to arise *opera* ordire; cf. re prep. and phrase recens a lecto.

**re-censo**, *scire*, *sui*, *sum* or *situm*, *vb.* lit. count over again, recount, hence review, take a fresh survey or fresh list of, omnemque storum Forte recenset numerum, Verg. 6, 682; pecus et familia, Colum. 3, 8, 20; tam nestem seruiturum quam fermenta bis debet singulis mensibus recensere, 11, 1, 21; tonsuris interesse et nelleria ad numerum pecoris r., 12, 3, 9; loca (as means of artificial memory), Quint. 11, 2, 20; **2.** esp. muster,

review (troops, prisoners), equitum viii milia et peditum cxxl recensebatur, Caes. b. g. 7, 76, 3; exercitum, Liv. 1, 16, 1; add Suet. Cal. 44; captiuos quot cuiusque populi essent, Liv. 26, 49, 9; captiuos ordine pisces, Ov. M. 13, 932; **3.** met. review, Signa recensuerat bis sol sua, Ov. f. 3, 575; fortia gesta, her. o. 105; add Plin. ep. 1, 8, 15; Stat. silv. 4, 1, 29; 5, 3, 20; Gell. 17, 10, 6; **4.** part., recensitis, Suet. Caes. 41 (al. recens); Pirisca recensitis, Claud. Eutr. 2, 60; recensita (al. recenseta), Plin. ap. 1069; **5.** recensio (al. recensio) senatu et equite, Suet. Vesp. 9; add Tert. Marc. 4, 5 med.

**recensio**, *onis*, *f.* registration, memoriarum recensitionis tabulis impressam, Cic. Mil. 73; add Suet. Caes. 41; cod. Th. 11, 29, 4.

**recensitio**, *onis*, *f.* registration, serunorum, Ulp. dig. 10, 3, 4, 7.

**recensus**, *nis*, *m.* registration, Suet. Caes. 41;

**2.** review, titae, Tert. anim. 58.

**recensarius**, *adj.* as sb. m. dealer in new i.e. wine, hic positus Epulatus... filius eius r. dolens posuit, inser. in Labus, mon. epigr. Ambros. 35, 8; **2.** recentaria *reapopos*, Gloss. Philox.

**recensitulus**, *us*, *recento*, *re*.

**recenter**, *se*, *recentis*.

**re-cento**, *äre*, *vb.* make fresh, renew, iam iam albicassit Phoebeus et recentatur Commune lumen hominibus uoluptatis, Matius ap. Gell. 15, 25, 1; Non. 107, 16; **2.** recentat *part. n.* as sb. (se. unum) new i.e. wine, *paucatorator*, Alex. Trall. 11, 1, 17.

**receptaculum**, *i*, *n.* place of retreat or shelter, oppidum r. praedae, Verr. 2, 5, 50; a receptacle, ueterum Catilinae militum, Cic. Pis. 11; aratorum, agr. 2, 89; si pro receptaculo turrim fecissent, Caes. b. c. 2, 8, 1; ad detractandam militum, b. g. 7, 14, 9; r. aduersae pugnae, Liv. 6, 33, 4; fugientibus r. erat, 41, 23, 2; perferarum, Tac. an. 14, 29; senum, G. 46; and met., mors aeternum nihil sentiendi r., Cic. Tusc. 5, 117;

**2.** a vessel for receiving, a reservoir, cum alui natua cibi et potius sit r., Cic. N. D. 2, 130; corpus quasi nas est aut animi r., Tusc. 1, 52; lacus superfluentis Nili receptacula, Tac. an. 2, 61; fossa est r. aquae manu facta, Ulp. dig. 43, 14, 1, 5; add Vitr. 8, 7, 1; Mania M. f. Celerina r. aquae... consummauit, inser. Mar. fr. Arn. 286.

**receptatio**, *onis*, *f.* a conjectural reading in Ammian. 20, 11, 28.

**receptator**, *oris*, *m.* one who harbours, furibus raptoribus, receptatoribus, Panl. dig. 1, 15, 3, 1; pessimum genus receptatorum sine quibus nemo (latronum) latere diu potest, Marc. 47, 16, 1; add 48, 3, 6, 1; **2.** met., Rhennus r. hostium, Flor. 3, 10, 9; see receptor.

**receptibilis**, *e*, *adj.* recoverable, Ang. Trin. 15, 13 f.

**receptivus**, *ius*, *adj.* of the class recepti or recepta, reserved, seruos r., Cato ap. Gell. 17, 6, 1; add Non. 54 9—reserved for the wife; dos quam quis in mortem mulieris a marito stipulator, Gai. dig. 39, 6, 31, 2; actio, cod. Th. 4, 18, 2; add Ulp. regular. 6, 5.

**receptio**, *onis*, *f.* harbouring, sheltering, quid tibi hunc receptio ad testem nimum? Pl. As. 5, 2, 70; add cod. Th. 8, 5, 58; 7, 14, 1; **2.** reservation, exception, Ulp. dig. 8, 4, 11.

**re-cepto**, *äre*, *vb.* fig. take back again, resume, Id rursum eadē rellatum templa receptant, Lucr. 2, 1001; add 3, 505; hastante receptat Ossibus haerentem, Verg. 10, 383; placido Natra receptat Omata simu, Lucan. 7, 810; add Aur. Viet. 35; **2.** harbour, shelter, mem receptas filium ad te, Ter. Heec. 5, 1, 16; eodem subsidio (of asylums) obaerati suspette criminum receptabantur, Tac. an. 3, 60;

**3.** r. se, retire, retreat, esp. for shelter, ibi tunc stultitiae erit praesidium... Victus aestinus quo in tectum te receptes, Tert. Har. 2, 5, 15; Frigida Saturni sese quo stella receptet, Verg. G. 1, 336; **4.** recede, qua... multa litus se ualle receptat, Pers. 6, 7.

**receptor**, *oris*, *m.* one who retakes, orientis, Aurel. ap. Vopisc. Aur. 26, 7; **2.** one who harbours or shelters, harbourer, latronum occultator et receptor (al. receptator), Cic. Mil. 50; abigeorum, Callistr. dig. 47, 14, 3, 3;

**3.** receiver (of goods stolen or robbed), receptores non minus delinquent quam aggressores, Ulp. 47. 9. 3.

**receptōrius**, adj. for reception, locus, Tert. res. carn. 27, med.; **2.** receptorium as sb. n. a place for receiving, cod. Th. 6. 30. 3; Sidon. ep. 5. 17.

**receptrix**, icis, f. a receiver, (Natura) receptrix naturarum ad diuersa tendentium, Apul. de mundo 10;

**2.** esp. in a bad sense, Messana tuarum praedarum ac furtorum r., Cie. Verr. 2. 4. 17; 2. 5. 160.

**receptum**, i, see recipio.

**receptus**, us, m. retreating, retreat, chiefly in military lang., Caesar receptui suorum tinens, Caes. b. c. 7. 46. 1; facilius est nostris receptus datus, 1. 46. 2; Caesar receptui cani iussit, b. g. 7. 47. 1; signo receptui dato, Liv. 2. 62. 2;

**2.** met., a (miseris) cum cecinit (ratio) receptui, Cie. Tusc. 3. 33; cane Musa receptus, Ov. tr. 4. 9. 3; habere se quoque ad Caesaris gratiam receptum, Caes. b. c. 1. 1. 3; si pacienter, tutum receptum ad elementaria fore, Liv. 3. 2. 54; **3.** a place to retreat to, a place of shelter, Plautus ignota iacet tutique receptus (al. recessus), Verg. 11. 527; (perdicis) spinea fruticibus receptus suos (i.e. nidos) aestuat, Solin. 7. 29.

**recessim**, adv. by steps backward, Recessim caelam ad parietem: imitator nepam, Pl. Cas. 2. 8. 7.

**recessus**, us, m. stepping back, retreating, retiring, withdrawal, sub ulla se constipauerant recessumque ultimus non dabant, Caes. b. g. 5. 43. 5; accessum ad res salutare, a pestiferis recessum, Cie. N. D. 2. 34; de marinis aestibus... quorum accessus et recessus (flood and ebb) lunae motu gubernantur, id. 2. 34; cum proessim et recessui cani iuberet, Treb. Poll. Gall. 17. 3; and met., tum accessum ad causam facti, tum recessus, Cie. fam. 9. 14. 7;

**2.** of place, a recess, a retreat, Est prope Cimieros longo spelunca recessu, Ov. M. 11. 592; add 10. 601; descriptio in omnis recessus maris praesidio nautica, Vell. 2. 32. 4; Oceanus Europam recessibus crebris exanans, Plin. 3. 5; (sinus) Tarentinus appellatur ab oppido in recessu huc intratum sito, 3. 99; (chamaeleonis) oculi in recessu cauo, H. 121; domum in multis dictum recessus, Quint. 11. 2. 18;

**3.** a retreat for man from the turmoil of public life, mihi solitudo et recessus provincia est, Cie. Att. 12. 26. 2;

**4.** met., cum in animis hominum tantae latebrae sint et tauti recessus, Cie. Marc. 22; uita hominum altos recessus magnasque latebras habet, Plin. ep. 2. 3. 6; (grammatica) plus habet in recessu quam fronte prouitit, Quint. 1. 4. 2.

**rechāmus**, i, m. a block of pulleys, in summa troclea quem rechamus dicunt, Vitr. 10. 2. 1.

**re-charmido**, are, vb. u. Charmidus, drop the sham Charmides, Proin tu te iudem ut charmidatus es rursus recharmida, Pl. Trin. 4. 2. 135; wh. Ritschl by a bad ej. declarmida.

**recediūatus**, us, m. getting up again after a fall, resurrection, Tert. res. carn. 18 and anim. 28.

**recedi**, (re-cid- of recido, rather than of recido; for suff. cf. nocuus alt. nocuus and nacuus) adj. sprouting afresh from the roots after the tree has been felled, hence met., recidiūque Pergama, Verg. 10. 58, wh. Scriv. sermo ab arboribus quae sectae repullulant; add 4. 344; 7. 322; Sil. 1. 106; but Char. 99, 10 K refers it to caedo fall; rediūna dicimus quae post interitum redeunt, recidiūna quae ex suo casu restituntur, unde Vergilius...; illy, for cū is as much the root of caedo, as of caelo; **2.** so, recidiū semibibus segetem nonautibus, Mela 3. 6—of a second self-sown crop from seeds dropped; and met., quae mala adimis, prospicere ne possint esse recidiūna, Auson. gr. act. 33; **3.** met., as of a relapse in illness, febri, Cels. 3. 4. p. 80, 28 P; Plin. 30. 140; numus, Ulp. 6. 304;

**1.** **re-cido**, (re-cido from rec) are, recedi, recāsum vb. (caedo) fall back, Quam prius... in anras Misit... Recidit in solidum longo post tempore terram Pondus, Ov. M. 10. 180; recidunt omnia in terras et oriuntur e terris, Cie. N. D. 2. 66; neque posse e terris in loca eadi recidere inferiora, Lucr. 1. 1063; add 5. 280; and met., multo mihi praestat in eadem illam recidere fortunam quam..., Cie. Sest. 146; in agro arbutulū ramulū adductum ut recessus esset

in oculum suum recidisse (recedisse?), diu. 1. 123;

**2.** rebound (after being thrown) on falling, esp. in met. of an act ending in the discomfort of its author, recoil, Omnes in te stae recedent contumeliae, Pl. Men. 3. 2. 54; Actorum praua consilia atque in ipsorum caput semper recedentia, Liv. 30. 29. 8; pleraque eorum (sc. maleficiorum) quo debuerint recedisse, 25. 31. 4; ut non modo ab hoc crimen resillire nideas nerum omnem suspitionem in nosmet ipsos recidere intellegas, Cie. Rose. Am. 79; et me, quod in ipsam recidat, orbam Dixit, Ov. M. 6. 212;

**3.** fall by a second blow, fall in the end, finally strike, lenauit modo in praesentia uulnē corpus aegrum quo mox in grauiorem morbum recideret, Liv. 24. 29. 3; posse hunc casum ad ipsos recidere, Caes. b. g. 7. 1. 4; quorsum recidat responsum tuum non magno opere laboro, Cie. Rose. com. 43;

**4.** end (in), come at last (to), Nolite sinere per nos artum musicum recidere (or recedere) ad paucos, Tert. Hee. pr. 2. 39; id ego puto ut multa eiusdem ad nihil recassum, Cie. Att. 4. 16. 12; In quem (sc. the lower world) recedimus quicquid mortale eramus, Ov. M. 10. 18; add her. 14. 46; quod nisi fecerimus impensa in cassum recidat, Colum. 4. 3. 5;

**5.** esp. of degradation, be reduced (to), be brought down to a level with, ne id luppiter O. M. sineret regiae maiestatis imperium eo (sc. ad Canuleos leliousque) recidere, Liv. 4. 2. 8; ex liberatore patriae ad Aquilios se Vitellioque recidisse, 2. 7. 8; quam cito illa omnia ex laetitia ad luctum reciderunt! Cie. Sul. 91; ex quantis oibus quo reciderissent Carthaginensium res, Liv. 30. 42. 18; Delusa ne spes ad querelam recideret, Phaedr. 3. 18. 15; add Liv. 12. 54;

**6.** the perfect recidi as standing for re-cedidi like reperi, repulsi, retuli is used by all authors, though some editors still write recidi (re-cidi); even a pres. recido in Lucr. see § 1 etc. and in Cie. rep. 2. 14. palimps.

**2.** **re-cido**, are, ecli, eisum [caedo] vb. lit. cut back, hence cut down (still leaving a portion), esp. of vegetation in excess, prunae, per ferias potuisse neque recidi, Cato r. 2. 4; malicolas (uitis) recidere ad unum articulum, Plin. 17. 160; add 17. 150; ungulam (palumbus) qui citra perneciem reciduntur, 10. 100; ham libet hirsutam tibi (sc. Polyphemus) falce recidere barbam, Ov. M. 13. 766; comas, Mart. 31. 4; immedicabile uulnus Ense recidendum est ne pars sincera trahatur, Ov. M. 1. 191;

**2.** met., ambitiosa ornamenta, Ilor A. P. 447; recideret omne quod ultra Perfectum traheretur, s. 1. 10. 69; Si non supplicio culpa reciderit, ocl. 5. 24. 33; et magnus parua mineris Falce recisurum simili to, s. 1. 3. 121; inanem loquacitatem, Quint. 10. 1. 22; quid enim primum prohibere et priscum ad morem recidere adgreddi? Tac. an. 3. 53; hi stirpem hostium Gandent recidiat, Sen. Tro. 1138; nationes partim recisas, partim repressas, Cie. prou. c. 31; comoda emerita militiae ad sex milium Summam recidit (a perf.), Suet. Cal. 44; mirumillorum armaturas recidit, 55; but in Plin. pan. 51 Koil has recire; **3.** with acc. of part removed, cut (from), (septrum) imo de stirpe recisum, Verg. 12. 208; columnas ultima recisas Africa, Hor. od. 2. 18. 4;

**4.** add: Pompeii furo sacrum caput ense recides, Lucan. 8. 677; wh. perh. he alludes to the dignity of Pompey towering above other mortals; ita cedentibus apibus mella recidentur (removed in part); ad examinis pabulum pars fauorum debet quinta dimitti, Pall. 7. 7. 2; mala edonia in breuissimas particulas recides, 11. 20. 1.

**re-cingo**, are, nxi, netum, vb. unbind, in veste recincta, Verg. 4. 518; Castaque fallaci zona recincta manu, Ov. her. 2. 116; tunicaeque recingunt, M. 1. 398; add am. 1. 5. 9;

**2.** recingor, vb. r. unbind oneself, recingor Molliace impono salici uelamina curuae, Ov. M. 5. 594; **3.** with acc. of girdle, sumptuoseque recingitur anguem, Ov. M. 4. 511; cf. l. 483 tortoque incingitur angue; **4.** acc. of sword, as taken off in the girdle, recingi ferrum, Stat. silu. 1. 4. 75.

**re-cino**, (re-cino Apul.) are, vb. [cano] sing back, return in song, cuius recinet iocosa Nomen imago (sc. the nymph Echo), Hor. od. 1. 12. 3; Pan cum uoculas omni-moda edocens recinere (so ass), Apul. M. 5. 25; haec

recinunt (repeat in sing-song) inuenes dictata senesque, Hor. ep. 1, 1, 55; (in prose reddunt, Cic. N. D. 1, 72; Hor. ep. 1, 18, 14; but Cic. fin. 4, 10 has dictata decantare); 2. un-sing so to say, recant offensive words, *παυροφθεω*, ne prius transcederet Iliasi amnis fluentum quam inereptu indignatum Amorem recinendo (cj. Casaub.) placasset (parodying Plato Phaedr. p. 229 a), Apul. d. Soer. 19; 3. warn off by singing (for sense of re, cf. reuo), Impios parcae recinentis omen, Hor. od. 3, 27, 1 (or else sing up, screech), cf. recito; 4. in Cic. Brut. 171 laiter has retinuit; and so or retinuit mss; recinit only a cj.

**recipero**, see *recipere*.

**recipio**, *recipere*, *recipere*, vb. [*recipio*] first with re up, take up (on myself what involves responsibility) be responsible for, with in me, ad me or mihi, qui auspicio adest si quid falsi nuntiat in senet ipsum religionem recipit, Liv. 10, 40, 11; nisi periculum quoque in se receperit, Ulp. dig. 19, 2, 13; periculum ad me non recipio, Solin. 21; recipit in sese omnia, Paetr. 91 R; ad me recipio, Faciet, Ter. Haut. 5, 5, 12; 2. with ace. and inf. or neut. pron., take upon oneself the responsibility, undertake, answer for, be responsible for, spondeo inmeque recipio esse M' Curii mores ut..., Cic. fam. 13, 17, 3; spondeo inmeque recipio fore eum tibi uoluptati, 13, 10, 3; quid sibi is de me receperit in memoriam relegit, 1, 9, 9; 3. absol., without any in me, ad me, or mihi etc., cum receptum officium Siculis erit persolutum, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 183; promitto recipio spondeo C. Caesarum talem semper fore eicem qualis hodie sit, Phil. 5, 51; ego in hoc iudicio mihi (= a me) Siculorum causam receptam, populi Romani susceptam esse arbitror, Caecil. 26; in quo est offensio vel neglegentia susceptis rebus vel peritiae receptis, or, 2, 101, wh. note that recipere is more than suscipere, viz. to undertake and at the same time answer for the result; si pax non impetrata foret, obsides reddi Philippo receptum est, Liv. 33, 13, 15; si neque de fide barbarorum quicquam recipere potes et..., 40, 35, 11; add Cic. Att. 13, 1, 2; Brut. ap. Cic. fam. 11, 1, 4; Plane, ap. Cic. fam. 10, 21, 1; 4. also with dat. of person to whom the promise is made, mihi diligentissime se ut annui essemus defensurum receperat, Cic. Att. 5, 17, 4; Pansa mihi non solum confirmat aerum etiam recipit..., fam. 6, 12, 3; omnia me rei publicae praestitiae quae tibi recipi, Plane, ap. Cic. fam. 10, 7, 1; omnia ei petenti recepi, 10, 21, 1; 5. with re back, receive back, recipiam arma quae per pactationem tradiderant, Liv. 9, 11, 4; potestatem omnibus fecit quoties nellent obsides recipiendi, Suet. Aug. 21; 6. take back, take out again (what has been entered), pull out again, totum qui communis ensems Condit assurgit et multa morem recipit, Verg. o. 348; cf. *ανακαταρτο*, Il. 13, 574; saepius (agilita) ab altera parte quam ex qua uenit recipienda est, Cels. 7, 5, 2; 7. take back, withdraw, draw off, intentus recipiendo exereitum, Liv. 10, 42, 1; 8. esp. with refl. pron., take oneself back, return, retreat, retire, get back, recipie te ad domum domum, Pl. Trin. 4, 3, 1; add Ter. Ph. 2, 4, 24; recipie te ad nos (after visit to Asia), Cic. Att. 4, 15, 2; me Laodiceam, 5, 20, 5; sit in curris, Caes. b. g. 4, 33, 3; see intra munitiones, 5, 44, 13; se Adrametum, 2, 23, 4; 9. and met., Atque ad ingenium uetus uorsum te recipis tuum, Pl. As. 2, 1, 7; multos uidi qui totam adolescentiam uoluptatibus dedissent, emerissem aliquando, et se ad frugem bonam recepis, Cic. Cacl. 28; 10. r. me, take myself to the back, or into retirement, retire (as for quiet or safety), a cena luebratorium me in lecticulum r., Suet. Aug. 78; in abditiu et conamematum lectum, 90; in cubiculum, Dom. 16 f; 11. absol., without refl. pr., return or retire, Neque sepulchrum quo recipiat (recipiat?) habet portum corporis, retire, Enn. tr. 415 V; equidem suadco Ut ad nos abeat portus dum recipias, Placet, Pl. Rud. 3, 6, 42; ergo actutum face cum praeda recipias, Mere. 2, 4, 30; rursum in portum recipimus, Mil. 2, 3, 60; with a finite vb. perh. only in old writers; but Caes. b. g. 1, 49, 7 has: si quo erat longius prodeundam aut celerius recipiendum;

12. get back (ab inuito), retake, recover, Tarentum quo consilio recepit? Cic. sen. 11; and soon: mea opera, Q. Fabi, Tarentum recepit. Certe, inquit, nam nisi tu

amisisses, numquam recepissem; add Liv. 27, 25, 4; ibi non sociorum res sed sua Romanus populatibus agrogum amissas recepit, 3, 63, 4; duas receptas provincias, Caes. b. c. 2, 32, 5; recepto Asculo, 1, 16, 1; exterior Hispania recepta, Flor. 2, 13 (4, 2, 29), for in Caesar's view these were recaptured; Scedra recepta (for the allies of Rome), Liv. 44, 32, 1; recepit et signa quae M. Crasso ademerant Parthi, Suet. Tib. 9; but what such excuse is there for: Cyprus recepta, Flor. 1, 44 (3, 9); sexagesimo anno post libertatem receptam, Cic. fin. 2, 66? 13. get back (persons), rescae, illum ego per flammam, Eripiui his ueribus medique ex hoste recepti, Verg. 6, 111; gladiis distictis portas occupauerunt suosque omnis incolomes receperunt, Caes. b. g. 7, 12 f, 5; 14. so recover in special phrases, anhelitum, Pl. Merc. 3, 4, 16; Epiad. 2, 2, 21; animam, Ter. Ad. 3, 2, 26; a pauore animam, Liv. 2, 50, 10; a (added by Madv.) tanto pauore animos, 21, 5, 16; 15. esp. with se, as of bodily health, ea trare (uitulos) non oportet ante bimatum, quod difficulter si aliter feceris se recipiunt, Varr. r. 2, 5, 17; of the senses, quae cum intuerer stupens, ut me recepi, Quid inquam hic (hoc?) Cic. rep. 6, 18; 16. get back as a return, dena milia sestertia ex melle, Varr. 3, 16, 11; si qua pecunia ex nouis uicigalibus recipiatur, Cic. agr. 2, 62; 17. keep back, reserve, except, Posticulum hoc recipit quom adeis uendit, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 157; principio nobis magnam donum attulit, tum magnam pecuniam recipit quam in uiri potestatem non committat, Cato erat. 54, 6 1; bubus domitis bimis cauturio uni, cum emptor pascet, domini usioni recipitur... r. 149, 2; feicque quod uenditores solent, ut eum adeis fundum uendiderint ratis cis receptis concedant tamen aliquid emptori, Cic. top. f.; add Paul. ap. Lab. dig. 19, 1, 53; see recipiens;

IV 18. take to the back or interior, take so as to let enter or mix, accipit [Penius] amicum Horcon ne recipit, Plin. 4, 31; cum ab eo quaereretur quid accusaturus esset eum (sc. Seneculam) respondisse quod non totum telum corpore recepisset, Cic. Rosc. Am. 33; nigras (oliuas respuit palatum) nisi prius eas sale maceratis ut ibenter in os recipiantur, Varr. r. 1, 66; 19. hence in prescriptions, receive as ingredients, be composed of, antidotes recipit haec, stoecheados marrubii..., Scrib. comp. 106; add 27, 28, 37, 52; cf. our terms recipere and receipt; 20. so with ace. of persons, shelter, harbour, serum, Ulp. dig. 11, 3, 1; te oseramus..., In custodelam nos tuam ut recipias (recipias?) et tutere, Pl. Rud. 3, 34; cum ne quis uir tecto mensa late recipiet, Liv. 26, 25, 12; 21. gladiator, ferrum recipere iussus, Cic. Tusc. 2, 41; num, ut gladiatoribus imperari solet, ferrum non recipit? Sest. 80; ferrum (sc. ut gladiator) non subducta ceruice, neq. manibus oppositis, sed animose recipis, Sen. tranq. 11, 5; 22. r. nomen alienius (as praetor) receive from an accuser (qui nomen defert) the name of a person he proposes to accuse, and so authorise proceedings, si quis absentem Stenium reum facere uellet, sese eius nomen recepturum, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 94; and soon: Facilius ait si liceret nomen absentis deferre se uelle; iste uero et licere et se recepturum; licere nomen recipere absentis, 2, 2, 102; again: cum absentis nomen recepturum; quae (sc. lex Memmia) eorum qui rei publicae causa absentes recipi nominata netabat, Val. M. 3, 7, 9; 23. with nom. of inanimate objects, admit of, permit, allow, sed neque parum Carmen maiestas recipiunt tua nec..., Hor. ep. 2, 1, 258; non recipit istam coniunctionem (sc. cum uoluptate) honestas, Cic. off. 3, 119; re non ultra recipiente emutationem, Liv. 29, 24, 7; haec oliua contusa recipit quamenque uolueris conditum, Colum. 12, 47, 5; add Vell. 2nd book, 2, 2, 52, 3; 97, 2; 104, 3; 130, 3; 24. recipie (recipiem?) for recipiam, Cato ap. Fest. 286 b 21 M; recepto for recepero, Catul. 44, 19; 25. for qty. recipio note: Neque sepulchrum quo recipiat habet portum corporis, Enn. tr. 415 V.

**reciprocatio**, omis, f. movement up and down, backwards and forwards, aestus, Plin. 9, 29; 2. return, longitudo filo (al. fib.) a culmine ac rursus a terra...reciprocatio, Plin. 11, 83 (of a spider's web); in ponte praetenui duobus (capris) obuiis e diuerso eum circumactum angustiae non

capere nec reciprocationem longitudo in exilitate caeca alteram decubuisse atque ita alteram proculatela supereressam, S. 201; crantium siderum r., Gell. 14, 1, 23; talionum—retaliation—20, 1, 18; animorum—metempsychosis, Tert. nat. 1, 19; 3. in grammar, the character of reflective and reciprocal verbs, Prisc. 1, §84; 2, 14, 23 etc. K.

**reciprocatus**, ūs, m. the same, Aug. Gen. ad litt. 11, 1, f. **reciprocicornis**, e, adj. with horns turned inwards, aries, Laber. ap. Tert. pall. 1 med.

**reciprocitas**, ātis, f. = reciprocatio, not, Tir. 52.

**reciprocus**, adj. [rec older form of re; proe older form of pro; see re and pro] up and down alternately, ridge and furrow (Scotch rig and fur), backwards and forwards, ebbing and flowing, esp. of tides, aestus maris paribus interuallis reciproci senisq. semper horis, Plin. 2, 213; reciproci annus, 9, 170; sinus diuiditur in geminos, Syrtium reciproco mari diros, 5, 26; luna. Perque refertur fretum sequiturque reciproca Tethys, Sil. 3, 60; 2. esp. ebbing, receding, lacus martius reciprocus (after being full), Plin. 16, 170; and perh. quo leuor classis reciproco (mari) sideret, Tac. an. 1, 70; 3. gen. reciprocating, alternate, voces reciprocas, of echoes, repeated first on one side then on the other, Plin. 2, 115; pugandi uices, Gell. 15, 18, 3; taliones, 20, 1, 35; munus, Anson. ep. 7; epistolae, Hier. ep. 5, 1; 4. r. tela, weapons that return upon the thrower, as the boomerang, *reciprocā tendens neruo equino coniecta Tela*, Att. var. l. 7, 5; wh. he adds: *reciproci est quoniam unde quid profectum reddit eo; nita argumentorum reciproca*, which may be turned against the user, *ἀναστροφά*, Gell. 5, 10, 2 wh. see an example;

5. hence too r. pronoun, reflective, Prisc. 1, §83, 10 K; 6. r. uersus, a verse vb. is still verse who read backwards, as, Musa mihi causus memora quo numine laeso: see this and other ex. ap. Dion. 516, 24 K; add Serv. 467, 7; as, Micant nitore tecta sublimi aurea, 407, 13; and from a modern Italian source, In girum uisus nocte ecce et consumitur igni (canunt blattae circa lumina uolantes), where the letters, not mere words, are to be inverted; 7. reciprocus is the exact analogue of our ridge and furrow, Scotch rig and fur.

**recisamentum**, (implies a vb. reciso from recido) i, n. a chip or scale, Plin. 34, 111; pyramidis, frag. ap. Mai. praef. to Cic. rep. p. xl.

**recisio**, ōnis, f. cutting or pruning, rosa recisione proficit, Plin. 21, 21; 2. met., cutting down, diminution, legatorum, Ulp. dig. 28, 5, 35, 1.

**recitatio**, ōnis, f. reading out, Cic. Clu. 141; dom. 22; Cornif. ad Her. 2, 15; Suet. Cal. 16; 2. esp. reading poems etc. to an audience of friends, recitation, Sen. ep. 122, 11; Tac. dial. 9; Plin. ep. 1, 13, 6; 3, 15, 3; 3, 18, 4.

**recitator**, ōris, m. one who reads aloud, esp. the clerk of a court, Cic. Clu. 140 and 141; 2. one who recites poems etc. to friends, *Inductum doctumque fugat recitator acerbus*, Hor. A. P. 474; r. historiam ingentem aduult, Sen. ep. 95, 2.

**re-cito**, āre, vb. [re up, as in our speak up, raise your voice; cito call aloud:] say aloud, repeat aloud, recite, quod spectant qui recitare solent (sc. hitiones), Mart. 9, 83, 4; recitare si qua munimur cogendi sunt (speaking of insane literary men), Cels. 3, 18, p. 100, 17 D; 2. esp. read aloud, read out, istud quoque dele, noluit audire, recita porro, istae quoque dele... non opus est recitato, Cato orat. 37, 10 I; da quaeso scribare; recitet ex codice professorem. Recita edictum de professione, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 26; ne ego istas litteras in contione recitari uelim, Att. 8, 9, 2; 3. esp. read aloud a list of, call over the names of, w. acc., censors senatum recitauerunt, Liv. 29, 37, 1; 4. esp. read (in composition) to an audience of friends, the common mode of writing literary fume, wh. became a grave nuisance, Nec recito cuiquam nisi amicis idque coactus, Hor. s. 1, 4, 73; add A. P. 474; Augustus recitantes mense poetas, Iuv. 3, 9; Plus tibi polliceor, nil recitabo tibi, Mart. 11, 52, 16; add Plin. ep. 7, 17, 1.

**recitatio**, ōnis, f. crying out against, a protest, praecare reclamatio uestra factum Martidum comproba-

nistis, Cic. Phil. 4, 5; audistisne reclamationem? Audistisne mendacii nostri damnationem? Apul. mag. 64.

**re-clāmto**, āre, vb. frq. keep crying out against, protest against, reclamātāt istis suspitionibus natura, Cic. Rose. Am. 63.

**re-clāmo**, āre, vb. cry out against, protest against, eius orationi nehemiter reclamatum est, Cic. fam. 1, 2, 2; in his, si paulum modo offensum est, theatra tota reclamant, or. 3, 160; cum ei promissis legiones reclamasset, Phil. 5, 22; add fam. 1, 2, 2; Balb. 12; Plin. ep. 3, 9, 25; Quint. 12, 1, 14; Suet. Aug. 37; Vit. 15; Iustin. 24, 2, 10; cod. Th. 16, 8, 8; 2. met., Quod quoniam ratio reclamāt uera negatue Credere posse animum, Lucr. 1, 623; seopulis inlisa reclamāt Aegina, Verg. G. 3, 261; reclamare uidetur huismodi sanctioni constitutio Leonis, cod. Iustin. 5, 9, 10; 3. cry out in return, plangoribus aera reclamant, Stat. Th. 120; canenti Mutus ager domino reclamāt, silu. 4, 5, 20; 4. cry out again and again, Rursus Hydan et rursus Hydan per longa reclamāt Aua, Val. F. 3, 590; dominique reclamant Nomine, 8, 173.

**re-clāngo**, ēre, vb. recho with fearful crashes, reclangitibus cunctis sonitu ruinarum, Amm. 17, 7, 4 (of an earthquake).

**reclinātorīa**, ōrum, adj. n. pl. as sb. cushions of a sofa, Isid. orig. 19, 26.

**reclinis**, e, adj. [from a 10-t vb. clino = κλινω] lying with the body raised, leaning back, reclining, Inque sinu (sc. Venoris) posita ceruice reclinis, Ov. M. 10, 558; in gramine floreo, Mart. 9, 90, 1; Hunc ubi reclinem stratis... Aspicit, at a banquet, Val. F. 4, 535; reclinis ipsa sedis auratae toro, Sen. Phaedr. 303; ille (Nero) ut erat reclinis, at a banquet, Tac. an. 13, 10; Acronia super pedes cubitantis reclinis paenitentiam filii memorabat, 14, 5.

**reclino**, āre, vb. [reclinis adj.] cause to or let lean back, Nullum ab labore me reclinat otium, Hor. ep. 17, 24; Defugit tellure hastas et scuta reclinant, Verg. 12, 130; candido onorum plii reclinatorum, Prop. 29, 40; 2. met., in quem omnis imperii reclinare (cooperat) throw upon (him), Sen. cons. 2, 3; 3. r. me, or reclino as vb. r. lean against, recline, ad ens (sc. arboris) se adplicant (aleas) atque ita reclinatae quietem capiunt. Huc cum se reclinauerunt... Cues, h. g. 6, 27, 3 and 5; in gramine reclinatorum, Hor. od. 2, 3, 6; reclinator in cubitum, Petr. fr. tr. 39; solet obrepere somnus in aliquo aduinculum reclinator, Sen. ep. 36, 9; reclinari ad suos et manibus sustineri, Quint. 11, 3, 132.

**reclinus**, adj. [later variety of reclinis] lying with the back raised, Vop. Firm. 4, 3; coma, iter Alex. 13 M.

**recliuus**, e, adj. (cliuus) sloping, campo ad solem reclini, Pall. 1, 5, 15; tabulae forniseus recliuus, sloping upwards and onwards, 7, 2, 3.

**re-clūdo**, (perh. also reccludo in Pl.) ēre, nsi, ūsum, vb. [re of reversal + clando, wh. see] lit. to bar, unshut, i. e. open, pergam pulsat ostium. Heus reclude; heus Tranio; etiamne apertus? Pl. Most. 4, 2, 28; add Rud. 2, 3 f.; Cellas refregit omnis intus reclusitque (recclusit?) armauium, Capt. 4, 4, 10; Internas reseret sedes et regna reccludat Pallida, Verg. S. 244; nel aeratas hosti reccludere portas, Ov. M. 8, 41; tellurem, Verg. G. 2, 423; humum, Tac. an. 2, 25; pectus mucrone, Verg. 10, 601; ense ingulum, Ov. M. 7, 285; eusem, Verg. 4, 640 and 9, 423, unshut. 2. met., Quibus ego iram omnino reccludam atque illi perniciem dabo, ap. Cic. N. D. 3, 66; sanctos fontis, Verg. G. 2, 175; tyrannorum mentes, Tac. an. 6, 6; auaritia ac libidine, 10, 32; principis comitum, Plin. ep. 6, 31, 1; 3. in late writers, slant up, stow away, as in a pi-on, Iustin. 26, 1, 7; and Tert. idol. 17 f.; singulas separatim, 1, 9, 10; fies recentes, Pall. 4, 10, 33; tanquam recluso lani templo stratificis cunctis hostibus, Amm. 16, 10, 1; cum satis absurdum esset quod cognatis a praetore apertum est, hoc agnatis esse reclusum—concedit, Iustin. inst. 3, 2 f.

**re-coeno**, āre, see recoeno.

**re-cogitatus**, ūs, m. thought, Tert. anim. 15 and 7 f.; pall. 6.



**rē-cōgito**, āre, vb. think over again and again, Homun- culi quanti sunt quum recogito, Pl. Capt. pr. 51; tu mihi uideris de nominibus Pompeianis recogitasse, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 2, 1; saepe mecum retractata ac recogitans, Colum. pr. 13. **recognitione**, ōnis, f. reviewing, review, investigation, per recognitionem Postumi magna pars agri Campani... reempera in publicum erat, Liv. 42, 19, 1; frequens r. (uestis ferramentorumque), Colum. 11, 1, 21; eputum, Suet. Claud. 10; but in Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 110 recordatione of the better miss now preferred.

**rē-cogn-ōsco**, āre, ōal, itus, vb. examine again; recog- tua consilia inecum licet recognoscas, Cic. Cat. 1, 6; recog- nosce mecum noctem illam superiorem, 1, 8; neque enim mihi uidetur haec multitudo cognoscere ex me causam uoluisse, sed ea quae scit mecum recognoscere, Verr. 1, 15; ergastuli mancipia, Colum. 1, 8, 10; nescim manicas pe- dumque tegmina, 1, 8, 18; peregrinos, Iustin. 43, 4, 11; gregem, 6, 23, 3; instrumentum rusticum, 11, 1, 20; equitum turmas, Suet. Aug. 38; custodias, Ner. 61.

**2.** revise what is written, collate, and verify or authenti- cate, haec summa cura recogita et collata et ab hominibus honestis-imis obsignata sunt, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 190; sub- scriptio quod illi dictanti et recognoui, Mare. dig. 48, 10, 1, 8; auctoritas subscribitur se ea dictasse et recognouisse, 48, 10, 15, 3; ceteri descriptum et recognitionem faciunt, Gai. dig. 10, 2, 5; descriptum et recognitionem, inser. Or. 3787; add inser. Grut. 573, 1. **3.** examine and authenticate (seals), ut signatores admoniti uenirent ad recognoscenda signa, Ulp. 43, 5, 3, 9. **4.** gen., recognize, in quibus litteris tuum erga me amorem recognoui, Cass. ap. Cic. fam. 12, 12, 2; Sacra recognosces annalibus eruta prisca, Ov. F. 1, 7.

**rē-cōgō**, ēre, vb. force or compel again, Paul. Nol. carm. 35, 309.

**rē-colligo**, ēre, lēgi, lectus, vb. pick up again, collect again (ona), Colum. 8, 5, 4; talos, Sen. lud. de morte Clau- dii, 15, 1; stolam, Plin. ep. 4, 11, 9; hastam, Val. F. 6, 254; arma, 6, 423. **2.** met., recover, si cuius animus in te esset offensior, a me recolligi oportere, Cic. Att. 1, 5, 5; primos aures, Ov. M. 7, 215; quin te ipsa recolligis? 9, 744; (manum extensam), Cael. Aur. acut. 2, 10, 71—draw back again; **3.** recovering from illness, aegris se recol- ligentibus, Plin. 20, 35; add 23, 122; uiris (= uires) recol- ligentibus, 28, 129.

**rē-collōco**, āre, vb. place again, lecto, Cael. Aur. tard. 1, 1, 31, p. 279.

**1.** **rē-cōlo**, āre, vb. strain again, Scrib. comp. 268. **2.** **rē-cōlo**, ēre, ui, cultus, vb. cultivate again, desertum terram, Liv. 27, 5, 5; humo... post tempora longa recultae, Ov. M. 5, 647; agros, Val. F. 7, 68. **3.** work (nimes) again, metalla et uetera intermissa recoluit et noua insti- tuit, Liv. 39, 24, 2. **4.** met., antiqua reolam—return to the habits of youth—to et serui mihi, Pl. Merc. 3, 2, 3; ad eas artes quibus a pueris dediti fuimus... recolendas, Cic. or. 1, 2; dignitate meam, ap. Non. 439, 2; autem decus, Tac. an. 3, 72; ut terrae uariis seminibus, ita ingenia nunc haec nunc illa meditatione recolunt, Plin. ep. 7, 9, 7; remissam iniuriam, Ulp. dig. 47, 10, 11, 1, resume proceed- ings for a wrong that had been passed over; **4.** esp. think over again, recal to mind, Haec ego cum animo meo reputo et recolo, Vbi qui eget quam preti sit parui, Apagae amor, non places (text dub.), Pl. Trin. 2, 1, 25; quae si tecum recolueris, maiore consolatione moriere, Cic. Phil. 13, 45; animas... Lustralat studio recolens omneque suum... recensebat numerum, Verg. 6, 681; Hae tua (nam recolo) quondam perma canebat, Ov. her. 5, 113; add Apul. M. 9, 21; 11, 7.

**rē-commisissor**, i, vb. r. think over again, recal to mind, Litteris recommisicar: C est principium nomini, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 70.

**rē-compingo**, ēre, vb. fasten together, os ad os, Tert. res. carn. 70.

**rē-compōno**, ēre, pōui, pōitus, vb. put together again, readjust, comas, Ov. am. 1, 6, 68; fructuram, Veg. vet. 3, 47, 2; but in Ulp. dig. 34, 2, 25, 11 Mommsen has: resolu- ti ut componantur.

**rēconciliatio**, ōnis, f. first reunion, gratiae, Cic. har. resp. 51; ad Quir. 13; Balb. ap. Cic. Att. 9, 7 a; concor- diae, Cic. Cat. 3, 25. **2.** absol. reconciliation, Suet. Caes. 73; Aug. 17; Ner. 34; Iustin. 16, 1, 8.

**rēconciliator**, ōris, m. one who reunites, pacis, Liv. 35, 45, 3.

**rē-ōncilio**, āre, vb. bring back into union, unite again, reunite, restore, In pretio parsit, filio dum parceret, Re- conciliare ut facilius posset donum, Pl. Capt. pr. 33; nam illam confido donum In his diebus me reconciliassere, 1, 2, 65; Si huius hae reconciliassere in libertatem filium, 3, 4, 44; ut reconciliatae (apes) ad suum quaque domici- lium redeunt, Varr. r. 3, 16, 38. **2.** met., de uestra uetere gratia reconcilianda, Cic. Att. 1, 11, 1; quod scribis de reconciliata nostra gratia, fam. 5, 2, 5; inimici in gratiam reconciliabantur, dom. 129; hic me meus in rem publicam animus priusquam cum C. Caesare reducit reconciliat resti- tuit in gratiam, pron. cons. 23; nobis uoluntatē m senatus, fam. 1, 2, 1; reconciliare existimationem iudiciorum amissam, Verr. 1, 2; animum patris sui sorori tuae, Att. o. 7, 1; animos militum imperatori, Liv. 8, 36, 7; pacem, 42, 46, 3. **3.** absol. reconcile, w. acc. of person, Tua re- conciliator uxor, mea uetere filia, Eun. 2 ap. Rutin. § 37, p. 222 Ruhnke; quibus Eum eadem res publica reconciliauit quae alienarat, Cic. pron. cons. 21; reconciliantur (apes) lacte, Plin. 11, 58; add ep. 6, 5, 5. **4.** reconciliassere? inf. of old vb. reconciliatus used as a fut.; but recon- ciliassere for reconciliatus, a perf. fut.

**rē-concinno**, āre, vb. put together afresh, make up anew, pallam illam... ad fruginem (so ass) ut deferat, Re concinnetur atque ut opera addantur quo uolo, Pl. Men. 2, 3, 73; Iubeasque spinter nomem reconcinnari, 3, 3, 4. **2.** repair, tribus locis aedifico, reliqua reconcinno, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 3, 6; detrimentum uirtute militum reconcinnetur (so Aldus ep.; ass reconcinnatur), Caes. b. c. 2, 15, 4.

**rē-conclūdo**, ēre, vb. shut up again, Tert. Prax. 16 m.

**rē-cōdo**, ēre, dūdi, ditus, vb. stow away in a back place, and so gen. stow away, Parastum inamem quo recondas reliquias, Pl. St. 1, 3, 75; quod celari opus erat habelant sepositum et reconditum, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 23; non explicata ueste neque proposito argento sed his omnibus rebus reconditis, or. 1, 161; ensem in pulmone recondit, Verg. 10, 387; Multi praeterea quo fama ob-cura recondit, 5, 302; necessarium fuit alterum sub die esse qui labore comparat quo teitis reconderentur, Colum. 12 praef. 2; oleum nouis nasas, 12, 53, 2; (uasas) in amphoras, 12, 16, 3.

**2.** met., alia mens quasi recondit a quibus memoria oritur, Cic. acad. pr. 30; uultus (procerum) in crimen de- torquens recondebatur, Tac. an. 1, 7, 6; odia in longum iaci- ens quae reconderet auctaque promerit, 1, 69 f.; in hoc me recondidi... ut prodese pluribus possem, Sen. ep. 8, 1; De- mosthenes se in locum ex quo nulla exaudiri uox posset recondebatur, Quint. 10, 3, 25. **3.** stow away again, gladi- um e uagina exduxi..., gladium eruentum in uagnum recondidit, Cic. int. 2, 14; Ad nomen Thibes oculos iam morte grauatos Pyramus erexit, uisique recondidit illa, Ov. M. 4, 140; add 11, 649. **4.** reconditus, part. as adj. hidden, out of the way, abstruse, recondite, secret, quid Aegyptus? ut oeculte lateat! ut recondita est! Cic. ag. 2, 41; si quid erit occultis et ut scribis reconditum, meum aliquem mittam, fam. 11, 21, 5; litterae, N. D. 3, 42; a me ea quae in promptu erant dicta sunt, a Lucullo recondi- tiora desidero, acad. pr. 10; natura tristis ac recondita (reserved) fuit, Quint. 59. **5.** in Prop. 2, 32, 16 re- condit seems to have its usual meaning of stowing away, hiding.

**rē-condūco**, ēre, xi, ctus, vb. bring back, aegrum, Plin. 20, 22 (dub.). **2.** contract again to do work, Ulp. dig. 19, 2, 13, 11.

**rē-confio**, āre, vb. blow up again (into flame), Lucr. 4, 927.

**rē-consigno**, āre, vb. seal or mark again, Tert. res. carn. 52 f.

**rē-construo**, ēre, vb. build up again, Cassiod. Var. 2, 39 med.

**rē-cōquo**, ēre, coxi, coctus, vb. boil again, haud sanc

quis me facile tamquam Peliam recoxerit, Cic. sen. 83; re-coquit (so Gron. c.); rrs recoit or refout fessos acetate parentes, Val. F. 6, 444 (of Medea); seni recoxam, Catul. 55, 10 (5); boiled young again; lana quosdam colores nisi sapieus recocta non peribit, Sen. ep. 71, 31; (cera) post insolationem recocta, Plin. 21, 84; 2. melt again, east again, forge again, re-coquit patrios fornacibus enses, Verg. 7, 636; ex ferro ergastulorum recocto gladios fecerunt, Flor. 3, 20 (2, 8), 6; 3. purify by repeated melting, ocreas electro auroque recocto, Verg. 8, 624; an satis recoctum sit (aes) splendore dependente, Plin. 33, 65; 4. heat again or thoroughly in the sun, Vel passum psychitis suis recoctum, Stat. silv. 4, 9, 38; 5. fire again, light again, carbo (querneus), desinente flatu protinus emoriens (instead of mouldering away) sapieus re-coquitur, Plin. 16, 23; 6. met. from recasting, re-coctus Scriba ex quinqueuro, Hor. s. 2, 5, 55; se (Moloni) rursus fornam-dum ac uelut re-coquendum dedit, Quint. 12, 6, 7.

**re-cordāb-ilis**, e, adj. memorable, Claud. Mam. stat. anim. 3, 14; Aug. Mus. 6, 6.

**re-cordātio**, ōnis, f. memory, remembrance, recollection, Cic. or. 1, 4; Brut. 9; pron. cons. 43; Plin. ep. 1, 9, 3; 2. in pl. Cic. Att. 18, 18, 1; fam. 5, 13, 4; Tac. an. 4, 38.

**re-cordāti-us**, adj. of the class recorded, i. e. recorded; in Gramm. name of the past perfect tense as commemoram; species, Mart. Cap. 3, 85 G, p. 80, 26 Eyss.

**re-cordātus**, ūs, m. recollection, Tert. res. carn. 4; id. Psych. 5.

**re-cordo**, āre, vb. remind, patriae) eum, Quadrig. ap. Non. 475, 20.

**re-cordor**, (cor, as the seat of memory, cf. E. learn by heart) āri, ātus, vb. r., first = recordo mihi (see "Language," p. 209), I bring to my mind, recall to mind, remember, v. acc., Recordatus multum sum et diu cogitavi, Pl. Most. 1, 2, 1; add Men. 5, 6, 7; Cum recordor eius ferocem et torum confidentiam, Plaut. ap. Fest. 355; Heu me miserum, cum haec recordor, cum illos remuiscor dies, Acc. ap. Non. 499, 32; omnes gradus aetatis tuae, Cic. or. 3, 82; desperationes eorum, fam. 2, 16, 6; tuam virtutem animique magnitudinem, 5, 17, 1; huius meritum (not merit), Planc. 69; 2. w. acc. and inf., Inde recordati Teucros a sanguine Teucri Ducere principum, Ov. M. 13, 705; 3. w. indir. interr., r. quam bella paulisper nobis gubernantibus ciuitas fuit, quae mihi gratia relata sit, Cic. Att. 4, 16, 10; non r. unde ecederim, sed unde surrexerim, ib.; 4. even of the future as inferred from the past, non tantum quae sum passura recordor, Sed quae-cumque potest ulla relictia pati, Ov. her. 10, 70; iam omnium captiuitatem et seruitutem recordantes, Flor. 5, 7, 10; II 5. = recordo me, I remind myself (of), remember, w. gen., flagitiorum suorum re-cordabitur, Cic. Pis. 12.

**re-corporātio**, ōnis, f. in med. diaphoretic treatment, Cacl. Aur. 30, 1; 2. restoration of flesh, Tert. res. carn. 3.

**re-corporāti-us**, alj. diaphoretic, = μεταστροφικός, uirtus, Cacl. Aur. acut. 2, 38, 223; a. hutoria, 3, 16, 134; cuenibitae, tard. 2, 1, 31; 2, 7, 107; curatio, 2, 1, 40.

**re-corporo**, āre, vb. = μεταστροφή, discharge peccant humours, Cacl. Aur. acut. 3, 4, 47; 2. re-emboldy, in asuios et mulos, Tert. anim. 33 med.; animas, 35; in materiam robustorem, res. carn. 7.

**re-corrigo**, ēre, rexi, rectus, vb. set right again, correct, animum, Sen. ep. 50, 5; costas, Petr. 43; add Tert. Mare. 4, 5.

**re-crastino**, āre, vb. procrastinate, Colum. 2, 21, 2; Plin. 17, 113.

**re-crēatio**, ōnis, f. restoration of strength, Plin. 22, 102. **re-crēator**, ōris, m. restorer, reviver, innerum, inscr. Or. 6; somnus corporum r., Tert. anim. 43.

**re-crēmētum**, i, n. refuse, plumbi, Cel. 6, 8, p. 244, 21 D; farris, Plin. 18, 142; adiora ex (esculentis) re-crēmēta, Gell. 17, 11, 2; add Prud. apoth. 65.

**re-creo**, āre, vb. create afresh, ac nisi contra Corpora

retribuat rebus recreatque fluentis Omnia iam resoluta forent, Lucr. 5, 277; add 5, 323; ad callum erodendum et rasis ossibus carnis recreandas, Plin. 34, 155; 2. restore the strength (of), reinvigorate, recruit, revive, refresh, ille homo homines non alit uerum educat Recreatque: nullus melius medicum facit, Pl. Men. 1, 1, 23; quam mox reuocet me? Cena modo si sit coeta, Luc. 6, 15; e graui morbo recreati, Cic. ad Quir. 4; uoculam, Att. 2, 23, 1; nonnulla (uitis) sic intabescit ut nullis deinceps impensis recreari possit, Colum. 4, 3, 5; lassitudines (=lassos) recreat, Plin. 22, 32; recreans membra olei liquor, 12, 4; ad aspectu smaragdi recreatur acies (oculi), 37, 63; 3. met., ueter, iudices, conspectus reficit et recreat mentem meam, Cic. Planc. 2; recreauit afflictos animos bonorum, Att. 1, 16, 8; prouinciam perditam recreasti, Verr. 2, 3, 212.

**re-crēpo**, āre, vb. sound again, echo, cymbala, Catul. 63, 29; saepe lapis recrepat Cyllenia murmura (notes of the lute) pulsus, Verg. Cir. 108.

**re-cresco**, ēre, cūi, ctus, vb. grow again, Luna quater latuit, toto quater orbe recrescit, Ov. her. 2, 5; nec praecisa ossa recrescunt, Plin. 11, 216; recrescit crinibus, Paul. Nol. 21, 569; but Liv. 26, 41, 22 na interpol., says Madvig.

**re-crēdesco**, ēre, ui, vb. become raw again, and so break out again as an ulcer, met., hoc tam graui uulnere etiam illa quae consanuisse uidebantur recrescunt, Cic. fam. 4, 6, 2; recrescente seditione, Liv. 6, 18, 1; interuentu Gellii recruduit pugna, 10, 19, 20.

**rectā**, adv. from rectus part. of rego.

**rectē**, adv. from rectus part. of rego.

**rectificatio**, ōis, f. Gloss.

**Rectinus**, alj. or sū. a cognomen, perh. of adoption, Iulia M. f. Rectina, inscr. Mur. 1691, 15; Popilla L. f. Rectina, inscr. Grut. 818, 6; codicillos Rectinae, Pl. ep. 6, 16, 8.

**rectio**, ōnis, f. guidance, rerum publicarum, Cic. fin. 4, 61; 5, 11.

**rectitior**, ōris, m. one who guides, ratis, poet. ap. Mar. Victor. 2551 P.

**rectitudo**, inis, f. straightness, Comment. on Frontin. agr. qual. 3, 9 ed. Lachm.; 2. correct method, scribendi, Cassiod. pr. 2276 P.; 3. equity, Hier. Isai. 8, 10.

**rectō**, adv. from rectus part. of rego.

**rector**, ōris, m. one who guides, as a pilot, nauium, Cic. din. 1, 24; Verg. 5, 161; (curius), Ov. a. a. 2, 433; equi sine rectoribus consternantur, Sal. ap. Prisc. 1, 436, 6; (bonum arantium), Plin. ep. 8, 17, 4; beluas rectoresque earum, Curt. 8, 14, 16; add 8, 14, 33; equi, Suet. Tit. 4; 2. met., ruler, non solum habitorem in hac caelestis domo sed etiam rectorem tui operis, Cic. N. D. 2, 90; rei publicae, or. 1, 211; animus rector humani generis, Sal. Jug. 2, 3; Summe Deum rector, Ov. M. 12, 499; animus ille rector dominusque nostri, Sen. N. Q. 7, 25, 2; exercitum prouinciarumque, Suet. Aug. 89; 3. esp. a tutor or guardian to the young, Burrus et Seneca, rectores imperatoriae iuuentutis, Tac. an. 13, 2; regnum filio, addito rectore, tradidit, Iustin. 38, 1, 10; rectorem apponere aetate paruis, Suet. Aug. 48.

**rectrix**, tris, alj. or sū. f. one who guides, uidemus uelut aurigam rectricemque membrorum animam, Colum. 3, 10, 9; artes ministrat..., sapientia domina rectrixque aet, Sen. ep. 85, 32; Italia rectrix paransque mundi altera, Plin. 37, 201.

**rectūra**, ae, f. straight line, direction, in terminum r. dirigunt, Front. cont. agr. 2, p. 39, 12 Lachm.; add p. 58, 13; agrorum, Hygin. lim. 100, 14.

**rectus**, part. of rego as adj. straight.

**re-cubitus**, ūs, m. [re-cub- of recumbo] ricochet, baculum ex ea (sc. aquifolia) factum in quoduis animal emissum, etiamst extra eederit defectu mittentis, ipsum per se recubatu (uo us a; Sill. from us d per se cubatu) propius adlabi, Plin. 24, 116; Fore. has rightly: subulsus ille quem faciunt corpora in solum durum incidentia; 2. ricochet itself implies a sū. recubitus.

**re-cūbo**, āre, vb. [re up] lie with the back raised, recline,

in hortulis suis...recubans molliter, Cic. or. 3, 63; recubans sub tegmine fagi, Verg. B. 1, 1; Tyrio toro, Tib. 1, 2, 77; sub arbore, Ov. a. a. 2, 342; cum lector inductus est non minore cum taedio recubant, Plin. ep. 9, 17, 3; 2. less accurately, lie at ease, recline, of a sow, Verg. 3, 392; of Cerberus, S. 297; of a snake, Val. F. 7, 523; for recubui see recumbo.

**re-cūla**, (in late writers rescula) ae, f. dim. [free for er-ec, old crude form of res, wh. see] a little thing, a small property, Si quidem imperes pro copia pro recula, Pl. fr. ap. Prisc. 107, 8 K; pater Vergiliū apibus curantis reculam auxit, Donat. uit. Verg.; quid oro fili pauperdinus pannosque resculas (traps, chattels) anus donas uicinis diuitibus, Apul. M. 4, 12; ipsa te resculis tuis spoliis, Salv. anar. 4, 8, p. 546 Ritt.

**reclutus**, part. of recolo.

**re-cumbo**, ēre, cūbūt, cūbitum, vb. [re up or back] prop. denotes an act but is at times used even in inper. tenses of the resulting position and then marked 1. first take a recumbent position with body somewhat raised (re up), lie down, as on a dinner couch, take a seat at table, recline, Si pates Archiaci conuiua recumbere letis, Hor. ep. 1, 5, 1; quos inter Augustus recubens† Purpureo bibit ore nectar, Hor. od. 3, 11; cenabat Nerua cum paucis, Veiento in sinu recumbelat†, Plin. ep. 4, 22, 4; recumbelat† mecum Fadins, super eum municeps ipsius, 9, 23, 4; Promisit, redit, hora dicta recubuit; Splendebat hilare poculis conuiuium, Phaedr. 5, 25, 10; cautum est ut Saturnalibus in conuiuiis serui cum dominis recumbant, Lucr. 4, 4; 2. lie down, on a bed, grass, etc., cum in cubiculo recubuisse, Cic. Deiot. 42; Ascendit spondaque sibi propiore recubuit, Ov. F. 2, 345; cum in conclavi edito recubuisse† (Dion) (and soon after in lecto cubantem), ps. Nep. Dion 9, 1; cum in herba recubisset, Cic. or. 2, 287; medioque recubere sulco (sc. tarros), Ov. M. 7, 538; recubens† antro Chiron, Sen. Tro. 840; Cum maiore sui parte recumberet† (sc. anguis), Sen. Oed. 748; 3. al-o, lie down again, cum primo surrexisse dein, cum se conligisset, recubuisse, Cic. diu. 1, 57; met., et minax...unda recubuit, Hor. od. 1, 12, 32; 4. fall down, mulier sopita recubuit, Lucr. 6, 704; inque umeros ceruix conlapsa recubuit, Verg. 9, 434; add Ov. M. 10, 195; 5. met., recline†, cauaque in palude recumbat† (sc. pons), Catul. 17, 4; nebulae campo, Verg. G. 1, 401; stagno pelagus, Sen. Thy. 589; uitis in terra, Plin. 17, 209; and 210 uitium porrigi lunbos (even vines stretch their legs); 6. met., Et rursus multae fortunae forte recumbunt, Enn. 208 V.

**re-cūpératio**, (or recip.) ōnis, f. getting back again, recovery, libertatis, Cic. Phil. 10, 20; urbiū, Iustin. 30, 1, 7; 2. measures taken for restitution between public communities, Ael. Gall. ap. Fest. 274 b 21 M; 3. restitution, cod. Th. 9, 43, 1, 3.

**re-cūpératiūs**, (or recip.) ad, of legal proceedings before a recuperator, controuersiarum effectus, Agenn. Vrb. 68, 18; 69, 10 Lachm.; status, comm. Frontin. 25, 10 and 20.

**re-cūpérator** (or recip.) ōris, m. one who recovers, r. urbis (sc. Camillus), Tac. an. 2, 52; 2. recuperatores, arbitrators, three or more private persons appointed by the praetor to act as judges for the time in a suit. Postquam quidem praetor recuperatores dedit, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 36; praetores...iuriis aestuandis recuperatores se daturos edixerunt, Gell. 20, 1, 13; recuperatores sunt, Si paret... recuperatores illum libertum illi patrono sesterium x milia condemnate, edict. ap. Gai. 4, 46; 3. in the army appointed by the general, Liv. 26, 48, 8; in the provinces by the governor, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 68.

**re-cūpératōr-iūs**, adj. of recuperatores or arbitrators, iudiciū, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 27; inu. 2, 60; Gai. 4, 105 and 109.

**re-cū-pēro** (or recip.) ae, vb. [free, older form of re, paro are] get back, recover, quos Iēberos seruosque bello Mitridatis amiserunt, magistratus ita de ea re iudicia recuperationis danto utci lei (ei) eos recuperare possint, CIL 204, 2, 5; pecuniam, Cic. agr. 2, 41; gloriam libertatemque, Caes. b. g. 7, 1, 8; me ipsū, Cic. fam. 14, 1, 3; uires, Tac. h. 3, 22;

2. as a vb. r. i. me or recuperor, recover, get strong again, familia ubi uersetur, prouidendum, si fessi, ubi possint se quiete recipere, Varr. r. 1, 13, 1; e terra recipientes radices arborum in se eucum recuperantur, Vitr. 2, 9, 2; for cūto, see recuperator.

**re-cūro**, āre, vb. take care of, and so restore to health. Et me recuraui otioque et urtica, Catul. 44, 15; plagas, Apul. M. 6, 25; corpora laniata, S. 18; 2. gen. deal with successfully, (charta) non ita recurata...mansit amphitheatra, Plin. 13, 75.

**re-cūro**, ēre, ecurri or curri, cursum, vb. run back, Recipe te et recurre re recenti, Pl. Trin. 4, 3, 8; iam huc recurret sat scio, Ter. Ad. 4, 1, 21; (puerum) add me statim recurrere iussi, Cic. Att. 2, 11, 1; Ad fontem Xanthi uersa recurret aqua, Ov. her. 5, 30; add am. 2, 1, 30; tr. 1, S. 2; 2. met. (huna) mutatur tum crescendo tum in initia recurrendum, Cic. N. D. 2, 50; Naturam expelles furca, tamen usque recurret, Hor. ep. 1, 10, 24; febrium quartis diebus recurrentem, Gell. 17, 12, 2; seruos miserat in Galliam ad merces comparandas, recurrens si comparassent, Ulp. dig. 28, 5, 35, 3; 3. fall back upon, have recourse to (what was thought of before but rejected), ad easdem conditiones recurrunt, Caes. b. c. 2, 16, 3; ad hunc Secundum recurret, Tac. dial. 9; ad eos auctores qui... Quint. proem. 17; ad eam rationem recurreunt, ut... 1, 6, 13; 4. ap. Quint. 5, 8, 6 quaedam in contrarium non recurrent, of non-convertible propositions, as mouetur qui ingreditur; but not necessarily ingreditur qui mouetur; 5. uersus recurrentes, Sidon. ep. 8, 11; 9, 14 as, Roma tibi subito motibus ibit amor; and let me add: cauant blattae circa lamina uolitantē; In gerra inuis nocte cece et consummur igni.

**re-cūro**, ōnis, f. recurring, return, Mart. Cap. 9, 308 G. p. 311, 6 Eyss.

**re-cūrsio**, āre, vb. frq. keep running back or returning, Mart. Cap. 1, 10 G. p. 11, 31 Eyss.

**re-cūro**, āre, vb. frq. the same, Quid ego huc recurrem? Pl. Most. 3, 1, 54; dissiliant longe, longeuque recursant, Lucr. 2, 100; recursat huc et huc, Sen. Med. 388; 2. met. eura, Verg. 1, 662; eurae, 12, 802; add 4, 3; recursabant animo uetera omnia, Tac. h. 2, 78.

**re-cūro**, ās, m. running back, return, Inde alios ineunt cursus aliosque recursus, Verg. 5, 583; (undaē), Ov. Ib. 419; Maecandri recursibus, Plin. 5, 110; ut ad moenia urbis r. patet, Liv. 26, 42, 10 (deemed spurious by Mady.); (labyrinthi) occurus ac recursus, Plin. 36, 85; but in 16, 95 Sillig has natalisue pomorum annuos (without recursus).

**re-cūro**, āre, vb. bend or turn up, os (pecten) rectus in uiris, recurnatum magis in exteriora in feminis, Cels. 8, 1, p. 328, 10 D; bamulum mucrone intus recurnato, 7, 7, 4, p. 274, 11; praetorto capite et recurnato, Colum. 3, 18, 1; radix nucis duritia buni coereita recurnatur, 5, 10, 2; 2. bend by a rise (of the centre), si palmae lignum tam graniter oneres, ut magnitudo oneris sustineri non queat, sursum nititur recurnaturque, Gell. 3, 6, 2; 3. bend back, recurnatae (Maecandri) undae, Ov. M. 2, 246; add am. 1, 8, 6; equi luctantia colla, her. 4, 79.

**re-cūruis**, ad, [re up, back] turned up, with concave side upwards, tergo delina recurno Se memorant oneri subposuisse nouo, Ov. F. 2, 113; Coruus inauratum pedibus cratera recurnis Tollit, so when the bird is flying, 2, 251; (conchis) ad bucinum recurnis, Plin. 9, 103; cornuque recurno (sc. bucinia) Tartaream intendit uocem, Verg. 7, 513; puppis recurnat, Ov. M. 8, 141; 15, 698; recurnum et sursum uersus spectans, Colum. 3, 18, 2; 2. bent back, Cornibus aeris atque in sua terga recurnis (sc. capella), Ov. F. 5, 119; tecto recurno (the labyrinth), her. 10, 71; 3. gen., bent, curving, aera recurnia (fish-hooks), Ov. F. 6, 240; of iuy. M. 3, 664.

**re-cūsāb-ilis**, e, adj. that may be rejected, Tert. Marc. 4, 35 f.

**re-cūsatio**, ōnis, f. declining, excusing oneself from, Cic. or. 2, 26; Cat. 3, 5; leg. 2, 41; 2. met. stomachi, Petr. 141.

**re-cūso** or recusso, āre, vb. back out of with an excuse.

decline, excuse oneself from, postredie insisti adesse : non ausi recusare, Cato ap. Prisc. 1, 482, 12 K; Adsum : nam si apsim haut recussen quin mihi male sit, mel meum, Pl. Cure. 1, 3, 7; Numquid recussus (so Fleck.) contra me? Hand verbum quidem, Poen. 5, 6, 17; Tamen nunquam ausus sum recusare cum quam mihi obtrudit pater, Ter. Hee. 3, 1, 15; non recuso, non abno, Cic. Mil. 100; populum Romanum disceptatorem non modo non recuso sed etiam depono, Flac. 97; nullum periculum communis salutis causa recusare, Caes. b. g. 7, 2, 1; cum trigeminis agunt reges: nihil recusatur, Liv. 1, 84, 2; 2. w. inf., neque reperitur est quisquam qui... mori recusaret, Caes. b. g. 3, 22, 3; quae facere ipse recusavit, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 208; 3. w. ne, quin, quominus, (Regulus) sententiam ne diceret recusavit, non esse se senatorem, Cic. off. 3, 100; cum reliqui... ne unus omnes antecederet recusarent, Caes. b. c. 3, 82, 5; non possumus quin alii dissentiant recusare, Cic. acad. pr. 7; neque recusare, si lacessantur, quin armis contendant, Caes. b. g. 4, 7, 3; nec recusabo quo minus mea legant, Cic. fin. 1, 7; neque recusatos quo minus sub illorum ditione essent, Caes. b. g. 1, 31, 7; 4. met. genua impediunt cursuque recusant, Verg. 12, 747; ignis non nunquam alimenta recensat, Ov. M. 8, 837; castanea recensat glebam rubricam cretam, Plin. 17, 147; (geminae) recensat liniae probationem, 37, 199.

**recussabilis**, e, adj., to be thrown back, turn permissitibus viribus recussabili sfera (= sphaera) utatur (om. MSS) quam Italiani vocant (i.e. the *κορυμβος*), Cacl. Aur. tard. 3, 6, 88.

**recussus**, part.: see *recutio*.

**recussus**, us, m. rebound (in abl.), recussus (ibex) pernicus exsultat, Plin. 8, 214.

**recutio**, (quatio) ēre, cussi, cussus, vb. strike back—hence of an echo, stetit illa (aluns equi) tremens, uteroque recusso Insonitum cauae geminitum dedere caernae, Verg. 2, 52; Fit fragor... Horrui immensum Ponti latius... penitusque recuso Acquore Cyanas Myinae timere reditas, Val. F. 5, 166; Christi ingum, Aug. doct. Ch. 2, 40 f.

**recutitus**, part. (implies a vb. recuti-o of like meaning; re of reversal) unskinned (so to say), skinned, with the skin taken off, see ruptae recutita colla mullae, Mart. 9, 57, 4; 2. circumcised, Iudaei, Mart. 7, 30, 5; Petr. fr. tr. 68 B c. 3; sabbata, Pers. 5, 184.

**red**, see *red*.

**reda**, or *racda* (so MS E in Cic.) rather than *rheda* [of Gallic origin, and so akin to Bret. vb. *redic* and *redā*, run, W. vb. *rhedeg*, run, also to Bret. sb. *red*, course and W. sb. *rhed*, the same; cf. L. *currus* from *curo*] ae, f. a carriage, first on Gallic ground, aciem suam redis et carris circumderant, Caes. b. g. 1, 51, 2; add 6, 30, 2; hence: Curriculi genus est, memorat quod Gallia, redā, Ven. Fort. 3, 20; 2. hence, a light four-wheeled carriage, much used by the rich Romans, as fitted for great speed, quod si tuam heri redam (so MSS) non habuissim, varices haberem, Varr. ap. Non. 207, 18; Dixit (al. aliter) Medeam aduetaem per acra in reda (so MSS) anguibas, ib. 457, 15; equi ad redam idonei, r. 2, 7, 15; add Cic. Att. 5, 17, 1; 6, 1, 25; Mil. 28 (bis), 20 (ter); Phil. 2, 58; Quattuor hinc rapimur unguiti et milia redas, Hor. s. 1, 5, 80; quem tollere redā Vellet (Maeonias), 2, 6, 42; Cum cathedraticus portet tibi reda ministros, Mart. 10, 13, 1 (of one rich to his misery); add 3, 47, 5; Vel quot habet inuictos Vasatica reda caballos, Anon. ad Theon. ep. 19; Sed cismum aut pignra cautus consende uerendum: Non tibi sit redae, non amor acris equi, id. ep. 14, 14; rheda genus uehiculū quatuor rotarum, Isid. orig. 20, 12.

**red-accendo**, ēre, di, sus, vb. set on fire again, Tert. anim. 30 f.; res. carn. 12; Hier. ep. 5, 1.

**redactus**, part. see *redigo*.

**redactus**, us, m. return in money from a sale, money-produce, redactus menditionis soluerunt, Seav. dig. 46, 3, 88; ex redactu fructum holers et porinae, 7, 1, 58, 1.

**red-adopto**, āre, vb. adopt again, quem denouo redadop-tauit, Modest. dig. 1, 7, 41.

**redādūnatio**, ōnis, f. remission, Tert. res. carn. 30.

**red-ambulo**, āre, vb. walk back, bene ambula et red-ambula, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 120; ambulat reambulāt, not. Tir. 146.

**red-amo**, āre, vb. love in return, uel amare, uel, ut ita dicam (hence as a word not in use) redamare, Cic. am. 49.

**red-ampiro**, (the simple vb. *ampiro* from *am* round + *ped* foot—for the r of *ar*=*ad*, *auris* w. *audio*—or else *amper*=*amber*, see *amfractus*) in either case through an adj. *ampirus*] āre, vb. pironette in return, redampirare dicitur in Saliorum exultationibus, cum praesul ampirauit (so MSS), id. referuntur inimici idem motus Lucili: (cum uidit ipse) Praesul ut ampirēt (so MSS), inde (monos, or else at) uolgens redampirabit, 3...[and met.]. Pacuinus: promittenda gratia: Sumul cum uideam Graios nil medioeriter Redampirare opibusque summis prosequi; Fest. 270 b 32 M—wh. the MS has 1 redamtrare, 2 redamplauit (agst meteo), 3 redampirare; 2. hence by de-cap. Fr. pironette, Sp. pironeta.

**redānīmatio**, ōnis, f. reanimating, Tert. res. carn. 38.

**red-ānimo**, āre, vb. reanimate, Tert. res. carn. 13, 19 and 31.

**red-ardesco**, ēre, vb. blaze up again, met. Flamma redardescet quae modo nulla fuit, Ov. rem. am. 734.

**red-arguo**, ēre, ni, vb. [red of reversal] disprove, prove to be untrue, refute, oratio quae neque redargui neque conuinci potest, Cic. Tūm. 3; nūm omnem deorum, N. D. 3, 88; illa, or. 2, 293; contraria, part. or. 33; Aduenit qui uestra dies... Verba redarguerit, Verg. 11, 688; famulos libellos, Suet. Aug. 55; crimen ipsum, Quint. 11, 1, 9; 2. with acc. of person, convict of misstatement, refute, confute, redargue me si mentior, Cic. Clu. 62; opto redargui me, N. D. 3, 95; add Tusc. 2, 5; redarguius aperte ut Cicerio Curium de annis actatis suae mentientem, Quint. 6, 3, 73; 3. without acc., id. Sextilius factum negabit; poterat autem impune, quia enim redargueret (sc. id or eum); Cic. fin. 2, 55; add Quint. 6, 3, 73 above; 4. prove in answer, in hoc inconstantiam redarguo tuam, Cic. 2<sup>a</sup> dom. 21; rationem falsam quidem sed quam redarguere falsam esse tu non queas, Gell. 15, 9, 7.

**redārīus** or *redarius* (so MS E in Cic.) adj. of a carriage (redā), muli, Varr. r. 3, 17, 2; 2. as sb. m. coachman, Cic. Mil. 29; 3. a coach-builder, redarius, Capit. Mix. et Balb. 5, 1.

**red-armo**, āre, vb. arm again, Dict. Cret. 2 med.

**red-auspicio**, āre, vb. take the auspices again, met. Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 109.

**reddito**, ōnis, f. making a return, rationis, Aug. c. D. 21, 7; 2. in rhetoric, an apodosis, Quint. 8, 3 §§ 77, 79 and 80.

**redditiuus**, adj. of the class *reddita*, answering to something preceding (antece-dens), corresponding, as talis to qualis, Prisc. 2, 128, 19 K; 132, 4 and 9; 491, 23; 501, 21; but in Diom. 437, 20 K (432 P) Keil has: *redditas* w. *ss* (not *redditiuus*).

**redditor**, ōnis, m. one who pays, Aug. ep. 5 med.

**red-do**, dēre, didi, ditus, vb. put back, give back, restore, possessionem dedit ausquauit reddidit, CIL 200, 16; in Sicilia fugientes Italicoorum conqueasini reddidit homines

recepit, 551; Postulo aps te ut mi illum reddas seruum quem hic reliqueam, Pl. Capt. 5, 1, 18; primum ut suis (eum) restitua ac reddam, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 67; cogebantur Sullani homines quae per nim abstulerant reddere, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 21; (ut) obseques quos habere ac Haedius redderet, Caes. b. g. 1, 35, 3; tribuni uobis amissa reddunt, Liv. 3, 68, 4; 2. esp. pay back (what is due), pay (a debt) repay, nihil facinus reddit, Pl. Most. 3, 1, 71; reddere est id quod debens et cuius est uolenti dare, Sen. ben. 7, 19, 2; reddere quod debes, 3, 14, 3; 3. hence of vows, sacrifices, promises, discharge, perform, offer, caute nota reddunt, XII tab. ap. Cic. leg. 2, 22; reddita nota Ioui, Or. tr. 3, 12, 40; Languis et pandis fumania reddimus exta, Verg. G. 4, 194; Flauaque Thebaeae reddit hiba deae, Ov. F. 6, 476; reddique nota promissa iubeant, Verg. 5, 386; 4. in writing, fulfil a promise, tertium actum de pastionibus

postea tibi reddam, Varr. r. 3, 17, 1; perge de Caesare et redde quae restant, Cic. Brut. 258; cetera suis reddemus locis, Plin. 30, 20; 6. of penalties incurred and so of punishment, pay, suffer, mearum miseriarum gravis poenas reddet, Sal. Jug. 14, 21; 6. of returns for acts of kindness etc., repay, Pro benefactis eius ut ei pretium possim reddere, Pl. Capt. 5, 1, 20; duo genera liberalitatis, unum dandi beneficii, alterum reddendi, Cic. off. 1, 48; beneficia inuitus accipere, sed ea propterantur quam aes mutuum reddere, Sal. Jug. 96, 2; quod vires, nunquam tibi redditam gratiam putaueris, 110, 4; pro qui o grati paries egestatem et famem redditis, Pomp. ap. Sal. frag.; Hannu haud multo minorem quam ad Beneuentum acceperat reddidit hosti clauem, Liv. 24, 29, 2; 7. of land etc. (cf. Fr. rente, E. rent), return, bring in, Fructum quam Lemni uxoris reddunt praedia, Ter. Ph. 4, 3, 75; Et sata cum multo faenore reddidit ager, Ov. Pont. 1, 5, 26; cum in pabulo (pretium) non minus redderet quam in foeno, Colum. 2, 16, 2; bene positam vineam bono cultu numquam non cum magno faenore gratiam reddidisse, 4, 3, 5; 8. administer (justice), as giving to each his due, magistratus ad iudicium de eadem causa iterum ut reddant tibi, Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 57; neque his petentibus ins redditur, Caes. b. g. 6, 13, 7; Sancta incorrupta iura reddebat fide, Phaedr. 4, 13, 8; 9. as do is of handing a letter to the carrier, so reddo of its delivery, Cincius cum mihi abs te epistolam reddidit quam tu idib. Febr. dederas, Cic. Att. 1, 20, 1; cum ad te litteras delisses, reddidit mihi litterae sunt a Pompeio, S. 1, 1; progressu ei paulo longius litterae a Gadibus redduntur, Caes. b. c. 2, 20, 2; cum litteris cum quas Micipsa redderet dimisit, Sal. Jug. 9, 1; 10. of what is returned from the body having previously entered it, cum aspera arteria excipiat animam spiritum eandemque a pulmonibus reddat, Cic. N. D. 2, 136; spinas aliunde quid faucibus adhaerens...reddi, Plin. 28, 190—throw up—; dum nimis imperat uoci sanguinem reddidit, Plin. ep. 5, 19, 6; 11. esp. of the egesta, cui satis alius quotidie reddidit, Cels. 2, 12, 2, p. 57, 18 D; add 7, 23; asinus bene confectum reddidit finium, Colum. 2, 14, 4; inter aquaticas (auis) mergi soliti sunt deorae quae ceterae reddunt, Plin. 10, 130; urbanis, S. 165; 12. of dying (cf. 5th ex.), nona reddebant lampade uitam, Lucr. 6, 1198; Integer hanc potui nuper bene reddere lucem, Ov. tr. 3, 3, 35; uitam, lb. 403; cum ultimam redderet spiritum, Vell. 2, 14, 2; animam caelestem caelo reddidit, 2, 123, 3; ita summum diem securus reddat, Sen. Oed. 275; 13. of burial, reddere corpus humo, Prop. 3, 5, 37; 14. give back (words), answer, report, Reddere de multis ut verba nouissima posset, Ov. M. 3, 361 (of Echo); but in 6, 329 Merkel has rettulit; 15. translate, render (into—), cum ea quae legeram Graece, Latine redderem, Cic. or. 1, 155; uerbum pro uerbo reddere, opt. gen. or. 14; 16. met. answer, correspond, siue paribus paria redduntur, siue opponuntur contraria, Cic. orat. 164; cf. redditus; 17. r. rationes or rationem, give in an account (as steward etc.); 18. hence met., Tibin (or Tibi) ego rationem reddam? Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 14; Aul. 1, 1, 6; ut rationem redderet populo Romano cur ex Gallia in Histriam transisset, Liv. 41, 7, 7; 19. of change from one condition to another, render (cf. Fr. rendre=reddere), make, Tam frictum ego illum reddam, quam frictum cicer, Pl. Bac. 4, 5, 7; Reddam ego te ex fera fama mansuetam, As. 1, 2, 19; Tametsi bonast natura, reddunt curatura iuncum, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 25; Quum feruit maxime, tam placidum quam ouem reddo, Ad. 4, 1, 18; add 5, 3, 63; me hebetem molestiae reddiderunt, Cic. Att. 9, 17, 2; domum (Stenii) exornatam et instructam fere (Verres) reddiderat nudam atque inanem, Verr. 2, 2, 84; quae res etc., et post eum quae essent uita ab hostibus reddebant, Caes. b. g. 2, 5, 5; haec itinera infesta reddiderant, b. c. 3, 79, 4; 20. w. acc. of perf. part. and dat. of person, expressed or understood, effect it for him, libertatem Tibi...dabo si inpetras, Reddam inpetratum, Pl. Mil. 4, 5, 15; Efectum hoc hodie reddam utrumque, Ps. 1, 5, 116; actum reddam, Trin. 3, 2, 90; 21. reproduce what one has heard or been taught, ut quae secum commentatus esset ea

uerbis eisdem redderet quibus cogitauisset, Cic. Brut. 301; reddidit carmen docilis modorum, Hor. od. 4, 6, 43; Vt puerum saeuo credas dictata magistro Reddere, ep. 1, 18, 14; 22. met. reproduce, et qui te nomine reddet Siluius Aeneas, Verg. 6, 768; faciem reddi in seuto cuiusque, Plin. 35, 13; illam matrem ut reddat ea referi nonis, sic auferat, Plin. ep. 7, 19, 9; in litteris ueteres aemulator eximit reddit, 9, 22, 1; reddentia formam Ora tuam laeas, Sil. 2, 634; omnia pictor reddiderat, Petr. 29; 23. hence nitris acinis imaginem quamdam uiae reddidit, Plin. 34, 123; reddidit flammam purpureas, 35, 46; odorem croci saporemque reddidit, 36, 177; 24. for the simple do, says Cels. dig. 50, 16, 94; uerbum reddendi quanquam significatum habet retro dandi recipit tam, dandi significationem, but? 25. fut. reddibo occurs in Pl. Cas. 1, 41; nunquam Iteumum est aequae atque ego te ruri reddibo; but reddibitur in Epid. 1, 1, 22 dub.; 26. a part. redditus in Lucr. 4, 761 non rejected.

**redemptio**, ōnis, f. contracting for the farming of public revenue, non temeritate redemptiois anilios publicanos, Cic. pron. cons. 11; 2. redeeming, ransom, cum captiuis r. negabatur, Liv. 25, 6, 14; puellae, Val. M. 4, 3, 1; 3. buying off, suppression by means of money, iudicii, Cic. Verr. 1, 16.

**redemptio**, āre, vb. frq. redeem,—hence met. malefacta benefactis, Cato ap. Fest. 286 b 22 M.

**redempto**, āre, vb. redēam, ransom (uancipia), Tac. h. 3, 34.

**redemptor**, ōris, m. a contractor for public work, farmer of revenue, redemptorci quod elige (= e lege) locationis dari oportebit damdam (sic) curato, CIL. 206, 49; Marci Vergilii Eurysacis pistoris redemptorici, 1013; add 1014; r. qui columnam faciendam conduxerat, Cic. din. 2, 47; hostias nisi r. praebuisset, inu. 2, 96; Festinat...multis perulicis r., Hor. ep. 2, 2, 72; add Liv. 34, 9, 12; tutelae Capitolio r., Plin. 35, 14; ne recentiore trima uteretur r. (calce), 36, 176; uiae publicae per redemptores muniantur, Cic. Flac. p. 146, 4 Lachm.; r. pontis portorium exigebat, Labeo dig. 19, 2, 60, 8; fisci uectigalium, Papin. 50, 5, 8, 1; r. operum, inser. Or. 1523; r. proscenii, 1713; scenariis redempt., 2636; Q. Tullius A. l. Niger red. ab aet(aria), 3236; 2. in law, met. of one who contracts to hold a litigant free of expense, si quos causarum concinnatores uel redemptores deprehendat, Ulp. dig. 1, 16, 9, 2; litium alienarum, cod. Th. 4, 35, 22; calumniarum, 2, 14, 1; 3. one who ransoms, nisi (redemptus) redemptori satisfecerit, Tryphon. 49, 15, 12, 14; add §§ 17 and 18; 4. in Fathers, the Redeemer, Hier. ep. 66, 8 f.; Aug. serm. 130, 2.

**redemptrix**, icis, adj. or sb. f. one who buys off, ransoms or redeems, Prud. perist. 10, 773; Coripp. laud. Iust. 4, 297.

**redemptūra**, ae, f. business of a contractor or farmer of public works, cohabitando qui redempturus auisset patrimonium ut rei publicae ex qua cruenisset tempus commodatorem, conducerent quae praecedenda quae ad exercitum opus essent, Liv. 23, 48, 10; redempturis faciendis, Ulp. dig. 14, 3, 5, 2; add Paul. 2, 8, 2.

**red-oe**, ire, redini? or redi, reditum, vb. go back, return, L. Munn(ia) L. f. cos...Corinto delecto Romam rediit, CIL. 541; Achaei Troia domum redeunt, Cato ap. Prob. ad Verg. B. 5 p. 3 Kell; cito ambula: actutum redi, Pl. Trin. 4, 4, 16; peregre rediens, Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 13; ut primum e provincia rediit, Cic. Verr. 1, 16; 2. of time or with time, return, revolve, come round again, redit agricolis labor actus in orbem, Verg. G. 2, 401; ter demis redeuntibus annis, A. S. 47; redeunt iam graminia campis, Hor. od. 4, 7, 1; arboribus Frondes, Ov. F. 3, 237; redeuntia saecula, Mart. 4, 1, 7; 3. dies proferunt dum ex tanto gaudio in potestatem nostram redeamus, Cato ap. Gell. 6 (7), 3, 14; redeunt rursus in gratiam, Pl. Amph. 3, 2, 59; add Cic. pron. cons. 21; Caes. b. c. 1, 4, 4; istoc uerbo animus mihi redit et cura ex corde excessit, Ter. Hec. 3, 2, 12; Vt rediit animus, pariter rediere dolores, Ov. her. 13, 29; 4. esp. in phrases such as: animus rediit, sic mecum seruiatur fides, Pl. Merc. 3, 1, 32; aspersit aquam: iam rediit animus, Truc. 2, 4, 16; reprimere iracundiam atque ad te

redit, Ter. Ad. 5, 3, 8; Si sperat fore clam, rursum ad ingenium redit, 1, 1, 46; id quod animum induxerat panisiter non tenuit sed cito ad se rediit, Cic. Att. 7, 3, 8; repente redit ad se atque ad mores suos, Caecil. 57; iam ad se rediisse (regem), Liv. 1, 41, 5; 5. of the memory, first w. nom. of person, redit mecum in memoriam, Ter. Ph. 5, 3, 19; in memoria redit Quinctius quo die Roma profectus sit, Cic. Quinct. 57; (sepulchris) legendis in memoriam redeo mortuorum, sen. 1, 1, 108; in memoriam redit orator, inn. 1, 98; 6. also w. nom. of idea, redit animo illi latus clausa, illi suffragia, illi sermones, Plin. ep. 2, 23, 6; 7. after digression, go back to, return, sed redeamus illic unde deerimus, Cic. fam. 12, 25, 5; haec de rebus forensibus; redeamus domum, 7, 1, 9; sed iam de prouincis decedatur in urbem-que redeat\*, leg. 3, 18; ad inceptum redeo, Sal. Jug. 3, 9; 42, 5; ad rem redeo, 79, 10; illic unde abii redeo, Hor. s. 1, 1, 108; 8. of produce, return, bring in, Iamne enumerasti id quod ad te reditum putes? Ter. Ad. 2, 2, 28; ut alibi ex eodem semine cum decimo redeat, alibi cum quintodecimo, Varr. r. 1, 4, 4, 1; in Sybaritano cum centesimo redire solitum, 1, 4, 2; possente fructus pro impensa ac labore redire, 1, 2, 8; Ex pecore redeunt ter duena Parmensis, Mart. 4, 37, 5; cf. reddo § 7; 9. of property or power changing hands, devolve (on), come (to), pass (to), Eius morte ea ad me lege redierunt bona, Ter. Andr. 4, 5, 4; ea ad hos redibat lege hereditas, Hec. 1, 2, 97; Venus Quam penes amantium summa summorum redit, Pl. Trin. 1, 1, 4; Iuppiter, Quom ad deos minores redierit regnum tuum, Cas. 2, 5, 27; ad te summa solum, Phormio, rerum redit, Ter. Ph. 2, 2, 3; se alterum fore Sullam al quem summa imperii releat, Caes. b. c. 1, 4, 2; quorum ad arbitrium summa rerum redeat, 6, 11, 3; 10. of book-keeping, be transferred from day-book to ledger, be finally registered, haec bona in tabulas publicas nulla redierunt, Cic. Rose. Am. 128; of a change of circumstances, a result come (to), Aleon rem rediisse... patrem ut extimescat! Ter. Ph. 1, 3, 1; Quod si eo meae fortunae redeunt, Phanium, abs te ut distraha, 1, 4, 23; in eum iam res redit locum Vt sit necesse, Haut. 2, 3, 118; milii illuc (=ad illos; mss illaue; Bentl. ej. illic) uere ad rastrores res redit, 5, 1, 58; opinione trium legionum deiectis ad duas redierat, Caes. b. g. 5, 48, 1; 11. so too gen. result, come (to), Nempe incommoditas denique huc omnis redit, Si eueniat..., Ter. Andr. 3, 3, 35; Nempe omnia haec nunc uerba huc redeunt denique: Ego excludi, ille recipitur, Eun. 1, 2, 78; 12. change of action, have recourse (to), fall back upon, Pompeiani pilis missis ad gladios redierunt, Caes. b. c. 3, 93, 2; cum ab hostibus eodem modo pugnaretur, nec comminus ad manus rediret\*, bell. Afr. 18, 4; 13. w. cogn. acc., itque reditque uiam, Verg. 6, 122; 14. an acc. w. the simple vb. is implied in tecta non redeunda of Ov. Ib. 372; 15. as pass. impers., add to ex. \* above: dum stas reditum oportuit, Pl. Pers. 3, 3, 43; dum ab illo rediri posset, Caes. b. c. 3, 16, 5; quum in urbem rediretur, Liv. 8, 11, 4; 16. rediunt in Lucili, ap. Non. 348, 26 is a mere error of copyists for redibit: Si non tamen huc ad te (so stas B with metric) rediunt, tu hoc carebis commodo; 17. a fut. rediet is a bad ej. of Haupt (Herm. 3, 153) for redit as in German. phæn. 712: non inter ipse In caelum redit, at pars dextera mergitur undis;—wh. read redidit, cf. ito, inito, addito, perito; 18. a fut. rediibo or reddebo ace. to Non. 476 and some mss in Pl. Men. 5, 7, 49; 19. an old rediunt=redeunt, like produnt, Enn. ap. Fest. 286 a 13 M.

**rederguisse**, for redarguisse, Seip. Afric. ap. Fest. 273 a 7 M.

**red-halo**, āre, vb. send up (air), exhale, Terraque cum fumans umorem tota redhalat, Red. 6, 523 f.

**red-hibeo**, or reth-\* (red of reversal), ēre, nī, itus, vb. un-have so to say, return on the hands of a vendor a slave or animal for unsoundness, redhibere est facere ut rursus habeat uenditor, Ulp. dig. 21, 1, 21; cf. Fest. 270 b 15 M; si quis hominem uenditor redhibuerit, 41, 2, 13, 2; add Iulian. 41, 4, 7, 4; si male emptae Forent nobis istas redhiberi\* (so MS B) haut liceret, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 113; ea (uitia)

quae nisi dixeris redhibebat mancipium iure ciuili, Cic. off. 3, 91; rethiberi\* posse (eunuchum) quasi morbosum, Gell. 4, 2, 7; add 4, 2, 10\*, 11\* and 12\*; 17, 6, 2; 2. hand over (a deserunt), ad ea signa quibus destinati fuerant, redhibendi sunt, col. Th. 7, 18, 13, 1; 3. beyond legal sphere, restore, Salmo (argentum) tibi item ut mihi dedisti redhibeo (so CD; sed habeo B; reddido, Non. 476); hic me inane, Pl. Men. 5, 7, 49; 11. 4. take back (what has been sold, if objected to), Dixit se redhibere, si non placat, Pl. Merc. 2, 3, 87.

**redhibito**, or reth-\*, ōnis, f. the act redhibendi; si quis plures digitos habeat..., non est in causa redhibitionis, Ulp. dig. 21, 1, 10, 2; facta redhibitione omnia in integrum restituantur, Paul. 21, 1, 60; add Ulp. 19, 1, 11, 5; mancipii, Quint. 8, 3, 14; si...concipere fetus non posset, tum esse in causa rethibitionis\*, Gell. 4, 2, 10; 2. restitution, multae, col. Th. 4, 8, 1, 4; sumptuum damnumque, 10, 8, 5; carnis et sanguinis, Tert. res. carn. 32.

**redhibitor**, ἀναδοχος, Gloss. Philox.

**redhibitorius**, adj. of a redhibitor (see redhibeo), indici-um, (Gai. dig. 21, 1, 18; actio, Ulp. 21, 1, 23, 7; 50, 16, 105, 3.

**red-hostio**, ire, vb. redhostie gratiam referre, nam et hostire pro aequare posuerunt, Paul. ex F. 271; redostit redit (reddidit?), Non. 165, 20, who quotes corrupt pass. from Naev. and Aec.

**re-dico**, ēre, vb. say again, Sidon. ep. 9, 13 med.

**Rediculus**, adj. as title of a god, Rediculi fanum extra portam Capenam quia accedens ad Urbem Hannibal ex eo loco redierit uisus perterritus, Fest. 282 a 23 M; dextra uiae Appiae ad li lapidem in campo Rediculi, Plin. 10, 122.

**red-igo**, ēre, ēgi, actus, vb. drive back, tauris in gregem, Varr. r. 2, 5, 12; Disiectosque redegit equos, Lucr. 5, 403; hostem in castra, Liv. 21, 9, 2; muleati uirgis in Capuam rediguntur, 26, 12, 19; Et redigunt actos in sua rura boues, Ov. F. 3, 64; 2. met., bring back to a former state, ego redigam nos in gratiam, Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 73; rem ad pristinum rationem redegit, Caes. b. c. 1, 76, 5; ciuitates ad planum, Plin. 20, 93; 3. of memory, tu redige in memoriam, Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 36; r. uos in memoriam, Rutil. Lup. 2, 7; 4. bring to another, esp. a more limited condition; reduce, bring down, first of matter, familiam ad paucos redactam, Cic. Mare. 10; hos ipsos (sc. libros viii) utiliter ad vi libros redegit Diophanes, Varr. r. 1, 1, 10; (uitis) ad ultimam redigitur maciem, Colum. 4, 3, 5; sextarii tres suci leni uapore ad erassitudinem mellis rediguntur, Plin. 23, 136; 5. of the non-material, Nil moror quae in seruitutem sumptibus redigunt uiros, Pl. Aul. 2, 1, 47; Eheu redactus sum usque ad unam hanc tuniculam, Rud. 2, 6, 65; ad inopiam redigat patrem, Ter. Haut. 5, 1, 56; hem quo redactus sum, Eun. 2, 2, 7; Donec ad interitum genus id natura redegit, Lucr. 5, 877; timorem ad nerum, Sen. ep. 13, 13; farris pretium ad assem, Plin. 18, 15; 6. esp. of subjection to power, si uulnere hunc redegissem in potestatem eius, Pl. Rud. 5, 3, 23; euitatum in potestatem, Caes. b. g. 7, 13, 3; belliosissimas gentes in dicionem huius imperii, Cic. Phil. 5, 13; 7. bring to another condition (=reddo) facilia ex difficillimis animi magnitudo redegerat (reddiderat?); 8. of money, or money's worth, pay in (what has been received), (sei is ind) ex pecuniis omnium ad quaestorem redigere non poterit, tum in diebus x proxumis quibus (quae potuit) redacta erit, index..., CIL 108, 62; add § 68; Atque omne ego argentum tibi hoc actutum incolone redigam, Pl. Pers. 2, 5, 23; bona uendit, pecuniam redigit, Cic. Caecil. 56; quicquid captum ex hostibus est uendit lit ae redegit in publicum, Liv. 2, 42, 2; (praedia) pars maxima ad quaestorem redacta est, 5, 19, 8; add 5, 16, 7; redigeretur praedia in fiscum, Tac. h. 4, 7, 2; fructus ad eum redigendi sunt, Iulian. dig. 10, 2, 51; 9. obtain in return (for labour or money spent), realize, collect, cum omnem pecuniam ex neccitalibus redegissetis, Cic. agr. 2, 98; omnem redegit Idibus pecuniam, Hor. epod. 2, 69; quod in fructus redigendos est impensum ipsos fructus deminuere debere, Ulp. dig. 22, 1, 46; colere agros et fructus redigere, 36, 4, 5, 22.

**redimiae**, χυρπα, Gloss. Philox.

**redimicūlat**, (red of reversal) *αναλιν δειματα*, Gloss. Philox.

**redimicūlum**, i, n. [redimic- older form of redimi-] prop., a band for securing ornaments of the head often with depending lappets, worn by ladies, eastern races and priests, mulieres optatae auro purpuraceae, diadema, coronas aureas, pelles, redimicula, Cato orig. 29, 2 f; a chaplet, Et tunicae manicas et habent redimicula mitrae, Verg. 9, 616; qui longa domi redimicula sumunt Frontibus et toto posuere monilia collo, Iuv. 2, 84; redimicula sunt quibus mitra adligatur, Isid. or. 19, 31. 2. less correctly for the neck, Aurea marmoreo redimicula soluite collo, Ov. F. 4, 135; Aure leues haec, redimicula pectore pendunt, M. 10, 265; 3. less distinctly, haec civitas mulieri redimiculum praebet, haec in collum, haec in crines, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 76; ut necerentur ex vis (sc. pampinis) Nymphis Bacchis quae redimicula, Fronto eloq. f. 4. met., (in a woman's mouth) Vt esset aliquis laqueus et redimiculum Neuronem ut ad me faceret denuo, Pl. Truc. 4, 4, 44.

**red-imio**, ire, ii, itum, vb. [for red-imico, from a lost vb. amico (=amicio) whence amictus; redimic-ulum has kept the c; with red up] bind up, encircle, gird, esp. of circular head ornaments, accubantes in conviviis sertis redimiti, Cic. Cat. 2, 10; add Tusc. 3, 43; angustio redimitā capillo Frons, Catul. 64, 193; tempora uitta, Verg. 10, 538; hedera capillos, Ov. F. 6, 483; papaver frontem, 4, 661; mitra capillos, her. 9, 63; frontem corona, Mart. 8, 70, 6; 2. of neck also, Tum caput atque humeros plexis redimire coronis, Lucr. 5, 1399; and bosom, redimibit zona papillas, Aus. epig. 94; 3. met. of inanimate things, chiefly with part. redimitus, wreathed, terra quasi cingulis, Cic. rep. 6, 21; (corollis) domus, Catul. 63, 66; fastigium acedis tintinnabulis redimit, Suet. Aug. 91; Naxos ponto, Sen. Oed. 499; redimitum missile, of the thyrsus, Stat. Ach. 1, 612.

**redimitus**, ūs, m. only in abl. head-dress, Sol. 33, 16. **redīmo**, ire, dēmi, dēptus or dēmtus, vb. buy again, buy back, tuo ero redempta es rursum: Ego te redemi illi, Pl. Merc. 3, 1, 31; servus si redemptus sit a testatore, Ulp. dig. 28, 5, 9, 16; (Pompeii domum) non minoris quam emit Antonius redimet Pompeii filius, Cic. Phil. 13, 10; de domo Frusinati redimendo, Att. 11, 13, 4; qui serum redemerit, Ulp. dig. 17, 1, 19; si rem depositam vendidisti eamque postea redemisti, 16, 3, 1, 25; 2. buy back, redeem, ransom (from slavery etc.), Tum redimes me si me hostes interceptint? Pl. As. 1, 1, 92; Meum ut illi redimat filium, Capt. 2, 3, 6; add 37; Pers. 4, 6, 14; captos a praedonibus, Cic. off. 2, 55; add § 63; redimendi se captivis copiam facere, Liv. 22, 58, 4; add 22, 59, 6 and 7; Sit qui me raptum pugna pretione redemptum Mandet humo, Verg. 9, 213; ut eos ex hostibus redimeret, Paul. dig. 24, 3, 20; 3. met. first w. acc. of thing valued, vitam omnium eorum quod hominum perditionem poena redemi, Cic. Sul. 33; pecunia se a iudiciis, Mil. 87; parte fructum pacem, Q. fr. 1, 1, 34; omnium gratiam eius morte, Caes. b. g. 1, 44, 12; largitione militum voluntates, b. c. 1, 39, 4; belli moram, Sal. lug. 29, 3; ab invidia (Fortunae) se redimi, Plin. 37, 3; facilitate dissimulationem, Tac. Agr. 6; 4. with acc. of thing to be got rid of, by buy off, (hanc perturbationem) a re publica meis incommodis libentissime redemissem, Cic. fam. 2, 16, 4; metum ungarum pretio, Verr. 2, 5, 117; Si mea mors redimenda tua (quod abominor) esset, Ov. Pont. 3, 1, 105; delatorem, Ulp. dig. 49, 14, 29; 5. redeem (faults by virtues), compensate, atone for, purchase immunity for, Vt sua per nostram redimat peruria poenam, Ov. am. 3, 3, 21; aas grande quo flagitium aut facinus redimeret, Sal. Cat. 14, 3; praeteritam culpam, Planc. ap. Cic. fam. 10, 8, 1; vitium auctore, Ov. her. 16 (17), 49; multa desidia crimina morte, Vell. 2, 87, 1; nitia virtutibus, Sen. exc. contr. praef. 11; 6. buy in return, orabo ut mihi palmam reddat, quam dudum dedi: Aliam illi redimam meliorem, Pl. Men. 4, 2, 110; add 4, 3, 6; uendentibus quae capiunt, nihil invicem redimentibus; Plin. 6, 162; 11 7. contract for public work, gen.

with a gerundive (expressed or understood), quaequom id publicum fruendum redemptum conductum habebit, CIL 200, 25; uetigalia, 204, 2, 35; uiam tuendam, 206, 40; add 577, 1, 6; classium ad comitia centuriata, edict. ap. Varr. 1, 6, 9; picarias, Cic. Brut. 85; portoria, Caes. b. g. 1, 18, 3; 8. for other than public work, nementia texenda uel naum fabricandam, Ulp. dig. 7, 8, 12, 6; 9. r. lites, take the risk of another's suit for a consideration, Cic. Rose. com. 35; euentum litium, Papin. dig. 17, 1, 7; 10. obtain by bribery, sententiam, Macer 49, 14, 34; 11. bribe, amulus, cod. Th. 10, 53, 1; testes, 4, 20, 18.

**red-inde**, ēre, ui, ūtus, vb. put on again, carnem, Tert. res. carn. 42 f.

**redintegrāto**, ōnis, f. renewal, Macrobr. s. 1, 11, 5; Arnob. 7 p. 249; Tert. Marc. 4, 10; 2. repetition, uerbi, Cornif. ad Her. 4, 38.

**redintegrātor**, ōris, m. restorer, operum publicor., inscr. Or. 3766; somnus r. uirum, Tert. anim. 43 med.

**red-intēgro**, āre, vb. make whole again, renew, restore, refresh, deminutas copias, Caes. b. g. 7, 31, 4; (otus), Varr. r. 2, 2, 10; (columbas), 3, 7, 6; fontes, Sen. ben. 4, 25, 2; bellum, Cic. fam. 11, 9, 1; proclium, Caes. b. g. 1, 25, 6; legentium animum, Tac. an. 4, 33; spem uictoriae, Caes. b. g. 7, 25, 1; memoriam, Cic. mu. 1, 99; Liv. 3, 56, 2; lactium, Plin. pan. 61 f.; iacturam, cod. Th. 12, 6, 11; 2. repeat, uerbum, Cornif. ad Her. 4, 38; 3. as vb. intr. become whole again, be renewed, incunditas in herba redintegrabit, Varr. r. 2, 2, 11.

**redinunt**, see redco § 19.

**red-inueniō**, ire, ueni, vb. find again, coronam, Tert. anim. 46 m.

**red-ipiscor**, (apiscor) i, vb. r. get again, recover, find again, intr. comae homines condalium te redicipi postulas? Pl. Trin. 4, 3, 13.

**red-isco**, ēre, vb. learn again, Venant. u. S. Mart. 1, 122. **red-istio**, ōnis, f. returning, return, iube eum abire rursum: quid illi reditio huc etiam fuit? Pl. Most. 2, 1, 30; Quid (elidit) huc reditiost? Quod uestis haec (haec om. mss) mutatio? Ter. Eun. 4, 4, 4; celeritas reditionis, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 16; domum r., Caes. b. g. 1, 5, 3.

**red-ito**, āre, vb. frq. return, hant totum carnes (sc. Myrtilon, the constellation): non integer ipse In caelum redit (eld. and prob. mss redit at; Haupt by a bad cj. rediet, as a fut.), pars dextera mergitur undis, German. phaen. 712; cf. itare, ititare, aditare, peritare; and esp. peritat in Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 32 changed by Fleck. to perit at. A refl. vb. for a periodical action is in place.

**redītus**, ūs, m. returning, return, quis (al. qui) noster itus reditus intr istos (ueteranos)? Cic. Att. 15, 5, 3; septenos solis amfractus reditusque, rep. 6, 12; his reditu interclusis, Caes. b. g. 4, 30, 2; 2. as opp. to reuersio, the turning back in order to return, reditus the return completed, quam ualde illi reditu uel potius reuersione mea laetatus? Cic. Att. 16, 7, 5; 3. met., in gratiam, Cic. Att. 2, 3, 3; si r. ei gratiae paterit, har. resp. 52; 4. return in the way of profit, produce, income, rent, omnis eius pecuniae reditus constabat in Eprochitis possessionibus, Nep. Att. 14, 3; Aut populi reditus? postam componet ad hastam, Ov. Pont. 4, 5, 19; nunc reditus? hastae, 4, 9, 45; add am. 1, 10, 41; r. propter condicionem agellorum incertior, Plin. ep. 2, 4, 3; Caesaris reditus?, Suet. Cal. 41; add 16; eum ad quem reditus? omnes perueniunt, siue is domus natus sit, siue..., Ulp. dig. 14, 1, 1, 15; quare debet an pecuniam pupillus habeat uel in numerato... uel in reditum? spe, 27, 9, 5, 9; 5. to exx. of plur. \* above add Verg. 11, 54; Hor. epod. 16, 35; Ov. M. 11, 576.

**rediuia**, see reduuia.

**rediuuius**, adj. coming to life again, met., bella, Sil. 10, 257; 2. of matter previously used and turned to account again, employed in rebuilding, columnam efflicere nouam, nullo lapide rediuio, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 147; rediuia sibi habeto, ib. 148; rudus si nouum erit..., si rediuuium fuerit..., Vitr. 7, 1, 3; 3. in Sil. 1, 106 read rediuia.

**redō**, ōnis, m. a kind of fish, Auson. id. 10, 89.

**red-oleo**, ēre, ui, vb. smell, give out a smell, hence w. acc. smell of, unum, Cic. Phil. 2, 63; foetorem acco-

remue, Colum. 12, 17, 3; unguenta, Plin. 11, 61; delicias Cosmi, Mart. 14, 59; thynnum, Quint. 12, 10, 25; 2. met., where we say savour of, antiquitatem, Cic. Brut. 82; doctrinam exercitationemque puerilem, or, 2, 109; seruitutem, Val. M. 6, 2, 8; 3. w. abl., thymo, Verg. G. 4, 169; A. 1, 440; nectare, Val. F. 4, 15; thymi flore, Val. M. 1, 6 ext. 3; 4. without such cases, Malv. Ov. M. 8, 675; graniter, Mart. 13, 18.

**redomo?** ēre, rather than ēre, vb. implied in redomitus tamed down, met., improbi ac perditii ciues redomiti atque uicti, Cic. Sul. 1.

**redōnātor**, ōris, m. one who gives back again, a restorer, uiae populi, inser. Or. 6.

**redōno**, āre, vb. give back again, te dis patriis, Hor. od. 2, 7, 3; 2. met. forget and forgive out of regard (to), iras et nepotem Marti, Hor. od. 3, 30.

**red-ōpto**, āre, vb. pray for again, Tert. res. carn. 4 f.

**red-ordior**, iri, vb. r. unweave, perfusam aqua depectentes frondium canitum, the silkworm's, unde geminus labor redordien li fila rursusque texendi, Plin. 6, 54; (telas aranearum) redordiri rursusque texere, 11, 76.

**red-dormio**, īre, vb. sleep again, Cels. 1, 2, p. 148 D; Plin. ep. 9, 36, 3.

**redormitio**, ōnis, f. sleeping again, Plin. 10, 211.

**red-orno**, āre, vb. repair, Tert. res. carn. 12.

**red-ūco**, older reddico, ēre, xi, etus, vb. draw up, ut quidquid facies subderit, in summum reducat, Colum. 12, 19, 4; cf. reductio; 2. draw back, fales tormentis introrsus reducebant, Caes. b. g. 7, 22, 2; ut alii turres reducebant, 7, 24, 5; dirosque reducta Libravit dextra media inter cornua caestus, Verg. 5, 478; timidasque reducebat plantas, Ov. M. 6, 107; in iaciendo brachia reduceimus, Quint. 10, 3, 6; 3. met., nemo haec ita interpretabitur tamquam reducam liberalitatem et frenis artibus reprimam, Sen. ben. 1, 14, 2; timor reduceus animi ab his quae facienda sunt, Quint. 12, 5, 3; 4. esp. bring back, to older state, inuentorum uicera ac scabiem radix ad pilum reducit, Plin. 22, 72; carnis exerescentis in ulceribus ad aequalitatem, 30, 113; nympa inlita ciantrices r. ad colorem, 27, 106; 5. gen. bring back, febrim, Hor. s. 2, 3, 294; solemne reducit, Verg. 1, 143; nocturne reducit, 11, 913; hieles, Hor. od. 2, 10, 15; spem mentibus anxii, 3, 21, 17; 6. bring back into use, restore, re-establish, intermissum morem, Plin. ep. 9, 13, 21; legem maiestatis, Tac. an. 1, 72; 7. w. acc. of persons, lead back, take or bring (a person) back, Sequere huc: reducam\* te ubi fuisti, Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 106; hunc ex Alide huc reducemus\*, 5, 4, 17; 8. esp. of soldiers, lead back, march back, se exercitum domum reducemus\*, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 53; exercitum ad mare, Caes. b. g. 5, 23, 1; 9. take (a person) back, against his will, his uti conquirent (fugientes) et reducerent imperant: reductos in bostium numero habuit, Caes. b. g. 1, 28, 1; si qui ad eos Eburones ex fuga conuenissent ad se uti reducerent, imperant, 6, 32, 2; 10. conduct or accompany back, in ludum ducere et reducere\*, Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 36; Mercurius qui animas ducere et reducere solet, Petr. 149; 11. by way of compliment, bene comitati per forum redeuntur, Quint. 12, 8, 3; Cinctum togatis post et aute Saufeum, Quanta reduci Regulus solet turba, Mart. 2, 74, 2; 12. met., Sui uicatio reduxit\* me usque ex errore in uiam, Pl. Ps. 2, 3, 2; quous illos tu hic Reducas\* (se. in uiam), Ter. Ad. 5, 3, 44; ut gratiam, Andr. 5, 4, 45; Cic. Rab. Post. 19; in pristinum concordium, Balb. ap. Cic. Att. 8, 15; 13. reductus as adj. retired, uallus, Verg. 6, 703; Hor. epod. 2, 11; sinus, Verg. G. 4, 420; A. 1, 161; 14. met., (pietores) alia eminentiora, alia reductiora fecerant, Quint. 11, 3, 46; 15. for the dd in reduco, add to \* above exx. wh. the metre requires add: Age si quid agis: ego ad hunc redeo: sequere: reduco hanc tibi, Pl. Pers. 4, 4, 107; Redduci Venus aut reductum daedala tellus, Lucr. 1, 228; add 4, 992; 5, 1337; cf. Munro Lucr. 1, 228.

**reductio**, ōnis, f. drawing up, ex eo clipeum aneum catenis pendat, per cuius reductiones et deuissiones perficietur sudationis temperatura, Vitruv. 5, 10, 5; 2. bring-

ing back, S. C. quo r. regis tibi adempta sit, Cic. fam. 1, 7, 4.

**re-ducto**, āre, vb. frq. lead back, exercitum, Aur. V. Caes. 38.

**reductor**, ōris, m. one who leads or brings back, plebis in urbem, Liv. 2, 33, 11; 2. met., restorator, litterarum r. ac reformatior, Plin. ep. 8, 12, 1.

**red-ulcero**, āre, vb. bring back to a sore, reopen as a wound, (scabra pars) deficta pumice reduleratur, Colum. 7, 5, 8; 2. met., rednlecrato dolore, Apul. M. 5, 11.

**reduncus**, adj. hooked, rostroque reduncus (of an eagle), Ov. M. 12, 562; 2. in Plin. 11, 125 aliis adunca (cornua), aliis redunca, difficult to explain, as he has: (cornua) in dorsum adunca in § 124.

**redundans**, see redundo.

**redundantia**, ae, f. overflowing, excess, aer qui non habet redundantis, Vitruv. 1, 6, 3; illa pro Roscio iuuenilis r., Cic. orat. 108.

**red-undo**, āre, vb. first cause to flow back, hence in pass., Amne redundatis fossa madaet aquis, Ov. F. 6, 402; 2. and met., Voltumnus rauca Italia (sc. uerba) fauebis Redundat, Stat. silu. 4, 3, 71; 3. flow back and so flood or overflow, Gutture fac pleno sumpta redundet aqua, Ov. rem. 536; redundantis elocais aduorsu aestu maris, Sal. fr. ap. Non. 138; mare medium terrae locum expetens conglabrat undique acquabiliter neque redundat unquam, Cic. N. D. 2, 116; si lacus Albanus redundasset, diu. 2, 69; Nilus in aetatem crescit campisque redundat, Lucr. 6, 712; 4. met., hoc tempus omne obiecius iis fluctibus qui per nos a communi peste depulsi in nosmet ipsos redundarent, Cic. or. 1, 3; quorum ad amicos redundet infamia, am. 76; add Sul. 27; and Cat. 1, 29; Plin. pan. 31 med.; 62; reus ex ea causa quae iudicata est, redundat, is caught and carried off by an overflow (of evidence so to say) from another impeachment, Cic. Rab. Post. 11; 5. gen. overflow, be in excess, abound, ut neque in Antonio deesset hic ornatu orationis neque in Crasso redundaret, Cic. or. 3, 16; tuis deus non digito uno redundat, sed capite collo., N. D. 1, 99; 6. redundans as adj. excessive, extravagant, nitior, Tert. cult. fem. 2, 9; 7. redundanter, adv. in excess, immodice et redundanter (of oratory), Plin. ep. 1, 20, 21; redundantius bibendum, Ambros. ep. 82 (63), 27.

**re-dūplico**, āre, vb. double, quae amiserat reduplicata possedit, Tert. Pat. 14 f.

**re-dūresco**, ēre, vb. become hard again, (ferrum) candens tinctum frigida, Vitruv. 1, 4, 3.

**redūria**, rather than reducia, (luo?) ae, f. agnail? reducias et quae in digitis nascuntur pterygia, Plin. 30, 111; ita et reducias sanari, 28, 40; reducium (reduium Müller) quidam, alii reduium appellunt, cum circa unguis entis se resolut, quia luere est soluere, Fest. 270 b 17 M; 2. met., — lassitudo conseruorum, reduciae flagri, Titin. ap. Fest. 270 M; intellego me errare, qui cum capiti Sex. Roscii mederi debeam, reducium eum, Cic. Rosc. Am. 128.

**reduciōsus**, adj. abounding in roughness of skin, met., scabra in legendo reduciōsus offendens, Laev. Fest. 270 b 20 M.

**redāx**, dūcis, adj. bringing back, esp. to one's home, restorator, a title of gods, Et sua det reduci ui meus arma Ioui, Ov. her. 13, 50; templum Iouis reducis, inser. Or. 1256; Iudi dno Augusto et Fort. reduci comittit, fast. Amit. (Oct. 5); ara Fortunae reduci dedic. est, ib. (Dec. 16); pro salute imp. Hadriani Aug. Fortui. red., inser. Or. 564; add 332, 343, 922 etc.: Fortunae reducis templa, Mart. 8, 65, 1; 2. conducting or accompanying (a consul etc.) home, Nunc consul praetore tenet reducesque choreae, Mart. 10, 70, 9; 3. pass., brought back (home), returned (from exile etc.), Ioui...ago gratias... Quom te reducem tuo patri redlidentur, Pl. Capt. 5, 1, 2; add v. 11 and prol. 43; Egon qui ab Oreo mortuum me reducem in hanc feceris, Sinam sine munere a me abire? Ter. Hec. 5, 4, 12; quid me reducem esse uoluitis? Cic. Mil. 103; uti necum domos reduces sistatis, Liv. 29, 27, 3; capitulum reducem, Plin. 8,



48; Caesarem exercitumque reducem uidere, Tac. an. 1, 70 f.

**re-exinānio**, ire, vb. empty back again, in caecabum, Apic. 4, 135 Sch.; 5, 190.

**rē-fābrico**, āre, vb. build up again, collapsum balneum, eod. Th. 8, 10, 5.

**rēfactus**, see reficio.

**rēfectio**, ōnis, f. repairing, restoration, ut cetera quae refectionem desiderant fabris concinnanda tralantur, Colum. 12, 3, 9; add Vitr. 6, 3, 2; adificii, Ulp. dig. 20, 1, 20; (aedium sacrarum), 1, 16, 7, 1; (domūs), Paul. 7, 8, 18; (uiaae), 43, 11, 1 and 2; 2. met. as recovery of strength, restoration of health, recreation, refreshing, etiamsi (morbo) uacant, refectionem non accipiunt, Cels. 3, 22, p. 110, 10 D; si in refectione manserit tussis, 4, 13 (6), p. 139, 15; recreation, quae refectiones tuas arbores praeterierint, Plin. pan. 15; add Quint. 10, 3, 26; oculorum, Plin. 37, 63; lassitudinum, 23, 80; add Apul. M. 5, 5.

**rēfector**, oris, m. one who repairs, restorer, colossi, Suet. Vesp. 18.

**rēfectus**, ūs, m. repairing—hence restoration of strength and health, refreshment, recreation, refectui redditus, Apul. M. 9, 22; add 5, 4, 8, 18; 2. r. paupertatis, recovery from poverty, Scaev. dig. 36, 1, 80, 12.

**rē-fello**, ēre, felli or fefelli, vb. [re of reversal, fallo] undeceive, and so refute, with acc. of person, sed tu me γεωμετρικως refelleras (refelleras?), to autem Brutus, Cic. Att. 12, 5, 3; Qui potis est refelli (repelli mss) quisquam ubi nullus causandi locus? Att. 418 R; nos ipsos redargui refellique patiamur...et refellere et refelli parati sumus, Cic. Tusc. 2, 55; testem se in iudiciis refelli acerrimissimo animo patiebatur, Suet. Aug. 56; 2. w. acc. of thing, refute, disprove, Quum tu horum nihil refelles, uincam scilicet, Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 82; id quod contra diceretur refellere, Cic. or. 1, 90; refellere et redarguere nostrum mendacium, Lig. 16; cetera conuicia ut falsa non alio argumento refellebat quam quod... Suet. Ner. 41; neque dicta refello, Verg. 4, 380; Et solas ferro crimen committē refellam, 12, 16; 3. fallit refellit, refellit refellit, not, Tir. 92; cf. Serv. ad Verg. 4, 380; Donat. ad Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 82.

**rē-fercio** or -farcio, ire, fersi, fertus, vb. cram to the very back, cram full, stuff full, corporibus ciuium cloacae refarciri (al. referi), Cic. Sest. 77; cupas pice refertus, Caes. b. c. 2, 11, 2; domicilia regis omnibus rebus refertas, Cic. Manil. 21; stupeant agriculae plena horrea quae non ipsi refersissent, Plin. pan. 31 f.; 2. met., puerilibus fabulis refertis libros, Cic. N. D. 1, 34; aures sermonibus, Rab. Post. 40; 3. refertus as adj. crammed full, both w. gen., referta Gallia negotiatorum est, Cic. Font. 11; oppida hominum referta, Varr. ap. Non. 501, 15; 4. and w. abl., uita referta bonis, Cic. Tusc. 5, 86; litteris refertis omni officio, Cic. fr. 2, 15, 1; 5. comp. refertus, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 203; sup. refertissimus, Cic. fr. 1, 1, 42.

**rēfērendārius**, adj. as sb. m. one who has charge of petitions etc., referendary, Iul. ep. nou. 106, 370; 122, 531; 6, 26.

**rē-fērio**, ire, vb. strike back again or in return, patitur tu item, quom ego te referiam, Pl. As. 2, 108; me uolunt Qui referre non audebam uiciti: mihi, perfortiter, Ter. Ad. 4, 2, 28; perussit te: recede; referiendi et occasionem saepius ferendi dabit et excusationem, Sen. dial. 4, 34, 5; 2. of reflected light, orbe Opposita speculi referitur uagine Phoebo, Ov. M. 4, 349; 3. or sound, referitur uocibus echo, Auson. ep. 10, 23.

**rēfērius** or **refrius**\* (refero) adj. brought back, fabam e frugibus referre mos est auspici causa quae ideo referiua (so a, d) appellatur, Plin. 18, 119; refriua\* faba, Fest. 227 a 17 M.

**rē-fēro**, ferre, rettūli or rētūli, rellatus or rēlatus, vb. carry back, bring back, Nunc domum haec ab aede Veneris refero uasa, Pl. Poen. 4, 2, 25; Ea ibo obsonatum, eadem referam obsonum, St. 3, 1, 42; (candelabrum) tollere incipiunt ut referent, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 65; 2. w. acc. of person, when carried (otherwise reduco), clipeo exceptum in castra referebant, Curt. 6, 1, 5; lecticae impositum domum

rettulerunt, Suet. Caes. 82; add Vit. 16; 3. se referre, to return or retire, Romam se rettulit, Cic. Flac. 50; huc se referebant, Caes. b. c. 2, 8, 2; ouans se de Britannia rettulit, Tac. an. 13, 32; 4. r. pedem, retreat little by little still facing the foe, give ground, pedem referre et loco excedere non turpe existimare, Caes. b. c. 1, 44, 2; nec ullo pedem referente, ne in relictum a se locum hostem immitteret, Liv. 21, 8, 8; acies pedem referre coepit et urgente hoste apertius fugere, Curt. 6, 1, 11; 5. give back, pay, restore, argento haec dies Praestituta est quoad referret nobis nequedum rettulit, Pl. Ps. 2, 2, 29; quaestione adhibita paternam rettulit, Cic. diu. 1, 54; 6. return (a favour etc.), requite, Philocrates, numquam referre gratiam possum satis, Pl. Capt. 5, 1, 12; si referre gratiam non potest, habere potest, Cic. off. 2, 69; par pro pari referto, Ter. Eun. 3, 1, 55; dulcis salus uisa est per te mihi-sab illa: referes igitur ei plurimam, Cic. Att. 16, 3, 6; non poteras ipsa referre uicem, Ov. a. 1, 370; r. iusiurandum, take one's oath against in a suit, Ulp. dig. 12, 2, 34; Paul. 12, 2, 38; 7. throw up or out, utter, vomit, cum sanguine mixta Vina refert moriens, Verg. 9, 350; referebat pectore uoces, 5, 409; 8. of sound, echoed, theatrum ita resonans ut usque Romam uoces referantur, Cic. fr. 1, 1, 42; his naturis relatis amplificator sonus, N. D. 2, 144; Hae coeamus ait: ...Coeamus rettulit Echo, Ov. M. 3, 387; Tota (domus Famae) fremit, uocesque refert, iteratque quod audit, 12, 47; Quis silenti nocte remorum sonus Longe refertur, Petr. 89; 9. bring (word) back, report, Tunc ipsos adorant ne quis hinc Spartam referat nuntium, Naev. ap. Prisc. 1, 400, 3; mittebat qui rumores exceperent et ad se referrent, Cic. Deiot. 25; his mandauit ut quae diceret Ariouistus ad se referrent, Caes. b. g. 1, 47, 5; his respondit ad Caesarem relatis, 1, 35, 1; referunt Suecos ad extremos fines se recepisse, 6, 10, 4; legatione Romam relata, Liv. 7, 32, 1; falsisque miserrima fletus Fertur referatque soror, Verg. 4, 438; 10. r. rationes, give in accounts (to the Treasury), si rationum referendarum ius uetus, me relaturum rationes, nisi tecum confectionem, non fuisse, Cic. fam. 5, 20, 1; ne quis populi scitum faceret ut quisquam corona donaretur in magistratu prius quam rationes rettulisset, opt. gen. or. 19; 11. bring back into use, reestablish (a practice), haec maiorum consuetudo longo intervallo repetita ac relata, Cic. Caecil. 67; hoc institutum referri ac renouari, ib. § 68; relatis ex magno intervallo caerimonibus, Liv. 3, 55, 6; Hunc morem cursus atque haec certamina primus...Rettulit, Verg. 5, 597; 12. bring back in one's memory, recall to mind, Foeda Lyconiae referens conuicia mense, Ov. M. 1, 165; Saepe refer tecum scelerae facta puellae, rem. 299; add tr. 4, 3, 55; am. 2, 8, 17; 13. reproduce in appearance, nec possint saecula referre Naturam mores uictum motusque parentum, Lucr. 1, 597; Siquis mihi paruos aula Luderet Aeneas, qui te tamen ore referret, Verg. 4, 329; rettulisse parentis sui speciem, Liv. 10, 7, 3; (filia) non minus mores (patris) quam os uultumque referebat, Plin. ep. 5, 16, 9; (matrem) reddit ac refert nobis, 7, 19, 9; Buri sermone cultique Suebos referunt, Tac. G. 43; 14. in bookkeeping, transfer from day-book to ledger, met. admit oneself to be indebted for (to), give the credit of (to), quietem senectutis acceptam refert elementariae tuae, Cic. Deiot. 38; nemo (erat) qui mihi non uitam suam...referret acceptam, Phil. 2, 12; omnia...uni accepta referemus Antonio, 2, 55; add Verr. 2, 1, 100; 15. hence gen. enter in public books, register, record, enroll, in formas tabularum rettulit referre inquit (wh. note old habit of single for double consonants), CIL. 200, 7; in formam publicam rellatum, ib. 81; add 203, 7; 206, 14, 15, 40 and 155; uti praeda in publicum referatur, Cato ap. Prisc. 1, 368 K; quam facile falsas rationes inferre et in tabulas quodcumque commodum est referre soleant, Cic. Flac. 20; 16. met. enroll (among), terram et caelum refert in deos, Cic. N. D. 1, 34; eodem Q. Caepionem, Brut. 223; eius fide factum est, ut hic potius uinus in reos quam occisus in proscriptis referetur, Rosc. Am. 27; imagines in deorum numero (better with Lamb. numerum), N. D. 1, 29; ut inter festos referetur dies quo patra uictoria esset, Tac. an. 13, 41;

**17.** in polit. lang. *refero* and *fero* speak of matter brought respectively before the senate and the people, ut consules de eius honore ad senatum referant, Cic. Phil. 8, 33; ut ex litteris (Caesaris) ad senatum referretur impetrari non potuit. Referunt consules de re publica, Caes. b. c. 1, 1, 1; (Cicero) rem ad senatum refert, Sal. Cat. 29, 1; de redimendis captiuis relatum esse nec consensu redimendos senatum, Liv. 22, 61, 7. **18.** *refer* (a matter to another for advice or as higher authority), cum ei praescriptum esset, ne quid sine Sexti nostri sententia ageret, neque ad illum neque ad quemquam nostrum rettulit, Cic. Att. 16, 3, 6; ad Apollinem Aethiensem de maioribus rebus semper rettulerunt, diu. 1, 122; censorem de signo Concordiae delatam ad pontificem collegium rettulisse, dom. 136; eam rem ad collegium praetor rettulit, ib.; **19.** test by reference (to), estimate (by a standard), judge (by), ita instituti sumus ut omnia ad uirtutem referremus, Cic. Phil. 10, 20; omnia ad uoluptatem corporis dolore referens, or. 1, 226; cum in (historia) ad ueritatem cuncta referantur, in (poemate) ad delectationem pleraque, leg. 1, 5; **20.** ascribe, causam abscissus ad Seiani artes rettulit—and soon—ad ipsam referri uerius sit, Tac. an. 4, 57; causa ad matrem referatur, 6, 55 (49); **21.** draw in, contract, si quis existimant non benignitatis fines introrsus referre, Sen. ben. 1, 15, 1; **22.** hence in law or religion, r. diem, exchange for an earlier day, opp. to proferre diem, for a later day, arbitri ita sumptus ex compromisso ut et diem proferre possit, hoc quidem facere potest; referre contradicentibus litigatoribus non potest, Papin. dig. 4, 18, 33; referri diem predictam, id est anteferi, religiosum est, Fest. 289a 21 M.

**refert**, ferre, tulit, vb. impers. [for rem fert] first commonly with a gen. or poss. pron. as mea, tua, sua, nostra, uestra, enia, standing for meam etc. and agreeing with rem, it carries with it something belonging to me etc., it concerns (me), matters (to me), faciendum aliquid quod illorum magis quam sua retulisse uideretur, Sal. Iug. 111, 1; ut taceam de neglectibus, quorum nihil refert alii..., Quint. 12, 8, 2; neque refert cuiusquam Poenias Romanas (ue Halm) esse laetius extuleris, Tac. an. 4, 33; nam quid id refert mea? Pl. Cure. 3, 25; Mihi quidem aetas aetate ferue; tua istae refert maxime, Trin. 2, 3, 37; Equid est quod mea refert? Scilicet, Rud. 4, 3, 12; Deicit id mea minime refert qui sum natu maximus, Ter. Ad. 5, 4, 27; Fac tradas: mea nihil refert dum potiar modum, Eun. 2, 3, 29; add. Hee. 5, 3, 12; Plu. 4, 5, 11; non adscripsi id quod tua nihil referebat, Cic. fam. 5, 20, 5; quasi referat quam id saepe fiat, diu. 2, 62; fac in puero referre ex qua affectione caeli primum spiritum duxerit, 2, 99; ipsi animi magni refert quali in corpore locati sint, Tusc. 1, 80;—of course the person concerned need not be mentioned, so that refert is used alone; **2.** the amount of interest is expressed by such gen. as parui, magni, quanti, pluris etc., which also depends on the rem, nihilo pol. pluris tua hoc quam quanti illud refert mea, Pl. Rud. 4, 3, 27; illud permagni refert arbitror, Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 58; parui refert abs te ius dici aequalitatis nisi..., Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 20; magni refert hic quid nolit, Caes. ap. Cic. Att. 14, 1, 2; **3.** the amount is also otherwise expressed, as by quid and maxime, Pl. minime and nihil, Ter., in § 1; magno opere, Cic. Cacl. 57; plurimum, Plin. ep. 8, 22, 4; quid, Pl. § 4 and Ter. § 6; Cic. Flac. 21; Hor. s. 1, 1, 49; **4.** in place of mea etc., add with acc. occurs, Quid id ad me aut ad meam rem refert, Persae quid rerum (so A.) gerant? Pl. Pers. 4, 3, 44; Quam ad rem istae refert? Rogas? Epid. 2, 2, 91; refert ad fructus quemadmodum..., Varr. r. 1, 16, 6; and even as a pers. vb., ita inserere oportet refertem ad fructum ut..., looking to the produce, 1, 40, 6; **5.** with a dat., quid refert intra Naturae fines uicini..., Hor. s. 1, 1, 49; **6.** the vb. itself is at times omitted, P. Etiam dotatis soleo. C. Quid id nostrae? P. Nihil, Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 47, what is that to us? Illic confugies: quid mea? num mihi datumst? Haut. 4, 5, 45; Quid istae nostrae? Magni, Ph. 5, 3, 17; abiit: quid mea? Hee. 3, 5, 60; **7.** has often the construction of indir. int., see Sal., Quint. Tac. in § 1;

or with acc. and inf., see Cic. Q. fr. in § 2; **8.** with a nom., Vsque adeo magni refert studium atque uoluptas, Luer. 4, 984; **9.** for qty. of the a in mea etc. so used, see § above; **10.** ill-explained by Prisc. 2, 159 K: refert mea tu... (in quibus subauditur in re, in utilitate mea tua...).

**re-feruesco**, ēre and referesco, ēre, referui? vb. [re up] boil up, boil over, Mercurium e patera sanguinem uisum esse fundere, qui cum terram attingisset referuescere uideretur sic ut tota domus sanguine redundaret, Cic. diu. 1, 46; terebinthinam in sartagine referuenti, Plin. 16, 55? see passage as to meaning, vb. boil over suits (Jan: cinere feruenti); **2.** met. boil over, nonne ut ignis in aquam coniectus continuo restingit, sic referens falsum crimen in purissimam uitam conlatum statim occidit? Cic. Rose. com. 17; **II 3** (re of reversal) cool down again, quasi referuerat (so MSS; deferuerat had done before fermenting, Manut.) oratio, Cic. Brut. 316.

**re-festino**, āre, vb. make haste again, Ruf. ap. Hieron. 3, 6; Paul. Nol. ep. 45 (44).

**re-fibulo**, āre, vb. unbuckle, Mart. ep. 9, 27, 12.

**re-ficio**, ēre, feci, factus, vb. make again; iure militari testamentum, Ulp. dig. 29, 1, 9; **2.** relect, cum ferret legem de tribunis pl. reficiendis, Cic. an. 96; plebs Volonem tribunum refecit, Liv. 2, 56, 5; magistratus continuari et consules tribunosque refici contra rem publicam esse, 3, 21; legem qua intra x annos eundem consulatum refici non liceret, 10, 13, 8; praetor unus refectus, noui alii creati, 24, 9, 4; **3.** replace (what is lost) ea quae sunt amissa, Caes. b. c. 2, 15, 1; arma tela alia quae amiserat refecit, Sal. Iug. 66, 1; **4.** repair, make good again, uisus, CIL 206, 26 and 27; M. Lepidus Amilia(m) ref., on a denar., 474; porticum, 571 and 605; uiros portas elassem, Caes. b. c. 1, 34, 5; aedes restituere non debet, nec reficere, Cic. top. 15; quum aedes uetustate prolaberetur, ut eam reficiendam curaret, Nep. Att. 20, 3; rates, Hor. od. 1, 1, 17; **5.** of the body, reeruit, reingrogaat, restore the strength of, hic cogito commorari quoad me reficiam, nam et uires et corpus amisi, Cic. fam. 7, 26 f.; Trionis reficiendi spes est in M. Curio, Att. 7, 3 f.; exercitum ex labore atque inopia refecit, Caes. b. g. 7, 32, 1; (smaragdus) aciem (oculo-rum) refecit (so d), Plin. 37, 66; **6.** of the feelings, sed me recreat et refecit Cn. Pompeii consilium, Cic. Mil. 2; noster conspectus refecit et recreat mentem meam, Planc. 2; ceterorum animos, Sal. Cat. 48, 4; ex terrore animos militum, Liv. 33, 36, 7; reficite in proelia pulsos, Verg. 11, 731; **7.** met. refresh, saltus refecit iam rosca luna, Verg. G. 3, 337; cum teneras auroa refererit herbas, Ov. F. 3, 711; noctium opacitate terras, Plin. 2, 52; **8.** produce in the way of return, = redigo, hostium quod ex uno facto olei refecit, Varr. r. 1, 24, 3; antequam tibi ex tuis possessionibus tantum reficeretur ut eo tueri sex legiones possis, Cic. parad. 45; diuendenda praeda xl talenta argenti r., Liv. 1, 53, 3; cetera uendenda quaestori data; quod inde refectum est militi diuinum, 35, 1, 12; tantum quisque pecuniae relinquunt, quantum ex bonis eius refici potest, Cels. dig. 50, 16, 88.

**refectio**? in Ulp. dig. 43, 21, 1, 7 Mommsen has refectio.

**re-figo**, ēre, fixi, fixus, vb. unfix, take down again or remove that which has been fixed, num figitur rursus eae tabulae quas nos uestris decretis refixistis? Cic. Phil. 12, 12; add. 13, 5; fam. 12, 1, 2; clipeum de poste refixum, Verg. 5, 300; templis Parthorum signa, Hor. ep. 1, 18, 56; si dolor in gingiuis est moueruntque aliqui dentes, refigi eos oportet, nam curationem impediunt, Cels. 6, 15, p. 252, 28 D; **2.** in Verg. G. 4, 202 read refingunt.

**re-fingo**, ēre, vb. squeeze again, hence mould afresh, anlasque et cerea regna refingunt (al. refingunt), Verg. G. 4, 202; **2.** met., lactorem me refingens, Apul. M. 3, 12.

**re-firmo**, āre, vb. make strong again, limitem, Sex. Ruf. breu. 14 f.

**refrāb-ilis**, e, adj. easily blown back, eibus, Cacl. Aur. tard. 4, 1, 6 (bis)—causing crutation?

**rēflābrus**, adj. blowing back, nenti, Apul. mund. 12.  
**rē-flāgitō**, āre, vb. frq. demand back, Catul. 42, 6 and 10.

**rēflātio**, ōnis, f. expulsion of air, Cael. Aur. tard. 1, 12.

**rēflātus**, ūs, m. blowing back, naues delatas reflatu, Cic. Att. 12, 2, 1; (naugium) reflatu (oreae) oppletum unda, Plin. 9, 15.

**rē-flecto**, ēre, xi, xus, vb. bend back, caput, Catul. 45, 10; longoque reflectit ungues, Ov. M. 5, 547; erueim, a. a. 3, 779; canum degeneres (caudam) sub alnum reflatunt, Plin. 11, 266; 2. met., Quem neque fides iusiurandum neque illum misericordia Reppressit neque reflexit, Ter. Ad. 3, 2, 9; mentes, Cic. or. 1, 53; animum, Suet. 46.

**rēflexim**, adv. conversely, in logic, opp. to directum, Apul. dogm. Plat. 3, p. 270, 6 Hild.; add 1. 10, p. 271, 21 and 26 etc.

**rēflexio**, ōnis, f. bending back, Maer. s. 5, 11, 11;

2. in logic, the converse, Apul. dogm. Plat. 3, p. 268 l. 22 Hild.; 270, 7.

**rēflexus**, ūs, m. a bending back, hence a bay, Oceani, Apul. flor. 6 init.

**rē-flō**, āre, vb. blow back or against, first of wind, Athenas (uolō), etsi Etesiae uelant reflant, Cic. Att. 6, 7, 2; sin reflantibus nentis reieciunt, Tusc. 1, 119; cum reflaut (Fortuna), adligimur, off. 2, 19; laetiam uentus reflabat, Apul. M. 10, 31; add 2, 4; 4, 35; 2. of the breath, expire, ducitur (aer) atque reflatur, Lucr. 4, 938; anhelitus aegre reflantem, Apul. M. 9, 25; II 3. (w. re of reversal), empty of air, folles, Lampr. Heliog. 25, 2; utres, 25, 3; (mediannia) reflantia, Cael. Aur. tard. 3, 8, 116; viz., quae uentositatem tollunt as Cael. himself says; add auct. 1, 10, 75; 2, 29, 151; tard. 5, 10, 108.

**rē-flōresco**, ēre, vb. bloom or blossom again, secatur (melica) incipiens florere et quotiens refluuit, Plin. 88, 146; add 19, 160.

**rēfluāmēn**, inis, n. overflow, met. Venant. u. S. Mart. 1, 29.

**rēfluō**, ēre, vb. flow back, Maeandros...refluitque fluitque, Ov. M. 163; mare...refluentibus undis, Verg. G. 4, 262; add A. S. 240; aut pingui flumine Nilus cum refluat campis, 9, 32; ut aquam excluderet quae exundante palude in agrum eius refluere solet, Ulp. dig. 39, 3, 1, 2.

**rēfluus**, adj. flowing back, ebbing, aestus, Plin. 2, 213; mare, 2, 219; amnes, Sil. 5, 624; 2. r. littus, Apul. 4, 31, means what?

**rē-focillo**, or -cilo, āre, vb. warm again, esp. bring back to feeling one near death, efficacibus remediis refocillasse lugentem, Sen. ben. 3, 9, 2; aegre refocillatus (al. foecillatus) non sine ultionis solacio decessit, Plin. ep. 3, 14, 4; refocillata (al. foecillata) dixeram inquit inuenturam me ad mortem uiuam, 3, 16, 12.

**rē-fodio**, ēre, fodi, fossus, vb. dig up, refossae radices comburi (debent), Colum. 3, 11, 4; add 2, 11, 28; si ulli essent inferi, iam illos auaritia cuiusculi refodissent, Plin. 2, 158; solo refosso, 19, 88; Orestis corpus, 7, 74; tellure refossa, Lucan. 4, 292.

**rēformātio**, ōnis, f. change of form, transformation, Apul. M. 3, 24 and 25; 11, 13; 2. met., reformation, morum, Sen. ep. 58, 26.

**rēformātor**, ōris, m. reformer, Plin. ep. 8, 12, 1.

**rēformātus**, ūs, m. transformation, aconum, Tert. Val. lent. 13.

**rēformidātio**, ōnis, f. shrinking back in fear, Cic. part. or. 11.

**rē-formido**, āre, vb. shrink from in fear, si mulae quia aliquid reformidassent (recessissent), Allen. dig. 2, 52, 2;

2. met., repressionem uulgi, Cic. fin. 3, 7; dolore, Tusc. 5, 85; pacis nomine bellum inuolutum, Phil. 7, 19; reueraris occasum, non reformides, Plin. ep. 1, 10, 7; posteritatis memoriam, 5, 8; 2. membra tactum, Ov. Pont. 2, 7, 13; lumina solem, 3, 4, 49; 3. stronger met., Ante reformidant ferrum (uites), Verg. G. 2, 369; quae putatio non debet secundum articulum fieri, ne reformidet oculus,

Colum. 4, 9, 1; add 4, 24, 15; 4, 33, 4; 4. w. inf. dread (to), ea dicere, Cic. Phil. 14, 9; quis comparari tibi non reformidet? Plin. pan. 44; w. acc. and inf., his auctoritatem attribui, Caes. b. e. 1, 32, 8.

**rē-formo**, āre, vb. change the shape of, transform, Ora reformatus primos Iolas in annos, Ov. M. 9, 399; in facies hominum tales figuras r., Apul. M. 3, 23; minus morigeros (maga) in saxa reformat, 2, 5; 2. resume (a former shape), dum quod fuit ante reformet, Ov. M. 11, 254;

3. met., cum ruinas patriae in pristinum habitum reformaret, Val. M. 6, 5 ext. 2; si potest tota res tolli, er non et reformari? Ulp. dig. 2, 14, 7, 6; licet nonnumquam in peius reformet, 49, 1, 1; 4. change back to the good old state, reform, corruptos mores reformet et corrigat, Plin. pan. 53; solum discipulum, Enn. pan. Const. 2;

5. restore, seruos dominis suis, cod. Th. 7, 18, 9, 3.

**rē-fūneo**, ēre, fūni, fūtus, vb. warm again, Pressa refo-nisti pectora nostra tuis, Ov. her. 11, 58; heram, quam pectore Magnus Ambit et astriotes refo-net complexibus artus, Lucan. 8, 60; admo igne refo-nat artus, Curt. 8, 4, 15; refo-tus calidis piscinis (baths), Suet. Ner. 27;

2. met. warm up again, tepidosque refo-nat ignis (sc. amoris), Ov. am. 19, 15; studia prope extincta refo-nentur, Plin. ep. 3, 18, 5; disciplinam castrorum extinctam refo-nisti, pan. 18; calefacto refo-toque animo, si quid in eo frigidae tristitiae fuerit, delauimus, Gell. 15, 2, 1;

3. ster-coratione terram, Colum. 2, 1, 7; ut stereo (solum) ad- iunet et absument nires hoc uelut pabulo refo-nat, 2, 13, 3; pauis diebus exercitum ad refo-nenlas eius uris moratus, Vell. 2, 113, 2; refo-nendis uiribus mollitia caeli Sinuissam pergit, Tac. ann. 12, 66.

**rēfractāriōsus**, adj. dim. disputatious, dicendi geus, Cic. Att. 2, 1, 3.

**rēfractārius**, adj. disputations, philosophiae deditos refractarios esse, Sen. ep. 73, 1.

**rēfracno**, see refreno.

**rēfrāgiō**, ōnis, f. opposition, Aug. ep. 177.

**rēfrāgātor**, ōris, m. opponent, Ascen. ad orat. in tog. eand.

**rēfrāgātus**, ūs, m. opposition, Laet. ad Stat. Th. 4, 468.

**rēfrāgo**, āre, vb. vote against, oppose, refragabunt primo (ms. pro), subfragabunt post, Pompon. ap. Non. 468, 9.

**rē-frāgor**, āri, vb. r. vote against—and so gen. oppose, ne refragari homini amicissimo uider, Cic. Phil. 11, 20; si non refragari honori eius fuissent, Liv. 45, 5; refragabatur ne promissa a Pompeio persoluerentur, Vell. 2, 40, 5;

2. met., illa lex petitioni refragata est, Cic. Mur. 46; sunt quaedam auribus in danda, si materia non refragatur, Plin. ep. 2, 5, 5; but in Plin. 19, 127 read (by ej.) refrigerandae ueneri.

**rēfrēnatio**, ōnis, f. curbing, doloris, Sen. dial. 5, 15, 3.

3. **rē-frēno**, āre, vb. cheek by the bridle, curb, equos, Curt. 4, 16, 3; 2. met., fluuios, Lucr. 6, 531; aquas, Ov. her. 6, 87; 3. by a stronger met., inuentum, Cic. diu. 2, 4; add Phil. 2, 4; Cael. 76; Verr. 2, 3, 130; refragae referentus, Lucr. 5, 114; add 1, 850.

**rē-frico**, āre, vb. rub again, id refricato denuo, Cato r. 87 (88); 2. met. chiefly from reopening a wound by rubbing, Appii uulnera, Cic. Att. 5, 15, 2; refriatura\* uul-nus meum, 12, 18, 1; ciactricem, Cic. agr. 3, 4; dolorem tuum, Att. 5, 15, 4; Ammonitio refriatur amor, Ov. rem. am. 729; 3. as vb. intr.—refricat se or refriatur, crebro refriat lippitudo, Att. 10, 17, 2; 4. note refriatura\* as implying a part. refriatus.

**rēfrigeo**, see refrigescio.

**rēfrigēratio**, ōnis, f. cooling down again, r. aestate (me delectat), Cic. seu. 46; aurae, Colum. 11, 1, 16; add Veg. net. 5, 56, 1.

**rēfrigērātorius**, adj. fit for cooling, cooling, palustris lens refrigeratariae naturae, Plin. 22, 145; uis, 25, 151.

**rēfrigēratrīx**, icis, adj. f. the same, natura, Plin. 19, 127.

**refrigerium**, ii, n. cooling, Tert. apol. 39 med.; uirg. nel. 9; Oros. 5, 15.

**re-frigere**, are, vb. make cool or cold again, cool down, cool, frumentum, Cato r. 92; ut cum summa Saturni refrigeret, media Martis incendat, Cic. N. D. 2, 119; ignis in aquam coniectus restinguatur et refrigeratur, Rosc. com. 17; granaria, Varr. r. 1, 57, 3; plumbum, Plin. 34, 170; 2. in med. lang., nouum uinum refrigerare, uetus calefacere, Varr. ap. Gell. 13, 31 (30), 14; refrigerant intubus lactuca coriandrum, Cels. 2, 27 of the vine; 3. and met., defessa ac refrigerata accusatio, Cic. Verr. 1, 31; refrigerato sermone, fam. 3, 8, 1; Plancus cum Glancum saltasset in conuiuium refrigeratus ab Antonio transfugit, Vell. 2, 53, 2; testis urbane dicto refrigerandus (est), Quint. 5, 7, 26; aegre perlegit, refrigeratus a semetipso, Suet. Claud. 41; 4. refrigerantur (uites) cum alio loco alligatae sunt—are refreshed as after fever—Colum. 5, 6, 27; 5. refrigeror, ari, vb. r. give a drink (to), met., Tert. Scap. 4 med.; anim. 51.

**refrigerescencia**, ae, f. cooling, met., Tert. anim. 43.

**re-frigescere**, ere, xi and gui\*, vb. get cool again, cool down, uim uinum refoxit, Cato r. 105, 1; refrigerescit enim cunctando plaga per auras, Lucr. 4, 793; cor refoxit, Ov. M. 12, 422; si bos sudans refoxit\*, Verg. uet. 4, 12, 1; 2. met., refrigerescere agrum qui non stercoretur, Colum. 2, 15, 2; 3. of stronger met., uili illine rediero Nihil est: refoxit res: nunc demum uenis? Tert. Ad. 2, 2, 25; illud crimen caluit re-focti, nunc refoxit, Cic. Plane. 55; tereur interea tempus, belli apparatus refrigerescit, Phil. 5, 30; sortes (illae) plane refoxiunt, din. 2, 87; add Att. 1, 1, 2; 4. refoxi, Q. fr. 3, 2, 3; ne oratio refrigerescat, Quint. 4, 3, 2; calor cogitationis, qui scribendi mora refoxit, recipit uires, 10, 3, 6.

**re-frigo**, ere, vb. roast again, roast, Fest. 277 a 23 M. See referius.

**re-fringo**, (frango) ere, frangi, fractus, vb. break open, portaque refigit, Enn. ap. Hor. s. 1, 4, 61; cellas refigit, Pl. Capt. 4, 10; portas, Caes. b. g. 2, 33, 6; Liv. 10, 43, 5; 24, 30, 2; 25, 9, 15; Ov. M. 6, 597; carcerem, Lucr. 6, 17, 6; 34, 44, 7; 2. met., clausura nobilitatis, Cic. Mur. 17; 3. break up, crush, glaeba refigitur et resolutio in puluerem, Colum. 11, 2, 60; eastanea refractum tofum non respuit, 4, 33, 1; in refracto solo, Plin. 17, 76; 4. drive back or repel violently, break the force of, disposito equitatu qui uim duminis refrigeret, Caes. b. g. 7, 56, 4; Achius, Hor. od. 3, 3, 28; 5. met., uim (Fortunae) ingruentem, Liv. 5, 37, 1; ingeniorum impetus, Plin. ep. 9, 26, 7; but in Quint. 1, 6, 16 Halm (w. ms A) frangit; 6. break off (ramum), Verg. 6, 210; leones condito in uaginas ungulum macrone ne refringantur hebetentur ingrediendo, Plin. 8, 41; 7. and met., sic auribus ducei ut aculei iudicii me illarum delententis refringantur, Plin. ep. 3, 15, 3; 8. refract, bend by refraction, supra rorem salis elita pars...recta est... Quae demersa liquore obeunt, refracta uidentur Omnia conuerti, Lucr. 4, 440.

**refrius**, see referius.

**re-frondesco**, ere, vb. throw out branches again, Sidon. carn. 22, 46.

**refuga**, ae, m. a runaway, refugee ex opere metalli, Ulp. dig. 48, 19, 8, 6; custodiae r., Maecr. 49, 16, 13, 5; 2. an apostate, cod. Th. 16, 6, 6, 1.

**re-fugio**, ere, fugi, vb. fly back, (ceruus) Mille fugit refugitque uias, Verg. 12, 753; 2. esp. run away, fly (of soldiers), quum cohors impetum fecerat, hostes refugebant, Caes. b. g. 5, 35, 1; ueritus nauium multitudinem ex alto refugerat, b. e. 2, 23; exceptas scapha refugit, 3, 101, 6; add 3, 40, 3; 3, 95, 3; per deos tramites refugientem, Suet. Aug. 16; 3. gen. fly to a place of shelter, take refuge (in or with), reliqui Syracusas classe amissa refugerant, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 101; nonne refugit ad legatos? Deiot. 32; admissis equis ad suos refugerunt, Caes. b. e. 2, 34, 3; in finitimas ciuitates, 3, 99, 3; quadripes nota intra tecta refugit, Verg. 7, 500; quum refugientem ad urbem sequeretur, Liv. 23, 47, 8; 4. met. as in poets, medioque refugerit orbe (sol), Verg. G. 1, 442; ex oculis uisa refugit

humus, Ov. F. 3, 590; 5. in geogr. description, of remoteness, refugitque ab litore templum, Verg. 3, 536; pontus Euxinus longe refugientis occupat terras, Plin. 4, 76; 6. of the feelings, shrink from, refugit animus eaque dicere reformidat, Plin. 14, 9; refugio a te ammonendo, Att. 12, 18, 1; pudore a dicendo refugisti, or. 2, 10; and met.: (uites) a brassicis ut a pestiferis refugere, N. D. 2, 120; 7. w. acc., impetum armati Antiochi ceterorumque tela atque incursum refugit, Cic. Caecin. 22; auersusque refugit Foeda mihi terra, Verg. 7, 618; seclus uia refugit, Ov. F. 3, 51; scelerataque dextra Munera porrexit: Miuos porrecta refugit, M. 8, 95; Castaque mandatum dextra refugit opus, her. 14, 50; quae nunc memoriam meam refugit, Colum. 12, 52, 8; 8. hence in pass., hic ager colono est paenitendus ac tanquam pestilens refugient, Colum. 2, 2, 7; 9. w. inf., tenere barbiton, Hor. od. 1, 1, 33; nec te transire refugit, Ov. am. 3, 6, 5; 10. refugio or refugio, said to exist, but in Lucr. 3, 69 ed. now have: effugisse uolunt longe, longaque remosse; the line in Enn. ap. Cic. or. 3, 218 and fin. 5, 31: nemo est... tanta confidentia Quin refugiat timido sanguine atque exalbescent met., seems by the accent to imply refugiat (not refugiat); but Non. 224, 18 gives the pass. w. fugiat, so that Enn. perhaps wrote: Quin e fugiat...

**refugium**, ii or i, n. a place of refuge, siluae tutius dedere r., Liv. 9, 37, 10; nationum portus erat et r. senatus, Cic. off. 2, 26; add Suet. Tib. 35; Iustin. 2, 6, 11; 11, 4, 9; domus tutissimum cuique r., Gai. dig. 2, 4, 18; est recipere r. abscondendi causa seruo praestare, Ulp. 11, 3, 1, 2; 2. esp. a secret underground place of retreat in a private house against an enemy or fire, neque ei permitteatur refugia aperire, Ulp. dig. 7, 1, 13, 7; called *κρυπτα* in 43, 17, 3, 7; 3. **refugus**, adj. flying away, running back, receding, uada, Ov. M. 10, 42; flumen, her. 18 (17), 182; ut instantibus resisteret, refugos non sequerentur, Tac. au. 13, 40; add h. 3, 61.

**re-fulecto**, ere, vb. prop up again, not. Tir. 117.

**refulgencia**, ae, f. brilliancy, lacunarum, Apul. flor. 18.

**re-fulgeo**, ere, lsi, vb. reflect light, shine, Feruidus ille Camis stellarum luce refugit, Cic. arat. ap. N. D. 2, 114; nubes Solis inardescit radis longaeque refugit, Verg. 8, 623; corpus auro caelatis refugis armis, Liv. 7, 10, 7; stella refulsit, Hor. od. 1, 12, 27; 2. met., a docto fama refugit auro, Prop. 3, 20, 8; tum refulsit certa spes liberorum parentibus, Veil. 2, 103, 5; spes uicini, Pers. pro. 12; primus refulsit Apollodorus (as a painter), Plin. 35, 60.

**re-fulgurat**, vb. impers. it lightens again, not. Tir. 118.

**re-fundo**, ere, fudi, fasas, vb. pour up\* or back, stellae terrae... uaporibus aluntur... quibus renouatae refundunt eodem (so Lamb. ej.; mss eadem) et rursus trahunt indidem, Cic. N. D. 2, 118; sensit... inis Stagna refusa\* uadis, Verg. 1, 126; Egerit hic fluctus aequorque refundit in aequor, Ov. M. 11, 488; Fluctus refundens\* ore physeter capax, Sen. Plaedr. 1039; 2. pour back, so as to cause an overflow or inundation, Tiberis immenso auctu proruto sublicio ponte ac strage obstantis molis refusus plana urbis loca impleuit, Tac. h. 1, 56; 3. so far of liquids, also of solids, si angustus uulnus (uentris) est quam ut intestina commodè refundantur, Cels. 7, 16, 1, 16 D; laterique inlisa refunditur alga, Verg. 7, 590; 4. met. return, give back, repay, refund (note this), ubi acceptit ut manu mitti-ret, deinde seruus decessit, refundere eum (debere) quod accepit, Ulp. dig. 12, 4, 5, 4; hoc solum refundere debes quod ex pretio habes, 12, 6, 26, 12; summam auro-rum refundam tibi, Scaev. 2, 14, 47, 1; add Papin. 40, 7, 34, 1; and met., refundinus Nisi suas copias: recipit frumenta (in a famine) quae miserat, Plin. pan. 31; 5. gen. return, ablatis codicillis primitus et refusus, cod. Th. 13, 11, 10.

**refusio**, onis, f. pouring back, solis calor ad supera trahit) uimorem, cuius refusio pluvialis est copia, Maecr. s. 1, 21, 27; 2. refunding, repayment, restitution, similitudo donationis est r., schol. ad cod. Th. 3, 13, 3; 3. = exsolutio, discharge, numerum, ib. 12, 1, 185.

**refūsōrius**, adj. of discharge, litterae, Sidon. ep. 9, 10.

**refutatio**, ōnis, f. refutation, disproof, accusation, Cic. top. 93; maledictum, Quint. 4, 3, 15; add 3, 9, 1 and 5; 5, 13, 1 and 53; 2. a document of refutation, cod. Th. 11, 30, 14.

**refutator**, ōris, m. one who refutes, Arnob. 1, 18. **refutatorius**, adj. of refutation, proes, or libelli, cod. Th. 11, 30, 1, 11, 14 etc.

**refutatus**, ūs, m. refutation, Ancipitque refutatu conuincere falsum, Lucr. 3, 525.

**re-fūto**, āre, vb. frq. [refundō] lit.: by addition of a little cold water reduce (boiling water) to re-t, cf. confuto; 2. met. throw cold water upon, calm down, cool down (what is overheated), semper illas nationes (sc. Gallias) nostri imperatores refutandas potius bello quam laesendas putauerunt, Cic. pro C. 32; quana quidem eius bonitatem non modo non refutare sed angere debetis, Rab. Post. 44; praesertim cum sine suspitione tuae cupiditatis non possis illius cupiditatem refutare, fam. 1, 9, 20; refutetur Philoctetes ille clamor, Tusc. 2, 55; eius conatum, Cic. 7 har. resp. 7; haec tibi est excidenda lingua ua uel euolsa libidine tuam libertas mea refutabit, Crass. ap. Cic. or. 3, 4; arrogantiam, Arnob. 4, 137; 3. esp. an opponent in argument, cool down by refutation, quiet, refute, quos tum refutare domesticis testibus solebamus, Cic. or. 2, 2; neque tu me peregrinum posthac dixissem non gratius refutare neque... Sul. 25; non tam id laboro ut si qui mihi obtrecent a te refutetur quam... lae, 9, 11, 2; in refutandis testibus, Font. 11 (1); tribunos feroci oratione, Liv. 2, 52, 7; 4. w. acc. of things, throw cold water upon, refute, answer, disprove, nostra confirmare rationibus, contraria refutare, Cic. or. 2, 80; sceleratorum hominum peritiam testimonis suis, Font. 45 (35); neque id manifesta refutatio... in promptu cognita quae sunt, Lucr. 2, 867; fors dicta refutet, Verg. 12, 41; 5. with acc. and inf., si quis corpus sentire refutet, attempts to throw cold water on the doctrine that... Lucr. 3, 350; 6. reject with a sort of contempt, se regibus deuocent et post eos uitam refutant, Sal. ap. Serv. ad G. 4, 218; nummum refutant; dant res et accipiunt, Solin. 22 med.; 7. from this last sense prob. Fr. refuser.

**regālōiūs**, (implying a noun regalis = regalis) adj. or sb. m. dim. the golden-crested vireo, Suet. Caes. 81; cf. Plin. 10, 203; dissident... aquilae et trochilus... quoniam rex appellatur animum.

**regālis**, e, adj. of a king, royal, regal, Non ego nunc paratus sum, sed regum rex regali, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 45; sapientiam regalem, non progeniem quaeri oportere, Cic. rep. 2, 24; luxus, Verg. 1, 637; mensae, 1. 686; regalissimum munus, lul. Val. res G. Alex. 2, 33; 2. r. fulmina, com. (tanguntur) principalia urbis liberae loca, Sen. X. Q. 2, 49, 2; 3. r. exta, quae honorem, hereditates, dominationem pollicentur, Fest. 289 a 27 M; 11. 4. regales, members of a royal family, reges numero quique regalesque decem, Amm. 16, 12, 26; ut neque regalibus neque legatis (iumenta suppeditent), cod. Th. 7, 1, 9; 5. members of a certain college, L. Varonius L. f. Pal. Capitoni... ordo Regalium, inser. Or. 3884; 111. 6. regalar adv. in kingly fashion, regally, Ov. M. 2, 397; Liv. 42, 51, 2.

**reg-amāto**, āre [the letter f], vb. fmk (as a road) regamante uia nō limite, dum a se utrumque discesserit, desinit nia finem praestare, Frontin. contr. 2, p. 41, l. 28 Lachm.; a regamantibus lineis, ib. 347, 21.

**regēlāto**, ōnis, f., thawing, Frontin. contr. 2, p. 50, l. 22.

**re-gēlo**, (re of reversal) āre, vb. thaw, solum matutino ortu regelari poterit, Colum. 1, 5, 8; dum (uitae) regelatae siccantur, 11, 2, 7; ubi torpenta frigore... Zephyrus regelauerit auras, 10, 78; add Mart. 3, 93, 15; 11, 8, 6; 2. met. acta mea nix media regelatur aestate, Sen. ep. 67, 1; in Varr. r. 1, 57, 3 read w. Schn. refrigerare.

**re-gēmo**, ōre, vb. groan again, Stat. Th. 5, 389; 8, 17. **regēnerāto**, ōnis, f. being born again, regeneration, Aug. c. P. 20, 5.

**re-gēnēro**, āre, vb. reproduce in off-spring or descendants,

esp. by throwing back (as breeders say), naeuos et cicatrici, Plin. 7, 50; (Nicaeus) Aethiops nata matre nihil a ceteris colore differente ipse auom regenerauit Aethiopem, 7, 51; nec alio magis Drusus regenera(nit) patrem Tiberium, 14, 145; ex ea platano (quae nunquam folia dimittebat) platani staca regenerare nitium, 12, 12; 2. met. regeneratus, regenerate, Isid. or. 15, 4.

**regēminatō**, ōnis, f. sprouting again after being cut down (castanea), Plin. 17, 147; (lactuca), 19, 122.

**re-germino**, āre, vb. sprout again after being cut down, (eupressus) in Aenaria stuecia regerminat, Plin. 16, 141; (lactuca), 19, 122.

**re-gēro**, ēre, essi, estum, vb. [gero, shoot, shovel, and first re up] shoot up, shovel up, throw up as with a spade, re-fossas radices in summum regeri atque comburi, Colum. 3, 11, 4; in acerrum culmos regerant, 2, 10, 13; humus quae erat regesta reponitur, 11, 3, 5; add 3, 11, 7; ignis regestus (as a re-l. part.), shooting up; 11. 2. (re back) shoot back, shovel back, discharge in return, quibus ad notum dies est actus, si bene desudauerunt; in locum eius quod effluxit multum potius regesserunt, Sen. ep. 15, 3; si summa terra sublati ex fundo meo et alia regesta esset, Iavol. dig. 7, 4, 24 f.; add Plin. 17, 30, 6, 104; conflagrauit (the amphitheatre) siue ab oppugnatoribus incensum dum faces in obsessos iaculantur siue ab obsessis dum regerunt, Tac. h. 2, 21; (lunam) in coitu (conjunction with the sun) non cerni quoniam haustum omnem lucis auersa (sc. a terra) illo regerat unde acceperit, Plin. 2, 46; asteria contraria soli regerit candicantes radios in modum stellae, unde nomen inuenit, 37, 131; 3. met. esp. of abuse returned, huius back, retort, as a sort of filth, regerit conuicia durus Vindemiatior, Hor. s. 1, 7, 29; propter spectra Catiana, pro quo tibi tot rusticos Stoicos regerant ut... (pay you off with) Cass. ap. Cic. fam. 15, 19, 1; ut inuidiam omnem in eum regerent qui hoc se coegisset, Quint. 11, 1, 22; dum conuincem culyam in illos, illi in hos regere posse confidunt, Plin. ep. 10, 19 (30); 2. mensuram (of citron water) insania quae fenitiae uiris contra margaritas regerunt, Plin. 13, 91; Regeramus ipsi crimen, Sen. Phaedr. 728; fata... regesta Danaus, Ag. 225; despicimus comitiales morbos, hoc est, contagia regerimus, throw back with our spittle the miasma supposed to be thrown upon us, Plin. 28, 35; 4. shoot into some back place, stow away, met.

puerorum commentaris (common-place books) in quos ea quae aliis declamantibus laudata sunt regerunt, Quint. 2, 11, 7; regestae in commentariis, 3, 6, 59; 5. in Lucil. Aetna 436 generandis is now read from ms a; regerunt in Varr. r. 1, 64, 2 is corrupt; 6. regesta as sb. n. pl. (papers) stowed away, archives, records, nussum regestis scribarum porticus Polyphreicae, Vop. Plin. 2; hic in regestis est liber caelestibus, Prud. symph. 10, 1131; 7. hence through a late form regestarius one who has charge of the archives, a register (now obsolete); and through regestarium a list of archives, another register.

**regib-ilis**, e, adj. controllable, tractable, inuentus, Amm. 16, 12, 10; add 19, 7, 8.

**regificus**, adj. as done by a king, kingly, royal, regal, luxus, Verg. 6, 605; paratus, Val. F. 2, 652; adv. regifice, in kingly fashion, (domum) Auro ebore instructam regifice, Enn. ap. Cic. Tusc. 3, 44; add Sil. 11, 273.

**regifugium**, i, ōri, n. flight of kings, a festival at Rome, VI Kal. Mart. (Feb. 24), Fest. 278 a 6 M; cf. Ov. F. 2, 685; Regif. N., Kal. Maff. on that day; Nec regifugium pulsus ex urbe tyrannus, Auson. ecl. de fer. R. 13—wh. the long i points to an old form regis fugium; cf. whales bone in Sh., beddisseyde in Chaucer.

**re-gigno**, ēre, vb. reproduce, Lucr. 5, 244.

**regilla**, see regillus.

**Regillanus**, adj. of Regillus or Regilli, a Sabine village, as a cognomen, Claudius Appius Regillanus, decemuir legibus scribendis, Suet. Tib. 2; Ῥεγίλλος Κλωδῶς Ῥεγίλλανος, Diod., but in the fasti cons. 451 B.C.: Ap. Claudius Ap. f. M. n. Crass. Inregill. Sabini.

**Regileasis**, e, adj. of the Lake Regillus, as a cognomen, M. Postumius Regillensis, Liv. 4, 49, 7.

**regillus**, a, ōi, (dim. of regius), royal, Quid erat induta?

an regillam indoculam, an mendiculam? Pl. Epid. 2, 2, 39; tunica, Varr. ap. Non. 539, 14.

**2** *Regillus*, (dim. of rex) 1. and Regilla, ae, cognomina, M. Aemilius Regillus, Liv. 24, 7, 12; Annia Regilla, inser. Fabr. 413, 350; **2.** name of a Sabine village, a uico Regillo, Liv. 2, 16, 4; or Regilli, ex Regillis, oppido Sabini-norum, Suet. Tib. 1; **3.** a lake, near Tibur and mount Algidus, lacum Regillum, Liv. 2, 19, 3; Plin. 33, 38; but apud Regilli lacum, Flor. 1, 11, 2.

**regimen**, inis, n. guidance, steerage, equorum, Tac. an. 13, 3 f.; (natum), id. 23; **2.** met., government, command, Prinaus senex... in regimen bellicae paratus, Enn. ap. Fest. 278 b 5 M; animum... In quo consilium nitae regimen-que locatum est, Lucr. 3, 95; r. totius magistratus penes Appium erat, Liv. 3, 33, 7; classis, Vell. 2, 85, 2; uocis regimen primores (dentes tenent), Plin. 7, 70.

**regimentum**, i, n. guidance, command, regimentis rei publicae ad imperatores perpetuos translatis, Aur. Arcad. dig. 1, 11, 1.

**regina**, (for suff. cf. leana, *basilurra*) ae, f. queen, Sciunt quid in auren rex reginae dixerit, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 171; unus rex reginae placet, St. 1, 2, 76; solae utuntur his (i.e. eunuchis) reginae, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 58; reginae fuga mihi non molesta est, Cic. Att. 14, 8, 1; dum Capitolio Regina dementis ruinas... parabat, Hor. od. 1, 37, 7; **2.** as a title of goddesses, Q. Caecilius Flamini libertus Iunone Scisputi Matri reginae, CIL 1110; Itaque me Iuno regina et Iouis suprema filia... Pl. Cist. 2, 1, 37; teque Iuno regina, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 184; Siderum regina biornis, Hor. carm. sacre, 35; Fortunae reginae, inser. Grut. 78, 7; **3.** in poets of auy royal lady, a princess, of Medea, Val. F. 5, 373, 385 etc.; of Messalina, Plin. 29, 20; of Deidamia, Stat. Ach. 1, 295;

**4.** met., omnium regina rerum oratio, poet. ap. Cic. or. 2, 187; instituta r. uirtutum, off. 3, 28; r. pecunia, Hor. ep. 1, 6, 37; regina chori, Stat. Th. 4, 379; Alpini r. cupressus Verticis, 6, 854; Appia regina uiam, silu. 2, 12; **5.** the Flaminia or wife of the rex sacrificulus, uirgula quam r. sacrificans in capite gestabat, Paul. ex F. 113 v. inaculum; add Serv. ad A. 4, 137; r. sacrorum, id est regis uxor, Macr. s. 1, 15, 19.

**regio**, onis, f. (rego stretch, make straight) direction, quarter, Equum uidisti quare hic amabo in hac regione Cistellam cum crepundis? Pl. Cist. 4, 2, 42; Hi loci atque hae sunt regiones quae mihi ab ero sunt demonstratae, Ps. 2, 2, 1; Quor ergo in his te conspicio regionibus? Ter. Eun. 5, 8, 32; Sed nil omnino nulla (so Lachm.; om. ass; alii recta) regione uia Declinare... Lucr. 2, 249; si qui tantulum de recta regione deflexerit, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 175; namque antea cursu Dum sequor et nota excedo regione uiam, Verg. 2, 737; Euryale infelix qua te regione reliqui, Quare sequar? 9, 300; **2.** a line, esp. as marking a boundary, a limit, ex eis terminis recta regione in riuo(n) Vendupale(n), CIL 1069, 9; add 12; Eius (sc. argumenti) nux regiones limites confinia Determinauit: ei rei ego sum factus finitor, Pl. Poen. pr. 48; res eae quas gessimus orbis terrae regiones definuunt, Cic. Arch. 23; add 29; Balb. 64; Cat. 4, 21; nix facile sese regionibus officii continet, agr. 2, 97; **3.** esp. a line drawn by an augur's staff dividing the heavens and earth, caeli fulgura (so AB 1 m.); regionibus ratis temperato, xii tab. ap. Cic. leg. 2, 1; quae sit ab Attio Natio per litum regionum facta descriptio, Cic. din. 1, 31; cf. Varr. l. 7, 2, p. 202 Sp.; **4.** a space so marked off; hence gen. a district, a country, sunt in his regionibus ferrariae, Cato orig. 28, 6 1; quae regio orae terrarum erat latior in qua non regnum aliquod statuatur? Cic. Sest. 66; terrae maximas regiones inhabitabiles uidemus, N. D. 1, 24; **5.** esp. a district of the city Rome, a quarter, a region, spatium urbis in regiones uicisque diuisit, Suet. Aug. 30; ipsa (Roma) diuisit in regiones quattuordecim, Plin. 3, 66; add Tac. an. 15, 40; **6.** a division of Italy, regio ea a Tiberi prima Italiae seruatur ex descriptio Augusti, Plin. 3, 63; a Siliro regio tertia... 3, 71; **7.** met. a field, a domain, Tace, Dum in regionem astutiarum mearum te induco, ut scias... Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 78; bene dicere non habet definitum aliquam regionem cuius terminis

saepta tenatur, Cic. or. 2, 5; **8.** e. regione, in a straight line, ut alterum e regione mouerit alterum declinet, Cic. fat. 18; add 47; si omnia deorsum e regione ferrentur et ut dixi ad lineam, fin. 1, 19; **9.** with a dat., in a right line with, directly opposite, e regione castris castra ponebant, Caes. b. g. 7, 35, 1; castris positus e regione minus eorum pontium quos... 7, 35, 2; uos dicitis esse e regione nobis in contraria parte terrae qui aduersis negotiis stent contra nostra uestigia quos *arripere* uocatis, Cic. acad. pr. 123; **10.** on the contrary, Arabes camelorum lacte et carnis uiuunt; e regione septentrionalis populos lo ad esum camelorum compellas... Hier. loc. 2, 7.

**regionalis**, e, adj. of a district, provincial, concilium, Aug. bapt. contr. Don. 7, 53; **2.** regionaliter adv. Apul. mund. 23.

**regionalarius**, adj. the same, not. Tir. 63.

**regionatim**, adv. by or in districts, r. tribus descripserunt, Liv. 40, 51, 9; r. commercio interrupto, 45, 30, 2; edidit ludos r. urbe tota, Suet. Caes. 39.

**regius**, adj. of a king, royal, regal, in sedes conlocat se regias; Clytemnestra iuxta, tertias naues occupant, Liv. Andr. ap. Non. 127, 30; sed ualuae resonant regiae, Aes. ap. Prisc. 1, 474, 5; add id. ap. Non. 505, 13; O grata cardo regium exorsum indicans, Graec. ap. Prisc. 1, 206, 13; potestas, Cic. Phil. 1, 3; maiestas, Caes. b. c. 3, 106, 4; domus, Sal. Jug. 76, 6; nonum, Liv. 27, 19, 4; **2.** king-like, princely, forma, Pl. Mil. 1, 1, 10; copias, Bac. 4, 4, 6; apparatus, Cic. rep. 6, 10; moles, Hor. od. 2, 15, 1; Regia res scelus est, Ov. F. 6, 595; superbum istud et regium, Plin. pan. 7; Regia... res est succurrere lapsis, Ov. Pont. 2, 9, 11; **3.** as a special epithet from excellence, olea, Colum. 3, 8, 3; pira, 5, 10, 18; Plin. 15, 56; spina, 13, 129; laurus, 15, 129; palmae, 13, 41; stella, in the Constellation Lion, 18, 235; hastula, the plant asphodel, 21, 109; Apul. herb. 32; **4.** r. atrium, the hall attached to Vesta's temple at Rome, Liv. 26, 27, 3—cf. Ov. F. 6, 263; **5.** r. morbus, jaundice, regium cognominatum aquatorum (al. anatum) morbum, Varr. ap. Plin. 22, 114; morbus quem interdum arqumum, interdum regium nominant, Cels. 3, 24; add Ser. Samn. 58, 1033; Veg. uet. 5, 48, 1; **6.** regiu, as sb. m. pl., ps. Nep. Ages. 8; **7.** regia as sb. f. (sc. domus), a royal palace, Cic. fin. 3, 52; Caes. b. c. 3, 112, 8; Liv. 2, 12, 10; **8.** a city as a royal residence, Croesi regia Sardis, Hor. ep. 1, 11, 2; Siga oppidum Syphacis regia, Plin. 5, 19; **9.** esp. the residence of the Pontifex Maximus, nuper me ad Regiam paene confecti, Cic. Mil. 37; usum te aiant in Regia (of Caesar as Pont. Max.), nec reprehendo, quippe cum ipse istam reprehensionem non fugerim, Att. 10, 3; quod C. Iulius L. f. pontifex nuntiant in sacro Regiae hastas Martias mouisse, S. C. ap. Gell. 4, 6, 2; dum lectica ex Regia domum redeo, Aug. ap. Suet. Aug. 76; duae statuae ante Martis Vitoris aedem, totidem ante Regiam, Plin. 34, 48; pontifices non in Regiam sed in Albae uillam conuocant, Plin. ep. 1, 11, 6; **10.** met., Caci regia, Verg. 8, 243; regis, Val. F. 5, 67; **11.** regie adv. royally, acumbus regie, Pl. St. 2, 2, 53; add Varr. r. 1, 2, 10; Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 115.

**re-glescit** = crescit, Fest. 278 a 30 M—rather burns up afresh.

**re-glutino**, (re of reversal) are, vb. unglue, met., tuis ab unguibus, Catul. 25, 9; add Mart. Cap. 191 G, p. 108, l. 10 Eyss.; **2.** glue again together, Prud. perist. 10, 873.

**regnator**, oris, m. ruler, sovereign, Vbi rex Agathocles regnator fuit, Pl. Men. 2, 3, 58; (Jupiter) Deum regnator, Amph. pr. 45; Acc. ap. Serv. A. 1, 88; Verg. 4, 266; Asiae, 2, 557; **2.** met., agelli, Mart. 10, 61, 3; r. frutillus, 11, 6, 2.

**regnatrix**, icis, adj. or sb. f. ruling, sovereign, r. domus, Tac. an. 1, 4.

**regnicola**, ae, m. f., dweller in a kingdom, Aug. Faust. 20, 7.

**regno**, are, vb. rule as a king, reign, quescumque Romae regnaissent, Cato ap. Prisc. 2, 9, 17 K; Et ubi Pterela rex regauit, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 257; annum iam tertium et

nicesimum regnat, Cic. Manil. 7; 2. pass. imper- ab sua parte non erat regnatum, Liv. 1, 17; 2; ter centum regnabitur annos, Verg. 1, 272; 3. w. a gen., Daunus agrestium regnavit populum, Hor. od. 3, 30, 12; cf. ἡγεῖσθαι λαόν, Hom.; βασιλεύειν τῆς Ἀσίας, Isocr.; 4. with acc. rule over, reign over—implied in pass. pers. qui nationem eam regebant in quantum Germani regnabant, Tac. an. 13, 54; gentibus quae regnabant, h. 1, 10; 5. esp. in part. pass., w. a dat. of the person, regnata rura Phalanto, Hor. od. 2, 6, 11; terra regnata Lycourgo, Verg. 3, 14; tellus regnata parenti, Ov. her. 10, 69; add M. 8, 623; 13, 720; Sil. 14, 7; so far in poets only; gens Pandae sola Indorum regnata fenuis, Plin. 6, 76; 6. add gerundive, regnandam accepit Albam, Verg. 6, 770; 7. met. play the king, olim cum regnare existimabamur non tam ab ullis quam hoc tempore observor, Cic. fam. 7, 24, 1; equitum centurias in quis regnas, 11, 16, 3; παθη- τικόν—in quo uno regnat oratio,orat. 128; minor regnabit in arvis, Lucr. 5, 395; nuno et regno simul ista reliquit, Hor. ep. 1, 10, 8; quousque regnabis? Plin. ep. 7, 3, 2; 8. esp. in a bad sense,

**regnum**, i. n. royal power, empientes regni, Enn. ap. Cic. din. 1, 107; Sibi sua habent regna reges, sibi dinitias diuites, Pl. Cur. 1, 3, 19; Sp. Maclum r. adpetentem, Cic. sen. 56; 2. the country ruled by a king, a kingdom, quod conspicio in meo regno Scipionem, Cic. rep. 6; 3. Advatueque qui erant eius regno finitimi, Caes. b. g. 5, 38, 1; Nuda triumphati iacent per regna lugurthae, Lucan. 2, 90; qui regna Dauni praefuit, Hor. od. 4, 14, 26; 3. met. sovereignty, supremacy, abutis atomorum regno et licentia, Cic. N. D. 1, 65; sic ego amisso regno forensi, fam. 9, 18, 1; sub regno Cuiarae, Hor. od. 4, 1, 4; regnum in amnis uagus, 4, 4, 2; Nee regna uni sortire talis, 1, 4, 18; 4. met. of place, id nisi hic in tuo regno essemus non tulissem, Cic. or. 1, 41; in Puteolana regna renauigat, Att. 14, 16, 1; Post aliquot, mea regna nideus, mirabor aistas? Verg. B. 1, 70.

**regō**, ēre, rexī, rectum, vb. [for a fuller *er-ego*; see below] first rear, erect, ita iacere talum ut rectus assistat, Cic. fin. 3, 54; Illa quidem recto pectus se attollere trunco, Ov. M. 2, 822; ut sit (caput oratoris) primo rectum et secundum naturam, Quint. 11, 3, 69; rectique in pedes (sc. equi) incant onus, Sen. Phaedr. 1093; cella frigidaria in qua rectus stabat, Petr. fr. tr. 73 B; 2. make straight, hence rectus straight; and regula a rule; 3. hence direct, guide, Hinc sine me turbare globum et rege talle per arvas, Verg. 9, 409; uestigia, 6, 29; equum, Ov. a. a. 3, 556; lb. 470; impotentes regendi equi, Liv. 35, 11, 10; arte lenes curvus arte regendus Amor, Ov. a. a. 1, 4; artem, tr. 1, 4, 12; neque egebit adiutorio manum suam superimposita regentis (in learning to write), Quint. 1, 1, 27; 4. r. fines, run a boundary-line for land, ille exercitatus est in propagandis finibus, tu in regendis, Cic. Mur. 22; e xii (sc. tabulis) tres arbitri finis regemus, leg. 1, 55; add top. 43; non fixus in agris qui reget certis finibus arua lapis, Tib. 1, 3, 44; finium regundorum, the title of dig. 10, 1; 5. met. guide, rule, govern, keep straight, keep or set in the right road, ut errantem regere posset, Caes. b. c. 3, 57, 3; non multa peccas, sed si peccas te regere possum, poet. ap. Cic. Mur. 60; de summis rebū regundis, Enn. an. 242 V; nūn quādam qua omnia regantur, Cic. N. D. 1, 32; mundi motum regat atque teneat, 1, 33; deus qui regit id corpus eni praeposuit, rep. 6, 20; dum spiritus hos reget artus, Verg. 4, 336; animi motus, Cic. part. or. 76; inuenit, Att. 10, 6, 2; Martem bella regere, Caes. b. g. 6, 17, 2; 6. as our rise is decap, from arise, of wh. ar alone is radical, so reg- is for *er-eg*, and so akin to prep. *er* up, which is for *er-ec*, with *er* for root as in Germ. pref. *er* up; or-ig-o or-ig-ē, or-eg-ē in root and suff. are the same with (f)reg-o, while or of ortus has not yet taken the suff.; for suff. cf. spar-g-o mer-g-o str-ag-es; 7. akin are our vb. reach, and sb. reach (of a river). See also Essays, p. 74 ff.

**regradatio**, ōnis, f. loss of rank, degradation, cod. Th. 8, 5, 2.

**rē-grādo**, āre, vb. degrade, reduce to a lower rank, cod. Th. 12, 17, 3; nou. Th. 11, 1, 21, 1; Hier. Ioan. Ieros. 19; 2. bring back to former order, menses (by intercalation), Solin. 1, 45.

**rē-grāuo**, āre, vb. = iterum grauo, not. Tir. 46.

**rē-grēdiōr**, i, gressus, vb. r. march back, return, Illic rēgredere ab ostio: illuc sis, uide ut Incedit, Pl. Aul. 1, 1, 7; ut regredi quā progredi mallent, Cic. off. 1, 33; ex itinere regressi, Liv. 24, 18, 5; Caesar regressus in urbem omnibus. ignominit, Vell. 2, 56, 1; postliminio regressi, Papin. dig. 50, 1, 17, 0; pass. in Caes. b. g. 2, 23, 2 dub.; 2. met. of time, superiora repente regredi infinite, Cic. fat. 35; cum dos ad eum regredi possit, Paul. dig. 21, 2, 71; se in reorum potestate regressuros, Ulp. 48, 5, 28 (27); 11; but pass. in Pl. Capt. 5, 4, 26 a gloss; II 3. a form regredior or regredo is implied in: quo nunc...gradum Regredere conare, Enn. ap. Non. 166, 22; 4. re w. a long e implies a form redgredior; in Pl. the e must be long, and may be in Enn.

**regressio**, ōnis, f. marching back, return, retreat, Fronto princ. hist. p. 204 Nah.; Apul. M. 2, 18; 9, 22; 2. a gramm. figure, = *επανodus*, Quint. 9, 3, 35.

**regressus**, ūs, m. the same, progressus et regressus (stellarum), Cic. N. D. 2, 51; Regressus non dabat ille uiro, Ov. a. a. 2, 32; 2. met., Funditus occidimus neque habet Fortuna regressum, Verg. 11, 413; ut esset regressus ad ueniam, Plin. praef. 26.

**rēgūla**, (w. its long e: rēgo; t: tēgula; tēgo—an irregularity noticed by Quint. 1, 6, 33), ae, f. an instrument for measurement and securing straightness of lines, a ruler or rule, non egeremus perpendiculari, non normis, non regulis, Cic. ap. Non. 163, 2; add Colum. 3, 13, 11 and 12; materia ad regulam et libellam exigitur, Plin. 36, 188; uti longitudo ad regulam et ad lineam, altitudines ad perpendicularium, anguli ad normam respondentes exigantur, Vitr. 7, 3, 5; 2. gen. a straight staff or bar, of wood or iron, quadratas regulas, quae lateres continent, Caes. b. c. 2, 10, 4; innotatum lana regulam, Cels. 8, 10, p. 351. l. 28 D; duabus angustis ligneis (or stanneis) regulis (in castratione uittulorum), Colum. 6, 26, 2; submisit rēgūla linnen—iron bar to a door—Stat. Th. 6, 593; regulae ferreae, Vitr. 5, 10, 3; r. oleaginea, Veg. vet. 3, 41, 3; 3. met., regulam qua uera et falsa iudicantur, Cic. Brut. 152; (lex est) iuris atque iniuriarum r., leg. 1, 19; adsit Rēgūla peccatis quae poenas iuroget aequas, Hor. s. 1, 3, 118; 4. rule as to food, diet, r. sicca, frigida, nutritibilia, Cic. Anr. tard. 5, 1, 24; 5. a plant = βασιλίσκη, Apul. herb. 128.

**rēgūlāris**, ae, adj. of a regula, aes—malleable and ductile—as fit for regulae, Plin. 34, 94 (bis); 2. according to rule, in due order, regularly, dicere, Ulp. dig. 15, 3, 3, 2; Maer. somm. 1, 20, 13 and 20.

**rēgūlātū**, ad, vb. by rule? Diom. 407, 3 K; but in Veg. uet. 3 (not 2), 41, 3 Schn. has reticulatum.

**rēgūlo**, āre, vb. regulate, regulantur sine dirigitur eorum nirtutes genere passionis, Caes. Anr. tard. 3, 4, 62.

**rēgūlus**, i, m. dim. a petty king, a prince, Sal. lug. 11, 2; 12, 1 and 2; Liv. 29, 30, 5; Plin. 18, 22; Tac. an. 2, 80; Suet. Cal. 5; 2. a king's son, a prince, responsum regulo (i.e. Masinissae filio), Liv. 45, 14, 1; 3. the golden-crested wren, Regulus atque merops et rubro pectore progne, carm. Phil. 13; 4. king- (or as we say) queen-bee, animadmetat (mellarius) no reguli plures existant, Varr. r. 3, 16, 18; 5. a bastisch, Hieron. ep. 7, 3; and Is. 16, 59, 6; 6. a cognomen, M. Atilius Regulus, Cic. Sest. 127; Regulo et Verginio consulibus, Sen. N. Q. 6, 1, 2.

**rē-gusto**, āre, vb. taste again, quicquid biberunt, nomitu remeticetur bilem suam regustantes, Sen. dial. 1, 3, 13; 2. taste again and again, salinum, Pers. 5, 138; 3. met., Varronis laudationem, Cic. Att. 13, 48, 2; αττικμον, 4, 17, 1.

**rē-gyro**, āre, vb. wheel back, met. (bellum) in Hispaniam regyruat, Flor. 4, 2 (2, 13), 6.

**re-hālo**, see redhalo.

**rēicūlus**, (rather than reiculus) adj. to be rejected.

(oues), Varr. r. 2, 1, 24; 2, 5, 17; in Sen. ep. 47, 9; Haase has *ridicula mancia*; in Sen. dial. 20, 7; *reiectus* is a cf.

**reiectaneus**, adj. to be rejected, noxious...nou mala, sed si libet (if I may say so) reiectanea, Cic. fin. 4, 72.

**reieciatio**, ōnis, f. throwing up. Solin. 5, 24.

**reiectio**, ōnis, f. throwing up, sanguis, Plin. 23, 140; 2. met. throwing back, rejection, ciuitatis, Cic. Balb. 29; opp. to selectio, fin. 3, 20; 3. esp. r. iudicium, challenging or right to challenge, ut reiectio facta est, cum accusator... homines nequissimos reiecit, Cic. Att. 1, 16, 3; add Verr. 1, 16; Planc. 36; Sal. 92; and met., quid te iudicem facit?... Est quaedam etiam eruditior r., Plin. praef. 7; uelut reiectio facta ad optimam peruenire, Quint. 7, 1, 34; 4. a fig. of rhetoric, Quint. 9, 1, 30.

**reiecto**, āre, vb. frq. keep throwing back, throw back, clamoreque montes Icti reiectant uoces ad sidera mundi, Lucr. 2, 328; 2. not as a frq., throw up, vomit, cum casuum edisset audius, nocte reiectant, Iul. Capit. (not Spart.) Ant. 12, 4.

**reiecio**, (in better authors *reiecio* or *reicio*, trisyll. and ace. to some quadris. *reicio*), ēre, īci, īectum, vb. [facio or facio + re up] throw up, sine ore sanguis reiciatur siue narius, Plin. 26, 131; cauentur (agryna) neque uomitionibus ac bilium reiectionibus, 23, 100; quoties langissime se intaret senos sextantes non exessit aut si excessisset reieciat, Suet. Aug. 77; 2. (re back) throw back, drive back, hurl back, as first what has come towards one, cum a Leucopectra profectus stadia circiter cec processisset, reiectus sum austro uehementi ad eandem Leucopectram, Cic. Att. 16, 7, 1; add Caecin. 88; eos qui eruptionem fecerant in oppidum reieciabant, Caes. b. c. 2, 2, 6; Bis Tusci Intulos egere ad moenia uersos, Bis reiecti armis respectant tergā tēgentes, Verg. 11, 630; S. Enim metuo ut possim reieciere in bulbe ne uagetur, Ter. Ego reiciam, habeo animum bonum, Pl. Pers. 2, 5, 24; Tityre pascentis a flumine reice capellas, Verg. B. 3, 96; minas, Hor. od. 4, 8, 16;

3. esp. ward off, ita ab his (sc. coris) reieciatur plagae ballistarum et impetus incendiarii, Virg. 10, 20 f.; quorum ego forum et audaciam reieci, Cic. Mur. 79; hos reiecit (reiecit?) ictus, Hos cauet, Stat. Th. 6, 769; 4. hence met. reject, spurn, Quin tu aps te scordiam omnem reieis, signitum amones? Pl. As. 2, 1, 6; reieias (so R. ass reieis etc.) Abs te religionem, Att. 430 R; ad bona eligenda et reiecienda contraria, Cic. leg. 2, 60; quae enim tam inimicis paene nomini Romano est qui Enni Medeam spernat aut reiecit? fin. 1, 4; in primisque refutetur ac reiciatur Philoctetes ille clamor, Tusc. 2, 55; add diu. 2, 88; bonus atque fidus index... Reiecit alto dona noentium Volui, Hor. od. 4, 9, 42; recens animi dolor consolationes reiecit, Plin. ep. 5, 16, 11; reieciat Lydiae, Hor. od. 3, 9, 20; Et si reiecer (reiecer?) potui moritura uideri, Ov. M. 9, 606; add 9, 512; condiciones, bell. Alex. 39, 1;

5. r. indices etc., reject, challenge (as we say), nam Maecian non quae indicaret, sed quae reiecerit (so T), Cic. Planc. 38; cum ex cxxv iudiciis quinque et lxx reus reiecerit (so again T. L. reiecit) and soon after reieciendum and reieciamus in the same sense, add Verr. 2, 1, 17; 2, 3, 28 and 32; Att. 1, 16, 3; Balb. 45; 6. throw back, postpone, put off for a time, nuper cum iam te aduentare arbitramur, repente abs te in mensem Quintilian reieci sumus, Cic. Att. 1, 4, 1; habes acta minus diei; reliqua, ut arbitror, in mensem Ianuarium reieciunt (so Baier, but reieciunt?), Q. fr. 2, 1, 3;

7. refer for decision or for additional information, hoc animo esse debes ut nihil huc reiecias (so Baier, reiecias?) nene in rebus tam subitis tamque angustis a senatu consilium petendum putes, Cic. fam. 10, 16, 2; sed ne bis eadem legas, ad ipsam te epistolam reiecio (so R. reicio?), Att. 9, 16, 8; ille neque legatos recipere neque periculum praestare eorum sed totam rem ad Pompeium reieciere, Caes. b. c. 3, 17, 5; senatus eam rem ad Pontifices reiecit, Verr. Fl. ap. Gell. 5, 17, 2; id Cenomani questi Romae apud senatum reieciunt ad consulendum... Liv. 39, 3, 2; add 2, 22, 5; 9, 43, 7; 42, 32, 7;

8. throw back (i.e. towards one's own back), Capillus passus prolixo et circum caput reiectus neglegenter, Ter. Haunt. 2, 3, 50; toga reiecta ab umero latus succinctum gladio nudat, Liv.

23, 8, 10; add Suet. Aug. 26; cum tunica soluta manibus ad tergum reiectis inambularet, Poll. ap. Cic. fam. 10, 32, 3; add Plin. 28, 45; confiteor me si quae prenat res uehementius ita cedere solere ut non modo non abieci sed ne reiecto quidem sento fupere uidear, Cic. or. 2, 294;

9. so r. se, throw oneself back, Tum illa... Reiecit se in eum flens quam familiariter, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 136; in gremium qui saepe tuum se Reiecit (reiecit?), Lucr. 1, 34; add Petr. 92; 10. throw to a distance behind one, throw off, togulae hictoribus (of the imperator Piso) ad portam praesto fuerunt, quibus illi acceptis sagula reiecerunt, Cic. Pis. 55; Haec fatus duplicem ex umeris reiecit amictum, Verg. 5, 421; reieci uiridem de corpore uentem, Ov. M. 8, 32; paenulam, Cic. Mil. 29; Phaedr. 5, 2, 5; 11. turn away, Sic ait atque oculos Intulorum reiecit (reiecit?) aruis, Verg. 10, 473; 12. throw in return, suisque imperauit nequod omnino telum in hostes reicerent, Caes. b. g. 1, 46, 2;

13. for the form reiecio cf. Lachmann ad Lucr. 2, 951. **reieculus**, see reiculus. **reincipio**, ēre, vb. begin again, inser. Grut. 1161, 5.

**reito**, āre, vb. renew, magitus, Apul. M. S. S (so Hild. w. Flor. 388).

**relabor**, i, psus, vb. r. glide, slide or slip back, unda, Verg. 10, 307; arduis relabi rursus montibus, Hor. od. 1, 29, 11; Flexit animum oculos; et protinus illa relapsa est, Ov. M. 10, 57; Flece ratem Thesen uersoque relabere uento, her. 10, 149; 2. met. in uolunt honor, Hor. epod. 17, 18; in Aristippi praecepta (relapse), ep. 1, 1, 1.

**relabro**, ēre, vb. lick up again, Sedit. 4, 28. **relanguesco**, ēre, ui, vb. grow flabby again, hence met. moribunda relanguit, Ov. M. 6, 291; grow faint, uenti etsi uiolentiores flant, relanguescunt, Sen. N. Q. 5, 8, 3; concipere stellam quae relanguescat, Plin. 37, 134 (of a gem); 2. met. relanguisse se (in point of anger), Cic. Att. 13, 41, 1; relanguescere animos et remitti, lose energy, Caes. b. g. 2, 15, 4; add Ov. am. 9, 27; Liv. 35, 45, 5.

**relatio**, ōnis, f. carrying back (of the pen to inkstand), Quint. 10, 3, 31; 2. statement, relation, gentium, Plin. 7, 6; bene dictorum, Quint. 2, 7, 4; causarum, 6, 3, 77; add Apul. M. 3, 15; mundi, 26; 3. gratiae, return or requital of a favour, Sen. ben. 5, 11, 1; ep. 74, 13; throwing back (an accusation etc.), retorting, criminis, Cic. inu. 1, 15; ut non relatione criminum sed innocentia reus purgetur, Ulp. dig. 48, 1, 5; 4. r. iurisiurandi, opposing oath to oath in a suit, Ulp. dig. 12, 2, 34, 9; 5. bearing on a subject, reference, relatione facta ad quod praetor fecit, Paul. dig. 1, 1, 11;

6. a reference (of matter by consuls etc. to the senate), equis audiuit aliquam relationem tunc? Consulem tu te fuisse putas? Cic. Pis. 29; post relationem Aug. Claudii, priusquam ordine sententiae rogarentur... Liv. 3, 39, 2; quod relationi consulum iure tribuniciae potestatis non interesset, Tac. an. 1, 13; add 2, 38; 13, 49; Suet. Cl. 15; placere secundum relationem... pecuniam accipere, inser. Or. 775; hoc decretum post tres relationes placuit in tabula aera scribi, ib.; decerno ius tertiae relationis, Vopisc. Prob. 12, 8;

7. reference of matter to a higher authority, esp. the prince, cod. Th. 1, 15, 3; 11, 30, 11; 8. a figure of rhetoric, Cic. or. 3, 207, on wh. Quint. 9, 3, 97 says: relationem quid accipit uelut (Cicero), non liquet mihi; 9. in grammar, the relation of a pronoun to what it represents, Prisc. 1, 579, 15; 2, 139, 22; 2, 141, 20.

**relatiuus**, adj. relative, referring to something, dicuntur relatiua tribus modis, ut filius, uinculus, duplum, Mart. Cap. 111 G. 114, 20 Eyss.; add Aug. Trin. 5, 16; 2. in Grammar, of pronouns, as pronomen... relatiuum, is eius etc. Diom. 331, 5 K; relatiua ut is sui, Prisc. 2, 21, 15; 3. relative, relatively, Aug. Trin. 5, 71.

**relator**, ōris, m. one who refers, as a consul etc. bringing a matter before the senate, incipiam sperare, auctor te, illo (lento) relatore (illos) coniungi posse, Balb. ap. Cic. Att. 8, 15; 2. one who relates, as an historian, Venant. u. S. Mart. 2, 471; but not in Prop. 4, 6, 5; 3. a registrar? Ti. Flavian Aug. lib. Firmus relator autionum, inser. Or. 3238.

**relatorius**, adj. of res relatae, i.e. goods delivered—



hence relatoria (sc. apocha) as sb. f. a receipt for the same, cod. Th. 13, 5, 8 (bis).

**relātus**, part. see **relo**.

**relātus**, ūs, m. a statement, recital, virtutum, Tac. h. 1, 30; (carrinū), G. 3; 2. taking the pleasure of the senate on a subject, abnūctibus consiliis ea de re relatum, Tac. an. 15, 22.

**re-laudō**, āre, vb. praise again, not. Tir. 47.

**relaxāmentum**, i, n. relaxation, indulgence, xx dierum, lul. ep. non. 89, 339.

**relaxātor**, ōis, f. loosening what has been stretched, hence met. relaxation, relief, animi, Cie. fam. 7, 26, 1; or. 2, 22; (doloris), fin. 2, 95; 2. remission, praescriptionis, peremptoriae, cod. Th. 1, 2, 5.

**relaxātor**, ōis, m. one that loosens, dūentium, Cacl. Aur. aut. 2, 38, 221.

**re-laxo**, āre, vb. unloose, unbind, loosen, open, se corporis nūctis, Cie. sen. 81; (alunus) tum astringitur tum relaxatur, N. D. 2, 130; glaciā ad accipiendum imbrem relaxatas, Varr. r. 1, 27, 2; uinea, Lucr. 6, 356; calor... caeca relaxat spiramenta, Verg. G. 1, 89; 2. met. animum, Cie. Brut. 21; pater nimis indulgens quidquid ego adstrinxī relaxat, Att. 10, 6, 2; (occupationibus) si me relaxaro, fam. 7, 1, 5; a contentiōibus relaxes aliquid, leg. 1, 11;

**3. relaxor** as vb. r. interdum animis relaxantur, Cie. Phil. 2, 39; (insani) quoniam relaxantur, acad. pr. 52; 4. relaxo as a refl. in sense, dat (dolor) intervalla et relaxat, Cie. fin. 2, 95.

**relaxus**, in Colum. 11, 3, 4 Sehn. relaxata.

**relectus**, part. see **relego**.

**relēgiō**, ōis, f. a modified exile, not including loss of citizenship or property, either limiting residence to some place or district, or else excluding therefrom, sometimes for a time, sometimes for life, cf. Ulp. dig. 48, 22, 7; exilio et relegatione eiuum, Liv. 3, 10, 12; add 4, 4, 6; insulae r., Mare. dig. 48, 19, 4; add Ulp. 48, 22, 7, 5; 2. met. haec uita rusticana relegatio appellabitur, Cie. Rose. Am. 44; 3. bequeathing back, dotis, a restoration of dower to a wife in form of a bequest, Maecian. dig. 32, 95; Ulp. 33, 4, 1, 5; Afric. 33, 4, 4.

**re-lēgo**, āre, vb. lit. perh. leave behind and so: banish (see relegatio), L. Lamian relegauit edixitque ut ab urbe abesset milia passuum ducenta, Cie. Sest. 29; ut M. Piso... in decem annos relegatur, Tac. an. 3, 17, 1; sine ad tempus siue in perpetuum quis fuerit relegatus, et ciuitatem R. retinet et testamenti factionem non amittit, Ulp. dig. 48, 22, 3;

**2. met.**, quod filium ab hominibus relegasset et ruri habitare iussisset, Cie. off. 3, 112; add Caes. b. g. 5, 30, 3; nos a patria... ab hoste delegati sumus, Liv. 25, 6, 7; sub ministrii titulo Catonem a republica relegauit, Vell. 2, 45, 4; tauros in sola relegant Pascua, Verg. G. 3, 212; artes, Plin. pan. 47, 1; ambicione relegata, Hor. s. 1, 10, 84; 3. ascribe (unduly), Illa quidem orandi causas tibi dina delegat: Est tamen oculente cui placuisse uelit, Tib. 4, 6, 5; fortunae inuidiam, Vell. 2, 64, 2; rationem rectae uitae ad philosophos, Quint. 1 praef. 10; frustra mala omnia ad crimen fortunae, 6 praef. 13; culpam in hominem, 7, 4, 13;

**4. refer** (to another), ad auctores, Plin. 7, 8; and perh., studiosos ad illud nomen relegamus (so M. Voss. 1; al. delegamus). **5. J.** 5. bequeath back again, uxori dotem, Alfens. dig. 23, 5, 8; add Ulp. 33, 4, 1; si socer mruu dotem relegant, ib. § 9; dotem marito, § 1 etc.

**2 re-lēgo**, āre, lēgi, lectus, vb. pick up again, fannu (of the Labyrinth) difficilis filo est inuenta relecto, Ov. M. S. 173; abies docilis relecti dolesque r. linqui, Val. F. 6, 237;

**2. met.**, quia omnia quae ad cultum deorum pertinent tamquam relegent, Cie. N. D. 2, 72; 3. esp. of one retracing his steps, Vi mea conuerso relegam uestigia cursu, Claud. b. g. 529; enrsu, Prud. apoth. 1072; 4. sweep again, traverse again, coast again along littora, Verr. 3, 690; quas, Ov. tr. 1, 10, 24; Asiā, Tac. an. 2, 54; campos, Val. F. S. 121; and of the eye in a memoria technica founded on objects in a room, relegentes inueniunt ubi posuerunt, Quint. 11, 2, 23; 5. sweep along words and as it were pick them up again, i. e. read again, Cum relogio scripsisse pudet, Ov. Pont. 1, 5, 15; add 3, 5, 11; de nostris

releges quemcumque libellis, Esse puta solum: sic tibi plaris erit, Mart. 4, 29, 10.

**re-lentescō**, ēre, vb. grow apathetic again, amor, Ov. am. 1, 8, 76.

**releuāmen**, inis, n. lightening again, relief, Prisc. perieg. 440.

**releuātio**, ōis, f. lightening again, relief, ut oneris translatio (in sinistro ad dextro umero) uideatur releuatio, Fronto ad M. Caes. 12, p. 73, l. 17 Nab.; 2. r. capillorum, thinning or shaving of the hair, Theod. Prisc. 1, 9.

**1 re-lēuo**, āre, vb. [re up, leuō] lift up, e. terra corpus releuare nolentem Aeneid, Ov. M. 9, 318; Territis in cubitum releuo mea membra sinistum, Pont. 3, 3, 11; nec sie mea fata premuntur Vt nequeam releuare caput, Lucan. 8, 268; 2. lift up again, pupilla uidebatur in ceteris litis speciebus releuata fuisse, Mod. dig. 4, 2, 29.

**2 re-lēuo**, (rell.?) āre, vb. [leuis adj., with re in sense of Germ. er in verbs formed from adj., ascher-lieut] make light, lighten, quotus quisque est qui epistolam paulo grauiorem ferre possit, nisi cum pellectione releuatur? Cie. Att. 1, 13, 1; ut releuat deumti uimma enra fani, Ov. rem. 186;

**2. met.** lighten, relieve, alleviate, laborem, Plin. pan. 19; sumptus, Suet. Dom. 12; sitim, Ov. M. 6, 354; fatiem, 11, 129; aestus, a. a. 3, 607; luctus, rem. 580; 3. also with acc. of person, and abl. of burden removed, lighten, relieve, comfort; sic unquam longa releuere catena, Ov. am. 1, 6, 25; uidebimur cura et metu esse releuati, Cie. Cat. 1, 31;

haec eo scripi ut potius releuaret me quam ut castigatione dignum putares, Att. 3, 10, 3; nec enim aequum est dolum suum quemquam releuare, Ulp. dig. 17, 2, 63 med.; 4. with acc. of the part relieved, Nam et illi animum iam releuaretis (so T. H. K. edd. releuaretis or releuabitis) quae dolore ac miseria Tabescit, Ter. Ad. 4, 3, 11; omnis ab hac cura (note ab) mens releuata mea est, Ov. tr. 1, 11, 12; pectora, F. 3, 304; membra, M. S. 639; 5. in Cie. Cat. 2, 7, 4; Flac. 41; Q. fr. 1, 4, 4 ass. way betw. leuare and releuare.

**relicinus**, (from an absol. relicio draw back? or from re and licinus?), adj. with a bald forehead? ludans sine (Marsyas) quod erat coma relicinus, Apul. flor. 3; ut omnibus status (Alexander) eadem gratia relicinae frontis cerneretur, 7.

**relictio**, ōis, f. leaving, abandoning, rei publicae, Cie. Att. 16, 7, 5 (dub.); illam relictionem (ass. relictionem) proditionemque consulis, Verr. 2, 1, 35; argenti uidi, Vitr. 7, 9, 1.

**relictus**? ūs, m.? ut (in his) labor uirilis relictui sit, Gell. 3, 1, 9.

**relicus**, see reliquus.

**reliō**, ēre, rēlisus, vb. dash back, frontem, Prud. perist. 9, 48; alasas, apoth. 162; 2. met. deny, Anson. ep. 25, 42.

**religāmen**, inis, n. a bandage, Prud. psych. 358.

**religens**, [relego?] ntis, adj. religious, as opp. to religiosus, superstitions, Religentem esse oportet, religiosus... nefas, poet. ap. Gell. 4, 9, 1; cf. Cie. N. D. 2, 72.

**religio**, or religio [relego] āre, w. Serv. A. S. 349; August. retract. 1, 13; and Laetant. 4, 28; cf. also \* below: rather than fm. relego, as Cie. N. D. 2, 72 or from religio, as Gaius 2, 7 implies, and Serv. Sulpic. ap. Macr. s. 3, 3, 8 says; also Masur. Sab. ap. Gell. 4, 9, 8; ōis, f. lit. re-strait—hence religious feeling, religion, minor (eos) religione non teneri (so Hertz 9; ass. teneri), status deorum pro suppellectile statuere, Cato ap. Prisc. 1, 368 K; (religio) deorum cultu pio continetur, Cie. N. D. 1, 117; 2. the being held in religious reverence, sanctity, Dianae simulacrum summa praedictum religione, Cie. Verr. 2, 4, 72; sanum Iunonis tanta religione fuit ut..., 2, 4, 103; add 2, 4, 129; inn. 2, 1; 3. w. gen. of the object, sense of religious feeling (towards), illius orationem r. deorum uinebat, Cie. am. 96; 4. a sense of being under, or the being under, the displeasure of the gods, religious responsibility or guilt, nouas religiones exantabant in animis hominum prodigia nuntiata, Liv. 30, 2, 9; ut inextinguibiles religiones in rem publicam induerent, Cie. Phil. 1, 13; cuius supplicio senatus religiones expiandas censuit, Mil.

73; qui auspicio adest, si quid falsi nuntiat in semet ipsum religionem recipit, Liv. 10, 40, 11; 5. of an iunimate object, liberat religione templum—profanation—Liv. 45, 5, 8; 6. a religious scruple, Religionem illic (so ass) obicit: recipiam me illuc. Sapis, Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 40; Vocat ad cenam: religio fuit: denegare nolui, Cic. 2, 3, 71; Nonna nunc religio in te istae incescit: Cato, Ter. Andr. 4, 3, 15; cum decemur religionem incescit, Cic. Caecin. 97; ut velut numine aliquo defensa capanna oppugnare r. fuerit, Liv. 2, 62, 2; nulla mihi inquam Religio (al. religio) est, Hor. s. 1, 9, 71; 7. sense of duty under religious feelings, as w. jurymen, witnesses etc. after their oath, iudicis, Cic. Rose. com. 45; testimonium, Flac. 9; 8. or without such oath, si ab religione officii declinarit, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 2; r. privati officii, Sul. 10; 9. in pl. in deos caeremoniae religioesque tolluntur, Cic. leg. 1, 43; Religionem animum nodis exsolvere\* porgo, Lucr. 1, 932; add 1, 109; nisi multibribus religionibus te implicuisses\*, Cic. dom. 105; 10. met., (Atheniensium) sincerum fuit iudicium, nihil ut possent nisi incorruptum audire. Forum religioni cum seruiret orator, nullum uerbum insolens ponere audebat, Cic. orat. 25; oratio nimia religione attenuata, Brut. 283; 11. Ribbeck in Verg., Munro in Lucr., Umpf. in Ter., prefer religio; Köller in Hor. religio; at any rate the first syl. seems always long in authors from Pl. to Verg., though in Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 40 religionem; in As. 4, 1, 37 religio; in Ter. Haut. 4, 1, 37 religioes, and in Lucil. ap. Non. 379, 18: Tetri miseri ac religiosi, either ē as rēligioes et, or ē as rēligioes et, would equally fit the metre; Phaedrus has religio in 4, 11, 4; but religio in 3, 13, 8.

**religiōsitas**, ātis, f. religious character, holiness, Apul. dogm. Plat. 7 (bis); Tert. Apol. 25.

**religiōsulus**, adj. dim. (of contempt) religious, Hieron. Ruf. 3, 7.

**religiōsus**, or religiōsus (for qty. see religio last §), adj. religious, holy—first of persons, si magis religio-a fuerit, Tibi diest, Pl. As. 4, 1, 37; ut stultae et miserae omnes sumus Religioesae, cum exponendum de illi, de digito anulum Detraho, Ter. Haut. 4, 1, 37; senatores natura sanctos et religiosos, Cic. Rose. com. 44; 2. religious to excess, superstitious, Religiosem esse oportet, religiosus ~ c nefas, poet. ap. Gell. 4, 9, 1; religiosus qui nimia religioe sese alligauerat, Nigid. ib. § 2; 3. of things holy, sacred, loca, Cic. Rab. perd. 7; altaria, Plane. 86; templum, Verr. 2, 4, 94; pecuniam, Ulp. dig. 48, 13, 1; 4. sometimes religious is contrasted with sacer, as: sacrae sunt quae diis superis consecratae sunt; religiosae, quae diis manibus relictas (wh. seems to imply a false etymon) sunt, Gai. 2, 4; religiosum facinus mortuum inferentes in locum nostrum, 2, 6; si mortuum intulit fecitque religiosum locum legatum, Ulp. dig. 30, 53, 7; add Marcian. 1, 8, 6, 4; sacrum adificium..., sanctum iurum..., religiosum sepulcrum, Ael. Gall. ap. Fest. 278 b 24; 5. dies religiosi—accursed days, quibus nisi quod necesse est, nefas habetur facere, Ael. Gall. ap. Fest. 278 b 12; anno uertutei dies Tetri miseri ac religiosi, Lucil. ap. Non. 379, 8; religiosus dies Aliensis pugnae, Cic. Att. 9, 5, 2; add Liv. 6, 1, 11; Gell. 5, 9, 5; 6. involving religious guilt, religiosum in aedem Bonae deae iurum introire..., Ael. Gall. ap. Fest. 278 b 18; fructum canipi (consecratum Marti quia religiosum erat) consumere... fadere in Tiberium, Liv. 2, 5, 3; naeuos in facie tondere religiosum habent, Plin. 28, 34; nunguis resecat mundinis, religiosum est, 28, 28;

7. also prescribed by religion, monstra in quibus hominem occidere religiosissimum erat, Plin. 30, 13; sternuentis nomine consulat religiosus\* putant, 28, 23; 8. met. scrupulous or fastidious to excess, Atticorum aures, Cic. orat. 28; 11, 9. in late writers, clerical as opp. to lay, Iul. ep. nou. 1, 4; Salv. avar. 3, 5; 10. comp., equis religiosior? Cato ap. Fest. 286; add \* above; 11. sup., Lat. Cat. 12, 3; add \* above; 12. religiose adv. Cic. Cael. 55; comp., Plin. pan. 65; sup., Cic. ina. 2, 1; 13. with scrupulous care, Colum. 3, 10, 7; 8, 5, 11; 4, 2, 91.

**rē-ligo**, āre, vb. first (w. re up) tie up, storias trabibus,

Caes. b. c. 2, 9, 4; eni flammam religas comat? Hor. od. 1, 5, 24; in conpium Laenaeae More comas religata nolum, 2, 11, 4; foeniscas inducere et desectam herbam religare et exportare, Colum. 2, 17, 5; si increscentia folia (lactucarum) contra ipsas relinquerit, Plin. 19, 131; capillum in uertice relinquant, Tac. G. 38; tabulae religatae eatenis, Pompon. dig. 50, 16, 245; 2. of animals, tie up, religatos rite nidebat Carpere gramen equos, Verg. 9, 352; canem pro foribus, Suet. Vit. 16 f.; 11 3. (w. re back) tie back, tie, bind, Heortem ad curram religatum, Cic. Tusc. 1, 105; ferreis manibus naum, Caes. b. c. 2, 6, 2; 4. esp. of mooring (a ship), naum ad terram, Caes. b. c. 3, 15, 2; add Catul. 64, 174; Verg. 7, 106; Gai. dig. 9, 2, 29; 5. met. (iuratus) si intrinseus religata pendent, Cic. Tusc. 3, 37; III 6. (w. re of reversal) untie, unbind, iuga manum, Catul. 63, 84; oportet uitem resoluti ac religari quia refrigeratur (is refreshed), Pall. 3, 13, 2; but not in Lucan. 7, 860; 8, 791.

**rē-lino**, ēre, lēni, vb. unwax so to say, remove the wax by which a wine-jar is closed, =uncork, tap, Releui doliā omnia, omnes serias, Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 51; 2. met., seruatque mella Thesauri relines, Verg. G. 4, 229; 3. but in Pl. St. 5, 4, 38 read w. ms B 1 m.: nulli rei erimus postea, or rather nulli re e. p.

**rē-linquo**, ēre, lēqi, vb. leave behind, what one might have taken away, ensem Orestes abieci reliquit(it), Cato ap. Prob. ad Verg. B. 5 p. 3 Keil; nihil relinquo in aedibus, Nec nas nec uestimentum, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 88; cum multis non modo granum nullum sed ne paleae quidem ex fractu relinquerentur, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 114;

2. leave (unconsumed), Paucorum mensum sunt relietae reliquiae, Pl. Most. 1, 1, 78; Ne scintillam quidem relinques, genus qui congeliscat tum, Trin. 3, 2, 52; (Hlerdae) paulum frumenti reliquerat, Caes. b. c. 1, 78, 3; 3. leave (a person) instead of taking him (her) away, alterum, auxit scem..., reliquit alterum apud matrem domi, Pl. Men. prol. 28; legatorum quos ad exercitum reliquerat, Caes. b. g. 7, 5, 3; petere ut in Gallia relinqueretur, 5, 6, 3; fratrem si reliquissim (in provincia), Cic. fam. 2, 15, 4; 4. leave, instead of staying with, Non ego te hic habens reliquit neque abeo abs te. Sentio, Pl. Amph. 1, 2, 33; nae miserae mihi; Reliquit me homo atque abiit, Ter. Andr. 4, 4, 5; 5. leave (to misery), abandon, desert, relictusque abs te uitam? Pl. Truc. 2, 4, 64; Iamne ego relinquo? Pulere Palinure occidi, Cur. 1, 3, 58; Si illum relinquo, eius uitae timeo, Ter. Andr. 1, 3, 5; add Ov. her. 10, 80; Tib. 3, 6, 39; Prop. 1, 6, 8; urbem relictam direptioni et incendiis, Cic. fam. 4, 1, 2; 6. leave (a place), rare, orta luce sub sinistra Britanniam relictam conspexit, Caes. b. g. 5, 8, 2; Illo relicto, Hor. od. 1, 10, 14; litusque...relictum, Ov. M. 2, 573; Roma relinquenda est, tr. 1, 3, 62; 7. r. agrum, leave fallow, agrum alternis annis relinqui oportet ut leuioribus sationibus ser(ri), Varr. r. 1, 44, 3; 8. leave in a certain state, w. a predicative partic. adj. etc., Morinos pacatos, Caes. b. g. 4, 37, 1; naues deligatas ad ancoram, 5, 9, 1; sine imperio copias, 7, 20, 1; 9. leave behind (at death), ea mortuat: reliquit filiam adulescentulum, Ter. Haut. 3, 3, 41; At si talentum tuum reliquissit decem, Ph. 2, 3, 46; add Eim. 1, 2, 10; fundus decem et tres reliquit, Cic. Rose. Am. 20; heredes relinquit P. Quinctium, Quinct. 14; non mihi...

ulla armenta reliquit, Ov. M. 3, 585; 10. met., Reliqui dēum nata genitori meo, CIL 1009, 18; Sibi uero hanc laudem relinquant: uixit dum uixit bene, Ter. Heo. 3, 5, 11; opus hoc a parentibus meis relictum, Cic. rep. 1, 35; 11. leave behind (as in a race), outstrip, surpass, (Homerus) omnis in omni genere eloquentiae proci a se reliquit, Quint. 10, 1, 54; Iamque hos, iamque illos, populo mirante, relinquit, Sil. 16, 573; 12. leave (laud unallotted) as triumphs..., tuius dedit assignatū reliquit, CIL 200, 7; relictia loca sunt quae sine locorum iniquitate sine arbitrio conditoris relictia limites non acceperunt, Front. contron. 21, 8 Lachm.; haec loca quod assignata non sunt, relictia appellatur, id. 56, 7; 13. met. leave, Qui igitur relictus est oburgandi locus? Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 127; Nihil est precii loci relictum, 3, 4, 22; nec precibus nec ad-

monitionibus reliquit locum, Cic. fam. 1, 1, 2; munitioni castrorum tempus reliqui volebat, Caes. b. g. 5, 9, 8; paenitentia reliquus locum, Liv. 44, 10, 2; **14.** of what is left after an enumeration, reliquuebatr una per Sequanos uia, Caes. b. g. 1, 9, 1; reliquitur ut si uincimur in Hispania, quiescamus, Cic. Att. 10, 8, 2; reliquuebatr ut neque longius ab agmine discedi pateretur et... noceretur, Caes. b. g. 5, 19, 3; **15.** of logical conclusions, reliquitur (it follows) ut omnia tria genera sint causam, Cic. mu. 1, 18; **16.** r. res, leave one's business, Probus auctor qui relictis rebus rem perdit suam, Pl. Truc. 2, 1, 25; add Epil. 4, 2, 35; Erus me relictis rebus iussit Pamphilum Hodie obsequere, Ter. Andr. 2, 5, 1; **17.** r. alias res, omnis res, leave all other business for one duty, Eum roga ut reliquat alias res ut huc ueniat, Licet, Pl. Rud. 4, 6, 3; Immo res omnis relictas habeo prae quod tu uelis, St. 2, 2, 38; add Cist. 1, 1, 6; omnia reliquas, si me amabis, cum tua opera Fabius uti uolet, Cic. fam. 2, 14; omnibus rebus relictis persequendum sibi Pompeium, Caes. b. c. 3, 102, 1; **18.** w. acc. abstract or denoting action, leave, abandon, give up, agorum et armorum cultum, Cic. rep. 2, 7; bellum quod erat in manibus, 2, 63; obsequium, Caes. b. g. 5, 49, 1; Liv. 5, 48, 7; consilium eorum qui scripserunt et rationem et auctoritatem, Cic. Cae. 5, 1; curam locum Reliquit integrum, Ter. Ad. pr. 10; **20.** leave unnoticed, quae nunc praeterito et reliquo, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 106; omitto iuris dictionem contra leges, caedes reliquo, libidines praeterito, pro. cons. 6; cur in iuriis tuas reliquisti? Verr. 2, 84; quis est qui um hominibus armatis factam reliqui putet oportere? Cae. 5; **21.** as an advocate, abandon a point on the other side as indisputable, give up, concede, Si non quod cohibet solidum constare? reliquas, Lucr. 1, 515—wh. et. Munro; Et fugiant in rebus inane reliquere purum, 1, 658; add 1, 743; **22.** w. inf. mirari multa reliquias—cease, Lucr. 6, 654; **23.** w. inf. and acc. see \* in § 21 and add Lucr. 1, 703; **24.** so far w. nom. of man, also met. w. abstract nom., onustum gero corpus: uires Reliquere, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 6; animum hanc reliquerat, Mil. 4, 8, 37; quem uita reliquit, Lucr. 5, 63; Ov. M. 11, 327; ab omni honestate relictus, Cic. Rab. perd. 23; conquirit homines a ceterum laudibus relictissimos (wh. note the superl.), Fronto laud. fum. p. 213, l. 11 Nab.

**reliquatio**, ōis, f. arrears, balance, Paul. dig. 26, 7, 44, 1; **2.** met., Tert. anim. 55 (bis).

**reliquator**, ōis, m. one in arrears, a defaulter, reliquatores uetigalium ad iterandum conductionem, antequam superiori conductioni satisfiant, admittendi non sunt, Paul. dig. 49, 4, 9, 2; superioris anni r., Scæv. 46, 3, 102, 2.

**reliquatrix**, ōis, f. a defaulter, met., Tert. anim. 35.

**reliquiae**, ōis, f. reliquiae\* or reliquiae, arum, f. pl. what is left, remains, Vbi reliquiarum reliquias recondere, Pl. Cure. 3, 1, 18; Parastum inanem quo recondas reliquias\*, St. 1, 3, 75 (78); bonorum, Rud. 1, 3, 160; Tiburciari sine me uolitis reliquias\*, Titin. ap. Non. 290; S. luini generis, Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 907; cibi, Cic. N. D. 2, 138; gladiatoriariae familiae, Caes. b. c. 3, 21, 4; tantae eladis, Liv. 22, 56, 2; Danaum, Verg. 1, 30; **2.** esp. of the dead, Vbi se reliquiae conlocarent corporis, CIL 1009, 6; quibus corporis reliquiae quod superant sunt in hoc panario, 1016; quibus heic reliquiae\* suprema manent, 1051; Ne reliquias quae meas (monos) seris deuocatis ossibus... foede diuesari, Pacuv. ap. Cic. Tusc. 1, 106; reliquias diuinitu ossa parentis, Verg. 5, 47; nulli reliquias meas commendo, Sen. ep. 92, 35; ferale reliquias sinu ferre, Tac. an. 2, 75; **3.** = excrementa, nec reliquias (sc. alui) et effusa intueri designatur (mediens), Sen. dial. 2, 13, 2;

**4.** Conterritorem pridianae reliquiae\* (a toothpick), Apul. apol. 6 (where note the sing.); **5.** in pass. marked 4 a short e is needed for metre, as also in Pl. Pers. 1, 2, 25; 1, 3, 25 and 58; but a long e in: Cras de reliquiis nos uolo: multum uale, St. 3, 2, 40; Immo si scias reliquiae quae sint. Seire nimis lubet, Curc. 2, 3, 42—if sound.

**reliquarium**, adj. n. as sb. a place for the deposit of reliquiae, not. Tr. 106.

**reliquor**, ōis, v. r. retain unduly a balance of money received on the account of others, be in arrears or a defaulter, quod ex conductione reliquatus est, Paul. dig. 26, 7, 46; quae mala ratione reliquatus est, Scæv. 40, 7, 40; **2.** esp. of public officers, qui ex administratione rei publicae reliquantur, Ulp. 50, 4, 6, 1; si in numeribus publicis reliquatus est, 10, 2, 20, 6; **3.** Reliquare se (= sibi) = reliquari, reliquas exigere quas quis se reliquauit, Ulp. dig. 34, 3, 9.

**reliquus**, (tris), ōis or ōienus (qualis), reliquus? adj. left, remaining, quoniam amplius dies lx reliqui erunt antequam..., CIL 206, 151; Novembris reliquus erat, Cato ap. Prisc. 1, 270, 20 K; audi. Ibi quatuor reliqua alia fabulabimur, Pl. Poen. 3, 4, 8; Itan parasti te ut spes nulla reliqua (so all mss) in te esset tibi? Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 9; ex qua familia reliquus est M. Titurnus Rufus, Cic. fam. 13, 39; **2.** with sing. nom. the rest of, remaining, militibus, quibus expositis, reliquam praedam concessimus, Cic. Att. 5, 20, 5; reliquum exercitum legatis ducendum dedit, Caes. b. g. 4, 22, 5; reliquum equitatum, 1, 18 f.; **3.** closing a series, or cutting short a quotation, as we say etc., without a preceding et, Innotum, C. Cassii, C. Domitii, C. Trebonii, reliquorum..., causam, Cic. Phil. 2, 30; Saturnum et Opem, deinceps Iouem atque Inuonem, reliquos, Tim. 11; audent innoter carceris, carnes praetoris, reliqua, Quint. 9, 4, 124; **4.** of time, that which remains, future, illud cogita nos non de reliqua gloria laborare sed de parte diuicare, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 43; spe reliquae tranquillitatis praesentis fluctus fugisse, Sest. 73; in reliquum tempus, Caes. b. g. 1, 20 f.; Metell. ap. Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 128; **5.** reliquum est ut..., it only remains that, r. e. ut officiis ceteris inter nos, Cic. fam. 7, 31, 1; r. e. ut egomet mihi consulam, Nep. Att. 21, 5; id si non contingit, reliquum (so Halm w. mss) erit ut eum nolle manifestum sit, Quint. 5, 7, 10; **6.** reliquum, as sb. n. often w. a gen., the rest of, remainder, reliquum uitae, Liv. 39, 13, 6; but in a phrase, Ut pernoscat equid spei sit reliquum, Ter. Andr. pr. 25, spei depends on equid, and reliquum is an adj.; the same applies to: quod belli reliquum erat, Liv. 26, 40, 2; **7.** the gen. reliqui is also a sb. in, Quid reliquisti (so mss, not reliquisti) quin habeat? Ter. Haut. 1, 2, 19; add exx. in next two §§;

**8.** reliquum facere, leave, quibus aratrum aliquod reliquum fecit, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 128; quod reliquum uitae utrumque fames fecerat, 2, 5, 89; nihil reliqui uicere fecerat, Sall. Cat. 11, 7; add 28, 4; quos reliquos fortuna ex caede fecerat, Liv. 9, 24, 13; add 7, 35, 8;

**9.** nihil reliqui facere, leave nothing undone, or untied, n. r. fecisse quod ad sanandum pertineret, Nep. Att. 21, 5; n. r. f. ad celeritatem, Caes. b. g. 2, 26, 5; n. r. f. quominus inuicem permonerent, Tac. an. 1, 21; **10.** esp. of arrears of debt, a balance due, rationes putare... quid uenerit, quid exactum, quid reliquum siet, Cato r. 2, 5; Pronon mercedem rettulit? Dimidiū minis opinor. Quid reliquum? Pl. As. 2, 4, 36; erat ei de ratineula lampridem apud me reliquum pauxillum Nummorum, Ter. Ph. 1, 1, 3; maxime me angit ratio reliquorum meorum, Cic. Att. 16, 3, 5; dico me accepisse a Gaio Titio reliquum omne, Scæv. dig. 46, 3, 89; Stichus reliqua habente, being in arrears, Paul. 35, 1, 81; **11.** reliqua (sc. pecunia) as sb. f. the same, non impeditur reliquas exigere, Ulp. dig. 34, 3, 9; **12.** met. Nunc quod reliquum restat uolo persolvere, Ut expungatur nomen, ne quid debeam, Pl. Cist. 1, 3, 40 (of a prologue); Nunc quod ad nos spectat, reliquum reliquitur..., date plausum, ib. fin.; **13.** in reliquum (see § 4) for the future, Sall. Jug. 42, 4; Liv. 36, 10, 14; **14.** the e is long in a few pass. of Plaut. as: Neque hoc quod reliquum est plus risuram opinor, Casin. 5, 1, 14 (baechiae m.); Non omnino iam perii: est reliquum quo percam magis, As. 1, 3, 80; Quod dedi datum non uellem, quod reliquum est non dabo, Cist. 2, 1, 30; always long in Lucr. as: Numquam reliquo reparari tempore posset, 1, 560; and this was to be expected as orig. written w. ll (see reliquiae under reliquiae); in later writers as Pers. Iuv. a trisyl. w. 2; but

in Pl. gen. and always in Ter. to be pronounced as a trisyll. relligius; but see Muir on Lucr.

**relligio**, āre, v. rel. place a contract in another's

hands. Ulp. dig. 19, 2, 13, 10 (ter); Iavolen. 19, 2, 51.

**re-luquor**, i, v. r. reply. Varr. l. 6, 7 p. 233 Sp.

**re-lucesco**, ēre, and relucē, ēre, luxi, vb. shine back, reflect light, igni freta lata relucēt, Verg. 2, 312; vestis fulgore reluxit Sacra domus, Ov. M. 11, 617; fons purus ut numerate relucēntis calculos possis, Plin. ep. 8, 5, 2; tota area hinc auro hinc argento relucebat, Plin. 52;

**2.** shine again, get light again, paulum reluxit (impers.), quod non dies nobis sed aduentatis ignis indicium uidelatur, Plin. n. ep. 6, 20, 16; caeco reluxit dies, Tac. h. 5, 81 f.; **3.** shine brightly, flamma ex capite (boum), Liv. 22, 17, 2; stella, Cic. arat. 56; Occupat os flammis: olli ingens barba reluxit, Verg. 12, 300; lucerna (piscis) tranquillis noctibus relucet, Plin. 9, 82; **4.** met. shine again, a Sullana violenta Caesariana aequitas reluxit, Val. M. 9, 15, 5 (so Fore. perh. ej.; mss reduxit; Halm ej. rem reduxit).

**reluctatio**, ōnis, f. wrestling against, hence met. reluctance, cod. Th. 14, 17, 9; 12, 1, 179.

**re-luctor**, ari, vb. r. wrestle or struggle against, first met. but physical, in reluctantis dracōnes, Hor. od. 4, 4, 11; (nitulus), Verg. G. 4, 301; Luna, Ov. her. 6, 85; uir, am. 2, 17, 16; reluctantis Aproniae uestigia, Tac. an. 4, 22; ita nauigationi etesiae reluctatur, Plin. ep. 10, 15 (26); fractis aquis ac reluctantis, Quint. 9, 4, 7; **2.** met. non-physical, reluctatus inuitusque reuertens in Italiam, Vell. 2, 102, 4; his rationibus multum reluctata uerecundia principis cessit, Plin. pan. 60; cum postularent ut... diu sum reluctatus, Quint. pr. 1; **3.** w. inf. sedare, Claud. Ruf. 2, 353; **4.** as a pass., Claud. rapt. Pros. 1, 45; **5.** relucto as a simple vb., faucibus ipsis Cerberi reluctabat, Apul. M. 4, 20; add reluctabant, 7, 5.

**re-lūdo**, ēre, lūsi, vb. play a joke in return, sibi que ipse reludat, Manil. 5, 170; ipsa aduersus mariti iocos relusit, Sen. contr. 2, 10, 7.

**relūminatio**, ōnis, f. relucere Gloss.

**re-lūmino**, āre, vb. light up again, met. enecōs, Tert. apol. 21; quod caecatum fuerat, Paul. Nol. ep. 30 (8), 4.

**re-luo**, ēre, vb. unloose=resoluo, repigno, Fest. 281 a 28; ut aurum et nestea quod matris fuit Reluat quod una ipsa opposuit (mss ipsi opposuit) pignori, redeem, Caecil. ib.

**relūuēs**, clauies, not. Tir. 134.

**re-māresco** ? ēre, vb. grow thin again, crura ei uale-tudine longa remācuerant (some ej. emācuerant), Suet. Dom. 18.

**re-mālédico**, ēre, vb. abuse in return, Vesp. ap. Suet. Vesp. 9 f.

**remācipiatio**, ōnis, f. actus remācipiandi, Coll. L.L. M. 16, 9.

**re-māncipio**, āre, vb. transfer to another mancipio, what one has received mancipio, Gai. 1, 115, 134, 140, 172, 195; Vatic. 5 51; Paul. dig. 2, 13, 3; Gall. Ad. ap. Fest. 277 a 11.

**1.** re-mādo, ēre, vb. chew again, chew the cud, Pontici mures, Plin. 10, 200; eundem cibum, Quint. 11, 2, 41.

**2.** re-mādo, āre, vb. send word back, eum pacem habere non posse, Enn. 2, 13.

**re-māneo**, ēre, si, vb. remain behind (when the rest is gone), Remanet gloria apud me, eximias dignum Atlantae dare, Att. 447 f.; sermone confecto Catulus remansit, nos ad nauiculae nostras descendimus, Cic. acad. pr. f.; nihil te maiore in discrimine esse quam quæuis aut eorum qui discesserint aut eorum qui remanserint (last four words first found in ed. 1471, not in existing mss), fam. 6, 3, 4; add off. 1, 36 and 37; Tusc. 1, 26; rep. 2, 59; Manil. 54; saepe ex equis desiliunt ac pedibus proclatant equosque eodem remanere uestigio adsueverant, Caes. b. g. 4, 2, 3; hi rursus inueniunt anno post in armis sunt, illi domi remanent, 4, 1, 5; add 4, 15, 5; 6, 1, 2; b. c. 1, 33, 2; also Varr. l. 6, 6, p. 225 Sp.; Ov. tr. 1, 9, 23; Curt. 10, 23 f.; ps. Nep. Epam. 9, 3; in qua muliere etiam nunc uestigia anti-

qui officii remanent, Cic. Rose. Am. 27; uolenti omnia post se salua remanere, Vell. 2, 123, 2; **2.** hence when the idea of a part is expressed, publicis quantum pars inferior integra remanebat, Caes. b. g. 7, 35, 4; si ulla apud uos memoria remanet aui mei, Sall. Jug. 24 f.; obsecrat ne quam contumeliam remanere in exercitu uictore sinat, 58, 5; ne quid ex contagione noxae remaneret penes nos, Liv. 9, 1, 6; si quid antiqui tibi Remanet uigoris, Sen. Med. 42;

**3.** even in Hor. od. 1, 27, 8 ioters may be supposed to have left; but in Ov. M. 3, 477 remane seems to have no such excuse; nor remansit in Lucr. 3, 403.

**re-māno**, āre, vb. ooze back, return by pores, retroque remanet membris umoris, Lucr. 5, 269; remanant repetunt (mss repunt), Enn.... (corrump. ap. Fest. 282 a 33).

**remansio**, ōnis, f. remaining behind (when others go), Cic. Q. fr. 3, 1, 17; Ligar. 4.

**remansor**, ōris, m. (a soldier) who stays away when his leave is expired, Arr. Men. dig. 49, 16, 5, 6; but in 49, 16, 4, 13 Mommsen has emansores.

**remēb-ilis**, e, adj. that may return, ever-returning, saxum (of Sisypheus), Stat. Th. 4, 537; add Prud. apoth. 1117; Tert. res. carn. 1 med.

**remēf-ūlus**, i, n. reascend, opp. to demeraculum, Apul. M. 6, 2.

**remēātus**, ūs, m. return, or permission to return, nemo potest committat remeatum dare exili nisi imperator, Marc. dig. 48, 19, 4.

**remēdiābilis**, e, adj. curable, Sen. ep. 95, 29.

**remēdiālis**, e, adj. curative, ins, Marc. s. 7, 16, 34.

**remēdiātor**, ōris, m. one who heals or cures, Tert. Marc. 4, 8 and 35.

**remēdiōr**, āri, vb. r. heal, cure, Hier. ep. 68, 1 med.; Apul. herb. 2; remediō, āre, vb. the same, Tert. Marc. 4, 35; ad Scap. 4; Scrib. comp. 11 and 18.

**remēdiūm**, (med. of medeor, medicus) ūi or i, n. a cure, a remedy, pantheras quae uenenata carne caperent remediūm quoddam habere, quo cum essent usae, non morentur, Cic. N. D. 2, 126; neque cibo neque ulli remedio locus est, Cels. 3, 9, 1; remedio sunt cucurbitulae, 4, 27 (20), p. 154 l. 4 D; ulceribus gallae tritae remedio sunt, Colum. 6, 13, 2; adsidere cum remedio alicui adhibentur digitis pectinatum inter se implex ueneficium est, Plin. 28, 59;

**2.** met. Nunc enimvero ~ ~ ~ cum meae morti remedium Ropertibit nemo, Caecil. ap. Non. 508, 17; Inuiriatur remedium obliuio, poet. ap. Sen. ep. 94, 28; Quod remedium nunc huic malo intuen? Quid hoc?

Ter. Andr. 3, 1, 10; Id ut ne fiat, haec res solast remedio, Eun. 3, 1, 49; Magnarum saepe id remedium aegritudinum, Haut. 3, 2, 28; Inueni opinor remedium huic rei. Quid Geta? Ph. 4, 3, 11; Ego nullo possum remedio me euolare ex his turbis, 5, 4, 5; Quin semper ueniat. Solum mearum miseriam remedium, Ad. 3, 1, 7; Nec ratio mercedi communis certa dabatur, Lucr. 6, 126 (of the plague); praesenti malo alius malis remedio dabatur, Caes. b. c. 1, 81, 3; **3.** an antidote, (Mithridati) exogitatum cotidie uenenum bibere praesumptis remedii, Plin. 25, 5; Mithridatem medicinae rei et remediorum id genus solentem fuisse, Gell. 17, 16, 2; **4.** met., remedii ut ne tam assidue domus Romae arderent, Gell. 15, 1, 3.

**remēligio**, (dim. of remora) ūis, f. a fish supposed able to check a ship's course (see remora), hence met., Nam quid illac nunc (so mss); Gepp. ej. illac hinc) tandiu intus remorantur remigines? (so A. v. West.), Pl. Cas. 4, 3, 7 (of women); (Ego) remelio a Laribus missa sum huic (sax) haec, quae cursum cohibeam, Afran. ap. Fest. 277 a 33; remulcines remoratrices, Gloss. Isid.

**re-mēmīni**, vb. perf. pres. 1 remember again, ne rememeritis priorem, Tert. Marc. 4, 1.

**re-mēmōrē**, āre, vb. mention again, Tert. Marc. 4, 43.

**remēo**, āre, vb. go or come back, return, Remeato audacter mercedem si eris nactus: nunc alii, Pl. As. 1, 3, 75; add Epid. 5, 1, 55; Vtutē me sine mercede prosum Paucius (us Paucius) Remearē in ludum, Afran. ap. Fest. 277 a 28; cum umore consumpto ueque terra alii posset uere remearet (ali. remaneret) aer cum (coturnicibus) ex Italia trans mare remeant, Varr. r. 3, 5, 8; Si patrios unquam

remeasem uictor ad Argos, Verg. 2, 95; uictor domum remeabat ab hoste, Ov. M. 15, 569; metitos remeare triumphos\*, Lucan. 7, 256; remeat qui uictor ab oris Bebrycis, Val. Fl. 4, 589 from which 4 pass. it has been hastily inferred, proprie de uictorios esse dictum (see ex. † in § 2); add Plin. 2, 181; Aegyptio remeans, Tac. an. 2, 69; cedens ae rursus in terga remeans, 3, 21; mari remeabant, 12, 17 etc.; 2. in poets acc. without prep., patrias remeabo indolius urbes†, Verg. 11, 793; remeare penates, Stat. silv. 3, 5, 12; add ex. † above.

**re-mergo**, ēre, vb. sink again, Aug. confess. 8, 5 med.

**re-mētor**, iri, mensus, vb. r. measure back, quicquid biberunt, nomitu remetientur, Sen. dial. 1, 13; nimum omne nomitu, ep. 95, 21; Ille fide summa testae sua uima remens, Mart. 6, 89, 5; 2. hence met. to go over again, retrace, ex Sisyone Elim nec stadia ix diei confeit horis indeque tertia noctis hora remensus est, Plin. 2, 181; Ianque remensus iter, Stat. Th. 3, 324; 3. go over again in thought, totum diem meum serutor factaque ac dicta mea remetitur, Sen. dial. 5, 36, 3; 4. in words, repeat, tu sodes fabulam remetire, Apul. M. 1, 4; add 2, 20; 5. remensus as pass. perf. part., pelagoque remenso, Verg. 2, 181.

**remex**, (qui remum agit) igit, m. (and f.?) rower, remiges scribiti ciues Romani, Cato ap. Fest. 234 b 8; plenior Alli ulpique quam Romani remiges, Pl. Poen. 5, 5, 35; remigant aut baulum, Caecil. ap. Cie. or. 2, 40; classis infirma propter dimissionem remigum, Cie. Ver. 2, 5, 80; add dia. 2, 114; minus exereitatis remigibus utebantur, Caes. b. c. 1, 58, 3; add 3, 24, 1; 2. in poets, sing. for plur. (cf. Key's Lat. Gr. § 1032) agit acri remige Pristim, Verg. 5, 116; Siue opus est remo, remige carpit iter, Ov. tr. 1, 10, 4; Vela damus, quamvis remige puppis eat, 5, 14, 44; add her. 3, 153; naues...ualido cum remige, Tac. an. 4, 5.

**remicāt**, micat, not. Tir. 110.

**remigatio**, ōnis, f. rowing, Cie. Att. 13, 21, 3.

**remigium**, ū, n. rowing, Vbi portu eximus, homines remigio sequi, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 55; Remigio† neloque quantum potis es festina et fuge, As. 1, 3, 5; itaque acies, quod remigium, qui motus hominum non ita expietus est (ab Homero), ut...? Cie. Tusc. 5, 114; lembum Remigiis subigit, Verg. G. 1, 201; portus x diurnum remigio distans, Plin. 6, 174; sinus x diurnum et noctium remigio enaigatus, 9, 6; 2. as a collective, a body of rowers, Remigium\* supplet: socios simul instruit armis, Verg. 3, 471; remigium nitiosum Ithacensis Viixi, Hor. ep. 1, 6, 63; remigium classicie milites, Liv. 26, 51, 6; instructae remigio\*... quinquereues, 21, 22, 4; add 33, 48, 1; 37, 11, 3; claudae naves raro remigio, Tac. an. 2, 24; 3. seems at times to include plant w. rowers, nudum remigio latus, Hor. od. 1, 14, 4; cf. † above; 4. met., esp. of flying, Remigi obitae pennarum, Lucr. 6, 743; uolat ille per aera magnum Remigio alarum, Verg. 1, 301; add 6, 19; (Ibaedalus) Remigio uoluerum disponit in ordine pennas, Ov. a. a. 2, 45; (Cupidinem) remigio plumae raptum, Apul. M. 5, 25; remigia pennarum, de deo S. 8; flor. 2; 5. other met., meo remigio rem gero, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 152; add † in § 1.

**remigo**, (for remigor from remex) ēre, vb. act the rower, row, contra aquam remigantibus, Sen. ep. 122, 19; 2. met., statimne nos...an paulum remigat? Cie. Tusc. 4, 9; 3. w. acc. of boat, Pado qui remigat alium, Claud. rapt. Pros. 2, 178; 4. of flying, pennis remigare (dub.), Quint. 8, 6, 18.

**re-migro**, ēre, vb. return to an old residence, Romam, Cie. fam. 9, 18, 4; in aeternam et plane nostram domum remigremus, Tusc. 1, 118; in domum neterem e noua, aead. post. 13; in snos nicos, Caes. b. g. 4, 4, 6; snos in agros, 4, 27, 7; Inque locum quando remigrant, Lucr. 2, 966; uinculis liberata corporeis anima remigrat ad deos, Apul.† dogm. Plat. 20; 2. met., remigrat animus nunc demum mihi, Pl. Epil. 4, 1, 46; Crumnam hanc emere aut facere, ut(i) remigret domum, Pers. 4, 6, 3; Ad argumentum nunc...uolo Remigrare, Poen. prol. 47.

**remillum**, quasi repandum, Fest. 277 b 19 w. corrupt quotation from Lucil. and Afran.

**reminiscentiae**, ārum, f. pl., recollections, reminiscences, Tert. anim. 23 and 24 f.; Arnob. 2.

**reminecor**, i, vb. r. recall to mind, reminisci (dictum) cum ea quae tenuit mens...cogitando repetitur, Varr. 1, 6, 6, p. 222 Sp.; se non tum illa discere sed reminiscendo recognoscere, Cie. Tusc. 1, 57; ut eas non tum primum accipere uideantur sed reminisci et recordari, sen. 78; ea reminiscere quae digna tua persona sunt, Sulp. ap. Cie. fam. 4, 5, 5; reminiscitur Argos, Verg. 10, 782; reminiscor amicos, Ov. Pont. 1, 8, 31; 2. w. gen. of that about wh. the memory acts, reminiscer-tur et ueteris incommodi populi Romani et pristinae uirtutis Heluetiorum, Caes. b. g. 1, 13, 4; ueteris famae, ps. Nep. Phoc. 4, 1; improvidi sermonis mei, Apul. M. 2, 26; doloris ungulae, 6, 30; 3. reminisco ēre the same, Ruf. ap. Auson. epigr. 48 and 49, condemned by Auson. but quoted by Prisc. 1, 396, 20 K.

**reministrat**, ministrat, not. Tir. 41.

**reminuit**, minuit, not. Tir. 51.

**remipes**, pēdis, adj. rowing with the feet, anates, Auson. ep. 30, 12; 2. walking with oars, lembi, id. Idyll. 10, 201.

**re-misceo**, ēre, mixtus, vb. mix again, aut in meliorem emitt(e)tur uitam aut naturae suae remiscebitur, Sen. ep. 71, 16; 2. mix up, sic ueris falsa remiscet, Hor. A. P. 151; Lydis remisto carmine tibis, od. 4, 15, 30.

**remissa**, ae, f. letting go again—hence met. remission, peccatorum, Tert. Marc. 4, 18 f.; Cyprian. ep. 5 f.

**remissarius**, adj. that can be let go back, neetes—sliding bolts or bars?—Cato r. 19, 2.

**remiss-ib-ilis**, e, adj. that can be let go or be remitted, pardonable, delicta, Tert. pud. 2; 2. yielding, gentle, digestio, Cacl. Aurd. 2, 13, 164.

**remissio**, ōnis, f. letting go again what has been stretched, relaxation, ex superciliorum aut remissione—dropping—aut contractione, Cie. off. 1, 146; intentio motus et remissio in corde, Gell. 18, 10, 10; 2. met. diminished intensity, morbi, Cie. fam. 7, 26, 1; animi—relaxation—9, 24, 3; or. 2, 22; nois—lowering—Brut. 313; laboris—relief more or less from—Varr. r. 2, 6, 4; operis, Plin. 8, 168; 3. esp. remission, more or less, from payment, remissionem (of rent) colonus petere non audet, Colum. 1, 7, 1; post magnas remissiones reliqua creuerunt, Plin. ep. 9, 37, 2; add 10, 8 (24), 5; tributū, Tac. an. 4, 13; publicanos remissionem petentes, Suet. Caes. 20; ut propter actutatem uinearum r. tibi detur, Ulp. dig. 19, 2, 15, 5; add 23, 1, 5, 5; 4. or of punishment, poenae, Cie. Cat. 4, 13; 5. removal or dissolving of a legal restraint (as by a practor), si is cui opus nouum nuntiatum est (i.e. serving of notice not to interfere with neighbours' rights by new building), ante remissionem aedificauerit, Ulp. dig. 39, 1, 1, 7; cui nuntiatum est abstineret oportere donec r. nuntiationis fiat, Paul. 39, 1, 8, 4; add Ulp. 43, 25, 1, §§ 2, 3, 4. II 6. sending back (an order), solent praesides remittere ad ordinem, nominat(i)u ad Gaium Seium c-rent magistratum; utrum igitur a remissione est appellandum an tunc cum... Ulp. dig. 49, 3, 3; III 7. = iterata missio (see missio) ludorum, Petr. 60.

**remissiuus**, adj. of the class remittentes or -tia, relaxing, laxative, relaxare tumentia rebus remissius, Cacl. Aurd. 3, 4, 31; 2. cautionary, (aduerbia) ut pedetemptim paulatim sensim, Prisc. 2, 86, 20 K.

**re-mitto**, ēre, misi, missi or missi\*, missus, vb. let go again more or less, esp. what has been stretched or held tight, Paulisper remitte restem—let go (altogether), Pl. Rud. 3, 97; in agro ambulanti ramulum adductum, ut remissus esset, in oculum suum recedisse, Cie. din. 1, 123; habenas quas nel adducas cum uelis nel remittas, am. 45; qui aduerso nix flumine lembum Remigiis subigit, si brachia forte remittit, Verg. G. 1, 201; ut onera contentis corporibus facilius feruntur, remissis opprimunt, Cie. Tusc. 2, 54; Semina qua pos-uit membris manare remissis, Lucr. 5, 852; remisso filius areu—unstrung—Hor. od. 3, 27, 67; Collecti flores tunicis occidere remissis, Ov. M. 5, 399; Deque meis manibus lora remissa fluent, am. 3, 2, 14;

frena remittit equo, tr. 1, 4, 14; Vere nitent terrae, uere remissus ager, F. 4, 126; Cum se purpureo uere remittit humor, Tib. 3, 5, 4; add Verg. G. 4, 35; cum exerece auris (cerui), accerimi sunt auditus, cum remiseret surdi, Plin. 8, 114; digitum contrahens ac remittens, 11, 94; 2. met. first of physical things, Nam si remittit quipiam Philumenae dolores, Ter. Hec. 3, 2, 14; cum remiserant dolores pedum, Cie. Brut. 130; ubi imbres remiserunt, Liv. 40, 33, 4; ubi dolor et inflammatio se remisierunt, Cels. 4, 31 (24), p. 158, 18 D; febres quae remittuntur, 3, 12, 1; 3. of abstracts, ut curam animi remitterem, Cie. Verr. 2, 4, 137; (candenti uis) tum remittit animos tum contrahit, leg. 2, 38; argenti et nihil remittant, fin. 4, 77; quæro non quibus intendant rebus animus, sed quibus relaxem ac remittam, Cie. ap. Non. 383, 24; superioris temporis contentiorem remiserant, Caes. b. c. 2, 13, 6; ut praesidio litterarum diligentiam in perdisendo ac memoriam remittant, b. g. 6, 14, 4; equites ab eo petere ut sibi... laxaret aliquid laboris; quibus ille Ne nihil remissum dicatis remitto ne dorsum demulceatis quam ex equis descendatis, Liv. 9, 16, 16; belli opera, 30, 3, 3; ardorem pugnae, 35, 5, 5; nunquam remisit a colligendis in pace uribus quibus ad bellum uteretur, 39, 24, 1; 4. absol. relax or abate, remisisset aliquid de securitate, Cie. Phil. 1, 12; quod ipse potest in dicendo aliquantum remittet, Caecil. 48; remittendum de celeritate, Caes. b. g. 5, 49, 6; ex pristina uirtute aliquid, b. c. 3, 28, 5; 5. in law, remove a legal restraint, dissolve (an injunction etc.), operis noui nuntiationem nunc non remisisset\*, CIL 205, 1, 6; cf. remissio § 5; 6. remit, exense (a payment or penalty or obligation), multam, Cie. Phil. 11, 18; tridui modium ix dare debebant: abs te remissum est, Verr. 2, 4, 20; naum imperare debuisse: remissi in triennium, ib. 21; pecunias quae erant polliciti remittit, Caes. b. c. 2, 21, 2; poenam tibi senatus remisit, Liv. 40, 10, 9; quadragesima remissa, on coin of Galba ap. Eckhel 6, 206; xxxix remissae, ib.; uellicatione Italiae remissa, coin of Nerva, 6, 408; si pater iniuriam suam precibus oratus remisit, Mare. dig. 48, 6, 5, 2; fustium castigationem, Paul. 1, 15, 3; Plautio mors remittitur, Tac. an. 11, 36; remissa ingnomia, h. lat. = out of regard to, Tranioniam animi remitte hanc noxiam causa mea, Pl. Most. 5, 2, 47; supplicium quo usurus eram in eum remitto tibi et condono, Vatin. ad Cie. fam. 5, 10, 2; alterum suas iniurias remissae rei publicae (out of regard to), Liv. 39, 5, 5; memoriam simulationum patriae, 9, 38, 12; priuata odia publicis utilitatibus, Tac. an. 1, 10; 8. let go altogether, cease, remittas iam me onerare iniuriis, Ter. Andr. 5, 1, 8; remittas Quærem, Hor. od. 2, 11, 3; 11. (re up), send up, e molli sanguis puluone remissus, Ov. Pont. 1, 3, 19; 10. send back, omnes remissi sunt domum, Pl. Epid. 2, 22; ad me epistulam, Truc. 2, 4, 43; illi nuntium, 4, 3, 74; (mulieres) Romani, Cie. Att. 7, 23, 2; librum tibi, 9, 9, 2; Fabium in hiberna, Caes. b. g. 5, 53, 3; pila intercepta, 2, 27, 4; teloque... remisso Pectora rupisset nisi..., Ov. M. 5, 35; 11. r. exercitum, disband, remisso exercitu... simul augur... discedere iubetur, Fest. 289 b 34; and met. remissus est elundi exercitus, Pl. Capt. 1, 2, 50; hence of a discharged soldier, remissus honesta missione, inser. Or. 3580; 12. met., Salutem mittit et salutem ab te expetit... Perii salutem nusquam inuenio... Quam illi remittam, Pl. Ps. 1, 1, 4; sonum... remittit actum, Hor. A. P. 349; nocem memora alia remittunt, Verg. 12, 829; add Ov. M. 3, 500; Et libit uorem et eum uolt ex se ipsa remittit, Verg. G. 2, 218; Pressa... quod bacca remisit oluæ, Hor. s. 2, 4, 69; tractata notam labemque remittunt Atramentum, ep. 2, 1, 235; 13. gen. give back, return, (aedes), Pl. Most. 3, 2, 111; 14. esp. as declining to accept, reject, etiam si quid ab omnibus conceditur, ad reddo ac remitto, Cie. Sul. 84; uestrum uobis beneficium remitto, Caes. b. c. 2, 32, 14; Quae nisi respuis ex animo longeqe remittis, Lucr. 6, 68; 15. refer or hand over to another, plerique ad praetores remittebant, Plin. pan. 77; ad cognitionem imperatoris a praeside remissus, Papin. dig. 42, 4, 13; ad ius ordinarium remittendus erit, Ulp. 47, 1, 3; qui dolo

fecisse incendium conuincuntur ad praefectum urbi remittes, 1, 15, 4; 16. r. nuntium or repudium, give notice of a betrothal dissolved, Ego adeo iam illi remittam nuntium ad(tini) meo: Dicam ut aliam commendationem filio inueniat sno. Pl. Truc. 4, 3, 74; Ea re repudium remisit anoneulus causa mea, Aul. 4, 10, 69; Cum uestri honoris causa repudium alterae Remiserim, Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 36; cohilet domi Maestus se Albius, repudium quod filiae Remisit..., Lucil. ap. Non. 383, 21; in potestate manente filia pater sponso nuntium remittere potest, Ulp. dig. 23, 1, 10; repudium sponsae remitti uidetur, Modest. 50, 16, 10, 1; 17. note the use of the simple vb. as a refl. marked †, esp. in the perf. tenses; 18. w. inf. cf. § 8; 19. remissus as adj. liquid or soft, ammoniacum, Pall. 1, 41, 2; adeps, Veg. vet. 1, 11, 4; 20. mild, remissioribus frigidibus, Caes. b. g. 5, 12, 6; 21. of character, mild, easy, forgiving, not strict, languid, idle, dubitasset uirum remissior essem an summo iure contenderem, Cie. Att. 16, 15, 1; cum tristibus seueræ, cum remissis incunde miuere, Cael. 13; leni animo ac remisso, or. 2, 193; remisso ac languido animo, Caes. b. c. 1, 21, 5; quae cum dixisset Aper acris et intento ore, remissus et subridens Materuus..., Tac. dial. 11; remissus et mitis, Plin. ep. 3, 14, 5; remississimo ad omnem comitatum animo, Suet. Aug. 68; 22. w. abstract uouns, iocari, Ov. M. 3, 318; remissior ira, Liv. 24, 39, 6; remissioris hoc, illud grauioris materiae exemplum, Val. M. 8, 1, 13; 23. remisse adv., quam leniter, quam remisse, Cie. or. 3, 102; seueræ an remisse, Cael. 33; uihilo remissius, Verr. 2, 4, 76; 24. for comp. cf. §§ 20, 21, 22, 23; for superl. § 21.

**remiūāgus**, adj. wandering under oars, celox, Varr. ap. Non. 533, 9.

**Remmius**, adj. or sb. name of a gens, as Remmius, the author of the lex Remmia, for imposing a fine on an accusation that failed, Cie. Rose. Am. 55; Mare. dig. 48, 16, 1, 2; Papin. 22, 5, 13; 2. Remmius Palaemon, a grammarian, Suet. gram. 23.

**rē-mōlior**, iri, vb. r. heave up, upheave. (Typhoeus) Saepē remoliri luctatur pondera terrae, Ov. M. 5, 354; cupiens excedere (calor) proxima quaque remolitur (demolitur) Haese, male) ac iactat, Sen. Q. 6, 13, 4 (of volcanic action); nec orbe si remolito quæst Ad supera nictor numina Alcides nehi, Herc. fur. 508; 2. (re back), force back or open, claustra, Stat. Th. 10, 527; cf. re-fringo; 3. (re again), heave again, arma, Sil. 1, 36.

**rē-mollesco**, (re of reversal) ēre, vb. become soft from being hard, be softened, cera, Ov. M. 10, 285; 2. met., (nino) ad laborem ferendum remollescere homines atque effeminari, Caes. b. g. 4, 2, 6; precibus si numina... Victa remollescent, Ov. M. 1, 378.

**rē-mollio**, (re of reversal) ēre, vb. soften (what was hard), soften, artus, Ov. M. 4, 286; terram, Colum. 2, 12, 9; grana umore, Apul. herb. 3, 9; 2. met., uultu (Augusti) remolitus, Suet. Aug. 79.

**rē-mōneo**, ēre, vb. remind again, Apul. M. 5, 24; not. Tir. 88.

1 **rēmōra**, ae, f. an obstacle, Rēmōramque faciunt rei pinatæ et publicae, Pl. Trin. 1, 1, 16; Quænam uox te (te) resonans meo gradu remoram facit, Lucil. ap. Paul. ex F. p. 276; 2. a small fish, thought able to check a ship's course, = *exeris*, echeunis, ruant uenti licet, cogit stare nauigia... e nostris quidam remoram (so d. Sillig w. BYR moram), Plin. 32, 2-5; cf. for description, 9, 79 and 80; remorari a remora pisce minutissimo qui naues retinet, Donat. ad Andr. 4, 3, 24; see *remēlio*.

2 **Rēmōra**, (Rimus) ae, f. a name proposed for Rome, Certabant urbem Romam Remorame nocentem, Enn. ap. Cie. diu. 1, 107; cf. *Remorari* Dionys. Hal. 1, 87.

**rēmōrāmen**, inis, n. obstacle, hindrance, Ov. M. 3, 567.

**rēmōrātō**, ανατοροφ διατριβή, Gloss. Cyr.

**rēmōrātōr**, oris, m. one who delays, Mart. Cap. 1, 19 (4; 21, 10 Eyss.

**rēmōrēscat**, = in morbem recidat, Enn. ap. Fest. 277 b 22.

**rē-mordeo**, ēre, morsurus, vb. bite again or in return, et

me remorsurum petis, Hor. epod. 6, 3; 2. met., Prætoritque male admissis peccata remordent, Lucr. 3, 827; Aut cum consensu ipse animus se forte remordet—cf. E. remorse—4, 1135; libertatis desiderium remordet animos, Liv. 8, 4, 3; hæc te cura remordet, Verg. 1, 261; uitia ultima... castigata remordent, Liv. 2, 35.

**Rēmōria**, dicitur ubi Remus de urbe condenda fuerat auspicius, Paul. ex F. 276; 7; but Remuria) Fest. 277 b. S.

1 **rēmōror** [remora, the fish so called, see Donat. below] āri, vb. r. act. as the remora, stop, hinder, keep waiting, often w. acc. see \*. Nam quid illac nunc (so mss, illac hinc Gepp. c.) tam diu intus remorantur remeligius? Pl. Cas. 4, 3, 7; Set aperitur aedes: remorandus gradus, Pers. 1, 2, 28; Manebo ne quod uostrum remoret commodum\*, Per. Andr. 4, 3, 24; wh. Donat. says: remorari a remora pisce minutissimo qui nautes retinet: Græce *εμρης* uocatur; eae res quae ceteros\* quætorum solent, (illum) non retardant, Cic. Manil. 40; sed abit dies: Perge, ne remore, Catul. 61, 205; nox atque præda castrorum hostis\* quo minus uictoria uenturum remorata sunt, Sal. lug. 38, 8.

2 **rēmōror**, [moror] āri, vb. r. remain behind, cod. Th. S, 8, 9.

**rēmōtio**, ōis, f. removal, (tutoris), Ulp. dig. 26, 10, 4, 2; 2. met. criminis, warding off, Cic. inu. 2, 86; causae, 2, 87; rei, 91; add Quint. 5, 10, 66; exceptionis, Ulp. dig. 50, 16, 10; add Mart. Cap. 5, 147 (4, 149, 13 and 18 Eyss. **rēmōtius**, adj. warding off (a charge), assumptio, Iul. Viet. art. rhet. 4, 6.

**rē-mōuo**, ōre, mōni, mōtus, vb. move back; Rorantes—opple comas a fronte remouit add aures, Ov. M. 5, 488;

2. move out of sight, remove, withdraw, tolle hanc patinam: remoue pernam, nil moror, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 164, and 166; multa palam domum suam auferabat, plura clam de medio remouebat, Cic. Rose. Am. 23; pecora longius remonerant, Caes. b. c. 1, 48, 6; Quin ubi se a uolgo et scena in secreta remorant, Hor. s. 2, 1, 71; Et monet arcanis oculos remouere profanos, Ov. M. 7, 250; quae infantem (a lacte) remouerit—weaned—Plin. 28, 72; 3. met., fores facite ut pateant: remouete mores, Pl. St. 2, 1, 37; qui illam suspicionem a se remouere cuperet, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 136; remouite te a suspitione alienius tui commodi, agr. 2, 22; quae Iugurtham tutata sunt omnia remouistis, auaritia... Sal. lug. 85, 45; 4. remouere se, withdraw oneself, retire, a negotiis publicis, Cic. off. 1, 69; ab amicitia Pompeii, am. 77; ab (so Lamb. c.) mss om.) artibus suis, orat. 5; se a me remouit, Att. 4, 8, 3; 5. gen. w. ab, also w. mere abl., Meque ministerio scelerisque artisque remoni, Ov. M. 3, 645; alium quaestura, Suet. Tib. 35;

6. contracted forms—to remorant=remouerant in § 2 add remosse=remouisse in Lucr. 3, 69; 11 7. remotus retired, secret, siluestribus ac remotis locis, Caes. b. g. 7, 1, 4; remoto salubri ameno loco, Cic. fam. 7, 20, 2; 8. distant, remote, terrisque remotis, Lucr. 2, 534; Gades, Hor. od. 2, 2, 10; Britannia, 4, 14, 47; 9. met., scientia remota ab iustitia, Cic. off. 1, 63; hominem remotum a dialecticis, Att. 14, 12, 3; 10. comp., a uulgari intelligentia remotiora, inu. 2, 67; nullo uerbo remotiore usus es, Fronto ad M. Caes. 3, 1; 11. superl., sermo a forens strepitu remotissimus, Cic. orat. 32; remotissima a uiris debet esse uilica, Colum. 12, 1, 3.

**rē-māgio**, ōre, vb. hallow back (as an ox) or in answer, quodque unum potes, ad mea uerba remigis, Ov. M. 1, 657; (taurus) alio si forte remigis Bellatore uenias, Stat. Th. 12, 602; 2. met., uox, Verg. G. 3, 4; Sibylla, A. 6, 99; caelum, 9, 504; nemus Aquilone, Hor. od. 3, 10, 5; tympanum, Catul. 63, 29.

**rē-mulco**, ōre, mulsus? vb. make soft or smooth again, stroke, equi sudorem fronte exfrico, aures remulco, Apul. M. 1, 2; 2. met. soothe, pacify, dulcissimus modulis animos, Apul. M. 5, 15; minas stimulatæ corda remulce, Stat. Th. 8, 93; 3. in Verg. 11, 812: calm oneself down? Occiso pastore lupus... Conscius audacia facti, eandemque remulcens Subiecit panitentem utero; remulcens seems to have reflective power, soothing himself again, remittens iram; or perh. r. candam may mean relaxing his tail, previously stiff with rage; scarcely as Comington aft. Fore.

says=retrahens intra curra candam; 4. remulsi erines as a dub. reading occurs in Apul. M. 7, 16; and flor. 3 and 15.

**rēmulo**, āre [rēmulem—cf. Gr. *ῥημολέω* fm. *ῥημα* and *έλεω* for changed qty. of antepen. cf. *ῥημνα*, molestus], vb. tow (a ship), si quae (nauis) celeriter solui poterat, in altum remulea(t... remulco) trahit, Si-enn. ap. Non. 57, 29; hence It. rimorciare, Sp. remolcar, Fr. remorquer.

**rēmulus**, (rym. \*) as referred to *ῥημολέω*, i. m. or -um, i. n. a tow-rope, postquam in litore relicta nautem conspexit, hanc remulco abstraxit, Caes. b. c. 2, 23, 5; submersam nauim remulco multisque contendens funibus adduxit, 3, 40, 1; nautem onerariam cum armatis remulco quadiremis trahi iussit, Liv. 25, 30, 7; trahendis remulco nauibus, 32, 16, 4; naues onerarias remulco...deducit, bell. Al. 11, 6; Hic meca me longo succedens prora remulco Laetantem gratis sistit in hospitii, Valg. ap. Isid. or. 19, 4;—who adds: remulcum funis qua delicata nauis trahitur nemi; Et cum per ripas nauquam cessante remulco Intendunt collo mularum uincula natae, Aus. idyll. 10, 41; add Fest. 277; Paul. 279; 2. met. non contis nee rymulco? ut aiunt...sed uelificatio plena in rem publicum ferebatur, Aum. 18, 5; 3. a tow-boat, a tug, celeriter remulci Culpauiam properas aduerso flumine cursus, Aus. epis. 2, 9; nauem remulco praecente duxerunt, Paul. Nol. ep. 49 (36).

1 **Rēmulus**, i. m. dim. of Remus, Remulique exurbat alumnos—i.e. the Romans—, Sulpicia s. 19; 2. as a cognomen, Verg. 9, 360; 11, 630; Sil. 4, 186.

2 **rēmulus**, i. m. dim. a little or, Remulus sensim celox ab oppido processerat, Turpil. ap. Non. 533, 5.

**rē-mundo**, āre, vb. clean again, monumentum, inser. Maff. Mus. Ver. 146, 3.

**rēmūnērātio**, ōis, f. return for a service, celerior r. p., Cic. off. 2, 69; r. beniuolentiae, am. 49; Val. Rusticus V. P. rationalis (sacerarum) (remunerationum), inser. Or. 1090; sacrarum remunerationum per triennium comes, ib. 1140; add cod. Th. 12, 1, 184.

**rēmūnērātor**, ōris, m. rewarder, Tert. apol. 36; remuneratores uirtutum, inser. Or. 1140.

**rē-mūnēro**, āri, vb. r. (orig. perh. recipi.) return a favour or service, requite, of per-son w. acc., return a favour to, recompense, haec ita a nobis accipietis, ut nos remuneremini nos ac quae scitis proficatis, Varr. r. 2, 1, 2; tu me remunerare uelim, Cic. Att. 8, 1, 4; te remunerari similium munere, fam. 9, 8, 1; hoc te officio remuneretur (so best mss), Q. Cic. pct. cons. 38; magno se illum praemio remuneraturum, Caes. b. g. 1, 44, 13; omnia colligam uenena Ac te his suppliciis remunerabor, Catul. 14, 20; 2. w. acc. of former service, make a return for, quibus officiis I. Annii beneficia remunerabor (so the best mss), Cic. grat. sen. 30; laborem magno foetu remuneratur, Colum. 2, 2, 5; 3. in later writers rēmūnēro are vb. laborem remunerare uoluerit, non eum simili dicto remunerabo, Fronto ad M. Caes. 3, 2; Papii. dig. 17, 1, 7; puellae artificium remunerabat, Petr. 130; add sp. Quint. decl. 2, 6; 4. hence as pass. remuneratus est a me mutuo, Fronto ad M. Caes. 1, 8, p. 24 Nab.; philosophi status remunerantur, Tert. apol. 46.

**Rēmūria**, ōrum, old name of the festival Lemuria, Ov. F. 5, 479.

**Rēmurius**, ager, possessus a Remo; sed et Remoria, locus in summo Auentino ubi Remus de urbe condenda fuerat auspicius, Paul. ex F. 276.

**rē-murmūro**, āre, vb. murmur back or in reply, unda, Verg. 10, 291; pius, Stat. silu. 1, 1, 152; 2. w. acc. mea carmina remurmurat echo, Culp. col. 4, 27; 3. murmur against, si quis quid remurmurat, Fronto ad amic. 2, 7, 1.

1 **Rēmus**, i. m. brother of Romulus, Enn. ap. Cic. diu. 1, 107; Glubit magnanimos Remi nepotes, Catul. 58, 5; Regnaue prima Remi, Prop. 2, 1, 23; domus ista Remi, 4, 1, 9; add Liv. 1, 7, 2.

2 **rēmūs**, i. m. [for er-es-mus, see below] or, remisque nixi properiter nauem in fugam Tradunt, Att. 629 R; remis contendit ut eam partem insulae caperet qua... Caes. b. g. 5, 8, 3; retinet ipsa nauis motum suum intermisso

pulsu remorum, Cic. or. 1, 153; Ferte citi flammās, date tela, impellite rēmos, Verg. 4, 594; Laetiam cuncta cohors renis uentisq; petiuit, 3, 563; Caesar ab Italia uolantem Remis adurgens, Hor. od. 1, 37, 17; reducant... ad fortia pectora remos, Ov. M. 11, 62; 2. met., quarebān utrum pandērem uela orationis an eam dialecticorum remis propellerem, Cic. Tusc. 4, 9; tætra res est uelut ita dicam renisque fugienda, 3, 25 f.; uides, quamquam non semper ad eloquentiam uelificaris tamen sipariis (topisails) et renis (to) tenuisse iter, Fronto ad Ant. p. 97, 10; cf. Sil. 1, 568; renis ego corporis uat, Ov. her. 17, 215—of swimming; Posse super fluctus alarum insistere remis, M. 5, 558, of flying; and so, solutis Pennarum remis, Sil. 12, 98; 3. for *er-es-mus* cf. trisemus, and *er-es-ω* *er-ermos* from a root *er* pull, as seen in *er-u-ω* *er-uc-ω*, wh. again = *er-uc-ω*, so that *nel* of uello is the Lat. root. 4. perh. our ear is akin.

**rēn**, see *renes*.

**rēnālis**, e, adj. of the kidney, passio, Cael. Aur. tard.

5, 3: 52. **renan(x)itur**, = reprehenderit, Verr. ap. Fest. 277 b 29. **rē-narro**, āre, vb. relate again, relate, fata diuom, Verg. 3, 716; priora, Ov. M. 6, 316; facta, 5, 635; Argos, Stat. Th. 12, 390.

**rē-nascor**, āsci, ātus, vb. be born again, come into existence again, qui mihi pinnae inciderant, nolunt eandem renasci; sed iam renascuntur, Cic. Att. 4, 2, 5; de niloque renata forent, Lucr. 1, 542; phoenicia renasit, Ov. M. 15, 402; nec filibus requies datur ulla renatis, Verg. 6, 600; add Plin. 13, 42; 2. replace what perishes by a new growth—as of second teeth, quinto anno renascuntur (dentes) amittit (equus), qui sexto anno renascuntur: septimo omnis habet renatos, Plin. 11, 168; add Iuv. 14, 10; lapis, Ulp. dig. 24, 3, 7, 13; (silina) quae succisa rursus ex stirpibus renascitur, Gai. 50, 16, 30; 3. met., principium extinctum nec ab alio renascetur nec... Cic. Tusc. 1, 54; Multa renascuntur quae iam ceciderunt... uocabula, Hor. A. 1, 70; ab stirpibus laetius renata urbs, Liv. 6, 1, 3; Archibolus Tarabolio Criobolique in aeternum renatus, inser. Or. 2352; 4. in law, revive, renascetur tibi uindicatio, Ulp. dig. 8, 5, 6; actio, 47, 2, 41, 3.

**rē-nāno**, āre, vb. sail back, Cic. Att. 14, 16, 1; Plin. 32, 4; Sen. Herc. tur. 720.

**rē-nēcat**, necat, not. Tir. 122.

**rē-necto**, ēre, vb. knit again (to), Avien. arat. 474; not. Tir. 122.

**rē-neo**, āre, vb. unspin, unravel, fila, Ov. F. 6, 757; Parcarum fila reneo (al. tenebo, male), Stat. silu. 3, 1, 171; fila, Albini. 1, 144.

**rēneruat**, eneraat, not. Tir. 108.

**rēnes**, ium or um, ae, is rather than es, m. pl. kidneys. Sed quid tibi? Lien enecat, renes dolent, Pl. Cure. 2, 1, 21; amores qui e renibus profunduntur, Cic. N. D. 2, 137; ex renibus laborare, Tusc. 2, 60; renes lumbis inhaerent, Cels. 4, 1, p. 121, 20 D; renum dolores, 2, 1, p. 31, 12; renes habent omnia quadripedum quae animal generant, Plin. 11, 206; 2. loins, canis...renibus ampla satis ualidis, Nemes. cyn. 112; 3. sing. rēn or rēn, Male tibi enuisse nideo: glaber erat tamquam ren, Pl. ap. Fest. 277 a 17; hie ren renis, Char. 28, 13 and 87, 15 K; ren *vephos* renis et ren, 38, 8; ren uel ren, Prisc. 1, 149, 8; nenes, Petr. 35; renes quos nunc neocamus antiqui nefrudes appellabant, Graeci *vephos*, Fest. 277 a 13; 4. gen. renium, gen. in best mass of Plin. esp. in 21, 175; 28, 98 and 102 quoted by Hard. for renium; but renium Cels. above and Cael. Aur. acut. 5, 3, 52; 5. acc. renis, Silius gives in Plin. 22, 149; 20, 257 (but here renes in a, d); 6. prob. decapitated from nefren-, and so akin to *vephos*, see § 3.

**rēniculus**, i, m. dim. a little kidney, Marc. Emp. 26 f. **rēniculata**, ae, f. smiling, infantum, Tert. anim. 49.

**rē-nid-esc-o**, rēndeo, nidere, vb. [see below] smile, reniduit, *reniduit*, Gloss. Philox.; Egnatius quid candidos habet dentes Renidet usque quaque, Catul. 39, 2; add 4, 6 and 15; 2. esp. in the part. renidens, homo renidens condimentis ait uarietatem illam ferinae carnis ex mansuetio factam, Liv. 35, 49, 7; puer learus... Ore reni-

denti...Captabat plumas, Ov. M. 8, 197; add Val. F. 4, 234; add 359; Iste lascivus puer et renidens (sc. Cupido), Sen. Phaedr. 282; add Tac. an. 4, 60; 15, 66; h. 4, 43; Apul. M. 2, 13; and with dat., mollis mihi renidentis Fortunae, 10, 46; multo renidens, Maer. 8, 1, 2, 10; renidens, 1, 4, 4; 1, 11, 2; 3, 10, 5; 7, 3, 15; 7, 9, 10; 7, 14, 5; 3. met., hilarior renidet oratio, Quint. 12, 10, 28; renidenti cortice Chias (sc. ficus), Calp. ecl. 2, 81; iam sola renidet In Stilichone salus, Claud. Entr. 2, 501;

4. esp. of things glittering; a first metals, Nec domus argento fulget auroque renidet, Lucr. 2, 27; Non ebur neque aureum Mea renidet in domo lacunar, Hor. od. 2, 18, 2; tota circum Aere (of arms and armour) renidescit tellus, Lucr. 2, 326; late fluctuat omnis Aere renidescit tellus, Verg. G. 2, 282; cf. *γελασσέ* *de* *πασα* *περὶ* *χρῶν* *Χαλκόν* *ὅπο* *στεροπῆς*, Il. 19, 362; add Stat. Th. 10, 660; 5. or of the rippling sea, Vi pura nocturno renidet Luna mari, Hor. od. 2, 19, 10; cf. *κυματὸν* *ἀνθρῶπου* *γελασμα*, Aesch. Prom. 90; 6. of other objects, palaestra exercitum corpus...

renidebat, Mart. C. 1, 5; of the gem sarda, Plin. 37, 88; fulgentium rosarum color, Apul. M. 4, 2; 7. the syll. nid, perh. one with *μεῖδ* of *μεῖδω*; our smile, S. smi; 8. or perh. shine, glitter is the first meaning, and the idea of smile follows; cf. our terms: the face brightening or being lighted up with a smile, and conversely, a dark scowl, looking black as night, dull and gloomy; but the same must then apply to *γελω* and our laugh, Germ. lachen, wh. wd. be connected with our glow, glitter, W. goleu; as well as the decap, lux and light.

**renitescit**, renituit, not. Tir. 183.

**rē-nitor**, i, vb. r. strive against, resist, Gallos submoneri iubet. Quam illi renitentes dicent... Liv. 5, 49, 2; si renititur quod specillo contingitur, ad os uentum est, Cels. 5, 28, 12, p. 214, 2 D; postes alterno pulsu renitente, Plin. 2, 197; (serpentes) extrahunt renitentes, S. 118; abies larix renituntur (under pressure), 16, 222.

**rēnisius**, ūs, m. resistance, Cels. 5, 28, 12, p. 214, 7 D; Aug. c. D. 21, 16.

**Renius**, i, adj. or sb. name of a gens, C. Reni(us), on a demur. CIL 300.

**rē-no**, āre, vb. swim back, Hor. epod. 16, 25; Albin. 1, 432; and perh. Aug. c. D. 18, 17.

**reno**, ōnis, for *reno*.

**rēnōdis**, e, adj. tied back in a knot, capillus, Capitol. Alb. 13, 1.

**rē-nōdo**, āre, vb. tie back in a knot, comam, Hor. epod. 11, 28; te renodatam—with the hair so tied—Val. F. 5, 381.

**rē-normo**, āre, vb. mark out (land) again with boundaries, lib. col. 4, p. 232, 16 ed. Lachm.; add 288, 25 and 27.

**rē-nosco**, ēre, vb. recognize, Paul. Nol. carm. 15, 342.

**rēnoumēn**, inis, n. a new form, Ov. M. 8, 729.

**rēnouātio**, ōnis, f. renewal, mundi, Cic. N. D. 2, 118; timoris, fam. 11, 18, 3; doctrinae, Brut. 250; auspiciorum, Liv. 5, 52, 9; 2. centesimis...cum renouatione singulorum amorum—compound interest—Cic. Att. 6, 1, 5.

**rēnouātiūsus**, adj. of the class renouata, repeated, fulgur, Fest. 289 a 18.

**rēnouātor**, ōris, m. renovator, restorer, operum publicorum, inser. Fabr. 101, 232.

**re-nouēllo**, (nouella uinea) āre, vb. renew, plant anew, uineam, Colum. arb. 6, 1.

**rē-nōuo**, āre, vb. make new again, restore, repair, templum Honoris, Cic. N. D. 2, 61; uitem by fresh planting—Colum. 4, 27, 6; 2. restore in vigour, ut se nouis opibus renouatit, Cic. Mur. 33; auditoris animum, Iuv. 2, 49; terram renouantit aratri, Ov. tr. 4, 6, 13; add M. 1, 110; niriūm plus addiderat ad discendum renouati (by a holiday), Quint. 1, 3, 9; ars uariandi renouat aures, 11, 3, 44;

3. w. abstract nouns, renew, repeat, scelus suum, Cic. Verr. 1, 11; belli reliquias, prou. cons. 19; bellum, Caes. b. g. 3, 2, 2; proelium, 3, 20, 4; cursum, b. e. 3, 93, 1; lucus, Ov. M. 14, 465; iram, Tac. h. 4, 36; 4. of memory, hanc ne obsolescerit, renouabat legendo, Cic. acad. post. 11; bona praeterita reuoluntione, Iuv. 1, 57;



5. bring to others' memory, repeat, renouabo illud quod initio dixi, Cic. agr. 2, 24; 6. centesimis renouato in singulos annos fenore, compound interest—Cic. Att. 6, 3, 5; see renouatio § 2.

**re-nūbo**, ēre, vb. marry again (as a woman), Tert. ad ux. 1, 7.

**re-nūdo**, āre, vb. lay bare, parietem, Amob. 2, 77; coronam, Mart. Cap. 1, 15; 16, 23 Eyss.; cetera corporis, Apul. M. 1, 6; dentium hastas, 7, 16; brachia, S. 27; (asinum), S. 30.

**renūdus**, adj. bare, Tert. uirg. uel. 17 (al. nudae).

**re-nūmero**, āre, vb. count over, milia sagittarum xxx. Caes. b. c. 3, 53, 4; 2. of money payment, repay, pay back, pay, aurum, Pl. Bac. 1, 1, 12; 3, 4, 18; 4, 2, 20; dotem, Ter. Hec. 3, 5, 52; Apul. apol. 92; summa Tusculanis renumeraretur, inscr. Or. 775.

**renuntiatio**, ōnis, f. report, ren gestam renuntiat, renuntiationemque eius... Cic. Ver. 2, 1, 88; renuntiat se dedisse: cognoscite renuntiationem, 2, 3, 89; mensoris, Ulp. dig. 11, 6, 5; 2. esp. official return or declaration at an election, (suffragiorum), Cic. Planc. 14; renuntiatio gradus habet, Mur. 18; 3. renouncing an engagement, giving notice of a marriage or betrothal broken off, r. dicitur recusatio eius rei quae in pactum venerat, Ascon. ad Ver. 1, 16; in repudiis, id est renuntiatione, comprobata sunt haec uerba: tuas res tibi habeto... in sponsalibus discutiendis placuit renuntiationem interuenire...condicione tua non utor, Gai. dig. 23, 2, 1—3.

**renuntiātor**, ōris, m. one who reports, reporter, consiliorum nostrorum (to the enemy) r. nūi excurrunt, Paul. dig. 48, 19, 38, 1; add Tert. anim. 57, 4; pall. 4 f.

**re-nūntio**, āre, vb. bring word back (as a messenger), report, Era quo me misit ad patrem, non est domi... nunc domum renuntio, Pl. Merc. 4, 6 (5, 1), 2; Postquam ad nos renuntiatum est te et patrem esse mortuum, Men. 5, 9, 68; Non ita: negat se ituram. Abi et renuntia, Bac. 4, 2, 10; qualis esset in circuitu ascensus qui cognoscere misit: renuntiatum est faciem esse, Caes. b. p. 1, 21, 2; ad Caesarem reuertitur quaeque perspexit renuntiat, 4, 21, 9; 2. w. acc. r. legationem, report the result of an embassy, Cic. Phil. 9, 1; Liv. 39, 33, 2; 3. =nuntio, carry or bring word, report, hunc metacum me meae Vxor renuntiat de palla et de praedio, Pl. Men. 2, 3, 67; quasi non tibi renuntiata sint haec sic fore, Ter. Andr. 3, 2, 19; acta tua domum renuntiauerunt, Cic. Ver. 2, 3, 73; postquam mihi renuntiatum est de obitu Tulliae, Sulp. ap. Cic. fam. 4, 5, 1; 4. esp. report the results of an election, w. accus. of successful candidates, coepit sunt a praecone renuntiat quique tribus fecerint aedilem, Varr. r. 3, 17, 1; L. Murenam consulē renuntiat, Cic. Mur. 1; qui priusquam renuntiauerunt iure uocatis tribubus, Liv. 5, 18, 2; etiam si factus esset consul suffragiis populi, tamen se eum non renuntiatum, Vell. 2, 92, 4; a quibus consules renuntiantur, Plin. pan. 63; 11. 5. (re quibus, of rejection), renounce, give notice of something ended, w. acc. of thing, dat. of person, hospitium ei r., Cic. Ver. 2, 2, 89; condicione, 1, 16; ad collegium retulit nunc societas et amicitia eis renuntianda esset, Liv. 36, 3; 8; amicitiam ei, Tac. an. 2, 70; renuntiata adfinitas, Paul. dig. 22, 1, 38, 1; renuntiatum societatem, 17, 2, 65; 6. absol., P. ad cenam promisi foras...G. Iube domi cenam coqui Atque ad illum renuntiat (that you cannot dine with him), Pl. St. 4, 2, 19; quid impudentius publicanis renuntiatibus (a contract)? Cic. Att. 2, 1, 8; gaudis quod aduocatum inuenerat, renuntiat amicus quos in consilium rogauerat imperauit (that he declined their services), Sen. elem. 1, 9, 7; 7. in later lang. w. dat. of thing, qui Campaniae renuntiauerunt quique emigraverunt, Sen. N. Q. 6, 1, 10; inertiae, Plin. pan. 59; ciuilibus officiis, Quint. lo. 7, 1; uitae, Suet. Galb. 11; foro, rhet. 6, 4; nuptiis, Tert. uel. 1, 1; societati, Paul. dig. 17, 2, 65, 3, 4, 5; and 7; Gai. 3, 151 (bis); beneficio militari, Ulp. 29, 1, 3; nuptiis, 42, 5, 17, 1;

8. but Paulus has a personal pass. founded on the old construction with an acc. as renuntiata societas, dig. 17, 2, 65; renuntiata adfinitas, 22, 1, 38, 1; 9. r. repudium,

give notice of a betrothal broken off, Pl. Aul. 4, 10, 53; Ter. Ph. 4, 3, 72.

**renuntius**, ūi, m. one who brings back a message, nuntii renuntii, Pl. Trin. 2, 1, 21; cod. Th. 3, 7, 1.

**re-nuo**, ēre, vb. say no by a shake of the head, renuit negatque Sabelius, Hor. ep. 1, 16, 49; oculo renuente negauit, Ov. her. 16 (17), 80; renuente deo, M. S. 325; Mart. 2, 14, 14; 2. w. dat. of thing, say no (to), deap, supercilii crimini, Cic. Rab. Post. 36; 3. w. acc. of thing, decline, forbid, qui nubem conuiuium renuerit, Cic. Cael. 27; renuit quod tu, iuliet alter, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 63.

**re-nūto**, āre, vb. fry, say no by a shake of the head...met., uox...Incolimus transire, simulacra renutant, Lucr. 4, 600; corpus sentire renutat (Lamb. by a good ej; mss refutat), 3, 350.

**re-nūtrio**, īre, vb. nourish again, restore to health by good food, Paul. Nol. ep. 23, 9; add not. Tir. 123.

**renūtus**, ūis, m. implying no by a shake of the head, nutu ac renutu respondere,—referring to Homer's (Il. 10, 250) ἔρεπον μὲν ἔδωκε...ἔρεπον δ' ἀνέειπεν, Plin. ep. 1, 7, 2.

**renōnāt**, onerāt, not. Tir. 131.

**reor**, rēri, rātus, vb. r. [see below], count, reckon, calculate, Rerū tur in anno tu has ouis (mones), tentant? Pl. Bac. 5, 2, 9; see ratio; 2. hence think, first of imperf. tenses, reor, Pl. Aul. 5, 1, 7; Epid. 3, 4, 49; reor, 1, 1, 51; Rem impetrari posse plausum si clarum datis, As. f.; Nos illum interea praeficiendo propitiatus facit Remur, Pacuv. 322 R; reatur, Pl. Amph. 3, 3, 20; rebanur, 5, 1, 43; Teque ante quod tae amare rebar ei rei firmasti fidem, Ter. Hec. 2, 2, 5; rebitur, Pl. And. 2, 2, 28; Nec quom me melius mea Scaphā rear 'esse delectatam, Most. 1, 3, 2; Magnifice uolo me uiros (summos uiros mss; Botho, Ritschl uiros summos) accipere ut mihi rem (so mss; R rem mli) esse reatur, Ps. 1, 2, 34; Aduenio ne tibi me 'sse ob eam rem obnoxium Reare, Caelc. 23 R; Opinione factum ut quanto minus Stirpem educantur tanto ut reerem (ut eremur mss) magis Eos 'sse, Att. 378; thus all the imp. tenses of ind. and subj. occur in old writers; 3. but Cic. or. 3, 153 speaks of rebar as absol. and poet., though used at times, as by Catulus, with the result of a grandior oratio: so he himself has: reur, off. 2, 32; reatur, top. 78; rebar, diu. 2, 5; N. D. 3, 15; rebar, Att. 7, 3, 10; and (te) natura rebar ita dicere ut..., or. 3, 82 (in the mouth of Catulus); rebar, Liv. 31, 39, 9; rebar, Apul. M. 4, 4; 9, 11; 4. Verg. and poets of his and later date have, esp. after ut, reor, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 69; Ov. M. 11, 438; Prop. 4, 2, 38; reur, Verg. 6, 90; rere, 7, 437; reur, Stat. Th. 11, 59; rebar, Verg. 10, 608; rebar, Sen. Herc. f. 307; rearis, Aus. VII Sap. init.; II 5. perf. tenses, ratus est etc., were in use at all times, Hocnest quo tu tam teneriter meam benivolentiam Interisse es ratus? Att. 96 R; Vxorē quam nunquam satis posthac se habiturum reddo, Ter. Hec. 5, 3, 21; tum est ratus (so M; al. tum elatus spe, and so Baifer; male) posse se..., tum est..., Cic. f. har. r. 49; 6. esp. the part. ratur having calculated, and so thinking; in the 21st book of Livy alone it occurs full 15 times, as: 5, 1; 11, 8; 12, 4; 14, 3; 21, 7; 22, 1; 33, 4; 34, 4; 39, 6; 42, 1; 45, 4; 45, 9; 48, 3; 48, 7; 63, 5; 7. from a mimetic root such as car, scatchi, cf. χαρ-αρω γ(α)ρ-αφ-ω, came words signifying stone, as W. car-eg, our (c)ar-ag, Sc. car in scar; and with slight change, cal-e- cal-e-ulo; then as pebbles are used in counting, calculi so used (ad calculos uocare), our calculate; next by decap. (καρ-αφ-ω), (c)ar(a)-rock or citadel, also rock itself; our rock and reck-on; with change of gutt. to t, rat-io, and with loss of gutt. re-or.

**reornat**, ornat, not. Tir. 56.

**repāscitur**, pascitur, not. Tir. 71.

**repāgēs**, umi or perhaps -ium, pl. in poets = repagula, Fest. 281 a 12.

**repāgula**, ōrum, n. pl. bars, esp. as securing doors, Vlti estis seruī? Occludite aedis pensulis repagulis, Pl. Cist. 3, 8; consulis repagulis effractus ualuis, Cic. Ver. 2, 4, 94; ualuae clausae repagulis, diu. 1, 74; Raptaeque de dextra robusta repagula postis, Ov. M. 5, 120;



**repens**, ntis, (=repens or repens?) adj. sudden, Erus stupilus adstat: ita eius aspectus repens Cor torporavit homini amore, Turp. an. 182, 4; hostium r. advenit, Cie. Tusc. 3, 52; Ne me inparatum cura laecerat repens, 3, 29; Phaethonia repenti fulminis ictu Deturbavit, Lucr. 5, 400—the only ex. of an oblique case; tumultus repens in urbem illatus, Liv. 1, 14, 5; defectio r. Lucanorum, S. 29, 1; si quod r. bellum oritur, 10, 7; S. tantum moratus quantum Attali r. casus cecigit, 33, 2, 7; Quo rntis, quae ista repens discordia surgit? Verg. 12, 313; Seditioque repens, Ov. M. 12, 61; 2. recent (so at least says Boetticher etc., but?), neque discernere...quid repens aut vetustate obscurum, Tac. an. 6, 13 (7); non ut plerique falluntur repens sed priori populo factum est, 11, 24; acceperat repens causa quod..., 15, 68; sceleris cogitatio incertum an repens, b. 1, 23; repens perfidia, 4, 25; II 3. as adv. (=suddenly), Janus Dina repens oculis obtulit ora meis, Ov. F. 1, 96; fama repens belli Gallici allata, Liv. 6, 42, 4; repens alia nuntiatur clades, 22, 8, 1;—in all which repens may be a nom.; in Tac. an. 1, 25 Halm has: atrox clamor et repente quies.

**repensatio**, ōnis, f. restitution, making amends, Salv. in auar. 4, 3.

**repensātrix**, icis, adj. or sb. f. one who makes compensation, Mart. Cap. 9, 304 G. p. 335. l. 17 Eyss.

**repensio**, āre, vb. freq. repay, make compensation for, compensate, alibi, incommodum uarum multitudinem, Colum. 3, 2, 15; bonis mala, Vell. 2, 12, 5; cuius interitus uoluptas hominis damno repensata est, 2, 21, 4; merita meritis, Sen. dial. 4, 32, 1.

**repente**, adv. suddenly, Haec cefatus pater germana repente recessit, Enn. ap. Cie. diu. 1, 40; repente largiter habere, repente nihil, Cato ap. Paul. ex F. 378 M.; Vt corripuit se repente atque abiit! Hel misero mihi! Pl. Merc. 3, 4, 76; Quid istuc? Quae res tam repente mores mutant tuos? Modo egens repente dives, Cie. Phil. 2, 65; ita hostes repente celeriterque procurerunt, Caes. b. g. 1, 52, 3; anguem Pressit mihi uentis trepidusque repente refugit, Verg. 2, 380; 2. comp. and sup., dicimus repente, repentiū, repentiissime, Charis. 114, 20 K.

**repentinus**, adj. sudden, commotus metu, Spe, gaudio, mirando hoc tanto (so best ass) tam repentinu bono, Ter. Andr. 5, 4, 35; amor, Cie. agr. 2, 60; uis, or. 2, 225; aduentus, Caes. b. g. 5, 39, 2; periculum, 3, 2; Inque repentinis conuicia uersa tumultus, Ov. M. 5, 5; 2. homo repentinus, an upstart, Cie. Brut. 242; 3. a cognomen, CIL 765; 4. comp., nimbus quanto repentinior est, tanto uehementior, Apul. mund. 9; II 5. repentino, adv. suddenly, Repente exortus sum, repentino ocelli, Pl. Ps. 1, 1, 39; Vt sint repentino apparandae nuptiae, Afr. ap. Cato. 217, 5 K; Vbiq; repentino huius consilium accidit, id. ib.; rare afterwards, as, moritur in Gallia et moritur repentino, Cie. Quinct. 14, esp. noted by Char. ib.; imber r. coortus, Apul. flor. 16; 6. repentine? the same, Lact. 1, 11 M (dub.).

**repērcussibilis**, e, adj. to be rejected, usus, Cael. Aur. tard. 1, 1, 45.

**repērcussio**, ōnis, f. striking back, as reflection of light, siderum, Sen. N. Q. 17, 19, 1.

**repērcussus**, part. see repērcutio.

**repērcussus**, ūs, m. striking back, as of roots from obstacles, occursantum inter se radicem, Plin. 16, 6 (ex repērcutio § 1); (causam incrementi Nili) etesiarum ex aduerso flantium r., 5, 55; 2. esp. reflection of light, solis, Plin. 5, 35; colorum, 37, 22; obiectis ad os sentis quo plenior nox repērcussu intumescat, Tac. G. 3; Plin. cp. 2, 17, 17.

**repērcutio**, ūre, cussus, vsus, vb. strike back, remigem cum e nani fluctus abieciat repērcussum contrarius fluctus in nauem retrahit, Val. M. 1, 8, extr. 11; cum conerit (nodi) ademere transitum (medullae), repērcussa erumpit...; hoc uocatur in tite genima, Plin. 17, 153; lapis subter ponendus est ut radicem (nux 'the tree') non simpliciter sed repērcussa per-pargat, Pall. 2, 15, 15; est aliquid quod fontis excursum repērcuat, Plin. cp. 4, 30, 8; 2. esp. reflect (light), labris ubi lumen aenis Sole repērcussum,

Verg. S. 23; gemmae Clara repērcusso reddebant lumina Phoebo, Ov. M. 2, 110; repērcussae...imagines umbrā, 3, 434; natura mira imagines reddendi quod repērcusso atque in oculis repēsto aere fieri conuenit...Tantum interest repērcussum (aerem) respat an excipiat, Plin. 33, 128;

3. (or sound), montis amfractu repērcussae uoces, Tac. an. 4, 51; and as a reflexive: clamoribus dissonis quos memora etiam repērcussaeque ualles augcant, Liv. 21, 33, 6;

4. blunt, multa aciem nostram splendore nimio repērcunt, Sen. cp. 115, 6; 5. met. strike back, ward off, retort, answer, quod dicto repērcussit illic (orationes), Plin. praef. 31; (despūdo) fascinationes repērcutunt, 28, 35; repērcutendi multa sunt genera, Quint. 6, 3, 78; add §§ 23 and 45.

**repērio**, ūre, repēri, repērtus, vb. [pario, parire] find again (what has been lost), Ego caput luic argento fui hodie (tibi) repēriendo, Pl. As. 3, 138; me (glycyrum suos parentes reperit, Ter. Andr. 5, 6, 5; 2. gen. find out, Gnaeus repertus homo Graio patre Graius homo rex, Enn. an. 183 V; Hoc ego repēri in mari, Pl. Rud. 4, 2, 20; add Poen. 3, 3, 2; Truc. 4, 1, 1; Quid si ex Graecia Omi illius par nemo repēri potest? Att. 465 R; nunc enim uero est cum meae morti remedium Repērit nemo, Caecil. 120; Simul rem et gloriam armis belli repēri, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 1, 60; Cum nemo qui a te repērit reperitur, Pomp. or. Hant. 4; add Ter. Ad. 3, 1, 1; si quaerimus cur... causas repēriemus duas, Cie. Brut. 325; litribus inuentis sibi salutem repērerunt (ed. pepperunt), Caes. b. g. 1, 53, 2; 3. with acc. and inf., find, discover (a truth), quorum de moribus cum quaereret, sic repērebat, nullum aditum esse ad eos mercatoribus, Caes. b. g. 2, 15, 3; cum transgressus (sc. esse) reperisset consules, Vell. 2, 50, 1; 4. hence in pass. with nom., are found to be, turn out to be, prove, quos cum censae Esse amicos, repēriuntur falsi falsimonia, Pl. Pac. 3, 6, 12; Stoici...traducti a disputando ad dicendum inopes repēriuntur, Cie. Brut. 118; hoc moluntur ut uestrae sententiae optimo cuique infestissime repēriantur, Plac. 94; quantum iam annum regnante Tarquinio Superbo Sybarum Pythagoras uenisse repērit, rep. 2, 28; inferiores repēriuntur, N. D. 2, 9; nec ulli perisse nisi in proelio repēriuntur, Sen. Ctes. 75; 5. discover (a new thing), inuent, Vt illum di perdant primis qui horas repērit, Aquil. 1 R; Zenoni nihil noui repērenti sed emendanti superiores, Cie. acad. pr. 16; et serrae repērit usum, Ov. M. 8, 246; add Plin. 10, 52; and perh. 37, 79; aliquid consili, Pl. Epid. 2, 2, 71; aliquid, Ter. Haut. 3, 2, 22; 6. of original writing, Huiusmodi paucos poetae repēriant comedias, Pl. Capt. f.; 7. note the old fut. repērio of Caecil. and Pomp. § 2;

8. the perf. has two p's, as standing for repēperi, repērio repēri quod notandum est quod ante penultima prodixit positione, Prisc. 1, 407, 8 K; add 1, 540, 11; Bentley's reading repērebit, Ter. Ph. 1, 4, 1, is only a bad cj.; 9. an imperf. repērebit etc. would correspond to recedo recedo, and would suit the metre in Ter. Ad. 4, 3, 1; Ego in hac re nihil repērio quoniamob lauder tantopere, Hegio.

**repērtor**, ōris, m. discoverer, inventor, Libero repērtori uitis, Varr. r. 1, 2, 19; doctrinarum atque leporum, Lucr. 3, 1049; petididae, Sal. ep. Mithr.; medicinae, Verg. 7, 772; hominum rerumque, 12, 829; (mellis), Ov. F. 3, 762; Quire repērtorem torruit arte sua, Pont. 2, 9, 44; personae pal-laeque, Hor. A. P. 278; detrahendi sanguinis, Plin. 28, 121; flagitii, Tac. an. 4, 71.

**repērtorium**, ūi, adj. n. as sb. an inventory, tutor qui r. non fecit, quod uulgo inuentarium appellatur, dolo fecisse uidetur, nisi... Ulp. dig. 26, 7, 7.

**repērtrix**, icis, adj. or sb. f. inventress, paupertas omnium artium r., Apul. apol. 18.

**repērtus**, ūs, m. finding again, Ceres repērtu lactata filiae, Apul. M. 11, 2; 2. invention, discovery, Apul. M. 11, 11; flor. 3, 3; only in abl.

**repētentia**, ae, f. going back to—hence met. recollection, memory, consciousness, Interrupta semel cum sit repētentia nostri, Lucr. 3, 851—so Munro (al. al.); amittere repētentiam priorum, Arnob. 2, 26; priorum repētentiam detrahit, 2, 28.

**repetitio**, ōnis, *f.* going back to—hence, counting back, commodati (actio) an Aquiliae remaneat in eo quod in repetitione xxx dierum est dubitatur, Paul. dig. 43. 7. 34. 2; cf. repetitio so used, Julian. 9. 2. 51, 2; **2.** claiming back (what has been paid) or the right to do so, ex hac causa solum repeti non posse, superesse enim causam quae inhibet repetitionem, Ulp. dig. 2. 2. 3. 7; eius per errorem dati r. est, Paul. 50. 17. 53; add Apul. apol. 92; **3.** repetition, as of words, legata inutiliter data confirmari per repetitionem, id est per hanc scripturam postea factam, Ulp. 30. 19; alia repetitione, alia commemoratioe inungere, Quint. 9. 2. 4; reficienda breui repetitione memoria est, 4. praef. 6; **4.** esp. in rhetoric, = anaphora, r. est cum continenter ab uno atque eodem verbo... principia sumuntur, hoc modo: tu in forum proire, tu..., tu..., conaris? Cornif. ad Her. 4. 19; eiusdem (verbi) crebra r., Cic. or. 3. 206; add Quint. 9. 3. 29 and 41.

**repetitor**, ōris, *m.* one who claims back a restitution, nuptae ademptae, Ov. her. 8. 19.

**repetitus**, ūs, *m.* claiming back, (Octaviae), Tac. an. 14. 61 (but pro corrupt); pedatu positum pro repetit, Non. 64. 16.

**re-pēto**, ēre, fui or ii, itum, vb. [peto go] go back (to), return (to) with acc., ommissa prae castra repetiere, Liv. 31. 21. 5; qui onerarias retro Africam (so Malv., al. al.) repetere inuberent, 25. 27. 12; Apulian, 22. 18. 7; repetent praesepia tauri, Verg. B. 7. 39; patriam, Ov. her. 17. 123; domum, Pont. 4. 4. 41; Penates, Hor. od. 3. 14. 3; fratresque uirumque, Ov. her. 3. 143; Suriam, Tac. an. 15. 17; urbem, Suet. Vit. 1; cenatoria, Petr. 21; **2.** esp. of disease, return, ii morbi tunc maxime et inchoantur et repetunt, Cels. 2. 1. p. 28. 33 D; febris etiam quam quiescit, tamen repetit, 3. 22. p. 110. 20; add 4. 11. p. 134. 21; **3.** with abstr. acc., return to, resume, studia, Cic. fat. 4; praetermissa, fin. 5. 51; Hoc primus repetas opus, hoc postremum omittas, Hor. ep. 1. 6. 48; solita ministeria, Plin. ep. 9. 33. 9; sollemnia, Tac. an. 3. 6 f.; pampinationem, Col. 4. 28. 1; **4.** hence repeat, go over again, begin again, nisi molestum est repetere quae coeperas. Repetam uero, Cic. N. D. 1. 17; orationem quam ingressus essem, Cassius interuenit. Ego eadem illa repetui, Att. 15. 11. 1; repetere et diu inculcare fuerit utilis, Quint. 1. 1. 31; oratio carens hac nirtute (sc. ordine) necesse est multa repetat, multa transeat, 7 pr. 3; si repetitur quod dixi, Sen. ben. 6. 35. 4; iterum iterumque praeconeum repetere nocem illam inebant, Flor. 1. 23 f.; **5.** go back for, fetch (from), bring back, with ab or abl. alone of the whence, quam mox nauigo In Ephesum ut aurum repetam Teotimo domum? Pl. Bac. 4. 6. 6; Omnia ni repetant Argis, Verg. 2. 178; quam partem reliquam copiarum continenti repeleret, Suet. Aug. 10; add Cal. 39; **6.** hence claim return of, demand back, Quod datum utendum repetundi copias quando uelis, Pl. Tr. 5. 2. 7; si forte suas repetitum uenerit olim Gress aurum plumas, Hor. ep. 1. 3. 18; **7.** esp. rem or res r., before war, lit. claim the return of property etc. unduly taken away (as cattle etc.), hence claim compensation or satisfaction, sel magne ferro Rem repetunt, Enn. an. 277 V; ex his (sc. Fetialibus) uellibantur qui res repetunt, Varr. 1. 5. 15 f.; nullum bellum esse iustum nisi quod aut rebus repetitis geratur aut..., Cic. off. 1. 36; Fetialibus ad res repetendas missis, Liv. 7. 32. 1; add Sen. ben. 3. 6. 2; **8.** gen. endeavor to recover, ut ne mors quidem sit in repetenda libertate fugienda, Cic. Phil. 10. 20; erceptae pecuniae... ciuili fere actione repetuntur, Caecil. 18; in suo iure repetunda, 17; **9.** claim in return, Haec tibi dono do neque repetit pro illa quicquam abs te preti, Ter. Eun. 4. 6. 11; Fariae quae parentum poenas a filiis repetunt, Cic. Rose. Am. 67; **10.** claim as one's own, Homeum Sahamini repetunt, Cic. Arch. 19; est enim Atticus quamquam Thinaeus cum repetit Syracusan, Brut. 63; **11.** count back, repetitis ex die uulneris coccylus diebus, Italian. dig. 9. 2. 51. 2; **12.** of the memory, go back (to), return in thought (to), cogitanti mihi et memoria aeterna repetenti, Cic. or. 1. 1; animo repetentem exempla tuorum, Verg. 12. 439; sic reminisci cum ea quae tenui mens cogitando repetuntur, Varr. 1. 6. 6, p. 223; de quo si paulo altius ordiri ac re-

petere memoriam religionis nidebor, imgoseite, Cic. Verr. 2. 4. 105; add Deiot. 20; **13.** hence appeal, call to mind, remember, praecipit, Cic. Q. fr. 1. 2. 7; add Verg. 7. 122; Plin. ep. 7. 6, 13; Suet. gram. 4; **14.** hence in speaking, writing, thinking, go back to (the origin) and begin from, with ab or even ex, deduce, derive, date, iuris oritur a fonte, Cic. leg. 1. 20; a capite quod quatuordecim, 18; urbis natalem diem ab iis Parilibus quibus..., diu. 2. 98; add Tusc. 1. 116; 5. 34; fin. 1. 05; or. 1. 91; repetemur initia amicitiae ex parentibus nostris, fam. 6. 16; **15.** ask again for, invite back, Repudiatus repeto, Ter. Andr. 1. 5. 14; Gallum ab eodem Verticore repeto, Caes. b. g. 5. 49. 2; **16.** [peto aim at, strike at] strike at again or in return, repetuntur scapius cuspidi ad terram affixit, Liv. 4. 10. 5; Numquid satis constare sibi uideatur, si mulam calcibus repetat et canem morsu? Sen. ira 3. 27. 1; bis canere bis repetere, Quint. 5. 13. 54 (of sword exercise); **17.** and met. repetitum toxicum, Suet. Claud. 44; reos qui... discriminem liberauit nec repeti (by judicial proceedings) nisi intra annum permisit, Suet. Dom. 9; add Aug. 32 and Paul. dig. 48. 2. 3; and 16. 10; **18.** hence repetundae pecuniae, proceeding for restitution of public moneys misappropriated by one in office, and suitable punishment, embezzlement, quid mea de pecuniis repetundis, Cic. Clu. 147; te lege pecuniarum repetundarum noui teneri, 148; legem de pecuniis repetundis tulit, Brut. 106; **19.** and absol. repetundae, repetundarum eriminibus, Tac. an. 4. 19; repetundarum crimine, Quint. 4. 2. 15; repetundarum conuictos, Suet. Caes. 43.

**repexus**, s. repeto.

**re-pignō**, āre, vb. unpledge so to say, take out of pledge, rem tibi dedi ac creditori tuo pignori dares: dedisti: non repigneras ut mihi reddas, Ulp. dig. 13. 6. 5. 12; rehneri resoluere repignere, Fest. 281 a 28.

**repīgo**, āre, vb. retard, (eam) obsepto utero et repigra-to fetu perpetua praegnatione damnauit, Apul. M. 1. 9; bestiarius impetum, S. 15; add Mart. Cap. 1. p. 13 G; repigra-tor, ib.

**re-pingo**, ēre, vb. paint again, Venant. u. S. Mart. 1. 172. 1. 246.

**re-plāno**, iterum planum facio, not. Tr.

**re-plādo**, ēre, vb. strike again, dextra fronte, Apul. M. 1. 7; solum, 6. 28.

**re-plecto**, ēre, xus, vb. fold back, cauda reflexa, Plin. 20. 7.

**re-pleo**, ēre, fui, ctus (re up), vb. fill up, to the full, agnā longa repletur, Eun. ap. Isid. or. 19. 2; Ibi te replebo ego usque unguentum gemmatis, Pl. Poen. 3. 88; Ita meas repleuit auris, Rud. 4. 6. 22; delubra repleat\* Corporibus mors, Lucr. 6. 1272; Aquilonēs... contra funium flantes remantrant undas Coegentes rursus repleuit, 6. 718; serobibus superabit terra repleuit, Verg. G. 2. 235; gemitum meum omne replebat, A. 2. 679; corpora tota carne repleuit, Ov. Met. 12. 156; lagouam uiuo, Mart. 7. 20. 19; but in Cic. Manil. 44 Balter has completis; **2.** met. replei scientia, Cic. or. 1. 191; pietate repletum, Lucr. 2. 1168; spectatulus animos oculosque populi, Vell. 2. 100. 2; **3.** (te again) fill up again, supply what has been lost, replenish, qui consumpta replere, erupta recuperare uellent, Cic. Mur. 50; ut exhanstas domos replere possent, prou. cons. 4; haustum cratera repleri, Ov. M. 8. 679; breui repleuit exercitum, Liv. 24. 42. 6; (cardius) expressus inlito suco alopecias replet, Plin. 20. 203; cum sunt replenda uulnera, 34. 155; exhaustum (aerarium) innocentium bonis, Plin. pan. 55; si minorem diem statuerit iulx tempore legitimo, repletur ex lege quod sententiae iudicis deest, Ulp. dig. 42. 1. 4. 5; **4.** hence of food, recruit, refresh, frumentumque et pecoris coquum nactus repleto his rebus exercitum..., Caes. b. g. 2. 7. 56. 5; **5.** and met., tu refugas uires et pectora bello Examinata reple, Stat. Th. 4. 760; inueniemque repleti\* Parthenopen, silu. 3. 1. 92; **6.** note contraction in \* above.

**replēto**, ōnis, *f.* filling up (a deficiency), cod. Iustin. 3. 28. 30. 6. 28. 4; 7. 2. 15. 4.

**replēcib-ilis**, e, adj. lit. that may be bent back—hence retiring, in sinis reductos, i.e. replicabiles, Sery. ad A. 1. 105; **2.** deserving to be repeated, Venant. 7. 8. 33.

**replēcatō**, ōnis, f. unfolding, r. quaedam mundi, Cic. N. D. 1, 33; 2. in law, reply of plaintiff to plea, exceptio, of defendant, so called (says Gaius 4, 126) quia per eam replicatur atque resolvitur uis exceptionis; quia iniquum est excludi exceptione, n. mihi datur, id. ib.; si obiciatur exceptio 'rei indicatae,' replicatione uti poterit, Paul. dig. 4, 3, 25; aduersus expientem 'si dominus eius sit' utilem mihi replicationem 'doli mali' profuturam, African. 9, 4, 28; replicatione repelli poterit, Ulp. 35, 3, 3; add 44, 1, 2; 2, 50, 17, 154; Gai. dig. 40, 12, 9, 2; 3. in arith. division, Mart. Cap. 250 G. 272, 13 and 273, 7 Eysss.

**replēctūra**, ae? mending (of a dress), in ueste subtili, edict. Diocl. p. 21.

**re-plico**, āre, vb. (re back), bend back, reflect, uultus replicata ceruice, Plin. 34, 30; ab omni laetitate acies radios suos replicat, Sen. N. Q. 1, 3, 7; radii solis replicantur, 2, 10, 3; 2. met., (Chryssippi) acumen nimis tenue retunditur et in se replicatur, Sen. ben. 1, 4, 1; 3. (re of reversal), unfold, separate, ne cortex replicetur in rugas, Plin. 17, 107 (of grafting); (resina) palpebras lentiscula replicat, 24, 36; anguis (senectam) exiit a capite primum replicans, ut extra fiat membranae quod fuerit intus, 8, 98; 4. hence of unfolding a roll or volume, annulum memoriam, Cic. Sull. 27; memoriam temporum, leg. 3, 31; possumus istos homines fuisse monstrare Enhemero replicato, cuius libellos Ennius sermonem in Italum transtulit, Arnob. 4, 29; 5. met. develop, non illa quae futura sunt subito existunt, sed est quasi rudentis explicatio, sic traductio temporis... primum quilibet replicantis, Cic. diu. 1, 127; 6. of thoughts, revolve, haec identidem mecum, Apul. M. 1, 14; 3, 1, 6, 29; 7. of words, unfold, paream replicare causas, Pacat. pan. Theod. 3; singula quaeris Nomina: difficile est ut replicare queam, Prud. perist. 11, 3; 8. nestigium suum replicat, retraces his steps, Apul. M. 4, 19; 9. in arith., divide, Graeci multiplicatos numeros *πολλαπλασιος*, replicatos *υποπολλαπλασιος* (submultiplicatos) appellant, Mart. Cap. p. 250 G. 272, 17 Eysss. 10. old part, replietus (rare), peeled off, non replietae Bullorum tunicae nec oua tantum? Stat. silu. 4, 9, 29; cf. frictus beside friare.

**replietus**, see above § 10.

**replōrat**, plorat, not, Tir. 121.

**repium**, i. n. a covering or lid? as part of a door, echeoulī r., quod est operimentum, Vitruv. 10, 17 (11), 8; add 4, 6, 5; 2. part of a lady's dress, Gloss. Isid.

**re-plumbo**, (re of reversal) āre, vb. unsolder, argentum, Sen. N. Q. 4, 2, 18 (uaseula argentea); Ulp. dig. 34, 2, 19, 3; aurea emblemata, Paul. 34, 2, 32, 1.

**replūmis**, (pluma) e, adj. fledged anew, corpus, Paul. Nol. 21, 857.

**re-pluo**, ēre, vb. rain again, caelo repluunt, Sen. controu. 10 praef. 9.

**re-pō**, ēre, psi, ptm, vb. [rēp- from sēr-tēp- (serp-), a frq. of a lost vb. ser- go, =S. sr or sar go whence S. sarp; for suff. cf. car-p-; and for long vowel, cf. scribo, nūbo, dico, dūco, *τρεῖς τεῖρας* from scrib- etc.] go by little and little, creep, crawl, Nec repentis humi cuiusuisemque animantis Sentinus (e.g. eulienus), Lucr. 3, 388; cochleae, Sal. lug. 93, 2; millepedi multo pedibus arcuatum repens, Plin. 29, 136; muranae in sicco quoque repunt, 9, 73; pedibus confossus elephas repit genibus in catenatis, 8, 20; 2. of plants, (euenbita) humi repit, Plin. 19, 70; spatium radiibus qua repunt lapides praebent, Col. arb. 4, 5; 3. gen. of slow motion, crawl, Perque fabam repunt (se, grues) et mollia curia reponunt, Enn. an. 545 V; Ferne aderant ratibus repentibus aequore in alto, poet. ap. Varr. 1, 7, 23, p. 308 Sp.; Milia tum pransi tria repimus, Hor. s. 1, 5, 25; 4. met., sermones repentes per humum, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 251.

**re-pōio**, āre, vb. refurbish up anew, frumenta, Colum. 2, 21, 16.

**re-pōndō**, āre, vb. weigh back—hence met. repay (a

favour), Sidon. ep. 1, 4 f.; 5, 1.

**re-pōno**, āre, pōni (old reposini), positus or postus, vb. put back, bend back, ceruice repostata, Lucr. 1, 35; ceruicem reponunt, Quint. 4, 2, 39; quartus (digitus) oblique repo-

nitur, 11, 3, 99; 2. put back, replace, utrum minus operis unam columnam efficeret nonam an quattuor repone-re? Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 147; Pompeius insigne regium, quod ille de suo capite abiecerat, reposuit, Sest. 58; si ante reposita non sunt, postea reponenda sunt, Cels. 8, 10, p. 345, 1, 16; ut quidque suo loco reponeret, Colum. 12, 3, 4; capillum, Quint. 8, praef. 22; togam, 11, 3, 149; 3. put or lay down again (where down is in pono), si reposui re-mum..., familiae causa consistit, Pl. As. 3, 1, 10 (16); onus, Catul. 31, 8; infectaque pensa reponunt, Or. M. 4, 10; pontum (Iul. cahmudon), Val. Fl. 1, 651—cf. Hor. od. 1, 3, 16, ponere freta; 4. return (money etc.), repay, Vi milia des-nunamos sescentos..., quos continuo tibi reponam, Pl. Pers. 1, 1, 37; quid cui debeam scio: aliis post longam diem repono, aliis in antecessum, Sen. ben. 4, 32, 4; quosdam ex debito aliquid, quosdam mihi reposuisse, Plin. ep. 8, 2, 6; and met., donata, Hor. ep. 1, 7, 39; 5. esp. of evil for evil, pay off, peto a te ut id a me (non) requiras, ne tibi ego diem reponam, Cic. Sull. 1, 9, 19; cupiditatem doloris reponendi, Sen. dial. 3, 3, 3; non facere iniuriam, sed reponere, 4, 28, 5; numquamne reponam? Iuv. 1, 1; 6. of a second putting, put in place of something gone (=Fr. remplace), replace by, substitute, te meas epistolas delere ut reponas tuas, Cic. fam. 7, 18, 2; praeciarum diem illis reposuisti Verria ut agerent (in place of Marcellia), Verr. 2, 2, 52; ligna super foco large reponeas—ever re-placing logs consumed by others—Hor. od. 1, 9, 6; eorum in uicem idonea (pedamenta) reponenda, Colum. 4, 26, 2; inuitus perdit quod elegerat uerbum nec facile reponit aliud, Quint. 11, 2, 49; 7. stow away (as into some back place for future use, cf. regero), neque condendi ac reponendi illa pecundum scientia est, Cic. N. D. 2, 156 (de uitibus); formicae farris aerum cum populant, lectoque reponant, Verg. 4, 403; add G. 3, 403; mella in uetustate, Colum. 12, 11, 1; uuas, 12, 44, 3; add 12, 16, 2; in hiemem alimenta, Quint. 2, 16, 16; optimum emendandi genus si scripta in aliquod tempus reponatur, 10, 4, 2; 8. met., Sensus haec inuis...reponas, Verg. B. 3, 54; odi-um donec..., Tac. Agr. 39; obstatre memoriae usum litte-rarum, quoniam illa, quae scriptis reposuimus..., dimittimus, Quint. 11, 2, 9; 9. place finally or for good, class, laetis animas reponis Sedibus, Hor. od. 1, 10, 17; sidera in deorum numero, Cic. N. D. 2, 54; homines morte deletos reponere in deos, 1, 38; in illo antiquissimorum hominum numero, Verr. 2, 3, 210; in fabularum numero, inu. 1, 39; meam defensionem in aliquo artis loco reponetis, or. 2, 198; in suis Ciceronem reponere, Anton. ap. Cic. Att. 10, 8.

10. place for rest, rest (cf. E. repose), Perque fabam repunt et mollia curia reponunt, Enn. an. 545 V; grues in tergo praeculantium colla et capita reponunt, Cic. N. D. 2, 125; maturius quieti nos reponamus, Apul. M. 1, 11; 11. met. rest, repose, trust, in uestra mansuetudine cau-sam, Cic. Sull. 92; spem omnem in nirtute, Caes. b. c. 2, 44, 3; in caritate enim nihil spei, Liv. 1, 49, 4; plus in dnce quam in exercitu, Tac. G. 30; qui in se reponit omnia, Apul. dogm. Plat. 22; 12. invest, spend, in his (sc. studiis) ingula in his somnus reponatur, Plin. ep. 1, 3, 3.

**re-porrigo**, ēre, vb. stretch forward, back—heuce, hand back, halam, Petr. 51.

**re-por-to**, āre, vb. carry back, bring back, uini amphoras quas plenas tulerunt, eas argento repletas domum reportauerunt, C. Graec. ap. Gell. 15, 12, 4; exercitum Britannia, Cic. Att. 4, 37, 3; duobus comitibus exercitum, Caes. b. g. 5, 23, 2; add 4, 29, 4; b. c. 2, 43, 1; exercitum, Liv. 38, 50, 3; add 38, 42, 12; legiones classe, Tac. an. 1, 63—so far all referring to the sea; 2. add: equis insignibus et curru arato reportati, Cic. in sen. 28; massam picis urbe, Verg. G. 1, 275; infantem suam, Quint. 6, 1, 39; 3. still bolder, pedemque ex hoste reportat, Verg. 11, 764; ad Didium se reportant, bell. Hisp. 40, 2; ad hospitium Milonis ne reporto, Apul. M. 1, 25; 4. of what generals etc. bring home from foreign wars, often met. and in non-substantial form, insignia uictoriae, non uictoriam, Cic. Manil. 8; nihil praeter laudem ex hostibus, leg. 3, 18; spem bonam, Hor. carm. s. 74; imperator triumphum, Plin. praef. 30; ex praesensulatu gloriam, Plin. ep. 3, 7, 3;

imperator neram gloriam, pan. 16; spolia opima, Flor. 1, 1, 11; praemium, Apul. M. 11, 15; 5. carry back (words), report, haec tristitia dicta, Verg. 2, 115; aduenisse viros, 7, 167; auditaque verba, Ov. M. 3, 369; mandata, Prop. 3, 6, 37; ad socerum haud mollia, Apul. apud 77.

**re-posco**, ēre, vb. demand back, demand what is due.

**repūd-ium**, ii, n. [repūd=repel of repello; cf. tripud-ium] a written notice (by a man) of a betrothal withdrawn, the form being: conditione tua non utor, Gai. dig. 24, 2, 2; 1. Is me nunc renuntiare repudium iussit tibi. E. Repudium rebus paratis, exornatis nuptiis? Pl. Aut. 4, 10, 53; Ea re repudium remisit anoneulus (pron. oneuleus) causa mea, 4, 10, 69; iam accipiat, illi repudium renuntiat, Ter. Ph. 4, 3, 72; add 5, 8, 35; 2. in late writers of a woman also, Macia dum repudium sponsibus misit, Marc. dig. 24, 3, 38; 3. in late writers divorce, Tac. an. 3, 22; M. Lepidus Apuleiae uxoris caritate post repudium obiit, Plin. 7, 122; Iuliam uxorem ob adulteria damnatam repudium ei suo nomine remisit, Suet. Tib. 11; repudium inter uxorem et uirum, Val. M. 2, 1, 4; si mulier inusti repudiū ageret, Sen. contron. 2, 13, p. 163, 23 B; Olympiada repudiū dimisit, Iust. 11, 11, 5; causam repudiū dare, Pap. dig. 24, 3, 39; add Paul. 50, 16, 191.

**rēs**, rēi, f. (rarely, if ever, m.; cf. dies, and §§ 13 and 36) [for ēr-ēs from ēs-be; cf. nūrus; and for suffix fidēs, faciēs, speciēs], reality, fact, truth, rem fabulare, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 79; uideamus ne plus ei tribuas quam res et veritas ipsa concedat, Cic. or. 1, 77; Ere priuam te arbitrari quod res est uelim, Ter. Eun. 5, 5, 9; 2. hence often opposed to what is said, as uerbum, nomen, fama, rumor, Vsque adeo illius ferre possum incipiam et magnifica uerba, Verba dum sint; uerum enim si ad rem conferent uapulari, Ter. Eun. 4, 6, 4; Peripateticos et Academicos nominibus diferentes, re congruentes, Cic. acad. pr. 15; sequantur nos tuae litterae quibus non modo res omnes sed etiam rumores cognoscimus, Att. 5, 5, 1; ut in omnibus factis re, non teste moueamur, fin. 2, 52; Aut sine re nomen dens est frustaque timetur, Ov. am. 3, 3, 23; 3. esp. of prophecy or promise become a fact and gen. result, et me, si quem esse uoluisti, eum exitu rebusque cognoscis, defende ac suscipe, Planc. ap. Cic. fam. 10, 11, 1; Vana diu uisat uox aurgis, exitus illum Riesque probat, Ov. M. 3, 349; 4. or in contrast to what is thought, eos in caelum translatis non re sed opinione esse dicunt, Cic. N. D. 3, 53; sunt enim omnia sicut adolescentis non tam re et maturitate quam spe et expectatione laudati, orat. 107;

5. often strengthened by ipsa or nera, Non simulare mortem uerbis, re ipsa spem nactae dare, Ter. Haut. 4, 1, 23; eum tametsi uerbo non audeat, tamen re ipsa de malicio suo confiteri, Cic. Rose. Am. 123; per speciem auxilii Byzantii ferendi, re ipsa ad terrorem regulis Thracum incitandum, Liv. 39, 35, 4; habet aduersarium uerbo Sex. Nauium, re nera huiusce aetatis homines disertissimos nostrae ciuitatis, Cic. Quinct. 7; 11. 6. as the something real, money, property, studiosum rei quae-rendae, Cato r. pr. 3; Inuabo aut re aut opera aut consilio bono, Pl. Ps. 1, 1, 19; P. habuiste rem? L. Habuit, P. Qui eam perdidit? Trin. 2, 2, 49; Instant (instat Scal.), mercatorem, spero rem facis, ubi, inescare necis homines, Sannio, Ter. Ad. 2, 12; Bis perit amator, ab re atque ab animo simul, Pl. Truc. 2, 1, 26; at enim metues ne ab re (on the money-side) sint tamen Omissiones, Ter. Ad. 5, 3, 44 and soon after: Attentiones sumus ad rem omnes quam sat est; often with familiaris added, res familiaris alteri eorum ualde exigua est, alteri uis equestris, Cic. fam. 9, 13, 4; res eos iampridem, fides (credidit) nuper defecere coepit, Cat. 2, 10; non esse in ciuitate duo milia hominum qui rem haberent, off. 2, 73; Et genus et uirtus nisi cum re uilior alga est, Hor. s. 2, 5, 8; 7. hence with various adjectives, as et re salua et perdita, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 27; in tenui re, Hor. ep. 1, 20, 20; magna, s. 2, 12; angusta, Iuv. 3, 165; 8. esp. in the pl. position, fortune, circumstances, Bous tuis rebus uicas res irides malas, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 45;

habes auctores consilii publici, qui numerus etiam bouis rebus exiguis esset, quid census perditus? Cic. fam. 12, 2, 3; ut aduersas res sic secundas immoderate ferre leuitatis est, off. 1, 90; dubiis ne defice rebus, Verg. 6, 106;

9. in divorce the phrase, Apage sis Amor, tuas tibi res habeto, Pl. Trin. 2, 1, 42; illum (mimam) suam suas res (her goods and chattels) sibi habere iussit, claus ademit, exegit, Cic. Phil. 2, 69; and jokingly speaking to a wife, maritum Deseris atque inbes res sibi habere suas, Mart. 10, 41, 2; 10. a (public) power, state, with an adj. or gen. of the state, Qui rem Romanam Latiniunque augere uoluit, Enn. an. 455 V; Moribus antiquis res stat Romana uirisque, 492; Eloquere, eloquere res Arginon proelio ut se sustinet, tr. 23 V; ut paulo ante animum inter Fidenatem Romanamque rem ancipitem gessisti, ita, Liv. 1, 28, 9; Postquam res Asiae Priamiunq. euertere gentem Immeritam uisum superis, Verg. 3, 1; 11. in pl. deeds, doings (history), haudquaquam par gloria sequitur scriptorem et auctorem rerum, Sal. Cat. 3, 2; si a primordio urbis res populi Romani perscripserim, Liv. pr. 1; rerum scriptores, historiam, 21, 1, 1; but in a diff. sense, poetarum ista sunt, nos autem philosophi esse uolumus, rerum (of realities) auctores, non fabularum, Cic. N. D. 3, 77; esp. in the phrase res gestae, achievements, great deeds, uix inuenitur qui non quasi mercedem rerum gestarum desideret gloriam, off. 1, 65; 12. useful work, esp. in the dat. with esse, fit for, Nolo ego nos (hoc) prosum exhibere, nulli rei erimus postea, Pl. St. 5, 4, 38; si illum potest Qui aliqui (alici) a gen. m. see § 13) reist etiam eum ad nequitiam allicere, Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 3; 13. also in gen. nulli rei of no value, qui tantisper nulli (so, not nullae) rei sies dum nihil agas, Cato ap. Prisc. 6, p. 227 K (Prisc. adds: potest tamen hic datus accipit); erraticum esse hominem et nulli rei, Gell. 9, 2, 6; hominem nulli rei dimissimus, 15, 9, 11; nostri uerbum illud uetus, musicum quae sit abscondita cum esse nulli rei, 13, 31, 3; constabat illum unde petebatur hominem esse non bonae rei utaque turpi, 14, 2, 6; 14. ob rem and in rem leading to some useful result, to the purpose, A. non pudet Vanitatis? D. Minime, dum ob rem, provided it put money into my pocket, Ter. Ph. 3, 2, 41; uerum id frustra an ob rem faciam in nostra manu situm est, Aug. 1, 31, 5; in rem fore credens uiuersos appellare, Cat. 20, 1; ad compa-randa ea quae in rem erant tempus habuit, Liv. 30, 4, 6;

15. with possessive pron. or gen. an affair which concerns one, Quasi istic mea res minor agatur quam tua, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 113, as if I had less at stake; tanta mihi cum eo necessitudo est ut si mea res esset, non magis laborarem, Cic. fam. 13, 44; 16. interest (in a matter), esp. with prep., as first with in, to one's interest, ego quae in rem tuam sint ea nelim facias, for your interest, Ter. Ph. 2, 4, 9; Si in rebus utrique ut fiant (sc. nuptiae), accessi iube, Andr. 3, 3, 14; 17. with ex, in accordance with, the interest of, Ex tua re non est ego emoriar, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 100; Non hercle ex re istas me instigasti, Demipho, Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 70; statues ut ex fide fama reque mea uidebitur, Cic. Att. 5, 8, 3; 18. ab re against a person's interest, ab re consulti blandiloquentulus (Amor), Pl. Trin. 2, 1, 13; haut est ab re audipis, As. 1, 3, 71; cf. interest and refert;

19. esp. with est and dat. or habeo, Postremo tecum nil rei nobis, Demipho, est, Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 74; business, dealings, tecum mihi res est Ter. Rosci, Cic. Rose. Am. 84; erat autem res ei cum exercito C. Marii iniuncto, Sest. 37; proinde te para, cum homine et edaci tibi res est et qui iam aliquid intellegat, fam. 9, 20, 2; 20. a euphemism de turpi consuetudine, Qui, tibi non meretricum aliarum erat Athenis copia quibuscum haberes rem nisi...? Pl. Bac. 3, 6, 34; quocum tum uo rem habebam, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 39; add 1, 2, 57 and Pl. Merc. 3, 1, 35; 21. in law etc. a matter in dispute, suit, claim, ideo in actionibus uideamus dici quam rem siue litem dicere oportet, Varr. l. 7, p. 370 Sp.; illud mihi mirum uideri solet tot homines tam ingenuos etiam nunc statuere non potuisse utrum rem an litem dici oporteret, Cic. Mur. 27; tractu temporis futurum ut res pereat, Gai. dig. 3, 3, 12; add Ulp. 43, 29, 3; so in a dispute with a foreign state, quarum rerum litium

causa condixit pater patratu... Liv. 1, 32, 11;  
**22.** hence in pl., *Proletis rebus paratis uenatis Sumus*, when the law-courts are prorogued, in vacation-time, Pl. Capt. 1, 1, 17; **23.** in discussions, the subject-matter, as opposed to what is irrelevant or secondary and so to digressions, the real question before us, business, ut ad rem redeam, Cato r. pr. 4; mitte ista atque ad rem redi, Ter. Ad. 2, 1, 31; sed haec nihil sane ad rem, Cic. fin. 2, 82; sed ad rem redeamus, de hominibus dici non necesse est, 1, 65; Quid nunc faciam? (so Fleck. but perh. faciam), dum ab re ne quid oris, nothing foreign to the matter in hand, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 88; haec autem notare non esse ab re uisum est, Gell. 18, 14, 6; non ab re fuerit subterfuge... Suet. Aug. 94; **24.** with adj. of department, and first in sing., all that concerns—, rem diminam (acts of religion) nisi compitalibus in comito ante in foco ne faciat, Cato r. 5, 3; add Pl. Amph. 3, 1, 11; abhorrenti ab re uxoria, from all idea of marriage, Ter. Andr. 5, 1, 10; add Afran. 86 R; supply of corn, commissariat, res frumentaria, Cic. Att. 8, 1, 2; Caes. b. g. 1, 23, 1; 1, 37, 51; 1, 39, 6; res militaris, military matters, senectae de re, Acad. pr. 2; Caes. b. g. 1, 21, 4; res iudiciaria, the judicature, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 31; **25.** in pl. res rusticae, farming, in eo libro quem de rebus rusticis scripsi, Cic. (in Cato's name) sen. 54; res uenerae, 47; **26.** res pl. absol. all things, the world, versibus... Quos ego de rerum natura pangere conor, the birth of the universe, Lucr. 1, 25; rerum pars altera ademptat, Verg. 9, 134; meris per opem mitissima rebus, Ov. M. 1, 380; but Cic. Quinet. 3, erat ei pecunia res ampla et rustica, a large farm for breeding cattle etc., of course does not belong to this § but rather to § 6; **27.** esp. quid rerum, what in the world, Ne me observare possis quid rerum geram, Pl. Aul. 1, 1, 15; add 1, 2, 39; Visso quid rerum meus Vlixes gesserit, Ps. 4, 6, 1; add Rud. 4, 4, 24; Capt. 2, 3, 16; Reuiso quidnam Chaerea hic rerum gerat, Ter. Eun. 5, 4, 1; **28.** also with superl., quid aq. dulcissime rerum? in all the world, Hor. s. 1, 9, 4; Si quae te genuit talis pulcherrime rerum Qualis es ipse fuit... Ov. M. 8, 49; maxime rerum (sc. Hereules), her. 9, 107; **29.** in the sing., matters (generally), circumstantiae, the state of things, ut nunc se res habet, admirabili gloria est, Cic. Att. 2, 21, 5; fidenti animo, si ita res ferat, gladiat ut moriem, Tusc. 1, 110; **30.** esp. with nata, Fiat, ut rem gnatum uideo, hoc accipiendum quod datur, Pl. Truc. 5, 70, considering the circumstances which I see have turned up; add Bac. 2, 2, 40; animaduertimus posse pro re nata non incommode ad me venire in Nomus Ian., Cic. Att. 7, 8, 2; Antonii colloquium cum heroibus pro re nata non incommodum, 14, 6, 1; e re nata capto consilio fugam destino, Apul. M. 4, 3; **31.** quae res? is a phrase of indignation, what do you mean? or when it precedes a question, What?...? Quae res? Tun libero homini male seruos loquere? Pl. As. 2, 4, 71; O foetet tuus mihi sermo. S. Quae res? O. Haec res, Cas. 3, 6, 8; cf. Wagner ad Anl. 420; **32.** mala res, misfortune, trouble, used in slang, Ille homo a me sibi malam rem aressit iumento suo, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 170; abi in malam rem maximam Cum istae condicione, Epid. 1, 1, 73, go and be hanged with...; Abin hinc in malam rem eum suspicione ista scelus? Ter. Andr. 2, 1, 17; add Ph. 5, 7, 37; **33.** rarely with a gen. and then doubtful to express a lot of (like the Greek *ὅλως*), Satin parua res est uoluptatum in uita atque in actate agunda praequam quod molestum? Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 1; Haec (sc. uipera) cum temptaret, si qua res esset cibi, Linum memoratit, Phaedr. 4, 8, 4 (so mss. Heinsius spes); **34.** vaguely, a thing (comp. Germ. *sache* thing, orig. law-suit, and Fr. chose a thing from Lat. causa), eum rerum quae nunquam fuerunt nec esse potuerunt ut Scyllae ut Chinaerae, Cic. N. D. 1, 108; Nam risu inepto res ineptior nulla est, Catul. 39, 16; **35.** at times used in relative sentences by the side of a preceding definite sb. or neuter pron., as: Secede huc, nam sunt quae ex te solo seitari uolo, quarum rerum te falsiloco mihi esse solo, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 14; qui (esset) uictus aut eultus nisi tam multae nobis artes ministrarent, quibus rebus exulta hominum uita tantum destitit (al.

distat) a uictu et eultu bestiarum? Cic. off. 2, 15; the two passages given by Forc. from Varro are misquoted;  
**36.** m. and f. like dies, yet rarely m. as in nulli rei of § 13, a phrase wh. still lived for Gell., so: antequam Barcha perierat alii rei causa in Africam missus, Cacl. ap. Prisc. 13, p. 8 K, wh. Prisc. idly calls alii a fem. gen.; Ei rei argumenta dicam, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 121, wh. ei is an old gen. m.; cf. Post argumentum huius eloquar tragodiae, Amph. pr. 51; so too quor the old form of cur implies quo=quae; lastly the S. ris g. raj-as them. ris is both m. and t.; this from Meunier's paper, Mém. de la Soc. de Linguistique 1868, p. 22 etc. **37.** the gen. and dat. rei in old writers is either a spondee or long monos., Praeterea rei quae corpora mittere possit, Lucr. 1, 688; add 2, 112; 6, 918; Ego cum genui tum morituros seui ei rei sustuli, Enn. tr. 362 R; Aut aliae enius desiderium insidiat rei, Lucr. 3, 918; but in Augustan age an iamb. Contemptae dominus splendidior rei, Hor. od. 3, 16, 25.

**re-acindo**, ēre, scidi, scissum, vb. (first re of reversal) tear down or away, cut down (what has been set up) pontem, Caes. b. g. 7, 35; 2, 7, 57, 5; Liv. 1, 10, 7; nullum ac loricam, Caes. b. g. 7, 86 L; plateos, Sal. fr. ap. Non. 95; tecta domum, Just. 1, 31, 10; **2.** tear open (a wound already healed), re-open, chiefly met., ne uulnera curatione ipsa rescinderentur, Flor. 2, 11, 4; obductos annis rescindere luctus, Ov. M. 12, 543; rescindere erimina noli, tr. 3, 11, 63; an male sarta Gratia nequiquam coit et rescinditur? Hor. ep. 1, 3, 32; euentus gratiae eiactricem, Petr. 113; **3.** met. tear up, rescind, repeal, reverse, set aside, Mihi non uidetur quod sit factum legibus Rescindi posse, Ter. Ph. 2, 4, 15; acta M. Antonii, Cic. Phil. 13, 5; quod e se constituta rescindere, Att. 6, 1, 2; pactiones, pron. c. 10; res iudicatas, Sul. 63; testamenta, Verg. 2, 1, 11; leges, Lucr. 5, 58; foedus, Vell. 2, 90, 3; decretum, inser. Or. 775; decreta, Suet. Cal. 3; iudicia, Cl. 29; beneficium insequenti iniuria, Sen. ben. 3, 12, 4; **II.** 4. (re of opening) tear up or open, cut open, manibus magnum rescindere caelum, Verg. 6, 583; add G. 1, 280; ulevis os, 3, 454; unam, Colum. 6, 30, 5; snppurationem ferro, 6, 11; **5.** so r. uiam, cut or force a passage, Propterea solere uias rescindere nostris Sensibus introituque suo perumpere corpus, Lucr. 2, 406; r. locum, force a passage into, carry a position by storm, eum locum quem nobilitas obvallatum tenebat me duce rescidisti, Cic. agr. 2, 3.

**re-scisco**, ēre, scēni or scēi, scitum, vb. (re of reversal) come to the knowledge of (that which it is attempted to conceal), find out (a secret), Si inquam (eumquam?) quicquam filium resciero Argentum amoris causa sumptum tuum, Naev. 97 R; sero est iam; rescire, Cato orig. 21, 5 I; E. Recte dicis; sed tu uxor faciet, quom hoc rescierit. D. Nilil opust rescieat. E. Quid istie? Non rescieat: ne time, Pl. Merc. 5, 4, 43; Dum id rescitum iri credit, tantisper pauet, Ter. Ad. 1, 1, 45; add 4, 2, 7; 5, 3, 5; Haut, 1, 1, 47; Ph. 4, 1, 19; 5, 8, 59; Hec. 2, 1, 11; 3, 1, 7; 5, 4, 27; add quadris. (bis) ap. Gell. 2, 19, 7; quaerit si sapiens adulterinos munus accepit pro bonis, eum id rescierit soluturum sit eos pro bonis, Cic. off. 3, 91; id postquam rescit (so M.; perh. for rescitit), scandit (so M.; edd. exauduit), Cacl. ap. Cic. fam. 8, 12, 2; quod ubi Caesar rescitit... Caes. b. g. 1, 28, 1; simul atque Carmina rescieris nos fingere... Hor. ep. 2, 1, 227; ea quid ageretur rescit filiumque monuit, ps. Nep. Dat. 2, 4; intellegebat prius aduersarios rescituros de suo aduentu quam ipse tertiam partem confectis itineris, Eum. 8, 6; qui factum aliquod occultis... cognoscit, is dicitur proprie rescire, Gell. 2, 19; where alone and perh. Cacl. (as above), rescio, rescire seem to occur.

**rē-sēco**, āre, scēni, seetus, or scēatus, vb. ent back, restrain by cutting, cut (what would be too long), cut away (what is useless), perh. orig. prune (trees, etc.), cf. resecio; arbores museo infestantur quae nris exueris... Colum. 5, 9, 15; enodes trunei rescantur, cut down (for grafting), Verg. G. 2, 78; Gethyum saepius resceatur (so

as to grow again), Plin. 10, 107; 2. in surgery, extrema pars unguis (sc. bonis) ad unum rescatur, Colum. 6, 12, 3; ut quorum linguae sic inhaerent ut loqui non possent, ac scalpello rescatae liberarentur, Cic. diu. 2, 96; sicut aegra corpora rescata aliqua parte sanantur, Eum. Const. 11 f.; 3. hence met., hoc sentio, nisi in bonis amicitiam esse non posse, neque id ad unum rescatur, Cic. am. 18; aiunt nimia rescari oportere, naturalia relinquere, Tusc. 4, 57; quae sanari poterunt quacunque ratione sanabo; quae rescandae erunt non patiar ad perniciem civitatis manere, Cat. 2, 11; is nummum dabat—Vnde de frumento? Quasi habuisset quod venderet. De nino aliquid erat rescandum, Verr. 2, 3, 118; liber ereuit dum ornare patriam et amplificare gaudemus, tu tamen haec ipsa rescata, Plin. ep. 2, 5, 4; libidinem, Cic. Att. 1, 18, 2; spem longam, Hor. od. 1, 11, 7; 4. cut away (of a part), cut off, Senuatoque diu rescata de tergore partem, Ov. M. 8, 649; rescatis palpebris, Cic. Pis. 43; longos capillos, Ov. M. 11, 182; barbani, tr. 4, 10, 58.

**rē-sēcro**, āre, (rē-sac), [re of reversal, sacro], un-curse (so to say), relieve of a curse, exorcise, Eumolpidae sacerdotes rursus rescrare sunt coacti qui cum deonebant pilaeque illae in quibus deuotio fuerat scripta in mare praecipitatae, ps. Nep. Alc. 6 f.; 2. relieve of a (possible future) curse by taking it upon oneself, rescrare resoluere religione utique quum (nati quum?) reum populus (reus populum?) comitis orauerat per deos ut eo periculo liberaretur, iubebat magistratus eum rescrare (sc. populum aut iudices) si necens esset, Fest. and Paul. sub v. rescrare; obsecrari et rescrari populus aut iudices solebant, Front. ad Ant. 1, p. 99 Nab.; obscuro Resecroque te, operam da hanc mihi fidem, I implore you and make myself responsible for all consequences, Pl. Pers. 1, 1, 49; 3. un-beg (so to say), reverse a preceding entreaty, Resecroque mater quod dudum obsecraueram, Pl. Aul. 4, 7, 4; 4. the translation implore again and again seems unauthorised; and indeed the single sacro never means implore.

**rē-sideo**, ēre, (without perf. vb. (of rest) [sedeo] sit with the back reclining, Utque piger pandi tergo rēsidit asselli, Ov. F. 3, 749; 2. met. remain behind, remain in part, remain at last, be left at the bottom (cf. resido, § 8; and remaneo), ne residere in te ullam partem fraudandae suspicemur, Cic. Diot. 8; etiamnum residet spes in uirtute tua, fam. 12, 3 f.; quorum in nutu residet auctoritas, sen. 61; luitis incommodi culpa ubi residet facilius possum existimare quam scribere, Att. 1, 17, 3; add Tusc. 1, 104; fam. 5, 7, 2; Cat. 1, 31; quorum in consilio pristinae residere uirtutis memoria nidetur, Caes. b. g. 7, 77, 4; Quin iram eius si qua ex certamine residet lenimus? Liv. 40, 7, 5; Nam sine mente animoque nequit rēsidere per artus Temporis exigam partem pars ulla animai, Lucr. 3, 398; 3. r. ferias, keep as a holiday from all work, nec tam denicales quae a nece appellatae sunt, quia residunt mortui (mortuo?) or mortui causa?) quam ceterorum caelestium quieti dies feriae nominarentur nisi..., Cic. leg. 2, 55; Ita uenter gutturque residet esurialis ferias, Pl. Capt. 3, 1, 8; see resido.

**rēsīdia**, ae, f. [reses adj.] rest from labour, Inhaeret etiam auditas resīdia (so ECD?) inopia, Pl. Merc. pr. 29.

**rē-sīdo**, ēre, sedi, sessum, vb. (of action) sit up, as with the back supported, grauis morbi periculum est ubi residere uult (aeger) in ipso acuti morbi impetu, Cels. 2, 4 init.; 2. sit down (after exercise, for rest), errantiae uia sen lassus resedit, Verg. 2, 739; Lassus in haec iuuenis saepe rēsdit humo, Ov. a. a. 3, 696; Fessa rēsdit humi, F. 3, 15; midiaque fluens in ueste Menoetes Summa petit scopuli siccaeque in rupe resedit, Verg. 5, 180; cetera genera (aiunt) residunt et insistant; his quies nisi in nido nulla, aut pendet aut iacent, Plin. 10, 114; Alpini mures residunt (Deti. resident) in clunes, S. 132; 3. stop for rest, or settle permanently after toils, cur neque ante occurrat ne ille in nulla residet, nec...? Cic. Mil. 51; Siculense resideret aruis... Italicis eapesset oras, Verg. 5, 702;

4. gen. sit down, sed residamus inquit si placet, Cic. fin. 2, 9; solioque alte subnixus resedit (Dido), Verg. 1, 506; medio rex ipse resedit, Ov. M. 7, 102; 5. remain behind, Lydum patris in terris resedisse, Tyrrheno datum nouas ut conderet sedes, Tac. an. 4, 55; 6. of swollen things, settle down again, subside, sink, qua ni maria alta tumescant...rursusque in se ipsa residunt, Verg. G. 2, 480; incipit (Nilus) crescere caucrum sole transunte et residit in uirgine, Plin. 5, 57; titissimum est (of earthquakes) cum intumescit adsurgens alternoque motu residit, 2, 198; residere lienem aegri uitium, 28, 291; Verg. 6, 407; Ov. am. 1, 1, 27; Plin. ep. 5, 17, 2; 7. gen. settle down, subside, sink, iam iam residunt erubibus asperae Pelles, Hor. od. 2, 20, 9; 8. of liquids, settle, fall to the bottom, harenae lanantur atque ex eo quod resedit (sc. auri) coniectura capitur, Plin. 33, 67.

**restis**, is, f. [prob. for uer-estis and so from ner root of uerto, cf. our wrest] a rope, between funis a cable or strong rope, and linea string, quae sunt de cannabim...ut funes restes tegetes, Varr. r. 1, 22, 1; sic ubi cannabim... (seras) unde nectas paleas lineas restes funes, 1, 23, 6; nauticus ueteribus funibus uel quibuslibet aliis restibus, Colum. 11, 3, 5; 2. of various uses, as Restim tu tibi caue erassum ac te suspende, Pl. Pers. 5, 2, 34; Atmeto lib. enius dolo filium anisi restem et clauum unde sibi collum alligat, inser. Grut. 715, 10 (if genuine); Nihil Ammiano praeter aridam restem Moriens reliquit, Mart. 4, 70, 1; 3. hence phrase, ad restim res redit, things are coming to the point of hanging oneself, Caecil. 215 R; Ter. Ph. 4, 4, 5; 4. for flogging, our rope's end, Caedere hodie tu restibus, Pl. Pers. 2, 6, 11; 5. of rope-dancing, ancipiti figens uestigia planta...brumamque famemque Illa restet canit, Iuv. 17, 274; 6. a festoon for dancers etc., Tu inter eas restim ductans saltabis. Probe, Ter. Ad. 4, 7, 34; per manus reste data uirgines sonum noceis pulsu pedum modulantes incescerant, Liv. 27, 37, 14; 7. a rope for onions, Caluaeque restes alioque cepisque, Mart. 12, 32, 20; also the stalk of garlic, Plin. 20, 51; 8. met. in a fisherman's mouth, Pandisper remitte restem (stop hauling the rope) dum concedo et consulo, Pl. Rud. 4, 3, 97; 9. acc. restim preferred by Caes. ap. Char. 123, 1 R; Prise. 1, 329, 4; Consent. 355, 24.

**rē-ticeo**, ēre, ui, vb. be silent (where one has something that might be said), keep back (a secret), respondebo, nil reticebo quod sciam, Pl. Men. 5, 9, 47; Non parum rem ordior. Ne reticeo obscuro, Att. 95 R; uah nil retituit, Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 51; add Haut. 1, 1, 33; 2, 3, 79; non possum utriusque uestrum errorem reticere, Cic. Phil. 1, 29; de Chelidone reticuit quoad potuit, Verr. 2, 1, 39; add Q. fr. 1, 2, 3; fam. 4, 2, 1; Cln. 1; neque reticere quae audierat neque suam ipse scelera occultare, Sal. Cat. 22, 2; Multaque praeterea linguae reticenda modestae, Ov. her. 18, 63; Non solum uestris didici reticere calores, Prop. 1, 11, 13; 2. keep silent when spoken to, answer not, nunc interrogati senatori si reticam aut superbus aut obnoxius uidear, Liv. 23, 12, 9; quae nec reticere loquenti. Nec prior ipsa loqui didicisti, resonabilis Echo, Ov. M. 3, 357; optimum quoniam iurgio lacecessis et respondentis reticens, Tac. an. 14, 49; add Cic. or. 2, 232.

**rē-torqueo**, ēre, rsi, rtum, vb. turn back, oculos saepe ad hanc urbem, Cic. Cat. 1, 2; sacer ora retorsit Tmolus ad os Phoebi, Ov. M. 11, 163; ad praeterea animum, Sen. ben. 3, 3; 2. hurl back, throw back, Rheotum retorsisti leonis Vnguinus, Hor. od. 19, 23; Vidimus flauum Tiberim retortis Litore Etrusco uolentem undis Ire..., 1, 2, 13; Ac uestra retro sidera obliquos angit Retorta cursus, Sen. Phaedr. 685; Ille (sc. anguis) dolore ferox caput in sua terga retorsit, Ov. M. 3, 68; 3. twist and so throw back, uidi ego ciuium Retorta tergo brachia libero, Hor. od. 3, 5, 21; 4. (re of reversal) untwist, and so make smooth, Adnuit his Iuno et mentem laetata retorsit, smoothed again a soul so long by passion wrung, Verg. 12, 841.



**ring-or**, i, rictus, vb. r. [rig- for hrr-i(x)-; from a mimetic root hrr], snarl, growl, Fit desubito hilaris tristis; saltat ridens, ringitur, Pomp. 124 R; Dum tibi fit quod placeat (tibi ita quod placeat?) ille ringitur, Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 27; Praetulerim scriptor delirus inersque uideri... Quam sapere et ringi, Hor. ep. 2, 128; but in Sen. ep. 104, 9 inuidebis, not ringeris; ringi est stomachari, tacitum est enim a canibus latitaturis, Don. ad Ter.

**rōb-ūr**, ōris, n. [see below, § 10] hardness, fruge(s) frendo sola saxi robore (saxi saecie probore), Pacuv. 11 R; fruges quoque saepe minaci Robore cum saxi franguntur..., Lucr. 1, 882; duri robora ferri, 2, 449; aeternae ferri Robora, Verg. 7, 610; nos o quibus integer acui Sanguis ait solidaeque suo stant robore uires, 2, 639; strength of body, vigour, qui si satis roboris haberet, ipse pro S. Roscio diceret, Cic. Rose. Am. 149; 2. hence, hard wood, Viribus haud ullis ualuit discludere morsus Roboris Aeneas (sc. oleastri, v. 766), Verg. 12, 783; caepe saxa manu, caepe robora pastor, G. 3, 420; ignis... primum sub cortice tectus Robora comprehendit, 2, 305; 3. esp. of the oak, Ae nolut annoso ualidum cum robore quereum, Verg. 4, 441; add G. 3, 332; 4. a kind of oak tree, Plin. 16, 678; and 38; 5. anything made of oak-wood, oak, Laedaeomni quotidianis epulis in robore accumbant, Cic. Mur. 74; graue robur aratri, Verg. G. 1, 162; Val. F. 7, 555; ferro praefixum robur acuto, Verg. 10, 479; 6. a part of the prison called Tullianum, 'the dungeon of the doomed' (Munro), robur quoque dicitur is locus quo praecipitatur maleficorum genus quod ante arcis roboribus includebatur, Paul. ex F. 264; ut in carcere uir clarissimus (sc. Scipio) includatur et in robore et tenebris expiret, Liv. 35, 59, 10; catenas Parthus et Italum robur (timet), Hor. od. 2, 13, 19; robur et saxum aut parcidarum poenas minitantium, Tac. an. 4, 29; familiares corum (the Gracchi) de robore praecipitati sunt, Val. M. 6, 3, 1 f.; perh. also: Verbera carniſices robur pix lammae taedae, Lucr. 3, 107; o subtilitas digna carcere et robore! Apul. mag. 81 f.; cf. Sal. Cat. 55, 3; and Pl. Poen. 5, 3, 34; 7. met. firmness, strength, power of endurance, neque his ipsis tantum umquam uirum aut roboris fuit, Liv. 21, 1, 2; est incredibili animi robore, Cic. Mil. 101; habuerant tantum animi tantum roboris ut M. Scario testi non crederent, Font. 26 (16); 8. of persons, the élite, Pusio Titinnus Maecenas illa robora populi Romani, Cic. Chu. 153; add Att. 6, 5, 3; robora uirorum, Liv. 21, 54, 3; 22, 6, 2; robora pubis Lecta, Verg. 8, 518; add Tac. h. 4, 33 f.; 9. the disease tetanus (in animals), Veg. vet. 24, 3 etc.; 10. rob of robur=our hard, cf. nerbum eueubita barba rubur with our word gourd beard red; but ha of hard suggests eo for Lat.; hence cor-ob, of wh. cor is the root, the noise of scratching, see arx, reor, calx callum collum; ρωρη ρωρυναι also akin, for ερρωμαι ερρωσθη by the double ρ point to a lost consonant, and suggest such a root as kop; hence perh. kop-erwya stuff a thing till it is full and so quite hard.

**rōpio**, ōnis, m. [rōp=rūb of rubeo; cf. rubellio] a red mullet? quem non pudet et rubet non est hemō sed ropio, Sal. in Pomp.; ap. Cl. Sacerd. gram. 1, 153; cf. Sen. ep. 11, 4; Plin. 7, 53; 37, 14.

**rosulentia**? ae, f. [from ros through lost forms rosulnus and rosulentus] dew-iness so to say,—hence met. of diffusing money. S. Quid uis? A. Quin (mss qui) tuam expecto rosulentiam (so mss), Pl. Truc. 3, 2, 7.

**rūber**, bra, brum, adj. [see below, § 10] red, as 1 of the setting sun, interea fax Occidit oceanum rubra tractum obruit aethra, Enn. ann. 418 V; lamque rūbrum tremulis iubat ignibus erigere alte Cum coepit tracta, Lucr. 4, 404; Praecipitem Oceani rubro lauit aequore currum, Verg. G. 3, 359; Quos Aurora suis rubra colorat equis, Prop. 4, 12, 16; 2. of crimson, scarlet or purple, rubro ubi cocco Tincta... nestis, Hor. s. 2, 6, 102; Phasis purpureis rūber laeunis, Mart. 5, 8, 5; 3. of blood, gelidos iniecit tibi rubro sanguine rimos, Hor. od. 3, 13, 7; et

tuo Cruore rubros obstetrix pannos lauit, epod. 17, 51;

4. of other objects, hunc dico rubrum breuem incurnum, ad Her. 4, 63; ruber (sal) Memphis, rufus est circa Oxum, Plin. 31, 86 (al. rubet); Canicula, Hor. s. 2, 5, 39; of a wolf's eyes, rubra suffusus lumina flamma, Ov. M. 11, 368; Maiorum leges, Iuv. 14, 192 (as having their tituli written in red ink; cf. our rubric); Priapus, Ov. F. 1, 415; custos (sc. Priapus), Tib. 1, 1, 17; crine ruber, Mart. 12, 54, 1; 5. esp. r. mare the Red sea, ερυθρα θαλασσα, the Indian sea including at least both Persian and Arabian gulfs, ea genera beluarum quae in rubro mari Indiae giganteant, Cic. N. D. 1, 97; Examen Eois timendum Partibus oceanoque rubro, Hor. od. 1, 35, 32; et a rubro lucida coucha mari, Tib. 2, 4, 30; salum, Prop. 4, 12, 6; 6. saxa rubra, Red-rocks, a place in Etruria, Cic. Phil. 2, 77; Liv. 2, 49, 12; breues rubrae, Mart. 4, 64, 15; 7. comp., rubrior, Plin. 10, 180; ruberimus, Cels. 5, 171, 34 D; 8. rubrus for ruber, Sol. 49, 23; 9. Gell. 2, 36 seems to make rufus and ruber equivalents, but see Plin. above § 4; 10. S. rudhira, Germ. roth, E. red ruddy; cf. Lat. rufus, rutilus, russus (russus); prob. from root ur-tun (uer-to), whence nemis quinz or kermes of the East, the coccin illeis of the East, and so our vermilion, carmine, crimson; thus ruber and ερυθρος would be for uor-ub-er and Ter-ub-pos.

**rūmex**, icis, f. [see below] sorrel, both wild and cultivated, Apponunt rūmicem brassicam betam blitum, Pl. Ps. 3, 2, 26; ceras (apes) ex omnium arborum satorumque floribus confingunt excepta rūmice et echinopode, Plin. 11, 18; hoc (sc. lapathum) in sativis rūmex nocuit, 19, 184; est et silvestre (lapathum) quod nostri rūmicem (appellunt), 20, 231; 2. for sor-um-ec- and so one with our prov. sor-ock and sor-el, W. sur-an, and so from a root=our sour, W. sur, Fr. sur; even suff. um of the assumed sor-um-ec=our ock; cf. apium apiac-us and G. eppich; Bium Iliae-us; bell-um bellie-us.

**rumpo**, ōre, rūpi, ruptum, vb. [see below] tear, ab litore funem Rumpite, Verg. 3, 640; tennes a pectore uestes Rumpit, Ov. a. a. 3, 708; At lacrimas sine fine dedi rūpūq; capillos, Iher. 3, 15; 2. break, si quis corum uincula ruperit, Cic. Cat. 4, 8; add Tusc. 1, 74; Lucr. 3, 84; claustra, Hor. ep. 1, 14, 9; cum hiemps frigore saxa rumperet, Verg. G. 4, 136; montem rumpit aetio, Iuv. 10, 153; aspergine et gela (tophi) rumpuntur in testas, Plin. 36, 167; adamauta sanguine hircino rumpente, 20, 2; 3. burst, cause to burst, inflatas rūmpi nesculas, Cic. din. 2, 33; aqua tendit rumpere plumbum, Hor. ep. 1, 10, 20; ranna dum nult ualidius inflare septe rupto iacuit corpore, Phaedr. 1, 26, 10; add Verg. G. 1, 49; Ov. Pont. 4, 27; 4. hence of hernia, Ego me tua causa ne erres non ruptum sum, rupture myself, Pl. Capt. pr. 14; tua causa rūpi ramices, Merc. 1, 2, 27; ut Lucilius Credis contentum cum me ruperim (mss ruperint), summa omnia. Fecerim ima (ima om. mss), Lucil. ap. Non. 88 (corr. by L. Müller); 5. met. of great exertions, esp. under rage or envy, Ego misera risu (misso mss) clandestino rumpier, Afr. 127 R; ut (hac) licentia, qua ante rumpere nunc ne moueat quidem, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 9, 1; ornate poetam Arcades inuidia rumpantur ut illa Cado, Verg. B. 7, 26; rumpantur iniqui, Prop. 1, 8, 27; Rumpor et inuidio, Ov. her. 15, 221; add Hor. ep. 1, 19, 15; Mart. 9, 97 (13 times); 6. de lubidine, illa rumpens, Catul. 11, 20; tentigine rūpi, Hor. s. 1, 2, 118; add Prop. 3, 7, 14; Mart. 11, 104, 6; but in Ov. am. 2, 10, 29 Merkel has perdit; 7. in law, commit a grave personal injury on, seriously hurt, si membrum rūpit (perh. ruperit) ni cum eo pacit talio esto, xii tab. ap. Gell. 20, 1, 4; Fest. 363 a 5; Cato orig. 17, 8; Gai. 3, 223; ruperit (mss ruperitis) in xii significat damnum dederit, Fest. 265 a 3; rumpisse (referring to ruperit in the lex Aquilia) cum utique accipienus qui uulnerat in uirgis nec loris uel pugnis caedit, nec telo nec quo alio ut scinderet alicui corpus, nec timorem fecerit, Ulp. dig. 9, 2, 27, 17;

8. exhaust, nouisse hunc dicam, si... ut me ambulando rumpere, Ter. Hec. 3, 4, 20; uernos apros Leporemque

forti callidum rumpes equo, Mart. 1, 49, 25; cum maiore onere conductor eas (sc. mullas) rupisset, Alf. dig. 19, 2, 30; nimium lassitudinem sequitur aegritudo et onne animal est debile si rumpitur, Verg. uet. 3, 1, 9; **9.** break off, interrupt, stop, sacra, Verg. 8, 110; somnum, 7, 458; nomissima uerba, Ov. a. a. 1, 539; coeptum iter, am. 3, 6, 88; iter institutum, Hor. od. 3, 27, 5; reditum, epod. 13, 16; amores, Verg. 4, 292; otia, 6, 814; carmina, Tib. 2, 3, 20; fletus, Sen. Tro. 795; **10.** met. break (a law etc.), foedera, Cic. Balb. 13; ins gentium, Liv. 4, 17, 4; fidem, 24, 29, 5; (societatem) fidei atque amicitiae, 28, 32, 5; edicta Iulia, Hor. od. 4, 15, 22; **11.** tear up (a deed), and so cancel, annul, revoke, constat (testamentum) agnascendo rumpi, Cic. or. 1, 241; fata aspera, Verg. 6, 883; decreta sororum, Ov. M. 15, 780; **12.** so the phrases, r. silentium, break silence, quid me alta silentia cogis Rumpere? Verg. 10, 64; add Hor. epod. 5, 85; Ov. M. 1, 208; Val. F. 3, 509; r. patientium etc., after long forbearance break out, ut quidam patientiam rumpent atque unus in tumultum proclamaret, aut agat, aut desistat, Suet. Tib. 24; r. obsequium, primi obsequium rumpere ausi, Galb. 16; **13.** so of sudden speech etc., after long reticence, suddenly give vent to, send rushing out, hunc rumpere hoc licet mihi gaudium? Ter. Eun. 3, 5, 2; Tantos illa suo rumpente pectore questus, Verg. 4, 553; Vix tandem... Composito rumpit uocem et me destinat arae, 2, 129; Dat genitum (sc. Turnus) rumpitque has imo pectore uoces, 11, 377; subitoque trememem Corripuit pallor genitumque ad sidera rupit, Sil. 4, 458; add S. 301; and Cland. rapt. Pr. 2, 249; but in Ov. M. 10, 147 Merkes has mouit; **14.** r. moras, burst through obstacles, lose no time, belongs to § 2 or 3; Rumpere moras omnis et turbata arripe castra, Verg. 9, 13; add Ov. M. 15, 583; Plin. ep. 5, 10 (11), 2; Mart. 2, 64, 9; Lucan. 1, 264; Val. F. 1, 306; **15.** r. uiam etc. force a passage, ferro rumpenda per hostis Est uia, Verg. 10, 372; Scythici quae Phasidis oras Ansa sequi, mediisque inter iuga conceita cursus Rumpere, Val. F. 1, 4; add: iter, Sil. 4, 196; 15, 778; cursum, 7, 568; uiam, Stat. The. 8, 468; **16.** for rumpor, as a refl. vb. burst, see § 5; **17.** rūp of rumpo is for er-up and so = *er-ux-ω* and *ἐκ-ω*, or rather for uer-up- or nor-up-, from uel or nol of uello nolum, drag, tear; and thus akin to uol-nes-; other varieties are seen in ru-o and *ερυ-ω*.

**ruo**, *ῥέω*, rui, rulturus (rūtus in compounds), vb. [see below, § 11] drag or tear away, send rushing, carry away, proclae infensa fremere frangere malum Ruere antennis scindere uela, Pl. Trin. 4, 1, 17; Ceteros ruerem agerem raperem tunderem et prostermerem, Ter. Ad. 3, 2, 21; seu ruit (knock down) sen erigit rempbeianam, Cic. Att. 2, 15, 2; tauri... terram mimitanti fronte ruebant, Lucr. 5, 1325; nautis, 1, 272; spumas salis aere ruebant,

Verg. 1, 35; molem, 9, 516; ossa focis, 11, 211; cumulos arenae, G. 1, 105; atram nubem, 2, 308; dinitias aeris... acruos, obtain suddenly in large quantities, sweep into one's net, anass (cf. Ibi me corruere posse abas dinitias, Pl. Rud. 2, 6, 58); in the same sense perh., ruis hoc et colligis omnia furtim, Lucil. ap. Non. 273 and 380; add gen. Ov. M. 12, 134; Val. F. 3, 102; but in Verg. 6, 696 edict. now have aqua, and in Plin. 10, 196 eruunt; **2.** hence ruo me, I rush etc., in errores se ruunt, Gell. 7 (6), 2, 8; quaerit (aquila) quorsus potissimum in praedam superne sese ruat fulminis uicem, Apul. flor. 1, 2 f.; ancta aquarum pondera ualentius se in campos ruunt, Sol. 9, 7 (p. 71 Momms.); cf. promere se, Ter. Eun. 3, 5, 51; Sol. 2, 25 (p. 41); and gen. for use as a vb. trans. diruo eruo pro-ruo subruo; **11.** **3.** absol. as vb. intr., ruih, rapite cogite ruite celeripedes, poet. ap. Cens. fr. 15 (p. 72, 3 Hantsch); at illum (sc. Caesarem) ruere nuntiat et iam iulante adesce, Cic. Att. 7, 20, 1 (see § 5); legiones infesto agmine ruere ad urbem, Liv. 3, 3, 3; add 3, 47, 7; 24, 16, 2; 27, 41, 8; Aeneade in ferrum pro libertate ruebant, Verg. 8, 648; add 6, 44; 9, 438; 12, 526; **4.** met., ad interitum, Cic. Mare. 13; ferne fugiendo in media fata ruitur, Liv. 8, 24, 4; in seruitutem, Tac. an. 1, 7; in exitum, h. 1, 84; **5.** absol. rush on wildly without regard to self or others, ruih a muck, Sed hunc inuide nisi nequid imprudens ruas, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 128; ego bonos uiros sequar etiam si ruent, Cic. Att. 7, 7, 7; nihil est magis timendum quam ne ille (Pompeius) ruere incipiat, 2, 14, 1; de quo ego cum continuo ruere uerbum feci nunquam, Sest. 133; Nescit uestra mens ira referre pedem, Prop. 4, 14 (3, 15), 44; **6.** esp. rush down, fall suddenly with violence, ruit alto a culmine Troia, Verg. 2, 290; crebris motibus terrae ruere tecta, Liv. 4, 21, 5; ruitura domus, Lucan. 7, 404; and met., ruere illa (money matters abroad) non possunt ut haec non eodem labefacta motu concidant, Cic. Man. 19; Vitellium ne prosperis quidem parem ruentibus debilitatum, by a downfall or crash of his fortunes, Tac. h. 3, 64; **7.** of those who fall in battle etc., caedebant pariter pariterque ruebant, Verg. 10, 756; nec quisquam prius ruit, Val. F. 7, 642; **8.** of the rushing elements in a storm etc., chiefly down-rushing, Mare caelum terram ruere ac tremere dicebas, Afr. 9 R; ruit arduus aether, Verg. G. 1, 324; ruere omnia uisa repente, A. S. 525; nec frustra aduersus impios hebescere sidera, ruere tempestates, Tac. an. 1, 30; add Sen. Phae. 682; Val. F. 4, 663; 6, 616; Mart. 3, 100, 3; cf. *Zeus καταβατης*; **9.** as a prov., quid si nunc caelum ruit? if the sky were to fall, Ter. Haut. 4, 3, 41; **10.** with an inf., dicere, Prop. 5, 1, 71; scire, Lucan. 7, 751; ditare, Stat. The. 7, 177; **11.** ru- is for er-u- or rather er-ue- and so = *er-ux-ω* and *ἐκ-ω*; but the full root was uel (as in uello) and uer (as in uerro; cf. *ἐλκω* (*ἐλκω*); again rup of rumpo is but a variety of the same.

## S.

**sacellarius**, ii, adj. as sb. m. [sacellus] purse-bearer, sacellarius βαλαντιοφειλας, excerpt, gloss. Steph.

**sacellum**, i, n. dim. [sacrum as sb. n.] a small piece of consecrated ground, with an altar, sacellum est locus parvus deo sacerdoti cum ara, Trebat. ap. Gell. 7, 12, 5; sacella dicuntur loca dis sacra sine testo, Fest. 318 a 37; exisse in quoddam sacellum omnis capiendi causa, Cic. din. 1, 104; sunt enim loca publica nrbis, sunt sacella, agr. 2, 36; Ara mihi posita paruo coniuncta sacello, Ov. F. 1, 275; add Prop. 5, 3, 57; Liv. 13, 232.

**sacellus**, i, m. doub. dim. [sacculus, saccus; for loss of e and short vowel cf. mamilla ofella curulis] a little sack or pouch, hence a purse, magna cumulat est arcā sacellis,

Coripp. Ioh. 3, 369; Augusti seruans pia gaza (from gazumi) sacelli, Just. 4, 334; unde lenatores uiuent nisi sonantes aere sacellos (so mss. Bucheler sacellos) pro hamis in turban mittent? Petr. 140; see sacellarius and Haupt in Herm. 3, 149.

**sacrifico**, see

**sacrificor**, older sacrificor, āri, vb. r. [sacrificus] lit. act the sacrificer or priest; hence offer sacrifici, cum initiarent pueros, sacrificabantur Edusae, Cato ap. Non. p. 480; sacrificabantur in cubiculo uiduae, Varr. ibid.; uerba patiendi pro agentibus in omnibus fermemodum uerum scriptis repertiuntur, ex quibus sunt paucā ista... sacrificor pro sacrifico..., Gell. 18, 12, 10; see also Varr. 1.

9, 61; 2. as a non-reflective vb. the same, Edepol si eo (suis have eo after Ioni) summo Ioni argento sacrificassem, ...numquam aequè id bene locassem, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 84; Quoius quotiens sepulchrum nides sacrificas, Epid. 2, 1, 7; add Amph. 4, 2, 14; spatium quidem... Vocandi sacrificandi dabitur paululum, Ter. Ph. 4, 2, 21; in Capitolio mulierum turba erat nec sacrificatum nec precantium deos patrio more, Liv. 25, 1, 7; ita ferunt a Medea pellicem crematam, postquam sacrificatura ad aras accesserat, Plin. 2, 235; 3. with abl. of the offering, Quoius (sc. nxoris) quotiens sepulchrum nides sacrificas Ilico Orco hostis, Pl. Epid. 2, 1, 7; 4. also with acc. esp. in later writers, Gr. quot agnis fecerat? C. Illa quidem nullum sacrificavit, Pl. St. 1, 3, 97 (but qu. nullo?); Qui ullum turis granum sacrificaverit, Poen. 1, 2, 3; ignavum sacrificat suum, Ov. F. 4, 414; sacra appellabant mustum quod Libero sacrificabant pro vineis, Fest. p. 319 M; 5. in comic metre seems to have been pronounced as sarfeco; see Pl. and Ter. above, and cf. Fr. serment from sacramentum, larme from lacrima.

**salēb-ra**, ae, f. [sal-eb, from sal leap, like ter-eb, ter-ib in ter-eb-ra, trib-ulum and τριβ-υλ from ter rub] a jolt or upward leap (as in travelling over rough ground, or water rushing over rugged rocks), Brundisium comes aut Surrentum ductus amoenum Qui quēritur salēbra et acerbum frigus et imbres, Hor. ep. 1, 17, 53; si necesse habuerimus longinquis itineribus adhibere (apes) erubrum ne salēbris sollicitetur, Colum. 9, S, 3; 2. the cause of a jolt, rugged ground, a hole, Luna ministrat iter, demonstrant astra salebras, Prop. 4, 15, 15; si quando rotae maiore nisu in salebras inciderunt, terram concuti senties, Sen. N. Q. 6, 22, 1; Nec quae Flaminiam secant salebrae, Mart. 9, 57, 2; 3. met., uultum breui tristitia salebra successum, Val. M. 6, 9, ext. 5; senile guttur salebris spiritus grauiat (of one who choked himself with laughing), 9, 12, ext. 6; 4. esp. of rugged speech, alter (Herodotus) sine nillis salebris quasi sedatus annis fluit, alter (Thucydides) incitator fertur, Cic. orat. 39; 'tria genera bonorum,' proclui currit oratio, venit ad extremum, haeret in salebra, fin. 5, 84; add 2, 30; disturbant de industria si quid placidius effluit; nolunt sine salebra esse iuicturam (compositionis), Sen. ep. 114, 15; Carmina nulla probas molli quae limite currunt, Sed quae per salebras atque saxa cadunt, Mart. 11, 90, 2; 5. with a decapitated salebr, our 'leap and leapt are akin.

**salio**, ire, ui (or ii?), saltum, vb. [=ἀλλ-ομαι, and a form sal- is implied in both salui and saltu-] leap or run (so our leap is one with the Germ. laufen to run); first leap, Nam qui in amorem praecipitavit, perit quasi de saxo saliat, Pl. Trin. 2, 1, 30; S. Maximum in nialum cruciatum hic insulam. O. Tu salis Solus, Mil. 2, 3, 8; add Bac. 3, 3, 24; alii obseptis itineribus super uallum salunt, Liv. 25, 39, 5; alii salire de muro praecipitauerunt, 25, 24, 5; Mollius in pratis uentos saluere per utres, Verg. G. 2, 384; Inque maris salias glaucus ut aquas, Ov. Ib. 554; Per flammam aluisse pecus, saluisse colonos, F. 4, 805; ambulat alique (aues) ut cornices, salunt aliae ut passeret, currunt ut perdes, Plin. 10, 111; 2. esp. of male animals εν τη συνοισία, with acc., cum equus matrem ut saliret adduci non posset, Varr. r. 2, 7, 9; uerris octo mensium incipit salire, 2, 4, 8; 3. hence in pass., neque patet oportet minores quam binas saliri, Varr. r. 2, 2, 14; laeta salitur ouis, Ov. a. a. 2, 485; 4. beat, throb, esp. of the heart or pulse, Atqui id futurum unde dicam nescio, Nisi quia futurum est, ut supercilium salit, Pl. Ps. 1, 1, 105; salunt temptatae pollice menae, Ov. M. 10, 289; salientia uiscera possit Et perlucent numerare in pectore fibras, 6, 290; in ouo gutta ea salit palpitante, Plin. 10, 148; 5. rebound, fly up again, Iam multa in tectis crepitans salit horrida grando, Verg. G. 1, 449; farre pio et saliente mica, Hor. od. 3, 23, 20; Farra deae micaeque licet salientis honorem Detis, Ov. F. 4, 409; add Tib. 3, 4, 10; If 6. run, esp. as water, lacum ubi aqua saliat, Varr. r. 1, 13, 3; Dulcis aquae saliente sitim restringere riuo, Verg. B.

5, 47; haec amoenitas deficitur aqua salienti, sed puteos halet, Plin. ep. 2, 17, 25; 7. for the general notion of running see saltus § 2.

**saltus**, ūs, m. [sal of sal-io] leaping, nec excursionem nec saltu uteretur, Cic. sen. 19; cum alacribus saltu, cum ne locibus cursu certabat, Sal. ap. Verg. mil. 1, 9, f.; Tum demum praecipit saltu sese omnibus armis In fluvium dedit, Verg. 9, 815; saltus ne ille qui corpus in altum lenat, ne ille qui in longum mittit, ne ille, ut ita dicam, Saliaris, aut, ut contumeliosius dicam, fulloniis, Sen. ep. 15, 4; 2. running, Non illas grauius quiquam ille ducere plaustris, Non saltu superare miam, Verg. G. 3, 141; 3. dancing, but only in poets, saltuque imitatus agresti, Ov. M. 14, 521; Gaudens foedo peregrina ad pulpit saltu Prostitui, Iuv. 8, 225; so also Saliaris in Sen. above; If 4. a cattle-run, a sheep-run, the Gk. ἀλ-ος (itself from ἀλλ-ομαι), i.e. poor land unfit for the plough, which for Italy means chiefly mountains, and so given up to the growth of wood or to pasture, quos agros non colebant propter silvas aut id genus ubi pecus possit pasci ab uno suo saltus nominantur, Varr. l. 5, 4, p. 37 Sp.; saltus est ubi siluae et pastiones sunt, Aelius ap. Fest. p. 302 M; 5. hence a mountain-pass or defile, because that part of a mountainous district is most used, usque ad saltum Castulonensem est progressus, Liv. 22, 20, 12; intra saltum Thermopylarum sese recipit, 36, 15, 5; uallesque cauae saltusque profundis, Verg. G. 2, 391; 6. met. of what it is difficult to enter or to get out of, ex hoc saltu damni, Pl. Men. 5, 6, 30; Qui nolit culare pandit saltum saniis, Cure. 1, 1, 50; 7. a gen. salti in old writers, as, in salti faucibus, Aut. 435 It.

**sardina**, ae, f. a fish, perh. the sardine, Colum. 8, 17, 12; pisces natura pingues ut sunt salmone et anguillae et alusae et sardinae uel aringi, auct. anon. in a receipt for oenogarus, Hermes Zeitschrift, Bd. 8, p. 226.

**sātis**, (older sātis), or abbr. sāt, comp. neut. as adv. [for sat-i-us; for root cf. sat-ur, ἀδ-ης, ἀλ-ος; for suff. prius in prist-i-us, magis, nimis, potis, ἀλ-ος and πλεον-], lit. rather full, fullish—hence enough, is ea (praedia), satis signigato, CIL. 200, 73; Iam uero Menachme satis iocatus es: nunc bene run age, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 73; Non possum: satis iam satis pater durnus fui, Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 30; (libros) satis multos, Cic. top. 1; satis multa, Rab. Post. 45; ne pabuli quidem satis magna copia subpetebat, Caes. b. g. 1, 16, 2; 2. often as predicate to esse, Per Iouem deoque omnis adiuor uxor (satis tibi hoc est tibi?) Non dedisse, Pl. Men. 4, 2, 92; quod satis sit faciet ipsa, Ter. Hec. 5, 2, 17; sum enim audior plus quam satis sit, Cic. fam. 9, 14; 3. w. gen. supplei iam habeo satis, Pl. Most. 5, 2, 43; Satis sumpsimus iam supplei, Pers. 5, 2, 72; Satis iam uerborum est, Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 80; Nec satis ad oburgandum causae, Andr. 1, 1, 111; testium, Cic. fin. 2, 62; temporis, Verr. 2, 2, 2; exemplorum, Liv. 32, 21, 29; 4. satis habeo, regard as enough, be satisfied, Quando id quod sat erat satis habere noluit, Pl. Poen. 2, 12; Obscuro, satis iam ut habeatis, Merc. 5, 4, 42; satis habes nihil me de tui fratris iniuria conueni, Cic. fam. 5, 2; 5. satis ago or agito, be sufficiently employed, have enough to do, enough upon one's hands, In somnis egi satis et fui homo exercitus, Pl. Merc. 2, 1, 4; Nunc agitas sat tute tuarum rerum, ego ut opem te pitem Ferre mihi posse inopem, Bac. 4, 3, 23; iam apud uallum nostri satis agebant, Cato ap. Char. 218, 2 K; is quoque suarum rerum sat agitat, Ter. Haut. 2, 1, 13; pugnatu acriter; agitur tamen satis, Cic. Att. 4, 15, 9; Manlium Suram multum in agendo discursantem salientem manus iactantem togam decientem et repontem non agere dixit sed sat agere, Quint. 6, 3, 54; nostris in sentina satis agentibus, Gell. 19, 1, 3; curris, stipes, sat agis tanquam mus in matella, Petr. 58; 6. weakening the next word, tolerably, passably, rather, pretty, like Fr. assez, Et quidem hercle forma lucentia. Sic satis, Ter. Haut. 3, 2, 12; cum quereretur quid maxime expediret, respondet

hene pascere; quid secundum? satis bene pascere; quid tertium? male pascere, Cic. off. 2, 80; si me uultis esse oratorem, si etiam sat\* bonum, si bonum denique, non repugnabo, or. 3, 84; bonorum omnium, etiam satis bonorum, Att. 2, 19, 4; hoc enim satis impium est, Ulp. dig. 29, 2, 71; 7. satis in old lang. often a monos.; cf. Ital. as-sai, Fr. as-ssez; Tu de thesauro sumes. Satis seite et probe, Pl. Trin. 3, 3, 56; At metuo ut satis sis subdoli. Cedo uel decem, edocebo, Mil. 2, 4, 2; add 3, 1, 124 etc.; Satis cum periclo. Ibi tum examinatus Pamphilus, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 104; Satis iam satis Simo spectata erga te amicitias mea, 5, 1, 1 etc.; 8. often sat with loss of comp. suffix, cf. Old E. bet for better, leng for longer i.e. longer, Nec sat liber sibi uidetur, nec sat frangi, nec sat honestus, Pl. Pers. 5, 2, 58; tantum quantum sat est, Cic. sen. 48; Qui non sat habuit coniungere iulex in stuprum, Att. ap. Cic. N. D. 3, 68; add \* above; 9. sätis w. long final at times in old lang. cf. magis, potius; Neque unquam satis hae (so xss) duae res ornatur (baechiae met.), Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 5; Eo illud sätis(ut), si sätis est, habitu quam quod plus sat est, 1, 2, 75; 10. sätio for satis-ne or sate-ne (cf. mage), Pl. above 7; sätin est id ad uitam beatissimam? Cic. N. D. 1, 114 etc.

**sätius**, adj. n. comp. only used in this form [from a lost pos. of wh. sat is the root, as in adj. satur] better (as more expedient), only with esse expressed or understood, plus scire sätius quam loqui Seruom hominem, Pl. Epid. 1, 1, 57; add Cist. 4, 1, 10; Trin. 2, 2, 30; Truc. 5, 34 and 39; Poen. 3, 1, 49; and Att. 472 R; Quanto sätius te id dare operam qui istum amore ex animo amoueat, Ter. Andr. 3, 1, 7; add Eun. 4, 7, 2; Haut. 5, 2, 16; Ad. 1, 1, 33; Ph. 5, 8, 63; Hec. 5, 1, 4; repetus est uero quin mori diceret sätius esse, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 88; add Att. 7, 1, 4; quanto sätius salus cruribus in circo expectare (sc. unationem), Varr. 8, 166, 4 R; bono uinci sätius est, quam malo more iniuriarum uincere, Sal. Jug. 42, 3; Nonne fuit sätius tristis Amaryllidis iras Atque superba pati fastidia? Verg. B. 2, 14; sätius multo fuisse non moueri bellum quam omitti motum, Liv. 34, 35, 7; add 3, 70, 4; 5, 20, 8; 5, 53, 8; add Mart. 10, 37, 6; Suet. Caes. 56; ps. Nep. Ag. 2, 1; 2. as an adverb, rather? perh. in Ennod. epigr. 54; but see Haupt, Herm. 3, 217; while in Prop. 3, 32 (2, 32 or 34), 31 Latis is now read; in Cic. Att. 4, 16, 3; Varr. r. 1, 2, 20; Spart. Hadr. 20 the reading is doubtful or corrupt; 3. sätior in Plin. 17, 36 has given place to satis (from sata orum); 4. see satis.

**sätträpa**, ae, sätträpes, ae, or is, sätträps, is, m. [corrupted from a Persian word, prob. Schah-derbän, King's door-keeper, v. Liddell and Scott, v. *αματραπης*] a satrap, a Persian viceroy, sätträpa si siet Amator, nunquam sufferre eius sumptus queat, Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 43—a nabob; Darei satrapam, Curt. 3, 13, 1; oppidum Caphrena satraparum regia appellatum, Plin. 6, 110; Mardonius satrapae regius, ps. Nep. Paus. 1, 2; Pharnabazis satrapis regii, id. Lys. 4, 1; Pharnabazum satrapen Ioniae, id. Con. 2, 1; satrapae regii, id. Dat. 3, 1; quisque sedet sub regē sätträps, Sid. 2, 78; Praefectos satrapae perculisse, 9, 50; Ornati cum fraude satrapas, Alcim. 6, 392; 2. in Ter. pronounce sätträpa, cf. parricida for patricida.

**sätträpa**, (pia) ae, f. [satrap] a satrapy, government of a satrap, satrapica, Curt. 5, 6 f.; 5, 9; satrapias, Plin. 6, 78. **sätträps**, see satrapia.

**scandala**, (scandula) ae, f. a kind of spelt or barley, called by Galli brac, Plin. 18, 62 (al. sandula); scandulae usque speltae K. M. \* (so) triginta, Edict. Dioel. 27; add Isid. or. 17, 3.

**scandüla**, (scind.) ae, f. [scando from the arrangement; but see below] a wooden shingle for roofing, scandula e robore aptissima, scandula contectam fuisse Roman ad Pyrrhi usque bellum, Plin. 16, 36; materies piceae (picea?) ad fissiles scandulas, 16, 42; scandulis robinsteis ut stramentis, Vitr. 2, 1, 4; porticus (for fowls) quae uel scandulis (al. scind.) uel tegulis teguntur, Pall. 1, 22; cupas scuo

pice scandulis complent, bell. Gall. 8, 42, 1; scindulae\* dictae eo quod scindantur, Isid. or. 19, 10; scindulae\* quod scindantur, scandulae uulgo, Gloss. Pap.; 2. a climbing-plank for hens to their roosting-place, ab cohorte fenestellis scandulae iniungantur quibus irrepant aues ad requiem nocturnam, Colum. 8, 3, 6.

**scölér-us**, adj. (sceles- sb. n.) accursed, Teritur sinapis scelera quae illis qui terunt, Priusquam truerunt oculi ut exstillent facit (so Ritschl with xs A etc.), Pl. Ps. 3, 2, 28; Hic mihi corruptum filium scelorum caput (wh. however scelerum might have been a gen. pl.), 1, 5 31; Serv. ad A. 9, 485 quotes both these passages for the adj.

**scöl-üs**, fris, n. [from a lost vb. = *σκέδω* of *σκαδωννυμι*, Germ. schiessen, our shoot, one with Lat. scat-; and so akin to *σκαρ* of *σκαρ-βολος* dung-throwing, to *σκαρ* and *σκαρ-ος*, to ster of sterens, spur of spurous and our own sharn shard as in Shakspeare's shard-born and met. scorn; from a vb. of shooting readily comes a name for dung, so that schiess-en and schiess-en are one in origin. To the same belong *χέδ* of *χέδω* and S. hall] hence religious pollution, with vbs. denoting contact, contactosque co (eos?) scelere ad arma ituros, Liv. 21, 48, 3; nomen populi Romani tanto scelere contaminauit ut id nulla res possit nisi ipsius supplicio expiari, Cic. har. resp. 35; homini sceleribus flagitibusque contaminatissimo, prou. cons. 14; uitis et sceleribus contaminati, ap. Laet. 3, 19; quis hoc non perspicit non istum maius in sese scelus concepsit, cum fana spoliavit, quam eos qui...? Verr. 2, 1, 9; quid sceleris fingi aut cogitari potest quod non ille conceperit? Cat. 2, 7; spes quaedam se ostentabat (so Beier, mss me ostentabat) fore ut aliquid conueniret potius quam aut hic tantum sceleris aut ille tantum flagitii admitteret, Att. 9, 10, 3; sentio quid sceleris abuserim, Q. fr. 1, 3, 7; Cum prudens scelus ob titulos admittis inanes, Hor. s. 2, 3, 212; in these phrases with admitt- in se is wanted to complete them, as culpam in se a., Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 40; and again; quodnam ego concepi tantum scelus aut quod in me tantum facinus admisi? Cic. Mil. 103; 2. similarly the removal of the scelus is expressed by words which signify making clean or pure, wiping out, tua scelera di immortales in nostros milites expiauerunt, Cic. Pis. 85; so also in first pass. from Cic. above; 3. hence the curse under which such an offender lies, quid hoc est scelus? (see the passage), Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 104; Neque quemquam ego hominem esse arbitror quod magis bonae Felicitatis omnes auorsae sient. Quid hoc est sceleris? Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 35; 4. met. a person whose touch is defilement, a term of abuse, abomination, scoundrel, ego pol te faciam scelus Te quoque etiam ipsum ut lamentis, Pl. Pers. 4, 9, 6; Abin a me scelus? (to a woman), Bac. 5, 2, 57; 5. even with a nase, adj., guilt of impiety of the strongest nature, is me scelus auro usque attonitū dolis doctis, Pl. Bac. 5, 1, 9; Vbi illic scelus est qui me hodie...? Ter. Andr. 3, 5, 17; 6. or with gen., Scelus tu perieris, Pl. Pers. 2, 2, 10; scelus uiri Palaestrio is me in hanc inlexit fraudem, Mil. 5, 41; etiam scelus uiri minuit? Truc. 2, 7, 60; 7. often in comic metre a monos., as scūs perhaps, = *σκαρ* for *σκέδω*, see above.

**scio**, scire, scui or scii, scitum, vb. [shortened from sciscio; and that for scē-scio from scē-cut, divide, cf. cern- first sift, then see; also uid- first divide (cf. diuid-), then see; see also scindo and specio] hence know, gen. with an acc. and inf., or else with an interr. pron., as first. Sciliani hanc mihi supremam lucem et seruiti finem dari, Att. 37 R; scilicetiam ea nos merito nostro facere non potuimus, CIL 201, 6; in perditum et plane euersam in perpetuum promissionem nos uenisse scito pridie Kal. Sextilis, Cic. Att. 5, 16, 2; 2. with interr., quid agam scio, Pl. Aul. 1, 2, 28; Scio ubi sit, uerum hodie nunquam monstrabo, Ter. Ad. 4, 2, 31; ille scit ut hostium copiae, tu ut aquae pluuia; areantur, Cic. Mur. 22; 3. often with acc. of a neuter pron., quasi ego quidquam sciam, Cic. fam. 9, 17, 1; primum illud te scire uolo Sampsicranum...

Att. 2, 23, 2; hence in the pass., id. de Marcello sciri potest, 22, 22, 2; 4. rarely with other acc. and that perh. only in old writers, as: Et is omnis linguas scit, Pl. Poen. pr. 112; Sed tu probe scis (so A) fiduciam Acropolistidem, Epid. 3, 4, 67; si sum officium sciat, Caecil. 264 R; Quid, non sciunt ipsi uiam domum qua ueniant? Ter. Hec. 3, 2, 25;

5. in the phrase fidibus scire, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 53; to know how to play on the lute, canere is to be supplied; and in scire Latine, Cic. Brut. 140, and, cum Graece luerentur sciam, fin. 2, 15; to know how to speak a language, loqui completes the sentence, indeed the latter follows a clause with Graece loqui expressed; 6. with ex, and less frequently de, of the person from whom. Volo scire ex te cur urbanas res desabito deseris, Pomp. 102 R; Nam quod scio omne ex hoc scio, Pl. Cure. 2, 2, 7; Nemo ex me scit, Ter. Ph. 5, 1, 38; quasi si quid aliquando scio non ex isto soleam scire, Cic. Tr. 9, 17, 1; and soon after, habuisti enim ex quo vel ex sobrio uel certe ex ebrio scire posses; for de scire, v. de § 10;

7. as a pass. impers., hoc scitis, usque adeo hominem in periculo fuisse quoad scitum est Sestium uincere, Cic. Sest. 82; nondum hiebat cum Ameria scitum est, Rose. Am. 97; Quid tibi debere tota sciretur in urbe, Ov. Tr. 5, 9, 5; 8. de re ueneria, know, ut ne nimum suum quidem sciret nisi temptatis conceptionibus, Treb. 30, 12; 9. decree as plebs, ut tribunus plebis prius rogationem ferret sciretque plebs nti., Liv. 26, 33, 10; so Malyig, though in this sense sciscere would have been more usual; cf. scitum and plebscitum; 10. old forms are sciam, see § 1 and Eun. 278 R; Pl. As. 2, 2, 34; Linc. 5, 934; Catul. 68, 85; scibo, Att. 74 R; Pl. As. 1, 1, 13; and Most. 4, 3, 5; Turpil. 65 R; Ter. Ph. 5, 1, 38; and pass. scibitur, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 5; 11. sciam in old lang. was an indic. pres. and was preserved in certain phrases (cf. inquam and sum), quod haud sciam an tu primus ostenderis, Cic. or. 1, 255; atque haud sciam an ne) opus sit quidem., am. 51; haud sciam an iustissimo triumpho ad eam aetatem secundum Furium Camillum triumphauerit, Liv. 9, 15, 10; tantum quod sciam, Pl. Merc. 642, and even in the phrases wh. the meaning is, as far as I know, as: non ego te quod sciam nunquam ante hunc diem uidi, Men. 3, 2, 35; add v. 39; non ero quod sciam, Capt. 2, 2, 15; Sestius non nenerat quod sciam, Cic. Att. 16, 2, 4; it was prob. the mistaking this ind. for a subj. which led to such phrases as quod senserim, am. 103; see Lat. Gr. 1158, 1; 12. the sing. of the imper. pres. (sci) does not occur, and scite is rare. Mandare nos uestros scite et sentite colores, Ov. M. 15, 141; more commonly the futures scito scitote are used in their place, Semper, tu scito, flamma fumi proxumast, Pl. Cure. 1, 1, 53; sed unum hoc scito, Most. 1, 1, 69; nide te quanta religio fuerit apud Segestanos: reperiunt esse indicesscites, neminem esse (id. att. esse) neque liberum neque seruum qui illud signum aueret addingere, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 77;

13. scio in comic verse is sometimes a monos., Omnia ego istae quae tu dixisti scio ne exsignaero, Pl. Trin. 3, 2, 29; Scio quicquam; ita omnis meos dolos fallacias, Caecil. 208 R; Scio te sponte non tuapte errasse set amorem tibi., 3, 2, 40—cf. Ital. so; add Pl. Most. 2, 2, 92; 3, 1, 49; and nescio as dysl. so; as monos. sciunt, Pomp. 129 R; scies, Pl. Most. 2, 2, 4; sciam (subj.), Pomp. 138 R; 14. the perf. sciui occurs in Titin. 4 R; Ter. Hec. 4, 1, 26; but the forms without n aff. prevailed, scisse, Cic. or. 1, 58; Liv. 43, 5, 5; scisti, Ov. F. 4, 527; a. a. 1, 131; sciere, Plin. 33, 73.

**sclareia**, ae, f. the plant clary, herbae bene olesentes ut puta satirica sclareia ruta—and again: singuli manipuli in hanc mixturam coiciuntur aceti, et satiricae atque sclareiae, in a receipt for oenogaron, auct. anon., Hermes Zeitschrift, Bd. 8, p. 227.

**scrūtōr**, āri, vb. r. [implies a simple vb. scrui for scorn- or scruv- = σκαλ-εiv, as cruix = σκολοφ, cruus = σκλος, cruber = celebr; and that from σκαλ of σκαλλω; and so one with scalp- and sculp- for scalp-up- or scol-up-] give little digs to, keep poking, poke into, ignem gladio scrutare, Hor.

s. 2, 3, 276, from πυρ μαχαίρα σκαλεῖν, Diog. Laert. S. 17 and Athen. x 452 d, a met. phrase for introducing violence; quid uiscera nostra Scrutariis gladio? Lucan. 8, 557; Scrutator ense uiscera et ferro extraham, Sen. Med. 1021; scrutari paleam cooperunt crutaque subinde parolina oia diuicere conuicis, Petr. 33; dissecant thuitantemque testadine lanceis contigunt scrutantur, donec soluta compagine scutorum laeas prosterneant, Tac. h. 3, 27; Scrutari anidas manibus unciis lumina, Sen. Oed. 986; add Stat. Th. 1, 420; 2. esp. search a man's person, as for stolen goods or arms, age rursus ostendit huc exteram; Em tibi; nunc laenam ostende; quin epidem amica profero: iam scrutari mitto: redde huc, Pl. Aul. 4, 4, 24; nihil est glanciae quod metias, non exento te si quid forte ferri habuisti, non scrutor, Cic. Rose. Am. 67; consuetudine scrutandi salubantes manente adhuc bello ciuili omiserat, Suet. Vesp. 12 f; qui locis omnibus dispositi ab utraque parte scrutantur tabellarios et retinent, Asin. ap. Cic. fam. 10, 31, 1; uulnere stratum dum scrutantur [in search of plunder], Tac. h. 3, 25; 3. with ace. of object, by poking search for, accubantes effodunt ibi inter saxa uenam scrutantes, Plin. 35, 37; uentus Offenso per saxa furio rino-a meatu Duna scrutatur iter, Claud. rapt. Pr. 1, 172; 4. met. poke into, noque enim mihi placet scrutari te omnes sordes, excentere unum quempie eorum, Cic. fam. 1, 1, 11; respice primum Et scrutare viros, Iuv. 2, 45; 5. met. poke into in search of, search after, immo uero scrutabimur (argumenta) et quaeremus ex omnibus, Cic. part. or. 8; Arcanum neque tū scrutabōris illius unquam Commissumque teges, Hor. ep. 1, 18, 37; creptas ueniēti pectore fibras Inspiciunt, mentesque deum scrutantur in illis, Ov. M. 15, 137.

**secta**, ae, f. [sequor] a following, i.e. body of followers, party, train, suite, hence v. a gen. of person, hominum sectam alique instituta persequimur, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 181; sequi eius auctoritatem cuius sectam alique imperium., secutus es, fam. 13, 4, 2; quum auctoritatem quam noceum cuius sectam sequi? ..., nelles, Rab. perd. 22; hanc sectam rationemque uitae., secuti\* sumus, Cacl. 40; Diuitiorum enim sectam plerumque secuntur\*, Lucr. 5, 1115; Sectam meam exsecutae\* (Gallae) dace me mihi comites, Catul. 63, 15; pro Vitruvio sectaumpne eius secutus\*, Liv. 8, 19, 10; add 29, 27, 27; 35, 49, 54; 36, 1, 54; 42, 31, 17; 2. esp. the followers of a philosopher, school, sect, qui eorum, id est, ex netera Academia sapientiorum sectam secutus\* es, Cic. Brut. 120; iuter sapientiae sectas, Plin. 30, 3; Stoicorum, Sen. elem. 2, 5, 2; add 2, 5, 3; N. Q. 2, 35, 1; ep. 123, 15; auctoritatem Stoicae sectae praeferebat, Tac. an. 16, 32; add 6, 28 (22); h. 4, 40; Iuv. 14, 122; 3. a school of medicine, Vettins., nonam instituit sectam, Plin. 29, 8; alia est Hippocratis secta, alia Asclepiadis, alia Themisonis, Sen. ep. 95, 9; 4. in jest, quos (se. latrones) ad istam sectam paupertatis necessitas adegit, Apul. M. 4, 23 f.; at subita sectae commutatione (from the school of indolence to that of industry) risum commoueram, 9, 12, 1;

5. a rule (esp. of life) to follow, habet qua-dā uiam quandam et sectam quam sequatur\*, Cic. N. D. 2, 57; formatu huius operis...quam neque sectam legemque sequuntur\* agricolae, Colum. 2, 2, 21; quae tibi secta uitae quod hominum genus placeat, Plin. pan. 45; placeat tibi semper haec secta, 85, 7; adsumpta Stoicorum adgratitia sectaque quatuoribus et negotiorum adpetentes faciat, Tac. an. 14, 57; diuersam uitae sectam, Quint. 3, 8, 38; add 12, 2, 6; 6. note the use of sequi w. secta, as marked \*; wh. alone condemns the deriv. fu. secta (uia), a path; 7. the Fr. suite (for suite) explains a lost form secta, cf. soc-ius and σκ-αδός etc. beside ερ-οπαί.

**scūbīto**, āre, vb. frg. [scūbō] lie apart habitually. Si scūbūbit, si quoque a me quae roget non impetret, Lucil. ap. Non. 382 f.

**scūs**, adv. comp. [shortened from sequis or scinus, as minus from a theoretic minus, see signior] otherwise. Cornuti quasi iuncti scena (a hatchet). Scine? Hanc multo secus, Liv. Andr. 2 R; Scens si unquam quicquam feci

carumfem cedo, Naev. 14 R; Postremo si illuc quod uolumus eueniet gaudemus, Sin secus, patiemur animis aquis, Pl. Cas. 2, 6, 25; nobis aliter uidetur, recte secusne postea, Cie. fin. 3, 44; uidesne Africane, quod paulo ante secus tibi uidebatur...? rep. 1, 26; quod longe secus est, am. 29; perinde ut euenisset res ita comunicatos bonores pro bene aut secus consulto habitaui, Liv. 7, 6, 8; 2. with quam, or atque, nihil erit curae ne quid fiat secus quam uolumus quomque oportet, Cie. Att. 6, 2, 2; eadem sunt membra sed paulo secus a me atque ab illo distributa, or. 3, 119; Haui secus, Pl. Poen. 4, 2, 11; hora fere undecima aut non multo secus, Cie. Mil. 29; Quam memento rebus in arduis Senare mentem, non secus in bonis..., Hor. od. 2, 3, 2; 4. with quam uelim uellem etc. understood (cf. sequor § 4), Quintus frater purgat se multum et affirmat nihil a se cuiquam de te secus esse dictum, Cie. Att. 1, 19, 11; ne quid de collega secus senatui scriberet, Liv. 8, 33, 15; interrogatus a consule quae de matre eius locuta secus (secus locuta?) argueretur, retineat, Tac. an. 2, 50; but in Cie. Clu. 124 secus refers to the preceding bonum; in fam. 6, 21, 2 to the following recte; 5. in comic writers at times a monos., perh. see like minus pron. min' and our bet, mo, long in old writers, for better, more, longer.

**sem-ēl**, adv. [sem prob. meant one, as in semper, and = sin in simplex, simul (old form semul), similis, sin in sincerus, sing in sing-uli; also = *āp* of *āua*, *ōu* of *ōuon* etc., our same; while *el* is a dim. suffix] once, Nam ter sub armis malum uitam cernere Quam semel modo parere, Enn. tr. 297 V; Nunc certum nulli posthac quiequam credere, Satis sum semel deceptus, Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 99; Liberare iurasti me haud semel sed centiens, Poen. 1, 2, 148; comitem illum sum inelamauit semel et saepius, Cie. inu. 2, 14; 2. hence often used in a succession, once, first, demonstrauimus Vibullum bis in potestate peruenisse Caesaris, semel ad Corfinium, iterum in Hispania, Caes. b. c. 3, 10, 1; bis post Numae regnum clausus fuit (Ianus), semel T. Manlio consule, iterum post bellum Aetium, Liv. 1, 19, 3; tum doleo nunc cui ter proclata patriae sustinendum est crimen, semel quum..., iterum quum..., tertio hodie quum..., 23, 9, 11; 3. by one act completing all, at once, quod si e mari ferretur Atlanticum, semel oppleret Aegyptum, at nunc per gradus crescit, Sen. N. Q. 4, 2, 25; lumen non paulatim proreptit sed semel uicuersi rebus infunditur, 2, 9, 1; lana quosdam colores semel ducit, quosdam nisi saepius macerata non peribit, ep. 71, 31; 4. esp. of words, denique ut semel finiam sic fere componendum quomodo pronuntiandum erit, Quint. 9, 4, 138, in one word (so to say); et ut semel plura complectar, numquam docebit, 1, 11, 66; 5. once for all, once for good and all, so that there can be no occasion for retreat or repetition, qui ne quid tale uideret, Procebut moriens et hūmum semel grē monuiderit, Verg. 11, 418; cum facile orari, Caesar, tum semel exorari soles; nemo unquam te placuit inimicus qui ullas resedisse in te simulatist reliquias senserit, Cie. Deiot. 9; nulla reparabilis arte Laesa pudicitia est, deperit illa semel, Ov. her. 5, 104; 6. strengthened as in: successerat Philippo Perses qui semel in perpetuum nictam esse Macedoniam non putabat ex gentis dignitate, Flor. 1, 28, 2; pestem semel et in perpetuum uolens extinguere, 1, 41, 7; 7. hence used with conj. si semel, if once, ut semel, when once, hercle ego illum semel si prendero, Numquam indero non inultum illuc seruum hominem sinam, Pl. Epid. 3, 1, 6; Nam si semel tuum animum ille intellexerit..., huius Quantam fenestram ad nequitiam patefecerit? Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 69; Neque se luna quoquam mutat atque ut exortat semel, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 118; in haec aedis pedem Nemo intro tetulit, semel ut emigrauius, Most. 2, 2, 40; Meretricem quae te semel ut nactat semper stultid proderet, Turpil. 161 R; Aristonum ut semel Gallorum copias proclio uicerit superbe imperare, Caes. b. g. 1, 31, 12; 8. ut semel the moment that (consp. simul ut), saltat Milonius, ut semel icto Accessit ferox capiti, Ilor. s. 2, 1, 24; 9. of magni-

tude, hic sol omni terrarum ambitu non semel maior, not merely once as big again, Sen. N. Q. 6, 16, 2; 10. semel often a monos. (perh. sel) in old writers as in Enn., Pl. Capt. and Epid. above. See simul.

**semper**, adv. [sem means one, see semel, and for meaning § 5, once for all; per seems to mean time, as in nuper, parumper, paulisper, tantisper, quantisper] always, Ego deum genus 'se semper dixi et dicam caelium, Enn. tr. 269 R; ut semper tibi Apud me iusta et clemens fuerit seruitus Scis, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 8; me quidem fateor semper a genere hoc sermonis refugisse, Cie. or. 1, 99; Iamque dies nisi fallor adest quom semper aerbum, Semper honoratum, sic diuoluit, habeo, Verg. 5, 49; 2. as a quasi-adj., et eri semper lenitas nerebar quorsum euaderet, Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 4, master's constant gentleness; medium est quod Graeci aigleucos (αἰγλέυκος) uocant, hoc est semper mustum, Plin. 14, 83; 3. with a gen., gratias libro mandabo uti laudes benefacti tui ubique gentium semper anuorum representet, Apul. flor. 77.

**senect-ūs**, ūtis, f. [senec- with excrement t] the being an old man, old age, T. Aufidius qui uixit ad summam senectutem, Cie. Brut. 179; subeant morbi tristisque senectus, Verg. G. 3, 67; 2. of beasts, old age, senectus in equis et ceteris ueteribus intellegitur superciliorum canitie, Plin. 11, 169; 3. of wine, Albani pretiosa senectus, Iuv. 13, 214; Cras bellu Albanis aliquid de montibus aut de Setinis cuius patriam titulumque senectus Deleuit, 5, 34; 4. in other met., populum Atheniensem prope iam deficientem senectute, Cie. fam. 1, 9, 18; quae uox subito tam foeda senectus Corripuit frigite animos? Val. F. 6, 283; eumque ipsa oratio iam nostra canesceret habereque suam quandam maturitatem et quasi senectutem, Cie. Brut. 8; 5. met. of what marks old age, as grey hairs or moroseness, aculea nequum Temporibus genium canebat sparsa senectus, Verg. 5, 416; quomodo uident genia Et deest, obducta solatur fronte senectus, Hor. epod. 13, 5; 6. the old skin or slough which snakes cast off is called membrana senectutis or absol. senectus, nerricus (sanat) membrana senectutis anguim, Plin. 30, 81; senectus anguim dysenteriae in stanneo nase decoquitur, 30, 57; another term for the same is uernatio; cf. Verg. G. 3, 437; cum positus nouus exaniis nitidusque iuuenta Voluitur (sc. anguis); 7. also of the shell which crustacea etc. shed, ambo (sc. locustae et cancri) ueris principio senectutem anguim more exuunt renouatione tergorum, Plin. 9, 95; Theophrastus auctor est anguis modo et stelliones senectutem exuere eamque profinus deuorare, S. 111; 8. aquilae senectus, see aquila § 8; 9. senectus is often disyl. in comic verse, Solum unum hoc uitium senectus affert hominibus (so the mss), Ter. Ad. 5, 3, 47; Senectutem oblectet, respice actum tuum, Ph. 2, 3, 87; and prob., Metus egestas maior senium exiliuque et senectus (-) (for so the mss), Paen. 301 R; pronounced prob. sentus etc., just as senex has a gen. senis etc., but Bentley suggests senectus, ad Ter. Ad. 5, 3, 47.

**sen-ex**, (prob. a nom. sen- once existed) gen. senis, acc. senem etc. sh. m. (rarely f.) or perh. adf. [sen old = *ēn* of *ēn* *ka* *pea*, Welsh *hēn* old, uet of uet-us; found also in sen-ior, sen-ium, sen-esco etc.] lit. a little old man, but in use an old man, Senex sum, utinam mortem optatam priusquam euenat Quod in pauperie mea senex grauitur gemam, Enn. tr. 170 R; Altui educaui; id facite gratum ut sit seni, Att. 114 R; sed ut tum ad senem senex de senectute, sic hoc libro ad amicum amicissimum scripsi de amicitia, Cie. au. 5; quod ad me (sc. Hannibalem) attinet, (iam) actas senem in patriam redeuntem uale puer profectus sum, iam...eruduerunt, Liv. 30, 30, 10; 2. of an old woman, but perhaps with reference to the beard of such, matrem Sustinuit magnaque senem ceruice recepit, Val. F. 1, 349; Hanc animo gaudente uident iuuenumque eternae Commemorant merito tot mala ferre senem, Tib. 1, 6, 82; nam uere pusius tu, tua amica senex, poet. ap. Varr. l. 7, 3, p. 317 Sp.; 3. of animals, cerui, Ov. a. ā. 3, 78; porci,

Juv. 6, 160; *cygni*, Mart. 5, 37, 1; *mulli*, 10, 30, 24;  
**4.** of other objects, *Bacellus* (wine), Mart. 13, 23, 1; *autum* (of wine), 3, 58, 7; *saecla*, Verg. cir. 41; **5.** comp. older, quae uis non modo senior est quam aetas populorum et ciuitatum sed aequalis illius caelum regentis dei, Cic. leg. 2, 9; *Sospite* sic te (se. Augusto) sit natus quoque sospes, et olim Imperium regat hoc eum seniore senex, Ov. tr. 2, 166; *curae* fuit consilubus et senioribus patrum ut... Liv. 2, 30, 4; *consulares* quoque ac seniores (in opposition to iuniores patrum just preceding), 3, 41, 5; *relicuum* populum distribuit in quinque classis senioresque a iunioribus diuisit, Cic. rep. 2, 39; *octoginta* con-fecit centurias, quadragenas seniorum ac iuniorum, Liv. 1, 43, 2; **6.** in sense rather old, somewhat old, an elder, a senior, chiefly in poets, *Vix ea fatus erat senior* (Anchises), Verg. 2, 692; *Iestitit* et senior quamuis onus urget, Ov. F. 4, 515 (of Celsus, called senex a few lines before and after); **7.** as adj., rather old, hoc quoque malo (crispus) fore corpora senora temptantur, Cels. 5, 28, 4; **8.** Varr. ap. Censor. D. N. 14 says: in tertio gradu (aetatis) qui erant usque xxxv annos iuuenes appellati; in quarto autem usque ad lx annum seniores esse uocati; inde usque finem uitae quinetum gradum factum, in quo qui essent senes appellati; **9.** seniores, as a title of honour, the house of elders, or senate, scriptum erat Aristodem priuatum ad neminem, publice ad seniores, ita senatum uocant (se. at Carthage), mandata habuisse, Liv. 34, 61, 15; *senaculum* uocatum ubi senatus aut ubi seniores consistent, dictum ut *γερωνία* apud Graecos, Varr. l. 5, 32, p. 155 Sp.; **10.** senex in comic verse often a monos. (see senectus), perh. pronounced sen, being that lost nom. whence came senem etc., Senex qui huc Athenis exiit uenit huc malus, Pl. Rud. pr. 35; *Senex obsonari filii nuptiis*, Aul. 2, 4, 17; *Senex notius quid fit? quid tu's tristis? O scelus!* Ter. Ad. 5, 1, 6.

**sen-tio**, īre, senti, sensum [root sen=sinn of Germ. sinn-en, with excrement t, cf. sentitia; this root sen is seen in sensi, sensum, while senti- is shortened from sentise-, wh. see] vb. feel, as used of all the senses (see Lucr. 3, 631), as first of touch, Nec nebulam noctu neque aranci tennia filia Obuia sentimus quando obtremit euntes, Lucr. 3, 384; *Frigus* itum transire per aces calidumque uaporem Sentimus, 6, 949; temptat in tenebris capat; Vt sentit tonsum, gladio pectus transigit, Phaedr. 3, 10, 27; **2.** of hearing, hear, perceive, senti sonitum, Pl. Cure. 1, 2, 69; Sed quid tonitru turbida toruo Concussa repente aequora caeli Sensimus sonare? Att. 225 R; Atque adeo ualnas sonare sensi regias, 470 R; omnia semper Cernere odorari licet et sentire sonare, Lucr. 4, 229; **3.** of sight, see, perceive, C. Non prius salutem scripsit? N. Nusquam sentio, Pl. Rae. 4, 9, 78; Et quoniam plagae quoddam genus exipit in se Pupula, eum sentire colorem dicitur album, Atque aliud porro, nigrum eum et cetera sentit, Lucr. 2, 511; **4.** of taste, taste, perceive, iam gustatus, qui sentire eorum quibus uescimur genera debet, habitat in ea parte ipsis qua... Cic. N. D. 2, 141; quidam morbo aliquo suauitatem cibi non sentiunt, Phil. 2, 116; **5.** of smell, smell, perceive, canis forte feram sic nare sagae Sensit, Enn. an. 346 V; Tum porro uarios rerum sentimus odores, Lucr. 1, 298; cf. Fer. sentit to smell and our own mispell sent; **6.** gen. of the senses, feel, perceive, discover, plerique censeant ut noctu iter facerent, posse prius ad angustias ueniri, quam sentiretur, Caes. b. e. 1, 67, 1; qui homines si stare non possunt, corrumpant, sed ita ut ne uicini quidem proximi sentiant, Cic. Cat. 2, 21; eum mens tamen atque hominis uis Mobilitate mali non quit sentire dolorem, Lucr. 3, 646; articulares morbos sentientes bibitur, Plin. 32, 39; **7.** of plants and met. of things, feel, putatae (uites) rursus alligenter alio leo, namque orbitas uineuli sentiunt uexatione non dubia, Plin. 17, 210; uastationem namque sub Ciminni montis radicibus laeas ora senserat, Liv. 9, 37, 1; transitum exercitus ager senserat, 9, 41, 8; Tunc alios primum fluuii sensere cauatas, Verg. G. 1, 136; sensit terrarum orbis degressum a custodia urbis Nerone, Vell. 2, 100, 1; **8.** be liable

to (disease), morbos uniuersa genera piscium ut cetera animalia etiam fera non accipimus sentit, Plin. 9, 156; celeriter ea (radix) ericem sentit, 12, 28; cf. S. 68;  
**9.** of the mind, feel, perceive, be sensible of, senti animus se moueri; quod cum sentit, illud uia sentit, se ut sua non aliena moueri, Cic. Tusc. 1, 55; si me senserit Eum queri-tare, numquam dicit carnufex, Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 8; **10.** as to constr. for acc., also for acc. and inf., see above;  
**11.** with cum, have the same feeling with, agree with, ne iste haud mecum sentit, Ter. Andr. 2, 1, 24; fateor (me) insansie qui eum illis senserim, Cic. Rose. Am. 142; ego quidem cum L. Aelio et M. Varrone sentio, Gell. 2, 21, 8; **12.** with ab, side with in feeling, Omnia ego staece facile patior dum hic hinc a me sentiat, Pl. Rud. 4, 4, 56; and sim. si iudices pro causa mea senserint, Gell. 5, 10, 14; **13.** senti for sensiti, Ter. Andr. 5, 3, 11;  
**sentis**, is, m. and f. (see below one example of each) [sent-i- for sent-īe, nom. sent-ih- wh. see, sent for sen-, see sentio] a thorn, H. Asper meus uictus sanest, E. Sentisne essitas? Pl. Capt. 1, 2, 85; silua...Horrida quam densi complerant undique sentes, Verg. 9, 382; densis sentibus, G. 2, 411; aspris sentibus, A. 2, 379; incultis sentibus, B. 4, 29; hamatis sentibus, Ov. M. 2, 799; ne proma cadas indignae laedi Crura notent sentes, 1, 509; At rubus et sentes tantummodo laedere natae, Ov. (?) in uice, 113;  
**2.** met. of a thief, Pl. Cas. 3, 6, 1;  
**3.** a thorny plant, *κνυοσπαρον* sentem canis (the dog-rose or wild briar), Colum. 11, 3, 4;  
**sent-is-co**, ēre, vb. [older form of senti-o, wh. see] Lucr. 3, 392, 4, 586.  
**Sentius**, ii, m. name of a Roman gens, as C. Sentius, praetor of Macedonia, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 217; P. S. S. S. C. Sentius, prefect of Syria, Tac. an. 2, 74 and 79.  
**sentis**, īcis, f. [hence sentic-ctum, sentic-ose and by loss of e senti-] a thorn, or rather a thorny plant, Rhamnus genus est rubi quam uulgo senticem ursinum appellant, Isid. or. 17, 7.

**sēorsum**, seorsus, also sorsum and sorsis, adv. [for se-orsum etc. turned aside] apart, separately, In aediculari istanc eorum concludi uolo, Pl. Epid. 3, 3, 21; Praeterea centum Philippae minae in pascolo sorsis, Rud. 5, 2, 26; Omnibus gratiam habeo et seorsum tibi praeterea Demea, Ter. Ad. 5, 9, 14; so far only in disyl.; **2.** in Lucr. both disyl. and trisyl., Non ut opinor ita est; nam seorsum cuique potestas Diuissat, sua uis cuique, ideoque neesse est Et quid molle sit et gelidum feruente seorsum Et seorsum narios rerum sentire colores Et quaecumque coloribu' sint eouineta uidere. Seorsus item sapor ipsis habet nui, seorsus odores Nasuntur, sorsum sonitus, Lucr. 4, 489; **3.** in prose, suapte natio sua separata seorsum, Cato ap. Charis. 2, 195 P; qui se ciuem Heri-cum dixerat seorsus in custodia habitus, Liv. 9, 42, 8; traditi in custodiam omnes sent, seorsum eius sociique, 22, 52, 3; seorsus a collega puto mihi omnia paranda, Cael. ap. Cic. fam. S. 9, 3; plerumque seorsum ab rege exercitum ducere solitus erat, Sal. Iug. 70, 2; **4.** so constr. with ab, but Lucr. has ab, alone, nequit ullam Dispicere ipse oculus nem seorsum corpore toto, 3, 564; At neque sorsum oculi neque nares nec manus ipsa Esse potest anima (so mss, edd. animae), neque sorsum lingua, neque aures Audita per se possunt sentire neque esse, 3, 631; **5.** seorsum sentire to feel differently, from the habit of dividing in meetings, Officinis cogi ut abs te seorsus sentiam, Afran. 85 R; At ego aio recte qui aps te sorsum sentio, Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 52.

**sēp-eli-o**, īre, iui or ii, sepultum (sepelitus) also, see below [root sep=σάπ of σάπρω; cf. ser of sero=θεσ of τήθη, i. e. τίθημι, and of θεσ-πος; for suff. cf. ap-eri-o, op-eri-o, wh. are no compounds of pario] vb. bury, hominem mortuum in urbe ne sepelito neue urito, leg. xii tab. ap. Cic. leg. 2, 58; mortuus est, sepelitus est, Cato ap. Prisc. 10, 56 K; mater...surge et sepeli natum tuum priusquam ferae Volucres..., Pacuv. 198 R; suorum corpora collata in unum sepeliri iussit, Liv. 27, 42, 8; sepultum conscientiae quod membrorum reliquum fuit ossaque Meta-

pontum ad hostem remissa (misunderstood I think by Fore.), S. 24, 16; mortuus qui istis sepultus est, CIL 818; 2. orig. burial in the earth was implied, but aff. used more gen., sepultus intellegitur quoquo modo conditus, humatus nec humo contactus, Plin. 7, 187; hunc sepeliri accuratissime imperavit, quod quum fieret, euenit ut repentina tempestate deiecto funere seminum cadaver discernerent cuntes, Suet. Dom. 15; 3. met., Nunc hostes nunc domiti somnoque sepulti, Enn. an. 291 V; Vbi somno mihi (somnia mss) sepelini omnem atque obdormi capulam, Pl. Most. 5, 2, 1; nullus sum... sepultus sum, Ter. Ph. 5, 7, 49; bellum expectatione eius (Pompeii) attenuatum, aduentu sepultum, Cic. Manil. 30; id quoque (bellum) aduentu Caesaris sepultum atque discussum est, Vell. 2, 75, 1; finita niceissimo anno bella ciuilia, sepulta externa, 2, 80, 3; sepultae ac situ obsitae iustitia aequitas industria ciuitati reddidit, 2, 126, 2; Dixit et assiduo lingua sepulta mero, Prop. 4, 10, 56.

**septentrio**, ōnis, older as a pl. septentriones -um or rather septem triones, m. [trion for ter-ion sb. m. dim., a little star, cf. Sansk. tara star] first as pl., the seven stars or constellation of Ursa Maior, Charles's Wain, Nam neque se Septentriones quoquam in eaco comenatum, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 117; Helice, cuius clarissimas stellas totis notibus cernimus, Quas nostri septem soliti uocitare triones, Cic. ex arat. ap. N. D. 2, 105; quare quod āuāuā Graeci uocant, nos septentriones uocamus, Gell. 2, 23, 4; and soon after: nullius grammaticorum septentriones a solo numero stellarum dictum putat, triones enim per sese nihil significare aiunt sed uocabuli esse supplementum, but soon after he adds that L. Aelius and M. Varro triones rustico uocabulo bonae appellatae scribunt, quasi teriones, hoc est arandae terrae idoneos; 2. the north, inflectens sub eursum tum ad septentriones, tum ad meridiem, aestates et hiemes efficit, Cic. N. D. 2, 49; erat a septentrionibus collis, Caes. b. g. 7, 83, 2; 11. 3. as sing. the constellation of Ursa Maior, Tarsi Hyperboreo Septem subiecta trioni Gens..., Verg. G. 3, 381; Seythiam septemque trionem Horrific inuasit Borcas, Ov. M. 1, 64; siderum in nauigando nulla observatio, septentrio non cernitur, Plin. 6, 83 (speaking of Taprobane or Ceylon); 4. also with maius of Ursa Maior, minor of Ursa Minor; see Vitruv. 6, 11; 5. the north, ciue septentrionem frequentissime adparent (connetae), Sen. N. Q. 7, 21, 1; 6. the north wind with nentus added or not added, ex ea die fuere septentriones nenti, Cic. Att. 9, 6, 3; septentrio ortus nudaueat nuda, Liv. 26, 45, 8; a septentrionali latere summus est aquilo, medius septentrio, imus thrascias, Sen. N. Q. 5, 15, 0; 7. see ura and planstrum; 8. for change of pl. to sing. see Philolog. Essays, p. 185.

**sequi**, ōis, adj. comp. [from a lost adj. sequi- following, second, seen in sequi-s l.e. semi-septis 13, and ult. from sequi] inferior, worse, sed et personarum contemplatio habenda est utrum frugi uitae an sequioris, Ulp. dig. 2, 15, 8, 11; si sexus sequioris (i.e. femine) edidisset fetum, Apul. M. 10, 23; sequiorum sexum, 7, 8; 2. gen. as neut. adj. or adv. worse, in eo consistit melius an sequius terrae mandauerit pecuniam, Colum. 3, 5, 2; 3. other, else, otherwise, and here three forms occur as sequi-us, sct-ins for sct-ins with an excrement t, and sctus through loss of i (like minus for minus), Quid sequius (mss secentus est) aut quid interest dare te in manus Argentum amanti homini? Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 03; Illece nihil esse mihi uidentur scitius quam somnia, Men. 5, 7, 57; Quid fecimus quid diximus tibi sequius (scitius?) quam uelles? Aul. 3, 2, 22 (if genuine, see Wagner's ed.); 4. with ref. to an understood quam uelles or quam uelis, unkind or unkindly, inutus quod sequius de meis ciuibz loquor, Liv. 2, 37, 3; at necerit ne homines de me sequius loquantur, Sen. ben. 6, 42, 2; 5. with negr., (not) otherwise, (not) the less (on this account), esp. with hoc, nihil or nilo etc., Sed nilo scitius nunc puerum deferent ante ostium, Ter. Andr. 3, 2, 18; Nec quod frigida uis ferriest hoc scitius illi Semini concurrunt calidi fulgoris ad ictum, Lucr. 6, 315;

nec setius omnis in unguem Arboribus positus secto uia limite quadret, Verg. G. 2, 277; add A. 7, 781 and 9, 441; in all wh. Ribbeck with mss has setius; tamen propositum nihil scitius (so Fischer but?), Nep. Att. 22, 3; nihil scitius (so Elberling and Nipperdey but?) Caesar duas acies hostem propulsare iussit, Caes. b. g. 1, 49, 4.

1. **sequor**, qui, quātus or cūtus, vb. r. [= εἰποιαι and S. sach. = Goth. sak-an ligatē and sok-j-an seek, perh. = our seek, G. such-en and sach-e a suit] follow, sequere me, praeci herde tu, Caecil. 273 R; Comites secuti scilicet sunt uirginem, Ter. Eup. 2, 3, 55; praefecturus sic accepit ut nomen in pronominum sit sequutus, Nep. Att. 6, 4; sequiturque patrem non passibus aequis, Verg. 2, 724; ex urbe amicitiae causa Caesarem secuti, Caes. b. g. 1, 39, 2; 2. of time, follow, ut male posuimus initia sic cetera sequuntur, Cic. Att. 10, 18, 2; sequitur hunc annum nobilis clade Romana Caudina pax, Liv. 9, 1, 1; laerumae sunt uerba secuta, Ov. M. 9, 781; 3. with uiam iter etc. follow (a road), keep to (it), nec Agere natus Quas fugerem docuit quas sequequeret uias, Ov. Pont. 1, 4, 38; Dinersum quammis quisque sequamur iter, 2, 10, 18; caput seculi per caernam lautiorum enasit uolupis audit secutus, Plin. 11, 185; 4. met. yield to, take a form under pressure, Ut laus est ceriae, mollis cedens sequatur Si doctos digitos inausus fiat (i.e. faciat) opus, Plin. ep. 7, 9, 11; artifices uieturae pollice ceriae Accipiunt formas igneque manumque sequuntur, Stat. Ach. 1, 332; cf. sequax; 5. met. take for one's guidance, follow, obey, imitate, ille Plato quem ego uehementer antecor sequor, Cic. fam. 1, 9, 18; haec qui ante dicunt (foretelle eclipses) quam rationem sequantur uides, diu. 2, 17; 6. have for an object, pursue, sin Caesarem respiciant atque eius gratiam sequantur, Caes. b. c. 1, 1, 3; qui remoti a studiis ambitionis otium ac tranquillitatem uitae secuti sunt, Cic. Mur. 55; 7. follow, as property, follow the line of inheritance, pass to, devolve upon, si quis mortuus est Arpinatis, eius heredem sacra non sequuntur, Cato ap. Plin. 4, 21, p. 129 K; quae ager priuatus castelli Viturius est, quem agrum eos uendere heredemque segni licet, is ager uectigalis) nisi ciet, CIL 199, 6; (hoc sepulcrum heredem non sequetur, 1090; heredes monumentum ne sequetur, Hor. s. 1, 8, 13; or abridged: hered. non seq., CIL 1269; or still more so, H M H N S, inser. Or. 2807; add Plin. 9, 124; 8. of order of topics, esp. as a vb. impers., sequitur ut doceam omnia subiecta esse naturae, Cic. N. D. 2, 81; haec sint dicta de aere; sequitur terra, Plin. 2, 154; sequitur de usucapione dicere, Paul. dig. 41, 3, 4; sequitur uidere de co... 45, 1, 91; 9. also vb. impers., follow as an inference, nec si omne enutiatum aut uerum aut falsum est, sequitur illico..., Cic. fat. 28; nec enim sequitur ut cui er sapiat, ei non sapiat palatus, fin. 2, 24; nam si est insidiarius Clodius, sequitur ut recte sit occisus, Quint. 3, 11, 17.

2. **sequor**, qui, cūtus, vb. r. [= Germ. sag-en, our say, a form *sac* or *saar* first changed to *sac* or *saer* seems to explain *euo* *euo*, *euere* for *eu-sae*=insequere; as also *euere* for *euere*, a redupl. aor.=*eu-sae*=*euere*; as well as *eu-sae*=*euere*; also S. sach. and sach-as speech, with Lat. uocare for redl. suff. cf. loqu-or] talk together, chat (with), A. Ne parce uoti ut audiat. M. Cum ipso pol sum secuta (so all mss and Lindl. al. loenta by conj.); cf. insequo, insecto, sequester; and Gell. 18, 9.

**seri**, acc. em. abl. e, pl. n. and acc. es, f. [sero link together, wh. see; or rather from a lost vb. seri-o, ef. for suff. faci-es, speci-es, fid-es] a row or series of things connected, as the links in a chain, series uinculorum (in the Ingram of the carriage of Gordius) ista astricta erat ut unde nexus inciperet quoue se coudert nec ratione nec usu perspicui posset, Curt. 3, 1, 17; sic inter se iuga uelut serie cohaerentia perpetuum habent dorsum, 7, 3, 27; equitibus equisque legumenta erant ex ferrois series teueris inter se connexis, 4, 9, 3; Ac iunuenis series teueris inmixta puellis, Tib. 1, 3, 63 (with hands linked in dance); puelli puellaeque in obliquum series connexi, Apul. M. 10, 29; 2. and met. est enim admirabilis quaedam continuatio



seriesque rerum ut alia alia nexa et omnes inter se aptae conglutatae uideantur. Cic. N. D. 1, 9; fatum id appello quod Graeci *εἰσπαράγγελον* id est ordinem seriemque causarum cum causae causa nexa rem ex se gignat, diu. 1, 125; fatum est sempiterna quadam et indeclinabilis series rerum et catena, Gell. 7, 2, 1; 3. esp. of time, annorum. Hor. od. 3, 30, 5; temporis. Ov. tr. 4, 10, 54; uitae, Ib. 64; 4. line or succession of a family, Digne uir hae serie, Ov. Pont. 3, 2, 109; Et serie fuleite genus, Prop. 5, 11, 69; familiae ueteris propinquitatis serie cohaerenti, Val. M. 2, 7, 5; 5. in pl. fictas litium series, Vell. 2, 118, 1; litium series ubique maiorem in modum exercebant, Suet. Vesp. 10.

**sermōno**, āre, vb. [sermo sb.] converse, quomodo mortuus qui istie sepultus est nec loqui nec sermonare potest, seic Rhodine, mortua sit nec sermonare possit, CIL 518; cf.

**sermōnor**, āri, vb. recipi. [id.] converse, sermonari rusticis niletur sed rectus est; sermōcinari rectus sed corruptus, Claud. an. ap. Gell. 17, 2, 17; cf. sermōnor.

1 **ser-o**, sere, ui (t), tum, vb. [= *εἶρω*, for Homer's *εἶρων* *ἡλεκτρον* *εἶρμενον* shows that *εἶρω* has lost an init. cons., prob. σ] link or string together, Accipiant sertas nario ferreas coronas, Lucan. 10, 164; genus loriarum mutauit et pro sertis (so Fischer with MSS, al. ferreis) atque aeneis lineas dedit, ps. Nep. Iphicr. 1, 4; commeanent puellam (sc. ut Venerem) populi frequentes floribus sertis et solutis adpreantur, Apul. M. 4, 29; iaculis floris sertis et soluti deam suam propitiantes, 10, 32; cf. sertium; 2. met., fato eius lege immobilis rerum humanarum ordo seritur, Liv. 25, 6, 6; quid seris fanlo moras? Sen. Med. 281; cf. necere moras in Tac., Sen., Val. F.; 3. esp. of talk, haec...damma multa mulierum Me prohibent uxore quae mi huius similis sermones erat, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 106; ubi sermones inter se serentium circulos uidissent, Liv. 28, 25, 5; Multa inter sese nario sermōne strabant, Verg. 6, 160; qui mos ille rotigantes colloquia serenū cum hoste..., Liv. 24, 31, 3; certos homines quotidie cum eo secreta colloquia sere, 34, 61, 7; querelas utraque incassum sero, Sen. Med. 26; cf. sermo wh. comes from sero; also such a use of text as in: Quamuis sermones possunt longi textier, Pl. Trin. 3, 3, 68; and of *εἶρω*: 4. but serere uis negotium of Pl. Most. 5, 1, 51 belongs to sero sow.

2 **ser-o**, ēre, ui, tum, vb. [a variety of *sin-o* and *θεσ* of *τὸ θέραι*, *θεσμός*; for change of init. cons. compare sep-lio by the side of *θάρ-ω*, indeed the fuller form was perh. es-ero and es-ino, cause to be (in a place), put (there)] put, seen in the compounds in-ser-o put in, ex-ser-o or ex-er-o put out, de-ser-o put down, abandon; 2. let, permit, neue hae rue Marmar sers incurrere in pleoris, carm. aru. 2, CIL 28, wh. sers an old imper. 2 pers. for sere, itself for seris; 3. perh. one in origin with ser-o sow, as this is but putting in the ground.

3 **sero**, ēre, scūi, sitūm, vb. [= our sow, Go. sai-an. Germ. sä-en; see also sero 2] sow, in ingero mediumm fere tritici seritur, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 112; seruntur fabae modii iiii in ingero, ordi vi, Varr. r. 1, 4, 1; interiores plerique frumenta non serunt, sed lacte et carne nunt. Caes. b. g. 5, 14, 2; Exerere uiri tanros, serte hordea campis, Verg. G. 1, 210; 2. plant, si in sulcis sere ternas tales ponito, Cato r. 45, 3; add 133, 3; da mihi ex ista arbore quos seram sarcasulos, Cic. or. 2, 278; non uero iustissimū homines qui Transalpinas gentes oleam et uitam serere non sinimus..., rep. 3, 16; Nullam Vare sacra nite prius securis arborem, Hor. od. 1, 18, 1; and for both meanings, hae res et semine et plantis seruntur, Colum. 3, 11, 39; 3. de hominibus, Tertullae nollem abortum: tam enim Cassii sunt iam, quam Bruti serendi, Cic. Att. 14, 20; 4. disputari solit perpetuis cursibus caelestibus existisse quandam maturitatem serendi generis humani, leg. 1, 24; add Tusc. 1, 118; 4. esp. the part. satus in poets. O sātē gentē deum, Verg. S. 36; Matre satus terra, Ov. F. 3, 799; s. Neride, M. 12, 93; ab imiri, 4, 282; de Numitore F. 4, 54; 5. met. sow the seeds of, quid

tu porro serere uis negotium (trouble)? Pl. Most. 5, 1, 51; mirari se dictitans quid ita nunc domum ciuiles discordias serant, Liv. 3, 40, 10; cum patribus serere certamina, 2, 1, 5; ex bellis bella serendo, 21, 10, 4; Rumoresque serit uarios, Verg. 12, 228; uulnera uasta serabant, Lucr. 5, 1290; 6. prov. Mihi istie nec seritur nec metitur, Pl. Epid. 2, 2, 80; I have nothing to lose and nothing to gain in that.

4 **Sero**, ōnis, m. a Roman cognomen, L. Gaius Sero, inscr. Grut. 129, 11.

5 **sero**, āre, vb. [sera sb.] bolt, lock, ap. Prise. 8 p. 443 K.

6 **Sero**, adv. [serus adj.] in the evening, Veni Capuan ad Nonas Febr., eo die Lentulus uenit sero, Cic. Att. 7, 21, 1; quum accusator interrogaret quo tempore Clodius occisus esset, respondit Sero (with a double meaning), Quint. 7, 3, 49; 2. late, nidesse quam ea (sc. eloquentia) sero prodierit in lucem? Cic. Brut. 39; etsi domum bene potas seroque redieram, tamen..., fam. 7, 22, 1; suspirat ab imo Femina tam sero cur ueniatque roget, Ov. a. a. 3, 676; 3. more commonly, too late, res rustica sic est, si unam rem sero feceris omnia opera sero facies, Cato r. 5, 7; abi stultus, sero post tempus uenis, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 90; age modo, hodie sero ac nequiquam uoles, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 103; sero resistimus ei quem per annos decem alimus contra nos, Cic. Att. 7, 5, 5; in Equo Troiano scis esse in extremo 'sero sapunt', tu tamen mi nectile non sero, fam. 7, 16, 1; sero sapunt Phyrges, who took ten years before they restored Helen, became a prov.; cf. Fest. v. sapio; 4. comp., serius, later, omnium Versatur urna serius ocius Sors exitura, Hor. od. 2, 3, 20; ad quae (sc. mysteria) biduo serius ueneram, Cic. or. 3, 75; wh. too late also would suit; in Mart. 1, 108, 9 Leutsch hae saepius; conuiuium nonnunquam et serius inibat et maturius relinquibat (than the other guests), Suet. Aug. 74; add Claud. S and Caes. 65; 5. too late, hi in auxilium aduolauerunt, sed serius itinere deuo per ignorantiam locorum retardati, Suet. Galb. 20; 6. superl., quam serissime, Caes. b. c. 3, 75, 2; (pira) Tarentina serissime (serissima Deflessen) legi, Plin. 15, 61.

**sertus**, part. of sero 1; 2. sertum, i. as sb. n. flowers strung together, a garland, incendes odores, sortis redimiri iubebis et rosa? Cic. Tusc. 3, 43; Tare calent aere sertisque recentibus halant, Verg. 1, 421; add B. 6, 16; Ov. tr. 5, 3, 3 and P. 4, 616; rosso Venus aurea serito Maerentem pulsat puerum (i. e. Cupid), Aus. id. 6, 88; 3. serte, ae, as sb. f., perh. uitae understood, the same, Cum tua praependent demissae in poela sertiae, Prop. 3, 31, 37; Huc ades Aonia cinem circumdata sertis, Corn. Scv. ap. Charis. 1, p. 107 K.

**sesquis**, adj. only found in abl. [for semi-sequis, of wh. sequi-s is a lost adj. from sequi- or, with the sense of following or second, like secundus; its comp. sequior sequius exists] lit. half the second, meaning 1½, like the Lat. tertius for semi-tertius half the third, i. e. 2½ (cf. Germ. andert-halb 1½, drittelhalb 2½ etc.), pes qui adhibetur ad numeros partitur in tria, ut necesse sit partem pedis aut aequalem esse alteri parti aut altero tanto aut sesqui esse maiorem; ita fit aequalis dactylus (sc. - | - -), duplex iambus (sc. - | - -), sesquipleus paeon (sc. - | - - -), Cic. orat. 188, wh. note that two shori = one long.

**si**, [shortened from siu, wh. see; written also sei\*, and sei\*) first as pron. adv. so (cf. It. Fr. Span. si so and Lat. sic for si-ec, also si-cut), ne mi hanc differant Me germanam meam sororem in conubium tibi Si (so MSS, Camer. ej. sic) sine dote dedidisse, Pl. Trin. 3, 2, 65; iube oeti; sei\* si fecerit, gaudebit semper, CIL 1447 on a sors, wh. Böheler needlessly writes iubeo and sic; Honestam uiam uixit pueri et splendidum Vt quisque exoptet set honeste uiuere, 1273, wh. Mommsen wd. write sic for sei; Quid si te (MSS sit, edd. sic or sic te) extra adfice examinata elimina(s)? Eun. tr. 290 V; Princepsium hoc oro in animo ut si statuas tuo, Afran. ap. Charis. 195 P, 219, 21 K, wh. Bothe

sic; Si nalebit, plus in buccam baetet, si dicunt, schéma, Pomp. ap. Non. 224 v. schéma (a dress as in cum seculi schéma, Pl. Amph. prol. 117), wh. mss si dicin, edd. sic dicunt; si quassante capite tristes Incidunt, Caecil. ap. Serv. G. 1, 74, wh. Ribbeck (de suo) sic; Ferri tantum si roget me, non dem, quantum auri petit; Si seculit, si quoque a me quae roget non impetret, Lucil. ap. Non. 382, wh. L. Müller sic quoque; Si mouet ac simat (mss aximad) naves delphin ut olim, Lucil. ap. Non. 169, wh. L. Müller by c, sic mouet; utque canina Si (so mss; L. Mall. c.) lingua dico; nihil ar me, Lucil. ep. Vel. Loug. 2213; quare ca quae scribam, si (so mss fied., edd. sic) habeto, me de illius sententia scribere, Cic. fam. 1, 7, 4; Sicine (mss sicine) subrepisti meaque (mss mei atque) intestina perurans, Si misero eripisti omnia nostra bona? Catul. 77, 4—wh. edd. ei he misero; Caementis licet occupes Terrenum omne tuus... (Si) nigit adamantinis Summis uerticibus dura Necessitas Clausos, non... Hor. od. 3, 24, 5—where Bentl. c. sic for si; 2. esp. in the phrase, si dis placet, so heaven ordains, aduenit si dis placet Ad uillam, argentum meo qui debebat patri, Pl. Truc. 3, 1, 3—so heaven ever rewards the good; hunc ego, si placet Dionae, cecidi—so Venus ordains such guilt shall be avenged—Catul. 56, 6; 3. but si dis placet gen. as marking an indignity, so Don. ad Eup. proprium est exclamantis propter indignitatem alius rei, so heaven ordains to punish us for our sins no doubt, can indignity be greater? what next? nide ut otiosus it, si dis placet, Ter. Eun. 5, 3, 10—Pythias speaking of Parmeno—misunderstood by Prisc. 2, 244 K; Ille bonus ur nobis psaltriam, si dis placet, Parauit quicum uinat, Ad. 3, 4, 30; quoniam si dis placet ab Epicuro loqui discimus, Cic. fin. 2, 31; alter, si dis immortalibus placet, testimonium etiam in Sex. Roscium dicturus est, Rose. Am. 102; quoniam etiam, s. d. p., nefas aiant esse, consulens plebeium fieri, Liv. 4, 3, 9; L. illum Sextium et C. Licinium, perpetuos s. d. p. tribunos, 6, 40, 7; nos s. d. p. iam etiam rem publicam capessere eas patimur, 34, 2, 11; cum Philippo hoste nostro... s. d. p. affinitatem etiam... pepigisti, 34, 32, 17; et s. d. p. quum has tantas opes affectabant, dissimulabant nulla parte id ad se pertinere, 37, 53, 5; ex decem legatis s. d. p. aduersarios habeo, 38, 47, 3; add s. d. p. sumebant, 39, 28, 5; praetendit, 39, 28, 11; accusatis, 39, 36, 14; contulit, 40, 13, 1; probamus, 41, 23, 7; sunt, 44, 22, 8; praemio inuitatur ebrietas et s. d. p. conuict, Plin. 14, 140; ut ductare exercitus et patrare bella apud Sallustium dicta sancte... identibus s. d. p., Quint. S. 3, 44; post Macedonas s. d. p. Thraeces rebellant, Flor. 1, 39 (3, 4), 1;—cf.: Nero, quoniam illi placuit dis, principis lamina pectori imposita sub ea cantica exclamans alendis uocibus demonstrauit rationem, Plin. 34, 166;—si, if, in this phrase could only give a meaning like our V. and could only apply to the future, though even here si placebit wd. be needed; as it is, all the cases above quoted with one exception are in the present or past; H 4. as pron. conj. if, a meaning which grows out of so, on this condition; thus in Eng. so is used for if, as in: And now, so you will let me quiet go, To Athens will I hear my folly back, Shaks. Mids. N. D. 3, 2; also in Germ., so ihr bleiben werdet an meiner Kade, so seid ihr meine rechtlinge, Jünger, St John 8, 31. Hence first perh. answering to some phrase or word of condition, filio dixeram librum tibi ea condicione daret si reciperes te correcturum, Caec. ap. Cic. fam. 6, 7, 4; sic ignouisse putato Me tibi si cunas hodie mecum, Hor. ep. 1, 7, 69; cuius (se, pacis) ista aliqua spes est si eam nos ut uicti audiamus, Liv. 21, 13, 5; dictator so ex curia proripit, ut non auctoritatem dictatorum a magistrum equitum eversam dictitans, si illi impune spretum imperium fuisset, S. 30, 11; 5. even if, though, nam si ego digna hac contumelia Sum maxime, at tu indignus qui faceres tamen, Ter. Eun. 5, 2, 26; satis nobis persuasum esse debet, si deos deare possimus, nihil tamen iniuste esse faciendum, Cic. off. 3, 37; 6. when (but only of the future, wh. involves the notion of if; compare too Germ. wenn 'if' by the side of our when), Meditatio mihi sunt omnia mea incommoda, erus si redierit, Ter. Ph. 2, 1, 18; Nam si luxerit (illuxerit?) ad librariorum Currum serinium, Catul. 14, 17; Praeterea si nona diem mortalibus aurum

Aurora extulerit... Prima citae Teueris ponam certamina classis, Verg. 5, 64; 7. if, as sure as, to express a certainty by addition of an if-clause which speaks of a certainty, si est boni consulis ferre opem patriae, est etiam bonorum ciuium intercludere omnes seditionum uias, Cic. Rab. perd. 3; Di tibi, si qua pios respectat numina, si quid Vsquam instituit et mens sibi conscia recti, Praemia digna ferant, Verg. 1, 603; 8. after an assertion, to correct it, if at least, Romae delectus habetur, si hic delectus appellandus est, cum ultro se omnes offerunt, Cic. fam. 11, 8, 2; iam ille hic delectur probe Si quidem nos multis auscultando operam dare, Pl. Amph. 3, 4, 23; 9. si... si... like the double siue, whether... or... sei deus sei diuiae sac. C. Sextius C. f. Calpinus pr. de senati sententia restituit, on an altar (to Aius Locutius?), CIL 632; sei deus sei dea, 1114; eas ferias si quis polluit hostiam si deo si deae immolabant, Gell. 2, 28, 3; 10. also si... siue... in the same sense, si uiuimus siue morimur, Enn. an. 384 V; Si media nox est siue prima uespera, Tamen est eundem quo imperant uigilanti, Pl. Curc. 1, 1, 4; so frequently in old writers but not to the exclusion of siue... siue (cf. Amph. 4, 3, 15); 11. 11. conj. w. subj. after verbs of knowledge, whether, if, lamduum exspecto si tuum officium scias, Pl. Poen. pr. 12; non recusauit quoniam ul extremo spiritu, si quam opem reipublicae ferre posset, experiretur, Cic. Phil. 9, 2; si nostri transiret expectabant, Caes. b. g. 2, 9, 1; hanc (nullam) uterque si aduersariorum copiae transire conarentur, expectabat, b. c. 2, 34, 1; situm urbis contemplantes si qua parte temptare aut opere aut ui possent, Liv. 44, 13, 8; ad collegium pontificum referre consilium iussus si posset recte uotum incertae pecuniae suscipi, 31, 9, 8; accepto poculo nihil aliud locutum ferunt (Philopomenem) quam quacessisse si incolamus Lycortas equitesque euasissent, 39, 50, 7; quiescit si aquam in totidem dies quot frumentum impouissent, 29, 25, 8; quiescit si cum Romanis militare liceret, 40, 39, 6; Sed fatus incerta feror si Iuppiter unam Esse uidet Tyriis urbem Troiaque profectis, Verg. 4, 111; identidem cogitemus si maius principibus praestemus obsequium qui seruitute ciuium quam qui libertate lactantur (lactantur?), Plin. pan. 2, 5; but this construction is rare in the best writers, Cic. using it only with experiri, Caesar only with expectare; quiescit si quem nouissent ad id expeditum, Vit. 7, 1, 5; 12. in old writers this construction occurs with an indic., as: nism si domist, Ter. Eun. 3, 4, 7 and Haut. 1, 1, 118; Vide si quid opis potes adferre huic, Pl. 3, 3, 20; so too Vit. 7, 5, 4 has: neque animaduerterunt si quid eorum fieri potest (possit?) necne; 13. not unlike the use of § 11 is that with verbs of action, directed to an object which may or may not be attained, if, whether, in the hope that (still with subj.), Operam usque assiduo seruos dat si possit Meretricem illam inuenire, Pl. Cist. 1, 3, 37; Homines captiuos conuenerunt si quae Aliquem inuenire suum qui tuet filium, Capt. 1, 1, 32; si pererrare possent conati operis munitione repulsi destiterunt, Caes. b. g. 1, 8, 4; teutata res est si primo impetu capi Ardea posset, Liv. 1, 57, 3; 14. similarly si with imperf. subj. is used in reference to a preceding noun which points to a future possibility, una subsidii spes erat si consules maturassent in prouinciam ire, Liv. 40, 26, 4; and in elliptical sentences of wishing (what would I give) if, oh that, Si nunc se nobis ille aureus arbore rastro Ostendat memore in tanto! Verg. 6, 187; O si Sub rastro eripet argenti mihi seria! Pers. 2, 10; IV 15. in hypothetical sentences, where non-existence of the supposed case always is implied, with a subj. and first a pres. imperf. when for active verbs the English has were... were to attempt to, were to, Si ego item memorem quae me erga multa fecisti bene, Nox diem adimat, Pl. Capt. 2, 3, 50; Quod in opere faciundo operae consumis tuae, Si sumas in illis exercendis, plus agas, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 22; Nonne sapiens si fame ipse conficiatur (were in a way to be destroyed) abstulerit cibum alteri? Cic. off. 3, 29; 16. with pres. imperf. of static verbs, with a more past tense in English, hoc nec scio nec si seiam (if I knew or did know) dicere ausim, Liv. praef. 1; Tu, si hic sis (were here), were in my shoes, alter sentias, Ter.



118; Os umerosque deo similis, Verg. 1, 589; 2. regarded as a sb. it takes a gen., quam uterque similis sui Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 16; Saluus sit, spero; est similis maiorem suam, Ad. 3, 3, 57; dolorem paupertatem ignominiam similia horum, Cic. fin. 3, 51, as we say in low Eng. the like of them; Phidias sui similem speciem inclusit in clipeo Minervae, Tusc. 1, 34; 3. and this even in comp. and sup., Rhodii saniores et Atticorum similiores, Brut. 1; Portitorum similitudine sui laque lenoniam, Pl. As. 1, 3, 88; (cf. municipum suorum dissimulimi, Cic. Clu. 46); 4. at times the constr. with gen. and dat. united, Nam ego hominem homini (hominis Ritschl) similiorem nunquam vidi alterum, Neque aquae aquae neque lacte lacti (lactis Ritschl) crede mihi usquam similius Quam hic tui est tuque huius, Pl. Men. 5, 9, 29; plectri similem linguam nostri solent dicere, choridarum dentes, naves cornibus suis qui ad vernos resonant in cantibus, Cic. N. D. 2, 149; Tum similes matrum materno semine sunt, Vt patribus patrio, Lucr. 4, 1211; and in close succession, Cic. N. D. 2, 40 and 41 has: ei similis sit igni quem..., horum ignium sicut utri similibus sit, and, solis ignis similibus eorum ignium sit qui...; 5. Ritschl, op. 2, 579, holds similis to take a gen. alone in Pl. and Ter.; and Madvig ad Cic. fin. 5, 12, referring to Wescuberg, says that Cic. and older writers prefer the gen. when speaking of living beings, esp. men and gods, as in Cic. N. D. 1, deos hominum similis § 77, homo hominis similis § 78; an tu mei similem putas esse aut tui deum? § 84 etc.; so Livy also; while Vergil, Horace, Ovid (in Met.) nearly always have a dat. in such cases; 6. Charis. p. 84 admits only a gen. in veri simile et sui simile, yet Liv. has simillimum vero; 7. there is no truth in the distinctions suggested by Diomedes 293, similis sum tibi figura; by Caper 2242, illius similis ad mores refertur, illi similis ad ultimum; or by Beda 2345, similis sum tui moribus, similis tibi facie; 8. similis of course falls short of par and idem, similia omnia magis uis quam paria, Liv. 45, 43, 2; so that there is a climax in: Pro di immortales similiores mulierem Magisque eandem quae non sit eadem non reor Deos facere posse, Pl. Mil. 2, 6, 49; nihil est unum unum tam simile tam par quam omnes inter nosmet ipsos sumus, Cic. leg. 1, 29; 9. yet they are at times treated as synonymous, e quibus uita beata existit par et similibus decorum, Cic. N. D. 2, 153; par est avaritia, similis improbitas, eadem impudentia, gemina audacia, Rosc. Am. 118; par similibusque ceteris effiebat, Sal. Cat. 14, 4; 10. with inter, homines inter se cum fama tum moribus similes, Cic. Clu. 84; 11. with atque, si uis docere aliquid ab isto simile in aestimatione atque a ceteris esse factum, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 193; hortatur ut simili ratione atque ipse fecerit suas iniurias persequatur, Caes. b. g. 7, 38, 10; 12. with ut si, tanquam si, similes sunt ut si qui gubernatores in nauigando nihil agere dicant, Cic. sen. 17; similes sunt dei, si..., tanquam si Poeni..., diu. 2, 131; 13. in agreement with the name of a person, a picture, statue etc. of him, si quis Aristotelem similem uel Pittacum erit, Iuv. 2, 6; te lucida saxa. Te similem doctae referet milia lineae cerata, Stat. silv. 3, 3, 200; Optasque non similem te ponere templo, l. 1, 1, 100; 14. simile as sb. n. a likeness, simile, nihil hoc similitur similius, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 299; quo facilius res perspicui possit, hoc simile ponitur, Cic. fin. 3, 54; 15. similis is given by Ribbeck before est and es, Naev. 60, Nov. 62 and Pomp. 74; so also Ritschl op. 2, 331; but Lachm. ad Lucr. 1, 186 would write, similitur simili-s; cf. nulp, fael, difficul, debil, nigril; 16. simillimus as a superl., see Pl. in § 3, is formed with a suff. inus, like min-inus, (in-inus whence) inus.

similitudo or similitudo, adv. [prob. for sim-icta at one blow, cf. for meaning, Fr. tout d'un coup; G. mit einem Schlage; for root of sem-cl and for loss of e minor irritio rite = nictor, irritio snarl at and recte; the r of similitudo = d of idem, similitudo] at one blow, at the same time, together. Non ego cum uno simitum (simutur, Ritschl op. phil. 2, 258) ebili imperium tuum, Pl. Amph. 2, 1, 84; Et cum eo simitum tu-

liorem mitto simul, Ps. 4, 2, 55; Ita tres simitum res agundae sunt quando unum ocepimus, Merc. 1, 2, 8; Ego hic esse et illi simitum (simutur Ritschl) haec potui, Most. 3, 2, 105; Immo tenuisse eum simitum aiant (so Ritschl) illi: ego hic citus, St. 2, 2, 66; Gratia habetur utrisque illisque tibi simitum (so Jan., illisquae sibi quae ass), Lucil. ap. Non. 175; Hilara minor Madae ministra simitum cum Mula sita est in eadem olla, Inscr. Or. 2803; so sim .ur (i.e. simutur), Inscr. 1. Neap. 423.

simplex, icis, simpliciei abl., simplicia n. pl., simplicium gen. pl. adj. [compressed from simplicis of which sim =  $\alpha\mu$   $\alpha\alpha$  etc. meaning one, and the second part is from a lost sb. plicis (=  $\pi\lambda\alpha\sigma$ os), whence Ital. plico, Fr. pli; so that simplex =  $\alpha\pi\lambda\alpha\sigma$ os wh. represents  $\alpha\pi\lambda\alpha\sigma$ os; cf. Germ. einfach for ein-fach of one fold (not double), simple, single, opposed to duplex etc., Duplex ex argumento factast simplicii, Ter. Haut. pr. 6 (Bentley's simplex...duplici involves a false qty. in dupli); quaedam sunt in rebus simplicia, quaedam copulata, Cic. fat. 30; principes (qualitates) sunt uniusmodi et simplices, ex iis autem ortae uariae sunt et quasi multiformes, acad. post. 26; etenim aut simplex est natura animantis ut uel terrena sit uel ignea uel animalis uel unida aut concretum ex pluribus naturis, N. D. 3, 34; simplices uoces natura sua constant, compositae aut praepositionibus subiunguntur, aut e duobus quasi corporibus coalescent, Quint. 1, 5, 65; birumium quaque simplicii ordine agebantur, Tac. h. 5, 23; plus uice simplicii, more than once, Hor. od. 4, 14, 13; cibi simplices, without sauces or spices, plain or au naturel, Tac. G. 23; 2. morally, simple-minded, frank, open, straightforward, void of deceit, opposed to duplex double-faced, tota illa aspera et montiosa et fidelis et simplex regio se huius honore ornari arbitrabatur, Cic. Plane. 22; quod tunc erga me animum simplicem atque animum aperit, Att. 11, 28, 8; Quid merere boues, animal sine fraude dolisque Innocuum simplex? Ov. M. 15, 124; 3. plain, unadorned, natural, Simplex munditiis, Hor. od. 1, 5, 5; perdidisset gratiam quae in eo (dicendi genere) maxima est simplicis atque inuicetati coloris, Quint. 9, 4, 17; simplicii uirtute merentis semper nunquam captantis gloriam, Vell. 2, 120, 1; 4. free from complication or difficulty, simplex est manere, illud (sc. in Hispaniam ire) anceps, Cic. Att. 12, 7 f.; 5. comp., simplicior, Hor. s. 1, 3, 63; Quint. 11, 1, 33; Mart. 9, 15, 2; sup., Quint. 10, 5, 10; 10, 2, 10; Petr. 101.

simul, old form simūl and sēmūl, adv. [one in origin with semel, wh. see; sem one + el suff. of dim.] in one place, together, or at one and the same time; first of place, together, utroque imperator in medium exiit, Extra turkam ordinem collocantur simul, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 69; Cena appositae; conueniunt in eum; ego accubui sēmūl, 2, 2, 172; propter inuicem totos dies simul eramus inuicem, Cic. Att. 5, 10 f.; 2. more commonly, at the same time, together, et hoc simul accipere dictum, Eun. an. 204 V; Nunc simul res fides fama uirtus deus Deseruerunt, Pl. Most. 1, 2, 64; 3. strengthened with una, Quantum ego nunc bibo, at ueniat non consueti simul bibere una, Pl. Pers. 2, 1, 3; et de ista simul... consilium nolo capere una tecum, Ter. Eun. 3, 5, 66; semel te orant se noti crebro (pron. crebro) condennes, Clu. 1175, l. 10; 4. with cum, Ad portum hinc abiit mane cum luci simul, Pl. Merc. 2, 1, 31; Simul consilium cum re amisti? Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 10; cum corporibus simul animos interire, Cic. am. 13; 5. w. abl. alone, first in poets, then in later prose, Vos Bibule et Serui, simul hic te candidi Furni, Hor. s. 1, 10, 86; Quippe simul nobis habitat discriminis nullo barbarus, Ov. tr. 10, 29; Tralliani Laodiceis ac Magnetiis simul transmissi ad parum ualidi, Tac. an. 4, 55; 6. with conj., as first followed by et, too, simul et illud Asia cogitit nullam..., Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 34; demonstrat hae Caeleio, simul et illud ostendit..., Att. 1, 1, 4; 7. with a single et que or atque, when simul may precede or follow both of the things united, or be attached to the first as an enclitic, his simul inflatus exacerbatusque,

Liv. 6, 18, 5; quum uni inuideret eximio simul honoribus atque uirtutibus, M. Furio, 6, 11, 3; Nunc operam potestis ambo mihi dare et uobis simul, Pl. Men. 5, 9, 40; quousque et Volcatio pecunia numerata, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 176; hoc principum-simul onerare belli, Liv. 21, 29, 4; cogitare optima simul et determina, Quint. 12, 1, 4; 8. with repeated et, militibus simul et de nauibus desiliendum et in fluctibus consistendum et cum hostibus erat depugnandum, Caes. b. g. 4, 24, 2; simul et qualis sit et optimam esse ostendamus, Cic. rep. 1, 70; Ego faxo et operam et unum perdidit simul, Pl. Aul. 3, 6, 42; 9. simul followed by que et, cuncta simul maleque et bona dicta Enomeret si qua uellet, Enn. an. 245 V; 10. simul repeated, Germani ad eum uenerunt simul sui purgandi causa, simul ut de indutis impetrent, Caes. b. g. 4, 13, 4; increpando simul temeritatem simul ignauiam, Liv. 2, 65, 4; Ille uolat simul arua fugā, simul aequora uerrens, Verg. G. 3, 201; simul terra simul mari bellum impellit, Tac. Agr. 25; 11. with double simul et double et, simul et a classe nauales scoti simul et terrestres exercitus est admotus, Liv. 29, 35, 7; 12. simul atque (ac), the moment that, as soon as, simul atque increpuit suspicio tumultus artes ilico nostrae confitecent, Cic. Mur. 22; simul ac mihi collibitum est, praesto est imago, N. D. 1, 108; 13. simul ut, the same, simul ut expectati sumus, uisa illa contemnimus, Cic. acal. pr. 51; tu simul ut (al. et) ille uenerit, primam nauigationem ne omiseris, Q. fr. 2, 6, 3; 14. simul et, the same, if genuine, simul et quid erit certi, scribam ad te, Cic. Att. 2, 20, 2; ego ad te habeo quod scribam simul et uidero Curionem, Att. 10, 4, 12; in epistula quam accepi simul et in Cumanum ueni, 6, 16, 4; simul et constitero scribam, 16, 11, 6; Madyg ad fin. 2, 33 thinks that in Cic. simul ut and simul et have supplanted a simple simul; 15. simul alone, the same, Simul limen intrabo, illi extrabunt ilico, Afran. 5 R; simul intro ueni, accessi ad patrem, Pomp. 170 R; Hic simul arguentur repperit cura sese expediti, Ter. Ph. 5, 4, 4; Simul aliquid audiero, scribam ad te, Cic. Att. 8, 11, 7; simul accepi a Seleuco tuo litteras, statim quaesivi e Balbo quid esset in lege, fam. 6, 18, 1; simul infauit tibicen, a perito carmen agnoscuti, acad. pr. 56; nostri simul in arido constituerunt in hostes impetum fecerunt, Caes. b. g. 4, 26, 5; simul instrui Romanam aciem Sabini uidere, et ipsi procedunt, Liv. 3, 62, 6; Taygete simul os terris ostendit honestum, Verg. G. 4, 232; quorum simul alba nauis stella relulsit Deluii saxis agitata humor, Hor. od. 1, 12, 27; 16. simul strengthened with primum, Q. Fabio simul primum magistratu abiit dicta dies est, Liv. 6, 1, 6; Vnde simul primum me dimiserit Philippi... paternas inpulit audax Vt uersus facerem, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 49; 17. simul often shortened in comic verse, either *si* as I think, or a pyrrhic as others say (see Wagner ad Aul. p. xxxv), Simul consilium cum re amisti? Videm me ex eodem ortum loco? Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 10; Simul uereor Pamphilum ne orata nostra nequeat diutius Celare, Hec. 4, 1, 60; Simul circumspectat, ubi praeter se neminem Videt, Turp. 194 R; cf. tamen shortened in ta-dem.

**sin**, pron. conj. [for *sin-in* of wh. in is old dat. suff.; this suff. became first in, then i; cf. *ovapo-φιν*, at *ovapo-φιν*; cf. too min of Sanskr. *tas-min*. Again root *sin*=*tin*=*ken* of demonstratives, base of 3 person. pron. Cf. for initial consonant *σινεπον*, *σινες*, Skt. *sa* 'this', Germ. *sei*, and for final consonant *ων*, *κιν-ος*, yon, Germ. *wenn*, Sp. *quien* etc. Latin *sin* : *si* : Eng. *some* : *so*. In the same way the now vulgar how-som-ever passed into how-so-ever; the deriv. from *si* ne is absurd if in the old writers occasionally in a first condition. En. Potin ut animo sis tranquillo? Ch. Quid sin (sint BCD) animus fluctuat? Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 49 (see Bergk Boitr. 120); Quod sin ulla potest mulier tam corpore duro Esse, tamen... Lucil. ap. Non. p. 311 Gerl. (so Luc. Müller Jahrb. f. class. Ph. 1868 p. 493, *ms* si nulla); Pcream sin unquam fatiscare quod quibo boni, Pacuv. (or Attius) ap. Non. p. 211 and 326 (so L. Müller *ibid.*, *ms* uereor si nunquam); but gen. only used after a preceding *si*, expressed or implied, so

that the translation but if often suits; Si illum relinquo, eius uitae timeo, sin optulor, huius minas, Ter. Andr. 1, 3, 5; Si domi sum, foris est animus; sin foris sum, animus domist, Pl. Merc. 3, 4, 2; so Verg. G. 1, 432; Si nigrum... At si uirgineum... Sin orti quarto, namque is certissimus auctor etc.; 2. the first supposition expressed without a *si*, dauda opera est ne tributum sit conferendum; sin quae necessitas obuenierit, danda erit opera ut omnes intellegant necessitati esse parandum, Cic. off. 2, 74; hominibus opus est eruditus qui adhuc nostri nulli fuerunt; sin quando existerit, etiam Graecis erunt antepedoni, or. 3, 95; 3. is often followed by autem, uero, aliter, minus, secus, etc. qui nisi uincit nomen populi Romani deleatur necesse est, sin autem uincit, Sullano more uincet, Cic. Att. 10, 7, 1; Parilabas si sit ouis matura, sin uero leta, circa Iulium mensem, Colum. 7, 3; id si ita est, omnia faciliora, sin aliter, magnum negotium, Cic. fam. 11, 14, 3; si mihi ueniam dederit, utar illius conditione, sin minus, impetrabo aliquid a me ipso, Att. 9, 15, 1; Postremo si illuc quod uolumus eueniet gaudebimus, Sin secus, patiemur animis aequis, Pl. Cas. 2, 6, 25; 4. at times the clause of *sin* is purposely suppressed or abbreviated, si pares aequie inter se, quiescendum, sin—, latius manabit et quidem ad nos, Cic. Att. 16, 13, 2; si uir esse uolet, praecleara *συνδοία*, sin autem—, erimus nos qui solemus, 10, 7, 2; ego ut constitui adero, atque utinam tu quoque eodem die, sin quid (multa enim)—, utique postredie, 13, 22, 4; qui si conseruatus erit, uicimus; sin (quod di omen auertant)—, omnis omnium cursus est ad nos, fam. 12, 6, 2; 5. Quod sin, in place of the familiar quod si, may well stand in Val. F. 5, 667; da uellera rector, Et medio nos cerue mari. Quod sin ed Maiores Abnegat... ibimus indecores.

**sincērus**, adj. [sin one, see sem-el; cer perh. one with Ital. *cera* look, and Sanskr. *kri* or *kar* make] of one kind, unmixed, nam cum una clausa sunt diuersa genera inter se discordant; propter quod etiam consensualium uinearum non tam est firmum unum quam si per se sincerum Amineum uel Apianum consideris, Colum. 12, 45, 6; aut cum sale aut sincerus (adepts), Plin. 28, 135; caueat ne societate sanguinis: quid hoc si polluit nobilitatem istam nostram, sinceram seruare non priuatis consiliis poteratis? Liv. 4, 4, 7; Germaniae populus nullis aliis aliarum nationum conubis infectos propriam et sinceram et tantum sui similem gentem exitisse arbitratum, Tac. G. 4; sincerus et integer populus, b. 4, 64 f.; sincerum atque ab omni collutione peregrini ac seruili sanguinis incorruptum seruare populum, Suet. Aug. 40; adeo nulla est sincera uoluptas Sollicitumque aliquid lactis interuenit, Or. M. 7, 453; Achaeis quantum restituti Argi laetitiae afferbant, tantum serua Lacedaemon relicta et lateri adhaerens tyrannus non sincerum gaudium, Liv. 34, 41, 4; ne sincero gaudio frueretur, 44, 41, 1; sincerius gaudium capturus si... Iust. 10, 1, 3; semuit a uero atque sincero Stoico (Stoic pur sang) uulgus nebulorum hominum qui se Stoicos uincunt, Flor. 1, 2, 7; colatur in transitu mare, quod amaritudinem ponit et in sinceram aquam transit, Sen. N. Q. 3, 5; 2. hence pure, clean, clear, ex amphora primum quod est sincerissimum effluit, grauissimum quodque turbidumque subsidit, Sen. ep. 108, 26; Sincerum nisi uas, quodcumque infundis accedit, Hor. ep. 1, 2, 54; 3. as adulteration is chiefly by mixing, genuine, unadulterated, erocus, Plin. 21, 32; odoratus iuncus, 21, 120; and met. as base metal is detected by its ring, Nam neque frati neque blaudi quicquam sincere sonant, Eun. tr. 106 R, have the genuine ring; Scire licet non sincerum sonare, Lucr. 3, 873; 4. sound, optimum corium et sincerissimum, Pl. Rud. 2, 4, 52; porci sacres sinceri, Men. 2, 2, 16; sine uulnere corpus sincerumque fuit, Or. M. 12, 100; donec ad sincera ueniat recidendum, Plin. 17, 193 (of vine-pruning); utrarumque animi partium aut sincerum aut aegrum, Gell. 5, 1, 4; 5. met., Scipionem fama, cum esset adulterescens, hand sincera fuisse, unblemished, Gell. 7, 8, 5; *φωκισσέτω* Pythiam dicebat... quo licet existimare in aliis quoque oraculis aliquid non sinceri fuisse, genuine, Cic. din. 2, 118; Thucydides rerum gestarum pronuntior

sincerus, honest, Brut. 287; **6.** sinceris a variety, sinceris εὐκέρως Gloss. Philox.; Charis. 61 quotes sinceris to condemn it, sincerus dicitur non sinceris; yet he here calls sincere (Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 96) a neut., otherwise in 194; see too § 9; **7.** for comp. Iust. § 1; sup. Pl. § 4, Sen. 2; **8.** adv. sincere, honestly, sincerely, dici, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 96; dicere, Catul. 109, 4; locutum, Cie. Att. 3, 15, 2; aget, Att. ap. Cie. Att. 9, 10, 9; corrigere, in a more genuine manner, Gell. 6, 3, 55; diligunt (superl.), Aug. ad Volus. f.; **9.** sinceriter as from sinceris, percipiunt, Gell. 13, 17, 1.

**singultus**, ūs, m. [root sing or rather sig, perh. = our sob and sigh, the t excrecent] a spasm of the diaphragm, hiccupping, hicough, frequens singultus leuor inflammationem esse significat, Cels. 2, 7, p. 41, l. 21 D; singultus sternutamento finitur, 2, 8, p. 46, l. 29; singultus olefactum (anemus) potumque decoctum inhibet, Plin. 20, 189; iuncus odoratus singultus sedat, 21, 120; Voluitur illi nomen calidum de pectore flumen Frigidus, et longis singultibus illa pulsata, Stat. Th. 3, 90; inaque longo illa singultu tendunt, Verg. G. 3, 507 of a horse; **2.** sobbing, a sob, fletum cum singultu, Cie. Plane. 76; Atque haec extremis maestam dixisse querelis Frigidulus udo singultus ore cienteum, Catul. 64, 131; Excipitur sparsi lacrimas per colla capilli Oraque singultu conciente sonant, Ov. am. 3, 9, 11; **3.** clucking of a bird, esp. of a hen, debet custos speculari parientes, quod se facere gallinae testantur crebris singultibus interiecta uoce acuta, Colum. 8, 5, 3, wh. he adds that glocire was only a rustic word; reducantur in uillam (pulli panonini) persequentes nutrices singultus (i.e. of the common hen), S. 11, 15; corui singultu quodam latrantes, Plin. 18, 362; **4.** of water checked and so passing by jerks through the mouth of a bottle, crebris quasi singultibus sistunt quod effundunt, Plin. ep. 3, 30, 6. The Fr. sanglot implies a Lat. sing-ul-ne.

**sinister**, tra, trum, adj. comp. [ist-er, a doubl. suff. of comp., like mag-ister, min-ister, ap-ostepos, so sin the root, perh. sin- put down, and dexter=dek-ister from a vb. = δέχ of δέχουαι take] left, Tu Sinistrali in sinistram cornu, tu Syrrice in dexteram, Ter. Eun. 4, 7, 5; ab sinistra parte nudatis castris, Caes. b. g. 2, 23, 4; **2.** unlucky, ill-fated, ill-starred, pugnamque sinistram Cannensem, Prop. 4, 2, 9; Et studiū repetō signā sinistrā mei, Ov. tr. 5, 7, 64; **3.** bringing bad luck, unfavourable, unfriendly, adverse, Cui mea uirginitas aubus libata sinistris, Ov. her. 2, 115; Di precor a nobis omen remouete sinistram, 13, 49; Arboribusque satisque Notus pēcorique sinister, Verg. G. 1, 444; Quis tam sinister diuidit captas deus? Sen. Tro. 993; heu diuisa uis sinistris Regna mihi, Val. Fl. 3, 503; sinistris quidem auspiciis amicitiae conditionem secuti, sed quo miseriori hoc certiora fidelet cultae nobilitatis exempla, Val. M. 4, 7, 2 f.; **4.** what is done imo deo, perverse, wrong, quid est alit (= alid) sinistra liberatibus? Catul. 29, 15; ad alios hanc sinistram diligentiam conferant, Plin. ep. 7, 28, 3; etera instituta sinistra (Iudaeorum) foeda prauidate ualere, Tac. h. 5, 55; sinistra erga eminentes interpretatio, Agr. 5 f.; **5.** strict aural language for Romans generally, lucky, auspicious, favourable (see laeunus), ita nobis sinistra nidentur, Graiis et barbaris dextra meliora, quamquam hand ignoro quae bona sint (sunt?) sinistra nos dicere, etiam si dextra sint, Cie. diu. 2, 82; **6.** yet in certain cases even with Romans unlucky, quid augur cur a dextra cornus, a sinistra cornix faciat ratum? Cie. diu. 1, 85; omnibus aubus ntuntur (exteri), nos admodum paucis; alia illis sinistra sunt, alia nostris, 2, 76 (cf. 2, 80; see also Ov. Prop. § 2); **7.** with a gen., Ingenio motus audis fidei sine sinister (sc. Hannibal), perverse in faith, i.e. treacherous, Sil. 1, 56; **8.** as sb. n. the perverse, the wrong, signa est studiosa sinistri, Ov. tr. 2, 257; **9.** the left, but with prep., multi gestus necesse est in sinistram eant, Quint. 11, 3, 135; acersis in se palmis, 11, 3, 114; riciere a sinistro togam, 11, 3, 144; **10.** sinistra as sb. f., se,

manus, the left hand, partem togae sinistra tenere, Quint. 11, 3, 160; **11.** esp. as bearing the shield, neque sinistra impedita satis commode pugnare poterant, Caes. b. g. 1, 25, 3; non haec...cassis neque onus causa parma sinistrae Auxilio mihi suat, Ov. M. 12, 89; hence; per allegoriam M. Caclium melius obicientem crimina quam defendentem, bonam dextram, malam sinistram habere dicebat, Quint. 6, 3, 60; **12.** as used for theft, nateque ad furta sinistrae, Ov. M. 13, 111; Porci et Socratio duae sinistrae Pisonis, Catul. 47, 1 (cf. Catul. 12, 1: Marruciae Asini manu sinistra Non belle uteris; in ioco atque uino Tollis lintea negligentiorum); **13.** as of a special use in racket, Si me mobilibus nostri expulsiare sinistris, Sum tua: tu nec sis rustice, redde pilam, Mart. 14, 46, 1; Nec laudet Polybi magis sinistras, 7, 72, 11; but sinistris in Liv. 9, 27, 0 is a masc. pl. as proved by quod confectiores steterant; **14.** in adv. phrases gen. with prep. at times abl. alone, the left, aspice nunc ad sinistram, Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 38; aspiciet illum a sinistra equitem, Cie. Phil. 6, 12; sub sinistra Britannium relictam conspexit, Caes. b. g. 5, 8, 2; miles dextra ac sinistra uictus tectis, C. 5, 15, 3; **15.** sinister-for doub. comp. left, pars, Varr. 1, 9, 27; cornu (wing), Galb. ap. Cie. fam. 10, 30, 4; rota, Ov. M. 2, 139; mamma, Cels. 4, 1, p. 121, 1, 6 D; equus, Suet. Tib. 6; **16.** sup. sinistimus only in Frise. 3, 19, p. 95 K and 3, 22.

**sino**, sinere, sinui, situm vb. [perh. for es-ino, let be, from es-be; and so=sero n° 2, i.e. es-ero; for identity of words cf. arm. aruale, wh. siris and sers interchange] lit. cause to be, and so place, esp. in the pass. situm situated, Hec erit tibi argumentum semper in promptu situm, Enn. sat. 7 V; ita probe in latebris situm est, Pl. Aul. 4, 4, 2; in ore sita lingua est, finita dentibus, Cie. N. D. 2, 149; **2.** esp. of towns, nations etc., insula ea sinum ab alto claudit in quo sita est Carthago, Liv. 30, 24, 9; cis Rhenum sitarum gentium, Vell. 2, 120, 1; **3.** situs, erected, built (in Tac. only), Philippopolim a Macedone Philippo sitam, Tac. an. 3, 38 f.; ueterem aram Druso (in honour of Drusus) sitam, 2, 7; urbes Macedonibus sitae (for the use of Macedonians), 6, 41; (nullum) duabus legionibus situm, h. 4, 22; **4.** a corpse, suam matrem lamentari mortuum: Ea sita erat exaduersum, lay, Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 47; esp. when buried, Is hic situs qui nunquam uictus est uirtute, here lies, CIL 34; declarat Ennius de Africano: Hic iste situs ap. Cie. leg. 2, 57; Hic siti sunt Acaeanes qui pro patria pugnantem mortem occubuerunt, Liv. 26, 25, 14; **5.** situs est with in and abl. lies in, rests with, depends upon, huius rei potestas omnis in nobis sita est, Cie. Mur. 83; uerum id frustra an ob rem faciat in uostra manu situm est, Sal. Jug. 31, 5; cf. too situs sb., and desino, lit. put down; **6.** put down, leave, sinite arma uiris et cedite ferro, Verg. 9, 620; (ficus uiridis) in dolium conditur et ibi sinitur fermentari, Colum. 12, 17, 1; dum haec (se quisque) regulare sinuntur, 11, 2, 7; **7.** let go, drop, Hem niteus es sine me, Ter. Ad. 3, 2, 23; **8.** Put tibi stue credo nomen (sc. furcifer) actutum fore, T. Dum interea sic sit, istuc actutum sino, let it pass, Pl. Most. 1, 1, 68; Vir Troiane sine hanc animam, Verg. 10, 598; ad 10, 427; **9.** let, permit, allow, suffer, gen. with inf. Haud suam quidquam profani prinsquam accepso quod peto, Pacuv. 325 R; Exulare sinitis, sistis pelli, pulsam patimini, Att. 365 R; Sine sis loqui me, Pl. Ps. 3, 2, 50; quod certo scio Nec fore nec fortunam id situram fieri, Poen. 3, 11; non deici, non enim siui accedere, Cie. Caecin. 64; nunquam sinit eum (improbos) respirare, fin. 1, 53; C. Cato contentationis est se comitia haberi non siturum, Q. fr. 2, 6, 6; qui ne uiuo quidem Terdonio Dolabellae latrocinium in Syriam penetrare siuisset, Phil. 11, 32; innum ad se omnino importari non sinunt, Caes. b. g. 4, 2, 6; **9.** rarely with ut and snbj., Dum tempus ad eam rem tulit, siui animam ut explotet sumi, Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 17; neque sinam ut...Mea pertinacia 'sue dicit factum, Hec. 4, 2, 15; **10.** with subj. alone, chiefly after the imp. sine, sinite, in comedy and poets, Sine suam senectutem ducat usque ad senium sorbilo,

Caecil. 73 R; sine me expurgem, Ter. Andr. 5, 3, 29; insani feriant sine litora fluctus, Verg. B. 9, 43; natura repugnat Nec sinit incipiat, Ov. M. 3, 377; **11.** rarely with acc. alone. Neu propius tectis taxum sine, Verg. G. 4, 47; serpentum multitudo nisi hieme transitum non sinit, Plin. 6, 43 f.; **12.** sine modo and sine are often used in threats, as: Patiar, sine modo adueniat senex, Sine modo venire saluam, Pl. Most. 1, 1, 11; sine, uenias modo domum, faxo ut scias Quid periculi scis dotatae uxori uitium dicere, As. 5, 2, 48; or, with other words understood, only let me have the chance and..., as sine, Ter. Hec. 4, 4, 85, wh. Donatus: sine separatin aequa uim habet comminantis; pulcre ludificor, sine, Quantum mi opere nunc persnaderi potest Vi ego hic suffragam talos totis aedibus, Pl. Truc. 2, 8, 6; sine, at hercle cum malo tuo magno, si hoc caput sentis, Aul. 3, 2, 11; Et quod nunc tute tecum iratus cogitas, Egoe illam... sine modo, Haec uerba illa una mehercle falsa lacrimula Restinguet, Ter. Eun. 1, 1, 22; **13.** ne di sinerit, Pl. Moe. 2, 2, 51; ne di sinerit, Dac. 3, 3, 64; ne istuc Iuppiter sirit..., Liv. 28, 11 and 34, 24, 2; add Plin. ep. 2, 2, 3; **14.** pass. accusare non est situs, Cic. Sest. 95 f.; and Colum. in § 6; **15.** the perf. sinit seems to depend on a false reading in Dion. 1 p. 371, wh. Keil has sinit and sinit; in Pl. Cure. 1, 1 the reading is sinit or sirit, not sinit as a subj.; for siri in Varr. ap. Dion. 371 Keil has siri, i.e. siri as a monos., cf. Ter. Ad. 1, 2, 24; sinit, Att. in § 8; pres. perf. subj. sirit, Pacuv. 201 R; Pl. Bac. 3, 2, 18; sirit, Liv. § 13; siritis, Pl. Poen. 5, 1, 20; past perf. sinit, Liv. 27, 6, 8; sissent, Cic. Sest. 44; **16.** sins as imper. pres. for sine, or rather for an older sinus, neue lue rue (i.e. luem, ruem), sins incurrere in pleores (and pleoris), carn. aru. 2, CIL 28, where Mommsen takes sins for sinus.

**siparium**, ū, n. dim. [of supparum] lit. a small topsail, hence one of the small curtains above the aulaeum which were folded up, while the aulaeum descended to show the stage, aulaeo subducto et complicitis sipariis (al. siparis) scena disponitur, Apul. M. 10, 29 f.; and met., aulaeum tragicum dimoueto et siparium scenicum compliato, 1, 8; erat uelum minutum (al. minicum) quod populo obsistit dum actus committatur, Douat. prol.; quibuscum in exoetra heluatur, antea post siparium solebat, Cic. pro. cons. 14; **2.** also the curtain in the stage for mimes, Publius, quotiens mimicas ineptias et uerba ad summam caueam spectantia reliquit, inter multa alia cothurno, non tantum sipario fortiora, et hoc ait..., Sen. tranq. an. 11, 8; Consumtis opibus nocem Damasippe locasti Sipario, clamorosum ageres ut Phasma Catulli, Iuv. S. 186; siparium genus ueli minicum, Paul. ex F. 341; **3.** a piece of canvas for painting on, depictam in tabula siparione imaginem rei, Quint. 6, 1, 32; cum eius accusator in sipario nudum eum in neruo pinxisset, 6, 3, 72.

**si-quidem**, adv. (= a γε) if at least, actumst siquidem haec uera praedicat, Ter. Andr. 3, 1, 7; sequitur ut uita sinit paria si quidem prauitatis animi recte uita dicuntur, Cic. parat. 22; tui municipes sunt illi quidem splendidissimi homines, sed tamen pauci si quidem cum Atnatibus conferantur, Planc. 21; Hoc quoque temptemus, siquidem ieiunia remansit, Ov. F. 4, 603; **2.** if really, if truly, Si quidem mihi saltandam, iam nos date bibat tibicini, Pl. St. 5, 5, 16; Si quid aliud tibi uis? C. Siquidem hoc fit, S. Siquidem? experitudo scies, Ter. Hant. 2, 3, 90; **3.** since, summa etiam utilitas (est in his) qui militari laude antecellunt siquidem eorum consilio et periculo quum re publica tum etiam nostris rebus perfrui possumus, Cic. Mur. 24; cum antiquissimum et doctis gentis sit poetarum, siquidem Homerus fuit et Hesiodus ante Romam conditum, Tusc. 1, 3; **4.** even if, although, siquidem centiens hic uisa sit, tamen initias eat, Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 32; D. Tuum est? L. Rogitas? Siquidem hercle Iouis fuit, meus est tamen, Rud. 5, 3, 5; **5.** qth. either siquidem or rather as a dywll. si-qu'em, for si in itself long could scarcely have been shortened, when made emphatic by an enclitic; see quidem.

**si-quis**, or -qui, -quae or -qua, -quid and -quod, if any, Ingenio te 'sse in liberos leni puto, Et illum obsequem siquis recte at commodum Tractaret, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 99; itaque ei testamentum legat grandem pecuniam a filio si qui natus esset, Cic. Clu. 33; **2.** whoever, whatever, as a relative but without an antecedent (or consequent), Vos saltem si quid quaeritis exhibitis (pass et bibitis) et comestis, Pl. Truc. 1, 2, 54; ut in araneolis aliae quasi rete texunt ut siquid inhererit conciant, Cic. N. D. 2, 123; si quid est pabuli obrunt nites, Liv. 21, 37, 4; **3.** strengthened with ullus, Rhoebe diu, res siqua diu mortalibus ullast, Viximus, Verg. 10, 861; **4.** in nom. m. siqui is preferred to siquis by Cic.; in nom. f. and n. pl. siqua is most common, still there occur siquae laboriosast ad me curritur, Ter. Haut. pr. 44; so the Bemb., but all others siqua and a trochee here is admissible; so in Hor. s. 2, 6, 10 si fors quae mihi, wh. quae is perh. due to the enclitic mihi; but in Cic. Att. 4, 2 Med. bas si qua uis esset facta; in n. pl. si quae..., ea..., is in Att. 16, 5, 2; but siqua is more common; Priscian held siqua to be the only form both in nom. f. and n. pl.; **5.** adv. si-cunde (cunde orig. form of unde), if from any (place or person), mi sicunde potes erues qui decem legati Munnio fuerint, Cic. Att. 13, 30, 3; nec consul tentandis urbibus sicunde spes aliqua se ostendit deat, Liv. 26, 38, 5; **6.** si-cubi (at dat. cubi old form of ubi), if in any (place), if anywhere, siubi eum satietas..., ceparet, requiesceret, Ter. Eun. 3, 1, 13; si me adsequi poteris aut siubi nactus eris, sepelito, Cic. Tusc. 1, 103; eposset siubi loco cessum, si signa foede amissa obici nobis possent, tamen hoc a te impetrari aequum censerem, Liv. 7, 13, 4; Siubi magna Iouis antiquo robore quereus Ingentis tendat ramos, aut siubi nigrum Ilieibus crebris sacra nemus accubet umbra, Verg. G. 3, 332; **7.** siqui, if to any (place), eas (litteras) si quo ille misit, in publico proponat uelim, Cic. Att. 8, 2, 1; impetrat est ut classem ducret in Ligurum oram siqui uisu esse posset, Liv. 40, 26, 8; **8.** siqua, if by any road, if in any way, Iubet illum eundem persequi, siqua queat reperire quae sustulerit, Pl. Cist. 1, 3, 35; Si qua fata sinant, Verg. 1, 18; **9.** siqui, if by any means, if anyhow, Siqui probiorum facere posses, Pl. Tr. 1, 2, 83.

**sirempse**, siremps or sireps, adv. [for si-repse, from si so (wh. see) and repse; for m cf. rumpo, cumbo] so substantially, a legal term followed by quamvis etc., ei(que) omnium rerum siremps lex esto quae si in haec lege (pecuniam..., exegisset), lex Bant. CIL 197, 13; (deque ea re ei) praetori omnium rerum quod ex haec lege factum non erit sireps lex esto quae si apud eum ea res acta esset), lex repet. CIL 198, 73; de eo agro siremps lex esto quae si is ager P. Mucio L. Calpurnio eos. (publicus fuisset), lex agr. CIL 200, 27; sirempse eis uiatoribus... omnium rerum ius lexque esto quae si ei uiatoribus...; sirempse eis praeconiis... omnium rerum ius lexque esto quae si ei praeconiis..., lex Corn. CIL 202, 1, 39 and 2, 2; de eo agro ea pecunia pecta erit deque eo quod cum pecunia d(are) (oportebit) (siremps) res lex ius causaque (omni- bus) omnium (r)erum esto atque ut ei esset esse oportet, sci is..., lex Rubr. 2, 10; so in initials alone s r i c q o o r e atque ut ei esset esse oportet sci is..., 2, 40; siremps lex esto quae sacrum uiolauerit, Caes. ap. Charis. 116; qui aduersus ea quid fecerit siremps lex ius (so Scal. ej.); ms sirepublicum ex iussu) causaque omnium rerum omnibus esto atque ut ei esset esse oportet sci is..., lex Quintia ap. Frontin. 129; s. r. l. r. i. c. q. o. r. e. s, si remps lex res ius causaque omnium rerum esto, as corrected by Mommsen, Val. Prob. de sing. lit. Keil. 10, vol. 4, p. 272; cf. Festus 344 a 28 M; **2.** beyond legal sphere. Sirempse legem (so Scal. ej.); ms similem rem ipse in legem) iussit esse Iuppiter Quasi magistratum sibi alterique ambuerit, Pl. Amph. pr. 73; ubi ad finem mortalium uentum est, discede inquit ambitio, omnium quae terram premunt siremps lex esto, Sen. ep. 91, 16; **3.** Charis. 73 speaks of a nom. sireps, abl. sirempse; and again, 116: siremps ab hoc sirempse, but adds: nisi forte quidam aduerbially legere maluerint; see Ritschl, Rhein. Mus. 2. f. 8, 298.

**sisto**, ēre, sisti (sisti only in Cato, see § 20), stātum, [for si-seto, root set, cf. gigno, γίγνομαι, μύρω, πύρω for gi-gen-o, γί-γεν-ομαι, μυ-ρω-ω, πυ-ρω-ω; so sta- for set-a, as our stop for set-op] as vb. trans., vb. r. sistere se or sisti, vb. intr. and pass. impers., stop, Haec se carminibus pronittit... Sistere aquam pluvii, Verg. 4, 489; Siste puer lacrimas, Ov. F. 1, 307; sanguinem, Plin. 20, 59 and 28, 239; Tac. an. 15, 54—staneb; nentrem, Mart. 13, 116, 2; Plin. 20, 250; alium, 22, 129; 23, 113; gradum, Verg. 6, 465; Prop. 5, 10, 36; equos, Verg. 12, 355; legiones, Liv. 1, 37, 3; fugam, 1, 12, 5; querellas, Ov. M. 7, 111; non prius se ab effuso cursu sistunt quam in conspectu Praeneste fuit, Liv. 6, 29, 3; 2. esp. stop what is in the act of falling, save from falling, save, magnum hoc tuum erga tecta ipsa meritum sistere ruinas, Plin. pan. 50; but in Pl. Ps. 5, 2, 7 sustine rather than siste; 3. and met., non ita ciuitatem aegram esse ut consuetis remediis sisti posset, Liv. 3, 20, 8; totam plebem aere alieno demersam esse nec sisti posse ni omnibus consulatur, 2, 29, 8; uix concordia sisti (impers.) uidebatur posse, 3, 16, 3; add 45, 19, 13; rempublicam sistere negat posse ni ad equestrem ordinem iudicia referantur, save itself from falling, stand, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 223; Hic rem Romanam magno turbante tumultu Sistet eques (so Med.), but Wagner and Ribbeck sistit, eques etc.—possime, Verg. 6, 859; 4. fix what is loose, succus cum aceto calefactus mobilis (dents) sistit, Plin. 20, 15; 5. place in a firm or safe position, land, Ego stum in tranquillo et tuto sistam, ne time, Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 50; Suam rem sibi saluam sistam si illo aduenierit, 5, 2, 153; ita mihi saluam ac sospitem rem publicam sistere in sua sede liceat..., ut..., Aug. ap. Suet. 28; Tu modo seruitio uacuum me sistere superbo, Prop. 4, 16, 41; Nusquam abero et tutum patrio te limine sistam, Verg. 2, 620; officioque meo rita sistetur in illa Haec ait Alcide, Ov. M. 9, 109; 6. place, esp. with great labour or power, Et montium infelix sacra sistimus arce, Verg. 2, 245; o qui me gelidis in nallibus Haemi Sistat! (G. 2, 488; sed rapit aere Totam aeternam in Teneros et contra in litore sistit, A. 10, 309; multa nocte cohortes expeditas summis montium iugis super caput hostium sistit, Tac. h. 3, 77; 7. of a weapon, plant, Interque inculum clamanti sistit in ore, Verg. 10, 323; dextroque in lumine sistit Spicula sacra fere, Sil. 4, 612; 8. of religious matters, make permanent, consecrate, dedicate, set up, fana sistere, Antist. Laib. ap. Post. 351; cum diuis Augustus sibi et urbi Romae templum apud Pergamum sisti non prohibuisset, Tib. ap. Tac. an. 4, 37; haruspices monere ut templum isdem uestigis sisteretur, h. 4, 53; Romae tropaea de Parthis acusque medio Capitolini sistebantur, an. 15, 18; 9. in law, produce (a person; as bound to do), as vb. trans. or intrans. esp. in perf.; ita tum discedat ut Iulius P. Quinctium sisti Sex. Alfenuis promitteret, Cic. Quinct. 29; si seruum in eadem causa sistere quidam promiserit et liber factus sistat, non recte sistitur, Ulp. dig. 2, 9, 5; qui duos homines in iudicio sisti promisit, si alterum exhibet, alterum non, ex promissione non uidetur eos sistisse, 2, 6, 4; cum quis in iudicio sisti promiserit, neque adiecerit poenam si status non esset..., 2, 5, 3; add Paul. dig. 2, 9, 6; Testificatur P. Quinctium non sistisse et so sistisse (so ass. rejected for sistisse solely on the weak authority of Gell. 2, 14), Cic. Quinct. 25; ut quantum domini litis interfuit sisti, tantum non stato reo procurator debeat, Nerat. dig. 2, 11, 14; Vbi tu's qui me conuadatu's Veneris uadimonius? Sisto ego tibi me et mihi contra itidem ut sistas uadeo, Pl. Cure. 1, 3, 6; promissus Carnufici aut talentum magnum aut hunc hodie sistere, Rud. 3, 4, 73; 10. sistere uadimonium to appear in fulfilment of bail, uenit Romam Quinctius, uadimonium sistit, Cic. Quinct. 29; Quid si uadimonium capite oboluto sistisses (so, not sistesses, says Gell.), Cato ap. Gell. 2, 14; but in Nep. Att. 9, 4, praestiterit u., not sistit; 11. beyond legal sphere, produce, pede ego iam illam huc tibi sistam in niam, Pl. Mil. 2, 3, 73; Annam cara mihi nutrix huc siste eorrem, Verg. 4, 634; 12. as vb. intr., besides exx. already given, stop, stand still, solstitium quod sol eo die sistere uidebatur, Varr. l. 6, 2, p.

190 Sp.; sistunt amnes tetrarumque dehiscunt, Verg. G. 1, 479; 13. stand firm, maintain one's ground, Nec quisquam... Teneros... Sustentare ualid telis, aut sistere contra, Verg. 11, 873; with a dat., Galba inruenti turbae neque acetate neque corpore sistens (al. aliter), Tac. h. 1, 35; 14. ore sistere, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 13; capite s., Cure. 2, 3, 8—stand on one's head; 15. be (of things permanent), Manil. 3, 529, and 4, 540; cf. Ital. stare; 16. status, part. fixed (as to place), stellis tam nigris quam statis, Censor. 8, 2; 17. fixed (as to time), sacrificium, Cic. Tusc. 1, 113; nec statii sacra facit, Ov. F. 2, 528; tres in anno statos dies habuisse quibus Bacchis infatuerant, Liv. 39, 13, 8; ut hi ludi in perpetuum in statum diem uocuerant, 27, 23, 7 (not to be confounded with status dies, a day fixed for a special occasion, as in Liv. 24, 27, 1: status est comitiis dies); 18. fixed (in amount), reditum sicut modicum ita statum praedicant, Plin. ep. 3, 19, 5; 19. stata forma, perb. a lasting beauty, not depending on youth, of doubtful meaning, cas fere (nam) feminas Incolum pudicitia esse quae stata forma foret, Enn. tr. 7 V; 20. stiti only in Cato, on the authority of Gell. 2, 14; steti alone is given by Charis. 220; Diom. 369; Prisc. 903; 21. steti really belongs to sisto, not to sto, though it is convenient to give its meanings under sto; the perf. shd. have been sesti or sesti, which with excrement t. led to sesteti, sestiti, and then the redupl. se fell off, as in tuli from tetuli.

**sitis**, is, f. [see below] thirst, miserumst opus Igitur demum fodere puteum ubi stitis fauces tenet, Pl. Most. 2, 1, 33; P. Salue. L. Egon salua sim quae stis sicca sim? Cure. 1, 2, 26; ex febrili ex siti ex medicamentis bibendis, Cato 78, 61; cibo et potione fames sitisque depulsa est, Cic. fin. 1, 37; Ex unoque sitim sedantes flumine aquai, Lucr. 2, 664; Dulcis aquae saliente sitim restringere riuo, Verg. B. 5, 47; Nec sitim pellit nisi causa morbi Fugerit, Hor. od. 2, 2, 14; 2. of drought, in poets, Hoc ubi hulea siti findit canis aestifer arua, Verg. G. 2, 353; Et canis amenti torrens arua siti, Tib. 1, 4, 42; Inachios haurit sitis ignea campos, Stat. Th. 1, 699; 3. met. of the mind, thirst (for), liberatis, Cic. rep. 1, 66; eroris, Ov. M. 13, 768; tanto maior famae sitis est quam Virtutis, Liv. 10, 149; 4. also, stitis aestatis restringitur fontibus, Iuv. 11, 3, 9; 5. stis, crude form sitic (cf. sitic-nlosus), seems to have grown out of sic-is (old crude form sic-ie—which wd. have been offensive, and for change of c to t, cf. suif. of frq. vbs. with a preceding guttural, clamito agito quaerito, by the side of the more genuine uelicio fodicio muleo); note also siccus; 6. again a root sic wd. agree with σικ of σίφα (cf. for initials δεικ of δεικνυμι and σμαρ- for σικ-μαρ or σικ-μαρ, signum by deico, dico), cf. Welsh sych dry; syched thirst, drought; 7. then sitis with a long vowel in a verse quoted from an old poet by Cic. Tusc. 1, 10: Mento summaam aquam attingens (read attigens) enectus siti Tantalus, confirms this, as standing for sit-is with an excrement t, just as we have sitius for sectius by the side of secus, itself too for secius; Herm. and Sauppe wd. read enectus Tantalus siti; but the order of Cic.'s text is supported by Prisc. 1, 470, 19 K; 8. a root sic in Rome wd. have a provincial variety sep, and hence Fr. soif; cf. palumbes pitpit popina, also as Port. neve: Lat. nie-(nix) snow, so Port. seve: our theoretic sic.

1 situs, part. of sino, wh. see.

2 **situs**, us, m. [sin-o place] situation, position, site, urbem Syracusas elegit cuius hic situs esse dicitur ut..., Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 20; erant eiusmodi fere situs oppidorum ut..., Caes. b. g. 3, 12, 1; sub castris eius uagabatur ut situm castrorum cognosceret, 5, 57, 3; Africae situm paucis exponere, Sal. Jug. 17, 1; 2. a district, a region, a country, in hoc situ interiere Comini, Tadiates Alaterni, Plin. 3, 108; nec tantum gustatu earum pantheras, nisi hoc fieret, repleturas illos situs, 27, 7; 3. the being left alone, non locum, eorum esse debere quam scississimum ne situ penora muerent contrahant, Colum. 12, 4, 4; uolumina ex diutino situ squalebant, Gell. 9, 4, 4; 4. as the result



of non-use, rust, dirt, mould, rottenness etc., *Aera nitent usu*, nestis bona quaerit haberi, *Canaescunt turpi tecta relicta situ*, *Ov. am. 1, 8, 52*; *mollior...situs araneoso* (a cobweb), *Catull. 25, 3*; *Araneosus obsolet foris situs*, *auct. priap. 82, 30*; quae in usu sunt et manum cotidie tactumque patiuntur, nunquam periculum situs aduent, *Sen. ben. 3, 2*; *detergete situm ferro*, *Sil. 7, 534*; and met., *corumpitur situ* (I am getting quite mouldy), *Ita miser cubando in lecto hic expectando obdormi*, *Pl. Truc. 5, 23*;

**5.** of land untilled, per loca sentia siti (weeds etc.), *Verg. 6, 402*; *Cessat iners rigido terra relicta situ*, *Ov. tr. 3, 10, 70*; *prata situ utustatis obducta*, *Colum. 2, 18, 2*;

**6.** of the infirmities of age, uicta siti uerique efflata senectus, *Verg. 7, 440*; *Dumque refert iter meritum maxima, demptos Aeonis esse situs*, *Ov. M. 7, 303*; **7.** of the mind, rust, Ne perant turpi pectora nostra situ, *Ov. tr. 5, 12, 1*; add *3, 14, 36* and *Pont. 1, 5, 8*; *marcescere otio situque languit*, *Liv. 33, 45*; *mens...* in huiusmodi secretis cunctat et quandam uelut in opaco situum ducit, *Quint. 1, 2, 18*; *torpentis animi situs*, *Sen. tranq. an. 2, 8*;

**8.** of what becomes obsolete, sepultae ac situ obstitae iustitia, aequitas, industria, *Vell. 2, 126, 2*; quantum apud Ennium uerborum situs occupauerit, *Sen. ep. 58, 5*;

**si-uē**, (old form *seue*) or *seu* adv. or if, *Dehinc postulo, sine aequomst, te oro Daue ut redeat iam in uiam*, *Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 19*;

**2.** at times the term suggested as perhaps preferable to the *sine* clause, is to be understood though not expressed in the main clause, ut ei conlegio, *seue* magistri sunt Ioui compagei (then to the magistri also), locus in teatro esset quaei sei ludos fecissent, *CIL 571, 2*; *Ilithya tuere matres, Siue tu Lucina probas uocari Sen Genitalis*, *Hor. carm. s. 15*, or *Lucina* or *G.*, if so to be called thou dost prefer; *haec pars dialectica siue illam dicere malum disputatricem, or pars disputatrix*, if we prefer that term..., *Quint. 12, 2, 13*;

**3.** elliptically, with such a vb. as manis understood, *opulentam urbem matri seu (or shall I say?) nouercae reliquit*, *Liv. 1, 3, 3*;

**4.** esp. with *potius*, o hominem fortunatum qui eiusmodi nuptus seu potius Pegasus habeat! *Cic. Quint. 50*; *quid foedus hoc ac urbe depressu siue potius turpissima fuga?* *Att. 8, 3, 3*;

**5.** *sine* (*seu*) doubled, and first each with its own vb. and its own apodosis, if on the one hand..., then..., if on the other..., then..., *sine enim ad sapientiam perueniri potest, non paranda nobis solum ea sed fruenta etiamst; siue hoc difficiet, tamen nec modus est ullus inuestigandi ueri, nisi inuenieris, et quaerendi defatigatio turpis est, quom id quod quaeritur sit pulcherrimum*, *Cic. fin. 1, 3*; *Siue lyrae carmen digitis percussit eburnis, Miramur faciles ut premat arte manus; Sen nidi ad frontem sparsos errare capillos, Gaudet landatis ire superba comis; Siue illam...*, *Hoc totum...*; *Seu eum...*, *Inuenio...*; *Seu nuda...*, *Tum uero...*, *Prop. 2, 1, 5*; and prob. in *Cic. Tusc. 1, 97* we should read: *quamobrem siue sensus...*, *quid luci est emori?...siue uera...*, id multo iam beatus est (rather than sin uera);

**6.** wh. the two *sine* clauses have their own verb or verbs, but a common main verb, alike whether...or..., no matter whether...or..., *nam illo loco libentissime soleo uiti, siue quid mecum ipse cogito siue aliquid scribo aut lego*, *Cic. leg. 2, 1*; *homines nobiles seu recte seu perperam facere coeperunt ita in utroque excellunt ut...*, *Quint. 3, 1*; *siue enim siue est siue illo modo, uideri possunt permulta somniantibus falsa pro ueris, diu, 2, 120*; *siue in respondendo fuerit subito dicendum, siue quae alia exegerit ratio, nunquam oppressum se eredit orator*, *Quint. 12, 9, 20*; a quibusdam tota res repudiatur siue intellegatur siue non intellegatur, *9, 2, 69*; in eo (sc. uerbo) fiunt solecismi per genera tempora personas modos, siue qui status eos dici sine qualitates placet, *1, 5, 41*; *Nam si qui palnam ambissint histrioribus, si quouiam artificii...*, *seu...*, *Pl. Amph. pr. 70*; but see pass. in *Ritschl*; add *Ov. F. 2, 81*; *2, 477*; *seu, 4, 171, 177, 693, 719*;

**7.** or the *sine* clauses may have no vb. of their own, the following words being in construction with the main clause, ubi quemeq hominera asperox Siue ancillam siue seruum si uoxem si adulterum Si patrem si auom niuebo, opruone in adedlms, *Pl. Amph. 4, 3, 15*; si apud te plus auctoritas mea quam

tua siue natura paulo aeror siue quaedam dulcedo iracundiae siue dicendi sal facticiaeque malisest, nihil sane esset quod nos paeniteret, *Cic. Q. fr. 1, 2, 7*; *siue deo siue deae uerueces* *tr. inscr. Or. 961*; ita siue easu siue consilio deorum immortalium..., *Caes. b. g. 1, 12, 6*; *Heceti seu quod timore perterritos Romanos discedere existimaret siue eo quod re frumentaria intercludi posse confiderent, nostros insequi coeperunt*, *1, 23, 3*;

**8.** in old writers *sine* often corresponds to a preceding *si*, *si t(urbanus) plebei*..., quae ex haec lege facere oportuit non fecerit, siue aduersus hanc legem fecerit..., *CIL 107, 9*; *sei* is *pupillus* siue *ea pu(pilla)* *crit. 206, 4*; *Si media nox est siuest prima uespera*, *Pl. Cure. 1, 1, 4*; add *Cato orat. p. 68 Iordan*; but in *Ter. Andr. 1, 3, 11* we should prob. read: *haec Andria siue ea uxor siue amicaet, grandia e Pamphilost (for si ista here is a solecism)*; so also in *Cic. acad. 1, 7* read with *Turnebus*: *siue enim Zenonem...*, *siue Academicam (not si uero Ac.)*;

**9.** *sine* followed by *ut* in: *Sine sacro iani, sedine sub arbore sacra*, *Ov. F. 4, 749*;

**10.** *sine* alone, never *seu*, is found in inscriptions before the death of Caesar; nor does *seu* occur in old trag. or com.; for in the quotation of *Charis. p. 254*: *Siue ista uirtus seu latrocinium...*, *seu* is a conj., the *us* has *siue*; it is assigned by *Charis. 181* to *Eun.* but in a passage *wh.* seems not trustworthy; in *Cic. Caes. etc.* *sine* and *seu* seem used indifferently.

**sōbrius**, adj. (for *qtr.* see *Pl. § 2 Ter. § 3 and Hor. § 1*)

[for *sobrius* and *so* = *σώφρων* sound-minded, *so* = *σω* of *σωος* σωζω and *sa* of *sanus*; then as *b* Lat. = *φ* Gk., cf. *Bruges* = *Phryges*, *φρεν* = *Lat. brain* or *brun*., *W. bryd* mind, *Corn. brys* whence *com-brys* of one mind, *an-combrys* dissentient, see *W. Stokes* note on 'The Passion', *Tr. Philolog. Soc. 1860 p. 87*; cf. too *e-brius* without mind, drunk] *li. sound-minded, sober-minded, Auream quisquis mediocritatem Piligit...*, *caet inuidenda Sōbrius alia*, *Hor. od. 2, 10, 8* and *perh.* in some of the passages quoted in § 3;

**2.** *gen.* in reference to wine, *sober*, *Si alia membra uino madaent, cor sit saltem sobrium*, *Pl. Truc. 4, 4, 2*; *ne uiolenti quidem quae faciunt, eadem approbatione faciunt quae sobrii*, *Cic. acad. pr. 52*;

**3.** of *sober* habits, *non fratrem uidet Rei dare operam ruri parcam ac sobriūm*, *Ter. Ad. 1, 2, 15*; *sunt omnes Siculi non contemnendi sed homines et satis fortes et plane frugi ac sobrii*, *Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 67*; *quae nisi uigilantes homines nisi sobrii consequi non possunt*, *Cael. 74*;

**4.** *met.*, *nee aestimant uoluptates illa Epicuri quam sobria ac sicca sit*, *Sen. uit. b. 12, 4*; *si ille (sc. animus) sanus est, ingenium quoque sicum ac sobrium est*, *esp. 114, 3*; note the *sicums* in these passages;

**5.** applied met. to things, *poetula*, *Tib. 1, 6, 28*; *nox*, *Prop. 4, 10, 11*; *inertuelum (sc. Albeuclm uitem) appellare, instius sobriam dicturi siquidem temulentium sola non facit*, *Plin. 14, 31*; *rura*, without vines, *Stat. siln. 4, 2, 36*; *uerba*, *Mart. 1, 27, 5*;

**6.** *Sobrius uicus*, a street in Rome said to have been so called as having no taverns, *Fest. s. v.*;

**7.** without *concup.* or superl., quod nomen (sobrius) comparari non debet, neque enim sobrior neque sobriusque dici potest, quamuis Laberius sobrior dixit, *Charis. 1, 15, 64*;

**8.** a nom. *sober* seems to have existed, though condemned by *Prob. de nom. exc. 213*, *inst. art. 126*;

**9.** *Eugenius 3, 6* makes the *o* short, *L. Müller de re m. 364*.

**sōcord-ia**, (al. sec.) *ae. f.* [soccors; wh. see] stupidity,

*Quin tu aps te socordiam omnem reicis, sgnitatem amoues?* *Pl. As. 2, 1, 6*; *Enimvero Daue nil locist segnitiae neque socordia*, *Ter. Andr. 1, 3, 1*; *quod ostenderetis immensum timiditatem ac socordiam causa erat ne quid negotii gereretur*, *Cato ap. Fest. sub v., wh. F. adds: socordiam quidam pro ignavia posuerunt, Cato pro stultitia posuit; Multa amittuntur tardicie et socordia*, *Att. 278 R*; *scitis socordia atque ignavia Lentuli quantam ipsi nobisque eladem attulerit*, *Sall. Cat. 58, 4*; *eum eo hoste res est qui hestero die delendi omnis exercitus fortuna per socordiam usus non sit*, *Liv. 7, 35, 5*; *philosophia uitanda est, affert enim socordiam atque desidiam*, *ad Her. 2, 35* (who observes, uana ratio est); *ac si quem socordia argueret (Antonia), stultiore aiebat filio suo Claudio*, *Suet. Claud. 3*; *quo*

magis sociordium eorum invidere libet qui praesentia potentia credunt extingui posse etiam sequentis aevi memoriam, Tac. an. 4, 35; sociordia Darei creuisse hostium famam, Curt. 7, 4, 3; 2. inactivity of mind, sluggishness, non fuit consilium sociordia atque desidia bonum otium contemere, Sal. Cat. 4, 1; nisi felicitas in sociordium vertisset, exire inquam potuere, Tac. Agr. 31; 3. for qty. of first syllable see socors § 4.

**socors**, cordis (al. sec.) adj. [see -cord-, lit. without a heart, hence] stupid (the heart being the seat of intellect and memory, not as with us of the affections and memory, cf. cordatus), Si era me sciat tam socordem esse quam sum; Quam in manibus tenuit atque accepti hic ante aedes Cistellam, ubi ea sit nescio! Pl. Cist. 4, 2, 5; contra quos Carneades ita multa disseruit ut excitaret homines non socordes ad veri investigandi cupiditatem, Cic. N. D. 1, 4; suspectabat maxime Cornelium Sullam socors ingenium eius in contrarium trahens callidumque et simulatorem interpretando, Tac. an. 13, 47; add h. 3, 50; 2. inactive in mind, sluggish, Nolim ceterarum rerum te socordem eodem modo, Ter. Ad. 4, 5, 61; an dubium habetis me officere quid nobis uo animo pergentibus possit, quos languidos socordesque pertinere? Sal. or. Licin.; at Scia-nus nimia fortuna socors, Tac. an. 4, 39; 3. with gen., gregarius miles futuri socors (not troubling themselves about the future), Tac. h. 3, 31; 4. the o or e socors, sociordia (sec.) should by origin be long, yet Prud. Cath. 79 has: Ne somnus usque ad terminos Vitae socordis opprimat; in p. st. 10, 810; Gula est ferina sed socors elaciat; and in apoth. 126 (al. 103) Caecorum caecos liquor atra sociordia quorum; L. Müller, de re metr., p. 364, compares separate as used by Martial; further in all the passages from Pl. Ter. Att. a short vowel suits the metre; 5. sociordius as adv. comp. with less spirit, Liv. 1, 22, 5; Tac. h. 2, 15.

**sodālis**, e, adj. [sōdes; cf. for qty. cūrulis from currus, mūllula from mamma, for change of first vowel cf. solium of same sort; of second cf. glacialis dialis] of the same table or mess, Tristior idcirco nox est quam tempora Phoebe; Quae relictus luctus turbā sodālis ādest, Ov. r. am. 586; 2. hence as sb. m., a messmate, sodales quidam dictos putant quod una sederent essentque, Fest. 297 b 24 M; Verum hic sodalis tuus amicus optimus, Pl. Cas. 3, 18; Si frater aut sodalis esset, qui magis morem gereret, Ter. Ad. 4, 5, 74; at hoc Anaximandro populari et sodali suo (Thales) non persuasit, Cic. acad. pr. 118; aequales sodalesque adolescentium Tarquiniorum, Liv. 2, 3, 2; 3. esp. a member of the same club or company (sodalitas), neque illud me commouet quod sibi in Lupercis semper esse Caelium dixit, Cic. or. 2, 26; primum habui sodales sodales; sodalitates autem me quaestore constituit sunt sacris Idaeis Magnae Matris acceptis, sen. 45; 4. sodales sunt qui eiusdem collegii sunt, quam Graeci *εταίρα* vocant, Gai. dig. 47, 22, 4; 5. esp. of religious colleges in honour of deceased Emperors etc., sodales Titii, inscr. Or. 746; 890; sodal. Augusti, 3661; sodali Augustali, 663; sodales (Her)culei, 5003; sodali sacror. Tusculanor., 3905; 6. of a quasi-husband or wife, Rubriae Tyche T. Flauus Hermes sodali optima b. m. f., 2667; D. M. Prima digna fui merito meo rara sodali..., inscr. Or. Henz. 0197; 7. met., Vēncris sodāli craterae, Hor. od. 3, 18, 6; hiemis sodali Hebro, 1, 25, 19.

**sōdēs**, for si audes if you please, please [see audio § 2 and § 3], libenter copulando verba inuectum ut sodes pro si audes, si pro si uis, Cic. orat. 154; hic puer Die sodas quis heri Chrysidem habuit? Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 58; wh. Donatus: sodes est si audes; Die sodes mihi, Bellan uidetur specie mulier? Pl. Enc. 4, 7, 39; Da sodes aps te; ego post tibi reddam duplex, Men. 3, 22; Iube sodes noster curari, Cic. Att. 7, 3, 11; Aut sodes mihi re lide decem sestertia Silo, Catul. 103, 1; nescere sodes, Hor. ep. 1, 7, 15; corrigē sodes Hoc alicui at hoc, A. P. 438; tu sodes qui coepas fabulam remittere, Apul. M. 1, 4, 1; 2. the full form si audes, Pl. Trin. 2, 1, 17, and in E. Die mihi

si audes quis adest quam uis duces uxorem. M. Eloquent, Aut. 2, 1, 48 as quoted by Prisc. 690; but here the mass of Pl. have die mihi quaeso.

**sōlī**, solis, m. [a contracted word; cf. Go. sauil and sunna, Gk. *αἴολος* as well as *ἥλιος*, S. *syūna*, *sūra* etc., Lit. saule, Norse sol and sunna] the sun, Interea sol albus recessit in infera noctis, Enn. an. 92 V; Jam solis aestu caudor eum liquesceret, Fuv. 53 R; omnium (temporum) moderatorem et diem solem, Cic. Tusc. 1, 68; 2. of the sun's heat and light, sun-shine, in sole ambulare, Cic. or. 2, 60; unum tecum apertionem in illo Lucretio tuo sole malum quam omnia istiusmodi regna, Att. 7, 11, 1; add 12, 6, 2; scapos in sole profunderos, Plin. 21, 110; mala diuisa in sole ponuntur donec arescant, Colum. 12, 14; specularia puras Admittunt soles, Mart. S. 14, 4; 3. in poets, for a day, Tris adeo incerto caeca caligine soles Erramus pelago, Verg. 3, 203; Bis senos soles totidem per uulnere saeuae Emensi noctes, Sil. 3, 554; 4. of a year, as though each year had a sun of its own (cf. luna for a month), sit femina (sc. canis) binos Quae tulerit soles, Nem. cyn. 120; 5. met., quo quidem anno P. Africanus sol alter exstinctus est, Cic. N. D. 2, 14; Solem Asiae Brutum appellat stellaeque salubres Appellat comites, Hor. s. 1, 7, 24; 6. as fixing points of compass, Belgae spectant in septentrionem et orientem solem (to the North and East)...; Aquitania spectat inter oceanum solis et septentriones (west and north), Caes. b. g. 1, 1, 6 and 7; alterum (latus Britanniae) uergit ad Hispaniam atque occidentem solem, 5, 13, 2; Hic mutat merces surgente a sole ad eum quo Vespertina tepet regio, Hor. s. 1, 4, 29; 7. dies solis, Sunday, Imp. Caes. Constantinus...prouisione etiam pietatis suae nundinas die solis perpetui anno constituit, inscr. Or. 508; 8. the sun as a god often confounded with Apollo, Regia Solis erat sublimis alta columnis, Ov. M. 2, 1; Sol oculis iuuenem quibus aspiciet omnia uidit, 2, 32; quid Medae respondebis quae duobus anis sole et Oceano, Aetna patre matre Idyia procreata est? Cic. N. D. 3, 48; Imp. Caesar P. M. I. Augustus...Soli donum dedit, inscr. Or. 36; L. Aelii...pontifici dei solis collegium laborum tignar., 60; deo soli Heelagabalo Aur. Bassinus, 1941; 9. esp. of the Eastern God Mithras, A. Decimus...dedit solem Mithra(m)...restituit, 1911; deo soli inuictio Myhre, 1915; and the same often abbrev., hieroceryx D. S. I. M., 2335; 10. solis gemma, precious stone, Plin. 37, 181; 11. prouenturium solis, a headland on the coast of Mauretania, Plin. 5, 9; 12. solis aqua, a spring in the oasis of Hammon, Curt. 4, 31; Mel. 1, 8; 13. phares, solem e mundo tollere uidentur qui aenitiam e uita tollunt, Cic. am. 47; clatus deinde ira adiecit nondum omnium diuorum solem occidisse, of the end of all things, Liv. 39, 26, 9; 14. sole ipso est clarius, Arnob. 1, 28; nec si solem ipsum gestemus in manibus fidem commouebat ei doctrinae, Lact. 7, 1, med.

**soluo**, uirē, uī, ūtum, vb. [for sol-ue or sol-ub-, the root sol (meaning run or go)=sal of salio, ser of serpo, and Skr. ser go] lit. let go by little and little, but in practice let go or let run, set loose, set at liberty, disengage, loosen, unbind, as first with acc. of what was bound, soluite istum nunciam Atque utrumque, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 104; P. Pater non recte minuit. S. Haud ita iussi. P. Iube solui obscuro, Ter. Andr. 5, 4, 52; sequis inuinculis obas res est, eos omnes solui mitti liber(er)ique Genenses uidetur oportere, CIL 199, 44; (Antonius) ergastula (barracoens of slaves) soluendo, D. Brut. ap. Cic. fam. 11, 10, 3; ergastula soluit, 11, 13, 2; Soluite me pueri, Verg. B. 6, 24; solue senescentem...equum, Hor. ep. 1, 1, 8; 2. of dead objects, soluite uela citi, Verg. 4, 574; nec crines soluerē erant, Scindit, uel. 11, 682; 3. esp. of ships, unmoor, weigh anchor, set sail, put to sea, nauem cupinus soluerē, Pl. Med. 4, 7, 17; nauem soluius, Merc. pr. 92; paulo post mediam noctem naves soluit, Caes. b. g. 4, 36, 3; 4. and absol. (sc. nauem or ancoram understood), Soluere imperat secundo morem aduersaque aui, poet. ap. Cic. din. 1, 29; nos cenati soluius, fam. 16, 9, 2; complures mercatores Alexandriae soluisse,

off. 3, 50; naues xviii ex superiore portu soluerunt, Caes. b. g. 4, 28, 1; but not b. c. 3, 101, 6; 5. of bowls, open, relax, alium astringit labor sedile creta..., contra soluit aucta ambulatio atque esca, Cels. 1, 3; Thesia una soluit alium, Plin. 14, 117; tithymallum neutrum soluit, Colum. 9, 13, 2; 6. of the tongue etc., set a going, give a loose to, dum linguam ad iurgia soluit (sc. iuno), Ov. M. 3, 261; uana quoque...fama...Innumeras soluit falsa in praecordia linguis, Lucan. 1, 472; tenuisque ululatus ora soluit (sc. Medea), Ov. M. 7, 191; ora, Tib. 3, 5, 14; 7. secondly with acc. of that which bound, ancora soluit, Cic. Att. 1, 13, 1; uix soluit duos a pectore nexus, Ov. M. 9, 58; nunquamne hos laqueos si solvere negatur abruptum? Plin. ep. 2, 8, 2; 11. 8. met. set free (from), relieve, with acc. of person (nom. in pass.) and abl. of bond etc., petente Placco ut legibus solueretur, Liv. 31, 50, 8; ut religione ciuitas soluitur, Cic. Caccin. 98; me tener soluit nitulus (sc. uoto), Hor. od. 4, 2, 54; Ergo omnis longo soluit se Tencia luctu, Verg. 2, 26; hanc belnam (sc. Clodium) soluit lege curiata, Cic. Sest. 16; 9. in old legal lang. with a gen., euent ut in heredes testamenti soluat, Cic. leg. 2, 51; as also in poets, Cum famulis operum soluit, Hor. od. 3, 17, 16; 10. or with acc. of that from wh. one is set free, remove, soluite corde metum, Virg. 1, 562; L. Manlius perinde ac rei gerendae ac non soluendae religionis gratia creatus esset, Liv. 7, 3, 9 (wh. implies a construction soluit religionem); ieiunia uirgo soluerat, Ov. M. 5, 534—had ended (or broken) her fast; soluens ieiunia bellis Massagetas quo fugit equo, Lucan. 3, 282; 11. 11. met. of debts, pay off, discharge, non quin alicui solvere possem, Sal. Cat. 35, 2; argentum (debts in silver) aere solutum est, 33, 2; Quintus laborat ut tibi quod debet ab Egnatio soluat, Cic. Att. 7, 18, 4; and met., Neque ut uerbis solues nunquam quod mihi re malefeceris, Ter. Ad. 2, 1, 10; magna mihi debebat beneficia..., et cum ut ea solueret (repay) sibi imperare non posset, Cael. ap. Cic. fam. 8, 12, 1; 12. with acc. of the money etc. paid, pay, uti quod eius is reus non soluerit ab eis pecunia exigitur, CIL 198, 67; eam (pecuniam) praesentem mulieri soluit, Cic. Clu. 34; nummos, off. 3, 91; pro frumento nihil, Verg. 2, 3, 169; and absol., misimus qui pro uectura soluerat, Att. 1, 3, 2; 13. with dat. of gerundive or gerund and esse, to be unable to pay one's debts, to be insolvent, quum...nec tamen soluendo aere (as a dat.) alieno republica esset, Liv. 31, 13, 5; cum soluendo ciuitates non essent, Cic. fam. 3, 8, 2; add Phil. 2, 4; Att. 13, 10 f.; off. 2, 79; and with ad, sic pecuniam contriuit ut ad soluendum non esset, Vitr. 10, 6 f.; 14. hence of penalties and punishment, pay, capite poenas soluit, Sal. Ing. 60, 4; hac manu poenas tibi Solam, Sen. Phaedr. 1185; add Oed. 958; 15. a debt of duty, pay, discharge, qui nondum omnia paterno funeri iusta soluisset, Cic. Rose. Am. 23; suprema militibus ducit, Tac. an. 1, 61, 1; inferias uiro, Sen. Phaedr. 1207; 16. esp. of vows, Ad Veneris est profectus mane uetulus uotum ut solueret, Pomp. 133 E; nota ea quae nunquam solueret nuncupauit, Cic. Phil. 3, 11; Venerat et uoti soluerat ille fidem, Ov. F. 1, 642; 17. hence abbrev. I. O. M. et Genio loci huius Q. Caecilius...V. S. L. M. (uotum soluit lubens merito), inser. Or. 186, etc.; 18. so solvere fidem to fulfil an engagement, keep one's word, soluiti fidem, Ter. Andr. 4, 1, 19; suam fidem solutam esse, Planc. ap. Cic. fam. 10, 21, 3; 19. IUV. loosen the component parts of, as melt, dissolve, break up, Tum labefacta rigor auri soluitur aesta, Lucr. 1, 492; Ignis agit uires...saxa ingentia soluit, Lucan. 3, 506; Tanquam Pyrenaee quas nunquam solvere Titan Eualuit fluxere nives, 4, 83; Soluitur aeris hiemps, Hor. od. 1, 4, 1; 20. hence with in and acc. of the new condition, nullum tellus se soluit in annem, Lucan. 2, 468; Romulus exubias decreuit in otia solui, Prop. 5, 4, 79; Anstrum...Libye... Dissipat et liquidas e turbine soluit in auras, Lucan. 9, 451; 21. make loose, soft, or flabby, relax, esp. of the once firm muscles, first of sleep, homines uolacresque ferasque Soluerat alia quies, Ov. M. 7, 186; or blows, plagisque perempto Tansa per integrum soluuntur uiscera pellen,

Verg. G. 4, 302; or death, ast illi soluuntur frigore membra Vitae cum gemitu fugit, A. 12, 951; 22. hence in late prose of dissolution by death, pass away, die, Massiliae morbo Lucius (Caesar) moritur, Flor. 2, 32; adnotis ad uenas serpentibus (Cleopatra) sic morte quasi somno soluta est, 2, 21; quid proderit tibi si soluta inedia fueris? Petr. 111; 23. met. soften, melt (the rugged and hard of mind), ut tamen artum Solueret hospitii animum, Hor. s. 2, 6, 83; Latinus Ille ego sum...Qui spectatorem potui fecisse Catonem, Solueret qui Curios Fabriciosque graves, Mart. 9, 28, 4; 24. cause to evaporate, vanish, carry off, relieve, sunt qui (cometas) credant nasci umore et ignea ut ideoque solui, Plin. 2, 94 f.; eo tempore quo cibrietas solui solet, Cels. 2, 6, 23; qui (dolores) neque tempore neque remediis soluuntur, 2, 7, 15; 25. undo (a knot), solve, segnesque nodum legibus Gratiae, Hor. od. 3, 21, 22; and met., Qui iuris nodos et legum aenigmata soluat, Iuv. 8, 50; qua uia captiosa soluuntur, ambigua distinguantur, Cic. fin. 1, 22; aenigmata, Quint. 8, 6, 53; ambiguitatem, 7, 2, 49; 26. solvere uersum, to break a line of poetry up so as to destroy the rhythm, Non ut si soluas Postquam discordia tetra etc., Hor. s. 1, 4, 60; Si quidem continuis dactylis, ut fit in illo Panditur interea..., solueris uersum, Quint. 9, 4, 49; soluto uersu, 1, 8, 13; uersus primo solvere, max mutatis uerbis interpretari condiscent, 1, 9, 2; Scribere conuallat uerba soluta modis, Ov. tr. 4, 16, 23; 27. hence soluta oratio, prose, libros de oratione soluta duo, de poetica unum, Varr. 1, 6, 11; ut in soluta oratione sic in poematis, 7, 1; liberior est oratio et sic est nere soluta ut sine uinculis sibi ipsa moderetur, Cic. or. 3, 184; 28. of two objects engaged together whether in friendship or war, separate, part, Commiseras acies ego possum solui, Prop. 5, 4, 59; Polluit ille deus cognatos, soluit amicos, 3, 32, 5; Nulla queat posthac nos soluisse dies, Tib. 4, 5, 16, where note the quadrisyll. soluisse; 29. hence by decapitation luo, loosen as *le-u-o*, also luto; as also laxo- with our loose etc.; =also our slack (for sal-ack) and slacken; from a variety sol-ub- comes solubilis and by decap. lobero=libero-, wh.= *λεωθερο* for *λεωθε-ρο* where the *θ* is excrement.

**sorb-eo**, ēre, nī, vb. freq. [sorbō, for sor-ob-o] of wh. sor=swallow of our swallow, schwel- of the term schwelger- and nor of nora-re; from a lost *sor-p-ope* by decap. comes *pophe*- sip and sip, suck in, swallow, L. Sorbet dormiens. P. Quid sorbet? L. Ilut 'stertit' uolui dicere; sed quin consimilest quom stertas quasi sorbeas, Pl. Mil. 3, 2, 6; Semul fere sorbereque hant factu faciliest, Most. 3, 2, 104; Et cum spirantes mixtas hinc ducimus auras, illa quoque in corpus pariter sorbere necessest, Lucr. 6, 1130; atque inno barathri ter gurgite nastos Sorbet in abruptum fluctus, Verg. 3, 422; Fluminaque...partim sorbentur ab ipsa, Ov. M. 1, 40; erudum ouem, Plu. 29, 42; acetum, Cels. 4, 4, 86; aera, Iuv. 6, 306; 2. met. quid enim non sorbere animo (censetis)? Cic. Phil. 11, 10; me ab eo (sc. Vatinius) ita observari scio ut eius ista odia non sorbeam soluta sed etiam concoquam, Q. fr. 3, 9, 5; 3. see sorbo.

**sorb-ilis**, e, adj. [sorb-o] capable of being sucked, ovum, Cels. 2, 18; cibi, Colum. 8, 17, 13; oua, Petr. 33.

**sorbillo**, e, vb. double dim. [from sorbilo] sip and sip, suck, (ninum) labellis sorbilla, Apul. M. 2, 16; oculos Fotidis sorbillauius sanis banriebam, 3, 14 f.; cf. sorbilo.

**sorb-ilo**, ēre, vb. dim. [sorbilo] sip...Carpam, et citharos sorbilans paulatim hunc producam diem, Ter. Ad. 4, 2, 52.

**sorb-ium**, i, n. dim. [sorbilo] food for sucking, pay, Nam mihi iam video propter te nectitandum sorbilo, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 185; Sine suam senectutem ducat uisus (ass utique) ad senium sorbilo (ass sorbitio), Caecil. 73 R.

**sorb-iti-o**, ōnis, f. lit. sipping, sucking; sorbitio tollit quem dira cicutae, Pers. 4, 2; 2. hence a thickish liquid, broth, liquida sorbitio hinc per dies vii dato, Cato r. 157, 13; et illi in patina liquidam Posnisse sorbitionem quam nullo modo Gustare esuriens poterit ciconia, Phaedr. 1, 26, 5; astringunt panis..., pulticula nel ex alia nel ex pauco uel ex milio, itemque ex iisdem sorbitio, Cels. 2, 30; cunila

eum farina oleo et aceto in sorbitionem temperata, Plin. 20, 170.

**sorbĭtĭum**, ii, n. the same, mentae, Ser. Sam. 21, 360 (al. sorbitio).

**sorbĭtĭum-cŭla**, ae, f. dim. a small 'sorbĭtio', Mare. Emp. 10 med.; Plin. Val. 1, 54; Hieron. Hilar. 11.

**sorbĭo**, -ere, vb. freq. [see sorbeo] suck, sup, sip. Cum canibus rapidas inter (uuder) freta sorberet (so Heinisius by conj.); mss serpente undas (se. Seylla), Lygdam. 4, 1, 72; innum istud sorbant omne (al. sorbeant), Apul. M. 2, 11; 2. sorbeo uel etiam sorbo ut Probo placet, sorpsi uel sorbi, Prisc. 873; so sorbi or sorpsi supported by Charis. 216, Diom. 302; but condemned by Probus 1480, Vel. 2233, Caper 2240; cf. absorpsit Lucan. 4, 100.

**sor-or**, ōris, f. [?] sister, ita sola Postilla germana soror errare uidebar, Enn. an. 42 V; T. salue mea soror. P. Frater mi salue, Pl. Cure. 5, 2, 57; filiam eius sororum tuam cecisti, Cie. Phil. 2, 99; duae fuerunt Ariouisti uxores, una Suenia, altera Norica, regis Voconis soror, Caes. b. g. 1, 53, 4; Paucaque Siluanumque senem Nymphasque sorores, Verg. G. 2, 494; Iouisque Et soror et coniunx, A. 1, 47; 2. of the Parcae or Fates, Dum res et actas et sororum Fila trahiunt atram, Hor. od. 2, 3, 15; Time quae dispensant mortalia fata sorores, Ov. her. 12, 3; 3. of the Furies, Viperasque ciet Stygia de ualle sorores, Ov. M. 6, 662; Nec metues atru erinitas angue sorores, lo, 349; 4. of the Muses, Pace nomen uestra liceat dixisse sorores, Ov. tr. 4, 12, 45; doctaeque sorores, Tib. 3, 4, 45; 5. of the Graces, Gratia nuda iuncta sororibus, Hor. od. 3, 19, 16; add 4, 7, 5; 6. as a term of affection for other than sisters, Hactenus Aena soror potui, Verg. 11, 822—called just before Aeneas ex aequalibus mior; mearum Vidistis siquam hic errantem fore sororum, 1, 321; add Ov. M. 1, 351; 7. met., Nunc obscuro te Milphio hanc per dexteram Perque hanc sororem lacuam, Pl. Poen. 1, 3, 9; add Verg. mor. 28; Catul. 66, 51; 8. in old drama often a monos. (cf. uerus for ueris, *μυνηρος* for *μυνηρος* as also Fr. socer, and see mss; Satis nunc lepidu ornatam credo sorore tibi uidetur, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 84; Ph. quid agimus soror si offumaliter pater aduersum nos? P. pati nos oportet, St. 1, 2, 11; add 1, 18 and 20; Soror dictast; cupio abducere ut reddam suis, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 77; 9. in old lang. the qty. soror prevailed, see Enn. above and; Ad i soror abscede tu a me. Ag. Perii, eho quid ais Milphio? Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 151; 10. soror = S. svasr, Russ. sestra, Lith. sessore (nom. sesson, gen. sesseres), N. systir, Gr. svistar, (t. Schwester, E. sister; the t in these words excrecent, the or of sor-or = of frater etc. a dim. of affection, o preferred to suit preceding vowel, as also in uxor.

**spātĭalĭum**, (spath.) ii, n. (σπαταλίου or σπαθ, dim. of σπαταλη), lit. a small blade, esp. as an ornament, a bracelet or anklet, fruticem...qui uocatur clariton blepharon, efficacem in amatoriis; spatiaha ex eo facere et monilia feminas, Plin. 13 fin.; nupositus spatialis argenteis), CIL 2, 206; in spatialiis zmaragdi n. viri margarita n. viii, 2, 3386; nescio an manus spatialiis circundat solita in duritia cateae nase stupescere sustineat, Tert. cult. fem. 13.

**spātĭum**, ii, n. [borrowed from Gk. σπαθιον, Aeolic form of σπαθον. So Hesych. σπαθιον, το σπαθιον; like σπαθη σπαθεις for σπαθη σταλεις, Greg. Cor. dial. Aeol. 44. This σπαθιον, lit. a neut. adj. 'standard' signifying the standard of length, a stade or furlong, which was the length of the race-course of Olympia (L. and S.), comes ult. fr. from ισσημι, whose base = Lat. sta-, see sto] a measured stadium as a race-course, which was commonly run over several times to make up the complete race, and so the word is often used in the plural, Sicut fortis equus spatium qui saepe supremo Vicit Olympia, nunc senio confectus quiescit, Enn. an. 44 V; Vt cum carceribus sese effudere quadrigae Addunt in spatia (wh. stadium is to be supplied in thought), Put on fresh speed every lap (so to say) of the race, Verg. G. 1, 513; Hic uel ad Elei metas et maxuma campi Sudabit spatia, 3, 203; Nec septem spatibus Circo meruere coronam, Ov. hal.

68; Circensium die quo facilius centum missus peragerent, singulos a septenis spatibus ad quina corripuit, Suet. Dom. 4; 2. met. esp. of the race of life, Quid mihi opus decurso aetatis spatium cum meis Gerere bellum? Pl. St. 1, 2, 33; nam ego uitam duram quam uixi usque adhuc Prope iam excurso spatium mitto, Ter. Ad. 5, 6; Nec uero uelim quasi decurso spatium ad eareres a calce reuocari, Cie. sen. 83; cf. Verg. 9, 275; Ov. M. 15, 225 and 874; and Sen. Troad. 407 if genuine; 3. met. of poet or orator, Tu mihi suprema praescribit ad candida calcei Currenti spatium praemonstra, callida Musa, Lucr. 6, 93; quoniam me ex conparato et constituto spatium defensionis in semihorae curriculum (al. circulum) coegisti, Cie. Rab. per. 6; ut nostrum cursum perspicere possis et uidere quomadmum simus in spatio Q. Hortensium ipsius aestigis persequenti, Brut. 307; istae mens animusque Fert et amat spatibus obstantia rumpere claustra, Hor. ep. 1, 14, 9; 4. other met. as of the sun's course, laque tenebat Nox medium caeli spatium, Hor. s. 2, 6, 101; of military evolutions, Inde alios incutuntur aliosque recursum Aduersi spatibus, Verg. 5, 584; of a whipping top, ille actus habena Curuatis fertur spatibus, 7, 381; 5. a turn in a walk (backwards and forwards), postero die in ambulacionem uentum esse dicebat; tum Scaenolam duobus spatibus tribusque factis discessit... Cie. or. 1, 28; si uno basilicae spatium honestum, diligenter obseruari uideatur, Mur. 70; nihil aliud quam deambulabat ita ut extremis spatibus subsultum decurreret, Suet. Aug. 83; 6. hence a short space fit for walking, or walk, quin ad illa spatia nostra sedesque pergrinus? Cie. leg. 1, 14; in egressis Gnosiorum et spatibus siluestribus disputant, 1, 15; fatore me oratorem non ex rhetorum officinis sed ex Academiae spatibus existisse, orat. 12; cf. Stat. silu. 3, 5, 90; Sen. Thy. 649; 7. a long space, esp. in the form; in spatium, nec limite callida recto In spatium fugit sed decipit ora sequens Et redit in gyrum, Ov. M. 7, 782; nec Delius aures Humanam stolidas patitur retinere figuram Sed trahit in spatium, 11, 176; 8. great size, Dum spatium victor natus considerat hostis, Ov. M. 3, 95; Nec tutus spatio est elephas, Lucan. 9, 732; Et uasti spatium uincere corporis, Sen. Phaedr. 814; 9. gen. space, room, Nam quo squamigeri poterunt procedere tandem Ni spatium dederint latitantes? Lucr. 1, 379; flumen paene totum oppidum cingit, reliquum spatium mons continet, Caes. b. g. 1, 38, 4; add Lucr. 2, 163; Caes. b. e. 3, 92, 1; 10. space of time, time, Spatium quidem tandem adparandi nuptias (adparandis nuptiis mss), Voceandi, sacrificandi dabitur paululum, Ter. Ph. 4, 3, 20; hoc interim spatium conclaue illud, ubi epularetur Scopas, cecidisse, Cie. or. 2, 353; spatia omnis temporis non numero dierum (dierum numero?) sed noctium finiunt, Caes. b. g. 6, 18, 2; sex dies ad eam rem conficiendam spatii postulant, 1, 3, 6; 11. time (in measurement of verse), trochaicum qui est eodem spatio quo choreus, cordacum appellat, Cie. orat. 193; 12. a lap of the sun's course so to say, a year, quosdam (morbos) post sexagesimum uitae spatium accidere, Plin. 7, 170.

**spēcio**, spēcĭre, spēxi, vb. obsol. [= σπερ of σπεκτομαι; root see = seh of Germ. seh-en and our see (cf. sight) = see of s(e)c-iso and s(e)c-io; prob. also = see of sectus, sec-cut, cf. uid of uideo and didido; from a dim. or freq. see-ee, to avoid two gutturals, eame sep-ee, i.e. spēe and sek-ep, i.e. σπεκ-; the S. space is still more corrupt] see, Quos ubi rex...ulo spexit de contibus (montibus? cautibus?) celis, Enn. an. 402 V; (Nunc) sciam, nunc speciem specitur, nunc certum nernitur, Pl. Cas. 3, 1, 2; spectare dictum ab specio antiquo quo etiam Ennius usus...et quod in angustis etiam nunc dicunt aemul specere...; speculum quod in eo specium imaginem, Varr. 1, 6, 8; in persona eius a quo alimenta relicta sunt, haec erunt specienda, Ulp. dig. 2, 15, 8, 11.

**spōliūm**, ii, n. dim. (by form) [= σπῆλον from σπῆλυ skin; one with pell-is and our fell; also with col of col-or] skin (of an animal), Necdum res igni seibant tractare neque uti Pellibus et spoliis corpus uestire ferarum, Lucr. 5, 954; cum lubrica serpens Exiit in spinis uestem, nam

saepe uidemus illorum spoliis nepres uolitantibus auctas, 4, 62; Mox n't erat (sc. Hercules) pharetraeque grauis spoliisque leonis, Ov. M. 9, 113; add her. 4, 100 and 6, 13; 2. met. in the pl. of the strippings of a slain enemy, and so gen. spoils (of war). Hodie hostis fugauit, spolia plaidee posterius leget, Titin. 154 R; add 182; Fabius duce Gallorum occidit spoliisque eius legentem Galli agnoscere, Liv. 5, 36, 7; enesorum spolia legere, 5, 39, 1; si spoliolum causa uis hominem occidere, spoliasti, Cic. Rose. Ann. 145; qui unquam praedo fuit tam nefarius ut eum integrum praedam sine sanguine habere posset, eruenta spolia detrahere mallet? 146; 3. esp. spoils of war set up as trophies, cum eum nobis (locum, sc. the rostra) maiores nostri exuuiis nauicis et classium spoliis ornatum reliquissent, Cic. Man. 55 f.; parta de Antio spolia quae Maenius in suggestu fori suffixit, Flor. 1, 5, 10; 4. met., Eum ego adeo uno mendacio decui, uno ietu extempulo Cepi (ab eo) spolia, Pl. Iae. 4, 9, 44; ex funere rei publicae raptis consularibus spoliis, Tac. h. 4, 42; 5. in sing., ualidum ni corripit hastam Actoris Atrunculi spoliolum, Verg. 12, 94; paludamentum mordicus trahens (Caesar) ne spolio potiretur hostis, Suet. Caes. 64 f.; add Ov. M. 8, 87; Petr. 13.

**stercus**, ōris, n. [see below] dung, esp. for manure, terra sterens operito, Cato r. 29; stercus optimum scribit esse Cassius nolicurum, Varr. r. 1, 38, 1; omni solo quod faecit una medicina est ut stercore adiueus, Colum. 2, 14, 3; se interfectum in planstrum esse coniectum et supra stercus iniectum, Cic. diu. 1, 57; 2. of other uses, as: colorque Stercore fuentis crocodili, Hor. epod. 12, 11; 3. removal of night-soil from temple of Vesta of religious moment, stercus ex aede Vestae xvi kal. Iul. deferunt..., ap. Fest. 344 b 13 M; so 258 a 25 M: quando stercus delatum fas; cf. Ov. F. 6, 227 and 713; 4. met., nolo stercus curiae dici Glauciam, Cic. or. 3, 164; 5. from a root such as seat of scatelo, and our scatelo = σκατόν, came σκατός as seen in σκαρό-βολος, lit. dung-throwing, and σκαρό-σκατος; also cerda of Lat. su-cerda pig-dung, S. karda, Russ. skered; N. kar, Eng. shard-(horn beetle of Shakspeare); A.-Sax. secarn, Dan. skarn, Eng. scorn (met.); also sharn of old Eng. as sharn-bude the dung-beetle of Gower, still used in Kent; Lat. scel-us (met.); of same stock sparc of spargo, σπέρ of σπείρω, with Lat. spur-cus; lastly ster-cus by euphony for sker-cus.

**stern-ax**, ācis, adj. [from a root ster with exrescent n; cf. Germ. stören, Eng. stir, start, startle; also Lat. turba and esp. consterna-re] apt to start (as a horse), Et sternacis equi lapsu cernice Thymoeten, Verg. 12, 364; equum, Sil. 1, 261; 2. of a man easily alarmed, Sid. 5, 14 f.

**sterno**, ēre, strāui, strātum, vb. [ster=S. str, σπέρ of σπέρνναι and στρῶνναι; the n perh. exrescent; strāui and stratum from a form st(o)r-ag=our vb. straw or strew; cf. strages, strag-ulius; poss. ster is one with spar of spargo, σπέρ of σπείρω; cf. sternuo for change of p to t] strew, scatter.

**sto**, stāre (stēti, stātum only borrowed from sistō) vb. intr. [root set, as shown by sist-, i.e. si-set- compared with gign- or γίγν-, μύμ-, πύμ-, from gen-γεν-, μεν-, πετ-, see below] be stopping, be at a stand-still, be without motion, be at rest, stay, be fixed, Ita statum stat signa neque nox quoquam concessit die, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 120; Cum placidum uentis staret mare, Verg. B. 2, 26; nec Armeniis in oris... stat glacies iners Menses per omnes, Hor. od. 2, 9, 5; ueluti stet nolicus dies, 3, 28, 6; 2. esp. of ships, be at anchor, ride, be beached, decem naues in sinu Maliaeo stabant, Liv. 36, 20, 5; classem instructam in portu stare, 37, 11, 3; add 37, 10, 5; 42, 43, 10; 45, 2, 9; Ancora de prora iacitur; stant littore puppes, Verg. 6, 902; 3. of the features, be fixed (chiefly in late poets), nunc uultu paulo, nunc torua minae, Stat nunquam facies, Lucan. 5, 214; stant ora metu ne fessa recedunt Lumina, Val. F. 4, 639; add Sil. 15, 29; Stat. Th. 10, 693; 4. of fate, be fixed, Stat sua cuique dies, Verg. 10, 467; 5. of the mind, be fixed, stat sententia, Ter. Eun. 2, 1, 18;

ipsi sententia stetit pergere ire, Liv. 21, 30, 1; 6. esp. as a vb, impers., modo nobis stet illud una uiuere in studiis nostris, Cic. fam. 9, 2, 5; Stat casus renouare omnis, Verg. 2, 750; add Nep. Att. 21, 5; Cic. Att. 3, 14, 2; Val. F. 5, 289; 7. of hindrances, in the form per me stat or stetit, it is stopped through me, Si poterit fieri ut ne pater per me stetisse credat Quo minus haec fierent nuptiae, uolo, Ter. Andr. 4, 2, 16; uelut persoluta fide quoniam per eum non stetit quoniam praestaretur, Liv. 2, 31, 11; utrisque apparuit, nihil per alteros stare quominus incepta persequerentur, 6, 33, 2; quasi per ipsum staret ne redderetur, Suet. Aug. 28; non per me stetit, sed per illud, Quint. 3, 6, 78; add Liv. 3, 61, 2; 8, 2, 2; 9, 14, 1; and even with inf. in late writers, si per eum non stetit parere defuncti uoluntati, Senec. dig. 32, 1, 36; 8. consist (of), be one continued mass (of), with abl., stant puluere campi, Enn. ann. 592 V; Familiae fame peribant (percant miss), ager autem stet sentibus, Caec. 219 R; Atque illud ante partum comedit, fundi stabant sentibus, Titin. 144 R; stat sentibus pectus, Lucil. ap. Don. ad Ter. Andr. 4, 2, 16; cf. Gell. 8, 5; caelum caligine stat, Sisen. ap. Non. p. 266 Gerl.; iam puluere caelum Stare uident, Verg. 12, 407; stant lumina flamma, 6, 300; Vides ut alta stet nive candidum Soracte, Hor. od. 1, 9, 1; 9. be decided (by), abide (by), stand (by), adhere to, first with a mere abl., facere promissa, stare contentis, Cic. off. 3, 95; suis stare iudiciis, Tusc. 5, 81; enupiant Caesarum stare conditionibus iis quas tulisset, Att. 7, 15, 2; si quis eorum decreto non stetit, sacrificiis interdicunt, 6, 13, 6; quae pars maior erit, eo stabitur consilio, Liv. 7, 35, 2; fama rerum (so not famae), 7, 6, 6; add 8, 40, 5; 21, 19, 4; also Ov. M. 2, 288; Quint. 5, 6, 4; 7, 6, 12; 10. also with in and abl., si in eo quod ostenderat non stat, Cic. Att. 2, 4, 1; stare oportet in eo quod sit indicatum, fin. 1, 47; 11. and in late writers with a dat., patris uoluntati, Ulp. dig. 26, 7, 3; uoluntati defuncti, 36, 3, 6; emptiois, 19, 1, 13; conuentiois, Afric. 2, 1, 18; rei iudicatae, Call. 42, 1, 32; 12. be, exist, with the notion of continuance, as in Romance langg., saxo stat antra uetusto, Quae iustum memorant incoluisse senem, Ov. F. 5, 383; nec notum stabat contenta uenenis, Val. P. 7, 354; Vacuum sine ullis classibus stabit mare, Sen. Phaedr. 480; If 13. when man or an animal first stops, he is in a standing position, hence stand, Hos quos uidetis stare hic captiuos duos...bi stat ambo, non sedit, Pl. Capt. pr. 1; cum uirgo statet et Caecilia in sella sedent, Cic. diu. 1, 104; haec duo signa quae nunc ad impluuium stant, Verg. 2, 1, 61; Stare loco nescit, micat auribus et tremat artus, Verg. G. 3, 84; 14. often of soldiers, stand, make a stand, stand firm, as opposed to flying, ut fit in proelio ut ignauis miles fugiat ob eamque caussam pereat, cum ei qui steterit nihil tale euenierit, sic..., Cic. Tusc. 2, 54; quum in aere stare ac pugnare decuerat, tum in castra refluenter, Liv. 22, 60, 25; and met., cum in senatu pulcherrime staretur unumque certamen esset relictum, sententia Volcatii, res ab aduersariis nostris extracta est, Cic. fam. 1, 4, 1; 15. hence met., stand on the side of, side with, stand by, first with ab or pronom. adverbs of the class in -de, talis fuit ut nemo a senatu steterit constans, Cic. Brut. 273; a mendacio contra uerum stare, inu. 1, 4; horum unumquodque a se potius quam ab aduersariis stare, 1, 81; euentus belli uelut aequus iudex unde ius stabat ei uictoriam dedit, Liv. 21, 10, 9; inconstitum Thurinorum turbam nec satis diu animo unde pugnant stantem, 25, 15, 13; ut unde stetitset (Alcibiades) eo se uictoria transferret, Iust. 5, 4, 12; 16. less frequently with cum, Nam in hac ita essent, cum illo haud staret Phaedria, Ter. Phorm. 2, 1, 39; si quid de aequitate ea quae cum aduersariis staret derogasset, Cic. inu. 2, 142; quum di prope ipsi cum Hannibale starent, Liv. 26, 41, 17; ad id tempus se cum Romanis stetitisse, 44, 14, 6; Belgas secum palam aut uoto stare, Tac. h. 4, 76; 17. with pro the meaning is slightly different, stand up in defence of, successisset fraudi, ni pro iure gentium stetitset fortuna, Liv. 38, 25, 8; 18. met. of an actor, stand one's ground, as opposed to being driven away, hissed off the stage, In his quas

primum Cacci diidici nomas fartim sum earum exactus, partim uix steti, Ter. Hee. 2 pr. 7; 19. stand, not fall, consul arietibus muros quatitabat, oppidanos primo panior cepit, deinde ut praeter spem stare muros uiderant..., Liv. 38, 5, 4; 20. met., quae si ualuisse, res publica staret, tu concedisses, Cic. Phil. 2, 24; qui homines si stare non possunt, eorunt, Cat. 2, 21; in hac ruina rerum stetit una integra atque immobilis uirtus populi Romani, Liv. 26, 41, 12; 21. esp. of plays which maintain their ground; Quid si intellegit quom stetit olim noua, Actoris opera magis stetit quam sua..., Ter. Ph. pr. 9; 22. of things, stand up, be erect, stand out, project, hic stare papillis Pectore marmoreo, Lucil. ap. Non. p. 265 Gell.; sic stant Pectora celsa toris, Ov. M. 12, 401; mammae, Plin. 28, 249; mentula, Mart. 3, 75, 1; 23. stand (one in so much), cost, centum talentis cum rem Achaeis commisisset haud scio an magno detrimento statum fuerit, 3, 60, 2; multo sanguine ac uulneribus ea Pechis uictoria stetit, 23, 30, 2; haud illi stabant Aeneia paruo Hospitia, Verg. 10, 494; haec te uictoria perdet, Heu quanto regnis nox stetit nua tris! Ov. F. 2, 812; add: morte, Vell. 2, 64, 4; 24. sta or set-a is a corruption of set-ag, seen in set-ag-num; more commonly g gives way to h, as in stabilis stabulum; also to d, as in *strados* and our stood, stand, stead; and to t as in super-stet, stät-n, stät-ion, stät-uo-

**stómachus**, i. m. [*στομαχος* wh. is from *στροφ*- or rather from an older form *στροφ*ach-, and perh. orig. meant mouth, but *στροφ* or *στροφ*ach- (see Dor.) seems itself decap. from *στρω*- or *στρω*ach- (cf. *στρω*ach- and *στρω*ach- for *γυν*ach etc.) and so of same root with *os* (oris) a month, the t being excrement; yet in practice *στροφ*ach- came to mean first gullet, oesophagus, throat, the true Latin name being gula, linguam ad radices eius haerens excipit stomachus quo primum inlabuntur ea quae accepta sunt ore, Cic. N. D. 2, 135; deinde duo itinera incipiunt; alterum asperam arteriam nominant, alterum stomachum; ... stomachus interior ad uentriculum fertur, Cels. 4, 1; 2. the stomach or in Latin uentriculus, summus gulae fauces uocantur, posternum stomachum; hoc nomine est carnosissima inanis lagocnae modo fusa, Plin. 11, 179; eadem auis scribitur conchis se solere complere easque cum stomachi calore concoxerit euomere, Cic. N. D. 2, 124 f.; Dummodo quod capias concoctum didere possis Artubus et stomachi midulum seruire tenorem, Lucr. 4, 632; leimus raro stomachus uulgaria tenet, Hor. s. 2, 2, 18; 3. met. the stomach as the seat of the feelings, whether of pleasure or disgust, locus ille animi nostri stomachus ubi habitat olim concealit, Cic. Att. 4, 16, 10; ludi apparatissimi sed non tui stomachi—not to your taste, fam. 7, 1, 2; in hoc agello, si modo adhiere sit pretium, Tranquilli me stomachum multa sollicitant, uicinitas urbis, opportunitas uiae, mediocritas uillae, modus ruris qui annect magis quam distinguit, Plin. ep. 1, 24, 3; compositus non ad animam iudicis sed ad stomachum litigatoris, Quint. 12, 9, 12; homo sane stomachi (having a stomach that can digest anything) contenti sunt, 2, 3, 3; 4. absol. disgust, rage, quae (se. epistola) plena stomachi et querellarum est, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 8, 1; hoc aduersi in scires me tamen in stomacho solere ridere, fam. 2, 16, 7; puto te existimaturum a me illos libros non sine aliquo meo stomacho esse relictos, Q. fr. 3, 5, 2; 5. esp. with the verbs fac- and moue-, non illi quidem ut mihi stomachum facerent, quem ego funditus perdidit, sed certe ut facere se arbitrantur, Cic. fam. 1, 9, 10; ita mihi uidetur non minus stomachi nostro quam Caesari fecisse, Att. 5, 11, 2; in quo ille mihi risum magis quam stomachum mouere solet, 6, 3, 7.

**stringo**, ñre, strinxí, strictum, vb. [= *σπρωγ*ω] bind, nisi ..., eas te quasi Dircam olim in memoriam tuo enati Iouis Peunxere ad taurum, item hodie stringam (Ritschl ej. constringam) ad carnarium, Pl. Ps. 1, 2, 66; tunc torta priores Stringit uitta comas, Lucan. 5, 143; Dissiliat stringens utrum membrana flumina viscera, 9, 773; Ipse rotam stringit multo sufflamine consul, Iuv. 8, 148 (al.

astringit); 2. bind (liquids), freeze, staneh, mare omne quod Scythium dicitur loco stringi, Gell. 17, 8, 16; quos stricta matutino frigore excitauerant uulnera, Liv. 22, 51, 6; 3. met. of language, compress, qui uti *επιδ*ωγ-γωρεt uolet narrationis loco rene stringat, Quint. 4, 3, 128;

II 4. graze, scrape, deflexit partim stringentia corpore (sc. tela) Alua Vems, Verg. 10, 331; Illa uolans (sc. hasta) ... magno strinxit de corpore Turni, 478; Nunc stringam metas interiore rota, Ov. am. 3, 2, 12; Litus ama et laeas stringat sine paluula cantes, Verg. 5, 163; 5. esp. of water, rulle the surface of, skim, Stringebat summus ales miserabilis undas, Ov. M. 11, 7, 33; Summum cum tepido stringitur unda Noto, ann. 1, 7, 53; add Mart. 10, 30, 11;

6. met. touch (one's feelings), hurt, wound, Atque animum patriae strinxit pietatis imago, Verg. 9, 294; Spiritus hic... membris exeat ante meos quam tua delicto stringantur pectora nostro, Ov. tr. 5, 6, 21; add 2, 350;

III 7. strip off (esp. by passing compressed fingers over) so, gather (fruit, leaves, branches), with acc. of what is gathered, foliis ex arboribus strictis, Cues. b. c. 3, 58, 3; quernas glandes tum stringere tempus, Verg. G. 1, 305; cum... Agricola et fragili manu stringeret hordea culmo, 317; add B. 9, 60; 8. strip (of leaves or branches) with acc. of that from wh., possunt etiam folia ficulnea probe dari si stringere arbores expedit, Colum. 6, 3, 7; and met., ani cur atque parentis Praefractam ingrata stringat malus ingluuie rem, Hor. s. 1, 2, 7; 9. hence by a similar use of the two hands, stringere gladium, to draw the sword (from the sheath), uos prius in me strinxeritis ferrum quam in nos ego, Liv. 7, 40, 10; stricto super capita consultantium gladio, Ex me animi sententia inquit..., 22, 53, 9; cultrum stringit et super lectum stans ferro intendo..., Verg. 5, 51; add 9, 5, 10; Verg. 12, 278;

10. and met., Liber in aduersos hostes strinator iambus, Ov. ven. am. 377; stricturum se lucubratoris sae telum, Suet. Calig. 53; 11. Perhaps the stringo of § 4 and onward may be of different origin, and = Germ. streifen, our strip, and perh. from the root *ter*-rub; 12. from stringo in first sense comes Fr. étendre.

**struix**, íeis (note the qty.: cf. radix, íeis), f. a pile, Quo Castalia per struices saxae lapsa necidit, Liv. Andr. ap. Fest. 310 b 35, who adds extractio omnium rerum; ita mensas extruit, Tantas struices conuenat patimarias, Pl. Men. 1, 1, 102; lignorum, Arnob. 7, 15; 2. met., malorum, Nacv. ap. Serv. A. 4, 267.

**struo**, ñre, struxi, structum, vb. freq. [the theme *strue* seems to stand for *s-tol*-ne, a dim. form of *tol* (tollere) raise] raise by little and little, pile up, build up, fornacem base struito, Cato r. 38, 1; Per speluncas axis structas asperis pendetibus, ap. Cic. Tus. c. 37; Structa meis manibus perierat moenia Troiae, Verg. 5, 317; Innumeras struere pyras, 11, 204; aggerem struere coepit (al. instruere), bell. Gall. 8, 41, 2; Altaque congestos struxisse ad sidera montes (of the giants), Ov. M. 1, 153; acervo Quem struit (sc. formica), Hor. s. 1, 1, 35; 2. hence place in due order, arrange, marshal, Neu struere andentem Verg. 9, 42; tessellat, Lucil. ap. Quint. 9, 4, 113; sua sponte struebat acies, Liv. 9, 31, 9 (wh. we should prob. read instruebat); in 42, 51, 3 Madvig has: armatos in campo instruxit (not struxit); so in Cues. b. c. 3, 37, 1 Nipperdey has copias instruit (not struit); 3. met., struere uerba sic ut nece asper eorum concursus nee hiulus sit, Cic. or. 3, 171; orationem, Quint. 7, 10, 7; ut dnm proxima dicimus struere ulteriora possumus, 10, 7, 8; ex praepositione et duobus uocabulis dure uidetur struxisse Praeuus repandirostrum, incuruicernum, built up, compounded, 1, 5, 67;

4. esp. of things, build up, construct, plot, Neque puduit eum id actatis suopantias struere, Pl. As. 1, 1, 57; Nonne ad senem aliquam fabricam fingit? Ter. Haut. 3, 2, 34; add 3, 4, 3; quiescebat ut optare aliqui calanitis filio potius quam id struere et moliri uideretur, Cic. Clu. 178; sed dice me ipsum mihi sollicitudinem struere, Att. 5, 21, 3; insidias, Liv. 23, 17, 10; Quid struit aut qua spe inimica in gente moratur? Verg. 4, 235; 5. old phrase,

pedem struere, take to one's heels, si caluitur pedemque struit manum endo iacito, XI tab. 1, 2; pedem struit in duodecim significat fugit, ut ait Ser. Sulpicius, Fest. 313a § M; pedem struit *φειγεται*, Gloss. Labb.

**sub**, prep. [= *sub* of *pro*, S. up-a, Go. and O. G. uf. C. auf, O. Fris. op or up, Dutch op, Eng. up; cf. sub with vbs. § 21; also sub-er-er-ep, summus (= sub-inus), sub-remus and *utroque* 'highest' up, and hence first with acc. up to, sub montem in quo erat oppidum positum Ilerda succedunt, Caes. b. c. 1, 45, 2; sub primam nostram aciem successerunt, b. g. 1, 24, 5; rostrum sub rostra adfert, Varr. s. 158, 7 R; celerique fuga sub sidera lapsae, Verg. 3, 243; lucem sub nubila iactant, 7, 527; oculosque sub astra tendebat, 5, 853; Ditis magni sub moenia tendit, 6, 541; 2. esp. in the old phrase, sub manus succedere, to come up into one's hands ready made as by a sort of magic, Lepide hoc succedit sub manus negotium, Pl. Mil. 3, 2, 59; Bono animo esse; negotium omne iam succedit sub manus, 4, 13; Si quam rem accures sobrie aut frugaliter, Solet illa recte summam (so mss) succedere, Pers. 4, 1, 2; nearly so, consilium nasci sub diem debet, et hoc quoque nimis tardum est, sub manum (so ej., Haase manu) quod anti nascatur, Sen. ep. S. 2, 1; 3. movement towards what is more or less elevated so as to come under it, up, up to, under, Quom manum sub uestimenta aut corpus tulit (not detulit) Iacebidi, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 78; exercitum eius sub iugum missum, Caes. b. g. 1, 7, 4; consulens interfecerat et eius exercitum sub iugum miserat, 1, 12, 5; velut sub iugum misit iuvenem, Liv. 1, 26, 13 (but sub iugo misit, 3, 28 f.); totamque sub arma coactam Hesperiam, Verg. 7, 43; cf. sub armis in § 10 ex. 1; nec uariis obstita frondibus Sub diuum raptam, Hor. od. 1, 18, 13; ibis sub furem, S. 2, 7, 66; 4. esp. of coming within reach of things from above, as within dart-throw, within view, ut sub ictum uenerunt telorum vis ingens effusa est, Liv. 17, 18, 11; si amnem ponte transgredierentur, sub ictum dabatur, procal transiere, Tac. an. 13, 39 f.; cf. § 13 ex. 1, 2; ea quae sub oculos ipsa non cadunt, Cic. orat. 9; cf. sub oculis § 13 ex. 3, 4; non est beneficium id quod sub oculos uenit sed beneficium aestigium, Sen. ben. 1, 5 f.; and from eyesight extended to other senses, quae sub eos (sc. sensus) subiecta sunt, Cic. acad. pr. 1, 48; signum est quod sub sensum aliquem edit, inu. 1, 48; prima illa naturae sub iudicium sapientis cadit, fin. 3, 61; Nec quae sub sensus cadat ullo tempore nostros, Lucr. 1, 447; 5. met., sub populi Romani imperium ditionemque ceciderunt, Cic. Font. 12 f.; cecidit sub leges artaque iura, Lucr. 5, 1147; 6. less consistently of coming under what is not elevated, Et datores et factores omnis subdam sub solum, Pl. Cure. 2, 3, 18; sub terram (so Madvig, not terra) demissi sunt in locum saxo consepsum, Liv. 22, 57, 6; 7. of time, when one is just coming to, on the verge of, just before, To secunda marmora Locas sub ipsum funus, Hor. od. 2, 18, 17; Quid latet ut marinae Filium dicunt Thetidis sub lacrimosa Troiae Funera? 1, 8, 13; Lenesque sub noctem susurri Composita repletantur hora, 1, 9, 19; Pompeius sub noctem naues soluit, Caes. b. c. 1, 28, 3; senatus fuit frequentior quam putabamus esse posse mense Decembris sub dies festos, Cic. fr. 2, 1, 1; quibus (sc. comitiis) indictis sub tempus pueros uenatum ablegauit, Liv. 1, 35, 2; 8. but instead of our moving towards events the events may be looked upon as moving in the reverse direction towards us, hence sub with acc. gen. means (immediately) after, as: sub eas (litteras) statim recitatae sunt tuae, Cic. fam. 10, 16, 1; esse se legionem abducturum sed non statim sub comitium obtrectatorum, Pomp. ap. Cic. fam. 8, 4, 4; sub haec dicta omnes proeubuerunt, Liv. 7, 31, 5; Africum bellum sub recentem Romanam pacem fuit, 21, 2, 1; add 35, 31, 13; Sub uerbum querulas impulit aera fores, Ov. f. 3, 642; 9. hence sub with acc. is used vaguely of near time, about, sub idem fere tempus et legati qui redierant ab Karthagine rettulerunt omnia hostilia esse et Sagunti exiduum nuntiatum est, Liv. 21, 16, 1; II 10. with abl., when movement upward or towards an

object ceases, the result is under; hence gen. under—(without motion)...Nam ter sub armis malina nitam cernere, Quam sonet modo parere, Enn. tr. 297 V (add Verg. 5, 440; Liv. 9, 37, 4); Saepae est etiam sup pallio sordido sapientia, Caecil. 266 R; Sub axe posita ad stellas septem amle horridi Aquilonis stridor geladas molitur nubes, At. 566 R; Est ibi sub co saxo penitus stratis Larena ingens specus, Pacuv. 99 R; Interdum sub terra lapides eximunt, Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 72; qui sub terra semper habitantissunt, Cic. N. D. 2, 95; Gallia sub septentrionibus posita est, Caes. b. g. 1, 16, 2; Namque sub ingenti Iustrat dum singula templo, Verg. 1, 453; 11. less accurately, under as near to the lower part of some lofty object, aliam (urbem) sub Albano monte condidit—at the foot of—, Liv. 1, 3, 4; sub ipsis Numantiae moenibus solebat mecum eiusmodi aliquid conquirere, Cic. rep. 1, 17; est ager sub urbe nobis, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 107; tertio modo metitur ut sub urbe Roma, Varr. r. 1, 50, 2—under the walls of, hence our term suburb; 12. esp. in the names of streets, sub aede Kastoris, CIL 201, 1; sub Veteribus (tabernis?) ibi sunt qui dant quique accipiunt fenore, Pl. Cure. 4, 1, 10; demonstrent digito pictum Gallum in Mariano seuto sub Nouis distortum..., Cic. or. 2, 266; 13. under, as being within reach of things from above, adpropinquare non ausae naues ne sub ictu superstantium in rupibus piratarum esset, Liv. 37, 27, 8; quam (sapientiam) non quidem contigerunt, in conspectu tamen et ut ita dicam sub ictu habent, Sen. ep. 72, 10; spe libertatis excitati sub oculis domini suum proleptum sperant studebant, Caes. b. c. 1, 57, 4; iam lucebat omnique sub oculis erant, Liv. 4, 28, 1; classem sub ipso ore urbis incendit, Flor. 1, 31, 7; 14. so where a presiding officer is seated above others, under (or as we say before), sub iudice his est, Hor. A. P. 78; quam fraudis sub indice dampnasset, Tac. an. 3, 36; 15. hence of superiors, ur impiger et sub Hannibale magistro omnes belli artes edoctus, Liv. 25, 40, 5; gladiatores sub eodem magistro eruditi, Quint. 2, 17, 33; id meture ne sub solo imperio nostro in seruitute nostra essent, Cato orig. 23, 10 Iord.; matris sub imperio, Ter. Haut. 2, 2, 4; sub qua lege controuersiae illud proprium habent..., Quint. 7, 4, 38; 16. so under a person playing music, and hence under the music itself, Crispum sub crotalo docta mouere latus, Verg. (p) cop. 2; compositum gracili sub arundine carmen, Nemes. ecl. 1, 3; 17. met. of terms, subject to, under, iubere ei praemium tribui sub (so mss, but Baier sed from Schol. Ambros.) ea condicione ne quid postea scriberet, Cic. Arch. 25; sub condicione nos refectis decimum tribunus, Liv. 6, 40, 8; sub certa condicione, Ov. f. 4, 320; add Phaedr. 4, 5, 8; sub mortis poena, Suet. Cal. 48 f.; sub pacto abolitionis, Quint. 9, 2, 97; nec quicquam nisi sub exceptione polliceri, si tamen..., Suet. Caes. 78 f.; 18. of time, under, during, at, ne ipsa profectio milites oppidum irrumperet, Caes. b. c. 1, 27, 3; Vt fierent ietus uno sub tempore plures, Lucr. 6, 41, 43; add 417; sub hac pessimi exempli victoria delectus edicitur, Liv. 2, 55, 1; Sed tamen haec tria sunt sub eodem tempore festa, Ov. f. 5, 491; 19. in late lang., statua sub auro, a gilt statue, inscr. Or. 3161; and 3192; statua sub aere, with a coating of bronze, ib. 3185 (a. d. 353); 20. sub assimilated to following vowel, see § 2 ex. 3; § 10 ex. 2; III 21. sub in compos. with vbs., first up, as subueh- carry up, sub-duc- draw up, subici- throw up, subleua- lift up, subm- (for sub-im-) take up, sustine- hold up; 22. support, assistance, subueni- come up, assist; succurr- run up to; 23. after, succin- sing after, succlama- cry out after; subsequi (r.) follow close after; 24. hence succession, substitution, suffici- appoint in place of, suppon- put in place of, substitu- set up in place of; 25. abundance (opposed to de denoting want) suffici- be abundant, suppet- be abundant; IV 26. under, subes- be under, subiace- lie under, submerg- sink; 27. nearness, sub-es- be at hand; 28. under-hand, secretly, surrip- snatch away secretly, steal; suborna-equip secretly, subduc- withdraw quietly; 29. slightly, subride- smile, subaccusa- accuse in a manner, sublige- be in half-mourning; V 30. as to form, it remains un-

altered before vowels including i consonans and u consonans, as also before d h l n, and generally before m r and s; it is assimilated before f and g, as suffer- suggest-; also, but not exclusively, before c m p and r, as succed-, summone- as well as submouere, suppon-, surrip-; before the thin consonants p c t a n s at times appears, before v h, the b vanishes, as suspend-, suscipi- as well as suscipi-, suscense- as well as succense-, suscita-, sustine-, sustoll-; while before s the b of sub vanishes, as in suspici- suspiria-; nay suscipi- suscribitio sussillo occur in inscri-, see Schenckel's Vokalismus, 1, 148; lastly sub before s in old lang. changes at times to sp, as in suspigna- CIL. 200, 28, 73 and 84; suspica- as implied in the deriv. adj. suspicio-, 200, 66; VI 31. sub in compos. w. adj. slightly, as subagresti-, sub-amaro-; 32. in such forms as subalpinus from sub alpis, subrostrant from sub rostris, which are not comp. adj., the sub of course retains its meaning of under; VII 33. sub in comp. w. sbs., under, sublamina an underplate, subheres a second heir, subsellium a low bench.

**subdo**, dōre, didi, ditum, vb. [do put] put up, raise, apply, At si forte oculo manus uni subdita super Prescit eum... Lucr. 4, 447; subdit calcaria equm, Liv. 2, 20, 2; calcaria subditis in munus fertur hostem, 4, 19, 4; add 22, 6, 4; Ov. Pont. 2, 6, 38; and a. a. 2, 732; Curt. 4, 60; 7, 6; 2. met., is risus stimulos animo muliebri subdidit, Liv. 6, 34, 7; Ingenio stimulos subdere fama solent, Ov. tr. 5, 1, 76; Mixtus dolori subdidit stimulos timor, Sen. Ag. 134; 3. put up, while the agent keeps himself as such out of sight, put forward secretly, suborn, ad-implantat iudicis partes, subditis qui accusatorum nomina sustinerent, Tac. an. 4, 59; subdito rumore, 6, 42; 4. in medical lang. of suppositories, haemorrhoides pellere subditis probalanis, Plin. 20, 43; usus (sc. glycyrrizae) in subditis doctae ad tertias, 22, 25; 5. put under, omnis subdam sub solum, Pl. Cure. 2, 3, 18; quum alterum (sc. pagionem) puluino subdidisset, Suet. Oth. 11; pagionem puluino subditum, Dom. 17; 6. esp. of fire, put under, apply, mistum in ahenum infundito, ignem subdito, Cato r. 105; hostia arma subdito igne concretauit, Liv. 8, 30, 8; irae Verg. G. 3, 371; Ov. F. 6, 856; and met., Ne nimis irai fax umquam subdita, Lucr. 3, 303; irritatis militum animis subdere ignem ac materiam seditioni, Liv. 8, 32, 16; 7. add words to what has been said or written, add as a postscript, append, subjoin, hic tu paulisper haesisti, deinde illico subdidisti, Auson. grat. act. 23; uersus ipsos subdidit, Gell. 18, 11, 4; add 19, 11, 3; 8. place under, subject, subdue, Plutonis subdita regno Magna deum proles, Tib. 4, 1, 67; Liber ego. Vnde datum hoc sumis, tot subdite rebus? Pers. 5, 124; legibus Oceanum, Claud. 1 cons. Stil. pr. 8; 9. put in place of, substitute, medietur, de duobus hostium quos accepit pecunia liberauit, nideat quid de illis respondeat, quos tu eorum locum subditos reseruat, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 12; Nec soluit Danaus subdita ceruas rates, Prop. 3, 22, 34; mortuo iudice quod eum indicare oportuerat idem eum qui subditus est sequi oportet, Paul. dig. 5, 1, 60; 10. esp. substitute by fraud, forge, counterfeit, as for a supposititious child, subditum se su-picatur, Ter. Haec. 5, 3, 12; non nequiquam me subditum et pellice ingenio appellat, Liv. 40, 9, 2; ea quae partum subdidisse contenditur, Paul. dig. 48, 10, 19; or of a false will, ei propinquus subdidit testamentum, Tac. an. 14, 40; or of a spurious book, libros tanquam subditos summouere, Quint. 1, 4, 3.

**sub-dūco**, cōre, xi, etum, vb. draw up, Nisi unum hoc faciam ut in puteo eam equant, inde coctam snsum subducemus corbulis, Pl. Aul. 2, 7, 41; cataracta (porticulis) delecta clausa erat; eam partem nectibus partium funibus subducunt, Liv. 27, 28, 10; Multis tunicis demissis ambulat; est qui Inguen ad oliscum subductus, Hor. s. 1, 2, 26; Interea tunicas ora subducit ab ima, Horrebat densis aspera crura pilis, Ov. F. 2, 347; 2. draw up (with the breath), suck up, brassicam ad nasum admoveo, ita subducto susum animum, Cato r. 157 1.; recentis (meatae)

sueus narium uitia spiritu subductus emendat, Plin. 20, 150; sanguinem sistit in naribus coagulum ex aqua, maxime agninum, subductum, 30, 112; 3. esp. s. nauem, draw (a ship) up (on the beach)—opposed to deducere n.—quae subducta erat tuto in terram (sc. nautis)? Pl. Most. 3, 2, 50; naues subdaci et refici iubet, Caes. b. c. 3, 23, 3; add 2, 23, 3; classem quae subducta esset ad Gythium, Cie. off. 3, 49; ab classe quae Coryrae subducta erat, Liv. 31, 22, 5; add 37, 10, 10; 42, 27, 1; 45, 2, 9; Quassantum uentus liceat subducere classem, Verg. 4, 551; add 573; 4. s. supercilium, draw up or contract (the eyebrows), Cum antebae uidebam stare tristis turbido Voltu subductis superciliis senes, Turp. 168 R; ego nus antiquorum hominum subductis superciliis, Varr. s. 135, 9 R; o pueriles ineptias! In hoc supercilium subducimus? In hoc barbam demisimus? Sen. ep. 48, 7; 5. run up (an account), add up, calculate, Hoc intro atque intus subducam ratiunculam Quantillum..., Pl. Capl. 1, 2, 102; Beatus uideor, subdixi ratiunculam Quantum aeris mihi sit quantumque alieni sit, Cure. 3, 1; incedis subducendisque rationibus, Cie. ap. Non. 399; and absol., adduct, subducunt, add nummum conuenit, Att. 5, 21, 12; hoc quid intersit si tuos digitos non certe habes subductum, 5, 21, 13; 6. and met., Numquam ita quisquam bene subducam ratione ad uitam fuit, Quin res..., Ter. Ad. 5, 4, 1; quid fortes uiri, uoluptatium calculis subductis proelium ineunt, an quolam animi ardore concitati? Cie. fin. 2, 60; add fam. 1, 9, 10; N. D. 3, 71; 7. draw from under, withdraw, ubi bullabit uinum ignem subducito, Cato r. 115; Terraque se pedibus raptum subducant, Lucr. 1, 1106; neque intellegunt se rerum illarum fundamenta subducere, Cie. fin. 4, 42; si id quo nititur aduersariorum causa subdixerit, inu. 2, 143; 8. gen. withdraw quietly, illo facto quod illos milites subduxit exercitum seruauit, Cato orig. 19, 14; Hunc (sc. Aescanum) tegere et dirae ualeam subducere pugnae, Verg. 10, 50; Et nos ergo manum ferulae subducimus, Liv. 1, 16; 9. esp. with se etc. or as vb. r. withdraw, steal away, Tempus est subducere hinc me, Pl. As. 5, 2, 62; quae...eum eo clam te subduxit mihi, Ter. Eun. 4, 7, 25; is de circulo se subduxit, Cie. q. fr. 3, 4, 1; and of inanimate things, quae se subducere colles incipiunt, Verg. B. 9, 7; hic quoque fons nascitur simulque subducitur, Plin. ep. 5, 6, 39; 10. take away by stealth, steal, Caput deponit, condormiscent, ego ei subduco anulum, Pl. Cure. 2, 3, 81; Rapidus (sc. fluuius) raptori pueri est subduxit pedes, Men. pr. 65; aureas pelles, ut Argis Atrous quam sibi Thyestem subduxe queritur, Varr. r. 2, 1, 6; saculari qui uctitas in saeculo artes exercentes partem subducunt, partem subtrahunt, Ulp. dig. 47, 11, 7; 11. lead up, march up, copias suas in proximum collem subducit, Caes. b. g. 1, 24, 1; cunctos pleno gradu in collem subducit, Sal. Iug. 98, 4; 12. s. alium, move, purge, quoniam is cibus (sc. fabae) et subducere sensim alium et leuigat, Gell. 4, 11, 4; but in Cels. 3, 4 read with Med. duxit, not subduxit; 13. subduxit, Ter. 9; subduxe, Varr. 9; 10.

**sub-co**, ire, fui (? in Ov. F. 1, 314 subibit, not subiuit) or ii, itum, vb. irreg. go up, come up—first come up, area...ereta solidanda tenaci Ne subcant herbae, Verg. G. 1, 180; tonsor dum circuit ora Luperci...altera barba subit, Mart. 7, 83, 2; 2. met. spring up, subitum morbi tristisque senectus, Verg. G. 3, 67; subeunt lipititudines tormina febres, Cels. 2, 1; naturaliter semper aliquibus decedentibus, nullis uero in eorum locum subeuntibus, summa macies oritur, 3, 22, 1; 3. go up, often with prep., as sub, ad, in, contra, Vel isti qui trium minorum causa subeunt sub falas, Pl. Most. 1, 1, 10; secundam legionem subire ad portam castrorum iussit, Liv. 34, 16, 2; ad tecta subibant Pauperes Euanthi, Verg. S. 350; Donec in appositi memoris subiere latebras, Ov. M. 4, 601; add Pont. 4, 7, 34; 4. with mere acc., murosque subibant (so Ribb., al. muro), Verg. 9, 374; subimus Impo-itum saxis late cauentibus Anxur, Hor. s. 1, 5, 25; subeuntibus aces, Sil. 15, 215; (aqua) subit altitudinem exortus sul. Plin. 31, 57; 5. with dat. in poets, portique subimus Chaonia, Verg. 3, 292; Progressi



subeunt ludo, S. 125; dumis, Sil. 5, 283; 6. go up (not merely go up to), ascend, multi subeuntes uallum transfixi sunt, Liv. 36, 18, 8; si forte Romani subire collem conarentur, Caes. b. g. 8, 15, 1; 7. go up to, so as to receive upon one, go under, take upon (one's back or shoulders), Ergo age care pater cervici imponere nostrae, Ipse subulo uncris, Verg. 2, 708; Quem subuisse hameris confectum aetate parentem, 4, 599; Cum grauius dorso subit omnis, Hor. s. 1, 9, 21; phoeniceum subire patrum corpus inque Solis aram perferre, Tac. an. 6, 34 (28); Illo non nalis subit inga tempore taurus, Tib. 1, 3, 41; Cum leones ingem subeant, Plin. 10, 128; iuncti currum dominae subire leones, Verg. 3, 113; 8. also with a dat., pars ingenti subire feretro, Verg. 6, 222; 9. hence met. take upon oneself (a burden), encounter, incur, submit to, labores, Cic. Att. 3, 15, 7; minas terrores pericula, Rosc. Am. 31; nim atque iniuriam, pron. cons. 41; cruciatum, off. 3, 105; iniuriam, Caecil. 46; odium, Att. 11, 17, 2; pericula, Caes. b. g. 1, 5, 3; casum, b. c. 3, 77, 1; seruitum, Ov. tr. 4, 6, 8; uincula, am. 1, 6, 28; and hence in pass., inicitia sunt: subeantur, Cic. Ver. 2, 5, 182; 10. of ideas, rise up, spring up, present or suggest themselves, subit ari genitoris imago, Verg. 2, 560; Plurima cum subeant audita et cognita nobis, Ov. 15, 307; 11. as vb. impers. the thought rises, quid sim quid fuerimque subit, Ov. tr. 3, 8, 38; add 2, 291; quo magis admirari subit, his a principis caedi montes in marmora, Plin. 12, 2; miseris sortis humanae subit, 25, 23; 12. go up to, face (an enemy), attack, multam sine nomine plebem Fadunque Herbesumque subit, Verg. 9, 344; interim fallendus est index et uariis artibus subeundus, Quint. 4, 5, 5; 13. go under, enter, qui inter annos xiii tectum non subissent, Caes. b. g. 1, 36, 7; Macra cauum repetes autem quem macra subisti, Hor. ep. 1, 7, 33; si latum subeant uenabula pectus, Lucan. 1, 211; subit ilia cuspis, Val. F. 3, 105; 14. met. enter (the mind), occur (see also § 10), cogitatio animi subit indignum esse in nnum Coroneum agrum saeuire, Liv. 36, 29, 3; add 26, 7, 3; nec te natalis origo Communit mentemque subit quo praemia paeto... pararis? Ov. M. 12, 472; si non subissent uelut otiosum animi aliae cogitationes, Quint. 11, 2, 33; 15. come after, go after, follow, succedat, take the place of, Pone subit conuinx, Verg. 2, 725; amnem taurus Primus init, mox omne pecus formidine pulsa Pone subit, Val. F. 4, 107; Isque Latine tibi pater est, subit Alba Latinum, Ov. F. 4, 43; casa parua Vertitur in templum, furcas subire columinae, M. S. 699; subit argentea proles Auro deterior, 1, 114; 16. esp. with in locum, in quorum locum suberunt iniquitiae inuolutae pericula impudicitiae, Varr. 8, 216, 2 R; fugere pudor uerumque fidesque, In quorum subire locum fraudesque dolique, Ov. M. 1, 129, see also Verg. and Cels. § 2; 17. come to the support of, primae legioni tertia, dextrae alae sinistra subit, Liv. 27, 2, 7; 18. go under, sink below, Cum Tritoniaceum nouies paludem aequat, Ov. M. 15, 358; Praecepit occiduas ille subit aquas, F. 1, 314; 19. sensu obscen., inuenies, Liv. 2, 50; deo, Prop. 4, 18, 14; 20. go down? sink? nonnumquam incipient febre subeunt (uenae) et quiescunt,—of the pulse—Cels. 3, 6.

**subicēs**, or **subicēs**, acc. pl. [subicio?] jets (as of steam), congruens est ut subices etiam quod proinde ut obices compositum est ut litera breui dici oporteat. Ennius in tragedia quae Achilles inscribitur subices pro aere alto ponit qui caelo subiectus est his uersibus: Per ego dem sublimas subices Umidas unde oritur imber sonitu saeno et spiritu (al. strepitu)—plerosque tamen legere audias u litera producta, Gell. 4, 17, 13; cf. Fest. 305 s 23 M and Non. 168 f.

**sub-icio**, (rather than subicio) icere, icere, icetum, vb. throw up, Gallo cuius amor tantum mihi crescit in horas, Quantum nere nolo uiridis se subicit alnus, Verg. B. 10, 74; Parua sub ingenti matris se subicit umbra, G. 2, 19; at illud (sc. discum) Dura repercussum subicet in aera tellus In cultus Hyacinthe tuos, Ov. M. 10, 184; Camillus (now old and infirm) subiectus ab circumstantibus in equum, Liv. 6, 24, 5; panidum regem in equum subicet,

31, 37, 10; corpora saltu subieunt in equos, Verg. 12, 288; 2. put up, put forward, esp. to screen others who keep back, or to play a false part, subicuit L. Metellus ab inimicis Caesaris qui hanc rem distrahant reliquias res impedit, Caes. b. c. 1, 33, 3; suspensio subiecti petitoris non carebit, Quint. 4, 2, 96; frequenter subici ab aduersario solent et omnia profutura polliciti diuersa respondent, 4, 7, 12; 3. hand up, supply, Ipse manu subicit gladios ac tela ministrat, Lucan. 7, 574; 4. esp. supply (knowledge, ideas), suggest, hint, prompt, quod si scientiam hanc non subiciat evidens causa, multo minus eam posse subicere quae in dubio est, Cels. pr. p. 5, f. D; Si meministi id quod olim dictum subice, Ter. Ph. 3, 3, 40; cupio mihi ab illo subici, si quid forte praetereo, Cic. Ver. 2, 5, 25; hic mihi quasi ministrator aderat, subiciens quid in suos ciues si nullo dicerem, Flac. 53; cetera quae in tali re muliebri dolor subicit, Liv. 3, 48, 8; add 45, 18, 8; spes, 28, 44, 7 and Ov. M. 7, 304; carmina, Prop. 1, 7, 20; 5. throw up (to), bring up (to), drive up to, eastris Scipionis aciem suam subiecit, Caes. b. c. 3, 37, 2; ut paene castris Pompeii legiones subiceret, 3, 56, 1; ut collibus Pompeianis aciem subiceret, 3, 84, 2; circa meridianos aestus (ones) sub umbriferis rubos et arbores patulas subiecit, Varr. r. 2, 2, 11; 6. hence throw under, put under, bring under, either with dat. or with sub and acc. (not sub and abl.; cf. Madvig ad Cic. fin. 2, 48), si parum habet lactis mater ut subiciat sub alterius mammam, Varr. r. 2, 1, 20 (of sheep); (epistolam) sub puluinum subiciens In crastinum incipit differo res seniores, sp. Nep. Pol. 3; 2; aizoum si ignorantis puluino subiciatur, Plin. 26, 111; puluino eius sacculum subiecit, Sen. ben. 2, 10, 1; ad ea quae sub eos (se. sensus) subiecta sunt, Cic. acad. pr. 74; nec res ullas quae subiectae sensibus uiderentur, post. 31; in his rebus quae subiectae sunt sensibus, fin. 5, 36; 7. met., si nos sub eorum potestatem subicimus, ad Herenn. 2, 50; subiecit se homines imperio alterius et potestati, Cic. off. 2, 22; matrisfamilias sub hostilem libidinem subiecit, ad Herenn. 4, 12; aras fecos deos penates subiectos esse libidini tribuniciae, Cic. p. dom. 106; 8. esp. of auctions, put up (for sale), bring under the spear or the auctioneer's voice, hastam in foro ponere et bona ciuium uoci subicere praecoem, Cic. off. 2, 83; cuius etiam uictus nescitibus sub praecoem (so Wesenb. and Madv., mss praecoem) subiecit est, Quint. 40; ut Cyprinus rex cum bonis omnibus sub praecoem (so Wesenb. and Madv., mss praecoem) subiceretur, p. dom. 52; fundum in Veienti subiecit praecoem, Liv. 6, 14, 10; ipsum bonaque subiecit haec, Suet. Aug. 24; auctione proposita reliquias omnium spectaculorum subiecit et nemitant, Cal. 39; hos subieci ac uenire imperauit, Tit. 8 f.; 9. bring under (a comprehensive term), comprehend, include, understand under, hae quattuor partes quae subiciuntur sub uocabulum (al. uocabulo) recti, ad Herenn. 3, 7; formarum certus est numerus quae cuique generi subiciuntur, Cic. top. 33; omnes species quae sunt generi subiectae, Quint. 5, 10, 57; parum quantam aliquid quidam imitationis quam non arti subieci, 3, 5, 1; 10. subject, expose, odio ciuium, Cic. i. 1, 202, huius nauigationem, Caes. b. g. 4, 36, 2; calumnias, Liv. 38, 48, 14; 11. place after, ut mollire temptauerit in praepositione (sc. abs) b litterae subiciendo, Quint. 12, 10, 32; 12. esp. of words, subijci, append, add, et eur sic opinetur rationem subicit, Cic. dia. 2, 10; edicto subieci quid in utrumque nostrum esset impensum, Plin. pan. 20; 13. also to another's speech, answer, reply, subiecit Scrofa..., Varr. r. 1, 7, 2; uix pauca fuerint subicito, Verg. 3, 314; 14. put in place of, substitute, mutata (dico) in quibus pro nerbo proprio subiecit aliud quod idem significet, Cic. orat. 92; alterum (librum) pari magnitudine subiecit, sp. Nep. Lys. 4, 2; subici aries dicitur, Fest. 347 b 2 M; causa (coecygi) pillos subiciendi putatur, quod sciat se inuicem cunctis anibus, Plin. 10, 26; si quis in pigmora pro auro eas subieciisset creditori, qualiter teneatur quiescit est? Ulp. 13, 7, 36; 15. put forward what is false, forge, counterfeit, testamenta credo subieciunt, Cic. Phil. 14, 7; publice interest partus non subieci, Ulp. 25, 4, 13; 16. the length of u is noticed by Gell. 4, 17, 3, who

quotes from Lucilius: Subicit huic humile et suffereitius posteriori; but see subicit in Lucian above § 3.

**subigatio**, ōnis, f. indecent handling, Pl. Capt. 5, 5, 2.

**subigatrix**, icis, adj. or sb. f. one who indecently handles, ne me attracta s., Pl. Pers. 2, 2, 45.

**subigito**, āre, vb. frq. [subigo] handle indecently, Neque alienum ego unquam scortum subigito in convivio, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 58; Quor ex ausus subigite alienam uxorem, impudens? 5, 9; add Mere. 1, 2, 90 and 91; eius amicum subigite, Ter. Hant. 3, 3, 6; 2. solicit to indecency, cur tabernarius blanditiis (eam) subigitur quem iidem adiunt verbis amatoris satis scite lascivire? Apul. mag. 87; 3. coax, igitur bibliothecarius tibi subigitandus est aliquid in eam rem insinuandum, Fronto ad M. Caes. 4, 5, p. 103, Mai.

**sūb-igo**, igēre, ēgi, actum, vb. [ago] cause to go upwards, drive up, send up, bring up, sucs antequam aestus incipiat subigit in umbrosam locum, Varr. r. 2, 4, 6; aduerso uix flumine lembum Remigiis subigit, Verg. G. 1, 202; naues in flumine Vulturno comprehensas subigi ad castrum iussit, Liv. 26, 7, 9; subigendae ad moenia classis, Sil. 15, 218; Ast alius subigit saxum contra ardua montis, Sil. 610; Frondosae apicem subigens ad sidera, Pyrene, 17, 641; 2. with dat., Celso (by c). N.H.; mss celso) sonipedes ovis subigit ingo, Sen. Phaedr. 1011;

3. work up, break up, pulverise, as in digging or ploughing, (terra) gremio subacto sparsum semen excipit, Cic. sen. 51; locum subigare oportet bene (for asparagus), ubi erit subactus arens facito, Cato r. 161; glebis subigendis exercitati, Cic. leg. agr. 2, 84; segetes agricolae subigunt aratris ante quam serant, Hort. ap. Non. 400; Ante fouem nulli subigebant arua coloni, Verg. G. 1, 125; ager bipalio prius subigi debet, Colum. 3, 5, 3; 4. work up (with liquids etc.) into a sort of paste, soften by beating, knead, panem depistum sic facito, farinam in mortarium indito, aquae paulatim addito, subigitoque pulvere; ubi bene subegeris, defungito (defungito) coquoque, Cato r. 74; quidam ex ovis (panem) aut lacte subigunt, Plin. 18, 106; Cato arpillae harenam finiumque bubulum admiscet atque usque ad lentorem subigit inbet, 17, 111; ichtyocolla contusa et subacta ad liquorem usque molles, 32, 84; fluidatiles (canceri) tritui usque et ex oleo subacti, 32, 111; fissura (in grafting) diligenter subacta luto linitur, Col. 4, 29, 8; emplastrum tetrapharmacum ex aceto subactum, Cels. 6, 3; 5. esp. of softening (skin etc.) by beating or repeated pressure, make supple, in pellis subactas effunditur (sc. argenteum unguentum), Plin. 33, 99; saepe plus prodest pressa manu subigisse terga (pecudum) quam si longissime eibos praebens, Colum. 6, 30, 1; Sine rudem primos lanam glomerat in orbes, seu digitis subigebat opus, Ov. M. 6, 19; 6. hence obscen. sensu, Gallias subegit Caesar, Nicomedes Caesarem, ap. Suet. Caes. 49; uxorem habere, subigere ancillam uelit, Auson. ep. 142; adest dea Prima ut subacta (sc. noua nupta) ne se commoueat, comprimator, Aug. c. D. 6, 9; hence subacti=pathici, Cael. Aur. tard. 4, 9; cf. subactor and subigus;

7. met. by repeated pressure remove rigidity, render supple, tame, Nam illa mulier lapidem silicem subigere ut se amet potest, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 77; Ego illum ut sit quietus uerberibus subigero, Most. 5, 2, 52; militia subactus, Varr. s. p. 212, 7, 1; egestas tristis ae (us hinc) durus labor (quoniam) rigentem tot malis subigent uirum, Sen. Thy. 304; 8. hence compel by repeated pressure, tame, Nec tu me quidem unquam subiges redditum ut reddam tibi, Pl. Cure. 5, 8; Vis subigi uerum fateri, ita lora ludunt brachia, Truc. 4, 3, 9; Castigatque audique dolos subiguntque fateri, Verg. G. 5, 567; Tarquiniensem metu subegerat frumentum exercitum, Liv. 9, 41, 5; ut ederet socios subigi non potuit, Tac. an. 2, 40; 9. esp. absol. subdue (by arms), subigit omne Loucanum opidesque abloneit, epit. Scip. CIL 30; regem Antiocho subegit, 35; Africanus qui suo nomine declarat tertiam partem orbis terrarum se subigisse, Cic. Rose. Am. 103; and met., quod mihi cum is uiuendum est quos uici ae subegi, Cat. 3, 27;

10. whet (by repeated pressure), subiguntque in cote secures, Verg. 7, 627; 11. harden by repeated pressure? pavimenta ad hunc modum facito; ubi lubraueris de glareae et calce arcuato primum eorum facito, id pilis subigito, Cato r. 18, 7; but qu. solidato. Cf. Vitr. 7, 1 (p. 163 ed. Rose) and Verg. G. 1, 178.

**Subigus**, i, m. a gol (subigendi, v. subigo § 6), adest deus Subigus ut niro (noua nupta) subigatur, Aug. c. D. 6, 9, 3.

1. **sūb-indē**, adv. [sub up; inde 2 down, wh. see] lit. up and down, and so like our off and on, ever and anon, from time to time, subinde ab tribunis mentio in senatu de agris diuidendis illata est, Liv. 4, 44, 7; mendite ista et illicite lucro mercatorum ut sequatur agmen, eo subinde suggeram quae uendatis, 10, 17, 6; transfugae...dimissi cum donis, ut subinde, ut quaque res noua decreta esset, exploratum perferrent, 10, 27, 4; praedae minus inuentum est, quod subinde spolia agrorum capta domos iulitebant (Ligures), 35, 21, 9; erit pergratum mihi hanc effugiem eius subinde intueri, subinde respicere, Plin. ep. 2, 7, 6; si diligenter subinde emundata fuerit humus, Colum. 6, 30, 2; add 6, 2, 4; aut semel fac illud Mentitur tua quod subinde tressis, Mart. 5, 39, 5; esp. in Suet. as, subinde iacetab in ciuitate libera linguam mentemque liberares aetate debere, Suet. Tib. 28; tragicum illud subinde iacetab, Ockridunt dum temuant, Cal. 30; subinde de secessu cogitauit, 50; Tib. 57; Cal. 33; Claud. 41 and 43; Nero 10 and 41; Galb. 16; nec contentus maledictis tollebat subinde altius pedem, Ter. 117; 2. of place, every here and there, futurae ac substructiones quibus subinde inceperat (theatrum), Plin. ep. 10, 39, 2; 3. hence Ital. sovente and Fr. souvent.

2. **sūb-indē**, adv. [sub after; inde from pron. is] soon after, presently, then, Si dicet flecte, primum gaudere, subinde Praeceptum auriculis hoc instillare memento... Hor. ep. 1, 8, 15; Appius mortem sibi concepit, subinde arreptus Sp. Oppius, proximus inuidiae quod in urbe fuerat, Liv. 3, 58, 7; aliud subinde bellum cum alterius ora Graecis exortum, S. 27, 1; add 7, 10, 10; 23, 27, 9; 39, 7, 2; 39, 39, 1; Capuan ab iisdem Tuscis conditum ac subinde Nolam, Vell. 1, 7, 3; consularium primus Aulus Plautius praepositus ac subinde Ostorius Scapula, Tac. Agr. 14; exilis aeger planus primum aereit ultima in parte mensis Augusti, subinde Septembris sit iteratus, Colum. 2, 4, 11; subinde ut in locum secretiorum uenimus, euntionem annis reiecit, Pet. 7; esp. in Suet. as, post necne Caesaris circulus ad speciem caelestis arcus orbem solis ambiit, ac subinde Iuliae, Caesaris filiae, monumentum fulmine ictum est, Aug. 95; add Ner. 3 and 6; Galba 1, 10 and 16; Vit. 9; Tit. 5.

**subitus**, part. of subico, as adj. [just come up as it were out of the ground, and so] unexpected, sudden, Bene facis sed nunc quid subiti mihi febris (or febres, mss) by dittograph fe-brises citati? ciuit mali? Att. 155 R; Nam quod ego huic nunc subito exitio reuolui inueniam miser? Ter. Ph. 1, 4, 22; et maris subita tempestas quam ante protiusa terret uanigantes uehementius, Cic. Tusc. 3, 52; ut sunt Gallorum subita et repentina consilia, Caes. b. g. 3, 8, 3; 2. hence made at the time, offhand, extempore, nam si subitum et fortuitum orationem commentatio et cogitatio facile uincit, hanc ipsam profecto assidua ac diligens scriptura superabit, Cic. or. 1, 150; nec exensatur offensa fortitiae ac subitae dictionis impetu, Tac. dial. 10; aduenire ex Italia legionem, nec subitum militem sed ueterem expertumque belli, h. 4, 4, 76; liberos quibus uideo non subitas (nec de toto ad-day) imagines relicturus, Plin. ep. 8, 10, 3; duo genera eius (sc. aquae mulsae), subitae ac recentis alterum (I add this word), alterum inueteratae, Plin. 22, 110; 3. elius subitus, an abrupt ascent, Stat. Th. 6, 258; 4. attached to vb. as an adv., hand temendae manus duetor Trapezantem subitus inrupit, Tac. h. 3, 347; Claudium Caesarem ferunt, cum dictum esset recitare Nonianum, subitum recitanti inopinatumque uenisse, Plin. ep. 1, 13, 3; 11. S. subitum, 1. as sb. n., a sudden emergency, ut ad subita rerum duo iusti seriberentur exercitus, Liv. 9, 43, 4; ad subita belli, 25, 15, 20; etiam fortis

nirous subitis terri, Tac. ab. 15, 59; 6. phrases, de subit, suddenly, Pl. Bac. 1, 1, 46; Cic. rep. 6, 2; 7. per subitum, suddenly, Sil. 7, 594; 8, 628; 10, 505; 12, 653; 8. subitum, as adv., suddenly, Sil. 15, 459; III 9. subito, adv., suddenly, Quid istuc est mi nūc negoti quod tu tam subito domo Albas? Pl. Amph. 1, 3, 4; Ita nunc imparatum subito tanta te impendunt mala, Ter. Ph. 1, 4, 2; hos Ariouistum dispersos subito adortum uicisse, Caes. b. g. 1, 40, 8; Dixit et ex oculis subito...fugit diuersa, Verg. G. 4, 499; 10. hastily, quickly, ex tabellis iam faxo scies, Quam subito argento mi ussus inuenio siet, Pl. Ps. 1, 1, 48; Quasco edepol quo ante lucem te subito rapis Ere cum tuo puero, Turp. 50 R; breuiore has litteras properanti publicanorum tabellario subito dedi, Caes. ad Cic. 8, 7, 1; quae (sc. senta) subito pelibus induxerant, Caes. b. g. 2, 33; Et quamuis subito per colum uina uidemus Perdiere, Lucr. 2, 391.

**sub-iungo**, iungere, iunxi, iunctum, vb. [sub up, iungo yoke] yoke (to a vehicle), with a dat., Daphnis et Armenias curru subiungere tigris Instituit, Verg. B. 5, 29; uaeuo plostro subiungendi (iuuenci), Colum. 6, 2, 8; subiungens carpento suo equas, Plin. 11, 262; and met., puppis rostro subiuncta leones, Verg. 10, 157; also with acc. if we may trust: libet subiungere currus, Manil. 4, 231; 2. met. bring under the yoke, Nulli fas Italia tantum subiungere gentem, Verg. 8, 502; urbes Achaiae multas sub imperium populi Romani subiunxit, Cic. Ver. 2, 1, 55; sub uestrum ius, agr. 2, 98; imperio nostro provincias, Vell. 2, 39, 33; Et mihi res non me rebus subiungere conor, Hor. ep. 1, 1, 19; 3. gen. place under, Immortalia si uolumus subiungere rebus Fundamenta quibus intat summa salutis, Lucr. 2, 862; 4. hence gen. subjoin, attach, join, Tu fac utrumque uni subiungas nomen eorum (sc. animi et animae), Lucr. 3, 421; si placet omnes artes oratori subiungere, consider as belonging to him, Cic. or. 1, 218; Aristoteles tralationi et bae ipsa subiungit et abusionem (καταρχήν), includes under the term, orat. 94; esp. of words, canendum ne decrecat oratio et fortiori subiungatur aliquid infirmis, Quint. 9, 4, 23; dicit Senecio quae res ferebat, aliqua subiungo, Plin. ep. 7, 33, 7; non est alienum subiungere qui post Messalam hunc officio praefuerit, Frontin. ar. 102; in Gell. 1, 25 the reading is sublitia 'substituted', not subineta.

**subiābro**, āre, vb. [lābrum, sb. n.] cibum intra labra mitto, so at least Non. p. 170 quoting Novius in Decuma: iam ego illi subiens sublabrabo esui illud sinciput.

**sublestus**, adj. [perh. from an old part. lastus of a lost vb. lasc-, as seen in lasc-iuus and so=laxus, cf. It. lasciare, Fr. laisser; cf. for cons. mist-us from misce-o, for vowel incestus from castus] lit. rather loose? Lingua factio inertes opera sublesti (sublesti Acaidialis) fide, Pl. Bac. 3, 6, 13; Nam ad paupertatem si admirat infamiae, Gramior paupertas fit, fides sublestior, Pers. 3, 1, 20; sublesta antiphi dicebant infirma et tenuia, Fest. 204 b 3 M; sublestum est lene friuolum, Non. 177; 2. uinum sublestissimum, Pl. Nercul. ap. Fest., who adds, quia infirmos faciat uel corpore uel animo, perh. rather most deceitful.

**sublimēn**? a word unduly accredited as an adv. for sub limen alof by Ritschl chiefly on the ground that the xs B of Plautus repeatedly has sublimen in place of sublimem or sublimis (see Rhein. Mus. for 1850, p. 556); and by Baier as a sb. n. in Ennius, Aspicie hoc sublimen candens..., in oppos. to every xs of Cicero in four separate passages, and to all but one of Apul.; as also to Fest. and Prob.—see excursus in Klotz's Andria, Leipzig, 1865.

**sublimis**, e, adj. [i.e. subliminis from subleu-are, cf. for suffix incolomis; also sublimus compared with almus, firmus, μαχρός] uplifted, above-ground, aloft, sublime..., notis iter, Enn. tr. 179 R; omnis de uniuerso quaestio in caelestia sublimia terrena diuiditur, Sen. N. Q. 2, 1, 1; supra terram granaria quidam sublimia faciunt, Varr. r. 1, 57, 3; Nec teneum teneas sublimis aranea telam,

Catul. 68, 49; Apparet liquido sublimis in aere Nisus, Verg. G. 1, 404; uertex, 1, 242; ipsa (sc. Venus), A. 1, 415; Sublimis in equis redeunt, 7, 285; arma, 11, 602; columba, 11, 722; sublimi flagello, Hor. od. 3, 26, 11; hanc locutus sublimis abiit (Romulus), Liv. 1, 16, 8; sublimis abiit (aquila), 1, 34, 8; 2. esp. of persons lifted off their feet to be carried away, as in Pl. Quin tu illam inbes ancillas rapere sublimem domum? As. 5, 2, 18; Ducite istam; si non sequatur rapite sublimem foras (al. sublimem), Mil. 5, 1; add Men. 5, 7, 3; also 6 and 13; and 5, 8, 3; then from Ter. Audi obscuro. Quid uis? Sublimem hunc intro rape quantum potes, Andr. 5, 2, 20; Sublimem primum medium arripere et capite in terram statuerem, Ad. 3, 2, 18; quem praepes ab Ida Sublimem pedibus rapuit locus armiger uncis, Verg. 5, 255; see sublimem; 3. rising high, lofty, portis sublimibus, Verg. 12, 133; quercus sublimi uertice, 9, 682; s. atrium, Hor. od. 3, 1, 46; equus, Lucan. 7, 342; armenta, Colum. 3, 8, 3; 4. met. exalted, lofty, sublime, grand, uiri, Varr. r. 2, 4, 9; nomen, Ov. tr. 4, 10, 121; natura, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 165; carmina, Ov. am. 3, 1, 39; Iuv. 7, 28; genus dicendi, Quint. 11, 1, 3; 5. sublime, absol. as sb. n. mid-air, Aspicie hoc sublime (not sublimem, as Baier has) candens quae uocat (al. inuocat) omnes Iouem, Enn. ap. Cic. N. D. 2, 4 and 65; 3, 10, 3; 40; Apul. de mundo, 33; Fest. 306 b 10 M; Prob. ad Verg. B. 6, 31; 6. esp. with prep., qui (sc. sonus) in sublime fertur (so mss, but Davies and Baier om. in), Cic. N. D. 2, 141; anates solae in sublime protinus sese tollunt, Plin. 10, 112; Dianae facies in sublimi posita, 36, 13; grues silentio per sublimem uolantes, 18, 362; datur decoctum (phacoman) ex sublimi deuolutis, 27, 129; pro per lasum in sublime iactato, Suet. Claud. 27; inualidum quemque disento sago impositum in sublime iactare, Oth. 2; 7. sublime, as adv. aloft, first as an acc. with motion, hanc aut pondere deorsum aut leuitate sublime ferri, Cic. N. D. 2, 44; ar extenuatus sublime fertur, 2, 101; add 2, 117; concurrunt sublime uolantes Aetherae nubes, Lucr. 6, 97; eos ipsos legatos non pinis sublimem elatos Alpes transgressos, Liv. 21, 30, 8; add Verg. G. 1, 318; 8. secondly as a dat. (for sublimi) without motion, ea scuta quae fuerant sublime fixa sunt humi inuenta, Cic. dia. 2, 67; Theodori nihil interest humine an sublime putescat, Tusc. 1, 102; 9. comp., sublimis, Iuv. 8, 231; and Quint. 8, 3, 75; sublimior, 10, 1, 68; sublimissimus, Tert. apol. 33; Symm. ep. 6, 57; 10. sublimiter, adv. aloft, high, as of one standing erect, four times in Cato r. 70 and 71; pauo nec sublimiter potest nec per longa spatia uolitare, Colum. 8, 11, 1; sublimis altum Atollit caput, Ov. hal. 69; 11. met. in a lofty tone, alia lenius, alia sublimius esse dicenda, Quint. 9, 4, 130.

**sublimo**, āre, vb. [1 sublimis=sublimis] lift up, Sol qui candentem in caelo sublimat faciem, Enn. tr. 318 V; aquila cum se sublimem tenuis altissime sublimauit, Apul. flor. 1, 2; 2. met. exalt, in maximum deus atque in excelsissimum claritudinem sublimauit, Cat. orig. 15, 2 lord.; apud poetam (sc. Vergilium) nostrum tantum scientiam iuris auguralis inuenio ut si aliarum disciplinarum doctrina destitueretur, haec illam uel sola professio sublimaret, Maer. s. 1, 24, 17; add Prud. apoth. 913; Hier. ep. 1, 11.

**1 sublimis**, adj.=sublimis, sublimas subices, Enn. ap. Gell., see subices; Aut saepe ex humili sede sublima aloft, Att. 576 R; ex sublimo uertice scia, 563 R; At nunc per maria ac terras sublimāque caeli...moueri Cernimus, Lucr. 1, 349; sublima nebula caelum obscurabat, Sall. ap. Non. 489.

**2 sublimis**, adj. [limus, adj.] looking slightly aside, askance, si praestat oculos aduocare ab eiusmodi propodiis, aspicie tamen uel sublimis (sc. oculis), Tert. pall. 4 med.

**submissus**, (summ.) part. of submitto; 2. as adj. low, quadrato agmine facto stantibus primis, secundis summissioribus, postrema genu nixis fatigatum testudinem faciebant, Liv. 44, 9, 6; 3. met. esp. of the voice, low, uolet et contenta uoce atrociter dicere et summissa leniter,

Cic. orat. 56; rogauit Summissa fugiens uoce elientis opem, Ov. Pont. 4, 3; 42; lenior atque summissior oratio, Quint. 11, 1, 64; summissus orator, a quiet speaker, Cic. orat. 76 and 90; 4. of the mind, humble, priuatum oportet pari cum ciuibus iure uiuere, neque summissum et abiectum neque se eferentem, Cic. off. 1, 124; summissa adulatione, Quint. 11, 1, 30; non dubitabat quin recenti calamitate summissiores essent futurae, Caes. b. g. 8, 31, 2; 11 5. submisce, adv. low, quemadmodum eingenor? Nec submisce nec succinere, Crat. Fortun. art. rhet. 3 f; 6. met. as of words, low, quietly, summissus a primo, deinde pressis, post ut uidit ardentem (iudices) in reliquis exultauit audacius, Cic. orat. 26; asperne an leniter an etiam summisce loqui expedit, Quint. 6, 5, 5; 7. of the mind, humbly, ut quanto superiores simus tanto nos geramus submissius, Cic. off. 1, 90; Multaque summisce, multa minanter agat, Ov. a. a. 3, 582.

**sub-mitto** (summ.), mittere, misi, missum, vb. let go up, send up, raise, sie, et Auctura loca altibus summittere debent Mortiferam uim de terra quae surgit in anras, Lucr. 6, 818; Huc accedit ut sine certa inbruius anni Laetificus nequeat foetus submittere tellus, 1, 193; Aspicite quos submittit humus formosa colores, Prop. 1, 2, 91; non pabula tellus Pascendis submittit equis, Lucret. 4, 211; nou... Monstrum submisere Colchi Maius, Hor. od. 4, 4, 63; 2. esp. s. manus, lift up (the hands) as in adoration or prayer, Vtque solent famuli cum herbera sacra nerentur Tendere submissas ad tua crura manus, Ov. her. 10 (20), 77; Et pia numen precatu rite submissi manns, Sen. Oed. 421; Submissi palmas lacerato tegmine affligit nonis squaletia corpora terrea, Sil. 1, 673; Credite submissis Romani nunc tendere palmas, 4, 411; add 12, 640; 3. esp. of vegetation, leave to grow up, as grass for hay, opposed to what is consumed in grazing, de pratis summissis, Varr. r. 1, 49, 1; pratum si irriguum habebis, foenum non deficit; si non erit, sicum ne foenum desiet summittito, Cato r. 8, 1; prata in foenum submittuntur, Colum. 11, 2, 15; 4. or plants for seed, si alterius fructus (se, atri oleis) in semen submittas, Colum. 11, 3, 36; stilus (asparagi) qui nouissime nascitur, non omnis est tollendus sed aliqua pars eius in semen submittenda est, 11, 3, 45; 5. so in pruning, pampinarios (surculos) in rescem submitti, Colum. 3, 10, 15; hae (puerita uitae) plus quam in unum flagellum est submittenda, 4, 14, 3; add 5, 1, 21, 7; 4, 1 and 4; 4, 15, 3; 4, 31, 2; 5, 6, 14; arb. 5, 1 and 2; 6. hence met. of the hair let grow, apud Chattos in consensum uertit ut primum adolenerit crinem barbarum submittere, Tac. G. 31; reis moris est submittere capillum, Plin. cp. 7, 27, 14; barbarum capillumque submittere, Sen. ad Polyb. 17, 5; add Suet. Caes. 67; Ang. 23; Cal. 47; Ner. 51 and esp. capillo pone occipitum summissiore, Tib. 68; 7. of cattle, let grow up and so reserve (for stock), Tu modo quos in spem statues submittere gentis..., Verg. G. 3, 731; quos (se. nitulos) pecori maluit submittere habendo, 3, 159; add B. 1, 46; in nutritu haedi, trimestres cum sint facti, cum submittuntur et in grege incipiunt esse, Varr. r. 2, 3, 8; quos arietes submittere uolunt, potissimum eligunt ex matribus quae geminos parere solent, 2, 2, 18; add 2, 3, 4; hoc fit longioribus regionibus ubi nihil nisi submittere expedit, nam suburbanis lactens porcus aere mutandus est, Colum. 7, 9, 4; add 7, 9, 5 and 7, 13; 8. send up (esp. to support or assist), quos laborantes conspexerat, his subsidia submittibat, Caes. b. g. 4, 26, 4; qua ex parte nostros premi intellexerat, his auxilio ex castellis deductos submittibat, 7, 81, 6; 9. the same absol., laborantibus submittit, Caes. b. g. 7, 85, 1; prouinciam tuar dabam operam quoad exercitus huc summittat, Plane, ap. Cic. fam. 10, 21, 6; 10. send up, supply, Vineae submittit epaeas non semper edules, Hor. s. 2, 4, 43;

11. put up (a person to act on one's behalf, at the same time keeping out of sight), send secretly, employ as an emissary, suborn, summittibat iste Timarchidem qui moneat eos si sapient ut transigerent, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 60; esp. in Suet. as, summissis consularibus iuribus qui regio genere ortum peregrant, Ner. 28; add 32 and 34; Tit. 6; et a tropico Thynae submissa Latino, Iuv. 1, 36; and absol., ad pupillae matrem summittibat, Cic. Verr. 2, 1,

105; 12. send as a successor, relieve (of an office), huic nos non submittitis, hunc diutius manere (se. in provincia) patiemini, Cic. pro. cons. 8; 11 13. put up (to), i.e. put under, is (his) canterius propius a terra quam uitibus ordinariis submittendus, Colum. 4, 14, 1; singuli agni binae nutricibus submittuntur nec quicquam submissis expedit quo saturior lactis (agnus) celeriter confirmetur, 7, 4, 3; 14. put to (a male), generosas equas alternis annis submittere debemus, Pall. 4, 13, 6; hoc tempore maxime tauris submittenda sunt uaccae, S. 4, 1; femina (ouis) debet bima submitti, S. 4, 3; 15. put down, lower, summissis fasceibus (consul) in contionem descendit; gratum id multitudini spectaculum fuit summissa sibi esse imperii insignia, Liv. 2, 7, 7; introcui regi dextram porrexit submittentemque se ad pedes sustulit, 45, 7, 5; teneraque latus summisit in herba, Ov. M. 3, 23; Summissoque humiles intrantur uertice postes, 8, 638; Summisere oculos cum duce turba suo, F. 3, 372; omnes fruges (Tiberis) dechuit in urbem, hieme dumtaxat et uere; aestate summittitur, Plin. ep. 5, 6, 12; see also summissus; 16. met., inceptum frustra submittere furorē, Verg. 12, 832; orationem tam submittere quam attollere deest, Plin. ep. 3, 13, 4; neque enim pudor sed aemuli pretium submittunt, Plin. 29, 21; puer ut sciat quando attollenda uel summittenda sit uox, Quint. 1, 8, 1; so summittere alone, Cic. Caecl. 48; Camillo summittere imperium, Liv. 6, 6, 7; 17. esp. s. animus, lower one's courage, submit, bow, neque conuenit nobis periculo ali submittere animum nostrum, Brut. et Cass. ap. Cic. fam. 11, 3, 3; adeo summissarum animos, Liv. 6, 34, 3; ne qui Cannensi ruinae non succubissent, ad minores calamitates animos summitterent, 23, 25, 3; 18. s. se lower oneself, descend, condescend, submit, ut ii qui superiores sunt submittere se debent in amicitia, sic inferiores extollere, Cic. ann. 72; appellauit populum tributum, submiti me et supplicari, Plane, 24; maior animus erat (Scipioni) quam ut reus esse sciret et summittere se in humilitatem causam dicioem, Liv. 38, 52, 2; add 27, 31, 6.

**sub5l-es** (or sob.), is, f. [subol of subolese], lit. undergrowth, hence a number of suckers growing from the roots or the lower part of the stem of a tree, plant etc., natura plantaria demonstrauit multarum radicebus pullulante subole densa et pariente matre quae necet, Plin. 17, 65; (ef. Pullulat ab radice aliis densissima silua, Verg. G. 2, 17;) nemo iam serit (Atiniam ulmum) ex samera (quod est semen eius arboris) sed ex sobolibus, Colum. 5, 6, 2; Marsiam simplicem (cepam) quam uocant unionem rustici eligito, ea est autem quae non fruticauit nec habuit soboles adhaerentes, 12, 10, 1; possunt etiam soboles (al. suboles) per brumam cacci, arb. 5, 4; materia quam inueneris si sobolem uli superiores ramos habebit, omnia praecidi, 26, 9; arbores pomifera subole fecundae, Apul. M. 768; sub ulmo marito eubet in ipso genio terrae matris inter soboles herbarum et propages unionis, mag. 88; 2. undergrowth of hair on the human head, ante auris ex sobolibus parui intorti demittebantur cincinni, Varr. ex Non. 456; cum (capillus?) frequenti sobole spissus cumulat uerticem, Apul. M. 2, 110 H; 3. of men, off-spring, youth, first in a pl. sense even for the sing., sequuntur conubia et adimittat ex quibus etiam plures propinqui, quae propagatio et soboles origo est rerum publicarum, Cic. off. 1, 54 (where propagatio supports the met.); censores populi acuitas soboles familias pecuniasque censento, XII tab. ap. leg. 3, 7; omnem sobolem inuentutis, Phil. 2, 54; et robur et soboles militum perit, Poll. ap. Cic. fam. 10, 33, 1; Diua prodiciae subolem, Hor. arm. s. 17; add od. 4, 3, 14; but Liv. 26, 41, 22 is spurious; 4. of a single child, Cara demum suboles, Verg. B. 4, 49; Saltem siqua mihi de te suscepta fuisset Ante fugam suboles, A. 4, 328; Me erat Archytas suboles Babylonius Horos, Prop. 4, 1, 79; Psyche diuiniae sobolis soleo gaudebat, Apul. M. 5, 12; unde me praecleara sobole aniam beatam faciat, 6, 9; 5. of animals, in both pl. and sing. sense, lasciuia soboles gregis (se. haedus), Hor. od. 3, 13, 8; amniculae (capellae) conestum depellenda soboles, Colum. 7, 6, 8; animalium quae eynocéphalos uocamus lacte uiuit, quarum armenta pascit

maribus interemptis praeterquam subolis causa, Plin. 7, 31.

**sub-rēpo**, (surrepo) *rē*, si, tum, vb. creep up, crawl up, Ambo propositum peragunt iter urbis auentes Moenia nocturni subrepre, Hor. s. 2, 6, 100; mediis subrepsit vinea muris, Lucan. 2, 506; subrepenti laetiae, Plin. 34, 70; 2. met. as of creeping into the affections, Sicine subrepsit meaque (mei atque mss) intestina pererens Si (= sic) misero eripuit omnia nostra bona? Catul. 77, 3; uide quam non subrepam tibi nec furtum facero adfectibus tuis cogitem, Sen. ad Marc. 1, 5; 3. gen. creep upon, iam subrepret iners aetas neque amare decet, Tib. 1, 1, 71; huius obliuionem cibi subrepre aiunt, Plin. 8, 35; dissimulata et ut Graeci dicunt *avēpēparos* actio melius saepe surrepit, Quint. 4, 1, 60; ut insinuat surrepat animis, 4, 1, 42; and in pass. impers., ita surreperit animo iudicis, 4, 5, 20; 4. hence creep upon and so supplant, Et quaecunque meo furtim subrepsit amori, Tib. 4, 3, 21; Ars mea nunc malo pira temperat et modo cogit Iusita praecoquibus subrepre persica prunis, Calp. ecl. 2, 42; 5. creep under, emergebat subito (praetor) cum sub tabulas subreperat, Cic. Sest. 126; facile elatris subrepunt (lepusculi), Colum. 9, 1, 9; 6. note constr. sub with acc., more freq. a dat., and in poets an acc.

**sub-ruo**, *rē*, i, subrūtum [ruo, send rushing], vb. force up, dig up, and so undermine, testudine facit portas succedunt mirumque subruunt, Caes. b. g. 2, 6, 2; captam enam urbem nidere (se. dicunt), opera perfecta, turrim subrutam, b. c. 2, 12, 4; subrutis cuniculo moenibus, Liv. 5, 21, 6; add 21, 11, 8; 31, 46, 15; 33, 17, 9; 34, 29, 6; eastraque (al. elastraque) l'elusi Romanō subrutā ferro, Prop. 4, 8, 55; ares, Ov. tr. 3, 11, 23; uallum, Tac. h. 3, 28; muros, 3, 20; 2. gen. undermine, Subter ubi ingentis speluncas subruit aetas, Lucr. 6, 545; His igitur rebus rareseit corpus et omnis Subruitur natura, 4, 866; Anio subruit montes, Plin. ep. 8, 17, 3; 3. met., nos nostram libertatem subruī patimur, Liv. 41, 23, 8; subruit aculeos Reges muneribus, Hor. od. 3, 16, 14; Sic leue sic parum est animum quod laudis anarum Subruit aut reficit, ep. 2, 1, 179; militum animos, Tac. h. 2, 101; ne securitas subruatur, Traj. ap. Plin. ep. 10, 111; tempus te tacitum subruet, Sen. Thaedr. 783.

**sub-scribo**, *bēre*, psi, ptum, vb. write underneath, quibus (statuis) subscripsit reges ab se in gratiam esse redactus, Cic. Clu. 101; subscripsere quidam L. Bruti statuae Vitium uireres, Suet. Caes. 80; 2. write as a postscript, add in writing, Caesar nobis litteras perbreues misit quorum exemplum subscripsi, Balb. ap. Cic. Att. 9, 13 a; munusculum (of some verses) tibi infra subscripsi, Treb. ap. Cic. fam. 12, 16, 3; I puer atque meo citus haec subscribe libello, Hor. s. 1, 10, 92; 3. esp. of the complimentary words wh. close a letter, Commodus in subscribendo negligens, ita ut in epistulis plurimis Vale tantum scriberet, Lampr. Com. 13, 7; quum Rhodiorum magistratus quod litteras publicas siue subscriptione ad se dederant euocasset, tantummodo inoss subscribere renisit, Suet. Tib. 32 (cf. *οὐκ ἐνέγραψαν τῇ ἐπιστολῇ ὅτις αὐτῷ παρέπεμψε*, Dio. 57, 11); 4. subscribe (one's name as an authority or in approval), endorse, as first in accusations, eras subscribam homini dicam, Pl. Poen. 3, 6, 5; in P. Popilius subscripsit L. Gellius, quod est pecuniam accepisset quo innocentem condemnaret, Cic. Clu. 131; 5. esp. of those who back the chief accuser, Gabinius de ambitu rem fecit P. Sulla, subscribente Memmio, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 2; neminem neque suo nomine neque subscribens accusauit, Nep. Att. 6, 3; Capito patris meus Agrippae subscripsit in C. Cassium, Vell. 2, 69, 5; accusanti patrono subscripsit, Suet. rhet. 3; 6. gen. affix one's name as an authority, quum de supplicio cuiusdam capite damnati ut ex more subscriberet admoneretur, Quam uellem inquit nescire litteras, Suet. Ner. 10; nec quicquam prius subscripsit quam quingentes ad peragendam auream donum, Oth. 7; si plures tutores tutelam simul adiuuauerunt, aut omnes edere debent,

aut certe unius editioni subscribere, Ulp. dig. 2, 13, 6, 1; 7. met. endorse, back, parum ex dignitate populi Romani ducbat (Scipio) subscribere odii accusatorum Hannibalis et factionibus Karthaginensium insere publicam auctoritatem, Liv. 33, 47, 4; Neue preor magni subscribebat Caesaris irae, Ov. tr. 1, 2, 3; ulterioribus quidem deus cabantis luxuriae subscripsit (Asclepiades), prunis neque tortoris uicem exhibuit, Cels. 3, 4 (p. 79, l. 3 D); tuo desiderio subscripsi, Traj. ap. Plin. ep. 10, 95; si tuo fortuna subscripsit, Colum. 1, 2, 3; 8. record (the writer affixing his signature), sub Domitiano miseriarum pars erat uidere et aspicere cum suspiria nostra subscribenter, Tac. Agr. 45; 9. write after (a person), take down his words, Pinarius quum concionante se subscribere quaedam animaduertisset, confodi iussit, Suet. Aug. 27.

**subsciūus**, (rather than subsec.) adj. [subsec-o] ent up, or left after cutting, a term of the agrimensores, applied to the remnants of assigned land left after marking off whole centuries, quanto (al. quando) minus facit quam centuriae modus esse debet, subseciūus uocatur *cic*, Sic. Flac. p. 155, l. 26; cf. Frontin. de agr. qual. p. 6, l. 5; subsciūus ager, Agr. 246, 27; s. fossa, 366, 3; loca, 398, 4; subsciūus as sb., n., 6, 4; subsciūia quae diuisis per veteranos agris carpitum superfluerunt, neteribus possessoribus concessit, Suet. Dom. 9; quid constitutum de subsciūis huius epistulae subsciūi iussi (sc. Domitiani); and soon after, diui Augusti epistula quae admonuit eos ut omnia subsciūia sua colligerent et uenderent, inser. Or. 3118; 2. hence gen. left as a remnant, odds and ends of, esp. of time or labour, s. opera, Lucil. ap. Non. 175; subsciūia quaedam tempora incurunt quae ego perire non patior, Cic. leg. 1, 9; quae ego sero, quae cursum arripui, quae subsciūis operis ut aiunt, iste a meo summo studio summis doctoribus, or. 2, 364; rogas ut aliquis subsciūi temporis studiis meis auferam, impertiam tuis, Plin. ep. 3, 15, 1; non est res subsciūia (philosophia), Sen. ep. 53, 9; quibus studiis haec temporum uelut subsciūia (as sb., n.) donabimus, Quint. 1, 12, 13; quantum habui temporis subsciūi medicinae disciplinae libros attigi, Gell. 18, 10, 8; quae subsciūio aut tumultuario studio colo, 13, 25, 4; 3. in other met., una tantum subsciūia sollicitudo nobis relicta est, Apul. M. 3, 8; quamuis eos (deos) prius sublimitate caelium, subsciūis tamen accumulāt laudibus, Arnob. 5, 30.

**subsidēo**? *rē*, vb. lie in wait (for), subsident aliqui copiosos homines, senes aut iuuenes, orbos uel caelbes, Amm. 28, 4, 22; wh. we should perh. read subsluunt; in Lucan. 1, 646 subsluunt is of course a fut. with a long i; subsluī belongs to subsidio; so that the existence of subsluō is doubtful. So too consideo of Dictionaries is a myth.

**sub-sido**, *sidēre*, *sēdi*, *sessum*, vb. settle down, sink, neque enim poterant subsidere saxa, Lucr. 5, 493; multae per mare pessum Subsederē siue pariter cum ciuibus urbes, 6, 590; Iussit et extendi campos, subsidere ualles, Ov. M. 1, 43; 2. esp. in liquids, omnis mundi quasi limus in immo Confluxit grauis et subsedit finitum ut faex, Lucr. 5, 497; ex amphora primum quod est sincerissimum effluit, grauissimum quoque turbidumque subsidit, Sen. ep. 108, 26; in qua (sc. urina) quod subsidit si album est significat cinerea articulos dolorem imminere, Plin. 28, 68; si urina habet quaedam subsidentia, Cels. 2, 5, p. 35, 28 P; ea quae in colo subsederunt diligenter contrita leuigantur, Colum. 12, 41, 3; add 12, 50, 14; anellanas naves cum praecatione mersit in unum et siue in summum redierant siue subsederant ex hoc coniecturam ducibat, Petr. 137; 3. of living beings, sink, sit down, subsedi in ipsa uia dum haec tibi perserberem, Cic. Att. 5, 16, 1; alii elephanti pedibus insistentes alii elephibus subsidentes prolabebantur, Liv. 44, 5, 7; subsident Hi-spani aduersus emissā tela ab hoste, inde ad mittenda ipsi consurgunt, 28, 2, 6; Substitit Aeneas et se collegit in arma Poplite subsidens, Verg. 12, 192; add Lucan. 3, 695; 4. esp. sit down in ambush, lie down in wait (for), sic Miloni cum insidiator esset si illum ad urbem nocte accessurus sciebat subsidentum atque expectandum



semper succurrat, Nep. Att. 11, 4; his malis haec subsidia succurrebant, Caes. b. c. 3, 70, 1; cuius adhaerere fortunae uellet succursum, Liv. 3, 58, 4. 4. esp. medically, os fractum nisi succursum est, grauius inflammationibus afficit, Cels. 8, 4, 23; uicistis ulceribus, 6, 6, 146; capillis fluctibus, 6, 1, 3; aridae lippitudini, 6, 6, 189; semen (caunabris) iumentorum alio succurrit, Plin. 20, 259; nenecis fungorum, 31, 119; strangulationibus, 26, 158. 5. run up in the mind, rise, suggest itself, occur, esp. as vb. impers., ut quidque succurrat libet scribere, Cic. Att. 14, 1, 2; illud etiam mihi succurrebat graue esse me de iudicio patris iudicare, fam. 16, 21; non dubito illud quoque succursum unde Volscis suffecerint milites, Liv. 6, 12, 2; succurrit uersus ille Homericus, Suet. Tib. 21; sed prius mirari succurrit, Plin. 17, 10.

**suf-féro**, (sub-f.) ferre (sustuli rare, but see Cic. § 3 and Ulp. § 4 below); sustuli gen. and substantiu perh. always go with tollio, vb. irr. bear up against, support, sustain, Imbrein perpetiar, laborem sufferram, solem, sitim, Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 20; laborem, Att. 73, 14; in grege mulorum parando spectanda aetas ut necturis sufferre labores possint, Varr. r. 2, 8, 5; plagas, Pl. As. 3, 2, 11; uoluerat, Lucr. 5, 1303; Iustat ut patria Pyrrhus; nec claustra neque ipsi Custodes sufferre ualent, Verg. 2, 492; uentos et imbres, Colum. 3, 2, 15; 2. met., eius sumptus, Ter. Hant. 3, 1, 44; haec sufferre et perpeti, Serv. ap. Cic. fam. 4, 5, 3; 3. esp. of fines and punishments, suffer, pay, poenas, Pl. Amph. 4, 4, 19 and Cist. 1, 3, 54; Att. 17, 1; at Phalaris poenas sustulit, Cic. N. D. 3, 82; poenam sui sceleris, Cat. 2, 28; poenam, Ulp. dig. 27, 3, 15; supplicium, Ter. Andr. 5, 3, 17; multam, Cic. Caccin. 98; Callist. dig. 47, 21, 3, 1; 4. esp. litis aestimationem, to pay compensation, Gai. 4, 75 and 89; si emptor uictus l. ae. sustulerit, Ulp. dig. 21, 2, 21, 2 and 21, 1, 23, 8; Il 5. bring up, supply, Vt enim, mihi ubi napulandumst, tute corium sufferas, Pl. Poen. 4, 2, 33; ...intro ad uxorem meam sufferramque meum tergum ob iniuriam, Pl. ap. Non. 397; nutricare octonos porcos parulos primo possunt; inquerentio facto a peritis dimidia pars remunerari solet, quod mater neque potest sufferre lae, neque..., Varr. r. 2, 4, 19; 6. in Prop. 3, 21, 21 we should perit: Quod superest sufferre (not sufforte), pedes, proparate laborem, see § 1.

**sufficio**, fieri, fieri, factum, vb. lit. put up, hand up—hence supply, Vt cibum...Disperit atque aliam naturam sufficit ex se, Lucr. 3, 704; Ipse pater Danaus animos nirisque secundas Sufficit, Verg. 2, 618; Nec contra uiris audet Saturnia Iuno Sufficere, 9, 803; Ipsa satis tellus...Sufficit umorem et grauidas cum uomere fruges, G. 2, 424; salices humilesque genetae Ant illae pecori frodem aut pastoribus umbras Sufficiunt, 2, 436; 2. put in the place of, appoint as successor, unus erit consul et in sufficiendo collega occupatus, Cic. Mur. 85; si Appii os haberen in cuius locum suffectus sum, Vat. ap. Cic. fam. 5, 10, 2; suffectus in Lucretii locum M. Horatius, Liv. 2, 8, 4; add 5, 31, 6 and 7; ipsae (sc. apes) regem paruosque Quirites Sufficiunt, Verg. G. 4, 202; add 3, 65; septimo eosdem (sc. dentes) decidere anno aliosque sufficit, Plin. 7, 68; liberto...Sperante heredem sufficit se proximum, Phaedr. 3, 10, 42; 3. dye—inicio, qui conbibi purpuram uolunt sufficere prius lanam medicamentis quibusdam, Cic. ap. Non. 386 and 521; and met., Ardentes oculos suffecti sanguine et igni, Verg. 2, 210; cum didicit nubem sole esse suffectam, Sen. N. Q. 1, 5, 12; cf. ut nubes infici possint, 1, 5, 9; effera et ingens Et maculis suffecta genas, Val. F. 2, 105; suffectaque leto Luminia, 1, 821; 4. as vb. intrans. be supplied, come up, illa quidem uult pura loqui, sed lingua repente In partes est fissa duas, nec uerba loquenti Sufficiunt, Ov. M. 4, 588; 5. keep up under a burden, be sufficiently strong to bear, be equal to a duty, with dat., quamquam nec scribae sufficere nec tabulae nomina illorum capere poterant, Cic. Phil. 2, 16; nec iam uires sufficere cuiusquam nec ferre operis laborem posse, Caes. b. c. 7, 20, 11; nec sufficit unbo Ictibus, Verg. 9, 810; Romani quoad sufficere remiges poterunt

satis pertinaciter secuti sunt, Liv. 36, 45, 2; eique destinate successores eos quorum cruceas tam foriter sustinendo terrarum orbis imperio sufficiant quam huius sufficisse oneri, Plin. 17, 173; Luxuria ita indulsit ut...nec sufficeret sumptibus, Suet. gram. 23; cf. the opp. deficere, to give way under a weight, to fail; 6. hence gen. be large enough, suffice, with dat., Quodque satis populo poterat, non sufficit uni, Ov. M. 8, 833; Sufficere nostris si modo uita malis, Pont. 2, 1, 64; (nouis) hominum carne ac lacte uescuntur abunde sufficere alimentis, Liv. 29, 31, 9; 7. or with in and acc. of the purpose, Nec locus in tumulos nec sufficit arbor in ignes, Ov. M. 7, 615; Ergo sufficiam reus in noua crimina semper? am. 2, 7, 1.

**sufflāmen**, inis, n. [for subligamen?] an instrument for checking the speed of a vehicle in the descent of a hill, either a spike (the Ital. stanga), or an iron shoe under the wheel (Ital. scarpa), a break, a drag, Ipse rotam astringit multo sufflamine, Liv. 8, 148, wh. see the schol.; tardat sufflamine curram, Prud. Ps. 417; 2. met., Nec res atterritur longo sufflamine litis, Iuv. 16, 50.

**sufflāmino**, are, vb. [sufflāmen] put on the drag to (a wheel), Ixionis rotam sufflāminando, Sen. Iud. de morte Cl. 14, 3; 2. met., tanta erit illi uelocitas orationis ut uitium feret, itaque diuus Augustus optime dixit: Haterius noster sufflāminando est, Sen. exc. contr. 4 pr. 7.

**suffōdio**, (sub-f.) fodere, fodi, fossum, vb. dig up, neque suem impaci uelimus quoniam rostro suffodiat et cespites excitet, Colum. 2, 18, 1; qui sariet caneat ne frumenti radices subfodiat, Plin. 18, 184; ob receptum suffossis montibus in terras mare, Vell. 2, 33, 4; uineas subfodiendis muris expeditum, Tac. h. 2, 21; 2. dig into from below, stab (in the belly), subfossus equis, Caes. b. g. 4, 12, 2; illa (equis) suffodere, Liv. 42, 59, 3; suffossio equo, Verg. 11, 671 (wh. Ribbeck relying chiefly on Serv. suffosso, male), add Tac. an. 1, 65 and 2, 11; 3. undermine (still by action upward) and so destroy or remove, sacella suffossa, Cic. har. resp. 32; querens subfossae fluctibus, Plin. 16, 5; a cuculis suffossus oppidum, S. 104; 4. undermine (yet so as to leave standing), Alexandria est fere tota suffossio alexandriae habet ad Nilum (al. a Nilo) pertinentes, bell. Alex. 5, 1.

**suf-fundo**, (sub-f.) fere, fudi, fūsum, vb. pour up (from below), used in two constructions, as with an acc. of the liquid and dat. of that to which, or acc. of the latter with abl. of the liquid, wh. acc. becomes a nom. for the pass. Exx. of the latter construction are marked \*; first, quorum aqua per secretos cuniculos reddita suffunditur (of rivers vb. rise though no rain fall in the neighbourhood), Sen. N. Q. 3, 26, 1; tennis et aequabili calore suffusus aether, Cic. N. D. 2, 54; Empedocles animum esse censet cordi suffusum sanguinem, Tusc. 1, 19; lassae mulae merum in os suffunditur, Colum. 6, 38, 4; Surgere de terra nebulas aestumque uidentis, Quae...eruntur, Suffunduntque sua caelum caligine, Lucr. b. 479—bedew; 2. of liquids etc. poured up to the surface of the body, as in dropsy, Si quibus intumuit suffusa nenter ab unda, Ov. F. 1, 215; of tears, lacrimis oculos suffusat niteatis, Verg. 1, 228—suffused; tepido suffundit lumina rore, Ov. M. 10, 360; ad quas ille uoces lacrimis ac multo pudore suffunditur, Plin. pan. 2 f.; add Sen. elem. 2, 6, 4; of blood-shot eyes etc., sanguinem oculis suffundit, Plin. 20, 142; oculis erunt suffusist, 29, 126; add 23, 49; suffusae sanguine mammae, Cels. 2, 7, 70; of eyes lighted up with fire, rubra suffusast lumina flamma (sc. lupus), Ov. M. 11, 368; igne suffuso genae Scelus minantur, Sen. Herc. Oct. 1409; 3. esp. of the bile in jaundice, bilem subfusam sanat, Plin. 22, 54; prodest felle subfusist, 22, 65; datur bile subfusist, 22, 49; 4. and met., Pectora felle uident, lingua est suffusa ueneno, Ov. M. 2, 777; of Envy; metus ille...Funditus humanam qui uitam turbat ab imo Omnia suffundens† mortis nigrore, of superstition, Lucr. 3, 39; animum nulla maliuolentia suffusum, Cic. fam. 1, 9, 22; 5. more esp.

of blushing, haec audienti ruber suffusus, Liv. 30, 15, 1; Pulera nescendo suffunduntur ora rubore, Ov. M. 1, 484; and met., At si virgineum suffunderit ore (dat.) ruborem (sc. luna), Ventus erit, Verg. G. 1, 430; 6. and abs. cause to blush, and in refl. suffundi to blush, haec disserens quem non suffundat? Hieron. Jon. 1, 48; suffundi si virgineum uiderit, Tert. virg. uel. 2 f.; 7. hence part. suffundendus to be blushed for, resurrectio, Tert. res. carn. 61; and suffusus as adj. given to blushing, suffusus sexus, anim. 38 med.;

8. fill up (with liquid) so that it shall rise to the top fresh, and so supply with fresh liquid (after evaporation), ossibus fractis superpositis lanis quae subinde subfundantur, Plin. 30, 119; sic comprimi (oportebit) ut ius supernatet, quod ut fiat, is qui huic officio praeerit saepe suffundere ius debet, nec pati sitire salagma, Colum. 12, 9, 2; dolis sarmen- ta collocantes aceto suffuso supra sarmen- ta collocant plumbeas massas, Vitr. 7, 12, 1; Nolo ego semper idem capiti suffundere costum, Petr. fr. 33, 1; 9. pour under, suffundam aequalem (sc. cardiuius forium), to prevent their creaking, Pl. Cure. 1, 3, 3; 10. suffusus (equus nel mulus), with swollen legs, Verg. nel. 1, 53; cf. suffusio; but in Verg. 11, 671 read suffosso.

**suffusio**, ōnis, f. [suf-fundo] up-pouring, fellis, jaundice, Plin. 22, 104; 2. s. oculorum (αἰμαξίς), cataract, as ascribed to rising humours, Cels. 6, 6, 35; 7, 7, 13 and 14; Plin. 28, 7; 32, 33; 34, 114; pedum, swollen legs (of horses etc.), si de labore itineris s. pedum provenit, Verg. nel. 1, 38, 8; 3. s. vini, Apic. 1, 1; agrestis cucumeris et colocynthidis, Pall. 1, 35, 9; meaning doubtful.

**suffusorium**, adj. n. as sb. the oil chamber of a lamp, Hier. Isai. 2, 4, 1; = αἰμαξίς Gloss. Philox.

**suffusus**, part. of suffundere; 2. as adj., see suffundere § 7 and § 10.

**suggĕro**, (sub-g.) ĕre, gessi, gestum, vb. [gĕro 2 shoot] shovels up, heap up, as earth, suggesta castra coronat humi, Prop. 5, 4, 8; cf. suggestum, i, a mound; building materials or honey, aliae (apes) strunt, aliae pobunt, aliae suggĕrunt, Plin. 11, 22; fuel, magno veluti cum flamma sonore Virgae suggeritur costis undantis aeni, Verg. 7, 463; and met., accusator iniquitiae flammam ac materiam crimibus suis suggerere, Liv. 3, 11, 10; 2. gen. supply in large quantities, Suggere tela mihi, Verg. 10, 333; Prodigia diuitias alimentaque mitia tellus Suggĕrit, Ov. M. 15, 82; ut ignava animalia quibus si cibum suggeras inacent torpentque, Tac. h. 3, 36; lacus piscem ferax silva adflatum suggĕrunt, Plin. ep. 2, 8, 1; quor tu his rebas sumptum (money) suggĕris? Ter. Ad. 1, 1, 37; 3. of immaterial things, cum causas in plura genera secuerunt, singulis genericis argumentorum copiam suggĕrunt, Cic. or. 2, 117; atque hinc incredibili sententiae ratioculatus suggĕrit, N. D. 3, 73;

4. simply supply, furnish, ut quidam annales nihil praeter nomina consulum suggerant, Liv. 4, 20, 9;

5. of ideas, suggest, recommend, but only in late writers, quotiens aequitas restitutionem suggĕrit, Ulp. dig. 4, 6, 26, 9; quae res suggĕrit ut... 28, 5, 35, 3 f.; 6. raise, celsis suggestae theatra columbis, Sil. 14, 644; 7. place after, subjoin, apud quosdam non inuenio Lucretium consulem, Bruto statim Horatium suggĕrunt, Liv. 2, 8, 5;

8. Druso ludus suggerendus, a trick must be played upon him, Cic. Att. 12, 44, 2.

**sum**, essĕ, essus (ĕsus), fore, fui, futūrus, vb. irr. [es- or fĕd- root; eat, live, be, whence esse, esculentus, S. ad. a; Lith. ed-ni, G. ess-en, E. eat; fuller form ves, whence ues-ci, old Fr. ves-cu, G. wes-cu, Norse ves-a, att. ver-a; 2. was; also fœs? whence fore-e, fui etc. = bis of old G. bir-umes, Br. bez-an or be-an, E. be] first eat, but only in the forms beginning with es, age ut lubet, bibe es dispende roui, Pl. Cas. 2, 3, 32; bibite pergraciamini Este efercite uos, Most. 1, 1, 65; Nulli negare soleo siqui essum uocat, St. 1, 3, 28; herbas... Formuladus dictu non essu modo, Ps. 3, 25; Si apud me essurus, mihi dicit operam uolo, Rud. 1, 2, 93; si uoles in conuiuium multum bibere, esto erudi (brassicum) quantum uoles ex aceto, Cato r. 156; ubi uti monebat esse (uenter), Aquil. ap. Gell. 3, 5; credidi

silicernium Eius me 'esse esurum, Caecil. ap. Fest. 294 M; coimus in Piraco In hunc diem ut de sumbolis essemus, Ter. Eun. 3, 4, 2; mergi eos (sc. pullos) in aquam iussit, ut libenter quoniam esse nollent, Cic. N. D. 2, 7; Quiqueues oleas est et siluestria corna, Hor. s. 2, 2, 57; piget iam esse singula, coquantur in unum sapes, Sen. ep. 95, 27; si Dionysium adulari uelles, ista non esses, Val. M. 4, 3, 4;

2. even in pass., dies noctesque estur bibitur, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 78; non est(ur) nisi soli lubet, Aquil. ap. Gell. 3, 3, 5; libum quod ut libaretur priusquam essetur erat coctum, Varr. 1, 5, 22, p. 109 Sp.; colubra ipsa tuto estur, iectus eius occidit, Cels. 5, 27, 3; estur ac potatur incoquide, Apul. M. 4, 8; 3. met., ut mala culmos Esset robigo, Verg. G. 1, 151; est molles flamma medullas, A. 4, 66; lentasque carinas Est napor, 5, 683; siquid Est animum, Hor. ep. 1, 2, 39; Estur ut occulta uifiata teredine naui, Ov. Pont. 1, 1, 69;

4. the forms essum, essu, essu, essurus, estur and essetur occur only in the sense of eating; II 5. live, exist (of living beings), Nunc illud est quom me fuisse quam esse nimio mauium, Pl. Capt. 3, 2, 1; nec enim dum ero, angar ulla re; et si non ero, sensu omni carebo, Cic. fam. 6, 3, 4; Siue erimus, sen nos fata fuisse uelut, Tib. 3, 5, 32—cf. Rachel weeping for her children because they are not; 6. hence f. of past existence or death, non-existence, see Pl. and Tib. in last §; add mortuot, qui fuit, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 18; Horresco misera, mentio quotiens fit partionis: Ita paene nulla tibi (so BCD: A sibi) fuit Phronesium, Truc. 1, 2, 94; fuimus Troes, fuit Ilium, et ingens Gloria Teu- rorum, Verg. 2, 325; Molibus ex oculis aliquis tibi profuitumor, cum dicar subita uoce fuisse tibi, Albin. 3, 157; L. Lucilius Q. f. Cn. n. qui fuit, inser. Or. 4563; Amicia P. l. Glycera fuit, 4649; ossa hie sita sunt Auctae Apustiae Rufae quae fuit, 4788; 7. live for a time in a place, dwell, be, me uiuam in Attice si mihi non modo Tusculanum, ubi ceteroqui sum libenter, sed μακρόν ὕπνου tanto sunt, ut siue te sim tot dies, Cic. Att. 12, 3, 1; quoncu- que in loco quis est, idem est ei sensus, fam. 6, 1, 1;

8. exist, be (as first of matter), Est hinc praeda nobis, Pl. Men. 2, 3, 86; Est ad hanc manum saeculum... Hli ubi etiam caputis magnas... Est pistrilla et exadoursu fabrica: ibi est, Ter. Ad. 4, 2, 37—45; fuit apud Segestanos ex vere Dianae singularum... singulorum opere perfectum, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 72; Est in secessu longo locus: insula portum Efficit, Verg. 1, 159; 9. of the ideal, quid tibi uis dicam, nisi quod est? Pl. Epid. 1, 1, 17; Est atque non est mihi in manu Megarones; Quin dicant non est; merito ut ne dicant, id est, Trin. 2, 1, 67; nisi iam tum esset honos eloquentiae, Cic. Brut. 10; Est hic, est animus lucis contemp- tor, Verg. o. 205; imperium ibi esse nisi non esset libertas indignabantur, Liv. 3, 38, 2; 10. gen. as the logical copula, be, is, first w. adj. as predicate, nota mala res optumast, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 25; luxuria cum omni aetati turpis, tum senectuti foedissima est, Cic. off. 1, 123; cum uiuere ipsum turpe sit nobis, Att. 13, 28, 2; 11. with substant. as pred., Senectus ipsam morbus, Ter. Ph. 4, 1, 9; Ira furor breuis est, Hor. ep. 1, 2, 62; 12. with adv. as pred., qui sic sunt, haud multum heredem inuast, Ter. Heec. 3, 5, 10; ita est, ut scribis, Cic. Att. 7, 8, 1; cuius neque consilium neque inceptum ullum frustra erat, Sal. Jug. 7, 6; 13. w. prep. and sb., cum uidet quo sit in odio status hie rerum, Cic. Att. 2, 22, 1; uenit qui muniaret filium eius uiuere et in agro Gallico esse in seruitute, Clu. 21; erat enim (Crito- lous) ab Aristotele, or. 2, 160; 14. w. gen. of sb., first of quality, minimum me timidum, nullius animi, nullius consilii fuisse confitor, Cic. Sest. 36; haec (iumenta) cotidiana exercitatione summi ut sint laboris efficiunt, Caes. b. g. 4, 2, 2; 15. w. gen. of value, qui (ager) unne multo plus quam tunc fuit, Cic. Rose. com. 33; magni mihi erunt tuae litterae, fam. 15, 15, 4; 16. w. part. gen., Solon capite sanxit si qui in seditione non alterius utrius partis esset, Cic. Att. 10, 1, 2; 17. w. gen. (or possessive) of duty, officio etc., est adulescentis maiores natu uereri, Cic. off. 1, 122; cum non minus esset imperatoris consilio superare quam gladio, Caes. b. e. 1, 72, 2; his tantis in periculis est tuium, M. Cato, uidere quid agatur, Cic. Mur. 83; 18. w. gen. of possession, met. be at the command of, iam me



Pompeii totum esse scis, Cic. fam. 2, 13, 2; plebs Hannibal tota esse, Liv. 23, 14, 7; (patres) cesserant in agros suarumque rerum erant, amissa republica, 3, 38, 11; hominum (decemviri) non eausum toti erant, 3, 36, 7; expulsi virtutibus aliis pietatis est totus, Plin. ep. 5, 16, 8; alius libidine insanit, alius luctu totus est, Sen. ben. 7, 26, 4;

19. w. dat. of possessor, as est mihi I have; nomen Mercatoris mihi, Pl. Amph. pr. 19; Vnde est adolescenti amicae quod daret, Ter. Haut. 3, 2, 22; quibus opes nullae sunt, bonis invident, Sal. Cat. 37, 3; 20. w. dat. of relation, natura tu illi pater es, Ter. Ad. 1, 2, 46; mihi quaestor imperatori fuerat, Cic. p. red. in S. 35; 21. w. dat. = in place of, serving as, Vtrum? Studione id sibi habet an landi putat Fore si perdidit natum? Ter. Ad. 3, 29; cui (m.) bono (n.) fuit? who was the gainer by it?—Cic. Rose. Am. 84; desinant ea dicitare, quae detrimentum maculae invidiae infamiae nobis esse possint, Verr. 2, 3, 144; ut sicut reliquis documento, Caes. b. g. 7, 4, 10;

22. w. dat. of that wh. a person is fit for or equal to, ne videatur non fuisse solvendo, Cic. off. 2, 79; ut duites conferrent qui oneri ferendo essent, Liv. 9, 6; Non eris invidiae, torrens, mihi crede, ferendae, Sil. 10, 6, 31, 21; recte malagmata inciduntur quae umori extrahendo sunt, Cels. 4, 10 f.; etiam quae esui potuque non sunt, contineri legato, Ulp. dig. 33, 9, 3; 23. w. abl. of sb. and adj., denoting quality or state, Bonis esse oportet dentibus, Pl. Trin. 2, 1, 14; bono animo es, Ter. Haut. 4, 6, 18 and Ad. 2, 4, 20; capite et superciliis semper est satis, Cic. Rose. com. 20; capillo sunt promisso, Caes. b. g. 5, 14, 3; 24. est qui, there is who, one, sunt qui, there are who, some, first w. subj., sunt qui censeant, Cic. Tusc. 1, 18; sunt qui Crusti et pomis viduas venenatur avaras, Hor. ep. 1, 1, 77; quis est quin (= qui ne) eruat? Cic. Acad. pr. 2, 20;

25. w. ind. -sunt qui quod sentint non audent dicere, Cic. off. 1, 84; sunt qui ita dieunt, Sal. Cat. 19, 3; Est qui nec veteris pocula Massici, Nec partem solido demere de die Spernit, Hor. od. 1, 1, 19; Sunt quos curricula pulverem Olympicum Collegisse iuvat, 1, 1, 3; sunt quos genus hoc minime iuvat, s. 1, 4, 24; est qui non curat habere, ep. 2, 2, 182; here the hyphen denotes the union of est-qui, sunt-qui into one word, which accounts for the ind.;

26. more completely the vb. loses its character in; Est quibus Eleae concurrat palma quadrigae, Est quibus in celeres gloria nata pedes, Prop. 4, 8, 17; cf. *est-ov*:-

27. so w. relative adv., est ubi, there is where, somewhere, in some cases; est unde, there is whence, from some quarter or other; est quatenus, up to a certain point; fuit quum, there was a time when, once etc., as: est ubi id valeat, Cic. Tusc. 5, 23; est ubi peccat, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 63; est unde haec fiant, Ter. Ad. 1, 2, 41; est-cum non est satis, ad Her. 4, 36; fuit-cum hoc dici poterat, Liv. 7, 32, 13; est quatenus amicitiae dari uenia possit, Cic. am. 61; non est quod multa loquamur, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 30; 28. est (-sunt) at the beginning of a sentence of course emphatic (note *est-ov* in Gr. so placed has its own acc.) and so often followed by a sed, est istuc quidem aliquid, sed nequaquam in isto sunt omnia, Cic. Sen. 8; Est animus tibi, sunt mores et lingua fidesque, Sed... Hor. ep. 1, 1, 57; Sunt aliquid manes; letum non omnia finit, Prop. 5, 7, 1; Est aliquid valida sceptris tenere manu, Ov. rem. ann. 480; 29. est w. ut and subj., siu (mss si) est facturus ut sit officium suum, Faciat, Ter. Ad. 3, 5, 4; sin est ut nelis Manere apud te, dos hic maneat Demipho, Ph. 5, 8, 32; Est ut viro nri latius ordinet Arbusta sulcis... aequa lege necessitas Sortitur insignis et imos, Hor. od. 3, 1, 9; Fructibus... Si recte fructus non est ut copia maior Ab Ione donari possit tibi, ep. 1, 12, 2; 30. esp. w. fore, the result will (would) be that... eram in magna spe fore ut in Italia possemus concordiam constituere, Cic. Att. 8, 11 d. 1; add fam. 1, 6, 1; 1, 7, 4; Verr. 2, 2, 97; 2, 4, 10; 2, 4, 87; fin. 1, 1; Tusc. 1, 82; Pompeius dixerat principum concernerent acies, fore ut exercitus Caesaris pelleretur, Caes. b. e. 3, 86, 1; add b. g. 7, 32, 5; Sal. Jug. 110, 1; Liv. 6, 42, 12; 42, 57, 11; Tac. h. 1, 22; 31. later writers use futurum ut in place of fore ut, Tac. h. 3, 32 f.; ps. Nep. Datam. 6, 3; 32. futurum fuisse in hyp. sentences, the result would

have been that... si aetas (hominum) potuisset esse longinquior, futurum fuisse ut omni doctrina hominum uita eret diredit, Cic. Tusc. 3, 69; 33. rarely est w. inf. for est ut... est interdum praestare (= ut praestet) mercaturis rem quaerere, Cato r. 1, 1; and perh. pollicitus si praesidium acciperet, naotam aream tradi futurum (so ms Flor.), Tac. h. 3, 77; 34. est in sense of licet w. inf., one may... scire est (so or scire et, mss) liberum ingenium atque... molum, Ter. Ad. 5, 3, 42—Lachmann and Fleck, by ej. scires against meaning; quid narrat? Quid ille? Se miserum esse, Miserum? Quem minus crederet? Haut, 1, 2, 18—so mss including A.; Lachm. again ej. crederes; inter duas filias regum quid muret (= mutetur says Gell.) inter Antigonom et Tullian est animadvertere, Varr. ap. Gell. 18, 12, 9; Neonon et Tityon Terrae omnipotentis alumnum Cernere erat, Verg. 6, 506; Est quadam prodire tenus, si non datur ultra, Hor. ep. 1, 1, 32; unde laboris Plin. haurire mali est quam ex re decerpere fructus, s. 1, 2, 79; neque est Lenare tenta spiritus praecordia, epod. 17, 25; quod uersu dicere non est, Siguus per facile est, s. 1, 5, 87; add 1, 2, 101; Vtque aliis numerum quorum comprehendere non est, Ov. tr. 5, 11, 19; ut coniectare erat intentione uultus, Tac. ann. 16, 34; est tamen nonnuquam innere ita scribisse quodam, Gell. 13, 25, 31; in Liv. 42, 41, 2 Madyg inserts by ej. satis between negare and sit in Hor. s. 2, 5, 103 for si paulum potes, illacimare; est Gaulia prodentem uultum celare, Lachm. ad Lucr. 5, 533 by ej. ...illacimare; e re est...;

35. id est and hoc est, that is, sed domum redeamus, id est, ad nostros recitatur, Cic. Brut. 172; quod si in scena, id est, in contione uerum ualet, ann. 97; si Epicurum, id est, si Democritum probarem, Acad. post. 6; quid facies cum in bona tua inuenero, hoc est, cum te decore maledicere? Cass. ap. Quint. 8, 3, 89; quid genus uidetur a parte negotii, hoc est, *παράματος* remonisse, 3, 7, 1; hic catagrapha inuenit, hoc est... Plin. 35, 56; consulatum gesserat, a patre tuo, id est quanto minus quam a te datum, Plin. pan. 61; per notas scripsit, id est, sic structo litterarum ordine ut nullum uerbum efficeret, Suet. Caes. 56; 36. the forms wh. legiu w. fu take an abl. w. the sense of fio, become of, happen to, Si quid eo fuerit, certe illius filiae Quae mihi mandata habeo detem (eunde dem, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 120; In ambiguo etiam nunc est quid ea re fuat, 2, 4, 193; Veniat; procl hinc obseruabo meis quid fortunis fuat, Tac. 4, 1, 11; Quin mea quoque iste habebit siquid me fuat, Poen. 5, 2, 125; Quid fuat me nescio, Mil. 2, 3, 28; Quid me futurum est quando miles nenerit? Truc. 2, 4, 66; Quid te futurumst? Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 87; quidnam se futurum esse profectis in Italiam Romanis? Liv. 33, 27, 11; 37. fore (though in form a simple inf. imp. like *ero* *erouae* which are in form pres. imp.) is in use only a future, will be, would be, promise hoc fore, Pl. Aul. 2, 2, 42; confido fore, Amph. 3, 2, 54; Sequor: set finem fore quom diem nescio, Trin. pr. 2; Si tibi sat acceptumst, fore tibi uictum sempiternum, Most. 1, 3, 67; At eadem amicae fore tibi promitto rem ubi cognorint, Ter. Hee. 5, 2, 25; dixit hoc fore? Ad. 1, 2, 3; scripsit nondum te sibi satis esse familiarem, sed certe fore, Cic. fam. 7, 8, 1; fore dicis? inquit; ego nero esse iam iudico, or. 3, 229; Caesaris nuntiabant, cum castra moueri iussisset, non fore dicto audientes milites, Caes. b. g. 1, 39 f.; confidim si coniuratio ualidisset, facile apud illos principem se fore, Sal. Cat. 17 f.; see also § 30; 38. fore w. gerundive of a future need, will or would have to... instare hie me; aut sub pellibus habendos milites fore ut ad diffundendum erit in aestatem bellum, Liv. 37, 39, 2; ubi nesci decretum esse, omnibus id pro bono fore (so Periz. ej. mss foedere) defendendum, 32, 20, 6; laetus (quod expectaret) in illis potissimum angustis decernendum fore, Curt. 3, 8, 19;

39. fore w. perf. part. of rell. or pass. vb. for a fat. perf. inf. me satis adeptum fore, si ex hoc in omnes mortales beneficio nullum in me periculum redundarit, Cic. Sul. 27; quos spero breui tempore societate uictoriae tunc copulatos fore, Ann. 11, 8 f.; de bellum mox fore si anniti paulum uoluisse, rebantur, Liv. 23, 13, 6; see also § 30; 40. the pres. subj. as fiam etc. occurs only in the forms fiam as at ant, and rarely except in very old writers, Opserco

te Anciale matri ne quid tuas aduersus fuas, Liv. Andr. ap. Non. 111; si quid diuorti fuat, Pl. Aut. 2, 2, 56; si fuit occisio, Capt. 2, 2, 10; Pol metuo maioris ne Phoenix tuis factis fuam, Bae. 1, 2, 48; Ne capta praeda capti praedones fuant, Pl. Aut. 4, 3, 12; (A.) de exposito ut hoc consilium Aechinus auxilij) fuat, Enn. ap. Non. 111; ne ego malis fuam, Titim. ib.; eane ne pendas si fuas in quaestione, Afran. ib.; Quare fulmineis multo penetratior ignis Quam noster fuat et taedis terrestribus ortus, Lucr. 2, 383; alius fuat aere uenenum, 4, 638; Tros Rutulius fuat nullo discrimine habebat, Verg. 10, 108; **41.** forem in some writers is used like *essem*, first without a participle, as: Me idem decere, si ut deceret me forem, Pl. Merc. pr. 78; Eo quia paupertas fecit ridiculus forem, St. 1, 3, 23; add Rud. 2, 6, 69; interea uita ut in tuto foret, Ter. Ph. 5, 1, 7; fecit animi ut incertus foret, Hee. 1, 2, 46; add 2, 1, 23; eo fecisse quo inter se fidi magis forent, Sal. Cat. 22, 23; multa antecapere quae bello usui forent, 32, 1; **42.** w. participles, as first perit: Nunc qui minus (ego) serui quam si forem (monos.) serua nate? Pl. Rud. 1, 3, 44; in cauea si forent Conclui, Cure. 3, 79; add Most. 3, 2, 113; Sine adeo car sapientia inbatum foret, Pacuv. ap. Non. 521; Aut genus humanum iam tum foret omne peregrinatum, Lucr. 5, 1026; ex aliis rebus maior quam quod cuiquam id comperit foret hanc fama ualebat, Sal. Cat. 14 f.; quod ni maturasset signum dare, eo die pessimum facinus patratum foret, 18, 8; add 20, 2, 23, 6; gaudij offerri quae parte copiarum alter consul uictus foret, ea se uicisse, Liv. 21, 53, 1; quod eius opera receptum Tarentum foret (yet proclitum esset, tutatus esset just before), 27, 25, 4; add 27, 25, 5; **43.** w. fut. part. act., haud dubius quin paucos expulsurus foret, Liv. 25, 24, 8; qui nel in pace bellum excitare possent, nedum in bello respirare ciuitatem forent passuri, 26, 26, 11; add 30, 2, 5; 35, 13, 9; **44.** with part. pass. imp. (endus), Quid faceres si aliud quid grauius tibi nunc facendum foret? Ter. Ph. 1, 4, 29; —such uses of *forem* for *essem* prob. never in Cic. or Caes.; **45.** fui w. part. in turis and endus much used in consequences of past hypoth. sentences, would have ...ed, wd. have been ... quos ego si tribuni triumphare me prohiberent, testes citaturus fui rerum a me gesturum, Liv. 38, 47, 4; quid si Andranoro consilia processissent, illa cum uiro fuerit regnatura, sibi cum ceteris seruandum? 24, 26, 5; ut si effugium patuisset in publicum impleturam urbem tumultu fuerint\*, 24, 26, 12; in eos uersa pedum acies band dubium fecit qui nisi firmata extrema agminis fuissent, ingens in eo saltu accipienda clades fuerit\*, 21, 34, 7; oratione habita qualis habenda Alexamedum fuerat, 35, 37, 2; in the three exs. marked \*, fuit and fuerunt wd. have been required in or. dir.; Cic. in this constr. has erat rather than fuit as in Verr. 2, 3, 121; Liv. 1, 26; see also § 32; **46.** the forms fui and futurus in familiar style seem to signify come, commodate to be delectum hiteras cum ad me bene mane Dionysius fuit, Cic. Att. 10, 16, 1; ut certior fieret quo die in Tusculanum essem futurus, 15, 4, 4; prob. also: tum ad me fuerunt, quod libellionem (me?) esse sciebant, Varr. ap. Non. 133, 28; stupidum (Augustum) cubuisse nec prius surrexisse ac militibus in conspectum fuisse quam fugatas sint hostium naves, Anton. ap. Suet. Aug. 16; idem principes ciuitatum qui ante fuerant ad Caesarem, reuertentur, Caes. b. g. 1, 31, 1; cf. Fr. je fus le recevoir, j'ai été le recevoir and Eng. I have been to the doctor's; also *εγχετο* *ε* *λαχθαι* *αυτου*, Herod. 5, 38 and Fr. j'en fus je m'en allai; **47.** est and es often enclitics with loss of *e*, in castulum qui uocitatus Alianus, CIL 109, 17; (ara) Vestae dedicata, Kal. Praen. iv Kal. Mai.; so *as* *at* in Pl. Epilid. id. libudist scire, 2, 2, 56; Pl. haec inquam. M. Non haec inquam, 3, 4, 44; gentium, 3, 4, 47; suspiciost, 3, 4, 53; negotist, 3, 4, 65; Elio tu secliste qui illi supponis, cho (note the long u), Mil. 3, 2, 12; I. Adlescesne Plesidippus. C. Ut nancius habet, Rud. 3, 6, 33; Vt tu inelutis apud mulieres, Mil. 4, 6, 12; Si innoxius audacter quamuis dicitur, Merc. 4, 3, 27; animo malest Aedibus? Ps. 4, 1, 43; multumst, Verg. 6, 2, 273; see Lachm. Lucr. 1, 903; **48.** so in elision \*see rather than esse, \*set rather than esset, by wh. accent

falls on preceding word, Omnium primum sodalem me 'esse scito gnato tuo, Pl. Most. 5, 2, 32; Minus malum hunc hominem 'esse opinor quam 'esse censuam coequum, Ps. 4, 2, 1; tu idem hercle faceres si tibi 'isset credita, Mil. 2, 2, 25; Nam ni ita 'set tecum orarem ut ei quod posses mali Facere, faceres, Bae. 3, 6, 25; Difficile ostendes te 'set et cognoscere tamen, Ter. Haut. 5, 1, 60; Ego te autem noui quam 'esse soleas impotens, 2, 130; Exponendum. O lupiter tantum 'set in animo inscitiam! 4, 1, 17; **49.** and even after a cons., Nee quom (so B) me melius me Scapha rear 'set defecatum, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 2; Hanc Demipho negat 'set cognatum? Negat, Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 6; **50.** escit, a very old form, a pres. used also as a fut., si morbus aenitiae uitium escit, iumentum dato, xii tab. 1, 3; cui auro dentes nincti escunt, 10, 8; add 5, 4; 5, 5; 5, 7; Ergo rerum inter summam minimamque quid escit, Lucr. 1, 619; cf. superescit, nesc-or, esc-a; **51.** fui etc. w. long u, for fuit, Nos sumus Romani qui fuitius ante Rudini, Enn. an. 440 V; magnus cum lassus diui Partem fuisset, ap. Gell. 12, 4, 3; Libera ego prognata fui maxime, neququam fui, Pl. Rud. 1, 3, 43; Cogitato identidem tibi quam fidelis fuerim, Mil. 4, 8, 54; tuui prob. an older form in such uses; **52.** fui of fuit, fuisti etc. as monos., Fuitne hic tibi amicus Charmides? Est et fuit, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 69; Propter eosdem quorum causa fuit hoc actate (=aetatis) exereitis, 3, 3, 83; Finistru liber? Fui. Enimvero non fuit, nugas agit. Qui tu scis? an tu fortasse fuiti meae matri obstricta? Capt. 3, 4, 95; Adeo me fuisse fingunt ut qui illi crederem? Bae. 2, 3, 49; Hi senes nisi fuissent nihil iam inde ab adulescentia, 5, 2, 89 (cf. Fr. fusse); uel heri in uino quam inmodestus Finisti? Factum. Quam molestus? Ter. Haut. 3, 3, 7; **53.** siem siens siet siet for sim etc. in old writers, esp. at close of iambic line and of second dimeter in septenarius, as diuos siem, Pl. Amph. pr. 57; noster siem, 1, 1, 248; suppetiae siem, 5, 1, 54; coniunctus siem, Aut. 2, 2, 52; nunquam siem, 2, 2, 54 etc.; ueror quid siet, Ter. And. 1, 4, 7; add 2, 3, 16; 2, 4, 5; 2, 5, 13 etc.; Quas, cum res aduersae siem, paulo mederi possis, Pl. 5, 4, 3; cf. possium; **54.** also at times elsewhere, Haut quiquam quaeret qui siem aut quid uenerim, Pl. Amph. pr. 1, 130; add 1, 1, 54; As. 3, 3, 12; Cure. 2, 3, 43; **55.** yet sit etc. also at end of line in old drama, as: Ter. And. 3, 1, 5; 4, 4, 11; Enn. 1, 2, 113; 2, 1, 3; **56.** sit and siet w. long final at times in old lang., Vt si itura sit Athenas, eat tecum ad portum cito, Pl. Mil. 4, 4, 49; add 2, 2, 87; Men. 5, 7, 55; Nam illi nil uisit relictum quin siet idem tibi, Ter. Haut. 5, 3, 19; so also fiat, see § 40; **57.** es of ind. and imp. has a long e not merely in sense of eat, as Prisc. p. 849 P, 1, 456, 21 K; but also in sense of be in old lang., Siu aliter es, inimici atque irati tibi, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 9; Et postquam es emissus, caesum aigris sub furca (furcis)? scio, Men. 5, 5, 40; Esne tu annon es ab illo milite Macedonio? Ps. 2, 2, 22; add Rud. 1, 2, 54; Satin sanus es et sobrius? Tu quidem illum plane perdis, Ter. Haut. 4, 3, 29; **58.** hence non in a and us when followed by 's for es are always long in old drama, Vbi tu's? etiamne hanc urnam acceptura's? Vbi's? Pl. Rud. 2, 5, 10; Satis diuicula's amatrix. Mater is quaestus mihi, As. 3, 1, 8; see § 47 for supponu's, nancu's, inelutu's, innoxio's; but short in Augustan age, Quisquis es haud credo inuisus caelestibus auras Vitalis carpis, Verg. 1, 387; **59.** esens as part. implied in praesens, absens, consentes; otherwise not existing; **60.** ens not in use, yet: Caesar non incongrue protulit ens a uerbo sum, quomodo a uerbo possum potens, says Prisc. 1140 P, 2, 239, 8 K; but not Serg. in Quint. 8, 3, 33.

**suo**, ire, sui (so at least Prisc. 10, 881), sūtum, vb. sew, Sed sūta lino et sparte scribibus, Pacuv. 251 R; hi (sc. Liburni) plerisque panes loris subant, Varr. ap. Gell. 17, 3, 4; plaga sui debet, Cels. 5, 26, 113; tum sui nancius debere, 7, 11, 7; satius intestinum sui potest, 7, 16, 4; cutis atrinque sūtur, 8, 6, 3; tum uinctae orae inter se suenda sunt, 7, 9, 15; quod ita sūtum est, 7, 9, 18; tegumenta corporum uel texta uel sūta, Cic. N. D. 2, 150; seu corticibus tibi sūta cūctis Seu lento fuerit altera uimine texta, Verg. G.

4. 33; sutis braciis, Ov. tr. 3. 10, 19; 2. sutum as sb. n., what is sewn, a seam, perque aerea sūta, Verg. 10, 113; 3. in Ter. Ph. 3. 2, 6; A. Metro lononem nequid...G. suo suat capiti, we should perh. read suat capite—the words as they stand are meaningless.

**sūpern-ē**, adv. [superne = super with excrecent n, ē ablat. suff. as in ind-ē, und-ē; cf. infern-ē] from above, Quando utrumque (sc. calorem frigusque) Sensibus infuso lympharum rore superne, Lucr. 1. 496; Haud, ut opinor, enim mortalia sacula superne Aurea de caelo demisit funis, 2. 1153; pars Remorum recta est et recta superne gubernā, 4. 439; nemo unde superne Plurimus Eridani per siluam uoluitur amnis, Verg. 6. 658; superne in aeuersam contionem decurrunt, Liv. 24. 39, 4; quum tecta occupassent ne peti superne possent, 24. 47, 3; add 1. 25, 12; 1. 51, 9; 7. 10, 9; 28. 3, 7; 30, 10, 13; superne lumen accipiunt (admittunt Zumpt cf.), Curt. 7. 3, 9; add 8. 11, 14; 9. 4, 32; 2. above, overhead, Terrā superne trēmīt magnis concussa ruinis, Lucr. 6. 544; Tectā superne timent, metuunt inferne caenaeas, 6. 597; argentum innatat superne ut oleum apicis, Plin. 33. 95; 3. upward, solum hoc genus (sc. napum Corinthium) superne tendit, non ut cetera in terram, Plin. 19. 76; 4. cf. for later changes of meaning peregre.

**sūperstēs**, stitīs, adj. [stet for set-et, as that for set-ec, a secondary form of set, root of sisto, wh. see; cf. stat-u, σταδ-ου, our stood, steal] lit. standing over or above, hence still living while others are buried, surviving, outliving, with dat., Vt tibi superstes uxor actetam siet, Pl. As. 1. 1, 6; add 1. 1, 2; uitae tuae, Trin. 1. 2, 19; Ita mihi atque huius sis superstes, Ter. Haut. 5. 4, 7; Aeneas patriae s., Hor. carm. s. 42; priscis anis, Ov. a. a. 3. 127; opus, am. 3. 15, 20; tamquam superstes sibi, Sen. ep. 30, 5; cenisque tribus iam perna superstes, Mart. 10. 48, 17; 2. with gen. as a sb. survivor, Vitinae me non solum uitae sed etiam dignitatis meae superstitum reliquissim, Cie. Q. fr. 1. 3, 1; gloriae suae, Liv. 2. 7, 8; nostri superstes sumus, have outlived ourselves, Tac. Agr. 3; iniquiorum, an. 3, 4; omnium quos..., Plin. 7. 156; omnium suorum, Suet. Tit. 62 f.; 3. absol., scitius puer est, deos quaeso ut sit superstes, that it may live, Ter. Andr. 3. 2, 6; add Lucan. 7. 660; 4. esp. as an old law term, present, as a witness, nemo mihi licet quiduis loqui, nemo hic adest superstes, Pl. ap. Fest. 305; a 32 M, who adds superstes testes praesentes significant; so Serv. ad A. 3. 339; superstes praesentem significat; suis utrisque superstitibus praesentibus, quoted in ridicule by Cie. Mur. 26.

**sūper-stillo**, āre, vb. drop' over, oleum, Apic. 442 ed. Schuch.

**sūperstit-io**, ōis, f. lit. standing above, exaltation (in their own opinion)—and so super-stition, fanaticism, maiores nostri superstitionem a religione separauerunt, Cie. N. D. 2. 71; superstitiones paene aniles, 2. 70; capti quidam superstitione animi, Liv. 26. 19, 4; Vna superstio superis quae reddit diuis, Verg. 12. 817 (Juno speaking); magicae superstitiones obiectabat, Tac. an. 12. 59; at a religione superstio distat, Quint. 8. 3, 55; 2. met. undue reverence, quae tanta superstitione prohibemur dare per hanc figuram sententiae vires, Quint. 4. 1, 64; amenitis superstitione praecceptorum contra rationem causae trahi, 4. 2, 85; huius (sc. nirtutis) quadam superstitione teneantur, Sen. ep. 95. 35.

**suppārum**, i, n. (suppārus, spārūm, spārūm or us) [=σπαρος and σπαρος; prob. from super, ūter; see Varr. below; cf. παρα-σπον for παρα-σπον, where σπον perh. =σπχ-σor corresp. to Germ. seg-el, sail] a top-sail (prob. of a red colour, see Sen. Med. and Naev. § 3 below), quod est uelum minus in navi, Fest. 340 a 20 M; supparum genus ueli quo iuuari nauigia solent quoties uis uenti languescit, Isid. orig. 19, 3; summaque pandens Suppari uclorum perituras colligit auras, Lucan. 5. 429; uos summi adnectite suppāra uelis, Stat. silu. 3. 2, 73; rates...Quarum ferunt suppāra nubes, Sen. Here. Oct. 707; et alto Rubicunda tremunt sipara uelo, Med. 328; and met., quamquam non semper

summis opibus ad eloquentiam uolificaris, tamen sipharis et remis tenuisse iter... Fronto ad Ant. 1. 2, med.; add sipharum etc., Sen. ep. 77. 1 and 2; cf. ἀνδρῶν πλοῦν ἐν ναυ ἐπισφαις τοῖς σφαιροῖς, Arrian, Epict. 3. 2; 2. of the military standard labarum, Tertul. apol. 16; nunc suppāros appellamus uela linea in cruceu expansa, Fest. 310; 3. a girl's tippet, tace, puella non sum suppāro si induta sum (induta sum?) Afran. 123 R; Quid istae quae nesci quot annis nomina inueniunt noua...Suppārum aut sub-minima...? Pl. Epid. 2. 2, 48; Suppārum purum Vellensium hincum, Nov. 70 R; hic indutus suppārum Coronam ex auro et geminis fulgentem gerit, Varr. ap. Non. 540; alterum quod supra a quo suppārus, l. 5, 30 (of female dress); humerisque haerentia primis Suppāra nudatos cingunt angusta laceitos, Lucan. 2. 363; =punicum nestimentum, Naev. ap. Fest. =περικλυμαον, Fest. Philox.; 4. as consecrated to Neptune, Naev. ap. Gell. 310.

**suppēdō**, āre, vb. frq. [ped for pel, a lost vb. = our fill, root of ex-pl-e-o etc., pl-enus, as πλεῖν is of πλεῖν πλ-ε-ων] keep filling up, supply continually, with acc. of thing supplied, Luxuria sumptus suppeditare ut posses, Pl. As. 4. 2, 10; aliquis deus suppeditans omnium rerum quae natura desiderat abundantiam, Cie. am. 87; tu patria nobis Suppeditas praecpta, Lucr. 3. 10; 2. absol. furnish continual supplies, Nam si illius pergo suppeditare sumptibus, Menedeme, mihi illos (so by ej., mss illicae) necre ad rastos res redit, Ter. Haut. 5. 1, 58; and hence as pass. impers., quod curae tibi est ut ei suppeditetur ad usum copiose, per mihi gratum est, Cie. Att. 14. 11, 2; 3. a construction suppedito te rebus (cf. circumdō, insero, induo) would explain the pass. in; (omissis his rebus omnibus quibus non suppeditatur, eget ille—we are abundantly supplied—Cie. Cat. 2, 25; suppeditans could only mean we furnish a large supply, or a large supply of us is furnished, not we abound in; H 4. suppeditare as vb. intr. =suppeditare se, supply itself in abundance, be abundantly supplied, come constantly as wanted, ita gaudiis (lat.) gaudium (nom.) suppeditat, a new joy comes to fill up the gap of exhausted joys, Pl. Trin. 5. 1, 5; Vnde mare ingenui fontes extenteque longe Flumina suppeditant? Lucr. 1. 231; Cethegus, cui de re publica satis suppeditabat oratio, Cie. Brut. 178; At neque cur faciant ipsae quarene laborent, Dicere suppeditat, Lucr. 3. 731; materia crescenti per summam gloriam suppeditat, Liv. 8. 13, 16; 5. Hence suffice, parare ea quae suppeditant ad cultum et ad victum, Cie. off. 1. 12; cui si uita suppeditauisset, consuli factus esset, Brut. 245; add 105 and 124; Pompeinae manubiae uix in fundamenta suppeditauere, Liv. 1. 55. 7.

**suppēto**, (subp.) ēre, ii, vb. lit. come up, hence present itself when wanted, be ready for use, be at one's command, Deoque oro ut uitae tuae superstes suppetat, Pl. Trin. 1. 2, 19; ne pabuli quidem satis magna copia suppetebat, Caes. b. g. 1. 16, 2; quum frumentum copioaque aliae largias obsessis quam obidentibus suppetere, Liv. 5. 26, 9; credo uereer ne mihi crimina non suppetere, Cie. Verr. 2. 1, 31; add fam. 15. 13, 2; 2. esp. in the phrase uita suppetit, Cie. fin. 1. 11; Plin. ep. 5, 5, 8; si uita longior suppetisset, Liv. 40. 56, 7; 3. with dat. other than of person, Vitinae quae dieis dietis facta suppetant, Pl. Trin. 1. 1, 108, fail not to support your words; Nouis ut usque suppetas doloribus, have strength to support, Hor. epol. 17. 63; ut amori copiae suppetant, Cie. Tuse. 5, 89; lingua non suppetebat libertati, Liv. 2. 56, 8; 4. for qui suppetet, Ulp. dig. 47. 2, 52, 11, read qui si petiit.

**supplic-ium**, ii, n. [supplicio, vb.; or rather an adj. n. for sb.] what is offered by a suppliant to appease a powerful offended one, including sacrifices and other offerings to the gods, gen. in pl. but not exclusively, Atque (atque?) hoc seolesti inducent in animum suum, Iouem (mones.) se placare posse donis hostiis. Et operam et sumptum perduunt. Id eo fit quia Nihil ei acceptumst a perituri supplicii?, Pl. Rud. pr. 25; Nunquam hercle hodie nisi supplicium mihi das, me solui sinam. Optumum atque acquissimum oras; soccos tunicam pallium Tibi dabo, Epid. 5. 2, 58; Nunc pergā ut supplicis placans caelitem aras

expleam, Acc. ap. Non. 308, 19; ~~~~ nullam profecto accessi ad aram, quin deos Supplicis sumptis uotis donis precibus plorans obsecrans Nequiquam defatigarem, Afran. ap. Non. 308, 20; (supplicium a supplicis differt, ut usus arguit quod ~hac deorum (illud hominum sit), Fest. p. 309 b 3 M; w. quotation from Silius Capito; quos (bones) ad deorum seruant supplicia, Varr. r. 2, 5, 10; in supplicis deorum magnifici, donis parci, Sal. Cat. 9, 2: non uotis neque supplicis mulieribus auxilia deorum parantur\*, 52, 29; legatos ad consulem cum supplicat\* mittit, Iug. 46, 2; senatus ob ea felicitate acta dis immortalibus supplicia decernere—as part of a public thanksgiving (supplicatio), 55, 20; Fabius Delphos missus est sciscitatum quibus precibus supplicis deos possent placare, Liv. 22, 57, 5; matronae...per omnia delubra uagae supplicis notisque fatigare deos\*, 27, 50, 5; cuncti populi, tam religiosi quam profani, uamos onustas aromatatis et huiusmodi supplicis certatim concurrunt (nanem), Apul. Met. 11, 10; 2. symbols of supplicants, as branches of sacred trees, supplicia sunt quae caduceatores portant: ea sumebantur ex uerbena feliohis arboris, Fest. 309; perh. also in Sal. above†; 3. also in pl. solemn prayers or entreaties, beyond religious sphere, Vagenses...fatigati regis supplicis, Sal. Ing. 66, 2; II 4. gen. in sing., yet also in plur., a heavy fine and so a heavy punishment, like poena; and w. same construction, first of him who pays or suffers, w. dare, soluere, pendere, luere, as: Dabitur pol supplicium mihi de tergo uestro. Vae te, Pl. As. 2, 4, 75; add Mil. 2, 6, 22 and 31; quanam umquam ob mortem Myrtili Poenis luendi dabitur satias supplici? Acc. ap. Cie. N. D. 3, 90; dabis ultro ei supplicium, Ter. Eun. 1, 1, 25; soluto supplicio parciidii, Anton. ep. apud Cie. Phil. 13, 22; supplicia annua caenas pendunt uini in furea fixi, Plin. 29, 57; satis supplicii luisset, Tac. an. 15, 60 f.;

5. of the avenger, s. sumere, lit. take the fine (from), and so take vengeance (on), inflict punishment (on), de homine nobili...uirgis supplicium crudelitissime sumeret, Cie. Verr. 2, 2, 91; non dubitare quin de obsidibus grauisimum supplicium sumat, Cie. b. g. 1, 31, 15; s. petere to demand satisfaction, claim to take vengeance, ianiam me praeside Roma Supplicium poenaeque petat, Lucan. 2, 539; 6. s. ferre or pati, to suffer punishment, satis supplicii tulisse, Cie. b. c. 1, 84, 4; qui pro meis maximis meritis supplicia inserrina pertulisse, Cie. ad Pomp. ap. Att. 8, 11 d, 7; Supplicium patitur non noua culpa nouum, Ov. tr. 2, 540; 7. gen. punishment, torture, neque ignorabat se...ad exquisita supplicia\* proficisci, Cie. off. 3, 100; legatum...omni supplicio excreuium necauit, Man. 11; ne armis traditis supplicio adficerentur, Cie. b. g. 1, 27, 4; grauisissimum ei rei s. cum cruciatus constitutum est, 6, 17, 5; Si non supplicio culpa reciditur, Hor. od. 3, 24, 34; ac res Vt quaeque est, ita supplicia\* delicta coercent, s. 1, 3, 79.

**sup-pōno**, (sub-p.) ēre, pōnū (supposui Pl. and Ter.; so the mss., al. suppositui by ej.), pōsum, vb. put up to, and so put under but with the idea of elevation, Supponunt alii cultros tepidumque errorem Succipiunt pateris, Verg. 6, 248; add G. 3, 492; Cernicemque polo suppositurus Atlas, Ov. F. 5, 180; Colla iube domitos oneri saponere tanos, rem, an. 171; add M. 7, 118; 2. put up (when another goes down, as his successor), substitute, meliorem quam ego sum suppono tibi, Pl. Cure. 2, 2, 6; quibus in rebus ipse interesse non possumus in his operae nostrae uicaria fides amicorum supponitur, Cie. Rose. Am. 111; add Deiot. 42; 3. esp. substitute fraudulently, put forward as real, palm off, in eorum locum...substituere et supponere coepit cines Romanos, Cie. Verr. 2, 5, 72; ut ille suppositus facile se illum qui non erat esse simularet, 2, 5, 70; qui supposita persona falsum testamentum obsignandum curauerit, Cui. 125; Tib. 1, 6, 28; 4. esp. of supposititious children, quae herae meae supposita est parua, Pl. Cist. 4, 2, 49; add 2, 3, 11; quid illa cui dono donatust? Suppositus (so mss.). Cui? Sibi, Truc. 4, 3, 30; Alienos dolores mihi suppositi, 2, 5, 7; puerum supponi, Ter. Eun.

pr. 39; Qui hunc suppositus nobis (so mss.), 5, 3, 3; II 5. put under, without the idea of elevation, Sub eratim ut iubeas sese supponi atque eo Lapides supponi multos ut sese neces, Pl. Poen. 5, 2, 65; His igitur rebus subnecis suppositique Terra superne trinit, Lucr. 6, 543; animum (al. anatum) ora gallinis supponimus, Cie. N. D. 2, 124; peremptum Subposuit tumulo rege uetante soror, Ov. tr. 3, 3, 68.

**suppositus**-ius, adj. [supposito- or rather a theoretic suppositio:] of the class suppositi or supposita, suppositicius, Exploratorum hunc faciatis ludos suppositicius, Pl. Ps. 4, 7, 68; pullum asinum a partu recentem subiciunt eque...matri suppositiciae etc., Varr. r. 2, 8, 2; Hermes (a gladiator so called) suppositicius sibi ipse, Mart. 5, 24, 8; 2. Forcellini is wholly wrong about qty.; he confounds derivatives from participles which have a long i with derivatives from sbcs., like tribunicus, with short i. So: Sane genus hoc muliebrosum tunicis demissiciis, Pl. Poen. 5, 5, 24; Circumscipitrix cum oculis emissiciis, Aul. 1, 1, 2; Demareto item ipse fuit adopticius, Poen. 5, 2, 100; Ex patribus conuenticiis (al. conuenticiis ej.), Cist. 1, 1, 42; Eas esse ingenuas ambas surrupticias, Poen. 5, 2, 2; Inter nos amore utemur semper surrupticio, Cure. 1, 3, 49; Adoptat illum puerum surrupticio, Men. pr. 60; Renotor ad illum puellam (puerum?) expositiciam, Cas. pr. 70; Di sunt locuti more translatione, Plaud. 5, 8, 24; magistri murum CAEMETERII faciendum curauerunt, CIL 1279, 6.

**sursum**, sursum or sursum, adv. [for sub-ursum etc.] up-ward, up, Dein sursum escendam in tectum ut illum hinc prohibeam, Pl. Amph. 3, 4, 25; Quid nunc supina sursum in caelum conspici? Cist. 2, 3, 78; brassiam ad nasum admoeto, ita subducto sursum animum, Cato r. 157, 15; Ne sursum deorsum cursites nunc usquam ad lucem uigiles, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 47; add Ad. 4, 2, 35; nares quod omnis odor ad supera fertur recte sursum sunt, Cie. N. D. 2, 141; palpebras eius ne conire posset sursum deorsum ductas insubant, Tuberio ap. Gell. 6, 4, 3; 2. with a superlative of nouns or nouns added, uincam sursum uorsum semper ducito, Cato r. 33, 1; cum gradatim sursum uersum reditur, Cie. orat. 135; Sursum enim uorsus gignitur, Lucr. 2, 188; 3. phrase, omnia ista sursum deorsum fortuna uersatur, topsy-turvy, Sen. ep. 44, 4; quod sursum faciens insum, Ang. tract. 8, ep. 1, 2; 4. for sursum cf. prosum, rsum, isum (=deorsum); as also dossarius from dorsum with the Ital. dosso, Fr. dos.

**sūs**, suis, m. f. [root sug, mim.] boar or sow, first boar, nemini ignotum nisi qui apros non putat suis uocari, Varr. r. 1, 1, 5; In iuuenes certo sic impete uulmificus sus, Ov. M. 8, 350; hence populus Romanus cum lustratur suonitauribus, circueunagitur uerres aries tanrus, Varr. r. 2, 1, 10; Nam ut depugare sues stolidi solidi sunt, Enn. an. 109 V; Et quae lanigero de sue nomen habet (i.e. Medio-lanum), Sid. ep. 7, 15; so sus and eis are m. f.; so too Plin. writes suis feminae lardum, 28, 230; suillum genus inuisum Veneri prodiderunt poetae ob interfectum ab apro Adoniam..., quidam autem quod immundissimi sunt suis...et ardentissime libidinis, Fest. 310 b 10 M; 2. gen. fem., hoc sus, Oecism saepe sapere plus multo suem, Pl. Mil. 2, 6, 104; qui alunt furfuri sues Quarum odor..., Capt. 4, 2, 27; sus adeo pinguitudine solet ut se ipsa stans sustinere non possit, Cato orig. 11, 2 Iord.; lutulenta ruit sus, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 75; ignatum sacrificare suem, Ov. F. 4, 414; 3. from Gk. prov. *is pros Adhpar* of a dunce s-tating himself up against a wise man, summe sanus qui haec nos doceo? Nam etsi non sus Minervam, ut aiunt, tamen inepte quisquis Minervam docet, Cie. acad. post. 18; docebo sus ut aiunt oratorem cum quem..., or. 2, 233; sus Minervam in proverbio est ubi..., Fest. 310 b 18 M; 4. a fish so called, Lolligo dirique sus sinuatoque caris, Ov. Hal. 132; same perh. as in Plin. 11, 207; is qui aper (al. caper) uocatur in Aecheio amne grunniunt habet; 5. sus as nom., perh. a little pig, Prud. al. Sym. 2, 81; hence sueres ace, pl. (Al.) ego pernam sumen sueres spectile callum (so Muller,

ms galium) glandia, Pl. ap. Fest. 330 b 28 M; and gen. y perna a pede sueris, Varr. l. 5, 22 p. 114 Sp.; 6. sūbus d. and ab. pl. of sus, Denique amaraeum fugiat sūs et timet omne Vnguentum, nam saetigeris subus acre uenenumast Quod..., Lucr. 6, 974; add 977; a quibsdam animalium ut subus manditur, Plin. 29, 75; 7. G. sau, E. sow, O. N. sy-r; Scotch dim. suggie.

**sus-cipio**, (sus-cē) cīpĕre, cīpi, ceptum, vb. [subs or sub + capio] catch up (what would otherwise fall), catch, solue cadenti (sc. Phaethonti) Obuius aeternam suscepit lampada mundi, Lucr. 5, 402; Concurrunt trepidae comites dominique ruentes Suscipiunt, Verg. 11, 856; silici scintillam excedit Achaes Suscepitque ignem foliis, l. 175;

2. take up (from the ground etc.), catch up, in Iouis epulo num alibi quam in Capitolio pulvinar suscipi potest? Liv. 5, 52, 6; Et causa suscepio flumine palma sat est, Prop. 5, 9, 36; Oraque suscepta mane lacerant aqua, Ov. a. a. 3, 198;

3. esp. take up a new-born child, as signifying the intention to rear it (instead of exposing it, cf. Leuana), and hence rear, bring up, puerum ne resciscat mihi esse illa cautiost; Nam pollicitus sum susceptorum, Ter. Andr. 2, 3, 27; add Phorm. 4, 3, 32; 5, 8, 50; 5, 8, 74; 5, 9, 19; haec ad te die natali meo scripsi, quo utinam susceptus non essem, Cic. Att. 11, 9, 3; cf. tollō; 4. hence have (children) and rear (them), filiam quam ex te suscepit, Pl. Epid. 4, 1, 34—a woman speaking; (qui) ipse ex liberti filia suscepit liberos, Cic. Phil. 3, 17; add Verg. 2, 3, 161; Saldem siqua mihi de te suscepta fuisset Antea fugam suboles, Verg. 4, 327;

5. take up and put on (a mask); assume (a character), eum qui hanc personam suscepit ut amicum causas tueatur, Cic. or. 1, 169; persona auri boni suscepta, Clu. 101; hence with partes, a me in hac causa pietatis potius quam defensionis partes esse susceptas, Sest. 3; redeo ad te ac mihi auctoritatem patriam severitatemque suscipio, Caes. 37; tantum sibi auctoritatis in re publica suscepit ut..., Verg. 2, 5, 152;

6. take up (the word wh. a preceding speaker is supposed to drop), follow (in conversation), suscipit Stolo, Varr. r. 1, 2, 24; Aeneas having asked: quae lucis miseris tam dira cupido? Dicam equidem nec te suspensum nate tencho, Suscipit Anchises, Verg. 6, 723; suscepit munus ex illo posteriore numero, Apul. M. 4, 9;

7. esp. take up, take upon one (a burden or duty), undertake, onus officii, Cic. Rose. Am. 112; onus atque munus, or. 1, 116; inimicitias laborem sumptus, off. 1, 28; bellum, leg. 2, 34; negotium, Cat. 3, 5;

8. esp. with a gerundive, quae occidendum nimum regnumque adultero tradendum suscepit, Iust. 7, 4, 7; is Epaminondam pecunia corrumpendum suscepit, ps. Nep. Epam. 4, 1; 9. and with gerundive suppressed (see defendendum), neminem fore qui auderet suscipere contra improbos cives salutem rei publicae, Cic. Sest. 49; si me munus, suscipere me totum atque hoc quidquid est oneris tibi sustinendum puta, Vat. ap. Cic. fam. 5, 9, 1; Varroni te commendari ut totum te susciperet ac tueretur, fam. 16, 12, 6; suscepit candidatum (have taken him up) et suscepisse me notum est, ego ambio, ego periclitor, Plin. ep. 6, 6, 9; culius fiducia debes famam defuncti pudoremque suscipere, 2, 4, 2;

10. take upon oneself, be responsible for, qui aēs alienum suscipiunt amicorum, Cic. off. 2, 55;

11. with acc. and inf. undertake to prove, qui quod tota in hac causa difficillimum est suscipiant, posse animi manere corpore uacantem, Cic. Tusc. 1, 78;

12. esp. undertake responsible duties connected with religion, as nota, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 75; Liv. 27, 45, 8; Ov. F. 6, 246; Mart. 8, 4, 2; cum inaudita ac nefaria sacra suscepit, Cic. Vat. 14; signa sacra priuata suscepta sunt, Ael. ap. Fest. 321 M; et pontifex edecret quae prodigia suscipiuntur (sc. curanda) atque curarentur, Liv. 1, 20, 7; quod humatus non sit, heredi porca suscipienda Telluri et Cereri, aliter familia pura non est, Varr. ap. Non. 163;

13. subject oneself to, contract, incur, inuidiam atque offensioem, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 137; odium Pompeii, Att. 6, 1, 25; qui suscepit seculus in se, Phil. 11, 9; omnes impunitates, 2, 6; maculam atque ignominiam, Font. 36; immanis morbos durumque laborem, Lucr. 3, 460;

14. hold up, support, sustain, quid (loquar) lapideas moles quibus porticus suspensus? Sen. ep. 90, 25; qui labentem domum suscipit et agentem ex imo rinas insulam arte suspendit, b. n. 6, 15, 7; fulturae ac substructiones quibus subinde (every here and there) suscipitur non tam firmas mihi quam sumptuosas uidetur, Plin. ep. 10, 39, 2; corpus eius suscipientibus omnis scribarum decurris ad urbem delectum est, Suet. Claud. 1; ut ualeant libri (sc. Sibyllini) ad deponendas potius quam ad suscipiendas religiones, Cic. diu. 2, 112.

**suspicio**, ĩre, spexi, spectrum, vb. [sub + specio] look up, look up to, cum caelum suspeximus caelestium contemplati sumus, Cic. N. D. 2, 4; cum suspexit in caelum, har. resp. 19; uarie formare uultus respicientes suspicientes et despicientes, Plin. 35, 56; nubes suspexit Olympus, Lucan. 6, 477; 2. met. look up to, nihil altum suscipere possunt qui suas omnes cogitationes abicerent in rem tam humilem, Cic. am. 32; 3. esp. in admiration, esse praestantem aliquam aeternamque naturam et eam suscipiendam admirandamque hominum generi, Cic. diu. 2, 148; hanc eloquentiam quam suspicerent omnes, quam admirarentur, orat. 97; eos viros suspiciunt maxumque eferunt laudibus, off. 2, 36; I nunc argentum et marmor uetus aeraque et artes Suspicie, Hor. ep. 1, 6, 18; 14. look, regard with suspicion, suspect, chiefly in perf. part., suspicior in this sense having superseded suspicio, Bonitatem suspectis regi et ipse cum suspiciens, Sall. Jug. 70, 1; scio nemini aliter suspectum fore, Ter. Heec. 3, 3, 38; add 4, 2, 14; 5, 1, 32; 5, 2, 11; 5, 3, 22; in qua (sc. tyrannorum uita) omnia semper suspecta atque sollicita, Cic. am. 52; add Tusc. 1, 1 and Cat. 1, 17; ut praeter Haedonum et Remos nulla fere ciuitas fuerit non suspecta nobis, Caes. b. g. 5, 54, 4.

**Syrtycus**, (Syrtyis) adj. of a sandy desert, esp. the Sahara, non in defosso latent Syrticae gentes? Sen. ep. 90, 17; elephantos fert Africa ultra Syrticas solitudines, Plin. 8, 32; S. Ammon, Lucan. 10, 38; ager, Sid. ep. S. 12; 2. of the Syrtis or quicksands off the N. coast of Africa, deprensū mari Syrtico modo in siccio relinquuntur, modo torrente unda fluctuantur, Sen. uit. beat. 14, 1; 3. S. arbor, a name of the lotos plant, Plin. 24, 6.

**Syrtyis**, is (gen. Syrtidos, Lucan. 9, 710), f. [sert Arab.; not as Sal. has it, from *σyrta* trough] a sandy desert, esp. the Sahara, Hinc (from the west) Gaetulae urbes... Et Numidae infrent cingunt et inhospita Syrtis; Hinc (on the east) deserti siti regio lateque fontes Bareae, Verg. 4, 41; Hunc ego Gaetulis agerem si Syrtibus exsul..., 5, 51; Non genetrix Europa tibi est sed inhospita Syrtis, Ov. M. 8, 120; Vsque Paracatonas... Syrtis, Lucan. 3, 295; nam litore siccio Quam pelago Syrtis uolentibus excipit Austrum, 9, 448; Ne responsa refert Libycis in Syrtibus Ammon, Prud. apoth. 511; ipsasque arenas Syrtium Fragrasse nardo et nectare. id. Cath. 11, 65; add 7, 30;

2. of the shifting sand and sea of the so-called Syrtis minor et maior off the N. coast of Africa, prima Cyrene est... ac deinceps duae Syrtis interque eas Leptis, Luc. Jug. 19, 3; duas Syrtis, quibus nomen ex re inditum... Syrtis ab tractu nominatae, 78, 3—4; Exeritatas aut petit Syrtis Noto, Hor. epod. 9, 31; add Prop. 2, 9, 33; Syrtis, sed primam mundo natura figuram Cum daret, in dubio pelagi terraeque reliquit, Lucan. 9, 303; a regione quae duas Syrtis interiacet, Plin. 5, 27; add §§ 28, 31, 33, 34, 41; aestus discordes sicut in Syrtibus, 2, 218; Et auicula ratibus ante promittit uada Iuerta Syrtis, Sen. Phaedr. 578; 3. met., uilendum est ne longe sit ductum 'Syrtium patrimonii', Cic. or. 3, 163.

## T.

**tālio**, ōnis, m. (Tert.), f. (Gell.) [implies a vb. tal- cut, whence talea (talía), a cutting (of a plant), cf. Fr. *tailleur*; others from talis such] lit. a tally, hence like for like, esp. in punishments, si membrum rupsit, in eum eo pacit, talio esto, xii tab. 8, 2; si quis membrum rupit aut os fregit talione proximus cognatus ulciscitur, Cato, p. 17, l. 8 Ford.; octo genera poenarum in legibus sunt), damnum uincula nerbera talio ignominia exilium mors seruitus, Cic. ap. Aug. e. D. 21, 11 and Isid. orig. 5, 27; in Cornelia (familia) nemo ante Sullam dictatorem traditur crematus, idque noluisse ueritum talionem eruto C. Mari caduere, Plin. 7, 187; Corrupti sine talione caelestis, Mart. 12, 63, 10; quibusdam iniuriis talionem adposuerunt, Gell. 20, 1, 33; quam talionem..., ib.; de talione redimenda, ib. 34; taliones illae tuae reciprocæ, ib. 35; pati talionem, ib. 36; hanc ipsam talionem redigi solitam, ib. 37; ad iniuriam coerendam quam prohiberet talione imposita, Tert. Marc. 4, 10.

**tā-lis**, e, adj. pron. [qualis :: tam :: quam; from a root to=ktō=ko or quo thus] like this, such, of this kind, Tālia commemorat lacrimas exterrita somno, Enn. an. 37 V; Quid me facere oportet ubi talis nū falsum autumas? Pl. Capt. 5, 2, 2; non quidem hoc diuinari sed aliquid tale putari fore, Cic. Att. 16, 8, 2; Tū Venus, haui quidem tāli me dignor honore, Verg. 1, 335; 2. corresponds to qualis, ut facillime quales simus esse uideamur, Cic. off. 2, 44; cum esset talis qualem te esse uideo, Mart. 32; 3. often united with hic, haec taliaque uociferantes, Liv. 5, 2, 13.

1. **tam**, pron. adv. so much, so (of qty. or degree) gen. with adv. or adv., Ast hic quoniam nūne tu tam torner in crepuis, Enn. an. 79 V; quo tam tenere isti citati? 543; unquam reo euigam tam praecise negari, quam hic mihi, Cic. Att. 8, 4, 2; nemo orator tam multa scripsit quam multa sunt nostra, orat. 108; grauius eos accusat quod tam necessario tempore tam propinquis hostibus ab non subleuaret, Caes. b. g. 1, 16, 6; 2. rarely with vb., Nam canis quandos percussa lapide, non tam illum adpetit Qui sese icit quam illum cumpse lapidem qui ipsa icetast peti, Pacuv. 38 R; ni meum Gnatum tam amem, Pl. Bac. 4, 6, 9; Tam hoc scit me habere quam egomet, Aul. 3, 6, 12; Mox tamen Acrisium. Tam uoluisse deum quam non agnosce nepotem Panuēt, Ov. M. 4, 613; but in Cic. Q. fr. 1, 2, 9 tam refers to contumeliosos understood; in Pl. Cas. 4, 4, 24; quid in ergo hanc quæso tractas tam? some adverb as lasciuiter is wanted to complete sense and verse; in Most. 4, 2, 9: Ferocem te facis quia te erus tuus tam amat. Vah—tam is only a good ej.; nec minora consequi potuit, sed non tam concupuit, Vell. 2, 88, 2; Taen an non faces? Nunquam ego te tam esse matulam credidi, Pl. Pers. 4, 3, 64; 3. with quam, see exx. from Cic. § 1; in Deiot. 8: istam dexteram non tam in bellis neque in proclis quam in promissis et fide firmiorum, as well as in Liv. 28, 39, 12; quod nobis non tam fluctu incendens est quam ultione, the word tam shld. prob. be cancelled; 4. with quasi (wh. = quam sip), Tam a me pudicæ quasi soror mea sit, nisi..., Pl. Cure. 1, 1, 51; 5. with ut or uti, non se tam barbarum esse ut non sciret..., Caes. b. g. 1, 44, 9; non essem tam inurbanus uti eo grauior, Cic. or. 2, 365; 6. with relative, quis est tam lyneus qui in tantis tenebris nihil offendat, nihil incurrat? fam. 9, 2, 2; Nil tam difficile quam querendo inuestigari possit, Ter. Haut. 4, 2, 8; neque enim ullum erit tam difficile quod non comode inseri possit, Quint. 9, 4, 145; 7. with compar. in poets, Et quo quæque magis colibet res intus inane, Tam magis his rebus penitus

temptata labascit, Lucr. 1, 535; quo mage plurima habemus Tam magis adolescit dira cuppedine pectus, 4, 1090; add 5, 487; Tam magis illa frenans et tristibus effera flammis Quam magis effuso crudescunt sanguine pugnae, Verg. 7, 787; Quam magis aerumina urget, tam magis ad male faciendum urget, poet. ap. Quint. 9, 3, 15; 8. with superl. in all styles, quam citissime coniecit, tam maxime expedit, Cato r. 64, 2; quam paucissimos reliqueris (catulos), tam optima in alendo fuunt, Varr. r. 2, 9, 12; ita quam quisque pessime fecit, tam maxime tutust, Sal. Jug. 31, 14; 9. though closely connected with its adj. etc. it yields place commonly to a prep., tam in amici hospitium, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 146; tam in breui spatio, Ter. Haut. 5, 2, 2; tam ob paruolum rem, Ad. 2, 4, 10; tam in paucis nullis, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 127; tam ex amplo statu, Att. 3, 10, 2; tam ex contrariis studiis, Cael. 12; tam in praecipitem locum (so Malvig. sss tamen in), acad. 2, 68; tam in periculosum morbum, Liv. 23, 34, 11; so read in Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 96: nequaquam tam ex ampla (ssx ex tam ampla) neque tam ex nobili ciuitate; but still in tam tenui sententia, Mur. 25; In tam triumpho et tam clara luce locant, Lucr. 5, 10; ex tam turbido die, Liv. 1, 16, 2; in tam paucorum nitute, 1, 25, 2; in tam propinqua castra, 8, 19, 8; ex tam alto ingo, 44, 3, 7.

2. **tam**, adv. [i. e. tān for tamen; cf. tandem for tamen—dem and tamet-i for tametis] yet, still, antiqui tam etiam pro tamen usi sunt, ut Næuius: quid si taceat (taceas R ej.)? Dum te uideat tam etiam sciat quid scriptum sit; Ennius: illae meae tam potis patris potiri; Titinius: Bene cum facinus, tam male subinus ut quidam (quidem Lips. ej.) perhibent uiri, et quamquam estis nihili tam (non elidit) ecastor ego (this by ej.) simul Vobis consului, Fest. 360 M; also: Locastat oportet nunc quidem; tam gratias, Pl. St. 3, 18; Ennius intro ut praucaemus. Bene uocas, tam gratias, Men. 2, 3, 36.

**tāmēn**, adv. [ta + met, of wh. ta is the old demonstr. this (see tam) and met = meta = Germ. mit = Eng. with] lit. with (all) this, withal, after all, yet still, Di me etsi perdunt tamen esse adiuturi expetunt, Pacuv. 206 R; quamquam actas senet, Satis tamen habeam uirum ut te ara aream, 305; quamquam abest a culpa, suspensio tamen non caret; tametsi miserum est, tamen ci qui hunc accuset, possim aliquo modo ignoscere, Cic. Rose. Am. 55; licet tibi significari ut ad me uenires, tamen intellego te istic prodesset, Att. 3, 12, 3; tamenetsi omnium causa uelle debeo, tamen cum omnibus non eadem mihi causa est, fam. 13, 71, 1; quamuis prudens sis, tamen, nisi..., nunquam ea res tibi tam belle in mentem uenire potuisset, Att. 12, 37, 2; ista neritas etiam si inuenda non est, mihi tamen grata est, 3, 24, 1; etsi uerbar quorsum id casurum esset, tamen sperabam uos aliquid aliquando uidisse prudentius, 3, 24, 1; cui cum Cato et Caninius interessissent, tamen est perscripta, fam. 1, 2, 4; add Caes. b. g. 1, 14, 6; thus tamen may follow etsi, tamenetsi, tametsi, etiamsi, licet, quamquam, quamuis and cum; 2. it may refer to a preceding word, — sed, quasi amnis rapida, tamen (still though rapid) inflexu flectitur, Næv. 44 R; Denique ero gessisse morem in tantis uerumis tamen, Pl. Capt. 2, 3, 44; curruque haeret resupinus inani Lorā tenens, tamen, Verg. 1, 477; 3. though usually first or second in its clause, sometimes close to it, Istuc ne praecipias, facile memoria memini tamen, Pl. Capt. 2, 3, 33; Non inueneram, uerum in istam partem potius peccato tamen, Ter. Ad. 2, 1, 20; 4. of time, after all, at last, Retraham hercle opior ad me idem illud fugitum argentum tamen, Ter. Haut. 4, 2, 11; Repperit ossa tamen peregrina condita ripa, Ov. M. 2, 337.

**tāmēn-etsi**, adv. still though, although, At Romanus homo, tamenetsi res bene gesta est, Corde suo trepidat, Eun. 512 V; Quae tamenetsi uno non est contenta Catullo, Iliar uerecundae furta feremus herae, Catul. 68, 95;

**2.** in correction, though after all, and yet, Nos (tamenetsi hoc te ex aliis audire malo) sic in provincia non gerimus ut..., Cie. Att. 5, 17, 2; perh. better written as two words tamen etsi.

**tāmēti**, conj. [either for tam=tamen, +etsi; or tamet=tamen, +si] still though, although, Tametsi vir mihi es, molestus non ero furi; refer, Pl. Aul. 4, 10, 38; obtundis tametsi intellego? Ter. Andr. 2, 2, 11; Memini tametsi nullus moueat, Eun. 2, 1, 10; non haec crediderim, tametsi uulgo audieram, nisi..., Cie. Verr. 2, 3, 62; **2.** followed by a second tamen, tametsi statim uicisse debeo, tamen de meo iure decedam, Cie. Rosc. Am. 73; tametsi mihi nihil fuit optatius quam ut..., tamen afflictor summo dolore eiusmodi tempora consequuta esse, fam. 1, 5, 1; add Verr. 2, 2, 23 and fam. 3, 4, 1; tametsi ab duce et a fortuna deserabantur, tamen omnem spei salutis in uirtute ponebant, Caes. b. g. 5, 34, 2; **3.** in correction, though after all, and yet, quam putas auctoritatem laudationis eorum futuram, sil...? tametsi quae est ista laudatio eorum laudator interrogatus haec necesse est? Cie. Verr. 2, 4, 10.

**tāmētiūs**, adj. (ταμεικος, from ταμης steward, controller) of the privy-purse (of the emperors), de praedictis tamiaciis, cod. Just. 11, 68; and fundos tamiaci iuris, ib. § 2; t. egingulum, the belt of office worn by the comptroller, lul. ep. nou. 22, 83; **2.** as sb. m. or tamiaca as sb. f. a sert attached to such lands, cod. Just. 11, 68 § 1; **3.** tamiaciūs=fiscalis, Gloss. Philox.

**taminus**, adj., taminia una, the fruit of the climbing plant taminus, which see; used largely in medicine, uidentur hanc facultatem (diuretic) habere iris, nardum, una taminia (σταφυλα αγρια Graeci nominant), Cels. 3, 21, 25; add 5, 4, 3; 5, 5, 5; 18, 69 etc.; staphis αγρια quam uinai taminium aliqui uocant falso, fert folliculos potius quam acinos, in his uere uinum triangulum, Plin. 23, 17.

**tāmīno**, āre, vb. [either from a lost sb. tamen from tango, or from a lost vb. tam=Sansk. tam rot] pollute, taminat attaminat contaminat, not. Tir. 123.

**tamnus**, i, f. a climbing plant, the black bryony, tamus communis Linn., βρωνη of modern Greeks, tamaro, vite nera of Italy, Fr. taminier, αμπελος αγρια of Diosc. 4, 180; the root, berries, seeds used in medicine, see taminia una; the young shoots as food, tanno of Italians, secuntur herbae sponte nascentes quibus pleraeqe gentium utuntur in cibis. In Italia nonnulla fraga tannum..., Plin. 21, 86; iam tanni (al. rhamni) sponte uirescent, Colum. 10, 373.

**tantidē**, adj. n. as sb. [for tantum idem] just as much, the same in quantity, Hospiēs quid miras animo (so mss, Quicherat ej. animos) curare Serapim? Quid quasi non curet tanti leu Aristoteles? Varr. ap. Non. 480, 25.

**Tārēt-um**, i, n. Tarentus, i, f. [Ταρεντ-; um dim. suff.=our oak of hillcock etc., cf. Breco(n)ock from Brecon, Aber-brook-ock, also Arbroth, Lub-ock of wh. Lub alone is the real name; so also Agrigent-um from Αγραγεντ-, Metapont-um from Μεταποντ-, Maluent-um from Μαλουντ-] a Greek city of Southern Italy, founded by Phalantus from Sparta, Laedaeumoniū, Hor. od. 3, 5, 56; imbelles s. 2, 4, 34; molle, Ov. M. 15, 50; but superba Tarentus, Sil. 12, 433; uincta Tarentus, Sidon. 5, 430.

**tēgillum**, i, n. dim. [tēgulum; for qty. cf. tēgula] a rooflet of thatch, Tēgillum ocellū mihi unum arescit; id si uis dabo, Pl. Rad. 2, 7, 18; (quando pergit) iūgere (sine nigere) uoluitas mihius (Aute noctem) aquam (die nubibus tortan indiat fore ut Tēgillum paster sibi sumat, Varr. ap. Non. 179.

**tēgo**, ēre, texti, tectum, vb. [= στεγ-ω, whence στεγνω roof and σταλα for σταγια sc. δδω, a covered way or portico, S. sthag, Germ. deck-en with dach roof, Eng. thatch with deck of a ship] thatch, roof, Chelonophagi testudinum

superficie casae tegentes, Plin. 6, 109; M. Anianius M. f. Continuetis inuiri iter texit, roofed the road, covered it with an arcade, not as Fore, says, stranit, inser. Grut. 172, 11; ubi tēna quae museuli tegendi causa ponant collocatur, Caes. b. c. 2, 10, 3; so after speaking of extructiones terrorum, tegumenta corporum, Cie. N. D. 2, 150 addis: ex quo intellegitur adhiatis opificum manibus omnia non consecutos ad tecti ut nestiti esse possumus; hence Tecta uia, name of a street in Rome, as covered with an arcade, Lux eadem Marti festa est, quoniam prospicit extra Appositum Tectae porta Capena uiae, Ov. F. 6, 192; Lingonius a Tecta Flaminiaque recens, Mart. 8, 75, 2; inter Tiberim et uiam Tectam descendit ad inferos, Sen. apoc. med.; Fore, under rectus interpretis tecta uia by fornices sen portibus structa; cf. tegula, tectum, detego, pertego; **2.** hence of animals taking shelter in caves from outer weather, hanc uim frigorū quam nos uix huius urbis tectis sustinuerim excipere, cum etiam ferae latibulis se tegant, Cie. Lab. Post. 42; **3.** so of ships, roof over, deck, chiefly in the part, tectus, decked, tectis instructis scaphis, Caes. b. c. 3, 100, 2; Rhodiāe naues tectae omnes, Liv. 31, 46, 6; centum manibus quarum septuaginta tectae, 36, 43, 8; **4.** hence cover (the head), cap. Et texit galea barbata molle caput, Prop. 5, 3, 44; cucullo caput tectus, Mart. 5, 14, 6; and met. of a mountain, tectumque cacumen nubibus, Lucan. 3, 6—cloud-capt; **5.** gen. cover, amica corpus eius texit suo pallio, Cie. diit. 2, 143; ensis uagina tectus, Hor. s. 2, 1, 41; prima tectis langine malas, Ov. M. 12, 291; **6.** hence tecta onis, clad in skins, si ea (sc. onis) tecta solet esse, quam habuit pellem cum intrinseca eadem re perungunt et tegunt rursus, Varr. r. 2, 11, 7 speaking of sheep-shearing; pratis planisque notabilibus tectum pecus commodissime pascitur, Colum. 7, 2, 3; siluestres arietes tectis ouibus admi-rit, 7, 2, 4; ouium summa genera duo, tectum et colonicum, Plin. 8, 189; cf. pellitis ouibus, Hor. od. 2, 6, 10, and Ov. F. 2, 298. speaking of more natural farming: Ibat onis lana corpus amicta sua; **7.** esp. of burial, Ossa tēglat lūmus, Ov. M. 15, 50; Me licet unda ferat, te modo terra tēgat, Prop. 3, 20, 24; and Ov. am. 2, 6, 59; Mart. 9, 29, 11; **8.** cover in the sense of protect, Quia non minus res hominem quam sentus tēgit, Turp. 40 R; miles dextra ac sinistra muro tectus, Caes. b. c. 2, 15, 3; qui portus ab Africa tēgabatur, ab Anstro non erat tutus, 3, 26, 4; and met., quod is meum salutem sua benignolentia tēxisset, Cie. Planc. 1; rogo ut cum tegas atque tuare, fam. 13, 66, 2; libertatem patriam parentisque armis tēgere, Sal. Cat. 6, 5; ut legatos cura magistratuum magis quam ius gentium ab ira hominum tēgeret, Liv. 8, 6, 7; **9.** cover in the sense of hide, nebula matutina tēxerat inceptum, Liv. 41, 2, 4; Ostendit terras Titan et sidera tēxit, Lucan. 8, 202; Non timidum nuptae leniter tectura pudorem Lutea demissos uelatur flammæ uultus, 2, 360; **10.** esp. met., qui uidentur triumphi nomine tēgere atque celare cupiditatem suam, Cie. Pis. 50; quod ne mendacio quidem tēgere possis, Quinct. 81; illis artificio opus est ut turpia facta oratione tēgant, Sal. Jug. 85, 31.

**tēmērāris**, adv. blindly, rashly, heedlessly, cod. Just. 9, 1, 18; Tert. uirg. nel. 3.

**tēmēr-āris**, adj. [temens, eris obsol. (see temere); note that the other nineteen adj. in aris all come from sb.] lit. one who acts in the dark, hence with one's eyes shut, rash, heedless, temulentast mulier et tēmēria, Ter. Andr. 1, 4, 2; caeca ac temeraria cupiditas, Cie. inu. 1, 2; saepe homines temerarios atque imperitos falsis terroribus terri, Caes. b. g. 6, 20, 2; Parce meo iuuenis temerarius esse periculo, Ov. M. 10, 545; **2.** of acts etc. done in the dark, rash, haphazard, quae dicis sunt et turbulenta et temeraria et periculosa, Cie. Caecin. 33; consilium, Liv. 25, 37, 17; uirtus, Ov. M. 8, 407; Non temerariūm ubi duces blande appellat pauperem, Pl. Aul. 2, 2, 7; Set quid hoc quod piens unum tūdit? Hau temerariūmst, As. 2, 1, 14; tributum t., see Festus 364.

**tēmērātō**, ōnis, f. deilement, cod. Just. 11, 7, 2.

**tēmērātor**, ōis, sb. m. [temero vb.] one who defiles (a woman), Apollineae matris (sc. Tityos), Stat. Th. 11, 12;

add Ach. 1, 600; 2. one who violates (a law), poemam temerators lit, Mod. dig. 48, 10, 29; cuius legis temerators l. librum condemnatione coerceri decernimus, cod. Inst. 7, 41, 3; praesentis legis t., 12, 53, 2.

**tēmēre**, adv. [or rather adv. of an absol. sb. temus, eris darkness = S. tamas, sb. n. the same, Lith. ten to become dark, tamasa darkness, tamusdarks; S. tam vb. translated by tabescere, i.e. perh. to rot, to become black or putrid, Ir. temd, dark, Russ. temnyj dark; see Bopp's Gloss. v. tamas. Cf. tenebrae] lit. in the dark, hence rashly, heedlessly, blindly, ut ne res temere tractent turbidas, Enn. tr. 353 R; Rapi'dus diuinus est hic, non hae temere transiri potest, Pl. Baec. 1, 1, 52; Quae no te temere hanc rem agas, ne iracunditer, Caec. 78 R; Apollinis operis quorum partim ficta aperte partim cefutita temere, nunquam prudenti probata sunt, Cie. diu. 2, 113; etsi te nihil temere nihil imprudentem facturum iudicaram, Caes. ap. Cie. Att. 10, 8 B 1; emissio temere pilo ietna pullarius eecidit, Liv. 10, 40, 13;

2. hence pell mell, without order, argentum temere per uias uelut obiectum ad praedam, Liv. 22, 42, 6; sub pinu iacentes, Sae temere, Hor. od. 2, 11, 14; Sae tēmēre lactae colla perfundant comae, Sen. Phaedr. 402;—had the final e been long, it would not have been so habitually elided—

3. thus in a famulos temere inter tae iacentis, Verg. 9, 329; 3. with a neg., non t., nunquam t., not without good reason, Nunquam edepol temere tinnit tintinnabulum, Nisi qui illud tractat aut monet, mutumst, tacet, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 162; Nescio quid tristis est, non tuerest; timeo quid sit, Ter. Haut. 4, 1, 7; nullus dies temere interessit quo non ad eum scriberet, Nep. Att. 20, 2; si cuperent hostes fieri temere fieri non (so Putsch, xss nune) possent, Cato orat. 34, 11 ord.; ubi anteire primores cunctis uident, quicquid sit hand temere esse rentur, Liv. 1, 59, 6; 4. also non temere, not easily, illud ingeniorum uelut praecox genus non temere unquam peruenit ad frugem, Quint. 1, 3, 3; ut non temere quis tam aduerso rumore magisque inuitis omnibus transferit ad principatum, Suet. Tit. 6.

**tēmēritās**, ātis, sb. f. [implies an adj. temeris, cf. temeriter, or temer, a, um, cf. temero vb., or temus, eris like netus] rashness, heedlessness, absence of all foresight, nunquam temeritas cum sapientia commiseretur neque ad consilium casus admittitur, Cie. Marc. 7; quibus in rebus temeritas et casus non ratio nec consilium ualet, diu. 2, 85; temeritas quae maxime illi hominum generi est innata, Caes. b. g. 7, 42, 2; 2. as a goddess, Blind-chance, Sunt autem alii philosophi qui contra Fortunam negant Esse nullam sed Temeritate res regi omnis autumant, Pacuv. 373 R.

**tēmēriter**, adv. [implies an adj. temeris, cf. temeritas] rashly, heedlessly, Hocinest quo tu tam temeriter meam benivolentiam Interisse es ratus? Att. 96 R; Enn. ap. Prisc. 1010 P; 2. comp. temerius, Att. ap. Non. 178.

**tēmēritudo**, inis, f. = temeritas, cuot tyrannum noui temeritudinem, Pacuv. ap. Non. 181.

**tēmēro**, āre, vb. [temus, eris absol. sb. n., see temere] lit. blacken, and so defile, pollute (what is sacred or pure), chiefly in poets, temerare uiolare sacra, Fest. 365; arae foci deum delubra sepulera maiorum temerata ac mola, Liv. 20, 13, 13; templa et temerata Mineruae, Verg. 6, 841; lucos uictos, Ov. M. 8, 742; thalamos pudicos, ann. 1, 8, 19; Iulium in matrimonio Agrippae temerauerat, Tac. an. 1, 53.

**tēnax**, ācis, sb. (m. or f.?) [ten of teneo] a thing to hold by—hence stalk, incisus botryonum tenaces calida pie oportet ambrari, Pall. 10, 17 f.; 2. any band, ulmeis uinculis uli tenacibus quibusque constricta, Pall. 3, 18, 1; si dum pendunt poma (Punica), tenacibus intorsis, in totum annum seruabis, 4, 10, 4.

**tend-o**, ēre, tēdendi, tentum and tensum, vb. [root ten, with excrement d = rev of teneo, S. tan, Go. thanja, G. dohn-en, Russ. tongu, Lith. temp-, and perh. Welsh taen-u spread] stretch, strain etc.

**tēnēbra**, ar, see tenebrae, § 7.

**tēnēbrae**, ārum, f. pl. [for tem-ebrae? from a lost vb. tem-, blacken, whence temere in the dark, temero blacken, pollute; = Sansk. tam become rotten] darkness, cum obsenarato sole tenebrae factae essent, Cie. rep. 1, 25; add N. D. 2, 96, and leg. agr. 2, 44; incultu tenebris odore foeda facies (of the Tullianum), Sal. Cat. 55, 4; Semper et obstant densantur nocte tenebrae, Verg. G. 1, 248; Mirabar tenebris quisquis iturus erat, Ov. am. 1, 6, 10; 2. of a swoon, Pl. Quid tist? C. Tenebrae oboriuntur, genna inedia succidit, Pl. Cure. 2, 3, 30; Palluit (Phaeton) et subito genaa intremere timore Sautque oculis tenebrae per tantum lumen obortae, Ov. M. 2, 181; 3. of death, Certumst mihi ante tenebras tenebras persequi, Pl. Ps. 1, 1, 90; iuro... Me tibi ad extremas mansum, uita, tenebras, Prop. 3, 13, 17; 4. of blindness, At si tantula pars oculi melia illa percast, Occidit exemplo lumen tenebraeque secuntur, Lucr. 3, 114; tenebrasque et eladem lucis ademptae Obicit, Ov. M. 3, 515; add 525; 5. a dark place, a dark hole, Demostres ubi sint tunc tenebrae, Catul. 55, 2; esp. of the infernal regions, At nobis male sit malae tenebrae Orci, 3, 13; Lucetianum Allecto dirarum ab sede daram Inferniue ciet tenebris, Verg. 7, 325; 6. met. darkness, obscurity, Quas tu mihi tenebras tridis (al. endis)? Pl. Epil. 3, 4, 40; conatus est elarissimis rebus tenebras obducere, Cie. acad. pr. 16; rex ustrum familiam obscuram e tenebris in lucem euocuit, Deiot. 30; Quilibet in tenebris uita quantisque periculis Degitur hoc aeni quodcumque! Lucr. 2, 15; 11 7. as a sing., repentina caligo ac tenebra in circo oborta, Lampr. Comm. 16, 2.

**tēneo**, ēre, ui (old perf. tetini), tum, vb. [ten of tendo = rev of teneo, S. tan, Go. thanja, Russ. tongu, Lith. temp-, Welsh taen-u] hold with a tight grasp, keep grasped, hold, Dum clauum rectum teneam naenemque gubernem, Enn. an. 472 V; teneone te Antipibia maxime animo exoptatam meo? Ter. Haut. 2, 4, 27; Quo teneam uolus mutentem Protea nudo? Hor. ep. 1, 1, 90; 2. hold as a possession, possess, occupy, multa hereditatibus, multa emptionibus, multa dotibus tenebantur, Cie. off. 2, 82; Vastabat Cyprum et victor dicione tenebat, Verg. 1, 61; summum imperii tenebat, Caes. b. g. 2, 22; Enandrum qui multis aute tempestatibus teneuit loca, Liv. 1, 5, 2; amnis abundans Exit et obducto late tenet omnia limo, Verg. G. 1, 116; 3. of disease or feelings, possess, hold possession of, nunquam tacet quem morbus tenet loquendi, Cato orat. 57, 29 ord.; nolo ut mihi respondas quae te tanta prauitas mentis teneat, qui tantus furor ut... Cie. Vat. 14; uere exposita illa sententia est quod beatum sit id, neque ira neque gratia teneri, N. D. 1, 45; 4. confine, keep (within), Sabinus castris sese tenebat, Caes. b. g. 3, 17, 5; domesticis te finibus teneas, Cie. Att. 7, 12, 6; Texendae saepes etiam et pecus omne tenendum (al. tuendum), Verg. G. 2, 371; and met., magnam partem Galliae in officio tenuit, Caes. b. g. 5, 54, 1; 5. keep, detain, quem (see letter-carrier) diutius tenni quia quotidie aliquid noui expectabamus, Cie. Att. 11, 3, 1; septimum iam diem Coreyrae tenebamur, fiam. 10, 7, 1; ne diutius teneam, pecunia numerata est, Verr. 2, 1, 34; 6. hold back, restrain, suppress, nociferari palam, lacrimas interdum uix tenere, Cie. Verr. 2, 4, 39; risum, Vat. 20; Hor. A. P. 5; est difficillimum ea quae occurrunt, cum salissimae dici possunt, tenere, Cie. or. 2, 221; 7. esp. as a vb. refl. or with refl. pron., abstain, refrain, keep from, nec se teneat quin contra summo doctorem librum etiam ederet, Cie. acad. pr. 12; teneri uix potui quin tibi apertius illud idem declararem, Att. 15, 14, 2; even with inf. in Pl. Merc. prol. 51; praedicere Omnes teneant (xss, Kitchell timent, Lamb. cauerent) mutanti credere; 8. also absol. without pron., ego tamen teneo ab accusando nix melchreule sed tamen teneo, Cie. Q. fr. 3, 2, 2; 9. in milit. lang. hold (a post), perturbatis antesignanis legio locum non tenuit, Caes. b. c. 1, 44, 5; 10. keep up (a custom etc.), maintain, preserve, moreum, Cie. off. 3, 44; consuetudinem, Phil. 1, 27; ordinem, 5, 35; 11. t. cursum, iter, keep one's course, not to be driven from it, cum secundissimo uento cursum teneret, Cie. N. D. 3, 83;



uento intermisso cursum non tenuit, Caes. b. g. 5, 8, 2; and met., ut te ad istum cursum tenendum quem a prima aetate suscepisti cohortentur, Cic. Plane, 52; quae tenetis iter? Verg. 1, 370; and absol., Cassandream petentes primo ad Mendacum maritimum uicem tenere, Liv. 31, 45, 14.

**ter-o**, ēre, trui, tritum, vb. [of mimetic origin, noise of whirling; trui and tritum from a secondary vb. t(e)rib- = *tribō*, whence aor. *tribō*; cf. *ter-e-b-ra* *terepor*, tribulum; see also below and *tribulum*] lit. turn—hence turn (as with a latine), Hinc rados trivire rotis, Verg. 2, 4, 44; aliud datu figuratur, aliud torno teritur, Plin. 36, 193—of glass-making; but not catillum Euandri manibus tritum, Hor. s. 1, 3, 91, as the scholiasts would have it, for the sculptor Evander came to Rome only A.U.C. 725, but this satire was written about 716 or 718; the notion of turning explains *ter-por*, *ter-por*, the turning-point or boundary, also Lat. *ter-minus*, also *topos*, tornus, lathe, with the vbs. *topere*, torna-, also *torque*-, vb. torsi, tortus, see *torqueo*; cf. also *ter-ebra*, a boring instrument, *terebor*, tere-don- the boring worm, and *ter-apa*—

**II** 2. rub, premittit pede pes atque armis arma teruntur, Enn. an. 559 V; Teritur sinapis scelerum (an old adj.) quae illis qui terunt l'risquam truerunt oculi ut extillat facit, Pl. Ps. 3, 2, 28; Num me illic ducis ubi lapis lapidem terit? As. 1, 1, 17; calcemque terit iam calce Diore, Verg. 5, 324; teritur lignum ligno lignemque concipit attritu, Plin. 16, 208; **3**, hence thrash corn, Et medio tostas aestri terit area fruges, Verg. G. 1, 298; Milia frumenti tua truerit area centum, Hor. s. 1, 1, 45; Area dum messes sole calente terit, Tib. 1, 5, 22; hence our (thor)-ash or thresh-, Go. thrisk-an, Norse thrisk-ia, G. dreschen, Du. dorsch-en; **4**, pound, grind, teritur in mortariis plumbeis, Plin. 34, 168; semen tritum in aqua, 26, 145; teritur in farinam, 34, 170; alii teri cibum in uentre contendunt, Cels. praef. 1; **5**, esp. wear away (a road etc.), tread, traverse, cum Brundisium iteque illud quod tritum in Graeciam est non sine causa nitissimum, Cic. Phil. 1, 7; Ania Pieridum peragro loca nullius ante Trita solo, Lucr. 1, 927; Angustum fornicula terens iter, Verg. G. 1, 380; Et Appiam mannis terit, Hor. epod. 4, 14; Nec tibi ut inuenias longa terenda uia, Ov. a. 1, 52; porticum, Mart. 2, 11, 2; limina, 10, 10, 2; our (te)read and Gem. tr-et-en of the same stock; **6**, hence trample upon, use disrespectfully, iurata deorum Maiestas teritur, Claud. Ruf. 1, 228; nec iam clarissimorum uirorum receptacula habitatore sermo teruntur, Plin. pan. 50, 3; **7**, of words, hackneyed, common, in Graeco sermone haec ipsa quoniam rerum nomina nouarum non (noua?) uidebantur, quae nunc consuetudo diuturna trinit; quid censes in Latino? Cic. fin. 3, 15; ex quo illud Summum ius summa iniuria factum est iam tritum sermone prouenerit, off. 1, 33; **8**, of things much handled, catillum Euandri manibus tritum, Hor. s. 1, 3, 91; quid haberet Quod legeret tereretur uirum publicus usus? ep. 2, 1, 92—thumb; teritur noster ubique liber, Mart. 8, 3, 4; sed meus...A rigidus teritur centurione liber, 1, 1, 3, 4; **9**, rub, and to wear away, chafe, gall, si forte subucula pexae Trita subest tunicae—ragged—Hor. ep. 1, 1, 96; et tritae muneris uestis, 1, 19, 38; trita labore...colla (sc. homin.), Ov. M. 15, 124; **10**, rub, and so make smooth or sharp, Nec tua mordaci pumice curra teras, Ov. a. 1, 506; Dentibus ille ferox in querno stipite tritis (whetted) Innuit exitio (sc. aper), M. 8, 369; **11**, wear away (time), while away, spend (whether wastefully or not), Diem sermone terere segnitie merast, Pl. Trin. 3, 3, 66; neque omnem terram in his discendis rebus atetatem, Cic. or. 3, 123; teretur interea tempus, belli apparatus refrigeret, Phil. 5, 30; omne aeuum ferro teritur, Verg. 9, 600; appropinquare non ausae naues diem trivire, Liv. 37, 27, 8; **12**, sensu obsceno, Boius est, Boian terit, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 108; Prop. 4, 10, 30; Petr. 87; **13**, a perf. terui from *tero*, Charis. 220; but not in Pl. Ps. 3, 2, 29; **14**, of the same stock, Lith. triniū, Slav. trū, Erse tar, Go. thair-kō, foramen.

**theatrum**, i, n. [θεατρον fm. *thea*-quasi specto] lit. a place to see from—hence spectators' part of a theatre, first open, aft. covered, opp. to scena the stage, a scena unitit spec-

tator, e scena uniti qui egit; contra spectator e theatro, a theatro actor, Scaur. de orth. 1264 P; Quae ego in theatro hic meis probauit plausibus, Naev. 71 R; populi sensus maxime theatro et spectaculis prospectus est, ...Eandem uirtutem istam uenit tempus cum grauius gemis: totius theatri clamore dixit, Cic. Att. 2, 19, 3; theatrum cum commune sit...tamen...eius esse locum quem quisque occupat, fin. 3, 67; si paulum modo offensum est...theatra (i.e. spectators) tota reclamant, or. 3, 196; In uacuo laetus sessor plaususque theatro, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 130; hos arto stipata theatro Spectat Roma potens, 2, 1, 60; add 1, 19, 41; Nec sine te curio sedet speciosa theatro, Ov. a. 1, 497; **2**, less commonly, a theatre (including the scena), Nugas theatri, uerba quae in comediis Solent lenoni dici, Pl. Ps. 4, 6, 19; **3**, a theatre as a whole building, num species praeclara oppidi (sc. Athenarum) aut theatrum gymnasia porticus...aut Piraeus ille magnificus rempublicam edificabat? Cic. rep. 3, 44; a theatro quod est ante oppidum, Caes. b. c. 2, 25, 1; C. Quinctius C. f. Valgus, M. Porcius theatrum tectum faciendum) locarunt) eidemque probant, inscr. Or. 3204; but 2637 spurious, says Henzen; add Vitr. 5, 3, 1, 4 and 8; **4**, of a theatre or other place used for a public meeting, in monumento Mari de tuo relictu magnificentissimum illud S. C. esse factum...idque frequentissimo theatro incredibili clamore comprehatum, Cic. diu. 1, 50; add Plac. 16; **5**, met., nullum theatrum uirtuti conscientia maius est, Cic. Tusc. 2, 64; ut me quaesturamque meam quasi in aliquo terrarum orbis theatro uersari existimarem, Verr. 2, 5, 35; forum quod fuit quasi theatrum illius ingenii, Brut. 6; add fau. 12, 29, 1; maiore se theatro dignum putat, Quint. 1, 2, 9.

**titillo**, āre, vb. dim. [for titello of wh. tie stands for tag thou, followed by an exercere t, and dim. suif, illa; cf. sorb-illa, conscrib-illa; and for loss of c cf. nitro, irrito, simitū; cf. also our tickle wh. seems to stand to touch as tickle to much] tickle, Titillare magis sensus quam laedere possunt, Lucr. 2, 429; noliptas quae quasi titillaret sensus, Cic. fin. 1, 39; **2**, met., illa (est consuetudo) quasi adsectatorum populi, multitudinis leuitatem uoluptate quasi titillantium, Cic. off. 2, 63; Praeterea nē nos titillet gloria, Hor. s. 2, 3, 179.

**torqueo-o**, ēre, torsi, tortum, vb. [torque-ssb., but perf. and sup. from root *tor*=ter; see *tero*; and cf. *tor-mina*, *tor-nus*, *tortor*, *torsio*] turn, twist, throw (in its old sense of twisting as in silk-thrower and thrown-ware for turned goods), first, of complete revolutions, Hicetas caelum stare censet, neque praeter terram rem ullam in mundo moueri, quae cum circum axem se conuertat et torqueat eadem echei omnia quae si stante terra caelum moueretur, Cic. acad. pr. 123; torquet qui sidera mundi, Verg. 9, 93; stamina pollice, Ov. M. 12, 475; luctum flagello, Pers. 3, 51; praegnantem stamine fasum, Iuv. 2, 55; ferro capillos, Ov. a. a. 1, 505—curl; **2**, turn, bend, twist, Sapientia gubernator (pron. gnator) torquet nauem, haut ualentia, Titin. 127 R; cerueces oclosque pariter cum modorum flexionibus torquent, Cic. leg. 2, 39; Ituraes taxi torquentur in arcus, Verg. G. 2, 448; **3**, met. turn, distort, uersare suam naturam atque huc et illic torquere ac flectere, Cic. Cael. 15; iuris (est) rei et sententiam plurimum ualere oportere, libidinis uerbo ac littera ius omne torqueri, Cael. 77; **II** 4. esp. torture, put to the rack, non posse sapientem beatum esse cum euleo torqueatur, Cic. fin. 3, 42; de decurione damnato non debere quaestionem habere diuus Pius rescriptis, unde etiam si deserit decurio esse, deinde damnetur, non esse torquendum in memoria prioris dignitatis placet, Paul. dig. 50, 2, 14; add Ulp. 2, 1, 7; Tac. an. 15, 57; Suet. Aug. 27; **5**, met., equidem dies noctesque torquor, Cic. Att. 7, 9, 4; torqueri omni sollicitudine, Hor. s. 2, 8, 67; ne torseris illum, ne torseris etiam te, torqueris enim cum tam lenis irascens, Plin. ep. 9, 21, 3; Et torquere mero quem perspicue laborant..., Hor. A. P. 435; quaestiones nobis sermorum minuitur, uita P. Sullae torqueatur, Cic. Sal. 78; **III** 6. send rolling, carry away rolling, Quae rapidus flammis ambit torrentibus au-

nus Tartareus Phlegethon torquetque sonantia saxa, Verg. 6, 551 (cf. nunc lapides adesos stirpesque...nolentis, Hor. od. 3, 29, 38); 17. hurl, throw, esp. a dart or stone from a sling, because the thrower first gave the dart a circular motion around his head by means of the thong (amentum) attached to it and then hurled it, so also with the sling—compare the use of the Spanish lasso and bolas—note too that hurl itself is but a corruption of whirl, while for throw see § 1—iaculum nam torquet in hostem, Verg. 10, 585; telum, 12, 536; pila, Ov. F. 2, 11; quantum balnearia torto Funda potest plumbo molli transmittere caeli, M. 4, 708; 8. and gen., glebas, ramos, silices, Ov. M. 11, 29; fulmina, Verg. 4, 208; aquosam hiemem, 9, 070; spumas, 3, 208; aquas, Ov. F. 5, 644; nubes, Lucan. 4, 62; sibila, Prop. 5, 8, 8; and Val. F. 7, 525; 9. a part, torsus sanctioned by Prisc. 871, cf. detorsus in Cato orig. 12, 4.

**torris**, is, m. and older **torrus**\*, i. m. [akin to *torr-eo*; and perh. *θρ-ω*] a brand, firebrand, (O) regina erit tempus quum hic torrus\*, quum auriar nides, Att. ap. Non. 15; tum suum Vitae finem ac fati interuentionem fore, Vhi torrus\* esset interfectus flammis, ibid.; torrus\* dicitur fax, Non. ibid. ed. Quicherat; illud Ennii et Pacuini penitus de usu recessit ut hic torrus huius torri dicimus, Serv. Aen. 12, 298; Obuius ambustam torrem Corymbus ab ara Corripit, Verg. 12, 298; flagrantem mater ab igne Eripuit torrem, Ov. M. 8, 457; Puerumque torrem, S. 512; Pruniceum torrem, 12, 272; unoque reluxit Torre focus, Val. F. 3, 116.

**torr-or**, ōris, m. [torreo] burning, solis, Cael. Aur. tard. 5, 4 med.; corporis (= *ήλασας*) 3, 6 f.

**torrus**, i, m. see **torris**.

**tor-nus**, or better **tor-nos**, a, um, adj. [tor=ter of *ter-o*, bore, pierce; cf. for suff. *pase-nus*, *caedus*; see also *trux*] piercing (as the eye), fierce-looking, Ille tuens oculis inuinit Plinena torus..., Ov. M. 5, 92; and even absol.: Aspicit hanc torais, 6, 34; frons, Verg. 3, 636; humen, 3, 677; uultus, Hor. ep. 1, 19, 12; aspectus, Plin. 8, 154 (of the horse Bucephalus); uisus, 2, 61; Talibus Aeneas ardentem et torua tuentem Lenibat dictis animum, Verg. 6, 467; Val. F. 2, 555; 2. fierce-eyed, fierce-looking, draco, Cic. arat. ap. N. D. 2, 42; bos, Verg. 6, 3, 51; leuena, B. 2, 63; angues, A. 6, 571; taurus, Ov. M. 8, 132; aper, Prop. 2, 3, 6; Medusa, Ov. a. 2, 309; Ister (as personified), Val. F. 8, 218; 3. met., o um toruam aspecti atque horribilem! Att. So R; Cum recordeo eius ferocem et toruam confidentiam, Pacuv. 36 R; cupressus bacis torua, Plin. 16, 139; 4. of sound, piercing, toruunque repente Clamit (sc. Allecto), Verg. 7, 399; uoce hominis tuba rudore toruor, Apul. fr. 17 (Sol); 5. of taste, sharp, sour, praeter soli uicia cultura quoque torua sunt uina, Plin. 17, 212 f.; 6. toruor comp., Apul. fr. 17; superl., leonis toruissima facies, Arnob. 6, 196.

**trabē-s**, f. [trabe- for *trab-ec*; cf. *trabec-ula* and *τραπέζης*] same practically as *trab-s*. Thus for § 1. tree, Vtinam ne in memore Pelio scenibus Caes. accedisset abiegna ad terram trabes, Enn. tr. 281 V; 2. beam, fuit trabes ad, trabes e luerie longa pedes ex bipedali crassitudine, Caes. b. g. 4, 17; 3. a ship, as hollowed out of a tree, trabes remis rostrata per altum, ap. Varr. l. 7, 32 p. 320 Sp.; 4. the other cases belong rather to *trabs*, wh. see;

5. in Greg. Tur. a elog attached to the foot, trabes illa quae nictorum pedes coarctabat—hence *trave* Portug. the same, Prov. entravay, Fr. entravay, Sp. trabar.

**trab-s**, or traps (and perh. *trabis*), bis, f. [trab for *dor-ab* = S. drum a tree, *δορυ* a tree, Od. 6, 167, gen. a beam or spear, *δορ* an oak, Norse *doru* (nom. *dōri*) spear, our tree, for as *γάρ*: Sax. *kūn* and *knee*, so *dōri*: Sax. *trūn* and tree; further *trab*—*τραπέζης* of *τραπέζης*; cf. also S. *daru* wood] a tree (orig. perh. a small tree), but chiefly in plural, alia traps frangit ramos cadens, Varr. ap. Non. 178 f.; Lucius. Nigriti picea trabibusque obscurus accornis, Verg.

9, 87; Silua frequens trabibus, Ov. M. 8, 329; utque securi Saucia trabs ingens ubi plaga nonissima restat, Quo cadat in dubios omni a parte tinctor, 10, 373; in densum trabibus nemus, 14, 360; curuatis in sua fata trabes, Prop. 4, 22, 38; illa (sc. quereus) iam spissa cadens Radice fulva pendet aliena trabe, Sen. Oed. 550; 2. a beam (but beam itself orig. meant tree, as in horn-beam and Germ. *baum*; and tree means beam in roof-tree), transtra pedibus in altitudine trabibus confixa clauis ferreis, Caes. b. g. 3, 13, 4; praecutatis trabes in muro conlocabant, 2, 29, 3; fores obdite ferratis trabibus, Plin. 6, 30; Et celeri flamma degustant tigna trabesque, Lucr. 2, 196; uetabo sub islem Stri trabibus mecum, Hor. od. 3, 2, 28; trabes compactiles, Vitr. 4, 7; supra columnas ex tribus tignis bipedilibus compactis trabes sunt conlocatae, 5, 1 (p. 107, 10 ed. Rose et xs) cum opus esset firma atque protera trabe qui arictem faceret, Gell. 1, 13, 11; 3. in poets, anything made of a tree, esp. a ship or boat, Iam mare turbari trabibus, nidebis, Verg. 4, 566—cf. 4, 593; ut trabe Cypria Myrtom panidus nauta saet mare, Hor. od. 1, 1, 13; trabs Colcha sacra encurrit aqua, Ov. Pont. 1, 3, 70; add Sen. Agam. 121; 4. a spear, Et trabe fraxinea Capaneus subit obitus, Stat. Th. 5, 566; add 9, 124; a club, 1, 621; a large torch, quem trabe infesta petit Megara, Sen. Med. 670; 5. a beam-shaped mass of other kinds, as of marble, non trabes Hymettiae premunt columnas, Hor. od. 2, 18, 3; trabes ex eo (marble from Syene) fecere reges obeliscos uocantes, Plin. 36, 64; also, arduae trabes, 33, 52; 6. esp. of meteors, ex hac uexatione (sc. acris) nascuntur trabes et globi et faeces et ardores, Sen. N. Q. 1, 1, 5; quandoque fiunt trabes, quandoque clipei et uastorum imagines ignium, 1, 1, 15; add 1, 15, 4; 7, 4, 3; 7, 5, 5; 7, 21, 1; nocturni ignium tractus columnaue ac trabes, ep. 94, 56 f.; emicant et trabes quas *δοκους* uocant, Plin. 2, 96; Aduersusque faces immensoque igne columnas Et trabibus mistis audios typhonas aquarum Detulit, Lucan. 7, 156; trabs ardens ab ocausu ad caelum extenta, ful. Obs. 122; 7. obsceno sensu, Catul. 28, 10; 8. see *trabes*.

**tracto**, āre, vb. freq. [traho] drag about, tractatus per aquora campi, Enn. an. 140 V; o germane Hector quid iam eum tuo laerato corpore miser, aut qui te sic respectantibus tractare nobis? ap. Macro. 8, 6, 2, 18; ferte comas, tractate per aspera saxa, Pacuv. 351 R; Nam si in morte malumst malis morsque ferarum Tractari, Lucr. 3, 889; tractata comis antistita Phoebe, Ov. M. 13, 410; 2. in later writers rather, handle gently, stroke, quum illa tractans lamuginem eius per blanditias dixisset..., Suet. Ner. 34; tota terga (sc. boum) et tractare et respergere mero quo familiares bulbulco fiant, Colum. 6, 2, 6; and met., ne uoce quidem incommodi paulatim permulcendo tractandoque mansuefecerat plebem, Liv. 3, 14, 6; cf. also *tractum*; 3. handle. Tum quod tractantibus hospitam ante acies meas, Pl. Mil. 2, 6, 30; add 2, 6, 8; ut ea quae gustemus officium tractemus audiamus..., Cic. Tus. 5, 111; art Pellis et ad tractum tractanti dura resistit, Verg. 6, 3, 501; unctis manibus culicem, Hor. s. 2, 4, 79; aramentum, ep. 2, 1, 235; fila lyrae, Ov. am. 1, 8, 60; tela, Liv. 7, 32, 11; pecuniam publicam, Cic. Caelcil. 32; 4. met. deal with, treat, handle, first with ace. of person, rogo ut omnibus rebus cum ita tractes ut..., Cic. fam. 1, 3, 2; me summa simulatione amoris insidiosissime tractant, Q. fr. 1, 3, 8; eum nimis aspere tractat, 2, 6, 5; non tractabo ut consulem, Phil. 2, 10; benignus ipsum te, Hor. ep. 1, 17, 12; 5. so tractare se, deal with oneself, govern oneself, quo in minere ita se tractant ut accipias ab eo beneficium nideret non dedisses, Cic. fam. 13, 12, 1; ita me in republica tractabo ut meminerim semper quae possiderim, Cat. 3, 29; 6. gen. handle, deal with, treat, manage, administer, conduct, quos ego (sc. Apollo) ope mea Pro incertis certos compotesque consili Dmmitto ut ne res tenere tractent turbidas, Am. tr. 180 V; minus cante suam rom, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 46; artem musicam, Ter. Phorm. pr. 17; uitam, Lucr. 5, 932; bellum, Liv. 23, 28, 4; personam, sustain the part (of). Cic. Rose.

com. 20; Quint. 4, 1, 13; so too, partes secundas, Hor. ep. 1, 18, 14; 7. esp. of speech or writing, handle, deal with, treat, discuss, res tragicas paene comice tristes, remitte sensum hilare tractant, Cic. or. 3, 30; philosophiae scem, acad. post. 30; quaestiones, Quint. 2, 1, 11; 3, 5, 5; scerpulosius tractabo uentos, Plin. 2, 118; 8. with interr. clause, tractare quo modo pro falsis aliquando dicatur, Quint. 12, 1, 34; gratias ei semper agendum sit tractari potest, 12, 7, 8; 9. in later writers with de or super, de figuris orationis, Quint. 1, 5, 5; de utilitate, 2, 20, 10; de negotiis ad frequentem senatum referendis, Suet. Aug. 35 f.; de conditionibus, ps. Nep. Eum. 5, 7; ut eam rem super qua tractauissent ne quis enuntiaueret, Gell. 1, 23, 5.

**trāho**, ēre, traxi, tractum, vb. [trah for tol-ah from tol of toll; suff. ah = αχ of Grik. vbs. as *trap-ax* (τραπαῶω), = ag of [tr]ag- (πλανεo); st(e)r-ag, whence strag-es stragulo-, stra-ui stratum; cf. Germ. trag-en] bear.

**trans**, prep. [tran for peran = *περαν* and peran as seen in perentia, and S. parati; peren being for super-on; cf. per over and Philolog. Essays p. 111; s an outgrowth from the n, as ans-er and gans compared with *χρησ*, mens-is with *μην*] takes only an acc., first over, across, to the other side of, with motion, trans mare hinc nemum asportet, Pl. Merc. 2, 3, 20; tollitur Nauius atque trans Alpes transfertur, Cic. Quint. 12; fer cineres...Transque caput aë, Verg. B. 8, 102; qui trans mare currit, Hor. ep. 1, 11, 27; arripitum nexillum trans nallum hostium traiecit, Liv. 25, 14, 4; 2. without motion, over, on the other side of, quene trans mare erit, CIL 17 and 23; inde alter trans uiam Postumiam terminus stat, 198, 12; cogito trans Tiberim hortos parare, Cic. Att. 12, 10, 1; tuae res gestae ita notae sunt ut trans montem Taurum etiam de Matrimonio sit auditum, fam. 2, 15, 5; Germanis qui trans Rhenum incolunt, Caes. b. g. 1, 1, 4; add 1, 5, 4; 3. through, Nimis beat quod commeatibus transtinet trans parietem, Pl. Mil. 2, 5, 58; cf. per; 4. in comp. trans before vowels, as transeo, transigido, transigo; before cons. trans or tra, as transtisit or tramisit, transposit or transposit, Vel. Long. 2228, 3; transannius or tranannius, see *trans* of Verg. 6, 671; but tran alone before s, as trans-seculo, trans-scribo; at times the n is dropped before the s, as trasferatur, Fronto p. 326; trastra, Verg. 10, 306 (M); transenna = transenna; cf. Ital. trasporre traslevare; 5. before verbs means over from one place to another, as transcurro, transcendo, trado; 6. through, transadigo, transfigo, transfolio, transfluo, transtineo; 7. completion, transigo; 8. before adj. over, beyond, transalpinus, transrhenanus, transiberinus; 9. the root also appears with a t for p in Sansk. tīras through, Erse tar; 10. hence Fr. trās.

**transenna**, (tras, or trans.) ae. f. [perh. for transtenna (cf. mersus pulsus from mersus pultus) from trans + ten of tendo or tenuo] a net, esp. for bird-catching, Nune al transenna (al, trasenna) hic turdis lumbicam petit; Pendebit hodie pulcre, ita intendi temus, Pl. Bac. 4, 6, 22; in aetate hominum plurimae sunt transennae (al. tras.) ubi decipiuntur dolis, Rud. 4, 7, 10; Hunc hominem ego hodie in transennam (so MSS ACD, B transennam) doctis inducam dolis, Pers. 4, 3, 11; 2. netting for other uses, as: transenna deulesum Victorinae simulacrum cum machinato strepitū coronam capiti imponebat, Sal. ap. Non. 180; 3. or at the starting point of a race-course, *βροχος* or *αφ'εργας* *τεταρταρος* transenna, Gloss. Philox.; 4. (conjunctural) sheet-lightning, wh. seems for the moment to spread over all and fall as a net of light, hence met., copiam ornamentorum constructum uno in loco quasi per transennam praetercentes strictim adspeximus, Cic. or. 1, 162; ictus narii ballistarum tanquam per transennam decurrentes, Amm. 20, 11, 22; tanquam e transenna singuli emissi se citius ripas occupare contrarias, 25, 6, 14; 5. Nonius 180 wrongly translates it by fenestra.

**transfuctorius**, adj. [implies a sb. transfuctor from

transfungor] done with a view to getting utterly rid of the work, perfunctory, careless, praecepta, Tert. Marc. 1, 27; expugnatio, id. Valent. 6.

**trans-fundo**, ēre, fidi, fusus, vb. pour over (from one vessel into another), decant, transfuse, si sanguis in eas uenas quae spiritui accommodatae sunt (i.e. arteries) transfunditur, Cels. pr. 3, 24 Par.; transfuso in arterias sanguine, ib. 10, 27; cum eam in alia uasa transfunderent, Colum. 12, 12, 1; transfunditur in acreum nas, Plin. 33, 103; again in 103 and 104; in alias fornaces, 36, 104; add 37, 131; sed te (Pompey's ashes) transfundit in urnam, Lucan. 8, 770; Et transfundimus hinc et hinc labellis Errantis animas, Petr. 79; 2. met., libentis meas landes ad te transfuderim, Cic. Eum. 9, 14, 4; omnem se amorem in hanc transfudisse, Phil. 2, 77; eorum mores in Macedonia transfundo, Curt. 8, 8, 13 (27 f.); add Tac. an. 4, 52.

**trans-fungor**, i, vb. r. get utterly rid of, Ne more peccoris otio transfungere Mammi pauca uirtu scitas fabulas, inscer, Rhein. Mus. n. f. 6, 140.

**transfuso**, ōnis, f. ponitur over, decanting, transfusion, Cels. pr. 10, 31 Dar.; Plin. 34, 172; 2. met., quam ualde putamus eam (gentem) tot transfusionibus coactuisse? Cic. Scur. 43; notatio est prioris debiti in aliam obligationem transfusio, Ulp. dig. 40, 2, 1.

**trans-gēro**, ēre, vb. carry over, transfer, ona transgerrunt (transerunt) β' alio, Plin. 10, 98.

**trans-igo**, igēre, ēgi, actum, vb. [ago, trans over and so completion] finish, bring to a conclusion, aliud est proparare aliud festinare; qui unum quidque mature transigit is proparat, Cato orat. p. 44, 1, 5 Iord.; hic transactum reddet omne si illuc uenerit, Pl. Capt. 2, 2, 95; Ego iam transacta re conuortam me domum, Ter. Ad. 2, 4, 22; peto a te ut necotium ipse suscipias transigas, Cic. Eum. 13, 14, 2; 2. esp. act (a play) through to the end, Tantisper dum transigimus hanc comediam, Pl. Truc. pr. 11; add Cas. pr. 84; and Ps. 1, 5, 151; and of time, pass the whole of, quod tempus alii per ostentationem transigunt, Tac. Agr. 18; placidas transigebant sine suspensio noctes, Sen. ep. 90, 41; adolescentium omnem per hanc fere transigit, Suet. Tib. 7; sponsalia filiae silentio transigit, Claud. 12; 3. arrange privately, and at times absol. without acc., qui cum reo transigat, post eum accusatore decidat, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 79; reliqua cum hostia et Scurio secreta transigit, Sal. Ing. 29, 5; 4. esp. arrange (a legal dispute) out of court, and so commonly by a compromise, qui transigit quasi de re dubia et lite incerta transigit, Ulp. dig. 2, 15, 1; cum Maeuio minime transigit, Scaev. 2, 15, 3; de his controversiis neque transigi neque exquiri ueritas alter potest quam cognitio uerbis testamenti, Gai. 2, 15, 6; cf. Span. transaccione a compromise; 5. met. settle accounts (with), and so have done (with), transigite cum expeditionibus, Tac. Agr. 34 f.; cum spe uotique uxoris semel transigit, G. 19; cum luce iam transigerat (with life), Apul. M. 8, 7, 526; et pulchre fuerit cum materia clamore transactum, Quint. 7, 1, 44; 6. (trans through) drive through, first with acc. of weapon, Bellatorem alacer per pectora transigit ense, Sil. 13, 376; Ferrum per ambos tenui transactum pedes, Sen. Oed. 357 (so Forc.); 7. with acc. of what is pierced, pierce, transix; se ipse (not ipsum) gladio transigit, Tac. an. 14, 37 f.; gladio pectus transigit, Plaeodr. 3, 10, 27; and hence with nom. in pass., Basiliscus cuspidē Murri Transactus, Lucan. 9, 829; 8. with nom. of weapon, as itself an agent, Viscera non unius iam dudum transigit ensis, Lucan. 5, 545; Transegit iuuenem...cuspidē Sidonia, Sil. 5, 473; 9. hence Fr. transiger to compromise or compound.

**transtineo**, ēre, vb. intr. [teneo] extend through (of a road), cf. attinet, pertinet, Nimis beat quod commeatibus transtinet trans parietem, Pl. Mil. 2, 5, 58.

**transtrum**, i, n. [for trans-erum, with an excrement t] a thwart or cross-timber, whether beam or plank, chiefly in ships, transtra et tabulae panium dicuntur et tigna quae e pariete in parietem porrigunt, Fest. p. 307; naves totae factae ex robore, transtra pedibus in altitudinem trabibus,



Verg. G. 1, 164; wh. Serv.: genus uehculi omni parte dentatum; add Plin. 18, 268.

**trib-ulus**, i, m. dim. [? see below] the star-thistle, or caltrop, tribulus terrestris Linn., *τριβυλος* of Theophr. h. pl. 6, 5, 3; *τριβυλος χρισσος* of Diosc. 4, 15; Ital. tribolo, mod. Gr. *τριβυλος*, Lappaceae tribulique interque nitentia culta.... Verg. G. 1, 153; Asperior tribulis, feta truenclior ursa, Ov. M. 13, 803; add Plin. 21, 91; 2. a water-plant, tribulus non nisi in palustribus nascitur; dira res alibi iuxta Nilum exquiri in cilis (al. ribos), Plin. 21, 98;

3. hence an iron missile made of four united spikes so as to rest on three and have a fourth erect for laming an enemy's horse, a caltrop, tuo campo tribulos abicerunt in quos eurrentes quadrigae eum incidissent deletae sunt, Verg. mil. 3, 24; Et tribulos per castra beat farcasque bicornes, Corip. Ioh. 4, 017; 4. the last part of It. calea-trepallo, a star-thistle, is the same word, and the Fr. chausse-trape, our caltrop, imply a primitive tribus or rather trobus. The derivation from *τριβυλος* is an error.

**tribu-o**, ere, ni, itum, vb. [tribu- sh. m. a third] lit. divide into three parts (it may be between the three original tribes, or of spoils in war between the gods, the treasury and the army)—in use divide generally, distribute, cam artem quae doceret rem uniuersam tribuere in partes, Cic. Brut. 152; cf. tributo; 2. allot to people as their due share, Secundum (sc. partem) quia sum fortis tributus mihi, Phaedr. 1, 5, 8; aut...ant in hominum societate tuncda (uersatur) tribuendoque suum cuique, Cic. off. 1, 15.

**tribobolus**, i, n. [*τριβυλος*] a piece of three obols, a half drachm. Non ego homo triboli sum nisi ego illi mastigine Exturbo oculos, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 168; condigne haruspex, non homo triboli..., 2, 17; add 4, 2, 46; Bac. 2, 3, 26; Rud. 4, 3, 100; 5, 2, 43 and 67; 5, 3, 11—with ob in all. 2. a weight of three obols, puero pro aetate tribobulum (in place of dragman) et uni heminam, Cato r. 127, 2.

**triumuir**, -iuri, sh. m. [orig. trium uirum a gen. pl. (one) of the tres uiri, then made one word and declined nom. triumuir, -iuri etc.; cf. sestertium orig. cen. pl. then declined as a neuter noun, also pro consul, att. proconsul, is etc.; so with duumuir.—Thus: praetor facito uti eui uiros legat...dum nei quem eorum legat quae triumuirum agris) d(anti)s a(d)signandis) siet fuituie, CIL 108, 13 as supplied by Mommsen] one of three commissioners.

**truenclentia**, ac, f. fierceness, wildness, brutality, met., t. each, Tac. an. 2, 24;—a cf. reading in Pl. Truc. 3, 2, 7, see rosulentia.

**truenclentus**, adj. [trux; cf. uolentus, macilentus] fierce-looking, truenclentus oculis, Pl. As. 2, 3, 21; Set nunc truenclento mi atque saeno usus senes, Bac. 4, 5, 3; Ego ille agrestis saeuus tristis parcus truenclentus tonax, Ter. Ad. 5, 4, 12—wh. Don. saeuus facis, truenclentus uolta; quam taeter incedebat! Quam truenclentus, quam terribilis aspectu! Cic. Sect. 10; spectat truenclenta loquentem (sc. Hecabe), Ov. M. 13, 558; see last ex. § 8; 2. fierce, savage, brutal, truenclent, Nulla Getis tuo gens est truenclentior orbe, Ov. Pont. 2, 7, 31; feta truenclentior ursa, M. 13, 803; add her. 11, 9; tigris etiam feris ceteris truenclenta, Plin. 8, 10; noeuibus truenclentis, Tac. an. 1, 25; add 12, 50; 3. met. pelage, Catul. 63, 16; aequor, 64, 179; 4. of an act, hunc truenclentissimum ac nefario facinor. add Her. 4, 12; 5. savage, wild, brutal, without notion of cruelty, A. Nixus quidem hic truenclentus (rustico preceded, rus merum follow). S. Pergin male loqui mulier mihi? A. Quid tibi ego maledico? S. Quia me truenclenta lentum (so A.) nominas, Pl. Truc. 2, 2, 11; note the pun; hence in joke w. a long u in: S. Iam non sum truenclentus: noli metueri, 3, 2, 6; Truenclentus et siluester et uitae inscius, Sen. Phaedr. 460; 6. n. pl. as adv., truenclenta tuctur, Cic. poet. ap. N. D. 2, 110; 7. a play of Plautus; 8. adv. savagely, fiercely, truenclentus se gerebat, Cic. agr. 2, 13; quid me toruo uolta interis Seueri? "Non faciebam inquit, sed si sic scripsisti ecce!"

et quam potuit truenclentissime cum aspexit, Quint. 6, 1, 43.

**trux**, truceis, adj. [for tor-ux and so=toru of toru-us; from ter-o turn; see torus] perh. piercing—hence of plants, stinging, excoGITant (natura) aliguas (herbas) tactu truceis ut tantum non uocem ipsius fingentes illas exaudire uideamur ne se deapset auida quadripes his muniendo aeuies, ruenclia ut tuta sint, Plin. 22, 17; of winds, fieri uidentur discursus stellarum nunquam tenere ut non ex ea parte truces uenti coarctant, 2, 100; 2. more commonly piercing (of the eye, like torus), aspectu truci, Pacuv. 3 R; E truceisque oculis duo feruida lumina flagrant, Cic. arat. ap. N. D. 2, 107—of a dragon; quid omnium Voltus in unum me truceis? Hor. epod. 5, 3; 3. fierce-looking, Arietes truces nos crinuas; iam in uos incursabimus, Pl. Bac. 5, 2, 29; uertere truces (sc. tauri) uenientes ad ora Terribiles uultus praefixaque cornua ferro, Ov. M. 7, 111; non saeuu ac truces flegent tyranni, Sen. Here. f. 941; 4. met. fierce, savage, gonit...tra truces inimicitias et funebre bellum, Hor. ep. 1, 19, 40; Blanda truces animos fortis mollis nolutas, Ov. a. a. 2, 477; 5. w. inf., Calenum Nutriant andore truenclum, Sil. 13, 220; 6. a comp. and superl. in Rheum. 1360.

**tū**, tui, pron. [see below] you, Hand temere est quod tui tristi cum corde gubernas, Enn. an. 473 V; Te solum habebimus, tu es patronus tu pater, Ter. Ad. 3, 4, 10; add mortem te Catilina duci iam pridem oportebat, in te conferri pestem quam tu in nos machinaris, Cic. Cat. 1, 2; Te siipresse uelim, tua uita dignior actas, Verg. o. 212; Te minor latum restet aequus orbem, Hor. od. 1, 12, 57; His uerbis: o mātā tibi sunt ante ferendas Aerumnas, Enn. an. 46 V; O Tite tute Tati tibi tanta tyranne tulisti, 123 V; Aeole mactate tibi diuim pater atque hominum rex..., Verg. 1, 65; Solue metus, feret hanc aliquid tibi fama salutem, 1, 403; Vos et Scyllaeam rabiem pontusque sanantis Aecestis scopulos, nos et Cyclopa saxa Experti, 1, 200; Testor nimen illi, nos arce ensaque nefandi, 2, 155; Atque utinam ex nobis unus uestrique faissus Aut custos gregis..., B. 10, 35; 2. the nom. tu and uos are only used for emphasis, as the personal endings of the vb. already express the idea, Natura tu illi pater es, consilis ego, Ter. Ad. 1, 2, 46; uos me indotatis modo Patrocinari fortasse arbitramini, Pl. 5, 8, 46; see also § 1; 3. uos is not used (like you, uos, etc. in modern languages) in speaking to but one person, Nam id nobis (to us slaves) tam flagitium quam illa Dema non faceremobis (to you gentlemen), Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 69; Adeon uidentus uobis (to you and your people) esse idonei In quibus se indudatis? Andr. 4, 4, 18; cum hanc iam epistolam complicarom tabellarii a nobis uenerunt (i. e. from Quintus and others, Caesar etc.), Cic. Q. fr. 3, 1, 17; 4. in precepts tu is often treated as superfluous, but is not so, Tu (whatever others may do) quos ad studium atque usum formabis agrestem, iam uitalos hortare, Verg. G. 3, 163; nec dulces amores Sperne neque tu choras, Hor. od. 1, 9, 16; tu pulmentaria quare Sudando, s. 2, 2, 20; add ap. 1, 16, 53; 1, 18, 37; 1, 18, 44; A. P. 385; Tu mbe atque tace, Liv. 2, 61; 5. the gen. tui and uestri are used with what is called the objective meaning, si uos mihi Quirites, si uestri nulla cura tangat, at uos ueremini deos uestros, Liv. 3, 17, 3; tui me miseret, mihi piget, Enn. tr. 82 V; Miseret te aliorum, tui nec miseret nec piget, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 30; habetis duceam m-morem uestri oblitum si, Cic. Cat. 4, 10; non necerit ne quis me haec uestri aliohantati causa magnifice loqui existimet, Liv. 21, 41, 1; 6. in old writers also as a possessive, H. Quoniam puerum hic appositus, die mihi. M. Vostri. D. Quoniam nostri? M. Pamphili, Ter. Andr. 4, 4, 20; uestrum (nostrum), and in old writers nostrorum, uestrorum, are used as partitive gen., Verum illud "se maxima adeo pars nostrorum intellegit, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 123; equis est qui uestroium quod ad sese attineat aequum censent poenas dare ob eam rem quod arguatur male facere noluisse? Cato orig. p. 24, 4 ed. Iord.; Et merito adeo,

nam nostrarum nulla est quin gnatum velit Ducere uxorem, Ter. Hec. 2, 1, 43; si quis vestrum bello superfuert, egebit, Cato orig. p. 63 1, 1; nectigalia locare numquam fiet nisi hoc ex loco, hac vestrum frequentia, Cic. agr. 2, 55; in Pl. Men. 5, 9, 58 vestrum, though in the mss, has been long justly changed to nos tum; and in Sal. Cat. 33, 2, maiores nostrum, though this reading is sanctioned by Gell. 20, 6, 14 and adopted by Jordan, the right reading is nostri (nostri is in PC); 7. a redupl. nom. tute and in old writers acc. tute, abl. tute occur, as in Enn. an. 46 V, see above § 1; tute scis, Naev. 37 R; and Cic. Att. 8, 3, 2; modo tute ipse te (so mss, Bothe tute) offirma et compara, Att. 372 R; tute ipse aderis, Ter. Eun. 5, 2, 54; Verum id quod multo tute ipse fatebere mains, Verg. B. 3, 35; for the quantity of the e, cf. tintinet in § 10; tute esse (rather tute 'sso) huic noxae obnoxiam, Att. 429 R; Epidice, nisi quid tibi in tute anxiliis, absumptus es, Pl. Epid. 1, 1, 76; cf. for redupl. sese;

8. tute with suff. ne becomes tutin, S. (Hercle) nidi. P. Tutin? S. Egomiet duobus his oculis meis, Pl. Mil. 2, 3, 19; 9. met is also added to the dat. tili, as also to uos and nobis, and in Sen. to acc. te, may even to gen. tui in Prise. 947; Petet undecumque temet hanc destra et feret, Sen. Herc. f. 1016; ita uosmet alibis, Pl. Capt. 3, 5, 18; a eius crudelitate uosmet ipsi armis mudiastis, Liv. 3, 56, 3; 10. the nom. tu takes two suffixes te and met, as tutemet or rather tutimet, C. Laudabis, S. Videsis, C. Tutimet (so Fleckeisen) mirabere, Ter. Hant. 2, 3, 133; Tutimet in culpa cum sis neque cernere possis, Lucr. 4, 915; Tutemet (tutimet?) a nobis iam quous tempore natum..., 1, 102; 11. with pre (prob. for ipsi or rather apti = αἰσῶ, cf. reapse), uopre pro nos ipsi Cato possit, Paul. ex Fest. 379; 12. a gen. tis (for tu-is, cf. as for dō-is), Vt ita te aliorum miserescent ne tis (so Ritschl with A) alios miserat, Pl. Trin. 2, 2, 62; Mis (al. mei) te rogandi et tis (al. tui) respondendi mei, Ps. 1, 1, 6; Quia tis egeat, quia te careat; ob eam rem huc ad te missast, Mil. 4, 2, 42; in ois desinens genetiuis lolet apud nos in is definiti, in o uero in i.; sic eap ois mei tui, eap ois mis tis, Prise. 955; cf. mis old gen. of ego; 13. an old form of dat. is tibe; quibus sei in longa lie(i)st tibe utier

uita, CHL 33, 5; also tibi, but as a pyrrhic, De decuma uictor tibi Lucius Mummius donum..., 542; Quod fugis quod iactas tibi quod datur spemere noli, 1453; 14. in Pl. ted seems to occur as an acc. (perh. for tete), Et ob eam rem in carcerem ted esse compactum scio, Men. 5, 5, 39 (but see mss); Tollam ego ted (so BC, tet D) in collum atque intro hinc auferam, Bac. 3, 6, 42—where note the long e—; Immo oro ut facias Chrysale et tel (so BC) opsecro, 4, 8, 68; C. Obsecro, sanum es? S. Sanus quom ted (so mss) amo, Cas. 2, 3, 10; 15. also as an abl. (with the d of the old abl.), Loqui atque cogitare sine ted arbitro, Pl. Cas. 1, 1, 2; cf. med from ego and sed from sui; 16. from a root teb or tea, whence tu of tui, tuus; for the b or n of the root, cf. S. gen. tav-a, old Sl. gen. tob-e and instr. tob-oro. Compare too sui with its root seb or sen; 17. so too uo of uos may well stand for duo; cf. uigniri for dnginti; 18. a word for the second person may well be connected with duo, and its root dub as seen in dub-ius. So in Chinese clu means both thou and two.

**Tulliola**, ae, f. dim. [Tullia] dr. of Cicero, Cic. fam. 14, 1, 1 and 6; 14, 2, 1.

1 **tullius** (tullius), ñ, m. [?] a jet or cascade, Animam (so or aia Herman cf., mss Ajax) sanguen tepidum (so ej., mss sanguine tepido) tullii efflantes uolant, Enn. in Aliae, ap. Fest. 352 b 3, wh. F. notes: (Tullios alij diserunt esse silanos, aia riuos, alij nehementes proiectiones sanguinis arcuatum fluentis quales sunt Tiburi in Aniene; = σιγαγγες of Soph., cf. Soph. Ai. 918 and 1411; tolli aquarum proiectiones quales sunt in Aniene, Suet. in Müller's Fest. p. 382, 17 and Rh. Mus. 5, 252.

2 **Tullius** (Tullus), ñ, m. [from praen. Tullus] name of a gens, as of the king Servius Tullius, puero qui Seruio Tullio fuit nomen, Liv. 1, 39, 1 and 5; 2. of M. Tullius Cicero, Cic. fam. 14, 3, 1; 14, 4, 1; M. Tulli on a denar., CHL 369; M. Tull. imp. 527 (a.n.e. 703); C. Antoni M. Tulli cos. 599 (a.n.e. 691); 3. Q. Pomponius Q. f. L. Ser. f. Tulli praetores, CHL 1148; 4. Tullia, a female of same gens, as dr. of Servius, Liv. 1, 46, 2, 6 and 8; also dr. of Cicero.

## V.

**V** (u), the 20th letter of the Roman alphabet, grew out of the letter O, the circle left open above, and thus was a letter added to the Cadmean alphabet, which, like the Hebrew, ended with t; 2. hence Prise. 554, 16: V multis Italiae populis non erat in usu, sed e contrario utebantur O;

3. at the beginning of words before a vowel, and in the middle between vowels, it was pronounced as our w, and called u consonans, ex uocalibus i et u transiens in consonantium potestatem cum aut ipse inter se geminaretur, ut luno, nati; aut quando alius uocalibus applicaretur ut uates, uelox, uox, lanus, iecur, Diom. 416, 19; 4. when a syllable consists of a guttural or s followed by an o or u, the addition of a syllable with an i or e is in all languages apt to cause a change of the o or u into ue or ui (we, wi), and then the guttural or s often falls off. Thus g c e or s seems, but only seems, to be changed into a u (w). Thus, from a root cor (=eur of curr- revolve) came a form quermi-, aft. uermi-; and from a root sox as Greek came first a forma σῆχ, whence the lat. neh- as well as cō, σῆχ-σῶ. See uermis, uelo and uelum. Thus it corresponded to the Greek digamma f and Hebrew vau. Hence, Aeolicæ literæ qua seruum ceruicque dicimus, etiamsi forma a nobis repudiata est, ni tamen nos ipsa persequitur, Quint. 12, 10, 29; so also Huic (u) digamma a scribi solet, ut cum sibi praepōnit ut serfus, fulgus, Diom. 416, 32; nostri praepōtores seruum ceruicque u et o litteris scripserunt, quia

subiecta sibi uocalis in unum sonum coalescere et confundi nequiret; nunc u gemina scribantur ac ratione quam reddidi; nentio sane modo nox quam sentimus elicitur, Quint. 1, 7, 26. Hence Claudius employed an inverted F, d, to denote the sound, as seen in Marini's Iser. Atti p. 97 and ampliat terminatiqve, Inscr. Or. 710: AMAM CLAVIAM ALERIAM, 711; SPERALIAM ABOLIAM, LIB. AMERINVS EX AVS, 714; nec inutiliter Claudius Aeolicam illam ad hos us litteram adiecerat, Quint. 1, 7, 26; hence often found in Latin words, where the Greek had a digamma, uis fcs, ncr fcap, Achiuis Ayalos, diams dōs, ouis oīs, uinum fauos, uicus fukos, uideo fōda; 5. after a guttural, q or g, it was eventually not pronounced; u littera interdum nec uocalis nec consonans habetur, cum inter q litteram consonantem et aliam uocalem constituitur ut quoniam quidem, Diom. 416, 29; est quando (u) amittit uim tam uocalis quam consonantis, ut cum inter q et aliam uocalem ponitur, ut quis, quam; hoc idem plerumque patitur cum inter g et aliquam uocalem ut sanguis, lingua. Cf. the Fr. habit as in qui, quel, guere, guerre. Hence too the possibility of short vowels in āpa, nēque, decōquī;

II 6. letter-changes: a long u has often superseded oi and oe of the older language, as coire 20 times in CHL vol. 1, also coere 56 times, comoinen loidos and ledos, moiciniup moiro and moeris, plourime oimorsio oitile and octi, Pomicas Poenicio for curare communem etc., see Hübnér's Index. So also elsewhere pocna, mocnia, po-

moerium, Poeni, oenus, together with panire, munia, murus, Panicus, unis; **7.** u doubled in old documents to denote a long u, as arbitratum, Iunlius, luuci, Mucius, nutei, CIL; **8.** the silent u after q and g at times omitted in old writings, qum, CIL 1230; ungularius, CIL 1065, 1268; **9.** one u in place of un or ur, in CIL, as fluvio 109, 9; Flaut 277, inuenta 885; **10.** very rarely u for un of distinct syllables, as aedius for aedunus, CIL fast. Ant. 2, 28; mortuus for mortuus, fast. Cap. a. 578; **11.** u omitted in other words, in CIL, as Nombres, S31, 884, 909, 924; noicia, S19; nius, 1223; **12.** and often a short u between consonants at all times, as oraculum, periculum, populus, whence populus and publicus, tabulae—tabulis, CIL 200, 46; Trebellianus, 1461; **13.** short u of the older language superseded by i in the later, hence sumus, quatuorsumus, but scribimus etc.; optumus infimus decimus, aff. optimus infimus decimus; aestumare recuperare libet capitalis, aff. aestumare recipere libet capitalis; **14.** u in gerunds often superseded an e, as capimundis, deducundae, deferundo etc. of CIL, including faciundum 32 times, also regundum in law-writers, and eundum with its compounds at all times. So also redemptis etc. by the side of rediens; add condemnari CIL 107, 10 for condemnari; **15.** a long u for an in frude for fraude, CIL 108, 64; cf. defruda-re; so also cludo by the side of claudo, as well as recudere etc.; **16.** u in place of o, as Apollonius, CIL 1039; factud, S13; Laudiceas, 1212; linguum, CIL. So for tabula there was an older tabula; **17.** u from a false learning has often been made to give place to the non-Latin letter y, and this in non-Greek words, but murtus, cumba, corulus are truer forms than myrtus, cymba, corulus; and Sylla for Sulla is a mere monstrosity; **18.** u consonans in place of h, as libertanus, CIL 1063; must for busti, Inscr. Or. 2504. See b; **19.** u between vowels was often elided, as contio for conentio, nuper for noniper, dis for dines, semoses for semou-ses, amasti for amastis, hobus for houbus, malo for manolo, aeternus for aeternus, actas for acutis. Cf. our sevenight for sevennight, een for even, Evesham pron. Esham, and the Welsh Lerpwl for Liverpool; **III 20.** abbreviations: V. for vir, CIL 1250, 1252; inser. Or. 3764; V. A. uixit annos, CIL 1422; V. S. uici scitu, 1285; cf. 146 and 1407; V. S. notum soluit, 1468; V. P. ninos fecit, 1082, 1411; cf. inser. Or. 3751, 4350; also for verba fecerunt etc., 642, 775, 3114, 4040—19; **21.** on coins, V. for uti (rogas), CIL 478; **22.** in letters V. for ualeo etc., Cie. passim; also **23.** in late writings V. C. nir clarissimus, inser. Or. 13 and 2244; V. Valens (legio), 476; **24.** V as a numeral for quinquē, five, being probably the upper half of X decem.

**Vāla, Vāla and Valla,** a Roman cognomen, written aa for a long a in a coin of the gens Numonia, Morell. numisim. fam. II.; Valla Numonius, legatus Vari, Vell. 2, 110, 5; quod caelum Valla Salerni, Hor. ep. 1, 15, 1; B. Tuccius medicus Valla, Plin. 7, 183.

**uācans**, part. of uaco q. v.; **2.** as adj. unoccupied, without an owner, vacant, deserted, as bona u., Marc. 30, 114, 2; uelut parens omnium populus uacantia teneret, Tac. an. 3, 28; **3.** performing no duty, superfluous, useless, putare neteres dixerunt uacantia ex quaque re ac non necessaria auferre et excidere, Gell. 6, 5 med.; **4.** as sb. m. a soldier who is relieved of many duties, ex campidoteo uacans, Amm. 15, 3; quod nullum adscriptum, id est uacantem haberet, Treb. xxx Tyr. 18;

**5.** mulier uacans, a woman without any legal protector, as a husband, qui uacantem mulierem rapuit, ultimo supplicio punitur, Marc. dig. 48, 6, 5; **6.** uacanter, adv., idly, for no purpose, Gell. 17, 10 f.

**uācantius**, adj. belonging to the class uacantes, a sinecurist, iureiurando se constrinxit ne quem adscriptum, id est uacantium haberet, Lamprid. Alex. Sev. 15, as corrected by Gruter.

**uācātio** (uoc.), ōnis, f. [uaco] the being without work, freedom from a burden or duty, exemption, immunity, with a gen. of the from what, as omnium munum, Cie. N. D. 1, 20; publici numeris, fam. 9, 6 f.; omnium rerum, Verr. 2, 4, 23; malorum, Sen. ep. 85, 5; esp. from military service,

militiae eis uocatio (sic) esto, Lex repet. 77; aut ei uocatio (sic) rei militaris legibus erit, Lex Iulia munie. 93 and 103; Druides militiae uacationem omniumque rerum habent immunitatem, Caes. b. g. 6, 14, 1; rerum iudiciandarum uocationem (sic) dari, Sene. lud. 11; **2.** with ab of the whence, a causis, Cie. leg. 1, 4; ab belli administratione, Liv. 23, 32, 15; **3.** with quominus and subi., uacationem argues, quominus iudicis operam darent, non habere, Cie. Brut. 117; **4.** absol. of military service, delectum haberi sublati uacationibus, Cie. Phil. 5, 31; militibus ueteranis uacationem esse senatui placere, 5, 53; **5.** with gen. of the ground of the claim, on the score of, si me non modo rerum gestarum uacatio neque aetatis excusatio iudicat a labore, Cie. Sul. 26; adolescentia, Caes. 30; aetatis, Nep. Att. 7; **6.** the fine or purchase money for exemption from service, Otho promisit ex fisco suo uacationes annuas exsoluiturum, Tac. h. 1, 46.

**uacca**, ae, f. a cow (probably of the same root with bou-), Cie. N. D. 1, 77; Verg. B. 9, 31; G. 2, 524; Varr. r. 2, 5, 6; Colum. 6, 21, 1.

**uaccinium**, i, n. whortle-berry, n. myrtillus Linn., Verg. B. 2, 18; 10; 39; used as a dye, Vitr. 7, 14; Ov. tr. 1, 1, 5; Plin. 16, 77.

**uaccinus**, a, um, adj. [uacca] of a cow, cow's, lac, Plin. 25, 94; medulla, 28, 185; locur, 28, 204; casens, 28, 103; **Vaccius**, a, Rom. cognomen, Varr. r. 2, 5, 2.

**uac-cūla**, ae, f. dim. [uacca] a little cow, a heifer, Catul. (?) 20, 14; **2.** a Rom. cognomen, M. Voconius Vaccula, inscr. Grut. 489, 11.

**Vaccus**, i, m. a Rom. cognomen, as of M. Vitruvius Vaccus, Liv. 8, 10, 4; Vacci prata, ib. and Cie. dom. 101.

**uacēfio**, vb. [from uaca-, as labe-fio from laba-] become empty, written as two words by Lachmann, multisque uacē fit in medio locus, Lucr. 6, 1005; unde uacē fit emque locus, 1017.

**uaccerra**, ae, f. a log, a post, stipes ad quem equos solent religare, Aelius ap. Fest. 375; **2.** a large cage for wild animals, ratio postulat uaccerris includi; sic enim appellatur quae clatrurum; idque fabricatur ex robore, quera, uel snbre, Colum. 9, 1, 3; cf. 6, 19, 2; **3.** met. of stupid persons, a log, a blockhead, Liv. Andron. and Ateius ap. Fest. 375; **4.** a Rom. cognomen, Cie. fam. 7, 8, 2.

**uaccerrōsus**, adj. [uaccerra § 3] crazy, Aug. ap. Suet. Aug. 87.

**uacīa**, a mode of writing uatia, wh. see.

**uacillatio**, ōnis, f. swaying to and fro, of an orator's gesture, est et illa indecora in dextrum ac laeuum latus uacillatio alternis pedibus insistendum, Quint. 11, 3, 128; Suet. Claud. 21 f.

**uacillātor** = εὐκυβαντής, Gloss.

**uacillo** and uacillo, are, vb. [root uac=that of Germ. wank-en and schwank-en and our wac-, way-cr, as also sway, and swagger; Fr. vague a wave; also Sansk. eac wh. Bopp translates by uacillare] sway to and fro, stagger, reel, esp. of a drunken man, quodam ex nino uacillantes, Cie. ap. Quint. 8, 3, 66; cum uini uis penetrat...praeclunter Crūrā uacillantī, tardesit linguā, nādet mens, Lucr. 3, 479; also generally, Et rāmōsā tāmēn cum uentis pulsā uacillans, 5, 1096; Dēnique sat pēdibus tellus cum tūta uacillat, 5, 1235; Hae igitur ratione uacillant omnia tecta, 6, 575; but in 3, 504 with a different qly.: Tum quasi uacillans primum constringit et omnis est. So also with ec, uacillare, Nonius 34 (cod. Leid.). **2.** met. waver, sway to and fro, vacillare, tuta res uacillat et claudicat, Cie. N. D. 1, 38, 107; institua u., off. 3, 118; legio u., Phil. 3, 30; γενοικιστερος est memoria uacillare, Att. 12, 1, 2; in uetere aere alieno uacillat, reed like drunken men, Cat. 2, 21; fama u., Lucr. 4, 1124; testes, Mod. dig. 22, 5, 2.

**uacūū**, adv. from uacuis.

**uacūitas**, or rather uocūitas, ātis [from uocinus] emptiness, Ita cibi uocūitate uenio laxis lactibus, Pl. Cure. 2, 3, 40.

**uacūus**, or rather uocūus, older form of uacius [uōca-old form uāca-] adj. empty, void, Accipite et date uacuos (so as A) aures dum eloquor, Pl. Trin. pr. 11; Valens afflicte me uocūum nūrum, Bac. 1, 2, 46; Fac sis uocūus Pseu-

dule aëlis aurium, Ps. 1, 5, 54; At bene uocinas aëdis fecisti mihi, Cas. 3, 4, 6; Aurea uocinae (so m. Pat.) si sunt, animum aduertite, ib. prol. 29; Sine me uocionum tempus ne quod tem mihi Laboris, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 38—in all which the metre rejects the form uacius. For the other than a see uaco.

**uāco**, older form **noco**, āre, vb. [perhaps mimetic, from noise on tapping an empty barrel] be empty, be without, be free from, be unoccupied; aëdes, Pl. Cas. 3, 1, 7; domus superior, Cie. Att. 12, 10; triclinaum, 13, 52, 1; agri, Caes. b. g. 4, 3, 1; cera, without writing, Ov. am. 1, 11, 19; ripae, without water, Sen. Thy. 107; 2. with abl. of what is wanting, Consistere amnes perennes, arbores uento uacant, Enn. s. ap. Macrobg. s. 2 p. 513 J; terra et humore, Cie. Tusc. 1, 65; hoste, Verg. s. 123; culpa, Cie. fam. 7, 3, 4; cura et negotio, leg. 1, 8; 3. with ab, haec a custodiis classium loca maxime uacabant, Caes. b. c. 3, 25, 5; a metu ac periculis, Liv. 7, 1, 7; 4. in law, be without an owner, possessio, Paul. dig. 41, 3, 37; see uacans;

5. esp. be exempt from duties, be relieved, uacat actus nostra numeribus iis quae etc., Cie. sen. 34; milites ab opere uacabant, Caes. b. c. 3, 76, 2; Vtrum di omni curatione rerum uacant, Cie. N. D. 1, 2; respublica et milite et pecunia uacat, from the task of supplying them, Liv. 2, 48, 9; 6. absol. be idle, be at leisure, Cie. Att. 12, 38, 2; fam. 12, 30, 1; Hor. od. 3, 18, 11; 7. and with dat. of that to which one's leisure time can be given, be at leisure for, philosophiae, Cie. din. 1, 11; sermoni, Plin. ep. 1, 8, 2; huic nui (cure), 3, 5, 15; libelli legends, Suet. Aug. 45; clientium negotiis, Tac. an. 16, 22; also with in and acc., in nullum opus, Ov. Pont. 3, 3, 35; in ciuios, an. 2, 6, 29; and even an inf., Tu Tyrinus aëlis...uacasti sternere, Stat. Theb. 8, 185; 8. with dat. of person, have leisure to receive a person, be at home for him, queruntur de superiorum fastidio, quod ipsos adire uolentibus non uacauerint, Sen. dial. 10, 5, 5; mors interim adest, cui, uellis leisure, uacandum est, 10, 2, 8; 9. imp. uacat, there is leisure, one has leisure, with dat. of person, Verg. 1, 373; Ov. tr. 2, 216; and Pont. 3, 3, 1; Plin. ep. 1, 10, 11; Liv. 1, 21. So of Iuppiter, Haëmon indulsisse uacat, Verg. 10, 625; imitated by Sil. 17, 373. The forms uacuo, uocation-, uocino-, uoceno- are now admitted to be right for all the older authors. The first appearance of an a in inder is said to be uacuum in the lex Malacitana c. 64 of the age of Domitian; but already eas (uias) faciunt pateant uacuaeque sicut uent in the lex agr. of a. u. c. 643. See Cl. p. 81, xxviii. Cf. Bergk Zeitschrift für Alterth. 1848 p. 1127; Fleckeisen Jahrb. Annal. vol. 60, p. 255; Bücheler Rhein. Mus. n. f. 13, 583; Mommsen Cl. p. 70.

**uacuū**, uacuum uacuatus, not. Tir. p. 54. **uacuū**, uacuū, adj. see pre. **uacuū**, adv. from uacuum. **uacuū**, fœre, fœci, factus, vb. make empty, empty, ista subsellia uacuata sunt, Cie. Cat. 1, 16; uacas inedia, Maer. s. 7, 12, 17; locum (alieni) in cena, 1, 2, 10, give up a place to him; bello uacuata sunt possessiones, Nep. Timol. 3, 2; turpi sentina uacuata exercitus, Val. Max. 2, 7, 1. **uacuitas**, ātis, f. [uacuo- adj.] empty space, interuallum uacuitatis (speaking of stones), Virg. 2, 7; 2. vacancy (in public offices), quantum cupiditate hominibus inicit uacuitas, not fuit, Brut. ap. Cie. fam. 11, 10, 2; 3. freedom, relief (from), w. gen. molestiae, Cie. fin. 1, 37; doloris, 2, 34 and 37; aegritudinis, Tusc. 5, 42; 4. with ab, ab angustibus, Cie. off. 1, 73.

**Vācūna**, ae, f. a goddess worshipped by the Sabines, who had a temple and sacred grove near the Nar, Haec tibi dictābam post fānum pūtrē Vācūnā, Hor. ep. 1, 10, 19; where Aeron: V. apud Sabinos pluriūm colitur; antiquae sacra Vācūnā, Ov. F. 6, 307; iuxta Vācūnā nemora, Plin. 3, 109; 2. as the goddess of idleness in late authors, Quas si solueris o poeta nugas, Totam tradū tibi simul Vācūnam, Auson. ep. 4, 98; Qui legis haec, diuina bona uerba precare Vācūnā, Nunc saltem uacuo donet ut esse mihi, poet. ap. Bonad. arm. ex lapide 2, p. 536.

**Vācūnalis**, adj. of Vacuna, Ante Vācūnālēs...focos, Ov. F. 6, 308.

**uācuo**, āre, vb. [uacuo-] make empty, empty, rarior aer factus inanisque locus magis ac uacuatus, Lucr. 6, 1025; Dactyl, Colum. 12, 50, 14 (al. euacuata); sulcum, 3, 13, 10; Elysium nemus, Mart. 11, 5, 6; colus, Sidon. 22, 197.

**uācuus**, older form **uocūus**\*, still older **uocius**, a, j. [uoca- or uaca-] empty, void, free from, with ab, or a mere abl., or gen., but this chiefly in poets, first with ab, neque erat quicquam a telis uacuis, without weapons, Acc. ap. Fest. 265; Messina ab his telis uacua atque nuda est, Cie. Verr. 2, 4, 3; oppidum uacuum ab defensoribus, Caes. b. g. 2, 12, 2; dies nullus ab exercitationibus oratoris uacuit, Cie. Brut. 309; hora nulla uacua a furto seclere crudelitate, Verr. 2, 1, 34; 2. with abl. alone, nihil igni uacuum, Cie. Tim. 4; uacua defensoribus moenia, Liv. 42, 63, 6; ense clar uacuum, Ov. M. 4, 148; 3. with gen., laboris, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 38; ager frugum uacuis, Sal. lug. 90, 1; uacuas habuissent criminis umbras, Ov. M. 6, 541; Fraus absit, uacuas caedis habete manus, a. a. 1, 642; operum uacuo, Hor. s. 2, 2, 119; perhaps also, uacua castra hostium conspicuit, Caes. b. g. 7, 45, 7; 4. absol., Et iam porticibus uacuis lunonis alylo, Verg. 2, 701; uacuo patuerunt aequore campi, 12, 710; 5. esp. relieved (of trouble), exempt, having immunity, omni tributo, Tac. an. 12, 61; a securibus et tributis, 12, 34;

6. unoccupied, at leisure, ille, dies hic mi ut satis sit ne-reor Ad agendum, ne uacuum esse (uocuum?) me tunc ad narrandum credas, Ter. Andr. 4, 2, 23; in longum sermonem me uocas, quem tamen suscipiam et quoniam uacui sumus, dicam, Cie. leg. 1, 13; 7. or easy in mind, light-hearted, postquam Rutilium consedissem iam et animo uacuum acceperat, Sal. lug. 52, 6; proelia uirginum Cantamus uacui sine quid uirum non praeter solitum leues, Hor. od. 1, 6, 17; paucitate non-torum uacui sperabant, Tac. Ag. 37;

8. without meaning, empty, idle, si respublica et senatus et populus uacua (so as Flor., al. uana) nomina sunt, Tac. h. 1, 30; similisque tenenti non tenet, et uacuos exeret in aera morsus, Ov. M. 7, 786; uacua et inanis productio (uerbi), Gell. 11, 15, 6; 9. of property, without an owner, vacant, in qua (possessionem) homines quasi eademque atque uacuum intolauerunt, Cie. de or. 3, 132; uacuum possessionem regni sperans, Caes. b. c. 3, 112, 9; ut scribare secundus Heres, et signis casus puerum egerit Orco, In uacuum uenias, Hor. s. 2, 5, 47; prouinciam uacuum morte Attili, Tac. Agr. 40; uacuumque rursus Armeniam inuasit, an. 12, 50; sacerdotia uacua contulit in alios, 6, 40; ne bona hereditaria uacua sine domino diutius inacerent, cod. Just. fr. 1 pr. § 12; si uelimus uacuum possessionem nobis tradi; and soon after, ut postea nobis de uacua possessione tradenda nulla superstitio actio, Gai. 4, 131; similarly uacuum quous, Liv. 27, 16—without a rider; and of a woman without a husband, whether widow, as: Irim ad Hirsiliam descendere limite curio Imperat et uacua (al. uidua) sua se mandata referre, Ov. M. 4, 831; or one divorced, al. mulier uacua fuit, Tac. an. 13, 44; or of one not yet married, Elige de uacuis quam non sibi uindicta avert, Ov. her. 20, 149; with met. from a horse without a rider: an ego te uacuum\* atque animosam Thessalam ut indonitam frenis subigam ante domumque? Lucil. ap. Non. 401, 4; 233, 13, corrected by Baehrens, Rh. Mus. 29, 361 and T H K; as uacuum (prob. due to a marginal correction a, i. e. read uacuum, not uacuum, w. y. misunderstood led to uacuum: 10. u. pecunia, money lying idle, not invested, Scaev. dig. 16, 3, 28; Afric. 19, 5, 25 f.; 11. note the special use in, quum more superioris uxoris nonis nuptis domum uacuum fecisses, Cie. Cat. 1, 6; Aurelia creditur necato filio uacuum domum sedestis nuptis fecisse, Sall. Cat. 15, 3; continuatū funebus quum domos uacuas nouo matrimonio fecissent, Liv. 1, 46, 9; 12. uacuum est= vacant, there is leisure, one has leisure, postquam simulatas exercere uacuum fuit, Sal. ap. Gell. 6, 12, ubi uacuas opes concipiscere uacuum fuit, Tac. h. 2, 38; 13. as sb. n. empty space, multo uacuum (al. uacui) minus intus habere, Lucr. 1, 367—esp. with prep., publicani per uacuum irrumpunt, Liv. 25, 3, 18; in uacuum poterunt se extendere rami, Verg.



G. 2, 287; Quo ne per uadium Romano incurreret hostis, Hor. s. 2, 1, 37.

**uādātus**, part. see uad.

**uādēs**, sb. pl. see uas.

**Vadimonis lacus**, a small lake of Etruria near the Tiber, now perhaps Lago Bagnaccio, held sacred and noted for its floating islands, described at length in Plin. ep. 8, 20; see also Liv. 9, 39, 5; Sen. N. Q. 3, 25, 3; Plin. 2, 209; Flor. 1, 8, 21.

**uādīmōnīum**, ii, n. [uas uad-is; cf. patrimonium] a promise to appear in court under a penalty, bail, hence facere or promittere u. to enter into recognizances, give bail; qui in ius uocatus fuerat ab adversario, in eo die finierat negotium, uadimonium ei faciendum est, id est, ut promittat se certo die sisti, Gai. 4, 181 etc. wh. see; hence u. promittere to give bail, quod u. eius rei causa consul prae-torae promitti iussit, lex a. r. (of 443), 34; in eum qui ita uadimonium exderet eo eius qui ibi i. d. p. fore dicendo prae-rit) non promississet, lex Rubr. 2, 22; so u. ultro mihi hic facit, Pl. Epul. 5, 2, 10; quaesuit quo die u. istae factum esse diceret, Cic. Quinct. 18, 57; fatetur u. promississe, 63; hominem iubet Libyaeum u. Venerio seruo promittere, Verr. 2, 5, 54; Tantundem est: forunt pariter, uadimonia deinde Irati faciunt, Iuv. 3, 298. In Lucr. 4, 1123 the reading is Balythina fuit; 2. concipere u. to draw a bail-bond, negat in tanta multitudine quenquam fuisse qui u. concipere posset, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 15, 3; 3. constituere u. to settle a bail, Cic. sen. 7; 4. sistere u. to appear in court in accordance with one's bail, quod si n. capite oboluto sistisses, Cato ap. Gell. 2, 14; where Gell. adds stitisses dictum a Catone quoniam sisteret u., non staretur; Fulbiae tanta diligentia officium suum praestitit, ut nullum illa stitit u. sine Attico, hic sponsor omnium rerum fuerit, Nep. Att. 9; uenit Romam Quinctius u. sisti, Cic. Quinct. 20; and with u. understood, testificatur P. Quinctium non stitisse de sistisse se, 25; so also, but not technical, ad u. non venit, and qua tibi (hora) non sit obitum, 16; 5. differre u. put off the appearance, Cic. Att. 2, 7; Quinct. 22, 23; 6. deserre u. fail to appear and so forfeit the recognizances, Cic. Quinct. e. 18 three times; and 75; so also, ad u. non uenit, 52; 7. missum facere u., let the bail be discharged, Cic. Quinct. 46; 8. met., amorem tibi uadimonio sistam, Apul. M. 9, p. 227, will produce him or forfeit my recognizances; and so, promissae libidinis u. flagitauit, 10, p. 240.

1 **uādo**, āre, vb. [uādum sb.] ford, flumina quae sine pontibus uadari nequeunt, Veg. mil. 2, 25.

2 **uādo**, āre, vb. [the root uād = βαρ of βαρω = our gang] (the perf. uasi in Tert. Pall. 3) go, march, esp. in mil. lang., go boldly, urgenti uadit cursu, Enn. an. 470 V; Rem re-petunt rognuque petunt, uadunt solida ui, 277 V; in-ferenda sunt signa et uadendum in hostem, Liv. 7, 24, 6; per-tele, per hostes Vadimias haud dubium in mortem, Verg. 2, 358; non ego per praepres et uenta ecumina uadam, Ov. a. b. 1, 381; nec uadere per hostes tam parua manu poterat, Tac. h. 3, 41; and of Tullia to her charioteer: Vadis an expectas pretium pietatis amarum? Deu inquam iunias ipsa per ora rotas, Ov. F. 6, 607; 2. in a quieter sense, or met., ad eum postillae mane uadebam, Cic. Att. 4, 10, 2; Lentulus hodie apud me: cras mane uadit, 14, 11, 2; Euphrates in Mesopotamiam uadit per Seleuciam, Plin. 5, 90; 3. hence all of Fr. aller (cf. vais va) and of Ital. andare, and Neapolitan an-are. See also ambulo. Of the same kin wand- of Germ. wand-el-n and wand-er-n.

**uādor**, āri, vb. r. [uād-e sibi facere] as plaintiff, make (a person) enter into recognizances to meet one's claim, get bound over under bail, with acc. of person, S. Vadatur hic me. P. Vitium uades desint, in carcere ut sis, Pl. Pers. 2, 4, 18; debere tibi dicis Quinctium, pro-curator negat; in ius uocas, sequitur, Cic. Quinct. 61; ait se iam neque uadari amplius neque uadimonium pro-mittere; and soon after, hominem in praesentia non uada-tur; ita sine uadimonio discedit, 23; in uincula conici-ntur; sisti reum pecuniamque nisi sistatur, populo promitti placere pronuntiat; uades dare placuit; tot uadibus accusator uadatus est reum. Hic primus uades

publicos dedit, Liv. 3, 13; et cāsū tunc respondēre uādāto (Bentley uadatus) Delebat, quod ni fecisset perdere litem, Hor. s. 1, 9, 36; and jokingly, iudici ibi postulare plorans ciuilans, Vt sibi liceret milium uadadier, Pl. Aul. 2, 4, 40;

II perf. part. as pass., bound over in recognizances, met., ita me uadatum amore uinetunqne adlines, Pl. Rae. 2, 2, 3; nec mihi amare hoc opus nec tricone uadato, Lucil. ap. Non. 8; memineris mihi reliqua uitae tuae curricula ad usque terminos ultimi spiritus uadata, Apul. M. 11; uadatus, obstrictus, uel sub fideiussione ambulans; sicut Fenestella ait, Fulg. 567.

**uādum**, i, n. [uād- root of uād-o, as dies, dūe of dūo dūco] ground, bottom in reference to water, as of the sea, river or well, Sicca diu fuerat tollis: sitis asserat herbas; Sedit limoso praesa carina uado, Ov. F. 4, 300; qua duobus locis uada uadabat amnis... exueritis tra-hixerunt, Liv. 30, 30, 10; frequentes tamen candidatis uadi carinas terri-tant, Plin. 3 praef. 43; super omnia uia obscuratio nti e uado (sc. putei) exsultat uena, non e lateribus, 31, 39; ostra neque in luto, neque in harenosis, sed solido uado, 32, 60; hence temptare uadum, to try and find the bottom, to sound, illi uadum fluminis temptare si transire possent, Caes. b. c. 1, 83, 4; and met., Cera uadum temptat rasis infusa tabellis, Ov. a. a. 1, 437; 2. hence of shallow water, a ford in a river, carinae planiores quo facilius uada ac decessum aestus excipere possent, Caes. b. g. 3, 13, 1; Rhodanus nonnullis locis uado transit, 1, 6; equitem uado transmittere, Tac. an. 2, 11; leuior est piscis qui in alto quam qui in uado uiuit, Cels. p. 65, 38 D; 3. in poets, gen. the sea, Immemor at iuuenis fugiens polli nam remis, Catul. 64, 58; et longa sulcant uada salsa carina, Verg. 5, 158; Non tangenda rates transiunt uada, Hor. od. 1, 3, 24; 4. shallow water for the sailor has two aspects, to one about to land after a voyage it marks danger over, hence of two boats, Viden autem illam ut fluctus eiecit foras? At u uado: iam facile enabit, Engaepe, Pl. Rud. 1, 2, 82; met., Haece propemodum iam esse in uado salutis res uidetur, Aul. 4, 10, 73; omnis res est iam in uado, Ter. Andr. 5, 2, 4; 5. more frequently shall water is a great danger, hence met., sed quoniam emersisse iam e uadis et scopulos praeteruicta uidetur oratio mea, perfacilis mihi reliquis curae ostenditur, Cic. Cacl. 51; 6. hence Fr. gué a ford.

**uādus**, i, sb. = uadum, Varr. ap. Serv. ad A. 1, 115; Sal. ap. Non. 265.

**uae** or **uē**, interj. [sound of pain = *oia*, akin to Germ. *wehe*, our *woe*] uoe, alas, gen. with dat., Uae illi qui tam indiligenter operantur inuauum, Pl. As. 2, 2, 7; Uae illis uirgis miscis quae hodie in tergo morientur mihi, Capt. 3, 4, 118; S. Ve (so BCD) capiti tuo. P. Immo tuo istue Seclere, promitto fore, Nisi etc., Mil. 2, 3, 55; uae misero mihi, quanta de spe decidi! Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 9; uae mihi, Eun. 4, 4, 41; 2. esp. uae uictis, the exclamation of Brennus, aff a proverb: m. pondo auri pretium populi factum, rei adiecta indignitas est, additus ab Gallo ponderi gladius auditaque intoleranda Romanis uox, uae uictis esse, Liv. 5, 48, 9; uae uictis, uote ego tergem, Pl. Ps. 5, 2, 19; cum ad iniqua pondera addita etiam gladio insuper uae uictis incerpant, Flor. 7, 17; 3. uae uictis, a satire of Varro so entitled, Non. 156; 4. with acc. (or old dat.?), uae te, Pl. As. 2, 4, 75; uae me, puto, concaui me, Sen. apocol. med.; 5. absol., Mantua, uae, miserae uictum uicina Cremonae, Verg. B. 9, 28; Cum tu Lydia Telephi Landas brachia, uae, meum Fereus diffici li lue tumet icur, Hor. od. 1, 13, 2; 6. as a prefix of nouns, = male, as uo-grandis, ill-grown, dwarf, uo-pallidus, very pale, uo-dionis, the bad lappet. Cf. the prefix in = male, and Phil. Essays, p. 394. That Fest. 372 wrote ue, not uae, is shown by the order of his words, but the Med. sts of Verg. has uaeuasus.

**uacneo** etc., see ueneco.

**uāfelus**, adj. dim. of uafēr, Fest. 7.

**uāf-er**, uāra, uārum, adj. [?] many-coloured, spotted, pied, uaf-er = uarius, multiformis, diuersispellis, Gloss. Hib. 288; so uafro as epithet of a calf, in Umbrian, tab.

Iguv. II b, 21, 24, 25; cf. Kuhn's Z. 16, 383; 2. hence, like *ποικίλος*, shifty, versatile, shrewd, Chrysippus Stoicorum somniorum uaferrimus habetur interpres, Cic. N. D. 1, 39; neu si uaferrimus et aliter insidiatorem praeroso fugerit hamo, Hor. s. 2, 5, 23; 3. gen. in a bad sense, artful, esp. in use of words, shifty, sly, tricky, non sunt in disputando uafri, non ueteratores, non malitiosi, Cic. rep. 3, 26; linguam uafraam, Pomp. 139 R; uafri inscitia iuris, Hor. s. 2, 131; Consultaque fui iuris amorē uafro, Ov. her. 20, 30; nisi interrogationes uaferrimas struxero et conclusionē falsa a meo nascenti mendacium adstrinxero, non potero a fugientis petenda secernere, Sen. ep. mor. 48, 5; Hannibalis uafri mores, Val. Max. 7, 3 ext. 8; uafri ac fallaciosis et quasi tragicorum sophistarum solertiss, Gell. 6, 3, 34; caullent uafiora licet, Hier. ep. 38, 5; 4. uabrum, uarium, multiforme, Gloss. Isid.; 5. a Roman cognomen, L. Galerius Vafer, inser. Frat. Aru. p. 530.

**uafřamentum**, i, n. a sly trick, Val. Max. 3 ext. 2, and 7.

**uafř**, adv. shily, in a tricky way, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 132; Val. Max. 7, 3 ext. 2; 2. = inaequaliter, Gloss. Hild. 288.

**uafřicia**, or **uafřitia**, ae. f. [uafř] subtilty, slyness, Sen. ep. mor. 49, 7.

**uagāb-undus**, [uagab-, older form of uaga-] part. or adj. strolling, wandering, uagabunda errando cursilata, Fenest. ap. Fulg. 3, 9; flamma, Solin. 5 med.; per annos nonem quibus esse uagabundus audiui, Aug. conf. 5, 6; also 13, 5; in Sen. ait. b. 13, 12 Hanc has ructabundus.

**uagāto**, ōnis, f. [uāga- vb.] strolling, wandering, Apul. de deo S. p. 50.

**uagē**, see uagus.

**uagīna**, ae. f. [?] (any) sheath, as of grain, spica in tritico tria habet continentia, granum, glumam, aristam, et etiam primitus spica cum oritur, Varr. 1, 1, 48, 1; frumentum quidem diebus esse in uaginis, 32, 1; quae (herbescens ex semine uiriditas)...uaginis quasi pubescens includitur, Cic. sen. 51; 2. esp. sheath of a sword, scabbard; gladium e uagina eduxit, Cic. inu. 2, 45; Vagināque cūq̄ fulgentem desipit ensis, Verg. 10, 475; and met., habemus senatus consultum, uerum inclusum in tabulis, tanquam in uagina reconditum, Cic. Cat. 1, 4; conueniebant in uaginam tuam machaera militis? Pl. Ps. 4, 7, 85; 3. also met. of animals' claws, etc., leones et similia condito in corporis uaginas ungium muerone, ne refringantur hebetenturque, ingredi, Plin. 8, 81; (delphinus) pinnae aculeos uelut uagina condens, 9, 25.

**uagīnūla**, ae. f. dim. a little sheath, as of grain, far in uaginis suis seeraat ad satus, Plin. 18, 61.

**uagīo**, ire, iui, itum, vb. [uagiet] cry wāh wēh, as a baby, cry, squall, Misera, nam audisse uocem pueri uisus uagietis, Ter. Hee. 4, 1, 2; si quis deos mihi largiatur ut repuerescam et in cubis uagiam, Cic. sen. 83; Vagietur ambo; pueris sensisse putares, Ov. F. 2, 403;

2. cry as a kid, multā ab animalium uocibus tralata in homines partim quae sunt aperta, partim obscura; perspicua ut... minus aperta Ennii ab haelo: Clamor (clamos?) ad caelum uolentibus per aethera uagit, Varr. 1, 7, 104; cf. obuagio and: uagitus similes puerilibus haedum Edentem, Ov. M. 14, 466; 3. of the hare; Glauclat et catulus, at lepores uagiant, carm. Phil. 60. Note the qty.

**uagītus**, ūs, sb. [uagi-] the crying of a baby, squalling, Ov. her. 11, 85; Plin. 7 praef. 2; Mart. 9, 21, 3; 2. of an adult under an operation, chirurgus perinde faciet omnia ac si nullus ex uagītibus alterius affectus oriretur, Cels. 7, praef. med.

**uāgo**, āre, see

1 **uāgor**, āri, vb. r. [uāgo- adj.] act the wanderer, wander, stroll, roam, tota Asia uagatur, Cic. Phil. 11, 6; aues huc illic passim uagantes, din. 2, 80; Germani latius uagabantur, Caes. b. g. 4, 6, 4; (ecru) Nunc interquē cānēs et circū lectā uagantur, Verg. G. 3, 540; met., quorum uagatur animus errore, Cic. off. 2, 7; ne uagari et errare cogatur oratio, or. 1, 209; Votum pro reducto simulat, ea

fama uagatur, Verg. 2, 17; 2. in old writers as a simple vb.; arbores uento uagant, Enn. tr. 151; recepta exsul incerte uagat, Pacuv. 225 R; triplici pertinetuq̄ maerore animi incerte errans uagat, id. 302 R; uagant uatrone pericite tumultuant, Att. 236 R; id. 309 R; uagent ruspantes silnas, sectantes feras, id. 441 R; neordi uagas iusama, Turpil. 121 R; per maritimas oras uagat, Varr. s. 148, 8 R; aut septem in utroque eum choro pari uagantur, 203, 10; te adloquor niti prohibere plena, Quae circum uicinos uagas, Pl. Mil. 2, 5, 14, go gadding about, vb. however uagus may=uaga es, and so miss B 2 m., C, D.

2 **uāgor**, ōris, m. [uāg of uāgio] cry of babies, squalling, niſſetur funere uāgor Quam pueri tollunt nisentis luminis oras, Lucr. 2, 576; 2. of other cries, qui clamor oppugnantis uagioe uolant, Enn. an. 407 V. See uagio as used by Enn.

**uāgūlltio**, ōnis, f. [implies a vb. uagula-; cf. also obuagulatū] repeated crying aloud, as before the house of an alleged offender by complainant, leg. xii ap. Fest.

**uāgūlus**, adj. dim. flitting about, Animula uagula blanda, Hospes comitatus corporis, Quae nunc abibis in loca? etc. Hadr. ap. Spart. 25, 9.

**uāgus**, adj. [from a root uag= Goth. gagg, our gang, =nād of nādo] always on the go, wandering, roaming, cum uagus et exsul erraret, Cic. Cluent. 175; Gaetuli uagi palantes quae nos coegerat soles habebant, Sal. Jug. 18, 2; At tū nautā uāgae nō parē mālignis ārcēae, Hor. od. 1, 28, 23; utque nagi crines per colla icebant, Ov. M. 2, 673; 2. met. fickle, changeable, non errantem et uagant, sed stabilem certumque sententiam, Cic. N. D. 2, 2; uide quam sit uaria uitae ratio, quam uaga uolubilisque fortuna, Mil. 69.

**uah**, interj. [perh. uaper, uāde shortened; accordingly ua for uade occurs in a gloss; see Schuchardt Vocal. p. 393] be gone, have done, go to, enough, uah apage te a me, pestis te tenet, Pl. Amph. 2, 1, 30; uah Quid illa pote peius quequam muliere memorarer? Most. 1, 3, 99; 2. often denotes a pleasing satisfaction or delight, that 'll do, good that, Uah, solus hic homost qui seiat diuinities, Pl. Cure. 2, 1, 33; Uah, gloriare euenisse exsentia, Ter. Haut. 4, 5, 17; uah! leno iniqua me non uolt loqui, Ad. 2, 1, 33; Tum antem Syrum impulsorem, uah, quibus illum lacerauerim modis? 2, 17; hence August. Tr. in Iohan. 51 cum delectamur uah dicimus;

II 3. at times a cry of pain (=ah), ah, oh, uah, perii, hoc malum integrasce, Ter. Andr. 4, 2, 5. In this sense ah is often now found, where editors had uah.

**uāhā**, suggested by Priscian. 570, 6, as an older form of uah, and so Charis. 184 quoting from Afran. uahā, retinet nunc linguam mordicus; so also Val. Prob. 1430, 4; uah, sine uahā, ex breui et longa constat. Fleckeisen reads uahā in Pl. Amph. 2, 1, 30.

**uāldē**, and older uāldē, adv. [ualido- and ualdo- adj.] strongly, violently, loudly, very much, very, first with verbs, at ualide tonitri! Pl. Amph. 5, 1, 10; ut nunc ualide fluctuat mare! Rud. 2, 1, 10; and met. with plainerit, Merc. 1, 1, 103; and Cic. esp. in letters, as: expecto, fam. 10, 19; quicquid uult ualde uult, Caes. ap. Att. 14, 1, 2;

2. with adj. u. magna, fam. 15, 17, 3; mala ualde est Bestia, Catul. 69, 7; 3. with adv. u. uehementer eum uiuam et libere dicere, Cic. Att. 14, 1, 2; u. graniter tulerunt, 1, 17, 8; u. bene, fam. 1, 8, 7; u. multum, Q. fr. 3, 9, 9; 4. a strong assent, or affirmative answer, decidedly, assuredly, by all means, C. Legipia. B. Valide, Ps. Pernicies adulescentum. B. Accurru, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 130; C. Meum tu amicum uenidisti? B. Valide: uiginti minis, 1, 3, 110; 5. comp. ualidius, Plin. 11, 54; Phaedr. 3, 10, 6; ualidius, Hor. ep. 1, 9, 6; and A. P. 321; ualidissime, Caes. ap. Cic. fam. 8, 2; Plin. ep. 9, 35, 1; 3, 15, 2; ualidissime, Sen. breu. u. 10, 8, 4.

**uāldē**, see ualeo.

**uāldēdico**, say farewell, better written as two words, **uāldēfacio**, facere, feci, vb. say one's farewell, ualefacio, discessimus, Apul. M. 4; cum ualefēcisset collegae suo, and soon after, ualefaciens collegae suo, August. ep. 63.

**uālena**, entis, part. as adj. strong, cum homo inbecillus a ualentissima testia laniator, Cic. fam. 7, 1, 3; robusti et ualentes et audaces satellites, agr. 2, 84; **2.** esp. strong in health, hearty, sound, modicus confirmat propediem te ualentem fore, Cic. fam. 16, 9, 2; **3.** of drugs etc. powerful, potent, efficacious, nimis malitibus medicamentis, Cels. 1, p. 18, 30 D; sinistri papaveri capita longa et ad omnes effectus ualentiora, Plin. 20, 202; **4.** u. cibis, nourishing, ualentissimum uoco (legumen) in quo plurimum alimenti est, Cels. 2, p. 64, 17 D; **5.** powerful in a military sense, mallem tantas ei (Caesari) vires (respublica) non dedisset, quam nunc tam ualenti resisteret, Cic. Att. 7, 3, 4; **6.** a Roman cognomen, as Valerius Valens, inser. Or. 3596; and esp. of the emperor, 61, 1102, 2335 etc.; **7.** a title of the 20th legion, leg. Aug. xx. V. V. (Victrix Valens), inser. Or. 2369, 2760, 3488.

**uālenter**, adv. [uālen] powerfully, strongly, u. resistent, Colum. 1, 5 f.; spirare ualentes, Ov. M. 11, 481; diebat u., Sen. contr. 3, 22 med.; si uerba numeres, abscise; si sensum aestimes, ualenter, Val. Max. 3, 7, ext. 6.

**uālentia**, ae, f. power, strength, omnes formidant hominis uis ualentiam, Naeu. 3 R; sapientia gubernator torquet nauem non ualentiam, Titin. 127 R; ualentiam luctatoribus praebet, Maer. somn. 2, 14 med.; **2.** Valentia, a name given by Romans to many provincial towns, as on the Rhone, now Valence, Plin. 3, 36; Hippo or Vibo V. of the Bruttii, 3, 73; to the colonia V. on the Tiber in Hispania, now Valencia, 3, 20; **3.** an old name of Rome, fabled to explain Roma (*Ioanna*), Solin. 1; **4.** a goddess worshipped at Oriculum, Tert. apud. 24; hence inser. found there: pro salute ius ac reditus... (Elagabalus?) aediculum... Aurelius Faustus... ex uisu dei Valentie, s. p. f. e., inser. Or. 1869.

**Valēntinus**, adj. of Valentia, an inhabitant of V., as of V. Vibo, Cic. Verr. 2, 40; of V. in Sardinia, Plin. 3, 85; **2.** a Roman cognomen, C. Iulius V., inser. Maff. 248, 2; **3.** Valentium, i, a town of Liguria, now Valenza, Foro Fului quod Valentium (cognominatur), Plin. 3, 49.

**Valēntio**, ōnis, m. dim. a Rom. cognomen, Sex. Laetili Valentioni, inser. Grut. 428, 4.

**uālent-ūlus**, adj. dim. little strong (creature). Obscuro ut ualentulast, paene exposuit cubito, Pl. Cae. 4, 4, 26.

**uāleo**, ōis, ui, uāliturus, vb. be strong, plus potest qui plus ualeat: Vir erat, plus ualebit, uicet; quod petebat apostil (ancilla speaking), Pl. Truc. 4, 3, 39; alios ualeum uelocitate ad cursum, alios uiribus ad luctandum ualere, Cic. off. 1, 107; quid ferre reuolunt, Quid ualeant humeri, Hor. A. P. 30; Tum quia plus ualeo, me sequetur tertia (says the lion), Phaedr. 1, 5, 9; **2.** be strong in body or mind, have good health, be well, be sound, N. Beneue usque ualeat? Ch. Paneritiae atque athleticae, Pl. Bac. 2, 3, 14; Facile omnes quom ualeum recta consilia aegrotis damus, Ter. Andr. 2, 1, 9; Nam mihi oculi si ualerent mecum uenisset senul, Pl. Mil. 4, 8, 8; E. Beneue usque ualeisti? S. A morbo quidem nalu, ab animo ager fin, Epid. 1, 2, 20; ut inter optime ualere et gramineis agrotare nihil prorsus dicere interesse, Cic. fin. 2, 43; confectum annis Micipsam parum animo ualuisse, Sal. Jug. 11, 5; ut uales? quid deo? Ter. Haat. 2, 4, 26; Hor. ep. 1, 5, 12; and jokingly: M. Ain tu te ualere? E. Pol ego habeo a pecunia bene, Pl. Aut. 2, 2, 9; **3.** impers. Sagaristio hic quidemst. Quid agitur Sagaristio? Ut ualeat? Pers. 2, 5, 8; **4.** hence at head of letters, si uales, bene est; ego ualeo, Luceius ap. Cic. fam. 5, 14; or abbrev. S.V.B.E.M.V., Vatinius ap. Cic. fam. 5, 9; cf. 12, 15; Mos antiquis fuit usque ad meum seruatus aetatem primis epistulae uerbis adicere: si uales bene est, Sen. ep. 15, 1; **5.** In saying adieu, goodbye, imperat, uale, ualete, farewell, In hoc biduum Thais uale, Ter. Eom. 1, 2, 110; quo pransi discedentes dicimus alius alii uale, Varr. s. 2, 108, 2 R; also at the close of letters, uale mi Tiro, uale et saluo, Cic. fam. 16, 4; ualete mea desideria, ualete, 14, 2; uine ualeque, Hor. s. 2, 5, 110; in quo illum agentem aliquid erodo salutari, post eum inissi ualeat, Cic. Att. 5, 2, 2; **6.** so of a final or angry farewell, in subj. pres.: ualeant Qui inter nos dis-

cidium nolunt, Ter. Andr. 4, 2, 13, farewell to those who... si talis est deus ut nulla hominum caritate moueatur, ualeat, I say goodbye to him, Cic. N. D. 1, 124; quare ista ualeant: me res familiaris mouet, Att. 16, 125, 5; Castra peto: ualeatque Venus, ualeantque puellae, Tib. 2, 6, 0; **7.** met. be powerful, have weight or influence, auail, plus opibus armis potentia, Cic. fam. 1, 7, 10; plurimum bellonaceae et uirtute et auctoritate et hominum numero ualere, Caes. b. g. 2, 4, 5; potestas iam constituere hanc auctoritatem quantum apud externas nationes ualiturum esse existimetis, Cic. Manil. 46; **8.** with ad to denote the direction of the power, ut inuidia laedit inuidos—mihī ualeat ad gloriam, Cic. Cat. 3, 29; sic et ad subeundum periculum et ad uitandum multum fortuna ualeat, Caes. b. g. 6, 30, 4; multum ad terrendos ne-tros ualeat clamor qui post tergum pugnantibus existit, 7, 84, 4; as also the pron. adv. in o, Nescis quo ualeat numerus, quem praedat isum, Hor. s. 1, 1, 73. See § 10.

**9.** with inf. in poets and late prose writers, Nec ualere manū infidum educere latus, Ov. M. 13, 393; nec ualuit loto receptos auertere cursus, Tib. 4, 1, 55; neque ex eo infaniam affectati regni nominis discedere ualeat, Suet. Caes. 79; **10.** with neut. pronouns etc. to measure the power, as quid, quantum, plus, quantum gratia ualent, Caes. b. g. 7, 63, 2; maiora, Hanc quor et maiora ualeat, Tib. 3, 6, 17; Quid ualeat luesi sentit ira dei, 3, 6, 20; see also § 7 and 12; **11.** of medical power, cinchona natura contra serpentinum morsum ualent dicitur, Plin. 29, 61; linum (hy-acinae)... ad dysentericos ualere potum, 28, 103; sanda-ache ualeat purgare, sistere, excalefacere, 34, 177; id quoque collyrium eodem ualeat, Cels. 6, p. 233, 37 D; **12.** of laws etc. have force, legem tribunus pl. tulit, ut lex Aelia et Fufia ne ualere, Cic. in sen. 11; illa obumbratio nihil ualuit, aut si ualuit, id ualuit ut... diu. 1, 30; **13.** of words, mean, have the force of, signify, saepe quaerimus uerbum Latinum per Graeco et quod ualeat idem, Cic. fin. 2, 13; *uolens* ualeat cito, Varr. r. 1, 31, 4; **14.** of value, be worth, with an acc., denarii quod denos aeris ualeant, Varr. l. 5, 173; lariliga qui non ualeat lotum sumu, Petr. 57; pro argento si aurum dare uallem, darent comenit, dum pro argenteis decem aureis unus ualere, Liv. 8, 11, 8; si seruum memi occidisti, non affectionem aestimandum puto, sed quia omnis ualeat, Paul. dig. 9, 2, 33; **15.** Sansk. bala and Lith. wala, power=Germ. wall-en (of wh. the t is exercised).

**Valēriānus**, adj. of Valerius, praedictores Valeriani, Sal. ap. Non. 553; V. pirum, Maer. s. 3, 10, 6; **2.** name of adoption from family of Valerius, as Cornelius V., a writer de rebus sacris, Plin. 14, 11; Arnob. 6, 194; and the emperor so called, hence V. aurei, Treb. Cl. 17; A Valēriano Pollio pētes Quinto, Mart. 1, 114.

**Valēriēnsis**, adj. of Valeria, a city of Hisp. Tarr., Plin. 3, 3, 4, 25. **Valērius**, old form Valesius, sh. and adj. (orig. a patron., gen. of the praen. Volesus or Volusius, Volusius Valer. Mossal. mirar a. a. a. f. f. on a coin, Eckhel 5, 3, 4. The gens Valeria or Valeria was both patrician and plebeian. Among the cognomina are Catullus, Cornus, Flaccus, Lae-uinus, Messala, Spinther, Triarius, Turpio, Contra Laeni-um, Valēri gnus unde superbus Tarquinius regno pulsus fugit, Hor. s. 1, 6, 12; **11.** 2. writers, V. Antias, aequalis Sissennae, V. Antias, Vell. 2, 9, 4; Liv. 33, 10, 8 etc.; Gell. 7, 9, 9; Censor. N. D. 17; Maer. s. 1, 13 f.; Prisc. of.; **3.** C. Valerius Flaccus, born in Scia a city of Campania, author of Argonautica, Mart. 1, 62 and 77; Quint. 10, 1, 90; **4.** Valerius Maximus, who wrote under Tiberius his 'Facta et dicta memorabilia' (see Halm's ed. 1865); **11.** 5. laws, lex Valeria Horatia a. n. c. 305, legem centuriatis comitiis tulere ut quod tributum plebes iussisset populum teneret; **6.** also one de puocatione, nequis iudex magistratum sine puocatione crearet; qui creasset eum ius fasque esset occidere; **7.** a third, ut qui tribunus pl. acedibus iudicibus decemuiris noemisset, eius caput lous sacrum esset, Liv. 3, 55; **8.** lex V. of L. Valerius Flaccus, ratifying the acts of Sulla, Cic. agr. 3, 6; Rose. Am. 125; **9.** another of his remitting three-fourths of debts (a. n. c.

666), Vell. 2, 23, 2; IV 10. V. tabula the office of one V. in the forum for some public duty, Cic. Vat. 21; fam. 14, 2, 2; V 11. V. uia, from Tibur to Cerfania, so called from M. V. Maximus censor (448), Liv. 9, 43, 25;

12. V. Claudia nia from Cerdania to mouth of Alermus, M. Blanio...curatori uiae Valeriae Claudiae..., inser. Murat. 1050, 7; 13. V. aquila, a very small blackish eagle, *mevaeros* of the Greeks, Plin. 10, 6.

**ualeasco**, *äre, näliu, vb.* [fuller form of *uale-*] grow strong, Lucr. 1, 940; Tac. h. 1, 32; an. 2, 39; 11, 15.

**Välätium**, i. n. a town of Calabria, Mela, 2, 4; called *Balentinum*, Tab. Penting.; *Valentia*, itin. Hieros.

**uälätudinärius**, *adj.* or *sb. m.* [*uälätudin-*, § 4] of delicate health, a *uälätudinarian*, alias *stipulandum e uälätudinario*, alias *e sauo pecore*, Varr. r. 2, 1, 15 (but Koil omits the word); *ebrioso nina mittere aut uälätudinario medicamenta*, Sen. ben. 1, 11, 6; officium *tribunorum est uälätudinarius inspicere*, Macer. dig. 49, 16, 12, 2;

2. as *sb. n.* a hospital, infirmary, esp. for slaves, *uälätudinaria si nacent ab imbecillis identidem aperire et immunitatis liberare*, Cie. ap. Colum. 12, 3, 8; *languidiorum serum in u. deducere*, 11, 1, 18; qui *anpla uälätudinaria nutritur*, quia singulis summa cura consulere non sustinet, ad communia ista confingunt, Cels. praef. 1, 11, 15; non sum tam improbus ut curationes aeger obam; sed tanquam in eodem uälätudinario iaceam, de communi malo tecum colloquor, Sen. ep. 27, 1; non uideo quare sibi placeat qui robustior est in uälätudinario, D. Q. 1 praef. med.; si intrasset u. exercitatus et sciens, aut domum diuitis, non adeo imperasset omnibus per diuersa aegrotantibus, ira 1, 16, 3;

3. also a military hospital, *duae (cohortes) tendere debebunt in praetentura, supra quas uälätudinarii...* Ut septuaginta pedes v. et reliqua quae supra tendunt accipiant, hoc est uteriuarum et fabrica quae ideo longius posita est, ut n. quietum esse conualescentibus possit, Hyg. prom. 3, col. 1; 4. hence *optio uälätudinarii*, the chief officer in charge, quibuscum aliquam uacationem numerum gratiorum conditio tribuit, ut sunt meiores, o. n., medici, caparii, T. Arminianus dig. 50, 6, 6; *Fortunae sacrum T. Statilius, optio uälätudinarii d. d.*, inser. Giorn. Pisan. 16. p. 172; cf. Verg. mil. 2, 10.

**uälät-üdo** or *uälätido*, *imis, f.* [*uale-*=*uale-*, whence *vb. uale*] literally strength, and so health; n. sustentatur *uälätido sui corporis et observatione quae res aut prodesse solent aut obesse...*, Cie. off. 2, 86; uälätudinum intermissis exercitationibus amiseram, fam. 9, 18; et eni *Grätia fuma uälätido contingat äbunde*, Hor. ep. 1, 4, 10;

2. with an *adj.* denoting bad, of course bad health, as *incommoda n.*, Cie. Att. 5, 8, 1; *infirmia atque etiam aegra n.*, Brut. 180; *minus incommoda*, Caes. b. c. 3, 62, 4;

3. or bad health may be implied in context, *excusatione uti uälätidinis*, Cie. Pis. 13; *uälätidine oculorum impediti*, fam. 14, 4, 6; *grauis autumnus exercitum uälätidine temptauerat*, Caes. b. c. 3, 2, 3;

4. eventually, partly because good health we take as a matter of course, while bad health calls for remark, partly from uses of preceding §, in late writers n. by itself meant bad health, quod ille animo mensum octo uälätidinem tulit, Quint. 6, pr. 1; *Optio correpto subita uälätidine*, Suet. Caes. 72; *corruptus uälätidine*, Aug. 43 f.; quod in diuturna uälätidine galbeo uteretur, Galb. 3; ad tribum *fatum uälätidinis*, Cal. 6; *rusei radix decocta bibitur in calculum uälätidine*, Plin. 21, 173; propter uälätidinem maiorem quam patiebatur, Iust. 13, 2, 11; oculorum uälätidinem contraxit, 21, 2; concessit uita Burrus, incertum uälätidine an ueneno, Tac. an. 14, 51;

qui ad epulandum non concessit, sportulae cornu praesentibus diuidentur, excepto cornu qui perpetua uälätidine detinetur, inser. Fabr. p. 724, 443; 5. esp. in pl. *erit medicus nomine Charicles, non quidem regere uälätidines principis solitus*, sed..., Tac. an. 6, 50; *grauis et periculosas uälätidines expertus est*, Suet. Aug. 81; *corpora non laborant uälätidibus*, Vitr. 1, 4, 4; 6. as a godless, unlit ex altera (parte) *Fortuna et Valetudo* Faunorque, Mart. Cap. 1, 10; her figure on a coin of M. Acilius - in vix with legend *SAVITIS* | *VALETV*, CIL 472; 7. on the form *uälet* or *uälit*, see Drakenboreh ad Liv. 5, 11, 5;

Spalding ad Quint. 3, 6, 76 and 11, 2, 35; Beier ad Cie. off. 1, 94 and Lael. p. 14. For *uälätido* speak the coin, the passage from Hor. and two in Manil. 1, 394 and 3, 140.

**uälgiter**, see *uälgus*.

**uälgium**, i. n. [uälg-] a pouting of the lips, *uälgia labellorum contortiones*, Fulg. 46.

**Valgus**, a Roman gentile name, as C. Valgus Saturninus Rufus, inser. Or. 3693 and 7041, prob. same as Valgus the poet, Tib. 4, 1, 180.

**uälgus**, a *lj.* [uälg=mar of uarus, wh. see] said to mean *hollowed*, *bandy*, at any rate the opp. of *uärit*, si *femur in interiore partem prolapsum est, celsi longius aliter uälgus est*, extra enim *pes ultimus spectat*; si in *exteriorem*, *breuius uälgusque sit et pes intus inclinatur*, Cels. 8, p. 359, 16 D; *uälgos Opillus Aurelius alique complures aiunt dici, quid diuersas suras habeant*, Fest. 375 quoting from Pl.: *sin ea mihi insignitos pueros pariat postea*, aut uälgum aut uälgum aut *compemum aut pactum aut boecum?* filium; 2. *pouting?* Itaque *hic meretrices labris dum ductant eum Maiorem partem uideas uälgis sanis*, Pl. Mil. 2, 1, 16; *Valgus, ueterinosus, genibus magnis, talis turgidus*, Nov. 60 R; 3. a Rom. cognomen, as C. Quinctius C. f. Valgus, CIL 1246;

4. *adv.* *uälgiter*, in a pouting manner, *oborto uälgiter labello*, Fulg. 40; but in Petr. 26 Bächteler reads *obiter*;

5. similar confusion in the alleged meanings of *βλαστός, παίστος, σκαύτος*.

**uäläde**, older form of *uäle*, wh. see.

**uälätitäts**, *ätis, f.* strength (of limb), Apul. Trismeg. p. 97.

**uälädo**, *äre, vb.* make strong, Symmach. p. 72 Mai.

**uälädis**, *adj.* [uäle-] strong, ita, Quasi *inculcum me miserum homines octo uälädi caecant*, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 7; *uälädis contorsit miribus hastam*, Verg. 2, 50; 2. of things, *hastilla*, Verg. G. 2, 447; *aratum*, Ov. am. 3, 13, 41; 3. and met., *loai opulento incluto Opio gnato supremo uälädi*, Pl. Pers. 2, 3, 1; ut facile *adpateret ducibus uälädiorem quam exercitu neri Romanam esse*, Liv. 2, 39, 2;

4. esp. strong in health, well, sound, hearty, bene *factum te aduenisse...* saluum atque uälädim, Ter. Hee. 3, 5, 6; *omnia miceris si ut spero te uälädim uidero*, Cie. fam. 16, 4, 3; of the mind, *ianne isti abierunt qui me cogunt ut uälädis insaniam?* Pl. Men. 5, 3, 1; *mente minus uälädis*, Hor. ep. 1, 8, 7; 5. of soil, strong, dense, fertile, *fabam in locis uälädis serito*, Cato r. 3; copied by Plin. 18, 164;

6. of drugs etc., *medicamina*, Ov. M. 15, 553; *succos*, 7, 316; *uino*, F. 6, 677; *uenenum*, Tac. an. 13, 15; 7. of food, strong in nourishment, *robustis (hominibus) apta materia uälädisima est*, Cels. 2, p. 66, 36 D; *tisane usus uälädisissimis*, Plin. 18, 74; 8. w. inf., *pondus sustinere uälädis abies larix*, Plin. 16, 222.

**uäläläris**, *e, adj.* [uäläl-] of a palisade, as *e. coronae* given to one who first got over an enemy's rampart, Liv. 10, 46, 3; 30, 28, 6; Plin. 16, 7; 22, 6; Suet. Aug. 25.

**uäläläto**, *imis, f.* a stockade, met., *sine uälälätione medicorum*, Theod. Prisc. 4, 1 med.

**uälälätus**, *part.* of *uälälä*.

**uälälä-äla**, *äo, f.* dim. [uäläl-] a little valley or dale, Serv. ad Verg. 12, 522.

**uälälä**, or *uäläis*, *is, f.* a valley, a dale, Catul. 68, 59; Caes. b. g. 3, 1, 5; Verg. 7, 802; Est *euuo anfractu uälälä*, *adcommoda frandi*, 11, 522; but, *uälälä erit picis et acuta densa epresso*, Ov. M. 3, 155; *Concava uälälä erat quia se demittere riuu Assuerant pluuialis aquae*, 8, 334; met., Catul. 69, 5; Anson. ep. 128, 2.

**uälälä**, *äre, vb.* [uäläl-] fortify with a palisade or stockade, *castra, bell.* M. 27, 6; Tac. h. 2, 19; and somewhat harshly: *Multum*, ut inter Germanos *solleritiae*, *disponere diem, uäläläre noctem*, throw up a stockade as a security against a night attack, G. 30;

2. *gen.* fortify, nulli *uälälärent oppida miri*, Lucan. 4, 224; *uälälänt* quere tempora dentes (of the lion's skin), Sen. Here. Oct. 1032; 3. *met.*, *huc omnia quasi septimino aliquo uäläläbit discendi ratione*, Cie. leg. 1, 62; esp. in the part., *Catiliam stipatum choro iuuentutis, uälälätum indicibus atque sciaris, entrenched behind*, Mur. 49; *llydra nomenat uälälä colubris*, Lucr. 5, 27.

**Vallonia**, ae, f. goddess of valleys, Aug. c. D. 4, 8.

**uallum**, i, n. [see uallus] a fence of ualli or stakes, a stockade or palisade, oppidum uallo et fossa circumdedit, Cic. fam. 15, 4, 10; castra in altitudinem pedum xii uallo fossaque diodeciginti pedum munire iubet, Caes. b. g. 2, 5, 6; hostes scalis uallum ascendere coeperant, 5, 43, 3; uallum scindere et fossas complere, 3, 5, 1; u. prorure, Veil. 2, 63, 1; u. rumpere, Iustin. 13, 5, 13; 2. a fortification consisted of the fossa, the earth thrown out of this on the inside making the agger, and the stockade upon the agger; hence u. is often used as to include the agger, rampart; 3. met., munitae sunt palchrae tanquam uallo pitorum, Cic. N. D. 2, 143; spica contra auium minorum morsus munitur uallo aristarum, sen. 51; so Pis. 81; Gell. 13, 27, 9.

1. **uallus**, i, m. [see below, § 6] a strong stake, as for supporting vines, Exancti alii uallus furensque bicornis, Verg. G. 1, 264; Quadrifidasque sudes et acuto robore uallus, 2, 25; gen. in military use, a pointed stake for forming the uallum, Romanus (as opposed to a Greek) leues et bifurcos plesque, et trium aut quino plurimum quattuor uallum uallus caedit, Liv. 33, 5, 9, cf. the whole c.; these the soldier had to carry on a march, uallum (but here a neuter) secum ferente milite ut paratus omni loco castris ponendis esset, 33, 6, 1; Scipio militem triginta dierum frumentum, ad septenos uallus ferre cogebat, epit. 57; qui labor et quantus agminis ferre plus dimidiati mensis ebaria... ferre uallum, Cic. Tusc. 2, 37; hence Verg. G. 3, 346, lausto sub fasce uiam dum eripit; 2. for the collective uallum, a stockade, Non arces non uallus erat, Tib. 1, 10, 9; and met., Non acis abrupti, non uallus pectinis illos (cupillos), Ov. am. 1, 14, 15; but the line M. S. 286 is now cancelled; 3. a wall (even of stone), omnibus uis atque angustis triplicem (note gender) uallum oblexerant, erat autem quadratus extractus saxo, bell. Al. 2, 4; 4. a kind of large tile, Cato r. 14; Serv. ad Verg. G. 1, 264;

5. a reaping machine used in Gallia, ualli praegrandes dentibus in margine infestis dubus rotis per segetem impelluntur, immecto in contrarium iuncto; ita deceptae in uallum cadunt spicae, Plin. 18, 290; described by Pall. 7, 2 but called by him uichellum; 6. of same root with cal-on, wood-man, woodcutter, καλον wood, cl-aui = καλῆς 'a bar,' cl-aui (for cal-aui), Germ. wald, and so with our own wood.

2. **uallus**, i, f. dim. (for uann-ulus) a small winnowing fan, Varr. r. 1, 23, 5 and 52, 2.

**ualuae**, ārum, f. pl. [uolu- vb.] folding valves of a door, ualuae sunt quae reuoluntur et se uelant, Serv. ad A. 1, 453; fores et ualuae claustra sunt; sed fores dicuntur quae foras, ualuae quae intus reuoluntur et duplices complicatilesque sunt; sed generaliter usus uocabula ista corrumpit, Isid. or. 15, 7; used only of temples, palaces, and the dining rooms of the great, first of temples, in foro Herculis ualuae clausae repagulis subito se ipsae aperuerunt, Cic. diu. 1, 74; ualuae magnificentiores, ex auro atque ebore perfectiores, nullas unquam templo fuisse, Verg. 2, 4, 124; conuolsis repagulis effractisque ualuis demoliri signum conantur, 4; add Ov. M. 2, 4; 2. of palaces, sed ualuae resonant regia, Att. 29, 18; atque adeo ualuae sonere sensi regias, 470 R; facili patuerunt cardine ualuae, Iuv. 4, 63; 3. of the great, (trichium) marmore splendet, ualuis in uiridia prominet et exit, Plin. ep. 5, 6, 38; (trichium) undique ualuas aut fenestras non minores ualuis habet, atque ita quasi tria maria prospectat, 2, 17, 5; 4. of a single fold in a door, ualua, uideamus omnia per foramen ualuae, Petr. 96; Huc eat et illuc ualua (al. claua) deiecit obieci, Sen. Herc. f. 1003; in prima ualua est, uix haeret miser (whatever it means), Pomp. 91 R.

**ualuarius**, adj. as sb. m. [ualua] one who makes folding doors, a builder, u. = δαυρεκτων, Gloss.

**ualuatus**, part. provided with folding doors, trichinia n. Varr. l. 7, 14; Vitr. 6, 6; fores u. and forum ornamenta n. 4, 6 f.

**ualuolus**, i, m. dim. [uolu- vb.] pod, hordei uel fresae cum suis ualuolis fabae, Colum. 7, 4, 2; leutes ualuolis ex-

emptae, 6, 10, 1; u. erui, 6, 4, 3; ualuoli folliculi fabae, Fest. 374.

**uānans**, part. of a lost verb uanari, to play the cheat, tantum ut frustrando luctans uanans prothralas, Att. 66 R. Hence with excrement 1, it. vantare, Fr. vanter.

**uānē**, see uanans.

**uānesco**, ēre, vb. become empty, vanish, disappear, only in poets and late prose writers, Vos nolite pati nostrum uanescere luctum, Catul. 64, 199; Carmine laesa Ceres sterilem uanescit in herbam, Ov. am. 3, 7, 31; cuncta (ibi) sponte elata aut manu sata atra et inania uelut in cinerem uanescunt, Tac. h. 5, 7; erodulitas u. an. 2, 40; ira, 5, 9.

**uanga**, ae, f. spade, Pall. 1, 43, 3.

**uānidicus**, adj. [uano + dico- of dico] talking idly or deceitfully, Pl. Trin. 2, 1, 37.

**uāniloquentia**, ae, f. [uanoilops: magnificencia: magnificus] idle talk, empty boasting, Pl. Rud. 4, 1, 14; Liv. 34, 24; Tac. an. 3, 49.

**uāniloquidōrus**, (δῶπος) sb. m. coined by Pl. Pers. 4, 6, 20, with the meaning 'given of the god Vaniloquus.' Cf. Diodorus, Apollodoros.

**uāniloquium**, ii, n. = uanoilopentia, Aug. ep. 134, 4; 166, 6.

**uānilōquus**, or rather uānilōcus, adj. [loqu- vb.] talking idly, lying, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 223; 2. boasting, bragging, Liv. 35, 48, 2; Sil. 14, 279.

**uānitās**, ātis, f. [uano- adj.] literally emptiness—hence falsehood, opposed to constantia, Cic. N. D. 2, 56; to ueritas, Tusc. 3, 2; si nituperandi sunt qui retinebant, quid de his existimandum qui orationis uanitatem adhibuerunt? off. 3, 58; and in pl. Plin. 2, 20; 26, 18; 27, 57; 2. empty boasting, bragging, vanity, nec Agricola prosperitate rerum in uanitate usus, Tac. Agr. 18; so h. 3, 73; Suet. Vit. 10.

**uānitās**, ātis, f. = uanitas, Anm. 21, 1, 13; 29, 1, 11.

**uānitudo**, ūnis, f. falsehood, cheating, ni turpissis uanitudine actante tuam, Pacuv. 123 R; tu inuentu's uera uanitudine qui cominus, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 37.

**Vannianus**, adj. of Vannius, regum V., Plin. 4, 81.

See

**Vannius**, ii, m. a Roman imposed on the Suevi as their king by Drusus, Tac. an. 2, 63; 12, 29.

**uanno**, ēre, vb. winnow, met. Lucil. ap. Non. 10.

**uanus**, i, f. [uann- vb.] a winnowing fan, Colum. 2, 21, 4; esp. as used in the mysteries of Bacchus, mystica uanus Iacchi, Verg. G. 1, 166; 2. a large basket, uanos onustas aromatiz, Apul. M. 11.

**uānor**, see uanans.

**uānus**, adj. [for uacinus or uācūnus, from uāc-o] empty, Expectata scēps uānis clūsit ārista, Verg. G. 1, 225; granum n., Colum. 2, 9, 13; Non uanae redeat sanguis imaginī (of the ghost of one dead), Hor. od. 1, 24, 15; so imago uana of a dream, 3, 27, 40; 2. without effect, vain, empty, idle, groundless, cum tibi maerenti uana quaedam miser atque inania falsa spe inductus pollicebat, Cic. Planc. 101; ut pila omnia hastaeque non uana eaderent, Liv. 7, 23, 8; Vana diu uisa est uox auguris, Ov. M. 3, 349; 3. with gen., aut ego ueri Vana feror, Verg. 10, 631; uoti uanus, Sil. 12, 261; 4. of persons, as untrustworthy, esp. as being false, uanum se et perfidiosum fateatur, Cic. Quinct. 26; nec si miserum fortuna Sinonem Finxit, uanum etiam mendacemque improba fingit, Verg. 2, 79; 5. boasting, bragging, vain, Vana Ligus frustraquit animis elate superbis, Verg. 11, 715; Vt uidit fulgentem armis ac uana tumentem, 11, 854; laudare se uani, nituperare stulti est, Val. M. 2, 7, exl. 8; 6. abs. as u. sing. or n. pl., esp. with prep., ad uanum et irritum redacta uictoria, Liv. 26, 37, 8; non tota ex nauo criminatio erat, 33, 1, 4; corruptus uanis rerum, Hor. s. 2, 2, 25; oblatum Caesari periculum auxit uana rumoris, Tac. an. 4, 59.

**uāpidē**, see

**uāpidus**, adj. [see uap-or] that has evaporated, flat, uapid, u. uinum, Colum. 12, 5, 1; u. pice, of bad quality, such as allows spirit to pass through it, Pers. 5, 148;

2. met. Pers. 5, 117.

**uāpor**, oris, m. [see below] steam, vapour, exhalation;

aquarum quasi vapor quidam aer habendus est, Cic. N. D. 2, 27; terrenus u. siccus est et fumo similis, qui ventos tonitrua et fulmina facit; aquarum halitus humidus est et imbres et nubes creat, Sen. (translating Aristotle) N. Q. 2, 12, 4; of boiling water, Nec iam sē capūt undā; uolat uapōr atē ad auras, Verg. 7, 466; Nec tantum unquam siderum insecit uapōr Stitulosae Apuliae, Hor. epod. 3, 15; 2. esp. heat, (terra semen) tepidatū uapōre diffundit, Cic. sen. 51; uti...possint tamen omnia reddi Molliā quae fiunt, aer, aqua, terra, uapores, Lucr. 6, 507; 3. met., pectus insanum uapōr Amorūe torret, Sen. Hipp. 648; 4. uapōr, Att. 112 R; Lucr. 6, 952; 5. probably of the same root with Lith. kwapas, 'breath,' *kwā-pes*, perb. Germ. hauch; certainly our waft, the t being excrement, as in aft and adj. left.

**uāpōr-ālis**, e, adj. vapour-like, tenuous, Aug. de gen. ad lit. 2, 5; adv. uaporaliter, ib. 2, 4 f. and 3, 10 f.  
**uāpōr-ārium**, ad, n. as sb. steam-pipe of a bath, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 1, 1 f.

**uāpōrātio**, ōnis, f. steaming, evaporation, Sen. N. Q. 6, 11, 6; Gell. 19, 5, 6 (al. euap.); Plin. 28, 65.

**uāpōrifer**, a, um, adj. [uapor] steam-bearing, fornaces, Stat. silv. 1, 3, 45; Baiae, 3, 5, 96; with its hot-baths. Cf. Plin. 31, 5.

**uāpōrō**, āre, vb. [uapor sb.] give out steam or vapour, (aqua) uapōrant et in mari ipso, Plin. 31, 5; add Solin. 21; 2. vb. trans. steam, fumigate, esp. medicinally, dum coquantur (carnis), oculos uapōrari his praecipit, Plin. 28, 170; met., uaporata aure, Pers. 1, 126; 3. gen. warmed, ueniens dextrum laus aspiciat sol, laeuum decedens curri figentē uāpōrēt, Hor. ep. 1, 16, 6; glebae solibus aestiuis uaporatae, Colum. 2, 16, 6;

4. fumigate with incense, perfume, uaporatis lucent altarihus ignes, Stat. Theb. 1, 445; add Calp. cel. 2, 62.

**uāpōr-ōsus**, adj. full of steam or heat, fontes, Apul. M. 5; caligo, ib. 9.

**uāpōr-us**, adj. [cf. enor-us] steaming, tus, Nem. ecl. 4, 63; ardor, Prud. *στέφ.* 6, 115.

**uappā**, ae, f. [uapōr] wine that has undergone a second fermentation, and so lost its flavour, nīthum musto iterum sponte feruere, quia calamitate cum defuerit sapor, uappae accipit nomen; probrosum etiam hominum eum degenerauit animus, Plin. 14, 125; Veientanum festis potare debis solitus, uappamque profestis, Hor. s. 2, 3, 144; 2. a term of abuse, a good for nothing, see Plin. above; satius cum isto Vappa frigora et famen tulistis? Catul. 28, 5; non ego aurum Cum ucto te fieri, uappam iubeo et nebulonem, Hor. s. 1, 1, 103.

**uappo**, ōnis, m. [?] animal uolans quod uulgo animas uocant, hos uappones, Lucretius (al. Lucilius) ap. Prob. 1450, 16.

**uāpūlaris**, e, adj. coined by Pl.: Fui praeferratus apud molas tribunos uapularis, Pers. 1, 22, in imitation of tr. *militaris*—say Flog-lieutenant.

**uāpūlo**, āre, vb. [implies a sb. uapul, as exulo exul] enact the part of floggee, be flogged; Quia uaniloen's uapularis; ego sum, non tu, Sosia, Pl. Amphi. 1, 1, 223; Ego uapularis, ille uerberando usque ambo defessi sumus, Ter. Ad. 2, 2, 5; saepe teritus quasi uapularis, Ulp. dig. 47, 10, 15; 2. met., Susurratores dumtaxat denunt, alius equitem perdidisse, alius septimam legionem uapularis, Cael. ap. Cic. fam. 8, 1, 4; 'had been whipped'; uapulat peculium, Pl. St. 5, 5, 10; cum se omnium sermonibus sentiet uapulare, Cic. Att. 2, 14, 1; 3. in the imper. and subj. pres. a slang phrase of abuse, Quid faciet mihi? Verberibus eadi iusserit, compedes imponi? Vapulet, he be flogged, Pl. Pers. 2, 3, 16; tu libero homini Male sermo loquere? L. Vapula, As. 2, 4, 72; uapulare ego te uenemur inuico; ne me terretis, Curc. 4, 17; comp. the salutation saluere inuico. Hence the prov. uapula Papiria, said to have been an insult from a freedwoman to her former mistress, Fest. 372.

**uārae**, arum, adj. f. as sub. strictly the divergent legs of a trestle, and hence a trestle, esp. for supporting the plank (uibia) on which builders stand, Vitruv. 10, 19;

2. uara, ae, sing. the same (see furca), ut in petere u-rbo est 'sequitur uaram nibia,' Auson. id. 12, pr. monos;

3. the forked poles of a hunter's net, Aut dum dispositis attollat retia uaras, Lucan. 4, 439.

**uārūtio**, ōnis, f. a bend ng, huminis, Auct. lim. 257.

**uārūtis**, see uaro.

**Vargūla**, ae, um, dim. [uargo-adj.] a Rom. cognomen. Cic. or. 2, 244.

1. **uargus**, i, adj. = ualrus, uargus = βλακός, Gloss. Philox. 2. **uargus**, i, n. a thief in old Gallic, Sidon. ep. 6, 8, v. Duange.

**uaria**, adf. f. as sb. a spotted creature, as the panther, panthera et tigris macularum uarietate prope solae bestiarum spectantur...Nunc uarias et pardos, quae mares sunt, appellat, Plin. 8, 62; prius autem Scamrus aedilitate sua uarias eo uniuersas misit, ib. 64; cf. Pl. Epid. 1, 1, 15; 2. a sort of magpie (pica), Plin. 10, 78; 3. a town of Italy near the Anio, Hor. ep. 1, 14, 3; tab. Pent.

**uariābilis**, e, adj. changeable, Apul. de mundo 58.

**uariāntia**, ae, f. variety, rerum, Lucr. 1, 653; 3, 319.

**Variānus**, adj. [cf. Caesar-Ianus] of Varus, V. clades, Suet. Aug. 23, the disaster of P. Quintilius V.; V. uuae, a kind of grape, Plin. 14, 29.

**uariātio**, a, false reading in Gell. 5, 12, 9 for uaria tum.

**uariōtio**, ōnis, f. difference, Liv. 24, 9, 3.

**uariōtor** = ποικιλωτής, Gloss. Cyril.

**uariōctor**, ōris, m. a straddler, met., Praeuaricator est quasi uariator, qui diuersam partem adiuuat prodita causa sua, Ulp. dig. 3, 2, 4, 4.

**Varico**, ōnis, m. a cognomen, M. Vlpus V., inser. Notiz. del giorno ann. 1820, 6.

**uariō**, āre, vb. [uariō-adj.] straddle, Quint. 11, 3, 125; 2. pass., uariatis gressibus, Cassiod. uar. 6, 6.

**uariōcosus**, Pest. 149, an error.

**uariōcōsus**, adj. [uariō-] suffering from varicose veins, Commendare uolet; uariōcosus fiet huiusmodi, Iuv. 6, 397; Sidon. ep. 5, 5; u. centuriones, Pers. 5, 189, but how applicable here?

**uariō-ūla**, ae, f. a small varicose vein, Cels. 5, p. 197, 16 D.

1. **uariōcus**, adj. dim. straddling somewhat, Ambulāt ingentes uariāte ferteque pēdes, Ov. a. 3, 303.

2. **uariōcus**, rather than uariūus, adv. [uāro-adj.] straddling, Apul. M. 1 p. 108, 19.

**uariē**, see uariūus.

**uariēgo**, āre, vb. [uariō + ag. vb.] make of various colours, adorn, figurā, Auson. praef. id. 13; nauem picturis, Apul. M. 11; balteum coloribus, flor. 9; 2. intr. give out different colours, sparkle, lyra gemmis, Apul. flor. 3.

**uariētās**, ātis, f. [uariō-adj., cf. pietas] variety of colour, and also gen. variety, u. Latinum uerbum est, idque proprie quidem in disparibus coloribus dicitur; sed transferitur in multa disparia: uariūum poema, uaria oratio, uariū mores, uaria fortuna, uoluptas uaria etiam dici solet, Cic. fin. 2, 10; as a pl. Liv. 9, 17.

**Vārilla**, adf. dim. (of uara-) as sb. a little straddler, a Rom. cognomen, Sempronius V., Grut. 496, 9; Babullia V., Fabr. p. 488, 174.

**Varinus**, i, m. a cognomen of adoption out of gens Varia, L. Matuccius V., inser. Mur. 1054, 3.

**uariō**, āre [uariō-adj.], make of various colours, embellish, Ne et hic uarietur uirgis et loris dimi, Pl. Poen. prol. 26; Putridaque infirmis uariabunt pectora palmis, Catul. 64, 351; P. quibus omne genus gignunt uarianteque colores, Lucr. 2, 758; Sol ut nascentem maculis uariaretur ortum; Verg. G. 1, 441; uestes pieto Clyte uariarēt auro, Val. F. 3, 11; Texta Semiramia quae uariarunt acu, Mart. 8, 28, 18; met., orationem uariare et distinguere quasi quibusdam uerborum sententiarumque insignibus, Cic. or. 2, 36;

2. as vb. intr. give out various colours, change colour, Prima mihi uariat lucentibus uia racemis, Prop. 4, 2, 13; cum primum baccae uariare coeperint, Colum. 12, 50, 9;

3. gen. as vb. trans. vary, change, (nocem) uariabit et mutabit, Cic. orat. 59; sententias, Liv. 2, 57, 2; 4. as vb. intr., Proinde ex seminibus constant uariante figura, Lucr. 4, 648; quoniam uariunt animi, uariūus et artes, Ov. rem. 535;

5. vb. imp., cum sententiis uariaretur, Liv. 22, 60; uariatum deinde proclius, Vell. 2, 51, 3.

**uāriōlus**, adj. dim. [uārio-] of different colours, uua u., Maer. s. 3, 20, 7.

**uārius**, adv., see *uarius*.

**uārius**, adj. [?] of different colours, parti-coloured, whether at once or in succession, see Cic. fin. 2, 10, s. v. uarietas; Ita ego uostrā latera lorīs faciām ualde uaria sint (so mss), black and blue, Pl. Ps. 1, 2, 12; uuae, Cato r. 33; lapides, Hor. s. 2, 4, 83; 2. esp. spotted, or striped, arietis lingua, Varr. r. 2, 2, 4; lynces, Verg. G. 3, 264; tigres, Sen. Hipp. 63; see *uaria*; 3. gen. changing, changeable, various, genera bellorum, (Cic. Manil. 28; Victoria, Sal. Ing. 5, 1; Liv. 2, 6, 10; 4. sulens uarius, Cato r. 61 copied by Plin. 18, 174; terra u., Colum. 2, 4, 5; of land wet on the surface, dry below; 5. uarius est, is a matter as to which people differ, Cic. N. D. 2, 13; 6. with a dat. different from, alterum et huic uarium, Hor. s. 2, 3, 50 (so Bentl. etc., others as Heindorf, uarium); 7. the Varii, a Roman gens, as the poet L. Varius, Hor. od. 1, 6, 1; Verg. B. 9, 35; 8. = *pānos*, spotted.

**uārix**, ieiis, m. f. (m. Plin. f. Senec. m. f. Cels.) [uer of uert-] a varicose vein, Cic. Tusc. 2, 35; Varr. ap. Non. 20; Sen. ep. 17, 17; Cels. 2, p. 40, 25 D; 7. p. 295, 3 D; Cicero suffered from them, Maer. s. 2, 3, 5; Quint. 11, 3, 143; cf. Sidon. ep. 5, 5.

**uāro**, āre, vb. to bend, alieos pontium, Auct. Inet. 257.

**Vārōnilla**, ae, f. dim. a cognomen, [Varon- m.] Aurelia V., inscr. Gud. 220, 11.

**uāro**, or uāro, ōnis, m. [uaro- adj. ?] a rough clown, perh. literally a straddler, Varonem ac rupicum squarrosa ineondita rostra, Lucil. ap. Fest. 328; Pers. 5, 138.

2. a cognomen, esp. the author M. Terentius V.; and the poet C. Terentius Varro. — So in ClL: Varo 250; Varro 583.

**Vārōniānus**, adj. of Varro, V. milites, Liv. 23, 38, 9; V. comediae, the plays of Plautus sanctioned by the writer Varro, Gell. 3, 3, 3.

1 **uārus**, adj. [uer of uert-] knock-kneed with the legs bent outward, opp. to nalgus and uatius, Canum uarum neutriusq. bucculentum breuicolum, Pl. Merc. 3, 4, 54; Compernem aut uarum iussu Amphitruonis caecior, Lucil. ap. Non. 25; (eanes) debent esse curibis rectis et uolūtis naris quam uatis, Varr. r. 2, 9, 4; see also ualgus;

2. met., pede regula uaro, Pers. 4, 12; 3. stretched out part of the arms, u. brachia, Mart. 7, 32, 9; Stat. Th. 6, 850; u. manus, Ov. M. 9, 33; 4. a cognomen, as of the Quinctilii, Hor. epod. 5, 73; 5. = Germ. *quer*, 'crooked', our *queer*.

2 **uarus**, i, m. a pimple, Cels. 6. p. 224, 27 D; Plin. 22, 151; 23, 19 etc.

1 **uas**, uādis, m. f. [akin to A-S. *wed*, to pledge] one who answers for the appearance of a friend in court, bail, surety, nas appellatus qui pro altero uadimonium promittebat, Varr. 1, 6, 74; nas factus est alter eius sistedi, ut si ille non reuertisset, moriendum esset ipsi, Cic. off. 3, 45; uadem te ad mortem tyranno dabis pro amico, fin. 2, 79; qui aut citati non adferunt aut uades deserunt, Liv. 39, 41, 7; datis uadibus, Hor. s. 1, 1, 11.

2 **uās**, nāsis, n. but in pl. uās, ōrum, as from uāsum, wh. see [?], orig. any utensil, cultrum securum pistillum mortarium Quae utenda uasa semper uicini rogant, Pl. Aul. 1, 2, 17; uasa quae nīlia culturae sunt, aratrum ligones sarcula fales bidentes, Ulp. dig. 33, 7, 8; uasa, Grat. cyn. 219 — of hunting apparatus: 2. esp. in milit. lang., uasa, baggage, in the phrase uasa colligere, Cic. Verr. 2, 40; Liv. 27, 47, 8; and met. Sen. ep. 19, 1; also colligenda understood, signum dari iubet et uasa militari more conclamarī, Caes. b. c. 1, 66, 2; ne conclamatis quidem uasis, 3, 37, 4;

3. aft. in a more limited sense a vessel for holding anything, uasa argentea... u. niuarium, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 62; u. Samia, Mur. 75; escarii uasis, Plin. 37, 18; 4. but still in law of wider sense: si uasa sint legata, non solum ea continentur, quae aliquid in se recipiunt edendi bibendique causa paratum, sed etiam quae aliquid sustineant; et ideo seutellas non promissidaria contineri, Ulp. dig. 34, 2, 19, 10; 5. = genitalia, M. Quid agis? S. Facio quid manifesto moechi haud ferme solent, M. Quid id est?

S. Refero nasa salua, Pl. Poen. 4, 2, 40; Duliehi nāsā pōtisse uiri, Priap. 70; cf. *uasatus* and *uasculum*;

6. prob. contracted from uat-as- or uet-es- a neut. noun from uet-i, old form of uiti.

**uāsarium**, ii, adj. n. as sb. [uas 2] se. argentum, rent for use of farming plant, Cato r. 145; 2. outfit-money of magistrates going to a province, nonne 118 centiens et octogiens, quod quasi uasarii nomine in uenditione mei capit adscripseras, ex aerario tibi attributum Romae in quaestura reliquisti? Cic. Pis. 86;

3. a room for holding the utensils of a bath, Vitr. 5, 10; 4. an inventory of utensils, and so gen. a register, nec sunt omnia uasaria (registers of death) exequenda, Plin. 7, 162, quoting instances of long life; e uasariis publicis auferatur, cod. Th. 13, 11, 12; ita faciat de uasariis publicis diligenter abradī, Cassiod. var. 7, 45 f.

**uāsatum**, part. [uas 2] bene uasati, Lamp. Elag. 5, 8, 9 and 31. See uas § 5.

**uāscellum**, i, n. treb. dim. a small urn for holding the ashes of the dead, inscr. Or. 4555; uas uasculum uāscellum, not, Tir. 150.

**uāsculo**, ōnis, m. doub. dim. a small vessel, Theod. Pr. 4, 1 mod.

**uāsculārius**, or uāscularius, ii, adj. m. as sb. [uāsculum] a silversmith, Cic. Verr. 1, 24; Ulp. dig. 19, 5, 20, 2; SCALPTORIS VCLARI (i.e. uāsculari), inscr. Or. 4270.

**uas-c-ulum**, i, n. doub. dim. [uas 2] lit. a little utensil, esp. a vessel, de materia hederae, Cato r. 111; eequid audis? Vascula intus prome proptere atque elue. Filiam despondi ego, hodie ruptum huic Megadoro dabo, Pl. Aul. 2, 3, 3—cooking vessels, dishes, plates; argenti, fuv. 9, 141; u. oris angusti, Quint. 1, 2, 28; 2. a hive, Pallad. 7, 8;

3. a compartment in certain fruits (as a section in an orange), quaedam (poma) uasculis constant, ut Punica et mespila, Plin. 15, 115 (not a seed vessel); 4. a tool, met. Petr. 24.

**uascus**, adj. uasca tibia, a sort of flute, Solin. 5 med.; = *μεσσητικός αὐλός*, Gloss. Philox.

**uast-undus**, part. freq. laying waste every thing, Amm. 31, 8, 6.

**uastatio**, ōnis [uasta-], f. laying waste, devastation, Cic. Cat. 2, 1; Liv. 7, 15, 11; 10, 4, 7; Tac. an. 15, 27; h. 4, 34.

**uastator**, ōnis, m. devastator, ravager, lerarum, Verg. 9, 771; Aeneidae u. aper, Ov. M. 9, 192.

**uastatōr-ius**, adj. of a devastator, devastating, Amm. 18, 6; 19, 9.

**uastat-r-ix**, ieiis, f. ravager, Sen. ep. 95, 19.

**uast-escō**, ēre, vb. become waste, ne scelere tuo Thebani uascescent agri, Att. 600 R.

**uastificus**, adj. causing devastation, devastating, Erymanthiam haec (dextra) uastificam abiecit beluam, Cic. (transl. Soph.) Tusc. 2, 22.

**uastitas**, ātis, f. [uasto- adj.] deserted state, desolation, devastation, Te propter tot tantasque habemus uastitatis funerum, Att. 175 R; caedem a nobis, uastitate a templis urbe Italia depellcham, Cic. Flac. 1; quae moles ea quidam prodigii esse quacrentem audisse uastitatem Italiae esse, Liv. 21, 22, 9;

2. in late writers, vast size or extent (see *uastus*), u. caeli, Plin. 2, 110; tam modico ere tam immensa aequorum uastitas panditur, 3 pr., of the Ocean; hostis formidanda uastitatis, Gell. 9, 13, 4; u. nois, loudness of (a shepherd's) voice, Colum. 1, 9, 2.

**uastitiēs**, ēi, f. deserted state, Pl. Ps. 1, 1, 70.

**uastitudo**, inis, f. same, Atratus tætra ueste et uastitudine Tam deformatus, Att. 374 R; Quae uastitudo haec aut unde inuasit mihi? 455; inculta u., Paecv. 314; 2. vast size, loco corporis uastitudine, Gell. 5, 14, 9.

**uasto**, āre, vb. [uasto- adj.] lay waste, devastate, Italiam uastare et diripere, Cic. Cat. 4, 13; protineiam incur-sionibus u., Caes. b. g. 5, 1, 5; latos nstant cultoribus agros, Verg. 8, 2; 2. met. ita conscientia mentem excitat uastabat, Sal. Cat. 15, 4.

**uastulus**, adj. dim. somewhat vast, n. corporibus, Apul. M. 2 f.

**uastus**, adj. [?] desert, waste, desolate, quae nunc abste uideae et nastae uirgines sunt, Enn. tr. 279 V; iam

hanc urbem ferro uastam faciet Pelus, Att. 668 R; genus agrorum propter pestilentiam uastum atque desertum, Cic. agr. 2, 69; haec ego uasta dabo, Verg. 9, 323; **2.** as the result of devastation is a vast and ugly uniformity, hence vast, mundus caeli uastus constitit silentio, Enn. s. 10; elephantum beluarum nulla prudenter, at figura quae noster? Cic. N. D. 1, 97; in uastissimo atque aperissimo Oceano, Caes. b. g. 3, 9, 7; Spelunca alta fuit uastioque humanis biati, Verg. 6, 237; **3.** of sound, loud, clamor, Verg. 10, 716; Ov. M. 12, 495; latratus, Colum. 7, 12; **4.** large and ugly, clumsy, coarse, uastus homo atque foedus, Cic. or. 1, 115; sunt quidam ita uolui motique corporis uasti atque agrestes ut... 1, 117; ne nos tamquam uastos quosdam et insubidos *arapophobias* conuenimus, Gell. 19, 9, 9; and met., uastam atque hiantem orationem, ad Her. 4, 12; Quomodo noster Axilla Al factus est, nisi fuga uastioris litterae? Cic. orat. 153; **5.** akin to Germ. öde.

**uāsum**, i, n. [uas 2] = uas, Cato ap. Gell. 13, 23, 1; Fab. P. ap. Non. 544; Pl. Truc. 1, 1, 33; acc. uasum, Vitr. 9 pr. 11; abl. uaso, Colum. 2, 2, 20; Vitr. 8, 1, 4; a gen. uasi assigned to Luer. by Mart. Cap.; but here (6, 233) Lachmann has uasis. The plural in general use, see nas.

**uāsus**, i, m. = uas, u. fictilis, as a term of reproach, Petr. 57.

**uātes**, is, m. f. [fa-vh?] a prophet. Sed superstitioni uates impudentesque xaribi, Enn. tr. 356 V; bonus uates poteras esse, nam quae sunt futura dicis, Pl. Mil. 3, 3, 37; alterum (genus) quod interpretetur fatidiorum et uatum ecata incognita, Cic. leg. 2, 20; tūque ō sanctissimā uates Praescita uenturi, Verg. 6, 65; **2.** a poet (as being inspired), antiquos poetas uates appellabant, Varr. l. 7, p. 323 Sp.; scripsere alii rem Versibus quos olim Faunel uatesque canebant, Enn. an. 222 V; Quod si me lyricis uatibus inseres, Hor. od. 1, 1, 35; **3.** a great teacher (as one inspired), an oracle, ab Herophilo medicinae uate, Plin. 11, 219; Q. Seauola legum clarissimus et certissimus uates, Val. Max. 8, 12, 1; **4.** derived by Varro a uersibus uatibus, as if for uietes.

**uātia**, or uacia, ae, m. f. one who is bow-legged, the opp. of compennis, Varr. l. 9, 5; **2.** a cognomen, Plin. 11, 204. See uatius.

**Vaticānus**, adj. Y. mons, a hill beyond the Tiber on which now the Vatican palace. Et Vaticāno fragiles de monte patellas (to this day bricks and pottery are made of this clay, L. Horner, Edimb. New Phil. Journ. 27), Iuv. 6, 344; ager, Cic. agr. 2, 96; Gell. 16, 17; and, in Vaticano (see agro), Plin. 8, 37 etc.; uallis, Tac. an. 14, 14; circus, Plin. 16, 201; uina, Mart. 6, 92, 3; 10, 45, 5; **2.** a deity so called, Gell. 16, 17; **3.** a cognomen, P. Sestius... V., Borghesi fasti cons. 1, 81.

**uaticinatio**, ōnis, f. a prophecy, Cic. Att. 8, 12, 1; N. D. 2, 10; Caes. b. g. 1, 50, 4; Plin. ep. 6, 20, 19.

**uaticinator**, ōris, m. a prophet, fortune-teller, Ov. Pont. 1, 1, 42.

**uaticin-ium**, ii, n. prediction, prophecy, Plin. 7, 178; Gell. 16, 17, 1.

**uaticinor**, āri, vb. [implies a sb. natien from can-] play the part of a prophet or soothsayer, foretell, prophesy, C. Sacerlege, B. Fateor, C. Perire, B. Vetera uaticinamini, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 120; add Cic. din. 1, 34 and Lael. 24; Ov. Pont. 3, 4, 94; with notion of contempt, sed ego fortasse u., et hanc omnia meliores habebunt exitus, Cic. fam. 2, 10, 6; eos. uaticinari atque insanire dicebat, Sest. 23.

**uaticinūs**, adj. [uate+can-] prophetic, libri, Liv. 25, 1, 12 (al. uaticinosi); furorēs, Ov. M. 2, 640.

**Vatinius**, ii, m. a gentile name, as of Cicero's deformed enemy, P. Vatinius; also a low favourite of Nero's, also deformed, famel as a maker of certain glass cups, Vilia uatioris calicem monumenta Vafini Accipe, Mart. 14, 96, 1; Tac. an. 15, 34; **2.** adj. n. as sb., se nitrum, the cup itself, Vatiniūm proxeneta fractorum, Mart. 10, 3, 4; **3.** Vatinius implied crooked legs, Plin. 11, 254. See the following wd.

**uātius**, adj. [?] bowlegged (see uarus), Varr. r. 2, 9, 4; Ulp. dig. 21, 1, 10, 5; Lintea ferret Aupo uatius cum aernula nuper, Mart. 12, 70, 1. See natia and

**uātrax**, ācis, m. dim. a bowlegged person, a waddler, Vt si progeniem antiquam, quae est Maximus Quinctus, Qua uatricosus uātrax, Lucil. ap. Non. 25; **2.** perh. = βατραχος with βατ for root, whence uatius, natia, Vatinius and

**uātric-ōsus**, adj. bowlegged, see natrax.

**Vatusius**, adj. of a town Vatus (or Vatusa etc.), in the district Fancigui near Salanche, hence Vatusius caseus, a cheese in high repute in Rome, Centronice (Alpes) Vatusium (mittunt), Plin. 11, 240; *τερος ενδοκμων εν Ρωμῃ, Βαθυςικος τοιοση*, Galen alina. fac. 3, 17, tom. vi p. 697, l. penult. ed. Kuhn (fin. Dr. Greenhill).

**ubba**, for obba.

**1 ūb-ēr**, ēris, n. [um of um-esc-: tuber: tum of tum-esc- Cf. um-esc- and uēsc- to pour] literally pouring, a stream, Vberā mammarum in somnis lactantia quaerit, Lucr. 5, 885; Vberaque eliberant auditi lactantia nati, Ov. M. 6, 342; utroque terebant Obvia securis ubera lactis oues, Tib. 1, 3, 46; **2.** breast or dug (of milk) whether of woman, as Signa tibi soror est et quae dedit ubera natrix, Ov. M. 4, 234; sua quicquid mater uberibus alit, Tac. G. 20;

**3.** or of animals, bina die siccant onis ubera, Verg. B. 2, 42; Refertque tenta grex amicus ubera, Hor. epod. 16, 50; add: ubera prope similiter utrisque (Jan utrique, male) grauescent, that is, et feminis et cunuchis, Maer. s. 7, 10, 14; **4.** met. of a growing bunch of grapes, alma tellus nitibus amna uice, uelut aeterno quodam puerperio lacta, mortalibus distenta musto demittit ubera, Colum. 3, 21, 3; cf. 4, 27, 5 and bimanimae uites of Plin. 14, 40, 4; also of fertile land, putria maturi soluuntur ut ubera campi, Colum. as poet, 10, 60; **5.** a swarming cluster of bees, cum agmina se in ramo suspenderint, si unius uberis educatione pendebant, noris unum regem esse universi; si duo nati plura ubera suspendens se populus inuitat, et discordes sunt, et tot reges esse, quot uelut ubera uideris, confitentur, Pall. 7, 6 and 9;

**6.** richness of soil, in poetry, fertilis ubere campus, Verg. G. 2, 185; diuitis u. agri, A. 7, 262; terra potens armis atque ubere glebae, 1, 535; in densa non semior ubere Baeculus, G. 2, 275; **7.** of course one with *uobis*, Skr. udhas, old Germ. ūtar. Erse uit, utheas as Bopp says p. 54; but whence these?

**2 ūb-ēr**, ēris, adj. [ub-er sb.] lit. flowing abundantly, streaming, uberibus flent omnia guttis, Lucr. 1, 349; quo de concussu sequitur grauis imber et uber, 6, 290; aquamque belle sane fluentem uidit, praesentim maxima siccitate; uberiorumque aliquando sese collecturos esse dicebant, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 1, 1; lactis et uberes Cantare riuos, Hor. od. 2, 19, 10; uide balneus peteres, corpus ad sudorem ubereni commoueres, Fronto ad Anton. 3, p. 224 Naber; Sulmo militi patria est gelidis uberissimis undis, Ov. tr. 4, 10, 3;

**2.** esp. of weeping, lacrimae... Erumpunt grandis uberibus flumina misit, 225; Proclamat, oculos uberi fletu rigant, Sen. Med. 301;

**3.** of fluency of speech, Quis laudes in dicendo Platone? Cic. Brut. 121; tūque Ingenio laudes uberior canunt, Ov. tr. 2, 74; oratorum uberissim, Tac. an. 3, 31 f.; Catoni seni comparatus C. Gracchus plenior et uberior est, dial. 18; **4.** fertility depending much on water-supply, esp. in hot countries, fertile, abundant (of produce), copious; Locrorum late mirida et frugum ubera, Att. 49 R; spicue, Cic. fin. 5, 30; fruges, Hor. od. 4, 15, 5; quod plerumque in uberi agro enenit, Liv. 29, 25, 12; and met., cum tota philosophia frugifera et fructuosa sit, tum nullus forear in ea locus est ne uberior quam de officis, Cic. off. 3, 5;

**5.** of other things, abundanti, piscatu nouo me uberi compotui, Pl. Ind. 4, 2, 6; oneri uberi mihi erant, Pl. 1, 2, 64—a rich load; is quæstus nunc uberissimus, Ter. Enn. 2, 2, 21; uberrima supplicationibus triumphisque prouincia, Cic. Pis. 97; **6.** note uberior, uberissimus and abl. uberi above; **7.** adv. uberius, Cic. Phil. 2, 77; fam. 3, 11, 1; uberrime, Pl. Trin. 1, 1, 9; Cic. dia. 2, 3. The simple adv. not found.





natus praetor urbanus supplicationes...constituit, Cic. Phil. 14, 37; post hanc habitum contumem duabus tribus horis litterae uenerunt, 14, 16; [cum in populo aliquis unus pluresque diuitiores existissent, rep. 1, 48;

**2.** in poetry, ue...ne... either... or...; nec quod fumus-ue, sumusue, Cras erimus, Ov. M. 15, 215; **3.** but never for au or ue in questions, thus the reading is albus atremer fueris, Cic. Phil. 2, 41; peccesse togata, Hor. s. 1, 2, 63; impedimentis exant, Caes. b. g. 7, 14, 8; matremne, sp. Nep. Iph. 3. Compounds are ueue, uine, neu, siue, seu.

**2 ue**, or uae, pref. [=uae interj.] in meaning=maie, as ue-grandis, ill-grown, dwarfish; ue-sanus, ueh-mens, ue-cors, Ve-dionis, the bad Iuppiter, ue-pallidus=maie pallidus, or sadly pale, very pale. See these words and cf. in as pr. as in insanus=maie sanus. But Gell. 5, 12, 9 takes a different view; ue partuella, quae in aliis atque alia uocabulis uaria, tum per has duas litteras, tum a litera media inmissa dicitur, duplicem significat eundemque inter se diuersum capit, nam et augenda rei et minuenda ualeat...; Ve syllabam rei paruae praeponebant, Fest. 379. See Vedionis. One with Germ. wehe, Eng. woe, and prob. Lat. ah, *ax* of *ax-oi*, a cry of pain.

**Vebidius**, a gentile name, P. Vebidius Q. f. Numa, CIL 256.

**Vecidius**, a gentile name, C. Vecilius L. f., CIL 1313.

**uecordia**, ae, f. the having a bad heart, cruel, savage, Tanta uecordia innata cuiquam ut siet, Vi malis gaudent atque ex incommodis Alterius sua ut comparant commoda, Ter. Andr. 4, 1, 1; colos exsangui, foedi oculi; prorsus in facie multaque uecordia inerat, Sal. Cat. 15, 5; egregie homo improbus, atque immani uecordia, Gell. 20, 1, 13;

**2.** want of intellect, madness, 'quae te uecordia' Thesens 'Enryte pulsat' ait, 'qui me uicente accessas Perithoum, uiolesque duos ignarus in uoc?' Ov. M. 12, 227; ita formidine quasi uecordia exagitari, Sal. Ing. 99, 3; nec legatus obuiam ibat: quippe plurimum u. constantiam exemerat, repente lymphati districtis gladiis in centuriones inuadunt, Tac. an. 1, 32; add 3, 50; 4, 22.

**ue-cors**, rdia, adj. [ue 2] of a bad heart, uecors est turbati ac mali cordis, Fest. 373; see uecordia § 1.

**2.** mad, uecordi uagas insana, Turp. 122 13; Ego te non uecordem, non furiosum, non mente captum, non fragilio illo dementiorem putem? Cic. Pis. 47; cum ille furibundus incitata illa sua uecordi mente uenisset, Sest. 117; scribit mala carmina uecors: Laudato, Hor. s. 2, 5, 74.

**uectāb-ilis**, e [uecta- vb.] adj. capable of floating, ipsius insulae materia u., Sen. N. Q. 3, 25, 9.

**uectāb-ūlum**, i, n. a vehicle, Gell. 20, 1, 28.

**uectāc-ūlum**, i, n. the same, Tert. bapt. 3; anim. 53. **uect-ārius**, adj. [uecto- part.] sc. equus, for riding or for draught, Varr. r. 2, 7, 15.

**uectātio**, ōnis, f. [uecta- vb.] riding, Sen. Irang. 17, 8; Suet. Cal. 3.

**uector**, ōris, m. a riding horse, Corip. Iohan. 3, 253. **uecti-ārius**, adj. m. as sb. [uecti- sh.] one who works a hand-spike, spike-man, Vitr. 6, 9 mcl.

**uecticularius**, adj. [impl. a sb. dim. uecticulo- m. from uecti] of a crow-bar, uecticularia uita (a housebreaker's life) dicitur eorum qui uectibus parietes alienos perfodiunt furandi gratia. Cato: uecticulariam uitam uiuere, repente largitur habere, repente nihil, Fest. 378.

**uectigal**, ālis, adj. n. as sb. [uectigāl-] sc. aēs, properly custom-duty, u. aēs appellatur, quod ob tributum et stipendium, et equestre et ordinarium populo debetur, Fest. 371; uectigal, decimae scriptura ut nunc sunt ita in perpetuum maneat, lex agr. (643) CIL 200, 85, 86; but used gen. for any tax, toll, in uectigalibus non solum aduentus mali sed etiam uetus ipse affert calamitatem, and soon after, ita neque ex portu (custom-dues etc.) neque ex decimis (tithes on land), neque ex scriptura (rent for public pastures) uectigal conseruari potest, Cic. Manil. 15; ut uectigalia uestra augetis, C. Graec. ap. Gell. 11, 10, 3; uectigalia locare (sc. exigenda) to farm out the taxes, Cic. agr. 2, 55; quo animo esse existimatis aut eos qui uectigalia nobis

pensant (pay) aut eos qui exercent atque exigunt (work and collect)? Manil. 16; qui agrum publicum uectigali lenauit, Brut. 136; uectigal nouum ex salaria annona statuerunt, Liv. 29, 37, 2; pro eo agro uectigal Langenses Veituris inopium centum dent in annos singulos vic- (torioris) n(ummos) ecce, CIL 199; **2.** met. of private property, revenue, uectigalia uaria rustici antepanantur, Cic. off. 2, 25; Contracto melius parua cupidine Vectigalia porrigam, Aet. 3, 16, 39; rent, pro v milibus agrum aetori publico mancipam; eundem uectigali imposito recepi ecce milia annua daturus, Plin. ep. 7, 18, 2; met., non intelligunt homines quam magnam uectigal sit parsimonia, Cic. par. 49; add Claud. ad Agr. 17; **3.** gen. pl. uectigaliorum, as from uectigalio, Cic., Varr., Pollio; uectigalium Messala Rutilius Scaurus, Charis. 119, 31.

**uectigāl-ārius**, adj. m. as sb. farmer of revenue, = publicanus, Firm. Math. 3, 13 init.

**uectigālis**, e, adj. [implies an adj. uectio- from part. uecto-, comp. castiga- vb. from casto-, and captio- from capto-] lit. of imports and exports—hence pecunia u. of provincial revenues, Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 89; **2.** subject to the payment of duty, ciuitas, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 79; hoc uectigales sibi fecerunt, Caes. b. g. 4, 3, 4; Annibal uectigalis stipendiariusque et seruos populi Romani a patre relictus, Liv. 21, 41, 7; **3.** subject to payment of rent to the state, agri, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 103.

**uectio**, ōnis, f. carriage, u. quadrupedum, their employment as beasts of burden, Cic. N. D. 2, 151.

**uectis**, is, m. a bar or pole, of wood or metal, for various purposes, as for barring a door, Centum aerei claudunt uectes aeternaque ferri Robora, Verg. 7, 609; **2.** as a lever or handspike, a crowbar, in medium huc agmen cum uecti Donax, Ter. Eun. 4, 7, 4; saxa uectibus promouent, Caes. b. c. 2, 11, 1; demoliri signum ac uectibus labefactae conantur, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 94; hic hie ponite lucida Funalia et uectes et arcus Oppositi foribus minaces, Hor. od. 3, 26, 6; **3.** for carrying, penetralibus exit Effigies, breuis illa quidem, sed plurimum infra Lingim imposito suspirat uecte sacerdos, Claud. iv cons. Hon. 571.

**uecto-ito**, āre, vb. frq. [uecti-] carry (as in a carriage), curru uectitatus, Arnob. 5, p. 183. Cf. Gell. 9, 6, 3; Caper 2246 P.

**Veetius**, a gentile name, as Veetius Valens, Tac. an. 11, 30 etc.; Plin. 29, 8.

**uecto**, āre, vb. frq. [uecti-] carry (of horses, vehicles), and vb. r. ride, be carried, first of horses etc., ambo Vectabantur equis, Ov. M. 8, 373; Vectabor humeris tunc ego inimici eques, Hor. epod. 17, 74; delphinum dorso uectauisse Ariouem, Gell. 16, 19, 16; **2.** of land vehicles, plaustris u. ornos, Verg. 11, 138; uehiculo, Front. ad M. Caes. ep. 40; **3.** of boats, ships, Stygia uectare carina, Verg. 6, 391.

**uector**, ōris, m. [qui uehitur] first on horseback, a rider, Sed neque uector equum, qui nuper sensit habenas Comparibus frenis artificeque reget, Ov. a. 3, 555; quod currens uector ab urbe legat, Prop. 5, 7, 84; **2.** a passenger in a ship, summi gubernatores in magnis tempestatibus a uectoribus admoneri solent, Cic. Phil. 7, 27; Item nauigium, nauita, uector ero, Ov. her. 18, 148; male uehi malo alio gubernante, quam tam ingratis uectoribus bene gubernare, Cic. Att. 2, 9, 3; cf. Lucan. 5, 580; Ulp. dig. 4, 9, 1, 8; met., nunquam nisi uani plena (i.e. utero) tollo uectorem, Iulian ap. Macr. s. 2, 5; **3.** (qui uehit) Ipse equus, non formosus, gradarius optimus uector, Lucil. ap. Non. 17; Silent uector assellus, Ov. F. 1, 433; Atlas u. Olympi, Sen. Her. Oct. 1907; u. pnelles taurus, 553.

**uectōr-i-us**, adj. of passengers, u. nautis, a transport, Caes. b. g. 5, 8, 4; Suet. Caes. 63.

**uectr-ix**, icis, adj. f. carrying, nautis, Paul. Nol. 49, 8 f.; equa, Anth. Lat. Bunn. 1, 628.

**uectūr-a**, ae, f. [uector] carriage, whether on a horse, in a vehicle, or by water, first (equi) idonei add uecturam, Varr. r. 2, 7, 15; uecturae imperantur, Caes. b. c. 3, 32; uecturas frumenti ciuitatibus discripsit, 3, 42, 4; misimus qui pro uectura soheret, Cic. Att. 1, 3, 2; **2.** facit uecturam, carries on the trade of a carrier, Protagoras corpore

suo, as a mere porter, Gell. 5, 3, 1; and sneeringly, classis nostra, ps. Quint. 12, 18 f.; 3. payment for carriage or freight, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 136; Sen. ben. 6, 15, 4.

**uectūrā-rius**, adj. of carriage, bones, draught-oxen, and as sb., a driver, Imp. Constant. cod. Th. 14, 6, 1.

**uectus**, part. of ueho.

**Vediātiūs**, adj. of some such town as Vediantum in Liguria, matronis Vediātiabūs, inscr. Fabr. 620, 108; Plin. 3, 5, 7.

**Ve-diōiūs**, Vediōiūs or Veioiūs, is, m. [ue bad, wh. see] the bad Luppiter; Cum Iouem et Diōnem a iucando nomināssent, eum(que) contra deum, qui non inuadi potestatem sed uim nocendi habet, nam deos quosdam ut prodessent celebrant, quosdam ut ne obsessent, Vediōnem appellauerunt dempta inuadi facultate, Gell. 5, 12, 8; and § 11: simulacrum dei Vediōnis sagittas tenet quae sunt uidelicet partae (paratae) ad nocendum; Veioiui patrei gentiles Iulici, CIL 807; (Aesculapio Vediōni in insula, Fast. Praen. Ian. 1; 2. the god had one temple in the Tiber-island with a festival on the Kal. of Ian.; cf. Ov. F. 1, 290; another between the arx and the Capitol, with a festival on the Nones of March: Vna nota est Marti nonis sacra quod illis Tempia putant lucos Vediōiūs autē duos, Ov. F. 3, 429; 3. according to some=parus Luppiter: Veioiū parum Iouem dicebant, Paul. ex Fest. 379; uis ea si uerbi est (=small), eui non ego Vediōiūs aedem Aedem non magni suspicer esse Iouis? Ov. F. 3, 447.

**Vediūs**, m. [=Veioiūs] the bad Luppiter, Vouit Opi Florae Vedio Ioui Saturnoque, Enn. an. ap. Varr. p. 79 Opi (see Haupt Herm. 1, 401); Vediūs, id est Pluton quem etiam Ditem Veioiūque dixere, Mart. Cap. 2, 40; 2. a gentile name as of P. Vediūs Pollio, the friend of Pompey and Augustus, who fed his lamprays with condemned slaves, Cic. Att. 6, 1, 25; Plin. 9, 77 and 9, 157; 3. hence Vediānus, of Vediūs, Cic. Att. 6, 1, 25.

**uefiāmen**, f. in Gruter's inscr. 347, 1; 364, 1; 498, 8 **VEFIAMINI** etc. should be read iuro egregio flammī etc.

**uegō**, ēre, vb. tr. [?] wake up, rouse, raise, et aequora salua urges ingentibus nectis, Enn. com. 2 V; cum magno strepitu Volcanum nentus uegēbat (so Scal., vs uegerat), au. 477 V; animos Venus ueget uoluptatibus, Pomp. 78 R; 2. vb. intr. be awake, be roused, see natus est nec morietur: ueget ueget ut pote plurimum, Varr. s. 157, 7 Mies. Hence uegetus. In Lucr. 5, 1298 Lachm. has uigere. Prob. root of uigil and =our wake.

**uegētābilis**, e, adj. enlivening, flabrous, Mart. Cap. 6, 223 (4); radix (of rhubarb), Amm. 22, 3, 28.

**uegētāmen**, inis, n. vivifying principle, Prud. Ham. 75 and 299.

**uegētātio**, ōnis, f. excitement, Apul. M. 1 p. 102.

**Vegētius**, ii, m. a gentile name, as of the writer of re militari, who dedicated his work to Valentinianus II; and of the writer of re ueterinaria.

**uegēto**, āre, vb. [uegeto-adj.] make lively, rouse up, excite, Liber dictus est inuenter uiui quia liberat seruitio curarum animū et adserit uegetatē et audienciam in omnes conatus facit, Sen. tranq. 17, 8; gaudia non illum uegetant, Aus. ep. 25, 64; memoriae uegetandae causa, Gell. 17, 2, 1; spiritus qui animalia omnia uitali et fecunda ope uegetat, Apul. mund. p. 61.

**uegētus**, adj. [uege vb.] lively, brisk, in full vigour, vigorous, tu, quoniam quartana cures, te uegetum nobis in Graecia siste, Cic. Att. 10, 16, 6; fessi cum recentibus ac uegetis pugnantibus, Liv. 22, 47, 10; ubi curata sori Membra dedit, uegetus praescripta ad mnia surgit, Hor. s. 2, 2, 80; u. oculus, Suet. Caes. 45; uegetior aspectus (tauri), Colum. 6, 20; 2. of the mind, mens, Cic. Tusc. 1, 17, 41; ingenium, Liv. 6, 22, 7; 3. of light and colours, bright, color conchyliorum uegetissimus, Plin. 21, 46; 4. also glossy, sharp, strong, Aus. epb. 3; 5. of time, lively, busy, hoc interuallum temporis uegetissimum agrieolis, Plin. 18, 238.

**ue-grandis**, or uebegrandis, e, adj. ill-grown [ue = male], qui male erexit as Ovid says; uegrande significat male grande...alii paruum intelligunt ut uegrande frumentum, Fest. 373; uegrandem fabam minutam dicebant, Paul. ex F.

379; Nunc uocor ad nomen. Vegrandia farra coloni, Quae male creuerunt, nescique parua nocant, Ov. F. 3, 445;

2. thin, lean, (ones) sunt uegrandi et fucibellae, Varr. r. 2, 2, 13; homines uegrandi maele, Cie. agr. 2, 93;

3. uebegrandia in many ass of Ovid.

**uehātio**, ōnis, f. [ueh- a vb. ueha- from ueh-] carriage, cod. Th. 16, 4, 3.

**uehēgrādis**, uegrādis.

**uehēla**, ae, f. [ueh-] a waggon, Cap. Max. 13 med.

**uehēmens**, or uehēns, entis, adj. [ue or uehe = male; cf. uehegrādis] lit. male mentis, hence furious, violent, savage, uehement, nimium es uehementis feroxque natura, Cie. Vat. 4; ita uehementis in alios, qui inexorabilis esse uisus sum, Sul. 87; uehens in utramque partem Menedeme es nimis, Aut largitate nimia aut parsimonia, Ter. Haut. 3, 1, 31; post hoc uehementis lupus et sibi et hosti iratus pariter ieiunis dentibus acer, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 28; Laceratus quidam morsu uehementis canis (savage), Phaedr. 2, 3, 1; Nam signum Arcturus omnium sum acerrimum: Vehmēns sum exorians, quom oculo uehementior, Pl. Rud. pr. 71; 2. of inanimate things, violent, strong, forcible, iuber, Lucr. 6, 516; telum, Liv. 9, 19; causa, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 122; maledictum, Ad. pr. 17; capitis dolor, Plin. 24, 62; lethargus, 20, 238; calcis quam uehementissimae, 66, 173; genus orationis, Cie. or. 2, 200; statumina, Colum. 4, 16, 2; utris, 3, 1, 5; 3. Verum illi nementi magis est commota motu mens, Lucr. 3, 153; Vemens et liquidus puroque similissimus amni, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 120.

**uehēmenter**, adv. [uehement-] vehemently; Cic. Tusc. 4, 52; Caes. b. g. 1, 40, 1; uehementius, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 149; Caes. b. e. 2, 41, 4; uehementissime, Cic. or. 1, 152; Caes. b. e. 3, 17, 5.

**uehēment-esco**, ēre, vb. become violent, Cael. Aur. tard. 1, 2, and 4, 6.

**uehēment-ia**, ae, f. violence, vehemence, great strength; of men, Pollio acri uolentiae, Plin. 36, 33; naturalis illa Graeci uia, Gell. 1, 11, 14; 2. of things, violent use of, linteorum strigilumque, Plin. 28, 55; uini, 23, 36; odoris, 13, 50.

**uehēns**, see ueho.

**ueh-es**, or ueh-is, is, f. a cart-load, or waggon-load. satis erit in singula iugera uehes stercoris comparare decem et octo, uehes autem stercoris habet modios octoginta, Colum. 11, 2, 86; u. fini, Plin. 18, 193; foeni, 36, 108; nongentum uehem sarcina, cod. Th. 14, 6, 3; materis si roborea est, ab uno fabro dolari debet pedum xx. Hacc erit uehis una, Colum. 11, 2, 13.

**uehicularis**, e, adj. [uehiculum] of a carriage or vehicle, res u. the post or mail department, Herm. dig. 50, 4, 18, 4; eursus, the mail-post, Arc. ib. 50, 4, 18, 4.

**uehiculariūs**, [id.] adj. the same, res u., Amm. 14, 11, 5; u. eursus, Capit. Ant. 12; see Suet. Aug. 49;

2. n. fabricator, a carriage-builder, Capit. Max. et Balb. 5; 3. as sb. m. coachman, Charippus M. Antoni n., inscr. Don. 7, 109.

**uehiculariō**, ōnis, f. [implies a vb. uehicula-] the duty of providing for the public mail, uehiculariōe Italiae remissa, on a coin, Eckhel, 6408.

**ueh-icūlum**, i, n. a carriage or vehicle, mihi aequumst dari...uehicula qui uehar, Pl. Aul. 3, 5, 28; n. tensusur, Cie. Verr. 2, 5, 186; and even of a ship, 2, 5, 59; triumphalia u., Pis. 61 (al. fereula); Liv. 34, 1, 3; Capit. Pert. 8;

2. a reaping-machine, Pall. 7, 2, 2. See uallum;

3. ab uehiculis, a commentariis uehiculorum, officers so called, inser. Grat. 592, 4.

**uehis**, see uehes.

**uehō**, ēre, nexi, uectum, vb. carry, corpore, equo, curru, navi, and uehi vb. r. be carried, ride, drive, sail, first of men, Nam muliones mulos clittellarios Habent; ego homines habeo clittellarios, Magni sunt oneris; quicquid imponas, uehant, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 94; ut si Reticulum panis nenalis inter onusto Forte uehas humero, Hor. s. 1, 1, 48; Siculi inuenes...ueherunt parentes suos, Sen. ben. 3, 37, 2; so of the ant, Granifero solitum cum uehit ore cibum, Ov. a. a. 1, 94; 2. of horse etc., equo in quo ego uehebar.

was riding, Cic. diu. 2, 140; ille taurus qui uexit Europam, N. D. 1, 78; Pisce uelhi quaedam, Ov. M. 2, 13; 3. of land vehicles, uisus est in somnis eurrus quadrigarum uelhi, Cic. diu. 2, 144; e lucoque uelhi, male sobrius ipse, Vxorem planstro progeniemque domum, Tib. 1, 10, 51; 4. on water, nam ut in naui uecta's credo timida's, Pl. Bac. 1, 1, 73; quae-sint nam etiam in iis nauibus Diagoram uelhi e-deret, Cic. N. D. 3, 80; uehebatur litribus, Varr. l. 5, p. 156 Sp.; 5. even in a carriage the horses etc. are said uehere, hence Fest. 372: ubere portare nel trahere; triumphantem (Amillum) alibi per urbem uexerat equi, Liv. 5, 28, 1; te Bacche tuae Vexere tigris indecili iugum Collo trahentes, Hor. od. 3, 3, 13; 6. in other ways, Dum caelum stellae, dum uehet annis aquas, Tib. 1, 4, 60; of bees flying, liquidum trans aethera uectae, Verg. 7, 65;

7. in the part. uehens has two senses, qui uehitur, riding, driving, sailing etc., consuli proconsul obuiam in equo uehens uenit, Quadrig. ap. Gell. 2, 2, 13; cuius in adolescentiam quatuor quadrigis uehentem..., Cic. Brut. 331; and qui uehit: simulacra duo, delphinus uehens et homo insidens, Gell. 16, 19, 23. Cf. uector. 8. Skr. uah, Gr. ex- with its deriv. *ex-er* and *ex-o-* a wheel, pl. a carriage; the root of wh. was perhaps *sox*, aff. *sox* and thence both *sox* and *lex* (cf. uelum); wag of Germ. wag-en.

**ueia**, ae, f. [ueh-] apud Oseos dicebatur planstrum, Paul. ex F. 368.

**Veia**, ae, f. a gentile name, as of Veii, Hor. epod. 5, 20.

**Veianus**, ii, m. a gentile name, as of two brother soldiers, Varr. r. 3, 16, 10; a gladiator, Hor. ep. 1, 1, 4. **ueiarii**, stipites in planstro, Paul. ex F. 368.

**ueiatria**, uectura, Paul. ex F. 368. Cf. F. uoiture.

**Veiens**, entis, adj. of Veii, ager, Cic. Rose. Am. 47; populus, Liv. 4, 58, 1; bellum, 5, 52, 9; 2. an inhabitant of Veii, 4, 1, 4; 4, 2, 13 etc.

**Veientanus**, adj. of the Veientes, ager, Liv. 4, 10, 6; uinum (of bad quality), Hor. s. 2, 3, 14; called V. rubellum by Pers. 5, 147 and, Et Veientani lubitur faex crassa rubelli, Mart. 1, 103, 9; V. uina, 2, 53, 4; add 3, 49, 1; 2. pl. inhabitants of Veii, inser. Nibb. 1, 51.

**Veientilla**, f. a cognomen, Castricia V., inser. Fabr. 155, 241.

**Veientinus**, m. a cognomen, L. Calpurnius V., inser. Mur. 1650, 9.

**Veientius**, adj. of the Veientes, as a cognomen, inser. Fabr. 434, 14.

**Veiento**, onis, m. a cognomen, Cic. Att. 7, 3, 5; Tac. an. 14, 50.

**Veii**, orum, m. pl. a city of Etruria, Liv. 4 and 5 passim.

**Veioius**, see Vedionis.

**Veisinnus**, a gentile name, CIL 1366.

**uel**, conj. [for uele choose, as an imper. of uol- wish by 'uolunt, as in uelim uelle, cf. uens; and for loss of e cf. fac fer] or, lege, uel tabellae recte, Pl. Ps. 1, 1, 31; eiusmodi conuentionem tectorum uel urbem appellauerunt, Cic. rep. 1, 41; 2. it often serves to correct, esp. with an added potius, unum illud extimescebam, ne quid turpiter facerem, uel dicam, iam effecissim, Cic. Att. 9, 7, 1;

3. repeated, uel... uel... either... or... Nunc quomobrem huc sum misiss, amabo uel ut mi aias uel nezes, Pl. Rud. 2, 4, 14; hunc ordinem ex censu descripsit uel paci decuria uel bello, Liv. 1, 42, 5; 4. more than once repeated, Tu uel suda uel peri aligu uel tu aegrota uel nade, Pl. Rud. 2, 7, 24; una atque altera aetas uel metu uel spe uel praemiis uel legibus potest totam Galliam sempiternis uinculis adstringere, Cic. pron. cons. 34; 5. even, Carmina uel caelo possunt deducere humas, Verg. B. 8, 69; per me uel stertas licet, non modo quiescat, Cic. acad. 2, 93; hoc quidem ascensu uel tres armati quantilibet multitudinem auerunt, Liv. 9, 24, 7; 6. esp. with superlatives, cuius eo tempore uel maxima apud regem auctoritas erat, Liv. 36, 41, 2; hoc in genere uerborum uel minimum est, stantitatis autem uel plurimum, Cic. orat. 91; 7. hence uel is used to introduce a strong instance, as: Nullast nam facilius res quin difficilis siet, Quam inuitus facias. Vel me haec deambulatione, Quam non laboriosa ad linguam dedit,

Ter. Haut. 4, 6, 1; Per pol quam paucos reperias meretricibus Fideles euenire amatores Syra. Vel hic Pamphilus iurabat..., Illoc. 1, 1, 1; Raras tuas quidem sed suaves accipio litteras. Vel quas proxime acceperam, quam prudentes, Cic. fam. 2, 13, 1; cf. uel-ut; 8. uel in this sense may be repeated, but here it must not be confounded with uel either, Ita me di amant, uel in lautumis uel in pistrino manum Agere aetatem, Pl. Poen. 4, 2, 5; 9. uel and aut used separately are at times pretty well synonymous; yet more commonly aut divides two notions essentially different, while uel marks a distinction either not essential in itself or unimportant in the mind of the speaker, so that it is often used to correct a mere expression, Where they are repeated the difference is more marked. In the construction aut-ant- the denial of one clause is an affirmation of the other; whereas with uel-nel- all the clauses may for the most part coexist or not, the speaker merely expressing his indifference as to a choice between them. Thus Fest. 369: Vel colligatio quidem est disinctio, sed non eorum quae natura disincta sunt, in quibus aut conuentione rectius utimur, ut aut dies est aut nox, sed eorum quae non sunt contra, e quibus quae eligatur nihil interest, at Ennius: Vel tu dictator, uel egnorum equitumque magister Esto nel consul; 10. still in late writers, uel...nel..., is used for the double aut, Qui filium in potestate habet curare debet ut cum nel heredi instituat uel nominatim exheredit, alioquin inutiliter testabitur, Gai. 2, 123; 11. the single uel, or, is in poetry at times postponed, Prima uel autumnus sub frigora, Verg. G. 2, 321.

**uelia**, ae, f. a Gallic name for a siliqueous plant, Latin iro, Greek *καυκάρω*, in Fr. uelair, Plin. 22, 158.

**Velabrensis**, e, adj. of the Velabrum, caseus, Mart. 11, 52, 10; 13, 32, 2; 2. as sb. an inhabitant, inser. Fabr. 164, 207.

**uelabrum**, i, n. [ue-la-vb.] an awning, nonnulli uelabris umbraculorum theatralium latent, Ann. 14, 6, 25;

2. hence Velabra pl. and Velabrum, the name of a place in Rome as so covered in old time for the market there held, as also for public processions or games, see Plutarch Romul. 5; but by him and others also ill-explained as from ueh-ere to carry, because, often flooded, it was then passable only in boats, Varr. l. 5, p. 50 Sp.; Qua Velabra soleat in Circum ducere pompas, Nil praeter salices, cassaque canna fuit, Ov. F. 6, 405; At qua Velabri regio patet, ire solebat Exiguus pulsa per uada linter aqua, Tib. 2, 5, 33; Qua Velabra suo stagnabant flumine, quaque Nauta per urbatus neliuebat (note the word) aquas, Prop. 5, 9, 5; 3. as a market, Omnes de comperto rem agunt quasi in Velabro olearii, Pl. Capt. 3, 1, 29; cum Velabro omne macedum, Hor. s. 2, 3, 229, uel, Comm. Crup. has: ubi prostabant omnia quae ad uictus rationem atque delicias pertinebant; 4. in Plut. *Βελαντορ*.

**uelamen**, inis, n. [ue-la-vb.] a covering, for dress, as a veil, chiefly poetical, Et circumtextum croceo uelamen acantho, Verg. 1, 649; Ov. F. 6, 579; M. 6, 566; a. a. 3, 207; Liv. 3, 178; 2. in later prose, Tac. G. 17; Sen. ad Helv. 11.

**uelamentum**, i, n. a covering, esp. an olive-branch, *icernpa*, a symbol of peace, and serving as a veil to hide the face of a suppliant, ramos oleae ad uelamenta alia supplicum porrigentes orare ut recipient esse, Liv. 24, 30, 14 (speaking of Greeks); Uelamenta manu praetendens supplicis qui sit Quoque satus memorat, Ov. M. 11, 279 (also of a Greek); Viennenses uelamenta et infulas praeferebant, Tac. h. 1, 66; 2. a veil or curtain, interiecto tantummodo uelamento, quod pontificis oculos a funere arceat, Sen. Med. 15, 3; 3. in surgery, a suspender, Cels. 7, p. 295, 24 D; 4. met. a cloak, quacrentes libidinisbus u., Sen. uit. b. 12, 4.

**uelaris**, e, adj. [uelum] of a sail, anuli, Plin. 13, 62. **uelarius**, us, m. as sb. first m. an imperial slave who has charge of the curtains, D. M. L. PLAV. AUL. LIV. SVPERA VELARIOS DE DOMO, inser. Or. 2907; cf. inser. Mur. 916, 4; 2. a duplicarius, a sort of quartermaster, who had charge of the sails, Valerius . . . ex uelari . . . duplicari, mil. (militant)

ann. xxvi. . . inser. Or. 3622; 3. n. an awning (over a theatre), pueros hinc ad uelaria raptos, Liv. 4, 122.

**uclatio**, ōnis, f. giving the veil (to Christian virgins), Aug. ep. 150 f.

**uclato**, adv. as through a veil, Tert. Marc. 4, 29.

**uclatrum**, = uclarium, Tert. de cultu fem. 6.

**uclatus**, part. see uclō; 2. as sb. m., uclati appellabantur ueluti et inermes qui exercitum sequebantur, quique in montorium militum loco substituebantur, Fest. 360; M. Consus M. L. accensus uclatus, inser. Or. 111; A. Plautius Accensus ucl., ib. 1368.

**Velicia**, ōnis, m. an inhabitant of Velicia, a town 12 miles from Placentia, P. Onicinus Velicitium Lib., inser. De Lania 65; L. Coclio respublica Velicitium patrono, ib. 71.

**uclēs**, ūtis, adj. m. as sb. [uelum (as serving under a vexillum) + it. go; cf. ped-it. etc.] a light-armed soldier, eis pamae breuioribus quam equitres et septena acula data; . . . eos singulos in equos suos accipientes equites adsequebantur et uclii post sese de desilire . . . institutum ut uclites in legionibus essent, Liv. 26, 4, 5; animatur im in proelium: uclēs equos recipit sc. Titin. 9 R; Quem secuntur cum rotundis uclitis (nom. pl.) leues parnis Antesignani quadratis multisignibus tecti, Varr. s. 100 R. Add Liv. 23, 29, 3; 27, 18, 1 etc.; Nondum eluctati uclitis hasta soluta, Ov. Ib. 48; 2. met., securam uclitem, Cie. fam. 9, 20, 1.

**Velia**, ae, f. one of the hills of Rome, uelificabat in summa Velia, Liv. 2, 7, 6; Varr. l. 5, p. 60 Sp;

2. Velia, a city on the coast of Lucania, 'Elexa or rather Elexa, Quae sit huius Velia, Hor. ep. 1, 15, 1.

**Velienis**, e, adj. of Velia, the hill, Varr. 5, p. 60 Sp;

2. Velienis, of Velia the city, Cie. Balb. 55.  
**uclifer**, ēra, erum, adj. [uelum] sail-bearing, Ov. M. 15, 719; Prop. 4, 8, 35; Val. F. 1, 26.

**uclificatio**, ōnis, f. sailing, met., mutata uclificatione, by changing your tack, Cie. fam. 1, 9, 21.

**uclificum**, ī, n. [uelific- vb.] making sail, Hyg. fab. 277.  
**uclificus**, = uclificor, per summa aquorum, Plin. 9, 103; Flor. 3, 7, 3; 2. with acc. sail over, aquas, Prop. 5, 9, 6; 2. hence as pass. uclificus, Athes. Liv. 10, 174.

**uclificor**, āri, vb. r. [uelific- adj.] lit. play the part of a uclificus, make sail, but only used met., trim the sails so as to catch the breeze (cf. aura popularis), go on the right tack, first with dat. of object, si quis ep. ducitur se posse turbulenta oratione honori uclificari suo, Cie. agr. 1, 9; so fauori ciuim, Flor. 1, 6, 5; 2. with ad, quantum ad eloquentiam uclificari, Front. ad Antonin. ep. 2 med.; cf. Cael. ap. Cie. fam. 8, 10, 2.

**uclificus**, adj. [uelum] making sail, noctis diesque uclificio nauigi cursu, Plin. 13, 70.

**Velinus**, adj. of Velia the city, portusque Velinos, Verg. 6, 366; 2. V. lacus, a lake or rather lakes so called in Umbria, Plin. 3, 108; also the river, fontesque Velini, Verg. 7, 517; 3. Velina tribus, so called from same district, Liv. epit. 19; Cie. Att. 4, 15, 9; L. Calpurnius L. f. Velina Secundus, inser. Grut. 66, 7.

**uclit-āris**, e, adj. of a uclēs or light-armed soldier, hasta, Liv. 26, 4, 4; Plin. 7, 201; arma, Sal. Jug. 38, 20.

**uclitatio**, ōnis, f. skirmishing with words, Fest. 309 M; Pl. Rud. 2, 6, 41.

**Veliternus**, adj. of Velitrae, populus, Liv. 8, 12, 6; coloni, 6, 36; unum, Plin. 14, 65.

**uclites**, see uclēs.

**uelito**, āre = uclitor, comperece uerbis uelitrare: ad rem redi, Turp. 145 R.

**uelitr**, āri, vb. r. [uelit-] skirmish, only met., Nescio quid uos uclati estis inter nos duo, Pl. Men. 5, 2, 28; interea uerba iactare et labris inter se uelitari uclificari, Afran. 267 R; Gell. 6, 11, 1; Apul. M. 5 p. 164 and 9, p. 231.

**Velitrae**, ae, f. a town of the Volsci, att. a Roman colony, Liv. 2, 31, 4; birthplace of Augustus, Suet. Aug. 1 etc.; quos Setia et celebri miserunt ualle Velitrae, Sil. 8, 379. The Oscan spelling inserts an s before the t, Velēstī, see Mommsen's Osk. Stud. p. 8, note. Hence the i of Velitrae is long.

**ucliuolans**, ntis, part. [implies a vb. ucliuolor] sail flying, nauibus, Enn. tr. 89 V.

**ucliuolus**, adj. sail-flying, naues, Enn. tr. 111 and an. 381 V; puppes, Lucr. 5, 1442; mare, Verg. 1, 224; Ov. Pont. 4, 5, 42.

**Vellicianus**, adj. of Vellicus, senatusconsultum, Ulp. dig. 10, 1, 2.

**Vellicus**, i, m. a gentile name, as of the historian V. Paternulus, who lived in the reign of Tiberius; 2. lex Iunia Vellica, Scaev. dig. 28, 2, 29, 11; Ulp. 28, 3, 13.

**uellic-ēus**, adj. of sheepskin, Aeson. ad Verr. 1, 8.

**uellicatim**, adv. [uellic- vb.] by snatches, Sisen. ap. Non. 188.

**uellicatio**, ōnis, f. twitching, opp. to lacerationes, Sen. uit. b. 5, 3; 2. in words, twitting, opp. to conicia, Sen. ira, 3, 43, 5.

**uell-ico**, āre, vb. dim. pull by little and little, pluck. Cornix a-st; ea uoltrius duo uicissim uelliat, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 149; Cui deus aridens horrentes pectore setas uelliat, Nemes. el. 3, 31; of bees, Varr. r. 3, 16, 7; 2. pinch, puer quem productum quid ferat interrogat, a paedagogo se uellitari respondit, Quint. 6, 1, 411; uellata blande auricula, Plin. Nol. ep. 36, 3; 3. in words, pick holes in, pull to pieces, carp at, in conuiuiis rodit, in crenis uelliant, uellitio dente carpunt, Cie. Balb. 57; Uelliat absentem Demetrius, Hor. s. 1, 10, 71; nullum est tam plenum beneficium quod non uelliat malignitas possit, Sen. ben. 2, 28, 4; Nec mihi tanta diuitis insultu moribus et to Uelliat, Prop. 2, 5, 8.

**uelliger**, a, um, adj. as sb. m. fleece-wearer, of Aries in the Zodiac, Germ. anthol. 2, 340.

**uello**, ēre, uolsi or uulsi, uolsum or uuls-um [root uol: cf. uol-n-es], vb. pull, tear, cum pars uellerent nullum atque in fossas proruerent, Liv. 9, 14, 9; posteaque cardine uellit, Verg. 2, 480; 2. pluck, as grass, hair, wool, etc., Vnguibz et raris uellentem dentibus herbas, Ov. M. 8, 800; barbam, Hor. s. 1, 3, 133; lanam, Varr. l. 5, p. 61 Sp.; plumam anserum bi anno, Colum. 8, 13, 3; 3. also with acc. of the body whence, ut non solum toderetur diligenter (Caesar) ne raderetur sed uelleretur etiam, Suet. Caes. 45; cf. Galb. 22, 2; see uolsus; 4. pull without violence, as aurem, by way of drawing attention, Verg. B. 6, 3; Calp. el. 4, 155; 5. the part, uolsi rare, but in Lucan. 6, 546 and uulserat, 4, 414; the root uol- (uel-) is also seen in ἐλ-κω for ἐλ-κω-ω (cf. uol-n-es, uel-ces and ἐλ-κω-ω) as also in ἑλ-ω-ω; while our pull p[ro]f[er]re is virtually the same. Cf. the letter-change of uelia, bonus, bene.

**uell-us**, -ōris, n. lit. a plucking, hence wool, as plucked from the sheep, pastores Palatini ex ouibus ante tonsuram inuentum uellere lanam sunt soliti; ex quo uellera dicuntur, Varr. l. 5, p. 61 Sp.; cf. r. 2, 11, 9; oues non ubique toderunt, durat quibusdam in locis uellati mos, Plin. 8, 100; Nymphae quae uellera motis Nulla trahunt digitis nec fila sequentia ducunt, Ov. M. 14, 204; and in the sing., absinthium in uellere adpositum, Plin. 27, 50; 2. wool as on the sheep, ipse aries etiam nunc uellera siccant, Verg. B. 3, 95; Mollē gerit tunc lucida uellus ouis, Tib. 2, 1, 62; 3. a sheepskin, a fleece, straticus incandit Velleribus, Verg. 7, 94; Cum lustrant celebres uellera secta uias, Ov. F. 5, 101; 4. a skin of other animals, leonis, Ov. F. 2, 339 and 5, 396; ceruina, M. 3, 107 and 6, 502; 5. met. of silk, Verg. G. 2, 121; of fleecy clouds, 1, 397; Lucan. 4, 124; uellus aquarum, of snowy Mount, 4, 3, 1; 6. Parnassia u. of wreaths of laurel or ivy bound up with wool for poets, Stat. s. 5, 3, 8.

**Uellutus**, m. [wh. implies a vb. uell-u or uel-u = ἐλ-(u)-κ- and ἑλ-ω-ω; cf. uellumen] a cognomen, as L. Scitinius L. f. Uellutus, Ase. or. Cornu., Βελουτος, Dionys. 6, 89; Plut. Cor. 7.

**uelo**, āre, vb. [uelum] cover with a curtain or awning, uelari loca ea quae pompa uelaberetur, Maec. s. 1, 16, 15; 2. veil, esp. the head, uelata matris tempora myrto, Verg. 5, 72; dum uelat tempora uitis, Ov. Pont. 3, 2, 75; 3. similarly of temples, Nos delubra deum . . . festa uelamus fronde, Verg. 2, 249; Altaque uelantur fortasso

Palatia sortis, Ov. tr. 4, 2, 3; 4. hide, conceal, solitum (togam ad calceos domitare) Ciceroem uelocorum uariarum gratia, Quint. 11, 3, 143; circa uelanda corporis, Plin. ep. 6, 24, 3; and met., seelere uelandum est scelus, Sen. Hipp. 721; 5. as a vb. r., Et capita ante aras Phrygio uelocum amictu, Verg. 3, 545.

**uēlōcītās**, ātis, f. [ueloc-adj.] swiftness, rapidity, speed, alios uelocitas uelocitate ad cursum ualere, Cic. off. 1, 107; perloque uelocitas et regio hostibus ignara tutata sunt, Sall. Jug. 52, 4; 2. in plur., non aurius aut uelocitatis aut celeritatis corporum res magnae geruntur, Cic. sen. 17.

**uēlōcītēr**, see uelox.

**uēlōsus**, adj. uelum, uelamentum, uelosus, uelificat, not. Tir. 177.

**uēlox**, ōcis, adj. [uelum, quasi pleno uelo, Frise. 4, 105; cf. celox and uelum] swift, rapid, uauis, Verg. 5, 110; pedites uelocissimi, Caes. b. g. 1, 48, 5; cerui, Verg. 5, 253; flamma, Lucr. 6, 688; borae, Ov. M. 2, 118; Fama malum quo non aliud uelocius illum, Verg. 4, 174; 2. active in leaping, Et male ueloci iusta soluta Remo, Ov. F. 5, 452; thoes, Iphorun id genus est... uelox saltu, Plin. 8, 123; 3. with inf., abistere a, Stat. Th. 6, 707; 4. of the mind, nihil est animo uelocius, Cic. Tusc. 1, 43; ingenium, Quint. 6, 4, 8; 5. adv., uelociter, Ov. M. 11, 586; uelocius, Cic. rep. 6, 20; uelocissime, Tim. 9.

**uēlōsus** = canis, not. Tir. 176. See uetragea.

**uēlūm**, ī, n. [2] sail, stridens aquilone procella Velum aduersa ferit, Verg. 1, 102; Aut portum tenet aut pleno subit ostia uelo, 1, 400; 2. gen. in pl., first as setting sail, uelis in altum datis fenum perucere, Liv. 31, 45, 11; Soluite uela citi, Verg. 4, 574; Velaque deducunt geminaeque e curre temptant, Ov. M. 3, 663; and met., ad id uelone alius flatus ostenditur uela do, Cic. or. 2, 187; unde uanis, statim nos uela facere in paulum remigare? Tusc. 4, 9; 3. of taking in sail, contraxi uela, Cic. Att. 1, 16, 2; Contrahe uento nimium secundo Turgida uela, Hor. od. 2, 10, 24; omnis nauita ponto Umida uela legit, Verg. G. 1, 373; celeriter uela sublimi demittite antennis (uetus, as preparing for action), bell. Alex. 45, 4; 4. remo ueloque etc., met., Remigio ueloque quantum potis es festina et fuge, Pl. As. 1, 3, 5; res detestabilis uelis ut ita dicam remissione fugienda, Cic. Tusc. 3, 25; but in off. 3, 116 uiris equique, not remis; 5. met., of flying, penarum uela remittunt, Lucr. 6, 743; 11 6. a curtain, eadem, si quando recto in proximo, discretu uelo sedet, Plin. ep. 4, 19, 3; non adleuabit uelum, Sen. ep. 80, 1; 7. esp. an awning, as in an ancient theatre otherwise open above, lutea rursaque uela Et ferragina cum magnis intentis theatris..., Lucr. 4, 76; cf. Plin. 10, 23; Ov. a. a. 1, 103; Prop. 5, 1, 15; A. Snettii aditis familia gladiatoria pugnat; Pompeii pr. K. Iunias: uenatio et uela erunt, inscr. Relaz. d. scavi di Pompei 4; 8. jestingly, uelis amictos non togis, Cic. Cat. 2, 22; 9. met., multis simulationum inuolucris tegitur et quasi uelis quibusdam obtunditur, Cic. G. fr. 1, 1, 5; 10. uelum: uexillum: a ala: axilla: m: mala: maxilla etc., cf. Cic. or. 153; and so uelum is used for uexillum. Similarly *uēla-ōcio* or top-sail (see Ph. Essays) is prob. fr. *uēla-ōcio*, and that fr. *ōcio* root of *exō*, wh. = Lat. uel-o. Hence uel-um = Germ. segel, our sail.

**uēl-ūm-en**, īnis, n. [uel of uello; cf. Vellatus] wool, lanam deumam ex conglutata alii uellera, alii uelumina appellant, Varr. r. 2, 11, 9.

**uēl-ūt** or **uēl-ūtī**, conj. even as, just as, Studeo hunc lenonem perdere, uelut mihi erum miscrum maeerat, Pl. Poen. 4, 1, 2; pedem cum uoce repressit, Impromptum aspris ueluti qui sentibus anguem Pressit humi nitens, Verg. 2, 378; 2. esp. in adding an instance, as for example, Id magis ueri simile esse uisus reapse experiendo elocet, Velut Orestes modo fuit rex, factus mendicis modo, Pacuv. 375 It; non elogia monumentorum id significat, uelut hoc ad portum? Cic. fin. 2, 116; in bestis aquatilibus quae gignuntur in terra, uelut crocodili, N. D. 2, 124; 3. with si and subj., just as if, absentis Arionisti crudelitatem, uelut si coram adesset, horrebant, Caes. b. g.

1, 32, 4; tantus patres metus cepit, uelut si iam ad portas hostis esset, Liv. 21, 16, 2; and in poetry without si, Saepa uelut gemmas eius signumque probare, Per causam memini me togisae manum, Tibul. 1, 7, 25; 4. with abl. absol., laci uelut explorata uictoria ad castra pergunt, Caes. b. g. 3, 18, 6, where it would be wrong to say that si is omitted; 5. or again, in adding an instance, atrox autem iniuria aestimator uel ex facto, uelut si quis ab aliquo uulneratus fuerit; uel ex loco, uelut si cui in theatro iniuria facta sit, Gai. inst. 3, 225; 6. followed by sic or ita, quum uelut Sagunti uicidum Hannibali, sic Philippo Aegydenorum clades ad Romanum bellum animos fecisset, Liv. 31, 18, 0; itaque uelut si urbem exemplo adgressurus Scipio foret, ita ad arma est conclamatum, 20, 28, 9; uelut per fistulam ita per apertam uitis medullam humor trahitur, Colum. 3, 18, 5; 7. to qualify a single word, like quasi, as it were, ut terras mundumque rubescere uidit, Cornucae extremas uelut euanescente Inuae, Ov. M. 2, 116; comae (ascyroidis) tritae uelut eruantur, Plin. 27, 37.

**uēna**, ae, f. [2] an underground watercourse, whence springs etc. are supplied, ad postremum canaliculis uenae fontis intereae sunt atque atersae, bell. Gall. 8, 43, 4; C. Plantum cui ob inquisitas acs aquae (Aplicae) uenas Venocis cognomen datum est, Frontin. ag. 1, 5; add 1, 10; occultos confidere latices quorum uenae in mare permanentes undae miscerunt, Liv. 44, 33, 2; cum ad aquam uentum est, sine harenato opus surgit ne uenas obstruantur, Plin. 31, 40; omnia litora naturaliter aquae dulcis uenas habere, bell. Alex. 8, 1; cf. § 11; 2. hence gen. water, Nec in Lucrinia lota Salmacis uena, Mart. 10, 30, 10; 11 3. by an easy met., an artery or vein, which the Romans for the most part did not distinguish (as the Greek *φλέψ*). Thus first of the pulse, i.e. beating of an artery, si cui uenae sine momentis, is habet febrem, Cic. fat. 15; uenis enim credimus, fallacissimae rei, quia saepe istae lentiores celerioresque sunt et acetate et sexu et corpore uenarum natura, Cels. 3, p. 81, 15 D; Tangre miser uenis et pone in pectore dextram, Pers. 3, 107; tentatas uenas, Stat. Th. 72, 1; and met., teneat oportet uenas cuiusque generis..., fed the pulse, Cic. or. 1, 224; 4. a vein strictly, as in medical bleeding, detracto sanguine uenis, Lucr. 3, 442; uenam incidere, Cels. 2, 10; but even here there was confusion of ideas as in: inter Ina ferre pelis salicentem sanguine uenam, Verg. G. 3, 460; 5. but for suicide or murder the arteries would not be spared, as: medico imperati ut uenas hominis incidere, Cic. Pis. 83; Labco per abruptas uenas sanguinem effudit, Tac. an. 6, 20; 6. still the learned distinguished them, ueni sci uenae et arteriae a corde tracti et profecti in corpus omne ducuntur, Cic. N. D. 2, 130; 7. of the ueters, a renibus singulae uenae ad uiscera feruntur, Cels. 4, p. 122, 18 D; 8. membrum uirile (uelut uena per quam sanguis genitalis eicitur), quum singuliter inguine nua, Pers. 6, 72; Mart. 11, 16, 5; 9. met., periculum erit inclusum in uenis atque in uisceribus reipublicae, Cic. Cat. 1, 31; 11 10. a vein of axilla, nos aeris argenti auri uenas penitus abditas inuenimus, Cic. N. D. 2, 151; ubicumque una inuenta uena est, non procul inuenitur alia..., unde metalla (sc. aer' aUae) Graeci uidentur dixisse, Plin. 33, 90; nec tamen adfirmarum nullam Germaniae uenam argenti auri uenae gignere, Tac. G. 5; 11. hence ore, Romani adfertur uena (minii) signata ad bina milia fere pondo annua, Romae aquae lauantur, Plin. 33, 118; exusto lapide uenis permixto, 110; 12. a vein in wood, (apiata citrus) uenis suis refulgens, Plin. 13, 97; in quarundam arborum carminibus puluae uenaeque sunt, 16, 184; or in precious stones, uenam onychem plurimas nariarum cum lactis habere uenas, 37, 01; (achates) Thebis r-uptae current rubentibus uenis et albis, 37, 141; or in marble, Au picturata lucentia marmora uena Mirer? Stat. s. 1, 3, 36; or in flint, as supposed to contain veins of fire, quare pars semina flammiae Abstrusa in uenis silicis, Verg. 6, 6; 13. met. from a rich spring of water, a vein of talent, poetry etc., at fides et ingeni Benigna uena est, Hor. od. 2, 18, 9; Hic (ingenium) ego Pegasisda deduxi primus ad uenas, Ne mole fecundae

vena periret aquae, *Ov. tr.* 3, 7, 15; ego nec studium sine diuite nena, *Nec rude quid possit indeo ingenium, Hor. A. P.* 409; Sed natum egegium cui non sit publica nena, *Iuv.* 7, 55; **14.** nena prob. for nes-na, and so of one stock with ecf. of nerg- ponn, wh. see; *Skr. nari* and *Germ. wasser-er*; cf. ena from esna, penna from pesna. *Cl. Verox.*

**venāb-ūlū, i, n.** [*venāb-* vna-vb.] hunting-spear, praecura bestia venābulo transeratur, *Cic. fam.* 7, 1, 3; lato venābulo ferro, *Verg.* 4, 13; but sagittarum venābula, *Plin.* 8, 26, must be corrupt.

**Vēnāter**, adj. of Venafrum, *M. Ovidius M. f. Ter. Rufus V.*, *inscr. Grut.* 507, 3.

**Vēnāfrum, i, n.** a town of Campania near the Vulturinus, famed for its olives, viridique certat bacca Venāfro, *Hor. od.* 2, 6, 15; Hoc tibi Campani sudavit bacca Venāfri, *Mart.* 13, 101.

**venālicīarius, adj.** [*venālic-* as sh. m.] of a slave-dealer; venāliciarium exerceat, *Ulp. dig.* 32, 73, 14;

**2.** belonging to the class venālicii, slave-dealers; *Paul.* *dig.* 21, 1, 44.

**venālic-ūs, a, ū.** [*venālic-* as sh. m.] of a slave, as offered for sale, greges, *Plin.* 35, 201; familia, *Suet.* *Aug.* 42 med.; mercator, *inscr. Grut.* 411, 1; 637, 5; **2.** as sh. m. a slave-dealer, *Cic. orat.* 232; *Plin.* 21, 170; **3.** as sh. m. a gang of slaves for sale, cf. scrutinium: ea quae nihil sumptuosa sunt, velut immita aut venālicia, vendere, *Ulp.* *dig.* 28, 8, 5, 1; ex venālicio nouitiorum emptis, *Uenul.* 21, 1, 65, 2; u. (enn) titulus pictum, *Petr.* 29; gregis venālicii, *inscr. Grut.* 5, 1 and 2; 8; 3; una me tecum congressum in venālicio, *Or.* 3023 (of one libertus to another).

**venālis, i, n.** [*venā-* sb.] e, adj. for sale, aedes, *Pl.* *Most.* 3, 2, 67; hortī, *Cic. off.* 3, 58; familia, *ap. Quint.* 2, 2, 20; postremo dixisse (arguturum) urbem venālem et mature peritiam si emptorem inueniret, *Sal. Jug.* 35, 10;

**2.** as sh. m. a slave for sale, nē gregem venālium, *Pl.* *Aul.* 3, 3, 4; Mercaturame an venalis habuit ubi rem perdidit? *Trin.* 2, 2, 51; venales Asiaticos, *Cic. Att.* 5, 5, 149.

**venālitās, ātis, f.** [*venāli-* ad] the being for sale, venality, *Sidon.* *ep.* 5, 13 med.; *e.d. Just.* 4, 52 f.

**Vēnantius Fortūnātus, m.** a Christian poet of the sixth century.

**Venaria, ae, f.** an island of the Tyrrhene Sea, *Plin.* 3, 81.

**venāticūs, adj.** [*venato-* part.] of that which is hunted, of the chase, praeda, *Amn.* 29, 3, 3 and 30, 1, 15.

**venāticus, adj.** [*venāt-* sb.] of the chase, canis, *Pl.* *Mil.* 2, 2, 113; canum duo genera, unum venaticum, *Varr.* *r.* 2, 9, 2; catulus, *Hor.* *ep.* 1, 2, 65; **2.** met., prolatis rebus parisiis venatici Canes sumus, *Pl.* *Capt.* 1, 1, 17.

**venātis, ōnis, f.** [*venā-* vb.] hunting, chase, piscatu aucupio venatione, *Cic. fin.* 2, 23; aucupium atque venatio, *sen.* 56; multumque sunt (Senen) in venationibus, *Caes. b. g.* 4, 1, 8; **2.** esp. a combat of wild beasts in the Circus, reliquae sunt venationes binae per dies quinque, *Cic. fam.* 7, 1, 3; Circenses in Vaticano commisit, interfecta per quinque missus venatione, *Suet. Claud.* 21; *inscr. Or.* 3556 and 2550; **3.** produce of the chase, cum miramen unde illi tam multa et varia venatio, *Liv.* 35, 49, 6;

**4.** hence game, as food, ex venatione maxime lepus (urinum monet), *Col.* 2, p. 72, 14 D; et auis et venatio et suilla dari potest, *p.* 196, 2; add 2, p. 67, 17; p. 69, 2; p. 70, 6; unum utitur nec utitur venatione, *Sidon.* *ep.* 4, 9;

**5.** septum venationis, a preserve, *Varr.* *r.* 3, 12, 2; *Colum.* *o. praef.*

**venātor, ōris, m.** a hunter, quasi venator tu quidem es Dies atque noctes cum cane aetatem exigis, *Pl.* *Cas.* 2, 5, 11; pernoctant venatores in niue, *Cic. Tusc.* 2, 40; manet sub lue frigido Venātor tenerae coniugis immemor, *Hor. od.* 1, 1, 25; **2.** met., nequis...Nostro consilio venator adit cum auribus plagis, *Pl.* *Mil.* 3, 1, 14; speculator venatorumque naturae, *Cic. N. D.* 1, 83; **3.** of a gladiator, as fighting with wild beasts, *Ulp.* *dig.* 48, 19, 8, 11; *Apol.* *M.* 4; *Cassiod.* *Var.* 5, 52; **4.** as adj. of the chase, u. canis, *Verg.* 12, 751; u. equus, *Stat. Th.* *o.* 685;

**5.** a collegium venatorum, mentioned in *inscr. Or.* 4118.

**venātor-ius, adj.** of a hunter, instrumentum, *Plin.* *ep.* 3, 10, 3; cultor, *Suet.* *Aug.* 19 f.

**venātr-ix, icis, f.** [*venator-*Ja huntress, *Verg.* 1, 319;

**2.** as adj. f. dea, *Ov. M.* 2, 454; puella, *Iuv.* 13, 80; both of Diana; *Ida.* *Verg.* 6, 177; (Iones), *Mart.* 11, 69, 2.

**venātūr-a, ae, f.** [*venator-*] the business of a hunter or huntress, Viden tu illam oculis venaturam facere atque aucupium auribus? *Pl.* *Mil.* 4, 1, 13.

**venātus, ūs, m.** [*venā-* vb.] hunting, chase, *Cic. Tusc.* 5, 68; *Verg.* 7, 740 and 9, 605; **2.** of fishing, dominus huius ne frustra sis. Nisi ego nemo natut, hunc qui cepi in venatu meo, *Pl.* *Rad.* 4, 3, 31; cf. *uenatio*, § 4.

**vend-ax, ācis, adj.** or sb. one given to selling, patrem familias vendacem, non emacem esse oportet, *Cato r.* 2 f.

**vend-ib-ilis, e, adj.** easy to sell, readily finding a purchaser, marketable, illa nia n. Herculeana multarium delatium, *Cic. agr.* 2, 36; *ager Varr.* *r.* 1, 4, 2; fundus, *Hor.* *ep.* 1, 17, 47; puella, *Ov. am.* 3, 12, 9; **2.** hence met., popular, nam ut sint illa (scripta) vendibilia, haece uberiora certe sunt, *Cic. fin.* 1, 12; orator, *Brut.* 174;

**3.** vendibilis adv. in a more popular manner, *Hier.* *ep.* 130, 18.

**vendico, āre, se vendico.**

**venditāris, adj.** [*vend-*] for sale, lingua, *dub.* in *Pl.* *St.* 1, 3, 102.

**venditatio, ōnis, f.** [*vendit-*a] a showing off, display, exhibiting to the best advantage, *Cic. Tusc.* 2, 64; *am.* 86; scientiae, *Plin.* 29, 25.

**venditator, ōris, m.** one who shows off, *Tac. h.* 1, 49.

**venditio, ōnis, f.** [*vend-*] selling, sale, venditio alienatio est et rei suae iurisque in ea sui in alium translatio, *Sen. ben.* 5, 10, 1; venditio locatio aedilii esto, *CIL* 603, 8; honorum, *Cic. Rose. Am.* 110; illud est quod vulgo putant per permutationem rerum emptionem et venditionem contrahi, *Gai.* 3, 139; but see the whole §; **2.** for the thing sold, antequam u. transferatur, *Ulp. dig.* 18, 2, 4, 4; cf. 43, 23, 11; **3.** venditiones of things sold, *Plin.* *ep.* 10, 108.

**vend-ito, āre, vb.** frq. [*vend-*, wh. see] be in the habit of exhibiting for sale, offer for sale, sell (as a habiti), Non ego possum quae ipsa seae venditatur tutari, *Pl.* *Mil.* 2, 3, 41; istius decreta imperia litteris venditabat (libertus), *Cic. Verr.* 2, 2, 135; Tusculanum venditatur ut si possit enat Padlianum domum, *Att.* 1, 14, 7; pacem pretio venditantes, *Liv.* 38, 42, 11; matrem eius ne olus quidem legitimum venditasse sed seudicum, *Plin.* 22, 80;

**2.** met. puff up, show off, Antonio tuo nomine gratias egi; ...uable te venditavi, *Cic. Att.* 1, 16, 16; **3.** esp. se n., make oneself acceptable (to), ingratiate oneself (with), pay one's court (to), quomodo autem se venditatur (optimatus) Caesaris? *Cic. Att.* 8, 16, 1; horum quibus te venditabas, *Sull.* 32; (Appian) per illos se plebi venditare, *Liv.* 3, 35, 5; senatus se litteris venditans, *Vell.* 2, 63, 3.

**venditor, ōris, m.** [*vend-*] seller, *Cic. off.* 3, 51; *Varr.* *r.* 3, 5, 6.

**venditr-ix, icis, f.** [*venditor*] seller, *Scaev.* *dig.* 18, 3, 8.

**vendo, d're, didi, ditum, vb.** [=ueno, wh. see. +do] lit. put in the window (for sale), hence sell, Iuraisti te illam nulli venditurum nisi mihi, *Pl.* *Ps.* 1, 3, 118; quidam apud forum praesente festibus mihi vendidit, *Pomp.* 168 R; si ubertas in percipiendi fructibus fuit, consequitur utilitas in vendendis, *Cic. Verr.* 2, 3, 227; **2.** in certain phrases, with a gerund understood (=locare), farm out, decimas frumenti (se. exiendas) lege Hieronica vendidit, *Cic. Verr.* 2, 3, 123; ubi illa consuetudo in praediis vendendis omnium consulum, *ib.* 2, 1, 142; cf. *Gai.* 3, 145, 146;

**3.** met. show off to advantage, set off, puff up, Licariam (orationem) praeculare vendidisti; postquam quidquid scripsero, tibi praeconium deferam, *Cic. Att.* 13, 12, 2; Si nersus paulo concinnior unus et adfer, impute totum ducit venditque poema; *Hor.* *ep.* 2, 1, 75; pumpe vendit Caudicium, vendunt amethystina, *Iuv.* 7, 135; **4.** a passive venditur, vendi, not found in Latin writers before *Ulp.* and *Paul.*; cf. *Lachmann Mus. Rhein.* 3, 613 and ad *Lucr.* 2.

S29; nēnre serving for them. Cf. perdo, perco:

5. still a perf. part. (as peritūsus) uenditū, cum constet negotiatū eius ex empto et uendito, Sen. ben. 6, 38, 2.

**uēnēficā**, see ueneficus.

**uēnēficiolūm**, i, n. dim. ueneficus, ueneficium, not. Tir. 134.

**uēnēficiūm**, ii, n. [uenefico-adj.] strictly the preparation of poisonous drugs; but also the use of magical arts or sorcery in general, for the two were classed together, neque de ueneficiis ante eam diem Romae quaesitum est, Liv. 8, 18, 11; liberos eius sescenti sunt qui de ueneficiis accusabant, Cic. Rose. Am. 90; ueneficii reos detulerat ad principem, Plin. ep. 7, 6, 8; subito totum causam oblitus est, idque ueneficiis et cantionibus Titinniae factum esse dicebat, Cic. Brut. 217; durat persuasio ueneficiis et herbis id (sc. solis lunaeque defectum) eogn, Plin. 25, 10; Chresimus in invidia magna erat, cum fruges alienas perliceret ueneficiis (but producing his splendid plant, slaves, oxen), postea dixit: Veneficia mea Quirites haec sunt, 18, 42.

**uēnēficius**, adj. [for uenefic-ue] lit. drug-making, and so not absolutely one with magical: thus Pliny speaking of magic in general: proinde ita persuasum sit, inane esse, habentem tamen quasdam veritatis umbras, sed in his ueneficis artis pollore, non magis, 30, 17: 2. of magic or sorcery, magical, Concepit illa preces et uerba uenefica dicit, Ov. M. 14, 365; 3. as sb. m. and f. a sorcerer or wizard, a sorceress or witch; quis tota Italia ueneficus, quis gladiator...? Cic. Cat. 2, 7; cum uenefici cuiusdam nomen esset delatum, inu. 2, 58; Barbara narratur uenisse uenefica tecum, Ov. her. 6, 19; 4. as a term of abuse, etiam dicitis ubi, uenefice? Pl. Pers. 2, 4, 7; Th. Quid ais, uenefica? P. Atqui certo comperi, Ter. Eun. 5, 1, 9.

**Venetius**, ii, m. a gentle name, CIL 780, 785.

**uēnēficiārius**, adj. m. as sb. [uenerum] a dealer in poisons, Suet. Ner. 33; Tert. pud. 5, med.

**uēnēficiātus**, part. see ueneno; as adj. poisonous, venomous, colubris, Lucr. 5, 27; deutibus, Ov. her. 12, 95—hence comp., nihil est usquam uenocatus quam in mari pastinaca, Plin. 32, 25; sup., uipera uenocatisima, Tert. bapt. 1; 2. as sb. m. a dyed garment, the official saffron robe of a flaminica, (flaminica dialis) uenocato operitur, Masur. Sab. ap. Gell. 10, 15, 27; ueteri iure praecceptum est ut flaminica uenocato operata sit, Serv. ad A. 4, 137; cf. eund. ad A. 12, 602.

**uēnēfī-fer**, era, erum, adj. poison-bearing, venomous, palato, Ov. M. 3, 85.

**uēnēfō**, āre, vb. [uenerum] drug, hence first poison, ut spatium caeli quadam de parte uenocet, Lucr. 6, 820, of the Avernus; pantheras quae uenocata carne caperentur, Cic. N. D. 2, 126; Nec uenocatis grauida sagittis Fusce pharetra, Hor. od. 1, 22, 3; 2. dye, iam tonsiles tapetes ebrii fuco, quos concha purpura imbuens uenocant, Cn. Mat. ap. Gell. 20, 9, 3; see uenocatus § 2.

**uēnēfōsus**, adj. [id.] poisonous, herba, Aug. de gen. S. 13.

**uēnēfūm**, i, n. [?] a liquid or juice, potent for good or evil, = *φάρμακον*, qui uenenum dicit adicere debet, malum an bonum sit; nam et medicamenta uenena sunt, quia eo nomine omne continetur quod adhibetur eius naturam qui adhibetur est mutata, Gai. dig. 50, 16, 236; qui u. malum fecit fecerit, lex de ueneficiis ap. Cic. Clu. 148; auaritia quasi uenenis malis imbuta corpus animique uirilem infrenat, Sal. Cat. 11, 3; 2. absol. poison, Oppiani cum ueneno uocatum esse quod ei datum sit in pane, Cic. Clu. 100; Quid hoc uenēfi saeuit in praecordis? Hor. epod. 3, 5; Vectora felle nirent, lingua est suffusa ueneno, Ov. M. 2, 777 of Inuidia; 3. met., tribuni plebem agitare suo ueneno, agraria lege, Liv. 2, 52, 2; Caesio Aquinos Suffrago, omnia colligam uenena, Catul. 14, 19; 4. a drug, as a magical charm, quae metum ueneni flexit socium pectora, Pacuv. 401 R; Item ut Medea Peliam concoxisset, Quem medicamento et suis uenenis dicitur Fecisse rursus ex senae adulescentulum, Pl. Ps. 3, 2, 81; and met., Aetas et corpus tenerum et morigeratio, Haec sunt uenena formosarum mulierum, Afran. 382 R; 5. a drug, as a dye, in

poets, Alba nec Assyrio fneatur lana ueneno, Verg. G. 2, 465; Lina Tarentino uicolas imitata ueneno, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 207; 6. perh. from ner pour; see nergo, and for change of liquid uenocor.

**uēnēo**, ire, ii, itum, vb. irr. [uenum, wh. see, + eo] lit. go into the window, be exposed (for sale); hence be offered for sale, Adulescens, quibus hic pretis porci uenenti Saecres suerit? Pl. Men. 2, 2, 15—how much do they ask for...? mancipia ueniant Saturnalibus tertitis, Cic. Att. 5, 20, 5; Non pudet, hie Superi! populos uenire sub hasta? Claud. in Eutr. 1, 210; 2. be sold, qui ager publice non ueniet (sic), dare reddere commutaturae liceto, lex agr. 58; (sei is) ager locus, qui ei emptus fuerit, publice ueniet... ib. 65; ei mandasti cui expedit illud uenire quam plurimo, Cic. fam. 7, 2, 1; cogis eos plus lueri addere, quam quanti uenerant eum magno uenissent, Verr. 2, 3, 89; Corruptus uanis rerum, quia ueniat auro Rara auis, Hor. s. 2, 2, 25; 3. as a pass., egone illi uenear (uenēam)? Pl. ap. Diom. 365, 401; id melius emittit quam uenit (P. uenit), Titian. de agr. ib.; hoc m. (monumentum) uenit ueniri uenit donari, inser. Or. 4388;

4. uenitum with a short penult Prise. 907, 44 seems to sanction as seculum analogum; 5. uenēo preferred by some to ueneco; so Ritschl Pl. Men. 2, 2, 15, but against the MSS. In CIL 16 times with a mere e in ueneco etc. and uenum, never ae.

**uēnērābilis**, e, adj. [uenera-vb. r.] lit. worthy to be worshipped, uenerabilis uir miraculo litterarum, uenerabilior diuinitati matris, Liv. 1, 7, 8; Ante larem gustet uenerabilior lares diues, Hor. s. 2, 5, 14; donum, Verg. 6, 408; ego uero omnem eloquentiam omnesque eius partes sacras et uenerabiles puto, Tac. dial. 10; 2. act. worshipping, devout, quanto nostrae ciuitatis uenerabilior in deos, Val. M. 1, 1, 15; uenerabilibus erga deos uerbis, 2, 4, ext. 4; 3. adv. uenerabiliter, Macr. s. 7, 11, 10; Val. M. 5, 1, ext. 5.

**uēnērābundus**, part. frq. devoutly worshipping, Liv. 5, 22, 4 and 41, 8; Suet. Cal. 5.

**Vēnērālis**, adj. n. pl. festival of Venus, Kal. Apr. Veneralia, Vet. Kul. ap. Graev. 8, 98; τὰν Οὐρεπάρων εορτήν, Plut. Q. Rom.

**uēnērāndus**, part. of uenere; 2. as adj. deserving to be worshipped, non eos (maiores nostros) in deorum numero uenandos putatis? Cic. agr. 2, 95; uenerande puer, Verg. 9, 275; 3. with a gen., sepius uenerande, Sil. 16, 249; 6, 574; 4. uenandissimus, a title of emperors, inser. Crut. 209, 2; Paul. Nol. ep. 38, 3.

**uēnērānter**, adv. [implies an adj. uenerans] devoutly, Tert. de ind. Dom. 184; Sedul. 5, 432.

**uēnērārius**, adj. of Venus, res. u., Petr. fr. frag. 61.

**uēnērātiō**, ōnis, f. first worshipping, worship, religious veneration, habet enim uenerationem iustam quidquid excolit, Cic. N. D. 1, 45; solis ac lunae, Plin. 8, 1;

2. pass., the being worshipped or held in religious veneration, annum tertium et octogentesimum excessit (Verginius Rufus) in altissima tranquillitate, pari ueneratione, Plin. ep. 2, 1, 4; (amici Alexandri) eius uenerationis erant, ut singulos reges putares, Just. 13, 1, 10.

**uēnērātus**, part. of uenere and uenecor.

**Vēnēr-eus**, see Venerius.

**Vēnērīus**, adj. or sb. m. [Venerius] a cognomen of adoption, Treb. Poll. 13, 7.

**Vēnērīfāgā**, m. one who flies from Venus—so Lachmann (lect. Berol. aet. 1848, 3) in place of

**Vēnērīuāgus**? adj. Spatule euraui omnes pueros ueneriuga, Varr. s. 164, 5 R.

**Vēnēr-ius**, rather than Vener-eus, adj. of Venus, Si te saluam hinc amittimus Venerium nepotulum, Pl. Mil. 5, 20; in nuptiata Venerio, 3, 1, 55; V. nuptiates, Cic. Tusc. 4, 68; cum quidam quaereret utereturne uenis Veneris, seu. 47; balneum V., inser. Pompe. ap. Rosin. 63, tab. 4; 2. esp. V. seruos, a slave attached to the temple of Venus in Eryx, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 50 and absol. 2, 2, 92; so of a freed slave, inser. Or. 3018; 3. as sb. m. (sc. uictus) a throw of four dice where all differed, Quattuor tali iacti casu Venerium effluunt; nam etiam centum Veneris, si quadringsenti casus ieceris, casus futuros putat? Cic. diu. 1.



23; so 2, 48 and 121; 4. V. pira, a kind of pear, also called colorata, Plin. 15, 56; Colum. 5, 10, 18 and 12, 10, 4; 2. as sb. f. (see concha) the Nautilus shell, nautilus venerea, praebentesque conchae sui (so s. b. not sibi) partem et aurae opposites per summa aequorum nedi- fiant, Plin. 6, 103; 5. Colonia Venuria Cornelia, a title of Pompeii as having a colony founded there by Sulla, CIL 1252.

**uēnērō**, āre uenērō, wh. see.  
**uēnērōr**, āri, vrb. r. [VENUS; see § 5] worship, adore, quos (deos) amiste omnes sancteque uenērāmur, Cic. N. D. 3, 53; non solum id (simulacrum) uenērui, uerum etiam osculari solent, Verr. 2, 4, 94; Te (Augustum) caede gaudentes Sugambri Compositis uenērātur armis, Hor. od. 4, 14, 52; 2. beyond the ordinary sphere of religion, Et modo nobiscum quos sum uenēratur amici loquor, Ov. Pont. 1, 2, 51; mariti memineri uenērari, Tac. Agr. 46; 3. with the added notion of prayer, and so with ut, or a neuter acc., put up a prayer to, pray, (Quisquis) deus est, uenōr ut nos ex hac uermuna eximat, Pl. Rud. 1, 4, 36; qui multa deos uenērati sint contra cinis salutem, Caecina ap. Cic. fam. 6, 7, 2; si uenōr stultus nihil bonum, Hor. s. 2, 6, 8; 4. as a proverb, dixisti me aereum facere e cleonem lapideum e sepulchro uenērari pro deo, Cic. Plane. 95; 5. as a priest of Dionysus at times assumed the character of Bacchus, whence bacchari, so uenērari may at first have signified to play the part of Venus.

**uēnēr-ōsus**, adj. lascivious = ἀφροδισιαστής, Gloss.  
**Vēnētia**, ae, f. [Veneto-adj.] the country of the Veneti, Liv. 39, 22, 6; Plin. 3, 126.  
**Vēnētī-ānus**, adj. m. as sb. a favour of the Blue faction, factio Veneta, in the Circus, Victoria Venetianorum constat felicitate, Inscr. Grut. 1075, 9; cf. Marini, Inscr. frat. arv. 582; multas a Venetiis est passus iniurias, quod turpissime contra eos faueret, Capit. Verr. 6, 2.  
**Vēnēticus**, adj. first of the Veneti in Italy, insulae, Plin. 4, 109; 2. of the Veneti in Gallia, bellum, Caes. b. g. 3, 18, 6 and 4, 21, 4.  
**Vēnetulani**, m. pl. the inhabitants of an old city of Latium, Plin. 3, 99.  
**Vēnētus**, adj. of Venetia, terrae, Mart. 13, 88, 1; Eridanus, Prop. 1, 12, 4; lutum, Mart. 3, 74, 4, a cosmetic; 2. Veneti, a people at the north of the Hadria, Venetos Troiana stirpe ortos auctor est Cato, Plin. 3, 130; cf. Liv. 1, 1, 3; 3. a people of Gallia Lugdunensis, capital Duriobriges, aff. Veneti, now Vannes, Caes. b. g. 3, 7, 4; Plin. 4, 107; 4. u. color, a sort of blue, colore ueneto qui est marinis fluctibus similis, Veg. mil. 4, 37; cucullus, Liv. 3, 170; pisces quasi in marina aqua cum colore suo eoctos conditura Veneta comedit, Laup. Flag. 24; 5. hence Veneta factio, the Blue party in the races of the Circus, quosdam de plebe quod Venetae factioni maledixerant interemit, Suet. Vit. 14; De prasino conuina meus uenētōque loquatur, Mart. 10, 48, 23; add 6, 40, 1; 14, 131, 1; 6. laeus V., blue lake, name of the Lake of Constance, Mela, 3, 2, 8; 7. a cognomen, A. Vettius C. I. Venetus, Inscr. Labusi Gazz. di Venez. 1829, 272; 8. Veneta, of a woman, Inscr. Mur. 1370, 4.

**uēnia**, ae, f. [bono-adj.; cf. bene] a kindly feeling, esp. as shown in a readiness to look over faults, habent alii quoque comici, si cum uenia leguntur, quoniam quae possis decerpere, Quint. 10, 1, 72; nullo illud nepenthes obliuionem tristitiae ueniamque afferens, Plin. 25, 12; referring to Ods. 4, 224; 2. esp. in the phrases, bona uenia, cum bona uenia, uenia tua, often in a parenthesis, Adulescens primum abs te hoc bona uenia peto, Ter. Ph. 2, 3, 31; bona uenia me audies, Cic. N. D. 1, 59; add or. 1, 242; exponere quid sentirent, cum bona uenia se audireturum, Liv. 29, 1, 7; Calue tua uenia, pace Catulle tua, Prop. 3, 17, 4; 3. hence pardon, forgiveness, cuius errato nulla uenia, recte facta exigua laus propouitur, Cic. agr. 2, 5; ceteris si errorem suum deposuerint ueniam et impunitatem dandum puto, Phil. 8, 32; 4. an act of kindness, a favour, Set ueniam mihi quam grauate dedit pater de Crusalo! Pl. Bac. 3, 6, 3; D. Da ueniam. Ae. Ne

gratere, Ter. Ad. 5, 8, 19; quaeuo a uobis ut in hac causis mihi detis hanc ueniam, ut... Cic. Arch. 3; praecumbunt Gallis ne urbem suis manibus succedere cogerentur; datur iustitibus uenia, Caes. b. g. 7, 15, 4; Extremam hanc oro ueniam, miserece sororis, Verg. 4, 435; 5. hence in Christian writers, the short prayer, in passing a holy spot, Ingresso sanctissimam istam ciuitatem praefanda uenia est, Apul. flor. init.

**uēniābilis**, e, adj. [impies a vb. uenia-] pardonable, uenial, Sidor. ep. 9, 1; Prind. Ham. 943.  
**uēniālis**, e, adj. [uenia sb.] the same, Maer. s. 7, 16, 5; Sidor. ep. 1, 11; a. pacem, with pardon, Anm. 28, 5, 3; 5.  
**ueniculus**, see ueniculus.

**Vēnilia**, ae, f. a nymph, wife of Faunus, Turnum, Cui Pilumnus auus, cui diua Venilia mater, Verg. 10, 75; 2. wife of Anus, Ov. M. 14, 334; 3. Venilia unda est quae ad litus uenit, Varr. ap. Aug. e. D. 7, 22.

**uēnio**, īre, uēni, uenitum, vb. come. Nunc quoniam iussu uenio et quomolrem uenerim dicam, Pl. Amph. pr. 17; cupio te ad me uenire, Cic. fam. 16, 10, 1; esp. with the sense of reaching, arrive, go (to), inus, uenimus, uidentur, Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 51; Nisi eo ad mercurium uenio, damnum maximum est, Ad. 2, 2, 23; nam illo si ueneris tanquam Ulysses, cognoscere tuorum neminem, Cic. fam. 1, 10, 1; 2. with acc. of towns, domum, rus, etc.; and in poets of other words, Latiniāque uenit Littora, Verg. 1, 2; tu multa antiquae Cereris sedemque sacratam uenimus, 2, 742; 3. with supine, neque te derisum uenio, Pl. Aut. 2, 2, 46; uenisse eam tibi tot derisum uiam gratulatum, Cic. Phil. 2, 61; 4. rarely with inf., and only in old writers, poets, aurum petere hinc ueniat, Pl. Bac. 4, 3, 18; Non nos aut fero Libyces populare penatis uenimus, aut raptas ad littora uertere praedas, Verg. 1, 527; Vos Scythiae saturare caenas, Scythiaque uolueris huc miseri uenistis, Val. F. 6, 643; 5. of fruit, come, be produced, Hic segetes, illic ueniant felices uuae, Verg. 1, 54; Nam quae aliae (arbores), nullis hominum cogentibus, ipsae Sponte sua ueniunt, 2, 11; 6. of property, come (to me), neque emisti (equum) neque hereditate uenit, Cic. inu. 1, 84; maior hereditas unicuique nostrum uenit in isdem bonis a iure quam ab his a quibus illa ipsa bona nobis relicta sunt, Caecin. 74; 7. appear in court as an advocate, come forward, contra rem suam uenisse me nescio quando quæstus est, Cic. Phil. 2, 3; ne contra amici summam existimationem miserrime casu tempore uenirem, Att. 1, 1, 4; 8. fit into, horum pedum nullus non in orationem uenit, Quint. 9, 4, 87; 9. with in and acc. come into, as in becum, in mentem, see bucca;

10. esp. pass into a new state, become the subject of, fall under, in contentione, Cic. diu. 2, 129; in discri-men, Rose. Am. 16; in dubium, Liv. 3, 13, 7; in religionem, Cic. N. D. 2, 10; in sup-picionem, Caes. b. g. 6, 10, 3; 11. or with nom. of agent, enter (into), begin (to), in sermonem, begin to talk (about), Cic. fam. 3, 5, 3; in specm. or. 2, 217; 12. of time, come, Eandem uitentem istam ueniet tempus cum grauitur gemas, trag. inc. 116 R; esp. in the part. ueniens, coming, future, non enim sumus omnino sine cura ueniens anni, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 4, 4; exemplo trahenti Periculis ueniens in acuum, Hor. od. 3, 5, 15; 13. as also the fut. part., uenturūque ueniens ueni, Verg. 8, 627; and in the neut. as, taciti ueniens uidebant, 2, 125; uates, Praescia uenturi, 6, 66; 14. as pass, impers., esse ut uenitum gaudeam, Pl. Cure. 2, 3, 37; hac una spe ad indicium uenit, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 74; ueniri ad se existi-mantes ad arma conelamant, Caes. b. g. 7, 70, 6; 15. uenibo as fut., Pomp. 65 R; 16. that uen is the root of uen-i is shown by the forms ueni-ueniam, by such forms as the compound uenat; and this uen=quim of Gothic quim-an, Eng. come. Cf. Germ. be-quer=con-uen of conueniens and our becom-ing.

**uēnitur**, see uenō § 3.  
**Vēno**, ōnis, m. a cognomen, as L. Plautius V. (al. Venox), Liv. 9, 20, 1; Inscr. Grut. 291.  
**Vēnōnūs**, ū, m. a gentile name, Cic. Att. 12, 3, 1; leg. 1, 6.  
**uēnōr**, āri, vrb. r. [?] hunt, hunt after, chase; de pan-

theris per eos qui uenari solent, agitur diligenter, Cic. fam. 2, 11, 2; quo me in siluam uenatum uocas? Pl. Men. 5, 2, 82; Et canibus leporem, canibus uenabere damas, Verg. G. 3, 410; **2.** of fishing, expecto ut aliquis in mari uenetur, Sen. N. Q. 3, 17, 1; fugientis uim mari piscis circa turgula (Chanci) uenatur, Plin. 16, 3; **3.** met., uiduas, Hor. ep. 1, 1, 78; suffragia, 1, 19, 37; landem, ad Her. 4, 3, 5; uiros, Plaut. 4, 5, 4; **4.** as pass., uenior conspita, undique uenor, Enn. tr. 335 V; cf. Prise. 704, 7; **5.** uenari stands for fena-ri and so = *θηρὰ εἰδὼς*, for Lat. f = *θ* (see f) and n at times corresponds to p, as in moenia, munia, compared with murus, *μῦρος*, *μεινός*.

**uēnōsus**, adj. [uēna] full of veins, veiny; renes, Cels. 4, p. 121, 22 D; folia, Plin. 18, 58; zamaragdi, 37, 72; **2.** met., liber, Pers. 1, 75.

**Vēnox**, ōcis, m. [uēna] a cognomen, as of C. Plantius, who as censor (a. n. c. 442) with App. Claudius brought the Aqua Claudia to Rome, Frontin. ap. 1, 5; fast. Grut. 201.

**uent-er**, tris, m. [?] belly, equas docet esse clunibus ac uentribus latis, Varr. r. 2, 7, 4; nonnunquam uenter icu perforatur, ut intestina euoluantur, Cels. 7, p. 293, 1 D; cf. Plin. 11, 207; **2.** = uentriculus, the stomach, subest uenter stomachum (i.e. the oesophagus) habentibus, ceteris simplex, ruminantibus genibus, Plin. 11, 190; uentris duo sunt officia, quorum superior recipit deuorata et in follem uentris recondit, inferior demissum intestinis inseritur, Macr. s. 7, 4, 17; **3.** but the two meanings are commonly confounded, hence belly, as seat of hunger, Proin in toi cotidiani uicti uentrem ad me adferas, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 75; Quicquid quaesierat uentri donabat anaro, Hor. ep. 1, 15, 32; **4.** the belly, with esp. reference to the womb, Vt sua matris complemit tempora uenter, Nascentur Antioyeni, Ov. M. 11, 311; homines in uentre necandos Conducit, Ov. 6, 595; esp. in phrase, uentrem ferre, be pregnant, ignorans uirum uentrem ferre, Liv. 1, 34, 3; equa uentrem fert duodecim menses, uacca decem, Varr. r. 2, 1, 19; hence the legal phrases, uentrem inspicere, custodire, in possessionem mittere etc., Ulp. dig. 25, 4, 10; 37, 9, 8 and 9; 5, 4, 3; see Dirksen's Manuale v. uenter; **5.** met. of anything w. bellies out, as of a cucumbers, Verg. G. 4, 121; of a gourd, Prop. 5, 2, 43; of a flagon, Iuv. 12, 60; of an aqueduct, Vitr. 8, 7; **6.** uentrem facere, of a wall, bulge out, Ulp. 8, 5, 17; but in Verg. net. 3, 57 = uentrem exonerare; **7.** net. of uent-er, having an excrement t, = *γεν- of τῆ γεν- of Callimachus* = *γεν- (ep-)*, and *γεν- (ep-)* of Hesych.; = Germ. wamme and wampe, our womb, and Scotch wamb; which last is used of belly generally.

**Ventidiānus**, adj. of Ventidius, Cic. ap. Non. 62.

**Ventidius**, m. a gentle name, D. Brut. ap. Cic. fam. 11, 9, 1; P. Ventidius Bassus, Gell. 15, 4, 2.

**uentigēsus**? but in Lucr. 6, 701 Lachmann has uertice enim, not uentigeni.

**uentilābrum**, i, n. [uentila- vb.] a winnowing shovel, Colum. 2, 10, 14; Prud. apoth. praef. 53.

**uentilatio**, ōnis, f. exposure to wind, airing, Plin. 23, 10.

**uentilator**, ōris, m. one who winnows grain = a winnower, Colum. 2, 10, 14; **2.** a juggler, as affecting to toss things away with an *exeraea* or with a puff of breath, quo constant miracula illa in scenis phalarium ac uentilatorum, ut ea quae miserint ultro uenire in manus credas et qua (quo?) inuentur deuenire, Quint. 10, 7, 11; tu uentilator urbis et uulgi leuis Procella, Prud. *stroph.* 10, 78.

**uent-iō**, āre, vb. dim. frag. [uent-o m.] blow gently upon, quietly blow upon, fan, Vt cum populeas uentilat aura comas, Ov. am. 1, 7, 54; aestate apertis foribus atque etiam aliquo uentilante cubabat, Suet. Aug. 82; roseis panonum alas, Claud. Entr. 1, 108; Ventilat aestuum digitis sulcantis aurum, Iuv. 1, 28; **2.** expose to the wind, air (but not winnow), oleas in aeris incitando, Varr. r. 1, 55, 6; exose fruges in horro uentilatur et quasi refrigerantur, Colum. 1, 6, 16; uinum, 12, 30, 1; frumenta ac legumina, Plin. 18, 322; **3.** met., aures manu mea, give the quincas an airing by turning them over, Apul. M. 2, p. 126; nomen tuum pro tribunalius, id. apol. p. 337; prisca monumenta, Symmach. Valent. 2; **4.** fan (a flame),

incendia, Sil. 17, 507; met., Hanc Venus ut uiuat uentilit ipsa facem, Prop. 5, 3, 50; so, Vixne adeo orba fuit illa contio ut princeps principum esset Maecandrus isis lingua quasi fabello seditiois illa tum esset egentium contio uentilata, Cic. Flae. 34; **5.** of gladiators, spar, or fight with weapons against the air, as opposed to real fighting, quam stultum est cum signum pugnae acceperis, uentilare; remone ista lusoria arma, decretoribus opus est, Sen. ep. 117, 25; aliud est pugnare, aliud uentilare, Sen. cont. 3 pr.; cf. Mart. 5, 31, 4; **6.** conjure away, see uentilator § 2, magis artibus uitas insontium et manibus aciculis uentilare, Imp. Constant. col. 9, 18, 6 and cod. Th. 9, 16, 5; **II 7.** with a cogn. acc., Et ac-tuanti tempe uentilat frigida Supina prasino conuenibina fabello, Mart. 3, 82, 10; **8.** as vb. r. uersare se et alio atque alio positu uentilari, air himself, cool himself, Sen. tranq. 2, 12.

**uentio**, ōnis, f. [uen- of ueni- vb.] coming, quid tibi huc uentio est? Pl. Truc. 2, 7, 61, what business have you here?

**uent-ito**, āre, vb. frag. [uen- with excrement t] be in the habit of coming or going, resort, multum ad eos mercatores, Caes. b. g. 4, 3, 3; in castra, 4, 32, 1; domum, Cic. fam. 11, 27, 5.

**uent-o**? In Varr. s. 132, 1 Riese has cum illo uenio, not uento; uentabant dicebant antiqui unde praepositione adiecta fit aduentabant, Paul. ex Fest. 377.

**uentōsē**, see

**uentōsus**, adj. [uento- m.] full of wind, windy, uentosissima regio inter Cycladas Delos, Liv. 36, 43, 1; mare, Hor. od. 3, 4, 45; folliis, Verg. 8, 440; **2.** met., an tibi Maiores Ventosa in lingua pedibusque fugacibus istis Semper erit? Verg. 11, 390; gloria, 11, 708; homo uentosissimus, Brut. ap. Cic. fam. 11, 9, 1; Tu lenis es multoque tuis uentiosior alis, Ov. am. 2, 9, 49; **3.** u. cucurbita, or uentosa absol., a cupping gourd, a cupping glass, Iam pridem caput hoc uentosa cucurbita quaerat, Iuv. 14, 58; scapulis cucurbitas uentosas imponimus, Theod. Prisc. 2, 2, 16; uentios admotis inclinatione matricis occurrerem, id. 3, 2; **4.** hence Fer. uentose.

**uent-ālis**, e, adj. [uenter] of the stomach, Macr. s. 7, 8, 8; **2.** of the stomach, ventral; hence uentrale as sb. n., a belly-band or belt, Plin. 8, 193; one use of which was to carry money, as with modern gold-diggers, nummulos in uentrali, Ulp. dig. 48, 20, 6.

**uentri-cōla**, ae, sb. one who worships his belly, Aug. ep. 80 med.

**uentriculatio**, ōnis, f. pain in the stomach or belly, Cacl. Aur. acut. 3, 17, 143.

**uentriculōsus**, adj. of the stomach or belly, passio, Cacl. Aur. tard. 4, 3, 48.

**uentriculus**, i, m. dim. the stomach, u. qui receptaculum cibi est constat ex duobus tergoribus; isque inter lienem et icur positus est, Cels. 4, p. 121, 26 D and 5, p. 188, 20; Plin. in 11, 199 speaks of the stomach as uenter; and then in § 200 has: ab hoc uentriculo lactes in homine per quas habuit cibis; **2.** the belly gen., plana omnia dias infra uentriculum, Iuv. 3, 96; **3.** ventricle of the heart, ex eaque (anima) pars redditur respirando, pars concipitur coris parte quadam, quem uentriculum cordis appellant, qui similis alter adiectus est, Cic. N. D. 2, 18.

**uentridus**, adj. purgative, Cacl. Aur. tard. 1, 4, 134.

**uentrigo**, āre, vb. [uenter, ag] = uentrem facio or exono, Plin. Val. 1, 2 med.

**uentri-lōqus**, ōnis, m. as sb. a belly-speaker, i.e. one who affects to have a demon in the stomach and through him to prophesy, Tert. adu. Marc. 4, 25; Hieron. Isai. 3, 8, 20; Isid. Gloss.

**Ventr-iō**, ōnis, m. dim. a cognomen, L. Ouidio L. f. Scr. Ventriōnis, inser. Mur. 830, 2.

**uentri-ōsus**, adj. bell-bellied, pot-bellied, Canum, uarum, uentriosum, bucentulum, breuicolum, Pl. Merc. 3, 4, 54; add As. 2, 30.

**uentrōsūs**? (al. and better, uentrosus) adj. the same, u. dolia, Plin. 14, 134.

**uentūlus**, i, m. dim. [uento] a little wind or air, as in fanning, nolo equidem mihi Fieri uentulum, Pl. Cure. 2, 3,

37; Cape hoc flabellum et ventulum huic sic facito dum laumans, Ter. Eun. 3, 5, 47.

**uent-us**, *i*, *m*. [see below] wind, Quoius deturbant lectum et bēnas, Pl. Rud. pr. 78; effluens (aer) huc et illic ventos efficit, Cie. N. D. 2, 101; 2. with a qualifying noun in appos., Exoritur ventus turbo; spectacula ibi mont, Pl. Cure. 5, 2, 47; septemtriones uenti, Cie. Att. 9, 6, 3; Conus uentus, Caes. b. g. 5, 7, 3; 3. the four leading winds are Septentrio, Subsolanus, Austus, Favonius, Cels. 2, p. 28, 11 D; corresponding to the Greek Boreas, Eurus, Notus, Zephyrus, see Ov. tr. 1, 2, 27; M. 1, 60; hence Lucr. 6, 1111; Quattuor a uentis et caeli partibus; 4. the winds regarded as gods, Te Apollo sancte per opem teque omnipotens Neptune inuoco Vosque adeo uenti, Timp. 119 R; meritis aris maerant honores, Nigram hū nū pcedum, Zephyris fclidicis albam, Verg. 3, 120; 5. met., alios ego uidi uentos, alias prospici animo procellas, Cie. Pis. 21; quid si etiam Caesarem, cum nunc uenti ualde sunt secundi, reddo meliorem? Att. 2, 1, 6; intelligimus in istis subscriptionibus uentum quendam popularem esse quaesitum, Clu. 130; see aura popularis s. v. aura § 14; qui omnes rumorum et contumion uentos colligere consuescit, ille and changeable reports, id. 77;

6. the wind, as carrying away words, so that they are not heard or are forgotten, Expediam: tu fac ne uentis uerba profundam, Lucr. 4, 931; Quae uenta acri discerpunt inrita uenti, Catul. 64, 142; cf. Verg. 10, 652; Hor. od. 1, 20, 1; Ov. her. 2, 25; 7. met., of thin clothing, Aequum est induere uentum uentum textilem, palam prostare nudam in nebula linea? ap. Petr. 55 l.; 8. uent-o from a root uen with exerescent l. This uen=nam of uano=, =win of Eng. winn-ow and Sc. winn-ock; also Eng. wind, sb., wind in the sense of smell. In Skr. uan takes the two forms an 'blow' and uia 'blow'; of which an appears in *ar-uo-*, *animo*, *anima*, and the Germ. *es* *ahn*-et *mī* I wind it, and in of *in*-k-l-ing. Also with a *th* in place of *n*, as Germ. *witt*-en to smell, *wett*-er, our weather, Germ. *ath*-en (=anima), and *ar-uo-*. In *a-ep* (*o. aep*) and the redupl. *a-η-η* only a vowel is preserved. See also uenūm.

**uēnūcūlus**, *adj.* [?] *u*, una a kind of grape, uenūcūla comenit ollis, Hor. s. 2, 4, 71; uuae u. quas antiqui in uasis condebant, Colum. 12, 43 med.; u. ollis aptissima, Plin. 14, 34.

**uēnūla**, *ae*, *f*, dim., a little vein, Cels. 2, p. 36, 15 D; met., Quint. 12, 10, 25.

**Venuleius**, *m*, a name or cognomen, as Q. Claudius V. Saturninus, the lawyer, dig. 42, 8, 1, 25 etc.

**Venulus**, *m*, a cognomen, as of A. Firminus Venulus, inser. Maif. 476, 8.

**uenum** an accusative from a sb. uenū- or uenō-; there is also a dat. uenūi and uenū, lit. a window, whence uenūm-dare to put into the window, and so sell or offer for sale (see uenundō); also uenūm ire to go into the window, he offered for sale, be sold (see uenō), sei quōd dōmū dātūm erit, uti liceat oī uenūm dāre ubi uenūm dātūm erit id profanum esto, CIL 603; Dēfōs uenūm pecūs egi, inde ad stabula haec itiner cōtūti, Pac. 121 R; ut eīnī familiā ad aedem Cereris uenūm iret, Liv. 3, 55, 7; pilatos seruos uenūm solitos ire, Gell. 6, 4, 1; postquam fodera pacis Cognita Petrole seque et sua tradidit uenūm Castra nūdit, Lucan. 4, 206; Vēnūm cūctā dāri, Claud. Ruf. 1, 178; Omnes pānititū pretiū uenūmque redibit, Dum uenūi potuit, id. Eutr. 1, 37; 2. uenō as dat., lit. in the window, hence for sale, posita uenū irritamenta luxūi, offer for sale, Tac. an. 14, 15; edixit ut immunitas seruaretur, nisi in iis quae uenō exerceant, what they dealt with as traders, ib. 13, 51; 3. uenūi as dat., the same, rogantū habere ne uenūi lacte, Apul. M. 8, p. 210; cātherium uenūi subicere, offer for sale, S. p. 221; 4. uē-nū- or uē-nō=our window, Sc. winn-ock. See uenūsus § 8. The suffix *u* or *ow* of these words either the dim. suffix or *oe* 'eye.' Comp. os *ir* first mouth, then door.

**uēnūn-dātio**, *ōnis*, *f*, sale, *u*, = *πρᾶσις*, Gloss. Cyrill.

**uēnūn-dō**, or uenūm-dō, *dāre*, *dēdi*, *dātum*, *vb*. [see uenūn-] lit. put into the window, and so offer for sale, put up for sale; donec sententia Dolabellae uenundaretur

(quae-tura), Tac. an. 11, 22 f.; 2. hence be sold; Numidia puberes interfecit, alii omnes uenundati, Sal. Ing. 91, 6; per commercia uenundatos, Tac. Agr. 28 f.; Tuque o Minoa uenundata Scylla fagora, Prop. 4, 18, 21.

**Vēnūs**, *cris*, *f*. [?] Venus, goddess of love, daughter of Caelum and Dies, or of Iuppiter and Diana, etc., Cie. N. D. 3, 59; Sic Vēnūs, et Veneris contra sic filius orsus, Verg. 1, 325; alma Vēnūs, Lucr. 1, 2; 2. -A-stūte, and so connected with Phoenician colonies and the sea, O Venus regina Cnidi Paphlague, Hor. od. 1, 30, 1; Veneri Erycinæ, Cie. Ver. 2, 2, 21; Lactum marinae qui Veneris latus Custodit, Hor. od. 3, 26, 5; 3. love, res uenera, Frigidus in uenerem senior, Verg. G. 3, 97; infida radix inhibet uenerem, Plin. 26, 94; cf. Verg. G. 3, 137;

4. as a term of endearment, Venus, love; Parta meae Veneri sunt munera, Verg. B. 3, 68; hinc ut a cognomen, Caesiae Veneri, inser. Or. 2617; 5. met. grace, beauty, elegance, charm, Amoenitates omnium uenerum et uenustatum adfero, Pl. St. 2, 1, 5; Fabula nullius ueneris, sine pondere et arte, Hor. A. P. 320; ille non est mihi par uirtutibus, sed habuit suam uenerem, Sen. ben. 2, 28, 2; 6. Venus, as the goddess of good fortune; hence the best throw with the dice when all turned up differently, Me quoque per talos uenerem quaerente secundos, Semper diuinos subilicere canes, Prop. 5, 8, 45; ut quisque eam ut senionem miscrat, in singulos talos singulos denarios in medium coniebat; quos tollebat uenerem qui uenerem iocatur, Suet. Aug. 71; cf. inuenustus and Veneris § 3; so Plut. Sull. 34 and App. b. c. 1, 97 translate Felix the epithet of Sulla by *εὐεργόδοτος*;

III 7. as the goddess of gardens, Cocus est Neptunum Venerem Cererem..., where Fest. p. 58 adds: significat per Cererem panem, per Neptunum pisces, per Venerem olea; aduenero Minervam et Venerem, quarum unius procuratio oliuati, alterius hortorum, Varr. r. 1, 1, 6; cf. inser. Or. 1369; 8. Venus, the planet, infima est quique errantium stella Veneris quae *Φωσφόρος* Graece, Lucifer Latine dicitur, cum antegreditur soleni, cum subsequitur autem *Ἑσπερος* (=Vesper), Cie. N. D. 2, 53; cf. pr. 6, 17; 9. hence Veneris dies, decessit pridie Non. Aprilis die Beneris (sic), inser. Donat. 180, 4 (A. v. 235); cf. inser. Grut. 1053, 4; 10. Venerus as gen., Venerus Heme, (=Erycinæ), inser. Or. 1364; 11. ven-us prob. at first a neut. sb. from uen- come, with notion of union, and so love, kindly fitness, whence grace and good luck. For change of gender cf. Cupido, as a god, masc., otherwise gen. fem.; for meaning of our comely, becoming and see uenio § 16.

**Vēnūsia**, *ae*, *f*, a town of Apulia, on the borders of Lucania, where Horace was born, Liv. 22, 54.

**Vēnūsianus**, *adj.* of Venusia, Nam Vēnūsianū arat finem sub utrumque colonus, Hor. s. 2, 1, 35; Vēnūsiana digna lucerna, Iuv. 1, 51; populus V., Liv. 22, 54, 3.

**uenūst-us**, *ātis*, *f*. [uenūst-] fitness, hence first, good fortune, Quis mest fortunator uenūstatisque adeo plenior? Ter. Hee. 5, 4, 8; diem pulcrum et uenūstatis plenum, Pl. Poen. 1, 2, 44; 2. grace, elegance, cum pulchritudinis duo genera sint, quorum in altero uenūstas sit, in altero dignitas, uenūstatem muliebrem docere debemus, dignitatem uirilem, Cie. off. 1, 130; Capitoli fastigium illud non uenūstas sed necessitas fabricata est, or. 3, 180.

**uenūstē**, see uenūstus.

**Vēnūstinus**, *adj.* or sb. *m*, a cognomen of adoption, Tit. Claudius V., inser. Gud. 277, 6; 2. of a woman, Laelia Venustina, inser. Grut. 700, 9.

**uenūsto**, *āre*, *vb*. make elegant, set off, quo (unguento) me uenūstarem, Naev. ap. Fulg. 43.

**uenūstūlus**, *adj.* dim. elegant, lovely, oratione, Pl. As. 1, 3, 70.

**uenūstus**, *adj.* [uenus] lit. fitting, hence fortunate, see inuenustus and uenustus; 2. becoming, elegant, graceful, lovely, et uultu Sosia Adeo modesto adeo uenusto ut mihi supra, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 93; Laetue o Veneres Cupidinesque Et quantūst hominum uenustiorum, Catul. 3, 1;

3. esp. of speech, Sententis non tam grauius et seneris quam concinnis et uenustis, Cie. Brut. 325; plerumque

dolor etiam venustus facit, Plin. ep. 3, 9, 3; 4. as a cognomen, C. Attius Venustus, inscr. Mur. 1305, 13; and of a woman, Iulia Venusta, 1343, 11.

**ue-pallidus**, adj. sallow pale, awfully pale. See *nerce* or *ne-pallida* lecto desiluit mulier, Hor. s. 1, 2, 130. See *ue*.

**uepra** see *nepra*. Non. 231 (Pomp. 130 R).

**ueprāt-icus**, adj. [uepra] of a blackthorn, spinæ, Colum. 7, 1, 1.

**ueprē-ula**, ae, f. dim. a small blackthorn, ex nepreulis extracta nitidula, Cie. Sen. 72; add Pomp. 130 R where the reading *nepera* etc. is merely a conj.

**ueprēs**, is (f. Lucr. hence *nepra*; m. Verg. Colum.; doubtful Hor.) [?] a blackthorn, illorum spoliis nepros nolitibus auctas, Lucr. 4, 62; hirsuti scenenit corpora nepres, Verg. G. 3, 444; quid si rubicunda benigna (al. benigni) Cornū nepros et pruna ferant? Hor. ep. 1, 16, 9; hunc nepros, Colum. 11, 3, 7; 2. esp. used as a fence, cuius (Archimedi) septum undique et nescitum nepribus indagari seculum, Cie. Tusc. 5, 64; hence for a blackthorn hedge, nepres efficiendi consitis spinis rationem talem reddiderunt, Colum. 11, 3, 1.

**ueprētum**, i, n. a place overgrown with blackthorn, a spinney, Colum. 4, 32, 1; Pallad. 1, 43.

**uer**, ueris, n. [see below] spring, the season of the year so called, Cie. Verr. 2, 5, 27; Verē nōn gelidus canis cum montibus humerū liquitur, Verg. G. 1, 43; Verē adfrō frondi nemorum, uerū tūtile siluit, 2, 323; dies primus est ueris in Aquario, Varr. r. 1, 28, 1; 2. met. of human life, locumdam cum aetas florida uerū ageret, Catul. 38 (al. 16); Aetatis breue uer. Ov. M. 10, 85; 3. uer sacrum, a holy spring, n. s. uouendi mos fuit Italici. Magnus enim periculis adducti uouebant quaecumque proximo uere nata essent apud se animalia immolantibus. Sed quum crudele uideretur pueros ac puellas innocentes interficere, perductos in adultum aetatem uelabant atque ita extra fines suos exiebant, Paul. ex Fest. p. 379; cf. Liv. 22, 10, 2; 34, 44, 0; Sisenna ap. Non. 12, 18; Iustin. 4, 24, 4; 4. uer *fer-ap* stands for *uer-or* or *uer-or fer-ap* from a lost vb. *uer* or *uer-fer* 'pour' (see *uena* (*ues-na*) and *uerge-pour*), so that it denotes the fresh flowing of sap.

**uericiter**, adv. see *uerax*.

**uericē-ūlus**, adj. m. as sb. a soothsayer, ueraculis et mathematicis, Suet. Vit. 14.

**Verānīolus**, m. dim. of *Veranūs*, Catul. 12, 17.

**Verānūs**, m. a gentile name, Verāni omnibus e meis amicis, Catul. 9, 1; 12, 16.

**Verānus**, m. a cognomen, M. Aurelius V., inscr. Mur. 820, 9; and of a woman, Valeria Verāna, inscr. Grut. 481, 4.

**Veratius**, m. a gentile name, CIL 1478, 10.

**uerātrix**? *icis*, adj. or sb. f. a female soothsayer, a fortune-teller, Apul. M. 0, p. 30; al. neteratrix.

**uerātrum**, i, n. [?] hellbore, Praeterea nobis nerātrum est aere uenenum, Lucr. 4, 640; cf. Plin. 25, 52; non hic est liliac Acoi Ebria uerātrum, Pers. 1, 51—implying that Accius took hellbore largely; 2. purb. from a lost vb. *uerā-tran*. See sb. uer § 4.

**uerāx**, ācis, adj. [perh. implies a vb. *uerā-ri* from *uērō*-adj.] truthful, Si eris uerāx ex tuis rebus feceris mellisculas, Pl. Capt. 5, 2, 15; oraculum, Cie. dia. 1, 38; Herodotum qui ueraciorum ducem Ennio? 2, 116; ueracissima promissio, Aug. ep. 6; 2. adv. *ueraciter*, Pl. ap. Prisc. 1010; Hieron. ep. 56, 3; ueracissime, Aug. c. D. 5, 8.

**uerbālis**, is, adj. [uerbum] of a word or words, verbal, nudaē, Phil. Myth. 1 praef.; 2. of a verb, nomina. Charis. 128, 45; Dion. 310, 29; nouns derived from verbs, *uerbālia*.

**Verbanus lacus**, Lago Maggiore out of which the Ticius flows, Plin. 3, 131; 2. a cognomen, Saturnino Verban (sc. seruo), inscr. Mur. 1578, 0.

**uerbascum**, i, n. [?] = *φωκος*, the plant mullein, Plin. 25, 120.

**uerbēna**, ae, f. [?] fresh grass, or a fresh bough of a holy plant used for religion, as rosemary, myrtle, olive, laurel, in making treaties, embassies and gen. in sacrifices, fetialis ex arce graninis herban puram attulit...is patrem

patratum Sp. Ensiū fecit uerbena caput capillosque tangens, Liv. 1, 24, 6; non alimide (quam ex herbis) sacuina et in sacris legationibusque uerbena. Vtroque nomine significatur granich ex arce cum sua terra enoluit; ac semper e legatis cum mittenter res raptas repetitum unus uerbena uocabatur, Plin. 22, 5; ex ara hinc sume uerbena tibi, Ter. Andr. 4, 3, 11 (where Menander said myrtle, Serv. ad A. 12, 120); praesto mihi sacerdotis Cereris cum uerbis fuerit, Cie. Verr. 2, 4, 110; cf. Nov. 39 R; Verg. B. 8, 65; A. 12, 120; Hor. od. 4, 11, 6; 2. gen. in pl., but sung, also in Pl. Truc. 2, 5, 27; Verg. 12, 120; and Liv. in § 1.

3. used also in medicine, Cels. 2, p. 73, 17 D; 4. prob. an adj. (see, herb) green, cf. *uenus*, uerb- uiridi and *uerge-pour*, all growing out of a form *uer-ge*. Cf. uerb cr.

**uerbēnā-a**, ae, f. = *uēpa florant*, the plant vervain or verbenā, Plin. 25, 105; 20, 140.

**uerbēnārius**, adj. m. as sb. who carries uerbena, Plin. 22, 5, 8, v. uerbena § 1.

**uerbēnātus**, part. wreathed with uerbena, Suet. Cal. 27.

**uerb-cr**, cris, n. an instrument for flogging, a lash or rod; as in flogging men, Verberibus caesus te in pistrinum Dane delam usque ad necem, Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 28; magistratus uerē obediētem eadem multa uinculis uerbibus cohercet, lex ap. Cie. leg. 3, 10; 6; nodari (Papirum) iubet nerbaque adieri, Liv. 8, 28, 4; 2. of a driver's lash, illi instant nerbae torto, Verg. G. 3, 106; Iupanidis consentit equos Gradinus et ieta Verberis increpuit, Ov. M. 14, 821; 3. of things gen., Balaris uerbena fundae, Verg. G. 1, 309; Sil. 1, 314; Lucan. 3, 469; 4. a blow or lash, huc nunc et illic nerbae assiduo rotat (robis of Hercules) elabi, Sen. Iere. f. 895; of oars, uerbibus sonis, Lucan. 3, 535; cuncto uerbere, Sil. 11, 492; uentorum, Lucr. 5, 957; 5. met., contumaciam, Cie. rep. 1, 0; Patruae u. linguae, Hor. od. 3, 12, 2; fortunae, Gell. 13, 28, 4; 6. from for of feris strike, or, what is the same, quer-or I strike myself; and of the same root with *u-er-or* *ap-er-or* (*ap-er-or*?) strike, *u-er-or* and our rod. See uerbium.

**uerbēcrābilis**, e, a, adj. flogable, used jestingly, S. Qua me causa uerbata? Eu. Verberabilissime etiam rogitas, non for sol tritus? Pl. Aut. 4, 3, 10.

**uerbēcrābundus**, part. frq. always flogging, Pl. fr. Mai, 30.

**uerbēcrātus**? ūs, m. flogging, striking, Plin. 31, 39; but Sillig has part. uerberatum.

**uerbēcr-er**, adj. made of lashes, jestingly, caput, Pl. Pers. 2, 2, 2; statua, Capt. 5, 1, 31; and Ps. 4, 1, 7.

**uerbērito**, are, vb. frq. from uerb-er, Cat. ap. Paul. ex Fest. 370 M.

1 **uerbēro**, āre, vb. strike, beat, locum conuocato et pauculis uerberato, Cato r. 0; uerberare est cum dolore caedere, Otilius ap. Ulp. dig. 47, 10, 5, 1; Noli amabo uerberare lapidem ne perdas manum, Pl. Cure. 1, 3, 41; 2. esp. flog (men), lictores ad uerberandos homines exercitassimi, Cie. Verr. 2, 5, 142; Suet. Cal. 26; 3. also gen. flog, lash, suleum cum feceris, patiere duobus mensibus cum tempestatibus uerberari, Colum. arb. 16 met.; Campaniae mobilissima nina exposita sub dmo in cadis uerberari sole luna inbre nentis apertissimum uidetur, Plin. 14, 130; simul aethera uerberat alis (aquila), Verg. 11, 750; Vt horridis utrumque uerbere latus Ausler memento fluctibus, Hor. epod. 10, 3; 4. met., me uerbis, Pl. Truc. 1, 2, 17; os conuicio, Cie. Pis. 63; 5. uerberit, apparently for uerberat in a law of Sernius Tull. ap. Fest. p. 230.

2 **uerbēro**, ōnis, m. one made for flogging, love-lash, a term of abuse, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 128; Ps. 4, 7, 63; Ter. Ph. 4, 4, 3; Cie. Att. 14, 6, 1.

**uerbērosus**, adj. = *μαρτυρίας*, Gloss. Cyril.

**uerbificatio**, ōnis, f. [impl. a vb. uerbificari] chattering, Caccil. 03 R.

**uerbīgēna**, ae, m. born of the Word, Prad. Cath. 3, 1, 4.

**uerbīgēro**, āre, vb. [imitated from beligerō] carry on a war of words, Apul. apol. p. 321.

**uerbīloquium**, i, n. talking, Fulg. Myth. 1.

**verbiuilitatio**, ōnis, f. word-skirmishing, Pl. As. 2, 41; see *nelitatio*.

**uerbōsitas**, ātis, f. wordiness, Prud. *strep.* 10, 551; Sym. ep. 8, 47.

**uerbōsus**, adj. wordy, Cic. Mur. 30; epistola *uerbosa*, fam. 5, 3, 6; Catul. 98, 1; *uerbōsissimi* loci, Quint. 2, 4, 31; 2. adv. wordily, Cic. Mur. 26; *uerbosus*, fam. 7, 3, 5; Varr. r. 2, 5, 11.

**uerbum**, i, n. [see below] word, hoc *uerbum* unde utrumque *delatur* et ex quo loco et a quo loco, Cic. *Caec.* 87; *uerbum ipsum* nuptiatum, fin. 2, 75; *Verbum* unum *caute* de nuptiis, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 65; 2. verb, as part of speech, consuetudo illa sit scribendi ut sententiae uerbis finiuntur, Cic. or. 3, 191; Varr. l. 8, 3; 3. tria uerba, which define a praetor's power, viz. de dico addico, ille (dies) nefastus erit per quem tria uerba silentur, Ov. F. 1, 47; cf. v. 52; 4. a sentence, a proposition, and esp. a proverb, Vtiam istue uerbum ex animo ab uere dices? Potius quam te inimicum habeam, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 95; cf. Ad. 5, 8, 29; nam uerba uerbum hoc quidemst Communia esse amicorum inter se omnia, 5, 17; cf. Pl. Truc. 4, 4, 32; unoquo uerbo (in one word) reipublicam expulsam atque exterminatam suis sedibus, Cic. Phil. 2, 54; 5. uerbi causa, uerbi gratia, for example, si quis uerbi causa oriente euacuata natus est, Cic. fat. 12; propter quamquam rem, uerbi gratia, propter nuptiatum, fin. 5, 30; 6. word of mouth, speech, as opposed to writing, plura (logato) uerbo quam scriptura mandati dedi, Planc. ap. Cic. fam. 10, 8, 5; 7. word, as opposed to reality, a mere word, an empty word, where note that words may be exceeded by the reality, though more frequently they fall short of it, dolor est malum, existimatio dedecus infamia uerba sunt atque ineptia, Cic. Pis. 65; cum praetor in provincia sua uerbo permittit, re hortaretur, Verr. 2, 2, 67; 8. hence, uerba dare, to impose upon, to cheat, uerba dare difficile est, Ter. Andr. 1, 3, 6; uel uerba mihi dari facile patior in hoc, meque libenter praebere credulum, Cic. Att. 15, 16a; 9. uerba facere, to speak, uerba facit emortuo, Pl. Poen. 4, 2, 18; cf. Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 26; indignum facinus esse, quod ego in senatu Graeco uerba fecissem, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 147; 10. hence V. F. for uerba fecerunt, quod Teiburtes V. F., CIL 201, 3; cf. inser. Or. 642, 775 etc., and four documents in Frontin. 40, 2, 100, 104, 106 and 108; similarly, multis uerbis ultro citroque habitis, Cic. rep. 6, 9; 11. word of command, order, Omnia sub uerbone erant natura paratque, Lucr. 4, 785; see Lachmann and Büchmann ad Laet. inst. 4, 15, 22; 12. of literal translation, uerbum de uerbo, Ter. Ad. pr. 11; uerbum pro uerbo reddere, Cic. opt. gen. 14; uerbum uerbo reddere, Hor. A. P. 133; 13. uerba uerba etc., in my name, as from me (fr. de ma part), Quem (annum) ego militi darem tuis uerbis, Pl. Mil. 3, 30; Atticae meis uerbis suauitas des, Cic. Att. 16, 11, 8; uenerant denuntiationem senatus uerbis ne saltum Ciminium transiret, Liv. 9, 36, 14; add Pl. Mil. 4, 4, 49; Sal. Jug. 21, 4, 25; 11, 16, 17, 8; Cic. fam. 9, 6, 11, 15, 8; 14. uerbum as gen. pl. Pl. As. 1, 3, 1; Truc. 2, 8, 14; 15. uerbum *uer-eb-um* from a lost root *uer-ep*, say, whence *epo pma* (for suffix *eb* comp. *ter-eb-ra*, *ten-eb-ra* etc.), or rather from *ser*, which changed to *uer* (as on the one hand to *ser-o*, *ser-mo*, on the other to *uer*. See *ueho*. Also=our word, Germ. wort. See *barba* § 12.

**Verellae**, ārum, f. a city of Italy north of the Po, Tac. h. 1, 70; Plin. 3, 124.

**Verellinus**, adj. of Verellae, ager, Plin. 33, 78; porta, inser. *fr. Aru.* 722.

**uerclum**, i, n. [uer-] little spring, a term of endearment, Pl. Cas. 4, 15.

**uere**, see *uerus*.

**uerēcundē**, see *uerecundus*.

**uerēcundia**, ae, f. fear of losing respect, sense of shame, bashfulness, expetunt laudem optumū, ignominiam fugiunt; ne uero tam metu poemae terrentur quae est constituta legibus, quam uerecundia, quam natura homini dedit quasi quendam nuptiationis non iniustae timorem, Cic. rep. 5, 6; custos nirtutum omnium, dedecus fugiens laudemque

maxime consequens uerecundia est, part. or. 79; inuenis inuenem appello quo minor sit inter nos huius sermonis uerecundia, Liv. 26, 50, 6; 2. with gen., respect (for), awe (of), fear (of), uerecundia maiestatis magistratum timorem uicit, Liv. 2, 36, 3; quando me ordinis huius ulla ne reipublicae est uerecundia, 4, 45, 8; but u. oris, blushing, Suet. Dom. 18; 3. of false modesty, Quint. 12, 5, 2; 4, 1, 19; 4. Fr. *uergogno*.

**uerēcunditer**=uerecunde, Pomp. ap. Non. 516 (mss *uerēcunditer*).

**uerēcundor**, āri, vb. r. play the uerecundus, do the bashful, be shy or afraid, Uerecundari neminem apud mensam deest, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 77; claudicanti et ob eam causam uerecundanti in publicum prodire, Cic. or. 2, 249.

**uerēcundus**, adj. bashful, modest, Deest uerecundum esse adulescentem, Argurippe, Pl. As. 5, 1, 6; Illa uerecundo nix tollens luina multi, Ov. M. 14, 480; uerecundiorum coram putamus in postulando fore? Cic. Phil. 12, 11; Pompeius in appetendis honoribus immodicus, in gerendis uerecundissimus, Vell. 2, 33, 3; 2. pass. to be feared, or respected, Amm. 14, 6, 6; 30, 8, 4.

**uerēdarius**, adj. m. as sb. [ueredo-] public courier who had relays of horses, Sidon. ep. 5, 7 mod.; Firm. M. 3, 13, 6; Victor epistolam nostrorum uerecundus pedes, aut bipes uerecus, Paul. Nol. ep. 9; 2. met. Hieron. ep. 22, 28.

**uerēdus**, i, m. [?] a horse of great speed, esp. for hunting, Parcus uitaris monco rapiente uerēdo Prisce, nec in lepores tam uolentus cas, Mart. 12, 14, 1; Stragula succinit uenator sume uerēdi, 14, 86, 1; cf. Anson. ep. 8, 7; and 14, 13; 2. horse of a public courier, Inp. lul. cod. 12, 15, 4 and 7; D. M. Aurelio Stephano Proc. a uerēdi, Aug., inser. Mur. 2042, 3.

**Verelius**, m. a gentile name, CIL 1477, 6.

**uerendus**, see *ueror*.

**uerens**, part. of *ueror*; 2. as adj. afraid, with gen., plagarum, Colum. 6, 2, f.; sumptuum, Aus. vii sap. pr. 18; 3. uerenter, adv. reverently, Sedul. 1, 8.

**uerēor**, ēri, ueritus, vb. r. lit. 1. fear me, as Shakspeare says, am afraid, hence with gen. in old authors, (Ego) si non uerear, nemo uereatur tui, Afran. 31 R; Optandum uxorem quae non uereatur uiri, 90; tui uerear, me ad te misit oratum pater, 303; Neque huius sis ueritus femine primariae, Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 87; Tyndare fieri contumeliam Cuius ueretur maxime, Paey. 183 R; and even in Cic. Att. 8, 1; ne tui quidem testimonio ueritus; 2. as an imper. with acc. of sufferer, it fears (me), gen. of cause, Si tui ueretur te progenitoris, cōdo, Att. 76 R; Nilne te populi ueretur qui uociferare in uia? Atta 7 R; quos non est ueritum in nuptiate summum bonum ponere, Cic. fin. 2, 30; 3. fear, Ego dudum non nil ueritus sum Dane abs te ne faeres idem Quod..., Ter. Andr. 3, 4, 3; de qua (Katharine) uereri non ante desinam quam illam excisam esse cognouerō, Cic. sen. 18; eo minus ueritus nauibus quod in litore molli deligatas ad ancoras relinquebat, Caes. b. g. 5, 9, 1; 4. with acc. of thing feared, ac ueror Gallia tibi bella, Cic. Att. 14, 4, 1; 5. with inf., ei mihi uerēor dicere, Ter. Andr. 2, 1, 23; ueror committere ut ... Cic. leg. 1, 37; quos in conspectu Galliae interficere ueretur, Caes. b. g. 5, 6, 5; 6. with ut or ne non and subj., where the object is desired, illa ut ueror ut tibi possim concedere, that I shall not be able, Cic. or. 1, 35; intellexit te uereri ne superiores mihi (litterae) reddite non essent, fam. 14, 5, 1; 7. with ne, of objects not desired, ueritus es ne operam perdidisses, that you had lost your labour, Cic. or. 1, 234; ne Diuitias animi offenderet ueretur, Caes. b. g. 1, 19, 2; 8. with inter. pronouns and particles, eri semper lenitas uerebar quorsum euaderet, Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 4; ueror quid sit, Cic. Att. 7, 7, 3; ueror num hic aliud sit dicendum, Gal. dig. 20, 4, 11; 11. 9. as opposed to metuo, timeo, fear from nobler feelings, fear to lose the respect of, reverence, feel what is due to, metuebant (Appium caecum) seruū, uerebantur liberi, Cic. sen. 37; cf. Donat. a. 11 Andr. 2, 10, 6; ueremur quidem nos, Romani, et si ita uult etiam timeamus, Liv. 39, 37, 17; quid ueteranos non ueremur, nam timere se ne ipsi quidem uolunt, quoniam modo accipiant seueritatem meam? Cic. Phil. 12, 29; see *uer-*

cundia; **10.** as a pass., ubi maluit metui quam nereri se ab suis, Afran. 34 R; **11.** verendus, to be held in awe or reverence, Alexander, Lucan. 10, 46; maiestatem, Ov. M. 4, 539; patribus, tr. 5, 6, 31; **12.** verenda, *τα εἰδωλα*, Plin. 30, 144; Plin. ep. 3, 14, 2; in verendis patribus, Veg. net. 1, 7; **13.** uer of ueror — our fear, whence a-fear-d of old Eng.; while uer- for uer-ec (cf. uer-ecundus) has the same suffix as our fr-igh-t, Germ. fur-eh-t, the guttural of which (c, gh) is also lost in Fr. fray-enr, cf-fray-er and our a-frai-d.

**veretillum**, i, n. dim. of ueretrum, also name of a fish, Apul. apol. p. 298.

**Veretinus**, adj. of Veretum, Plin. 3, 105.

**ueretrum**, i, n. membrum uirile, Suet. Tib. 62; Phaedr. 4, 14, 1; Arnob. 5, 105; **2.** met. from cock of a barrel, so from a root uer pour, see uerpo 1.

**Veretum**, i, n. a town of the Salentini, Frontin. eol. 127.

**Vergae**, ārum, f. pl. a town of the Brutii, Liv. 30, 19, 10.

**Vergellus**, i, m. a river of Apulia, Val. M. 9, 2, ext. 2; Flor. 2, 6, 18; **2.** prob. a little brook, from uer- pour.

**Vergilius**, ārum, f. pl. the Latin name for the constellation Pleiades, uirgiliae primaum tenent ad fructus, ut quarum exortu aestas incipit, oceanus hiems, Plin. 18, 280; cf. 18, 309; G. non. (mai) P. uergili(ac) exori(untur), Kal. Venus., inser. Or. p. 391; fessis taedio tot malorum iniuriis casus occidente iam sidere Vergiliarum ingentem terrore addicit, Liv. 21, 35, 6; at propter lacuum genus (Persei) omni ex parte locatas Paruas Vergilias tenui cum luce uidebis, Cic. arat. 261; inter tauri finitionem et candam arietis stellae sunt quas nostri Vergilias, Graeci Ημερας dixerunt, Hyg. ast. 2, 21; **2.** derived by Festus 372 M and Isid. orig. 3, 70 a uer-; but perh. from uer- pour, and Ημερας not from πλεω to sail, but πλε- wash=Lat. pluuium.

**Vergiliānus**, m. adj. of Vergilius, Sen. rem. 5, 1; **2.** a name of adoption, inser. Or. 1179.

**Vergilius**, ii, m. a gentile name, as of P. Vergilius Maro.

**Verginia**, see

**Verginius**, or Virginius, a gentile name, as of L. Verginius, Liv. 3, 44, 2; L. Verginius Rufus, quid enim Verginiis armis debuit ulcisci magis? Iuv. 8, 221; **2.** Verginia, Liv. 3, 46, 3; cuperet Rutilias Verginā gibbum Accipere atque suam Rutiliā dare, Iuv. 10, 294.

**1 uerpo**, gēre, si, vb. [see below] pour, illi imprudentes ipsi sibi saepe uenenum Vergebant, Lucr. 5, 1010; In terras igitur quoque solis uergitur ardor, 2, 212; Ille tibi exequias et magni funis honoris Fecit et in gelidos uersit amomasi, Ov. Pont. 1, 9, 52; **2.** esp. in religious rites, Spumantesque mero patrae uerguntur, Stat. Th. 6, 211; cf. Serv. ad A. 6, 244; **3.** cf. also inuergo, uergero, diuergium; **4.** as σπargo (σπειρω), tergo (τροπω, tero), uergero (mare, Skr. uari) owe the g to a suffix, so uer is the root of uerpo, pour. From uer or ues pour, come uer, uiro, uiridis, uirgo, ueretrum, uena (ues-na) and perh. uen-entum; our wash is the same root, to which also belong S. uar-i, Lat. mar-i, Germ. wasser, Eng. wat-er.

**2 uerpo**, gēre, vb. [see below] slope, incline, cornu una pars quam hallos obtinere dictum est, uergit ad septentriones, Caes. b. g. 1, 1, 5; ab oppido de-clius locus tenui fastigio uergebat in longitudinem passuum cccc, b. c. 1, 45, 5; id nunc honeste uergit in tectum porticus, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 1, 14; **2.** hence looks to, faces, portus qui in meridiem uergit, Liv. 37, 31, 10; in mari quod Anticyram uergit, inser. Or. 3671, 24; **3.** met., illic (in Tiberium) cuncta uergero; filius collega imperii consors tribuniciae potestatis adsumitur, Tac. ann. 1, 3, med.; **4.** esp. of day or year's declining, uergente iam die ingressus senatum, Suet. Oth. 7; uergentem annis (funiam) dictitans, Tac. ann. 13, 19; nam suam aetatem uergero, Germanici nondum satis adulescentis, 2, 43; **5.** as a pass., polus uergitur Austri, Lucan. 1, 54; **6.** uer(g-uer)=ερ (τρο-ερ); perh. from uer root of uert turn; but may be one with uer- pour, as the course of water is the simplest test of inclination.

**ueria?** ae, f. [uer-a- vb.] a prophecy or fortune-telling, post uerias fel. h. d. l. m., inser. K. Venut. fium. Clitumno 38.

**Vēriānus**, adj. of Verus, inser. Grut. 457, 2.

**ueri-cōlus**, adj. truth-worshipping, lex, Tert. ad sen. 43.

**uericūlum**, see neruculum.

**ueridicē**, adv. from ueridicus.

**ueridicentia**, ae, f. truth-speaking, lul. Val. 1, 14 (Mai), and 2, 2.

**ueri-dicus**, adj. truth-speaking (as an oracle), oracular, ore, Lucr. 6, 6; uoces, Cic. diu. 1, 101; sorores, Mart. 5, 1, 3; usu, Plin. 18, 25; **2.** as prophesied, ueridico exitu consecuto, Plin. 7, 69; **3.** hence as title; Iunoni Veridicae, inser. De-Vita Ant. Ben. 1, 7.

**uerilōquax**, =αληθής, Gloss.

**uerilōquium**, ii, n. coined by Cic. as=ετυμολογια, top. 8.

**uerilōquus**, adj.=ueridicus, oracular, Front. ad M. Caes. 3, ep. 12; lingua, Hier. Ruf. 3, 42.

**Verinus**, m., name of adoption, inser. Mur. 7, 11.

**uerisimilis**, better ueri similis; see uerus.

**uerisimiliter**, adv. probably, Apul. apol. p. 293; uerisimiliter, Plin. pan. 84; **3.** =uerilōquium, etymology.

**uerisimilitudo**, better ueri similitudo; see uernus. **ueritas**, ātis, f. [uer-o-adj.] reality, what is, truth, in omni re uincit imitationem ueritas, Cic. or. 3, 215; cum salus omnium nostrum non ueritate solum sed etiam fama niteretur, Q. fr. 1, 2, 2; **2.** speaking truth, truthfulness, candour, Obsequium amicos, ueritas odium parit, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 41; ut in illa tua ueritas tuus candor agnoscutur, Plin. pan. 84; **3.** =uerilōquium, etymology, quibus in uerbis ae primae litterae sunt quae in sapiente atque felice, producte dicitur in, in ceteris breuiter, itemque compositis, consuevit, concerpuit, confectis; consule ueritatem, reprehendit, Cic. orat. 159; **4.** what is morally right, justice, equity, quae mihi ad spem obtinende ueritatis grauissima sunt, Cic. Deiot. 5; sin istius ingentes diuitiae iudiciorum religionem ueritatemque perfregerint, Verr. 1, 3; **5.** pl. ueritates, Gell. 18, 7, 4.

**ueriuerbiū**, ii, n. [seems to imply a vb. uerb-] truth-speaking, Tn enim reposita's Philocorati qui superes ueriuerbio, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 36. **uermiculatio**, ōnis, f. breeding worms, as a disease of trees, Plin. 17, 87; also 218, 223, 226.

**uermiculor**, āri, vb. r. [uermicul- m.] breed worms, uermiculantur magis minusue quaedam (arbores), omnes tamen fere, Plin. 17, 220; **2.** part. pass. uermiculatus, made up as if of worms, inlaid with pieces of marble of different colours so as to represent various objects, mosaic, Quam lepide λεγας compositae, ut tesserae, omnes Arte paucamento atque emblemata uermiculata, Lucil. ap. Cic. orat. 149; interraso marmore uermiculataque ad effigies rerum et animalium cristis, Plin. 35, 2; **3.** hence adv., tesseras ut ait Lucilius struet et uermiculata inter se lexis committet, Quint. 9, 4, 113.

**uermiculōsus**, adj. full of worms, poma, Pall. 12, 7, 14. **uermicul-ulus**, i, m. dim. [uermis] a little worm, Quorum nil rerum in lignis glabrisque uideamus, Et tamen haec cum sunt, quasi putrefacta per imbres, Vermiculōs pariant, Lucr. 2, 899; tradunt obitibus (uermibus) uermiculum in capite gigni, Plin. 10, 187; **2.** esp. the coccus Indicus, and so scarlet, Vulgat. Exod. 35, 25 where the Hebrew tolaath also means a worm; so also Hieron. ep. 64, 19; the pass. Plin. 24, 8 is corrupt, even uermiculum doubtful; **3.** our crimson and i carmine come from kermes the eastern name of the insect, in Skr. krini a worm; and from uermiculōsus come It. uermiglio, Fr. vermeil, Eng. vermilion; **4.** perh. as a n. uermiculum, i=uermiculatum opus, inlaid marble-work, mosaic, ... uermiculum strauerunt, inser. Or. 4240 (c. c. 94).

**uermi-flu-us**, adj. flowing with worms, Paul. N. 22.

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**uermina**, um, n. as if from uerm-en [akin to uerm-i m.; so Festus 375; ult. from uer- turn] writhings (with pain),

Donique eos nita priaraant vermina saena, Lucr. 5, 997; met., furialium vermina passionum, Arn. 1, 30.

**verminatio**, ōnis, f. a writhing (with pain); iumentorum u., Plin. 28, 180 and 30, 144; cerebri, Sen. ep. 95, 17; (podagra...), 78, 9.

**vermino**, āre, vb. [vermis] first breed worms, in nunciativis corporibus vermis non nascitur, fulmine ita intra paucos dies verminat, Sen. N. 2, 3, 21, 2; 2. itch (as referred to worms in the intestines), Si tibi morosa pruriginis verminet aures, Mart. 14, 23, 1 (auriculaprimus).

**verminor**, āri, vb. r. [vermis] writhe (with pain), De cunctis mense demum turgens verminatur, parturit, Pomp. 56 R; podagra, Sen. nit. b. 17, 4.

**vermin-sus**, adj. full of worms, aures, Plin. 20, 146; ulcera, 26, 145; fici, 17, 261.

**vermis**, is, m. [uer of uer- turn] a worm (as a little wriggler), Quippe videre licet uisus existere uermes Stercore de tacto, Lucr. 2, 871; nec passerem nec uermis milio nocere, Plin. 18, 158; 2. from uermis (cf. uermis-ulus), i.e. uer-mie, where m or em is dim. as in our filum, calum, quail compared with fell, coal, Germ. qual; and = um of Latin. Cf. worm, Germ. wurm, Sansk. krimi.

**uerna**, ae, m. f., [?] a home-born slave, Quid? nutrici non missura's quicquam quae uernas alit? Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 103; Qui hodie fuerim liber Uerni nunc potuit pater seruitutis; Hic qui uerna natum conquirerit, Amph. 1, 1, 25; Post hoc uernas datus exanim domus, Hor. ep. 2, 6, 65; aut exules Corinthiorum aut seruos uernasque Tuscorum, Iust. 38, 6, 7; 2. of women, Antia uernae suae dulciss., inser. Grut. 654, 3; Onesimini uernae suae, inser. Don. 10, 97; 3. met., u. apros, Mart. 1, 49, 25; tuberes, 13, 43, 2; lupos, 10, 31, 21; liber, 3, 1, 6.

**uernaculo-ulus**, or uernaculus, adj. or sb. dim. of uerna, first as sb., Uernaculorum dicti, sordidum dentem, Mart. 10, 3, 1; (puer) uernaculis congregatur et ludit, Sen. ben. 6, 11, 2; Cascia Siliano uernaculo suo b. m., inser. Fabret. 613, 109; 2. as f., Isaurice uernaculae suae, inser. Mur. 1540; 3. as adj., of home-born slaves, u. urbanitate, Tac. h. 2, 88; u. multitudo, an. 1, 31; urbanitatis, Petr. 24; plebem, Tert. apol. 35; 4. gen. homeborn, native, Aquatulum uocabula partim sunt uernacula, partim peregrina, Varr. l. 5, p. 81 Sp.; consilium, Pl. Poen. 4, 2, 105; crimen domesticum ac uernaculum (home-made), Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 141; equi, Plin. 27, 202.

**uernalis**, e, adj. of the spring, horas, Manil. 3, 258.

**uernatio**, ōnis, f. putting on a spring dress, as a snake when shedding its old skin, membrana siue senectus anguim uernatione exuta, Plin. 29, 101; anguinæ uernationis membrana, 30, 24; 2. the snake-skin itself, uernatione quam exuunt pota, Plin. 29, 111.

**uerni-cōmus**, adj. with spring-tresses on, oliua, Mart. Cap. 6, p. 104, 20 Eyss.

**uernifer**, a, um, adj. spring-bringing, Mart. Cap. 1 p. 1, 15 Eyss. (al. uernificus).

**uernilis**, e, adj. [uerna] of a home-born slave, slave-like, dictum (a slave's) joco, Tac. h. 3, 32 f.; blanditiis, 2, 50; 2. uerniliter, adv. ...credo: nimis tandem hoc quidem fit uerniliter, Caecil. 131 R; Hor. s. 2, 6, 108; Sen. ben. 2, 11, 3.

**uernillitas**, ātis, f. waggery (as of a slave), mangonem puerum subdolo ac fucata uernillitas, Plin. 34, 79 (speaking of a statue); neque uernillitate inbutur (futurus orator), Quint. 1, 11, 2; haec sine luitas est siue u., pueritia est promittendi facilitate, Sen. ep. 95, 2.

2. met. autumn, Fulg. Myth. 1.

**uerniliter**, adv. see uernilis.

**Uernio**, ōnis, m. dim. [uerna] a cognomen, M. Vibius m. l. I. Uernio, inser. Mur. 2088, 10.

**uerniorōsus**, adj. of spring roses, Tert. iud. Dom. 2.

**uernisera**, messalia anguria, Paul. ex Fest. 379.

**uerno**, āre, vb. [perh. at first uernor vb. r., from uerno-adj.] put on or wear a spring dress or habit, Vernat humus floresceat et mollia pabula surgant, Or. M. 7, 284; anis, tr. 3, 12, 8; ager, Mart. 6, 54, 8; Mart. uernat sanguis, Prop. 5, 5, 59; Cum tibi uernarent dubia laugine

malae, Mart. 2, 61, 1; aer uernat, Plin. 2, 136; 2. esp. part. uernans, arbores fruticesque, Plin. 22, 95; caelo, 7, 20; siluae, Sen. Here, Oct. 380; and met., senioque iterum uernante, Claud. Stil. 1, 316.

**uernula**, ae, m. f. dim. [uerna] a little home-born slave, Iuv. 10, 117; Plin. 22, 44 (al. uerna); 2. met. a native, (lupus) u. riparian, Iuv. 5, 105; 3. as adj. native, libellos, Mart. 5, 18, 4; anis, Manil. it. 1, 112.

**uernus**, adj. of spring, tempus, Cic. sen. 70; species u. dici, Lucr. 1, 10; flores, Hor. od. 2, 11, 9; 2. uernum as sb. n. spring, in best writers only as abl. uerno, in the spring, Cat. r. 52 and 54; Plin. 19, 95; Colum. 4, 10;

3. aft. gener., hiemes et aestates et uerna et autumnus. Tert. res. carn. 12 met.; prasinus color uerenti uerno uenetus nubilae hieini dicatus est, Cass. V. 3, 51.

1. uēro, [uero-adj.] adv. really, only in old writers, others using uero; Immo iste cum sese ait qui non est esse, et qui uerost negat, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 35; Immo uero indignum Chremem iam facinus faxo ex me audies, Ter. And. 5, 2, 13, where uero qualities indignum; Dolet pudetque Graium me et uero piget, Att. 471 R; uernuero inter offam atque herbam, ibi uero longum interuallum, Cat. or. 67, 0 1; 2. with dico, in questions, dicis or dicit understood, I really mean what I say etc., really; Ego non noui adulescentem nostrum Stratilax, S. Vero? A. Sero, Pl. Truc. 2, 3, 47; do you really mean it? D. Quid mulier? S. Muller meretrix, D. Vero? S. Sero, Merc. 4, 1, 27; Itane uero? Obturbat? Ter. And. 4, 2, 23, is it so indeed? does he really mean to...? (not: itane uero obturbat? cf. Cic. Att. 14, 10, 1); 3. truly, with a real foundation, Eho an maus utuperarier falso quam uero extolli? Pl. Most. 1, 3, 21; 4. as in § 2 with dico understood, repeating a request, to show you are in earnest, I say, I tell you once more I really mean it, N. Cape hoc tibi aurum...Ch. Non equidem accipiam...N. Cape uero, odiose facis, Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 139; P. Cedo tu, ut exsoluam, manus, E. Ne attigas, P. Ostende uero, Epid. 5, 2, 58; 5. so also in decided answers or in confirming what has been doubtfully expressed, whether of yes or no, certainly, indeed, assuredly, with a preceding yes or no, puellam pctisse a matretera ut sibi concederet ut in eius sella requiesceret, illam autem dixisse: uero, mea puella, tibi, concedo meae sedes, yes my dear girl I will etc., Cic. diu. 1, 104; C. Vali gloriare cunisse ex sententia, S. Non hercle uero, uernum dico, Ter. Haec. 4, 5, 17; A. Nunc dicam opinor quod sentio, C. Tu uero inquam Tite, Cic. Brut. 292; 6. hence often at the beginning of a letter, in reply to one which contained a remark of the kind, ego uero ntar prorogatione dici, yes my friend you are right, I shall..., Cic. Att. 13, 43; cf. 10, 7, 1; 13, 41, 1; 16, 3, 1; fam. 16, 10, 1 and 23, 1; 7. and gen., indeed, cui neque proprium crimen obicitur, nec uero aliquod eiusmodi, Cic. Cael. 72; so enim uero, indeed indeed, see enim, § 4, 5;

8. often in irony, Egreuiam uero landem et spolia ampla refertis Tuque perque tuus, Verg. 4, 93; 9. a common use is in transitions, but assuredly, but at any rate: ne Tu quidem Postumius contemnendus in diecndo, de republica uero non minus uehemens orator quam bellator fuit, Cic. Brut. 269; nunc uero cum sit unus Cn. Pompeius qui etc., Man. 27; in Caes. b. g. 1, 12, 2 the reading is fere, not uero; in this construction it is too common to translate by but only; 10. in some cases uero appears in the protasis, while its full power belongs to the apodosis as above containing the assertion, ut uero Numidas insequentes aquam ingressi sunt, tum rigere omnibus corpora, but when..., then and no mistake, Liv. 21, 54, 9; ubi aeger paulum se remisit, alimenta pleniora dari possunt; si in refectione uero manserit tussis, intermittere oportebit, Cels. 4, p. 139, 13 D.

2. uēro, āre, vb. [prob. at first ueror, ari, vb. r. from uero-adj.] act the truthful one, foretell with truth, see ueridicus: satin uerant nates? Enn. an. 371 V.

**uēr-o**, ōnis, m. dim. [akin to ueru] a small spit or spear, uerones plumbi, Aur. V. Caes. 17.

**Vērona**, ae, f. a city of Transpadana Italy on the Athesis or Adige, a Roman colony, Mantua Vergilio gaudet, Vērona Catullo, Ov. am. 3, 15, 7; Tac. h. 2, 23 etc.

**Vērōnensis**, e, adj. of Verona, flos Vērōnensium depereunt iuuenum, Catul. 100, 2; Tac. h. 3, 8.

**uērosus**, adj. truthful, assertive, Mart. Cap. 4, p. 100, 22 Eyss. (ad. uīrosae).

**uer-pa**, ae, f. [?] membrum virile, Catul. 28, 12; Mart. 11, 46, 2; 2. prob. akin to uer-etrum, wh. see.

**Verpūlus**, m. dim. a cognomen, Verpulo bene merenti, inser. Giorn. di Pisa 6, 39.

**uerpus**, adj. [?] circumcised, Catul. 47, 4; Iuv. 14, 104; Mart. 7, 82, 6; 11, 94, 4.

**uerres**, (uerres Varr.) is, m. [see below] a boar, Varr. r. 2, 4, 8; Hor. od. 3, 22, 7; Colum. 7, 9, 7; met. Pl. Mil. 4, 2, 67; 2. a cognomen, as of C. (Cornelius?) Verres and of C. Crassicius P. f. C. n. Verres, CIL 1150;

3. = Sanskr. varāha, Gr. εἰπας, Eng. boar.

**uer-ic-ūlum**, i, n. a drag-net, a seine, Val. M. 4, 1, ext. 7; Serv. A. 1, 50.

**uerrius**, adj. [uerri- sb. m.] of a boar, iocur, Plin. 28, 152; scincipita, S. 211; 2. of Verres, ius Verrinum (with a pun), Cic. Ver. 2, 1, 121; Prisc. saepe.

1. **Verrius**, adj. of Verres, lex, Cic. Ver. 2, 3, 117; 2. n. pl. Verria, festival of Verres, Cic. Ver. 2, 2, 52 and 114.

2. **Verrius**, m. a gentile name, as of M. Verrius Flaccus, the grammarian, Suet. gram. 17.

**uerro**, older uorro, ēre, uir, uorsum or uersum, vb. drag, Nī faciāt, maria ae terras caelumque profundum Quippe ferant rapidi secum uerrantque per auras, Verg. 1, 59; vb. Serv.: proprie est trahere; Caesaris uerrumque meam quam longa per aequora uerro, Ov. M. 13, 961; Cantienique suam in concreto sanguine uerris, 13, 492;

2. sweep away, sweep up, Nam modo uerrabant nigras pro farre familias, Ov. F. 2, 523; Quidquid de Libyis uerritur arsis, Hor. od. 1, 1, 10; 3. met. sweep off, donis quidquid uerritur ego, Pl. Truc. 2, 7, 7; Quidquid ponitur hinc et inde uerris, Mart. 2, 37, 1; 4. sweep, with acc. of surface cleared, facite ut offendam parata, Versa sparsa strata, laeta structaque omnia ut sint, Pl. Ps. 1, 2, 31; Verre paupimentum, Iuv. 14, 60; crinibus templa uerrentes, Liv. 3, 7, 8; crinibus passis aras uerrentes, 26, 9, 7; uersa templa, Sen. ap. Diom. 375; 5. met. in poets, nauatae Adnixi torquent spumas et caerulea nerrunt, Verg. 8, 674; Aptaque uerrendis sidera quaerit aquis, Ov. am. 1, 9, 14;

6. uerri as perf. sanctioned by Charis. 218, Prisc. 90; but found only in Hier. Helv. 20. Serv. A. 1, 63 gives uersi; 7. uer- the root one with *uip-* drag (see ueho), and prob. = nel of uello, pull.

**ueruēa**, ae, f. [?] a small hill, a hillock, ~ saxeae est ueruēa in summo montis uertice, poet. ap. Quint. 8, 3, 48; and S. 6, 14, where he condemns the metaphor as low, assuming that wart is the original sense; ut quadringentos milites ad uerueam illam (sic enim Cato locum editum asperumque appellat) ire iubens, Gell. 3, 7, 1; 2. a wart (as on the hands), ueruēas (ocimum) mixto atramento sutorio tollit, Plin. 20, 123; ueruēas cum saepe tollit scus e folio (helioscopi, uel ueruēariae), 22, 58; Qui ne tuberculis propriis offendat amicum Postulat, ignoscet ueruēcis illius, Hor. s. 1, 3, 74; cf. Sen. nit. 6, 27, 4; 3. an excrescence on a precious stone, Plin. 37, 105; 4. uer-uea (uor-uea?) perh. a dim. of colli- and if so = our hill-oek, for hill = coll- Lat.; at any rate = Eng. wart. Cf. old Fr. verue or uerue, an eminence.

**ueruēcīria**, adj. f. as sb. [ueruēca-] a plant = ἡλυσκοπιον, spurge, as a cure for warts, Plin. 22, 58.

**Verrius**, m. a gentile name, Cic. Ver. 2, 2, 187 etc., an alleged interpolation for Verres.

**ueruēcōsus**, adj. covered with warts, a cognomen of Q. Fabius Maximus, Cic. Brut. 57, from a wart on the upper lip; Aur. V. 43; Βερρυκωστος, Plut. Fab. 1; Virruccosus, inser. Grut. 297, 2; 2. met., u. Antiopa, Pers. 1, 77.

**ueruēcula**, ae, f. dim. a little mound, in ueruēcula collis unius, Amob. 2, 77; 2. a little wart, Cels. 5, p. 217, 6, 2; Colum. 7, 6, 2.

**Verug-o**, inis, f. [perh. = uerūc-a] a town of the Volsci, Liv. 4, 1, 4; 55, 8 etc.; 5, 28, 6; Val. M. 3, 2, 8; 6, 5, 2.

**uerunco**, (uerunco Fest.) āre, vb. [uer- of uert- turn +?] always with bene and as a prayer, turn out well, ueniam precor Petens ut quae egi ago axim uerunco bene, Pacuv. 297 R; Te sancte uerunus precibus iniuncte inuoco Portenta ut populo patriae uerunco bene, Att. praet. 6 R; haec bene uerunco populo, 36; 2. as a trans. vb., uti ea mihi populoque R. di bene uerunco, Liv. 29, 27, 2.

**uersā-ilis**, e, adj. [uersa- vb.] easy to turn, aer, Sen. X. Q. 6, 16, 4; 2. met., condicio, Sen. tranq. 11, 8; fortuna, Curt. 5, 8, 15; femina, Aram. 16, 8, 4.

**uersā-undus**, part. frq. turning again and again, turbo, Liv. 6, 438; sidera, Vitr. 9, 7, med.

**uersāt-ilis**, e, adj. easy to turn, mundi templum, Lucr. 5, 1436; laquearia, Sen. ep. 90, 15; molae, Plin. 36, 135;

2. met., n. ingenium pariter ad omnia, Liv. 39, 49, 5.

**uersātio**, ōnis, f. turning, nec pupillae motu (chamaeleo) sed totius oculi uersione circumspicit, Plin. 8, 121; Sen. tranq. 11, 12; Vitr. 9, 7, 4 etc.

**uerse**, see arse uerse.

**uersī-cōlor**, ōris, adj. colour-changing, presenting different colours from one moment to another, shot (as silk), alia, quasi ad ornatum (donata), ut plumae uersicolores columbis, Cic. fin. 3, 18; pauca pluma multicolor et discolor et uersicolor, Tert. Pall. 3; arma, Verg. 10, 181; or successively, nullum expirantem uersicolori quadam et numerosa uarietate spectari proceres gulae narrat, rubentium squamarum multiplici mutatione pallescentem, Plin. 9, 66;

poma, Colum. 3, 21, 3; 2. esp. of purple, ne qua mulier uestimento uersicolori uteretur, lex Oppia ap. Liv. 34, 1, 3; uestis, 7, 10; cultus, Ov. F. 5, 350; cf. Ulp. dig. 32, 1, 70, 12;

3. met., eloquentia, Quint. 8, pr. 20.

**uersīcōlōrus**, adj. the same, lana, uestis, Ulp. dig. 32, 1, 70, 12.

**uersīcōlōrus**, adj. the same, paries, Prud. adu. Sym. 2, 56.

**uersic-ūlus**, i, m. dim. [uersu- m.] a line (of writing), ut uideret ne quid respublica detrimenti caperet, quo uno uersiculo satis armati semper consules fuerint, Cic. Mil. 70; Att. 5, 1, 3; 2. a verse, Cic. orat. 67, Catul. 16, 3 and 6; Hor. s. 1, 10, 58; Plin. ep. 3, 21, 2.

**uersificatio**, ōnis, f. verse-making, Colum. 11, 1, 2; Quint. 9, 4, 116.

**uersificator**, ōris, m. a maker of verses, n. quam poeta melior, Quint. 10, 1, 89; Just. 6, 9, 4.

**uersifico**, āre, vb. trans. put into verse, describe in verse, Sibyllae fati loquia, Apul. de deo Soc. p. 46; 2. in pass., portenta in Homero uersificata, Lucil. ap. Non. 533.

**uersificor**? āri [uersificus], vb. r. play the part of a verse-maker, make verses, a term of contempt, only in the gerund, Quint. 9, 4, 143; Annu. 21, 16, 4.

**uersificus**, adj. verse-making, ordo, Sol. 11, 6.

**uersilis**, e, adj. [uert-] turning, profunditas, Mart. Cap. 4, 135 G. 137, 4 Eyss.; scena, Serv. G. 3, 24.

**uersi-pellis**, older uorsipellis, e, adj. skin-changing, a name for those who were believed to take the shape of wolves at their pleasure, homines in lupos uerti rursusque restitui sibi., Vnde ista uolgo infixa sit fama, in tantum ut in maledictis uersipellis habeat, indicabitur etc. (wh. see), Plin. 8, 50; intellexi cum uersipellem esse nec postea cum illo paucum gustare potui, Petr. fr. tr. 62 f.; met., uersipellem se facit Iuppiter quando lubet, Pl. Amph. p. 123; ad Bac. 4, 4, 12; and perh. Pers. 2, 2, 48; also Lucil. ap. Non. 38;

2. comp. uersipellis, Porc. L. in Catil. 9 f.

**uerso**, older uorso, āre, vb. frq. trans. [uert- vb.] keep turning, turn again and again, Qui caelum uersat stellis fulgentibus aptum, Enn. an. 30 V; uersabat se in utraque partem, non solum mente uerum etiam corpore, Cic. Ver. 2, 2, 74; dum turbos uersat in igni, Hor. s. 1, 5, 72; docta ligonibus Versare globas, od. 3, 6, 39;

2. turn over again and again, uos exemplaria Graeca Nocturna uersate manu, uersate diurna, Hor. A. P. 269; esp. met. of the mind, Multas res simula in mea corde uerso, Pl. Trin. 2, 1, 1; Illa dolos dirumque nefas in pectore uersat, Verg. 4, 563;

uersate diu quid ferre recenset, Quid ualeant humeri, Hor.



A. P. 39; 3. handle or deal with in various ways, tum Tarquinius versare in omnes partes multibrem animi, Liv. 1, 58, 3; non ut in iudiciis versaret caesarem, sed ut in historiis bella narraret, Cic. orat. 31; nummulario non ex fide versanti pecuniam manus amputavit, Suet. Galb. 9; testes multum domi ante versandi, variis percontationibus, quales haberi ab adversario possint, explorandi sunt, Quint. 5, 7, 11; 4. keep in constant movement and trouble, worry, curamque lenasso Quae nunc te coquit et versat in pectore fixa, Enn. an. 340 V; Versabo ego illuc hodie si uno probe, Pl. Bae. 4, 5, 6; 5. as vb. r. move to and fro, tum tu furcifer Quasi mns in medio pariete versabere, Pl. Cas. 1, 52; quo in fundo propter insanas illas substructiones facile mille hominum versabantur, Cic. Mil. 53; cum hostes in nostris castris versari vidisset, Caes. b. g. 2, 24, 2; 6. gen. busy oneself, employ oneself (in), be occupied, be involved, still with prep. in, optices omnes in sordida arte versantur, Cic. off. 1, 150; a viris in rerum publicarum varietate versatis, rep. 3, 4; 7. live (in or among), dwell, an versis quantis in malis versor miser? Ter. Andr. 4, 1, 25; noluisse versari iam diutius non potes, Cic. Cat. 1, 10; quod in simili culpa versabantur, Caes. b. c. 3, 110, 4; 8. and with abstract nom., concern itself (with), as dicendi ratio in etc., Cic. or. 1, 12; omnes artes in etc., off. 1, 19; 9. pass to and fro (before the mind), nunquam tibi populi Romani dignitas in oculis animoque versata est? Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 144; nam mihi ante oculos dies noctesque versaris, fam. 14, 2, 3; ob oculos u., Sest. 47.

versor, ōris, m. implied in versorios and versura, and established by the inser. ΔΙΟΤΛΕΙ ΕΠΕΠΟΙΕΙ (doui versori), Mommsen's Osk. Stud. Nachtr. 55.

versor-ia, or rather versoria, adj. f. as sb., only in—cape versorium, put about, go on the other tack, met., Quin tu quod perorit perisse ducis? cape versorium: Recipe te ad erum, Pl. Trin. 4, 3, 19; Si hinc item properes ut istuc properas, facias rectius. Itaque secundus venter nunc est: cape modo versorium., recipe te ad terram, Merc. 5, 2, 35.

versum, older versum, adv. -wards, only used after prepositions, and so written with them; unless separated by another word, as: animaduortit fugam ad se versum fieri, Sal. Jug. 58, 4; cf. 69, 1. See versus prep.

versura, older versura, ae. f. [implies a sb. versor] a turning, a turn, foliorum, Varr. r. 1, 46; loci, l. 7, p. 350 Sp.; cum ventum erit ad versuram, in ploughing, Colum. 2, 2, 28; 2. a loan, i.e. money borrowed from A to pay a debt due to B, so that the creditor alone is changed (versura), the debt remains and prob. at greater interest, hence versura solvere, as versura soluis (al. versuram solues), Geta, praesens quod fuerat malum in diem abiit, plagae crescent, Ter. Ph. 5, 2, 15; wh. Donat.: dicitur versuram facere, cum minore fenore acceptam quis pecuniam maiore (al. maiorem) occupat (absoluti)? quae quidem ego utique vel versura facta solui nolo, Cic. Att. 5, 1, 2; ut versar, ne illud versura mihi solvendum sit, 5, 15, 2; 3. so versuram facere, borrow money, raise a loan, Salaminii cum Romae versuram facere nollent, Cic. Att. 5, 21, 12; add 15, 20, 4; 16, 15, 5; Nep. Att. 2 and 9; Cic. Font. 11; add Fiae. 48; and Paul. ex Fest. 379. But in Cic. Tusc. 1, 100 quam (poenam) sine mutatione et sine versura possem dissolvere, and in Tac. an. 6, 16, postremo uicta versura, we should prob. read usura.

1 versus, older versus, prep. or adv. [uert- vb.] -wards, towards, cum Brundisium versus ires ad Caesarem, Cic. fam. 11, 27, 3; Labienum ad Oceanum versus in eas partes...proficisci iubet, Caes. b. g. 6, 33, 1; ad urbem modo, modo in Galliam versus castra mouere, Cat. Jug. 56, 4; 2. often attached to prepp., and then written as one word with them, see adversus, utroqueversus etc.

2 versus, (versus) part. of uert-; 2. part. of uert-, wh. see.

3 versus, ūs, m. lit. a turning, hence a furrow (as every turn of the plough ends one and commences another), bubuleum per proscissum ingredi oportet alternisque versibus obliquum tenere aratrum, Colum. 2, 2, 25; in arando versum peragi (oportet), Plin. 18, 177; 2. hence gen. a

line, Ille etiam seras in versum distulit ulmos, Verg. G. 4, 144; triplici versu (of rowers), A. 5, 119; sexdecim versus remorum, Liv. 33, 30, 5; 3. esp. a line of writing, quod de Quinti fratris epistola scribis...ita deplorat primis versibus mansuetionem suam ut quicquid mouere possit, Cic. Att. 2, 16, 4; ego non paginas tantum sed versus etiam syllabasque numerabo, Plin. ep. 3, 12, 16; 4. a verse, of poetical writing, Non ridet versus Enni grauitate minores, Hor. s. 1, 10, 54; Ov. am. 1, 11, 21; 5. a measure of land in Campania, versum dicitur centum pedes quoquoersum quadratum, Varr. r. 1, 10, 1.

4 versus, i, m. the same, versorum, Laber. 55 R; Quid hic cum tragicis versis et syrma facis? Valer. ap. Prisc. 679 P; omnes sunt denis syllabis versu, Laev. ap. Prisc. 712, 15.

versūtis, see versūtis.

versūtia, ae. f. cunning, ista in acensando u., Apul. apol. p. 307; insidiosa, ib.; fallax, Iuven. 1, 371.

versūtī-loquus, adj. cunning in words, versutiloquus malitias, fab. trag. inc. 114 R.

versūtus, older versutus, adj. [versu :: cornutus :: cornu] armed with resources for everything, ready-witted, clever, shrewd, versutos eos appello quorum celeriter mens versatur, Cic. N. D. 3, 25; versutissimum Lysandrum accepimus, off. 1, 109; adulescens docte versutus fuit, Pl. St. 4, 1, 55; 2. often in a bad sense, shifty, shy, versutior es quam rota figularis, Pl. Epid. 3, 2, 35; Non esse seruos prior hoc quisquam potest, Nec magis versutos, As. 1, 1, 106; hoc est hominis non aperti non simplicis...versuti potius... uerteris uafri, Cic. off. 3, 57; cf. 2, 10; fin. 2, 53; Paul. ex Fest. 370; 3. adv. versute, cleverly, Cic. orat. 22, 4; shyly, Brut. 35; versutissime, Aug. Trin. 15, 20.

uertagra, ae. m. see uertagra.

uertagus, see uertagus.

uert-ēbra, ae. f. a vertebra, so called as a means of turning the body, spina constat ex uertebribus quattuor et uiginti, Cels. 8, p. 325, 15 D; u. tertia tubercula quae inferiori inserantur exigit, ib.; uertebrae dolor, Sen. ep. 78, 9; of insects, Plin. 11, 1.

uertēbrā-tus, part. articulated, ossa, Plin. 11, 177; dens? 34-75.

uert-ex, or uortex, ūis, m. lit. a turning, or whirling, an eddy, as of water, uertex est contorta in se aqua, given by Quint. 8, 2, 7 as the first meaning (proprium); annis transuerso uertice dola impulsi ad ripam, Liv. 23, 19, 11; Dat sonitum saxis et torto uertice torrens, Verg. 7, 567; Mediumque flumen gentibus additum Victis minores uolueru uertices, Hor. od. 2, 9, 22; cf. Verg. 1, 117; 2. of wind, a whirlwind, quare potest eurus turbo fiat?...uentus...similium illis quas diximus conuerti aquas facit uortex, Sen. N. Q. 5, 12, 2; interdum (uenti) uertice torto Corripuit rapideque rotanti turbine portant, Lucr. 1, 293; cf. Liv. 21, 58, 3; 3. of flame or smoke, flammis inter tabulata uolens Ad caelum undabat uertex turbine tenebat, Verg. 12, 673; Sordidum flammae trepidant rotantes uertice fumum, Hor. od. 4, 11, 12; 4. pole, as stars revolve round it, Extremisque alicui duplici de cardine uertice Dicitur esse polus, Cic. arat. ap. N. D. 2, 104; Hic uertex nobis semper sublimis; at illum etc., Verg. G. 1, 242; 5. from a confusion between the N. pole and zenith, the highest part of the sky, and so in poetry, a vertice from above, Vnam...ingens a uertice pontus In puppin ferit, Verg. 1, 114; ille ictum uenientem a uertice uelox Praecidit, 5, 444; 6. hence of any summit, esp. crown of the head, non ab imis unguibus usque ad uerticem summum ex fraude constare totus uidetur? Cic. Rose. com. 20; Suppositoque grauem uertice portat aquam, Ov. Pont. 3, 8, 12; 7. or gen. the head, in poets, At roseo mineae residebant uertice uitae, Catul. 64, 309; et toto uertice suprast, Verg. 7, 784; 8. the peak or summit of a mountain, ignibus qui ex Aetnae uertice erumpunt, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 106; Athenaeis in moenibus, aetis in ipso Vertice, Lucr. 6, 750; 9. of a tree, quales cum uertice celae Aereae quercus etc., Verg. 3, 679; hirsutaque uertice pinus, Ov. M. 10, 103; 10. met. like κορυφή, a man who out-tops his class, a coryphaeus, omni principiorum uerticibus colloctus, Amm. 15, 5, 16.

**uer-tib-ūlum**, i, n. a joint, Lact. op. D. 5 med.

**uerticillus**, i, m. [uerticulo- m.] a spindle? In Syria feminas uerticillos inde (de electro) facere, Plin. 37, 37.

**Verti-cordia**, adj. f. heart-turning, an epithet of Venus, ut Veneris Verticordia simulacrum consecraretur quo facillius iungium mulierumque mens a libidine ad pudicitiam conuerteretur, Val. M. 8, 15, 12; Iul. Ob. prod. 79; cf. Ov. F. 4, 157.

**uertic-ōsus**, older norticosus, adj. full of eddies, mare, Sal. ap. Serv. ad A. 1, 117; hence, et ad Sallustii nter uerbis, norticosus, Sen. N. Q. 7, 8, 2; ammis, Liv. 21, 5, 15.

**uertic-ūla**, ae, f. a vertebra or joint, Lucil. ap. Fest. 371; but see uerticulus; 2. a hinge or pivot in machinery, Vitr. 10, 13, 1.

**uertic-ūlum**, i, n. a bend in the intestines, Cacl. Aur. auct. 3, 17, 138.

**uertic-ūlus**, i, m. a vertebra, uerticuli spinae, Sol. 4; Haeret uerticulis adixum in posteriore Parte, Lucil. ap. Non. 207; 2. a bend, as in the intestines, Cacl. Aur. tard. 4, 3, 242.

**uertigīno**, āre, vb. revolve, Tert. Pall. 3, of a chameleon's eyes.

**uert-igo**, inis, f. turning, whirl, twirl, assidua rapitur uertigine caelum, Ov. M. 2, 70; uertus se ipsa uertigine concitans turbo est, Sen. N. Q. 5, 13, 3; una Quiritem Vertigo facit, Pers. 5, 70; the final whirl by the master in manumission of a slave; so v. 78 Vertit hic dominus momento turbinis, exit Marcus Dama; cf. Sen. ep. 8, 7; 2. met. rerum, Lucan. 8, 16; 3. whirling of the brain, giddiness, vertigo, rupes ita abscissae sunt ut despicui sine uertigine quadam simul oculos animique possit, Liv. 44, 6, 8; cf. Maer. s. 7, 9, 5; Iuv. 6, 303; Plin. 20, 194; 21, 46, etc.; 4. a revolving machine, Iul. Val. Alex. M. 3, 86.

**uertilāb-undus**, quasi-part. frp. [implies a vb. dim. uertila] turning first this way and then that, fickle, sic ad uos citius opinione uertilab-undus miser decidi, Varr. s. 122, 3 ll.

**uerto**, older norto, āre, uerti, uersum or norsum, [root uer, mimetic] vb. trans. turn; uertor, vb. r. for wh. also uertit se etc., and with se as intr. but chiefly in perfect tenses and the participles, uertens uersurus—first turn, cause to revolve, Vertitur interea caelum et ruit Oceano nix, Verg. 2, 250; Cardine tunc tacito uertere posse fores, Tib. 1, 6, 12; Nec strepitum uerso Saturnia cardine fecit, Ov. M. 14, 782; 2. turn, change direction, uerti me a Minturnis Arpinum uersus, Cic. Att. 16, 10, 1; Vortē hae te puer, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 21; 3. esp. in mil. language, reliqui se uertunt et loco cesserunt, Caes. b. c. 3, 51, 2; ipsos equites in fugam uertunt, pnt to flight, Liv. 30, 33, 10; tandem confecti uulneribus hostes terga uertēre, Caes. b. g. 3, 21, 1; 4. turn up, turn over, turn, as in ploughing, terram qui uertit aatro, Hor. s. 1, 1, 28; uertere solum bidentibus, Colum. 4, 5; 5. hence, over-turn, upset, in poets, Proceras manibus uertere fraxinos, Hor. od. 3, 25, 15; Cycnum Vi multa uertit terraeque afflixit Achilles, Ov. M. 12, 38; met., Nonsu tibi fluxus Phrygiae res uertere fundo Conauer? Verg. 10, 88; add Hor. od. 3, 3, 20; but in Cic. off. 1, 84 read ...euegie, uertit...; 6. uerto me, turn (to a person or thing for help), have recourse (to), fly (to), ut quo se uortat nesciat, Ter. Haust. 5, 1, 73; haerebat nebulo; quo se uertet non habebat, Cic. Phil. 2, 74; 7. change, as to form, metamorphose, turn, In anguinā ego nunc me uelim uorti ut uenefica illi Fancis prehendam, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 61; Verle omnes tete in facies, Verg. 12, 801; 8. met., quae te genitor sententia uertit? Verg. 1, 237; cur nunc tua quisquam Vertere iussa potest? 10, 35; 9. change, exchange for, as in uertere solum, change one's country, emigrate, qui erant rerum capitalium condemnati, non prius hanc ciuitatem amittebant quam erant in eam accepti quo uertendi, hoc est mutandi soli causa uenerat, Cic. dom. 78; uertere solum, Iuv. 11, 49; 10. turn (the course of events), cause them to end favourably or unfavourably; with intr., end well or ill, D. Puer natat. M. Di bene uortant, Heaven bless it, Ter. Ad. 4, 6, 10;

Si malus aut nequamst, male res uortunt quas agit, turn out ill, Pl. Pers. 4, 1, 5; quod bene uertat, castra Albanos Romanis castris iungere iubet, with a prayer for heaven's blessing, Liv. 1, 28, 1; 11. so intr., ae ludificatio ueri et ipsa in nermi uertit, ended in a reality, Liv. 26, 6, 1;

12. turn into another language, translate, Phileno scripsit, Plantus uertit (sic, not uortit, libri cum A) barbare, Pl. Trin. pr. 19; si se uerteren Platonem, ut uerticent nostri poetae fabulas, Cic. fin. 1, 7; annales Aelianos ex Graeco in Latinum sermonem uertit, Liv. 25, 39, 16; 13. hence met. interpret in any sense, regard as), ascribe, refer, ne sibi illae uitio uertitur quod abeset a patria, Cic. fam. 7, 6, 1; ne ea quae reipublicae causa erant, in suam contumeliam uertat, Caes. b. c. 1, 8, 3; cum omnium secundorum aduersorumque causas in deos uertent, Liv. 28, 11, 1; in religionem ea res nersa est, 26, 11, 4; 14. of money etc., give a wrong direction to, convert, embezzle, usarp, ex ille pecunia magnam partem ad se uertit, Cic. Caecl. 57; uertere in se Cotyi data, Tac. an. 2, 64; 15. met.

from a hinge, with in and abl., turn upon, hinge upon, depend upon, omnia in unius potestate ac moderatione uertuntur, Cic. Ver. 1, 20; in eo (dictatore) uerti spes ciuitatis, Liv. 4, 31, 4; add 57, 8; Quam restito (so T H K, xss resisto) turn maxime res in periculo uertitur, Pl. Merc. 1, 2, 12; in maiore discrimine domi res uertebantur, Liv. 6, 30, 7; iure in quo illa causa uertebatur, Cic. Brut. 145; 16. strange to doubtfulness the phrase: Perii, animam nequeo uortere; nimis nihili tibi cen siem, quo ducere? Pl. Merc. 1, 2, 15; 17. uerti=uersari, busy oneself, Patristat iam homo, in mercuria uortitur, Pl. Most. 3, 1, 109; 18. uertens, part. both trans. and intr., as Nunquam hercle hunc mensem uortentem credo ueritibi tibi, this current month, Pl. Pers. 4, 4, 76; anno uertente, in the course of the year, Cic. Quinct. 40; cum autem ad idem unde semel profecta sunt cuncta astra redierint, tum ille uere uertens annus appellari potest, reg. 6, 24; a year completing itself, the annus mundanus of Maer. s. Se. 2, 11, 7; 19. by the side uorto etc. and norsus, yet in the perfect tenses the old writers seem to have preferred uert, see Tr. Ph. Soc. 1860—1, p. 192; 20. the t of uert perhaps exrescent; perh. uert=ueret- for uer-ec.

**uertīga**, ae, m. [?] a greyhound, Et pictum maculo uertigam delige, Grat. cyn. 203. See

**uertīgās**, i, m. the same, Non sibi sed domino uenatur uertigās acer, Mart. 14, 200; see also uertigā, wh. is prob. an error for uertigā. Prob. a Gallic word, and the dog=Gallicus canis of Ov. M. 1, 534; Mart. 3, 47, 11, both of whom connect it with the hare, as in the Fr. lévrier; 2. Ital. veltro, Prov. veltro.

**Vertumnālia**, or Vortunnalia, adj. n. pl. as sb. festival of Vertumnus or Vortumnus, Varr. l. 6, 3, p. 203 Sp.

**Vertumnus**, Vortumnus or Vortunus, i, m. the god of change,=Proteus of Greece, deus Etruriae princeps says Varro (l. 5, s. 8, p. 51 Sp.), and hence his statue in the Vicus Tuscan, cf. Ase. ad Verr. 2, 1, 59; Vertumnus quotquot sunt natus inquis, Hor. s. 2, 7, 14; Talis in aeterno fletu Vortumnus Olympo Mille habet ornatus, mille decenter habet, Tib. 4, 2, 13; cf. Ov. M. 14, 642; Hor. ep. 1, 20;

2. prob. an old part. of nortor. Cf. alumnus, and such forms as uort-mini, uortimino of the verb.

**ueru**, n. [see below] a spit, extra in ollo (al. olla), non in neri coquantur, Varr. l. 5, p. 100 Sp.; Pars in frusta secant ueribusque tremula ligna, Verr. 1, 212; add Ov. F. 2, 363;

2. a small spear, Et tereti pugnant mucrone uerique Sabello, Verg. 7, 665; Statque latus praefixa ueri, Tib. 1, 6, 49; 3. iron spike or bar as a fence, Haec area...clausa ueribus, inser. Or. 736; 4. as a transl. of ὄφελος the mark-ε to denote what is spurious, Hier. ep. 100, 7; 5. ueru and ueribus or ueribus alone occur, except that uerna is sanctioned by Prise. 672, condemned by Charis. 59 and 118, used by Paul. ex Fest. 375 M;

6. the e short always save in: concoquiti Partem uapore flammæ trilribit ueribus Lacerta in focos, Att. 221 R (but see Bergk Rhein. M. 1835, 82); 7. ueru has superseded a form uoru, as genu a gonu (γονη) and this from for of forare,=fid of fodere. Comp. our broach (Fr. broche) from bore.

**uerua**, ac, f. a ram's head in a frieze, M. Iunius... frontem templi uerulis et hermis marmoreis... ornauit... inser. Or. 3676.

**ueruactor**, oris, m. [ueruag- vb.] who gives land its first ploughing, a title of a deity who presides over this duty, Fab. P. ad Verg. G. 1, 21.

**ueruactum**, part. n. as sb. land once ploughed, and then left fallow for a time, Cato r. 27; Varr. r. 1, 4, 2; Plin. 18, 176; Colum. 11, 2, 32; Pall. 4, 2.

**ueruago**, ire, vb. [?] plough once and then leave fallow, Colum. 11, 2, 8.

**ueruclātus**, part. armed with a small pike, falces, Colum. 2, 20, 3.

**uerucl-ālum**, or **ueruclūm**, i. n. dim. [ueru-] a small spit or spike, a graver, Plin. 33, 107; 35, 149; 2. a dart, Veg. mil. 2, 15 (al. ueruculum).

**uerucl-eus**, adj. of a ram, n. Iuppiter, or as Ovid says, Libys cum conuuls Ammon, Arn. 5, 171.

**uerucl-inus**, adj. of a ram, pellis, Lampr. Com. 1; caput, Arnob. 5, 157; 2. as sb. f. se. caro, ram's flesh, not. Tir. 175.

**Veruclūcus**, m. a cognomen, Q. Sollonius V., inser. Mur. 1013, 3.

**ueruella**, ac, f. double dim. [uerua?] small ram's head, Grammat. Vindob. p. 106.

**ueruex**, (uerbex) ceis, m. a ram, Qui petroni nomen indunt ueruci sectario, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 40; see ueruex; 2. a wether, is quod omni mari testium decepti et ideo ut natura uersa uerues declinatam (where et and declinatam are corrupt), Varr. l. 5, p. 101 Sp.; add Varr. ap. Non. 189; but Cie. leg. 2, 55 suspected; 3. a term of reproach, as calf with us for a blackhead, Pl. Vi illo intro eam. I. Itane uero uerux (al. uerhex?) intro eas, Pl. Merc. 3, 3, 6; Veruicum in patria crassoque sub acre nasci, Iuv. 10, 50; indignatum quod illum uerue marinum dixerat, Sen. contr. 17, 1; 4. Fr. brebis.

**ueruina**, ac, f. [ueru- + ?] a dagger, bodkin (of Shakspeare), Si tibi est machaera, at (libet et) nobis ueruinat domi, Pl. Bac. 4, 8, 46; o ueruna confodiende, non te nunci facio, Gav. B. ap. Fulg. 564, 22.

**ueruinus**, adj. [uerua?] of a wether; hence ueruina (see eruo), mutton, not. Tir. 175.

**Vērūla**, f. dim. [Vera-] a cognomen, Eppia Q. f. V., inser. Mur. 1450, 5.

**Vērūlae**, f. pl. a town of the Hernici, now Veroli, Flor. 1, 11.

**Vērūlānus**, adj. of Verulae, Liv. 9, 42, 11; Plin. 3, 64.

1 **uerum**, adj. n. as adv. first a strong affirm. answer, certainly, P. Comites secuti scilicet sunt uirginem? C. Verum, parasitus cum ancilla, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 54; C. Nihil minus ego hoc faciam tamen. S. Facies? C. Verum, Haut, 5, 3, 11; C. Men quaerit? S. Verum, Ad. 4, 2, 4; 2. conj. but, Merito male dicas mi si sit id ita factum, Verum huius mentior resque uti factast dico (corr. by T H K), Pl. Amph. 2, 1, 22; fortasse non recte, uerum praeterita omittamus, Cie. Phil. 5, 31; 3. esp. in oppos. to a non, ea sunt omnia non a natura uerum a magistro, Cie. Mur. 61; sed nos non quid nobis utile, uerum quid oratori necessarium sit quaerimus, or. 1, 254; 4. hence after non modo, non tantum, non solum, comes uerum etiam or uerum quoque, as: non modo agendo uerum etiam cogitando, Cie. Cael. 45; seruauit ab omni Non solum facto uerum opprobrio quoque turpi, Hor. s. 1, 6, 84; te autem non solum natura uerum etiam studio esse sapientem, Cie. an. 7; non ingrato tantum uerum etiam inuido animo, Iust. 21, 6, 7;

5. uerum, but, is at times strengthened by a uero, an enim, and still more commonly by enimvero, uerum uero inter offam atque herliam ibi uero longum interuallum est, Cato ap. Gell. 13, 17, 1; Verum enim quando bene promeruit fiat, Ter. Ad. 2, 1, 47; in Cie. or. 3, 54 we should probably read uerum enim with Ern. or uero enimvero with Schütz, but Baiter has uero enim; uix quidem ulli regi facilis erat finor apud Syracusanos, uerum enimvero Hieronymus... Liv. 24, 5, 1; cf. 4, 4, 9; 29, 8, 7 etc.; eorum ego uitam mortemque iuxta aestumo, quoniam de

utraque siletur; uerum enimvero is demum etc., Sal. Cat. 2, 9; cf. 20, 10.

2 **uerum**, i, n. = uerum, Verum extegetur, Pl. Rud. 5, 2, 17.

**uerumtamen**, or uerumtamen, conj. but still, consilium stultum uerumtamen clemens, Cie. Verr. 2, 5, 101; non dubitabam equidem, uerumtamen multo mihi notiorum amorem tum efficit Caecilius, fam. 12, 30, 3;

2. or divided, si ita defenderet, mala defensione uerum aliqua tamen uti uideretur, Cie. Verr. 2, 2, 101; 3. in resuming, after a parenthesis, cum essem in Tuscanulo (erit hoc tibi pro illo tuo, cum essem in Ceramico), uerumtamen cum ibi essem, etc., but still as I was saying, Cie. Att. 1, 10, 1.

**uerus**, adj. [see below] what is, real, true, genuine, quantum inter hunc et illum Numidium, uerum ne germanum Metellum interesset, Cie. Verr. 2, 4, 147; quid stultius quam cupiditatem dominandi praecipuum et lubricum antefere uerae graui solidae gloriae? Phil. 5, 50; Nam ego quae dico uera in falsa audierim mihi sciri potest, Ter. Andr. 5, 4, 19; Vis dicam tibi ueriora ueris? Mart. 6, 30, 6; causa mihi uidetur esse uerissima, Cie. aced. 2, 10;

2. truthful, veracious, Da. Sum uerus? Ter. Andr. 2, 5, 12; Vērū fuit nates, dictos inuenimus ignes, Ov. her. 16, 123; Talia dum uerō mēmorātur Apollinis ore, M. 10, 209; 3. right, just, lawful, cum aliquid uerum et rectum esse dicitur sed optineri, id est, obisiti posse populo negatur, Cie. leg. 3, 34; neque uerum esse qui suos fines terri non potuerunt, alienos occupare, Caes. b. g. 4, 8, 2; uerum esse habere (agrum) eos quorum sanguine partus sit, Liv. 2, 48, 2; me uerius unum pro uobis foedus lueri et decernere ferro, Verg. 12, 694;

4. uerum as sb. n. what is or was, the real, reality, fact, truth, Ex uero positum permansit Equiria nomen, Ov. F. 2, 859; laborant Cum uentum ad uerum, when they come to real life, Hor. s. 1, 3, 97; si notionem ueri et falsi nullam habemus, Cie. aced. 2, 33; quod abest longissime a uero, ib. 36; 5. esp. in gen. with similis, likely, probable, with similitudo, likelihood, probability, uolunt probabile aliquid esse et quasi neri simile, Cie. aced. 1, 32; haec ego nunc physiorum oracula fundo, uera in falsa neseio, sed ueri tamen similitudo quam uestra, N. D. 1, 66; ut in omni disputatione quid est similitudinem ueri quaereremus, Tusc. 5, 11; Concinnat ueri similitudinem suspicio culpam, Aus. ep. 24, 8; ipsam ueri similitudinem sequi, Cie. aced. 2, 107; ad similitudinem ueri, part. or. 40; but often written as one word, esp. in later writers;

6. uerus (= Germ. wahr, Lith. vėroj) contracted from uer-erus, and that from an old nes be, aft. es; cf. for root our was, Goth. vis-an, Germ. was-en existence, Norse vera to be; also er-eros er-eros real, from er- be; for suffix cf. pig-ero, rub-ero; for contraction of uer- into uer-, uer-ero; for uer- into uer- and Bell's Jour. of Educ. 9, 153. See also res and sum.

**uerū-tus**, quasi-part. armed with an iron spike or ueru, stricta uerūtis dentibus, Grat. cyn. 110; pila, Paul. ex Fest. 375 M;

2. armo-l with a ueru or dart, Adnetumque malo Ligarem Volscosque uerūtis, Verg. G. 2, 168; 3. as sb. m. or n. a dart, Vix abstinuit nobis inuisus bis mille sagittae, Vix etiam cursus quingentes saepe ueruti, Lucr. 4, 400; the last line borrowed from Enn. an. 356 V.; Caes. b. g. 5, 44, 7; Sal. ap. Non. 554; Sil. 3, 363; cf. Veg. mil. 2, 15.

**uesānia**, ac, f. [uesano- adj.] madness, u. discors, Hor. s. 2, 3, 174; Vixes simulata nesania bonem cum equo iungens, Plin. 35, 129.

**uesānio**, ire, vb. be mad, rage, only in part., uesani- ente uento, Catul. 25, 13.

**ue-sanus**, adj. = male sanus, of unsound mind, mad, insane, u. remigem, Cie. diu. 2, 114, called just before de-mens; te homine uesano ac furioso, dom. 3; Romanorum uesanos uoluit et furentia ora, Liv. 7, 33, 17; flamma, Catul. 109, 7.

**Vesbinus**, m. of Vesuvius, a cognomen, M. Vipius Aug. l. V., inser. Grut. 214.

**Vesvius**, see Vesunius.

**Vescia**, ae, f. an old city of the Ausones, Liv. 8, 11, 5; whence

**Vescinus**, adj. of Vescia, ager, Liv. 10, 21, 7; casens, Plin. 11, 241; Mart. 13, 31 lemma (but *vis* in both Vestinus).

**vesco**, *ēre*, vb. = *vescor*, *carne*, Tert. *ici*. 5; hence as *pass*. Isid. orig. 20, 2.

**vescor**, i, vb. r. [see below] feed oneself and so eat, but with an abl., chiefly of human beings, exclusive of slaves, nec his escis aut potitionibus *vescuntur* ut... Cie. N. D. 2, 59; lacte caseo *carne* *vescor*, Tusc. 5, 90; Numidae plerumque lacte et farina *carne* *vescuntur*, Sal. lug. 89, 7; uitalibus *auris*, Lucr. 5, 857; *aura* *aetheria*, Verg. 1, 546;

2. met. enjoy (cf. *frui*). Qui uiget *vescatur* armis ut percipiat praemium, Pacuv. 22 R; arte *bac* *vescimur*, 108; Sed ita Achilli armis inclutis *vesci* studet, Att. 145; Num pariter uideor patris *vesci* praemiis? 591; paratissimis noliptatibus, Cie. fin. 5, 47; *vesci* nariante loquella, Lucr. 5, 72; 3. rarely with acc., nescimentum *vesceris*, Nover. 5, 7 R; aut eandem *vescatur* dapem, Att. 218 R; sic usque sacras innoxia laurus *vescar*, Tib. 2, 5, 63; ut infirmissimis snorum *vescerentur*, Tac. Agr. 28; caprinum *iescor*, Plin. 8, 203; singulas (columbas), Phaedr. 1, 31, 11; and met., Priusquam infans facinus oculi *vescantur* tui, Att. 189; 4. absol. in part. and gerund., (delphinus) ex manu hominum *uescens*, Plin. 9, 26; Tac. an. 1, 49; in aede louis *uescendi*, Liv. 9, 30, 5; esp. *uescendi* causa, Ulp. dig. 28, 8, 7, 3 etc.; 5. root *ues-* eat, orig. form of *escat*, be; cf. *uerus* § 6; and for loss of u *esc-* *esculentus*. See also *uino*.

**vescillus**, adj. dim. male *curati* et *graciles* homines, Fest. s. v. See *uescus*.

1. **ves-cus**, adj. [*vescor* vb. r.] eatable, *vescas* salicem frondes, Verg. G. 3, 175; *uescuntque* papauer, 4, 131.

2. **uescus**, adj. [*uescens* from *-esca*] bad at eating, hence first, much-devouring, greedy, *Nec mare quae impendit uesteo sale saxa porosa*, Lucr. 1, 326; 2. eating little, dainty, quam fastidiosum *ae uesteum* cum fastidio edendi uiuere, Lucil. ap. Non. 186; cf. Gell. 5, 12, 10; 16, 5, 6, where he says, *uescus* *ex ne particula et esca copulatum est*; so: *uescus* *oxycoctus*, Gloss. Philox.;

3. hence meagre, lean, small, corpore *uesco* sed eximius uiribus Tritanum, Plin. 7, 81; At puer est *uescis* imbecillus uiribus, Afran. 315 R; *uescaeque* parua uocant, Ov. F. 3, 445.

**Vesentini**, a people of an Etrurian town, now Bisentio, Plin. 3, 52.

**Veseris**, is, a river and perh. a town of Campania, Cie. off. 3, 112; Liv. 8, 19; Val. M. 6, 4, 1.

**Vēsēus**, i, m. [*oes-* burn, old form of *ūr-*] a name of Mount Vesuvius, Sic ubi praerupti tonitui emittit Vesuci Hesperiae letalis apex, Val. F. 4, 507; cf. Stat. silu. 4, 8, 5; 2. as adj., Capua et uicina *Vesucio* Ora iugo, Verg. G. 2, 224.

**uesica**, or rather *uensica*, ae, f. [for *uentica*, akin to *uento*- from a lost vb. *uen* or *nan*, blow, see *uento*-; *uensica* n. habet quia non est sine *uento*, Caper 2246, 32; so follis from *flare*, our bladder from *blow*] a bladder, dispoā sōnat quantum *uesica*, Hor. s. 1, 8, 46; cum super caput disrupta n. est, Sen. N. Q. 2, 27, 3; qui minimum poluit faciem laxis *uesicis* iligant ne in respirando perniciali puluerem trahant et tamen ut per illas spectent, Plin. 35, 122; *uesicæ* non imperat, Iuv. 6, 64; *uesica* queritur (sc. metuentium), Tert. apol. 48; Pl. Pers. 1, 3, 18; *uesicæ* morbi, Cie. fin. 2, 66; Plin. 8, 65; 2. used for many purposes, as a cap for bathers, Mart. 8, 33, 19; a lantern, 14, 62, 2; 3. a blister on the skin, Plin. 20, 51; 4. met. of big and empty words, bombast, Mart. 4, 49, 7.

**uesiculæus**, adj. of the bladder, aqua, Mar. Emp. 26; 2. *uesicaria* as sb. f. a plant, same as *truxys*, so called quoniam *arene* et *calculus* prosit, Plin. 21, 177.

**uesico**, *äre*, vb. grow into a blister, Theod. r. 1, 28.

**uesicula**, rather *uensicula*, ae, f. *saime*, det. little bladder, cum plena animæ *uensicula* parua Saime det laut paruum sonitum dispoā repente, Lucr. 6, 130; 2. of a seed capsule, Cie. diu. 2, 33.

**uesiculōsus**, adj. full of bladders or blisters, Cael. Aur. acut. 3, 17, 171.

**Vesidia**, ae, a river of Etruria, Tab. Pent.

1. **ues-pa**, ae, f. [prob. from *oes-* burn, aft. *ūr-*] a wasp, Varr. r. 3, 16, 19; Plin. 11, 71 etc.; 20, 133; Phaedr. 3, 13, 3; 2. a cognomen, as V. Terentius, Cie. or. 2, 253.

2. **uesp-a**, ae, m. [akin to *uespero*-, see *uesper* § 13] an undertaker's man, *Vespae* et *nespillones* dicuntur qui funerandis corporibus officium gerunt, quia *uespertino* tempore eos (pauperes) efferunt, Fest. 368.

**Vespasianus**, i, m. a name of adoption, as of the Emperor, probably adopted by a maternal uncle, Suet. Vesp. 1; *Vespasianus* erat, Sidor. 5, 327.

**Vespāsius**, a gentile name as *Vespasianus* Pollio; and his daughter *Vespasia* mother of *Vespasian*, Suet. Vesp. 1.

**uesper**, *ēra*, *trum* [see below], orig. an adj. of the west or evening, his horae rigandi matutina atque *uespera* ne infemescat aqua sole, Plin. 19, 183;

2. as sb. m. Venus as the evening-star (cf. *Lucifer*), Plin. 2, 36; Illie sera rubens accendit lunina *Vesper*, Verg. G. 1, 251; Puro te similem Telchere *Vespero*, Hor. od. 3, 19, 261; Cie. N. D. 2, 53; 3. evening, cum ab hora septima ad *uesperum* pugnam sit, Caes. b. g. 1, 26, 2; et iam die *uesper* erat, Sall. lug. 52, 3; *nescis* quid *uesper* serus *uehat*, Varr. ap. Gell. 13, 11, 1; 4. evening meal,

supper, In *uesperum* parare piscatum mihi, Pl. Most. 1, 1, 64; and we should prob. read *uespero* in: Numqui hic prope adest qui rem alienam potius curet quam suam, ... qui de *uesperi* uiuat suo? who rich enough to find his own supper without work can live as a Paul Pry? Mil. 4, 2, 5; Si tu de illarum cenaturis *nesperi*, Illis curandum cenaeo, Rnd. 1, 2, 91; see *uesperna*;

5. the west, Nunc Zephyrus sero *uespere* misus adest, Ov. tr. 1, 2, 28; M. 1, 63; Nec nou totus adest *uesper* populique reposti, Sil. 3, 325; 6. *uesperi*, an old dat. (for *uesperoi*) in the evening, Numquam tam nani egredior neque tam *uesperi* domum reuortor qui..., Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 15; add Andr. 4, 4, 29; cum ad me in Tusulanum heri *uesperi* *uenisset*, Cie. or. 2, 13; Lepidus ad me heri *uesperi* litteras misit Antio, Att. 13, 47, 2;

7. *uesperi* was often supplanted by *uespere* (cf. *mani*, *heri*, aft. *mane* here); Cephalo mihi a te litteras redditae a. d. iix Id. Mart. *uespere*, Cie. Att. 11, 12, 1; imperat ut primo *uespere* scaphas ad litus adpulsas habeant, Caes. b. c. 2, 43, 1; 8. the form *nesper* *eris* a mere invention to account for *uesperi*, *uespero* so used; 9. a cognomen, Q. Coelius Q. l. *Vesper*, *inuent*. Reines. 11, 34;

10. *uespera* as sb. f. evening, tum germanas meas *Vespera* oriente calcantium ferri ad specum, Atta 24 R; ibi se occultans perpotauit ad *uesperam*, Cie. Phil. 2, 77; si accelerare uoluit ad *uesperam* consequatur, Cat. 2, 6; 11. *uespera* absol. in the evening, tradunt florem (loti) *uespera* mergi, Plin. 13, 109; *uespera* fatigatus luce dominans, Aurel. Caes. ap. Charis. 198, 4; ad cum *uespera* in triduum mittant, Fronto ib. 6; 12. the readings vary much between *uespere* and *nespi*, *uesperum* and *uesperam*;

13. *uespero* = *εσπερο*; so *ues* of *uespero* = *hes* of *hes*, *hes-erms* (with *ex*rescent *ti*) = our *west*. Prob. *ues* is for *en-es* and so of same stock with our *ewe*, whence *ew-en-ing*; all ultimately from a root = Sansk. *awa* down, that is *sun-down*. Cf. *noct-*.

**uespēralis**, e, adj. of the west, *plaga*, Solin. 9.

**uespēr-āscit**, vb. *impers*. it is getting dusk, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 7; *uesperauerat*, Gell. 17, 8, 2; *uesperascens*, Tac. an. 16, 34; ps. *pel*. 2; with a perf. part. die iam *uesperato*, Sol. 11 med.

**uesperna**, ae, adj. f. as sb. (sc. *ena*) evening meal, supper, Fest. 368.

**uespēr-ilio**, *ōnis*, m. bat, Plin. 10, 168; 11, 164; Maer. s. 7, 16, 7; factus sum *uespertilio*; neque in muribus plano, neque in uolueribus sum, Varr. s. 96, 8 R; At *uespertilio* dahus euentus timens, Aescop. fab. 18, 3; Schwab.; Strix nocturna sonans et *uespertiliis* strident, Philomel. 39; cf. Nocte uoluit seroque teneat a *uespere* nomen, Ov. M. 4, 415.

**uespēr-inus**, adj. [*uesper*] of the evening, Cie. N. D. 2, 52; Att. 13, 23, 1; u. *acies*, clear-sightedness in the dusk,

Plin. 8, 203; usus, Hor. epod. 16, 51; 2. of the west, regio, Hor. s. 1, 4, 29; 3. unperturbed as adv. in the evening, Varr. 1, 2, 2, 11.

**vesperugo**, = *vesperugo*, inser. ap. Quint. 1, 7, 12; only a fuller form of *vespero*.

**Vesper-ūg-o**, m. s. sb. dim. the evening star, Nec iugulae neque vesperugo neque iugulae occidunt, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 119; Vitr. 9, 4, med.; 2. a bat, Tert. anim. 32.

**vespices**? fructuosa densa, Fest. 369.

**vespillo**, or *uspillo* or *uspillio*, ōnis, m. dim. [vespa 2] a bat-ling, so to say hence a contemptuous term for an undertaker, Nuper erat medicus nunc est vespillo\* Diaulus; Quod nispillo\* facit, fecerat et medicus, Mart. 1, 47, 1; cadaver eius populari sandapila per vespillones exportatum, Suet. Dom. 17; 2. a cognomen, as of the aedile Lucretius who threw the body of Ti. Gracchus into the Tiber, Aurel. V. 64; 3. one who strips the bodies of the slain in a battle-field or robs from the grave, Ulp. dig. 21, 2, 314; Maec. 36, 1, 74; Marcell. 46, 3, 72, 51; 4. *Hispillo* *νεκροφόρος*; *Hispillones* *νεκροφόροι*; *τηνβραχες* sepulchri violator, *uspillio*, Gloss.

**Vesta**, ae, f. [aer-burn, old form of *ūr*, with ex-crescent t] the goddess of fire, Nec in aliud Vestam quam vivam intellegit flammam, Ov. F. 6, 201; nam Vestae nomen a Graecis, ea est enim quae ab illis *Ἑστία* dicitur; nis autem eius ad aras et focos pertinet, Cic. N. D. 2, 67.

**Vestālis**, e, adj. of Vesta, sacra, Ov. F. 6, 305; virginis, xii tab. ap. Cic. leg. 2, 20; CIL 200, 62; Gell. 1, 12, 9; sacerdos, ib. 14; 2. hence V. V. for Virgo Vestalis, Terentia Rutillia V. V. Max. (maxima), inser. Or. 2235 etc.; 3. as sb. f. a Vestal virgin, Liv. 1, 3, 11 etc.;

4. as sb. pl. Vestalia, festival of Vesta, Varr. 1, 6, p. 199 Sp. **vester**, older *uoster*, tra, trum, adj. poss. [uos] of you (pl.), your, yours, Teneo quid animi nostri super hac re sent, Pl. Amph. pr. 58; Cornelianus patres vestri totius Graeciae lumen extinctum esse voluunt, Cic. Man. 11; Noli ego vestra haec, these ways of you Mr. Aeschinus and your like, Ter. Ad. 2, 1, 11; 2. as an objective gen., nec esse in nos odio nostro consultum ab Romanis credatis, Liv. 30, 44, 7, from hatred to you; 3. in addressing a slave, *uoster* is at times used as including his fellow-slaves, hence *uoster* (sc. *crus*) your master, Ibi *uoster* cenat...; Ibidem *crus* est *uoster*, Pl. St. 5, 2, 16, where Stichus speaks to Sagarinus; 4. *uostorum*, *uestrarum* the gen. of the adj. are at times found for the gen. of the sb. *vestrum*: Is *vestrum* ante sit quod signum datamset cetera, Plaut. ap. Non. 85; Verum illud esse maxima adeo pars *uostorum* intellegit, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 123; Omninoque adeo *uostorum* vulgus quae ab se segregat, Ter. Haut. 2, 4, 6.

**vestiārius**, adj. [vesti-sb.] of clothes: *area*, Cato r. 11, a clothes-merchant; negotiator u. a merchant who deals in clothes, Scaev. dig. 38, 1, 45; 2. as sb. m. a maker of or dealer in clothes, inser. Or. 3643, 5004; cf. *tenniarius*; 3. *vestiarius* as sb. n. a clothes-merchant, Cato r. 98; copied by Plin. 15, 33; or wardrobe, *aulicum* u., Cass. uar. 1, 2, f.; 4. clothing, as for slaves, Sen. ben. 3, 21, 2; Colum. 1, 8, 17.

**vestibulum**, i, n. [†] a front court to a house, a vestibule, laeas ante ianuum domus mensus per quem a via aditus ad aedes est, says Aelius ap. Gell. 16, 5, 2; Vitr. 6, 8; Viden hoc ante aedis vestibulum et ambulacrum quomodo? Pl. Most. 3, 2, 130; in primo aditu vestibuloque templi, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 160; Hinc quoque (sc. a Vesta) vestibulum dei roat, Ov. F. 6, 303; 2. gen. an entrance or vestibule, Vestibulum ante ipsum primisque in faucibus Orci, Verg. 6, 273; sepulchri, Cic. leg. 2, 61; of a dove-cote, Varr. r. 3, 7, 4; 3. met. Cic. orat. 50; u. artis lauius, Quint. 1, 5, 7; 4. one would gladly deduce it from *vesti-re*, but how in meaning?

**vesticeps**, puer, qui iam vestitus est pubertate, e contra inuestus qui nequam pubertate vestitus est, Fest. p. 368, bearded, arrived at puberty; adrogari non potest nisi iam vesticeps, Gell. 5, 19, 7; Tert. anim. 56; Aus. idyl. 4, 73; Apul. apol. p. 336; cf. in certo dentes cadere imperat

actas Tempore et inpuemum molli pubescere ueste, Lucr. 5, 673.

**vesti-contubernium**, i, n. a sharing of the same clothes, Petr. 11.

**vestic-ula**, ae [vesti-sb.] f. a small garment, Paul. dig. 33, 7, 18, 13.

**vestifex**, icis, m. robe-maker, Dipirus, beneficio Heli conis Scriboniae Caesaris (i.e. Augustus' wife) *vestificis*, inser. effen. lett. Rom. 2, 44.

**vestificia**, see *vestificus*.

**vestificina**, adj. f. as sb. (sc. ars) robe-making, Ter. pall. 3, f.

**vestificium**, *ἱατομονα*, Gloss.

**vestificus**, adj. m. as sb. a robe-maker, inser. Grut. 578, 7; 2. *vestificus* as sb. f. the same, inser. Or. 2437.

**vesti-fluus**, adj. with flowing robes, u. Ser. Anson. techn. 24; but in Petr. 133 Buech. with ass septilium.

**vestigatio**, ōnis, f. following the track (of), Apul. M. 6, 172.

**vestigator**, ōris, m. one who follows a track, a searcher, Varr. 1, 5, p. 96 Sp.; for swarming bees, Colum. 9, 8, 10; for criminals, a detective, Sen. ben. 3, 26, 2.

**vestigium**, ii, n. [ped+stig of *stinguo*, stamp] foot-step, hac socii indeo vestigium in pulvere, Pl. Cist. 4, 2, 29; pergit hostem vestigiis sequi, Liv. 9, 45, 16; quarum (alcium) ex vestigiis cum est animaduertitur a venatoribus quo se recipere consuerunt, Caes. b. g. 6, 27, 4; and met., a pueritia *vestigis* ingressus patris, Cic. rep. 6, 26; 2. hence, in poetry, of the foot of a man or fellow of a horse; Candida permulcens liquidis vestigiis limphas, Catul. 64, 102; Sen. Thy. 1043; Oed. 833; vestigia primi Alba pedis frontisque ostentans arduus altam, Verg. 5, 566; 3. scent, as the means of tracking, cerui semper fugiunt secunda aura, ut vestigia cum ipsis abscidit, Plin. 8, 114.

4. a horse's shoe, *vestigium* equi excussum ungula, Plin. 28, 263; 5. gen. mark left by any impression, a trace, in lecto mulieris vestigia recentia, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 79;

6. met. a trace, a vestige, ut non remaneant amori vestigia, Quint. 11, 2, 1, 59; inprimi quaedam vestigia animo existimant, 11, 2, 4; 7. a step in distance, litterae Maecellii negantis e republica esse vestigium abscidi ab Hannibale, Liv. 27, 4, 1; 8. phrases: *vestigium* facere or ponere, set foot, aliud nihil orbi nisi ut in hoc foro u. facere liceat, Cic. Rab. Post. 48; Quas efficit strages ubi-cumque posuit u. Phil. 4, 31; add Lucr. 3, 389; 9. in *vestigio* and *e vestigio*, on the spot, but with this distinction, that, as the prepositions suggest, in *vestigio* i-limited to suffering, e *vestigio* to action, as: quam uicti mori in vestigio mallant quam fugere, Liv. 22, 49, 4; saepe consilia inuent quorum eos in vestigio paenitere necesse est, Caes. b. g. 4, 5, 3; pugnacissimus quisque in vestigio, multi palantes occubuerunt, Tac. h. 4, 60; so also Verus ad Front. 187; 10. but: repente e vestigio ex homine factus est uerres, Cic. Caecil. 57; e vestigio eo sum profectus prima luce, Sulp. ap. Cic. fam. 4, 12, 2; se in hostium habitum loco qui non e vestigio ad castra Cornelianae uela dix-isset (did-isset), Caes. b. c. 2, 25, 10; cf. ex templo, illico, sur-re-champ, auf der Stelle; 11. and so gen. of time, a moment, an instant, eodem loco vestigio et tem-poris, Cic. Pis. 21; tantus luctus excepit ut urbs ab hoste capta eodem vestigio uideretur, Caes. b. c. 2, 7, 3; omnem Galliae salutem in illo vestigio temporis positum, b. g. 7, 25, 4; 12. for nec uola nec u. see uola.

**uestigo**, are, vb. [for *uestigia*- from *uestigium*] lit. track by footsteps, but in use, trace, search for, in any way, errare uidebar Tardaque uestigare et quaerere te, Enn. an. 43 V; perfigas quos inquirendo uestigare po-tuerint reddidisse, Liv. 31, 19, 2; Ergo adest uestiga dehis et rite reperiunt Carpe manu, Verg. 6, 145; (tigris) fertur praeceps adeo uestigans, Plin. 8, 66; 2. met. Cic. or. 2, 100; 3. SS.

**uestimentārius**, adj. of clothing, *uestimentum* u., not, Tir. 69.

**uestimentum**, i, n. dim. [uesti-vb.] a garment, si e-lana mea uestimentum feceris, Gal. 2, 79; neque mihi uestimentum ullum est manipretiosum, Cato or. 72, 22

I; uestis generaliter dicitur, uestimentum pars aliqua, Fest. 368; see uestis § 1. **2.** Hence in pl. only, coverings in the most general sense, uestis an uestimenta legentur? Vestimentorum sunt omnia lancia lineaque uel serica uel bombycina quae induendi, praecedendi, amictendi, iusternendi, incindi incubandique causa parata sunt, Ulp. dig. 34, 2, 24; Huc est intro latus lectus uestimentis stratus est, Ter. Haut. 5, 1, 30; **3.** but commonly, clothes, domum uenit, calecos et uestimenta mutat, Cic. Mil. 28; cuiusque nocere nolebat Vestimenta dabat pretiosa, Hor. ep. 1, 18, 36; **4.** prov. Nudo detrahare uestimenta me iubes, Pl. As. 1, 1, 79.

**Vestini**, ōrum, m. pl. a people of Italy, Vestina uirum uis, Enn. an. 280 V; Sil. 8, 517; **2.** Vestinus, as a cognomen, C. Iulius Atticus V., consul A. D. 65, Tac. an. 15, 68.

**uestio**, ūre, vb. [uesti- sb.] clothe, Vt uiri te uestiat, tu despolies uirum, Pl. Cas. 4, 4, 4; proinde isti licet etiam Vatinii strumum sacerdoti δάδαφον uestiant, Cic. Att. 2, 9, 2; te bis Afro Marice tinetiae Vestint haue, Hor. od. 2, 16, 37; **2.** met. first in prose, trabes aggere uestiantur, Caes. b. g. 7, 23, 2; his tabulis interiores templi parietes uestiebantur, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 122; testudinum putamina scare in lammis lectosque et repositoria his uestire, Plin. 9, 39; (natura) oculos membranis tenuissimis uestiuit, Cic. N. D. 2, 142; **3.** esp. of the earth, saeptum undique et uestitum upribus et dumetis indagauit sepulchrum (Archimedi), Cic. Tusc. 5, 64; uestiti (montes) frequentibus siluis sunt, Liv. 32, 13, 3; olea magnum uestire Taburnum, Verg. G. 2, 38; Quaeque soto semper uiridis se gramine uestit, 2, 219; **4.** of language, ita exquisitas sententias pellucens uestiebat oratio, Cic. Brut. 274; (inuenta) uestire atque ornare oratione, or. 2, 142; **5.** and more freely in poets, Tum demum pueris...iuuentas...moli uestit langume malas, Lucr. 5, 889; cf. Verg. 8, 160; Largior hic campos aether et lumine uestit purpureo, 6, 640; **6.** uestibat, Verg. A. 8, 160.

**uestiplex**, ūis, f. following, uestis, uestiplex, not. Tir. 69. **uestiplica**, ae, adj. f. as sb. one who folds up dresses, a lady's maid, Pl. Trin. 2, 1, 22; Incundae Pexsae u., in-cr. Or. 3315; ps. Quint. decl. 363 in lemmate.

**uesti-plūcis**, adj. m. as sb. the same, inscr. Or. 2838. **Vestirikius**, a gentile Oscan name, = Lat. Vestricius, cipp. Abell. 1, 1.

**uest-is**, is, f. [with an excrecent t from a root nes = *fer, fēo, fēdō* of *fer-vius* or *ēr-vius*, perf. *ēr-uai, ēdō-nē* with excrecent *θ*; Sansk. vas, Goth. was-jan, cf. our weed] clothing generally, a collective noun, either dress for the body or as furniture, and so in prose only in sing., illi (Gracii) uestem tritam τριβύβαν appellat, Paul. ex Fest. 12; first, of body, clothes, ut mulierem cum auro et ueste abduceret, Pl. Cure. 2, 3, 69; Strata terrae lanere lacrimis uestem squalam et sordidam, Enn. tr. 370 V; dis-cidit uestem, resarciat, Ter. Ad. 1, 2, 41; **2.** hence mature uestem, to change one's ordinary clothes for the garb of mourning, quid de his uiribus talibus quos uidetis ueste mutata? Cic. Plane. 29; uestem mutandam omnes consueverunt, Sest. 26; cf. Liv. 6, 20, 2; **3.** covering for furniture, u. stragula, tanquam in aliquam locupletem domum uenerim non explicata ueste neque proposito argento, sed his omnibus rebus reconditis, Cic. or. 1, 161; maximus uni numerus fuit, pretiosa nestis, multa et lauta supellex, Phil. 2, 66; hence of a dinner couch, Vestibus hunc uelant quas non nisi tempore festo Sternere consueant; sed et haec uilissime uetustas Vestis erat lecto non indignanda saligno, Ov. M. 8, 657; of bedding, quam si in plebeia ueste cubandum est, Lucr. 2, 36; **4.** met. of a snake's skin, Lucr. 3, 614; of a spider's web, 3, 385; of the beard, 5, 673; **5.** a ueste, as title of an officer, keeper of wardrobe, inscr. Or. 794; Alcinus Neronis Caesaris seruos a ueste castrensi uix. ann. xxx, 2836.

**uesti-spex**, ūis, adj. as sb. examiner of wardrobe, inscr. Mur. 949, 7.

**uesti-spica**, adj. f. as sb. the same, Afran. 388 R; Varr. s. 187, 10 R.

**uesti-spīcus**, adj. m. as sb. uesti-pici appellabantur

nestium custodes serui, Non. 12; inscr. Reines. 11, 95; and Mur. 972, 1.

**uestitor**, ōris, m. a maker of clothes, tailor, Lampr. Al. Sev. 41; **2.** one who dresses, a dresser, inscr. Grut. 1111, 3; and Mur. 1842, 2; simulacrorum, Firm. math. 3, 11, 9; 3, 14, 3.

**uestitūra**, ae, f. covering, dressing, tegulas aeneas auratas cum uestituris basium, inscr. Or. 3272.

**uestitus**, ūis, m. [uesti- vb.] clothing, dress, Pl. Epid. 4, 2, 8; Cic. Att. 1, 13, 3; Caes. b. g. 7, 88, 1; met., orationis, Cic. Brut. 327; montium, N. D. 2, 161.

**Vestoriānus**, adj. of Vestorius, caeruleum, Plin. 33, 162.

**Vestorius**, m. a gentile name, Cic. Att. 4, 6, 4; Vitr.

7, 11. **uestras**, ātis, adj. of your people or country, Charis.

133; Diom. 317; Prisc. 1095.

**Vesuius**, ūis, m. [from Vēsivius] Mount Vesuvius, in poetry, Vul. F. 3, 209; Mart. 4, 41, 1; **2.** as adj. of Vesuvius, rura, Colum. 10, 133.

**Vesullia**, name of an Oscan gens, Mommsen's Osk. Stud. p. 114.

**Vesuno**, (= Vesuna) gen. ai, f. the Volseian form of Feronia, the goddess, Vesune (dat.), inscr. Lep. 45.

**Vestūius**, ūis, m. the volcanic mountain of Campania, Plin. 14, 22 and 34; Plin. ep. 6, 16, 5 and 13; **2.** as adj. of Vesuvius, colles, Colum. 3, 2, 10; **3.** as an epithet, Ioui Vesunio sac. dd., inscr. Or. 1274; **4.** the vowel is short, as proved by form Vesuius.

**ueter**, see uetus.

**ueterāment-ārius**, adj. [implies a sb. ueteram or -mentum] of old things, u. sutor, a cobbler, Suet. Vit. 2.

**ueterānus**, adj. of the class ueteres, old, veteran, esp. of soldiers, u. milites, Cic. Phil. 3, 3; legiones, Caes. b. g. 1, 24, 2; hostis, Liv. 21, 16, 4; **2.** as sb. m. Caes. b. e. 3, 24, 2; Liv. 37, 20, 2; **3.** met. of what has served its time, effete, boues, Varr. r. 1, 20, 2; uitis, Colum. 3, 15, 3; pecus, 6, 2, 9; gallinae, 8, 5, 6; **4.** but mancipia u., slaves who have served a year, and so are no longer nouicia, fr. 37 de Aedil. edict. 21, 1.

**ueter-ārium**, ūi, adj. n. as sb. a cellar for old wines, Sen. ep. 114, 20.

**ueterasco**, ascere, āni, ātum, vb. intr. grow old, become inueterate, in eo quem ueterascentem uideat ad gloriam, Cic. ap. Non. 437; cum febres ueterauerunt, Cels. 3, 12, p. 93, 32 D (al. inueterauerunt); quam sex mensibus passus fuerit ueterascere, Colum. 2, 14, 2; ulceribus ueteratis, Plin. 32, 141.

**ueterātor**, ōris, m. one who has grown old in any pursuit, an experienced veteran, an old hand, in causis publicis nihil, in priuatis satis u. uidebatur, Cic. Brut. 178; qui uidebatur esse in literis ueterator, Gell. 3, 1, 5;

**2.** of slaves, opposed to nouitius, that is one who is in his first year of service, praecipit aediles ne ueterator pro nouicio neneat, Ulp. dig. 21, 1, 37; Venul. 21, 1, 65;

**3.** hence often as a term of reproach for slaves, a knowing old fox, quid hic uult u. sibi? Ter. Andr. 2, 6, 26; and met., omnia callide referentem ad utilitatem, acutum, uersutum, ueteratorem, Cic. fin. 2, 53.

**ueterātor-ius**, adj. of one who has had much experience, hence in a bad sense, knowing, cunning, sly, ratio dicendi, Cic. Brut. 261; nihil ab isto uiafrum, nihil ueteratorie expectandum, Verr. 2, 1, 141; **2.** ueteratorie adu., Cic. orat. 99, not in a bad sense.

**Veterēnsis**, e, adj. a cognomen, Colum. 4, 3.

**ueteretum**=ueteratum, part. as sb. n. land that has long been unploughed, Colum. 2, 10, 4; but reading doubtful.

**ueterinārius**, adj. [ueterino-] strictly of beasts of burden or draught; but in use extended to other animals, as sheep, ueterinaria medicina, art of treating diseases of animals, veterinary art, Colum. 7, 3, 16; **2.** m. a veterinary surgeon, Colum. 7, 5, 14; 11, 1, 12; **3.** ueterinarius, as sb. u. a veterinary hospital, as attached to a camp, Hygin. groom. 12, 1.

**ueterīnus**, adj. [ueterina] of carriage or draught, bestia, Cato ap. Paul. ex Fest. 369; **2.** ueterina as sb. f. (sc.

bestia) a beast of burden, esp. the horse, mule, ass, stercus equinum ac ceterarum veterinarum, Varr. r. 1, 38, 3;

**3.** veterinus as sb. m. the same, actus veterinorum dentibus indicatur, Plin. 11, 168; in equis et ceteris veterinis, 11, 169; cf. 11, 265; **4.** as adj. of beasts of burden, Ne forte ex homine et veterino semine equorum..., Lucr. 5, 890; ungulae veterino tantum genere renascentur, Plin. 11, 255;

**veterinositas**, atis, f. somnolency, Fulg. M. 3, 4f.

**veterinosus**, adj. [veterino- as sb. m.] suffering from the disease called veterinus, drowsy, senex, Ter. Eun. 4, 4, 21; ut aequatis et veterinosus lutea quae non sunt, aequae luteae veterinus, Varr. s. 129, 3 R; quem morbus tenet loquendi tanquam veterinosum bibendi atque dormiendi, Cato ap. Gell. 1, 15, 9; Plin. 20, 24 and 28, 230; cf. Paul. ex Fest. 369 M and Don. ad Ter. Eun. 4, 4, 21; **2.** met. Sen. dial. 3, 20, 3; veterinosissimum artificum, ep. 82, 19;

**veter-nus**, adj. of the old—hence as sb. m. (sc. morbus) a disease marked by drowsiness, great thirst, and at times jaundice, drowsiness, lethargy, Num cum veterinus aut aqua interens tenet? Pl. Men. 5, 4, 3; **2.** of the bear's winter-sleep, Plin. 8, 127; **3.** met. lethargy, nisi ego cum aquarum pugna nati in civitatem occupasset, Cacl. ap. Cie. fam. 8, 6, 4; cf. fam. 2, 13, 3; Si pote stolidum repente excitare veterum, Catul. 17, 24; Nec torpere gravi passus sua regna veterno, Verg. G. 1, 124; Colum. 7, 5, 3; 4, 24, 6; **4.** as adj. drowsy, silentia, Prud. Cath. 9, 68; rupis, Fulg. M. praef.

**veter-ulus**, adj. dim. wretched old—, Ruf. in Hier. 2, 7.

**vētūtis**, part. of veto; **2.** vētūtis as sb. n. the forbidden, an interdiction, iussa netitia, xii tab. ap. Cie. leg. 3, 10; iussa ac netita populorum, Cie. leg. 2, 9; contra u., Verg. Io. 8; in vētūtis, Ov. am. 3, 4, 17.

**veto**, are, vētūi, vētūm; older nōto etc. vb. forbid, gen. with acc. and inf., vētui me...remare, Afran. 93 R; ab opere legatos Caesar discedere vetuerat, Caes. b. g. 2, 20, 3; vetabam me reipublicae didicere, Cie. fam. 5, 13, 3; **2.** also with pass., cum leges duo ex una familia magistratus erari vetarent, Caes. b. g. 2, 33, 3; castra vallo muniri vetuit, b. i. 4, 41, 4; **3.** hence as a pass. pers. vektor, I am forbidden, Quippe vetui fatis, Verg. 1, 39; mathematici, genus hominum quod in civitate nostra et vetabitur semper et retinebitur, Tac. h. 1, 22; **4.** and this still with an inf. of the thing forbidden, sternique vetabere terra, Lucan. 4, 646; or what is equivalent, with a neuter ace. of pron. etc., acta agimus, quod utamur veteri prouerbio, Cie. am. 85; vetustissimū mortuum nihil per metum vetabatur, Tac. an. 3, 26; **5.** with a mere ace. of a noun, for the thing forbidden, at least in poets, quem... quia bella vetabat, Demisere neci, Verg. 2, 84; nec maiora veto, Ov. F. 2, 541; **6.** so also with mere ace. of person, still only in poets, warn off, Stat. nata late querens et Phoebum vetat, Sen. Ier. Oct. 1628; Et solen vetuit Delia tardior, 150; **7.** rarely and only in poets with subj., Edicto vetuit ne quis se praeter Apellen fingeret, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 239; vetabo qui Cereis sacrum Volgariter arcanae sub isdem Sit trabibus, od. 3, 26; Illius ut verbis sis mihi lenta veto, Tib. 2, 6, 36; **8.** where veto is said to be used absol., the ace. is easy to supply as in: L. Edim nisi si ille notet, S. At pol ego et si notet, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 73; aruspex vetuit (sc. me uxorem ducere), Ter. Ph. 4, 4, 28; Optat... sed louis leges vetant, Hor. epod. 17, 69; **9.** the old form not is shown in: notuit est, Pl. As. 4, 1, 44 confirmed by Non. 45; by notet of the palimps. in Trin. qu. in § 8; while vetui, Merc. 1, 1, 105, vetuit of Ter. and of Cato orat. 66, 1 I, may be in analogy with the perf. vetri, vetri as opposed to norro, uorto. See norro, uorto.

**Vetiānus**, adj. of Vettius or Vetto, as name of adoption, inser. Fabr. 167, 315.

**Vettilla**, ae, f. dim. name of a lady of the gens Vettia, inser. Fabr. 167, 315.

**Vetiolus**, adj. dim. [Vettius] epithet of an Umbrian town Turoclum, Plin. 3, 114.

**Vettius**, ii, adj. a gentile name, as Chrysippus Vettius Cyri libertus, Cie. Att. 2, 4, 7; fam. 7, 14, 1.

**Vetto**, ōnis, m. a cognomen, as of Q. Sergius, inser. Grut. 357, 8; of T. Flavius, inser. Fabr. 167, 315.

**Vettona**, ae, f. a city of Umbria, tab. Peut., now Vettona.

**Vettonensis**, e, adj. of Vettona, inser. Mur. 1094, 1; Or. 95; Plin. 3, 114.

**Vetulo**, ōnis, m. a cognomen, as of Sentius Saturninus, Val. M. 7, 3, 9.

**Vetulonia**, ae, f. a city of Etruria, Maconiaque deus quondam Vetulonia gentis, Sil. 8, 583.

**Vetuloniensis**, e, adj. of Vetulonia, inser. Grut. 1029, 7; Plin. 3, 52.

**Vetuloniū**, adj. the same, Plin. 2, 227.

**vētūlus**, adj. dim. [implies an adj. veto-] old with notion of contempt or pity, wretched old, poor old, Nam istae veteres, quae se iunguntis unctant, interpoles Vetulae, edentulae, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 118; gladiator, Cie. Quinct. 29; equi, am. 67; Falernum, Catul. 27, 1; eornis, Hor. od. 4, 13, 25; **2.** as sb. m. Pomp. 132 and 133 R; mi uetulae, Cie. fam. 7, 16, 1; **3.** uetula as sb. f., Nupsit posterius dotatae uetulae unrisoae uafrae, Pomp. 89 R; turpi uetulae, Iuv. 6, 241.

**Veturius**, adj. as a gentile name, as of T. Veturinus, Cie. off. 3, 109; Liv. 9, 8, 8; and Veturia, the mother of Coriolanus, 2, 40, 1; **2.** Veturia, older Voturia, name of one of the sixteen tribes, Liv. 26, 22 (quater); abbrev. Vot., C. Atrius, C. f. Vot. Ihar., CIL 1029; L. Horatius L. f. Vot. holitor, Sex. Horatius L. f. Vot. sen., 1057; L. Papius, C. f. Vot., 1082.

**vētūs**, old nom. neter, tris [see below], adj. old, Veteri factor terminis sic inserat, Att. 481 R; Cum ueter occubuit Priamus sub Marte Pelago, Enn. an. 17 V; mores veteresque notosque tenentem, 253; notus amator uetus puer, Pl. Mere. 5, 4, 15; Antenna uetrior est quam Roma, Cato orig. 9, 5 I; Certe hercle quam ueterrimus homini optimus amicus, Pl. Truc. 1, 2, 71; ueterrima quaeque (amicitia) esse debet sanissima, Cie. am. 67; u. contumelia, Caes. b. g. 1, 14, 3; veteres milites, old soldiers, only in the sense of having seen much service, 6, 40, 4; **2.** with gen. militiae, Tac. h. 4, 20; operis ac laboris, 1, 20; cf. 6, 44; 6, 12; gnarus belli veteresque laborum, Sil. 4, 532; add 6, 616; **3.** with inf. uetum bellare Labium, Sil. 5, 565; **4.** abl. both ueter, Nep. Att. 7 f.; and ueteri, et ueteri spumant Lerna ueneno, Stat. Th. 1, 369; **5.** sub ueteribus (sc. tabernis), a part of the forum, distinguished from that called sub nouis, Sub ueteribus ibi sunt qui dant quique accipiunt faenore, Pl. Cure. 4, 1, 19; aedes P. Africani pone Veteres ad Vortunum silum, Liv. 44, 16, 10; **6.** a cognomen, as of Q. Antistius, Val. M. 6, 3, 7; **7.** uetere as a dat., CIL 200; **8.** uet-es prob. a dim. of an older uet-, = sen- of sen-ex, sen-is, Welsh hen, Gk. *ev* (ἐν or σεν) of evos old.

**vētus-cūlus**, adj. dim. rather old, oldish, eolor, Fronto cl. 232; dictio, Siden. 8, 16 (al. uetustula).

**vētustas**, atis, f. antiquity, long existence, old age, (municipium) uetustate antiquissimum, Cie. Phil. 3, 15; uetustate possessionis, agr. 2, 57; quae familiarum uetustatibus (note the pl.) aut pecuniis ponderantur, rep. 1, 47; **2.** ancient times, antiquity, historia nuntia uetustatis, Cie. or. 2, 36; contra omnia uetustatis exempla, Caes. b. e. 1, 6, 7; sic credidit alia uetustas, Sil. 1, 26;

**3.** old acquaintance, hos mihi maxime coniunctos esse uetustate officii benivolentia, Cie. fam. 13, 32, 2; Hoc (Lamia) uxor plurimum; magna uetustas intercedit, 11, 16, 2; **4.** of the future, length of time (to come), old age, Ne poterit ferrum nec edax abolere uetustas, Ov. M. 114; hunc uetustatem patitur, Colum. 3, 2, 19; quae mihi uidentur habitura etiam uetustatem, Cie. Att. 14, 9, 2; Scripta uetustatem si modo nostra ferent, Ov. tr. 5, 9, 8; **5.** of old ulcers, uetustas ulcus occupat, Cels. 5, 26, p. 166, 15 D, which see; liliū folia (lilium) uetustas ulcerum uetustati, Plin. 21, 127.

**vētustē**, adv. from uetustus.

**uētustesco**, ēre, vb. (uētustisco, Nigid. ap. Non. 437) grow old, uina, Colum. 1, 6, 20.

**Vetustilla**, ae, f. dim. [uētusta] a name prob. coined in joke by Mart. 3, 93, 1.

**Vetustinus**, m. a cognomen, as of P. Aelius, inscr. Grut. 518, 6.

**vetustisco**, see *vetustesco*.

**vetustus-ulus**? dub. for *vetusculus*.

**vetustus**, adj. [implies a. n. sb. *vetus*, cf. *onus* and see *vetus* § 8] of long standing, old, ancient, eum Demetrio mihi vetustum hospitium est, Cic. fam. 13, 36, 1; tam vetustam opinionem, Clu. 4; templumque vetustum Deserta Cereris, Verg. 2, 713; vetusto nobilis ab Lamo, Hor. od. 3, 17, 1; dictatoris qui censor ante fuisset vetustissimusque ex his qui nuncrent censoris esset etiam placuit qui senatum legeret, oldest in seniority of the office, Liv. 23, 22, 10; but: qui Vononem vetustissimum liberorum eius accerent (for maximum actate), Tac. an. 2, 2; cf. 2, 43; 2. old-fashioned in style, antiquated, vetustior et horridior ille (Laelius) quam Scipio, Cic. Brut. 83.

**vetus-ilis**, e. adj. [vetus-] worrying, harassing, Cael. Aur. acut. 1, 11, 78; 2, 9, 39.

**vetuximen**, inis, u. shaking, concussion, convulsion, Aut eccidisse urbis magno vetuximine mundi, Lucr. 5, 340.

**vetuxio**, onis, f. properly shaking from rough carriage, then shaking generally, vetuxionem viae, Colum. 1, 3, 3; pronolentes se simul cum armis alisque oneribus cum omni genere vetuxionis processerunt, Liv. 44, 5, 8; sterilitate a partus vetuxione fieri certum est, Plin. 28, 253; 2. esp. rough personal treatment, personal violence, ut virgines Vestales ex acerbissima vetuxione eriperent, Cic. Cat. 4, 2; iacentis corpus ab omni alia vetuxione intactum uno toro spoliavit, Liv. 7, 10, 11.

**vetuxiatus**, [vetuxato- part.] adj. worrying, Cael. Aur. acut. 2, 29, 156 and tard. 3, 4, 63.

**vetuxator**, oris, m. one who inflicts personal violence, one who worries (as a dog), first, a worrier, harasser, actulatae viae, Cic. Sest. 18; o praeclearum custodem ouium ut aiunt lupum! Custosne urbis an direptor et vetuxator esset Antonius? Phil. 3, 27; u. furoris sui—constantly worrying (Clodius) so as to thwart his mad doings, Mil. 35.

**vetuxatrix**, icis, f. the same, Fortuna, Lact. 3, 29 med.; libido n. hominum, Prud. Ps. 58.

**vetuxatus**, part. of *vetuxo*; 2. as sb. n. a contusion or strain, the result of external violence without a wound, Cels. 7 praef. p. 262, 14 P.; Plin. 8, 98.

**vetuxillarius**, adj. [vetuxillum] of a standard; hence as sb. m. a standard-bearer, ordo sexagenos milites, duos centuriones, vexillarium unum habebat, Liv. 8, 8, 4; n. comitatus Galbam cohortis, Tac. h. 1, 41; 2. a captain of banditti, Apul. M. 4, p. 146; 3. in pl. vexillarii, under the empire, soldiers serving apart from the legions under a flag (vetuxillum) of their own, see *vetuxillum* § 4; esp. those who after sixteen years of ordinary service were still attached indeed to a legion but relieved of many duties, Tac. h. 2, 83; cum vexillariis trium Britannicorum legionum, 2, 100; inscr. Or. 988; 3480; L. Sabinus C. f. Fab. Vexillarius Viter, leg. III, 3545.

**vetuxillatio**, onis, f. a battalion of vexillarii (§ 3), Suet. Galb. 20; Imp. Caes. T. Aelio Hadriano Antonino Aug. l'io P. P. vetuxillatio leg. vi uictor. p. f. per (perfectis?) M. P. in deluxi, on the completion of 3666 paces of the wall of Antioque in Britain, inscr. Or. 845; so *vetuxillatio* leg. xx uic. f. per mil. p. III, 3565; add 3588; *vetuxillatio* (sic) leg. xxii, 2009; 2. a body of cavalry serving under one *vetuxillum*, Veg. mil. 2, 1.

**vetuxilli-fer**, adj. standard-bearing, Prud. Ps. 419.

**vetuxillum**, i. n. dim. [vetuxum, wh. see] lit. a small sail, hence a standard, flag, banner, primum vetuxillum triarios ducbat, Liv. 8, 8, 8; ut *vetuxillum* tolleres et aratrum circumduceres (in founding a colony), Cic. Phil. 2, 102; nuna unquam perditis scruiis *vetuxillum* quo concurrant defuturum putatis? 5, 29; 2. a red flag hoisted above the general's tent as signal for battle, Caesari omnia uno tempore erant agenda, *vetuxillum* proponendum quod erat insigne cum ad arma concurrere oporteret, Caes. b. g. 2, 20, 1; exercitus imperavit ne inissus suo concurreret, se cum id fieri uellet *vetuxillo* signum daturum, h. c. 3, 89, 4; 3. or hoisted on the Capitol as a notice for an army to assemble, Maerob. s. 1, 16, 15; Serv. ad A. 8, 1; 4. esp. under

the empire the flag under wh. the *vetuxillarii* served, and hence the whole body so serving, *vetuxillum*, Tac. an. 2, 78; Germanica *vetuxilla* dum nutant, h. 1, 31; Germanorum, 1, 70; equitum, 2, 11; monae secundaeque et uicesima Britanniarum legionum, 3, 22; 5. of the flag hoisted on a ship with *Caligula* on board, Suet. Cal. 15; 6. met., submittere n. fortunae, to haul down one's flag, Stat. silv. 4, 2, 43.

**vetuxo**, are, vb. freq. [vetux- vb.] keep in constant and violent motion, toss about, let have no peace, harass, worry, montisque supremos (uis uenti) Silufragis uexat flabris, Lucr. 1, 275; Seyllam quam tanta seestant Pulchias nexasse rates, Verg. B. 6, 70; 2. often of the cruelties of war, cumque Hannibal terram Italiae laceraret atque uexaret, Cato orat. 55, 8 I.; cum in eis copis omnibus uexauit Amanieus hostes, Cic. fam. 2, 10, 3; supplicia Gallorum ueriti quorum agros uexauerunt, Caes. b. g. 4, 15, 5; 3. treat with personal violence, quid uos uxor mea misera uiolauerat? Quam uexauit, raptauit, omni crudelitate lacerauit, Cic. dom. 23; 4. hence of bruises, contusions, chelidonium uisui saluberrimum hirundines monstrare uexatis pulorum oculis ilia medentes (where oculis perh. del.), Plin. 8, 97; see also *uexatus* § 2; 5. of the mind, quatenus sollicitudo uexaret impios sub lato suppliciorum metu, Cic. leg. 1, 40; ita conscientia mentem exat uexabat (ad. uastabat), Sal. Cat. 15, 4; 6. of words, (Cato) iis Pisonem uerbus uexauit ut illum paene iam provinciae paceretur, Cic. Sest. 60; uexatur et libris et scholis omnium philosophorum quod ... Tusc. 5, 25.

**uia**, ae, or uea (Varr. r. 1, 2, 14) f. [for ueh-a from ueh, vb.] properly a road-way for vehicles, a road, si tam angusta loci demonstratione facta uia concessa fuerit ut neque uehiculum neque iumentum ea inire possit, iter magis quam uia aut actus acquisitus uidebitur; sed si iumentum ea duci poterit, non etiam uehiculum, actus uidebitur acquisitus, Pomp. dig. 8, 1, 13; uiae latitudo lege XII tab. in portum pedes habet octo, in aqueductum id est ubi flexum est pedes sedecim, Gai. 8, 3, 8; ut qua agebant actus, sic qua uehebant uiae dictae, Varr. l. 5, p. 37 Sp.; often opposed to *semita*, a lane, aliquem uelim qui mihi ex his locis aut uiam aut *semitam* monstrat, Pl. Rud. 1, 3, 29; non optimis uis angustissimis *semitis*, Cic. agr. 2, 66; Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 80; Cas. 3, 5, 40; Caes. b. g. 5, 19, 1; and prov. qui sibi *semitam* non sapient, alteri monstrant uiam, Eun. tr. 358 V; 2. march or journey, traveling, reuertit ex itinere cum iam progressus erat multorum diurnum uiam, Cic. dia. 1, 27; cum tridui uiam processisset, nuntiatum est ei Arionistum tridui uiam a suis finibus profecisse, Caes. b. g. 1, 38, 1; cum e uia languerem, Cic. Phil. 1, 12; 3. by sea, course, flecte uiam uelis, Verg. 5, 28; Tum uia tua maris, Ov. M. 11, 747; 4. gen. a way, a passage, ferro atque audacia uia fit quamuis per confertos hostes, Liv. 22, 50, 9; Rima patet praebetque uiam letalibus undis, Ov. M. 11, 515; tu alio tacitus tuam uiam, Pl. Rud. 4, 3, 88; 5. met., a way, a method, habeo certam uiam atque rationem qua omnes liberos conatus inuestigare possim, Cic. Verr. 1, 48; in omnibus quae ratione docentur et uia (by rule, methodically), Orat. 116; nam ante neminem solitum uia uae erat dicere, Brut. 46; 6. even of a band or stripe in a dress, ilia erat uestes tenues quae femina Coa Texuit, aurata dispositaque uias, Tib. 2, 3, 54; 7. phrases, tota eras uia, you are utterly out, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 14; inter uias, on the road, on the way, at ne inter uias praeterbitum meum, Pl. Poen. 5, 3, 43; Dum rus eo, coepi egomet meum inter uias Aliaum rem ex alia egitare, Ter. Eun. 4, 2, 11; 8. an old gen. uias, dux ipse uias, Eun. an. 421 V; also uini, Lucr. 1, 400 and 650 etc.

**uialis**, e. adj. of road or roads, inuoco Vos Lares uiales ut me bene iunctis, Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 24.

**uiarius**, adj. the same, lex u. a road-law, Cael. ap. Cic. S. 0, 5.

**uiatus**, adj. old form of preceding, as sb. m. commissioner of roads, CHL 200, lines 11 and 12.

**uiaticus**, quasi-part. provided with a uaticum or requisites for a journey, esp. money, Pl. Men. 2, 1, 29.



**viaticulum**, i. n. dim. a small viaticum, Ulp. dig. 5, 1, 85 f.; Apul. M. 7, p. 191.

**viaticus**, adj. of a journey, cena (to one just arrived from a journey), Pl. Bac. 1, 1, 61; 2. viaticum as sb. n. what is requisite for a journey, as food, money etc., esp. money, *φδοσιον*, iam tu sequere me viaticum ut dem a trapezita tibi (i.e. Philocrates about to return home to procure a ransom), Pl. Capt. 2, 3, 89; in Macedonian meum veniat; nane equo tabernacula viatico etiam a me iuvabitur, Liv. 44, 22, 13; potest enim quicquam esse absurdum quam quo minus niae restet eo plus viatici quaerere? Cic. sen. 60; 3. esp. travelling-money given to public officers, legato tuo viaticum eripuerunt, Cic. fam. 12, 3, 2; 4. met. of preparations put by for a political campaign, Claud. Q. ap. Gell. 17, 2, 13; 5. gen. of a soldier's stock of money, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 26; Suet. Caes. 68; 6. Hence Fr. voyage.

**viator**, ōnis, m. a traveller, non semper viator a latrone, nonnumquam etiam latro a viatore occiditur, Cic. Mil. 55; Cantabit uicinus coram latrone iutor, Iuv. 10, 22; esp. in epitaphs, as viator uale, CHL 1027, 1220, 1471; 2. esp. a messenger, attached to a public officer, ardens ira tribuns viatorem mittit ad consulē, Liv. 2, 59, 13; of Cato as censor, ornamenta... in consensu referre viatorem iussit, 39, 44, 2 (al. iratores); of Vatinius as tribune, miserat viatorem qui M. Bibulum domo ni extraheret? Cic. Vat. 22; so CHL 200; inser. Or. 3251, 3252 etc.; 3. a messenger of a court of justice, Ulp. dig. 5, 1, 82; 4. perh. a cognomen, inser. Or. 3401.

**viatorius**, adj. of a traveller, uasa, Plin. 16, 50; argentum, Scaev. dig. 34, 2, 40; borologia, Vitr. 9, 9; 2. of a (public) messenger or messengers, decuriae duae viatoria (see CHL 200) et iectoria, inser. Grut. 745, 5; decuriae, Or. 2204.

**viatrix**, icis, f. female traveller, Mart. Cap. 6, 190 G, 197, 7 Eyss.; inser. Mur. 1058, 8; 2. as a cognomen, Aquilia v., inser. Grut. 745, 5.

**uibex**, icis, f. a wall, the mark of a blow, insignitas iniurias plagas uerbera uibices te facere ausum esse! Cato orat. 41, 7; Age respecta uide uibices quantitas! Iam insepeli quid esset, Pl. ap. Varr. l. p. 344 Sp.; Si putat multa cantus uibici flagellas, Pers. 4, 48.

**uibia**, ae, f. the horizontal bar of a trestle, Anson. bl. 12 pr. See uara.

**Vibinas**, ātis, adj. of Vibinum, Plin. 3, 105.

**Vibinum**, i, n. a town of Apulia, see preceding.

**Vibinius**, a cognomen, inser. Grut. 626, 2.

**Vibius**, a gentile name, as of C. Vibius Pansa, CHL 417; also Viblius, CHL 1541 a; 2. hence Vibia Petroni, CHL 1388; 3. a title of the city Perusia, inser. Or. 94;

II 4. an Oscan praenomen, as of a Campanian, V. Virrius, Liv. 23, 6, 1; a Pelignian, V. Aecnaeus, 25, 14, 4; a Brutian, Vibius, 27, 15, 2; abbreviated as V. Oscan inser. as Lep. 2, 4, 13 and 20; also of an Oscan gens, Guarini, Coll. 10.

**Vibo**, ōnis, m. a city on the Bruttian coast, Cic. Att. 16, 6, 1; Hippo quod nunc Vibonem Valentiam appellamus, Plin. 3, 73.

**Vibonensis**, e, adj. of Vibo, Liv. 21, 51, 4; inser. Mur. 1777, 12.

**uibōnes**, pl. [a British word] the blossoms of a plant called Britannica, Plin. 25, 21.

**uibāb-ilis**, e, adj. [uibāra- vb.] that may be brandished, hasta, Anson. ep. 24, 108; 2. quivering, flickering, salus, Mart. Cap. 1, 12 G, 13, 6 Eyss.

**uibāb-undus**, quasi-part. flickering, shimmering, of the planet Mercury, Mart. Cap. 8, 297 G, 328, 3 Eyss.

**uibāmen**, inis, n. vibration, triscula uibramina draconum, Apul. M. 6, p. 179.

**uibātio**, ōnis, f. brandishing, hastae, Fest. 67 M; 2. flashing, tonitruum, Iun. Calp. ap. Vopisc. Car. 8.

**uibātus**, us, m. flickering, flashing, ignium, Mart. Cap. 1, 17 G, 19, 19 Eyss.; luminis, S. 300 G, 330, 21 Eyss.

**uibrissae**, ārum, f. pl. the hairs in the nose, Fest. 370; *τρύχες μύρος*, Gloss. Philox.

**uibrisso**, āre, vb. frq. shake (the voice), uibrare est uocem in cantando crispare, Fest. 370; cf. exhibrisso.

**uibro**, āre, vb. [implies a n. sb. uibro-, prob. from a root uae, as seen in uae-illa-] first trans. cause to move rapidly to and fro, cause to quiver or flutter, shake, brandish, at Samnitium qui uibrant hastas ante pugnam, Cic. or. 2, 325; Obliquae ahiuersas uibrabant flamma nubes, Ov. M. 1, 528; draco multitudine linguas uibrans, Val. F. 1, 61; rapidly darting and withdrawing again and again;

2. throw with a sudden motion, dart suddenly, siccas uibrare didicerunt, Cic. Cat. 2, 2, 3; Aut tremulum excussio iaculum uibrare laevo, Ov. her. 4, 43; and met., Desis-

senque truces uibrare iambos, Catul. 30, 5; 3. as vb. r. dart oneself, dart, uolatum est iaculum (the snake so called) ex arborum ramis uibrari et missili uolante tormento, Plin. 8, 86;

4. vb. intr. uibro me or uibror, move rapidly to and fro, quiver, flutter, flash, Tremē uibrant linguae: triplici stant ordine dentes (of a serpent), Ov. M. 3, 34; numerabat pilas, non quidem eas quae inter manus usu expellente uibrabant, sed eas quae in terram decedebant, Petr. 27; 5. esp. dash as light, flicker, mare quia a sole collect, albescit et uibrat, Cic. aead. 2, 105; sacris ignibus Ide Vibrat, Val. F. 2, 583; neque in oculos (sapphiri) ut carmen uibrant, Plin. 37, 122; Tyrio uibrat torus igneus ostro, Val. F. 2, 342; and hence of brilliant oratory, cuius (Demosthenis) non tam uibrarent fulmina illa, nisi... Cic. orat. 234.

**Vibulānus**, adj. as a cognomen, as of Q. Fabius M. f. K. n., consul of 289 a. u. c., fast. cons.

**Vibulēus**, a gentile name, CHL 1141.

**Vibullius**, a gentile name, as of L. Vibullius Rufus, Cic. Att. 8, 1, 1; Caes. b. c. 1, 15, 4.

**uiburna**, ae, f. = uiburnum, *ροδοδάφνη* laurea uiburna, Gloss. Philox.

**uiburnum**, i, n. the tree uiburnum laetum, Liliaceae, Quantum lenta solent inter uiburnum cupressi, Verg. B. 1, 20.

**Vica Pota?** see Cic. leg. 2, 28.

**uicānus**, adj. of a village, haru-pices, Cic. din. 1, 132;

2. as sb. villager, Cic. Flac. 8; Liv. 38, 30, 8; see also CHL 200, 11 and 12 and Mommsen ad loc.

**uicāria**, see uicarius.

**uicāriānus**, adj. of a vicarius or vicar, vicarial, ad-paritores, ad-paritio, cod. Th. 1, 12, 5; apex, Sidon. ep. 1, 3.

**uicārietas**, ātis, f. the duty of a deputy, Venant. ep. praef. carm. 0, 5 f.

**uicārius**, adj. vicarious, supplying the place of another, deputy, fides, Cic. Rose. Am. 111; praefectura, Amm. 28, 5 (bis); 2. as sb. a substitute, a deputy, Cic. Ver. 2, 4, 81; fam. 10, 22, 2; Liv. 29, 1, 8; Hor. od. 3, 24, 15;

3. esp. a slave placed under another slave as his deputy, Pl. As. 4, 4, 28; Hor. s. 2, 7, 70; Mart. 2, 18, 7; Paul. dig. 0, 4, 19, 2; inser. Or. 302; and so uicaria of a female slave's deputy, inser. Mur. 972, 11; Fabr. 304, 297; 4. under late Empire, the vicar or deputy of many high officers, cod. Th. 1, 16, 14; 9, 1, 13.

**uicātum**, adv. in villages, Liv. 9, 13, 7; Plin. 6, 117;

2. from street to street, Sisen. ap. Non. 188; Hor. epod. 5, 97; Tac. h. 2, 95;

**uicēnālis**, e, adj. containing twenty, sphæra (sc. uiginti-angula), Apul. d. Plat. 1, p. 5.

**uicēnārius**, adj. [uicēni] of twenty square digits in area, fistula, Vitr. 8, 7; Frontin. ag. 30. 2. as a sb. a youth of twenty, Arnob. 5, 58.

**uicēni**, (uigēni) adj. pl. [for uigēnti] twenty each, si duae res uicenas habent partes, Varr. l. p. 546 Sp.; annos nonnulli uicēnos in disciplina permanent, Caes. b. g. 6, 14, 3; partus (sum) his anno, numerus fecunditatis ad uicēnos, Plin. 8, 205; so also in art. 4, 26, 3 and Plin. 25, 88 the distributive sense still exists.

**uicēni-quini**, adj. pl. twenty-five each, Frontin. ag. 29 and 47; Colum. 12, 18, 7; Plin. 7, 103; in inverted order, milibus d-nariis quinos uicēnos disincunt, Liv. 41, 7, 3.

**uicēnnālis**, e, adj. [uicēnnium] of twenty years, uicēnnalibus, coin of Alex. Sev. Eckhel 7, 275;

2. uicēnnalia n. pl. a festival, recurring every twenty years, Lact. mort. pers. 17; 3. also on the completion

of 20 years from an emperor's accession, *uota uicennalior*, on coin of Constantine the younger, Eckhel 8, 108.

**uicennis**, *e*, adj. [for *uicennis* from *anno*] of twenty years, *uota*, Porph. ad Const. 10, 35.

**uicennium**, *ii*, *n*. [*uicennis*] a space of twenty years, Modest. dig. 50, 8, 8 (10).

**uicēsīmāni**, adj. pl. [*uicesima* adj. *f*, *sc*. legio] of the twentieth legion, Tac. an. 1, 51 and 64.

**uicēsīmā-rins**, adj. [*uicesima* adj. *f*, *sc*. pars] of the twentieth part, aurum *u*. the gold raised by the tax *uicesima*, Liv. 27, 10, 11; 2. as sb. m. the collector of the same tax, Petr. tr. 65 f.

**uicēsīmātio**, *ōis*, *f*. a selection of one in twenty for execution, Capitol. Maer. 10.

**uicēsīmus**, older *uicennus*, adj. [*uiginti*] twentieth, Pl. Capt. 5, 3, 3; Cie. Mau. 7; Caes. b. g. 6, 21, 5; quem (annum) intercalaris mensis interponendo ita dispensant ut uicēsimo quoque anno ad metam eandem solis unde orietur solis omnium annorum spatia dies congruerent, Liv. 1, 19, 6; i.e. every nineteenth year (according to the Roman habit of counting), thus adopting the Metonic Cycle; 2. pars *uicesima*, a twentieth, tum quod in eo agro natum erit frumenti partem uicēsimum... dare debent, CIL 28; Plin. 2, 65; 3. hence *uicesima*, as sb. *f*. the same, esp. the tax of 5 p. c. on the value of a slave at manumission, Liv. 7, 16, 7; Cie. Att. 2, 16, 1; 4. also *u*. portorii, a custom duty of 5 p. c., Cie. Verr. 2, 2, 185; 5. *u*. hereditarium, a 5 p. c. succession duty, C. Iunio promagistro xx hereditarium, inser. Or. 3331; cf. Dion 55, 25.

**Vicetia**, or *Vicentia*, *ae*, *f*. a city of Venetia, Tac. b. 3, 8.

**Vicēstinus**, *Vicentinus* (older *Veicē*) adj. of *Vicetia*; inter Atestinos et Veicētinus, CIL 549, 3 (619 a.u.c.); Plin. ep. 5, 4, 2; 5, 13, 1.

**uicia**, *ae*, *f*. vetch, or vetches, Aut tennes fetus uiciae tristiteque lupini Sastuliferi calamos, Verg. G. 1, 75; Flore semel laeso percutit uicinaeque fabaeque, Ov. F. 5, 267; Varr. r. 1, 31, 5; Colum. 2, 13, 1; Plin. 18, 137.

**uiciālia**, *e*, adj. of vetch, hence *uiciālia* as sb. *n*. pl. vetch-stalks, Colum. 6, 30, 5. Cf. *fabalia*.

**uiciārius**, adj. of vetch, cribrum, Colum. 8, 5, 16.

**uiciēs**, heter *uiciens*, adv. [*uiginti*] twenty times, est in circuitu uicies centena milia passuum, Caes. b. g. 5, 13, 7; uiciens tanto addito aquae, twenty times as much water, Plin. 14, 53, 1; et semel, and quinquies et uicies, Colum. 5, 3; centiens uiciens proclatius, Plin. 7, 101; 2. in money *uices* is an abbrev. of *u. centena milia*, nobis perspicuum aedium aestimarunt uicies, Cie. Att. 4, 2, 5; in eistophoro habeo ad 15 bis et uicies, 11, 1, 2; non plenum modo uicies habebas, Mart. 1, 99, 1.

**uiciānia**, *e*, adj. [*uicino*] of the neighbourhood, usus, Liv. 21, 26, 8; bella, Iust. 41, 1, 9; 2. *u*. uia, a village or country-road or way, Frontin. aq. 126; Sen. ben. 5, 24, 3; Ulp. dig. 43, 8, 2, 22.

**uiciārius**, adj. same, *uia* *u*. a cross-road in a camp, Hyg. grom. 5, 2 and 12, 2.

**uiciānia**, *ae*, *f*. neighbourhood, as to place, vicinity, Certo elepal scio me uidisse hic proxima (sic) uiciāiae (dat.) Philoecomastrum, Pl. Mil. 2, 3, 2; proxima uiciāiae (so *Id*) habitat, Bae. 2, 2, 27; Modo quidam uidi uirginem hic uiciāiae (still dat. = in *hae uiciāiae*)..., Ter. Pl. 1, 2, 45; Ex Andro commigrauit huc uiciāiae (gen.), Andr. 1, 1, 42; Cie. Tusc. 1, 37; Verg. G. 4, 200; 2. neighbourhood, in the sense of all the neighbours, Hor. s. 2, 5, 105; ep. 1, 16, 44; Petr. 93; 3. likeness, affinity, ad uiciānam lactis, Plin. 31, 37; ad uiciānam (wh. Sillig uiciāna, male) crystalli, 37, 123; est quaedam uirtutum uitorumque *u*, Quint. 2, 12, 4; add 8, 4, 12; 8, 6, 28.

**uiciānitas**, *ātis*, *f*. neighbourhood, the being neighbours, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 4; Cie. Att. 5, 10, 5; fin. 5, 65; 2. of place, neighbourhood, vicinity, in Vmbria atque in ea uiciānitate, Cie. Rose. Am. 48; non modo sui municipii, uerum etiam uiciānitatis facile primus, 15; ceteros in ea uiciānitate, 16; 3. of men, neighbours, neighbourhood, si te libenter *u*. uidebit, Cato r. 4; Sal. Cat. 36, 1; 4. like-

ness, affinity, uiciānitate nominis, Plin. 21, 115; quia sit quaedam uirtutibus ad uitis *u*, Quint. 3, 7, 25.

**uiciūnis**, adv. [*uicino*] from or in the neighbourhood, omnes intra *c*. pedes... arcantur, cod. Th. 15, 1, 4.

**uiciūnis**, adj. [*uico*-m.] of the same village or street, hence as sb. m. or *f*. a neighbour, Chrysus uiciūna haec moritur, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 78; quam (Fidem) in Capitolio uiciūnam Iouis esse uoluerunt, Cie. off. 3, 104; uel tribules uel uiciūnos meos, Rose. Am. 47; Sul. 58; Hor. s. 1, 1, 85; and met., uiciūnam ciues atque finitum dialecticorum scientiam, Cie. orat. 113; 2. of time, a contemporary, Ter. tullianus uiciūnos eorum temporum, Hieron. uir. ill. 7; 3. as adj. neighbouring, chiefly in poets, often with a dat., urbes, Verg. G. 1, 510; terra milii, Ov. tr. 3, 4, 52; Ni connexa foret, parti uiciūni esset, F. 6, 275; caelo uiciūno Olympum, Tib. 4, 1, 131; 4. as sb. *n*. uiciūnum, neighbourhood, adjoining land, a near place, oppidum in uiciūno condidit, Plin. 6, 123; quandiu in uiciūno sint terrae, 2, 68; cum ex uiciūno Africae (from that part of Africa which lies near) arietes deportauerunt, Colum. 7, 2, 4; and met., in uiciūno uersatur inuidia, Sen. ben. u. 15, 44; 5. met. near in character, like, older uiciūnus nardo, Plin. 21, 115; molle ferrum plumbeoque uiciūnum, 34, 143; 6. adv. uiciūnis, at a less distance, Ven. 3, 12, 11; uiciūnisime, Aug. doct. Chr. 1, 33 f.

**uic-is**, *geu*, *f*. turn, alterna uice, Enn. tr. 151 V; Ipsa quoque his agitatur uicibus Trachynia puppis Et nunc... nunc..., Ov. M. 11, 502; alterna uice annorum, Colum. 3, 2 med.; 2. turn of fortune, fate, Tacite gementes tristem fortunae uicem, Phaedr. 5, 1, 6; commoti patres uice fortunatum humanarum, Liv. 7, 31, 6; tuam uicem saepe doleo quod..., Cie. fam. 12, 23, 3; uicem suam conquestus est quod..., Suet. Aug. 66; 3. from the military notion of relieving guard, turn of duty, and so generally duty, office, celata morte (Tarquini) persequi alienae fungendae uicis suas opes firmitur, Liv. 1, 41, 6; fungar uice cotis, Hor. A. P. 304; ne sacra regiae uicis desereretur, Liv. 1, 20, 2; 4. a return of kindness or injury, spermentum sperne, sequenti Redde uices, Ov. M. 14, 36; non poteras ipsa referre uicem, a. a. 1, 370; tanto proliuius est iniuriarum quam beneficio uicem exsoluere, Tac. h. 4, 3; neque est ullus affectus qui magis uicem exigit (quam amor), Plin. pan. 85; 5. a turn or trick (cf. Fr. tour), Testor in ocau uicestro nec tela nec ullas Vitaiūses uices Daunum, Verg. 2, 432; II 6. adverbial phrases, as, uicem absol. with *gen*. or possessive (prob. for *u*. uicem) in *turn*, ut unus facies habet et hoc iusigne regium in orbem suam cuiusque uicem per omnes iret, Liv. 3, 36, 3; 7. in place of, instead of, nam eibaria uicem duorum me comesset condeet, Pomp. 72 R; Vos respondetote istine istarum (l. illarum) uicem, Pl. Rud. 3, 5, 34; remittimus hoc tibi ne nostrum uicem inuicemus, Liv. 34, 32, 6; Cum Pompeius aedem Victoriae dedicaturus foret cuius gradus nunc theatri essent, Tull. Tiro ap. Gell. 10, 1, 7; quoniam res familiaris obisidus nunc esse uidebatur, 16, 10, 11; 8. hence, on account of (as if one stood in another's place), Memedem uicem misert me, I feel for him as if it were my own case, Ter. Haut. 4, 5, 1; stupentes tribunus et suum iam uicem magis anxios quam eius cui auxilium ab se petebatur, Liv. 8, 35, 1; maestus uon suam uicem sed propter ipsum periclitantium fratrum, Curt. 7, 2, 5; add Cie. fam. 12, 23, 3; dom. 8; Liv. 2, 31, 11; Suet. Aug. 66; cf. German wegen (as in *meinewegen*) wh. is probably the same word;

9. also like, as if in the place of, nisi forte me Sardanapali uicem in suo (meo?) lectulo male ueneris, Cie. Att. 10, 8, 7; ceteri uicem pecorum obtruncabantur, Sal. ap. Non. 9, 5; Venena magnus fas nefasque non ualent Connertere humanum uicem (like men, as they can metamorphose men), Hor. epod. 5, 87; 10. uicem, in place of, with a *gen*, in pane salis uice utuntur (nitro), Plin. 31, 115; iugo ramus temonis uice trahitur, Colum. 6, 2, 7; 11. hence like, iactari se passa (urtica, the nettle-fish) fluctu algae uice, Plin. 9, 147; quaeque dixerat oraculi uice accipiens, Tac. an. 6, 21; 12. ad uicem, like, maiores natu a minoribus colebantur ad deum prope et parentum uicem, Gell. 2, 15, 1; 13. in uicem or as one

word inuicem, rarely in uices, in turn, hi cursus in uicem anno post in armis sunt, illi domi remanent, Caes. b. g. 4, 1, 5; Etruscos multis in uicem casibus uictos uictoresque, Liv. 2, 44, 12; Inque uicem illorum patiar delicta libenter, Hor. 8, 1, 3, 141; Inque uices illum tectos qui laesit amores, Laetili amore pari, Ov. M. 4, 191; add 12, 161;

14. per uices, in turn, Perque uices modo Persphone, modo Filia clamat, Ov. F. 4, 483; uoluerat in medium agmen recipiunt (elephantum) ac ueluti imperio per uices (scilicet) subeunt, Plin. 8, 23; add Tac. G. 26; 15. uice sacra indicans, in place of the emperor, inser. Or. 1082, 1101, 1129; 16. hence Fr. fois; cf. plus uice simpliciter, more than once, Hor. od. 3, 14, 13; 17. no nom., no dat. sing., no gen. pl. occur; Charis. (27) however has uix as nom.; 18. from a root nix, turn, bend, come both this sb. and uimen, uictus, uictilis, nito, and perh. nitium. Moreover as necessitudo etc. imply a vb. nec-esso from nce (nect.), like capasso from cap-, so uicissitudo implies a vb. uic-isso, like incipisso from incip-; and uicisso again implies a vb. uic.

uicissatim, adv. [implies a sb. uicissat] in turn, in return, Ad argumentum nunc uicissatim uolo Renigirare, Pl. Poen. fr. 46; Vosmet potius uos uicissatim oneremus nolutatibus, St. 4, 1, 27.

uicissim, adv. [implies a vb. uiciss- from uic, see uicis § 18] in turn, Vis ergo inter nos quid possit uterque uicissim experiamur? Verg. B. 3, 28; hanc ueniam petimusque damusque uicissim, Hor. A. P. 11; 2. in return, on the other hand, da te mihi uicissim, Ter. Haut. 4, 3, 10; hoc ergo meo facto delector, considera nunc uicissim tuum, Cie. fam. 3, 6, 3; add Verg. B. 5, 505; A. 11, 123.

uicissitas, atis, f. [implies an adj. uic-issi-; cf. nec-esse] Vicissitudinem imperitandi tradidit, Att. 586 R.

uicissitudo, mis, f. [id.] change, alternation, omnium rerum uicissitudines, Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 45; fortunae uicissitudines, Cie. fam. 5, 12, 4; diurni ac nocturni, leg. 2, 16; 2. exchange, interchange, nihil remuneratione beniuolentiae, nihil uicissitudine officiorum inuicindus, Cie. am. 49.

uictima, older uictuma, ae, f. [see below] a large beast offered in sacrifice, a victim, Victima maior est hostia minor, Fronto diff. uoc. f.; Nolo uictimas (so A.); agnibus me exis placari uoc. f.; Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 95; Victima pontificum secures Ceruice tinget, Hor. od. 3, 23, 12; 2. met. Cie. Att. 1, 13, 1; 3. perh. from uicta an old form of uicta, a fillet.

uictimarius, older uictum-, adj. m. as sb. an assistant at a sacrifice, Liv. 40, 29, 14; Val. M. 1, 1, 12; colleg. uictimari-, inser. Or. 2453; uictimarius principalis, 3644. The pass. in Plin. 7, 54 corrupt.

uictimātor, oris, m. [uictima- vb.] the same, Lact. ad Stat. Th. 4, 463.

uictimo, āre, vb. [uictima- sb.] sacrifice, Apul. M. 7, pp. 192, 197.

uict-ito, āre, vb. frq. [uic- for uiu- with exrescent t] first of food, live (on, as a habit), Nullum habemus igem, ficiis uicitatibus aridis, Pl. Rud. 3, 4, 59; uicitant suco suo, Capt. 1, 1, 12; 2. gen. live, et uicem bene uolent (cum illa) uicitant, Ter. Eun. 5, 8, 44; 3. in Varr. l. p. 67 Sp. read uictant; in Pl. Men. 5, 1, 27 uicito.

uictor, oris, m. [uic or uinc- vb.] conqueror, victor, Cie. fam. 4, 9, 3; Caes. b. g. 1, 44, 2; 2. as adj. or in appos., exercitum uictorem, Caes. b. g. 7, 20, 12; and met., animus lubidinis uictor, Sal. Iug. 63, 2.

uictōr-ia, ae, f. victory, Cie. Man. 8; Caes. b. g. 5, 53, 1; 2. as a goddess, Victory, Varr. l. p. 68 Sp.; Cie. N. D. 2, 61.

uictōriā-lis, e, adj. of victory, dies, Treb. Gall. 3; scipio, Cass. nar. 6, 1.

uictōriātus, quasi-part. m. as sb. (sc. nummus) a silver coin, with a figure of Victory on it, is qui nunc u. appellatur lege Claudia (prob. by C. Claudius Cento consul of 514 a. u. c.) percussus est, antea enim hic nummus ex Illyrico aduectus meritis loco habebatur; est autem signatus Victoria et inde nomen, Plin. 33, 46; tulit eo triumpho denarium... et uictoriatum octoginta quinque nulla septin-

gentos dnos, Liv. 41, 13, 7; Cie. Font. 19 in a very corrupt pass.; 2. said to be half a denarius, but this only on the doubtful authority of Varr. l. p. 567 Sp.; 3. as a weight for drugs, Marc. Emp. 15; Scrib. 26.

Victōricus, i, a cognomen, inser. Alb. 204, 3; Mur. 1507, 2.

Victōriensis, e, adj. of Victoria, a town of Germany, inser. Or. 688.

Victōrilla, ae, a cognomen, inser. Grut. 715, 2.

Victōrius, i, a cognomen, inser. Grut. 300, 2;

2. Victoria, 379, 2.

uictōriō, āre, vb. [uictoria sb.] gain a victory, hence as impers. pass. Tert. Gnost. 6.

Victōriōla, ae, f. dim. a statuette of Victory, Cie. N. D. 3, 84.

uictōriōsus, adj. victorious, Cato ap. Gell. 4, 9, 12; on a coin of Probus, Eckh. 7, 505; uictoriosissimus, inser. Or. 1045; Siden. ep. 5, 6.

Victōrius, ii, a gentile name, Liv. 34, 46, 12.

Victricensis, e, adj. of the colony entitled Vetricx which was settled at Camalodunum in Britain, probably so called from the title of a legion long quartered there, inser. Fabr. 29, 129.

uict-ix, icis, f. [uictor] conqueress, filine, non lubidinis, Cie. Clu. 14; 2. adj. f., Athenae, Cie. Tusc. 1, 116; flammea, Ov. F. 1, 525; Vetricx causa deis placuit sed uicta Catoni, Lucan. 1, 128; 3. adj. n. pl. arma, Verg. 3, 54; fulmina, Ov. M. 10, 151; signa, Lucan. 1, 347; fatis uicticibus, com. Eckh. 8, 6; 4. rarely in sing., uicticri concepta solo, Claud. vi cons. Hon. 24; facinus, inser. Maff. 170, 2.

uictuālis, e, adj. [uictu- m.] of food, ministerium, Apul. d. Pl. 1; sumptus, Cass. nar. 3, 44; 2. as sb. n. pl. uictuals, Cass. nar. 3, 44; 4, 5.

uictu-ārius, adj. of food, exhibitio, Tert. mon. 8.

Victumaiāe, ārum, f. pl. a town of Cispadane Italy, Liv. 21, 45, 3 (al. Vicotumalis) and 57, 9.

1 uictus, part. of uicere; 2. with inf., nix nulli uictus uel ponere castra Vel iunxisse ratem, Sil. 5, 552; add 6, 141.

2 uictus, ūs, m. [uict- wh. see] food, Meae doni accipiam benigne, lepide et lepidis uictibus, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 144; Persarum a Xenophonte uictus expouit quod negat ad panem adhuc quicquam praeter nasticurum, Cie. Tusc. 5, 99; maior pars eorum uictus lacte caseo carne consistit, Caes. b. g. 6, 22, 1; 2. living, mode of living, all the requisites for an interesting food; persectus est Aristoteles annumatum omnium ortus uictus figuras, Cie. fin. 5, 10; neque enim conferendum esse Gallicum cum Germanorum agro, neque hanc consuetudinem uictus cum illa comparandum, Caes. b. g. 1, 31, 11; uerbo uictus continetur quae esai potui cultuique corporis quicquid ad uiuendum homini necessaria sunt, Ulp. dig. 50, 16, 43; 3. a gen. uictus, Varr. ap. Non. 88; also uicti, Proin tu tui cotidiani uicti nentrem ad me adferas, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 75; dat. uictu, Lucil. ap. Gell. 4, 16, 6; Verg. G. 4, 158.

uicūlus, i, m. dim. a little village, a hamlet, Cie. r.p. 1, 3; Liv. 21, 33, 11.

uicūs, i, m. [= *vicus*], house; for change of meaning cf. our word town, the first meaning of which is a farmhouse, as still in Scotland. So also from uilla a farmhouse comes Fr. ville a town, a village (Ebronnago) qui uicū inter Tolosam et Narbonem est, Cie. Font. 19; oppida sua omnia, uicos ad quadringentos incendunt, Caes. b. g. 1, 5, 2; Scis Lebedus quid sit, Galhis desertor atque Fidenis Vicus, Hor. ep. 1, 11, 8; 2. a street, nullum in urbem uicū esse dicebant in quo Miloni non conducta esset domus, Cie. Mil. 24; Deferat in uicū nudentem tus et odores, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 269; add Ov. F. 6, 610.

uicēlicet, lit. one may see, i. e. it is clear, with acc. and inf., uicēlicet parum fuisse illud senem qui id dixerit, Pl. St. 4, 1, 49; uicēlicet (uicēlicet) nequam fuisse illum adulescentem qui illico... 4, 1, 51; Esse uicēlicet in terris primordia rerum, Lucr. 1, 210; add Gell. 17, 5, 9;

2. as adv. of course, no doubt, H. Pol had paternum istuc dedisti, D. uicēlicet De palatia hac audiuit, Ter. Ad. 3, 4, 5; C.

Nemost miserum me. S. Hic de nostris uerbis errat uidelicet quae hic sumus locuti. Hant. 2, 3, 22; nemisse tempus hic qui in timore fuissent, conuincuntur u. dicebat, uidebantur sui, Cie. Sest. 28; quid metuebat? Vim uidelicet, Caecin. 44; 3. esp. in irony, homo enim u. timidus uocem consulis ferre non potuit, Cie. Cat. 2, 12; tunc u. salutaris consularis, perniciosus meus, Phil. 2, 15; 4. cf. for form sci-licet, i-licet.

**uiden**, see uideo.

**uidéo**, ére, uidi, uisum, vb. [see below] see, Clare oculis uideo, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 36; Hic illum uidi tuumem, Verg. E. 1, 1, 3; lacto complerat littora coetu Visuri Aeneas, A. 5, 107; 2. for uiso, go and see, loco ualde opus est, quare etiam Othoneum uide, Cie. Att. 12, 37, 4; rogo matre uideas Plinium domi et quoquo modo efficias ne mihi irascatur, Plin. ep. 1, 5, 8; 3. of the mind, see, quem (exitum) ego tam uideo animum quam ea quae oculis cernimus, Cie. fam. 6, 3, 2; cum me uidisse plus fateretur, se sperasse meliora, Phil. 2, 39; 4. esp. see after, take care, look to, provide, Sed uide ex nam eferantur quae imperari iam omnia, Pl. Amph. 2, 1, 82; antecesserat Statius ut prandium nobis uideret, Cie. Att. 5, 1, 3; nam absque eo esset, Recte ego mihi uidissem, Ter. Ph. 1, 4, 11; 5. this very often in the forms uide and uidero, Senex adest, uide (have a care) quid agas, Ter. Phorm. 2, 2, 32; ego istace recte ut fiant uidero, Andr. 2, 6, 25; quid mihi inquit cum ista summa sanctimonia? Videmur ista officia uiri boni (let them look to...), Cie. Quinct. 55; sed mihi quidem *Beaenar*, uiderint inuicem, Att. 14, 21, 3; Vidit Atrides, Helenen ego crimine soluo, Ov. a. a. 2, 371; 6. me uide, look at me the great man that I am and feel assured that all will go right, Nihil est de signo quod necare, me uide, Pl. Trin. 3, 79; Atqui istae ipsum mihi periclist, me uide, Ter. Andr. 2, 2, 13; G. Haec fient. A. Vi modo fiant. G. Fient, me uide, Pl. 4, 4, 31; 7. as pass. be seen, Si quidem centiens hic uisa sit tamen inficias eat, Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 32; ubi sol sex mensibus continuis non uideatur, Varr. r. 1, 2, 4; P. Oh. D. Visus sum, Ter. Andr. 3, 5, 10; Uniusque uidebit Permixtos heros et ipse uidebit illis, Verg. B. 4, 15; 8. as pass. impers., D. Videtur modo etiam. L. Visumst, D. Certen? I. Perdís me, Pl. Merc. 2, 2, 52; A. Da mihi istas uiginti minas: uides me amantem egere. L. Videtur, factum uolo, Aes. 3, 3, 95; 9. part. uidentis, with my eyes open, often from love of aliteration united with uinns, as; et prudens sciens Vinos uidentis pereat, Ter. Eun. 1, 1, 28; Mortua cui uita est prope iam uiuo atque uideuti, Lucr. 3, 1046; huic aeribis-immo uiuo uidentique finis ducitur, Cie. Quinct. 50; uinns ut aiunt est et uident cum uinns aie nescitis uo publicatus, Sest. 59; 10. uidens for uidens, ...Ednect. Viden ut genuinae stant vertice aridae? Verg. 6, 780; wh. Servius: naturaliter den longa est; breuem tamen possit secutus Ennius; 11. also as a monos, pronounced uin, Prodeas noua nupta si iam uidetur et audias Nostra uerba; Viden ut faces Aureas quatim comas? Catul. 61, 98; esp. in comedy, E. Ea praestolabatur illum apud portam. P. Viden ueniam? Pl. Epid. 2, 2, 37; Simul consilium eum re amisti? Viden me ex eodem ortum loco? Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 10; Viden etiam et eibus quid facit alienus? 2, 2, 34; in Tib. 2, 2, 17 Lachm. has utinam, non uiden ut; 12. so uide-sis, ...Auricular. Vidēs is me maiorum tibi forte Limma frigescent, Pers. 1, 108; or as dissyl. (uicēsis), Vidēs quam mox upulare uis nisi actutum hinc abis, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 204; add Cas. 2, 2, 103; 13. also uide or rather monos, (uicē), M. Set uide consilium si placet. C. Quid consiliis? Pl. Trin. 3, 3, 33; S. Vide quid scriptumst. O. Vnum. C. Iniquumst, quia isti prius quam mihi st, Pl. Cas. 2, 6, 20; add 2, 6, 28; also Ter. passim; and even Phae. 3, 6, 3; Vide ne dolone collum compungam tibi; and Val. Fl. 5, 594; uide lūta comantem Pectora; see also uidelicet;

14. uid- the simple vb. is seen in compound di-uid with orig. meaning of separate, and so in adj. uidi-us, as well as di-uid-us. Cf. ceru-sift and then see, also seise- and sei- from a root see-cut, which is our see. Then again uid-, see, = fō of ead-ov, Sansk. vid, Germ. wiss-en, Eng. wit

(to wit), wot, wis-dom, wise, Lith. wid-, wist-i; Bret. gouz-out, or with weak vowel in suffix, gwez-.

**uidēor**, uidēri, uisus, vb. r. seem, with adj. or inf., illorum beata mors uidetur, horum uita laudabilis, Cie. am. 23; solum e mundo tollere uidetur, 47; amens mihi fuisse uidetur a principio, Att. 9, 10, 2; 2. often in opp. to what is real, uidetur cum quae uideretur esse, non quae esset repugnantiam, Cie. off. 3, 34; pulchra Lauerna, Da mihi fallere, da iusto sanctoque uidetur, Hor. ep. 1, 16, 61; 3. dream, Mercari uisus mihi sum formosam capram, Pl. Merc. 1, 2, 10; Hae nocte in somnis uisus sum, uideri Procul sedere longe a me Aesculapium, Cure. 2, 2, 16 (that Aesc. seemed to be sitting); 4. as impers. with acc. and inf., non mihi uidetur (it does not seem to me that...) ad beate uiuendum satis posse uirtutes, Cie. Tusc. 5, 12; quia uidebatur et Lumaen eodem tempore opugnari posse, Liv. 30, 13, 9; in Attius ap. Cie. dia. 1, 44 the readings vary between uisus pastor and uisumst pastorem; 5. esp. in the sense, it seems fit, tibi si uidebatur, uillis iis utere quae longissime aberunt a militibus, Cie. fam. 14, 7, 3; nunc mihi uisum est de senectute aliquid ad te conscribere, sen. 1; 6. often in relat. clauses with a suppressed inf., so that the case of the relative seems to depend on a word in the main clause, uelim Lentulum puerum uisus ei quae de mancipis quae tibi uidebatur attribuas, Cie. Att. 12, 28, 3; ut consul quem uideretur ei cum imperio mitteret, Liv. 31, 3, 2; consulde decem legatos quos iis uideretur ex senatu legere, 29, 20, 4; 31, 4, 2; 7. uideri was from delicacy used as a technical word in judicial language, qui (sc. maiores) uiderunt, quod inscientia multa uersarent in uita, quae iurati iudices cognouissent; ut ea non esse facta sed ut 'uideri' pronuntiarentur, Cie. acad. 2, 146; thus: iste pronuntiat Stenium litteras publicas corrumpisse uideri, Verr. 2, 2, 93; consul adiecit senatus consultum Ambracium non uideri captam esse, Liv. 38, 44, 6; eum agrum castellanis (sic) Veiturius possidere fruique uidetur oportere, CIL 199, 24 (637 a. n. c.); add Cie. Att. 4, 2, 3; Verr. 2, 2, 100; 2, 5, 14; Caes. b. c. 1, 2, 7; Liv. 30, 17, 12.

**uidua**, see uiduus.

**uiduālis**, e, adj. of widowhood, anni, inser. Mur. 75, 2.

**uiduātus**, ūs, m. widowhood, Tert. uirg. u. 9.

**uiduertus**, ātis, f. u. calamities, dicta quod uiduet bonis, Paul. ex Fest. 369; ut tu morbos uisus uiuosque uiduertaten nastitudinemque calamitates intemperiesque prohiberes, Cato r. 141.

**uiduitas**, ātis, f. widowhood, Pl. Caecin. 13; Liv. 40, 4, 2; 2. beneuement, Pl. Rud. 3, 3, 1.

**uidulāris**, adj. [uidūlo- m.] of a leathern bag, hence the lost play Vidularia (sc. comoe fia) of Plautus.

**uidulus**, i, m. dim. a leathern bag, Referam. Rectest obsequium in uidulo marsupium Cum uidulo, Pl. Men. 5, 7, 47; Tu hercle opino in uidulo comortes piscem. Nisi eases, Piet tibi punicum corium postea atrum deue, Rud. 4, 3, 60; D. Estne hic uidulus ubi (pron. w) cistellum tuum inesse abiat? P. Is est, 4, 4, 80.

**uiduo**, are, vb. [uidua- adj. f.] make a widow, as in perf. part. uiduata, filia marito Pollione in exilium pulso uiduata, Tac. an. 16, 30; Agrippinae uiduatae morte Domitii, Suet. Galib. 5; Mart. 9, 30, 6; 2. gen. bereave, with abl., ciuius urbem, Verg. 8, 571; foliis orni, Her. od. 2, 29, 8; arua priuuis, Verg. G. 3, 518; uitis pristino alimento, Colum. arb. 1, 4; 3. with gen. Orba pedum partim, manuum uiduata uicissim, Lucr. 5, 840.

**uiduu-uidu**, ii, n. widowhood, Suid. ep. 6, 2; inser. ap. Don. 10, 51.

**uid-uus**, adj. [f. uid- (a lost vb., divide: see uideo § 14) :: diuid-us :: diuid-] lit. separate, single; in use, not married, and gen. as sb. f. uidua, husbandless, a single woman or widow, first a single woman, ea (Pulla) se rectius uiduam et illum caeliem futurum fuisse contendere quam eum inpari iungi, Ter. 1, 46, 7; Regina gentis uidua Thermodontiae, Sen. Herc. f. 250; uiduam eam quoque mulierem quem nunc non habuisset adpellari ait Labeo, dig. 50, 10, 242, 3; 2. more commonly a widow, utrumst melius, iugumneam an uiduam uxorem ducere,

Naev. 53 R; Dum tete abstineas nupta uirgine, Pl. Cure. 1, 4, 37; sunt qui Crustis et pomis uirgine uenentur auras, Hor. ep. 1, 1, 78; and met., (columba) nisi caelebs aut uirgine nunc non reliquit, Plin. 10, 104; 3. also gener., quae sine uiro cubat, Credo ego miseram fuisse Penelopiam... quae tam diu uirgine uiro suo caruit, Pl. St. 1, 1, 2 (384 A); Cist. 1, 1, 46; Prop. 3, 31, 17; 4. met., of a vine unsupported by a tree, Vt uirgine in nudo uitis quae nascitur armo, Catul. 62, 49; 5. in poets of things, widowed, cubile, Ov. am. 2, 10, 17; domus, P. 1, 36; 6. uirgine, of the male, unmarried, Cum inuit uirgine raptu Sabina uiros, Ov. a. a. 1, 102; nec nunc placuisse Achilli Abducta uirgine coniuge flere uirum, Hor. 8, 86; so in reference to the vine, u. ranum, Colum. 5, 6, 31; arbore, Hor. od. 4, 5, 30; uirgine, Liv. 8, 78; platanus, Mart. 3, 58, 3; for in spite of the grammatical gender these trees are uirorum loco; 7. uirgine for a widower seems not to occur; 8. met., heret., with abl., solum arboribus, Colum. 2, 2, 25; gen., amoris, Ov. am. 3, 10, 18; teli, Sil. 2, 247; and a lumine, Verg. Culex 371; 9. Hence perh. Fr. vide; 10. According to some = Sansk. vidhava from vi without, dhava husband. Kindred words are also Prus. widewa, Slav. udova, Goth. viduon-, Erse feadhb.

**uieo**, cre, vb. [root uic, see uicis] bend, bind, weave, uicere est uincere, a quo est in Sota Ennii hant malici (alia malam) uicere Veneriam corollam, Varr. l. p. 68; sic alia secunda ut habens uimina uide uicendo quid facias ut sirpeas uallos crates, r. 1, 23, 5; cf. Fest. s.v.; Non. 189.

**uiesco**? the reading uiescentem ficum in Colum. 12, 15 untrustworthy.

**uietor**, = uitor, Donat. Ter. Eun. 4, 4, 21.  
**uietus** (Ter., Inacr.), uictus (Hor.), part. as adj. soft, flabby, Hic est uictus uetus ueterosus senex, Ter. Eun. 4, 4, 21; wh. Don. interprets mollis flaccidusque...; Nec supra caput eiusdem credidisse uictam Vestem (a spider's web), Lucr. 3, 385; bonis uictum cor, Cie. diu. 2, 37; fies uicere nimium uicta neque immatura legi debet, Colum. 12, 15, 1; Qui sudor uictis et quam malus undique membris Crescat odor, Hor. epod. 12, 7.

**Viſus**, = Vilius, an Oscan nomen and praenomen, as L. Viſius, C. f. Ocella, Mommsen's Osk. Stud. Nachtr. 54.

**uigēni**, see uiceni.  
**uigēo**, cre, ui, vb. [see below] be awake, full of life, vigorous, Qui uiget nescatur armis ut percipiat praemium, Vigor, 22 R; quae a terra stirpibus continetur aere naturae uiuunt et uigent, Cie. N. D. 2, 83; cf. Tuse. 1, 66; uictoria in manu nobis est, uicta aetas, animus nalet, Sal. Cat. 20, 10; Pallor abit subitaneque uigent in corpore uiros, Ov. F. 4, 541; 2. met., flourish, stand high, Cuius facta uina nunc uigent, qui apud gentes solo praestat, Naev. com. 109 R; Esse in debilis summoque in honore uigēre, Lucr. 4, 1156; 3. a vb. uigo existed, Charis. 216;

4. the connection with our wake proved by uig-ſi, uigila-, uig-ſco, ui, vb. wake up, become full of life, De uilique penata uigescere copia rerum, Lucr. 1, 757; iam lacti studio pedata uigescunt, Catul. 46, 8.

**uigēsimus**, see uicesimus.  
**uigēssis**, = uiginti asses, Mart. Cap. 7, 241 G, 262, 6 Eyss. (but reading dub.). Mart. 12, 70, 1 has uicenis.

**uigēs**, = uices, Mart. Cap. 6, 104 G, 202, 5 Eyss.  
**uigil**, is, adj. [uig of uig-ſco, uig-ſco] wakeful, awake, esp. at night time, hinc as sb. m. a night-sentinel, Qua Galli furta noctu (f.) summa arcis adorti Moenia concubia uigilesque repente eruantur, Eun. an. 170 V; Huc uigiles properate, exurgite Pectora tarda sopore, exurgite, Att. 140 R; Rex Creon uigiles nocturnos singulos semper locat, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 95; clamor a uigilibus fanique custodibus tollitur, Cie. Verr. 2, 4, 94; and met., At uigiles mundi magnum uersatile templum Sol et luna..., Lucr. 5, 1436; 2. in poets as an adj., watching at night as a sentinel, or up before the sun, et uigilum cauum (watch-dogs) Tristes exuebia, Hor. od. 3, 10, 2; Aurora, Ov. M. 2, 112; ales (the cock), Il. 507; et prius orto Sole uigil calanum et chartas et serinia poseo, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 113; and

met., Extenuant uigiles corpus miserabile curae (keeping Echo awake all night), Ov. M. 3, 307; uigilemque sacrauerat ignem (burning at night as well as day), Verg. 4, 200; uigiles lucernas Porfir in lucem, Hor. od. 3, 8, 15; flammis Vestae, Ov. a. a. 3, 493.

**uigilab-ilis**, e, adj. keeping awake, O stulta nostri pectoris dormitio Vigilabilis quae me puellum impuberem Cepisti, Varr. s. 217, 4 R.

**uigilans**, part. 1. 2. as adj. watchful, vigilant, Cie. Rose. Am. 139; agr. 1, 3; uigilantior, Verr. 1, 32; uigilantissimus, Val. M. 9, 1, ext. 1; 3. uigilantior adv. vigilantly, Cie. Verr. 2, 4, 144; uigilantius, rep. 6, 26; uigilantissime, Murr. 32.

**uigilantia**, ac, f. doing with little sleep, sed erat summa uigilantia; hucbarbare Venerabilibus incipibat statim a multa nocte, hinc uero ab hora septima, Plin. ep. 3, 5, 8 (of his uncle); fuit mirifica uigilantia (Caninius) qui suo toto consilium somnum non uiderit, Cie. fam. 7, 30, 1; 2. gen. watchfulness, vigilance, Vigilantiam tuam tu mihi narraſ? Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 44; add Cie. Att. 8, 9, 4; Plane. 62.  
**uigilariū**, ii, adj. n. as sb. watch-house, uigil uigilariū, not. Tir. 105. See uigilariū.

**uigilatē**, adv. [implies uigilatus, as an adj.] as one awake, Gell. 3, 14, 12.

**uigilatio**, onis, f. inability to sleep, Cael. Anr. tard. 1, 4, 101.

**uigilax**, ācis, adj. keeping awake at night, wakeful, capes, Colum. 7, 12, 5; curae, Ov. M. 2, 779.

**uigilia**, ac, f. acting as sentinel at night, watch, guard, uigiles sentium in uigilia ferre uetuit, Liv. 44, 33, 8; exercitus sentinibus uigiliisque fossus, 5, 48, 6; negotium datur aedilibus ut noctu uigilias agerent ad ardes sacras, Cie. Verr. 2, 4, 93; 2. a body of night-sentinels, si excubiae si uigiliae si dilecta iuuentus contra Milonis impetum armata est, Cie. Mil. 67; ab incendio intellegebat urbem uigilias muniant, Sal. Cat. 32, 1; 3. the time during which a sentinel has to keep guard, a night-watch, viz. of three hours each, but these hours varying according to the season, two from sunset to 12, two from 12 to sunrise; cf. Hicron. ep. 140, 8; prima uigilia capite arma, Liv. 5, 44, 7; secunda, Cie. fam. 3, 7, 4; de tertia, Caes. b. g. 1, 12, 2; de quarta, 1, 40, 14; 4. met., cupio iam uigiliam meam tibi tradere, Cie. fam. 11, 24, 1; nunciam mihi statuam quasi in uigilia quadam sentoria, Phil. 1, 1, cf. 7, 19;

5. m. pl. uigiliae, a night-festival, Cereis uigiliis, Pl. Aul. pr. 36 and 4, 10, 65; cf. Cie. leg. 2, 35; 6. being awake at night-time, non-sleeping, Cels. 2, 6, p. 36, 8 D; 7. esp. of night-hours given to work, cui non sunt audita Demosthenis uigiliae? Cie. Tuse. 4, 44; necipies hoc opusculum lucubraturum his iam contractatibus noctibus, quoniam illud maiorem uigilium manus in tuo nomine apparuit, parad. pr. 5; 8. uigilia for uigilia, CHL 1139.

**uigiliarium**, ii, adj. n. as sb. a sentinel's box, a watch-box, quid interest utrum supra aliquem u. ruat an mons? Sen. ep. 57, 6; inser. Or. 4557.

**uigilium**, ii, n. employment of night hours not in bed, Varr. s. 120, 7 R.

**uigilo**, are, vb. [uigil] lit. act as sentinel, keep guard, hence met., Vigilandum est semper; multae insidiae sunt bonis, Att. 214 R; quantum potero excubabo uigilaboque pro uobis, Cie. Phil. 6, 18; Ne sursum deorsum cursites nunc usque ad lucem uigiles (pronounce uigiles; see below § 7), Ter. Eun. 2, 2, 47; 2. gen. sit up at night, in literis dandis proxima nocte uigilatur, Cie. Cat. 3, 6; noctes uigilabat ad ipsum Mane, Hor. s. 1, 3, 17; 3. with cogn. acc., qui in lectidando nullas huc genus uigilias uigilatur, Gell. pr. 19; and hence as pass. pers. with nom. of time, Non mihi gratia dies, noctes uigilatur amare, Ov. her. 12, 109; uigilata nocte, F. 4, 167; 4. the object on wh. the night hours are employed is expressed either by in and abl., as in Cie. above § 2; or by dat., as, si possem studiis uigilare seueris, Prop. 2, 3, 7; 5. or perh. in poets by acc., work out by night, whence the pass. pers. as: Quae uigilanda uiris, Verg. G. 1, 312; carmen uigilatum, Ov. F. 4, 109; uigilatorumque laborum, Tr. 2, 11; 6. the imper. uigila, wake up, uigila Chrysippe ne tuam causam deseras,

Cie. fat. 12; so, Mars uigila, the words addressed by a general, before going away on duty, to the god in his temple, Serv. A. S. 3; but here the primitive meaning is perh. to be preferred; 7. hence Ital. vegliare, Fr. veiller, confirming Priscian who says per synecpam. See also uigilas for nigilas, CIL 1139.

**uiginti**, adj. num. indecl. [see below] twenty, Pl. A. 1, 1, 76; Quattuor hinc ripiuntur uiginti et milia rhedis, Hor. s. 1, 5, 86; ad littora mittit Viginii tauros, Verg. 1, 633; Cie. Plane. 90; 2. ueiginti, CIL 1104, 6; 3. with the numbers above twenty, the addition may either precede with et, as, annos natus unum et uiginti, Cie. or. 3, 74 and Hor. above § 1; or follow immed., as uiginti unum muscas, Plin. 30, 92; diebus uiginti uno, 29, 141; but if larger numbers precede then the added numeral must follow, as, asses efficies quattuor milia ducentos et uiginti unum, Colum. 5, 3; 4. niginti is for duigin-ti from duo + agin + ti, wh. ag-in is a double dim. suff. corresponding to aine of Fr. trent-aïne, cent-aïne, and seen in tri-gin-ta, quadragin-ta; and the ti (=ty of our thirty, forty etc.), zig of Germ. vier-zig, ti of Sansk. numerals) means ten. Thus uiginti=our twenty (for twain-ty) and Ital. ven-ti. The Greek εκατη, Sansk. vīnāti are very corrupt.

**uiginti-angulus**, adj. of twenty angles, uiginti-angula sphaera, Apul. d. Pl. 1, p. 5, meaning an eicosahedron, wh. however has twenty triangular sides but only twelve solid angles.

**uigintiarius**, i, m. one of a commission of twenty officers, as for the division of the ager Campanus under Caesar's law, Cie. Att. 2, 6, 2; Plin. 7, 176; Suet. Aug. 4;

2. also for the execution of certain municipal duties in Rome, ten of whom held petty courts of law, four had charge of the roads, three of the coinage, three of public executions, see Becker; XXViro monetali, inscr. Or. 2761; Spart. Julian. 1; 3. as a council of state against Maximinus (about A.D. 265), inscr. Or. 3042; Capit. Gord. 10; 4. also out of Rome, as at Ostia, Iscriz. Mar. 806.

**uigintiarūs**, ūs, m. the office of a uigintiar, Cie. Att. 9, 2 a, 1; Tac. an. 3, 29; Quint. 12, 1, 16; inscr. Or. 3970.

**uig-o**, ūre, vb. whence uigco, Charis. 216, 31.

**uig-or**, ūris, m. vital energy, spirit, vigour, eundem uigorem in uita uinique in oculis intueri, Liv. 21, 4, 2; Iguens est ollis uigor et caelestis origo Seminibus, Verg. 6, 730; add. 9, 610; iuuentas et patrius uigor, Hor. od. 4, 4, 5;

2. and in pl., et corporum membris aminorumque uigoribus, Vitr. 6, 1 f.; Sil. 15, 355; 3. met. as spirit or strength of wine, uigor indomitus, Plin. 14, 54 (so ms β); brilliancy of pearls, nec nisi in iuuenta constat ille qui quaeritur uigor, 9, 109; and of precious stones, et hic mares (sandastros) austeritas distinguit et quidam uigor adposita tingens, 37, 101.

**uigōro**, ūre, vb. invigorate, Tert. pud. 2; 2. intr. gain fresh vigour, Tert. res. 26 med.

**uilefaciō**, ūre, vb. make contemptible, Laet. ad Stat. Theb. 5, 28.

**uile-escō**, ūre, ui, vb. [uili-adj.] become cheap, lose value, Hier. cp. 66, 7; Sid. cp. 7, 9; Avien. arat. 318.

**uili-ca**, ae, see uilius § 5.

**uili-catio**, ūnis, f. [uili-ca-vi] management of a farm, office of bailiff or steward, Colum. 11, 1, 13; Petr. tr. 69.<sup>6</sup>

**uili-co**, ūnis, m.=uilius, Apul. apol. p. 320.

**uili-cor**, ūri, vb. r. [uili-co-m.] act as bailiff, Ego nondum etiam hinc uilicabar Paedria, Turp. 170 R.; Pater uilicatur tuus, iam uilicabit uilia est, Atta 17 R.; in Arpinos iam quantum potest explodam hominem ut uilicetur, Afran. 327; Longe ab urbe uilicari quo eras rarerent uenit, Nam non uilicari sed dominari est mea sententia, Pomp. 45;

2. aft. uili-co, the same, met., ut in ea (sc. republica) quodammodo uilicare possit, Cie. rep. 5, 5; and even with acc., qui possessionem maximam uilicabat, Apul. M. S. p. 211.

**uili-cus**, i, adj. [from uilla, with a single l because 1 follows i; cf. milia by the side of mille] lit. of a farm, uilia nomina lini, Aus. ep. 4, 56; 2. a farm-steward or bailiff, uilius agri colendi causa constitutus atque appellatus a uilla, Varr. r. 1, 2, 14; male agitur cum domino quem uilius decet, Cato ap. Colum. 11, 1, 4; Vileo

siliuam et mihi me reddentis agelli, Hor. ep. 1, 14, 1; add Cie. Verr. 2, 3, 119; inscr. Or. 1789, 2858 and 5015;

3. gen. an overseer or bailiff over slaves, Entellus uili-ca, a plumbus, inscr. Or. 2850; uili-ca, x̄x lib. (uilius uicesimae libertatis), 3334; utraque familia in aliquot ministeriorum species dicitur uili-cos castellarios..., Frontin. 117 de aqua Claudia; 4. met., Pegasus attontae positus modo uili-cus urbi, Iuv. 4, 77; 11 S. uili-ca, a female bailiff or bailiff's wife, Cato r. 143; Colum. 12, pr. 8; Atta 17 R.; Catul. 61, 136; Mart. 1, 56, 11; Iuv. 11, 69.

**uili-cōs**, ūre, vb. [implies an adj. uili-cōs] make of little value, hold cheap, Hier. cp. 135.

**Vili-o**, ūnis, m. a cognomen, as of M. Aurelius V., inscr. Mor. 2055, 5.

**uili-pendo**, ūre, vb. hold cheap, Pl. Truc. 2, 6, 58.

**uili-s**, e, adj. first plentiful, abundant; 2. and so, of little value, cheap; plentiful, Neque quidquam uile nunc est nisi mores mali, Pl. Trin. 1, 1, 10; et postea Qui homines probi essent, esset his amona uili-or, Mil. 3, 1, 140; Saepo oleo tardi costas agitator asclui Vili-bus aut onerat pomis, Verg. G. 1, 274 (so at least Serv. ad l.); hence, D. Atque huic aliquid paulum prae manu Dederis unde utatur; reddet tibi cito, M. Istoc uilius, Ter. Ad. 5, 9, 24 for Isto hoc (sc. aēs) uilius (erit quam si tibi morem gesseris), this purse of mine will be so much fuller, for I will do nothing of the kind, i.e. a negative, 'Exence me' or 'I wish you may get it.' Cf. Charis. 180, 26; Rex qui (l. Rex ei qui) uocabat ad cenam si tibi ea res exhibenda indiceret quam exhibere non posset respondit ut Tranquillus refert: Isto uilius (uili-or) hominis erit cena, there will be so much the more dinner for others at the fellow's table, for he won't see me; 3. of little value, so worthless, vile, etiam si honor noster uobis uili-or fuisset, salutem eerte earam futuram, Cie. Flac. 103; neque adeo tibi uilia nita esset nostra ut., Liv. 40, 9, 4; Et genus et uirtus nisi cum re uili-or alga est, Hor. s. 2, 5, 8; Da reditum puero, senis est si gratia uilis, Ov. a. a. 2, 29; 4. hence cheap, frumentum quoniam uilius esset, Cie. Verr. 2, 3, 105; Ac rebus uili-oribus tamen duo talenta, Ter. Ph. 5, 3, 8; 5. and so absol. in abl. uili, at a low price, cheap, E. Quid istam quam emit quanti eam emi? T. Vili. E. Haud istne te rogo, Pl. Epid. 1, 1, 49; Instruat uili nendis Amone domum, Mart. 12, 66, 10; and in superl., res stipulatoris uilissimum distracta est, Ulp. dig. 13, 4, 2, 8;

6. uile as adv. at little cost, uile uirentes ramos, Claud. rv cons. Hon. 37; 7. adv. uiliter, Apul. flor. 7, p. 8, 12 Krueg.; uilius, Pl. Curc. 2, 1, 28; Plin. ep. 10, 46; uilissime, Plin. 18, 45; 8. some hold uilis to be one with Germ. feil 'for sale.'

**uilitas**, ātis, f. plenty and so low price, cheapness, tanta repente uilitas annonae ex summa inopia et earitate rei frumentariae consecuta est, Cie. Manil. 44; si uertitas in perepindis fructibus fuit, consequitur uilitas in uendendis, Verr. 2, 3, 227; 2. uilitas sui, holding oneself cheap, Sen. ep. 121, 24; and clem. 1, 3, 4; 3. perh. goddess of plenty or cheapness in: Nam tu uine nides pro tuo caro capite Carum offerre mecum caput Vilitati, Pl. Capt. 2, 1, 34.

**uilito**, ūre, vb. make of little value, Quin moneam quin clamem et querar tua uitia quae te militat, Turp. 148 R.

**Vilius**, a gentile name, CIL 979.

**uilla**, ae, f. [prob. for uicula, first Doederl.; dim. of a f. sh. uici= uico-m.] a farm-house, qui ager neque uillam habuit ueque..., Cie. Rose. com. 33; Modus hic probatur ut neque fundus uillam quaerat neque uilla fundum;

and soon after, cum uilla Seneculae fructus non caperet, Plin. 18, 32; cf. Varr. r. 1, 11, 143; Colum. 1, 4, 5; Vitr. 6, 9;

2. uilla urbana, a country house with the added advantages of a town house, a villa, Colum. 1, 6, 21; Cato r. 4; Vitr. 6, 8; 3. u. publica, a vast public building in the Campus Martius, u. p. ad republicam administrandam est utilis, ubi cohortes ad delectum consili adductae

considant, ubi arma ostendant, ubi censores censu admittant populum, Varr. r. 3, 2, 4; eo anno (320 a. u. c.) C. Furius Pacilus et M. Geganus Macerinus censores uillam publicam in Campo Martio probauerunt, ibique primum census populi

est actus, Liv. 4, 22, 7; VII. RVB. on coins of the gens Didia and gens Fonteia, CIL 483; 4. also for reception of ambassadors, Maecdones (legati) deducti extra urbem in uillam publicam ubique is locus et laetitia praebita, Liv. 33, 24, 5; 5. the business part of a farm-house as opposed to that in which the family live, rogo scribas tuis ut illi uilla, ut domus pateat, Plin. ep. 5, 19, 8; 6. u. Louis, a palace of Tiberius in Capreae, Suet. Tib. 65.

**uillā-ris**, e, adj. of a farm-house, gallinae, Plin. 10, 116. **uillā-ri-icus**, adj. of a farm-house, pastionum, Varr. r. 3, 2, 13; gallinae, 3, 9, 3; greges, 2, 2, 8; mel, Colum. 9, 4, 7; canis, 7, 12, 3; alites, Plin. 23, 28.

**Villius**, a gentile name, as of L. Villius Tappulus, Liv. 31, 49, 12; L. Villius Annalis, Cael. ap. Cie. fam. S. 8, 5. **Villonius**, a gentile name, Villoni L. L. Niger, CIL 1339.

**uillōsus**, adj. [uillō- m.] shaggy, leo, Verg. S. 177; pectora (Caci), S. 266; radix, Plin. 12, 45; uillosior, 16, 40; uillosissimus, 11, 229.

**uillūla**, ae, f. dim. a little farm-house, Cie. Att. 8, 9, 3; Hor. s. 1, 5, 45.

**uillum**, i, n. dim. [uillō- n.; cf. ullus from ūnus] poor wine, black-strap, hoc uilli, Ter. Ad. 5, 2, 11.

**uillus**, i, m. [see below] a tuft of hair, animalium aliae corris tectae sunt, aliae uillis nescitae, Cie. N. D. 2, 121; uillae aries in gurgite uillis Mersator, Verg. G. 3, 446; 2. uillo = floe of floeco = our flock and lock (of hair) and λαχ of λαχων; from uell-; cf. uellus.

**uimen**, mis, n. [lost vb. uie bend, whence ui-eo; cf. uie-is] a flexible branch of any plant, see uico; esp. an osier; reliquum corpus nauium uiminibus contextum corris integebatur, Caes. b. c. 1, 54, 2; sentis ex cortice factis aut uiminibus intextis, b. g. 2, 33, 2; fruticosa legebant Viminia cum iuncis, Ov. M. 6, 344; 2. of Mercury's staff, Stat. Th. 2, 30.

**uiment-um**, i, n. [uimen] a pliable branch of any plant, moenia non saxo sed cratilius et uimentis a media humo, Tac. an. 12, 16.

**uiminālis**, e, adj. of flexible branches, salix u., Plin. 17, 143; Colum. 4, 30, 2; 2. albs, uiminialis, a tree of this class, Plin. 17, 142; 3. V. collis, one of the seven hills of Rome, so called from its uimina, Varr. l. p. 57 Sp.; CIL 1011; Fest. p. 376; and V. porta, a gate leading to it, id.; Maer. s. 1, 9, 17.

**uimin-ārius**, adj. as sb. m. a dealer in osiers, basket-maker, inscr. Or. 4298.

**uimin-ētum**, i, n. a place overgrown with uimina, Varr. l. p. 57 Sp.

**uimin-eus**, adj. of uimina or flexible branches, faeces, Pl. Epid. 1, 1, 25; tegumenta, Caes. b. c. 3, 63, 7; crates, Verg. G. 1, 95.

**Vimin-ius**, adj. the same, a title of Iuppiter, Varr. l. p. 57 Sp.; cf. Viminio.

**Vimitellari**, one of the populi Albenses of Latium in old time, Plin. 3, 69.

**uin**, for uisne, see uolo.

**uinā-eus**, (ius) adj. [uinum] of the vine, quae ex acino uinaceo (a single grape-berry) tantos truncos procreat, Cie. sen. 52; 2. as sb. m. (sc. acinus) a grape-berry or raisin, post primum pressuram uinaceorum, Colum. 12, 36; uinaceos calcare, 12, 39, 2; 3. as sb. n. (sc. granum) a grape-stone, uinacea quae acinis calcantur—and soon after—cum in media parte acinorum sint, Colum. 11, 2, 69; sine uinaceis uuae quomodo crecentur, arb. 5, 2; 4. more commonly, m. pl., f. pl. \* n. pl. + or f. s. +, the grape-refuse after pressure, grape-cake (cf. our oil-cake), στερεώματα, βρωτὰ, as cheap food for cattle etc., uinaceos quotidiē recentēs...conculcatis in dolia; id bene operito...quod des bubus per biemem, Cato r. 25; add 10, 4, and 147 (8); quacunque iubeant nescuntur (ones pellitae), ut folia ficulnea et palea(m) et uinaciā, Varr. l. 2, 2, 19; pabulum his (sc. anatibus) datur triticum ordeum uinacei uuae, 3, 11, 3; nec dubium quin ea (sc. uinacia) melius cum suis folliculis bubus praecri possint, nam et cibi et uini uires habent, Colum. 6, 3, 5; uinaceat (gallinis), quamvis tolerabiliter pascant, dari non debent, nisi...

8, 4, 2; eum parere desinent aues, uinacea + praebenda, S. 5, 25; uinaceat (eo?) cibo sterilescent (gallinae), Pall. 1, 27, 1; 5. for manure, circum epita addit sterens paleas uinaceas\*, Cato r. 33, 4; uinaceat heminam uuae posito (when sowing) atque ita serobem stercorata terra completo, Colum. arb. 4, 5; 6. as packing material, haec (sc. grapes) in ollis; ollae in uinaceis conduntur, Cato r. 7, 2; (uuae) dolis inclusae stipatae uinaceis circumsudantibus, Plin. 14, 16.

**uināciola**, adj. dim. a kind of vine, Plin. 14, 38.

**Vinālia**, adj. n. pl. as sb. wine-festival, as first the Vinalia priora or urbana, on the 13 kal. Mai. (Apr. 23), *neotocia*, first tasting the preceding year's wine, degustandis uinis instituta, Plin. 18, 287; Vinalia diem festum habebant, quo die nimum nouum loui libabant, Fest. p. 374; cf. Ov. F. 4, 863; so VIN is affixed to the day in the Fasti Maffi. and Praen.; 2. Vinalia altera or rustica, on the 13 kal. Sept. (Aug. 10) on opening the vintage, Plin. 18, 289; quo die primum uina in urbem deferabant, Fest. p. 264; rustica Vinalia Veneri fiebant, p. 280; cf. Varr. r. 1, 1; so VIN affixed to this day in the Fasti Maffi.

**uinālis**, e, adj. [uinō- n.] of wine, fortitudo, Maer. s. 7, 7, 19.

**uināriārius**, adj. as sb. m. [uinario- sb. n.] a dealer in wine-vessels, as bottles, etc., inscr. Or. 4249.

**uinārius**, adj. [uinō- n.] of wine, lacus, Cato r. 25; Colum. 12, 18, 3; uas, Cie. Verr. 2, 4, 62; cella, Plin. 14, 89; saccus, 24, 3; 2. as sb. m. a dealer in wine, a vintner, Pl. As. 4, 4, 30; 3. as sb. n. (sc. uas), a vessel for holding wine, a bottle or decanter, Hor. s. 2, 8, 39.

**uinā-peruinea**, ae, f. the plant periwinkle, Plin. 21, 68.

**uincenter**, adv. [implies uinecus as an adj.] triumphantly, Schol. ad Cie. Sul. p. 81 Mai.

**uinecus**, a non-existing word resting on a false reading in Pl. St. 4, 2, 56 for uineca of 318 A.

**uiniciam** dicebant continentem, Fest. p. 379.

**uincib-ilis**, e, adj. [implies a secondary vb. uine-ib- from uine, conquer; cf. trib- i-ic, ter-ib- from ter- i- able to be conquered, terra, Colum. 3, 12; 2. able to be established, causa, Ter. Ph. 1, 4, 48; cf. uineo § 4; 3. conquering, victorious, elangor, Anthol. Burm. 2, 329.

**uincio**, ire, axi, netum, vb. [see below] bind, uincito (com) aut neruo aut compedibus, lex ap. Gell. 10, 1, 45; Ne illum uerberes, nerum apud te uinctum adseruato domi, Pl. Bac. 4, 4, 95; cum trinis catenis uinctus traheretur, Caes. b. g. 1, 53, 5; suras uincire cothurno, Verg. I, 337; nouis tempora floribus, Hor. od. 4, 1, 32; 2. met., pacto matrimonii, Tac. an. 6, 45; 3. the perf. and supine and sb. uin-um show that there must have been a vb. uine- 'bind', which is prob. one with

**uincio**, ire, uel, uictum, vb. [see below] conquer, overcome, subdue, is esse belli ut qui uicissent his quos uicissent quemadmodum nescit imperaret, Caes. b. g. 1, 36, 1; maiores nostri omnibus naualibus pugnis Karthaginienses uicerunt; hence in pass., si autem uincar, uinci a tali nullum mi est probum, Att. 139 R; 2. absol., conquer, ueni, uidi, uici, Caes. ap. Suet. Caes. 37 f.; si hoc bene fixum omnibus in animo est, iterum dicam uicistis, Liv. 21, 44, 9; 3. met., gain the day in a suit or argument, prevail, (Ego) dico uicisse Orestem, uos ab hoc facessite, Enn. tr. 136 R; Quam tu horum nil refelles, uincam scilicet, Ter. Ph. 1, 2, 82; factumst, uen-tumst, uincimur, 1, 2, 85; 4. hence, prove, establish a point, either with acc. and inf., uince bonum uirum fuisse Oppianicum, Cie. Clu. 124; Vincit enim stultos ratio insu-are nepotes, Hor. s. 1, 3, 225; 5. or with ut and subj., Nec uincet ratio hoc tantumdem ut peccet idemque, Qui... et qui... Hor. s. 1, 3, 115; but in Pl. Mil. 2, 2, 31 and Hor. epod. 17, 27 the idea is different; 6. win (a prize, a wager etc.), win in gambling, with acc. of that which is won, Sicut fortis equus, spatium qui saepe supremo Vicit Olympia, nunc senio confectus quiescit, Enn. an. 442 V; ostendo enim uincere sponsonem si ostendat eum (illum) non possedisse, Cie. Caecin. 91; numquid est causae quin iste ex edicto non possederit, ego sponsonem necrum

(al. sponse) Quinet. 84; Non omnes causam vincere posse suam, Ov. her. 15 (16), 76 (if not spurious); cf. uincibilis § 2; nam si... nescimus quinquaginta milia, Aug. ap. Suet. 71; 7. surpass. Eam quoque (sc. noctem) depolctam multo haec uicit longitudine, Pl. Anaph. 1, 1, 125; morm inanimatae uastissimas uincit beluas, Cie. rep. 2, 48; 8. a future part. uincetur, Petr. tr. 45; Iul. Val. Alex. 1, 3; 9. the root uic- prob. meant bind (cf. the phrase da-re manus to acknowledge oneself beaten); see uic-ia and uincio § 3.

**uinctio**, ōnis, f. binding, Cacl. Aur. auct. 3, 17; Arnob. 2, 57; 6, 203.

**uinctor**, ōris, m. one who binds together, Arnob. 6, 199.

**uinctūr-a**, ae, f. binding, Cels. 8, 10, p. 346, 9 D; Plin. 16, 174; 2. esp. a truss, Cels. 7, 20, p. 300, 33 D.

**1 uinctus**, part of uincio.

**2 uinctus**, ūs, m. a binding, uinctu quoque antiqui dicebant cestum, Varr. r. 1, 8, 6.

**uinctūlis**, quasi-part. [uinculo-n.] chained together, met. Cacl. Aur. tard. 4, 8, 108; Mart. Cap. 1, 21 G, 23, 28 Eyss. (al. uinctis).

**uinc-ūlum**, and uinēlum (in prose as well as verse), i, n. [uine- of uinc-] that with which one binds, a band, cord, chain, fetter, etiamsi corpora sint constricta uinculis, Cie. or. 1, 226; nodos et uincula linea rupt, Verg. 5, 510; Ipse uero primus manicas adque arta leuare uincula iubet Priamus, 2, 147; medias uites uinculis in terram defigito, Cato r. 41; Orgetorix ex uinculis (so uis) causam dicere coegerunt, Caes. b. g. 1, 4, 1; mitto uincula, mitto carcerem, mitto uerbera, Cie. Verr. 2, 3, 59; 2. met., qui ius euile contemnendum putat, is uincula reuellit uitae communis, Cie. Caecin. 70; dixerim me uel plurima uincula tecum summæ coniunctionis optare, Att. 6, 2, 1.

**uindemia**, ae, f. [uinnm dem-; cf. Varr. l. p. 66 Sp.] grape-gathering, vintage, messis uindemiae, CIL 200, 95; Pol. ut praedicas uindemia haec huic annui non satis solist, Pl. Cure. 1, 2, 16; uia cum erit matura, uindemiam ita fieri oportet, Varr. r. 1, 54, 1; xi kal. Septembris stella quae uindemior appellatur exoriri mane incipit uindemiae maturitatem promittens, Plin. 18, 309; 2. in pl. the vintage-season (so in Ital. le vendemmie) uindemias laetas agere te opto, M. Aur. ad Fr. 5, 23; uindemiarum gratiam nunc demum integram sentiam omni ualeatudo placeat esse nobis coepit, ib. 47; 3. the grapes themselves, emptori addicta pendente uindemia, Plin. 14, 50; Non eadem arboribus pendet uindemia nostris, Verg. G. 2, 89; add 2, 522; 4. of other agricultural harvests, olearum, Plin. 15, 5; mellis, 11, 35; Colum. 9, 15, 1; turis, Plin. 12, 58; 5. hence Fr. vendange and so our vintage.

**uindemiā-lis**, e, adj. of the vintage, fructus, Maer. s. 7, 7, 14; escas uindemiales, inser. Or. 4419.

**uindemiātor**, ōris, m. [uindemia vb.] grape-gatherer, Varr. l. p. 66 Sp.; durus uindemiator et inuictus cui saepe uiator... Hor. s. 1, 7, 30 (wh. note the metrical licence);

**2.** a star in Virgo, Colum. 11, 2, 24; called also uindemitor. At non effugiet uindemitor. Hoc quoque causam... Ov. F. 3, 407; Sen. Iudus 2, 1; Plin. 18, 309.

**uindemiātōrius**, adj. of the vintage, uasa, Varr. r. 3, 2, 8.

**uindēmio**, āre, vb. [uindemia sb.] gather in the vintage, nouissimas (uinas) uindemiant, Plin. 14, 30; uinum, Colum. 12, 33, 1; 2. absol., sed iam et kal. Ianuar. defectu uasorum uindemiantis uidi, Plin. 18, 310.

**uindemiōla**, ae, f. a little grape-crop, Cie. Att. 1, 10, 4.

**uindēmītor**, see uindemior.

**Vindemitor**, a cognomen, Ser. Cornelius V., inser. Grut. 1145, 3.

**uindex**, ieiis, m. [see below] one who asserts a right to a thing, a claimant. See uindicia § 1 and uindico § 5;

**2.** one who protects from arrest by becoming a security, qui ita uadimonium... non promissit aut uindemiam locupletem ita non dederit... CIL 205, 2, 23; uindex ab eo quod uindicit quoniam is, qui pensus est ab aliquo, tenetur, Fest. p. 376. See uindico § 2; assiduus uindex assiduus esto; prob-tario iam cui cui quis (i. quisquis for cui quis) uolet uindex esto, xii tab. ap. Gell. 16, 10, 5; 'quod

tu mihi indicatus es sestertium x milia, ego tibi manus incio' (so far xii tab.); et simul aliquam partem corporis eius predebant nec licebat indicato manum sibi depellere sed uindemiam dabat qui pro se causam agere solebat; qui uindemiam non dabat, donum duebatur ab actore et uindicebatur, Gai. 4, 21; and Cie. top. 10; 3. hence assessor, protector, deliverer, first with gen. of what is defended, L. Scipio et C. Laelius uindemias maiestatis imperii, Liv. 28, 28, 14; me (Ciceronem) illum ipsum uindemiam aetis alieni (of creditors), Cie. Att. 2, 1, 11; arreptus a uiatore 'prouocet' inquit; audita uox una uindex libertatis silentium fecit, Liv. 3, 56, 6; habebat sane populus tabellam quasi uindemiam libertatis, Cie. leg. 3, 39; 4. with gen. of what is warranted off, placuit Verginium acceri e castris, in eo nerti puellae salutem si uindex inimiae ad tempus praesto esset, Liv. 3, 46, 6; re illam (Pompeium) sibi collegam adseriberetis custodem aie uindemiam empitum, Cie. agr. 2, 24; C. Vesnio Stel. uindici populi Vruini, patrono suo, inser. Or. 3714; 5. an avenger or punisher of past misdeeds, me uindemiam contumaciam oderunt, Cie. fam. 5, 6, 2; Furiae (so Madvig) deae sunt speculatrix et uindemias facinorum et sceleris, N. D. 3, 46; 6. a cognomen, as M. Cominius V., CIL 1432; 7. perh. uin-dee- for suu-dee-, i.e. qui suum esse dicit; as to loss of s. cf. neh for suh. At any rate uindico is from uindex (cf. indico, iudico, praedico), not the converse.

**uindiciō**, ōnis, f. the prosecution of a claim to property, actionum duo sunt genera in rem quae dicitur uindiciatio et in personam quae conditio appellatur, Ulp. dig. 44, 7, 25; bonorum, Traj. ap. Plin. ep. 10, 88; 2. the warding off or punishing insolence and insult, uindiciationem per quam uim et contumeliam defendendo aut uidecendo a nobis... et per quam peccata punimus, Cie. iuu. 2, 66; 2, 161.

**uindicia**, ae, f. [uindee- sb.] first u. rei, the laying one's hand on anything and so claiming it as one's property, nam de qua re disceptatur in iure (in re) praesentit, sine ager siue quid aliud est, cum aduersario simul manu prendere et... (sol)lemnibus uerbis uindicare, id est uindicia; correptione manus... apud praetorem ex xii tabulis fiebat, Gell. 20, 10, 7; si uindemiam falsam tulit rei sine litis, xii tab. ap. Fest. p. 376 M; 2. the thing itself so claimed, Ser. Sulpicius... uindicia esse ait qua de re controversia est, Fest. p. 376; uindiciae olim dicebantur illae (glebae?) quae ex fundo sumptae in ius adlatiae erant, Cinc. ap. Fest. l. c.; 3. uindicia or uindiciae litis, a previous suit as to which of the parties should hold the property in the interval before a judicial decision, when the praetor had to decide in favour of one or the other, secundum hunc uel illum uindicias dicere or decernere, and the party so far succeeding was said uindicias ferre; but both had to give security (sponsio), one that he would not damage the property and would account for profits etc., the other for costs; see Ascon. ad Verr. 2, 1, 115 (or 45); edictum... (ut) si quis testamento se heredem esse arbitratetur quod tum non extaret; lege ageret in hereditatem; aut pro praede litis uindiciarium cum satis accepisset, sponsonem faceret, ita de hereditate certaret, Cie. l. c.; praetores secundum populum uindicias dicunt, Cato orat. 50, 2, 1; 4. so in a previous trial as to which party, the assessor in libertatem or the assessor in seruitutem, should have the custody of one alleged to be a slave, postulant ut uindicias det (Appius) secundum libertatem, Liv. 3, 44, 5; si huius uindicias eesset, if he yield to this man's claim, 45, 11; decresse (Appium) uindicias secundum seruitutem, 47, 5; uox ex eo missa ore quo uindiciae nuper ab libertate dictae erant, 56, 4; uindex illi ferre in uindicias ab libertate in seruitutem dedit, 57, 5; tertio illo anno (decemuirorum) cum uindicias amississet ipsa libertas, Cie. rep. 3, 44.

**uindiciūm**, ii, n. = uindicio, inser. Visc. P. M. 1, 33; ἐκδικασίης defensio uindiciūm, Gloss. Philox.

**uindico**, āre, vb. [uindex] lit. claim as one's own in a court of law, see uindicia § 1; 2. act. as uindex or security for another, and so protect from arrest, Ni indicatum facit aut quis enlo cum iure uindicit, secum ducito, xii tab. ap. Gell. 20, 1, 45, wh. uindicit seems to be for



nudicavit, just as verberit for verberavit, in an old law ap. Fest. p. 230; cf. *vinde* § 2; 3. obtain the custody as a friend, pendente lite, of one alleged to be a slave, see a M. Claudio petitorium ut...vindicari puellam in postremo diei patet; and soon after, ita vindicatur puella spondens propinquis, is given over to them pro tem. as *nudices*, Liv. 3, 46, 8; 4. by met. from the case of one protected against a claim as being a slave, se (Caesarem) ex provincia egressum ut populum Romanum in libertatem vindicaret, to assert the liberty of, Caes. b. c. 1, 22, 5; cum me existima pol. rem publicam vindicare in libertatem paratus sim, Asin. Pol. arc. Cie. fam. 10, 31, 5; and more briefly, tauta Galliae consensio fuit libertatis vindicandae, Caes. b. g. 7, 76, 2; 5. still more beyond the sphere of law, claim, generally, Homerum Colophonii ciuem esse dicunt suum, Chii suum vindicant, Cie. Arch. 19; clauduntur flagitium fore si alterum exercitum utriusque victoriae computem sineret fieri nec ad se sui belli vindicarent deus, Liv. 9, 43, 14; prospera omnes sibi vindicant, adversa uni imputantur, Tac. Agr. 27; 6. defend (from injury), hold harmless, gen. with ab, sapientiam esse solum quae nos a libidinum impetu vindicat, Cie. fin. 1, 46; nos a verberibus, ab uno, a cretici terrore neque res gestae neque nostri honores vindicabant? Rab. perd. 16; existimatur utros oleum et chori vindicando a carie utile esse, Plin. 15, 32; 7. avenges, punish, chiefly with acc. of misdoings, petimus a nobis iudices in quam acerrime malificia vindicatis, Cie. Rose. Am. 12; talis improborum consensio supplicio omni vindicanda est, am. 43; Quique necem Crassi vindicat ultor erit, Ov. F. 6, 468; existimus Adlerbaem iniurias suas (the wrongs he had suffered) manu vindicaturum, Sal. Jug. 20, 4; Scipionis nemo vindicauerat mortem, Plin. 10, 123; 8. rarely with acc. of person avenged, Credis te satis esse vindicatum, Mart. 2, 83, 4; morte me anseris vindicavi, Petr. 130; utrum me ab illo debeam vindicare, Sen. ben. 6, 5, 4, perh. lit. protect myself from him as to any future wrong by present vengeance;

9. pass. impers. with in and acc. of persons, vengeance is taken (upon), punishment is inflicted (on), factor non modo in socios sed etiam in ciues nostros persapae esse vehementer vindicatum, Cie. Verr. 2, 5, 133; in quos gravibus Caesar vindicandum statuit, Caes. b. g. 3, 16, 4; Quid igitur censes, vindicandum in eos? Sal. Jug. 31, 18; 10. hence Fr. venger, as from iudicare iuger.

1. *vindicat*, a, ae, f. [vindicat], as an assessor of freedom, with *exercent* t. perh. orig. an adj. and hence as sb. f. (sc. uirga) the wand which a lictor by order of a consul (aft. praetor) placed on the head of a slave as a sign of freedom and citizenship, Pl. Ita me Venus amet ut ego te hoc triduum nunquam sinam in domo esse istae quin ego te liberalem liberem...Quando ego te videbo? Pl. Item istoc verbo vindicatum para, Pl. Cure. 1, 3, 52; si neque censu nec vindicta nec testamento liber factus est, non est liber, Cie. top. 10; quem ter vindicta quaterque Imposita haud unquam misera formidine priuet, Hor. s. 2, 7, 76; Vindicta postquam meus a praetore recessi, Pers. 5, 88; ille primum dicitur vindicta liberatus, Liv. 2, 5, 9; add Plin. ep. 7, 16, 3; Sen. clem. 1, 8, 6; and prob. inscr. Or. 4359 wh. vindicta seems to be an error for vindicta;

2. hence gen. assertion, defence, liberatis, Vell. 2, 64, 3; legis senaeae, Ov. Pont. 4, 6, 33; 2. *vindicat*, a, ae, f. [from vindicare] revenge, vengeance, At vindicta bonum vita incundus ipsa, Iuv. 13, 180; interea Artabanus cupidine vindictae exardescere, Tac. an. 6, 32; habet vindicta gaudens, Petr. 136; add Plin. 29, 18; Phaedr. 1, 29, 10; Iuv. 10, 22.

*vindictor*, ōris, m. *exactor* defensor vindictor, Gloss. *Vindinātes*, ium, pl. the inhabitants of a town Vindinum in Umbria, Plin. 3, 114; inscr. Grut. 411, 3. *Vindulus*, i, m. a cognomen, Ch. Pompeius V., Cie. Att. 6, 1, 25; apparently a freedman of Pompey's.

*Vindupales*, or Vendupales, is, a small stream near Genna, CIL 199. *uinea*, or *uinia*, adj. f. as sb. (sc. arbor) [uinum] a vine, Cato r. 6; Varr. 1, 1, 25; Fame coacta uulpes alia in uinea Yuam appetebat summis saliens uiribus, Phaedr.

4, 3, 1; Colum. 4, 10, 2; 4, 22, 5 and arb. 4; 2. as a collective, a vineyard, nec uero segetibus solum...et uineis...res rusticae lacte sunt sed hortis etiam et pomariis, Cie. sen. 54; iugera cc in quibus obiectum fieri potest; iugera cc ubi institui uineae possunt, agr. 2, 67; Hinc omnis longo pubescit uinea feta, Verg. G. 2, 390; add Hor. s. 2, 4, 43; reip. (reipublicae) Petelinorum dari uolo uineam Caedicianam eum partem (sic) fundi, and soon after, uineam...quae est Aminea...inscr. Or. 3678; locum uiniae (sic) publicae occupatum a priuatis restituit, 3261 (A. b. 75); 11. 3. as sb. f. (sc. machina) a moveable shed, prop. at first made of vine-branches, and hence the name a uinea, under wh. the soldiers might undermine the wall of a besieged city. Veg. mil. 4, 15 (wh. sec.) describes one as 8 feet high, 7 broad and 10 long; tanta (erat in oppido) multitudo tormentorum ut eorum uim nullae contectae uiminibus uineae sustinere possent, Caes. b. c. 2, 2, 1; id (oppidum) ex itinere propter muri altitudinem expugnare non potuit; castris munitis uineae aere coepit, b. g. 2, 12, 2; add 17, 1; uallo et fossa circumdedit (Vindinissum)...aggere uinici turribus oppugnari, Cie. fam. 15, 4, 10; et mediis subrepsit uinea muris, Lucan. 2, 506; Sal. Jug. 92, 8; 4. as sb. f. (sc. uirga) a centurion's staff made of a vine, sub uinea proclari dicuntur milites quum sub uinea militari pagantur, Fest. p. 311; sub uineam facere dicuntur milites quum astabantibus centurionibus facere coguntur sudas, ib.; cf. uitis.

*uinea-lis*, e, adj. of a vine, terra, Colum. 3, 12, 1. *uinea-ris*, adj. of a vine, colles, Colum. 5, 6, 36; horti, Ulp. dig. 50, 16, 108.

*uineat-icus*, adj. of a vine, falces et faleulae, Cato r. 11, 4; semina, Colum. 4, 1, 1; fructus, 7, 3, 11.

*uineum*, i, n. [uinum] a vineyard, Cie. N. D. 2, 167; Verg. G. 2, 319; Colum. 3, 4, 1; prov. Ut uinea egomet caedam mea, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 220, like our 'to foul my own nest', cf. quid messes iras acerba tuas? Tib. 1, 2, 68.

*uineus*, adj. of wine, lacte, Solin. 5, med. cf. uinea. *uinia*, see uinea.

*Vinicianus*, adj. of Vinicis, coniuratio, Suet. Ner. 36. *Vinicis*, name of a gens, see above; 2. also of an Oscan gens, Vinickis, Mommsen's Osk. Stud. p. 30.

*Vindius*, or Vindius, a gentile name, as Vindius Verus, the juriconsult, Paul. dig. 2, 9, 2; Ulp. 2, 14, 7; Capitol. Anton. P. 12.

*uinula*, ae, f. dim. [uinia=uinea] a little vineyard, inscr. Or. 4401.

*uinitor*, ōris, m. [uinum] a vine-dresser, Cie. fin. 5, 40; Aut custos gregis aut maturae uinitor uuae, Verg. B. 10, 36.

*uinitor-ius*, adj. of a vine-dresser, falx, Colum. 4, 25. *uinuorax*, aeis, adj. wine-swallowing, Commod. instr. 18, 23.

*uinuulus*, adj. dim. [?] soft, gentle, Oscanulo oratione uinuulla uenustula, Pl. As. 1, 3, 70; uinuulla uox est leuis et mollis, Isid. orig. 3, 20 f.

*uinolentia*, ae, f. a habit of drinking, drunkenness, Cie. Phil. 2, 101; top. 75.

*uinolentus*, or uinuolentus, adj. [uinum] drunken, furor, Cie. fam. 12, 25, 4; agr. 1, 1; 2. u. medicamenta, strong of wine, Cie. Pis. 13.

*uinolēsis*, ātis, f. drunkenness, Tert. iei. 1, f. *uinōsus*, adj. drunken, lena uinosisima, Pl. Cure. 1, 1, 77; Scip. Afr. ap. Gell. 7, 12, 5; Homerus, Hor. ep. 1, 19, 6; uinosior aetas, Ov. F. 3, 705; 2. drunk, i-storunt pauci qui modice uinosi crant memores fuerunt fugae, aliis somno mors continua est, Liv. 41, 4, 4; 3. of plants, having a wine-flavour, punica, Plin. 13, 113; odor, 27, 8; sapor, 12, 47.

*Vinula*, ae, f. dim. a cognomen, Rutilla Rufina V., inscr. Grut. 922, 4; cf. uinuulus.

*uinum*, i, n. [see below] the produce of the vine, as first, grapes, Tum uinum priusquam coctum est, pendet pituitum, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 125; habet lege uinum pendens (grapes yet hanging on the tree) uenire oportet, Cato r. 147; Vindemietor uel quod uinum legere dicitur uel quod de uiti id dicit, Varr. l. p. 96 Sp.; 2. wine, si uinum bibit

(mulier), condemnatur, Cato orat. 68, 5 I; Vel heri in uino quam immodestus fuisti, Ter. Hant. 3, 3, 7; quam uolent ad uinum diserti sint, Cic. Cael. 67; passim somno uinoque per herbarum Corpora fusa uolent, Verg. 9, 316;.

**3.** wine from other fruits, e. napsi..., e. uinipero, Plin. 23, 52; apsinthite uino, 23, 53; e. mili semine...ex loze arbore... e. pomis...e. paluis...e. fico..., 14, 101 and 102;

**4.** uinum as a n. sb. denoting the produce of a tree especially a f. uinus for the tree itself; cf. malum, pirum etc. by the side of malus, pirus etc. Also uinea both as a shed and as a centurion's staff can only be deduced from such a form;

**5.** uinum compared with uitis tells us that the n. is not radical. The root is prob. uic- bend, so that these two words stand for uic'num and uic-tis; **6.** uino- = uino-, i.e. fawo- or furo; = Eng. bine.

**uio**, āre, vb. [uia- sb.], go, a word condemned by Quint. 8, 6, 3; hoc (laureati pro illo lauro coronati) feliciter eulauit, at contra uio pro eo infelicitur; Amm. 20, 9, 1; Iuuen. 1, 126; Frad. Syn. 2, 772.

**uiō-cūr-us**, i. m. [uia, cūr-a- vb.] commitment of roads, Varr. l. p. 18 Sp.; inser. Mur. 667, 1; (grut. 383, 8; Iecorus (uicorus) conj. Vuleianus) αὐτονομος, Gloss.

**uiōla**, ae, f. dim. uiolē, pallentes uiolae, Verg. B. 2, 47; Plin. 21, 27; **2.** in the sing. a mass of gathered violets, A. Etienne in cruciatu atque tormentis? M. An tu me in uiola putabas aut in rosa dicere? Cic. Tusc. 5, 73;

**3.** violet as a colour, Nec tinetis uiola pallor amantium, Hor. od. 3, 10, 14; quod in uiola desinat fulgor, Plin. 37, 121; **4.** a female cognomen, Fufisia A. I. Viola, inser. Grut. 725, 7.

**uiōlā-ilis**, e, adj. that may be polluted or violated, Verg. 2, 154; Ov. her. 15 (Sappho), 79; Stat. Th. 5, 258.

**uiōlā-eus**, adj. [= uiola] of violet, as a colour, violet, purpurea, Nep. ap. Plin. 9, 136; flos, Plin. 22, 47; ion (genuna), 37, 170.

**uiōlā-ium**, adj. n. as sb. (sc. ius) a violet-sauce, Apic. 1, 4.

**Viōlantilla**, ae, f. a cognomen, Stat. silu. 1, 2.

**uiōlā-rius**, adj. of violet, hence as sb. m. a dyer in violet, Pl. Aut. 3, 5, 36; inser. Don. S. 78; **2.** as sb. n. a bed of violets, Varr. l. 1, 35, 1; Verg. G. 4, 32; Ov. F. 4, 437; item, xi Apr. die uiolārī..., inser. Or. 2417.

**uiōlatiō**, ōnis, f. pollution, violation, templi, Liv. 29, 8, 11; fidei, Vell. 2, 1, 5; religioſum, Sen. ep. 104, 28.

**uiōlatiōis**, = uiolatiōis 1; Fest. p. 89.

**uiōlātōr**, ōris, m. polluter, violator, gentium iuris, Liv. 4, 19, 3; templi, Ov. Pont. 2, 27; foederis, Tac. an. 1, 58; dictatoris (Caesaris), Macr. s. 2, 3, 13; natrix uiolator aquae, Lucan. 9, 720.

**1 uiōlātus**, part. of uiolo.

**2 uiōlātus**, quasi-part. [uiola f.] flavoured or scented with violets, Pall. 3, 32.

**uiōlētus**, ntis, adj. impetuous, furious, violent, only in poets, Aufidius, Hor. od. 3, 30, 10; uictor, ep. 1, 10, 37; Nunc ferus et uiolētus, Pers. 5, 171; **2.** a cognomen, L. Voluminus Flamma Violētus (cons. 417 a. u. c.);

**3.** adv. uiolētiter, impetuously, furiously, violently, in prose as well as verse, Ter. Ph. 5, 1, 4; Sal. Jug. 49, 5; Liv. 5, 1, 4; Hor. od. 1, 2, 13; uiolētissus, Suet. Aug. 51 and Tit. 6; uiolētissimē, Colum. 7, 3, 4; Inst. 25, 5, 1.

**uiōlētia**, ae, f. violence, fury, hominis, Cic. Phil. 12, 26; fortunae, Sal. Cat. 53, 3; uirū, Lucr. 3, 483.

**ui-olētus**, adj. [ui- sb. f. cf. fraud-olētus] impetuous, furious, violent, quamuis sis ut et furēs, Cic. Phil. 2, 68; censors, Liv. 9, 34, 9; uiolētior Eurys, Verg. G. 2, 107; uiolētissimae tempestatis, Cic. Clu. 138; **2.** for adv. see uiolētus.

**uiolētus**, āre, of violet, Terent. syl. 378; nectar, Cass. nar. 12, 4.

**uiōlō**, āre, vb. [ui- = μὴ of μῆανο-] pollute (what is holy or pure), de locis religiosis ac de lucis quos ad hoc uiolatos esse duxisti, Cic. Rab. perd. 7; nullum (esse) ius tam sanctum quod non eius seclus uiolatur, Rosc. Am. 109; neque deorum pudet quos pericurio uiolasti, Sal. or. Phil. 6; Cereale nemus, Ov. M. 8, 741; Porrum et caepe nefas

uiolare, Liv. 15, 9; hospites, Caes. b. g. 6, 23, 9; parentes, Cic. fin. 3, 32; Hae quicumque sacrum uiolari ut uolere corpus... (Camillae, Dianae, Funulae), Verg. 11, 591; Pontia Prima heic sita est, nolci uiolare, CIL 1081; P. Octaui ossa heic sita sunt, ni uiolatur, 1241; indutias, Caes. b. c. 2, 15, 1; foedera, Liv. 28, 44, 7; uiolatur uirginem pro uitantur dicebant, Varr. l. p. 250; gnati uiolasse cubile, Catul. 67, 23; aures obsceno sermone, Petr. 85; **2.** met., fines eorum se uiolaturum negauit, Caes. b. g. 6, 32, 2; solent fistulae septum transierunt uiolare, Cels. 7, 4, p. 267, 17 D; Indum sanguineo ueluti uiolauerit ostro Si quis ebur, Verg. 12, 67; from ὅς δ' ὅτε τις τ' ἐλεφαντα γυνή φοινικί μῶνον (note this vb.), Il. 4, 14, 1; **3.** these examples counteract the idea that the word is connected with uis or uiolentus.

**uiōpera**, ac, adj. f. as sb. [= uini-pera; cf. puerpera] a viper or adder, terrestrium eadem (sc. uipera) sola intra se parit uia; tertia die intra uterum catulos excludit, Plin. 10, 170; Vipera delituit caelumque exterrita fugit, Verg. G. 3, 417; Neque intumesce alta uipera humas, Hor. epod. 10, 52; Gell. 4, 13, 2; **2.** met. as a term of abuse, Non sum tanti criminosa quam tu uipera, Afran. 282 R; etiamne in sinu uiperam illam uenenatam habere poterunt? Cic. har. r. 50; recisa prius lingua, quam in manu tenens barbarus, Tandem inquit uipera sibilare desiste, Flor. 4, 12, 37; add. Liv. 6, 641; **3.** prov. uiperam nutrire sub ala, Petr. tr. 77; but the alleged prov., uipera est in ueprecula, attributed to Pomp. ap. Non. 231, is solely due to a wrong conjectural reading.

**uiōper-us**, adj. [uipera] of viper or adder, anima, Verg. 7, 351; carnes, Ov. M. 2, 769; sorores (of the Furies), 6, 662; tenebunt, Lucan. 9, 635.

**uiōperinus**, adj. the same, e uiperino morsu uenae uiscerum Veneno inbitatae taetros erociatus cident, Att. 552 R; nodo, Hor. od. 2, 19, 19; cruor, epod. 3, 6; sanie, Plin. 7, 270.

**uiōpio**, ōnis, m. [a foreign word] a small crane, item uipiones sic enim uocant minorem gruem (in honore men-sarum est), Plin. 10, 135, speaking of the Balearic islands.

**Vipsanius**, a gentile name, M. Vipsanius Agrippa the son-in-law of Augustus.

**Vipsanus**, adj. of Vipsanius, or M. Vipsanius Agrippa, laurus, Mart. 1, 108, 3; columinus, 4, 18, 1.

**uir**, ūri, m. a man, first as opposed to a woman, melius quam uiri callet mulieres, Att. 27 R; Vos enim iuuenes animam geritis muliebrem, illa (pron. monos, as Fr. elle) uirgo uiri, poet. loc. ap. Cic. off. 1, 61; uirum me natam nellem; Ego ostenderem..., Ter. Ph. 5, 3, 9; Dequē uirū factus mirabile femina semper Egerat autumnos, Ov. M. 3, 326; Quisquis ades lingua uir mulierque faue, Tib. 2, 2, 2; Quod tu non esses iūr, uir illa fuit, Ov. her. 9, 104;

**2.** hence, a husband, quid uiro meo respondebo? Ter. Hee. 4, 1, 1; nec ueror ne uir uir recurat, Hor. s. 1, 2, 127; matrona cum uirum exulisset, Petr. 111; add. Sal. Cat. 24 f.; **3.** of animals, Vir gregis ipse caepae derauerat, Verg. B. 7, 7; (cf. τὰν αἰνὰν ἀνὸρ of Theoc. 8, 499; uiri capellorum, Mart. 3, 93, 11; Ov. M. 1, 660); **4.** manhood, virility, Itaque ut reliqua sentit sibi membra sine uiro, Catul. 63, 6; Necon infelix ferro milita iuuenatus Atque excelsa uirum, Lucan. 10, 134; **5.** a man, not a child, a grown man, Littera communis mediis pueroque uiroque inscripta est follis, Ov. M. 13, 397;

**6.** hence in opp. to woman and child, a man of courage, C. Marius rusticianus uir sed plane uir cum sequaret (for varicoso uenis) principio uenit se alligari... et tamen fuisse acrem morsum doloris idem ostendit crus enim alterum non praebuit. Ita et tulit dolorem ut uir et ut homo maiorem ferre sine causa necessaria noluit, Cic. Tusc. 2, 53; non sentire mala sua non est hominis, et non ferre non est uiri, Sen. ad Pol. 17, 2; **7.** very rarely with evil epithets, turpissimū uiri, Sal. Jug. 85, 42; nefandus, Verg. 4, 497; but in Sen. Thy. 212 humili uiri, the eulogistic idea is intended; **8.** still often used ironically, Praeter spem uenit; sentio; hoc male habet uirum, Ter. Andr. 2, 6, 5; Vidisti igitur uirum ut scripseras? Ingeniūst? Certe, Cic. Att. 9, 18, 3; see also the ironical use of bonus uir under bonus; **9.** in milit. lang. uiri as opposed to

equites, the infantry, terrebant ex aluerso hostes omnem ripam equites uirique obtinentes, Liv. 21, 27, 1; Magna noce trabens equitemque uirosque, Sil. 9, 559; pariter turmaeque uirique...Iacchabam, Petr. 123, v. 104;

**10.** uir uirum legit, a mode of election well adapted to get the élite, where a small number are first selected by the authorities and each of them makes the choice of one and so on, Etrusci lege sacrata coacto exercitu, cum uir uirum legisset, quanti nunquam antea simul copis simul animis dimicant, Liv. 9, 39, 5; this system is alluded to in Cie. Mil. 55 in speaking of Clodius and his friends, and was applied to the election of Senators; Suet. Aug. 35;

**11.** uirum for uirorum common in poets; **12.** uiricis as nom. pl., CH. 168, 14; **13.** uir, Welsh gwr, Gael. fear, also forms the suffix of such nouns as act-or, fanit-or, Fr. brass-er, Welsh bat-wi; Germ. kat-er, Eng. brew-er. See erus.

**uir-a**, ae, f. a woman or nymph, querquetulanæ uiræ putantur significare Nymphæ præsentibus quæretio. Feminae antiqui uiras appellabant, Fest. p. 261.

**uiræ-ius**, or uiræus, adj. [uir-o] made of man, masculine, ...si non malit uiraciam se uxorem habere Atalantam (alii al.), Varr. s. p. 167 R.

**uirago**, inis, f. dim. [uir] a masculine woman, a stout woman, a heroine, ego eneco matri tuæ Ancillam uiraginem aliquam non malam forma mala, Pl. Merc. 2, 3, 78; Hoc concussa metu mentem futura uirago Aurigam Furni media inter Iora Motusum Exeunt, Verg. 12, 468; Huc ubi peruenit bello metuenda uirago, Ov. M. 2, 765 of Pallas, and so again 6, 130; Stat. sil. 4, 5, 23 and Th. 11, 414. In Cie. off. 1, 61 the reading is uirgo not uirago; see uir 2nd ex.

**uirâtus**, ūs, m. manliness, Sid. ep. 7, 9 med.

**Virbius**, e, adj. of Virbius, Flaminii Virb., inser. Or. 4022; Flaminii Virbiadi, 4102.

**Virbius**, ii, m. [not from uir bs, but rather from *Διοβριος* = *Διοβριος*; cf. *θεωκάρη* for *δνεικάρη*, uiginti for duiginti] Hippolytus, son of Theseus, who as having two lives took the name of Virbius, quique fuisti Hippolytus dixit nunc idem Virbius esto, Ov. M. 15, 544; Ibat et Hippolyti proles pulcherrima bello Virbius, Verg. 7, 762.

**uiridarius**, see uiridarius.

**uirēt-um**, aft. uiretum, i, n. [implies a sb. uir-et-t. cf. earectum from earec; the t exrescent] coppice, shrubbery, Deuenere locos lætos et amœna uireta, Verg. 6, 638; Optima silvarum formosis densa uiretis, Diræ ad Battarum 27; Prud. Cath. 3, 201; **2.** the green of an emerald, Mart. C. 1, 18 G, 20, 3 Eyss.

**uirēns**, ntis, part. of uireo; **2.** as adj. green, mens illeibis, Verg. G. 3, 146; agellus, Hor. A. P. 117; **3.** uirentia, as sb. n. pl., places covered with vegetation, Colum. 1, 5, 8 and 3, 8, 1.

**1** uireo, ēre, ut, vb. [uer- of uer- pour, in reference to sap] flow with sap, be green, et arbores et ea quæ sunt humiliora, alia semper uirent, alia, hieme nudata, uerno tempore frondescent, Cie. Tusc. 5, 37; Quale solet...niscum fronde uirero noua, Verg. 6, 206; Summa uirent pinu, Ov. F. 5, 382; **2.** met., esp. of a green old age, have the sap flowing, be strong, dumque uirent gēna, Hor. epod. 13, 4; exactæ iam ætatis Camillus erat sed uetustum ingenium in uulso pectore uigebat uirebatque, Liv. 6, 22, 7; hæc est secunda ætas populi Romani et quasi adulescentia qua maxime uiruit, Flor. 1, 22; add Ov. M. 9, 267; F. 5, 273.

**2** uir-co, or uir-io, ōnis, f. a greenfinch, Plin. 18, 292.

**uirēs**, see uir.

**1** uir-esco, escere, ui, vb. flow with sap, hence become green, Arborei fetus alibi atque inlussa uirescent Gramina, Verg. G. 1, 55; Resque fide maior, coeperit uirescere telæ Iuque hederæ faciem pendens frondescere nectis, Ov. M. 4, 394; **2.** met., Claud. cons. Probes 63; but in Lucr. 1, 674 uigescat, Lachm.; **3.** see uireo.

**2** uiresco, ēre, vb. [uir- of uires] become strong, Inerescunt animi, uirescit uolere uirtus, Fur. ap. Gell. 18, 11, 3; against the word against the grammarians Caesellius Vindex.

**uirētum**, see uiretum.

**uirga**, æ, f. [uer- pour (sap)] a young branch, sprout, stalk, Et spens in medio uirgis æ nimine densus, Ov. M. 3, 29; Vt quatitur tepido fraxina uirga notæ, her. 11, 76; Vt si quis uiolas...Liliæque infringat fuluis hærentia uirgis, M. 10, 190; add 11, 109; **2.** hence a slip for planting or grafting, illam (salicem) in uuidis uirga seri, Plin. 17, 136; fissa modo cortice uirgam inserit, Ov. M. 14, 630;

**3.** more commonly a branch, as removed from the living tree, a stick, a rod, a switch, Nunc facilis rubra textatur fiscina uirga, Verg. G. 1, 266; noluerim uisitata fallere uirga, Ov. M. 15, 474; **4.** a rod or stick for flogging (slaves), Vae illis uirgis miseris quæ hodie in tergo morientur meo, Pl. Capt. 3, 4, 117; uirgis dorsum depoliet meum, Epid. 1, 1, 85; **5.** also a lictor's rod, hominem nudari et uirgas expellere iubet, Cie. Verr. 2, 5, 161; forte incidit ut lictor Sulpicii, cum is se domum reiperet, forem ut mos est uirga perenteret, Cie. Verr. 2, 5, 161; hence as symbol of office, et quos prætexata uerentibus Virgaque eum uerbis imperiosa facit, Ov. tr. 5, 6, 31; **6.** also of Mercury's staff, Tum uirgam caput; hæc animas ille euocat Oreo Pallentes..., Verg. 4, 242; uirgaque Ienem coecres Aurea turbam, Hor. od. 1, 10, 18; **7.** of a magician's wand, Aurea percussum uirga uersumque nonenim Fecit anem Circe, Verg. 7, 189; Et tetigit summus uirga dea dira capillos, Ov. M. 14, 278; **8.** met. a branch in a genealogical tree, multa deducere uirga Fumosus equitum eum dictatore magistros, Iuv. S. 7; **9.** a streak, a stripe, as of rouge, Pallida purpureis spargat sua corpora (flesh of the cheek) uirgis, Ov. a. 3, 269; cf. uirgatus; of light in the sky, Sen. N. Q. 1, 9, 1.

**uirgā-rius**, adj. as sb. m. = *παρθενικός*, lictor, Gloss.

**uirgātor**, ōris, m. [implies a vb. uirga-, cf. uirgatus] a flogger, Astutus audacis uiros ualentis uirgatores, Pl. As. 3, 2, 10.

**uirgātus**, quasi-part. striped, calathisei, Catul. 64, 319; sagulis, Verg. S. 660; uestes, Sil. 4, 155; fera (i.e. tigris), Sen. Herc. Oct. 146; nurus (perh. tattooed), Val. F. 2, 159.

**uirgētum**, i, n. [uirga sb.] a coppice or orchard, xii tab. ap. Cie. leg. 2, 21.

**uirg-eus**, adj. of branches, twigs etc., seopae, Cato r. 152; supellex (basket-work), Verg. G. 1, 165; flamma, A. 7, 643; cratibus, Colum. 1, 6, 22.

**uirgā-dēmia**, or uirgindēmia, æ, f. [formed jestingly after uir-dēmia] rod-harvest, Stitibi ulmum futuram speres uirgindēmiam, Pl. Rud. 3, 2, 22; Ideoque scapulae metuunt uirgindēmiam, Næv. (?) ap. Non. 187. See Riess's Varro, p. 97, 5.

**Virgilæ**, see Vergiliæ.

**uirgin-ālis**, e, adj. [uirgo] of a maiden, maidenlike, modestia, Enn. tr. 40 R; cum uirginali mundo, Att. 634 R; felis, maiden-cat, i.e. stealer, Pl. Rud. 3, 4, 33; habitu, Cie. Verr. 2, 4, 5; ploratum, Tusc. 2, 21; **2.** Fortuna uirginalis, as tutelary goddess, Varr. ap. Arn. 149; Arn. 2, 91; **3.** as sb. n. uirginalis or uirginal (se. genitalis), Phædr. 4, 15, 12; Prud. *arep.* 14, 8; Aug. e. D. 22, 8.

**uirgin-ārius**, adj. of maidens, feles, Pl. Pers. 4, 9, 14.

**uirgindēmia**, see uirgindēmia.

**uirgin-ensis**, e, adj. of maidens, dea, Aug. e. D. 4, 11 and 6, 9.

**uirgin-eus**, or uirginus, adj. of a maiden, a maiden's, sagitta, Hor. od. 3, 4, 72; ara, Ov. F. 4, 731; of Vesta: pudor, Verg. G. 1, 430; animum, Mart. 9, 23, 1, given in the name of Minerva; domus, 1, 70, 4; of Vesta: actas, Plin. 68, 29 (so p); **2.** like a maiden, uirginæus uolucres, the Harpies, Ov. M. 7, 4; **3.** uirginæus, of the conduit called uirgo, aqua, Ov. F. 1, 464; liquor, Pont. 1, 8, 38; **4.** as sb. m. a husband, whom one married when a virgin, T. Aelio...marito uirgin. incomparabilis...coniux carissima, inser. Or. 2439; **5.** as sb. f. a wife who married when a virgin, Arriae paranti...coniugi uirginæ...fecit Cn. Arrius, 4355.

**uirgin-ē**, e, adj. [uirgo] virgin, untouched, Septimius...hoc monumentum uirginis, inser. ap. Lup. Epit. S. Sev. 159; a word formed to serve as a neuter, by the side of uirgo used as an adj. § 3.

**Virginis-uendōn-ides**, a patronymic, jestingly formed by Pl. Pers. 4, 6, 20, Maiden-seller-ides.

**uirgin-itas**, ātis, f. maidenhood, virginity, Cic. N. D. 3, 59; Verg. 12, 141; Ov. M. 3, 255.

**uirgin-ārī**, āri, vb. r. act the virgin, live a maiden life, Ter. uirg. uel. 12 f.

**nirgo**, mīs, f. [for uir-igōn- from uir of uerg- pour and uir of uir- flow (with sap)]—so lit. flowing of sap, and so youth, hence a young girl, even though not a maid, A! uirgo infelix quae te dementia cepit (of Pasiphae), Verg. B. 6, 47; miscraque nuper Virgines imptae (te metuent), Hor. od. 2, 8, 23; pensa inter uirgines partem (spoken of just before as scortorum greges), Iust. 1, 3, 2; matronarum nigrumque apud quas (but uis uirumque apud quos) comitas habetur uulgaris corporis uilitas, Curt. 5, 1, 38; 2. a maid, virgin, Custodem adsiduum Ioni adposuit uirgini, Att. 386 f.; Sabinas honeste natas uirgines rapi iussit, Cic. rep. 2, 12;

3. as anu, or in appos., cum Virginius uirginem filiam sua manu intermisisset, Cic. rep. 2, 63; esp. of animals, u. porca, Mart. 13, 56, 1; equae, Plin. 28, 147; 4. even of men, in Christian writers, Ter. uirg. uel. 8; Paul. Nol. 22, 2; inser. Spon. Lugd. 3; 5. of things, uirgin, terra, Plin. 33, 52; echarta, Mart. 1, 66, 7; oratio philosophorum... easta, uerecunda, uirgo incorrupta quodammodo, Cic. orat. 64; uirgines carnis edendas, flesh of a maid, Plin. 28, 43; columbaria xii in quibus ollae uirgines n. xxiii (in which no ashes had yet been deposited), inser. Fabr. 53, 307; D. M. O. Aurelius emit locum uirginem, a solo fecit sibi et lib... Or. 4550; 6. esp. of an aqueduct made by Agrippa, Aqua Virgo; Virgineum quoque in agro Lucullano collectam Romam perduxit, Frontin. aq. 1, 10; aqua Virgo, 1, 4; Ov. a. a. 3, 385; Mart. 6, 42, 18; 7, 32, 11; 11, 47, 6; Plin. 31, 42; so called no doubt because of its purity, in spite of what Frontin. and Plin. say; 7. a constellation, one of the signs of the zodiac, Cic. arat. N. D. 2, 110; Hyg. astr. 2, 25; 3, 24; 8. a name of the number six, Macr. somn. 1, 6, 11.

**uirgēsus**? adj. [uirga] full of long slender branches, frutex, Pall. 1, 24, 2?

**uirgula**, ae, f. dim. a small slender branch, Colum. 3, 13; ps. Nep. Thras. 4; 2. a small stick or switch, Popilius uirgula stantem circumscriptis, Cic. Phil. 8, 23; esp. u. diuina, a magician's wand, si omnia nobis quae ad uitium pertinent quasi uirgula diuina ut aiunt suppeditarentur, off. 1, 158; one of Varro's satires so called, Riese's edit. p. 41; 3. u. uitrea, a stick or prism of glass, Sen. N. Q. 1, 7, 1; 4. a line, u. normalis, Manil. 2, 289; Macrobi. s. 2, 4, 24; an accentual mark, an accent, Mart. C. 3, 62 G, 68, 10 Eyss.; censoria u., of a grammarian's 'obelus' for what is spurious, Quint. 1, 4, 3; 5. a cognomen, Iuliana Virgula, inser. Reines. 2, 176.

**uirgūla-tus**, quasi-part. striped, Plin. 9, 103.

**Virgulina**, a cognomen, Iulia V., inser. Reines. 1, 176.

**uirgultōsus**, adj. Serv. ad A. 3, 516.

**uirgultum**, i, n. [uerg- pour (sap), + el (dim. suff.) with excrement, + um a collective suffix, not for uirgultum; cf. arbut-um, salict-um, uiret-um] apparently only in pl., bushes, si regio uirgultorum ferax est, fieri debent corbes ex uimine, Colum. 11, 2, 90; Dum tenera adtendent sinuae uirgulta capellae, Verg. E. 10, 7; add G. 2, 346; sarmentis uirgultisque collectis quibus fossas compleant, Caes. b. g. 3, 18, 8; uia interclusa iam frondibus et uirgultis, Cic. Cacl. 42; arbuta uirgulta tecta perarere, dia. 1, 49; (Circē) uirgultis addita, Ov. M. 14, 349; Liv. 1, 14, 7.

**uirgultus**, adj. covered with bushes, consedit in ualle uirgulta nemorosae, Sal. ap. Serv. A. 3, 516; Virgulta legitur ualle ae frondentibus umbris, Sil. 12, 354.

**uirgum-e-ula**, ae, f. dim. a little maid, a maiden, a girl, Frontin. aq. 1, 10; Inu. 13, 40; Sen. N. Q. 1, 17, 9; Petr. 18 and 20.

**uiriae**, arum, f. pl. armlets, habent (aurum) in lacertis iam quidem et uiri—uiriolae Celte dicuntur, uiriae Celtiberiae, Plin. 33, 40; Tert. Pall. 4, med.; for quantity of.

**uiria-tus**, quasi-part. armlet-wearing, Contra flagitium nescire bello uinci a barbaro Viriato Annibale, Lucil. ap. Non. 186.

**uiric-ūlae**, ārum, f. pl. dim. little strength, met. patri-moniū, Apul. M. 11.

**uiricūdam**, see ueruculum.

**uiridans**, ntis, part. as adj. green, fresh (of vegetation), lauro, Verg. 5, 539; toro, 5, 388; hedera, Plin. 8, 117; uiridantium (gemmarum), 37, 113.

**uiridārius**, adj. as sb. m. a gardener of a uiridarium, inser. Grut. 602, 2 and 621, 2; 2. as sb. n. a garden abounding in trees and shrubs and so full of shady places, Cyrras aiebat uiridarium *ἀσφαλας* latis luminibus non tam esse suauis, Cic. Att. 2, 3, 2; ambulatio in umbra quam parietes aut uiridaria efficiunt, Cels. 1, 2, p. 15, 2 D (al. uiridia); praedium uiridaria nel gestationes nel deambulationes arboribus infructuosas opacas habens, Ulp. dig. 7, 1, 13, 4; Plin. 18, 7; inser. Fabr. 225, 62; 3. also uiridarium, inser. Fabr. 225, 61; Lamp. Hel. 23, 8.

**uiridesco**, *θαλλω* uiridesco uiro, Gloss.

**uiridic-o**, āre, vb. [uirid] whence uiridicans part. as adj. of a light green, Tert. pud. 20; silua uiridicata? Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 3.

**uiridis**, e, adj. [uir- of uire vb.; uer of uerg- pour; lit. flowing with sap, hence] green, ripa, Cic. leg. 1, 15; gramine, Verg. G. 2, 219; campos uiridissimos, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 47; herbas uiridiores, Plin. 6, 185; 2. esp. of sea gods and monsters, Nereidum comae, Hor. od. 3, 28, 10; uiridesque dei quibus aequora curae, Ov. tr. 1, 2, 59; 3. met. of age, flowing with sap, succi plenus, vigoros, Euryalus forma insignis uiridique inuenta, Verg. 5, 295; iam senior sed cruda deo uiridique senectus, 6, 304; cf. our green old age; senex sed mchereule uiridis animo ac nigens, Sen. ep. 66, 1; add Ov. tr. 4, 10, 17; Colum. par. 12; Plin. ep. 7, 24, 1; Val. F. 1, 76; 4. gen. moist, casens dum adhaere uiridis succum retinet, Colum. 7, 8; maligne Respondet uiridi non cocta fidelia limo, Vidum et molle lutum es. Pers. 3, 22; 5. hence met. fresh, in vigour, clear, bright, sapor oliuarum, Colum. 12, 47 med.; fructum stadiorum, Quint. 12, 6, 3; color, Gell. 2, 26, 17; sonus, 2, 3, 1 and 13, 21, 13; 6. phrase, e uiridi before other colours, to denote something between them, bacis e uiridi rubentibus, Plin. 15, 127; callaina (gemma) e uiridi pallens, 37, 110; 7. uiridia as sb. n. pl. vegetation gen., esp. trees and shrubs, ambulatio tonsis uiridibus inclusa, Plin. ep. 5, 6, 17; cisternam uiridibus subditam, Sen. ep. 86, 4; media spatia quae erunt sub diuo inter porticus adornanda uiridibus uidentur, Vitr. 5, 9 med.; 8. adv. uiridius, Plin. 37, 62; 9. uiridium as gen. pl. Stat. Th. 2, 279.

**uiriditas**, ātis, f. greenness of vegetation, verdure, Cic. sen. 51 and 57; 2. gen. green colour, maris, Plin. 37, 76; 3. met. freshness, Cic. Tusc. 3, 75.

**uirido**, āre, vb. make green, Ov. hal. 90; Val. F. 6, 136.

**Virilio**, ōnis, m. a cognomen, L. Valerius Virilio, inser. Grut. 481, 7.

**uirilis**, e, adj. first of man, as opposed to woman, of the male sex, concurrentibus undique uirile et muliebres seens, Sal. ap. Macr. s. 3, 13, 7; Annulus stiprem fratris uirilem interinit, Liv. 1, 3, 11; uxor eius dixit se in balneis uirilibus lauare uelle, C. Grae. ap. Gell. 10, 3, 3;

2. so Fortuna uirilis, *τυχὴ ἀνδρεία*, whose festival on the Kalends of April was attended by women only, their prayer being that the goddess would conceal their personal defects from their husbands, Ov. F. 4, 145; cf. Dion. Hal. 4, 27; 3. hence of the genitalia uir, Viuebant ferro priuati parte uirili, Lucr. 6, 1209; cum uirilem partem unan ferro ressectam detraxeris alterum quoque testiculum educto, Colum. 7, 11, 2; uirilia, Petr. 108; uiriliū mala, Plin. 20, 169; uiriliū uitius, 20, 243; uiriliores, Lamp. Helio. 8, 7; 4. masculine in grammar, u. genus, Gell. 1, 7, 15; 4, 1, 3; 11, 1, 4; 11 5 of man as opposed to a child, uirilis toga, Cic. Phil. 2, 44; 11 6, like a man, manly, whether opposed to women or children, acta enim illa res est animi uirili, consilio puerili, Cic. Att. 14, 21, 3; animi matrona uirilis (se, Lucretia), Ov. F. 2, 847; Almae Sabinae uirilissimae, inser. Gud. 148, 5; 14 7, in legal lang. pars

or portio virilis, or virilis absol. as sb. f. a single equal share, as where an inheritance or part of an inheritance is divided between several, or the payment of money is so divided in capita diuini hereditatem. Singuli viriles partes habebunt, Paul. sent. 3, 7, 1; quotquot erunt numero (sponsors fidepromissores), in tot partes deducitur (deducitur?) inter eos obligatio et singuli viriles partes (conceduntur), Gai. 3, 121; **2.** hence met. est aliqua mea pars virilis quod eius civitatis sum quam ille (P. Africanus) claram reddidit, yes I too come in for an equal share with my fellow-countrymen in the inheritance, in that..., Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 81; illius gloria pars virilis apud omnes milites sit, suae (Mamilii) victoriae neminem socium esse, Liv. 6, 11, 5;

**9.** pro virili parte, as far as one man's share goes, me eius beneficio plus quam pro virili parte obligatum puto, Cic. Phil. 13, 8; laquei qui pro u. parte defendunt optimates sunt, Sest. 138; non potuisse se inducere in animum quin quem agrum miles pro parte u. manu cepisset, cum senex quoque noce vindicaret, Liv. 3, 71, 7; Ov. tr. 5, 11, 23;

**10.** and in later writers pro virili portione, the same, tanquam pro u. portione innocentium principi donares, Tac. Agr. 45; h. 3, 2; Laet. 2, 7; Manent. grat. ad lul. 17. Forcellini wrong under these two §§;

**11.** viriliter adv. manfully, Cic. Tusc. 2, 65; Hor. ep. 1, 17, 38; viriliter, Sen. contr. 5, 33 f.

**virilitas**, itis, f. manhood, Plin. 33, 152; **2.** met. manliness, Val. M. 2, 4, 2; Quint. 1, 8, 9; **3.** virilia (membra), Abulus ademptus virilitatis, Tac. an. 6, 31; Plin. 7, 36; Ulp. dig. 48, 8, 4, 2; **4.** of animals, Plin. 23, 44; Colum. 6, 26, 3.

**virilia**, ae, f. dim. an armlet, Senec. dig. 34, 2, 40, 2; Ulp. 18, 1, 14; Isid. orig. 19, 31; for qty. see viratus.

**vir-ösus**, adj. [vir- of vires viri-um] strong, viria uis n., Tert. Valent. 16 met.; adv. comp. virosius, anim. 19 met.

**viriläcus**, adj. husband-appealing, in sacellum deae viriläcae, Val. M. 2, 1, 6.

**viripötens**, ntis, adj. lord of men, Ioni... Ope quato supremo valido viripötenti, Pl. Pers. 2, 3, 1; **2.** of women, marriageable, Senec. dig. 20, 7, 59; Laubeo 24, 1, 65; 35, 1, 90.

**virütänus**, adj. [virütim adv.] u. ager dicitur qui virütim populo distribuitur, Paul. ex Fest. p. 373.

**virütim**, adv. [vir-ö- m.] man by man, praeda virütim diuisa, Cato ap. Fest. 378 M; Populo virütim potuit distribui, Pl. Ps. 1, 5, 26; Cic. Brut. 57; Caes. b. g. 7, 71, 7; **2.** of a single man, individually, separately, si quis virütim diuicare nolle, Curt. 7, 4, 33; possum donare sapienti quod virütim meum est, Sen. ben. 7, 6, 2; ex his quibus dominus inscriptus est, quae virütim ei seruiunt, 7, 7, 4;

**3.** met., in uniuersum de nentis diximus, nunc virütim incipimus illos execrari, Sen. d. cl. 5, 7, 1.

**vir-ör**, öris, m. greenness, of vegetation; of half-ripe barley, Pall. 7, 12; Vopise. Prob. 10.

**1 virösus**, adj. [vir-ö- m.] longing for men, cf. mulierösus; Virösa non sunt et si sim (so Steph., R. sum, male) non desunt milii..., Afran. 62 R; non modo uirosus sed uirosus quoque sit, Scip. Afr. ap. Gell. 6, 12, 5; uictulam atque uirosam Vxorem, Lucil. ap. Non. 21; Apul. M. 9, p. 223.

**2 virösus**, adj. [virüs n.] full of poisonous juice—hence poisonous, spinæ, Apul. M. 7, p. 196; met., aures uirosas susurronum facce completas, Sil. ep. 5, 7, f.; **2.** fetid, At Chalybes nudi ferrum uirosöque Pontus (mittit) Castore, Verg. G. 1, 58; Nemes. cyn. 223.

**virütäs**, itis, f. [vir-ö-] manliness, courage, appellata est ex viro virtus, viro autem propria maxime est fortitudo, Cic. Tusc. 2, 43; perfacile esse cum uirtute omnibus praestarent (Helacti) totius Galliae imperio potiri, Caes. b. g. 1, 2, 2; **2.** gen. moral perfection, est autem virtus nihil nisi perfecta et ad summum producta natura, Cic. leg. 1, 25; cf. inu. 2, 159; **3.** the perfect manly character, as subdivided, and so, a virtue, habet igitur (virtus) partes quatuor, prudentiam iustitiam fortitudinem temperantiam, Cic. inu. 2, 159; aliis ego te (Sulpicium) uirtutibus continentiae grauitatis iustitiae fidei ceteris omnibus consulo semper

digressum indicavi, Mur. 23; **4.** met. of animals, and things gen., worth, merit, excellence, power, nam ne arboris nec equi uirtus quae dicitur (in quo abutimur nomine) in opinione sita est, sed in natura, Cic. leg. 1, 45; Sicut meriti pretium statuit pro uirtute ut ueniat, Pl. M. 3, 1, 131; praedium sua uirtute ualeat, Cato r. 1; narium, Liv. 37, 24, 1; herbarum, Ov. M. 14, 357; catoris, Cic. or. 2, 120; **5.** esp. in the abl. uirtute by the merit of, thanks to, Ego uirtute deum et maiorum nostrum diues sum satis, Pl. Cat. 2, 2, 73 (if genuine); Virtute formae id euenit ut deat quicquid habens, Most. 1, 3, 17; Deum uirtute est male hospitio accipiam apud me comiter, Mil. 3, 1, 82;

**6.** Virtus, a goddess, maiorum institutis Mens Fides Virtus Constantia consecratae et publice dedicate sunt, Cic. N. D. 2, 79; Liv. 27, 25, 7; Liv. 1, 115; inser. Or. 1835, 1842, 1843; **7.** a title of a colony, Ilici quae Virtus Iulia, Plin. 3, 12; **8.** uirtutum, an old form of gen. pl., inser. Or. 800 as corrected by Henzen p. 64; cf. altitum; uirtutum, Iul. Val. Alex. M. 2, 28; Paul. Nol. 10, 52.

**uirülentia**, ae, f. fector, hircorums, Sid. ep. 8, 14 met.

**uirülentus**, adj. [uirus n.] poisonous, serpentium, Gell. 16, 11, 2.

**uirüs**, n. nom. and acc. with a gen. uiri and abl. viro as if from a noun uirum, and no pl. [uir-ö- vb.] the sap or juice of plants, Servius ad G. 1, 129; Quam minime ut possit (omni uirtute) mixtus in corpore obores...sno...perdere uiro, Lucr. 2, 853; sic quoque uirus intractabile est linest (pustulae), Lucr. 10, 89; obesse solo uirus cicoris et lili, Colum. 2, 14, 3; Virus odoriferis Arabum quod doctus in aruis Aut Amphyrasiaco pastor de gramine cupsi, Stat. silu. 1, 4, 103; **2.** of animals, juice, cochlearum, Plin. 30, 44; esp. de semine, nisi editis ovis interuersando mares (pisces) uitale aspererit uirus, 9, 157; nerrinum, 28, 175; equarum, 28, 181; lentum ab igne uis, Verg. G. 3, 281; **3.** esp. poisonous juice, poison, virus, Hle (Lup-piter) malum uirus serpentibus addidit atris, Verg. G. 1, 129; niperum uis, Mart. 7, 12, 7; e-p. met., u. acerbissimae suae, Cic. an. 87; saturam calente uiro ingerere, Sepr. Sereus, Lucim. ad Lucr. 2, 853; u. futile linguae, Sil. 11, 560; Mart. 13, 3, 8; **4.** fetid smell, as resulting from animal juices, uirus hirci redolet, Plin. 27, 107; graue u. odoris, 28, 79; odor uiri (as corrected by Lucim.), Lucr. 6, 805;

**5.** a strong taste, strength, as of sea-water, taetri primordia uiri, Lucr. 2, 470; so ponti uirus, Manil. 5, 683; (uini), Plin. 14, 124.

**uis**, nis, f. [see below] first, physical power, strength, magna nis corum est (the uis-ö-ö) et magna uelocitas, Caes. b. g. 6, 28, 2; celeritas et uis equorum, Cic. din. 2, 144; **2.** met., magnam uim esse in fortuna in utramque partem, Cic. off. 2, 19; cuius rei (patriae) tanta est uis ut Ithacam immortalitati anteponeret, or. 1, 196;

**3.** power in action, force, violence, non uerebar ne quis uim ni depulsum reprehenderet, Cic. Sest. 39; contra nim fluminis, Caes. b. g. 4, 17, 5; **4.** esp. in legal language, quod neque ui neque calum neque precario possederit, CIL 200, 18; nisi fieri uito, Ulp. dig. 43, 15, 1;

**5.** uis maior (sc. quam eui resisti potest), force majeure, including violence of supernatural agency, of which the law took cognisance, unum (genus caelestis iniuriæ) quod tempestates uocamus in quibus grandines procellae ceteraque similia intelliguntur; quae cum acciderint uis maior appellatur. Haec ab horridis sideribus exant, Plin. 18, 278 (so MSS a3, not Sillig); si uitam uiliu ares alemisset aut aliqua uis maior reditum peremisset, Cic. Plane. 101; descendet (nadinonum) uis maior excauit, Sen. ben. 4, 39, 4; cum elacum dico eni debeas, uim maiorem et metum excipio, quibus adhibitis electio perit, 2, 18, 7;

**6.** a great quantity, a great number, both with and without magna, magna uis auri argentei, Cic. Tusc. 5, 91; uim argenti dederant, pron. cons. 4; quem ut uidi, equidem uim lacunarum profundi, rep. 6, 14; odora canum uis, Verg. 4, 132; **7.** of the mind, intellect, power, force, energia, omem uim ingenii, Cic. Phil. 5, 49; oratoris uis illa diuina, or. 2, 120; **8.** what is essential, essence, eloquentiae uim et naturam explicamus, Cic. orat. 112; ex

quattuor locis in quos honesti naturam nique diuinis, off. 1, 18; uillatice pastionis uim formaque exponere, Varr. r. 3, 2, 18; 9. of language, force, meaning, ponit primum uim naturam genera uerborum et simplicium et copulatum, Cic. orat. 115; cum ex ui nominis argumentum elicitur, top. 35; 10. esp. of law, force, meaning, intent, intention, effect, haec uis est istius et iuris et uerbi ut... Cic. Balb. 21; nulla uis est huius conuentionis ut rem alienam domino imito possidere liceat, Iulian. dig. 43, 25, 11; 11. Vis, god less of force, Aus. de deis; ex Pallante gigante et Styge, Scylla, Vis, Inuidia..., Hygin. pr.; 12. genitale uirus, semen animalis, *σπέρμα*, poetæ de caelo semen igneum eccidisse dicunt in mare ac natam e spumis Venerem, coniunctione ignis et humoris quam habent uim significantes esse Veneris (siss se ueris) a qua in natis dicta uita, ut (siss et) illud a Lucilio: Vis est uitā uidēs, uis nos facere omnia egiit, Varr. l. p. 69 Sp.; and in allusion to this verse, tum sancta et feruente munia uim nominis Lucili ac regem Seruiliū natum esse, Arn. 5, 109; Phœnicem struere nidum eque uim genitaleū affundere, ex qua fetum oriri, Tac. an. 6, 28; cum uis illa teluris cooperta est gremio, Arn. 5, 164; 13. gen. and dat. rare, because seldom called for, plus uis habet quam sanguinis, Tac. dial. 26; detracta est uis mentio, Ulp. dig. 4, 2, 1; uis publicae reus, Paul. sent. 5, 30; and equitibus suis hostium in oppositis, bell. Afr. 60, 2; 14. nom. acc. pl. uis; nom. only in: Sed quasi multae uis unius corporis extant, Lucr. 3, 265; acc. also rare, uis multas possidet in se, 2, 586; male iam assuetum ad omnes uis controuersiarum, Sal. ap. Prisc. 107, 28; duas uis dispares colligant, Mess. ap. Macr. s. 1, 9, 14; but the ordinary pl. is uires. II 15. uires, acc. uires or uiris, g. uirum, d. abl. uiribus, physical strength, as first of men, quamquam aetas senet, Satis tamen habeam uirum ut te ara arcam, Paucis, 305 R; non uiribus res magnae geruntur sed consilio, Cic. sen. 17; with inf., Nec mihi sunt uires inimicis pellere tectis, Ov. her. 1, 109; 16. met., uidetur plurimum uirum habere stella Saturni, Sen. N. Q. 7, 4, 2; esp. of inanimate things, as fire, water, wind, Et neglecta solent incendia sumere uires, Hor. ep. 1, 18, 85; Incendit quantis uiribus unda latens, Ov. tr. 4, 4, 24; suae uentis occidere uires, Sen. Thy. 588; 17. the generative or living principle, Sine inde occultas uires et pabula terrea Pinguis concipiunt, Verg. G. 1, 86; in radices uires oleae abibunt, Cato r. 61; 18. esp. of *opexes*, Taurobolio Matris D. M. (dum magne) uires (sc. lauri) excipit...translitit...conservauit, inser. Or. 2322; M. D. M....Taur. fec...; loco uires conditae, 2332; in cuius (Berecynthiae) sacris excisbas corporum uires...; Acta S. Symphor. ap. Rurnart 6; uiribus abscissis, Arn. 5, 158; (apes) adacto (aenleo) fucus postea esse nec mella facere, uelut castratis uiribus, Plin. 11, 60; 19. of the mind, powers, strength, ability, ingenii, Quint. 1, 2, 23; in ceromatibus quibus exercendo iuuentus nostra corporis uiris, perdidit animorum, Plin. 35, 47; 20. as goddesses of strength, Viribus sacrum, inser. Or. 1907 (wh. however Or. refers to the worship of the Mater Deum, see § 18); but cf. Dianae et Viribus sacrum, Grut. 1011, 1 (if genuine); 21. uis is usually identified with *is uis* as a sinew or muscular fibre (stem *u-*), and perh. rightly. Another view is to start from *u-* pour (see *u-*), and the meaning of § 12 (cf. §§ 17, 18 as also uirus § 2), and so make the idea of strength secondary. Posterior ferri uis est aurique reperta, Lucr. 5, 1280 for quantity.

**uisāb-undus**, quasi-part. [implies a vb. frq. uisā-re] having constantly (or being constantly) in view, itin. Alex. M. 57.

**uisārius**, adj. [uisco- sb.] of birdlime, hence as sb. m. a birdcatcher, u. *ueros*, Gloss. Cyril.; 2. uiscarium as sb. a. place for catching birds with birdlime, met. Hieron. ap. Novarin. 1, 380.

**uisātus**, quasi-part. smeared with birdlime, uirgis, Varr. r. 3, 7, 7; alis, Ov. a. a. 1, 391; 2. met., manibus, Lucil. ap. Non. 332; beneficiis, Sen. ep. 8, 3; and manibus, Plin. ep. 9, 30, 2; of presents given with a view to a richer return.

**uisicollātus**, stuffed with small entrails? Plin. Valer. 1, 21 and 2, 17 med.

**Viscellinus**, a cognomen of Sp. Cassius, Cic. am. 36; cf. Liv. 2, 41.

**uiscerātim**, adv. [uisco- n.] piecemeal (of flesh), ----- alia fluctus differt, dissupat uiscerum membra, maria salsa spumant sanguine, Enn. tr. 145 V.

**uiscerāto**, ōnis, f. [implies a vb. uiscerā-ri] a public banquet, esp. in connection with religion, et populo u. data a M. Flanio in funere matris, Liv. 8, 22, 2; quod populo uiscerāt. gladiatores dedit, inser. Fabr. 242, 656; ut...uiscerationis nomine diuiditur decur. sing. *His* xx, Or. 134; Cic. off. 2, 55; sine amico n. leonis ac lupi uita est, Sen. ep. 19, 10.

**uiscēr-eus**, adj. of flesh, aruo, Prud. ap. 1093.

**uiscidus**, adj. [uisco-] sticky, viscid, Theod. Pr. 1, 2, 6.

**uiscōsus**, adj. the same, Pall. 1, 14; Prud. Ham. 824.

**uisum**, i. n. but in Pl. uisum, m. (= *uicos*, i.e. *uicos*) the mistletoe, Verg. 6, 205; Plin. 16, 245; 2. birdlime, as made from its berries, Plin. 16, 248; 24, 11; Cic. N. D. 2, 144; met., Viscus merus uostrast blandicia, Pl. Bac. 1, 1, 10; tactus sum uehementer uisco, 5, 2, 30; Varr. s. 101, 2 R; 3. according to Non. 451, 24, also a net, quoting from Varr. (Hesep. p. 188): Lepusculi timentis hoc quadrangulum Dedit Diana: rete nexile auentis Viscum fugai (?) lineamque compedam; cf. too Verg. G. 1, 139; 4. hence Fr. gui, Sp. hisca; akin, Germ. mist-el, our mist-le-foe.

1 **uisce-us**, i. m. birdlime, see uiscum § 1; 2. a cognomen, Hor. s. 1, 10, 83; L. Vibius Visci l., inser. Maf. 109, 1, 5.

2 **uisce-us**, ōnis, n. [uisc-e-or, vb.] what one eats of animals, flesh, meat, Et solida imponunt taurorum uiscera flammis, Verg. 6, 253, wh. Serv. non ulla dicit sed carnes: nam uiscera sunt quidquid inter ossa et cutem est; 1, 211; 8, 180; tanta palatatur utilitas percipi e bubus, ut eorum uisceribus nesci scelus haberetur, Cic. N. D. 2, 159; cui (Herculi) cum Deianeira sanguine Centauri tinctum tunicum induisset, inhaesissetque ea uisceribus..., Tusc. 2, 20; Spartae pueri sic uerberibus accipiunt ut multas e uisceribus sanguis exeat, 2, 34; Vina uident uino sepi-ri uiscera busto, Lucr. 5, 993 (which 1 place here nolente Laclum); 2. of a person's children, as his (or her) flesh and blood, Diripiunt antiae uiscera nostra (i.e. natum) ferre, Ov. her. 11, 118; Tereus...Vescitur inque suam sua uiscera congerit animus, M. 6, 651; optimum fuit infanctum opus (institutionem Oratoriam) super immaturum funus conuuptius uiscera mea (i.e. his son) flammis incere, Quint. 6 pr. 3; 3. so also one's fellow-countrymen are of the same flesh and blood, hence of civil war, Gracia omnis uelut in uiscera sua arma conuertit, Iustin. 3, 2, 1; Macedonia in sua uiscera armatur, 13, 6, 17; 4. met. from a deep-seated disease, periculum autem residet ibi et erit inclumum penitus in uenis atque in uisceribus republicae, Cic. Cat. 1, 31; permanet in uenis et inhaeret in uisceribus illud malum (pecuniae cupiditas), Tusc. 4, 24; 5. of deep-seated affections, o beatos illos (Brutus etc.) qui cum adesse ipsis propter uim armorum non liebat, aderant tamen et in modulis populi Romani ac uisceribus haerebant! Cic. Phil. 1, 361; *εγκελευσθαι* illa tua mihi in uisceribus haerent, Att. 6, 1, 8 (are treasured up in my mind; cf. cordi mihi est); and even of money, as one's life's blood, sentio quid sceleris admiscim, dum de uisceribus tuis et filii tui satisfacturus sis quibus debes, ego acceptam ex acario pecuniam tuo nomine frustra dissipam, Q. fr. 1, 3, 7; 6. still met., Neu patriae ualidas in uiscera uertite uires, Verg. 6, 834; scopulos anolagae uiscera montis Erigit eructans, 3, 575; itum est in uiscera terrae (the very flesh of the earth so to say), Quasque reconderunt...Effodiantur opes, Ov. M. 1, 138; haec in dicendo non extrinsecus allicunde quaerenda sed ex ipsis uisceribus cassae sumenda sunt, Cic. or. 2, 318; the word 'bowels' so often used in such metaphors got into our language from the Latin through a mistaken idea as to the meaning of uiscera; but even with us flesh and life-blood are better renderings; note too the words uenae and medullae as accompanying uiscera;

7. uiscus as a sing. flesh, unde cadauera rancenti ium

viscere nermes Expirant? Lucr. 3, 719; trahens haerentia viscere tela (a daughter of Niobe), Ov. M. 6, 290; permixtus viscere sanguis, Lucan. 3, 658; Quaecumque pestis viscere in nostro lates Proce, Sen. Hec. Oct. 1253; II. 6. when euro for the wealthy superseded viscus in the general sense of meat, viscus still remained for the meat of the poor man, the viscera, the heart, lights, liver, etc., septum transversum a superioribus visceribus intestina discernit, Cels. 7, p. 267, 18 D; neque scire quid doleat eum qui quia parte quodque viscus intestinum sit non cognoverit, pr. p. 5, 7 D; a visceribus ad intestina veniendum est, 4, p. 143, 24 D; 9. even de testibus, in visceribus bis, Plin. 20, 142; so Petr. 119.

**Visellius**, ii, a gentile name, as L. Visellius Varro, consul a. u. 24; lex Visellia, CIL 593; de libertinis, Ulp. fr. 3, 5.

**vis-endus**, part. as adj. worth going to see, remarkable, Cie. Vat. 31; Plin. 16, 242; Plin. pan. 51.

**Viesentini**, or Viesentini, inhabitants of Viesentium, a city of Etruria, now Bisenzio, Plin. 3, 52; Virtuti Viesentium, inser. Grut. 100, 5.

**visibilis**, e, adj. first, capable of seeing, Plin. 11, 146;

2. visible, Apul. mund. p. 60; Prud. ap. 140;

3. adv. visibiliter, visibly, Paul. Nol. ep. 20.

**visibilitas**, atis, f. visibility, Tert. car. Ch. 12 f.; Fulg. ap. Cont. Veig. 750.

**visificus**, adj. causing to see, Theod. Pr. 4, 2 f.

**Visinnius**, see Visiminius.

**visio**, ōnis, f. [mid of visio] sight, vision, non sit visio praecidit cum pretio, eod. Th. 1, 7, 7; Apul. mund. p. 63 f.; Met. 2 p. 120, 8, 203;

2. a thing seen, utrum igitur censens dormientium animos per sese ipsos in somniando moueri an externa visione pulsari? Cie. din. 2, 120; so Maer. somn. 1, 3, 2, of dreams, aut est orecepit, aut est opacia quod visio recte appellatur, aut est...;

3. of the mind, a notion or conception, non falsique, Cie. acad. pr. 33; falsa eius (doloris) visio, Tert. 2, 42; cf. Quint. 6, 2, 29;

4. a view (taken of any matter), Ulp. dig. 5, 3, 25, 15; Paul. 2, 2, 23, 3; Tert. anim. 9.

**visitatio**, ōnis, f. appearance, visit, Vitr. 9, 4 f.; Tert. adv. Iud. 13 f.

**uisitor**, ōnis, m. visitor, Aug. fer. Pent. 1, 2.

**uisito**, older uisito, āvis, vb. freq. [mid. of uide] frequently see, ibi ne interrogat Eequem in Epidaurio Luconem tarpeisiam nonerim. Dico me nonissee. Quid lenonem Capidocem? admo Visitasse, Pl. Cure. 2, 3, 64; Epid. 4, 1, 12 an i Pers. 1, 1, 20;

2. go to see, pay a visit to, Tert. Hec. 3, 2, 6; Cie. fin. 5, 94; Suct. Cl. 35;

3. see, Vitr. 9, 4.

**uisitor**? m. a visitor, a reading in Apul. ap. 98 where eod. read uisitor.

**uisium**, ii, n. = *ῥῆμα*, Gloss.

**uisio**, older uisio, uiscere, uisi, vb. [for uid-ess?] see (what it takes long to see), Ludos uiscere hinc in nia nuptialis, Pl. Cas. 5, 1, 2; of mere spectators at the Olympic games, qui nec plausum nec lucrum quaerent sed uiscendi causa uenient studiosque perspicunt quid ageretur, Cie. Tusc. 5, 9; Verg. 2, 63; 8, 157; Pl. Cat. 61, 8; Liv. 1, 31, 2; 3, 68, 2;

2. go to see, come to see, Nunc alteram illam quae meam uiscit hinc in Veneris fanum, Pl. Rud. 5, 1, 6; si parua iuri iurandus fides Viso ad portum, Capt. 4, 2, 113;

3. but often with a vb. of going expressed, Illa autem in aream abiit aedem uiscere, Pl. Bac. 4, 8, 59; Abi uisc redierit iam an pondum domos, Tert. Ph. 2, 4, 5;

4. at times with ad and acc., scms fugitabant uiscere ad negros, Lucr. 6, 1238; less certain the construction in, Aegnam esse simulant mulierem; nostra ilico It uiscere ad eam, Tert. Hec. 1, 2, 114;

5. pass., Cie. Verr. 2, 4, 4; off. 1, 138.

**Visolus**, a cognomen, C. Poetelius C. f. C. n. Libo Visolus, dictator of 441 a. u. c., CIL p. 432.

**uisorium**, ii, adj. n. as sb. [implies a sb. uisor] a place for spectators, a theatre, Cass. ur. 5, 42.

**uispello**, see nespello.

**uisualis**, e, adj. of the sight, hence uisualia as sb. n. pl. the organs of sight, Theod. Pr. 4, 2 med.

**uisualitas**, atis, f. sense of sight, Tert. anim. 30.

**uisula**, ae, f. dim. a kind of vine, Plin. 14, 27 and 31; Colum. 3, 2, 21.

**uisum**, i, part. n. as sb. what appears, esp. in dreaming, quid (i.e. somnus) nonnumquam sine uisus somniorum placitissimum quidem adfert, Cie. Tusc. 1, 97; hence absol. a dream, si tale uisum obiectum est a deo dormienti, Acad. pr. 49; Hoc uisum nulli, non ipsi effata sorori, Verg. 4, 436; Die age: Si quid habent uisum uisum quid ista ferant, Ov. am. 3, 5, 31; *quarta uisum*, hoc est uisum, Maer. somn. 1, 3, 7;

2. hence, ex uisio, by command given in a dream, ex imperio genl Motanti, ex uisio lib. an. (dibenti animo), inser. Or. 2363; Siluano Salutari L. Manlius Saturninus ex uisio posuit, 1609;

3. in phillos. lang., an image on the sensorium, e quodam quasi impulsione obata extrinsecus quam ille (Zeno) *quarta uisum* uisum appellationem licet, Cie. Acad. post. 40; cf. Acad. pr. 18.

1 **uisus**, part. of uideo.

2 **uisus**, ūs, m. sight. See tamen hanc possit oculorum subdere uisu, Lucr. 5, 101; feminus omnis uisus pueri oculi duplices pupillas habent, Cicero auctor est, Plin. 7, 18;

2. esp. an apparition, vision, dream, hos nocturnos uisus inter se consules contulerunt, Liv. 8, 6, 11; Nymphas nenerabat agrestis Ite secundant uisus, Verg. 3, 36;

3. ex uisu (see uisum § 2), D. P. O. 14-15 deus omnibus... ex uisu pro se et suis posuerit, inser. Grut. 2, 4.

**uisa**, ae, f. [for uis-ita = *uisory*, from uis-] first, food, victuals, Nam ut illa (mustela) uitam repperit hodie silis, Pl. St. 3, 2, 8; at pol ego et-1 uisito, E. um atque ambibus malis expletis noem, Neque illi concedam quicquam de uita mea, Trin. 2, 4, 76;

2. life, cum tribus rebus animantium uita teneatur, cibo potione spiritu, Cie. N. D. 2, 134; uiri (Galli) in uxores uitae potesque habent potestatem, Caes. b. g. 6, 19, 3;

3. a living spirit, a spirit, Verg. 6, 292;

4. mode of life, life, Inspicere tanquam in speculum in uitas omnium, Tert. Adv. 3, 3, 61; ille (Mmos) silentium Conciliuque uocat uitasque et erumia dicit, Verg. 6, 433;

5. actual life, as opposed to the theories of books, Cie. Tusc. 4, 45; Hor. s. 1, 9, 60;

6. one on whose existence the life of another depends, one's very life, nostrumne Aeschium? Nostrum omnium uitam in quo nostrae spes opesque omnes uita? Tert. Adv. 3, 2, 33; A. O melle dulci dulcor to's. P. Certe enim tu mihi uita's, Pl. As. 3, 3, 24;

7. hence, mea uita, as a term of endearment, my life, O mea uita mea uoluptas salue, Salmi gaudeo..., Pl. St. 4, 2, 6; Obscuro te mea uita quod ad sumptum attinet, sine alios sustineo, Cie. fam. 14, 2, 3;

ego uero te mea uita cupio uidere (t in tuo complexu emori, 14, 4, 1; also uita alone for mea uita, Prop. 1, 2, 1; 3, 13, 17;

8. living people, the world (of the time), neque ante philosophiam patefactum hac de re communis uita dubitauit, Cie. din. 1, 80; serpentis extrahi cantu uerum falsumne sit uita non decreuit, Plin. 8, 48; nec sancto caruisset uita (but for Caesar's impious doings) Catone, Lucan. 6, 311; At tu (says the muse) Romanos lepidio sale tinge libellos; Agnoat mores uita legatque suos, Mart. 8, 3, 20;

9. a biography, a life, or set of lives, huius rei testis est Cornelius Nepos in eo libro qui Vita illustrium inscribitur, Serv. A. 1, 372; in hoc exponemus libro de uita excelluntium imperatorum, ps. Nep. pr. f.; id. Epam. 4, 6; in libris eorum qui uitas resque gestas eorum uisum memoriae mandauerunt, Gell. 1, 3, 1; quibus otium fuit uitas atque aetates doctorum hominum memoriae tradere, 13, 2, 1;

10. as in § 9 so gener. a singular was preferred, wh. in English we have a plur., as, neque inter eorum uitam et improbiusimorum quicquam interesse, Cie. fin. 4, 21; ut potius in siluis Gallorum uitam quam legionarum uitas periclitari, Caes. b. g. 6, 34; si nullam praeter uitae nostrae iacturam fieri uideam, 7, 77, 6;

11. uital as gen., Lucr. 1, 415 etc.; CIL 1202.

**uitā-ilis**, e, adj. [uita-vb.] that may be avoided, Ov. Pont. 4, 14, 31; Arn. 5, 105.

**uitā-undus**, quasi-part. freq. carefully avoiding, Tac. h. 3, 87; Sal. Ing. 38, 1; 2. with acc., Hanno uitabundus castra hostium consulesque..., Liv. 25, 13, 4; inter molem

atque insulam vitabundus classem hostium ad oppidum peruenit. Sal. ap. Non. 186.

**Vitalina**, ae, f. a cognomen, as of Appuleia, inser. Grut. 736, 8.

**Vitalio**, ōnis, m. a cognomen, as of Sex. Cornelius, inser. Grut. 1117, 5.

**vitālis**, e, adj. [uita- sb.] of life, vital, Et penitus motus vitales impediuntur. Donce materies... Vitalis animae nodos a corpore soluit, Lucr. 2, 949; calorū naturam uim habere in se uitalē, Cic. N. D. 2, 24; 2. likely to live, Pater ducentos Philippis quæso Crusalō Da si esse saltem uis me aut uitalē tibi, Pl. Bac. 4, 9, 75; O puer ut sis Vitalis metuo, Hor. s. 2, 1, 61; Albini, 1, 419; 3. uitalia as sb. n. pl. th. vital parts of the body, the vitals, in corpore nostro ossa uernique et articuli et uitalia minime speciosa uisu prius ordinantur, Sen. ira 2, 1, 2; reliquias sanguinis ab ipsius uitalibus fundentem, Sen. 3, 19, 2; pilum adactum in uitalia epistitis uenerat, Plin. 8, 20; 4. used in life-time, lectas, Petr. tr. 42; uitalia (sc. stragula), 77; 5. adv. uitaliter, animata (with life), Lucr. 5, 115; 6. Vitalis, a cognomen, as of P. Vettius, inser. Alf. 306, 9; also I. Plotia L. I. Vitalis, Mur. 72, 2; also Vitalissimus as a cognomen, Valerius V., inser. Alb. 202, 3.

**uitālitās**, itis, f. [uitali- adj.] vitality, Plin. 11, 182, 221 and 250.

**uitāto**, ōnis, f. avoiding, avoidance, doloris, Cic. fin. 5, 20; oculorum lucis urbis fori, Phil. 3, 24; periculi, ad Her. 3, 3.

**Vitieli** (for Vitellia), gen. ai, Ōscan name of Italia, and so on the coins struck in the Social war, see Mommsen's Ōsk. Stud. p. 26.

**Vitellenses**, adj. of Vitellia, Plin. 3, 60.

**Vitellia**, ae, f. a town of the Aequi, Liv. 2, 39, 4; 5, 29, 3; Suet. Vit. 1.

**Vitellianus**, adj. of Vitellius, partes, Tac. h. 1, 84; milites, 1, 85; 2. as sb. m. (sc. libelli) tablets for lascivious drawings and verses, Mart. 2, 6, 6; 14, 8, 2.

**uitellinus**, adj. [uitello- m.] of veal, hence uitellina as sb. f. (sc. caro) veal, Apic. 8, 5 (bis).

**Vitellius**, ii, m. a gentile name, as of the ninth emperor, Tac., Suet.; uia Vitellia a road from the Ianiculum to the sea, Suet. Vit. 1.

**uitellum**, i, n. yolk of egg, ouorum uitella, Apic. 4, 1; Tum ille: nihilne de uitello (misit)? il eum ei ex ouo uidebatur anrum declarasse, Cic. diu. 2, 134; et uitellus, § 3.

**uitellus**, i, m. dim. [uitulo- m.] a little calf, occurs only as a term of endearment, Agnellum haedillum me tuum dic esse uel uitellum, Pl. As. 3, 3, 77; 2. hence Fr. veau, our veal; 3. the yolk of an egg, namque marem cohibent callosā (oua) uitellum, Hor. s. 2, 4, 14; ouū et album et uitellus (uitellum?) in nas defundendum est, Cels. 6, p. 227, 14 D; pipperato uitello, Petr. 33 f.; medio uitelli, Plin. 10, 148.

**uitesus**, adj. of a vine, pocola, Verg. G. 3, 380; coliculus, Varr. r. 1, 31, 4; ligna, Sol. 3 f.

**uit-ex**, icis, f. [uit- f.] the vitex agnus castus of L., a shrub, and a tree, Plin. 24, 59.

**uitiābilis**, e, adj. [uitia- vb.] corruptible, Prud. ap. 1113 and Ham. 216.

**uitiārium**, ii, adj. n. as sb. a nursery for vines, Cato r. 40; Varr. r. 1, 31, 2; Colum. 3, 4, 1; 3, 5, 1.

**uitiatio**, ōnis, f. corruption, debauching, Sen. contr. 3, 23, 6.

**uitiātor**, ōris, m. corrupter, debaucher, Sen. contr. 3, 23, 1.

**uiticarpifer**, era, erum, adj. for gathering grapes, forcipēs, Varr. ap. Prisc. 868.

**uitic-ella**, ae, f. dim. [uiticula] unknown vine plant, Is. orig. 17, 9, 92.

**Viticiui**, m. pl. an extinct people of Picenum, Plin. 3, 108.

**uiticōla**, ae, m. a vine-grower, Sil. 7, 106.

**uiti-cōmus**, adj. with vine-tresses, Avien. in Ar. 70; Sid. ep. 2, 328.

**uitic-ula**, ae, f. dim. [uiti- f.] a little vine, a vine-ling (so to say), Cic. N. D. 3, 86; Viticulae in gracili latet

ingens corpore botrys, Tert. Marc. 2, 230; 2. a tendrill, Plin. 24, 68; Pall. 4, 9, 8; Dulci namque tumet nondum uiticula (note gty.) Baccho, Val. Cato dir. 115.

**uitifer**, era, erum, adj. vine-bearing, Plin. 3, 60; Mart. 13, 107, 1; Sil. 4, 349; Pall. 3, 13, 2.

**uitigēnus**, adj. wine-producing, Lucr. 5, 15; 6, 1072.

**uitigēn-in-eus**, adj. [uiti- f.] of the vine, Cato r. 41, 3; Plin. 14, 9; 30, 50; Colum. 12, 16, 3.

**uiti-lēna**, ae, f. [see uitupero] a villanous bawd, Illa hanc corrupit mulierem malesuada uiticena, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 56.

**uitiligin-ōsus**, adj. = ελεφαντινός, Gloss.

**uitiligo**, inis, f. a painless cutaneous eruption of various kinds, Cels. 5, p. 221, 3 D; Plin. 21, 129; 22, 156; Haec odiosa mihi uitiligo est, non (num Müller) dolet inquit, Lucil. ap. Fest. 309; 2. of leprosy, Iustiu. 36, 2, 12; Arn. 1, p. 26, 28, 30.

**uit-ilis**, r, adj. [from a lost root uic bend, see uic-is] lit. easy to bend, hence made of osiers and similar plants, wicker, colā, Cato r. 11, 2; alnos apum, Varr. r. 3, 16, 16; uaginae (tules), Plin. 19, 70; (naues) nitiles corio circumstatae, 7, 206; 2. absol. uitilla n. pl. wicker-work, basket-maker, Plin. 13, 39; 21, 173.

**uitiligator**, ōris, m. one too fond of going to law, a quarrelsome fellow, Cato ap. Plin. pr. 32.

**uiti-ligō**, are, vb. be overtold of going to law, hence met. pick holes in as a critic, ballyrag, Cato ap. Plin. pr. 30.

**uitilla**, ae, f. doub. dim. [uita] little life or darling, destituti uitilla mea miseram mammam tuam, inser. Gr. 603, 5.

**uitimagistrātus**, ūs, m. a magistrate unduly elected, Sal. hist. 3 fr.

**uitineus**, adj. of a vine, nitineis delapsi uineulis, Flor. 3, 20, 4 (al. uitigneis).

**uitio**, are, vb. [uitium] mar, spoil, corrupt, damage, fermentum, Colum. 11, 1, 20; oua, 8, 11, 5; oua, Cels. 8, 2; uina, Hor. s. 2, 4, 54; ammen salibus, Or. M. 7, 366; auras, 15, 626; 2. esp. of women, debauch, Ter. Ad. 4, 5, 53; Cato ap. Gell. 17, 13, 4; Suet. Aug. 71; 3. tamper with opinions, writings etc., contumion significaciones interdum uerae sunt nonnunquam uitiatate atque corruptae (so pace Mus. Rhén. 9, 338), Cic. Sect. 115; senatus consulta, Liv. 3, 55, 13; auspicia, Mess. ap. Gell. 13, 15, 3; scripturas, Ulp. dig. 50, 17, 94.

**uitiōsitas**, itis, f. corruption, Maer. s. 7, 10, 10; 2. depravity, Cic. Tusc. 4, 29 and 34.

**uitiōsus**, adj. [uitium] bad, rotten, non ego tuam cupimus uitium uitiosa nuce, Pl. Mil. 2, 3, 45; 2. having sores, morbosum peens et uitiosum, Varr. r. 2, 1, 21; uitiosum locna, a sore place, peendes morsu scalpunt, Colum. 7, 5, 6; cf. uitium; 3. met. of men, depraved, vicious, Pl. Cure. 4, 1, 8; non sunt uitiosiores quam ferre plerique, Cic. Tusc. 3, 73; mox daturus Progeniem uitiosiore, Hor. ocl. 3, 6, 46; inter summam uitiorum dissimulationem uitiosissimus, Vell. 2, 97, 1; 4. of other objects, suffragium, Cic. leg. 3, 34; consul, chosen under defective auspices, Phil. 2, 84; (xix Kal. Febr.) dies uitios, ex s. c., Fast. Mar. CIL p. 304; 5. uitiose, adv. in a diseased condition, Cic. Tusc. 3, 19; 6. met. viciously, wrongly, si recte conclusit, teneo, sin uitiose..., Cic. acad. pr. 68; illud Caecilius uitiosus (sc. dixit), Sen. 25; usurpauit uitiosissime, Colum. 4, 24, 15; quamuis enim res bonas uitiosus tulerit, tamen eae leges non sunt habendae, Cic. Phil. 5, 10, cf. § 4.

**uitiparra**? ae, f. a bird of some kind, Plin. 10, 96; but rather parurarum with m s p etc.

**uitis**, is, f. gen. a vine or climbing plant—esp. a vine, Vitis ut arboribus decorat, ut uitibus unae, Verg. B. 5, 32; Cic. sen. 52; 2. a vine-stick, as carried by centurions, centurionum in manu nitis tardos ordines perducit atque etiam in delictis pocnam ipsam honorat, Plin. 14, 19; Nodosum post hanc frangebat vertice nitē, Si lentus pigra muniret castra dolabra, Iuv. 8, 247; cedo alteram (sc. nitē), 'give us another', a nickname of a centurion, Tac. an. 1, 23; 3. hence as symbol of a centurion's rank, aut uitē posce libello, Iuv. 14, 193;



nulli nitem nisi robusto et bonae famae dedit, Spart. Hadr. 10; Sil. 12, 395 and 405; 4. proclari sub uite, Lucil. ap. Fest. 311, according to Festus = sub uinea militari pugnae; but in p. 308 for sub uite qui summis hastas, Lucil., perh. read sublimem qui subiecit hastam; 11 5. of other lines, u. caua, saxifraga, Apul. M. 97; u. alba, or *αυρεόλευκα*, Plin. 23, 21 etc.; Colum. 10, 347; 12, 7; Pall. 1, 35; Serv. G. 1, 165; u. nigra or byonia, Plin. 23, 27; but u. alba and nigra also white and black grapes-vines, albae nigraeque, 14, 42; nigra, 14, 26, 29 etc.; Colum. 4, 29 f.; 15. the bine of a cucumber, Pall. 4, 9, 9; of a gourd, 4, 10, 15.

**uiti-sator**, Gris, m. vine-planter (as inventor of the vine), o Pionius pater optime uitatori, Att. 241 R; paterque Sabinius Vitisator, Verg. 7, 179; Caelo editum patre uitisatore, Arn. 3, 117.

**uitium**, ii, n. [akin to particula ue bad] what is bad, something physically wrong, Cie. Tusc. 4, 29 makes morbus an affection of the whole body, but uitium only of a part; others ap. Gell. 4, 2, 13 spoke of uitium as something permanent, while morbus cum accessu decessissequitur; cf. Ulp. dig. 21, 1, 1, 6; Aediles aiunt qui iumenta uendunt dicunt quo in unoquoque eorum morbi uitium sit, 21, 1, 38; 2. beyond legal sphere, a bodily fault or blemish, defect, Vetulae clentulae quae uitia corporis fuso occultant, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 118; Accipit illo locus posito uelamine cunctas, Et uitium nudis corporis omne uidet, Ov. F. 4, 147; 3. of inanimate things, a fault, si nihil est in parietibus aut in tecto uitia, cetera mihi probantur, Cie. fam. 9, 15, 5; si aedes conuertunt uitium fecerunt, top. 15; Arcti ager uitio moriens sitit aeris herba, Verg. B. 7, 57; 4. uitium feminae offerre etc., to de-bauch, At pudicitiae eius nunquam nec uim nec uitium attulit, Pl. Epid. 1, 2, 7; Quia pudicitiae huius uitium me hinc apparet additum, Amph. 4, 2, 179; Quando uitium oblatumst, Ter. Ad. 3, 1, 9; cf. uitare § 2; 5. of the mind, fault, vice, bad habit, quia legibus et praemia proposita sint uirtutibus, et supplicia uitis, Cie. or. 1, 247; 6. esp. in the form uitio dare or uertre, to attribute as a fault, uitio mihi dant quod mortem hominis necessari grauer ferit, Matus ap. Cie. fam. 11, 28, 3; ne sibi uitio uertent quod abesse patria, 7, 6, 1; Rosc. Am. 48; 7. and in the abl. uitio, quamuis qui fortunae uitio, non suo decessisset, Cie. Phil. 2, 44; non rerum uitio sed interpretum inscientia, diu. 1, 118; 8. something wrong in auguries, auspices, etc., se recordatum esse uitio scilicet tabernaculum captum fuisse itaque uitio cetero consul, Cie. N. D. 2, 11; P. Claudius eiusque collega cum uitio nauigasset (on unfavourable auspices), diu. 1, 29; 9. uitium as gen. pl., Omnium uitium huic expertem, consili plenum prohibui, Titin. 149 R.

**uito**, are, vb. frq. [for uicta- from a root uic-, see uicis] lit. bend, turn aside, and so orig. with a dat., Proinde se domi confineant, uident infortunio, Pl. Cure. 2, 3, 20; M. Semper tu huius uerbo nitam Abs tuo uiro. C. Cui uerbo? M. 'I foras mulier,' Cas. 2, 2, 35; Pomum abeant, nitent accipit infortunio, Poen. pr. 25; 2. avoid by so turning a-side, with acc., late is locus restagnat, quem si qui uitare uoluerit, sex milium circuitu in oppidum perueniet, Caes. b. c. 2, 24, 4; Posset qui rupem et puteum uitare patente, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 135; ipse fuga mortem uitauerat, Caes. b. g. 5, 20; 3. met. avoid, quam suspensiones quoque uitaret criminum, Nep. Att. 6, 5; qui potuit diuinis et utilitates completi maritimas Romulas et uitia uitare? Cie. rep. 2, 10; 4. with ne and subj., sed erit uitandum ne ostentatio memorae uideatur esse puerilis, Cie. part. or. 60; 5. with inf., monendum, uti, tangere uict Scripta Palatinus quaeuque recepit Apollo, Hor. ep. 1, 3, 10; 6. as a passive, uitataque traxit in arma, Ov. M. 13, 39; 7. as pass. impers., see § 4.

**uitor**, older uictor, or, m. [uic- old vb. bend, see uicis] a maker of wicker-work, ba-ke-maker, a ligando licior, a niendo (Hertz has uiuendo) uictor, a struendo structor, Gell. 12, 3, 4; Et nitorem (uictorem?) et piscatorem te esse iupure postulas, Pl. Rud. 4, 3, 51; unde et uimna et uimenta et uites et uictores (uictores?) dicuntur

et uiere religare dicitur, Don. ad Ter. Eun. 4, 4, 21; T. Luccius T. l. Auctus uitor sibi et suis, inser. Grut. 1178, 4. **uitreamina**, n. pl. glass vessels, Paul. dig. 33, 7, 18, 13. **uitrearius**, adj. m. as sb. [uitrea, n. pl.] glass-blower, Sen. ep. 60, 31.

**uitreolus**, adj. dim. [uitrea] of glass (used of small things), Calpurn. Paul. Nol. 20, 413.

**uitreus**, adj. [uitrum] of glass, uasa, Colum. 12, 4, 4; latro, Mart. 7, 72, 8; calcidius, Ov. a. a. 2, 207; 2. absol. uitrea as sb. n. pl., glass vessels, glass-ware, Mart. 1, 41, 5; Petr. 100; Stat. silu. 1, 6, 73; 3. glass-like, glassy, transparent, quam sortum quorum uitreae toae ostentant tunice clausos, Varr. s. 170, 3 R; 4. glass-like, bright and fragile, quem cepit uitrea fama, Hor. s. 2, 3, 222; Fortuna uitrea est; tum cum splendet frangitur, Syr. 171 R; 5. glass-like in colour, brightness and transparency, esp. of water, uitrea te Faecus unda, Verg. 7, 750; uitreaque mactentia rore, Ov. am. 1, 6, 55; uitreisque scilicibus (of water-nymphs), Verg. G. 4, 350; antra (Naadum), Ov. M. 5, 48; Green (as a sea-godless), Hor. od. 1, 17, 20.

**uitricus**, i, m. [for patricius; cf. *πατριος* of same meaning] step-father, Cie. Att. 15, 12, 2; Verr. 2, 1, 135; Brut. 240; Ov. am. 1, 2, 24; patriciae stauissimae...uitricus conserant, inser. Or. 4067.

**uitricus**, = nitreus, epifex artis nitrae, inser. Don. 335-5.

**uitrum**, i, n. [for uad-erum, and so akin to ual-es], glass-. Cf. also for form. Ital. guado, Fr. guêde, Eng. woad] glass, Cie. Rab. Post. 40; Lucr. 4, 602; Plin. 36, 101; Tac. h. 5, 7; O fons Bandusiae splendorit uitro, Hor. od. 3, 13, 1; 2. woad, used as a blue dye, Caes. b. g. 5, 14, 2; Meda 3, 6, 5; Plin. 35, 40; 37, 117; Vitr. 7, 14.

**Vitruuius**, a gentile name, as of the architect M. Vitruuius Pollio.

**uitta**, ae, f. [for uicta- from old root uic-, see uicis] a band or strap of various uses, as for binding a wine-press, antiqui funibus uititque lorcis ca (torcularia) detrahebant et uictibus, Plin. 18, 317; 2. esp. for religious or quasi-religious uses, then formed of wool and adorned with flowers, as for altars and temples, molli cinge haec altaria uitia, Verg. B. 8, 64; stant Manibus aere Caerulis maestae uitis atque cupresso, A. 3, 64; punicea uolabant uitro (of a temple) uitatae, Prop. 5, 9, 27; uictims, uictum auro uititque inuenerunt, Verg. 5, 300; uitataque deum quae hostia cessi, 2, 156; Iuv. 12, 118; supplices, decore Supplice uitata, Hor. od. 3, 14, 7; Praefectus manibus uitatae, Verg. 7, 237; cf. S. 128; 3. commonly worn round the head so as to bind the hair, a fillet, as by goddesses, as Ceres, Iuv. 6, 50; Pallas, Verg. 2, 168; Vesta, 2, 206; priests, porfusus saule uitata (Laocoon), 2, 221; 10, 538; 4. also by maidens, and one of a different character by matrons; thus of Medea about to marry, Vitina uirginis tum flens dedit oscula uitata, Val. F. 8, 6; Mox ubi iam facibus cecidit praetexta maritis Vinxit et aspersa (al. acceptas) altera uitata comas, Prop. 5, 11, 34; 5. hence as symbol of modesty, Este proci uitatae tenues insigne pudoris, Ov. a. a. 1, 31; 3, 483; Nil mihi cum uitata, Thais in arte mecum, rem. am. 380.

**uitatatus**, quasi-part. bound with a fillet, uitata sacerdos, Lucan. 1, 597; capillis, Ov. am. 1, 7, 17; uaccas, M. 12, 151; nauem, Plin. 7, 110.

**uit-eus**, adj. of a fillet, uitata uitatus, not Tir. 161.

1 **uitula**, ae, f. dim. a calf, cum faciam uitula pro frugibus ipse uenito, Verg. B. 3, 77; 2. a young cow (in milk), Verg. B. 3, 29.

2 **Vitula**, ae, f. goddess of joy or victory, Ilylus libro quem diis composuit ait Vitulam uocari deam quae lictitiae praest. Piso ait Vitulam uictoriam nominari, Macr. s. 3, 2, 13; 2. perh. for uictula, and so a dim. of a uicta-, victory, from uinc- conquer.

1 **uitulamen**, mls, n. [uitulor, wh. see] a chant of victory, but connected by error with uitulus as meaning a shout (cf. the two meanings of *μοῦχος*, whence *μουσχημα*), quae

(martyrs) tanquam vitulamina pullulantes ad mortem quasi ad immortalitatem festinaverunt, Ambros. ep. 37, 37;

**2 vitulamen**, inis, n. (from a lost vb. *vitulor* send out young shoots) a shoot, a sucker, spuria vitulamina non dabant radices altas, Vulg. Sap. 4, 3.

**vitulārius**, adj. of calves, Vitularia nia, a road near Arpinum, still called Via della Vitula, Cic. fam. 3, 1, 3.

**vitulatio**, ōnis, f. [vitulor] a sort of Te deum, a religious ceremony to celebrate a victory, quod post-dicimus nomas Iulius re bene gesta, cum pridie populus a Tuscia in fugam versus sit (unde populifugia vocantur) post victoriam certis sacrificiis fiat vitulatio, Hyllus ap. Maer. s. 3, 2, 14.

**vitulūnus**, adj. of a calf, caruncula, Cic. diu. 2, 52; seum, Cels. 5, p. 174, 13 D; **2** as sb. f. (sc. caro) veal, Pl. Aul. 2, 8, 5.

**vitulor**, āri, vb. r. [Vitula the goddess] lit. play the part of the goddess Vitula, act as priestess to her (cf. bacchor), chant a loud song of joy or victory, Is habet eorum vitulans victoria, Enn. tr. 339 R; Vt in venatu vitulantis ex suis Locis nos mittat, Naev. 34 R; Ioni opulento incluto Ois gnato supremo valido vitulenti opes spes bonas copias commodanti | lubens vitulor, Pl. Pers. 2, 3, 4; vitulans laetans gaudio, ut partu (in prae?) vitulus, Fest. p. 369; apud Naenium in Clastidio: 'vitulantes' a vitula, Varr. l. p. 385 Sp.; **2** Maer. s. 3, 2, 12 makes vitulāri = uoce laetari = *παύσσειν* and finds the idea in Vergil's laetumque choro paena canentes; while Fest. and Varr. derive it from vitulus in spite of the qty. but Non. 14 a vitā.

**vitulus**, i, m. dim. [though vitus does not occur] the young of an animal, gen. of the ox-tribe, a calf, Laetantes vitulos, Ov. M. 10, 227; Tunc vitulus bima curans iam cornua fronte, Verg. G. 4, 299; **2** an elephant's calf, Plin. 8, 2; **3** a whale's calf, Plin. 9, 13;

**4** without reference to age, a sea-calf, a seal, *φωκας*, quae pilo nesciuntur animal parvum, ut pristis balana vitulus, ... nullum animal gratiore somno premitur, Plin. 9, 41; hence, Eripient sonnum Druso vitulique marmis, Iv. 3, 238; pauidi altioris specus titissimos putant aut tabernacula e pelibus beluarum quas vitulos appellant, quoniam hoc solum animal e maris non percutit (fulmen), Plin. 2, 146; fulgura expanserat ut semper pellem nituli marini circumferret (Augustus), Suet. Aug. 90; **5** Forecellini (Eug.) wrongly refer Verg. G. 3, 104 to the foal; **6** for variety of meaning cf. pullus calulus etc.; **7** as a cognomen, Q. Voconius Vitulus, on a coin, Eckhel 5, 344; L. Lucilius Vituli lib., inser. Mur. 37, 6.

**Vitumnus**, or Vitumnus, i, m. [victu- m.] god of life, Aug. c. D. 7, 2 f.; Tert. adu. nat. 2, 11.

**vitupérāb-ilis**, e, adj. [vitupera- vb.] blameable, Cic. fin. 3, 40; leg. 3, 23; **2** adv. vitupérabiliter, blameably, Cass. 40, 6, 11.

**vitupératio**, ōnis, f. blame, censure, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 46; 2, 3, 140; in the pl. Att. 16, 7, 5.

**vitupérator**, ōnis, m. censurer, vituperator, Cic. fam. 7, 3, 6; fin. 1, 2; N. D. 1, 5.

**1 vitupéro**, āre, vb. [see below] lit. take in bad part, take amiss, O. Cur omen mihi Vitupérat? S. Malo Chaline tibi canendum censeo, Pl. Cas. 2, 6, 59; Eho nō (pron. yu) maus vitupérarier falso quam vero extollit? Most. 1, 3, 21; Enimvero (pron. enuer) Autipho multimodis enim istoc animo s' vitupérans, Ter. Ph. 3, 1, 1; Et ut putentur sapere caelum vituperent, Phaedr. 4, 7, 26; Cic. Mur. 60; Curt. 8, 6, 24; ad Her. 2, 44; **2** the u as second short syllable should be nearly dropped vitupérare etc.;

**3** prob. a comp. of parare with a prefix uti, the same as ue = male, also = our mis, wh. is both Teutonic and Italian; cf. miss-kenen and mess-credere, mislead; for letter-change cf. promulgare from vulgare, Germ. mit, Eng. with. Cf. for meaning, vitium, vitilena, vitiligio, vitimagistratus.

**2 vitupéro**, ōnis, m. censurer, vituperator, Gell. 19, 7, 16; Sil. ep. 4, 22; S. 1.

**vitucitas**, ātis, f. tenacity of life, Colum. 11, 3, 41; Plin. 8, 100; Quint. 6, p. 3; Val. M. 8, 13, ext. 4.

**viturius**, adj. [vini or uina pl.] of living creatures, searorum multitudinem vituriis naubis (provided with

salt-water tanks) huc aduectam in mare sparsit, Maer. s. 3, 16, 10; **2** as sb. n. viturium, an inclosure for preserving animals alive, including ponds of fresh and salt water, a preserve, vituria horum (aporum) ceterorumque siluestrium primus invenit Fulvius, Plin. 8, 211; (ceruorum), S. 116; ostracurum, 9, 168; muracurum, 9, 171; coelecurum, 9, 173; (glirum) vituria deliis, 8, 224; fugitium dicere piscem Deputatumque diu vituria Caesaris, Iuv. 4, 50; custos viturii colli, praet. et urbb., inser. Mur. 251, 3; **3** met., Hor. ep. 1, 1, 79; Iuv. 3, 308; cf. Gell. 2, 20, 4.

**vitutus**, quasi-part. endowed with life, animated, u. potestas, Lucr. 3, 409, 558 and 680.

**vitux**, acis, adj. tenacious of life, long-lived, matrem, Hor. s. 2, 1, 53; vitux heres, 2, 2, 132; cerui, Verg. B. 7, 30; apium, Hor. od. 1, 36, 16; arundo cum sit vitux-sima, Colum. 4, 32; gratia, Hor. A. P. 68; vitux, Ov. Pont. 4, 8, 47; **2** full of life, lively, vivacious, vigorosus, solo, Ov. M. 1, 420; cursu, Gell. 5, 2, 4; discipuli, Quint. 2, 6, 3; **3** adv. vituxiter, Fulg. myth. pr. 1 med.; vituxus, Prud. Sym. 2, 332.

**vitux?** adv. see vitux.

**Viventini**, m. pl. the inhabitants of a town (Vinentum?) in Umbria, Plin. 3, 114.

**vitueria**, ae, f. [a redupl. of vitra = ciconia- of conia-; and this vitra or vitra- uer-ae (a dim. of fur- a thief) = Fr. fur-et, Eng. ferret-; cf. also fur-o of Low Latia] a ferret, Plin. 8, 218; 11, 261; 30, 47.

**vituerarium**, i, adj. n. as sb. a ferret-cage, *γαιεργα*, vituerarium, vitucellarium, Gloss.

**vit-esco**, ēre, vb. become alive, Lucr. 4, 1065 and 1138; Plin. 9, 161; 16, 93; 17, 59.

**vitucōmbar-ium**, i, n. burning alive, Tert. anim. 1 f. and 33 med.

**vit-uidus**, adj. [vit- vb.] full of life, animated, vituida vis animi perieuit, Lucr. 1, 72; vituida tellus Tuto res teneras effert in luminis oras, 1, 178; non vituida bello Dextra iuris, Verg. 10, 609; **2** as if living, Vituis adine uolunt vituida eora tenet, Mart. 7, 44, 2; **3** met. odia, Tac. an. 15, 49; eloquentiam, 1, 43; 2; vituidusque merum, Mart. 8, 6, 12; **4** adv. vituidus, Gell. 7, 3, 53; Amm. 30, 1, 7.

**vitificatio**, ōnis, f. making alive, Tert. resur. 28 f.; Mare. 5, 9.

**vitificator**, ōnis, m. one who makes alive, vivifier, Tert. resur. 37 med.; Mare. 2, 9.

**vitificatrix**, icis, f. the same, Prosp. Av. Inq. agrat. 21.

**vitifico**, āre, vb. [vitifico- adj.] make to live, vivify, Avien. Ar. 500; Prud. ap. 234.

**vitificus**, adj. causing to live, vivifying, Amm. 21, 1, 8; Apul. Trism.

**vitiparus**, adj. viviparous, Apul. ap. p. 298.

**vitiradix**, icis, adj. having a living root, hence as sb. (m. or f.) a young plant with a root as opposed to a slip or cutting, Cato r. 373; Cic. sen. 52; Varr. r. 1, 35, 1; Colum. 3, 14; Plin. 37, 170.

**vituisco**, see vituisco.

**Vituius**, see Vituius.

**vituo**, vituere, vixi, vituere, vb. [see below] first, live (on), eat, but with abl., lacte atque pecore vituere, Caes. b. g. 4, 1, 8; piscibus atque ovibus vituere existimant, 4, 10, 5; prius se cortice ex arboribus vituere quos Pompeius e manibus dimissuros, b. c. 3, 49, 2; vitui siliquis et pane secundo, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 123; vituere rapti, Verg. 7, 749; **2** hence live, C. Eho in tua uxor quid agit? M. Imortalis est, vitui vituerequies, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 17; si ad centesimum annum vituisset, Cic. sen. 19; **3** of plants, vituere vitum et mori dicimus, Cic. fin. 5, 39; vituereque arboribus stolonibus vituere, Plin. 17, 67; **4** of fire, bene vituere ignes, Ov. F. 3, 427; Vituere extinctum cinerem si sulphure tangas, Vituere et minimo maximum ignis erit, rem. am. 7, 32; **5** live to some purpose, live so as to enjoy life, prope ut vituere pueras quas sinit vituere ludere et cantare et Veneris tenere bigas, Varr. s. 117, 4 R; quod me cohortaris ad laborem, faciam equidem, sed quando vituere? Cic. O. fr. 3, 1, 4; Laetiusque debet eni licet in diem Dixisse Vixi, Hor. od. 3, 29, 43; esse debere frui patrimonio,

hoc est vivere, Sen. ep. 123, 10; Catul. 5, 1; Mart. 1, 103, 12; 1, 15, 11; 6. be. Virtute dixit nos victores vivere Non ambitione neque peridia, Pl. Amph. pr. 75; O popularis requis me hodie vivit fortunatio? Ter. Eun. 5, 8, 1; Set tu insula male et molesta vivis, Catul. 10, 33; ego vivo miserum et maximo dolore conficior, Cic. Att. 3, 5; nempe tuberos Vivet in terris te siquis avarius vivo, Hor. ep. 2, 2, 157; 7. met. live, tacitum vivit sub pectore volnus, Verg. 4, 67; aliter ultimam vivitque tegendo, G. 3, 454; 8. esp. live in the memory of others, Fabitur hoc aliquid Mea semper gloria vivet, Cic. ap. Gell. 15, 6, 3; Vivent facta duces oporosaque gloria rerum, Alb. 1, 205; Hor. od. 2, 2, 5; Ov. tr. 1, 7, 25; 9. special formulae, vivit, he has lived, he is no more, a euphemism for death, modum vivisse aiant, Pl. Most. 4, 3, 10; 10. in imper. and subj. pres. of a farewell adieu, vivite silvae, Verg. B. 9, 58; at times in anger, Cum suis vivat valeant moechis, Catul. 11, 17; 11. ita vivam ut, or si, ne vivam si, or, ita vivam parenthetically, Quis hoc putaret praeter me? Nam (ita vivam) putavi, Cic. fam. 2, 13, 3; ita vivam ut maximus sumptus facio, Att. 5, 15, 2; sollicitat (ita vivam) me tua valetudo, fam. 16, 20; quid poteris, iniquis, pro his dicere? Ne vivam si scio, Att. 4, 16, 8; 12. si vivo, if I live, in threats, Pl. Cas. 1, 1, 27 and Pl. 5, 2, 26; Ter. Eun. 5, 5, 20; 13. with a cogn. acc., quo tantum esse vitam uno praesi hoc victurus esse arbitrantur, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 118; Adeone erat stultus ut illam quam tum ille vivebat vitam esse arbitretur? Clu. 170; 14. hence with nom. of time, as pass. pers., vixi Annos bis centum, nunc terga vivitur actas, Ov. M. 12, 187; 15. as pass. impers., Negat Epieurus incunde posse vivi nisi cum virtute vivat, Cic. Tusc. 3, 49; Vivitur parvo bene cum paternum, Hor. od. 2, 16, 13; 16. vixit for vivisset, Verg. 11, 118; 17. vivo is only a corruption of vescor; hence in Fr. vivre had vescu for its part, and still has vescu; hence too it takes an abl. in its first sense. Note too that the e reappears in vixi vixtus victurus. At the same time vivat vese- as standing for vivat vese- and vese- are one with *vese*-vb. and sb. = *vese*-x. The *vese*-be-ang. eat habitually, Gen. 3, 18, also live, from bi, 'best' exhibits the word.

**vivus**, adv. [vivi-vb., cf. parvus from pare-] alive, rogus Fabium ut et patrem et filium vivos comburat, Cic. fam. 1, 2, 6; quam leges duo ex una familia vivo utroque magistratus erari viderent, Caes. b. g. 7, 33, 3; 2. of vegetable life, Vivagae per flumina procreavit surgit arundo, Ov. M. 13, 894; vivum sepe, Colum. 11, 3, 3; 3. of other things, lucernae, Hor. od. 3, 21, 23; lapides (flint, as giving out sparks), Plin. 36, 138; flum (made of asbestos and so resisting fire), 19, 19; 4. esp. of things still in their native condition, and so conceived as still growing, and opposed to the artificial, native, vivioque sedita saxo, Verg. 1, 167; Antra subit topis laqueata et punice vivo, Ov. F. 2, 315; vivioe calci aquam infunde, ferubet, Sen. N. Q. 3, 24, 4; vivio effoditur (sulphur), Plin. 35, 175; speluncae vivioe laevis, Verg. G. 2, 409; fons unde funditur e terra aqua viva, Varr. l. p. 128 Sp.; cf. Sen. N. Q. 3, 7, 3; 5. for religious uses such (native) water alone was available, 'I meum' dixit 'aus ne quid pia sacra mortuor, Et tenuem vivis fontibus adferam', Ov. F. 2, 250; ad 4, 778; quidnam tu parvas incestae sacrificium Diauae facere? quia tu ante vivo perfunderis flumine? Liv. 1, 45, 0; Attrahere nefas donec me flumine vivo Abhoro, Verg. 2, 719; 6. living (to the eye), of works of art, vivos de marmore volnus, Verg. 6, 848; Vidi artes neterumque manus utrilisque metalla viva modis, Stat. silv. 1, 3, 47; 7. living in memory, cuius facta viva nunc vivunt, Naev. 109 R; 8. vivus animus, Plin. ep. 8, 6, 17, sensitive; 9. viva vox, living speech as opposed to what is written, whence our viva voce, Cic. agr. 2, 4; Sen. ep. 6, 5; 33, 9; una illa ut dicitur vox alit plenus, Quint. 2, 2, 8; multo magis ut vulgo dicitur viva vox adfectu, Plin. ep. 3, 2, 9; 10. as sb. n. what is living, the quick, extrema pars vivio ad vivum rescatur, Colum. 6, 12, 3; vivum facere erudere uno tenus, 4, 24; met. hoc primum sensu, nisi in bonis amicitiam esse non posse, neque id ad vivum rescere, Cic. am. 18; 11. by a strong met., from the same idea,

capital opposed to profits, as the living flesh to what has no feeling (callous, nail), de vivo igitur aliquid erat resuscitandum ut esset unde Aprolio hoc corollarium nummorum adderetur, Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 118; dat de lucro, nihil detraxit de vivo, Flac. 91.

**vix**, adv. [see below] with a great effort, with difficulty, hardly, vix me continuo quin in molem Monstro in capillum, Ter. Eun. 5, 2, 20; erant omnino thera duo, unum angustum et difficile, vix qua singuli curi decerant, Caes. b. g. 1, 6, 1; ego tunc alit accusando vix inlecebre, sed tamen tunc, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 2, 2; vix with little to spare, scarcely, ex hominum milibus sexaginta vix alit quingentos sese redactos esse dixerunt, Caes. b. g. 2, 28, 2; carere vix carere dignus, Lucil. ap. Don. ad Ter. Eun. 3, 2, 19; 3. hence often followed by *sedum*, much less, Cic. fam. 16, 8, 2; Liv. 24, 4, 1; 4. often of time, followed by cum, vix agmen novissimum extra munitiones processerat cum ..., Caes. b. g. 6, 8, 1; vix erat hoc plane imperium, cum ..., Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 4, 80; or without cum, Vividum diu dixeram, intellexerat, Ter. Ph. 4, 2, 4; 5. and in poets with et or quae, Vix primos iniqua quies laxaverat ausus, Et supereminibus ..., Verg. 5, 857; Stat. Th. 5, 263; vividum ignea montem Torsit hians, inane Eous cinis induit mibes, Val. F. 4, 509; 6. vix = *motus*, prob. akin to vi- and *via* (= *via*-x) force.

**vix-dum**, adv. scarcely yet, scarcely, see vix and dum. **vixet**, = *vixisset*, see vix 10.

**ulceratio**, or *hule*, *onis*, f. [ulcera- vb.] ulceration, hence a sore, an ulcer, gingivatum ulcerationem (so 3, al. ulcerationes), Plin. 34, 115; ulcerationes vulnera, Sen. dial. 2, 6, 3.

**ulcero**, are, vb. [ulcus, sb.] make sore, cause to ulcerate, ulcerato serpentis morsa Philecta, Cic. fat. 36; Mantia cui lumbos onere ulcerat, Hor. s. 1, 6, 106; met. of love, Non ancilla tuum ulcer ulcerat illa, ep. 1, 18, 72; cf. 2 of

**ulcër-ösus**, adj. [ul.] full of sores, facies, Tac. an. 4, 57; of trees, Plin. 17, 106; 2. met. incur, as the seat of lust, Hor. od. 1, 25, 15.

**ulcisco**, vb. [see ulciscor] avenge. Nisi patrem matrem sanguine exandante ulciscerem, Enn. tr. 184 V. or 134 R; 2. hence ulciscor as a pass., be punished or avenged, quicquid sine sanguine quibus ulcisci acquirat, Sal. Jug. 31, 8 Kr.; quae deinde repetitae et ulcisci fas sit, Liv. 5, 49, 3; 3. hence ultus, a part. pass., ob iras graniter ultus, Liv. 2, 17, 7; quam lege quod occidit ultus Ipse sua, Val. F. 4, 753.

**ulciscor**, -isci, ultus, vb. r. [ulc=ulc=ulc of nullo + ec] lit. tear for oneself—hence punish for one's satisfaction, take vengeance on, first with acc. of person punished, Ego pol te pro istis dactis et factis seculis Veleiscar, Ter. Eun. 5, 4, 20; quos ego, si nullo modo fieri possit, non tam ulcisci studeo quam sanare sibi ipsos, Cic. Cat. 2, 17; conuiscisse deos quos pro scelere coram ulcisci ultus, his secundarios interitum res concedere, Caes. b. g. 1, 14, 5; metos acerbus ulcisci voluit, Sal. Jug. 42, 4; 2. avenge, take one's revenge for, with acc. of wrong which calls for vengeance, senis iracundiam, Ter. Ph. 1, 4, 12; iniuriam, Cic. Verr. 1, 1, 72; nefarium scelus, 2, 1, 68; patrum mortem, Rab. perd. 14; iniurias, Caes. b. g. 1, 12, 7; Sal. Jug. 68, 1; regum libidines, Hor. od. 4, 12, 8; Androgii necem, Ov. M. 7, 448; 3. avenge the cause of, take vengeance for, with acc. of person avenged, quos postea tradiderunt patris ulciscendi causa supplicium de matre sumposse, Cic. Rose. Am. 66; arma quibus te ulcisci lacessitus (possis), or, 1, 32; eademem Veleisci patrum, Verg. 2, 575; ulcisci nomen utrumque paro, Ov. F. 5, 574; caesos fratres, Ov. M. 12, 603.

**ulcus**, or *hule*, *onis*, n. [ulc=ulc, sb. n.] orig. a medical term introduced by physicians as being Greeks, a sore, ulcer, abscess, suppuration, whether open or not. Et sanal ulceribus quasi inustis omne rubere Corpus, Lucr. 6, 1160; eadem fere crustas ulceribus inducunt, Cels. 5, p. 103, 25 P; Non tamen illa magis praesens fortuna laborant, Quam si quis ferro potuit rescindere summum Veleis os: altius vitium vivitque tegendo, Verg. G. 3, 454;

t-nero latet ulcus in ore Putre, Pers. 3, 113; ulceribus non maturascentibus (circumiluitur laser), Plin. 22, 103; semen (myrti) ulcera difficilia sanat, 23, 150; **2.** strictly distinguished from noluus, the latter being limited to damage from without, thus Celsus 5, c. 26: genera in quibus noxa corpori est...quinque sunt; and then he gives for the first, quum quid extrinsecus laesit ut in uulneribus; so also to end of c. 27. But c. 28 begins: ab his quae extrinsecus incedunt, ad ea ueniendum est quae interior...nascuntur; and the chapter is devoted to ulcera of internal origin, as carbuncle, cancer etc.; still a wound is often followed by suppuration, hence of Philoetates' wound, ulcus esse tectum et clausum malignitatem, nuluus patentem; cf. Iamian alimior: conficit animam Vis uulneris, ulceris aestus, Att. Philoct. 565 R; **3.** yet a poet may take a liberty, as Vergil above § 1, who speaking of a latent ulcer first says ulceris us and soon after ad uulnera of the same;

**4.** met., Quid minus utile fuit quam hoc uleus tangere Aut nominare uxorem? Ter. Ph. 4, 4, 9. this sore place; horum quicquid attigeris, uleus est, rotten, unsound in argument, Cic. N. D. 1, 104; cf. dom. 12; in Ov. tr. 3, 11, 63 the reading is now altered; **5.** met. of a quarry, as if the earth were a living body, Plin. 36, 125; of love, Lucr. 4, 1068.

**ulcus-culum**, i, n. a little sore or ulcer, Cels. 5, p. 228, 16 P; Sen. ep. 72, 5; Plin. 28, 250.

**ulex**, icis, m. a plant, fossae (for gold washing) sternuntur ulex, frutex est roris marini (rosemary) similis, asper aurumque retinens, Plin. 33, 76; ulex siccatos (so β. al. siccatos) uritur et cinis eius lauat substrato caespite herboso ut sidat aurum, 33, 77.

**uligin-ösus**, adj. [uligo f.] swampy, locus, Varr. r. 1, 6, 6; cupile, 2, 3, 6; terra, Plin. 17, 33; campi, Colum. 2, 4, 3; uiscera, Arnob. 1, 30 of dropsy.

**uligo**, ius, f. [perh. for in-ili-go from a root ul, cf. un-esco, ubi etc.] moisture, wet, ea uligo lanam corrumpit onium, Varr. r. 2, 2, 7; At quae pinguis inunus dulcique fuligine haeta, Verg. G. 2, 184; Pomptini fuligine campi, Sil. 8, 381; Arnob. 1, 6, 16.

**Vlixēs**, is, or i, m. Latin form of Gk. name Ὀδυσσεύς, Enn. tr. 138 R; An ego Vlixem obliuiscar (pron. obliiscar) unquam aut quemquam praeponi celum? Att. 497 R; Tu quoque Vlixes quamquam grauior Nerium letum, Paen. 259 R; Tydides sed enim sediturque inuener Vlixes, Verg. 2, 164; **2.** gen. Vlixei or Vlixi, proles patientis Vlixei, Hor. ep. 1, 7, 40; Ithacensis Vlixei, 1, 6, 63; or Vlixici, Laboriosi remiges Vlixci, epod. 17, 16; Nec cursus duplicis per mare Vlixci, od. 1, 6, 7; acc. Vlixem, s. 2, 3, 107; and ep. 1, 2, 18; **3.** Vlixici, adj. of Vlixes, peregrinato, Apul. M. 2.

**ulag-eris**, e, adj. [ulx-form of olla-ris, from ollag-, old form of olla] of pottery, terminus coctus testatus (= testaceus) ulag-eris dicitur, Latin. gramat. Lachm. p. 306, 21; cf. Rudorff, n. p. 273.

**ullus**, adj. dim. [i.e. un-ullus = unus: nullum: unum] any (itself a dim. of an), like quisquam used only in negative, interrogative and conditional sentences, but only with a sb., whereas quisquam is rather a sb. itself; first negative, omnino nemo ullius rei fuit emptor cui deferret hic uenditor, Cic. Phil. 2, 97; neque ullum ullum (signum reliquit) praeter unum percutus ligneum, Verr. 2, 4, 7; aditus omnis sine ulla facultate nauium clausus est, 2, 5, 6; non potes eum sine ulla intemperante accusare, Caecil. 60; **2.** interrogative, num censes ullum animal quod sanguinem habeat sine corde esse posse? Cic. din. 1, 119; e-t ergo ulla res tanti aut commodum ullum tam expectandum ut auri boni et splendorem et nomen amittat? off. 3, 82;

**3.** conditional, si ullo modo est ut possit, Ter. Hee. 4, 1, 102; si ulla mea apud te commendatio ualuit, haec ut ualeat rogo, Cic. fam. 13, 40; Qui diu amnes ulli rum-puntur fontibus...Stagna colit, Verg. G. 3, 428; Nam scelus intra se traxit qui cogitat ullum facti crimen habet, Inv. 13, 209; **4.** the negative idea exists, though slightly concealed, in phrases like: Ita fastibus sum mollior miser magis quam ullus cinacrus, Pl. Aul. 3, 2, 8; illum seriem (uenerum) cum alia iungentes ultra quam ullus

spiritus durare possit extendunt, Quint. 8, 2, 17; **5.** gen. ullius, but in poets may be ullius, unum optime regnum Adicias, nec te ullius uiolentia uincat, Verg. 11, 354; Non habet in nobis ullius ira locum, Ov. tr. 5, 6, 34; **6.** in old lang. a gen. ulli was retained, Itane erubuit? quasi uero corpori reliqueris Tuo potestatem coloris ulli capiendi mala, Pl. Truc. 2, 2, 38; nec corporis ulli Sudentata cadunt robustis uiribus (so a, but β. ullis...robustis), Lucil. Act. 208; but in Lucr. 1, 687 the reading is ulli rei, not ullae rei.

**ulmānus**, adj. [ulmo- sb.] of elms? pagus ulmanus, a district so called, some seven miles from Rome, Iusur. Or. 111.

**ulmārium**, ii, a, ij. n. as sb. a plantation of elms, Plin. 17, 76.

**ulmētum**, i, n. the same, πτελεων, ὁ τοπος, ulmetum, Gloss. Phil.

**ulmeus**, adj. of elm, u. frons, Colum. 6, 3, 6; u. cena, dishes of food in wood for teaching how to carve, Inv. 11, 141; **2.** esp. in reference to elm-rods for flogging slaves, u. uirgae, Pl. ap. Serv. ad A. 1, 478; u. uirgidentia, Rud. 3, 2, 22; Quem Apelles ac Zeuxis duo pigmentis pingent ulmeis, Epilid. 5, 1, 20; Mihi ubique interminastis nos futuros ulmeos, As. 2, 2, 96.

**ulmitrība**, ae, m. [ulmo + trib, i.e. ter-ib, a secondary form of ter-, rub, whence triui, tritum and trib-ulum, preserved in Gk. τριβ-; and so not a hybrid] one who wears out whole elms from being constantly flogged, S. Etiam dicis ubi est uenefice? P. Hauscio inquam ulmitrība tu, Pl. Pers. 2, 4, 7.

**ulmus**, i, f. elm-tree, elm, Plin. 16, 72 and 218; 17, 76; Colum. 5, 6; **2.** esp. as used for training vines, ulmeque adinungere uites, Verg. G. 1, 2; amicta nitibus ulmo, Hor. ep. 1, 16, 3; ulmosque Falernas, as having Falernian vines trained up them, Iuv. 6, 150; **3.** in reference to use as rods, regitas, ulmorum Achernas? Pl. Amph. 4, 2, 9; see ulmeus and ulmitrība; **4.** Fr. ornae.

**ul-na**, ae, f. [=ωλεν] the root ul or el, seen in our elbow, Gern. el-bogen, as also in our ell as a measure] the ulna or larger bone of the forearm of which the elbow forms part, Plin. 11, 243; **2.** fore-arm, arm, nec sapit pueri instar Euaui tremula patris dormientis in ulna, Catul. 17, 13; corpusculi meo nulli carius ulnis Molibus attollo, Ov. M. 7, 847; Inuenit Eurydici cupidique amplectitur ulnis, 11, 63; **3.** as a measure, the length of the two outstretched arms, the Gk. οργαν, a fathom or six feet roughly, arboris eius crassitudo quattuor hominum ulnas complexitum implebat, Plin. 16, 202; and in § 203 (cedrus) crassitudinis ad trium hominum complexum; **4.** more commonly the distance from the elbow to the tip of the middle finger, a cubit or ell, Gk. πηχυς, cum bis trium ulnarum toga, Hor. epod. 4, 7; add Verg. G. 3, 355; and B. 3, 105; **5.** ulna = ωλεν, Goth. uleina, O. G. elina, Ital. alna, auna alla, O. Sp. alna, Sp. ana, Fr. aune, Eng. ell; and hence Gern. ellen-bogen, el-bogen, Eng. el-bow.

**ulphōnon**, i, n. = οὐλοφονον, a variety of the black chamaelon plant, fatal to young oxen, Plin. 22, 47; but bu-phnon is a proposed reading.

**Ulpianus**, e, adj. of Ulpian, i.e. the Emperor Trajan, flammii Ulpiani, Iusur. Or. 31, 35.

**Ulpianus**, adj. the same, Imp. Nerae Traian. Aug.... nomine puerorum puellarumque Ulpianorum ex s. c. p., Iusur. Or. 3103 (A.D. 101); i.e. alimentarii of the Emperor;

**2.** a name of adoption, as of the lawyer Domitius V., Lamp. Sev. 15, 6; 26; 5; 31, 2 and 3; 51, 4; Spart. Pescen. 7, 4.

**ul-p-ic-um**, i, n. [ul = al, garlic] a kind of African leek, plenior Alli ulpicique quam Romani remiges, Pl. Poen. 5, 5, 35; Cato r. 71; Alliaque infractis spicis et olentia late Ulpici, quaeque..., Colum. 10, 113; ulpicum quod quidam allium panicum uocant, Graeci autem αψροκαροδον appellant, 11, 3, 20; **2.** the Ital. upiglio wh. implies a dim. ulpiculum.

**Ulpianus**, m. a name of a gens, as of the Emperor Trajan and others, Capitol. Maxim. 2; Vopisc. Aur. 10, 2;

2. as adj. of Vipius, as V. forum, inser. Or. 1130 and 1183; Capitol. M. Ant. Ph. 22, 7, as built by Trajan; Basilica V., on a coin, Eckhel 6, 432; 3. hence Vipia as title of cities: Imp. Caesaris . . . L. Septimio Seneca r. p. sua Vlp. (respublica sua Vlpia), inser. Or. 909 (A.D. 202 of Sarmizegetusa in Dacia); and Topirius of Thracia, *Οὐλπίας Τοπιρίου*, coin Eckhel 2, 47 b.

**ul-8**, prep. [ul = of yonder; the root of ille, von] beyond, w. acc., cum sacra et uls et eis Tiberim fiant, Varr. l. p. 88 Sp.; Oppius mons princeps Exquilis uls lucum facitale..., formula Aegurium ap. Varr. l. p. 55 (wh. Flor. ms. has exquilionis); uls Cato pro ultra posuit, Forb. 379 M; uiri constituti sunt eis Tiberim et uls Tiberim, Pomp. dig. l. 2, 2, § 31; intra citra ultra, singularibus apud ueteres syllabis ampolantibus in eis uls, Gell. 12. 13. 7;

2. cf. nl-s cit-ra ult-ro ult-rior ult-inus from hic, the t however being excrecent in ult for ol; but a substitute for u in cit for cen (ken).

**ult-erior**, *Gris*, adj. comp. [implies a form ult-erus, a comp. of ul or ol, see *uls* § 2] farther, beyond, on the other side. See *ecum incum*. *Quist*, *ulterior*? *Attat* *Phaedriac*.

Caes. b. g. 1, 7, 2; portus, 4, 23, 1; ripa, Verg. 6, 314;

2. of time, what lies beyond, what comes after, future, *semper et inuentis ulteriora petit*, Ov. am. 2, 9, 10; *ulteriora mirari, praesentia sequi*, Tac. h. 4, 8; *ut dum prox-*

**3.** adv. ulterius, further, Verg. 12, 938; Ov. M. 2, 871; Lucr. 10, 102.

1 **ultīmō**, adv. [ultimus] at last, Suet. Ner. 32 f.; Petr.

2 **ultimō**, āre, vb. [id.] approach one's end, Tert. Pall.  
1 f.

**ultimus**, see ultimus § 7.  
**ult-īmus**, older ultimus, adj. [superl. of ol, i.e. ille, 'this one, that one', substituted for ultimus as in ult. for

with excrecent 4. see ults § 2] yondermost, so to say, farthest, most distant, uttermost, extreme, of place, time or degree, first of place, ad eundem ipsum, quod extremum

atque ultimum mundi est, Cic. *diu.* 2, 91; ea minima (stella, i.e. the moon) quae ultima a caelo, citima terris lucebat aliona, *rep.* 6, 16; recessum primis ultimi non da-

2. of time, last, ultima

semper Expectanda dies homini, Ov. M. 3, 135; ultima  
uox...fuit...Heu frustra dilecte puer, 3, 490; Vitima quis  
taeuit iuuenum certamina Colchos, Lucil. Aetna 17; u. lapis.

as of a gravestone, Prop. 1, 17, 20; he dies aut parriedis  
aut tibi futurus ultimus, Curt. 5, 11, 9; u. ceræ, of a will,  
Mart. 1, 70, 21. **3** but in looking back from our present

biduo contini, Suet. Cal. 19; and met., Cie. off. 1, 56; am. 85; rep. 6, 9; 3. from the notion of going forward comes the idea of volunteering to do a thing, being the first to act in any matter, doing of one's own accord, spontaneously, not waiting for action on the other side but taking the offensive or initiative, ita putant Sibi fieri iniuriam ultro, si quam fecere ipsi exposules, ultro accusant, Ter. Ad. 4, 3, 4; O audaciam etiam ultro (so Bentley ex cod. reg., but qu. etiam ultro?) accusatum aduenit; Ph. 2, 3, 13; etiam ultro derisum aduenit, Eun. 5, 2, 21; (the pass. from the Aulularia 3, 5, 55 is spurious); nec mihi quidquam in montem venit optare quod non ultro mihi Caesar detulerit, Cie. fam. 4, 13, 2 (unasked, of his own motion); cum il quod antea petenti denegasset, ultro polliceretur, Caes. b. g. 1, 42, 2; quum rex ab Attalo et Rhodiis ultro se bello lacessitum diceret, Num Abdyeni quoque, inquit, ultro tibi intulerunt arma? Liv. 31, 18, 2; Entellus nris in ventum effudit et ultro... Concidit (of his own impulses, nullo impellente as Donatus adds), Verg. 5, 446; 4. of time, forthwith, at once, Haece Proteus et se iacta dedit aequor in altum... At non Cyrene, namque ultro adfata timentem, Verg. G. 4, 530; ultro Hortantem et fessas ad pabula nota vocantem, 4, 203; 5. as ultro grew out of an acc. ultro or ultro, the form ultro-ness is explained, and hiatus avoided in: Signidem his mihi ultro(n) aggerunda etimist aqua, Pl. Rud. 2, 5, 27 (wh. Ritschl, neue Pl. exc. 82, suggests ultrod); 6. often wrongly derived from uolo.

**ultroneitas**, atis, f. [ultroneus] freewill, Fulg. myth. 3, 61.

**ultroneus**, adj. [ultra, or prob. a lost ultro, see ultro § 5] of one's own motion, voluntary, spontaneous, ultro iussu aultronei? Sen. N. Q. 2, 50, 8 (if genuine); u. exilium, Apul. M. 1, p. 111.

**ultrorsum**, adv. for ultro-norsum, forward, Sulp. Sev. h. sacr. 2, 20 med.

**ultrō-tributum**, i, better as two words ultro tributum, n. a voluntary contribution, a benevolence, techn. a contribution of the municipia towards the state expenditure, claimed in the end as a legal due, and so farmed out through the censors etc., quibus locis ex lege locationis, quam censor aliusque quis magistratus publicis ueti-galibus ultrone tributus fructibus tuende iussu dedit dixerit, eis... Lex Iulia Municip. CIL 206 (p. c. 45); ueti-galia summis pretiis, ultro tributa infimis locauerunt, Liv. 39, 44, 8; quae publica ueti-galia ultro tributa C. Claudius et T. Sempronius locauerunt, ea rata locatio ne esset, the words of a rogatio ap. Liv. 43, 16, 7; quinto quoque anno ueti-galia et ultro tributa per censes persoluebantur, Varr. l. 6, 2, p. 193 Sp.; met., uirtus saepius est in ultro tributa, Sen. ben. 4, 1, 2; Dict. of Antiq. on this head wholly wrong.

**ultus**, part. of ulcisco and ulcisor.

**ulua**, ae, f. marsh weeds generally, circum saliceta (euellito) herbam altam uluamque, Cato r. 37, 2, copied by Plin. 17, 55; Limosaeque lacu per noctem obscurus in ulua Delitio, Verg. 2, 135; Nam Laurens (aper) malus est uluis et arundine pinguis, Hor. s. 2, 4, 42; glauca n., Verg. 6, 415; uiridis, B. 8, 87; add Ov. M. 4, 209; 6, 345; 8, 339; Colum. 4, 13, 2; 2. perh. one in origin with alga.

**Viūbrae**, ūrum, f. pl. a deserted town of Latium near Velitrae, Cie. fam. 7, 18, 3; quod petis hic est, Est Viūbris, animis si te non deficit aequus, Hor. ep. 1, 21, 20; uasa minora Frangere pannosus uacuis additis Viūbris, Liv. 102; also a sing., Viūbra oppidum a triumiris erat deducta (colonia), lib. colon. Laetum. p. 239, 1; see also

**Viūbrānus**, adj. of Viūbra, Quid fuit populo Viūbrano, si tu statueris πολυειδὲς ὄντα non oportere? Cie. fam. 7, 12, 2.

**Viūbrensis**, e, adj. of Viūbrae, Plin. 3, 64.

**ulūcus**, i, m. an owl, uluācus, ἀνὸς τοῦ ὀλὺκεν, quas uulgo ulucos uocant, Serv. ad Verg. B. 8, 55; 2. = Sansk. ulūkā; 3. see also alucens and

**ulūla**, ae, f. [see below] an owl, Ἐρτάντ ἐγγυμν ὀλὺλα, sit Tityrus Orpheus, Verg. B. 8, 55; nocturnae aues ut nocturnae bubo ulūlae, Plin. 10, 34; 2. prov. (homines)

cum peius formidant quam fullo (a kind of beetle) ululam, Varr. s. 223, 2 R; 3. mimetic from bird's note, see Pl. Men. 4, 2, 90; old Germ. uwila or ūla, Germ. eule, owl. See also alucens.

**ulūlab-ilis**, e, adj. [ulula- vb.] howling, wailing, plan-gor, Apul. M. p. 143; uox, 5, p. 161; clamor, Anni. 24, 1, 7. **ulūlāmen**, inis, n. [id.] the same, Prud. cath. 10, 122. **ulūlātio**, ōnis, f. [id.] the same, inscr. Grut. 705, 11 and 12.

**ulūlātus**, ūs, m. [id.] hurrayng, a shrill outcry, crying hurrah or huzzza, suo more uictoriam clamantem atque ululatum tollunt, Caes. b. g. 5, 37, 3; add 7, 80, 4; Vbi sacra sancta (maenades) acutis ulūlātibus agitant, Catul. 63, 24; Liber adest festisque fremunt ululātibus agri, Ov. M. 3, 528; uictorque ululatus aderrat Auribus, Stat. Th. 9, 177; 2. a cry of grief, howling, wailing, Lamentis gemituque et femine ululatu Tecta fremant, Verg. 4, 667.

**ulūlo**, āre, vb. howl, wail, yell, including all loud noises, as first of animals, si quando uincis uenatica ulox (uiss ueneno) Apta solet si forte feras ea (uiss et, omitting feras) nare sagaei Sensit, uoce sua nectit (neciat?) ululatque, Eunn. an. 346 V; uisneque eanes ululāre per umbram, Verg. 6, 257; and of wolves, 7, 18 and G. 1, 456; simulacra ululare ferarum, Ov. M. 4, 404; 2. of supernatural beings and generally of evil import, summoque ulularunt uertice nymphae. Ille dies primus leti... causa fuit, Verg. 4, 168; Pronuba Tisiphone thalamis ululuit in illis, Ov. her. 2, 117; ululasse per agros Deformes animas, F. 2, 553; 3. of the shrill voices of women and eunuchs, plan-goribus aedes Femine ululant, Verg. 2, 487 (where note the personification of aedes; so also ripae, Sil. 6, 285; Dindyma, Claud. rapt. Pros. 2, 209); Thiasus (chorus of dancing Galli) repente linguis trepidantibus ululat, Catul. 63, 28; Sanguinei populus ulularunt tristia Galli, Lucan. 1, 567; add Mart. 5, 41, 3; 4. but also of men, hurrah (for victory), laetis ululare triumphis, Lucan. 6, 261; cf. ululatus m.; II 5. as vb. trans. in various senses, wail over, orbatam ciuium orbem, Prud. Ham. 462; proelia ululata (or ululanda), Stat. Th. 9, 724; 6. invoke with howling, Hecate ululata, Verg. 4, 609; Lucina ululata, Stat. Th. 3, 158; 7. fill with howling, hence ululata tellus, Val. F. 4, 608; inga, Stat. silu. 1, 3, 85; antra, Th. 1, 328; III 8. ululare, a mimetic word, = lt. urlare, Fr. hurler; and akin to our howl, hurrah, huzzza.

**ulūosus**, adj. [ulua] full of marsh weeds, uula, Sid. carn. 7, 324; uluosus Lambrum, ep. 1, 5 med.

**umbella**, ae, f. dim. [for umber-ula from umbra] a parasol, Umbellam Insciae Lydye feras dominare, Mart. 11, 73, 6; Iuv. 9, 50; Mart. lemma of 14, 28, wh. text has umbracula.

1 **Umbēr**, bra, brum, adj. of Umbria, Umbrian, Vmbri-cus (i.e. Siculus et Liburnus) expulser, hos Etruria, haec Galli. Vmbrorum gens antiquissima Italiae existatur, Plin. 3, 112; porcus, Catul. 9, 11; aper, Stat. silu. 2, 4, 4; maritus, Ov. a. a. 3, 303; 8. Nec mi umbrast usquam, nisi si in puteo quaequam. T. Quid, Sarsinatis equast si Vmbro non habes? Pl. (punning) Most. 3, 2, 83;

2. a kind of dog for the chase, Verg. 12, 752; Sen. Thy. 497; Val. F. 6, 420; Sid. 3, 295; Grat. ep. 171.

2 **umbēr**, bri, m. [see below] a mongrel, a hybrid, non maxime absumile pecori genus musmonum... quorum e genere et ouibus natos prisci umbrōs uocant, Plin. 8, 190; inuārum ἡμιονος προβατον, Gloss. Philox.; but **umbrās**, which Forc. quotes as meaning hybrida, seems to have no existence; a neuter **ουμβρα**, the young of wild animals, is given in a gloss. 2. prob. one with ἡμιονο- and akin to hybrida.

**umbilicāris**, e, adj. [umbilico m.] of the navel, umbilical, uernus u., the n. cord, Tert. car. Chr. 20 med.

**umbilicātus**, quasi-part. [id.] provided with a navel-cord, est autem semen (palmae), Plin. 13, 32.

**umbilicus**, i, m. [see below] lit. a little knob—hence navel, commune omnibus est umbilicem indecore pro-nere, Cels. 7, c. 14 which treats de umbilici uitis; and 6, c. 17; uenarum in umbilico nodus, Plin. 11, 220; acer sep-

tentio adeo nudanerat uada ut alibi umbilico tenuis aqua esset, alibi genus uix superaret, *liv.* 26, 45, 8; **2.** metl. Dies (pron. jēus) quidem iam ad umbilicum dimidiatus mortuos, *Pl. Men.* 1, 2, 45; esp. of Delphi as the navel, so to say, of the world, Sanctae Apollo qui umbilicum certum terrarum obtines, *trag. inc.* 18 R (so ap. Varr., *obsides* ap. *Cic. din.* 2, 115); Delphos umbilicum orbis terrarum, *liv.* 38, 48, 2; add 41, 23, 13; qui loquit (Henn) umbilicus Siciliae nominatur, *Cic. Verr.* 2, 4, 106; Aetolos qui umbilicum Graeciae incolerent, *liv.* 35, 18, 4; Cutiline lacum Italiae umbilicum esse M. Varro tradit, *Plin.* 3, 109; **3.** the projecting knob of the stick round which ancient books (volumina) were rolled, which was often ornamented, *chartae regiae, noui libri, Nouei umbilici, lora rubra, membrana Derecta plumbo, Catul.* 22, 7; *Iambos* Ad umbilicum adducere, to finish (as the volume was only then attached to the n.), *Hor. epod.* 14, 7; Ohe iam satis est ole libelle, iam peruenimus usque ad umbilicos, *Mart.* 4, 91, 2 as closing his 4th book; Nec umbilicus quod decoris et cedro, *S.* 61, 4; add 1, 66, 11; 2, 6, 11; 3, 2, 9; 5, 6, 15;

**4.** in plants, an eye, like the Fr. *nombril*, as of the lupine, *Plin.* 18, 130; of the nut poutica, 15, 89; of the persicum durumum, *Pall.* 12, 7, 8; **5.** the gnomon of a sundial, in hoc caeli circumplexu (so βῆμα) aequinoctii die medio umbilicus, quem gnomonem uocant, vii pedes longus umbram non amplius iv pedes longam reddit, *Pl.* 6, 212; add 2, 182; **6.** a sort of fish, perh. the gastropod ombrelle of Cuvier, solet narrare Scaecula conchus eos (Laelium cum Scipione) et umbilicos legere consueisse, *Cic. or.* 2, 22; constat eos (the same) conchulas et umbilicos lectitasse, *Val. M.* 8, 8, 1; add *Aur. Vict.* 3; **7.** umbilicus, ομφαλός, umbo, are compressed from ομφαλός ομφαλός onubo, whence the decapitated Gerin, *nabel, Eng.* 'navel'; but an initial guttural has been lost as in *or-oua*, nomen for γομφα gnomon for γομφα gnosco. Thus our knob (for kn-ob) is represented in the assumed Lat. onub-; and the Scotch kn'-ub-lock (Jamieson), a little knob=on-ub-ilic- and *or-ep-a-v-α(χ)*. See *umbr* anis infra infula as examples of compression; hence Fr. *nombril* as a substitute for *onub-til* from root of *umbo*; cf. *Dell's J.* of *Educa.* 4, 356.

**umbo**, ōnis, m., a small knob or boss, esp. of a shield, of which it formed the strongest part. Et summo elipei (telum Priami) nequiquam umbone percipit, *Virg.* 2, 549; dixit telumque intorsit in hostem; Telum aliud super alio aliud figitque uolante Iugenti gyro; sed sustinet aureus umbo, 10, 884; **2.** projecting as it did, it was also available for offence, assurgente regem umbone resupinat, *liv.* 4, 19, 5; umbonibus incussaque ala sternuntur hostes, 9, 41, 18; ala deinde et umbone pulsantes (hostium aciem), 30, 34, 3;

**3.** hence metl., boss of elbow, as a weapon of offence, In turbam inciditis, emcos umbone repellit, *Mart.* 3, 46, 5; but in *Suet. Caes.* 68 f. *umbo* refers to the shield, τὸ θυρεὸν as *Plut. Caes.* 10 has it; **4.** the elbow of a mountain, esp. in *Statius*, as u. *Mallae*, *Ach.* 1, 408; *Isthmus* u., *Th.* 7, 15; u. maligni montis, *sil.* 3, 1, 110; **5.** of a gem, *Plin.* 37, 88; **6.** of a projecting boundary stone, *Stat. Th.* 6, 352; **7.** the knob in which the folds of the toga virilis were collected on the left shoulder, contracti umbonis, *Tert. Pall.* 5; candidus umbo, *Pers.* 5, 33; **8.** for onubo, of wh. on-ub=or-ix of *νύσσω* nudge, from a root on. See *umbilicus*.

**umbrā**, ae, f. [see below] shade, shadow. Immo edepol nero quom usquequaque umbrast, tamen Sol semper hic est usque a mani ad uesperum, *Pl. Most.* 3, 2, 79; illa (platanus), cuius umbram secutus est Socrates, *Cic. or.* 1, 28; Maioribus cadunt altis de montibus umbrae, *Virg.* B. 1, 84; **2.** in painting, the shaded parts, background, quam multa uident pictores in umbris et in euidentia quae nos non uidemus! *Cic. acad.* pr. 20; secula aetas huc (sile) ad lumina uisa est, ad umbras antum Seyricus, *Plin.* 33, 160; add 33, 163; 35, 29; also 127 and 131;

**3.** as a shade is form without substance, hence metl., a shadow as opposed to the real, Nihil amas, umbrā's amantem magis quam amator Plesticles, *Pl. Mil.* 3, 1, 31; neri iuris, *Cic. off.* 3, 69; τὸν καλόν, *Att.* 7, 11, 1; luxuriae,

*Mur.* 13; foederis aequi, *liv.* 8, 4, 2; pietatis, *Ov. M.* 9, 460;

**4.** shade as where little is seen, as opposed to what is before the public, retirement, studia, ut sic dixerim, in umbrā educata et quibus claritudo nescit quod inuentae tuae rudimentis adfuisse uideo, *Sen. ap. Tac.* an. 14, 53;

**5.** shade as the place for illness or easy work as opposed to hard work in the scorching sun, cedat forum castris, otium militariae, stilus pladio, umbrā soli, *Cic. Mur.* 30; dant tu... iuratis induis arma uiris, Nos Macer ignavae Venetis cessamus in umbrā, *Ov. am.* 2, 18, 3; esp. of rhetorical schools as opposed to the real work of the forum, Ad pugnam qui rhetorica descendit ab umbrā, *liv.* 7, 153;

**6.** see *umbraculum* and *umbratilis*; **7.** one who follows in the suite of a great man and would be thought nothing of but for him, his shadow as it were, in himself a nobody, cum Serulio Balatone Vibidius, quas Maeccenas adduxerat umbras, *Hor.* 8, 2, 28; locus est et pluribus umbris, *ep.* 1, 5, 28;

**8.** shade, as affording protection from the sun or else concealment, shadow in the sense of protection, shelter, cover, umbrā nostri auxilii tegi possumus, *liv.* 7, 30, 18; sub umbrā auxilii nostri latere uoluit, 32, 21, 31; In sunt qui quia clariorum munificentiae uelut solem ferre non possunt, umbrā magni nominis delitescent, *Quint.* 12, 10, 15; **9.** a sort of tent, made of branches, umbrāe uocantur Neptunialibus caeae frondene pro tabernaculis, *Fest.* p. 377 M; **10.** a ghost, a shade, in pl. shades, names, non ne uim inopia manique Tartara habent tristesque umbrae, *Virg.* 5, 734; Umbrarumque rogat rapta cum coniuge regem, *Ov. M.* 7, 249; cum temere facto mutatus in umbrā, *Vib.* 3, 2, 9;

**11.** a fish so called from its dark colour, says *Varr.* l. p. 82 Sp., prob. from *σκια* shadow, Fr. *ombre*, *salmio* *Thymallus* (in name but name alone one with *Gk.* *σκιάδεις*, *σκιαρα*, It. *ombria*, Germ. *Meer-schatten*), tum corporis umbrāe Iuuentis, *Ov. hal.* 111; acrosti gurgites pelagios melius pascunt ut amatas, umbrasque, *Coluin.* 8, 16, 8; Anson. *ibid.* 10, 90;

**12.** umbrā compressed from *umbrā* and so akin to *nub-ere*, *nub-ēs* and *nebula*, which is one with *νεφέλη* and Germ. *nebel*. Further *onub-* is prob. one with *orix*, the theoretic form whence *rex* of *rex* *rex* *rex*; see *nox*; and so eventually *fu*, prep. *ex* or in down. See also *umbilicus*, *umbrō*.

**umbrāc-ūlum**, i, n. dim. [umbrāc- = umbrā- vb.] that which shades, as a place shaded by trees, in illis ahorum umbraculis, *Cic. leg.* 5, ap. *Macer*, 8, 6, 4, 8; lottae tunc umbracula uites, *Virg.* B. 9, 42; add *Varr.* r. 1, 51, 2;

**2.** esp. as a resort of philosophers while instructing pupils, like the groves Academia and Lyceum, c. Theophrasti umbraculis, *Cic. Brut.* 37; esp. as opposed to the realities of life, ex umbraculis eruditorum, *leg.* 3, 14;

**3.** a parasol, Aurea pellebant tepidos umbracula soles, *Ov. P.* 2, 311; add a. a. 2, 209; *Mart.* 13, 28, 1.

**umbrālis**, e, adj. implied in the adv. *umbratiler*, as an immaterial being, *Aug.* ep. 37 f.

**umbrā-ticōl-a**, ae, m. or f. [umbratō- part.] one who lives in shady places, as afraid of the sun, a delicate dandy, *Pl. Truc.* 2, 7, 49. See

**umbrāt-icū**, adj. [umbrā- sb.] of the shade, esp. as opposed to the realities and dangers of out-door life, shade-loving, Quid ego nunc faciam? quid refert me fecisse regibus Vt mi obcederet, si hic me hodie umbraticus deriserit? says the braggart soldier, *Pl. Cure.* 4, 3, 24; u. negotia, *Gell.* 3, 1, 10; **2.** often of the schools (of philosophy), Epicurosum delicata et umbratica turba, *Sen. ben.* 4, 2, 1; scholasticus atque ut ai dicam umbraticus litteras, *Plin.* ep. 9, 2, 3; u. uita, *Quint.* 1, 2, 18; u. doctor, *Petr.* 2;

**umbrāt-ilis**, e, adj. [umbrā- vb. or sb.] of the shade, as shade-loving, mora, *Coluin.* 1, 2, 1; **2.** of the schools, uita, *Cic. Tusc.* 2, 27; exercitatio, or. 1, 157; oratio, *orat.* 64; **3.** adv. *umbratiler*, in a shadowy manner, *Sid.* ep. 2, 10.

**Umbria**, ae, adj. f. [Umbri] of the Umbri, terra V., *Gell.* 3, 2, 6; **2.** as sb. f. the country of the Umbri, Umbria, *Prop.* 1, 22, 9; 5, 1, 63; *Plin.* 3, 51; *Mart.* 7, 97, 2;

**Umbrius**, ii, m. name of a gens, as of an *hatus-pex*, *Tac. h.* 1, 27.

**Umbricus**, adj. of the Umbri, creta, Plin. 35, 106.  
**umbrifer**, a, um, adj. shade-bearing, shade-bringing, rupes, Varr. r. 2, 2, 11; nemus, Verg. 6, 473; platanus, Cic. din. 2, 63 in verse; 2. of the shades of the dead, linter, Albin. 1, 427; undae, Stat. Th. 8, 18; funus, 1, 57.

**Umbrinus**, i, m. [Umbri] a cognomen, prob. of adoption, C. Petronius V., inser. Grut. 200, 6.

1 **umbrō**, āre, vb. [umbrā- sb.] shade, Varr. s. 201 6 R (met.); Colum. 5, 7, 2; Plin. 37, 95 sss *βγ* (al. ombra-brante); Sil. 5, 488; 14, 24; Stat. silv. 4, 2, 30; Claud. Ruf. 2, 121.

2 **Umbro**, ōnis, m. a river of Etruria, implied in modern name Ombrose; 2. name of an Italian, Verg. 7, 752.

**umbrōsus**, adj. [umbrā- sb.] full of shade, first pass., shaded, shady, uallis, Verg. 3, 331; caucernae, S. 242; ripa, Hor. od. 3, 1, 23; tecta, Tib. 1, 4, 1; Sila (the river), Prop. 1, 20, 7; locum umbrōsorem, Cic. Q. fr. 3, 1, 3; umbrosissima, Sen. Q. 3, 11, 4; 2. act. shading, shady, n. caecumina fagos, Verg. B. 2, 3; arundo, A. S. 34; salices, Ov. F. 3, 17; fco folium maximum umbrōsissimamque, Plin. 16, 113.

**ūmeto**, (hum.) āre, vb. [ūmetus] in poetry only, lave, water, irrigate, as of rivers, Verg. G. 4, 120; Sil. 13, 85; 2. of tears, Et lacrimis salvis ūmetur ora genasque, Lucr. 1, 920; largoque ūmetat flumine uolunt, Verg. 1, 405; gutti-que ūmetat grandibus ora, 11, 90; ūmetat lacrimarum granina riuo, Ov. r. 9, 950; and absol., of eyes weeping, Plin. 10, 10; 11, 145; 3. of dew, Claud. rapt. Pros. 2, 121.

**ūmetus**, adj. (or rather part. of um-ese- or um-e-) wetted, wet, locus, Cato r. 6; Varr. r. 1, 24, 4; nentes humectio-nes, Macr. s. 7, 15, 12; mulier humectissimo est corpore, 7, 6, 17. In Lucr. 4, 632 lacrima, has umidulum...tenorem, not humectum; humectant is only a dittograph of humidam in Varr. l. p. 41 8p.

**ūmeficio**, (hum.) āre, vb. [ūme- vb.] make wet, wet, Lact. ira D. 10; hence part. ūmefactus, Plin. 3, 138.

**ūmeo**, ēre, vb. [ūmese-] be wet, Ov. F. 4, 140; M. 15, 269; hor. S. 64; esp. in part. ūmens, entis as adj., wet, moist, damp, labora, Verg. 7, 763; tellus, Ov. M. 1, 604; nares, Suet. Cl. 30; spongiae, Vesp. 10; terrae, Plin. pan. 30; and absol. Frigida pugnantibus calidis, ūmentia siccis, Ov. M. 1, 169; 2. esp. of night dews, umbra, Verg. 3, 589; nox, Sil. 2, 469; astra (as the supposed source of dew), Stat. Th. 3, 2; 3. of weeping, oculi, Ov. M. 11, 404; genae, Tib. 1, 9, 38.

**ūmērāle**, (hum.) īs, adj. n. as sb. [ūmero- m.] a covering for the shoulders, a tippet or cape, Paul. dig. 49, 10, 14.

**ūmērus**, (hum.) i, m. [akin to ūmo- m.] bone of the upper arm, humerus, hinc humerus incipit...Humeri caput rotundum quam cetera ossa de quibus adhuc dixi. Cels. 8, p. 327, o D; 2. the upper arm including the flesh, Tandem haurire parat demissis flumina palmis Ixion et exserto (al. Iunius dextro) plena trahens humero, Prop. 1, 20, 44; humerus exsertus uterque, Stat. Th. 5, 439; add 4, 235; and so properly opposed to arm of animal, digitum curvantur in ungues Ex humeris arui flunt, Ov. M. 10, 700, of Hippomenes transformed to a lion;

3. at times of animals, cervinae (bount) natiae ad incum, tum mires uncorum et latitudines ad aratra extrahenda, Cic. N. D. 2, 159; Ex univris molles coma descendat in amos, Ov. M. 12, 396, of a centaur; iubae naevae in humeros diffusae, Colum. 8, 2, 6, of the cock; 4. esp. shoulder, as fitted to bear weights, Milo cum univris sustinetur bonum nūmā, Cic. sen. 33; quod is C. Sulpicii filium ipse pae in uncoros suos extulisset, Cic. or. 1, 228; ut si Reticulum pavis nūales inter onusto Forte nūas uncor, Hor. s. 1, 1, 48; and met. Cic. Mil. 25 and Flac. 40; 5. shoulder as supporting dress, Sed ego nunc mihi casso qui non uncorum hinc onero pallio, Ter. Ph. 5, 6, 4; Ov. tr. 3, 13, 14; 4, 10, 20; and M. 6, 507; 6. met. shoulder of inanimate objects, ab univris arborum, Plin. 17, 105; Rhegium in uncoro eius (sc. Italiae) situm, 3, 43; sita...luctu in univris Helladīs, 4, 23; esp. of moun-

tains, confrica in uncoros iuga, 2, 115 (so add 37, al. fracta); univrides humeros, Stat. Th. 6, 714.

**ūm-esco**, ēre, vb. [see below] become wet, nimbus har-ene Tollitur; ānescent spūmīs flaque sequuntur, Verg. 6, 3, 111, of horses racing; non unescit (cortex), Plin. 17, 107; 2. comp. root with un of um-ese-um-ido-; with ub of ub-er sb., ub-eri-adj.; with ū- of ū-ros and ū of ū-ω pour; and so perh. also with L. and S. say with χ- of χ-ω, full of funlo and ū-ō of ūōap.

**ūmide**, see univridus.

**ūmīdulus**, (hum.) adj. dim. [umido-] moist (and little), umīdulus...acumine lini, Ov. a. a. 3, 629; umīdulus comis, Auson. ep. 106.

**ūm-īdus**, (hum.) adj. moist, wet, watery, liquid, simplex est natura animantis ut uel terrena sit uel ignea uel animalis uel umida, Cic. N. D. 3, 34; ignem ex lignis univridibus atque humīdis fieri iussit, Verr. 2, 1, 45; factae ex umida materia (nares), Cael. b. c. 1, 58, 3; tellus, Lucr. 2, 873; regna, Verg. G. 4, 362, the watery realm of the nymph Arethusa; nux, A. 2, 8 (dewy); lumina, Ov. M. 9, 536, with tears; eademque secubus umida uina, Verg. G. 3, 364, by nature liquid though there frozen; Enn. tr. 0 V. bas; per ego dum sublimas subices Univas, unde oritur imber sonitu saeno et spiritu, as the metre requires, not univdus...imber; humīdiores uenti, Colum. 4, 19, 2; homo portione maxumum et univdissimum (habet cerebrum), Plin. 11, 133; in Gell. 1, 15, 1 the reading is univdus uerbis not univdus; 2. as sb. n. dry ground, ut aggeres univdo paludum imponeret, Tac. an. 1, 61; castra in humido locare, Curt. 8, 4, 13; nascens in univdis, Plin. 24, 103; 3. humida for waters, Mercurique per humida quacur, Avien. arat. 754; 4. umide adj. in a wet state, ita haec...tigna unde put-nt, Pl. Most. 1, 2, 66, but text doubtful.

**ūmī-fēr**, a, um, adj. [implies a sb. um-o- or um-a-] moisture-bearing, Naribus univferum duxere ex aere succum, Cic. din. 1, 15 (in verse).

**ūmīfīco**, āre, vb. [umīfīco- adj.] moisten, Auson. idyl. S. 12.

**ūmīfīcus**, adj. [see univfer] moisture-generating, quod cuncta (hum) univfīco spiritu laset, Plin. 2, 223.

**ūmīgo**, (hum.) āre, vb. [um of um-o- or ag- of fumigo] make wet, wet, caespēs iblanime univgitus, Apul. flor. 1, 5; ager ad balnea mīlītū ut lauerō eius siccitas humigetur, Vndeian, ap. Marc. emp. pr.; humigatus βερμεγμενος, Onom. Labb. 86p.

**Univmīdus**, ī, a gentle name, as of (C.) Univmīdus Quadratus, governor of Syria, Tac. an. 12, 45; 14, 26; Univmīdus quidam, Hor. s. 1, 1, 95; Varr. r. 3, 3, 9.

**ūm-or**, (hum.) ōris, m. [um-ese-] moisture, fluid, liquid, water, watery vapour, stagnorum univorem rinare, Pacuv. 203 R; Ni hume amittis, exurgerebō quicquid humoris tibi, Pl. Rud. 4, 3, 70; et univrem et calorem qui est fusus in corpore, Cic. N. D. 2, 18; quae (sc. sidera) marinis terre- nisque univribus aluntur, 2, 43; rosido nutrunt univrem, Catul. 61, 24; Totius univrem saccentum corporis fundunt, Lucr. 4, 1018; Barchi Massiens univrem, Verg. G. 2, 143; circumdūbus univrem Ultima possedit, Ov. M. 1, 30.

**ūmōr-ōsus**, (hum.) adj. full of moisture, Cael. Aur. acut. 2, 10 med.

**ūnā**, adv. [rather an abl. f. of uno- with opera understood] by one act (producing two results), at once, is si mōi consiliū rationem cognoverit, una et id quod facio prohibet et neminem proponendum mihi esse actorem putabit, Cic. Caecil. 1; si id non probares, quo minus anho una neceremini non precarer? fin. 2, 79; corpus univmū Hecsternis nūis animum quoque praepruata una, Hor. s. 2, 2, 77; Referetque gratiam et unaque nos sibi [opera] amicos iungit, Ter. Heec. 5, 2, 32, wh. omission of opera saves metre and violent changes of editors; 2. of two or more joining in a common act, together, at the same time, S. Quid nūc? T. I mecum te obscuro una nunc simul, Pl. Most. 4, 3, 43; Sed quae so in una mecum ad matrem univrginis Eas Micio, Ter. ad. 4, 3, 7; Venatūm Aeneas fūnā- quē miserina Dolo in univris ferant, Verg. 4, 118;

3. gen. together, quoniam agrum una quom (i.e. una cum) agro quēi trans Curione est locuerunt, CIL 200, 21;



4. with verbs of rest, together, at the same time, et tennit cum hoc locum quendam etiam Ser. Fuluus et una Ser. Fuluus hoc locum, Cic. Brut. 81; si in Italia consistit, erimus una, Att. 7, 10; 5. for cum used with una, see § 2; but also a dat. occurs (perh. from a Greek source; cf. *una* with dat. and *una* in: *τοῖς... Ἀπὸς φανερὸν ἅπαντες ἐκείνους* *οὐκ ἔστιν ὁμοῦ*, Pl. 5, 807; rex Arcas honorem Amphitryonachae... *ἐρεβāt... in loco*, Pallas huic filius una, una omnes inuenimus primi... *Tuna dabant*, Verg. 8, 104 where Servius: huic pro cum hoc; qui epulo accedebat una blanditioribus rebus, Auct. itm. Alex. M. 90 (A. Ma); una scriuitis, Iul. Val. Al. 1, 55; una Theodoret. 3, 40.

**unaetvicesima**, see unetvicesimus.

**unaetvicesimānus**, see unetvicesimānus.

**un-animans**, animis, adj. having one and the same life or soul, non animans mulieris Sed sociae unanimitas fidentis filii officium, Pl. Truc. 2, 4, 80.

**unānimis**, e, adj. [uno-, animo-] of one soul or mind, thoroughly agreed, unanimus, unanimi... sororem, Verg. 4, 8 (so Med. a and Pal., al. unanimam); nos unanimis densate exteras, 12, 264 (so Med., al. unanimi); unanimis fratres, Claud. Prob. et Ol. 233; equi, ep. 37, 3; 2. adv. unanimously, unanimously, with one accord, Vop. Tac. 4 f.; Tert. Pat. 1 f.

**unānimitas**, atis, f. unanimity, perque nostram egregiam unanimitatem, Paucy, 190 R; fraternitas, Liv. 40, 8, 14.

**un-animus**, adj. of one soul or mind, unanimous, hoc memorabilest; ego tu sum, tu es ego; unum animus, Pl. St. 5, 4, 49 (so ass. of Laniulus, al. uni animi); unanimis false sodalibus, Catul. 30, 1; unanimis fratres, Verg. 7, 335 (see also unanimis); fenebre quoque rem quae distinet unanimis uidebatur, Liv. 7, 21, 5 (Weissenborn has una animus, male); add Val. F. 1, 614; 4, 161; Stat. Th. 8, 666.

**unctio**, ōnis, f. [implies a vb. unctio = make crooked, from unctio-adj.] curvature, Cacl. Aur. acut. 2, 32 med.

**unctus**, quasi-part. [uncto- = m.] hooked, bent, quidam, Cacl. Aur. farid. 5, 3 med.; lanceae, Sid. ep. 4, 20 met.; met., syllogismi, ep. 9, 9 f.

**unctia**, ae, f. a twelfth part of any whole or as (assis), esp. of a pound (libra), an ounce. Uinctiae in libra pars est quae mensis in anno, Rhenn. de pond. 287, aur. Pl. Men. 3, 3; piscium, Rud. 4, 2, 8; eboris, Tur. 11, 131; alios, Plin. 20, 142; seminis tres uncias, 20, 149; 2. also of liquids, an ounce. Falerni, Mart. 1, 106, 3; 3. of a foot, an inch, est unctio digitus sextadecima pars pedis, uncia duodecima, Front. ap. 1, 243; 4. in land-measure the 12th of a iugerum, pars duodecima iugeri pedes efficit duo milia et quadringentos, hoc est uncia, Colum. 5, 1, 10; 5. of an estate or inheritance, mortuus Babulius; Caesar opinor ex uncia; Lepia ex triente, Cic. Att. 13, 48, 1; ex uncia duntaxat instatius heres, eod. Inst. fr. 5, 1; ex duobus unciis scribere herodem, 6, 30; bonorum suorum unum tantum unciam, Imp. Arc. et Hon. eod. 5, 27, 2; 6. of a debt, one and eightence in the pound, Conturbabit Atlas et non erit uncia tota Decidat tecum qua pater ipse decem, Mart. 9, 3, 5; 7. uncia usurae (according to Niebuhr Hist. of R. 3, 57) interest at the rate of one twelfth of the principal per annum or 8½ p. c., quero uncias usuras an uero eas quas stipulati sunt praestare debeant, Scæv. dig. 20, 7, 47, 4 med. See unctarius § 2;

8. hence our ounce and inch; 9. perh. for uncia in se. pars, a small unit and so through unctio- from uno-, one.

**uncti-lis**, e, adj. of an ounce in weight, asses unciales, that is only a twelfth of the nominal weight, Plin. 33, 45; una uncialis uluit a pondere acini, each berry weighing an ounce, 14, 42; 2. of an inch in length, altitude (of weeds), Plin. 18, 149; litteae, Hier. lob. 9 f.

**uncti-rus**, adj. of an ounce in weight, uis, Colum. 3, 2, 2; see uncialis; cf. Isid. orig. 17, 5, 17 mcl.; 2. fenus at 8½ p. c. per annum, Liv. 7, 10, 1; Tac. an. 6, 16; 3. heres, to a twelfth part of an estate, Plp. dig. 30, 34, 12; 4. stips, perh. a twelfth part of a day's or week's pay, Plin. 34, 21.

**uncti-um**, adv. by ounces, ounce by ounce, Quod ille unctiatum uix de dimenso suo... *compersit miser*, Ter. Ph.

1, 1, 9 of his allowance of meal; datur et phthisicis (adeque suillis) unctiatum, Plin. 28, 139.

**unctinātus**, quasi-part. [unctio- = m.] barbed, hamatis unctinatisque corporibus, Cic. acad. pr. 121.

**unctin-ulus**, i, m. dim. a small hook or barb, Isid. orig. 17, 5 med.

**unctinus**, first adj. [ὑγνός] barbed, Staminis unctino quasi piscis inleu serat hamo, Paul. Nol. carn. 20, 270, wh. note the long i opposed to the short i of the Gk., so epitheta beside ὑγνός; 2. as sb. m. barb, hook, unctinis acerbis, Paul. 4, 10 med.; unctino immis-uo, Apul. M. 3, 109.

**uncti-ola**, ae, f. dim. [unctia] a wretched twelfth part, Iuv. 1, 40.

1 **uncto**, are, vb. as implied in unctio.

2 **uncto**, are, vbi. [unctio] growl as a bear, carn. de Plidom. 51.

**uncta** 2 ae, f. grease, rarus in aqua decoquitis unctaque canni colligis, Veg. uet. 3, 71, 5; al. unctaque.

**unctio**, ōnis, f. anointing, besmearing, rubbing over with oil etc., Ad unctioes graecae sudationes, Pl. St. 1, 3, 73; philosophum unctiois causa relinquunt, Cic. or. 2, 21; quotidianam u., Colum. 12, 52, 1; 2. oil etc. for anointing, ita ut unctio inarescat is quoted from Plin. 28, 171 but is not found there.

**unctito**, are, vb. frq. [ungo], anoint repeatedly, flauo cinere unctitabant ut rutile essent, Cato orat. 29, 3 Iord. note: Itaque unctioes quae se ungentis unctitant interpoles, Pl. Most. 1, 3, 117.

**unctius-cūius**, adj. comp. dim. [unctio- = unctior] more delicately rich (of food), puluicini, Pl. Ps. 1, 2, 84.

**unctor**, ōnis, m. [ungo] anointer ἀλειπτής, esp. of those bathing, Mart. 7, 32, 6; 12, 70, 3; non unctores, non balneum non ullum aliud remedium esse, lassitudinis quam temporis quero, Sen. ep. 123, 4; Phileo sermo unctori, inser. Or. 2701; D. M. Aar. Aug. lib. Naucius prepositus unctor... sibi et Phileto fil., 6528; and even of women, Pl. Tim. 2, 1, 22 (252 14); 2. also of wrestlers, assuta oleo corpora si militare ut impores deficiant et quarent unctoris suos, Quint. 11, 3, 20; Vitulus mur(mullos) unctorum... Eleuther thox) ταρο, Phata unctori, inser. Or. 2500.

**unctor-ium**, ii, n. as sb. anointing room, part of the bathing establishment, Plin. comp. 2, 17, 11.

**unctrinūm**, i, adj. n. as sb. the same, unctor unctrinūm, non, Tit. p. 130.

**unctr-ix** 2 aeis, adj. or sb. f. [unctor] a female anointer, Calene Luine unctrix, inser. Mur. 891, 3; Athenais Aug. unct., Grut. 581, 11 of perfume.

**unct-us**, adj. dim. anointed with the idea of contempt ad eum circumfusi et terti atque unctuli, Varr. ap. Non. 1701; 2. as sb. n. a bit of unguent, Apul. M. 3, p. 215.

**unctrā-ae**, ae, f. [unctor] perfuming as of a corpse, unctura foliorum, An. tab. ap. Cic. leg. 2, 60.

1 **unctus**, part. (of ungo); 2. as adj. greasy, unctis membris, Hor. 8, 2, 4, 78; 3. of food, dressed with much oil, rich, captus es unctiore mensa, Mart. 5, 44, 7; Verum ubi quid melius (he is talking of the table) contingat et metus, item Vos sapere et solos aio bene mure, Hor. ep. 1, 15, 44; unctissime cenae, Sid. ep. 2, 9 f.; and met., quid hic potest Nisi uncia deuorare patrimonium? Catul. 20, 22; 4. hence as sb. n. a rich dish, unctum qui recte ponere possit, Hor. A. P. 422; cenare sine uncto, Pers. 6, 10; 5. of the hair anointed with perfumes, an evidence of wealth and luxury, magis delices ex duobus aequae bonis niris unctum et unctum quam pulchritudinem et horrentem, Sen. ep. 66, 25; Nec paratibus esse nec colorum Cur quisquam caput unctis referat, Catul. 10, 11; ita pueritias defendebat ut ab illis ipse unctor abiret, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 54 note the double meaning; unctaque Corinthio, Iuv. 8, 113, luxurious; n. Parentis, Sid. carn. 5, 430; pro isto aso sole quo in abussis es in nostro pratio, a te nihilum solent unctumque repetemus (meat and spirit), Cic. Att. 12, 6, 2; and met., unctor quoadam splendore quo consuetudo loquendi, Cic. Iuv. 78; 6. as sb. n. unguent, grease, haurito plurculo uncto membra perficere, Apul. M. 3, p. 139; see also uncta.

2 **unctus**, ūs, m. anointing, uncti sanat, Plin. 30, 90; oleum uncti profer, Apul. M. 1 f.

1 **uncus**, adj. [see unco- sb.] hooked, curved, as of the beaks and claws of birds, pedes (of the harpies), Verg. 3, 233; hence unca Minervae, of the owl, Stat. Th. 3, 507; uncae alites, 12, 212; and met., sed me oratio uncis anguibus attingit, M. Aurel. ap. Front. ep. 1, 9; 2. of human fingers, as digiti, Colum. 7, 11; manus, Verg. G. 2, 365; and A. 6, 360; and curved lips, as Vneo saepe labro calamos percurrit hiantis (of Pan), Lucr. 4, 588; add 5, 1407; 3. of oxen's horns, u. cornua, Prop. 2, 5, 19; 4. of fish-hoofs, hamus, Ov. M. 15, 476; unca aera, Pont. 2, 7, 10; 5. of an anchor, unco aneora morsu, Verg. 1, 169; 6. so far chiefly of convexity; but also of concavity, as in the plough, aratrum, Verg. G. 1, 19; dente unco, 2, 423.

2 **uncus**, i, m. [see below] a hook, a-seres unco ferro praefixi, Liv. 30, 10, 16; uncus infusus solo, Colum. 3, 18, 2; nec seuerus Vneus abest, Hor. od. 1, 35, 20; Cels. 7, 317, 30 D; 2. esp. of the hook by which, stuck under the lower jaw, a criminal was dragged to the place of execution, nos a verberibus ab unco a crucis denique terrore neque res gestae neque nostri honores undiebant, Cic. Rab. per. 16; uncus impactus est illi fugitio, Phil. 1, 5; Intusque tuis ocellis uncus crit, Ov. Ib. 104; Scianus dicitur unco, Iuv. 10, 66; and met. Prop. 5, 1, 141; 3. of an anchor, Val. F. 2, 428; 4. = σκῆνος and akin to οὐν-ε and ungui-, as also to ἀγκυρ-, ἀγκυρ- (n.), ἀγκυλο-, ἀγκυρα; of all wh. οὐ alone is radical, and that has lost a γ, as seen in γον-ε and γον-εα.

**unda**, ae, f. wave, billow, Prae se undas uoluit, uortices in su-citat, Att. 393 R; Quam magno uento plenum undarum mare, Pl. Mil. 2, 6, 33; Coincidunt venti. Et minax . . . ponto Vnda recumbit, Hor. od. 1, 12, 30; feruentes aestibus undas, Ov. M. 14, 48; 2. met., undae comitiorum, ut mare profundum, Cic. Plane. 12; et magnis curarum fluctat undis, Catul. 64, 02; ciuilibus undis, Hor. ep. 1, 1, 16; salutantum, Verg. G. 2, 462; Boiorum, Sil. 4, 158; 3. of air, aeris undaeberat undas, Lucr. 2, 152; of smoke, qua plurimum undam fumus agit, Verg. 8, 257; of fire, Electra in longinqua rapidis feruoribus unda, Lucil. Aetna 607; of oil passing from the press, prima unda preli laudatissima, Plin. 15, 5; 4. in poets, mere water, uae uiscera quisquam Aut undis aboleri potest aut uincere flamma, Verg. G. 3, 560; undis contrarius ignis, Ov. M. 8, 737; 5. and of other liquids, eroci, Mart. 8, 33, 4; sanguinis, Sil. 10, 245; 6. in architecture, like κύμα and κυματον, a waved moulding, Vitr. 5, 7; 7. unda one with Germ. welle; cf. for letter-change pend-o pond-us poll-o, and find, feel, Eng.; our stand and Germ. still-en.

**undāb-undus**, part. freq. [unda-vb.] surging, sending wave after wave, mare, Gell. 2, 30, 3; aquae, Aum. 17, 7, 11.

**undans**, ntis, part. of undō; 2. as adj. and hence adv. undanter, in waves, dum talia uirgo undanter oumeret, Mart. Cap. 35 G. p. 39, 27 Eyss.; capillo fluente undanter, Apul. M. 2, 122 (dub.).

**undātum**, adv. [unda-sb.] in waves, Angustum (marmor) u. crispum, Plin. 36, 55; (mensae) u. crispae, 13, 96.

**undatio**, ōnis, f. welling up, as of boiling water, what so wells up, Theod. Pr. 3, 5.

**und-ē**, adv. from which, from what, from whom, whence, referring to any noun of any gender or number; and the form corresponding to both ab and ex of Latin, hoc uerbum unde utrumque declarat et ex quo loco et a quo loco, Cic. Aetna. 87; first as relative, referring often to the pronominal adverbs ibi, inde and eo; meliora aut nos esse facta quam ibi fuissent unde huc translata essent, rep. 2, 30; neque enim inde uenit unde malleum, Att. 13, 39, 2; ut eo restitueretur (Gallii) unde defecti essent, Aetna. 88; ipse eodem unde redierat profectus, Cic. b. g. 5, 11, 17; 2. referring to nouns, whether persons, as: Mercator hoc addab-ē praedonibus Vnde merenti se audisse abreptam e Sunio, Ter. Eun. 1, 2, 34; ille ipse unde cognorci, Cic. or. 1, 67; genus unde (i.e. ab Aenea) Latinum, Verg. 1, 6; multaue merces Vnde potest tibi defluat uno Ab Ioue

Neptunoque, Hor. od. 1, 28, 28; 3. or to ordinary nouns, Helvetios in fines suos unde erant profecti reueriti insit, Caes. b. g. 1, 28, 3; fastigia culminis unde Tela... iactabant, Verg. 2, 458; 4. or without an antecedent, et (dis gratia) est unde haec fiant, Ter. Ad. 1, 2, 42, there are the means for doing this; causam dicere prius unde petitur (the defendant), Eun. pr. 11; cf. Cic. fam. 7, 11; ego omnibus unde petitur hoc consilii dederim; 5. for a quo etc., on whose side, by whom, with such verbs as stare, esse, cunctus ibi uelut acies index unde ius stabat ei uictoriam dedit, Liv. 21, 10, 9; ibi imperium fore unde uictoria fuerit, 1, 24, 2; ut unde stetit eo se uictoriam transferret, Iustin. 5, 4, 12; existimatos ibi maiestatem regiam uerti unde soror Alexandri staret, 14, 1, 7; but in Cic. or. 2, 355 Baiter has unde deas, not unde dicas; 6. in a partitive sense, of which, tenuit permagnam Sextilium hereditatem unde si secutus esset eorum sententiam (qui...) nummum nullum attigisset, Cic. fin. 2, 55; cf. inde and the use of the Fr. en, of it;

11 7. in indirect questions, ego instare ut mihi responderet quis esset ubi esset unde esset, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 188; non recordor unde ecediderim sed unde surrexerim, Att. 4, 16, 10; ut ex ipsa quaeras unde hunc (se. anulum) habuerit, Ter. Hant. 4, 1, 45; 111 8. in direct questions, unde ocellis (sunt) Galli? A Capitolio. Vnde qui cum Graeco fuerint? Ex Capitolio, Cic. Caelin. 87; P. Vnde is? C. Egone? Nescio hercle neque unde eam neque quorsum eam, Ter. Eun. 2, 3, 13; 9. at times, though rarely, in agreement with a noun (of course in the abl.), quo tenditis, inquit, Qui genus unde domo? from what home? Verg. 8, 113; ubi quaere et refer unde domo, quis, Hor. ep. 1, 7-53; cf. Key, Lat. gr. § 1150, and alieunde and indidem; 10. with a gen., gentium, D. Face id ut paratum iam sit. L. Vnde gentium? Pl. As. 1, 1, 77, from what place in all the world? Vnde haec igitur gentium? Epid. 3, 4, 47; 11. with some such vb. as petam understood, 3, 4, 47; 12. hence Ital. onde, and from de-unde Fr. dont; 13. an old cund- (see next §) suggested by metre to Ritschl in: Quid agis? Credo. Undae agis? Dordale? Crelo tibi, Pl. Pers. 4, 3, 13; 14. unde-e for cund-e an absol. gen. of quis or qui, prob. for und-ūs like int-ūs from within, caelit-ūs from heaven, and so = πῶθεν-εἰ, ὅθεν-εἰ themselves old genitives, as also our whence, O. Eng. wienn-es. Cf. inde-e, ab-cund-e, supern-e from above.

**undēceni**, for undecenteni, ninety-nine each, Plin. 36, 65; reading very doubtful.

**un-dē-centēsimus**, a lj. ord. ninety-ninth, annus, Val. M. 8, 7, ext. 11.

**un-dē-cim**, adj. card. indecl. ninety-nine, Plin. 7, 214.

**undēciens**, (-iēs) adv. eleven times, Mart. 5, 79, 1 and 2; Colum. 5, 7, 2. In Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 20 the reading is now deciens.

**un-dēcim**, adj. card. indecl. [un of un-o + decem] eleven, Cic. fam. 6, 18, 2; Mart. 2, 44, 8; gen. written xi, as Caes. b. g. 5, 41, 1; 7, 69, 6.

**undēcimā-nus**, see undecimanus.

**undēcimus**, adj. ord. eleventh, Caes. b. g. 2, 23, 3; Verg. B. 8, 39; often written xi as Caes. b. g. 5, 46, 1.

**undēci-rēmīs**, e, adj. [undecim remō-] as sb. f. sc. naus, (a ship) of eleven banks of oars, Plin. 16, 263.

**undēcimā-nus**, adj. [undecima adj. f. sc. legio] of the 11th (legion), colonia Bouianum cognomine Vndeumnanorum, Plin. 3, 107.

**undēcumque**, (-cūmque) pron. adv. [qui-cumque :: unde :: quis] from whatever place, ripes quam fluctus non desinunt undecumque moti sunt uerberare, Sen. ut. b. 27, 3; poteris undecumque coepseris ubicumque desieris ego sequentur et quasi incipientia legere et quasi coherencia indicare, Plin. ep. 9, 4, 2; 2. with gentium, Vop. Firm. 14; 3. divided as two words, enuncias in partis unde uacat Cumanus locus, Lucr. 6, 1017; 4. with no verb attached to it, no matter whence, from any quarter whatever, transiluntque (ignes) in eam (se. naphtham) protinus

undecumque uisam, Plin. 2, 235; (aloe) uoluerum sanguinem et undecumque flamentum sistit, 27, 18.

**undēlibet**, adv. [: quilibet : unde : quis] from any place thing or person you please, istud facile fuit undelibet inuenire, ad Her. 4, 63; undelibet incipere, Cels. 8, 345, 34 D.

**undēna**, (or rather undēma, cf. Fr. *dime* or *disme* from *decimus*) adj. f. as sb. [= undecima, se. pars] an eleventh, whence his-undēna, a 22nd part, and divided, Bisque undēna nocens et bis duodeima nocens est, Manil. 4, 451.

**undēnarius**, adj. [undeni] of eleven, u. numerus, the number eleven, Aug. serm. 51 f. and 83 med.

**undēni**, adj. pl. distrib. [: undecim : deni : decem] eleven each, eleven at a time, quater undenos... Decembris, Hor. ep. 1, 20, 27; Musa per undenos emoludanda pedes, i.e. hexameters and pentameters, as together making up eleven feet, Ov. am. 1, 1, 30; parantur (scorpionibus) undeni, Plin. 11, 91. See *undena*.

**un-dē-nōnāgintā**, adj. indecl. eighty-nine, Liv. 37, 30, 1. **un-dē-octōgintā**, adj. indecl. seventy-nine, Hor. s. 2, 3, 117.

**un-dē-quādrāgēsīmus**, adj. ord. thirty-ninth, Val. M. 8, 7, extr. 10.

**un-dē-quādrāgiens**, (ies) adv. thirty-nine times, Plin. 7, 92.

**un-dē-quādrāgintā**, adj. indecl. forty save one, thirty-nine, Cic. rep. 2, 27; but in Liv. 23, 37, 6 mille trecenti, not *undequadrāginta*.

**un-dē-quinquāgēsīmus**, adj. ord. forty-ninth, Cic. Manil. 35.

**un-dē-quinquāgintā**, adj. indecl. forty-nine, Liv. 37, 58, 4; Plin. 13, 40.

**un-dē-sexāgēsīmus**, adj. ord. fifty-ninth, Censor. 19.

**un-dē-sexāgintā**, adj. indecl. fifty-nine, Liv. 23, 37, 6; Plin. 36, 122.

**un-dē-tricēni**, adj. pl. distrib. twenty-nine each, Maer. s. 1, 13, 4.

**un-dē-tricēsīmus**, adj. ord. twenty-ninth, Gell. 10, 5, 1; or

**un-dē-trigēsīmus**, the same, Liv. 25, 36, 14.

**un-dē-trigintā**, adj. indecl. twenty-nine, Maer. s. 1, 15, 6; Vitr. 9, 4 med.

**un-dē-ūcēni**, adj. pl. distrib. nineteen each, Quint. 1, 10, 44.

**un-dē-ūcēsīmus**, adj. ord. nineteenth, Cic. sen. 14; inser. ap. Maif. Osserv. letter. 4, 342.

**un-dē-ūcēsīmā-nus**, adj. [undeciesima adj. f. se. legio] of the nineteenth (legion), bell. Alex. 57, 2 (so MSS, but corrected to *unact-u* or *met-u*; cf. Tac. an. 1, 37 and 51).

**un-dē-ūgēsīmus**, adj. ord. nineteenth, Colum. 8, 5, 14; Senerat ire aquilas legio undeciesima cuius..., epigr. Anthol. Burm. 2, 21, wh. pronounce *undēgēsima*.

**un-dē-ūgintā**, adj. indecl. nineteen, Cic. Brut. 229; Liv. 23, 46, 4.

**unde-undē**, adv. [: quis-quis : unde : quis] from whatever (person, thing, place), whencesoever? see *quisquis*, but examples fail; 2. from any quarter whatever, from some quarter or other, no matter whence, qui nisi... Mercedem aut munus undeunde exstricuit... Hor. s. 1, 3, 37; nec undiectae solacium undeunde sperendum est, Apul. M. 5, p. 105; malum a quocunque et undeunde passus est fieri, Tert. Herm. 10; quum uellet iusti triumphus undeunde acquirere, Suet. Claud. 17 (so Gronov, by conj., but MSS unde acquirere); but in Catul. 67, 27 quaerendum unde unde is a bad conj.

**undī-cōl-a**, adj. or sb. m. and f. [unda] wave-inhabiting, Naldes, Varr. ap. Non. 250; pistris, Avion. arat. 808.

**undīu-us**, adj. flowing in waves, fontes, Draec. Hex. 1, 607.

**undī-fragus**, adj. wave-breaking, fluctus, Venant. 3, 4.

**undiqūē**, adv. [: quisque : unde : quis, for change of vowel cf. *hinc* from an old *hinc*, *indidem* from *inde*, *tutim* from *tute*, *usquin* from *usque*] from every (person, thing, place), from every quarter or side, Undique conueniunt uelut imber tela tribuni, Eun. an. 431 V; concurrunt undique Syracusas, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 133; undique ad inferos

tantundem uiuae est, Tusc. 1, 104; passim carpentem et colligentem undique, or, 1, 191; Undique decemprati fronti praeponebat oliuam, Hor. od. 1, 7, 7; 2. for ab quoque, by every one, delirus et amicus Undique dicatur merito, Hor. s. 2, 3, 108; 3. on every side, uicinis altissimis montibus undique continetur, Caes. b. g. 3, 1, 5; undique circumcinctos interfecit, 3, 6, 2; haec est undique completa et perfecta explicatio summi boni, Cic. fin. 5, 72; 4. with a gen., parato undique gentium toto orbe terrarum, Aurel. ap. Vop. Firm. 5; (canes rabidi) undique laterum circumfusi insilunt, Apul. M. 8, p. 209; 5. an old form *cundique* suggested by metre to Ritschl (Rh. Mus. 25, 311) in: Ita mea consilia cundique oppugnata mala, Pl. Most. 3, 1, 155.

**undiqūē-sēcus**, adv. [cf. *extrin-sēcus*, *altrin-sēcus*] from or on every side, undiquesēcus agris arantibus, Sol. 26, 46, p. 140 l. 19 M; qui (colles) u. obiecti prohibent auras pestilentes, 51, 1, p. 202.

**undiqūē-norsus**, (-uersus or -uersum) adv. from every quarter, has undiqueuersum indagines cuppidinam, Gell. 6 (al. 7), 16, 6; undiqueuersum ad regium Memnonis conuenire, Sol. 40 med.; 2. on every side, cum (decussis) omnis terras omniarum et undiqueuersum circumfluat, Gell. 12, 13, 20; globus soliditas undiqueuersum rutunda ut est sphaera, Non. p. 293 a. q.

**undī-sōnus**, adj. [unda] wave-sounding, del. Prop. 3, 20, 18 (7); Psamathe, Val. Fl. 1, 304; saxum, 4, 44; rupes, Stat. Ach. 1, 198.

**undī-uāgus**, adj. wandering in waves, latices, Coripp. Ioh. 6, 342; salum, 7, 344; Anth. Burm. 2, 303.

**undo**, āre, vb. freq. [see below] first intr. rise in waves, well up, surge undantem saltem, Enn. tr. 226 V; undant in freto, Ath. 401 R; solet aestus aequinoctialis sub ipsum lunae solisque coitum omnibus aliis maior undare, Sen. N. Q. 3, 28, 6; 2. met. of flames or smoke, flammis iuter tabulata uoluit Ad caelum undabat nitex, Verg. 12, 673; undantem ruptis fornacibus Actum, G. 1, 472; nec caelum patet undante fumo, Sen. Tro. 20; 3. of foliage, Et unat undantem buxo spectare Cytorum, Verg. G. 2, 437; silua fauis, Claud. rupt. Pros. 3, 25; 4. of other objects, undantem clamidum, Pl. Epid. 3, 3, 55; lora, Verg. s. 140; habentem, 12, 471; 5. of the mind, Assonien... undantem curis, Val. Fl. 5, 303; 6. with sb., stream (with), overflow (with), abound (in), undantes sanguine cultus, Stat. Th. 1, 449; regio... undat equis floretque uiris, Val. Fl. 1, 538; 7. trans. overflow, deluge, inundate, sanguine campos, Stat. Ach. 1, 86; pericure cruro Maternos undae sinus, Claud. Ruf. 2, 67; 8. und- one with our vb. well; cf. *unda*-sb.

**undōsus**, adj. [unda- sb.] full of waves, aequor, Verg. 4, 313; Memmyrium, 3, 693; regna, Sil. 5, 21; fluctus undosior, Sol. 12 f; torrentes undosissimi, Aug. c. D. 22, 11 med.; 2. adv. undosius labens, Amm. 27, 4, 7.

**undūlā-tus**, quasi-part. [implies a vb. *und-ula*-dim. of *unda*] marked with wavelets, wavy, uestis, Varr. ap. Non. 189; cf. Plin. 8, 194.

**unedo**, inis, m. f. [? for Pliny's nomen ex argumento unum tantum edendi is nonsense] fruit of the argente-tree, aliud corpus est terrestribus fragis, aliud conceneri eorum unedoni quod solum pomum simile fructui terrae (so 3, alii al.) gignitur, Plin. 15, 98; 2. the arbut tree itself, quibus edit (cortex) ut malo meloni, Plin. 16, 126; arbutus sine unde fructum fert difficile conuocioni, 23, 151.

**un-et-ūcēsīmā-nus**, adj. [undeciesima, adj. f. se. legio] of the twenty-first (legion), Tac. an. 1, 51 and h. 2, 43.

**un-et-ūcēsīmus**, adj. one-and-twenty-eth, twenty-first, legio, Tac. an. 1, 45, and h. 2, 43.

**ungella**, (unguella) ae. f. double, dim. [from *ung-ula*, as that from an old *ung- = ory-*] a (pig's) pettioe, iocinera porcelli et gallinarum et ungellae et sillae dimens, Apic. 4, 182; ungellae tardi perdicis, Marc. Emp. 20 med.; ungellae quattuor, edict. Diocl. 14; unguella ονγία ονγίων το εσθιομενον, Gloss.

**ungo**, (unguo) ēre, unxi, unctum, vb. [see below] smear (with grease), oil, anoint, esp. with perfumes, as first of corpse, Tereuini corpus bona femina lauit et unxit, Enn.

an. 156 V; corpusque lauant fricantis et ungunt, Verg. 6, 216; Funera non potui comitare nec ungere corpus, Ov. Pont. 1, 9, 47; 2. of living persons, unctus est (Caesar), arebunt, Cie. Att. 13, 52, 1; nudus unctus ebrus est conthionatus (Antonius), Phil. 3, 12; 3. of the statues of gods and sacred objects, virginis commensae eum Diana exportaretur, unxisse unguitis, comlesse coronis, Cie. Verr. 2, 4, 77; postisque superbus Unguit amasacino, Lucr. 4, 1179 of a lover; 4. with oil etc., as in cookery, caules odo, Hor. s. 2, 3, 125; Unctis satis pingui ponitur oluscula lardo, 2, 6, 64; eos (zobos) melle unguito, Cato r. 79; 5. in other uses, unctis carina, Verg. 4, 308, with pitch; Et unctis turpis oia ranae sauge, Hor. epod. 5, 19; Ungere tibi manu ferrumque armare neneno, Verg. 9, 773; 6. unctus as an adj. greasy, puer unctis manibus, Hor. s. 2, 4, 78; unctum Cominis praeibit aquam, 2, 2, 68; 7. hence Fr. oindre; 8. ung=smk. anj.; but ultimate root un=al of *αλεω*, ol of ol=um, *αλ* of *αλαω*, and *ol* of a theoretic el=ino, aft. lino. See also obunctor. Shaks.'s unannealed comes from an old Norman vb. *anelire* (see M. Payre's paper, Phil. Soc. 1869)=in-ungere, and means not receiving extreme unction.

**unguēdo**, inis, f. grease, ointment. Apul. M. 3, p. 138; salubri unguēdine contasti corporis superfluire luores, Sulp. S. Mart. 19, 4.

**unguella**, see ungella.

**ungu-en**, inis, n. grease, in ahenum catidum unguen indito, Cato r. 79 and 80; et pinguis unguine ceras, Verg. G. 3, 450; add Pers. 6, 40; Val. F. 6, 360; picis unguine, S. 302; Pall. 1, 17; 2. of religious unction, met., A digitis salit uncta salus, dñit unguen ab ungue, Ven. n. S. Martin. 2, 12.

**unguentarius**, adj. [unguentum] of ointment or perfume, taberna, Varr. L. S. 30, p. 431 Sp.; Sen. ep. 108, 4; uasa, Plin. 30, 60; 2. as sb. m. a dealer in unguents, perfumes etc., Cie. off. 1, 150; Hor. s. 2, 3, 228; Plin. 31, 91; Sen. X. Q. 4, 13, 9; inser. Or. Henz. 2988, 4300, 7283, 7284; 3. unguentaria as sb. f. a female dealer therein, Plin. S. 14; inser. Or. Henz. 4301; 4. as sb. f. the business of a dealer in perfumes, sc. ars, Vt balneator faciat unguentarium, Pl. Poen. 3, 3, 90; 5. unguentarium as sb. n. sc. argentum, perfume-money, Plin. ep. 2, 11, 23.

**unguentus**, part. of

**unguento**, are, vb. [unguentum] anoint, esp. with perfumes, deam, inser. frat. Aru. 40, 13; deas, 41, 31; 2. unguentatus, perfumed, Pl. Cas. 2, 3, 23; Truc. 2, 2, 33; Seip. ap. Gell. 6 (7), 12; 5; Catul. 61, 142.

**unguent-um**, i, n. [unguen m.] an unguent or perfume, Non omnes possunt olere unguenta exotica, Pl. Most. 1, 1, 41; Cie. Verr. 2, 3, 62; Hor. od. 2, 3, 13; Plin. 13, 1 etc. wh. book is to be compared for the whole subject; 2. ab unguentis, perfumer, T. Flavius Ang. lib. clectas ab unguentis fecit sibi, inser. Or. 2971; 3. unguentum as gen. pl., Nam omnium unguentum odos prae tuo nateat, Pl. Cure. 1, 2, 5; but in Poen. 3, 3, 88 met. requires the full form, Ibi te replebo usque unguentorum echehematis.

**unguēula**=unguella, unguicula *οὐγκιουλα*, Gloss.

**unguiculārium**, ii, n. adj. n. as sb. an instrument for paring nails or hoofs (cf. Colum. 6, 15, 2 or 6, 28), *οὐγκιουλιον* n., Gloss.

**unguic-ulus**, i, m. dim. [unguic=ungui- m.] a nail of fingers or toes, Vnguis ab unguiculo ad capillum summum festississima, Pl. Epid. 5, 1, 17; Vbi perrurians usque ex unguiculis, St. 5, 5, 20; integritatem unguiculorum omnium, Cie. fin. 5, 80; unguiculi dolor, Sen. n. Q. 6, 2, 5; 2. prov. a tenebris ut Graeci dicunt unguiculis (= *ex tenebris* *ἀπὸ τῶν οὐγκιῶν*), Cie. fam. 1, 6, 2; cf. Horace's de leno ungui, od. 3, 6, 24.

**unguilla**, ae, f. dim. [implies a sb. ungu-ina] an ointment box, Sol. 27 f.

**unguin-ōsus**, adj. [unguen] full of grease, greasy, unguentum, Plin. 13, 17; nucus unguinosiores, 23, 147; but in Cels. 5, p. 189, 12 D the reading is pus glutinosus.

**unguis**, is, m. [see below] a nail of finger or toe, unguis clausulae nerorum summae existuntantur, omnibus hi quibus et digiti, Plin. 11, 247, and so used of the

nails of man, apes, dogs; Cutillo proprios purgantem leniter unguis, Hor. ep. 1, 7, 51; non ab inis unguibus usque ad verticem summum ex frange constare totus uidetur; Cie. Ro-c. com. 20; 2. hence opposed to ungula, hoof, which is used only of animals, Ungulae in quinos delapsa absuntur unguis, Ov. M. 1, 742, of Io resuming a human shape; Tum digiti coeunt, et quinos alligat unguis Perpetuo cornu lenis ungula, 2, 670, of Ocyrrhoe transformed to a mare; and so of the elephant, huius informes (digi) unguisulque non unguibus similes, Plin. 11, 248; 3. yet at times used of part of a cloven hoof, si sanguis in unguis est, inter duos unguis cutillo aperies, Colum. 6, 12; and again soon after, but also of a horse's hoof, rapidum qui colligit unguem, Mart. 14, 199, 1;

4. prov. phrases, mediumque ostenderet unguem (an act implying insult like our making a long nose with the outspread fingers of two hands attached to the nose), Iuv. 10, 52; cf. digitum porrigito medium of Mart. 2, 28, 2; the middle finger being also called infamis by Pers. 2, 33; impudicus by Mart. 6, 70, 5; 5. unius et roderet unguis, bite the nails to the quick, as one in deep thought, Hor. s. 1, 10, 71; de morsos unguis, Pers. 1, 107; 6. so in anger, ungue morso, Prop. 4, 25, 4; corruptus dentibus unguis, 2, 4, 3; 7. latus or transversus u., a nail's breadth, si hercle tu ex istoc loco Digitum transversum aut unguem latum excesseris..., Pl. Aul. 4, 1, 18; transversum unguem, Cie. Att. 13, 20, 4; and fam. S. 25 f.; neque me sinebat ungue latius indeem digredi, Apul. M. 12, 791 H; 8. de tenero ungui, from childhood, Hor. od. 3, 6, 24; cf. unguiculus; 9. ad unguem, in unguem, like *εἰς οὐρυ*, to perfection, from a mason's testing the fineness of a junction in marble by his nail, ceterae suturae (capitis) in unguem committuntur, Cels. 8, p. 323, 23 D; mactes si robora est ab uno fabro dolari ad unguem dñet pedum xx, Colum. 11, 2, 13; and met., nec scinus omnis in unguem Arloribus positus secto via limite quadret, Verg. G. 2, 277; wh. Servius: translatio a marmorariis qui uncturas unguibus probant; so also Acon ad Hor.; carmina molli Nume demum numero finire ut per lenes seueros Effundat inuncta unguis, Pers. 1, 65; carmen Perfetum decies non ex-tiguit ad unguem, Hor. A. P. 204; ad unguem Factus homo, s. 1, 5, 32; H 10. unguis (ferreus), a hooked instrument for gathering grapes, Colum. 12, 18, 2; 11. a bivalve, the solen or razor-shell, Varr. L. 5, p. 83 Sp.; unguis marini, Verg. 1, 20, 2 and 4, 12, 3; 12. a morbid growth from the corner of the eye, *πτερυγιον* (P. Aegin. 6, 18); Cels. 7, p. 273, 35 D; 13. the withered end of a vine-branch beyond the last-left bud of the preceding year, Colum. 4, 24, 8; Pall. 3, 12, 5; see ungula, § 8; 14. abl. ungui in Hor. od. 3, 6, 24 and Prop. 1, 26, 39 but at the end of lines; ungue, Ov. a. a. 3, 708 and am. 2, 6, 4; 15. ungui(e), dim. of ung, wh. = *οὐγ* with *οὐ* alone for root. The o is lost for the more corrupt S. n-akka-a, Germ. n-ag-el, our n-a'il; but not for the Erse ion-ga. Cf. also uncus, angulus and *γωνία*, cf.

**ung-ula**, ae, f. [see ung-ni] first a bird's claw in old lang., as met., Vbi erat hanc defossa, ocepit ibi scalprum unguis (metu gallinae), Pl. Aul. 3, 4, 8; An tu inuenire postulas quemquam coquam, Nisi miluitis aut aquilinis unguis? Is. 3, 2, 63, and then constrictis unguis, 65; and so met. of a thief as disposed to lay his claws upon, nam certo scio Nume febrim tibi 'esse quia non licet huc incire unguis, 2, 2, 48; 2. hence too met., as a proverbial phrase, toto corpore atque omnibus unguis ut dicitur contentioni nois adseruunt, Cie. Tusc. 2, 56;

3. more commonly the hoof as opposed to the nails of those creatures which have fingers (see unguis § 2), as first of the horse, illud in silice uinguitum ungulae Castoris qui credis esse? Cie. Tusc. 3, 11; ungula inditua equorum, Varr. r. 2, 7, 2; Quadrupedante putrem sonitu quatit ungula campum, Verg. S. 506; so the hoof only, as the immediate agent, not the horse, as Fore, says, is meant in: carceribus missos rapit ungula curus, Hor. s. 1, 114; et urbem Eques sonante uerberat ungula, epod. 10, 12; Et ungularum pulsibus calens Hister, Mart. 7, 7, 2;

hippodromon ungula plandit, 12, 50, 5; 4. of the ox, si ungulam nomen laesit, Colum. 6, 15, 1 et discernim quod dicitur est bonis ungula, § 2; 5. of the hog, sues in Illyrico solidius habent ungulas, Plin. 11, 255; and of the goat, caprigenua trita ungulas, Atul. 544 R; 6. a pig's pectus, ungulam de perna, Cato r. 158; ex sue ungulae rostrum anres cerebellum, Cels. 2, 18, p. 65, l. 30; prius cibus adiere ex oleribus porrum, ex cane ungulas, 4, p. 140, 27 D; see ungula; 7. an instrument of torture, bisulcas ungulas, Prud. *σπερ*. 1, 44; sit oculus delictus ungulisque sulfurentibus latera perferat poenas, eod. Th. 9, 16, 6; cum liliis carius ungula cruenta pulsaret et salsatis latribus dolor quaereret veritatem, Hier. ep. 1, 3; 8. the withered end of a vine-branch, Colum. 4, 24, 15; see unguis § 13.

**ungulā-tus**, quasi-part. hoofed, Tert. apol. 16 f; Mart. C. 4, p. 113 G, 116, 24 Eyss; 2. met. of one having large nails, Cato ap. Paul. ex Fest. 379.

**ungulus**, i, m, a finger-ring, Requinate ego porro hunc ui detraxi ungulum, Paen. 215 R; — = suspensum in laqueo brachio ostendo ungulum, 64 R; ungulus quem ei detraxi, poet. ap. Fest. 375; apud nos prisci ungulum nocebant (anulum), Plin. 33, 10; 2. prob. akin to anulus.

**unguo**, see ungo.

**ungustus**, m, [implies a n. sh. ung-us connected with m. sh. unguis] a hooked stick, Paul. ex Fest. 377.

**ūni-cālmus**, adj. [uno-] of one straw, Plin. 18, 69 speaking of a kind of wheat.

**ūni-caulis**, e, adj. of one stem, alterum (genus carduorum) unicaule, Plin. 20, 262; faba, 18, 57.

**ūnice**, see unicus.

**ūni-cōleus**, adj. a rig (animal), *μονορχος* unitestis unicoleus, Gloss.

**ūni-cōlor**, ōris, adj. of one colour, (sues) unicoloris (so ass or unius coloris), Varr. r. 2, 4, 3; troas, Ov. M. 11, 611; oculus, Plin. 11, 145.

**ūni-cōlor-us**, adj. of one colour, si quis Apellem unicolora pingere iuberet, Front. ad Ver. 1 med.; aniuas, Prud. Ham. 821.

**ūni-cornis**, e, adj. [cornu] one-horned, Indicos boues unicornis tricornis, Plin. 8, 72; unicornem (genus) asiatus tantum Indicus, unicornem et bisuleum oryx, 11, 255; rhinoceros, Tert. Marc. 3, 18.

**ūni-cornus**, adj. one-horned, with gen. pl. unicornum (al. unicornium), Vulg. Ps. 28, 22; unicornuorum, Tert. Marc. 3, 18; and lud. 10; unicornus (al. unicornus) *μονοκερυς*.

**ūnicornuus?** see preceding.

**ūnicorpōr-eus**, adj. of one body, Firm. Math. 2, 12 med.

**ūni-cūba**, ae, adj. f. = uniuira, Hier. Ion. 1, 49 f.; unieuba unius uiri uxor, Gloss.

**ūni-cultor**, ōris, m, a worshipper of one God, Prud. *σπερ*. 13, 90.

**ūnic-us**, adj. dim. [uno-] one only, sole, gnatus, Pl. As. 1, 1, 1; gnata, Atul. 299 R; Ter. Andr. 3, 3; filius, Pl. Poen. pr. 65; Bac. 3, 3; Cic. Rose. Am. 41; Unico gaudens mulier marito, Hor. od. 3, 14, 5; anser, Ov. M. 8, 684; Huc accedit ut in summa res nulla sit una, Unica quae gignatur et unica solaque crescat, Lucr. 2, 1078;

2. hence abs. unicus (unica) an only child, an only son (or daughter), Tibi ille unicus, mihi unio magis unicus, Pl. Capt. 1, 2, 47; sed poteris, quid enim non unica possis? Chris 333; 3. from this habitual connection, specially loved, see pass. just quoted from Pl.; Quam modo qui me unum atque unicum amicum habuit, Catul. 73, 6.

4. standing alone, matchless, unparallelled, unique, esp. for good, Quis tam sagaci corde atque ingenio unico? Afr. 15 R; poeta, Pl. As. 4, 1, 3; aut summa negligentia... aut unica liberalitas, Cic. Quinct. 41; imperator, Liv. 6, 6, 17; dux, 7, 12, 13; ultor Romane ignominiae, 9, 15, 10; Archimedes n. spectator caeli siderumque, 24, 34, 2; fides, 33, 21, 3; and Apul. M. 7, 7, p. 540 H; 5. also for evil, malitia atque nequitia, ad Her. 3, 11; scelus, Vell. 2, 7, 1; luxuria, ap. Fest. p. 322 b. 6. unice ad.

**ūni-formis**, e, adj. [forma] of one shape, uniform, alimonia, Macr. s. 7, 5, 12; deorum deorumque facies, Apul.

M. 11, 5, p. 995 H; Tac. dial. 32; institutum, Aur. V. epit. 9 med.; 2. uniformiter adv. uniformly, Apul. Trism. p. 77; Arnob. 2, 88.

**ūniformitas**, atis, f. [uniformalis] sameness, uniformity, eni hinc promovere varietatem laboras, istum squalorū unifornitatis addidis? Macr. s. 7, 5, 27; Arnob. 7, 212; Tert. anim. 17 med.

**ūni-gēna**, ne, m, or f. only-begotten, singulare deus hunc mundum atque unigenam procreavit, Cic. Tim. 4; esp. in Christian writers, of Christ, de Dominique Deique Unigenae cognosce Patrem, Paul. Nol. 5, 40; 2. born at the same time, twin-brother or -sister, de Phoebe reliquens Unigenae simul cultum montibus Idri, Catul. 64, 300; Memnonis Aethiopis unigena, sc. Zephyrus, as also son of Eos, 66, 53.

**ūni-gēnitus**, adj. only-begotten, Hier. Helv. 9; Tert. Gnost. 7 med.; Aug. c. D. 11, 24.

**ūni-iūgus**, adj. [iūgu] of one yoke, unicea, as propped up by but one cross-beam, Plin. 17, 183; 2. met. Joseph u., se. married but once, Tert. mon. 6 f.

**ūni-mammia**, see unomammia.

**ūni-mānus**, a, una, adj. [manu] having but one hand, one-handed, natus puer, Liv. 35, 21, 3; 41, 21, 12;

2. as a surname, Flor. 2, 17, 10.

**ūni-membris**, e, adj. [membrum] of one limb or clause, *μονομερής*, id est unimembris conditio, Ulp. dig. 12, 2, 13, 2 (al. om. i. e. n.).

**ūni-mōdus**, adj. of one kind, virtus, Apul. dogm. Pl. 2, 5, p. 220 H; compages, Prud. Ps. 768.

1 **ūnio**, ire, vb. [unus] unite, only in pass., and then scarcely Latin, unde quomodo nubibus suis parem? expellere me poteram, si philosophorum lingua uti noluissem ut dicere unita corpora, Sen. N. Q. 2, 2, 4; unita patiendi declinatione, Gell. 17, 7, 8; eadem mari unitur, Tert. an. 17 med.; legatos compellit uniri communioni, Sulp. Sev. h. s. 2, 43.

2 **ūn-io**, ōnis, m, (rarely f.) dim. [un- of unus] a little one, as one on the dice, ace, iactus quoque apud Isoues veteres a numero vocatur ut unio binio trinio..., Isid. orig. 18, 65;

2. a single pearl as opposed to a necklace (monile) of pearls; and so a large pearl, as in itself a sufficient ornament, Plin. 9, 112, where he gives another origin of the name; unioibus magna taxatōnis, 9, 122, and soon after, singulos unioibus conuuiis quoque absorbendis dedit (sc. Clodius tragoedi Aescopi filius); cum Aelius Stilo Iugurthino bello unioium nomen impositum maxime margaritis prodit, ib. 123; and Mart. 8, 81, 4; Grandes, non pueros sed unioes, 12, 49, 13; Sen. ben. 7, 9, 4; Isidi. ornamenta in basilio, unio et margarita n. vi zmaragdū duo..., inser. Or. 2510; unioes Cleopatranos (not Cleopatranas), Treb. xxx tyr. 32, 6; but fem. in: extinde grandulae (testae) adde minutas binas aut ternas (margaritas) vel unioes idio sic appellatas quod encrassatae conchulae singulas aliquoties pariunt sed maiores, Amm. 24, 6, 85; 3. hence as a surname, L. Ael. Vibienus. Unio, inser. Maff. M. V. 454, 7; 4. an onion, as one of a rope (restis), or a kind of onion, that has no bulbs growing by its side, Marsicam simplicem (epam) quam uocant unioem rustici eligito; ea est autem quae non fructuauit ne habuit soboles adhaerentes, Colum. 12, 10, 1—hence Fr. ognon, Eng. onion; 11 5. f. as an abstract noun, union, Hier. ep. 18, 14; 22, 19.

**ūni-ōculus?** adj. one-eyed, Arimaspi, unioecula gens est, Sol. 15, 20. So Monascan, but surely unocula of xs H seems alone admissible.

**ūniōnita**, ae, m, or f. a Unitarian, Prud. Ap. 246.

**ūni-pēs**, pradis, adj. one-footed, unipes *μονοπους*, Gloss.

**ūni-petuis**, adj. of one stalk, artica, Marc. Emp. 15 med

**ūni-stirpis**, e, adj. [stirp-] of one stem, abies larix et siqua unistirpis, Plin. 16, 125.

**ūnitās**, atis, f. [uno-] one-ness, unity, singleness, unitatem quae apparet in lego legi et in Priamus Priami, Varr. l. 8, 2, p. 303 Sp; alui, Plin. 5, 48; mundi, Iust. 2, 1, 14; singularis numeri, Gell. 19, 8, 11; unum quod uocās, id est unitas, dicitur, Macr. somn. 1, 6, 7; donec liquata in

unitatem coeant, Cels. 4, 26, p. 152, l. 11 D; pueros ut geminos nendidi, tanta unitas erat, Plin. 7, 55; corporum, Sen. N. Q. 2, 2, 3; 2. met., summum bonum esse animi concordiam, virtutes enim ibi esse debebant, ubi consensus atque unitas erit; dissident vitia, Sen. vit. b. 8, 6.

**uniter**, adv. [uno-] in one, together, always with aptus, Luer. 3, 839 and 840; 5, 537, 555 and 558.

**uni-testis**, e, adj. = *monorchus* Gloss.

**uniuersalis**, e, adj. [uniuerso-] applicable to everything, universal, catholic, general, ratio, ad Her. 2, 37; praecepta quae *καθολικά* uocantur id est (ut dicamus quomodo possimus) uniuersalia nec perpetua, Quint. 2, 13, 14; opposed to proprium, Plin. ad Trar. 65, 2.

**uniuersaliter**, = *το καθολον*, Gloss.  
**uniuersaliter**, adv. in the mass, as a whole, Gai. dig. 18, 1, 35 f.

**uniuersatim**, adv. universally, u. feruentibus uotis, Sid. ep. 8, 2.

**uniuersus**, see uniuersus.

**uniuersim**, adv. all together, in the mass, Gell. 1, 3, 22.

**uniuersitas**, atis, f. [uniuerso-] the whole, generis humani, Cic. N. D. 2, 164; rerum, the universe, 1, 39 and 120; honorum, Ulp. dig. 43, 2, 1; adiecti, Gai. 1, 1, 7, 11; 2. abs. the universe, (animos) quasi in curram uniuersitatis impositi, Cic. Tim. 12; but in c. 5 uniuersi, not uniuersitatis; ita sola inuolubilis (terram), circa eam uolubili uniuersitate, Plin. 2, 11; 3. a corporate body, a corporation, quod cuiuscumque uniuersitatis nomine nec contra eam agitur, dig. 3, tit. 4; de libertis uniuersitatum, 38, 3; uniuersitatis sunt non singulorum quae in ciuitatibus sunt theatra studia et si quae alia sunt communia ciuitatum, Mare. dig. 1, 8, 6, 1.

**uniuersus**, older uniuersus, adj. [perh. for unō-ursus, cf. retro-ursus etc.] lit. turned to one point, concentrated, and so all in one mass, the whole together; opposed to such words as pars, singuli, unusquisque, and adding to omnes the notion of coniuncti, tam restitutes si unus seruiolus quam si familia fecerit uniuersa, Cic. Caecl. 58; in hostem tela uniuersi coniciunt, Caes. b. g. 5, 44, 6; Gregem uniuersum uoluit totum auertere, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 134; uniuersum triduum, Ter. Eun. 2, 1, 18; ab uniuersa provincia generatimque a singulis eius partibus diligitur, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 168; unum debet esse omnibus propositum, ut eadem sit utilitas uniuersi cuius et uniuersorum, off. 3, 26; Scaurus aedilitate sua uarias (i.e. pantheras) ci. uniuersas misit, Plin. 8, 64; Ab uniuersis capite est protusus foras, Phaedr. 5, 7, 39; Hermes gloria Martis uniuersi, Mart. 5, 24, 14; 2. there is in: fere omnes memoriae nostrae uniuersos praestitit, Gell. 18, 12, 1; but in Pl. Trin. 4, 3, 40, iKtschl has hominibus (for omnibus) against the ass in deed but the metre favouring, as homo often causes no hiatus, being perhaps pronounced uomo (cf. Ital. uomo); and in Cic. N. D. 1, 39 Heindorf and Baier have uniuersitatemque omnia continentem; 3. adj. n. as sb. the whole, the universe, Quae sint in eodem uniuerso, Cic. N. D. 1, 120; genitor uniuersi, Colum. 3, 10, 10; 4. in uniuersum, as a whole, generally, non nominatim quae Capuae, sed in uniuersum qui usquam coissent, Liv. 9, 26, 8; in uniuersum aestimanti plus pones peditem roboris, Tac. G. 6; Persae illos Sacas in uniuersum appellauerit, Plin. 6, 50; 5. uniuersus, adv.; 6. see uniuersus.

**uni-uria**, ae, adj. f. [uno-ur-] but once married, Tert. exhort. ad cast. 13; Hier. lxx. 1, 11; meretrices u., ep. 22, 14; 2. of one but once married, n. uiduitas, Tert. l's. 8.

**uniuiratus**, ūs, m. the having had but one husband, Tert. exhort. ad cast. 13; ad uxore. 1, 9 and 2, 1.

**uni-uria**, ae, adj. f. the same as uniuira, sacerdos, Treb. xxx ty. 32; coniugi dilectissime (sic) et incomparabili uni uiriae (sic, diuina) caste bono, inser. Or. 2742; Arria M. f. Maximilla uniuirya que (sic) uixit... 4530.

**uniun-culus**, i, m. doub. dim. a small pearl, margarita unio uniuiculus, not. Tir. p. 101.

**uni-uocus**, adj. [prob. ū, see nox] of one only meaning, uniuocus aequiuoca conecendo, Mart. C. 95 G, 99, 3 Eyss.; 103 G, 107, 24 Eyss.

**unius-modi**, two words as adj. indecl. of one kind, nam parentum iniuriarum Vniuismodi sunt ferme, Ter. Haut. 1, 2, 31; noli putare tolerabiles horum insanias neque uniuismodi fore, Cic. Att. 9, 7, 5; (materia) semper uniuismodi snique similis, Tim. 7; often written as two words, Cf. cius-modi, huiusmodi etc.

**uno**, are, vb. [uno-] make one, unite, Tert. Prax. 27.  
**uno-ŏculus**, adj. one-eyed, L. Vnoocle salue. C. Quaesio deridesne me? L. De Coclitum prospua te... acc. arbitror, Pl. Cure. 3, 22; de Cyclope quod unoculus fuit... Acc. ap. Gell. 3, 11, 5. See uniuiculus.

**unō-mammia**, adj. f. [mammina] one-breasted, Amazon, Centauromachiam et Classiam unomammiam Subegit solus intra uiginti dies, Pl. Cure. 3, 75; cf. Oiumamia CIL 1501, p. 554.

**un-orsus**, adj. [for un-ursus] = uniuersus, non priuam quamque sollemnem Particulam uenti sentie et frigoris eius, Sed magis norsum, Luer. 4, 262; 2. for un-see unus § 25; for orsum cf. se-orsum de-orsum and Lachmann ad Luer. 4, 202; also

**unōse**, ade, [for un-norse] = uniuorse, all at once, in the lump, Occidisti at multa paucis uerba unose obuntem, Pacuv. 213 R. Cf. unorsus, and for loss of r prosum ssum etc.

**unquam**, (unq-)adv. [for cum-quam and so: quisquam :: cum: quis] at any time, chiefly in sentences of a negative character, as put after negatives, neque...unquam committam ut siet, Pl. Aul. 3, 2, 2; cum ita sim afflictus ut nemo unquam, Cic. Att. 3, 12, 1; Non unquam gravis aere domum mihi dextra redibat, Verg. B. 1, 36; and what implies a neg. Et caue posthac si me amas unquam istuc uerbum ex te audiam, Ter. Haut. 5, 4, 8; 2. in interrogations, cho an unquam tu huius iupisati patri? Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 80; Cedo hunc, un unquam iniuriarum audisti mihi scriptam dicam? Ter. Ph. 2, 2, 15 (or 3, 15); 3. in conditional sentences, Si patrios unquam reuocassem uictor ad Argos, Verg. 2, 95; si unquam in dicendo finimus aliqd aut etiam si unquam alias finimus, tum profecto domum...um quandam nobis diceudi dedit, Cic. Att. 4, 2, 2; adhortari ut si quando unquam equestri ore adiutur rempublicam meminerit, illo die amittatur, Liv. 10, 14, 11; ut minime mirum futurum sit si cum aetate processerit reliquis praestet omnibus qui unquam orationes attigerunt, Cic. orat. 11.

4. in wishes, some time or other, utinamque sit tempus unquam quo perfectus aliquis orator hanc artem in corpus eloquentiae adducat, Quint. 12, 2, 9; Exente: sie unquam longa retinere catena, Ov. am. 1, 6, 25; 5. after comparatives and superlatives with qui and with quam (cf. Fr. construction, as, je vous entends ici mieux que vous ne pensez), cum tyranno qui unquam fuit saeuissimum, Liv. 34, 32, 3; plus amat quam te unquam amant, Pl. Epid. 1, 1, 63; nunc quoque licet maior quam unquam moles premat, constitutum est uel deessere potius quam desperare, Quint. 12, pr. 2.

6. not far from a negative is semel unquam, once only, never but once, scintillam et stella cadere ac inluxisse eae cubili die semel unquam proditit Cr. Octauio C. Scribonio consiliis, Plin. 2, 100; 7. an old form cumquam suggested by metre to Ktschl (Rh. Mus. 25, 311) in: Neque ego cumquam Alienum scortum subigito in coniunio, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 53 (57); Neque patrum eumquam possila uidi. Quid uos tum patri Filii quot eratis? Men. 5, 9, 58 (cf. Berck. Beitr. p. 119).

**un-us**, older oinus or cenus, adj. num. card. [see below] one, unum id (sc. coniectus) sat est, Caecil. 174 R; andini... Mulieres duas peiores esse quam unam; res itast, Pl. Cure. 5, 2, 2; Pluris est oculatus testis unius quam auriti decem, Truc. 2, 6, 8; Verbum unum eade de nuptiis, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 65; cum pene unum est omnium summum rerum, regem illum unum uocamus, Cic. rep. 1, 42; Cogere item pluris minus, nictosque domare Non poterat, rerum ut perdisceere nouina uellent, Luer. 5, 1050; 2. with plural nouns of singular meaning, the pl. of unus is used, molas asinarias unas et trasatiles unas, Cato r. 10, 4; Ex uinis geminas

mili conficiet nuptias, Ter. Andr. 4, 1, 50; adductus sum tuis et unis et alteris litteris, Cie. Att. 14, 18, 1; cum una decemque consuetudine detrahantur, alterae novis institutis imperentur, Verg. 2, 3, 227; satis una superque Vidimus excidia, Verg. 2, 642; **3.** emphatically, one and only one, but one, alone, Set hic unus ut ego suspicor seruat fidem, Pl. Trin. 4, 4, 22; Unum hoc scio, esse meritum ut in minor esset sui, Ter. Andr. 1, 5, 40; ita de tua virtute commemorat, ut exipiant unum iracundiam, Cie. Q. fr. 1, 1, 37; **4.** so in pl. with numerals to denote a mere—, C. Sequere hac me, laxo iam scies. X. Quo gentium? C. Tis unus passus, Pl. Euc. 4, 7, 34; unum una quinque renarrantur minae, Ps. 1, 1, 54; **5.** often with solus added, unum solam scitote esse civitatem Mamertinam quae legatos miserit, Cie. Verr. 2, 2, 13; unus est solus innocens qui ab hac voluntate bonorum dissidet, Sest. 130; **6.** standing apart from others, one in particular, special, inter mulieres Quae ibi adstant forte unam aspicio adolescentulam, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 91; nemo de nobis unus excellat, Cie. Tusc. 5, 105; potes quid veri sit perspicere tu unus, Att. 12, 22, 1; haurient me scire nihil miratur ut unum Scilicet egregium mortalem aliquem silenti, Hor. s. 2, 6, 57; **7.** esp. with superl., ego, tamen mihi cum M. Crasso contentio esset, non cum uno gladiatore nequissimo, Cie. Phil. 2, 7; ita nobilissima Graeciae civitas sui eius unius aeternissimi monumentum ignorasset nisi ab homine Argynati didicisset, Tusc. 5, 66; Nigidio uni omnium doctissimo, fun. 4, 13, 3; **8.** and even with comp., Quam luno fertur teris magis omnibus unam Posthabita coluisse Sano, Verg. 1, 15; Namque sagacius unus odoror... Quam cuius acer, Hor. epod. 12, 4; **9.** unus is added to nullus nemo nihil for emphasis, nulla re una magis oratorem commendari quam verborum splendore, Cie. Brut. 216; ut nisi C. Verginius intermisisset unum signum Byzantii nullum haberent, pron. cons. 7; eos inter se quia nemo unus satis dignus regno visus sit, partes regni rapsisse, Liv. 2, 6, 3; Rhodiis ut nihil unum insigne ita omnis generis dona dedit, Att. 20, 7; **10.** for the use of unus with aliquis quisquam quisque see those words; and for its use with quisque, see unusquisque; **11.** one and the same, dedit eum huic ganto suo Peculiari quia quasi una actas erat, Pl. Capt. pr. 20; unius aetatis uirorem disputatio, Cie. rep. 1, 13; et utentium et aetatum uno tempore nactus secundum, Caes. b. g. 4, 23, 6; **12.** and so often with idem added, Una eademque una sanguis animusque secuntur, Verg. 10, 487; exiit omnium unus et idem fuit, Cie. din. 2, 97; eussit in qua omnes sentirent unum atque idem, Cat. 4, 14; **13.** a mere—, any ordinary—, both with and without contempt, non sibi modo qui sicut unus paterfamilias his de rebus loquitur, sed etiam ipsi illi Roscio, Cie. or. 1, 132; una haec res torquet quod non Pompeium tamquam unum manipularis secutus sim, Att. 9, 10, 2; Haec cum legas ta, bellus ille et urbanus Sullenus unus caprimulgum aut fossor Iursus uidetur, Catul. 22, 10; destini stomachari et me unum ex his feci qui ad aquas venissent, Cie. Plane. 65; **14.** esp. in such phrases as, non fuit (Calidius) orator unus e multis, potius inter multos singularis, Cie. Brut. 274; tenuis L. Verginius unumquemque de multis, fin. 2, 66; sum paulo infirmior, unus Multorum, Hor. s. 1, 9, 72; **15.** hence for quidam, one=some one, perfectaque tradidit mihi Vitque ferat dominae gestu rogat; illa rogata Pertulit ad Progenem (ed. rogat illa, rogata=maie), Ov. M. 6, 578; raptus ab uno tuba propositum, Suet. Caes. 32; Pl. Most. 3, 1, 147 has: Iterum iam ad unum saxum me fluctus ferunt, wh. unum found in all the mss seems to have startled Ritschl, though not Bentley. Lorenz translates it einen und denselben; **16.** prefixed with et to ordinals it seems to stand for primus, but only seems, as the suffix extends to the unus, et. our (one and twenty)-eth; hence uneticesimus, wh. see: qui (sc. Plato) uno et octogesimo anno scribens est mortuus, Cie. sen. 13; **17.** neither does it stand for primus in the connection unus alter or unus alter tertius, first one, then a second and third, for a first (letter) is but one until a second comes to make it a first; as unum alterum tertium unum Sessia quiescebat, Cie. Clu. 178; adductus sum tuis et unis et alteris litteris, Att. 14, 18, 1; **18.** unus with alter in its proper case,

one-another, Germ. ein-ander, Fr. l'un l'autre, Cum inter nos sorderemus unus alteri, Pl. Truc. 2, 4, 30; **19.** in unum, into one, together, finditur Fibrenus et diuinus in duas partes latera haec (huic? se. insulae) adluit rapideque dilapsus (delapsus?) cito in unum confluit, Cie. leg. 2, 6; omnibus qui bello apti erant in unum coactis, Liv. 30, 11, 4;

**20.** ad unum with or without omnes, to a man, de amicitia omnes ad unum idem sentiant, Cie. am. 86; Fabii caesi ad unum omnes, Liv. 2, 50, 11; Iuppiter omnipotens si nondum exosus ad unum Troianos... ita flammam euadere classi, Verg. 5, 687; **21.** gen. unus in prose, in poets both unus and unus, as: Unus ob noxam et furias Aiacis Oilei, Verg. 1, 41; Naubus (infandum) amissis unus ob iram, 1, 251; but also a gen. uni in old lang., as: namque uni collegi sumus, Titin. 7 R; and pech. Pl. St. 5, 4, 49 uni animi sumus, for so the best mss, but Ritschl has unanimi; in Catul. 17, 17: nec pili facit uni, we perhaps have two datives;

**22.** dat. uni, but in old lang. also uno, unae, as: unae filulae locum facito, Cat. r. 19, 11; qui (Saserna) ait singula iugera quaternis operis uno operario satis esse, Varr. r. 1, 18, 6; **23.** a voc. una, O me amice ex multis mihi une Cephalio, Pl. ap. Prisc. 5, 673; Ta praeter omnes une de capillatis, Catul. 37, 17; **24.** for the old forms uno- and oco-, hence uno plourime eoscentino (Romane) duonoro optimo uiro Lucium Scipione, Cil. 32; Oimamma, i.e. Amazon, Cil. 1501, p. 554; oemus ne amplius sex menses idem iruit quod duo consulens teneo, xii tab. ap. Cie. leg. 3, 9;

**25.** a root *seu* explains oco-, oin-o, oin-o (see V § 6), *ev*, Lith. vien-a, one and on-ee as pronounced with a w. Goth. ain, Germ. ein, our an, as also *per* and *per-o-*, from un-, not from uno- (unus), are formed un-decim, un-deviginti etc.; unorsum of Lucr.; oinorsus of inscr. Or. 196, 19; unose of Pacuv.; also gen. un-us, as opposed to unus, i.e. uno-us from uno-; and ullus, i.e. un-cl-us.

**unus-quilibet**, combination of unus and quilibet.

**unus-quisque**, una-quisque, unum quodque and unumquidque, every separate, adq., unumquodque regem, Cie. parad. 11; ad unumquodque rem existimandum, Font. 21; unaquaque de re, ib. 22; unumquodque ostendere, Verg. 2, 4, 132; leuiter unumquodque tangam, Rosc. Am. 83 (not unumquodque).

**unus-quisquis**, only in n. unum-quidquid or quicquid, adj. the same as the preceding, Si unumquidquid singulatum et placide percontabere, Pl. Trin. 4, 2, 39; Sic unumquidquid plautum prolatit actas, Lucr. 5, 1388, but rejected by Leachman.

**unx**, unguis, *ovēz*, Gloss.

**Vnixia**, adj. f. *ung-o-*; cf. anxious from ang-o a title of Juno, as presiding over door-posts, which a bride on first entering her husband's house had to anoint, unctioibus superest Vnixia, cingulum Cinctia replicationi, Arn. 3, 25; bos si sterilis Vnixia (eadem), 7, 21; Iterduam (te Iuno) et Domiducam Vnixiam Cinxiam mortales puellae debent in nuptias connoceat ut eorum et itinera protegas et cum postes ingent faustum omen affligas (affligas?) et cingulum ponentes in thalamis non relinqnas, Mart. C. 37 G, 42, 10 Eyss.

**Voberna**, a town of upper Italy, inscr. Cellar. Not. orb. ant.

**uocāb-ilis**, e, adj. [uoca-] sounding well, quod hic sonus uocabilior unus est et amocior, Gell. 13, 21, 14.

**uocābūlariter**, adv. = *πρωτηγορικος* Gloss.

**uocāb-ūrum**, i, n. a word, a name, rebus non commutatis immutatur uocabula, Cie. leg. 1, 38; Ex more imponens cognata uocabula rebus, Hor. s. 3, 280; deligitur artifex talium uocabulo Loensta, Tac. an. 12, 66;

**2.** in grammar, variously used as noun in opp. to *cls.*, Aristoteles orationis duas partes esse dicit uocabula et uerba, ut homo et legit, Varr. l. p. 40 Sp.; 70 or posse se transferri ut dicam "quod est." Sed uocabulum intresse uideo; eorum uerbum pro uocabulo ponere, Sen. ep. 68, 7;

**3.** or an appellative as opp. to a proper name (nomen), in uocabulis duae partes finitae et infinitae, uocabulum et nomen, non enim idem Oppidum et Roma quoniam oppidum sit uocabulum, Roma nomen, Varr. l. p. 555 Sp.; cf. also Quint. 1, 4, 20.

**uocālis**, e, adj. [uocē, sb. f.] of the voice, Carmine uocali clausus ethiaraque Palaeonem. Ov. M. 11, 317; 2. able to speak, Aegles Samius athleta mutus cum ei nictoriae praemium eriperetur, indignatione accensus uocalis euasit, Val. M. 1, 8, ext. 4; addamur, ne quem uocalem praeferissemus uidemur, C. Cosconium, Cic. Imit. 2, 22; so, aulis uocalis (parricis etc.), Plin. 10, 141; bones, Tib. 2, 5, 78; Uocalemque sua terram Dodonida querens, Ov. M. 13, 716;

3. able to speak in a manner, ranæ (as croaking), Plin. 8, 227; pisces, 9, 70; scarrabai, 11, 98; 4. gen. uttering sounds, vocal, uocales impellere chordas, Tib. 2, 5, 3; 5. baying a good voice, as for reading, ut eligeretur uocalissimus aliquis qui eum (librum) legeret, Plin. ep. 4, 7, 2; or for singing, tuneful, melodious, uocalem Orpheus, Hor. od. 1, 12, 7; uocales exoletos, Lamp. Al. Ser. 34; 6. hence pleasing to the ear, musical, clear, uerba, Quint. 8, 3, 16, cf. uocalitas; 7. fitted for the voice, uides quanto uocaliora sint uacua quam plena, Sen. N. Q. 2, 29; 8. as sb. f. (sc. littera) a vowel, concursus uocalium, Cic. orat. 77; consonantes a uocalibus discernere, Quint. 1, 4, 6; 9. adv. uocaliter, with the voice, Tert. Irax. 3; loudly, Apul. M. 1, p. 112.

**uocālitās**, ātis, f. euphony, u. quae *euφωνία* dicitur, Quint. 1, 5, 4.

**uocāmen**, īnis, n. name, Lucr. 2, 657; Sol. 5 med.; Arn. 4, 128; 7, 251.

1. **uocatio**, ōnis, f. an invitation (as to dinner), Catul. 47, 7; and prob. Iustin. 37, 4 wh. Jeep has auocationibus; 2. the right of summoning before one, quoniam moribus maiorum tribuni plebis praesentem habebant, uocationem non habent, Laeap ap. Gell. 13, 12, 4; in magistratu habent alii uocationem alii praesentem, alii neutrum; uocationem ut consulēs et ceteri qui habent imperium... Varr. lib. 6.

2. **uocatio**, ōnis, f. older form of uocatio, Exemption, militariae eis uocatio esto, CIL 108, 77 and 84; aut ei uocatio rei militaris legibus pl.ue sc. exue foidere erit, 206, 93 and 103; placet mihi in eum seuerē aduaduerti nec illi remum indicandum uocationem dari, Sen. lud. 11, 5 (so Buecheler).

**uocātus**, as u. casus, vocative, Gell. 14, 5, 1; as sb. m. Chur. 6, 48; Dion. 318, 1; Frise. 671, 4; 2. adv. uocaline, in the vocative, Gell. 13, 22, 4.

**uocātor**, ōris, m. a servant or officer whose duty it was to invite guests, Plin. 35, 89; Sen. ira 3, 37, 4; Suet. Cal. 39; 2. caller, inviter, Paulus u. gentium, Prud. *στροφ.* 2, 461.

**uocātōr-ius**, adj. of an inviter or caller, inviting, somnia, Tert. anim. 47; uocatorum *κληρονομία*, Gloss.

**uocātus**, ūs, m. calling, summoning, as of the senate, uocatu Drusi, Cic. or. 3, 2; 2. invitation (to dinner), uocatu ipsius, Suet. Cal. 39; 3. in pl. o. nunquam frustrata uocatus Hasta meos, Verg. 12, 95.

**uociferārius**, adj. m. as sb. a declaiming master? = *φωβασκητής*, Gloss.

**uociferātio**, ōnis, f. crying out loudly, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 156; Clu. 30; Petr. 14.

**uociferātor**, ōris, m. one who cries aloud, Tert. Marc. 4, 11.

**uociferātus**, ūs, m. crying out loudly; eum uociferatu, Plin. 10, 164.

**uociferō**, āre, for uociferor, Varr. r. 3, 9, 5.

**uociferor**, āri, vb. r. [implies a noun uocifer, a crier] lit. act as crier, hence proclaim, cry aloud, uociferari Decius, quo fugerit, Liv. 10, 28, 12; pontifex Linius uociferari uicisse Romanos, 10, 29, 3; Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 39; Rab. Post. 21; 2. metl., resipiscere per se Vociferator, Lucr. 2, 1051.

**uocifico**, āre, vb. [implies a noun uocifex or uocificus] lit. act as crier, hence proclaim, Gell. 9, 3, 1; make a great noise, apes, Varr. r. 3, 16, 8.

**uocito**, āre, vb. freq. call (not once, but as a habit), as by a name, inuestum qui uocitatur Alumnus, CIL 109, 17; qui Phalerus uocitatus est, Cic. Rab. Post. 23; quem patrio uocitatus nomine fulmen, Lucr. 6, 298; aecelas Iudaeos uocitari, Tac. h. 5, 2; 2. keep calling, Tac. h. 2, 41 f.

**uoco**, āre, vb. [implies a simple vb. uocē, call, = *τεω* of

*επ-ος*, *ειπω*, S. vach] call, Quis uocat, quis nominat me?

Pl. Cure. 2, 3, 25; H. nim uocem (illum) huc ad te? T. Voca, Capt. 2, 2, 110; 2. u. (per uocatore), send for, summon, Diminorrigem ad se uocat, Caes. b. g. 1, 20, 6; senatores ex provincia uocasse, b. c. 3, 105, 1; Conciliūque uocat diuinum pater, Verg. 10, 2; 3. esp. in law, uadari uis, promittit; in ius uocas, sequitur, Cic. Quinct. 61; Ego triumphum uocatus a Porcio tribuno plenis non iui; item tribunus cum esset uocari neminem iussi, Varr. ap. Gell. 13, 12, 6; ut (Cornelius) in iudicium uocetur, Cic. Balb. 65; apud Graecos lator eorum (sc. legum) ad iudicem uocabatur, Quint. 2, 4, 33; 4. hence metl., refer a person or even matter (for judgment), me ad Democritum uocas emi non adsentior, Cic. acad. pr. 56; ne Tiberius nim principatus resoluere cuncta ad senatum uocando, Tac. an. 1, 6 f.;

5. call by a name, in montem Apeninum qui uocatur Bopio, CIL 199, 18; oppidum Britannii uocant cum siluas uallo atque fossa munierunt, Caes. b. g. 5, 21, 3; Coniugium uocat, hoc praetexti nomine culpam, Verg. 4, 171; 6. invite (as to dinner), me ad cenam uoca, Ter. Ph. 5, 9, 64; hunc ego uocari ad cenam, Cic. Att. 6, 3, 9; and absol., nos parasti planius Quos nunquam quisquam neque uocat neque inuocat, Pl. Capt. 1, 1, 8; in St. 3, 2, 18 the reading *Locustast opera* (not uocata) is made certain by the palimpsest; 7. invite, gen., In praedam partemque Iodem, Verg. 3, 223; in partem (hereditatis) mulieres uocatae sunt, Cic. Caecl. 12; and metl., nox imberque ad quietem uocabat, Liv. 28, 15, 12; uocat Auster in altum, Verg. 3, 70; with inf., At sedare sitim flumini fontes uocabant, Lucr. 5, 945;

8. call to combat, call out, challenge, magnusque uocant clamoribus hostem, Verg. G. 4, 70; nec aere terram tam facile persuaseris quam uocare hostes, Tac. G. 14; and metl., neque ipse deorat adrogantia uocare offensas nimis commemorandis quae meruisset, h. 4, 80;

9. call on (the gods for aid) invoke, Voce uocans Heceaten caeloque Ereboque potentem, Verg. 6, 247; non tibi sunt integra linea, Non di quos iterum pressa nocens malo, Hor. od. 1, 14, 10; 10. address, speak to, nec Giton me aut tralatitiae propinatione dignum indicabat aut quod minimum esset sermone communi uocabat, Petr. 113; 11. from the legal phrase in iudicium uocare arise such metaphors as, te me in crimen et in inuidiam uocari, are summoned to meet a criminal and odious charge, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 33; nec uero criminibus falsis in odium aut inuidiam quoniam uocabat (expose to), off. 1, 86; also with acc. of thing, hoc tu igitur in crimen uocas, quod cum is fuerit, Rab. perd. 24; 12. akin to these usages are, nulla fore res potest in dicendi disceptationem uocari quae non habeat utrumque (i.e. et malum et bonum), Cic. or. 2, 291; salus sociorum summum in periculum ac discrimen uocatur (is summoned to face, is exposed to), Manil. 12; iniuria... ita perspicua ut ne ab ipso quidem qui fecisset in dubium uocaretur, be called in doubt (a phrase we owe to the Latin), inn. 2, 84; 13. ad calculos u., call upon to give an account in figures, call to account (again from the Latin), metl., hoc uocem est nimis exigue ad calculos uocare amicitiam, ut par sit ratio acceptorum et datorum, Cic. am. 58; An si ad calculos eum res publica uocet, non merito dicat: Anna aera habes, annuum operam eae? Liv. 5, 4, 7;

14. census uocandi, the vocative, Nigid. ap. Gell. 13, 26, 1; Gell. 14, 5, 3.

**Vocoonis**, name of a gens, orig. from Aricia, C. Vocoonius C. f., CIL 1128; Mart. 7, 29, 1; 2. lex Vocoonia (585 a. u. c.) for limiting inheritances by women, Cic. Phil. 3, 10; sen. 14; fin. 2, 55; rep. 3, 17; in Verr. 2, 1, 106; 3. Vocoonius (pīris), n. uocūnis, Plin. 15, 56.

**uocūla**, ae, f. dim. the voice, as power of speech, cum recedebat uoculae causa necesse esset mihi ambulare, Cic. Att. 2, 23, 1; 2. what one says, voice, sed incurrit haec nostra laurus (on his fuses as a claimant for a triumph) non solum in oculos sed iam etiam in uoculas malinolorum (is the subject of jeering remarks), Cic. fam. 2, 16, 2; Prop. 1, 16, 27; 3. a little word, a significatio uoculae huius (saltem), Gell. 12, 14, 5; 4. a cognomen, Dillio Voculae, Tac. h. 4, 24; C. Dillius A. f. Ser. Vocula legatus in Germania legionis xxii, inser. Mur. 697, 5.



**uoculatio**, ōnis, f. [implies a vb. uocula- from the sb. uocula] pronunciation, a. qui poterit seruari, si non sciens in nominibus ad Valerium utrum interrogandi (genitive) an uocandi sint? Nam interrogandi secunda syllaba superiore tonost quam prima, deinde nonissima deicitur, et in casu uocandi summo tonost prima, deinde gradatim descendunt, Nigid. ap. Gell. 13, 26, 1; wh. G. adds: quem accentum nos dicimus uoculationem appellat, perh. wrongly, though he says the same in 13, 6, 1.

**uoisgra** ? ae, f. a bird of some kind, uoisgram auem quae se uellit. Angures hanc eandem facillatam appellant, Fest. p. 371.

**uola**, ae, f. [?] the hollow of the hand or foot, uola medietas palmae et pedis, Serv. G. 2, 88; uolae uestigium (uola uestigii?) medium pedis concauum, sed et palma manus uola dicitur, Fest. p. 370; uola homini tantum, exceptis quibusdam, Plin. 11, 253; numquid uola (dei) numquid et ungues, Prud. ap. 927; 2. hence as proverb, pleni libri ubi manent epistolii eorum quorum in sepulchris nec uola nec uestigium exstat, Varr. s. 122, 7 R; Haec Numa fieri si uideret scit suorum institutorum nec uolam nec uestigium apparere, 227, 10 R, not a trace.

**uolāb-ilis**, e, adj. [uola- vb.] flying, ceruoni, Varr. s. p. 267, 4 R.

**Volane** or Olane, one of the mouths of the Padus, Plin. 3, 120.

**uolans**, part.; 2. as sb., in poet., a bird, Lucr. 2, 1083; Verg. 6, 239 and 728.

**Volaterrānus**, adj. of Volaterrae in Etruria, uada, Cie. Quinct. 24; In Volaterranum, uero Vadi nomine tractum, Rutil. it. 1, 453; Plin. 3, 50; 2. Volaterrani, the inhabitants, Cie. dom. 79; Liv. 28, 45.

**uolāt-ica**, adj. f. as sb. a flying with conceiv. in the form of an owl, striges) Graeci syrinx tappellat quod maleficus mulieribus nomen inditum est, quas uolaticas etiam uocant. Itaque solent his uersibus ac ueluti auctore Graeci., Fest. 314; cf. Mueller's note, p. 408, 2; qui uolaticam spectat, Tert. Pall. 6.

**uolāt-icus**, [uola- vb.] flying, homines, Pl. Poen. 2, 29; met., Aeneidiana, Cie. Att. 13, 25, 3; impetus, har. r. 46; me uolaticum esse ae leuam, Sen. ep. 42, 5.

**uolāt-ilis**, e, adj. flying, bestiis, Cie. N. D. 2, 151; pueri (Cupid), Ov. am. 2, 7, 27; telum, Lucr. 1, 970; and Ov. a. a. 1, 169; ferrum, Verg. 4, 71; 2. met., aetas, Ov. M. 10, 519; in Sen. ep. 123, 16, uolabile, not uolatile.

**uolātūra**, ae, f. [implies a sb. uolator from vb. uola-] flight, Varr. r. 3, 5, 7; Colum. 8, 9, 1.

**uolātus**, ūs, m. [uola- vb.] flying, flight, Cie. N. D. 2, 101; Catul. 55, 24; Mart. 11, 91, 9; in pl. uolabitus auium, Cie. din. 1, 2.

**Volacicus**, name of a gens, C. Volaci(us) C. f., CIL 1105.

**Volcanāle**, for Volcanāle (Vule.), adj. n. as sb. [Volcanus] a place in Rome sacred to Vulcan, eius ossa in Volcanali quod est supra comitum obruta sunt, Fest. v. Statua p. 290 b, 14; lotos in Volcanali quod Romulus constituit aequa urbi intelligitur, Plin. 16, 236; cf. Gell. 4, 5, 4 and Dion. Hal. 2, 50.

**Volcanā-lis**, e, adj. of Vulcan, flamen, Varr. l. 5, 15, p. 88 Sp.; 2. Volcanalia, iorum, n. pl. the festival of Vulcan, viz. a. d. x Kal. Sept., Varr. l. 6, 3, p. 202 Sp.; Sal. ap. Non. 489; Plin. 17, 260; Colum. 11, 3, 18; Plin. ep. 3, 5, 8; c. uolc. x (to the 23rd of Aug.) Fast. Maff. CIL p. 306 and volcan. x Volcano in Circo Flaminio, Fest. Vall. p. 320; Volcanalia, Menolog. rust. under mensis Aug. p. 359.

**Volcanicus**, (Vule.) adj. of Vulcan, uis, Lucil. ap. Non. 528; templa, Att. 529 R; arma, Cie. Tusc. 2, 33; acies, Verg. 10, 408; Lemnos, Ov. M. 13, 313; pestis, Sil. 14, 423; 2. insulae V., the (Volcani) Lipari islands, Cie. N. D. 3, 55; cf. Plin. 3, 93.

**Volcānus**, (Vule.) adj. as sb. m. [implies a sb. uola or uolens, fulgur or fulgus, fire, = φλογος of φλογιστής, and akin to fulg-] the god of fire, Vulcan, Aesernium Volcanom, on a coin of the Aesernium with a head of Vulcan, CIL 50; Volcani pocelom (= poculum) on a patera, ib.; Volcani opera, Naev. 50 R; Volcani item complures, Cie.

N. D. 3, 55; Q Vibius, aram Volcano... facienda (sic) coer., CIL 1488; 2. met. for fire, Quo ambulat tu qui Volcanum in cornu concludimus geris? Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 185; ac totis Volcanum spargere tectis, Verg. 7, 77.

**Volcēianus**, (Vule.) adj. of Volcēii, ordo populusque V., inser. Mur. 1095, 5; V. cinittas, Grut. 2, 90, 2.

**Volcēii**, ōrum, m. pl. a town of Etruria, M. Satrius Ratinus Volcēis, inser. Marin. Fr. Arn. p. 334; inser. Grut. 447, 1.

**Volcētānus**, (Vule.) adj. of Volcētum or Volcēii, Plin. 3, 98; Arnob. 6, 104.

**Volcentinus**, adj. the same, Plin. 3, 52 (al. Volcentinus).

**Volciens**, ntis, adj. the same, Cosa (al. Cossa) Volcentium a populo Romano deducta, Plin. 3, 51; (Ti. Cornificianus Ti. f. Ti. n. cos. an. cxxxiii (de) Volcimienibus et Volcentibus, K. feb., CIL p. 457.

**uolēmum**, i, n. a sort of large pear, Cloat. ap. Maer. s. 2, 19, 6; Cato r. 7; Crastinus Syriusque pirs grāuibusque uolēmis, Verg. G. 2, 88; Colum. 5, 10, 18; 12, 10, 4.

**uolens**, ntis, part. as adj. willing, ready, Ducunt uolentem fata, uolentem trahunt, Sen. ep. 107, 11; uolens nos Turnus adoro, Verg. 10, 676; 2. idiom. of Greek origin, mihi uolenti est, it is acceptable to me, neque plebi militia uolenti putabatur (sc. esse), Sal. Iud. 84, 3; uti militibus exauctus cum imperatore labos uolentibus esset, 100, 4; quibusdam uolentibus nonas res fore, Liv. 21, 50, 10; Maturio bellum uolentibus fuit, Tac. h. 3, 43; quibus bellum uolentibus erat, Agr. 18; si uolentibus uolens erit, Maer. s. 1, 7; 2, 3; 6, 6. Cf. τῷ πλοῦτι οὐ βούλομαι ἦν, Thuc. 2, 31 al. 7, 35; αὐτὸς βούλομαι οὐ τοῖς τοῖς ἀκούει, Dem. cor. p. 229; Frise. 1169, 18;

3. acceptable, uolentia plebi facere, Sal. ap. Non. 186; Muciano uolentia rescribere, Tac. h. 3, 52; 4. adv. uolenter, willingly, Apul. M. 6, p. 178.

**uolentia**, ae, f. willingness, assent, Apul. M. 11, p. 259; Sol. 36.

**Volēro**, ōnis, m. a praenomen in the gens Publilia, Liv. 5, 13, 3; Voler. Publilius P. f. Voler. n. Philo, fast. cons. Borch. 2.

**Volēsus**, (Volusius) m. a praenomen in the gens Valeria, P. Valēsius Volēsī f. Poplicola, CIL 15 (cons. 245 a. u. c.); cf. coin ap. Eckhel 5, 334; Tac. an. 3, 68; Iuv. 8, 18.

**uolga**, ae, f. (the same word as uolua) a leathern pouch, eo ut naticum ex arcu addideri in uolgum, Varr. s. p. 217, 9 R; 2. the womb, Lucil. ap. Non. 78, 14.

**uolgāgo**, (uulg.) ōnis, f. the plant hanc-wort, Est asarum Graece, uulgāgo dicta Latine, Aem. Mac. 46, 6.

**uolgāris**, (uulg.) e, a li. [uolgus i or uolgum i] belonging to people generally, in promiscuous use, ordinary, common, commonplace, usus, Cie. fin. 3, 3; consuetudo, or. 1, 248; sensus, 1, 108; opinio, 1, 109; commendatio, fam. 1, 3; patrum consuetudo, Tac. an. 16, 22; iubar (of the sun, common to all), Lucan. 5, 220; nae, Quint. 1 pr.;

2. in a bad sense, vulgar, low, multo haec artes uolgares, cognos pistores lictarios, Cie. Rose. Am. 134; Cortusque uolgares et adam Spernit humum fugiente penna, Hor. od. 3, 2, 23; nam et humilibus interim (uerbis) et uolgaribus opus, et quae uidentur sordida, ubi res possit, proprie dicuntur, Quint. 10, 1, 9; 3. n. prolia, a prostitute, Ov. F. 4, 805; ex uuliere uolgarī, Suet. Vit. 2.

**uolgaritas**, (uulg.) ātis, f. [uolgus] vulgar ignorance, Arnob. 3, 123.

**uolgariter**, (uulg.) adv. commonly, Plin. 8, 28, 204;

2. without taste or discrimination, Plin. 8, 13; but in Cie. fam. 13, 60, the Med. has uolgare (as an adv.).

**uolgaris**, (uulg.) adj. = uolgaris, ordinary, vulgar, Non est melioris res neque est uolgaris (uulgaria R.) Fallacia haec, Turp. 205 R; Define temeritatem uolgaris uolgarium, Atran. 203; Atque facilitatem uolgo uteris uolgarium, Nov. 98; in qua re uerbo usus est uolgaris significatiōis, Gell. 3, 16, 18.

**uolgātor**, (uulg.) ōris, m. one who divulges, a divulger (so to say), taciti (sc. Tantalus), Ov. am. 3, 7, 51.

**uolgātus**, (uulg.) part.; 2. as adj. common, ordinary, uolgaris fama, Liv. 1, 7, 2; uolgatissimos sensus uerbis persequi, Quint. 2, 4, 28; inter uolgatissimas meretrices,

Stet. Dom. 22; **2.** adv. *volgatus*, more publicly, Amm. 15, 3, 6; 31, 3, 2.

**2 volgatus**, (uulg.) ūs, m. publishing, divulging, Sid. ep. 8, 1.

**volgiōlum**, i, n. dim. [would imply a sb. *volg-ium* from *voln-ere*] a little roller, Plin. 17, 73 (reading doubtful).

**volgiuagus**, adj. wandering everywhere, roving, *Volgiuagus* uagus *Venero*, Lucr. 4, 1071; *Volgiuago* uitam tractabat more ferarum, 5, 932.

**1 uolgō**, (uulg.) āre, vb. [implies an adj. *volgus*, promiscuous, from *volu-o*, like *parcus* from *parco*; see below] promiscuously, without distinction of classes, commonly, generally, everywhere, on all sides, *luccidit ueles uolgo sicilibus latis*, Enn. an. 490 V; *Non ago hoc per sagam pretio conductam ut uolgo solent*, Turp. 8 R; *nam quod uolgo praedicant Aurito me (sc. Triapum) natum, non ita est*, Afran. 405 R; *Verum illud uerbūst uolgo quod dici solet*, Ter. Andr. 2, 5, 15; *Quid enim senatus... ad prandium imitare (erimcu putat)? Minime, sed uolgo*. *Quid est uolgo?* *Viniuersos*, Cic. Mur. 73; *uolgo totis castris testamenta obsignabantur*, Caes. b. g. 1, 39, 3; **2.** esp. of promiscuous intercourse, ea coacta ineratiss *Posilla* coepit uictum uolgo quacere, by prostitution, Ter. Haec. 3, 1, 38; *probrum intelligitur in his mulieribus esse quae turpiter uiuerent uolgoque quaestum facerent, etiam si non palam*, Marc. dig. 23, 2, 41; **3.** hence as opposed to legitimate children, si ex iustis nuptiis conceperit, ciuem Romanum ex ea nasci, si uolgo conceperit, peregrinum, Gai. 1, 90; *ne interest iustis nuptiis conceperit (conceperit) an uolgo*, Marc. dig. 1, 5, 5; *uolgo quaesitus matrem sequitur*, Cels. 1, 5, 19; **4.** from *voln-ere*, which = Ital. *volgere*, in the sense of stirring round and round and so mixing all together.

**2 uolgō**, (uulg.) āre, vb. [implies an adj. *volgus* from *volno*] make promiscuous or common, throw open (to all or many), *ne inelamato quia sic te uolgo uolzem*, Pl. Mil. 4, 2, 44; *ut discriminem omni sublatum te se quisquam ne nos nonerit*, quam enim aliam nimis conubia promiscua habere nisi uti ferarum propter ita uolgentur concubitus plebis putauit? Liv. 4, 2, 6; *sunt qui Laurentium uolgo corpore lupum uocatum putent*, 1, 4, 7; *Vergilius non uolgabatur, de his tantum qui fidem secuti consilia militassent agendum censebat*, 2, 29, 7; *ministeria inimicū ac contagia ipsa uolgabant morbos*, 3, 6, 3; *minimū in ordinem se ipsum cogere (sc. Appium) et uolgarum ciuem priuatis (mix himself promiscuously with*, 3, 35, 6; **2.** esp. make common by words, divulge (a secret), publish (to the world), *In uolguum uolgas arteque expromis incertum*, Varr. s. p. 182, 2 R; *obductum uerbis uolgare dolorem*, Verg. 10, 643; *ut abo qui Cereris sacrum uolgarit arcanae sub isdem sit tabulis fragilissime mecum soluat phaselon*, Hor. od. 3, 2, 27.

**uolgus**, (uul) i, m. and *uolguis*, n. [uolu- turn round and so mix; cf. for form *volgere* Ital. and *uolga* = *uolua*] people, etc. taken promiscuously, the great mass, quod uolgo seruorum solet, Ter. Andr. 4, 4, 3; *ne deest te numerari ut uolgo patronorum (and just before: ut te eripias ex ea quam ego congesti turba patronorum)*, Ute. Buz. 332; *alii uolguum effusum oppido caedere*, Sal. Jug. 69, 2; *femineum uolguis*, Lucan. 7, 39; *Continuo culpam ferro compescere, priusquam Dira per incertum serpent contagia uolguis (sc. uitium)*, Verg. G. 3, 468; **2.** absol. the common herd of people, the mob, the many, multitude, public, *Quem si uolguis secutus esset, peremū si centum denariis calcem multi emere possimus (so Riese but posse- nunt?)*, Varr. s. p. 114, 6 R; *Nonne Arginos fremere bellum et uelle uim uolguum? uides?* Att. 288 R; *hinc spargere uoces* *In uolguum?* ambiguous, Verg. 2, 69; *non est enim consilium in uolgo, non ratio, non discerni*, Cic. Plane. 9; *uolguis uti plerumque solet ingenio mobili, seditiosum atque discordiosum*, Sal. Jug. 60, 2; *uolguis finimus sine gratia*, Cat. 20, 7; *malignum uolguis*, Hor. od. 2, 10, 40; *profanum*, 3, 1, 1; **3.** phrases, in uolguis, among people generally, with the great mass, quod etiam in uolguis gratum esse sentimus, Cic. Att. 2, 22, 3; *quae non sane probantur in uolguis*, parad. pr. 2; *mitte in uolguis laeto*, Liv. 22, 3, 14; *apud paucos ea ratio probata, in uolguis*

*aduerso rumore fuit*, Tac. h. 2, 26 f.; **4.** in uolgo, the same, *apio gratia in uolgo est (so m. a., but 3 om. in)*, Plin. 20, 112;

**5.** *uolguis* n. is used only in nom. and acc. & *uolguis* as n. m. and *uolguis* as acc. m. are rare, the first found in Varr. alone, the second in Att. Sal. Verg., as marked with asterisk above; gen. *uolgi* and abl. *uolgo* are general.

**uolūtātus**, ūs, m. [uolūtō] flying, flight, Venant. S. Mart. 4, 223.

**uolūtō**, āre, vb. frq. fly, fly about, Cic. or. 2, 23; N. D. 1, 54; **2.** met. uiuos per ora uirum, Eun. p. 162 V; *uolūtāt ante oculos istorum Italia regis filius*, Cic. Agr. 2, 58; *cum enim regio habitu uolūtātem tota acie cognosset*, Liv. 4, 19, 2.

**Volminius**, name of a gens, Volminia O. I. Salua, CIL 1062, 7.

**uolnērābilis**, (uul.) e, adj. [uolnere, vb.] wounding, causing lesion, intestina materia uolnērābili onerata, Cael. Aur. acut. 3, 17, 171.

**uolnēr-ārius**, (uul.) adj. [uolnēs-] of or for wounds, en- plastrā, Plin. 23, 81; 34, 115; **2.** a name given to a Greek physician Archagathus, who came to Rome (535 a. u. c.), in reference to his mode of treatment, Plin. 29, 13.

**uolnērātio**, (uul.) ōnis, f. wounding, wound, Cic. Caeclm. 47; **2.** met. uitae famae salutis snae, Cic. Pis. 47.

**uolnērator**, (uul.) ōris, m. one who wounds, met., gentium, Hier. Is. 5, 14, 12.

**uolnērō**, (uul.) āre, vb. [uolnēs-] wound, Enn. tr. 197 V; Cic. Sest. 24; Caes. b. g. 5, 58, 4; Sal. Jug. 57, 6; Ov. M. 11, 372; **2.** of inanimate things, Scythicorum (sc. zingagorum) duritia tanta est non quant uolnērari, Plin. 37, 64; **3.** met., uoce, Cic. Cat. 1, 9; uerbis, har. resp. 2; *grauior ne nuntius auris uolnērēt*, Verg. S. 583; *uolnērāt aures eorum praecepta continentiae*, Lact. 7, 1 med.; *uolnērāt animos*, Liv. 34, 7, 7; *erimine*, Ov. her. 18, 105.

**uolnifer**, (uul.) or uolniferūs, adj. wound-bearing, im- bres, Prud. psych. 173; caput, Maxim. Gal. 5, 98; *uolniferus* τραυματικός, Gloss.

**uolnificus**, (uul.) adj. wound-making, chalybeus, Verg. S. 446; *sua*, Ov. M. S. 359; *plumbum (of the caestus)*, Val. F. 1, 420; *Camēnae*, Rutil. 1, 603 (of Lucilius' satires); epithet of Apollo, Mart. C. 1, p. 6 G, 6, 32 Eyss.

**uolnūs**, (uul.) ēris, n. [implies a vb. *uoln-ere* from *uoll-ere* to tear; cf. *spēr-n- po(s)-n* and *sb. fac-in-os-*, *plg-n-os-* from pag of pang, *τεμ-ερ-ο-σ-* as also *ἐλ-κ-ε-σ-* from *ἐλ-κ-*] lit. a tear, causing a wound, a blow, fortunae grauissimo percussus uolnere, Cic. acad. post. 11; *percussus uolnere rami*, Prop. 1, 1, 13; *Ac simul infesto Lateranum uolnere truncae Arboris urgebat*, Sil. 5, 251; *et uolnere tardus Vlixi*, Verg. 2, 436; on which Gell. 9, 12, 17 says: *non quod accepisset Vlixes sed quod dedisset*; **2.** *Volnra dirigere*, Verg. 10, 140; *Sen. Herc. Oet. 160*; *Sil. 2, 92*; *a wound*, *Corpus contemplantur uide corporaret uolnere*, Enn. tr. 140 V; *Caue fasit uolnūs tibi haec iam eis sunt dentis ferre*, Pl. Truc. 5, 51; *Cic. Mil. 65*; *Sest. 23*; *Caes. b. g. 1, 25*; *b. c. 1, 45*; *6. Liv. 24, 26 f.*; *guera in quibus noxa corpori est proponam*; *ea quae sunt: quum quid extrinsecus laedit, ut in uolnūciū...*, Cels. 5, p. 185, 27 D; **3.** of inanimate objects, uolnūciū... enieta supremum Congemuit (sc. ornus), Verg. 2, 630; *Parsque fore senti uolnere nulla uacet*, Ov. Pont. 4, 7, 38; *add F. 1, 605*; *Inv. 3, 49*; *Plin. 19, 142*;

**4.** met. wound, quae hic reipublicae uolnura imponbat, eadem ille sanabat, Cic. fin. 4, 66; *hoc tam graui uolnere etiam illa quae conuulsissimē uidebantur reuerescunt*, fam. 4, 6, 2; *Aeter- numque daret nati sub pectore uolnūs*, Lact. 2, 639; *tristi turbatum uolnere mentis*, Verg. 12, 100; **5.** esp. of love, aeterno denictus uolnere amoris, Lucr. 1, 34; *Volnus alit uenis*, Verg. 4, 2; *add Ov. a. a. 1, 257*; *Prop. 4, 21, 32*; *4, 24, 18*; **6.** Germ. wunde, our wound, the same as uol-, the nd representing the l; the Sansk. vran wound also = uoln.

**uolnus-c-ūlum**, (uul.) i, n. dim. a slight wound, Ulp. dig. 21, 1, 1, 8; Hier. ep. 112, 13.

**1 uolō**, āre, vb. fly. Sine pennis uolare haud facilest, mēse alae pennas non habent, Pl. Poen. 4, 2, 49; *Deserit*

atque altam supra volat ardea nubem, Verg. G. 1, 364; 2. met., volat in feminis axis, Verg. G. 3, 107; Etrusca praeter et locata litore, Hor. epod. 16, 40; litterae Capuam ad Pompeium volare dicebantur, Cic. Cat. 2, 19, 3.

2. uolē, uolū, vb. irr. wish, nihil est mali quod illa non ab initio voluerit optauerit cogitauerit efficeret, Cic. Clu. 188; idem nolle atque idem nolle, ex denuum firma amicitia est, Sal. Cat. 20, 4; 2. will have (it), insist, must, it's my pleasure, esp. in the form nolo, Hoc nolo se infelix, sit pro ratione voluntas, Iuv. 6, 222; nolo uti mihi respondens nuni qui ex toto collegio legem sit ansus ferre praeter unum te, Cic. Vat. 17; eademque vocabula si uolet usus, Hor. A. P. 71; 3. esp. in opinions, will have it that..., insist, multis autem cunctis omnia feto, Cic. diu. 2, 24; ita uolitis, nihil esse animale in mundo praeter ignem, N. D. 3, 36; 4. hence, in legislation, rogatus in haec uerba populus: Velitis iubeatis huc se fieri..., Liv. 22, 10; rogationem promulgant uolent iubeant Philippo regi bellum indici, 31, 6, 1; add Cic. Pis. 72; 5. uelim, I should wish, is a modest way of expressing a wish, very different from the rude uolo, nunc exoritur ut ueniat miles uelim, Pl. Truc. 2, 6, 28; tu uelim ut conquesti nos absentes diligas, Cic. fam. 15, 3 f.

6. uellem, I should or could have wished, refers to the past which is now beyond remedy, or to the impossible, uellem ut tu uelles Tranio, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 53; adspice M. Catonem sacro illi pectori parissimas manus admoventem: utrum illi dicturus es, Vellem quae uelles et Molesto fero an Feliciter quod agis, Sen. ep. 67, 13; quam uellem te ad Stoicos inclinauisses! Cic. fin. 3, 10; Vah, quam uellem etiam noctu amicis operam mos esset dari, Ter. Ad. 4, 1, 16; 7. sibi uelle, to wish within oneself, so that the wish is not expressed, hence have a secret purpose, Quid igitur sibi uult pater? Quos simulat? Ter. Ad. 3, 1; quid sibi uellet, cur in suas possessiones ueniret? Caes. b. g. 1, 44, 8; 8. hence met., mean, signify, intend, nec satis intellexi quid sibi lex aut quid uerba ista uellent, Cic. leg. 3, 33; quid illae sibi statuae equestres inauratae uolunt? Verr. 2, 2, 150; 9. uolo tibi ete, (bene, male), I wish you (well or ill), Iamdiu ego huc bene et mihi hic uolubus, et amicitia est antiqua, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 5; utinam male qui mihi uolunt se rideant, As. 5, 1, 13; 10. uolo tua causa, I wish you success, ualde eius causa uolo, Cic. fam. 16, 17, 2; Varro Murena magno opere eius causa uult omnia, 13, 22, 1; add 13, 71; 11. constr. first w. inf., uolui consilium cum nittere signum Volt, omnes..., Enn. an. SS V; exire ex urbe priusquam luceat uolo, Pl. Amph. 1, 3, 35; Volo (pron. uolo) seire ex te cur urbanas res desubito deseris, Pomp. 102 B; 12. often with a perf. inf., Bacus nū nequis adides (= adidesse) uellet..., neque quicumque condonare nunc commouisse neque conspiciendisse neque compromississe uellet, CIL 7 etc. (618 A u. e.); uilicem nequid emisse uellet in seiente domino, Cato r. 5; Oesula praecipue nulla dedisse uelis, Ov. am. 1, 4, 38; 13. with acc. and inf., iudicem esse me, non doctorem uolo, Cic. orat. 117 f.; Voltis scueri me quoque sumere Partem Falerni? Hor. od. 1, 27, 9;

14. often acc. with a perf. part. pass., mane, sunt qui uolunt te conentant, Pl. Cist. 4, 2, 38; quare oratos uos omnis uolo, Ne plus..., Ter. Haust. pr. 26; 15. with ut or uti and subj., id quaerunt; uolunt haec ut infecta faciant, Pl. Cas. 4, 4, 0; quod ut illi proprium acc perpetuum sit uelle et optare debetis, Cic. Man. 48; 16. w. subj. alone, quid uis faciam? Ter. Eun. 5, 8, 24; Torquatus uolo parulus Dulce ridet ad patrem, Catul. G. 1, 210; Vis ergo inter nos quid possit uterque uicissim Exprimam? Verg. B. 3, 28; uolo huc oratori contingat, ut..., Cic. Brut. 200;

17. with acc. alone, wish for, see § 1; At pol ego neque florem neque floeces uolo (pron. uolo) mihi, uinum uolo, Caes. 190 B; Et nonne Argiuis fremere bellum et uelle uim uolugum uidet? Att. 288 R; amara, Verg. 7, 340; litos atque arma, Stat. Th. 3, 604; plantaria Perseos, Val. F. 1, 67; 18. esp. in the form uolo te, I want you, i.e. I want to speak to you; exi, te uolo, Pl. Capt. 5, 2, 24; Sosia ades-dum, paucis te uolo, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 2; Redeo ad te Megadore, siquid me uis, Pl. Aul. 2, 2, 32; si quid ille se uelit, illum ad se unire oportere, Caes. b. g. 1, 34, 2; centuriones

trium cohortium me uelle postredie (wanted to see me), Cic. Att. 10, 16, 4; 19. esp. in the phrase numquid aluit me uis? Pl. Mil. 2, 6, 92; do you want me about anything else? have you any further commands? a civil way of saying goodbye; often shortened, numquid me uis? Aul. 2, 2, 85; numquid uis? Amph. 1, 3, 44; numquid uis? Poon. 3, 6, 6; nec cum postea in castra uenisset atque inde discederet, 'numquid uellem' regauit; et fuit aperte mihi, me scio quare, non amicus, Cic. Att. 6, 3, 6; frequentia prosequuntur regantibusque numquid uellet, Liv. 6, 34, 7;

20. uolt and uoltis retain the orig. o, att. uolt and uoltis; uim for uisne passim; 21. chief irregularities arise from uolant, giving place to e when i or e follow, as uelim uellem uelle; 22. the o lost in uis (for uoltis uois); cf. inuitus for inuoltus, uolo and uoluntas often pronounced as uolo uoluntas in comedy; cf. also Fr. veux and our won't for uolt not, and uoluit with its silent i; 23. see uolens;

24. uol=vol of *voluntas* and uolt of Germ. *wollen*, retained in our provincial uolt; the Greek *θελ*- too stands for *vol* or *vol*.

3. uol-o, ōnis, m. [cf. camp-o, ale-o] a volunteer, a title given to the slave-volunteers who, according to Liv. 22, 57, 11, took service in the Second Punic war; eto nulla inuimium ualidum ex scinitis, prius seicantes nellenite militare, empta publice amancunt; hence, erobro decurrere milites cogebat, ut tirones (ex maxima pars uoluntum erat) aduenerent signa sepi, Liv. 23, 35, 6; bello Iunio cum deessent qui scriberent, seui pro dominis pugnaturos se polliciti in ciuitatem recepti sunt et uolones quia sponte huc uoluerunt appellati, Maer. s. 1, 11, 30; Capitol. M. Anton. 21; Licin. p. 22 ed. Bonn.; CIL 658; Fest. p. 370.

uolpē-tūla, (uul.) ae. f. dim. [uolpe-] a little fox, Cic. N. D. 1, 88; e. philonell. 59.

uolpēs, (uul.) or uolpis, is, f. a fox, Tam facile uineas quam pirum uolpes comest, Pl. Most. 3, 1, 32; Hor. ep. 1, 1, 73; Fame coacta uulpes (al. uulpis) alta in uinea Viam appetebat, Phaedr. 4, 3, 1; 2. met. of cunning, Nunquam te fallant animi sub uolpe latentes, Hor. A. P. 437; Astutam rapidam scorus sub pectore uolpē, Pers. 5, 117; 3. prov., iungere uolpes, Verg. B. 3, 91 of an absurdity; uulpem pilum mutare, non mores, Vesp. ap. Suet. 16; 4. uolpes marina, Plin. 9, 145, a kind of shark.

uolpinor, (uul.) āri, vb. r. [implies a sb. volpina, cf. laena] play the fox, Ain, inquit, uolpinaris amasio? Apul. M. 3, 10, 139.

uolpinus, adj. [uolpi-] of a fox, lingua, Plin. 28, 172; iocur, 28, 197; sanguis, 32, 44.

uolpio, (uul.) ōnis, m. dim. a little fox, met., te etiam cum matre blandire, tamen iam tam uolpionem et impium fuisse, Apul. ap. p. 328.

Volscus, (Vul.) adj. Volscian, a people of Italy, Est et Volscorum egeria de gente Camilla, Verg. 11, 432; Hos super aduenit Volsea de gente Camilla, 7, 80; missi alii in Volscos, Liv. 2, 9, 6; cum Volscorum gente and soon after: ne proelio uno cum Latino Volscique contenderet, 2, 22, 1; 2. as a praenomen, Volsci, CIL 1340.

uolsella, (uul.) ae. f. doub. dim. [implies an old sb. uolta, aft. uolta, whence first uolsula] first as a pl. a pair of tweezers, At ita meae uolsellae pecten speculum calamistrum meum bene me amassint... ut ego etc., Pl. Cure. 4, 4, 21; pugnant uolsellis non gladio (met. of a trifier), Varr. 1, 9, 26, p. 478 Sp.; Purgente saeuae cana labra uolsella, Mart. 6, 27, 5; 2. in sing. the same, ora (sc. caneri) uolsella prehendentia, Cels. 6, 18, p. 256, 13 D; testa quae recessit uul-cilla protrahenda est, 7, 12, p. 287, 28 D.

Volvensinus (Vul.), e. adj. of Volvens, provincia, Liv. 5, 32, 2; azet, ib. 4 and 10, 37, 1; laevis, Plin. 36, 168 the lake of Bolsena; 2. as sb. an inhabitant of the same, cum Volvensinibus pugnamus est, Liv. 5, 32, 2.

Volstinii, (Vul.) ōrum, m. pl. a city of Etruria, tres ualidisimae urbes Etruriae capita Volstini Perusia Arretium pacem petiere, Liv. 10, 37, 4; Volstinii oppidum Tuscorum opulentissimum totum coneratum est fulmine, Plin. 2, 130; Aut positus memorosa inter iugā Volstiniis, aut etc., Iuv. 3, 101.

Volstinus, (Vul.) adj. of Volstini, Tuscus ego et Tuscis

nee paenitet inter Proelia Volusinos deseruisse focos (Verturnus speaking). Prop. 5, 2, 4.

**uolsus**, (uul.) part. perf. of uello; 2. as adj. having the hair plucked off, tu istum gallum, si sapis, glabriorum reddes mihi quam uolsus luhast, Pl. Aul. 2, 9, 5; Pars maxillam tonsa est tibi, pars tibi rasa est, Pars uolsa est. Vnum quis putat esse caput? Mart. 8, 47; 3. which was looked upon as effeminate, Serica nam taceo uolsi carpenta nepotis, Prop. 5, 8, 23; si quis uolsa atque ficata (sc. corpora) muliebriter comat, Quint. 8 pr. 19; qui specie capiuntur uolsis et inuistas comas aut comentibus plus esse formae putant quam possit tribuere incorrupta natura, 2, 5, 12; corpus uolsum fractum incessum uestem muliebrum dixerit mollis et parum uiri signa, 5, 9, 14; and so met., mens est Pannice uolsa tibi, Mart. 2, 36, 6; 4. liable to spasms or convulsions, celsigma ex ea (sc. uiti alba) fit uolsis ruptis, Plin. 23, 25; e mulso potae (ili radices) ruptis uolsis prosunt, 21, 120 (but both readings doubtful); 5. equus uolsus, broken-winded, like Ital. bolso, graniter tossientes et uolsi hae potione recreantur, Veg. vet. 3, 60; add Pelag. 6.

**uolta**, ae, f. a monster said to have ravaged Etruria, exorisset by Persenna, Plin. 2, 140 (al. Oltau).

**uoltio-ulus**, (uul.) i, m. dim. [uoltu-] a little look, non te fruti nostri uolticulus (one little frown) ab ista oratione deterreat, Cic. Att. 14, 20, 5.

**Volteius**, name of a gens, M. Voltei M. f. on a denarius, CIL 458.

**Volturnia**, adj. f. name of a tribe, Cic. Plane. 38 and 43; L. Fidusti M. f. Volturnia, CIL 1054; and abbrev., M. Papius Sex. f. Volturnus, L. Papius Sex. f. Volturnus, CIL 1278; P. Apuleius P. f. Volturnus, inscr. Grut. 48, 11.

**Volturniensis**, e, adj. of the tribe Volturnia, Cic. Plane. 43.

**uoltum**, (uul.) i, n. [uol- vb. as uoltus] Auersantur semper uos uostroe uolta, Enn. an. 536 V; iuxtim miscentes uolta (Lachm. uolta) parentum, Luer. 4, 1213.

**Volturna**, ae, f. [cf. Vortumnus or Vertumnus, who was a Tuscan god] a goddess worshipped in Etruria, cum legatis circa duodecim populos missis impetrasent ut ad Volturnum fanum indiceretur omni Etruriae concilium, Liv. 4, 23, 5; add e. 25, 7 and e. 61, 2.

**uoltu-ulus**, (uul.) adj. dealing to excess in looks, with theatrical expression, making grimaces, uoltus uero quantum affert tum dignitatem tum uenustatem? In quo cum effeceris ne quid ineptum aut uoltuosum sit, tum... Cic. or. 60; non inuenio reprehendit pronuntiatione et uoltuosae et gestulationibus uoliosa, Quint. 11, 3, 183; u. frons, Apul. M. 3, p. 135; matronae sobrio decore laudabiles nec conquisitis fignentibus circa faciem uoltuosae uerum simplici quadam comitate praenitentes, Mart. C. 33 G, 37, 27 Eyss.; add Prud. aerep. 10, 171.

**uoltur**, (uul.) iris, m. a vulture, rostroque inmanis uoltur obunco immortale iecur tendens, Verg. e. 597; cadauera intacta a canibus ac uolturibus, Liv. 41, 21, 7; alimenta uolturum, Sen. ep. 108, 21; uolturum praetulerit nigri, Plin. 10, 19; 2. profert cornua uultur, of an absurdity, Claud. Eutr. 1, 352; 3. a mountain in Apulia, Hor. od. 3, 4, 5.

**uoltur-ius**, (uul.) adj. of a vulture, fel. Plin. 29, 123; sanguis, 30, 30; species, 10, 8.

**uoltur-ius**, (uul.) ii, m. [whence the suffix?] a vulture, quasi uolturii, triduo Prius praediciunt quo die esuri sit, Pl. Truc. 2, 3, 16 (cf. Plin. 10, 19 f.); Mellis apes quamuis longe ducuntur odore Volturiae cadaueribus, Luer. 4, 680; 2. met., appellat est hic uolturius illius provinciae si dis placet imperator, Cic. Pis. 38 f.; exierunt malis omnibus duo uolturii paludati, Sest. 71; 3. a throw with the dice, iacit uolturios quattuor, Pl. Cure. 2, 3, 78.

**Volturnadis**, e, adj. of the god Volturnus as a god, hence Volturnalia, the festival of Volturnus, a. d. vi kal. Sept., Volt. x Volturno flumini sacrificium, CIL kal. p. 320.

**Volturnum**, see Volturnus.

**Volturnus**, (Vol.) adj. of mount Voltur in Apulia; hence as sb. m. (sc. uentus) a wind blowing from the S.S.E. (from M. Voltur to Arpi), nearly due S. at Caninae, sol utrique parti obliquus erat, Romanis in meridie Poenis in

septentrionem nensis; uentus—Volturnum regionis incolae uocant—aduersus Romanis coortus multo pulvere in ipsa ora uolubendo prospectum ademit, Liv. 22, 46, 8; so Volturnus in Vitr. 1, 6 is to the S. of Eurus;

2. blowing from M. Voltur to Lucina it is a S.E. wind, and so = Eurus, ab oriente hiberno Eurus exit quia nostri uocauerunt Volturnum, Sen. N. Q. 5, 16, 4; so too Plin. 2, 119; Colum. 5, 5, 15; Gell. 2, 22, 10; H. 3. adj. from an assumed mountain Voltur in Campania, whence Volturnus amnis, the river which flows by Casilinum in Apulia, and Volturnum oppidum, a town at its mouth, Plin. 3, 61; usque ad Volturnum flumen, Liv. 8, 11, 13; ad Volturii ostium ubi nunc urbs est castellum comunitum, 25, 20, 2; Volturnus amnis inflatus aquas, 23, 19, 4; amnisque uadosi Aecola Volturii, Verg. 7, 729; Volturnum colonia iussu Caesaris deducta, lib. colon. (Lachm.) p. 239, 4; in Volturum mari (off the Volturinus), Plin. 36, 104 (so B, Silig V. amue, male); Volturina uada (of the Volturinus) Sil. 12, 521; 4. Capua itself once so called, Volturnum Etruscorum urbem quae nunc Capua est ab Samnitibus captam, Liv. 4, 37, 1; 5. Volturnus, the river as a god, CIL kal. p. 320, see Volturnalis.

**uoltus**, (uul.) us, m. [uol- vb.] the feeling as exhibited in the face, look, expression, imago animi uoltus, indices oculi, Cic. or. 3, 221; speciem ita formant oris (sc. humani) ut in ea penitus reconditis mores effingant; nam et oculi nimis arguti quam multo animo affecti uultus locuntur, et is qui appellatur uoltus indicat mores, cuius nunc Gracii norunt, nemo omnino non habet, leg. 1, 27; uoltus qui sermo quidam tacitus mentis est, Pis. 1; tristitia maestum Voltur uerba decent, iratum plena minarum, ludentem lasciuia, senarium seria dictu, Hor. A. P. 106;

2. esp. of frowns and stern looks, Acer et Mauri peditis cruentum Voltus in hostem, Hor. od. 1, 2, 40; uoltu toruo ferus, ep. 1, 19, 12; Non uoltus instantis tyranni, od. 3, 3, 3; uultu (Tiberii) offensione comitauerat, Tac. an. 1, 12; 3. in plur., recordamini faciem atque illos eius fictos simulatosque uoltus, Cic. Clu. 72; uoltus mehercule tuos mihi expressit omnes, non solum animum ac uerba pertulit, fam. 12, 30, 3; Hor. ep. 1, 1, 90; add CIL 1220; 4. the face generally, Petasque uoltus umbra cerni unguibus, Hor. epod. 5, 93; mentagram occupantem totos uoltus oculis tantum immuni, Plin. 26, 2; Tryphaena uultum suum super ceruicem Gitonis amabiliter ponente, Petr. 113; 5. of the human face as represented in sculpture or painting, uoltus Epicuri per ebulentia gestant ac circumferunt specie, Plin. 35, 5; e margaritis Magne fieri uoltus? Sic te prius uultu uideri? 37, 15; eant nunc et diuinitatem Probo derogent quam imperatores nostri consecrandam uoltibus iudicant, Vop. 23, 5;

6. of material objects in poets, Mene salis placidi uoltum fluctusque quietos Ignorare iubes? Verg. 5, 845; Vult erat toto naturae uoltus in orbe, Vop. 1, 6; 7. see uoltum.

**uolua**, (uul.) ae, f. [uolui-ere, to wrap] lit. a wrapper or bag (see uolga); hence a technical term for the womb, in feminis (uesica) ab ipsa uolua sustinetur; soon after: uolua in uirginibus quidem admodum exigua est; in mulieribus uero, nisi ubi grauidae sunt, non multo maior quam ut manu comprehendatur, Cels. 4, 1, p. 122, 29 D; so uoluae, 7, 29, p. 317, 7 D and 318, 23 D; 2. in common use limited to animals, feminis eadem omnia praeterque uesicae uinctus utriculus... hoc in reliquis animalibus uolua (appellat), Plin. 11, 209; boues grauidas negant praeterquam dextero uoluae sinu ferre, etiam cum geminos ferant, 11, 210;

3. esp. the sow's womb as an epicure's dish, Nil melius turdo, nil uolua pulchrius ampla, Hor. ep. 1, 15, 41; uolua eiecto partu melior quam edito, electicia uocatur illa, haec porcaria; primpipara suis optima, Plin. 11, 210; Mart. 13, 56, 2; see also bulga; 4. of the vagina, Iuv. 6, 129; Mart. 11, 61, 11; and met. Pers. 4, 35; 5. of the seed-capsule of fruit, Scrib. comp. 104 f.; 6. of a mushroom in the button form before it expands, Plin. 22, 93.

**uolub-ilis**, e, adj. [uolub-, fuller form of uolu-] apt to roll, Fortunam insanam esse et caecam et brutam perhibent philosophi, Saxeoque instare in globoso praedicant uolubili, Pacuv. 367 R; 2. revolving, spinning, whirling, caelum, Cic. Tim. 20; Lucan. 6, 647; buxum (a top), Verg.

7, 382; 3. moving with more or less of circular action, roll, as of a snake, *Ille volubilibus squamosos nexibus orbes Torquet*, *Ov. M. 3, 41*; *Labitur (annis) et labetur in omne volubilis aeternum*, *Hor. ep. 1, 2, 42*; 4. hence round, globular, oval etc., (such form often arising from circular movement, as in pottery; also what is round more easily rolls), aurumque volubile tollit (of the golden apple), *Ov. M. 10, 667*; nido volubili (of a silk-worm's cocoon), *Plin. 11, 77*; 5. met. of speech, rolling freely, fluent, voluble, *Apulii Claudii volubilis erat oratio*, *Cic. Brut. 108*; *cursus hic et sonus rutundae volubilitate sententiae eximie non delectabat*, *Gell. 11, 13, 41*; 6. of the orator himself, canorous oratorum et volubilem, *Cic. Brut. 105*; sed cum se homo volubilis... iactaret, *repente...*, *Flac. 49*; 7. adv. volubilitate, with rolling fluency, saepe in amplificanda re fuditur numerose et volubilitate oratio, *Cic. orat. 210*.

**volūbilitas**, ātis, f. fitness for revolving, (mundum) ad volubilitatem rotundavit, *Cic. Tim. 35*; ex utraque re et mundi volubilitas quae nisi in globosa forma esse non potest et stellarum ambitus cognoscitur, *N. D. 2, 49*; 2. (aeterni) whirling, revolution, qui protrahit cylindrum, delectat principium motionis, volubilitatem non dedit, *Cic. fat. 43*; of the earth, Ipsa volubilitas libratum sustinet orbem, *Ov. F. 6, 209*; *M. 12, 434* now cancelled as spurious; 3. met. volubility, linguae, *Cic. Plane. 62*; nebrium, *or. 1, 17*; and absol. est perisque Graecorum ut illi pro copia volubilitas, *Plin. ep. 5, 20, 4*; *Nobis enim orandi non circularitatem volubilitatem spectantibus*, *Quint. 10, 1, 8*; nec volubilitate nimia confusenda quae dicimus, *11, 3, 52*; 4. mutability, fickleness, n. fortunae, *Cic. dia. 2, 15*.

**volūc-ris**, re, adj. [*voluc-r* = *volac-*, i. e. *volac-*] able to fly, flying, winged, alias bestias nantis aquarum incolas esse voluit, alias volueris eadem frui libero, *Cic. Tusc. 5, 38*; volueris angus ex natiuitate Libyaen uento Africo inuictas interficiunt, *N. D. 1, 101*; Aetherium volueri qui pede carpit iter (of Mercury), *Ov. F. 5, 88*; 2. met. in the poets, sagitta, *Verg. 5, 242*; ferrum, *Ov. tr. 3, 10, 64*; aurae, *Verg. 11, 795*; somno, *2, 704*; equi, *Ov. M. 2, 154*; parum, *Mart. spec. 15*; Hebrum, *Verg. 1, 317*; (*Hobbeek* and *Malvigi* Eurum); 3. and even in Cicero, not merely in verse, as astrotorum volueris motus, *Cic. dia. 1, 18*; but, o nantium voluerum, *Quint. 80*; nihil est tam voluere quam malitiam, *Planc. 57*; o voluerum fortunam, *Sul. 91*;

4. as sb. f. a bird, volueres videmus utilitatis suae causa cingere nidos, *Cic. or. 1, 23*; Et primo similis volueri, mox acra volueris, *Ov. M. 13, 607*; 5. Voluer, the name of a favourite horse of the emperor Vespas, *Capitol. Ver. 6*; 6. voluer as a fmg., Interca voluer motis conterrita pennis Fama volat, *Petr. 123, v. 210*; and volueris as m., volueris sonipes, *Sil. 10, 471*; voluerum, gen. pl. *Cic. and Fabianus ap. Char. 119, 25*; but voluerum, *Maecenas ap. Char. lib. 1*; *Suet. Aug. 13*; *Sil. 14, 22*; 7. volueriter, swiftly, *Annul. 17, 1, 12*; *29, 1, 18*.

**volūc-ra**, ae, f. [*voluc-r*, older form of *volu-* roll] a kind of caterpillar, which attacks the vine and willow, *Column. arb. 15*; 2. also volueris, f. the same. Ex quibus infestae Baecae glaucisque salictis Nascentur volueres, *Column. 10, 332*; 3. voluer? n. the same, *Plin. 17, 265* (al. voluocem and voluocem).

**volūc-ris**, ātis, adj. with winged feet, *Aus. ep. 21, 14*; *Sid. ep. 9, 15*.

**volūc-ris**, see voluer and also voluera.

**volūmen**, inis, n. [*volu-* vbl. rolling, coiling, revolving, as of a snake, simulque immensa volumine terga, *Verg. 2, 208*; of the heavens (caelum), Sideraque alta trahit celerique volumine versat, *Ov. M. 2, 71*; 2. a roll, coil, whirl, wreath, aedylis cum lubricis anguis ab inis Septem ingens giro, septena volumina traxit, *Verg. 5, 84*; volumina fumi, *Ov. M. 13, 601*; *Lucret. 3, 505*; 3. esp. a roll of writing, a volume, euolui volumem epistolarum tuarum, *Cic. Att. 9, 10, 4*; legati mihi volumina a te plenum querelae reddiderunt, *fam. 3, 7, 2*; ex illo caelesti Epipheni volumine, *N. D. 1, 43*; Pontificum libros, aeterna volumina uatum, *Hor. ep. 2, 1, 26*; 4. opposed to liber in two ways, as first liber, the whole work divided

into volumina, (libri) 'Studioli tres' in sex volumina propter amplitudinem diuisi, *Plin. ep. 3, 5, 5*; sequenti volumine, *Column. 3, 21, 11*; *Iust. 1, 10, 23*; secundo volumine, *Plin. 6, 171*; 5. or one volumen may be divided into libri, ut puta, cum habet Homerum totum in uno volumine, non quadraginta octo libros computamus, sed unumquemque Homerum volumen (in legal language) pro libro accipendum est, *Ulp. dig. 32, 5, 1*; *Nacii Papium bellum unum volumine expositum diuisit in septem libros*, *Suet. gram. 2*; 6. or as equivalents, duobus superioribus (libris) de dolore dictum est, tertius dies di-putationis hinc totum volumen efficit, *Cic. Tusc. 3, 64*; 7. revolution, change, vicissitudo, magna sortis humanae volumina, *Plin. 7, 147*.

**volūm-in-ōus**, adj. full of coils, *Sid. 6, 76*.

**Volūma**, ae, f. a goddess of the Tuscans, *Aug. e. D. 4, 21*.

**Volūmniānus**, adj. of Volumnus, exercitus, *Liv. 10, 21, 1*.

**Volūmnus**, name of a gens, as C. Volumnus C. f. Placcus, *CIL 1147*; add 1301; *Cic. fam. 7, 32*; *Varr. r. 2, 4, 11*; 2. Volunnia, wife of Coriolanus, *Liv. 2, 40, 1*; freedwoman of Volunnus Entropius, *Cic. Phil. 2, 58*.

**Volūmnus**, a god of the Tuscans, *Aug. e. D. 4, 21*;

2. a cognomen, Lucius Iuuenti Romana stirpe Volumnus, *inscr. Mur. 3, 1744*.

**volūnt-ārius**, adj. [*volunt-* part.] of the class volentes, of one's own free will, voluntary, spontaneous, mors, *Cic. fam. 7, 3, 3*; suicide; senator, self-appointed, *Phil. 13, 28*; procurator, *Brut. 17*; sermitum, *Tac. 6, 24*; iurisdic-tio, i. e. in volentes, opposed to i. contentiosa, *Mare. dig. 1, 16, 2*; of plants, wild, not sown by man, sativum (serpyllum) non serpit, pinguis volutarium, *Plin. 20, 245*; 2. esp. of soldiers, volunteering, volunteer, auxilia volutaria, *Cic. fam. 7, 3, 3*; ferocissimus quisque iuuenum cum armis volutarius adest, *Liv. 1, 50, 5*; 3. as sb. m., a volunteer, volutarium copias, *Caes. b. g. 5, 56, 1*; trib. milit. coh. xxxii volutarium, *inscr. Or. 512*; (coln.) tricenis (volutarium ex nolo, 244).

**voluntas**, ātis, f. wish, will, desire, talis est quaeque res publica qualis eius aut natura aut voluntas qui illum regit, *Cic. rep. 1, 47*; placet enim esse quasdam res seruat- inficio volutative multitudinis, *1, 69*; ut quid esset suae voluntatis ostenderet, *Caes. b. c. 3, 109, 3*; and even in pl., non sum praedicturus ut eius semper voluntatibus eius assenserim, *Cic. Manil. 48*; 2. in philos. lang., the thoughtful decision of the wise man, as opposed to libido the result of passion, voluntas (*voluntas*) est quae quid cum ratione desiderat; quae autem a ratione auersa incitata est uolentibus, ea libido est, quae in omnibus suis iuuat- tur, *Cic. Tusc. 4, 12*; 3. absol. good wishes, Diuitiis summam in se uoluntatem cognouerat, *Caes. b. g. 1, 19, 2*; Voluntas uestra si ad praetam accesserit, *Ter. Ph. pr. 29*; an plura dicenda sunt, cum tanto studio C. Rabirius totius Apuliae, singulari uoluntate Campanae uicinitatis ornetur? *Cic. Rab. perd. 8*; 4. defuncti u., the final expressed wishes of one deceased, defensionem testamentorum ac uoluntatis mortuorum, *Cic. or. 1, 242*; defunctorum u., *Plin. ep. 4, 10, 3*; mihi defuncti u. antiquior iure est, *7, 2*;

5. hence a will or testament, finxit maritum in uoluntate quam condiderat nuper argenti tria milia pondo eidem reliquisse, *Amm. 28, 1, 35*; add 28, 4, 22; qui ex ultima uoluntate aliquid lucratur, *Pomp. dig. 35, 1, 6*; 6. mean- ing of a word, intent, intention, uerbis legum standum sit an uoluntate, *Quint. 7, 10, 6*; non quaestio iuris omnis aut uerborum proprietate aut acuti disputatione aut uoluntatis coniectura continetur? *12, 2, 10*; 7. adv. phrases, mea or eius uoluntate, with my or his consent, of one's own accord, ego tibi istae mea uoluntate concedam, *Cic. Caelic. 27*; cum iis reditis in patriam uoluntate omnium concedi uolueram, *fam. 13, 5, 2*; 8. also absol., where the context suggests the pron. needed, nisi uoluntate libis rapiam te domum, *Pl. Mil. 2, 5, 40*; implorat Domica Quod ius nos cogit, id uoluntate impetret, *Ter. Ad. 3, 4, 44*; Clamptia ui capta, aliae ciuitates uoluntate in dicionem uenerunt, *Liv. 29, 38, 1*; 9. ex uoluntate alienius, in agreement with a person's wishes, speaks only of the result, accidit praeter

optatum meum sed ualde ex uoluntate, Cic. Pis. 46; si quid fecerim minus ex Caesaris uoluntate, Iam. 13, 29, 7;

**10.** ad uoluntatem alicuius, with an eye to his wishes, so as to meet his wishes, speaks of an object, as of a canvasser, cuius (sc. petitoris) et frons et uultus et sermo ad eorum quoscumque conuenient sensum et uoluntatem commutandus et accommodandus est, Q. Cic. de pct. cons. 42; of a legacy-hunter, quem natum loqupulis alii sensu non obseruat? Loquitur ad uoluntatem, quidquid denuntiatur est facit, adscetur, alidetur, nunciat, Cic. parad. 39; omnes tuas artes tibi concedit; fatetur se non uelle dicere, non ad uoluntatem (sc. cuiusquam) loqui posse, Quint. 93;

**11.** de uoluntate is not used in either of these senses; the pass. in Cic. Att. 4, 2, 4 is both corrupt and inapplicable;

**12.** in comic verse often pronounced as uoluntas, Si id mea uoluntate factum est, est quod mihi suspenseas, Pl. Trin. 5, 2, 42; Nec uoluntate id facere meminit, seruos his habitu hau probost, St. 1, 2, 2; P... Tua uoluntate? C. Ius bonum erat Pseudulus, Ps. 1, 5, 123; for the silence of the I see nolo § 22 and uoluntas. But cf. Wagner introd. to Anl. p. 44; and Ritschl's proleg. to Trin. p. 151.

**uoluo**, ere, uolui, uoluitum, vb. [see below] cause to revolve, and so uoluit se and r. uoluitur he revolves (intr.); Nunc pila, nunc celeri uoluitur orbe trochus, Ov. tr. 3, 12, 10; stante natura et cylindrum uolui et uersari turbinem putat, Cic. fat. 42; in quo sunt infixa illi qui uoluntur stellarum cursus sempiterni, rep. 6, 17; est et altera cyclaminiis circa arbores se uoluent, Plin. 25, 116; **2.** send rolling, roll, and metn., Has omnis (sc. animas) ubi mille rotam uolueri per annos..., Verg. 6, 748; lacrimae uoluntur inanes, 4, 449; Medumque flumen gentibus additum Vietis, minores uolueri uertices, Hor. od. 2, 9, 22; Collectumque freuens uoluit sub naribus ignem, Verg. G. 3, 85; by rolling or circular movement turn into a ball or circle, searabacum qui pilas uoluit, Plin. 30, 99; qui terga dederant, conuersi in hostem uoluentesque orbem nunc sensim referre pedem nunc congelatos restare, Liv. 22, 29, 5; add 4, 28, 3; **4.** u. libros, turn over books, uoluenti enim sunt libri cum aliorum tum imprimis Catois, Cic. Brut. 298 (but uoluenti?);

**5.** met., as of words, roll out, uerba, Cic. Brut. 246; sententias, 280; **6.** of the mind, turn over, revolve, multa cum animo suo uoluebat, Sal. Iug. 6, 2; sequebatur turba cognatorum immensa omnia uoluentium animo, Liv. 2, 49, 5; Et ueteris Fauni uoluit sub pectore sortem, Verg. 7, 254;

**7.** of changing events, toll uolueri cause, pass through a succession of, Verg. 1, 9; sic fata deum rex sortitur uoluitque uices, hic uertitur ordo, cause to succeed, arrange, ordain, 3, 375; sic uolueri Parens, 1, 22, as turning the spindles of destiny, ordain; **8.** esp. of time, as marked by the revolution of heavenly bodies; Rite crescentem face Nocturnam, Prosperam frugum celeremque pronos uolueri menses, Hor. od. 4, 6, 40; Tunc quod optanti diuom promittere nemo Audeat, uoluenta dies en altitit ultro, Verg. 9, 7; Triginta magnos uoluentis mensibus orbis Iupero explebit, 1, 209; Clamor ad caelum uoluentis per aethera uagit, Enn. an. 520 V; note here uoluentis = an imperf. (not future) part. intrans., revolving;

**9.** so uoluent intrans., revolving, uoluentibus annis, Verg. 1, 234; uoluentia plaustra, G. 1, 163; **10.** the root uel or uol mimetic from sound of a revolving body (cf. uerto) = ελ the root of ελω, ελπω, ελπω, ελω; Lat. nal of ualua; Goth. valjan and valtan; Germ. walzen wälzen, welle a wave, and walt the world; our wheel, walter, wallow, well;

**11.** the suffix u of uol-n is for ue as seen in uolue-ra, in uolue-run, modified in op of Fr. developper, envelope; a mere g in Ital. volgere, Lat. uolgens; a mere c in Span. volcar, and a mere vowel e in edew, our wall-ow, and Lat. uoluo ualua.

**uoluo**, (uoluo) ac, f. dim. [uolua] a small sow's womb as a dish, Apic. 2, 3;

**uoluo**, x? Geis, a kind of caterpillar, uoluoene, Plin. 17, 265; so; but other ass and Sillig etc. uolue;

**uolup**, for uolup, adj., n. as sb. [vol-vp, wish] the delightful, pleasure, Hic senex si quid calum uxorem suo animo fecit uolup, Pl. As. 5, 2, 92; M. Scin quid est uolup ego ad uenio? E. Scio: tibi ex me ut sit uolup (wh. ass

against metre: uoluptas), Men. 4, 3, 3; Nequis eam abripit; facite uostro animo uolup (wh. again against metre, mss uolup), Cas. 4, 2, 5; in Mil. 3, 1, 152 est uolup is a conjecture not sanctioned by mss; uolupet often occurs, and thus Donat. ad Phorm. 4, 3, 5 would divide uolup est, as also recent editors (see uolup); nam qua te dicam gratia Alsim delegisse, nisi ut uerbo uetere faceres animo uolup?

Fronto ad Anton. 3, p. 225 Naber; Quocum multa uolup... gaudia clamque palanque, Enn. an. ap. Gell. 12, 4, 4; wh. Vahlen has uolup ac, better perhaps an adu. uolupet;

**2.** as adu., Quo neque industrios de iuuentute erat Arte gymnastica disco hastis pila Cursu armis equo uictabat uolup, Pl. Most. 1, 2, 74.

**uol-upē**, neut. of a lost adj. uolupis, pleasure, Nam quia uos tranquillos uideo, gaudet et uolupet mihi, Pl. Amph. 3, 3, 3; Volupet quom istuc ex pietate uostra nobis contigit, Rud. 4, 4, 132; Si illis agrest, mihi quod uolupet, meo rem remigio gero, Mil. 3, 1, 152; Vt mihi uolupet quia uos uideo Pamphile in patriam domum Bene re gesta rediisse ambos, St. 4, 1, 2; Vt uolupet homini mea soror si quod agit cluet uictoria, Poen. 4, 4, 20; G. Venire saluam uolupet. C. Credo. G. Quid agitur? Ter. Ph. 4, 3, 5; **2.** see uolup; **3.** suffix up for ue; cf. agit. tructor for tor-ue; and also developper under uoluo § 11.

**Volupia**, ae, f. [uolupi-adj.] Pleasure as a goddess, alteram (portam) Romanam ab Roma dictam quae habet gradus in nauada (so Spengel, noua uia Scalyg.) ad Volupiae sacellum, Varr. 1, 5, p. 164; duodecimo (Kal. Ian.) feriae sunt diuinae Angeroniae (Angerona?), cui pontifices in sacello Volupiae sacrum faciunt, Macr. s. 1, 10, 7; cf. 3, 9, 4; Volupiae quae a uoluptate appellata est, Ang. c. D. 4, 8; de uoluptate Volupia, ib. 11.

**uoluptabilis**, e, adj. [seems to imply a vb. uolupta-re] delightful, Voluptabilem (pron. uo'upt.) mihi nuntium tuo aduentu attulisti, Pl. Epid. 1, 1, 10.

**uoluptarius**, adj. [seems to imply a sb. uolupta=voluptas] of pleasure, pleasure-giving, voluptuous, sensual, Liberum ut commonstraremus tibi locum et uoluptarium (pron. uo'upt.), Pl. Poen. 3, 2, 25; sensus, Cic. or. 3, 99; disciplina, fin. 1, 37; possessiones, Att. 12, 25, 2; animi elationem uoluptarium, fin. 3, 35; Epicurus homo ut scis uoluptarius, one who makes pleasure (in its highest sense) the summum bonum, Tusc. 2, 18; **2.** as sb. m. one of the pleasure school, Cic. fin. 5, 74; **3.** adu. uoluptarie voluptuously, in sensual pleasure, Apul. M. 3, p. 138.

**uoluptas**, itis, f. [uolupi-adj.] pleasure, omne id quo gaudemus uoluptas est, Cic. fin. 1, 37; idem esse dico uoluptatem quod ille (Epicurus) ἡδονή... Huic uero omnes qui Latine sciunt duas res subiciunt, laetitia in animo, commotionem suam iucunditatem in corpore, 2, 13; Sei in uita iucunda (ae) uoluptate fuit uobis..., CIL 1008, 14 (so Haupt); and in pl. quibus fruentem uoluptatibus? Cic. N. D. 1, 84; libidinosam uoluptatum, fin. 1, 59;

**2.** esp. in re ueneria, Dum cum illa quacum uelit uoluptatibus capiti, Pl. Amph. pr. 114; abs te ut blanditiis suis Quam minimo pretio suum uoluptatem expleat, Ter. Hee. 1, 1, 11; **3.** hence de uiro genitali, Hyg. astr. 2, 13 med; Arn. 5, 158; **4.** mea uoluptas, as a term of endearment, my happiness, my joy, Num tibi nam amabo iamust mordax mea Quo introire metuas mea uoluptas? Pl. Truc. 2, 4, 2; Dum te cae puer, mea sola et sera uoluptas, Complexu teneo, Verg. S. 581; **5.** hence, as name of a female slave, Voluptas C. n. ser. (Caesaris nostri serua?) tilio piissimo fecit, inser. Fabr. 308. 310; **6.** Pleasure, as a goddess, Cic. N. D. 2, 61; **7.** in pl. often of public games to gratify the people, negat (Quot) uerum esse allici beniuolentiam; negat iudicium hominum in magistratibus mandandis corrumpi uoluptatibus oportere, Cic. Mur. 74; esp. in late writers, sequentibus diebus datae sunt populo uoluptates ludorum scenecorum, ludorum circensium, uenationum, gladiatorum, naumachiae, Vop. Aup. 35; alios dies uoluptationis publicis deputabat, Treb. Gallien. 9, 4; dedit Romanis etiam uoluptates... Venationem in circo amplissimam..., Vop. Prob. 19; **8.** tribuni uoluptatum, the magistrates who presided over these, Cassiod. 7, 10 and 6, 10; inser. Don. 20, 63; **9.** a uoluptatibus, title of an officer in the

palace, nonum officium instituit a voluptatibus, praeposito equite Romano, Suet. Tib. 42; also called procurator voluptatum, inscr. Don. 7, 26; **10.** in comely often pron. uoluptat. as Voluptatem inesse tantum: ut hanc traxi lubeus, Pl. Rud. 2, 5, 2; Voluptatem capio maximum, cruciari tua te culpa, Afr. 357 R; Voluptati obstat quom ego possim in hac re medicari mihi, Ter. Andr. 5, 4, 41; add Pl. St. 5, 2, 9; Most. 1, 3, 92 and 136; Trin. 2, 4, 75; 2, 6, 59 and 65; 4, 4, 7; Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 19; 1, 2, 10; but see Wagner Aulul. pr. 49; for the word fully pronounced see § 2.

**voluptativus**, founded only on an idle conj. of Mai ad Front. 2, 6.

**voluptu-arius**, adj. [implies a sb. m. voluptu- from a vb. uolub- wish]=voluptarius, Capitol. Ver. 2, 9; Mart. C. 2, 37 G, 41, 20 Eyss.; inscr. Marin. 92.

**voluptu-ösus**, adj. delightful, Plin. ep. 3, 19, 2; voluptu-ösissimus, Hier. Ion. 1, 4.

**Volusinus**, adj. of Volesus or the Valerii, Volusina gens, Fest. p. 198, 3.

**Volusius**, name of a gens, CIL 1052, 1102; **2.** Volusia, CIL 1052, 1102, 1219; and perh. Catul. 36, 1.

**Volusius**, m. a praenomen?=Valesus, CIL 1313.

**volütä**, ae, f. [volüt- vb.] a volute or scroll on the capital of a column, Vitruv. 4, 1; 3, 3; 7, 5.

**volütäb-rum**, i, n. [volütä-] a wallowing-place for hogs, Verg. G. 3, 411; Arn. 7, 224.

**volütäb-undus**, quasi-part. constantly wallowing, Cic. rep. 2, 68, 2.

**volütätis**, önis, f. repeated rolling, arcem rotundi lapidis volütatione solidare, Pall. 7, 1; ueluti profundo mari in quo positum utroque volütatio, Sen. breu. uit. 2, 3; in luto volütatio generi (suilli pecoris) grata, Plin. 8, 207; **2.** met. of the mind, Sen. ep. 101, 9; rerum humanarum, 99, 9.

**volütätis**, ös, m. rolling, wallowing, Plin. 10, 17.

**volütätis**, ae, adj. rolling, not, Tir. p. 124.

**volütätis**, adv.=volütibiliter, Non. 1, 12.

**Volütina**, adj. f. as sb. goddess of sheaths (of ears of corn), Aug. e. D. 4, 8 mod.

**volütö**, äre, vb. frq. [volüt- vb.] keep rolling, roll, as a trans.; also volütari and u. se, as r. or intrans.; cf. uolü-; amphoras per terram volütate, Colum. 12, 48, 4; Ventus ab extremo pelagus sic aë volütet, Lucan. 1, 412; ut gallinae possint in pulvere volütari, Varr. r. 3, 9, 6, 7; sus gaudet caenoso laeu volütari, wallow, Colum. 7, 10, 6; cum tibi pueri ad pedes volütarentur, ad Her. 4, 33; Dissertit et genua amplexus genibusque volütans Hæcæbat, Verg. 3, 607 (wh. note volütans as intr. and cf. volüens); **2.** roll out, roll forth, uocem, Verg. 1, 725; 5, 149; flamma, 10, 98; **3.** volütari wallow, met. from hogs, in omni genere seclerum, Cic. fam. 9, 3, 1; in omni decore, ad Her. 4, 19;

**4.** also in re ueneria, cum scortis, Cic. har. resp. 59; (Stratonice) pinxit volütantem cum piscatore, Plin. 35, 140; **5.** of the mind, turn over, resolve, Quanto in pectore hanc rem meo magis (pron. mais) volütö, Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 1; Atque hæc ipse suo tristi cum corde volütat, Verg. 6, 185; hoc eum iam pridem volütare in animo, Liv. 28, 18, 11; hæc secum volütanti Laelius ac Masinissa superueniunt, 30, 14, 3.

**1** volütus, part. of uolü-.

**2** volütus, ös, m. rolling, motion in coils, Apul. flor. 10.

**Vömänus**, m. a river of Picenum, hümcetätä Vömänö Hadria, Sil. 8, 439; **2.** Vomanum flumen, Plin. 3, 110; cf. flumen Rhenum, Hor. A. P. 18; mare Oceanum, Caes. b. g. 3, 7, 2.

**uöm-a-x**, äcis, adj. given to vomiting, anus quibus nihil uomies, Sid. ep. 8, 3.

**uömär**, or uomis, öris, m. plough-share, share, ut aratrum eiremdacres eius uomere portam Capuae pacem perstrinxit, Cic. Phil. 2, 102; Non glebam prono concellit uomere taurus, Catul. 64, 40; incipiat iam tui mihi taurus aratro Ingemere et sulco attritus splendere uomere, Verg. G. 1, 45; cf. Plin. 18, 171; also uomis as nom. uomis indutilis optimus erit, Cato r. 135 (uomeris of some

ms is only a double reading of uomis and uomere); Vomis et inflexi primum graue robur aratri, Verg. G. 1, 162; in radicem uomis impactus, Colum. 2, 2, 20; **2.** met. of a stilus or pen, uertamus uomemur In eam an mucrone unquam arenos osseo? Atta 12 R (misquoted by Forc.); de membro uirili, Lucr. 4, 1273; **3.** not from uomis, as Varr. l. 5, 31 says; but =vom of same meaning, and that from v-a log, as Germ. schw-ein our swine from a root sw- = Lat. su-.

**uöm-ica**, ae, f. [uöm- vb.] ulcer, abscess, T. Quid hoc hic in collo tibi tumet? S. Vomicit, pressare parce, Pl. Pers. 2, 5, 11; affectus uomica et uolnere, Lucil. ap. Non. 186; qui gladio uomica eius aperuit, Cic. N. D. 3, 70; si iecur uomica laborat, Cels. 4, 15, p. 141, 33 D; Et phthisis et uomicae putres et dimidium crus, Iuv. 13, 95;

**2.** met. earthen of Marcus ap. Liv. 25, 12, 9; Aug. ap. Suet. 65; orator quidam ap. Quint. 8, 6, 15; **3.** esp. of liquids confined in gems, Plin. 37, 29; or in rocks, as, est et lapsus in his uenis (argenti), cuius uomica liquoris æterni argentum uinum appellatur, 33, 99;

**4.** uomica with a long o in Siren. Sam. 40, 743; in oppos. to Pl. and Iuv. as above.

**uömicosus**, adj. [uömica] full of ulcers, empyici, il est uomicosi, Cael. Aur. acut. 2, 17, 102.

**uöm-icus**, ulcerated, met., Sen. contr. 2, 12 med.

**uömificus**, adj. causing to vomit, emetic, Cael. Aur. acut. 3, 2, 17.

**uömificus**, adj. giving out pus, passio, Cael. Aur. tard. 2, 14, 200.

**uömis**, see uomere.

**uömütio**, önis, f. vomiting, Cic. N. D. 2, 126; Plin. 11, 282; 21, 142 etc. **2.** what is vomited, a vomit, uariis coloribus uomitionum, Plin. 25, 57.

**uömütium**? ii, n.=uomitio, nausea et uomitio (uomitio?), Mart. C. 2, 35 G, 30, 16 Eyss.

**uömüto**, äre, vb. frq. keep vomiting, Colum. 7, 10, 5; Sen. ep. 18, 41; Suet. Vit. 13.

**uömütor**, öris, m. one who vomits, Sen. ep. 88, 10.

**uömütör-ius**, adj. of one who vomits=hence emetic, bulbus quon vomitorium uocant ab effectu, Plin. 20, 107; hunc (narcissum herbaceum) uomitorium aliosque solutentes, 21, 128; **2.** as sb. n. pl. uomitoria, entrance into the body of a theatre, Macr. s. 6, 4, 3.

**uömütis**, ös, m. vomiting, hi quicquid biberunt uomitu remectiunt, Sen. dial. 1, 3, 13; uomitu lenat stomachum, ep. 68, 7; (euparis) uomitus facit, Plin. 13, 127; u. uomitur est hinc quam aestate, Cels. 1, 3, p. 18, 38 D;

**2.** as a habit to facilitate fresh glutinous, eietum ab Aesclepiade uomitum uideo, neque reprehendo, si offensus eorum est consuetudine qui quotidie eietendo uorandi facultatem moluntur, Cels. 1, 3, p. 18, 25 D;

**3.** what is vomited, a vomit; Pulmonum edepi nihil uelim uomitum uomas, Pl. Rud. 2, 6, 27; Vite adueniens uomitum exentias mulieri? Merc. 3, 3, 15; **4.** hence met. of a nasty fellow, Absolve hunc quæso uomitum ne obnoceat (uomitum mss.; editors uomitum), Pl. Most. 3, 1, 120; Esmarcesebat febris s-nium uomitus pus, Lucil. ap. Non. 1, 1.

**uómo**, öre, ui, itum, vb. spew, vomit, uomere post cenam, Cic. Deiot. 21; ab hora tertia bibebatur ludebatur uomebatur, Plin. 2, 104; qui mane uomiturus est ante bibere mulsam debet, Cels. 1, 3, p. 19, 22 D; **2.** as a habit to facilitate glutinous, uomunt ut eiant, eiant ut uomant, Sen. dial. 12, 10, 3; istud (uomere) luxurie causa fieri non oportere confuteor, Cels. 1, 3, p. 19, 16 D; **3.** met., foribus domus alia superbis Mane salutarum totis uomit acedibus uolam, Verg. G. 2, 462; funum, A. 5, 682; quia largius uomit (Padus) septem maria dictus facere, Plin. 3, 119; disrespectfully of authors, Attius et quicquid Pacu- uisquæ uomunt, Mart. 11, 90, 6; **4.** uomerit for uom-erit, Front. de eloq. Mai 233; **5.** uom- = Skrt. vam, Fep. of Gk. eue-uo, Lith. wem-uju;

**uöpiscus**, i, m. [?] one of conceived twins, who comes to the birth after the abortion of his brother, uöpiscos appellat e geminis qui retenti uero nascerentur altero interempto abortu, Plin. 7, 47; add Solin. 1 med.; Non. 557;

**2.** a praenomen or cognomen, Vopiscum Iulium pro

Verginio in quibusdam annalibus consulens (281 a. n. c.) inuenio, Liv. 2, 54, 3; P. Manilius Vopiscus, consul a. d. 114; Flavius V. the historian.

**vopte**, = uos ipsi, Cato ap. Paul. ex Fest. 379.

**vōrācitās**, ātis, f. gluttony, voraciousness, (Vitellius) notabilis ingluvie et voracitate, Eutr. 7, 18; of an ass, Apul. M. 7, p. 200; met. of fire, Plin. 2, 239.

**vōrāginōsus**, adj. full of great holes, solo, bell. Hisp. 29; uia, Apul. M. 9, p. 221; amnis, Amm. 24, 6, 7.

**vōrāg-o**, mīs, f. [vōrag- older form of vōra-] a deep hole, as in a road, and so filled with mud, Et supinum animum in graui derelinquere cacho, Ferream aut solem tuac in uoragine mula, Catul. 17, 26; immobiles currus in uoraginibus haerebant, Curt. 8, 14, 4; 2. or in a river, cum equum ipse demisset in flumen, submersus equus uoraginibus non exstitit, Cic. diu. 1, 73; 3. met. an abyss, a bottomless gulf, nentris, Ov. M. 8, 843; 4. even of persons, uos geminae uoragines scopulique reipublicae, Cic. Pis. 41; tu gurgas ac n. patrimonii, Sest. 111.

**vōrātor**, ōris, m. a devourer, Tert. monog. S. f.; Paul. Nol. 10, 10.

**vōrātrina**, ac, adj. f. as sb. a place for gluttony, Tert. apol. 13; 2. = uorago, Amm. 17, 7, 13.

**vōrax**, ācis, adj. swallowing much, voracious, quae Charybdis tum uorax? Cic. Phil. 2, 67; pontas, Lucan. 2, 664; flamma, Sil. 4, 687; uoracior, Catul. 33, 4; Ov. M. 8, 839; 2. uoraciter adv. Maer. s. 6, 5 med.

**vōr-o**, āre, vb. bolt, swallow whole, gulp down, gorge, alia (animalia) sument, alia carpunt, alia uorant (so Orelli, but Baier by oversight omits these two words), alia mandunt, Cic. N. D. 2, 122; alia sument, alia lambunt sorbent mandunt uorant, Plin. 10, 196; at pol ego etis uotet, Edim atque ambabus malis expletis uorem, Pl. Trin. 2, 4, 73; met. hancum uorat, Cure. 3, 61 and Truc. 1, 1, 21; Quae-nam balanea meum uorant uidulum? Rud. 2, 6, 61; naueum...rapidus uorāt aequore uertex, Verg. 1, 117; uorat hanc (Charybdis) raptae reuomitque carinas, Ov. M. 13, 731; 2. esp. of taking pills, Resinam ex melle Aegyptium uorato, saluom feeris, Pl. Merc. 1, 2, 28; apium, Cael. Aur. acut. 2, 24; pastillos, Mart. 1, 87, 2; 3. litteras, Cic. Att. 4, 11, 2; deuorū; uiam, Catul. 35, 7; so in Fr. déuorer le chemin, les livres; 4. obsceno sensu, Catul. So. 6; Mart. 2, 51, 6; 7, 67, 3; 5. uor of uora, one of first syllable of *βωρ-αβωρ*, Lat. gur-ges, Eng. vb. gorge, Fr. sb. gorge and gour-mand, Lat. gul-a, Eng. gul-p, gul-f, gull-y, gull-et; Fr. goulée, goulū; Lat. g(ol)-itio, in-g(ol)-uicēs, Fr. g(ol)-louton, Eng. g(ol)-lutton; and save the syllable of our s-wall-ow s-will, Germ. sch-wel-g-en; but not one with *βωρ* in *βωρ-αβωρ*, *βιβρωσκω*.

**uorsus**, see uersus.

**vortex**, see uertex.

**vōrticōsus**, see uerticosus.

**vōrticūlōsus**, εὐκλῆρῶδης, Gloss.

**vorto**, see uerto.

**Vortumnus**, see Vertumnus.

**uos**, see tu.

**voster**, see uester.

**Votienus**, m. a cognomen, prob. of adoption, as V. Montanus, Tac. an. 4, 42.

**vōti-fer**, ūra, crum, adj. bearing votive gifts, Stat. silu. 4, 4, 92; anthol. Burm. 2, 633, v. 14.

**vōti-ger**, ūra, crum, adj. wearing votive gifts, anthol. Burm. 2, 633, v. 59.

**vōtiūus**, see ueto.

**vōtiūus**, ātis, f. devotion, inser. Or. 1120 (A. p. 375).

**vōtiūus**, adj. of a vow or vows, votive, ludi, Cic. Verr. 1, 31; Plin. 7, 158; tabula, Hor. od. 1, 5, 13; inueua, ep. 1, 3, 36; tura, Ov. am. 3, 13, 9; oris habitum, Tac. G. 31; prayed for with vows, de-fidel, delightful, conspectus, Apul. M. 7, p. 193; mors, Prud. *strep.* 10, 330.

1 **vōto**, āre, vb. frq. *vōto* *ἀπολογεσθαι*, onom. uct.

2 **vōto**, old form of ueto.

**vōtum**, i, part. n. as sb. lit. what is vowed, hence a vow, i.e. a prayer to be accomplished by a conditional promise, nonne animaduertis ex tot tabulis pictis quam

multi uotis uim tempestatis effingit? Cic. N. D. 3, 89; sceleratas eius preces et nefaria uota, Clu. 194; 2. esp. facere n. make a vow, Cic. fam. 7, 2, 4; Mil. 41; Att. 8, 16, 1; Verg. B. 5, 79; Plin. 14, 91; suscipere uo., Cic. N. D. 3, 93; Plin. ep. 10, 35 and 160; Tac. an. 15, 23; concipere uo., Ov. M. 7, 594; nuncupare uota pro publica, as a magistrate utter the words of the vows, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 34; add Phil. 3, 11; obligati uotis caput, Hor. od. 2, 8, 6; 3. in the interval between the vow and its prayer being granted, the party is said to be *voti reus*, Verg. 5, 237; when the prayer is granted, until the vow is performed, the party is said *debere uota*, as Veneri et Cupidini, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 123; or to be *dammatus uoti*, Liv. 7, 28, 4; 27, 45, 8; also *dammabis tū quoque uotis*, Verg. B. 5, 80; where Serv. quae (i.e. uota) ante quam soluantur obligatos et quasi damnatos homines retineant;

4. u. reddere, to fulfil a vow, xii tab. ap. Cic. leg. 2, 26; by which the party is said *soluere uo.*, Phil. 3, 11; Pomp. 133 R; Ov. M. 9, 793; inser. Or. 1219 and 4951; exsoluere uo., Pl. Amph. 2, 2, 67; Tac. an. 15, 23; persoluere uo., Plin. ep. 10, 100; uoti liberari, Liv. 5, 28, 1; noto exsolui, Petr. 85; 5. the thing vowed, Lucretianumque Ioui, notique incendium aras, Verg. 3, 279; stipant graues Equi recessus Danaei in noto latent, Petr. 89, v. 10; 6. the object of the vow, the thing prayed for, Vi noto potare tuum, miserabilis esto, Ov. a. a. 4, 737; fruor notis, Petr. 111; 7. nota, the ceremony of offering vows, pro salute principis, Gai. dig. 50, 16, 233; Capitol. Pert. 6; Vopisc. Tac. 9; 8. nota nuptialia, the prayers and vows at a marriage, Apul. M. 4, p. 154; and hence absol. a marriage ceremony, col. Inst. 5, 9, 4; 5, 1, 2; sorori in cuius notum interesse non potui, in a burlesque will ap. Hi. r. comm. in Esauian 12 pr.; hence Ital. phrase, rimaritari in secondi uoti, and the Span. boda a marriage; 9. ex uoto, in fulfilment of a vow, Ioui opt. max. P. Aelius Chrestes ex uoto suscepto aram consecrauit, inser. Grut. N. 6; often abbrev., IOM Nouellianus Pandarus ex u. pro se suis., Or. 1217.

**Voturia**, ae, adj. name of a tribe, C. Atrius C. f. Vot., CIL 1020; L. Horatius L. f. Vot. holiitor, Sex Horatius L. f. Vot. Sen., 1057; add 1082.

**vōtus**, part. of

**vōtūo**, ūre, nōui, nōtum, vb. [see below] vow, Vt quae apud legionem nota nōui si domum Rediissem saluos, ca ego ut exsoluam omnia, Pl. Amph. 3, 2, 66; Mars tibi uotūo facturum si unquam redierit Bidentem neri, Pomp. 51 R; nostri imperatores pro salute patriae sua capita uouerunt, Cic. fin. 5, 64; decem uonit Salios fauaque Pallori ac Panori, Liv. 1, 27, 7; uonit in eadem uerba consul, praecente maximo pontifice, 31, 9, 9; 2. pray for, make vows for, with acc. of object sought, Quid uotatū dulci nutricula malus alumno? Hor. ep. 1, 4, 8; Quae uotūum duo sunt, Ov. M. 9, 675; et quae mōdo uotūatū dedit, 11, 128; Elige quid uotūus, Liv. 10, 90; or ut and subj., Vt tua sim uotūo, 14, 35; 3. nou- = *εὐχ* of *εὐχομαι*; and perhaps uoc of uoco, *fer* of *εἶπον* etc.

**uox**, uicis, f. [see below] voice, speech, quid est vox nisi intentio aeris ut audiat lingua formata percussa? Sen. N. Q. 2, 6, 3; exsurge praeco, fac populo audientium... Exerce uocem quam per mūs et colis, Pl. Poen. pr. 13; cinuero uocet opus: Nausistrata Exi, Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 9; uocis genera permulta, canorum fuscum, leue asperum, graue acutum, flexibile durum, Cic. N. D. 2, 146; et ualeris uocis tua saepe coibat, Lucr. o. 1148; Qui (sc. Mercurius) feros cultus hominum recentium Vocē formasti catus, Hor. od. 1, 10, 3; 2. of other than man, voice, sound, cry, call, as the ox, Magget et uox non erit illa bouis, Ov. tr. 3, 11, 48; of a pig, Et sic porcelli uocem est imitatus sua, Placard. 5, 5, 17; of a parrot, Quid uox mutandis ingeniosis sonis? Ov. am. 2, 6, 18; 3. in poetry of things sounding, as musical notes or tones, Vbi cymbalum sonat uox, ubi tympana reboant, Catul. 63, 21; ad uocem celeres quae luecina signum Dira dedit, raptis concurrunt undique telis, Verg. 7, 519; of oars, Verrinus et proni certantibus aequora remis; Sensit et ad sonitum uocis uestigia torsit, 3, 609; 4. a syllabic accent, ipsa natura in omni uerbo



posuit acutam noem, nec una plus nec a postrema syllaba citra tertiam, Cic. orat. 58; **5.** a word, dico ipsam Epicurum non intellegere quid sonet haec vox notamus, Cic. fin. 2, 6; Cum ligna atque ignes distinctu voce notamus, Lucr. 1, 914; His (=is) urbi sensus, ut ea uocis erat, Ov. F. 5, 484; Ad quem tum Iuno supplex his uocibus astat, Verg. 1, 64; **6.** or even words, a sentence, a saying; constitit nihil esse opus in hac uoce, Cuius Romanus sum, iam omnem orbem terrarum ciuibis Romanis ista defensione praecursus, Cic. Ver. 2, 5, 168; Atque ego cum Gracos facerem natus mare citra Versiculos, utinam tibi me uoce Quirinus... In siluam non ligna ferens insanus..., Hor. s. 1, 10, 32; temerarium uideatur unam uocem antiquorum possuisse, nihil minus expedit quam agrum optime colere, Plin. 18, 36; **7.** uocē periti, for uocē-ōe. dim. Cf. mōs for mōs-ōs. m., ōs (ōris) for ōs-ōs. n.; while ōe is a suffix of diminution, as in our hill-ock, bull-ock; and uocē= root of uocē-are, see uoco.

**Upilio**, or **Upilio**, ōnis, m. [oui+? see below] a shepherd, Etiam upilio qui pascit mater alienas omnes Aliqua habet peculiarum qui spem solent suam, Pl. As. 3, 1, 30; Venit et upilio, tardi uocem subleui, Verg. B. 10, 19; longinquae regionis pascua petitarus Apul. Colum. 7, 3, 13; equitones opilioniques et subequas, Apul. M. 505 II; cf. ib. Hor. 1, 313 H and apol. 10, 466 H; **2.** from a root pol=col of colo; cf. πολ-καλός, for while π in Athens corresponds to a Lat. c, in rustic language the reverse holds, κ corresponding to p, as καλός to lupus.

**Upis**, the father of a goddess Diana, Cic. N. D. 3, 58; cf. Callim. H. Dian. 204.

**Upupa**, ae, f. [=ερωπη] the hoopoe, a migratory crested bird with a long slender arched beak, so called from its note hoop, hoop, or ερωποι ποροι (Arist. Av. 22), de his (sc. alitibus) pleracque a suis uocibus ut haec: upupa, cuculus cornus..., Varr. l. 5, 11, p. 80 Sp.; upupa formam et upupa, crista uiscuda plicatilis, Plin. 10, 86; temporum magna differentia anibus..., quae cum fetum eduxere alunt, ut upupae, 10, 73; add 30, 33; **2.** a pick-axe, so called from likeness to the bird's beak; cf. our crow, whence the double meaning may be retained in translating; quasi patricijs pueris aut monedulae Aut anites aut ceterum dantur quicquam luscit, Itidem mi aduenienti haec upupa qui me delectum datat, Pl. Capt. 5, 4, 6; cf. Ov. M. 6, 672; **3.** It. upupa and buba, Fr. huppe and putput, Germ. wiede-hopf.

**Uraeus**, adj. [=ορεατος] of the tail, uraea cylind, tail pieces of the tunny-fish, a coarse dish, Plin. 10, 151 (so miss βγ, but Sillig terna c.); cf. 9, 48.

**Uragus**, see Oureus.

**Urbāna**, adj. f. a colony founded in Campania by Sulla, Plin. 14, 62.

**urbānitās**, adv. [urbanus] in a city fashion, At ego rusticitatem tangam, urbauitatem nescio, Pomp. 7 R.

**urbānicianus**, adj. connected with the urbanici, or troops who garrisoned Rome, cum idem Cilo sublatu ueste senatoria ab urbanicianis raptus esset, Spart. Carac. 4, 6; uentum est ad seditionem urbaniciorum militum, Get. 6, 4; u. officiales, u. tribuni, dig. lust. fr. 35 § 4; cod. Th. 11, 14, 1.

**urbānicus**, adj. [urbano-] of the garrison of Rome, Paul. dig. 4, 6, 35.

**Urbānilla**, ae, f. dim. [urbana] a surname, inscr. Fabr. 306, 31.

**urbānitas**, ātis, f. [urbanus] city-manners, city-life, city-refinement, politeness, elegance etc. esp. of Rome, tu modo desideria urbis et urbanitatis deponere, Cic. Fam. 7, 6, 1; cf. 7, 17, 1; addo urbaunitatem quae est uirtus, ut Stoici rectissime putant, 3, 7, 5; **2.** esp. of polished language, B. Quid tu tribuis istis externis quasi oratoribus? C. Quid censens nisi idem quod urbanis, praeter nimum quod non est eorum urbanitate quadam quasi colorata oratio, Cic. Brut. 170; urbanitas dicitur qua significari uideo sermonem praefereum in uerbis et sono et usu quadam gustum urbis, cui contraria sit rusticitas, Quint. 6, 3, 17; **3.** including esp. polished wit, contumelia si petulantius iactatur, conuicium, si factius, urbanitas nominatur, Cic. Cael. 6; in

quantam hominum facierum urbanitatem incurras non dico, fin. 2, 103; plane necessaria his adicit Domitius Mar-sus qui de urbanitate diligentissime scripsit quadam non ridicula sed proprio quodam lepore iuncta, Quint. 6, 3, 102; cf. the definition of Domitius wh. follows, § 104; **4.** hence of practical joking, incuriosos milites, uernacula utebantur urbanitate, quidam spoliare abscessis furtim balneis, Tac. h. 2, 88.

**urbānor**, āri, vb. [urbanus] = πολιτρεύω, Gloss.

**urb-ānus**, adj. of a city, L. Numanus delinquit rustici? D. Eccester nimis Quam urbani, Pl. Merc. 4, 3, 25; Ego haec clementem nitam urbanam atque otium Secutus sum..., ille contra haec omnia Ruri agere uitam, Ter. Ad. 1, 1, 17; **2.** in legal lang. urbana praedia included not only all buildings in a town and pleasure-grounds attached to them, but also the same in the country or by the sea-side if for pleasure, not profit, aedificia omnia urbana praedia appellamus etsi in uilla aedificata sunt, Inst. 2, 3, 1; quod si horti in reditu sint inuicari forte nec etiam olitorii, in urbanis non habentur, Ulp. dig. 50, 16, 198; cf. 8, tit. 1, 2, 3; hence perh. fundum urbanum, Cato r. 8, 1; rus urbanum quod propter litus maris habet, Justin. 31, 2; hence too of plants and trees fit for the pleasure-garden, Acanthis est topiaria et urbana herba (so ms. β), Plin. 22, 70; sunt enim arborum quaedam omnino siluestres quaedam urbiores. Haec nites quae fractu aut aliqua dote umbraticae officio humanis iuant, non improbe dicantur urbanae, 16, 78; **3.** esp. the city Rome, nihil casus urbanam administratorem, tibi provinciam dedit, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 43; tribus, or 1, 38; praetor, Caes. b. c. 3, 20, 1;

**4.** of men, as having the character which reside in a city gives, te (sc. Appium) hominem non solum sapientem uerum etiam ut nunc loquimur urbanum, Cic. Fam. 3, 8, 3; **5.** of polished speech, in uocibus nostrorum oratorum retinuit quiddam urbanus, there is more of the city-ring in them so to say, Cic. Brut. 171; os facile inueniunt urbanum, id est, in quo nulla neque rusticitas neque peregrinitas resonet, Quint. 11, 3, 30; add Tac. dial. 18; **6.** esp. a polished wit, a wag, et homo facetus dicis sermonem urbanum ac nentum me dicere solere esse me locum, Cic. dom. 92; Hic tibi comis et urbanus libere uidetur, Hor. s. 1, 4, 90; urbanus homo crit cuius multa bene dicta responsaque erunt et qui in sermonibus circulis conuiuiis, item in contionibus, ridicule commodeque dicat, Domit. M. ap. Quint. 6, 3, 105; Homo et uentus et dicax et urbanus, Catul. 22, 2; cf. v. 9; **7.** also of a wag not bashful, nihil est...confidentioquius neque perurios Quam urbani adidui cives, quos scurras noxant, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 165; Frontis ad urbana descendit praenidia, Hor. ep. 1, 6, 11 (in contrast with deterruit pudor quidam pacis subrusticus, Cic. Fam. 5, 12, 1); **8.** a surname, T. Flavius Aug. lib. Urbanius, inscr. Gr. 850, 10; a title of the Colonia Hispania, urbs omnis Urbanae Flaviae Constantis patrono, Or. 2170. **9.** urbane adv.

**urbicānus**, adj. [urbicus] of the home provinces, as opp. to the other provinces of Italy, u. praefectura, Nov. Th. 10, 4, 1.

**urbicāpus**, adj. m. as sb. stormer of cities, πολιτορροβος, urbi-cap, occisor regum, Pl. Mil. 4, 2, 64.

**urbicānus**, adj. [urbicus] first of the home-provinces, regiones, cod. Th. 11, 13, 1; praefectura, 11, 14, 2; of the home diocese (urbica diocesis), i.e. under the jurisdiction of the praetor urbanus, as Tuscia Campania and Sannium, first under Hadrian, see Mommsen's libri colon. p. 103; **2.** under Maximian, u. regiones, the districts of Italy under the jurisdiction of the Vicarius urbi urbis as opposed to the annonariae reg., the former including Tuscia Picenum and all the South of Italy, see Mommsen ib. p. 200, n. 96.

**Urbicio**, ōnis, m. dim. a surname, Flavius V., inscr. Mar. 1083, 6.

**urbicrēmus**, adj. city-burning, Prud. Ham. 729.

**urbicrētila**, ae, f. a little city, = πολιχρον, Gloss.

**urbicus**, adj. [urbis] of the city, i.e. Rome, res, Gell. 15, 1; and Suet. Ner. 23; annona, Aug. 18; Tyranthina, Murel. dig. 53, 5, 1; urae, Ulp. 43, 8, 2, 24; in praedictis C. Legiani Veti balneum more urbeico lauat, omnia comoda praef-

stantur, inser. Or. 4328; procuratio, dig. Justin. fr. 11, 2; dioecesis, Vatie. § 205.

**Urbilius**, ii, name of a gens, as Urbilia, CIL 1103.

**Urbina**, ātis, adj. of Urbium in Umbria, Cic. Phil. 12, 19; Plin. 3, 114.

**Urbiniensis**, adj. of Urbinius, lis, Quint. 7, 2, 26.

**Urbinius**, ii, name of a gens, as Urbina, Quint. 4, 1, 11.

**Urbinus**, (Vrn.) adj. of Urbium, C. Vesio Quintici populi Urbini, inser. Or. 3714.

**Urbis**, is, m. a river of Liguria, now the Orbe, Claud. b. Get. 555.

**Urbisaluia** or **Urbis Salua**, ae, f. a city of Picenum, formerly Pollentia, now Urbisaglia, D. M. M. Caluo iiii. Urbisal. inser. Or. Henzen 7053; urbs Salua Pollentini. Plin. 3, 111; ager Urbis Saluensis, lib. colon. 1 (p. 226, 6 of Laebmann's grammat.).

**Urbisaluensis**, (-saluensis) e, adj. of Urbisaluia, dis deabus Urbisaluensibus, inser. Or. 1870; (p)atrono reipubl. (urbi) Saluensis, Or. Henz. 5126.

**urbo**, āre, se uruo.

**urbs**, urbis, f. [see below] a city, Mytilenae urbs nobilis, Cic. agr. 2, 40; ab ea urbe (sc. Syracusis), Phil. 1, 7; non solum urbis sed paene uicis eastellisque singulis praeficiantur, Caes. b. c. 3, 32; 3. esp. the city Rome, postquam urbis appellatione, etiam nomen proprium non adiecerit, Romam accipi si receptum, Quint. 6, 3, 103; maturat ab urbe proficiet, Caes. b. g. 1, 7, 1; Minatus urbi uincula, Hor. epod. 9, 9; 3. ad urbem, on the outside of the city walls, often said of generals, for to enter the city was to abdicate the supreme military authority (imperium), quoniam ipse (Pompeius) ad urbem cum imperio remaneret, Caes. b. g. 6, 1, 2; hi utrique ad urbem imperatores erant impediti ne triumpharent ealumbia paucorum, Sal. Cat. 30, 4; cf. Caes. b. c. 1, 2, 1 and 1, 6, 1; also Cic. Verr. 1, 45 and 2, 2, 17; 4. city for its inhabitants, urbem somno minoque sepultam, Verg. 2, 265; mactam antiochicam uidetes flane urbem, Iuv. 11, 197; 5. met., urbem philosophiae proditis dum castella defenditis, Cic. diu. 2, 37; 6. compressed from or-urbs; cf. unguis for onguis (or-ūg) and see umbra and umbilicus; then or-urbs=ar-ae of arx; cf. for vowel and consonant change, χαράξω of χαράσσειν (one with Lat. arare and arab-ilis), and ἀρχή of ἀρχισ; also ταράξ-η (from ταρασσειν) and θορυβ-ος. Thus urbs was only a variety of arx and meant at first the rock which served as a citadel, see arx and oppidum; cf. Hygin. de lim. const. (p. 178 Laebm.) antiqui non solum erant urbes contenti eingere muros uerum etiam loca aspera et confragosa saxis elabant.

**urbum**, see uruum.

**urceātim**, adv. [urceus] by paulfuls, pluebat, Petr. 44 f.

**urceōla** or **orciōla**, ae, f. dim. [implies a sb, urea or orcia] some part of the external ear, auriculae, Pelag. Vet. 12 med.

**urceolāris**, e, adj. [urceolus] of little pitchers, herba u. the wall-plant parietaria off. L., Germ. glaskraut, the herba muralis of Celsus 2, 33, p. 73, 7 D; cf. Lenz Botanik p. 432; Plin. 22, 43; Pelag. uet. 2 med. and 24 med.; Scrib. e. 39.

**urceum**, ei, n. a pitcher-shaped vessel, ureum abeneum unum quod exipat quadrantalit quinque, Cato r. 13, 1.

**urceus**, ei, m. [akin to urna, wh. see] a pitcher, heminas octo exprompsi in urceum, Pl. Mil. 3, 2, 18; Aquarium urceum unicum domi fregit, Cn. Mat. ap. Gell. 10, 20; Hor. A. P. 22; fracta facit ureus ausa, Mart. 11, 56, 3; Plin. 19, 71; Paul. dig. 33, 7, 18, 3.

**urēdo**, inis, f. lit. burning, hence the sting of the urtica or sea-nettle, taeta (urtica) uredim mittit, Plin. 9, 147; 2. a blight of plants, Cie. N. D. 3, 2; Plin. 18, 279; Colum. 3, 20, 1. Cf. urigo.

**urēticus**, adj. [ουρητικός] of urine, u. pori, ureters, Theod. Pr. 4, 2 med.

**urgens**, ntis, part. of urgeo; 2. as adj. pressing, urgent, malum, Cie. Tusc. 3, 61; egestas, Verg. G. 1, 146; urgentior causa, Tert. res. carn. 2 med.; urgentissima ratio,

Dioel. et Max. cod. 3, 11, 1; 3. adv. urgeter, urgently, Cyp. ep. 30 init.

**urgeo**, (urgeo) ōre, ursi (see below) vb. [urg- for or-ge, =ορ-γ- of ὀρσσειν, to dig; cf. unguis, umbra etc.] lit. dig, obsolete, yet perhaps cf.: urges lampridum non taeta ligonibus arua, Hor. ep. 1, 14, 26; dominoque timentem Virget equum (sc. ealearibus), Val. F. 1, 491 (cf. equi foderet ealearibus armos, Verg. 6, 882); 2. with acc. of instrument, dig, drive, (info), Versaque in obnixos urgentur cornua (sc. bouum), Verg. G. 3, 222; simulaeraque cerea fingit Et miserum tennis in iecur urget acus, Ov. her. 6, 93; urgeris turba circum te stante, Hor. s. 1, 3, 135 (with the elbows of people); II 3. generally, press hard, weigh down, S. At onus urget. M. At tu appone, Pl. Poen. 4, 2, 35; At tua... infelix urget ossa lapus, Tib. 1, 4, 60; Olii dura quies oculos et ferrens urget Somnus, Verg. 12, 309; 4. press hard, as in battle, hinc Pallas instat et urget, Verg. 10, 433; milites Iugurthinum postquam maiore ui hostes urgent, profugi discedunt, Sal. Jug. 56, 6;

5. confine, crowd, ubi cauetur ne in Ianiculo coloniam constitutus ne urbem hanc urbe alia premere atque urgere possitis, Cic. agr. 1, 16; ualles... quam densis frondibus atrum Virget utrumque latus, Verg. 11, 524; 6. press forward, drive on, urge on, quod te urget seelus qui hinc sis molestus? Pl. Men. 2, 2, 47; mala exempla cum aliqua urget, inuiti sequuntur, Varr. 1, 9, 12, p. 468 Sp.; quoniam Iugurthum ab seclera inuidia cum metu urget, Sal. Jug. 35, 2; 7. esp. in argument, press (a point), illud urgeo dos a femina ut auferatur, Varr. s. 174, 5 R; ius Crassus urgebat, aequitatem Antonius, Cic. off. 3, 67; ut eundem locum diutius urgeam, N. D. 1, 97; 8. with inf. as object, Marisque Baiis obstreptentis urges Summonee litora, Hor. od. 2, 18, 20; 9. the perf. ursi, formed directly from the root or-ur-ur-, dig, is rare, yet occurs in Cic. Q. fr. 3, 9, 1; Asin. ap. Cie. fam. 10, 32, 4; Ulp. dig. 23, 3, 33.

**Urgulānilla**, ae, dim. of Urgulania, a surname of Plautia V., wife of Claudius, Suet. Cl. 26.

**Urgulānius**, ii, a gens; hence Urgulania, Tac. an. 2, 34.

**Uria**, ae, f. a town on the coast of Apulia with surname Appula, Plin. 3, 100 (al. Varia); called Hyrium by Frise. perieg. 372.

**Urias**, ātis, adj. of Uria, sinus V., Mela, 2, 4.

**urica**, ae, f. the chrysalis of a caterpillar, Plin. 11, 112; 18, 154.

**urigo**, inis, f. burning, as from a mustard-plaster, Plin. 20, 238 (so β; al. ustio); 2. prurient heat, Apul. M. S. p. 215 (bis, al. uredinitus etc.) and 1, p. 105 (al. uredine and prurigne); Semclae sobolis urigo, Arnob. 5, 44. Cf. urtica.

**urina**, ae, f. [see below] urine, Cie. fat. 5; Catul. 37, 20; Cels. 2, 7, p. 39, 10 D, and 19, p. 67, 10 D; urinae facere, Colum. 6, 3; Ulp. dig. 21, 1, 14; 2. u. genitalis, semen, Plin. 8, 168; and absol., concepta urina monetur, Iuv. 11, 168; 3. akin to uxor, Germ. harn; and prob. from a root uas (ues uar uer), as seen in our wash, Lat. uer-g-o, pour; whence Sansk. uar-i, Germ. wass-er etc. so that first meaning is water.

**urinal**, adj. n. as sb. a chamber-pot, =ουρηδοχείον, Gloss. Phil.

**urinālis**, e, adj. of urine, urinary, uise, Cael. Aur. tard. 1, 4 and 5, 1; fistula, Veg. uet. 3, 15 med.

**urinātor**, ōris, m. [urina-vb.] a diver, Varr. 1, 5, 27, p. 130 Sp.; Liv. 44, 10; Callist. dig. 13, 2, 4, 3; ordinis corporis piscatorum et urinatorum, inser. Or. 4115.

**urino**, āre, vb., for urino, urinare est mergi in aquam, Varr. 1, 5, 27, p. 130 Sp.

**urinor**, āri, vb. r. [implies an adj. f. as sb. ur-ina, sc. auis, a diving bird or diver] play the part of a diver, dive, siquando nos demersimus ut qui urinantur, Cie. ap. Non. 474; cum (polyplus) in naufragos urinantis impetum cepit, Plin. 9, 91; eadem est ratio quare sub aqua diu ranae et phoca urinantur, 11, 188.

**urinus**, adj. [ουρινος] of wind, ouum, a wind-egg, Plin. 10, 158.

**urion** (urium), ii, n. a kind of stratum in the earth, id genus terrae urion (so β; al. urium) uocant; ergo persilices calculeosae ducunt (amnes) et urion emittant, Plin. 33, 75.

**Uritanus**, adj. of Vria, ager V., lib. colon. Lachm. p. 262.

**Urites**, ium, adj. pl. as sb. men of Vria, a city near Loeri, Varr. ap. Prob. ad Verg. B. 6, 32; Liv. 42, 48, 6.

**Urna**, ae, f. [perh. from uer of uer-pour; see *urina*] a water pitcher, tu qui urnam habes aquam incere, Pl. Ps. 1, 2, 24; Hor. od. 3, 11, 22; fittilis urna, Ov. F. 3, 14; Liv. 1, 164; **2.** as an attribute of river gods, Caelataque amnem fundens pater Inachus urna, Verg. F. 792; add Sil. 1, 407; **3.** also to the sign Aquarius, Ov. F. 2, 457; Sen. Thy. 868; **4.** an urn for the ashes of the dead, Ov. M. 4, 166 and urna marmorea, 14, 441; Lucan. 7, 819; Suet. Cl. 15; **5.** a judicial urn in which the votes were deposited for secrecy, senatorum urna copiose absoluti, equitum adequepauit, tribunum aerarii condemnarunt, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 6, 6; leges minitatur et urnam, Hor. s. 2, 1, 47; Calculus inuitum demittitur ater in urnam, Ov. M. 15, 44; improba quumvis Gratia fallaci Praetoris uicerit urna, Iuv. 13, 4; **6.** a pitcher for casting lots, also called stibella, id. ei uenit in mentem ex lege Pupilia sortiri dicis oportet; educit ex urna tres; is ut absentem condemnem imperat, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 42; stat ductis sortibus urna, Verg. 6, 22; Suet. Ner. 21; Val. P. 2, 484; **7.** esp. by the judges below, as Minos, Verg. 6, 432; and Sen. Agam. 24; Aeneas, Stat. silv. 2, 1, 218; **8.** also by the fates or destiny, Hor. od. 2, 3, 25; and 3, 1, 14; **9.** a definite measure of liquids, half an amphora, or four congi, or 24 sextarii, nini, Cato r. 148; amurea, Plin. 17, 263; musti, Colum. 12, 41; eicantae, Pers. 5, 144; superque eas singulae urnae lactis mellis olei fundantur, inser. Or. 642; uites...ita fertiles ut in ingo singulae terunt urnas praebent, in pergulis autem singulae denas amphoras praeparant, Colum. 3, 9, 2; urnae dunt amphoram complent, gramat. (Lachm.), 376, 5 etc.; **10.** quinquegonaria u., a larger vessel, of 50 sextarii, Cato r. 10, 2 and 13, 2.

**urnā-lis**, e, adj. containing an urna, or 24 sextarii, Caecilius, Plin. 9, 93; as sb. m. a vessel of this size, Cato r. 13, 3; Proc. dig. 33, 6, 16.

**urnā-rium**, ii, adj. n. as sb. a pitcher-table, Varr. l. 5, 27, p. 130 Sp. and s. 227, 3 R.

**urniger**, ra, rum, adj. urn-bearing, of Aquarius, anthol. Burn. 2, 314.

**urnūla**, ae, f. dim. a little pitcher or urn, ex aere, Varr. ap. Non. 544; fittiles, Cic. parad. 11; aurea, of a cinerary urn, Spart. Sev. 24.

**ūro**, ūre, ūssi, ūstus, vb. [see below] burn, hominem mortuum in urbe ne sepelito nece urito, xii tab. ap. Cic. leg. 2, 58; nauis uram, Att. 120 R; Ūrit odoratam nocturna in lumina cedrum, Verg. F. 13; siquid cuiusmodi est quod reliquo corpori noceat, id. ur searique putnam, Cic. Phil. 8, 15; agros, Liv. 20, 21, 15; hence absol. h. ique permissum uastare urere trahere, Tac. an. 3, 48; cf. 1, 2, 12; **2.** of encaustic painting, burn in, Quique mores, caelum tabulamque coloribus uris, Ov. P. 3, 831; picta coloribus ūstis, 4, 275; **3.** with exaggeration, burn up, dry up, qui terras ignibus ūris (of the sun), Ov. M. 4, 194; sitis ūserat herbas, F. 4, 299; **4.** esp. of fever and thirst, nec febribus urit anhelis, Ov. Pont. 1, 10, 5; Num tibi omni fances urit sitis...? Hor. s. 1, 2, 114; **5.** in agriculture, Ūrit cinimlini campum seges, ūrit āneae, Ūrunt Lethaeo perfusa papauerā somno, Verg. G. 1, 77; (eicer) solum urit, Plin. 18, 124; hence by friction, chafe, gall, ut calcus olim Si pede maior erit subuictr, si minor urit, Hor. ep. 1, 10, 43; Si te forte meae grauis ur seneae clauae... 14, 13, 6; antiqua terebra urit eam partem quoniam perforat, Gallia exiguat nec urit, Colum. arb. 8, 3; add Prop. 5, 3, 23; **7.** of flogging, lotis non ureris, Hor. ep. 1, 16, 47; cf. Ihericis perne fimbis latus, epod. 4, 3; **8.** of cold, cause to be frost-bitten, freeze, pernoctant uenatores in nix, in montibus urit se patiuntur, Cic. Tusc. 2, 40; tritici (grana) ferro combusta is quae frigus ūserit praesentaneo sunt remedio, Plin. 22, 119; add Inst. 2, 2, 9; Calp. cel. 5, 117; **9.** of love, or sexual heat, consume with a sort of fire, inflame, Virut infelix Hido, Verg. 4, 68; uritque uolendo Femina, G. 3, 215; cf. B. 8, 83 and 2, 68 and Hor. od. 1, 10, 5; often with in and abl., quid in hospite regia nixo Viris? Ov. M. 7, 21; Amore qui me praeter

omnis expetit...in puellis urere, Hor. epod. 11, 4; cf. stupe-with in; **10.** with cerebrum, of passion, incense, inflame, enrage, id. nunc his cerebrum uritur Me esse hos trecentos Philippios facturum lucri, Pl. Poen. 3, 5, 25; cf. our hot-headed, and Germ. hitzkopf; **11.** mct. destroy the power of, exhaust, lay waste, hanc eos in Etruria iactantes bellum domi Romanum urebat, Liv. 10, 17, 1; pestilentiae urentis simul urbem atque agros, 10, 47, 6; add Vell. 2, 77, 1; **12.** of the mind, gall, sting, Quid ūrunt Hoc tibi mancipium? P. Non malum hercle. Q. Vro homini, Ter. Eun. 2, 4, 43; Nunc hoc uor, nunc hanc res me facit festinum, Titm. 103 R; urebat nobillem populum mare ablutum raptae insulae dare tributa; hinc ultionem puer Annibal iurauerat, Flor. 1, 22, 2; **13.** older form had an initial labial, a b seen in an-bur, com-bur-, and bustum, a u seen in Vesta, Vescuus, and virtually in oestrum; akin also to our burn, brand, Germ. breunen, in spite of Rask's law.

**ūrox**, m., see *urus*.

**urruncum**, i, n. [= οὐραγος των καρπῶν, Ael. hist. an. 1, 43, quoted by L. and S.] the stalk-end on which an ear of corn grows, Varr. r. 1, 48, 3.

**ursa**, ae, f. [= αἰσῆς] a she-bear, nec quiequam rarius quam parientem uidere ursam, Plin. 8, 120; **2.** a bear, generally, Verg. 5, 37; Ov. F. 2, 181; M. 12, 319; 13, 836; Mart. 6, 25, 2; **3.** the constellation Ursa Major or Charles' Wain, also called Septentriones or Septentrio, Ter. 3, 11, 8; 5, 3, 7; Hor. 17, 152; Val. F. 4, 724; Suet. Aug. 80; **4.** Vitr. 9, 6 (p. 220, l. 8 Rose's ed.) speaks of the dune aretiae, using the Greek term; and p. 230 l. 10 of the minor Septentrio; **5.** a surname, Julia Vrsa, inser. Grut. 528, 9.

**ursā-ris**, ii, adj. as sb. m. [ursa or ursus] one who fights with bears in the amphitheatre? cf. taurarius, opus quadratarium Augurii Catullinus Vrsar. d. s. p. d., inser. Or. 4239.

**Vrsentini**, the inhabitants of Vrsentium in Lucania, Plin. 3, 98; Οὐραγῶν on a coin, Eckhel 1, 166.

**Vrsilia**, ae, f. doub. dim. [of ursa] a surname, Clodia V., inser. Donat. 352, 1.

**ursus**, adj. [ursus or ursus] of a bear, sanguis, Colum. arb. 15; rabies, Plin. 8, 130; adops, 22, 34; 28, 219 and 235; fel, 28, 220; parere more ursino, Gell. 17, 10, 3; **2.** u. alium, a wild kind of garb, Plin. 19, 110; **3.** ursina as sb. f., se, caro, bear-flesh, bear, Petr. 66.

**Vrsio**, ōnis, m. dim. a surname, L. Valerius V., inser. Mur. 518, 1.

**Vrsius**, ii, a gens, L. Vrsio L. l. Pilemone, Vrsia L. l. Nice, inser. CIL 1104.

**Vrs-ula**, ae, f. dim. [ursa] a surname, inser. Gr. 372, 6; 564, 4; 680, 13; 697, 5; 888, 2.

**Vrs-ulus**, i, m. dim. [ursus] a surname, Auson. ep. 18, 25; inser. Mur. 1009, 2; 1512, 16; 1508, 5.

**ursus**, i, m. [= αἰσῆς] a bear, Atia o R; Ov. M. 10, 540; tr. 3, 5, 35; Val. P. 2, 73; Plin. 8, 131 and 228; Gai. 2, 10; Petr. 66; **2.** a surname, L. Caecilius V., inser. Gr. 41, 7; **3.** esp. in the theatre or amphitheatre, media inter carmina poscent Aut ursum aut pugiles, Hor. ep. 2, 1, 180; apud ursos ceteram(u) neatione(m), inser. Or. 2530; add Gr. Henc. 6148 and 6170.

**urtica**, ae, f. [ur-o; see below] stinging nettle, mirum sine ulnis spinarum aculeis laqueum ipsam (sc. urtica) esse noxiam et tactu tantum leni pruritum pusulasque conesse adusto similis existere; notum est ei remedium olci, Plin. 21, 92; **2.** esp. the u. femina or ἀνδρ., u. pilulifera L., as a medical remedy, Plin. 22, 31 to 304; Et ne recurram otioso et urtica, Catal. 44, 15; urticam feminam sole in urtice posita aduersus aggritudinem sumes, si uoles, Apic. 102; **3.** as food for the poor etc., Si forte in medio positum abstinentis herbis Vinis et urtica, Hor. ep. 1, 12, 8; Vinge puer caules mihi festa luce, coquatur Urtica, Pers. 6, 70; **4.** u. marina, the sea-nettle, jelly-fish or Medusa, Marinam urticam musculos plausus stitatus, Pl. Riid. 2, 1, 9; Plin. 9, 149 and 147 which see; αἰσῆς esp. animal marium quod urtica appellatur, Gell. 4, 11, 13; **5.** made into a dish for the rich, patina urticarum calida et frigida;

urticam accipies (capies?) lunas colas per colum exlicebis etc., Apic. 169; urticae marinas bene lotas, 171; in a carte of a banquet given by Metellus at Pont. Max. on the consecration of Lentulus as flamen Mart., present the pontifices, Caesar as rex sacrorum, Vestal virgins etc., second course, sphondyliys glomularias urticae ficulneas etc., ap. Maer. s. 3, 13, 12; **6.** the veg. urtica as an aphrodisiac, Ov. a. a. 2, 417; **7.** hence of sexual heat, but still with reference to the nettle (note *tegitur*), unde Hæc tegit Gradine tuos urtica nepotes? Juv. 2, 128; puellæ Iritantem Veneris languentis et æres Diuitis urticae, 11, 166; **8.** a surname, C. Herennius Vrtica, inscr. Maif. 155, 3; **9.** Vrticula, æt. f. dim. a surname, Livia V. I. Aglais; and M. Lilius Vrticulae l. Pachynus, inscr. Grut.; **10.** it has been objected that *uro* would have given *ustica*; but the order is this, *us-ica, urica*, and then with excrement *t urtica*, *usica* being an adj., sc. herba, the suffix *ico* = that of *uo-uo*-empty, *cad-uo*-falling.

**uruo**, æt. vb. [uruum, wh. see] = circumdare, says Festus, quoting *circum sese uruat ad pedes terra, occidit Caput*, Enn. tr. 141 V; but, *uruate erat aratro definire*, Pomp. dig. 50, 16, 239.

**urus**, i. m. [ur-uchs, the Germ. name, *urow*] the wild ox or aurochs, *bos ferus* L.; tertium est genus eorum qui *uri* appellantur, Caes. b. g. 6, 28, 1 (speaking of the Hercynian forest) wh. see; panca (animalia) Germania insignia tamen boum ferorum genera, imbutos biosentes excellentie nū et leuocitate uros, Plin. 8, 38; siluestres *uri*, Verg. G. 2, 374; *uri* imparibus ductos...currus, 3, 532; Tibi ullosi terga biosentes Latissimæ feri cornibus *uri*, Sen. Phædr. 70; *uri* Gallica uox est, Maer. s. 6, 4, 23; where Gallicæ is a mistake of his for Germanicæ; *urox* (so Pontanus for *urow* of *ms*) *βους Γερμανος*, Gloss.; **2.** *ur=auer* of Germ., wh. seems to have meant wood or rather mountain, cf. auehahn wood-cock, and Gk. *urow* n. = *oros* mountain; for change of suffix *ochs* or *ox* to *us*, cf. *apero*-for *aperoch*-(whence *apug-no*).

**uru-um**, i. n. [for *ornu-um* and so = *opux* of *opuxow*] a ploughshare? but acc. to Varr. l. 5, p. 130 Sp. the concave curvature of the same, *imburum* dictum ab *urbo* quod *uri* flexum ut redcat sursum *uersus*, ut in *aratro* quod est *uruum*; cf. Pomp. dig. 50, 16, 239, 6.

**usio**, ðnis, f. [ut-or] use, *usor*, a legal word, *aqua itine* re acti domini usioni recipitur, a reservation is made as to these for the master's user (in a lease for winter-pasturage), Cato r. 149, 2 (but in 38, 4 read *usitioni*); *usionis* causa, Ulp. dig. 34, 2, 28; *usionis gratia*, Seacv. ap. Gell. 4, 1, 17; *usioni* habere aliquid (al. *usui*), Afric. dig. 32, 1, 58; *Arnob.* 7, 32; but in Varr. s. 223, 4 *Riese* after *Buechele* reads *domusio*.

**usitatus**, part. of *usitor*; **2.** as adj. usual, customary, ordinary, familiar, uocabula sibi u., Cic. fin. 3, 4; faciendum tractu in *usitatus* hoc uerbum et tritius, acul. post. 27; uerbis quam *usitatissimis*, orat. 83; omne genus cuniculorum notum atque *usitatum* est, Caes. b. g. 7, 22, 2; in Pl. Ps. 2, 4, 37 the reading *usitatus* is now certain; **3.** adv. *usitate*, in the usual way, loqui, Cic. fin. 4, 72; *usitatus*, Gell. 13, 21, 21.

**usitor**, ðvi, vb. r. frq. [ut-or] be in the habit of using, Gell. 17, 1, 9.

**uspiam**, adv. [only a variety of *usquam*, as *quispiam* is of *quisquam*] anywhere, somewhere, chiefly in neg. sentences, Quibus nunc sollicitior *rebus*! Ne aut ille alibi *uspiam* ceciderit (d. *ciderit*)?, Ter. Ad. 1, 1, 12 (wh. *uspiam* has the authority of Donatus); non dubitamus quin ille in istis locis *uspiam* misurus esset, Cic. Att. 1, 17, 2;

**2.** in questions, Num me persequeris *uspiam*? Pl. Cas. 4, 3, 14; **3.** in conditions, per-securator *uspiam* si inueniam *uspiam* Annum, Pl. Anl. 4, 2, 13; *uspiam* (legem) qui ignorat est iniustus, siue est illa scripta *uspiam* siue *usquam*, Cic. leg. 1, 42; **4.** with a gen., *uspiam* Scripturarum, Aug. ep. 104 (al. 99).

**usquam**, adv. [for *us-ig-um*, as a dat. to *quisquam*, which might have been *u-ig-um*; and so : *quisquam* :: *our* where-e : when :: *clui-bi* : *enui*] anywhere, somewhere, in any—, chiefly in neg. sentences, Non concedam neque

*quisquam* usquam noctu, neque diu (mss dius) prius quam... Pl. Merc. 5, 2, 21; Numquam etiam *ui* usquam quin me amaret omnes plurimum, Ter. Eun. 5, 8, 62; Neque istie neque alibi tibi usquam erit in me mora, Andr. 2, 5, 9; iterum isto cui nullas esset usquam consistendi locus Romani se contulit, Cic. Flac. 50; **2.** in questions, Vide num eius color pudoris signum usquam indicat, Ter. Andr. 5, 2, 7; an *quisquam* usquam gentium aequo miser? Hec. 3, 1, 13; **3.** in conditions, siquid *usquam* iustitiae, Ter. 1, 604; hie si usquam totos eloquentiae aperire fontes licet, Quint. 6, 1, 51; **4.** and in relative clauses, as implying a condition, dubitem haud equidem implorare quod usquam, Verg. 7, 311; Orbe locum mediost...Vnde quod est usquam, quamuis regionibus absit inspicitur, Ov. M. 12, 41; **5.** after such a verb as *miror*, which in meaning approaches a neg., *miror* te cum Roma absis usquam potius esse, Cic. leg. 2, 6; **6.** with a gen. see Ter. Hec. above § 2; **7.** an old form *usquam* suggested by metre to Ritschl (Rh. Mus. 25, 311) in: Nec mi umbra usquam nisi in puteo quæpiam, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 82; Non concedam neque *quisquam* usquam noctu neque diu, Merc. 5, 2, 21.

**usquam**, adv. [as an acc. to *quis-que*; cf. *us-que*] to any place, to some place, in neg. sentences, Ant me occide illine si usquam probitam gradum, Pacuv. 341 R; ut se ipsa (sus) stans sustinere non possit neque progredi usquam, Varr. r. 2, 4, 11; nec uero usquam discedebam, Cic. Phil. 1, 1; non usquam proripit (formica), Hor. s. 1, 1, 37; add 2, 1, 31; 2, 7, 30; ps. Nep. Ag. 3; in Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 90 the reading doubtful; **2.** an old *usquam* again claimed by Ritschl for *Sequere* hae me igitur, Equidem haec usquam a pedibus apsedam tuis, Pl. Most. 3, 2, 170.

**us-que**, adv. [quisque, us only the base of the rel., as was in Germ.; for interchange of s with the final nasal cf. *uersum* *uersus*, and see *iste*] first, of place, every step, all the way, quite, even with reference to a limit from which or a limit to which or both, Cantantes licet usque (minus uia laetel) emus, Verg. B. 9, 64; usque a mari supero, Cic. Clu. 192; quod eos (sonitus nostros) usque istime exauditos putem, Att. 1, 14, 4; Siuelo prospexit ab usque Pachyno, Verg. 7, 289; uolueres et feras et animalia maris Oceano ab usque petierat (Tigellinus), Tac. an. 15, 37; usque ad oppidum, Naev. 107 R; Alitulum usque obscuro? Ter. Ad. 4, 5, 21; theatrum ita resonans ut usque Romam voces referantur, Cic. Q. fr. 1, 1, 42; in Galliam et trans Alpes usque transfertur, Quinct. 12; **2.** of time, every minute, all the time, always, quite, even, Inde usque ad diurnam stellam crastinam potabimus, Pl. Men. 1, 2, 62; Vel usque dum regnum optinebit Iuppiter, 5, 1, 28; Cessatum usque adhuc est, Ter. Ad. 4, 4, 23; opinio usque ab heroicis dicta temporibus, Cic. din. 1, 1; usque ad extremum diem uitae, am. 33; Vsqe sub extremum brumae intractabilis imbrem, Verg. G. 1, 211; inde (from that time) usque repetens, Cic. Arch. 1, 1; 3; Allatres licet usque nos et usque, Mart. 5, 60, 1; **3.** with reference to other limits, usque ad rauium poscam, Pl. Aul. 2, 5, 10; Ctesipho me et istam psaltriam Vsqe occidit, quite, absolutely, Ter. Ad. 4, 2, 20; aduersentur omnes consulares usque ad Pompeium Collegam; ille etc., all down to, Plin. ep. 2, 11, 20; ad usque ludibria ebriosus, Gell. 15, 2, 2; pecnas dedit usque superque quam satis est, even to satiety and more, Hor. s. 1, 2, 05; **4.** usque sometimes precedes, sometimes follows the noun (or prep.) to wh. it is attached, see *ex*, above; **5.** an old form *usque* suggested by metre to Ritschl (Rh. Mus. 25, 311) in: Ego bas habeo *usque* in petaso pinulas, Pl. Amph. pr. 143; so again to Bergk (Beitr. 119) in: Sed pater illarum posquam (implied in *posquam* of *mss V*) *cas* perdidit, Mari terraque usque quaque quaeritat, Poen. pr. 105; Ibi ego te replebo *usque* quæ ingentium gematis, 3, 3, 88.

**usque** -*adeo*, -*adhuc*, -*admodum*, -*affatim*, -*autenae*, -*donec*, -*dum*, -*quique*, -*quo*, -*quoad*, see the separate words.

**usta**, æt. adj. f. as sb. a colouring matter or paint of two kinds, one crimson (purpurea), Vitr. 7, 11 f.; Plin. 35,

38; one red made of white lead (cerussa), Plin. ib.; Isid. orig. 19, 17 med.

**Ustica**, ae, f. prob. a village, near Horace's Sabine farm, some say mountain or valley, Valles et Vstiane cubantis Lenia personare saxa, Hor. od. 1, 17, 11; **2.** an island on the coast of Sicily, Plin. 3, 62.

**ustic-ium**, ii, n. diu. {usta} a colour, lamp-black, Isid. orig. 19, 28.

**ustilago**, inis, f. a wild thistle, Apul. herb. 109.

**ustio**, ōnis, f. [ur-] burning, samenta quae tibi ustioni supererunt in segete comburito, Cato r. 38, 4; Plin. 36, 155; **2.** as a medical agent, Cels. 8, 2, p. 330, 15 D; **3.** of a mustard plaster, Plin. 20, 238.

**ustor**, ōris, m. a burner, as of a corpse, Catul. 59, 5; Mart. 3, 93, 26; Robora non desint misero eis sordidus ustor (Pompeio), Lucan. 8, 738; and met., qui cum tantum ausus sit ustor pro mortuo, quid signifer pro uiro non esset ausus? Cic. Mil. 90 (of the burning down of the Curia).

**ustr-ina**, ae, adj. f. as sb. [ustor] a place for burning a corpse, ustrinas in eum locum trahendas curauerunt, Inscr. Or. 4517; ubi combustus quis, alibi uero est sepultus, is locus ustrina uocatur, Paul. ex Fest. 32; intra muros ciuitatis ustrina fieri non potest, Paul. dig. 1, 21, 3; of the ass being burnt alive, Apul. M. 7, p. 196.

**ustrinum**, i, n. the same, huic monumento n. applicari non licet, Inscr. Or. 4384; add 4385; Or.-Henz. 7371.

**ustulāticius**, adj. of the class of things burnt, not. Tir. 165.

**ustulatio**, ōnis, f. singeing, = αρακτις, Gloss. Cyr.

**ust-ūlo**, (ustulo) ōre, vb. diu. [us] of uro with excess-ent [ ] burn slightly, singe, scripta... Infelicibus ustulanda lignis, Catul. 36, 8 (sus ustulanda); oleae oleagineae ustilate, Vitr. 1, 5; pulis ustilatis alenis, 5, 12, 6; caput (i.e. crines) ferro, Priap. 46; **2.** of frost, uis, gemmas frigoris ustulauit aura, Priap. 62.

**ustus**, part. of uro; **2.** ustum as sb. n. a burn, acanthi radices ustis nris prosunt, Plin. 22, 76; medetur (oleum amygdalinum) furunculis et sole ustis, 23, 85.

**ūstū-ālis**, e, adj. for use, mancipia sine uenalia siue ustulata, Marc. dig. 39, 4, 16, 3; **2.** ordinary, usual, sermo, Sid. ep. 4, 10; vii uicis usualibus, cod. Th. 7, 13, 3; **3.** usualiter, adv. usually, Cass. uar. 2, 39, 9, 3.

**ūstū-ārius**, adj. for use, ligma, Gell. 4, 1, 22; **2.** as opposed to what is owned, seruus, Ulp. dig. 7, 8, 14; cod. Inst. fr. 2, 15, 1; anellae, 12, 6; res, 23, 7, 8; **3.** as sb. m. one entitled to the use; Paul. dig. 7, 8, 15; Mod. 7, 8, 21.

**1 ūstū-cāpio**, cāpĕre cāpi captum, vb. [usu] an abd. by use] become owner of by prescription, that is by having been left in undisputed possession for a certain time fixed by law, lex xii tabularum soli quidem res hincio usucapi iussit, ceteras uero anno, Gai. 2, 54; but the time greatly lengthened by Justinian, Inst. 2, 6, pr.; nihil esse quod laboraretur, quoniam hereditas usucapta esset, and soon after, de tutela legitima nihil usucapi posse, Cic. Att. 1, 5, 6; sanctum est ut nihil mortales a deo immortalibus usucapere possint, har. r. 32; scis iam biennium transisse omnique me usucapisse, Plin. ep. 5, 1, 10; nullam penes se culpam esse quod Hannibal uelut usucapisset Italiam, Liv. 22, 44, 6; ex iure Quiritium mea permanebit (res) donec tu eam possidendo usucapias, Gai. 2, 41; add 1, 111; 2, 50, 63, and 94; 3, 201; 4, 36; **2.** even of a woman, usu in manu conueniebant quae anno continue nupta perseuerabat, nam uelut annua possessione usucapiebatur in familiam iuri transibat, Gai. 1, 111 (see usurpo § 2); to prevent this it was necessary, ut quotannis trinoctio abesset adque ita usum cuiusque anni interrumpere (Gai. ib.); often written as two words, and even divided by words or inverted, propius est ut usu eas capere non possis, Pomp. dig. 41, 3, 29; filius pro donato non capiet usu, Paul. 41, 6, 1, 1.

**2 ūstū-cāpio**, ōnis (note the long a), f. acquisition of ownership by use or prescription, usucapio est adeptio domini per continuationem possessionis anni uel biennii, rerum mobilium anni, immobilium biennii, Ulp. fr. 19;

add Gai. 2, 43—59; **2.** in Cic. leg. 1, 55 some MSS have usucapionem, wh. Halm adopts and writes as two words; Ulp. dig. 41, 9, 1, 2 has usu quoque capio cessabit;

**3.** qty. of the a proved by: ut hanc usucapio dicitur copulato uocabulo a litera in eo tractum pronuntiata, ita pugnari copio inuncte et producte dicebatur, Gell. 6, 10, 1.

**ūstū-fācio**, ōre, vb. make one's own by use or prescription, M. Quoniam nunc est S. Tuos, nam pugnas usucapisti tuum (or written as two words), Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 219.

**ūstūfructu-ārius**, adj. m. as sb. one who has the usufruct, usufructuary, Gai. 2, 30; Ulp. dig. 7, 1, 7.

**ūstūra**, (ussura) ae, f. [implies a sb. usor from ut-] use, enjoyment, Attque hanc postremo solis usuram cape, Att. 507 R; Neque adeo haec (se. aedis) mihi neque usurae meae, Pl. Trin. 1, 2, 144; eius corporis, Amph. pr. 108; unius horae, Cic. Cat. 1, 29; uitae, Tusc. 1, 93; gloriae, Vell. 2, 34, 2; **2.** esp. the use of money, quia posse fieri cogitauit ut cum senatus usura publicanos saepe inuisset, magistratus a publicanis pecuniam pro usura auferret auferre? Cic. Ver. 2, 3, 168; **3.** hence interest for money lent, sed ut non uendam eique usuram pendam a quo emero, non plus annum possum assequi, Cic. Att. 12, 22, 3; uiri boni usuras perscribant, 9, 12, 3; certare cum usuris fructibus praediorum, Cat. 2, 18, to enter into a battle of rents against interest on debts; rogo cures ut Atilio meo salua sit non sors (the principal) modo uernum etiam usura plurimum annorum, Plin. ep. 6, 8, 5; **4.** metn., nec unquam sine usura reddit (terra) quod accipit, sed alias minore plerumque maiore cum fenore, Cic. sen. 51; proinde mitte (litteras) adpositis quidem usuris quas ego (hunc parcius possum?) centesimas computabo, Plin. ep. 9, 28, 5.

**ūstūrārius**, (ussur.) adj. of which one has the use, but not ownership, Uxor ussuraria (Alcumenae), Pl. Amph. 1, 2, 36; puer, Curc. 3, 12; **2.** of interest, out at, subject to the payment of interest, Vbi aera perscribantur ussuraria, Pl. Truc. 1, 2, 53; pecunia, Ulp. dig. 16, 2, 11; debitor, Papin. 21, 1, 7; opposed to proprius, aluius sestertium decies singulis reliquit usurarum potius quam proprium, Front. ad am. 1, 17.

**ūstū-rēceptio**, ōnis, f. recovering ownership by prescription, Gai. 2, 59—61.

**ūstū-rēcipio**, ōre, vb. recover ownership by prescription, i.e. recipere per usucapionem, Gai. 2, 61.

**ūstūrābilis**, e, adj. available, Tert. Marc. 2, 6 med.

**ūstūrāpticus**, adj. [usurpator] belonging to the class of things usurpata, causae, consult. net. Icti c. 9.

**ūstūrāptio**, ōnis, f. [usurpa-] the interruption of an adverse use by the assertion of a right, so as to prevent such use from growing into ownership by prescription, usurpatio est usucapionis interruptio, Paul. dig. 41, 3, 2; sint igitur decemuri, neque ueris comitis neque illis ad speciem atque ad usurpationem uetustatis per xxx lietores aspiciuntur causa adumbratis constituti, Cic. agr. 2, 31; a book of usurpation was written by the Appian Claudius who made the Appia Via, dig. 1, 2, 36; **2.** assertion of a right or principle if only in words, cum eum se Romanum esse diceret, ne uoram quidem mortis mentione atque usurpatione ciuitatis assequi potuit, Cic. Ver. 2, 5, 166; diuisus ordo (iudicium) erat superba usurpatione nominum cum aliis se nongentum (one of the 900), alius selectum, alius tribunalum (se. aeris) appellaret, Plin. 33, 31; qui conuoluit se usurpatione et renouatione doctrinae, Cic. Brut. 250; so Scipio when saluted by Spaniards as king bade them, regalem animum in se esse indicarent, uocis usurpatione abstinerent, Liv. 27, 19, 5; **3.** hence vaguely; use, haec u. itineris insoliti quo uobis spectare uidetur? Liv. 41, 23, 14; **4.** in late writers, assertion with a bad title, usurpation, both with a protesting epithet and absol., prauna usurpatione obtinuit, cod. Inst. de l. § 8; tyranni usurpatione proacti, cod. Th. 15, 14, 8; per uim atque usurpationem iudicare, 9, 40, 16.

**ūstūrāpt-iusus**, adj. = usurpativus, belonging to the class of things usurpata, sanctioned by use alone, archaie? used only as a technical term in grammar, u. species uerborum,

the usurpative mood (so to say) including gerund and supine, as having the anomaly of giving to vbs. the case-endings of nouns, *Diom.* 389, 41 and 45; *Maecr.* de diff. 2764, 5; 2765, 31; 2. *usurpativae*, adv. as sanctioned by use alone, *Serv.* speaking of *hordeae* ad *Verg.* G. 1, 210, and *abusae* ad A. 7, 289; of a foot-measure in use as opposed to the natural foot, *promat.* (*Lachm.*) 372, 31.

**usurpator**, oris, m. only in very late writers with or without protesting epithet, usurper, u. indebitae potestatis, *Ann.* 26, 7, 12; alieni iuris u., *Nov. Val.* 2, 8, 1; u. tanti nominis, *Symon.* *Valent.* 1, 22.

**usurpator-ius**, adj. of a usurper, temeritas, *cod. Th.* 11, 16, 11.

**usurpator-ix**, icis, adj. f. [usurpator] usurping, arrogantia, *Salv. gub. D.* 3, 12.

**usurpo**, (usurpo Pl.) are, vb. [implies a noun usurp-us, one who breaks a user, from rup of ruupo; cf. indic-are reuig-are etc. See also usurpatio and i usucapio § 2] interrupt the user of another by the assertion of a right, assert (a right as of ownership, servitude etc.) by some act, C. *Flaccus* flamen (*Dialis*)...rem intermissam per multos annos repetiuit, in senatum ut introiret; and soon after: praetor non exoletis exemplis stare ius sed recentissimae consuetudinis ius uoluit; nec patrum nec auctorum memoria dilectam quemquam illi ius usurpasse, *Liv.* 27, 8, 9; id iure imperii nostri quotannis usurpatione ac semper retentum, *Cic.* *Verr.* 2, 5, 51; haec diuisione utuntur, sed ita, non ut iure aut iudicio recuperare amissam possessionem, sed ut iure civili surculo defringendo (by breaking off a branch of a tree, as an act of an owner) usurpare uideantur, *or.* 3, 110; multis officiis usurpata cognatio, *Verr.* 2, 5, 125; negabat iure ciuitatem Romanam usurpare quorum etc., *Suet. Cal.* 38; biennio omnia intercidit (se. scruius) et biennio usurpata recipitur, *Paul.* *dig.* 1, 17, 2; nec per ceteros qui duxerunt (sc. aequum) eius ius usurpatum esse, *cod. Inst.* 16, 8, 6; 2. so of a woman, usurpari (red.), to interrupt a user as to herself by an absence of three nights in the year from one with whom she was living as a wife that she might not become uxor usu and so forfeit her independence (see i usucapio § 2), Q. *Mucium* iureconsultum dicere solent legi non esse usurpatum mulierem, quae cum *Kal. Ian.* apud uirum matrimonii causa esse coepisset, a. d. *ini Kal. Ian.* sequentes usurpatum esset: non enim posse impleri triennium, quod abesse a uiro usurpandi causa ex duodecim tabulis debet, quoniam etc., *Gell.* 3, 2, 12; 3. met., O baratrum (so miss) ubi's nunc? ut ego te usurpem lubens, *Pl. Bac.* 1, 2, 40, how gladly would I assert my title to you by taking possession; nomen qui usurpat meum, *Enn.* *tr.* 205 V, who takes the liberty of using my name;

4. enter upon (as a right), hereditates, *Tac.* *an.* 15, 19; and met., auius meus *Agnippe* u-surpare otium post labores concessit, *Id.* 35; 5. as rights and duties are blended together, perform (a duty), officium, *Cic.* *am.* 8; munia, *Tac. h.* 4, 49 f.; officia, *Suet.* *Tib.* 11; 6. exercise the privilege of eyesight, hearing, touch etc. as to—, Quas ego neque oculis neque pedibus unquam usurpauit meis, *Pl. Trin.* 4, 2, 4; *S. Paphlagonia*. P. Perii; unde mene usurpant aures sonitum? *Cas.* 3, 5, 9; nec frigora quimus Usurpare oculis, *Lucr.* 1, 300; eum iam destituerunt ea sensibiles usurpare, 4, 975; 7. by speech or writing assert a right to (see usurpatio § 2); 8. by speaking save from oblivion, recall to mind, keep alive, inter nouam rem urbem usurpare metus, *Pl. Cist.* 2, 1, 29; desiderium mei nominis renouari et rerum gestarum memoriam usurpari coegit, *Cic.* *ad sen.* 37; quis est qui C. *Fabrium* non cum caritate aliqua memoriam usurpet? *am.* 28; soleo saepe ante oculos ponere idque libenter crebris usurpare sermonibus omnes imperatorum res gestas cum tuis nec magnitudine nec numero posse conferri, *Marc.* 5;

9. speak with authority, lay down, sanction, preacelare est hoc usurpatum a doctissimis, *Cic.* *parad.* 33; lae consolationes quae sunt a sapientissimis uiris usurpatae memoriaeque litteris proditae, *fam.* 5, 16, 3; sed de hoc postea usurpandum quom de poetis dicemus, *Varr.* 1, 6, p. 229 Sp.; 10. as the interruption of a user must be repeated

from time to time to be effective, hence the idea of habit, as first in acts, practice, *Rex*, quae in uita usurpat homines cogitant curant uident, *Att. Brut.* 29 R; quod in quibusdam prouinciis usurpat ut cornibus illegetur iugum, *Colum.* 2, 2, 22; usurpatum est ut his quoque ius dicatur, *Ulp.* *dig.* 50, 13, 1, 6; 11. use (words) habitually, call habitually, crebro usurpat et consul et Antonius, *Cic.* *Phil.* 2, 70; nomen uirtutis, *parad.* 17; C. *Laelius* qui sapiens usurpat, *off.* 2, 40; quos fratres inter se usurpare atque appellare uidentur, *Tim.* 11; hoc enim nomen usurpat agricolae ramos prominentium, *Colum.* 5, 6 med.; 12. in the best writers illegality must be expressed or implied in context to make up the idea, usurp, as: consuetudo usurpata contra legem, *Traj.* ad *Plin.* 115 *Koil*; peregrinae conditionis homines uenit usurpare Romana nomina, duntaxat gentilitia; ciuitatem Romanam usurpantes... securi percussit, *Suet.* *Claud.* 25 (a full stop after gentilitia is an error); quisquis illicitum collegium usurpauerit, *Ulp.* *dig.* 47, 22, 2; 13. in very late writers, absol. usurp, usurpatum nomen (tutoris), *cod. Th.* 14, 10, 8; usurpare immunitatem soluendi publici uetigalis, *Paul.* *dig.* 39, 4, 9, 8; see usurpatio § 4, usurpator etc.

**usur-ula**, ae, f. dim. [usura] = τολμαήδων, *Gloss. Phil.*

1 **usus**, part. of uxor.

2 **usus**, (older *usus*, see § 9) *ūs*, m. use, practice, exercise, excitabat eos magnitudo causarum ut ad eam doctrinam quam suo quique studio assuecunt esset adiungeretur usus frequens qui omnium magistrorum praeccepta superaret, *Cic.* *or.* 1, 15; assiduis usus uni rei deditus et ingenium et artem saepe uincit, *Balb.* 45; Veneti scientia atque usu nauticarum rerum reliquos antecedunt, *Caes.* *b. g.* 3, 8, 1; 2. of human beings, intercourse, friendship, cum *Metellis* erat ei domesticus usus et consuetudo, *Cic.* *Rose.* *Ann.* 15; id ipsum esset in tanto usu nostro tantae amicitiae molestum, *Planc.* 5; 3. use, want, need, plures quam quot satis in usum erant ignes quum accendisset, *Liv.* 36, 10, 12; uoluerunt illum usum prouinciae supplere, *Cic.* *Verr.* 2, 4, 9; 4. advantage, profit, benefit, magnos usus affert (arborum consuetio) ad nauigia faciendi, *Cic.* *N. D.* 2, 151; Necesse quo ualeat munus, quem praebet usum, *Hor.* s. 1, 1, 73; 5. in legal language the right of using, ius utendi as opposed to fructus or profits, as of land, house, slave, etc.; constituitur nudus, id est sine fructu, *Gai.* *dig.* 7, 8, 1; cui usus relictus est uti potest, frui non potest, *Ulp.* *ib.* 2; minus iuris est in usu quam in usufructu, namque is qui fundi nudum habet usum nihil interitus habere intelligitur quam ut oleis pomis floribus feno stramentis et lignis ad usum cottidianum utatur, and so on, *Inst.* *inst.* 2, 5; fundi usu legato licetibit usuario et ex peni quod in annum duntaxat sufficere capere, *Paul.* *dig.* 7, 8, 15; but the usus and fructus generally go together, see usufructus; 6. undisputed possession for a certain time often gives a title to ownership, hence usu by prescription, see usucapio vb. and sb. and usurpo; 7. usus est there is occasion for, there is need of, first with abl. and perf. part., iam faxo scies Quam subito argento mi usus inuenio siet, *Pl. Ps.* 1, 1, 48; Vbi usus nihil erat (ei) dicto Spondeo Picibat, *Trin.* 2, 4, 102; facto, *Amph.* 1, 3, 7 and *Rud.* 2, 3, 67; 8. or abl. alone, argenti minus, *Pl. As.* 1, 1, 76; ad eam rem usus est tua mi opera, *Pers.* 2, 5, 27; Octavianus reducere naues quibus consuli usus non esset, *Liv.* 30, 41, 8; nunc uiribus usus, Nunc manibus rapidis, omni nunc arte magistra, *Verg.* 8, 441; 9. with acc. of neuter pron., idem ad plebem quod oculus erit ferunt, *xii tab.* ap. *Cic.* *leg.* 3, 10; Egomit mihi fere quod usust, *Pl. Merc.* 5, 2, 13; but in *Pl.* 1, 3, 151 the reading should be: Ad eam rem usust homine astuto docto scito callido (callido being in A) and not hominem astutum etc.; 10. usui est, ex usu est, it is of use, bono usui estis nulli, *Pl. Cure.* 4, 2, 15; Satrius fuit mihi magno usui, *Cic.* *Att.* 1, 1, 3; peritos legum peregrinarum ad condenda nota iura usui fore, *Liv.* 3, 33, 5; magis opportunus nec magis ex usu tuo Nemost, *Ter.* *Eun.* 5, 8, 47; libido opinio uenturi boni quod sit ex usu iam praesens esse, *Cic.* *Tusc.* 4, 14; folia mandare ex usu est,

Plin. 25, 175; **11.** *usus venit*, need (for anything) occurs, si quis usus venerit, Menenius ego hanc rem nos uolo, Pl. Cist. 1, 2, 28; Non usus venit, Ter. Haut. 3, 2, 42; et si usus venerit, 45; **12.** *usu venire*, to occur actually, cum mihi usu venturum non arbitraretur ut ... Cic. fam. 3, 8, 6; eadem mihi usu venirent, sen. 7; non venit idem usu mihi quod tibi scribis, Att. 7, 26, 1; where note the separation of *usu*, which is against writing *usu venit* as one word; cf. too or. 1, 183 and Gell. 10, 12, 6;

**13.** as a god, *Vsus me* (sc. Sapientium) genuit, mater peperit miseria, Afr. 298 R; **14.** *ousus* as an old form, *ousus etiam dicitur*, sic enim veteres *ousa* dixere, Mart. C. 53 G, 59, 1 Eyss.; but in 28 G, 31, 15 Eyss. his own word is *usus*, not *ousus*.

**Usus-fructus**, two words, the twofold right to use and produce, the *ius utendi* and the *ius fruendi*, as opposed to ownership (*dominium*), *usufructus est ius alienis rebus utendi fruendi salva rerum substantia*, Paul. dig. 7, 1, 1; *uxori ancillarum usufructum legavit*, Cic. Top. 21; also that the two words separated, *usus enim eius fundi est fructus*, Caelin. 19; add § 11 and Sen. ep. 98, 11.

**Usu-venit**, see *usus* § 12.

**ut**, and *ut* (older *ut*), pronom. adv. or conj. [for *enit*, wh. = *quod*, base of relative; cf. *si-ent* and *uter*, ubi etc. for *enit*, *enit*] as, § 1, 1-14; when, 15-10; where, 20; II. that, 21-32; III. in elliptical phrases, 33-35; IV. how, 36-38. Thus I, as, where it usually correlates with a following (or preceding) pronoun (adv. or adj.) as *ita*, *sic*, *item*, *is*, etc., *Ut tui sit item omnes esse, perituri cupit?* Pl. Rud. 4, 4, 55; *Tu uti dixi macta his armis macta uirtute* (iussu uirtutem) patris, Att. 473 R; *ut ille solabat*, *ita nunc mea repetet oratio populi Romani originem*, Cic. rep. 1, 3; *ut ille qui nungit cum subito mare coepit horrescere*, sic noster populus in bello sic parat ut regit, 1, 63;

**2.** esp. with *quisque* and *superl.*, ut *quisque* optime dicit, *ita maxime dicendi difficultatem pertimescit* (where a comparative is better suited to the English idiom, the more—the more—), Cic. or. 1, 120; *ut quisque est uir optimus*, *ita difficulte esse alios improbos suspiciat*, Q. fr. 1, 1, 12; *ut quisque gradu proximus erat*, *ita gnominae obiectus*, Liv. 9, 6, 1;

**3.** at times with positive *ad*, or comp. or a verb denoting distinction, ut *qui-que* acate antecedit, *ita sententiae principatum tenet*, Cic. sen. 64; *sed uti cuique obuium fuerat*, *sic ferrum aliis etc.*, Att. 263 R; *Indos medio rationis atque abundantie duxit, ut longe a luxuria, ulla famae propior*, Tac. Agr. 6;

**4.** with *superl.* and *posse* (for *quam*), *haec ut brucissimae dici potuerunt, ita me dieta sunt*, Cic. or. 2, 174;

**5.** *ut* and *ita* are also used to contrast differences, though—, yet—; *haec omnia ut inuitis, ita non aduersantibus patriciis*, Liv. 3, 55, 15; *ut locus proci nro satis acutus agendis uineis fuit, ita handquam prospere postquam al effectum operis nuntium est coepit succedebat*, 21, 7, 6; *Saguntini ut a proelis quietem habuerant per aliquot dies, ita non nocte non die unquam cessauerant ab opere*, 21, 11, 5;

**6.** the correlative part at times precedes, *ae senatus uicimum adiuncti ita uti aequum fuit*, CIL 201, 4; *ita est ut scribis*, Cic. Att. 7, 8, 1;

**7.** or is altogether suppressed, esp. in parentheses, *quem, ut scitis, uice dixi*, Cic. rep. 1, 1; *tu cum omnium rerum cupiditati resistes, ut facis...*, Q. fr. 1, 1, 7; as also in short sentences, *causas ut honorificisimis uerbis potero (potero?) complectar*, Phil. 14, 29; *appellat hominem ut blandissime potest*, Cn. 72;

**8.** often in parentheses, so as to show that the special proposition is in accordance with the general character, *illi, ut est hominum genus suspiciosum, hoc arbitrantur* (with that readiness to suspect which characterises the race), Cic. Caelin. 28; *permulta alia colligit Chrysippus, ut est in omni historia curiosus*, Tusc. 1, 108; *aiunt hominem, ut erat furiosus, respondisse...*, Rose. Am. 33;

**9.** also in parentheses, to qualify an assertion, as to judge from—, *Ut stam rem uideo, stius obsaturabere*, Ter. Haut. 4, 8, 29; *hauscio herele, ut homost, an mutet animum*, Ph. 5, 1, (2), 9;

**10.** also, making allowance for, considering, compared with, *hi quidem* (sc. Solo et Pistratis), *ut populi Romani actas est, senes; ut Atheniensium saecula nume-*

*rantur, adolescentes debent nideri*, Cic. Brut. 39; *ciuitas ampla atque florens ut est captus Germanorum, making allowance for the capabilities of the Germans*, Caes. b. g. 4, 3, 3; **11.** more frequently in elliptical clauses without a verb, *Themistocles ut apud nos perantiquus, ut apud Athenienses non ita sane uetus*, Cic. Brut. 41; *multum ut temporibus illis ualuit dicendo*, ib. 27; *et erat quum litteris Latinis tum etiam Graecis ut temporibus illis eruditus*, ib. 28; *nonnulli ut in tantis malis est profectum*, fam. 12, 2, 2; *multae ut in homine Romano litterae, sen. 12, 2*.

**12.** still in parentheses and elliptically, as was to be expected, *condiciones tristes ut ab irato uictore ferebantur*, Liv. 21, 12, 4; **13.** in giving instances, as, for example, *in feris inesse fortitudinem saepe dicimus, ut in equis in hominibus*, Cic. off. 1, 50; *in libero populo, ut Rhodi, ut Athenis*, rep. 1, 47;

**14.** of time with imperfect tenses, just as, *Nam ut numerabatur forte argentum, interuenit homo de improvisu*, Ter. Ad. 3, 3, 52; **15.** with the aorist, past perfect, or historic present, when the moment that homo ut haec auulsi sit exarsit ut... Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 64; *luga satellitum ut iacentem uidere regem factast*, Liv. 21, 7, 7; *legionis nonne et decimae milites ut in acie constitant* Attrebat in flumen compulerunt, Caes. b. g. 2, 23, 1;

*ut extrema resoluta erant, tota rate in secundam aquam labente*, Liv. 21, 47, 3; *Scipio L. Furium ut salutauit* antecesse adprochuit et in lecto suo conlocauit, and soon after, cum quod (sc. Rutilium) ut salutauit propter Tiberonem fuisse ad-idere, Cic. rep. 1, 17;

**16.** often with statim added to main verb; or with primum to ut, *litteras scripsi hora decima statim ut tuas legeram*, Cic. Att. 2, 12, 4; *epo ut primum loqui posse coepi*, Quaso inquam quid moror in terris? rep. 6, 15;

**17.** but with perf. pass., and the main vb. a past imperf., every time that—, that instant—; *ut quisque me uiderat narrabat*, Cic. Verr. 1, 10; *ut cuiusque sors excederet, alacer arma capiebat*, Liv. 21, 42, 3;

**18.** to denote a point from which a period of time commences, from the moment that, ever since, ut *Catilia erupit ex urbe, semper uigilauit*, Cic. Cat. 3, 3; *Quin ut dudum decerti abs te, relexi nunc denum domum*, Pl. Men. 4, 2, 71; *Segregatum habuisse, uxorem ut duxit, a me Pamphilum*, Ter. Heec. 5, 1, 26; *ut ab urbe discessi nullum adhuc intermisi diem quin aliquid ad te litterarum darem*, Cic. Att. 7, 15, 1; *add: ut Brundisio profectus est...*, Manil. 35; *ut uenit*, Hor. s. 2, 2, 128; *ut fluxit*, epod. 7, 10; *ut equitavit*, od. 4, 4, 42; *ut tetigit*, Ov. tr. 3, 8, 27;

**19.** sometimes strengthened by *semel* or *primum*, *Quaeso omnite ac desere hanc Menetrium quae te semel ut nactast semper studuit perdere*, Turpil. 101 R; *Quia septem menses sunt, quom in haec aulis pedem Nemo intro tulit, semel ut emigratuimus*, Pl. Most. 2, 2, 40; *Ariouistum ut semel Gallorum copias proelio uicerit, superbe imperare* (wh. the directa oratio would have been: *Ariouistus... iucit... imperat*), Caes. b. g. 1, 31, 12; *ut primum forum attingi, spectauit semper ut tibi possem quam maxime esse coniunctus*, Cic. fam. 5, 8, 3;

*ut primum potestas data est, nihil praetermissi in te ornando*, 10, 13, 1; **20.** rarely where, *Sine in extremos penetrabit Indos, litus ut longe resonante cae Funditur unda*, Catul. 11, 3; *totius ut lacus... fluidissima est uorago*, 17, 10;

**21.** that, with subj. in explanation of a preceding pronom. adv. or adj., *ita sic* is etc., esp. the reference is to the future, *milibus passuum duobus ultra cum castra fecit eo consilio uti frumento Caesarem intercederet*, Caes. b. g. 1, 48, 2; *explicanti sententiam meam et eo quidem consilio tum indicium ut cognoscerem*, Cic. fin. 1, 72; *hie dies hunc habuit euentum ut maximas numerus hostium uulneretur*, Caes. b. g. 5, 43, 5; *quod si id uos susceperit et eam ad rem operam uestram profuturum, si idcirco sedetis ut ad uos adducentur eorum liberi quorum bona uenerunt, caute, iudices, ne noua per uos proscriptio instaurata esse uideatur*, Cic. Rose. Am. 153; cf. the use in Germ. of *dass* in reference to a preceding *darüber* *darein* etc.;

**22.** so also as complement to *ita* *sic* *adeo* *iam* *tantus* *talis* *tot* is etc., as we use that after so, such etc., to mark the degree or quality, *non sum ita habes ut istuc dicam*, Cic. Tusc. 1, 12; *Tarquinius sic Seruium diligebat ut is*

eius vulgo haberetur filius, *res. 2, 37*; adeone hospes  
 es huius urbis ut haec necias? *Rab. Iord. 28*; non essem  
 tam inurbanus uti eo grauare quod nos cupere sentirem,  
*or. 2, 365*; temporis tanta fuit exiguitas ut ad galeas  
 induendas tempus defuerit, *Caes. b. g. 2, 21, 5*; tales nos  
 esse putamus ut iure laudemur, *Cic. off. 1, 91*; tot vestigiis  
 impressa ut in iis errari non posset, *fam. 5, 20, 5*; eo  
 erant notati ut eos Arginus diceret, *Tusc. 3, 53*; Milo hoc  
 fato natus est ut ne se quidem scire poterit quin una  
 nos seruaret, *Mil. 30*; **23.** then with omission of  
 such preceding word or words, as first to denote purpose,  
 ad aratro abduxerunt Cincinnati ut dictator esset, *Cic.*  
*fin. 2, 12*; quem ego credo...omnia Facturum, magis id  
 adeo, mihi ut incommodet, Quam ut obsequatur gnato.  
*Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 135*; alius nocet ut in alios liberales  
 sint, *Cic. off. 1, 42*; **24.** or to denote result, Aristoteles  
 ait omnis ingeniosus melancholicos esse, ut ego me tardi-  
 orem esse non moleste feram, *Cic. Tusc. 1, 80*; mons  
 altissimus impendebat ut facile perpauci prohibere possent,  
*Caes. b. g. 1, 6, 1*; **25.** the object of verbs which imply  
 a purpose, as vbs. of commanding, advising, begging, wish-  
 ing, compelling, preventing, permitting, uti hoc in tabo-  
 lam athenam incidideris ita senatus aequum censuit, *CIL*  
*196, 26*; Allobrogibus imperauit ut his frumenti copiam  
 facerent, *Caes. b. g. 1, 28, 3*; monet ut in reliquum tempus  
 omnis suspiciones uitet, *1, 20, 6*; huic magnis precibus  
 persuadet uti ad hostes transeat, *3, 18, 2*; patri persuasi  
 ut eum tua congressione prohiberet, *Cic. Phil. 2, 46*;  
 Per te ego deus oro...Vt me adiues, *Ter. Andr. 3, 3, 6*; nunc  
 ecastor ut ueniat miles nelm, *Pl. Truc. 2, 5, 28*; tenemus  
 memoria Q. Catulum esse coactum ut uita se ipse priuaret,  
*Cic. or. 3, 9*; id prohibeat ut hoc praesidium sectorum  
 existimetur, *Rosc. Am. 151*; siui animum ut explect  
 sumus, *Ter. Andr. 1, 2, 17*; **26.** after vbs. of fearing,  
 but (the reverse of the English idiom) with ut when the  
 object in view is desired, Ornamenta...metuo ut possim  
 recipere, I fear that I shall not be able...*Pl. Curc. 4, 1, 3*;  
 illa duo uero ut tibi possim concedere, *Cic. or. 1, 35*;  
**27.** after vbs. of action to denote result, mors perfecti  
 tua ut essent omnia breuia, *CIL 33, 2*; ea Bacchanalia...  
 faciatis uti dismoda sient, *196, 30*; Faciam ut huius die  
 loquie meique semper meminerit, *Pl. Capt. 4, 2, 20*;  
 temperantia efficit ut appetitiones rectae rationi parent,  
*Cic. Tusc. 4, 22*; dando et pollicendo perfecti uti omnibus  
 suis rebus commodum regis anteferebat, *Sal. Ing. 16, 3*;  
**28.** so with impersonal vbs. of happening, but here the ut  
 clause is rather the nom. to the vbs., accidit ut primus  
 nuntiaret, *Cic. Rosc. Am. 96*; quoniam nobis contigit ut  
 aliquid essemus consecuti, *rep. 1, 13*; **29.** an ut-  
 clause pointing to the future is also attached as nom. to est  
 with a neut. adj. or adv., reliquum est de felicitate pauca dica-  
 mus, *Cic. Manil. 47*; ei ne integrum quidem erat, ut ciuibz  
 iura daret, *Tusc. 5, 62*; prope erat ut sinistram cornu pel-  
 leretur Romanis, *in Liv. 40, 32, 5*; **30.** but an ut-clause  
 is also attached to impersonal vbs., and to est with neut.  
 adj. for predicate, though referring to what actually exists or  
 existed, accessit eo ut milites eius conclamarent pacem se-  
 nelle, *Planc. ap. Cic. fam. 10, 21, 4*; ad Appi Claudi senectutem  
 accedebat tiam ut caecus esset, *sen. 16*; uicissimile non  
 est ut monumentis maiorum pecuniam anteponeat, *Verr. 2, 4, 11*;  
 potest illud quidem esse falsum ut circumligatus fuerit angui,  
 sed ut in canis fuerit anguis non tam est mirum,  
*din. 2, 66*; **31.** or even a sb., est enim hoc Galliae  
 consuetudinis, uti uiatores consistere cogant et quid quisque  
 cognouerit quaerant, *Caes. b. g. 4, 5, 2*; sed est mos homi-  
 num ut nolint eundem pluribus rebus excellere, *Cic. Brut. 84*;  
**32.** so with a mere est, signifying it is a fact, sin est  
 ut uelis Manere illam apud te, dos hic maneat, *Demipho, Ter. Ph. 5, 8, 32*; Est ut uiro uir latinus ordinat Arbusta  
 sulcis... (still) aequa lege Necessitas Sortitur insignes et  
 imos, *Hor. od. 3, 1, 9*; **33.** elliptical phrases, a  
 verb of concession understood, even granting that, even  
 supposing, Vt desint uires, tamen est laudanda uoluntas,  
*Ov. Pont. 3, 4, 79*; ut enim cetera paria Tuberonti cum Varo  
 fuissent, hoc certe praecipuum Tuberoni fuit, *Cic. Lig. 27*;  
 uerum ut ita sit, tamen non potes hoc quasi praclarum

aliquid praedicare, *Verr. 2, 3, 151*; equidem ut uerum esset  
 ..., tamen arbitraretur..., *rep. 1, 11*; facit duo seicenta  
 ultima bonorum, quae ut essent uera coniungi debuerunt,  
*fin. 4, 40*; quae (sc. natura rerum) ut uno consensu inuncta  
 sit, quid habere mundus potest cum thesauri inuentione  
 coniunctum? *diu. 2, 33*; **34.** with some such phrases as  
 potestne fieri understood, the idea that...! Egone auxilio  
 nudus temere ut hosti me animato offeram? *Att. 427 R*;  
 Egone ut te aduersum mentiar, mater mea? *Pl. Aul. 4, 7, 9*;  
 Vtin istic prius dicat? *Rud. 4, 4, 19* (a reading condemned by  
 Lachmann ad *Lucr. 4, 638*, as it implies itin with a  
 short i; but qu. utn istic); impuratus me ille ut etiam in-  
 fident! *Ter. Ph. 4, 3, 64*; te ut ulla res frangat, tu ut un-  
 quam te corrigas! *Cic. Cat. 1, 22*; pater ut in iudicio capitis  
 obesse filio debeat! *Planc. 31*; uictamine ut quisquam  
 uictorie patriae praefereat! *Liv. 5, 24, 10*; this construction  
 generally refers to the fut., while the indignum infn. refers  
 to past or present; **35.** in wishes, oh that, Vt illum di  
 perdant qui primum holitor cepam protulit! *Naev. com. 19 R*;  
 Vt illum di perdant prius qui horas repperit! *Aquil. 1 R*; Vt  
 te di omnes infelicem cum male monita memoria! *Caec. 114*;  
 Vt te quidem di deaque omnes quantumcum tu, Syre,  
 istoc inuento cumque incepto perduint! *Ter. Haat. 4, 6, 6*;  
 Vt te di deaque...perdant! *Eun. 2, 3, 11*; **IV 36.** how,  
 first in indirect questions with subj., credo te audisse ut me  
 circumsteterint, ut aperte iugula sua pro meo capite P.  
 Clodio ostentarent, *Cic. Att. 1, 16, 43*; uidete ut hoc iste co-  
 rrexit, *Verr. 2, 1, 115*; Infandum regina iubes renouare  
 dolorem, Troianas ut opes et lamentabile regnum Eruerint  
 Danaï, *Verg. 2, 3*; Nāquē cāncat tñi magnū per inane  
 coacta Semina...fuisse, *b. 6, 32*; **37.** in old writers  
 and in poets with an indie., Eloquere, eloquere res Arguom  
 proelio ut se sustinet, *Eun. tr. 323 R*; Viden ut te impietas  
 stimulat nec moderat metus? *Att. 393*; em uide ut discidit  
 labrum, *Ter. And. 4, 2, 20*; nonne uidet croceos ut Tmolus  
 odores, India mittit ebur, molles sua tura crocae? *Verg. G. 1, 56*;  
**38.** in direct questions or exclamations, ut uales?  
*Pl. Most. 3, 2, 29*; Vt saepe summa ingenia in ocu-  
 culo latent! *Capt. 1, 2, 62*; quae postea sunt in eum con-  
 gesta, ut sustinuit...immo uero ut contempsit ac pro nihilo  
 putauit! *Cic. Mil. 64*; Vt ualet? ut meminit nostri? *Hor. ep. 1, 3, 12*;  
**39.** for ut ut see ut in its place; **40.** in §§ 1, 2, 3; in 6, 7; in 21—24; in 27, 31, 36, 39,  
 perhaps 34, uti and ut are used indifferently; scarcely so  
 in the others; uti is never found before a vowel, says Munro  
 ad *Lucr. 2, 322*; **41.** for uty. see § 36.

**ut-cumque**, (-cumque) conj. [ut-cumque :: ut : qui]  
 however, howsoever, in whatever way, Vt-cumque in alto  
 uentus, Epiliche, exin uelum uortitur, *Pl. Epid. 1, 1, 49*; ille  
 perfectus (orator) ut-cumque se affectum uidet uolet, ita cer-  
 tum uocis adiunctione sonum, *Cic. orat. 55*; ut-cumque ferent  
 ea facta minores, Vincet amor patriae, *Verg. 6, 822*; **2.**  
 of time, whenever, Vt-cumque defecere mores Indecorant  
 bene nata culpae, *Hor. od. 4, 4, 35*; imbus imibus Vt-  
 cumque praecedes supremum Carpere iter comites parati,  
*2, 17, 11*; ads 3, 4, 29; **3.** no matter how much, al-  
 though, nunc ipsarum partium (quarters of the world)  
 magnitudo comparabitur: ut-cumque difficultatem adferat  
 auctorum diuersitas, aptissime tamen spectabitur ad lon-  
 gitudinem latitudine addita, *Plin. 6, 208*; **4.** as adv.  
 any how, at any rate, In quibus excepto quod adhuc  
 ut-cumque ualeamus, Nil te praeterea quod inuenit inuenies,  
*Ov. Pont. 4, 14, 3*.

**utens**, entis, part. of utor; **2.** as adj. whence uten-  
 tion, one who uses more, illum fortasse adiunat (magnitudo  
 diuturnum) qui habet. Ne id quidem semper. Sed fac  
 inuare: utention sane sit, honestior uero quomodo? *Cic.*  
*off. 2, 71*.

**utensilis**, ē, adj. [ut-or + ? + ili] useful, quid in Italia  
 utensile non nascitur? *Varr. r. 1, 2, 6*; uicere omnino  
 nemo potest, si ignoret a quo quid utensile petere possit,  
*Aug. c. D. 4, 22*; **2.** utensilis as n. pl. necessary, or  
 conveniences of life, exutus omnibus utensilibz miles,  
*Liv. 3, 42, 5*; quae una seculum dedidere (Campani), agrum  
 urbemque diuina humanaque utensilisque... *20, 33, 13*;  
 (paupri) radicibus utuntur ad utensilia nasorum, *Plin. 13,*



72; utensilia quibus aut altius hominum genus aut excolitur, Colum. 12 pr. 3; si fundus sit instructus legatus, et supellex continetur et si quid aliud utensilium, Ulp. dig. 33, 7, 12, 28; whence

**utensilitas**, atis, f. utility, ferri, Tert. hab. mul. 5.

**1 ūter**, ūtri, see **utrus**.

**2 ūter**, or **utris**, is, m. [uteri; see ūtrius] a skin, as forming a bag, Mollibus in pratis unctis saluere per utres, Verg. G. 2, 384; extra hastam...pabulum utrum follem si quid inueneris ad consulam proferes, from the military oath, ap. Gell. 16, 4, 2; esp. for holding things, as wind, Aeolus Ithacis inclusimus utribus Ennos, Ov. am. 3, 12, 29; wine, hircini utris uinari cinis, Plin. 28, 240; uino legato utres non debeluntur, Ulp. dig. 33, 6, 3 f.; uinarios utres ferentes, Apul. M. 7, 11; but in Pl. Truc. 5, 11, Geppert has ampullam, not utrum; **2. esp.** used in crossing rivers, quibus (Hispanis) erat proclive tranare flumen quod consuetudo eorum est ut sine utribus ad exercitum non cant, Caes. b. c. 1, 48, 7; Hispani in utris nementis cinctis ipsi caetris superpositis incubantes flumen tranauere, Liv. 21, 27, 5; add: Front. str. 3, 13, 6; Curt. 7, 5, 10; Amm. 30, 1, 9; **3.** for supporting a raft, Arabes Asictae appellati quoniam bubulos utres binos instromentes pontem piraticum excreant, Plin. 6, 176; **4.** met. Hor. s. 2, 5, 98; **5.** as sb. n., teget utria, Lucil. ap. Non. p. 231, p. 158 Gerl.; uonne alius haec utria alius dictis has utres, Arn. 1, 59, p. 41.

**3 ūter**, ūtra, utrum, gen. utrius, dat. utri, adj. [utero- or rather cut-ero- comp. of ut or rather cut, base of the relative, = *κοτ-ερο* = *ποτερο*, = whether Eng.] which of the two, first as relat., that of the two which, whichever of the two, Conuenit utri utri sint eo proelio Vrbem agrum aras focos seque uiti dederunt, Pl. Amph. 1, 1, 70; Optio haec tua est: utrum harum uis conditionum (condicionum?) accipe, Cas. 2, 4, 12; Aegedum Stice; uter denutissit poculo multabitur, St. 5, 4, 43; Vter ibi melior bellator erit inuentus cantharo Eum leges, Men. 1, 3, 5; add Pers. 3, 1, 14; uter magis ad sensum iudicis penetrarit, is nuncat necesse est, Cic. part. or. 123; uidere uidetur, quoties ille tibi optionem facturus sit ut eligas utrum uelis factum esse necne, utrum dixeris, id contra te futurum, Caecil. 45; non uter peccat tollit analogias sed uter recte dicit confirmat, quoted by Lachmann ad Lucr. 4, 839 without author; ei molestia erant, in utro culpa erit, Cic. Att. 1, 11, 2; uter eorum uita superat, ad eum pars utriusque peruenit, Caes. b. g. 6, 19, 2; hic uobis bellum et pacem portamus; utrum placeat sumite, Liv. 21, 18, 13; Ptolemaeum adire iussi et muniare, ni abisatur bello, per utrum stetit, cum non pro amico nec pro socio habebatur esse, 44, 19, 14; per utros stetit quominus discederet ab armis, aduersos eos se pro alteris pugnaturos, 9, 14, 1; ut facile conueniret... utrius partis T. Manlius dux fuisset, eius futuram hand dubie fuisse uictoriam, S. 10, 8; uter aedilis fuerit ut Vestrum praetor, is intestabilis et sacer esto, Hor. s. 2, 3, 180; placere... utri Hispania provincia emisset, cum duas legiones... secum portare, Liv. 33, 43, 3; litteras mitti consilium placuit, ut uter eorum posset, Romani ueniret, 42, 25, 14; utrum uis elige, Sen. contr. 10, 9, 3; arbitrio sibi dato utrum (sc. tabellam) uellet referret Romani, Pomp. dig. 1, 2, 37; Cornelius et Maenius, uter eorum uoluit, heres esto, Proenl. 28, 5, 70 (69); **2.** interrog., first indir., Omnibus cura uiris ūter esse induprator, Em. an. 86 V; ignorante rege uter Orestes esset, Cic. am. 24; flumen est Arar incredibili lenitate ita ut oculis in utram partem flui indicari non possit, Caes. b. g. 1, 12, 1; de praemiis quaeruntur duo: an ullo sit dignus qui petat an tanto; ex duobus, uter dignior; ex pluribus, qui dignissimus, Quint. 7, 4, 21; **3.** direct, uter uostrorumst celior? Pl. Aul. 2, 4, 42; uter nostrum Labiene popularis est, tunc... an ego...? Cic. Rab. per. 11; **4.** indef., as an enclitic, esp. after sit; cf. quid indef. and siquis; either, one of the two, si uter uoluit recuperatores dabo, edict. of Antonius ap. Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 35; and also just before and just after; si una tabula sit, duo naufragi eique sapientes, sibiue uterque Baifer against xss; cf. § 12) rapiat, an alter cedat alteri? off. 3, 90; dirimitur matri-

monium dinortio morte captiuitate uel alia contingente seruitute utrius eorum, Paul. dig. 24, 2, 1; si cum utro eorum actum est, cum altero agi non potest, Ulp. 14, 1, 1, 24; **5.** for **uter-cum-que**, whichever of the two, no matter which of the two, with indie, in best writers, homum utro uti nolimus, utro est utendum, Cic. Sest. 92; potest hoc esse falsum, potest uerum; sed utrum est, non est mirabile, diu. 2, 141 (see § 10); alii scripserunt a Philadelphia esse in eremum fixum (Zoidum), nonnulli Chii ei lapides esse coniectos, alii Smyrnae uinum in pyram coniectum, quorum utrum ei acciderit, merenti digna constitit poena, Vitr. 7, pr. 9—wh. uter is used incorrectly of more than two. Cf. our similar misuse of either; **6.** a double **uter**, uniting two questions in one, where the second admits the translation of 'the other,' reliquum est ut nihil iam quaerere aliud debeatis nisi uter utri insilias fecerit, Cic. Mil. 23; neque diuinciari posset uter utri uirtute anteferebat uideretur, Caes. b. g. 5, 44, 14; nihil eo nomine potest agi, si non intelligitur uter ab utro euerus sit, Paul. dig. 9, 2, 45, 3; **7.** with a superfluous ne in direct questions, uterne ad casus dubios fidit sibi certius, Ille qui... an qui...? Hor. s. 2, 2, 107; see **utrum** § 5; **8.** with a preceding qui (i.e. if we may trust xss) both as relat. and indef., ipsa sunt per sese euidentia et quod a Verrio dicitur et a nobis. Quod utrum ego uididerit cuique nerius, eo utatur, Gell. 17, 6, 11 (unless we ought to transpose quod to before a nobis); ad C. Laelium consulum Luciumque Corneliū consulē, siue quem ad utrum (dele utrum?) eorum uis erit, proferes (from milit. oath), Cinc. ap. Gell. 16, 4, 2; cf. for text (which seems doubtful), Laechm. ad Lucr. 5, 839; **9.** **utri**, pl. speaks of two classes or sets, uter, sing. of two individuals, utros uis habueris libros, duo enim sunt corpora, an utrosque nescio, Cic. Q. fr. 2, 13, 4; ineamus aliquam rationem qua utri utris imper-ut (Albani an Romani) sine ulla sanguine utriusque populi decerni possit, Liv. 1, 23, 9; **10.** for **uter** uter? sed utrum est, non est mirabile, Cic. diu. 2, 141 (see § 5); **11.** **uter** in sing. with plur. vb., but only in old writers, Loquere uter meruitis culpam? Pl. Men. 7, 21; uter eratis, tunc an ille, maior? 5, 9, 60; **12.** **uternque** etc., being often abbreviated, uterq. is apt to be taken for **uter** etc.; cf. sic utra esse apud nos, Varr. l. 9, 24, p. 477 Sp.; utrius ordinis, Vell. 2, 34, 3; possunt utraque conepere, Paul. dig. 44, 7, 34; and conversely in Apul. de hoc Soer. 2, for utraque of xss we should read: utra horum uera sententia est (nam hoc postea uidetur) tamen...; **13.** **nom.** **utris** as well as **uter**, **arxer** uter utris follis, Gloss.; **14.** **gen.** **utrius**, d. **utri**; but Charisius p. 132, 38 add: **uteres** utra utrae utrae; **15.** the i of **gen.** add to be long in prose, common in verse; thus Prisc. p. 608, 28 says: **utris**, quia una superat syllaba (sc. nominatum) licet in metris et producere et corripere, et quae ex his componuntur; the cases found make it always short, as: **utris** horum **utris** probes et facta doce, nel inuio audi, Hor. ep. 1, 17, 15; and **utrisque**, Lucr. 4, 503 and 1212; Catul. 68, 39; Hor. od. 3, 8, 5; Ov. F. 3, 571; Mart. 3, 27, 3 and sept. 13, 5.

**utercūctus** in Apul. M. 1, 13 read **utriculo**; in Plin. 11, 31 prob. **utriculo** with Harduin.

**uter-cum-que**, **utra-c**, **utrum-c**, adj. [qui-cumque :: uter; qui] whichever of the two, no matter which of the two, with indie, ita magnae utrinque copiae, ita paratae ad depugnandum esse dicuntur ut utroque uicerit non sit mirum futurum, Cic. fam. 6, 4, 1; utrumcumque est (neque enim hoc loco meam interpono sententiam) hic erit liber maxime necessarius, Quint. 5 pr. 3; sed utrumcumque erit prima sit enarum ut id quod fingimus fieri possit, 4, 2, 89; **2.** indef. either of the two, no matter which, sed utroque modo sequeretur summa confusio, Quint. 3, 6, 29; illud utroque nomine delectandi sine conciliandi officium, 12, 10, 59.

**utrinus**, adj. [uternus] of the same mother, utrinus frater ae soror eodem gradu uocaturum, cod. Th. 9, 42, 9, 3; res cum uterinis fratribus tibi communes, cod. Iust. 5, 62, 21.

**uter-lubet**, (-libet) **utra-l**, **utrum-l**, adj. [qui-libet :: uter

: qui] first relat. which of the two you please, no matter which of the two, utrumlibet elige: alterum incredibile est, alterum nefarium, Cic. Quint. 81; 2. indef. either of the two at (your) pleasure, si parti utribet omnino alterum detrahatur, natura etiam sine doctrina multum ualebit, doe trina nulla esse sine natura potest, Quint. 2, 10, 2; quorum neutrum quidem reprehendo, cum sit utriusque Vergilius auctor; sed fingamus utrumlibet non recte dictum, 1, 5, 35; ex utralibet parte, Plin. 24, 13; utrolibet modo, Cels. 6, 18, p. 260, 5 D.

**uter-que**, *utra-q.*, *utrum-q.*, *adj.* [quisque :: uter: quis] each of the two, both, the one and the other, each of the two for himself (opposed to ambo, both together), Tu delisti, hic iam daturus; istuc habeo hoc exopto; Verum utrique mos geratur amorum ex sententia, Pl. Truc. 5, 69; magnam uim esse in fortuna in utramque partem, uel secundas ad res uel aduersas, quis ignorat? Cic. off. 2, 19; suam sententiam in utramque partem esse tutam, Caes. b. g. 5, 20, 6; 2. repeated, each one the other, uterque utrique esse cordi, Ter. Ph. 5, 3, 17; si et accusator et reus sunt tenebriones, uterque utramque uterupto, Varr. s. 187, 4 R; cum uterque utrique esset exercitus in conspectu, Caes. b. g. 7, 35, 1; 3. uterque sing. of two individuals, utrique of two classes, sets etc., Hoc beneficio utrique ab utraque uero deuicimui, Ter. Haut. 2, 4, 14 (de amatoribus puellis); utrique, et Socratici et Platonici, nolimus esse, Cic. off. 1, 2; utrique uictoriam crudeliter exercebant (se, populi senatusque fautores), Sal. Cat. 38, 4; 4. yet not infrequently utrique is used of two individuals, iubet me scyphos sigillatos ad praetorem afferre: binos habebam, iubeo promi utrosque, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 32; fratris salutem peti quam cum utrisque his (the two brothers of Ligarius) desideris, tres fratres republicae condonaueris, Lig. 36; hi utrique (se. Marcus et Metellus) ad urbem imperatores erant, Sal. Cat. 30, 4; Eliam et Gonnium recepit. Utraque oppida in faucibus sunt qua Tempe aduent, Liv. 42, 54, 8; palmas utraque tetendit, Verg. 6, 685; Antonium Natalem multa cum Saecurino collocatum et esse utrosque C. Pisonis intimos, Tac. an. 15, 55; reuocandos a republica utrosque (se. Cassium et Silanum) disseruit, 16, 7; 5. uterque with plural vb., cf. quisque: uterque insaniunt, Pl. Cure. 1, 3, 17; utraque festinant, Ov. M. 6, 59; adeo grauiter inter se conflixerunt (naues) ut uicementissime utraque ex concursu laborarent, Caes. b. c. 2, 6, 5; 6. for qty. of utriusque see *uter* § 14.

**uter-uis**, *utra-uis*, *utrum-uis*, *adj.* as pron. indef. [quisque :: uter: qui] either of the two you please, either. Vel ego amare utrumvis possim si probe adpositis siem, Pl. Rud. 2, 7, 8; ad minus habeo uirum quam nestrum utrumvis, Cic. sen. 33; ut utrumvis saluo officio facere se posse arbitrantur, Rose. Am. 4; 2. prov., dantem tibi iam faxo omnem meum in aurem utrumvis otiose ut dormias, to sleep on either side, Ter. Haut. 2, 3, 101; and with jesting variety, P. De istae re in oculum utrumvis conspiciat. C. Vtrum in oculum an in aurem? P. Hoc peruulgatumst nimis, Pl. Ps. 1, 1, 121.

**utérus**, *i. m.* [see below] lit. skin, like *uter*, *utris*: but practically the belly, transversum ex ualida membrana septum est (i. e. the diaphragm) quod a praecordis uterum dicitur, Caes. 4, 1, p. 121, 7 D; ferme uirgini (Ex)ercescit uterum tanquam grauidae mulieri, Afran. 338 R; utero pariter gibboque tumentem, Iuv. 10, 308; Dissiluit stringens uterum membrana flumante viscera, Lucan. 9, 773; resupinatum corpus esse res ipsa testatur, ut in uterum siue intestinum sine omentum est delabatur, Cels. 7, 14, p. 291, 7 D (speaking of umbilical hernia); Quaeque per abrasas utero demittere fauces (quanti), Lucan. 6, 115; 2. esp. of the pregnant belly (mola)—wh. sc. was the technical name of the womb or uterus. Nam illi quidem uterum quod sciam nunquam extimere sensi, Pl. Truc. 1, 2, 98; laborantes utero puellae, Hor. od. 3, 22, 2; Dura uentos uteri (se. Lucina), Ov. M. 9, 315; mitta (sanguinem) feminis uterum non gerentibus actus est, Cels. 2, 10, p. 52, 5 D; 3. met. of the earth first producing men, Crescebant uteri terram radicibus apti, Lucr. 5, 508; cf. Censor. 4, 9; Lact. Inst. 2, 11, 9; 4. phrase:

si ancilla uno utero marem et feminam peperisset, Ulp. dig. 34, 5, 10, 1; 5. of pregnant animals, Varr. r. 2, 2, 14; Plin. 8, 28; also 43 and 151; 6. of things, naues lato utero, Tac. an. 2, 6; doili, Colum. 12, 4, 5; 7. *uter* nom., *uine* *uter* Cressi non potest celari, Caecil. 95 R; and *perli*. in Pl. ap. Gell. 3, 3, 5 we should read: nam [olim] me puero uter erat solarium, wh. Herz by conj. uenter, Gron. uterus; also uterum, i. n., ut uterum cruciatu mihi! Turp. 179 R; sedit uterum, Afran. 346 R; Perii mea uentris: obscuro te uterum dolet, Pl. Aul. 4, 7, 10; 8. *uter*, *utris* and *uterus*, *i. det.*, like the pron. *uter*, have lost an initial *e*, and so are akin to *cuti*-, *skin*. Cf. Old N. kvi-8-r, A.-S. ewig, Go. gith-us, 'belly'.

**utib**, *conj.* [ut + ?] see *ut*.

**utib-ilis**, *c. adj.* [implies a secondary vb. *ut-ib-* from *ut-i*, like *trib* (*ter-ib*) from *ter*; cf. *trib-ulum*, *tri-uis*, *tripis*] useful, serviceable, expedient, fit. Magis esse ad rem utilem non potest, Pl. Mil. 3, 1, 19; Eamus intro: non utilibet hic locus, Merc. 5, 4, 45; hi (serui) solent esse eris utiliores, Most. 4, 1, 2; Quid minus utile fuit quam hoc uleus tangere? Ter. Ph. 4, 4, 9.

**utis-ile**, *c.* (old form *oitilis* or *oitilis*) *adj.* useful, serviceable, fit. Adprime in uita esse utile ut ne quid nimis, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 34; non igitur faciat quod utile sit quod expedit? Cic. off. 3, 76; Quaeque glans nictast utilior cibis, Ov. F. 1, 670; 2. with ad of purpose for which, homini ad nullam rem utili, Cic. off. 3, 29; siluestre (laphathum) ad multa medicamina utile est, Plin. 19, 185; narratio est rei factae utilis ad persuadendum expositio, Quint. 4, 2, 31; ea quae ad refectionem utilia essent adhortant, Venul. dig. 43, 19, 4; 3. with dat. of person to whom, neque id uobis neque rei populi nostrae oitile esse facere, Cic. 201, 9; si facillime quod tibi utilissimum erit consilii capies, Dolab. ap. Cic. fam. 9, 9, 2; Capsum aliosque locos sibi utiles amiserat, Sal. lug. 97, 1; materiam et cetera adiuciant utilia congerere, Quint. 7, pr. 1; 4. hence also with dat. of purpose, expedire quosdam utilia operi (uidere), Liv. 9, 2, 12; uile utilissimum suco (glycyrrhizae) sicut spissatus est linguae subdito, Plin. 22, 25; non fuit hoc uile absolutum, sed quod est maius homini fuit, Quint. 11, 1, 11; et fraxinus utilis hastis, Ov. M. 10, 93; uasa utilia culturae quae sunt aratra..., Ulp. dig. 33, 7, 8; 5. with abl. of the wherein, in what respect, with, Et pedibus Pterelas et naribus utilis Agre, Ov. M. 3, 212; his pomis utilis arbor, Verg. G. 2, 150; 6. with inf. of purpose, Adspirare et adesce choris erat utilis (se. tibia simplex foramine paucos), Hor. A. P. 204; 7. in law, u. actio, a form of action especially allowed by the praetor, where no legal action (directa actio) could be brought, in which a fiction was assumed as the basis, praetor utiles actiones ei et in eum qui recepit hereditatem quasi heredi et in heredem dare coepit, Gai. 2, 253; quaerendum est an utilis ei quasi domino actio agnae pluuiae arceidae dari debeat, an..., Pompon. dig. 39, 3, 22; utilitatis gratia puto dandam municipibus utilem actionem, Ulp. 13, 5, 8, 9; 8. as sb. n. the useful, Omne tulit punctum qui miscuit utile dulci, Hor. A. P. 343; honestum praetulit utili, od. 4, 9, 41; 9. in pl. things necessary or useful, commodities, Vitulum tardus promisor, prodigus aeris, Hor. A. P. 164; canterio uehebatur (Cato) et hippopis (saddlebags) quidem impositis ut seum utilia portaret, Sen. ep. 87, 9; 10. *utiliter*, *adv.*, first usefully, profitably, quae in tractatione beluinarum funt utiliter ad hominum uitam, Cic. off. 2, 17; utiliter a natura datus, 1, 89 and acad. pr. 135; utilis, Ov. her. 1, 67; utilissime, Plin. 17, 110; 11. next in law, in due legal course so as to be effective, u. legare, Gai. 2, 210; non u. testatue sunt, 2, 121; u. agi arbitratue est, Papin. dig. 18, 7, 6, 1.

**utibitas**, *atis*, *f.* [utilis] usefulness, utility, expediency, ut etiam si nulla sit utilitas ex amicitia, tamen ipsi amici propter se ipsos amantur, Cic. fin. 1, 69; enitendum est ut ostendamus in ea re quam defendas aut deicantem inesse aut utilitatem, eumque qui concilios hunc amorem significat nihil ad utilitatem suam retulisse, or. 2, 207; 2. in plur., nec tamen nostrae nobis utilitates onitendae sunt,

sed suae cuique utilitati quod sine alterius iniuria fiat seruiendum est, Cic. off. 3, 42; esp. of services done or to be done, mirabiles utilitates mihi praebet (Tiro), Att. 7, 5, 2; utilitatibus tuis possum carere, te ualere tua caussa primum uolo, fam. 16, 3, 2.

**Utilius**, perhaps name of a gens, CIL 1156; see Utius.

**utinam**, adv. [; quisnam :: uti; quae, except as to qty. of i] oh that! would to heaven that! Senex sum, utinam mortem optetam priusquam enecat... Enn. tr. 170 R; Vtinam nunc maturescam ingenio ut patrem uleisci queam, Pacuv. 139 R; utinam uirorem fortium atque innocentium copiam tantam haberetis ut... Cic. Manil. 27; 2. with a preceding o or a, O utinam tum cum Laedaeomona classe petebat, Obrutus insanus esset adulter aquis, Ov. her. 1, 5;

3. with a preceding quod, Quod utinam me suis architectens teli mactasset dea, Att. 52 R; quod utinam minus uitae cupidi fuissetis, Cic. Att. 14, 4, 1; 4. followed by ne, would that... had not, Vtinam ne in memore Pelio securibus Caesa cecidisset abigam ad terram trabes, Enn. tr. 205 R; Quod utinam ne Phormionid id suadere in mentem incidisset, Ter. Ph. 2, 4; Vtinam ne cumquam (ne unquam) Peli memoris iugo Pinus bipenni concidisset Thessala, Phaedr. 4, 7, 6.

**utique**, adv. [; quisque :: uti; qui; but see below] any how, under any circumstances, at any rate, happen what may, nemo antea fecit super tali re cum hoc magistratu utique rem, Cato orat. 61, 11; utique sint (ueros) ceruicibus amplis, Varr. r. 2, 4, 4; castrantur uerres commodissime anniculi, utique ne minores quam semestres, 2, 4, 21; faba quidem Pythagore utique abstineret (iubent), Cic. diu. 2, 111; quae quidem ego utique, uel uorsura facta, solui uolo, Att. 5, 1, 2; quo die uenies, utique cum tuis apud me sis, 4, 48; annum quidem utique teneto, 5, 9, 2; expecto te a Peducaeo utique, 12, 51, 1; sed haec si tibi erit commodum, ipse uero utique fac uenias, 4, 4b, 2; tu (scribe) si quid erit de ceteris, de Bruto utique quidquid, 14, 12, 3; add 5, 5, 2; 10, 1, 3; 12, 41, 3; 13, 13, 1; ne ipsi quidem inuolati erant, utique postremis mensibus, Liv. 3, 65, 8; nisi alterum consulem utique ex plebe fieri necesse sit, neminem fore, 6, 37, 4; Alpesque, rem fama utique inexpertis horrendam, metuebat, 21, 29, 7; nec uerisimile est ea tum ad Galliam patuisse itinera; utique quae ad Penninum ferunt obspiciat gentibus semigerminas fuissent, 21, 38, 8; neque aucti utique ab notis priusquam ordine omnia inuicisset poterant, 22, 7, 11; copias in quattuor partis distribuerat, ratus ex omnibus utique (sua aequae uoluntatis) aliquos ab tergo hostibus centuros, Sal. Jug. 101, 3 (but in 3, 4 the reading should be: neque illi quibus per fraudem decus fuit tui aut eo magis honesti sunt, wh. after fraudem sis P has: iis fuit uti tui, decus having its de lost after de de fraude, and uti growing out of the adjoining words, utique being only a conj.); so Fuesner, Rh. Mus. 23, p. 217); quam optime paterfamilias debet habitare, ut et libentius tui ueniat et degat in eo incundius, utique uero si etiam matrona comitatur, Colum. 1, 4, 8; similis ratio est in longitudinem eliciendi materiam (nitis) si eo uelimus anniculi uti; sed si propositum est utique recidere ut bimo potius utamur... decaenariu conueniet, 4, 7, 3; sit nobis orator uir bonus dicendi peritus, uerum utique uir bonus, Quint. 12, 1, 11; syllogismus utique conclusionem et propositionem habet, 5, 14, 24; in omni partitione est utique aliquid potentissimum, 4, 5, 8; fiducia igitur appareat et constantia, utique si auctoritas subest, 11, 3, 155; cf. Bonnell's Lex, Quint. s. v.; 2. of an immediate inference, at once, without further question, quod non est arbor, utique platanus non est, Quint. 5, 10, 56; nam quod iustitia utique iustus est; quod non est iustitia, potest esse iustus, 5, 10, 57; 3. the i of utique has hitherto been held to be short; but proofs fail, as in Sil. 11, 163 the word is corrector's imperiti figmentum; in Lucr. 2, 569 and 4, 638 it is not sanctioned by the best mss and is ill-suited in meaning; and in Caecil. 73 R; Sine suam senectutem ducat utique ad senium sorbulo, utique is a certain correction of Bentley's. Lachmann ad Lucr. 4, 638 makes the l long as standing for uti-que and as the form first appearing in such a combination as: qui utique sunt,

whoever and however they may be. So too he explains ubique, taking Livy's phrase omnes mortales qui ubique sunt, whoever and wherever they may be. But why does he exclude quisque and undique, which is as old as Ennius?

**Utius**, adj. name of a gens, C. Utius C. f. Ictio occidit Honestum utinam uixit prius et splendens Ut quisque exoptat se (= si) so, commonly sic) honeste uiuere Arn. a. n. vxx, CIL 1273.

**utor**, uti, usus, (old form *oetor* etc.) vb. r. avail oneself of, use, employ, with *abl.*, quibus soi in longa licentis tibi uter uita facile factis superas gloriari maiorum, CIL 33, 5; etque legibus suis ita utuntur quod aduersus hanc legem non fiat, 204, 9; ferro octi, 603, 6; Video te mulier more multarum uti, Att. 647 R; bene ut armis, optime ut equis uteretur, Cic. Deiot. 28; earum (sc. nauium) materia atque aere ad reliquas reficiendas utebatur, Caes. b. g. 4, 31, 2; ea condicio quae ferretur se uiros ostendebat, 4, 11, 3; cf. index condicione usus est, availed himself of the offer, accepted it, Quint. 9, 2, 95; 2. esp. in the legal connection uti frui to make use of and to enjoy the produce of, nei quis facito quo minus ei octantur fruantur habent possidente, CIL 200, 11; utatur enim suis bonis oportet et fruat qui beatus futurus est, Cic. N. D. 1, 103; plurimis maritimus robur frumitur utique utinam, 2, 152; 3. with *abl.* of person, find in (him), have in (him), Mihi si unquam filius erit, ne ille facili me utetur patre, Ter. Haut. 2, 1, 5; patre usus est indolente ali. diligente et ut tunc erant tempora diti, Nep. Att. 1, 2; hic uide quam me sis usus aequo, Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 154; ut propemodum institoris utamur illis qui... quam his qui... fin. 1, 2; 4. esp. associated with, enjoy the friendship or acquaintance, be on terms of —, utebatur (Atticus) infime Hortensio, Nep. Att. 5, 4; A. Trebonio multos annos uti male familiariter, Cic. fam. 1, 3, 1; Ch. Laecius qui multum utitur Bruto, Att. 16, 5, 3; 5. uti se absol., to enjoy oneself, Deum uti sibi penum alit ornet, siquidem esse uti uolet, Pl. Capt. 4, 4, 12; but the reading me uti in Mil. 3, 1, 84 is not in good mss; 6. with *abl.* of things one would avoid, have, be subject to, suffer from, invidia nos minore utamur quam utimur, Pl. Aul. 3, 5, 8; cum sane aduersis uentis uti essemus, Cic. fam. 14, 5, 1; cognoscent uti ipsos maledictum non bona, Caes. b. c. 3, 49, 3; Il 7. with *acc.*, esp. of neuter pron. etc., si quid est quod utar, utor; si non est, *oetor*, Cato ap. Gell. 13, 24, 1; ne Silius quidem quidquam utitur, Cic. Att. 12, 22, 3; but in Lucr. 6, 1136 the reading is: aut aliquid quo (not quod) conuenimus uti; 8. even with *acc.* of ordinary nouns in other writers, esp. in comedy, uicinas alianque mulieres quam minimum utatur (uileat), Cato r. 143, 1; Nuptias abici, amicos utar primoris uiros, Turp. 104 R; Atque facilitatem uideo uteris uolgarium, Nov. 98 R; lapatum nullum, Pomp. 169 R; libetatum, Titin. 98 R; res pulcras quas uti solet, Nov. 69 R; Profecto uteris uti uolens operam meam, Pl. Poen. 5, 2, 128; Quem uicinas semper, interdum quem utare libenter, Lucil. ap. Non.; quam rem (sc. propolim) medici utuntur in emplastris, Varr. r. 3, 16, 23; 9. hence as a personal passive, Quia supellex multa quae non utitur emittit tamen, Nov. 43 R; Vtetur ueris usibus hasta rudis, Priap. 45; 10. esp. in the gerundive, utendus, but chiefly with such verbs as do u. lend, rogo u. ask the loan of, borrow, auris tibi contra utendas dabo, Enn. tr. 277 R; quae utenda uasa semper meini rogant, Pl. Aul. 1, 2, 18; illa aetas magis ad haec utenda idoneat, Ter. Haut. 1, 1, 81; cum grauius feias te quod utendum acceperis reddidisse, Cic. Tusc. 3, 30; Multa rogant utenda dari, data reddere nolunt, Ov. a. a. 1, 433; 11. Prisc. 799, 45 asserts a form *uto* = *utor*; such is implied in the pass. use of *utor* (§ 9); but not in the imp. *uto* as used by Cato r. 99, 2; 107, 2; 123; 120; for this form goes with the reflexive. Cf. *utunto* in § 1; and *anguranto*, xii tab. ap. Cic. leg. 2, 21; moderanto, 2, 22; patuanto, 3, 11; amplexanto, Clu. 44; as opposed to the passive *tolitor*, xii tab. ap. leg. 2, 60.

**utpote**, conj., as, first often with *qui*, as being one who, inasmuch as I (you etc. as the case may be), Satis nequam

sum utpote qui hodie amare ineeperim, Pl. Rud. 2, 5, 5; ea nos, utpote qui nihil contemnerem solemus, non pertimescebamus, Cic. Att. 2, 24, 4; similiorem mulierem Magisque eandem, utpote quae non sit eadem, non reor Deos facere posse, Pl. Mil. 2, 6, 49; Amo hercle... opino (suggested by Ritschl, mss opinor) utpote quod pro certo sciam, Bac. 3, 4, 13 (where the accent of utpote-quod is justified by preceding line); frater eius utpote qui peregre depugnari familiam ducit, Cic. Phil. 5, 30; 2. with quum, inasmuch as at that very time, duodeciesimum (legionem) incitatissimum retinui, aegre melioresque, nec retinuissem, si uno loco habuisssem, utpote cum singulae quadam cohortes seditionem fecerint, Asin. ap. Cic. fam. 10, 32, 4; 3. with partic. or adj., as being... as was to be expected seeing that... Inde Rubus fessi peruenimus utpote longum Carpentis iter et factum corruptis iuabri, Hor. s. 1, 5, 94; Quod sunt quos genus hoc minime iunat, utpote plures Culpari dignos, 1, 4, 24; populus numerabilis utpote parvus, A. P. 206; Quin id erat enrae quo pacto cuncta tenerem, Vtpote res tenues tenui sermone peractas, s. 2, 4, 9; 4. the po-te, wh. seems to strengthen the ut, is perhaps a rustic variety of cum-que and so =  $\pi\omega\tau\epsilon$ ; cf. pitpit for quiquid, and quippe, wh. is perhaps for quippe, and so all but identical in form as well as meaning with utpote.

**utrālibet**, adv. [quilibet :: utrā :: quis] in both directions, tinguat adpropinquantes (stellas) utrālibet alieni meatus circulus, frigidiore in pallorem, ardentior in ruborem, Plin. 2, 79.

**utr-ārius**, adj. [uter utri a skin] of skin-bags, hence as sb. m. one who has charge of the skins for water, water-bearer, Liv. 44, 33, 1.

**utrasque**, or perh. utraque (for utranque; cf. alius adv.) adv. both times, Utrasque te cum ad nos venis subfucinatam uidi, Caecil. 225 R; in Hispania pugnamus bis, utrasque (al. utraque) nostri loco moti, Cass. Hem. ap. Non. 2, 822.

**utricida**, ae, m. f. [uter skin, caed-] skin-slayer, a word invented in jest, ut ego te prostratis hostibus sine maena sanguinis, non homicidam nune, sed utricidam amplecter, Apul. M. 3, p. 137.

**utriclārius**, see **utriclārius**, or utriclarius, ii, ad. m. as sb. [utriculus] a bag-piper, =  $\alpha\sigma\kappa\alpha\lambda\eta\varsigma$ , nouerat (Nero), si... proditorum se ludis hydraulam et eboraulam et utriclarium, Suet. Ner. 54; 2. one who has charge of pontoon-skins, inser. Or. 4119.

**utric-ulus**, i. m. dim. [uter utris, i.e. utrie, not from utero-] a little bag made of skin, calido oleo replentur utriculi, Cels. 2, 17, p. 63, 30 D; 2. the womb, feminis eadem omnia praeterque uesciae uinctas utriculus unde dictus uterus, quod in homine (al. alio nomine) locos appellant, hoc (del. hoc?) in reliquis animalibus uoluam, Plin. 11, 209; ex utriculo mustelino, 134; met. of flowers bursting, 16, 94; 3. in plants, husk (of seed), pistunt (zeam) eum harena et sic quoque difficulter deterunt utriculos, Plin. 18, 115.

**utrinde**, adv. [uter :: unde :: is] lit. from which of the two, but only found repeated, (and then perhaps) from the one, from the other, de frumento capiat, utrinde iram utrinde factiones tibi pares, Cato pro Lusitanis Hispanis ap. Charis. 198, 31 P.

**utrinque**, (utrinque) adv. [for utrinde-que, wh. : uter :: unde :: quis] from both—, Utrinqueque grauida et ex uiro et summo ex Ioue, Pl. Amph. pr. 111; utrinque ex lateribus ceteros aggreditur, Sal. Cat. 60, 5; et puenae admissum facinus miserabile, in utrinque praenissi equites rerum explorantur, Ing. 43, 8; semen (thlaspi) bilon et pituita utrinque extrahit, Plin. 27, 139; 2. on both sides, ita margine utrinque copiae, ita paratæ ad depugnandum esse dicuntur ut uterunque uicerit, non sit mirum futurum, Cic. fam. 6, 4, 1; acriter utrinque usque ad uesperum pugnamus est, Caes. b. g. 1, 50, 2; Piso M. Crasso et Scribonia genitus, nobilis utrinque, Tac. h. 1, 14.

**utrinque-sēcus**, (utrum-) adv. from both sides, Quare utrinque-sēcus eum corpus uapulet (from within and from

without), Lucr. 4, 939; 2. on both sides, Cato r. 21, 1 (in a corrupt pass.); Zopyrion labeas caedit utrinque-sēcus, Lucil. ap. Non. p. 210; canes utrinque-sēcus Deae latera muniant, Apul. M. 2, p. 116; tunc gliscit uiolentior utrinque-sēcus contentio militum, 9, 42; add 10, 2; 10, 6; 10, 14; Solin. 10 and 27; Anm. 21, 12, 9; Mart. C. 6, 228 G, p. 247, 4 Eyss.

**utrinque-sēcus**? a word wrongly attributed to Lucil. Aetna 506, wh. Munro has utrum impus.

**utrō**, adv. [uter :: quoc :: quis] to which of the two—, in which of the two directions, Nescit utro potius ruat et ruere ardet utroque, Ov. M. 5, 166; id demum recte subactum erit ubi non intelligitur utro uomer ierit, Plin. 18, 179.

**utrōbi**, utrōbi, adv. [uter :: ubi :: quis] in which of the two places, first as relative, utrōbi hic homo de quo agitur apud quem maiore parte huius anni fuit, quominus is eum ducat uini fieri ucto, a Praetor's interdicit ap. Gaium 4, 16; called for test. Vtrōbi, cf. 4, 148; Ulp. dig. 43, 31; the object being to decide who should hold disputed moveable property pendente lite; Interdictiōm trimum genus, Unde repulsus ui fuerat, aut Vtrōbi fuerit, Quorumque honorum, Anon. id. 11, 63; 2. as interrog. dir., utrōbi cenaturi estis, hicine an tricinio? Naev. S. R; St. Vtrōbi accumbo? Sa. Vtrōbi [tu] uis? St. Cum ambobus uolo, nam ambobus am, Pl. St. 5, 5, 9; Amicam (uss amica) uter utrōbi accubamus? 5, 4, 23; 3. repeated, in one of two, in the other, de frumento utrōbi bona utrōbi mala gratia capiat, Cato ap. Charis. 198, 31 P.

**utrobidem**, given in old edd. of Pl. Truc. 1, 2, 50, but a mere blunder. The reading should prob. be: Vtrobique percoznout priden: istoc pol to otiosus, wh. codd. trobidem in place of pridem, which is the conj. of THK; Ritschl gives probe: em, cancelling also the per of percoznout; probetum was prob. a dittograph of probe and pridem and so led to trobidem.

**utrōbiq̄ue**, adv. [uterque :: ubi :: qui] in both—, in both places, sequitur ut eadem meritis utrobique sit (se. in diis et in humano genere), Cic. N. D. 2, 79; utrobique (in both parties) magnos iniurias habebam, Asin. ap. Cic. fam. 10, 31, 2; intuli u. auxilio Aetolorum, Liv. 36, 16, 5; pauor est utrobique molestus (se. et timenti et enpienti), Hor. ep. 1, 6, 10; et sunt multa eius rei exemplia, tam laesae quam conseruatae utrobique (se. et in scholis et domi) opinionis, Quint. 1, 2, 4; add 3, 7, 27; 4, 2, 91.

**utrōbibi**, adv. [quilibet :: utro :: qui] to either—, to either side, obseruandum erit ut recta sit facies dicentis, ne inclinata utrobibi ceruix, Quint. 1, 11, 9.

**utrōq̄ue**, adv. [uterque :: utro :: uter] to both—, hinc Seyrum, inde Pelum, utroque citius quam uellimus cursum confecturus, Cic. Att. 5, 12, 1; provincia ea (se. Vestini) Bruto, Sannium Camillo sortis euenit; exercitus utroque ducti, Liv. 8, 29, 7; Nescit utro potius ruat et ruere ardet utroque, Ov. M. 5, 166; Nunc huc nunc illuc et utroque sine ordine curro, her. 10, 19.

**utroque-uorsum**, adv. in both directions, Vtreqvorsum rectumst ingenium meum ad utaque ad illum; pro rota me uti licet, Pl. Capt. 2, 3, 8; ut quadam uocabula quibus particula ista (ue) praepositorum ambigua sint et utroque-uorsum dicantur (se. ut et angeantur et minuantur), ueluti uegrande, Gell. 5, 12, 10.

**utrum**, adv. interrog. [lit. neuter of uter] which of the two, whether of them, first as an actual noun, referring to two following interr. particles, Utrum ego istuc, locon adsimilem an serio? Pl. Bac. 1, 1, 42; Inimiciorum nunc utrum credam magis, Sodalitum esse an Baecidem incertum admodumst, 3, 4, 1; Set utrum, strictime attonsurum dicam esse an per pectinem Nescio, Capt. 2, 2, 18; aequum esse illos cogitare utrum esset Argeritum uilius, suisne seruire anne populo Romano obtemperare, Cic. Verr. 2, 4, 73; 2. as an interr. attached to the first of the two clauses, the second having an interr. particle of its own, multum enim interest utrum has immuniatur an salus deserat, Cic. fam. 1, 7, 8; quid enim ad illum utrum facerem inuicti et an loquentem? aced. pr. 94; ut matresfamiliae eorum sortibus declararet, utrum proe-

lium committi ex usu esset necne, Caes. l. g. 1, 50, 4;  
 3. or with the negative alternative suppressed, whether or not, an hoc dicere andebat utrum de teatoribus, utrum denique Sileii uideri bene existimant ad rem id non pertinere? Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 107; 4. in direct questions, utrum terrae motus sonitusne inferum Peruasit auris inter tonitrua et turbines? Att. 479 R; utrum ea uestra an nostra culpa est? Cic. Acad. pr. 95; 5. with a superfluous *ne* added to utrum, first in indirect questions, rogatus a Socrate utrumne merari uilicium, tanquam fabrum an se instituire consuecuerit, Ego non inquit ipse instituo, Colum. 10, 1, 5; in exphases disscensent, utrumne hae partes essent utrumne elementa quae uocant *σροχαια*, Quint. 3, 3, 13; add 12, 1, 14; in Cic. Quint. 92 the readings vary between utrumne possit, utrum possint and possint alone; 6. in direct questions, utrumne igitur ego sum exemplo grauis qui domo quae mihi hereditate obuenit committere habitum, an tu qui sex arbores aestumes *ἑῆς* (3 adds *millies*)? Plin. 17, 4.

**utrumnam?** adv. [implies an adj. *utrumnam*, wh. no where occurs except as a bad reading in Hor. s. 2, 2, 107] whether or not, Rhodius quum perueniat esset utrumnam Putaris uincera classis in portu stare posset, Liv. 37, 17, 10. (So *Med. etc.* but Megunt. possetne...stare.)

**ut-ut**, conj. [quidvis :: ut :: quis] however, no matter how, with indie. (but found apparently only in comedy), uerum utnt se res habet, Pergam turbare porro, Pl. Most. 3, 1, 14; Ut illuc acceptumst prius quod portidit, hoc addam insuper, Truc. 5, 2 (wh. however utnt is a conj. of Gritter, ss ut); utnt erga meum meritis, mihi eordist tamen, Cist. 1, 1, 110; Age iam id ntnt est.... patiar, Bac. 5, 2, 73; Cui fortuna et res, ntnt est, continuo patet, Caeclit. 171 R; Nam utnt erant alia, illi certe quae nunc tibi domist consulere, Ter. Ph. 3, 1, 4; Utnt haec sunt facta, potius quam litis sequar, Menni mihi reddatur, Ad. 2, 2, 40 (wh. Don. utnt quomodoque significant); utnt erat, mansum tamen oportuit, Hant. 1, 2, 26; Sed haec utnt sunt, cantum et paulatim dabis Si sapias, 4, 8, 30.

**ututi** = utnt, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 36 acc. to Fleckeisen.

**uua**, ae, f. [un of un-escio; so Varr. 1, 5, 21, p. 108 Sp.: uuae ab uore; an l. Serv. ad Verg. B. 10, 20; humidum est quod extrinsecus habet aliquid humoitis, uuidum uore quod est intrinsecus, unde et uuae dictae sunt] a bunch of grapes (a single berry being acinus), incutute uere existit ea quae gemma dicitur a qua oriens una se ostendit, Cic. sen. 53; aliae (uites), quae ab eo quod duplices unae exigunt gemellae uocantur, ansterioris uini, Colum. 3, 2, 10; singularis Aminea albidus unae ac tumidioris acini gerit, inter uberiores uites numeratur, 3, 2, 13; Graeculae uites et raritate uuarum et acinorum exiguitate minus flunt, 3, 2, 24; Ille segetes, illic ueniunt filiculis uuae, Verg. G. 1, 54; 2. uua is distinguished from racemus, the latter being a subdivision of the bunch, either a single berry or, it is said, a cluster of berries on one pedicel, Et turpes auibus praedam fert uua racemos, Verg. G. 2, 60—wh. Serv. incorrectly: uua pro uite posuit; but adds correctly: racemus est botryonius pars; Ipse racemiferis fronte circumdatus uuis, Ov. M. 3, 666; ad 3, 484; tr. 4, 6, 9; Prop. 3, 2, 13; Virg. (P) cop. 21; Plin. 15, 115; 3. a cluster of berries generally, as of the animum (a. racemosum, Linn.), Plin. 12, 48; of the laurel, 16, 120; 4. a swarm of bees, when swarming, inique arboris summa conflueret et lentis uua demittere ramis, Verg. G. 4, 558; Examenne apium longa coudesit uua, Iuv. 13, 68; ostenta faciunt (apes) uua dependente in templis, Plin. 11, 55; 5. the uua, Cels. 6, e. 13 de uuae morbo; 7, 12, p. 228, 20 D; Non secat et tollit stillantem Fannius uua, Mart. 10, 50, 5; Plin. 20, 190; 23, 129; in remedio uuae iacens, 23, 156; add 23, 157; 30, 31; 34, 118; 6. uua oculi, a tumour projecting from the eye, like a bunch of grapes, staphyloma (*σταφυλωμα* implying a sb. *σταφυλη* a bunch of grapes, in Germ. traube, of like meaning, quod in uua quoque oculi fit (speaking of destroying an umbilical tumour by ligature), Cels. 7, 14, p. 291, 13 D; and again, quemadmodum et in umbilico et in uua positum est (has been laid down), 7, 17, p. 294, 23 D; the disease is described in 7, 11, p. 279, 3 D; in ipso oculo nonnupquam summa attollitur tunica sine raptis membranis aliquibus

sine laxatis, et similis figura acino fit unde id *σταφυλωμα* Graeci uocant; 7. a sea fish, Plin. 9, 3; 32, 138 and 151 f.;—supposed to be the clustered eggs of the cuttle-fish.

**uuenas?** ntis, part. [implies a vb. *uue-o*] as adj. wet, moist, uuenti palato, Sil. 7, 651 (ad. uuenti); scopulis uuentibus haeret, Stat. silu. 3, 1, 145 (so Markland, but uuentibus? as *ss* has uue-ntibus); in Petr. 115 Buechelae has: uuentibus oculis (wh. *ss* again uuentibus). See

**ūu-escō**, ēre, vb. [see below] become wet or soaked, —see Serv. as quoted under uua. Denique fluitifrago suspensae in litore nubes Vuescent, Iuv. 1, 366; 2. met. wet one's day (with wine), sen quis capit acria fortis Poecula seu modicis uuescit lactus, Hor. s. 2, 6, 79; 3. akin to un-esc-o, ubi-cr sb. and adj., and *ū-u*, pour, rain, and *ū-pos*.

**ūuidulus?** adj. dim. [unibilis] rather wet, moist, damp, Vuidulam a fletu cedentem ad templum deum me, Catal. 66, 63 (so Schwabe, but *ss* uiridulam a fluetu).

**ūuidus**, adj. [un-escō, wh. see] wet, soaked. Ad uiles me ornatus ut sim uestimentis unibilis, Pl. Rud. 2, 7, 15; rete, 4, 3, 5; uuida Suspensidae potenti Vestimenta maris deo, Hor. od. 1, 5, 14; et Iuppiter unibilis austris, Verg. G. 1, 418; Vuidaque in tonero paludis gemma tumet, Ov. F. 3, 238; 2. met. soaked with wine, Tu (sc. Buechels) separatis uiduis in iugis, Hor. od. 2, 10, 18; cf. uino madent of Pl. Truc. 4, 4, 2, *uēgē* *ἀποχέτης* of Eurip. El. 326.

**ūui-fer**, fra, ferum, adj. [unui] cluster-bearing, grape-bearing, Massiens, Stat. silu. 4, 3, 64; Massiens uniferis glebis, Sil. 7, 263; cf. 7, 207.

**Uulcānal** and all words beginning Vul, see under Volcanus etc.

**ūu-or**, ōris, m. [un-escō] wet, moisture, uuae ab uore, Varr. 1, 5, 21 f. p. 108 Sp.

**Uxentini**, orum, the inhabitants of Uxentum, now Ugento, a town of the Salentini in Calabria, Plin. 3, 105 f. (So Hard. from Ptol. geog. 3, 1, 76, but *ss* Valentini.)

**ūxor**, (older uxore, CIL. 1026, 1045, 1072, 1090, 1303) ōris, f. [see below] wife, Duxit me uxorem lila-forum sibi quaesendum gratia, Eun. tr. 161 V; ex tui animi sententia tu uxorem habes? Non hercle ex meo animi sententia, Cic. or. 2, 200; dux fuerunt Ariouisti uxores, Caes. b. g. 1, 53, 4; 2. uxores were divisible into two kinds, the matrifamilias who had passed in manum of the husband, and so was aptud maritum filiae loco, and one not in manu, who was tantummodo uxori; genus est uxori: eius dux formaee, uua matrum familias, eae sunt quae in manu conueniunt; altera earum quae tantummodo uxores habentur, Cic. top. 14; 3. met., as of animals, olentis uxores mariti, the harem of, Hor. od. 1, 17, 7; of a cynic's cloak, as sleeping with him, Cereca quum nudt tegit uxor abolla grabati, Mart. 4, 53, 5; 4. uxor said to be quasi uxor from un-g-o; so Donat. ad Ter. Hee. 1, 2, 60; quod lomo puellae nubentis maritorum postes ungebat ut quod lutos maritos ipsae ungebant; as Ennius an. 156 V says: Exin Tarquinium uua femina lauit et unxit. Aenian Serv. ad Aen. 4, 450: moris faciat ut nubentes puellae postes antequam ingrederentur oleo ungerent; cf. unxia luno. But uxor is for uxor-or, and so implies a lost vb. *uor-o* = Gr. *οὐρεω* (i.e. *οὐρεω* = marry; cf. for vowel-compression un-g-uis for om-g-uis (*ορεγ*), turba for toru-a = *τορυα* from a root *tor* (ter), turn; cf. also umbra, umbo, the -or of uxor dim. of affection like -or of sor-or, o being suited to preceding vowel; and -or = er of pat-er etc.

**uxor-e-ūla**, ae, f. dim. a little wife, wife, as a term of endearment, Pl. Cas. 4, 4, 19; and 5, 2, 37; 2. or of contempt, a bit of a wife, Apul. M. 9, p. 219.

**uxorcūlo**, āre, vb. [uxoreula sb.] make a little wife of (?), or address as wife (?), Mulieres uxorelulanti, Pl. ap. Varr. 1, 7, 3 f. p. 348 Sp.

**uxōriōsus** = *ὁ τῆς ἑταίρας γυναικα φιλων*, Gloss. *uxōriōsus*, adj. of a wife, res, Ter. Andr. 5, 1, 10; Cic. off. 3, 61; dos, Ov. a. a. 2, 155; praedium, Sid. ep. 2, 2 med.; forma uxoria the (moderate) beauty one would desire in a wife, Favor. ap. Gell. 5, 11, 13; 2. the property of a wife as it were, a slave to her, uxoriōsus, Verg. 4, 260; Hor. od. 1, 2, 10; 3. uxoriōsus as sb. n. a tax on bachelors, u. pendisse dicitur qui quod uxorem non habuerit res populo dedit, Paul. ex Fest. 379, cf. Val. M. 2, 9, 1.

## X.

**x**, the 21st and last letter of the true Latin alphabet, y and z being Greek letters borrowed for Greek words, hence: *car non idem putet si innumerabiles minus et uiginti formae litterarum... aliquo coeiciantur, posse ex his in terram excessis annales Ennii effici?* Cic. N. D. 2, 93; *quoties per notas scribit* (Augustus), b pro a, e pro b, ac deinceps eadem ratione sequentes litteras ponit; pro x autem (so *ms*, not *z*) duplex a, Suet. Aug. 88; (x) post omnes ponitur litteras quibus Latinae dictiones egent, Prisc. 8, 11 K; Latinae (litterae) sunt una et uiginti, Graecae duae y et z, quae in usum nostrum propter nomina Graeca nenerunt, Diom. 421, 34; **2.** a superfluous letter, as it might be represented by *cs* or *gs*, constat aut ex c s ut *pix* *picis* aut ex g c s ut *rex* *regis*, Diom. 4, 26, 4; add Prisc. 12, 3 and 33, 14; **3.** yet seems to have had a softer sound (*ss?* or *sh?*) x melius sonat quam *gs* uel *cs*, Prisc. 33, 10; cf. *assis*=axis, Sestius *fm*, sextus, *nixus* beside *nixus*; *ilice* *buxus*, a blunder for *ilicibus* *sus* in the Rom. cod. of Verg. 8, 43; *Vlixes*=*Odysseus*; but how about *Aiax* *Aiacis* comp. w. *Aias* *Aiacros*? **4.** was perh. at first, like the Gr. X, = *eh*, and so *xs* stood for *x*, L. Cornelius Cn. f. Cn. n. Scipio... *posidet hoc axsum*, CIL 34, 3; *extrad urbem*, 196, 16; *extrad quam sei*... 196, 29; *exsigit*, 197, 9; *taxsat*, 197, 12; *lexs*, 197, 13; *proximus*, 197, 14; in compounds of words beg. w. *s* the *x* was long preferred, is *exsequi*, Pl. Men. 2, 1, 20 (so A. etc.); *exsequar*, 5, 2, 72 (so B); *expectant*, St. 5, 1, 2 (so AB); *exsolatum*, Merc. 3, 4, 6 (so B, *exsulatum* C); and so *ms* in Ps. 4, 3, 18, says Lamb.; in compounds with *s* the *x* is still a mere *x*; but becomes an *x*=*ks* in the later forms: but as *x* rarely appeared without a following *s*, it at once suggested the sound of *x*, and so the *s* was at last dropped; **5.** but even before other letters it seems once to have had the sound of *ch*, as in: *EXCECENDVM*, CIL 196, 3; *EXCEICATIS*, 196, 23; *exfoiciunt*=*effugiant*, 198 (so in Huebner's index); *exfringam*, Pl. Mil. 4, 6, 35 (so B); *exfieri*, Pers. 5, 1, 9 (see R's note); *exfatum*, Cic. acal. pr. 95 (so V 1 m.); *exflorescit* (so *ms*), am. 100; **6.** this use of *ex* led to *ec* before the aspirated *f*, where *e* had at first no doubt the sound of *x*, as *ecfeta*, Pl. Ps. 1, 3, 152 (so B); and the same is implied in the absurd *haec facta* of CD; *ecfer*, Bac. 4, 4, 63; *Mil.* 2, 5, 53; *ecferam*, Bac. 4, 9, 27; *ecferri*, 1, 1, 62; *ecferunt*, 4, 9, 135; *ecfecero*, St. 2, 2, 27 (so A); *ecfexis*, Poen. 1, 3, 18 (so D); *Cas.* 3, 5, 63; *ecfaut*, Pers. 4, 4, 86 (so A); *et flauti* BCD; *ecofidam*, Trin. 2, 4, 62 (so A); *Aul.* 1, 1, 14 (so Non.); *ecferret*, Eun. tr. 287 V (*ms* *hee ferret*); *ecferunt*, Ter. Andr. 1, 1, 90 (so at least Umpf. w. P), but in all other instances

the *ms* eff. not *ecf.*; *ecfatus*, Varr. s. 218, 4 R (*ms* *et fatus*); *ecfugerent*, 225, 10 (*ms* *effugerent*); *et fatum*, Cic. acal. pr. 95 (so B 1 m.); *et fata*, leg. 2, 20; *ecferunt*, Tusc. 4, 68 (so Bait.; *ms* *ecferunt*, *haec ferunt*, *ecferunt*); *haec feruntur* (for *ecferuntur*), Arch. 21; *ecfari*, Tusc. 2, 39 (so Bait.; al. *haec fari*); **7.** in late lang. the forms in *eff.* were preferred, thus: *effatus*, non *exfatus* nec *ecfatus*, Scaur. 2260, 42 P; **8.** *x* interchangeable w. *sc*, as *misceo* *mixtus*, *sescenti* rather than *sex-centi*, *aseia* beside *αξίη* and *E. axe*, *niscus* beside *ἔξος* (*3ξος*, our *miss-eltoe*); **9.** w. *ps*, *proximus* beside *prope*; *legato indocto* cuius manu *ixi* pro *ipsi* scriptum animaduertit, Suet. Aug. 88; cf. *ξ=α*; **10.** in late Latin seems to have got the sound of *ss*, thus *nixus* passed through *nissus* to *nixus*; hence too *ilicibus* *sus* (Verg. 8, 43) in cod. Rom. became *ilice* *buxus*; cf. Ital. *massimo*, *prossimo*; **11.** *x* seems at first interchangeable w. *s*, in the forms condemned by grammarians, *millex*, Prob. 126, 36 and 197, 28; *ariex*, 198, 29; *poplex*, 199, 5; *loeplex*, ib.; but these point to an older suff. *ec*, just as *abies* is for a lost *abiex*, witness *abiegnus*; **12.** as a letter called *ix* (not *ex* as with us), perh. at first *ixi* like Gr. ξ, *semitocales* *ab e* incipientes *et in se terminantes* (nomen suum ostendunt), absque *x* quae *ab i* incipit per *anastrophe* (?) *Græci nominis* ξ, Prisc. 1, 8, 11 K; add S. 19 and Serv. in Don. 422, 16; **13.** in *traxi* *uxi* it seems to stand for *hs*, in *coxi* for *qs*; but *strixi*, *fluxi*, come *fm*, a stem *struc-* *flu-* rather than *stru-* *flu-* (cf. *fluctus*, and *E. flow*); **14.** *x* seems at times to have come from a mere guttural taking an excrescent *s*, cf. *αξίη* beside *ageo*; *E. mix*, *L. mixtus* beside *μεινναι*; hence prob. its appearance in *axilla* from *āla* for *ahala*; in *maxilla* from *maāla*; so *tela* beside *texo* points to *togo*, *thatch* (a sort of weaving), as the earlier root; cf. too our change in *sail* rain beside the G. *segel* regen; **15.** as a symbol stood for 10; for, as *iiiiiii* stood for 1, 2, 3, 4 so at first this went on prob. to 10 inclusive; when the first decad was completed it was cancelled by a cross stroke for a new commencement; and hence the shorter compound symbol X for *iiiiiii*; so the Chinese numerals *run* = 一 but + for 10; hence too *decussis* came to mean a mere *cross*; **16.** hence too *x* for a *denarius*, CIL 212, 213; **17.** *x* passes into *ss* in Ital., as *prossimo* *fm*, *proximus*, *massimo* from *maximus*; add *luso*, *busso*, *tassare*, *frassino*, *asse*; or into a single *s*, *esatto*, *esaltare*, *esempio*, *esperto*, *estremo*; but *ex* before *e* or *i* into *ec*, *ecellente*, *ecetto*, *ecesso*, *ecitare*, but *exire* became *uscire*, whence *ri-uscire* = *Fr. ré-ussir*.









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